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### Holland City News, Volume 20, Number 42: November 14, 1891

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XX.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1891.

NO. 42.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

L. Mulder - Publisher.

Rates of advertising made known on application.

"GRONDWET and News" Steam Printing House, River Street, Holland, Mich.

## A HOME.

I have some of the finest lots in the city on my list, and will sell them at a great bargain.

## ON SMALL AND EASY PAYMENTS.

With the new steamboat line to Milwaukee and the opening of the C. L. King factory a real estate investment will make money.

If you want a Lot, or a Home, call on me and see what I can offer.

Walter C. Walsh.

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891.

IF YOU WILL WRITE TO

**J. H. BACHELER, M. D.,**  
CANCER SPECIALIST, 28 MONROE ST.,  
Grand Rapids, Michigan.

HE will send you free a Circular, that carefully and fully describes the symptoms of all forms of cancer. The circular also gives the names and post office address of more than 100 persons who have cured of cancer by his plaster treatment. Office-hours: 10 to 12; 2 to 4 p. m.—Telephone No. 1008. 9-17

**J. G. Huizinga, M. D.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat.

Office in Meyer & Son's building, one door north of the music store. River street. Office hours—11 to 12 a. m., 1:30 to 4 p. m., and evenings. Can also be found at his office during the night. Holland, Mich., April 28, 1891. 23 17

## Newspapers and Periodicals

Can be obtained at reduced rates of the local agent in this city. Leave your orders for any publication in the U. S. or Canada at the Post Office, with

C. De Keyzer,

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891. 15f

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### Attorneys and Justices.

**DIKEMA, G. J.,** Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

**FAIRBANKS, I.,** Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

**POST, J. C.,** Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

**CITY BAKERY,** John Pessink Proprietor, Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

### Banks.

**FIRST STATE BANK,** with Savings Department, Capital, \$35,000. I. Cappon, President; I. Marselle, Cashier. Eighth street.

### Barbers.

**BAUMGARTEL, W.,** Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

### Commission Merchant.

**BEACH, W. H.,** Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

### Drugs and Medicines.

**CENTRAL DRUG STORE,** H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

**DOESBURG, J. O.,** Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

**SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D.,** proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

**WALSH, HEBER,** Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

**YATES & KANE,** druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

### Dry Goods and Groceries.

**BERTSCH, D.,** dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

**BOOT & KRAMER,** dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

**GRANDALL, S. B.,** dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

**DE JONGH, C.,** dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

**DE VRIES, D.,** dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

**STEKETE, BASTIAN,** general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Groceries in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

**VAN DER HAAR, H.,** general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

**VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS,** General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Croceteries, Hats and

**WISE, J.,** dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite City Hall.

### Furniture.

**BROUWER, JAS. A.,** Dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer & Co's old stand, River St.

### Hardware.

**KANTERS BROS.,** dealers in general hardware, Steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52 Eighth street.

**VANDER VEEN, E.,** dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheet iron ware, Corner River and Eighth streets.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

**FLEEMAN, J.,** Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

**HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self,** Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

**HUNTLEY, A.,** Practical Machinist Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near Arch.

**HUNTLEY, JAS.,** Architect, Builder and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

**KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kley,** Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street.

**PHOENIX PLANING MILL, Scott & Schuurman,** Proprietors, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and brick. River street.

### Merchant Tailors.

**RUSSE BROS.,** Merchant Tailors.

### Meat Markets.

**DEBRAKER & DE KOSTER,** dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, River street.

### Physicians.

**HUIZINGA, J. G., M. D.,** Physician and Surgeon. Office, cor. of River and Eighth Sts. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., and 7 to 9 p. m. Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat a specialty.

**KREMERS, H.,** Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, corner of Market. Office at the drug store of H. Kremers. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

**MABBS, J. A.,** Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's drug store. Residence, corner of Eighth and Fish streets. In the house formerly occupied by L. Sprytema. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., and 5 to 6 p. m.

### Saloons.

**BROWN, P.,** dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

### Watches and Jewelry.

**BREYMAN, OTTO,** Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

**STEVENSON, C. A.,** successor to H. Wykhuysen, Jeweler and Optician, Eighth street opposite Walsh's drug store.

### Miscellaneous.

**WOLTMAN, A.,** Manufacturer of Fine Havana Cigars, and dealer in Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, etc.

**KEPPEL, T.,** dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, and all kinds of painted plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar street.

## SOCIETIES.

**F. & A. M.**  
Regular Communications of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening, Jan. 21, Feb. 18, March 25, April 22, May 20, June 17, July 15, August 19, Sept. 16, Oct. 14, Nov. 11, Dec. 9. St. John's days June 24 and December 27. O. BREYMAN, W. M.  
D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

**K. O. T. M.**  
Crescent Tent, No. 68, meets in K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 p. m., on Monday night next. All our Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application.  
JOHN J. CAPPON, Commander.  
OLEF F. HANSON, R. E.

### Twice A Week.

G. J. Pessink, of the Holland City Laundry, gives notice to his patrons that from and after this date all laundry left at his place will be turned out twice a week. Laundry handed in on Monday and on Tuesday before 9:00 o'clock a. m., will be done by Thursday evening. Whatever is brought in after that, can be called for Saturday evening.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 12, '91. 42-21

Spectacles without number, for old and young, at  
BREYMAN & SON.

### Top Buggy.

For Sale, cheap. It is in good order. Inquire of  
H. WYKHUYZEN.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 2, 1891. 6w.

The largest assortment of silver knives and forks, ever displayed in Holland, can be found at  
BREYMAN & SON.

Barler's Oil Heaters are neatly finished and perfectly odorless. For sale at  
KANTERS BROS.

### Have You

Seen the display of imported silverware in the window of L. P. Husen's Jewelry store, River street? The goods were imported direct from Germany, by Mr. Husen, and are a novelty and very beautiful.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 5, 1891.

Rope silk, Roman floss, wash linen, wash cruel, at Mrs. Best's, Ninth St.

Stamped linens at cost. Call at Mrs. Best's Ninth street. 39-21

All the novelties in fancy work at Mrs. Best's, Ninth street. 39-21

### A Five Dollar Cloak

Can now be had at Bertsch's. These cloaks have been marked way down, and used to bring double that price. Call in and convince yourselves.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 12, 1891. 1w.

## CITY AND VICINITY.

The Pope is seriously ill.

Tax receipts supplied to township treasurers, at the News office.

Fisk Famous Tennessee Jubilee Singers—at Lyceum Opera House, Monday evening, Nov. 16.

It cost the city of Detroit about \$1.00 for every vote cast at the late election, Grand Rapids 30 cents, and Holland about 31 cents.

Somehow or other the rainstorm has kept everybody from doing and saying anything, and hence there is an uncomfortable dearth of local news for ye NEWS man, this week.

Married, Wednesday evening, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Genshaw, on Twelfth street, by Rev. H. E. Bargelt, Tobias Ellenger, of Petosky, Mich., and Miss Amelia E. Genshaw.

Charles Watson, an employee at the West Michigan Furniture factory, had the misfortune of losing a part of his right thumb, Thursday, while operating one of the machines. Dr. Wetmore attended the patient.

The last issue of the *Courier-Journal* contains the October proceedings of the board of supervisors. We are sorry to say that it is one of the most unsatisfactory specimens of official printing, lately saddled upon the county.

Money can be saved by getting your papers and magazines of asst. postmaster De Keyzer, who can furnish at best rates all the leading periodicals of America and Europe. It will save you trouble, risk and expense of ordering yourself.

The records of the government show that the stages of high and low water in Lake Michigan have been taking place ever since 1859, and that the water reaches the extremes of high and low stage during periods of from three to five years. The lake level was even lower in 1873 than it is at present.

Our city is being canvassed by Mr. J. Hessing, of the firm of Oswalt Bro's, Manistee, Mich., with a view of publishing an illustrated "Souvenir" of the place. It will contain at least forty pages, and twenty engravings of different views in and about Holland. Mr. Hessing is meeting with good success, and expects to complete his canvass next week.

When the citizens of Bay City awoke on Monday morning they found a gang of men of the C. S. & M. railway laying a track through one of their prominent streets. Great excitement prevailed and the residents of the neighborhood held a council of war, which resulted in a general onslaught being made all along the line. Within an hour the tracks had been torn up and the street cleared of the obstructions.

There is a story of a clergyman missing a train and expressing his feelings by an outburst of vigorously expressed sentiments. The clergyman, if he had known it, could have soothed his disappointment by repeating the names of the Netherlands line of steamers which sail regularly from New York, and are mentioned by travelers with much respect. They are the steamers Amsterdam, Didam, Edam, Maasdam, Rotterdam, Schiedam, Werkendam, Zaandam and Dubbeldam!

Said Col. Ludlow in a recent interview: "I am just now particularly interested in securing an appropriation for developing the harbor at Saugatuck. That place during the fruit season, is a very important port, and the boats engaged in the trade are greatly hampered by the bar at the mouth of the Kalamazoo river. I think that less than \$10,000 would transform it into a good harbor. Senator Stockbridge has promised his assistance in securing the appropriation."

The funeral services of the late Stephen L. Lowing were held Saturday, and were very largely attended. The remains were viewed by friends at the residence in Allendale township. At 10 o'clock the procession formed and they were borne to the Bosworth school house in Georgetown, where the public services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Wilcox, assisted by a quartet of singers. The services were beautiful and impressive, and the house was crowded. The interment took place in the family burying ground near Hudsonville. The remains were followed to the grave by a long procession of friends and relatives. Hon. George A. Farr, Judge Soule, William N. Angel and James Murray of Grand Haven were among the pall bearers. They took with them a beautiful floral piece, a tribute from Mr. Lowing's former legal associates there.—G. R. Democrat.

Wheat 93 cents.

Do not fail to hear the lecture Tuesday evening, at Lyceum Opera House.

The new C. & W. M. freight house at Grand Rapids will be open for service December 1.

Ald. Ter Vree, Breyman and Haberman of this city, attended the county canvass at Grand Haven, Tuesday.

At the late election for congressman in this county not a democratic vote was cast in Allendale township and not a republican vote in Chester.

The work train on the C. & W. M. is dumping refuse from the Waverly stone quarries in the bridge across Kalamazoo river at New Richmond.

The last Goodrich steamer of the season left Grand Haven for Chicago, Thursday. This closes the passenger traffic between Muskegon, Grand Haven and Chicago.

W. C. Walsh has some houses to rent. This will be welcome news to the many inquirers. Any one desiring to purchase an eligible building site will also do well to interview him, before investing.

The state board of health has arranged with the authorities in New York, that they will hereafter be notified of the destination in Michigan of all emigrants arriving at New York, who disembark from infected vessels or come from infected localities.

Earnest Bursley of this city has been arrested for the stealing of some carpenter's tools, the property of John Quartel. The act is alleged to have taken place last summer, while the house of A. Steketee was in process of building. The trial has been set for next week.

Canvassers will soon call upon the citizens of western Ottawa county and extend to them the special privilege of subscribing for the Ottawa County Business, Historical, Statistical and Biographical Compendium. Every family in Ottawa county should and must have the work.

The official canvass of votes for congressmen in this district, made in the several counties Tuesday, gives Mr. Belknap the following pluralities:

Allegan.	341
Benja.	338
Kent.	756
Ottawa.	167
Total.	1,522

Sunday evening a union service will be held in the First Reformed church, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. Prof. Putnam, of Kalamazoo College, will be present and deliver the address. The music of the evening will be conducted by Prof. J. B. Nykerk. Every one is cordially invited.

The Western Social Conference, an association of clergymen of the Reformed Church in Western Michigan, will hold their next regular meeting in Hope church, Tuesday of next week. The ladies of that congregation will set out a "spread" on the occasion, in the chapel of the church.

Married, Wednesday evening, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Baas, on the north side of Black Lake, by Rev. H. E. Dosker. Aldert Dickema and Miss Ida Baas. Aldert has just built him a new house on his eighty-acre farm, on the Macatawa boulevard, and there's where himself and wife intend to make life mutually happy.

We desire once more to urge upon our citizens the propriety of sustaining the efforts made by Prof. J. B. Nykerk and Will Breyman to furnish us this winter a first class lecture course. None but men of pronounced standing and ability will be brought here, and it will require the general support of the community to enable them to make both ends meet.

Friday the citizens of Holland were astonished to learn that the unwritten chronicles of their town had been enriched by a genuine case of elopement, the day before. The parties involved are David Coppock, a butcher, that came to this city a few years ago, and Mrs. A. Verhulst, a married woman, residing on Tenth street. The former deserts a wife and three children, the youngest but four weeks old, while the latter leaves a husband and two children, she taking the smallest one with her. All that is known of their whereabouts is that they boarded the fast train south. The heartless mother had sent the two oldest children to her husband's brother in the morning, and left a note upon the table, under a comb, "Gone, good bye, perhaps forever, with Mr. Coppock." The latter also was considerate enough to relieve his partner, Will Meengs, of much labor in the line of collecting outstanding accounts due the firm.

Do not overlook the \$5 cloak notice of D. Bertsch.

Our boot and shoe dealers especially enjoyed the late rainstorm.

Dr. J. G. Huizinga on Tuesday successfully removed a cataract from the right eye of Peter Koning.

The Detroit Times wants an agent in this place. Full particulars can be obtained by dropping them a postal card.

Township treasurers desiring tax receipts can be supplied at the News office on short notice, and at reasonable rates.

Died at Allegan, Tuesday, Harlan P. Dunney. He was a member of Gen. Pritchard's regiment and present at the capture of Jeff. Davis.

There is some kicking among the residents of the Fourth Ward, about the locating of a saloon in that part of the city, in the immediate vicinity of the ward school.

General Manager Charles M. Heald, of the C. & W. M. has been seriously ill with brain fever, the result of overwork and anxiety. It will be some time before he shall be able to resume his duties.

The secretary of the South Ottawa and West Allegan Agricultural Society requests us to give notice that all premiums awarded at the late fair, and not called for by the 1st of December, will be considered as a donation to the society.

We have enjoyed a continuous rain from Friday evening last to Thursday morning. No complaint. Everybody is happy. Especially those farmers who for the past two weeks have been compelled to haul the water for the use of their families and their cattle, some of them for a distance of several miles.

The recent drought caused the forest fires north of Black Lake to spread over a large extent of territory, and much damage has been done to the few remaining wooded tracts in that locality. The Cornford woods so-called, and the timbered tract of Hope College at Point Superior especially have been seriously damaged.

The sale of reserved seats for the great electionist, Prof. Cunnock, will open at 9 o'clock a. m., Nov. 16th. Seats can be reserved at Breyman's store at 50 cents each. The general admission will be 35 cents. Remember that Messrs. Breyman and Nykerk are getting up the course. They are responsible parties, and guarantee satisfaction.

Wm. Zwemer, residing on the old De Bruyn place, Tenth street, has picked an apple off one of his russet trees which, judging from the outside, is three-fourths russet and one-fourth greening. The lines on the surface of the apple are clearly drawn. And what appears strangest of all, there is no tree of the greening or of any other kind in the immediate vicinity.

The Standard Roller Mills, whose familiar hum has been heard steadily, night and day, since the new crop began to move freely, was shut down for two days last week for the purpose of connecting with the driving shafts some new rolls and other machinery that are being added to the equipment. This mill is exceeding all its previous records in the amount of product turned out during the current year. Among other sales this week was a large one for export to Liverpool, England.

The United Brethren church of Allegan has a complicated case in court. A majority of the church altered the constitution and creed so as to admit members of secret societies to the church, whereupon the minority withdrew. The anti-secrets predominate in this state, while in the country at large the others are in the majority. The case in the Allegan circuit is to decide which wing of the Allegan church owns the church property. If our memory serves us right Judge Arnold has had occasion to pass upon a similar case before this.

The engineer of the northbound C. & W. M. train saw a man on the track near the Grandville depot, Monday forenoon. He reversed the lever and sounded the whistle, but the man paid no attention to the warning. A moment later he was struck by the locomotive and his body thrown to the side of the track with great force. His skull was laid open and his brains and blood were upon the front of the engine. Death was instantaneous, and he probably never knew what struck him. The body was carried to the depot and identified as Ralph Lochere, aged 29, an employee at the plaster mill. He was not married and his relatives are not known. The man had been seen drinking in the morning.

Repair work on the piers at the harbor was suspended Wednesday.

The rainstorm has interfered some with the progress of the new bank block.

Michigan's potato crop this year averages eighty-four bushels to the acre.

Mrs. Gen. John A. Logan is mentioned as the next Commissioner of Pensions.

The HOLLAND CITY NEWS gratis from now till Dec. 31, to every new subscriber.

Revs. H. E. Dosker and N. M. Steffens exchanged pulpits in this city, last Sunday.

The Holland City Laundry will turn out goods twice a week hereafter. See special notice.

The auction sale at J. H. Boone's, Thursday, was largely attended, with sales quite satisfactory.

