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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XXI.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1892.

NO. 37.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

L. Mulder & Sons, Publishers.

Rates of advertising made known on application. "Gronder and News" Steam Printing House, River Street, Holland, Mich.

J. D. WETMORE, M.D.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, Specialist on EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

OFFICE HOURS until 9:00 a. m.; from 11 until 2 p. m.; 6 until 10 p. m.

Office No. 15, Eighth st. Holland, Mich.

Newspapers and Periodicals

Can be obtained at reduced rates of the local agent in this city. Leave your orders for any publication in the U. S. or Canada at the Post Office, with

C. De Keyzer,

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891. 151f

Back at the Old Stand.

Dr. M. Veenboer again resides for the present, in his law block No. 57 Eastwick Street, Grand Rapids, Mich. Telephone No.—Residence 1057; Office 798. Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., and 3 to 4 p. m. Sundays 9 to 10 a. m. Evening hours Wednesday and Saturday from 7 to 8 o'clock. 1-17

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DEKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, J., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office: Post's block, corner Eighth and River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, John Pesank Proprietor, C. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK, with Savings Department, Capital, \$35,000, L. Cappon, President; I. Mantle, Cashier, Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEN, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market prices paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

KANE, P. W., druggist and bookseller. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishings Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

BRANDALL, S. B., dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy But-ter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEKETEE, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crochery in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats, and Caps, Flour, Produce etc. River Street.

WIER, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods. Also Hair Work. Eighth street.

Furniture.

BROUWER, JAS. A., Dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer & Co's old stand, River St.

Hardware.

KANTERBROS., dealers in general hardware. Steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 22 Eighth street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FUQUAMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufactory and blacksmith shop. Also manufacture of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist Mill and Engine Repairing a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HUNTLEY, JAR., Architect, Builder and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

KYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kleyn, Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street.

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, Scott & Schuurman, Proprietors, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and brick. River street.

Merchant Tailors.

BROUWER BROS., Merchant Tailors.

Meat Markets.

DEKHAER & DE KOSTER, dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, River street.

VAN DER VEERE, WM. Proprietor of the City Meat Market, Cor. Elgh and Fish s

Physicians.

HULZINGA, J. G., M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office cor. of River and Eighth Sts. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m. Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat a specialty.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, corner of Market. Office at the drug store of H. Kremers. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's drug store. Residence, corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in the house formerly occupied by L. Sprietsma. Office Hours: 9 to 10 a. m., and 5 to 5 p. m.

Saloons.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

STEVENSON, C. A., successor to H. Wykhuyzen, Jeweler and Optician, Eighth street opposite Walsh's drug store.

Miscellaneous.

KEPPEL, T., dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, salt, land and calcined plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar street.

PAYNE F. E., leading photographer of the city. Satisfactory work guaranteed. Art gallery on River street, near corner of Eighth.

SOCIETIES.

F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of UNIT LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening, Jan. 13, Feb. 10, March 9, April 6, May 11, June 8, July 6, August 3, Aug. 31, Oct. 5, Nov. 2, Nov. 30. St. John's days June 24 and December 27. D. L. BOYD, W. M. O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

K. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 68, meets in K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 p. m., on Monday night next. All Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Office known. Full particulars given on application. JOHN J. CAPRON, Commander. W. A. HOLLEY, R. E.

Lost.

At the Holland depot, on Tuesday, September 27, a small pocket book containing between \$20 and \$25, besides key, trunk check, etc. Finder will receive a reward by leaving same at the News office.

Tea! Tea!

What's the use of paying 45c. for Tea when you can get one equally as good for 35c. at 37-2w. B. STEKETEE.

Girl Wanted.

At the restaurant of L. E. Van Drezzer, River street. Good wages offered. Holland, Mich., Oct. 7, 1892.

Found.

Last Saturday, on the road between Holland and Zeeland, a child's hat. Was wrapped in a Grand Rapids "Boston Store" wrapper. Owner can have same by calling at News office.

Found.

A baby's cloak, on Ninth street. The owner can have it by calling at the News office.

Fly Paper.

Sticky and poisonous fly paper at Dr. W. VAN PUTTEN.

At Bosman Bro's they are displaying the largest assortment of Overcoats ever brought in the city.

Barn to Rent.

In the central part of the city, on Ninth street. Inquire at News office. 34-1f

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist, Holland, Mich. 12-6m

The largest stock of Overcoats in the city, at BOSMAN BRO'S.

Grand Rapids Ladies Rejoice.

The ladies of Grand Rapids are rejoicing over the fact that they have at last been supplied with a store where they can find all the latest novelties, and anything they may want in the line of Ladies and Children's Furnishing Goods.

Mr. F. A. Wurzburg, who is well and favorably known in Grand Rapids, has opened such an establishment at 64 Monroe str. formerly occupied by E. P. Kidder & Co. Most dry goods houses carry a small line of furnishings, but as the above firm handle the line exclusively, they are in position to show greater variety and better styles, than any house in the city.

The store has been fitted up in elegant style, and is loaded down with a fine assortment of Cloaks, Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves and Corsets, in fact, everything in the line of Furnishing and Fancy Goods. They have the only exclusive line of Babies' goods in the city. Ladies from this section would do well to call and see them when in Grand Rapids.

You will notice many ladies in every audience with a clear smooth complexion, no pimples, freckles or blackheads. You can have the same if you will use the famous Blush of Roses. For sale by Heber Walsh.

That line of ladies fall jackets at Mrs. M. Bertsch's is as complete and assorted as was ever brought to this city.

CITY AND VICINITY.

The state normal school now has 715 students.

Born to Rev. and Mrs. J. Kruidenier, in Egypt, on Sept. 11th—a son.

Remember the annual meeting of the Mutual Insurance Co., at Zeeland. Wednesday, Oct. 12.

Kalamazoo has become scared at the number of typhoid fever cases within her borders, and has ordered a general clean-up.

The opening of the new grocery store of Will Botsford & Co., in the City Hotel block was duly announced Monday, by a neatly printed "greeting."

The editor of *De Gronder* has accepted an invitation to speak in the Holland language about the political issues of the day in Muskegon Thursday next, October 18th.

An honest man will be as honest in his politics as in his business or religious relations to society. The man who proclaims that everything is fair in politics, reads watching every time.

Buckwheat cakes made from buckwheat flour purchased at the Walsh-DeRoo Standard Mills, is one of the reminders brought out by these cold mornings. An absolute pure article is sold at this reliable institution. See adv.

There are now 497 boys in the state reform school at Lansing, 212 girls in the state industrial school for girls at Adrian, 320 inmates in the Ionia reformatory, 768 in Jackson prison, 168 in the Marquette prison and 708 in the Detroit house of correction.

Coopersville Observer: We have in our office a corn stalk measuring nine feet four inches in length, which was cut by Mr. Arthur Spoon, on the farm of the late John Spoon, in Crockery. This probably cannot be beaten by any farmer in this section of the county.

Deputy city marshal Arend Verlee had occasion Thursday to demonstrate that he did not carry his official title merely for the sake of the name, but that if the urgency of the situation demands it, he can land a fellow twice his size in the city lock-up, and walk off as dapper as ever.

The Washington navy-yard has produced a gun 40 feet long, weighing 158,000 pounds. It requires more than a quarter of a ton of powder to load for one discharge, but that quantity is expected to hurl a shell weighing 1,000 pounds a distance of twelve or thirteen miles at the extraordinary velocity of 2,100 feet a second.

About two months after the Democracy in 1864 had declared the war for the Union a failure, Gen. Sherman and his army took Atlanta, thus giving the lie to the assertion—and Gen. Sherman was a Democrat at that. About two months after the Democracy in 1892 had declared the McKinley tariff to be a failure and a robbery, Labor Commissioner Peck comes in with his little report and again knocks the legs from under another Chicago platform—and Peck, he too, was a Democrat.

The season of auction sales is again at hand. We notice the following: Wednesday, Oct. 19, at A. A. Munn, on the Grand Haven road, 6 miles north of the city; Thursday, Oct. 13, at C. J. Cook, near the Port Sheldon bridge, and on the same date at G. J. Siebelink, 2 miles south of Graafschap; Friday, Oct. 14, at Albert Vischer, near the Ohio Mills, Blendon; Thursday, Oct. 20, at Jan Zoetsen, Beaverdam; Tuesday, Oct. 25, at J. Van der Ploeg, on the farm of L. Sprietsma, south-east of the city.

It will be well enough for sportsmen and all others to know that deer may only be killed in the Lower Peninsula from the 5th day of November to the 25th day of November, and in the Upper Peninsula between the 25th day of September and the 25th day of October. Any person may kill a dog following a deer, or deer tracks. Wild turkey, open season Nov. 1 to Dec. 15 inclusive. Partridge, from Nov. 1 to Dec. 15 inclusive in the Lower Peninsula, and Oct. 1 to Jan. 1 inclusive in the Upper Peninsula. Woodcock, from Aug. 15 to Dec. 15. Water-fowl, jack-snipe, red-headed, blue-bill, canvas-back, pigeon and pin-tail ducks and wild geese may be killed between Sept. 1 and May 1. Other wild water fowl and snipe between Sept. 1 and Jan. 1. Prairie chicken are not to be killed until Sept. 1 1894. Speckled trout and grayling may be caught with hook and line only, and from May 1 to Sept. 1. Trout, grayling and salmon less than six inches in length must be put back in the water. Brook trout and grayling must not be caught or shipped for sale. Nothing but hook and line can be used in any inland lake.

H. Boone lost a valuable horse Thursday night.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. Z. Bangs of Grand Rapids, Thursday—a son.

Rev. Prof. Scott, D. D., will preach in Hope church, next Sunday, morning and evening.

The result of the election can never deprive Mr. Cleveland of his title of ex president.

H. Martin Williams of Missouri will address the Democrats of this city on Wednesday, Oct. 12.

Hon. C. Van Lee of Zeeland delivers a political address before the Hollanders of Grand Rapids, this evening.

Teide Wanners, a former resident of this city, and one of the early settlers, died at his farm south-east of this city, week before last.

Geo. G. Steketee, at one time an active business man of Holland, has received the Republican nomination of state senator of the Grand Rapids senatorial district.

Editor Wachs of the *G. H. Express*, while on the train from Grand Haven to attend the fair, took a poll of the passengers in the coach, with the following result: Harrison 22, Cleveland 14, Weaver 6, doubtful 6.

Rev. H. G. Brechby and family are expected here from the east on Tuesday evening next. Hope church parsonage is placed in readiness for them, and every room in the building has been painted and papered.

Part of a freight train got derailed at West Olive Monday evening, causing the wrecking of several cars. One of them was so completely torn up that it was burned on the spot. The accident was caused by a broken car wheel.

From the *G. R. Herald*: "Rev. and Mrs. R. C. Crawford have returned from Ohemo, where they have been spending two weeks with friends. Mr. Crawford's health still remains very poor and the trip home was about all he could endure." Mr. Crawford will be remembered as a former pastor of the M. E. church in this city.

From the *G. H. Express*: Curtis W. Gray, now almost ninety years of age, and long a resident here, made us a pleasant call to-day. Mr. Gray was more than 20 years a coroner of this county, and is now more active and has more good "horse sense" and business in him than many of the young men who are sitting around our street corners, day after day, and can't find anything to do.

Columbus Day will be duly observed on the 21st inst. On the part of the Public Schools, a suitable program is being arranged by the Superintendent under the direction of a committee of the board of education. The Faculty of Hope College are pursuing a similar course, and their program will be arranged so as not to conflict, as regards the hour of the day, with that of the Public Schools. Further information will be given next week.

The Sunday school of the M. E. church surprised the organist, Miss Edith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Fairbanks, in a manner the remembrance whereof is intended to be lasting. The school, in recognition of her faithful services, presented her with a handsome gold watch and chain, Wednesday evening. Miss Edith is duly appreciative of the manner in which her willing services have been appreciated by the school and the congregation.

The laying of the corner stone of the "Graves Library Building and Winants Chapel" will take place on Wednesday, Oct. 12, at 2 o'clock p. m. The committee in charge have issued a circular invitation, in which the following program is announced:

1. Chorus by students.
 2. Prayer.—Rev. J. W. Beardslee, D. D.
 3. Music—"Praise ye the Father." Conducted by Prof. J. B. Nykerk.
 4. Address.—Rev. William Moerdyk, President of Council of Hope College.
 5. Historical Statement.—Arend Vischer, Esq., Secretary of Building Committee.
 6. Description of Contents of Box.
 7. Laying the Corner Stone.—Prof. G. J. Kollen, President of Building Committee.
 8. Hymn—
Oh Thou who didst Thy people lead
When thro' the wilderness they trod,
And then in temple bright with gold
Didst prove Thyself Thy people's God.
Oh let the house we build Thee now,
Like that of old Thy Spirit fill;
And may it rise before Thy sight
Blest as that built on Zion's hill.
 9. Address.—Hon. Edwin F. Uhl, Grand Rapids, Mich.
 10. Doxology.
- The services will be conducted by President Charles Scott, D. D.

Wheat 69 cents.

