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### Holland City News, Volume 1, Number 16: June 8, 1872

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. I.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1872.

NO. 16.

THE HOLLAND CITY NEWS,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING AT  
HOLLAND, OTTAWA CO., MICH.  
BY S. L. MORRIS.  
Terms—\$2.00 Per Year.  
Office in Harrington's Block, 9th St.

## Business Directory.

Cards in this column, of three lines or less, \$5.00  
per year. Each additional line 50cts.

ALING, J., Bakery, Confectionery, and Provision, Cor. 7th and River Sts.

ANNIS, T. B., Physician, Residence B. W. Cor. Public Square.

BROWN, H., Livery and Sale Stable, Market St.

BAKKER, J. O., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 8th St.

BERTSCH, DANIEL, General Dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc., 8th St.

BRANDT, C., Restaurant, Warm meals at all hours. Choice Wines and Liquors. Eighth st.

BENJAMINSE, WM., Publisher of the Holland City News, all kinds of printing done neatly, and at low figures, 8th St.

BROADMORE & HINMAN, House painting, Glazing, Paper hanging, Kalsomining, etc. All work promptly attended to.

COETTINGER, A., Book Binder, and Dealer in Books and Stationery, River St.

DE JONG, H., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour and Feed, 8th St.

DE VRIES, U., Dealer in Harness, Trunks, Satchels, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc., 8th St.

DUURSEMA & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glass-ware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed, River St.

DUNLAP, F. W., Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office with E. J. Harrington, in Harrington's Brick Block, Holland Mich.

FLIERMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop, Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done, Cash paid for Furs.

HEROLD, R., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc., 8th St.

HARRINGTON, E. J., Notary Public, Collects Accounts, also Dealer in Lath Plaster and Lime. Office on 8th St.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of Pumps, Agricultural Implements, and Commission Agent for Mowing Machines, Cor. 10th & River Sts.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public, River St.

JACOBUSSEN & BRO., Plain and Ornamental Plastering. All orders promptly attended to. Call at Residence, Cor. 15th & Maple Sts.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, Dealers in Fancy Goods and Crockery, Cor. 8th & Market Sts.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; Office at his Residence on 8th St.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines, 8th St.

KANTERS, L. T. & CO., Dealers in Stationery, Books, Toys, Notions and Candles, Agents for Roofing, 8th St.

KRAKER & CO., Dealers in Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and Vegetables, River St.

KROON, G. J., Dealer in Hard-ware, Stoves and Farming Implements, 8th St.

KUNYON, NATHAN, Baking and Collecting. Breads, Cakes and Soda, Office 8th St.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician, 9th St.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office with M. D. Howard, Cor. 8th & River Sts.

POWERS, T. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on 14th St.

PLUGGER MILLS, Pauline VanPatten & Co., Manufacturers of and Dealers in Lumber and Flour.

PACKARD & WOODHAMS, Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Musical Instruments and Sheet Music, River St.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Collections made in Holland and vicinity, N. E. Cor. 8th and River Sts.

RYDER, JAMES, Proprietor of the Phoenix Hotel, 9th St. near C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot.

SCOTT, W. J., Planning, Machining, Scroll Sawing and Moulding, River-st.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.

VORST & DALMAN, Agents of the Zina Nolesless Sewing Machine, office at Vorst's tailor shop, River Street.

VANDER VEEN, R., Dealer in General Hardware, Cor. River & 8th Sts.

VAN PUTTEN, WM., Dealer in Paints, Oils, Drugs, Medicines, etc., 8th St.

VANDER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh Salt and smoked Meats and Vegetables, 8th St.

VORST, O., Publisher of the Holland City News, Office at the Holland City News, 9th St.

VAN LANDEGEND & TER HAAR, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements, 8th St.

VAN PEL, H., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips, 8th St.

WEYMAER & KRUIDENIER, House Painters, Glaziers and Paper Hangers, over Van-work's shop, 8th St.

WALSH, HERBER, Druggist & Pharmacist, a full stock of all goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, Insurance and Real Estate Office, 8th St.

WYNNER, C. B., Watchmaker at J. Albers', 8th St. All work neatly done and warranted.

WISE, C. M., Attorney and Counselor at Law Office at his Residence, 8th St. East.

## Railroads.

### Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.		
Night Ex.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Ex.	Ex.
5.50	9.00	Chicago.	5.50	8.50	A. M.
11.50	11.50	New Buffalo.	4.45	8.00	P. M.
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
4.15	8.00	Gr. Junction.	12.00	11.25	
4.37	8.24	Fennville.	11.30	10.50	
4.55	8.45	Maunus.	11.08		
5.30	9.10	Richmond.	11.05	10.38	
5.50	9.30	E. Saugatuck.	10.45		
6.00	9.40	Holland.	10.30	10.00	
6.08	9.48	New Holland.	9.55		
6.25	9.59	Oliver.	9.43		
6.40	10.09	Ottawa.	9.37		
6.55	10.24	Robinson.	9.37		
7.10	10.39	Spoonville.	9.13		
7.25	10.54	Manica.	9.07	8.45	
7.50	11.15	Frankfort.	8.50	8.30	
8.00	11.25	Muskegon.	8.50	7.58	
8.20	11.45	Montague.	7.50	7.10	
18.50	9.45	Pentwater.	5.00	6.00	

### Grand Rapids & Holland R. R.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.		
Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.	
5.50	4.35	Holland.	10.00	10.00	
5.45	4.28	Zeland.	9.40	9.40	
5.58	5.08	Vriesland.	9.25	9.25	
6.08	5.23	Hudson.	9.10	9.10	
6.39	5.58	Jennison's.	8.55	8.55	
6.35	5.40	Grandville.	8.50	8.50	
6.45	5.50	Gr. Rapids.	8.50	8.50	

### Cincinnati, Richmond & Ft. Wayne R. R.

Going North.			Going South.		
No. 1	No. 3	STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
3 45	-----	Fort Wayne	1 30	-----	
4 47	-----	Decatur	2 47	-----	
12 35	4 47	Ridgeville	4 57	7 45	
12 04	4 21	Winchester	5 21	8 14	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
10 40	3 00	Richmond	6 45	9 45	

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.

### Mich. Lake Shore R. R.

Going North.			Going South.		
No. 3	No. 1	STATIONS.	No. 4	No. 2	
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
8 40	12 30	Muskegon	3 00	5 30	
7 58	11 45	Grand Haven	3 45	6 09	
6 59	10 40	Holland	4 50	7 04	
5 55	9 33	Allegan	5 55	8 04	
5 30	8 40	Monticello	6 35	8 43	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
4 35	7 40	Kalamazoo	7 25	9 30	
11 35	7 40	Kalamazoo	6 00	9 35	
10 30	6 46	Mendon	7 00	10 30	
9 50	6 04	Sturgis	7 43	11 10	
8 30	4 47	Kendallville	9 10	12 23	
7 15	3 40	Fort Wayne	10 30	1 30	

### Mails Arrive.

NORTHERN.	
Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	10 10 a. m.
Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	5 00 p. m.
Grand Rapids & Holland R. R.	10 00 a. m.
SOUTHERN.	
Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	2 23 p. m.
Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	10 19 a. m.

### SAUGATUCK.

By Stage Daily..... 4 45 p. m.

### VENTURA.

By Stage Wednesday and Saturday..... 2 00 p. m.

### Mails Close.

NORTHERN.	
Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	2 00 p. m.
Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	10 15 a. m.
Grand Rapids & Holland R. R.	10 15 a. m.
SOUTHERN.	
Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	10 10 a. m.
Mich. Lake Shore R. R.	4 80 p. m.

### SAUGATUCK.

Daily at..... 10 00 a. m.

### VENTURA.

Wednesday and Saturday at..... 2 30 p. m.

Post Office open daily except Sunday from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

### W. VAN BUREN, P. M.

### Detroit & Milwaukee Railroad.

Until further notice trains will run as follows:

### GOING WEST.

Leave Detroit—

Express—8:30 a. m. for Holly, Saginaw &c.

Mail—10:10 a. m. for Grand Haven and Milwaukee

Accom.—4:15 p. m. for Holly, Saginaw &c.

Night Ex.—10:40 p. m. for Grand Haven.

Mixed—11:30 p. m. for Holly, Saginaw &c.

Leave Holly—

Mail—12:22 p. m. Night Express—1:10 a. m.

Leave Owasco—

Mail—12:50 p. m. Night Express—3:40 a. m.

Arrive Grand Rapids—6:35 p. m. and 8:35 a. m.

### GOING EAST.

Leave Grand Rapids—

Mail—10 a. m. Night Express—10:35 p. m.

Leave Owasco—

Mail—1:30 p. m. Night Express—2:30 a. m.

Arrive Detroit—

Night Express—7:30 a. m. from Grand Haven.

## My Lost Love.

TO M. A. L.

Far away up on the beach,  
Out in the moonlight alone;  
Far away out of the reach  
Of any one's cares but my own;  
Tracing her name in the sand,  
Calling her name to the sea;  
Oh! Why can't the waves understand,  
And bring back my lost love to me!

Oh! why am I thus here alone,  
When from every bright star I can see,  
The beautiful eyes of my own,  
Look lovingly down upon me?  
Oh! why am I thus here alone  
With this terrible heart's unrest?  
Perhaps Thou can't tell from Thy throne  
Why doeth all things for the best.

