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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IX.—NO. 34.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1880.

WHOLE NO. 450.

The Holland City News,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,

Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:

\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

1 3 M. 6 M. 1 Y.

1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
2 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
3 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
the expiration of the subscription. Two X signify
that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.

P. Rowell & Co's News-
paper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where
advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW
YORK.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Thursday, July 8, 1880.

Trans.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	* 3.40 a. m.	1.40 a. m.
"	" 8.14 a. m.	" 5.20 "
"	" 1.50 p. m.	" 7.30 "
"	" 10.10 p. m.	" 3.25 p. m.
"	"	" 9.40 p. m.

Muskegon, Pentwater
& Big Rapids. 1.30 p. m. 5.25 a. m.
" " 5.35 p. m. 3.35 p. m.
" " 9.50 p. m. * 8.20 a. m.

New Buffalo &
Chicago. 1.30 a. m. * 6.00 a. m.

" " 5.15 a. m.

" " 7.20 " 8.15 a. m.

" " 3.20 p. m. * 2.30 p. m.

" " 9.38 " 1.55 "

" " 7.40 p. m. 10.20 p. m.

* Mixed trains.
† Daily except Sunday and Monday.

‡ Daily except Saturday.

§ Mondays only.

All other trains daily except Sundays.

All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago
time which is 20 minutes later than Columbus
time.

Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 30, 1880.

Going North.	STATIONS.	Going South.
No. 4. No. 2.		No. 3. No. 1.
p. m. a. m.		a. m. p. m.
9 10 12 05	Muskegon,	7 00 8 05
8 25 11 45	Ferryburg,	8 15 9 35
7 55 11 15	Grand Haven,	8 45 9 40
7 00 11 08	Pigeon,	9 40 4 05
5 55 10 40	Holland,	11 05 4 35
5 25 10 20	Fillmore,	11 45 4 55
3 50 9 30	Allegan,	1 05 5 40

STEAMBOAT EXPRESS

Leaves Allegan, for the north, 6.35 p. m.

" " " " " " 7.35 "

" " " " " " 7.35 "

" " " " " " 7.35 "

" " " " " " 7.35 "

Arrive at Allegan, " " 8.35 "

This train arrives at Grand Rapids via L. S. & M. S. at 10:00 a. m. and at Chicago via L. S. & M. S. at 4:20 p. m.

FRED. H. MAY, Manager.

B. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.

CHAS. J. OTIS, Agent.

Holland, Mich.

Close connections made at Allegan with G. R. & I. R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalama-zoo Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, and points east.

Tickets to all the principal cities in the West, South, and East at popular prices.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and
Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at
Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11
River street.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law,
corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting
Agent. Office in Kenyon & Van Patten's bank
Eighth street.

Barbers.

DE GROOT, L. Barber. Hair cutting, shaving,
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at rea-
sonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City
Hotel.

Commission Merchants.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and
office No. 42 Ninth street, next door to the City
Hotel.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-
cian's prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth st.

MEENGS, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-
fumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.
W. VAN DEN BROEK'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a
full stock of goods pertaining to the busi-
ness.

Dress Makers.

PERRY, C. A., Dress Maker and Hair Dresser,
would respectfully announce to the citizens
that she has opened Dressmaking and Hair Dress-
ing rooms, in the building, one door west of Grif-
fin's Drug Store, Washington street, Grand Haven.
Also teaches in Wax, Worsted, Lace, and other
fancy work.

Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL. Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Pro-
prietors. The largest and best appointed
hotel in the city. Ample accommodations for
permanent boarders and transient guests. Every-
thing first class. Cor. of Eighth and Market sts.,
Holland, Mich. 8-17

PHENIX HOTEL. Jas. Ryder, proprietor.
Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R. R. de-
pot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and
its table is unsurpassed. On Ninth st., Holland,
Michigan. 8-17

PERLGRIM, M., Proprietor of Ottawa House.
Good accommodations for steady boarders,
and every facility for transient guests. The En-
glish, German and Holland languages are spoken.
Corner of First and Fulton street, Grand Haven,
Michigan. 6-17

SCOTT'S HOTEL. Wm. J. Scott, proprietor.
This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and
Fish sts., convenient to both depots. Terms,
\$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always
be reckoned on. Holland, Mich. 8-17

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office
and barn on Market street. Everything first-
class.

HAVERKATE & SCOTT, Livery and Boarding
stable. Fine rigs and good horses can be al-
ways be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's
Hotel. 33-47

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;
Ninth street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Mar-
ket, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All
kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper
and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in
Agricultural Implements; commission agent
for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors
of Plumber Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour
Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor-
ner 10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Justice of the Peace,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office,
Van Landegend's Block.

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, has made
the disease of the Eye, Ear and Throat a
special study. Office hours night and day, on the
cor. of Eighth and River sts., Holland, Mich. 6-17

LEDEBOER, F. S., City Physician and Surgeon;
office at residence, 8th street, near
Chl. & M. L. S. R. R. crossing.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Physician and Surgeon;
office at the First Ward Drug Store, Eighth
Street.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Accoucher.
Office at Dr. Schouten's drug-store, Eighth
street. 40-47

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon;
office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county,
Mich. Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M. 26-47

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office
at his residence, Oversey, Mich.

Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-
lery opposite this office.

Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;
Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers,
and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Mar-
ket and Eighth Street.

Societies.

L. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND CITY Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd
Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening
of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

JOHN HUMMEL, N. G.

WILL H. ROGERS, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE,
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Oct.
13, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

OTTO BREYMAN, W. M.

W. H. JOSLIN, Sec'y.

A LARGE stock of Ready Made Clothing
can always be found at Brussee's Clothing
House in the Village of Zeeland, and will
be sold at greatly reduced rates for the
next 60 days. 31-47

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	\$	35
Beans, bushel	1	00
Butter, lb	19	
Clover seed, bushel	5	10
Eggs, dozen	14	
Honey, bushel	10	
Hay, ton	8	00
Onions, bushel	10	
Potatoes, bushel	10	
Timothy Seed, bushel	3	25

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$	3 50
" " " " " "	2	50
beach, cry	2	50
" " " " " "	2	00
green	2	00
Railroad ties	12	
Shingles, A m	12	

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	@	84
Corn, shelled bushel	@	40
Oats, bushel	@	30
Buckwheat, bushel	65	@ 60
Feed, ton	@	18 00
Barley, 100 lb	@	90
Middling, 100 lb	1 20	@ 1 30
Flour, 100 lb	@	4 75
Pearl Barley, 100 lb	@	8 00
Rye bush	@	65
Corn Meal 100 lbs	@	90
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs	@	1 20

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed per lb	@	5
Pork, " " " "	4 1/2	@ 5
Lard, " " " "	@	8
Turkeys, per lb	@	11
Chickens, dressed per lb	@	8

Additional Local.

Benefactors.

When a board of eminent physicians
and chemists announced the discovery
that by combining some well known val-
uable remedies, the most wonderful
medicine was produced, which would
cure such a wide range of diseases that
most all other remedies could be dispensed
with, many were sceptical; but proof of
its merits by actual trial has dispelled all
doubt, and to-day the discoverers of that
great medicine. Hop Bitters, are hon-
ored and blessed by all as benefactors.

If you want canned goods, call at the
City Bakery, where you can see a larger
variety than anywhere else in the city.

ONE of the finest and largest stocks of
ladies and gents' boots, and gaiters, can
always be found at the large store of H.
C. Akely & Co., at Grand Haven. 17-47

If you are troubled with fever and
ague, dumb ague, bilious fever, jaundice,
dyspepsia, or any disease of the liver,
blood or stomach, and wish to get well,
try the new remedy, Prof. Guilmette's
French Liver Pad. Ask your druggist
for it, and take no other, and if he has not
got it send \$1.50 in a letter to the French
Pad Co., Toledo, O., and receive one by
return mail.

ANY kind of Men's and Boy's Clothing
cut and made to order according to the
latest styles. We have some very fine
goods. Call and see us at
BRUSSEE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
12-47 Main St., Zeeland, Mich.

No 1 Graham, Rye and White bread will
be sold from this date for 5c a loaf at
JNO. PESSINK.

O. BORTLE, of Manchester, Ontario Co.,
N. Y., writes: "I obtained immediate
relief from the use of Dr. Thomas' Elec-
tric Oil. I have had Asthma for eleven
years. Have been obliged to sit up all
night for ten or twelve nights in suc-
cession. I can now sleep soundly all night
on a feather bed, which I had not been
able to do previous to using the Oil."
Another writes: "I have been troubled
with Asthma for years; have used half a
bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and
the benefit I have received from it is so
great that I would not take one hundred
dollars for the balance if I could get no
more. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland,
Mich.

AN immense stock of dry goods to pick
from, a large assortment of summer dress
goods, hosiery, and notions, can always
be found at H. C. Akely & Co., at Grand
Haven. 17-47

Mrs. Benning, cor. Vermont and 14th
Streets, says: I have been a severe sufferer
from pains in the back and have tried
various applications, but nothing has
afforded me relief like Dr. Thomas' Elec-
tric Oil. One bottle has cured me so that
I have no return of the trouble. I have
recommended it to others and have the
assurance that it cured them equally
quick. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland,
Mich.

At Brussee's Clothing Store, in Zeeland,
you can find a very fine and complete
selection of Gents' furnishing goods. Some
of the 'nobbies.' Go and see. 31-47

[OFFICIAL.] Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 23, 1880.

The Common Council met pursuant to resolu-
tion adopted Sept. 9th, 1880.

Members present: Mayor Van der Veen, Alder-
men Spriterna, Ter Vree, Boone, Kramer, Lan-
daal and the Clerk.

The Mayor stated the object of the meeting was
to consider any objections to estimates, diagrams
and profiles for the improvement of Fish street.

The City Clerk reported that no objections had
been filed in his office to estimates, diagrams or
profile of the proposed improvement of Fish street
and that notice had been given two weeks in the
HOLLAND CITY NEWS, according to the require-
ments of law.—Adopted.

Council adjourned.

GEORGE H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Wonderful Wind and Water.

The Evening Post publishes the follow-
ing:

"To the Editors of the Evening Post:—I
have just seen your dispatch from San
Francisco in Saturday's Evening Post
about gold in solution in Calistoga springs,
and about the proprietor having extracted
\$1,000 in gold of the utmost fineness from
ten barrels of water, during the past fort-
night, by a process known only to him-
self. This will surprise many of your
readers, but it does not surprise me, for I
once owned those springs myself. What
does surprise me, however, is the falling
off in the richness of the water. In my
time the yield was a dollar a dipperful.
I am not saying this to injure the property
in the case contemplated; I am saying it
in the interest of history. It may be this
hotel proprietor's process is an inferior
one. Yes, that may be the fault. Mine
was to take my uncle—I had an extra un-
cle at that time, on account of his parents
dying and leaving him on my hands—
and fill him up, and let him stand fifteen
minutes to give the water a chance to set-
tle well. Then I inserted him in an ex-
hausted receiver, which had the effect of
sucking the gold out through his pores—I
have taken more than \$11,000 out of that
old man in a day and a half. I should
have held on to those springs but for the
badness of the roads and the difficulty of
getting gold to market. I consider gold-
yielding water in many respects remark-
able, and yet no more so than the gold-
bearing air of "Catgut canon" up there
toward the head of the auriferous range.
This air, or this wind, for it is a kind of
trade wind which blows steadily down six
hundred miles of rich quartz croppings
during an hour and a quarter every day,
except Sundays, is heavily charged with
exquisitely fine, impalpable gold. Noth-
ing precipitates and solidifies this gold so
readily as contact with human flesh heated
by passion. The time that Wm. Abra-
hams was disappointed in love he used to
step out doors when the wind was blow-
ing, and come in again and begin to sigh
and sigh, and his brother and I would ex-
tract over \$1.50 out of every sigh. He
sighed right along and the time that John
Habison and Aleck Norton quarreled
about Habison's dog, they stood there
swearing at each other all they knew how,
and what they did not know about swear-
ing they couldn't learn from you and me,
not by a good deal; and at the end of
every three or four minutes they had to
stop and make a dividend. If they did
not their jaws would clog up so that they
couldn't get the big nine-syllabled ones
out at all; and when the wind was done
blowing they cleaned up just a little over
\$1,000 apiece. I know these facts to be
absolutely true, because I got them from
a man whose mother I knew personally.
I did not suppose a person could buy a
water privilege at Calistoga now at any
price, but several good locations along the
course of the "Catgut canon" gold-bear-
ing trade winds are for sale. They are
going to be stocked for the New York
market. They will sell, too. People will
swarm for them as thick as Hancock veter-
ans in the south.

MARK TWAIN.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 14.

Henry Ward Beecher.

Mr. Beecher says that Heaven is a
"great somewhere," this is less satisfac-
tory than his definition of Hell, as a "great
nowhere," more satisfactory is the defini-
tion of a great Remedy for curing Rheu-
matism and Neuralgia, Coughs and Colds,
etc., Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Sold by
D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

PETER KIEFFER, cor. Clinton and Bennett
street, Buffalo, says: I was badly bitten
by a horse a few days ago and was induced
by a friend who witnessed the occurrence
to try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, it re-
lieved the pain almost immediately, and
in four days the wound was completely
healed, nothing can be better for fresh
wounds. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland,
Mich.

The Arctic Hero.

Lieut. Schwatka, whose narrative of
researches in the Polar regions is just now
crowning him with fame, has intimate
friends of both sexes in Chicago, and
used often to spend weeks at a time here,
when on furlough from frontier service.
He is personally well known to several of
the officers attached to Gen. Sheridan's
staff. He entered the military academy
at West Point on July 1, 1867, graduating
June 12, 1871, and immediately receiving
his appointment as a second lieutenant,
with assignment to the 3d United States
cavalry. He was dispatched to Arizona
in charge of some recruits, and was
stationed for a time at Camp McDowell.
From Camp McDowell he was transferred
to Fort McPherson, Nebraska, whence
several months later, he changed base to
North Platte, where he took charge as
quartermaster. A gentleman who per-
formed clerical service for the lieutenant
and who is now a resident of Chicago,
testifies

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

THE 100th anniversary of the capture of Maj. Andre, the spy, was celebrated at Tarrytown, N. Y., with fitting ceremonies. Not less than 30,000 people were present. Ex-Gov. Tilden presided, and made a brief speech, and Chauncey M. Depew delivered the oration.

NEW YORK wholesale merchants report that business is uncommonly active, and the dry-goods trade is better than in any previous year since 1873. The railroads find difficulty in carrying freight away from New York fast enough. Orders from the South and West are particularly large. A New York bartender was stabbed, the other night, the knife penetrating the heart for five inches, yet he lived for three-quarters of an hour. It is another great surprise to the doctors.

WILLIAM DONNELLY, a farmer living near Jericho, Long Island, upon entering his cattle yard with the sleeves of his red-flannel shirt displayed, was attacked by his bull and gored to death. The horse distemper, which has been prevailing in Boston, has made its appearance in New York.

