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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XV.—NO. 47.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 748.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Terms of Subscription
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$3 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In sums to suit on productive Real Estate.

L. S. PROVIN,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agent.
Office Lovett's Block, opp. Sweet's Hotel,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Business Directory.

Commission Merchants.

BEACH, W. H. Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O. Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, &c.; River St.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, &c. River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

Livery and Sale Stables.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, &c.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana filled, Smoke them. For sale by all dealers. 217.

Physicians.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledebor.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's Drug Store. Residence, Corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in house formerly occupied by L. Sprietema.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

Societies.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of **UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M.,** will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evenings, Jan. 20, Feb. 17, March 17, April 14, May 12, June 16, July 14, Aug. 11, Sept. 8, Oct. 13, Nov. 10, Dec. 8. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

A. HUNTLEY, W. M.

O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

Knights of Labor.

Harmony Assembly, No. 3,719, of Holland City, meet in Odd Fellows' Hall every week. All communications should be addressed to:
HARMONY LOCK BOX,
27-y
Holland, Mich.

K. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 63, meets in Odd Fellows Hall at 7:30 p. m., on the First and Third Monday of each month. All Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application.
L. D. BALDUS, Commander.
W. A. HOLLEY, R. K.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.)
Apples, 40c; Beans, \$1.00; Butter, 16c; Eggs, 20c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes 35c to 40c.

RETAIL.

Apples, 50c; Beans, \$1.25; Butter, 18c; Eggs 24c; Honey, 14c; Onions, 60c; Potatoes, 45c

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Roach.)
Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, 100 lbs., 75c; Barley 100 lbs., \$1.25; Clover seed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Corn Meal 100 lbs., 95c; Corn, shelled, old 38c; new, 35c; Flour, \$3.50; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Hay, 100 lbs., \$1.50; Middlings, 100 lbs., 75c; Oats, 28c; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., \$5.00; Rye, 45c; Timothy Seed, \$3.00; Wheat, white, 70c; Red Fultz, 70c; Landcaster Red, 72c. Corn ear, 30c.

RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 60c; Bran, 100 lbs., 80c; Barley, 100 lbs., \$1.25; Clover seed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Corn Meal 100 lbs., 1.00c; Corn, shelled, 50c; Flour, \$4.30; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.60; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Hay, 100 lbs., \$1.50; Middlings, 100 lbs., 80c; Oats, 35c; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., \$5.00; Rye, 60c; Timothy, Seed, \$3.50. Corn ear 35c.

LOCAL ITEMS.

We wish all our readers a Merry, Merry Christmas.

Be sure and read the holiday supplement accompanying this issue.

PEW RENTS for the last quarter in Hope Church are now being paid at Mr. Herold's store.

H. POTTS, editor of the *Courier-Journal*, of Grand Haven, called on us last Wednesday.

THE Phoenix Planing Mill shut down on yesterday, Friday, for a period of two weeks.

MR. GEO. H. SOUTER contemplates starting a green house near this city in the spring.

JOHN DAMSTRA has been appointed postmaster of a new office at Getchell, this county.

ONE more week for you to indulge in your bad habits. Then for a general "swear off."

FAIRBANKS & LOWING have started their mill in Fillmore and will run the balance of the winter.

THE most sensible way is to buy your own present, then you are sure to have what you want.

NEXT Saturday is the first day of the new year. Look out for the 1887 in writing your letters.

DON'T forget to order your New Year calling cards at the News office early Monday morning.

MR. GEO. H. SOUTER and wife are spending the holidays visiting friends in Shelby and Muskegon.

THE next Reception of the Wau ka-zoo Boat Club will be held in the Opera House next Friday evening.

THE firm of Van Duren Bros., dealers in Boots and Shoes, have an advertisement in this issue which all should read.

COMMUNION in Hope Church one week from to-morrow. The preparatory service will occur next Thursday evening.

Up to the hour of our going to press we have been kindly remembered by two of our friends with Christmas presents.

THE harvesting of the ice crop commenced this week. The product is about eight inches in thickness and is of good quality.

DON'T fail to give the Band the encouragement which they deserve, by attending their concert next Tuesday evening, December 28.

M. KIRKINTVELD has a notice among our Special Notices in which he announces a large discount off holiday goods. Read it.

DID you hang up a good long stocking? We did, but there was a big hole in the toe of it and it was like a sieve, it let everything through.

DE HOPE devotes four columns of its space to a review of the life and doings, as a revivalist, of Elder M. J. Clapper, who recently died at Ventura.

JACOB FLIEMAN, JR., who is employed in his father's blacksmith shop, got a sliver of steel in his eye this week and fears are entertained that he will lose his eye.

THE sleighing at present is good but it does not make any difference with those of our subscribers who promised to bring us wood on their subscription account.

REMEMBER that with the next issue we commence running a Business Directory of Holland, and that we should like to have your business card in it.

THE first entertainment of the lecture course was given last Thursday evening by G. Paul Smith. The Opera House was about half filled. The entertainment was very fine.

THE Bazaar of the ladies of Hope Church held last Wednesday was well attended. It was a very pleasant and successful affair. The receipts were about forty dollars.

MARRIED:—On Friday, December 17, at the residence of the bride's parents by the Rev. Wm. Wormser, Mr. Foppe Klooster to Miss Dinah Van der Wal, both of Forest Grove.

THE firm of G. Van Patten & Sons presented every person connected with the City Hotel with a Christmas present. "Silas" was probably the happiest one of the employees with his present.

THE postoffice will be open to-day between the hours of 9 and 11 a. m., and 2 and 4 p. m. Get your mail between those hours. New Years day the office will be closed during the same hours.

A CHURCH Social under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of Hope Church will be held next week Wednesday, the 29th inst., at the house of Mrs. Prof. Charles Scott. This will be the closing social of the year. A general invitation is extended.

WE understand that Mr. H. Boone is having the plans and specifications made for a two-story brick block on his corner opposite the City Hotel. The building will be a very fine one and if Mr. Boone decides on building he will commence early in the spring.

AN alarm of fire was given Thursday night at about six o'clock. It was caused by the breaking out of fire in a house owned by the Consistory of the Ninth Street Christian Reformed Church and occupied by A. Stolp. The house was damaged about \$50; no insurance.

OF the one hundred and thirty persons engaged in business in Holland we have secured a card for our Business Directory from about fifty. We hope there will be no one who will refuse to place his business before the outside world through the medium of the News and its Directory, which is intended as an index to the prosperity of the city.

AN enjoyable feature of our entertainments lately has been the orchestra music given under the direction of Mr. Goodrich. We also understand that he has organized a class in music, and is giving instruction on that kind of instruments, the violin, and at some time in the near future proposes organizing a large orchestra, after his pupils are sufficiently advanced.

DON'T fail to have a Card in our Business Directory, which we shall commence publishing next week. If not for your direct benefit then for the sake of making a good showing to our neighbors, have your business advertised in it. It will cost you but \$1.00 which will barely pay us for one-half the space the directory will occupy. Give it your support.

O. BREYMAN and E. F. Sutton have let the contract for the erection of a new double store on the corner of Eighth and Market street. The building will be of brick, two stories high, and seventy-five feet in depth. The block will be ornamented with galvanized iron cornice and plate glass front. R. E. Werkman has the contract for the erection of the building which will be completed early in the spring.

A COLD blooded murder was committed last Saturday night at Grand Junction by which a blacksmith named John Crocker was killed by a young man of nineteen years named Charles Allen. The murderer and his father kept a hard cider pool room and the murdered man had lodged a complaint against them for selling liquor without a license. The young man met Crocker on the street and pulled a 32-caliber revolver and fired five shots at his victim, who died in about five minutes. The murderer and his father were both arrested.

SERVICES will be held at Lyceum Opera House on this Christmas morning, commencing at ten o'clock. The rector of Grace Episcopal Church, Rev. Geo. S. Ayres, officiating. The following fine musical programme will be rendered by the quartette choir:
In Troit, "All the earth is glad again," C. A. White.
Chant, "Thy Seat O God," Bennett.
Gloria Patri, Millard.
Te Deum, Jackson.
Jubilante Deo Chant, Woodward.
Hymn, Adesite Fideles, Reading.
Kyria Eleison, Young.
Gloria Tibi, Paxton.
Hymn, "Shout the Glad Tidings," E. L. Baker.

The public are cordially invited.

ABBEY's Uncle Tom Menagerie played to a large audience at the Opera House last Wednesday evening. Those who attended were much disappointed with the performance. The donkey, the dogs, and the pony were all utilized and pleased the audience. The company is evidently made up more of would-be musicians than

of actors. The street parade was the best part of the show. The company went from here to Plainwell. It is a mystery to us how an intelligent community can give a hearty reception to such a "stale chestnut."

"It is a shame that Holland can not have a good band," has been a common expression in this city for the past three years. We now have a band and an opportunity will be given to show an appreciation of the fact. The band has labored long and industriously to arrive at a degree of perfection and have not spared expense in the matter. They are now going to give a concert, assisted by the choir of Hope Church, at the Opera House, on next Tuesday evening, when we confidently expect to see a large audience greet and encourage them.

MR. J. A. LAMBERT, of this city, has taken the agency for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of New York. The company was incorporated in 1866, and is the leading Industrial Insurance Company of America with total resources of \$2,803,975.73. The industrial plan yields to the policy holder from \$14 to \$1,000 and over in cash, and insures a child from one year old to an old man of seventy on weekly payments of 5 cents to 60 cents. Mr. Lambert reports that he is doing well and as the company is an old and well-known one we take pleasure in recommending it.

A YOUNG man of Saugatuck named Chris. Zwemer, went to Grand Rapids the first of this week with a very estimable young lady to whom he was engaged to be married, and in order to raise money he forged his father's name to a check for \$50 and presented it to Mr. F. B. Wallin, who cashed it. Mr. Wallin thinking there was something wrong telegraphed the father, and Chris. was stopped in this city by Marshal Vaupell. Mr. Wallin and his father arrived here Tuesday night and confronted him, he confessed his guilt and was forgiven. He went home Wednesday morning and in the afternoon shot himself and died Thursday noon. Chagrin at his arrest and the probable refusal of the young lady to immediately marry him is alleged as the cause for the act. Young Zwemer was about twenty years old and was at one time employed in this city.

THIS week we had the pleasure of seeing the plans for the new Fanning Mill Factory. The building, if erected in this city, will be one of which we may feel proud. It will be 50x100 feet, and three stories high with a basement. If Mr. Werkman decides to build here it will be located on the site formerly occupied by the "old brewery." On the lake front will be a large and substantial dock and with a side track leading down to the building, the shipping facilities will be unequalled. Mr. Werkman has recently formed a co-partnership with Mr. H. Walsh and Mr. W. C. Walsh in the lumber business north-near Kalkaska—and may decide to locate his factory there also. Last Tuesday the lumber firm shipped several carloads of supplies to the scene of their lumber operations; seventeen men, twelve horses and a yoke of oxen, also departed at the same time.

Christmas.

THERE is no festival of so general interest throughout Christendom as that of Christmas. Early in the Christian era a day was observed in remembrance of our Saviour's birth, at first in April or May, then in January, but the selection of December 25th as the anniversary of that event was accepted and came into general use only a few hundred years since. Several causes led to the adoption of this date as the more proper one for the natal festival by all christian people, one of the most potent was that the heathen natives, among whom dwelt the christians, very generally regarded the winter solstice as a most important period of the year, as nature seemed then to assume new life and activity, thus the gods they worshiped were more personifications of nature and its powers, especially so in the more northern countries of Europe. History informs us that the Celts and Germans held their great Yule feast in commemoration of the fiery "sun-wheel"—the sun—believing that during the twelve nights extending from December 25 to January 6, they could trace the movements and interference on earth of their principal deities—Odin, Berchta, etc. To counteract this deep rooted feeling of the heathen the Christian people sought to excel their heathen neighbors in attractiveness and

gave dramatic representations of the birth of Christ and the events of his early life. The Christ-tree, or Christmas tree, was soon after added with lights and gifts as at the present time. Thus Christmas became a universal social festival for old and young as no other festival could become. In the greenery with which our homes and churches are still decked and in the many other Christmas customs we may see the faith of our heathen fore-fathers in the power of the returning sun at winter solstice, as he "wheels" back in his course to clothe the earth again in due time with green and hang new fruit on the trees.

The golden gates for the Christmas season of 1886 have swung open for the festive season and has this morning gladdened the hearts of many as the myriads of favors were received. The little folks, with their golden curls and bright eyes, were out of their beds early to see the good things Santa Claus brought them and many value their presents numerically. Many, however, were disappointed and the happiness of other children more fortunate was but a mockery to them. A tour around our city this Christmas morning would find many such, and a few dollars invested in pretty toys and presented to them would mark a golden epoch in their young lives. But who will do it?

"Not what we give but what we share."
For the gift without the giver is bare."
"To loyal hearts the value of all gifts
Must vary as the givers."

Yesterday, Friday, was the ideal shopping day and scores of people packed the stores of the city to buy presents for their loved ones. More shoppers were out and a greater business was done than has been known here in years. The tide of humanity flocked from one place to another and one business man remarked; "They keep us a bobbin', we are selling heaps of goods, but I haven't time to talk to you so good-day." The stores never presented a better appearance than this year. The display of goods was extensive and unique. We observed, however, that the purchase of useful articles predominated, although there were many exquisite gems in fancy articles to be seen; and as a great many of them were taken, it proves that an educated taste for the beautiful is rapidly being developed in our midst.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

At Yates & Kane's the first thing that greeted your attention was a long counter in the center of the store which was just filled with handsome Christmas and New Year cards a week ago, but to-day scarcely any remain. This firm have also had a fine trade in books, albums, toilet, dressing and jewelry cases, etc. They are "more" than satisfied with their trade this year.

At Meyer, Brouwer & Co., furniture dealers, we found the store crowded with people looking after presents. They have had a better holiday trade this year than ever before, and they have had a very fine line of goods.

Fifty thousand handkerchiefs and mufflers are a great many, but at D. Bertsch's dry goods store we learned that he had sold one-half of the stock he had, and as he advertised having one hundred thousand in the last News, that would be the number he has sold. He was happy over a brisk and lively trade.

At Root & Kramer's we were unable to get into the store on account of the rush, and as they had a good stock of toys and holiday goods they must have sold everything. Aid. Kramer was smiling and apparently happy with the "rush."

At Pessink Bros. and C. Blom Jr's, there was a "sweet sight." Candy, nuts, and fruits, in immense quantities were being sold by an increased force of clerks. The business in this line was not, however, any better than last year.

What will dazzle and bewilder the unaccustomed eye more than a tray of bright and beautiful diamonds, or of fine gold watches? These magnificent and costly articles were going at a lively rate at both the jewelry stores of O. Breymann and H. Wykhuyzen, and both gentlemen say that business was never better. In nearly every instance cash accompanied a sale and showed that prosperity is prevalent.

The ladies were out in numbers at the millinery stores of L. & S. Van den Berg & Co. and Mrs. D. M. Gee & Co., and a good business was evidently being transacted. Our modesty would only allow of our standing on the outside and looking into those places.

Kremers & Bangs had a very choice stock of toilet articles, dressing cases, and other articles kept in a first-class drug store, and Aid. Bangs enjoyed a good trade, and was happy over the apparent prosperity of the people of our beautiful city.

The clothing and gents' furnishing goods was well represented at the large and well filled store of J. W. Bosman, who enjoyed a well merited holiday trade.

At G. Van Patten & Sons there is always a rush and the trade elsewhere did not seem to make any particularly difference to their net daily sales. "Jake" was a little too busy for his own comfort and that was his only complaint.

The increased Holiday trade, it is to be hoped, is a true index of what the business will be during the coming year, and if it is, the business men and tradespeople of Holland are to be congratulated.

OVER THE CROSSIN'.

"Shine?—shine, sor? Ye see I'm jusst a dyin'—
Ter turn yer two boots inter glass
Where y'all see all the sights in the winders
'About lookin' up an' yer pass—
Seen me before? I've no doubt, sor;
I'm punctual haer, yer know,
Waitin' along the crossin'
Fur a little un, name o' Joe;
My brother, sor, an' a cute un'
Ba'ly turned seven, an' small,
But gettin' his livin' grad'ly
'Tendin' a bit uv a stall
Fur Millerkins down the av'nu;
Yer kin bet that young un' 's smart—
Worked right 'n' like a vetrun
Since the old un' gin 'im a start.

"Folks says he's a picture o' father,
Once mate o' the Lucy Lee—
Lost when Joe wor a baby,
Way off in some furin' sea.
Then mother kep' us together,
Though nobody thought she would,
An' worked an' slaved an' froze an' starved
Us long us ever she could.
An' since she died an' left us,
A couple o' years ago,
We've kep' right on in Cragg Alley
A housekeepin'—I an' Joe.
I'd jist got my kit when she went, sor,
An' people helped us a bit,
So we managed to get on somehow;
Joe was alius a brave little chit—
An' since he's got inter business,
Though we don't ape princes an' sich,
Tain't o' en we git right hungry,
An' we feel pretty tolabile rich.

"I used to wait at the corner,
Jest over th' other side,
But the notion o' bein' tended
Sort o' ruffled the youngster's pride,
So now I only watches
To see that he's safe across—
Sometimes it's a bit o' waitin',
But, bless yer, 'tain't no loss!
Look! there he is now, the raskal!
Dodgin' across the street
Ter 'prise me—an' look! I'm goin'—
He's down by the horses' feet!

Suddenly all had happened—
The look, the cry, the spring,
The shielding Joe as a bird shields
Its young with a sheltering wing;
Then up the full street of the city
A pause of the most abrupt.
And through all the din and the tumult
A painful minute of hush;
A tumble of scattered brushes,
As they lifted him up to the walk,
A gathering of curious faces,
And snatches of whispered talk;
Little Joe all trembling beside him
On the flagging, with a gentle grace
Pushing the tangled, soft brown hair
Away from the still, white face.
At his touch the shut lids lifted,
And swift over lip and eye
Came a glow as when the morning
Flushes the eastern sky;
And a hand reached out to his brother,
As the words came loud and clear:
"Joe, I reckon we mind our mother—
A minute back she wor here,
Smilin' an' callin' me to her!
I tell ye, I'm powerful glad
Yer such a brave, smart youngster,
The leavin' yer ain't so bad;
Hold hard to the right things she learnt us,
An' alius kep' honest an' true;
Good-bye, Joe—but mind, I'll be watchin'
Just-over—the crossin'—fur you!"
—Springfield Republican.

A LITTLE HEROINE.

BY ISABELLE VERNON.

"I'll go and try my fortune with Uncle Robert," said Jack. "Bess and Maria failed because he could not stand girls with such fine ideas; but I won't trouble him that way. The old fellow is all right if one only stirs him up in the right way."

"My child," said the gentle Mrs. Raymond, "I do not like to hear you speak in that boyish, rude manner. I fear your uncle would have less patience with you than with your sisters. No, he does not intend to forgive me, and we will make no further advances."