Tracing her name in the sand,  
Calling her name to the sea,  
Till the dark clouds come to cover the land,  
And hide my own darling from me. J.

## A Race For Life.

A TRUE STORY OF THE MAINE WOODS.

One hundred years ago there lived on the shores of the Stephens River (a small stream emptying into Casco Bay), a man named Peter Joliff. An honest upright fellow, a good neighbor and friend, but with one abominable habit that won him many enemies and caused much discomfort and even suffering to those around him. This fault was an almost irresistible fondness for practical joking, that would not allow him to let an opportunity pass unimproved, wherein he could gratify the special passion of his being.

There came a time, however, when the exercise of this peculiarity brought upon him an ordeal so sharp that it cured his unfortunate propensity, to the great joy of his family and friends. The process was disagreeable, but the cure was effectual and permanent. One day Peter had been to work a few miles from home. After his day's labor was finished, his employer invited him to partake of an evening meal with him; this invitation Peter accepted, and then his system fortified by a hearty supper, he commenced his journey homeward.

The path which Peter trod that night would lead one to-day through cultivated fields and by many pleasant farm houses, but then it was an unbroken forest.

It was a dark, cold December night, the winds swept fitfully among the great pines and beeches; strange, mourning sounds went sobbing through the forest; now and then an owl uttered its hoarse cry, or the sudden rattling of the dead leaves told when some timid animal scurried away from the sound of footsteps.

But Peter was strong and stout-hearted, and trudged quietly along, without paying much attention to the sights and sounds around him, until he had achieved perhaps one-half of his journey, when suddenly his ears caught the sound of horse's feet descending the long rocky path behind him. Gradually the sounds drew nearer, until the sharp, peculiar voice of a horseman could be heard urging the beast to a faster gait.

"Ah, ah," said Peter to himself, as he heard the familiar tones, "that is Uncle Tom Barry."

Now Uncle Tom and Peter were neighbors; that is to say, their clearings lay about a mile apart, and none knew better than Peter that the old man was naturally of a timid disposition and furthermore that nothing inspired him with greater fear—nothing which he would not rather meet than a wolf. No sooner, therefore, had Peter become convinced that the horseman behind him was his neighbor than he resolved to use this trait of Uncle Tom's as the means of working out what he considered would be a capital joke. His plans were soon laid, and he proceeded to put them in execution.

Creeping through the undergrowth which bordered his path he crouched down and patiently awaited the approach of his victim. He had not waited long before Uncle Tom, his horse at a sharp trot and himself casting timid glances around, arrived opposite his place of concealment. Peter allowed him to pass a few paces, and then springing forward on his hands and knees, he uttered one of two snar-

ling yelps, instantly followed by the loud, clear gathering cry of the wolves.

The effect upon Uncle Tom was electrical. Springing half way out of his saddle, he uttered a scream of terror, and then stooping, until his head nearly touched the mane, he plunged his spur into the horse's flanks and was off down the road like a shot. As for Peter, he rolled over on his back, and kicked his heels in huge enjoyment of his success. Loud and long he laughed, occasionally varying the performance by making the forest ring with a repetition of wild, savage cry that had struck such terror into Uncle Tom's heart. But there is an end to all things, and so, after a while, there was an end to Peter's mirth, and he wiping his eyes, regained the path and was about to resume his journey, when he heard a sound that sent cold shivers coursing over his body, and almost froze the blood in his veins.

The wolves had heard his successful imitation of their music, and were coming down full cry upon him. In an instant he realized his position and peril. From the sounds he knew that the wolves were coming down on either side of the path he had just traveled, and, therefore, the nearest point of safety was his own clearing, more than a mile away.

All this, passed through his mind like a flash, and then calling all his energies into play, he dashed down the path with scarcely less speed and terror than had Uncle Tom Barry himself. Peter was a famous runner, and had come off victor in many a trial of speed when the people had come together for raising or log-rolling, but this was no holiday game. He was not taxing his muscle to win the applause of admiring friends, not to gratify an ambition to excel.

The race was for life.

Down the long slope that led to Pili-kin's Hollow, and up the ascent beyond, fled Peter, while hardly a hundred yards behind came a yelping, snarling pack, hungry and fierce. The life of an unarmed man would not be worth a minutes purchase, could they once surround him. This Peter acknowledged to himself, as a thought entered his mind of standing on the defensive, so he abandoned the thought before it was fully formed, and braced himself anew for flight.

Down another long slope, across a broad sheet of ice at its foot, and Leth-erbee's Hill, with its long steep ascent, lay before him. He shuddered as he glanced up its rugged side, for he felt that his strength was not sufficient to carry him to the top. The perspiration streamed from every pore, his breath came in short wheezing gasps, his steps were becoming unsteady, and once striking his foot against a loose stone, he saved himself from falling only by an effort so great that the blood spurted from his nostrils, and flames seemed to leap from his vision.

Still he kept on, though it seemed madness to hope, for his pursuers had gained upon him fearfully; he knew it by the beating of their footsteps, but, with energies inspired by mortal terror he ran on, hoping only to gain the brow of the hill, for there the ground became more open, and his own cabin was but a few rods beyond. He felt sure that his pursuers would not follow him beyond the summit, but could he reach it before they would close upon him?

No, not by his own exertions, for just as the thought passed through his mind his foot caught under a gnarled root that extended across the way, and he fell heavily forward, his head struck the frozen ground and he lay senseless.

When Peter recovered consciousness he found himself hanging over the broad shoulders of his brother John, and about to enter his own door. Here he soon collected his scattered senses and was able to listen intelligently to his brother's account of his rescue.

Uncle Tom Barry, in his flight had stopped at the cabin long enough to shout through the window the wolves were out, and then hurried on. John, who lived with his brother, knowing that Peter must come the same path, took his gun and walked out to the

edge of the forest, where he halted to listen. But a short time elapsed before he heard the sound of the pursuers, and rushing down the hill he arrived upon the scene just in time to leap between Peter's prostrate form and the wolves, the foremost of which was less than ten feet distant. Taking steady aim he sent a bullet into the creature's brain, and then while the pack were fighting over the dead body of their comrade, he slung Peter over his back and gained the open ground in safety.

Peter frankly told the whole truth about the affair from beginning to end, and concluded the story with the emphatic assertion that as long as he lived would not be guilty of another practical joke, a vow which he has faithfully kept.—Portland Transcript.

## The Present Condition of Matters at Manistee.

From the Manistee Times.

Our city presents a livelier appearance just now than ever before. All is life, bustle and enterprise. There are many strange faces on the streets and in the hotels. Everything is orderly, quiet and respectable. Drunkenness and rowdiness, that held such sway a year ago, have given place to order and respectability. Drunkenness and rowdiness are now the exception, not the rule. Many who, last year, were too ragged to be seen on the streets are well clothed, and the dry-goods and clothing stores are receiving part of the benefit. We have no policemen under pay; last year we had several policemen (under pay, and a fight and a drunken row could be gotten up on short notice. The jail was at times full of disorderlies. The County House was uncomfortably full of paupers. At present the jail is without an incumbent. There are about twelve persons in the County House. Law and order is the rule. Who will say after such an experience that it is necessary, in order to be prosperous, as a city, that we permit the free use and sale of liquors of various descriptions, and be obliged to sustain all the paraphernalia of a whiskey selling and whiskey drinking community, such as salaried police officers, and then fill the jail with men who, when sober, make good citizens? From the jail record we learn that during the last year there were 227 commitments, of which 173 were caused by drunkenness and 54 from all other causes. The Sheriff informs us that at this season last year he had from four to eight of these cases daily. During the last four months he has had but seven persons in jail for this cause. Go where you will through the city and evidences of thrift meet the eye.

Dry goods, grocery, provisions and hardware stores, hotels and dwellings are all doing a thriving business, and not a whiskey shop or a saloon in town. Our streets are free from roughs and black-legs. Our wives and daughters can pass along without hearing rough, vulgar language and having drunken men staggering against them. Long may this state of things last. Long may law, order, peace and prosperity be ours.

SOUND SUGGESTIONS.—A bit of admirable common sense emanates from the American Medical Association, now in session at Philadelphia. It recommends that all bottles containing poison be not only labeled "poison," so as to convey the danger signal to the brain through the eye, but that they be roughened on one side so that the touch can read caution; be plainly stated on the label. By this arrangement the liability of swallowing death in the dark, instead of relief, by a mistake of bottles, will be avoided; and if the poison should be taken, it will not be necessary to post away for a druggist before administering a remedy, or jeopardizing a life by reliance on the treacherous memory.

An old lady, on entering one of our stores the other day, said: "Why, it can't be you keep this store yet! I thought you had gone out of business; I have seen your name, or anything about your store in the paper for over a year, and everybody out in our neighborhood thinks you have quit doing business."—Exchange.

## Murmuring.

I was tired of washing dishes; I was tired of drudgery. It had always been so, and I was dissatisfied. I never sat down a moment to read, and Jamie didn't want a cake, or a piece of paper to scribble on, or a bit of soap to make bubbles. "I'd rather be in a prison," I said one day, "than to have my life teased out so," as Jamie knocked my elbow, when I was writing to a friend.

