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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XII.—NO. 43.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1883.

WHOLE NO. 612.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND, - - MICHIGAN.

OFFICE: No. 52 EIGHTH STREET.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.

Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING Promptly and Neatly Executed.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 m.	6 m.	1 y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1/2 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/4 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1/8 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's signifies that no paper will be continued after date.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect, Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1883.

From Holland to Chicago.

From Chicago to Holland.

N't Exp.	Mix. ed.	Mail.	towns.	Mail.	Mix. ed.	N't Exp.
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
10:30	9:30	11:10	Holland.....	3:25	8:15	5:15
10:55	10:00	11:30	East Saugatuck	3:10	7:30	4:53
11:05	10:20	11:45	New Richmond.	3:00	7:15	4:43
11:57	11:55	12:35	Gd. Junction..	2:30	5:52	3:55
12:30	12:35	1:15	Bangor.....	2:02	5:20	3:35
1:50	1:15	2:25	Benton Harbor.	1:05	3:30	2:30
2:15	2:30	2:55	St. Joseph....	12:55	3:10	2:15
3:40	6:00	3:45	New Buffalo..	11:55	1:10	1:10
7:30	6:50	7:00	Chicago.....	9:00	10:00	10:00
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.

From Grand Rapids to Holland.

a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
7:25	9:15	11:10	9:30
5:38	8:40	10:45	8:40
6:00	9:35	10:57	9:40
6:15	10:15	10:15	7:10
6:35	10:40	10:30	6:35
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.

From Muskegon to Holland.

a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
8:30	10:55	3:25	1:55
6:30	8:50	3:00	1:34
6:35	4:00	11:35	Johnsville....
7:00	4:25	11:45	Grand Haven..
7:10	4:30	11:55	Ferryburg....
7:40	5:10	12:25	Muskegon....
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.

ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to Allegan.

From Allegan to Holland.

a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
8:30	3:25	11:05	2:00
9:10	3:50	10:35	1:30
9:35	4:00	10:30	1:15
10:15	4:17	10:15	13:40
10:50	4:40	10:00	12:00
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.

* Mixed trains.
† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Detroit time.

THE FAST TRAIN:—Leaves Grand Rapids at 1:15 p.m.; leave Holland at 2:00; Grand Junction 2:55; Bangor 3:10; St. Joseph 4:00; New Buffalo 4:55; arrives in Chicago 7:30. Leaves Chicago 3:40 p.m.; New Buffalo 7:25; St. Joseph 8:10; Bangor 9:00; Grand Junction 9:10; Holland 10:00; and arrives in Grand Rapids at 10:45.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE & CARROLL, Attorneys at Law, Leppig's Block, Grand Rapids, Michigan. Business in Kent, Ottawa and Allegan Counties will be promptly attended to. 9-ly

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store cor Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River st.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Proprietors. The only first-class Hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town, and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the State. Free bus in connection with the Hotel. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHENIX HOTEL, Ryder & Coffey, proprietors. Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free Hack for accommodation of guests. Holland, Mich.

SCOTT'S HOTEL, W. P. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and Fish stns. Terms, \$1.35 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Pluiger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm Implements and Machinery, cor. River and Ninth Street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor. 10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short notice. Office Zeeland, Michigan. 9-ly

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be found in his office, on River street, next door to D. R. Meenges, drug store.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market street. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a.m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p.m. 30-ly

SCHIPHORST, L., Physician and Surgeon; office at the drug store of Schepers & Schiphorst; is prepared at all times, day or night, to attend to "calls."

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. B. Ledebor. 43-ly

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon; office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county, Mich. Office hours from 12 to 2 p.m. 26-ly

Photographers.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gallery opposite this office.

Watchmen and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market and Eighth Street.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets, Holland Mich. 24-ly

Societies.

I. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week. Visiting brothers are cordially invited. THOS. MCMASTER, N. G. WILLIAM BAUMGARTEL, H. S.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Nov. 14, at 7 o'clock, sharp. O. BREYMAN, W. M. D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel.....	75	1 75
Beans, bushel.....	1 50	1 75
Butter, lb.....	19	20
Eggs, dozen.....	23	25
Honey, lb.....	2	3
Onions, bushels.....	1 00	1 00
Potatoes, bushel.....	85	40

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Buckwheat, bushel.....	85	
Barley, 100 lbs.....	1 03	
Barley, 100 lbs.....	1 10	
Clover seed, bushel.....	5 00	
Corn Meal 100 lbs.....	1 25	
Corn, shelled bushel.....	85	
Flour, bushel.....	5 25	
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs.....	1 40	
Feed, 100 lbs.....	1 25	
Hay, 100 lbs.....	8 00	
Midling, 100 lbs.....	1 20	
Oats, bushel.....	28	
Pearl Barley, 100 lbs.....	6 00	
Rye, bushel.....	45	
Timothy Seed, bushel.....	1 50	
Wheat, white bushel.....	1 00	
Red Fultz Lancaster Red, bushel.....	1 05	

Additional Local.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by D. R. Meenges.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and \$1. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

SHILOH'S CURE WILL immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

Notice.

Whereas Wm. C. Mells, of this place, has assigned his property and credits to me for the benefit of his creditors, all those that owe Mells are requested to come and pay their debts to me, at my office in Van der Veen's block. G. J. DIRKEMA, Assignee.

New Advertisements.

WM. BAUMGARTEL,

Freight and Ticket Agent

Chicago and West Mich.

RAILWAY

Sells tickets to all principal points in the United States and Canada. Money can be saved by purchasing tickets of me. Through Bills of Lading issued and rates given for freights to all points. Call and see me before making your journey or shipments.

WM. BAUMGARTEL, Agent Chicago and West Michigan Railway. HOLLAND, Mich., Nov. 28, 1883. 42-ly

ATTENTION

Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Elm Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.
Basswood Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.
Pine Heading Bolts, 30 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.

ED. VER SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

\$66 a week at home, \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALL, LEWY & Co., Portland, Maine.

H. WYKHUYSEN,

—dealer in—

Gold and Silver Watches!

Solid Gold and Plated Chains.

Ladies' and Gents' Lockets.

Silverware, Platedware,

Jewelry and Clocks.

I also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES!

My stock of

SILVERWARE

is unsurpassed in this city.

Particular attention is called to the fact that all my goods are first-class and are sold at low prices.

Come in and see my Stock. Watches and Clocks repaired on short notice.

NINTH STREET, OPPOSITE FIRST CHURCH. H. WYKHUYSEN. HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 24, 1882. 24-ly

For the Holland City News:

No. 6. Alcoholic Life.

Among the Hungarians and in some other parts of Eastern Europe a superstition prevails that sometimes the dead return, body and soul, from the land of spirits to roam over the earth by night and suck the blood of men in their sleep. This wild legend of the vampire has an actual fulfillment in the action of alcohol upon the system. By degrees it poisons the whole physical frame, turning the blood to water, congesting the brain, clogging the muscles, reducing the vital heat, preventing digestion, and, in a word, inducing a morbid condition in every organ and function. The end is death. But, strange to say, this toxicant develops an artificial life, which has its periods and its characteristic features as clearly marked and distinct as those of natural life. We see a man who has succumbed to the influence of alcohol and whose faculties of body and mind are completely suspended and say of such an one, he is *dead drunk*. It is a mistake. The life that God gave is dead or nearly so, but the life that alcohol gives is tremendously active. Of this alcoholized life science recognizes four stages. To begin with the simplest. When a small quantity of alcohol is taken, just sufficient to produce a decided effect on the body, the person who has taken it feels exhilarated or freshened. He will tell you he is brightened, is in a kind of glow, that his thoughts seem to flow more quickly and that he is warmed from head to foot. Look at him. His face is red and flushed, his eyes look bright, he is a little excited and talks more rapidly than usual. The alcoholic life is in its incipency.

Let him persevere in his potations and reach the second stage. Now begins the reaction. The temperature of the body begins to sink. The nervous power of the small blood vessels throughout the entire surface of the body, lying under the skin, is weakened. These vessels, thus impaired are unable to resist the force of the current of blood constantly being pumped from the heart. So it results that the blood congests or heaps together more and more under the skin, which now becomes red and inflamed and unnaturally heated, while in the same proportion the vital heat departs from the great centres. Nervous chills set in with occasional hot flashes, occasioned by the irregular circulation. Now begin headaches, nausea, depression of spirits and all the train which accompany so-called dyspepsia. The life is being developed with great rapidity and as it has its bright side and its pleasant hours, do not let the alcoholist stop.

So the third stage is reached. Thus far the drinker may not have yielded completely to alcoholic influence so as to become intoxicated. He now begins to indulge in occasional periods of intoxication, or in common parlance, has a "spree" now and then. In this stage the great vital organs, the heart, lungs, liver and kidneys are too full of blood and unfitted to do their work. The nervous system, which directs the movements of the body, is specially deranged. The brain is obscured and the mere animal or passionate nature of the man escapes from the control of the judgment. The alcoholic life asserts its supremacy and exaggerates the natural temperament. Some men are horribly passionate and cruel. Some indulge in maudlin ribaldry and obscenity. Some are victims of hysteria and laugh or cry without apparent cause. In short this is the state in which the wise old Spartans exhibited their slaves to their sons as an object lesson on the evils of intemperance. The organs are now permanently injured and the temperature never regains its normal state. Coldness of body, weakness of mind and uncertainty of movement are the unfailing symptoms of this period. The alcoholic life is now so strong that the craving for unnatural stimulant has become too powerful to resist. The satisfaction of this craving soon brings the fourth stage.

Here the man is frequently dead drunk, a condition in which the heart and lungs are the only organs, that appear to do their work, circulation and respiration; but in which the artificial life is preternaturally active. To this stage science gives the name of *ecomania* or wine-madness, dipsomania or drink-madness. Now set in that long series of mental diseases which make the brain of the drunkard a pandemonium, a hell on earth,—peopling it with

"Gorgons, hydras and chimeras dire,"

insomnia, melancholia, dementia, delir-

um or acute mania. Such is the state characterized by a recent writer in these words: "an impulsive desire for stimulant drinks, uncontrollable by any motive that can be addressed to the reason or conscience, in which self-interest, self-esteem, friendship, love, religion, are appealed to in vain; in which the passion for drink is the master passion and subdues to itself every other desire and faculty of the soul." The dual life, which has so long waged war in the poor inebriate, has now become one, and that one, the *life in death of alcoholism*.

"I have been hurry'd on by a strong impulse, Like to a bark that scuds before the storm, Till driv'n upon some strange and distant coast, Which pilot never dream'd of."

T. ROMEYN BECK.

HOLLAND, NOV. 26, 1883.

JOHN G. WHITTIER opens the Christmas *St. Nicholas* with an Indian legend told in verse, entitled "How the Robin Came." Julian Hawthorne follows with the first half of "Almion, Auria, and Mona," a charmingly fanciful tale; and Louisa M. Alcott contributes the second half of her bright Christmas story, "Sophie's Secret." Captain Mayne Reid's new and exciting serial, "The Land of Fire," is also begun. It is the last work of the veteran storyteller, whose death followed so suddenly the completion of this manuscript. Copiously and cleverly illustrated by Kelley is the highly original sketch by Charles Dudley Warner, called "Fare in a Street Car"; "Maggie's Dangerous Rifle," the first of Prof. Boyesen's "Tales of Two Continents," is begun, with spirited illustrations by Henry Sandham of the hero's involuntary journey on a reindeer. "Edouard Frere and his Child Pictures" are the subject and title of a delightful paper by Mrs. Lizzie W. Champney, with reproductions of six of his more famous works and with some added pencil sketches by J. W. Champney. Then there is a Christmas play by E. S. Brooks, with a full page drawing by R. B. Birch of "Bringing in the Yule Log"; and the same artist furnishes the colored Christmas frontispiece; there is also a description of a "Children's Christmas Club," by Ella S. Sargent; and a great deal besides, forming altogether a rousing Christmas number of over a hundred pages of splendid stories, instructive sketches, beautiful pictures and poems, and fun for everybody, good measure, pressed down, and running over into the numbers to follow,—enough to give the whole volume a holiday flavor, and still have something left for another year.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for December has a great variety of articles. The opening paper, on "The Menhaden Fisheries and Factories," by Charles Burr Todd, is an exhaustive account of a great industry, the nature and extent of which are scarcely suspected by the general mass of readers. The most amusing article in the number has for its subject "Doctor and Count Mattei," a renowned Italian charlatan, who numbers among the firm believers in his power of curing all diseases by a secret method of his own invention many English and American residents in Italy, as well as natives of every class. "Studies from the Census," by Charles H. Fitch, is a very instructive and suggestive paper. "The Funeral of a Greek Statesman," by Eunice W. Felton, gives a curious picture of Athenian manners and customs at the present day. Professor Beers, of Yale College, writes on "The Modern Feeling for Nature." A pleasant little paper on "Women and Gowns" contains some useful hints in regard to the appropriateness of different styles of dress to particular occasions. Miss Tinker's serial, "The Jewel in the Lotus," is concluded in this number. "The Old Colony House," by M. H. Catherwood, is an admirable story. "Sancy Betty Mork," by Ardo Bates, is very bright and lively, and will have a special interest for lawn-tennis players. In the "Monthly Gossip," such subjects as "Distinguished Visitors to America" and "Ouida's Society Novels" are briefly discussed. Altogether the number is a strong one, and the announcements in the Prospectus indicate that there will be no falling off during the coming year. The special merit of Lippincott's Magazine is that it is always readable.

Very Remarkable Discovery.

Mr. George V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and so much improved, that she is able now to do her own work." Electric Bitters do all that is claimed for them. Faded testimonials attest their great active powers. Only fifty cents a bottle. H. Walsh's.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

PATRICK WILLIAM O'BRIEN, an Irish giant, and **Christina D. Dunz**, a German giantess, were made one at Pittsburgh the other day. In their present united state they have a combined height of fifteen feet three inches, and balance 549 pounds avoirdupois. Among the curious incidents of the ceremony was a wedding-cake nine feet in circumference, a ring weighing seventeen pennyweights, and a loaf of bread five feet long.... On Pennsylvania soil, opposite Trenton, N. J., James Golden and Patrick Scullian fought sixty-five rounds in two hours, both men being severely punished. Scullian was declared the victor on a foul.... G. M. D. Little & Co., dealers in canned goods at New York, have failed. Their debts aggregate \$100,000.

STICKNEY & POOR's four-story brick spice mill at Charlestown Neck, Mass., was burned. Loss, \$80,000; insurance, \$61,000.

JOHN CHISHOLM was hanged at Newark, N. J., for killing his wife. The relatives of Chisholm were given his body on executing bonds that his funeral should be a private one.... Hon. John McKeon, United States District Attorney for Southern New York, is dead.

HENRY A. SLATER, mate of the bark Northern Light, was taken from the hold of that craft at New York and taken before a Commissioner, charged with mutiny and attempted murder. Slater had been confined in a space which only admitted of a sitting posture for fifty-three days, was fed on maggoty biscuits and was often left for days without water. After eating a hearty meal the man became delirious and is in a precarious condition.... Bernard Boland, who was sent to the Massachusetts penitentiary for life, on conviction of murder, has been pardoned because of the discovery that the statutes will not permit a boy to be sent to State prison.... Mary O'Connor, who last year was employed in a mill in Philadelphia, leaped from a window during a fire, and was permanently disabled. She had just obtained a verdict for \$10,000 damages.

DETAILS of a terrible human butchery comes from Laconia, N. H. Thomas Samon, a cook by trade, came to the house of James Ruddy, a laborer, to board, bringing with him a heavy trunk. During the night he got up and killed Ruddy and a little child with a hatchet, and assaulted Mrs. Ruddy with the same weapon. Thinking he had murdered her also, he saturated the bodies with kerosene, set them on fire, and escaped. Mrs. Ruddy alarmed the neighbors, who extinguished the fire, and on Samon's room being searched, his trunk was found to contain the mangled remains of a Mrs. Ford, with whom he had been boarding. The fiend was arrested.... Near Roseland, N. J., a girl named Phoebe Jane Paulin was murdered in some underbrush with a razor, after having been assaulted. There is not the slightest clue to the perpetrator.... The Rev. William Mitchell, pastor of the Westboro (Mass.) Congregational church, was arrested for stealing books. He offered \$1,000 to keep the matter quiet.... A train on the Central Vermont road demolished a wagon at Lanesville, killing four persons.... Burglars exploded the Pottsville (Pa.) Postoffice safe and carried off \$5,000.