"Oh, yes, we will, dearie!" and Jack's curly head buried itself in the mother's shoulder, cooingly. "Do, do let me try to win the obstinate old—well, there, then—to win our honored relative to a proper sense of his obligations toward his only sister and her interesting family. How will that do, eh? Now, mother, don't shake your head so; it's no use. Why did you give me a boy's name and bring me up on tops and marbles if you wanted me to be a real girl?"

"It was your father's wish, you know, dear. He was so grievously disappointed that he had no son. But Jacqueline is not a boy's name; and Mrs. Raymond shook her head smilingly at her wayward daughter.

"No, but Jack is; and I'm never called anything else," that young lady replied, triumphantly, with an obstinate little shake of the jettly curls that gave such piquancy to her bright face. "If father were only here he would let me try anything that would take the burden from off your shoulders; and now that he is dead, uncle must surely forgive you for marrying against his wishes. What right had he to have wishes, anyhow?"

"He was my only living relative and guardian," answered Mrs. Raymond, who was always ready to excuse her brother's harsh treatment.

"Well, mother, do let me go bearded the lion in his den, the Douglas in his hall," said Jack, gaily. "You know we must do something, for we can get no work of any kind in this place, though we've tried so faithfully."

"Well, go, my dear, and I shall pray for your success," said the gentle mother. Mr. Robert Doran sat cowering beside a dull, spiritless fire one bright spring morning. His room was dusty and disordered, though its furnishing was good, and even luxurious. He looked moody and discontented, as if the wealth that showed itself in the handsome surroundings brought no pleasure to its owner. Perhaps he was thinking of the sister who had once made sunshine in the now gloomy home, and wishing that his pride would let him beg her to come back, and care for him in his lonely, dreary old age.

A tap at the door aroused him. "Who is it?" he demanded in surprise; for his servants never came unsummoned. The door opened slowly, and a bright face peeped in.

A bright blaze followed her vigorous action, dancing on the walls, and showing the bright hues of pictures and furniture, despite the dust that covered them; bringing a cheery look, too, even to Mr. Doran's grim face.

"There!" said Jack, giving a last approving poke; "that's better. Now, if I just open this window and let in the sunshine, so,"—snuffing the action to the word—"you'll feel as bright as a spring morning."

The girl was like a May-day herself; fluttering around the room as if wuffed by invisible breezes; her bright face the embodiment of sunshine; and as the lonely old man watched her light fingers bringing order out of the confusion that had reigned so long, a quizzical smile dawned on his face.

"For a would-be boy, you seem to know a good deal about such things," he remarked, dryly.

"That's the mother-part of me," said Jack, as she "settled" the chairs and furniture with a touch that only a woman has.

Then she came and sat down on a footstool beside him; and, clasping her knee with both hands, looked up with smiling audacity, saying, "You'd better let me stay awhile, uncle; you'd be a great deal more comfortable."

There was deep anxiety beneath the merry exterior, for she knew well how vital her uncle's favor was. Her mother was too delicate; her sisters too fine ladies to work; and the child (she was not much more, in spite of her seventeen years) felt as though the burden of the family rested on her shoulders.

Her uncle was very wealthy, and if he only could be brought to forgive her mother, what happy days they would see!

He had sent once for her two sisters to spend a week at Glenside—a step toward reconciliation which her mother had hailed with thankful joy. But before the week was out, he sent them both home, saying he couldn't stand their fine airs; that, since his sister had chosen to bring up her family to such idle habits, he would have nothing more to do with them.

The one longing of the old man's heart had been for a son to bear his name. That hope disappointed in the early death of his wife, he had gradually grown into the selfish, gloomy man Jack found him this fair spring morning.

There was something in her bright, boyish face that fascinated him; and now, with a warmth that surprised himself, he said, "Stay if you like, my child. It's a dull place within doors; but there are flowers and sunshine."

It was so much kinder than Jack had dared hope, that she could have cried for joy.

"Oh, you dear uncle!" she said; and kissed his wrinkled old face with an honest heartiness that he was quick to feel.

"There, there!" he said, impatiently, as if ashamed of the unwonted softness he had shown. "Go and tell cook that you're going to stay, and that she must give you a room and see to your meals. Do not be afraid if she's cross," he added, somewhat anxiously; "she does not like trouble or work."

"I won't!" said Jack, as she ran off. Half an hour later she looked in the door again, saying: "Come to lunch, Uncle Robert. Yes" (as he stared at her in amazement), "I know cook always brought you just what she liked up here, because she did not want you down stairs. There has been a skirmish, but it's all right now. Come for my sake, please."

Mr. Doran drew his dressing-gown more closely around him, and followed Jack down into the small breakfast-room, which she had chosen because it was so much pleasanter than the great oak-wainscoted dining-room.

A most tempting lunch was spread upon the round table, and flowers were intermingled with the dishes in profusion. It was pretty to see the air with which she led her uncle to his place, then took her own opposite him, almost forgetting—in her eagerness to serve him—to satisfy the demands of her own healthy young appetite.

"Did cook do all this?" Mr. Doran asked, with some curiosity.

"No," replied Jack, blushing. "She wanted to take you up some smoky soup, and because I said no, she wouldn't do anything else, so I did it myself. Don't you like it all?" and she looked anxiously at him.

"You are not like your sisters," he said, not replying to her question.

"Oh, no!" and Jack shook her head somewhat dejectedly. "They are very accomplished—real young ladies, you know. But, then, I can cook, and sweep, and do things that they can't."

"But I do not want a cook and a housemaid," said Mr. Doran.

"I think you do," laughed Jack. "If you had only tasted the soup!"

"Child!" cried Mr. Doran, suddenly catching at her hand, "I'm a disappointed, heart-broken old man. If you could only love me a little—"

"I do, Uncle Robert; I do, truly!" said Jack.

And she meant it; for her warm heart had gone out at once to the lonely old man, so unhappy in the midst of his wealth; and she comforted him now, in the best way she knew, with loving words that, skeptic as he was, he felt were honest and true.

"I fear master be a goin' to die; he wor never so gentle afore," said cook, a week later, who, under Jack's skillful handling, was so gentle herself as to warrant forebodings of sudden demise.

That very night Mr. Doran was taken suddenly and violently ill. Jack heard his groans, and hastening to his assistance, found him suffering intensely.

"You must go for the doctor cook; there's no one else to go," said Jack.

"Indeed, I'll not," replied cook, decisively, "he's been none so good a master to me that I should risk myself in the dark for him."

"Then watch him while I go," implored Jack. "Do not leave him, or he'll die."

She had been down to the village once, on an errand for her uncle, and knew she could find her way; but it was so different now, at night. Brave Jack for going! But how her heart fluttered, and her limbs quivered with fear, as she hastened on through the starlight!

The way seemed interminable; but at last the few lights which yet burned in the village shone out close at hand, and one part of her journey was over.

Cheesey was one of those unfortunate villages with houses so painfully similar that a stranger might well wonder how each inhabitant knew his own home. Little wonder, then, that Jack, after much uncertain pausing before various doors, should at last decide upon the wrong one.

She rapped gently, then listened. A footfall sounded on the pavement, a hand was on the gate and—yes—the steps were coming toward her, swiftly, certainly.

IN A KOORDISH VILLAGE.

One of Thomas Stevens' Many Unpleasant Experiences in His Bicycle Journey Around the World.

"The shades of evening are beginning to settle down over the wild, mountainous country round about. It is growing uncomfortably chilly for this early in the evening and the prospects look favorable for a supperless and most disagreeable night, when I descry a village perched in an opening among the mountains a mile or thereabouts off to the right," writes Thomas Stevens in *Outing*.

"Repairing thither, I find it to be a Koordish village, where the hovels are more excavations than buildings; buffaloes, horses, goats, chickens, and human beings all find shelter under the same low roof; their respective quarters are nothing but a mere railing of rough poles, and as the question of ventilation is never even thought of, the effect upon one's olfactory nerves upon entering is anything but reassuring. The filth and rags of these people are something abominable; on account of the chilliness of the evening they have donned their heavier raiment; these have evidently had rags patched on top of other rags for years past until they have gradually developed into thick-quilted garments, in the innumerable seams of which the most disgusting entomological specimens, bred and engendered by their wretched mode of existence, live and perpetuate their kind. However, repulsive as the outlook most assuredly is, I have no alternative but to cast my lot among them till morning.

"I am conducted into the Sheikh's apartment, a small room partitioned off with a pole from a stable full of horses and buffaloes, and where darkness is made visible by the sickly glimmer of a grease lamp. The Sheikh, a thin, saw-toothed man of about forty years, is reclining on a mattress in one corner, smoking cigarettes; a dozen ill-conditioned ragamuffins are squatting about in various attitudes, whilst the rag-tag and bob-tail of the population crowd into the buffalo stable and survey me and the bicycle from outside the partition pole.

"A circular wooden tray containing an abundance of bread, a bowl of *yaort*, and a small quantity of peculiar stringy cheese that resembles chunks of dried codfish, warped and twisted in the drying, is brought in and placed in the middle of the floor. Everybody in the room at once gather around it and begin eating with as little formality as so many wild animals; the Sheikh silently motions for me to do the same. The *yaort* bowl contains one solitary wooden spoon, with which they take turns at eating mouthfuls. One is compelled to draw the line somewhere, even under the most uncompromising circumstances, and I naturally draw it against eating *yaort* with this same wooden spoon; making small scoops with pieces of bread, I dip up *yaort* and eat scoop and all together. These particular Koords seem absolutely ignorant of anything in the shape of mannerliness, or of consideration for each other at the table. When the *yaort* has been dipped into twice or thrice all round, the Sheikh coolly confiscates the bowl, eats part of what is left, pours water into the remainder, stirs it up with his hand, and deliberately drinks it all up; one or two others seize all the cheese, utterly regardless of the fact that nothing but bread remains for myself and their companions, who, by the by, seem to regard it as a perfectly natural proceeding.

"After supper they return to their squatting attitudes around the room, and to a resumption of their never-ceasing occupation of scratching themselves. The eminent economist who lamented the wasted energy represented in the wagging of all the dogs' tails in the world, ought to have traveled through Asia on a bicycle and have been compelled to hob-nob with the villagers; he would undoubtedly have wept with sorrow at beholding the amount of this same wasted energy, represented by the above-mentioned occupation of the people. The most loathsome member of this interesting company is a wretched old hypocrite who rolls his eyes about and heaves a deep-drawn sigh of Allah! every few minutes, and then looks furtively at myself and the Sheikh to observe its effects; his sole garment is a round-about mantle that reaches to his knees, and which seems to have been manufactured out of the tattered remnants of other tattered remnants tacked carelessly together without regard to shape, size, color, or previous condition of cleanliness; his thin, scrawny legs are bare, his long black hair is matted and unkempt, his beard is stubby and unlovely to look upon, his small black eyes twinkle in the semi-darkness like ferret's eyes, whilst soap and water have to all appearances been altogether stricken from the category of his personal requirements.

"Probably it is nothing but the lively workings of my own imagination, but this wretch appears to me to entertain a decided preference for my society, constantly insinuating himself as near me as possible, necessitating constant watchfulness on my part to avoid actual contact with him."

A Problem.

The coachmen pulls up at a railroad crossing, alights, and lowers the window of the carriage.

"There, sor," he says, "you can put yer head out now."

"Put my head out! What do you mean?"

"Why, sor, the sign beyant there by the thrack says, 'Look out for the locomotive.'"

"Why, you fool," testily exclaimed the occupant of the carriage, "you are the party who is to do the looking out."

"I am! Well, how can I do that when I'm not inside?"—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

FITH AND POINT.

The man who believes money talks always wants to bet it.

The hour hand of a clock is probably regarded by the minute hand as the "left" hand.

"THERE is something I have just dashed off," said the poet as he knocked his would-be son-in-law off the doorstep.—*Boston Courier.*

"NERVE food" is advertised. This is the kind of food the man eats who wants to occupy two seats in a crowded railroad car.—*Boston Courier.*

SCENE in Mrs. Newryrich's library. Visitor (exploring book-case)—Have you read your Bunyan's Progress. Mrs. Newryrich—Land sake! have they got my feet into the papers?—*Life.*

THINGS one would rather leave unsaid: She—And you are really better, professor, since you came to live at Hemstead? He—Oh, yes, a different man altogether. She—How pleased your friends will be!

"SHE did wrong to look back; didn't she, Bessie?" "Yes, mamma." "And what do you think Lot thought when he saw his poor wife turned into a pillar of salt?" "I don't know, mamma; I suspect he wondered where he could get a fresh one."

"THIS paper tells of a place out West where water is sold for 50 cents a bucket," remarked Jones. "Ah," returned Smith, "it's only when we read of such things that we appreciate our own advantages. With water at 50 cents a bucket, what must be the price of beer."

"Yes, the ballet is very fine, but I'd like to take those bald-headed men in the front row out to Montana with me." "What for?" "On a speculation. They pay a premium on baldness out there." "I didn't know that." "Oh, yes; there's quite a bounty for bear scalps."—*Chicago Ledger.*

THE LOVER'S COMPLIMENT.

He called, but Jennie was from home, And her room they let him see.
"A fitting nest it is for such A pretty bird," quoth he.
"A fitting nest for such a bird It is," again quoth he.
"But Jennie's room ain't half as good As her company is to me."

—*Boston Budget.*

"You are a comical fellow," remarked a Texas gentleman to a newly-married friend. "In what respect?" "You might have married the pretty young daughter, but you went and married her ugly old mother." "Strategy, my boy. Don't you see how I headed her off from being my mother-in-law?"

A LITTLE boy who had lost a pet sheep through death was somewhat consoled on visiting a cemetery one Sunday. "Mamma," he said, as he discovered a number of marble figures of lambs on the tombstones, "I guess I ain't the only one that's lost a sheep. There seems to be lots of them buried here."—*Puck.*

BAGLEY—Say no more, Aurelia, I forbid the match. Young Spriggs may be a gentleman, but he is poor. Aurelia—But he is one of the heirs to the great Hogg estate of \$64,000,000. Bagley—Nothing of the sort, girl. He is deceiving thee. Aurelia—Why, pa, I'm sure he told me that he is one of the lawyers engaged to defend the will.—*Philadelphia Call.*

"YOUR actions are simply disgraceful, John Henry!" exclaimed Mrs. Henry at breakfast the morning after John's return from the club. "If you do not like my actions, Mrs. Henry," replied he, "the divorce courts are open to you."

"I shall not need to take that method to show my disapproval while there is a poker left in the house," was the meaning reply. And then there was deep silence.

A MAN who was traveling along a country road in Arkansas was overtaken by a gaunt fellow who asked: "How fur yer goin' on this road?" "About two miles," "Wall, I tell yer what I wush yer'd do. When yer get ter Dr. Gillum's—big white house on the right—stop an' tell him that Bill Henley's wife is powerful sick an' wants him right now." "I'll do so. Are you Mr. Henley?" "Yes, sir." "It's fortunate that you saw me for instead of going all the way to the doctor's you can now go back and stay with your wife." "Yes, but you see I want to go to the circus. That's the reason I can't go all the way to the dock's. They tell me that they've got ten monkeys an' er b'ar. Wall, here's whar I turn off. Don't fergit ter tell the dock."—*Arkansas Traveler.*

Killed the Whole Family.

A singular instance of the contagiousness of consumption is related by a French medical journal. A young man who had contracted bronchitis married a healthy woman. Within a year he died of consumption. Not long afterward his widow's lungs were found to be fatally diseased, and their child speedily followed them. One of their neighbors, a robust young woman, was suddenly attacked with the same disease. While she had called repeatedly at the house of the consumptive family she had never remained in the sick-room over night; but she had eaten chickens which had been killed on their farm. As it was reported that several of these fowls had died prematurely, the medical authorities decided to have other chickens killed and examined. It was then discovered that the fowls had contracted consumption, their livers containing the bacilli now recognized as a characteristic of the disease. These fowls had swallowed the sputa of the infected family and contracted the disease; and the unlucky neighbor's daughter, who had eaten one of the fowl's livers, became a victim in her turn. This is one of the most remarkable stories ever vouched for by a medical journal.—*New York Tribune.*

Men and Women in Life's Prime
Who rise unrefreshed, feel languid through the day, have little appetite, and whose faces exhibit a sallow tint, are on the short route to the grave. Unless they can effect a radical change in their condition they will not reach old age. Invigoration is the only means of their physical salvation. Upon Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they can rely to furnish them with the stamina, which is a prerequisite of health, and to remove that prime cause of continued debility, indigestion and non-assimilation of the food. We class these causes as one, since they are joint functions of one organ, the stomach, chiefly. Built up and rehabilitated with this superb restorative of vigor, the system may bid defiance to malaria, rheumatism, bladder and kidney diseases, and other maladies prone to attack the enfeebled. The Bitters not only affords a safeguard against disease of a virulent type, but effects a prompt reform in the condition of a drowsy or disordered liver and irregular bowels.

A Marmoset.
While I write, a small marmoset monkey—length about six inches—disports himself freely in a sumach tree near to a sunny wall in our garden, amusing himself with catching newly fledged moths, small spiders, or any other specimens of the insect tribe that may come in his way. This season these are curiously few and far between, and he will, "faute de mieux," even eat earwigs, or, as Lord Tennyson's North Country "Spinster" calls them, "battle-twins." Query, which is the more correct term of the two, or the least incorrect?

Seeing that Marmie finds nothing more of an edible kind, I offer him a fresh-gathered pea-pod, and he eagerly gnaws the end, inserts a tiny hand, and helps himself to one pea after another, devouring it with avidity, all but the skin, which he wisely rejects as tough and indigestible. These little monkeys are very nice in their food—as particular as any picture in their choice of kind and condition. Everything they take must be of the freshest and best. Only the ripest and sweetest fruit, only the cream of the milk, only the purest water, only live insects, will suit Marmie. His infinite delight in being in the open air is quite beyond description. He will climb up or down stairs to get at me, in the hope of inducing me to take him into the garden. If shut up in his cage he will cry like a child, with the same object in view: and to drive out in a carriage is as great a pleasure to him as to any child. He will look from the window all the time, and the little head works this way and that, the bright eyes taking in all the surroundings. Anything that attracts his special notice—a red parasol, a white horse, a bright-colored van, a child with a skipping rope—is greeted with a vivacious: "Chip, chip!" and an upward look for sympathy at each passing excitement.

There is, perhaps, no other garden in England around the paths of which a little marmoset has daily gambled during the late warm summer weather, finding its meals *al fresco*, in the shape of small snails and slugs, spiders, caterpillars and beetles. He is very fond of the woodlouse, too ("cheese-log," an old servant calls them), which is fortunate, since it may be found in the absence of all else.

One is usually taught to suppose that these little delicate pets must be fed on bread and milk (which they appear to hate, or at least only take when driven to it by sheer hunger), and kept in close confinement in a warm room, or a greenhouse at most. But certainly where it is possible to let them enjoy the fresh open air in warm weather, with a natural diet of insects, it apparently suits them, and gives them a sense of enjoyment of life which is the nearest approach to their happy existence in their native wild, beautiful woods of Brazil that we can give them.—*London Spectator.*

ARCHITECT EDMOND LEGENDRE, 419 Sutter street, San Francisco, Cal., states that having suffered for a long time with a severe cough, and, failing to obtain any relief from doctors and the numerous preparations he took, he became alarmed. Tried Red Star Cough Cure, and one bottle entirely cured him.