But a morning came when I had one plate less to wash, one chair less to set away by the wall in the dining-room, when Jamie's little crib was put away in the garret, and it has never come down since. I had been unusually fretful and discontented with him that damp May morning that he took the croup. Gloomy weather gave me the headache, and I had less patience then than at any other time. By-and-by he was singing in another room, "I want to be an angel," and presently rang out that metallic cough. I never hear that hymn since that it don't cut me to the heart; for the croup cough rings out with it. He grew worse toward night, and when my husband came home he went for the doctor. At first he seemed to help him, but it merged into inflammatory croup, and all was soon over.

"I ought to have been called in sooner," said the doctor. I have a servant to wash the dishes now; and, when the visitor comes, I can sit down and entertain her without having to work all the time. There is no little boy worrying me to open his jack-knife, and there are no shavings over the floor. The magazines are not soiled with looking at the pictures, but



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS,

S. L. MORRIS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
**ULYSSES S. GRANT,**

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
**HENRY WILSON,**

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

WORK FOR YOUR CITY.

No village or city was ever known to prosper without a united effort on the part of its citizens to push forward every enterprise, and assist in every improvement, by both word and deed. Nearly every man in our midst can recall to his mind some city or village that has sunk to a depth of commercial ruin, because of the want of combined energy of its citizens for public improvements.

In order to secure these improvements, there must of necessity be a unity of purpose, a desire for public good, and a resolve to accomplish what may be undertaken.

The only way to build up a town, is to add to its wealth and population; in no way can this be so successfully accomplished, as by a system of public improvements, as will at once impress the stranger capitalist that we are a social, intelligent, go-ahead people; seeing the necessity of improving the talent given us, we make it manifest in all our thoroughfares, public parks, cemeteries, public and private buildings.

Not long since, we visited Grand Haven, and fell in with a gentleman representing the Erie Iron Works, recently located there; and during our conversation, he made the following emphatic declaration, pointing to the Union School building, the pride of our sister city, he said: "That building, with its advantages, is one of the greatest inducements Grand Haven offers us for locating our works here; we shall employ several hundred families, and their children must have the advantage of good schools."

Thus it is, capitalists will seek those points where capital is used, and is shown by a system of improvements required by a refined and intelligent people.

Our social status should be free and communicative toward strangers seek-homes with us. It was said to us, only a few days since, by a new-comer, that he had found a great many people here, who had axes to grind, and he thought the new-comers were expected to turn the stone for them.

We hope this is not true. What we most need now to bring us out of our ruins and place us upon the road to success, is manufactures; these constitute the true germ of prosperity; without them, we shall never prosper; without united labor and voice, we shall never have them. Then we argue that the true stepping stone to success in this city, as in all other cities, is UNION. When a needed public improvement is being agitated, encourage it; do not bring in all the old axes, rather lose them than lose the improvement; for rest assured kind friends, if self is the paramount idea of our citizens, then our great expectations shall come to naught. Corner lots will become comparatively valueless, merchants will be unable to sell their goods, bankruptcy the inevitable result. Do we invite such a condition of things? Let us then oppose all needed improvements, unless we can make it conform to a selfish purpose. Let us keep the survey question unsettled, and have everything at loose ends, and the crash will soon come. Do we want to become an ornament of Western Michigan, strong in the faith of our greatness? Then we must sustain, both by word and deed, every feasible project for improving our city, even at a sacrifice of personal emolument.

Every dollar expended in such improvements only adds value to what we already possess. The good work has already commenced; let us all put shoulders to the wheel, and keep it moving. With a united effort we have no doubt we can secure one or two more railroads to this city. Can we do it and remain idle?

Let us maintain, in fact, the fair fame of Holland, and make it the pride of its founders, and the Eden of the West! Gentlemen, work for your city.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

Below we publish an article from a gentleman of this city, in reply to an article published a week or two since, entitled "Outside of Sects." We have no desire or intention to cast any reflections upon pure religion, or those who by their works show that their faith is well founded. We observe in the article a tendency to christian liberalism, more than we have seen exemplified of late, and judging from the temper of *De Hope*, compared with the views of the writer, we are led to think there may be a division of sentiment in the church here, relative to the subject of amusements.

MR. EDITOR:—Your article of last week headed "Outside of Sects," may have affected many, as it did me, painfully. Will you allow a subscriber and one who is kindly disposed towards both yourself and paper, to make a few remarks upon subjects touched upon, in order to give what he conceives to be a truer setting of such subjects. You have touched upon points intimately, inseparably connected with both the morality and religion of our young city. A christian, then, cannot but be deeply interested in them, and sincerely desirous of the expression of what he considers true views concerning them.

1. In your first paragraph your language is guarded. The "appalling wall," and accusation "of being infidels and wild blasphemous God deniers," is raised, you say, by "the rigorous church members," against those who would "build a public hall or opera house, express an opinion favorable to a Circus, Managerie or a Concert troupe."

Of the truth of this statement I am not cognizant, but do not doubt your veracity. That good people have reason to mourn over what is said and done in some public halls or Operahouses, none can dispute. That a public hall may be a blessing to a city, none can deny. The building of such a hall in our city to be kept under proper regulations, none, I think, except the two rigorous church members, would oppose. Church members who worship God in and with their families, and properly honor God by regular attendance at public worship, have no taste for a circus. The cruelties of its trainings,—the immoralities attending it,—and the general attendance there of people of the "baser sort," make it quite unpalatable to all Christ's people except the weakest. That true christians should, therefore, deprecate a circus is just as natural and as much in character as to sing

"I love Thy kingdom, Lord,  
The house of Thine abode;"

or to exclaim "I had rather be a door-keeper in the house of my God, than to dwell in the tents of wickedness."

But that those who favor even a "circus" should, for that reason, be accused of "infidelity," and called "blasphemous God deniers" is a serious fault. In such case both accusers and accused need to be prayed for most earnestly.

2. I think that you express mistaken views of the teachings and practices of evangelical christians relating to relaxation and recreation,—also relating to the virtues of men outside of the church. In your second paragraph you speak "of the war made by the church against all natural and necessary relaxation and amusement;" and in paragraph five you speak of the church "ignoring the fact" that "the body demands recreation as inexorably as it does sleep." Here, I think, you attribute to the church what appertains only to a few of her members, a very small number,—an insignificant number. Your language seems quite strange to me. "And when you quote approvingly 'a good Methodist brother,' and speak of one who 'looks out of the ascetic jail bounds of the church,'—blessed bounds. Mr. Editor! May you one day be within the garden of the Lord,—'at the world people, and is amazed at their goodness, forbearance and sunny temper;' your language seems applicable only to a penance doing subject of Popery, who is making atonement, as he thinks for his sins. So far as I know it is the doctrine of evangelical christianity that the great object of life is work—for God and man,—that in order to work recreation is necessary—recreation by rest, and recreation by amusements; that, therefore, recreation must be kept in subordination to work—so regulated as to promote it—fit for it: accordingly, that all amusements which are innocent in their nature, wholesome in their tendencies to body, intellect and religious instinct,—moderate in degree,—and becoming to age sex and position,—are lawful and proper. Doubtless, in the application of these principles, christians differ somewhat. Their different degrees of knowledge, moral culture and growth of grace, their different prejudices and stand-points of observation give a variety of opinions concerning some amusements. But in such cases of difference the great christian rule is that 'the strong must bear the infirmities of the weak, and not please themselves.' No man must so use his liberty that it become a stumbling block to them that are weak."

Accordingly to those principles, when "young blood must throw off its superfluous strength," we would not send it to a "theatre or circus or concert troupe;"—neither, on the other hand, would we set it at "hymn singing and prayer meeting,"—nor confine it to an apartment with ten or more bloods like itself to breathe foul air. There are better modes, you as a physician would tell us, to work off the accumulation of nerve power. And availing ourselves of your information, we would say, young blood, go out under the open vault of heaven—shout—run—skip—jump—hear the birds in the air—see the lambs upon the hill sides.—Do likewise!

The true christian, when looking at the world's people, should not be

"amazed at their goodness, forbearance and sunny temper;" and, unless a novice, expect to "meet outside the church, not the devil alone but friendliness, sincerity and true christian virtues." The well informed christian knows that many of the world's people are possessed of natural virtues of a high order and rich variety. Some of them are noted for their honesty, noble purposes, integrity, cheerfulness, benevolence, liberality, good taste and other such like qualities which make them ornaments of society and pillars of the State. Such men the well-informed christian, highly esteems, and loves as Christ loved the rich amiable young man; and as such an one passes under his eye his heart's utterance is "one thing thou lackest." Only the novice supposes that all true christians are inside of the church; hence he only is surprised to find true christian virtues outside the church." As soon, however, as the novice becomes well informed, he sees that such virtues—christian virtues outside—are out of their divinely appointed place. He has learned that a soldier in Christ's uniform should stand in Christ's ranks; that having taken Christ as his captain, he should train in His company. What propriety in any other position or course?

3. I think that your views of making a profession of religion, and of "worshipping by proxy," if generally entertained, would take from our christian worshiping assemblies all except the truly humble, the ambitious women and the properly trained children, and thus seriously hinder the great work of "making foolish the wisdom of this world," and saving men by "the foolishness of preaching."

