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Holland City News, Volume 1, Number 5: March 23, 1872

Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. I.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1872.

NO.

THE HOLLAND CITY NEWS,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING AT
HOLLAND, OTTAWA CO., MICH.
BY S. L. MORRIS.
Terms—\$2.00 Per Year.
Office in Harrington's Block, 8th St.

Business Directory.

Cards in this column, of three lines or less, \$2.00 per year. Each additional line 50c.

ALING, J. Bakery, Confectionery, and Provision, Cor. 7th and River Sts.

ANNIS, T. E. Physician. Residence S. W. Cor. Public Square.

BUONE, H. Livery and Sale Stable Market St.

BAKERS, J. O. Manufacturer of and Dealer in Boot and Shoes, 8th St.

BEITSCH, DANIEL, General Dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc., 8th St.

BRANDT, C. Restaurant. Warm meals at all hours. Choice Wines and Liquors. Eighth St.

BENJAMIN, W. W. Publisher of the Holland City News, all kinds of printing done neatly, and at low figures, 8th St.

LOETINGH, A. Book Binder and Dealer in Books and Stationery, River St.

DE JONG, H. Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour and Feed, 8th St.

DEVRIES, U. Dealer in Harness, Trunks, Satchels, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc., 8th St.

DIKEMA, & BROS. Wagon and Blacksmith Shop, Horse Shoeing and all kinds of Repairing done, River St.

DURSEMA & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed, River St.

DUNLAP, F. W., Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office with E. J. Harrington, in Harrington's Block, Holland Mich.

FLANAGAN, J. Wagon and Blacksmith Shop, Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done, Cash paid for Furs.

HEROLD, E. Manufacturer of and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc., 8th St.

HARRINGTON, E. J., Notary Public, Collects Accounts, also Dealer in Lath Plaster and Lime. Office on 8th St.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of Pumps, Agricultural Implements, and Commission Agent for Moving Machines, Cor. 10th & River Sts.

HOWARD, M. J., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public, River St.

JACOBUSSEN & BROS., Plain and Ornamental Plastering, All orders promptly attended to. Call at Residence, Cor. 15th & Maple Sts.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, Dealers in Fancy Goods and Crockery, Cor. 8th & Market Sts.

KANTERS R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; Office at his Residence on 8th St.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines, 8th St.

KANTERS, L. T. & CO., Dealers in Stationery, Books, Toys, Notions and Candles, Agents for Roofing, 8th St.

KRAKER & CO., Dealers in Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and Vegetables, River St.

KROON, G. J., Dealer in Hardware, Stoves and Farming Implements, 8th St.

KEYNON, NATHAN, Banking and Collection. Drafts bought and sold. Office 4th St.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician, 9th St.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office with M. B. Howard, Cor. 8th & River Sts.

POWERS, T. D., Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on 11th St.

PLUGGER MILLS, Panels, VanPutten & Co., Manufacturers of and Dealers in Lumber and Flour.

PACKARD & WOODHAMS, Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Musical Instruments and Sheet Music, River St.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Collections made in Holland and vicinity, N. E. Cor. 8th and River Sts.

RUYER, JAMES, Proprietor of the Phoenix Hotel, 9th St. near C. & M. L. S. R. Depot.

SPRIETMA & SON, Manufacturers of and Dealers in Boots, Shoes and Findings, 8th St.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll Sawing and Moulding. River St.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.

VANDER VEEN, H., Dealer in General Hardware, Cor. River & 8th Sts.

VAN PUTTEN, WM., Dealer in Paints, Oils, Drugs, Medicines, etc., 8th St.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and Vegetables, 8th St.

VORST, C., Publisher of the Wachter, Organ of the "Ware Holland Ger. Church."

VAN LANDUYK & TER HAAR, Dealers in Hardware, Tinware and Farming Implements, 8th St.

VADPERS, H., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips, 8th St.

WEYMAN & KRUIDENIER, House Painters, Glaziers and Paper Hangers, over Vauwer's Store, 8th St.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist. A full stock of all goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, Insurance and Real Estate Office, 8th St.

WYNN, C. B., Watchmaker at J. Alber's, 8th St. All Work neatly done and Warranted.

WISSE, C. M., Attorney and Counselor at Law Office at his Residence, 8th St., East.

Railroads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R.

GOING NORTH.				GOING SOUTH.			
Night Ex.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Ex.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.
8:00	8:15	Chicago.	8:07	8:00	8:15	Chicago.	8:07
11:35	8:55	New Buffalo.	8:05	8:00	8:15	New Buffalo.	8:07
1:00	9:00	Gr. Junction.	12:00	11:47	9:00	Gr. Junction.	12:00
4:45	1:10	Pennsville.	11:17	11:00	1:10	Pennsville.	11:17
5:00	1:25	Manlius.	11:05	10:50	1:25	Manlius.	11:05
5:10	1:35	Richmond.	10:50	10:50	1:35	Richmond.	10:50
5:20	1:45	E. Raagsauck.	10:45	10:45	1:45	E. Raagsauck.	10:45
5:30	1:55	Holland.	10:40	10:40	1:55	Holland.	10:40
5:40	2:05	New Holland.	10:35	10:35	2:05	New Holland.	10:35
5:50	2:15	Oliver.	10:30	10:30	2:15	Oliver.	10:30
6:00	2:25	Robinson.	10:25	10:25	2:25	Robinson.	10:25
6:10	2:35	Spoonville.	10:20	10:20	2:35	Spoonville.	10:20
6:20	2:45	Nauvau.	10:15	10:15	2:45	Nauvau.	10:15
6:30	2:55	Fruitport.	10:10	10:10	2:55	Fruitport.	10:10
6:40	3:05	Nauvau.	10:05	10:05	3:05	Nauvau.	10:05
6:50	3:15	Westport.	10:00	10:00	3:15	Westport.	10:00
7:00	3:25	Westport.	9:55	9:55	3:25	Westport.	9:55
7:10	3:35	Westport.	9:50	9:50	3:35	Westport.	9:50
7:20	3:45	Westport.	9:45	9:45	3:45	Westport.	9:45
7:30	3:55	Westport.	9:40	9:40	3:55	Westport.	9:40
7:40	4:05	Westport.	9:35	9:35	4:05	Westport.	9:35

Grand Rapids & Holland R. R.

GOING NORTH.				GOING SOUTH.			
Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.
8:00	8:15	Holland.	8:07	8:00	8:15	Holland.	8:07
8:25	8:40	Zeland.	8:25	8:25	8:40	Zeland.	8:25
8:50	9:05	Vriesland.	8:50	9:05	9:20	Vriesland.	8:50
9:15	9:30	Hudson.	9:15	9:30	9:45	Hudson.	9:15
9:40	9:55	Jennison.	9:40	9:55	10:10	Jennison.	9:40
10:05	10:20	Grandville.	10:05	10:20	10:35	Grandville.	10:05
10:30	10:45	Gr. Rapids.	10:30	10:45	11:00	Gr. Rapids.	10:30

Cincinnati, Richmond & Ft. Wayne R. R.

Going North.				Going South.			
No. 1.	No. 2.	STATIONS.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	STATIONS.	No. 6.
7:00	7:15	Port Wayne.	7:00	7:15	7:30	Port Wayne.	7:00
7:25	7:40	Decatur.	7:25	7:40	7:55	Decatur.	7:25
7:40	7:55	Portland.	7:40	7:55	8:10	Portland.	7:40
7:55	8:10	Ridgeville.	7:55	8:10	8:25	Ridgeville.	7:55
8:10	8:25	Winchester.	8:10	8:25	8:40	Winchester.	8:10
8:25	8:40	Richmond.	8:25	8:40	8:55	Richmond.	8:25

Mich. Lake Shore R. R.

Going North.				Going South.			
No. 1.	No. 2.	STATIONS.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	STATIONS.	No. 6.
7:00	7:15	Muskegon.	7:00	7:15	7:30	Muskegon.	7:00
7:25	7:40	Grand Haven.	7:25	7:40	7:55	Grand Haven.	7:25
7:40	7:55	Holland.	7:40	7:55	8:10	Holland.	7:40
7:55	8:10	Allegan.	7:55	8:10	8:25	Allegan.	7:55
8:10	8:25	Monticello.	8:10	8:25	8:40	Monticello.	8:10
8:25	8:40	Kalamazoo.	8:25	8:40	8:55	Kalamazoo.	8:25
8:40	8:55	Kalamazoo.	8:40	8:55	9:10	Kalamazoo.	8:40
8:55	9:10	Mendon.	8:55	9:10	9:25	Mendon.	8:55
9:10	9:25	Sturgis.	9:10	9:25	9:40	Sturgis.	9:10
9:25	9:40	Kendallville.	9:25	9:40	9:55	Kendallville.	9:25
9:40	9:55	Fort Wayne.	9:40	9:55	10:10	Fort Wayne.	9:40

Mails Arrive.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 10 10 a. m.

Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 5 01 p. m.

Grand Rapids & Holland R. R. 10 00 a. m.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 2 23 p. m.

Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 10 19 a. m.

SAUGATUCK.

By Stage Daily 4 45 p. m.

VENTURA.

By Stage Wednesday and Saturday 2 00 p. m.

Mails Close.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 2 00 p. m.

Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 10 15 a. m.

Grand Rapids & Holland R. R. 10 15 a. m.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 10 16 a. m.

Mich. Lake Shore R. R. 4 40 p. m.