Animals as Doctors.

There are some animal doctors, but the dumb brutes are so wise in their own way, that, like a great many human beings, they get along better when they follow nature's teachings without the intervention of a physician. Some animals get rid of parasites by the use of dust, mud, or clay. Those suffering from fever restrict their diet, keep quiet, seek darkness and airy places, drink water, and sometimes plunge into it. If a dog loses his appetite, he eats "dog's grass." Sheep when ill seek out certain herbs, and puss, also, finds an emetic or a purgative in a certain species of grass or herbs. When a dog is constipated he eats fatty substances with avidity. An animal suffering from rheumatism keeps in the sun. The warrior ants have ambulances, and when an investigator cut the antennae of an ant, other ants covered the wound with a transparent fluid, secreted from their mouths. A wounded chimpanzee stops the bleeding of a bruise by placing leaves and grass on the wound. A dog, on being stung on the muzzle by a viper, plunged his head repeatedly, for several days, in running water, and recovered. A sporting dog was run over by a carriage. During three weeks in winter he remained lying in a brook, where his food was taken to him, and he also recovered. A terrier dog hurt its right eye. He remained lying under a counter, avoiding light and heat, although he had previously been in the habit of keeping close to the fire. He rested, abstained from food, licked his paw, and applied it to the wounded eye.

MR. ED P. WELLS, Thetis P. O., Stevens Co., Wash. Terr., was entirely cured of rheumatism by the use of St. Jacobs Oil. He says: "I consider it a wonderful remedy and will always speak a good word for it."

Important.
When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, expressage, and \$3 carriage hire, and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite Grand Central Depot.
613 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages, and elevated railroad all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

How They Drink Beer in Spain.
They drink beer in a curious manner in Spain. A correspondent of the *Hanover Courier* relates how his guide, a Frenchman by the name of Laboisso, proposed to visit a brewery operated by a firm with a German name. It was notable for its cool accommodations. The weather was very warm, and a cool spot as well as a cool fatherland's draught was not to be despised. As they entered they were confronted by some Andalusian peasants in their picturesque costume. They had evidently come in to the celebration of some patron saint's festival, and wished to gratify their curiosity with regard to the new strange drink styled "cerveza." Two bottles insecurely corked were brought, a large and a small one, also a soup-dish, into which Laboisso poured the contents of the larger, which had a beer-like color. The contents of the smaller bottle followed, the fluid being of a pale, lemonade color. Laboisso stirred up the mixture before him with as much solicitude as though concocting a pineapple punch. This was the custom of the country. The beverage, which savored more of flat lemonade than of beer, was then drank out of small glasses.—*Brewers' Guardian.*

"Petroleum, Its Source and Production."

This title indicates to some extent the character and scope of the new Holiday Annual for 1887, by "A Man," which is now in press and will be ready, on or about the 20th inst., for delivery by the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway. It is to all intents and purposes a gift to the friends and patrons of that road. The subject is ably handled, and discussed in a clear, colloquial vein that will captivate adults and youth alike, although especially "dedicated to the boys and girls of America." It embodies a vast amount of scientific and practical information, is profusely illustrated with diagrams, sketches, and full-page engravings from original drawings true to fact and nature—with beautiful and striking design on outside cover, printed in colors. It is a book that will challenge wide attention and comment—something choice, elegant and valuable, that will pay to read, study, discuss and preserve—and the Company have spared no expense to produce it in first-class style. Inclose 10 cents in postage stamps and address
E. A. HOLBROOK,
Gen. Ticket and Pass Agent, C. R. I. and P. Ry., Chicago, Ill.

AFTER tea has been steeped in boiling water for three minutes, over five-sixths of the valuable constituents are extracted. At the end of ten minutes the leaves are almost entirely exhausted. Prolonged infusion gives no additional strength to the liquid, but it does cause the loss, by volatilization, of the flavoring principles. Hard waters are to be preferred to soft waters in the teapot, as the hard waters dissolve less of the tannin out of the leaves. The bearing of these laboratory results on the art of making a good cup of tea is obvious.

PRACTICAL jokes are like lung troubles—there is a pain in the chest.

DR. SAGE'S Catarrh Remedy cures when every other so-called remedy fails.

THE oyster persistently refuses to respond to an encore.—*Burlington Free Press.*

A Deep Mystery.

Wherever you are located you should write to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information about work that you can do and live at home, making thereby from \$5 to \$25 and upwards daily. Some have made over \$50 in a day. All is new. Hallett & Co. will start you. Capital not needed. Either sex. All ages. No class of working people have ever made money so fast heretofore. Comfortable fortunes await every worker. All this seems a deep mystery to you, reader, but send along your address and it will be cleared up and proved. Better not delay; now is the time.

"ROUGH ON RATS"

Cleaves out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, beetles, insects, skunks, jack rabbits, sparrows, gophers. 15c. At druggists.

"ROUGH ON CORNS."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick relief, complete cure. Corns, warts, bunions. 15c.

"ROUGH ON ITCH."

"Rough on Itch" cures skin humors, eruptions, ring worm, tetter, salt rheum, frost-bite, chilblains, itch, ivy poison, barber's itch. 50c jar.

"ROUGH ON CATARRH"

Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases; also unequalled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

CHAPPED hands, face pimples, and rough skin cured by using Juniper's Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

"ROUGH ON PILES."

Why suffer Piles? Immediate relief and complete cure guaranteed. Ask for "Rough on Piles." Sure cure for itching, protruding, bleeding, or any form of piles. 50c. At druggists or mailed.

SKINNY MEN.

Wells' "Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, indigestion, nervous debility. For weak men, delicate women. \$1.

WELLS' HAIR BALM.

If gray, restores to original color. An elegant dressing, softens and beautifies. No oil nor grease. A tonic restorative. Stops hair coming out; strengthens, cleanses, heals scalp. 50c.

ONE industry remains to the poor Indian—that of ticket-scalper to an immigrant train.—*Philadelphia Item.*

A NEGLECTED cough often terminates fatally. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral affords speedy relief.

BYRON had a dog which he called "Perchance," for did he not write, "Perchance my dog will howl!"—*Carl Pretzel's Weekly.*

FOR restoring youthful freshness and color to gray hair, use Hall's Hair Renewer.

WHAT lovers swear—I will be true, my love, till death. What husbands swear—not till for publication.

If a cough disturbs your sleep, take Piso's Cure for Consumption and rest well.

"The Slough of Despondency"
In which you are wallowing, on account of some of those diseases peculiar to you, madame, and which have robbed you of the rosy hue of health, and made life a burden to you, you can easily get out of. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will free you from all such troubles, and soon recall the rose-tint of health to your cheek, and the elasticity to your step. It is a most perfect specific for all the weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to your sex. It cures ulceration, displacements, "internal fever," bearing-down sensations, removes the tendency to cancerous affections, and corrects all unnatural discharges. By druggists.

Who hath redness of eyes? They that tarry long with hay fever.

YOUNG or middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility, loss of memory, premature old age, as the result of bad habits, should send 10 cents in stamps for illustrated book offering sure means of cure. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

AN unmixed evil—whisky straight.—*Burlington Free Press.*

AN EXTENDED POPULARITY.—BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been before the public many years. For relieving Coughs and Throat troubles they are superior to all other articles. Sold only in boxes.

THE physician likes his cough-fee.—*Whitehall Times.*

Rheumatism

We doubt if there is, or can be, a specific remedy for rheumatism; but thousands who have suffered its pains have been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you have failed to find relief, try this great remedy. It corrects the acidity of the blood which is the cause of the disease, and builds up the whole system.

"I was afflicted with rheumatism twenty years. Previous to 1883 I found no relief, but grew worse, until I was almost helpless. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me more good than all the other medicine I ever had." H. T. BALCOM, Shirley Village, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

RRR
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Cures and Prevents
Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Stiff Neck, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Headache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Asthma, Frostbites, Chilblains.

quicker than any known remedy. It was the first and is the only

PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuragic, or prostrated with diseases may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
will afford instant ease. Thirty to sixty drops in half tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Palpitation of the Heart, Cholera, Chills and Fever, Faintness, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels and all Internal Pains. Price 50 cents. Fifty Cents per Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

DR. RADWAY & CO., N. Y.,
Proprietors of Radway's Sarsaparilla Resolvent and Dr. Radway's Pills.

FLORIDA! A description of Pleasant Valley sent free. E. RUMLEY, Keuka, Fla.

PATENT FOR SALE. THE ADAMSON CO., Patent Solicitors, Muncie, Indiana.

OPIMUM Habit Cured. Treatment sent on trial. HUMAN REMEDY CO., LaFayette, Ind.

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A Beautiful Statuette of Bartholdi's Great Work.
THE MOST LIBERAL AND ATTRACTIVE OFFER EVER MADE.
By arrangement with the Statue of Liberty Manufacturing Company, I am enabled to make the following unparalleled offer, which places this beautiful statuette of bronze and nickel, within the reach of every one.
The statuette has been specially made for me, and is a fac-simile of the identical material of the great statue. The pedestal and base are heavily nickel-plated, and will, with proper care, last brilliant and untarnished a lifetime. Thousands of statuette of inferior workmanship, of less height, without base, have been sold at \$1 each.
This is the only statuette authorized by M. Bartholdi or the American Committee, and can be obtained by no other publisher in the United States or Canada. We make the following offers:
I. To any person sending us a new subscriber to the *Illustrated Newspaper* (\$4), or to the *Popular Monthly* (\$3), for one year, we will mail, postpaid, the statuette of Liberty.
II. To any person sending two new subscribers to the *Sunday Magazine* (\$2.50), for one year, we will send the statuette.
III. To any person sending not less than \$4, except as stated above, for any of our publications, singly or in combination, we will send the statuette.
In each case the full subscription fee must be sent directly to this office, and request for the statuette distinctly stated with the remittance.
The Statuette will not be sold, without subscription, at any price.
FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR MONTHLY for 1887.
This old favorite, "The Monarch of the Monthlies," will, in the coming year, be more attractive than ever. Among its features will be:
Subjects of the Day, in the Old World or the New, always treated with illustrations to bring the whole vividly before the mind of the reader.
Popular Science, by able and able writers.
Papers on Our National Capital, the Great Seaports and Manufacturing Cities.
Outdoor Amusements of the American People on Land and Water.
Articles and Stories by General Lew Wallace, Fita W. Pierce, Lucy H. Hooper, Walter E. McCann, Elizabeth Taylor, A. V. Abbott, Colonel Chaille Low, Hon. Clarence Pullen, Ansburn Tower, Fay Adams, Amelia A. Barr, and other talented and popular writers.
All the other publications of this house will be kept up to their well-known high standard of merit, and fully abreast the duties and demands of the times.
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Quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia in all its forms. Heartburn, Belching, Cracking the Food, etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food. Mrs. David Rickard, Waterloo, Iowa, says: "I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia. Brown's Iron Bitters has completely cured me." "I suffered with Dyspepsia for four years. Less than three bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters cured me. It gave me great pleasure in recommending it." "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and consider it an unequalled remedy." Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by **BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.**
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List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Dec. 23, 1886: Miss Mary Bachman, J. R. Brower, Edward Donaldson, John Langland, Rosa McLar, Michial Oherow, Mrs. J. A. Rudell, Mrs. F. Shaver.

WM. VERBEK, P. M.

Mr. R. E. WERKMAN, of Holland, Mich., has purchased the Kellogg mill property in this township, together with the lands adjoining the same, and is preparing to make business lively around that establishment. He will put in a new engine and boiler and make such other repairs as will enable the concern to do first-class work. Mr. W. informs us that he has some thoughts of removing to this place his fanning mill establishment, which is quite an extensive one, and would furnish employment for about sixty men. Mr. Werkman is a gentleman who impresses us favorably, and we hope he will conclude to remove his manufacturing plant to our town.—*Kalkaska Leader.*

Analysis of the City Water.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY, UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, December 15, 1886.

The following is an analysis of the water from the city system of Water Works, which was sent to Ann Arbor by City Physician and Health Officer Dr. H. Kremers for analysis: "The reaction neutral. Degrees of hardness by Clark's scale, seven degrees:

	Grains in U. S. Gal.	Parts in 1,000,000.
Total Solid residue.....	16.63063	285.
Organic Residue.....	1.56972	27.
Bases—		
Lime.....	3.2756	56.168
Magnesia.....	.1825	3.13
Soda.....	.4363	7.31
Potassa.....	2.2334	38.64
Iron, very slight trace.....		
Alumina.....	2.3685	38.9
Acids—		
Sulphuric Acid.....	.5855	10.41
Chlorine.....	1.9244	33.
Silica.....	.3706	6.5
Carbonic Acid.....	2.57357	41.132
Total.....	14.35883	238.190

Forty grains of solid matter per gallon are not injurious as such. Ten grains of chlorine per gallon are not injurious as such, but give reason for suspecting contamination. Ammonia, if at all present, is in such slight traces as not to be injurious or calculable in a laboratory full of gas."

OUT AROUND.

Lake Shore.

As the various Lake Shore correspondents have been somewhat remiss of late in chronicling the events of this vicinity. I shall be obliged to give the readers of the News some "back number items." Some months ago "Rev." Peter Clapper, of Ventura, left his wife and several small children, in destitute circumstances, and has since been living in Grand Rapids. We are informed he has obtained a divorce from his wife, on what grounds it is impossible to conjecture, as it seems it was a case of desertion on his part. The law as administered in Kent County must be very lax or the "Rev." Peter must have done some very hard swearing. ...D. C. Huff, has gone to Arkansas to work during the winter. About eight weeks ago his youngest son, Edward, cut his foot with an axe severing the cords of the big toe. He is just beginning to walk with the aid of a crutch. ...N. W. Ogden has put in a feed mill. The motive power is supplied by his thrasher engine. He reports having plenty of work and makes an excellent quality of feed, graham flour, etc. ...We are to have a Christmas tree Friday night in the red school house. The M. E. Church was refused for the occasion, that temple of worship being too sacred an edifice to be defiled by such vagaries. ...A series of evening meetings have been held in the Methodist church recently, conducted by the Revs. Thos. Rible, of this place, H. D. Jordan, of Holland city, and last, but in his own estimation not the least, Wm. Sherman, D. D., also of this place. He is about nineteen years of age, and some of the good people of this vicinity are so uncharitable as to say that this brother is afflicted with a peculiar disease, not necessarily fatal in its effects, but which sometimes leads to unlooked for and unpleasant consequences. It is peculiar to the very young and bigoted and is called by nearly all classes of people in this enlightened community, "The Big Head." We cannot say that the ministrations of the gentlemen were attended by any great success, as they failed to make any converts. The fault, if any, does not lie with the minister in charge, but with the church to which he is sent. ...A spelling school was held on the evening of the 17th inst. in the school house in District No. 6, in charge of Mrs. Alice Casswell, and was largely attended by visitors from other schools. The exercises were very interesting and an enjoyable time was had. ...The man that predicted an open winter, with no snow or cold weather until after Jan. 1, 1887, is vainly sought for by those that thirst for his blood. ...We sincerely hope that bad blood may not be engendered between "H. A." your correspondent at West Olive, and "Andrew," of Ottawa Station. It must be somewhat straining to the nerves of those individuals to be prancing around the neighborhood with a chip on their shoulders, metaphorically, alternate weeks waiting for the other to knock it off. ...The ice bergs are assuming fantastic shapes on the beach of Lake Michigan.

"FREE LANCE."

Ottawa Station.

Hile J. Fletcher and Hattie Conklin, both of Olive were married week before last. Immediately after the ceremony

was performed, the bridegroom repaired to his bachelor apartments of the past seven years, and proceeded to demolish every article of furniture there contained that would in any way remind him of the past. Even the old armchair, although bowed down and enveloped in crape, was not spared, but its broken fragments were thrown upon the fire and reduced to ashes. The worthy couple have our congratulations in their start over the border into the happy land. ...It appears that the late blizzards have created something like a panic between this place and the "Lake Shore," and the people are looking in this direction for safety. Among the number last week, we recognized two of our friends, and had the pleasure of their stay with us over night. The first was "Free Lance," of the Lake Shore, the second was "H. A." the famous weather prophet of West Olive. ...James Fletcher was badly hurt one day week before last by a falling limb. The accident occurred on the premises of M. R. Merritt, who was hunting for fur animals, and cutting a tree for that purpose at the time supposed to contain an alligator or a porcupine, hid away somewhere among the branches. ...Fancy pictures of large size may be seen just now at West Olive, of a magnificent post office building erected near the business center of that thriving little town, accommodated with capacious vaults, designed as a place of safe keeping for the revenues of Olive Center and Ottawa Station. ...A sad case of insanity is being developed in the family of August Names, near this place. The subject is Henriette, his daughter about twenty-three years of age. Miss Names has suffered from poor health for some time past, which, together with the study of the Bible, and the subject of religion, is supposed to account largely for this unfortunate condition of mind. Miss Rosina Names an older sister has returned home from a distance to assist in her case, and her father's household duties. ...Newell Gillmore will move in his new house this week. ...When the accommodating people of West Olive bring us our daily mail, the compliment will be respected with the proper bow and thank you, but no offers will be made or considered for cheap language. ...Quite an excitement has prevailed in our school lately over a little pugilistic exercise that occurred between two of the boys attending there. A complaint of the affair had the effect to procure the aid of the school board to sustain the dignity of the school, which resulted in suspending one of the boys for five days, and the other for ten. The father of the boy suspended for ten days took decided exceptions to this ruling of the school authorities, and announced his intention of sending his boy to school, and throwing the different members of the board out of doors, and then expelling them from office if they attempted to carry their order of expulsion into execution. Accordingly the son armed with a revolver, and accompanied as far as the school grounds by the father, proceeded to take his accustomed place in his seat and in his class, and kept it for several days, in defiance of both teacher and director. A warrant was finally procured for the young offender, who at latest accounts was in Holland reclining in the arms of the law. The young juveniles of this family, aided by their parents, have taken a very prominent part in the control of our District school for many years past, which has been very unsatisfactory to a large majority of the patrons of the district, and this has proved the first example of a decided collision that has occurred, and it is hoped that it may prove salutary in its effects. ...The man who is said to have bought a shovel at Gokey's sometime ago, to use in digging on the "canal," has about worn out himself and shovel in searching around in that locality for hopes of that enterprise supposed to have been buried there long before the deluge, but without finding any. Better wait until the proper route is established in the spring when he can find better employment, that will bring him joy and living wages. ...Fred N. Waffle has so'd his place consisting of a small house and about five and one-half acres of land, to Mrs. Elizabeth A. Rhodes. He intends going to Southern California soon for the purpose of selecting a home. ...It seems that "H. A." means a display of adjectives, when he only speaks of the notorious "Andrew."

Johnsville.

