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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. VII.—NO. 36.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1878.

WHOLE NO. 348.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
O. J. DOESBURG, Editor and Publisher.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
4 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
5 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
6 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the subscription. Two X's signify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Tuesday Jan. 1, 1878.

Trains.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	1.15 a. m.	1.15 a. m.
"	9.35 p. m.	3.30 p. m.
Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	10.45 a. m.	5.25 a. m.
"	9.35 p. m.	3.35 p. m.
New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.05 a. m.	12.15 "
"	5.10 "	* 11.00 a. m.
"	3.25 p. m.	* 9.45 "
"	2.40 "	

* Mixed trains.
Daily except Sunday and Monday.
Daily except Saturday.
Mondays only.
All other trains daily except Sundays.
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago time which is 30 minutes later than Columbus time.

Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Tuesday, Oct. 1, 1878.

Going North.	No. 4.	No. 2.	STATIONS.	Going South.	No. 3.	No. 1.
	8 00	12 15	Muskegon.		2 00	7 50
	7 25	11 41	Ferrysburg.		2 33	8 40
	7 15	11 36	Grand Haven.		2 38	8 50
	6 30	11 07	Pigeon.		3 13	9 40
	6 25	10 40	Holland.		3 45	11 15
	5 07	10 18	Willmore.		4 15	11 43
	5 55	9 30	Allegan.		5 00	1 15

FRED H. MAY, Manager.

E. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.
Close connections made at Allegan with G. R. & I. R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalamazoo, Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, &c., &c.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11 River street.

TEN EYOK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting Agent, Office in Kenyon & Van Patten's bank Eighth street.

Banking and Exchange.

VAN PUTTEN JACOB, Banking and Collecting, Drafts bought and sold; Eighth street.

Barbers.

DE GROOT, L. Barber. Hair cutting, shaving, shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at reasonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City Hotel.

Boots and Shoes.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc., Eighth street.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and office on Eighth street, opposite Van Raalte's Shoe store.

FURUGSON, B. R., Dental Surgeon. Performs all operations pertaining to Dentistry in the best style of the art. Office, over B. P. Higgins Art Gallery.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENG, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumery. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, W. J., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G. C., General Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th street, near Market.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DIJKEMA J. & C. Wagon and Blacksmith Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Eighth Street a few doors west of River.

Meat Markets.

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Market, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines. cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Plunger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug Store, 8th street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

BEST, R. B. & L. E., Surgeons and Physicians. Office at their residence, Overyhel, Mich.

LEDEBOER, B. Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; office at residence, on Eighth street, near Chl. & M. L. S. R. crossing.

MC CULLOCH THOS., Physician and Surgeon, having permanently located in Holland, can be found at Wm. Van Patten's Drug Store. Calls made in city and country day or night. Acute and Chronic diseases successfully treated. Consultation free. 14-4w.

MORRIS, S. L., Physician and Surgeon. Office, Mat rest. ence, on Twelfth st., and at H. Walsh's Drug Store.

SCHOUTEN, R. A. City Physician. Office at D. R. Meengs' Drug Store, 8th Street.

Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P. the leading Photographer, Gallery opposite this office.

Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market and Eighth Street.

Societies.

U. S. of I.

HARMONY LODGE, No. 12, United Sons of Industry, meets at their Hall over, Krulsenga's Store, every Saturday evening. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

A. McDONALD, President.

D. VAN BRUGGEN, R. S.

I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellow's Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week. Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

W. BUTKAU, N. G.

N. W. BACON, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Nov. 6, at 7 1/2 o'clock, sharp.

O. BRYMAN, Sec'y.

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Dr. L. E. Best, having settled in the Holland colony, offers his services as a Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur to the public at large, and whereas he pays particular attention to chronic diseases, and fine surgery, he has concluded to stop at the City Hotel, in the City of Holland, on Saturday of each week, where he can be consulted from 9 a. m. until 4 p. m.

L. E. BEST, M. D.

OVERYHEL Sept 22, 1878.

N. K. FAIRBANK'S tin caddy Lard can be found at E. J. Harrington. This is the finest and best Lard for family use in the United States.

For a beautiful lot of Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings, from 1 yard wide to 2 1/4 yards, go to the cheap cash store of E. J. HARRINGTON.

Why is it that we always find nice fresh Candies at "Case's"? Because he has large sales and takes small profits. Give him a call. 32-1f

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	15 @	30
Beans, bushel	1 50 @	2 00
Butter, lb	@	18
Clover seed, lb	@	16
Eggs, dozen	@	14
Honey, lb	@	12
Hay, ton	8 00 @	35
Onions, bushel	@	35
Potatoes, bushel	@	40
Timothy Seed, bushel	@	1 25
Wool, lb	@	1 25

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$ 2 30
" " " " " "	2 00
" " " " " "	2 00
" " " " " "	1 75
Remlock Bark	@ 10 00
Staves, white oak	@ 12 00
Staves, " "	@ 10 00
Heading bolts, softwood	@ 2 54
Heading bolts, hardwood	@ 2 75
Stave bolts, softwood	@ 2 35
Stave bolts, hardwood	@ 3 00
Railroad ties	@ 10
Shingles, A. P. m.	@ 2 00

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	new 75 @	77
Corn, yellow bushel	@	40
Oats, bushel	@	25
Buckwheat, bushel	@	40
Brans, ton	@ 14 00	18 00
Feed, ton	@	1 25
" " 100 lb	@	1 20
Barley, 100 lb	@	85
Middling, 100 lb	@	2 37 1/2
Flour, 100 lb	@	4 00
Pearl Barley, 100 lb	8 00 @	4 00

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed per lb	4 @	5
Pork	4 @	4 1/2
Lard	4 @	8
Smoked Meat	@	10
" " "	@	9
" " "	@	6
Tallow, per lb	@	6
Turkeys	9 @	10
Chickens, dressed per lb	6 @	7

H. C. MATRAU,

FREIGHT AND TICKET AGENT,

CHICAGO and MICHIGAN LAKE SHORE RAILROAD,

Sells Tickets to principal points in the United States and Canada. Through bills of Lading issued and rates given for freight to all points east and west. Information as to routes and connections for travellers, and rates of freight for shippers, cheerfully furnished at the

Chicago Depot, Holland, Mich. 7-1v

Don't be Deceived.

Many persons say "I haven't got the Consumption" when asked to cure their Cough with Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Do they not know that Coughs lead to Consumption and a remedy that will cure Consumption will certainly and surely cure a cough or any lung or throat trouble. We know it will cure when all others fail and our faith in it is so positive that we will refund the price paid if you receive no benefit. Is not this a fair proposition. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle. For lame Chest, Back or side, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. For sale by D. R. Meengs, H. Walsh, Wm. Van Patten and J. O. Doesburg.

Why will you suffer with Dyspepsia and liver complaint, Constipation, and general debility when you can get at our store Shiloh's System Vitalizer which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure you. Price 10 cts. and 75 cts. For sale by D. R. Meengs, H. Walsh, Wm. Van Patten, and J. O. Doesburg.

"HACKMETACK" a popular and fragrant perfume. Sold by D. R. Meengs, H. Walsh, Wm. Van Patten and J. O. Doesburg.

An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Dr. King's California Golden Compound, and what is still more wonderful it costs nothing to give this great remedy a trial. It will positively and speedily cure Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Coming up of Food, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, General Debility, Drowsiness and Low Spirits. This wonderful remedy will positively cure, and that where every other remedy has failed. To prove that it will do all we claim for it you are presented with a trial bottle by your druggist free of cost, by which you will readily perceive its wonderful curative qualities, and which will show you what a regular one dollar size bottle will do. For sale by Heber Walsh Holland Michigan.

At the City Bakery you will find a full supply of Cakes, Cookies and Crackers, which are warranted to be fresh.

While coughs and colds are very prevalent, we recommend a trial of Young's Cough and Lung Syrup.

This space belongs to the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. hold weekly meetings on Wednesday afternoon, of each week at 3:30 p. m., at Hope Church.

A MISSIONARY once found a heathen mother in tears. She wrung her hands as she left her hot kisses upon the bloodless lips of a beautiful child, calm in the slumbers of death. The child had been bitten by a serpent. The woman was a serpent worshipper, and the reptile which had robbed her of her only child, lay coiled at the hearthside of the home it had made desolate, safe from the avenging hand of the superstitious mother. She would not destroy it. Need we wonder at the superstition of a benighted heathen, when to-day, America is a nation of serpent worshippers. We look around us, and how many homes are there where the serpent is coiled, yet cherished by those who have mourned the loved and good, poisoned to death by its fangs, and at the same time we see a great free people hesitating about crushing these serpents.

But a better day is dawning upon our country, and in the light of the coming morning the Banner of Temperance is rolled out like a beacon of hope and promise to gladden a world. The light comes slowly, but it bears healing upon its wings, and heralds redemption to a rum-scoured world, a free people are girded for the conflict, a war of extermination has commenced, ending only when the rum traffic shall exist no longer.

SELECTED.

Bob Ingersoll on "Fool Friends."

Nothing hurts a man, nothing hurts a party so terribly as fool friends.

A fool friend is the sewer of bad news, of slander, and all base and unpleasant things.

A fool friend always knows every mean thing that has been said against you and against the party.

He always knows where your party is losing and the other is making large gains.

He always tells you of the good luck your enemy has had.

He implicitly believes every story against you, and kindly suspects your defense.

A fool friend is full of a kind of stupid candor.

He is so candid that he always believes the statements of an enemy.

He never suspects anything on your side.

Nothing pleases him like being shocked by horrible news concerning some good man.

He never denies a lie, unless it is in your favor.

He is always finding fault with his party, and is continually begging pardon for not belonging to the other side.

He is frightfully anxious that all his candidates should stand well with the opposition.

He is forever seeing the faults of his party and the virtues of the other.

He generally shows his candor by scratching the ticket.

He always searches every nook and corner of his conscience to find reason for deserting a friend or a principle.

In the moment of victory he is magnanimously on your side. In defeat he consoles you by repeating prophecies made after the event.

The fool friend regards your reputation as common property and as common prey for all the vultures, hyenas, and jackals.

He takes a sad pleasure in your misfortunes.

He forgets his principles to gratify your enemies.

He forgives your maligner and slanderer with all his heart.

He is so friendly that you cannot kick him.

He generally talks for you but always bets the other way.

Some Benefits of the Hard Times.

Commissioner Williamson, of the General Land Office, has prepared a comparative statement of the disposal of public lands during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1877, and June 30, 1878, which shows a general movement Westward during the past year from regions of the East. In nearly all the prominent Eastern cities societies of emigration have been engaged in forming colonies from among mechanics and unemployed laborers with a view of settling them by companies or colonies on the rich lands of the West,

and thus relieving the cities of their superfluous and idle population. As Commissioner Williamson says, all this is certainly the good that has come from the evil of hard times. The mechanics, instead of sitting down to groan over the dullness of business prospects, have packed up their families and gone where work will bring an honest return.

Taking Dakota, Kansas, Minnesota and Nebraska, the comparative statement of the disposal of lands during the above periods shows how vastly the emigration has increased. Lands are disposed of by cash purchase, by homestead settlement, for timber culture, and by warrant and scrip location; four different methods, and the records of each are preserved separately in archives of the General Land Office at Washington. For Dakota the figures are:

	1877.	1878.
Cash	30,336-63 acres.	74,910-93 acres.
Homestead	123,890-82 acres.	804,298-06 acres.
Timber Culture	68,188-92 acres.	570,224-34 acres.
Warrant and scrip location	5,983-04 acres.	12,340-80 acres.

The table shows an increase of 1,243,423-53 acres in one fiscal year. The same figuring for Kansas shows an increase of 1,856,478-08 acres; for Minnesota, 701,356-10 acres; and for Nebraska, 863,268-98 acres; making a grand total in these four localities alone of 3,724,572-29 acres. Reports show that this business is going on, and that the settlers are doing well. The New York Tribune says that the colonies that went to Kansas and Dakota from New York, through the instrumentality of John Kelly, about 4,000 strong, and those that went from Baltimore and Philadelphia, Indianapolis and Boston, are prospering beyond their expectations.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for November.

This admirably conducted Magazine for November is as usual, filled with interesting articles on a large variety of subjects; and the opening one on the great question of the day, "Hard and Soft Money," will undoubtedly command especial attention. The writer gives some general ideas of how the contest between coin and paper has been waged here and elsewhere in the past, and traces the history of coinage from the earliest period; the introduction of paper money, etc. The article is profusely illustrated. Mrs. Frank Leslie continues her admirable "Scenes in Sunny Lands," giving a most interesting description of some of the public institutions of Havana. There are some twenty illustrations. Mr. Frank Lee Benedict's brilliant novel, "Norman Desborough's Son," is continued. The plot is worked up with consummate skill, and the interest deepens with each succeeding chapter. Professor Charles A. Joy contributes a valuable paper on the "History of the Locomotive, and of the Railway System of Modern Times." Among the other prominent features of this attractive number, are "The Destiny of Leon Grenier"; "An Adventure with Chinese Black Militia"; "Marrying in the Family"; "In Love with an Automaton"; "The Paris Salons of the Republic and Restoration," etc., etc. Single copies of the Popular Monthly may be obtained for 25 cents, a very small price when we consider the sterling merit of the periodical. Annual subscription, \$3.00. Address Frank Leslie's Publishing House, 53, 55 and 57 Park Place, New York.

The thousands of French Canadian laborers in Massachusetts are for Butler. They say: "Monsieur Bootlaire, ze candidate for gouvnaire, he is un grand homme. He is ze Americaine Gambetta. He will help ze poor laboraire, ze ouvrier. He hates ze Anglais. Ven he is ze president, Monsieur Bootlaire vill declare on ze Anglais, and drive zem out of la belle Canada into ze mer, ze ocean. Vive Monsieur Bootlaire!"

STOCKTON, who was a major general in the rebel army, recently enlisted in the federal as a private. The war department has detailed him as a clerk therein. Why should not the bloody shirt wave, why should not

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

A FRIGHTFUL accident occurred in one of the mines of the Lehigh Valley coal mine, near Wilkesbarre, Pa., last week. Four miners were at work in a distant shaft, when a sudden explosion of fire-damp took place. The four men were instantly killed, their bodies being frightfully mutilated. The accident was caused by the carrying of an open lamp into the chamber.

THE financial consequences of the frightful railway accident near Boston are rather severe to the railroad on which it occurred. The business of adjusting claims of the injured is now on hand, and there will be claims for heavy damages from the heirs of the dead. One estimate puts the cost to the company at half a million dollars.

A FIRE at Edinburg, Pa., almost completely wiped the town out of existence. 225 houses being destroyed. Loss \$350,000 to \$400,000. The most severe storm for fifteen years prevailed along the East Atlantic coast on Oct. 13. The damage to shipping was immense and there was some loss of life.

GEORGE J. HATHAWAY, the defaulting treasurer of the Border City Mills, of Fall River, Mass., has been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. Chace, the President of the company, had previously received a ten years' sentence. Jesse R. Oakley, the defaulting cashier of the Merchants' Exchange National Bank of New York, who fled to Europe in 1870, but who returned recently and pleaded guilty, has been sentenced to five years at hard labor in the Albany penitentiary.

ARTHUR CHENEY, manager of the Globe Theater, Boston, is dead. Some excitement has been produced among New York stock speculators by the failure of Haar & Co., stock and bullion brokers. The senior member of the firm was arrested on a charge of swindling, and held in \$80,000 bail. He charges that a conspiracy, headed by Jay Gould, was the cause of the firm's downfall.

THE WEST.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that reports from the Spotted Tail Indians are such as to warrant grave apprehensions of a serious Indian war in the Northwest, so much so that Gen. Sheridan has asked for an additional force.

THE inaugural meeting of the new Chicago racing park, located in the western portion of the city, was a grand success. Many of the most noted trotters of the country were entered for the races, and the sport was the finest that has been witnessed at any racing track in the West for many years. The attendance was immense, not less than 35,000 people entering the gates on the closing day. The special attraction on that day was a contest between the world-famous trotters, Hopeful (in harness), Rarus (to wagon), and Great Eastern (under the saddle). Hopeful won in three straight heats; time, 2:17 1/2, 2:17, 2:16. Rarus was a close second in all three heats.

A SPECIAL correspondent of the Chicago Times gives an interesting account of the adventures of Col. Thornburgh's command which started from Sidney, Neb., in pursuit of the fugitive Cheyennes. Through the incapacity of guides and scouts, and a singular degree of ignorance concerning the topography of the country on the part of the officers, the command seems to have been lost among the sand-hills between the railroad and the Black Hills. The men and animals were without water or food so long that they became nearly helpless, and in this condition they were in danger of perishing among the Sahara-like sand drifts. Fortunately they struck the trail of Carlton's command, obtained assistance, and got through to a point near the old Red Cloud agency. The Cheyennes seem to have known the country better, and after leading the troops into the sand-hills, disappeared utterly.

THE town of Mount Vernon, Posey county, Ind., has been thrown into a wild state of excitement by a series of the most disgusting crimes and tragic revenges which ever startled the people of a civilized community. Eight negroes went to a house of ill-fame near the outskirts of the town and perpetrated the most beastly outrages upon three women inmates, wounding up by robbing them of what little money they possessed. Warrants were sworn out for the arrest of the negroes, and Deputy Sheriff Thomas, with a posse, in attempting to effect the arrest of Dan Harris, one of the participants, was shot dead by Harris' father, an old negro of 60. Harris and three other negroes were finally captured and lodged in jail. The news of the killing spread like wildfire through the community, and by nightfall a mob of 200 armed men had been organized. A raid was made on the jail, the four negroes forcibly taken therefrom and hanged to the limb of a tree in the jail yard. A fifth was stabbed to death and his body carved in small pieces by the infuriated lynchers. The mob then quietly dispersed.

