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### Holland City News, Volume 10, Number 38: October 29, 1881

Holland City News

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# WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE Mexican Central railway has completed its track 92½ miles long from the capital, and expects to reach Leon by June.

HENRY POPE, of Louisville, has been arrested for an attempt to sell ninety-seven tons of ore which he was selling to the St. Louis Smelting Co. He was caught in the act by Manager by which \$295,000

COMPASS 1111 1011

instincts helps them—against their co-

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# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, during all the years he has been in the Senate, has never, it is said, revised a single speech for publication. He never uses notes, and knows exactly what he means to say before he rises from his chair.

THE Philadelphia Times remarks: "Mr. Vanderbilt may not know it, but he is to-day the most eloquent and effective champion in the land of the absolute control of inter-State commerce by the Federal Government."

JUDGE THOMAS FOSTER, a prominent lawyer of Calhoun, Ga., committed a sort of double suicide in his stable, first drinking two vials of laudanum and then shooting himself twice in the pit of the stomach. Business troubles was the cause of the act.

A NUMBER of leading citizens of New York have organized a company to erect at the corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street a place of amusement modeled after the European summer theater. It will be opened in April with a series of concerts directed by Herr Strauss, of Vienna.

THE fact has just been developed at Lincoln, Cal., that a leading citizen named Singleton was murdered and robbed, four years ago, by an old friend named Niles, with whom he crossed the plains. The body was thrown into an abandoned well on Niles' farm, and suspicious circumstances led to the excavation of the skeleton.

A MONUMENT has been raised in the Shipka pass to commemorate the battles which were fought there during the late war between Russia and Turkey. It is said to be a worthy memorial of the thousands of lives, many of them the lives of the bravest men in the opposing armies, which were lost in the tremendous struggle of Suleiman to force the pass.

NEW YORK people complain of the amount of mutilated silver coin in circulation in that city, but are probably unaware of the means by which it gets there. It is not freely circulated in the other great cities, and is sold to the coin-brokers, and by them it is sold to the pawnbrokers, who pay it out to the poor people who are their customers, and are not in a condition to refuse to take it.

Gov. ROBERTS, of Texas, exercises a personal supervision of the prisoners in the State penitentiary. Most of them, he says, are young men from the Northwest, East and North, who, having strayed from home restraints, have fallen into bad company and got into trouble. He tells them that good conduct will shorten their terms, and if they behave themselves, pardons them out.

It costs \$20 to secure a front seat when Patti sings, but the energetic and enterprising managers of Paris theaters have hit upon a scheme by which people who cannot afford to pay such fancy prices can catch snatches of the prima donna's songs at a cheaper rate. Telephone lines are utilized for this purpose, and stations established where a five-minutes' listen can be secured for a franc and a half. Many patronize the new system, and express themselves as well satisfied with what they hear.

THE statistics of railway construction in India show a very rapid rate of progress. The total length of lines open on the 1st of January last was 9,325 miles, of which no fewer than 838 miles had been added during the year. This remarkable activity appears to have been well maintained, for between the date mentioned and the close of the financial year (1880-81) 266 more miles had been opened, and numerous important railway undertakings are in progress, among which is the extension of the Punjab Northern railway to Peshawar.

Mrs. SARAH DAVIS, of Washington, who died a short time ago, was the only person who ever shook hands with all the Presidents of this country except President Garfield. She was in her 94th year, and was born in the district near Bladensburg. Her husband, John Davis, who died about twenty-five years ago, had charge of the navy yard during the War of 1812, and took all the records and other valuable documents of the Government to Montgomery county in a wagon to save them from being destroyed by the British.

THE New York Sun is alarmed to find that of the 447 female graduates of the

Hartford High School, only 147 have married! The Springfield Republican says the explanation is easy. The education makes woman more independent, more able to earn her own living and enjoy it and less disposed to take up with the risks of married life, until just the right party comes along. She is less likely to "throw herself away" in the idea that she must get married anyhow. The Sun did not comment upon the fact that the whole number of deaths among these 447 is only twenty-five, which illustrates the sanitary value of education.

## MICHIGAN NEWS.

A JURY was obtained in the Hall murder case at Pontiac, after examining 160 persons.

GEORGE N. McNEIR, an attorney of Washington, was married at Kalamazoo to the only daughter of Hon. Julius C. Burrows.

THE country around Hudson is celebrated for its fine apple orchards. This year the fruit is scarce, but quality best in years.

KOCHVILLE, over which Bay and Saginaw counties waged the last civil war, is again in trouble, its property being assessed in both counties.

THE Minden Mutual Insurance Company has been able to pay its fire losses, which is a blessed boon to some of the Sanilac county fire sufferers.

THE first Episcopal church erected in the interior of Michigan was built at Tecumseh forty-seven years ago, but is still well preserved and occupied by the Episcopal society.

TWO hotel registers, which were important witnesses for the people in the Hall murder case at Pontiac, and were left in one of the vaults of the Court House, have been spirited away.

THE engine house near the rolling-mill at Negaunee was taken down in pieces to remove to another location, when the pieces disappeared during the night, and fourteen families have been fined \$6 each for stealing.

CHEBOYGAN Tribune: The indications are that more cedar will be got out during the coming winter in this vicinity than ever before in one season. We learn of one party who intends getting out 100,000 railroad ties.

ONE Kalamazoo woman has a claim against the village for damages sustained by a defective sidewalk, and another for damages by reason of falling over a grocer's stock in trade, which he was displaying on the sidewalk.

MOUNT CLEMENS Press: Baltimore is still somewhat light-headed over the discovery of several gas wells. It has been demonstrated, however, that the filling up of the tubing with water prevents the escape of the gas, there not being sufficient force to the gas veins to make its way to the surface through the water. Some of the owners are trying to use it for domestic purposes, but whether their efforts will meet with success remains to be seen.

BETWEEN Negaunee and Ishpeming, a few days since, a cow ran on the track a few rods ahead of the locomotive. The engineer suddenly reversed the engine, and in doing so disconnected the lever of the throttle, which left him without means of controlling it. As the train began to move back at a rapid rate, the brakes were set up tight and fortunately held the runaway machine, though not stopping the motion, the engine continuing to work at lightning speed until steam ran down, after which it was found that the friction had melted the surface of the steel rails like so much lead.

THE census bulletin recently issued, giving the cereal production of the United States for 1880, shows that Michigan, in proportion to the acreage, is the leading wheat-growing State in the Union. Michigan was tenth in the breadth of wheat sown, but was fourth in the product, being only exceeded by Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. The average yield per acre in Michigan was within a fraction of twenty bushels to the acre, against sixteen in Illinois and eighteen in Indiana and Ohio. The season was good throughout the country, and the general average was thirteen bushels to the acre, about two-thirds that of Michigan. If the Michigan crop had been no better than the average it would have been but 24,000,000; while, if every State had done relatively as well as Michigan, nearly 700,000,000 bushels would have been harvested.

THE battalion of State troops that took part in the Yorktown celebration number just about 300 men, rank and file. The roster is as follows, the companies being assigned places in line from right to left, as mentioned:

- Colonel—L. C. Smith.
- Lieutenant Colonel—J. H. Kidd.
- Major—B. F. Wheeler.
- Adjutant—C. W. Calkins.
- Quartermaster—J. C. Herkner.
- Surgeon—H. R. Mills.
- Assistant Surgeon—Woodward.
- Chaplain—Benjamin T. Hutchins.
- Sergeant Major—B. Frank Littlefield.
- Quartermaster Sergeant—M. A. Rodman.
- Hospital Steward—A. B. McCullum.
- Brigade Drum Major—W. F. Nickerson.
- Grand Rapids—Capt. H. W. Calkins, First Lieut. Fred J. Morrison, Second Lieut. A. B. Richmond and forty-eight men.
- Ionia—Capt. F. S. Hutchinson, First Lieut. A. E. Tower, Second Lieut. H. C. Sessions and forty men.
- Adrian—Capt. Martin O'Leary, First Lieut. Robert Darnon and forty-two men.
- Bay City—Capt. C. R. Hawley, First Lieut. H. P. Warfield, Second Lieut. R. P. Dolson and forty-one men.
- East Saginaw—Capt. A. L. Button, First Lieut. T. H. McCoy, Second Lieut. W. A. Richards and forty men.
- Ann Arbor—Capt. C. H. Manley, First Lieut. J. F. Schaub, Second Lieut. Charles E. Hancock and forty men.
- Knights Templar Band, Bay City—Frank Denio, drum-major, Charles H. Fuller, leader, and twenty pieces.

## THE YORKTOWN CENTENNIAL.

Ceremonies at the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Surrender of Yorktown.

YORKTOWN, Oct. 19.

Yesterday's proceedings in the celebration now in progress may be briefly described as follows:

At 10 o'clock salutes were fired from Gen. Hancock's camp. The steamer Excelsior, with the Yorktown Congressional Commission on board, arrived, and was received with salutes from Gen. Hancock's camp and the war vessels in the harbor. Shortly after the dispatch and Tallapoosa hove in sight, and were saluted by the camp and gunboats.

President Arthur left the Dispatch at 11:30 and proceeded to Lafayette Hall, where he was received by the Governor of Virginia.

The distinguished guests, including the descendants of Lafayette and Steuben, Governors of States and Congressmen, began to arrive at Lafayette Hall about 11 o'clock. Gen. Hancock arrived at noon and paid his respects to the Governor of Virginia.

At about 12:30 President Arthur, accompanied by Secretaries Hunt, James and Lincoln, was driven to the entrance of Lafayette Hall, and was received by Master of Ceremonies Corbin. The President shook hands with the distinguished persons present. The line was then formed, and the party marched to the grand stand, where the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the monument was to take place, under the auspices of the Masquo Fraternity.

President Arthur was loudly cheered by the crowd during the march to the grand stand. When all had taken the places assigned them the ceremonies were opened with prayer by Rev. Robert Nelson, grandson of Gov. Nelson, who commanded the Virginia militia at Yorktown. He thanked God for 100 years of blessing vouchsafed this country for Washington, for our allies and for our victory, and prayed that the people of the land might not pride themselves too much upon their own achievements and prosperity, but that they might thank and trust the Lord. He prayed for peace among all nations and for fraternal concord among the sections of our common country. He prayed for the rulers of the land, that they might be wise, and for the people that they might learn to love and serve the Lord.