W. E. Harris is building a blacksmith shop. ...L. A. Abbott has gone into business with J. A. Harris and the firm is now known as Abbott & Harris. They are putting in machinery for making hoops for Chicago parties. ...C. L. Stillman, the schoolmaster, was arrested Monday charged with whipping two of Mr. Doran's children too hard. Some say he put it on too thick, others say not thick enough. There are many opinions and we cannot say who is to blame. ...A shed belonging to Rev. H. L. Brockway, containing a cutter and plow, was burned Monday night, about midnight. We believe it is not known how the fire originated. ...Johnsville now sports a Lyceum in full blast. Mr. C. L. Stillman, President; J. B. Bacon, Vice President; James Edwards, Secretary; J. A. Harris, Treasurer; Wade Brockway, Sergeant at Arms. So far the society has been a complete success. ...Mr. Delos Barrows has been confined to the house the past three weeks with sickness. We understand he is getting better. ...Mrs. R. D. Wheeler, of Revena, Mich., is visiting her sister Mrs. G. W. Harris. ...L. A. Abbott has nearly finished his new residence. ...Business at this point is picking up and if the sleighing is good we predict the busiest winter in years. ...H. A. and "Andrew" seems to delight in keeping that poor old turkey up before the public. Whoever stole the turkey, why not pay for it and let up on the "chestnut." "TUG BUTTON"

West Olive.

The weather is pleasant, and business is brisk. Wood and bolts are being shipped in large quantities. Some of our citizens are so industrious that they draw days and load nights. ...Reuben Bacon goes to Fennville Monday to remain most of the week, showing the merits of a new patent harness. ...Miss Kegler, of Holland, visited at Mrs. Verway's Monday and Tuesday. Her brother John, who has been out here rusticing several days, accompanied her home. Mrs. Verway's children are on the sick list. ...On our tramp last week we were privileged to

visit Mr. L. C. Waffle, at Ottawa, he showed us around his premises and we believe he has the most commodious barn and cellar we have seen in these parts. We were right royally entertained by himself and family. ...Again we were permitted to scan the pages of the *Cyclone*, of Johnsville, which contained a full fledged "Lime Kiln Club," a poem, and the latest gossip of the ladies of that place. ...In a communication from Mr. J. Bacon, of Johnsville, to this place last Monday he made some inquiries for a clerk, and we don't wonder at it, for if there is a man in West Michigan that is thoroughly involved in business, it is Mr. Bacon. He is station agent, telegraph operator, mail, freight, and express agent, and we understand that this fall he has been in the pork business quite extensively, and, as though that were not enough, we think that he is quite largely interested in the *Cyclone* manufactory. ...Mr. Andrews, of Grand Haven, was in town Wednesday in the interest of the Lambertson Lamp Burner Co. ...Dr. Reynolds and wife visited East Olive a few days the past week. "H. A."

Special Notices.

Wanted

By the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Holland, 300 cords of four-foot sound pine or hemlock steam wood, to be delivered at the Holland City Water Works, for which the following prices will be paid, viz.: Sound hemlock, \$1.25 per cord; sound pine, \$1.15 per cord. By order of the Board of Water Commissioners. GEO. H. SIPP, Clerk.

Holiday Goods.

From Dec. 25th until Jan. 2nd, that is during this Holiday week, I will sell Holiday goods, Fancy goods, and Toys, at 15 per cent discount. Albums 20 per cent discount and Musical Instruments at 25 per cent discount. I have a few goods that I am closing out at Half Price! All new and fresh goods.

M. KIERKINTVELD. HOLLAND, Mich., Dec. 24, 1886.

Oysters!

Fresh Oysters and Crackers at reduced prices for the holidays at the CITY BAKERY. 46-2t

Oysters! Oysters!

By the Can or in Bulk at 46-2t C. BLOM JR'S.

100,000.

I have just received one hundred thousand handkerchiefs and muffers—more or less—and I want every man, woman and child to come and see them at my store. 46-2t. D. BERTSCH.

We have candies at wholesale and retail, fancy boxes and ornaments, candles of all sizes, candle holders, the latest and best. Nuts all fresh. Oranges and lemons, figs, dates, etc., all choice goods at the CITY BAKERY. 46-2t

Remember

the steam peanut roaster and the fresh roasted peanuts at C. BLOM JR'S.

COME and see our stock of Holiday goods which we are closing out, consisting of Toys, Drums, Tool Chests, Wash Sets, Dolls, Cups and Saucers, Dishes, Vases, Smoking Sets, Meerschbaum Pipes, Cigar Cases, Match Safes, and all to be sold cheap at JNO. PRESSINK & BRO'S. 46-2t

Taffy! Taffy!

All flavors and colors at 46-2t C. BLOM JR'S.

For fine Domestic and Imported Cigars, Cheroots and Cigarettes go to, J. O. DOESBURG. 46-4t.

Look! Look!

Two pounds of mixed candy for 25 cents at C. BLOM JR'S.

The finest odors in Handkerchief Extract in bottles or bulk, for Holiday presents, at lowest prices at 46-4t. J. O. DOESBURG.

Reduced Prices.

Cloaks, Hats, and Bonnets, at greatly reduced prices. We carry the largest line of Worsteds, Midnight Yarn, and Saxony in the city, and we also make Toboggan Hoods to order. A complete line of all the different shades and colors in Etching and Embroidery Silks, and Etching Cotton has just been received at our store. Splashes are sold by us for 20 cents. We have stamped linen and felt articles, Pattern Books, etc. All kinds of Stamping done to order at the Millinery Store of L & S. VAN DEN BERGE & Co.

New Advertisements.

Bargains in Boots!

Men's and Boys'

BOOTS.

CHEAP.

We wish to call the attention of every man and boy, who is in the habit of wearing BOOTS, to the fact that we will for the next 60 days sell our entire stock of Men's and Boys'

Calf and Kip Boots,

at greatly reduced prices in order to make room for spring goods.

Come early and secure a fit.

VAN DUREN BROS.

Store, two doors west of Post Office. Holland, Mich., Dec. 24, 1886. 18-1t.

FOR GOOD AND

Reliable CLOTHING

Visit the Old and Reliable House of

J. W. BOSMAN.

An Immense Stock of

WINTER CLOTHING

Of every description for MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS and CHILDREN. With our well earned reputation for fair dealing, well made and honest goods, we only desire to say to the people of this city and vicinity who read the advertisements of houses offering goods so much lower than their neighbors, that it would be useless for us to do business and charge more than other firms. Don't think for a moment we are so foolish as to try and do business in that way. Remember, you can wear our clothes into other stores, compare them, and return for your money if you think you can do better elsewhere.

Winter Overcoats commence at 2.95 and up to \$20.

Winter Suits for Men commence at \$4.50 and up to \$20.

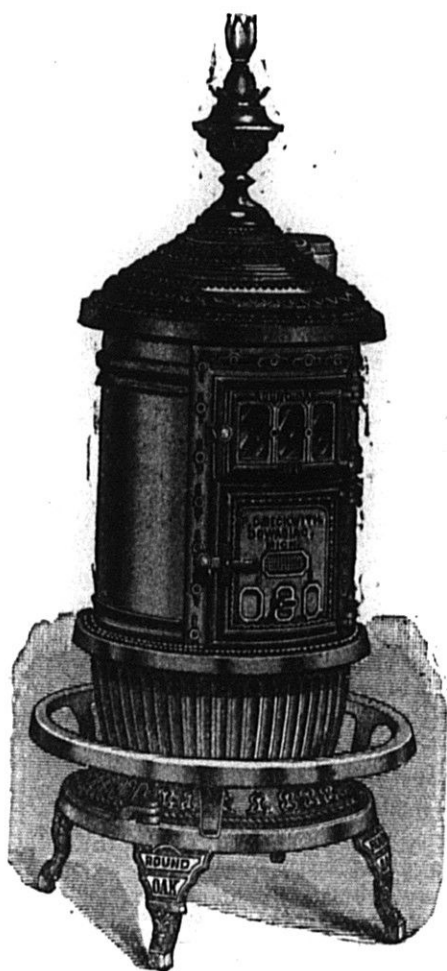
Suits for Boys commence at \$3 and up to \$11.

Small Boys, a charming little suit, only \$2. Better, up to \$11.

A great variety in Holiday Goods, in Mufflers, Neckwear and Underwear.

J. W. BOSMAN.

Holland, Mich.



Remember that we exchange

-NEW STOVES-

—FOR—

OLD ONES.

A. B. BOSMAN.

Our readers should not overlook the advertisement of Mrs. Frank Leslie which appears in this paper. The proprietor of this well-known and enterprising publishing house offers a splendid statuette of Barthold's "Liberty," free of charge, to every subscriber to the *Illustrated Newspaper* or the *Popular Monthly*, or for two subscriptions to the *Sunday Magazine*. Each of these publications have hosts of old readers and friends in all parts of the country, who do not need to be told that they are among the very best issued. The statuette is an exact fac-simile of the colossal figure in New York Harbor, of the same material, and is an exceedingly pretty and effective parlor or mantel ornament—"not for a day, but for all time." Mrs. Leslie, with her usual enterprise, has secured absolute control, for premium purposes, of the statuette, and it will be offered by no other publisher. The Frank Leslie Publications are all of a high order of excellence, and enjoy well deserved popularity.

[OFFICIAL.]
Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Dec. 21, 1886.
The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor.

Present: Ald. Harrington, Bangs, Kramer, Bertsch, Kuite and the Clerk.

Mrs. Newell petitioned that her tax be remitted.—Referred to the Committee on Poor.

The following bills were presented for payment: J. Visser, hauling fire apparatus to fire at three different times, \$4.00; Wm. Van Putten, medical attendance and medicines for Mrs. F. Bakker, \$11.10; E. G. Studley & Co., 500 feet of hose and 6 rubber coats, \$35.46; Wm. F. Kelley, recutting two deers and postage, \$1.34; E. Van der Veen, repairing street lanterns and hardware, \$17.38; T. Keppel, oil for street lamps, \$99.45; J. B. Van Oort, hardware, \$3.25; W. H. Rogers, printing, \$23.00; R. E. Werkman, stakes for Cedar street, \$1.00; G. J. Van Duren, 10 1/2 days service as special assessor, \$21.50; Geo. H. Sipp, 10 1/2 days service as special assessor, \$21.50; Peter Boot, 10 1/2 days service as special assessor, \$21.50; Yates & Kane, book for city library, \$7.00; Yates & Kane, stationery, \$1.83; T. Keppel, coal for Hose Co. No. 2, 30 cents; J. De Feyter, freight and drayage on hose and coats, \$1.19; C. Ver Schure, city taxes, \$305.18.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer in payment thereof.

Ald. Steketee appeared during presentation of bills and took his seat.

The Committee on Ways and Means introduced the following entitled ordinances and recommended their passage, to-wit: "An Ordinance creating the office of Health Officer and prescribing his powers and duties;" "An Ordinance establishing a Board of Health and defining its powers;" "An Ordinance establishing certain fire limits as districts in the City of Holland;" "An Ordinance relative to the prevention of fire in the City of Holland." Said ordinances were read a first and second time by their titles and placed on the general order of the day.

Ald. Harrington requested to be excused from further attendance at this meeting of the council.—Granted.

The Committee on Streets and Bridges reported favorable on the improving, grading and graveling of Market street recommending that the prayers of the petitioners be granted and that the City Surveyor make, or cause to be made, a profile of the grade to be established together with an estimate of the expense thereof, as far as the same is practicable.—Adopted.

The Committee on Claims and Accounts to whom was referred claims of Boot & Kramer, Charles & Co., Kremers & Bangs, and John Kerkhof recommended payment of the three first claims and rejected last claim.

Ald. Kramer moved that the report be adopted excepting that part relating to bill of John Kerkhof which said part be referred back to the committee for explanation why said bill should be rejected.—Carried.

The Committee on Poor reported presenting the semi-monthly report of the Director of the Poor and said committee, recommending \$27.00 for the support of the poor for the two weeks ending January 5, 1887, and having recommended temporary aid to the amount of \$5.00.—Adopted and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the several amounts as recommended.

The Committee on Poor, to whom was referred the petitions of Mrs. Sluyter, Wm. H. Denning, Mrs. De Boer and Miss Jennie C. Keppel to have their tax remitted, reported recommending that all the taxes as petitioned be remitted except that of Miss Keppel.—Adopted.

The marshal reported the collection of \$3.25 water fund money and receipt of the city treasurer.—Filed.

The Secretary of Star Hook and Ladder Co., reported Johannes Ver Hulst and Frank J. Parkhurst duly elected members of said company subject to the approval of the Common Council.—Approved.

The following bills having been approved by the Board of Water Commissioners were certified to the Common Council for payment: J. De Feyter, freight and drayage on oil, 50c; W. H. Rogers, printing notices, \$1.40; T. Keppel, lime and cement, \$9.00; P. Oosting, mason work, \$19.07.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued in payment thereof.

The Mayor reported gravel pit bond executed, negotiated and the money in the hands of the city treasurer.—Filed.

A warrant was ordered issued on the city treasurer in favor of John De Vries purchase money for gravel pit.

Ald. Kramer moved that the Committee on Public Buildings and Property be instructed to purchase a suitable flag for the No. 1 Engine House.—Carried.

On motion of Ald. Bertsch the council went into the committee of the whole on the general order of the day. The Mayor

appointed Ald. Kramer chairman of the committee. After some time spent therein the committee arose and through their chairman reported that they had had under consideration the ordinances mentioned above and recommended their passage.

Report adopted and the ordinances placed upon their third reading. An ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance creating the office of Health Officer and prescribing his powers and duties;" An ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance establishing a Board of Health and defining its powers;" An ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance relative to the prevention of fires in the City of Holland." were read a second and third time and passed by the following vote, to-wit: Yeas, Bangs, Kramer, Steketee, Bertsch and Kuite.

An ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance establishing certain fire limits or districts in the City of Holland," was read a third time and pending its passage the council adjourned.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Headache whether arising from nervousness or indigestion entirely unites one for business. Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills cure this disorder speedily.

Give Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup to your baby when sick, and do not use laudanum. Price 25 cents.

When they are sick horses like men need medicine. Day's Horse Powder is the thing for them.

Best and cheapest, Drexel's Bell Cologne.

Saved His Life.

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., says he was, for many years, badly afflicted with phthisis, also diabetes; the pains were almost unendurable and would sometimes almost throw him into convulsions. He tried Electric Bitters and got relief from first bottle and after taking six bottles, was entirely cured and had gained in flesh eighteen pounds. Says he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for the relief afforded by Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

Rail Roads.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.

TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	Exp.	Mix.
Holland	a.m. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Grand Junction	10 20 1 15	12 10 4 45		
Bangor	11 37 2 05	1 28 8 05		
Benton Harbor	11 57 2 17	1 47 9 20		
New Buffalo	1 25 3 00	3 10 12 00		
Chicago	2 25 4 00	4 45 3 00		
	p.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.			

FROM CHICAGO TO HOLLAND.

Chicago	a.m. p.m.	p.m. a.m.	a.m. p.m.
New Buffalo	9 00 2 55	9 10 4 45	
Benton Harbor	11 35 6 10	12 10 4 45	
Bangor	12 30 7 00	1 25 7 50	
Grand Junction	1 45 7 55	2 50 11 10	
Holland	2 05 8 07	3 12 12 25	
	3 05 9 00	4 35 3 05	
	p.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.		

FROM HOLLAND TO GRAND RAPIDS.

TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	Exp.	Fgt.
Holland	a.m. p.m.	a.m. p.m.	a.m. p.m.	
Zeeland	3 05 9 00	4 45 10 05		
Grand Rapids	3 55 9 45	5 45 11 00		
	p.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.			

FROM GRAND RAPIDS TO HOLLAND.

Grand Rapids	a.m. p.m.	p.m. a.m.	p.m. p.m.
Zeeland	9 10 12 30	11 00 5 00	
Holland	9 54 1 11	12 42 5 41	
	10 05 1 15	11 50 5 53	
	p.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.		

FROM HOLLAND TO MUSKOGON.

Holland	a.m. p.m.	a.m. p.m.	p.m. p.m.
Grand Haven	10 15 3 05	4 50 6 00	
Ferryburg	10 53 3 43	6 30 6 40	
Muskogon, 3rd street	10 57 3 47	6 40 6 45	
	11 25 4 15	7 15 7 15	
	p.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.		

FROM MUSKOGON TO HOLLAND.

Muskogon, 3rd street	p.m. p.m.	p.m. a.m.	a.m. p.m.
Ferryburg	1 50 12 10	7 55 8 50	
Grand Haven	2 15 12 32	8 17 9 17	
Holland	2 20 12 35	8 20 9 22	
	3 00 1 10	8 55 10 05	
	p.m. p.m.		

FROM HOLLAND TO ALLEGAN.

Holland	p.m.	(s.m.)	
Fillmore	3 05	10 10	
Hamilton	3 20	10 25	
Allegan	3 34	10 33	
	4 05	11 05	
	p.m. p.m.		

FROM ALLEGAN TO HOLLAND.

Allegan	a.m. p.m.	Mix.	
Hamilton	9 05 5 00	11 25	
Fillmore	9 37 5 32	12 15	
Holland	9 47 5 40	12 30	
	10 05 5 55	12 57	
	p.m. p.m.		

* Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

* Train arrives in Chicago 7:00 a.m. on Monday.

All trains run by Central Standard time.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

W. A. GAVETT, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt.

W. A. CARPENTER, Traffic Manager.

F. G. CHURCHILL, Station Agent.

New Advertisements.

FIRST WARD

Drug Store,

Dr. F. J. SCHOUTEN, Prop.

Having purchased the business and stock of

Drugs and Medicines,

of the late firm of Best & Landaal, I have renovated and fitted up the store in first-class style and have added largely to the general stock of goods.

Toilet Articles

Perfumes and

Toilet Waters

in abundance and I particularly invite the ladies of Holland to call and inspect my stock.

Mr. Ed. Scott has been engaged as Clerk and will wait on all customers with courtesy and politeness.

I have all the Prescriptions of the late Dr. R. B. Best and can prepare any of them on short notice.

GIVE ME A CALL!

DR. F. J. SCHOUTEN.
Holland, Mich., Oct. 20th, 1886. 38-11.

Holiday Goods

In looking around for your

PRESENTS

Do not forget that

Boot & Kramer

Carry a nice line of Holiday Goods, which we sell at very low prices, and will also be pleased to show to all who call our lines of

DRY GOODS,

Notions, and

CHOICE GROCERIES.

Better filled than ever before.

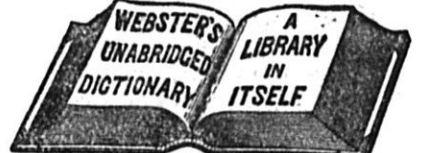
Give us a trial and see if we don't please you.

BOOT & KRAMER.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 3, 1886. 44-11.

WEBSTER

With or without Patent Index.



Your Attention is invited to the fact that in purchasing the latest issue of this work, you get

A Dictionary

containing 3000 more words and nearly 2000 more illustrations than any other American Dictionary.

