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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IX.—NO. 36.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1880.

WHOLE NO. 452.

The Holland City News,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
OTTO J. DOESBURG,
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3.50	5.00	8.00
2 " "	5.00	8.00	10.00
3 " "	8.00	10.00	17.00
4 " "	10.00	17.00	25.00
5 " "	17.00	25.00	40.00
6 " "	25.00	40.00	65.00

Yearly adve. s have the privilege of three
changes.

Business C. s in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished white charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's sig-
nify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.
P. Rowell & Co's News-
paper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where
advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW
YORK.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Thursday, July 8, 1880.

Trans.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	* 3.40 a. m.	1.40 a. m.
" "	8.14 a. m.	5.20 "
" "	1.50 p. m.	* 7.30 "
" "	† 10.10 p. m.	3.25 p. m.
Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	1.30 p. m.	5.25 a. m.
" "	* 5.35 p. m.	3.35 p. m.
" "	† 9.50 p. m.	* 8.20 a. m.
New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.30 a. m.	* 6.00 a. m.
" "	† 5.15 a. m.	" "
" "	* 7.20 "	8.15 a. m.
" "	3.20 p. m.	* 2.30 p. m.
" "	9.38 "	1.55 "
" "	* 7.40 p. m.	† 10.20 p. m.

* Mixed trains.
† Daily except Sunday and Monday.
‡ Daily except Saturday.
§ Mondays only.
All other trains daily except Sundays.
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago
time which is 20 minutes later than Columbus
time.

Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 30, 1880.

Going North.	No. 2.	STATIONS.	Going South.	No. 3.	No. 1.
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.	
9 10	12 05	Muskegon.	7 00	3 05	
8 25	11 45	Ferrysburg.	8 15	3 35	
7 55	11 08	Grand Haven.	8 45	3 40	
7 00	11 08	Pigeon.	9 40	4 06	
5 55	10 40	Holland.	11 05	4 35	
5 25	10 20	Fillmore.	11 35	4 45	
3 50	9 30	Allegan.	1 05	5 40	

STEAMBOAT EXPRESS.

Leaves Allegan, for the north, 6.35 p. m.
" Holland, " " 7.25 "
" Grand Haven, " " 8.20 "
" Grand Haven, south, 6.20 a. m.
" Holland, " " 6.35 "
Arrive at Allegan, " " 8.35 "

This train arrives at Grand Rapids via L. S. & M. S. at 10:00 a. m. and at Chicago via L. S. & M. S. at 4:30 p. m.

FRED. H. MAY, Manager.
B. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.
CHAS. J. OTIS, Agent,
Holland, Mich.

Close connections made at Allegan with G. R. & I. R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalamazoo Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, and points east.

Tickets to all the principal cities in the West, South, and East at popular prices.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11 River street.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law, corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting Agent. Office in Kenyon & Van Patten's bank Eighth street.

Barbers.

DE GROOT, L., barber. Hair cutting, shaving, shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at reasonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City Hotel. 14-ly

Commission Merchant.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and office No. 42 Ninth street, next door to the First Reformed Church.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth st.

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Dress Makers.

PERRY, C. A., Dress Maker and Hair Dresser, would respectfully announce to the citizens that she has opened Dressmaking and Hair Dressing rooms, in the building, one door west of Griffin's Drug Store, Washington street, Grand Haven. Also teaches in Wax, Worsted, Lace, and other fancy work. 31-ly

Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL. Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Proprietors. The largest and best appointed hotel in the city. Ample accommodations for permanent boarders and transient guests. Everything first-class. Cor. of Eighth and Market streets, Holland, Mich. 8-ly

PHENIX HOTEL. Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R. R. depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. On Ninth str., Holland, Michigan. 8-ly

PELGRIM, M., Proprietor of Ottawa House. Good accommodations for steady boarders, and every facility for transient guests. The English, German and Holland languages are spoken. Corner of First and Fulton street, Grand Haven, Michigan. 6-ly

SCOTT'S HOTEL. Wm. J. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and Fish streets, convenient to both depots. Terms, \$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

HAVERKATE & SCOTT, Livery and Boarding stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Market, near corner Eighth and Fish street. All kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Moving Machines' cor. 10th & River street.

PAULES, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Puffer Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor. 10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Van Landegend's Block.

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, has made the disease of the Eye, Ear and Throat a special study. Office hours night and day, on the cor. of Eighth and River sts., Holland, Mich. 6-ly

LEDEBOER, F. S., City Physician and Surgeon; office at residence, on Eighth street, near Chl. & M. L. S. R. R. crossing.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Physician and Surgeon; office at the First Ward Drug Store, Eighth Street.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Accoucher. S. Office at Dr. Schouten's drug-store, Eighth street. 40-ly

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon; office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county, Mich. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. 26-ly

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, Overysel, Mich.

Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gallery opposite this office.

Saddlers.

VANPELLE, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market and Eighth Street.

Societies.

I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
JOHN HUMMEL, N. G.
WILL H. ROGERS, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Oct. 13, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

OTTO BREYMAN, W. M.
W. H. JOSLIN, Sec'y.

A LARGE stock of Ready Made Clothing can always be found at Brusse's Clothing House in the Village of Zeeland, and will be sold at greatly reduced rates for the next 60 days. 31-ly

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	\$	35
Beans, bushel	1	00
Butter, lb.	19	
Clover seed, bushel	5	00
Eggs, dozen	17	
Honey, bushel	10	
Hay, ton	8	00
Onions, bushels	30	
Potatoes, bushel	30	
Timothy Seed, bushel	3	25

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$	3 50
" green	2	50
" beach, cry	2	50
" green	2	00
Railroad ties	12	
Shingles, A & M	12	

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	new	90	92
Corn, shelled bushel		40	46
Oats, bushel		35	35
Buckwheat, bushel		65	65
Brn. 100 lbs.		60	60
Feed, ton		18	00
" 100 lb.		90	90
Barley, 100 lb.		1 20	1 30
Middling, 100 lb.		1	00
Flour, 100 lb.		4	80
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.		3	00
Rye bush.		65	65
Corn Meal 100 lbs.		90	90
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs.		1 20	

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed per lb.	\$	5
Pork, "	4	8
Lard, "	8	
Turkeys, per lb.	11	
Chickens, dressed per lb.	8	

Additional Local.

JABESH SNOW, Gunning Cove, N. S., writes: "I was completely prostrated with the Asthma, but hearing of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, I procured a bottle and it did me so much good, that I got another, and before it was used I was well. My son was cured of a bad cold by the use of half a bottle. It goes like wildfire, and makes cures wherever it is used." Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

If you want canned goods, call at the City Bakery, where you can see a larger variety than anywhere else in the city.

The best form.

The best form in which electricity is embodied is embodied in Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, a sovereign and highly sanctioned specific for rheumatic pains, and a thoroughly reliable remedy, all affections of the throat and lungs used externally and internally. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

ONE of the finest and largest stocks of ladies and gents' boots, and gaiters, can always be found at the large store of H. C. Akely & Co., at Grand Haven. 17-ly

N. McRAE, Wyebidge, Ontario, writes: "I have sold larger quantities of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil; it is used for colds, sore throat, croup, etc., and in fact, for any affection of the throat works like magic. It is a sure cure for burns, wounds and bruises." Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

If you are troubled with deranged kidneys, delay not, but get one of Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pads, and you will be cured.

ANY kind of Men's and Boy's Clothing cut and made to order according to the latest styles. We have some very fine goods. Call and see us at
BRUSSE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
12-4f Main St., Zeeland, Mich.

JOHN Hays, Credit P. O., says: His shoulder was so lame for nine months that he could not raise his hand to his head; but by the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil the pain and lameness disappeared, and although three months has elapsed, he has not had an attack of it since. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

No 1 Graham, Rye and White bread will be sold from this date for 5c a loaf at
JNO. PESSINK.

AN immense stock of dry goods to pick from, a large assortment of summer dress goods, hosiery, and notions, can always be found at H. C. Akely & Co., at Grand Haven. 17-ly

Stop that Nuisance.

Wheezing with the Asthma, Bronchitis or a simple cough is inexcusable when Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil banishes the throat-lacerating and ear-disturbing complaint, and averts the danger of Consumption. Cease therefore, to be a sufferer and a nuisance. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

At Brusse's Clothing Store, in Zeeland, you can find a very fine and complete selection of Gents' furnishing goods. Some of the 'nobbies.' Go and see. 31-ly

[OFFICIAL.] Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 13, 1880.

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment and in the absence of the Mayor was called to order by the President, pro-tempore of the Council.

Members present: Ald. Sprietsma, president pro-temp, Ter Vree, De Vries, Bertsch, Landaal and the Clerk.
Minutes of last meeting were read and stood approved.

PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

The following bills were presented for payment: O. J. Doesburg \$17 05
D. Sluyter, 3 mos. bell ringing. 12 50
—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the City Treasurer for the several amounts.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

The City Clerk reported the Oath of Office of R. A. Schouten, M. D., as City Physician, on file in the clerk's office.

The Board of Assessors reported presenting a special assessment roll of "Fish Street Special Assessment District" to defray the expenses for the improvement of said Fish Street.—Filed, numbered, and ordered published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS for two weeks, commencing October 16th next, and that the Board of Assessors meet with the Common Council to review said roll on the 2nd day of November 1880.—Adopted.

Council adjourned.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

The Census in the South.

Mr. Blaine will be interested in the result of the official re-examination of the census returns from South Carolina. He charged in the most emphatic manner, all through the canvass in Maine, that deliberate and systematic frauds had been perpetrated in the Southern States to increase their political power under the next apportionment for Representatives in Congress. At Philadelphia, recently, Mr. Blaine reiterated this important allegation.

Mr. Conkling repeated the charge and enlarged it in his speech at the Academy of Music in New York City. The Republican organs from Portland in Maine to Portland in Oregon echoed the accusations with all the vehemence of partisan malignity. Reproduced in a variety of forms, these assumptions have served for two months past among the chief materials for campaign literature.

Finding the integrity of his work impeached, Gen. Walker, Superintendent of the Census, a stalwart Republican himself selected some of his competent subordinates and sent them to South Carolina quietly with instructions to make very carefully a new enumeration, wholly independent of the first report. That work is now completed, and is officially before the Interior Department. The actual result proves that the original census was singularly correct, and that it was taken with unusual pains.

Gen. Walker's honor was at stake and had to adopt such a course.

The census of 1870 is notoriously imperfect in many respects. The Republican Congress that passed the law for that purpose looked more to the patronage to be squeezed out of it than to the public interest.

When Mr. Blaine, Mr. Conkling, and other stalwart leaders made these charges, not vaguely or doubtfully, but specifically and boldly, they had not a single official figure or report upon which to base them. They took the newspaper statements of present population, contrasted them with the figures of the census of 1870, knowing it to be unreliable, and then made the welkin ring with allegations of intentional fraud.

Now they are convicted of having borne false witness to serve a political object, and proves them to be but commonplace demagogues, instead of honorable Republican statesmen.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT. — Your Thomas' Electric Oil commands a large and increasing sale, which it richly merits. I have always found it exceedingly helpful: I use it in all cases of Rheumatism, as well as fractures and dislocations. I made use of it myself to calm the pains of a broken leg with dislocation of the foot, and in two days I was entirely relieved from pain.

Jos. BEAUDIN, M. D.

Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

A Perfect Martyr.

"I was a perfect martyr to rheumatism," a hale and hearty individual was heard to remark the other day "but" continued he Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil banished the pains, which racked my joints and muscles, and look at me now." A glance convinced us. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

Brevity is the Soul of Wit.

Some one who believes that brevity is the soul of wit, writes: "Don't eat stale Cucumbers, they'll Wup, and if they do, you will need Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the best remedy in the world for Colic, Cramps, Dysentery, Diarrhea, etc. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

Shrimps.

There are two seaside places in England where the sun can be seen at this time of the year to rise from the sea and set in the sea. One is Cromer, in Norfolk; the other Margate, in Kent. During the bank holiday many Londoners will probably take a bath of oxydized-ozonized air, as imported 1,880 miles across the great North Sea direct from Greenland to Margate. The chief exports of Margate are shrimps and grand turbot as firm as glass and as white as a lily. These are trawled up from "The Fall"—a fishing bank which, with the Ridge and the Varne banks between Folkestone and Boulogne, produce the best "butt" (local name for turbot) sent to the London market. In the great Thames estuary, between the North Foreland on the south and Harwich on the north, are thousands of acres of sand plateaus, fatal to ships, but favorable to shrimps. From this great shrimp farm are netted up hourly, daily, from April to October, thousands and tens of thousands of shrimps; yet in spite of the number caught there does not appear, except at times, to be any falling off of these "sea-flies," as they are sometimes called. There are two kinds of shrimp—the brown and the red shrimp. A diversity of opinion obtains as to which is the best eating. The red shrimp is really a prawn, and carries a sword in his head. Reader please examine this sword, and you will see what a formidable weapon it is. The brown-yellow carries claws, the very beautiful construction of which is seldom noticed. It will be found that at the tip of each claw is a tiny little hook, sharp-pointed and curved like a scythe. This hook fits, point and all, into a case, just as a knife fits into its handle. To what use does the prawn apply his sword, the shrimp his hooks? Here is a problem for observers to solve. In spite of the advance of education in modern times, the rising generation does not seem to be aware of the presence of "Adam and Eve" in the brown (not the red) shrimp's head. Just below and almost between the horns will be found two feather-like projections. Pull these out slowly and tenderly hold them up to the light, and you will see "Adam and Eve," and pretty little figures they are.

Bemedy for Hard Times.

Stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style. Buy good healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of running after expensive and quack doctors or using so much of the vile humbug medicine that does you only harm, and makes the proprietors rich, but put your trust in the greatest of all simple, pure remedies, Hop Bitters, that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see better times and good health. Try it once. Read of it in another column.

Ask your druggist for Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad, and take no other, as this is the only pad guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

S. CHADWICK, of Arcadia, Wayne Co., N. Y., writes: "I have had severe attacks of Asthma for several years. I commenced taking Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil; the first dose relieved me in one hour. I continued taking it in teaspoonful doses for a few days, and have not had an attack of it since, now nearly one year." Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

ARE you low-spirited, "down-in-the-mouth," and weak in the back? Does walking, lifting or standing cause pain in the small of the back? If so you have kidney disease, and Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad is the only remedy which will cure you rapidly and permanently and without filling your stomach with nauseating medicine.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the city of Holland will meet at the following places in said city, on Saturday, October

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

CHARLES NITHEW, of Pottsville, Pa., shot his unfaithful wife and then killed himself. Two cotton mills at Lowell—the Chase and the Faulkner—have been burned. Loss, \$300,000.

An express train on the Fitchburg railroad left the track near Littleton, Mass. Two passengers were killed and several injured. The firm of Moore & Jenkins, of New York, have made an assignment. The liabilities of the firm amount to \$387,274, and the nominal assets to \$234,908.

FRENCH & WARD's woolen mill, at West Stoughton, Mass., has been burned, with its contents. Loss estimated at \$200,000, probably covered by insurance. Over 300 employees are thrown out of work. A collision between a passenger and a freight train on the New York and New England railroad wrecked both engines and several cars. The engineers and firemen of both trains were instantly killed, and the freight conductor died on the morning following the accident. No passengers were seriously injured.

JOHN CARSON and his son, together with another boy named Benner, attempted to walk through a tunnel near Huntington, Pa., but were run over by an express train and all instantly killed.

A PITTSBURGH dispatch of the 12th says the deaths by the fire accident upon the Pennsylvania railroad now number twenty-seven, and eight or ten others are not expected to survive. The whole city is in mourning, for many among the killed were well known and widely connected.

THE WEST.

THOMAS FORREST, who fatally stabbed Michael Cortis for discharging him from employment at the California mine, at Silver Reef, Utah, was taken from jail by masked men and hanged.

A SINGULAR accident is reported from LaCrosse, Wis. Joseph Ueber, a farmer living a few miles from town, while returning home in company with his wife, was fatally burned and his wife seriously. The man was under the influence of liquor, and, having a lighted pipe in his mouth, he let it fall in the wagon, setting fire to some hay in the box and igniting their clothing. Before assistance arrived, their clothes were nearly burned off them. The wagon was entirely consumed except two wheels. A wood chopper named Sellers, living on the Mississippi river, six miles west of New Canton, Ill., wanted to marry a Miss Baker, who refused him. He then shot and killed the girl, her mother and himself. A Denver dispatch states that young Jackson, the freighter, who recently shot and killed the Ute chief Johnson, has been found dead at the stake, having been burned by the Indians. When last seen alive he was in the custody of three white men, one of them a Government agent, who were taking him to Gunnison City. It is thought that these men surrendered him to the savages, who were clamorous for his blood, without a protest, and they will be severely dealt with when caught.

