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Holland City News

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Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

HENRY WARD BEECHER, at the autumn meeting of the New York and Brooklyn Congregational Churches, took occasion to withdraw from membership in the association. His pulpit teachings, he thought, took a range unauthorized by the denomination, and he did not propose that the association should be placed in a position where it would be compelled to defend him. Future punishment, he claimed, would be mental, not physical; and the fire and brimstone hades he denounced as a barbaric slaughter-house notion. The doctrine of original sin, also, came under his displeasure, but in the trinity and divinity of Christ he was a firm believer.

On their arrival in Boston, President Arthur and party were escorted from the depot to the Hotel Brunswick by all the military organizations of the city. After lunch the guests were taken to Faneuil Hall, where brief speeches were made by the President, Secretary Lincoln and Secretary Chandler. An elaborate banquet and a reception followed, after which the party proceeded to Marshfield to celebrate the centennial birthday of Daniel Webster.

At Marshfield, Mass., on the 12th inst., the 100th anniversary of the birthday of Daniel Webster was celebrated in an impressive manner. The President of the United States, two Senators, nine Governors and many other distinguished gentlemen took breakfast with Mrs. Fletcher Webster. After an inspection of the relics at the homestead the procession went to the tomb of Daniel Webster, where a dirge was sung, prayer was offered and a poem was read. Dinner was served in tents for nearly 1,000 persons. Gov. Long introduced President Arthur, who delivered an appropriate address, and was followed by several others. George D. Rice, Cashier of the Lebanon (Pa.) Dime Savings Bank, while going to the bank the other evening, carrying a satchel containing \$30,000, was set upon by two men, who fearfully maltreated him and robbed him of the funds. The engineer's estimate at the cost of the great Brooklyn bridge was \$7,000,000, and not to exceed that sum. The expenditures up to the present time have been \$13,974,490. The general belief is that \$3,000,000 or \$4,000,000 have been stolen by the construction ring and the trustees. The 300th anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus was celebrated by the Italian residents of New York by a picnic and ball.

At the dedication of a soldiers' monument at Beverly, Mass., a platform fell with a large number of spectators, five of whom were seriously injured.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT CHARLES S. CHILDS, of the Cambridge (Mass.) Cemetery, was murdered and robbed by unknown men. Mr. Childs had obtained \$55 at the City Hall with which to pay the workmen employed in the cemetery, and was driving along Coolidge avenue when he was assailed. He was shot through the temple, and, after having been dragged from his buggy, was beaten in the head with a brick until his skull was fractured. Capt. Webb, the English swimmer, accomplished at New York the feat of remaining 12 1/2 hours in water. He was rather unstrung from loss of sleep.

THE WEST.

FARMER DAVIDSON, of Deckerville, Sanilac county, Mich., quarreled with his wife and son, shot the woman dead, and fatally injured the young man. The murderer fled. A block of business houses on Front street, El Paso, Ill., valued at \$100,000, was wiped out by fire. Great excitement prevails in Lincoln county, Mo., because the County Court levied a tax of 1 per cent. on property to pay a judgment on railroad bonds amounting to \$300,000. The people will resist the levy by every legal means. John Connell, Dan Erickson, Robert Roberts and Peter Dower were killed, and Tom Hooper was fatally injured by a fall of rock in the Republic mine at Republic, Lake Superior. Charles Irvine, a 16-year-old boy, stabbed and killed Chilton Lechman, a boy about the same age, at church, near Hammersville, Ohio. Irvin fled.

The strikers on the Northern Pacific road in Montana demanded an advance of 50 cents per day in wages. The superintendent of construction refused to yield, and telegraphed to Missoula for troops. The strikers then drove all Chinamen from the works.

At Tipton, Ind., seventeen manufacturers of spurious coin were captured by secret-service detectives. They had been operating for a year past, and were all farmers save three—a saloonkeeper, a lawyer and a druggist. An engine on the South Park road in Colorado was taking a flat-car down a steep grade when a collision occurred with a mule which stood on the track. Conductor Biedsee and two men were instantly killed.

The Grand Jury at Evansville, Ind., indicted for conspiracy the three captured lynchmen from Posey county, and bail of \$1,000 each was furnished by men who represent over \$2,000,000. Bob Taylor, one of the brothers who murdered the Sheriff and Deputy of Hamilton county, Tenn., on the 14th of September, was killed by Sheriff Goodall, of Laclede county, Mo., on a railroad train while resisting arrest.

At Fort Fetterman, Wyoming Territory, J. H. Capp shot and instantly killed R. R. Elgin, book-keeper for Searight Brothers, and dangerously wounded Mike Egan. The latter and a party of cowboys took Capp from custody and lynched him.

THE SOUTH.

The aid of the charitable is invoked for the suffering city of Pensacola, where yellow fever is increasing, and contributions are greatly needed. There have been 1,000 cases since the beginning of the epidemic, and 113 deaths. A train on the Texas Pacific road went through a bridge over Sweet-water creek, 300 miles west of Dallas, and from three to six men were killed. A freight train on the new road between Chattanooga, Tenn., and Atlanta, Ga., ran into a passenger train, and the engineer and fireman were killed and two persons injured.

When J. Ambler Smith accepted the challenge of George D. Wise to fight a duel, and named shotguns loaded with buckshot as the weapons and forty paces as the distance, Wise seems to have concluded that dueling was a barbarous practice.

Nearly 200 deaths from diphtheria have within two months occurred in Pittsylvania county, Va., including twenty pu-

pils in one school district. A fire at Terrell, Tex., destroyed nearly a block of business houses. The loss will probably reach \$100,000. W. M. Lowe, a member of Congress from Alabama, died at Huntsville in that State.

WILLIAM AUSTIN was hanged at Lancaster, Ky., for murdering his great-aunt. He confessed the crime, which was perpetrated while he was under the influence of whisky. Paul Pringle, colored, was hanged at Mansfield, La., in the presence of over 3,000 spectators. Green B. Mayo and Martin Harrell, with a number of adherents on either side, engaged in a battle at Tifton, Ga., about a trivial matter. The two principals were mortally wounded, one of Harrell's force was shot dead, and another man was seriously perforated.

A Dallas (Texas) telegram says "there is much excitement in Erath county. At Alexander, Maj. Penn, the evangelist, prayed for the punishment of a disturber of his meeting, and the man dropped dead. At Lampasas, as the meeting lagged, Penn prayed for the removal of the disturbing cause. A young lady at once upset a lamp and burned to death. A tornado blew over Penn's gospel tent and killed a child, fatally hurt a young lady, and injured others. A fearful panic ensued. The water was two feet deep in the tent."

WASHINGTON.

LACK of funds caused the discharge of ninety-three employees of the Public Printing Office at Washington. Clerk Taylor claims to have selected those who would suffer the least inconvenience at the loss of employment.

The President has made the following appointments: F. G. Ward to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Susanville, Cal.; V. Randa to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Niobrara, Neb.; and A. H. Jackson to be Agent for the Indians of the Pima Agency, in Arizona Territory.

APPLICATIONS of all descriptions filed at the Patent Office during the fiscal year ended June 30 numbered 30,062, and for the previous year 24,906.

According to the report of the Director of the Mint, the imports of gold coin and bullion for the year ending June 30, 1882, exceeded the exports only by \$1,789,183. The amount of gold deposited was \$74,000,000 less than during the preceding year, while the silver purchased and deposited was \$3,000,000 greater. The total coinage of the year represented \$89,413,447, which is largely in excess of the coinage of any previous year.

GENERAL.

On account of continued ill health Herbert Spencer has abandoned his projected Western trip. He will return to England as soon as he is able to stand the voyage. Mr. Spencer is now in Philadelphia. An earthquake severe enough to awaken people was felt in Montreal, Canada.

Four tidal waves overwhelmed a Mexican island on the Pacific coast, and seventy people were drowned. The calamity occurred simultaneously with the earthquake on the Isthmus, Sept. 7.

The Western Union Telegraph Company, at its annual meeting at New York, elected directors, with Dr. Norvin Green at the head. The net revenue from earnings, after deducting expenditures of all descriptions, is \$1,664,240. The gross receipts for the ensuing year are estimated at \$19,000,000, and the net profits at \$8,000,000.

The Board of Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company met in New York and elected the following officers: Norvin Green, President; Gen. Thomas Eckert, Vice President and General Manager; Augustus Schell, John Van Horne, Harrison Durkee, Vice Presidents; D. H. Bates, Acting Vice President. Peace negotiations between Chili and Peru, under the friendly offices of United States Minister Logan, have failed.

Mrs. ELLEN THORNE has been granted a divorce from her husband, Charles R. Thorne, the actor, on the ground of adultery. The divorce alleged to have been obtained in Indiana having been rejected as worthless. The woman with whom Thorne has been living, Mrs. Mary Swift Brown, is said to be worth \$500,000.

POLITICAL.

The Minnesota Democratic State Convention ratified the nomination by the Republicans of James Gilfillan for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The Democratic platform declares for such a revision of the existing tariff as will bring about a gradual and systematic reduction of duties, and without injury to existing interests, will eventually result in the establishment of free trade as the permanent commercial policy of this country. The Republicans have nominated Howard Carroll, of the New York Times, for Congressman-at-Large from New York.

FOREIGN.

A CAIRO dispatch says that Arabi Pasha believes his life is in danger. There have been certain incidents which might have moralized the Circassians guarding him. One of the Khedive's entourage has been heard to say that he would like to administer to Arabi a cup of bad coffee, and the Khedive has remarked that he and Arabi could not live in the same country. The indictment against the rebel chiefs contains three counts: First, instigating massacre; second, directing the burning of Alexandria; and third, abusing a flag of truce. Such is the increase of pauperism in the South of Ireland that the Dublin Union proposes to expend £7,000 in sending 1,000 able-bodied men and women to Canada. William, youngest son of Prince Bismarck, has been elevated to the rank of Government Councillor.

EVIDENCE taken so far tends to show that the outrages in Egypt were perpetrated against the wishes of Arabi Pasha. Indignities have been committed on the unfortunate prisoners, a eunuch having visited Arabi's cell and spat in his face. An American horse, Lorillard's Touch-Me-Not, won the 2-year-old stakes at Newmarket.

In the Hungarian Chamber of Deputies Herr Tisza, Prime Minister, has introduced measures revising the usury and trade laws, with a view of removing the causes which led to the recent anti-Jewish riots. The bodies of Lady Hanmer and Miss Hanham, who died in Dorsetshire, England, in 1877 and 1878, respectively, were cremated the other day, being placed in a furnace on plates of iron and fire-brick and reduced to ashes—the first cremations which have ever taken place in England. The late Earl of Shaftesbury, near Stafford, England, was completely gutted by fire, the loss being £500,000. Russia's revenues increased \$3,128,000 rubles from January to August, while the expenditure for the same period were reduced \$3,608,000 rubles. The steamer Belem, built at Aberdeen for the Atlantic trade, was totally wrecked on her trial trip.

BROADLEY, the English barrister, will defend Arabi Pasha. It is believed that landed properties, valued at \$2,000,000, belonging to the Egyptian leaders will be confiscated. The Ministers say they will not remain in the Cabinet if Arabi is not promptly executed. A report that the Channel tunnel is dangerous to England has been made by Gen. Sir Archibald Alison, and Gen. Wolseley and the Duke of Cambridge have also entered objections.

STANLEY appeared in London last week, looking in robust health. He considers the work undertaken on the Congo for the King of the Belgians practically finished. He treats Brazza's claim as a joke, but intends to make a full statement next week in Paris at a dinner to be given to him. It is not likely that he will revisit Africa at present. The Egyptian Ministry has decided not to permit Arabi Pasha to employ foreign counsel. Gen. Wolseley has been ordered home from Egypt.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

REV. GEORGE C. MILN made his dramatic debut in Chicago in the character of Hamlet. The house was crowded to the point of suffocation. The local press says Mr. Miln excelled in the force and intelligence of his reading, and exhibited more stage resources and better command of them than could reasonably be expected. The audience was in thorough sympathy with the novice, and repeatedly called him before the curtain.

COL. SLAYBACK, who was killed by Col. Cockerell, the editor of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, had the most imposing funeral ever witnessed in that city. The pistol which was found in the editorial rooms of the Post-Dispatch after the tragic affray was identified by a pawnbroker as one he sold to Col. Slayback, which establishes the fact that he was armed when he attacked Cockerell. Hon. Frank Hurd, Congressman from Toledo, Ohio, an old personal friend of Cockerell, will conduct the defense when the trial occurs.

ARABI PASHA, who it is alleged cannot be convicted of complicity in the Alexandria massacre, asserts the presence of the British fleet precipitated the murders. Victor Hugo appeals against the execution of Arabi. The London Times intimates, if a fair trial is not given Arabi, the British Government will demand that he be returned to them. The London Times says it has reason to believe there is a good prospect of a friendly understanding being arrived at between France and England in regard to Egypt. Cold weather has set in in Russia. Navigation has been suspended in the Volga and Kama rivers on account of drift ice.

HENRY A. BOWEN, accused of attempting to bribe William Dickson, foreman of the star-route jury, at Washington, was arrested in Philadelphia, charged with obtaining a month's board by false pretenses. The star-rovers convicted at Philadelphia were refused a new trial. Thomas A. McDevitt was fined \$500 and sentenced to imprisonment for one year. Christian Price was fined \$100 and condemned to the penitentiary for six months. Mrs. S. C. Robertson, an estimable lady of Corning, N. Y., who had suffered terribly from rheumatism, hobbled out in the night on the bridge over the Chemung river and threw herself into the water. Her fate was learned by finding her cane on the bridge.

HENRY GEORGE, the labor reformer, who has spent the past year in Europe, arrived in New York last week, and was welcomed by a large number of representative citizens.

The total value of exports of domestic breadstuffs during the nine months ending the 30th of September was \$134,512,770; corresponding period of 1881, \$177,452,638.