SAUGATUCK.

Daily at 10 00 a. m.

VENTURA.

Wednesday and Saturday at 2 30 p. m.

Post office open daily except Sunday from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.

W. VAN DER VEEN, P. M.

Hope College Directory.

INSTRUCTORS.

Rev. PHILIP PHELPS, D. D., President.

THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Rev. CORNELIUS E. CRISPELL, D. D. Prof. of

Hebrew and Greek Languages and Biblical

Criticism.

Rev. CHARLES SCOTT, Synodical Instructor

in Church History and Government.

Rev. ROELOF PIETERS, Teacher in Exegetical

Theology.

Rev. CHRISTIAN VAN DER VEEN, Teacher

in Sacred Rhetoric.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Rev. T. ROMEYN BECK, A. M., Prof. Latin

and Greek Languages and Literature.

Rev. CHARLES SCOTT, A. M., Prof. Clematis

and Natural History.

Rev. C. E. CRISPELL, D. D., Prof. Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Astronomy.

Rev. ABEL T. STEWART, A. M., Acting Instructor in Mental and Moral Philosophy.

Wealth Against Education.

"This is the last of \$10,000 left me by a fond and devoted father—all spent in liquor and other dissipation," was written on a ten dollar bill which found its way into a New England bank not long since.

I do not know, but presume this was one of those cases where money is hoarded by "fond and devoted parents" for their children, to the neglect of their education. Such examples are numerous, and if I can arrest the attention of that class of fathers and mothers who are toiling to accumulate wealth for their children, I will raise the inquiry, what are you doing for the education of these children?

That you feel interested in your children, I do not wonder; they bear your image and your blood flows in their veins. That you feel anxious for their future welfare is equally natural and proper. But the danger is that you will misjudge as to what will constitute the security and future good of your children. What then would you bequeath to them, when called to leave them to work their way in this selfish world? Would you give them wealth? If you will look around you, and trace the history of families that come under your observation, you will find that, in nine cases out of ten those children who have been reared under the influence of money, and have inherited a fortune accumulated by miserly parents, have been injured, if not ruined by it. While on the other hand, it will be found equally true, in a large majority of cases, that those children which have withstood the temptations and overcome the difficulties of life, and come up to an honorable manhood and womanhood, have been trained in the school of poverty. Who are the men and women in our nation who to-day stand foremost in every department of industry, lead in every enterprise, and whose energy and power are felt more than others in controlling the destiny of Church and State? Were they not once in straightened circumstances? What, then, is our inference? That poverty is preferable to wealth? Should we discourage industry and economy? May I say to parents you must not accumulate property? By no means. Money may be so employed as to benefit your children in the present and in the future.

But I do say to you, if you have the future of your children at heart, you should train them to habits of industry and self-reliance. No greater calamity can befall a child than to be reared in indolence and in the free use of money. Such children are already in the school of vice and crime, and only a few years will be necessary to prepare them to write on their last ten dollar bill, "This is the last of \$10,000, all spent in liquor and other dissipation." Give your children something profitable to occupy their days; something safe and interesting to employ their evenings. Make their home pleasant, and thus hold them from the corrupting influence of the street, the saloon and the bar-room.

Finally, spare no pains nor money necessary to secure your children a thorough practical education. At this age of the world they must have this culture, to be qualified to act well their part in life.

I hear one of you say, "I was obliged to work so hard when I was a boy, I mean to leave my children in more independent circumstances." If you mean by leaving them—money alone, you make a great mistake. If you mean by cultivating in them habits of virtue, integrity, industry and self-reliance, and withal, by securing to them a thorough, practical education, you are not only kind, as parents should be toward their children, but wise in the highest degree. Children thus trained can safely be entrusted with money in their riper years, whether inherited or earned.

But it is too often the case that parents are so engrossed in their business, in the pursuit of wealth, that they neglect the early education of their children. Schools are maintained by law, it may be, but they are schools only in name. Entirely neglected by parents, they are

managed and taught by incompetent masters, scholars become irregular in their attendance, and uninterested in their studies, and hence no good results are realized.

All this is wrong and ruinous. Home and school education for your children should first occupy your attention and employ your substance. Spare no pains nor money to make this thorough and extensive, adapting the culture of each child to his peculiar taste and ability to fill some position of honor in life. Bequeath to your children character, culture and intelligence, and it makes little difference whether you leave them wealth or poverty, as these things are generally understood.—Household.

To Cure a Temper.

The editor of the Utica Herald says: "My wife had cut an item from the columns of some paper wherein a demented writer told about some impossible woman who, being troubled with a bad temper, counted twenty-five every time she got provoked, and thus became a sweet, amiable, and dearly loved ornament of the house of her delighted husband. I read the article, and remarked, 'Bosh.' Maria paid no attention to me, but unfolded her plan. She said every time I got mad I should count twenty-five, and every time she got mad she would count twenty-five. I asked who she thought would pay our rent while we sat and counted twenty-five over and over all day long. Then she said I was always raising objections to her plans for our mutual improvement, and I said I was not, and she said I was enough to try the patience of a saint, and I said she was too, and she came for me, and I told her to count twenty-five; but she forgot all about that, and just tallied one in my left eye.

Then I was going to remonstrate with the poker, and she told me to count twenty-five, and I said I would not; but I did before she had pulled more than half my hair out. Then she made me count twenty-five over and over until I was out of breath and felt real pleasant and good-natured. So we went to supper. Now, the cat was curled up in my chair, but I did not see it until I sat down; and I did not see it then, but I was pretty sure it was there, in fact I knew it was there as well as I wanted to, more, too. I felt inclined to rise up suddenly, but as I gathered to spring she brandished the teapot and murmured: 'Joshua, your temper is rising; count twenty-five, or I'll break your head,' and that cat was drawing a map of the Tenth ward with her claws upon me with the streets and boundaries marked in my blood I rose to explain, and said, 'My dear I—' but she caromed on my head with a well-shot tea cup, and sprinkled my face with a quart of hot tea, and I sat down and counted twenty-five; but it killed the cat. The old fellow died hard, though I could feel him settle as his nine lives went out one by one.

A few days' practice of this rule, under the loving instruction of Maria, has enabled me to conquer my temper completely. Nobody can get me mad now; I am in a state of perpetual calm, and I want to see the man who wrote that story. I want to fit him for the hands of an undertaker, and make a demand for mourning goods among his friends. Then I can die happy—counting twenty-five.

A LABOR SAVING AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT.—Some wags were walking around an agricultural implement store, and they chanced to see in the rear, a dressed hog hanging by a hook to the wall. "Ha! ha! ha!" cried they to a young man in attendance, "what sort of an agricultural implement do you call that?" "That," said he, "is a patent combined root-grubber, corn-sheller, apple grinder, gate-lifter, double-action, back-spring, wood-plow; but I guess you won't want one, for it takes a mighty smart man to manage 'em."

Happy Colorado! financially so well to do that the Legislature before adjourning passed a law providing that no tax whatever shall be levied for 1872, and only one and a half mills per cent. for 1873.

Things to be Remembered.

Edward Everett became overheated in testifying in a court room, went to Faneuil Hall, which was cold, sat in a draught of air until his turn came to speak. "But my hands and feet were ice, my lungs on fire. In this condition I had to spend three hours in the court room." He died in less than a week from thus checking the perspiration. It was enough to kill any man.

Professor Mitchell, while in a state of perspiration in yellow fever, the certain sign of recovery, left his bed, went into another room, became chilled in a moment and died the same night. If, while perspiring or warmer than usual from exercise, or in a heated room, there is a sudden exposure to chill air or raw, damp atmosphere, or a draught, whether at a window or door, or street corner, an inevitable result is a violent and instantaneous closing of the pores of the skin, by which the waste and impure matter, which was making its way out of the system, is compelled to seek an exit through some weaker part. To illustrate: A lady was about getting into a small boat to cross the Delaware, but wishing first to get an orange, she ran to the bank of the river, and on return to the boat, found herself much heated, for it was summer, but there was a little wind on the water and her clothes soon felt cold, which produced a cold which settled on her lungs, and within the year she died of consumption.

A Boston ship owner, while on the deck of one of his vessels, thought he would lend a hand in some emergency, and pulled off his coat, worked with a will until he perspired freely, when he sat down to rest a while, enjoying the delicious breeze from the sea. On attempting to rise he found himself unable, and was so stiff in his joints that he had to be carried home and put to bed, which he did not leave until the end of two months; when he was barely able to hobble down to the wharf on crutches.

Multitudes of women lose their health every year, in one or more ways by busying themselves in a warm kitchen until weary, and then throwing themselves on a bed or sofa without covering, and perhaps changing the dress for a common one, as soon as they enter the house after shopping. The rule should be invariable to go at once into a warm room, and keep on all the clothing for at least ten minutes, until the forehead is perfectly dry. In all weathers, if you have to walk or ride on an occasion, do the riding first.—Dr. Hall.