I do not understand you to say, in your third and fourth paragraphs, that "the great variety of human minds of broad scope and outlook" in our city do not make any profession in our churches and attend public worship. But I do understand you to say that "that few of our upright thorough-going men make any profession"—that "the middle aged do their worshipping by proxy of their wives and children"—and that you assign as the reason for this state of things that "the young clergyman, with a 'training out of books, and narrow seminary bounds, lacks the knowledge of life and the world to make his thoughts impressive or acceptable to the great variety of human minds of broader scope and outlook."

Is it so, that, in our city, "few of our upright thorough-going men make any profession in the churches?" Every church going citizen can answer for himself. So far as my observation and knowledge teach me, I would say, a larger proportion of such men make a profession of religion in Holland than in most other places in our country, though it is true that "not many wise men after the flesh, not many mighty nor many noble are called."

Is it so, that our middle aged do their "worshipping by proxy of their wives and children?" Here too I would say, I think, not as much in our city as in most other places. And I would add, this worshipping "by proxy" should, in no case, be attributed to a real christian. He knows better. He knows that his wife and children are divinely obliged to worship on their own account, and in this respect can only discharge their individual responsibilities. Under the law of Christ's kingdom they cannot, in this respect, represent the husband or father. "Every one shall receive according to that he hath done." Besides, very few, if any, of our wives would consent to such a view of woman's rights. They would insist upon their husband's going, in propria persona, with them to the house of God to worship Him in the beauties of holiness. They love to see the whole family, head and all, before God in the assembly of the saints.

And is the reason which you assign for the state of things which you depict, a valid one? In the first place, not one of the pastors or stated preachers is a "young clergyman." Then, if our preachers did habitually fail "to make their thoughts impressive or acceptable to minds of broader scope and outlook" would that be a good reason for neglecting the public worship of God? If it were, then a little self-conceit of—which we all at times have too much—might empty the house of God of all worshippers except the truly humble, who think themselves inferior to the preacher in mental scope, ambitious women who would don boots and pants, and children taught to worship publicly and habitually. What then would become of God's work of "making foolish the wisdom of this world," and of saving men by "the foolishness of preaching?" After all, may not the lack of impression on some minds be somewhat owing to our Saviour's assigned reason of this very thing, the state of the heart? "Some seed fell by the way side"—upon unbroken hard soil, not impressible!

4. In your last paragraph but one you say, "If God made the age we live in with all its development, our religion should show Him, not only in a weekly sermon or service, but in its foremost thought, its highest music, its art, its science, in every effort which men make to reach a higher standard." To all this we say, "Amen." Let every thing we say and do, at all times, be said and done to manifest God and to promote godliness. "Whether we eat or drink or whatever we do let us do it all to the glory of God." If "the spirit of the age" does not come up to this key—and O! how far it comes short of it!—let us labor to bring it up—and labor to bring it up by God's appointed means, which only can do it; and so we must all attend church every Sabbath unless providentially hindered, and profess Christ publicly in the churches if we belong to His family. These things done first, other steps will probably appear plainer. "Then shall we know if we follow on to know the Lord."

## CONGRESS.

While the tax and tariff bill was under discussion a few days since, Senator Ferry, ever guarding the interests of his constituents, said:

I wish to propose an amendment that I think will be generally concurred by the Senate. It is in behalf of I may say, the poor and imperilled fishermen. I propose to insert on page 30, after line four hundred and twenty-seven, of section five, of the free list, these words: "twine used for making gill-nets." I have confined it to gill-nets, in order to reach the deep-sounding fisheries. I am told by those who are engaged in the vocation, that a set of tackle for fishing operations costs them an excess of \$300 on account of the tax on twine.

Mr. ANTHONY. How are you going to distinguish it from any other twine?

Mr. FERRY. It is twine for gill-nets. Twine made for gill-nets is known in the trade. It is gilling-twine. That is the technical term for it. I have used the phraseology that defines it. I understand, that the twine is not made in this country to any extent. It comes from a foreign land, and is most serviceable. It seems hard that fishermen should be compelled to pay on an aggregate \$200 or \$300 tax on their tackle, it does not seem possible that it should be done.

The Vice President put the question on the amendment, and declared that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. FERRY. I ask for the yeas and nays. ["No." "No."]

The yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. TRUMBULL. The Senator from Michigan has been persistently voting here to make the whole people of this country pay double on the salt they use, and now he thinks it a great hardship that the fishermen should pay one-third on the twine they use. If he, in his desire to relieve the poor, would agree to reduce salt one-third, then I would vote with him on the twine.

Mr. FLANAGAN. Is it in order to move to amend the amendment?

VICE PRESIDENT. It is.

Mr. FLANAGAN. Then I move to amend, by adding "twine for cotton bagging."

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on the amendment to the amendment offered by the Senator from Texas.

Mr. FERRY. I have offered this amendment in good faith for a specific purpose.

Mr. FLANAGAN. So have I.

Mr. FERRY. I do not mean by that remark to imply that the Senator from Texas has offered his amendment in bad faith, but I think as connected with their vocation, the fishermen certainly ought to have some little consideration from the Senate. I reply to the Senator from Illinois, by saying that I did not expect opposition from that quarter. I have been perhaps during the latter part of the night following his example, and I propose to test him in a case connected quite proximately with his own State. This is a measure for the relief of the fishermen who are supplying the market of Chicago, the pride of the Senator, the great city of the Northwest. I propose to relieve them to the amount of \$300 in this tax, and I called for the yeas and nays for the purpose of putting the Senators on the record on the subject. I desire to see whether this boon will be denied to men who are exposing their lives in an occupation so perilous and attended with so little profit, and therefore have asked for the yeas and nays.

Mr. FLANAGAN. I hope the Senator's amendment will be successful. I wish it to pass; and I wish it to bring the extreme North and South together on this question, so as to unite these two interests, the fish and the cotton bags. I hope they will both pass.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on the amendment of the Senator from Texas to the amendment of the Senator from Michigan, too add "twine for cotton bagging."

The amendment to the amendment was agreed to; there being on a division yeas 26, noes 15.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question recurs on agreeing to the amendment as amended, on which the yeas and nays have been ordered.

The question being taken by yeas and nays, resulted—yeas 23, nays 25.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

The Democrats of Linn County, Oregon, have nominated for the Legislature a man who cannot write.

The Chicago Times asserts that in that city not a dozen well-known Republicans can be found who have pronounced for Greeley.

The Wilmington Commercial denies that the Democrats of Delaware will vote for Greeley, whether he is indorsed at Baltimore or not.

An active Greeley man, who canvassed a carriage manufactory in Williamsport, Penn., the other day, was disgusted at the result of the vote. It stood: For Grant, 26; for a straight Democrat, 1; for Greeley, 0.

The Reading (Penn.) Gazette, an influential Democratic journal, bids the Baltimore Convention to beware, and says: "So far as our section of the State is concerned we feel confident in asserting that an indorsement of the Cincinnati nominees by the Democracy would cost us more Democratic votes, by far, than could be made up by Liberal Republicans. We hear the declaration every day from reliable and consistent Democrats, that under no circumstances would they vote for Greeley, no matter what nominated him."

## Phoenix Planing Mill!

The undersigned would hereby announce to the Public that their new

## Planing Mill

IS NOW READY FOR BUSINESS.

We have re-built with entire new

## Machinery

Of the Most Approved Pattern.

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

## PLANING,

## MATCHING,

Or Re-sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

## DRY KILN,

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER  
WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

Will receive Lumber of all kinds for

## DRYING.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line Manufactured to order on Short Notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.,  
Factory cor. River & 10th Sts. 1-1

For the Following Articles go to

## E. J. Harrington

Lime, Cement, Stucco, Salt,

## Shingles,

1st & 2d QUALITY, LATH ETC.

ALSO A FEW

## Choice City Lots

For Sale Cheap for

## CASH

## FARMING LANDS,

Adjacent to the city, valuable for fruit and other purposes, to wit:

Lot one and two, Sec. 26, town five, north of range sixteen west, about 77 acres, will be sold for \$50.00 per acre.

Also north 1-3, north-east 1-4 of Sec. 2, town 4, north of range 16 west, within one-half mile of Lake, for \$28.00 per acre, well timbered, good for fruit or farming.

In Filmore, south-east 1-4 of the north-west 1-4 and the south-west 1-4 of the north-east 1-4 of Sec. 27, 80 acres or \$300.00.

In Olive township, in Sec. 14 & 15, 200 acres for \$2000.00.

## WANTED

White Oak Staves.

Hemlock Bark

And Cord Wood,

For which I will pay the highest

## Cash Price.

1-1, E. J. HARRINGTON.

## J. O. BAKKER'S

## BOOT & SHOE

## Emporium

Temporarily located in the

## Post Office Building.

Where may be found a Full Assortment of

Boots, Shoes, SLIPPERS &c

and Childrens' Wear.

An Excellent Variety of

Ladies' Wear

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Special Attention will be given to

## Custom Work.

Fine FRENCH CALF BOOTS

Made to order and a perfect fit Guaranteed.

Prices Reasonable. All Work Warranted.

## Hardware Store!

## E. Vanderveen,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

## LARGE STOCK

—OF—

## GENERAL Hard-ware

Hoping to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a full assortment of

the best Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves

STOVE-PIPE, STOVE FURNITURE ETC.