MISS MARY ANDERSON is playing a remarkably successful engagement at McVicker's Theater, Chicago, the house being packed every night of her appearance, and the local press is highly laudatory of her fine acting. The Inter Ocean remarks: "Each night this charming actress and brilliant tragedienne has shown the bright blazon of progress and improvement along the line of her work, adequately proving her capacity for advancement, giving to the audience the complaints of some that she has suddenly stopped short in the progress of development. We are heartily glad to see that Miss Anderson does not abate her zeal in the desire to master the conditions of her own nature in their relation to the noble art of character impersonation and expression to which she devotes herself. She is becoming an accomplished artist as well as an impassioned genius, lending rare beauties of acquired and external grace to the potent force of her inherent ability."

The General Land Office.

The Commissioner of the Land Office, in his annual report, states that the lands now embraced within the limits of the public domain amount to 900,000,000 acres, including Alaska. He recommends that the Pre-emption law be abolished, as the Homestead laws cover all cases now arising. Public sales of land last year amounted to 7,933 acres, embracing 5,016 acres near Toledo, Ohio, which were sold for \$16,735, an average of \$3.38 per acre. Respecting the forfeiture of railroad grants the Commissioner says: "The status of various grants for railroad purposes where roads have not been constructed within the time prescribed by law was reported to Congress March 28 last. The absence of legislative action touching the renewal of these grants or declaring the forfeiture thereof seriously embarrassed the work of this office. It is not deemed expedient to certify additional lands to the railroad companies, nor to award to the companies lands in dispute between them and settlers or other claimants, pending the determination of Congress in the premises. Large numbers of settlers occupy such lands, and it is important to know whether they can receive their titles from the United States, or whether they will be required to purchase from the railroad companies. Commissioner Macfarland submits an estimate for the salaries and contingent expenses of the next fiscal year, amounting in the aggregate to \$453,940, which is an increase of the amount appropriated for the current fiscal year of \$33,940. The increase is distributed generally among the bureau officers, and includes \$3,000 for an Assistant Commissioner.

In accordance with an act passed at the last session of Congress, the Commissioner of the General Land Office is now preparing for publication a volume containing the codified Land laws and the history of the public domain of the United States, compiled and prepared by the Public Land Commission, with all of the subsequent Land laws passed up to the day of adjournment of the last Congress. There will be a limited number of volumes published for general distribution, and many applications for them have already been received from lawyers and persons engaged in the land business, to whom the book will be of much value.

LYNCHING IN INDIANA.

The Evansville Jail Entered and Redman Taken Out and Lynched.

Brutal Usage of the Felon—One Lyncher Killed and Others Arrested.

After a desperate resistance by the Sheriff and his deputies and the officers of the city, Hume Redman, who murdered his wife at Mount Vernon, Ind., was taken from the Evansville jail by a mob, and in the battle that ensued was shot dead. David Murphy, a relative of the murdered woman, was also killed. Dispatches from Evansville furnish the following particulars of the lynching: The first intimation of the disturbance which resulted in Redman's death was received by Night Turnkey Hatmacher at the jail at 2:10 this morning. At that hour a communication was received by him through the telephone from Ulmer's brewery that a masked mob had passed up the street. The turnkey immediately notified Newitt, who hastened to the jail. Hatmacher, after notifying Newitt, went to the Sheriff's residence to give the alarm. Sheriff Kerth and Deputies Maunell and Martin and Tom Kerth, Jr., were on the alert, prepared to defend the jail and the prisoner. Newitt soon arrived and went into the Clerk's office to telephone for assistance. He heard the clattering of the horses' hoofs coming up the bowlder streets, and hurried back into the jail. Sheriff Kerth was at the front door of the Court House when the mob arrived. The mob dismounted, picked their animals, left a guard to cover their retreat and captured all the citizens who happened to be attracted to the scene, while a portion of the mob made a dive for the jail. Kerth fired at them, but they did not falter. They took him a prisoner, and were into the jail yard in a jiffy. Two blows were sufficient to break in the outside wooden door, and the mob was in the jail hall. Newitt, Martin and Tom Kerth, Jr., opened up a brisk fire, which was responded to by the mob, who poured a fusillade through the door. Chisels and sledge-hammers were soon brought and willing hands went to work, and in a twinkling the jail door was open. Newitt ran back to Redman's cell and said to him: "I have done all I could for you; they will get you." And he replied: "Give me a revolver and I will kill some of them."

When the jail door was opened the mob rushed through the corridor to Redman's cell, and in a minute it was opened and Redman in their hands. They tied his hands with a strong rope and led him out. The officers all this time were trying to escape from jail and get assistance so as to capture the mob, or some of them. Newitt managed to get into the Sheriff's residence and run up stairs to the front window, which he opened, and blew his whistle. Then the mob followed him and threw him downstairs. When he got up the mob were bringing Redman out of the front door. They were ordered to halt, when their leader replied: "We are from Posey county and came after Redman, and we are going to have him."

An alarm of fire having been given out in the city, the chemical engine came rapidly up the street, and, striking the buggy into which the mob had placed Redman, overturned it. This threw the mob into some disorder, when one of the leaders said: "Put him on horseback." This order was countermanded, and orders were given to kill him on the spot. One of the band seized a sledge-hammer and dealt Redman a powerful blow on the head, felling him to the ground. At this point Chief of Police Pritchell arrived on the scene. One of the mob ran up to him and said: "Go away from here, Pritchell; we don't want to kill you." At the same time snapping a revolver in his face, but his hand was knocked up in the air before the weapon was discharged. By this time several officers were on the ground, who, without the orders of their superiors, opened fire on the rapidly-retreating mob. The mob fired as they retreated. They were well armed. A regular pitched battle was fought on Third street. Bullets whistled in every direction. Chief Pritchell and Detective Newitt, who led the fight against them, made an effort to capture some of them, but the firing was so hot they were compelled to lie flat on the ground to escape death. The result of the battle was that Redman was killed where he was stricken down with the sledge-hammer. Over two dozen balls entered his body.

It was at that place that David Murphy, a brother-in-law of the murdered woman, met his death. The mob was so intent on killing Redman that they fired helter-skelter through their own ranks. It was then that Murphy found his death. The officers arrested several of the mob.

A dispatch from Mount Vernon says that David Murphy, one of the mob who was killed in Evansville, was buried in that city. Five hundred people attended his funeral. After the funeral a fund of \$100 was raised for a monument. A large sum was also subscribed for the benefit of his three orphan children. Great indignation was expressed by Posey county people on account of his death.

No Mustache on Principle.

Professional etiquette is strictly insisted on at the Belgian bar. At a session of the Appellate Court a young advocate who was about to address the Judges was interrupted by the presiding magistrate with the remark that it was a violation of precedent and propriety for counsel to appear before the court with a mustache.

"I was under the impression," replied the advocate, "that my mustache was of such microscopic magnitude as not to be likely to attract the attention of the court."

"It is not a question of quantity," said the magistrate, "but one of principle."

Somewhat afraid of giving offense, and reluctant to have the interests of his client prejudiced, the young lawyer suggested an adjournment of the hearing to enable him to betake himself to a barber; but the magistrate replied that it was not necessary. His remarks were intended for consideration on future occasions.

Water Scarce in Venice.

A curious feature of Venice is that, while it is built upon the water, there is no other city in Europe in which water is so scarce. Fresh water is brought in boats from the River Brenta. There are great cisterns or reservoirs in which water is kept. These are opened at certain hours of the day to allow the inhabitants to supply themselves.

They carry the water away in pails and jars, the old-fashioned way. Peddlers drive a flourishing trade by selling water through the streets. At daylight in the morning, all day long, and the last thing at night you hear the water-vender's song: "Acqua fresca! acqua fresca!" He sells it for a penny a glassful.

OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

OHIO.

A Cincinnati dispatch of the 12th says: Detailed returns are coming in but slowly, but enough is known to say that the Democratic majority in the State will be likely to overrun 30,000, with probably fifteen of the twenty-one Congressmen.

A special telegram from Columbus to the Chicago Times says: "The Democrats claim that the plurality will not be less than 20,000 and may reach 30,000, while the Republicans admit that it will not fall much if any below the first figures. The result is a surprise to the Democrats as well as Republicans, and on all sides the question being asked is, How did it happen? The Democrats attribute the result to superior organization on their part, Republican dissatisfaction with the national administration, and local quarrels, of which there were more than the usual number in the Republican ranks. They also argue that the action of Congress at its late session had a tendency to disgust Republicans and destroy their confidence in the honesty of the party leaders.

"Gov. Foster says the result is due partly to apathy on the part of Republican voters and partly to the organized and persistent efforts of the anti-temperance element in behalf of the Democracy. Secretary Townsend, the Republican candidate, attributes his defeat to a light vote in part, but mainly to the war made on the party by the brewers, distillers and saloon-keepers. He claims that they not only spent over \$200,000 in the State to secure the defeat of the Republican ticket, but succeeded in effecting an operating in the interest of the Democratic party the most perfect political organization ever known in the State. The organization, it is claimed, extended throughout all sections, and succeeded in controlling almost the entire floating vote.

"Capt. J. C. Donaldson, Secretary of the Republican State Executive Committee, gives it as his opinion that the result demonstrates clearly that the majority of the people of the State are not in sympathy with the radical moral-reform measures upon which the Republican party has staked and lost everything in the campaign just ended. While the State issues have played an important part in the canvass, it is probable that the death of Garfield and the installment of a new administration with antagonistic tendencies, and the dissatisfaction consequent upon this change, has been an important factor in bringing upon the Republican party in Ohio its defeat. The bickerings between the factions of the party in New York and Pennsylvania have also had their influence in Ohio, and that influence has been detrimental. The Garfield Republicans apparently mistrust the national administration, and were not particularly interested in giving it the same endorsement they gave Garfield last fall in the election of Gov. Foster. By far the most unfortunate feature of the disaster for the Republican party in this State is the loss of nine Congressmen, among them Butterworth and McKinley, the two ablest members of the present Ohio delegation."

A Cincinnati dispatch says that returns from seventy-nine of the eighty-eight counties give Newman a plurality of 15,426. It is now estimated that the Democratic majority in the State will be between 17,000 and 20,000. A Columbus dispatch states that McKinley, Republican, is elected to Congress in the Eighteenth district by eight votes, according to the official returns, which reduced his opponent's majority in Stark county from 57 to 84. The Democrats are considerably stirred up over the matter, and charge fraud on the part of the Republican clerk. Chairman Thompson states that the case will be contested. The successful candidates in the three close districts—the Seventh, Twelfth and Eighteenth—were elected by a total of 62 votes. Should McKinley take his seat the delegation will stand eight Republicans and thirteen Democrats.

WEST VIRGINIA.

A dispatch from Wheeling says "the latest returns confirm the election of John W. Mason to Congress in the Second district over Wilson, the Democratic candidate, by a majority of twenty-five to fifty. This makes the delegation in Congress from West Virginia stand two Democratic and two Republican. The Democratic majority in the State on Supreme Judge is about 2,000."

PHILADELPHIA has 400 opium-eaters who can't stop the practice.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES	.....	\$ 25	@ 10 75
HOGS	.....	8 00	@ 8 75
COTTON	.....	11 1/2	@ 13 1/2
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.....	1 08	@ 1 09
No. 2 Red	.....	1 04	@ 1 05
CORN—Ungraded	.....	78	@ 79
OATS—Mixed Western	.....	41	@ 42
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 23 60
LARD	.....	13	@ 13 1/2

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers	.....	5 30	@ 6 75
Cows and Heifers	.....	4 60	@ 4 10
Medium to Fair	.....	4 50	@ 5 10
HOGS	.....	5 75	@ 8 90
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.	.....	50	@ 5 10
Good to Choice Spg. Ex.	.....	48	@ 5 10
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.....	94	@ 95
No. 2 Red Winter	.....	98	@ 99
CORN—No. 2	.....	68	@ 69
OATS—No. 2	.....	34	@ 35
RYE—No. 2	.....	58	@ 59
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.....	32	@ 33
Eggs—Fresh	.....	22	@ 23
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 24 00
LARD	.....	12 1/2	@ 13

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 2	.....	94	@ 95
CORN—No. 2	.....	67	@ 68
OATS—No. 2	.....	34	@ 35
RYE—No. 2	.....	58	@ 59
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.....	32	@ 33
Eggs—Fresh	.....	22	@ 23
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 24 00
LARD	.....	12 1/2	@ 13

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	93	@ 95
CORN—Mixed	.....	65	@ 66
OATS—No. 2	.....	33	@ 34
RYE	.....	56	@ 57
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 24 00
LARD	.....	12 1/2	@ 13

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT	.....	1 01	@ 1 02
CORN	.....	76	@ 77
OATS	.....	38	@ 39
RYE	.....	63	@ 64
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 23 60
LARD	.....	12 1/2	@ 13

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	99	@ 1 00
CORN	.....	69	@ 70
OATS	.....	37	@ 38
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 23 75

DETROIT.

FLOUR	.....	5 50	@ 6 00
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.....	1 00	@ 1 01
CORN—Mixed	.....	69	@ 70
OATS—Mixed	.....	37	@ 38
PORK—Mess.	.....	23 1/2	@ 23 75

INDIANAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	96	@ 97
CORN—No. 2	.....	65	@ 66
OATS	.....	33	@ 34

EAST LIBERTY, PA.

CATTLE—Best	.....	52	@ 6 10
Fair	.....	42	@ 5 10
Common	.....	33	@ 4 00
HOGS	.....	67	@ 68
SHEEP	.....	20	@ 4 75

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

A PEKING newspaper tells of the sale of a Chinese wife by her husband. She had fallen in love with the purchaser, who agreed to pay \$130 for her, but he neglected to bring the money when he called to take her away, and so the husband refused to give her up. In that emergency the enamored pair drugged him, forged his signature to the bill of sale, and eloped. They were arrested while eating their wedding breakfast, and put into dungeons, where both committed suicide.

MR. OLIVER AMES, who has been nominated for Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts, has been in the employ of the Ames Shovel Works at North Easton since he was 15 years old, and he has been the superintendent. His father, Oakes Ames, died with an indebtedness of \$8,000,000. In the time of panic, the son managed the assets, which were scattered all over the Union, so that he paid dollar for dollar, paid a million dollars in legacies and had a surplus for the residuary legatees.