At the conclusion of the prayer the band played the "Star Spangled Banner" with a military accompaniment.

Gov. Holliday, of Virginia, then delivered the address of welcome. The Governor has a fine presence, clear voice and earnest manner, and was frequently applauded, especially by the distinguished gentlemen who sat around him. His allusions to the unity of sentiment, purpose and destiny of all sections of our common country were greeted with enthusiastic applause.

United States Senator J. W. Johnston, of Virginia, Chairman of the Congressional Commission, then made a few appropriate remarks, in which he sketched the history of the surrender, read from original documents an account of the action of Congress at the time, exhibited the sword voted to the messenger who bore the news of the surrender, and alluded to the fact that W. W. Henry, grandson of Patrick Henry, and the Rev. Dr. Nelson, grandson of Gov. Nelson, were on the stand.

In conclusion, he said that the column, now to be erected, was to commemorate not only the victory of the colonies, but the part taken in that victory by France. Recognition and acknowledgment of aid given by France to this country in the hour of its need was a solemn duty left by the Continental Congress to its successors, and now, after the lapse of 100 years, the Congress of thirty-eight States and 50,000,000 of people, the Congress of the nation which stretches from the Atlantic to the Pacific, is fulfilling that duty. Three millions of people, and thirteen colonies accomplished the great work, and now 50,000,000 of people and thirty-eight States are celebrating it. Participating in this celebration are the representatives of the French nation, here at the invitation of this Government. Again French soldiers tread American soil, and French vessels again ride York river. The model of the monument to be erected is here before us. Thirteen female figures representing the thirteen colonies seem to support on their shoulders a column inscribed with the names of thirty-eight States, and crowned with a figure of Liberty. This embodies the idea that from the thirteen colonies grew thirty-eight States, and sprung the truest and most thorough and genuine liberty ever enjoyed by any people. On four sides of the base, and carrying out the original design of the Continental Congress, are emblems of the alliance between the United States and his Most Christian Majesty, and a succinct narrative of the surrender of Earl Cornwallis; and now, as an appropriate opening of our celebration, the corner-stone of the monument will be laid with all the grand and solemn ceremonies befitting so great an occasion by the order of Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, of which Washington himself was a chief member.

The workmen, under the direction of the Grand Master of Virginia, then laid the corner-stone according to the ancient and honorable rite. The chair occupied by the Grand Master on the occasion was one which Lord Boulton, when loyal Governor of the Old Dominion, presented to the Grand Lodge of Virginia, and in which George Washington sat when Grand Master of Virginia Masons. The sash and apron worn by Grand Master Peyton S. Coles, of Virginia, were worked by Mrs. Lafayette, and were presented to Washington in 1784 at Mt. Vernon. Afterward, in 1812, they were given to Washington Lodge, of Alexandria, Va., by Maj. Lawrence Lewis. The gavel was made from a portion of the quarter-deck of the United States frigate Lawrence, the flagship of Commodore Perry at the battle and victory of Lake Erie, Sept. 10, 1813, and was presented to the Masonic Veterans' Association by a venerable brother of the Rev. Marshall B. Smith, June 2, 1880.

Judge B. R. Welford, of Virginia, Masonic orator, then made an eloquent address, at the conclusion of which the ceremonies ended.

Immediately afterward President Arthur and party left for the steamer Dispatch. The steamer bearing the French Commission, Secretary Blaine, and others, was in the steam some two hours and a half before they were first discovered from shore, and while the corner stone was being laid Secretary Blaine came to the Government dock and sent word to the authorities in charge; but it was too late, as the ceremonies were completed, and the party returned to the Tallapoosa.

The scene on the river front was an inspiring one. Men-of-war, steamers, tugs, yachts, sailing vessels, all decked with flags and streamers; salutes to arriving dignitaries, gay uniforms, military, Knights' Templar, etc.; the music of bands and drums and fifes as the troops landed and marched to quarters, and the crowds of people of all nationalities and conditions who gathered at the batteries or wandered over the grounds—all combined to make a scene of deep interest. There were the usual drills at the camps all day, and they were witnessed by thousands of spectators.

The pyrotechnic display at night was a success. All the war-ships were brilliantly illuminated, presenting a beautiful sight. On the Franklin the lights were so arranged as to show the outlines of the ship and the rigging with a magnificent effect. There were also other designs, one being a schooner apparently under sail. From the yachts in the harbor went forth a constant stream of rockets, etc.

Troubles increased on Secretary Blaine's shoulders as the day went by. It is reported that the French grew jealous of the attention paid the Germans, and the Germans refused to come on the same ship with the French after

leaving Fortress Monroe. The Germans came on the Catskill, while the French came on their own vessel.

YORKTOWN, Oct. 20.

About 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon Secretary Blaine and the French and German delegations, in full uniform, arrived at Lafayette Hall. On entering, the Marine Band, of Washington, played an appropriate air, the military officers, Congressmen and other persons of distinction greeting them as they passed. At the end of the hall the President met the distinguished guests, and an informal interchange of courtesies took place. In a few moments the party started for the grand stand, President Arthur and Secretary Hunt leading. They were received with cheers as they appeared upon the platform. Next came Secretary Blaine, escorting the French Legation. Gen. Sherman, with his staff in uniform were next in line, Gen. Hancock and staff following. Gen. Hancock was given three cheers.

After a general handshaking, the proceedings were opened by prayer by Bishop Harris. He invoked divine blessing upon the United States and the Republic of France, and, in conclusion, asked God's blessing upon all the crowned heads of the world.

The "Pindexter Centennial Hymn" was then sung by the choruses from Baltimore, Richmond and Washington.

President Arthur was then introduced by Secretary Blaine, and delivered the following address:

"Upon this soil, 100 years ago, our forefathers brought to a successful issue their heroic struggle for independence. Here and then was established, and, as we trust, made secure on this continent for ages yet to come, that principle of government which is the very fiber of our political system—the sovereignty of the people. The resentments which attended, and, for the time, survived the clash of arms, have long since ceased to animate our hearts. It is with no feelings of exultation over a defeated foe that to-day we summon up a remembrance of those events which have made holy the ground whereon we tread. Surely no such unworthy sentiments could find harbor in our hearts, so profoundly thrilled with the expression of sorrow and sympathy which our national bereavement has evolved from the people of England and their august sovereign, but it is altogether fitting that we should gather here to refresh our souls with the contemplation of the unflinching patriotism, the sturdy zeal, and the sublime faith which achieved the results we now commemorate; for, so, if we learn aright the lesson of the hour, shall we be impelled to transmit to the generation which shall follow the precious legacy which our fathers left to us—the love of liberty, protected by law. Of this legacy, which we here celebrate, no feature is more prominent, and none more touching, than the participation of our gallant allies from across the sea.

"It was the presence of the gallant allies from across the sea which gave fresh and vigorous impulse to the hopes of our countrymen, when well nigh disheartened by a long series of disasters. It was their noble and generous aid, extended in the darkest period of the struggle, which sped the coming of our triumph, and made the capitulation at Yorktown possible a century ago. To their descendants and representatives, who are here present as honorary guests of the nation, it is my glad duty to offer united welcome. You have a right to share with the associations which cluster about the day when your fathers fought side by side with ours in the cause which was here crowned with success, and none of the memories awakened by this anniversary are more grateful to us than the reflection that the national friendship here so closely cemented have outlasted the mutations of a changeable century. God grant, my countrymen, that they may ever remain unshaken, and that ever henceforth, with ourselves and with all nations of the earth, we make at peace."

Mr. Outrey, then, in behalf of the French delegation, was introduced by Secretary Blaine, and delivered an address.

Mr. Outrey said the French Government has felt deeply touched by the friendly sentiments which inspired the United States with the thought of asking France to participate in the celebration of the Yorktown Centennial, and heartily desires to respond in a manner worthy of both republics to the invitation by the President of the United States in behalf of the people of America. Manifestations of public sympathy following the initiative taken by the Congress of the United States bidding France to this national festival have been looked upon by us not only as an act of the highest courtesy, but especially as a mark of affectionate regard, having the noble aim of cementing yet more closely the ties which unite the two republics. In commemoration of this day, which represents one of the grandest events in the postal existence of this country, the French Government has sent a mission composed of special delegates from the foreign departments, and the President of the French republic, wishing to mark his personal sympathy, has sent one of his own aides-de-camp. They thus desire to show particular appreciation of the graceful compliances to our country. Each and all of us proud of having been called to the honor of presenting France on this auspicious day, the monument which is here to be erected will not only recall a glorious story; it will perpetuate the recollection of an ever-faithful alliance—faithful through the trials and vicissitudes of an eventful century; and, as the President of the French republic has truly said, it will consecrate the unbroken ground of generous and liberal aspirations, and which the institutions we can now boast in common must necessarily strengthen and develop for the good of both countries. Joining to this Yorktown centennial we come to celebrate the day which ended that long and bitter struggle against a great nation, now mutual ally and friend, who has, as undying skies where her flag has floated, has ineffaceable marks of her grand and daring spirit. We come to celebrate the glorious day when the heroes of independence were able to set their final seal to the solemn proclamation of the Fourth of July, 1776. I come also to salute the dawn of a new era of prosperity where, led by her best men, America permitted the intelligence of her people to soar to their energy to manifest itself, and the power of the United States has strengthened and every year has added to the glories which surround her star-spangled banner.

When France left from beyond the seas the co-operation of her army and navy to this valiant engagement in the war for independence, with Lafayette, Rochambeau, DeGrasse, and other scions of our illustrious families, here, they yielded to a generous impulse came with disinterested courage to assist the cause of liberty. A blessing went their endeavors and gave success to their arms when 100 years ago, as to-day, French Americans grasped each other's hands at Yown, they realized they had helped to erect corner-stone of a great edifice. But surely the most foresighted among those men had started had been able to look down the long vista of a century ages at the end this republic, then struggling and struggling with all the difficulties which surrounded her, now so radiant and beaming with the halo of glory. The great Washington himself, whose foresaw the destiny of this country, did not have predicted this. Truly the United States have made, especially in these latter years, gigantic strides along the route to greater progress, by showing the world what can be accomplished by an energetic and intelligent nation, always respectful of its duties as jealous of rights. America has

given a great example, and has been the cause of rejoicing to all true lovers of liberty. France is proud of having contributed to found this great republic and her wishes for your prosperity are deep and sincere. Mutual friendship is founded on many affinities, tastes and aspirations, which time cannot destroy, and future generations, I trust, will assist again in this same place at a spectacle unprecedented in the history of two great nations; renewing, from century to century, compact fraternal and imperishable affection.