The regular winter schedule of passenger trains on the C. & W. M. will go into effect next Sunday.

Eagle Hose Comp. No. 1 is arranging for a hop, to be given Thanksgiving evening, in Lyceum Opera House.

Efforts are being made to christen one of the new U. S. cruisers that is being built at Philadelphia, "Grand Rapids."

Married in this city, Tuesday, by Rev. E. Van der Vries, Peter Verschure of Holland and Miss Alice Plaggenmans of Fillmore.

Married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Beeuwkes, Thirteenth street, by Rev. E. Bos, Jacob Molenaar of Grand Rapids and Miss Nellie Stroop, of this city.

Our cartoonist, the River street jeweler, is out in this week's issue with another engraving, illustrating the manner in which business is done at his stand.

Rev. Prof. Beardslee has been invited by the Second Ref. church of Roseland, Ill., of which Rev. G. J. Hekhuis is pastor, to preach the dedicatory sermon at the opening of their new church on Thursday evening of next week.

Henderson, the clothier, is not to be outdone by any of his competitors. Beside the slaughter in overcoats, and other inducements offered, he has an egg case that will be given away to his customers. For further particulars see new adv.

Weather prophets are prognosticating a severe winter on the strength of the hornets building their nests high up in the trees, this fall. When a colony of hornets build their nests on the lower limbs of a tree, it is said to be a sign of a mild winter.

Our citizens will have the opportunity of again listening to the Fisk Famous Jubilee Singers. They are billed for this city Monday evening, Nov. 16. These Tennessee singers are not to be excelled in the manner in which they render the old-timed plantation melodies.

The State Horticultural Society will hold its annual meeting at Eaton Rapids, Dec. 1, 2 and 3. Free entertainment will be provided for all who attend. Papers upon various horticultural topics will be presented by leading men throughout the state and nation. Members of the state and national World's Fair Commissioners will also attend. For full program or other information, address Edwy C. Reid, Secretary, Allegan, Mich.

Any one contemplating a trip across the Atlantic, and who should feel any preference, in the line of nationality, as to the route or steamboat company to take, can be accommodated at the steamboat agency of Messrs. Mulder & Verwey, GRONDWET-NEWS building. Four different ocean lines are represented by this firm. Any one desiring to make a trip at this season of the year will do well to consult them. See their adv. elsewhere.

Friday evening, Nov. 20, an elocutionary recital will be given at the M. E. church, by Miss Bessie George. Admission—adults, 15 cents; children, 10 cents. The following program will be rendered:

Music.  
The Rising of 1776.  
The Jesters.  
Music.  
Sister and I.  
Persimmons and the Baby.  
The Pilot's Story.  
Music.  
Nightingale Little Girl in the Hotel.  
Searching for the Blain.  
Music.  
How Ruby Played.  
Music.

### Carpenters' Meeting.

The carpenters of this city will meet at Harrington's hall, on Thursday evening, November 19, at 7:30 p. m. BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 13, 1891.



HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

L. MULDER, Publisher.  
Holland, Mich.

Every new subscriber to the HOLLAND CITY NEWS will receive the paper from now until January 1, 1893, for \$1.00, paid in advance.

Annual Revival of the Grand River Dredging Scheme.

Saturday last the Grand Rapids board of trade made its annual inspection tour of Grand River. Among the invited guests accompanying the party were Senator Stockbridge, Col. Ludlow, U. S. A., and the congressman-elect of the Grand Rapids district, while Senator McMillan of Detroit sent his regrets. An account of the trip is found in the daily press of that city, of which we make copious extracts. The first ten miles of the river trip, from Grand Rapids to Grandville, (the scene of the government's late dredging operations,) were prudentially omitted, and the C. & W. M. was substituted for the river bed. At Grandville the party boarded the steamer Barrett, which had started three days before in order to reach here in time.

The correspondent of the G. R. Democrat gives the following incidents of the trip:

It was about 10 o'clock when all on board were startled by an unusual commotion. Capt. Muir gave the signal to stop the engine and in a startled tone informed all aboard that the Barrett was aground. And such proved to be the case. In a few moments the lower deck swarmed with men anxious to render assistance in getting the boat off the bar on which she rested, while the upper deck was filled with those apparently less anxious than those below, but who were lavish in their suggestions as to the best method of relief. The boat was hard and fast aground and the chances seemed decidedly bright that the trip would end then and there. However, some bright mind suggested that "somebody" go ashore with a line and make it fast to some stationary object, with the idea that those aboard place the other end of it around the capstan and thus pull the boat along. The rope was made fast to a tree on shore, willing hands worked the capstan, and in about an hour from the time the Barrett grounded her passengers had the satisfaction of seeing her floated over the bar (Boynton's it was called) and proceed on her way.

The pretty little town of Lamont soon loomed up on the right bank and the passengers were contemplating its beauty when again there was that terrible crunching sound that plainly indicated to all on board that the Barrett was aground. The captain was dumbfounded. He said that he had always taken this same course, and never before had he had any difficulty on this spot. Again the wheels revolved and the engine snorted, but the Barrett appeared to be tired and refused to budge an inch. There was no help for it; "Tom," the pilot, had to go ashore again with a line. He made it fast to a snag and the men on the boat worked the capstan, but it only had the effect of causing the boat to swing to and fro, and the passengers to groan over the delay. A larger rope was sent out by the faithful "Tom" and attached to a tree high on the bank. This proved to be the proper move, and after nearly every man on board was physically tired of working the capstan or the pike poles, or mentally weary of offering suggestions to the workers, the Barrett moved off the bar. And then a new danger appeared. A snag was drawn up from the bottom and lodged in one of the wheels of the steamer. Axes, saws and suggestions for its removal were forthcoming, but still it stuck. Finally some person suggested that the boat "back up." Happy thought! The Barrett backed and the snag was left in front. The Barrett steamed ahead and the snag was left behind.

It was now about 1:30 p. m., and to the weary travelers the voice announcing that dinner was ready, was the sweetest music. All filed into the cabin of the boat and were assigned seats. And such a "spread!" Nothing was lacking, and when it is taken into consideration that the party "held down" the chairs surrounding the table for almost three hours, it goes without saying that ample justice was done the good things served.

While the eatables were disappearing the Barrett passed Lamont and was greeted with a salute from a cannon, fired by a small but enthusiastic

crowd on the shore. The steamer answered with several blasts of the whistle. It might incidentally be mentioned that during this same period the Barrett found lodgment on two different sandbars, but managed to get off without the assistance of her passengers, although at the second bar "Tom" was compelled to repeat his act of going ashore with the rope, the other end being wound about the shaft on the steamer, and steam power being resorted to to forge the boat ahead. The water was so shallow that "Tom's" boat got stuck fast in the mud, and while waiting for him to extricate himself, the Barrett was turned completely around in the stream and headed back for Grand Rapids. However, the worthy pilot managed to get aboard again, the boat was turned and again the trip for Grand Haven was resumed, with darkness setting down fast. The morning had been a beautiful one, but toward noon a light rain commenced falling, the clouds took on a sombre hue and there were gloomy forebodings aboard the Barrett that the trip would not be made in safety.

When the last course had been served and the cigars passed ex-Lieut.-Gov. Crosby offered a resolution tendering a vote of thanks to Senator Stockbridge and Colonel Ludlow for their presence on the trip. It was adopted unanimously, and the senator then took it upon himself to say that he heartily favored the idea of improving Grand river and pledged himself to assist congressmen-elect Belknap to secure an appropriation for the purpose. "Let it once get into the senate," said the senator, "and I will see that it is not cut down a cent either. I can handle it a great deal easier in the senate than my friend Belknap can in the House. However, I think I can help him there, and I assure you that if I can I will."

Mr. Belknap then said that while he should work for the interests of his district in general, he would work for Grand Rapids, the Grand river and Grand Haven in particular. He said that when he was last in Congress he was greatly hampered by political obligations and consequently had not had the opportunity he desired to work for the improvement of the river. "However," said he, "all the postoffices are disposed of now; I am practically free from political obligations, and I pledge you my word that I shall devote nearly my entire time to securing substantial recognition from the government for this river." He added that he had been opposed in Holland City because he did not approve of the canal idea, which was the hobby of the Hollandites. "I certainly cannot favor a canal when nature has provided a channel," said he in conclusion.

John S. Lawrence, late democratic nominee for Congress, was then called upon and said that during the past few weeks he had "primed" himself with facts and figures to show why the Grand river should be made navigable and had been elected he would have given his entire attention to the matter.

This concluded the speech making and the excursionists went out on the deck again to note the progress of the boat. The rain was coming down pretty hard about this time and gradually the party returned to the cabin, where the table was cleared and card games were the order. An accomplished player on the harp rendered some very nice selections and the Barrett continued to glide upon and off sand bars with fearful regularity.

It had been expected that the Barrett would meet a boat from Grand Haven with a delegation on board, but the boats failed to connect and it was 7:30 p. m. when the Barrett landed at the dock in Grand Haven, the visitors being met by a large delegation of citizens, headed by ex-Senator T. W. Ferry and Capt. Kirby. It was then learned that the members of the Grand Haven common council, with the exception of Mayor Cutler, who was ill, and several prominent citizens, including the gentlemen mentioned and Collector McBride, had gone up the river at 2 o'clock in the afternoon in Capt. Kirby's little steamer Joe. They reached Battle Point at 3 o'clock and remained there until 5 p. m., blowing their whistle until it was hoarse. They then concluded that the Barrett had been beached and the trip abandoned, so they returned home. However, they were anxious to do all they could to make the visit as pleasant as possible under the circumstances, and they insisted upon an adjournment to the Cutler house, where an elegant repast was served, after which a little time was spent in an exchange of greetings in the hotel corridors, when the visitors were escorted to the C. & W. M. depot, where they boarded a special train for home. De-

spite the many drawbacks, the local delegation voted the trip a big success and all are enthusiastic over the prospects for having the river improved.

Col. Ludlow will make no report to the government of Saturday's trip, being simply an invited guest of the Board of Trade committee. He expressed himself as well pleased with the prospect of the government now recognizing the importance of the Grand river, and thought that after an appropriation had been secured for the purpose, but little difficulty would be experienced in making it navigable. The colonel, while rather guarded in expressing opinions, intimated that the most feasible plan would be to make the river narrower in many places, thus securing a greater volume of water at points where it is the shallowest now.

He did not appear to think that much dredging would be required if this plan was adopted. He did not favor the Holland canal scheme. Col. Ludlow took leave of the party at Grand Haven, where he boarded his steamer for St. Joseph, where the harbor is sadly in need of improvement, owing to the recent storms on Lake Michigan. He said that the north pier in St. Joseph harbor had not been repaired for seventeen years, and that it should have been extended out into the lake long ago. A bar has now formed at the entrance of the harbor, there being but about six feet of water over it, where there should be from fourteen to sixteen feet. He did not think anything could be done now owing to the lateness of the season, but he proposed to look it over and afford temporary relief, if possible.

At the table on the Barrett Col. Briggs said he would like to hear Col. Ludlow's latest plan for improving the river, as he understood that Mr. Ludlow's last plan was to "jack up" the river at the mouth and thus force the water up the river. The colonel said that if he had ever offered such a suggestion, he desired to change it now, as he thought the best plan would be to turn the river up sideways.

South or West?

Many who live in the interior towns and villages have the notion that to buy railroad tickets to far distant points, it is necessary to go to the larger cities. Others, that by some chance or design they may, by going off from home somewhere and first paying local fare to this somewhere or other, they will be able to save something in the price. Now in all other business matters you will rather deal with those at home and with whom you have acquaintance and in whom you have confidence. Buying railroad tickets is business. The trip may be pleasure—full of pleasure—but the purchase is business. It is more than likely, therefore, if you will only try, that you can buy just as satisfactorily and certainly as economically at your nearest station. The agent may not have the particular ticket you want but if you will allow him a day or so he will get it, reading from your station through to where you are going. This is the method on the Chicago & West Michigan and also on the Detroit, Lansing & Northern. If it so happens that you who read this find it inconvenient to reach the agent, drop him a note of inquiry; or, write, stating your proposed trip, to

Yours very truly,  
GEO. DEHAVEN,  
General Passenger Agent,  
Grand Rapids.

The third edition of "Diseases of the Throat and Nose," by the great English Surgeon, Lennox Browne, is out. On pp. 557-8 he discusses the various methods of treating such diseases as catarrh, cold in the head, sore throat, asthma and bronchitis, and concludes by saying that he has used Cushman's Menthol Inhaler for several years in the hospitals under his charge; and that he has had better success with it than all other remedies. For these diseases he gives it his unqualified endorsement. A trial at the drug store will show you that it is neat, convenient and pleasant to use, and gives almost instant relief. It costs 50c and lasts a year. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. A free trial at H. Walsh's Drug Store. 4-4w

Believing that a trial of Cushman's Menthol Balm will convince you of the superiority of this ointment for the many uses of the household, the manufacturer is giving away a limited number of 5c boxes at H. Walsh's Drug Store. Get one now before they are all gone, and try it for cuts, bruises, burns, chapped hands, sores, ulcers, salt rheum or any skin disease.

Brusse & Co. keep the most stylish goods in the city in Neckwear and fine Furnishing Goods. 13-1f

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } SS.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA. }  
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Saturday, the Thirty-first day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one. Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John Lesman, deceased.  
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified by Mary Walcott (formerly Lesman), executrix of the will of said deceased, praying for the examination and allowance of her final account, that she may distribute said estate, be discharged from her trust, have her bond cancelled and said estate closed:  
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the First Day of December Next,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, at that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
A true copy, (Attest)  
CHAS. E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

THE BOOK TRUST KNOCKED OUT  
A Card To The Public.

Some six months ago we began the publication of our reprint of the famous Encyclopaedia Britannica in 25 Volumes, which we issued at \$1.50 per volume. The price of the English edition always has been and still is \$5.00 per volume, and the Scribner edition \$5.00 per volume in the cheapest binding.

That the public appreciate so great a bargain is shown by the fact that over half a million volumes of this reprint have been sold in less than six months. This elegant new edition we still offer at the same price, \$1.50 per volume. This is the greatest bargain ever known in books.

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We further announce that we have in preparation three volumes of "American Additions and Revisions," thoroughly supplementing the original work. With these supplemental volumes you will have at small cost an Encyclopaedia unapproachable in completeness; a thorough "digest of the libraries of the world," and a complete record of current progress and events.

SPECIAL OFFER.—We claim that our reprint compares favorably with the high priced editions in every respect, and in respect to maps, and strength and beauty of bindings is superior to them. In order that this claim may be tested by a personal inspection we make the following proposition: We will furnish volume I. at 60 cts.—a fraction of actual cost—if sent by express. Add 40 cts. postage if wanted by mail. Amount paid for Volume I. will be credited on price of set when ordered.

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37 3m

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A GRAND INVESTMENT  
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A Pamphlet of specimen pages, illustrations, testimonials, etc., sent free by the publishers.  
Caution is needed in purchasing a dictionary, as photographic reproductions of a comparatively worthless edition of Webster are being marketed under various names, often by misrepresentation.  
GET THE BEST.  
The International, which bears the imprint of  
G. & C. MERRIAM & CO.,  
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HARDWARE

Full Line!

The attention of the Public is specially invited to the line of Cook Stoves, manufactured by the OHIO VALLEY STOVE CO., and of which the

"PRIDE ECLIPSE"

is a leading favorite.

PAINTS.

The celebrated Paints of Heath & Milligan are kept on hand, in all shades and colors.

CREOLITE,

A new substance for floor painting. Dries bone-hard in one night, is free from tack, and durable.

J. B. VAN OORT.

Holland, Mich., April 17, 1891.

HELPER  
STOVES

A great variety of Stoves and Ranges are made under the name of "Helper." They have all the latest improvements, and are made of SUPERIOR IRON. Special attention is called to the fact that the Styles & Sizes of the Helper Stoves are made similar to those used by the Best Hotels, but arranged specially for family use, for coal or wood. Many styles and sizes of cast Cook Stoves and Ranges for all kinds of fuel. Also Burning Heaters for hard coal, etc. Ask your dealer for Helper Stoves, Ranges and Heaters, or write for free illustrated circular to  
CHICAGO & ERIE STOVE CO.,  
CHICAGO, ILL., or ERIE, PA.

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Trinidad Asphaltum and Mineral Fire-Proof Roofing Process.

A new Liquid for Roofs, old and new. Applied while hot.

All Work Guaranteed.  
Old Roofs Repaired.

The above Fire-proof Roofing Process is represented in Holland by

Frank G. Swift.

Leave orders at the Hardware Store of Kanters Bros.

Holland, Mich., July 30 '91. 27 1f

De Kraker & De Koster,  
Dealers in

FRESH, SALT, AND SMOKED  
MEATS.

Parties desiring  
Choice Steaks and Roasts  
Are especially invited to call.

Market on River Street  
DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.  
Holland, Mich., Aug. 8, 1890.