A WOMAN was lately indicted in England for causing the death of her child by denying it adequate nourishment. Investigation showed, however, that the mother had fed the child regularly on corn starch, mixed with a little milk, ignorant of the fact that starch is unable to supply the necessary nutriment to young children. Under these circumstances the woman was of course acquitted. It is a lesson which mothers and nurses would do well to remember.

ONE of the most extensive tree planters in the world is declared by the English journal *Land* to be the Duke of Athole. Every year, it says, he plants from 600,000 to 1,000,000 trees. During the present season he has covered with trees a plantation of some 2,000 acres. By the gale which destroyed the Tay bridge his plantations were denuded of 80,000 trees. One of the Dukes of Athole is still known as the Planter Duke. In the year 1774 his Dunkeld hills were almost entirely bare, and he began to plant on a large scale. Before he died he had planted 27,000,000 trees, which covered 15,000 acres.

THE bridge which is to be erected across the Forth will be one of the greatest scientific achievements of the century. The main girder will be within a few feet of a mile in length. The bridge is to rest on round cylindrical piers, each weighing 16,000 tons, to which must be added 8,000 tons, the estimated pressure on the top of the pier of the superstructure, rolling load and wind-pressure. This gives a pressure at the base of about 24,000 tons, or about six tons per square foot. The foundation is clay, and is considered excellent. Steel will be used in the construction of the bridge, the amount required being about 42,000 tons, and the estimated cost of the bridge is \$7,500,000.

A SHREWD advertiser in New York city hires a young man for 25 cents an hour to stand in front of his store and gaze fixedly at the windows. The simple scheme has been found to be very successful. The young man's attitude and gaze attracted the attention of a plasterer, who was passing. The plasterer stopped short and followed with his eyes the gaze of the young man. A boy, observing the youth and the plasterer staring across the street, joined them. Then came a washwoman, then a bank clerk, then a man of leisure, then two negro swells, and finally a sizeable crowd of a promiscuous nature was collected, all looking in silent admiration at two men in an opposite window, who were engaged, one in swinging Indian clubs, one in pulling away at a patent chest expander.

THE *Mail and Express* says that, unless all signs fail, New York will have in five years the handsomest apartment houses in the world, not excepting Paris. Every week new designs are deposited with the Department of Buildings. For instance, in a projected Madison avenue flat there is to be a garden on the top of the structure. Another plan proposes to have Russian or Turkish bath for the use of the inmates. The Navarro houses, in course of erection on Fifty-ninth street, are to be nine stories high, of granite and brown stone, in the Moorish style of architecture. They will cost upward of \$3,000,000.

Although they will not be ready for sixteen months, thirty-nine suites are already engaged. The most-magnificent scheme, however, is that of Mr. W. H. Post, whose houses will be located near Central Park. The Astors are said to be interested, and it is proposed to supply the occupants with provisions and coal at wholesale rates. The cost of the various apartment-house enterprises now on file at the Building Department is estimated at \$10,000,000.

THE sanitary instructions sent in pamphlet form to the British army in Egypt say that camps should not be made on ground that has recently been flooded, nor should the surface be dug up more than is absolutely necessary for drainage. If turbid water must be used, it should be allowed to clear itself as much as possible by subsidence and a teaspoonful of powdered alum added to every ten gallons. The filtering of the water where possible is urged, and any water can be drunk if first boiled and then allowed to cool. Stringent directions are given that in case of cholera or enteric fever all water is to be boiled before use, and distillation adopted if practicable. In the matter of food, it is advised that all meat be thoroughly cooked; that the consumption of vegetables and fruits be encouraged. As to beverages, strong alcoholic drinks are condemned, red wine is permitted, and tea, coffee and cocoa are recommended. It is declared that tea is especially valuable where water is at all doubtful in quality—cold tea, with a little sugar and lime-juice, being an antiscorbutic, and making a refreshing drink.

TALMAGE is described as follows by the Boston *Herald* correspondent: "His mouth, like his church, is more commodious than that of any other American clergyman. Otherwise he is a common-looking man. His hair is straight, and reaches to his coat collar behind, but not nearly to his forehead in front. When he smiles you know it, but you do not see the idiotic grin of a clown. He steps high in walking and fro on the platform; but does not jump up and crack his heels together. He uses his arms freely in gesticulations, but they never look like more than two. He is not a jumping-jack—at least he was not on this occasion. Perhaps there was nothing in his sermon exciting enough to pull the string." The same writer credits Talmage with memorizing his sermons so perfectly that, without copy or notes, his delivery is almost, sentence for sentence, identical with the manuscript which he has studied. "When it is considered," he says, "that the longest role in a play seldom equals a sermon in length, and that the actor is aided by the breaking up of his lines into dialogue, by the dramatic situations in which he is placed, and by the prompter, whenever his recollection fails, then Talmage's two feats of memory every Sunday may be fully comprehended."

ALL the white men of Northwestern Dakota have Indian squaws to do their house work, that is, those who are able to afford them, for it costs something to get one. Those young whites who catch a young Indian woman away from her parents and throw a blanket over her and run off and secrete her for a certain length of time can have her as a wife. Otherwise it will take several ponies or cows, or from \$100 to \$500, according to the rank of the family. Among the fifteen or twenty families only one white lady was seen. While there the wife of a rancher died, and was buried according to Indian customs. In the coffin, which was a pine box, the relations of the dead squaw placed everything that they thought would be of any benefit to the spirit Indian in going to the happy hunting ground. Such things as thimbles, scissors, thread, needles, smoothing iron and the like were heaped on the corpse until the lid would scarcely close. The bereaved husband told me that the Indians mourned for pay. One squaw, as a recompense for her mourning, relieved his sugar barrel of twenty-five pounds of sugar. Others took other things in accordance. Three hundred cups of coffee a day while the lady was sick was a low estimate of the coffee he dealt out to the Indians.

TRANSLATED from the Paris *Omni-bus*: Guest, to the landlord—"Mr. Landlord, the box with toothpicks stands again not upon the table." Landlord—"Toothpicks there are with me no more." Guest—"Why then not?" Landlord—"Know you, in former times, then were the guests so cultured, and stuck the toothpicks, after the use, again in the box. But nowadays takes every man one with him. So much the business can't afford."

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

Sad Accident.

At Wright's camp, near Stanton, Harry Ennis was engaged in sawing down a large leaning pine close to the ground, when the tree fell unexpectedly, and caught and killed him instantly. The young man was 20 years of age, and well thought of by his fellow workmen.

Fat Steers at the State Fair.

The fat steer 1 year old to which the first premium was awarded for greatest weight for age in days was owned by J. H. Townley, of Springport; age, 433 days; weight, 928 pounds; average gain per day, 2.14 pounds. The second premium was awarded to Edwin Upton, of Leslie; age in days, 547; weight, 980 pounds; average gain per day, 1.81. The first is among the best in gain per day. Both were grade short-horns.—*Detroit Post*.

Singular Accident.

An old lady of the name of Varley, living in Clearwater township, Kalamazoo county, met with a painful and somewhat remarkable accident. Stepping out of the house quite early in the morning he stepped upon a frosty board and fell, striking her head upon a sharp stick in such a manner that it penetrated the temporal region, fracturing the outer part of the bony cavity inclosing the eye and passing along the upper side of the eye-ball to the bridge of the nose. A physician, who was called to dress the wound, says that the sight of the eye is probably destroyed.

An Alderman's Bath.

Ald. Heitsch took a ride out to Orchard lake, and upon reaching there ordered his driver to water the equine. The lad obeyed. "Drive out further," said Mr. H., who wished to get out of the way of a team behind him. The water was getting deep, and the horse objected. Whack sounded the whip of the driver, and the next thing the Alderman knew he was struggling under water with the seat on top of him. Judging from the air bubbles that arose to the surface, his language was deep if not loud, and not just the kind for Sunday-school use.—*Pontiac Bill Poster*.

Singular Accident.

A man named Webster met with a singular accident at Sherman's mill. He was building a fire under the boiler, and, after having put in shavings and wood, he stooped down to clean out the draught when a few live coals set fire to the shavings, and immediately there was an explosion of gas which had accumulated during the night, and Mr. Webster was struck full in the face, burning all the whiskers, eyelashes and eyebrows off his face, and scorching him quite severely. Fortunately his eyesight was uninjured.—*Carson City Record*.

Buried by a Wall.

A sad accident occurred in Springwells, on Michigan avenue, near the first toll-gate. A party of laborers were engaged in digging an excavation for the foundation of a new building adjoining a brick wall, when the wall caved in and buried three of the laborers. Assistance was immediately rendered, and the three buried men taken out. One of them was found to have been instantly killed and the other two were seriously injured. The laborer killed was William Mankie, a Dane, aged 30 years, and the injured men were Poles, who lived in the township, and both of whom will probably recover. The accident was the work of but a moment, the wall coming down with a crash.—*Detroit Free Press*.

Salt Inspection.

The report of the State Salt Inspector shows that there was inspected during September salt for the respective manufacturers as follows:

	Barrels.
Saginaw county.....	156,756
Bay county.....	131,278
Huron county.....	30,764
Iosco county.....	28,807
Midland county.....	7,151
Manistee county.....	3,458

Total.....348,487
The salt-inspection year commences with December, and the following figures will show the amounts inspected by months, as compared with previous years:

	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
December.....	97,887	117,917	148,130	156,576
January.....	99,505	137,587	15,499	53,310
February.....	53,952	113,115	12,142	39,892
March.....	100,348	13,508	124,487	216,055
April.....	121,171	154,500	95,745	202,109
May.....	171,384	283,190	232,218	311,042
June.....	226,199	291,692	342,205	363,377
July.....	73,608	266,268	32,586	348,697
August.....	45,32	301,291	324,590	341,695
September.....	264,304	299,479	304,330	348,487

Tortured with Pinchers by Burglars.

Benjamin Sturgis, a farmer, 70 years old, lived with his family near Big Beaver, Oakland county, and it has long been supposed that he kept a hoard of money in the house. He was awakened a few nights ago by the presence of three masked men in his room. Before he could make any resistance they tied him securely to the bedpost. His wife, a servant girl, and a boy were served in the same way. After searching the house and securing a small sum of money, the burglars returned to Sturgis and tortured him with a pair of pinchers, in the hope that he would reveal to them the place where his money was kept. He persisted that there was

no more money in the house. They pulled out his toe-nails by the roots and otherwise tortured him so that he became unconscious. Then they left the house and stole a horse and buggy, with which they made their escape.

Material for a Fish Exhibit.

Commissioner Frank N. Clark, Superintendent of the Northville fish hatchery, is busily engaged just now procuring sketches and specimens to illustrate the fish and fish business of the great lakes at the International Fish Exposition to be held next April in London, England. Mr. Clark arrived at the Griswold House yesterday afternoon and went to Belle Isle this morning with Dubois Knight and a photographer to get sketches and views of the whitefish and herring fisheries. During the next week or two he will visit Sandusky, Toledo, the islands of Lake Erie, Alpena, Mackinaw and St. Ignace, and fish dealers are requested to inform him of anything connected with the business that may escape his observation. Among the views sent to the exposition will be photographs of the Northville hatchery, and all the various stages of the process of hatching. Fish of various ages will also be put up in alcohol. Mr. Clark particularly desires to get the largest single trout that can be found for exhibition. He already has a four-and-a-half-pounder, recently caught at the Sault, but hopes to do better before closing his collection. Comparisons will be made between the California and brook trout, to show how much faster the former grows. Meanwhile a steamer is being prepared at Washington to carry all the American exhibits to England.—*Detroit News*.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by observers of diseases in different parts of the State, show causes of sickness during the week ending Oct. 7, 1882, as follows. The number of observers heard from is 54:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Observed by	Per cent. of
1 Intermittent fever.....	43	80
2 Diarrhea.....	41	76
3 Rheumatism.....	36	67
4 Bronchitis.....	34	63
5 Neuralgia.....	34	63
6 Remittent fever.....	31	57
7 Consumption of lungs.....	29	54
8 Typho-malarial fever.....	26	48
9 Tonsillitis.....	18	33
10 Dysentery.....	18	33
11 Erysipelas.....	18	33
12 Influenza.....	16	30
13 Pneumonia.....	15	28
14 Cholera morbus.....	14	26
15 Typhoid fever (enteric).....	13	24
16 Diphtheria.....	11	20
17 Cholera infantum.....	10	19
20 Whooping-cough.....	9	17
19 Inflammation of bowels.....	9	17
20 Scarlet fever.....	8	15
21 Puerperal fever.....	7	13
22 Inflammation of brain.....	4	7
23 Membranous croup.....	4	7
24 Cerebro-spinal meningitis.....	2	4

Beside those tabulated above, the following named diseases were reported each by one observer: Fever, diabetes, spasmodic croup, pleurisy and measles. For the week ending Oct. 7, 1882, the reports indicate that erysipelas increased, and that cholera infantum, cholera morbus, bronchitis and influenza decreased in area of prevalence.

Compared with the average of reports for the months of October in the preceding five years, all diseases named in this report except puerperal fever were less widely prevalent during the week ending Oct. 7, 1882, than usual.

At the State Capitol, during the week ending Oct. 7, the prevailing winds were south; and, compared with the preceding week, the average temperature was higher, the average absolute and the average relative humidity and the average day and night ozone more.

Including reports by regular observers and by others, diphtheria was reported present during the week ending Oct. 7, and since, at twenty places, scarlet fever at eleven places, and measles at one place. A case of small-pox was reported at Grand Rapids, Oct. 9. HENRY B. BAKER, Secretary.

A Vicious Pest.