A LITTLE GIRL ROASTED ALIVE.—Wednesday morning the interesting daughter of Alfred Kiggins, who lives two miles north-west of this place was fatally burned. The girl, who is twelve years of age, was left by her mother for a few minutes, while she went to a near neighbor. In a few minutes after she left, the screams of the child, brought the mother and her neighbors to her assistance. The girl, whose clothing had caught fire from the stove, in her fright and agony, naturally sought the assistance of her mother, and with the most heart-rending screams, left the house and implored her aid. By the time Mrs. Kiggins got to the child's assistance she was enveloped in a sheet of flames and every particle of clothing was burned from her body. Except the ends of her fingers and the top of

HOLLAND CITY NEWS,
S. L. MORRIS, Editor.
SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1872.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A republican State Convention, to appoint twenty-two delegates to represent this State in the National Republican Convention, to be held at Philadelphia, June 5th, 1872, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, and also to elect a republican State Central Committee, will be held in the City of Jackson, at Union Hall, Thursday, the 16th day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The several counties will be entitled to two delegates for each Representative in the lower branch of the State Legislature; and every organized county having no representation will be entitled to one delegate.

By the resolution of 1853, no delegate will be entitled to a seat who does not reside in the county he represents.

Signed by the Republican State Central Committee,
Lansing, March 12, 1872.

HOLLAND HARBOR.

As considerable discussion has been had relative to the expenditures of our Harbor, we have taken pains to ascertain the facts of the case; they are virtually as follows:

Some years ago the general Government made an appropriation of 8,000 dollars to be used in plying at the old outlet. After expending some \$4,000, the work was abandoned, the money leaping back into the treasury—soon after the old outlet was abandoned a new one was opened, and the construction of the harbor of to-day was commenced. From the date of opening the new channel to the year 1865 just \$30,000 had been expended. From 1865 to present date, we have received from swampland appropriation \$12,000, of which only \$5,000 has been expended.

From general Government two appropriations.....\$115,000
Swamp land appropriation expended.....5,000
City Bonds and Taxes.....50,000
Total.....\$170,000.

How do these figures tally with the assertion that a half million of money has been expended for our harbor?

OUR PUBLIC PARK.

Perhaps in no other line of public improvement are the civilization and enterprise of a city, better or more faithfully represented than by its public parks. To neglect such matters, do not increase the respect or confidence of the visitor or passer by. We have a park, or perhaps it were better to call it a ground for refuse—where at any time may be seen huge piles of lumber, blocks of wood strewed in the greatest disorders conceivable—the receptacle for all the odds and ends a disinterested public may require. Such is to-day the condition of that square of ground which we can by way of appearance only, designate as the city park.

A word with our readers, relative to parks in general. Our own particularly. It is generally considered in all parts of our Country, that a park or pleasure ground is the first requisite of an associate corporate body: That the founder of this city so considered it is evidenced by the fact, that a beautiful plat of ground (or several of them) was set apart for that specific purpose in the original survey of this city—how well we have acted the guardians of such trust, as he imposed upon us, its present condition plainly indicates.

The utility and importance of public parks or pleasure grounds in a social or sanitary point of view are not adequately appreciated: and we would express our mind in much earnestness, could we but convince our citizens of the beneficial results which would naturally follow the completion of so desirable a work, then we would have a place of healthy resort for the pale mechanic and the exhausted operative where they might inhale the freshening breeze and some portion of recovered health, the busy shop man—and the speculative merchant might enjoy relaxation and bracing exercise in temporary seclusion from their toils and cares; and our own families children and all, or the sportive juveniles might take their walk, play their marbles or snap their whip; apart from the bustle of the streets, and secure from the accidents to which they are exposed in crowded thoroughfares, without doubt it would also have a tranquilizing effect upon the mental health of those who are pursuing a collegiate course bringing them face to face with the suggestive works of God in the world of nature.

Certainly the resort to such a place when fully adorned with shade trees and other ornaments, would be very great, lessening the inclination of vicious youth to penetrate the mysteries of the saloon or the dance room.

Looking to the metropolitan parks, we find all classes of the community, the day's tasked official, the night worn student, the slave of business, the votaries of fashion, and aristocracy itself, availing themselves of the air and exercise, and scenes of gayety and opportunity of social intercourse and enjoyment, which such places afford.

In short a public park may be considered as the lungs of a city, as breathing places for the many who never wander beyond the precincts of their own yard.

A public park affording such advantages in the way of health and comfort, is it not singular that so little attention has been given towards securing and ornamenting the grounds so generously set apart for such a purpose for this city? Do our citizens really appreciate the value of such an improvement, we have spoken of this much needed improvement as a social and sanitary measure? Others may view it as a matter of ornament to captivate or please the passer by, as indicating a high order of cultivation and refinement which would certainly be a pleasure to our citizens, a credit to our city. Accepting the importance of the work. How shall it be done? friends of the enterprise, let us have your views. The spring time is come, let us be at work.

We this week publish the call for the Republican State convention for the nomination of delegates to the National Republican convention, which is to meet at Philadelphia, on the 5th day of June next. Ottawa County will be entitled to four delegates.

We presume however but little interest will be manifested here as the Republicans are, so far as we can learn a unit for Grant and Colfax—yet in view of this feeling of ease and security relative to the National ticket, we should not lose sight of the fact that this very feeling of security, may lose to us important advantages for the coming campaign. To be successful in political matters requires, thorough organization, energy, and enthusiasm, and the earlier these qualities are manifested in a given cause, the more certain is the desired success. We would impress upon our Republican friends the importance of early, thorough organization, by the appointment of a new Committee in every school-district and township, and a County Committee at first call for a County convention, paying no regard to Clique, Clan or personal Ambition; put thorough workers upon the various committees, and secure the nomination, for office of men of undoubted integrity, distribute documents freely, be ready in season. Do not let any feelings of indifference retard your activity in the good work. Attend all caucuses and conventions, and a glorious victory will assuredly crown your efforts.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

NEARLY THREE HUNDRED MILLIONS.—General Grant has now completed three years of his presidential term. During this period his Administration has been so conducted as to pay \$299,649,762.03 on the public debt, and reduced the yearly gold-interest charge by about seventeen millions of dollars per annum. The decrease of debt during the month of February just past was \$12,391,451.52. President Grant pledged himself, in his inaugural message, "to collect all the revenues assessed, and to have them properly accounted for and economically disbursed." This pledge he has kept to the letter; and as a consequence, nearly three hundred millions of dollars have been paid on the national debt, and that, too, notwithstanding a very large reduction of taxes during his Administration. This one financial fact, were there no other reason, ought to commend General Grant to the confidence of the American people. It is among the weighty considerations that explain why the popular heart is unmoved by the clamor and intrigues of those politicians who are opposed to him for either partisan or personal reasons. General Grant has given to the country a sound, prudent, honest and eminently successful administration of the Government. No lying malignity can dispossess the public mind of the conviction that this is the fact. The petty criticism hurled at him by his enemies simply prove their extreme poverty in the means of attack. We are persuaded that the American people will judge it highly expedient to continue a policy so judicious and so well administered as that which the President has hitherto pursued; and the best way to do this is to continue the same incumbent in office for another term. This is financially safe.—N. Y. Independent.

LANSING.

COINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE—SENATE RE-APPORTIONMENT BILL—CAPITOL BILL PASSED THE HOUSE.

LANSING, March 15.—On Friday the House passed the Capitol bill, substantially as recommended by the Governor. It amends the law so as to authorize the Board to advertise for proposals for the whole work, to be completed within six years from January of the present year, at a cost not to exceed twelve hundred thousand dollars, including employment of architect, superintendent, and other necessary expenses. The bill makes an appropriation of \$300,000 annually for each of the years 1873-4-5-6, and \$300,000 for 1877, and directs the Auditor-General to incorporate these sums with the State tax for the years from 1872 to 1876, inclusive.

The House Committee not yet agreed upon a re-apportionment bill.

The Senate Committee has concluded its labors and have reported a bill for re-districting. The plan arranges the district as follows:

- FIRST DISTRICT.
Wayne, 119,054.
- SECOND DISTRICT.
Monroe, 27,483; Lenawee, 45,596; Hillsdale, 31,684; Washtenaw, 41,434. Total, 147,197.
- THIRD DISTRICT.
Branch, 26,296; St. Joseph, 26,276; Cass, 21,004; Calhoun, 36,569; Kalamazoo, 32,054. Total, 142,219.
- FOURTH DISTRICT.
Berrien, 35,104; Van Buren, 28,828; Allegan, 32,106; Ottawa, 26,649; Muskegon, 14,895. Total, 137,582.
- FIFTH DISTRICT.
Macomb, 27,616; St. Clair, 36,661; Lapeer, 21,355; Sanilac, 14,562; Huron, 9,053; Tuscola, 13,714; Bay, 15,900. Total, 138,861.

- SIXTH DISTRICT.
Oakland, 40,867; Genesee, 33,900; Saginaw, 39,097; Midland, 3,285; Isabella, 4,113; Clare, 336; Gladwin, —; Roscommon, —; Ogemaw, 12; Isosco, 3,163; Osceola, 2,073; Alcona, 696; Montmorency, —; Alpena, 2,756; Presque Isle, 355. Total, 130,683.
- SEVENTH DISTRICT.
Jackson, 36,050; Livingston, 19,336; Ingham, 25,268; Eaton, 25,172; Shiawassee, 20,848.—Total 126,684.

- EIGHTH DISTRICT.
Kent, 50,403; Ionia, 27,679; Clinton, 22,845; Griatiot, 11,810; Montcalm, 13,629; Barry, 22,202.—Total, 148,568.
- NINTH DISTRICT.
Antrim, 1,985; Benzie, 2,184; Charlevoix, 1,724; Sheboygan, 2,190; Chippewa, 1,689; Delta, 2,441; Emmet, 1,211; Grand Traverse, 4,443; Houghton, 13,879; Kalkaska, 424; Keewenaw, 4,205; Lake, 548; Leelanaw, 4,816; Macinaw, 1,716; Manistee, 6,074; Manitou, 891; Marquette, 15,023; Mason, 3,264; Mecosta, 5,643; Menominee, 1,892; Missaukee, 180; Newaygo, 6,294; Oceana, 7,222; Ontonagon, 2,845; Oscoda, 70; Westford, 650; Total, 94,503.