DONNELLY, the lion-tamer connected with Pullman & Hamilton's circus, was nearly killed by one of his pets at McArthur, Ohio, the other day. It was with great difficulty that he was rescued from the cage alive.

A DEADWOOD (Dakota) dispatch says that a fight took place near that city, between the Sheriff and posse and two road-agents, in which one of the latter, Tom Price, was four times wounded, twice fatally, and is now in the hands of the authorities. His companion escaped. Rice's Surprise Party, a new burlesque combination of undoubted merit, are giving the people of Chicago two extravaganzas this week—"Horrors, or the Marajah of Zogabad," and "Hiawatha." This troupe includes some popular burlesque comedians, notably Willie Edouin, Metayer, Lewis Harrison, and Miss Alice Harrison. They appear at Haverly's Theater, which was refitted during the summer vacation.

POTTER, the man who, wagged that he would roll a wheelbarrow from a point in Ohio to San Francisco, has accomplished his task in a time less than that agreed upon.

THE SOUTH.

THERE were 43 deaths from yellow fever in Memphis on the 9th inst.; in New Orleans the deaths numbered 42 and the new cases 143; at Vicksburg there were 5 deaths, with very few new cases; Chattanooga, 3 deaths and a large number of new cases. There was little or no improvement in the situation at the interior points where the fever has gained a foothold, and no hopes of an abatement of the plague until the appearance of frost.

SPECIAL AGENT CHAPMAN, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, writes to Washington from North Carolina that he is having more trouble in inducing the distillers of illicit whisky in the mountains of that State to stop their violations of the Internal Revenue laws and lead honest lives than in South Carolina.

WILLIAM P. LANGLEY, a noted Texas desperado, was recently hanged at Giddings, in that State. He is known to have killed eight men, besides shooting many others who survived.

THERE were 50 deaths from yellow fever in New Orleans on the 13th inst., and 128 new cases reported; total cases to that date, 11,537; total deaths, 3,490. At Memphis the deaths numbered 16; at Vicksburg, 1; at Chattanooga, 9, with 205 sick. The fever had broken out in a large number of towns along the line of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, between Chattanooga and Memphis, and a panic existed all along the road. There was little abatement of the fever in the interior towns of Louisiana and Mississippi, and no hopes of its dying out before the appearance of frost. A correspondent of the Chicago Tribune at Memphis telegraphs as follows under date of Oct. 13: "Have just returned from a 150 miles run out on the Memphis and Charleston railway. Along the entire route the sight was sickening. The towns and villages are deserted, and present a dilapidated appearance. The citizens bar their doors against visitors from Memphis, while all around them their neighbors are sick and dying. It is for the relief of this class of people that the Howards have organized medicine and relief trains on both the Louisville and Charleston railways, and they have found plenty to do. In the 300 miles run one or two barrels of meal were all that could be got on the route for love or money. Every station and wood-pile on the line of these roads has a number of cases, most all proving fatal."

A VICKSBURG dispatch of Oct. 14 reports that "there was a political meeting going on at Waterproof, La., and ex-Chief Justice John T. Ludeling had been addressing them. A disturbance arose, and arms were freely used. During the fight Capt. Peck and four negroes were killed. Among the negroes killed was one named Fairfax, a nominee for Congress in Tensas parish. He could not be found, and seems to have been gotten away from the scene of action. There was great excitement. The negroes were threatening to sack the town, and the whites had dispatched to the adjoining parishes for reinforcements."

ADVICES from the fever-infected districts of the South to Oct. 16, report hot weather all along the Mississippi valley, and the outlook exceedingly discouraging. The disease was fastening itself upon new country localities daily, and the same sad scenes were being witnessed that has characterized the appearance of the plague at Vicksburg, Grenada, and other stricken towns. The fever has broken out at Helena, Ark., and Little Rock had set up a rigid quarantine against the afflicted town. At New Orleans the deaths for the preceding twenty-four hours numbered 30, with 135 new cases; at Memphis there were 18 deaths; at Vicksburg the fever had about run its course, for want of material to feed upon; at Chattanooga, 6 deaths; Decatur, Ala., 12 new cases and 2 deaths; Cairo, Ill., 2 deaths and 3 new cases; Baton Rouge, La., 46 new cases, 4 deaths. All the towns throughout the interior of Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee where the fever has appeared report no improvement, and no hopes of an abatement of the plague before the appearance of frost.

GENERAL.

CRONIN, of Oregon—he of electoral notoriety—is among the dead of the week.

A. W. RICHMOND, owner of the newly-arisen star, Hopeful, is so satisfied that he has the fastest trotting horse in existence that he has issued a challenge against all the world to trot two races, namely: Mile heats, three in five, in harness, and mile heats, three in five, to wagon, for any reasonable amount. Statistics of the commercial failures in the United States for the first nine months of the present year have been furnished by Dun, Barlow & Co. They number 2,853, as compared with 1,815 the same quarter last year. Liabilities for the last quarter, \$66,000,000, as compared with \$42,000,000 the same period of 1877. For the first nine months of 1878 the failures number 8,768, as compared with 6,565 the same period in 1877. The liabilities for the first nine months of 1878 were \$197,000,000, against \$141,000,000 for the nine months of 1877.

POLITICAL.

ELECTIONS were held in Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and West Virginia on the 8th inst., and the result may be figured out about as follows: The Republicans elect their State ticket in Ohio by about 6,000 majority, but lose in Congressmen, the delegation standing 11 Democrats to 9 Republicans. The following are the Republican Congressmen returned: Butterworth, First; Young, Second; Kiefer, Fourth; Neal, Twelfth; McKinley, Sixteenth; Monroe, Seventeenth; Updegraff, Eighteenth; Garfield, Nineteenth; and Townsend, in the Twentieth districts. The Democratic Congressmen elected are as follows: Geddes, Fifteenth; Atherton, Fourteenth; Warner, Thirteenth; Dickey, Eleventh; Ewing, Tenth; Converse, Ninth; Finley, Eighth; Hurd, Seventh; Hill, Sixth; Lefevre, Fifth; and McMahon in the Third district. In Indiana the Democratic State ticket is elected by about 12,000 majority. The Congressional delegation will stand as follows: First district, William Heilman, Republican; Second, Thos. R. Cobb, Democrat; Third, George A. Bicknell, Democrat; Fourth, Jephtha D. New, Democrat; Fifth, Thos. M. Browne, Republican; Sixth, William R. Meyers, Democrat; Seventh, Gilbert De La Matry, Democrat and National; Eighth, A. J. Hostetter, Democrat; Ninth, Godlove S. Orth, Republican; Tenth, William H. Calkins, Republican; Eleventh, Calvin Cowgill, Republican; Twelfth, Walpole Colerick, Democrat; Thirteenth, John Baker, Republican—making six Republicans and seven Democrats. The Democrats have a majority of six on joint ballot in the Legislature, over both Republicans and Nationalists. In Iowa the Republicans elect their State ticket by 10,000 majority, though they lose two members of Congress; Gillette, in the Des Moines district, and Weaver, in the Sixth district, both nominated by the Democrats and Greenbackers, are elected by small majorities. In West Virginia the Democrats elected the entire delegation in Congress.

THE Republicans of Missouri met in State convention at St. Louis last week, adopted a hard-money platform and nominated the following ticket: Judge of the Supreme Court, Alex. F. Denny; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Roderick Baldwin; Register of Lands, William T. Nordel; Railroad Commissioner, John B. Tracy. A resolution nominating Grant for President in 1880 was received with tremendous applause, but it was thought inexpedient to adopt it.

At Troy, N. Y., William A. Wood has been nominated to Congress by the Democrats, to run against his brother, Walter A. Wood, the reaping-machine man, who was nominated by the Republicans.

A CINCINNATI dispatch says that "official returns of the late election have been received from all the counties in Ohio but fourteen. Unofficial reports have also been received from these, so that very close estimates can now be made upon the result. The total vote cast will fall short of that of last year. The Republican majority for Secretary of State will be 4,102. The National vote will reach somewhere between 30,000 and 35,000, a small increase upon last year."

THE Vermont Legislature has re-elected Hon. Justin S. Morrill to the United States Senate for another term, which, when

completed, will make eighteen consecutive years he will have served in that capacity.

WASHINGTON.

SECRETARY SCHURZ is quite confident that the Indians are not going to give any serious trouble.

At a Cabinet meeting, the other day, it was decided that troops cannot be used in assisting internal-revenue officers to break up the manufacture of crooked whisky. The Collector at Little Rock, Ark., who asked for such aid, has been instructed to call on the United States Marshal and to employ as large a posse as may be necessary for the purpose. Should it be shown that the civil authorities are powerless to execute the laws the President will issue his proclamation commanding the offenders to cease their violations of the law, and if not obeyed the military will be employed to break up such illicit stills.

THE October returns, to the Department of Agriculture indicate the average condition of the cotton crop is 90—the same as September. Compared with October, 1877, the growing crop shows an improvement of 11 per centum. The October condition equals that of the splendid crop of 1870, and excels any intervening year. Insect injuries are unimportant. With an increased acreage planted, the crop now promises to produce more than 5,000,000 bales.

FOREIGN.

A VIENNA correspondent states that, according to the reports current in Constantinople, a party in the palace is endeavoring to induce the Sultan to break off relations with Austria, and concentrate a large army to bar any further Austrian advance. It does not seem to be apprehended at Vienna that these efforts will succeed. Advice from Australasia reports that in New Zealand five Wesleyan missionaries were murdered and eaten by bush natives near the Mallicola coast. Eighty of the tribe were killed by the traders and coast natives in retaliation.

THE news is telegraphed from India that the Khyber pass is in the hands of the British, who are advancing without serious opposition into Afghanistan. Encouraged by the resistance which the Austrian Government is meeting at home to a further advance in Bosnia, the Porte has issued a circular solemnly warning Austria against the occupation of Novi-Bazar as "certain to lead to terrible disasters," and asserting the Sultan's sovereignty over the occupied provinces. A dispatch from Vienna states that Russia has informed the powers of the stoppage of the retreat of the Russian troops, and has invited them to join in energetic representations, which Prince Lobanoff is instructed to make, in order to induce the Porte to take prompt measures to stop the outrages upon Christians. The Russian army in Roumelia and Bulgaria still amounts, contrary to treaty, to 155,000 men. Yarkand, an important city of Turkestan, has been seized and occupied by the Russians. Biazan, a Russian town of about 10,000 inhabitants, has been visited by a disastrous conflagration, involving the destruction of \$1,500,000 worth of property.

DURING a performance at the Coliseum Theater, Liverpool, a cry of fire was raised, when a terrible panic ensued, people rushing for the doors and sliding down the pillars of the gallery on the heads of the occupants of the pit. A post impeded exit. Thirty-five men and lads and two women were suffocated. Many persons were severely injured. The firm of Hough, Balfour & Co., one of the oldest Eastern shipping houses in Manchester, England, has failed for upward of £2,000,000.

DUPANLOUP, Bishop of Orleans, and a member of the French Senate, is dead. The Russians claim that the territory between Constantinople and Adrianople is not affected by the treaty of Berlin; therefore, under the preliminary treaty of San Stefano, they have a right to occupy it until the definite treaty shall be concluded. Mr. Noyes, American Minister to France, has received 60,000 francs collected in Paris for the relief of yellow-fever sufferers in the United States.

THE revolutionary feeling so widely prevalent in Russia has been manifested lately in a way exceedingly unpleasant to the authorities at St. Petersburg. Seditious placards are posted and incendiary pamphlets distributed in spite of all the vigilance of the police, assisted by a military patrol. Government officials receive threatening letters, and the evidences of dangerous agitation are constantly visible.

AUSTRIA has been officially notified by Turkey that the latter power will oppose by arms the advance of the Austrian troops upon Novi-Bazar. The Mark Lane Express (London), in its review of the British grain markets, says: "About the average crop of wheat has been secured, and roots promise well, but prices obtainable for all sorts of agricultural produce have fallen so low that the season can hardly be a remunerative one for farmers." Count Von Bismarck, nephew of the German Chancellor recently committed suicide at Venice by shooting himself with a revolver. The act was caused by physical suffering. The awards to the American exhibitors at the French Exposition number 750, namely: Ten grand prizes, thirty diplomas of honor, 134 gold medals, 200 silver medals, 220 bronze medals, and 150 honorable mentions. The aggregate is larger than the whole number of American exhibitors at the Paris Exposition of 1867 or at the Vienna Exposition of 1875, and is a larger proportion awarded to exhibitors than to any other nation represented at this Exhibition.

The Mexican Border.

A recent telegram from San Antonio, Texas, says: "The transfer of 12,000 Mexican troops to the Rio Grande border is certain. Gen. Ord thinks the move one of policy on the part of Diaz to strengthen himself in the estimation of the Mexican people, as Trevino, the chief commander of the Mexican forces on the Rio Grande border, aspires to the Presidency. Ornelas, the Mexican Consul here, says the object is to settle Indian affairs in Northern Mexico. He states that internal matters are being quieted, and that there is no other office for the troops. All accounts, however, show general turbulence throughout the country, which induces the belief that Gen. Ord is correct, and that Ornelas only talks to mislead conclusions as to the object of sending these forces to their present destination, as the Mexican troops at present along the Rio Grande are not properly fed, and have to be guarded to prevent their desertion. People here and the military think some consequences will ensue when the larger force arrives, and anticipate great trouble. The few hundred Mexican soldiers at Saragossa, Newton, and other places, are furnished beef half from Texas, and it is also thought this greatly-increased force will depend upon the same source for its meat."

THE seven cotton and woolen mills of Lawrence, Mass., have a capital of \$7,850,000, employ over 10,000 hands, and run 338,000 spindles and 9,057 looms, which produce every week 2,301,654 yards of cloth.

LOST IN THE DESERT.

Dreadful Experience of Maj. Thornburgh's Command in the Sand Hills of Nebraska.

A special correspondent of the Chicago Times, who accompanied Maj. Thornburgh in his chase after the murderous Cheyenne Indians, furnishes the following account of that expedition and its remarkable experiences:

The march has been through a country which is a geographical blank, and a desert untenanted by scarcely a living thing. The wagon trains were abandoned at the Platte river, two of them being stuck in the quicksand. The men took two days' rations on their saddles and started northward toward White Tail creek, where the scouts reported the savages encamped. A fog so dense that it obscured objects twenty yards away bewildered the scouts, and, before they struck the trail, eight miles away, twenty miles had been traversed in objectless detours, and the savages had escaped. Their camp fires were smoldering and their trail was still fresh. The column pushed on with scouts supposed to know all about the country, but they proved their utter ignorance by leading the column through an inaccessible country and losing the trail.

The track of the savages was finally discovered by members of Thornburgh's staff, and the cavalry moved on at the highest possible speed. We made a dry camp underneath the hills, where a semi-circle of rifle pits had been dug in the sand. We pressed the savages so closely that twenty ponies had been abandoned, and near the rifle pits there were some with packs on their backs, all wet with perspiration. During the night the Indians were heard around the camp, but the scouts were not able to strike them. The command was in the saddle before daybreak, following the trail, which led toward the south. Seventy-five miles had been traversed without a drop of water. The day was hot and dusty, and the men and animals suffered frightfully.

A private of Company H of the Fourth Infantry, dismounted by the falling of his horse, was left on the road to wait for Mauck's command, which was following twenty miles in our rear. Two hours after the column passed out of sight he was attacked by several Indians. He took refuge in the rifle-pits, and stood them off several hours. The Indians, circulating around him, poured a hot fire upon him, and, although some of their bullets cut his clothing, he escaped unhurt. Mauck's command appearing in sight just after the Indians succeeded in shooting the trigger off his gun. We reached a small creek near the North Platte river on Sunday noon. The men were almost unable to articulate from the effects of their torturing thirst. The wagon-train, left in the rear, was attacked by fifteen Indians. The guard repelled the assault until relieved by the arrival of Mauck. All the scouts who had been engaged deserted the expedition, and Col. Thornburgh could only push on in a northern direction in hopes of striking the trail. Finally we struck the great sand hills of Nebraska. The sand was knee-deep to the horses and was carried by the wind in blinding clouds. Ceaseless currents of wind piled it up in monstrous castles or whirled it up into drifts like snow. The column marched forty-five miles without water and with no food save a little hard-tack and raw bacon. Just as the sun was going down our glasses revealed a lake in the distance. We reached it at 8 o'clock, but found it to be bitterly alkaline. The next day we struck Carlton's trail and followed it, abandoning all hopes of intercepting the Indians. The best horses in the command were sent forward bearing couriers, to ask Carlton's assistance. We marched forty miles, and passed en route a camp made by Carlton's men. Horses and men, dropping out of Carlton's column from exhaustion, came straggling into our camp, near an alkali lake, at all hours during the night. Wednesday morning the probability that the whole command would perish in the sand was generally discussed. New couriers were sent forward, and every effort made by the commanding officer to relieve the increasing distress of the troops. He succeeded at 3 o'clock in communicating with Carlton, and an hour later we camped on the headwaters of the Snake river, where Carlton's relief met us. The horses were so thin that the men almost pulled them over in attempting to mount. The expedition is a complete failure so far as the capture of the renegade Cheyennes is concerned. It failed because ill fitted out, something for which Thornburgh cannot be held responsible. Another cause of the failure was the unreliable character of the scouts furnished the expedition. The department of the Platte was outgeneraled. The savages baffled the troops at every point, and led them into the sand-hills, from which they might never have emerged.