A PASSENGER train on the Indianapolis and St. Louis railroad struck an oil-car at Nokomis, Ill., demolishing the latter and throwing its contents in all directions. The petroleum took fire and the entire passenger train was reduced to ashes. All the passengers escaped without injury.

JOHN TAYLOR, the ranking member of the Mormon Apostles, has been elected to the First Presidency of his peculiar community at Salt Lake City. The position has been vacant since the death of Brigham Young. George Q. Cannon and John F. Smith were elected First and Second Counselors. Four men were killed and seven injured in the railway accident at Byron, Ill., on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road. Most of the victims were railway employees.

A SERIOUS row occurred at Shelbyville, Ind., a day or two before the recent election, in which Sheriff McCormick was killed. Two political meetings were held in the town, Republican and Greenback respectively. During the afternoon a number of altercations occurred between Democrats and Republicans, but without serious result. Subsequently a row took place in a saloon between Democrats and Republicans, and Sheriff McCormick quelled the disturbance. He had left the saloon and walked down the street with Ed Kennedy, a Republican who had been in the fracas, in charge. He advised Kennedy to go home, which the latter promised to do. At this time another general fight took place, and a number of shots were fired, one of which struck the Sheriff in the breast, passing through the upper part of the left lung, resulting in his death.

The Academy of Music, on Halsted street, Chicago, has been seriously damaged by fire. While the fire was in progress the roof fell in, carrying fifteen firemen with it. Twelve of them were severely injured. The loss is about \$45,000.

THE SOUTH.

THE centennial of the battle of King's Mountain, at Charlotte, N. C., was celebrated, Oct. 6, in an appropriate manner, many officers of the United States army participating. There was a sham battle in the afternoon.

JAMES M. STEWART, Postmaster of the United States House of Representatives, died last week at Alexandria, Va., of lingering illness, aged 54. He served in the Mexican war and in the Confederate army. He was elected Postmaster of the House in 1876.

DAVID THOMAS and George Lowrie have been hung by a mob in Nelson county, Va., for robbing and otherwise mistreating a widow woman. In Concordia, Bolivar county, Miss., B. J. Owen, Justice of the Peace, was holding court, and J. W. Glover made a disturbance and was ordered under arrest by Owen. Pistols were at once drawn by both, and firing commenced by each. Owen fell dead. Glover ran about 300 yards, and fell. He died after lingering eight hours.

RUFUS R. HUNT, of New Orleans, a prominent turf man, is dead.

THE people of Baltimore devoted the whole of last week to the celebration of the 150th anniversary of the settlement of that city.

WASHINGTON.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: "Gen. Walker, Superintendent of the Census, has made his report of the investigation in the South Carolina census matter to the Secretary of the Interior. Gen. Walker declines to give any information as to the nature of the report, and Assistant Secretary Hall will not authorize

any statement in the absence of Secretary Schurz. It is confidently stated, however, by persons who claim to know, that Gen. Walker, in the report, holds the theory that the census of 1870 was defective, and that the census of 1880 is correct, and that the apparent discrepancies are to be attributed to the assumed imperfections in the former census."

THE White House is literally torn to pieces, undergoing repairs. The main entrance to the building is closed, and persons who have occasion to visit the President's secretaries are compelled to enter through a window, which has been bridged over. The front vestibule has been newly tiled, and the wood-work generally is being newly painted.

FOR the year ending June 30, 1880, the issues of postage stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards (on which the revenue of the department mainly depends) aggregated in value \$32,087,342—9 per cent. increase over the previous year.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: Secretary Schurz made public the report of Superintendent Walker, of the Census Bureau, on the alleged census frauds in South Carolina. The General gives his reasons for believing the census of 1870 incorrect, attributing it mainly to defects of the law under which it was taken, that of 1880, and adds: "The investigation instituted places it beyond a doubt, first, that the census of 1870 was grossly defective; and, second, that the census of 1880 was substantially well taken. In no instance did anything appear which bore the semblance of fraud in the returns made to this office by the enumerators of 1880. In some districts nearly every family was identified as a resident of the township, notwithstanding the great extent of South Carolina townships, some of which embrace 100 and even 200 square miles. In all cases identification was carried far enough to put it beyond doubt that the fault of impossible gains reported over the census of 1870 lay with the preceding enumeration. It appears to me that the report of Special Agent Garrett satisfactorily settles the question as to the fairness of the tenth census in South Carolina." Gen. Walker in conclusion says of the investigation: "I know of no reason why any further charge should be made against the enumeration recently brought to a conclusion by commissioned and sworn officers of the Government in South Carolina. The presumption which existed against their work has been completely overturned, and a strong counter-presumption has been created by verification upon the ground of schedules of inhabitants, in the case of eighteen enumeration districts successively taken for special investigation on account of their exceptionally questionable character."

SPOTTED TAIL, chief of the Brule Sioux, has sent \$332.80 to Secretary Schurz, that six young men of the tribe, who are to be tried for the massacre of the whites near the White River Agency, may secure the services of able lawyers to defend them before the courts of the Great Father.

POLITICAL.

Gov. COLQUITT (Democrat) has been re-elected Governor of Georgia by about 40,000 majority. His opponent was Judge Norwood, also a Democrat.

THERE was an election in Delaware on the 6th inst. for Inspectors and Assessors. A dispatch from Wilmington says: "Full returns from the State give the Democrats, for Inspectors, 9,529; Republicans, 8,673. Democratic majority, 856. On the vote for Assessors the Democrats received 9,495; Republicans, 8,806. Democratic majority, 689."

GENERAL.

THE Mexican House of Representatives, by a large majority vote, has passed a resolution declaring Gen. Gonzalez President of the republic. His term is to begin Dec. 1 next. The electoral vote stood as follows: Gonzalez, 11,528; Benitez, 1,363; Mejia, 529; Cadena, 1,075; Vallarte, 185; Zamacona, 76; scattering, 285.

A DICTATORSHIP has been declared in Costa Rica on the pretense that it is necessary to the salvation of the state, which is threatened by conspirators.

JUDGE DUVAL, of the Texas Supreme Court, has just died in Omaha of abdominal abscess.

ADVICES from the Arctic regions are to the effect that the revenue cutter Corwin has not yet found any trace of the missing exploring steamer Jeannette and the whalers. The Corwin has made several trips to Herald island, but has been unable to make a landing there, on account of the ice.

A HORRIBLE mine disaster has happened in Nova Scotia, whereby ten miners lost their lives. The water from a worked-out pit broke into Ford pit, at Stillerton, drowning those in the mine. The bodies recovered were horribly mutilated.

BARON BOISSY D'ANGLAS has been appointed French Minister to Mexico. There has been no diplomatic relations between the two countries since the days of Maximilian.

FOREIGN.

PARIS telegram: "One of the great dry-goods houses of Paris was visited one day last week by no less than 67,000 people. On Monday alone the same store sold goods to the value of \$280,000. 'These are hard times,' say the French husbands." Lieut. Rogers Birnie and William H. Bixby, of the United States army, have been decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor for their part in the recent military maneuvers in Paris on the occasion of the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille.

THE British Government has ordered the barracks at Athlone, Carlow, Sligo, and other places in the West of Ireland to be prepared for the full complement of troops they are capable of accommodating. A fire at Greenock destroyed the worsted mills of Fleming, Reid & Co., the largest in Scotland. Gen. Primrose, who was in command of the British troops at Candahar at the time Gen. Burrows was defeated at Kushi-Nakud, has been recalled to England, and will probably be placed on trial to answer for his conduct in connection with Burrows' defeat.

GERMANY announces that she will not assist in coercive measures against Turkey unless all the powers participate in them. A Berlin dispatch says an accident occurred in a mine near Kattowitz, Germany, by which fifty workmen were suffocated.

ONE of the murderers of Dr. Parsons, the American missionary to Turkey, has been sentenced to death. It is reported that the British Government contemplates seizing the Turkish Custom Houses, and if that fails to bring the Sultan to terms, deposing him and installing a Prince, to be selected by the European powers.

A FORMIDABLE Mohammedan insurrection has broken out among the Chinese in Kashgar. Constantinople dispatches state that the Sultan has yielded to the logic of the situation, and surrendered Dulcigno unconditionally. The result will be the breaking up of the naval demonstration and the return of the vessels of war as soon as the necessary preliminaries are arranged. The Mark Lane Express says that, in consequence

sequence of the continued wet weather in England, the remnant of the harvest left standing out has been rendered worthless. Wheat in stacks has also suffered somewhat, and thrashing has been suspended. In consequence there has been a slight advance in all kinds of grain, British and foreign.

THE Porte asks further time to carry out the remainder of the terms of the Berlin treaty, having surrendered Dulcigno. Says a Chilean dispatch: "Chili and Peru have accepted the offer of the United States to mediate between them." The French bark Formosa, founded at sea Aug. 30, and the Captain and crew floated about in an open boat until Sept. 4, when they were picked up, two having died in the meantime.

Frightful Railroad Accident.

A terrible railroad accident occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad, at Pittsburgh, on the 9th inst., by which nearly thirty persons lost their lives and a large number received injuries more or less serious. We glean from the local papers the following particulars of the disaster: The first section of the Wall's accommodation going east left the Union depot at 11:31 p. m., having a large crowd of passengers who had been to the city to participate in the closing exercises of the Exposition and to witness the Democratic demonstration. The back platform was so crowded that the headlight on the second section following could not be seen. The first section stopped at the regular station, Twenty-eighth street, where it was delayed on account of another train which was in the next block. The second section came along at good speed, but, owing to the crowds on the back platform of the first section, the signal lights were hidden from view, and consequently the engineer of the second section did not see the train ahead of him until he was so near it that his train could not be checked in time to arrest the collision, and the engine went crashing into the rear coach of the first section, packed as it was with human beings. Among these unfortunate the engine buried itself to the very car windows in among screaming, suffering men, women and children, mangled all who were in its course. The boiler-head of the colliding engine burst off by the shock, and the scalding water and steam poured over the occupants of the car as it bent on completing the horrible work that had gone before. It is impossible to describe the fearful scene that followed. The moans of the dying and wounded and shrieks of those who had lost their friends were frightful. Word was immediately telephoned to the Mayor's office for assistance, and twenty-five policemen with a full corps of physicians and wagons were dispatched at once to the scene of the disaster, where they were soon busily employed in alleviating the sufferings of the victims and clearing the wreck. The wounded who were unable to care for themselves were carried to the Soldiers' Hospital, located but a short distance from the accident. Up to the present time (Oct. 11.) twenty-four deaths have occurred. About twenty are dangerously wounded, several of them beyond hope of recovery.

The October Elections.

Elections were held in Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia on Tuesday, Oct. 12. Notwithstanding the intense partisan feeling engendered by the heated campaign that preceded the voting, the election in all three States was very quiet, and an unusually large vote was polled. The returns at this writing (Oct. 13) are very meager in Indiana. There are 1,323 polling places in the entire State; returns from 135 of these show a net Republican gain, on the vote of 1876, of 776. These gains, if maintained in the remainder of the State, would elect Porter by about 3,000 majority. Nothing is known at this writing in regard to the result in Indiana on Congressmen and the Legislature.

In Ohio, returns from one-quarter of all the precincts and townships show a net Republican gain of 2,364, as compared with the vote for Governor last year, when the majority was about 17,000. The Republicans claim thirteen of the twenty Congressmen.

From West Virginia scarcely any returns are received. It is claimed that the Democrats carry the State by a reduced majority.

Over-Exertion.

Long-continued exertion, without proper intervals of rest, is followed by a peculiar sensation of fatigue, and often by tremor or cramp. Fatigue is due, in part, to the failure of contractile material, and an accumulation of waste-products, in the muscles, but, in the main, to the exhaustion of the nerve-centers that supply stimulus to contraction. Both tremor and cramp are probably caused by excessive muscular irritability, the former being due to short, irregular explosions of muscular force, the latter being a prolonged contraction of the muscle.

When over-exertion is confined to a small group of muscles, these, instead of becoming enlarged and strengthened, as is the case when exertion and rest are duly interchanged, suffer chronic exhaustion, which shows itself in a species of paralysis—as in palsy, or cramp, severally peculiar to writers, telegraphers, type-setters, violinists, pianists, tailors, milkers, and men of various trades whose work is mainly with the hammer.

It is computed that the pen-blade forger, if industrious and disposed to do full work, delivers nearly 29,000 accurate strokes a day, and in ten years over 88,000,000, each stroke involving expenditure of nerve force, both in the nerves of the brain which calculate the distance and amount of force necessary, and the nerves of the muscles engaged in the act.

Another result of over-exertion is irritability of the heart, similarly due to exhaustion of nerve-force. The heart may become dilated, so that valves—one or more—cease fully to close the openings, or the valves become thickened and incapable of ready and complete action. The elastic tissues of the great arteries leading out of the heart may be weakened by over-distension, and the walls may, during some strong effort, so far give way as to form a pouch, or even to stretch out into a fatal aneurism.

This irritability of heart gives rise to palpitation, cardiac pain, and rapid pulse.

It is estimated that 38 per cent. of cases of this affection among our soldiers during the late civil war were due to long and rapid marches, or other forms of over-exertion. Professional pedestrians are proverbially short-lived. Mountain-climbers, and persons who carry gymnastic or athletic exercises to excess, and, especially, laborers whose work is severe, and who also suffer from intemperance, foul air and improper diet, are peculiarly liable to heart disease.

FACTS FOR THE CURIOUS.

A NORWICH botanist, amazed the other day at the rapid growth of a fungus, calculated that it had developed 10,000,000 cells in one day—116 cells a second. Prof. Gray, however, cites an instance where a century plant formed 2,000,000,000 cells in twenty-four hours, or 231,481 a second.

In China the names of children are given according to circumstances associated with the time of their birth. If a child is born at midnight its name may be Midnight; if the season be rainy, the child's name may be Rain; if birth occurs on the birthday of some relative, that relative's age may be the name of the new-born, and so there are names of Thirty, Five, Fifty, One and other numbers. But there are even more curious names. If the parents desired a boy, and a girl is born, her name may be Ought-to-be-a-Boy.

"WHAT is the origin of the sign '\$' for the American dollar?" was the question propounded at a London dinner not long ago. The American Consul did not know, neither did any one else. An extensive research resulted in this theory: The American dollar is taken from the Spanish dollar, and the sign is to be found, of course, in the associations of the Spanish dollar. On the reverse side of a Spanish dollar is a representation of the Pillars of Hercules, and round each pillar is a scroll with the inscription, "Plus ultra." This device in the course of time has degenerated into the sign which stands at present for the American as well as Spanish dollars—"\$. The scroll round the pillars represents the two serpents sent by Juno to destroy Hercules in his cradle.

This is the origin of the phrase, "I acknowledge the corn." In 1828 Mr. Stewart, a member of Congress, said in a speech that Ohio, Kentucky, and Indiana sent their haystacks, cornfields, and fodder to New York and Philadelphia for sale. Mr. Wickliffe, of Kentucky, called him to order, declaring that those States did not send haystacks or cornfields to New York for sale. "Well, what do you send?" asked Stewart. "Why, horses, mules, cattle, and hogs." "Well, what makes your horses, mules, cattle, and hogs? You feed \$100 worth of hay to a horse. You just animate and get upon the top of your haystack and ride off to market. How is it with your cattle? You make one of them carry \$50 worth of hay or grass to the Eastern market. How much corn does it take at 33 cents a bushel to fatten a hog?" "Why, thirty bushels." "Then you put thirty bushels into the shape of a hog and make it walk off to the Eastern market." Then Mr. Wickliffe jumped up and said, "Mr. Speaker, I acknowledge the corn."

The vast population that once inhabited the Mississippi valley, raising mounds, cutting canals, mining ores and cultivating farms, passed away not less than 2,000 years ago. They could have had nothing whatever to do with the Aztec or Toltec races that flourished in the South 1,000 years later. The North American Indian is probably a branch of the Tartar race—an aboriginal inhabitant of Siberia, who emigrated eastward about the fifth and sixth century, A. D., but never penetrated further south than New Mexico. Some tribes preserve the tradition of their eastward migration from Asia, and De Courraigne's Choctaw servant found little difficulty in conversing with an aboriginal Siberian. When the English landed in New England, the Indian had been but a short time in possession of that section of the country—according to their own traditions, not more than "the lives of three old men." The North American Indian is undoubtedly an "alien in blood and religion," and has no connection whatever with the "native races" of this continent.