THE WEST.

A STAGE was recently robbed near Auburn, Cal., by highwaymen, who stood up the passengers and rifled their pockets, then tried to blow open the treasure box, but did not succeed. The same men robbed Congressman Page and companion, who were going to Forest Hill in a buggy.

CHARLES EDWARDS, of Peoria, Ill., pleaded guilty of seven cases of horse-stealing and two cases of burglary, and has been sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of thirty-two years. The officers of the Washburn Railway Company awarded the contract for the grading, bridging and ironing of the first eighteen miles of a projected air-line railroad from Chicago to Peoria. The company has also given orders for the immediate extension of the Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska railroad from Prairieville, Iowa, to the Missouri river. The Indiana Supreme Court has overruled the petition for a rehearing in the case involving the validity of the constitutional amendments. Consequently the State election will be held in October.

An east-bound freight and a west-bound passenger train on the Vandalia line collided nine miles west of Terre Haute, Ind. Both trains were badly wrecked. Austin Rankin, engineer, and W. T. Saunders, fireman of the passenger train were instantly killed. The engineer and fireman of the freight jumped off. The former had an arm broken, shoulder dislocated, and sustained internal injuries. Lyman Booth, brakeman, had his leg terribly mangled, and William Hunt, Ernest Umberson, and Benj. Dilla, Hunt, postal clerks, seriously injured. A boiler in Loose & Sons' drying-house at Monroe, Mich., exploded, the other day, killing three persons and wounding many others.

DENMAN THOMPSON, "the old Jackson Democrat," is repeating his triumph of a year ago at McVicker's Chicago Theater, and will remain there until Oct. 9, when the favorite young American tragedienne, Miss Mary Anderson, will appear. Seats can now be secured for any night, Wednesday or Saturday matinees, till Oct. 9. The 200th representation will be given Oct. 6.

A TERRIBLE hail and wind storm lately visited the region of Euclid, Manitoba. Some of the hail stones measured eight inches in circumference. Clarence Gray, Republican candidate for District Attorney in Santa Barbara, Cal., shot and fatally wounded T. Glancy, an editor, who abused him through his paper. The Washburn Railway Company will build a depot costing \$100,000 at Peoria, if the city will donate the land. A prize was offered at the La Porte (Ind.) fair for the mother presenting the largest number of children. Mrs. John Line took the premium with nine, the ninth being born on the grounds a few hours before the award was made. Ed Hogan, an employe of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, went into a house of questionable repute at Vincennes, Ind., and found Douglas Williams sitting in the lap of Kate Adams. Without uttering a word he approached Williams, dealt him a terrible blow on the head with a large hickory stick, inflicting injuries from which he died. Hogan fled. The murdered man is a nephew of Gov. Blue Jean Williams.

THE boiler of a steam-trasher exploded on the farm of Dr. Glenn, in Colusa county, Cal., killing the fireman and two Chinamen, and seriously scalding the engineer and six others. William Sly, of Clermont county, Ohio, went to Cincinnati and exchanged \$3,500 worth of 4 per cent. bonds for gold. He put the gold into a valise. On his way home some party placed a valise containing three bricks in place of the one containing the gold.

THE corner-stone of the new Indiana State House has been laid at Indianapolis. Ex-Gov. Hendricks delivered the oration on the occasion. Miss Annie Chaplin, daughter of a director of the First National Bank at Warsaw, Ind., presented a check for \$300 at the bank and got the money. Her father soon discovered that it was a forgery, and had her and her lover, a sewing-machine agent named Smith, arrested, refusing afterward to bail her out. Smith was bailed out and called at the jail to see the girl. They passed out into the yard for a promenade. In a little while four pistol shots were heard, and, running to the place whence the reports seemed to come, the jailer found the girl and Smith dead, their bodies lying side by side. He had shot her and then himself.

THE SOUTH.

MEMPHIS has celebrated with much eclat the absence of Yellow Jack. There was a big procession and the city was gayly decorated. There were two large arches, one of which was entirely of cotton bales. There were numerous transparencies, one of the most conspicuous of which was in front of a newspaper office, inscribed as follows: "Solid South—Solid for cotton, corn, trades and manufactures." Among the notable personages present were Gov. Blackburn, of Kentucky; Gov. Marks, of Tennessee; and Gov. Churchill, of Arkansas.

THE steamer Florence Meyer, from Cincinnati, struck a snag in the Mississippi river, near Natchez, and sank. Five men were drowned.

A NEGRO named Henry Bird has been hanged by a mob in Clinton county, Mo., for outraging Mrs. Benj. Winn, wife of a wealthy stock dealer.

A DISPATCH from Jacksboro, in Northwestern Texas, says that immense swarms of grasshoppers have appeared there, coming from the north, at times obscuring the sun. Farms were completely demolished, even cotton

stalks being devoured. Dengue or breakbone fever prevails in Texas to a distressing extent. On the cotton plantations of the low lands so many of the negroes are sick that there are not enough hands to harvest the cotton crop. The prisoners confined in the Grenada (Miss.) jail set fire to the building at night, and escaped during the confusion consequent. Two of the prisoners were badly burned. James Oliver Wright, Cashier of the late Civil Sheriff of New Orleans, has been arrested, charged with the embezzlement of \$83,000.

A CIRCUS elephant leaped up against his keeper in a box-car at Charlotte, N. C., and crushed him to death. The animal then jumped out and started up the railroad track at a lively gait. He was recaptured with difficulty.

WASHINGTON.

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue has prepared a statement showing the number of gallons of distilled spirits produced and consumed in and exported from the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, as compared with the preceding fiscal year. This statement shows the following results:

	1880.	1879.
Produced.....	90,355,270	71,892,621
Consumed.....	61,115,523	51,892,714
Exported.....	16,735,663	14,837,581
Balance in bond.....	31,303,809	19,912,470

THE cashier of the treasury is shipping to different parts of the country, principally South and West, \$25,000 in fractional silver daily.

POLITICAL.

GEN. GRANT declines to take part in any political meetings. He recently sent the following telegram to Chairman Jewell: "While I shall do all in my power to aid the Republican cause, I cannot now engage to attend any meetings. I will be in New York about the 10th of October, and will remain until the 20th, during which time I shall visit Boston."

THE Greenbackers of Massachusetts held their State Convention at Worcester Sept. 22, and nominated the following ticket: For Governor, Gen. Horace B. Sargent; Lieutenant Governor, George Dutton; Secretary of State, Jonathan Arnold; Treasurer, Wilbur F. Whitney; Auditor, Charles T. Warner; Attorney General, John M. Raymond; Electors-at-Large, H. B. Rowley and Eugene J. Flaherty. Resolutions prohibiting the use of liquor and tobacco, endorsing Solon Chase's bolt in Maine, and condemning Ben Butler for joining the Democratic party, were voted down.

The official canvass shows that the constitutional amendment repudiating a portion of the debt of Arkansas, recently submitted to the people of that State, has been defeated by about seven thousand majority. The total vote was 140,000.

The New York Democratic State Convention met at Saratoga, Sept. 28. Rufus W. Peckham (Tammany) presided. John Kelly made a speech congratulating the party upon the union existing. Judge Charles A. Rapallo was nominated for Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals.

GENERAL.

THE members of the expedition headed by Lieut. Fred Schwatka, which sailed from New York, June 1, 1878, for Baffin's bay and King William's Land, for the purpose of seeking further data upon the fate of Sir John Franklin, have arrived at New Bedford, Mass. Though the special object of search—the recovery of the records of the Franklin expedition, which, according to Esquimaux testimony, were known to exist at specified points—has not been attained, the explorers have, nevertheless, obtained many relics of Franklin's party, including the remains of Lieut. Irving. They have, moreover, carried out to the letter the instructions of the promoter of the expedition, "to make it a geographical success." The longest sledge-ride on record, both in regard to time and space, has been achieved in the face of phenomenally cold weather, and the deprivation of customary food. Important rivers and coasts have been discovered, and serious errors on former charts have been corrected. The adventures of the Schwatka expedition add pages of interest to the romance of a relic exploration, and furnish all that the world is ever likely to know of the fate of Sir John Franklin. Small-pox rages with unabated virulence among the Indians of Ontario, Canada. One tribe is nearly extinct, and others have suffered appalling decimation. At the meeting of the Board of Managers of the National Soldiers' Homes, just ended at Dayton, Ohio, several important changes in officers were decided on. Gov. Brown, of the Dayton Home, and Gov. Hineke, of the Milwaukee branch, will be superseded by Gens. Patrick and Sharpe, both of New York.

At last Sitting Bull has been captured. A showman has done it, through Capt. Walsh, of the Canadian Frontier Police, and will exhibit him through the United States and Canada in a drama of the "Buffalo Bill" order.

The New York Herald publishes a letter of a correspondent who accompanied the Schwatka expedition to King William's Land. The story refers more particularly to the incidents of the great sledge journey. This is supplemented, however, by the discovery of the relics and the examination of the native witnesses, which lead to the sad conclusion that the fate of the officers and crews of the Erebus and Terror was terrible, even to the utmost limit of the imagination, and that the records of Franklin's expedition are lost beyond recovery. Old men and women of the Esquimaux tell the story of those who were doubtless the last survivors of these unfortunate vessels with a minuteness of detail and evident truthfulness which places their fate beyond doubt. Of what had become of their great leader, and of the large number of men who constituted their crews, nothing could be discovered. Only a small party of officers, black about the mouths, with no flesh on their bones, is seen dragging a boat across the ice, and then they disappear, and nothing more is seen of them until their skeletons are found under their boat, and in a tent, a prey to wild beasts, and with dreadful evidences that they had been driven to feed on the weaker of their companions before finally yielding to starvation and cold. Such is the sad conclusion which the discoveries of the expedition irresistibly lead to.

An English stock company has secured 100,000 acres of good land in the province of Quebec, and is confident of colonizing thereon a large number of English and Scotch farmers. One of the objects of the scheme is to counteract the political influence of the French Canadians.

CAPT. HOWGATE'S Arctic steamer Gulnare, which left Washington several weeks ago, and which has encountered first one misfortune and then another, has been ordered home. She will remain at the capital this winter, and make another start next season. During the year ending the 30th of June 20,661 tons of newspapers and periodicals passed through the United States mails, being an increase of 5,938 tons over the year ending June 30, 1879. The revenue derived from this source is \$1,226,452, an increase of \$122,266 over the revenue for the previous year.

A NATIONAL CONVENTION will be held at Farwell Hall, Chicago, on the 14th of October, for the purpose of discussing the ship-

ping interests of the country, and to devise ways and means to secure inter-State regulation and governmental control of railroads. The question of taxation will also be discussed. The co-operation of the New York Board of Transportation, and New York Farmers' Alliance is assured, and all the farmers' societies throughout the United States are requested to send delegates to take part in the proceedings. The farmers' alliances, which are now of only local influence, will organize a national body at the same time. Good speakers will be in attendance. For full particulars, write James W. Wilson, Secretary Cook County (Ill.) Alliance, Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

FOREIGN.

THEODORE TILTON's oldest daughter, Florence, has just been married in London to a gentleman from Louisiana. A cable dispatch says that matters are nearing a crisis at Duligno. The Montenegrin army, acting on the advice of one of the powers, is moving on the city and the inhabitants are preparing for resistance. Riza Pasha, the representative of the Turkish Government, has urged the Albanians to submit to the will of Europe, offering to give them 30,000 Turkish pounds and build them a new town, but they have rejected his proposition.

G. F. GRACE, the celebrated English cricketer, and brother of the famous W. G. and E. M. Grace, is dead.

THERE has been some severe fighting between the Russians and Chinese in Turkistan.

GREAT land meetings were held at Kilrush and New Ross, Ireland, on the 27th ult., 40,000 persons attending the one, and 20,000 the other. Parnell made a speech at New Ross, condemning the Liberal Government for following in the footsteps of its predecessors.

A LARGE and influential portion of the people of Norway are agitating for a repeal of the act of union with Sweden, and the establishment of a Norwegian republic. The Swedish press bitterly opposes the project, and recommends that force be employed, if necessary, to preserve the existing order of affairs. The *Mark Lane Express* says that on account of the dull, damp, and unfavorable weather, the harvest is not yet completed in the North of England and Scotland. The thrashings continue disappointing to the farmers. A large quantity of full-dry foreign wheat will be required to mix with the inferior English article in order to utilize the latter. Prices as a consequence show an upward tendency.

GEN. GARIBOLDI and his son Menotti have resigned their seats in the Italian Chamber of Deputies. By the explosion of fire-damp in a mine near Herrie, Germany, eleven workmen were killed and the same number seriously wounded.

Two Hundred Thousand Square Feet of Ambuscaded Combustion.

It is a "fact not generally known," or at all events not very commonly borne in mind, that there is in London a "fiery mine" of so very excitable a disposition that no artificial light of any description has ever yet been allowed to be brought even into its neighborhood. Its product, however, is not coal, but rum. The rum-shed, as it is called, of the West India Dock, covers a space of two hundred thousand square feet, with vaults of corresponding size, all crammed with huge casks of spirit, from every pore of which—and the most carefully closed have pores in plenty—the fiery vapor is forever streaming out into the air, only beging for the smallest chance of converting the whole area of the docks, with their two hundred and fifty odd ships, and two or three hundred thousand tons or so of cargo, and their more or less incalculable stores of timber and tea, silk and sugar, cigars and cereals, coals and cotton, wine, wool, whisky, whale-fins, and what not, into the most magnificent bowl of snap-dragon ever imagined in infant nightmare. Into these fiery regions not even a bull's eye lantern is or ever has been allowed to penetrate. Even the wharf along the side where the great puncheons are landed is forbidden to the approach of vessels, every cask being transferred from ship to shore in the company's own lighters. Each cask in that vast range of dim dark vaults is marked and numbered, and on the right reading of these marks and numbers depends the efficient execution of every one of the numerous operations to which every individual cask has been subjected before its contents can go forth for the mixing of the world's grog. How any one but an experienced Japanese juggler ever manages to perform his feat in the very brightest weather by the simple aid of a little plate of polished tin artfully turned and twisted to catch the solitary ray of highly diluted daylight which here and there filters down from the floor above, is a mystery by no means amongst the least wonderful of the many of which the visitor to this commercial paradise catches here and there a tantalizing glimpse.

Diamond Robberies.

The robbery of Lord Eldon of \$100,000 worth of plate and jewelry calls attention to the fact that not all of the clever burglars have immigrated to this country. It is estimated that fifty thefts of this sort have been accomplished in England within the last ten years, the aggregate of plunder exceeding \$2,500,000. The most conspicuous robberies beside this late one were those of Lady Ellesmore and Lady Dudley. The usual plan is for the burglars, while the family is at dinner, to get into a lady's room by a ladder. The diamonds are taken out of their settings, which are at once melted, and then the jewels can readily be sold to the trade. A well-known London firm is said to have emerged from obscurity within twelve months after Lady Ellesmore's \$150,000 worth of diamonds were taken, and it is conjectured that many of those stolen jewels are now worn by fashionable ladies at Newport and Saratoga.