Hose Co. No. 2 was out practicing Friday evening.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. Nooman, Saturday—a daughter.

Miss Minnie Kramer succeeds Mrs. Philip Soulen as organist of Hope church.

Ed. Harrington's second auction sale will take place a week from Saturday. See adv.

Mrs. M. Bertsch's assorted stock of ladies' fall jackets is a surprise to all that have examined it.

Rev. W. P. Law, of Allegan, will hold services in Grace Church next Sunday, Oct. 9, at the usual hours.

The two statements of the financial condition of the banks of this city, presented in another column, are very gratifying.

The News' column of "lost," "found," and "wanted" is a hit, nine cases out of ten. This week however there appears a notice which is likely to be a severe test upon the rule. A young girl has lost a pocket book containing some ready cash. To encourage the finder in an honest return we will add that the money was her hard-earned savings, and intended to aid her in finishing her schooling.

The Labadie Combination Co., at Lyceum Opera House this week, is playing to crowded houses. This (Friday) evening a comedy drama will be given, and Saturday evening "East Lynne" will be presented, with Miss Loranger as Lady Isabella. A presidential vote of the house was taken Thursday evening, resulting in a majority of 17 for Harrison and Reid. The same will be repeated to-night and Saturday night. Ladies vote too, and considerable interest is taken as the voting progresses.

There seems to be a wide-spread complaint about the laxity on the part of the managers of the Coopersville fair, with regard to the manner in which they tolerated gambling on their grounds, last week. The following from the *G. H. Tribune*, while reflecting creditably upon the party that came to the relief of the occasion, does not leave any laurels for the association:

"Geo. A. Farr put to rout yesterday afternoon the fakers who were getting rich off the ruralists and the smart man from the city, at Coopersville fair. The ground was full of swindling games and gambling devices, such as the shell game, chuck luck, the pivot swindle and many others, all of which did a land office business. All these swindlers had capers dressed as farmers, who would win from \$20 to \$50 every time they played. In this way the people would be pulled on to throw away their money.

Mr. Farr approached one of these gamblers about one o'clock yesterday afternoon and gave the fellow a sound lecture on swindling boys and ignorant men. The fellow of course sassed back, but Mr. Farr, in a tone that meant just what he said, told them that if they were not off the grounds in another hour, he would have every one of them arrested.

When the hour was up not a faker was on the ground. They had fled with their various paraphernalia from the place.

An eye witness said that the lecture Mr. Farr gave one of the fakers was worth listening to. He raked the gambler most unmercifully, and better still, drove them from the grounds.

These light fingered gentry and gamblers undoubtedly gathered in at least \$3,000 during the few days they were at Coopersville. Many a farmer boy dropped all the money he had with him at their games, and it is strange that they were not ordered off sooner.

The Coopersville authorities drove the Grand Haven bill posters out of their town when they were posting Grand Haven 4th of July celebration bills, but they allow fakers to steal \$3,000 from their visitors at the fair."

Personal Mention.

J. B. Nykerk was in Grand Rapids, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Vischer took in the Celery city, Wednesday.

Mrs. Sina Clock, nee Jonkman, is in the city, visiting the old home.

Mrs. Geo. P. Hummer was in Grand Rapids, Saturday.

John Cook of Grand Haven attended the fair, Thursday.

Alb. Schoon has returned from a business trip, up north.

Sheriff Vaupell was in the city, Saturday.

Rev. B. Van Es of Roseland, Ill., was in the city, Thursday.

Geo. W. Browning was in the Valley City, Monday.

D. J. Doornink of Grand Rapids visited the city, Tuesday.

H. Walsh is serving on the grand jury in the U. S. court at Grand Rapids.

J. J. Danhoff of Grand Haven was seen on the fair grounds one day this week.

Miss Reka Te Roller took the train for Grand Haven, Friday, to visit with friends.

Mrs. P. Schravensande of Grand Rapids is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Verbeek.

Mrs. and Mrs. A. Wiersema of Grand Rapids called on their many friends this week.

C. McLean of Toronto, Canada, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. John D. Kanter.

Mrs. T. Bosman of Grand Rapids visited relatives and friends, here Thursday.

Miss Lou Eckerman of Muskegon, was the guest of Mrs. J. Benjamin this week.

Geo. E. Kollen took the train for Ann Arbor, Monday, to resume his law studies.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Mabbs are on a visit east. They expect to be absent until Oct. 20.

Mrs. A. B. Hedder of Grand Rapids, has been the guest this week of her brother, H. Boone.

Miss Nellie De Haas of Muskegon is the guest of Mrs. G. J. Van Duren, and took in the fair.

Miss Christina, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. D. Broek, of Grandville, visited friends here Saturday.

Mrs. H. Van Woerkom of Grand Haven spent the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Kruidenier.

Carl Nienhardt of Grand Rapids, a former jobber at the News office, made us a pleasant call, Friday.

Miss Katie Van Ry left for Chicago last Saturday, with the intention of making that city her future home.

Miss Helena Herold left Tuesday for an extended visit with relatives in Grand Rapids, Traverse City and Howard City.

Rhine Van der Werp, the popular salesman of the Giant Clothing Co., Grand Rapids, was seen on our streets, Thursday.

Mrs. Wm. Brusse has visited with her sister, Mrs. Rev. P. De Bruyn, at Grand Haven. Mr. B. also spent Sunday there.

A. C. V. B. Gilmore and F. J. Kuyper of Amsterdam, left for Ann Arbor, to be enrolled in the dental department of the University.

John De Boer of Ellis, Kan., is visiting his cousin G. W. Mokma. Mr. De Boer is a former resident of this city and a veteran of the 8th Mich. Inf.

G. H. Albers, of Overisel, has returned to Ann Arbor, to resume his law studies. He spent his vacation in the law office of J. C. Fitzgerald, Grand Rapids.

Mrs. J. W. Reynolds returned from Paulding, Ohio, Thursday, where she had attended the funeral of her mother, an old resident of that city, aged 81 years.

Hon. Chas. E. Belknap, our congressman and candidate for re-election, and Dwight Goss and A. Lahuls of the Rep congressional committee, were in the city, Saturday.

Ralph Bongaerts of Roseland, Ind., shook hands with old acquaintances this week. Ralph was one of the early stage drivers of the colony and is a veteran of the late war.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

DUTCH HAVE HOLLAND.

AND THE DEMOCRATS HAVE FLORIDA SOLID.

His Whiskers Caught in the Machinery— Mitchell, the Brutal British Brute— Conflicting Reports from Homestead, Pa.—A Notable Russian Anniversary.

Preferred Death to Arrest.

Charles Fry, aged 50 years, and married, with a family of grown children, and a former resident of Bellaire, Ohio, committed suicide by taking a heavy dose of strychnine. He had been tending bar for a man in Tiffin, Ohio, while he was attending the G. A. R. encampment at Washington, and the day before the man arrived home Fry, it is said, skipped out with the proceeds of two weeks' business. Fearing arrest he killed himself.

DESERTIONS AT HOMESTEAD.

Five Hundred Non-Union Men Reported to Have Left the Carnegie Mill.

A Homestead, Pa., telegram says that the coal and iron police who left the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company are authority for the statement that since Saturday last 500 of the non-union employees of the company have quit work at the mills and returned to their homes. This statement the mill officials deny and say that only a very few men have left and they were discharged for incompetency. The officials claim that the plant is running successfully. When asked regarding the suspension of work on the armor plate contract for the cruiser Monitor, the officials said that the difficulty was not due to any fault of the Carnegie Steel Company, and claim that armor plate is being made in sufficient quantities to meet the requirements of the government. The cases against the Carnegie Steel Company officials, in which Hugh Ross and Burgess John McLuckie are the prosecuting witnesses, are before the grand jury. It was stated in Homestead that in case neither Ross nor McLuckie appeared others of the strikers would act in their stead. Ross is known to be in Pittsburgh, but it is not thought that he will show up, while McLuckie is in Ohio and says he will not return to Pennsylvania without a requisition until the time for the trials arrives.

PILGRIMS ON THE TRAMP.

Thousands of Russians Suffering Painful Privations to Worship at a Shrine.

Thirty thousand pilgrims have started from the Kremlin for Trolitsa to celebrate the five-hundredth anniversary of the death of St. Feodog. They are accompanied by 1,000 of the clergy, bearing sacred symbols and images. The pilgrims are passing the night in the village of Mititschikhi in the open air. Their kerosene lamps reveal a wretched scene. For three miles along the road the pilgrims are huddled together in groups, sleeping in sacks of broken bread. The whole distance is forty miles. It is expected that 100,000 pilgrims will assemble at the Trolitsa monastery. Co-sack regiments are leading and guarding the procession. St. Sergius was the chief actor in the fourteenth century struggle to throw off the Tartar yoke.

THE FLORIDA ELECTION.

Democrats Win by a Majority of Nearly 20,000 Votes.

George W. Wilson, chairman of the Florida Democratic Executive Committee, reports that his advisers give Mitchell (Democrat) a majority of over 19,000 over Rankin (Populist). The total vote of the People's party was scarcely 6,000. In 1890 Bloxham's majority was 24,000, and in 1889 Cleveland's majority was 12,481.

South Omaha's Mayor Found Dying.

Charles P. Miller, mayor of South Omaha, and for twenty years an agent for the Pacific and American express companies, was found lying in the weeds on the river bottom in Omaha, with a bullet hole in his head. He was unconscious and the wound is fatal. Everything indicates suicide. Miller had been acting strangely for two days. His accounts with the express companies are all right. No cause is assigned for the deed.

Mitchell Breaks Loose Again.

Charley Mitchell, the pugilist, has again got himself in a difficulty. He was arrested into the Bow Street Police Court, London, on a charge of assault, and was remanded, \$500 bail being demanded. The victim of the prize-fighter's brutality this time, is George Salvage, the aged keeper of a lodging-house in the Strand, who is now in the Charing Cross Hospital, undergoing treatment for injuries inflicted upon him by Mitchell.

Tore Away One Side of His Face.

At St. Joseph, Mo., Frank T. Walton, a grain dealer who has charge of an elevator at Purcell, Kan., met with a peculiar accident. While repairing some machinery his long beard became entangled in a flying belt and one side of his face and chin was literally torn away. Walton is still alive.

Hardware Failure in Trinidad, Col.

The First National Bank of Trinidad, Col., took possession of the Post Hardware Company's building and stock under mortgage of \$10,000. The liabilities are \$20,000 and the assets \$75,000.

Peck Must Stand Trial.

The motion to quash the indictment against Charles F. Peck, New York State Labor Commissioner, has been denied and he will have to answer to the criminal charge.

Tennyson is Very Ill.

Hon. Hallam Tennyson, son of Lord Tennyson, says that the condition of his father is causing considerable anxiety. His illness is due to a complication of influenza and gout.

The Monetary Conference.

The international money conference will be held at Brussels, Nov. 22 next, with seventeen powers represented besides the United States.

Equinax for the World's Fair.

The schooner Equinax has arrived from Labrador with a colony of Equinax for the World's Fair. The colony consists of twelve families, comprising fifty-seven souls, ranging in age from 6 months to 58 years. They have all their paraphernalia with them, including twenty-four dogs.

Shot at an Alliance Barbecue.

At a Farmers' Alliance barbecue at Goforth, Ky., Robert Jones was shot and probably fatally wounded by Thomas Arnold. During the difficulty Robert Asbury, a bystander, received a wound in which he died in a few hours.

WHEAT-DESTROYING PEST.

The Frit Fly Responsible for the Poor Yield in Minnesota.

In seeking a reason for the poor yield of wheat in the section surrounding Crookston, Minn., an average of only about 12 bushels, Prof. Luggar, State Entomologist, has discovered that hundreds of acres of it was killed by an insect known as the frit fly. This little pest mates in the early spring, and the female deposits its eggs at the first joint of the wheat stem. As each female lays about 1,000 eggs on an average, and only one or two in each stem of wheat, from 500 to 1,000 stems will be killed by a single insect. From these eggs are hatched small maggots, which bore into the center of the stem and destroy the joint. The maggots soon reach full size and turn into cocoons, which resemble the flaxseed, and they are found over the first joint of the stem. Stems infested by such worms, while they grow to full size, do not head out perfectly, but are still heavy enough to cause a breaking off at the weak part, and by the time this takes place the maggots have turned to flies and thus make their escape. Through the broken stems in the fields of C. T. Homer, of Arxyle, Prof. Luggar found almost one-fourth of the entire crop destroyed by these insects, and in other portions of Polk and Marshall Counties the damage to wheat is equally great. Until the Professor's visit to this locality it was thought that the injury to the wheat was due to the hailstorms of the past summer.

CLAIMING THE HONOR.

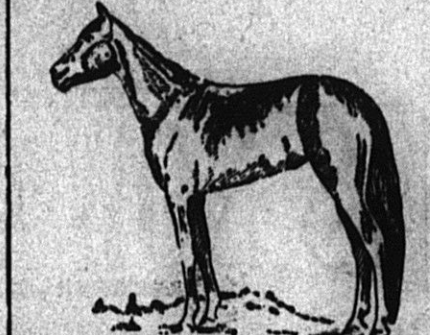
Detroit Astronomers Claim to Have Discovered Jupiter's Fifth Satellite.