An alarming insect pest has made its appearance in Detroit and vicinity and has given and is giving a great deal of trouble and occasioning no little anxiety. It has carried destruction into several fine residences, and annoyance into a large number of places, and its name is legion. The pest is a species of beetle, infinitesimal in size, dark brown in color, active in movement and prolific in progeny. They breed at the rate of seventy eggs absolutely safe from their ravages. They swarm and breed in the flour barrel, the sugar box, the tea chest and other articles of food. They enter crevices in the furniture, penetrate beds and bed-clothing, and make life generally very miserable for the inmates of the house. Prof. A. J. Cook, of the Agricultural College, says that the little beetles are known to science as *Sylvanus surinamensis*, and are imported from Italy and Spain in dried fruits. They work on figs, raisins and wheat, and flourish in all kinds of meal, flour and food, such as cake and bread. The smallest ones are not caught by the finest sieve, and the annoyance they cause is simply indescribable. Prof. Cook says that the only way to get rid of them is to thoroughly clean them out and then not introduce them again, a lucid method of extermination very hard of application. The most effectual remedy is bi-sulphide of carbon, a

very dangerous explosive. It has the expansive and explosive power of gas, but requires a light to set it off. This remedy should only be applied under the direction of a chemist, and great precaution should be taken against fire. Another efficacious remedy is pyrethrum, a harmless powder, apt to be adulterated or old and so worthless. It is a powder like flour, applied with a bellows, and loses its strength when exposed to the atmosphere.

The pest threatens to overrun the State, and, as it lives on and thrives in wheat, the danger of their general introduction need not be expatiated upon. A number of the beetles duly bottled and labeled can be seen in the counting room of the *Post and Tribune*, and readers are warned to be on the lookout for the pest. Those who now have them should waste no time in extermination, and those who have not got them should be on their guard against them.

While upon this subject, there having been considerable inquiry for a poison for cockroaches, it may be said that Prof. Cook states that London purple mixed 1 to 20 with sugar is a virulent poison for those pests.—*Detroit Post*.

War Telegraphing.

The Union army in 1862 lay encamped on the north bank of the Rappahannock, opposite what was to be the disastrous field of Fredericksburg. On the bank of the river, in the extreme front of the Union line, stood the house of Mrs. Gray, a long, rambling stone building, whose front of three stories faced the river. The roof sloped steeply toward the rear, where the stone side was but one story high. Mrs. Gray herself, an elderly widow, had received the Union advance with every demonstration of welcome, and her house soon became the favorite rendezvous for young officers. A prime cause of this, aside from Mrs. Gray's cheerful hearth and good fare, was the beauty of her daughter Sallie, a brunette of perhaps twenty years. A young lieutenant was badly wounded by those batteries, and spent all his spare time at the feet of this fair Southerner, who professed such sympathy with the Union cause.

Late one rainy night a sentinel pacing back and forth before the stone front of the Gray house heard a faint but sharp noise cutting the still air. It sounded like the click of a telegraph instrument and it seemed to come from beneath his feet. Greatly perplexed he called the sergeant of the guard. They listened carefully and presently joined by the gallant lover of Sallie Gray. Conviction of treachery smote his heart and with the sergeant he unceremoniously entered the Gray dwelling. Sallie and her mother, despite the late hour, were busily sewing by a table in the sitting-room. The ladies rose in apparent surprise and indignation at the intrusion.

"Step aside, if you please," said the sergeant.

"What does this mean?" asked Mrs. Gray, sharply.

"Frank, I appeal to you for protection," cried the young lady to the lieutenant. That officer could only shake his head and sternly wave her aside. "You are false. You have deceived me," he said hoarsely, as the girl who had promised to be his bride sank sobbing upon a sofa.

The soldiers could hear the ticking more plainly now. They moved the table, lifted the carpet and discovered a trap-door leading to a cellar of whose existence they had no suspicion. A light below was instantly quenched, but they fearlessly descended and discovered a telegraph instrument with an insulated wire running through the cellar wall, and evidently passing beneath the river to the enemy on the other side. Crouching in a corner was the operator, a young and handsome man, who had never before been seen about the house, having lived for days in the cellar. "You are my prisoner" from the sergeant, brought the distressed wail from poor Sallie of "My husband, oh, my husband," the heart of the Union lieutenant went back once more to the girl he left behind him.

But, notwithstanding the detection of this line of communication, the enemy seemed to know of every movement of the Union troops. It was a mystery to the officers how they gained their knowledge. There were no more telegraph wires, and there was no more passing across the river. At last the mystery was solved. Within the Union lines, but in sight of the enemy, there stood a low frame house occupied by a negro who did washing for the soldiers. He hung his clothes to dry in the front yard; but it was noticed that in the porch there always hung three flannel shirts, one red, one white and one blue. The negro said they were in Union colors. But the shirts were not always in the same position, and a suspicious sergeant finally became convinced that the negro used them to signal across the Rappahannock. The arrest of the negro and the effectual use of the shirts to deceive instead of to inform the enemy followed.—*Philadelphia Press*.

The first circus in the United States started out of Putnam county, N. Y., in 1828. It had eight or ten performers, as many horses, neither tent nor seats, and advertised only by marching through the village invested, with a man ahead calling out the place of exhibition. The programme included feats of strength, leaping, etc., and riding without saddle, and the ring was pitched in yards wherever convenient. After a time an elephant was added, and from this grew the menagerie addition. In 1832 the first tent was used in New York city.

NEWSPAPERS throughout Kansas claim that there is an unprecedented scarcity of male help on the farm and female help in the kitchen.

REPRESENTATIVES of all the Protestant missionary societies are being invited to a missionary conference to be held in Calcutta in Christmas week.

LAST year the Millers' Association of Minneapolis handled about 10,000,000 bushels of wheat, requiring the use of \$18,000,000. It has now in the field nearly 300 buyers and expects to handle 18,000,000 bushels during the present season.

VICTOR Hugo has made an appeal for the life of Arabi Pasha. The great French poet has many times, in other cases, done this sort of thing with success. When a young man he saved a life by a poetical appeal to the King of France; and in his old age, about two years ago, he saved the life of several Russian Nihilists by making an impassioned appeal to the Czar. His appeal in behalf of Arabi Pasha will at least secure for the Egyptian leader a word of sympathy throughout Europe.

THE books of the treasury show that the ordinary expenditures of the government during the first quarter of the current fiscal year were over eleven millions in excess of ordinary expenditures during the first quarter of last year. This result is attributable to the extravagance of congress at the last session. The increase will grow rapidly larger during the remainder of the present year, and especially after the large additional force of pension clerks become acquainted with their work.

THE honor or dishonor of firing the first shot at Fort Sumter, commonly accorded to Mr. Ruffin of Virginia, is now claimed by Gen. S. D. Lee for George S. James of South Carolina. It is certain that neither of these persons will take part in a controversy on the subject; for Gaines, who became a Lieutenant Colonel, was killed in Maryland, while Ruffin, who is conceded to have fired the opening gun of the iron battery, committed suicide after the war.

Special Assessors Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,
Clerk's Office, October 18, 1882.
To R. K. Heald and non-resident lot 8, block E, southwest addition.
You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll, for the repair of sidewalks, has been reported by the Board of Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 8th day of November, A. D. 1882, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council room, in said City, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Assessors to review said roll.
By order of the Common Council,
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Registration Notice.

To the Electors of the township of Holland in said County. You are hereby notified that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the township of Holland in the said county of Ottawa will be held at the Townhouse in said township, on Saturday, the fourth day of November A. D. 1882, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons as are then possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors in said township of Holland and that said Board of Registration will be in session on said day, at said place, from nine o'clock in the forenoon, until five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the aforesaid purpose; and you are also hereby notified to then and there attend and apply to said Board, to have your respective names then and there registered as aforesaid, pursuant to the provisions of the statutes of said state, in that behalf made and provided.
Dated at said township, this 19th day of October A. D. 1882.
ISAAC MARSHLE,
Clerk of said Township.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

New Advertisements.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland, will meet at the following places in said City, on Saturday, the 4th day of November, A. D. 1882, between the hours of eight o'clock A. M. and eight o'clock P. M. for the purpose of making an entirely new registration, of the qualified electors of the several wards of said city.
In the 1st Ward, at Engine Room, No. 2 (Kanter's Basement).
In the 2nd Ward, at the Photograph Gallery of B. P. Higgins.
In the 3rd Ward, at the Store of Boot & Kramer.
In the 4th Ward, at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

J. A. TER VREE,
R. J. HARRINGTON,
JOHN BRUKEMA,
G. N. WILLIAMS,
P. WINTER,
JOHN KRAMER,
JACOB KUIJTE,
JELTE REIDSEMA.

Board of Registration of the City of Holland.
Dated: Holland, Michigan, Oct. 5th, A. D. 1882.

City Meat Market.

C. LANDAAL, Prop'r.

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Wm. Butkau in the "City Meat Market," of the First Ward, I am prepared to serve customers with the choicest meats that this city affords.

I keep constantly on hand
CORN BEEF & LARD
and SAUSAGES of all kinds.

Meats delivered to all parts of the city.

C. LANDAAL,
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 5th, 1882. 36-1y

ELECTION NOTICE.

CLERK'S OFFICE, City of Holland,
October 5th, 1882.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:
Notice is hereby given that the General Election to be held in this State on Tuesday the seventh day of November next, in the several wards in the City of Holland, shall be held at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:
In the First Ward, at the room of Columbia Fire Engine Co., No. 2.
In the Second Ward, at the Photograph Gallery of B. P. Higgins.
In the Third Ward, at the Common Council rooms.
In the Fourth Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

The following officers are to be elected, viz.:
A Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor General, Commissioner of the State Land Office, Attorney General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and a Member of the State Board of Education, also a Representative in Congress for the Fifth Congressional District of this State; also a Senator for the Twenty-third Senatorial District; also a Representative in the State Legislature for each of the two Representative Districts.
You are also hereby notified that at said election the following amendments to the Constitution are to be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection:
An amendment to section 1 of Article 9, relative to the salaries of the Judges of the Circuit Court, provided for by Joint Resolution No. 28, laws of 1881.
Also, an amendment to section 10 of Article 10, relative to the adjustment of claims against Counties, provided for by Joint Resolution No. 31, laws of 1881.
There will also be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection, the question of a general revision of the Constitution of the State of Michigan, pursuant to Joint Resolution No. 10, laws of 1881.

Also the following County Officers, viz.:
A Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, County Clerk, Register of Deeds, Treasurer, two Circuit Court Commissioners, two Coroners, a County Surveyor and a Fish Inspector.
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for the county of Ottawa, in chancery.
ANNIE L. HYDE, Complainant.
vs.
ALVIE HYDE, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the county of Ottawa, in chancery, at the city of Grand Haven, in said county, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1882. In this cause, it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant, Alvie Hyde, is a resident of this State. That a writ of subpoena had been duly issued in this cause, and that the same could not be served on said defendant by reason of his continued absence from his home in this State, on motion of Wm. H. Parks, solicitor for said complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant Alvie Hyde, cause his appearance to be entered within one hundred days, from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance, that he cause his answer to the bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitor, within twenty days after service on him, of a copy of said bill, and of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill of complaint be taken as confessed by said defendant Alvie Hyde.
And it is further ordered that within twenty days, the complainant cause a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper, published and circulated weekly, in the said county of Ottawa, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.
Dated, August 29th, A. D. 1882.
CHAS. E. SOULE,
Circuit Court Commissioner.
WM. H. PARKS, Complainant's Solicitor. 31-7w

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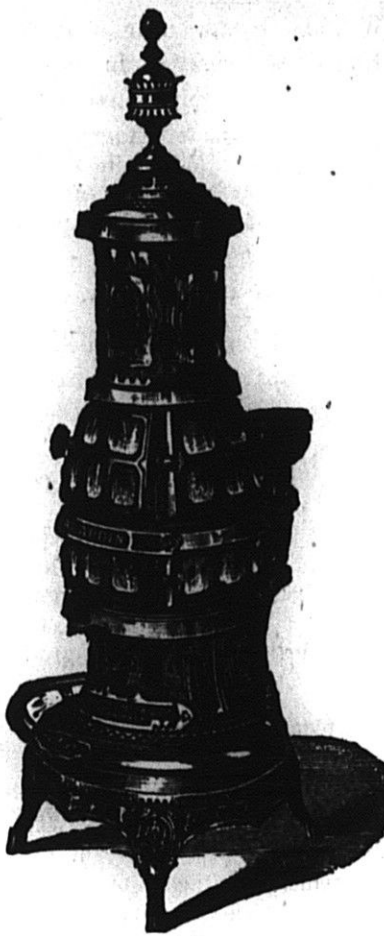
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Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, ss.
At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Monday, the second day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Jan Trimpe deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John C. Post praying among other things for the probate of an instrument in writing filed in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, and that administration thereof may be granted to the person named therein as executor.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the Thirtieth day of October, in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the probate office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
A true copy. (Attest.)
SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate

W. C. MELIS,

DEALER IN



Cook and Heating Stoves.

FOR COAL AND WOOD.

I also sell the celebrated and well-known coal stove.

"ALADDIN"

I have on hand a large quantity of

Hercules Powder

which is used so successfully in blasting and removing the largest STUMPS.

REPAIRING AT LOWEST PRICES.

I also keep Coal, which I sell for the Lowest Market Prices.

W. C. MELIS.

HOLLAND, Sept. 28, 1882. 34-1f

Comb. College

Young Men and Women will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a Thorough, Quickening, Practical education. Send for College Journal.

B. WYNHOFF,

SUCCESSOR TO

M. Huizenga & Co.,

EIGHTH STREET.

We have added a complete stock of

DRY GOODS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Notions, Hosiery, Woolen Yarns, Etc., Etc., which we offer for sale at very low prices. Our motto is: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Our stock of CROCKERY is large and complete, and our stock of GROCERIES is constantly being replenished, kept fresh and full.

FLOUR AND FEED,

is also kept constantly on hand.

The highest prices is paid for butter and eggs and other Country Produce.

Call and see our New Goods.

M. H. Werkman will remain in the store as heretofore.

B. WYNHOFF.

HOLLAND, Sept. 22, 1881. 33-6m.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM.