A FAIR proportion of the ladies of America are intelligent, and some of them evince much spirit, but in the affairs of fashion they submit uncomplainingly to a tyranny of the most heartless character. Those whose sense of propriety would induce them to resist the arrogance of French manufacturers, dress-makers and milliners, have not the courage to refuse to accept the "latest styles." If Paris says a lady must carry a flower-garden or an aviary upon her head, no one will dare to refuse obedience to her command.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

For burns, bind on moistened baking soda. It will give prompt and permanent relief.

For bites and stings, apply instantly with a soft rag, most freely, spirits of hartshorn.

To MAKE the air of a room heated by a furnace moist and more agreeable, hang a wet cloth in front of or over the register, so that the air will have to pass through it. Of course the cloth must be wet frequently, but if only done a few times a perceptible relief from the dry air will be experienced.

Dr. Foote's Health Monthly says: In cases of difficult breathing, friends generally at once raise the sufferer to a sitting posture, allowing the head perhaps to fall forward. Dr. Howard suggests that in all such cases the chest should be raised, allowing the head to fall back. The completest extension backward of the head and neck will give the surest relief.

COUGH MIXTURE.—A recent cough will almost always yield to the following treatment within two or three days: Mix in a bottle four ounces of glycerine, two ounces of alcohol, two ounces of water, two grains of morphine. Shake well. Dose for an adult, one or two teaspoonfuls every two or three hours. Half this quantity to children 10 to 15 years. It is not safe to give it to infants or children under ten years of age.

RHEUMATISM IN THE JOINTS.—When the joints are stiffened with rheumatism or a settled cold, the following applications are capital, and enable the sufferer to move with ease: Cut into small bits (or grate it) one ounce of castile soap. Add a heaping table-spoonful of red cayenne pepper. Have these in a small pitcher, and then pour onto them half a pint of boiling-hot water. Stir until all is dissolved, and add a little cider brandy or alcohol when bottling. An application of the above brings the blood to a glow to the joints, and on rubbing a little sweet oil to relax the muscles the patient will be enabled to walk with perfect ease.

A CURE FOR CATARRH.—A simple, and apparently very successful, remedy for catarrh has been discovered in sea-water gargling. Prof. Mosler has treated numerous patients in this way, and records his experiences in a Berlin paper. Special rooms for gargling have been erected at some seaside places, where directions are given as to the mode of proceeding. One very necessary proviso is that the water should come in contact with the nasal cavity, but to those who can gargle this movement will not be attended with any inconvenience. A marked improvement in the malady will then quickly be perceived. We are not told that an artificial mixture of salt and water is likely to be effective. A few experiments, however, would soon establish the fact.

A Protest.

That which we complain of is that both the facts of human nature and the principles of education are frequently set at naught in schools. The object of education should be to train living intelligence into efficiency, to teach the children to think, and to use books and facts and principles as means of continual education, not during school years only, but throughout life. In practice it is too frequently assumed that children are only so much raw material to be wrought into shape, so many receptacles for information, and the work of the teacher is too often nothing more than an attempt to fill them with the customary information. If this assumption were true, that which we have called the school-master method which would be good enough for all purposes; as it is not true, as children are human beings, varying in moral and intellectual capacities and in disposition as well, that method is intolerably bad and mischievous.

There are two radical errors which underlie and produce most of the difficulty. It is commonly assumed that the object of the attendance upon school is to acquire information; that the valuable fruits of education are the things learned in school. This is the first error, and the second is like unto it: it is assumed practical that what is a profitable amount of acquirement for one child is equally profitable for another.

Acting upon these two assumptions, the efforts of too many schools are directed chiefly—sometimes almost exclusively—to the work of compelling children to acquire information from text-books. As many things are taught as may be, and a vast mass of unnecessary details is frequently set down for the child to learn, a cast-iron "course" is marked out, and the children are set the same task, without regard to difference in their several capacities and in their several needs. Commonly the "course" embraces too many subjects and too many details of information with respect to each. The teaching becomes hurried and mechanical and nearly profitless. The children are treated after the manner of meal-bags, which must be filled, the bag being regarded as a thing of no importance, except as a receptacle for the meal. The resulting process is what is commonly called cramming. Professor Huxley has aptly called it a lesson-bibbing, and he has pointed out some of the disastrous results which follow a process that exhausts the intellectual and physical powers in childhood to no good purpose.

Undaunted Heroism.

D. Sanders, living a few miles south of town, went down in a well about fifteen feet deep, which had a few inches of water in it, and by some means became instantly paralyzed. The only persons present were his wife and daughter, the former an invalid and the latter a 15-year-old girl. Discovering the situation, the daughter slid down on a pole, and the mother let down the rope by a windlass, and the girl tied it around her father's waist, while the mother with al-

most superhuman efforts drew him up, but was not strong enough to get him out, and in this situation held the windlass until assistance could be had a half a mile away. In the mean time the daughter was still in the well, unable to climb out as she went down, and there she remained with her father suspended over her by the puny arm of a weakly mother until assistance came, when they were both rescued. Mr. Sanders seemed to recover, at least partially, as soon as he got out.—*McNary County (Tenn.) Independent.*

Food and Raiment.

The profuseness, variety and delicacy of the summer fruits and vegetables in this country are denied to all other civilized lands. The day-laborer in this latitude may sit down to a dinner, which is not only unknown to the same persons in Europe, but which is enjoyed only by the wealthy there. A few cents will give him a quantity and variety of vegetable food—beans, corn, peas, lettuce, cabbages, peaches, plums, melons, grapes and pears—such as in Northern Europe at least, are grown under glass and obtainable chiefly by the wealthy or the extravagant. The streets of our cities as well as the landscape of field and orchard, are decorated with their color; the markets blush with their ruddiness and bloom with their purple, their emerald and their gold. And the cheap preserving processes are carried on so largely and economically that even in winter many of these natural bounties are within the means of scant purses in a measure that would positively astound even the thrifty and well-to-do people in Europe.

It is in this respect that this is an essentially favored land and makes the problem of living a comparatively easy one. Even if the tax-burdens of the European nations were by the abolition of fleets, fortifications and standing armies, lifted from the shoulders of the populace, the generosity of the American soil and air would still offer that hospitality in excess of others which makes it a poor man's paradise. There is usually a large, benevolent recklessness about its profusion that engenders carelessness and even some waste in the domestic economy of the people. It often provides, as if it were well to cultivate the habit of lavishness such an excess above the actual wants that no inconsiderable part of its perishable crops are wasted in the air or on the ground. However, this is a so much better characteristic than the opposite one, that no one ever finds fault with it.

The provision for the stomach and the clothing of the body, chiefly concerns men, and for these the mass of them labor. The easier they can procure these two essentials, the smaller is their discontent. Indeed, when these are procured with little difficulty, discontent is largely a sentimental grievance, and hard to arouse. What little envy and jealousy the poor feel toward the rich is chiefly concerned with the problem of food and clothing. It is not so much that the poor man wants the income of five, ten, twenty or fifty thousand dollars which the exceptionally rich man may have, as it is his feeling that its possession sets quite at rest the anxiety he feels daily about his prospects for food, clothing and shelter. For the man with an income of \$500 or \$1,000 is obliged to spend nearly all of it in providing for the simplest wants of nature; whereas these pressing wants do not increase in proportion to the income. A man with \$5,000 income spends a much smaller fraction of it for the necessities of life than does his poor neighbor; while the demand for the necessities of life upon the income of \$50,000 is hardly perceptible. The anxiety about food on the part of those with small incomes is out of all proportion to that felt by the enormously wealthy, because in the one case it requires nearly all the income to satisfy the daily wants of the body; in the other it requires only a minute fraction of it.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.			
BEEVES.....	\$7 00	@ 11 00	
HOGS.....	5 00	@ 5 80	
COTTON.....	11 1/4	@ 12	
WHEAT—Superfine.....	3 25	@ 4 10	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 04	@ 1 07	
CORN—Ungraded.....	50	@ 51	
OATS—Mixed Western.....	41	@ 44	
RYE—Western.....	91	@ 95	
PORK—Mess.....	15 25	@ 15 50	
LARD.....	8 1/4	@ 8 5/4	
CHICAGO.			
BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	5 10	@ 5 55	
Cows and Heifers.....	4 40	@ 5 30	
Medium to Fair.....	4 25	@ 4 60	
HOGS.....	3 80	@ 5 50	
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	5 50	@ 5 75	
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	4 25	@ 5 00	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	90	@ 91	
WHEAT—No. 3 Spring.....	83	@ 84	
CORN—No. 2.....	29	@ 30	
OATS—No. 2.....	29	@ 30	
RYE—No. 2.....	83	@ 84	
BARLEY—No. 2.....	76	@ 77	
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	29	@ 30	
EGGS—Fresh.....	15	@ 16	
PORK—Mess.....	17 25	@ 18 00	
LARD.....	7 1/4	@ 8	
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 1.....	94	@ 1 05	
No. 2.....	90	@ 91	
CORN—No. 2.....	39	@ 40	
OATS—No. 2.....	29	@ 30	
RYE—No. 1.....	82	@ 83	
BARLEY—No. 2.....	71	@ 72	
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	91	@ 92	
CORN—Mixed.....	38	@ 39	
OATS—No. 2.....	29	@ 30	
RYE.....	82	@ 83	
PORK—Mess.....	17 25	@ 17 50	
LARD.....	7 1/4	@ 8	
CINCINNATI.			
WHEAT.....	93	@ 96	
CORN.....	43	@ 45	
OATS.....	32	@ 33	
RYE.....	92	@ 93	
PORK—Mess.....	15 75	@ 16 00	
LARD.....	7 1/4	@ 8	
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	95	@ 96	
No. 2 Red.....	90	@ 97	
CORN—No. 2.....	42	@ 43	
OATS—No. 2.....	32	@ 33	
DETROIT.			
FLOUR—Choice.....	4 75	@ 5 00	
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	96	@ 97	
CORN—No. 1.....	46	@ 48	
OATS—Mixed.....	35	@ 36	
BARLEY (per cental).....	1 25	@ 1 85	
PORK—Mess.....	16 50	@ 16 75	
INDIANAPOLIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	91	@ 92	
CORN.....	39	@ 40	
OATS.....	30	@ 31	
PORK—Clear.....	15 75	@ 16 00	
EAST LIBERTY, PA.			
CATTLE—Best.....	4 50	@ 4 75	
Fair.....	4 00	@ 4 25	
Common.....	3 25	@ 3 50	
HOGS.....	5 10	@ 5 25	
SHEEP.....	3 25	@ 4 75	

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

It is stated that both Jay Gould and Wm. H. Vanderbilt, who own nearly two-thirds of Western Union Telegraph stock, are anxious to have Gen. Grant become President of that company.

The tabulation of the wealth, debt and taxation of Ohio has been completed. The total assessed valuation of the State is \$1,548,000,000, against \$1,168,000,000 in 1870, \$960,000,000 in 1860, \$434,000,000 in 1850, and \$126,000,000 in 1840.

A KANSAS CITY reporter records the fact that the defeated candidate "took his way to the train, wrapped in gloom and new store clothes. The gloom was an elegant fit, but the store clothes were too short in the legs and very baggy about the shoulders."

The committee of architects appointed by Congress to decide upon a plan and site for a new Congressional Library have decided to recommend the removal of the library from the Capitol building, and the erection of a separate edifice upon one of the public squares in Washington.

A REMARKABLE woman, Mrs. Mary Ann Dean, died lately in St. Louis. She was 37 years old, and had been married twenty years. She was the mother of twenty-one children, of whom there were three pairs of twins, two sets of triplets, and four were born at one birth. Ten of her children are living.

ONE of the most remarkable operations in dentistry ever recorded was performed at Portsmouth, N. H., recently. A boy who had been out for a drive was descending from the carriage, when the horse gave a vigorous whisk of his tail, twisted the end of a hair around one of the boy's front teeth, and pulled it out so quickly that the lad had hardly time to feel the loss.

THE distance required to stop railroad trains increases very rapidly with the increase of rates of speed. In experiments made in England, the Westinghouse brake stopped a train moving at the rate of 41.5 miles an hour at a point only 485 feet distant from the place where the brake was applied, but when the speed was increased to 61 miles an hour the distance run after the application of the brake was 1,185 feet, and when the speed of the train was increased to 67 miles an hour the distance traversed after the application of the brake was 2,005 feet. Similar results were obtained when the other brakes were used.

A PATIENT nearly exterminated a dentist at Waterville, Me. He was a strong, healthy fellow of 25, and the doctor had administered gas preparatory to extracting some teeth. Scarcely had the patient been well filled with gas and a tooth drawn, when, jumping up like a flash, he aimed a tremendous blow at the doctor's head. Ducking under, the doctor escaped the blow, and giving the fellow a vigorous push sent him back again into the chair. But his blood was up, and, jumping up quickly, he struck the wall at the side of the chair two fearful blows with his donned fist which fairly shook the building. In a minute he was himself again. The impress of two sets of knuckles remains on the wall.

A PLAINLY-DRESSED little lady from San Francisco recently appeared at a California watering place, and was snubbed by all the ladies present. She sent home for her best dresses and all her diamonds. After her trunks arrived she went down in a magnificent morning dress made by Worth, and profusely ornamented with diamonds, and her two little children were dressed in the height of fashion. Everybody seemed anxious to make amends for past slights, but she was extremely distant to one and all. She cut them this way for a week, then packed up her nine Saratoga trunks and sent them home, and resumed her plain and comfortable vacation clothes.

ONE by one the roses fade. It seems that now that we have lost Beatrice De Cenci, William Tell and a host of other old standbys, we are to be called on to bewail the departure of that scantily-attired equestrienne, Lady Godiva. A writer in *Notes and Queries* says she is a myth. It is impossible that she should have ridden through Coventry, for the reason that Coventry was not in existence at the time. There is, however, some foundation for the legend. Godiva was a lady possessing vast wealth, with which she determined to found and endow an abbey. This she did, "stripping herself of all that she had," and

thence the legend. Coventry gradually arose round the abbey, and had no streets, and consequently no tolls, until Godiva had been dead at least a century.

NEW YORK is to have underground railways. Broadway will be tunneled from the Battery to Central Park. There will be, in fact, two tunnels, each fifteen feet in diameter, and they will be in the middle of Broadway just below the water pipes. The tunnel will be built of brick and cement, with a hard white finish. The temperature will be always the same, and therefore no allowance will be made for contraction or expansion of the rails, consequently the cars will run without the usual rattle and clank on the rail joints. Sixty-ton locomotives will be used that will consume their smoke and condense their steam. The tunnel and cars will be lit by electricity. The speed will be twenty-five miles an hour, including stoppages, and each train will carry from 800 to 1,000 passengers. Trains will leave every three minutes, and the fare will be five cents.