THE WEST.

THREE persons—two architects and a contractor—were charged with responsibility for the disaster at Madison, Wis. The coroner's jury, by careful iteration, seem to hold that the building was only in danger of collapse during erection, and that, had it lasted until complete, it would probably have possessed strength enough to thereafter stand alone. The two architects are blamed for their bad plans. The contractor is reprehended for not mending a pier when it gave evidence of weakness.... A Milwaukee telegram says that "the propeller Manitowish, which was last heard from at Ashland, on Lake Superior, is believed to have gone down in the storm of Nov. 16, with twenty-five persons on board. The tug Maythem found part of her cabin near Ontonagon. The Manitowish was owned by Leopold & Austrian, of Chicago.".... Corn in Kansas is said to be greatly imperiled by wet weather. At some points it will not be in condition to crib for weeks to come, and may be rendered entirely unfit for shipping.... Ex-Senator George E. Spencer, of Alabama, was arrested at Albany, N. Y., by order of Attorney General Brewster, for contempt of court in not appearing in the suit-route case.... Horatio G. Billings, a veteran lumber-merchant of Chicago, has been compelled to suspend payment on debts of \$100,000.... Flames destroyed a portion of the New Albany (Ind.) cotton and woolen mills, causing a loss of \$140,000. Fire at Lima, Ohio, destroyed a livery stable, five barns, a bowling alley, and many outbuildings.... Heavy rains at Indianapolis flooded the northwestern quarter of that city, the damage aggregating \$300,000. Water was three feet deep in Dickson's lumber-yard, and the railway tracks east of the Union depot were submerged.

MISS EMMA BOND, of Taylorville, Ill., who was growing nervous from fears of abduction, has been placed by her parents in a secure retreat. Her alleged assailants will be tried at Hillsboro in a few days.

THE trial of Montgomery, Clements and Pettis, for the terrible outrage upon Miss Emma Bond, has been set for trial in the Montgomery county, (Ill.) Circuit court Dec. 10. Miss Bond has greatly improved in health, but grows more nervous as the time for the trial approaches.... Robbers entered the farm-house of James Crouch, near Jackson, Mich. The farmer, his daughter, her husband, and a man from Pennsylvania, were smothered with chloroform, and killed with firearms. The visitor had displayed many thousands of dollars in Jackson, and had boasted that he meant to buy the best cattle in that region. Crouch had about \$50,000 in the house, which was secured by the robbers. Two persons on the upper floor of the house were spared—a colored boy and a hired girl. They probably heard the robbers, but dared make no noise. The house was seemingly guarded on the outside while the butchery went on within.... The propeller H. J. Jewett, loaded with a cargo of merchandise valued at \$50,000, was stranded on the rocks near Sand Beach, Mich., on Lake Huron. The boat is worth \$250,000.... A dispatch from Port Huron, Mich., says: "Of all the terrible sufferings that men have had from the effects of the recent storm, the crew of the barge Iowa, now ashore near Cove Island, have suffered the most. Capt. Williams is badly frozen, and is now lying in a small, dirty little fish-shanty awaiting death to relieve his sufferings, without the necessary food and medical aid. Others of the crew have their hands, feet, ears and other exposed parts of their bodies frozen. The wife and two children of Capt. Williams perished."

W. H. H. BURNS, father of the murdered Zora, went to Lincoln, Ill., last week,

to consult, as is alleged, a clairvoyant touching his daughter's taking off. Suspicions were aroused that mischief was meant toward Carpenter, but the latter shows no fear, and is alleged to be paying detectives large sums to secure clues. Public feeling is not changed, and the officials still believe that Carpenter is the guilty man.... At Marshall, Mich., the death of Byron M. Sibley, which would have created a great sensation in that region but for the overshadowing character of the fourfold murder at Jackson, has resolved into a putative suicide.... Masked burglars entered the house of Horace Allen, at Newton Falls, Ohio, and, after binding the inmates, secured property valued at \$70,000.... The attempt to reorganize the iron corporation at Youngstown, Ohio, known as Brown, Bonnell & Co., has failed.... Frank James, now in jail at Independence, Mo., is said to be dying of consumption.

MESSRS. BATES & BARRON's new play of Southern mountain life, "A Mountain Pink," is the attraction at McVicker's theater, Chicago, this week. The cast includes Miss Louise Sylvester, Frank E. Aiken, Harry Hawk, Barry Maxwell, T. J. Langdon, J. J. Holland, L. P. Hicks, Harry Stoddard, Helen Sedgwick, Genevieve Rogers and Marie Lear. Following this will come a two weeks' engagement of John Stetson's traveling company in "Pique" and "Divorce," the cast including Miss Sara Jewett, Mr. John Jack, and other well-known names.

WALTER S. HAINES, a Chicago chemist, reports himself unable to discover traces of narcotic drugs in the stomach of the murdered Zora Burns. A dispatch from Lincoln, Ill., says: "Since Carpenter was released on bail expectation has been directed to the report of the Chicago chemist making an analysis of the internal organs of the late Zora Burns. The hope of discoveries from that quarter has proved delusive. Had the report been to the effect that narcotics had been used, much of the suspicion would have been directly in another channel. But as the case now stands, public opinion here holds that Carpenter is under a still darker cloud. Since his release from jail he has said that he is as innocent as a babe unborn, but his refusal to prove this by testimony or even a statement, creates sentiment against him."

AS AN East-bound Southern Pacific passenger train passed a point thirteen miles east of Duning, N. M., it was stopped by a party of seven cowboys, who opened fire on the train. About twenty shots were fired and Webster, the engineer, was killed. The robbers removed a plate and spread the rails, throwing the engine, mail-car, one coach, and the front end of a sleeper from the track. The robbers hung around the track until night and then left, taking about \$700 from the express-car.... Miss Hill, the alleged wife of Senator Sharon, and her attorney, have been indicted at San Francisco for forgery, perjury and conspiracy.... A company of the Third United States Infantry and the Marquette Chasseurs have been sent to Iron mountain, Mich., to prevent the destruction of property by striking miners.

THE SOUTH.

A SUB-COMMITTEE of the Committee of Forty appointed to investigate the Danville (Va.) riot of the 3d of November, reports that the negroes were the aggressors; that the election was free and fair, and that the colored citizens of Danville abstained from voting under advice of their party leaders.

A TORNADO passed over Arkansas and Southern Missouri, going northward, and reached as far north as Carmi, Ill. At Melbourne, Ark., the funnel ruined many houses. The home of the Sheriff was demolished and the family buried in the debris, the Sheriff being killed and six people wounded.... The Mississippi Valley bank of Vicksburg, Miss., has made an assignment.

A CYCLONE nearly destroyed the village of La Crosse, Ark. Only six houses are left. Three persons were killed and several were seriously injured.

ANDY TAYLOR, the last of the three brothers who became famous in the criminal annals of Tennessee, was hanged at London, in that State, in the presence of 300 invited guests. He died as he had lived—a brutal, defiant villain. While on a train going from the Knoxville jail to London, to meet his doom, the desperado slipped a revolver out of a guard's pocket and got the muzzle to the head of the Sheriff. Mistaking the weapon for a self-cocker, he lost time and was knocked down before he could raise the hammer. The restus of the elder Taylor, by his two brothers, involving the assassination of a Sheriff and the capture of a train with 100 passengers, the death of the two elder Taylors, and the killing of still another Sheriff, are matters of quite recent, but highly remarkable, history.

MR. KEUFFEL and clerk were murdered in Keuffel's store at Feodor, Texas, by robbers, who obtained only \$5.... An aged couple named King, living on a farm near Hickman, Ky., were killed with guns and knives, and the house robbed of \$2,000.... A. J. Leo, a member of the Texas Legislature, died from a fly-bite in the face.

A LITTLE ROCK dispatch says the trial in Howard county, Ark., of the colored rioters indicted for murdering Wyatt several months ago has just ended. Three of them have been sentenced to be hanged and twenty-nine to terms of imprisonment ranging from five to eighteen years.

WASHINGTON.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, a colored waiter in a restaurant at the National capital, recently assaulted a policeman with a shoe-knife. While on trial, the other day, for the offense, he stated that he mistook the officer for a medical student seeking his corpse, and said he never entered a drug store without clinging to the counter, for fear of trap-doors.... President Arthur has appointed John R. Tanner, United States Marshal for the Southern district of Illinois.

NO MORE appropriations are to be asked by the Department of Agriculture for the purpose of making experiments in the production of sorghum-sugar; but instead the Commissioner will recommend that \$1,000 be allotted to each State for the purchase or lease of land on which sorghum is to be planted, with the hope of securing valuable information as to the climatic conditions of its growth.... Robert Murray has been appointed Surgeon General of the United States army.

REPRESENTATIVE CASSIDY, of Alabama, will introduce a bill early in the session providing for a record of marriages in Utah and for the disfranchisement of women in the Territory.... President Arthur has appointed Lawrence Weldon, of Bloomington, Ill., to fill the vacancy on the Court of Claims.... Sergt. Mason, who was sent to prison for an attempt to kill Guiteau, has been pardoned by President Arthur.

POLITICAL.

THE Congressional election to fill the vacancy in the First North Carolina district, caused by Mr. Pool's death, resulted in the choice of Thomas G. Skinner, Democrat.... "Democratic Senators say that they will place no obstruction in the way of reorganization of the Senate. Senator Edmunds is quoted as saying that the Republicans will reorganize

the Senate, and that Mahone will be treated as a Republican Senator and given the same consideration as any other Republican but no more, and that no special concessions will be made to him with regard to the Secretary of the Senate." So telegraphs the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune.

A TARIFF-REFORM mass meeting in New York was presided over by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who pronounced the protective system terribly oppressive to the poor men of the country. The main addresses were by David A. Wells and Henry Watterson.

GEN. ROSECRANS has set on foot a scheme to organize the Democratic voters of the country in small groups and grand armies, with a chief for each division, and to collect 20 cents per year from every voter, giving the campaign committee an annual income of \$1,500,000.

GENERAL.

A DISPATCH from St. Johns, Newfoundland, says: "A hurricane from the north, which blew over the Newfoundland coast for three days, has worked terrible destruction to marine life and property. The coast is strewn with the debris of wrecked vessels, and many dead bodies have been washed ashore. It is believed that not less than fifty craft succumbed to the terrible blast, and are totally lost, while the loss of life will reach, probably, sixty or seventy souls. It was one of the worst gales ever experienced on the coast."

FOR a number of years Brisco Sanchez, a famous Mexican brigand, has defied the law and terrorized the unprotected inhabitants. A few days ago he and his band were surrounded near Chianita, in Puebla. After a desperate resistance the body of Sanchez was found riddled with bullets and his followers dispersed. No soldiers were killed, although several were severely wounded.

THE boilers of the tug Erie Belle exploded at Kincardine, Ontario, tearing the boat to atoms, killing four men and blowing eight others into the lake, whence they were rescued.... Assignment has been made by Michels, Friedlander & Co., of San Francisco and New York, dealers in furnishing goods. Their liabilities are placed at \$400,000 and their assets at \$850,000. They have done business for thirty years, with an enviable record.

SHARPLES' SONS & Co., of Quebec, lumber dealers, have asked an extension on liabilities of \$700,000. The failures are announced of J. E. Farr, a lumber dealer of Hoboken, N. J., who owes \$100,000, and of S. Rothschild, a jeweler at Memphis, Tenn.

A COLORED baby, belonging to a teacher in the Southern States, has won the Yale cup for the class of 1881.... The failures in the United States, for the week ending Nov. 21, according to the gospel of Bradstreet's, numbered 228, which figure is 113 larger than during a November week in the height of the boom of 1881.

ALL the railroads centering at Chicago, with the solitary exception of the Michigan Central, are running their trains on the standard time—that of the ninetieth meridian.

FOREIGN.

IN opening the Prussian Diet, Von Puttkamer, Minister of the Interior, said the financial situation showed improvements, and stated the estimates of receipts and expenses for 1884-85 were placed respectively at \$1,112,500,000 marks. A bill taxing incomes from property and for the purchase of railroads by the State will be presented.... Poole, the Irish invincible, on a second trial, has been found guilty of murder and sentenced to death.... Charles W. Siemens, the scientist and electrician, died in London from rupture of the heart.

DISPATCHES from Cairo, Egypt, bring the intelligence that the army of Hicks Pasha, which left Khartoum, in Southern Egypt, in September, to punish El Mahdi, the False Prophet, instead of annihilating the forces of that fanatic, as was reported, has been annihilated by them, only one person escaping to tell the story. The battle took place at El Obeld, a town in Kordofan, about 150 miles southeast of Khartoum, and within Egyptian territory. It is said to have lasted three days. The force of Hicks Pasha, which numbered 25,000 men, there being ten English officers in the command, was well armed, but it was overcome by superior numbers, though armed only with spears and swords. The number of the False Prophet's army is stated at 300,000.... James Russell Lowell, United States minister to England, has been chosen Rector of the Scottish University of St. Andrews, defeating a member of the British Parliament by 18 votes.... Following an Italian custom the brigands who captured the Duke of Castelmale have been paid \$30,000 ransom.... Morris Ranger, the Liverpool cotton king, had unsecured liabilities of \$200,000 and assets \$29,000.

EDWARD WOLF, a Socialist, was arrested at London for having infernal machines and explosives in his residence, with which, it is alleged, he intended to destroy the German Embassy. Among his documents was a threatening letter to Count Von Munster, the German Ambassador.... The nihilist organ states political prisoners in the Peter and Paul fortress, both men and women, are driven to insanity by barbarous treatment, and often kill themselves.... The Chinese Ambassador at Paris informed the British Foreign Secretary that war between France and China is certain.

EL MAHDI's annihilation of the Egyptian army under Hicks Pasha has again brought the eastern question into a prominence which dwarfs even the importance of the Franco-Chinese difficulty. Mr. Gladstone's Government has receded from the idea of withdrawing the British forces from Egypt, and has instructed Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, the commander of the English forces there, that he may, in the event of El Mahdi's troops advancing down the valley of the Nile, push forward his troops as far as Syria, but no farther. This does not satisfy the Egyptian Government, for the Khedive has informed Gen. Wood and Sir Evelyn Baring that Egypt will not consent to the abandonment of the Sudan to the False Prophet, and that if England will not undertake its reconquest the Egyptian Government may be forced to demand the aid of other European Governments to accomplish that end. A still more singular phase of the situation is that France, which refused to act with England against Arabi Pasha, is said to be intriguing to re-establish the dual control of France and England in Egyptian affairs.... The Chinese attacked Haid Zuong on the 15th, but were repulsed after seven hours' fighting. The French lost twelve killed and wounded, and the bulk of their gunboat was pierced in many places. The Chinese loss was heavy.... A French man-of-war bombarded the unfortified town of Vohemur, on the north coast of Madagascar, without giving notice. Five British subjects were killed and much property belonging to neutrals destroyed.... A grand military review was held at Madrid in honor of the Crown Prince of Germany. Troops to the number of 15,000 were reviewed by King Alfonso and the German Crown Prince.... Orders have been issued postponing the evacuation of Cairo by British troops.... Lord Overstone, who died last week in England, left \$25,000,000 to his only daughter, the wife of Col. Lloyd Lindsay.

AWE-INSPIRING GRANDEUR.

Magnificent Scenery in the Black Canon of the Gunnison River.

Following the Gunnison river through its wide and beautiful valley in Colorado for a few miles, writes a traveler, the mountains seem to close in upon the track, and it enters one of the grandest gorges in the world, known as the black canon of the Gunnison. Here are beautiful cataracts, the water tumbling down from the mountain crags into the Gunnison river, over precipices from 1,500 to 2,000 feet high. In one place is a dainty little cascade like the bridal veil at Niagara Falls—a slender thread of water pouring over the rock in fine spray, and falling into a little basin close to the track, which makes as beautiful a picture as can be seen anywhere.