Drs. Starkey Palen's

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INHALATION.

1529 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment, that of Drs. Starkey & Palen, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnetized; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

It has been in use for more than twenty years; thousands of patients have been treated and one thousand physicians have used it, and recommended it, — a very significant fact.

The great success of our treatment has given rise to a host of imitations, unscrupulous persons, some calling their preparations compound oxygen, often appropriating our testimonials and the names of our patients, to recommend worthless concoctions. But any substance made elsewhere or by others and called Compound Oxygen, is spurious.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode, Action and Result," is the title of a new book of 200 pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all it quivers full information as to this remarkable curative agent, and a record of surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application.

Drs. Starkey & Palen.

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129 NUTTER ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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81 to 103 N. Clark Street,  
CHICAGO.

Only four minutes from the Court House; cable cars pass the door.  
New house with all Modern Improvements; newly finished. On American and European plans. Rooms \$3.00 weekly transients 50 cents and upward. Turkish Baths for ladies and gentlemen, 50 cents. Restaurant by Fred. Compagnon, chef, Chicago and Union League clubs. Table d'hôte served. 55¢ Cut this out for future use. 25 1y



ICE. MEAT.  
JA'S. MEEUWSEN'S

Refrigerator Meat Wagon.

Daily Rounds of the streets of the City of Holland, with the choicest meats of all kinds, same as in a butcher shop, neatly arranged in my new Refrigerator Meat Wagon, where they are kept nice and fresh.

LOOK OUT FOR THE WAGON!  
JA'S. MEEUWSEN'S  
Holland, Mich., June 4, 1891

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS. Made in 40 Colors that neither Smut, Wash Out Nor Fade. Sold by Druggists. Also Peerless Bronze Paints—6 colors. Peerless Laundry Bluing. Peerless Ink Powders—7 colors. Peerless Shoe & Harness Dressing. Peerless Egg Dyes—8 colors.

To Rent!

Inquire at the office of  
Scott & Schuurman,  
Phoenix + Planing + Mill.  
Holland, Mich., April 7th, 1891. 11f

H. Wykhuyzen

Jeweler,  
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Choice Assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches, and Clocks.

Jewelry! Jewelry!

Special attention is called to the Low Prices at which I offer my Goods to the Public.

Repairing

promptly and satisfactorily attended to at reasonable charges.

Store, next to De Krui's Drug Store.

H. WYKHUYSEN

Zeeland, Mich., March 16th, 1891. 8-1y

NEW ENTERPRISE

L. C. COTTS,

Manufacturer of

BROOMS & BRUSHES.

Constantly on hand a large assortment of hand-made brooms and brushes of different sizes, grades and prices. Orders by mail promptly filled.

Factory on Eleventh Street, east of King's Factory.

Holland, Mich., August 6, 1891.

Ask Your Local Dealer  
for Cotts' Brooms.

28 1y

The Old!

The Reliable!  
The Best.

AT

J. W. BOSMAN,

Eighth Street.

Merchant Tailor-  
ing, Ready Made  
Clothing, Gents  
Furnishing &  
Hats & Caps.

Call and see the splendid assortment, the latest styles, the best selections.

Holland, Mich., 22, '91.  
17 1f

NEW!

A New Meat Market

AT THE

Old Stand

Having disposed of my Business in the First Ward, I am now located on

River Street.

My Friends will find me at the Market recently vacated by Mr. J. Meuwesen,

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CHOICE MEATS.

Carefully selected and suited to each season of the year.

P. Kleis.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 3, 1891.

DR. PRICE'S  
Cream Baking  
Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE SLEEP OF DEATH.

AN ATTACK OF GRIEF PRODUCES UNBROKEN SLEEP.

Cotton Crop Report for November—Big Bunch at Philadelphia—Saved His Life by a Tail Hold—Cutting the Price of Oil—May Result in Lynching.

### HE SLEPT HIMSELF TO DEATH.

A Michigan Man Falls to Awake from a Six-Months' Nap.

Two young people, George A. Wyard, of Montague, Mich., and Miss May White, of Stockbridge, Mich., have been sleeping six and five months respectively. Wyard died recently. His prolonged slumber followed an obstinate case of the grip. For four months he never spoke a word or left his couch. About Aug. 1 he moved slightly and murmured a few incoherent words, but never fully regained consciousness. He suffered from a pain in the back of the head. At death he weighed less than fifty pounds, although when in health he weighed 170 pounds. Miss White has brief intervals of waking nearly every day, when she cheerfully predicts her recovery. Her sleep is so deep that a pin puncturing her arm produces no effect. Miss White's remarkable slumber followed a fall in Ypsilanti, Mich., where she was attending a business college. The injury led to an abscess in the left side and this was followed by spinal fever.

### GOT A TAIL HOLD.

Thereby Ed Jackson Saved Himself from the Consequence of a Bull's Fury.

Ed Jackson, a colored man in the employ of Farmer O. D. Dow, near Scranton, Pa., had a narrow escape from the horns of a vicious Durham bull. Jackson had been salting Farmer Dow's cattle in the field, and was about to start for the house when the bull made a lunge at him. The colored man jumped to one side just in time to let the bull pass him. Again the mad animal bounded toward him with lowered horns, and Jackson dodged, ran behind the bull and grabbed him by the tail. The bull whirled round and round in his endeavor to gore Jackson, bellowing so loud that the cattle took fright and went cantering to a distant part of the lot with a whirl of tails in the air. The bull yanked Jackson around at a high rate of speed, but his wind was good and he clung to the tail until the bull had become so completely cowed that he started on a run across the field. Then Jackson let go of the tail and took his time to get out of the lot.

### COTTON CROP REPORT.

Returns for November Not Favorable for a Large Yield.

The cotton returns of the Department of Agriculture for November are not favorable for a high rate of yield. The lateness of the crop, the extremes of temperature, the excess of rainfall followed by drought, causing enfeebled vitality and loss of foliage and fruit, have been unfavorable for a large crop. On the northern border of the belt killing frosts occurred early. West of the Mississippi there has been some improvement during the past month. The season has been very favorable for picking. Quality is almost everywhere reported high, and the fiber is of good color and unusually free from trash. The yield, as averaged from the county estimates, averages 179 pounds per acre. As killing frosts have not yet been general in the southern and western sections of the belt, it is possible, with favorable weather following, that current expectations may be slightly exceeded.

### \$250,000 IN ASHES.

Lippincott, Johnson & Co., of Philadelphia, Burned Out.

At Philadelphia fire was discovered in the large building occupied by Lippincott, Johnson & Co., dealers in woollens and clothing. The flames spread rapidly, and before the engines reached the scene the whole building was in flames from basement to roof. Lippincott, Johnson & Co. carried a full stock of goods, and the damage to the building and contents is roughly estimated at \$250,000. The origin of the fire is unknown, but the general supposition is that it originated from gas escaping from a leaky main in the street, or a service pipe in the store being ignited by coming in contact with the fire in the heat in the basement. Adjoining were the dry goods house of Williams, Yerkes & Co. and the hardware house of Graham, Emlen & Passmore. Their goods were considerably damaged by water.

### ANOTHER CUT IN OIL.

The Standard Company Makes a Further Reduction at St. Louis.

At St. Louis the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, the local representative of the Standard Oil company, made its thirty-fifth reduction in the price of oil since in 1888 it inaugurated a fight against the International Oil Company. Since the beginning of the fight the price of oil in St. Louis has been reduced 8½ cents a gallon. The International Oil Company announces it will meet this cut of the Standard Company's representatives and the fight will continue.

### There May Be a Lynching.

At Crothersville, Ind., in an unprovoked quarrel, Henry Murphy, a prominent young business man, was shot twice and probably fatally injured by Allen Bryant, a dissolute fellow. Bryant was hurried across the country in the darkness to jail, but the excitement is intense. Should Murphy die Bryant will probably be hanged by the indignant people.

### Frederick Mathushek Dead.

Frederick Mathushek, the inventor, whose piano improvements are in general use all over the world, died at his home in New York. Although his inventions would have made him enormously rich had he patented them, he gave them to the world, and died a comparatively poor man. He was born in the palace at Mannheim, Germany, in 1814, and early developed great mechanical genius.

### Preferred Death to the Poor House.

Victor Lindholm, a drunken Omaha tailor, committed suicide by hanging while a friend was trying to secure his entrance to the poor house.

### Has Dismissed the Case.

The Court of Claims has dismissed the suits of the States of Indiana, Ohio, and Illinois against the United States to recover the 3 per cent. fund retained from the sale of the Cumberland Gap Road.

### New Consul in Venezuela.

The President has appointed Peter Staudelle United States Consul at Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela.

## DICTATOR IN BRAZIL.

Martial Law Proclaimed in the Republic by Congress.

The Brazilian congress has resolved that martial law be proclaimed and the dictatorship re-established. It is but two years ago that Brazil experienced the greatest of all its political revolutions, when, on the 15th of November, 1889, the monarchy of Dom Pedro gave way to the republic over which



DEODORO DA FONSECA.

General da Fonseca was subsequently made president. The emperor, who had reigned since 1831, and the empress were then placed on board a steamer in the harbor of Rio Janeiro and sent off to foreign lands to pass the remainder of their days. There have been frequent disturbances since the establishment of the republic, but none of them has attained to the full dignity of a rebellion.

### CUT HER BODY IN PIECES.

St. Louis Insane Asylum Authorities Charged with a Horrible Crime.

A pathetic story of the career of an insane girl and an attempt of the local health authorities to dispose of her dissected body by burying it in the potter's field without the knowledge of her mother, who is a wealthy resident of St. Louis County, has come to light in St. Louis. The girl was Miss Maggie Long. She was made insane by overstudy and committed to the city asylum. She was taken with consumption and it soon became only a question of time before death would relieve the sufferer. The mother arranged with the asylum authorities that when the end of her daughter approached she should at once be summoned. The girl died, but no notice was given to any of her family. The next day a post mortem was held, and after the body had almost been cut to pieces, City Undertaker Sheehan was notified to bury it in the potter's field. The last rites were to have been performed, but an hour before the time of the burial Mrs. Long called at the asylum to see her daughter. She was at first refused admittance, but when she insisted upon seeing her daughter she was ushered into the room of the dead. A scene followed which will never be forgotten by the attaches present. The remains were finally interred in St. Louis Cemetery.

### THE CHINESE INSURGENTS WIN.

Tehhuas Capitulate to an Attack of 3,000 Rebels.

The steamer City of Rio Janeiro brings particulars of a serious riot in the province of Fukien, China. The scene of the trouble is Tehhuas, which was attacked by 3,000 insurgents. One unfortunate fell into the hands of the insurgents, who nailed his hands and feet to a board and cut him up piecemeal. The city held out for three days. The insurgents seized a favorable moment to send a large force under cover of their own fire to storm the defenses. The walls were low and were easily scaled. A bloody struggle ensued, resulting in favor of the attacking party. Their leader, Ghen, was the first to leap over, and rushing straight to the jail he first liberated the prisoners and then searched for the Magistrate and his family. The Deputy Magistrate was last seen fighting hand-to-hand against overwhelming foes, disputing every inch of ground. At last accounts 1,000 imperial troops were on the march against the rebels.

### NOW PRESIDENT OF CHILI.

Admiral Jorge Montt's Election Ratified by the Liberals.

The Liberal electors of Chili have chosen Admiral Jorge Montt for President of the Republic, ratifying the Conservative choice. The inauguration occurs Dec. 24. The election of Admiral Jorge Montt to the Presidency of Chili is a compliment to a brave man, whose energy and capacity were potential factors in the overthrow of the tyrant Balmaceda. He was one of the first to engage in open rebellion against the late government, and planned the seizure of the men-of-war that did so much to win for the Congressional party the recognition of the belligerents' rights. Admiral Montt is in the prime of life and is regarded as a man of rare executive capacity. The preservation of order in the republic will require all his firmness of character, while he has no easy task before him in the adjustment of the international difficulties which the rashness of the Chilians have brought upon the young government.

### LIVE STOCK EXHIBIT.

Sheep Breeders Favor Reducing the Time to Thirty Days.

Previous to final adjournment of the National Sheep Breeders' Association Convention at Buffalo, John L. Thompson, of Arcana, Ind., and S. H. Todd, of Wakarusa, Ohio, were appointed a committee to pass upon all entries for the next American fat stock show, to be held in Chicago. Resolutions were passed that it would be better to reduce the time of the live stock exhibit at the World's Fair from ninety to thirty days; that no limit to the time of ownership of animals previous to their entrance was necessary; and that the date of the opening close thirty days previous to the opening of the Exposition. The next meeting of the association will be held in Chicago about Nov. 15, 1892.

### GOOD AT DODGING LAWS.

Saloonkeepers in an Ohio Town Get Around an Ordinance Easily.

The Hon. Mills Gardner, ex-Congressman, of Washington Court-house, Ohio, was elected to the Council and introduced an ordinance which passed, compelling saloonists to take down everything between the windows and the interior of the saloons. The saloonists took down their screens, in compliance with the ordinance, and then, lo! they went outside and painted the windows black. This knocks the effect of the ordinance in the head, as the screens made are on the outside of the saloon, and the laugh is on Gardner.

### GUARDING THE CONVICTS.

Measures Taken to Repel Further Attacks of Tennessee Miners.

A Nashville dispatch says: John Anderson and William Botts, of Somerset, Ky., started for Nashville the other day with a carload of escaped convicts they had recaptured. They had forty-nine, which at

\$25 reward for each will net \$1,225. While there have been rumors in circulation in East Tennessee that a mob intended to attack the branch prisons at Tracy City and Inman it is thought there is little foundation for them. There are 630 convicts at these prisons and extra guards have been placed on duty at each of them. Several heavy boxes, supposed to contain arms, have been sent by express from the State Armory to the officers at the prisons. Governor Buchanan has ordered the State Superintendent of Prisons to take vigorous action. It is certain that a mob would not now move on the Tracy City and Inman prisons unless they were determined to do or die.

### LOADED WITH LIGHTNING.

Flight of an Indiana Man Who Gets Charged During a Thunderstorm.

The central portion of Shelbyville, Ind., was thrown into a fever of excitement the other day by the yells of a man at the entrance of the Hotel Ray, and soon hundreds of people were on the spot. Charley Huffman, a merchant, was the first to arrive, and finding William Loudon prostrate on the stone front and gasping for breath, took hold of him to raise him to his feet, when he himself was thrown on his back in the middle of the street. It was in the midst of a heavy rain and it was discovered that the business buildings on the public square were heavily charged with electricity and that Loudon had taken hold of an iron post on the veranda and received a terrific shock. Fortunately he fell on a step, and this caused him to roll away from the post, which probably saved his life. A wire was attached to him and his electric charge led off. Many persons were slightly shocked by stepping on the gratings at the entrances of buildings and in water on the sidewalks.

### WANTS TO RETALIATE.

Secretary Rusk Anxious to Shut Out Canadian Cattle.

Secretary Rusk is very determined to spare no effort in compelling Great Britain to remove her arbitrary regulations now enforced against American cattle. Live cattle from this country must be slaughtered within ten days after arrival in Great Britain, thus affording shippers no time to restore the cattle to their former condition. The transportation by rail and water is very wearing on cattle, but with a little time they could recuperate. That time is denied them, and the British buyers knowing that the cattle must be sold within ten days, can, by holding off, secure them at a reduced price. This is what makes the Secretary indignant, and is the cause of his suggesting, in his annual report, the rigid enforcement of the law now in existence prohibiting imports into the United States of all live animals, but which the President suspended as a matter of friendship to foreign governments.

### RECIPROCITY WITH GERMANY.

Details of the Treaty to Be Presented to the Reichstag.

The new reciprocity treaty with Germany will probably be announced at the coming meeting of the German Reichstag. The details have been perfected and the treaty has been made, but the German Minister asked the privilege of making the first formal announcement in Germany. The substantial outlines of the treaty are concessions to this country on breadstuffs and cereals no higher than the duties conceded to Austria-Hungary by the new treaty with that country. These duties are about one-half those charged upon similar products from other countries. Germany makes these concessions in return for the free entry of beet root sugar.

### DEFENDS THE CHINESE.

A Female Missionary Writes that They Were Provoked by Insults.

Miss Cassie Fitzsimmons, of Hamilton, Ont., a missionary in China, has written her sister denying the reports lately published about the Chinese uprising against the missionaries. She says they have suffered no serious indignities and that their work has been interfered with very little. She also says that the Chinese were provoked by unwarranted insults from Europeans and that they merely resented these insults as Americans would do under the same circumstances.

### MRS. CUSTER'S LECTURE.

Adds a Large Audience Concerning Army Life on the Plains.

Mrs. Custer, wife of General G. A. Custer, talked of army life on the Western plains in the chapel of Grace Reform Church, New York. The lecture was given for the benefit of the church, whose congregation numbers friends of the lecturer. Mrs. Custer necessarily borrowed here and there from books in delineating the soldier's life on the plains, but much that she said was new. She declared that the soldiers had now much greater comforts than in her day and the consequence was that they were a much better class of men.