The value of wives varies in different countries. In America they are often expensive companions, but in the higher regions of the river Amar, and on the Ussuri, in Siberia, according to information furnished to the British Scientific Association, by the Rev. Henry Lansdell, the price of a wife is eight or ten dogs, a sledge, or two cases of brandy. In another part of the world, according to evidence furnished to the same association by Wilfred Powell, in New Britain and the neighboring islands on the east coast of Guinea, the wives are the absolute property of their husbands, and are bought, sold, and eaten by their better halves. There was one New Britain young woman who rebelled at her matrimonial relations, whereupon her husband said he could put her to better use, and straightway killed and ate her. Unfortunately, according to the same authority, the eating in New Britain is not confined to wives. The natives are fond of missionary meat, and think the English are unutterably stupid because they are unwilling to feast on such a delicacy as the human thigh, prepared with coconut milk and dressed with banana leaves. Mr. Powell does not advise women to emigrate to New Britain.

HERE is a criticism of Bernhardt by Alice Harrison, the burlesque actress: "I think the American public will be disappointed. They will go once to see her, and that's all. I paid \$10 for a seat up in the fourth tier of the Gayety Theater, London, to see the best-advertised actress in the world. I call her unevenly great; that is my opinion of her as an artist. She is the female Barnum of the day. Why, she even advertises her thinness. I have seen plenty of actresses who were far thinner than she. But she uses everything as an advertising dodge. She descends to little tricks, too, which I think are out of place in a legitimate actress, and are only becoming in a soubrette like myself. She wears thin, long muscatelle gloves, and toys with them, pulling them up and down. She bangs her hair, and the frizzes reach to her eyebrows, and she does these little tricks," and Miss Harrison illustrated the feminine habit of smoothing the bang down over the forehead. "Now, those tricks are not worthy of a great actress—that is soubrette's business. She has very high cheek bones, and her face is not remarkable. Her eyes are flashing and penetrating. But their expression is peculiar. They remind me of a whipped hound."

Habits.

Habit constantly strengthens all our active exertions. Whatever we do often, we become more and more apt to do. A snuff-taker begins with a pinch of snuff per day, and ends with a pound or two every month. Swearing begins in anger; it ends by mingling itself with ordinary conversation. Such like instances are of too common notoriety to need that they be adduced; but, as I before observed, at the very time that the tendency to do the thing is every day increasing, the pleasure resulting from it is, by the blunted sensibility of the bodily organ, diminished, and the desire is irresistible, though the gratification is nothing. There is rather an entertaining example of this in Fielding's "Life of Jonathan Wild," in that scene where he is represented as playing at cards with the Count, a professional gambler. "Such," says Mr. Fielding, "was the power of habit over the minds of these illustrious persons, that Mr. Wild could not keep his hands out of the Count's pockets, though he knew they were empty; nor could the Count abstain from palming a card, although he was well aware that Mr. Wild had no money to pay him."

D. R. LOCKE, "Petroleum V. Nasby," intends to make his permanent home in the Susquehanna valley of Pennsylvania.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

BIG RAPIDS now has a telephone exchange.

THE new salt well at St. Louis has reached the depth of 900 feet.

THE school population of East Saginaw is 5,885, and in Bay City 5,411.

THE total receipts of the State Fair were about \$20,000, against \$26,000 last year.

TWO AND A HALF miles of gas pipe have been laid in Marshall in the last three weeks.

AT Big Rapids the authorities will not permit the public interment of a person dying of diphtheria.

EDWARD BARRETT stepped into molten iron at the furnace at Negaunee, some days ago, and had the bottom of his foot cooked.

ROBERT ROOF's residence at Battle Creek, valued at \$8,000, burned down lately. The insurance on the building was only \$4,000.

A LANSING man, last week, put down a well twenty-five feet and found sea-shells, which he shows to friends as curiosities.

SAMUEL GORDON, of this village, has a flowing well, struck at the depth of fifty feet, and flowing six feet above the surface.—*St. Louis Herald*.

A WELL-KNOWN Michigan fruit-grower is of the opinion that the common moose-wood growing near plum trees will, by its effluvia, keep off the destructive curculio.

A YOKE of oxen, while being ferried across at Sault Ste. Marie, the other day, were yoked together and hitched to an anchor. The animals became unmanageable, dragged the whole outfit over, and went down for keeps.

A 7-YEAR-OLD son of Charles Evans, residing near Richmond, was jerked from the rear of his father's wagon, and a land-rover hitched behind passed over him. The boy died from the effects of his injuries in a few moments.

THE extension of the Mackinaw division of the Michigan Central railroad, from its present terminus at Gaylord to Cheboygan, a distance of about forty miles, will be opened to the Straits of Mackinaw early next spring.

A FIERCE fire broke out in the lumber-dock of A. Rust & Co., at Bay City, a few days ago, and rapidly spread to the adjacent lumber-piles. A strong wind was blowing, and at one time the entire city was threatened with destruction. It was only with the greatest exertion that the fire was got under control, and the threatened danger to the city averted. About 1,500,000 of lumber was destroyed. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$14,000.

Ministerial Appointments.

Following is the list of appointments of pastors for Methodist Episcopal churches in the Michigan Conference:

Albion District—H. Hall, P. E. Albion; George S. Hickey; Jackson, C. L. Barnhart; Battle Creek, D. F. Barnes; Bellevue, P. J. Maveely; Concord, W. Perine; Homer, E. L. Kellogg; Hanover, L. P. Ferguson; Litchfield, N. Brockway; Liberty and Moscow, E. D. Young; Mosherville, W. Mason; Nashville, A. D. Newton; Olivet, H. D. Jordan; Penfield, G. Daniels; Parma, J. Webster; Rives and South Albion, J. M. Whitney; Springport, N. Fassitt; Leroy, E. D. Bacon; Marshall, W. Riley; Marquette, I. Taylor; Tompkins, J. H. Dames; Tekonasha and Cooper Street Church, Jackson, J. Berry; Albion College, Revs. J. H. Hopkins, R. C. Welsh and Samuel Dickey, Professors, and Rev. W. H. Brockway, agent for Albion College and members of Albion Quarterly Conference.

Coldwater District—J. I. Buell, P. E. Allen, D. C. Woodward; Bronson and North Gilead, Wm. Paddock; Burr Oak and South Gilead, Donald Butler and O. S. Paddock; Burlington, W. Barrett; Coldwater, A. H. Moors; Cambria, G. H. White; Centerville, W. I. Cogshall; Constantine, J. Boynton; Girard, G. W. Reid; Hillsdale, L. Farr; Jonsville, W. M. Prouty; Kinderhook, E. Marble; North Adams, M. D. Carroll; Osseo, S. C. Strickland; Quincy, A. M. Fitch; Ramsom, to be supplied; Reading, D. D. Gillett; Sturgis, B. S. Mills; Sherwood, J. W. Buell; Union City, A. M. Gould; White Pigeon, J. C. Lubine; Rev. J. V. Potts, agent of the Michigan Advocate and member of the Coldwater Quarterly Conference.

Kalamazoo District—J. W. Miller, P. E. Augusta, A. E. Ketcham; Allegan, W. A. Hunsberger; Bloomingdale, D. W. Fow; Cooper, E. A. Fauner; Climax, L. M. Edmonds; Colon and Leonidas, R. H. Bready; Douglas, G. E. Wrightman; Galesburg, J. A. Sprague; Irvington, J. J. Greenleaf; Johnston and Baldmore, F. N. Joy; Kalamazoo, J. Graham; Kendale, to be supplied; Martin, N. M. Steel; Mendon, G. W. Tutbill; Monterey, A. J. Yan Wyck; Oshkemo, W. W. Elder; Otsego, T. L. McCoy; Parkville, L. W. Calkins; Prairieville, H. O. Lawrence; Plainwell, George L. Cole; Richland, John A. Bready; Schoolcraft, W. M. Stinchcomb; South Haven, J. E. White; Three Rivers, F. B. Bangs; Waukegan, C. M. Fisher; Vicksburg, E. S. McChesney; Sherman, J. R. Bowers; F. D. Hemmaway, Professor in Garrett Biblical Institute, and member of Kalamazoo Quarterly Conference.

Niles District—A. R. Boggs, P. E. Buchanan, J. White; Bridgman, to be supplied; Benton Harbor, E. A. Whitman; Bangor, G. W. Gosling; Berrien Springs, L. Wilson; Brownsville, to be supplied; Coloma and Watervliet, H. H. Parker; Cassopolis, J. Hoyt; Dowagiac, H. Worthington; Decatur, L. W. Earle; Dayton, J. R. Skinner; Edwardsburg, J. M. Robinson; Keeler and Silver Creek, C. G. Elliot; Lawrence and Hartford, V. G. Boynton; Lawton, T. T. George; Marcellus, to be supplied; Mattawan, S. C. Woodward; New Buffalo, D. Tasker; Niles, E. Cooley; La Grange, L. S. Matthews; Pokagon, G. A. Buel; Pipestone, A. N. Eldred; Paw Paw, W. M. Colby; St. Joseph, M. M. Callers; Williamsville, to be supplied; Rev. J. M. Reid, D. D., Corresponding Secretary of the Missionary Society of the M. E. Church and member of the Niles Quarterly Conference.

Grand Rapids District—W. L. Aldrich, P. E. Ada, M. D. Terwilliger; Ashland, A. G. Wiggin; Berlin, J. Klose; Byron Center and Dor, D. R. Latham; Coopersville, J. Archer; Casson, A. Hunsberger; Cannon, C. H. Howe; Cedar Springs, H. P. Henderson; Caledonia, A. J. Wheeler; Division Street, Grand Rapids, to be supplied; East Street, Grand Rapids, E. Wiggle; Grand Haven, S. P. Warner; Grandville, D. C. Riehl; Grattan, J. W. Robinson; Holland, A. H. Gillett; Hilliards, J. W. Robinson; Hastings, A. A. Karapen; Giving, T. I. Spencer; Lamont, S. Kitzmiller; Middleville, O. B. Whitmore; Muskegon, D. Engle; Newaygo, J. Horner; Nunica, to be supplied; Plainfield Avenue, Grand Rapids, J. P. Force; Ravenna, R. S. Hier; Rockford and Courtland, J. B. Tallman; Sparta, E. V. Armstrong; Spring Lake, W. M. Coplin; Second Street, Grand

Rapids, C. S. Fox; South Division Street, Grand Rapids, J. S. Valentine; Ventura, to be supplied; Wayland, J. M. Aiken.

Ironia District—R. C. Crawford, P. E. Bowne, C. Van Auker; Corral, D. S. Haviland; Carson City, C. T. Van Werp; Danby, G. E. Hollister; Elm Hall, J. Marzolt; Edmore, to be supplied; Greenville, A. A. Brown; Greenville, C. T. L. Bathrick; Hubbardston, N. Saunders; Ironia, W. Gardner; Lake View, supplied; Lowell, N. Bray; Lyons and Muir, D. W. Parsons; Orleans, W. J. Hathaway; Orange, J. H. Thomas; Pajo, J. Roberts; Portland, A. P. Morrison; Pewamo, D. M. Ward; Sheridan, supplied; Stanton, J. R. A. Wightman; Saranac, F. A. Bill; Vergennes; S. C. Woodard; Woodland, J. F. Orwick.

Lansing District—L. H. Jacobs, P. E. Alina B. E. Paddock; Breckenridge, V. P. Welch; Bath, supplied; Chester, J. F. Wallace; Charlotto, G. D. Lee; Central Church, Lansing, H. M. Joy; Dewitt, W. R. McElwell; Duplains, M. W. Knapp; Eaton Rapids, A. J. Hamilton; Fowler, L. M. Gulick; First Church, Lansing, C. C. Olds; Grand Lodge, Wm. Swift; Ithaca, J. H. Caldwell; Leslie, T. Delamarter; Maple Rapids, W. D. Knott; Mason, W. Doust; Ovid, G. W. Sherman; Okemos, W. Taylor; Onondaga, S. Nelson; Potterville, J. J. McAllister; St. Johns, C. A. Jayokes; St. Louis, G. C. Draper; Victor, A. T. Gray; Vermontville, J. D. Watkins.

Big Rapids District—A. J. Russell, P. E. Aetna, J. F. Wallace; Benona, M. E. Bacon; Big Rapids, L. Masters; Big Rapids Circuit, supplied; Clare, J. Gulick; Crystal Valley, supplied; Dushville, F. E. Sanders; Ewart, J. C. Floyd; Fremont Center, J. N. Dayton; Grant, A. B. Shae; Hart, W. L. Tilden; Hesperia, W. W. Lamport; Holtons, G. Varion; Howard City and Isabella Indian Mission, Mr. Leavitt; Ludington, W. Mooney; Manistee, J. K. Stark; Mecosta, J. Hills; Milbrook, supplied; Mt. Pleasant, I. H. Allenbeck; Morley, B. W. Smith; Pentwater, Geo. Donaldson; Pierson, C. G. Thomas; Riverton, A. Potter; Reed City, W. A. Thompson; Riverton, Indian Mission, Lears, C. E. Allen; Shelby, A. A. Rolfe; Whitehall and Montague, H. R. Hawley.

Grand Traverse District—A. J. Eldred, P. E. Almira and Inland—J. W. Arney; Bliss, supplied; Boyne, B. H. Whitman; Bear's Lake, W. W. F. Smith; Cadillac, E. H. Doy; Cadillac Circuit, S. Stephens; Charlevoix and Indian Mission, J. Blanchard; Fife Lake, W. Heath; Frankfort, J. H. Staley; Kalkaska, O. J. Golden; Leroy, L. D. McKee; Long Lake, D. Green; Little Traverse, E. F. Newall; Mantion, S. Steel; Mancelona, S. H. Hewitt; Monroe Center, E. P. Howell; Norwood, C. M. Smith; Northport, A. M. Eldred; Indian Mission, supplied; Old Mission, supplied; Petoskey Circuit, supplied; Petoskey and Indian Mission, W. S. Sly; South Arm, Smith, Spencer's Creek, supplied; Sherman, H. P. Blake; Traverse City, J. W. P. Carlisle; Williamsburg, L. Dadds.

Newspaper Work.

