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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 36.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 140.

The Holland City News.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents
for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1/2 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/4 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge.
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's sig-
nify that no paper will be continued after date.
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 24, 1874.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.		
Ex.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Ex.	
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
9.10	9.00	Chicago.	8.00	6.30	
12.15	11.30	New Buffalo.	4.55	3.05	
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
3.37	3.15	Gr. Junction.	1.45	11.40	
4.51	3.56	Pennsville.	12.51	10.55	
4.35	4.07	Manlius.	12.43		
4.45	4.10	Richmond.	12.40	10.41	
4.55	4.25	E. Saugatuck.	12.35		
	4.55	Holland.	12.05	10.05	
			A. M.		
			11.30	9.32	
			11.16		
			11.09		
			10.57	9.05	
			10.48		
			10.35	8.45	
			10.15	8.20	
			9.40	7.50	
			8.15		
			6.45		

The Grand Rapids Freight and Fruit Train
will be consolidated on Monday, September 7th,
1874, leaving Grand Rapids at 12:00 M.; Holland 3
o'clock P. M.; arriving in Chicago at 4:30 A. M.
Extra men will be placed on this train that fruit
may be handled carefully.

Grand Rapids Branch.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 24, 1874.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.		
Ex.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Ex.	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
5.30	4.50	Holland.	12.00	10.00	
5.34	5.04	Zeeland.	11.46	9.46	
5.47	5.17	Vriesland.	11.33	9.33	
6.00	5.30	Hudson.	11.20	9.20	
6.13	5.43	Jennison's.	11.07	9.07	
6.19	5.49	Grandville.	11.01	9.01	
6.40	6.10	Gr. Rapids.	10.40	8.40	

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 22, 1874.

Going North.			Going South.		
No. 1	No. 2	STATIONS.	No. 3	No. 1	
P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
9.00	12.45	Muskegon	2.15	7.00	
8.05	12.04	Ferryburg	2.53	8.00	
7.50	12.00	Grand Haven	2.56	8.10	
7.05	11.27	Pigeon	3.30	9.05	
6.20	11.00	Holland	3.18	11.00	
5.30	10.40	Fillmore	4.18	11.30	
4.00	9.50	Allegan	5.10	1.00	

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, August 23, 1874.

FROM GRAND RAPIDS.			TO GRAND RAPIDS.		
Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Express.	Mail.	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
4.50	8.00	Grand Rapids.	10.00	8.55	
5.05	8.15	Grandville.	9.47	8.40	
5.18	8.28	Byron Centre.	9.32	8.24	
5.33	8.43	Dorr.	9.17	8.08	
5.43	8.52	Hilliards.	9.08	7.58	
5.50	9.00	Hopkins.	9.00	7.50	
6.10	9.20	Allegan.	8.38	7.30	
6.34	9.44	Otsego.	8.13	7.03	
6.41	9.52	Plainwell.	8.05	6.55	
6.55	10.05	Cooper.	7.46	6.40	
7.10	10.20	Kalamazoo.	7.35	6.25	
7.32	10.41	Portage.	7.14	6.03	
7.48	10.58	Schoolcraft.	6.58	5.47	
7.57	11.08	Flowerfield.	6.48	5.38	
8.07	11.18	Moorepark.	6.38	5.28	
8.17	11.28	Three Rivers.	6.28	5.18	
8.28	11.39	Florence.	6.17	5.07	
8.36	11.45	Constantine.	6.10	5.00	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
8.45	11.55	White Pigeon.	6.00	4.50	
8.50	12.00	Chicago.	10.40	9.20	
8.50	12.00	Chicago.	10.40	9.20	
9.30	5.35	Toledo.	11.25	11.00	
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
7.05	10.10	Cleveland.	7.20	7.05	
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
1.10	4.05	Buffalo.	12.25	1.00	

Lodges.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE,
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Oct.
21, at 7 1/2 o'clock, sharp.

W. H. JOSLIN, W. M.
J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND CITY LODGE, No. 192, Independent Order
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd
Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening
of each week.
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

OTTO BREYMAN, N. G.

R. K. HEALD, Rec. Sec'y.
R. A. SCHOUTEN, Per. Sec'y.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and
Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Soli-
citor in Chancery; office with M. D. How-
ard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and
Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City
Hotel."

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer
Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery;
Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in
this line served on call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting,
Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and
River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books &
Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River
street.

CLOETINGH, A., Book-Binder, and dealer in
Books and Stationery; River street.

KANTERS, L. T., & CO., Dealers in Books,
Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; op-
posite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK W. & H., General dealers
in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done;
River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in
Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.;
Eighth street.

SPRIETSMAN, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manu-
facturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 8th
street.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-
cines, Paints, Oils, &c.; Proprietor of Dr.
W. Van Den Borne's Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full
stock of goods pertaining to the business.
See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D., General dealer in Dry
Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.;
cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and
Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. La-
barbe's old stand, 8th street. See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in
Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See ad-
vertisement.

Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a
ready market for country produce; a choice
stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store;
a choice stock of groceries always on hand.
Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

General Dealers.

DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods,
Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps,
Clothing and Feed; River street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods,
Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and convey-
ancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail
Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery,
Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Gro-
ceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New
Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry
Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.;
Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hard-
ware Store; sell cheaper than any other;
8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hard-
ware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in
Hard-ware, Tin-ware and Farming Imple-
ments; Eighth street.

Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor
First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and
from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors.
Built in 1873; furnished in elegant style, and
a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. RYDER, Proprietor;
opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. Depot; good
accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. H., Livery and Sale Stable; new
barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market
street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;
good accommodation for horses; 9th street,
near Market.

Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of
Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper
and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer
in ready-made clothing and Gents' Furnish-
ing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchas-
ed elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing
promptly attended to. River street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in
Agricultural Implements; commission agent
for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors
of *Hugger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour
Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-saw-
ing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS. & BROWER (successors to
DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Ma-
chinists. See Advertisement.

Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyan-
cer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer,
and Insurance Agent. Office, *City Drug
Store*, 8th street.

Photographs.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems
in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery
on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite
S. W. cor. Public Square.

CARPENTER, J. H., Physician, Surgeon and Ac-
couchant. Office and residence on 9th street.
Strangers are requested to inquire at Van Putten's.

EDEBOER, B., Physician and Surgeon. Office
corner Eleventh and River street opposite
public square.

EDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon;
Office corner Eleventh and River street oppo-
site public square.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetri-
cian, Regular graduated and Licensed. Of-
fice at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Ba-
ker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;
Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and
Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop;
Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing
done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS & WYNNE, Jewelers and Watchma-
kers. The oldest establishment in the city;
Eighth street.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewe-
lers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; cor. Eighth
and Market streets.

A Dry Goods Store in Paris.

Almost every American who comes to
Paris finds himself sooner or later in the
wonderful store called "Bon Marche."
When I visited it for the first time it was
because I had heard so much said by old
residents here of the great assortment of
its goods and its remarkably cheap prices.
But since my first visit I have gone there
frequently to make a real study of its cus-
toms, and have been each time more im-
pressed with the wonderful attention paid
to details throughout the whole establish-
ment.

The exterior of "Bon Marche" is not
very imposing, although it covers an im-
mense area and occupies a portion of three
streets. It is only when one enters the
building and attempts to pass from one
department to another that its vast extent
is realized. It employs about 1,300 clerks
(of whom 70 are women), besides 215 por-
ters. The closely adjacent stables of the
establishment contains 83 horses and 35
wagons to convey goods about the city.
Every European language is spoken in
the store, so that representatives of any
nationality may there purchase goods
completely at their ease. For example,
there are about sixty English-speaking
clerks, some of whom do nothing but act
in the capacity of interpreters. These
clerks all take their meals in the building,
in separate detachments. The immense
dining-hall is overhead, and can accom-
modate about three hundred and fifty at a
time. All the female clerks live in the
building, having their sleeping apartments
and "petit salon," and a dining-hall dis-
tinct from that of the men. Two thou-
sand bottles of wine are consumed by the
clerks daily. In response to an inquiry
on my part as to the object of this system,
the reply was that it was found to save
time and to promote unity of feeling and
action among the clerks to thus live to-
gether. There is no waste in the manage-
ment of the food, as the number of eaters
is known exactly. One of the clerks as-
sured me that the board was excellent and
gave entire satisfaction. This board is
really, of course, a part of their salary, al-
though in ready money these salesmen
generally receive from \$1,000 to \$1,500.

Living Upon the Past.

One sentence in the speech of Mr.
Dawes, at the Massachusetts Republican
State Convention on Wednesday, is a text
for sensible men of whatever political
affiliations: "No party can live upon its
past." It is with men in multitudes as
with individual men. Character is valu-
able capital, but to be of any present use it
must be vitalized and brought to bear
upon living contemporary interests. The
man who trusts wholly to his past reputa-
tion will find it available for biographical
purposes, but scarcely for any other. A
mercantile firm that was trustworthy,
thrifty and vigorous fifty years ago will
turn its character and reputation to good
account if it be trustworthy, thrifty and
vigorous now; but if it has lost these com-
mercial traits, if it fails to adapt itself
with intelligence and energy to the busi-
ness of the time, it will be outstripped by
younger firms. It is impossible for politi-
cal parties to escape the operation of this
rule. What a party did half or quarter of
a century ago is an excellent thing for it
to go into history with; but a party that
expects to carry elections and administer
government now must tell the voters what
it means to do in 1874 and in 1875. The
trouble with both the historical parties is
that each is trying to "live upon its past."
The "issues of the war" were of the gravest
concern so long as they were issues; but
the war has been fought out, and all pa-
triotic persons are trying to repair its
damaging consequences and to make the
belligerents as active in promoting the mu-

tual interests of peace as they were in the
work of mutual destruction. The "spirit
of rebellion" was a very bad thing, and
its putting down a condition of nation-
al life. But it implies a failure of the pol-
icy of the last thirteen years to say that the
"spirit of rebellion" is "still rampant"—
an attitude quite inconsistent, also, with
the most trustworthy observation and re-
port. "The gun on Sumter" was a fa-
mous piece of ordnance, and its discharge
a most momentous event; but we cannot
go on firing it forever. On the other hand,
"the time-honored principles of the democ-
racy" are to be respected and cherished
so far as they are time honored; but the
phrase will not serve any present practical
purpose when employed as a disguise of
principles altogether different, or a cover
for a want of any principles whatever.
Neither will appeals to "the immortal Jeffer-
son" and the other "fathers of the Repub-
lic" substantially help political pre-
tenders and renegades, of whom the fath-
ers would be heartily ashamed if they
heard them proclaiming themselves as
their sons. History may be trusted to
take care of the men who fought to save
the nation, as well as of those who found-
ed it; and the loudest lip-service of them
will not relieve any public man, or any
party, from responsibility for an honest
and a satisfactory response to the demands
of the time. Statesmen must act in and
for the present, and not "live upon the
past."—N. Y. Evening Post.

Judging by Appearances.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The East.

The Excelsior Salt Mill, at Syracuse, N. Y., was destroyed by fire last week. Loss, \$85,000. Demas Barnes, of the Brooklyn Argus, has been indicted for publishing libels on Henry C. Bowen. This is another suit growing out of the recent scandal.

It was the fortune of Beecher and Moulton to be guests of the same hotel in Boston recently.

The New York Herald is asserted to have determined to reduce its daily to three cents, on the 1st of January, and the other papers will be compelled to do the same.

On the night of the 19th of October masked burglars visited the residence of the cashier of the Souhegan National Bank, of Milford, N. H., compelled him to accompany them to the bank and open the safe, and robbed the institution of \$100,000 in currency and bonds. A New York dispatch chronicles the loss of the wrecking steamer A. Winans. All on board, fifteen persons, perished. Phelps, the Deputy in the New York State Treasury, through whose scoundrelism the State was defrauded, some months ago, out of a large amount and his official chief driven to the insane asylum, has been sentenced to fifteen years in the State Prison.

The West.

The reunion of the Army of the Tennessee was held at Springfield, Ill., on the 14th of October. Gen. Sherman presided, and Gen. John Tillson read a poem. The monument to President Lincoln was unveiled on the 15th with appropriate ceremonies. Among the distinguished gentlemen who attended were Gen. Grant, Vice President Wilson, Secretary Belknap, Gens. McDowell, Custer, Hedrick, Force, etc. The firm of E. S. Edger & Co., grain dealers and millers, of Burlington, Iowa, has suspended; liabilities, \$400,000. The Governor of Pennsylvania has issued warrants for the execution of William E. Udderzook, Daniel O'Mara and Patrick Irwin on Nov. 12.

A man named Agnew, supposed to be from Columbus, committed suicide at Mount Vernon, Ohio, last week, by hanging himself to a railroad bridge. The cattle men at Jacksonville, Ill., are organizing a committee, composed of the noted cattle kings of Illinois, Missouri and Kansas, to confer with the officers of the Chicago and Alton railroad with reference to making that city the grand resting place for stock shipped over that road.

A party of seven men from Yankton, D. T., en route for the Black Hills, were attacked by a band of Sioux at the mouth of the Little Platte river, and in the conflict which ensued one of the party was killed and one mortally wounded. The survivors retreated to Yankton, in a badly crippled condition. Apprehensions are felt for the safety of a party of twenty-seven who left Sioux City for the Black Hills and who intended to travel in the track of the Yankton party. The Indians are understood to express a determination to prevent white men entering the hills at all hazards.

A passenger train on the Marietta and Cincinnati railroad was thrown from the track near Chillicothe, Ohio, last week, resulting in the killing of Samuel Purdue and Joseph Parent, the engineer and fireman.

The marriage of Col. Fred. Grant, son of the President, and Miss Iva Honore, of Chicago, occurred on the 20th of October. The affair is pronounced by the Chicago papers the most brilliant social event in the history of the city.

The South.

In July last there arrived in this country the duly commissioned representative of European capitalists, holding upward of \$200,000,000 of bonds of the Southern States, and he was armed with the power to effect with such States a settlement of their indebtedness. This agent, who is now in New Orleans, has effected settlements with the following States, in the sums here given: Virginia, \$34,000,000; South Carolina, \$10,000,000; North Carolina, \$20,000,000; Alabama, \$8,000,000; Arkansas, entire debt, \$3,500,000; total, \$75,500,000. The \$3,000,000 of fraudulent debt of South Carolina has not been settled.

The cotton crop in Tennessee has been severely damaged by the early frosts. The United States Marshal at Montgomery, Ala., telegraphs to Attorney-General Williams that he has arrested forty-five more persons charged with committing outrages upon Republicans.

A CONVENTION of White Leaguers at Franklin, La., recently passed resolutions recognizing all the political and civil rights of the colored people, and inviting their co-operation in the election of a fusion ticket, the blacks to nominate candidates for one-half of the parish offices.

FIFTEEN of the Coushatta (La.) murderers have been arrested and taken to New Orleans for trial.

The Elliott Block, in Memphis, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$75,000. The Navy Department reports three new cases of yellow fever at the Pensacola Navy Yard, one fatal.

Washington.