A Gazetteer of the World

containing over 25,000 titles, with their pronunciation and a vast amount of other information, (just added, 1885) and

A Biographical Dictionary

giving pronunciation of names and brief facts concerning nearly 10,000 Noted Persons; also various tables giving valuable information.

All in One Book.

GET THE BEST. Webster—it has 118,000 Words, 3000 Engravings, and Four Pages Colored Plates. Standard in Gov't Printing Office. 32,000 copies in Public Schools. Sale 20 to 1 of any other series. aid to make a Family intelligent. BEST help for SCHOLARS, TEACHERS and SCHOOLS.

GET THE STANDARD. Webster is Standard Authority with the U. S. Supreme Court. Recommended by the State Sup'ts of Schools in 36 States, and by over 50 College Presidents.

GET THE LATEST.

Invaluable in every School and Family.

G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Pub'rs, Springfield, Mass.

REMOVED!

We have removed our Plumbing, Tin and Sheet Iron business to the building of H. D. Post, where we have better facilities and more room, and are prepared to do any kind of work in our line at short notice, such as

PLUMBING,

STEAM FITTING.

Galvanized Iron and Tin Work.

Wood and Iron Pumps,

Sinks, Etc.

Drive Wells put down to order and Pumps repaired.

T. VAN LANDEGEND.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10, 1886. 45-11.

Take Notice!

Now there is a chance for

BARGAINS

Because I am going to sell out my entire

Stock of Goods, consisting of

Gold & Silver Watches,

CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

CHAINS, RINGS, ETC.

The entire business is for sale,

with good will included.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 30, 1885. 35-3m.

Elegant Celluloid and Florence Toilet Sets

—AT THE—

CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

Also a Splendid Line of

HOLIDAY GOODS

Perfume, Manicure Shaving Sets and Mirrors, and a complete assortment of Soaps, Perfumes, Cologne and Toilet waters.

KREMERS & BANGS, Druggists.

W. VORST

is still at his old stand,

Holland Cigar Factory,

H. POSTMA, Proprietor.

I hereby notify the public that I have removed my factory to Seventh Street, between River and Market streets, where I will make the largest and best 5 and 10 cent Cigars ever offered to the public.

Give Me a Trial.

My Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

H. POSTMA.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 12, 1886. 33-6m.

RENOVATE AND REPAIR OLD CLOTHES.

W. VORST, River St.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 11, 1886. 45-41.

HOLIDAY GOODS FOR EVERYBODY!

ON THE CORNER.

The Finest Art Display ever opened in Holland.

Fancy Plush Sets in every design. Dressing Cases, Manicure Sets, Shaving Sets, Jewel Cases, Work Boxes Whisk holders, Photograph Albums, Autograph Albums, Hand Bags, Pocket Books, Diaries, Diaries for 1887. Poems in Padded Seal, Alligator and Satin Calf. Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Odor Cases, Perfumes, Toilet Waters, &c.

Christmas Cards

IN ALL STYLES,

Come and See.

Special prices for Sabbath and Day Schools.

Also a large line of PLAIN AND FANCY STATIONERY.

COME AND SELECT BEFORE STOCK IS BROKEN.

YATES & KANE.

CHRISTMAS

—AND—

New Year Presents

IN ENDLESS VARIETY,

And at Cheaper Prices than ever before at the Furniture Store of

MEYER, BROUWER & CO.

J. ALBERTI, UNDERTAKER,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

PLUMBING,

STEAM FITTING.

Galvanized Iron and Tin Work.

Wood and Iron Pumps,

Sinks, Etc.

Drive Wells put down to order and Pumps repaired.

T. VAN LANDEGEND.

Holland, Mich., Dec. 10, 1886. 45-11.

Take Notice!

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Because I am going to sell out my entire

Stock of Goods, consisting of

Gold & Silver Watches,

CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

CHAINS, RINGS, ETC.

The entire business is for sale,

with good will included.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 30, 1885. 35-3m.

Books, Three Cents Each.

The following books are published in neat pamphlet form, many of them handsomely illustrated, and all are printed from good type upon good paper. Please examine the list and see if you do not find therein some that you would like to possess. In cloth-bound form these books would cost \$1.00 each. Each book is complete in itself:

Anecdotes of the Rebellion. A collection of humorous, pathetic and thrilling narratives of the war stories of bivouac and battlefield, march and picket, adventures of scouts and spies, stories of prison life, of the great generals, of Mr. Lincoln, etc. With portrait and other illustrations. Illustrated.

The Life of General U. S. Grant. By W. A. PETERS. With portrait and other illustrations. Illustrated.

Poems by John G. Whittier. The only cheap edition published—should be in every household. Illustrated.

Poems by Henry W. Longfellow. No one can afford to be without this collection. Illustrated.

Poems by Alfred Tennyson. This work contains some of the finest compositions of the great poet laureate.

Parlor Artistic Center. A large collection of Acting Characters, Parlor Dramas, Shadow Pantomimes, Games, Puzzles, etc., for social gatherings, public and private entertainment and evenings at home. Illustrated.

Manual of Floriculture. Teaches the best method of propagating all the different plants, tells how to cure disease and eradicate insect pests, gives directions for making beautiful floral and other devices, for window decorating, etc. Illustrated.

Guide to Needlework, Knitting and Crochet. Containing designs and directions for all kinds of Fancy Needlework, Article Embroidery, Lace Work, Knitting, Tatting, Crochet and Net Work. Illustrated.

Famous Detective Stories. A collection of thrilling narratives of detective experience, many of them written by actual members of the profession. Illustrated.

Yankee Wit and Humor. A collection of humorous stories, sketches, poems and paragraphs, by the leading funny men of the American press. Illustrated.

The Mystery of Blackwood Grange. A Novel. By Mrs. MAY AUSTIN FLEMING.

The Story of a Storm. A Novel. By Mrs. JANE G. ARNOLD.

We Will send any four of the above books by mail post-paid upon receipt of only Twelve Cents; any ten for 25 Cents; any twenty for 50 Cents; the entire list (40 books) for 75 Cents; the entire list bound in boards money asked for them. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Postage stamps

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

JOHN ROACH, the ship-builder, says a New York telegram, is dying. His family have endeavored to keep the critical condition of his health a strict secret for reasons of more than a purely sentimental nature. But at last they have given up hope of his recovery. Mr. Roach's physician says he may die at any moment. He is suffering from cancer of the throat, similar to that which caused the death of Gen. Grant. An operation was recently performed, at which a considerable part of the jaw was removed, but his sufferings continue to be very severe.

MARSHALL P. WILDER, one of the foremost pomologists of the United States, died last week at Roxbury, Mass., at the age of 86.

A FORTUIT of \$500 has been put up by John B. Day, of the New York Base-ball Club, and Chris Von der Ahe, of the St. Louis Browns, for a series of games next spring for \$10,000 a side.

PAYMENT has been suspended by Charles Winchester, of Ashburnham, Mass., who has been investing heavily in Western lumber and Southern pine lands. He hopes to resume through an extension.

FOUR acres in the northwestern section of Shenandoah, Pa., settled two to four feet, partially wrecking fifty dwellings and causing the wildest alarm among the people. The financial loss is between \$50,000 and \$75,000.

THE WEST.

AT Pipestone, Minn., the Calumet Hotel, the property of J. M. Brockway, of Chicago, was swept away by flames; loss \$45,000, partially insured. The Rev. A. S. Orcutt, pastor of the Baptist Church, was killed by falling walls. David McCullough was seriously injured. Virgil Pendergast and a little colored boy were injured, but not fatally. Everything in the hotel was lost.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA is to be added to the Department of Arizona, under command of General Miles, whose headquarters will be removed to Los Angeles, Cal. This is said to indicate that General Miles did not disobey orders in the Apache campaign. Judge Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, has been appointed to the Receivership of the Chicago division of the Wabash system of railroads by Judge Gresham, in the place of Solon Humphreys and Thomas E. Tutt, who were removed after being declared improper custodians of the road. The Supreme Court of Ohio has affirmed the constitutionality of the Dow liquor-tax law in all its features.

GEORGE RICE, an extensive oil refiner at Marietta, Ohio, has brought suit for \$100,000 damages against the Louisville and Nashville Railway for being shut out of the Southern markets by an unlawful conspiracy between the road named and the Standard Oil Company. He asks for an injunction against the discrimination steadily practiced. Sylvester Granda, arrested at Kansas City for complicity in the murder of Dr. Haddock at Sioux City, has made a confession, alleging that John Arensdorf fired the fatal shot, and that another prominent prohibitionist was also to be attacked. The whaling bark Atlantic was driven ashore and knocked to pieces near the Cliff House, San Francisco. Twenty-five of her crew were probably lost. She was owned by J. & W. R. Wing, of New Bedford. A jury in St. Louis awarded \$25,000 damages to Mrs. Juliet Cunningham against a street-car company for injuries received by jumping from a car in danger of colliding with a train at the Fourth and Poplar streets crossing. The United States Grand Jury at St. Louis, Mo., has returned seventy-two indictments against as many supervisors of elections, judges of elections, illegal voters, deputy marshals, clerks, etc.

THE material growth of Chicago is shown by the fact that over \$25,000,000 worth of buildings have been erected during the year. Mrs. Susanna Warren, born a slave at St. Augustine in 1750, died last week in Indian Territory. She was the oldest person in the United States. The ministers of St. Louis who inaugurated the attack upon the American opera ballet are shocked beyond measure at the world-wide display by certain of their Chicago brethren in condescending to accept invitations to witness the ballet. The total loss of the Chicago men by the sudden decline in the value of stocks in New York last week is estimated at \$3,000,000, and is said to be apportioned pretty much as follows: Ream and Hutchinson, \$500,000; Phil Armour, \$300,000; Hoxie, \$250,000; Smith, of Field, Lindley & Co., \$150,000; and Nat Jones, Sid Kent, and George L. Dunlap, \$250,000 among them.

THE SOUTH.

THE relief committee of Charleston acknowledges the receipt of \$634,258 from the general public for the sufferers from the earthquake. After reserving \$86,139 of the remainder to complete the repairing of houses, the sum of \$548,119 will be deposited with the City Treasurer to aid in rebuilding charitable institutions. Near Bayou Sara, La., the Mississippi River steamerboat J. M. White was destroyed by fire, and a number of lives were lost. The boat and cargo were valued at \$250,000.

THE Legislative Council of Memphis has decided to adopt a plan for a municipal waterworks, drawing the supply from a point on Wolf River, nine miles distant. The scheme involves an outlay of \$1,000,000. James Howard, of Bowie County, Texas, who branded his young wife with the letter H, was taken from jail and lynched by his neighbors.

NEAR Harmony Grove, Ga., T. B. Sanders decapitated John Swilling, his wife, and three children, and then fired the premises. His purpose was to secure \$40 which he knew was in the house, and then decamp.

THE Louisiana Board of Liquidation has

arranged with two banks in New Orleans to take the accounts of the State and provide for the payment of interest on her consolidated debt. Joseph P. Evans, formerly a member of the Virginia Senate, has been adjudged insane, and will be sent from Petersburg to the asylum. The cattle disease reported from Texas is decided to be something other than pleuropneumonia.

WASHINGTON.

THE Secretary of the Interior has affirmed the decision of Acting Secretary Muldrow in the celebrated case of Thomas Rees against the Central Pacific Railroad Company, in which is involved the title to large tracts of land, as between the railroad company and certain settlers on the line of the road between San Jose and Sacramento, Cal. The conference report on the interstate commerce bill has been signed by all the conferees except Senator Platt, and ordered printed. Senator Platt refused to sign it, his principal objection being to the prohibition of pooling.

A WASHINGTON special to the Chicago Tribune says the friends of the Hennepin Canal "have about decided on their course of action. They will send a delegation to the Illinois Legislature at Springfield early in January, and try to have pushed through a bill meeting the objections of the Comstock Board to the acceptance by the General Government of the Illinois and Michigan Canal under existing conditions. They have decided that all the points involved can be met by the Legislature without again submitting the question to the people. With these objections overcome, they believe an endorsement of the project can be got from Secretary Endicott on the ground of commercial importance. Re-enforced by this, they would make a final attempt in Congress to again graft Hennepin on the river and harbor bill. It is a forlorn hope, but the Hennepiners insist they will not give up the fight."

THE House Committee on Invalid Pensions has amalgamated the substitute for the Blair pension bill prepared at the last session with Representative Webber's measure relating to the pension of dependent parents, and has instructed that a favorable report be made to the House, where an attempt will be made to secure its passage under a suspension of the rules.

RUMORS are afloat in Washington that Secretary Manning's condition continues to excite apprehension among his friends, as his eyes have lost their brightness. It is rumored that the interstate commerce bill will be antagonized by Western Senators. Their probable refusal to support the bill will be based on objections to the "long and short haul" clause, and it is said that they have been converted to the opposition by letters from bondholder constituents who fear a loss of interest.

POLITICAL.

A WASHINGTON special states that "about a dozen Representatives, including Messrs. Randall (Pa.), Warner (Ohio), and Merriam (N. Y.), had a conference over the tariff question and decided to oppose the consideration of the Morrison bill. They favored a reduction of the revenue to prevent the accumulation of a surplus, but insist that it shall be effected by some measure which shall embrace the repeal or reduction of certain of the internal revenue taxes."

PRESTON H. LESLIE, of Kentucky, has been appointed to be Governor of Montana Territory. George D. Hart, working-man's candidate, was elected Mayor of Lynn, Mass., over the citizens' nominee, by a plurality of 634. The President has appointed the following Postmasters:

Illinois—Charles Wieseman, Warsaw; William A. McCann, Sterling; J. M. Startzman, Havana; Edward Gardner, Rochelle; Michael S. Touhy, Nokomis; E. S. Burns, Hillsborough; W. W. Jones, Griggsville; George W. Hess, Grantston; John Culbertson, Delavan; S. W. Tufts, Centralia; Edward Smith, Carrollton; J. M. Toler, Carbondale; R. L. Allen, Joliet; J. S. Palmer, Duquoin; Ellis Briggs, Roodhouse; W. C. Scanlan, Normal; Conrad Durkes, Franklin Grove; F. A. Mead, Marengo; J. A. Able, Auburn; Michigan—Louis P. Seent, Sturgis; George C. Thompson, Midland; D. C. Johnson, Ithaca; F. P. Cole, Albion; H. D. Fugh, Lansing; Ira B. Card, Hillsdale; Enchariste Brule, Lake Linden; Abner M. Moore, Dowagiac; Wisconsin—J. J. French, Sparta; Carl Zillier, Sheboygan; Roderick McGreggor, River Falls; J. E. Jones, Portage; J. A. Barden, Superior; P. H. Carney, Wausau; Jeremiah Sullivan, Ashland; Minnesota—John S. Stewart, Pipestone; Fred Dunier, Adair; A. S. Kemp, Montevideo; Henry J. Hane, Le Sueur; Edward Fay, Moorhead; Michael Sullivan, Marshall; Iowa—J. H. Rodman, Washington; Richard Burke, Wheat Center; Thomas A. Masie, Logan; J. N. Davis, Knoxville; W. H. Merritt, Des Moines; G. P. Neal, Columbus Junction; James Frey, Signet; Frank P. Motie, Odebolt; E. K. Pittman, Leon; J. P. Carlton, Iowa Falls; George Paul, Iowa City; S. H. Harvey, Centreville; Alexander Charles, Cedar Rapids; John Horstman, Boone; A. H. Graves, Afton; R. L. Gedley, Malvern; J. H. James, As City; G. A. Ferdinon, Belle Plaine, Kansas—Q. A. Sheldon, Manhattan; J. R. Hall, Howard; J. F. Baker, Ellsworth; W. H. Eddy, Columbus; J. F. Ireland, Iowa; E. W. Lyon, Cherryville; Nebraska—W. F. Wolf, Friend; Frank Campbell, O'Neill.

THE President has appointed Thomas S. Tice to be Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise at New York; Frank B. Genovar, of Florida, Collector of Customs at St. Augustine; Erskine Ross, of California, District Judge for the Southern District of California; J. Marion Brooks, of California, Attorney for the Southern District of California.

TOUCHING the question of tariff revision at the present session of Congress, a Washington special to the Chicago Times says:

As the time draws near for a vote upon consideration of the tariff question, the hopes of both sides to the contest rise and fall from day to day. The first motion to be made is that the House go into committee of the whole to consider revenue bills. Upon this motion a small majority is claimed on each side, the difficulty in making calculations being that it cannot be definitely ascertained what course will be pursued by those Republicans and Radical Democrats who desire a reduction of revenue, yet do not approve of the Morrison plan of reduction.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

THE Knights of Labor have ordered a boycott against the Camp Spring Milling Company and the Regina Milling Company, of St. Louis, because they persist in using barrels made by the Lamersick co-per-shop. Two months ago the latter concern discharged and blacklisted all the knights in their employ.

TWO HUNDRED district messenger boys at San Francisco struck for 75 cents per day instead of 5 cents a trip.

THUS far the vote of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers

shows that 99 per cent. of the men are opposed to affiliation with the Knights of Labor. The Knights of Labor at Amsterdam, N. Y., have been greatly excited by the publication in a local paper of the mode of initiation and the secrets of their order.

A COLUMBIA, S. C., dispatch says the farmers in that section are very bitter against the Knights of Labor organizers who are endeavoring to enroll the colored people in South Carolina. Local papers advise that they be driven from the neighborhood. The Legislature has appropriated money for the maintenance of the militia, and the Senate has passed by a large majority, a bill making it conspiracy, punishable by fine and imprisonment, to interfere between employer and employee in any contract, whether written or verbal. The possibility of a strike at cotton-picking time, when the whole crop of the State would be lost if not promptly gathered, was the principal argument used.

THE coal operators in the Shawnee district of Ohio have addressed to the Railroad Commissioners of that State a document claiming that for weeks at a time no cars have been furnished at the mines by the Baltimore and Ohio Road, and asking for themselves and their suffering miners relief from such violation of private rights.

THE RAILWAYS.

CYRUS W. FIELD has obtained revenge for last year's scandal in connection with the New York and New England Road. By the purchase of stock in Wall street he has brought about the defeat of Charles P. Clark for the Presidency, and elected to that position J. A. Bostwick, of the Standard Oil Company.

THE Northern Pacific Road is about to reduce fares to four cents per mile in Dakota and five cents in all territory to the westward. The Lake Erie and Western Road proposes to pay a fair proportion of the purchase price for a block of tickets sold to speculators in 1880 for \$94,000.

THE Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Road is making arrangements to distribute, gratis, the daily weather predictions, and for the display of signal service flags at the principal stations on its system.

THE Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company has opened its new depot building at Milwaukee. Commissioner Blanchard, of the Central Traffic Association, in a public statement regarding the conference interstate commerce bill, says he agrees with its main scope and aims, indorses publicity of rates, but does not entirely approve the "long and short haul" and "pooling" clauses.

GENERAL.