And what a magnificent stream is the Gunnison! Its water is clear and cold, and the dark shadows of the cliffs falling upon it gives it a tint of beautiful green. Springing from a region white with eternal snows, like a thread of silver it burrows through the walls of rock whose pinnacles rise 2,000 and 3,000 feet high on either side, and is roofed in by a narrow strip of unsullied blue sky—so narrow that one standing on the summit of one cliff could throw a stone across to the summit of the other. Now the river frets and spurns and throws its foam, splashing in spray against the black rocks; again it giggles and gurgles in glee, laughs and roars at the triumph of having leaped over nature's barriers; then tumbles headlong over a mighty rock, and with placid dignity flows along between the great mountains, taking a few moments' rest in its mad race to the sea.

For fifty miles we follow the narrow chasm, steeped in the purple of a perpetual twilight. The solemn walls stand up 3,000 feet both sides of us, frowning down upon the intruders into their cloistered solitude. For a mile or two they are almost perpendicular, gray with the antique lichens that countless summers have gathered upon their purple fronts; then they are massed in broken columns standing upon a common base. Here a solitary pinnacle soars upward toward the sky like a monstrous cathedral tower; there the rocks are thrown together helter-skelter in piles half a mile high by some remote geological commotion, and again they close together and hug the current of the river for unbroken miles, the shadows becoming darker and gloomier. In places the hedges are hacked and torn, seared and split into great seams into which the earth has fallen, and a few sad and solitary spruce trees cling in a perilous existence.

Often at a height which the sun's rays can sometimes reach, but the wind is never still, a tiny flower may be seen smiling with heroic fortitude, and a few feet away in a cleft in the rocks will be found an eagle's nest.

When night approaches the edges of the rocks that, standing out against the sky, can catch the moonbeams will be fringed with a silvery phosphorescence. Looking up, one sees the narrow roof of sky with a fresco of stars; looking down, there is the blackness of darkness immeasurable.

An awe inspires one when he thinks that all this architectural grandeur, all these mighty chasms which would have required 1,000,000 men 1,000 years to have excavated, have been wrought by the simple agencies of water and wind and dust! These canons were not made by volcanic eruptions, the geologists tell us, but by agencies so simple as those.

MORE than one rough customer has never known how good he was until he had killed somebody and heard the lawyer who defended him sum up his virtues.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$ 4.55 @ 6.50
HOGS.....	4.25 @ 4.65
WHEAT—Superfine.....	2.90 @ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.09 @ 1.09 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.11 @ 1.11 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.50 @ .50 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.33 @ .34
RYE—Mess.....	12.25 @ 13.00
LARD.....	.08 @ .08 1/2
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Good to Fancy Steers.....	6.10 @ 7.00
Common to Fair.....	4.40 @ 5.40
Medium to Fair.....	5.45 @ 6.00
HOGS.....	4.15 @ 5.25
WHEAT—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	5.25 @ 5.50
Good to Choice Spr'g Ex.....	4.75 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.96 @ .96 1/2
No. 2 Red Winter.....	.98 @ .98 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.50 @ .50 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.29 @ .29 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.57 @ .58
BAKLEY—No. 2.....	.61 @ .62
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.37 @ .40
Eggs—Fresh.....	.25 @ .26
PORK—Mess.....	11.20 @ 12.00
LARD.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.95 @ .95 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.49 1/2 @ .49 3/4
OATS—No. 2.....	.29 @ .29 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.55 @ .56
BAKLEY—No. 2.....	.59 @ .59 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	11.50 @ 11.75
LARD.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.01 @ 1.02
CORN—Mixed.....	.44 @ .45
OATS—No. 2.....	.28 @ .28 1/2
RYE.....	.53 @ .53 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	12.00 @ 12.50
LARD.....	.07 1/2 @ .07 3/4
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.04 @ 1.04 1/2
CORN.....	.50 @ .51
OATS.....	.30 1/2 @ .31
RYE.....	.58 @ .59
PORK—Mess.....	11.50 @ 11.75
LARD.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.03 @ 1.05
CORN.....	.52 @ .53
OATS—No. 2.....	.31 @ .31 1/2
DETROIT.	
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.03 @ 1.03 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.53 @ .53 1/2
OATS—Mixed.....	.32 @ .32 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	12.25 @ 12.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.01 @ 1.01 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.50 @ .51 1/2
OATS—Mixed.....	.30 @ .31
EAST LIBERTY, PA.	
CATTLE—Best.....	5.50 @ 5.00
Fair.....	4.50 @ 5.50
Common.....	4.00 @ 4.75
HOGS.....	4.20 @ 5.00
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 4.50

AN ARMY ANNIHILATED.

Hicks Pasha's Forces Slaughtered by the False Prophet's Hordes.

A Large Army Literally Wiped Out Existence.

(Cable Dispatch from Cairo, Egypt.)

The army of Hicks Pasha has been annihilated by the forces of El Mahdi, the False Prophet. Nearly 10,000 Egyptian soldiers were slaughtered, and the correspondents of several European newspapers are among the dead. The fighting lasted three days and nights. The forces of El Mahdi comprised about 300,000 men, including dervishes, Bedouins, mulattoes and regulars, while the forces of Hicks Pasha numbered 25,000 men, according to one account and 10,500 by another.

According to the first accounts as brought to Khartoum by a Coptic official, the forces of El Mahdi and Hicks Pasha came together near El Obeld on the morning of Nov. 8. El Mahdi first sent forward his dervishes, declaring that they would vanquish the enemy by divine aid. These fanatics were armed with swords and spears, and, despite the immense carnage, they threw themselves recklessly upon the Egyptians. The False Prophet, seeing they were being slaughtered without achieving any result, ordered his regulars up and soon the engagement became general. The forces of Hicks Pasha were divided into two bodies, but by almost superhuman exertions the sections fought their way over masses of dead bodies and were reunited about noon of the first day. The Egyptians then formed a square and resisted the hordes for two days. Finally, on the third day, the False Prophet's troops broke the square, and began massacring the Egyptians by wholesale, sparing none.

Hicks Pasha had divided his army, sending half to El Obeld to demand the surrender of that place, and with the remainder he awaited the arrival of El Mahdi, who was advancing from the southeast. Mahdi, however, met the half of Hicks Pasha's army advancing to El Obeld and attacked it. Hearing the firing, Hicks Pasha came up with his whole force and formed a hollow square. Mahdi brought up his fresh regulars. These numbered 8,000. The square of Hicks Pasha was broken, and his army was annihilated. The English officers with the Egyptian army fought gallantly.

Another report of the fight says that Mahdi sent his dervishes to treat with Hicks Pasha's native officers, saying to the Egyptians: "We like you. You are Mussulmans. Why fight? Surrender." The dervishes were received by a volley, and then the battle commenced.

The 4,000 soldiers now scattered among the small forts on the Nile will be concentrated at Khartoum, where there are already 2,000 troops.

The catastrophe seems to have wholly paralyzed the Egyptian Government. Unless very speedy action is taken, it is feared Suakin will fall into the hands of the tribes in revolt acting in concert with Mahdi. The latter is thought to be near Khartoum. If that place should be captured there would be no good defensible position between Mahdi and Cairo except Minch, which is only six hours distant from Cairo. No one believes Mahdi will rest content with the conquest of Sudan. It is feared Turkey will interfere and insist on reconquering the lost province. Neither English nor French wish this. The prospect thus bristles with serious complications.

SLAIN IN THEIR BEDS.

An Awful Tragedy in a Michigan Farm-House.

Four of the Inmates Cruelly Murdered by Midnight Robbers.

(Telegram from Jackson, Mich.)

Jacob D. Crouch, 74 years of age, one of the wealthiest farmers in Michigan, his daughter, Mrs. Eunice White, 23 years of age, his son-in-law, Henry D. White, 28 years of age, and Moses Polley, a stranger from Pennsylvania, were shot and killed in their beds in Crouch's home, in the township of Spring Arbor, Jackson county, some time Wednesday night. Besides the four persons murdered, there were in the house at the time of the tragedy a colored boy, named George Boles, who worked on the farm, and Mrs. Julia Reese, a domestic. The lad slept in a room up-stairs and Mrs. Reese in a back bedroom down-stairs. Mr. and Mrs. White occupied a front bedroom off the parlor. Polley, a bedroom in the rear of this one, and Crouch an alcove between the parlor and sitting-room. Mrs. Reese heard no noise during the night, but Boles says when the wind was blowing very strong, which is thought to have been about 9 o'clock in the morning, he heard pistol shots below, and being frightened he secreted himself in a box in his room, where he remained until morning. He then discovered the crime which had been committed and alarmed the neighbors. The rooms smelled strongly of chloroform. Plainly-defined tracks were found outside the house, indicating that some one had stood guard there while the murders were committed. When found, Crouch lay on the bed, his face to the wall, with a gunshot wound in the back of his neck. White was shot under the right ear and in the head, and there were marks on the scalp showing that another bullet had grazed it. There were two bullet holes in Mrs. White's right arm, one in the neck and another in the head. She had evidently, from her disordered appearance, made a struggle for life. Moses Polley was shot in the back of the neck. The shooting was apparently done with one revolver, as a number of empty cartridges of the same caliber were found on the floor.

The motive for the crime was undoubtedly plunder. Crouch was believed to have a large sum of money in his possession, and Polley, who formerly worked for Crouch, had come to Michigan for the purpose of buying stock, and had \$1,700 with him. One rumor is to the effect that Crouch had recently received \$50,000 in payment for the interest of a deceased son in a Texas cattle ranch.

A search of the house by the officers showed that a bureau had been ransacked. In the pockets of Polley, who was known to have a large sum of money the day before, there were only a few cents.

One theory is that Polley was followed to the house by professional burglars and thieves who knew that he had a large sum of money. Another is that desperadoes, who knew that Crouch had received money from Texas, and who also knew that he was wealthy, were the perpetrators. A third connects the boys Boles with the crime. His story was very incoherent, and an examination of the box, in which he claimed to have hid himself, shows that the contents were not disturbed in the slightest, and it would be a physical impossibility for him to get into it. A brother of the boy was discharged by Crouch a few days since. The boy has been lodged in jail, and the domestic, Mrs. Reese, is detained in custody of the Sheriff pending the investigation.

Crouch was worth about \$2,000,000 of property, located in Jackson county, and sheep ranches in Texas, near Fort Worth. He leaves two sons and one daughter. A pocket-book containing \$103 and a certificate of deposit for \$500 were found on the window-sill in White's room.

Holland City News. HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE prisoners in the jail in Gonzales, Texas, have their own code of laws and officers. An offender was recently sentenced to endure five lashes. He hired a negro to be his substitute, paying him five cents.

LOUISA PEPPER, of Lancaster, Pa., who is 63 years of age, missed a train in Philadelphia and would not wait for the next one. She walked home, seventy miles, between Thursday afternoon and Friday evening. She kept going night and day, resting at the wayside at intervals.

TWO-THIRDS of the cattle-raising in Wyoming and Montana is in English hands. It costs \$3 to raise a 3-year-old, and the animal is then worth \$40. The more cattle a man owns the smaller the cost of raising and caring for each animal. Most of the grazing is done on public lands.

A BRIDGEPORT minister is worried because he performed a marriage ceremony without looking at the license. After the ceremony he found that the document was issued in Massachusetts, and now he does not know where his couple are spending their honeymoon, so as to warn them that they must begin all over again.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Pall Mall Gazette* sends to that paper the following account of what happened the other day in Queensland: "A Chinaman had to give his evidence, and was asked how he would be sworn. His reply was: 'Me no care; clack 'im saucer, kill 'im cock, blow out 'im matchee, smell 'im book, allee same.' He was allowed to 'smell 'im book.'"

AN exchange says a Pennsylvania lady 93 years of age, milks, washes the dishes and bakes for a family of three persons. It is suggested that the question fairly arises, what do the other members of the family do? It would seem that when a lady reaches that age it was her turn to take a rest and let the girls take a hand at the milking, washing and baking.

THE railroad mileage of the United States at the close of 1882, was 113,329 miles, of which 11,591 miles were constructed within the year. The total liabilities of all these lines at the close of 1882 was \$9,895,664,350. The gross earnings of all the roads for their fiscal year ending in 1882, were \$870,356,716, an increase of \$67,066,511, compared with the corresponding periods in the previous year.

THE total losses by floods in the State of Ohio the present year, according to the report just issued by the State Board of Agriculture, are: Live stock, \$55,216; grain, \$323,276; horses, etc., \$98,786; fences, \$254,180. The estimates of the loss of property by floods are reported this year for the first time. But it is claimed that, excepting perhaps the floods of 1832, no such losses ever occurred before in the history of the State.

A CORRESPONDENT who saw Alfonso, the Spanish King, at Hamburg, says he is an insipid little creature, who is given to cigarettes and garlic. He loves to drive out behind fine horses, and is evidently under the impression that people are anxious to see him. As he drives through the parks he bows gallantly to all the pretty ladies who favor him with a glance. One of his valets reports that he is fond of brandy late at night.

MRS. MODJESKA'S son Ralph intends to make this country his future home. He is about 19 years old, and took the highest honor last spring in his graduation from the Ecole Polytechnique in Paris. He intends to practice civil engineering, giving special attention to roads and bridges. He speaks English well, has Mrs. Modjeska's features, is a fine pianist, and plays billiards well. He will inherit property in Poland and some of his mother's earnings, but prefers to have a profession.

THE executors of James Buchanan are considering the propriety of bringing a libel suit against a Boston paper for the publication of a telegram, purporting to come from Philadelphia, which said that the cause of the breaking of Buchanan's marriage engagement was the discovery by the expectant bride of his undue relations with a notorious woman who lately died

in Philadelphia. One person denies and denounces the story as a brutal and utter falsehood, and being supported in his denial by a second person he insists upon the bean-eater's retraction of the article.

TESTIFYING before the Senate Subcommittee of Education and Labor, Dr. Agrippa M. Bell, a Brooklyn physician, said that every mother is \$12.50, on the average, better off when she had a child than before. When a child is 5 years old its average value to the community is \$130. When it reaches 21 years it is worth \$600 a year, and so continues until 40 years of age. In New York city there are on an average 20,000 preventable deaths a year, over half of them infants. This, on the computation of the best statisticians, represents a loss to the city of over \$14,000,000. Intemperance, directly or indirectly, is the chief cause of these deaths, and most of them could be prevented by law.

STILL another reason is now assigned for Mr. Blaine's house-renting in Washington to Mr. Leiter, and it is not an improbable one. It is alleged that Mr. Windom was defeated in his effort to get re-elected to the United States Senate from Minnesota because he had built him a splendid residence in Washington. This fine house was photographed by Mr. Windom's enemies and shown to the people of Minnesota as an evidence of his intention to permanently reside at the capital, and it had the desired effect. Perhaps Mr. Blaine had rather rent his house in Washington for a series of years to the Chicago millionaire, and keep up the appearance of being a resident of Maine, at least until after the next Republican National Convention has adjourned.

THERE recently arrived in Louisville, Ky., two brothers named Gallagher, who are unusually large, fine-looking men, the oldest being about six feet seven inches, and the youngest six feet one inch. Their family is one of the most remarkable ones in several respects that can be found anywhere. They live in England, and there are twenty brothers and one sister, all living, save these two, under the family roof. Of this number, the smallest of the lot is the youngest son, who is one of the brothers above mentioned, and he is six feet one inch tall. Averaging their respective heights at six feet two inches each, which is rather small, the total height of the sons and daughter is 129 feet 6 inches. The parents of the children are not larger than the ordinary size, and are both living.