The Best, Cleanest and most Economical Hair Dressing.
Never Fails to Restore the youthful color to grey hair. 50c and \$1 sizes at druggists.
Florescent Cologne.
A new and exceedingly fragrant and lasting perfume. Price 50c and 75c.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Pure Family Medicine that Never Intoxicates.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives it may save yours.

HISCOX & CO., 163 William St., New York. 50c. and one dollar size, at all dealers in medicines.
GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grabs, Blisters, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers every-where. Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, \$1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, Buffalo, N.Y.

Examination of Teachers.

The board of school examiners of Ottawa county will meet to examine applicants to teach in the public schools of said county at the following places and times:

Couperville, Sept. 26, 1882, in Averill's Hall.

Hudsonville, Sept. 28, 1882, in the school.

Grand Haven, Oct. 27, 1882, in the court house.

Applicants for the first and second grades will bring a certificate from the chairman of the township board of school inspectors, showing that they have taught the required time with ability and success.

All applicants will present testimonials of good moral character, recommendations from township school officers preferred.

Applicants are required to be present promptly at 9 a. m. and to remain until all of the examinations are completed.

By order of the Board of School Examiners of Ottawa county, Michigan.

JAS. F. ZWEMER, Secretary.

SPRING LAKE, Sept. 1, 1882.

BOOT & KRAMER,

Dealers in—

Groceries and Provisions.

In addition to our complete stock of Groceries, Tobaccos and Cigars we have added

Dry Goods

For which we solicit a share of the trade. We will serve all customers to the best of our ability, and by prompt attention and fair treatment endeavor to merit our share of the patronage of the people of this city and vicinity.

GIVE US A CALL.

Farmers bring your

Butter and Eggs.

BOOT & KRAMER.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 4th, 1882 13-1f

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's

Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

Sold in Holland by D. R. MEENGES. 51-ly.

PILE'S

NO CURE! NO PAY.

CURE GUARANTEED

TREATMENT PAINLESS

40,000 OPERATIONS AND NOT ONE DEATH

DR. BRINKERHOFF'S SYSTEM

Dr. Brinkerhoff's assistant, S. B. Jamison, M. D., will be at the City Hotel, Holland, Mich., Aug. 10, Sept. 7, Oct. 5, Nov. 2 and 30, Dec. 28, 1882; and Jan. 25, Feb. 22, March 22, April 19, May 17, June 14, 1883. Consultation free.

S. B. JAMISON, M. D.

1882. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1882.

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Kid Gloves, Fans, Beads,

Bonnets, Dress and Hair Ornaments, Worsted, Canvas, Cardboard, Cord and Tassels, Rushes, Collars, Mantellets, Infants Cloaks, Veiling, Silks, Moire Antique and Plain Velvets, Crape, Laces, Flowers,

Feathers, and a full assortment of the latest styles of Hats and Bonnets Ribbons Moire Antique, plain and fancy.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET HOLLAND MICH.

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!



DR. J. B. MARCHISI,

UTICA, N. Y.

Discoverer of DR. MARCHISI'S

UTERINE CATHOLICON,

A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.

Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhoea, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price \$1.50 per bottle. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other. For Sale by D. R. MEENGES.

JUST RECEIVED

at the Store of

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

SPRING & SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

DRESS GOODS,

CASHMERES,

DELAINES,

GINGHAMS,

CALICOES,

TABLE LINEN.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

DUTCHESS OVERALLS, &c.

A Full Line of

Hats and Caps,

Fresh Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

G. Van Putten & Sons

HOLLAND, March 24th, 1882.

FROM

GRAAFSCHAP to HOLLAND

The undersigned desires to call the attention of the people of Holland and vicinity to the fact that he has purchased the

First Ward Grocery House

COR. EIGHT & FISH STREETS,

and is prepared to serve the public with ever thing that pertains to a first-class

GROCERY Store

Butter & Eggs always on hand.

GIVE ME A CALL.

Don't forget the place No. 192, Eighth street, cor. Fish.

F. DEN UYL.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 24, 1882. 12-ly.

WEBB'S ELECTRIC MEDICINE.

It is a positive and effectual remedy for all Nervous Diseases in every stage of life—youth or old, male or female. Such as Impotency, Prostration, loss of Strength, loss of Vitality, Defective Memory, Impaired Brain Power, and diseases from which an unnatural waste of life springs, all of which cannot fail to undermine the whole system. Every organ is weakened, every power prostrated, and many forms of disease are generated which, if not checked, pave the way to an early death. It rejuvenates age and reinvigorates youth.

Each package contains sufficient for two weeks treatment. Write for pamphlet, which will be sent free, with full particulars.

Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents a package, or twelve packages for \$5.00. Will be sent free by mail on receipt of money, by addressing WEBB'S ELECTRIC MEDICINE CO., A Cure Guaranteed. Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Holland by D. R. Meenges. 22-ly

JOTTINGS.

COAL \$7.00 per ton.

We are meditating—shall we take our friend's word or buy some.

Mr. W. H. Parks and family left this city last Thursday for their new home in Cadillac, Mich.

HAVE you seen the new delivery wagon of Mr. B. Wynhoff? It is a beauty. Mr. C. Braam is in charge of it.

Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, late pastor of the M. E. Church of this city, is at present stopping at Brainerd, Minn.

The Muskegon Lake Division of the Chicago & West Mich. R'y is now graded to its terminus at Port Sherman.

Mr. A. B. Charter showed us a large peach this week which measured 10 inches in circumference. This is large for a late peach.

THE sermons preached in Hope Church last Sunday by the Rev. Jansen, were excellent and were listened to by large congregations.

AN italic "t" is the technicality by which the editor of *De Grandet* evades a direct question. We have heard of men made out of p u t - t y but never of "t."

"WHEN in comfort you set by a warm fireside then is the time to remember"—that your subscription is due and that we have got to make our "fireside" as warm as yours.

THE grading of East Twelfth Street will be completed this week. The improvement in the looks of the street is so great that the property owners on the street are in ecstasies over the job.

It is rumored that Mr. E. Thayer, the Republican nominee for County Treasurer, has withdrawn his name from the ticket and that Mr. G. Van Schelven, of this city, has been placed on the ticket as the regular nominee.

WE hear there is a tendency among some of the employees in our railroad offices here to embark in matrimony. Whether it is in the car accountant's office or the telegraph office we have not yet learned, but rumor says it is both.

PARENTS, pay a visit to our Public Schools and see how your children are being taught. Professor Hummer is doing all within his power to make our school first-class in every particular, and we have no doubt but what he will succeed.

GEN. W. H. Gibson, of Ohio, will address the citizens of Holland, on the political issues of the day, next Friday evening at Lyceum Hall. Republicans don't fail to turn out. The general is a good speaker and will interest all who go to hear him.

If you can't get up to see the comet, why wait until a reasonable hour and then go to the store of Mr. O. Breyman and see the elegant lot of jewelry silver-plated ware, gold and silver watches, and the large and complete stock of yankee notions.

LAST Saturday morning at about 2 o'clock, the school house at Forest Grove, Jamestown, was burned to the ground. The fire is supposed to be incendiary. Loss on building \$1,000, insured for \$500. Loss in books and furniture \$100, no insurance.

WE call the attention of the electors of the township of Holland to the Registration Notice published in another column. You are at liberty at any time, to hand in your name to the town clerk before registration day, and he will see that it is duly registered.

ACTIVE operations have been commenced toward the opening and running of the "Hummel Tannery," and, as we are told, with a fair chance of making the business a success. This adds another enterprise to our slow but steadily advancing manufacturing interests.

WE received a call this week from Mr. J. H. Destrees, of Grand Rapids. Mr. Destrees is a relative of the late Gen. R. E. Lee, and is a descendant of the famous La Fayette. His claim of relationship to La Fayette was recognized by an invitation to a banquet given to the La Fayette relatives at the Yorktown celebration.

THE present comet in the Eastern sky, which can be distinctly seen by everyone at early morning, is certainly the most remarkable one of all the modern comets. Prof. Lewis Swift, director of the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., states that the comet grazed the sun so closely as to cause great disturbance, so much so that it has divided into no less than eight separated parts, all of which can be distinctly seen by a good telescope. There is only one other instance on record where a comet has divided, that one being Biella's comet of 1846, which separated into two parts. Applications have been made on Mr. H. H. Warner by parties who have noted these cometary offshoots, claiming the \$200 prize for each one of them. Whether the great comet will continue to produce a brood or smaller comets remains to be seen.

JACK Frost was around this week.

MARKET-DAY at Zeeland, Wednesday, Nov. 1st.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERG will have a new advertisement in our next issue. Don't fail to look for it.

THE repairing of sidewalks is going on all over our city. This is right and we hope our city officials will push this good work still more vigorously.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 19th, 1882: Calvin Duffey.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

LAST Sunday evening Zierlyn's jewelry store at Grand Rapids was entered by burglars, who carried away \$700 in cash, and jewelry valued at over \$8,000. No clue to the perpetrator.

It makes no difference how long you have lived in the county or how many times you have registered and voted, unless you re-register this fall you will lose your vote. Remember this.

Do you want to telegraph to Hanna? If so you can do so from the railroad office here. Hanna is the name of the last office opened on the southern extension of the Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

THE Democratic meeting last Monday evening, owing to the very inclement weather, was not as largely attended as was expected. Mr. May's address, however, was excellent and deserved a better audience.

Mr. J. Baar, our present efficient Register of Deeds, called on us last Tuesday. Mr. Baar is the fusion candidate for a reelection to the office, and, in our opinion, is entitled to the suffrages of the electors of this community.

THE increasing business on the Chicago and West-Mich. R'y has made it necessary to put on another freight train each way, between this city and Grand Rapids. The train leaves Grand Rapids at 9 p. m. and returns early in the morning.

By looking over our new advertisements the reader will notice that Mr. Landaal is in charge of the City Meat Market. Mr. Landaal keeps all kinds of Sausages, Corn Beef and Lard and will deliver your purchases free of charge. Give him a call.

THE Spring Lake *Message* came out last week with a "People's Ticket" at the head of its columns. The ticket is made up of candidates from both the Republican and the Democratic tickets, and, while the ticket may be all right, we do not approve of this method of publishing a local independent paper. We are sorry to see that Bro. Wasson has thus "kicked over the traces" and departed from the strictly independent field. Wasson don't you think the "ticket" occupies a good deal of valuable space?

THE Board of Supervisors met Monday, Oct. 9th, in Grand Haven, with C. Van Loo in the chair. The following interesting facts were taken from the record of their proceedings:

Deputy Treasurer Van Schelven reports the amount received from liquor tax this year \$9,268.10. Amount in treasury \$328.96. The county will have to borrow \$13,900 to meet expense to January first. The county has overdrawn during the last four years \$13,695.21.

Citizens from the townships of Talmadge and Polkton petitioned to have the following land set off from Talmadge to Polkton: The east half of sections one and twelve.

Citizens from the townships of Talmadge and Allendale petitioned to have the following land detached from Talmadge and annexed to Allendale: Sections nineteen, thirty, seven, seventeen, eighteen, twenty and twenty-nine. The petitions were referred to a committee consisting of Supervisors, Sehl, Bilz, Avery, Harper and Weatherwax. Mr. Cilley spoke in favor of granting the petitions of the citizens of Talmadge and Polkton. Some defaults were found in the papers and the matter was thrown out.

J. P. Hanchet petitioned to have \$100.02 paid the county refunded, which was granted.

The Probate Judge reported that the following persons were sent to the insane asylum for two years: Richard Doyle, Talmadge, May 22d, 1882; Jane Collins, Polkton, June 12th, 1882; Mary Cratt, Chester, June 16th, 1882; Hendrikje Berghorst, Zeeland, Aug. 4th.

Messrs Sanford, Kelley, Beech and Lathan were appointed as a committee to fix salaries for the next two years who reported the following: Treasurer \$1,200, Prosecuting Attorney \$1,200, Clerk \$800, Judge of Probate, fixed by law, \$1,300. The committee on rejected taxes were allowed to employ two Clerks.

The Superintendent of the Poor reported that the poor for the last year cost \$5,026.11, and that the average number of poor was 24, and asks for \$6,500 for the next year.

The report of the committee on salaries fixed as reported.

Look out for B. Wynhoff's advertisement next week.

In another column will be found an advertisement for the Grand Rapids Business College.

We acknowledge the receipt of a new sectional checker-board puzzle, from Messrs. Selchow & Righter, publisher of games and home amusements, New York.

THE October number of the *American Agriculturist* appears in a new cover and new dress, with splendid engravings, and is brim full of interesting reading matter for the farmer. The price of the journal is \$1.50 per year, issued monthly. We have made arrangements so that we can furnish this able journal, together with the *News*, for \$2.50 per year in advance. Subscribe at once.

RELIGIOUS services for to-morrow: Hope Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:20 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Morning, "God's Children." Evening, "The Boy King's Choice."

First Ref. Church, (College Chapel)—Services 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Rev. A. Wormser, of Cedar Grove, officiating.

First Ref. Church, (Church Edifice)—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m.

Third Ref. Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor; services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m.

GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

MR. C. T. Pagelson received news this week of the safe arrival of his daughter, Miss Emily Pagelson, in London. She enjoyed the trip very much.

CAPT. Jerome McBride, formerly of this city, was drowned at Green Bay, by falling from his fish tug on Sunday last. His remains arrived here last Wednesday morning and were accompanied to his late home in Montague by the members of the masonic lodge of this city, of which he was a member.