How a Million Men Died.

A writer in an English magazine studies from birth to death the march of an English generation through life, basing his remarks on the annual report of the Registrar General. The author singles out, in imagination, a generation of 1,000,000, and finds of these more than one-fourth die before they reach 5 years of age. During the next five years the deaths number less than one-seventh of those in the first quinquennium. From 10 to 15, the average mortality is lower than at any other period. From 15 to 20, the number of deaths increases again, especially among women. At this period, the influence of dangerous occupations begins to be seen in the death-rate. Fully eight times as many men as

women die violent deaths. The number of such deaths continues to rise from 20 to 25, and keeps high for at least twenty years. Consumption is prevalent and fatal from 20 to 45, and is responsible for half the deaths. From 35 to 45 the effects of wear and tear begin to appear, and many persons succumb to diseases of the important internal organs. By 55 the imagined 1,000,000 has dwindled down to less than one-half, or 421,115. After this the death-rate increases more rapidly. At 75 there remain 161,124, and at 85, 38,565. Only 202 reach the age of 100. At 53 the number of men and women surviving is about equal, but from 55 onward the women exceed the men.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

TINCTURE of Iodine has been fully tried at some of the Indian agencies in the West as a substitute for quinine in the treatment of malarial diseases, and with entire success. Dr. Fordyce Grinnell writes: "I have been astonished and delighted with the results."

THE seeds of timothy grass, clover, pine and fir from high latitudes are distinguished from those of southern lands for their high germinating power, which is shown not merely by the large number of fruitful seeds, but also by the energy, cleanliness and absolute weight.

SIR WM. ARMSTRONG has invented a jointed cannon which unscrews into three pieces, thus rendering it easily transportable on the backs of mules. This gun has been subjected to very severe tests, which it stood very successfully, and has been adopted by the British army.

THE dangers of spontaneous combustion of bituminous coal are illustrated by the fact that no less than 4 per cent. of all the coal-laden vessels that have left English ports during the last five years for destinations south of the equator have been lost by ignition of their cargoes.

THE composition of niello, or Russian silver, hitherto a profound secret, has been discovered. It consists in nine parts silver, one part copper, one part lead and one part bismuth, melted together and saturated with sulphur. The mixture produces the gorgeous blue known as steel blue.

A NEW method of cooling hot journals has been successfully employed on large ocean steamers. It consists of a mixture of sulphur and oil or grease. The fine metal dust formed when the journal runs hot forms a sulphide with sulphur and grows soft and greasy, preventing any appreciable amount of friction.

SIR C. WYVILLE THOMSON believes that there is now sufficient data collected to warrant the assertion that the average depth of the ocean is a little over 2,000 fathoms, and that the depth nowhere exceeds 5,000 fathoms. It is rare to find depths greater than 4,000 fathoms, and they appear to be pits in the neighborhood of volcanic islands, but there are submarine valleys of considerable extent, in general parallel to the axes of the continents, where the sounding line reaches 3,000 fathoms.

A. S. WILSON presents the following facts to show the marvelous industry of bees. Approximately, 100 heads of clover yield 0.8 gram of sugar, or 125 heads give 1 gram of sugar, and, therefore, 125,000 heads 1 kilogramme of sugar. As each head contains 60 florets (125,000x60), not less than 7,500,000 flower tubes must be emptied of their honey to obtain 1 kilogramme of sugar. The honey may, roughly, be estimated to contain 75 per cent. of sugar, and hence we have 1 kilogramme equal to 5,600,000 flowers in round numbers, or 2,500,000 visits for 1 pound of honey.

FROM all parts of Nova Scotia come reports of drought almost unexampled.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES.....	\$7 25	@10 00
HOGS.....	8 30	@ 4 40
COTTON.....	10 1/2	@ 10 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2.....	9 15	@ 3 40
WHEAT—No. 3.....	9 00	@ 1 01 1/2
CORN—Western Mixed.....	45	@ 47 1/2
OATS—Mixed.....	27	@ 30
RYE—Western.....	55	@ 56
PORK—Mess.....	8 65	@ 8 75
LARD.....	6 1/2	@ 6 1/2

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	4 15	@ 5 15
Cows and Heifers.....	2 00	@ 3 00
Medium to Fair.....	3 40	@ 4 10
HOGS.....	3 55	@ 3 40
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	4 75	@ 5 50
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	4 25	@ 4 75
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	78	@ 79
CORN—No. 2.....	66	@ 63
OATS—No. 2.....	33	@ 34
RYE—No. 2.....	18	@ 19
BARLEY—No. 2.....	41	@ 42
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	95	@ 97
EGGS—Fresh.....	20	@ 25
PORK—Mess.....	14	@ 15
LARD.....	7 55	@ 7 65

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1.....	82 1/2	@ 1 02 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	78	@ 79
OATS—No. 2.....	33	@ 34
RYE—No. 2.....	17	@ 18
BARLEY—No. 2.....	42	@ 43
ST. LOUIS.	96	@ 97

WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall.....	82	@ 83
CORN—Mixed.....	81	@ 82
OATS—No. 2.....	18	@ 20 1/2
RYE.....	40	@ 41
PORK—Mess.....	8 00	@ 8 25
LARD.....	6 1/2	@ 6 1/2

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—Red.....	83	@ 88
CORN.....	37	@ 39
OATS.....	21	@ 24
RYE.....	49	@ 50
PORK—Mess.....	8 00	@ 8 25
LARD.....	6 1/2	@ 7 1/2

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	90	@ 91 1/2
CORN.....	37	@ 38
OATS—No. 2.....	35	@ 36
ST. LOUIS.....	20	@ 21

DETROIT.

FLOUR—White.....	4 50	@ 4 90
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	92	@ 93
CORN.....	90	@ 91
OATS—No. 1 Amber.....	42	@ 44 1/2
BARLEY (per cental).....	22 1/2	@ 24
PORK—Mess.....	1 40	@ 2 70
LARD.....	9 75	@ 10 00

EAST LIBERTY, PA.

CATTLE—Best.....	4 50	@ 4 75
Fair.....	4 00	@ 4 35
Common.....	3 50	@ 3 75
HOGS.....	4 00	@ 4 30
SHEEP.....	2 75	@ 4 00

SABBATH READING.

"Good-Night."

"Good-night!"—a word so often said
The heedless mind forgets its meaning;
'Tis only when some heart lies dead
On which our own was leaning.
We hear in maddening music roll
That last "Good-night" along the soul.

"Good-night!"—in tones that never die
It peals along the quickening ear,
And tender tales of memory
Forever wait it near.
When stilled the voice—oh, crush of pain!
That never shall breathe "Good-night" again.

"Good-night!"—it mocks us from the grave;
It overleaps that strange world's bound
From whence there flows no backward wave;
It calls from out the ground,
On every side, around, above,
"Good-night," "Good-night" to life and love.

"Good-night!"—Oh, wherefore fades away
The light that lived in that dear world?
Why follows that good night no day?
Why are our souls so stirred?
Oh! rather say, dull brain, once more,
"Good-night!"—thy time of toil is o'er!

"Good-night!"—now cometh gentle sleep,
And tears that fall like welcome rain.
"Good-night!"—Oh, holy, blest and deep
The rest that follows pain!
How should we reach God's upper light
If life's long day had no "Good-night!"

Hearts and Hands.

One day a teacher said to his class,
"Boys, you can all be useful if you will.
If you cannot do good by great deeds,
you can by little ones."

The boys said nothing, but the teacher saw by their looks that they thought he was mistaken. They did not believe that they were of any use. So he said: "You think it is not so, but suppose you try it for one week."

"How shall we try it?" asked one.
"Just keep your eyes opened and your hands ready to do anything good that comes in your way all this week, and tell me the next Sabbath if you have not managed to be useful in some way or other," said the teacher.

"Agreed!" said the boys.
The next Sabbath those boys gathered round their teacher with smiling lips and eyes so full of light that they fairly twinkled like the stars. He smiled as he looked at them and said: "Ah! boys, I see by your looks that you have something to tell me."

"We have, sir, we have!" they said all together; then each one told his story.
"I," said one, "thought of going to the well for a pail of water every morning, to save my mother trouble and time. She thanked me so much and was so greatly pleased that I mean to keep on doing it for her."

"And I," said another boy, "thought of a poor old woman whose eyes were too dim to read. I went to her house every day and read a chapter to her from the Bible. It seemed to give her a great deal of comfort. I cannot tell how she thanked me."

A third boy said: "I was walking along the street, wondering what I could do. A gentleman called me and asked me to hold his horse; I did so; he gave me five cents, and I have brought it to put into the missionary box."

The next said: "I was walking with my eyes opened and my hands ready, as you told us, when I saw a little fellow crying because he had lost some pennies in the gutter. I told him not to cry, and I would try to find his pennies. I found them, and he dried up his tears and ran off, feeling very happy."

A fifth boy said: "I saw my mother was very tired one day; the baby was cross and mother looked sick and sad. I asked mother to put the baby in my little wagon; she did so, and I gave him a grand ride round the garden. If you had only heard him crow and seen him clap his hands, teacher, it would have done you good; and oh! how much better and brighter mother looked when I took the baby in-doors again!"—Rev. Dr. Newton.

Remedies for Anxiety.

"Take therefore, no thought for the morrow, for the morrow shall take thought for the things of itself. Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

Leave the future: let it rest
Simply on the Saviour's will;
Leave the future: they are blest
Who confiding, hoping still,
Trust His mercy
To provide for every want,
And to save from every ill.

If we are faithful to the duties of the present, God will provide for the future.—Bedell.

We can easily manage if we will only take each day the burden appointed for it. But the load will be too heavy for us if we add to its weight the burden of to-morrow before we are called to bear it.—John Newton.

Make a firm-built fence of trust
All around to-day;
Fill the space with loving work,
And within it stay.
Look not through the sheltering bars,
Anxious for the morrow,
God will help in all that comes,
Be it joy or sorrow.

One of the most useless of all things is to take a deal of trouble in providing against dangers that never come. How many toil to lay up riches which they never enjoy; to provide for exigencies that never come; sacrificing present comfort and enjoyment in guarding against the wants of a period they may never live to see.—William Jay.

Say not, my soul, "From whence
Can God relieve my care!"
Remember that Omnipotence
Hath servants everywhere.—Lynch.

He that knows how to pray has the secret of support in trouble, and of relief from anxiety; the power of soothing every care, and filling the soul with entire trust and confidence for the future.—William Jay.

Doth each day, upon its wing,
Its allotted burden bring?
Load it not beside with sorrow,
Which may never come to-morrow.
One thing only claims thy care:
Seek it first in faith and prayer;
All thou mayest need beside,
He thou trustest will provide.

Anxiety is the poison of life, the parent of many sins, and of more miseries. Why, then, allow it, when we

know that all the future is guided by the Father's hand?—Blair.

Oh, ask not thou, "How shall I bear
The burden of to-morrow?"
Sufficient for the day its care,
Thy evil, and its sorrow,
Thy God imparteth by the way
Strength that's sufficient for the day.

Natural History for Small People.

The whale is generally spoken of by poets as "the monster of the deep." Do you see how lively he is? The whale is the most sportive fish under water. The shark can take a joke and crack one, but for broad, ruffling humor the whale knocks all the funny almanacs into slivers.

"How long is a whale?"

"Some whales are eighty feet long, but, if you ever see one, and rush into a printing office to have an item built on the fact, it would be better for your children if you said that the whale was forty feet long. The world can forgive a man for exaggerating the facts of a tornado, freshet or steamboat disaster, but the man who lies about fish is gone up from that moment. That's the reason why no true, good man ever goes a-fishing."

"Can a whale crack a hickory-nut with his teeth?"

"He can, but he doesn't fool around with such trifles. When he opens his mouth to bite he prefers to crack a whale-boat or a bald-headed sea Captain from Nantucket—one of those tough old fellows who come back from the Arctic seas and tell about seeing four moons in the sky at once."

"Is a whale's mouth as large as the Capitol building at Washington?"

"That's according to whose book on whaling you have confidence in. Some writers can open a whale's mouth wide enough to chuck in most any building, while others who want to go to heaven state that no whale could gulp down a street car without losing some of his teeth. The trouble is that no newspaper man ever finds time to go off on a cruise after whales, and therefore the public can secure no reliable figures and statistics."

"How old do whales live to be?"

"You have got us now. We never saw the same whale over three or four times, or, whether they died of grief over that fact, or swam away to make new acquaintances, we could never find out. When a man tells you that a whale lives to be 7, 70 or 700 years old, ask him to submit the proofs."

"Where are whales mostly found?"

"In the water. They never come to land until tired of life and ready for a change."

"How fast can they swim?"

"That is another disputed point. A Nantucket Captain says he saw one speeding at the rate of thirty miles an hour, while a New Bedford Captain saw one going at the rate of a mile a minute. Horace Greeley could have settled the dispute in his 'Recollections of a Busy Life,' but he seems to have avoided doing so. However, if you are ever chased by a whale, it will be prudent for you to make 100 miles an hour if you can."

"Do whales prefer shelled corn to corn on the cob?"

"No. No well-regulated whale would be in the least put out after swallowing a wagon load of cobs."

"Do whales fight with each other?"

"Not often. If a whale comes fooling around, blustering what he can do and putting on airs, he is generally rolled in the mud to take the conceit out of him; but, as a rule, the whale prefers to rest his nose on a coral reef and give himself up to planning the social elevation of the walrus and the squid."

"Is it cruel to harpoon a whale?"

"It is. There should be a law obliging the whalers to catch their victims with a noosed rope and then stupefy them with chloroform. Continue to be a good boy, and to be glad that you are not a whale."—Detroit Free Press.

Ostrich Feathers.

The ostrich-feather business increases, but the supply is getting sadly short. Twenty pairs of ostriches were recently sold in South Africa for breeding purposes, and fetched an average of nearly \$1,000 per pair. As much as \$1,425 was paid for one pair, while the lowest price obtained was \$650. It was only a few years ago that ostriches could be procured in South Africa for catching, and for exhibition purposes in London they sold at a mere trifle. Even the Zoological Society in London, remarkable for its collection of foreign birds, does not possess a single specimen of the African ostrich. At a recent sale of feathers a choice parcel realized \$310 per pound, or about \$4 for each separate feather. In 1860 the exports from the Cape of Good Hope were about 2,297 pounds, valued at \$96,300. Ten years later the quantity had increased twelvefold, and the value five-fold. In 1873, \$1,581 pounds were exported, at a value of \$798,395, and last year the exports had reached in value the sum of \$1,967,030.

A Strange History of "Saviors."

A new book gives the history, so far as it is known, of sixteen "Saviors" who flourished from three to seventeen centuries before the Christian era, and all of whom, it is said, were crucified. They were Christna, Hindoo, date unknown; Sakia, Hindoo, B. C. 600; Thammuz, B. C. 800; Wittoba, of Telingonuz, B. C. 552; Iao, of Nepal, B. C. 622; Hesus, of Celtic Druids, B. C. 834; Quexaleot, of Mexico, B. C. 327; Quirinus, of Rome, B. C. 406; Prometheus, B. C. 547; Thulis, of Egypt, B. C. 1700; Indra, of Thibet, B. C. 725; Alcestos, of Euripides, B. C. 600; Atys, of Phrygia, B. C. 600; Crite, of Chaldea, B. C. 1200; Bali, of Orissa, B. C. 725; Mithra, of Persia, B. C. 1200.

DR. PETERMANN'S SUICIDE.

Why the Eminent German Geographer Took His Own Life.

[Berlin Cor. New York Herald.]

The sad circumstances surrounding the death of him who is widely admitted to have been the foremost geographer of his age, Dr. August Heinrich Petermann, came tardily to light. His sudden death, announced to have occurred on the 27th ult., was stated to have been the result of an apoplectic stroke, but it was not suspected that a tragedy lurked behind the announcement that startled the quiet town of Gotha.

Dr. Petermann had for some time suffered from repeated attacks of bronchitis. He coughed almost continuously, and complained of constant pain. His nervous irritation increased, and, added to the physical suffering, was a mental excitement of a domestic nature which rendered him almost frantic at times. He complained of a headache so acute that the least touch upon the forehead produced violent pain. He was but 56 years old, and it was hoped that his strong constitution would pull him through. On the morning of the 25th ult., after a restless night, Dr. Petermann, who had been tenderly watched over by his wife and daughters, exhibited an agitation which they alarmingly noted, but never for a moment attributed to its true cause. He begged them to retire from the room.

Here it may be proper to observe that the lady who, with his two grown-up daughters had watched by his bedside was his second wife, whom he married four months ago. He had lived unhappily with his first wife, an English lady. A divorce was decreed between the ill-mated pair in 1877, and since then it is stated that the first wife has bent her endeavors to destroying his peace of life. After his second marriage everything appeared to be going prosperously with him, when his first wife, it is alleged, by anonymous threats, recommenced her persecutions, and worried the great scholar to distraction. In his own family, too, he had troubles enough and to spare. His father and his brother had died by their own hands, and their fate apparently haunted him. With this knowledge of his life, it may be guessed upon what a load of mental and bodily torture his wife and daughters closed the door as they went forth at his urgent request.