HORSE NAILS,

HORSE SHOES,

WAGON SPRINGS,

HORSE TRIMMINGS,

GLASS, PUTTY;

PAINTS, OILS,

NAILS ETC.

## Carpenters' Tools,

## Farmers' Implements

and many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING and JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE

E. VANDERVEEN,

S. E. Cor. 8th & River Sts.

## Drugs, Medicines

## Wm. VanPutten

GENERAL DEALER IN

## DRUGS,

## Medicines

## CHEMICALS,

## PAINTS, OILS,

## PUTTY, GLASS &c.

## Patent Medicines

of all kinds constantly on hand.

## CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS

For Medicinal Purposes only.

## Fancy Soaps & Perfumery

TOOTH BRUSHES,

CLOTHES BRUSHES,

HAIR BRUSHES,

SHAVING BRUSHES,

AND PAINT BRUSHES,

A FULL LINE OF THE

Celebrated Shaker Medicine

FOR CATTLE OR HORSES.

Proprietor of the

## Oriental Balm

A remedy for Pains and Nervous Diseases.

RAZORS AND RAZOR STROPS,

CHAMOIS SKINS,

NURSING BOTTLES,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

## Supporters and Trusses

And everything usually kept in Drug Stores.

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Com-

pounded Day or Night.

Wm. VANPUTTEN,

8th St. Holland, Mich.



Holland, June 8, 1872.

## Local News.

Cappon & Bertsch's tannery is now in running order.

We notice that Mr. H. Gezon has opened a new Hotel and Restaurant, one door west of the Phoenix Hotel.

A petition has been presented to the Common Council of this city, asking for the privilege of grading Ninth street from Cedar street, east to the C. & M. L. S. R. R.

**APPORTIONMENT.**—The school fund as apportioned gives Ottawa County the sum of \$4,495.20. The whole number of children enrolled in the County, 9,365 equals 48 cents for each child, in the county of proper school age. The whole number of children in this city is 890, giving for the use of our schools, the snug little sum of \$422.40.

**OTTAWA COUNTY SOLDIERS ASSOCIATION.**—At the last meeting of this Association, it was resolved the next yearly meeting be held on the 4th of July next, at such place as would extend to them the most urgent invitation. It is time that if any move is to be made for the anniversary meeting of the old soldiers in this County, that it be understood where it is to be, and preparations be immediately made for it, for ourselves we should regret to see the organization fail to be appreciated by the community. It will be remembered that the last anniversary of the association was held in this city, and was an occasion of unusual interest, to its member and all who participated. Shall we have a meeting on the 4th of July? If so, where?

**SMELLS THE BATTLE AFAR OFF.**—We learn from good authority, that in attempting to secure the organization of a military company here, some of our patriotic young men have lost their zeal for military renown, and fail to come to time. So long as the national sky was clear, no speck in the distance indicating the slightest cause of alarm, patriotism was above par; but the mole hill has been magnified into a mountain; we may have a little brush with somebody, then where are we? Oh, you should not join such a company. Cowards are not wanted, men whose patriotism will decline upon the approach of danger are not wanted. The government expects only men of courage, and would have none other. We have enough of them to fill up the ranks.

A match game of Base Ball, played June 1st, 1872, at Grand Haven, between the Hope College Club of this city, and the Eagle Club of Grand Haven, resulted in the following

SCORE.	
Hope College.	0
Herrick, c.	0
Hegeman, s. b.	4
Bedell, p.	1
Kruger, c. f.	4
Poss, l. f.	4
Ledebor, s. s.	4
Steele, 1st b.	2
Franshiel, 3d b.	3
Walsh, r. f.	3
Totals.	27
Runners.	1
Hope College.	0
Eagles.	3

Umpire, Mr. G. W. McBride, of the Occidental B. B. C.

Scorers, S. D. Andrews, and T. S. White.

Time of game, 2 hours and 45 minutes.

The instruments for the Holland Cornet Band have arrived and we hear give good satisfaction, we occasionally hear the sound of the horn, and hope that ere long we shall know that the company are ready to furnish a choice and well selected variety of music. The gentlemen composing the band are as follows:

Va. F. Scott, Leader.  
John Kramer,  
J. Grootenhuis,  
C. Verschuur,  
B. G. Scott,  
Otto Breyman,  
J. Everhard,  
John Root.

All are gentlemen of fine musical ability and capable of discoursing the best of music. We bespeak for them a position of honor with the other organizations of our city.

**Manufacturing in Holland.**

All of us have been in the habit of complaining of the lack of manufacturing in our city. Every body says, "stores we do not need they will and we are getting on ourselves like weeds, but give us a manufacturing interest. Let somebody build shops and factories

which will take the raw material so abundant here, put labor with it and make it bring money, and then we shall begin to grow and prosper; until then, our city will never amount to much."

We all remember the fable of the wagoner, stuck in the mud. Having great faith in the efficacy of prayer he fell upon his knees and begged lustily for help. His petition was answered by a command to put his own shoulder to the wheel, if he expected to get out of the mud.

A gentleman comes to us with recommendations, which entitle him to our confidence, and proposes to help start a furniture manufactory here, which will employ from 30 to 50 men constantly, and will convert the beech and maple timber our farmers are now cutting into cord wood and sending over the lake at prices which barely pay for the labor expended on it, into valuable furniture. It will make furniture bring money into our city, instead of taking it away as now.

Every chair, bedstead, table, and stool sold in Holland now is imported, and the cash they cost goes to build up outside interests.

And now comes the application. Holland must put her shoulder to the wheel and raise about \$8000 cash capital to accomplish this desirable object. Shall we stop praying and go to work? Shall measures be taken to organize a company and secure such a valuable addition to our manufacturing interest at once?

**Fourth of July Celebration.**

At a meeting of the School Directors of the neighboring towns for the purpose of considering the propriety of celebrating the 25th anniversary of the settlement of this colony, Mr. Neerken of Laketown was called to the chair, and G. J. Kollen was made Secretary. It was resolved that we celebrate on the 4th of July next said anniversary.

Resolved, that the woods of Van Duran Estate on the Zeeland road be the place designated to hold the celebration. The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to secure the grounds: T. Keppel, G. J. Kollen.

The following committee was appointed to procure speakers and to make the programme of the day: Dr. A. C. Van Raalte, Rev. C. Van der Veen, T. Keppel, Diepenhorst, Den Herder, J. Boers, Isaac Fairbanks, Neerken, A. Stegenga, Picard.

The following were appointed a committee to prepare the grounds and procure funds to pay expenses of said celebration: The Board of Trustees of the Union School of the city of Holland and the District Board of School Districts No. 3 and 4, of the township of Holland.

The committee to preserve order on that day: Michmanshuizen, J. Van Putten, D. Van Loo, A. Fairbanks and C. Lokker.

It was further resolved that Dr. Van Raalte give to the papers published in the colony a full statement, of the reason for this celebration.

Resolved that the minutes of this meeting shall be published.

The meeting adjourned to the 1st day of July.

G. J. KOLLEN, Secretary.

**Republican National Convention.**

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.—Shortly after the Committees had retired, speeches were made by Gerrit Smith, and Gov. Orr, of South Carolina. The latter referred to the slanders to which General Grant had been subjected, and compared his experience in this respect with that of Washington and Jackson. He eulogized the President, whose re-election he considered necessary. He sustained the Ku-Klux legislation, and claimed that the laws had been fairly and firmly executed.

Gov. Oglesby was called upon as the next Governor of Illinois. He advanced to the platform and paid a graceful compliment to Gerrit Smith, who he said had stood before the Convention to-day the impersonation of American dignity and benevolence. He eloquently eulogized Grant, and expressed his grief when a Senator from the noble State that rocked the early cradle of Liberty pronounced against him the insulting sentence that he had once been a tanner. (Cheers.) He eloquently sketched the President's history as a cadet, as a laboring man, as a soldier as a General, the savior of his country, and its President. He said Grant had been an enigma from his birth, and to-day he is purer, greater, and nobler still, than we have ever thought him. Speaking for Illinois, which gave the immortal Lincoln, [great cheers] he, Oglesby, desired to express the utmost confidence in General Grant's patriotism, good sense and purity. "We have perfect confidence in him," and will trust him four years longer, without a suspicion or doubt. [Great applause.]

GOV. HAWLEY.

There were then great cries for Gov.

Hawley, of Connecticut, who was brought forward amid the wildest cheering. He thanked the Convention for its kindness, but begged to be excused at this time from making any remarks.

**THE COLORED MEN.**  
Bruck, of California, asked that the colored race might be heard through one of its own members. [Applause.] Wm. H. Grey, of Arkansas, came to the platform—a medium-sized colored man, and genteel looking. He proceeded with some well-timed remarks, in clear and educated phrase, delivered in good style. He advocated the nomination of Grant, whose name was a tower of strength in the south, and the only name which the repentant rebels respect. [Great cheers.] The great problem to be worked out by the Republican party was not yet solved, nor its duties ended in the South. The colored people of the South are a unit for Grant. [Cheers.] He was afraid that if Horace Greeley, like Abraham of old, took Sarah instead of Hagar, the colored people could not afford to go for him. [Laughter and cheers.] He was afraid the old lady would have to hunt for water in the wilderness. [Laughter.] The colored people knew there was no chance for them outside of the Republican party. With all their ignorance, they are for Grant to-day, from Arkansas to the Gulf of Mexico. [Applause.]