### THREE TIMES AND OUT.

Matthew Dupuy Again Elopes with His Brother's Wife.

For the third time in eight months Matthew Dupuy, of Newburg, N. Y., has eloped with the attractive wife of his brother, John M. Dupuy, taking with them one child of the woman and leaving the other for her husband to care for. The deserted husband has apparently given up his faithless spouse forever and has made no effort to find her. John has decided to sell out his household goods and return to Montgomery, N. Y., and board with his brother Matthew's wife and her three small children.

### FORETOLD THE EXPLOSION.

Three Men Blown to Atoms in an Accident Predicted by a Spiritualist.

At Clipper Gap, Cal., the giant powder works blew up. James Hamilton was blown to atoms, nothing being found of him but one finger. Ah Han, a Chinaman, was killed, and only his leg was found. Joseph Peppin, a resident of Santa Cruz, was badly cut about the head. He leaves a wife and six children. Buildings were shaken down and ruined. It is claimed that the explosion was predicted by a spiritualist who had been threatened with tar and feathers if he did not leave town.

### THOUSANDS OF LIVES LOST.

Details of the Earthquake in Japan Received at Washington.

A telegram from the Japanese Government has been received by Mr. Tatenno, the Japanese Minister at Washington, giving an account of the earthquake in Japan. According to the telegram received by Mr. Tatenno, 6,500 persons were killed, 9,000 were injured, 75,000 houses were totally destroyed, and 12,000 were badly damaged.

### EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

One Man Killed and Five Others Injured Near Leadville, Col.

A terrible accident occurred at the Bunk Tunnel near Leadville, Col. A shot of giant powder had failed to explode, and one of the men attempted to remove it. A terri-

ble explosion followed. Bob Wilkinson was instantly killed, being literally torn to pieces. Five others were seriously hurt.

### FLAMES IN A SOAP FACTORY.

A \$50,000 Plant at Boston Destroyed—Two Fires in Virginia.

J. C. Davis & Son's large soap factory at Cambridge, Mass., burned. Loss, \$50,000; fully insured. A fire destroyed the tannery of A. D. Shotwell & Co., in Manchester, Va. Loss, \$25,000; partially insured. At Luray, Va., the Luray Inn and furniture was destroyed by fire. The loss is about \$125,000, and the insurance \$100,000.

### Cuffed by an American.

The American Charge d'Affaires at Madrid, Mr. Newberry, became involved in a street brawl. Noticing some ladies expostulating in vain with a driver because of his cruelty to an overburdened horse, Mr. Newberry remonstrated with the driver. The man then became insolent and Mr. Newberry boxed his ears. The driver and some companions then attempted to show fight, but cowed by Mr. Newberry's manner, they contented themselves with a torrent of vile language and endeavor to incite a riot against "the foreigner." Policemen who witnessed the affair disregarded Mr. Newberry's demand for the arrest of the driver, claiming that they could not do so until a formal complaint was lodged against him with the superior authorities. The driver was, however, finally arrested on the charge of insulting Mr. Newberry.

### The Country Circus.

The opening production of the "Country Circus" at McVicker's Chicago Theater was made before an audience that tested the capacity of the house, and was quickly conceded to be a success. Nothing exactly like this entertainment has ever before been offered to the Western public, and no such lavish equipment has ever enhanced a production. At times the stage was a bewildering mass of moving color, gorgeously attired men and women and caparisoned horses and other animals. As a stage pageant it has never been equaled in this or any other country. The play can now be seen at McVicker's.

### Fatally Injured.

The sailors on the schooner J. V. Taylor were merrily singing "Heligh-ho!" as they raised the mainsail four miles out in the lake off Chicago. Without warning, the tackle holding the centerboard was displaced, and there was a crash on deck. Ole Johnson, a sailor, was struck in the head by the block and received probably fatal injuries. John Blimer, another sailor, got a bad scalp wound. The Taylor immediately went back to the harbor, and Johnson was taken to the marine hospital. Blimer's wounds were dressed, and he went back to the schooner.

### Two Firemen Killed.

Two Cincinnati firemen were killed and four badly injured by the breaking of a ladder. The picture frame establishment of Oscar Unken caught fire in the cellar and in a few minutes the building was enveloped in flames. An employee named Myers was in the cellar at the time. His escape was cut off, but he was finally rescued by the firemen, who carried him to a place of safety. He was badly burned about the head and upper part of the body.

### Hurled by Steam.

M. E. Tooke's planing mill, at Sundridge, Ontario, was wrecked by the explosion of a boiler. James Turnbull, the engineer, was driven through two partitions. Both his legs were broken and he was terribly scalded. William Cassidy had a leg and an arm broken. The boiler rose eighty feet in the air and landed 100 yards away.

### An Oregon Bank Robbed.

The Farmers' Mortgage and Savings Bank, of Summerville, Ore., was entered by two masked men, who at the point of a pistol compelled the cashier to give up about \$4,800 in cash. The robbers, who are yet at liberty, are supposed to be residents of the neighborhood.

### Nine Miners Killed.

In the Anaconda copper mine, Butte City, Mont., eight miners were swept off an ascending cage by the fall of another, and all were precipitated a distance of 1,300 feet. Death was instantaneous. The mines are closed on account of the accident, and the flags at half-mast.

### Destructive Hurricane in Spain.

A hurricane swept over Chiclana, Spain, and did immense damage. The town of Segura is inundated, bridges destroyed and its streets impassable. Many cattle have been drowned.

### Bad Wreck in Georgia.

The outgoing Western & Atlantic passenger train was thrown off the curve by train wreckers at a sharp curve, eight miles from Atlanta, Ga., and it is reported that six men were killed.

### Religious Riot in Persia.

During a religious riot in the village of Mazanderan, Persia, the house of Gen. Sadat Yooly Chan was set on fire and the General and twenty other persons killed.

### LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50	\$4.50	
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50	4.25	
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	3.00	3.50	
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	.34	.37	
CORN—No. 2.....	.25	.27	
OATS—No. 2.....	.23	.24	
RYE—No. 2.....	.38	.35	
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.38	.39	
CHEESE—Full Cream, flats.....	.12	.13	
EGGS—Fresh.....	.21	.23	
POTATOES—New, per bu.....	.35	.35	
INDIANAPOLIS.			
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.25	3.75	
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.50	4.00	
CORN—Common to Prime.....	3.00	4.00	
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	.29	.34	
CORN—No. 1 White.....	.54 1/2	.55 1/2	
OATS—No. 2.....	.31	.33	
ST. LOUIS.			
CATTLE.....	3.50	5.00	
HOGS.....	3.00	4.25	
SHEEP.....	3.00	4.50	
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	.35	.38	
CORN—No. 2.....	.28	.28	
OATS—No. 2.....	.23	.25	
DETROIT.			
CATTLE.....	3.00	5.00	
HOGS.....	3.00	4.00	
SHEEP.....	3.00	4.00	
WHEAT—No. 1.....	.37	.38	
CORN—No. 2.....	.28	.28	
OATS—No. 2.....	.23	.24	
BUFFALO.			
BEEF CATTLE.....	4.00	5.75	
WHEAT—No. 1.....	4.00	4.50	
CORN—No. 2.....	1.01	1.25	
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.51	.53	
CORN—No. 2.....	.55	.57	
OATS—No. 2.....	.28	.28	
RYE—No. 1.....	.58	.58	
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.58	.60	
POSK—Mess.....	11.00	11.50	
NEW YORK.			
CATTLE.....	3.50	5.75	
HOGS.....	4.00	5.00	
SHEEP.....	3.50	4.25	
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	1.07	1.20	
CORN—No. 2.....	.71	.73	
OATS—Mixed Western.....	.28	.31	
BUTTER—Creamery.....	.40	.41	
POSK—New Western.....	10.50	11.00	

### Two Band of Mercy Girls.

I was in Central Park, in New York, and stood watching the children take their donkey rides. A very poor looking but neatly dressed woman, with a little girl who walked on a crutch, was also looking on at the riders. Two nicely dressed little girls had just dismounted from their long-eared steeds, and I saw them glance at the lame child, and whisper eagerly to their father. The gentleman approached the woman, and, lifting his hat politely, said: "My little girls are anxious to enjoy the pleasure of giving your daughter a ride." The lame child's pale face flushed crimson with surprise and pleasure; and the poor woman looked equally delighted. The child was soon in the saddle and went twice over the course. Meantime her entertainers were whispering together, and when she was taken down the elder sister went up to her and slyly slipped into her hand a box of candy. I dare say those little girls have forgotten their act of kindness by this time; but I do not believe the child or her mother have forgotten it, or ever will. The pleasures we prepare for ourselves fade and perish. The good and kind actions we do for others last to all eternity.—Our Dumb Animals.

### Take an Air Bath.

Every woman has evil hours when she is too restless to keep still and too dull and heavy to do anything. She says she is nervous. Her color loses its freshness, her eyes their brightness, her expression all its delicacy. She looks a coarser and less intelligent individual. Now, the latest remedy proposed for this distemper is the air bath. Lock your doors if you would test it the next time the blues declare themselves and disrobe entirely, taking an air bath, in the sunshine if possible, for five or ten minutes. This will act as a total alternative to the oppressed, restless state of the nervous system. It does better than a water bath, which, if one has already been taken in the morning, cannot be always repeated with perfect safety. After the air bath dress again slowly, donning completely fresh linen and some crisp and rather new gown. The freshness of external attire is infallibly soothing.—New York Recorder.

THE New York World says editorially. "The concern of New Yorkers for the Fair is not local, but national and broadly patriotic. The Fair is a great national enterprise. The credit of the nation is pledged to it. The pride of the nation is involved in it. As Americans, all New Yorkers desire that it shall be an exhibition worthy of the republic. As New Yorkers, they very earnestly desire that the Empire State shall be adequately represented there. The bill for that purpose last year was unparliamentarily sacrificed in a miserable partisan squabble. A year of precious time has been lost, and if New York is not to be most unworthily represented and placed in a false and humiliating position, action by the new Legislature just elected must be as prompt as possible. The Legislature will assemble on the 1st of January. Its first act after adopting the rules should be to suspend them and pass a liberal World's Fair appropriation bill. The work has been too long delayed. The time is very short. Not a day of it should be wasted."

Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep. Sounds nice, doesn't it? But O, how fast and furious are the rockings in rough weather! The intestinal warfare begotten in your vitals by the sea's commotion beggars description. What's the proper caper under these circumstances? Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Nothing comparable to it for remedying sea-sickness or the kindred nausea from which many delicate land travelers suffer. Dyspepsia, cramps, constipation and biliousness are also invariably and promptly remedied by the Bitters. Exposure in rough weather is often productive of harmful consequences, which may, however, be averted by the timely use of the Bitters, which diffuses an agreeable warmth through the system, and promotes an active circulation of the blood in the extremities when benumbed and chilled. Malaria, kidney trouble, rheumatism and debility are remedied by the Bitters.

### Paid in Kind.

A Hoosier of twelve years was industriously at work upon a pile of wood in his mother's back yard, when he was approached by a playmate. "Hello, Ben," said the youngster, "do you get anything for cuttin' the wood?" "Well, I reckon I do," replied Ben. "Ma gives me a cent a day for doin' it." "What you goin' to do with yer money?" "Oh, she's savin' it for me, and when I get enough she's going to get me a new ax."

A MAN who has practiced medicine for forty years ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1897.  
Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most forty years, and would say that in all my practice and experience I have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions. Yours truly,  
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,  
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give \$100 for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

### A Big Mule.

Marshall, Mo., is a great place for donkeys and their kindred. Besides selling 13,000 mules every year there has been raised in the vicinity a mule which is 8 years old and 20 hands high. A mule 6 feet 8 inches high is such a curiosity that they are taking it around to all the county fairs and exhibiting it as a sort of a side show, and the gate money in a single day sometimes amounts to \$100.

ARTIFICIAL bitter almonds are now produced at a trifling cost, and with such deceptive skill that they can scarcely be detected when used as an adulterant of the genuine. They consist chiefly of grape sugar.



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, NOV. 14, 1891.

Every new subscriber to the HOLLAND CITY NEWS will receive the paper from now until January 1, 1893, for \$1.00, paid in advance.

## The Wholesale Dredging of Grand River.

The elections are over, Congress is about to meet, and from now on we may look for a renewed agitation of the above project.

It is the ambition of Grand Rapids, an inland city, to become a lake port. Formal notice has been served by her, that to this ambition she is ready henceforth to sacrifice all other considerations, politically and otherwise.

Elsewhere in this issue we give the result of the latest annual exploit by the Grand Rapids board of trade along the line of the proposed expenditure, and no doubt our citizens will find it very entertaining reading.

Gradually due cognizance is also being taken of this project by the press along the lake shore, and in a recent issue of the *Allegan Gazette* we noticed the following emphatic protest:

"For another reason we are glad Allegan county is going out of the congressional district of Kent. It is that Kent forces into the party platforms a resolution for the 'improvement' of Grand River. That means attempting to make it by dredging a navigable stream as far up as Grand Rapids. Such a scheme is sheer nonsense, and money spent upon it might better be used to perfect the Keely motor, or Darius Green's flying machine. In this canvass the Democrats berate the Republicans for so-called extravagant use of public funds, but their candidate stands pledged to get more money to sink in the sands of Grand River. Meanwhile the important harbor at Saugatuck is neglected and has lapsed into a nearly useless state, though commercial interests of great magnitude are dependent upon it. But not as many votes can be caught by an appropriation for Saugatuck as by one for Grand Rapids."

It is the insertion in the congressional river and harbor appropriation bill of items of like demerit as the above, — wasteful expenditures of public moneys — that renders the bi-annual passage of that important measure at times so doubtful, and invites for it so much reproach, just as the occasional bestowal of an unworthy pension operates, as a reflection upon the generous pension system of the government.

That the so-called improvement of Grand River into a deep, navigable stream, as high up as Grand Rapids, is an impracticable scheme, stands proven by the records. For the present however, we will not occupy ourselves in demonstrating this; the opportune time to do so will come later.

Despite these renewed efforts by the Grand Rapids board of trade; the influence and prestige it can bring to bear; and the hold it apparently has upon our senators in congress, besides its own member in the lower House, — we cannot see how they can overcome the fact that officially the project of improving Grand River into a navigable stream to the extent contemplated by the parties above named, stands condemned. And it will also be noticed in the glowing account of Saturday's trip that notwithstanding the enthusiasm of the party over the possibilities imagination had in store for them, Col. Ludlow is simply reported as having been "rather guarded in expressing opinions." In justice to this official, therefore, we will suspend all further comments upon this particular feature of the project until the appearance of his annual report.

What we wish to call attention to more particularly at this time, is the extent to which all the harbors in this State and especially along the east shore of Lake Michigan, are directly concerned in this matter.

It is well understood that in the make-up of the congressional river and harbor appropriation bill by the House committee, two important factors govern: 1) the official reports and recommendations of the U. S. engineers; and 2) the relative amount to be apportioned to each state. The latter is a most essential feature in the preparation of each river and harbor bill, for upon it hinges the ultimate success of the measure with the membership of the House. Of the given amount agreed upon by the committee as the maximum sum for the year's appropriations, each locality, or State, or group of harbors, must of necessity be satisfied with its allotted portion, in order that all may

receive due recognition. Hence, when a new project like this Grand River dredging scheme, with its very modest estimate of a "half a million" or thereabouts, as a starter, is being spread out upon the table of estimates, the inevitable effect thereof upon all the harbors in this State becomes inevitable.

We trust that at this time the mere mention of this feature of the situation will be sufficient to open the eyes of our neighbors, near and distant. The contemplated waste of so much money must be at the expense of the needed and often neglected improvement of the many harbors along this shore. Let the press of the several localities that are thus interested call the attention of their member of congress to the importance of frustrating this scheme, before the Grand Rapids board of trade has succeeded in foisting it upon Uncle Sam as a permanent, chronic mendicant, absorbing annually the lion's share of a common bounty.

Another observation we desire to make is with reference to the city of Holland locally. Our congressman-elect is reported as having said on this occasion, "that he had been opposed in Holland City because he did not approve of the canal idea, which was the hobby of the Hollandites." Of all the parties involved none better than the speaker know the above as being farthest removed from the truth.

That exploded canal project is not, and never was, a hobby of the Hollandites. As we are credibly informed it originated in Grand Rapids, years ago, in the brains of the late editor of the *Yankee-Dutch*, a defunct weekly publication of that city, and was ultimately fathered by the board of trade. The only remote relation our citizens have ever occupied to that project is that at one time, when a delegation of Grand Rapids gentlemen representing the board of trade came to this city, our citizens gave them a carriage drive along the proposed route between Holland and Jenisonville, and extended to them the usual courtesies incident to such a visit. When the canal project was first broached it was as an enterprise of Grand Rapids, by Grand Rapids, and for Grand Rapids. Upon a survey and estimate however the costs were found to exceed their pile, and there being no prospects of ever enlisting the government in a new enterprise of that kind, the scene was shifted to Grand River, because — such was the reasoning — that would be no new scheme, but could be classified and urged as an "improvement" of an existing water-way. Beyond the above Holland was never "in it." The experience and better judgment of the Hollandites will ever save them from banking on any such assets, the gratuitous reflection of our congressman-elect to the contrary notwithstanding.