Two more claimants for the honor of the discovery of Jupiter's fifth satellite have made their appearance. O. E. Cartwright, of Detroit, and another local observer claim to have observed, two years ago, certain phenomena that could not be accounted for. Correspondence was opened with the Harvard College Observatory, but no explanation was obtainable. Further observation was deferred until the opposition of the following year, 1891, when a recurrence of the phenomena of 1889 disclosed to these gentlemen the fact that this unusual occurrence could be accounted for in no other way except by allotting to Jupiter a satellite in addition to the four already known. After considerable discussion they decided that the new satellite was a fact, and over a year since wrote Prof. Holden of the Lick observatory, assigning it a position which the observation of Prof. Barnard verified. Cartwright has preserved the letters received from the Lick and the Harvard college observatories in response to his communications calling attention to the new satellite, and it would seem apparent that these letters sent to the observatories—at any rate that sent to the Lick observatory—had directly inspired the discovery of the fifth satellite by Prof. Barnard.

NANCY HANKS TROTS IN 3:04.

The Remarkable Record Made on the Regulation Track at Terre Haute.

The world's record for the light-harness horse, either trotting or pacing, was lowered Wednesday at Terre Haute, Ind., when Nancy Hanks trotted the mile in



3:04 on a regulation track. The 10,000 people who saw it sat breathless for a moment after the little mare passed under the wire, and even Dobble, always modest of speech, declared when carried to the judges' stand on the shoulders of the crowd and called upon for a speech, that he was hoarse—Nancy went so fast it took my breath away."

MACHINE SHOPS BURNED.

The Singer Factory at Elizabethport, N. J., Damaged to the Extent of \$65,000.

A fire broke out in the Singer machine factory at Elizabethport, N. J., early the other morning and destroyed the cabinet and carpenter shops and the roundhouse. Three locomotives and several freight and coal cars belonging to the Central Railroad were burned. The total loss is estimated at about \$65,000. Some firemen had a very narrow escape from being killed by falling walls. Charles Galloway was buried under one of the walls, and is believed to have been fatally injured. The origin of the fire has not yet been explained.

Texas Ranchmen Murdered.

Joseph Koon and Charles Moseley, two prominent ranchmen living near St. Helens, Tex., were murdered by two Mexican cowboys named Sixto Flores and Patricio Lopez. Koon and Moseley were on their way to St. Helens when they were waylaid by the two Mexicans and both shot down and robbed of a small amount of money. The murderers started for the Rio Grande border. They were overtaken at Stockdale and lodged in jail. There was considerable talk of lynching, and had it not been that the jail was well guarded an attempt would have been made.

White Caps Notify Tennessee Farmers.

Notices have been posted in front of the homes of some of the leading farmers of Cocke County, Tenn., informing them that unless they leave the county within ten days they will be severely dealt with. Other houses were visited and in some instances many bullets fired into the buildings. It is expected that bloodshed will result in a short time from the actions of this band of white caps.

On a Way to Siberia.

Despite the denial from London that a British man-of-war had been sent to Siberia to secure the release of the Canadian sealers now supposed to be held prisoners there by the Russians, Hon. C. R. Tupper, Canadian Minister of Marine, says the man-of-war is now on its way.

Becomes a Bride at Twelve Years.

Sedalia, Mo., furnished a bride aged 12 years Wednesday, the child being Katie Gammon, who was married to Melville Brown, a laborer aged 22. The father of the bride is in the penitentiary and the mother readily gave her consent to her daughter's marriage.

Senator Mills Ill.

Senator Mills, of Texas, has been taken sick. His physicians do not pronounce his condition serious and ascribe it to overwork and the grip.

Mother and Child Perish.

At Westbury, L. I., the residence of Mr. Toner burned, and his wife and child perished in the flames.

FATAL FIGHT AT A FIRE.

DEPLORABLE DEED OF A DEAD-WOOD DOCTOR.

A Sprig of English Nobility in a Georgia Jail—Two Killed at Duluth—Noted Racing Sire Dead—Roast Mutton Galore.

Fought While the Church Burned. The Baptist Church at Deadwood, S. D., valued at \$12,000, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. The church had but recently been completed. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary. During its progress a fireman named Clem Spurling and a physician named Nautleous became involved in a quarrel, the physician being knocked down. As he arose he shot Spurling twice in the body, killing him. The excitement is intense. The firemen threaten to lynch Nautleous. He is in jail surrounded by an armed guard. Dr. Nautleous, it is said, had killed a man at Hastings, Neb.

BERESFORD GETS SIX YEARS.

"Lord Walter" Sentenced for Forgery at Rome, Ga.

Lord Walter S. Beresford was carried before Judge Henry at Rome, Ga., to be sentenced for forgery. When Judge Henry asked him if he had anything to say before sentence was pronounced he rose to his feet and attempted to speak. His form shook with emotion, his voice faltered, and he wept like a child. Beresford begged for sentence to be postponed for a few days until he could make an appeal to the United States Court. Beresford cried bitterly during his speech, and had to pause several times to recover himself. He was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. A sentence to penal servitude for more than two years gives a divorce in Georgia, and his wife will soon make herself Miss Maud Lillenthal again.

BUSINESS IS SERENE.

Not a Cloud Is Visible on the Commercial Horizon.

R. G. Dun & Co. say in their weekly review of trade:

Business continues larger than ever at this time of the year, and the commercial sky is without a cloud. Money is everywhere in ample supply, and collections have very rarely been more generally satisfactory. The outflow of money from Western centers for purchases in the country is larger than usual, and yet there is no embarrassment. Crop reports are uniformly favorable, and the promise is distinctly better than it was a few weeks ago. Generally business is not only large and healthy, but the outlook for the coming month is every where regarded with the utmost confidence.

FIVE SAILORS LOST AT SEA.

Part of the Crew of Gloucester Fishing Vessel Perish.

Captain Schmitt, of the Netherlands oil tank steamer La Campane, from Antwerp, reports speaking the fishing schooner Ada M. Hall, of Gloucester, Mass., Sept. 17. The master of the Hall reported that during the gale on the previous day he had lost two dories in which were five of his men.

Flax Fiber Factory Burned.

At Austin, Minn., the building and machinery of the American Flax Fiber Company were entirely destroyed by fire. The company is a New Jersey corporation, and it erected a large factory last summer for the purpose of reducing the flax fiber from the immense flax fields in the southern part of the State to bales and shipping it East to be manufactured. The factory was the only one of the kind in the United States and was a success last season. The loss is estimated at \$35,000; no insurance.

Made Good His Ghastly Threat.

Frank Means, a machinist employed at the Santa Fe shops in Argentine, Kan., married Lillie McLanahan, of Kansas City, Mo., and told his sweetheart, Gertrude Hepburn, that his wife would be a widow within a week. Friday morning he made good his threat by putting a bullet from a 38-caliber revolver into his head, killing himself instantly.

Death of a Noted Sire.

Aberdeen, the noted trotting stallion, by Ryadky's Hambletonian, dam Widow Macree, by Seely's American Star, is dead at the home of his owner, James E. Clay, Bourbon County, Kentucky. He sired many game racehorses, including Alcyon, Alabaster, Kentucky Union, Abbie V., Hattie Woodward, etc. He was 26 years old.

Four Powder Mills Blown Up.

Four powder mills at Schaghticoke, N. Y., blew up. Not a vestige of the mills remains. The buildings in Schaghticoke village, two miles away, and in Valley Falls, a mile off, were shaken so violently that scarcely a window in either place remains whole. Nobody was injured. The loss will be over \$10,000.

Capture of a Murderess.

Agnes Underwood, the young woman who murdered Milford Brown, a printer, at Cateletsburg, Kentucky, was captured at Louisa, Kentucky. She had cut her hair and had a false mustache and men's clothes with her. She acknowledged she killed Brown during a free-for-all fight on her shanty boat.

The New Return Postal Card.

The new return postal card will soon be placed on sale at all postoffices. The two designs, one for domestic and the other for the International Union service, have been approved by Postmaster General Wanamaker, and the work of printing and distributing the cards will be pushed with vigor.

Fire in Omaha's Stock-Yards.

Fire broke out in the sheep pens at the South Omaha Stock-yards. About \$10,000 worth of sheds was destroyed and 900 head of sheep burned. Seven hundred head of the sheep were owned by the Swift Packing Company and the remainder by the Cudahys. The sheep were worth about \$3,000.

New Pacing Record.

At Terre Haute, Ind., Thursday, Mascot, Flying Bill and Guy paced five heats in an average of less than 2:06. Mascot made a mile in 2:04, and Flying Bill in 2:05; but the Mississippi horse had them tired out and took the race.

Blown to Fragments.

A pusher engine on the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railroad was blown to fragments by the explosion of the boiler near Grave Summit, Pa. Engineer Wise and Fireman Flynn were literally blown to pieces.

Kentucky Embezzler.

Thomas Jones, clerk of Campbell County, Kentucky, is charged with the embezzlement of \$5,701 from collection of licenses.

Killed His Peonage.

At Jackson, Miss., Officer Ed Gordin shot and fatally wounded James Head, a notorious character.

WORK OF A DRUNKEN MAN.

He Kills His Child, Fatally Stabs His Wife, and Is Lynched.

At Castellana, six miles from Danvers, Cal., Thursday night, J. W. Smith, a carpenter, while crazy drunk shot his child, fatally stabbed his wife and then vainly tried to commit suicide. He went home drunk and his wife upbraided him. He drew a pistol and shot his 5-year-old girl, killing her instantly. The mother fled, and the murderer, dropping his pistol, snatched up a knife and pursued her. She had gone but a short distance before he overtook her and plunged the knife in her neck. Her husband, believing that he had killed her, attempted to cut his throat. Before he could accomplish his purpose the frantic man was seized and overpowered by neighbors. He made no resistance when asked if he had anything to say and thanked the crowd for putting an end to his life.

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS' DUST.

An American Wants to Sell a Portion of the Great Discoverer's Remains.

Mr. Fred A. Ober, Exposition Commissioner of the United States to West Indies in the interest of the World's Fair, has received a letter from a New York man asking his aid in disposing of a pinch of the dust of Christopher Columbus' remains from Santo Domingo. He vouches for its genuineness. According to this Mr. Ober thinks there must be two sets of remains of Columbus, for a year ago last July he was conducted with great ceremony to and through the cathedral of San Domingo, and the discoverer's remains were then brought out for his inspection. These remains are jealously guarded, there being three keys to the casket in which they are held. One is in possession of the President of the Republic, a second is held by the archbishop, and one by the chief of the local council.

ARRESTED FOR TREASON.

All the Members of the Famous Advisory Board of the Strikers Taken In.

A bomb was thrown into the camp of the Homestead strikers when the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, Paxton, issued warrants for the arrest of every member of the famous advisory board of the strikers on a charge of high treason. When the warrants were served and five arrests were made the greatest consternation prevailed in the Homestead borough. The leaders declared loudly at this latest act of what they termed persecution, but before the officers left with their prisoners they had calmed down and declared that not even this was sufficient to induce them to break and return to the mill.

Killed the Officer.

It is reported that H. T. Nippall, Sheriff of Cowley County, Kansas, who last week started in pursuit of the robbers who looted the bank at Dexter of \$3,000, located the bandits in Osage County, and in attempting to arrest them was shot and killed.

Lynchers Escape Indictment.

The Orange County, New York Grand Jury reported to Judge John J. Beattie. They said they had not indicted the Port Jervis lynchers of Bob Lewis. The reason was that Port Jervis people had failed to give evidence necessary to indict.

Smallpox in Chihuahua.

The most serious smallpox epidemic ever known in Chihuahua, Mexico, is now raging. Many deaths from the malady are reported daily. The disease is in its severest type. Efforts to prevent its spreading have proved unsuccessful.

Two Killed by a Locomotive.

Jack McAuliffe, aged 22, and Swan Claire, aged 33, both single men, were struck by a St. Paul and Duluth engine at West End, near West Duluth. McAuliffe was frightfully mangled. Claire lived a short time after reaching St. Mary's Hospital.

Fatal Explosion in a Mine.

At Walsenburg, Colo., while D. E. Maier and William M. Holt were making an examination of the Watson mine, an explosion took place that killed the two almost instantly.

Sudden Death of U. F. Washburn.

Uralah F. Washburn, President of the People's Bank, of Haverstraw, N. Y., and known as one of the most prominent brick manufacturers along the Hudson River, suddenly dropped dead of heart disease.

Four Killed by Lightning.

The residence of Samuel Adkinson, near Le Loup, Kan., was struck by lightning, killing Mr. and Mrs. Adkinson and two children, on 4 years, the other 7 months old. The house was burned.

Enthroned in New York.

James Scroby, the agent for Genesee County, New York, for the American Bible Society, has just completed a tour of the county. He found 155 families who had never seen a Bible.

Senator Mills Worse.