They did not remain absent long—scarcely fifteen minutes—but on their return they met a sight which petrified them with terror. The husband and father was hanging limp and lifeless from the window. Assistance was hastily summoned; the body was cut down; restoratives were tried, but in vain. He was dead, and crumpled in one of his hands with the clutch of death was a paper. It was a letter addressed to his youngest daughter, and contained his will. It bore the date of Sept. 6, showing that he had harbored the fatal intention for nineteen days.

An easily-understood motive led to a strong effort on the part of the family and friends to keep the cause of the death secret, but enough leaked out to lead to the unveiling of the entire distressing tragedy. Thus it was that Dr. Petermann, in the ripeness of his scholarship, at the age of 56, fell, owing to reaction from excessive work and conjugal torments he was unable to withstand, an easy prey to the hereditary self-destrorying mania; the man whose vast mind had grasped and solved the most difficult geographical questions in both hemispheres succumbed to private infelicities that the world took no account of.

Whimsicalities of Insanity.

A literary gentleman of some celebrity, who, in consequence of a slight affection of the brain, was for several months the inmate of an insane asylum in Scotland, has recently published his "impressions" of life therein. He says that one of the most singular of his fellow sufferers was a gentleman who was a very beautiful billiard-player, an old inmate of the house, and quite a psychological study. He seemed like a man in a waking dream, and historical events and personages, from the dreamland of his memory, were perpetually mirrored on his brain. He complimented the writer by supposing him 4,000 years old, and considered the events and persons of the present generation unworthy of notice. The following is a specimen of his extraordinary reminiscences: "Oh, yes, Mr. —, I knew very well. There were two Noahs whom I knew, but old Mr. Noah lived some thousand years before the Noah you refer to, who built the ark. I had a good deal to do with the construction of the ark, and furnished some very useful hints in regard to the admission of air and light and so forth. He was a very respectable man, Noah, with a decent family, but, unfortunately, he got into very dissipated habits in his old age, and, in spite of all I could say to him, he indulged in wine to a very hurtful excess. Julius Cæsar was a very clever man, with a bald forehead; but I was more intimate with Alexander the Great, of Macedonia, as I was long in the military profession myself. I once commanded three battalions of men about three-quarters of an inch tall. No; they were not Lilliputians. I knew Capt. Gulliver very well. And they were smart enough little fellows; but my men were excellent marksmen—they always aimed at the eyes and never missed. I'll tell you, Mr. —, the most extraordinary thing you ever heard, which beats railroads. I was once transported from the farthest shores of India to the center of Africa in three minutes! By what means?" he repeated, in reply to a question respecting his method of transit—"By a bomb! In reply to my remark on the danger of

being wafted so rapidly over vast oceans, he continued: "Yes, it was attended with considerable danger. I once came down souse into the ocean; but fortunately I hailed a vessel, which came to my relief, and I pursued my journey to the wilds of Africa with the loss of only two minutes." Sometimes, however, the poor gentleman would seem doubtful of his own veracity, or the strength of his memory, and remark: "My memory is not so good as it was, and my health, for the last 100 years, has rather failed me, which makes my head a little confused." And thus he moves about in his waking dream, wearing out his existence between his pipe and at a game of billiards, diversified, occasionally, by a short excursion in the neighborhood, in charge of an attendant.

The Longest River in the World.

Recent investigations have so well settled this matter that the proper correction should be made in the geographies. In reply to a question as to the "longest river," a writer in the New England Journal of Education says: "There can be no doubt that this title belongs to the Missouri river, reckoning (as we should do), from its source in the Madison, the Red Rock and the Gallatin lakes to the Gulf of Mexico; the Mississippi being properly a branch of the Missouri, and not the Missouri a branch of the Mississippi, though the accident of the earlier discovery and exploration of the latter stream gave rise to the error, which our geographies still perpetuate, of calling the longer and the greater stream a branch of the shorter and smaller one."

Above their junction the Mississippi drains 169,000 square miles, and has a length of but 1,330 miles, and, at their junction, it has a mean discharge per second of 105,000 cubic feet of water; while above the same point the Missouri drains 518,000 square miles, has a length of 3,047 miles from Madison lake (and I think something more, going up the Jefferson fork to the Red Rock lake), and at the junction has a mean discharge of 120,000 cubic feet per second; its discharge, though one-seventh greater than that of the Mississippi, being smaller proportionately, because its upper waters drain a region where the rain-fall, one year with another, averages but little, if any, more than one-half that of the Upper Mississippi. Above their junction one may go, on the Missouri, in a good-sized steamboat, to Fort Benton, Mon., a distance of 2,682 miles, or more than twice the entire length of the Mississippi from Itasca lake to its junction with the Missouri.

"This makes the Missouri river (as the name should really be all the way to the Gulf of Mexico) 4,347 miles long—1,361 miles longer than the Mississippi (now so-called) and 597 miles longer than the Amazon."

The Child Preacher.

There is now in Louisville a little negro who is a perfect child wonder. She is a scriptural marvel. She does not even know her letters, yet she can quote accurately almost any passage in the Bible. At the age of 9 months she could talk, and would frequently tell her mother what her idea of heaven was. As she grew older she would sit for hours and expatiate on the beauties and glories of the other world. The old colored folks would listen to her sayings for hours. A reporter interrogated her. "What is your name, little girl?" "Alice Coatny." "How old are you?" "I'm just 4 years and 28 days old to-night." "Where were you born?" "I was born in Liverpool, England—cross de Atlantic." "How long since you felt the power within you?" "I don't know; I've always felt the power of God." "What do you talk about when you speak to a crowd?" "I talk about Jesus, about heavenly things, about how Jesus died and was crucified; how he rose again in three days and sitteth at the right hand of God." "Can you spell?" "No, sir; I don't know my A B C's yet." She then went on in a rapturous strain about things biblical and spiritual, completely nonplusing the reporter. She was accompanied by two colored men. They talked in an enthusiastic manner about her. She said in her conversation that she believed in two kinds of baptism. She spoke of the different modes of salvation; how to reach paradise; how to be converted from a bad man to a good one, etc. Her sayings were entirely original, and were not spoken in a hesitating voice, but in a quick, keen and forcible manner. As young as she is, a negro, without education in the principles she sets forth, her power partakes strongly of the marvelous.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

How They Do in China.

In the case of a Chinaman convicted of a petty crime in the City Criminal Court, an affidavit was yesterday presented by a gentleman, who avers, among other things, that he has for fifteen years been a student of the Chinese language and customs, and that he had discovered that in China, when a Chinaman escapes after arrest for crime and cannot be produced for trial, the authorities seize every person bearing the same family name as the original prisoner; and, in the event of the latter not being recaptured within a certain time, his nearest kinsmen is selected, from those arrested in his place and tried as the culprit.—San Francisco Bulletin.

A HORSE that had been for years kept by a gentleman of Manchester, N. H., was at length sold to a farmer who lived thirty miles away. The horse did not seem satisfied with its new quarters, and after a few months was missing. It was homesick, and it made its way back into the stable it had so long occupied.

MICHIGAN ITEMS.

THE boiler of Ford's machine shop at Bay City exploded recently, scalding and bruising George Ford, the proprietor, and another man quite seriously.

TWO DETROIT roughs went into a saloon at that place the other night, and, during an altercation with the bartender, shot him in the breast. He may recover.

THE Synod of Michigan proposes the erection of a monument over the grave of the Rev. Calvin Clark, for so long a period their faithful and beloved missionary.

THE Alpena Guards have received their new rifles, the Sharp, Government model, which are to take the place of those they have used since their organization.

MISS CARRIE DANIELS, of Kalamazoo, who had for a long time hoped to labor in the foreign mission field, now expects to sail about the middle of October for Swatow, China.

MR. AMASA CARRIER, of Thetford, 88 years old, and for forty years a resident of Genesee county, died, a few days ago, in Connecticut, whither he had gone to make a visit to his two sons.

AT Saranac a man named Wylie undertook to examine some wheat that was being carried up into a mill in elevator cups. He saw two of his fingers go up with the wheat and was satisfied.

JESSE FOREMAN was killed, and four others seriously injured, by the explosion of the boiler at Batchelor's saw-mill at Foreman station, a few days ago. The mill was totally destroyed.

A MICHIGAN man, recently deceased, willed \$1 to his daughter, to purchase a rope with which to hang her husband. The old man's will has not yet been tested, and neither has the son-in-law's neck.

HON. C. W. CLISBEE has been appointed Judge of the Judicial Circuit composed of Cass and Berrien counties, to fill the vacancy caused by Judge Coolidge's resignation, until a successor is elected.

THERE were thirty-two prisoners received at the State prison during the month of September, and twenty-seven were discharged. On the first of the month there were 805 convicts remaining.

A TOWN has been platted on the banks of Houghton lake by the Jackson, Lansing and Saginaw Railroad Company, and lots have been selling quite rapidly. The lots are 80x280 feet in size, and sell for \$20 each.

THE Universalists of Michigan held a delegate convention at Lansing last week, at which the following officers were appointed: President, C. W. Knickerbacker; Vice President, A. M. Soule; Treasurer, E. W. Dart; Secretary, M. B. Carpenter.

A DISTRESSING accident occurred a few days since at Mizner's crossing, on the Flint river. Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Klaure, Mrs. Targart, Miss Stevenson, and a son of Mrs. Wright were crossing in a canoe, which upset, and Mrs. Targart and Miss Stevenson were drowned.

EDWARD HOLLEY, keeper of a low groggery at Detroit, while in a state of intoxication, stabbed Edward Schafer fatally, and the father of the victim slightly, while they were passing along the street in front of Holley's saloon, a few days ago.

A 3-YEAR-OLD child of Michael Monaghan was drowned in Manistee lake a few days ago. Its father worked in a mill, and, it seems, the child wandered away from home toward the mill. When found, the body was floating in the water.

DURING a recent storm, a school-house in Bethany, Gratiot county, was struck by lightning, and a 10-year-old pupil was completely paralyzed on one side by the electric fluid; another pupil about the shoulder to the elbow, and the principal of the school was stunned.

THE house of John Conquest, located two miles south of Clio, Genesee county, was burned to the ground, the other night, and Mr. and Mrs. Conquest, aged about 40, and a little child were consumed by the flames. No one saw the fire, and the terrible fate of the people was not known until next morning, when their charred remains were found. The throat of Mr. Conquest had been cut, and the skull of the wife broken with an ax. They are supposed to have been murdered, and the house fired to cover up the bloody deed.

MRS. FIDELIA EVARTS, living near Nashville, died suddenly recently, with great distress in the region of her stomach. A post mortem revealed the fact that her stomach had burst, and its contents were found in the cavity of the abdomen. The rent, which was in the left end of the stomach, was fully four inches long, admitting very readily the closed hand. She had for years been subject to frequent attacks of a similar nature, but none so severe as the last. Very few cases of a like kind are on record.

DURING a recent thunder-storm, Mr. Nahum Avery, living about five miles south of Traverse City, was struck by lightning and seriously injured. He was standing in the open door of his barn when the lightning struck the weather-vane on top of the barn; the electric fluid ran down the roof, setting it on fire, striking Mr. Avery on the shoulder, tearing it open and making a bad wound and burn, following his right arm and body down, tearing off the clothing and boots, and passing through the floor of the barn, setting fire to the straw on the barn floor. The rain soon extinguished the fire. Mr. Avery was insensible for some time.

FINANCIAL DISASTERS IN ENGLAND.

On Tuesday of last week the Bank of England, thinking it desirable, evidently, to strengthen itself in gold, raised the price of American eagles a farthing and of napoleons a penny. This drew into the bank in the course of the day a million sterling, and this result was probably thought of more importance as showing that there was no particular demand for gold for export. Since then, however, some other important failures have taken place, notably the house of Heugh, Balfour & Co.; there are rumors of weak banks, and the cable despatches of the last few days report a very uncomfortable feeling in Manchester, which seems to have extended itself to London. At the same time the Bank of England loses half a million dollars in American gold, bought for shipment hither at a slight advance on the bank's raised price of Tuesday of last week.

The loss at the same time of nearly a million sterling in gold, drawn from the bank for transmission to Scotland and Ireland, shows the prevalence of an uneasy feeling and the desire of prudent local bankers to strengthen themselves against sudden demands. The heavy failures of the last two days will increase this feeling of insecurity, and it is natural that the bank should guard itself against a simultaneous drain of gold for foreign shipment. The supply of American bonds at hand in London for shipment hither does not appear to be very great, and it would be reasonable to expect that they will rise in price whenever the bank thinks it necessary to prevent further shipment of gold this way.

THE CANVASS IN FRANCE.

M. Gambetta is reported as predicting that the renewals in the French Senate will result in giving the republican party a majority of twenty in that body, and his prediction is entitled to the respect due to one whose judgements on kindred points have been conspicuously verified in the past. It is an unmistakable tendency of the French nation to grow to the party in power, and the Republic will derive the same advantage from this tendency that other governments have, and will not be ruined by the omnipotence it finally gives as other governments have been. If the Republic captures the Senate in the January elections it will practically have possession of every great political division in the State, for a president who is himself conspicuously a republican will be in consequence of the election for the renewal of the executive when both representative bodies have a republican majority. Gambetta's opinion, that a Senate is necessary, will not offend the extreme republicans once they see their way to believe that it is no longer to be a refuge for reaction.

An exchange speaking about Prof. Edison's great inventions, says the following about the electric light: "The great feature of the laboratory, however, at the present time is Mr. Edison's new invention for subdividing the electric light. His experiments on it thus far have proved it to be an entire success. The scientists who have seen it pronounce it wonderful, and predict that it will displace to a large extent the use of gas. The Professor's invention reduces the electric light to the brightness of a single gas jet and transmits it through wires from a central magneto-electric machine all over the city at an expense much less than that of gas. Mr. Edison, ordinarily very calm about his great inventions, is on this unusually enthusiastic. He believes that the problem of electricity for the purpose of light has at last been solved." That the world has faith in this invention is proven daily by the falling of the stock of gas companies throughout the entire civilized world.

The democrats and nationals of the First Iowa district have already called a convention, to be held within a few days, for the nomination of a congressional candidate, to be voted for at the November election. It is expected that all the other districts will follow the example of the First in order to comply with the law requiring representatives to be voted for on that day.

A KENTUCKY farmer writes to the local newspaper, complaining of the low prices of dairy produce, and adds: "I shall not sell my eggs for eight cents a dozen—it don't pay for the wear and tear of the hen."

When Jeff Davis re-enters the Senate he will open his speech with: "As I was saying here when my remarks were interrupted by a noticeable incident."—Philadelphia Item.

RATHER curious, isn't it, that the men who make cider always keep a pail of water around the mill to drink from when thirsty?—Detroit Free Press.

Men should always sit up for their horses, instead of getting their servants to do so. It makes two hours difference in their arrival.

"WOULD you like to be lynched?" asked exasperated Missouri farmer of a horse-thief. "No, I'll be hanged if I do!" was the reply.

Additional Local

THE complaint, that our merchants did not keep sweet potatoes for sale, we have heard several times; but that is virtually stopped now since Mr. G. A. Koning keeps them for sale. They are excellent.

A VERY large and handsome stock of ready made clothing has just been received and opened up at Harrington's Cheap Cash Store. Whole suits can be bought there for prices which would formerly be asked for a single coat.

E. J. HARRINGTON.

THE individual who called tight boots comfortable, defended his position by saying they made a man forget all his other miseries.

Now that we are having changeable weather, and almost everybody has a "bad cold" you will do well to remember the virtue of Macalister's Cough Mixture, the best in the market for coughs, colds, asthma, spitting of blood, influenza, whooping cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Prepared by John P. Lee, cor. Halstead and Harrison sts, Chicago, and is for sale at Schouten & Westveer's drug store. Price 50 cents, and \$1. 36-6m

"My dear boy," said a mother to her son, as he handed round his plate for more turkey, "this is the fourth time you have been helped." "I know, mother, but that turkey pecked at me once, and I want to get square with him." He got his turkey.

SALT is a staple article, and we keep it constantly on hand at the lowest prices; also Live Geese Feathers, very low at P. & A. STEKETEE.

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. 'Seal of North Carolina,' at the same price?" 45-ly

"WHAT is the best remedy," asked a preacher of a shrewd observer, "for an inattentive audience?" "Give them something to attend to," was the significant reply, "hungry sheep will look up to the rack if there is any hay in it."

WE always have on hand a large assortment of shirts and drawers; and a fine line of fancy baskets, at P. & A. STEKETEE.

ONE of the finest preparations for the Hair we ever got acquainted with is "Lee's Hair Renewer." It is the best article to restore the color and prevent the falling out, and can be had at Schouten & Westveer's drug store. Price only 50 cents. 36-6m

THE Butlerites in Lowell intend to raise a Butler regiment of torch-bearers, to be uniformed in overcoats of the army pattern.

A FULL line of Groceries has just been received, including Dutch "Stokfish," Salt Salmon by the pound, Holland Her-ring, direct from the Netherlands, etc., and a splendid lot of 40 and 50 cent Tea, at P. & A. STEKETEE.

A FINE new lot of the latest styles of Hats and Caps just received at the Cheap Cash store of E. J. HARRINGTON

THE methods adopted in Prussia for the extermination of the Colorado beetle (popularly known as the potato bug or *doryphora decemlineata*) are said to have been entirely successful.

A LARGE assortment of Prints and Gingham, and a full line of Corsets, Skirts and Balmorals, at P. & A. STEKETEE.

A PARTY of eighty Hollanders, who have been residents of Iowa for some little time past, have gone to Ellis county, Kansas, where they will permanently locate.