Many young men, fresh from college, crammed with learning and ambition, desire to become journalists that they may exercise moral influence over the masses which are reached by a newspaper. They do not understand that journalists are not turned out of universities ready made. Journalism is a profession which can only be mastered after long years of active service—on the same principle that to be a good lawyer, or a successful minister, or a competent mechanic, one must have practical experience, and can attain prominence only after long years of patient labor. Young men on leaving college are apt to think they could shape the destiny of a nation if they could only get control of the columns of some newspaper. Perhaps a young graduate does get an opportunity to write editorials for some country weekly. He launches a bolt, and then anxiously awaits the report. He generally waits in vain, and is both pained and chagrined to find out that his majestic utterances have attracted no attention whatever. Perhaps he gets a position on one of the big dailies, and, with a proud heart, he hands in to the managing editor a long article, over which he has spent several days and nights in writing and rewriting, only to be sharply told that such compositions are useless—that what is wanted is a concise statement of news. He is perhaps detailed to write up some congenial subject, and is ordered to have it done at a certain time. Hampered thus, pinioned genius refuses to work, and the ambitious youth makes a flat failure. Journalism is drudgery—plodding, unostentatious drudgery. The individual worker which makes a complete newspaper attracts no attention from the public generally. Readers say this or that paper is a good one, without once caring who did this or that to make it such. And this alone would be cruel to the unfledged writer who hopes to yield a moral influence. If one of his articles appears he expects it to be the feature of the paper, and is disappointed if people do not talk about it and insist upon knowing who wrote it; whereas he may write for years without achieving distinction.

Curiosities Indeed.

Julius Claretie, the French journalist, found two curiosities for sale in a Paris bric-a-brac shop which are worth mentioning. One is a piece of stuff supposed to be skin, but resembling a banana-peel. The inscription accompanying it reads as follows: "Piece of the skin of the serpent which tempted our Mother Eve in Paradise. Adam killed the reptile the next day with a spear, of which the trace can yet be seen. Authenticity guaranteed by savans and theologians." The other curiosity is a long black hair attached to a piece of parchment by some wax. The inscription reads: "Hair of Charles II., known as 'The Bald' King of France." Claretie adds that no doubt some one will be found to buy these curiosities at good prices.

PENNSYLVANIA has expended thus far nearly \$4,500 in suppressing pleuropneumonia, of which sum \$2,365 were paid for killing 150 animals infected with the disease. Over 6,000 examinations were made, and the special agent is said to have traveled nearly 11,000 miles in the performance of his calling. Maryland has been considered the principal source of infection, but, as the State has now in operation a law for the suppression of the disease similar to that in force in Pennsylvania, it is believed that its spread in that State will be effectively prevented.

THE London medical journals report the case of the daughter of the Mayor of Gramock, near Bremen, who has slept almost uninterruptedly for six months.

BITS OF INFORMATION.

THE first railway in the United States was the Quincy and Boston, to convey granite for Bunker Hill monument, in 1827.

THE first steam engine in the United States was brought from England in 1783.

KEYS were originally made of wood, and the earliest form was a simple crook similar to the common pick-lock. The ancient keys are mostly of bronze, and of remarkable shapes, the shaft terminating on one side by the wards, on the other by a ring. Keys of this description were presented by husbands to wives, and were returned again upon divorce or separation.

HATS were first made by a Swiss at Paris, 1404 A. D. They are mentioned in history at the period when Charles VII. made his triumphal entry into Rouen, in 1449. He wore a hat lined with red velvet, and surmounted with a rich plume of feathers. It is from this reign that hats and caps are dated, which henceforth began to take place of the chaperons and hoods that had been worn before in France. Previous to the year 1510 the men and women of England wore close knit woolen caps.

THE custom of crowning the poets originated among the Greeks and was adopted by the Romans during the empire. It was revived in the twelfth century by the Emperor of Germany, who invented the title of poet-laureate. The French had royal poets, but no laureates. The title existed in Spain, but little is known of those who bore it. The tradition concerning the laureate in England is that Edward III., in 1367, emulating the crowning of Petrarch at Rome in 1341, granted the office to Chaucer with a yearly pension. In 1630 the laureate was made a patent office. From that time there has been a regular succession of laureates.

UNTIL the close of the eighteenth century the finest muslins in use were imported from India. The earliest mention of cotton among the classic nations of antiquity is by Herodotus, who speaks of it by the name of tree-wool, which name it still bears in German and several other continental languages. Cotton was not known in Egypt until about 500 years before Christ. Then it appears probable that it was imported, for all the cloths found enveloping the mummies of earlier ages have proved on examination to be linen. Cotton cloths are mentioned as having been imported into London in 1590, the knowledge of both the culture and manufacture having probably been conveyed there by the Moors and other Mohammedan nations. The former were the means of first bringing this manufacture into Europe.

Laugh More.

"Why don't you laugh, mother?" said a little three-year-old daughter, as her mother, with rather clouded countenance, was dressing the little ones. The earnest tone of the child provoked the wished-for laugh, and the little heart was happy.

And, mothers, I fear we do not laugh enough. The housekeeping is so onerous, the children so often trying to nerves and temper, the servants most exasperating, and even John, kind, good husband as he is, cannot understand all our vexations and discouragements, and so we are worried, we often feel that it is too much for the household to depend on us, in addition to all our cares, for social sunshine as well. Yet the household does, and it must. Father may be bright and cheery, his laugh ring out, but if mother's laugh fails, even the father's cheerfulness seems to lose much of its infection. In the sad but forcible lines of one of Joanna Baillie's dramas—Her little child had caught the trick of grief, And sighed amid its playthings—

we may catch a glimpse of the stern repressed life at Bothwell Manse, where "the repression of all emotions, even the gentlest, seems to have been the constant lesson." I remember well hearing a lady say: "When a child, I used to wish so often that my mother would look cheerful."

Then laugh, mother even if you do feel almost too weary to exert the facial muscles, and you have to make a pitiful effort, which comes high bringing tears instead of a laugh. You will feel better for the effort, and so will the children. The little ones, unconsciously to you and to themselves, are catching the very phases of countenance which will go far to brighten or cloud some future home. Then laugh, mother—parlor, nursery, and kitchen all feel the effect of your smile or frown. The cheery laugh of a mother goes down through generations, as well as her frown. And when the mother eyes are closed, and lips and hands are forever still, there is no sweeter epitaph which children and friends can give than, "She was always bright and cheerful at home."—*Christian Intelligencer*.

Utilizing a Pest.

A Maryland farmer is making money out of an enormous crop of potato-bugs. Being opposed to the use of paris green, he rigged up a large wash-boiler in his field, and hiring six men, collected the bugs and soured them in boiling water. About two gallons were collected, and by accident a piece of old sheep-skin leather, used for lining shoes, went into the mess. After the cooking had been going on for an hour he was astonished to find that the leather had changed its color to the richest dark crimson. This arousing his curiosity, he inserted other materials, and ascertained another peculiarity of the liquid. The material placed in it changed first to a dark brown, then a greenish hue, then pure yellow, then light blue, changing to dark blue, then light red, terminating in the brilliant scarlet, which was the permanent color. Consequence, formation of a stock company to make dyeing mixtures from potato-bugs.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1880.

POLITICAL BOSSING IN MAINE.

The New York Nation, the ablest Republican paper in the Union, says:

"If the disasters which have overtaken the Boss system in New York and Maine should lead people to turn back with reverence to the older type of American statesmen and revive the art of 'managing' great constituencies through open discussion, there will be little reason to regret the reverses which the Republican party has sustained through the extraordinary ascendancy achieved of late years by electioneering dexterity. The rule of Mr. Conkling in New York, of General Logan in Illinois, and of Mr. Blaine in Maine is, as has been often remarked, a copy, and a poor one, of the device by which Tweed mastered the ignorant vote of New York City. If it could succeed in the larger field of State and Federal politics we might well despair of the Government. The extent to which it has already miscarried seems to show that we are near the end of it, and if this be true the failure in Maine may be fairly set down as, in more senses than one, a 'blessing in disguise.' If Mr. Blaine will now direct his consuming activity to the study of real politics, and to the creation of some sort of authority for himself on weightier questions than the probable vote of 'the French plantations of Aroostook County,' he may still win a fame which the Brigadiers cannot dim."

"I SUFFERED terrible with nervous debility, caused by deranged kidneys, and was permanently cured by Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pads, when other remedies gave me no relief," writes a young Dayton merchant.

\$500 Reward.

They cure all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Nerves, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, and \$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for any thing impure or injurious found in them—Hop Bitters. Test it. See "Truths" or "Proverbs" in another column.

A man of Mark.

It is said that one of the bravest soldiers in the Russian army signs his name with a cross. He must be a soldier of the cross, and a man of mark, and no doubt would be glad to put his mark to a testimony of the excellence of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, in curing cuts and wounds of every description, if he had a chance of trying it. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

Special Notices.

A FULL assortment of Spectacles for old and young, of different qualities, including for weak eyes and near sighted; also thermometers and Weather Indicators, cheap at J. O. DOESBURG. 34-3m

Two lots—45 feet—on Eighth street, between Steketee's store and J. O. Doesburg's drug store can now be bought for six hundred dollars cash. 33-1f H. DOESBURG.

NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby tenders his thanks to the citizens of Holland and surrounding country for the trade given him during the last eight years, while he recommends his successor—Mr. S. de Groot—to his former customers.

P. SCHRAVESANDE.

The undersigned offers his services to the people referred to above, and intends to merit their approbation by a prompt attendance and civil treatment.

S. DE GROOT.

P. S.—My shop is now the one vacated by Mr. P. Schravesande, next door to the Boot and Shoe store of the Hon. D. B. K. Van Raalte.

HOLLAND, Sept. 21, 1870. 33-4w

Special Assessors Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,
Clerk's Office, Sept. 21st, 1880.
To Mrs. Henry Koenigsberg, E. Everhart, Simon Schaff, M. Regenmorter, Joos Verplanke, Jan Visscher, Jan Van de Roovart or to whom it may concern, Mrs. J. O. Bakker, Mrs. Pessink, Wm. Butkau, Thomas Sullivan, Hoyt G. Post, H. D. Post.

You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll for the repair of sidewalks has been reported by the Board of Special Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the nineteenth day of October, A. D. 1880, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council Rooms, in said City, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Special Assessors to review said roll.

By Order of the Common Council,
Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

At Brusse's Clothing Store, in Zealand, there is just received an immense variety of fall and winter goods, which are made up according to the latest styles, and at lowest rates. 31-1f.

For Crockery and Glassware go to M. Huizenga & Co., they beat them all in the city.

Just received a full stock of Crockery and Glassware which we sell cheaper than ever before.

M. HUIZENGA & CO.,
32-6w opposite Lyceum Hall.

New Advertisements.

IN THE NEW
GROCERY
AND
DRY GOODS STORE
OF
C. STEKETEE & BOS
on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries, always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of
DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics.

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.
HOLLAND, Sept. 30th, 1880.

Read This!!

Just Received at the Store of

P. & A. Steketee

a large assortment of

SHAWLS

AND LADIES' MISSES' CLOAKS.

Underwear for both Sexes. Flannel and Woolen Blankets, Ribbons—as fine an assortment as any in the city—cheap. Nubias, Misses and Children's Knit Hoods.

COLUMBIA AND OTHER YARNS.

Dress Goods from 10c and upward, and a full assortment of Ladies' Skirts.

Gents' White Shirts—the best 50c Shirt ever sold in Holland.

Feathers of the best grade always on hand at bottom figures.

A Full Stock of

GROCERIES

A better 50c Tea than ever; Roasted Coffee of many varieties. The best cheese. New Holland Herring, by the keg or piece. The Best Oat Meal always on hand and fresh, etc., etc.

Salt by the pound or barrel.—Harris & Smith's Safety Lamps, and many more goods, too numerous to mention.

Come and inspect our Stock.

P. & A. STEKETEE.
HOLLAND, Oct. 1st, 1880.

BARGAINS

—IN—
FURNITURE

At the Brick Store formerly occupied by W. Wakker where

MEYER, BROUWER & CO.

Will sell all the stock purchased of W. Wakker at a bargain, also all their Furniture, Carpets, etc., removed in said store will be sold extremely low to make moving more easy when their own Building is finished. 34-4w

PROVERBS.

"Sour stomach, bad breath, indigestion and headache easily cured by Hop Bitters."

"Study Hop Bitters books, use the medicine, be wise, healthy and happy."

"When life is a drug, and you have lost all hope, try Hop Bitters."

"Kidney and urinary trouble is universal, and the only safe and sure remedy is Hop Bitters—rely on it."

"Hop Bitters does not exhaust and destroy, but restores and makes new."

"Ague, biliousness, drowsiness, jaundice, Hop Bitters removes easily."

"Boils, Pimples, Freckles, Rough Skin, eruptions, impure blood, Hop Bitters cure."

"Inactive Kidneys and Urinary Organs causes the worst of diseases, and Hop Bitters cures them all."

"More health, sunshine and joy in Hop Bitters than in all other remedies."

HOP COUGH CURE AND PAIN RELIEF IS THE BEST.

For sale by Heber Walsh, Druggist. 34-4w

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT REED CITY, MICH.,
September 23rd, 1880.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and final entry therefor, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Ottawa County, Mich., at the county seat on Tuesday the 23rd day of October, 1880, viz: George W. Campbell Homestead entry No. 6945 for the E½ of NW¼, Sec. 11, T 5 N. R. 16 W. and names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: Henry M. Scott, of Holland P. O., and John M. Horton, of Holland, P. O., and Lorenzo Lawrence, of Holland, P. O., and Arnold de Feyer, of Holland, P. O., all of Ottawa County, Mich.

EDWARD STEVENSON, Register. 33-5w

\$350 A MONTH! AGENTS WANTED!
75 Best Selling Articles in the World! a sample free. Ad. JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

Thos. H. Redmond,

IMPORTER

—AND—

Wholesale Dealer In

Kentucky

Whiskies,

119 & 121 Canal Street,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

32-3m.

Fall and Winter
GOODS

—have just arrived at the store of—

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

They have all kinds of

DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES,

WATER PROOF, FLANNELS,

and a novelty in SKIRTS—(beautiful cashmere) Satin Skirts, etc., etc.

A complete variety of Germantown and other Woolen Yarn.

Hosiery, Socks.

A full line of NECKTIES, and all kinds of

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

—ALSO—

Ribbons, Trimmings, in Silks & Satins, Table Linens, etc.,

A full line of PROVISIONS, also

GROCERIES

YANKEE NOTIONS, ETC.

Have our own team and deliver goods free of charge in the city.

G. Van Putten & Sons.

HOLLAND, Sept. 24th, 1880.

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa—in Chancery.

Albert A. Sprague, Ezra J. Warner and Otho S. A. Sprague, co-partners under the firm name of Sprague, Warner & Co.,

Complainants,

vs.

Jacob P. De Couderes and Azenath De Couderes,

Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the county of Ottawa, in chancery, made in the above entitled cause, on the twelfth day of January, A. D. 1880. Notice is hereby given that on the **Tenth day of November, A. D. 1880,** at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Grand Haven, in said county, I the undersigned, a Circuit Court commissioner in and for said county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises described in said decree, viz:

all the following described lots, pieces or parcels of land situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and known and described as follows, to-wit: the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section number four (4), in township number five (5) north, of range sixteen (16) west, except one acre in the north-east corner of said land, deeded to School District number seven (7) of the township of Holland, containing thirty nine acres. Also the lot of land described as follows, to-wit: commencing seventeen (17) rods north of quarter stake on the west line of section four (4), in township number five (5) north, of range number sixteen (16) west, and running east one hundred and twenty-three (23) rods, thence south seventeen (17) rods, thence west one hundred and twenty-three rods, thence north seventeen rods, to place of beginning, containing thirteen acres and eleven rods of land, all in said township of Holland, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, also the parcel of land known and described as follows, to-wit: commencing at the north-west corner of the saw mill owned by said Jacob P. De Couderes, running thence east eight rods to a stake, thence south ten rods to a stake, thence west eight rods to a stake, thence north ten rods to the place of beginning, containing one-half acre and being in section four (4), township five (5) north, of range sixteen (16) west, in said town of Holland, also the Pier running from said mill into Lake Michigan and the land upon which the same stands, intending hereby to convey said mill and pier and the land upon which the same stands.