The objection then to this proposed Grand River improvement or dredging scheme is its impracticability and the absolute waste of money involved, as shown by the record, at the expense of the many other meritorious enterprises that will be correspondingly crippled thereby.

The intent too with which this measure will be pushed by our congressman-elect may be inferred from the repeated declarations made by him during the trip, among others, that "while he should work for the interests of his district in general, he would work for Grand Rapids, the Grand River and Grand Haven in particular." And strange as it may appear, some of our good neighbors at the county seat do seem to apprehend some local benefit from this proposed scheme, and apparently allow themselves to be infatuated by its lurid offerings.

The state board of agriculture has arranged for holding farmers' institutes this winter in about 17 different localities of the state. Places for three more remain to be selected. Now if some of our leading, public-spirited agriculturists would start out and make an effort to have one of those meetings held in this city, for the benefit of the surrounding farming community, they would render their fellow-grangers a real good service. If there is anything needed for our rural population, it is just that kind of gatherings. Let some one start the ball rolling.

## A Card.

Mrs. J. J. Anderson and family, including Mrs. G. K. Gaines, and Mr. Henry Buck, her brother, in now leaving for Richmond, Va., desire to express their sincerest thanks to the many kind friends in Holland and vicinity, also to Capt. Morton and his crew of the Life Saving Station, for their continued and very grateful sympathy for them, in their recent heavy afflictions.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 5, 1891.

# To Illustrate!

While I do not pretend to be as extra polite as the man who held an umbrella over a duck, in the recent rain-storm, still I am pleased to show my goods at all times to people, whether they wish to purchase or not, as I am satisfied they cannot forever withstand the temptation to buy best goods at lowest prices.



I keep almost everything in the watch, clock, jewelry and silverware line. Come and look over what I have. A sight generally means a sale in my place.

I repair watches, clocks, jewelry, and do elegant engraving. I have best tools, highest skill, and work for honest prices, and N. B. P. jobs always ready as promised. These are cardinal principles with me.

L. P. HUSEN,  
River Street Jeweler.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 14, 1891.

## Night Clocks.

Used in factories and elsewhere, for the use and guidance of night watchmen. A reliable article, just received at

BREYMAN & SON.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 6, '91. 41-2w

Estimates cheerfully given on all work connected with City Water pipes. 16—1f. KANTERS BROS.

## Do Not

Buy any Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Gold Pens, Spectacles, etc., until you have examined the stock of C. A. Stevenson. He gives the lowest prices, and has the best assortment in the city.

Holland, Mich., July 2, 1891. 23-1f.

## Holiday Goods.

An assorted selection of Holiday Goods has just been received by us, and the public is kindly requested to call in and examine. We guarantee satisfaction.

O. BREYMAN & Son.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 6, '91. 41-2w

Vitalized Air administered for the painless extraction of teeth, at the Central Dental Parlors.

## Those Pills.

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—For four years I have been troubled with rheumatism and have experimented with different medicines off and on, but without relief. This winter I was persuaded to try Dr. F. J. Schouten's Anti-rheumatic Pills. Two boxes were sufficient to cure me.

P. WINTER.

All kinds of metal plate work done at the Central Dental Parlors. Call and see samples.

## To Whom it May Concern.

I am pleased to testify that one box of Dr. F. J. Schouten's Rheumatic Pills has cured me of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

JAS. A. BROUWER.  
Holland, Mich., July 13, 1891.

Have a suit made to order at Brusse & Co. Pants from \$4.00 and Suits from \$16.00 and higher. 13-1f

Trade at Wm. Brusse & Co., and get a Parachute for the children.

Working suits for \$5.00 at Wm. Brusse & Co. 13-1f

## Given Away!

A Parachute given away with every \$3.00 purchase, at

WM. BRUSSE & CO.

## Farmer's Produce.

Highest cash price for all Country Produce. Potatoes and Apples a specialty.

Store, corner of River and Seventh streets, where I have built a new wagon scale, for the convenience of those that bring hay to market.

AUSTIN HARRINGTON.  
Holland, Mich., Sept. 1, '91. 32-3m

All operations known to the dental profession skillfully performed by experienced operators at the Central Dental Parlors. 36-1f

## Read This:

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—About three months ago I bought a box of your anti-rheumatic pills and after using one half of them I find myself in perfect health. Last year I went to Mt. Clemens, Mich., and although I obtained relief there, it did not cure me. At the urgent desire of some of my friends I tried your anti-rheumatic pills with the above happy result. I deem them the best I have used and I have tried nearly everything.

Respectfully Yours,  
WILL BREYMAN.  
Holland, Mich.

Money can be earned in spare time by good reliable men and women as local agents for the warranted fruits, flowers and trees of J. E. Whitney, Rochester, N. Y. Yearly salary is paid for steady work and a permanent honorable business is quickly built up. 30-4m.

## THE MARKETS.

Wheat	per bushel	82
Barley	per bushel	84
Corn	per bushel	55
Oats	per bushel	52
Clover seed	per bushel	4.00
Flaxseed	per bushel	24
Flour	per barrel	5.20
Ground feed	per cwt.	1.40
Ground feed	per cwt.	1.20
Middlings	per cwt.	1.30
Wheat	per cwt.	80
Hay	per ton	10.00
Honey	per lb.	16
Butter	per lb.	21
Eggs	per dozen	23
Wood, hard, dry	per cord	1.50
Chickens, dressed, lb	(live 4 @ 5c)	1.75
Beans	per bushel	1.30
Onions	per bushel	1.40

## A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to 'catch on' to the latest new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know; I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,



without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Desarto class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Barnes last evening how he had made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest fads; and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little 'out-of-the-way' place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all my wants. Very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household; father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only \$2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be willing to put out, as you say, we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

## SEIF'S

Bottling Works,  
Cor. 10th and Maple Sts.

I have opened my new Bottling Works east of the Brewery. Am prepared to furnish

## Bottled Beer,

delivered free, at the following rates:

1 doz. 1-4 Bottles \$0.90

2 " 1-8 " \$1.00

A. SEIF.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 10, 1891.

## CITY WATER.

T. Van Landegend  
LICENSED PLUMBER.

Store and Shop—Opposite Post Office.

## ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Call on us for prices.

T. VAN LANDEGEND.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 28, 1891.

## AS USUAL!

The Choicest and Best Selected Stock far the trade of the season can be found in

## THE DOUBLE STORE OF

G. Van PUTTEN  
& SONS'

DRESS GOODS AND FLANNELS

BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC YARNS, German Knitting, Germantown, Spanish, Coral, Saxony, Etc.

A Full Line of

Linen stamped goods, Hosiery, Fascinators, Chenille Table Spreads, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Underwear—all sizes—the largest stock in the city.

## GROCERIES,

AND FAMILY SUPPLIES

Prompt Delivery at all Hours.

Holland, Mich., Oct. 28, 1891.

# WHAT FINE WEATHER!

Everybody remarks. But this fine weather is killing the Overcoat trade. We have a big supply of

## READY-MADE

# Overcoats!

And Intend to Sell Them.

For the Next Two Weeks

Until colder weather comes, we will give a reduction of

## 1-4 OFF

of the Regular Marked price on all OVERCOATS. This is fully two months ahead of the regular clearing sale, and enables the buyer to get the use of an overcoat for winter at low prices.

Remember, this sale lasts only two weeks, and is Net Cash Price.

## Wm. Brusse & Co.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 6, 1891. 7-1y

## AT

## E. J. HARRINGTON.

## New Fall Goods.

Dress Goods and Flannel Suitings in Latest Styles.

A Full Line of the Celebrated Jackson Corset Waists.

## Clothing A Specialty.

Men's Suits,

Children's Suits,

Men's Pants for \$1.00 and upwards.

Overcoats for the Season.

Gents' Furnishing Goods—Hats and Caps—Fall and Winter Outfit.

NOTE.—The well-known Harrington dock property, at the head of Black Lake is still in the market.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 1, 1891.

# Remember!

that at the

## City Bakery

You can find all kinds of

## FRUIT,

such as

California Pears,  
Nice Michigan Apples,  
Florida Oranges,  
Lemons, Bananas,  
Figs, Dates,  
Cranberries,  
Sweet Potatoes.

## Fresh Canned Goods,

such as

Peaches, Apricots, Plums,  
Pears, Pumpkin, Corn,  
Tomatoes, etc., etc.

If you want something very sweet, then Buy Honey or Maple Sugar

If you are looking for

The Best 5 Cts. Cigar,  
Then smoke the 'Vim'!

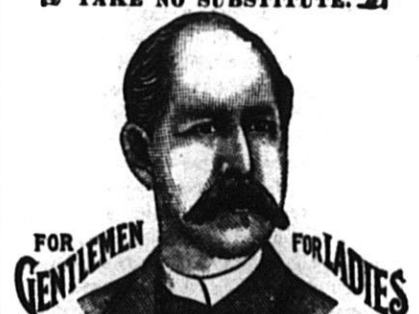
## John Pessink,

## Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage executed by Robert S. Oliver and Stella E. Oliver, his wife, to Nelson W. Northrop as trustee of George R. Northrop, dated August twenty-seventh, A. D. 1886, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the second day of September A. D. 1888, in liber 32 of mortgages, on page 167, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Three Hundred and Fifty Dollars, and no proceedings at law (or in equity) having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof, Notice is, therefore, hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, to pay the amount due on said mortgage, together with interest and costs of foreclosure and sale, including the attorney fee provided by said mortgage and by law. Said sale to take place at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the Thirtieth day of November A. D. 1891, at one o'clock afternoon of said day. The mortgagee promises to sell being: The East half (1/2) of the South East quarter (1/4) of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township Seven (7) north of range fifteen (15) west, eighty acres of land, more or less.

Dated August 31st, 1891.  
NELSON W. NORTHROP  
as trustee of  
GEORGE R. NORTHROP.  
Mortgagee.  
J. C. Post, Attorney.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency, and get them for you. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



## W. L. DOUGLAS

## \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY? It is a seamless shoe with no laces or ties, and it is made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00. \$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00, equals French imported shoes which cost from \$5.00 to \$12.00. \$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from \$6.00 to \$8.00. \$3.50 Police Shoes; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers will wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year. \$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at \$2.50; this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service. \$2.25 and \$2.00 Workingmen's shoes. These are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make. Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show. Ladies' \$3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best imported shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00. Ladies' \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 shoe for Misses are the best in the world. Stylish and durable. Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by G. J. Van Duren Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

## A FULL LINE OF

## FARM

## Implements

—AT—

## J. Flieman & Son's,

River Street. Pollard, Mich.

Agents for the Whitely Solid Steel Binder, the great open end Harvester Binder for successfully cutting all lengths and kinds of grain. Also for Whitely's Solid Steel Mower, This Machine is entirely different from and Superior to any other Mowing Machine ever produced.

Plows,  
Wagons,  
Cultivators,  
Seeders,  
Hay Rakes,  
Buggies,  
Carts,  
Harrows,  
Land Rollers,  
Feed Cutters,  
Corn Shellers

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



## "The Holland Improvement Association."

Pursuant to call and notwithstanding the uninviting weather Monday evening, a goodly number of our citizens met in the rooms of the Ottawa County Building Association, to complete the above organization. The canvass of the committee showed that a sufficient number of our citizens had declared their hearty approval and co-operation in the project and the meeting at once decided to proceed with the business in hand. A. M. Kanters was called upon to preside, with J. C. Post as secretary.

The following was adopted as the constitution of the association:

WHEREAS, we the subscribers hereto, citizens and residents of Holland, recognizing the fact that our city has superior advantages as a location for manufacturing and commercial enterprises and also as a place of residence and for general business purposes; and desiring that the rapid and substantial growth of the city be continued; which end can only be attained by the united and organized efforts of the entire community, do hereby form an association to be governed by the following

### CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I. This organization shall be known as the "HOLLAND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION."

ART. II. The object of the Association shall be to advance the interests and prosperity of the city of Holland, by securing the location here of manufacturing establishments, continuing the improvement of its harbor, advancing other transportation interests, building up and enlarging our present factories and adding to the general welfare and improvement of the city of Holland.

ART. III. The officers of this Association shall be a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, and an executive committee consisting of ten members together with the officers heretofore designated, who shall be ex-officio members of said committee. Said officers and the other ten members of said committee shall be elected by ballot at the annual meeting of said Association, and shall serve for one year, or until their successors are elected.

ART. IV. All residents of the city and township of Holland are eligible to membership in this Association.

ART. V. Meetings of the Association shall be held from time to time, upon call of the executive committee, or of five members of said committee. Meetings of said executive committee shall be held upon call of the president, or of any two members of said committee.

ART. VI. The annual fee from members shall be two dollars, payable on joining said Association.

ART. VII. Such by-laws as are not inconsistent with this constitution can be adopted by the executive committee at any regular meeting.

ART. VIII. This constitution can be amended by a two-thirds vote of the members of the Association present at any regular meeting.

The membership of the association is as follows:

W. H. Beach, J. A. Bronson, C. L. Kilg, E. Leedon, L. E. Van Dresar, J. C. Vissers, P. De Kraker, J. W. Bosman, J. D. Kanters, H. V. Hapel, P. H. Wilms, E. Herold, J. Pesslak, A. Stokete, J. Albert, M. Kleinfeld, M. Notter, G. A. Kanters, U. De Vries, J. Schepers, I. De Kraker, P. W. Kane, A. Visscher, E. Harrington, Jr., B. J. De Vries, J. Kollen, J. B. Van Oort, J. De Roo, H. Wykman, G. J. Diekema, Geo. P. Hummer, P. J. Zalsman, A. A. Finch, H. G. Hanson, G. J. Schuurman, J. Van Anrooy, L. L. Strong, P. Oosting, J. Hook, D. Stovenjans, T. Ten Houten, Ruite, N. Williams, H. Maynard, Smeerge, W. Van der Voere.

The committee on enrollment reported that the canvass for membership had not been completed, and it is agreed that the executive committee of the association, when appointed, could prosecute the work further, in order to make the association as near representative of the entire city as could be.

A committee of six was appointed to make nominations to present suitable names to the meeting for the first officers of the organization. They reported the following, and their report was adopted:

President—W. H. Beach.  
Vice President—A. M. Kanters.  
Secretary—John C. Post.  
Treasurer—C. J. De Roo.  
Executive Committee—W. C. Walsh, C. Verre, C. L. King, P. Oosting, G. J. Diekema, J. Geo. P. Hummer, G. J. Kollen, J. W. man, M. Notter.

It was given out that, judging from recent indications, the association could be called upon at an early date to take active steps in the promotion of a project in which all were alike interested. It was also resolved that if suitable place could be obtained for monthly meetings of the entire membership of the association would be held during the winter months, for general discussion by all of whatever they tend towards a furthering of the material interests of the city and the understanding of its citizens.

At a late hour the meeting adjourned.

List of letters advertised for the ending Nov. 12, 1898, at the Holland, Michigan postoffice: A. Bateman, Geo. F. Wohlgenuth.

G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.

## Merchants' Mercantile Agency.

Under the auspices of Messrs. A. J. Abbott and H. D. Hapgood, of Chicago, some thirty of the dealers in this city met at the City Hotel, Thursday evening, and established a local organization designated as above, as a branch of a general agency whose headquarters are at Chicago.

The meeting elected the following officers of the local agency:

President—M. Notter.  
Vice-President—B. Stokete.  
Secretary and Treasurer—J. E. Benjamin.  
Executive board—T. Keppel, E. Herold, L. D. Vissers.

The membership fee is fixed at \$10, with a charge of 10 per cent for outside collections.

From here the parties above named proceeded to Zeeland, where it is proposed to establish a similar organization.

George A. Ward, the Montague man who went to sleep May 1 last, and never awakened, — see last week's issue of the News — died Sunday night.

Our citizens can expect an intellectual treat at Lyceum Opera House, Tuesday evening, by listening to Prof. L. R. Cummock, of the Northwestern University.

## YOUR COUGH

Has not yielded to the various remedies you have been taking. It troubles you day and night, breaks your rest and reduces your strength.

Now try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, before the bronchial tubes become enlarged or the delicate tissues of the lungs sustain fatal injury. As an anodyne and expectorant, this preparation has no equal. It soothes the irritated membrane, promotes expectoration, and induces repose. The worst cough

### Can Be Cured

by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Dr. J. G. Gordon, Carroll Co., Va., writes: "I use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my practice, and pronounce it to be unequalled as a remedy for colds and coughs."