LAST week Friday, Abram, the 8-year-old son of John Weizel, attending school in the children's department in the third story, was given permission to go out for a few minutes. Later he was found lying at the foot of the stairs, insensible. Physicians say his back is broken, and that he cannot live. It is supposed he attempted to slide down the bannister. On Monday last Dr. A. Van der Veen and other physicians examined him, and removed several fragments of the skull, and on further examination, large clots of blood were found to be imbedded in the body of the brain. On Wednesday last the boy was still alive, but unconscious and apparently paralysed on the left side of the body. At the commencement of school in September last, the School Board, in its wisdom, thought fit to remove the high school, which had been in the upper story since the Union School building was first used, down to the lower rooms, and moved the small children into the third story, ostensibly because it would injure some of the young ladies and gentlemen to climb two flights of stairs to their school room, although ball playing, running, skating, and horseback riding is considered healthy exercise for the young folks. This measure called out a large petition to the school board asking them to reverse the order of things back again, for the very reason that most every other person considered it dangerous for the small children, to be up so high, but the board ignored the petition, and the matter went on until young Weizel met with this disaster. This aroused the indignation of the people, and on Saturday last, a meeting was held at the Common Council Rooms, with Mayor Akely in the chair, and after some very scathing remarks on the action of the school board, committee consisting of the Mayor, Geo. A. Farr, and D. Cutler, was appointed to wait on the school board and request them to change the location of the different "schools" to where they had been before, and it was further resolved, that if the board does not comply with the wishes of the citizens, another meeting be called to take the necessary measures to compel them to do so.

WANTED.—A young man, with the best city references, as clerk, apply at the CHICAGO CLOTHING STORE.

Drs. Griswold & Hozen, of Grand Rapids Medical and Surgical Institute, will be at the Phoenix Hotel, Holland, until Saturday, Oct. 28. The Drs. devote their attention to chronic diseases, and desire a trial of all cases that have been pronounced incurable. We would refer, by permission, to James Ryder and wife, Holland; D. R. Crane and wife, E. Miller, and wife, Orin Hutchings and wife, Chas. Grilly and wife, Pennsville; Thos. Howe and wife, Salem; F. Pixley and wife, Ottawa; J. Brower, Saugatuck. Consultation free. Any case pronounced curable by the Drs., if a cure is not performed, the money will be refunded.

Yours respectfully,
DRS. GRISWOLD & HOZEN.

Parlor Stoves

We have a full line of

Parlor Wood and Coal Stoves,

Which we offer at reasonable prices and terms of payment.

Our line comprises all the numbers of the 1882 pattern.

CROWN JEWEL AND JEWEL,

of the Detroit Stove Works,

Warranted to excel anything else in the market for economy and beauty; regulates easier, burns its fuel cleaner and distributes the heat more evenly than any other stove.

Besides the above we have

"The New Ideal"

which is an entirely new design in Parlor Coal Stoves, matching the latest styles in furniture. We also have several cheaper grades.

In Parlor Wood Stoves we have a large variety of every kind, representing several series of the Detroit and other prominent works. In this line we hold several second-hand stoves which can be had very cheap. In

Cooking Stoves

We also take the lead and represent old and reliable companies that warrant their work. No selecting from a paper to fill an order at an indefinite time in the future, but the goods to select from—from the cheapest cooking stove to an assortment of ranges never before represented in this town. We respectfully invite purchasers to compare merits and prices of our goods with any other in the city.

R. KANTERS & SONS.

Nails! Nails!

We still have a

Full Assortment

of Nails on hand and intend to keep up our stock of all sizes at all times.

R. KANTERS & SONS.

HOLLAND, MICH.

FENCE WIRE,

Barbed and plain of five different kinds, ten per cent below Grand Rapids prices at

R. KANTERS & SONS.

Exclusive Sale here for the Brinkerhoff Patent Wire.

25c. Post and Tribune

Will be sent 3 MONTHS for 25 Cts. CLUBS OF 5 NAMES FOR \$1.00. Subscription taken only during September and October at this rate. Agents roll up a big list—there is money in it from now till after the Campaign.

Address, POST & TRIBUNE, 33-4w. DETROIT, MICH.

H. BOONE, Livery, Board and Sale Stable.

The oldest established Stable in the city.

On Market Street, near Eighth.

I have the newest and best HEARSE in this city, with the finest horses and carriages for funeral purposes, which I will furnish

as cheap, if not cheaper

than any party in this city.

HOLLAND, July 28th, 1882. H. BOONE. 25-17

Otto Breyman

Dealer in



Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1882. 48-17

Pond's Extract

Subdues Inflammation Controls all Hemorrhages, Acute and Chronic. Cures all Ulcers.

INDISPENSABLE FOR BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHOEA, CHOLERA, STINGS OF INSECTS, FILLS, SORE EYES, SORE THROAT, etc., etc.

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.

For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises and Sprains, it is unequalled in stopping pain and healing in a marvelous manner.

For Inflamed and Sore Eyes—It is used upon these delicate organs in a simple manner.

It is the Ladies' Friend—All female complaints yield to its wondrous power.

For Ulcers, Old Sores, or Open Wounds, its action upon these is most remarkable.

Toothache, Faceache, Bites of Insects, Sore Feet, are certainly cured by

POND'S EXTRACT.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS! USED IN HOSPITALS!

Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation.

It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIAL PREPARATIONS OF POND'S EXTRACT COMBINED WITH THE PUREST AND MOST DELICATE PERFUME FOR LADIES' BOUDOIR.

POND'S EXTRACT..... 50c., \$1.00, \$1.75.

Toilet Cream..... 1.00 Catarrh Cure..... 75

Dentifrice..... 50 Plaster..... 25

Lip Salve..... 25 Inhaler (Glass 60c.) 1.00

Toilet Soap (3 Cakes) 50 Nasal Syringe..... 25

Ointment..... 50 Medicated Paper..... 25

Family Syringe, \$1.00.

Ladies read pages 13, 18, 21 and 26 in our New Book which accompanies each bottle of our preparation. Sent free on application.

SEND OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO

POND'S EXTRACT CO.,

14 West 14th St., New York.

Sold by H. WALSH, Holland Mich.

NEW STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

—That received at—

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

A large and elegant stock of FINE Ladies and Gentleman's Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers.

—:o:—

CALL AND SEE US.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880.

Kremers & Bangs,

—dealers in—

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.

Having purchased the entire stock and "good will" of T. E. Annis & Co., we will endeavor to merit, by fair treatment and honest competition, a share of the patronage of this public.

Physicians Prescriptions carefully Compounded.

KEMERS & BANGS.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 19th. 11-17

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES IN THE

JEWELRY STORE

—OF—

J. ALBERS,

8th STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

Clocks which have been sold for \$4, are now for sale at \$3. The entire stock on hand will be sold at that rate. Plated ware, Spectacles, etc., etc., will be sold at cost for the next 60 days.

Oct. 15, 1881. 37-17

DON'T FAIL TO CALL ON

R. A. BRAYMAN.

At the old place of L. T. Kanters.

An entire new stock of

Stationery and Confectionery,

FANCY GOODS,

CIGARS and TOBACCOS.

Complete and well selected stock of Photo. and Autograph

ALBUMS

As cheap as the cheapest.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 9, 1882.

REST.

He does well who does his best.
In his weary rest, let him rest.
Brothers, have done my best
I am weary, let me rest.
After toiling on the vale,
Battered, not to struggle fail—
After toiling long to gain
Little good with meek pain—
Let me rest. But why am I low
Where the little daisies grow,
Where the wild rose blooms,
Where the footpath rustles red,
Where the old woods worship God,
Where the penitents kneel,
Where the wedded throats sing,
Where the young bird tries his wings,
Where the wailing plover sings,
Where the rattle of the spring,
Where, at times, the tempest roars,
Shaking distant sea and shore,
Still will I rave and rave,
To be heard by me no more!
There, beneath the breezy west,
Tired and thankful, let me rest,
Like a child that sleepeth best
On its mother's gentle breast.
—Christian Intelligencer.

THE HISTORY OF YANKEE JIM.

One scorching afternoon in July, 185—, the Hangtown stage creaked slowly over the plank roadway forming the principal street of Sacramento City, finally coming to a full stop in front of the El Dorado Hotel. It had not actually stopped before the usual knot of idlers were collected to stare, as they had done year in and year out, at the dozen or so dust-begrimed passengers who alighted, and who began thrashing themselves like men who had been out in a heavy fall of snow, instead of having just finished the hottest and dustiest sixty miles of road in America.

This particular stage usually made connection with the day boat for "The Bay," as San Francisco was universally termed in the interior; but on this occasion it had come in too late by an hour at least, and the boat was consequently at that moment twenty miles down the river. Upon learning this disagreeable piece of intelligence, the belated travelers scattered, grumbling at a detention which each took good care to explain could never have been worse-timed or more inconvenient to himself than upon this particular afternoon.

One traveler, however, stood apparently nonplussed by the situation for a moment or two longer, until his eye caught the word "Bank," in big golden letters, staring at him from the opposite side of the street. He crossed over, read it again from the curbstone, and then shambled in at the door. He knew not why, but, once within, he felt a strange desire to get out again as quickly as possible. But this secret admonition passed unheeded.

Before him was a counter, extending across the room, at the back of which was a solid wall of brick. Within this was built the bank vault, the iron door of which being half opened discovered bags of coin piled upon the floor and shelves from which the dull glitter of gold dust caught the visitor's eye directly. The middle of the counter was occupied by a pair of tall scales of beautiful workmanship, in which dust was weighed, while on a table behind it were trays containing gold and silver coins. A young man, who was writing and smoking at the same time, looked up when the door opened to admit the person of whom we were speaking. To look at the two men one would have said that it was the bank clerk who might be expected to feel the presentiment of evil. Really, the other was half-banished in appearance.

In the solitary individual who has just entered the bank we shall describe, not one man only, but a type of the thousands who, like migratory ants, passed and repassed the great highways leading to the mines of the Golden State. He was a bronzed, bearded and weather-beaten hombre, dressed in a faded woolen shirt, pantaloons secured at the hips by a belt and tucked loosely within a pair of miner's boots, a broad-brimmed hat that had been hastily crushed upon his head, and a peajacket dangling from his left shoulder like the short cloak of an ancient cavalero. The haft of a bowie-knife protruded, ready to be grasped, from his belt; and when he walked a big "six-shooter" flapped against his hip at every step. The man seemed a walking arsenal; but, had the well-dressed young person been soothed, a "Derringer" would have been found in his pocket, while a revolver lay convenient to his hand underneath the counter.

Although he was alone and unnoticed, yet the stranger's manner was undeniably nervous and suspicious. Addressing the cashier, he disjunctly said: "I say, mister, this yer boat's left; can't get to Frisco afore to-morrow?" (inquiringly).

"That's so," the cashier assented. "Well," continued the miner, "here's my fix; bound home for the States (dropping his voice); got \$2,000 stowed away; don't know a live hombre in this yer burg, and might git knifed afore morning in some fandango. See?"

"That's so," repeated the unmoved official. Then, seeing that his customer had come to an end, he said: "I reckon you want to deposit your money with us?"

"That's the how of it, stranger. Look it up tight what I kin come for it to-morrow."

"Down with the dust then," observed the cashier, taking the pen from behind his ear and preparing to write; but, seeing his customer throw a wary glance right and left, he beckoned him to a more retired part of the bank, where the depositor very coolly divested himself of his shirt, in each corner of which five \$50 "slugs" were knotted. An equal sum in dust was then produced from a buckskin belt, all of

which was received without the least comment upon the ingenuity with which it had been concealed. A certificate in due form was then made out, specifying that James Wildes had deposited with the "Mutual Confidence and Trust Company," subject to his order, \$2,000. Glancing at the scrap of crisp paper, as if hardly comprehending how it could be an equivalent for his precious heap of coin and dust upon the counter, Jim heaved a deep sigh of relief, then, crumpling the certificate tightly within his big fist, he exclaimed: "That! I kin eat and sleep now, I reckon. Blamed if ever I knew afore what a coward a rich man was!"

He then started for the door, hesitated, came back to the counter, and asked the clerk, in a confidential tone: "I say, what might be the valley of that buzzum-pin of yours? The old woman at home might like some kind of a trinket, you know."

The clerk eyed the questioner sharply, carried his hand hastily to the diamond cluster flashing in his shirt front, and said, shortly, "Sixty ounces."

Jim gave a long whistle, and went out in search of a night's lodging.

Our man, who had acquired among his fellow-miners the nickname of "Yankee Jim," had been a sailor before the mast. When the ship's anchor touched the bottom, he with his shipmates started for the "dig-gings," where he had toiled for two years with varying luck, but finding himself at last in possession of what would be considered a little fortune in his native town. We see him now returning, filled with the hope of a happy meeting with the wife and children he had left behind.

But while Yankee Jim slept soundly, and dreamed blissfully of pouring golden eagles into Jane's lap, his destiny was being fulfilled. The great financial storm of 185— burst upon the State unheralded. Like a thief in the night the one fatal word passed over the wires that shut the door of every bank, and made the boldest turn pale. Suspension was followed by panic, panic by ruin and dismay. Yankee Jim was only an atom swallowed up in the general and overwhelming disaster of that day.

In the morning he went early to the bank, to find it shut fast, and an excited and threatening crowd surging to and fro before the doors. Men with haggard faces were talking and gesticulating wildly. Women were weeping and wringing their hands. A sudden faintness came over him. What could it all mean? Mustering courage to put the question to a bystander, he was told to look and read for himself. Two ominous words, "Bank closed," were posted on the front of the building.

For a moment the poor fellow could not seem to take in the full meaning of the calamity that had fallen like a thunderbolt from a clear sky; but as it dawned upon him that his little fortune was swept away forever, and with it the hopes that had opened to his delighted fancy, the blood rushed to his brain and his face grew purple. Then he fell back in a fit, deprived of sense or motion.

The first word he articulated when he came to himself was "Home." Some kind souls paid his passage to San Francisco, where the sight of blue water and of big ships gallantly riding at their anchors seemed to revive him a little. Wholly possessed by his one idea of getting home, he shipped on board the next home-bound steamer, going about his duty like a man half stunned, and who sees, without comprehending, what is passing around him.

The sailing of a homeward-bound steamship was one of the events of those days. To say that the whole city turned out to witness, or rather to assist at, her departure would hardly be an exaggeration. On board all was bustle and hilarity. On shore jests and good-bys popped like champagne corks. Those who were going were the secret envy of those who were left behind, in whom this scene aroused that passionate, that uncontrollable yearning for the old home beyond the mountain peaks, beyond the seas.