But two Senators oppose this scheme, and the probabilities are that there will be no delay in passing in the Senate, as the committee consists of thirteen members, and there are but four more required to pass it through the Senate. The members of the House committee, except two, express their approval of the slate, and favor its adoption. The impression prevails that the same will be adopted.

CINCINNATI, O., March 11.—Further particulars in regard to murder of a woman and three children near Dayton, on Saturday night, indicate that the murder was committed by a father, Leonard Marquand, who is evidently insane from spiritual causes. The story of the affair which the man himself tells, is that a few days ago he read a chapter to his family from the bible and then rising up, accused his wife of being a witch and using witchcraft. He says the eldest daughter confirmed him in his accusation. He says, also that on Saturday night he told his wife that he wanted their children to leave; that both he and his wife stripped naked and knelt down and prayed for fifteen minutes. They then stripped the two children, took them out and drowned them, and laid them side by side on the bank of the stream. They then dashed out the brains of the infant and left it lying in the woods, after which they returned home and went to bed. After lying there fifteen minutes he told his wife he wanted to send her to heaven also, and immediately fell upon her and strangled her to death. After that he arose and prayed till 3 o'clock in the morning, when he went to the nearest neighbor and told him the whole story. Marquand is a German farmer, and has been in this country about eighteen years. The murdered woman was his second wife.

THE WOMEN IN CONGRESS.

A very amusing and characteristic account is given of the quarrels among the women who are persecuting Congress to let them vote. Each woman wants to be at the head of the movement, and the strategic exploits of the several leaders are highly entertaining. But they do not make much progress.

On the 25th of Jan., in the Senate, Mr. Carpenter presented the unanimous report of the Judiciary Committee upon the memorial of Mrs. Cady Stanton, Mrs. Isabella Hooker, Mrs. Olympia Brown, and others, asking for a law allowing women to vote in accordance with the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments.

The report of the committee says the right of female suffrage is inferentially denied by the second section of the Fourteenth Amendment, which provides that in case a State, in the exercise of a right conceded to exist, shall exclude a part of the male inhabitants specified, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such excluded male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State. The basis is not to be reduced in the proportion which the number of excluded male citizens shall bear to the whole population of the State, but only in the proportion which they bare to the number of male citizens twenty-one years of age. It is evident from these provisions that females are not regarded as belonging to the voting population of a State. The report further says the Fifteenth Amendment is equally decisive.—New York Observer.

LEGISLATIVE.

On the 14th Gov. Baldwin sent a special message to the House recommending amendments to the Charter of the city of Holland. On the same day unanimous consent being given Hon. John Roost introduced a bill to amend sections 1 and 6 of title 2, sections 9 and 14 of title 3, section 12 of title 4, section 5, title 5, sections 1 and 3 of title 8, and to repeal section 8, title 4 of act No. 237 of the session laws of 1871, entitled "An act to amend and revise an act entitled 'An act to incorporate the city of Holland.'"

The bill was read a first and second time by its title, and referred to the committee on banks and incorporations.

March 19th, the committee reported favorable. On motion of Hon. John Roost the rules were suspended and the bill placed upon its final passage, a majority of all the members voting therefor. On motion of Mr. Roost the title was amended, and the bill ordered to take immediate effect. Our citizens are reminded of the efficiency as they learn that he has accomplished a work of great importance to us during the first six days of the session, we are glad to record a work so commendable.

WASHINGTON March 12.—The statement of the public debt and balance from June 30, 1869, to December 31, 1871, shows that the, yearly reduction to June 30, 1870, was \$107,779,786; to June 30, 1871, was \$130,735,147, and from June 30 to December 31, 1871, was \$29,501,566, showing the total reduction of the debt since June 30, 1869, to be \$265,016,499. The principal of the public debt on December 31, 1871, was 2,326, 710,016.

STATE ITEMS.

Any paper or person advertising a lottery is liable to a fine of 2,000 or imprisonment in the county jail for one year.

Saturday the freight on the D. M. R. coming west, smashed up badly west of Owosso, the freight which was to leave at 7 P. M., was cancelled in consequence.

The Board of Health of Grand Haven Township, have purchased ten acres, of ground near the German Lutheran Church, to be used as a cemetery for that township.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING.—Mr. Peter DeSpelder, a young salesman at Hubbard & Landreth's shot himself through the left hand on Monday afternoon. A customer called and wished cartridges for a breech loading pistol. Peter took the pistol and after endeavoring to fit several, he found one that nearly fitted the barrel, and taking up a large screw driver attempted to drive it into the barrel, and which exploded the cartridge. He was holding the barrel in his left hand with the fleshy part of the out side between the barrel and the counter, and the ball entering the palm passed out the side and buried itself in the counter. Young DeSpelder will be troubled with a disagreeable wound for some time to come.—Grand Haven News.

Phenix Planing Mill!

The undersigned would hereby announce to the Public that their new

Planing Mill

IS NOW READY FOR BUSINESS.

We have re-built with entire new

Machinery

Of the Most Approved Pattern,

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

PLANING,

MATCHING,

Or Re-sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN,

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

Will receive Lumber of all kinds for

DRYING.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

Or anything in our line Manufactured to order on Short Notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.,
Factory cor. River & 10th Sts. 1-

For the Following Articles go to

E. J. Harrington

Lime, Cement, Stucco, Salt

Shingles,

1st & 2d QUALITY, LATH ETC.

ALSO A FEW

Choice City Lots

For Sale Cheap for

CASH

FARMING LANDS,

Adjacent to the city, valuable for fruit and other purposes, to wit:

Lot one and two, Sec. 26, town five, north of range sixteen west, about 77 acres, will be sold for \$50.00 per acre.

Also north 1-2, north-east 1-4 of Sec. 2, town 4, north of range 16 west, within one-half mile of Lake, for \$28.00 per acre, well timbered, good for fruit or farming.

In Filmore, south-east 1-4 of the north-west 1-4 and the south-west 1-4 of the north-east 1-4 of Sec. 27, 80 acres for \$800.00.

In Olive township, in Sec. 14 & 15, 200 acres for \$2000.00.

WANTED

White Oak Staves.

Hemlock Bark

And Cord Wood,

For which I will pay the highest

Cash Price.

E. J. HARRINGTON.

J. O. BAKKER'S

BOOT & SHOE

Emporium

Temporarily located in the

Post Office Building.

Where may be found a Full Assortment of

Boots, SHOES, SLIPPERS & C

and Childrens' Wear

An Excellent Variety of

Ladies' Wear

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Special Attention will be given to

Custom Work.

FIN FRENCH CALF BOOTS

Made to order and a perfect fit Guaranteed.

Prices Reasonable. All Work Warranted.

Hardware Store!

E. Vanderveen,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK

—OF—

General Hard-ware

Hoping to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a full assortment of the best

Cook, Brlor and Heating Stoves, STOVE-PIPE, STOVE FURNITURE ETC.

HORSE NAILS, HORSE SHOES.

WAGON SPRINGS, HORSE TRIMMINGS, GLASS, PUTTY, PAINTS, OILS, NAILS ETC.

Carpenters' Tools,

Farmers' Implements

and many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING and JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE

E. VANDERVEEN,
S. E. Cor. 8th & River Sts.

Drugs, Medicines

Wm. VanPutten

GENERAL DEALER IN

DRUGS,

Medicines

CHEMICALS,

PAINTS, OILS,

PUTTY, GLASS & C.

Patent Medicines

of all kinds constantly on hand.

CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS

For Medicinal Purposes only.

Fancy Soaps & Perfumery

TOOTH BRUSHES, CLOTHES BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES, SHAVING BRUSHES, AND PAINT BRUSHES.

A FULL LINE OF THE

Celebrated Shaker Medicines

FOR CATTLE OR HORSES.

Proprietor of the

Oriental Balm

A remedy for Pains and Nervous Disorders.

RAZORS AND RAZOR STROPS, CHAMOIS SKINS, NURSING BOTTLES,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Supporters and Trusses,

And everything usually kept in Drug Stores.

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded Day or Night.

WM. VANPUTTEN,
8th St. Holland, Mich.

Holland, March 23, 1872

Local News.

Just what you have been looking for, may be found at the Dry Goods Store of D. Bertsch. New spring style of Hats and Caps in great variety just what you want for the season try him and you will be suited.

We learn that a few persons of both political parties met at the residence of R. Kanter's on Monday evening last and inaugurated a grand union movement. A call has been issued for a Caucus to be held this evening. Strange things are happening now-a-days.

Odd Fellows.

All members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows or those having cards of withdrawal or dismissal are requested to meet at Masonic Hall on Tuesday evening next as matters of importance are to be considered.

Friday March 23rd 1872.

A slight accident occurred to the mail train on the M. L. S. R. R. going north, yesterday. The attachments to the mail train in some way parted its connection, rendering it unsafe for use, the car was switched off at Allegan. Route Agent Hawks moving his P. O. into the coach, but a few moments delay occurred and all was again righted.