PROVIDENCE is always on the side of the strongest battalions.—Napoleon.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.		
BREYER'S.....	\$7.25	@10 12 1/2
HOGS.....	5 10	@ 5 35
COTTON.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2
WHEAT—Superfine.....	3 50	@ 4 05
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 06	@ 1 14
WHEAT—No. 3 Spring.....	53	@ 54
WHEAT—No. 4 Spring.....	38	@ 41
WHEAT—No. 5 Spring.....	36	@ 37
WHEAT—No. 6 Spring.....	15 75	@16 00
LARD.....	8 1/2	@ 9
CHICAGO.		
BREYER'S—Choice Graded St. ers.....	5 20	@ 5 70
Cows and Heifers.....	2 40	@ 3 50
Medium to Fair.....	4 25	@ 4 50
HOGS.....	3 95	@ 5 20
WHEAT—No. 1.....	5 50	@ 6 00
WHEAT—No. 2.....	4 25	@ 5 00
WHEAT—No. 3 Spring.....	94	@ 95
WHEAT—No. 4 Spring.....	90	@ 91
WHEAT—No. 5 Spring.....	39	@ 40
WHEAT—No. 6 Spring.....	29	@ 30
WHEAT—No. 7 Spring.....	81	@ 82
WHEAT—No. 8 Spring.....	75	@ 76
WHEAT—No. 9 Spring.....	29	@ 30
WHEAT—No. 10 Spring.....	16 1/2	@ 17
WHEAT—No. 11 Spring.....	18 00	@18 25
LARD.....	8 1/2	@ 8 3/4
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 1.....	98	@ 1 06
WHEAT—No. 2.....	95	@ 96
WHEAT—No. 3.....	38	@ 39
WHEAT—No. 4.....	29	@ 30
WHEAT—No. 5.....	82	@ 83
WHEAT—No. 6.....	66	@ 67
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 1.....	96	@ 97
WHEAT—No. 2.....	38	@ 39
WHEAT—No. 3.....	29	@ 30
WHEAT—No. 4.....	83	@ 84
WHEAT—No. 5.....	15 75	@16 00
WHEAT—No. 6.....	8	@ 8 1/2
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT.....	96	@ 99
CORN.....	41	@ 42
OATS.....	34	@ 35
WHEAT—No. 1.....	88	@ 89
WHEAT—No. 2.....	17 00	@17 50
LARD.....	8 1/2	@ 8 3/4
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 1.....	98	@ 99
WHEAT—No. 2.....	99	@ 1 00
WHEAT—No. 3.....	42	@ 43
WHEAT—No. 4.....	32	@ 33
DETROIT.		
FLOUR—Choice.....	4 75	@ 5 00
WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 00	@ 1 01
CORN.....	46	@ 48
OATS.....	35	@ 36
WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 25	@ 1 26
WHEAT—No. 2.....	15 75	@16 00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
WHEAT—No. 1.....	93	@ 94
CORN.....	38	@ 39
OATS.....	31	@ 32
WHEAT—No. 1.....	15 75	@16 00
EAST LEBERT, PA.		
CATTLE—Best.....	5 00	@ 5 25
Fair.....	4 00	@ 4 25
Common.....	3 30	@ 3 80
HOGS.....	4 60	@ 5 40
SHEEP.....	3 00	@ 4 50

Vegetine.

More to Me than Gold.

WALPOLE, Mass., March 7, 1880.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: I wish to inform you what VEGETINE has done for me. I have been troubled with Erysipelas Humor for more than thirty years, in my limbs and other parts of my body, and have been a great sufferer. I commenced taking VEGETINE one year ago last August, and can truly say it has done more for me than any other medicine. I seem to be perfectly free from this humor and can recommend it to every one. Would not be without this medicine—'tis more to me than gold—and I feel it will prove a blessing to others as it has to me. Yours, most respectfully, Mrs. DAVID CLARK.

J. BENTLEY, M. D., says:

It has done more good than all Medical Treatment.

NEWMARKET, Ont., Feb. 9, 1880.

MR. H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.: Sir—I have sold during the past year a considerable quantity of your VEGETINE, and I believe in all cases it has given satisfaction. In one case, a delicate young lady of about seventeen years was much benefited by its use. Her parents informed me that it had done her more good than all the medical treatment to which she had previously been subjected. Yours respectfully, J. BENTLEY, M. D.

Loudly in Its Praise.

TORONTO, Ont., March 8, 1880.

Dear Sir—Considering the short time that VEGETINE has been before the public here, it sells well as a blood purifier, and for troubles arising from a sluggish or torpid liver it is a first-class medicine. Our customers speak loudly in its praise. J. WRIGHT & CO., Cor. Queen and Elizabeth Streets.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.



HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH
BITTERS

The accumulated evidence of nearly thirty years show that the Bitters is a certain remedy for malarial disease, as well as its surest preventive; that it eradicates dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint and nervousness, counteracts a tendency to gout, rheumatism, urinary and uterine disorders; that it imparts vigor to the feeble, and cheers the mind while it invigorates the body.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

Card Writers Send for our Price List of fine Visiting Cards and card stock. We have the largest variety in the West at the lowest prices. Address CARD DEPOT, 179 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED To write at once for full particulars concerning our

Extraordinary Offer!

On our improved FAMILY BIBLES, STANDARD BOOKS. Address FORBES & McMAHON, 188 West Fifth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

From CATARRH

And really want to be cured, just name this paper and send 10 cents to Dr. C. R. Sykes, 169 East Madison St., Chicago, Ill., for "The True Theory of Catarrh and full information of a Sure Cure." Thousands of persons have been cured in the last ten years by his plan.

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S

ORGANS!

14 STOPS, SUB-BASS & OCT. COUPLER. FOUR SET REEDS. PIANOS ONLY \$65 \$125 up. Sent on Trial. Warranted. Catalogue Free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

SAPONIFIER

Is the "Original" Concentrated Lye and Reliable Family Soap Maker. Directions accompany each Can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for SAPONIFIER, and take no other.

Penn'a Salt Manufacturing Co., Phila.

RED RIVER VALLEY
2,000,000 Acres

Wheat Lands

best in the World, for sale by the

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R.R. CO.

Three dollars per acre allowed the settler for breaking and cultivation. For particulars apply to

D. A. McKINLEY,

Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

McCulloch's Guide for Amateur Bass Bands, containing elementary instructions, hints on organization, department, etc., advice on classification, selection, quality and style of instruments, complete band tactics, scales and exercises for all instruments, dictionary of musical terms, together with a readable rule and information for musicians, to which is added Putnam's Drum Major's Tactics. Mailed to any address for 10 cents.

LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe Sts., Chicago.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

OFFENBACH is dead—the man who has written so many French operas. He was 61 years old, and has been composing music for over thirty years, having made more money out of his scores than any other musical author.

SOME conception of the increased demand for the public domain is afforded by the fact that 15,000,000 acres have been surveyed the past year, and the Land Office has received \$2,290,000, nearly double the receipts of the preceding year. Some good people seem to still honor the soil and labor in it.

A TOLEDO father thought to make a good boy of his wild son of 15 by sending him to a school where young criminals are reformed. The lad took the disgrace to heart, and, being released from his semi-prison, swallowed poison and died. The boy may have been bad, but the father must have been a hard-hearted creature to throw his son, like a criminal, among the abandoned youngsters who make up the inmates of reform schools.

A LADY of Holyoke, Mass., has built a house out of money she has made by selling her husband liquor. He drinks regularly, and she bargained with him that if he would drink he should buy all his liquor of her. Thus she got all the profit instead of the saloon-keepers. But we would risk something on it that she hasn't let her procedure become known to the internal-revenue officer of the neighborhood, for she is liable to be arrested for selling liquor without a license, and thus violating a United States law.

MOST actors forget about as readily as they learn, and a few days will often suffice to destroy their perfect memory of a role. On a recent voyage from Europe, John McCullough and Rose Coghlan were aboard, and the passengers, on getting up an entertainment, put them down for a scene from "Macbeth." Although Macbeth is one of McCullough's star parts, and Miss Coghlan had not long before acted Lady Macbeth, they were unable to recall the language with anything like accuracy, and, as there wasn't a copy of the play on the steamer, the performance had to be omitted.

HERE is another straw. A man who went through an excursion train of 900 passengers taking a Presidential vote didn't find a single Hancock man. P. S.—He didn't find a Garfield man either, for the first person he accosted knocked him down, and a dozen others wiped up the floor with him and wedged him so fast under a seat that all the passengers escaped before he could release himself. He has declared himself in favor of the anti-Masonic candidate, his treatment in the car having made him dead opposed to grips. He was gripped too much.

A GOOD story comes from Madison, Wis. A young man of that city who, through snobbery or laziness, will never carry a package through the street, made a purchase of six collars and a necktie, and, as usual, ordered them to be delivered at his residence. Soon afterward a two-horse freight wagon was backed up to the door, and the package laboriously placed on the steps by the driver and an assistant, who inquired whether it should be left in the hall or carried up stairs. As the young man's sweetheart was a witness of the scene it is likely that he appreciated the full force of the joke.

IN Stokes county, N. C., four white men started to a circus in a wagon driven by a negro. The negro was a Republican, and they concluded to proselyte him to the Democracy, in which they were soon successful, especially after giving him a circus ticket. On the road home he declared that he couldn't keep his new-born faith unless he was baptized, and, upon the arrival of the party at Dan river, Robert Mitchell, one of the white men, deliberately got out into the water and immersed the new convert in the name of Hancock and the regenerated Democracy.

THE lines of railways in the five divisions of the earth cost, in round numbers, \$16,000,000,000, and would, according to Baron Kolb, reach eight times round the globe, although it is but little over half a century since the first railway worked by steam was opened between Darlington and Stockton, Sept. 27, 1825, and between Manchester and

Liverpool, Sept. 15, 1830. It is shown that in France, previous to the existence of railways, there was one passenger in every 835,000 killed, and one out of every 30,000 wounded, whereas between 1835 and 1875 there was but one in 5,178,890 killed, and one in 580,450 wounded, so that we may infer that the tendency to accidents is yearly diminishing. Railway traveling in England is attended with greater risk than in any other country in Europe. A French statistician observes that, if a person were to live continually in a railway carriage and spend all his time in railway traveling, the chances in favor of his dying from a railway accident would not occur until he was 960 years old.

THE lines of railways in the five divisions of the earth cost, in round numbers, \$16,000,000,000, and would, according to Baron Kolb, reach eight times round the globe, although it is but little over half a century since the first railway, worked by steam, was opened between Darlington and Stockton, Sept. 27, 1825 and between Manchester and Liverpool, Sept. 15, 1830. It is shown that in France, previous to the existence of railways, there was one passenger in every 335,000 killed, and one out of every 30,000 wounded, whereas, between 1835 and 1875, there was but one in 5,178,890 killed, and one in 580,450 wounded, so that we may infer that the tendency to accidents is yearly diminishing. Railway traveling in England is attended with greater risk than in any other country in Europe. A French statistician observes that, if a person were to live continually in a railway carriage, and spend all his time in traveling, the chances in favor of his dying from a railway accident would not occur till he was 960 years old.

THE New York Observer has this explanation in regard to the Cleopatra Needles: It is frequently asked whether there are two Cleopatra's Needles, for it is a fact that the obelisk recently erected on the Thames embankment is called Cleopatra's Needle by the Londoners. We do not know how this name came to be transferred to the prostrate, half-buried obelisk which was taken to England. From our earliest childhood we have seen and heard this popular name applied to the standing obelisk which has been brought to New York. Three years ago the London *Athenaeum* published an article, with engravings and translations of the inscriptions on the London obelisk, which the writer calls Cleopatra's Needle. This was while it was still lying in the sand not far from its companion that had been a conspicuous object of interest for many centuries. Both are monuments "of the greatest monarch Egypt ever produced and of the most flourishing period of its history," but it is not desirable that both should have the same popular designation.

AFTER twenty-one centuries the remains of the 300 young Thebans, formerly the "Sacred Battalion," who fell at the terrible battle of Cheronea have now been dug up. During the summer excavations have been made around the gigantic memorial lion which was placed in the center of the field to commemorate the deeds of heroism of that dark day. A wall twenty-five yards in length and fifteen yards in breadth was first found beneath the soil. Within this inclosure at a depth of four yards lay the bones of 185 Thebans, resting side by side, ranged in rows of forty, each in the attitude in which he had died. Seven such rows have been found. They are so placed that the heads of those of the second rank repose at the feet of the first. All bear the marks of the blows which caused their death. One of them has both thighs pierced by thrusts of the spear; another has the jawbone broken and splintered; a third has the skull terribly hacked; a fourth, whose head is wonderfully well preserved, has the mouth still wide open, as if he breathed. This last will be conveyed to the Museum of Antiquities at Athens. What is especially noticeable about it is that the jaws possess every tooth in perfect order. No weapons have been found.

Use of Woolen Clothing.

Prof. Jäger, of Stuttgart, recommends the use of woolen clothing both in summer and winter, and has invented a sort of normal dress by which he claims the accumulation of fat and water in the system can be prevented. This normal clothing has two essential properties:

1. It consists exclusively of wool, avoiding all materials woven from plant fiber (cotton or linen).

2. It makes a strong point in keeping warm the middle line of the front of the body.

But the principal peculiarity of the clothing is the exclusive use of sheep's wool, even avoiding pocket and other linings of cotton.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

MR. HENRY LEVING, the English actor, offered to come to this country for \$2,500 a night, but his terms were not accepted.

THE *Graphic* says: "Dolls modeled after Sara Bernhardt are being imported. They can also be used for crochet needles."

PUNCH says the French marriage law is intended to supply dramatists and novelists with plots and materials for their work.

AN acquaintance of Mr. Payne's once informed him that her daughters were going to the theater to see Shakspeare's "Turning of the Screw."

MISS KELLOGG is making a great success in opera at Vienna. She is the only cantatrice who, during the past few years, has been allowed to sing in Italian in the Imperial Opera-house, all others singing in German.

MR. CARLYLE was visited in Scotland by Mr. Bartley Campbell, the dramatic writer, and the Hartford *Post* records the disappointment of the latter at finding the venerable sage engaged in killing a rat with a poker.

M'LE BERNHARDT has received from King Christian, of Denmark, the order of the Danebrog, a red-bordered white ribbon, with a gold medal surmounted by a royal crown in diamonds attached to it. The only other ladies who have received this very exceptional honor are Mmes. Trebelli and Nilsson.

ONE of Ole Bull's tricks was, when he had diminished his tone to a nearly inaudible *pianissimo*, to continue the attitude, as if he was playing, but actually having drawn off the bow entirely from the violin, holding it in the air and producing no tone whatever; while his audience, in raptures at the softness of his really inaudible sighs, made ear trumpets of their hands and bent forward, eager to catch the sound which did not exist. Then the violinist, as if suddenly awakening from a trance, bowed to the enraptured audience.

MISS ANNA LOUISE CARY is having some new gowns made in Paris. Among them is a princess wrapper of light blue cashmere, finished around the lower edge in points trimmed with silver braid. Below the points is a knife plaiting covered with Valenciennes, and above them a quilling of the same lace. A purple morning dress, made with a skirt and half-fitting sack, is also trimmed with silver braid, and is quite as pretty as the wrapper. A brown walking suit, a short dinner dress of two shades of blue, are among the other gowns which the singer is to have for herself, and not for the dear public, for which her finest garments are designed.—*Cincinnati Gazette*.

THE Duchess of Connaught, one of Queen Victoria's daughters-in-law, became, says the London *Truth*, a great admirer at Oberammergau of Joseph Mayr, who represents the Christ of the *Passionspiel*. He is more than six feet high, has large, dark eyes, a fine complexion, and long, brown hair, falling over his shoulders in curls. English ladies generally throng his cottage, where he lets the spare rooms, and sometimes call at four o'clock in the morning to take leave of him. He is married to a rather plain woman, a good housewife, and the mother of his four children, who fears, however, that some English Duchess will elope with her husband.