A CURIOUS letter is just brought to light in which is recorded the weight of certain Revolutionary officers who were together at West Point 100 years ago. The letter was written by Joseph May to Gen. David Cobb, of Revolutionary fame, and is as follows:

Boston, Mass., Aug. 11, 1830.—The Hon. David Cobb, Gouldsbrough—MY DEAR GENERAL: Looking together over some papers in General Jackson's pocketbook we found a curious paper, of which I give you a copy:

Weight at the scales at West Point, Aug. 19, 1783:

General Washington—209 pounds.
General Lincoln—224 pounds.
General Knox—230 pounds.
General Huntington—182 pounds.
General Greathon—165 pounds.
Colonel Swift—219 pounds.
Colonel M. Jackson—232 pounds.
Colonel H. Jackson—230 pounds.
Lieutenant Colonel Huntington—233 pounds.
Lieutenant Colonel Cobb—186 pounds.
Lieutenant Colonel Humphries—221 pounds.

I send you a couple of pamphlets which may amuse you. Yours affectionately, dear General, J. MAY.

What Hannibal Did.

"What did Hannibal do after the battle of Cannæ?" asked a German school teacher of his pupils.

1st pupil.—"He pursued the Romans with great vigor."

"Wrong. Next."

2d pupil.—"He encamped on the battlefield."

Teacher.—"You are a little liar. Next!"

3d pupil.—"He retreated to his former position."

"You are another, you miserable, adle-pated nincompoop. Ain't you ashamed of yourself that none of you know the correct answer to a simple question like that? I say, you boy at the foot of the class, what did Hannibal do after the battle of Cannæ?"

Last boy.—"Please sir, I don't know."

Teacher.—"Kerrect, my boy, you have studied your lesson properly. Go up to the head of the class. You don't know, and nobody else knows, what Hannibal did after the battle of Cannæ.—Texas Sittings.

ZOUAVE jackets have reappeared, and the monkey business appears to be floating on the top wave of popularity.

THE CORN CROP.

The States of Illinois, Indiana and Iowa Victimized by Squaw Winter.

Not Enough Sound Corn Left in Those States to Supply Seed.

The Chicago Tribune publishes copious reports of the condition of the corn in the Northwest, which, if accurate, show that the farmers of Indiana, Illinois and Iowa have much to complain of as regards this year's crop of that cereal. In the three States named, with but a few exceptions, the corn is soft and fit for nothing but feed, for which it is now being generally used. This was brought about by its being first frozen and then thawed out, when damp weather followed, preventing the corn from hardening. This state of affairs is especially disheartening in connection with the problem of where to secure good seed for the experience of last season shows that Kansas seed ripens too late to be secure from the early frosts of this section, and that Nebraska seed is but a shade better. As to the corn crop of Kansas and Nebraska, the farmers report an exceptional yield in quality and quantity, which is practically secure from harm, the only thing needed being favorable weather for cribbing. The Tribune, in a summarized review of its extensive reports says: The reports cover the States of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska. The advices from the three States first named are, with a few local exceptions of similar character, and it is unanimous in the statement that all are the poorest crop harvested in many years. The discrepancy arises more to the quality than the quantity of grain raised. The corn was damp and soggy when the first frosts occurred, and as a result was frozen hard. Then came milder weather, which was followed by rains, and the corn thus had no chance to dry out and become hard and mature. The consequence is that a large percentage of the grain is soft and fit only as food for hogs and other stock. Large quantities of this soft corn will undoubtedly go to waste on the approach of cold weather, as many farmers will have more of it than they can possibly use in feeding stock.

The question of seed for next year will prove a most serious one, as there will be a large deficiency. Kansas will not be called on to supply the want, as there is general complaint that the grain grown this year from Kansas seed suffered proportionately more than any other.

The reports from Kansas are of a particularly cheerful character. The State will harvest the largest crop ever grown in her borders, and the grain is of an extra good quality. There is a decrease in production in certain localities, due to climatic conditions, but as a whole, as stated above, the crop is the largest and also the best ever grown in the State. Many of the farmers, not satisfied with prevailing prices, are cribbing their corn, and will hold it for a rise.

But a very small percentage of the crop in Nebraska was injured by frost, and the grain is hard, sound and in excellent shape in every respect.

DESOLATE HOMES.

Those of the Navigators Along the Chain of Lakes.

A List of the Disasters Caused by the November Gales.

During the succession of recent storms on the chain of lakes, over fifty vessels were either stranded or foundered, and the sacrifice of life, so far as learned, is in the neighborhood of ninety. Death and desolation have come into numerous homes, and a general gloom prevails marine circles all around the lakes. The losses to the underwriters are very heavy. Many of the stranded vessels will doubtless be rescued, but the losses will be great nevertheless. The gale—or rather series of gales—were the worst in every respect that have swept our inland lakes since 1867, as shown by the number of disasters that have occurred. A careful count shows that there were about fifty-eight vessels which either went ashore or foundered and are a total loss. The following is a list of nearly all the disasters:

Name.	Nature of accident.	Value.
Schr. Lilly E.	Ashore.	8,000
Schr. Charles Luling	Ashore.	9,000
Schr. Ashtabula.	Ashore.	2,000
Schooner Guiding Star.	Ashore.	13,000
Schr. Arab.	Foundered.	9,000
Schr. George C. Finney.	Ashore.	14,000
Schr. Elizabeth Jones.	Ashore.	44,000
Schr. J. I. Case.	Ashore.	56,000
Schr. Clara Parker.	Ashore.	31,000
Schr. Leadville.	Ashore.	31,000
Schr. Potomac.	Ashore.	4,500
Schr. Lucy J. Clark.	Ashore.	14,000
Schr. L. C. Butts.	Ashore.	22,000
Schr. Ketchum.	Ashore.	5,000
Schr. Lincoln Hall.	Ashore.	5,000
Schr. H. D. Moore.	Ashore.	7,000
Schr. Norman.	Ashore.	3,000
Schr. Wallula.	Ashore.	32,000
Schr. Lake St. Clair.	Ashore.	800
Schr. Ontario.	Ashore.	3,200
Schr. Trio.	Ashore.	600
Schr. Nelson.	Ashore.	1,200
Schr. Watertown.	Ashore.	10,000
Schr. J. B. Penfield.	Ashore.	9,000
Schr. Blazing Star.	Ashore.	12,000
Schr. Regulator.	Ashore.	8,000
Schr. H. F. Merry.	Ashore.	4,000
Schr. Abbeville.	Ashore.	11,000
Schr. Flying Fish.	Ashore.	6,000
Schr. J. N. Carter.	Ashore.	1,000
Schr. Maple Leaf.	Ashore.	4,000
Schr. Mary E. Cook.	Ashore.	4,000
Schr. Maria.	Ashore.	4,000
Prop. Avon.	Ashore.	15,000
Prop. Fred Mercer.	Ashore.	125,000
Prop. H. C. Akeley.	Ashore.	160,000
Prop. Quebec.	Ashore.	90,000
Prop. Onida.	Sunk.	95,000
Tug Protection.	Ashore.	7,000
Prop. Abyssinia.	Sunk.	110,000
Prop. Milwaukee.	Ashore.	10,000
Prop. Norman.	Ashore.	15,000
Schr. James Wade.	Sunk.	225,000
Sir H. J. Jurett.	Ashore.	75,000
Schr. Manitowish.	Ashore.	75,000
Schr. Manitowish.	Sunk.	75,000
Schr. Wabash.	Sunk.	10,000

The valuations of the vessels are simply approximated, and include both hulls and cargoes. All those not marked "A" have been released, or will be. The actual loss of life resulting from these disasters aggregates ninety-four persons, while half that number of people have been drowned at different points on the lakes through the gales. This table does not take in the vessels which lost portions of their rigging, canvas, deck loads, and met with minor mishaps, and these alone would form quite a comfortable sum.

ABOUT MEN AND WOMEN.

THOMAS NAST, the caricaturist, is just recovering from a serious illness.

A CRY comes up from Leadville for more clerigymen to counterbalance her gamblers.

FLORIDA has 630 factories, working 2,749 hands, with a capital invested of \$1,697,000.

LAKE DISASTER.

Foundering of the Propeller Manistee, in Lake Superior.

Her Entire Crew of Thirty-five Find a Watery Grave.

There seems to be no doubt that the passenger propeller Manistee, belonging to Leopold & Austrian, of Chicago, has been lost in Lake Superior, and that every soul on board, about thirty-five in number, has perished. The ill-starred vessel left Duluth on Saturday, Nov. 10, and, being caught in the furious gale that swept the lakes for several succeeding days, put into Bayfield harbor, where she laid until the following Friday, when she proceeded to Ontonagon. The unfortunate vessel, it is believed, encountered and succumbed to the fury of the second storm. Portions of wreckage have been found. There were only seven passengers on board at the time, all the others having been transferred at Bayfield to the City of Duluth, for Houghton. It is more than likely that all the crew have been lost, as nothing has been heard from them. The Manistee was built in Cleveland by E. W. Peck, in 1876. In 1878 she was cut in two and lengthened thirty feet and soon after was put on the Lake Superior trade. Lloyd gives her no rating and she was valued at \$25,000. She was very low in the water and had but little power for her size. She carried 1,550 barrels of flour and 230 tons of feed. Her registered tonnage was 679 tons. The only particulars of the disaster so far received are embraced in the following telegram from Duluth: "The propeller Manistee, loaded with merchandise for Ontonagon, left Duluth Nov. 10. She was windbound at Bayfield till Thursday. She then transferred all her passengers to the City of Duluth, which was bound for Houghton, and cleared for Ontonagon at midnight. Nothing was heard from her until noon to-day, when the tug Maythem, which had been sent to look for her, returned. Last night, at a point forty-five miles northeast of Ontonagon, the tug picked up a bucket marked 'Manistee,' and a part of the pilot-house. It is supposed that the propeller foundered during the severe storm of last Friday. The wind was then from the Northwest and the thermometer below zero. The tugs Maythem and Boutin are now looking for traces of the wreck or crew. It is not possible that the men could have escaped in small boats, and if the Manistee had drifted to the north shore she would have been seen and reported by the Canadian steamers coasting there. The propeller Ontario, which arrived at Port Arthur to-day, saw nothing of the Manistee, and there is no doubt that she is lost, with all on board. Following are the names of her officers: John McKay, Captain; George M. Seaton, Purser; F. M. Kilby, Steward; Andy Mack, First Mate; Harry Smith, Second Mate; Pat Cullen, First Engineer; John Payne, Second Engineer; Ed Bowden, cook. There were about thirty-five souls on board, including officers, waiters, sailors, chambermaids, and deck hands.

A Hancock (Mich.) dispatch says: All hope of any of the Manistee's crew being saved is abandoned. The last seen of her was at 8:40 o'clock on the evening of Nov. 15. It is thought her machinery broke down when well out at sea, and she became unmanageable. She was then beyond the shelter of the Apostle island, and, in the attempt to return, foundered. At Bayfield all passengers for Hancock were transferred, and only seven destined for Ontonagon remained on board. The crew consisted of twenty-eight persons, and the loss is therefore thirty-five. Capt. McKay was a skillful sailor and very popular on the lakes. He leaves a family, consisting of a wife and daughter, who reside in Cleveland. The Manistee was considered a staunch, seaworthy craft, and had ridden out many severe gales on Lake Superior.

PENSION FRAUDS.

A Motley Crowd of Sharpers Engaged in the Pension-Agency Business.

Ex-Rebel Soldiers Induced to File Claims, and Fees Collected from Them.

[Washington Telegram.]

Gen. Dudley testified before the grand jury that he was not aware that a certain attorney, whose flaming circulars were shown him, now practiced before his office. A reference to the city directory showed that the only man of this name was a shoemaker. A visit to the place revealed a store with an excellent stock of ladies' shoes. An inquiry for the proprietor brought answer that he was in the back room. He was found in his shirt-sleeves, with an apron and knife, with several workmen around him, busily engaged in making shoes. In reply to a question he said he was the person referred to, and to further inquiry whether he was a pension attorney he said he was. He said that any friend could safely be referred to him to prosecute his claim; that he had blanks, and that he would furnish those necessary to the case. Thereupon he took off his apron, laid down his shoes and knife, and going upstairs soon returned with the pension blanks. There was no attorney's sign about the place, and nothing about the inner arrangements to indicate that he had any other profession than that of a shoemaker. It is also discovered that among those engaged in this business is a colored man, who when asked by the Commissioners for his profession or business occupation other than that of a pension attorney, said: "Nothing more than a rag-gatherer." Among others practicing as pension agents who answered this question were one unknown to the public, two farmers (all four unknown to the public), one dealer in hardware, two grocers, one pressman, one banker, one bank cashier, one tailor, one copyist and one inventor.

Several firms have been reported for filing the claims of Rebel soldiers for a variety of reasons and diseases resulting from military service as Confederates. In all cases the declarations made on the blanks required for Union soldiers plainly disclose that the applicant was a Rebel soldier. The only possible object in filing such cases is to get the fee of these ignorant Confederates. The declaration of N. E. Hood, of South Carolina troops, states that he was honorably discharged at Appomattox April 9, 1865, received a gunshot wound at the battle of the Wilderness, was treated in the hospitals of Lynchburg and Columbia, S. C., has resided since the war in Virginia, and ends with the statement required from all Union soldiers: "I have never been employed in the military or naval service of the United States otherwise than as set forth above."

AMONG THE ANCIENTS.

THE Cardinal Archbishop of New York is 83.

MAINE papers announce the death of Mrs. Sallie Griffin, in Raymond, that State, at the age of 104 years.

ISAAC MARTIN is dead in Covington, Ky., aged 35. He was a highly esteemed citizen of that county, where he was born and raised.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

A FIFTH letter delivery has been inaugurated for the business portion of the city of Kalamazoo.

JOHN MATTERSON, of Joyfield, raised this year two bushels of potatoes from a medium-sized peach-blow.

RONALD MATHER, of Hartford, Ct., gives Olivet college \$10,000 worth of property located at Bay City.

DANIEL KAPPLER, of East Saginaw, committed suicide by taking rat-poison. He leaves nine motherless children.

A MEETING of the Kalamazoo County Teachers' association was held at the school building in Vicksburg, on the 24th of this month.

It is announced that in November granges in Michigan, as in other States, will devote much time to the discussion of the tariff question.

It is said that the railroad towns and lumber regions from Bay City to Cheboygan are swarming with men unsuccessfully seeking employment.

A MAN named Cromerick was drowned while crossing Muskegon Channel at its mouth in a small boat. He was an employee at the mill there. The body was found.

A. T. SHORT, of Coldwater, claims that he has cut from his 2-year-old merino ram, Diamond, a fleece of 363 days' growth which weighed forty-one pounds and three ounces.

HENRY KRISHNER, whose parents reside in St. Louis, was caught in the shafting at Wyman's mill at Chippewa Lake, and killed. He lived long enough to be carried about half a mile, and retained his senses to the last. His head and one shoulder were terribly mangled.

A POSTOFFICE has been established at Gilbert, Wexford county, with Andrew Carlson as Postmaster. Also, an office at Mastodon, Marquette county, with Herbert J. Hught as Postmaster. The department has ordered that the railway postal service on the route from Marquette to L'Anse be extended from L'Anse via Baraga to Houghton to take effect Dec. 1.

An elderly woman was run over by a street car and instantly killed. The accident occurred opposite the Michigan Pipe Company's works on Water-street. Deceased was walking at the side of the track when in some manner she fell across the rail. The wheels of the car passed over her chest. Deceased was identified as Mrs. Light.

A YOUNG man named Walter Brooks was knocked down with a club while he was walking on the street-car track between the drydock and the railroad bridge at Bay City. After knocking him senseless his assailants robbed Brooks of about \$9 in cash, and then left him lying on the street. He was found by mill men and conveyed to one of the mills where he was made as comfortable as possible.