I will not close without thanking the Federal Government, the different States of the Union of which the delegation have been the guests, also the people of America, for the sympathy and welcome extended to the representatives of France. Each of us will treasure the recollection of American hospitality and friendly sentiments which have been manifested to us in every place and every sphere.

Marquis de Rochambeau made a graceful response in French. He said: "Citizens of the United States, you have invited us to celebrate with you the great achievement of arms, and we have not hesitated to brave the terrors of the ocean to say to you that what our fathers did in 1781 we, their sons, would be willing to do to-day, and to attest our constant friendship, and further show that we cherish the same sentiments of our fathers in those glorious days we celebrate. In the name of my companions, who represent here the men who fought, permit me to hope that the attachment formed in these days around this monument which is to be erected, will be renewed in 100 years and will again celebrate a victory which joined our fathers in comradeship and alliance."

Baron Steuben then responded in German, in an appropriate speech, which was loudly applauded.

There were vociferous cheers for the distinguished guests of the nation.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies at the monument there was a reception by President Arthur in Lafayette Hall, to which the general public was admitted.

The following order was read by Secretary Blaine at the celebration to-day:

"In recognition of the friendly relations so long and so happily subsisting between Great Britain and the United States, in the trust and confidence of peace and good-will between the two countries for all centuries to come, and especially as the mark of the profound respect entertained by the American people for the illustrious sovereign and gracious lady who sits upon the British throne, it is hereby ordered that at the close of these ceremonies, commemorative of the valor and success of our forefathers in their patriotic struggle for independence, the British flag shall be saluted by the forces of the army and navy of the United States now at Yorktown. The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy will give orders accordingly."

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the President: JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

YORKTOWN, Oct. 21.

The great event of yesterday, the military review, was successfully carried out. All the organizations presented a fine appearance and marched well. The route was about four miles over broad fields. One hour and twenty minutes were consumed in passing a given point. When the procession reached the grand stand Gen. Hancock and staff rode at the head, but then fell out of line, and, with President Arthur, his Cabinet, foreign guests and other dignitaries, reviewed the troops from the stand. Gen. Hancock stated to the President there were 9,500 men in line. The States represented by volunteers were Georgia, New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Maryland, North Carolina, New Hampshire, Virginia, New York, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Vermont, Kentucky, Michigan and Connecticut. The President was quite enthusiastic over the magnificence of the display. The only colored troops in line were two companies from Richmond, composing part of the First Virginia Regiment. They were loudly cheered by the spectators from the North.

On the grand stand, to which admission was obtained only by ticket, from Gen. Hancock's quarters, beside the President of the United States and members of his Cabinet, Senators, Representatives, Governors of States, Gen. Sherman and staff, the French and German delegations, were a large number of other distinguished men as well as many ladies.

The marching of the troops generally was very fine and excited great interest among military men, and elicited loud cheers from the multitude. Gen. Hancock and Gen. Fitzhugh Lee were both loudly cheered wherever they appeared, as a tribute to "the Blue and the Gray," and recognition of the fact that both are now marching under the common flag of a common country. The men of Kentucky and Michigan were loudly cheered, as were also the First Connecticut, the Georgia battalion, which has with them two of the guns captured from the British at Yorktown 100 years ago, and the regulars that marched from their several stations North to Yorktown.

The State troops vied with each other in drill and discipline, and the friends of each claim the palm. The regulars excited general admiration.

Fully 10,000 troops were present during these exercises.

In the afternoon Gen. Hancock gave a reception on board the steamer St. John. Among the guests were President Arthur, David Davis, President pro tem. of the Senate, the French and German visitors, officers of the army and navy, Congressional Commission, Governors, and other officers of States.

The commission cut off one day from the programme, and the much-looked-for naval engagement took place in the afternoon, and was witnessed by immense crowds from the bluffs. The large barges and steamboats crowded with people, the naval vessels covered with bunting, the yachts, tugs, and row boats with streamers, the music from the bands and the firing of the salutes combined to make the scene long to be remembered.

## Fear of Disease.

It is said that while the plague was raging in Buenos Ayres, the grave-diggers bore charmed lives. Of the 300 men so employed not one died of the disease.

It has often been noticed that during the prevalence of pestilential diseases, physicians, undertakers, nurses and grave-diggers, whose business compelled constant liability to infection, have usually escaped in a far greater ratio than their numbers would warrant. The "charm" from this immunity from the prevailing scourge is very simple. They are not scared. They are positive to the disease, and repel its attacks. Fear is a great ally of death. Whoever is afraid of disease is in a negative condition, and really invites its approach.

And thus it is the world over. The brave die but once, while cowards die many times.

Much unnecessary alarm exists in every community in regard to many diseases. We are, it is true, all liable to sickness and death. But if we are all sober, cleanly and brave of heart, we need have no fear of disease of body or mind.

THE way they take the census in India is to count the natives on one square mile and then multiply by all the figures a state will hold.



**DRUNKENNESS AND DIVORCE IN MAINE.**

We find in the *Eastern Argus* a summary of thirty six petitions for divorce entered in the Supreme Court this week at Portland. These figures represent only the new suits begun at a single term of court in a single county of Maine. We have not at hand the means or estimating the total amount of domestic misery in the State. It must be very large.

Cumberland County, with its thirty-six new divorce suits this week, is the home of our venerable and respected friend Neal Dow, the father of Prohibition, who assured *The Sun* about six months ago that the Maine law had been and was "in every way a great success." Now, of the thirty-six petitions for divorce entered this week in Gen. Dow's county, twenty-seven are brought by the wife, and in ten habitual drunkenness is specified as a cause for separation. We do not count the cases where cruelty or violence is set up, or other offences which may or may not have their origin in the rum bottle; only those in which habitual drunkenness is distinctly alleged.

Ten is not a large number, but the ratio is startlingly large.

The one argument in favor of prohibition has been that drink is the fountain-head of crime and domestic misery. To prevent crime and misery the State assumes the right to interfere.

Figures furnished recently by Judge Goddard of Portland prove that since the Maine law has been in practical operation the number of convicts in the State prison has increased two hundred per cent., the population having meanwhile increased fourteen per cent.

The divorce records of Cumberland County would afford further evidence as to the inefficiency or powerlessness of the prohibitory statutes to do the work for which they were framed. Perhaps Neal Dow or Judge Goddard can tell us whether in 1851 the number of petitions alleging habitual drunkenness was equal to what it is in 1881.—*N. Y. Sun.*

[The article above corroborates our opinion, which we have expressed frequently, that prohibition on paper is not prohibition in fact; and a great deal more good can be done by a practical guidance to light drinks, or different graded societies of temperance, than all the fanatical prohibition laws combined.—*Ed.*]

**Special Notices.**

**Special Assessors Notice.**

CITY OF HOLLAND,  
Clerk's Office, October 6th, 1881.  
To H. De Kruij, Roelof A. Schouten, Grace Episcopal Church, and Hope Church.  
You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll for the repair of sidewalks has been reported by the Board of Special Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 9th day of November, A. D. 1881, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council room, in said City, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Special Assessors to review said roll.  
By order of the Common Council,  
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

THE Life of President Garfield. It contains the full history of his noble and eventful life and dastardly assassination. Surgical treatment, death, funeral obsequies, etc. The best chance of your life to make money. Beware of "catch-penny" imitations. This is the only authentic and fully illustrated life of our martyred President. Fine steel portraits. Apply to  
H. KEPPEL, Postmaster,  
38-2w Zeeland, Mich.

BLUE and red Mackinaws of all sizes, at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

THE finest line of skirts ever imported in the city; also an elegant assortment of cloaks and dolmans, and the cloth for making cloaks and dolmans, and a variety of trimmings, are just received at  
35-1f D. BERTSCH.

New styles of Fianuels, Dress Goods, and Prints, at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

A NEW style of Woolen Hoods, from 50 cents to \$2.00; also a new kind of lace colors for ladies, and the popular Spanish silk lace, both black and white, at  
35-1f D. BERTSCH.

Just received at the store of G. Van Putten & Sons, an immense stock of Gent's and Boy's fine socks, and Ladies' and Misses' hosiery. This assortment is the most complete ever imported and is new, novel, strong and beautiful. 35-1f

WOOLEN Blankets and Comfortables, of different prices, at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

**New Advertisements.**

**To whom it may Concern.**

WHEREAS my wife, Julia E. has left my bed without just cause or provocation, therefore all persons are hereby warned not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her from and after this date.  
GEORGE W. CAMPBELL.  
HOLLAND, Oct. 25, 1881. 38-4w

**For Sale.**

A 30-horse power  
**SECOND-HAND ENGINE.**  
In good running order.

It was by Lettelt Bros. at Grand Rapids, and was only laid aside for lack of power to meet the requirements of the increased machinery of the  
38-8w CITY MILLS, Holland, Mich.

**ATTENTION  
Farmers and  
Woodsmen.**

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:  
Oak Stave Bolts, 80 inches long.  
White Ash Stave Bolts, 80 inches long.  
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long.  
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.  
JAS. KONING, Supt.

**NERVINE PILLS.** They act like a charm on the Urinary Organs, Kidneys and Liver, restoring lost vigor, and curing nervous debility. \$1 per box, or 6 for \$5; sent sealed by mail. Ladies' and Gentlemen's. A o' kinds Rubber Goods for Ladies and Gentlemen, a book on Lost Manhood Regained, cause and cure, 10c. to pay postage. Dr. JAMES, 304 Washington Street Chicago Ill. 41-1v

**NEW STOCK  
—OF—  
BOOTS & SHOES**

—Just received at—  
**E. HEROLD,**

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

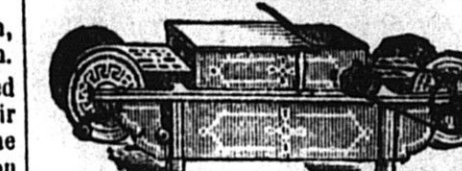
**CALL AND SEE US.**

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880. E. HEROLD.

