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### Holland City News, Volume 7, Number 34: October 5, 1878

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. VII.—NO. 34.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1878.

WHOLE NO. 346.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.  
C. J. DOESBURG, Editor and Publisher.  
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.  
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:  
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents  
for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period over three  
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	6 00	10 00	12 00
1/2 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/4 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.  
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge for subscribers.  
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
the expiration of the subscription. Two X's sig-  
nify that no paper will be continued after date.  
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Tuesday Jan. 1, 1878.

Trains.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	11.55 a. m.	1.15 a. m.
" "	9.35 p. m.	3.30 p. m.
Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	10.45 a. m.	5.25 a. m.
" "	9.25 p. m.	3.35 p. m.
New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.05 a. m.	12.15 "
" "	5.10 "	11.00 a. m.
" "	3.25 p. m.	9.45 "
" "	2.40 "	

\* Mixed trains.  
† Daily except Sunday and Monday.  
‡ Daily except Saturday.  
§ Mondays only.  
|| All other trains daily except Sundays.  
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago  
time which is 30 minutes later than Columbus  
time.

### Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Tuesday, Oct. 1, 1878.

Going North.	No. 2.	STATIONS.	Going South.	No. 1.
8 00	12 15	Muskegon.	8 00	12 15
7 25	11 41	Ferryburg.	7 25	11 41
7 15	11 35	Grand Haven.	7 15	11 35
6 30	11 07	Piccon.	6 30	11 07
6 35	10 40	Holland.	6 35	10 40
5 07	10 18	Fillmore.	5 07	10 18
8 55	9 30	Allegan.	8 55	9 30

FRED. H. MAY, Manager.  
E. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.  
Close connections made at Allegan with G. R. &  
I. R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalama-  
zoo, Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, &c., &c.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.  
MCBRIDE, P. B., Attorney and Counselor at  
Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11  
River street.  
TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting  
Agent, Office in Kenyon & Van Putten's bank  
Eight street.

### Banking and Exchange.

VAN PUTTEN JACOB, Banking and Col-  
lecting, Drafts bought and sold; Eighth  
street.

### Barbers.

DE GROOT, L. barber. Hair cutting, shaving,  
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at re-  
asonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City  
Hotel.

### Boots and Shoes.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.,  
Eighth street.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and  
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-  
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick  
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

### Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and of-  
fice on Eighth street, opposite Van Rant's  
Shoe store.

FURGUSON, B. R. Dental Surgeon. Performs  
all operations appertaining to Dentistry in  
the best style of the art. Office, over B. P. Higgins'  
Art Gallery.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-  
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-  
fumery. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth st.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a  
full stock of goods appertaining to the busi-  
ness.

### Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,  
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office  
and barn on Market street. Everything first-  
class.  
NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;  
Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th  
street, near Market.

### Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DIJKEMA J. & C. Wagon and Blacksmith  
Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repair-  
ing done. Eighth Street a few doors west of River.

### Meat Markets.

BUTKAU & VAN ZORREN, New Meat Mar-  
ket, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All  
kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Mowing Machines. cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors  
of Plumber Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

VERBEEK, H. W., & CO., Proprietors of the  
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-  
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

### Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer,  
and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug  
Store, 8th street.

### Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite  
S. W. cor. Public Square.

BEST, R. B. & L. E., Surgeons and Physicians.  
Office at their residence, Overysel, Mich.

LEDEBOER, B. Physician and Surgeon; Office  
corner Eleventh and River street opposite  
public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon;  
office at residence, on Eighth street, near Chl.  
& M. L. S. R. crossing.

MC CULLOCH THOS., Physician and Surgeon,  
having permanently located in Holland, can  
be found at Wm. Van Putten's Drug Store. Calls  
made in city and country day or night. Acute  
and Chronic diseases successfully treated. Con-  
sultation free.

MORRIS, S. L., Physician and Surgeon. Office,  
Mat. res. once, on Twelfth st., and at H. Walsh's  
Drug Store.

SCHOUTEN, R. A. City Physician. Office at D.  
R. Meenge's Drug Store, 8th Street.

### Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-  
lery opposite this office.

### Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;  
Eighth street.

### Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

### Watches and Jewelry.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers,  
and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Mar-  
ket and Eighth Street.

## Societies.

### U. S. of I.

HARMONY LODGE, No. 12, United Sons of  
Industry, meets at their Hall over, Kruisenga's  
Store, every Saturday evening.  
Visiting brothers cordially invited.

A. McDONALD, President.  
D. VAN BRUGGEN, R. S.

### I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order  
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd  
Fellow's Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening  
of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.  
W. BUTKAU, N. G.  
N. W. BACON, R. S.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE,  
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,  
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Oct.  
9, at 7 1/2 o'clock, sharp.