Senator Mills' condition is worse. He may be unable to take further active part in the campaign.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50 @ 5.75
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.20 @ 5.75
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	4.00 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	72 1/2 @ 73 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2.....	31 @ 32
RYE—No. 2.....	44 @ 45
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	23 @ 25
EGGS—Fresh.....	19 1/2 @ 19 3/4
POTATOES—New, per bu.....	45 @ 55
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.25 @ 5.25
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.50 @ 5.75
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	68 @ 69 1/2
OATS—No. 1 White.....	45 @ 46
OATS—No. 2 White.....	34 @ 35
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.25
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 5.50
SHEEP.....	40 @ 70
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	71 1/2 @ 72 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	41 @ 42
OATS—No. 2.....	30 1/2 @ 30 3/4
RYE—No. 2.....	43 @ 44
CINCINNATI.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.75
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 5.75
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	71 1/2 @ 72 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	41 @ 42
OATS—No. 2.....	30 1/2 @ 30 3/4
RYE—No. 2.....	43 @ 44
DETROIT.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 4.50
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 5.25
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	71 @ 75
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	40 1/2 @ 41 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	36 @ 36 1/2
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	73 @ 74
CORN—No. 2 White.....	44 1/2 @ 45 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	32 @ 33
RYE.....	45 @ 47
BUFFALO.	
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	3.00 @ 4.75
HOGS—Best Grades.....	4.00 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	73 1/2 @ 75
CORN—No. 2.....	40 1/2 @ 41 1/2
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	69 @ 69 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	44 @ 45
OATS—No. 2.....	31 @ 32
RYE—No. 1.....	57 @ 59
BARLEY—No. 2.....	42 @ 43
POKE—Mess.....	10.00 @ 11.00
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 5.25
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 5.00
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	73 @ 75
CORN—No. 2.....	41 @ 42
OATS—Mixed Western.....	31 @ 32
BUTTER—Creamery.....	19 @ 20
POKE—Mess.....	12.25 @ 12 1/2

HERE IT IS AT LAST.

SLUGGER SULLIVAN LUSTILY SQUEALS.

Dr. Briggs Still Troubles the Presbyterians—British Grain Interior in Quality and Price—A Fireman Killed—Red Hot County Seat War.

Stole Silver Bullion.

Nathan Cohen, Charles Fink, and Julius Weinsburg, Russian Jews, have been arrested for stealing silver bullion from railroad cars in the yards at East St. Louis. Over \$2,000 worth of silver was recovered, but as the stealing has been carried on for some time it is believed the amount stolen is in the neighborhood of \$10,000.

THE BRIGGS CASE AGAIN.

Brought Up Once More Before the New York Presbytery.

The famous case of Professor Charles A. Briggs, of Union Theological Seminary, which has been agitating the entire Presbyterian Church for a year and a half, was brought up again at the regular meeting of the New York Presbytery. The General Assembly, which met in Portland, Oregon, last May, refused to accept the Presbytery's dismissal of the charges against Professor Briggs, and ordered the Presbytery to proceed with the trial. At the June meeting the Presbytery acknowledged the receipt of the order and said that it would be carried out in the fall.

Years he was drugged.

Years he was drugged.

Sullivan Think He Was the Victim of Foul Play in the Corbett Match.

John L. Sullivan has announced to several of his Boston friends his intention of challenging James J. Corbett to another fight. Sunday night he had this to say: "I am saving money now with a resolute determination to challenge Corbett to fight again and give me a chance to win back the money that I was robbed of in New Orleans." "By robbed, do you mean that you were drugged?" "There was something wrong. I am not making any direct charges just now, but that I was not right I well know. After the first round I could see half a dozen Corbets, and as good a man as Corbett is, I don't believe that he or any one else living can stand up and fight me twenty-one rounds without being hit. There was a scheme afoot to break what seemed to the pool-room men the old sure combination of McAuliffe, Dixon, and Sullivan, and I was the one selected to be thrown down."

Called for Militia.

Shots Exchanged in a County Seat War at Culbertson, Neb.

A county seat war is in progress at Culbertson, Hitchcock County, Neb. An injunction was issued by the Supreme Court to restrain the county officials from removing the county records from Culbertson. The County Treasurer and Clerk disregarded the order and proceeded to remove the records of their offices, but were stopped by the citizens before many records were taken. At night a mob attempted to steal the records, when the citizens again defeated their object. The following day a posse of citizens of Trenton, led by the County Treasurer and County Clerk, again made a raid on the Court House and succeeded in loading a portion of the records on a wagon, when the citizens again interfered and a number of shots were fired.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHULLEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, OCT. 8, 1892.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT—

Benjamin Harrison,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT—

Whitelaw Reid,
OF NEW YORK.

Electoral Ticket.

At Large, Western District—
JAY A. HUBBELL, of Houghton.

Fifth District—
CONRAD G. SWENBERG, of Kent.

ALTERNATES.

At Large, Western District—
AARON CLARK, of Kent.

Fifth District—
SAMUEL A. WATT, of Ionia.

State Ticket.

For Governor—
JOHN T. RICH, of Lapeer.

For Lieut. Governor—
J. WIGHT GIDDINGS, of Wexford.

For Secretary of State—
JOHN W. JOCHIM, of Marquette.

For State Treasurer—
JOS. E. HAMBLETT, of Houghton.

For Auditor General—
STANLEY W. TURNER, of Roscommon.

For Attorney General—
GERRIT J. DIKKEMA, of Ottawa.

For Com'r of State Land Office—
JOHN G. BERRY, of Otsego.

For Sup't of Public Instruction—
HENRY R. PATTENGILL, of Ingham.

For Member of State Board of Education—
EUGENE A. WILSON, of Van Buren.

For Justice of the Supreme Court—
FRANK A. HOOKER, of Eaton.

Congressional Ticket.

For Member of Congress, Fifth district—
CHARLES E. BELKNAP, of Kent.

Judicial Ticket.

For Circuit Judge, 20th Judicial Circuit—
PHILLIP PADGHAM, of Allegan.

Legislative Ticket.

For State Senator, 23rd District—
CHARLES L. BRUNDAGE, of Muskegon.

For Representative in the State Legislature—
First District—
JOHN W. NORRINGTON, of Olive.

Second District—
CHARLES K. HOYT, of Hudsonville.

County Ticket.

For Judge of Probate—
JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, of Coopersville.

For Sheriff—
BASTIAAN D. KEPPEL, of Holland City.

For Clerk—
GEORGE D. TURNER, of Grand Haven.

For Treasurer—
HENRY PELGRIM, of New Holland.

For Register of Deeds—
CHARLES H. CLARK, of Robinson.

For Prosecuting Attorney—
AREND VISSCHER, of Holland Town.

For Circuit Court Commissioners—
JOHN C. POST, of Holland City.

WALTER G. VAN SLYCK, of Grand Haven.

For County Surveyor—
EMMET H. PECK, of Coopersville.

For Coroners—
ANTHONY BOTTJE, of Grand Haven.

THOMAS M. REED, of Holland Town.

Columbus Day Proclamation.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
Executive Department.

WHEREAS, The World's Congress Auxiliary of the World Columbian Exposition has made a patriotic suggestion that, at the same time that the Exposition grounds at Chicago are being dedicated on October 21, 1892, the anniversary of the discovery of America, all the people of the United States unite in celebrating the anniversary, of which celebration the public schools of the Republic shall be everywhere the center; and

WHEREAS, The President of the United States has by proclamation recommended the observance of that day by public demonstration and by suitable exercises in the schools and other places of assembly throughout the land;

Now, Therefore, I, EDWIN B. WINANS, Governor of the State of Michigan, do hereby recommend and request the observance by the people of Michigan of the said

Twenty-first day of October, 1892, as a general holiday, that business be suspended, and that civil and military organizations join in the celebration.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the State, this first day of September, A. D. 1892.

EDWIN B. WINANS,
GOVERNOR.

The question has been raised, where Mr. Cleveland in his letter of acceptance speaks of the pension rolls and the pensioned soldier, whether he refers to the union soldier, the confederate soldier, or to both.

The Fair.

If fine weather, a large attendance, more entries than the year before, good races, a balloon ascension, etc., etc., constitute a successful fair, then the Eighth Annual Exhibit of the South Ottawa and West Allegan Agricultural Society, held at Holland this week, is entitled to rank as such.

The threatening attitude of the weather, with an occasional rain shower on Monday and Tuesday, had a tendency to dampen the enthusiasm of the fair officials, and the cold winds of Wednesday were feared to be introductory of an autumn season with equinoctial accompaniment. A beautiful sunset Wednesday evening however, gave hope for Thursday, the "big day." And a big day it was.

Conservative estimates place the attendance at not less than 7,500. The receipts were over one thousand dollars and exceeded those of any other day since the existence of the Fair.

Although in some departments, especially in the halls, the display was not up to other years, the secretary reports the number of entries as larger than the year before. Still it must be admitted that the tendency of our Fair, as far as exhibit is concerned, is rather downward, and that despite an increase in attendance. The fact that Holland is a natural centre for an agricultural and industrial exposition has done much and will continue to do much for the success of the society, but it will not do to lay back and meet this desire on the part of the public to come here with a reduction in display. And such appears to be the tendency, in some departments.

HORSES.

It is claimed by those that have regularly attended our fair that this year's was the finest of all. There was a goodly number of draft horses, and many fine colts. John Kolenbrander of Fillmore had entered two two-year old colts that weighed 1475 and 1500 pounds; they were admired by all. Tony De Kruif and John Schippers were out with their fancy stock. H. M. Surdame of Hudsonville, and others had fine carriage horses. The leading exhibitors were M. Van der Bunte, G. J. Van Zoeren, J. H. Albers and J. H. Boone. Taken in all, the horse department was a credit to the fair this year.

CATTLE.

The cattle sheds along the western line of the grounds were never filled with a more choice selection of cattle. Prominent among the exhibitors were J. Nienhuis and Gardner Avery of Jamestown, Thos. Watson of Olive and Harm Lubbers of Drenthe.

SHEEP AND SWINE.

Considering the limited and unattractive accommodations in these divisions it must be said that the exhibits were still fairly good. The number of entries had filled all the pens, and among them were some fine specimens. In sheep, Merinos and Shropshires were the leading varieties; and in hogs, what few there were, the Poland China and Berkshire took the lead.

POULTRY.

This exhibit was especially good. The varieties entered embraced some of the finest specimens of fowls ever seen at the fair. The cages were nearly all filled. Prominent among the exhibitors were L. Kleyn, with two cages of Plymouth Rocks and one case of Wyandottes, that were extra beauties. Ed. Scott, a fine collection of Plymouth Rocks and Red Caps. J. Chapin, who had a very large exhibition, excelled with his pure blooded Buff Cochins and Minorcas. Archie Pierce of Saugatuck, and C. W. Fairbanks also had fine exhibits. Van Loo, Verplanke & Co., of Zeeland deserve special mention for a variety of pigeons, filling 18 cages.

MECHANICAL.

A leading drawback in the appearance of fair grounds generally, this year, is the combined refusal on the part of the manufacturers of agricultural implements to make no exhibits at rural fairs. They have resolved to limit their display to state fairs.

This leaves a conspicuous vacancy compared with other years. The only display we had in this department, this week—and it was a very creditable one—was that of Mulder & Breuker of Graafschap, who had a full line of wagons, buggies and carts.

AGRICULTURAL HALL.

In the line of seeds, the entries were not numerous, and did not come up to what might have been reasonably expected. Some grains were of extra

good quality, and as good as other years. They were exhibited by D. Miedema and J. H. Plaggenman.

As regards vegetables, considering the heavy rains in the early part of the season, the show was a good one. They embraced most of the leading sorts, and some specimens were very fine. As usual our gardener and dairyman A. Westerhof took the lead. His exhibit is always a No. 1. Jac. Van Dyk excelled in tomatoes. His "Ponderosa" caught the eye of every visitor. This is the variety for the naming of which a \$500 premium had been awarded two years ago.

ART HALL.

The merchants of this city done as well or better this year than has been their wont—which is more than can be said of our manufacturers. We understand however that arrangements will soon be perfected by which an additional hall will be erected, especially dedicated to the manufacturing interests of the Fair territory.

Among the exhibits made we notice the following:

H. Meyer & Son, musical instruments and the New Home and Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine; Wm. Brusse & Co., clothing; Kanter Brothers, hardware; J. C. Brown, Singer sewing machine; Mrs. M. Bertsch, millinery; G. J. A. Pessink, laundry; W. D. Hopkins, photography; J. De Graaf, furniture; Mrs. R. E. Best, fancy work.

The department of woman's work in needle and fancy articles, was not up to the usual standard, as regards quantity. Whatever there was, was good. The new division established this year, that of boys and girls, opened well and contained several worthy specimens of juvenile taste and skill.

In the rearranging of the premium list this year effort was made to draw out a systematic display of objects in natural history. As a result we had a good collection of characteristic minerals of over 100 specimens, by H. D. Post, Esq., a finely prepared herbarium of over 100 specimens, by Edward Post; also a gathering of about 200 birds eggs; Sam'l Smith and Clyde Bargitt had on exhibit neatly arranged cases of shell work, and J. W. Beardslee, Jr., deserves notice for his collection of coins and "war envelopes."