A FINE White Dress Shirt the best in the city for \$1.00 at the Cheap Cash Store of E. J. HARRINGTON.

ALL colors and qualities of Woolen Yarns; beautiful Cloakings, and very cheap, and a nice assortment of Boots and Shoes, cheaper than ever, at P. & A. STEKETEE.

EASTERN Salt at \$1.30 per barrel and at wholesale for \$1.25 per barrel at E. J. HARRINGTON.

The best 10 cts Cigar in the city as well as a straight 5 center is kept at Pensink's. They are "A No. 1."

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per box. For Sale by Heber Walsh, Holland, Michigan.

A FINE lot of Winter Shawls just received at E. J. HARRINGTON.

Try Johnston's Sarsaparilla the best in the market.

A NICE lot of Carpets at from 20 to 75 cents per yard just received at E. J. HARRINGTON.

THE finest No. 1 Mackerel can be found at the cheap cash store of E. J. HARRINGTON.

Orders for Winter Apples can be left and will be promptly filled at the Grocery Store of G. A. KONING.

New Advertisements.

FIRST WARD DRUG STORE,
Three doors East of Krulsenga's Store.

SCHOUTEN & WESTVEER,
PROPRIETORS.

This new store will keep a full supply of the best and finest

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Cigars, Writing Material, Snuff, And the finest assortment of

Wines & Liquors,
(for Medicinal use only.)

And almost everything else belonging in a well stocked drug store.

The above firm are the manufacturers of DR. SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS
AND

Compound Syrup of Rhubarb.

Prescriptions carefully compound by Mr. H. Westveer at all hours, day or night. 36-ly

Money to Loan.

MONEY to Loan on productive real estate security. Apply to the subscriber over City National Bank, Grand Rapids, Mich. 35-2w ALLEN C. ADSIT

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of De Pree, Schram & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, M. Schram retiring. The business will be continued by the remaining members under the firm name of DePree, Van Bree & Westhoek with whom all accounts in favor of and against said late firm will be settled. Dated at ZEELAND, Ottawa Co., Mich., Sept. 21th, A. D. 1878.

J. P. DE PREE, M. SCHRAM, F. VAN BREE, W. WESTHOEK. 33-4w

Land for Sale!

I WILL sell 80 acres of unimproved land in the town of Heath, Allegan Co., Mich., one mile south-east from Hamilton. A portion of the soil is sandy, part clay, the balance a good hay marsh. All easily cleared. Enough pine and oak still on the land for building purposes. Well watered by a Spring Creek. Price, \$3 per acre. For further particulars call on or address

EDMUND SKINNER, Sanguetuck, Allegan Co., Mich. 34-3m

JUST RECEIVED

—AND—
STILL COMING
An Immense Stock of

Fall and Winter GOODS,
SUCH AS

Ladies' and Misses Winter Shawls, Gents' Winter Clothing, Gents' and Boys' entire Suits, including a fine lot of Overcoats, for Men and Boys, Pants and Mittens;

ALSO,

A full line of Boots and Shoes for Men and Boys, Rubber Boots, Warm-lined Boots, Etc., Etc.

Call and examine stock and prices.

A SUPERB ARTICLE OF

English Breakfast TEA

And a splendid variety of other Teas.

A large lot of new Bleached and Unbleached

Sheetings, Muslins, etc.,

Sheetings from 1 yard wide to 2 1/4 yards wide.

Ladies hose in endless variety, cheaper than ever. Call and See.

N. K. Fairbank's Tin Caddy Lard, the best in the country. Also, No. 1 Mackerel, for sale cheap.

Call at the Cheap Cash Store of

E. J. Harrington.

BOOTS & SHOES.

A complete stock of Boots and Shoes for Ladies' and Gentlemen. Also,

Rubbers, Slippers

Ladies' walking shoes, etc., at a bargain at the

Cheap Cash Store of
E. J. HARRINGTON.

GROCERIES.

A complete stock of Groceries constant on hand. Our stock of sugars cannot be beat.

New Orleans, Sugar..... 8c.
Extra C..... 9c.
A..... 10c.
Granulated..... 11c.

We have a fine lot of coffees and spices, and we have among our large variety of Teas, one that we offer for 50c per pound that cannot be surpassed. Try it. Also, a full assortment of canned fruit including Corn and Tomatoes, etc.,

Hay, Corn, Oats, Butter and Eggs, will be taken in Exchange for goods, at the highest Market Price, at the

Cheap Cash Store of
E. J. Harrington.

Fine Building Site For Sale.

THE East 45 feet of Lot 5 in Block 38. Situated between J. O. Doesburg's Drug Store, and P. & A. Steketee's General Store, on Eighth street. Inquire of H. DOESBURG. 8-1f

J. A. GRIFFIN,

Cutter and Tailor,

rooms over E. J. Harrington's

CHEAP CASH STORE.

Cutting and making in first-class Style

Cleaning and Repairing done promptly and Neatly.

ALSO

Ladies Cloaks Cut and Made to Order.

33-1f

FOR SALE.

A 3 Acre Fruit Farm containing some 300 bearing grape vines, 100 Currant bushes; Strawberries; Pears, Apple, Quince, Chestnut, Mulberry, Apricot, Cherry and Peach trees in bearing. No money required down inquire of J. VAN LANDEGEND, HOLLAND, Mich. January 1, 1878.

A NEW STORE!

H. W. VERBEEK & CO.

Have re-opened their extensive Furniture business, closed by the big fire of 1871, on the corner of

Ninth & River Streets.

In opening this store we open the finest and largest Furniture store in Ottawa Co., and respectfully invite our old customers to come and examine our stock of goods, consisting of the finest and best kinds of furniture to the cheapest, including all the latest styles such as East Lake, Queen Anne, etc., which we offer at

Very Low Prices.

Having bought everything new we can sell lower with a small profit, than old stock can be sold "at cost."

A complete stock; come and see for yourself.

Remaining Proprietors of the

PHENIX Planing Mill,

We are prepared to manufacture furniture to order and can afford to sell common ware very cheap.

We also keep ourselves prepared to do all kinds of Planing, Matching, Re-sawing, making of Doors, Sash and Blinds, etc.,

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 25, 1873.



HUNT'S HAIR GROWER.

15,000 Packages Sold! 15,000 young men wear heavy whiskers and moustaches who have used it. This preparation is the result of a great many years' experience by an expert hair dresser, has fully established its reputation of producing a moustache whisker or hair on a bald head in an incredibly short space of time. \$1.00 per p't'g. post paid. Address—HUNT & CO., Hair Dressers, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

Farm for Sale.

I will sell eighty acres of splendid clay soil, six miles from this city. Near church and school house, at a bargain, 30 acres of this land is partially improved. Also 40 acres of unimproved land in the Township of Fillmore. Inquire of

M. D. HOWARD.

LAND WANTED.

IN Ottawa or Allegan Counties in exchange for real estate in the City of Holland. Inquire at this Office. 51-1f

I have just received an immense stock of



Of the latest styles and patterns, to which I invite the attention of the public. Prices are so low that a good stove is within the reach of all, and the late improvements on the

PARLOR STOVES

Will at once convince the purchaser of the useful improvements.

NAILS, GLASS

AND CUTLERY

of the best kind constantly kept in stock, and sold very cheap.

Call and ascertain Prices.

No trouble to show goods, and we are determined not to be undersold.

J. VAN LANDEGEND.

HOLLAND, Sept. 28, 1878.

A Beautiful Residence For Sale Cheap.

THE lot and residence belonging to Mr. H. Wijkhuysen, situated on the corner of Cedar and Ninth streets. For terms and particulars, apply to the proprietor HOLLAND, Sept. 28, 1878. 33-1f H. WIJKHUYSEN.

Ever since the death of the popular Crosby the

Metropolitan Restaurant

—AND—

OYSTER HOUSE,

No. 12 and 14 Canal Street, Opposite Sweet's Hotel, has taken the lead as the POPULAR

Eating House

of the City of Grand Rapids.

Boney Carpenter, Prop'r.

The best Oysters and Finest Game always on hand.

Choice Cigars and Liquors.

Everybody treated with kindness and respect.

Call and see for yourself; one trial will convince you.

B. CARPENTER.

Grand Rapids.

Rendezvous--Halt!

The attention of the public at large is called to the fact that most all the old soldiers, tradesmen, citizens, and farmers, have from cus om made the restaurant of

WM. GELOCK,

No. 121 Monroe Street,

A regular rendezvous, on their arrival in the city and before their departure for home, on account of the close proximity to the Union depot. I shall henceforth make it a point to have accurate time for travelers to start by, and keep on hand a full line of

REFRESHMENTS

ON THE

Lunch Counter,

Always ready for those in a hurry, and will keep on hand the best kind of Liquors and Cigars and the finest

Lager Beer.

Packages can be deposited, and information furnished to those in need of it, facilitating my customers in every possible manner.

DON'T FORGET the NUMBER,

No. 121 Monroe Street.

WM. GELOCK.

Grand Rapids, Mich.

A Rare Chance !!

A FIRST-CLASS SALOON, in Grand Rapids, perfect in all its appointments; Billiard Tables, Lunch Counter, Card Room, and fine furniture. Good reasons given for selling out. Apply to

S. S. CHIPMAN,

Attorney at Law, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Hottings.

THE new wheat crop looks very fine.

POLITICS have been very slow during the past week.

REV. R. Pieters is recuperating fast, and will probably fill his pulpit again in a very few weeks.

REV. S. Bolks, of Orange City, assisted Rev. N. M. Steffens, of Zeeland, last Sabbath in the services at the First Reformed Church.

WE are informed that Bishop Gillespie will preach here on Sunday evening, October 27th, a week from to-morrow—at Grace (Episcopal) church.

THE Phoenix Hotel was the recipient of a permanent boarder, in the shape of a young man, on Wednesday night last. His fighting weight we did not learn.

ON Tuesday and Wednesday last we had lots of rain and in some localities a little to spare. The weather has been remarkably mild up to this time, but very changeable and stormy.

MR. Geo. Harrington, Sr. received an injury this week, caused by a harrow throwing him over. His age being very nearly 72 years, caused fears that the injury may have had results.

SOME thief broke into the boot and shoe store of Verplanke & Bolhuis, on River street, on Sunday night last, and took a pair of fine boots. As this is all there is missing, it is presumed that the thief knew the way about the premises.

REV. Daniel Van Pelt, of New York will occupy the pulpit of Hope Church, next Sunday (to-morrow). Rev. Van Pelt intends to sojourn here a few weeks, with a view of getting somewhat acquainted with the members of the Second Reformed Church.

ON Monday evening last, Mr. V. W. Seeley, Greenback candidate for Prosecuting Attorney addressed the people at New Groningen, and Mr. J. H. Mitchell, Democratic candidate for the same office, made a speech to the Fire Department of the Village of Zeeland.

A SAD accident occurred to Mr. Wiley of Overijssel, while clearing up forty acres of land under contract, for Mr. Chas. Butler. A heavy log rolled over him, bruising him, and fracturing one of his limbs. Dr. R. B. Best attended to him immediately, and reports him doing first-rate.

MR. H. Boeve, residing about four miles south of here, while milking one of his cows on Thursday morning last, was kicked over by it, and then stepped on fracturing his color bone. He came to the city immediately and procured the services of Dr. F. S. Ledebor, who dressed the wound and sent Mr. Boeve home.

A DISPATCH received here by Mr. A. Vennema, dated Pueblo, Colorado, announces the death of his son-in-law, Rev. E. Heeren. Rev. Heeren has been suffering for some time with consumption, caused by a sickness contracted while in the East Indies, as Missionary. His remains will be taken to and buried at Forreston, Ill.

MR. Albert Michmerhuizen, whom we mentioned as having had accident a few weeks ago, had another on Wednesday evening last, when he had the first joints of the two forefingers of his left hand pinched off while coupling cars at the railroad station at Zeeland. Drs. Baert and Van den Berg were called and dressed the wounds, and the patient is now doing well. Albert seems to be very unlucky.

IN driving through Overijssel, and gathering up news items we were somewhat astonished to learn that during a Republican meeting held in the red school house on Friday evening of last week, Prof. Kollen, of Hope College had made a speech of over an hour's duration. Mr. Latta, of Allegan, Republican candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, also addressed the meeting. Whereas Overijssel is known to be almost "solid Democratic," we cannot help but congratulate Mr. Latta in procuring so able an assistant in trying to break into the rock-rooted Democratic ranks of that township.

THE Board of Supervisors of the County of Ottawa commenced their annual meeting on Monday last, and organized with the appointment of G. Van Schelven as temporary chairman and the election of O. A. Whitney as permanent chairman. The following standing committees for the fiscal year were appointed:

Finance—Bilz, Walter and Maloy.

Claims and Accounts—Weatherwax, Van Hees, Hall, Parks and Sage.

Equalization—Porter, Van Schelven, Brouwer, Diekema, and Pelton.

Drains—Stegenga, Parks and Brown.

Building—Safford, Bilz and Schadelde.

Poor Farm—Brown, Mastenbroek and Murray.

Roads and Bridges—Hall, Safford and Stegenga.

Insane Persons—Schadelde, Safford and Walters.

THE market-day in Zeeland will be held on Wednesday, November 6th.

OSHKOSH, Wis., is all tore up with excitement over an ear of corn that looks like a human hand.

MARKET day in Graafschap will be held on Wednesday next, October 23rd, and at Drenthe, the week after, Wednesday, Oct. 30.

NINETY six Michigan physicians report to the state board of health that they know of one thousand three hundred and thirteen opium-eaters.

THE Grand Rapids (Mich.) Business College, from which some of our most proficient accountants and business men graduate, is a most popular and useful institution.—*Chicago Times*.

A SHIPOWNER of Zaandam, Holland, is worth \$80,000,000, but he lives in a house worth about \$4,000, and he enjoys himself sitting in the little dooryard with his two daughters playing dominoes.

GEN. Skobeleff has openly declared, in the presence of the representatives of various European powers, that the Czar will keep 100,000 men in Bulgaria and 45,000 in Roumelia, despite the Berlin treaty.

DON'T forget to read the special notices about Lee's Hair renewer and Cough remedy in another column. They are excellent preparations, and can be found at Schouten & Westveer's First Ward drug store.

CHARLES C. Comstock, greenback candidate for Congress in this district, commenced suit against Nathan Church, publisher of the *Times*, and C. H. DuBois, publisher of the *Post*, for defamation of character, asking \$10,000 damages in each case.

A NEWS item from Jacksonville, Ill., reads thus: "During the past three weeks by actual count there have passed through this city bound for the far west eleven hundred and thirteen emigrant wagons, the largest number ever seen here in the same length of time."

THE oyster season has opened, and our express agent, Mr. O. Breyman, has made arrangements with the best house in Baltimore to have them always fresh, and is enabled to sell them as cheap as any house in Grand Rapids, by the dozen or single can. Try a few cans of the select!

OFFICIAL returns from all but two counties in Ohio, and the known results in these two give a majority of 3,154 for the republican candidate for secretary of state. These figures are a good deal below the earlier estimates, but they serve the purpose of showing that the largest party in the Buckeye state is the party not in favor of the Pendletonian doctrine.

AMONG the new things we can mention that Rev. H. Uiterwijk of the Third Reformed Church, will preach in the English language every Sunday evening in the Third Church, and will be assisted by a choir who will sing the American hymns, until further notice. This is an Americanization in the best sense of the word, which pleases us exceedingly and will, no doubt, become popular in a short time.

SUNDAY evening last was quite a festive evening for the members of the Third Reformed Church, and the children belonging to their Sabbath School. The tenth anniversary of the institution of the Sabbath School was celebrated by speeches and singing, and by the reading of the history of their progress, and a review of their financial transactions, all of which was very interesting and instructive.

Messrs. Epping & Co., at Graafschap, have tore down their old store, and built a new one in a remarkable short space of time. The new store is fitted up nice and with an eye to that firm's increasing business. A fine cellar is provided for their butter and egg business, a nice ware room annexed to the main building, and an office (Mr. Epping being a justice of the peace) will be fitted up in which will be carried on what legal business may be brought before him. This firm does a tremendous business for a country store and are constant shippers of immense quantities of butter, eggs, fruit, and all kinds of farmers produce.

THE financial situation in England continues critical. A continuance of the stringent policy of the private and joint-stock banks throws nearly the whole burden of commercial paper upon the Bank of England, and that institution, to save its cash resources from utter exhaustion, has advanced the rate of discount in some cases as high as 8 per cent. A corresponding advance is expected to be made by the Bank of France, and in that event the English concern will make its terms still higher. The high rate of interest is not, of course, the worst incident of this state of things; for with it there will be inevitably a most searching scrutiny of securities, and a consequent tendency to force all weak houses to the wall. A parallel for the disastrous American panic of 1873 seems not unlikely to be furnished in England before the holidays.

SOAP-boilers and hide-workers have proved to be exempt from yellow fever.

A SEVEN-YEAR-OLD Cincinnati boy, whose bread his mother would not put butter, went directly to the river and drowned himself.

ACCORDING to estimates compiled at the agricultural department in Washington, the cotton crop of the United States this year will exceed five million bales.

THE board of public instruction of the City of Mexico has ordered that gymnasiums and workshops be established in all the municipal schools of the city.

IT is announced that Mr. Evarts is to make a speech in New York before the November election. He should begin at once, in order not to be pressed for time.—*Washington Post*.

THE captain of the schooner Spray informs us that the household goods he brought here for Mr. Wm. H. Parks, amounted to 16,000 pounds, besides several tons of coal, books, etc.