My own knowledge of the chief actor in this history began at 4 o'clock in the morning of the third day out from port. The California's engines were suddenly stopped. There was a hurried tramping of feet, a rattling of blocks on the deck, succeeded by a dead silence—a silence that could be felt. I jumped out of my berth and ran on deck. How well I can recall that scene.

The morning, cold, damp and foggy, was an utterly dismal one. A pale light struggled through the heavy mist, but it was too thick to see a cable's length from the ship, although we distinctly heard the rattle of oars at some distance, with now and then a quick shout that sent our hearts up into our mouths. We listened intently. No one spoke. No one needed to be told what those shouts meant.

The huge black hull lay silent and motionless. Although the gloom hid it from us, the near vicinity of the coast was announced by the roaring of the surf, distinctly audible in the deathlike stillness. We could not even make out the mastsheads for the fog in which they seemed dissolving. But in the vessel's wake stretched a half-luminous streak of phosphorescent foam, until it mingled with and was lost in the colorless vapor overhanging the black and torpid sea. Down this luminous track, and into the gloom beyond, our eyes were strained to discover the secret of the hour.

How long it was I cannot tell, for minutes seemed hours then; but at last we heard the dip of oars, and the boat shot out of the fog within a biscuit's toss of the boat. I remember that, as

they came alongside, the upturned faces of the men were ghastly and pinched. One glance showed that the search had been in vain.

The boat was secured, the huge paddles struck the water like clods, the heavy floating mass swung slowly round to her helm. But at the instant we were turning away, awed by the mystery of this death scene, a cry came out of the darkness—a yell of agony and deepest horror—that nailed us to the deck. May I never hear the like again. "Save me! for God's sake, save me!" pierced through and through the stillness until a hundred frantic voices seemed repeating it. The cry was so near that every eye instinctively turned to the spot whence it proceeded—so near that it held all who heard it in breathless, in sickening suspense. Had the sea really given up its dead?

Before one might count ten, the boat was again manned and clear of the ship. I recollect the figure of the first officer as he stood erect in the stern-sheets, with the tiller ropes in his hand, peering into the fog. I can see the men springing like tigers to their work, and the cutter tossing on the seething brine astern like a chip. Then the fog shut them from view again. But never more was that voice heard on land or sea. It was the last agonizing shriek of returning consciousness, no doubt, as the Pacific closed over Yankee Jim's head.

At eight bells we assembled around the capstan at our Captain's call, when the few poor effects of the lost man were produced. His kit contained one or two soiled letters, a daguerreotype of two blooming children hand in hand, a piece of crumpled paper and a few articles of clothing. I noticed that while smoothing out the creases in this scrap of paper the Captain became deeply attentive, then thoughtful, then very red. Clearing his throat, he began as follows:

"It's an old sea custom to sell by auction the kit of a shipmate who dies on blue water. You all know it's a custom of the land to search for the last will of a deceased friend as soon as the funeral is over. The man we lost this morning shipped by his fo'castle or sea name—a very common thing among sailors; but I've just found out his true one since I stood on this spot; and, what's more, I've found out that he had been in trouble. An idea strikes me right here that he found it too heavy for him. God knows. But it's more to the point that he left a wife and two children, whose sole dependence he was. Gentlemen and mates, take off your hats while I read you this letter."

The letter, which bore evidence of having been read and read again, ran as follows:

"Oh, James! and are you really coming home, and with such a lot of money, too? Oh, I can't believe it all! How happy we shall be once more! It makes me feel just like a young girl again, when you and I used to roam in the berry pastures hand in hand, and never coveted anything in the wide world but to be together. You haven't forgot that, my lad, have you? or the old cedar on the cliff where you asked me for your own wife, and the heaven over us and the sea at our feet, all so beautiful, and we so happy? Do come quick. Surely God has helped me to wait all this long, weary time, but now it seems as if I couldn't bear it another day. And the little boy, James, just your image; it's all he can say, 'Papa, come home.' How can you have the heart to stay in that wicked place?"

When he had finished, some of the lady passengers were crying softly. He then read the fatal certificate of deposit, holding it up so that all might see.

"Now, ladies and gentlemen," he went on, "you've heard the story, and can put this and that together. When we get to Panama I'm going to write a letter to the widow. It's for you to say what kind of a letter it shall be. That's why I've asked you here. Now, purser, put up the certificate of deposit."

"How much am I offered—how much?" said the purser.

Ten, twenty, forty, fifty dollars were quickly bid. Then a woman's voice said seventy, and then the bidding ran up to a hundred and fifty. It was knocked down to a red-shirted miner, who laid three \$50 pieces on the capstan, saying, as he did so: "Tain't half enough, Cap; sell her agin—sell her agin."

The sale went on, each buyer putting the certificate up for sale again, until the noble emulation covered the capstan with gold.

"Stop a bit, purser," said Capt. M., counting the money. "That will do," he continued; "the sale is over. Here are just \$2,000. The certificate of deposit is redeemed."—Harper's Magazine.

Our Foreign-Born Population.

The foreign elements of our population have varied widely since 1850. At that time foreigners constituted 9.5 per cent. of the total population; they now constitute 13.3 per cent. Of the foreign residents of 1850, 43.5 per cent. were Irish; 26.4 Germans; 13.9 English and Welsh; 6.7 British-Americans, while the Scandinavians formed less than 1 per cent. Since that time the proportion of Irish to the other foreign elements has steadily declined. Of the arrivals in the ten years ending in 1850, the Germans were but 25 per cent.; of those in the ten years in 1860, they were 37 per cent. Between 1860 and 1870 other foreign elements began to assume importance through the fast-increasing immigration of Swedes and Norwegians across the ocean and of Canadians across our northern border. We have seen that the Irish of 1850 constituted 43.5 per cent. of the total foreign population. In 1860 this propor-

tion had fallen to 38.9, and in 1870 still farther to 33.3. Although the statistics of nationality at the census of 1880 are not yet published, it is not probable that the Irish to-day constitute more than 27 per cent. of the foreign population of the country.—Gen. Walker.

NATIONAL CROP REPORT.

Estimates of the Yield of Grain and Potatoes.

Wheat.—The October returns to the National Department of Agriculture of the yield per acre of wheat, estimated from results of threshing, foreshadows a product slightly exceeding 500,000,000 bushels, and possibly reaching 520,000,000. The average yield per acre appears to be nearly fourteen bushels, on an acreage slightly less than 37,000,000 acres. This is a reduction of area in the spring-wheat region, and a large yield in the great winter-wheat growing belt of the West. Taking the highest figures indicated by these returns of yield, the distribution of the production gives 348,000,000 bushels, or nearly half the crop of the United States, to six principal winter-wheat States—Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Kansas. The spring wheat of the Northwest may make 113,000,000 bushels. The Pacific coast crop, which has been persistently exaggerated in commercial estimates, cannot much exceed 44,000,000 bushels. The Middle States produce about 40,000,000 bushels, and the Southern States slightly in excess of 50,000,000 bushels.

Corn.—The yield per acre of corn will be reported in November. The condition averages 81, being very high in the South and comparatively low in the States of largest production. In Illinois, with 8 per cent. decrease of area, the condition is only 73, in Iowa 70, and in Ohio 87. The three States produced 10 per cent. of the crop of 1879. A careful comparison of the changes in area and condition indicates an average yield of twenty-five bushels per acre, against twenty-eight in 1879, and eighteen last year. The average of the series of years is between twenty-six and twenty-seven bushels. New England will produce, according to October returns, 7,000,000 to 8,000,000; the Middle States, 82,000,000; the Southern, 340,000,000; those north of Tennessee and west of Virginia and Pennsylvania, 1,251,000,000—an aggregate of 1,680,000,000. Later returns may slightly reduce but cannot materially increase this estimate.

Oats.—The Department of Agriculture reports the average yield of oats to be somewhat higher than last year, or in 1879, and the product nearly as large as that of wheat—probably about 480,000,000 bushels. Illinois, Iowa, New York, Wisconsin, Missouri, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Kansas are the States of highest rank in the production.

Rye.—The average yield of rye, averaged from State returns, is fourteen and seven-tenths bushels, thus making the crop 9,000,000 bushels, or nearly the same as reported by the census.

Barley.—The average yield of barley is twenty-three bushels per acre, aggregating 45,000,000 bushels. California, New York and Wisconsin together produce more than half, or 27,000,000 bushels. The product in 1879 was 44,000,000.

Buckwheat.—The prospect for buckwheat is good for nearly the average product, 11,000,000 to 12,000,000 bushels. Pennsylvania produces nearly half a crop, and reports 95 as the average of condition, 100 representing the full normal yield. New York makes the average 75. No other State produces 5,000,000 bushels.

Potatoes.—The general average condition of potatoes is 81. In the South, in the Ohio valley, and in Michigan, Missouri and Nebraska, the average is 100 to 106. In the Northwest and in the Eastern and Middle States the condition is lower. It is 70 in New York, 85 in Maine and 84 in Vermont. Returns indicate a probable yield of 80 bushels per acre on an area of nearly 2,000,000 acres.

Cotton.—The cotton returns of the Department of Agriculture for October indicate unusual size and vigor of the plant and capacity for large production. The late development of the fruitage, and the reported indications of a small top crop, limit the otherwise extraordinary prospect.

Hansom Cabs in Philadelphia.

The hackmen of Philadelphia are distressed by the announcement that within a month the Pennsylvania Railway Company will exclude them from their Broad street station, inside which twenty hansom cabs and ten "four-wheelers," owned by the company, will have places. The vehicles are nearly completed and after English models. Seventy horses have been purchased in Michigan to draw them, and the horses and vehicles will be let to reputable drivers at a fixed price per day, the rate of fare being also prescribed by the company. The price for a hansom cab holding two persons will be 25 cents for a mile and a half or less, and 20 cents for each additional mile or fraction thereof. The charge per hour will be 65 cents. The price for the "four-wheelers" will be 35 cents for a mile and a half or less, and 20 cents for each additional mile or fraction thereof. The charge for a trunk will be 10 cents, and for each valise 5 cents. Persons can carry hand-baggage free in hansoms. The chief purpose of the vehicles is to convey passengers from the station to their homes, but they will also carry to the station all persons who hail them while returning.

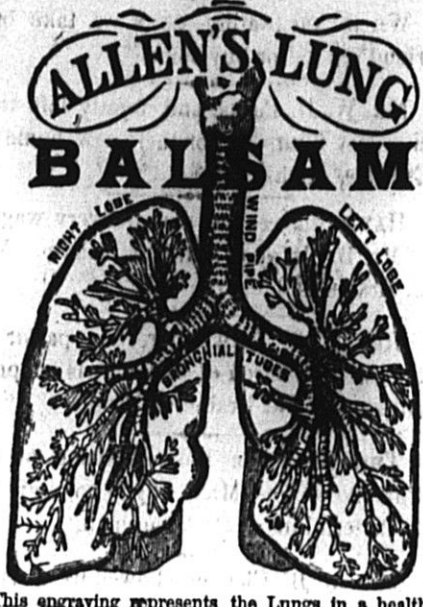
An Unkind Reply.

There is a slight misunderstanding between McGinnis and his wife's mother. It came about in this way: Hostetter McGinnis is thinking of taking a trip to El Paso for his health, but his mother-in-law has been telling him that there is danger of his being scalped by Indians, and that, he had better stay right here in Austin.

"Nonsense," replied Hostetter McGinnis, "there used to be Indians on the El Paso road, but they have all been driven off. I don't believe there is an Indian in the whole country."

"Very well," replied his wife's mother, "when you get out on the plains, and one of those wild beasts comes at you whooping and yelling, then you will think of me."

"I don't doubt it," replied Hostetter McGinnis, and now the *entente cordiale* has been spilled, and there is a coolness between them.—Texas Siftings.



[This engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.]

A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY! STRICTLY PURE.

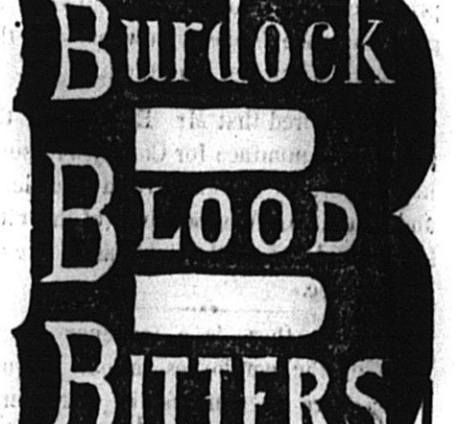
Harmless to the Most Delicate!

By its faithful use CONSUMPTION has been CURED when other remedies and Physicians have failed to effect a cure.

WILLIAM C. DIGGES, merchant of Bowling Green, Va., writes April 4, 1881, that he wants us to know that the LUNG BALM has cured his mother of Consumption, after the physician had given her up as incurable. He says, others knowing her case have taken the Balm and been cured; he thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM & Co., wholesale druggists, Zanesville, Ohio, write us of the cure of MARTHA FREEMAN, a well-known citizen, who had been afflicted with Bronchitis in its worst form for twelve years. The LUNG BALM cured him, as it has many others, of Bronchitis.

As an Expectorant it has No Equal. For Sale by all Medicine Dealers.



Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grabs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and sent by mail for 5 letter stamps. Price, 50c. Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, 50c. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, Buffalo, N.Y.

A. PLETON & CO., 329 Broadway, New York, have published 30 different designs of colored lithographs (with calendar for 1881 at foot). They are mounted in elegant rollers ready for hanging, and are also hanging on any parlor wall. Size 15x21 inches. Samples sent to any address on receipt of 25c. postage.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Dr. J. C. Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 5 letter stamps.

J. M. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.



Eggleston Truss Co., Chicago, Ill.