FLORAL HALL.

The display of flowers this year was limited to amateurs. Our florists Slabbekeorn Brothers of Zeeland and Mr. Dupont of this city, were not there with their usual collections, which was a disappointment to the public whose patronage they solicit. While their absence reflected somewhat against the appearance of the hall, as compared with other years, there were still some excellent exhibits, such as the one of Harry Doesburg consisting of a collection of palms and of Begonias; the latter was the finest ever seen; Jac. Van Dyk had a large variety of Dalias and Chas. A. Dutton a tasteful display of cut flowers. Mrs. Dr. B. Kiemers also had a beautiful collection of individual plants.

There was a choice collection of canned fruit, the finest ever seen on exhibition. This was admitted by all.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable season the display of fruit was a good one, in apples and grapes especially. The variety of grapes was said to be larger and a more excellent one than the one at the state fair. Auke Bosma and Geo. H. Souter had collections that embraced the Witten, Concord, Delaware, Brighton, Niagara, Martha, Empire State, Isabella, Golden, Wilder, Salem, Hartford, Prentiss and Jefferson. Other leading exhibitors in this division were H. C. Schumacher of Saugatuck, J. Chapel, Mrs. A. Purdy, Mrs. Aferink. Tho's Watson's collection of apples took the lead.

RACES.

There is no disguising the fact that the races are annually growing in favor among the patrons of the fair and that they are largely responsible for the fact that during the first two days of the week the attendance is so limited. The result of Thursday's races is as follows:

Three-year old, mile heats, best 2 in 3, purse \$75.

Hector Medium, of H. A. Kortlander, Grand Rapids, 1-1.

Elegance, of J. J. Littlejohn, Allegan, 2-2.

Lindewood, of A. De Kruif, Zeeland 3-3.

Time—1st heat, 2:51; 2nd heat, 2:50.

Three-minute race, mile heats, best 3 in 5, purse \$100:

Chief B., of H. Boone, Holland, 1-1-1.

Hopwood, of John De Hoop, Vriesland, 2-2-2.

Daisy Deen, of P. B. Wright, Grand Rapids, 3-3-3.

Time—1st heat, 2:59; 2nd heat, 2:45; 3rd heat, 2:44.

Farmers' green race, mile heats, best 2 in 3, purse \$20.

Billy A., of B. J. Albers, Fillmore, 1-1.

Tom Thumb, of Henry O. Brown, Allendale, 2-2.

Dexter, of R. Vinkemulder, North Holland, 3-3.

Time—1st heat, 3:41; 2nd heat, 2:50.

Judges—W. F. Willard, Seth Knowles and S. P. De Vries.

ILLUMINATION.

Eight wheels with their riders were in line Thursday evening to compete for the prizes. In style of decoration and illumination the rivalry was sharp, producing a fine effect upon the streets. It was a test upon the discriminating faculties of the judges, Messrs. L. Neumeister, P. H. McBride and J. G. Van Patten. The 1st prize was awarded to Abe Cappon, consisting of one of Brusse's best hats, with necktie, etc.; the 2nd prize went to J. Van Dyk—a Rochester parlor lamp.

(The result of Friday's races and the awards of the special premiums must be deferred till next week.)

NOTES.

Beautiful weather on Thursday, but oh how dusty. Friday, was rather damp.

Through the efficiency of J. M. De Feyter & Co., manufacturers of wind mills, there was an ample supply of water. Their Holland Diamond mill done excellent service, and its running gear and construction were closely watched and scrutinized by our agriculturists. This firm are also agents for the Ariel Roller Windmill, manufactured by the Koontz Mfg. Co., of South Bend, Ind. This mill is novel in construction and elegant in design, the result of 13 years' experience. It is said of this mill that it will roll, when all others take a rest. It gives the best of satisfaction. For further information we refer our readers to the above named firm. Their office is on the corner of Pine and Fourteenth streets.

The street sprinkler had been at work on the race course all night, Wednesday, and the track was in good shape.

There was no outward manifestation of mourning about the pyramid of clothing of Wm. Brusse & Co., in art hall, even after the sad tidings had reached the firm that one of the monks, lately exhibited by them in their store window, had suddenly died at Grand Haven, to which place they had been shipped Monday. The automatic bear performer made up for it, in part; but more than all the splendid display of ready made clothing. It was elegant.

Financially as well as otherwise the fair was a success, this year.

Vanwagoner's patent fence was closely examined by our farmers. A section of it, all put up, with posts and wire, was on exhibition upon the grounds and elicited much favorable comment for its simplicity and apparent durability. The price too was considered very reasonable. The home address is C. H. Van Wagoner & Co., Homer, Mich.

The portable booth built by E. Takken for C. Blom was of neat design and very practicable.

The millinery display made by Mrs. M. Bertsch was in the usual attractive style. At one time an energetic set of patriots were about to engage in a political discussion in front of her department, when they were politely informed that the space had not been rented for that purpose.

The dining hall this year was in charge of Mr. and Mrs. Metcalf. The service and patronage were both good.

Although hardly settled down to business our young and hustling furniture dealer John De Graaf avails himself of every opportunity to bring his business before the public and rivet their attention to his new stock, and the prices at which they are offered. A few samples of the several lines of goods he carries were tastefully arranged and proved sufficient to create a most favorable impression. Call and examine his stock at his store on River street.

The refreshment booths all report having done good business.

Ex-marshal Holme, who for years has been a prominent figure at our fairs, was missed this year, but his successor H. Boone attended well to the duties required of him.

Allow me to introduce you to Mr. So-and-so. And then followed a hearty handshake by Judge Goodrich, Senator Brundage, Representative Norrington, Register of deeds Clark, Sheriff Keppel, Treasurer Pelgrim, and Prosecuting Attorney Vischer. They were all there, good and true Republicans, each one of them already laying claim, through their friends, to the appellation given. However, these were not the only ones present. Their opponents were also on hand, cultivating the acquaintance of the yeomanry of the county. Ex-sheriff Verplanke was there, and with him were also Albert G. Van den Berg, Peter J. Danhoff, Jacob Baar, Harvey L. White, B. A. Blakeney, Geo. Ballard and David L. Boyd. In this regard, it must also be admitted that Thursday was the big day of the Fair.

The Holland Martial Band and Thomas' City Cornet Band were both being heard from. The latter especially favored the public with some choice selections during the intervals between the races.

The selection of Overcoats at Bosman Bro's is simply immense.

Absolute Purity Guaranteed.

Every sack of our

Buckwheat Flour

is warranted to be absolutely pure, and free from adulteration. These cold mornings remind one of

BUCKWHEAT CAKES

and if made from our flour they will promote happiness in the home circle. Those who have used our flour in previous seasons know whereof we speak, and from others a trial is solicited.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

Holland, Mich., Oct. 3, 1892.

ROYAL RED CROSS Red Cross Coal Stove.



Has always been the leader in first class stoves. Among the features contributing to its grand success are a Large Fire Pot, Large Flues, with Circulating Flues of sufficient size to secure a rapid circulation and a change of temperature in the adjoining rooms.

We feel confident in recommending it as the best stove of its class ever offered.

The Red Cross is absolutely A., No. 1, and First-Class.

The highest possible class but one—the price; the price is second-class.

Come in and see our complete line. No trouble to show them.

E. VAN DER VEEN, PIONEER HARDWARE. IS NOW OFFERED!

The Big Chance and the Best Chance to buy your Fall and Winter Clothing at

Jonkman & Dykema

An immense stock combining quality and elegance, with Prices Strictly Fair.

Mens' and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Underwear.

Overcoats in endless variety at prices within the reach of all.

Plush Caps of all Sizes and Prices.

Now is the time make your selection.

Follow the Crowd.

To the

City Meat Market

OF

WM. VAN DER VEERE,

Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

HOLLAND, MICH.

Fresh and Salt Meats, Mutton and Veal.

CASH FOR POULTRY.

CELERY SEED FOR HEADACHE

POSITIVE CURE FOR Billious Sick Headache and Neuralgia. Warranted to cure all forms of Headache. Being combined with Celery it is a specific for NERVOUS HEADACHE. These fruits have recently come into notice as a nervous stimulant and remedy for Sick Headache, especially adapted to cases of extreme prostration or loss of vitality due to over excitement of the mind or body. Under this name and label we offer an invaluable powder, agreeable to take, purely vegetable. PRICE 15 CENTS AT DRUGGISTS.

TESTIMONIAL. CHRYSTAL VALLEY, OGDENA CO., MICH. WILL E. BANGS, Chemist. Dear Sir: For ten years my wife has been a sufferer from Nervous Headache. Have tried numerous headache cures, but none gave the satisfaction received from your Magic Celery. I wish \$1.00 worth of the Headache Remedy. HERBERT EBBASSEN.

AN OFFER. Cut out this "ad" and show it to your nearest druggist. If he has not Magic Celery in stock, write us what he says, give name and address and we will send you a package free. WILL E. BANGS, Grand Rapids, Mich.

BANGS' MAGIC CELERY The Headache Remedy.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

TAMMANY IN CONTROL.

GROVER HAS SURRENDERED TO THE TIGER.

Solemn Assurances Are Given that in Case He Is Chosen President He Will Be Guided by the Wishes of New York Ringers.

Cleveland's Degradation.

Whatever claim the free trade candidate for the President had or pretended to have upon the suffrages of self-respecting members of his party was based upon his alleged independence of Tammany Hall. The incense bearers to the Mugwump Joss made the burden of their song that he was a man above submission to or even association with that element which has made New York a political Newton Creek to the rest of the country, and that he would rather be defeated than yield to the dictates of the Tammany machine.

But what is the situation? The leading organ of Tammany Hall asserts—and there cannot be the slightest doubt that the assertion is true—that at the recent dinner given by Cleveland and Grover, Sheehan and Murphy, and to which McLaughlin, the Brooklyn ring-leader, was also invited, Cleveland gave the most positive and solemn assurances that, should he be chosen President of the United States, he would be guided by the judgment and wishes of these men. So solemn and unequivocal were these assurances we are informed by the Tammany official gazette, that it was not thought necessary to secure a pledge in writing, as writing could add nothing to the force and strength of the promise.

Several days have passed since this assertion was proclaimed in the leading article of the Tammany paper, and not the slightest disposition has been shown by Cleveland or his apologists to deny or even modify the statement. Indeed,

certainly the best one, and in failing to live up to it Cleveland placed himself in a position to be properly criticised as a subsequent candidate for the highest office in the land.

The Lowest Since the War.

The alleged opposition of the McKinley tariff law can be fairly measured by the per capita amount raised under it. If the Democratic theory that the consumer pays the duty is correct, then the average sum paid by each man, woman, and child in the country represents in a tolerably accurate degree the total "tax" borne. This, we are well aware, is arguing on Democratic premises, and we will take these things for granted for the time being simply to show that, from their own standpoint of reasoning, the McKinley tariff law is the least oppressive and the least burdensome since the civil war.

The United States Treasury reports, which are compiled with great care by the Chief of Statistics, and are the only reliable figures of our commerce, show that the amount of customs revenues has not been so small per capita in nearly thirty years as under the McKinley law. In 1891 only \$2.67 per capita was collected, while in 1890, the last year of the tariff of 1893, the per capita amount was \$3.62, and the average for the ten years, 1880-1890, was \$3.624. In other words, the actual amount collected per capita under the tariff law is 95 cents less than the average for the past decade. That certainly is very far from proving the truth of the "oppression" outcry.

At no time since the war has the per capita amount collected in customs revenue been so small as during the fiscal year that closed June 30, last. Even in the year 1887, which Candidate Stevenson never tires of proclaiming as a singularly prosperous one, though the better authority of President Buchanan's state papers contradicts him in saying so, the amount per capita, with no war debt to pay or interest to meet, was but

promises; but it is not customary for the party to commence the crawfish act quite so early in the campaign. Grover must be pretty badly alarmed when he compels the party organs to eat crow before the campaign is fairly started.

Don't Forget About Maine.

The election in Maine would have been more significant if it had shown results materially different from the ordinary run. But with a large decrease in the total vote cast—12,000 at least—the Republican majority for Governor is 11,000, all four Congressmen-elect are Republicans, and two-thirds of the Legislature are of the party of protection and progress.

The Democracy unlimbered its heaviest artillery in the State; the failure of Mr. Blaine's friends to bring about his nomination for the Presidency was worked for all it was worth, and still the State responds with a Republican majority which shows that there is not the slightest danger of the "Dirigo" State going over into the doubtful column.

In 1890 the Republicans lost the State by a plurality of 189 in the September election and gave Garfield a plurality of 8,868 in November. If, with an organization never equalled in Maine, a lavish supply of campaign funds, a constant appeal to local and personal differences, a heavy reduction of the total vote by reason of a first experiment with the Australian ballot law—if, with all these advantages, the Democrats are unable to elect a single Congressman of the four, cannot carry one in three of the legislative districts and are unable to come within 11,000 of electing their candidate for Governor, they must be veritable Mark Tapleys if they can find encouragement in the result.