Dated, September 13th, A. D. 1880.

AREND VISSCHER,

Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa county, Mich.

P. H. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor. 32-7w

PHENIX

Planing Mill

In rebuilding our new shop we have purchased entirely new

Machinery of the most Approved Patterns,

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

OR

Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN

AND THE

DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL

MAKE A SPECIALTY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line manufactured on short notice. 38-1y

WERKMAN & VAN ARK.

To the LADIES and GENTLEMEN!

PROF. GUILMETTE'S
FRENCH KIDNEY PAD.

A Positive and Permanent Cure Guaranteed in all cases of
Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys,
Incontinence and Retention of Urine, Inflammation
of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder,

HIGH COLORED URINE, PAIN IN THE BACK, SIDE OR LOINS, NERVOUS WEAKNESS, and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs, whether contracted by private diseases or otherwise. This great remedy has been used with success for nearly ten years in France, with the most wonderful curative effects. It cures by absorption; no nauseous internal medicines being required. We have hundreds of testimonials of cures by this Pad when all else had failed.

Ladies, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, or diseases peculiar to females, or in fact any disease, ask your druggist for PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD, and take no other. If he has not got it, send \$2 and you will receive the Pad by return mail. Address U. S. Branch

FRENCH PAD CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Prof. Guilmett's French Liver Pad.

Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Ague Cake, Billious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, and all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Blood. The pad cures by absorption, and is permanent. FRENCH PAD CO., (U. S. Branch) TOLEDO, OHIO, and receive it by return mail. For sale at Heber Walsh, wholesale and retail druggist, Holland, Mich. 32-1y

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's
Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to

J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO.,
Nos. 104 and 106 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Holland by D. R. MEENGs. 31-1y

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, Twentieth Judicial Circuit in Chancery.

Gerrit A. Koning, Complainant,

vs.

Jan Van De Roovart and Fredrika Carolina Van De Roovart,

Defendants.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa in Chancery, at the City of Grand Haven in said county on the Third day of August, A. D. 1880.

In this case it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendants, Jan Van De Roovart, and Fredrika Carolina Van De Roovart, are not residents of this State, but reside at the City of Chicago, in the State of Illinois; Therefore on motion of P. H. McBride, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendants Jan Van De Roovart, and Fredrika Carolina Van De Roovart, cause their appearance to be entered herein, within three months from the date of this order, and in case of their appearance that they cause their answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor, within twenty days after service on them of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendants.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that complainant cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendants, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for their appearance.

AREND VISSCHER,
Circuit Court Commissioner for Ottawa County, Mich.

P. H. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor.

[A True Copy.] A. A. TRACT, Register in Chancery. 32-7w

G. S. Deane & Son,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS

AND MACHINERY.

Warehouse, corner of Canal and Bridge Streets, Foundry and Works, Mill Street,

Grand Rapids Michigan.

G. S. Deane & Co's Steel Plow, is one of the best and most popular plows in the market. This plow has two kinds of pointers, also Steel Coulters.

Deane's new patent Guage wheel for plows and cultivators is a novelty. One of this kind of wheels will last longer than six of any kind now in use. It keeps dirt from the axle, and can be oiled same as a buggy wheel.

Cor. Canal & Bridge Sts.

G. S. DEANE & SON.

GRAND RAPIDS, July 22, 1880. 24-3m

A Large and Fine

NEW STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

—O—

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

—O—

CALL AND SEE US.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880.

E. HEROLD.

DR. THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

A. H. GREGG, Manufacturer of Mowing Machines, Trumansburg, N. Y., says: My thumb was caught in a Machine and badly injured. I applied Electric Oil with almost instant relief. I have a large number of men employed and nearly every one of them uses it.

M. SHERMAN, of Oscoda, Mich., writes: I have used your Electric Oil on horses for different diseases, and found it to do just as you recommended. It has done justice for me every time, and is the best Oil for man and beast, I ever used.

See what the medical faculty say: DR. J. BEAUDOIN, Hull, P. Q., says: I have never sold a medicine which has given more thorough satisfaction. I have used it in my own case, on a broken leg and dislocated ankle, with the best results.

SOLD BY D. R. MEENGs.

Go to D. R. MEENGs for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1880. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1880.

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Laces, Embroidery, Ruching,

COLLARS AND CUFFS,

Fans, Parasols, Circulars, Ulsters, and Ready Made Suits, Gloves, Mitts and Warranted Pearl Kid Gloves.

A full line of Gape, and all kinds of Silk, Black and Colored Brocade and Pekin in Velvet and Silk for Trimmings.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET HOLLAND, MICH

Gottings.

\$329 has reached this city.

ANOTHER counting heard from. Plaisted is ahead this time.

THE Maple trees have assumed their beautiful garb of autumn.

ON Friday night of last week Mr. J. C. Post was presented with a bouncing boy.

POLITICS are warming up a little, but the State is so one sided that no great effort will be made by either party.

SOME people are like peaches, soft until you get at their hearts, and others are like chestnuts, pretty hard to get at, but sweet inside.

MR. R. K. Heald and lady left on Monday last for a trip to Oswego, N. Y., where their old parents reside and whom they have not seen in fourteen years.

MR. A. L. Drew, widely known as a dealer in billiard tables, will open an Oyster House to-day (Saturday, Oct. 2) in the city of Grand Rapids, opposite the Rathbun House, on Waterloo street.

THE depot buildings in this city and at Grand Haven, of the Grand Haven railroad, have been repaired and repainted inside. Their appearance has improved considerably and will afford more comfort for travelers during the cold season.

A MARKET day will be held at Graafschap, on Wednesday, October 13th, and a political meeting will be held on the same day at the same place. Mr. J. H. Eppink, candidate for treasurer of Allegan county, will receive a large vote from his countrymen, and is almost certain of his election.

OUR thanks are due Mr. D. Miedema for some very large apples of the best quality. Mr. Miedema contemplates to start on a pleasure trip to the Netherlands this fall, but he says, he don't want to lose his vote, which he intends to cast for the man who whipped the present Minister to the Turkish Empire at Gettysburg.

THE Grand Haven people don't like the idea of Mr. Geo. W. Webber's election to Congress. Mr. Webber says, "that if elected to Congress from the Fifth District, he will labor for the appropriation asked for to make Grand Rapids a lake port." This would be very nice for Grand Rapids but it would leave Grand Haven only as a way-station, and would rob them of more than half their business.

V. W. SEELY, Esq., candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, will address our citizens on the issues of the day, on Monday evening, at Lyceum Hall. Hon. J. C. Blanchard of Ionia, candidate for member of Congress, will deliver a speech in the same hall on Wednesday evening, and the Hon. John W. Stone and Geo. W. Webber will speak here in the same hall on Thursday evening. "Get you ready, come along."

REPEATED visits to the large tannery of Cappon & Bertsch prompted us to go and see Mr. Geo. Metz's tannery, on the north side of Black Lake, which is also a very large institution. Some important improvements have recently been made, such as a fire-proof store-room for finished stock. This tannery manufactures sole leather only, which specialty they strive to make perfect. The vast buildings and mountains of bark attest the enormous capital necessary to run it. They employ some 30 hands regularly, and is one of our cherished institutions.

DURING a recent visit to the neighboring city of Muskegon we had the pleasure to meet Mr. Wm. Coleman, formerly a merchant in this city, now engaged for Mr. J. P. Gardiner, wholesale and retail grocer. We also met our old friend R. M. Donald, formerly of the Ottawa Iron Works, and who is now partner and manager of the Wood-Package and Basket Company. We take this occasion to tender him our thanks for showing us all through this shop full of wonderful machinery—all calculated to save labor in the manufacture of butter dishes, berry boxes, fruit baskets, market baskets and bushel baskets, and many other useful articles. He reports business as very good, so much so, that they could not supply the demand.

MR. R. Kanters left on Tuesday last for Galveston, Texas, where he goes to look after breakwater and harbor work, which is to be constructed by the Government on the Netherlands plan. The kind invitation which he has received of Col. Mansfield, United States engineer, the same who was stationed in this department formerly, warrants him to make this expensive journey in order to investigate, in person, whether it will be feasible for him to bid on the proposed improvements to be made on the Southern coast. The vast amount of work which is contemplated on the Southern coast, has drawn the attention of contractors, and it is certainly flattering to Mr. Kanters to have the quality of his work recognized in such a manner as this indirect official invitation suggests.

MAUD S. is even faster than a French actress.

ST. LOUIS does a large business—in howling for a new census.

SOME of our sailors predict another open winter, because the wind was from the south while the sun passed the line.

MR. D. Birkhoff and sister, who have been in this city on a long visit, returned to their home, in Chicago, on Thursday evening.

NEW machinery has been put up near the waterfront at the Chicago depot. The increase of business was demanding a larger supply of water.

DETROIT has a new industry in the shape of a linseed oil factory with a capacity of one thousand bushels of seed day, producing fifty barrels of oil.

DON'T fail to read the new advertisement of Messrs. Steketee & Bos. They have added quite a stock of dry goods to their business, and are building up a fine trade.

ON Tuesday last Mr. J. Van Putten took his blind son, Marinus, to Lansing, to be educated in the Institute for the blind. Hitherto he has been at Flint, where he has made good progress in his studies.

A CHEBOYGAN special says that the propeller Van Raalte has been purchased by Smith Brothers, of that place, to ply between there and Mackinac, and will go on the route at once. She has arrived at Cheboygan, from Bay City.

THE regular meeting of the Grand River Valley Medical Society will be held at the office of Dr. H. Kremers, at Drenthe, Mich., on Wednesday, October 6th, 1880, at 10 a. m. All regular physicians are invited to attend.

A. W. WESTON, Sec'y.

THE criticism which our neighbor of De Hollander makes about our article of last week shows clearly that there is *ore more sense*, in which the word "church" is used, than he is in the habit of using. You will have to look over your grammar a little, neighbor, if you want to be so "anful nice" in your criticism.

WE had a pleasant call on Thursday last from Mr. J. Morris Cross, of Grand Haven, candidate for Judge of Probate. Mr. Cross is a gentleman and a scholar, and would fill the office with dignity. We hope he will be triumphantly elected. The present incumbent has had the office eight years, and that ought to satisfy him. Besides, we are opposed to any third term.

OUR Salem correspondent says, that everything is quiet in his neighborhood; that Mr. Geo. Heck has nearly completed his fine residence; that Mr. R. E. Beard has received a fine stock of goods; that Joseph Godfrey, of Monterey, died last week of paralysis of the brain; and that he himself, while in Allegan, and stopping at the Sherman House, found that house to be what we have frequently pronounced it to be, clean, neat, excellent table, in fact, first-class in every respect, and a beautiful retreat for the weary traveler.

ON Wednesday evening a second attempt was made to organize a Garfield and Arthur Club. About twenty men of the one hundred and thirty who signed a paper, purporting to show their willingness to become members, met at Lyceum Hall on the evening mentioned. After some parleying Mr. P. H. McBride was elected temporary chairman and Mr. W. H. Finch, secretary. After some more short speeches and propositions Mr. W. H. Finch was elected chairman of the club and Mr. L. Verwey, secretary. A committee was then appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws and to report at the next meeting which will be held on Tuesday evening next. It was the general remark that it seems to be such an "up-hill" job, this time, to organize a club. "What can the matter be?"

THE Werner Swiss bell ringers have come and gone and with them they have taken the hearty appreciation of all who witnessed their entertainment Saturday evening. No troupe ever came before the footlights that they were more frequently encored. The Swiss bell ringers were splendid, while the comical Edward Werner, in his Irish and German songs, morsels of mirth, etc., kept the audience in a continual roar of laughter and clapping of hands. Miss Maud Stanley, the cornet soloist and America's songstress, seemed to fairly charm all present with her sweet voice and excellent singing. She was repeatedly called back upon the stage, receiving the closest attention when before the audience, and loudest of stamping of feet when she disappeared. Her cornet solos were wonderful, particularly that of "Sweet by-and-by," which was sweet in words and sweet in music. Miss Aimee Abbott, the talented actress did her part to perfection, both at the organ, bells, and as "Mrs. Smith." Miss Grace Abbott, vocalist and bell-player, did well in all her parts, and her very sweet and pleasing face will not soon be forgotten by the young men of Holland. All in all the Werner's are among the best novelty party and bell ringers traveling.

FRESH oysters at Pessinks and Joslin & Breyman.

Hog cholera rages to a great extent in Kalamazoo county.

THE Maine liquor law—You shall get drunk on election day.

SEVERAL republican papers suspect Conkling of pulling to lose.

MR. Ed. J. Harrington, Jr., has bought the dray business of Mr. A. Westveer—including horse, wagons, hay, etc.

A GOLD watch has been plowed up on the battle-field of Chickamauga, and with slight repairs will be a good time-keeper again.

DON'T fail to read Steketee's new advertisement. You ought to go and see the enormous stock if you want to know something about it.

THE potato crop in Sturgis and vicinity is better than the average, and in many places the yields will exceed one hundred bushels per acre for large fields.

MR. J. H. Nibelink, our livery man on Ninth street, has recently purchased a lot of handsome buggies and wagons, and the rigs he turns out now are first-class.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Sept. 30, 1880: Joseph Swale, H. S. Schofield, Charley Pool, K. McLeod.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

HON. Geo. A. Farr, of Grand Haven, was renominated by the Republicans for State Senator from the 26th district, and Hon. Lyman G. Mason, of Muskegon, was nominated by the Democrats for the same office.

MORE than a million old and worthless muskets are said to be stored at Governor's Island, and nobody is poor or mean enough to buy them. Even Indian traders do not seem to think them good enough to trade to their victims. Trouble in South America, where nobody will use a good gun, is our only hope.

IT has become so common for women to be valorous against burglars, that husbands of irregular habits, on entering their homes unsteadily at night, are in danger of personal injury. Within a few days a man has been shot by his wife for a burglar at Peoria, one at Nashville was stunned with a club, and one at Washington had his nose broken with a chair.

AMONG the late dispatches we find the following: "The Liquor-Dealers' association has issued a secret circular to dealers in Michigan, instructing them to use every effort in their power to elect Holloway, the democratic candidate for governor. The document is quite long, and relates that the committee of the association who waited on Mr. Jerome, the republican candidate, could get no satisfaction from him, while Mr. Holloway promised to do all he could to give the trade a fair, just and reasonable law in place of the present obnoxious enactment."

GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

THE dwelling-house of Michael Donnelly, in the 3d ward, was burned to the ground on Wednesday morning, about 2 o'clock. Mr. Donnelly was awakened by smoke entering his bedroom, and on arising found the whole roof a mass of fire. After getting his family out of the building he succeeded in saving but a few articles of furniture before the building fell. The building being back so far from the water supply that no water could be obtained, the Fire Dept. was of but little service. Mr. Donnelly, who is a worthy and industrious citizen has lost almost all he possessed—he having no insurance on the property.

THE steamer Alpena arrived on Wednesday morning, about 9 o'clock, after a very rough passage from Chicago. Crossing the bar a heavy sea ran up under her port wheel and stove in the bulkhead back of the paddle-box, filling the after part of the deck with water, which caused the boat to list over so that the starboard wheel could not touch the water. Considerable damage to goods was done by water entering the lower cabin, and washing some baggage and other light articles overboard but besides this and scaring a lot of passengers rather badly, no serious injury was done to the boat, or any person on board of her.

CHARLES Bork, proprietor of the Grand Haven brewery, met with a serious accident on Sunday night last. Mrs. Bork had been down in the cellar and left the trap-door open. Mr. Bork entering the room shortly afterwards, and not perceiving the open door, fell down into the cellar, striking on an old flour barrel, broke two ribs, besides severely bruising his right side and arm, and was picked up insensible. Dr. A. Vanderveen was called, who did all in his power to relieve his sufferings, but the prospects are that Mr. Bork will be laid up for some time. He was not insured against accidents, but would like to have been.

NEW FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS

Our New Stock has arrived, and will be ready for inspection on Monday, Sept. 6th. We have made very extensive preparation for Fall and Winter Trade, and have Bought one of the largest and most attractive Stocks ever exhibited in Grand Rapids.

Our Cloak Department

comprises all the latest styles of Sacques and Dolmans, trimmed in the very latest style. Our \$5.00 cloak is warranted the best quality for that price to be found in this city. For \$8 you can buy a handsomely trimmed, all wool, beaver cloak worth \$10. For \$8 you can buy a very handsome Dolman, cut and trimmed in the very latest style. Our stock of Paris and Berlin cloaks and Dolmans, from \$10 to \$20 are unsurpassed by any in the trade.

Our Shawl Department

Is replete with a full line of Paisley Beaver and Woolen shawls, of the newest designs and at less than last years prices.

Dress Goods, Dress Goods,

This department is without a doubt the most attractive and best assorted ever shown over a Grand Rapids counter. Ladies can find in our Dress Goods Department, all the latest novelties and fabrics, from the French, English and German as well as from our home manufacturers, at all prices, ranging from 12 cents to \$1.50 per yard with a full line

of all kinds of fancy trimmings to match. Particular attention is called to our line of black and colored cashmeres, on which we defy competition. We would also call attention to our very large stock of black and colored dress silks and black velvets, which we offer at very low prices. Our

Cloth & Flannel Department

Linen department, and Domestic department, are complete with all the most popular makes of goods the market produces.

Our Hosiery and Fancy Goods

Departments contain an immense variety of new and attractive goods, suitable for the fall trade. We have this season, positively one of the best selected stock of fashionable Dry Goods, ever exhibited in this city, and our prices are at all times as low as the lowest. As we do a strictly "one price" business, and mark all our goods in plain figures, customers will see at once that our store is a desirable place to do their trading. We don't urge customers to buy, neither do we misrepresent goods under any circumstances, all we ask is a fair trial.

F. W. WURZBURG,

Corner of Canal & Bronson,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Frank J. Lamb and Mary L. Lamb, his wife, to Harlow Phelps, dated the First day of May, A. D. 1877, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa county, State of Michigan, on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1877, in Liber No. 9 of Mortgages, on page 28, by which the power to sell in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date hereof the sum of thirteen hundred and forty dollars, also an attorney fee of fifty dollars, provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, Notice is therefore given that by virtue of said power of sale, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being situated in the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a stake on section line one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet south of the north-west corner of section thirty-three (33) in township six (6) north, of range thirteen (13) west, thence running east one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet, thence south eight (8) feet, thence east forty-one (41) feet, thence south one hundred and twenty (120) feet, thence west one hundred and seventy-three (173) feet to section line, thence north along said section line one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet to place of beginning, containing one-half acre of land together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, at the front door of the court house, said Ottawa county, in the city of Grand Haven, on Thursday the Ninth day of December, A. D. 1880, at two o'clock in the afternoon to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs including an attorney fee of \$1.00 dollars provided for in said mortgage. Dated, September 1st, 1880.

HARLOW PHELPS, Mortgagee.
LOWING & CHASE, Attorneys for Mortgagee.
81-13w

YOUNG MEN

Will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a thorough, quickening, practical education. Send for College Journal.

Joslin & Breyman,



Watchmakers & Jewelers,

DEALERS IN

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Fancy Goods.



ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.

HOLLAND, March 24, 1880.

6-17.

FIRST WARD

DRUG STORE,

Three doors East of Kruisenga's Store.

Dr. R. A. Schouten,

PROPRIETOR.

This new store will keep a full supply of the best and finest

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Cigars,

Writing Material, Stationery,

And the finest assortment of

Wines & Liquors,

(for Medicinal use only.)

PAINTS AND OILS,

And almost everything else belonging in a well stocked drug store.

The above firm are the manufacturers of DR. SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS

AND Compound Syrup of Rhubarb.

Prescriptions carefully compound at all hour day or night.

36-17

Again in Business.

The undersigned has again opened a store of general merchandise, on the corner of

Eighth and River Streets,

where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many new ones as may deem it to their advantage to deal with him.

The stock of goods offered for sale consists of

DRY GOODS, ROCERIES,

Provisions Etc.,

Country Produce, Butter and Eggs, Etc., Etc., Taken in Exchange.

Call and See for Yourself.

J. Daursema.

HOLLAND, April 17, 1880.

10-

MEAT MARKET

—IN THE—

FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that they have finished their new Meat-Market, and are now ready to supply their customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing they feel confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor them with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store.

W. BUTKAU.

J. VAN ROEREN.

HOLLAND, July 14, 1878.

THE "MITTEN."

BY J. W. HATTON.

I read your letter, Daisy—
Read it over and over;
It almost drove me crazy,
But I'll think of the no more!"

It is your wish, and, surely,
"A foolish love" like mine,
"Born of fancy" purely,
Should "never hope" for thine.

But, bless your soul! I could not,
Could not help it, dear;
But, knowing all, I strive not
To "shed a single tear!"

But, having loved sincerely,
"Tis kind of "hard to part,"
Indeed, it wounds severely—
Almost breaks my heart!

But there's one consolation:
The man you're going to wed
Is far below your station,
Has the reddest kind of head!

I hope you will be happy;
May children bless your home—
Have freckles, like their papa,
And heads as hard to comb.

COLUMBIA, Mo.

THE "DESAVING WIDDY."

How Peter Mulrooney Married Her.

Some two years subsequent to my parting with Peter Mulrooney I chanced to fall in with him again in rather an unexpected manner. Business of some importance having taken me to the city, I was traversing pretty rapidly one of its meaner streets, when I heard myself suddenly hailed by name in an accent peculiarly Irish; and, turning round, discovered Peter approaching me with his usual loping gait. He was so altered in his habits from the picture I vividly retained in my memory of the blundering, blarneying Irishman who took my cow to market, that if it had not been for his voice I dare say I should have passed him without recognition. But the voice—that voice—it was Peter's peculiar shibboleth.

Mr. Mulrooney, whom I only remembered in a bluish-gray coat, a light, flexible hat, and thick brogans, was now dressed in a threadbare suit of black, a silk hat with the crown sunk in and well worn at the edges, and a pair of thin dress boots elaborately patched. With his coat buttoned up to the chin, and his greasy hat thrust jauntily on one side of his head, he reminded me more of one of those needy actors, whose personal appearance is so often stereotyped as of this faithful in the novels of the day. My words naturally took the color of my thoughts.

"Why, Mulrooney," said I, "is that you? What are you playing now?"

"Faix, Mr. Urbin," he replied, "it's little ye'd be after guessin' if ye thryed over so much. Sure it's a grate gentleman I am since I left sarvice an' set up for myself."

"A gentleman! What sort of a gentleman, Peter?"

"Misther Mulrooney, if ye please," said he, correcting my familiarity with one of his droll looks. "Och, but it's a rare country this is, anyway. Beyer the father it was Pether here an' Pether there, till sorra a bit I know of any other name but Pether. But here, the conversation of the ladies an' gentlemen is illigant in the extreme, and the grate politishuners, in their correspondence wid me, write the beautifullest letters, shuperscribin' them: 'Misther Mulrooney, Esquire.' Faix! it bates Banagher, any how, an' that's not sayin' a great deal."

"I am glad to hear you are getting along in the world so famously."

"Aisey, sir, aisey. Lashuns of airtin' and drinkin' without any constitoshunal objections. It's mighty little work I have to do any way. I am a profishunal gentleman, Mr. Urbin, an—"

"Oh, Mister Mulrooney!"

"Arrah, sir, but it's thrue as the day! It's a politishuner I am, wid a grate janius for fightin'! Och! but it's wonderful busy they kape me leeshun days knockin' down the mummy."

"Which party do you call the inimy?"

"Sorra a bit I know," said Peter, shrugging his shoulders; then, casting toward me one of his queer, side-long looks, he added, "I'm thinkin', sir, 'tis the Patriotic party meself does belong to."

"And so you get well paid and well fed for your services, do you?"

"If promises 'ud fatten a man, I'd be as big as the prize ox, that I would. But sure they'll kape some of them, I think; and then it's to be a magisther I am, and dale out the law to the vagabondes. Och, 'tis a beautiful business."

"A magistrate? Can you read and write?"

"Aye! What 'ud I be good for if I couldn't?" said Peter, evasively. "Sorra bit it matters, 'tis a strong mark I make, and that's not aisy to rub out, anyway."

"Take my advice, Mulrooney, and go to work. Ditch, dig cellars, break stones upon a road—do anything rather than suffer yourself to be made the tool of designing men, who will use your services so long as they are beneficial to them, and cast you off as soon as their ambitious projects are achieved. Now, as for a living, it's very easy for you, being a single man."

"It's married that I am!" said Peter, groaning.

"Married!" I exclaimed, "and in your circumstances? What folly!"

"Troth, ye may say that, yer Honor," said Peter, penitently. "But Misthress Connolly was a widdy. Och, but 'tis the desavingest craythurs they are all the world over. 'Aye,' he continued turning toward me with a look of half-humorous sorrow, "twas a wild cow I druv to market that time, Misther Urbin."

"Was she a country woman of yours?" I inquired.

"Does your Honor be thinkin' 'tis an Ameriky woman could chate me in that way?" said Peter, indignantly. "Sure,

'tisn't in the likes of them to do the thrick."

"But how came this about, Peter?"

"Aye! bad luck's soon tould. I boarded wid her."

"And so, Irishman-like, you must needs fall in love with the landlady and court her."

"It's mighty little love I had for big Misthress Connolly, anyway. As for the courtin', 'tis a natheral failin' o' mine to be spakin' soft words to the faymales of a family; and sure it was naderful beside, to kape Misthress Connolly's mind as aisy as an ould shoe while I owed her for my board."

"And that is the way you came to be married, is it?"

"Aye, sir, 'tis the strangest thing! Och, Michael Connolly, why did ye die? Bad cess to me that iver I should live to be desaved by a fat woman of 50. But, sure, the quarters wor so pleasant, Misther Urbin," continued Peter, apologetically, "and Misthress Connolly so tenderly interestin' wid her heart bruk into pieces wid the sorrow that was in it—oh! but 'tis strong enough now—that I thought it 'ud be a marofail interposition to comfort her anyhow."

"And so you courted her, I suppose?"

"Och, but it was a pretty sight to see the way I did it," replied Peter, with one of his rich laughs. "Twat the beautifullest specimen of the effects of blarney that has been seen since St. Patrick put his comether upon the sar-pints."

"What could you expect, then, but marriage, as a consequence?"

"Faix, it's little I thought about it at all, and less I liked it. Sure I tould the ould woman I was a single man, and swore by the pipers that I intended to remain so."

"Then you should never have sought to gain her affections; it would have been cruel to serve the poor creature so, and desert her afterward."

"Affections? Musha! 'tis her affections wor moldy many a long day ago!" exclaimed Peter.

"Well, you married her at all events," said I, impatiently.

"Faix, I dunno; but I does be thinkin' 'twas she married me. One night there wor some of the ould country people at the house, and we talked about the ould times, and after a while there was lashuns of whisky put on the table, and we talked, and dhrinked again, till it's my sarious opinion that my sinses left me intirely, and never came back till I found meself in bed nixt mornin', mighty oteasy in my miffid, and wonderin' how I got into Misthress Connolly's room instead of my own. While I was schaming out an apology, who should come to the door but Misthress Connolly herself."

"Misther Mulrooney," sez she, wid a deep blush, 'how do you find yerself this mornin'?"

"Pretty well, thank ye, mem," sez I, 'barring the dhriness of my month."

"Is it dhriness ye are?" sez she, as soft as butter. "Faix, that's aisy mended anyhow. Would you like a dhrup of sperits, Misther Mulrooney?"

"Deed an' I would, av it to plaslin' ye, Misthress Connolly," sez I.

"Och, Pether, dear, sure it's Misthress Mulrooney you must call me now," sez she.

"I'd be pleased to call ye anything that's decent and proper, acushla," sez I, tinkerly, for the thirst was consuming me.

"Och, but it's the quare man ye are," sez she, laughin'. "Sure I was in luck the day ye came to board at my house."

"Ye may say that," sez I, 'for I am a gentleman of an anshent family, an' it's not always ye're favored wid the like, Misthress Connolly."

"Mulrooney," sez she, correcting me.

"Mem?" sez I.

"Ye must call me Mulrooney now," sez she.

"Wid all me heart," sez I, 'if ye like the name better nor yer own; but 'tis not a marryin' man I am."

"Troth, Pether, dear," sez she, 'I hope ye'll never be after marryin' a second time."

"Faix, an' it's little I'll be thinkin' about marriage, first or second," sez I.

"Och, werra, werra," sez she, only to hear him say, "As if he didn't give Father Hennessy a good silver dollar for makin' us man and wife last night."

"Misthress Connolly," sez I, starin' wid amazement, 'sure it's jokin' ye are."

"Not a bit av it, Pether dear," sez she, laughin', and holdin' up a slip of paper, 'by the same token that this is the certificate of the priest that I hold in my hand."

"Be my sowl, then," sez I, 'Misthress Connolly, ye may call the certificate yer husband, for sorra a thing will I have to do wid it."

"Mulrooney!" sez she, 'do you deny the ring upon my finger?"