ALL FARMERS CAN Make Money

FARMERS' REVIEW (weekly), the best and cheapest Farmers' paper in the world (\$1.50 a year). If you don't believe it, TRY IT and SEE. Send eight 5-cent stamps and you will get it till December 31, 1881. FARMERS' REVIEW CO., Chicago, Ill.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR Ten Years' Washington

By Mary Clemmer. It portrays the "inner life," sights and scenes, parties and mysteries of the Capital; tells of the daily life at the White House and of all its famous occupants; shows the wonders and inside workings of every Government Department; and gives truthful revelations of life "behind the scenes."—a well-illustrated volume. 44 fine Engravings. The best selling book out. Agents Wanted. Ladies do grandly. Extra Terms given. Send for circulars to the EXCELSIOR PUBLISHING CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

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PIANOS This Company have commenced the manufacture of UPRIGHT GRAND PIANOS, introducing important improvements, adding to power and beauty of tone and durability. Will not require tuning once quarter as much as other Pianos. ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS, with full particulars, FREE. THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO., 154 Tremont St., Boston 30, Mass. 14th St., N. York; 149 Washburn Ave., Chicago, Ill.

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\$10 Investors of small and medium amounts in Grain, Provisions and Stocks as fully protected as most extensive and influential operators. Our successful, fully tried, old established plan. Try it. Reports sent weekly, dividends paid monthly. Send at once for explanatory circulars and past record. FREE. Dividends paid during past thirteen months on this plan \$667.1 per share. Address FLEMING & MERRIAM, 141 & 143 LaSalle St., CHICAGO, ILL.

\$20 \$50 \$100 We want a local agent in every town. Excellent inducements. Good pay for a responsible, enterprising man. Write for terms.

This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

W. C. T. Union.

In his book on Siberia, the Rev. H. Landseil says that in Russia when a man is found to be so confirmed a drinker as to be to all appearances past reforming, his neighbors call a sort of village parliament, vote the individual a nuisance, and give him a sort of free pass to Siberia. The judgment thus pronounced is brought before the higher authorities, and unless he can show good reason why he should not be sent to Siberia, the man has to go.

Changes of Sentiment.

It is an encouraging sign of the times that drunkenness in the public service is coming to be regarded much more than formerly as a grave offense. In a late debate in the United States Senate upon a bill to restore to a lieutenant in the army an officer who was dismissed by court martial for drunkenness, a Kansas senator, Mr. Ingalls, spoke of the demoralizing influence upon the army of the practice of condoning the offense of intoxication. It is to be hoped that henceforth no more drunken officers will be allowed either in the military or any other branch of the public service. The New York Observer, commenting upon the recent Senate debate, says very pertinently: "No drunkard should be an officer in the army. The responsibility is too great for any man to have who is in danger of being overcome by strong drink. Once degraded by and for intemperance, the poor man should be kept out of the army for ever—required to spend his days in such service as will not make him responsible for the fate of a battle or the lives of his fellow men. Let us have a temperance army." If such counsels had been obtained during the late war, there is no doubt but that many thousands of precious lives on both sides would have been spared. The least that the Government can properly do is to forbid and remove the drink temptation as far as possible.—National Temperance Advocate.

First Rate Evidence.

"Often unable to attend business, being subject to serious disorder of the kidneys. After a long siege of sickness tried Burdock Blood Bitters and was relieved by half a bottle." Mr. B. Turner, of Rochester, N. Y., taken the pains to write.

How Much Will it do!

How much of Thomas' Electric Oil is required to cure? Only a very little. A few drops will cure any kind of an ache; and but a trifle more is needed for sprains and lamenesses. Rheumatism is not so readily affected; an ounce and sometimes two ounces are required. No medicine, however, is so sure to cure with the same number of applications.

Not only did a Michigan woman lose her husband by elopement, but his companion in flight was the hardy servant girl, and he took along an able-bodied son, leaving a helpless cripple with his wife.

Eighty-five Dollars Lost.

"You do not tell me that your husband is up and entirely cured by so simple medicine as Parker's Ginger Tonic?" "Yes indeed, I do," said Mrs. Benjamin to her neighbor, "and after we had lost eighty-five dollars in doctor's bills and prescriptions. Now my husband feels as well as ever."

Do Not Move Blindly.

Go carefully in purchasing medicine. Many advertised remedies can work great injury—are worse than none. Burdock Blood Bitters are purely a vegetable preparation; the smallest child can take them. They kill disease and cure the patient in a safe and kindly way.

An art class of young women at Fairbault, Minn., induced a man to let them experiment on him for a plaster cast. After they had covered his face the quills slipped from his nostrils, and he was so nearly suffocated to death that a physician with difficulty revived him. They forgot to oil the skin, too, and the plaster stuck fast, damaging him to an extent that necessitated his stay for a week in a hospital.

Depend Upon It.

Mother Shipton's prophesies and Louisiana elections are very uncertain things, but Thomas' Electric Oil can be depended upon always. It cures aches and pains of every description.

OLD BERSHIRE MILLS,
DALTON, Mass., April 27, 1893.

Mr. Peter Lawler has been a resident of this town for the past seventeen years, and in our employ for fifteen, and in all these years he has been a good and respected citizen of the town and community. He has had some chronic disease to our knowledge for most of the time, but now claims to be, and is, in apparent good health.

CHAS. O. BROWN, Pres't.

[The wonderful case referred to above is published in another column and will prove of great value to thousands of our readers.—Ed.]

HALL'S Catarrh Cure

Is Recommended by Physicians!
\$100 REWARD FOR A CASE IT FAILS TO CURE!

We manufacture and sell it with a positive guarantee that it will cure any case, and we will forfeit the above amount if it fails in a single instance. It is unlike any other Catarrh remedy, as it is taken internally, acting upon the blood. If you are troubled with this distressing disease, ask your Druggist for it, and accept no imitation or substitute. If he has not got it, send us and we will forward immediately. Price, 75 cents per bottle. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Schouten & Schepers, Holland.

A MAN

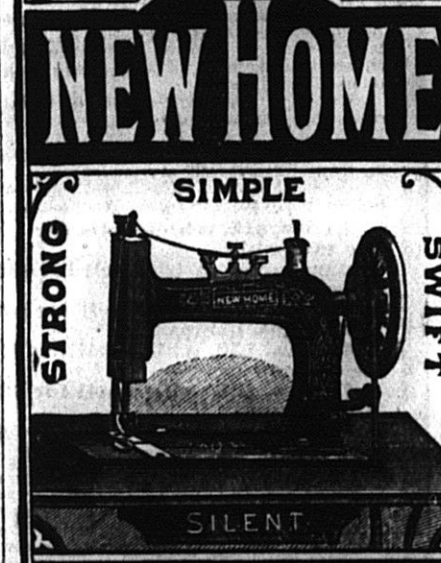
WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R.R. Call the attention of travelers to the central position of its line, connecting the East and West by the shortest route, carrying passengers without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Finest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous 'ALBERT LEA ROUTE.'

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points. All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains. Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages. For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE, at our nearest Ticket Office, or address E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt., CHICAGO.

ABOVE ALL COMPETITORS THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME



SEWING MACHINE

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR HAS MORE IMPROVEMENTS THAN ALL OTHER SEWING MACHINES COMBINED NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. 30 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK CHICAGO, ILL. ORANGE, MASS. AND ATLANTA, GA. FOR SALE BY

Meyers, Brouwer & Co.

ATTENTION Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Slave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz: Oak Slave Bolts, 30 inches long. White Ash Slave Bolts, 30 inches long. Elm Slave Bolts, 33 inches long. Black Ash Slave Bolts, 33 inches long. Black Ash Heading Bolts, 33 inches long. Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long. Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long. For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Slave Factory, ED. VER SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

JUST RECEIVED SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

Boys' and Young Men's SUMMER SUITS. Suits for Children of 4 years up to suits for full grown Men.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS, We won't be Undersold.

A full line of Dress Goods, Ladies' Gossamere Circles, Etc. Boots and Shoes in great variety.

Over 600 acres of first-class timbered land for sale; also a farm of 160 acres, for a man who wants a good farm here is a chance.

E. J. HARRINGTON, HOLLAND, MICH.

GROCERY AND DRY GOODS STORE OF C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts. Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries,—always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. C. STEKETEE & BOS. HOLLAND, Oct. 12th, 1890. 36-1y

NARROW ESCAPE

OF MASSACHUSETTS ENGINEER TIMELY WARNING OF MR. JOHN SPENCER BAGGAGE MASTER OF THE B. & A. R. R.

Marvellous Cure of Stone in the Bladder—Large Stones Removed by Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. From the Pittsfield (Mass.) Eagle.

Stone in the Bladder is a very dangerous ailment; but many most remarkable cures have of late been wrought by "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy"—the invention of Dr. Kennedy of Rondout, N. Y. Another striking case is now added to the list. Mr. Peter Lawler, of Dalton, Mass., states in a letter to Dr. Kennedy that he had been troubled with bladder complaint for 14 years, and had consulted at different times seven physicians; but nothing beyond temporary allayment of the pain had been worked. Towards the end of last January Mr. Lawler called on Dr. Kennedy. Sounding him the doctor "struck stone." He decided that Mr. Lawler should first try the "Favorite Remedy," so as, if possible, to avoid an operation. And here is the remarkable result: "Dear Doctor Kennedy—The day after I came home I passed two gravel stones, and am doing nicely now. If you would like to see the stones I will send them to you." This letter bears date "Dalton, Mass., Feb. 6th," and is signed "Peter Lawler." The stones, which are so large as to warrant for "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" the claim that it is the most successful specific for Stone yet discovered, are now in Dr. Kennedy's possession. Incidentally Mr. Lawler also states that the "Favorite Remedy" at the same time cured him of a stubborn case of Rheumatism; and it is a fact that in all affections arising out of disorder of the liver or urinary organs it is a searching remedy and works marvellous benefits. It is in itself almost a medicine chest. Order it of your druggist. Price \$1.00 a bottle.

FIRST WARD DRUG STORE.

SCHEPERS & SCHIPHORST, Successors to

Schouten & Schepers.

We would respectfully inform the citizens of this city and vicinity, that we shall endeavor to merit the patronage of all the old customers and as many new ones as may see fit to patronize us.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

DR. L. SCHIPHORST,

Graduate of the University of Leiden, will be prepared, at all hours of the day or night, to attend to patients.

MR. A. HUIZINGA, Prescription Clerk employed by the old firm will still continue in our employ.

SCHEPERS & SCHIPHORST. HOLLAND, Mich., August 31, 1892. 30-1y

THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE.

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY R.R. The SHORTEST, QUICKEST AND BEST line to St. Joseph, points in Iowa, Atchison, Topeka, Denison, Kansas, Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Montana, Texas, and California.

CHICAGO

This Route has no superior for Albert Lea, Minneapolis and St. Paul. Universally conceded to be the best equipped Railroad in the World for all classes of travel.

KANSAS CITY

All connections made in Union Depots. Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the U. S. and Canada. Information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Cars, etc. cheerfully given by T. J. POTTER, Vice Pres't & Gen'l Manager, Chicago, Ill. PERCEVAL LOWELL, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

Registration Notice!

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, ss.

To the Electors of the City of Holland in said County.

You are hereby notified that the Board of Registration of the city of Holland, in the said county of Ottawa, will meet at the following places:

In the First Ward, at the rooms of Columbia Fire Engine Co., No. 2.

In the Second Ward, at the Photograph Gallery of B. P. Higgins.

In the Third Ward, at the Store of Boot & Kramer.

In the Fourth Ward, at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

In said City, on Saturday, the Fourth day of November, A. D. 1892, for the purpose of registering the names of all persons who are then possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors, in said city, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on said day, at said places, for the afore-said purpose; and you are also hereby notified to then and there attend and apply to said Board, to have your respective names then and there registered as aforesaid, pursuant to the provisions of the statutes of said state, in that behalf made and provided.

Dated at said city, this fifth day of October A. D. 1892.

By Order of the Common Council. GEO. H. SIPP, Clerk of said City.

COAL! COAL!

We, the undersigned, having become the agents for the coal firm of L. Hedstrong, of Buffalo, N. Y., are now prepared to deliver No. 1 coal immediately, for the lowest possible prices. Orders will be promptly filled. Apply at the Hardware store of Wm. C. Melis, or to John De Boer, Drayman.

WM. C. MELIS. JOHN DE BOER.

25-1f.

Wanted AGENTS! For Gen. Dodge's new book, THIRTY-THREE YEARS AMONG OUR WILD INDIANS

Introduction by Gen. W. T. Sherman. Contains a truthful and graphic record of the author's observations during 33 years among the wildest tribes of the Great West. Splendidly illustrated with Steel Plates, Fine Engravings and Superb Chromo-Lithograph Plates in fifteen colors. Has received the unqualified endorsement of the most eminent men of our country. Gen. Grant writes: "The best book on Indian and Frontier Life ever written." Bishop Wiley, of Cincinnati, says: "A much needed book and one of immense value." Chicago Interior: "A book of standard and substantial value." Chicago Advance: "No other book contains as full and accurate account of the Indians." Chicago Tribune: "It reads like a romance, and is far superior to any book ever published on the subject." The Chicago Inter Ocean: "It vividly portrays the Indian just as he is."

999 AGENTS Wanted at once to supply the waiting thousands! It is the opportunity of a lifetime for rapid money making! Remember, new book, superbly illustrated; immense demand; exclusive territory and Special Terms. Send for illustrated circulars, with full particulars, to A. C. NETTLETON & CO., Chicago, Ill.

H. WYKHUYSEN,

dealer in



Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., etc.

I keep a full line of Spectacles, which are the best in the market.

Prompt attention given to repairing.

No trouble to show goods.

Watches and Clocks, sold below Grand Rapids prices.

GIVE ME A CALL.

H. WYKHUYSEN. HOLLAND, Mich., July 30, 1892. 24-1y

ONLY \$20 For this style of PHILADELPHIA SINGER. Equal to any Singer in the market. Remember, we send it to be examined before you pay for it. This is the same style other companies retail for \$50. All Machines warranted for 3 years. Send for Illustrated Circular and Testimonials. Address CHARLES A. WOOD & CO. 17 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK The Great En-TRADE MARK.

glish Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, spermatorrhea, impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse, Loss of Memory, After Taking, BEFORE TAKING, Universal Laxative.

Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO. No. 106 Main Street, Buffalo, N.Y.

For Sale in Holland by Heber Walsh. 33-1y