Why, they did vastly better work in 1890, when their fusion ticket actually triumphed by a plurality of 189; in the Presidential election of that same year, when their electoral ticket lacked but 8,868 votes of success; in the gubernatorial

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE NEED OF INCREASED CHRISTIAN ACTIVITY.

Fishermen Were Chosen Because They Were Brave and Hardy—The Boundless Sea of God's Word—Do Not Hug the Shore, but Sail Out Boldly.

At the Tabernacle.

Since his return from Europe Dr. Talmage has faced audiences unusually large and enthusiastic, who are attracted to the Tabernacle no less by the potent eloquence of the preacher than through a desire to hear from his own lips the message of thanks entrusted to him by the czar to the contributors of The Christian Herald famine cargo, which he and Mr. Klopsch conveyed to Russia in the steamer Leo. It is understood that Dr. Talmage has in preparation a full account of the mission to Russia, as well of his own preaching tour to Germany, England, Scotland and Ireland. The text last Sunday morning was taken from Luke v, 4, "Launch out into the deep."

Christ, starting on the campaign of the world's conquest, was selecting his staff officers. There were plenty of students with high foreheads, and white hands, and intellectual faces, and refined tastes in Rome and Jerusalem. Christ might have called into the apostleship twelve bookworms, or twelve rhetoricians, or twelve artists. Instead He takes a group of men who had never made a speech; never taken a lesson in belles-lettres; never been sick enough to make them look delicate—their hands broad, clumsy and hard-knuckled. He chose fishermen, among other reasons, I think, because they were physically hardy. Rowing makes strong arms and stout chests. Much climbing of railines makes one's head steady. A Galilee tempest wrestled men into gymnasts.

The open work of the church was rough work. Christ did not want twelve invalids hanging about Him complaining all the time how badly they felt. He leaves the delicate students in Jerusalem and Rome for their mothers and aunts to take care of, and goes down to the seashore and out of the toughest material makes an apostleship. The ministry needs more corporeal vigor than any other class. Fine minds and good intentions are important, but there must be physical force to back them. The intellectual mill wheel may be well built and the grist good, but there must be enough blood in the mill race to turn the one and to grind the other.

He chose fishermen also because they were used to hard knocks. The man who cannot stand assault is not fit for the ministry. It always has been and always will be rough work, and the man who, at every sentence or caricature, sits down to cry had better be at some other work. It is no place for ecclesiastical doll babies. A man who cannot preach because he has forgotten his manuscript or lost his spectacles ought not to preach at all. Heaven deliver the church from a ministry that preach in kid gloves and from sermons in black morocco covers! These fishermen were rough and ready. They had been in the severest of all colleges.

When they were knocked over by the main boom of the ship they entered the Sophomore; when washed off by a great wave they entered the Junior; when floating for two days without food or drink on a plank they came to the Senior, and when at last their ship dashed on the beach in a midnight hurricane they graduated with the first honor.

My text finds Jesus on shipboard with one of these broiled men—Simon by name. This fisherman had been sweeping his net in shoal water. "Push out," says Christ. "What is the use of hugging the shore in this boat? Here is a lake twelve miles long and six wide, and it is all populated—just waiting for the sweep of your net. Launch out into the deep."

The advice that my Lord gave to Simon is as appropriate for us all in a spiritual sense. The fact is that most of us are just paddling along the shore. We are afraid to venture out into the great depths of God and Christian experience. We think that the boat will be upset, or that we cannot "clew down the mizzen top-sail," and our cowardice makes us poor fishermen. I think I hear the voice of Christ commanding us, as He did Simon on that day when bright Galilee, set in among the green hills of Palestine, like water flashing in an emerald cup, "Launch out into the deep."

This divine counsel comes first to all those who are paddling in the margin of Bible research. My father read the Bible through three times after he was 80 years of age, and without spectacles—not for the mere purpose of saying he had been through it so often, but for his eternal profit. John Colver, the brother-in-law of Daniel Webster, learned to read after he was 84 years of age, in order that he might become acquainted with the Scriptures. There is no book in the world that demands so much of our attention as the Bible. Yet nine-tenths of our Christian men get no more than ankle deep. They think it is a good sign not to venture too far. They never ask how or why, and if they see some Christian becoming inquisitive about the deep things of God they say, "Be careful; you had better not go out so far from shore."

My answer is: The farther you go from shore the better, if you have the right kind of ship. If you have more worldly philosophy for the bulk and pride for a sail and self-conceit for the helm, the first squall will destroy you. But if you take the Bible for your craft, the farther you go the better, and after you have gone 10,000 furlongs Christ will still command, "Launch out into the deep." Ask some such question as, "Who is God?" and go on for ten years asking it. Ask it at the gate of every parable; amid the excitement of every miracle; by the solitariness of every patriarchal thrashing floor; amid the white faces of Sennacherib's slain turned upon the moonlight; amid the flying chariots of the Golden City.

Ask who Jesus is, and keep on asking it of every Bible lily, of every raven, of every star, of every crazed brain cured, of every blind man come to sunlight, of every coin in a fish's mouth, of every loaf that got to be five loaves, of every wrathful sea pacified, of every pulseless arm stretched forth in gratulation; ask it of His mother, of Augustine, of Herod, of the Syrochenean woman, of the damsel that woke up from the death sleep, of Joseph who had Him buried, of the dumb earth that shook and groaned and thundered when He died.

A missionary in France offered a Bible in an humble dwelling. The man took it, tore out a dozen pages, and with them

began to light his pipe. Some years after the missionary happened in to the same house. The family had just lost their son in the Crimean war, and his Bible had been sent home. The missionary took it up and saw that it was the very same Bible that he left in the house, and from which the leaves had been torn. The dying soldier had written on one of the leaves of the Bible, "Rejected and scoffed at, but finally believed in and saved." The Bible may be used to light the pipe of witicism by some, but for us it is a staff in life, a pillow in death and our joy for eternity.

Walk up and down this Bible domain. Try every path. Plunge in at the prophecies and come out at the epistles. Go with the patriarchs until you meet the evangelists. Rummage and ransack, as children who are not satisfied when they come to a new house until they know what is in every room and into what every door opens. Open every jewel casket. Examine the skylights. Forever be asking questions. Put to a higher use than was intended the oriental proverb, "Hold all the skirts of thy mantle extended when Heaven is raining gold."

Passing from Bonn to Coblenz on the Rhine, the scenery is comparatively tame. But from Coblenz to Mayence it is enchanting. You sit on deck and feel as if this last flash of beauty must exhaust the scene; but in a moment there is a turn of the river which covers up the former view with more luxuriant vineyards, and more defiant castles, and bolder bluffs, vine wreathed, and grapes so ripe that if the hills be touched they would bleed their rich life away into the bowls of Bingen and Hockheimer. Here and there there are streams of water melting into the river, like smaller joys swallowed in the bosom of a great gladness.

And when night begins to throw its black mantle over the shoulder of the hills, and you are approaching disembarkation at Mayence, the lights along the shore fairly bewitch the scene with their beauty, giving one a thrill that he feels but once, yet that lasts him forever. So this river of God's Word is not a straight stream, but a winding splendor—at every turn new wonders to attract, still riper vintage pressing to the brink, and crowded with castles of strength (Stolzenfels and Johannisberg) as nothing compared with the steeper tower into which the righteous run and are saved, and our disembarkation at last, in the evening, amid the lights that gleam from the shore of Heaven. The trouble is that the vast majority of Bible voyagers stop at Coblenz, where the chief glories begin.

The sea of God's Word is not like Genesareth, twelve miles by six, but boundless, and in one direction you can sail on forever. Why then confine yourself to a short psalm or to a few verses of the epistle? The largest fish are not near the shore. Hoist all sail to the winds of Heaven. Take hold of both oars and pull away. Be like some of the whalers that went out from New Bedford or Portsmouth to be gone for two or three years. Yea, calculate on a lifetime voyage. You do not want to land until you land in Heaven. Sail away, O ye mariners, for eternity! Launch out into the deep!

The text is appropriate to all Christians of shallow experience. Doubts and fears have in our day been almost elected to the parliament of Christian races. Some consider it a bad sign not to have any doubts. Doubts and fears are not signs of health, but festers and carbuncles. You have a valuable house or farm. It is suggested that the title is not good. You employ counsel. You have the deeds examined. You search the record for mortgages, judgments and liens. You are not satisfied until you have a certificate, signed by the great seal of the state, assuring you that the title is good. Yet how many leave their title to Heaven an undecided matter! Why do you not go to the records and find out? Give yourself no rest, day or night, until you can read your title clear to mansions in the skies.

Christian character is to come up to higher standards. We have now to hunt through our library to find one Robert M'Cheyne, or one Edward Payson, or one Harlan Page. The time will come when we will find half a dozen of them sitting in the same seat with us. The grace of God can make a great deal better men than those I have mentioned. Christians seem afraid they will get heterodox by going too far. They do not believe in Christian perfection. There is no danger of your being perfect for some time yet. I will keep watch, and give you notice in time if you get too near perfection for the safety of your theology.

One half of you Christians are simply stuck in the mud. Why not cut loose from everything but God? Give not to Him that formal petition made up of "O's"—"O Lord" and "O Lord" that, when people are cold and have nothing to say to God they strew their prayers with "O's" and "Forever and ever, Amen," and things to fill up. Tell God what you want with the feeling that He is ready to give it, and believe that you will receive it, and you shall have it. Shed that old prayer you have been making these ten years. It is like time that you outgrew it. Throw it aside with your old ledgers, and your old hats, and your old shoes. Take a review of your present wants, of your present sins and of your present blessings. With a sharp blade cut away your past half and half Christian life, and with new determination, and new plans, and new expectations launch out into the deep.

The text is appropriate to all who are engaged in Christian work. The church of God has been fishing along the shore. We set our net in a good, calm place and in sight of a fine chapel, and we go down every Sunday to see if the fish have been wise enough to come into our net. We might learn something from that boy with his hook and line. He throws his line from the bridge—no fish. He sits down on a log—no fish. He stands in the sunlight and casts the line, but no fish. He goes up by the mill dam and stands behind the bank, where the fish cannot see him, and he has hardly dropped the hook before the cork goes under. The fish come to him as fast as he can throw them ashore.

In other words, in our Christian work, why do we not go where the fish are? It is not so easy to catch souls in church, for they know that we are trying to take them. If you can throw your line out into the world where they are not expecting you, they will be captured. Is it fair to take men by such stratagem? Yes, I would like to cheat five thousand souls into the kingdom.

The text is appropriate to all the unforgotten. Every sinner would come to God if he thought that he might come just as he is. People talk as though the pardon of God were a narrow river, like the Kennebec or the Thames, and that

their sin draws too much water to enter it. No; it is not a river nor a bay, but a sea. I should like to persuade you to launch out into the great deep of God's mercy. I am a merchant. I have bought a cargo of spices in India. I have, through a bill of exchange, paid for the whole cargo. You are a ship captain. I give you the orders and say, "Bring me those spices." You land in India. You go to the trader and say, "Here are the orders," and you find everything all right. You do not stop to pay the money yourself. It is not your business to pay it. The arrangements were made before you started. No Christ purchases your pardon. He puts the papers or the promises into your hand. Is it wise to stop and say, "I cannot pay my redemption?" God does not ask you to pay. Relying on what has been done, launch out into the deep.

The Bible's promises join hands, and the circle they make will compass all you sins, and all your temptations, and all your sorrows. The round table of King Arthur and his knights had room for only thirteen banqueters, but the round table of God's supply is large enough for all the present inhabitants of earth and Heaven to sit at; and for the still mightier populations that are yet to be.

Do not sail careless along your old habits and old sins. Keep clear of the shore. Go out where the water is deepest. Oh, for the mid sea of God's mercy! "Be it known unto you, men and brethren, that through this man is preached unto you forgiveness of sins." I preach it with as much confidence to the 80-year-old transgressor as to the maiden. Though your sins were blood red they shall be snow white. The more ragged the prodigal, the more compassionate the father.

Do you say that you are too bad? The high water mark of God's pardon is higher than all your transgressions. "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin."

Do you say that your heart is hard? Suppose it were ten times harder. Do you say that your iniquity is long continued? Suppose it were ten times longer. Do you say that your crimes are black? Suppose that they were ten times blacker. Is there any lion that this Samson cannot slay? Is there any fortress that this Conqueror cannot take? Is there any sin this Redeemer cannot pardon?

It is said that when Charlemagne's host was overpowered by the three armies of the Saracens in the pass of Roccaesvalles, his warrior, Roland, in terrible earnestness, seized a trumpet and blew it with such terrific strength that the opposing army reeled back with terror, but at the third blast of the trumpet it broke in two. I see your soul fiercely assailed by all the powers of earth and hell. I put the mightier trumpet of the Gospel to my lips and I blow it three times. Blast the first—"Whosoever will, let him come." Blast the second—"Seek ye the Lord while He may be found." Blast the third—"Now is the accepted time; now is the day of salvation."