**To whom it may Concern.**

WHEREAS my wife Hanna, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, therefore all persons are hereby warned not to harbor or trust her on my account as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her from and after this date.  
FILLMORE, Oct., 10, 1881. 36-4w HENDRIK HELMINK.

**THAT MUSICAL WONDER!**



The MECHANICAL ORGANETTE is the greatest musical invention of the age. Any person can perform upon it with the apparent skill of a master, all sacred, secular, popular, and dance music. Equally suitable for the home, lodge, or church. Admirably adapted for the ball-room, picnic excursion parties, etc. No instruction required. Price, \$10, \$20, \$30, and upward. Terms of purchase liberal. Illustrated Catalogue free. LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe Sts., Chicago 1-4-pr-m-33-6m.

**Com'l. College**

Young Men and Women will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a Thorough, Quickening, Practical Education. Send for College Journal.

**\$500 REWARD.**

WE will pay the above reward for any of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we not cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, with the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give relief. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, contain 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.

**Now is the chace  
for Farmers**

Our popular wagon manufacturer

**J. FLIEMAN,**

Offers his superior made wagons as cheap as anybody sells them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

**Better wagon in evy way**

**Call and Examine.**

Also keeps on hand a e of

**TIMKEN SPRING UGGIES**

**Open and Top uggies,**

And a nice assortment of for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way.

**BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON**

W. O. P. J. FLIEMAN, Holland, Mich. 14-1f

**AN ENTIRE  
NEW STOCK!**

and a new firm under the old firm name.

**M. Huizenga & Co.,  
EIGHTH STREET.**

We have added a complete stock of

**DRY GOODS,  
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,**

Notions, Hosiery, Woolen Yarns,

Etc., Etc., which we offer for sale at very low prices. Our motto is: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Our stock of CROCKERY is large and complete, and our stock of GROCERIES is constantly being replenished, kept fresh and full.

**FLOUR AND FEED,**

is also kept constantly on hand.

The highest prices is paid for butter and eggs, and other Country Produce.

**Call and see our New Goods.**

M. HUIZENGA,  
B. WYNHOFF.  
HOLLAND, Sept. 22, 1881. 33-6m.

W. H. JOSLIN, R. B. BEST.

**JOSLIN & BEST,**



AND DEALERS IN  
Clocks, Watches, Solid Gold  
and Plated Jewelry.

**All Kinds of Spectacles.**

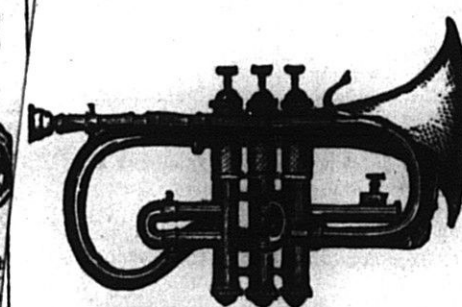
Refitting neatly and promptly done, and warranted.

Write all our old Colony friends, who happen to visit Grand Rapids, and all our old and new friends in and around the city of Grand Rapids, to call on our new place of business, and examine our stock. We shall be happy to see them at any time.

**No. 132 MONROE ST.**

Near the Cor. of South Division St.,  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

GRAND RAPIDS, Dec. 1, 1880. 43-1y



**CUB. BERDAN'S MUSIC HOUSE,**

254 Woodward Ave., Detroit.  
Cornets and Band Instruments of every description. Pianos and Organs at wholesale and retail. Orchestras, Band and Sheet Music. The most complete stock in Michigan. Catalogues sent free. Address, O. F. BERDAN, 29-26w 254 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

**Assignee Sale**

We have opened an immense stock of

**Boots, Shoes,  
DRY GOODS,**

**Notions, Tinware,**

**Glassware, Crockery,**

**Cutlery, Plated Ware, &c.**

These goods must be sold at once, regardless of price.

**THE LAW DEMANDS IT.**

**Call in and get your  
BARGAINS.**

We pay the highest price for  
Old Rags, Copper, Etc.

**OPPOSITE POST - OFFICE.**

B. T. WYNNE, Assignee.  
HOLLAND, Sept. 22, 1881. 33-6m

**Notice for Publication.**

LAND OFFICE AT REED CITY, MICH. }  
September 28, 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and final entry thereof, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Ottawa County, Michigan, at the county seat, on Saturday the 29th day of October, 1881, viz: John C. Robust, homestead entry, No. 1074, for the S½ of S. W. & Sec. 24, T. 6 N. R. 16 W., and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: C. M. Pauser of West Olive, P. O., and James O. Anstin, of West Olive, P. O., and Henry Barton, of West Olive, P. O., and Charles Tuttle, of West Olive, P. O.

35-5w EDWARD STEVENSON, Register.

**MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,**

Will make, for the next 60 days only, a Grand Offer of  
**Pianos and Organs.**

**\$850 Square Grand Piano for only \$245.**

**STYLE 3 1-2**

Magnificent rosewood case elegantly finished, 3 strings, 7½ Octaves, full patent cantate agraffes, our new patent overstrung scale, beautiful carved legs and lyre, heavy serpentine and large fancy moulding round case, full iron frame, French Grand Action, Grand Hammers. In fact every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the instrument has been added.

Our price for this instrument boxed and delivered or board cars **\$245** at New York, with fine Piano Cover, Stool and Book, only

This Piano will be sent on test trial. Please send reference if you do not send money with order. Cash sent with order will be refunded and freight charges paid by us both ways if Piano is not just as represented in this advertisement. Thousands in use. Send for Catalogue. Every instrument fully warranted for five years.

**PIANOS \$160 to \$400 (with Stool, Cover and Book).**

All strictly FIRST-CLASS and sold at Wholesale Factory prices. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the Highest Honors. The squares contain our New Patent Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The new patent scale Uprights are the Finest in America. Positively we make the finest Upright Pianos, of the richest tone and greatest durability. They are recommended by the highest musical authorities in the country. Over 14,000 in use, and not one dissatisfied purchaser. All Pianos and Organs sent on 15 days' test trial—freight free if unsatisfactory. Don't fail to write us before buying. Positively we offer the best bargains. Piano Catalogue mailed free. Handsome Illustrated and Descriptive Piano Catalogue of 50 pages mailed for 6c. stamp. Every Piano fully warranted for 5 years.

**JUBILEE ORGANS**

Our New Style Jubilee Organ in Japanese Case, called the "ORIENT L." Style 99, is the handsomest, tastiest and sweetest toned Parlor Organ ever offered the musical public. It contains FIVE OCT VES, FIVE sets of Reeds, viz.: Melodia, Celeste, Diapason, Sub-bass and Celestina. Also Fifteen Beautiful Stops, as follows, viz.: Melodia, Celeste, (a charming stop), Diapason, Sub-bass, Echo, Dulcet, Melodia Forte, Celeste-Forte, Expression, Treble-Cornet, Celestina, Bass-Cornet, Grand Organ (which throws on the entire power of the instrument), Right Knee Stop and swell, Left Knee Stop and swell. Height, 70 in.; Length, 47 in.; Width, 34 in.; Weight, boxed, 350 lbs. The case is of solid walnut, veneered with choice woods, and is of an entirely new and beautiful design, elaborately carved, with panels, music closet, lamp stands, fretwork, &c., all elegantly finished. Possesses all the latest and best improvements, with great power, depth, brilliancy and sympathetic quality of tone. Beautiful solo effects and perfect stop action. Regu ar retail price \$375. Our wholesale net cash price to have it introduced, with stool and book, only \$87—as one organ sold sells others. Positively no deviation in Price. No payment required until you have fully tested the organ in your own home. We send all Organs on 15 days test trial and pay freight both ways if instrument is not as represented. Positively, our Organs contain no "Bogus" sets of Reeds, or "Dummy" stops, as do many others. We make no misrepresentations, and guarantee honest and fair dealing, or no sale. Fully warranted for 5 years. Other styles \$35, \$50, \$67, \$85, \$70, \$75, \$85, etc. Over 34,000 sold, and every Organ has given the fullest satisfaction. Organ Catalogue mailed free.

Factory and Warerooms, 57th St. and 10 Ave.

**SHEET MUSIC**

at one-third price. Catalogue of 3,000 choice pieces sent for 3c. stamp. This musical composition, by the best authors. Address,  
**MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., P. O. Box 2058, New York City.** 31-6mc

**Phosphate and  
Grain Drills**

at the Hardware Store of

**W. C. MELIS.**

We the undersigned hereby testify that we have used the Superphosphate, advertised by Mr. Wm. C. Melis, at Holland, on part of our wheat lands, and that we have by experience that the wheat produced on the lands manured by phosphate is considerable better; the straw is heavier, about 2½ inches taller, and that the yield of grain was increased thereby about 25 per cent.

Our intention is, to use it again next year.

W. DIEKEMA.  
F. PLASMAN.

TOWN HOLLAND, Mich., July 12th, 1881. 27-1f

**\$1,000 FORFEIT!!**

Immix Cancer Cure Depot, Coast-cook, P. Q. Canada.

**CANCER CURED**

without the use of the Knife.  
The only permanent Cure in the world. For particulars enclose two 3 cent stamps to  
S. C. SMITH, Coastcook, P. Q., Canada.

Cures Swift and Certain. (Any paper can publish this for \$6 per year, with this note and paper sent regularly.) 1-1y

**STARTLING DISCOVERY!**

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.  
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 1-1y

**WANTED**

10,000 BUSKETS BUCKETS, of which I make Buckeye Pile Ointment, Warranted to cure Piles. Address with stamp, Dr. J. N. Tisher, St. Louis, Mo.



**It Positively Cures.**

**RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, BRUISES  
RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, BRUISES**

AND NEVER FAILS IN

COUGHS, CROUP OR DIPHTHERIA.

COUGHS, CROUP OR DIPHTHERIA.

COUGHS, CROUP OR DIPHTHERIA.

Sold by all Druggists. PRICE 50 cents and \$1.00.

Go to D. R. MERRIS for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1881. FALL AND WINTER. 1881.

**MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.**

**Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,**

Ladies and Childrens, Cloaks, Dolmans, Circulars, Jackets and all kinds of cloaking, Plush Velvet, Satin Silk Crape, Fancy Ribbons, Plush, Satin, Moire antique, Worsteds Goods, Jackets, Hoods, Scarfs, Fur Trimmings, Muffs and Colors.  
Silk & Satins in all desirable Colors. Crape, Gloves, Hosiery, German town Yarn, Canvas, Embroidery Silk and Hair Goods.

**L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,**

EIGHTH STREET - - - - - HOLLAND MICH



## Jottings.

Now is the time to subscribe for this paper. If the high and steadily climbing prices of the necessities of life keep up until New Years, we shall be compelled to raise the price of subscription!

THE autumn leaves are falling.

THE new bridge over Black River is nearly completed.

MASTER Henry Breyman shot a white Swan on Thursday afternoon of last week.

EVERY family ought to have *St. Nicholas*—the finest Magazine for children ever published.

MR. Ed. Williams has had a nice little duck-boat built for him. Mr. C. Blom, the builder, is acquiring quite a reputation.

DIED—On Saturday evening, at 8½ o'clock, Alice Leota, youngest daughter of Chas. and Madeline Johnson, at the age of nearly one year.

LONDON *World* thinks that a pretty woman who smokes looks well, and predicts that Worth will some day add to his dresses a dainty little tobacco pouch or cigarette pocket.

MR. Peter Corbijn, brought a young steer in town last week, aged 3 months and 3 weeks, which weighed 218 lbs. Our butchers say that it was extraordinary heavy for the age.

It is said that the fruit crop on Isle La Motte, Lake Champlain, is so large that apples, pears, and plums are scattered over the ground so plentiful that bushels rot where they fall.

MR. Burbank gave us some of his humorous and dramatic readings on Tuesday evening. The audience was fair and appreciative. Although we have heard better talent, he was good and pleased his audience.

MR. August Lundblad has now on sale genuine Holland Gin, which we are not afraid to pronounce excellent. He also has the popular "Celery Rock and Rye", which is advertised as a cure for sore throats and weak lungs.

A MAN is Oswego, N. Y., has thirty bushels of horse-chestnuts for winter food for his cow. He has paid boys 8 cents a bushel for gathering them, and declares that a cow will eat them, when well dried, in preference to the sweetest hay and with good effect on the flow of milk.

MR. E. Perrine brought us up a limb of one of his apple trees in full blossom. Many trees show a new growth since the termination of the dry season. We have also noticed a cherry tree in blossom in the garden of Mr. J. Hummel; and several parties have similar specimens in their gardens.

MR. G. Rankans has just received a very fine lot of pianos and organs, which are displayed in the Jewelry store of J. Albers, No. 53 Eighth street. The array is very attractive and draws considerable attention. The instruments are very fine, and their tone is superb. Now is the time for the lovers of music to pick out an instrument.

THE Methodists have a much needed lamp for the front of their church. The post is from the ill-fated Alps, of Oct. 16, 1880, presented to the Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, the pastor, by Hon. T. G. Butlin, Supt. of the Goodrich Transportation Co., and the lantern is from the shop of Wm. Miller, of Grand Rapids. Moral: the post resting in the ground and fastened there is a relic of disaster and universal death; the lamp resting upon its top, and toward the heavens,—light, protection and eternal life to all those who will now accept it.

ON Sunday evening last Rev. Terwilliger exhibited the Jewish Tabernacle in miniature to the Sabbath school scholars of this city. The lecture, explaining the meaning of all the beautiful and costly implements used by the children of Israel, was one of those plain elucidations which leaves its impress not alone upon the young folks, but upon the parents as well. Rev. Terwilliger has received some of the highest encomiums for his efforts by the clergy of Grand Rapids. To say the least, it is very instructive.

PURSUANT to call issued in last week's News, a meeting was held in Lyceum Hall on Saturday evening last. After considerable deliberation the meeting was adjourned to Monday evening, when they met and elected Messrs. K. Schadelee, H. D. Post and John Dijkema as a Committee to act jointly with the Committee appointed by the Common Council, to defend our citizens who are threatened with a suit by one Green, on an alleged infringement on his patent right. It was decided to commence operations with 50 cents per pump, which amount can be swollen—if necessary—to \$2.00 per pump. This sounds like business! Good! Good! "Millions for defence, but not one cent for bribery."

ALL our hardware men are doing an immense business in stoves.

GATHERING beautifully colored leaves and making them into wreaths is now fashionable.

HUNTING is all the rage. Our young nimrods are quite successful in bagging ducks and partridges.

MR. L. Schoon, of Zeeland, was made happy by the presentation of an 8th daughter on Saturday morning last.

MARRIED:—In Holland, Mich., Oct. 20th, 1881, by Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, Albert H. Potter, of St. Joseph, Mich., to Helen L. Shearer, of Dixon, Ill.

THE shoe-peg factory at Arlington, Vt., turns out 150 bushels of pegs per day, which are mainly shipped to Germany and France. The timber used is yellow and black birch.

MR. Kees den Herder, an old member of Comp. I, 25th Mich. Infantry, died last week in Nebraska, to which State he moved four years ago; formerly he was a resident of Zeeland.

THE remnants of the Philadelphia Centennial exhibition have been sold by auction. The great organ, which cost \$20,000, went for \$5,000, and it is to be removed to a Boston fair building.

THE total receipts of the Port Huron relief committee, in money and goods, up to last Saturday night, were \$464,067.43. Since that time about \$1,500 cash has been received, together with large quantities of goods.

LIST of letters remaining in the post office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 27, 1881: George Barber, Mrs. Anna De Verne 2, Michael Holling, James R. Naas, N. H. H., Box 332, 2, Benjamin Pullman, J. S. Wright.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

MR. John Zimmerman, a laborer in Cappon's tannery, left his home and family on Sunday last, during a family quarrel, with considerable money in his pocket, and has not been heard of since. Some think it probable that he committed suicide, but the more general opinion is that he skipped the country.

MR. J. den Herder, banker at Zeeland has opened a stock of general merchandise, in his store, adjoining the bank, recently vacated by Mr. Moerdijk, who now occupies his own new brick store across the street. Mr. den Herder has got the means, and we don't see why he could not be a successful merchant. Success Mr. H.!

THE largest land-owner on the Pacific slope is probably Col. Murphy, of Elk county, California. He has four million acres in Mexico, which he bought a few years ago at five cents per acre; he has sixty thousand acres in Nevada and twenty-three thousand in California. He raises wheat in the latter, and cattle in Colorado. A railroad will soon pass through his Mexican tract, when it will become very valuable.

THE extent and profitability of the California fruit trade are indicated by the statement that Mr. Briggs, a fruit-grower in Sacramento county, will this season pack 250,000 boxes of raisins, which will sell for at least \$2 per box at the vineyard making \$500,000 for the whole. Besides this he has already sold \$20,000 worth of grapes at \$45 per ton. One fruit grower near Sacramento city has sold \$10,000 worth of fruit from twenty acres of orchard, the profits being over \$7,000.

MR. Benj. H. Mudge, general insurance agent, was in town this week looking after the interests of Mutual insurance companies in general, and with a view to aid the two Mutual companies who have suffered so largely by the fire of Sept. 5th which swept over the counties of Sanilac, Huron and Tuscola. They have issued an appeal, setting forth that if the other Mutual companies allow those two companies to die through neglect of support, it would injure the whole Mutual insurance business. We think this point is well taken, and we don't doubt but what the two companies in question will receive sufficient support from the other companies to put them on their feet again.

### Real Estate Transfers in Ottawa County.

For the week ending Oct. 26, 1881.

This list includes only such as seem to be bona fide sales, quit claims, where the consideration is very small, not given.

Hubert Mull and wife to Daniel Mull, piece land 66x122 ft. in s w ¼ n e ¼ n e ¼, sec. 22-28-16. \$300.  
Benjamin F. Bancroft to J. Henry Moores, e ¼ s e ¼, sec. 18-7-14. \$40.  
Robert Lawrence and wife to Silas Horton 27 90-100 A in n ¼ s ¼ n w ¼, sec. 15-5-16. \$275.  
Melinda Hanchett to George Haystead e ¼ s ¼ n w ¼, sec. 20-8-14. \$600.  
Ira L. Grinnell and wife to Ann Arbor Savings Bank w ¼ n e ¼, sec. 4-8-15. \$700.  
Frederick Ramsey and wife to Thomas Savidge, lot 1, Bk. 1, Bartholomew's add. Spring Lake. \$1500.  
Robert W. Duncan and wife to Gerrit Blemers n w ¼ s w ¼, sec. 8-5-15. \$500.  
Peter Clark to Isabella Smith, part lot 3, Bk 3 Adits add. Nunica. \$50.  
William Burnam and wife to Isabella Smith lot 1 and 2 in Bk 1 of Boynton's part of Adits add. Nunica. \$100.  
Elizabeth Knoll to Abraham M. Kanters e 21 ¼ ft. of a 65 ft. of lot 10, Bk 30, Holland. \$300.  
Benton Platt and wife to Isaac Manchester n w ¼ n. w. ¼, sec. 5-8-14. \$300.

THE *Century* (Scribner's Monthly) for November is an elegant number.

It seems to us that our merchants have laid in a larger stock of goods this fall than ever before.

BARON Blanco telegraphs from Rome that Esposito, the brigand captured at New Orleans, has been fully identified.

THE small farmers of Germany cannot hold their own. Nearly 4,000 farms were offered for sale last year, and 1,000 found no purchasers.

EXHAUSTIVE diseases that lead to insanity, consumption, and a premature grave, are quickly cured by using Brown's Iron Bitters. It strengthens every part of the body.

THE Alleghany mountains are now in their most gorgeous dress, the varied hues of the forest trees being resplendent in color. Tourists are there in large numbers to see the mountain scenery.

THE Advertising Agency of Lord, Brewster & Co., Chicago, has changed its personnel by the withdrawal of Mr. Brewster and the acquisition of Mr. A. L. Thomas, for ten years with the excellent agency of T. C. Evans, Boston. Their clients, as well as publishers, will regret the absence of Mr. Brewster from the firm, while offering no lake warm welcome to the new firm. This Agency, in either its old or new form, holds high place in the esteem of the press.—*Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 19, 1881.*

THE agricultural distress in England has in a curious way led to the discussion of the Biblical injunction against work on the Sabbath day. It has so happened that several Sundays have come as pleasant days, preceded and followed by days of inclement weather. The crops were in such a state that every hour counted, but so strong was the Sabbatarian feeling among a large number of the people that tens of thousands of farmers conscientiously refrained from work on Sunday, although by so doing they sacrificed in the aggregate an immense amount of money.

### GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

THE nomination of S. C. Clover as postmaster at Grand Haven, was sent into the Senate on Tuesday, Oct. 25th.

M. H. CREAGER has received an appointment as United States Internal Revenue agent, but has not been assigned to any district as yet.

A FIFTY Dollar bill was stolen on Wednesday out of the cabin of the barge Golden Harvest, and Capt. Burmeister is afraid that his accounts will be that much short, as he does not expect ever to see it again.

THE new barge, built at Robinson's yard, will be ready for launching in a few weeks. There are also two tugs in frame and ready for planking in the same yard. One of them, about 75 feet keel, is intended to run as a Ferry boat on the Fruitport route, and the other is building for Capt. F. Brouwer for service on Macatawa Bay from Holland to the mouth.

ALTHOUGH the weather is fair and pleasant, yet, still it seems to be the opinion among our vessel-owners, that it is about time to lay up; not so much on account of the season, as for the reason that freights are unusually low and scarce, and wages high; and but very little can be made by running longer. Klaas Van Weelden has laid the Leo up, and the steamer New Era, Capt. Purlong, has also gone into winter quarters.

THOMAS Aikins claims that on Wednesday morning he was robbed of about \$350 in the alley, back of Akeley's store. From his story it seems that he, together with several others, had been playing cards all night, until about 8 o'clock in the morning, when the party broke up. Aikins and a man named Lewis, went through the alley where he says that Lewis tripped him and took his money and made good his escape. Aikins has invoked the assistance of the officers of the law but as yet Lewis has not been found.

ON Friday last a telegram was received announcing the death of Mrs. E. P. Ferry, by being thrown from a horse. The remains of Mrs. Edward P. Ferry have found a last resting place in the far west, last Saturday her body was interred at Park City, Utah. A devoted husband, four loving children, and a great many relatives and friends are left to mourn the loss of a faithful wife, a beloved and tender mother, an affectionate friend and a consistent Christian woman. It appears that Mrs. Ferry accompanied by her husband, was out riding on horseback, the horse on which Mrs. Ferry rode missed its footing and fell on the top of Mrs. Ferry and both rolled down the mountain side. Mr. Ferry sprang from his horse and hastened to the rescue of his wife, in doing so he sprained his ankle. Mrs. Ferry only spoke once after her husband reached her, and died before she could be removed to a house.

## FALL STYLE. | Grand | 1881. DISPLAY of FALL DRY GOODS

Our new Fall Stock has arrived and is open for inspection, to which we cordially invite our numerous customers and the public in general. We do not hesitate to say that a richer or more varied stock of DRY GOODS, in all the different departments, never was laid before the people of

GRAND RAPIDS AND VICINITY.

### CLOAK AND SHAWL DEPARTMENT,

All the latest styles of Dolmans, Sacques, Paletots, Ulsterettes, Walking Jackets; also an Elegant Line of New Designs in Beaver, Ottoman, Paisley and Woolen Shawls.

### BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

We offer special bargains in this Department. A Full Line of the celebrated Guinet Silks at \$1.00, \$1.12½, \$1.25 and \$1.50—Positive Bargains. Elegant Line of Colored Dress Silks, in all the New Fall shades, at \$1.00 per yard, worth \$1.50. Also a great variety of Trimming Silks and Satins, in brocade, striped and plain.

### DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

We make Dress Goods our special study, and we guarantee that a better selected stock is not to be found in Michigan. You will find in this Department a full line of Black and Colored Cashmeres, Crepes, Drap d'etes, Nunnes Cloth, French, English and German Novelty Goods in endless variety; Alpaca, Poplins, and in fact all the different kinds of Dress Goods that are to be found in the market. Besides our usual large stock of Dress Goods, we are Agents for Wm. Hall & Co.'s Celebrated Jamestown Dress Goods, which we guarantee not to shrink or cockle; we have always a full line of these goods on hand and a full stock of Trimming Dress Goods to match. Blankets, Comfortables, Flannels, Beavers, Cloth Suits, Sackings, Waterproofs, Cassimeres, etc., etc. It would be useless to enumerate every article in the different departments, but we would simply state that our big double store is filled to repletion with a full assortment of FALL and WINTER DRY GOODS in each and every Department.

F. W. WURZBURG, 80 & 82 Canal St., Cor. Bronson.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE, Goods All Marked in Plain Figures.

Open every evening with 4 Electric Lights, making our store in the evening as light as day. Exclusive Agency of the celebrated perfect fitting Domestic Paper Fashions.

Every person buying material for a dress amounting to \$3 or upward, will receive a pattern free of charge.

Sole Agents for Ball's Health Corsets. Every Corset warranted to fit, not to get out of shape, and not to crack, or money refunded. Price, \$1.33. We warrant these Corsets equal to any sold elsewhere for \$2.00.

Having recently fitted up the Basement below our store, and the same being well stocked with all kinds of Dry Goods, we are prepared to Wholesale Goods to cash buyers, at New York Prices.

## F. W. WURZBURG.

COR. CANAL & BRONSON STS.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.  
9-ly.

## Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer



Is the only sure cure for the destruction of the Pin Worm, and it also takes the Stomach and Tape Worm. No physic is necessary. Price, only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

24 Grand Haven  
GEO. G. STEKETEE, Sole Proprietor.  
89 Monroe St., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

## Otto Breyman



Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of SPECTACLES

—and a— FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods. O. BREYMAN, HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1881. 48-ly

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES IN THE

## JEWELRY STORE

OF J. ALBERS, 8th STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

Clocks which have been sold for \$4, are now for sale at \$3. The entire stock on hand will be sold at that rate. Plated ware, Spectacles, etc., etc., will be sold at cost for the next 60 days.

Oct. 15, 1881. 37-ly

## STEKETEE'S

## Neuralgia Drops,

The only medicines used without turning the stomach wrong side out. I warrant the cure of

## NEURALGIA,

providing it is used according to direction.

Price 50c per bottle.

## FIRST WARD Grocery House

JAMES RYDER, Prop'r.

Having purchased the interest formerly owned by Mr. M. Seery, and having leased my Hotel, I will devote my entire attention to the Grocery Business, and therefore respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Holland to my new business. The store is on the

Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

I will endeavor to keep on hand a complete supply, and fill all orders promptly to the best of my ability.

Give us a trial before you judge us.

JAS. RYDER, HOLLAND, April 13, 1881. 10-4f  
IN THE NEW

## GROCERY AND DRY GOODS STORE

OF C. STEKETEE & BOS, on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries,—always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

## DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics.

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. C. STEKETEE & BOS, HOLLAND, Oct. 15th, 1880. 36-ly



## A CITY BALLAD.

BY WILL CARLETON.

Yes, it's straight and true, good preacher, every word  
That you have said;  
Do not think these tears unmanly—they're the first  
That I have shed.  
But they kind of pressed and pounded on my aching  
heart and head;  
And they would not be let go, of, and they gave me  
extra pain.

I'm an ignorant day-worker—work for food and rag  
and sleep—  
And I hardly know the object of the life we have to  
keep;  
But I know when days are cheery, or my heart is  
glad or sad;  
I know sorrow when I see it—and I know my child is  
dead.

No, she isn't much to look at, just a plainish bit of  
clay,  
Of the sort of perished children you are seeing every  
day;  
And how she could break a life up you'd be slow to  
understand;  
But she held mine, Mr. Preacher, in that little with-  
ered hand.

I am just a laboring man, sir, of the kind that digs  
and dries,  
But I've learned that human natures cannot stay in  
themselves;  
They will wander out for something, be it good or  
be it bad;  
And my heart with her had settled, and the girl was  
all I had.

There are lots of pretty children, with a form and  
face more fine—  
Let their parents love and pet them—but this little  
one was mine!  
There was no one else to cling to when we were  
put apart;  
And it's tough—this amputation of the strong arms  
of the heart!

'Tis consoling, Mr. Preacher, and it may be as  
you've said—  
God loves children while they're living, and adopts  
them when they're dead;  
But my brain won't quit contriving, do the very  
best I can,  
That 'twas not God's mercy took her, but the selfish-  
ness of man.

Why, she lay here faint and gasping, moaning for  
a bit of air,  
Choked and strangled by the foul breath of the  
chimneys overhead;  
For it choked her, everwinter, and it choked  
me, too;  
And I tried to blow against it, and she only choked  
the more.

She could lie here with the old folk that poor  
children somehow get;  
She had learned to use her patience, and she did not  
cry of fret;  
But would lift her pale, pinched face up, full of  
early grief and care,  
And would whisper, "I am dying for a little breath  
of air."

If she'd gone out with the zephyrs, 'twouldn't have  
seemed so hard to me,  
Or among the cool fresh breezes that come rushing  
from the sea;  
But she was less than marble when my darling  
died;  
Choked and strangled with the poison from that  
cursed swamp of death.

Oh, 'tis not enough that such men own the very  
ground we tread,  
And the shelter that we crouch in, and the tools that  
earn our bread;  
They must put their blotted mortgage on the air and  
on the sky,  
And shut out our little heaven, till our children pine  
and die!

Yes, we wear the cheapest clothing, and our meals  
are scant and brief;  
And perhaps those fellows fancy there's a cheaper  
grade of grief;  
But the people all around here, losing children,  
friends and mates,  
Can inform them that affliction hasn't any under-  
rates.

Oh, the air is pure and wholesome where some babies  
crawl and rest,  
And they try them out with ribbons, and they feed  
em with the best;  
But the love they get's an insult to the God of love  
on high,  
If to earn those children's living some one else's  
child must die.

I'm no grumbler at the rulers of 'this free and hap-  
py land';  
And I don't go round explaining things I do not  
understand;  
But there must be something teachable in the  
steering of the law,  
When we get a dose of poison out of every breath  
we draw.

I have talked too much, good preacher, and I hope  
you won't be vexed;  
But I'm going to make a sermon, with that white  
face for a text;  
And I'll preach it, and I'll preach it, till I set our  
people wild;  
'Gainst the heartless, reckless grasping of the men  
who killed my child.  
—Harper's Weekly.