"After the gripe — cough. This was my experience — a hacking, dry cough, with an incessant tickling in the throat, keeping me awake nights, and disturbing the household. I tried a great number of 'cough-cures,' but they gave me only temporary relief. At last I concluded to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and before I had used half a bottle, I had my first all-night sleep. I continued to improve, and now consider myself cured." — A. A. Sherman, Coeymans, N. Y.

### By Using

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, many have been saved from fatal illness.

E. D. Estabrooks, Canterbury, N. B., says: "In the winter of 1889 I was a surveyor of lumber in Sacramento, Cal. Being considerably exposed, I took a bad cold accompanied with a terrible cough. I tried several remedies, but they failed to cure me, and it was thought I was going into a decline. On the advice of a friend, I began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and less than half a bottle completely cured me."

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY  
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.  
Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

### Plants.

500 house plants, a 5 cts. each.  
200 Begonias, from 15c to 50c each.  
100 Chrysanthemums, 15c to 60c.  
Palms and orange trees on hand.  
Orders for bulbs can be given at the green-house, of

MRS. CHAS. DUPONT,  
Oct. 23, 1891. Land St., Holland.

Be wise in time. You have too many gray hairs for one so young looking. Use Hall's Hair Renewer, the best preparation out to cure them. Try it.

There is no Magazine published that is better calculated to please and help the ladies than Peterson's. Its contents are of the kind that furnish at the same time entertainment and instruction. Its fiction is from the pens of some of the best writers of the day, and is always good. In the way of illustrations, fashions, needle-work designs and novelties it heads the list of ladies' monthlies, while its information on domestic matters renders it invaluable to housekeepers. Its low price places it within the reach of all. A year's subscription at this time will secure the numbers from now until the end of 1892. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia, Pa.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions; and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at P. W. Kane's Drug Store.

The consciousness of having a remedy at hand for croup, pneumonia, sore throat and sudden colds, is very consoling to a parent. With a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house, one feels, in such cases, a sense of security nothing else can give.

## CUSTOM MILL

OF  
H. H. KARSTEN.

ZEELAND, MICH.

Cash paid for Wheat, Rye, Buckwheat, Harley, etc.

Custom work solicited. Special attention paid to the grinding of Buckwheat and Rye, and the hulling of Pearl Barley. Feed always on hand. Mill near the R. R. depot, Zeeland, Mich.

## PANCAKES ARE RIPE!

We Make an Absolutely Pure and Unadulterated

## Buckwheat Flour!

With the genuine, old-fashioned flavor to it. Ask your Grocer or flour-dealer for Our Brand, and we will

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

THE Walsh De Roo Milling Co.

## How Can it be Done?

Still We do it.

## WHAT?

Sell our large Surplus of Doors we have on hand 20 percent cheaper than regular retail prices. That is to say we retail at wholesale prices until all Doors are sold.

Also close out all our

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Window and Doorframes, Mouldings, Flooring and Siding

at 10 to 15 percent below the regular price, until all is sold. Decided bargains in small job lots of lumber.

We also offer for sale

Ten City Lots, Two Houses and Lots, the Novelty Wood Works, and one Warehouse up town.

Apply at

J. R. KLEYN'S  
Novelty Wood Works.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 24, 1891.

## Wm. Van Der Veere

PROPRIETOR OF

## CITY MEAT MARKET,

Cor. Eighth and Fish Sts.

HOLLAND, MICH.

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Cash Paid for Poultry.

A full and complete line of Choice Meats constantly on hand.

Orders taken at the Houses when requested and Goods delivered free of charge.  
Holland, Mich. Feb. 26, 1891.

## HARVEST!

## BIG BARGAINS

—in—

Furniture of all kinds, Carpets in choice patterns, Parlor Sets and a Fine Selection of Rugs.

## Lace and Chenille Curtains

just received at

J. A. BROUWER,  
RIVER ST.

Picture Frames in all sizes and prices, and Window Shades in all colors and sizes at the lowest possible prices at

J. A. BROUWER,

## COME TO Chicago CLOTHING STORE.

And SEE THE HANDY EGG CASE.



It is also good for many other purposes, and is the finest device you ever have seen.

WE GIVE IT AWAY TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

## BARGAINS! BARGAINS! OVERCOATS!

AT COST!

We close out our stock of Overcoats at cost, for the balance of the season.

L. HENDERSON

HOLLAND, MICH.

IF A  
QUARTER-ACRE LOT

— OF —

HIGH GROUND,

— ON A —

GRAVELED STREET,

— WITH —

PURE WATER,  
AT A REASONABLE PRICE

— IS AN —

INDUCEMENT FOR YOU

To buy this fall. Please call on or write to

A. M. KANTERS,

And Get Your Choice of a Whole Block of Lots just placed in the Market.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 15, 1891.

GENERAL

## Ocean Steamboat Agency

— OF —

MULDER & VERWEY,

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

Netherland-American Line—

NEW YORK and  
BALTIMORE, to  
AMSTERDAM and  
ROTTERDAM.

Red Star Line—

NEW YORK,  
PHILADELPHIA, to  
ANTWERPEN.

Norddeutsche Lloyd—

NEW YORK and  
BALTIMORE, to  
BREMEN,  
HAMBURG.

Inman Line—

NEW YORK to  
LIVERPOOL.

BEST BOATS, QUICKEST TIME, MOST COMFORT, LOWEST RATES.

MULDER & VERWEY, Agents,  
Grandwet-News Building,  
HOLLAND, MICH.

Ught 2 C

Our

\$10 Wood Heating Stove

and a

Handsome Heater for \$13.

A Large Cook Stove for \$13

Old Stoves taken in Exchange.

At the Pioneer Hardware of

E. VAN DER VEEN.

Holland, Mich., Oct. 2, 1891.

H. J. Cronkright,  
BARBER,

Shop: North of DE KRAKER'S PLACE.  
River Street, - - Holland, Mich.

Have your old, broken down teeth made useful by Gold Crowns, at one-half the usual price, at the Central Dental Parlor.



## PLAYING WITH MY BABY BOY.

It may be that fortune leaves me,  
It may be that fate deceives me,  
And that pleasure's early vintage has leaked  
from my cup of joy;  
But my losses and my crosses  
Are to me no more than dross is  
When I roll when I frolic with my little  
baby boy.

It may be that I'm a sinner  
With my chances growing thinner,  
That the gold within my nature suffers much  
from base alloy;  
But I know that I'm a fellow  
Simple-hearted, tender fellow  
When I romp and play and frolic with my  
bright-eyed baby boy.

It may be that I grow weary  
Sometimes of the world so dreary,  
And that moody meditation may too oft my  
mind employ;  
But his merry eyes beguiling  
Change my humor into smiling  
As I perceive many an antic with my laugh-  
ing baby boy.

When the little fell 'w's dreaming,  
And the golden cascade's streaming  
From his head upon my bosom, and he  
sleeps without annoy,  
Then I kiss the lips of laughter,  
Thinking that the great hereafter  
Will be cheerless if I cannot frolic with my  
baby boy.

—[Wm. T. Dumas, in Atlanta Constitution.]

## Saved From Old Ocean's Maw.

On the 29th of January, 1885, the schooner Alfred Vittery, Captain Boor, was lying becalmed in the South Pacific Ocean. She was eleven days out from the Solomon Group and was bound for Maryborough, Queensland, Australia, with ninety-seven Polynesians on board that had contracted to work for a term of years on plantations. It was a glorious day from an artist's standpoint. A marine painter might have drawn inspiration from the deep, dark blue of the sky, the translucent tints of the ever-changing sea and the radiant splendor of the sun.

Captain Boor, however, was no marine artist, but a shrewd common-sense skipper, who hated a calm and had no appreciation of the beauties of Old Ocean at rest. What he chiefly doted on was a piping breeze, especially when he had a hundred hungry Polynesians on board, as was then the case.

The skipper strode the deck impatiently. The sails flapped idly as the schooner rose and fell in the gentle swell of the Pacific. The Polynesians were clustered in picturesque groups on deck, some of them singing the low, monotonous and barbaric chants of their race, others engaged heart and soul in the calm delight of chewing betel. A queer lot they seemed to the sailors, with their dark copper-colored skins, their heads well thatched with moss of woolly hair and their deep-sunk eyes and short noses. During the eleven days that had passed since they embarked on the schooner from their crescent-shaped and beautifully-carved canoes many a malediction had been hurled at their heads by the seamen, who were unable to get any sleep in their watch below owing to the ceaseless singing and the perpetual drumming on bamboo drums much resembling the tom-toms of India. Nobody to look at them in their scanty but neatly fringed girdles—their sole attire—would imagine them to be cannibals, whose highest ambition was to feast on cold boiled baby. But such was the frozen truth.

The speculators, however, were getting avenged on them for many a missionary murdered and digested. Those ninety-seven Polynesians were going into slavery as pronounced and cruel as ever existed on the island of Cuba. The plantations of Queensland are noted for their horrors, but the Government winks at them. The innocent islanders, men and women, chewed betel, sang songs and beat the drum as though there were no such "institutions" in existence as the flesh-destroying things attached to the whips of burly and brutal overseers. They made their acquaintance later.

"I fear those copper-colored devils will eat their heads off before we get to Maryborough, if this weather lasts," observed the captain to the mate. You see he had contracted with the speculators to carry them to their destination at so much a head, for each one delivered alive, the ship supplying them with their food, consisting chiefly of rice and salt fish.

The skipper was a capital fellow. He had no sympathy with the business in which he was engaged, but his owners had chartered the schooner, and he naturally wanted to make as much money as possible. So all that golden afternoon he was in rather a bad temper, pacing the quarter-deck impatiently and casting his eyes all around the horizon in the hope of seeing welcome catpaws indicating a breeze.

Something all at once caught his eye. Seizing the telescope that was in its accustomed place on the skylight, he climbed halfway up the main rigging and had a look at an object broad on the starboard beam. The sheets were hauled aft on the port side and the vessel was heading southwest. He remained aloft about ten minutes and then came down. He told the mate that there was a ship's boat in sight with a sail set and apparently in distress, and said that he was going to see if there was anybody on board of her, if possible.

A faint breath of wind came along from the northward, just sufficient to fill the topsails and the main topmast stay-sail.

"Haul aft the main and fore sheets, trim down the head sheets, luff all you can," sang out the captain in one breath. And so the schooner was headed as close as possible for the boat, which was not yet visible from the deck.

The presence of so small a craft 160 miles from the nearest point of land was rather surprising, and all hands felt anxious about her. She was now about seven miles dead to windward, and the schooner made a number of short tacks toward her. The wind was so light that it was a long and tedious task to come up with her.

At length, about 5 o'clock, she was

close alongside. An emaciated, haggard man was steering her. His board and hair were long and shaggy, and to use a homely simile, his eyes were like two burnt holes in a blanket. A line was thrown to him as he passed under the schooner's stern. It was with the greatest difficulty that he managed to crawl forward and take a turn around a cleat with the line. Several of the crew jumped down into the boat and assisted the man to climb aboard the schooner. As soon as he reached the deck he fainted. He was placed on the after hatch and a few drops of rum were forced between his lips. Under this potent influence he rapidly revived.

"Now, my lad," said the skipper, "don't try to talk; drink some of this soup and then take a rest; you will soon be a man again."

The poor fellow tried to mutter a word or two of gratitude. He gulped down a few swallows of soup, and after telling the captain that his name was Bernard Gilboy, and that he sailed 163 days before from San Francisco, Cal., he was taken below and put into a bunk, where he soon fell asleep.

His boat was hoisted inboard in short order, the islanders tailing on to the tackle falls and singing a joyous song. She was a strange-looking craft. The carpenter pulled his rule out of his pocket and measured her. He dimensions were: 18 feet over all; beam, 6 feet; depth, 2 ft. 6 in. She was decked over, and her hull was divided into two compartments by a water-tight bulkhead about 6 feet from the stern. She had been rigged as a schooner, but only the foremast was standing.

The after compartment was 6 feet long, with a hatch in the centre and with a locker on each side. She appeared to have been fitted out with a view to a deep-water voyage, but looked much the worse for wear. Her bottom was covered with thick clusters of barnacles. Her rigging was rather rotten, and her deck was covered with slime.

The islanders flocked round the boat, whose name was the Pacific—painted in small letters on her stern. They expressed a good deal of curiosity concerning her, as was evident from their excited talk and gestures. The Pacific was firmly lashed to ringbolts in the deck, everything on board of her being taken out. There wasn't a scrap of food aboard; a ten-gallon keg contained four and one-half inches of fresh water, and there was about half a gill of alcohol in a druggist's bottle. That evening a fine breeze arose and the schooner headed for her destination, dancing over the waves gallantly and clipper-like.

Next morning the steward woke up the poor fellow so providentially rescued from the rapacious jaws of death, whose fangs were about closing on him when the schooner cited him. He was much refreshed, and after taking a cup of coffee and a slice of toast went on deck, where the cook, who was a bit of a barber, cut his hair and trimmed his beard. Then he had a good wash and was ready for breakfast.

While he was partaking of a plentiful meal, which he said tasted better than any he had eaten since leaving San Francisco, he told his story, often hesitating for a word, and speaking in a strange tone that reminded one of ghosts.

His name, as before mentioned, was Bernard Gilboy. His home was in Buffalo, N. Y. From boyhood his hobby was the sailing of small boats, and he had gone to sea at an early age. It appears that reading the account of Capt. Johnson crossing the Atlantic alone in a boat 15 feet keel, 5 feet 6 inches beam and 28 inches depth, induced him to undertake a voyage to Australia from San Francisco. Accordingly he contracted with Burns & Kneass of that port to build him the boat picked up the day previous of the dimensions given above. She was launched on Friday, Aug. 3, 1882, and she sailed on Friday, Aug. 18. Is there any wonder that she came to grief? The only cause for astonishment is that her owner didn't fetch up for a full due in Davy Jones's locker, for as every sailor knows, Friday is a most unlucky day.

On August 2 he got his clearance from the Custom-House. The craft had very little free-board. She was laden with 14 ten-gallon casks of water; 165 pounds of hard-tack packed in fifteen-pound watertight tin cans, two dozen cans of roast beef in two-and-a-half-pound cans, two dozen roast chickens in one pound cans, two dozen one-pound cans of salmon, two dozen cans of boneless pigs' feet, two dozen cans of peaches, two dozen cans of condensed milk, twenty-five pounds of loaf sugar, one gross of matches in six bottles, half a gallon of alcohol in a druggist's glass jar, ten gallons of nut oil, five gallons of kerosene oil, three pounds of coffee, two pounds of tea, one bar of castile soap, two pounds of lard, three pounds of nails, one wooden pump, twelve feet of half-inch hose, which he used as a syphon to get fresh water out of the kegs with, grains, hammer and hatchet, a few copper tacks, kerosene oil stove, pocket alcohol stove, two lamps, one pound of candles, two compasses, barometer, and sextant, patent trail log, double-barrel shotgun, powder and shot, revolver and cartridges, clock and watch, nine knives, anchor and sea drag, with about forty fathoms of one and a half inch line, a ball of spun-yarn and a marlinpike, navigation books, sheet chart of the South Pacific, an American flag, clothing, one pair of twelve-foot oars, and an umbrella, which he found handy when the wind was light and the sun strong.

Thus equipped Gilroy put to sea in the frail boat Pacific. His usual course was to sail at night and leave to rest during the day. This he accomplished as follows: First he threw his sea anchor overboard on the weather side, hauled down the jib, lowered the foresail, trimmed the main sheet flat down and lashed the helm amidships. Thus, as the boat drifted to leeward, the sea anchor kept her head to sea and the main-sail steadied her. Trimmed in this way the boat made quite good weather of it, even in a heavy sea.

The Pacific made fair progress, with little eventful happening until October 6, when Gilboy caught a turtle, which he cut up and cooked. His previous prey had been bonitos and flying fish, which he caught at rather rare intervals.

On the 20th day out he spoke the barkentine Tropicance, Capt. Burns, from Tahiti to San Francisco, in latitude 14 deg. 50 min. south and longitude 149 deg. 2 min. west. The captain supplied

Gilboy with as many oranges, bananas and limes as he would take, and promised to report him on his arrival in San Francisco.

The monotonous voyage went on until Wednesday, December 13. The adventurous Gilboy had reached 22 deg. 23 min. south latitude, and 178 deg. 45 min. east longitude. The Pacific was jogging along under short sail, with the trade wind blowing strongly and a high sea running. At 9 o'clock at night a heavy sea capsized the boat. Gilboy, who was clad in a long oilskin coat over a heavy suit of clothes, came up on the weather side and crawled on the bottom of his unlucky craft. After working for several hours he contrived to right her, but found that nearly all his stores and provisions were either lost or destroyed. The only instruments he had left to navigate with were his sextant and patent log, both his compasses being lost, but nevertheless he kept bravely on his course, though the mainmast was gone.