"Sorra a bit I care about the goold ring," sez I, jumpin' out of bed. "Will it be plaslin' ye to go out of the room while I dress myself."

"Och, I'll lave ye, wid all my heart," sez she, snatchin' up my clothes. "But it's little ye'll have to dress wid till ye come to yer sinses, Pether Mulrooney."

"And by this, and by that, Misther Urbin, she tuck my garments under her arm, and wint out and locked the door, lavin' me in the empty room wid myself. "Tear and ages!" sez I to myself, when she was gone, 'tis chated I am intirely; but maybe 'tis only funnin' she is after all. Aye! what'll I do? 'Tis a grate comfort there's a bed in the room. Shure she won't starve me; mighty onasey I am, anyhow, and that's thrue."

"So you went to bed again. Well, what came next?"

"Twelve mortal hours I laid there, widout airtin' or dhrinkin'; and then Misthress Connolly knocked at the door."

"Pether, dear," sez she.

"Oh! you murderin' woman," sez I. "Tis kilt I am with the hunger."

"Am I Misthress Mulrooney?" sez

she, spakin' through the kay-hole. 'Am I yer lawful wife?"

"Be my fair, it's blue-molded I'll be before I say so, Biddy Connolly."

"Biddy Mulrooney!" sez she.

"Connolly!" sez I.

"Mulrooney!" sez she.

"Go to the devil!" sez I.

"The top of the marnin' to ye, Pether," sez she, and wid that she wint away. 'Twat pitch dark, Misther Urbin, when she came again.

"Is it wake ye are wid the hunger, Pether dear?" sez she.

"Give me my clothes, Misthress Connolly," sez I, faintly.

"Tis Biddy Mulrooney that is spakin' to ye, Pether dear," sez she. "Would ye like coffee-tay or tay-tay, wid hot mate and pittaties? Shure there's plinty of 'em down-stairs, Pether darlint, barrin' the fear I have that your mind's disordered."

"Sure it 'ud be the wondher av it wasn't, wid the bad tratment I've had, Misthress Connolly," sez I.

"Troth, Pether dear," sez she, tinkerly, 'it'll be a blessed day for me when I can better it. But ye must confess that you married me last night, and that my name's Mulrooney."

"Let me out," sez I, 'or I'll die the night!"

"Deed, Pether achora, it 'ud be plaslin' to me to do it av ye wor in yer right head; but the time's not come yet, I see," sez she; and, wid that, down-stairs she trotted agin.

"Och, but I suffered wid the hunger pain, Misther Urbin, till I could bear it no longer. I knocked at the door, and called out: 'Misthress Connolly, Misthress Connolly, let me spake to ye."

"There is no Misthress Connolly now," sez a dhrity little colleen from the outside; 'shure she was married last night, and her name's Mulrooney."

"Tell Biddy Mul— Mulrooney to come here, thin," sez I. Och, but I choked to spake it. After a little while I heard her comin' up the stairs.

"Did you call, Pether darlint?" sez the fat old desaver.

"Troth, I believe I did," sez I.

"What'll I do for ye, husband?" sez she.

"It's starvin' I am," sez I.

"Was I married last night?" sez she.

"Sorra a bit I know," sez I.

"Spake out, Pether dear; I don't hear ye," sez she.

"Tear an ages! yes!" sez I.

"Didn't ye marry me yerself, Pether?" sez she.

"Divil a one o' me knows," sez I.

"What do ye say, Pether dear?" sez she.

"Shure, Father Hennessy knows I did," sez I, desperately; and wid that the door was flung open, and wid a loud laugh in comes Misthress Mulrooney, wid Father Hennessy, and half a dozen acquaintances, and throws herself into my arms and begs my pardin over and over again. And that is the way, Misther Urbin, I was desaved into marryin' Misthress Conrooney—Mulrooney I mane."

A Story of a Screw.

A singular accident happened to a family named Hollscher, residing on Pearl street, near Market, a few days ago. The father died about a week ago, and was buried at Lone Mountain. On Saturday morning the mother visited the cemetery to decorate the grave with flowers. During her absence the children were at home under the care of a servant girl. A little boy 3 years of age, in playing about the room, got hold of a small brass screw which he pushed into his nostril. The girl in alarm tried to get it out, and in doing so pushed it further in. Then she ran and called some of the neighbors in, and they, in trying to get hold of it, pushed it out of sight. They continued their efforts until the screw-head was beyond reach. The mother was sent for, and after a night of alarm the child was taken to Dr. Laine, who, after trying to withdraw the screw with surgical instruments, put the little sufferer under the influence of anesthetics, and cut open the nose to prospect for the screw. He succeeded in disfiguring the child, probably for life, but failed in the object of his search, and the child was taken home to die, under the belief that the screw was working up into the brain. It lingered along for three days, suffering apparently only from the cutting of its face and nose, and on Tuesday morning passed the screw without distress, and then it occurred to those interested that the screw, instead of going up into the brain, had merely followed the air passage from the nose to the roof of the mouth, and had there been swallowed. Castor oil effected what the scalpel of the surgeon failed in, and the child is now recovering.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

How Texas Cattle Are Utilized.

There are beef-packing establishments at Rockport and Fulton, Texas, both of which places are in the center of cattle ranges, in which at least 100,000 beeves are slaughtered every year. Every part of the beef is utilized, even to the tufts of the tails, which are preserved and sold for the making of ladies' frizzettes. The blood flows into tanks and is pressed, and is sold at 2 cents a pound for the making of fertilizers. The tongues and lean beef are boiled and canned. The hides are salted and sold again. The fatty matter is extracted and goes to tallow. The bones are boiled to a pulp to extract this fatty matter, and the dry bones, mainly phosphate of lime, are sold at 1 cent a pound for fertilizing. The feet are cut off, and from the hoofs neat-foot oil is extracted. The horny part of the foot, the shin-bone and knuckle-bones, are sold for the manufacture of domestic ivory. The horns are piled up until the pith becomes loose, and this is added to the fertilizers, and the horns are sold for manufacture. Every atom of the animal is probably used.

Money by Telephone.

"Say, miss," said a rather hard-looking customer to the young lady in charge of the central telephone office, one day last week, "say, miss, I'd like to talk with Mr. Joseph Snooks a moment."

The lady called Snooks and turned the instrument over to the guest.

"Hello, hello! Mr. Snooks!"

Snooks answered, and in the ensuing colloquy the lady could of course only hear the hard-looking customer.

"Snooks, old boy, I can't come up for that money to-day; I'm too busy."

"Eh?"

"No, can't get away."

"I know, but I'm sorry; I've got to meet Brace about your affair."

"But I'd jeopardize all our interests, I positively can't come. Can you send the money down?"

"Down here."

"I don't believe she'll do it, will she?"

"No, I don't know her. She's a handsome girl with blue eyes and light hair. Know her?"

"I'll ask her about it. Wait, keep your ear there [miss, Mr. Snooks wants to pay me four dollars, and says for you to let me have the money. I'll ask again to make sure.] Snooks, did you mean for this fine young lady to pay me and charge it to you?"

"Don't hear you."

"Yes, yes, all right. [He says, miss, for you to take my receipts and let me have the cash. —You are to put it in his telephone bill.] All right, Snooks, good-by, see you to-morrow," and he hung the mouthpiece on the hook.

"Fine fellow, Snooks," he continued, looking pleasantly at the managress. "I never heard of sending money by telephone before, did you?"

"No," responded the lady.

"Perhaps you haven't the change handy?"

"Yes," said she.

"You'll trust Snooks, I presume," he went on in a faltering manner.

"Certainly," she replied, "if he says to let you have it."

"You don't think the telephone would lie, do you?"

"Assuredly not. I'll just ask Mr. Snooks."

"No, no. He's a sensitive man; he wouldn't like to have so much fuss over a small amount. Make it two dollars and I will give him a receipt on account."

"I'll pay anything Mr. Snooks says. I'll call him."

"Rather than bother him again, I'll make it a dollar. Give me a dollar—"

"But I prefer to call him."

"Miss," said the man, "don't go near the wire now. There's a cloud coming up. You're going to be struck by lightning. Rather than that, I'd take fifty cents, a quarter."

"Oh! I'm not afraid," and she approached the instrument.

"Keep away from that wire!" he howled, "don't call Snooks. He might be struck. If you don't care for yourself, have some mercy on his family. You needn't pay the amount at all. I wouldn't risk Snooks for all the money in Brooklyn."

"I shall either call Snooks or a policeman," said the girl firmly.

"Make it a policeman and I'll go for him myself," shouted the tramp, as he jumped over the rail.

And then she called Snooks, who had been swearing at his end of the wire in the hope of making some one hear him, and told him it was all right, she hadn't quite paid the money.

Decency Toward Horses.

A horse cannot be screamed at and cursed without becoming less valuable in every particular. To reach the highest degree of value the animal should be perfectly gentle and always reliable, but if it expects every moment that it is in the harness to be "jawed" at and struck, it will be in a constant state of nervousness, and in its excitement as liable through fear to do something which is not expected as to go along doing what you started it to do. It is possible to train a horse to be governed by the word of mouth, almost as completely as it is to train a child, and in such training the horse reaches its highest value. When a horse is soothed by the gentle words of his driver—and we have seen him calmed down from great excitement by no other means—it may be very fairly concluded that he is a valuable animal for all practical purposes, and it may be certainly concluded that the man who has such power over him, is a humane man and a sensible one. But all this simply means that the man must secure the animal's confidence. Only in exceptional instances is a horse stubborn or vicious. If he understands his surroundings, and what is required of him, he gives no trouble. As almost every reader must know, if the animal when frightened can be brought up to the object he will become calm. The reason is that he understands that there is nothing to fear. So he must be taught to have confidence in the man who handles him; and then this powerful animal, which usually no man could handle, if it were disposed to be vicious, will give no trouble. The very best rule, therefore, which we would lay down for the management of the horse, is gentleness and good sense on the part of the driver. Bad drivers make bad horses usually.—*Western Rural.*

"An American," says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, "feels no shyness and exhibits no hauteur or reserve in the presence of a stranger who is also a fellow-citizen. The icy inaccessibility supposed, with more or less truth, to be characteristic of the well-bred Englishman is the result partly of a dread of being considered intrusive, partly of a fear, which has too much foundation in common experience, of the vulgar familiarity with which a social inferior, if noticed at all, is apt to presume on the courtesy of a chance acquaintance."

Vegetine.

More to Me than Gold.

WALFOLLE, Mass., March 7, 1890.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: I wish to inform you what VEGETINE has done for me. I have been troubled with Rheumatic Humor for more than thirty years, in my limbs and other parts of my body, and have been in great pain. I commenced taking VEGETINE one year ago last August, and can truly say it has done more for me than any other medicine. I seem to be perfectly free from this humor and can recommend it to every one. I would not be without this medicine—it is more to me than gold—and I feel it will prove a blessing to others as it has to me.

Yours, most respectfully,

MRS. DAVID CLARK.

J. BENTLEY, M. D., says:

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Yours respectfully,

J. BENTLEY, M. D.

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Farmers' Column.

Fighting Codling moths in winter.

For those who propose to fight the codling moth next season it may not be amiss to remember that something can be done even in winter. Thousands of the worms which hatch into the codling moth are carried into cellars, and their cocoons may now be found in crevices around apple barrels, usually wedged in between barrel and hoops. As warm weather approaches they will hatch, and be ready to fly when doors and windows are opened in the spring. They may be killed now in the cocoons, or caught at the windows before they escape, as they will try to do about April or May. If the cellar windows are kept tight until after apple-blossoming time, most of the moths may be destroyed.

Multitudes of these worms and cocoons are hidden in orchards—in crevices, fences and under the bark of trees. The common woodpecker does a good work in searching these out; but many escape him. If the surface of the ground is plowed or even dragged over, it exposes them to the weather and they are destroyed. They will endure severe freezing, if kept dry; but when once the cocoon has been disturbed it is almost inevitably exposed to rain or snow. Scraping the rough bark from old trees accomplishes the same purpose for those hidden there.

With all else that is done, do not neglect to provide a good supply of paper bands, to wind around the trees. I saw last week some paper prepared by Mr. A. Greenman, of Lockport, Niagara County, with a thin lining of cotton flannel. The worm hides itself in the flannel and spins its cocoon with it. Where these are placed around the trees, not one codling worm in a thousand will seek any other hiding place. The bands are easily taken off and the worms may be crushed with a common flat-iron. The paper has been prepared so as to be water-proof and will last for years. The bands, ready lined, are furnished at five cents each in quantities, and there ought to be an immense demand for them. Next season is the bearing year for most orchards in the country; but unless something is done to destroy the codling moth, our apple crop, as was mostly the case a year ago, will be of poor quality, and in the glut of fruit will scarcely be worth gathering. If we can destroy the codling moth in next year's crop, we may reasonably hope for a fair crop of apples the year after. There are always apple blossoms enough in the odd years to insure a supply if they were not destroyed by the myriads of codling moths, bred in the abundant apple crop the year before. *W. J. F. in Cultivator and Country Gentleman.*

Hints for October Work.

WATER.—If pure water does not flow at the barn, look into means for securing it. Barn-yard wells are convenient, but often dangerous to the health, if not of animals, certainly of men, who may drink at them. If the water from some spring can be led to the house and barn, by all means bring it down—use plain iron pipes or enameled ones—not "galvanized" pipes. Zinc is a slow poison, but not quite so bad as lead. A well on higher ground will often furnish flowing water conducted by a siphon, at the level of the buildings. No well should be dug at a less distance than 300 feet from a barn-yard, cesspool, or privy vault.

ROOTS are now making their best growth. Moderately warm days and cold nights seem to have a great effect upon them. As the time for heavy frosts approaches, secure the mangels and sugarbeets. Top by rubbing the leaves off, not by cutting, as the wound often starts decay, which spoils the beet. Carrots secure attention next, leaving the Swedish turnips longest. Always protect piles of roots against frost by some covering. Turnips will survive severe freezing, but they are never so good for feeding.

CORN FODDER, by which we mean the stalks after husking (not the leaves of the corn merely stripped off), should be bound in bundles, probably best done with willow withes, and stacked up so as to shed rain. Large stacks, well set and firmly bound may be left in the field until needed for feeding, without injury to the fodder. In fact, it is often brighter and better when treated in this way than in any other. In stacks, or in sheds, it is likely heat and mould, unless it can be more thoroughly dried than we can be sure of having it.

RIDGE plowing of stiff clays is often of great benefit. It is done by turning the furrows two and two together, so as to leave the land uniformly ridged. The ridges must run up and down the slopes; otherwise, in heavy rains, water will be held by the ridges until it breaks through somewhere, when there will be danger of a "wash-out." The system of winter following involves plowing again in the spring, but shows its good effects in the crops.

SWINE.—Pigs will fatten nearly as fast on potatoes this month as on corn next. They do best on cooked feed, and the grain ought to be ground.

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