PART of the family and all of the household goods of Wm. H. Parks, Esq., have arrived, and he is expected in a few weeks. Mr. Parks will occupy the residence of Mr. N. Kenyon temporarily.

WILLIAM Lloyd Garrison celebrated the sixteenth anniversary of his apprenticeship in the Newburyport *Herald* office a few days ago by putting in type one of his own poems from memory.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 17th, 1878: Mrs. Thesah A. Devine, Miss Annie Laney, Mrs P. Howland, J. D. Wheelock. WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

OUR friendly butcher, J. Kuite, will this day have on the block some of finest beef the country affords; also, fresh pork, mutton, chickens, lard, etc., in fact, everything in his line, and very cheap. Call and see for yourself.

MR. John Schippers, of Overijssel, sold out his wagon-making business to a new firm, and has moved to Hamilton to engage in business there. Mr. P. Gunst of this city has moved to Overijssel to take charge of the wagonshop, vacated by Mr. Schippers.

THE new grist mill building at Hamilton, for Messrs. Geerlings, Koilen & Keppel, is almost completed. Everybody speaks high of the structure, and Mr. H. Barendregt, millwright, formerly a resident of this city, receives a good many encomiums from the public at large.

THE following are the arrivals and clearances up to Friday morning:

ARRIVED.
Oct. 11—Schr. Four Brothers, Chicago, 100 bbl salt, 500 lbs bar iron
" 14— " Wollin, Chicago, 700 bu oats.
" 14— " Spray, Chicago, 8 tone coal, 148 pkgs furniture, 75 bbls salt.
CLEARED.
Oct. 11—Schr. Four Brothers, Chicago, 75 cda. wood.
" 14— " Wollin, Racine, 50 m lumber.

WE call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of Messrs. Schouten & Westveer, who have recently opened a handsome little drug store in the First Ward. Their stock is selected with great care, and the fact that a competent prescription clerk is one of the partners, and will always be on hand day or night, will give this store an enviable prestige. We hope their efforts may prove successful.

THREE years ago next Christmas Fred Ackerman went to the residence of Gustav Gauss, in the city of Grand Rapids, while the family, except a daughter, Carrie, aged 15, were absent at church. Ackerman demanded that this girl marry him. When she refused he drew a knife and stabbed her fifteen times. Ackerman escaped, but on Monday last was captured on a farm in Sparta and was brought to that city for trial.

THE dispensers of prizes and premiums at the Paris exposition have been generous to America. The awards to exhibitors from this country number 750, of which 10 are "grand prizes," 134 gold medals, 200 silver medals, and the remainder bronze medals, diplomas of honor, and "honorable mention." In proportion to the number of exhibitors, the awards to America are more numerous than to any other country represented.

THE musicians of this city and a large number of the friends of the Second Regiment Band, formerly known as the Holland Band of the city of Grand Rapids, will certainly be pleased to learn how that organization is prospering: "At the annual meeting of the Second Regiment band the following officers for the ensuing year were elected: President, J. Stoel; Vice-President, John Beekman; Secretary, John Van Osenbruggen; Treasurer, Henry Heeres; Quartermaster, Bastiaan Sonke; Trustees, G. Van Tongeren, J. Stoel, J. Beekman, J. Van Osenbruggen and H. Heeres; Director, Louis Martin. The band has been enlarged by the addition of Messrs. E. Buss, E flat cornet, and B. DeGraaf, B flat tenor, and now numbers nineteen members, including the drum major.

Money! Money!!

Can be made by examining the large new stock of

FURNITURE

Which I have purchased lower than ever will sell cheaper than ever before.

A FULL LINE OF CARPETS, FROM THE CHEAPEST TO THE BEST.

Come and see the goods and ascertain prices before you purchase.

Beautiful Live Geese Feathers, Cheap.

Wall Paper at Wholesale and Retail.

Bedroom Sets and Parlor Sets.

Coffins and Caskets always on hand.

Fair dealing can be relied on.

While I thank the public for their patronage of the past, I hope to merit and solicit a liberal share of it for the future.

N. B. Call and see a most beautiful variety of Camp Chairs, ornaments, picture frames, brackets etc., etc. S. REIDSEMA.
HOLLAND, May 15, 1878.

A CHANGE!

Having purchased the hardware stock and business contained in the store formerly occupied by

MR. G. J. KROON,
I respectfully solicit the custom of every farmer and citizen who may feel inclined to deal with me. I shall keep on hand and will sell cheap

FOR CASH

The best kinds of

Parlor and Cooking STOVES,

Tools, Tinware, Nails, Glass,

CUTLERY, and everything else in our line.

Farming Implements as cheap as anywhere.

Tinware repaired and made to Order.

Opposite the Post-Office.
WM. C. MELIS.
HOLLAND, August, 31, 1878. 29-2m

W. & H. ELFERDINK'S BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM,

—AT—
NO. 22 RIVER STREET,
Holland, - - - Michigan

The above firm make a specialty of custom work. Guarantee satisfaction. Their prices are low enough to compete with any house in the city. They keep constantly on hand a choice variety of Ladies and Children's shoes and gaiters.

Repairing neatly done and at Short Notice.

34-ly W. & H. ELFERDINK.

A NEW STORE.

FRUIT! FRUIT!

I have opened a new business on the corner of Eighth and Market street, in the store formerly occupied by A. Fietstra, where I will buy all kinds of fruit, vegetables, and farming produce at regular prices.

Cash Paid for Butter and Eggs.

I will keep on hand a full supply of Groceries and Provisions, which will be sold cheap for cash.

Give me a trial and sell and buy to your advantage.

G. A. KONING.
HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 23, 1878. 28-3m

Joslin & Breyman,



Watchmakers & Jewelers,

DEALERS IN

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry & Fancy Goods.



ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.

HOLLAND, March 24, 1878. 6-ly.

A Large and Fine NEW STOCK

—OF— BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALL AND SEE US.

I am now selling the Howe Sewing Machine, and will henceforth keep it for sale at my store. Peddling machines with wagons has been abolished for the simple reason that the prices of machines are too low to admit of any expense in that way Call in and get bargains.

E. HEROLD.
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1877.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE,

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes

Rubbers, Slippers, etc.

Of the neatest styles and best qualities which I offer cheaper than anybody else.

Makes Custom Work a Specialty.

D B K. VAN RAALTE.

CROCKERY!

From and after this date, I intend to devote to this line of trade the necessary attention, and will keep on hand a complete stock of White Granite and C. C. Ware.

A liberal deduction to those who buy sets or in large quantities.

Rockingham and Yellow Ware in large supplies.

G. J. VAARWERK.
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10 1877.

CHEAP! CHEAP!

We have just added to our stock of

NEW FURNITURE

—ALL KINDS OF—

Sewing Machines

A New and Beautiful
Parlor Suits,
Lounges,
Easy Chairs, Etc.

—Also the best—
WALNUT CASKETS

—AND— FINE COFFINS

Ever introduced into this City.

We offer all at extremely low figures. Come and See.
26-3m H. MEYER & CO.

S. QUINCEY WILLIAMS,

Importer of

English and Scotch Ales,

—AND—
GUINNESS' DUBLIN STOUT,

In bulk and in Bottle.

No. 100 Monroe Street,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Also Agent for Robert Smith Brewery, N. W. cor. of 5th and Minor streets, Philadelphia. Mr. Robert Smith, has succeeded in making and introducing an Ale, which he calls "India Pale Ale," and has succeeded so well that it is highly recommended as a tonic for weak persons.

A splendid stock of Cigars and other liquors always on hand.

10-ly

BANKING.

JACOB VAN PUTTEN

BANKER,

HOLLAND, - - - MICHIGAN.

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on the day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

9-ly JACOB VAN PUTTEN.

THE FARMER GIRL'S CHOICE.

I am only a farmer's girl;
John is only a farmer's lad.
But somehow, when we chance to meet,
The very sound of his coming feet
Can make my heart so glad
That up to my cheeks the warm blush flies,
And he reads his welcome in my eyes.

I am only a farmer's girl;
Master Tom is the Squire's son;
But, strange to tell, his feet this way
Turn often toward the close of day.
After the chores are done,
When John (he passes the meadow gate)
Gives such a scowl, and—will not wait.

I am only a farmer's girl,
So what can the Squire want of me!
My heart is John's; John knows it well;
But it isn't for his foolish self—
So bashful a lad is he!
So the Squire may come and the Squire may go,
But all the answer he'll get is "No!"

The Squire praises my hair and eyes;
The Squire says I'm a lady born.
What care I for his foolish speech?
'Tis John's voice only my heart can teach
To sing like the birds at morn.
But John is jealous, the foolish boy,
And my days are shorn of half their joy.

Oh, I am only a farmer's girl,
And John is only a farmer's lad.
But I'd rather be his in his humble life
Than be a "lady" as Squire's wife.
With a restless heart and sad!
But John—so bashful a boy is he!
Is a long while asking my heart of me.

THE FRETTERING WIFE.

"Why don't you ever clean your boots on the scraper, William?" said Jane Lovett to her husband. "I had just made everything nice and comfortable when you came in; and now see the dirt wherever you've been, from one side of the room to the other; and it must just be the same in the entries and on every stair. I'm completely tired out with brushing and dusting—"

"Fret! fret! just so every time I come into the house!" was William's soothing response. "I should think your tongue would get tired."

"I do get tired of speaking to you about things which make me so much trouble; and yet you do not seem to mind them at all."

"No; and so much speaking only makes me mind the less."

"That's just as amiable as you are. You never care how much I have to go through, nor how much I suffer. Such a continual effort for me to get along! My life seems a continual struggle, just for the sake of life," and here Jane began to cry.

"What a fuss about a little dust on the carpet," snapped the husband.

"No, it's not merely that," retorted the wife, in crying tone, "but you never seem to care how hard and trying things may be for me. You care nothing for my pleasure or ease. You know very well I wouldn't mind the carpet once, but it's just so all the time and about everything. The man who shook the carpets last week said he never should have thought that they had been taken up every year if he hadn't been told so, for he hadn't shaken such dirty ones for four years. Now, why should our house be so much dirtier than other people's? You know it's not my fault, for I'm as particular as anybody."

"You've got a new saddle for your hobby, and there'll be no end to your riding it; just because that old fellow wanted to make a fool of you, and get the job of shaking your carpets twice a year."

"But, William," said Jane, putting down the handkerchief from her eyes, "why don't you be more careful? When I try so hard to get along and keep things nice you needn't make so much work. Dear me, to have to live with such a person! It would have been better for us both if we never had met."

Hereupon the husband, William, departed, leaving Jane to cry it out alone. She sobbed awhile quite heartily, and made herself believe she was the most unappreciated, unfortunate and miserable of beings; then, like a good housewife, she began to think.

"What good does all this do? I am making myself sick for nothing—my eyes will feel so badly that I can't sew. So she wisely rose and bathed them, brushed up her carpet and sat down to her needlework. But she was not in a good mood, not repentant, nor forgiving, nor cheerful, not even pacific.

She was in little better feeling when she met her husband at dinner, but was quite in the humor to make demands and let her grievances be manifest. The carving was hardly over when she began:

"William, did you see about having the stove cleaned and lined this morning? Bridget says she cannot cook with it any longer as it is, and it makes her so cross I can hardly manage her."

"No; I hadn't time," was the laconic answer.

"Hadm't time! I guess you could have found time if you'd tried—I've no idea you ever thought of it. If you cared anything for other people, you'd think of them and find time to see to things. You find time for your own matters."

"You seem to know so much, why do you ask me? Perhaps you'd better see to your affairs yourself."

"What hadn't I better do? I do almost everything now, yet you never seem satisfied. I suppose I can go to the stove store, since you don't seem to be able to do anything—I don't know but I shall have to go to the tailor's yet to order your clothes for you. Well, I want to know if you saw Walker about those drawers, as I have so often asked you? I am in such need of them I don't know what to do. Everything is in confusion in the closets."

"No; I didn't see Walker."

"Well, when will you?"

"I don't know."

"Will you ever?"

"That I don't know. Anything further?"

"Yes. Did you get a latch for Bridget's door?"

"No."

"I asked you to be sure and remember it when you went out from breakfast. That door is slam, slam the whole time. I never saw anybody like you. I cannot get anything done, and it's just so always."

Mr. Lovett ate away unmoved, and his wife, not thinking of any other subject of complaint at that moment, finished her dinner in silence.

Just as Mr. Lovett was leaving the dining-room, she called out, "William, Alboni sings to-night; can't you take me to hear her?"

"I have an engagement this evening," he answered, with his hand upon the door.

"It's the last night she sings, and I haven't heard her," said Jane.

"I can't help it," said William.

"You don't try to help it. Mr. Linton took his wife twice to hear her, and they're going again to-night. Mrs. Linton thinks she sings as well as Jenny Lind."

"I suppose she has a right to her opinion."

"Well, why can't you take me?" persisted Jane.

"Take you to a concert, after all you've said!"

"Anything for an excuse! You know I've said nothing but the truth, and you never take me anywhere, and never did!"

"No, never!" said Lovett, in a tone of irony, as he closed the door.

Jane was not disappointed, for she had no expectation of going to the concert. She only asked her husband to take her in order to try him, and to show him what other husbands did, and what he didn't do.

She had now so far relieved herself that she was in a mood for wholesome thought and reflection, and she soon began to have some misgivings as to the right of the course she had been pursuing, and also as to its wisdom. Right and wisdom are, in fact, the same thing.

Jane Lovett was at heart a woman of good motives and kind feelings, though, as we have seen, she had an irritable, uncomfortable temper. Her temperament was nervous as that of too many women in these days—our grandmothers would have called them cross, ugly, or, most likely, scolds and vixens; but, in the light of our philanthropy, we know better—dear hearts! they are nervous!

Jane Lovett was nervous—she had too much regard for trifles, a too-lively conception of evils, and little facility in adapting herself to circumstances. She was also affectionate and imaginative, and in her girlhood had formed a high ideal for her lover.

Her opportunities of acquaintance with her husband before marriage were limited, and so she loved, and hoped, and trusted he was all she would desire in a life-long companion and lord. Yes, lord, for she had an idea that she would like to look up to somebody, lean upon him, cling to him, reverence him, and all that sort of thing.

How was she disappointed! What a change a few weeks of married life does sometimes make in a woman's future!

William Lovett was a man of very good natural feelings and endowments, and could make himself very agreeable when he tried, else he never would have won his wife—but he had few of the qualifications that make domestic life a paradise for woman. He had been reared alone, without any home discipline and education, and was often thoughtless and inconsiderate of others, and sometimes selfish. He lacked all the useful and convenient, though unappreciated habits of order, tidiness and promptness; and, what was worse for a man, he even lacked industry and energy. He could rouse himself for an emergency, but it was only for that, and then he sank back into his former indifferent, careless ease.

Such a character was least of all in accordance with that of Jane, who was possessed of great energy, and had been trained to carefulness and industry.

At first she was greatly distressed in her disappointment, and recently lamented her fate in bitterness of spirit, but keen feelings do not last long. She gradually grew accustomed to her lot, and endeavored to perform its duties faithfully, though she was not happy, and was very often annoyed by the delinquencies and deficiencies of her husband. They irritated her temper, and she would complain and fret. This course had no effect to improve things. It seldom has.

Matters grew worse year by year. The husband's affection waned by degrees, and he became more and more inattentive and selfish, while the cares and anxieties of the wife kept increasing, and with them increased her complaining and fretting. An unenviable state of things, most surely. I wonder if it's rare?

After the dinner colloquy we have given, Jane returned to her room, thoughtful and repentant. She discussed with herself somewhat in this wise:

"I am sorry I was so cross at dinner. William might have been pleasant if I had given him a chance. What a miserable life we are leading! I am so unhappy, and things are growing worse and worse—what may they come to? To be sure, William is not what I once thought he was, but that cannot be helped now—he is my husband; we are vowed unto each other till death, and why not make the best, instead of the worst, of my lot? And it is not so bad as it might be, after all. William might be dissipated or dishonest, which he is not now. But who knows what he may become, if I any longer render his home unhappy. Oh, I am wrong! I know I am! Let me try to do better! God help me! Finding fault with William does not improve him; I have tried it

long enough; I will try what gentleness, meekness and endurance may do. I shall make him happier in that way, and it is easier to be virtuous when we are happy than when we are wretched. It will require a strong effort and unremitting watchfulness to overcome my faults of temper, but is not the happiness and well-being of life a sufficient motive? I will make the effort. I cannot change character and circumstances, but I will suit myself to them."

Jane thus came to a wise resolution, which she ought to have made early in her married life; but it was in this case according to the old maxim, "better late than never." And, what was wiser than the resolution, she began to act upon it. Plenty of good resolutions are made—a few remembered—fewer kept.

When her husband came home to tea, Jane was dressed neatly, and, though there was a cloud on his brow, she looked and spoke pleasantly. It was an effort for her to appear in the same way in the morning, for he was still moody and silent, and disobliging, but she remembered her resolution, and did not break it.

In the middle of the forenoon he entered her room on some errand, as on the day previous, with boots unscrapped; she seemed to take no notice of them.

"I think I must have made a light breakfast," he said, carelessly.

Jane soon disappeared, and returning, offered him a plate of tempting sandwiches.

He looked up at her in surprise.

"What does this mean, Jane?"

"I thought you were hungry, and I wanted to please you," was her ingenuous reply.

He took the sandwiches with one hand, and, drawing her toward him with the other, kissed her tenderly.

"Why Jane, we're growing young again."

"I wish we might grow good and loving," was her answer, as she returned the kiss.