A few days ago the employees in the Patent Office petitioned Gen. Leggett, Commissioner of Patents, with a handsome silver tea service, inasmuch as he contemplated resigning at the end of the month. It now turns out that the action of the clerks in presenting this service and the acceptance of it is in direct violation of a law passed some years since, and much excitement prevails in consequence.

The constitutionality of the Enforcement act is to be argued before and decided by the Supreme Court at the present term. There are two cases pending involving this point, The first as to the applicability of the Fourteenth

amendment to the civil rights of citizens, and the second is the applicability of the Enforcement act to municipal elections, which comes up from Louisiana on an appeal in the case of the United States versus Reese.

It is possible that war with Spain may yet grow out of the Virginia affair. That government has paid to Great Britain the indemnity demanded for the murder of British subjects taken from the Virginians; but it pursues a different policy with regard to the United States, and it is quite evident that Spain disputes the American citizenship of those named by the State Department, and intends to avoid, if possible, the payment of any indemnity.

It is said that Attorney-General Williams has a hankering for the Russian mission.

Political.

OHIO, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, West Virginia and Arkansas held elections on Tuesday, Oct. 13. In Ohio the Democratic majority is about 15,000, while the Congressional delegation stands 13 Opposition to 7 Republicans. The following is a list of the Congressmen elected. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are members of the present Congress:

1. Milton Saylor, Dem.
2. H. B. Banning, Dem.
3. J. S. Savage, Dem.
4. J. A. McMahon, Dem.
5. A. V. Rice, Dem.
6. Frank H. Hurd, Dem.
7. L. T. Neal, Dem.
8. Wm. Lawrence, Rep.
9. E. F. Poppleton, Dem.
10. Chas. Foster, Rep.

In Indiana the Democrats have a majority of from 8,000, to 12,000 on the State ticket, and elect eight of the thirteen members of Congress. The Legislature is neither Democratic nor Republican, the balance of power being held by the Independent members. Appended is a list of the Congressmen elected:

1. W. H. H. Hunter, Rep.
2. J. D. Williams, Dem.
3. Michael O. Kerr, Dem.
4. J. P. D. New, Dem.
5. W. H. Holman, Dem.
6. M. S. Robinson, Rep.
7. F. Landers, Dem.

Iowa rolls up a heavy Republican majority—about 40,000. The Opposition elect one member of Congress, L. L. Ainsworth, in the Third District. The following are the names of the Congressmen elect:

1. G. W. McCrary, Rep.
2. J. Q. Tufts, Rep.
3. L. L. Ainsworth, Opp.
4. H. O. Pratt, Rep.
5. J. Wilson, Rep.

Nebraska elects the Republican State ticket by over 10,000 majority. Lorenzo Crounse, Republican, is re-elected to Congress. In West Virginia the Democrats elect a full delegation to Congress, being a gain of two members. In Arkansas the election was to determine the adoption or rejection of the new State Constitution. The returns indicate that the instrument has been adopted by a heavy majority.

The Convention of Southern Republicans at Chattanooga adjourned on the 14th inst., after a session of two days. A long address to the people of the United States touching affairs in the South was adopted. The Committee on Outrages was given until December to collect evidences of lawlessness and murder in the Southern States to lay before Congress. The third term and civil rights questions were not touched. The Associated Press agents in the South were denounced by a decided vote for constantly slandering Republicans and refusing to report Ku-Klux outrages.

Dr. J. C. Ayer, of pill and pectoral fame, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the 7th Massachusetts District, now represented by Hon. E. Rockwood Hoar.

FREDERICK W. SEWARD, son of the late ex-Secretary of State, is a candidate for the New York Legislature in one of the metropolitan districts. The following are the new State officers chosen in Iowa at the recent election: Secretary of State, Josiah T. Young; State Auditor, Buren R. Sherman; State Treasurer, William Christy; Law Register, David Secor; Attorney General, M. E. Cutts; Supreme Court Reporter, John R. Rannels; Supreme Court Clerk, Edward J. Holmes.

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the New York Tribune says the Conservatives of South Carolina are circulating a petition soliciting the Federal government to resume military control of that State.

CONCERNING the third-term talk, a Washington correspondent telegraphs as follows to a leading Western daily: "A prominent Republican, who claims to have had a recent conversation with Grant, says that Grant told him he had no idea of being a candidate for the third term; that he would not run on any account, although he thinks many members of the party want him to. It is reported that Grant further says that he has not denied the stories concerning the third term, for they are preposterous, because wholly unauthorized; that it would be impertinent to contradict what he never dreamed of doing."

It has for many years been the custom of the legal fraternity of Chicago to support a brother member for almost any office, without regard to politics, the question of ability only being considered; but now that two very able members of that profession have been named for Congress from the South Division of that city, comprising the First Illinois district—B. G. Canfield on the People's (or Democratic) ticket, and Sidney Smith on the Republican—a sharp and interesting campaign will follow.

George F. Edmunds has been re-elected United States Senator from Vermont.

We present below a statement of the members of the next House of Representatives, already elected this year, compared politically with the members elected two years ago:

1872. R. D. 1874. R. D.

Texas 9 2 8 1

Indiana 10 3 8 1

Maine 5 5 5 5

Nebraska 1 1 1 1

North Carolina 3 5 2 6

Ohio 13 7 7 13

Oregon 1 1 1 1

Vermont 3 3 3 3

West Virginia 1 2 3 3

Total 46 17 32 31

The Democratic Convention of the Fifth

Massachusetts District has passed resolutions favoring Gen. Banks, who is to run as an independent candidate.

General.

THE second Congress of the Association for the Advancement of Women held its sessions in Chicago on the 15th, 16th and 17th of October, and was largely attended. Among those present were Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, Susan B. Anthony, Julia Ward Howe, Phoebe Couzens, and Jane G. Swisshelm.

GREAT excitement prevails at Ann Arbor, Mich., because of the arrest of a number of the Michigan University students by the police while engaged in athletic sports, on the supposition that they were enjoying the forbidden practice of "hazing." Gen. Shaler, of New York, has been invited by the Chicago Fire Commissioners to take charge of its Fire Department.

REV. MR. MERRIAM, a Congregational minister, and the associate editor of Henry Ward Beecher's paper, pronounces endless punishment "a slander upon God," and asserts that "it is rapidly dying out of the minds of men." What's next?

THE October returns of the Department of Agriculture show that the wheat crop is equal to or greater than last year's in all of the States except Maryland, Virginia, Texas, Kentucky, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and Kansas. In Connecticut, Delaware, South Carolina, and Illinois it is about equal to last year's crop. Other States have increased their yield. The New England States almost reached the splendid crop of the census year, approximating to a million bushels.

A CONVENTION of those interested in the removal of the capital from Washington to the Mississippi valley assembled at Louisville the other day. Twenty-seven delegates from five States were present. The Missouri State Grange met at Kansas City, Oct. 20. Over 100 delegates were present, representing ninety-one counties in the State. Master Allen delivered his address, in which he recommended many changes. He stated that there were 1,996 granges in the organization, and that the order was flourishing.

Foreign.

ELEVEN of the crew of the ship Kingbridge were lost in a collision with the Candabar in the British channel, recently. The Italian Consul at Bucharest has refused to open negotiations for a commercial treaty while the Jews in Roumania are deprived of their civil rights. The American Consul, Mr. Peixotto, has taken the same stand. The Duchesse of Edinburgh (daughter of the Czar of Russia) has given birth to a son. Dr. Avellaneda has been installed as President of the Argentine Republic. The revolution, at last accounts, was growing more formidable. Gen. Mitre, the leader of the revolutionists, was near the city of Buenos Ayres with 10,000 men, and much anxiety prevailed in the city.

The government of Great Britain has formally taken possession of the Fiji Islands, in the South Pacific. The Court of Queen's Bench, of Manitoba, has issued a decree of outlawry against Rial, the murderer of Scott. The explanations of Franco to Spain relative to the violations of neutrality by furnishing arms and supplies to Carlisle, are said to be wholly satisfactory. Glasgow University will elect a Lord Rector November 16. An active canvass is in progress. The Conservative students support Disraeli for re-election, and the Liberals are divided, some going for Forster, and others favoring Ralph Waldo Emerson. The Governor of Jamaica recently dispersed a meeting of Cubans at Kingston, which was held for the purpose of celebrating the anniversary of the declaration of their independence.

THE African exploring expedition, under the lead of Henry M. Stanley, has arrived at Zanzibar. News from the Argentine States continues warlike. The insurgent leaders, Rivas, Borges and Arredondo have joined Gen. Mitre. Several vessels of the navy have gone over to the insurgents. Sarmiento has taken command of the troops defending Buenos Ayres.

THE letters of Bismarck to Count Von Arnim, which the latter persists in retaining, are now said to be insulting notes sent by the Prince with the design of forcing Von Arnim to resign his position as Ambassador at Paris. They were based on the Count's preference for a restoration of the monarchy in France to a pacific republic. The Count, however, will not give them up, and still remains in prison, firm in the determination to be made a martyr of. Great Britain, in sympathy with the United States, has been experiencing a season of business depression. The receipts from duties in that kingdom have fallen off greatly since the American financial panic, and merchants complain of the dullness of trade.

War of the Railroads.

THERE has been serious trouble between the Baltimore and Ohio and Michigan Central railroads in Porter county, Ind. The first named road some time ago secured the right of way across the Michigan Central track near Lake Station. The latter road objected, because the State law requires all trains to come to a full stop at every crossing, and each additional crossing occasions additional delay. The Michigan Central people desired the Baltimore and Ohio road to cross at another place and by means of a viaduct, and sued out two injunctions against crossing at the present point. Both of these injunctions were removed. On the 19th inst. the officers of the Baltimore and Ohio road, with a constructing corps, accompanied by the sheriff of Porter county, proceeded to the place of crossing to lay their track. Here they found a long string of Michigan Central cars drawn up on the track, deep ditches dug, and barricades thrown up on each side, all guarded by a large force of men. The defendants refused to obey the sheriff, and resisted an attempt to arrest the leaders. The next step was the procurement of warrants for a number of the men, and afterward an attempt was made to serve them, but this was again prevented by force, and legal process obstructed. While the warrants were being read, the crowd hooted and yelled, the engines whistled and puffed, and shrieked, creating such an uproar as to drown the words of the person reading the writs. A call for assistance was then made upon Gov. Hendricks, who at once ordered a company of militia to the scene of trouble, and also telegraphed to President Joy, of the Michigan Central, to order his men to desist. The latter repaired to Lake Station, called off the dogs of war, and everything is peaceful and serene once more.

POLITICAL.

The November Elections—State and Congressional Nominations in the Northwestern States.

The States of Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Kansas and Wisconsin hold elections on the 2d of November—the first three for State officers and Congressmen, and Wisconsin for Congressmen only. Appended are the tickets placed in nomination in the several States:

ILLINOIS.
STATE TICKETS.
Republican. For State Treasurer, David Gore.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction, Wm. B. Powell.
For State Auditor, S. M. Eiler.
For State Comptroller, S. M. Eiler.
CONGRESSIONAL.
Dist. Republican. Democratic and Ind. Reform.
1. Sidney Smith. B. G. Canfield.
2. Jasper D. Ward. Carter H. Harrison.
3. Charles B. Farwell. John V. Le Moyne.
4. C. A. Harbutt. J. F. Farnsworth (Ind.).
5. H. C. Burchard. J. H. Elliott (R.).
6. J. T. Henderson. Alex. Campbell (R.).
7. Franklin Corwin. J. G. Bayne (R.).
8. G. L. Fort. J. F. Ross.
9. R. H. Whitman. J. C. Bauby (R.).
10. Henderson Ritchie. Scott Wike.
11. David E. Beatty. J. W. Springer.
12. Andrew Simpson. J. B. Turner (R.).
13. John McNulta. J. A. Stevenson (R.).
14. J. G. Cannon. W. W. Miner (Temp.).
15. J. W. Wilkin. J. H. Pickrell (R.).
16. J. S. Martin. J. R. Eden.
17. J. I. Rinkner. W. J. A. Sparks.
18. Isaac Clements. R. B. Henry (R.).
19. G. B. Raum. W. R. Morrison.
Wm. Hartzell.
S. S. Marshall.
W. B. Anderson (R.).

MICHIGAN.
STATE TICKETS.
Republican. For Governor, H. C. Charnier.
For Lieutenant-Governor, Fred Hall.
For Secretary of State, George H. House.
For State Treasurer, J. M. Sterling.
For Auditor-General, J. L. Evans.
For Commissioner of State Land Office, M. V. Montgomery.
For Attorney General, C. W. Greene.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction, Duane Doty.
For Member of State Board of Education, Edgar Rexford.
E. W. Andrews.
CONGRESSIONAL.
Dist. Republican. Opposition.
1. M. W. Field. A. S. Williams.
2. H. Waldron. J. J. Robinson.
3. G. Willard. F. Livermore.
4. J. C. Burroughs. Allen Porter.
5. W. B. Williams. M. B. Wilber.
6. J. W. Begole. J. A. McKay (Prohib.).
7. O. D. Couger. G. H. Durand.
8. N. B. Bradley. E. M. Goodrich.
9. J. C. Hubbard. G. F. Lewis.

MINNESOTA.
STATE TICKETS.
Republican. Chief Justice Supreme Court, J. R. McMillan.
Associate Justice Supreme Court, F. R. E. Cornell.
CONGRESSIONAL.
Dist. Republican. Opposition.
1. W. H. Dunneil. F. H. Waite.
2. H. B. Strat. E. S. J. Cox.
3. W. S. King. E. M. Wilson.

WISCONSIN.
CONGRESSIONAL.
Dist. Republican. Opposition.
1. C. G. Williams. N. D. Pratt.
2. L. B. Caswell. A. G. Cook.
3. H. M. Macdon. C. F. Thompson.
4. H. Ludington. W. P. Lynde.
5. J. Allen Barber. S. D. Barchard.
6. A. M. Kimball. G. B. Buck.
7. J. M. Ru. D. C. Fulton.
8. A. S. McDill. G. W. Cate.

KANSAS.
STATE TICKETS.
Republican. Governor, James C. Casey.
Lieutenant Governor, E. Harrington.
Secretary of State, Nelson Abbott.
Treasurer, C. F. Koester.
Auditor, G. P. Smith.
Attorney-General, J. R. Hollowell.
Superintendent of Public Instruction, H. B. Norton.
Associate Justice, W. P. Douthitt.
CONGRESSIONAL.
Dist. Republican. Opposition.
1. W. A. Phillips. M. J. Parrott.
2. S. Cobb. J. W. Brown.

*Members of present Congress.

The Path of the Israelites.