You may rely fully upon the reports that Mme. Patti will visit the United States in another season or so; she has taken advantage of the monetary embarrassments of Mr. Maurice Strakosch, her amiable brother-in-law, to buy him off from the contract signed with him years ago. This contract gave him absolute control over her in the United States, and was, for many reasons, a great obstacle in her path there, viewed from her own standpoint. She consulted lawyers, who held that there was no way to avoid its obligations save by a compromise. Accordingly, on the occasion of his present visit to England, Mme. Patti arranged it amicably, agreeing to pay Maurice Strakosch 100,000 francs (\$20,000). Part of this was paid then and there; the rest will be handed him the day the diva sails for the States. What a furor she will create! She will appear first in concerts, supported, as goes without saying, (I had almost said without singing!) by that dear Nicolini, who makes a full stop between every fourth note and is afflicted with an exaggerated tremolo in the bargain. It is proposed to charge \$10 a seat for these concerts! This will do for a time, but not for long. However, I can assure you that to listen to Patti, the queen of song, to use a much-abused term, is well worth saving and scraping and going without other things. I never heard anything half so delicious as her rendering of *Within a Mile of Edinboro Town*. There is only one Patti, and listening to her, you are almost tempted to declare there is but one prima donna!—*London Letter*.

A Bank Robber's Personal Effects.

The sparkling gems which the bank robber Rollins had smuggled into the Eastern penitentiary in a shaving-brush handle, and which Rollins promised to give to the keeper, Hustis, if he would assist Rollins to escape, have been examined by a lapidary, on behalf of the Administrator, J. McDowell Sharp, of Chambersburg, and prove to be paste, instead of Brazilian diamonds. They were undoubtedly prepared with the sole view of hoodwinking Hustis. One of Rollins' wives, who has been waiting the report of the expert in the hope that she might realize something to reimburse her for the \$10,000 worth of real diamonds of which Rollins despoiled her, left the city yesterday and is said to be on her way to California to be married. His other wife is in Chicago. The only effects Rollins leaves, beside the paste diamonds, are a pair of French gaiters with false heels, in which were hidden some fine saws when Rollins reached the

penitentiary, a reversible silk cloak, capable of being folded up and carried in the vest pocket, and a marvelous hat, purchased in Paris, which could be changed into six different shapes and two colors. Pull a string and it became a light, black hat; pull again and this chameleon head-covering turned into a light cassimere; pull once more and the crown sank and it was metamorphosed into a low-crowned Derby; another pull and the brim rolled up and a cap took the place of the above-mentioned tiles. It is said Rollins had this hat made for the express purpose of baffling identification while conducting his heavy forgery operations in New York. He took it with him to Chambersburg, along with a pair of beautifully-mounted revolvers, a heavy bowie-knife, and sword-cane, when he and Wicks attempted to gag Cashier Mesersmith and rob the bank at Chambersburg.—*Philadelphia Times*.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

THE Iron Cliff Mining Company employs nearly 1,000 men.

THE Ionia House of Correction has a John Wesley and a Henry Clay.

THE man who keeps a record of murders in Michigan counts eighty-four since Jan. 1.

THE brick factory at Manistee is credited with making a good article of white brick.

THE lumber shipments of the Saginaw valley thus far in the season of 1880 are the largest in the history of the trade in Michigan.

GRINDSTONE CITY recently sent a grindstone weighing 6,172 pounds to Maine. It is said to be the largest stone ever made at the works.

ORDERS have been received at Hancock within the past week for nearly 1,500,000 pounds of copper—about 1,000,000 pounds cake and the rest ingot.

THE foundation for the new Catholic church in this city, which is now being constructed, is to be completed this fall, and the church is to be erected next season.—*Alpena Argus*.

JUDGE DYCKMAN, of Kalamazoo county, sold 1,000 bushels of apples from four acres of orchard. Even at 10 cents per bushel—which is the average price of good apples—the crop paid about as well as most wheat crops do.

A SALE has been made of 4,000 acres of pine land in Montcalm county for \$250,000. It is estimated to cut 124,000,000 feet of lumber, and the new owners will construct a logging road for the purpose of hauling the timber to Six Lakes, at the head of Flat river.

EX-GOV. JOHN J. BAGLEY has ordered to be sent to the Michigan University the portraits of all the Presidents of the United States, from Washington down to the present time, with the suggestion that they should be placed in the museum or library, as thought best.

A POST-MORTEM examination held on the body of Wesley Weldon, a Michigan farmer, found floating in the Saginaw river, revealed the probability of murder. The doctors found a deep gash in the back of the head, and state that the wound was inflicted before the body was thrown into the water.

THE salt production for Michigan, as reported by the State Salt Inspector, for the month of September, was 299,579 barrels. The total amount for inspection for the year to Oct. 1, was 2,150,537 barrels, against 1,612,300 barrels for corresponding period in 1879. The estimated product for this year will reach 2,600,000 barrels, the largest in the history of salt manufacture in the State. A large number of new blocks are being erected this season.

During the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1880, the bonded debt of the State was reduced \$8,000 by the payment of Sault canal bonds for that amount, which had fallen due July 1, 1879. The present condition of the debt is stated below, but to offset it there are \$300,000 4½-per-cent. bonds in the sinking fund, and a still larger sum deposited in banks and bearing interest. The entire debt of \$905,149.97 could be paid at short notice, if the owners of our State bonds would consent to take the money; but the best offers they will make are 10 to 20 per cent. premium, which is regarded as too much.

INTEREST-BEARING BONDS.	
Two million loan bonds, 6's, due Jan. 1, 1883.	\$391,000.00
War bounty loan bonds, 7's, due May 1, 1890.	299,000.00
Total.	\$690,000.00
NON-INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.	
Adjusted bonds, due Jan. 1, 1883.	\$3,000.00
Twenty-one thousand dollars paid—paid \$5,000,000 loan bonds, adjustable at \$578.87 per \$1,000.	12,149.97
Total bonded debt.	\$905,149.97

A TERRIFIC explosion occurred at Pitts & Cranage's mill in Bay City, the other day. Adjoining the mill is the main boiler-room, containing four boilers, and next to this is another room, built on this year, containing two boilers. These latter two exploded, carrying destruction in every direction. One piece of a boiler was carried over the mill, over the railroad bridge, and over the heads of eight men who were working on a boat near by, smashing in the platform around the boat. The steam dome was carried over the lumber piles and landed on a pile 400 feet away, smashing it down. Two timbers were thrown about fifty feet further. A mud pipe was blown 100 feet and landed against a lumber pile. A drill-house adjoining the boiler was blown to atoms, and there is not a brick of the boiler-room left in place. The mill is badly shattered, and also the salt block. There were seventy-five men at work in the mill, and not one was hurt, although if the explosion had occurred in the room where the four boilers were, the mill would have been shivered to atoms. The engineer and one fireman were blown from the boiler-

room into the mill and were uninjured. The other fireman, George Parker, is missing. One boy, named McCrea, was badly scalded, and Peter Henion, the blacksmith, had one leg broken in two places and the other in one place. His injuries are severe. Another man, named Bennett, had his leg and hip badly bruised. The damage to the mill is about \$10,000.

THE most destructive tornado ever known there visited Barry county a few days ago, resulting in loss of life and terrible devastation of property. The tornado commenced in Assyria township, and was seen to approach like an immense cloud of conical form, and traveled with such velocity that people who saw it coming at a distance were terrified, and had no time to prepare for its destructive violence. It moved toward the northeast, and although of small breadth it tore down everything in its path. As an indication of its uncontrollable fury, large trees were torn up by the roots and carried a long distance through the air, together with fences and fragments of buildings. A number of large dwelling-houses and barns were ruined. The funnel-shaped cloud which produced the storm would strike the earth at various places, ascend in the air, then settle down and work destruction with renewed violence, appearing to gain additional force by its peculiar behavior. In Assyria it first struck the premises of a farmer named Decker, tearing down his fences and trees, but fortunately leaving his house on its foundation, undisturbed. It then proceeded in an easterly direction, passing over barns and dwellings and leveling to the ground everything with which it came in contact. The house of Larry Tool, a wealthy farmer, was torn into fragments, and two little children, who were playing on the premises, and endeavored to escape the storm by running toward the house, were carried bodily through the air a distance of 200 feet, and died from the injuries they received. Others are reported to have been killed, and a large number injured, by hail-stones which came down as large as base-balls, and by fragments of buildings and fences falling upon them. A woman who was driving along the road saw the storm approaching, and escaped by lying flat upon the ground, but her team and wagon were taken up and carried over a dwelling-house, and the horses but slightly injured. Straw and hay-stacks swept through the air as if they were feathers, and a large number of cattle and swine were killed, being found in a confused heap after the storm. A new barn erected by a farmer at a cost of over \$1,000 was carried a long distance, and came down on its side without being shattered or otherwise damaged. Another barn was taken up and separated in the middle, only one-half of it having been found in fragments, and no one knows what became of the other portion. From Assyria the tornado passed over Johnstown, where it did a vast amount of damage to property, and seemed to spend its greatest fury. Thence it proceeded to Bellevue and Charlotte, where it was less destructive, its violence having abated after passing over Assyria and Johnstown. The damage in these two townships alone is estimated at over \$50,000, and other localities to hear from than those already mentioned.

Poverty's Grip.

THE annoyances to which a man without money can be subjected are almost without number, but it is seldom that two acquaintances are in the same box at once. On Congress street one man said to another as they met:

"Ah! you miserable liar, I'd break your nose for a dollar!"

The person thus addressed opened his wallet, but it was empty. He wanted his nose broken ever so much, but he couldn't raise the cash. Then he remarked:

"You gray-headed poltroon, I'd lick you for 50 cents!"

The gray-head felt in all his pockets, but he found no half-dollar. He was cast down over the condition of his finances, but managed to say:

"I'll give you a boss licking for just 5 cents!"

The other went down into all his pockets, but no nickel could be discovered. Disappointment sat enthroned on his face as he replied:

"Give me 2 cents and I'll roll you in the gutter!"

The other couldn't raise it. Even when they offered to lick each other for a cent the money could not be produced, and both went their ways realizing how keen the grip of poverty can be tightened.—*Free Press*.

Two Patriarchal Apple Trees.

IN Skowhegan, Me., are two russet apple trees; the oldest was planted in 1762. The tree is seven feet from the ground to the branches, five in number, all of which are very large and average thirty-five feet in length, covering a space of ground sixty-three feet in diameter. In these branches a play-house for children has been built for half a century or more. Anywhere from the ground to the branches it measures thirteen and a half feet. The tree is more than four and a half feet in diameter, and it has been a good bearer—from twenty-five to thirty-five bushels of apples have been picked from it each year. But the frost and rain have made a seam in the branches, and recently one of them has broken, but the other four are green and bring forth their fruit in due season. The other tree, forty-eight years younger, is a sprout of the old tree. It stands thirty-two feet from the old tree, and bears the same kind of apples, is three feet in diameter, and perfect in every way.

GUEST at a restaurant to a waiter, having complaint to make—"Say, waiter, where's the proprietor?" Waiter, with a fond and pitying smile—"Do you think he dines here? The boss knows too much for that."

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1880.

LOOK AT IT CALMLY.

The party organs all around us are disgustingly partizan—for their own purpose. The Greenback shouters have tried for weeks to make the people believe that Hon. L. H. Randall, of Grand Rapids, the Democratic nominee for Congress, would withdraw, etc. Now, our contemporaries may make good wages by writing such stuff, but we know it is not true.

For the last two weeks we have seen Mr. Randall working like a beaver, through three counties, with our own eyes, and still some people howl about his withdrawing.

Mr. Randall can't withdraw. He is the regular Democratic nominee, and the only one—and an excellent nomination it is. Go to his home—Grand Rapids—and you will soon find out in what estimation he is held by those who know him best.

All the efforts of the Greenbackers to talk Mr. Randall off the field, is mere wind. Mr. Blanchard is merely a Greenbacker, cannot have and will not get the Democratic vote. Look at it. Why should the large party be swallowed by the little. Look at the insignificant Greenback vote in the three States just voted; and that vote will still be smaller in November. It will be the same in this State, and then talk of running a Greenbacker for Congress. Why, something must be the matter with their upper story.

Mr. Randall is known throughout the whole Grand River Valley. He has always been identified with all her interests, and if elected, we feel assured that Saugatuck, Holland, Grand Haven and Muskegon harbors, would not be neglected by him.

We feel that of the three candidates he would represent us the best; that is what we look for, and work for—regardless of political antecedents.

THE State elections in Indiana and Ohio are over, and, we repeat, the die is cast. We still think, that "as Indiana goes, so goes the Union." Moreover, it is a natural result. The idolatry of the Democrats with Greenbackers, is one reason. If the Democrats will but look at the contemptible small flat vote in West Virginia, Indiana and Ohio, they will see at once that it will not pay to sacrifice a grand principle for the promise of so few votes. Another reason is—the tariff question. Not one man in hundreds understands the meaning of it. The Republican demagogues tell the mechanics that they will vote against their own bread and butter if they vote for the Democrats, because of that free trade plank in the Democratic platform. They swallow the bait, and the East will be caught by it, more readily than Indiana was. The farmers are just as naturally free trade, but they don't see it yet—they don't keep up with the campaigns. How much would your bogus protection help you, if England would commence the same thing against us? It would lay you out flatter than a flounder! We wonder why the N. Y. Evening Post (strong free trade) don't attack his Republican protectionist shouters. Does she too sacrifice her principle for the benefit of party success? If so, we will have to place her one peg lower in the scale of journalism.

Mr. Lee of the News-Journal, seems to find fault with the assertion of our correspondent that to "knock an Greenback editor" only takes \$5. Our correspondent ought to have said \$6, that would be according to the article which appeared in Lee's own paper, at the time, viz: *

"Shortly after his withdrawal ye editor had occasion to go up Washington street, and when opposite the post-office this moral lecturer straightened himself up to his full height, which, we would judge, although we have not taken accurate measurement, is about five feet three and a half inches in his boots; and after straightening himself up as aforesaid, he opened his mouth wide, very wide, and drew back his fist, swore, and hit ye editor on the side of the head, dropped down and caught him by the legs. We simply let our two hundred and five pounds avoirdupois drop on him, mildly stroked his face, told him what was within our ability to do to him, jerked him to his feet once more, and handed him over to the proper authorities for judicial adjustment. On Tuesday forenoon he pleaded guilty before Justice Parks to the charge of assault and battery, paid his fine of \$6 and was advised to live more circumspect in the future or it might go tough with him." *

* * We don't expect to see any red-ribbon man "get away" with brother Lee; we have too much faith in his size, weight, and skill for that. But the fact remains, nevertheless, as above quoted, from his own version of the affair, that the offender was punished for attacking brother Lee, and this, seems to us, virtually sets our correspondent right. We hope, however, that if it ever occurs again, brother Lee, will find it incumbent on the Justice to reverse his judgment. "Self protection is the first law in nature."

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 14, 1880: Miss Mary Stone, M. P. Spemer, John O. Hearn, Nellie Kooper, Amelia Crawford, Miss Ida Allen, David Bowen.

WM. VERRECK, P. M.

The last trip we made over the Grand Haven Railroad disclosed a new station to us, called Bushkill, situated a few miles north of Johnsville. A new saw mill has been built and started up at this new station, and we noticed quite a supply of logs on hand.

A Good Account.

"To sum it up, six long years of bed-ridden sickness and suffering costing \$300 per year, total, \$1,800—all of which was stopped by three bottles of Hop Bitters taken by my wife, who has done her own housework for a year since without the loss of a day, and I want everybody to know it for their benefit."

"JOHN WEEKS, Butler, N. Y."

Special Notices.

Special Assessors Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,
Clerk's Office, Oct. 13th, 1880.
To Mrs. R. Doctor, Lucas Spruietsma, Martinus Van Tubbergen, Mrs. J. Myers, Beach Brothers, Gerrit J. Haverkate, Roelof A. Schouten, Jacob Van der Veen, Wm. J. Scott, Fred O. Nye, Teunis Kepple, Lots 6 and 7 block 44 to whom it may concern, Hope College, Mrs. O. Van O'Linda, Pieter F. Pfanstiehl, Roelof Van den Berg, P. F. Pfanstiehl, Mrs. A. Van Raalte, Willem Katte, Wm. B. Gillmore, Ferdinand Hufenruiter, City of Holland.

You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll for the improvement of Fish Street Special Assessment District, has been reported by the Board of Special Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the second day of November, A. D. 1880, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council Rooms, in said City, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Special Assessors to review said roll.

By Order of the Common Council,
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Just received a full stock of Crockery and Glassware which we sell cheaper than ever before.