Does not the host of your sins fall back? But the trumpet does not, like that of Roland, break in two. As it was handed down to us from the lips of our fathers, we hand it down to the lips of our children and tell them to sound it when we are dead, that all the generations of men may know that our God is a pardoning God—a sympathetic God—a loving God—and that more to Him than the anthems of Heaven; more to Him than the throne on which He sits; more to Him than are the temples of celestial worship is the joy of seeing the wanderer putting his hand on the door-latch of his father's house. Hear it, all ye nations! Bread for the worst hunger. Medicine for the worst sickness. Light for the thickest darkness. Harbor for the worst storm.

Dr. Prime, in his book of wonderful interest entitled "Around the World," describes a tomb in India of marvelous architecture. Twenty thousand men were twenty-two years in erecting that and the buildings around it. Standing in that tomb, if you speak or sing, after you have ceased you hear the echo coming from a height of one hundred and fifty feet. It is not like other echoes. The sound is drawn out in sweet prolongation, as though the angels of God were chanting on the wing. How many souls in the tomb of sin will lift up the voice of penitence and prayer? If now they would cry unto God the echo would drop from afar—not struck from the marble walls of an earthly mausoleum, but sounding back from the warm heart of angels, flying with the news, for there is joy among the angels of God over one sinner that repenteth!

Winning, Yet Failing.

All of us cannot do everything. Yet a man who triumphs over obstacles that bar his way to success should be able to conquer himself. Defeat on that battle-field means ultimate failure. The life of Hector Berlioz, one of the most eminent of French musicians, illustrates the fact that the greater the necessity for self-control.

He forced his way to distinction against resolute opposition at home. His father, who had destined him to the medical profession, and his mother, who, being a devout Catholic, imagined that association with musicians would be fatal to his religion, refused assent to his desire to study music. The father at length withdrew all support.

But young Hector obtained a position as chorister, at a salary of ten dollars a month. Joining another musical student, who had a similar aim, they lived on six dollars a month, and used the remainder of their funds in their musical studies. His improvement was rapid, and he soon won a brilliant reputation, and acquired a position in the front rank of the great French musicians.

But while he had an indomitable will to surmount obstacles, like many other men of genius, he had no control over himself, and his life was full of moral failures. If he had ruled himself, as vigorously as he conquered external difficulties, he might have been a great and beneficent leader in society.

The lesson holds true not only of Berlioz but many minor masters of art. A public life has a strange tendency towards enervating pursuits and pleasures.—*Youth's Companion.*

The following anecdote of President Lincoln is related by General Badeau: "Sheridan started before daybreak in pursuit of what was left of Lee's army. He sent word to Grant: 'If the thing is pressed, I think that Lee will surrender.' Grant forwarded the dispatch and an account of the victory to Lincoln, at City Point, and the President replied: 'Let the thing be pressed.'"



THE WRITING ON THE WALL.—(New version.)

they appear rather anxious to have it understood that the statement is true, and that their candidate is bound by a self-imposed obligation of a solemn and most binding character to obey, if elected, the behests of Tammany Hall and the Brooklyn, Troy and Buffalo rings.

Never before in the history of American politics has a candidate placed himself in such a degrading and humiliating position. The obligation which Cleveland has taken upon himself manifestly means the surrender, in the event of his election, of national influence and official patronage in the Empire State to the syndicate we have named. It means the reversal of all that Cleveland has claimed as to being better than the worst element of his party. It means for the decent and law-abiding people of New York something far worse than the bugaboo with which an effort is being made to frighten and alarm the South.

New York is the gateway of the United States. With these scoundrels in control of New York, and having Cleveland in Washington at their back, they might easily consider themselves in control of the nation. It remains to be seen whether the people of the United States will accept as their chief magistrate a man whose ambition for office has led him to take upon his neck this humiliating yoke.—*New York Press.*

Cleveland's War Record.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican takes occasion to protest against the criticisms that continue to be made upon Cleveland because he did not serve as a soldier in the war for the Union, but sent a substitute. He remained at home, it tells us, on account of "the necessity of supporting a widowed mother," which was a duty as sacred, we are assured, as that of defending his country. "To many a man who staid at home," we are informed, "it was a great grief and denying of self." But is there anything to show that Cleveland shed any tears over the matter? The record does not credit him with a single word of regret in that respect. He was never known to express a wish that he might be at the front, or to utter a breath of encouragement to those who were there. The task of earning bread for his dependent mother was so engrossing, it seems, that he practically lost sight of the fact that there was a war in progress. His voice was not heard in favor of enlistments; his face was not seen where Federal victories were being celebrated. He sent a substitute, to be sure, but not voluntarily; that was his only way to escape the draft. There were other men with widowed mothers, with wives and children, who found it possible to enter the ranks and to render gallant and faithful services—men who were under no more obligation to go than he was, but whose sense of right would not let them linger behind when the nation needed soldiers to protect its life.

It is true, as the Republican asserts, that thousands of other men remained at home for various reasons; but those men are not posing as superior patriots, and asking to be elected to the Presidency because of their alleged great services. The shouldering of a gun was not the only test of loyalty, but it was

47 cents smaller than it is to day. Such facts show the reckless nature of the free trade misrepresentations. Taken on their own ground, that the consumer pays the duty, they prove the alleged "tax" to be smaller in proportion to population to-day than at any time since the war, and that it has been decreased by the McKinley law and not greatly increased, as they recklessly declare again and again.—*Cleveland Leader.*

Eleven Good Reasons Against Cleveland.

The Workmen's Mutual Reform League of New York City has issued to the workmen of the United States eleven reasons why workmen should not vote for Grover Cleveland. The reasons are tabulated as follows:

1. He vetoed the bill establishing a department of labor and making the Secretary of said department a Cabinet officer.
2. He vetoed the Mechanics' Lien law bill, making the wages of workmen engaged in the construction of buildings a first mortgage on the property.
3. He vetoed the Life and Limb bill, making employers responsible for the accidents happening from imperfect machinery or interior construction of buildings.
4. He vetoed the Tenement House Cigar bill, forbidding the manufacture of cigars in tenement houses.
5. He vetoed the bill compelling elevated roads of New York to charge only five cents fare.
6. He vetoed the printers' bill, requiring all the State work to be done by union workmen.
7. He vetoed the bill making ten hours a legal day's work for all street-car employees.
8. He vetoed the bill abolishing convict labor in prisons, although this proposition, when submitted to the popular vote of the people, was carried by a majority of 60,000.
9. He vetoed the child labor bill, providing for the inspection of factories where children were employed, and prohibiting the employment of children under 14 years of age.
10. He signed a bill compelling the stationary engineers of New York City to pay a tax of \$2 per year to the police pension fund or be debarred from following their vocation.
11. He signed the bill reducing the fees of the New York harbor pilots, which bill benefited only the foreign steamship monopolists.

It would appear that Grover Cleveland's labor record is something like his war and pension record, or like General Stevenson's soldier and civil-service reform record. Cleveland would give the laborers a recompense, however, in the shape of taxed sugar, tea and coffee, and unlimited British competition in the factory labor field.

Kat Crow, Everybody.

The Democratic press is already crawling on its Chicago tariff plank. The New York World ate crow several weeks ago. Now even Henry Watterson, who charged his party with cowardice and denounced the Cleveland platforms of 1884 and 1888 as Republican protection, is hedging. He seconds the prediction of Harper's Weekly, that Democratic "tariff reform" will not be free trade, nor even a tariff for revenue only; but it will only be a step. That is to say, it is "tariff reform for campaign buncombe only," something that can be conveniently hung on the fence to dry between times; so that the country may prosper under the Republican system three and a half years out of four and retrieve the injuries occasioned by six campaign months of free-trade agitation and British proselytizing. It is customary for Democracy to get scared at its own noise and spend three years out of four in taking back its paper

natorial election of 1892, when they held the Republican plurality down to 8,872; practically as well in 1890, when the Republican plurality was but 12,651.—*Minneapolis Tribune.*

Knocked Out by the Autopsy.

Russian women who respect the old adage, "De mortuis nil nisi bonum," had considerable difficulty in restraining their feelings when they learned of the results of the examination of the brain of Prof. Bishop, who recently died in St. Petersburg. The Professor was one of the most ardent opponents of the emancipation of women, and a thorough believer in the theory that women are inferior to men, because their brains, as a rule, are smaller.

In his numerous addresses on the subject he was wont to say that while the average weight of the male brain was 1,350 grams, that of the female brain "was only 1,250 grams." After Bishop's death, his own brain was weighed and was found to turn the scales at 1,245 grams, five grams less than the average female brain, which had so often aroused his pity, contempt, and satire.

A Barometrical Stone.

One of the most curious stones in the world is found in Finland, where it occurs in many places. It is a natural barometer, and actually foretells probable changes in the weather. It is called semakur, and turns black shortly before an approaching rain, while in fine weather it is mottled with spots of white. For a long time this curious phenomenon was a mystery, but an analysis of the stone shows it to be a fossil mixed with clay and containing a portion of rock salt and niter. This fact being known, the explanation was easy. The salt, absorbing the moisture, turned black when the conditions were favorable for rain, while the dryness of the atmosphere brought out the salt from the interior of the stone in white spots on the surface.

A Harrison Procession.

Estimates differ as to the number of veterans in line at Washington recently. Figures range from 50,000 to 70,000 men. But there can be no difference of opinion as to how these Union veterans of the war will vote this fall.

We have the word of that eminent soldier and Democrat, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, that not one of them will vote for Grover Cleveland. "No, never!" It was a Harrison procession.

A Tariff Picture.

Our exports of coal to a growing country are a pretty good index of its disposition to cultivate reciprocity relations with us. Brazil took \$105,977

worth of coal from us during the past fiscal year as against \$74,764

in the previous fiscal year.—*New York Press.*

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Diekema on Tuesday—a son.

R. H. Cook has received the appointment as city lamp-lighter.

Call at B. Steketee's and ask for that 3-cent tea. You will like it.

Saturday, Oct. 15, Ed. Harrington's second auction sale will come off. See adv.

Lammert Ter Beek's barn, near his residence on Twelfth street, burned Friday morning.

It has been observed that since the recent removal of the freight yard to Waverly the number of teams coming into the city from the east, crossing Land street, has been nearly doubled.

B. Bloemendaal, the janitor of Hope College, who teaches a class in the Market street H. C. R. church Sunday-school, was made the recipient of a beautiful plush chair by his young pupils, Monday evening.

The sad intelligence reached here Wednesday of the death at Grand Rapids of Mrs. Joe Sluiter, aged 19 years, daughter of John Jonkman of this city. The funeral took place Friday and was attended from here by Mrs. M. Jonkman, Mrs. M. Van Putten, Mrs. Jacobus Dyk, and Mrs. Wm. Van den Berg.

Hugh Bradshaw of Chicago devoted his time Thursday on his Macatawa cottage, arranging the premises for the approaching winter. While in the city, he informed some of our citizens that he was ready to dispose of his one-half interest in the same. Mabel Bradshaw. The matter is being taken under advisement.

The programme of the coming State Convention of the Michigan Young Men's Christian Association, at Lansing, Oct. 13 to 16, 1892, has on it some fine talent. Mr. J. R. Mott, College International Secretary, of New York; Rev. Campbell Fair, D. D., of St. Mark's church, of Grand Rapids; Judge C. B. Grant of the Supreme Court, and Rev. J. M. Bartley of Detroit, will make addresses. F. H. Jacobs, the Gospel Singing Evangelist, will have charge of the singing, and will be assisted by the Alma College Male Quartette and A. W. Beckner, soloist. C. H. Potter, the Banker Evangelist of Cleveland, Ohio, will conduct the Bible studies. Other interesting features are on the program. The different associations of the state are preparing to send large delegations, and many of the towns and cities where no associations exist will be represented. The railroads of the state have granted a rate of one and one-third fair for the round trip on the certificate plan. The Y. M. C. A. of this city and of Hope College will both be represented by full delegations.

Railroad Notes.

William Alden Smith, general counsel of the C. & W. M. returned yesterday from a business trip in New York and Washington. He went to New York in the interest of the Illinois, Indiana and Michigan railroad, of which he is vice president and counsel, the railroad which is to be built between New Buffalo and Hammond, Ind., to connect the C. & W. M. and Illinois Central. It is rumored that the Illinois Central will purchase the Chicago and West Michigan when the connecting link is completed, thus giving the former a through line from New Orleans to Mackinaw.

Mr. Smith also had an interview with Secretary of War Elkins regarding an order made a year ago, compelling the C. & W. M. to put another draw in the north pier in the bridge across the St. Joseph river in St. Joe. During the summer the company has spent \$5,000 clearing out the two channels to a depth of fifteen feet, and Mr. Smith, backed by a strong petition from St. Joe citizens, convinced Mr. Elkins that another draw was not necessary, and an order was made revoking the former order.—*Gr. Rapids Democrat.*

The first of a number of a number of light car ferries for service across Lake Michigan was launched with much ceremony at Toledo the other day. She was christened the Ann Arbor No. 1. The new boat will go into service as soon as completed, between Frankfort, Mich., and Keweenaw, Wis., in connection with the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railroad. Cars will be run on the railroad tracks, which extend the entire length of the steamer and carried without break of bulk between Keweenaw, Wis., and Frankfort, Mich. Twenty loaded cars will be carried at a time. The ferries will run the year around and are expected to make the passage across Lake Michigan regardless of wind and weather. The boat costs \$250,000.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

West Olive.