## TOMBS OF THE PRESIDENTS.

WASHINGTON.

The grave of the first President, the Father of His Country, has been visited by so many thousands of Americans and foreigners that it will be of very little interest to the majority of readers to peruse a description of the place now. The Mount Vernon Association has taken good care of the first President's last resting-place. Washington's remains were deposited in their present receptacle in 1837. The vault was built in accordance with the provisions of the President's will. It is of brick, with an arched roof. Over the gateway, in a marble tablet, is the simple inscription, "Within this enclosure rest the remains of Gen. George Washington." Two coffins lie in the vestibule of the vault; the first is that of Washington, the other that of Martha Washington.

JOHN ADAMS.

Beneath the Unitarian Church at Quincy, Mass., may be found the remains of two American Presidents. The church was completed in 1828, and the body of John Adams was removed from the family vault in the cemetery just across the street into the room beneath the church. John Quincy Adams body was placed in the same room in 1843. Their wives are buried with them. The bodies lie in leaden caskets placed in cases hewn from solid blocks of stone. The tombs are seldom visited, and the apartment is kept dingy and dirty. In the church room above may be found the following inscription: "Beneath these walls are deposited the mortal remains of John Adams, son of John and Susanna (Boylston) Adams, second President of the United States. Born 29-30 October, 1735. On the 4th of July, 1776, he pledged his life, fortune and sacred honor to the independence of his country. On the 3d of September, 1783, he signed his signature to the definitive treaty with Great Britain which acknowledged that independence, and consummated the redemption of his pledge. On the 4th of July, 1826, he was summoned to the Independence of Immortality and to the Judgment of his God. This house will bear witness to his piety, this town (his birthplace) to his munificence, history to his patriotism, posterity to the depth and composure of his mind."

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

On the other side of the pulpit is the tablet containing the inscription to the other Adams. It reads thus: "Near this place reposes all that could die of John Quincy Adams, son of John and Abigail (Smith) Adams, sixth President of the United States. Born 11th July, 1767, amidst the storms of civil commotion, he nursed the vigor which inspires a Christian. For more than half a century, whenever his country called for his labors in either hemisphere or in any capacity he never spared them in her cause. On the 24th of December, 1814, he signed the second treaty with Great Britain, which restored peace within her borders. On the 23d of February, 1848, he closed sixteen years of eloquent defense of the lessons of his youth by dying at his post in her great National Council. A son worthy of his father, a citizen shedding glory on his country, a scholar ambitious to advance mankind, this Christian sought to walk humbly in the sight of his God. The church itself is built of Quincy granite and surrounded by elms and horse-chestnuts.

JEFFERSON.

In a thick growth of woods, a few hundred yards to the right of a road leading from Charlottesville, Va., to Monticello, may be seen the grave of Jefferson, in a little inclosure with thirty others. An obelisk nine feet high marks the spot. The base has all been chipped away, and the monument looks like a rough, meaningless stone. "Born April 2, O. S., 1743, died July 4, 1826," is put upon the base. Another inscription has been almost entirely obliterated. On the fly-leaf of an old account book, Jefferson wrote this: "Choose some unfrequented vale in the park, where is no sound to break the stillness but a brook that babbling winds among the woods—no mark of human shape that has been there, unless the skeleton of some poor wretch who sought that place out to despair and die in. Let it be among ancient and venerable oaks; intersperse some gloomy evergreens. Appropriate one-half to the use of my family, the other to strangers, servants, etc. Let the exit look upon a small and distant part of the Blue Mountains." His wishes have been well carried out. The old family house was in ruins three years ago and tenanted by an old man who made a living by demanding a fee from visitors.

MADISON.

At Montpelier, four miles from Orange, Va., Madison is buried. The grave is in the center of a large level field, in a lot about 100 feet square, surrounded by a brick wall. Or the gate is a sign, "Madison, 1820." Four graves are here. Over one of them rises a mound twenty feet high. A granite obelisk bears the inscription: "Madison, born March 16, 1751." By its side is a smaller shaft of white marble, inscribed: "In memory of Dolly Payne, wife of James Madison, born May 20, 1768; died July 8, 1849." Two nephews are buried with her. The region round about is one of great natural beauty, and commands a view of the Southwest mountains. At the southeastern edge of the adjoining woods is the home which Madison inherited when a child. It is well kept at the present date.

MONROE.

James Monroe is buried in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va. It is on a beautiful site. Five feet under ground, in a vault of bricks and granite, the remains rest. On the sarcophagus, on a brass plate, is this memento: "James Monroe, born in Westmoreland county, 28th April, 1758, died in the city of New York 4th of July, 1831. By order of the General Assembly his remains were removed to this cemetery 5th July, 1858, as an evidence of the affection of Virginia for her good and honored son." Over this monument is a gothic temple twelve feet long and nine feet wide, resting upon four pillars on a foundation of dressed Virginia granite. A cast-iron screen almost prevents a view of the monument within. The temple is painted drab color and sanded. The iron is considerably rusted. Around it are beds of flowers and tall oaks.

JACKSON.

Andrew Jackson is buried at the Hermitage, his famous home, on the Lebanon pike, eleven miles from Nashville. A massive monument of Tennessee granite marks his grave and that of his wife. It is placed in a corner of the garden. The grave is kept in good order. Three steps lead up to its foot. It is composed of eight fluted doric columns, supporting a plain entablature and dome, upon which stands an urn. Inside the space is ornamented with white stucco work. A pyramid resting on a square is the monument proper, and nearly beneath it rest the bones of the President. A stone contains this inscription: "Gen. Andrew Jackson. Born March 16, 1767; died June 8, 1845." Jackson's wife is buried on the right of the pyramid.

VAN BUREN.

Martin Van Buren sleeps in the little village cemetery of Kinderhook, Columbia county, N. Y. The President's grave is in the family lot. A granite shaft fifteen feet high contains the following:

MARTIN VAN BUREN.

VIIIth President of the U. S.

Born Dec. 5, 1782.

Died July 24, 1862.

There is no carving of any kind upon it. The inscription is in large black letters. The name of his wife appears upon another face of the shaft, while on the third is to be seen the name of son. The house is at the southern end of the village, near the creek, a frame building, which has been entirely remodeled of late years. His other residence, two miles south of the town, is the property of the farmers who live there.

HARRISON.

The resting-place of William Henry Harrison is situated at North Bend, Ind. The grave is a simple mound enclosed, on a little knoll, and is shaded by beech-

es and other trees. There is no monument and no inscription anywhere to tell the story of the life of the departed hero. Since the decoration of Scott Harrison's grave the mound has been improved somewhat. The vault has been cemented on the top in imitation of stone slabs. The iron door on the left is now securely fastened, and some effort is made to keep the place in good order. The spot is a lovely one, and could be made by proper improvement to do honor to the remains of the hero of Tippecanoe.

TYLER.

The grave of John Tyler is practically unmarked. A little mound, covered with bushes, just ten yards from the grave of Monroe, in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, is pointed out as the spot where a President's remains lie. At its head is a small magnolia tree, on the south is another magnolia tree, and on the north a young juniper tree. The grave is neither inclosed nor curbed. Near by are the graves of Monroe, of William Allen, one of Jeff Davis' bondsmen; of Dr. Lawrence Roane Warren, the philanthropist; of James M. Mason, the Confederate Envoy to England, and of "Little Joe," son of Jefferson Davis, killed in Richmond during the war. Near by are buried 16,000 Confederate soldiers around a tall pyramid of granite.

POLK.

At the corner of Vine and Union streets, Nashville, at the old family homestead, may be found the grave of James K. Polk. The monument is a block, twelve feet square by twelve in height. It is appropriately ornamented and contains, among other inscriptions, this: "James K. Polk, eleventh President of the United States. Born November 2, 1795; died June 15, 1849." He was buried here nearly thirty years ago. An iron gate, surmounted by an eagle, opens from Vine street into a broad avenue bordered by mulberry trees and silver-leaved poplars. This road leads to the Polk homestead, a large brick house, three stories high. The tomb is surrounded by a grassplot, which is incircled by a walk of white sand. Shrubs and flowers beautify the spot and make it look quiet and bright.

TAYLOR.

The remains of Zachary Taylor have been moved three times. They repose now in a public spot at Frankfort, Ky. The body was first placed in a cemetery at Washington, then in a lot on the Taylor homestead, five miles back of Louisville, and then taken to Cave Hill Cemetery, Louisville. In 1878 the remains were placed in the beautiful cemetery at Frankfort, where they are in the company of many illustrious dead, including Vice President Richard Mentor Johnson.

FILLMORE.

Millard Fillmore lies buried at Forest Lawn Cemetery, three miles from Buffalo. The grave is well taken care of, and is a beautiful spot. A tall monument contains the inscription, "Millard Fillmore. Born January 7, 1800. Died March 8, 1874." The grave is at the eastern extremity of the lot in the center of a grassy space. At its head rises the monument. In the southeastern corner is a Norway spruce, which shadows the grave. Fillmore's daughter sleeps near the remains of her father. An iron urn for flowers lies under an evergreen. Near Fillmore's grave are those of Bunker Hill heroes, of Stephen Champ- lin and Bidwell, who fell at Cedar Creek.

PIERCE.

The remains of Franklin Pierce rest at Concord, N. H., in the Old Cemetery on Main street. Pierce's monument is of Italian marble, and bears the following: "Franklin Pierce—Born Nov. 23, 1804. Died Oct. 8, 1869." The Pierce lot is at the northwestern corner of the Minot inclosure, and contains about an acre of ground. It is surrounded by a neat iron fence six feet high, traversed by concrete paths, and neatly sodded. The monument displays a spire with cap, die and plinth, resting on a base of granite three and one-quarter feet square. It is surmounted by a draped cross, and its total height is fourteen feet eight inches. In the Old Cemetery the founders of Concord rest.

BUCHANAN.

James Buchanan is buried at Woodward Hill Cemetery, Lancaster, Pa., on the banks of the Conestoga. The grave lot is inclosed by a neat iron fence. A fine sarcophagus of Italian marble contains the following:

Here rest the remains of James Buchanan, fifteenth President of the United States. Born in Franklin county, Pa.; April 23, 1791. Died at Wheatland, June 1, 1868.