M. HUIZENGA & CO.,
32-3w
opposite Lyceum Hall.

At Brusse's Clothing Store, in Zeeland, there is just received an immense variety of fall and winter goods, which are made up according to the latest styles, and at lowest rates. 31-1f.

A FULL assortment of Spectacles for old and young, of different qualities, including for weak eyes and near sighted; also thermometers and Weather Indicators, cheap at J. O. DOESBURG.
34-3m

For Crockery and Glassware go to M. Huizenga & Co., they beat them all in the city.

NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby tenders his thanks to the citizens of Holland and surrounding country for the trade given him during the last eight years, while he recommends his successor—Mr. S. de Groot—to his former customers.

P. SCHRAVESANDE.

The undersigned offers his services to the people referred to above, and intends to merit their approbation by a prompt attendance and civil treatment.

S. DE GROOT.

P. S.—My shop is now the one vacated by Mr. P. Schravesande, next door to the Boot and Shoe store of the Hon. D. B. K. Van Raalte.

HOLLAND, Sept. 21, 1870. 33-4w

Two lots—45 feet—on Eighth street, between Steketee's store and J. O. Doesburg's drug store can now be bought for six hundred dollars cash.

33-1f H. DOESBURG.

Deaths.

COATSWORTH—At Holland, Mich., Oct. 11th, 1880, of typhus dysentery, John L., only son of John and Frances Coatsworth, aged 4 years and 4 months.

New Advertisements.

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN:—The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa—in Chancery.
Manly D. Howard (trustee of H. J. Hollister, Charles W. Warrell and Charles W. Millie),
Complainant,

John Root, Alida E. Root, John Louwes and Hermanus Laarmans,
Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, made in the above entitled cause, on the twelfth day of January, A. D. 1880. Notice is hereby given that on the **First day of December, A. D. 1880**, at one o'clock, in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in said County, I, the subscriber, a Circuit Court Commissioner, in and for said County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises described in said decree all of the following described lands situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: bounded as follows: commencing nine chains and twenty-five links north from the center of section four, in township five north, of range sixteen west, from thence west ten chains and fifty links to Lake Michigan; from thence north, along the lake, thirteen chains and sixteen links, thence east ten chains and fifty links, thence south along the quarter line thirteen chains and sixteen links to the place of beginning; containing thirteen acres and one hundred and forty-six rods, excepting one half of an acre, which has been heretofore deeded to J. P. De Coudres.

Dated October 6th, 1880.
EDWIN BAXTER,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Mich.
P. H. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor. 35-7w

J. Van Landegend

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron worker; plumber and steam fitter; does all kinds of sheet metal work to order, or repairing. Also driven Wells put down, and old pumps repaired. Stoves repaired and put up, etc. Inquire at the Hardware store of J. R. Kleyn, Holland, Mich. 33-1f

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa.—ss. At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven in said County, on Saturday the Second day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty. Present: Samuel L. Tate, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Willem Kremers, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Henry Kremers, executor of said estate representing that said estate is fully administered and praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, and that he may be discharged from further trust. Thereupon it is ordered, that **Wednesday the Tenth day of November** next, at one o'clock, in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy, (Attest.) SAMUEL L. TATE,
35-4w Judge of Probate.

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa—in Chancery.

Albert A. Sprague, Ezra J. Warner and Otho S. A. Sprague, co-partners under the firm name of Sprague, Warner & Co.,
Complainants,

Jacob P. De Coudres and Azenath De Coudres,
Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, made in the above entitled cause, on the twelfth day of January, A. D. 1880. Notice is hereby given that on the **First day of December, A. D. 1880**, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, I, the subscriber, a Circuit Court Commissioner in and for said County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises described in said decree, viz: all the following described lots, pieces or parcels of land situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and known and described as follows, to-wit: the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section number four (4), in township number five (5) north, of range sixteen (16) west, except one acre in the north-east corner of said lot, deeded to School District number seven (7) of the township of Holland, containing thirty-nine acres. Also the lot of land described as follows, to-wit: commencing seventeen (17) rods north of quarter stake on the west line of section four (4), in township number five (5) north, of range sixteen (16) west, and running east one hundred and twenty-three (123) rods, thence south seventeen (17) rods, thence west one hundred and twenty-three rods, thence north seventeen rods, to place of beginning, containing thirteen acres and eleven rods of land, all in said township of Holland, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, also the parcel of land known and described as follows, to-wit: commencing at the north-west corner of the saw mill owned by said Jacob P. De Coudres, running thence east eight rods to a stake, thence south ten rods to a stake, thence west eight rods to a stake, thence north ten rods to the place of beginning, containing one-half acre and being in section four (4), township five (5) north, of range sixteen (16) west, in said town of Holland, also the Pier running from said mill into Lake Michigan and the land upon which the same stands, intending hereby to convey said mill and pier and the land upon which the same stands.

Dated, October 15th, A. D. 1880.
AREND VISSCHER,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Mich.

P. H. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor. 32-7w

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE

At the Brick Store formerly occupied by W. Wakker where

MEYER, BROUWER & CO.

Will sell all the stock purchased of W. Wakker at a bargain, also all their Furniture, Carpets, etc., removed in said store will be sold extremely low to make moving more easy when their own Building is finished. 34-4w

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa—in Chancery.

James Shaver,
Complainant,
vs.
Enos Stoddard, Jacob P. De Coudres and Henry J. Clark,
Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, made in the above entitled cause, on the Thirtieth day of September, A. D. 1880. Notice is hereby given that on the **Twenty-fourth day of November, A. D. 1880**, at one o'clock, in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, I, the subscriber, a Circuit Court Commissioner, in and for said County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises described in said decree, viz: all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: bounded as follows: commencing nine chains and twenty-five links north from the center of section four, in township five north, of range sixteen west, from thence west ten chains and fifty links to Lake Michigan; from thence north, along the lake, thirteen chains and sixteen links, thence east ten chains and fifty links, thence south along the quarter line thirteen chains and sixteen links to the place of beginning; containing thirteen acres and one hundred and forty-six rods, excepting one half of an acre, which has been heretofore deeded to J. P. De Coudres.

Dated October 6th, 1880.
EDWIN BAXTER,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Mich.

P. H. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor. 35-7w

Election Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,
CLERK'S OFFICE, Oct. 5, 1880.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:
Notice is hereby given that the General Election to be held in this State on Tuesday, the second day of November next, in the several wards in the City of Holland, shall be held at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward at the room of Columbia Fire Engine Co. No. 2.
In the Second Ward at the Barber-shop of S. De Groot.

In the Third Ward at the Common Council rooms.
In the Fourth Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

The following officers are to be elected, viz: Eleven Electors of the President and Vice-President of the United States.

A Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor General, Commissioner of the Land Office, Attorney General and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Also a member of the State Board of Education; also a Representative in Congress, for the Fifth Congressional District of this State, to which Ottawa County belongs; also a Senator for the twenty-sixth Senatorial District, to which Ottawa County belongs; also a Representative in the State Legislature for the First Representative District of said Ottawa County, to which your city belongs.

Also the following county officers, viz: Judge of Probate, Sheriff, Clerk, Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Prosecuting Attorney, two Circuit Court Commissioners, Surveyor, two Coroners and two Fish Inspectors.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

WE PROPOSE TO SELL GOODS

CHEAPER

This Fall than ever before! New and Attractive Fall Goods now opening in every Department of our Immense Store! Prices Lower than Ever!

1000 pieces Dark Prints, Fast Colors, 5c. 500 pieces Best Lonsdale Muslin, 9c. 1000 pieces Yard-Wide Unbleached Muslin, 6 cents worth 8 cents. Good Gingham, 8c and 10c. Good table Linens, 25 cents. Turkey Red Table Damask, 50 cents, worth 65 cents. Good Shirtings in Plaid and Stripes, 8c and 10c, worth 10c and 12½c. Good Blue and Brown Denims, 10c and 12½c. Good Ticking 9c, 10c and 12½c.

We are the headquarters for all kinds of Table Linens, Napkins, Towels and Toweling. We sell these goods at lower prices than can be found in the State.

Splendid bargains in Cloaks, Shawls, Black Silks, Black Cashmeres, Colored Cashmeres, Black Alpaca, and all kinds of Dress Goods. Our stock of these goods is larger and our prices lower than ever before.

Handsome Suitings, 8c, 10c and 12½c. Plaid Suitings, 12½c, 15c and 20c. Plain Alpaca, all colors, down to 12½c. Handsome Brocade Dress Goods at 20c and 25c, worth 25c and 30c. Fine Momic Cloths, all colors, 20c and 25c. Splendid bargains in Fancy Dress Goods at 30c, 40c and 50c.

Fine All Wool Black Cashmeres, 45c and 50c. All Wool Colored Cashmeres, all colors, down to 45c. Good Black Silks, 75c, 85c, and \$1.00. Colored Trimming Silks and Satins in all the new shades at popular prices. Great bargains in Felt and Balmoral Skirts. Good Balmoral Skirts 50c and upwards. Good Felt Skirts 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c and \$1.00.

An immense stock of Notions, Hosiery, Gloves and Corsets. The best Corsets in the city at 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Examine them. Ladies' Winter Hose from 10 cents a pair up. Children's Woolen Hose at very low prices. Notwithstanding the advance in Woolen Goods we are still selling Blanket Flannels, Blankets and Kentucky Jeans at old prices.

Heavy Kentucky Jeans 15c, 20c and 25c. Good White Blankets \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair. Grey Blankets from \$1.50 a pair up. Large sized Bed Comfortables \$1.25. Large sized White Bed Quilts 85c, \$1.10 and \$1.50.

Our stock of Cloaks, Dolmans and Shawls is entirely new. Cloaks from \$2.00 upwards. Very handsome Dolmans \$3.00 and upwards, Heavy Double all Wool Shawls \$4.00 and \$5.00. Heavy Beaver Shawls from \$2.50 to \$10.00. Broche and Paisley Shawls from \$5.00 up.

Nottingham Lace for Window Curtains at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c. We are selling Carpets and Oil Cloths at lower prices than ever. Cottage Carpets 18c and 20. Ingrain Carpets 30, 40 and 50c. Yard Wide Floor Oil Cloth 30c. Bargains in Oil Cloths, Rugs, etc. Good Canton Flannels 8c. Good White Flannels 12½c. Heavy Waterproof Cloth, 60c.

We will make it to the interest of every citizen of Grand Rapids, and within a radius of 100 miles of Grand Rapids, to do their trading with us.

JOHN FITZGERALD & CO.

NEW YORK CITY STORE, No. 72 MONROE ST.

(Cor. Ottawa), GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

35-13w

To the LADIES and GENTLEMEN!

PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD.

A Positive and Permanent Cure Guaranteed in all cases of Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Incontinence and Retention of Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder,

HIGH COLORED URINE, PAIN IN THE BACK, SIDE OR LOINS, NERVOUS WEAKNESS, and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs, whether contracted by private diseases or otherwise. This great remedy has been used with success for nearly ten years in France, with the most wonderful curative effects. It cures by absorption; no nauseous internal medicines being required. We have hundreds of testimonials of cures by this Pad when all else had failed.

Ladies, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, or diseases peculiar to females, or in fact any disease, ask your druggist for PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD, and take no other. If he has not got it, send \$2 and you will receive the Pad by return mail. Address U. S. Branch

FRENCH PAD CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Prof. Guilmott's French Liver Pad.

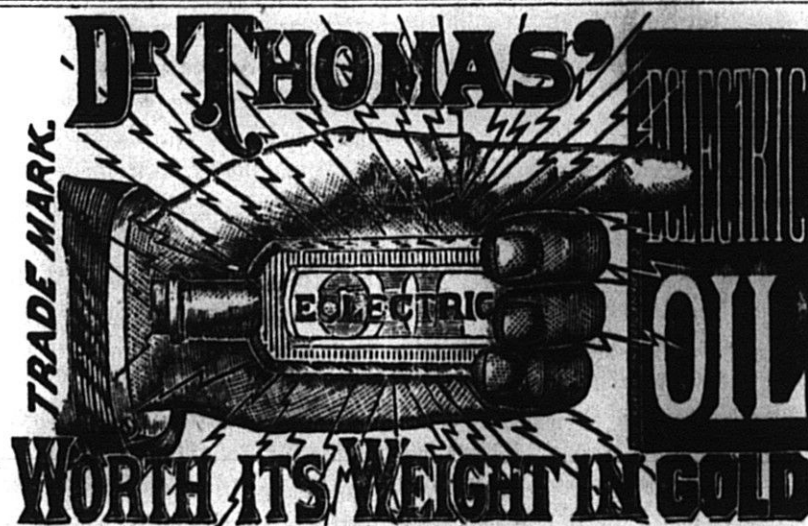
Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Ague Cake, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, and all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Blood. The pad cures by absorption, and is permanent. Ask your druggist for this pad and take no other. If he does not keep it, send \$1.50 to the FRENCH PAD CO., (U. S. Branch) TOLEDO, OHIO, and receive it by return mail. For sale at Heber Walsh, wholesale and retail druggist, Holland, Mich. 32-1y

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE and lot, foundry and finishing shop and lot, steam engine, yard and all its appurtenances. Inquire to W. H. WASHER, Grand Rapids, Mich. Or Wm. H. DEMING, Holland Mich. 32-6m

YOUNG MEN

Will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a thorough, quickening, practical education. Send for College Journal. 29-1y



Cures Rheumatism, Cures Coughs and Colds.

Cures Rheumatism, Cures Coughs and Colds.

CURES SORE THROAT. CURES DIPHTHERIA.

CURES LAME BACK AND STIFF JOINTS.

CURES LAME BACK AND STIFF JOINTS.

CURES BURNS, CUTS AND BRUISES.

CURES BURNS, CUTS AND BRUISES.

SOLD BY D. R. MEENGES.

Go to D. R. MEENGES for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1880. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1880.

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Laces, Embroidery, Ruching, COLLARS AND CUFFS, Fans, Parasols, Circulars, Ulsters, and Ready Made Suits, Gloves, Mitts and Warranted Pearl Kid Gloves.

A full line of Crapes, and all kinds of Silk, Black and Colored Brocade and Pekin in Velvet and Silk for Trimmings.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET . . . HOLLAND, MICH

Notings.

It is "not a Waterloo but an Austerlitz."

FALL weather is upon us. How is your wood pile?

ALDERMAN Boone returned on Wednesday evening with another lot of fresh Illinois horses.

THE Holland Literary Society has commenced its sessions again on Friday evening last, and discussed Lord Byron.

Mr. Lysias Schaap, sister, wife and two children, and Mr. J. Stam, wife and three children arrived here safe and sound on Monday last, from the Netherlands.

THE Hon. D. B. K. Van Raalte was married to Miss Kate Ledeboer on Thursday, the 14th inst. Immediately after the knot was tied the happy pair took the train for Chicago.

ONE of our friends made a visit recently to Allegan, and he was so well pleased with the treatment he received at the Allegan House, T. E. Streeter proprietor, that he wanted us to mention it.

Mr. Geo. Harrington, Sr., and lady celebrated their golden wedding on Wednesday, the 13th inst. Mr. Harrington was one of our very first settlers, and assisted our early settlers in 1846 materially in hauling goods for them from Allegan, etc.

WITHIN the last few days Mr. John Kramer has received news from Washington, that his pension was allowed; the same good news was received by Henry Konigsberg. Considering the many years back it is a nice little amount to take. Both will please accept our congratulations.

THE often sneered at Lake Shore is still booming. The clover-huller has been on that shore and threshed 105 bushels of clover seed. From James Cornford's farm 45 bushels of seed was hulled from 10 acres, and from John Cochrane's farm 16½ bushels from 5 acres. How is this for the Lake Shore. This seed is worth \$5.00 per bushel.

THE Misses L. & S. Van den Berge have received another large stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods, suitable for the season. The novelties displayed in this line of trade is simply immense, and the variety of new fashioned hats and bounnets are worthy of minute inspection, and can only be comprehended and appreciated by examination. Call soon if you wish a first choice.

WE notice that ex-Mayor Cappon has cleaned out Tannery Creek at his own expense, to a considerable distance into the swamp, for which he deserves the thanks of the community. We would now suggest to our Common Council or Board of Health, if necessary, to continue that job and clean it out and cut it through the marsh to Black Lake. This would prevent the water scattering throughout the swamp, and consequently reduce the malaria in that neighborhood.