THE Oriental Congress recently held in London, discussed among many other things, the tradition of the passage of the Red Sea by the Israelites. A paper was read on this theme by Brugsch Bey, a distinguished Egyptian scholar. He was commissioned, some time since, by the Viceroy of Egypt to determine as exactly as might be the precise geographical location of the famous passage. He has studied the country carefully. In support of his theory, he submitted maps, copies of old inscriptions, geological drawings, etc. The country north of the Red Sea, between it and the Mediterranean, is in many places low and marshy. It is liable to overflow. Geology shows that the two seas have sometimes met in one. A high wind will even now send the waters of the Red Sea rolling far to the northward of their usual boundary. The path pursued by the Israelites was north of the present limits of the sea. Brugsch Bey's geographical researches have shown this. His theory is that the Hebrews reached the low-lying region at a time when it was overflowed; that the waters subsided to their natural level on account of a lull in the wind, and thus allowed safe passage; and that the pursuing Egyptians were caught, as single travelers have sometimes been since, by the northward rush of the water driven by another high wind from the south. This plausible theory, which reconciles the Biblical account with the possibilities of science, was generally accepted by the Congress. The Brooklyn Argus says that Dr. J. P. Thompson, of the New York Tribune, has already come to this conclusion, and that he has not been alone in his views. The submission of the theory shows that scientific researches may confirm, as well as oppose, the Bible.

A PHYSICIAN writes to a New York paper that Americans are too quiet at their meals, and adds that "it is a well-established clinical fact that cheerful society at meals greatly aids digestion. The sympathetic influence which exists between the stomach and brain attests the truth of the assertion."

An Extraordinary Crime.

The case of William E. Udderzook, convicted of fraud and murder in a Pennsylvania court, is one of the most extraordinary in the annals of crime. A few years since Winfield Scott Goss insured his life in various companies for \$25,000. He was a picture-gilder, receiving not more than \$1,800 per annum, and the heavy insurance, so disproportionate to his means, caused some comment, though the companies in which he was written were not thoroughly alarmed until the reported death of their risk, which reached them eight days after the issuance of the last policy. They refused to pay, and the soi-disant widow commenced suit. On the trial Udderzook appeared as a witness for the widow, and testified that he and another person had left Goss in a house where he was carrying on certain experiments, and upon their return, shortly after, they found the building in flames. The charred remains of a man were found in the debris, Mrs. Goss testifying that they were those of her husband. The widow recovered a verdict, notwithstanding that there were grave reasons to doubt the identity of the corpse. The general resemblance to Goss was manifest, but certain details showed a difference in the dental formation, and there was evidence that on the evening of the assumed accident, Udderzook hired, under another than his own name, a horse and buggy to go to the neighborhood of a cemetery. With much plausible ingenuity the defense worked up the theory, subsequently confirmed substantially as the fact, that the body found was not that of Goss, but of what a medical practitioner would call a subject, purchased for the purpose of swindling the insurers. A new trial was granted. Pending a hearing, the body of a murdered man was found at Chester, Pa. There was a likeness between the corpse and a stranger who had been seen driving with Udderzook, and the insurance companies, who firmly believed that Goss had gone from the burning house, on the night of the fire, to the far West and had returned quietly to Pennsylvania, determined to watch the former witness. The result was his arrest for murder. It transpired on the trial that the murdered man corresponded both to Goss and to A. C. Wilson, doubtless an alias adopted by Goss. Step by step Udderzook was followed from attempted fraud to consummated murder, and it was shown by circumstantial evidence, sometimes stronger than direct, that he had first conspired with Goss to defraud the insurance companies, and then murdered him in the mistaken hope that no witness to the minor crime could then be produced against him. Udderzook is to be hung on the 12th of November.

CHEERFUL.—Italy has an annual deficit which has never been less than 200,000,000. ; a public debt which has increased in thirteen years from 2,439,000,000, to 9,757,000,000; a forced paper currency of 840,000,000, together with an entire disappearance of gold and silver; exchange ranging between 8 and 16 per cent., and at times even 20 per cent. against the country, and imports to a large amount in excess of the value of Italian productions exported.

HE DOES.—Amid a hot political campaign, murders and rioting all over the country, the Beecher scandal, disappearance of little Charley Ross, and Prof. Tyndall's alarming materialism, the Philadelphia Ledger stops to ask: "What is the plural of 'Daddy Long-legs'?"—New York World

The Markets.

NEW YORK.			
BEEVES	8 @	13 1/2	
HOGS—Dressed	8 1/2 @	8 1/2	
COTTON	1 1/2 @		
FLOUR—Superfine Western	4 35 @	4 80	
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago	1 06 @	1 08	
No. 1 Spring	1 18 @	1 25	
CORN	91 @	92	
OATS	61 @	63	
RYE	97 @	1 02	
PORK—New Mess.	20 00 @		
LARD—Steam	14 @	14 1/2	
CHICAGO.			
BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers	6 50 @	7 00	
Choice Natives	5 75 @	6 00	
Good to Prime Steers	5 40 @	5 75	
Cows and Heifers	2 50 @	3 00	
Medium to Fair	4 00 @	4 50	
Inferior to Common	2 25 @	3 00	
HOGS—Live	6 00 @	6 50	
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter	7 00 @	7 25	
Red Winter	5 50 @	6 00	
WHEAT—No. 1 Spring	83 @	83 1/2	
No. 2 Spring	84 @	85	
No. 3 Spring	84 @	85	
CORN—No. 2	75 @	76	
OATS—No. 2	43 @	49	
RYE—No. 2	82 @	83	
BARLEY—No. 2	1 06 @	1 08	
BUTTER—Choice Yellow	35 @	39	
Eggs—Fresh	21 @	22	
PORK—Mess	19 00 @	19 00	
LARD	13 1/2 @	14	
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall	1 09 @	1 10	
CORN—No. 2	77 @	78	
OATS—No. 2	50 @	51	
RYE—No. 2	85 @	86	
PORK—Mess	21 00 @		
LARD	12 1/2 @	13	
HOGS	5 50 @	6 25	
CATTLE	4 50 @	6 00	
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 1	97 @	98	
No. 2	91 @	92	
CORN—No. 2	74 @	75	
OATS—No. 2	47 @	48	
RYE	81 @	85	
BARLEY—No. 2	1 08 @	1 09 1/2	
CINCINNATI.			
WHEAT—White	1 10 @	1 15	
CORN	73 @	75	
OATS	53 @	56	
RYE	93 @	95	
PORK—Mess	21 @		
LARD	12 1/2 @	13	
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 1 Red	1 09 @	1 10	
Amber Michigan	1 05 @	1 06	
CORN	76 @	77	
OATS	49 @	50	
DETROIT.			
WHEAT—Extra	1 17 @	1 18	
Amber	1 05 @	1 06	
CORN	81 @	83	
OATS	49 @	50	
CLEVELAND.			
WHEAT—No. 1 Red	1 09 @	1 09	
No. 2 Red	1 03 @	1 04	
CORN	80 @	81	
OATS	54 @	55	

KLEPTOPANTALOOMOMANIACS is the latest name and the best fit for the female dress reformers, who are determined never to be happy in this world till they get 'em.

A Salt Lake City correspondent of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* says: "There seems to be a general impression among strangers that the city of Salt Lake is located on the margin of the great Salt Lake, and the tourist on his arrival here is surprised and disappointed to find that it is not. The popular visiting place on the lake is what is called Black Rock, lying directly west, twenty miles distant from this city, on the old overland mail road going toward California. It is a most interesting spot to visit, and it is very strange that out of the many who travel across the continent, desirous of seeing everything of interest, there are so few who will take the time and trouble to see this most wonderful and beautiful sheet of water. The size of the lake is about eighty miles from east to west, and about one hundred miles from north to south. It is the great reservoir for all the waters that empty into the surrounding valleys, without any known outlet except what the gentle rays of the summer sun draws up to the cloudy strata of the heavens. The water is exceedingly salty, more so than any body of water in the world, and its buoyancy is fully 100 per cent. more than that of the ocean. In the crudest manner the Mormons make a pail of salt from three pails of water, and the buoyancy is very perceptible in bathing, when the ordinary swimmer finds he can float as easily and securely as walking on the 'sure and firm-set earth.' Sinking is impossible. The water in the lake is gradually rising, and some estimates have put it at ten inches each year; but no means have been taken to measure it until about two months since, when a granite monument was erected at Black Rock, a short distance from the shore. The lake as a thing of beauty is almost unsurpassed. The water at times is of the deepest green; at others, of the purest blue; and, varying from the shallow to the deep water, from the lightest to the darkest shades, and at all times like the grand old ocean. The seagull and the pelican scale just overhead, riding gracefully the waves upon its smooth or rolling surface."

The other day a compositor in this office got hold of a part of a page of the chirography of M. D. Bloss, editor of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*. It isn't writing at all, but Bloss seems to kick the ink bottle at a sheet of paper and then sends the paper down to the compositors as editorial. This part of a page was used as the foundation of a plot to deliberately destroy a human life. A line or two was written above it, Bloss' page marked "solid," and it was handed out to a "jour," who had just struck the office. He claimed to be "lightning" on the "set" and on reading manuscript, and he set up the introductory line like a whirlwind. When he came down to Bloss he grabbed for a cap "A," held it a second and then dove into the "Y" box. He then threw that back and picked out a dollar mark. No sentence can commence with a dollar mark, and the typo paused, spit on his hands and rested one foot on the cross-bar of his rack. After a moment he grabbed a "m," but slowly replaced it and toyed with an italic "Z." Then he spit on his hands some more, corrugated his brow, and hauled the manuscript under his eyes. It was no go. He held the page further off, close to his nose, slanting to the right and square before the window, but he couldn't start it, and he knew in his soul that no other human compositor outside of the *Enquirer* could do it. As afternoon faded into twilight he laid the page aside, set up two or three lines out of his head, and then slipped into his coat, said he'd got to go to the depot to see a friend, and he was gone. In the stick he had set up the words: "Tell my mother that I will meet her on the other shore." He probably will. He was seen at the foot of Griswold street, heard to ask if death by drowning wasn't easier than hanging, and it is probable that his marble form now lies at the bottom of the cold, green river, while Bloss is a murderer. —*Detroit Free Press.*

A knot of commercial and financial gentlemen, after having dined together, were chatting over their wine. One of them, however, a man of large wealth, gathered chiefly in an enormous retail dry goods establishment, was holding forth upon a subject as to which he thought his knowledge and his financial importance gave him the right to expect deferential audience. But this being rather a habit of his, his table-companions, by mutual understanding, concerted at the moment, did not give him the attention that he expected, and turned and chatted with each other, as the whim took them. Whereupon he, to insure a proper hearing for his "remarks," took out his pencil and rapped smartly two or three times upon the table. "C-c-c-cash!" instantly responded a notorious wag who was of the company; and the summons of the great dry goods dealer did not have exactly the effect which he intended. The fun and the cutting satire of the rebuff cannot be denied; and perhaps it must be admitted that the sufferer by his assumption had laid himself open to criticism, if not to such rebuke. But still the incident is characteristic of a style of manners not worthy of entire admiration. — *The Galaxy*, for October.

VICTOR EMANUEL.—Victor Emanuel rises at three in the morning to go a hunting, and when he gets hungry enters the house of the first peasant he meets, asks for an omelet and a pot of light wine, and, while eating, converses with the host and family around him about the neighbors, the crops, and the petty incidents of the village. His quality is only known by the royal price which he pays for his breakfast.

The following report shows the condition of the various Savings Banks doing business in Michigan on September 30, 1874, as compiled from reports to the State Treasurer under the General Banking law :

LIABILITIES.										RESOURCES.									
NAME OF BANK.			Location.	Capital.	Surplus.	Due and Pending Notes.	Profit and loss.	Total.	Loans and Advances.	Bonds.	Cash.	Real Estate and Pictures.	Due from Banks.	Deposits.	Overdrafts.	Total.			
Adrian Savings Bank	Adrian.	\$1,000 00	\$5,916 37	\$1,000 00	\$10,916 37	\$7,341 65	\$1,410 60	\$298 30	\$1,505 50	\$129 35	\$129 37	\$10,916 37							
Bank of Adrian	Bank of Adrian.	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00			
Bank of Detroit	Bank of Detroit.	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00			
People's Savings Bank	People's Savings Bank.	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00			
Wayne County Savings Bank	Wayne County Savings Bank.	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00			
General Savings Bank	General Savings Bank.	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00			
Lawrence County Savings Bank	Lawrence County Savings Bank.	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00			
Port Huron Savings Bank	Port Huron Savings Bank.	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00			
Wyandotte Savings Bank	Wyandotte.	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00			
Total.		\$705,200 00	\$120,197 88	\$4,210,084 22	\$85,474 62	\$3,181,856 72	\$3,220,464 75	\$740,830 21	\$702,624 24	\$50,098 17	\$385,202 74	\$46,571 51	\$2,759 59	\$5,181,856 72					

The balance of cash in the State Treasury Oct. 7, 1874, was \$1,093,346.01. Receipts for the week ending Oct. 14 were \$28,586.60; payments during same time, \$11,354.88; leaving a balance in the State Treasury of \$1,110,577.73; an increase for the week of \$17,231.72.

The specific items are as follow :

RECEIPTS.	
Tax histories.....	\$ 31 01
State tax debts.....	7 10
State tax lands and bids.....	3,880 53
Redemptions.....	6,921 38
Delinquent taxes.....	3,714 41
Counties—Tax sales.....	454 30
General account.....	345 70
" Taxes and reductions.....	5,157 00
Specific taxes—Railroad companies.....	5,900 00
" Fire insurance companies.....	70 68
" Mining companies.....	755 27
Tolls on St. Marie canal.....	350 00
Interest on specific taxes.....	10 29
Sale of old furniture.....	10 00
" compiled laws.....	7 00
" session laws.....	9 50
Peddlers' licenses.....	5 00
Fees from Secretary of State.....	37 00
Commissioners of Deeds.....	3 00
Notaries Public.....	8 00
Auditor General.....	7 00
Primary school principal.....	360 00
" interest.....	579 60
Swamp land principal.....	120 00
" interest.....	11 12
University principal.....	920 00
" interest.....	39 13
Agricultural College principal.....	90 00
" interest.....	33 50
Normal School interest.....	32 00
Salt spring interest.....	21 15
Taxes on part paid lands.....	84 61
Total	\$28,586 60
PAYMENTS	
Redemptions.....	\$ 1,671 13
Salaries.....	300 00
Awards Board of Auditors.....	152 70
Advertising tax sales.....	1,228 88
Agricultural College interest.....	5,880 00
County Treasurer collecting sales.....	17 40
Territorial laws.....	400 00
Military.....	31 25
Fish commission.....	375 43
Total	\$11,554 88

MICHIGAN has thirty-two charcoal blast furnaces, nearly all of which are in operation, three that run on bituminous coal and coke, and one on anthracite. It also has four rolling-mills for muck and merchant bar, and one rail-mill. The blast furnaces have an

aggregate daily capacity of about 1,000 tons.

The State Tax for the present year aggregates \$78,796 less than last year and \$73,458.45 more than two years ago. The items are stated by Auditor General Humphrey as follows :

Agricultural College.....	\$ 28,692.
Asylum for the Insane at Kalamazoo.....	60,000.
New Asylum for the Insane.....	1,040,000.
Institution for Deaf, Dumb, and Blind.....	46,000.
Military Fund.....	33,382.
N. w. State Capitol.....	240,000.
State Prison building.....	50,000.
State Public School support.....	20,000.
State Reform School.....	33,950.
University Aid (1-20 mill tax).....	31,500.
General purposes.....	306,000.