MICHIGAN STATE POMOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The next regular meeting of this society will be held in the city of Lansing, on the 2nd day of April next at one o'clock P. M. Prof. Kedzie of the Agricultural College, will read a paper on the "Peach Tree Yellows." Prof. Beal will also read a paper on some branch of vegetable physiology, of particular interest to fruit growers. We wish the Holland fruit interest might be represented at this meeting.

SMALL POX.—Mr. Jas. Ryder, of the Phoenix Hotel, desires to say, in behalf of his many patrons, that the rumor which has been afloat for some time past, that they have the small pox at his house, is entirely without foundation; and that he is very much obliged to the parties who circulated the story, but would advise them hereafter to ascertain the truth of such reports, before they give them their entire support.

Messrs Joslin and Breyman have of late been receiving an addition to their stock of Jewelry and Yankee Notions. They are selling a patent Shirt-Stud which is bound to suit you any time as you cannot lose it. They are exclusive agents for the celebrated Morton Gold Pen, which will make the finest line or draw the heaviest shade of any pen made. No young man should ever write a letter to his—cousin until he has secured one of these pens.

Examination of Teachers.

GRAND HAVEN, March 11th, 1872.

The series of examinations of teachers of Ottawa County, for the Spring of 1872, will be held as follows:

Grand Haven, March 30, Court House; Zeeland, April 9, Zeeland school house; Georgetown, April 10, Hudson school house; Jamestown, April 11, Jamestown Center; Polkton, April 15, Coopersville school house; Chester, April 16, Lisbon; Wright, April 22, Berlin; Talmage, April 24, Lamont; Holland, April 29, Holland city.

The examination at each place will commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. S. FASSETT,
County Sup't. of Schools.

THE WEATHER.—We have heard so many comments of late, regarding our March weather, that we have overhauled some of our weather records and find that our March of 1872 is not so bad as some of the "oldest inhabitants" would have us believe. We find by our records, that March 1st, 1855, the thermometer indicated 11 degrees below zero, on the 22d same month, 5 degrees below zero. On Saturday, the 9th of March, 1856, the mercury sank to 28 degrees below zero, on 13th, 4 degrees below, 15th and 17th, at zero. The above is from a record kept of weather in Kent county, which may be considered from 4 to 6 degrees colder than here at the same time. March 16th, 1870, in this place, the mercury sank 2 degrees below zero. There were 5 days in the month of March, 1856, that the mercury sank below zero which is more than we can credit this month with. The balance of our record was burned, so we are unable to give more data at this time. We are satisfied we have seen colder March weather than of this month.

Etna House.

This Hotel edifice has been built since the disastrous fire of Oct. 9th. It is located on Eighth street, between Cedar and Land streets, near the Depots. Its size is 40 x 50 feet, three stories high with cupola. There are two entrances from Eighth street, one into the office proper, the other with double doors into a wide hall; upon the right of which is the office 20 x 23 ft. excluding baggage room and wash closets adjoining. On the left of the hall is a gentleman's reading room, in size 18 x 21 ft.; in rear of reading room is the dining room 20 x 33 ft. in size, with necessary closets. In the rear of the office on the west side of the building is the cook room 20 x 20 feet, with pantry and closets.

These rooms occupy the first floor. On the second floor fronting Eighth street is the ladies waiting room, across the hall directly opposite is the front parlor 14 x 20 ft. with a sleeping apartment, directly in the rear of the parlor is the sample room, no public house of to-day is complete without this room. The balance of the second floor is divided into 5 sleeping rooms of good size and well ventilated. The third story is yet unfinished but is designed to contain 33 sleeping rooms.

One desirable feature of the rooms on the second floor is, that they are so constructed, that each room may be warmed; a comfort many travelers will appreciate in cold weather. This house will be opened for the reception of guests during the coming week. The building so far as finished is both convenient and pleasant and if properly managed will prove a great resort for the traveler. Mr. Zalsman the proprietor deserves much credit for the energy displayed in thus early furnishing a home for strangers, in this city.

Common Council.

COUNCIL ROOMS, March 15, 1872.

Council met, called to order by the Mayor. Present, Ald. Van Schelven, Van Landegend, Lauder, Heald and Vissers.

On motion the rules were suspended for the evening. A committee of two was appointed consisting of Ald. Van Landegend and Lauder to settle with the city Treasurer, the committee report, as published in another column. The following bills were presented:

A. Cloetingh, balance as services of clerk of election, 75cts.; Van Landegend & Ter Haar, \$22.65; A. Cloetingh Books and Stationery, \$1.95; H. Doesburg, service as Treasurer, \$39.44; C. Hofman service as Treasurer 1870, \$4.28; C. Hofman, service special election revenue stamps and salary, \$38.51; F. W. Dunlap, balance of salary and sundries, \$29.07; K. van Haften, cartage, \$2.00; P. Berghuis, labor, 88cts.; M. Nijssen cartage, 50cts.

The above were referred to committee on claims and accounts. Petition of H. Van der Haar requesting to build a smoke house on Lot 7, Block 20, in the city of Holland. Petition referred to fire warden of second ward. Petition of Eagle Fire Company No. 1. to the Common Council city of Holland, requesting the issue of certificates of all members of Eagle Fire Company No. 1. request granted. Report presented by Ald. Vissers, committee on public building and property. That the damages resulting from the fire of January 18th last had been properly adjusted by H. Walsh Agent of the North America Insurance Company that a new chimney has been built and other necessary repairs are completed. Resolved that permission is given Ald. Van Schelven to have possession of city map with the view of obtaining an estimate of cost of lithographing the same.

Republican City Meeting.

Pursuant to a Resolution of the Republican meeting, held on Thursday, March 14th, there will be a Republican City Meeting held on next Friday evening, March 24th, at 7 o'clock, at the office of E. J. Harrington. All Republicans are cordially invited to attend, as matters of great importance will come before the meeting.

By order of Rep. City Committee.

1st Ward Republican Meeting.

The Republicans of the 1st Ward are invited to attend the ward meeting, to be held next Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the office of E. J. Harrington.

By order of Ward Committee.

2d Ward Republican Meeting.

The Republicans of the 2d Ward are invited to attend the ward meeting, to be held next Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the office of Geo. Lauder.

By order of Ward Committee.

3d Ward Republican Meeting.

The Republicans of the 3d Ward are invited to attend the ward meeting, to be held next Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the office of E. J. Harrington.

By order of Ward Committee.

4th Ward Republican Meeting.

The Republicans of the 4th Ward are invited to attend the ward meeting, to be held next Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the office of Geo. Lauder.

By order of Ward Committee.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration for the City of Holland will meet at the following places, on Saturday, March 30th, 1872, the day preceding the regular Charter Election, between the hours of eight o'clock in the forenoon and eight o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of completing the lists of qualified Voters of the several Wards of the City of Holland:

For the 1st Ward, at harness shop of H. Vaupel
" 2d " " office of Mr. Geo. Lauder.
" 3d " " Common Council Room.
" 4th " " residence of L. D. Vissers.

G. Van Schelven,
J. Van Landegend,
Geo. Lauder,
R. K. Heald,
J. R. Meyer,
L. D. Vissers,
S. L. Morris.

Members of the Board of Registration of city of Holland.

Dated—Holland, March 18th, A. D., 1872.

Grand Haven News.

From our own Correspondent.

The Erie Iron Works were located by the stock-holders last Monday, near the catholic church, upon what is known as the Harris & Davis site.

It is currently reported that a powerful Iron Bridge Company from Ohio, and Pall and Tub Company from Pennsylvania are soon to locate their works in this city.

One of the weather-wise in our midst says: that we are having a "regular old fashioned dutch year. Nine months winter and three months cold weather."

A Flag-Staff has been reared above the cupola upon the Cutler House, and notwithstanding the extreme cold weather ever since its erection, a "Golden Liberty Bird" has persisted in perching upon its top.

The Architectural Design, prepared by Mr. Robinson of Grand Rapids, for the Odd Fellows Hall soon to be erected on the corner of second and Washington streets, is on exhibition, and is pronounced beautiful.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Stearns' Manufacturing Company held at the office of Kelley and Stearns' Tuesday, the following officers were elected: President, E. H. Stearns; Vice President, Hunter Savidge, Secretary, W. K. Stearns; Treasurer E. P. Farry; Superintendent James Birch.

The last lecture of the course given by the Library Association of this city was delivered by Mr. E. P. Erry at Music Hall on Tuesday evening. The title of Mr. Erry lecture was "Fragments," and all who had the good fortune to be present, agreed in saying that the speaker displayed a rare collection of choicest gems.

The city jail, was delivered of its inmates on Wednesday evening last by some one of the culprits sawing the iron bars of the window sufficient to permit escape. The four birds occupying the rooms are at large. The names of the escaped prisoners were George Pierce aged 25 years, Henry Davis 35 years of age and Dennis Ault about 18 years of age. \$100 reward is offered for the apprehension of George Pierce and \$50 apiece for each of the others.

LATER.—Since writing the above, we learn that one of the fugitives, Davis, has been captured by sheriff Weatherwax, at East Saugatunk station, on the C. & M. L. S. R. R.

MARRIED.

VERLIE—OSDIE—In this city, March 22nd, by E. J. Harrington, Esq., Miss Elizabeth C. Osdijk to Mr. Jacob Verlie, both of Fillmore.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the City of Holland, for the Year ending March 15th, 1872.