On Christmas Day he overhauled his stock of provisions and found that he had remaining twelve pounds of canned meat and fish, half a gallon of alcohol and fifteen gallons of water—a scanty store with which to reach the nearest point of Australia, 1,200 miles distant. On Wednesday, January 3, he had left four pounds of beef, one quart of alcohol and ten gallons of water. On January 7, just as he awoke, he saw a bird standing on the stern of the boat. He wondered that it did not fly away. As it turned its head to peck its tail feathers he made a grab at it and caught it. It was as big as a small pigeon. He skinned it and made soup of it. That day his remaining stock was one two-pound can of beef, a little alcohol and seven gallons of water. On January 10 he caught another sea bird, which, after flying about the boat, alighted on his head. Next day he caught another. On January 13 he ate the last of his beef, which was about two ounces.

From that day until he was picked up he existed on the flying fish that happened to drop on deck and an occasional sea bird. He husbanded his supply of water most carefully. This is an extract from his log of his last day on the Pacific:

"Monday, January 29, sunrise: Light, steady breeze, the weather being clear and pleasant; looked round the deck for flying fish, but could not find any; I felt very weak and hungry. After taking my morning's allowance of alcohol there was but enough for another meal, which was about two teaspoonfuls. I measured the water, and found four and one-half inches in the ten-gallon keg; so after this day I shall have nothing but water to sustain life, and there being but little of that makes me think I shall not last long unless I get relief."

"For the first time I began to give up all hope of escaping from starvation and wonder how long it would be before the end. I fell into a reverie, and remained in meditation for about an hour, when I looked to leeward and there saw a sail quite plainly, about eight miles off. I could hardly believe my eyes, but, realizing it was no dream, I quickly altered my course and ran before the wind, which was very light, heading to cross her bow. I caught hold of the umbrella which was lying on deck, opened it and kept waving it, in hopes of attracting their attention. After waving it for a short time it slipped out of my hand and went overboard."

"Then I got the flag and fastened it on a stick, and kept waving it without attracting any attention. I took my revolver, which had the last six cartridges in the chambers, and fired them off without any effect. I then hauled down the jib and made the flag fast to the upper part of it with the union down, hoisting the jib up again. By this time the vessel was right ahead of me and I feared that she would pass without seeing me, when finally I saw her tack, which convinced me that I had been seen. I sailed before the wind and the vessel beat to windward toward me. The wind being light and the boat's bottom covered with barnacles, it was 5 o'clock before I got alongside. I sailed under her lee quarter and was saved."

Gilboy, having a strong constitution, made a complete recovery. He had sailed 7,000 miles all alone. On February 2 the Alfred Vittery arrived at Maryborough. The doctor passed the Polynesians and they were sent ashore. Gilboy also left the schooner and his boat followed him. He exhibited her in various parts of Australia. The Sydney Punch of February 17, 1883, had some verses about him, and he enjoyed a good deal of newspaper fame. I don't know what he is doing now. I have not seen him for years, but I trust he is alive and well, for he was a brave and manly American that deserved much from that fickle jade, Fortune.—[New York Recorder.]

## An Hourly Record of His Life.

Ever since he went into business as a boy, John L. Blair, the New Jersey millionaire railroad magnate, has made it a practice to jot down in a note book carried for the purpose a brief resume of what he has been doing every hour of the day. His notes are concise, but by their aid he can tell to a minute what he was doing at almost any period of his life. A few years ago, when Mr. Blair was defending several suits brought against him in Kansas City, the lawyers endeavored to weary him by asking irrelevant questions. "Mr. Blair," said a lawyer one day, "what were you doing January 15, 1882?" "At what hour, sir?" "At the time this contract was executed." "I will tell you in a moment, sir." Looking over his book a moment he answered: "At 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day I was in the room with and looking over the gentleman's shoulder when he attached his signature to the instrument."—[Pittsburg.]

## Revolutionary Relics.

W. H. Hostetter of Jamestown, Ind., possesses a sword and well-preserved coat worn by Major John Byrd when he was killed at the battle of Kings Mountain, S. C., October 9, 1780. The coat was made of blue cloth and is embellished with buff trimmings and is of the long-tailed, claw-hammer variety. It is a highly prized heirloom. Major Byrd was a soldier under General Greene.—[St. Louis Republic.]

## DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

### A DISCOURSE ON HIS VISIT TO PATMOS.

He Tells How He Left Egypt and Voyaged East Rhodes Reached the Grecian Archipelago and Visited the Island of St. John's Revelation.

#### Good-Bye to Egypt.

The doctor took two texts: Acts xxi, 3. "When we had discovered Cyprus we left it on the left hand;" and Revelation i, 9, "I, John, was in the isle that is called Patmos."

Good-bye, Egypt! This sermon finds us on the steamer Minerva in the Grecian archipelago, the islands of the New Testament, and islands Paulinian and Johannian in their reminiscence. What Bradshaw's directory is to travelers in Europe, and what the railroad guide is to travelers in America, the Book of the Acts in the Bible is to voyagers in the Grecian, or as I shall call it, the Gospel archipelago. The Bible geography of that region is accurate without a shadow of mistake. We are sailing this morning on the same waters that Paul, but in the opposite direction to that which Paul voyaged. He was sailing southward and we northward. With him it was Ephesus, Coos, Rhodes, Cyprus. With us it is reversed, and it is Cyprus, Rhodes, Coos, Ephesus. There is no book in the world so accurate as the Divine Book.

My text says that Paul left Cyprus on the left; we, going in an opposite direction, leave it on the right. On our ship Minerva were only two or three passengers besides our party, so we had plenty of room to walk on deck, and oh, what a night was Christmas night of 1889 in that Grecian archipelago—lands of light above, islands of beauty beneath! It is a royal family of islands, this Grecian archipelago—the crown of the world's scenery set with sapphire and emerald topaz and chrysoprasus, and ablaze with a glory that seems let down out of celestial landscapes. God evidently made up His mind that just here He would demonstrate the utmost that can be done with islands for the beautification of earthly scenery.

The steamer had stopped during the night, and in the morning the ship was as quiet as this floor, when we hastened up to the deck and found that we had anchored off the island of Cyprus. In a boat which the natives rowed standing up, as is the custom, instead of sitting down, as when we row, we were soon landed on the streets where Paul and Barnabas walked and preached. Yea, when at Antioch, Paul and Barnabas got into a fight—as ministers sometimes do, and sometimes do, for they all have imperfections enough to anchor them to this world till their work is done, I say—when, because of that bitter controversy, Paul and Barnabas parted, Barnabas came back here to Cyprus, which was his birthplace. Island, wonderful for history! It has been the prize sometimes won by Persia, by Greece, by Egypt, by the Saracens, by the Crusaders, and last of all, not by sword but by pen, and that the pen of the keenest diplomatist of the century, Lord Beaconsfield, who, under a lease which was as good as a purchase, set Cyprus among the jewels of Victoria's crown.

We went out into the excavations from which Di Cenosola has enriched our American museums with antiquities, and with no better weapon than our foot we stirred up the ground deep enough to get a tear bottle in which some mourner shed his tears thousands of years ago, and a lamp which before Christ was born lighted the feet of some poor pilgrim on his way. That island of Cyprus has enough to set an antiquarian wild. The most of its glory is the glory of the past, and the typhoid fevers that sweep its coast, and the clouds of locusts that often blacken its skies (though \$300,000 were expended by the British Empire in one year for the extermination of these noxious insects, yet failing to do their work), and the frequent change of governmental masters hinder prosperity.

But when the islands of the sea come to God, Cyprus will come with them, and the agricultural and commercial opulence which adorned it in ages past will be eclipsed by the agricultural and commercial and religious triumphs of the ages to come. Why is the world so stupid that it cannot see that nations are prospered in temporal things in proportion as they are prospered in religious things? Godliness is profitable not only for individuals, but for nations. Questions of tariff, questions of silver bill, questions of republic or monarchy have not so much to do with a nation's temporal welfare as questions of religion. Give Cyprus to Christ, give England to Christ, give America to Christ, give the world to Christ, and He will give them all a prosperity unlimited. Why is Brooklyn one of the queen cities of the earth? Because it is the queen city of churches.

Blindfold me and lead me into any city of the earth so that I cannot see a street or a warehouse or a home, and then lead me into the churches and then remove the bandage from my eyes, and I will tell you from what I see inside the consecrated walls, having seen nothing outside, what is that city's merchandise, its literature, its schools, its printing presses, its government, its homes, its arts, its sciences, its prosperity or its depression, and ignorance and pauperism and outlawry. The altar of God in the church is the high water mark of the world's happiness. The Christian religion triumphant, all other interests low down, all other interests low down. So I thought on the evening of that day we stepped from the filthy streets of Larnaca, Cyprus, onto the boat that took us back to the steamer Minerva, which had already begun to paw the waves like a courser impatient to be gone, and then we moved on and up among the islands of this Gospel archipelago.

Night came down on land and sea and the voyage became to me more and more suggestive and solemn. If you are pacing it alone a ship's deck in the darkness and at sea is a weird place, and an active imagination may conjure up almost any shape he will, and it shall walk the sea to confront him by the smoke-stack or meet him under the captain's bridge. But here I was alone on ship's deck in the Gospel archipelago, and do you wonder that the sea was populous with the past and that down the rattles Bible memories descended? Our friends had all gone to their berths.

"Captain," I said, "when will we arrive at the island of Rhodes?" Looking out from under his glazed cap, he responded in sepulchral voice, "About midnight." Though it would be keeping

unreasonable hours, I concluded to stay on deck, for I must see Rhodes, one of the islands associated with the name of the greatest missionary the world ever saw or ever will see. Paul landed there, and that was enough to make it famous while the world stands, and famous in Heaven when the world has become a charred wreck.

This island has had a wonderful history. With 6,000 Knights of St. John, it at one time stood out against 200,000 warriors under "Solymann the Magnificent." The city had 3,000 statues, and a statue to Apollo called Colossus, which has always since been considered one of the seven wonders of the world. It was twelve years in building and was seventy cubits high, and had a winding stairs to the top. It stood fifty-six years, and then was prostrated by an earthquake. After lying in ruins for 900 years, it was purchased to be converted to other purposes, and the metal, weighing 730,000 pounds, was put on 900 camels and carried away. We were not permitted to go ashore, but the lights all up and down the hills show where the city stands, and nine boats come out to take freight and to bring three passengers. Yet all the thousands of years of its history are eclipsed by the few hours or days that Paul stopped there.

But there is one island that I longed to see more than any other. I can afford to miss the princes among the islands, but I must see the king of the archipelago. The one I longed to see is not so many miles in circumference as Cyprus or Crete or Paros or Naxos or Scio or Mytilene, but I had rather, in this sail through the Grecian archipelago, see that than all the others; for more of the glories of Heaven landed there than on all the islands and continents since the world stood. As we come toward it I feel my pulses quicken. "I, John, was on the island that is called Patmos." It is a pile of rocks twenty-eight miles in circumference. A few cypresses and inferior olives pump a living out of the earth, and one palm tree spreads its foliage. But the barrenness and gloom and loneliness of the island made it a prison for the banished evangelist.

Domitian could not stand his ministry, and one day, under armed guard, that minister of the Gospel stepped from a tossing boat to these dismal rocks and walked up to the dismal cavern that was to be his home and the place where should pass before him all the conflicts of coming time and all the raptures of a coming eternity. Is it not remarkable that nearly all the great revelations of music and poetry and religion have been made to men in banishment—Homer and Milton banished into blindness; Beethoven banished into deafness; Dante writing his "Divina Comedia" during nineteen years of banishment from his native land; Victor Hugo writing his "Les Misérables" exiled from home and country on the island of Guernsey; and the brightest visions of the future have been given to those who by sickness or sorrow were exiled from the outer world into rooms of suffering. Only those who have been imprisoned by very hard surroundings have had great revelations made to them.

So Patmos, wild, chill, and bleak and terrible was the best island in all the archipelago, the best place in all the earth for divine revelations. Before a panorama can be successfully seen, the room in which you sit must be darkened, and in the presence of John was to pass such a panorama as no man ever before saw or ever will see in this world, and hence the gloom of his surroundings was a help rather than a hindrance. All the surroundings of the place affected St. John's imagery when he speaks of Heaven. St. John, hungry from enforced abstinence, or having no food except that at which his appetite revolted, thinks of Heaven; and as the famished man is apt to dream of bountiful tables covered with luxuries, so St. John says of the inhabitants of Heaven, "They shall hunger no more." Scarcity of fresh water on Patmos and the hot tongue of St. John's thirst leads them to admire Heaven as he says, "They shall thirst no more."

St. John hears the waves of the sea wildly dashing against the rocks, and each wave has a voice, and all the waves together make a chorus, and they remind him of the multitudinous anthems of Heaven, and he says, "They are like voice of many waters." One day, as he looked off upon the sea, the waters were very smooth, as it is to-day while we sail them in the Minerva, and they were like glass, and the sunlight seemed to set them on fire, and there was a mingling of white light and intense flame, and as St. John looked out from his cavern home upon that brilliant sea he thought of the splendors of Heaven and describes them "As a sea of glass mingled with fire." Yes, seated in the dark cavern of Patmos, though homesick and hungry and loaded with Domitian's anathemas, St. John was the most fortunate man on earth because of the panorama that passed before the mouth of that cavern.

Turn down all the lights that we may better see it. The panorama passes, and lo! the conquering Christ robed, girdled, armed, the flash of golden candlesticks and seven stars in His right hand, candlesticks and stars meaning light held up and light scattered. And there passes a throne and Christ on it, and the seals broken, and the woes sounded, and a dragon slain, and seven last plagues swoop, and seven vials are poured out, and the vision vanishes. And we halt a moment to rest from the exciting spectacle. Again the panorama moves on before the cavern of Patmos, and John the exile sees a great city representing all abominations, Babylon towered, palaced, templed, fountained, foliaged, sculptured, hanging gardens, suddenly going crash! crash! and the pipes cease to pipe, and the trumpets cease to trumpet, and the dust, and the smoke, and the horror fill the canyons, while from above and beneath are voices announcing, "Babylon is fallen, is fallen!" And we halt again to rest from the spectacle.

Again the panorama passes before the cavern of Patmos, and John the exile sees a mounted Christ, on a snow white charger leading forth the cavalry of Heaven, the long line of white chargers galloping through the scene, the clattering of hoofs, the clinking of bridled bits, and the flash of spears, all the earth conquered and all Heaven in Doxology. And we halt again and rest from the spectacle. Again the panorama passes before the cavern of Patmos, and John the exile sees great thrones lifted, thrones of martyrs, thrones of apostles, thrones of prophets, thrones of patriarchs, and a throne higher than all on which Jesus sits, and ponderous books are opened, their leaves turned over, revealing the names of all that have ever lived, the good and the bad, the renowned and the humble, the mighty and the weak, and at the turn of every leaf the universe is in rapture and fright, and the

sea empties its sarcophagus of all the dead of the gunkon shipping, and the earth gives way, and the Heavens vanish. Again we rest a moment from the spectacle.

The panorama moves on before the cavern of Patmos, and John the exile beholds a city of gold, and a river more beautiful than the Rhine or the Hudson rolls through it, and fruit trees bend their burdens on either bank, and all is surrounded by walls in which the upholstery of autumnal forests, and the sunrises and sunsets of all the ages, and the glory of burning worlds seem to be commingled. And the inhabitants never breathe a sigh, or utter a groan, or discuss a difference, or frown a dislike, or weep a tear. The fashion they wear is pure white, and their foreheads are encircled by garlands, and they who were old are young, and they who were bereft are reunited. And as the last figure of that panorama rolled out of sight I think that John must have fallen back into his cavern nerveless and exhausted. Too much was it for naked eye to look at. Too much was it for human strength to experience.

My friends, I would not wonder if you should have a very similar vision after awhile. You will be through with this world, its cares and fatigues and struggles, and if you have served the Lord and have done the best you could, I should not wonder if your dying bed were a Patmos. It often has been so. I was reading of a dying boy who, while the family stood around sorrowfully, expecting each breath would be the last, cried: "Open the gates! Open the gates! Happy! Happy! Happy!" John Owen, in his last hour, said to his attendant, "Oh, brother Payne! the long-wished for day has come at last!" Rutherford, in the closing moment of his life, cried out: "I shall shine, I shall see him as he is, and all the fair company with him, and shall have my large share. I have gotten the victory. Christ is holding forth His arms to embrace me. Now I feel! Now I enjoy! Now I rejoice! I feed on manna. I have angels' food. My eyes will see my Redeemer. Glory, glory dwelleth in Immanuel's land." Yes, 10,000 times in the history of the world has the dying bed been made a Patmos.