Total.....\$393,434.60

It will be seen that \$340,000 of this amount is for new buildings, and when they are all completed a great reduction of taxes may be made. The State Constitution commands all specific taxes, however, to be appropriated either to the Primary School interest or the interest or principal of the State debt. Unless the Constitution is altered or violated, there must be a direct State tax for some purposes.—*State Republican*.

REGISTRATION.—We would remind a voters who failed to register in 1871 that they, as well as new voters, or those who have changed their residence, must register this year to be entitled to vote. The fact that their names are on the lists of registration previous to 1872 will not make any difference. That being a year for general registration, only those who were then registered and who have not moved out of the ward or voting district are entitled to vote this year without registration. No citizen should deprive himself of the elective franchise by his own neglect, and therefore every man who possesses the requisite qualification should see to it that his name is on the poll list in his district.—*Detroit Tribune.*

A PLAINTIVE REQUEST.—Recently a man about forty years old was taken to the Central Station as a "drunk," and he held out pretty well until his name was down and they were ready to lock him up, when his courage gave way and he asked: "Sergeant, will you do me one favor—just one?" "I guess so," replied the Sergeant, "what is it?" "In the town of Saginaw lives my father and mother," sobbed the man, "and won't you telegraph 'em that their only orphan boy is in trouble down here?"—*Detroit Tribune.*

A correspondent of the *Nashville Union and American* writes from Washington county, Tenn.: Near Mr. Faw's farm, on the lands of S. E. Edwards, is the famous Boone tree which contains the earliest record of civilization in Tennessee. It stands on the northwestern slope of a hill which rises up from Sinking creek, near the Blountsville and Jonesboro stage road. The hill is thickly set with beech, maple and oak, and the whole earth is rami-fied with gnarled roots, which cover the surface like an inextricable mat. The dense woods, the roar of the little creek as it leaps in cascades over the tinted limestone, and the deep gloom of the forest gave a wildness to the surrounding not unlike what one may imagine it was 114 years ago, when Daniel Boone, the bold pioneer, resting his rifle against the tree, carved in indelible characters the result of the day's work in this way:

Cilled D. Boon
in A BAR On
THE Tree
YEAR
1760.

At that time he was 26 years of age and doubtless was more than 100 miles from any human habitation, relying alone upon his own brave heart, strong arm and trusty rifle. The tree is just two feet in diameter and leans about three degrees from perpendicularity. It has been greatly defaced by seekers after immortality, who have inscribed their names, otherwise unknown, all over it, for ten feet, or nearly so, above the surface of the ground. For several hundred yards southwest, and immediately around the tree, is a large number of mounds, with corresponding depressions, which have led many to believe that it was originally a mining region of the Indians, and some have been led to think that beds of pure silver, as rich as those of Potosi, might be found by digging. But I am satisfied that the mounds have been produced by uprooted trees, whose roots decaying have left the cherry beds high above the general surface.

Among the recent physical problems is that suggested by the fact that a ball or bar of solid iron will float upon a molten mass of the same metal. The account for this it has been argued that iron, like water, expands on solidifying and hence that solid iron is specifically lighter than when in a molten state and that, this being the case, the iron floats just as ice does in water. Unfortunately for the acceptance of this theory, it is stated by its opponents and with good reason, that iron does *not* expand as described, and hence is not subject to the law that governs ice. The second and apparently just theory to account for the phenomenon is that when a ball of solid iron is brought in contact with the molten metal, it does not sink, owing to a film of air adhering to it, which repels the molten iron and prevents contact. This phenomenon will be at once recognized as kindred to that known as the spheroidal state of liquids.

AMERICA owes Europe three hundred millions of dollars for defaulted interest on American securities.

A SPANISH FABLE.

A pompous old *Turkey*, conceited and vain,
As deeming himself of a lordlier breed
Than the wandering birds of the forest and plain,
Once challenged a *Crow* to a trial of speed.

If you e'er saw a *Crow* as he satled through the sky,
And noticed how lightly and swiftly he went,
Compared with a *Turkey* attempting to fly,
Of this notable match you will guess the event.

"I say!" screamed the Gobbler, as falling behind
He saw his antagonist certain to win,
"Look here! did it ever occur to your mind
You're as black as the deuce, and as ugly as sin?"

"Moreover," he cries, "I have frequently heard
You're the odious tool of the treacherous Fates;
& wicked, uncauny, Plutonian bird;
A monster of evil whom every one hates!"

"Away with yourself! it is loathsome to see
A fowl who on carrion feeds with delight;
From birds who are decent no wonder you flee;
The faster, the better!—quick! out of my sight!"

The match being over, the winner replied:
"You spoke of my *color*—that isn't the thing;
The question, I think, which we met to decide
Was which of the two is the fleetest of wing!"

Some critics—aware they are likely to fail
In argument, follow a similar plan;
The works of the author 'twere vain to assail,
And so they endeavor to injure the man!
—John G. Saxe.

FASHIONABLE fall suits—Libel suits.
WHAT kind of sweetmeats were in the ark? Preserved pairs.

ALTHOUGH a woman's age is undeniably her own, she does not own it.

THE longest word in the English language is smiles, because there is a mile between the first and last letters.

DEAR JANE is gone, my darling Dan,
Sue was calquied yesterday;
But the wind upset the tomato can,
And blew her ashes away.

A NEW proverb says: "The man who sets out a single shade tree is better than the founder of a base ball club."

"JOSHUA," said Quiz's landlady to her hopeful, at breakfast yesterday. "Joshua, what is an heir apparent?" "There's one on the butter, mother," replied the unfilial youngster. And the old lady lit upon him with the coffee-pot.

An angry teacher was whipping a pupil, and having prolonged the exercise far beyond the bounds of moderation, the boy looked up and calmly said, "Come, sir, you must be tired, let's take a rest;" and he wrested the whip from the teacher's hand.

A PARTY of young men were out serenading a few nights since. They sat on the pavement, which had recently been paved with a tar solution. Next morning the rear of six pairs of pants dotted the walk, and music is heard no more around that cottage.

Not long since, at Sunday school, the teacher, after trying hard to impress on the minds of a class of small boys the sin of Sabbath-breaking, asked, "Is Sunday better than any other day?" when the smallest boy in the class answered: "You bet your boots it is!"

At a Nevada theater, recently, the gas went out during the early part of the performance, and for a brief period there was considerable excitement and profanity. The voice of the stage manager was heard from the direction of the stage as follows: "Sit down, will yer, while I send for some members of Congress to come round and orate. Then, I guess, we'll have gas enough to go on with the show."

"How much is your stick candy?" inquired a boy of a candy dealer, on Tuesday. "Six sticks for five cents." "Six sticks for five cents, eh? Now lem'me see, six sticks for five cents, five for four cents, four for three cents, three for two cents, two for one cent, one for nothin'." I'll take *one*," and he walked out, leaving the candy man in a state of bewilderment, which lasted three days.

A CHICKEN found an egg one day,
Laid by a goose that had a mission
And had deserted it; so she
Sat down on it to hold possession.

She liked its looks; 'twas smooth and white;
So heedless of the baleful comet,
She sat and sat, till lo! one night
A tiny gosling fluttered from it!

The old goose saw, and wept aloud,
 "Who broke my darling toy?" she driveled.
 "I s'pose I must have been too proud."
 And wiped her eyes and gently unweiled.

"I cannot lie," said chickeybid;
 "Go, make another one to match it;
 Who mashed that shell? You bet I did—
 I did it with my little hatch it!"

HOW THEY SHOOT AT CREEPMOOR

The regulations of these matches exclude all firing from a "rest;" but this means an artificial rest. The marksman, however, may choose any position or posture of the body; he may lie flat, face downward, or on his back, face upward, or take any recumbent position, or go down on his knees or stand erect. He may brace his body in any way by the use of his arms and legs, and may use either for "a rest" if he can get it into satisfactory position. All the marksmen in the recent match, on both sides, chose the "recumbent" position, some lying face downward, using their knees and elbows to brace themselves in position; some lying on their backs, using their knees and feet as rests, and some inclined slightly to one side, yet still on their backs.

MARK TWAIN WILL NOT LECTURE.—Mark Twain thus crusheth the hopes of lecture managers in a letter to Mr. Redpath: "Your offer of \$30,000 to lecture fifty nights does not tempt me. I have run about the world long enough. I mean to live and die at home now if I starve at it. I love you, but I cannot lecture any more."

AN enthusiastic admirer of Goldsmith Maid has pulled two hairs from the great troiter's tail, and intends to have them woven into a ring. He needs a plug hat to stow his ears in.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	25	40
Beans, bushel	15	15
Butter, lb.	18	27
Clover seed, bushel	18	25
Eggs, dozen	18	14
Honey, lb.	18	25
Hay, ton	18	14
Hides, green, lb.	18	25
Maple sugar, lb.	18	25
Onions, bushel	18	25
Potatoes, bushel	18	25
Timothy Seed, bushel	18	25
Wool, lb.	18	25

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed, lb.	18	25
Chickens, dressed, lb.	18	25
Lard, lb.	18	25
Pork, dressed, lb.	18	25
Smoked meat, lb.	18	25
Smoked ham, lb.	18	25
Smoked shoulders, lb.	18	25
Turkeys, lb.	18	25
Tallow, lb.	18	25

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	18	25
" " " " " "	18	25
Heating bolts, soft wood	18	25
Heating bolts, hard wood	18	25
Stave bolts, soft wood	18	25
Stave bolts, hard wood	18	25
Railroad ties	18	25

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white, bushel	18	25
Corn, yellow, bushel	18	25
Oats, bushel	18	25
Barley, bushel	18	25
Rye, bushel	18	25
Feed, 100 lb.	18	25
Barley, 100 lb.	18	25
Middling, 100 lb.	18	25
Flour, 100 lb.	18	25
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.	18	25
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lb.	18	25
Fine meal, 100 lb.	18	25

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF HOLLAND.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 19	schr Kate Howard 96—
" 20	schr Banner 74 t—
" 20	schr Arrow 60—
" 20	schr Tri Color—33 pkgs mdse.
" 20	schr Jones 120—
" 20	schr Fortune Trial 11—
" 21	schr A. Plugger 87—
" 21	schr Planet 89—
" 21	schr Active 51—
" 22	schr Four Brothers 95—
" 22	schr Mary 81 t—

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 19	schr Kate Howard—70 m ft oak lumber
" 20	schr Banner—60 cds wood.
" 20	schr Arrow—70 cds bark.
" 20	schr Tri Color—90 m f b staves 230 bbls heading.
" 20	schr Jones—40 cds wood 75 cds bark.
" 20	schr Fortune Trial—240 bush apples 2000 cabbages.
" 21	schr A. Plugger—70 m p b staves.
" 21	schr Planet—75 cds wood.
" 21	schr Active—300 bush apples 20 cds wood.
" 22	schr Four Brothers—95 m bucked p b staves 25 bush onions 50 bush Rutabagas.
" 22	schr Mary—70 cds wood.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHILVEN, — — EDITOR.

Saturday, October 24.

It is said that Senator Morton was with great difficulty restrained from opening the campaign in Indiana with a general and specific denunciation of the President, and from making the fight in the State on the ground of open hostility to the Administration, and predicted the late Republican defeat in that State. He is further quoted with saying, "as for himself, he was free to say that the nation had been cursed with the worst Administration, during the past two years, ever known in its history; and when the proper time came he was ready to say so publicly."

Among the latest and prominent arrivals at the City Hotel, on Wednesday, were Messrs. M. H. Creager and W. T. Perlee, the Republican candidates for Treasurer and Register of Deeds. We had the pleasure of seeing their happy (anxious) faces at our sanctum, just as we were getting out some slips. Notwithstanding this we managed to entertain our visitors, telling them about the many virtues of our people, how they do stick together, etc., at the same time keeping an eye on our slips. They left Holland on the six o'clock train. We parted after a mutual exchange of good wishes for success, with such mental reservations as the peculiar circumstances of the case authorized.

The election in Georgia has been one sided. All the Counties, but three, gave Democratic majorities. There will not be more than fourteen Republican members in the Legislature. Alexander H. Stephens, in addressing a meeting the other night, spoke about two hours on national affairs. The passage of the civil rights bill would, he says, work great evil and destroy the public school system in the South. President Grant, he would do him justice to say, had done his duty. He saw no objection to a third term *per se*. He saw no reason why a President who had executed the laws faithfully should not be elected for a third term, if the people desired it. He had looked into the Louisiana question, and saw no sense in abusing President Grant. He spoke hopefully of the future of the Republic; advised his hearers to obey the laws, suppress lawlessness, and to be true to the Constitution and Union as established by our fathers.

GOLD closed at 1.10

(Correspondence.) The University.

In our last letter, either through an error on the part of the compositor, or by reason of the beautiful chirography, that haunts our manuscript, we were reported as estimating the length of the new hall at 220 ft. It should have read 320 feet. We noticed among the local notes, an item stating that "eighteen young ladies had been admitted into the University, this fall." The ladies, attractions everywhere, seem to possess threefold interest when they enter a college or other higher institutions. At least so we should infer from the frequent mention of the fair ones connected with the University. But perhaps this may be caused by interest in the experiment of the co-education of the sexes here; and also its connection with the woman's right agitation. Be this as it may, however, the wise anti-suffrage gentleman, seeing the statement that after three or four years' trial, only eighteen young ladies avail themselves of the glorious opportunities offered them here, would be convinced that it was a "perfect failure." But upon inquiry we find the number of ladies to be: In the Medical Department, forty-one; in the Law, four; and in the Literary, (although the exact number cannot be ascertained) there are about seventy.

A number of Japanese are here in the pursuit of our civilization and knowledge. Also among the foreigners, two colored gentlemen from Liberia, Africa, may be mentioned as being several miles from "home, sweet home." They are studying medicine and are said to be very intelligent, and making remarkable progress in their studies.

To us, at least, the most interesting thing connected with the life of a student, was to have the question "what does he do?" answered. He studies of course; but how does he amuse himself, when off duty? Perhaps we cannot do better than to give a few facts in regard to a little "time" that occurred on Friday and Saturday evenings. As is well known "hazing" received a severe blow last spring, from the effects of which it is not likely that it will ever recover, at the Michigan University. The students have not made a single attempt at hazing this fall; and their exuberance of animal spirits began to seek for an outlet. The "fresh" and "soph" classes are especially inclined to want something to vary the monotony of University life. They therefore prepared for a friendly "rush" on Friday evening. To the uninitiated we will explain that a "rush" means, a "rough-and-tumble" contest, to decide the physical superiority or inferiority of a class. Everything progressed finely. The battle song of the valiant sophomores, "A Pin freshman's ears back—Tight," could be heard in all directions, as the members of this class gathered on the campus. The freshmen's "seventy-eight," also informed the good citizens of Ann Arbor that they were assembling to try their mettle. The two parties began the contest, as soon as a sufficient number of warriors had appeared. The freshmen were in the majority, although there was but a slight difference in numbers. They had a decidedly lively time, but finally when the sophomores were receiving a few finishing charges, two of the city police force appeared, and each grasped a student. This at once put a stop to the victorious shouts of the freshmen. One student succeeded in escaping, but the other was marched down town and fined \$5.75. The amount of the fine was raised by a collection taken up among the students. During the night another of the "rushers" was captured and placed in the lockup until morning, and then fined.