General Fund.	
RECEIPTS.	
Balance in treasury March 20, 1871.	\$297 29
Uncollected taxes on personal estate for 1870.	33 54
Fine pr B. Vosper, city attorney.	5 00
Fine pr recorder Hoogesteger.	12 00
J. Ryder, hotel license.	\$347 83
S. Helmers, " " " " " "	2 00
Charles Brandt, saloon license.	50 00
R. Benkema, " " " " " "	50 00
Koffers & Gringhale, " " " " " "	50 00
Axel Kighlgen, " " " " " "	50 00
H. Koningsberger, " " " " " "	50 00
J. Ailing, " " " " " "	50 00
J. Binnekan, common victualer license.	15 00
W. C. Bennett, " " " " " "	25 00
L. Pessink, " " " " " "	25 00
L. Kanter, " " " " " "	25 00
H. Meengs, " " " " " "	25 00
C. H. Doesburg, " " " " " "	25 00
G. J. M. Hoogesteger, Recorder.	\$322 50
G. J. M. Hoogesteger, auction sale.	76 00
J. Quartel, st. commissioner, poll tax.	49 00
General tax levied.	1,392 00
Excess on tax list.	88 37
Total Receipts.	\$2,166 40

EXPENDITURES.	
Ledeboer & Van Patten, drugs.	5 30
J. Quartel, services as constable.	12 00
J. Van Patten, services as st. comm'r.	65 15
S. L. Collins, deputy marshal.	1 00
L. D. Vissers, repairing city jail.	13 47
H. Meengs, repairs on fire ward.	12 50
J. Van Patten, boarding of prisoners.	23 10
M. Hoogesteger, serv' in recorder's court.	14 77
G. Van Schelven, traveling expenses to Lansing.	18 30
Geo. Lauder, keeping fire in engine house.	20 00
A. Clark, services as police.	9 00
H. Barendregt, repairs and materials for engine house.	3 00
H. Barendregt, fire ward 'nd ward 1871.	8 34
H. D. Post, services as member Board of Health, books, stationery etc.	21 21
R. Vosper, salary as city attorney.	35 00
S. L. Collins, whitewashing engine house.	5 00
S. L. Collins, services as police.	6 00
G. Yakes, clerk charter election 3d ward.	3 00
M. Hoogesteger, bal. salary as recorder.	43 75
Scott & Roovaart, repairs on engine house and ballot boxes.	3 50
Verbeek & Co., lumber, repairs & office chairs.	22 35
J. Binnekan, blank books for fire Co.	4 00
M. Hoogesteger, serv' as recorder's court.	5 15
A. Wolman, clean g. jail, council room etc.	1 35
A. Thompson, labor on fire engine.	3 00
Scott & Roovaart, tables and sundries.	10 30
A. Wolman, arresting a boarding prmr's.	24 25
C. Hofman, for certified copy city charter.	4 03
C. Hofman, for insurance on city charter.	20 13
M. Hoogesteger, serv' as recorder's court.	125 00
A. Cloetingh, blinding "Rules of Common Council".	3 84
K. Winters, repairs on hooks & ladders.	13 63
C. Blom, Sr. services police & watchman.	13 00
C. Blom, Jr., " as watchman.	6 00
Niel Maloy, " as policeman.	3 00
C. Blom, Sr., " as watchman.	3 00
C. Blom, Sr., " as night policeman.	3 00
Arie Koning, " as dep'y Marshal 1870.	27 25
J. Quartel, " as st. commissioner.	40 40
Walworth, Furse & Co. hose & couplings.	296 00
E. Van der Veen, interest on \$100.	8 30
R. K. Heald, repairs on hose and jail.	5 50
Simon Schmitz, labor on fire engine.	2 00
Cornelis Plik, labor on streets.	21 00
Michael Dulser, " " " " " "	11 02
I. C. Brayton, sundry surveys & reports.	34 00
J. R. Klein, repairs on jail.	6 00
J. Van der Sluis, labor on streets.	32 50
Jeike Pilon, " " " " " "	7 50
J. Quartel, services as st. commissioner.	28 00
Arie Wolman, services as Marshal.	5 75
salary as city Marshal.	5 75
M. Hoogesteger, arresting prisoner and attending court.	18 00
R. G. Scott, painting engine house.	51 00
J. Dinkeloo, painting and materials.	6 00
M. Hoogesteger, trial of several cases in Recorder's court.	9 00
John Quartel, services as st. comm'r.	31 00
C. Hofman, services at special election and stamps.	8 03
F. B. Wiersum, labor on streets.	18 87
P. Van Leeuwen, " " " " " "	9 00
De Jong, Van Schelven & Ogel, sundries.	67 47
G. Van Schelven, services as member of Board of Registration, election, reviews etc.	25 10
S. L. Morris, serv' as election & sundries.	9 00
H. Barendregt, labor on engine house.	8 75
G. Lauder, room rent and services as member of Board of Registration, election and review.	21 50
C. Hofman, salary as clerk.	81 10
J. Van Landegend, sundry hardware.	41 00
R. K. Heald, services Board of Review.	9 00
L. D. Vissers, " " " " " "	11 00
A. Wolman, revolver.	35 03
W. Benjaminse, printing.	7 25
H. Vaupel, services at election and rent of room.	8 00
H. Barendregt, election serv' 3d ward.	8 00
K. Mulder, " " " " " "	4 51
C. Braam, labor on streets.	18 75
J. Van Patten, services as street commissioner and room rent.	170 00
Arie Wolman, salary as Marshal.	6 00
J. Kulte, services as police.	62 10
F. W. Dunlap, salary as city attorney.	20 30
J. Klootwijk, labor on streets.	10 00
G. Yakes, " " " " " "	8 00
A. Cloetingh, services as clerk at election.	26 15
J. Kroon, sundry hardware.	8 75
W. Vorst, services as clerk at election.	68 90
Hoogesteger & Mulder, printing.	25 00
Willem Brouwer, for ringing bell.	13 00
D. Tolkoller, services as Supervisor.	9 00
on Board of Review.	26 96
Paulus, Van Patten & Co., lumber.	1 05
J. Dinkeloo, services at election, 1st ward.	7 50
A. Westerve, labor with team.	21 15
C. D. Van der Heuvel, labor on streets.	15 00
J. Alberti, labor with team.	5 00
B. Ledeboer, services as health officer and review of tax roll.	10 00
services on harbor Board.	5 00
E. Herold, leather for fire engine.	6 75
W. Wakker, repairs on fire engine.	7 50
H. Barendregt, services fire warden in the 3d ward.	4 51
J. Ailing, services at election.	13 47
H. W. Verbeek & Co., labor & material.	26 50
M. Poppe, mason work and materials.	7 75
E. Van der Veen, services at election and registration.	34 04
G. Wakker, fire warden's ward for 70 and services at election.	10 00
T. Koppel, work on 7th st. in 1870.	30 00
A. Thompson, fire warden 4th ward.	10 00
A. Steinaard, cleaning engine house and furniture.	6 00
J. Van Landegend, hardware.	16 50
L. D. Vissers, services etc.	3 32
J. Smits, labor, sundry items.	13 00
G. W. Broadmore, painting tables in council rooms.	5 00
M. Bongers, cleaning engine house.	1 60
M. Hoogesteger, " " " " " "	8 17
W. Harrington, " " " " " "	1 50
J. W. Bartlett fire wells.	870 72
Total amount of Expenditures.	\$2,978 55

Black River Highway Fund.	
RECEIPTS.	
Amount of Bonds issued.	\$2,000 00
EXPENDITURES.	
J. C. Brayton, surveys, plans etc.	\$36 00
J. Van Landegend, freight & materials.	18 75
John Quartel, services.	5 00
C. Blom, Jr., labor.	11 68
J. Van Landegend, hardware.	8 51
L. D. Vissers, timbers.	10 00
G. Yakes, labor.	8 50
J. Klootwijk, labor.	7 50
Schole & Baas, labor.	15 62
T. Koppel, timbers.	9 00
J. Van Dijk & Co., lumber for covering lumber.	111 00
J. Van der Berge, labor.	38 94
J. Alberti, labor with team.	9 38
W. K. Fleiter, lumber.	7 50
J. Bos, labor.	6 00
J. De Fauter, labor.	5 00
G. Vaarwerk, iron and labor.	85 84
Tennis Koppel, contractor.	1,915 16
Total.	\$2,345 64

Eighth Street Improvement Fund.	
RECEIPTS.	
Amount of Bonds issued.	\$700 00
EXPENDITURES.	
Klaas Van Haften, contractor, on acc't.	\$700 00
Black Lake Harbor Fund.	
RECEIPTS.	
Amount received from the Treasurer of the Township of Holland.	\$1,874 34
G. VAN SCHELVEN, Acting Mayor.	
C. HOFMAN, City Clerk.	
Holland, March 15th, 1872.	
Use Marsh's Cough Syrup, for coughs, colds etc. Price 35cts.	
Use Dr. Benjamin's Cordial for children teething etc. Price 35cts.	
REGULATION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.	
On account of conflicting official duties, the law copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Lowing and Tate, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All business now in our hands will be completed by the late firm, and all debts due said firm are payable to Samuel L. Tate, and all documents against said firm will be paid by him.	
Stephen L. Lowing.	
Samuel L. Tate.	
Grand Haven, March 22d, 1871.	