June 6.—Mr. Flannigan, of Texas, called out Geo. W. Carter, of Texas, who led a rebel brigade. He wanted to hear from the ex-secession side of the House. [Cries of "Carter, Carter!"] Mr. Carter came to the platform and said he had been a Rebel, but was reconstructed when he came out of the war. He had learned that the will of the people must be respected. Referring to Greeley, he said the people of the South respected more a man who was firm to make them behave themselves. The Democrats would unite on Greeley at Baltimore, and he believed that Grant would get more Democratic votes in Louisiana, than Greeley. [Great cheers.]

Mr. Simpson, of Ala., being called upon, addressed the Convention, speaking in a strong German accent. He recited some of the cruelties of the Ku Klux, to illustrate the importance of legislation. In conclusion he predicted that Schurz could not muster a corporal's guard of Germans to follow his own political funeral.

Mr. Lynch, colored, Secretary of the State of Mississippi, being called out took the platform, and said the colored race was waiting anxiously to hear of the renomination of General Grant. Mr. Lynch continued at some length, and said the colored people of America were gravitating to the South, and argued their indisposability to the development of that section.

Mr. Storrs of Illinois, was called out. He said he represented in part the greatest carpet-bag State of the Union. There was only one man in the delegation who was born in the State. He eulogized the energy and enterprise of her people, and said if the carpet-bag tree produces such fruit, let's plant it all over the land.

The speaker was interrupted by impatient cries of "Time, time."

The Chairman restored order, and Mr. Storrs proceeded. He ridiculed the pretenses of Carl Schurz, who, he said, had failed miserably, both in war and in peace. He ignored him as his fellow-citizen, saying he was so no longer. He predicted the re-election of President Grant, as his own successor, by a larger majority than any candidate had ever got.

Able speeches were made by numerous other members.

**THE BALLOT.**  
The roll was called for the first ballot. As each State was called, the chairman of its delegation, in a few terse sentences announced it unanimously for Grant.

Each announcement was the signal for applause.  
Nebraska, announcing its vote, said: Nebraska gives six for the man who can tan and will tan the hide of Horace in the way of Democratic corruption and damnation.

When the roll of States had all been called, the Chairman announced that the unanimous vote of the Convention had been cast for U. S. Grant.

**THE VICE PRESIDENT.**  
Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, was nominated for Vice President, on the first ballot, receiving 884 votes, to 321 for Colfax.

**New Store! New Goods!**

AND

**New Prices!**

**J. VAN DEN BERGE,**

Has just opened, with a complete and well selected stock of

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery etc.**

Thinking the public for past favors, he will endeavor to make himself deserving of its continuance by selling good goods at the

**Very Lowest Price.**

**JAMES VAN DEN BERGE,**  
Eight St., Holland, Mich. 15-1.

**Mr. Joseph Specht**

a Hollander, to wait on customers at the Star Clothing House, Grand Rapids.

**J. S. Johnson**  
**DENTIST!**

Having been in constant practice East, for the past six years, he is confident that his experience will enable him to please all who may favor him with a call. Artificial teeth inserted that will not start or drop while eating, speaking or laughing; neither will particles of food or berry seeds get under the plates. Loose or poorly fitting plates made over by this process at a slight expense and a perfect guarantee. Teeth extracted without pain or injury to health by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. All my work will be warranted, and if any fails, it will be replaced *Free of Charge*. Office over Kroom's Hardware store. 8-1.

**House Moving!**

**WM. H. FINCH**

would respectfully inform the citizens of this city and vicinity that he is fully prepared to move any building, with entire new machinery, which may be required of him, at short notice. Families need not leave the building while moving. Give me a call.

13-1. W. H. FINCH.

**75 cents only for**

men's Cottonade Pants, at the Great One Price Store of Grand Rapids, Star Clothing House.

**FOR SALE.**

**THE UNDERSIGNED** will sell his House and Lot situated on Twelfth street. It is a very anty located, good new house. Terms made known by applying to the undersigned. Title guaranteed. **ANDREW THOMPSON.**  
Holland, April 27, 1872

**FOR SALE**, seven acres of land situated on Black Lake within the corporate limits of the city of Holland. On the place there are 600 bearing peach trees, about the same number of grapes of selected varieties, with all the other kinds of fruit, such as apples, pears, quinces, plums, cherries, currants, with 1/2 acre of strawberries, a good house, barn, well etc. on the premises. The above described property will be sold for part payments down the balance to suit purchaser, or will be exchanged for property of equal value. For particulars, inquire at the office of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS.  
Holland, May 4th, 1872.

**Notice.**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Common Council of the city of Holland, at their meeting, held on the 17th day of May, adopted the following resolution:

**RESOLVED:** That the Common Council of the city of Holland, agreeable to a certain petition of H. Walsh and others, and in accordance with title 6 of the amended and revised Charter, approved 1873, alter that part of Eighth street, between River street and Cedar street, by widening the same 16 feet, 8 feet to be added on each side. A meeting of the owners of the land, or real estate, their agents, or representatives, on both sides of said Eighth street, between River and Cedar streets, and the Common Council of the city of Holland, will be held at the Council Rooms, on Thursday, June 18th, 1872, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of taking such further measures as may be required by law for securing the right of way for the widening of said street.

By order of the Common Council of the city of Holland. **CHARLES F. POST, City Clerk.**

**Choice Cigars at**

H. Walsh's City Drug Store. 8-21.

Use Marsh's Cough Syrup, for coughs, colds etc. Price 35cts.

Use Dr. Benjamin's Cordial for children teething etc. Price 35cts.

**INSURE WITH THE OLD**

**"North America"**

**INS. Co. OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.**

(ESTABLISHED 1794.)

Why? Because it is the oldest Ins. Co. in the United States.

Because it was the first to pay its Holland losses in Ready Cash.

Because it has paid over \$25,000,000 losses.

Because it has a surplus (over and above its debts) of more than two Ins. Co's. in the United States.

Because it has a surplus of more than five times that of all the other Ins. Co's. in the city combined.

For proof, read the (Jan. 1872) Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of New York.

Policies issued at the Holland agency, as low as by any other responsible Company.

Do not waste your money with worthless insurance but insure with the old

**"NORTH AMERICA"**

**HEBER WALSH, agt.**

Holland, Mich.

**J. A. LEGGAT.**

**ASSISTANT ASSESSOR OF**

**Internal Revenue**

For Ottawa and Muskegon counties.

14-1. Office at Grand Haven, Mich.

**New Firm.**

The undersigned have for sale a large and complete assortment of new, first-class Furniture, also wall paper, window shades, carpets, oil cloths, feather beds and mattresses also coffins of the most approved style. Thankful for past favors, a share of public patronage is solicited.

14-1. **J. M. RIESDEMA & SON.**

**Holland Market.**

Corrected Weekly.

Flour.	\$9 0
Wheat, (white).	1 50
Corn.	50
Oats.	40
Barley, (per 100 lbs).	1 25
Buckwheat.	75
Middlings.	1 20
Brans.	1 00
Feed, (corn & oats mix'd, pr. ton).	25 00
Apples, (green, per bu.).	1 00
Apples, (dried, per lb.).	11
Butter.	13
Eggs.	12
Beans.	1 25
Potatoes.	1 15
Hay.	16 00
Hay, (green).	15
Leather, (harness).	25
Leather, (calf).	1 00
Leather, (kip).	1 00
Leather, (split, No. 1).	50
Bark, (hemlock, per cord).	4 00
Cord-wood, (beech).	3 00
Cord-wood, (maple).	2 50

**\$3.00 buys a good suit**

for little boys Star Clothing House, Grand Rapids.

**Masonic Notice.**

There will be a special communication of Unity Lodge of F. & A. M. on Wednesday evening June 12, at their Hall in this city for the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting. It is hoped that every member may be present.

By order of W. M.

**Save Your Ashes**

**MICHAEL MOHR,**

Manufacturer of

**SOAPS AND POTASH,**

At the foot of Market St., Holland, Mich.

Farmers and others will find it to their advantage to save their ashes, for which I will give them hard or soft soap as may be desired, at prices as low as can be had in this city.

**SOAP GREASE**

also wanted in exchange for soaps,

Call and see me at my Manufactory, foot of Market St., Holland, Mich.

9-1.

**R. K. HEALD'S**

**Agricul'l Works**

MANUFACTURER OF

**Farming Tools,**

Agent for the Celebrated Mowing and Reaping Machines:

**THE CHAMPION Improved, with**

**of Rake.**

**THE RUSSELL MOWER & REAPER**

**Improved.**

**THE AETNA MOWER & REAPER**

**THE WILBER EUREKA, Direct**

**Draft.**

**THE BUCKEYE MOWER & REAPER**

Call and see Samples.

We also have the **ITHICA WHEEL**

**RAKE,**

of which, over twenty were sold in the Colony last year, the best in the market. Other machines furnished on short notice. Particular attention will be given to

**Plows, Cultivators, Harrows**

**ETC.**

At the old place opposite City Hall.

With thanks for past favors I have hopes for the future.

Holland, Mich. 6-1.