ANDREW ADAMS lives here with a woman he calls his wife. They have lived here about two months. The other day James Winegar, of Cadillac, Mich., came here, and, with the assistance of the officers, succeeded in locating the pair and claimed the woman as his wife. Just after dark he entered the house, without knocking, found them at tea, and at the table was Winegar's little 2-year-old boy. Winegar's story is this: About seven years ago he met and fell in love with Myra Smith, a blushing maiden, of Kalamazoo, whom he married. One child was born to them—a boy. They moved to Cadillac about a year ago. There his wife met and became infatuated with Adams and ran away with him, taking all the household goods, Winegar's wearing apparel and the little boy. Ever since her sudden disappearance the husband and a couple of detectives have been looking for her, and her whereabouts were finally revealed by a cousin of the woman. Winegar says all he wants is the child and he will be satisfied, and he is about to take legal steps to accomplish that end.—Sturges letter.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by observers of diseases in different parts of the State, show the principal diseases which caused most sickness in Michigan, during the week ending Nov. 17, 1883, as follows—number of observers heard from, 41:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Number of Cases.	Percentage of Total.
1 Intermitent fever.....	71	64
2 Rheumatism.....	66	62
3 Neuralgia.....	59	60
4 Bronchitis.....	56	60
5 Tonsillitis.....	54	51
6 Inflammation of kidneys.....	53	53
7 Consumption of lungs.....	41	47
8 Diarrhea.....	39	42
9 Influenza.....	37	44
10 Remittent fever.....	37	44
11 Pneumonia.....	27	37
12 Typhoid fever (Enteric).....	22	23
13 Diphtheria.....	21	20
14 Whooping cough.....	20	19
15 Scarlet fever.....	20	18
16 Inflammation of kidneys.....	20	18
17 Typho-malarial fever.....	17	31
18 Inflammation of bowels.....	17	20
19 Erysipelas.....	17	16
20 Inflammation of brain.....	12	7
21 Dysentery.....	12	24
22 Measles.....	10	20
23 Cholera morbus.....	7	11
24 Cholera infantum.....	7	13
25 Cerebro spinal meningitis.....	6	0
26 Membranous croup.....	5	11
27 Puerperal fever.....	5	11

For the week ending Nov. 17, 1883, the reports indicate that whooping-cough, typhoid fever and intermitent fever increased, and that typho-malarial fever, dysentery, measles and remittent fever decreased in area of prevalence.

At the State capital, the prevailing winds during the week ending Nov. 17 were southwest; and compared with the preceding week the temperature was considerably lower, the absolute and the relative humidity considerably less, and the day and the night ozone considerably more.

Including reports by regular observers and others, diphtheria was reported present during the week ending Nov. 17, and since, at sixteen places, namely: Belvidere, Bridgeport, Cooperville, Detroit, Eagle, East Saginaw, Grand Rapids, Holly, Ida, Ionia, Kalamazoo, Linden, Lansing, Monroe, Newark, Polkton, Ionia, Port Huron, White Lake; scarlet fever at twenty-four places—Belvidere, Cliford, Corunna, Crystal, Detroit, Eagle, Grand Rapids, Greenville, Hanover, Kalamazoo, Lansing, Leoniada, Lowell, Middleville, Monton, Mason, Monroe, Muskegon, Pearson, Port Huron, Pokagon, Salem, Sunfield, Whitehall; measles at five places—Cedar Springs, Coldwater, Detroit, Monroe, Owosso.

HENRY R. BAKER, Secretary.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1883.

TELEPHONE EXTENSION.

The Western Telephone District of Michigan has been considerably enlarged of late. Manistee and Ludington are included in Mr. Watson's care, and the whole region south to and including Kalamazoo. There are now exchanges at Manistee and Ludington. They will soon be connected, and in all probability will be connected with this city early next season. Those now using the 'phones are well aware that the system is now connected with Grand Haven, Muskegon, Whitehall and Montague, Newaygo, Big Rapids, White Cloud and Hesperia, Holland City, Howard City, Lowell, Ionia, Portland, Lansing, Greenville, Stanton, Edmore and intermediate points—some fifty cities and hamlets, as above stated. A line has just been completed from Big Rapids to Reed City, and you can now "hello" to friends there. Another line is being built from Edmore to Lake View, and another from Montague to Hart, taking in Shelby. When these are completed, work on the trunk lines will be suspended until next season. Next season now promises to be quite as busy as this has been, in extending the system. As above suggested, in all probability a connection will be made with Ludington and Manistee. The line now built to Howard City will probably be extended to Big Rapids, making a second line to that point. A line will be built to Allegan and Kalamazoo via the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad. A line will be built down the Valley road, how far is not certain, but probably to Jackson, which is not as far as Reed City is now, via Newaygo. And the present lines will be improved.—Grand Rapids Eagle.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, Rev. N. M. Steffens, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30, and Bible Exposition on Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Subjects: Morning, "What do we know about heaven?" Afternoon, "Communion."

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. Thomas Walker Jones. Subjects: Morning, "Spiritual diligence." Evening, "Christian eminence." Communion at close of morning service. Congregational singing led by the chorus choir. Anthems morning and evening. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Christ, the one Master of his people." Afternoon, "The covenant relation of the children of believers."

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Prayer meeting at 7:30. Wednesday evening, explication of the Bible, at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Strong as a conqueror by the stronger Christ." Afternoon, "The white horse."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Rev. J. A. De Bruyn, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., 2 and 7:30 p. m.

For the Holland City News.

In consequence of the removal of Mr. Albert Dutton from Holland, and thereby the severing of the relations of Superintendent of the Sabbath School, the Officers, Teachers, and Scholars of Hope Church Sunday School unite in the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That it is with the deepest regret we part with the Superintendent who for three years has so faithfully and efficiently conducted the affairs of the School. We thank him for the interest and zeal he has ever manifested in its welfare. Under his superintendence it has largely increased in numbers and interest.

Resolved, That our best wishes and prayers will follow him to his new home. We feel that wherever he may be, he will still be a worker in the Master's vineyard, and so, Superintendent and Teachers, though separated in efforts, will still be laboring for the same cause, for the same Lord, for the same rewards.

"When the harvest is past may all, joyful, come bearing full sheaves to the Harvest Home."

Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be sent to Mr. Dutton, and be inscribed upon the minutes of the School.

Wm. A. SHIELDS,
W. Z. BANGS,
Committee.

HOPE CHURCH, Holland, Nov. 25, '83.

Purge out the lurking distemper that undermines health, and the constitutional vigor will return. Those who suffer from an enfeebled and disordered state of the system, should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla to cleanse the blood, and restore vitality.

Dr. Froet, one of the Physicians of the Grand Rapids Medical and Surgical Infirmary will be at the City Hotel on Wednesday, December 12, and again on Wednesday, December 26. Consultation Free.

Go AND see the King & Hopkins Glass Blowers at Bosman's old store, opposite the post office, commencing Tuesday Evening, December 4th, and continuing all the week every afternoon and evening. Do not fail to see these wonderful artists, as you may not have another opportunity for years. An elegant specimen of glass work, manufactured by the company, given to every visitor free of charge. The glass steam engine "Saratoga" will be in full operation at each entertainment, and it is pronounced to be the most graceful and perfect piece of mechanical ingenuity ever placed before the public. Admission, including an elegant specimen, 15 cents.

CLARENCE M. KING,
Business Manager.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
On Wednesday evening, there will be given to the handsomest lady in the hall, an elegant glass case, valued at \$10, filled with the choicest specimens of glass blowing art. The prize will be awarded by a committee of three gentlemen selected by the audience.

A CARD.
To the many friends who so kindly assisted me during the illness and decease of my wife, Ellen S. McMaster, I tender my heartfelt thanks.
THOS. McMASTER.
EAST SAUGATUCK, Mich., Nov. 27, '83.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded. 35 cents per box. A positive cure for piles. For sale by H. Walsh.

New Advertisements.

Holiday Goods

For bargains in Holiday Goods go to

BOOT & KRAMER,

who have a large and very fine stock of
**Toys,
Smokers' Sets,
and Fancy Articles.**
which they have just received, and which will be sold at very low prices.

Our stock of

DRY GOODS

has just been replenished with a fine line of
Dress Goods, Flannels, Etc., Etc.
which we sell at greatly reduced prices.

GROCERIES

We keep a full line of Groceries and Provisions and deliver all orders for same free of charge.

GIVE US A CALL.
BOOT & KRAMER.
HOLLAND, Mich., Nov. 23, 1883. 43-47

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you out of the money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, Taux & Co., Augusta, Maine.

THE SUN.

NEW YORK, 1884.

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of all THE SUNS printed and sold last year you would get a continuous strip of interesting information, common sense, wisdom, sound doctrine, and some wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon, then back to Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But THE SUN is written for the inhabitants of the earth; this same strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty-seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of THE SUN during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1883 has afforded the human race thirteen thousand years of steady reading night and day. It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influence on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

THE SUN is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear of consequences, which gets at the facts no matter how much the process costs, which presents the news of all the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape, which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord, 1884.

If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with accustomed diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in its history. If you do not yet know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

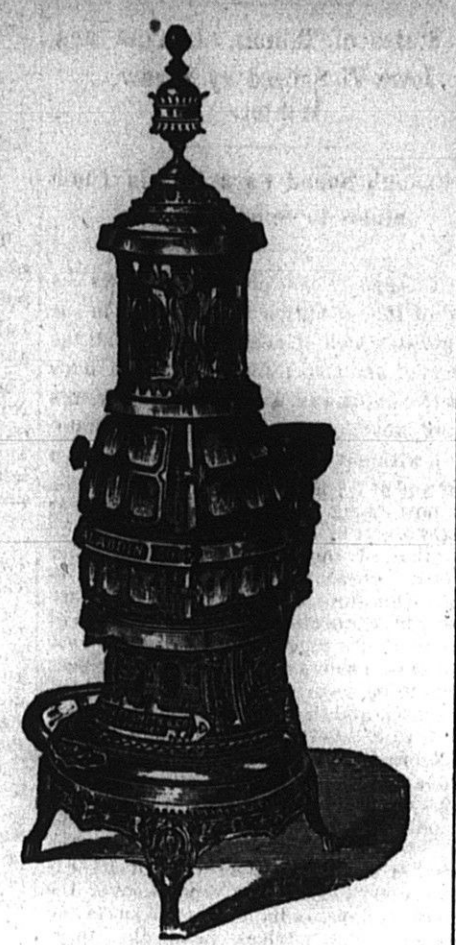
Terms to Mail Subscribers.

The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:
DAILY—50 cents a month, \$6 a year; with Sunday edition, 67.
SUNDAY—Eight pages. This edition furnishes the current news of the world, special articles of exceptional interest to everybody, and literary reviews of new books of the highest merit. \$1 a year.

WEEKLY—\$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issues; an agricultural department of unequalled value, special market reports, and literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with ten dollars, an extra copy free. Address
L. W. ENGLAND, Publisher.
THE SUN, N. Y. City

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. It can become a successful agent. Terms free. HALLIST BOOK CO., Portland, Maine.

HARDWARE!



Van Oort, Witvliet & Beeuwkes

Successors to W. C. MELIS.
Are now doing business at the old stand, opposite the post office.

We have a large and very fine assortment of

**Parlor Coal Stoves,
Office Stoves, and
Cooking Stoves**
of the latest and best designs.

A full and complete stock of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

COPPER, TIN, AND IRONWARE,
PAINTS, OILS, WHITE LEAD,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, SASH AND
GLASS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

GIVE US A CALL.

We promise prompt and gentlemanly treatment and good bargains, to all who trade with us.

VAN OORT, WITVLIET, & BEEUWKES.
HOLLAND, Mich., Nov. 21, 1883. 42-47

KEYSTONE

PLANING MILL!

**DRESSING,
MATCHING,
and RE-SAWING
DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.**

DRESSING BY CAR LOAD A SPECIALTY.

Dressed Lumber Always on Hand.

Orders by Telephone Promptly Attended to.

Mill opposite Freight depot, Holland, Mich.

J. R. KLEYN,
HOLLAND, Mich., Nov. 22, 1883. 42-47

52 Dividends A Year

From \$3 Invested.

That is what any one will receive who will subscribe for THE Independent, of New York.

It occupies two fields. First, as a religious journal it is unimpeachable and broader than any sect. Its aim is to strengthen and extend Evangelical religion and to defend it against the attacks of Materialism, Atheism and Unbelief. It is free to approve or criticize in any of the denominations what ever it believes designed to advance or hinder the progress of the Gospel of Christ.

Among its religious writers are Leonard W. Bacon D. D., S. C. Bartlett, D. D., Pres. John Bascom, Bishop Thos. M. Clark, Rev. Jos. Cook, Bishop A. C. Coxe, Geo. R. Crooks, D. D., Howard Crosby, D. D., Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D., Rev. Samuel Dike, Geo. F. Fisher, D. D., Prof. Norman Fox, Washington Gladden, D. D., Bishop F. D. Huntington, Bishop J. F. Hurst, E. D. Morris, D. D., Pres. Wash. Porter, Francis L. Patton, D. D., Philip Schaff, D. D., R. S. Storrs, D. D., Wm. M. Taylor, D. D., Wm. C. Wilkinson, D. D., Pres. T. D. Woolsey.

Second. As a literary journal it stands without a peer among the weekly press. During the past year it has published articles and poems by more than three hundred of the most talented writers in this country and Europe.

Among them Amelia A. Barr, Mary Clemmer, Rose Terry Cooke, Kate Foote, Dora Read Goodale, Rev. W. B. Griffin, "Grace Greenwood," Thomas Hill, D. D., William D. Howells, "H. H.," Sidney Lanier, Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, Louise Chandler Moulton, Josephine Miller, R. A. Oakes, Mrs. S. M. B. Platt, Josephine Pollard, Richard Henry Stoddard, Edmund Clarence Stedman, Mrs. Launt Thompson, J. T. Trowbridge, Celia Thaxter, John Greenleaf Whittier, Sarah C. Woolsey, Susan E. Wallace, Wm. C. Ward and Prof. Charles A. Young.

THE Independent will, within the next few months, publish stories by Wm. D. Howells, author of "Their Wedding Journey," "A Modern Instance," etc.; W. R. Norris, author of "McTeague," "No New Thing," etc.; F. Marion Crawford, author of "Mr. Isaacs," "Dr. Claudius," etc.; J. S. of Dale, author of "Guerndale"; Edward Everett Hale, author of "Ten Times One is Ten," etc.; Julia Schayer, author of "Tiger Lily, and Other Stories," Rebecca Harding Davis, Sarah Orne Jewett, Fred. D. Story, Kate Upson Clarke, etc., etc. It is also negotiating with other distinguished story-writers of England and America, whose names it does not as yet feel at liberty to make public.

In civil and political affairs THE Independent contends for sound ideas and principles. It believes in the reform of the civil service and tariff, in the purification of politics, and maintains those principles which the highest ethics and best intelligence require.

THE Independent has 22 distinct departments, 32 pages in all.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

One subscription one year.....\$ 3 00
For 6 months, \$1.50; for 3 months,..... 0 75
One subscription two years..... 5 00
One subscription five years..... 10 00

"TRIAL TRIP."

We offer a month's subscription, as a "Trial Trip," for 30 cents, which can be remitted by postage stamps. Payment of \$2.70 in addition will secure the balance of a year's subscription. Send postal card for free specimen copy and judge for yourself. Address

THE INDEPENDENT,
251 Broadway, New York.

KREMERS & BANGS,

EIGHTH STREET,
Opposite Van Raalte's shoe store, will furnish you with any article you may wish in the line of

Drugs and Medicines.

—at as—
Low Prices as any Dealer in the State.

Bring your Physician's Prescriptions to us if you wish to have them prepared promptly and carefully and at moderate prices.

We also carry a full stock of
BRUSHES, PAINTS, OILS, AND VARNISHES,
and are agents for the Sherwin Williams Prepared Paints.

KREMERS & BANGS.
HOLLAND, MICH., Oct. 10th, 1883. 16-17.

GOOD NEWS!

for all at the CLOTHING STORE of

J. W. BOSMAN.

On account of the poor crops this year I will sell

READY MADE CLOTHING

at greatly

REDUCED PRICES!

giving an extra discount to all who

Pay Cash.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR GOOD BARGAINS.

J. W. BOSMAN.
HOLLAND, MICH., Oct. 10, 1883. 36-3m.

SCROFULA

and all scrofulous diseases, Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Boils, and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.
"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me."

Yours respectfully, MRS. ANN O'BRIAN.
148 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brian; also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 54th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge.

The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, B. W. BALL, of Rochester, N.H., writes, June 7, 1882:

"Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impure or corrupted condition of the blood, and renewed vitality.