LARGE shipments of gold from Europe to this country are reported. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the week numbered for the United States 260, and for Canada 28, a total of 288, against 274 the week previous. The casualties in the Middle, Western, Southern, and Pacific States were above the average in number, which was also the case in Canada. In New York City fifteen failures were reported, only two of which were of consequence.

MICHAEL DAVITT, who passed through Chicago the other day, said that he was not at all alarmed at the condition of affairs in Ireland. The arrests were made simply to show an apparent need for further legislation, and the indications were that the Tory leaders would not make another attempt at coercion. Both the League and Ireland were quite prepared for the struggle, and he firmly believed that English, Scotch, and Welsh popular feeling would be with the Irish and against the course of action of the Tories.

FOREIGN.

A PARIS dispatch says that Merlati completed his fifty-day fast in good condition. The doctors in attendance gave him a small quantity of specially prepared wine before giving him food. In the appeal of James Gordon Bennett against the decision awarding Cyrus W. Field \$5,000 damages, for statements derogatory to the latter published in the New York Herald, the Court of Appeals quashed the verdict against Mr. Bennett. The present decision takes the ground that Mr. Bennett, not being a British subject or a resident of Great Britain, the constituted service on him in London, on which the verdict was obtained, was illegal. The court condemns Mr. Field to pay the costs.

THE French are actively intriguing against the British in East Africa. New volumes of poems will next month be issued in London by Browning and Swinburne. Farmers in the northern portion of Wales are resisting the collection of church tithes to the extent of expelling the bailiffs from their districts. Colonel Hayland, with a body of British troops, recently pursued 700 Dacots and killed 200 of them. Many others were made prisoners. At Loughrea, Ireland, while hundreds of tenants were paying their rents to the Nationalist Committee, Inspector of Police arrested John Dillon, Matthew Harris, and David Sheehy, members of Parliament, and William O'Brien, editor of United Ireland. They were charged with conspiracy to defraud landlords, and the magistrate remanded them for a week. The police seized the money and books in the hands of the trustees.

LONDON bankers have placed a loan of \$2,000,000 for King Kalakaua at 5 per cent. premium. M. De Lesseps, at a meeting of the Geographical Society, announced that the Panama Canal would be open for traffic in 1889. It is reported that Emperor William has written a long autograph letter to the Czar without having consulted Prince Bismarck, urging the maintenance of peace, and asking his forbearance from any policy tending to bring about European war. English Liberals are pretty well frightened by the decision against Mr. Dillon, thinking they have had a very narrow escape from a collision with both the Irish court and English opinion. They are now lastly disowning all responsibility for the "plan of campaign." Mr. Gladstone's friends were just in time to extract from him, before the court spoke, a general declaration against the illegal combination. The Pall Mall Gazette is about the only English paper which defends the "plan," and its defense is claimed to be more damaging than the other's attacks.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

A TOCCO (Ga.) special says: "The reported burning of Frank Sanders, the murderer of the five members of the Swilling family, proved to be incorrect, as he was returned to jail that day by the mob. This morning, however, a party of one hundred and twenty-five men surrounded the Carnesville jail, battered down the door, and took Sanders to a convenient tree in sight and swung him up. It has developed since that Mrs. Rachael Baty was an accomplice in the crime, and that it was the design of herself and Sanders to get married with the money thus gained. The woman is now in jail, and there are fears that she will be taken out to-night and lynched by the same parties."

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has made the following appointments:

W. A. Walker, of Wisconsin, to be United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin; D. H. Risley, of California, to be United States Marshal of the Southern District of California. Postmasters—Cairo, Ill., Alexander H. Irvin; Decatur, Ill., Samuel S. Jack; Edwardsville, Ill., James B. Dale; Fulton, Ill., William O. Greene; Atlanta, Ill., Richard T. Gill; Barry, Ill., William F. White; Winona, Ill., Reginald F. Beecher; Paris, Ill., Thomas E. Garner; West Plains, Mo., Lemuel G. Ellen; Wellington, Kan., Edith Love; Brazil, Ind., John D. Sourwine; Hartford City, Ind., Charles U. Timmonds; Hastings, Minn., Michael McHugh; Sault Ste. Marie, Minn., Uriel M. Tobey; William, Mich., William P. Ainslee; White Pigeon, Mich., Samuel R. Robinson; Lowell, Mich., John M. Mathewson; Black River Falls, Wis., George W. Lewis; Belfast, Me., Henry L. Kilgore; Annapolis, Md., Richard Welsh; Valdosta, Ga., Willis Lang; Bardonia, Ky., Mary McAttee; Calvert, Tex., B. F. Church; East Liverpool, Ohio, Robert O. Abraham; Lorain, Ohio, C. S. Vorwerk; Mandan, Dakota, Joseph Hager; Seattle, Washington Territory, M. Lyon; Paris, Texas, C. B. Pegues.

THE nominations of Abner B. Williams, of Arkansas, member of the Utah Commission, and Dan J. Campau, Collector of Customs at Detroit, Mich., have been confirmed by the Senate.

EX-ALD. MCQUADE, of New York, was sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor in the State Penitentiary for seven years and to pay a fine of \$5,000 for the crime of bribery, of which he had been found guilty by a jury of his fellow-citizens. Recorder Smyth, in pronouncing sentence, said that McQuade had been fairly and justly convicted. He had violated public trust and public duty, and deserved the punishment meted out to him. He advised him to disgorge the money he had received as a bribe. If left with his family it would work the inevitable result of ill-gotten gain.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President of the Irish National League, urges that Irish-Americans hold meetings to protest against the eviction and coercion policy of the Tory Government in Ireland. Three Parliamite members of Parliament hoodwinked the police in County Clare and collected the rents due from tenants on the Vandeleur estates.

THE Senate unanimously adopted a resolution, December 20, authorizing the acceptance of the tract of land at Highwood, Ill., donated by the Chicago Commercial Club for a military post. A bill was introduced for the extirpation of contagious diseases among cattle. It creates a commission of three, whose service shall end when the disease is eradicated, and appropriates \$1,000,000 for the work proposed. Mr. Vest introduced a substitute for the bill to incorporate the Atlantic and Pacific Ship Railway Company, and stated that it simply provided for a naked incorporation of the company without any guarantee by the Government. It was made the special order for the second Tuesday in January. Among the petitions presented in the Senate were several in favor of the reduction of the tax on oleomargarine. The House of Representatives refused to suspend the rules and pass the bill increasing the duties on Sumatra tobacco. Bills were introduced to appropriate \$100,000 for the erection of a monument to negro soldiers and sailors who lost their lives in the rebellion, to forbid the sale of liquors within the limits of any soldier's home, and to punish the passing of Confederate money. The Weaver resolution calling on Secretary Manning for certain information concerning canceled Treasury notes was adopted. Mr. Townsend introduced a resolution in the House that the Secretary of the Treasury be requested to ascertain whether any National Banking Association in New York City has during the present month loaned its surplus funds to stock-jobbers without security, and merely upon receipt of interest on the same for the purpose of enabling the speculators to lock up and prevent the use of money in business transactions, and thereby produce a scarcity of money and greatly increase the rate of interest on loans.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$4.50 @ 5.75
HOGS.....	4.25 @ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.89 @ .90
No. 2 Red.....	.88 @ .89
CORN—No. 2.....	.47 @ .48
OATS—White.....	.37 @ .41
PORK—New Mess.....	12.25 @ 12.75
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	4.75 @ 5.50
Good Shipping.....	3.75 @ 4.50
Common.....	3.00 @ 3.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	4.00 @ 4.75
FLOUR—Extra Spring.....	4.25 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.76 @ .77
CORN—No. 2.....	.36 @ .37
OATS—No. 2.....	.21 @ .27
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.23 @ .27
CHEESE—Full Cream.....	.13 1/2 @ .14
Full Cream, new.....	.12 1/2 @ .13 1/2
EGGS—Fresh.....	.30 @ .32 1/2
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	.46 @ .50
PORK—Mess.....	11.25 @ 11.75
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—Cash.....	.76 @ .77
CORN—No. 2.....	.36 @ .37
OATS—No. 2.....	.26 @ .26 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	.56 @ .57
PORK—Mess.....	11.00 @ 11.50
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.79 @ .80
CORN—Cash.....	.38 @ .38 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.28 @ .30
DETROIT.	
BEEF CATTLE.....	4.25 @ 5.50
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—Mixed.....	.80 @ 5.00
CORN—No. 2.....	.38 @ .39
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.31 @ .33
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.80 @ .80 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.35 @ .36
OATS—Mixed.....	.28 @ .29
PORK—New Mess.....	11.50 @ 12.00
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.80 @ .80 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.38 @ .39
OATS—No. 2.....	.30 1/2 @ .31 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	11.50 @ 12.00
LIVE HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
BUFFALO.	
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.89 @ .90
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	.43 @ .44
CATTLE.....	4.25 @ 5.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
BEEF CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.75 @ 4.50
SHEEP.....	2.50 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.77 @ .78
CORN—No. 2.....	.35 @ .36
OATS.....	.29 @ .30
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best.....	4.50 @ 4.75
Fair.....	3.75 @ 4.25
Common.....	3.00 @ 3.50
HOGS.....	4.25 @ 4.75
SHEEP.....	4.00 @ 4.50

CONGRESSIONAL.

Work of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

THE bill for repealing the tenure-of-office law gave rise to an extended debate in the Senate on the 24th inst. Mr. Edmunds opposed and Mr. Hoar advocated the repeal of the law. The House amendments to the electoral-count bill were non-concurred in and a conference ordered. The Committee on Finance reported back favorably a bill for the retirement and recoinage of the trade dollar. Bills were introduced for the amendment of the oleomargarine law, and to increase the pensions of those who have suffered disabilities equivalent to the loss of a foot or a hand. A memorial was received from the German Aid Society of Wisconsin, suggesting the enactment of a uniform naturalization and suffrage law. The House of Representatives killed the scheme for a railroad through the northern part of the Yellowstone National Park, alleged to be needed as an outlet for a mining district, and spent the remainder of the day in considering the sundry civil appropriation bill.

THE bill to repeal the civil-service law reported adversely by Senator Hawley from the Committee on Civil Service during the first session of the present Congress was reintroduced by Senator Vance on the 15th inst. Senator Cullom offered the conference report on the interstate commerce bill and gave notice that he would call it up Tuesday, when it might go over the holiday adjournment for discussion. Senator Conger favorably reported the bill recently passed by the House to extend the free-delivery system to towns of 10,000 population. Senator Platt's resolution for open executive sessions was laid on the table by a vote of 33 to 21. A resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the proposed bridge across the Arthur Kill, between New Jersey and Staten Island. Mr. Beck called up the bill prohibiting Senators or Representatives from acting as attorneys for railroad companies. Mr. Beck denounced it as indecent for Senators and members to sit and vote upon measures affecting great railroad companies to the amount of hundreds of millions while having the money of those companies in their pockets. Public right, common decency, and the honor of every Senator and Representative were involved in having the world to understand that no man was sitting in either House as the hireling, or the retained attorney, or the agent of any of these subsidized railroad corporations. The House of Representatives devoted the day, in committee of the whole, to the consideration of the sundry civil bill.

SENATOR VAN WYCK's resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information as to how the Missouri River Commission apportioned the money appropriated by the last river and harbor bill for the improvement of the Missouri River, was adopted by the Senate on the 16th inst. A bill granting a pension to Mrs. Barbara Fuchs, the stepmother of a soldier, was passed. A bill was introduced extending the salaries of the Commissioners of Education to \$10,000 each. Senator Plumb introduced a bill providing that no railroad or other company or corporation engaged in the interstate commerce shall have or keep an office for or otherwise provide for or permit the transfer upon the books of said corporation of any portion of the capital stock of the same at any place outside the State by or under the laws of which the said corporation was incorporated, and all transfers of the stock of any such corporation at any point or place outside the limits of the State by which such corporation was incorporated shall be void. Petitions were presented from tobacco manufacturers from St. Louis, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Lynchburg, Durham, N. C., and other cities, protesting against the passage of the House bill in reference to the picking of cut tobacco. Senator Spooner introduced a bill for a public building at Milwaukee at a cost for site and building not to exceed \$1,200,000. The House of Representatives passed the Senate bill for the allotment of land in severity to Indians, upon whom are to be conferred the rights of citizenship. The measure does not affect the tribes in Indian Territory. Another Senate bill was passed for the retirement of Admirals Rowan and Worden, on their own application, with the highest pay of their grade. The urgency deficiency bill was passed.

BILLS authorizing the construction of bridges across the Cumberland River near Nashville, across the St. Louis River between Minnesota and Wisconsin, and across the Mississippi River at Memphis, Tenn., passed the Senate Dec. 17. The Senate then took up the bill to repeal the tenure-of-office act, and without further discussion it was passed—yeas 30, nays 23—as follows: Yeas—Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Butler, Call, Chace, Cockrell, Colquitt, Eustis, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hampton, Harris, Hoar, Ingalls, Maxey, Mitchell (Oregon), Morgan, Payne, Fugh, Ransom, Saulsbury, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Walshall, Whitcomb, and Wilson (Md.). Nays—Aldrich, Allen, and Blair (Mo.). Cheney, Conger, Dolph, Edmunds, Frye, Hay, Hawley, McKim, Mansford, Mitchell (Pa.), Morrill, Platt, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Stanford, Williams, Wilson (Iowa)—22. The Senate also passed bills to retire and receive their salaries, to extend the free-delivery system of the Postoffice Department, to sell the custom house at Eastport, Maine, and erect a \$100,000 building on a new site and to allow the bridging of the Mississippi at Memphis and the Cumberland at Nashville. The House of Representatives passed the sundry civil appropriation bill, and a bill directing the Quartermaster General to adjust the claims of the McMillanville and Manchester Railroad. A resolution was introduced and referred to the Foreign Affairs Committee, authorizing the President and appointing a commission to take testimony in relation to the losses and injuries inflicted since December 31, 1885, by British authorities, imperial or colonial, upon citizens of the United States engaged in the fisheries on the northern coast of British North America.

MR. DIBBLE, of South Carolina, in the House of Representatives, Dec. 18, asked unanimous consent to put upon its passage a bill appropriating \$500,000 for a public building at Charleston, S. C. Mr. Hepburn objected on the ground that, in view of the recent experience of that city, this was not the time to appropriate \$500,000 for the erection of a new building. Mr. Dibble remarked that if the bill were not passed the Government would have to transact its business in the open air. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Oklahoma bill. Pending action the committee rose and the morning hour expired. Instantly a hush fell over the House, and the noise in the galleries ceased. All eyes were turned upon Mr. Morrison, who, arising in his seat, said: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the committee of the whole on the state of the Union for the purpose of considering revenue bills. Mr. McKinley, of Ohio—And on that I demand the yeas and nays. During the roll-call absolute silence reigned in the House, and many members, with pencil in hand, were figuring up the vote. Messrs. Morrison and Randall were apparently among the least interested members, each leaning back in his chair within a few feet of each other, while now and then a pleasant remark was exchanged between them. The motion was lost—yeas 149, nays 151. The announcement was received with some applause on the Republican side, but it was quickly suppressed. The following Democrats voted against Mr. Morrison's motion: Messrs. Bliss, Boyd, Campbell (O.), Curtin, Ermentrout, Foran, Gay, Geddes, Greene, (N. J.), Irion, Lawler, Lefferts, Martin, McAdoo, Mortimer, Muller, Randall, Soney, Snowden, Sprague, Steinbecker, St. Martin, Wallace, Ward (Ill.), Warner (O.), and Watkins. The following Republicans voted in the affirmative: Hayden, Nelson, Stone (Mass.), Strait, Wakefield, and White (Minn.).

A STEAM barge has been built at Suffolk, Va., which is 167 feet long, 22 1/2 feet beam and eight feet depth of hold. It will carry 200,000 feet of lumber on six feet draught, and has two masts, schooner rigged, to be used as auxiliary power when wind is favorable.

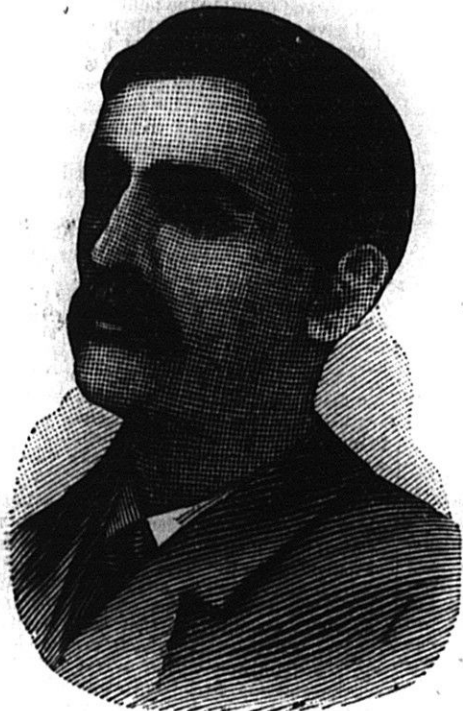
LONDON and its vicinity consume over 3,250,000 pounds of eels a year, worth \$650,000. The larger proportion of these eels come from Holland, only a small quantity being taken from English waters.

SCIENTIFIC BILLIARDS.

Schaefer Defeats Slosson in the Second Championship Game at Cushion Carroms.

Some Fine Playing—Scenes and Incidents in the Crowded Hall.

Central Music Hall was packed from pit to gallery, Friday evening, with people who had assembled to witness the great cushion-carrom match between George Slosson, of Chicago, and Jacob Schaefer, of St. Louis, the two billiard champions of the world, says the Chicago Daily News. Among the assemblage were many ladies, and the private boxes presented a fine display of elegant toilet. After a few moments' delay Mr. John W. McCullough, of St. Louis, stepped forward and introduced the champions with a few timely remarks. The speaker briefly announced the conditions of the game—cushion carroms, 500 points up, for \$1,000 a side and all the game receipts. The men lost no time in getting ready for play. Both stripped off their coats and appeared in dark knit jackets. A moment later they were banking for the lead. Schaefer won by an eighth of an inch. In the eighth inning Schaefer made the largest run of the game—48. Beginning with the balls in the upper left-hand corner of the table, he rattled up the counts at a surprising rate of speed for cushion carroms.



JACOB SCHAEFER.

Some of his shots barely moved the balls, and yet they all went to the cushion in order to make the count. His delicacy of play surprised even the most knowing ones, and a murmur of admiration ran through the crowded auditorium as he kept on counting. For a while Slosson seemed a little rattled, but after a few singles and a miss or two he began to creep up.



GEORGE SLOSSON.

Slosson would keep plodding along until he was within halting distance of Schaefer, and then the latter would wake up and go speeding along, leaving Slosson behind him. But the game was not stupid, by any means. A great variety of shots were shown, even if the men did not move along very fast, and there were frequent bursts of applause when any surprising venture resulted in a count. At the end of the forty-fifth inning the score stood 200 for Schaefer to 136 for Slosson. Thus far in the game Schaefer had shown himself the stronger of the two. His specialty seemed to be to get the balls near the rail and then, by delicate nursing shots, knock out double figures nearly every time. Slosson, on the other hand, depended more on open-table play, and seemed unable to take advantage of the very positions which netted the most points for his antagonist.