**O. M. DUNHAM,**

General Dealer in

**Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty,**

**WALL PAPER & C.**

A full stock always on hand.

**VARNISHES,**

**Paint & Whitewash.**

**BRUSHES,**

**Doors and Windows**

of all varieties and sizes furnished to order at

**LOWEST CASH PRICES.**

**PAINTING,**

**GLAZING,**

**GRAINING,**

**KALSOMINING**

**AND PAPER HANGING**

neatly done.

**JOBGING IN THE CITY**

solicited, and promptly attended to.

A specialty made in Glass and Windows.

Store and Shop Corner River and Ninth Streets.

Holland, March 26th. 6-1.

**PHOTOGRAPHS**

The undersigned would respectfully inform his old customers that he is again ready to take

**Photographs & Gems**

In all the various styles and sizes.

Particular attention given to secure a

**Perfect Likeness**

—OF—

**OLD & YOUNG.**

**New Chemicals,**

**New Light,**

**New Room.**

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Thankful for past favors, he is now ready to receive visitors at his New Gallery, on Eighth street, between Market and River streets.

6-1. **GEORGE LAUDER, Artist.**

**STEKETEE & KIM'S**

**MEDICINES**

are on sale at my store, consisting of

**KIM'S AGUE CURE,**

**KIM'S ANTI-BILIOUS ROOT,**

**AND PLANT PILLS.**

**Kim's Holland Worm Cakes**

**S. & KIM'S Holland Stomach Bitters**

The above named Medicines can, at all times be had at my store.

None can equal Kim's Medicines. Try them

Holland, Mich. March 26th. 6-1.

**DE VRIES & BRO.**

Have just opened a Large and well Selected

Stock of

**DRY GOODS,**

**GROCERIES,**

**CROCKERY,**

**HATS & CAPS**

which they are offering at prices that defy competition.

Also a complete Stock of

**FLOUR & FEED**



## Daring Aeronaut—A Man with Steel Nerves.

Young Donaldson, who made a balloon ascension at Reading, Pa., on the 30th of August last, and performed a series of trapeze feats when a mile or more from the ground, repeating his thrilling performance in Norfolk on Monday last. There was no basket to the balloon, but its place was supplied by a trapeze similar to those used by circus performers, and above the trapeze was placed a hoop, secured to be used by the aerial voyager when he encountered the cold current.

The Norfolk Journal in describing the ascension says that when the balloon was released from its moorings and reached a great altitude, Donaldson suddenly, and apparently with little effort, threw himself into a sitting posture on the bar, kissing his hand to the crowd below. Suddenly pretending to lose his balance he fell backwards, sliding head downwards until he caught by his toes on the side ropes that suspended the trapeze bar. In this perilous position he swung to and fro for several seconds—a time which seemed an age to the awe-stricken crowd below.

Throwing himself back in his seat on the bar, the aeronaut sat astride the same. Then began a series of gymnastic evolutions—balancing himself on his back, turning over and over and "skinning the cat," by the side ropes, etc. Upwards gradually and steadily rose the balloon, cleaving the air like a mighty bird. When the balloon was a mere speck in the distance, invisible to the naked eye, and almost through powerful telescopes, the man with nerves of steel and the heart of a lion repeated his daring trapeze feat of hanging head downwards suspended by his toes. Such a scene was never before witnessed in Norfolk, and seldom anywhere in the world. The description of such a scene reads like a romance, but the reality far surpasses the most vivid power of word painting, and we desist from the vain effort to depict it. When the aerial ship had reached an altitude of half a mile, and had struck the colder current of air, the aeronaut was observed to climb up to the hoop, and get his suit of thick clothes. Descending to the bar he dressed himself, and then resumed the gymnastic display—exercising himself to keep warm.

DR. LIVINGSTONE.—We thought we had this ubiquitous and many-lived traveller safe at last, when the news was flashed across the wires that he was in safety at Zanzibar. Alas! again we are doomed to disappointment. He is as far from Zanzibar as from London, and is still in the hands of the natives, who are occupying to inventive minds for months to come. He can yet die of fever, be murdered by hostile savages, die of the cholera, and lose his papers and observation a dozen times, at least, before he can reach that haven of safety. It is said that Stanley is with him. Would it not be well to start Stanley on a round of accidents and other misfortunes? It will lend a novel to the business, which is becoming somewhat tiresome in connection with the long-lost, lately-found doctor. If something conclusive of Livingstone's existence be not given, and we have not something more reliable regarding Stanley, we shall begin to look upon them as a pair of Mrs. Harrises, and shall lose all interest in them. This "now you see them, and now you don't," has too much of that game wherein the believer is always the victim to prove a source of perpetual enjoyment to the public. Produce Livingstone or Stanley; or, if that be impossible, let us at least have the Arab who brought the intelligence to Zanzibar that Livingstone was at Ujiji. We are growing desperate.—Boston Globe.

AN OMISSION AS AN OMISSION.—It is a matter of regret that just exactly how much Horace Greeley knows about farming, there are other questions, however, hardly so doubtful in their nature, one of which is: How much does England know about this country? A late number of the London Standard says that "the political campaign just opened in the United States, has caused hundreds of street riots. Men and women have been shot down for their political sentiments, and a reign of violence and bloodshed has been inaugurated which we pray England may never see." An exchange imagines that if the Standard could only have a photograph of Dr. Greeley sitting down scrubbing his little hatchet at Chappaqua, and the logs for miles around covered with politicians waiting to interview him, its statements would have assumed a rather different coloring.

## Unearthing a Dead Miser's Hoard.

A Mr. Gilchrist, who lives near Como Miss., luckily fell into a fortune lately, in a romantic sort of way. His windfall, however, may be legally claimed from him by the heirs of one Satterwhite. The old Satterwhite, who was a miser and died in a lunatic asylum, lived in a long shanty, which formed the kitchen to Mr. Gilchrist's house. It was built forty years ago, and occupied by Satterwhite, and it is said by some of the old citizens who remember him that it was one of the idiosyncracies of his constitution to conceal his money by hiding it about the walls, or in the cracks, or other out of the way places, and that in 1846 he became so much deranged that his friends carried him back to South Carolina, and that they believed there was a large sum of money concealed about the premises, with valuable papers, by Satterwhite, as a portion of his money was missing; but the matter passed off and nothing has been said about the fact, as Satterwhite died without revealing anything in connection with the lost treasure. Last week Mr. Gilchrist, while tearing down the old kitchen, found an immense pile of money under the hearth—there is no telling how much. John H. White, of Memphis, is a grandson of the old miser, and is taking steps toward the recovery of the property.

A MEXICAN BREAKFAST.—I could not help comparing the simple breakfast furnished by the coarse cookery of some Indian villagers, with one at which I was present a few days before at Tacubaya, on the gentle declivities which overlook the city from the west. A Scottish merchant invited a large party, including several ladies, to a breakfast on the Barron estate, a fine country seat, kept in the most scrupulous order, although no one ventures to live there or even to pass the night, on account of the frequent robberies which are committed in the neighborhood. The founder of the Barron family was from Ireland, and is said to have made his immense wealth by trade, not without the suspicion of having benefited the community in the way approved by Jeremy Bentham—that is to say by redressing the rigors of a tyrannical system of revenue laws. However this might be, the mansion on the estate is a palace, and the grounds, with their shady walks and fragrant blossoming thickets, and smooth lawns, and groups of trees laden with tropical fruits, and little streams traversing the ever-verdant groves, and sheets of water reflecting beds of roses in bloom, is one of the most beautiful spots that I can imagine. We were on the ground at 11 o'clock, and the breakfast was to begin not far from that time, but one or two of the guests, the most distinguished, were late in arriving, and we did not sit down till nearly one. But the breakfast—if I were to describe it I could hardly do better than to borrow the words of Milton in "Paradise Regained," in which he gives the bill of fare provided by the Tempter in the wilderness. It was too sumptuous and exquisite to be soon over—and when we rose from the table, the rain, a most usual circumstance at this season of year was howling in the roof. A long, however, the clouds dispersed, the air was clearer for the shower, and the volcano of Popocatepetl, which in the winter is generally concealed from sight by the haze, showed its white summit in the bright sunshine of mid-heaven. Then there were the grounds to look at again, the bowling alley to visit, where the ladies distinguished themselves by their address in knocking down the pins, and thus the short space between the breakfast and the hour of sunset was passed. Suddenly toward sunset we saw the attendants busy in packing up the plate and china in order to take them back to the city, and we all got into our carriages again to return from the breakfast which might be almost said to have taken up the whole day.—Mr. Bryant's Letters from Mexico.

A Methodist church has been so located on the dividing line between Ohio and Pennsylvania that the preacher stands in Ohio and addresses an audience seated in Pennsylvania. While his hearers are in one State he stands in another State discoursing on the future state.

A gentleman, in noticing some instances in the education of children, said he knew of a woman who used to tie her boy to the bedpost on Sunday, while she went to church, and made him learn the hymn beginning, "Thine earthly Sabbaths, Lord, we love."

A Chinese newspaper has entered upon its two-thousandth volume. It has lost all its original subscribers.