Great excitement prevailed among the "boys," over this action of the city authorities in interfering with the students when only engaged in "rushing," and doing it too, on the campus. The citizens of the city, with scarcely an exception, condemned the interference of the police.

Saturday night at about eight o'clock, the melodious notes of a fish horn and the cheers of the boys, proceeding from the direction of the University, betokened "something on hand." Students came pouring in from all directions, and it was soon made known that a demonstration to show their opinion of the Ann Arbor police was to be made. A procession was formed and a march for down town began. From almost every house students rushed out of their "dens" and fell into line. College songs, cheers, whistling and yells, were indulged in as the procession moved along. They went down through the principle streets, and then returned by the campus, and halted before President Angell's residence. The number of students in the procession was fully seven hundred. This crowd, after cheering enthusiastically, called for "President," and that irrepressible American article, *speech*. The President appeared, and gave the multitude about ten minutes of "speech." His remarks were very pleasant and elicited several hearty rounds of applause. Then after giving three cheers for President Angell and the University, to which seven hundred throats contributed, they marched down to "head-quarters," in front of the Law building, and there sang "It's a way we have in Ann Arbor," etc., to their hearts' content.

MINISTER JAY has been sued in Vienna by his ex-landlord for one year's house-rent, having left his house without giving the year's notice, which was stipulated in the lease. Mr. Jay, on being sued, claimed immunity because he was the representative of a first-class nation, and pleaded his diplomatic privilege. When put upon that ground the householder had to confess himself beaten. All he can do is to wait until the Minister resigns, and then, if caught in Austria, which is not very likely, he can be brought into court.

Special Notices.

LEAVITT'S SWISS BELL RINGERS are coming, and will give one of their entertainments, at "Music Hall," this evening, the 24th inst. They have a splendid Silver Cornet Band, and Orchestra, and a Troupe of Bell Ringers upon their new set of silver plated Swiss Bells. The celebrated Batchelder Sisters, Vocalists, also Prof. Batchelder the renowned Cornet Soloist, are now engaged with this Troupe. Mr. Frank Billittier the Italian Harp Soloist is also with them and is considered one of the finest performers traveling. Mr. J. R. Field, is the Humorist of the Troupe, and to see and hear him, is alone worth the price of admission, the Press everywhere speaks in the highest terms of him. We see by our exchanges that the Troupe is first class and giving splendid entertainments. Give them a full house this evening.

Special Notice.

The CITY DRUG STORE will be kept open on Sundays, until further notice is given.

HEBER WALSH, Proprietor.

HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

Just Received.

A large and choice stock of Fashionable Fall Dress Goods, Flannels, Furnishing Goods and Notions, which I offer *Cheap for Cash*. Give me a call, and examine the stock. No trouble to show the goods.

DANIEL BEITSCH.
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 18, 1874.
N. B.—Come and examine those 50 cent Corsets.

To the traveling public, and those leaving for Grand Rapids on the afternoon train, we would state that BURGARD'S, 38 Pearl Street, is the best place for a meal, or a lunch, in Grand Rapids. Everything necessary for a first-class restaurant, is kept there and there is no unnecessary delay. Try and see.

Every Person.

Man, woman, boy or girl should send at once for one of the Excelsior Stationery Packets, containing Note Paper, Envelopes, Pen Holder, Pencils, Pens, Blank Book, Blotter, Photographs, Tooth Picks, Perfume Sachet, Chinese Puzzle, and a fine piece of Ladies' or Gents' Jewelry. Try a Package. Price, post paid, 50 cents, or 8 for \$1. Agents Wanted. Address: J. CARTY BURROWS, 319 HARMONY ST., Philadelphia, Pa.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS.



There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, sprains, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The receipt is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for sprained or sweated horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use." Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, \$1.00. J. B. Rose & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only safe article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

New Advertisements.

GUN-SMITH.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public of Holland and vicinity that he has opened a shop for the repairing of

Guns, Sewing Machines, Etc.,

and all other repairs in that line, either of wood or metal.

For the present I have located my shop in the Blacksmithshop of Mr. G. J. TE VAAKWERK, opposite the new Flour-mill, Eighth Street. I also deal in second hand Sewing Machines, and parties wishing to make purchases, will do well to call and examine my stock.

F. VELKERS.
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 10, 1874.

CASH FOR WOOD.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION of the City of Holland wish to contract for wood for the Public Schools, during the coming winter. Those having good wood to sell, cheap, will please apply to the Secretary of the Board of Education.

By Order of the Board of Education,
H. D. POST, Secretary.
HOLLAND, Sept. 16, 1874.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. The New Physiologistical Self-cure mailed under seal. Price 25 cents. Address M. & S. Institute, Milwaukee, Wis.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain Indenture of Mortgage, which was made and executed by Arend Cloetingh, and Tryntje Cloetingh, his wife, of the City of Holland, Ottawa County, State of Michigan, to Arthur W. Currier and Theodore C. Putnam of the City of Grand Rapids, Kent County, State of Michigan, parties of the second part, on the twenty-second (22d) day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (A. D. 1873), which was recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Ottawa in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (A. D. 1873), at 8 o'clock A. M., on pages 624, 625, and 626, of Liber 'S' of Mortgages, in said office, by which default the power of sale contained in the said mortgage has become operative, and on which mortgage there is now claimed to be due the sum of Three hundred twenty-two dollars and ninety cents (\$322.90) of principal and interest, together with an Attorney's fee of thirty dollars (\$30) as in said Mortgage stipulated and agreed for foreclosure and sale, and also provided in said Mortgage; and no suit or proceedings, either in law or in equity, having been commenced for the foreclosure of said Mortgage, or the collection of the debt secured thereby, or any part thereof, Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said Mortgage contained, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the lands and premises described in said Mortgage on the eleventh (11) day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five (A. D. 1875), at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, State of Michigan, that being the place where the Circuit Court for the said County of Ottawa is holden, which said lands, and premises are described as follows, viz:—All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Holland, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, more particularly known and described as follows, to-wit:—The South half (½) of lot number Two (2) in Block numbered sixty-six (66) in the City of Holland formerly known as the village of Holland, according to the recorded map of said city.

Dated the 17th day of October, A. D. 1874.
ARTHUR W. CURRIER and THEODORE C. PUTNAM, Mortgages.
H. D. Post, Attorney for Mortgagees.

CLOSING OUT!!

I intend to remove and will close out my entire stock of

JEWELRY AND PICTURES, Stationary and School Books.

Paper, Envelopes, Writing Books, Pens, Pencils, Albums, Diaries, Confectionary, Toys Etc.

For Cash—At Cost.

All those owing me are requested to come and settle. Parties having binding to do will please come soon.

I also offer a good Lot and Dwelling on South River Street. A. CLOETINGH.
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 30, 1874.

H. MEENGES, DEALER IN GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Crockery, Glassware, Stoneware, Lamps. Vegetables in their Seasons.

Sole Agent in this City for the "Non-Explosive Lamps."

RIVER STREET. HOLLAND.

R. KANTERS, DEALER IN STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations. All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention. R. KANTERS.
HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-1f

Challenge Washer. Best and cheapest, 50.00 sold. In use, 10 years. Sent on trial anywhere. Return at our expense, if it fails to give entire satisfaction. Agents wanted. They average \$10 per day. Send for circular. S. W. Palmer & Co. Auburn, N. Y.

\$10, to \$1,000 — Invested in Stocks and gold pays 200 per cent. a month. Send for particulars. Tumbridge & Co. Bankers, 2 Wall St., N. Y.

WANTED. Lady Agents in every City and Town in New England States. Exclusive territory given, sell at sight, \$5 to \$10 a day guaranteed on commission or salary. Address: Ellis Manufacturing Co., Waltham, Mass.

NOTICE!

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors, of the "Holland Iron Company," held at the City of Holland on Thursday afternoon, September 10, 1874, it was unanimously resolved to make an assessment of two per cent on the capital stock of said company, and that the same be paid within thirty days at the office of the Treasurer, Mr. N. Kenyon. By order of the Board of Directors.
H. WALSH, Secretary.
HOLLAND CITY, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874.

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH., Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

N. KENYON.

55 to 60¢ per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINTON & Co., Portland, Maine. 50-1y

PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery,

Of the Most Approved Patterns;

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching, Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM DRY KILN, AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS, Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.
46 3/4 S 1y

BENSON & WADSWORTH.

IMPORTERS OF Brandies and Champagnes, No. 30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Sole Agents in the United States for the Wine Houses of C. C. BENSON & CO., OF RHEIMS, COGNAC AND LONDON.

Benson's Fine Old Golden Grape Cognac is the finest Brandy ever exported from a French vineyard, and can be procured only from us. Champagnes, Sherries and Ports of the finest flavors, all from the houses of C. C. Benson & Co. Our goods are sold and delivered in their original packages as they left the vineyard in France, and guaranteed perfectly pure. PRICE LIST sent free on application. 115-1y

I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors. Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH
Druggist & Pharmacist.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS

DEALERS IN GROCERIES AND

FLOUR & FEED.

8th Street, Holland, Michigan. We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABAREE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegend's) a FLOUR & FEED and GROCERY Store. We shall keep on hand everything that pertains to a complete Family Supply store.

Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain, and Mill Stuff, At Lowest Cash Prices. SLOOTER & HIGGINS.
HOLLAND, Aug. 13, 1874. 108-1y

For a good bargain go to the Store of JOHN ROOST & SON,

GENERAL DEALERS IN Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps, FLOUR AND FEED. The highest price paid for BUTTER AND EGGS, in Trade or in Cash.

J. O. DOESBURG,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

NO. 70, EIGHTH STREET.

Drugs, Medicines,

Paints and Oils.

Are sold as cheap at this Drug Store as at any other. Medicines warranted to be strictly pure.

Trusses, Chamom Skin,

Counter, Cloth,

Hair and

Paint Brushes.

All the leading Patent Medicines in the market. A full Stock of the very best Perfumery sold in bottle or by measure.

J. O. DOESBURG.
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874. 134-1y

Hottings.

Mr. Post's sidewalk on River Street is finished.

REGISTRATION and election notices will be found on the last page.

THE Allegan press is decidedly personal, specially on the question of Representative.

MARKET-DAY at Drenthe, October 28; Iceland, November 4; Holland, November 11.

THE last *Harper's Weekly*, had a fine illustration of the Lincoln Monument just dedicated.

In the elections thus far for the 44th Congress, the Opposition have gained eighteen members.

COL. MESSMORE has been nominated for Representative in the State Legislature, for the district of Grand Rapids.

It is expected that the Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad will be completed to Ludington, by the last of the next month.

THERE is another five million dollars law-suit pending, between the Erie Railroad, Com. Vanderbilt, Gould, Drew and others.

At a meeting of the Allegan Bar, Judge Littlejohn presiding, resolutions complimentary of Judge Stone were unanimously passed.

THE Supreme Council, thirty-third degree, of Free Masons, has been established at Ottawa, Canada, on a warrant from the Prince of Wales.

JUDGE Williams is advertised to speak at Saugatuck, Oct. 17; Lamont, Oct. 19; Whitehall, Oct. 26; Spring Lake, Oct. 27; Holland, Oct. 28.

THE brass band musicians, buglers, fifers and drummers who served in the Union army during the war are to have a reunion at Columbus, Ohio, on the 26th.

"GRACIOUS, what a cow!" was the approving remark of a teetotal judge of Vermont after swallowing a milk punch which had been offered him as a glass of milk.

THE news at San Francisco from the Arctic whaling fleet is not encouraging this season. The weather has been mild. Up to August 10, only five whales were seen by the entire fleet.

ADVICES received from Virginia say that Ex-Governor Henry A. Wise contemplates running as an independent candidate for Congress in the Richmond (Va.) district, in order, if possible, to defeat the democratic candidates.

A ROPE an inch in diameter will bear about two and a half tons, but in practice it is not safe to subject it to a strain of more than about one ton. Half an inch in diameter, the strength will be one-quarter as much; a quarter of an inch, one sixteenth as much; and so on.

THE trial of Kullman, the would-be assassin of Prince Bismarck, is set down for the 29th instant. It is expected that Prince Bismarck will give testimony personally. The number of applications from foreign journalists for places in the court far exceeds accommodations.

THE purchase of Louisiana, in 1803, included not only the present State of Louisiana, but the territory now comprising the States of Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Indian Territory, Dakota Territory, and the greater part of Minnesota.

The Gilchrist Brothers, of Dunningville, cut the logs, drew them to their mill and sawed the lumber to fill a bill of 54,024 feet of pine, in ten hours and forty minutes, including the loading of it on the cars, and delivered the same at South Bend within twenty-four hours from the time the first tree was hacked into by the woodsman's ax. We venture to say that this is the quickest work ever done in this State, with one saw.—*Allegan Democrat*.

At a late meeting of the Boston Board of Trade, a committee was appointed to confer with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Congressional Committees concerning a revision of the tariff laws, with a view to simplify collections of the customs revenue, diminish opportunities for fraud on the revenue, protect the honest against the fraudulent importer, and promote economy in the collection by abolishing unproductive custom houses and duties.

On our fourth page, "*Jasper*" gives an entertaining communication of the late demonstrations of the University boys at Ann Arbor. We notice, by the papers that the action of the city authorities is generally condemned by the people. President Angell has served a notice upon every saloon keeper of the city, directing their attention to the State law and City ordinances, relating to the sale of liquors to students. The most prominent saloon keepers say that they will pay no attention to it at all, as the law cannot be enforced.

GRAIN in store in Chicago, 2,908,997 bushels.

THE anti-slavery veterans have held another re-union at Newport, Indiana.

A RISE in lumber freights is looked for. Many of "the mosquito fleet" have stripped.

"So far, so good," as the boy said when he finished the first pot of his mother's jam.

At Shepherdstown, in Jefferson County, West Virginia, the first steamboat was built.

"LIEUT. D., what arms do you regard best adapted for colored troops?" "Razors, sir."

"Call me pet names," says Toombs to Gen. Hill, and Hill replies: "Liar and coward!"

"COMPOSITION" of a Danbury boy: "An ox does not taste as good as an oyster, but it can run faster."

SAYS an Iowa paper: On our first page will be found articles on the Beecher-Tilton scandal and apple dumplings.

A YOUNG widow in New Orleans being asked after her husband's health, answered with a soft, quiet smile, "He's dead, I thank you."

ENGLAND now numbers 1,893 priests, 1,453 churches, eighty-six monasteries for men, 286 convents for women, and 1,260 Catholic schools.