It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength, and great power over disease.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; price \$1, six bottles for \$5.

1883. FALL AND WINTER. 1884.

MILLINERY

OAKINGS AND FANCY GOODS,

BONNETS, HATS, FEATHERS.

POMPONS, BIRDS' WINGS, ORNAMENTS, LACES, NECK-

WEAR, VELVET, SATIN, MOURNING

GOODS, CRAPE.

Cloaking, Fur Trimming, Circulars, Ulsters, Dolmans, Jackets, Infants' Cloaks and Clothing a Specialty.

Zephyr, Hoods, Worsted, Yarn, Canvas, Etc.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,
EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND MICH.

Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches,

DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

The largest assortment of

DIAMOND RINGS

ever displayed in this City.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.
HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1882. 49-17

G. Van Putten & Sons,

Have opened a complete line of

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS,

—consisting of—

Dress Goods,

Flannels, and

Table Linen

A large assortment of

Ladies' and Gents' Underwear

which we will dispose of at reasonable prices.

—Our stock of—

Ladies' and Misses' Hosiery,

is of the finest quality; we also have Gents' Hosiery of all kinds.

—A full line of—

German Knitting Yarns.

A fresh stock of

Groceries

always on hand.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 20, 1882.

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY

Is the Loss of

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea induced by self-abuse, involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
Ann St., New York N. Y.; Postoffice Box 450

JOTTINGS.

Did you enjoy your turkey on Thanksgiving Day?

EARLY last Monday morning this locality was visited by a severe thunderstorm.

MESSRS. C. BLOM and C. Odell shot and killed thirteen rabbits and a large owl last Thursday.

LAST Saturday night the factory of the Holland Butter Tub Company shut down for a few weeks.

DON'T fail to see the Glass Blowers at Bosman's old store, opposite the post office next week.

THE Washington Capitol is authority for the statement that ex-Senator Ferry, of this State, was a victim to the opium habit.

WE call attention this week to the notice of C. Landaal, our City Treasurer, whose office, for the collection of taxes, will be at the store of P. & A. Steketee, general merchants.

REV. J. W. MCKEEVER, of Allegan, and Prof. J. W. Humphrey, of Wayland, have been appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, H. R. Gass, as visitors to Hope College.

ON looking over our Business Directory the reader will notice the addition of a card of Dr. O. E. Yates. The doctor's office will be at his residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets. Where he can be called at all time.

THE day of thank was observed in this city on last Thursday in the usual manner. The various religious societies holding divine service in their churches in the morning. The business of the city was suspended and the people generally enjoyed a holiday.

IT is said that a grand ball will soon be given under the auspices of the masonic lodge of this city. It is intended, so we are informed, to make this the equal of the fine party they gave last winter. Announcement of the date will be given in a subsequent issue of the News. Look for it.

ON looking over our new advertisements our readers will please notice that of Wm. Baumgartel, the agent for the Chicago and West Mich Ry, at this station. Travelers who anticipate making long journeys should first call on him before purchasing their tickets, as they can undoubtedly save money.

THE Grand Haven News-Journal is agitating the question of erecting a tower and putting in a town clock on their city hall, or engine house. A good scheme which did not work in our city. As a tempting morsel in the "cast off clothing line" it may be a very profitable enterprise for Grand Haven to pick up.

OUR merchants are receiving holiday goods in large quantities at present, and among them we notice Messrs. Boot & Kramer, who have a large and very fine assortment of Toys, Smokers' Sets, and Fancy Articles, which they are selling at very low prices. They also have received a very fine stock of Dress Goods, Flannels, etc. Give them a call, after reading their advertisement which appears in another column of this issue.

WE understand that arrangements are being completed to bring the comedian, Joseph H. Keane, to this city for one or two entertainments in about two weeks. If this is true we will have the pleasure of hearing a first-class company. The company has recently been playing a series of engagements at Lansing, Ionia, Owosso, and other places of like importance; also at Redmond's Grand Opera House, Grand Rapids, on Thursday evening of this week.

IN the Chicago Interior of this week we find an item which refers to the Westminster Church of which Rev. E. C. Oggel, formerly a resident of this city, is the pastor. It states that the work of raising the indebtedness of \$10,000 on the Church property, which was begun by the pastor in 1882, has been brought by him to a successful and happy termination. The money is all paid in by the contributors and the indebtedness is discharged. The item closes with: "There is, then, on the corner of Jackson and Peoria streets a church absolutely free from debt, with a membership of 210 and a flourishing Sunday school."

LAST Thursday a boy named Frank Briggs was killed by the north bound afternoon passenger train two miles south of Fennville. The lad together with two or three companions were trying to see how near the train they could cross the track when the locomotive struck him, fracturing his skull, shoulders, and leg and threw him some ninety feet from the engine. The train was backed and a doctor, who was among the passengers, pronounced him dead. Brakeman Chas. Taylor was left in charge of the body until the coroner arrived. An inquest was held yesterday and a verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts above narrated.

THE telephone exchange has hung out a shingle.

THE hunting match that was to have come off last Thursday did not take place as announced.

A SALEM woman boasts of having drank nine kegs of beer the past summer and of having paid for the beer by selling butter and eggs.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR has at last pardoned out of the penitentiary Sargeant Mason, the man who attempted to shoot Gulteau, the murderer of President Garfield.

MR. B. WYNHOFF has something new in the line of lamps. He has secured the agency for the celebrated Needle Gas Lamp which gives as much light as four common lamps. Go and see them and be convinced of their worth.

REV. N. H. DOSKER was installed pastor of the Dutch Reformed Church of Kalamazoo last Sunday. The installation ceremony was performed by Rev. De Jong, of Grandville. The sermon was preached by Rev. E. H. Dosker, of Grand Haven. The church was crowded.

MR. A. HUNTLEY is now located in his new machine shop on the corner of Seventh and River streets. Mr. Huntley has every facility now for doing work promptly and in a workmanlike manner, and should be encouraged with the work of all our mill men when they are in need of a competent machinist.

THE common council of Holland City has been petitioned to prepare the tower of their new city hall for a town clock, the citizens offering to pay the expenses by private subscription. It would seem that a common council possessing ordinary intelligence would accept such a proposition. —Detroit Evening News.

FIRE in Allegan Thursday morning destroyed \$11,000 worth of property in the business part of that village. Three buildings were burned to the ground and three saloons, which were located in them, were destroyed. There was \$3,900 insurance on the property. The buildings were owned by T. E. Streeter and George Cook.

WE are pleased to inform the people of this city of a reduction that has been made in the rate of placing telephone instruments in this city. For an instrument in a place of business, \$48; in a private residence \$36. This reduction, under the circumstances, is very good, and ought to serve as an inducement for our citizens to place them in their homes and places of business.

THE promptness of attendance on the part of the large congregations in Hope Reformed Church last Sunday was a great improvement on former Sabbaths. Almost every person was in his seat at the time of opening. By a little effort this same promptness may be secured each Sabbath on the part of every attendant. Such a feature is certainly very desirable. The session rings the bell in accordance with the regulator in Mr. Breyman's jewelry store. This secures a uniform time for all the families.

THE sixteenth volume of the Encyclopedia Britannica has come to hand. It contains 868 pages, from MEN to MON, and is not inferior in interest to any former volume. Extended articles are given on Meteorology, Mineralogy, and Mining, with letter press and colored plates of the Colorado, Nevada, and Lake Superior mines, Mollusca, &c. A special feature is the number of articles by American writers. Those on the Mormons by Prof. Fraser of the University of Chicago, and Michigan by Prof. Adams of our State University will attract special attention.

CHIEF ENGINEER WRIGHT has made the following recommendations for some of the Michigan harbors: Ontonagon Harbor, \$60,000; Menominee Harbor, \$32,000; Calumet Harbor, \$41,000; Harbor of Refuge, Portage Lake, \$140,000; Manistee Harbor, \$40,000; Muskegon Harbor, \$100,000; St. Joseph Harbor, \$60,000; Hay Lake channel, St. Mary's River, \$500,000; Cheboygan Harbor, \$53,000; Detroit River Lime-kiln crossing, \$327,700. Holland harbor does not appear in the published report of the recommendations, but we have no doubt but what she is down for a nice little sum as she should be.

THE Michigan crop report for November, published by the Secretary of State, includes returns from 605 townships, of which 384 are in the southern four tiers of counties. In these counties the wheat crop for 1883 weighs 94 per cent of full weight, or less than 56 1/2 pounds per measured bushel. The acreage seeded to wheat this fall is 91 per cent of the acreage seeded in 1882, and compared with the vitality and growth of average years, the condition is 88 per cent. Compared with 1882 there is a decrease of 31 per cent in the area of clover seed harvested and 33 per cent in yield per acre. The potato crop is less than four-fifths as large as in 1882.

Eggs have been very scarce in this vicinity of late.

FASHION NOTE: Stockings are to be worn longer in December than in November—one day longer.

LAST Saturday the Odd Fellows of this city and surrounding country attended the funeral of Mrs. McMaster, of East Saugatuck, who was buried with the honors of that society.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Holland, Mich., Nov. 29th, 1883: Albert Hill, 3, J. L. Inasgam, James King, O. D. Welch, Jacob F. Werschkul, Wm. VERBEER, P. M.

THE owners of the Michigan & Ohio Railroad are slowly getting an equipment in shape so that the line may be operated. The negotiations for the purchase of the road have by no means been eager; even that with the Chicago & West Michigan, which at one time had a promising look, is now off.

Persons attending Hope Reformed Church are requested to remain through the entire service. No individual should leave any church until the close of worship, unless something special makes it necessary for him to withdraw. From beginning to end the attention of the congregation should remain undisturbed.

THE marking of the hours has been changed from one to twenty-four o'clock; thus dropping the mystic letters a.m. and p.m. That may be all right, but it isn't going to be a bit easier to get up at 24 o'clock and gallop madly around the room after the peppermint bottle, or to warm the milk over the lamp, than it was at the good old fashioned hour of midnight.

THE reorganized chorus choir in Hope Reformed Church began their work last Sabbath. Fifteen members were present. The singing was excellent. The opening anthems were finely rendered. The large audiences showed their appreciation by the close attention with which they listened. It was announced that similar and suitable anthems will be given every Sabbath at the opening of each service. This will add greatly to the attractiveness of the worship.

VICTOR F. LAWSON, publisher of the Chicago News, sends us a spicy little pamphlet entitled, "The three points in newspaper advertising." The points made are that every advertiser should know just what he gets for his money, that is, the exact circulation of the paper; secondly, that he should know just where the paper circulates; and lastly, that every publisher should have a fixed price for his advertising and should adhere strictly to his published rates. There is much of justice and good sense in the pamphlet, and its recommendations are such as we have always advocated and followed.

THE thanksgiving banquet, held by Eagle Fire Engine Company No. 1 and their invited friends, on last Wednesday evening, was a success and is a new departure from the usual character of the social gatherings of our Firemen. The Company was well represented at this banquet, and the members, with their ladies, done all that could possibly be done to make their guests feel at home and enjoy the occasion. The program, which was printed, was carefully arranged and was carried out with great care. It was as follows:

Opening Address—J. P. Allen, First Ass't Foreman.
Overture—"Kalf de Bagdad," Dr. L. Schiphorst.
Bass Solo—"Thy Sentinel am I," M. Van Putten.
Vocal Duet—"Little Rosebud," Misses Martha and Emma Zeeh.
Soprano.

Remarks by the Mayor—
Instrumental Solo—"Delta Kappa Epsilon Grand March," M. Van Putten.
Vocal Duet—"Leaf by Leaf the Roses Fall," Misses Martha and Emma Zeeh.
Overture—(Selected,) Dr. L. Schiphorst.
Comic Song—"I Cannot Help But Smile," M. Van Putten.

The address of assistant foreman Allen was one of welcome and seemed to make the "boys" feel more at ease. The piano solos of Dr. L. Schiphorst was greatly admired by all present and the singing and playing of Mr. M. Van Putten, the blind son of our banker, Mr. J. Van Putten, was loudly applauded. The Misses Martha and Emma Zeeh, whose sweet singing has charmed so many of our residents, heretofore, needs no comment at our hands. The supper was excellent. With plenty of oysters, chocolate, cake, etc., who could help but enjoy this all important part of the program, and especially the hungry printers. After supper the Mayor made a few characteristic remarks, thanking the firemen on the part of the common council, who were present, for their generous hospitality. The singing and the rest of the program was then carried out. After which the older people repaired to their homes while the young people enjoyed a couple of hours of dancing. This social gathering of Eagle Company will long be remembered as a very enjoyable affair and one which it will be well for our other fire companies to pattern after when desiring to have a "social night."

G. J. VAN DUREN, W. VAN DER VEERE.

City Meat Market,

VAN DUREN & CO., Prop's

Having lately re-opened the "City Meat Market" in the First Ward, we kindly invite the citizens of this city to give us a "call."

We intend to keep our market supplied with the best and choicest meats that can be procured.

LARD

and can assure our patrons that the Lard purchased of us, is perfectly pure and of fine quality.
G. J. VAN DUREN & CO.
HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 15, 1883.

GEO. T. MCCLURE,

—Dealer in—

Sewing Machines,

Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, and the White,

King of all Sewing Machines and the best in the world.

Also agent for

Weber, Fischer, Decker & Son, Pease, Krannach & Bach,

PIANOS

—And the—

Estey, Chase, Tailor & Farlow,

ORGANS

Please call, examine goods, and ascertain prices and terms before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. T. MCCLURE,
Cor. of Eleventh and River streets,
17-19 Holland Mich

R. KANTERS & SONS,

DEALERS IN

STOVES,

HARDWARE, ETC.,

call the attention of all to the

CROWN JEWEL STOVES

FOR 1883.

It bears the old reliable name, but is

ENTIRELY NEW

in design and operation. We request the public to call and examine and be convinced.

The "NEW IDEAL"

square coal stove proved a perfect success last year and has not been altered.

Of Wood Heating Stoves

We have an endless variety, all sizes and prices.

Remember we take pleasure in showing our goods and like to have you compare prices.

R. KANTERS & SONS.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 29th, 1883.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city for the celebrated

Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1883.

ABOVE ALL COMPETITORS

THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME

STRONG SIMPLE SWIFT

SEWING MACHINE

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR HAS MORE IMPROVEMENTS THAN ALL OTHER SEWING MACHINES COMBINED

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

30 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK

CHICAGO, ILL. ORANGE, MASS. AND ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

Meyers, Brouwer & Co.

DEALERS IN

FURNITURE & COFFINS

HOLLAND, MICH.

Now is the chance for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. Flieman

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sell them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way, and will not be undersold by anyone.

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND

Open and Top Buggies,

And a fine stock of

SQUARE and SWELL BODY CUTTERS.

And a nice assortment of Buggies for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way coming.

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON

WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 14, 1883. 20-1y

THE TWO DARKS.

At dusk, when Slumber's gentle wand
Beckons to quiet fields my boy,
And day, whose welcome was so fond,
Is slighted like a rivalled toy,—

When faint to follow, faint to stay,
Toward night's dim border-line he peers,
We say he fears the fading day:
Is it the inner dark he fears?

His deep eyes, made for wonder, keep
Their gaze upon some land unknown,
The while the crowding questions leap
That show his ignorance my own.

For he would go he knows not where,
And I—! I hardly know the more;
Yet what is dark and what is fair
He would to-night with me explore.

Upon the shoals of my poor creed
His plummet falls, but cannot rest;
To sound the soundless is his need,
To find the primal soul his quest.

In vain these bird-like flutterings,
As when through cages sighs the wind:
My clearest answer only brings
New depths of mystery to his mind,—

Vague thoughts, by crude surmise beset,
And groping doubts that loom and pass
Like April clouds that, shifting, fret
With tides of shade the sun-wood grass.

O lonely soul within the crowd
Of souls! O language-seeking cry!
How black were noon without a cloud
To vision only of the eye!

Sleep, child! while healing nature breaks
Her ointment on the wounds of Thought;
Joy, that awoke with morning wakes,
Shall bring you sight it ne'er has brought.