## Ready Again!

AT THE STORE OF  
**H. MEENGs,**  
On River St., nearly opposite the  
Grand Hotel Office, where all  
kinds of choice

**Family Groceries**  
**Crockery,**  
**GLASS-WARE,**  
**ETC., ETC.**

may be found  
**Yankee Notions,**  
**FLOUR & FEED**  
at all times.  
**VEGETABLES,**

In their seasons, at lowest prices.  
Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs & Vegetables  
1-1 River St., Holland, Mich.

## THE NEWS

**JOB**  
**ROOMS**

—ARE—  
**UNEQUALED**

IN EXTENT AND FACILITIES

BY ANY

## Printing House

—IN—  
**WESTERN MICHIGAN!**

**EVERY VARIETY**

**PRINTING**

**EXECUTED PROMPTLY**

**AND AT**

**Reasonable Prices**

Harrington's Block, Holland.

## School Directory.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.  
DR. B. LEBERSON, Moderator  
C. DOERBING, Director  
REV. R. PIETERS, Assessor  
REV. R. PIETERS, Prof. Scott, I. CAPON.

TEACHERS.  
Supt. and Teacher of High School, L. C. Miller  
Grammar School Dept., (female) Mrs. Vanolinda  
Higher Inter. " Miss J. Pennoyer  
Lower " Miss R. Lebeboer  
Primary " Miss M. Decker  
Grammar School Dept., (male) Miss E. Allen  
Higher Inter. " Miss C. Pennoyer  
Lower " Miss L. Fisher  
Primary " Miss M. Kroon  
Spring Term commences 3d Monday in April.

## Hope College Directory.

INSTRUCTORS.  
Rev. PHILIP PHELPS, D. D., President  
THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.  
Rev. CORNELIUS E. CRISP, D. D., Prof. of Didactic and Polemic Theology.  
Rev. T. ROMEYN BECK, Synodical Instructor in Hebrew and Greek Languages and Biblical Criticism.  
Rev. CHARLES SCOTT, Synodical Instructor in Church History and Government.  
Rev. ROELOF PIETERS, Teacher in Exegetical Theology.  
Rev. CHRISTIAN VAN DER VEEN, Teacher in Sacred Rhetoric.  
ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.  
Rev. T. ROMEYN BECK, A. M., Prof. Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.  
Rev. CHARLES SCOTT, A. M., Prof. Chemistry and Natural History.  
Rev. C. E. CRISP, D. D., Prof. Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Astronomy.  
Rev. ABEL T. STEWART, A. M., Acting Instructor in Mental and Moral Philosophy.  
CORNELIUS DOERBING, Tutor in Modern Languages.  
WILLIAM A. SHIELDS, A. M., Assistant Prof. Rhetoric and English Literature.  
Rev. PETER MOERDYK, A. M., Assistant Prof. Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.  
G. J. KOLLEN, A. M., Tutor in Mathematics.  
PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.  
CORNELIUS DOERBING, Tutor in Modern Languages.  
WILLIAM A. SHIELDS, Tutor in Rhetoric.  
Rev. PETER MOERDYK, Tutor in Latin and Greek.  
The present Term began Jan. 26th, and ends April 24, 1872.

## THE STEAMER Fanny Shriver,

Will make regular trips during the season of Navigation for 1872, between  
**HOLLAND & SAUGATUCK**

—FOR—  
**Passengers and Freight,**

Leaving Holland every morning at 11 o'clock, after the arrival of the Allegan train, (Sunday excepted), connecting at Saugatuck with the steamer for Chicago. Returning, leave Saugatuck in time to connect with the trains going to Grand Rapids, Chicago, Grand Haven, Muskegon, Whitehall and Pentwater. The traveling public will find this route to be pleasant, and very agreeable, as it only takes one hour and forty minutes to make the run over, with the Shriver.

NEW STAND!! NEW FIRM!!

**TEROLLER & LABOTS,**

Dealers in

**Dry Goods, Groceries and CROCKERY.**

Broadcloths and Cassimeres

on hand, and Clothing made to order.

Corner of Ninth and Market Streets, Holland.

**TE ROLLER & LABOTS,**

Dealers in Groceries, at same place.

12-1.

## HARD-WARE

**VAN LANDEGEND & TER HAAR,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**Cooking & Parlor**

**STOVES**

**HARD-WARE,**

**NAILS,**

**GLASS ETC.**

Manufacturers of

**COPPER,**

**TIN AND**

**SHEET IRON-WARE.**

**GA. AND STEAM**

**FITTERS.**

**LEAD AND IRON PIPES,**

**TIN AND SLATE ROOFING,**

**PORTABLE AND STATIONARY**

**Hot Air Furnaces**

**Drive Wells and Pumps**

Of all kinds constantly on hand.

All kinds of Repairing done at short notice

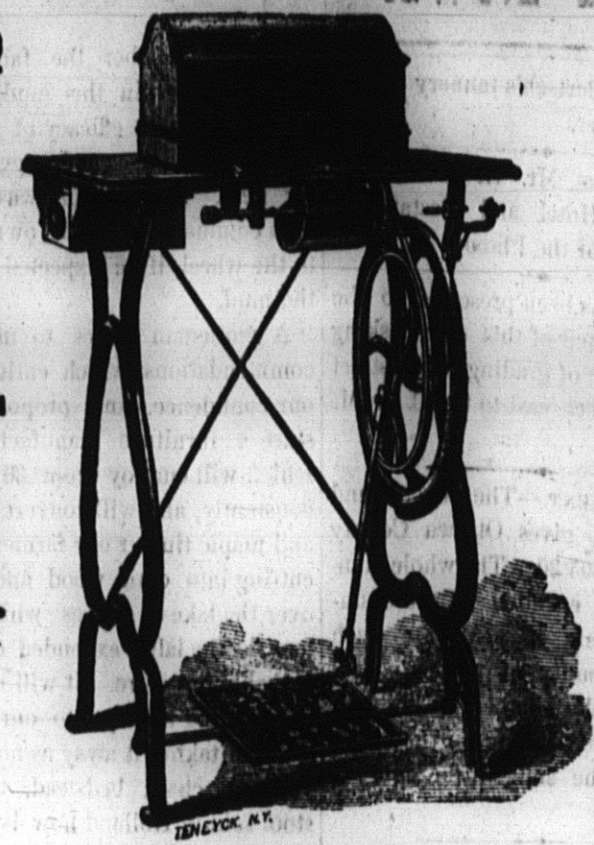
1-1.

8th St., Holland, Mich.

## THE ORIGINAL, CELEBRATED

**"ELLAS HOWE"**

Come and see it,  
Sit down and try it;



Trial is the test,  
Success the proof.

IMPROVED

**LOCK STITCH**

## SEWING MACHINE

You need not pay the whole cost of the Machine in Cash; we take \$10.00 down, and the balance in Monthly Installments.

**J. S. HARDING, Special Agent,**

**HOLLAND, MICH.**

## CITY DRY GOODS STORE!

**D. BERTSCH**

Opened the first stock of

**FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS**

NOTIONS, HATS, CAPS, GENTS'

**Furnishing Goods**

Etc., Etc.

Brought to Holland after the great fire. These goods he will sell at

**GRAND RAPIDS PRICES.**

CALL AT HIS

**NEW STORE,**

Corner of Market and Eighth Streets, Holland, Mich.

**M. H. HOWELL,**

**CARPENTER AND PAINTER,**

Jobs in Town or Country Solicited.

**Furniture Repaired, Stained and Varished.**

**KITCHEN TABLES,**

**STANDS,**

**CUPBOARDS,**

**WHAT-NOTS,**

**AND BRACKETS**

Made to order. Shop on Main St., East side of C. & M. L. S. R. R.

1-1.

**Variety and Jewelry Store!**

**JOSLIN & BREYMAN,**

Have on hand a constantly replenished, carefully selected and ever fresh stock of

**CLOCKS,**

**WATCHES,**

**JEWELRY,**

**TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,**

**FANCY TOYS**

**STATIONERY**

**AND ALL THE LATEST**

**AND FANCY GOODS**

**ETC.**

Call on us and you may be sure the appearance, price and quality of our Goods will suit you. We are ready to repair.

**WATCHES, CLOCKS OR JEWELRY**

In a Thoroughly Satisfactory Manner.

**JOSLIN & BREYMAN,**

Cor. 8th and Market St., Holland, Mich.

1-1.

## New Rail Road to Town

**FREIGHTS REDUCED**

**GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER,**

**BURNED OUT but not DESTROYED.**

I have re-built at my old stand and am ready to supply my Customers with as complete an assortment of

**BOOTS, SHOES AND FINDINGS**

As can be found in Western Michigan.

**A FULL LINE OF**

**CUSTOM MADE**

**WORK**

**ALWAYS ON HAND.**

The most competent Workmen constantly Employed. All work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Particular Attention paid to Repairing

**E. HEROLD,**

8th St. Holland, Mich.

1-1.

**New Store! New Goods!!**

**P. & A. STEKETEE**

Have opened a large and well selected Stock of

**DRY GOODS,**

**GROCERIES,**

**CROCKERY,**

**GLASS-WARE,**

**HATS AND CAPS,**

**BOOTS & SHOES**

**ETC., ETC.**

—in the—

**Brick Store**

**E. J. HARRINGTON**

where may be found at all times, at

**Wholesale or Retail.**

Goods of the Best Quality and at Lowest

**CASH PRICES.**

Remember the place and call Early