Gov. Dix, of New York, while campaigning through his State for re-election, finds it necessary to denounce the press-gag law as an infamy.

GENERAL Banks is delivering an excellent lecture on "What a man owes to the town he lives in." This would be a splendid subject for this place.

THE loss caused by the typhoon at Hong Kong is estimated at £1,000,000. The shore for miles around is strewn with the wrecks of vessels that were destroyed.

THE irrepressible P. T. Barnum is looking at the Exposition Building, at Chicago; that is to say, he wants to get possession of it, and convert it into a hippodrome.

At the General Episcopal Convention in session at New York the house of clerical and lay delegates concurred in a resolution forming a new Diocese in this State. The next question will be the Bishop.

WHEN a Delaware man catches a boy up a peach tree and shoots six or eight bullets into him, the neighbors gather, call the meeting to order and "*Resolve*, That one boy isn't any great loss, but such careless shooting must be discouraged."

On the 19th instant the wife of Sam Henry, a colored resident of Sallsbury, Maryland, became the mother of four children. When informed of the fact Sam began to prepare for a journey. "I ain't gwine to live in dis Sallsbury no longer," said Sam.

JUDGE Stone has tendered his resignation as Circuit Judge of this judicial circuit, to Gov. Bagley, to take effect on the first day of November. He has formed a copartnership with Messrs. Norris & Blair, of Grand Rapids, in the practice of law, and will make that place his residence.

JUDGE Ballard, in charging a jury in a United States District Court, at Louisville, Ky., gave an opinion that what are known as Ku-Klux cases do not properly come before the United States courts, except so far as court processes, officers, or property of the United States are therein involved.

TO-NIGHT the moon will pass through the earth's shadow, and be totally eclipsed during the lapse of 33 minutes and 40 seconds. The eclipse will begin at 11:51½ p. m., and end at 3:1¼ a. m., of Sunday, Chicago time. As the moon will be high up in the heavens, the phenomenon will be an interesting one.

GAME is plenty in and around Holland, and the assortment is attractive. On Tuesday, we saw Mr. Geo. H. Brooks come in with a bearskin hanging across his gun, which he had just killed a few miles north of the city. The next day another bear was killed in that same locality by Mr. Crispell. In Overijssel, Mr. John Dangremont managed to catch a live fox, and on Wednesday morning, right in the heart of the city, Mr. Hufferuiter had a nice large skunk in his trap. "Whew, smell him breff."

THE following is one of Daniel Webster's "best"; he was speaking of our conflict with Great Britain: "Our fathers raised their flag against a power to which, for the purpose of foreign conquest and subjugation, Rome, in the height of her glory, is not to be compared; a power which has dotted over the surface of the whole globe with her possessions and military posts, whose morning drumbeat, following the sun in its course, and keeping pace with the hours, circles the earth with one continuous and unbroken strain of the martial air of England."

FARMERS gather what they sow, while seamstresses sew what they gather.

THE October term of the Ottawa County circuit court commenced last Tuesday.

THERE will be a new time table out next week, on the C. & M. L. S. R. R.

FROM four acres of vineyard near Black Lake 26,000 pounds of grapes were gathered.

THE propeller *B. F. Wade*, will the coming winter be transformed into a barge.

RYERSON, Hills & Co., of Muskegon, are already receiving logs from Fremont Center.

GUIZOT's last words are said to have been, "How many are killed in these great wars!"

THE pier light at Ludington has been moved from its old position to the extreme end of the south pier.

A TALL New Haven policeman complained of a young man for insulting him by asking if "it was cool up there."

THE 29th instant has been appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor to be observed as a day of Thanksgiving in the Province of Ontario.

AMONG the officers of the United States steamer Michigan is one who has been on board ever since she was commissioned, thirty years ago.

DR. J. C. AYER, of pill and cherry pectoral fame, was nominated for Congress by the Seventh District Republican Convention of Massachusetts.

A WRIT of issue was served last week on the counsel of Henry Ward Beecher in the Tilton libel suit. The case will be placed on the November calendar.

BARNUM, who has humbugged the American people all his life, got paid back in his own coin the other day when he married. His wife had false teeth.

REV. ROBERT COLLIER has finally decided not to accept the call which he recently received from the Church of the Messiah, New York, but to remain in Chicago.

THE Schooner *O. R. Johnson*, of Saugatuck, encountered the first snow of the season on Monday, of last week. About an inch was caught upon her decks.—*Commercial*.

THE Phoenix Hotel has lately changed hands, and is now managed by Mr. John McVicar, who has leased the property of Mr. James Rider. The hotel is doing a good business. Its location near the Chicago Depot secures it a good travel.

AMONG the lists of lecturers we find the following Michigan names; President Angell, Hon. Charles S. May, Judge Littlejohn, Hon. C. L. Walker, Mrs. Hazlett, of Hillsdale, Judges Cooley and Campbell, Moses Coyt Tyler, Theodore Romeyn and many others.

Maiden Aunt.—"Don't you know, sir, it's very dangerous to throw stones? That one very nearly hit me, sir! And supposing it had put my eye out, and blinded me, what would you have done then?"

Street Boy.—"Shure, I'd have married yer, av course!"

THE tug E. B. Ward left Manistee on Friday evening, with a raft of logs containing between 700,000 and 800,000 feet for Chicago. Sunday morning she put into Ludington with her tow, and the undertaking has been abandoned. The raft will be permitted to winter at Ludington.

THE past week has been unusually prolific in lake disasters. Hardly a day has passed by without receiving intelligence of vessels sunk ashore, not to mention the many minor accidents. The list of accidents, large as it already is, is not yet exhausted, and new additions are daily reported.—*Chicago Tribune*.

THE afternoon train, going north on the M. L. S. R. R., was delayed several hours, on Tuesday, by an accident on the draw bridge across Grand River. The *Schr. Ottawa*, while passing up the river ran into the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad bridge in going through the draw, staving away her head gear and sustaining other injuries. The approach and support to the draw was so damaged that trains were delayed until night.

THE regular meeting of the Regents of the Michigan University was held at Ann Arbor, on the 10th inst. By-laws were adopted forbidding students to frequent drinking and gambling saloons, and reappointing Moses Coit Tyler as Professor of English Literature. President Angell's annual report was read. It affirms the increased prosperity of the University; the entirely satisfactory results of co-education, and asks that the standard of the medical school be by some means raised. The total number of students in attendance last year was 1,112. The total expenditures, \$140,798.54. The deficit, \$8,589.35. The estimated deficit for next year is \$10,500.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

NEW DRESS SILKS!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we have this season added to our Stock, a NEW and COMPLETE Line of

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS, LADIES' SUITS AND SACKS AND SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS.

We have visited the Eastern Jobbing Houses, and personally selected our stock of

MILLINERY AND TRIMMINGS, OF THE LATEST STYLES.

A Beautiful Selection of

PARASOLS, FANS, LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,

And a complete stock of

KID GLOVES.

All First Class Goods. At the Lowest Cash Prices.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERG,

EIGHTH STREET - - - HOLLAND, MICH. 115-17

Boots and Shoes,

At the Store of

L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

Judiciously and carefully selected for the season, and comprising the most complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES ever offered in THE CITY OF HOLLAND.

LADIES, GENTS, YOUTHS, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,

Of the Latest Styles.

CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING

Done at short notice.

Cash Paid for Hides.

Our prices compare favorably with those of our neighbors, and it is our purpose to compete successfully with the trade outside this city, intending not only to satisfy our old friends, but to draw a new trade to this city and the Boot and Shoe Store of L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

HOLLAND, April 1, 1874. 46-½ cl-1y

LAKE EXCURSIONS.

"FANNY SHRIVER."

The Public are informed that the pleasant and beautiful little steamer FANNY SHRIVER of Holland, can be chartered any day or evening during the summer season to make excursions on

Black Lake & Lake Michigan.

We would further announce that in addition to the above arrangements, we have also purchased a large barge, which will be fitted up with suitable seats and awnings, and will accommodate from 300 to 400 persons, and admirably adapted for Sunday-School picnics or large excursions.

Parties chartering, have the exclusive control for that day.

Holland, June 1st, 1874. F. R. BROWER Captain. 130 tf

The Old and Reliable House

OF

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.

Also a full line of

FINDINGS!

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-3½ s-1y

J. DUURSEMA.

T. KOFFERS.

NEW STOCK

At the

GENERAL RETAIL STORE

Of

DUURSEMA & KOFFERS.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Stoneware, Notions and Trimmings, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Glassware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET, - - - HOLLAND, MICH. 115-17

JOSLIN & BREYMAN,

OF THE

Variety and Jewelry Store!

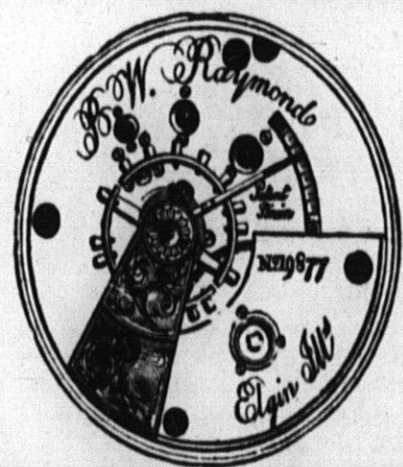
Have on hand a constantly replenished, carefully selected and ever fresh stock of

SILVER PLATED WARE,

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

SILVER SETS,



FANCY TOYS,

AND

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & NOTIONS.

Call on us and you may be sure the appearance, prices and quality of our Goods will suit you. We are ready to repair.

WATCHES, CLOCKS OR JEWELRY,

In a Thoroughly Satisfactory Manner.

CORNER OF 8th AND MARKET STREETS. 46-½ cl-1y

P. & A. Steketee,

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY,

GLASS-WARE, HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES, ETC., ETC.

—In the—

Brick Store,

—of—

E. J. HARRINGTON,

Where may be found at all times, at

Wholesale or Retail!

Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

CASH PRICES.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874.

HOW THE BULLS WENT DOWN MANHATTAN TOWN, OCT. 4, 1874.

BY JOHN VANCE CHERNEY.

The records of time are full
Of the wondrous, thunderous bull;
A hero in harness, the boast of the ring,
He's sometimes a god, and often a king.

The following bull:
The Golden Bull, the bulls of Basian,
Bulls of the Pope and the Irish nation,
Bulls of sides, calculation,
Bulls of every stall and station,
Bulls on Jewish altars slain,
Bulls of the mountain and bulls of the plain
Jupiter's self turned bull again;
The ruminant race since Adam's fall;
The whole end-kind—what are they all
To the Texan horse
That belov'd and bored
The drove down
Manhattan town?

How the Irish brutes made merry
From Central Park to Hamilton Ferry;
Every alley and every street
Cleared and scoured by their cloven feet—
Snorting and snoring, ranting and roaring,
Butting and bawling, gashing and goring—
O, the unkindly line!
How they leaped from line to line!
Lopping and limbing, tossing and trimming
The lace and the linen of men and women,
Over and under, and into the air,
Here and there and everywhere!
O, the bulls!

The following bulls:
The police marched out, and the boys in blue,
Doctors of drugs and divinity, too;
But what could their bugdugnos and sabers do;
The bulls and bulls of the buttoned crew;
They aimed at the bulls and maimed the men;
They fired and loaded, and fired again,
But the shot rolled off like drops of rain
From the mailed bos of the Texan plain.

The bull "was abroad,"
And life was a fraud,
And he drove like a demon down
Manhattan town!

Los, bovis, bovi, bovem,
G-mint, Jerusalem!

How Taurus swept in his shaggy glee
As the bovine stamp to his bloody spree,
Hoofs and hoofs to his hoofs,
Not a second to breathe, for he shook his mane,
And oh! how the bulls buckled to it again!
Heap on heap, ten at a leap,
Wide and deep, ten at a sweep—
Such sport the powers never before saw
Since the heel of the heifer kicked over Chicago!
How many a man and many a maid
Prayed that that never before had prayed!
How many a man and many a maid
Caught their first glimpse of the distant Aiden!
If they fastened horns on the judgment day,
Put auters on Hades, and brought it to bay,
There couldn't have been a worse dismay
Than followed the people all the way
When the world was wild and the sky was
lowery.

And the Texan bulls went down the Bowery!

O, the bulls!
The terrible bulls!
The bulls above and the bulls below—
But the lords of the Texan plain,
When shall we see their like again?
From "Frisco road to the Bay of Fundy,
From sea to sea, from pole to pole,
As long as there's fear in the human soul,
It will be told how there came on a Sunday
Four-footed disaster,
Fiercer and fiercer, faster and faster,
Snorting and snoring, ranting and ranting,
Butting and bawling, gashing and goring—
How the bulls went down
Manhattan town!
—New York Evening Post.

ACTING A PART.

The postman rang at the door of No. 78 Huntington place, and our only servant, a slow-paced creature working on half wages, took her own time to answer his summons. And no wonder! It was one of the sultriest mornings in mid-summer, and everybody who is anybody had long been out of town. We ourselves would have liked to be in the country, too; but, Oh, what hard work it was to live anywhere on poor mamma's small income! The effort kept us continually in bad temper, and it was by no means surprising that when the letter brought by the aforesaid postman was duly considered, we all floated into a stormy discussion respecting its contents.

"You ought to be willing to do most anything," said my sister Henrietta, "to get away at all. Aunt Buckley's invitation is only for mother and I, for a few weeks; but why can't you write and say you haven't been strong lately, and the doctor urges a change of air? You'd be perfectly sure of an invitation by return of mail. Then we could shut up the house, and 'twould be such a saving!"

I sprang up at this keen proposition, and, looking in the glass, beheld the rounded, womanly form of a girl of nineteen, a pair of clear and healthy hazel eyes, soft, waving hair, and not the first indication of feeble health.

"It won't succeed, Henrietta," said I, gravely; "but, if it's necessary for somebody to personate the invalid, take the role yourself, and your affectionate little sister will go along to take care of you."

"Dora, your insolence is just unbearable, I do say. Mamma, would it do for me to personate the invalid?" said Henrietta, in a rage.

"Decidedly not," replied mamma; "and you ought to know, Dora, that when a young man sends an invitation to a young lady so cordially as Harry Buckley has this one, he feels more than a cousinly interest merely. I fancy Harry means—well, something."

Complacent, fat, sandy-haired, sandy-browed, and sandy-colored generally, Henrietta sat before me; and, as I looked at her graceless attitude, her inexpressive face, and physique in general, my thoughts flew to Harry Buckley—tall, brown-bearded, and aged twenty-seven. Henrietta was thirty-three if she was a day—but, feeling my hot blood rising, I left the room to avoid further snarling.

How intensely I did hate the never-ending and petty deceits to which mamma and Henrietta were always resorting in order to keep up appearances. Now, if I had had my own way, I should have concluded that merest thoughtlessness, or a fancy, perhaps, that I would not enjoy six weeks at a rambling old farm-house, had caused my aunt to exclude me from the invitation sent to mamma and Henrietta. And I should have frankly written to my father's dear and only sister, and said I should so like to visit her at the same time with my mother and sister. But to go by any other than fair and open means was absolutely distasteful in thought alone. Mamma and Henrietta, however, could not appreciate my feeling, and in the conversation from which I had broken away they charged me with abominable and monstrous selfishness.