Lord, if there be, as wise men spake,
No Death, but only Fear of Death,
And when Thy temple seems to shake
'Tis but the shaking of our breath,—

Whether by day or night we see
Clouds where Thy winds have driven none,
Let unto us as unto Thee
The darkness and the light be one.

—Robert Underwood Johnson, in the Century.

A TRIP ON THE AMAZON.

It was in the month of April—one of the hottest months of an unusually hot season—when I set out with my friends Dixon and Willburg, on a trip down one of the wild South American rivers—the Amazon.

Some natives, who were to accompany us on our trip, procured a boat that would carry us all, with our guns, ammunition, provisions, and a few kitchen utensils, that we might stop occasionally on the shore, and cook our meals.

The vast jungle of almost impenetrable forest, as it may justly be termed, was, at the time of which I write, the haunt of numerous wild beasts, and among these many huge tigers, which, from their immense strength and ferocity, proved themselves, in several encounters, such dangerous antagonists that few Europeans cared to attack them.

It was a beautiful morning, for this torrid country, when we started on our journey, all of us in high glee, and our Indian guides making a dreadful noise with their voices, which we afterward learned was the music of these uncouth natives.

Our adventures on the river trip were too numerous to mention. But an adventure, more thrilling than all the others, I must speak of here.

One day we had traveled rather late into the night, without seeing a suitable place to land, when, about 10 o'clock p. m., I discovered through the gloom the faint outline of what appeared to be an island. We used our hands vigorously as paddles, and succeeded in throwing the boat near enough to land to get hold of the shallow bottom, when I jumped into the water and hauled it upon land.

The island proved to be quite a large one, and having secured the boat, we proceeded to examine our new territory. It was further above the water than most of its fellows, and had a few trees and an abundance of shrubs growing upon it.

"If there is any dry stuff here we might have a fire," said Dixon.

"Your matches are wet."

"No; I have them in a tin box, and I guess they will go."

"If you think so, we can easily find something dry enough to burn. There is plenty of drift-wood on the island."

I took a stick and whittled it down till I came to the middle, and soon had a little pile of Yankee tinder for Dixon and the rest to experiment upon. We tried his matches, and, after several vain attempts to light one, at last succeeded, and my whittlings were soon in a bright blaze. There was plenty of fuel, and we did not apply any economy to the use of it. In less than half an hour we had a brilliant fire blazing on the summit of the island, which illuminated the river for a great distance.

There was an abundance of long, coarse grass growing on the island, and a few moments were sufficient to enable us to gather a large pile of it, which we dried and disposed before the fire for a bed. Burying ourselves in the heap, we were soon stepping out of the region of consciousness; but our devotion to the sleepy god were disturbed by an accident.

I was almost gone, when Dixon suddenly jumped up and shouted to the rest to follow his example. Of course we obeyed, and discovered that we had made our bed a little too near the devouring element. The dry grass was in a blaze, and with considerable difficulty we saved the mass of it from destruction. We all laughed at the accident, and, having gathered more grass, and made a better disposition of it than before, we once more retired to our couch.

The fire had been carefully replenished, and we soon dropped off. I had no means of measuring time, but we did not sleep till morning. I was awakened by a noise near me, and started to my feet. The fire was still burning brightly, which showed that I had not slept long. By its light I discovered a huge alligator on the ground near us. He was headed toward the

fire, and was evidently astonished at the novel aspect of things on his old homestead.

I roused my companions, for alligators on the Amazon are not the harmless things they are on the much frequented rivers of the United States. They are regular rascals, and will bite off a man's leg as quick as a ground shark.

When the monster saw us he looked savage, and made toward us. It was a pleasant situation, let me inform my readers. We were unarmed, our guns being in the boat, though that did not make much difference. But "where there is a will there is a way," and, most emphatically, we had a will. The way suggested itself to me, and I seized one of the logs which we had piled on the fire, one end of which was a living mass of fire. Dixon and Willburg imitated my example, and thus armed, we moved toward the "varmint."

The rascal quickened his pace, and as he approached us, he opened his tremendous mouth wide enough to have taken in one of us. He did not take either of us in, but, indeed, took the warmest dose of medicine that ever passed his jaw. It would have been horribly cruel, had not the act been done in self-defense; but when he opened his mouth I jammed the log, which was about six inches in diameter, down his throat. Such a roar as followed the assault I never heard! The alligator barked, spit, rolled over and over, kicked, scratched, and bit the ground. In his mad struggles, he rolled down into the water and disappeared. We heard the water boil around, as he raged in his agony, but we saw no more of him.

After this adventure we decided that it was not safe to sleep unguarded, and we compromised by taking turns. After I had watched about two hours by our camp-fire, I called up Dixon, who took my place, and I buried myself in the bed of dried grass before the blazing logs. I was so completely exhausted that I dropped asleep like a tired, worn-out child. This time I had my nap out, for, when I waked, the sun was just rising, and one of the half-savage natives was on watch. Dixon was quite sound asleep in the grass, and Willburg was snoring like a torrent by the half-smoldering fire.

I got some wood and replenished our fire, so as to be in readiness for breakfast, and having nothing else to do I took a walk to explore the island.

Passing round the beach on the current side of the island, I had nearly reached the lower extremity, when my attention was attracted by a splashing noise in the water not far from me. Advancing a few steps further, with a thrill of terror, I discovered a large tiger lying upon the beach.

He was an ugly-looking beast, and my first instinct was to clear out, and not attempt a closer intimacy. He kept his tail flying up and down, slapping the surface of the water, and my curiosity, rather than my devotion to the science of Natural History, prompted me to ascertain the cause of this operation. The tiger was watching his tail with an interest that meant something, as he flapped it on the water. I stood very still, for I had no wish for an introduction to his savage monarch of the South American forest.

Suddenly the tiger made a spring, and to my astonishment I saw him catch in his claws a good-sized fish, which he instantly devoured. Then I understood his object. He had come out to the island on a fishing excursion to procure his morning meal. The motion of his tail somehow attracted the fish, and they were lured by it to the surface of the water, where they readily became the prey of the sharp-clawed fisher. It was a novel way to catch the finny inhabitants of the river, but I afterward learned from the Indians that it was not uncommon to see tigers engaged in this sport.

I had seen enough, and would have been quite content to return from the scene of operations. But this, it seemed, I was not to be peacefully permitted to do, for as I turned to leave, the monster discovered me, and made a bound toward the place where I stood. I had learned that wild beasts, though savage and untamable, are natural cowards. I therefore, with a self-possession at which I was myself surprised, stood my ground, and tried to stare the majestic creature out of countenance. He fixed his glaring eyes upon me, and uttered a low, prolonged growl.

If I had had a rifle with me, I doubt whether I should have had the courage to fire at him; for these animals, when wounded, are perfect demons of ferocity. But I had no weapon more potent than a jack-knife, and all I could do was to stand my ground.

The tiger evidently overestimated my prowess, for though he continued to face me, he did not attempt to spring on me, as I was fearful he would. I knew if I turned he would spring upon me, and that would be the end of me.

There was scarcely an alternative left for me, and I had almost made up my mind to be torn to pieces. But while there is life there is hope, though my hopes seemed very indefinite. I kept retreating slowly, a short step at a time, still facing my savage foe, and he as steadily crept upon me.

I cannot undertake to tell how long it took me to come up with the fire, for in that terrible suspense every moment seemed an hour; but, at last, I reached the fire, where Dixon and Willburg were still snoring, unconscious of danger.

To my surprise, the natives had retired to the boat, and were lying snugly under cover in the stern, sound asleep. I called Dixon and Willburg by name, but then did not hear. I called several times before I could bring either of

them to their senses, when Willburg, at last, awoke, looking round in astonishment, as I rushed to the boat for a rifle.

"What's the matter?" asked Willburg.

"Don't you see that tiger?" I asked from the boat as I seized my gun. "He has had his eye upon me for an hour!"

His cheek blanched as he looked at the ferocious beast, now crouching near the sleeping form of Dixon, his tail vibrating in an ugly way.

Willburg was not a man to run, whatever the danger. He looked at the tiger and then at me.

"Keep silent, when I shoot, for God's sake!" I cried, taking aim at the ferocious beast.

I fired, and the shot seemed to take effect, though not fatally; for the tiger raised himself, as if for a spring. The explosion of the gun awoke Dixon, who lifted his head, and stared around in wonder.

"For heaven's sake, Dixon, lie still!" cried Willburg. "Don't you see that tiger at your back?"

The warning was sufficient for the untried Dixon, who did as he was prompted, and sank quietly back to his former position, apparently unnoticed by the tiger, who was glaring at me with the gun in his hand. "What is to be done now?" said Dixon, bravely.

"I will tell you what is not to be done," said I; "don't show him your face, or he'll pounce upon you."

"How will the fire-brands work?" asked Willburg.

"If he is burned he will be furious."

"I am going to have one at any rate."

"Don't use it, only as a last resort," said Dixon; "and get one for me."

And, quick as lightning, Dixon leaped to his feet, and rushed for the fire.

Willburg handed him a fire-brand, and exclaimed:

"Let us to the boat. If we can get into it we will stand a better chance."

The two men waved their fire-brands, and kept their eyes in the face of the monster, who seemed to be intimidated by their lively maneuvering, and, strange as it may seem, did not leap upon them. Slowly and cautiously they backed down to the boat, and we pushed it off with our feet. The Indians in the stern snored as if they had not slept for years, and were not awakened by all this confusion.

"Kick those infernal rascals, Willburg," said I, "and rouse them to a sense of their danger!"

At this time the tiger gave a growl, and made a tremendous spring.

Dixon handed me a fire-brand, and just as the tiger's nose reached the bow, and his feet splashed at the bow of the boat, I punched him in the face with the burning stick I held in my hand, and I am free to say that it was the foolishest thing I ever did in my life. His nose was severely burned; but, so far as disabling or intimidating him, it roused in him a degree of ferocity which greatly diminished the chances of our escape.

"Look out," shouted Dixon. "He will upset the boat."

"You must keep her right side up; but hold on to the fire-brand."

The tiger, repelled for a moment by the fire, immediately advanced to the assault. When he had come within a few feet of the boat he made a desperate spring, and fastened his paws upon the gunwale, struggling to throw himself into the boat. The crisis had come, and I again thrust the fire-brand into his face, and belabored him over the head with the stick. But he held on with a tenacity that threatened our destruction.

Dixon, excited by the terrible fray, rose from his position in the bottom of the boat, for the purpose of coming to my assistance.

"Sit down, Dixon! More aft! We shall be swamped if you stir!" I roared, in tones that caused him instantly to obey.

Seizing the brand he held, I applied it vigorously to the eyes and mouth of the beast, and then pounded him on the head till my strength was gone. But the tiger, exhausted by his struggles and the maddening pain of the fire in his mouth and eyes, released his grasp and fell over backward into the water.

The savage animal was hardly in a worse condition than I was, for when he let go, I threw myself down in the bottom of the boat, unable longer to support even my own weight.

Willburg sprang forward and took my place, but there was no longer any need of a defense, for the tiger was making the water boil with his tremendous struggles; it was evident that the fire had done its work upon his eyes, and that he could no longer see us.

"Are you hurt?" demanded Dixon, when satisfied the tiger could not again attack us.

"We are now safe."

"Keep your eyes on the tiger," I gasped.

"There is no danger; he is settling up his accounts. The boat is drifting away from him, and we are out of his reach."

The knowledge that we were safe revived me, and in a few minutes I had in a great measure recovered from the effects of the struggle. We watched with interest the fearful spasms of our late foe, which grew fainter and fainter, and at last ceased.

"He is dead," said Dixon.

"Died hard, too. I pounded him hard enough to have killed a horse."

"He didn't die of your pounding. It was the fire that did the work. The pain of his eyes caused those struggles, and he was drowned."

"We are rid of him, at any rate."

Just then the natives opened their eyes, and rubbed them, yawning, as if they had not been on the verge of death.

"Shall we throw them overboard?"

"No—no—let them alone," said I. "The infernal sleepy rascals deserve a ducking, however; and if we could navigate this country without them, I should favor chucking them overboard at once!"

A Night of Terror.

A good story is told on one of the best known and most popular commercial tourists traveling in this circuit. As he hasn't paid us anything as hush money we feel bound by duty and the insatiable demands of our friends, who persist in wanting something to read, to give publicity to the episode, and now you have it.

The tourist, who is the hero of this tale, has an intense, almost maniacal hatred for the species of bug that sometimes is found inhabiting beds, and, perchance, he encounters any of the pesky critters he is sure to go into "convulsions"—and the office—and raise a small sized thunder in the vicinity of his locality. Not long since he put up at a hotel in a small town not a million miles from Fort Wayne. He was given room No. 13, which, to his superstitious mind, boded evil. But as he had to take room 13 or nothing, he took room 13. On retiring to his couch, in other words, when he went to bed, he set about to minutely examine the interstices of the furniture, all the while in great fear that he would find what he was looking for and surprise a colony of the enemy. But he found not a living, creeping creature, so, partly assured, he blew out the gas, or turned off the candle or whatever it was, and got between the covers. We say partly assured, because he had done the same thing before and discovered before morning that he hadn't looked in the right place for the bugs. He lay awake for an hour waiting for the voracious beasts of prey to begin on his anatomy. In this frame of mind it was easy to imagine he could feel the tickling sensation produced by the bugs running races up and down his limbs.

Now he was sure he could feel the trotting, and pacing and running stock exercising on the track. Yes, and even the heavy draught and general purpose bugs he could feel as they were led out to be awarded the premium. He grew desperate. He grew more desperate.

What had he done that he should be made to serve as an agricultural fair? The live stock seemed to be getting more numerous and heavy until—great jee-whilkens! he could feel one walking over his feet. He could feel its footsteps, and it appeared to be outside the covers. Slowly it stepped over his feet and then deliberately began to walk along the now thoroughly terrified drummer's—limbs. He could have sworn that this Jumbo of bugs weighed five pounds.

He could stand it no longer. Why should he lie there quietly to be devoured by this voracious Goliath of bugdom? He wouldn't. With a terrific and almost unearthly yell, he gave a furious kick that sent the bug across the room, while he (the drummer) ran out of his room and came in collision with a committee consisting of the night clerk, (who was also dish-washer during the day) the landlady, a chambermaid and a locomotive engineer who wanted to know what was up.

"Oh! Lord Coleridge, what bugs! what bugs!" was all the terrified fellow could offer in explanation.

"Bugs, you drunken delirium tremens galoot,—do you say there are bugs in my house?" demanded the irate landlady.

"Go and see for yourselves," panted the tourist.

The committee, all but the chambermaid who had precipitately flown when she saw the drummer's *deshabille* (which is French for underclothes) now went into room 13.

"I kicked a whopper of a bug into that corner," said the commercial man, "and maybe you'll find him there with a broken neck."

The landlady with the light advanced to the point indicated, and holding the tallow dip aloft she pointed to a creature under the washstand.

"There's your big bug, sir."

It was the cat.—The Hoosier.

"Says He" and "Says L."

We all know people who have the annoying and silly habit of interspersing their conversation with "says I" and "says he," which is pronounced "sez I" and "sez he," but generally abbreviated to "si" and "se." Some people have it so bad that it is annoying to listen to them, for while we are noticing the "si" and "se" we naturally lose the thread of the conversation. It's enough to aggravate a Sphinx to be compelled to respectfully listen to something like this: "I met Rev. Jones down street the other day, and he didn't seem to recognize me, so I went up to him and says to him, sez I, 'Howdo, Mr. Jones?' 'si: sez e, 'Mrs. Brown, you're almost a stranger,' se. 'I haven't seen you at meetin' lately,' se, and sez e 'I almost 'lowed you was down sick' se. 'No,' sez I, 'I haint been sick' si, 'but I've been so pressed with work,' si, 'that 'gin I get through for the day,' si, 'it's most time to go bed,' si. Yes, sez e, 'I reckon with your large family,' se, 'you have e'en almost as much as you can do,' se, and sez e, 'The Lord is with you, Sister Brown,' se.—The Hoosier.