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Co-partnership heretofore existing between Richard K. Heald, William J. Scott and Jacob Van de Roovaart, has been dissolved by mutual consent; said dissolution to date from the 1st day of July A. D. 1871. All accounts of the late firm Scott & Van de Roovaart must be settled with Jacob Van de Roovaart.

RICHARD K. HEALD,
WILLIAM J. SCOTT,
JACOB VAN DE ROOVAART.

Holland, Mich., March 5th 1872.

J.S. Johnson DENTIST!

Having been in constant practice East, for the past six years, he is confident that his experience will enable him to please all who may favor him, with a call. Artificial teeth inserted that will not start or drop while eating, speaking or laughing; neither will particles of food or berry seeds get under the plates. Loose or poorly fitting plates made over by this process at a slight expense and a perfect fit guaranteed. Teeth extracted without pain or injury to health by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. All my work will be warranted, and if any fails, it will be replaced Free of Charge. Office over Kroon's Hardware store.

Masonic Notice.

There will be a special communication of Unity Lodge of F. & M. M. on Wednesday evening March 27th, at their Hall in this city for the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting. It is hoped that every member may be present.

By order of W. M.

Holland Township Union Cause.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Holland Union Cause will be held on Thursday the 29th of March, at 3 o'clock P. M. at the house of Mrs. Scholten, to nominate candidates for the annual election.

By order of the Township Board.

OTTAWA CO. SOLDIERS ASSOCIATION.

The soldiers and sailors of Ottawa Co. who served in the war for the Union are earnestly invited to meet at the Michigan Exchange, Detroit, on the 9th day of April next at 9 o'clock A. M. to attend the ceremonies of Unveiling the Soldiers' Monument. Free return tickets will undoubtedly be issued by the Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. Co.

S. L. MORRIS, President;
ROBT. A. HAIRE, Vice President;
CHAS. N. DICKINSON, Treasurer;
HENRY S. CLUBB, Secretary;
G. VAN SCHILVEN, Cor. Secretary.

Grand Haven, March 22, 1871.

THE NEWS

JOB

ROOMS

U NEQUALED

BY ANY

Printing House

—IN—

WESTERN MICHIGAN!

EVERY VARIETY

OF

PRINTING

EXECUTED PROMPTLY

AND AT

Reasonable Prices

Harrington's Block, Holland.

Ready Again

AT THE STORE OF

H. MEENGs

On River St., nearly opposite the Grand Hotel Office, where all kinds of choice

Family Groceries

Crockery,

GLASS-WARE

ET C., ETC

The Codling Moth.

From the Country Gentleman.

"I fear your correspondent C. S. L. when he attempts to route the Codling moth from his orchard, 'horse and foot,' by kindling fires in his orchards at night, or carrying a 'hand-jack' with lighted faggots in it for the moths to fly into and thus destroy themselves, will find he has had his labor without any profit. The Codling moth is not attracted by light, either night or day—in fact it shuns light at all times. He might and would destroy a great many moths, both great and small, many of them were very noxious, but not one Codling moth. Neither can this moth be caught in vessels filled with sweetened water, as many suppose, nor even rum and water, for the simple reason that it does not drink, is strictly temperate; its mouth, what it has, is entirely incapable of any such performance. There is entirely too much of this kind of useless labor going on each year. The better way is for all interested to fully inform themselves by observation (the best way) or reading, of the correct natural history of noxious insects, and then they can combat them with some reasonable show for success. Because a great number of small moths have been destroyed in sweetened water, and numbers have been destroyed by fires in the orchard, it does not follow that there was one Codling moth amongst them. If any one enough interested will send his name and address, I will mail him free of expense, a full and correct natural history of the Codling moth, its habits, changes, periods, and best known means for its destruction, illustrated with correct drawings of the insects in all its stages, free of expense. This is made up from my own personal experience during three years of study, and from the works of our best entomologists, and contains facts of value never before published. That the Codling moth must be conquered, if we would grow apples with profit, no orchardist will deny, and the sooner a united effort is made to accomplish its destruction the better for all concerned. Not one orchardist in 500 I think ever saw a Codling moth! Let every one interested get a few of its cocoons, now under the hoops of their apple barrels, and in other cracks and crevices in the cellar, place them in a dry vial, cork it loosely, set it away, and in May they will have plenty of the genuine moths, and can study them at their leisure.

Lacon, Ill. D. B. WIER.

Deep Cultivation for Trees.

We clip the following from the *Country Gentleman*, which all those who contemplate planting trees this coming spring, would do well to observe:

"So much has been said on this subject that it seems as if it must have grown stale by this time; yet it is only by giving line, precept upon precept, here a little and there a little, that the world is educated in anything; and more than this, every paper of merit is constantly receiving new subscribers, many of whom will set out shade and fruit trees this coming spring, and a word to them may not be amiss. Some ten years ago a man in the outskirts of our village transplanted a number of evergreen (spruce) and maples in the best manner; in preparing his yard he altered the slope, making it more gradual; up and down this, he set his trees; where the soil was undisturbed, they look well, and are from ten to twelve feet in height; on the brink of the slope where all the top soil was removed, notwithstanding the great care and an abundance of fertilizing matter so that the grass grows rank and heavy, the trees have not added two feet to their height, and always look yellow and sickly, while at the bottom, where the soil was made three to four feet deep by scraping down the top, the trees are eighteen to twenty feet in height, loaded with cone, and wearing the dark green color and thrifty look which always shows that a tree is at home. In this case a deep soil is alone the cause, for the difference in the growth of the trees; and is not here the reason why evergreens will not grow except under just such favorable circumstances. When the summer drouth begins, no matter how well taken care of, they turn yellow and die. I know that evergreens flourish in very dry hot localities, but is it not invariably the case that they were protected while young by an undergrowth shading them and keeping the roots cool—a condition of things which a deep mellow soil supplies?"

D. B. B.

A Senator's Experience.

Some Contrasts in the Life of Henry Wilson.

In a recent speech at Great Falls, N. H., Senator Henry Wilson, referring to some experiences in his early life, said:

I feel that I have the right to speak for toiling men and to toiling men. I was born here in your county of Stafford. I was born in poverty; want sat by my cradle. I know what it is to ask a mother for bread when she has none to give. I left my home at 10 years of age and served an apprenticeship of 11 years, receiving a month's schooling each year and at the end of 11 years of hard work, a yoke of oxen and six sheep, which brought me \$84. A dollar would cover every penny I spent from the time I was born until I was 31 years of age. I know what it is to travel weary miles and ask my fellow-men to give me leave to toil. I remember that in September, 1833, I walked into your village from my native town, and went through your mills, seeking employment. If anybody had offered me \$3 or \$9 a month, I should have accepted it gladly. I went down to Salmon Falls, I went to Dover, I went to Newmarket, and tried to get work, without success, and I returned home weary but not discouraged, and I put my pack on my back and walked to the place where I now live, and learned a mechanic's trade. I know the hard lot that toiling men have to endure in this world, and every pulsation of my heart, every conviction of my judgment puts me on the side of the toiling men of my country—aye, of all countries.

I am glad the workingmen in Europe are getting discontented and want better wages. I thank God that a man in the United States to-day can earn from three to four dollars in ten hours' work, easier than he could 40 years ago earn one dollar, working from twelve to fifteen hours. The first month I worked after I was 21 years of age, I went into the woods, drove team, cut mill-logs, wood, rose in the morning before daylight and worked hard until after dark at night, and I received for it the magnificent sum of six dollars! And when I got the money, those dollars looked as large to me as the moon looked to-night. On the farm on which I served an apprenticeship, I have seen the best men who ever put scythe in grass, working for from fifty cents to four shillings a day, in the longest days of summer. Yesterday I visited that farm, I asked the men who were there what they paid men in haying time last summer, and they said, from \$2 to \$2.50 a day. This was paid on the same ground where men worked 40 years ago for from 50 cents to four shillings, and took their pay in farm products, not money. I have seen some of the brightest women go into the farm houses and work for from 50 cents to 4 shillings a week, milking the cows, making butter and cheese, washing, spinning and weaving, doing all kinds of hard work. I was told yesterday that many young women were earning, in the shops, \$1 a day, and that those who worked in houses were getting from \$2.50 a week to \$3.50.

To-day the laboring men and women of our country are earning from three to four times as much in a day as they could earn 40 years ago, and a day's work is shorter now than it was then. After I had learned a trade in the place where I live, I worked fourteen and fifteen hours a day, month after month, to earn about \$40 dollars a month. There are hundreds of men there now who in ten hours can earn a \$100 more easily than I could earn forty in fifteen hours. I am grateful to God that this is so. I do not care anything about a few men or corporations piling up a great amount of money. I believe God meant this world to grow good men and women, and not to pile up money. That is my belief, and I want to see the man and woman who bear the burdens and do the work have a full share of all they earn, and that an honest day's work shall always have a fair day's pay.

Changing Clothing.

Hall's *Journal of Health* says: In the latitudes of New England and New York, going westward, the month of March is the most disagreeable of the whole year, with its changing temperature, its slush and mud, its cold, raw, piercing, damp winds; and although not as cold as January and February, it is more prolific of dangerous diseases, greatly promoted by the hurry of the people for lighter clothing, but it would be a great deal better to wear the entire winter suits through March, and even to the middle of April; and even then, until the first week in May, to make no change in the outer clothing, nor any in the inner garments, except to a less heavy woolen next to skin; for it is only for the three hours embracing one o'clock in the afternoon that winter clothing is at all oppressive; while the very warmth of noontide makes the raw dampness of the mourning and late afternoon specially felt.