You see the time will come when you will, oh, child of God, be exiled to your last sickness as much as John was exiled to Patmos. You will go into your room not to come out again, for God is going to do something better and grander and happier for you than He has ever yet done! There will be such visions let down to your pillow as God gives no man if he is ever to return to this tame world. The apparent feeling of uneasiness and restlessness at the time of the Christian's departure, the physicians say, is caused by no real distress. It is an unconscious and involuntary movement, and I think in many cases it is the vision of heavenly gladness too great for mortal endurance. It is only Heaven breaking in on the departing spirit.

You see your work will be done and the time for your departure will be at hand, and there will be wings over you and wings under you, and songs let loose on the air, and your old father and mother gone for years will descend into the room, and your little children whom you put away for the last sleep years ago will be at your side, and their kiss will be on your forehead, and you will see gardens in full bloom, and the swinging open of shining gates, and will hear voices long ago hushed.

In many a Christian departure that you have known and I have known there was in the phraseology of the departing ones something that indicated the reappearance of those long deceased. It is no delirium, no delusion, but a supernatural fact. Your glorified loved ones will hear that you are about to come, and they will say in Heaven: "May I go down to show that soul the way up? May I be the celestial escort? May I wait for that soul at the edge of the pillow?" And the Lord will say: "Yes. You may fly down on that mission." And I think all your glorified kindred will come down, and they will be in the room, and although those in health standing around you may hear no voice and see no arrival from the Heavenly world, you will see and hear. And the moment the fleshly bond of the soul shall break, the cry will be: "Follow me! Up this way! By this gilded cloud, past these stars, straight for home, straight for glory, straight for God!"

As on that day in the Grecian archipelago, Patmos began to fade out of sight, I walked to the stern of the ship that I might keep my eye on the enchantment as long as I could, and the voice that sounded out of Heaven to John the exile in the cavern on Patmos seemed sounding in the waters that dashed against the side of our ship. "Behold the tabernacle of God is with men, and He will dwell with them, and they shall be His people and God himself shall be with them and be their God; and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes, and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain, for the former things are passed away."

## What the South Needed.

Two New Yorkers traveling South were waiting in the depot at Memphis, and talking about the needs of the South, and they had been at it three-quarters of an hour, when a long-haired man in an old sombrero and an "overflowed" look in his face, stepped up and said:

"Gentlemen, you were talking about the South?"

"Yes, sir."

"You were talking about her prospects, progress and needs?"

"We were, sir."

"Well, now, I ain't so very well posted on her prospects and progress, but if you want to know the great present needs of the South just invite me out to take a whisky straight!"—[Wall Street News.]

## Wrestling with a Ladder.

A man came out of the postoffice carrying a fifteen-foot ladder on his shoulder and attempted to cross Broadway. Two ladies, a vendor of pencils, a policeman and two ordinary citizens were victimized before the wheel of a heavy truck struck the end of the ladder. The man spun around for a moment or two, and then settled down with the ladder across his back. The truckman and stage drivers shouted, and a small boy perched himself on either end of it and attempted to see-saw across the man's back. The policeman, recovering his dignity, assisted the man to arise, threatened to arrest him, and finally sent him down Barclay street, amid a chorus of yells from all hands.—[New York Herald.]







## Personal Mention.

Squire Fairbanks was 73 years old Friday.

J. Newton McKay is on the sick list at present.

Mrs. M. Bertsch took the train for Grand Rapids, Monday.

Dr. H. Van den Berg of Fremont was in the city this week, on business.

Miss Jennie Oggel of Grand Rapids is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

H. Potts of Grand Haven was in the city this week, in the interest of his Ottawa County Directory.

Attorneys Post, Diekema, McBride and Vischer were at the county seat Monday, in attendance at the opening of court.

Rev. Dr. Steffens left for Chicago Tuesday, to take part in the installation there of Rev. R. Bloemendaal, as pastor of the Ref. church.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Braam, recently married, spent part of their honeymoon with relatives in the city. The News office was kindly remembered.

C. De Pree passed a successful examination last week before the state board of pharmacy, at Lansing. He will remain on duty at the drug store of Dr. H. Kremers.

Simon Kleyn, after an absence of two years in Kansas City, Mo., returned Saturday evening, and intends to visit with his parents in the city during the winter.

Ald. W. Comors of Marshal, while in the city Wednesday, on his regular commercial tour, invested in a cottage site at Harrington's Landing, where he intends to build him a handsome cottage in the spring.

Allegan Gazette: Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Adams of Holland were calling on old neighbors last Monday. — Mrs. Hopkins of Holland is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Curry this week. — Mrs. F. H. Carr of Holland was called to Wayland suddenly on Tuesday by the fatal sickness of her father, Dr. Ball.

Mrs. Cecelia Hunckley, mother of Mrs. Wm. Swift, died very suddenly at her daughter's home at Hartford, Thursday morning, eighty years of age. She had spent most of her time for the past two years in this city, with Mrs. Swift, and made a number of friends. She was a bright, cheerful old lady and will be missed very much by those who knew her.

## OUR NEIGHBORS.

### Grand Haven.

The circuit court is in session this week, with Judge Arnold on the bench. The criminal calendar is very light. The important suit of the city of Grand Haven vs. The Wiley Water Works, which was expected to be tried at this term, has been put over, much to the regret of our citizens, who desire to have the legal status of the city under a certain contract entered into between the two about ten years ago, defined. Geo. A. Farr appeared for the city and Judge Howell and Geo. W. McBride for the company.

The stabbing affray that took place at Nunica, May 29th, occupied the time of the court nearly two days. In this case Bradley Taylor was charged with a murderous assault upon Oscar Hunt. Prosecutor Danhoff represented the People and G. A. Farr and W. I. Lillie the respondent. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty.

Monday evening fire broke out on board the City of Milwaukee, the elegant passenger steamer, that only a few days before had been withdrawn from a successful summer's service, and gone into winter quarters. The fire department succeeded in extinguishing the flames before they had reached much headway, although the damage done by fire and water will reach several thousands. The loss is covered by insurance. The fire originated in the cabin, near the stack, but how, is hard to tell.

Maj. B. D. Safford and family have moved to Detroit.

A lamp exploded, one evening last week, in the residence of John Cook on Clinton street, but was extinguished without doing much damage.

At Spring Lake some miscreant or other delinquent in poisoning dogs, cows, turkeys and chickens, and rewards are out for the detection of the guilty party.

Capt. Kirby is carrying on the business of packing fish in ice in good earnest, and has already stored 15,000 pounds. The fish when received are already cleaned, thus the only thing necessary is to carefully pack them in ice, which is something of an art to do nicely. The fish when received are placed in metal pans and solidly frozen together, making a mass as hard as a stone wall. They are then placed in the stock room with their frozen brothers, being cross piled one upon the other. The stock room is so arranged that a mass of frost coming from the ice room above keeps the temperature at about 20 degrees.

Tuesday evening, while Henry Van den Berg of Fulton street was at a neighbor's the alleged ghost that has annoyed many people recently appeared to his wife as she was going out the back door, and she was so terribly frightened that some dish water she was carrying was dropped and she fell over in a faint and was in a semi-unconscious condition when her husband returned.

Burglars broke into LaFebre & Meyer's store Tuesday night and secured \$25 worth of shoes and several other articles.

Rev. J. J. Van Zanten of the Second Ref. church has declined a call from the church at Grandville.

Hon. E. P. Ferry, of Utah, was in the city this week, on a visit to his brother, ex-Senator T. W. Ferry.

## Port Sheldon.

The old Fifth District has again re-deemed itself, and now that the election is over your correspondent is frank to admit the courtesy extended to him by "our friends on the other side." During the campaign they were kind enough to send him a good supply of their literature. This is to inform them however that they have struck the wrong man for a democratic circulating medium.

A. B. Turner and S. P. Warmerly of Grand Rapids were here last week, stopping at Mr. Cook's. The latter took them to Ottawa Beach last Saturday, but this time they had not very good luck with their guns.

I do not know whether the sky in these parts has been bombarded or not, but we have had a pouring rain for several days, and the marshes are full.

Rev. Brotherton preached his farewell sermon at our schoolhouse, No. 7, last Sunday. The service was well attended. Mr. and Mrs. J. Fileman of Holland were also present; they came down in spite of the rain. Mr. B. returns to his old home at Freepont.

PSEUDONYM.

## Women are Slow

oftentimes to adopt a good thing, but

## Men are Quick

to try and to use anything that will help them. Learn a lesson from the men, ladies.

## The Responsibility

for many a poor batch of Bread is charged to the flour, when it really belongs to poor yeast.

**GILLETT'S**



**MAGIC**

**YEAST**

*Is ALWAYS GOOD and always ready.*  
Try the Owl and Moon brand, and help yourself, as a man would.  
At your Grocer's.

There have lately been placed upon the market several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition of "Webster's Dictionary." These books are given various names. "Webster's Unabridged," "The Great Webster's Dictionary," "Webster's Big Dictionary," "Webster's Encyclopedic Dictionary," etc.

Many announcements concerning them are misleading. The Webster reprint portion of each from A to Z is the same, — forty four years behind the times, and printed from plates made by photographing the old pages.

The old book has been padded out by various additions culled from various sources, but the body is the same that was published when Polk was president and duly buried at the incoming of Lincoln. The Webster, current from Lincoln to Harrison, is the popular copy-righted "Unabridged" which has just been superseded by WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY. See advertisement in another column.

Use a Combination Slicer for slicing bread, tomatoes or potatoes, cabbage for sauerkraut, cutting corn off the cob for drying, and for many other purposes too numerous to mention. Call and examine it at

32-11 KANTERS BROS.

Both air and water abound in microbes, or germs of disease, ready to infect the debilitated system. To impart that strength and vigor necessary to resist the effect of these pernicious atoms, no tonic blood-purifier equals Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Mrs. Frances E. Lanigan, the wife of George T. Lanigan, the brilliant newspaper writer, will hereafter be Mr. Bok's chief associate in the editorial management of *The Ladies' Home Journal*. Mrs. Lanigan has been for years successfully connected with newspaper work, and she is said to be one of the cleverest women journalists in the country.

The combination of ingredients found in Ayer's Pills renders them tonic and curative as well as cathartic. For this reason they are the best medicine for people of costive habit, as they restore the natural action of the bowels, without debilitating.

## Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a Billious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and Tonic; acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blisters, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at P. W. Kane Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

## Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at P. W. KANE'S Drugstore, Holland, and A. DE KRUIJ, Zeeland; regular size 50c and \$1.00.

## A Present.

If you desire to surprise your friends and make them happy, and at the same time have the satisfaction that your money is worthily invested, there is no better opportunity offered than to examine the new goods that are now being received at the jewelry store of

O. BREYMAN & SON.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 6, '91. 41-2w

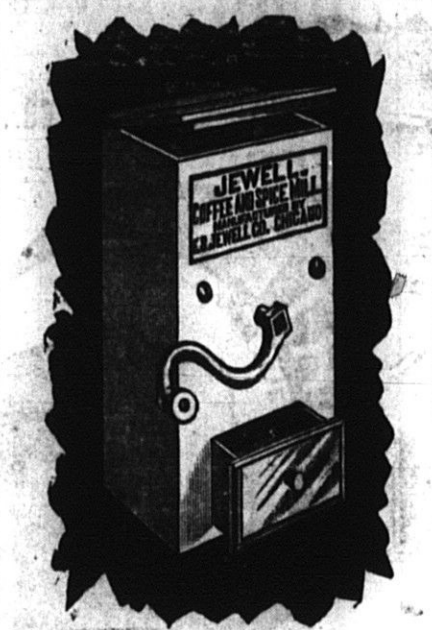
## Reduced Rates.

FOR THE CONVENTION OF THE UNION State Sunday School Association, at Muskegon, December 1st, the O. & W. M. will sell excursion tickets, November 30th, and for morning trains December 1st, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. 40-3w

## NOTICE.

WHEREAS, my wife, Minnie, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, notice is hereby given, that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her from and after this date.  
Holland, Mich., Nov. 10, 1891.  
ARNOLD VERHULST.

## DO YOU?



**Yes, You Can Have One Free!**

I am giving them away to people who trade with me and I would enjoy giving you one. It is not a cheap affair, but a fine family mill (the Genuine "JEWELL"), encased in a handsome natural wood cabinet, with air-tight drawer, also air-tight storage compartment, and worth fully three dollars.

**You Like Good Coffee.**

I will give you a "Jewell" Coffee Mill to grind it. Full particulars at the store.

**B. STEKETEE,**  
Post Block, Eighth and River Streets  
HOLLAND, MICH.  
October 30, 1891. 40-1w

**\$5 TO DETROIT — AND — RETURN.**

## Special Excursion!

VIA

C. & W. M. and D. L. & N. R'y's.

**NOV. 25**

TICKETS GOOD FOR TEN DAYS.

Best Chance of the Season to visit Detroit at Small Expense.

Train will leave Holland at 9:55 a. m.; Grand Rapids at 1:15 p. m., arriving at Detroit at 6:30 p. m., stopping at Grand Ledge, Lansing, Howell and Plymouth.

GEORGE DeHAVEN,  
General Passenger Agent.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.  
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Monday the Ninth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.  
In the matter of the estate of John J. Anderson, deceased.  
On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Fannie Anderson, widow of said deceased, representing that John J. Anderson, late of the township of Holland, in said county, lately died (not state, leaving estate to be administered, and praying for the appointment of Henry Boers administrator thereof.  
Thereupon it is Ordered, that Saturday, the Fifth day of December next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at the session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner, give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
(A true copy. Attest.)  
CHAR. E. SOULE,  
Judge of Probate.

# RINCK & CO.,

THE SPECIAL FEATURE IN THE

# Mammoth Furniture Establishment

of Holland, just now, is a well selected variety of



While you are in the store, examine them, it will interest you to look over their new lines of Parlor and Chamber Sets and

## Chenille and Lace Curtains.

Do not hasten to make your purchases, but first examine our stock.

# RINCK & CO.

## Auction Sale

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION, at the farm of Jan H. Boone, on the State road between Holland and Zeeland, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1891,

at 9 o'clock a. m., the following property, to-wit: Two Norman mares, five years old, in foal; one 8-year-old mare, in foal; one horse, 8 years old; two 2-year-old colts, two spring colts, nine cows (two new milch), three 2-year-old calves, two yearling calves, two spring calves, seven head of sheep, three fat hogs, seventy chickens, two lumber wagons (broad tire), one 2-seated buggy, one 4-seated bob cutter, one cutter, one road cart, one top buggy, one bank sleigh, one 2-beam sleigh, three plows, five cultivators, one new mowing machine, one reaper, two spring harrows, one broadcast seeder, one fanning mill, one corn-sheller, one hay fork, with apparatus, a large quantity of straw, twenty tons of good hay, corn and corn stalks, 300 bushels of oats, three sets double harness, four new horse blankets, three sleigh robes, one horse rake, one pair fly nets, household goods, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE:  
All sums under \$3, cash; on all sums of \$3.00 and over, credit will be given till October 1, 1892.  
CHRIS. D. SCHILLEMAN,  
GEORGE H. SOUTER,  
Auctioneers.

40-2w

## Abstracts of Titles!

Having purchased of JACOB BAAR

"The Old Reliable" and Only Set of Abstract Books

of Ottawa County. I am now prepared to furnish Abstracts to all

Lands and Platted Tracts

in the County on short notice.

## MONEY SAVED

by obtaining Abstracts before loaning money on purchasing Real Estate.  
Address all orders to

Geo. D. Turner,  
Grand Haven, Mich.

## Pure & Full Weight.



Economical & Popular.

FOR

The Season of 1891!

## Notier & Verschure

## A Choice Selection

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Provisions,

CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHING, ETC.  
Creamery Butter constantly on hand.

COUNTRY PRODUCE always acceptable and at the highest market prices paid.

Remember the Place:

Eighth St., Holland, Mich.

# The Season.

We have received our new

## FALL MILLINERY

Goods, and respectfully invite the Ladies of Holland and vicinity to give us a call.

Our Prices will be as Reasonable as Possible.

New Goods Constantly Received.

# MISS DE VRIES & CO.

Holland, Mich., Sept., 17, 1891.

# We're waiting for You.

And when you have examined our goods and the prices at which they are offered you will be our friend ever afterwards.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.

Larger Stock than ever before. Full line of Overcoats, Underwear, and Shirts. Plush Caps, latest styles.

The Goods are beautiful and marked at irresistible prices.

Call before purchasing elsewhere and you will be satisfied. We mean business.

# Jonkman & Dykema,

Holland, Mich., Sept. 10, 1891.

# H. Meyer & Son,

River Street, Holland, Mich.,

— DEALERS IN —

# Pianos, Organs,

AND SEWING MACHINES.

Pianos: A. B. CHASE, STERLING and BRAUMER.  
Organs: UNITED STATES, LAKE SIDE, and FARRAND & VOLTEY.

Sewing Machines: STANDARD, DOMESTIC, WHEELER & WILSON, and all the Leading Machines in the market

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS:  
Banjos, Guitars, Violins  
Music Boxes.

New Sewing Machines from \$20 and upwards.