Political Note.

"Who is your choice for Speaker of the House, Mr. Tauchenphast?"

"My choice is myself; but my wife usurps the position and persists in being the speaker of our house."—The Hoosier.

Silk hand-purses with monograms are much worn—empty.

PITH AND POINT.

[From the Fort Wayne Hoosier.]

The favorite song of the base-ballist while trying to tally—"There's no place like home."

A MAN who is a fool and knows it sometimes knows more than many a man who thinks he is wise.

"A RICH man hath many crosses," says an old proverb. This is only another way of stating that he has many an X.

In China parents feel it their duty to make matches for their children before they are really old enough to be trusted with matches.

We are in favor of dealing with the Indians on the peace plan. That is, cut them to pieces first and then argue with them afterwards.

APPEARANCES are often deceitful. Many a man who cannot say the alphabet backwards still may know enough to go in when it rains.

"WITNESS, did you say that after the quarrel you just related, the defendant went off in a huff?" "No, your Honor, I said he went off in a wagon."

THE literary ingenuity of the patent-medicine fiend has made it both popular and safe to read newspaper articles as many people read novels—the last end first.

A BLUFFTON man went to Chicago, stayed over night at a hotel and blew out the gas. As he didn't die it can still be said that "the fools are not all dead yet."

"RESIDUUM? What an odd name for a horse! What on earth made you call him that?" said Duffix to Fink. "Because I got left on him," said Fink, ironically, as he walked away.

[From Peck's Sun.]

A PETRIFIED oyster has been found by a Charleston (S. C.) man. He expects to make a fortune by renting it out for church-sociable stews.

A FASHION paper says "kittens' heads are to take the place of birds' heads on the coming bonnet." The first thing we know some woman will be carried to the hospital with a fractured skull. Some absent-minded husband will sling a boot-jack at the kitten's head.

A GERMAN accosted a broad-brimmed specimen from Texas, on Wisconsin street. "Who vos you, I don't know?" Looking the inquisitive German in the face he replied, "I am a cow-boy." "Dot's good," replied our German friend, "Shake; I vos a bully boy doo?" They shook.

A MONTANA cabin on the Northern Pacific railroad hung out the following sign written with charcoal: "Only nine miles to water and twenty miles from wood. No grub in the house. God bless our home." A man in such a predicament must have more than ordinary faith to hold out long.

A NORTH CAROLINA woman recently dislocated her jaw by yelling at a camp-meeting. It would be better for the managers of a camp meeting to put in a seam boiler, and fog horn, where so much noise is needed, and not dislocate a woman's jaw by over-working it. To be sure, a woman's jaw is calculated to stand a good deal of wear and tear, but there are times when the requirements exceed the capacity.

[From the Norristown Herald.]

AN exchange says "there are two moons this month," but it is safe to wager that the man who sees two moons is not a member of a temperance society.

A SCIENTIST says that in the moon a hickory nut falling from a bough would crash through a man like a minnie ball. That settles it. We shall never go to the moon to gather hickory nuts.

A YOUNG man while out riding one Sunday was thrown from his carriage and had one of his legs broken. The punishment was visited upon him for breaking the Sabbath. He should have gone out and played base ball.

MAJOR DANIEL SIMPSON, "the veteran drummer of Boston," celebrated his 93d birthday a few days ago. It is supposed that he always went a few miles out in the country when he wished to beat his drum. His great longevity is evidence that he never played on the aggravating thing with hearing of his neighbors.

A PRYING sort of an individual has discovered that the oyster has a trunk. Such a receptacle may be necessary, from the fact that the oyster spends the summer by the seashore; but if the bivalve wants to put on as many airs as the fashionable young lady at the seaside, it must also have a big band-box and a little pug dog.

Religious Note.

"I had the funniest experience the other day," said Blinks. "I rode fifty miles on the Wabash with a car-load of nuns before I knew it."

"You don't mean to say you didn't recognize the nuns?"

"That's exactly what I mean to convey, and I didn't know they were nuns until I asked them for a chew of tobacco."

"Oh, go way!"

"It's a fact. I went to every individual passenger in the car asking for a chew, and every blasted one of them answered 'none.'"

Blinks' friend is still trying to get the joke through his head.—Fort Wayne Hoosier.

AMABILITY is the sunshine of the soul which causes smiles to bloom on the lips, and expands the heart as the rays of the sun open the buds of the rose.

BLANKETS and heavy quilts will be much used during the coming winter.

This space is reserved for the Woman
Christian Temperance Union.

W. C. T. Union.

For the Holland City News:

The Blessing of the Lord, it Maketh Rich.

We have become familiarized with the sight of places where the sale of alcohol is legalized, that we begin to look upon them as a natural outgrowth of civilization, or a necessity of the times. The times are sadly degenerating when the alcoholic cup becomes a necessity. The times are not in a healthy state when priest and people, christian and infidel require the alcoholic stimulants to increase their strength or gratify the cravings of a perverted appetite. A certain man, not long since declaimed very strenuously against "Home Protection," which had become a law in a certain place and had been strictly enforced by the inhabitants, because the surrounding towns were, on Saturday evening and Sunday flooded by the votaries of alcohol. The difficulty could have been very easily settled had those abused towns adopted the same wise and wholesome laws. Will the blessing of the Lord rest upon a town or people whose citizens, whose sons and daughters cannot pass through its streets without having their feet beset with snares, gins, and pitfalls? Will a blessing rest upon a town whose laws permit the simple, unsuspecting farmers to be robbed of the returns of his toil, and then drugged and half demented, left to return to his dwelling? Will the blessing of the Lord rest upon the place whose treasury is replenished with such unhallowed gains? Make straight paths for your feet, lest that which is lame be turned out of the way. That care is exercised for the rising generation when such dens are permitted to use all their powers to turn young and old from the paths of rectitude? "Cry aloud, spare not, lift up thy voice like a trumpet, and show my people their transgression, and the House of Jacob their sins," were the words of the Lord to the prophet. Does he permit us to pass on unrepented? Can we not hear the Lord saying to us as he did to Cain after he had slain Abel, "what hast thou done? The voice of thy brother's blood crieth to me from the ground." Of the 800,000 who have been slain by alcohol in this land, are there not some whose blood cries out against us?

M. S. V. O.

(To be Continued.)

An Editor's Tribute.

Theron P. Keator, editor of Ft. Wayne, Ind., *Gazette* writes: "For the past five years I have always used Dr. King's New Discovery, for coughs of the most severe character, as well as those of a milder type. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in same high terms. Having been cured by it of every cough I have had for five years, I consider it the only reliable and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, etc." Call at H. Walsh's drug store and get a free trial bottle. Large size \$1.00.

"Go and Try It."

"It will do you more good than anything I can prescribe," is what a prominent physician said of Rheumatic Syrup to a lady who was suffering from rheumatism and neuralgia. She did so and was cured, and to-day is entirely free from pain and cannot say enough in its praise.

Thousands of children all through the land are to-day suffering from salt rheum or scrofula, and thousands of mothers are using liniments and salves with the hope of curing the dear little ones, but how many are disappointed and discouraged, when, after trying these various applications, they find the child worse than when they commenced their use. Mothers, do you not know that salt rheum, scrofula, and fever sores are all the result of impure and poisonous blood, and that to effect a cure you must first cleanse the blood of its impurities?

The safest and most effective remedy to regulate the liver and kidneys and rid the system of these loathsome diseases is Rheumatic Syrup. Being a compound of roots and herbs, makes it a safe, harmless, and effective remedy for young and old, feeble or strong. Try it and before three bottles have been used your child's skin will be as smooth and its cheeks as rosy as that of your neighbor.

How often do we hear of the sudden fatal termination of a case of croup, when a young life might have been saved by the prompt use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral! Be wise in time, and keep a bottle of it on hand, ready for instant use.

NOTICE.

To the Tax payers of the City of Holland.
Notice is hereby given, that the tax roll has been delivered to me, and that the taxes therein levied can be paid to me at my office in the store of P. & A. Steketee, on Eighth street, at any time, every week day, between the hours of eight o'clock in the morning and eight o'clock in the evening before the first day of January, 1884, without any charge for collection, but that five per cent fees, will be charged and collected upon all taxes remaining unpaid on said first day of January.

C. LANDAAL,
City Treasurer and ex-officio City Collector.

NEW FIRM!

P. PRINS & CO.,

Have just received a new stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.,
which they will sell at the lowest prices.

Highest market prices paid for
Butter, Eggs, etc., etc.

Give us a Call!

At the store opposite the "City Mills,"
P. PRINS & CO.
HOLLAND, March 28 1883. 8-1y

H. BOONE,
Livery, Board and Sale Stable.

The oldest established Stable in the city.

On Market Street, near Eighth.

I have the newest and best HEARSE in this city, with the finest horses and carriages for funeral purposes, which I will furnish

as cheap, if not cheaper

than any party in this city.

H. BOONE.
HOLLAND, July 28th, 1883. 25-1f

Rheumatic SYRUP.

The Greatest Blood Purifier Known!

RHEUMATISM CURED.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Apr. 6th, '83

Rheumatic Syrup Co.:

GENTS—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism for six years, and hearing of the success of Rheumatic Syrup I concluded to give it a trial in my own case, and I cheerfully say that I have been greatly benefited by its use. I can walk with entire freedom from pain, and my general health is very much improved. It is a splendid remedy for the blood and debilitated system.

E. CHESTER PARK, M. D.

SCROFULA CURED.

PORT BYRON, N. Y., Feb. 20, '82.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.:

I had been doctoring for three or four years, with different physicians, for scrofula, as some called it, but found no relief until I commenced taking your Syrup. After taking it a short time, to my surprise, it began to help me. Continuing its use a few weeks, I found myself as well as ever. As a blood purifier, I think it has no equal.

MRS. WILLIAM STRANG.

NEURALGIA CURED.

FAIRPORT, N. Y., March 12, '83.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.:

GENTS—Since November, 1882, I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and have not known what it was to be free from pain until I commenced the use of Rheumatic Syrup. I have felt no pain since using the fourth bottle. I think it the best remedy I have ever heard of for purifying the blood and for the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia.

W. B. CHASE.

Manufactured by RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., 1 Plymouth Ave., Rochester, N. Y.

IN THE NEW GROCERY AND DRY GOODS STORE OF C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics.

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.

HOLLAND, Oct. 12th, 1883. 26-1y

JAS. HUNTLEY, BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing
done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash
Doors, Blinds, Mouldings
Brackets, etc. made and
furnished.

Office and shop on River Street,
near the corner of Tenth Street,

JAS. HUNTLEY.

HOLLAND, May 27, 1883. 17-1f.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

was the first preparation perfectly adapted to cure diseases of the scalp, and the first successful restorer of faded or gray hair to its natural color, growth, and youthful beauty. It has had many imitators, but none have so fully met all the requirements needed for the proper treatment of the hair and scalp. HALL'S HAIR RENEWER has steadily grown in favor, and spread its fame and usefulness to every quarter of the globe. Its unparalleled success can be attributed to but one cause: the entire fulfillment of its promises.

The proprietors have often been surprised at the receipt of orders from remote countries, where they had never made an effort for its introduction. The use for a short time of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER wonderfully improves the personal appearance. It cleanses the scalp from all impurities, cures all humors, fever, and dryness, and thus prevents baldness. It stimulates the weakened glands, and enables them to push forward a new and vigorous growth. The effects of this article are not transient, like those of alcoholic preparations, but remain a long time, which makes its use a matter of economy.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FOR THE

WHISKERS.

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without trouble.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

FOR ALL THE FORMS

OF

Scrofulous, Mercurial, and
Blood Disorders,

the best remedy, because the
most searching and thorough
blood-purifier, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all Druggists; \$1, six bottles, \$6.

GOLD

for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

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CLOSE OUT MY ENTIRE STOCK.

I have added a large line of new and seasonable goods, such as
**Clothing, Overcoats, Dry Goods,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Etc.**

I have a large and very elegant stock of
LADIES' AND GENTS' HOSIERY,
which I will dispose of at bottom figures.

UNDERWEAR. UNDERWEAR.

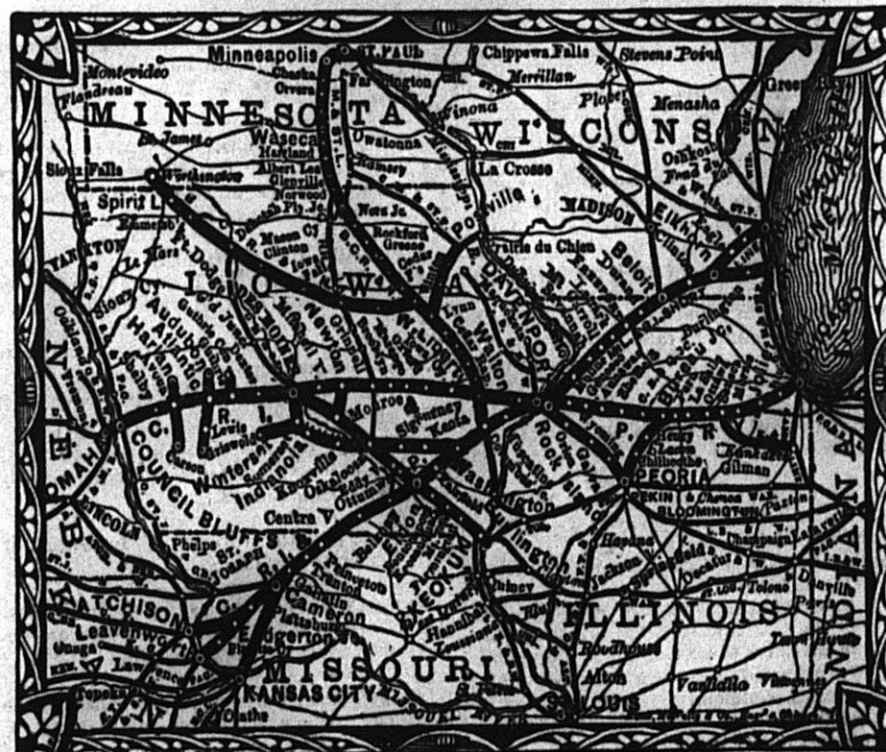
I have everything in the line of Underwear that any person could desire, and I will sell at remarkable low figures.

Give me a call, learn prices, and inspect my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

E. J. HARRINGTON,
HOLLAND, MICH.

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SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'y,

Being the Great Central Line, affords to travelers, by reason of its unrivaled geographical position, the shortest and best route between the East, Northeast and Southeast, and the West, Northwest and Southwest.

It is literally and strictly true, that its connections are all of the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific.

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"GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,"

As it is familiarly called, offers to travelers all the advantages and comforts incident to a smooth track, safe bridges, Union Depots at all connecting points. Fast Express Trains, composed of COMMODIOUS, WELL VENTILATED, WELL HEATED, FINELY UPHOLSTERED and ELEGANT DAY COACHES; a line of the MOST MAGNIFICENT HORTON RECLINING CHAIR CARS ever built; PULLMAN'S latest designed and handsomest PALACE SLEEPING CARS, and DINING CARS that are acknowledged by press and people to be the FINEST RUN UPON ANY ROAD IN THE COUNTRY, and in which superior meals are served to travelers at the low rate of SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.

THREE TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and the MISSOURI RIVER. TWO TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL, via the famous

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A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened, between Newport News, Richmond, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and La Fayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Paul, Minneapolis and intermediate points.

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R. R. CABLE,
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CHICAGO.

PETER STEKETEE & CO.,

dealers in

**DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
NOTIONS and
CROCKERY.**

As we have just started in business in this city, we have on hand

NEW FRESH GOODS

of the best quality, and we will sell them at current market prices.

Our stock of

Crockery

is complete and we sell at bottom figures

BUTTER and EGGS.

We will pay market prices for Butter and Eggs; also will buy Grain, Potatoes, Seeds, etc., etc.

PETER STEKETEE & CO.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 19, 1883.

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**TORPID BOWELS,
DISORDERED LIVER,
and MALARIA.**

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels constive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

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GRAY HAIR on WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

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