MESSRS. Dodge & Petree, harbor contractors, have arrived here and commenced the construction of a dredge 75 feet in length by 26 feet in width, with a depth of 7 feet. It will be a large one and as powerful as any on the lakes. It will be worked by a 50 horse power engine, and swing a 2-yard dipper. After the dredge is completed they will construct two dumpscows of 100 yards capacity each. Mr. Dodge is an expert in this business, having constructed the Government dredge a few years ago, to the satisfaction of all parties concerned.

THE Hon. Geo. C. Stewart and Mr. J. Morris Cross, entertained a full house on Tuesday evening last, by discussing the political issues of the day. Mr. Stewart was known here as an eloquent speaker, but Mr. Cross, candidate for Judge of Probate, spoke here for the first time, and his speech was well received here. He evinced what we said before, that he is a fine gentleman and a scholar, who will undoubtedly run ahead of his ticket. We don't want to throw mud, but suffice to say that Mr. Tate having had the office for the past eight years, it is time he was relieved of his arduous duty, for more reasons than one.

THE editor of the Grand Haven Herald seems to feel terribly hurt about our paragraph, that Webber's boast, if carried out, would materially hurt Grand Haven. This is a truth—an absolute fact, and the Herald tries to refute it by calling it a lie, and other slanderous phrases. It is none of our 'hash,' Mr. Editor; you can take as much and as little of Mr. Webber as you like; but that you should use such language, as you did, so uncalled for, shows you to be still the same foul-mouthed hypocritical crawling reptile which the community in which you live universally holds you. Because you are too contemptibly penurious to use a pickel for your own comfort, you want to cover somebody else, who is not so, with your nauseous slime. It is no wonder the Herald is going to the dogs! Go way from us, thou serpent!

"INDIANA was always very uncertain."

Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Heald have returned from their visit to their parents, residing at Oswego, N. Y.

Mrs. H. Boone arrived home on Wednesday evening from a visit to her brother, Rev. A. A. Pfanstiel, of Rariton, Ill.

THE fast train on the Chi. & West Mich. R. R., on Friday of last week, struck a man with an ox team, near Bangor, killing them all.

ON Wednesday last we learned that old Mr. Borstlap, so well known in this community, died very suddenly, at his place of business, a few miles from Kalamazoo.

WE hear it rumored, and we think it is correct, that Mr. J. Duursema has made his old foreman—Ed. Verschure—a present of a gold watch, and one of his coopers a present of a silver chain, upon relinquishing his hold upon the stove factory. This is just like Duursema—liberal to a fault.

WE learn from a dispatch in the *Inter-Ocean*, that conductor A. S. Parker, formerly on the Chi. and West Mich. R. R., and lately on the Grand Trunk R. R. was taken to Battle Creek on the 9th inst, with one arm and one leg cut off by an accident which he had met on the road that morning. It was expected that he would live but a few hours.

HON. M. D. Howard was the first one to fly a Hancock and English banner to the breeze, and now the Democratic Club have followed by stretching a large one of the same kind across Eighth street. Two of our vessels also fly that banner—Kate Howard and the Wollin. The Republicans, on the other hand, show no banners at all.

ABOUT November 4th, the Original Tennesseans will give one of their popular concerts, in this city. Donovan's are the original, and highly praised by the newspaper critics, are so deservedly popular that two other companies travel under similar names as the above, in order to "steal their thunder," so to speak. This troupe contains some of the finest colored talent in America.

CAPTAIN S. C. Mower, of the U. S. Engineers has arrived here with the Government tug, and men and material, to commence the necessary repairs of our harbor. Mr. E. P. Bates is under him in charge of the work. Some of the old cribs need new superstructure, some need refilling, and the outer cribs need to be secured by more stone. We hope Capt. Mower will give our harbor a good overhauling.

A FEW days ago we had a pleasant call from Mr. F. Lindsey, of Grand Haven, who has started a new business in that enterprising town, viz: A five-cent store. His business has increased so fast, that he has recently commenced to wholesale his goods. This will be a new feature of trade to a great many; but we advise all our dealers in search of notions, to give him a call. We feel assured that they will be astonished. His store is in Grey's block, near the post-office.

LAST week quite a number of our merchants went to Chicago to purchase a new stock of goods. Among the number we noticed Messrs. J. Duursema, J. Van Putten and M. Jonkman, all of whom bought a large stock. Mr. J. Van Putten displays some of the finest goods ever brought to town, with which young men and women will be especially delighted, and Mr. J. Duursema has replenished his store to quite an extent. Visit them and see for yourself—the articles are too numerous to mention here.

DURING the past few days Mr. J. Duursema and Koffers have sold their share in the stove factory to Mr. Jos. Fixter, of Milwaukee. It is Mr. Fixter's plan to purchase Mayor Van der Veen's share also, and start the factory up to run its fullest capacity, under the management of Mr. P. Pfanstiel. Already some bolts have been purchased, and it is expected that a great deal of labor will be furnished by the change. Mr. Fixter is the owner of such a large number of cooper shops in Milwaukee, that he will need all his own manufactured staves.

THE editor of *De Grandet* makes himself appear ridiculous and contemptible by lying about the speech of Mr. V. W. Seely, in this city recently, and if that editor, who seems to have more brass than a dozen foundries, was writing for an American paper, he would not dare to say it. On the contrary, we wish to contradict—that Mr. Seely's speech was to the point, but not in the nature which said editor had wished, and to show his chagrin, at the eloquent argument advanced, he (the said editor) had to distinguish himself as one of the noisemakers. This we can prove by Republicans as well as Democrats. We advise said editor not to attempt to "out-Herod Herod," if he values his situation. He does not yet understand this community! It is saying nothing against the Republican nominee for Prosecuting Attorney, that he can't make such a regular political argument as his opponent. The whole county is aware of that.

LOOKOUT for Donovan's Original Tennesseans—Nov. 4.

Or John H. Fuller, who escaped from Jackson on the 29th of September, nothing has been heard as yet.

WE are requested to announce that a market-day will be held at Zeeland, on Wednesday, the 3d day of November.

AN old lady in New Scotland, bearing somebody say the mails were irregular, said: "It was so in my young days—no trusting any of 'em."

DR. R. A. Schouten has just received a large stock of choice liquors, drugs and medicines, and his handsome drug store is pretty well filled with the necessities in his line.

FOR epizootic powder, go to the drug store of Dr. Wm. Van Putten. This celebrated remedy was considered the very best in 1874, when that disease was prevalent in our midst.

MR. Wm. Smith, of Beaverdam, who is well known throughout this Colony as the owner of the celebrated stallions Black Leopard and Norman Grey, received the first premiums at the Berlin (County) Fair, last week, on those beautiful animals.

THE rector of Grace Church desires to give notice that he has not resigned that parish as some have incorrectly understood. For the time being his Sunday appointments will be somewhat irregular, but permission having been asked of him for lay-reading of the service and sermon when he is absent, I hereby authorize such service on all Sunday mornings when I am not present.

E. W. FLOWER, Rector.

GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

HON. Chas. S. May made an eloquent Democratic speech on Monday evening, at Music Hall. There was a good audience and considerable enthusiasm.

THE Board of Supervisors is at present in session, and a large number of claims on the County Treasury are being examined and allowed, to the great joy of the numerous hungry claimants, who have been waiting for months to get the small amounts due them.

A DREADFUL accident occurred on Friday afternoon of last week, at about 4½ o'clock, on the D. Gr. H. & M. railroad, in this city. Mr. Antony Van der Zalm had been in Ferrysburg, tallying lumber, and in returning, when near Bakker's mill, he jumped on a flat car to ride down to the depot, seating himself on a brake, at the end of the car; the engine giving a jerk, he fell under the wheels and a car passed over him, cutting both legs off above the knees. He was picked up by some of the railroad employes, placed in a sawdust car and taken to his residence in that condition. Physicians were at once in attendance, but the injuries were of such a nature that no operation was deemed advisable, and at about 7 o'clock that evening death ended his sufferings. Mr. Van der Zalm, who was in the lumber business, has been a resident of Grand Haven, since his boyhood, and was widely known as an honest and industrious citizen. At the time of his death he was only 36 years old. He leaves a widow and five small children, in rather comfortable circumstances, to mourn his untimely loss. The funeral took place last Monday and was very numerously attended by all classes of citizens, not less than 47 carriages took their places in the procession. Revs. Van der Veen and Dr. Sutherland assisted in the religious services, which were very impressive.

ON Tuesday afternoon the steam barge *Trader*, of Pentwater, arrived here, water-logged and abandoned, with her decks swept and most broke, in tow of the tugs *Batchelder* and *Lizzie Frank*. It appears that the *Trader* left Monday night with a load of lumber bound for Chicago. After being out a short while she was found to have sprung a leak, and in a couple of hours she was full of water. There being a heavy sea on at that time the waves commenced breaking over her, breaking away cabins, stanchions, bulwarks, in fact everything above the deck except the fore-castle, which remained standing, affording some shelter for the exhausted crew. About 8 o'clock the next morning the schooner *Guide*, commanded by Capt. Frank Fraga, came alongside of the wreck, the sea being too heavy to launch their small yawl, and by the exercise of good seamanship, he succeeded in saving the whole of the crew, and started back for the Haven with them. Getting near the mouth of the river she was sighted by the tug *Batchelder*, Capt. R. Connell, who went out and took the crew off, whereupon the *Guide* proceeded once more on her voyage. Shortly after the crew had been taken off the ill-fated *Trader*, the steam barge *S. C. Hall* fell in with her, took her in tow and steered for Grand Haven, and coming near port the tugs *Lizzie Frank* and *Batchelder* went out, took the *Trader* in tow and brought her into the harbor, where she now lies, looking about as hard as any wreck that ever came in here.

Let there be Light!

Not only sunlight, but the Electric Light, as at the

Great Wardrobe,

In order that Mechanics, Workmen and all others who can not call during the day time, can do so in the evening, and be able to select goods equally as well.

We invite all to call and examine the immense stock of Men's, Youths and Boys

CLOTHING

We are now offering for

FALL AND WINTER
ONE PRICE TO ALL
OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

1500 Woolen Suits to select from all grades.
2500 Overcoats to select from every style.
BOYS AND CHILDREN CLOTHING,
Large Stock, Very Cheap.

NO RISE IN PRICES AT

E. S. PIERCE'S

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, well made, strong sewed and Cheap.

We have a big stock and assortment of

TRUNKS, SACHETS and TRAVELING BAGS.

EVERY GRADE OF

Men and Boys Underwear.

We are the Leading

Merchant Tailors,

And keep all the best Woolen Clothes made in the world. Suits or single garments made to order on Short Notice, by the best artists and for less money than same goods can be bought in Chicago or Detroit.

Mr. G. A. Koning, will be pleased to see his friends when in the city and show them every attention where all are welcome at the

GREAT WARDROBE

—OF—

E. S. PIERCE

UNDER THE TOWER CLOCK,

Grand Rapids, Michigan.
32-3mo

Read This!!

Just Received at the Store of

P. & A. Steketee

a large assortment of

SHAWLS

AND LADIES' & MISSES' CLOAKS.

Underwear for both Sexes. Flannel and Woolen Blankets, Ribbons—as fine an assortment as any in the city—cheap. Nubias, Misses and Children's Knit Hoods.

COLUMBIA AND OTHER YARNS.

Dress Goods from 10c and upward, and a full assortment of Ladies' Skirts.

Gents' White Shirts—the best 50c Shirt ever sold in Holland.

Feathers of the best grade always on hand at bottom figures.

—A Full Stock of—

GROCERIES

A better 50c Tea than ever; Roasted Coffee of many varieties. The best cheese. New Holland Herring, by the keg or piece. The Best Oat Meal always on hand and fresh, etc., etc.

Salt by the pound or barrel.—Harris & Smith's Safety Lamps, and many more goods, too numerous to mention.

Come and inspect our Stock.

P. & A. STEKETEE.

HOLLAND, Oct. 1st, 1880.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's

Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to

J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO.,
Nos. 104 and 106 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in Holland by D. R. MEENE. 31-1v.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at REED CITY, Mich.,

September 23rd., 1880.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and final entry thereof, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Ottawa County, Mich., at the county seat on Tuesday the 3d day of October, 1880, viz: George W. Campbell Homestead entry No. 6945 for the E½ of N W ¼, Sec. 11, T 5 N. R. 16 W. and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: Henry M. Scott, of Holland P. O., and John M. Horton, of Holland, P. O., and Lorenzo Lawrence, of Holland, P. O., and Arnold de Ferrier, of Holland, P. O., all of Ottawa County, Mich.
EDWARD STEVENSON, Register.
33-5w

Fall and Winter GOODS

—have just arrived at the store of—

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

They have all kinds of DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES, WATER PROOF, FLANNELS, and a novelty in SKIRTS—(beautiful cashmere) Satin Skirts, etc., etc.

A complete variety of Germantown and other Woolen Yarn.

Hosiery, Socks.

A full line of NECKTIES, and all kinds of Gents' Furnishing Goods, —ALSO—

Ribbons, Trimmings, in Silks & Satins, Table Linens, etc.,

A full line of PROVISIONS, also GROCERIES YANKEE NOTIONS, ETC.

Have our own team and deliver goods free of charge in the city.

G. Van Putten & Sons.
HOLLAND, Sept. 24th, 1880.

FIRST WARD

DRUG STORE,

Three doors East of Kruiseng's Store.

Dr. R. A. Schouten,

PROPRIETOR.

This new store will keep a full supply of the best and finest

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Cigars,

Writing Material, Stationery, and the finest assortment of

Wines & Liquors,

(for Medicinal use only.)

PAINTS AND OILS,

And almost everything else belonging in a well stocked drug store.

The above firm are the manufacturers of DR. SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS

AND Compound Syrup of Rhubarb.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours day or night. 36-1v

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Frank J. Lamb and Mary L. Lamb, his wife, to Harlow Phelps, dated the First day of May, A. D. 1877, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, State of Michigan, on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1877, in Liber No. 9 of Mortgages, on page 228, by which the power to sell in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date hereof the sum of thirteen hundred and forty dollars, also an attorney fee of fifty dollars, provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof; Notice is therefore given that by virtue of said power of sale, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being situated in the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a stake on section line one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet south of the north-west corner of section thirty three (33) in township six (6) north, of range thirteen (13) west, thence running east one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet, thence south eight (8) feet, thence east forty-one (41) feet, thence south one hundred and twenty (120) feet, thence west one hundred and seventy-three (173) feet to section line, thence north along said section line one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet to place of beginning, containing one-half acre of land together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, at the front door of the court house of said Ottawa County, in the city of Grand Haven, on Thursday the Ninth day of December, A. D. 1880, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs including an attorney fee of fifty dollars provided for in said mortgage. Dated, September 1st, 1880.

HARLOW PHELPS, Mortgagee.
Lowing & Croon, Attorneys for Mortgagee. 31-13w

PHENIX

Planing Mill

In rebuilding our new shop we have purchased entirely new

Machinery of the most Approved Patterns,

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

OR

Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN

AND THE

DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL

MAKE A SPECIALTY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line manufactured on short notice.

38-1v WERKMAN & VAN ARK.

MEAT MARKET

—IN THE—

FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that they have finished their new Meat-Market, and are now ready to supply their customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing they feel confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor them with part of their trade.
The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverlate & Son's Hardware Store.
W. BUTEAU,
J. VAN ZOEREN.
HOLLAND, July 14, 1878.

THE EASY WIFE.

There's just one thing a man can have
In all his efforts, love and strife,
That makes the business not too bad,
And that one thing's an easy wife.
Don't fancy that I love my girl
For rosy cheeks or raven hair;
She holds my heart because she laughs—
Because she laughs, and doesn't care.

I put my boots just where it suits,
And find them when I put them on;
That is a thing, you must allow,
A chap can very seldom do.
I leave my papers on my desk;
She never puts them in a heap,
Or takes to light the kitchen stove
The very one I want to keep.

On winter night my cozy dame
Will warm her feet before the fire;
She never scolds about the lamp,
Or wants the wick a trifle higher.
On Sundays she is not so fine
But what her ruffles I can hug;
I light my pipe just where I please,
And spill the ashes on the rug.

The bed is never filled with "abams"—
A thing some women, vilely plain,
To worry servants half to death,
And spoil the temper of a man.
She lets me sleep to any hour,
Nor rises any horrid din;
If it just happens, now and then,
To be quite late when I come in.

I tell you, Jack, if you would wed,
Just get a girl who lets things run;
She'll keep her temper like a lamb,
And let you be the lord of fun.
Don't look for money, style or show,
Or blushing beauty, ripe and rare;
Just take the one who laughs at fate—
Who laughs, and shows she doesn't care.