When he was gone, Jane brushed up her carpet quickly and cheerfully; and it did not seem half so dirty as the day before, though the mud was much deeper in the streets. The boot-scraper was not forgotten again that day, and, before night, a man appeared to put the stove in order, and Walker called to say he was sorry he had disappointed Mrs. L. about the drawers; he would have them done very soon.

Jane kept herself good-natured and cheerful the next day, and several other days, although William often forgot that his boots were muddy when he came home, and several times turned all the drawers inside out to find what he had left at his office; woke up the baby with his loud sneezes; forgot half her commissions, important as they were to her, and even delayed to order coal till one day there was none with which to cook the dinner.

She schooled herself to patience. Sometimes, when a murmuring word was coming, she bit her lips and kept it back. Sometimes she left the room to gather strength and self-control, but oftener spoke of something beside the subject of vexation as quickly as possible.

At the end of a week, Alboni's "last concert" was again announced.

"Now, Jane, we'll hear Alboni to-night," said William at breakfast. "She's going to sing again—perhaps on your account. You'll go, I suppose?"

"Yes, thank you, but I don't care much about hearing her. I'd almost as lief stay at home with you."

"Why, don't you think she sings as well as Jenny Lind?"

"No, I don't—do you?"

"Hardly; but you say Mrs. Linton does. We'll hear her, though, and see."

When they were returning from the concert that night, Mr. Lovett said to his wife:

"Well, Jane, what did you think of Alboni?"

"O, I was charmed."

"Well, did you think she sang as well as the nightingale?"

"Indeed, I enjoyed her singing more—she somehow made me feel so happy—so full of delight. Weren't you delighted?"

"Yes, I must own I was; but I cannot give Alboni credit for all. You've been such a dear good girl lately, Jane"—and he bent his face very near to hers, I know, though one couldn't see distinctly for the darkness. "I really think we're growing young again."

The First White Man on American Soil.

A writer in the *Jewish Messenger* cites Alexander von Humboldt's "Cosmos" as an authority for a claim that a Jew was the first white man who set foot on American soil.

The Jew, however, had been baptized. In a note in volume 11, chapter vi., Humboldt relates that, on his first expedition, Columbus, when approaching the island of Cuba, believed himself to be between two Chinese ports. Desiring to hand the letters which he possessed from the European monarchs to the "great Chan of the Moguls" in China, and then return to Spain, he "sends a baptized Jew, Louis de Torres by name, to the shore, because he understands the Hebrew, the Chaldean, and some Arabic, those languages being used in all the mercantile places of Asia."

The latest swindle in rural districts is for two oily-tongued fellows to call upon a farmer ostensibly to obtain statistics for the Agricultural Bureau. They remain to dinner or over night, and insist upon paying for the accommodations furnished them, when they pass a counterfeit bill upon their host and receive good money in exchange.

Battle With Moonshiners.

On the 1st inst., Special Deputy Collector J. M. Phillips left here with fifty well-equipped men for a raid on the illicit distilleries of Overton, Putnam, Fentress and Jackson counties, destroying eight illicit concerns valued at \$1,300. Phillips says that on approaching the distillery of Jonathan Allred, on the 3d inst., they were fired into at short range by James Pitman, an employee of Allred, but without effect. At the distillery of C. N. Bowman, four shots were fired at them, and two or three men were seen at a distance with arms in their arms. On reaching Crawford mill, on Roaring river, at a mountain torrent which passes through some of the roughest country in Christendom, consisting of high, abrupt hills, bluffs, and deep ravines, they heard a horn blown, and, in response, four or five men made their appearance on the crest of a bluff 100 feet in height, which commanded a ford which Phillips and his men expected to cross. Phillips sent Special Deputy Collector Mauphin with eighteen men up the river with instructions to cross that stream and come down in the rear of the wild-cat men. As soon as Mauphin and his men came in sight of the distillers on the opposite side of the bluff from Phillips, the moonshiners formed in regular line of battle and at once opened fire on Mauphin, who returned it, killing four illicit distillers, breaking another's thigh, and slightly wounding another. The revenue men were then forced to retreat for want of ammunition, but were not followed by the moonshiners, who still kept around their very advantageous position. None of the revenue raiders received a scratch. Citizens who claimed to know told Phillips that there were not less than 100 moonshiners armed with long-range guns, and that they are being reinforced by parties from other localities. The illicit distillers fired at random, making scattering shots, while the revenue men, who are composed equally of ex-Federal and ex-Confederate soldiers, coolly reserved their fire, and only put their bullets where they thought most was to be accomplished. The illicit distillers had formed an ambush for the revenue men, supposing they would cross the ford on their way to Flat creek. They were prepared to cover their rear from the first point where the moonshiners were observed, drive them through a narrow pass into the very clutches of the illicit distillers, who would be enabled to fire at them from four sides, and thus annihilate them.—Nashville (Tenn.) Cor. Chicago Times.

In a Horrible State.

W. J. Jones, who was tarred and feathered by Reno (Nev.) people and then sent out of town on a westward-bound train, was in a pitiable condition when he reached Truckee. The *Republican* of that place says: "We saw the victim Thursday night on the overland train. He was in a truly pitiable condition. Coal-tar or gas-tar had been used, and used freely. This substance blisters like a mustard-plaster. The cuticle will peel off of Mr. Jones just as if he had been boiled. His hair and the wound on his head were filled with tar. The hair stuck out in all directions, or at least a mass of hair stuck out. The sockets of his eyes were level full with solid tar, which seemed to have been poured into them and allowed to cool. His whiskers seemed a large, unshapely mass of tar. His face, neck and, we are told, his entire body had a thick coating. The vigilantes kindly clothed him before putting him on the train. The sight might have been ludicrous if it had not been agonizing. The train was nearly three hours in reaching Truckee. The pain endured by the poor fellow was excruciating. Sightless, helpless, coated with a horrid odoriferous substance, he sat silently, with his head bowed over. Occasionally his fingers would grasp spasmodically at the open air. Sometimes his body would twitch nervously, as if from the pain he endured. Arriving at Truckee, Grandison Jones and another colored man were put to work to remove the tar. It was an hour before Dr. R. J. Goss was called upon and the linseed oil which he prescribed obtained. Everybody who saw the poor wretch pitied him. The very men who performed the deed would have pitied him. His sufferings were extreme. His eyes were fairly burning up. No one ever heard before of putting tar on a man's face and in his eyes. For six hours two men worked faithfully neutralizing the tar and removing it from his body. We saw him this morning. His eyes were terribly inflamed. It is doubtful if he ever recovers his sight. It is feared the eye-balls have been burned and blistered and forever destroyed."

The Nightmare.

"Ethel Vane" sends us a poem, "Why Does Sweet Slumber Shun My Eyes?" Why? Sit down here, Ethel, where we can tickle your rosy ear with the waxed end of a short mustache, while we whisper to you that when a girl scarcely 19 years old eats an 8-o'clock supper of cold tongue, broiled steak, salt mackerel, fried potatoes, doughnuts, cold apple pie, fried eggs, fresh peaches, a slice of watermelon and one or two cups of coffee, horrified slumber will pack its trunk and climb onto the first train that will take it furthest away, and all the poetry in the Baptist College won't bring it back to you for a week. Don't ask any more such conundrums, Ethel; these are stirring, earnest times, that thrill with peril and impending danger, and our lyre is tuned to loftier strains.—Burlington Hawk-Eye.

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Diseases produced by overtaxing the mind; by grief and anxiety; by rapid growth; by child-bearing; by insufficient nourishment; by residence in hot climates or unhealthy localities; by excesses, or by any irregularities of life.

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THE HOME DOCTOR.

CURE FOR NEURALGIA.—A correspondent recommends applications of electricity as a positive remedy for the complaint.

FRUIT-EATING.—When fruit does harm it is because it is eaten at improper times, in improper quantities, or before it is ripened and fit for the human stomach. A distinguished physician has said that if his patients would make a practice of eating a couple of good oranges before breakfast, from February to June, his practice would be gone. The principal evil is that we do not eat enough of fruit; that we injure its finer qualities with sugar, that we drown them in cream. We need the medical action of the pure fruit acids in our system, and their cooling, corrective influence. —*Medical Journal.*

REMEDY FOR CANKER WORMS.—It will be well for those whose orchards are troubled with canker worms to try the following remedy of Rev. Dr. Cummings, of Concord, which he confidently recommends: He placed pine boughs around the roots of his apple and elm trees, which has effectively driven away the insects that were in large numbers ascending the trees in the neighborhood. The canker worm troubles chiefly apple and elm trees, and the theory upon which the pine-bough remedy rests is that the worms, finding them at the foot of the tree, naturally conclude that the tree is a pine one, and pass it by. The remedy is easily and cheaply applied, and, if surely and reliably efficacious, should be generally known and resorted to by those troubled with these insects.

WINTER CLOTHES.—With regard to the use of clothes many erroneous opinions are entertained, and even among the better-educated classes the mode by which clothes act in protecting us from cold is little if at all understood. A very common idea is that they keep us warm by preventing air from reaching our bodies, whereas the fact is that just those materials which are most permeable to air keep us warmest. Their action is simple enough, and consists in rendering the air still around us, and in regulating its temperature by the heat which leaves our bodies. Extreme degrees of cold can, it is well known, be better borne when the air is still than when with the same degree of cold the air is in motion. Everyone knows from experience how much warmer woolen gloves are, even when loosely knitted, than the tight-fitting kid; yet, if the prevention of air from reaching the surface of the body were the source of warmth, kid should be warmer than woolen gloves. The corollary from the foregoing remarks is, therefore, at once evident: Our clothes should be worn loose, so as to allow a stratum of warm air between them and our bodies; they should be of not too close a texture, for it is found that cotton or wool loses its power of protecting us from cold by being compressed. They should also be light, to permit an active exercise in the open air without producing exhaustion by their weight.

MOTHERS AS DOCTORS.—Practical mothers learn much by their experience with the little bodies entrusted to their care. Some of the most common-sense facts in the physical culture of these little ones, known to the more experienced mothers, may not come amiss to those who have had but little care of children. The foundation must be well laid to insure healthy and happy children. The child must be well slept, well aired, well fed and well bathed. By a thorough understanding and practice of these four simple rules, much of the physical, mental and moral suffering in life would be avoided by parent as well as child. If a healthy child (and a delicate one proportionately) is regularly put to bed about dark, in a quiet, well-ventilated, or even cold room, after a supper of plain food, it will naturally awake at daybreak, good natured, with keen appetite for a wholesome breakfast. Nutritious, plain food, at regular hours, with no candy or stimulants, and free bathing, help the system to ward off many prevalent children's ailments, and to bear, with much less danger, the few that must necessarily come to the majority of little ones. The child that is just given a little confectionery, or any unsuitable food, and then rocked to sleep, should cause no surprise at waking peevish and feverish. It is simply the result of imaginary affection and want of knowledge on the part of the one in charge. It will certainly pay, in the end, to search diligently for the cause when a child is proverbially cross. —*Golden Rule.*

Massachusetts and South Carolina. Gov. Hampton, of South Carolina, in a letter to Gov. Rice, of Massachusetts, regarding the refusal of the latter to surrender Hiram H. Kempton for trial in South Carolina, says: "I regret that the Chief Executive of the great State of Massachusetts should have committed so flagrant a violation of the supreme laws of the land—a violation irreparable in its nature, as the State suffering thereby has no possible redress. Had you confined yourself to giving a simple refusal to surrender the fugitive I should make no further comments upon your letter, as the disregard by the executive authority of one State of the rights of another State concerns the whole people of the United States; but, inasmuch as you have seen fit to base your action on the ground that, in your judgment, the object in procuring the indictment against Patterson, Parker and Kempton does not appear to be for the purpose of trying Kempton for the crime charged against him, but for a different purpose, it is my duty, as

Governor of South Carolina, to add that your statement is entirely unwarranted, and to repel the unworthy imputation, as I do, with indignant scorn."

A Hint to the Consumptive.

A correspondent of *Les Mondes* calls attention to the fact that butchers, though they may be pale and thin when they enter on the business, quickly gain freshness of color, stoutness, and a generally comfortable look. It is a pure fiction, of course, that they put aside the best portions of the meat for themselves, and it is a known fact that most of them lose appetite. The correspondent attributes the general well-being to assimilation, through the respiratory passages, of nutritive juices of the meat volatilized in the air—a kind of nutrition by effusion. If this is really a fact, it is argued that young people, suffering from deficient or impure blood, and especially children of a weak or lymphatic constitution, might be subjected with advantage to hygienic treatment based upon it. A well-known French physician commends the idea, and offers the following plan for the treatment of consumptive persons, in place of sending them off to distant places with reputedly mild climates. In a well-ventilated, sun-lit and sheltered room, with southern exposure, he would, by means of a Mouseron brazier, the high, moist heat of which is salutary and favorable to respiration, form for the patient an artificial climate, like that of Nice or Florida, having all the advantages, without the inconveniences, of the real climate. To aid the antiseptic action of the warm, moist air, rich in vapors, charged with dissolved carbonic acid, he would place in one or more corners of the room an open bottle of water saturated with sulphurous acid. By this arrangement he thinks the progress of the tuberculation would be arrested.

He "Greased the Buggy."

The Irishman who obeyed directions to "trim the orchard," by first cutting down all the trees, has found a kindred spirit as thorough as himself. The *Vallejo (Cal.) Chronicle* says: J. W. Farmer hired an old sailor to work around his place the other day. The man is a willing soul, but his knowledge of farm matters is fearfully limited. This morning Mr. Farmer told him to go out and grease the buggy. The man went, and when Mr. Farmer, not long after, stepped to get into the vehicle to come to town, he drew his hands back in wonder to find them greased. Examination showed that the whole buggy, from top to bottom, running-gear, body, shafts and all, were covered with a slick coating of grease; everything was greased except the axles. The man had also greased a carriage in the same careful and thorough manner, even to its whole top, and stood by admiring his handiwork with all the satisfaction of a person who thinks he has done a job exceedingly well. Mr. Farmer got into the carriage and sadly drove to town. When he got there it was probably one of the most horrible-looking sights in the shape of a vehicle ever seen. The road was, of course, dusty, and the dust had gathered to somewhere near the depth of an inch on every square inch of its surface. The carriage looked as if it had been built dusty, and then driven across the plains, and on a trip through the Yosemite, and had tipped over numberless times on the route. It is now at Henderson's being cleaned. We have not learned whether the man's wages have been raised or not.

Facts for Kerosene Burners.

Every lamp filled with the fluid is liable to explode after burning several hours. But no explosion will ever happen when the lamp is full. The danger comes from the constant generation of an invisible vapor in the confined space above the oil. The vapor, which is inflammable, is caused by the heat of the burner communicated to the oil; but it will not explode unless exposed to flame. The metal attachments on lamps often become forty degrees warmer than the oil, which is itself sometimes as high as 200 degrees. Hence, kerosene, to be entirely safe, should be near 150 degrees proof. In the United States alone, last year, over 100 deaths per week were reported from accidents by kerosene. A simple test is to place a tablespoonful of the oil in a saucer and apply a lighted match; if the oil ignites it is unsafe; never use it. If it does not take fire it is not necessarily safe, because the temperature of the oil in open air is not so great as that in a burning lamp.

Keep the metallic parts of lamps clean and the air passages open. After a lamp has been burning three or four hours at one time, never relight again till filled. In extinguishing the light, turn the wick down quite low and allow a few seconds to intervene before blowing out the flickering flame, or, better still, do not blow it out, but let it flicker out. —*Prairie Farmer.*

It is stated that 2,380 children were turned away from the doors of the New York city public schools because there is no room inside for them. They are thus thrust back to the schooling of the tenement-houses and the streets because the Board of Education has spent so much money in giving older pupils a smattering of ornamental studies that it has not enough left to provide school-room and teachers for these little ones.

At Long Point, Tex., the colored people put bells upon the necks of their children to keep them from getting lost in the high weeds that surround the town.

From Acute to Chronic
Is an easy stage in cases of dyspepsia. A slight attack of indigestion, especially when there is a predisposition to digestive weakness of the stomach, must speedily culminate in the more obstinate form of the disease. It is well, therefore, to adopt preventive measures early. Although Hostetter's Stomach Bitters overcomes, if persisted in, cases of dyspepsia of long standing, it is obviously the part of wisdom to use it ere the malady assumes a chronic phase. This is particularly true, because as dyspepsia advances it engenders other bodily evils, such as disorders of the liver, constipation or undue looseness of the bowels, nervous disorders, hypochondria, sleeplessness. These maladies are both prevented and remedied by the Bitters, but how much better to check them in their outset with the great alternative than to wait until they establish a firmer foothold in the system. Surely the advisability of this must be apparent.

Hayes' Title.
However varied may be the opinions concerning the validity of Hayes' title to the Presidency there is not a question in the minds of either Democrats or Republicans upon one important point, viz.: the unquestionable right of Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines to the title of the Standard Remedies of the age. Listen to the voice of the sovereign people:

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Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:
Dear Sir—Your Pleasant Purgative Pellets seem to be particularly adapted to the wants of the people in this warm climate, where bilious affections are particularly prevalent. I regard them as the best cathartic I have ever tried. Yours truly,
JOHN C. HENDERSON.
Boston, Mass., May 14, 1878.
Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:
Dear Sir—Your Golden Medical Discovery has cured my boy of a Fever Sore of two years' standing. Please accept our gratitude. Yours truly,
HENRY WHITING.