As I sat looking out of my window upon parched back yards, struggling foliage, and bleaching, blanching kitchen shutters in the rear of "home," I thought perhaps I was too inconsiderate; that even while my soul revolted from so many mean subterfuges and pettinesses, they were possibly inevitable, and I ought to be resigned to my share. Perhaps on this very occasion I ought really to make a compromise, and do as I was desired. I went at once to the looking-glass, wet my brush, and took the curl out of my hair as far as possible; then putting on my last year's faded gray alpaca dress, I wrapped a little shawl about my shoulders, and returned to mamma's room to personate the invalid.

"Henrietta," exclaimed I, opening the door, "here is my offering on the altar of sisterly affection."
"Is it possible?" returned my appreciative sister; "for once unselfish! Well, if you'll only act your part correctly for a fortnight, the country air will have worked sufficient good for you to resume your usual appearance."

Something in the expression of my face, actually hot with disgust and shame, induced mamma to say, "Dora, dear, people in our circumstances have to do such things—"

Which remark I interrupted rather indecorously by saying, "Please tell me what's to be the matter—gout, consumption, or softening of the brain? I positively object to being rheumatic, but softening of the brain might account for all my inconsistencies."

Henrietta was provoked again, but finally it was decided that I should have no disease, being merely "not at all strong." A week after we were at Chartersville Station, and I languidly lying back among the shawls and satchels of our luggage, waited while mamma and Henrietta attended to our transfer to aunt Buckley's residence. Some one crossed the station-room floor, and lo! my cousin Harry was standing by my side.

"Why, Harry!"
"Why, Dora!" he exclaimed, excitedly; "I've just seen aunt Henrietta, and they tell me you are ill. You don't look so, though."

"But I am—worse far than you dream," I replied.

"Well, well," said the good fellow, softening down, "we must get you well again, if you really are sick; but I declare, I will say I never saw you looking better. I'm off for a few days, not being aware that you were coming to Chartersville, and—hello! there's my train."

Harry was gone; and Henrietta, rushing in, exclaimed, "Dear me, Dora! what in the world did you say to Harry?"

"I said all I could; I made myself a liar, and I feel just as contemptible as you might suppose."

"Dora Langdon!" exclaimed my fretted sister, "you're nothing but a selfish thing, and you behave precisely as I supposed you would under the circumstances. A broken reed you are to trust to." Henrietta raised her sandy eyebrows, with a martyred air, and I crept invalid-like into aunt Buckley's carriage.

The grand old farm house, made of cobble-stones, with old-fashioned gables, peaks, and windows, stood upon a sloping hillside at the entrance to a lovely Berkshire valley. Handsome barns, granaries, and a picturesque gray dairy with Swiss-like eaves, added to the landscape, while exquisite walks, flower lawns, and nestled shrubberies made the place most lovely. The excellent and hospitable relative to whom we were indebted for our exceeding comfort left nothing untried to secure our happiness and improve my health. Weeks passed by, and, Harry having returned from his southern trip, we were comparatively a most contented group; and had it not been for certain pointed thrusts of his, all bearing upon my appearance, health, etc., I should have been right happy. But I could not stifle conscience, and always averting my eyes and flushing painfully when Harry spoke about my health, I became actually ill from mere and sheer nervousness. Henrietta, too, dressed in girlish fineries, laces, flowers, jewels, and floating ribbons, always made a foil of me with the close-throated wraps, heavy somber dresses, and practical, unbecoming shawls appropriate to an invalid; until, weary of deceit, and actually suffering from restraint, I became as unstrung as any *bona fide* sufferer.

"Dora," said Henrietta, one day, as she was arraying herself in a girlish blue grenadine, "don't you really think Harry is marked in his attentions to me before strangers, and everywhere, indeed, for that matter? didn't you think him devoted yesterday at dinner?"

"How should I know?" I crossly answered; "I, at least, was devoted to my dinner."

"Yes, and to your companion—a widower—a good match—a wealthy farmer, Dora!"

I rushed from the room disgusted, weary of myself, tired of life, and full of contempt for a woman's miserable managings. I went down to the dining-room, and stood looking out of the window at the glorious summer morning, with which my poor heart had so very little sympathy. Some one, and that some one Harry, sauntered into the room behind me, and presently said:

"So you're all going picnicking to-day, I hear?"

"Yes," I replied; "are you not going, too?"

"Not I," said Harry; "I take no interest in such doubtful pleasures, and I never pretend interest, or anything else, for that matter!"

Though my face burned hotly, I responded:

"One has often to do many things

for the sake of politeness—a little pretense, then, is necessary."

"What a creed!" ejaculated Harry, by this time become my *vis-a-vis* at the window; "I consider acting deceitfully to be more than contemptible; and I would avoid the person who did that thing as I would a victim of the plague."

My brain turned giddy, and I could not reply. Suddenly Harry caught my hand, and exclaimed:

"Dora! Dora! what's the matter with you?"

"Nothing," said I, feebly; "let me go."

Harry released me immediately, and I dropped into a chair, while he, bending over my head and smoothing my hair tenderly, said in a compassionate voice, "Poor little one, you are not strong; this being pulled about the country to visit is too much for you."

Bursting forth with the tears I could no longer repress, I rushed up to my mother's room, sobbing bitterly. When I had explained my misery, Henrietta said, "Always think of yourself; if you will, you will, though, and we must all be content, and try to bear it."

"I'm sure I don't know from whom you inherit your strange disposition," said mother—"not from me, certainly. Do go and bathe your face, and come down stairs like a rational being." But I could not, and, still sobbing, a gentle knock was heard at the door, and Aunt Buckley entered. Her fair, sweet face was full of sympathy when, coming to me, she gently kissed my forehead, and said, "Dora, dear, you are really ill; Harry is right; you are not strong enough for all this excitement of going over the country, visiting and riding continually." Turning to mamma and Henrietta, Aunt Buckley continued, "This girl ought not to go to the picnic to-day; she is utterly unfit for any more excitement."

"I quite agree with you," chimed in Henrietta, to which mamma added, "Yes; but it's nothing now but nervousness; nevertheless, quiet will do Dora more good than anything else, and by all means I shall have her stay at home."

It was late in the afternoon, and I had tried to read, but as often as I turned the page every character danced before my eyes. At last I sauntered down stairs, thinking to find a favorite German poem; but the house, empty and delightfully cool and quiet, suggested music; so I sat at the piano lazily fingering some waltzes, until finally I wandered to Scotch ballads. Singing the old Border song softly under my breath, I came to

"Will ye come back to me, Douglas?
Will ye come back to me noo?"—

and suddenly stopped, hearing a foot-step close beside me. It was Harry.

"Who's the Douglas you are making vows to, Dora?" he inquired.

"No one in particular," said I, turning away my face.

"I'll tell you, Dora," said he; "I came from the picnic quite offending every one; but I was restless and unhappy. I had something to say to you that has already been too long delayed. I hope you can imagine what it is?"

I could not answer; an awful weight of pain, apprehension and humiliation took away my voice.

"Not one word, dear Dora?"

And still I could not speak, conscious though I was that my silence under the circumstances was derogatory to myself.

"Dora," said Harry, rather severely, "if you love me, and will be my wife, why refuse to say so?"

"Because," I exclaimed, springing up before him suddenly, "because I am a hypocrite, and I am a liar! I have been acting a falsehood ever since I came here, Harry," and gaining strength as I emerged from my dreadful cloud of duplicity, I told my lover all. When I had finished, Harry stood looking in my face intently.

"Dora," said he, "were you acting a part this morning in the dining-room, and afterwards, when mother went to your room?"

"No, indeed, Harry," I answered; "there was no 'acting' then; I was utterly overcome by what you said about deceit and 'acting lies,' and I thought I should have died!"

Harry still stood by the piano with his hands folded. At last he said very gravely:

"You have acted badly, Dora; you know right from wrong; but here, my darling! I promise you that the subject shall never again be mentioned between us." And seating me on the sofa, and folding his great, strong arms around me, Harry added, tenderly,

"When we are married, Dora, we shall be one; you will be me, and I shall be you, as the children say, and there will be no occasion for either to reproach the other for duplicity or petty selfishness. My mother loves you, but we must begin our record right, and tell her all. Afterwards, my darling—why, afterwards means a new world and a new life—with us it shall be a true one."

And so we were betrothed; and thus far in our brief new life the subject of keeping up appearances has never been a topic, nor has the painful experience of my summer as an invalid ever been referred to.

SCOTCH AGRICULTURE DECLINING.—Recent Scotch statistics show that the "Land o' cakes" is losing its agricultural character and becoming a commercial, mining and manufacturing country. The agricultural class diminished in number during the last decade from 372,247 to 270,008. The explanation is found largely in the fact that tillage has been abandoned in many sections for grazing, and that the moors return a greater rental as deer-forests than as sheep-walks. The commercial class increased 31,763. Glasgow has a population of over 400,000. Edinburgh has a population of 197,978.

Live Stock and Population.

Prof. Thorold Rogers, of Oxford University, England, has made up a curious return of the proportion of domesticated live stock to population in the most prominent countries in the world. It shows the following results: Great Britain has one cow to every twelve persons, a sheep for everybody, and one pig for every six.

France has a like proportion of sheep, a double share, comparatively, of cows, but only one pig to six persons.

The Swedes have a cow between three and one-half of them, a sheep between two and three-quarters, and a pig to a baker's dozen.

There are as many sheep as there are Norwegians in Norway, when they are all at home, and two and one-half of them—the Norwegians—are entitled to a cow. They can have only one-eighth of a pig each.

Denmark has a cow for three persons, as many sheep as persons, and a pig for four and three-quarters persons.

Prussia, with her usual uniformity, has an equal number of cows and pigs, one to every five inhabitants, besides a sheep apiece all round.

Wurtemberg has a quarter as many cows as people, a sheep to two and three-quarters and a pig to seven.

Bavaria rates the same as Wurtemberg, as to cows and sheep, and is as much better off for pigs as one-fifth is better than one-seventh.

Saxony has a sheep and a pig for every eight persons, and a cow for every six.

Holland has a cow to four, a sheep to four, and a pig to twelve persons.

Belgium, a cow to six, a sheep to nine, and a pig to eight (which is a Hibernicism.)

Austria has a cow to six persons, and a sheep and a pig to every five.

Switzerland runs up to the Swedish standard on cows, one to three and one-half persons, and has a sheep for five and a pig for seven and one-half persons.

We Americans close the list with a cow for every four of us, a sheep apiece, one pig to every one and one-half.

A Widow's Witness.

It was told of old that the cackle of a goose once saved Rome. It is now related that a swallow won a suit in court away down in Texas. A poor widow and her daughter had a suit for damages before a court in Houston. The counsel for the plaintiff introduced into his pleading the fable of the swallow that built her nest and reared her young under the eaves of the temple of justice. The lawyer enlarged upon the swallow's trust in the protection of her home the place afforded, and very aptly made the application to the case before the court. When the counsel was about finishing his illustration a swallow actually flew into the room and alighted upon the Judge's desk. It then hopped away and found rest for the sole of its foot on the railing of the jury-box. In its circuit of the court-room it halted for awhile on a pile of law books, then hovered a moment over the heads of the plaintiffs, and flew out of the window and away. The counsel concluded by saying: "Behold the witness," and as the witness could not be called back by the opposing counsel, the case was given to the jury pretty much as the swallow left it. The jury could not ignore the bird's evidence, and gave a verdict for the widow. The story is a little birdy, but not in the least fishy. If it was a preconcerted plan of the lawyer it was very happily arranged and nicely carried out, and deserves a place among court reports and curious pleadings.

A SMALL LABEL ON A POSTAL CARD.—The New York World says: "Webster Merritt was yesterday held in \$250 bail by United States Commissioner Betts, on a charge of sending a postal card on which scurrilous and defamatory matter was written, to Cyrus B. Boyd, No. 154 Bowery. On the card was written: 'I am satisfied you are a one-horse man and do a one-horse business.' This is the second case of this kind which has occurred in this city."

RAGGED stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where SILVER TIPS are worn. Parents, remember; they last twice as long.

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.

It is now fifteen years since the attention of the public was first called by Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart to this wonderful remedy, and so well has it stood the test of time that to-day it not only has the confidence of the entire community, but is more frequently prescribed by physicians in their practice than any other proprietary preparation in the country. It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the Tar, by which its highest medicinal properties are retained. For the following complaints, Inflammation of the Lungs, Croup, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Weak Stomach, Disease of the Kidneys, Urinary Complaints, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, and diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood, there is no remedy so powerful and so safe as this. It has been used so successfully or can show such a number of marvelous cures. The following will serve to show the estimation in which this sovereign remedy is held by those who have used it.

DR. L. Q. C. WISHART: Dear Sir—I am grateful to you from the fact that you have made a medicine that will cure the disease of the Lungs. My wife has had the Consumption for ten years. Physicians had told me that they could only patch her up for the time being. She was confined to her bed and had been for some time. I heard of your Pine Tree Tar Cordial and secured one bottle; it relieved her cough. She has now finished the bottle, and she is able to do the work for her family; and may God speed you on with your great discovery and cure you have made for Consumption.

REV. E. H. HOPKINS,
Jackson Centre, Shelby Co., Ohio.

From St. Louis, Mo.
DR. WISHART, PHILADELPHIA: Dear Sir—During a visit to Philadelphia, some three years ago, I was suffering from a severe cold, and was induced to take a bottle of your Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which had the effect of curing me in a few days. I have used it in my family ever since, and am of the opinion that it saved the life of my daughter, who was suffering from a severe and painful cough. If the publication of this will be of any service, you are at liberty to use it. Yours respectfully,
JOHN HODNETT, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers and at

DR. L. Q. C. WISHART'S OFFICE,
No. 232 N. Second St., Philadelphia, Pa.

STEALING HEAVEN'S LIVELY.—The great *Alcoholic Remedy*, VINEGAR BITTERS, is everywhere driving pestiferous rum potions out of the market. That famous combination of the finest medicinal herbs on the continent of America is accomplishing such cures of diseases which affect the stomach, the liver, the bowels, the kidneys and the nervous system, that the grateful masses have adopted it as their *Standard Specific*. The various rum bitters have gone down before this pure vegetable antidote like tennpins before a well-aimed ball. The people have at length discovered that all the spirituous excitants are worse than shame—that both morally and medicinally they are inimical to the well-being and safety of the community. *It won't do*. The handwriting is on the wall! They are weighed and found wanting. Rum remedies are defunct, and VINEGAR BITTERS, THE UNIVERSAL ANTIDOTE, reigns in their stead.

A UNIVERSAL REMEDY! Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial for coughs, colds and rheumatic affections stands first in public confidence and favor. This result has been acquired after a test of many years.—Com.