You think, perhaps, our household ways
Are just a trifle little mixed;
Or when they get too horrid bad,
We stir about and get things fixed.
What compensation has a man
Who earns his bread by sweat of brow,
If home is made a battle-ground,
And life one long, eternal row?

—Hart's Magazine.

AN IMPUDENT PUPPY.

"Where is Sue?" inquired Mrs. Mellington, entering the room where her two eldest daughters were employed, the one in reading, the other with a bit of fancy work.

"I really don't know, mamma," answered Ada, looking up from her work. "I have had scarcely a glimpse of Sue since we came to the country. She appears to have taken to an outdoor life, and is never in the house except at night."

"I saw her about two hours ago on her way to the orchard," remarked Rose. "She said she was going to feed the pigs, and would afterward take a lesson in milking."

"I wish I could find her," resumed Mrs. Mellington. "I am sure that Col. Hanley or his son will call this afternoon, and it is proper that Sue should be present. She did not appear on their former visit."

"She will shock the Colonel by her hoydenish manners, and, as to his son, I hardly think he will particularly admire her. He doesn't fancy female society, I've heard, and prefers his dogs and horses. And wasn't he a little wild at college, mamma?"

"A little too fond of what is called fun—nothing more than I have ever heard. He is a clever young man, will be wealthy, and is, next to his father, the best match in the neighborhood, though, as you say, he don't appear to care particularly for ladies' society. I fancy he looked rather bored while talking to that stately Miss Radstock, clever and handsome as she is. And then he must know that all the girls are trying to secure him, which naturally makes him shy of them."

These remarks were clearly intended as hints to her daughters, for Mrs. Mellington was a genuine match-maker, and had already married off two daughters advantageously.

Finding that the remaining eldest daughter had failed to make the desired impression on either Col. Hanley or his son, she had bethought herself of producing Sue, hitherto, as the youngest and prettiest, carefully kept in the background.

But, meanwhile, where was Sue?

She had filled a basket with apples for the pigs, strolled around the orchard, admired the trees and the fruit, and climbed a low plum tree, in order to gather an especially fine one for her father. In this position her eye was caught by a low line of green willows, bordering the sloping meadows beyond the orchard.

"It looks as though a stream were there," she thought, "and I do so love water. I dare say it is so lovely under those willows. Come, Rolla," calling to a little half-grown terrier, "you and I will go on an exploring expedition together."

Rolla, after coaxing, rather sulkily obeyed. He was an ugly little, crooked-legged, hairy-muzzled pup, which Sue had, on her arrival at the farm, begged of the farmer for a pet. Yet Rolla, despite all the petting, did not take to this pretty young mistress, but persisted in evincing a decided preference for the barn and kitchen, and low life in general. She was not disappointed in her expectation. She found a clear, shallow stream, which ran rippling and murmuring pleasantly beneath the willows, between thickets of wild rose and blossoming elder.

She seated herself on the grassy bank, took off first her hat and then her shoes and stockings, and allowed the cool ripples to dance about her white feet. Then she became interested in watching some insect life on the surface of the water, and when satisfied with this, resumed her shoes and stockings and lay back on the cool turf, dreamily reciting snatches of poetry.

A stray sunbeam glinted on her rippling brown hair, and the eyes that looked up through the waving foliage were as deeply blue and clear as the summer sky overhead. Pity that there was no stray artist to gaze upon the picture.

Suddenly Sue awoke to the fact that Rolla had disappeared. He had been smelling about the bushes, and had now stolen off on the track of some scent, perceptible only to his own keen olfactory.

Sue lifted up her voice, and called in her sweet, clear, girlish tones:

"Rolla! Rolla!"

In answer there was presently a rustling amid the elder bushes, and forth stepped not the culprit Rolla, but a very handsome young man, equipped with a gun and game-bag.

Sue sprang up. Each stared for an instant at the other; then the gentleman, gracefully lifting his hat, said:

"May I inquire, Miss, what you want with me?"

"Want with you?" responded she, in surprise.

"Yes; I was crossing the field yonder, when I heard you call me," he replied, with a slightly demure expression about his mouth and eyes.

"I called you?" said Sue, indignant.

"Yes; you called 'Rolla,' very distinctly and earnestly," replied he, biting the corner of his mustache, "and I, of course, obeyed the summons, and am at your service. My name is Rolland, or Rolla, as I am familiarly called."

Sue surveyed him from head to foot.

"Oh," said she, coolly, "it was a mistake on your part. It was not you, but the other puppy, I was calling. His name is also Rolla."

"Indeed! where is he?" inquired the gentleman, looking around with a great expression of interest.

"He has run away from me."

"I wonder at him. In fact, I really don't see how he could have done it," said he, looking at Sue, and slowly stroking his mustache.

She drew herself up with a great assumption of dignity.

"If you will try, sir, you will find how it can be done," said she loftily.

"And if I don't want to try?"

"Then the other puppy must make you. Here he is, just in time. Here, Rolla, good dog; bite at him, sir!"

And Sue clapped her white hands together, and tried to whistle, as she had seen her papa do, to the great amusement of the gentleman.

But, instead of gallantly rushing to the attack at command of his mistress, Rolla frisked up to the stranger with extravagant demonstrations of delight.

"O he knows you," said Sue, contemptuously, "and so you didn't run."

"Yes; Rolla knows his friends. In fact, he's my namesake—an honor conferred upon me by the admiring partiality of farmer Hawes."

"He belongs to me now, and I mean to change his name," said Sue positively.

"Pray don't. You have no idea how musically it sounded across the field. I fancied some wood nymph—or—dryad—was calling to me. Belongs to you now, does he? Happy dog!"

And he stopped and patted Rolla's head.

She turned sharply.

"Are you going away sir, or shall I?" she demanded.

"Oh, I would not for the world incommode you! And I beg you to remember that I came only because I fancied you were calling me, having probably seen me passing. I saw you from the bank above. Pray excuse the mistake, and allow me to wish you a good evening."

And with a courteous bow, he disappeared among the bushes.

She stood looking indignantly after him until he disappeared.

"The impudent puppy!" she murmured; "I never heard of such assurance."

And then a slow smile rippled over her face which she remorselessly checked by biting the corner of her under lip.

"Come, Rolla," she called, in a subdued voice, "come, sir, and go home; and see how you get into scrapes again."

She climbed the bank into the meadow, the dog followed with a subdued and culprit-like mien. But suddenly he gave a short, sharp bark, and at the same moment another and stronger sound smote upon Sue's ear. It was a low, hoarse, sobbing murmur, which seemed to swell into an angry roar.

"If I were in Africa, I should fancy that a lion's roar!" thought Sue, curiously looking around.

In an instant her cheek became deadly pale, and she stood breathless and transfixed, as a huge animal, with lowered head, and eyes gleaming through shaggy forelocks, emerged from a thicket at some distance, and came slowly toward her, tearing up the earth with hoofs and horns.

Rolla, after a burst of obstreperous barking, turned and ignominiously fled.

She strove in vain to follow his example. Her limbs felt paralyzed, and she turned faint and sick.

The bull came slowly onward, now lowering his head, then uplifting it, and staring fiercely and threateningly at the figure in the center of the field.

Suddenly a voice shouted:

"Don't be afraid! Throw away your red shawl! Now run—run to the nearest fence—while I keep him off!"

The assurance of help at hand inspired her. She tore off the light zephyr shawl, which had attracted the attention of the bull, and ran as fast as her trembling limbs would carry her.

How she got over the fence she never knew. Indeed, she knew nothing distinctly until the gentleman she had characterized as an "impudent puppy," lightly leaping the fence, threw himself, rather breathlessly and heated, on the ground near where she had sunk the moment she had found herself in safety.

"Oh," said Sue, half sobbing, "I am so glad you came! That awful creature would have killed me!"

"I fortunately heard him bellowing, and, remembering you, came just in time to keep him off."

"Weren't you afraid?"

"Oh, no! I used when a boy to bait these animals for my own amusement. But you see I can be of more use to you than 'the other puppy.' Where is he?"

"Gone. Deserted me in my hour of need," she replied, smiling faintly, as she dried her tears. "But I've had enough of him. I'll give him away and get a better and bigger dog to accompany me on my walks, if they are to be as dangerous as this one."

"I'll take the best care of you."

"O, I don't know you yet, you see. I will ask papa," she answered demurely.

"Certainly—by all means ask papa!" said he eagerly.

"I'm going home now," she said, rising.

"Won't you permit me to see you safe? There may be more cattle around, to say nothing of snakes and owls."

"Well, I think you may come, though we are near home now. I can see papa sitting on the verandah, reading; and there in the orchard is my basket of apples, which I gathered for the pigs. If you won't mind, I'll feed them now, and carry the basket back."

"I'll enjoy it of all things," he asserted.

Lifting the basket he carried it for her to the sty, where she amused herself with tossing the fruit, one by one, to the eager, pushing crowd within.

"So you take an interest in those poetic animals?" remarked her companion, as he stood curiously looking on.

"Am I big enough?" inquired the gentleman. "I'll take the best care of you."

"O, I don't know you yet, you see. I will ask papa," she answered demurely.

"Certainly—by all means ask papa!" said he eagerly.

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"So you take an interest in those poetic animals?" remarked her companion, as he stood curiously looking on.

"I feel sorry for them, they are so ugly and dirty. Nature seems to have treated them unjustly, poor things, in making them so inferior to other animals. But then, the little ones, with their pink noses and funny eyes, do look so chubby and innocent."

She tossed some apples to the little ones, and looked thoughtfully.

"They remind me of a picture I saw lately—Circe, surrounded by a herd of swine, into which she had transformed her admirers, and would never have imagined how much expression there was in the way that they wriggled and groveled at her feet."

"I see that picture now, at least something like it," the gentleman remarked, looking from Sue to the pigs.

And again Sue repeated to herself, "What an impudent puppy!" as she dropped more apples into the sty.

And this was the spectacle which greeted the horrified gaze of Mrs. Mellington as she stepped on the veranda where her husband was reading, and looked across the lawn to the orchard. The tea table was ready, and she was expecting Sue.

"Mercy on me!" she gasped. "Why, Mr. Millington, only look! There is actually Sue with Col. Hanley's son feeding the pigs."

Mr. Mellington chuckled.

"Well, my dear, I don't see the harm of it, if they like it. Though where she could have picked him up I can't imagine."

Meanwhile, Sue and her companion leisurely crossed the orchard and the lawn.

"Now, I'll introduce you to papa," she said. "Only I don't know your name."

"Oh, perhaps he knows it, and will introduce me to you. Meantime, call me anything you like."

So Sue walked straight up to her father, and, putting her hand on his shoulder, said:

"Papa, I've had an awful fright. I was chased by a raging mad bull, and my puppy ran away from me, and another with the very same name, saved me; so I've brought him home with me," nodding in an introductory manner toward the guest.

"Eh?" said papa, looking up; and catching the expression of the two faces before him, he fell into the humor, and, as he rose, said, with a wave of his hand toward the waiting tea-table, "Very well, my dear, we'll feed him."

So Mr. Roland Hanley sat down to the table with the family, and with an utter absence of that unpleasant restraint which Mrs. Mellington had remarked in his intercourse with Miss Radstock; and, despite her vexation at Sue, the meal passed off agreeably.

Of course this was not Mr. Hanley's last visit to the Millingtons—of course there were frequent calls, with walks and rides, in all of which he fulfilled his promise of taking care of Sue; and when, at length, he asked the privilege of taking care of her through life, she did not say nay.

Lately, when Mr. Hanley was boasting that his wife had accepted him on their very first interview, by referring him to papa, Sue looked around and said:

"You were an impudent puppy that day, Rolla, as you are still."

Why He Was in the Penitentiary.

An important case was tried before the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia. An old colored man was on the witness stand. The District Attorney interrogated the witness:

"What is your name?"

"John Williams, sah."

"Are you the John Williams who was sent to the Albany State penitentiary for larceny?"

"No, sah—not this John."

"Are you the John Williams who was convicted of arson, and sent to the Baltimore penitentiary?"

"No, sah."

Tired of asking fruitless questions, the District Attorney suddenly put a leading one.

"Have you ever been in the penitentiary?"

"Yes, sah."

All eyes were now turned upon the witness. The District Attorney smiled complacently, and resumed:

"How many times have you been in the penitentiary?"

"Twice, sah."

"Where?"

"In Baltimore, sah."

"How long were you there the first time?"

"About two hours, sah."

"How long the second time?" asked the attorney, rather crestfallen.

"An hour, sah. I went there to whitewash a cell for a lawyer who had robbed his client."

The attorney sat down amid the laughter of the spectators.

The paradise of beer guzzlers is in Belgium, where beer is only two cents a pint.

WHAT IS A GENTLEMAN?

How Cardinal Newman Answers the Question.

It is almost a definition of a gentleman to say he is one who never inflicts pain. This description is both refined, and as far as it goes, accurate. He is mainly occupied in merely removing the obstacles which hinder the free and unembarrassed action of those about him; and he concurs with their movements rather than takes the initiative himself.

His benefits may be considered as parallel to what are called comforts or conveniences in arrangements of a personal nature; like an easy chair or a good fire, which do their part in dispelling cold and fatigue, though nature provides means of rest and animal heat without them. The true gentleman in like manner carefully avoids whatever may cause a jar or a jolt in the minds of those with whom he is cast; all clashing of opinion, or confusion of feeling, all restraint, or suspicion, or gloom, or resentment; his great concern being to make everyone at their ease and at home.

He has his eyes on all his company; he is tender toward the bashful, gentle toward the distant, and merciful to the absurd; he guards against the unseasonable allusions or topics which may irritate; he is seldom prominent in conversation, and never wearisome. He makes light of favors while he does them, and seems to be receiving when he is conferring. He never speaks of himself except when compelled, never defends himself by a mere retort; he has no ears for slander or gossip, is scrupulous in imputing motives to those who interfere with him, and interprets everything for the best.

He is never mean or little in his disputes, never takes unfair advantage, never mistakes personalities or sharp sayings, or arguments, or insinuates evil which he dare not say out. From a long sighted prudence, he observes the maxim of the ancient sage, that we should conduct ourselves toward our enemy as if he were one day to be our friend. He has too much good sense to be affronted at insults, and is too well employed to remember injuries. He is patient, forbearing, and resigned on philosophical principles. He submits to pain because it is inevitable; to bereavement, because it is irreparable; to death, because it is his destiny. If he engages in controversy of any kind, his disciplined intellect preserves him from the blundering discourtesy of better, perhaps, but less educated minds, who, like blunt weapons, tear and hack, instead of cutting clean, who mistake the point in argument, waste their strength on trifles, misconceive their adversary, and leave the question more involved than they find it.

He may be right or wrong in his opinion, but he is too clear headed to be unjust; he is as simple as he is forcible, and as brief as he is decisive. Nowhere shall we find greater candor, consideration, indulgence. He throws himself into the mind of his opponents, he accounts for their mistakes, he knows the weakness of human reason as well as its strength, its province and its limits. If he be an unbeliever, he will be too profound and large minded to ridicule religion or to act against it; he is too wise to be a dogmatist or fanatic in his infidelity. He respects piety and devotion; he even supports institutions as venerable, beautiful, and useful, to which he does not assent; he honors the ministers of religion, and it contents him to decline its mysteries without assailing or denouncing them. He is a friend of religious toleration, and that, not only because his philosophy has taught him to look on all forms of faith with an impartial eye, but also from the gentleness of feeling which is the attendant on civilization.

The Discomforts of Fame.

"I should think," remarked a lady at the lunch-table of the Baldwin, "that poor Adelaide Neilson ought to have faced death with a sense of relief." Some surprise at the remark having been expressed, the lady who had known Miss Neilson intimately, proceeded to recount the petty troubles of the great actress' life.

"She was the victim of ceaseless persecution," said the regretful friend. "Every day of her life was made miserable by the attempts of all kinds of people to interview her on all kinds of subjects. I had the fact brought forcibly to my notice one afternoon of the last week of her stay here. I called on her invitation and found her nervous and greatly dispirited. 'I have already had sixteen visitors,' said she, and expect so many more that I've positively notified my maid that I'm not in to any person but an old musician whom I've known for years and who is kind enough to play for me."