All changes to lighter or cooler garment should be made at dressing in the morning, and if in any case the change leaves the body chilly, or soon after it is made the weather changes to be much cooler, by all means promptly, without half an hour's delay, resume the full winter dress. The old, the young, the invalid, in short all persons of feeble constitutions, of small vitality, should be especially careful to heed these suggestions; inattention to which gives rise to the very frequent announcements in the morning papers, in the early spring, "Died suddenly, yesterday,—of pneumonia"—often the very friend whom he had met in the street, or at church, within a week, apparently as well and as hearty as ever before.

Practical Ideas.

To be a good housekeeper requires education and practice; but if a woman's heart is in the work she will soon learn, if necessity places the duty before her.

When the comfort and prosperity of a loved husband render it necessary to economize and live to the best advantage with small means, a devoted wife will turn her thoughts and care to the duties of her home.

The help of a good, careful, prudent housekeeper, enables a man to advance his business prospects more than anything else a woman can do.

The superficial accomplishments of a boarding school miss are nothing compared to practical education in all that pertains to making home attractive, and sensible men know it.

It is very imposing to witness the majestic sweep of yards of expensive silk flounces and laces into parlor, but, young man, it requires a large income to support so much style.

It is delightful to talk with a young lady who knows French, and all the latest novels, and to have a divine creature dispense her best skirmishes or flirting with her eyes, smiles and fan, but, young man there is oft but little heart or sincerity in such practiced charms. A girl who has only a common school education, and the accomplishments taught her by a loving mother of cooking and all other domestic duties, will be more likely to make you a good wife.

She may not have the most polished address. She may not be able to entangle you with battalions of arts and wiles with which a petted fashionable belle surrounds and captures beaux, but she will prize the love of an honest heart more, and in truth and sincerity devote her life to requiting the love and kindness given her.

If your income is only a few hundred a year, a fashionable divorcee of style and heart-smashing, will in a year fret herself into a miserable discontented wreck and be a dead weight upon you; while a fresh-hearted domestic girl will develop into a blooming, matronly woman of sense and responsibility.—*Elm Orlou.*

The Last Freak of Sensationalism.

At Niblo's Garden, New York, the sensational feature of the play at present holding the boards is an Egyptian snake dance—the dancer being a beautiful Oriental girl, and the snake an anaconda which could strangle a horse. She coils it around her neck, lays it against her bosom, and dances with it in the air, while the snake darts out its tongue between two eyes which seem to spit fire. The audience is transfixed with horror, and they feel relieved when she finally goes through the pantomime as if she were charmed, and then bitten by the snake. Falling on the floor, the audience shudder for fear the snake has really bitten her, and the snake is left in a coil upon the stage. They say this beautiful girl is curiously effected by the snake. She goes off the stage unconcerned, but she breathes as if she had gone through a trying ordeal—just escaping death. She breathes fast, a hectic flush is upon her cheek, cold drops of sweat are upon her forehead, and she does not recover her usual composure for some hours.

How Street Car Conductors Get Rich.

A New York street car conductor of many years' experience, who had been discharged for knocking down, publishes an *expose* of the grand stealing operations in vogue among street car employes there. A conductor of a car receives \$2 wages daily, and must divide every week about \$15 between the driver, starter, and receiver, or else they conspire to throw him behind time, and reduce his receipts below the minimum. To get a situation the conductor must pay from \$20 to \$50 to the Superintendent. Drivers in turn are bled by the foreman of the stables, who apportion the best horses to the most liberal. An honest conductor is hunted off the road in a very few days, but few are troubled in that way. On a holiday when the cars are unusually jammed, the conductor steals from \$9 to \$15, but ordinarily from \$4 to \$8. In spite of this leak, the main lines in New York pay enormous dividends, and no stock can be bought.

The Detroit *Post's* correspondent from Manistee says: The liquor prosecutions still continue. There has been for nearly a month in this town not a place where liquor has been sold openly. The bars are all closed, and a large stock of liquors has been ready for shipment out of town. The success has been complete. About 40 cases have been prosecuted, and in only two has there been a failure to convict.

School Directory.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Dr. B. LEONARD, Moderator
C. DOERNBERG, Director
T. KAPPEL, Assessor
Rev. R. FURNESS, Prof. Scott; I. CAPON.

TEACHERS

Supt. and Teacher of High School, L. C. Miller
Gram. School Dept., (female) Mrs. Vanolinda
Higher Inter. " Miss J. Pennoyer
Lower " " Miss J. Leebhor
Primary " " Miss M. Decker
Gram. School Dept., (male) Miss E. Allen
Higher Inter. " Miss C. Pennoyer
Lower " " Miss L. Fisher
Primary " " Miss M. Kroon
Spring Term commences 3d Monday in April.

Legal.

Guardian's Sale.

Estate of Harlan P. Rogers, Laura E. Rogers and Adalbert E. Rogers, Minors.

BY VIRTUE of license and authority to me granted by the Probate Court for the County of Oakland, State of Michigan, I, the undersigned Guardian of said Harlan P. Rogers, Laura E. Rogers and Adalbert E. Rogers, minors, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder on Wednesday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1893 at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the house on the premises, below described in the Township of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan all the right, title and interest of said minors in the following described Real Estate, viz: All the lands in the North west quarter of the South east quarter of Section number eighteen, in Township number five, North of Range fifteen West lying on the so called Allegan, Muskegon, and Traverse State Road, except two parcels of land, to wit: ten acres deeded by Harlan Rogers, and wife to Ezra Hopkins, and seven acres to Mary Adella Osborne North of said land and in said North west quarter of South east quarter, east from the line of the aforesaid Road, also one acre of the north half of the South west quarter of the South east quarter of said Section eighteen, bounded north by the north line thereof, South east by a line commencing at a point on the east line of the Allegan, Muskegon and Traverse Bay Road, four rods South east from the house now standing on said land and running thence Northeasterly in such a direction as to cross the South and East line of the said Section eighteen in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan.

DIANTHA BOSTWICK,
(Formerly Carpenter.

STEKETEE & KIM'S

Family Medicin's

—Consisting of—

KIM'S PILLS,
WORM CAKES,
AGUE CURE,
AND BITTERS.

May be found at H. Walsh and Wm. Van Patten's Drug Stores.

Ask your Druggist for Steketee and Kim's

Medicines

We are also General Dealers in Drugs Medicines &c.

STEKETEE & KIM,
67 Monroe St., Grand Rapids, Mich. 1-1

HARD-WARE

VAN LANDEGEND & TER HAAR,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cooking & Parlor

STOVES

HARD-WARE, NAILS, GLASS ETC.

Manufacturers of

COPPER, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE.

GAS AND STEAM

FITTERS.

LEAD AND IRON PIPES.

TEN AND SLATE ROOFING,

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Hot Air Furnaces

Drive Wells and Pumps

Of all kinds constantly on hand.

All kinds of Repairing done! short notice

Hot Air Furnaces

Drive Wells and Pumps

Of all kinds constantly on hand.

All kinds of Repairing done! short notice

THE ORIGINAL, CELEBRATED

"ELIAS HOWE"

Come and see it, Sit down and try it, Trial is the test, Success the proof.

IMPROVED

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINE.

You need not pay the whole cost of the Machine in Cash; we take \$10.00 down, and the balance in Monthly Installments.

J. S. HARDING, Special Agent,
HOLLAND, MICH.

CITY DRY GOODS STORE

D. BERTSCH

Opened the first stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS

NOTIONS, HATS, CAPS, GENTS'

Furnishing Goods

Etc., Etc.

Brought to Holland after the great fire. These goods he will sell at

GRAND RAPIDS PRICES.

CALL AT HIS

NEW STORE,

Corner of Market and Eighth Streets, Holland, Mich.

M. H. HOWELL,

CARPENTER AND PAINTER,

Jobs in Town or Country Solicited.

Furniture Repaired, Stained and Varnished.

KITCHEN TABLES, STANDS, CUPBOARDS, WHAT-NOTS, AND BRACKETS

Made to order. Shop on Main St., East side C. & M. L. S. R. R. 1-1

VARIETY AND JEWELRY STORE.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN,

Have on hand a constantly replenished, carefully selected and ever fresh stock of

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

STAIRS REPAIRS

FANCY TOYS

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, & NOTIONS,

FANCY GROCERIES

ETC.

Call on us and you may be sure the appearance, prices and quality of our Goods will suit you. We are ready to repair

WATCHES, CLOCKS OR JEWELRY

In a Thoroughly Safe Factory Ma

JOSLIN & BREYMAN,
Cor. 8th and Market Sts., Holland, Mich. 1-1

New Rail Road to Town

FREIGHTS REDUCED

GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER.

BURNED OUT but not DESTROYED

I have re-built at my old Stand and am ready to supply my Customers with as complete an assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES AND FINDINGS

As can be found in Western Michigan.

A FULL LINE OF

CUSTOM MADE WORK

ALWAYS ON HAND.

The most competent Workmen constantly Employed. All work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Particular Attention paid to Repairing

E. HEROLD,
8th St. Holland, Mich. 1-1

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

P. & A. STEKETEE

Have opened a large and well selected Stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES ETC., ETC.

in the—

Brick Store

—of—

E. J. HARRINGTON,

where may be found at all times, at

Wholesale or Retail.

Goods of the Best Quality and at Lowest

CASH PRICES.

Remember the place and call Early