Physicians recommend Dr. Graves' HEART REGULATOR as a cure for Heart Disease, showing they have confidence in it. A lady says: "From a child I have been subject to Palpitation of the heart, and for the past few years have continued to grow worse, palpitation being followed by dizziness and suffocation, so much so that I attempted to lie down my heart would seem to cease beating entirely, causing great prostration. I was obliged to have a physician in attendance for nearly a year. At last he advised me to try Dr. Graves' HEART REGULATOR, which I did, and have not taken any other medicine since. Am nearly well, and have great reason to believe I shall get entirely cured by continuing to take the HEART REGULATOR."
"MR. ALONSO MORGAN, Concord, N. H."
Send your name to F. E. INGALLS, Concord, N. H., for a pamphlet containing a list of testimonials of cures, etc.
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FAMILIARITY with the writings of the great poets is a necessity to any one who wishes to appear well in company. For 10c. we will send a book of 100 selections from the beautiful melodies of Moore, the grand poems of Byron, and the unequalled songs of Burns, and 50 popular songs. Desmond & Co., 915 Race street, Phila.

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THERE is nothing so essential to health and happiness as pure rich blood. Its prevents exhausted vitality, premature decline, nervous and physical debility, besides untold other miseries. *Parsons' Purgative Pills* purify and enrich the blood, and will change the blood in the entire system in three months.

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GOLD has been struck in the Magdala mine shaft, which is the deepest in the colony of Victoria, at a depth of 1,988 feet below the surface. This discovery is causing great excitement in Australia.

THERE is no pain, no matter how severe nor what the cause, that cannot be partly or wholly relieved by *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, used internally and externally. It is the most powerful remedy known to medical men.

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HON. C. R. PARSONS, Mayor of Rochester, was radically cured of Bright's Disease by Craig's Kidney Cure. Depot, 42 University Place, N. Y.

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A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.



A Vegetable Preparation. Invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Esq., in King James' army, through its agency have cured thousands of the most serious sores and tumors that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

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FLESH WOUNDS, FROZEN LIMBS, RHEUM, CHILBLAINS, SORE BREAST, SORE LIPS, ERYTHELAS, RINGWORMS, CALLUSES, SCALD HEAD, CHAPPED HANDS, BURNS, SCALDS, CANCERS, SORES, ULCERS, STINGS, WEN, WOUNDS, FISTULAS, ARCEUS, STRAINS, BURNS, BITES, CUTS, WHITLWOS, WARTS, BLISTERS, TAN, PIMPLES, CORNS, SCURVY, ITCH, UNBROWING NAILS, NETTLE RASH, MOSQUITO AND PLEA BITES, SPIDER STINGS, And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally.

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A positive remedy for Dropsy and all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs. Hunt's Remedy is purely vegetable and prepared expressly for the above diseases. It has cured thousands. Every bottle warranted. Send to W. E. Clark, Providence, R.I., for illustrated pamphlet. If your druggist don't have it, he will order it for you.

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THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES!
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Yellow Wrapper for Animal and White for Human Flesh. IS GOOD FOR

Burns and Scalds, Sprains and Bruises, Chinchillas, Frost Bites, Stringhalt, Windgalls, Cuts and Grease, Foot Rot in Sheep, Scalded Hands, Foundered Feet, Roup in Poultry, Cracked Heels, Epizootic, Lambsuck, Galls of all kinds, Hemorrhoids or Piles, Stiff, Ringbone, Toothache, Poll Evil, Rheumatism, Swellings, Tumors, Spavin, Sweeney, Garget in Cows, Fistula, Mange, Cracked Teats, Callous, Lameness, Caked Breasts, Horn Distemper, Sore Nipples, Crownscab, Quittor, Carb, Old Sores, Foul Ulcers, Farcy, Corns, Whitlows, Abscess of the Udder, Cramps, Boils, Swelled Legs, Weakness of the Joints, Thrush, Contraction of Muscles.

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When writing to advertisers, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Farmers' Column.

Protecting Trees Against Worms.

The bandage system, which we were the first to suggest some twenty years ago, and have often referred to since, is the only effectual protection we have yet seen against the operations of the worm in fruit trees. We repeat again that in not a single instance have we ever had a worm in our dwarf pear trees where this was properly attended to. It is simply to bandage the bottom of the tree with any kind of muslin or cloth, and tie it, letting the bandage be about six inches above ground and two inches below. It should be applied as soon as the ground is in a fit condition to go upon. These bandages should be removed at the end of October, but it will do no harm to let them alone, only that they remain in good condition for another season. As long as this is continued we defy the worm. The beetle lays its eggs an inch or two above the ground early in the spring, that is as soon as the warm days in March will admit of its coming forth from its winter-quarters; the eggs are soon hatched by the sun, being laid on the sun-side of the trunk, and the young grub finds its way down to the soft bark beneath the soil where it gradually works its way in. The bandage prevents both the laying of the eggs and the descent of the grub. Let doubters try it. One man will protect two hundred trees in a day. It may also protect the peach tree in the same way.—[*German-ton Telegraph.*]

Kicking Cows.

Here is my method with kickers: My cows are in stalls three and a half a feet wide. I use a long pole or light round rail. This I drop in a notch in the right front corner of the stall and secure it. With it I gently crowd the hindquarters of the cow against the partition on left side. The pole strikes the flank just at the top of the udder and then passes on behind her and is fastened firmly to the side of the barn back of the next cow on the left. She must be tied short or fastened by stanchion. Now the milker is master and no injury to the cow. She can't possibly hit him, and can only raise her foot forward. If she is accustomed to gentleness a soothing word the first time she raises her foot will quiet her and she will soon forget kicking. If she needs it, one firm word of command may do. If she is wild, take a stick, pretty stiff, and for one kick give one quick blow and one decided word; two blows and two words will spoil all. While she stands quiet whistle or call her name soothingly, and you will find her manners and disposition entirely changed by a little persistence, unless she is very wicked. After awhile the pole may be omitted, and she will not notice it, if it is done with care. The one great advantage of this method is that the milker feels perfectly at ease, and is self-confident, and this I consider the great requisite in the management of any animal. The pole does not interfere with milking.—[*M. O., Middlesex Co., N. J.*]

Potatoes in Italy.

About 50 years ago, says a correspondent of an English paper, when the scarcity of provisions was so severely felt throughout Italy, the inhabitants of the Tuscan Apennines, who rely very much upon chestnuts for their support, would have been almost exterminated from the complete failure of that crop, had they not been persuaded the year before into the more general cultivation of the potato. The prejudice against it was so great that it was only by offering a reward to each peasant for a certain quantity of his own cultivation that the Government succeeded in the attempt. It is to the credit of the Tuscan character that numbers—who in the time of famine had felt the benefit and importance of this vegetable—when they produced certificates of their being entitled to government bounty, declined accepting it, declaring that they no longer wanted bribing into the belief of the great utility of a plant to which they owed the preservation of their lives.

A Simple Insecticide.

Hot alum water is the best insect destroyer known. Put the alum into hot water and let it boil till it is all dissolved; then apply the solution hot with a brush to all cracks, closets, bedsteads, and other places, where any insects are found. Ants, bed-bugs, cockroaches and creeping things are killed by it; while it has no danger of poisoning the family or spoiling property.—[*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*]

A COMPANY with a capital stock of \$2,000,000 has been organized in California for the purpose of making watermelon sugar and oil, claiming that the per cent. of sugar can be obtained from the juice, and twenty-five per cent. of oil from the seed, suitable for table use.

THE yearly value of the milk, cream, butter, and cheese, produced in this country is \$300,000,000; of eggs, \$180,000,000, and of poultry, \$68,000,000.

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G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS,

Burned out by the late fire we re-opened in our new store just completed at our old stand on

River Street,

We have just received a large new stock of

Dry Goods,

Hats & Caps,

Groceries,

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Etc., Etc.

Come and see for yourself, no trouble to show goods.

PRICES ARE LOW.

A prompt delivery free of charge, can be relied upon.

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HOLLAND, Aug. 17, 1878.

\$66 a week in your own town. \$5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

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All kinds of Ready Made Shirts—including Fine White Shirts, from 85c to \$1.75; Sailors' Blue Flannel, Hickory and Cheviots Shirts, etc., etc., also the finest lot of neckties and collars, including the

Sultan Linen Collar

with a patent duplex curve, etc., etc., too numerous to mention, at the

Cheap Cash Store of

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U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. \$12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUX & Co., Augusta, Maine.

BOOKBINDING!

The undersigned wishes to inform his old friends and residents of Holland and vicinity that being at present located at Muskegon, he has made arrangements with Mr. D. R. Meene, at Holland, at whose store, on River street, all job work for binding can be left. I have purchased a new and complete line of tools and stock and will furnish first-class work.

A. CLUETINGH.

Muskegon, Sept. 3, 1878.

CONSUMPTION CURED!

The undersigned, a medical physician, having been permitted to use the much dreaded disease Consumption, by a new remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the post paid, and free of charge, with directions of preparing and using the same, which will be a sure cure for Consumption, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Nervousness, &c., &c., &c.



J. P. MOUNTAIN, Catsburg, N. Y.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Albert B. Tucker and Mary E. P. Tucker, his wife, to Anson H. Platt (in said mortgage called A. H. Platt) dated the first day of January, A. D. 1869, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, State of Michigan, on the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1869, at eight o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber O of mortgages, on page 223, 224 and 225, by which the power to sell in said mortgage has become operative; which mortgage was duly assigned by the said Anson H. Platt to Louisiana P. Middleton, now Louisiana P. Platt (in said assignment called L. P. Middleton) by a deed of assignment, dated the seventeenth day of October, A. D. 1870, and recorded in the Register's office aforesaid, on the seventeenth day of September, 1878, at half past four o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber No. 8 of mortgages, on page 587; and which mortgage was duly assigned by the said Louisiana P. Platt to Robert W. Duncan by her deed of assignment, dated the fifth day of January, A. D. 1877, and recorded in the Register's office aforesaid, on the seventeenth day of September, 1878, at half past four o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber No. 4 of mortgages, on page 587; and which mortgage has been assigned to the undersigned, who is now the holder of the same, and who is now offering the same for sale at public vendue, to-wit: All of the following described lands lying in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, to-wit: the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section five in township five north of range fifteen west, containing forty acres, according to the return of the Surveyor-General, also the north-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section eight in township five north of range fifteen west, containing fifteen acres, according to the return of the Surveyor-General, and also the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section eight in township five north of range fifteen west, containing forty acres, according to the return of said Surveyor-General, and also the south-half of the north-west quarter and east half of the south-west quarter of section eight in township five north of range fifteen west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the return of the Surveyor-General aforesaid; together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining; at the front door of the Court House of said Ottawa County, in the city of Grand Haven in said county, on Monday the sixteenth day of December next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs.

Dated, GRAND HAVEN, September twentieth, A. D. 1878.

ROBERT W. DUNCAN, Assignee of Mortgage.

32-13w

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Wholesale Dealers

Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco

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Smokers' Fancy Articles.

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GRAND HAVEN, MICH.

5-11

FOR SALE.

THE following described Lots in the City of Holland, I will sell at the following prices, Lot 9, Block F, Lot 6, Block G, West Addition \$175 each; Lot 13, Block 8, Lot 6, Block 11, South West Addition \$175 each. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6 in Block 25, as organized plat near the A. L. S. depot at \$225 each, except Lots 1 & 2 which are \$300 each. Also 6 lots West of First avenue at \$125 each. The above will be sold for a small payment down. Also the following Lots 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, in Block E, Lots 2, 4, 5 and 6 in Block H. The above will be sold on long credit and small payments down.

Apply to,

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Sarsaparilla

Is acknowledged to be the best and most reliable preparation now prepared for

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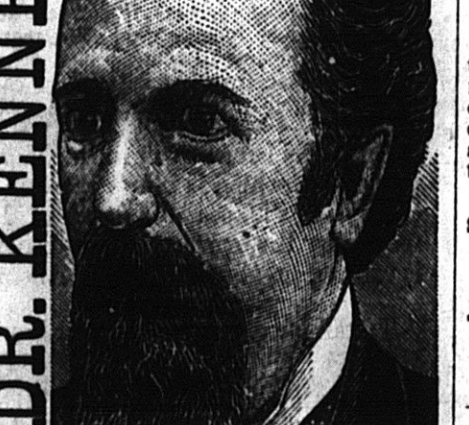
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If you are afflicted with Diseases of the Eyes, Ears, Head, Heart, Throat, Lungs, Chest, Spine, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Genito Urinary Organs, Brain, Nerves, Bones, Joints, Deformities, Malformations, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Sores, Ulcers, Tumors, Cancers, Blood or Skin, and all persons that are troubled with any ailment or inconvenience of any name or nature, are invited to call and investigate before they abandon hope.

Candid in opinion, reasonable in charges, and will not urge or persuade you to take treatment, and no one will be treated unless there is a strong probability of a cure or permanent benefit. Make interrogation and decide for yourself. Consultation free. Medicines Cash, don't ask for credit.

WILL BE AT

HOLLAND, City Hotel, the evening of the 28th and 29th day of every month. Address, Dr. J. C. Kennedy, Rathbun House, Grand Rapids, Mich., with stamp.

GRAND RAPIDS, Rathbun House, on the 1st and 15th days of every month. Address, Dr. J. C. Kennedy, Rathbun House, Grand Rapids, Mich., with stamp.

The Great English Remedy

GRAY'S Specific Medicine

TRADE MARK. Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a consequence on Self Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Un-After Taking.

Before Taking. Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and Premature Grave, all of which are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and overindulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by address ing

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Sold in Holland by Heber Walsh and by all Druggists everywhere.

49-1v

Lime, Lath, Shingles, Cord-

wood, and Stovewood, Akron

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Cheap Cash Store of

E. J. HARRINGTON.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the First (1st) day of July, A. D. 1872, given by Margaret J. Munger, then of the town of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Thomas H. Bignell, of the same place, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, Michigan, the 1st day of July, 1872, in Liber X of Mortgages, on page 425; and upon which mortgage there is now claimed to be due at the present date for principal and interest the sum of one hundred and eleven dollars and fifty-five cents (\$111.55), and no suit or proceeding at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof; Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the Statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, described in said mortgage, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: commencing fifty rods west from the south-east corner of section eleven (11) town (7) north of range sixteen (16) west and running north eighty rods, thence west forty rods, thence south eighty rods, thence east forty rods to place of beginning, containing twenty acres of land, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Grand Haven, in said Ottawa County, Michigan, on Saturday, the 14th day of December, 1878, at one o'clock in the afternoon, of said day, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs including an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mortgage.

Dated, Grand Haven, August 26, 1878.

THOMAS H. BIGNELL, Mortgagee.

Lowling & Cross, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

30-13w

The Celebrated Cincinnati

LAGER BEER

IS ALWAYS

ON DRAFT

—AT—

Wm. LEICHER.

NO. 68 CANAL STREET,

Grand Rapids, Michigan.

The finest Restaurant

in the City.

Free Lunch every Morning.

Extra Lunches prepared at

all hours.

WM. LEICHER.

Grand Rapids, Mich.

22-3m.

MEAT MARKET

—IN THE—

FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that they have finished their new Meat-Market, and are now ready to supply the customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing they feel confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor them with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store.

W. BUTKAU,

J. VAN ZOEREN.

HOLLAND, July 14, 1878.

TUG FOR SALE.

I AM authorized to sell the Steam Tug "Gem" on favorable terms.

Inquire of

MANLY D. HOWARD,

HOLLAND, Mich.

1878. FALL AND WINTER. 1878.

Millinery & Fancy Dry Goods,

And a large stock of

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,

Standard Trimmings, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Lace Collars, and Silks.

A Full line of Winter Cloaks and Shawls.

The largest and finest variety of Worsteds Goods.

Gloves and Hosiery of all colors and sizes, double

Satin Ribbon, something entirely new, etc.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET - - - - HOLLAND, MICH

Holland Marble Works.

CORNER FISH & SEVENTH STREETS.

(Near the Allegan Depot.)

H. R. LUCE,

Manufacturer of

TABLETS, HEADSTONES

MONUMENTS

And all kinds of

CEMETERY WORK

—IN STONE—

I keep constantly on hand the best kind of stock, and also a nice variety of designs. Letter ing done in the English, Holland and German languages, as desired.

All Work Warranted and

Prices Low.

Give me a call before you order, and patronize your home industry.

HOLLAND, Mich., October 4, 1877.

P. WEIRICH'S

Celebrated Lager Beer

—ON DRAUGHT AT—

Henry Weirich

No. 104 Monroe Street,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

The finest Saloon in

the City.

A Choice Stock of Cigars

and Liquors.

Lunch from 10 to 11 o'clock a. m.

HENRY WIERICH.

Grand Rapids, Mich.

22-3m

A Fresh Stock of

GROCERIES

Is offered to the Public and will be sold Cheap for Cash by

P. BOOT,

Opposite H. Meyer & Co's Furniture Store.

Tobacco and Cigars, Candies, Nuts,

and a full line of staple Groceries can always be found at this Store.

Respectfully soliciting a share of your trade, you are invited to call and see for yourself.

HOLLAND, August 9, 1878.

P. BOOT.

Insurance Notice.

Home of New York,

British America,

Underwriters of N. Y.

Firemans' Fund of Cal.

Orient of Hartford, Conn.

Roger Williams, R. I.

We represent the above reliable Fire Insurance Companies, in this City, with a total capital of over \$12,000,000.

HOLLAND, Mich., August 7th, 1878.

Howard & McBride.

26-11

MAMMOOT: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

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