For several days our quiet village had been decorated with large posters, proclaiming that on Saturday evening, Oct. 1, the Democratic campaign would be opened at the West Olive school house. So, at the designated hour your correspondent with a kind neighbor went to the school house to see how the ball would roll in our lake shore sand.

Arriving there, I found in the front part of the house seven Democrats; also the speakers of the evening, Jacob Baar and Peter J. Danhoff. In the rear of the room were about twenty additional people, called Republicans. Enthusiasm might have run high, if everybody had not felt so cold.

In due season R. D. Bacon assumed the responsibility of calling the assembly to order, and in a very dignified manner called one of our young Democrats to the chair, who responded with much alacrity. Mounting the rostrum, in a few well-chosen words he thanked the audience for the honor conferred, and in the classic words of Dave Hill,

informed them he was a Democrat, threw his arms out wide, raised his voice to a senatorial pitch and told them how it made his heart swell with emotion when he realized that he was to preside over a meeting whose object was to further the cause of the Great Grover.

At the mention of the Prophet's name the Democrats clapped their hands in a manner that left no doubt that Cleveland would be sure of four or five votes at least. The young president's voice then dropped to its normal condition and he introduced Jackie Baar as the first speaker of the evening. Jackie took the stand in a kind of dazed condition. He seemed to be laboring under some difficulty. Either the oratorical flight of the chairman, or a contraction of his own speaking organs had almost paralyzed him. He did not seem to recover until after he had read about one-half of his piece, when he quoted something that Lincoln had said, and waxed quite eloquent over it, so much so, that he was "carried to a break." However, he got down to business once more, and told us again of something that Lincoln had said "before he died." This produced a smile on the faces of the audience. Jackie concluded his remarks by telling us how much he would do for West Olive, if elected.

The next speaker was Peter Danhoff, who spoke about half an hour, very forcibly, without mentioning anything in particular, when all at once an idea seemed to strike him. He assumed a Carlyle sort of attitude and struck out fiercely at an imaginary tin plate, and went for it in fine shape. At this juncture one of the ladies spoke to her neighbor and it seemed to exasperate Peter. He stopped in the middle of the tin plate round and called for order, which was granted. Peter did not strike at tin plate again that evening, but jumped with both feet on the "raw sugar," and said if it was admitted free, the Democrats made them do it; that it was not fit to eat when they got it here; and that the McKinley law had done no good after all.

After that he proved to his own satisfaction that Harrison had made two false statements in his letter of acceptance, and kept on talking about taxes until he partly emptied the house, when he concluded it was getting late, and the meeting stopped short without a cheer for anybody.

Lake Shore.

N. W. Ogden moved into his new house this week.

Milo D. Crofoot is here visiting his relatives, and so is Silas Horton of Shelby.

Edward Ogden went to Ohio, by way of Chicago, last week. He has engaged to teach school eight months in Ross county.

Ed. Whaley has bought and moved into the Geo. Gillett place.

Charles Ogden returned from his western trip last week.

The job of graveling the road to the Lake Shore, on the Dolph road, was let at 68 cts. for the first mile, which is to be completed by the first of December.

Harvey Nichols and wife are here to take in the fair and visit relatives.

John Cochran is making quite an exhibit at the fair this year.

We notice that Henry Madison is on the fair grounds again this season, with his striking machine. He is an honest workman and the public ought to appreciate his efforts in making a livelyhood.

Zeeland.

Miss Cornelia Van der Meulen occupies the position of teacher in the public schools formerly filled by Miss Benjamin.

Mr. De Boer had four valuable sheep killed last Friday night. The dog's funeral occurred one day later.

P. Borst has accepted a position as teacher at Jamestown Centre.

Mrs. Dr. O. Baert, nee Vyn, left last week to make an extensive visit with her parents, who live in North Carolina. It will be regretted by many to learn that her mother's health is very poorly.

It is rumored around town that one of the Veneklassen boys is soon to marry.—*Hudsonville Herald.*

The widow of O. D. Van der Sluis moved to Grand Rapids Tuesday, where she will make her home with Mr. and Mrs. John Van der Sluis.

Grand Haven.

More residences have been built this year than for a number of years previous. The town is enjoying a healthy growth that will give us 12,000 people inside of four years.—*Tribune.*

Aside from their immense celery business, and growing of carnations for the wholesale trade, Geo. Hancock & Son have quite a large cannery factory. They are putting up tomatoes just now, giving employment to about twenty girls.—*Herald.*

In the month of September there were 29 marriage licenses issued in this county. April, with 31, is the only month that beat this, although there were 29 issued in March. 201 have been issued during the whole year.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Rysdorp, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Baar, Rev. and Mrs. Van Zanten, Mr. and Mrs. John Balgooyen, Mr. and Mrs. John Boer, Mr. and Mrs. John Vaupell, and Dr. and Mrs. Van Veen comprised a party which surprised Sheriff Vaupell Friday evening, it being his 38th birthday. The sheriff's friends brought along a box of fragrant Havanas and a handsome rocking chair, as a memento of the occasion.

Saugatuck.

From the Commercial.—The last remaining house of the old town of Singapore is now vacant. It has been occupied for the last few years by a family named Nichols, but the sand kept drifting in on the place until they were obliged to vacate it. The building was known as the old boarding house and near it in former years was located the Singapore state bank.

There is a prospect for a very busy season in the Saugatuck shipyards the coming winter. A cabin will be built on the steamer Saugatuck, also on the Weston. One tug is in frame at Brittain's yard, and we understand that Jas. Elliott has the contract for another large one. Rogers & Bird will build a steamer to take the place of the Macatawa, and Griffin & Henry have been invited to take the contract for building a large passenger propeller for

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osborn,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kitchin,
Conway, Ark.

The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Archer, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

the Holland-Chicago route. If all these schemes go through it will be a busy year for Saugatuck ship carpenters.

Ben Bosman of the well-known clothing firm of Bosman Brothers of Holland, was a caller at our office Friday.

The propeller Bon Voyage has been laid up at Grand Haven. The Macatawa brought down her load of hard coal.

It is impossible to estimate the loss that has been occasioned the peach growers of this section this year by the poor condition of our harbor. Fully twenty thousand baskets have been thrown away on account of having reached the market in a condition unfit for sale, owing to delays at this place, when the boats would have gone out all right but for the miserable condition of our harbor, due to the inefficiency of those who have it in charge.

The dredge has been at work here for the past ten weeks and the condition of the harbor is practically no better than before it came. The people of this section, whose prime interests are dependent on the harbor, will have an opportunity this fall to vote for a congressman for this district who hails from Allegan county.

Complaint is made that the government appropriation for the removal of the bar outside of the harbor at St. Joseph, has thus far been devoted to the improvement of the river channel. It is now too late in the season to perform much outside work, and steamers engaged in winter service will be subjected to the same amount of annoyance and delay that they encountered a year ago. The attention of the War Department is to be directed to the action of the engineer in charge of the harbor work at that point. Is it possible that the railroad company is also directing harbor improvements at St. Joseph?

Hamilton.

To Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hilliard, Sunday night, a 10 pound boy.

Mrs. P. H. Benjamin is making a visit with friends in Kalamazoo.

Our school under the management of Mr. and Miss Labarge is doing some good work. In order to stimulate a feeling of patriotism among the pupils a "pie social" was held last Friday, the proceeds (\$8.00) to be used in purchasing a flag for the school.

A movement towards the erection of a creamery by Chicago parties is being made. They have decided to build in town, although the exact location has not been decided.

There will be services in the Presbyterian church next sabbath, morning and evening.

It's just like a man To say that his wife can't make as good bread as his Mother did.

GILLETT'S

MAGIC YEAST

Will give you the great advantage which his mother had, and besides, bread made with this yeast will help bring back his boyhood's digestion, ensuring his enjoyment of the rest of your cooking also.

Get Magic Yeast at your Grocer's. It is always GOOD and always READY.

It Should Be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial Bottles at Heber Walsh's Drug store. Large bottles, 50c. and \$1.00.

28-1y

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Get your fly paper, sticky or poisonous, at DR. W. VAN PUTTEN.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Heber Walsh "The Druggist."

28-1y

Overcoats, Overcoats, in large quantities at

BOSMAN BROS.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Buel's cold-tanned shoes, the best in use.

J. D. HELDER.

Sticky and poisonous fly paper in large quantities at

DR. W. VAN PUTTEN.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A reported outbreak of cholera at Helmetta, N. J., created much excitement in that vicinity. Investigation showed that the disease was not cholera. Mr. Walter Willard, a prominent merchant of Jamesburg, two miles from Helmetta, says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy gives great satisfaction in the most severe cases of dysentery. It is certainly one of the best things ever made. For sale at Heber Walsh's drug store Holland.

1-m.

It is not unusual for colds contracted in the fall to hang on all winter. In such cases catarrh or chronic bronchitis are almost sure to result. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure any cold. Can you afford to risk so much for so small an amount? This remedy is intended especially for bad cold and croup and can always be depended upon. For sale at Heber Walsh's drug store Holland.

1-m.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

There is no use of any one suffering with the cholera when Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can be procured. It will relief in a few minutes and cure in a short time. I have tried it and know.—W. H. Clinton, Helmetta, N. J. The epidemic at Helmetta was at first believed to be cholera, but subsequent investigation proved it to be a violent form of dysentery, almost as dangerous as cholera. This Remedy was used there with great success. For sale at Heber Walsh's drug store Holland.

1-m.

Fall and Winter Clothing.

We are now right in the midst of our rush of business in

FALL SUITS.

Orders are coming thick and fast, but this need not prevent you from coming right along with your order as we have a large force of first-class tailors and

Are in shape to do a big business in Suits to Order.

Our stock of Ready Made Clothing was never so complete as at present. We handle a good deal of clothing and you can depend upon getting the Latest styles and the correct thing in

Fall Suits and Overcoats.

Wm. Brusse & Co.

Clothiers and Men's Furnishers.

NEW FALL MILLINERY.

AT

MISS DE VRIES & CO.

We respectfully invite the Ladies of Holland and vicinity to come and see our new line of

Fall Millinery Goods,

which we will sell at reasonable prices.

New Goods Constantly Received.

H. MEYER & SON.

River Street, Holland, Mich.,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

PIANOS:

A. B. CHASE, STERLING SMITH & BARNES and BRAUNELER.

ORGANS:

UNITED STATES, LAKE SIDE, STORY & CLARK, and FARRAND & VOTY.

SEWING MACHINES:

NEW HOME, DOMESTIC, WHEELER & WILSON, and all the Leading Machines in the market.

Banjos, Guitars, Violins Music Boxes.

New Sewing Machines from \$20 and upwards.

Sheet Music Catalogue mailed free on application

Auction Sale.

A public auction will be held on the farm of C. J. Cook, at the South end of Port Sheldon bridge, Township of Olive, on

Thursday, October 13, 1892.

Commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of the following described articles:

One span heavy working horses, 8 and 9 years old, 2 good wide-tire wagons, one as good as new, 1 three-spring delivery wagon, 1 road cart, 1 land roller, 1 acme pulvriser, 2 ploughs, 1 set heavy harnesses, good, 1 single harness, old, 3 hives of bees, 1 milch cow, good, 1 yoke working oxen, 5 years old, 1 patent ox-yoke, 1 ordinary ox-yoke, 2 wheel-barrows, several log chains, etc. etc. Also a lot of small farming tools, too numerous to mention. The whole to be sold without reserve.

TERMS—On all sales below \$5.00, cash down. On all amounts above that sum one year's credit will be given on approved notes.

Mr. Cook also offers 80 acres of good farming land, at private sale, to-wit: the E 1 of the N E 1 of Sec. 22, Town 6 North, Range 16 West.

GEO. H. SOUTER,

Auctioneer.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys. Will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle at Heber Walsh's Drug store. 28-1y.

Cheap Excursion to Grand Rapids.

Wednesday, October 12th,

the

WEST MICHIGAN

will run the last for this season of their popular low price excursions to Grand Rapids.

This will afford you an opportunity to visit the famous furniture city at small expense, and enjoy a day of pleasure in viewing its many attractions—among them the resorts of Reed's Lake, North Park and John Ball Park—all easily reached by electric street railway.

The Board of Trade will meet the train upon arrival and escort the excursionists up town, with a brass band.

Special train will leave Holland at 10:30 a. m., arriving at Grand Rapids at 11:30 a. m. Returning, trains will leave Grand Rapids at 6:30 p. m., and 11:35 p. m.

Round trip, 75 cents.

GEO. DEHAVEN, G. P. A.

Rheumatism.

The celebrated Franco-German Rheumatic Ring can now be had in this city. We give a written guarantee to refund money, if you receive no benefit within 30 days.

These rings are sold by us only, as we have the exclusive agency for this city and vicinity. Ask for a circular describing this wonderful ring.

Price \$2.00. For sale by OTTO RHEYMAN & SON, Holland, Mich., Sept. 1 1892.