In his eighty-first inning Schaefer made a run of 37. During the spurt he gave the finest exhibition of cushion-carrom playing that was ever witnessed in public. His delicate mastery of the balls was perfectly marvelous. Men who had been used to see cushion carroms played in hammer-and-tongue style were astounded. The game at that time stood: Schaefer, 410; Slosson, 250.

In the face of Schaefer's run Slosson rattled up 22 points before he missed on a difficult single-cushion venture. From that time on the game became exciting, as Slosson steadily gained on Schaefer, who seemed unable to play even an ordinary game. For twenty-seven innings he never once reached double figures. He missed easy shots, made a couple of mistakes, played in bad luck, and altogether frightened his backers in a most painful manner. In the meantime Slosson was playing much better than he had been doing during any part of the game.

After a dozen innings devoted to this staggering duel, Schaefer suddenly seemed to recover, and, as easy as if he were rattling peas in a cup, he knocked out 15 points. Slosson followed with a goose-egg, while Schaefer added 7 more buttons to his string. Then Slosson pulled himself together for the last effort, and with many a brilliant shot he collected 17 points, every one of which was worth a \$10 bill to him just at that time. When he at last missed at the 430th point, just by the width of a hair, Schaefer chalked his cue, set his teeth, and then, murching up to the table, he ran up the ten points needed to make game as easily as if nothing were at stake. When the winner scored his five hundredth point Slosson tossed his cue aside and shook Schaefer warmly by the hand, and the next instant two or three hundred excited men rushed forward and fell on the little Dutchman. They slipped him on the back, cheered for him, and tried to carry him out of the hall on their shoulders, and would have succeeded had not a friend rushed up and rescued him while another friend presented him with an elegant gold watch and chain of Tiffany's make. Following is the score:

Schaefer—1, 0, 2, 0, 3, 3, 4, 7, 6, 0, 0, 0, 3, 9, 1, 0, 17, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0, 0, 23, 4, 0, 4, 2, 0, 0, 3, 0, 0, 1, 6, 2, 8, 9, 0, 0, 11, 12, 1, 1, 6, 0, 1, 2, 6, 0, 7, 1, 3, 0, 15, 0, 11, 16, 2, 2, 0, 0, 16, 36, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 26, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 9, 7, 29, 12, 37, 1, 1, 2, 7, 2, 2, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 4, 0, 1, 0, 6, 4, 3, 4, 1, 0, 1, 4, 3, 2, 15, 7, 10—500.

Slosson—1, 0, 0, 2, 3, 14, 2, 1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 15, 17, 4, 2, 0, 12, 0, 0, 2, 0, 3, 0, 1, 12, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 5, 0, 3, 0, 1, 13, 0, 5, 3, 7, 11, 2, 6, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 14, 0, 1, 0, 6, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 7, 10, 2, 0, 3, 0, 5, 3, 6, 3, 10, 0, 22, 1, 1, 2, 15, 0, 14, 7, 0, 0, 3, 0, 5, 13, 0, 10, 6, 4, 1, 6, 1, 0, 6, 3, 9, 4, 0, 2, 0, 17—480.

Schaefer—Average, 456-111; highest runs, 36, 27, and 48.

Slosson—Average, 3 100-110; highest runs, 17, 27, and 32.

HORRIBLE CRIME.

Five Persons Most Foully Murdered and Cremated in Georgia.

The Author of the Demoniac Deed Confesses and Is Routed at the Stake.

[Atlanta, Ga., special.]

News has reached this city of a terrible murder committed in Franklin County in which five lives were lost, and the perpetrator was subsequently lynched. Under the law of Georgia when misdemeanor convicts are only fined they have the privilege of selling their services if any one will pay the fine and take them. It was thus that John Swilling, a substantial farmer, made the acquaintance of Frank Sanders, who was in jail. Sanders had been but recently a resident of the county, coming from South Carolina. Swilling agreed to take him, and made him one of the family. On several occasions Sanders has attempted to escape the task of working out his fine, and thus the gratitude which he should have felt toward Mr. Swilling was turned into bitter hate. Wednesday Mr. Swilling took some cotton to Toocoo, where he disposed of it. On returning home the family, consisting of Swilling, his wife, and three children, retired at an early hour in one room. Sometime before daylight Thursday morning Sanders, who slept in the house, resolved to secure the money and escape. Taking the ax with which he worked he noiselessly entered, but as he reached the bedside Swilling sprang up. He was given a blow on the head which went crashing through his brain. Another blow killed Mrs. Swilling, while asleep. Having got his hand into the bloody business, Sanders then deliberately went to the three children and drove the poll of his ax through their skulls. His murderous deeds accomplished, the next thought was for concealment. A lamp nearly filled with oil was on the mantelpiece. This Sanders took and poured the oil over the bedclothes. He then applied fire, and, putting the stolen money in his pocket, sallied forth for the purpose of giving publicity to the deed. He ran to the house of George Swilling, brother of his victim, and told him of the fire. George hurried back, accompanied by several neighbors, while Sanders continued in another direction. Unfortunately for Sanders, the house was not completely burned when the party reached it, and the fire had not yet touched the body of Mr. Swilling. It was thus that the wound on Swilling's head was discovered. Then the absence of Sanders was noted. Search was at once made for him, and before the day closed he was caught and confessed the bloody deed. The citizens took him from the officers, and hurried him to the ruins of Swilling's house. When the mob reached the scene of the tragedy they made Sanders describe in detail the whole crime. As soon as he had finished the narration they gave him five minutes in which to pray. A fire was built on the spot where Swilling's body had lain, and into it Sanders, tied head and foot with chains, was thrown. When the pile had burned away, leaving nothing but charred bones, the party separated.

Sanders was a fugitive from South Carolina, where a charge of murder was hanging over him. At the age of 16 he committed forgery, and thereafter served an imprisonment of five years. Upon his release he married an unsophisticated country girl. He quarreled with her in January last and cut her throat. He disappeared that night and had not been seen or heard from until the particulars of this terrible tragedy were made public.

MANY LIVES LOST.

Wreck of the Whaling-Bark Atlantic Outside of the Harbor of San Francisco.

[San Francisco special.]

The whaler bark Atlantic was driven ashore a mile and a half below the Cliff House, and went to pieces in a few minutes, not a spar remaining standing. The wreck was strewn along the beach for three or four miles. About twenty-five men are believed to be lost. The captain and mate, with eight or ten men, were saved. At the time of the disaster a dense fog and heavy sea prevailed. The Atlantic left here for a cruise in the South Pacific, after which she was to proceed north. She was an old vessel, having been built in 1851; was 251 tons register, and was owned by J. & W. R. Wing, of New Bedford, Mass. She was commanded by Capt. Thomas P. Warren.

Following is Captain Warren's statement of the wreck: "There was a heavy head swell and no wind. The currents were so strong that we could not get out of the swell. We let go both anchors, but the sea swept the decks, and was so heavy that the anchors could not hold. We dragged ashore and struck at 1:30 a. m. Men were being washed off during all this time by the immense waves which washed over us. The vessel went to pieces an hour and a half after she struck. There was a very heavy fog, and it was pitch dark. We succeeded in lowering two boats, but both capsized before getting two boat-lengths from the ship. The first boat contained Z. H. Doty, first mate, Anton Perry, third mate, and four or five of the crew. That was the last we saw of them. In the second boat were myself, second mate, Rinz, and five men. When we were swamped the sea carried us in till we touched bottom, when we dragged ourselves ashore. We made no signals of distress, as it was too foggy for any to be seen."

As soon as the captain reached the shore he made his way in an exhausted condition to the life-saving station, a few hundred yards away, and gave the alarm. The apparatus was immediately got out, but owing to the darkness and fog it was some time before the wreck could be located. A line was then shot over her, but proved of no service, as it became entangled in floating wreckage, and the vessel shortly went to pieces. The vessel was valued at \$10,000, and her outfit at \$15,000; insurance, \$5,000. The captain and crew numbered forty-two persons, and up to now only eleven are known to be saved.

McQUADE CONVICTED.

The Broadway Boodler Pronounced Guilty on the First Ballot.

The Convicted Man Unmoved by the Result—The Judge's Charge to the Jury.

[New York dispatch.]

Ex-Alderman McQuade has been convicted of selling his vote for the Broadway franchise. He received the announcement of the verdict without sign of emotion. It was a dark day for the ex-Alderman. Col. John R. Fellows drew pen-pictures of the br-be-takers from morning until the great chandeliers were lighted in the evening. Then the Recorder reviewed the testimony, and laid down the law in double-shotted sentences that swept away all hope of escape. There were moments of fearful denunciation during the summing up for the people by Col. Fellows, but there were still more fearful moments in the solemn charge that



McQUADE.

fell mercilessly from the Recorder's lips. The announcement in the morning that Col. Fellows would make the great speech of the day drew hundreds of would-be spectators to the courtroom, only to find they could not get near the guarded doors.

McQuade appeared resolute, almost cheerful, but his brother Barney was pinched and pale. He looked more like a man accused of the great crime and en route to Sing Sing than any other man in the room. It was difficult to tell how the jury stood until Col. Fellows began to sway them with facts garlanded with eloquence. Then it was plain that he held their most profound attention. The points made by Col. Fellows—namely, that the Lyddy injunction should be taken official notice of; that the office of the Broadway Railroad syndicate was in the office of the company's counsel—Robinson, Scribner, and Bright; that these lawyers knew from Clerk Maoney that the Aldermen were to hold a special meeting and pass the franchise before the order for the discontinuance of the injunction had been obtained; and before Maloney had sent out the calls to the Aldermen to meet at nine o'clock on the following morning; that there was an agreement, because the boodler lawyers and the Broadway Railroad people knew it; that five of the Aldermen, including McQuade, met at McLaughlin's house, because the unimpeached servant girl, Kate Metz, saw them go and come from McLaughlin's house; that McQuade did a large business, and used checks, except about just after the boodler transaction, when he was seen with \$500 and \$1,000 bills in his possession; that, while the witnesses disagreed as to details and dates, they all substantially agreed to the chief facts in the case as stated by Fullgraff and Duffy, and corroborated by other witnesses and documentary evidence. Col. Fellows scored a point when he told the jury that the public and press were watching them, and they could never hold up their heads again if they allowed bribery to go unpunished.

Recorder Smyth reviewed the case at great length. He pronounced the testimony of the servant girl, Katie Metz, to be direct, unshaken, and worthy of much weight. It was in the nature of things, he said, that crime should be perpetrated in secret, and, therefore, the testimony of accomplices was often necessary. Because a man had once committed perjury, it must not be assumed that he would always perjure himself. It was for the jury to decide whether Duffy and Fullgraff's testimony had been corroborated.

Complete Exposure of the Half-Million Steal—Duffy and Fullgraff's Confession.

On the trial of ex-Alderman Arthur J. McQuade, on charge of being bribed to vote for a license for the street railroad in Broadway, ex-Aldermen I. A. Fullgraff and Michael Duffy came to the front with confessions and astounding revelations of fraud, giving a complete story of the scandalous jobbery. Ex-Alderman Fullgraff said an informal meeting was held in May, 1884, after the Lord had adjourned. Eight or nine members were present, of whom McQuade was one. The subject discussed was the fact that it was necessary to have thirteen votes to pass a bill for the railroad. The first meeting was held at Fullgraff's factory. This was before the bill was passed. Thirteen Aldermen were present. McQuade was one. Mr. Nicoll asked who else were present. Witness named from memory Kenney, Fayles, Waite, McCabe, Duffy, and Jaehne. McLaughlin was Chairman. De Lacy was also present. It was agreed that the thirteen members present would hold together on any question that came before the Board. Nothing was said about the Broadway Railroad. It was agreed to meet again one week later at McLaughlin's house. Witness attended the latter meeting. McLaughlin made Chairman again, on Duffy's motion. The first business was the question of the Broadway franchise. It was said that other companies and a cable road wanted a franchise. Jaehne, De Lacy, and others spoke, saying that the Broadway Cable Road Company had offered \$750,000 for a franchise—one-half cash and one-half bonds. Witness did not know who the money and stock were to go to. It was said that the surface road had offered \$500,000 cash. Witness said that the offer of the cable road was considered unreliable, and the other was considered the best. It was decided to accept the offer of the Broadway Surface Road by a unanimous vote. Witness voted for it. The question discussed was who should be entrusted with the money. Something was said about the amount. Twenty-two thousand dollars was to go to each member. One member thought the amount should be \$25,000 each. It was said that the lawyers had concluded to pay only \$22,000, and that amount was decided upon unanimously. McQuade voted aye. Another meeting was held at McLaughlin's house, but twelve out of the thirteen were present. The question discussed was to select a member to hold the money. Witness thought that McCabe and Maloney might not be trusted with so large an amount. Duffy suggested Keenan, and he was selected. De Lacy then said he wished to have the members present go to Keenan and assure him it was all right. Witness said the possibility of a veto was considered, and in that case it was decided to leave the work of getting a two-thirds vote to Maloney. After the veto another meeting was held at McLaughlin's house to discuss it. As more votes were necessary, it was decided unanimously to cut down each man's share to \$20,000.

Ex-Alderman Michael Duffy, who also turned State's evidence on his indicted fellow Aldermen, testified that the thirteen Aldermen were to receive \$22,000 apiece. Duffy testified in conclusion:

"I didn't get any money until about a month after election, and then I got \$10,000. I met McQuade on the north side of the City Hall a few days after, and he stopped and talked. He said, 'Did you get your money from the Broadway Road?' And I said, 'Did you get yours?' And he said, 'It's all right; I got mine all right.'"

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

Many Lives Lost in a Burning Steamer on the Mississippi River.

The J. M. White Destroyed Near Bayou Sara, La.—Thrilling Scenes and Incidents.

[New Orleans special.]

The steamer J. M. White, on her down trip from Vicksburg, caught fire at 10:30 o'clock on Tuesday night while at St. Maurice Landing, in Pointe Coupee Parish, four miles above Bayou Sara, and was entirely destroyed in a few minutes. The fire originated near the boilers, and spread with such rapidity that the flames enveloped the boat before warning of their danger could be given the passengers and crew. One of the mates was the first to see the fire from the river bank, and by the time he reached the cabin the smoke was so dense that he could only awaken the occupants of a few of the staterooms in front and escape with the rest of the officers to a place of safety. All the books and papers in the clerk's office were destroyed. Capt. Muse was sick in his room at the time, and was notified just in time to save his life.

All the passengers in the forward cabin were saved, with one exception. Those in the ladies' cabin were shut off from retreat by the flames, and were burned in their rooms or were forced to jump into the river, where only three were rescued.

Washington Floyd, Captain of the Will S. Hays of Louisville, was aroused in time to save himself, but rushed back into the ladies' cabin to save the occupants, and was himself destroyed.

The following is a partial list of the lost: Mr. Spafford, Superintendent of the Natchez and Vidalia Railroad, wife, and child.

Captain Wash Floyd of the Will S. Hays. Miss Agnes McCaleb of West Feliciana. Two women, names not known. Two white men from the West.

There were twenty-one colored, including several of the boat hands, and two negro preachers, who were also killed. Chief Engineer McGreevy says:

"There were four kegs of powder in the magazine, and the moment the fire reached them the flames shot up about one hundred feet high. The sight was the most heart-rending one ever witnessed by a human being. The shrieking of women and children for help was awful. I saw the superintendent of the Vidalia route railroad standing outside the ladies' cabin, throwing his two little daughters into the water. He stood there and burned to death with his wife. There were in the cabin nine lady passengers and about eight men. At New Texas twenty deck hands were taken on board. All are supposed to be lost."

The J. M. White was built in 1878, at a cost of \$225,000, and was regarded by many as the finest and fastest boat ever run on the Mississippi River. The boat was owned by Capt. John W. Tobin. She carried a cargo consisting of 2,100 bales of cotton and 6,000 sacks of seed. She was valued at \$100,000; the cargo at \$90,000. The insurance on the boat is \$20,000; the cargo is doubtless fully covered by insurance.

JOHN E. OWENS.

Sketch of the Famous Comedian, Whose Death Was Recently Announced.

John E. Owens was born in Liverpool, England, of Welch parentage, in 1823, but was brought to the United States when only three years of age, by his parents, who first settled in Baltimore, Md., but after a residence of ten years in that city, removed to Philadelphia, where Mr. Owens, pere, established himself in business. He made his first appearance under the management of the late Wm. E. Burton, at the National Theater, Philadelphia, where Charlotte Cushman was then start-



ling the public with her manifestations of a powerful genius. On the 20th of August, 1846, Mr. Owens reappeared in Philadelphia at the Museum, in Masonic Hall, as Jack Humphries, in "Turning the Tables," for the benefit of D. P. Powers. In 1849 he became joint manager of the Baltimore Museum with Haun, and in the succeeding year assumed sole control of the establishment. In 1852, at the earnest solicitation of John Brougham, Mr. Owens consented to inaugurate with his performances Brougham's Lyceum, New York, then newly built, and met with a cordial reception. On the 26th of June, 1852, he for the third or fourth time sailed for Europe, and, declining a flattering engagement at the Adelphi Theater, made an extended tour of the continent. In 1854 he again entered into the management of the Charles Street Theater, Baltimore. In 1859 he conducted the Varieties Theater, New Orleans. In 1863 he filed a most successful engagement at Wallack's Theater, New York. In 1865 he visited England, playing "Solon Shingle." Returning to America he made this part peculiarly his own, playing it in all the large cities. As a comedian he ranks with the highest, and is as great in his parts as Jefferson and Clarke are in theirs.

CHARLIE (gloomily)—You forgot that your father injured my tenderest feelings last evening when I was leaving. Mabel—Yes, darling, but he wore his carpet slippers at the time, and now his foot is done up in a bandage and he goes on a crutch. Come in, darling.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—A curiosity near Adrian is a tramp who lived three weeks on raw corn and frozen apples.

—The Poles of Bronson drink diluted alcohol, and yet out of 300 of them there is none who has been arrested.

—A Grand Rapids minister announces that there is one divorce for every four and a half marriages in that county.

—An Adrian man paid \$45 into the city treasury for keeping his horse standing in the street all day while the mercury was below zero. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals reported him.

—The building firms of Detroit have declared a boycott against all the local building contractors who purchase their bricks of outside parties. The consequence is to delay work on some buildings in process of erection.

—In the highway near Cedar Springs there is an upturned pine stump, from the upper side of which two poplar trees are growing. They have no nutriment except what they get from the stump. Each of the trees is thirteen inches in circumference.

—Push the hotel scheme. With sufficient hotel accommodation Detroit can have all the conventions it is worth while for any city to have, and all the summer visitors that the surrounding country can feed. The city has been hiding its light under a bushel.—Free Press.

—Joseph Jackson of Burr Oak wrote his name on a piece of paper to oblige a stranger, who said he wanted it for reference. When the paper was returned to him some time later, in the shape of a contract for \$200 worth of goods which he did not want, Jackson threw it into the fire, and drove off with a revolver the men who presented it.