"While she was speaking the musician entered, and before he had finished the first selection, how many callers do you think put in an appearance? Six? Yes, a whole dozen. I don't remember half of them. I know, though, there was a card from Barton Hill, who wished to see Miss Neilson about a benefit. Then Fred Lyster called in a journalistic capacity. Then an ambitious young dramatic writer sent up word that he had kindly prepared and brought with him a five-act play for her perusal. A young lady from Sutter street craved an audience for some purpose not given, but supposed to be the fell one of confessing that her mission was to elevate the stage. A proud mother brought an ambitious daughter to read some Shakspearean passages and show Miss Neilson that she had formidable rivals outside the profession. Two ladies came to inquire what preparation Miss Neilson used that made her so lovely on the stage; money was no object to them in acquiring the secret. But they didn't obtain an audience any more than the many others. Such were the ceaseless persecutions to which the unfortunate actress was subjected, and pestered, pursued, and vilified, she ought to have coveted the eternal peace of death."—San Francisco Chronicle.

PITH AND POINT.

The most popular cure among politicians—The sine-cure.

The first American inscription put upon the obelisk will be, "Post no Bills."

"He sleeps where he fell," says a late ballad, which suggests that he must have been drunk.

What a beautiful thing is a rosy cheek! How great the contrast when the blush settles on the nose.

HUSBAND—"Mary, my love, this apple-dumpling is not half done." Wife—"Well, finish it, then, my dear."

It was a young housekeeper who set the cake she had baked for a picnic out of door one cold night to be frosted.

"Bridge, the dust upon the furniture is intolerable. What shall I do?" "Do as I do, marm—pay no attention to it."

It's a poor rule that won't work both ways. A Milwaukee girl married a barber, and he turned out to be a rich Baron in disguise.

A MODERN NOVEL has this thrilling passage: "With one hand he held her beautiful golden head above the chilling wave, and with the other called loudly for assistance."

A YOUNG lady wrote some verses for a paper about her birthday, and headed them "May 30th." It almost made her hair turn gray when it appeared in print "My 30th."

The average life of a farmer is sixty-six years. At sixty-five he may safely begin to return borrowed tools, pay old debts and ask forgiveness for cheating in horse trades.

"Is your cough any easier?" said one of poor Hood's acquaintances, on calling to see how he was. "It should be," said the wit from his pillow, "I've been practicing all night."

The negro's definition of bigotry is as good and inclusive as that of Webster's Dictionary. "A bigot!" said he; "why he's a man who knows too much for one, and not quite enough for two."

At a celebration back in the country a female arose and began: "This is our 104th anniversary." A wicked young man back in the crowd yelled out: "Good gracious! You don't look that old."

SON—"Father, the lecturer at the hall to-night said that lunar rays were only concentrated luminosity of the earth's satellite. What do you think about it?" Intelligent parent—"All moonshine, my son, all moonshine."

MISS FLINTINGTON—"Yes, I like the place very much, Major; you have such a jolly set of men down here." The Major—"Yes, awfully jolly. You'd better steel your heart, Miss Flintington, in case of accidents." Miss F.—"Well, while I'm about it, Major, I'd rather steal somebody else's, than you know?"

A TENDER young potato bug sat swiveling on a vine, And sighed unto a maiden bug: "I pray you will be mine." Then softly spake the maiden bug: "I love you fond and true, But O, my cruel-hearted partner, Won't let me marry you." With scorn up in his buggy brow, With graces cold and keen, That haughty lover answered her: "I think your Par-ty-green."

"Ah!" said Gilhooly, yesterday morning, "I've done one good act."

"Sent a barrel of flour to the poor-house?" "Better than that. I've just told De Smith, who don't stand a ghost of a show, that he will be nominated by acclamation." "Well, that is one of those kindnesses that do a great deal of good and don't cost anything." "The mischief it don't cost anything! I borrowed \$2 from him on the strength of it."—Galveston News.

A DOCTOR, being out for a day's shooting, took an errand boy to carry the game-bag. Entering a field of turnips, the dog pointed, and the boy, overjoyed at the prospect of his master's success, exclaimed: "Lor, master, there's a covey; if you get near 'em won't you physic 'em!" "Physic 'em, you young rascal, what do you mean?" said the doctor. "Why, kill 'em, to be sure," replied the lad.

A DECENTLY-DRESSED workman came into a photographer's to have the portrait of his wife taken. While the operator was arranging the camera the husband thought it fit to give some advice to the companion of his life concerning her pose. "Think of something serious," he said, "or else you will laugh and spoil it. Remember that your father is in prison and that your brother has had to compound with his creditors, and try to imagine what would become of you if I had not taken pity upon you."

A CLERGYMAN at Nahant was attacked, while preaching for a brother minister, by a severe bleeding at the nose. He endeavored to stanch the blood, but, after saturating his own handkerchief and that of one of the congregation, which was passed up to him, he was forced to retire. The pastor of the church, a very absent-minded man, rose solemnly, and remarked: "While our brother is absent let us sing a hymn. Will the choir lead in singing 'There is a fountain filled with blood?'"

"Got any kids?" the census man said, To the woman from over the Rhine;

She hit him a belt on the side of the head—and excitedly answered: "Du hoelisches, unverchaems angesodertes muster einer frochen narren, verlass mein haus, oder ich mache bolognischers wurst aus deinem leeren kopfe mit einen stein

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA.—Thinking that you would like to hear anything which would benefit the public, I send you a recipe for dyspepsia which has proved beneficial to me. It is merely this: The juice of half a lemon after each meal, or, if the case is very severe, a whole one should be used.

Dr. SHADY, of New York city, recommends that burns be treated by applying a paste composed of three ounces of gum arabic, one ounce of gum tragacanth, one pint of carbolic water (one part to sixty), and two ounces of molasses. The paste is to be applied with a brush, renewed at intervals, and is stated to be a successful method. Four applications are sufficient, the granulating surfaces being treated with simple cerate or the oxide of zinc ointment, as indicated.

Nervous persons who are troubled with wakefulness and excitability usually have a strong tendency of blood to the brain, with cold extremities. The pressure of blood on the brain keeps it in a stimulated or wakeful state, and the pulsations of the head are often painful. Let such rise and chafe the body and extremities with a brush or towel, or rub smartly with the hands to promote circulation and withdraw the excessive quantity of blood from the brain, and they will fall asleep in a few moments.

SALT IN INTERMITTENT FEVER.—Take a handful of table salt and roast in a clean oven with moderate heat till it is brown—the color of roasted coffee. Dose for an adult—a soup-spoonful dissolved in a glass of warm water; take at once. When the fever appears at intervals of two, three, or four days, the remedy should be taken fasting on the morning of the day following the fever. To overcome the thirst a very little water should be taken through a straw. During the forty-eight hours which follow the taking of the salt, the appetite should be satisfied with chicken and beef broth only; it is especially necessary to observe a severe diet and avoid taking cold. The remedy is very simple and harmless, and has never been known to fail, where it has been given a trial.

OBSERVATION, not chemistry, must decide sick diet. The reason why jelly should be innoxious, and beef tea nutritious to the sick is a secret yet undiscovered, but it clearly shows that careful observation of the sick is the only clue to the best dietary. Chemistry has, as yet, afforded little insight into the dieting of the sick. All that chemistry can tell us is the amount of "carboniferous" or "nitrogenous" elements discoverable in different dietetic articles. In the great majority of cases, the stomach of the patient is guided by other principles of selection than merely the amount of carbon or nitrogen in the diet. No doubt, in this, as in other things, nature has very definite rules for her guidance, but these rules can only be ascertained by the most careful observation at the bedside.

Early Steamboating on the Hudson.
The Albany Argus has an article on Hudson river boating of early days. It says:

"Opposition" in the earlier days meant a great deal more than at present. The Captains and pilots of the different lines of boats made it a point of duty to interfere with the business of their opponents in every possible manner, and the feelings of passengers were frequently enlisted in behalf of the vessel they chanced to be on. Many stories are told of boats running into each other, of pilots exchanging pistol-shots, and of other like encounters on the river between opposition boats and their crews. One of these, occurring in September, 1835, is related in the Argus of the 22d of that month. While the North America was preparing to land its passengers at Coxsackie, the Emerald came along and collided with her, but so lightly as to do little damage. After the boats had left Coxsackie, however, and while, as the officers of the North America assert, she was pursuing her course quietly, the Emerald started directly across the river toward her. She struck the North America's wheelhouse with her larboard bow, carrying away side-horse, railing, boat-cranks, etc. The Emerald's wheel passed over the North America's small boat, which was lowered down, and stove it to atoms. As the North America slowly cleared from the Emerald, the Emerald raked her whole side, from the wheel-house aft. Immediately after she cleared a cheer was started at the wheel-house of the Emerald and responded to by her passengers. The Directors of the North America Steamboat Company assert that they had in their possession a certificate of a person on board the Emerald who heard the Captain and pilot agree to run into the North America and do her all the injury they could, and that in the fulfillment of this agreement the boat was steered directly across the river so as to strike the North America, and the passengers were requested to go to the starboard side so as to put the Emerald in a position to do as great injury as possible.

The residence of Mr. Peckham, of Neenah, took fire last week, and a neighbor yelled fire. Mr. Peckham was taking a bath at the time, and when he found that it was his own house that was on fire he was a little flurried, at first, but he had been a member of the assembly once, and he was quick to grasp the situation. Putting on a sunbonnet and a long stocking, so that people would not think he was a man, he picked up the wash tub, carried it out on the roof and dashed the soap suds on the fire, and put it out. That was a clear case of stealing the livery of heaven to make a fire department. —Peck's Sun.

PREVENTION excels cure every time. Always keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup convenient; take it in time and you will be free from Coughs, Colds, etc. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents a bottle.

A Reminiscence of 1874.

[From the Jackson Patriot.]

In 1874, Dr. Jacob Meyer, Saint Louis Mich., gave the following opinion: The Hamburg Drops deserve to be recommended. I have prescribed them for irregularities of the liver, disorders of the stomach and diseases originating from these disturbances, and have observed the most satisfactory results. The Drops also cure constipation in a short time.

How They Capture Hyenas.

The following mode of tying hyenas in their dens, as practiced in Afghanistan, is given by Arthur Connolly in his *Overland Journal*, in the words of an Afghan chief, the Shirkaree Synd Daoud:

"When you have tracked the beast to his den, you take a rope with two slip-knots upon it in your right hand, and with your left holding a felt cloak before you, you go boldly but quietly in. The animal does not know the nature of the danger, and therefore retires to the back of his den, but you may always tell where his head is by the glare of his eyes. You keep on moving gradually toward him on your knees, and when you are within distance throw the cloak over his head, close with him, and take care he does not free himself. The beast is so frightened that he cowers back, and, though he may bite the felt, he can not turn his neck round to hurt you; so you quietly feel for his forelegs, slip the knots over them, and then, with one strong pull, draw them tight up to the back of his neck and tie them there. The beast is now your own, and you can do what you like with him. We generally take those we catch home to the kraal, and hunt them on the plain with bridles in their mouths, that our dogs may be taught not to fear the brutes when they meet them wild."

Hyenas are also taken alive by the Arabs by a very similar method, except that a wooden gag is used instead of a felt cloak. The similarity in the mode of capture in two such distant countries as are Algeria and Afghanistan, and by two races so different, is remarkable. From the fact that the Afghans consider that the feat requires great presence of mind, and no instance being given of a man having died of a bite received in a clumsy attempt, we may infer that the Afghan hyena is more powerful or more ferocious than his African congener.

Wonderful Effects.

E. R. Dawley, of Providence, R. I., says: "Having witnessed the wonderful effects of Hunt's Remedy in my own case, and in a great number of others, I recommend it to all others afflicted with Kidney Diseases. Those afflicted by disease should secure the medicine which will cure in shortest possible time. Hunt's Remedy will do this." Trial size, 75 cents.

Fasting Horses.

To determine the capacity of horses to undergo the privations incident to a state of siege a series of experiments were made with these animals in Paris some years ago. The experiments proved (1) that a horse can hold out for twenty-five days without any nourishment, provided it is supplied with sufficient and good drinking water. 2. A horse can barely hold out for five days without water. 3. If a horse is well fed for ten days, but insufficiently provided with water throughout the same period, it will not outlive the eleventh day. One horse, from which water had been entirely withheld for three days, drank on the fourth day sixty liters of water within three minutes. A horse which received no solid nourishment for twelve days was nevertheless in a condition, on the twelfth day of its fast, to draw a load of 275 kilos.

[From the Detroit Western Home Journal.]

St. JACOBS OIL is an excellent medicine. Have used it in our household with great benefit.

Why a Woman Cannot Shoot Straight.

A tramp gave a woman living in the suburbs of Galveston some impudence. So she rushed in and came out with a shot-gun. She did not see the tramp at first, but he rushed out into the street in plain view, and told her to shoot, which she did, and missed him, of course. He went up the street smiling, and remarked to his confederate: "That was a close call. If she had fired without seeing where I was, she would have plugged me certain, but as soon as she drew down on me I felt that my time hadn't come yet. I've been there five times before."

A Happy Restoration.

I can truly say that I owe my present existence and happy restoration to the hopes and joys of life to the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and I say to every one suffering from any manner of kidney, liver or urinary trouble, "Use this remedy and recover." W. E. SANFORD. Holley, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1880.

YUNG KWAI, the Chinese boy, who was graduated from the Springfield (Mass.) High School last June with the salutatory address, became a Christian, and wrote home about it to his father, who is one of the highest of the Chinese nobles, though not of royal blood. The father wrote a very indignant letter, and ordered him to return home, threatening to starve and beat him into renouncing his views. As the boy was determined to be true to his new faith he looked upon his return to China as going to almost certain death; but he started quietly with other boys for Boston, whence they were to sail for home by way of Europe. Yung Kwai, however, stepped from the train in Springfield, and that is the last that has been seen of him. If he succeeds in keeping hidden for a year, he will then be twenty-one, and can become a citizen of the United States.

For Consumptives, Delicate Females, Nursing Mothers, Sickly Children, and the Debility of Age, Malt Bitters, prepared by the Malt Bitters Company, are the purest and richest nourishing agent in foods or medicine ever compounded.

A LITTLE daughter of Gilbert Williams, of Mansfield, Ct., fell from a hay-mow and fractured her skull. Nearly nine square inches of skull were removed by Dr. Hills—one of the most remarkable cases on record. It is believed that the child's reason will not be impaired, but some artificial protection to the exposed brain will have to be provided.

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Dr. C. E. SHOEMAKER, the well-known aurist surgeon of Reading, Pa., offers to send by mail, free of charge, a valuable little book on deafness and diseases of the ear—especially on running ear and catarrh, and their proper treatment—giving references and testimonials that will satisfy the most skeptical. Address as above.

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Who does not know that H. B. Bryant's Chicago Business College stands at the head of the business colleges of the country?

Amuse the children with the Puzzle Cards. See advertisement in another column of this paper.

All respectable dealers sell Frazer axle grease because it is the genuine and gives perfect satisfaction.

Read the Puzzle Card advertisement in another column of this paper.

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Shall We Meet Again?

The following is one of the most brilliant paragraphs ever written by the lamented George D. Prentice: "The fiat of death is inexorable. There is no appeal for relief from the great law which dooms us to dust. We flourish and fade as the leaves of the forest, and the flowers that bloom, wither and fade in a day have no firmer hold upon life than the mightiest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footsteps. Generations of men will appear and disappear as the grass, and the multitude that throng the world to-day will disappear as footsteps on the shore. Men seldom think of the great event of death until the shadow falls across their own pathway, hiding from their eyes the faces of loved ones whose living smile was the sunlight of their existence. Death is the antagonist of life, and the thought of the tomb is the skeleton of all feasts. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although the dark passage may lead to paradise; we do not want to go down into damp graves, even with Princes for bed-fellows. In the beautiful drama of 'Ion' the hope of immortality, so eloquently uttered by the death-devoted Greek, finds deep response in every thoughtful soul. When about to yield his life a sacrifice to fate, his Clematis asks if they should meet again, to which he responds: I have asked that dreadful question of the hills that look eternal—of the clear streams that flow forever—of stars among whose fields of azure my raised spirits have walked in glory. All are dumb. But, as I gaze upon thy living face, I feel that there is something in love that mingles through its beauty that cannot wholly perish. We shall meet again, Clematis."

NEAR Deadwood a bull leisurely entered a house, probably to get away from the flies. The woman fled in terror and summoned several men, who found the bull in the bedroom quietly chewing his cud, and so well satisfied with his surroundings that it was necessary to twist his tail until it kinked before he would vacate the premises.

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