The lot is 30x12 feet, with white and black granites supporting the fence. All around the fence is a hedge of blooming roses, and rose bushes are in the inclosure. The spot is kept carefully, and is always attractive.

LINCOLN.

Abraham Lincoln is buried at Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, Ill. A fine pile of marble, granite and bronze marks the spot. It bears the single word, "Lincoln." This memorial is probably one of the most magnificent in the United States. The building of the monument was begun by Mr. Lincoln's friends in Springfield. It was dedicated Oct. 15, 1874. It stands in a tract of seven and a half acres. From north to south its length is 119 feet 6 inches. Its breadth is 72 feet 6 inches. The structure is of blocks of New Hampshire granite. The main platform is nearly sixteen feet from the ground, approached by four grand staircases with balustrades. The main platform is seventy-two feet square. From the center rises the shaft twelve feet square at the base and ninety-eight feet from the ground. Shields of polished granite bearing the names of the States encircle the square. It is a fitting tribute to the martyred President.

JOHNSON.

The grave of Andrew Johnson is a Greenville, Tenn., on a spot selected by

himself. A fine granite arch upon a broad base marks the site. It contains the inscription: "Andrew Johnson, seventeenth president U. S. A. Born December 21, 1808. Died July 31, 1875. His faith in the people never wavered." The monument is of marble upon a base of granite nine and a half by seven feet. The tomb was erected by the three President's surviving sons. Pilasters on either side of the plinth support funeral urns. The scroll of the constitution is carved on the die, and also an open Bible, upon which rests a hand. The shaft is festooned by the American flag at the top and surmounted by an eagle with outstretched wings.—New York Express.

## Deaf Hunter's Politics.

During the war they had down in Florida a shrewd old fellow known as "Deaf Hunter." Everybody knew him. He was deaf as a post, and through his dealings and his shrewdness he managed completely to hide his sympathy for either party during the war. It was suspected, however, that he was with the Confederates at heart.

Every means had been tried by the Union officers to procure from him some admission of preference, but of no avail. When reduced to a corner, he never lacked an expedient to get himself out. But one day a Union captain put up a bet that he could tap him and get his secret. He accordingly went up to Hunter's and skirmished around, but not one hint could he get. He would be deaf to questions that were unpleasant, and the inquirer was baffled. At last there came two large bull-dogs into his store, fierce fellows, and exactly alike.

"Fine dogs, those," yelled the inquisitor in his ears.

"Yes," was the reply.

"What are their names?" in the same loud tone.

"Wall," said the old man, "I call one Beauregard and t'other McClellan."

"You do," shouted the inquirer; "which one do you like the best?"

"Hey?" queried Hunter, putting down his ear.

"Which do you like the best?"

"Oh, wall," said he, with a twinkle in his eye, "both on 'em is as ugly as the devil."

The Captain paid the bet.

The next day he was drinking in Hunter's store, and, taking advantage of the old man's deafness, proposed a toast.

"Here's to old Hunter, the two-sided old villain; may he be kicked to death by mules, and his body be sunk in the sea a hundred fathoms deep. May no prayer be said over him, and may his blind soul wander rayless through all eternity."

The toast was drunk with great glee, in which the old man joined.

"The same to yourselves, gentlemen," said he, "the same to yourselves."

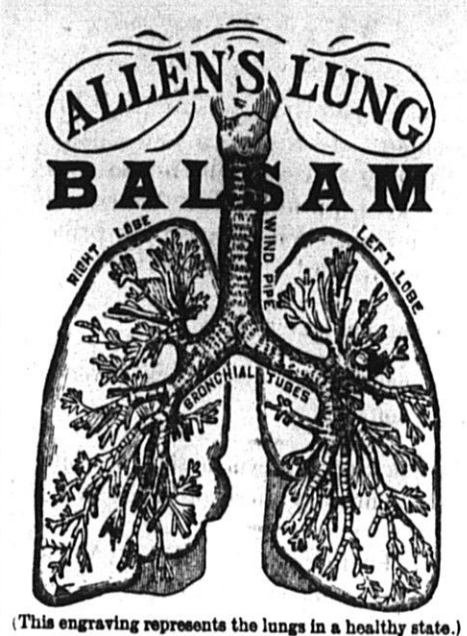
Of course he had not heard a word that was said!—San Francisco Argonaut.

Charles Reade.

Charles Reade is contemplating another novel. Fiction weaving is a formidable task with this conscientious writer. Greatly as the world of English-speaking readers deplores the continued silence of this sole remaining fictionist of the great trio—Dickens and Thackeray having vanished—it nevertheless recognizes and approves that self-respect which keeps Reade from lowering his own standard by poor and hurried work. It requires a great deal of strength of mind for a writer of Charles Reade's reputation to refuse the pressing offers made him by publishers. The pecuniary bait is splendidly tempting, and few people of any walk in life are satisfied when they have money enough (as Reade has), but always want more than enough; but Reade is firm in his resolve not to write merely for coin. He will not weave a story quite about nothing, with no purpose, no set aim or intention, save that of whiling away a leisure hour for a rain-bound reader in a country house or a yawning idler in a club library. All his fiction is directed against some abuse, upon the trail of which he hopes to set the hounds of reform. One novel was against the mad-house system, another against trades unions, a third in approval of woman's rights, etc. It takes him about a year to write a novel. His collection of literary material, upon which he builds a story, is an enormous mass to digest in the first place, and his reading up statistics and authorities afterward, upon the theme he selects, is a colossal task. It is possible, too, Reade is somewhat spoiled as a novel writer by the same influence which closed the younger Dumas' career as such just as he enchanted the world with his pathetic and delicately written romance, "The Lady with the Camellias." Play-writing—rough, rapid, hastily knocked-together work—brings financial results, when successful, far beyond those of the most widely sought for novel. I once asked Alexander Dumas why he gave us no more novels. His answer was an eminently practical one, "Le theatre est bien plus productif."—London Correspondent of Philadelphia Times.

KING ALFONSO, of Spain, had a dreary childhood. Professors tried to drill every human science and some nine or ten languages into the child's head. There was always an excuse, as he dolefully observed, for making him learn new. "That revolution of 1868," he said, "gave me my first holiday." He laughed, but it was a fact. His mother had a little more time to look after her son, and was wise enough to see that he had been over-crammed. Thenceforth he was allowed to take things more easily.

DEAN STANLEY was very proud of the Welsh blood in his veins. "If there is any brilliancy and vivacity in my family," he once said, "I attribute it to the fact that my grandfather, a Cheshire 'Squire, had the good sense to marry a bright, mercurial Welsh woman, from whom we have inherited a share of the Celtic fire."



(This engraving represents the lungs in a healthy state.)  
**A STANDARD REMEDY  
IN MANY HOMES.**

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis and all other affections of the Throat and LUNGS, it stands unrivaled and utterly beyond all competition.

## IN CONSUMPTIVE CASES

It approaches so near a specific that "Ninety-five" per cent. are permanently cured, where the directions are strictly complied with. There is no chemical or other ingredients to harm the young or old.

AS AN EXPECTORANT IT HAS NO EQUAL.  
IT CONTAINS NO OPIUM IN ANY FORM.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Proprietors,  
CINCINNATI, O.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



Is reimbursed in great measure, to those troubled with weak kidneys, by a judicious use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which invigorates and stimulates without exciting the urinary organs. In conjunction with its influence upon them, it corrects acidity, improves appetite, and is in every way conducive to health and nerve repose. Another marked quality is its control over fever and ague, and its power of preventing it.  
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

## Holman's Pads.



Holman's Ague, Liver & Stomach Pad, For Malaria, Ague and Stomach troubles. PRICE, \$2.00.  
Holman's Special Pad. Adapted to old chronic cases. \$3.00.  
Holman's Spleen Belt. For stubborn cases of enlarged Spleen and unyielding Liver and Stomach troubles. \$5.00.  
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Holman's Renal or Kidney Pad. For Kidney Complaints. \$2.00.  
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Holman's Absorptive Medicinal Body Plaster. The best Plaster in the world. Porous on Rubber basis. 25c.  
Holman's Absorptive Medicinal Foot Plasters. For Cold Feet, Headaches and Sluggish Circulation. (per pair) 25c.  
Absorption Salt for Medicated Baths. For Colds, Rheumatism and all cases where a medicated Bath is needed, also an excellent foot bath. (per 1/2 lb. package) 25c.

For sale by all DRUGGISTS, Or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. The ABSORPTION SALT is not "mailable," and must be sent by Express at Purchaser's expense.

The success of HOLMAN'S PADS has inspired imitators who offer Pads similar in form and odor to the true HOLMAN'S, saying, "They are just the same," etc.  
Beware of all bogus Pads only made to sell on the reputation of the genuine.

See that each Pad bears the Private Revenue Stamp of the HOLMAN PAD COMPANY, with above Trade Mark printed in green. Dr. HOLMAN'S advice is free. Full treatise sent free on application. Address,  
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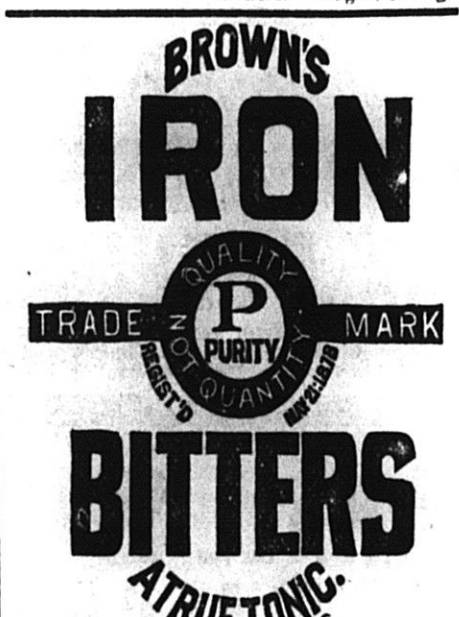
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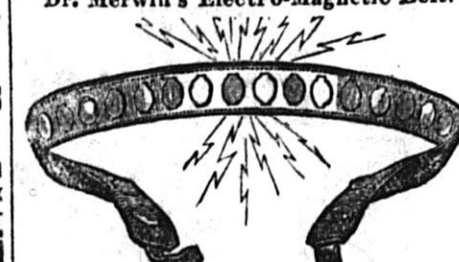
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