—The sportsmen in the upper peninsula are indignant at the way in which pot-hunting is carried on. Two hunters in ninety days killed 284 deer, most of which were shipped out of the State. The Legislature will be asked to make further provision for enforcing the present laws, or make others more stringent. Complaint is made that brook trout is also shipped out of the State by the ton.

—The death of Rev. Father Ehrenstrasser, of Grand Rapids, is the fourth which has occurred in the priesthood of the Catholic churches there, the first being Rev. Father Andrew Vizioiski, during whose administration the old stone church on what is now Monroe street was built, and who died in 1853; the second was Father Limpens, of St. James'; and the third Father McManus, of St. Andrews'. The only representative of the early priesthood now living is Rev. Father Pulcher, who sat beside Father Ehrenstrasser during his last moments.

—Isaac Stevens, of Kalamazoo, while out hunting came upon a flock of ducks. As the flocks arose he snapped both barrels of his gun at them, but neither barrel was discharged. Then, firing the gun into the empty air, he reloaded, started the ducks up again, with the same result on the part of the shotgun. Becoming disgusted, he went home, where he stood the apparently worthless gun in the corner of the room, muzzle down. In the evening one of the barrels was discharged of its own accord and a hole was torn in the floor.

Michigan's Deceased Ex-Governor.

The Hon. Charles M. Crosswell was born at Newburg, Orange County, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1825. He was the only son of John and Sallie Hicks-Crosswell. His father was of Scotch-Irish descent and the ancestors on his mother's side were of Knickerbocker descent. When but 7 years of age his father was accidentally drowned in the Hudson River, and within three months preceding that event his mother and only sister had died, thus leaving him the sole surviving member of the family, without fortune or means. Upon the death of his father he went to live with an uncle, who, in 1837, emigrated with him to Adrian, Mich. At 16 years of age he commenced to learn the carpenter's trade, and worked at it very diligently for four years, maintaining himself and devoting his spare time to reading and the acquirement of knowledge. In 1846 he began the study of law, and was appointed Deputy Clerk of Lenawee County, the duties of which office he performed for four years, when he was elected Register of Deeds, and was re-elected in 1852. In 1854 he took part in the first movements for the formation of the Republican party, and was a member and Secretary of the convention held at Jackson in that year which put in the field the first Republican State ticket in Michigan. In 1855 he formed a law partnership with Judge Cooley, which continued until the latter's removal to Ann Arbor. In 1862 Mr. Crosswell was appointed City Attorney of Adrian, and was also elected Mayor of the city in the spring of the same year. In the fall of 1862 he was chosen to represent Lenawee County in the State Senate, where he performed for four years, when he was elected Register of Deeds, and was re-elected in 1862. 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Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday at 7:30.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Christmas sermons morning and evening. Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2:00 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45.

Holland Christian Ref. Church.—Rev. E. Van Der Vries, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. 2:00 and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. H. D. Jordan, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Class-meeting at close of morning service, and at 7 p. m. Teachers meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All the seats are free. Subjects: Morning, "The wonderful Christ." Evening, "Salvation through Christ."

Grace Episcopal Church—Rev. George S. Ayres, Rector. Divine Service every alternate Sunday, 1st, 3rd and 5th. Morning Service at 10:30; Evening Service at 7:30; Sunday School at 12 m. Holy Communion at 10:30 a. m., and Children's Service at 3:15 p. m. on the first Sunday of each month. All are invited to attend. Strangers especially welcome. "O Worship the Lord in the Beauty of Holiness," Ps. 96-9.

We have heard many of our old friends say that Salvation Oil cured them of rheumatism. Those who have not tried it should do so. Our druggists sell it for twenty-five cents a bottle all the time.

Why suffer with a bad cold when one bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a cough of the worst kind. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold for 25 cents per bottle by all druggists in the United States.

A Family Treasurer.

Webster's Unabridged is a great treasure in a family, and fathers and mothers cannot afford to bring up their children without it. How to buy it. "Every Farmer should give his sons two or three square rods of ground, well prepared, with the avails of which they may buy it. Every Mechanic should put a receiving box in some conspicuous place in the house, to catch the stray pennies for the like purpose."—Mass. Life Boat.

That Hacking Cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems at first only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all throat, lung and chest affections. Trial bottles free at Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Druggists, Holland, Mich. 6-ly

Notice!

To the Taxpayers of the City of Holland: Notice is hereby given, that the tax roll has been delivered to me, and that the taxes therein levied can be paid to me at my office in the Holland City Bank on Eighth street, at any time every week day, between the hours of 8 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock in the evening, also after 6 o'clock on the evenings of Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, before the first day of January, 1887, without any charge for collection, but that five per cent fees will be charged and collected upon all taxes remaining unpaid on said first day of January.

C. VER SCHURE, City Treasurer and ex-officio City Collector.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents Nasal Injector free.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Croup, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland, Mich.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane. Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by Yates & Kane.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Not Selling Out! G. Van Putten & Sons

But selling Goods
CHEAPER THAN EVER.

No shop worn or dirty Jewelry, but good clean goods at honest prices, at the old reliable store of

Otto Breyman

—dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches,

DIAMONDS,
Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner. Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

\$1000 FORFEIT
IF NOT HAVANA FILLER.



A GENTLEMAN'S SMOKE
FOR 5 CENTS.

This Cigar will prove as represented and will be extensively advertised in every town for five dealers who will appreciate its merits and push it accordingly.

Address BANGHART BROS., Sole Agents,
139 Fifth Avenue, CHICAGO.

RETAIL AT
H. WALSH'S.

A. C. Van Raalte

—Proprietor of—

Livery and Sale Stable,

MARKET STREET.

Hacks for Weddings, Private Parties and Receptions.

Hearse and Carriages
FOR FUNERALS.

The Best Livery in the City.

GIVE ME A CALL!

A. C. VAN RAALTE,
Holland, Mich., April 1, 1886. 9 1yr.

J. D. WETMORE, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIC

Physician and Surgeon.

All Homeopathic Medicine furnished on application. Calls night or day will receive prompt attention.

Office: In Rooms over News Office,
HOLLAND, MICH.

\$1
13 Weeks

The POLICE GAZETTE will be mailed securely wrapped, to any address in the United States for three months on receipt of

ONE DOLLAR.

Liberal discount allowed to postmasters, agents and clubs. Sample copies mailed free. Address all orders to

RICHARD K. FOX,
Franklin Square, N. Y.

Have on hand their Fall and Winter Stock of

Dress Goods,

FLANNELS

Woolen Blankets, Comforters,

LADIES' & GENTS' UNDERWEAR.

Yarns, Hosiery, Fur Caps,
Flannel Dress Shirts,

It will positively

PAY YOU

To examine our stock and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 25, 1886.

THE FINEST

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

E. HEROLD'S

Honest Goods

—AT—

Honest Prices!

BEST \$3.00 SHOE

in the city, always on hand.

I have the Celebrated
GRAY BROS.' SHOE

for Ladies. Call and see them.

Repairing promptly and neatly done.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

Eight Dollars

Will buy a

LIFE-SIZE PORTRAIT,

(20x24), at

Jackson's Gallery,

103 Monroe St., Grand Rapids.

Call and See Samples.

I am still making

CABINETS

At \$3.00 per dozen.

Lower rates to clubs of three or more.

Cards at \$1.50 per dozen.

Old Pictures copied and enlarged.

B. D. JACKSON,
103 Monroe St., Grand Rapids.

SMOKE

"J. M."

HAVANA FILLED

CIGARS.

Price 5 Cents.

J. FLIEMAN

Manufactures and sells the

BEST WAGONS

AND BUGGIES.

I have recently commenced the manufacture of

Platform, Combination & Express Wagons,

To which I invite the attention of all who desire light and durable wagon.

I have on hand a large assortment of

BUGGIES

Which I will dispose of at the lowest possible figures.

I am making

ALL KINDS OF OARS

They cannot be beat, and I make anything in the hardwood line.

Carriage and Wagon Painting

Call and See Me before Purchasing Elsewhere,
J. FLIEMAN,
HOLLAND, Mich. March 18, 1886.

City Ordinances.

An Ordinance Relative to the Prevention of Fires in the City of Holland.

The City of Holland Ordains:

SECTION 1. Every building hereafter erected, rebuilt, or constructed, within said city, and in which fire is to be used, shall be provided with good and sufficient brick chimney, laid in lime mortar, with walls at least four inches thick, and plastered on the inside with a smooth coat of plaster. Such chimney shall extend at least two feet above the roof, and shall be so constructed as to admit of the flues therein being swept from top to bottom. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to buildings where steam is used as a motive power.

SEC. 2. No pipe of any stove shall be put up in any house or building unless it be conducted into a chimney of brick, and no stove-pipe shall be carried or placed within three inches of any wood work of any building in this city unless the same be properly guarded by a safe and non-conducting substance. And all pipes that pass through ceilings, or partitions, shall be surrounded by a double circle of tin, or other metallic substance, connected together, and with air holes through the connections between the said circles. Provided, however, that in out buildings and summer kitchens, already erected, stove pipes may be carried through the roofs, or outer walls, when said pipes shall be so guarded and constructed that in the opinion of the City Marshal or Fire Warder, they shall be safe.

SEC. 3. No ashes, except at manufactories where ashes are used for manufacturing purposes, shall be kept, or deposited in any part of this city within twenty feet of any building, unless the same be in a close and secure metallic or earthen vessel, or brick or stone ashroom.

SEC. 4. No open light, not enclosed in a lantern, shall be used or carried in any stable, barn, or other building where hay or straw are stored in this city, nor shall any lighted pipe or cigar be carried in any such building.

SEC. 5. The owner or occupant of each house, or place of residence, in the city of Holland, shall keep at least one suitable ladder, of sufficient length to reach the roof of such house, or place of residence, and every shop, store, mill, tannery or other place of business, shall keep at least one such ladder for the same purpose, in some safe and convenient place.

SEC. 6. The City Marshal shall be, ex-officio, the Fire Warden of the city, and as such it shall be his duty, from time to time, to examine the stoves, furnaces, chimneys, stove pipes, and heating apparatus and devices in all dwellings, buildings, and structures within the city; and cause all such as are unsafe with respect to fire to be put in a safe condition, and any person neglecting or refusing to comply with such orders shall be liable to the penalty hereinafter provided.

SEC. 7. Any person or persons, who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the city jail, or county jail of the County of Ottawa, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period not exceeding ninety days; and in case such court or magistrate shall only impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the city jail, or county jail of Ottawa County, until the payment of such fine and costs, for a term not exceeding three months.

SEC. 8. An ordinance, entitled: "An Ordinance relative to fire limits," passed August 20th, 1869; and an ordinance, entitled: "An Ordinance to amend sections 4 and 5 of ordinance No. 47, entitled: "An Ordinance relative to fire limits," passed August 30, 1869; passed June 30, 1875, and approved June 30, 1875; and an ordinance entitled: "An Ordinance relative to the Prevention of Fires" and an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance relative to the erection of wooden buildings within certain limits," passed March 13, 1878, and approved March 13, 1878, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 9. This ordinance shall take effect twenty days after its passage.

Passed: December 21st, A. D., 1886.
Approved: December 22nd, A. D., 1886.

P. H. McBRIDE, Mayor.
Attest: GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

An Ordinance

Establishing a Board of Health and defining its Powers.

The City of Holland Ordains:

SECTION 1. That the Board of Health of the City of Holland be and is hereby created and established.

SEC. 2. The Mayor, City Attorney, Health Officer and two members, electors of the city, to be appointed by the Common Council, and to hold their office for the term of two years each, shall constitute the Board of Health, of the City of Holland; Provided, however, that the appointed members of the Board of Health as it is constituted at the time of the passage of this ordinance, shall hold their offices until the expiration of the time for which they were respectively appointed; and thereafter one member shall be appointed each year in the manner and at the time provided in the City Charter for the appointment of officers.

SEC. 3. The Mayor shall be, ex-officio, the president of the board. On the third Monday in May, in each year, the board shall hold its first regular meeting. A majority of all the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from time to time. The board shall meet in the rooms of the Common Council, unless adjourned to meet in some other place.

SEC. 4. The board shall have the right to prescribe rules for its proceedings, and shall keep a record or journal thereof. No resolution shall be passed or adopted, or any action taken, except upon the vote of a majority of all the members of the board. Within one week after any meeting of the board, the proceedings thereof shall be published in one of the newspapers of the city, unless the board shall otherwise direct.

SEC. 5. The City Clerk shall be, ex-officio, the clerk of the board of health; but he shall have no vote therein. He shall keep a full record of all

the proceedings and actions of the board, and perform all such duties relating to his office as the board may direct, and as are now or may hereafter be required by the laws of the state and the charter and the ordinances of the city. It shall also be his duty to furnish for the use of the physicians and householders in the city, the necessary blanks for the reports required by sections one thousand six hundred and seventy-five and one thousand six hundred and seventy-six of Howells Annotated Statutes of the State of Michigan.

SEC. 6. The City Marshal and his deputies, the constables, policemen and watchmen of the city, shall execute and obey all the lawful orders issued by said board, relative to the promotion of the public health; and all other officers of the corporation shall obey and comply with all the lawful rules, resolutions and health regulations issued by the board relating to the several subjects of their respective departments.

SEC. 7. The board of health shall have power and it is hereby made their duty, to make, and direct to be made, diligent inquiry with respect to all nuisances and dangerous or objectionable places of every description in said city, which are or may be dangerous or injurious to the public, and whenever in their judgment it shall be necessary for the public health, they may at once take possession of any building, factory, hotel, dwelling house, out house, premises or grounds in or upon which in their judgment there exists any dangerous or infectious disease, or any other condition of the public health, and at once and by force if necessary, close up such houses, buildings, hotels and premises, and exclude all occupants therefrom until all danger to the public is past and the contents of such building or premises are thoroughly purified. Any person who shall resist the action of the board, or any of their agents, under this section shall be liable to the penalty provided for in section twelve of this ordinance.

SEC. 8. The board of health shall also have power, and it shall be their duty, to take such measures as they shall deem necessary and effectual to secure the inhabitants of the city from contagious, malignant, and infectious diseases, and to preserve and promote the public health; and they shall have and exercise all the powers and authority conferred upon boards of health, by chapter forty-six of the compiled laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one and the acts amendatory thereof, so far as the same shall be applicable and may be exercised in and for said city, consistent with the provisions of the city charter.

SEC. 9. The board shall make and prescribe the necessary sanitary rules and regulations for the government of the city and the promotion of the public health. Such rules shall be numbered serially and entitled, "health regulations." The style of said health regulations shall be: "It is hereby ordered by the board of health of the city of Holland." The health regulations shall be signed by the president or person acting as president of the board and attested by the clerk, after which they shall be recorded in a book kept for that purpose and filed. Within one week after the passage of any health regulation the same shall be published in one of the newspapers published in the city. Each health regulation shall take effect twenty days from the day of its passage.

SEC. 10. If for sufficient cause the board shall deem it necessary to order the immediate removal or abating of a nuisance, considered by the board as dangerous to the lives or health of the inhabitants of the city, or of any certain locality therein, the board shall make such order by passing or adopting a resolution to that effect, setting forth the facts and circumstances in the case, and ordering and requiring within a reasonable time, in such resolution to be designated, the removal, abating, discontinuing or prohibition of such nuisance. Upon the passage of such resolution, the clerk shall forthwith make and deliver to the city marshal or to any constable of the city for service, a written or printed notice, or a partly written and partly printed notice. Such officer shall at once serve said notice either personally on the owner or occupant, or by posting the same in a conspicuous place on the premises. Such notice shall specify with reasonable certainty what is required to be done, and shall require such owner or occupant to remove or abate such nuisance, within the time specified therein, which shall not be less than twenty-four hours from the time of service or posting thereof, or that the same will be done by the city authorities and the expenses thereof charged to the owner or occupant of the premises; and in case the requirements of such notice shall not be complied with within the time and in the manner therein set forth and specified, and according to the spirit and intent thereof, it shall be the duty of the city marshal and he is hereby authorized to proceed immediately, together with as many persons as he may deem necessary to employ, and cause such work to be done and such nuisance to be removed or abated; and for that purpose it shall be lawful for the said marshal, or the said board of health, or any member thereof, or any other person by and under the direction of said marshal, or board of health, to enter into and upon any premises, or into any basin, cellar, house, or other building, which it shall be necessary to enter into or upon, in order to perform the work contemplated by said resolution and notice, and there to do and perform every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in the performance of said work; and every person who shall wilfully hinder, delay, oppose, or obstruct said marshal, or any other person acting by or under the directions of the board of health in the discharge of the aforesaid duty, shall be liable to the penalty fixed in section twelve of this ordinance.

SEC. 11. All expenses incurred by the board of health in the legal discharge of their duties, as prescribed by law and this ordinance, shall be reported to the common council. Such report shall embrace an itemized account of all services performed, and by whom and for what purposes furnished; and in case of the abatement of any nuisance shall describe the lot or premises where such nuisance was abated together with the names of the owner and occupant thereof if known. Such report when approved by the board of health, and signed by the president and clerk thereof, shall be entered in full upon their minutes.

SEC. 12. Any person or persons, who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding four hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the city jail, or County Jail of the County of Ottawa, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period not exceeding six months; and in case such court or magistrate shall only impose a fine and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the city jail, or County Jail of the County of Ottawa until the payment of such fine and costs, for a term not exceeding six months.

SEC. 13. An ordinance entitled, "an ordinance relative to the public health of the city of Holland." Passed March 24, 1877, and approved March 26, 1877, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 14. This ordinance shall take effect twenty days after its passage.

Passed: December 21st, A. D., 1886.
Approved: December 22nd, A. D., 1886.

P. H. McBRIDE, Mayor.
Attest: GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

An Ordinance

Creating the Office of Health Officer and prescribing his powers and duties.

The City of Holland Ordains:

SECTION 1. That the office of Health Officer of the City of Holland be and the same is hereby created and established.

SEC. 2. The Health Officer shall be appointed by the Common Council at the time and in the manner provided by the City Charter for the appointment of officers. Such health officer shall be a practicing physician, having a diploma or certificate from some well accredited medical college. He shall be a resident of the city and shall hold his office for the term of one year or until his successor is appointed and qualified; Provided, however, that the present incumbent shall hold said office until the expiration of the time for which he was appointed.

SEC. 3. The health officer shall be the sanitary adviser and executive officer of the Board of Health; and he shall exercise the powers, and perform the duties, conferred upon and required of health officers by the general laws of the state, and shall perform all the duties that may be required of him by the ordinances of the city and the resolutions, orders, and health regulations, of the Common Council and the Board of Health.

SEC. 4. The compensation of the health officer shall be fixed annually by the Common Council.

SEC. 5. An ordinance entitled "An Ordinance relative to the office of Health Officer," passed March 24, 1877, and approved March 26, 1877, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. This ordinance shall take immediate effect.

Passed: December 21st, A. D., 1886.
Approved: December 22nd, A. D., 1886.

P. H. McBRIDE, Mayor.
Attest: GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.