THE DYING BODY

SUPPLIED WITH THE

VICOR OF LIFE

THROUGH

DR. RADWAY'S

SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier!

ONE BOTTLE

Will make the Blood pure, the Skin clear, the Eyes bright, the Complexion smooth and transparent, the Hair strong, and remove all Sores, Pimples, Blisters, Pustules, Tetters, Cankers, etc., from the Head, Face, Neck, Mouth and Skin. It is pleasant to take and the dose is small.

It Resolves away Diseased Deposits; it Purifies the Blood and Renovates the System. It cures with certainty all Chronic Diseases that have lingered in the system five or ten years, whether it be

Scrofula or Syphilitic, Hereditary or Contagious,

BE IT SEATED IN THE

Lungs or Stomach, Skin or Bones,

Flesh or Nerves,

CORRUPTING THE SOLIDS AND VITIATING THE FLUIDS.

IT IS THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE FOR

KIDNEY AND BLADDER COMPLAINTS,

Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hacking Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water-brash, Tic Doloroux, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercerial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Rickets, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaints, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system. Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges. Night Sweats, Loss of Sleep and all wastes of the life principle are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it, for either of these forms of disease, its potent power to cure them.

Sold by Druggists. \$1.00 per Bottle.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S

Ready Relief,

The Cheapest and Best Medicine for Family Use in the World!

One 50-Cent Bottle

WILL CURE MORE COMPLAINTS AND PREVENT THE SYSTEM AGAINST SUDDEN ATTACKS OF EPIDEMIC DISEASES. IT IS INVALUABLE. IT CAN BE USED WITH POSITIVE ASSURANCE. IT DOING GOOD IN ALL CASES WHERE PAIN OR DISCOMFORT IS EXPERIENCED; it relieves with Influenza, Diptheria, Sore Throat, Bad Coughs, Hoarseness, Bilious Colic, Inflammation of the Bowels, Croup, Whooping Cough, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys; or with Croup, Quinsy, Fever and Ague; or with Neuralgia, Headache, Tic Doloroux, Toothache, Earache; or with Lumbago, Pain in the Back, or Rheumatism; or with Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, or Dysentery, or with Stomachic, or with Bruises; or with Strains, Cramps, or Spasms. The application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will cure you of the worst of these complaints in a few hours.

IMPORTANT.—Miners, Farmers, and others residing in sparsely-settled districts, where it is difficult to secure the services of a physician, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is invaluable. It can be used with positive assurance. It doing good in all cases where PAIN OR DISCOMFORT IS EXPERIENCED; it relieves with Influenza, Diptheria, Sore Throat, Bad Coughs, Hoarseness, Bilious Colic, Inflammation of the Bowels, Croup, Whooping Cough, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys; or with Croup, Quinsy, Fever and Ague; or with Neuralgia, Headache, Tic Doloroux, Toothache, Earache; or with Lumbago, Pain in the Back, or Rheumatism; or with Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, or Dysentery, or with Stomachic, or with Bruises; or with Strains, Cramps, or Spasms. The application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will cure you of the worst of these complaints in a few hours.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CHAMPS, SPASMS, SORSTON, ACH, HEMATURIA, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS. Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or rains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50 Cents.

DR. RADWAY'S

Regulating Pills,

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Coeliac Fever, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Pains, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Gurgling or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Harried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dizziness of Vision, Faintness before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Lungs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "FALSE AND TRUE."

Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 33 Warren Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

[Official.]

Common Council.

WEDNESDAY, October 21, 1874.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor.

The roll was called by the Clerk. Present: Ald. Kanfers, Kamperman, Dykema, Sipp and Vißers.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Petition of J. G. Houseman and twelve others was presented and read, praying for the opening of 12th Street, between Cedar and Land Streets.—Referred to Committee on Streets, Roads and Bridges.

The following bills were presented for payment:

F. Wiersum, for labor on streets.....\$ 4.50
B. Homkes for making 6 reservoirs..... 33.00
J. Quartel & Co., for making 6 fire-wells..... 150.00

The bills of Homkes and Quartel & Co., were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Bill of F. Wiersum was ordered paid.

The Committee on Ways and Means reported that 6 fire-wells and 6 reservoirs are completed according to contract, and recommended payment for the same.—The report was accepted.

The Committee on Streets, Roads and Bridges reported the completion of the job on Tenth street and recommended the payment of \$167.35 to Ten Hagen and Hieffe for the same.—The report was accepted and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The committee on Public Buildings and Property reported the completion of the painting of the ventilator on the engine house and recommended the payment of \$5.00 for the same.—Adopted.

The City Marshal reported arrests for the month of September, which was read and ordered placed on file.

The City Marshal was instructed to notify all parties on Sixth, River and Tenth streets, who have not completed sidewalks as ordered, to have the same completed within fourteen days.

It having been reported by the City Treasurer that \$300 has been paid into the city treasury by Mr. K. Schaddelee, the same was placed to the credit of the "Firewell Fund."

The bills of J. Quartel & Co., and B. Homkes were ordered paid from the "Firewell Fund."

The Council then fixed the places for holding the next General Election in the several wards.

Adjourned.

REGISTRATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Registration for the City of Holland, will meet at the following places, on Saturday, the 31st day of October, A. D. 1874, between the hours of eight o'clock, A. M. and eight o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of completing the lists of qualified voters of the several Wards of the city of Holland:

In the 1st Ward at the Harness-shop of Mr. H. Vaupell.

In the 2d Ward at the Store of Werkman & Sons.

In the 3rd Ward at the Common Council Room.

In the 4th Ward at the Residence of Mr. L. D. Vißers.

R. KANTERS,
J. VANLANDEGEND,
D. J. KAMPERMAN,
J. FLEEMAN,
J. DUURSEMA,
J. DYKEMA,
G. H. SIPP,
L. D. VIßERS,
HOLLAND, Mich., October 14, 1874.

Board of Registration for the City of Holland.

ELECTION NOTICE!

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
October 21, A. D. 1874.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:

Notice is hereby given that at the General Election, to be held on FRIDAY, Nov. 3, A. D. 1874, the following officers are to be elected:

A Governor, a Lieutenant Governor, a Secretary of State, an Auditor General, a State Treasurer, a Commissioner of the State Land Office, an Attorney General, a Superintendent of Public Instruction and a member of the State Board of Education;

Also a Representative for the Fifth Congressional District of this State;

Also a State Senator in the State Legislature, for the 29th Senatorial District, composed of the Counties of Ottawa and Muskegon;

Also a Representative in the State Legislature, for the 1st Representative District of the County of Ottawa;

Also the following County Officers: A Sheriff, a County Clerk, a Register of Deeds, a County Treasurer, a Prosecuting Attorney, two Circuit Court Commissioners, a County Surveyor, two Coroners and one Fish Inspector.

Also the following amendments to the Constitution of this State will then be submitted to the People for their adoption or rejection:

An amendment relative to the qualification of electors;

Also the amendments to the Constitution of the State of Michigan, adopted by the Legislature, at their extra session, and approved March 23, 1874.

The following places in the several Wards of the City of Holland have been designated by the Common Council, for holding the said election:

In the First Ward—At the Harness-shop of Mr. H. Vaupell;

In the Second Ward—At the Store of Mr. J. Aling;

In the Third Ward—At the Common Council Room;

In the Fourth Ward—At the residence of Mr. L. D. Vißers.

Dated at Holland City, Mich.

CHA'S F. POST.

City Clerk.

MOLTKE is reported as having said that "the introduction of breech-loaders has demoralized all the armies in Europe except the German and the English." His view of the case seems to have relation to the fact that the rapid consumption of ammunition soon leaves the cartridge boxes empty, and the troops of the two nations named are the only ones that can be kept quiet in such circumstances.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO
HEBER WALSH,
Proprietor of "CITY DRUG STORE,"
Established in New York from 1845-1857. In Michigan since 1857.
A Change of Programme Each Week.

THE GREAT RUSH AT WALSH'S
Still continues, and he has concluded to keep his offer open to the public for a few days longer.
Now is your time to purchase goods at retail, at Chicago Wholesale figures.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS PREPARED AT THE CITY DRUG STORE AT HALF THE PRICE OTHER STORES CHARGE.
We do not purchase Physicians, and have no percentage to pay to any one.
Eighth Street, Holland City.

Hardware Store!

E. VAN DER VEEN,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK OF GENERAL Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR and HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,

Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

E. VAN DER VEEN.

S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts. 46-3-1y

KEARNEY'S

Fluid Extract

BUCHU!

The only known remedy for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE,

And a positive remedy for

GOUT, GRAVEL STRICTURES, DIABETES, DISPEPSIA, NERVOUS

DEBILITY, DROPSY,

Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the

BLADDER & KIDNEYS,

SPERMATORRHEA,

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder,

Coliculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S

EXTRACT BUCHU

Permanently Cures all Diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

Existing in Men, Women and Children,

NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE!

Prof. Steel says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined."

Price, One Dollar per bottle, or Six bottles for Five Dollars.

Depot, 104 Duane St., New York.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis.

Send stamp for Pamphlets, free. 121-172

—TO THE—

Nervous & Debilitated

OF BOTH SEXES.

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

Dr. J. B. DRYOT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in mail or face, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 20 years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10c.

J. B. DRYOT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., N. Y.

Sidewalk Plank.

A choice lot of dry pine 2-inch cull plank for sale cheap, by H. D. Post. Also, No. 1 Shingles, cheap.

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, HOLLAND, MICH.

46-3-1y

1874. FALL! 1874.

WERKMAN & SONS,

General Dealers.

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.

Announce to the Public that they have received a large and new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which is more complete in every department than ever before. They have a large line of all kinds of

Flannels,

Repellents,

Cottonades,

Shawls,

Young Ladies' Goods,

Skirts,

Ladies and Gentlemen's

Underwear,

Prints,

Notions.

Hats & Caps.

Groceries, Flour and Feed.

Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 15, 1874. 47-3-1y

WINTERS Bro's & BROWER,

(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)

PRACTICAL

Engineers and Machinists.

Messrs P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with all due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists.

The Shop and Foundry are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S.

THE BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. Winters, will be continued as before.

The FLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by R. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above.

MILL REPAIRING, will receive our special attention.

SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch.

Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874. 108-1y

J. E. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN

All Kinds of Grain & Produce,

MILL FEED, CORN, &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR

U.S. Ex. Co. & M. L. S. P. R.

Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,

HOLLAND, MICH.

106-1y

NEW FIRM!

ALBERS & WYNNE,

JEWELERS.

Have Constantly on hand a select Assortment of Fine Watches and Clocks, of the best Manufacture, Silver and Silver Plated Ware, Jewelry, Spectacles, Notions, etc.

REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done in the best manner and warranted.

GIVE US A CALL!

Our Store is at the Old Albers' Stand, West of Van Landegend & Mells.

J. ALBERS,
Holland, Mich., June 1, 1874. C. B. WYNNE.

J. M. Reidsema & Son,

The oldest Furniture House in the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,

Window Shades,

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Feathers,

Feather Beds,

Mattresses,

COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

46-2-1y

Meat Market,

—OF—

Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choice of *Salt and Fresh Meats*, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

JACOB KUIITE.

Holland, Feb. 14, 1874. 46-2-1f

FOR SALE.

In Sections 4 and 5, Fillmore, Allegan Co. 2 1/2 miles from Holland, the farm, known as "Den Bleyker's Farm," 98 acres, divided as follows: 33 acres woodland, and 65 acres improved; orchard with young fruit bearing trees; good frame building and barn with an extra building for help. For further information address: Mrs. J. DEN BLEYKER, Kalamazoo, Mich.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 25, 1874. 132-2m.

\$25

A DAY GUARANTEED

using our WELL AUGER AND

DRILL in good territory. HIGHER

TESTIMONIALS FROM GOVERNORS

OF IOWA, ARKANSAS AND DAKOTA.

Catalogues free. W. GILES, St. Louis, Mo.

RHEUMATISM

NEURALGIA

FACTS SWORN TO

Dr. J. P. FILLER—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penna. in 1831, and after 30 years' experience, perfected **Dr. Filler's Vegetable Rheumatism Syrup**. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Rheumatism and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1874.

F. A. OSBOURN, Notary Public, PAID.

We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy anyone who will try it. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Pa.; Rev. C. T. Ewing, Media, Pa.; Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa; G. S. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y.; Rev. Jos. Rogers, Falls Church, Va.; and many others.

Philad. &c. A. Minton should write Dr. Filler, Philad., for a history Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. \$50 Reward for a curable case. No cure no charge. A reality. Sold by druggists.

P. S. Dr. Filler's Pills, 30 cts., should be used with Syrup.

106-1y

JACOB FLEIMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on Riverstreet, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,

Light & Heavy Wagons,

Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble, Skins always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style.

I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from

Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted.

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Thanking my old customers for past favors, I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line.

47-4cl-1y J. FLEIMAN.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES,

Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY, AND

HATS & CAPS,

Which they are offering at Prices, that defy

Competition.

Also a complete Stock of

FLOUR & FEED,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us will be

Delivered Free!

To any part of the City.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store. 46-4cl-1y

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed by Cole G. Sayer and Betsy Sayer his wife, of the Township of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Hendrick Oostenrijk of the same place, on the third (3rd) day of July, A. D. 1869, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, State of Michigan, on the seventh (7th) day of July, A. D. 1869, in Liber "U" of Mortgages, on page seventy-six (76), which said mortgage was duly assigned by the said Hendrick Oostenrijk, of the town of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Gilles Wabeke, of the Town of Zeeland, Ottawa County, Michigan, by a certain deed of assignment executed and dated the thirty-first (31st) day of August, A. D. 1869, which said deed of assignment was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, on the twenty-second (22nd) day of August, A. D. 1873, in Liber No. 1. of Mortgages on page fifty-four (54), by which default the power of sale contained in said Mortgage has become operative, and no proceedings in Law or in chancery have been had to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof, and whereas the sum of Two Hundred and Eight dollars and one cent (\$208.01) is now claimed to be due on said Mortgage on the date hereof: Notice is hereby given that for the amount due as aforesaid together with an Attorney fee of Twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) stipulated in said Mortgage, and the costs of these proceedings, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by sale to the highest bidder, at public vendue, of the premises described in said Mortgage, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, which is further described as that part of the South-West Quarter of the North-East Quarter of Section Twenty (20) in Township Five (5) North of range Fifteen (15) West, which is bounded on the North side by the public highway running from the Allegan, Muskegon and Traverse Bay State Road as it now runs North-Easterly through Section Sixteen (16) in said Township, to the South-East corner of Section four (4) in said Township as said highway is now travelled; and bounded on the East, South and West side by the East, South and West lines of said South-West Quarter of the North-East Quarter of Section Twenty (20), excepting four acres on the East side thereof and leaving six acres more or less; which sale will take place at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, State of Michigan [that being the place where the Circuit Court for the said County of Ottawa is held.] on Monday, the second (2nd) day of November, A. D. 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Dated, Holland, Mich., Aug. 6, A. D. 1874.

GILLES WABEKE, Assignee of Mortgage.