DAVID BERTSCH, W. M.  
O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

## Special Notices.

### NOTICE.

The undersigned, Dr. L. E. Best, having  
settled in the Holland colony, offers his  
services as a Physician, Surgeon and Ac-  
coucheur to the public at large, and  
whereas he pays particular attention to  
chronic diseases, and fine surgery, he has  
concluded to stop at the City Hotel, in the  
City of Holland, on Saturday of each week,  
where he can be consulted from 9 a. m.  
until 4 p. m.

L. E. BEST, M. D.  
OVERYSEL, Sept. 22, 1878.

N. K. FAIRBANK'S tin caddy Lard can  
be found at E. J. Harrington. This is the  
finest and best Lard for family use in the  
United States.

For a beautiful lot of Bleached and Un-  
bleached Sheetings, from 1 yard wide to  
2 1/2 yards, go to the cheap cash store of  
E. J. HARRINGTON.

Don't forget that we still have on hand  
a splendid Japan Tea at 40 cents, and that  
we sell salt as low as anyone.

P. A. STEKETEE.

## Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.	
Apples, bushel	\$ 15 @ 30
Beans, bushel	1 50 @ 20
Butter, lb	18 @ 18
Clover seed, lb	16 @ 16
Eggs, dozen	12 @ 12
Honey, lb	12 @ 12
Hay, ton	8 00 @ 12
Onions, bushel	35 @ 35
Potatoes, bushel	25 @ 25
Timothy Seed, bushel	1 25 @ 1 25
Wool, lb	2 50 @ 2 50
Wood, Staves, Etc.	
Cordwood, maple, dry	\$ 2 50 @ 2 50
" " green	2 00 @ 2 00
" " beech, dry	2 00 @ 2 00
" " green	1 75 @ 1 75
Hemlock Bark	4 00 @ 4 00
Staves, pork, white oak	10 00 @ 10 00
Staves, Tierce	12 00 @ 12 00
Heading bolts, soft wood	2 75 @ 2 75
Heading bolts, hardwood	3 25 @ 3 25
Stave bolts, softwood	3 00 @ 3 00
Stave bolts, hardwood	3 00 @ 3 00
Railroad ties, bushel	10 @ 10
Shingles, A & M	2 00 @ 2 00
Grain, Feed, Etc.	
Wheat, white, bushel	80 @ 82
Corn, shelled, bushel	40 @ 40
Oats, bushel	30 @ 30
Buckwheat, bushel	50 @ 50
Brass, ton	14 00 @ 14 00
Feed, ton	18 00 @ 18 00
Barley, 100 lb	1 20 @ 1 20
Widdling, 100 lb	85 @ 85
Flour, 100 lb	2 37 1/2 @ 2 37 1/2
Pearl Barley, 100 lb	3 00 @ 4 00
Meats, Etc.	
Beef, dressed per lb.	4 @ 5
Pork	4 @ 4 1/2
Lard	8 @ 10
Smoked Meat	10 @ 10
Ham	10 @ 10
" Shoulders	10 @ 10
Tallow, per lb.	6 @ 6
Turkeys	9 @ 10
Chickens, dressed per lb.	6 @ 7

## H. C. MATRAU,

FREIGHT AND TICKET AGENT.  
CHICAGO and MICHIGAN LAKE SHORE  
RAILROAD.

Sells Tickets to principal points in the United  
States and Canada. Through bills of Lading issued  
and rates given for freight, to all points east and  
west. Information as to routes and connections  
for travellers, and rates of freight for shippers,  
cheerfully furnished at the

Chicago Depot, Holland, Mich.  
7-1v

## Dr. King's California Golden Compound.

Is a strictly vegetable preparation and  
will positively cure Dyspepsia, Sick Head-  
ache, Acidity of Stomach, Coming up of  
Food, Pain in pit of Stomach, Low Spirits,  
Biliousness, Constipation, Jaundice, Liver  
Complaint, or any affection of the Stomach  
or Liver, in the shortest time possible.  
You are not asked to buy until you know  
what you're getting. Therefore, as you value  
your existence, do not fail to go to your  
Druggist, Heber Walsh and get a bottle  
free of charge, which will show what a  
regular one dollar size bottle will do. Ask  
for Dr. King's California Golden Compound,  
and take no other.

### Don't be Deceived.

Many persons say "I haven't got the  
Consumption" when asked to cure their  
Cough with Shiloh's Consumption Cure.  
Do they not know that Coughs lead to  
Consumption and a remedy that will cure  
Consumption will certainly and surely  
cure a cough or any lung or throat trouble.  
We know it will cure when all others fail  
and our faith in it is so positive that we  
will refund the price paid if you receive  
no benefit. Is not this a fair proposition.  
Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle.  
For lame Chest, Back or side, use Shiloh's  
Porous Plaster, Price 25 cts. For sale by  
D. R. Meenges, H. Walsh, Wm. Van Putten  
and J. O. Doesburg.

Why will you suffer with Dyspepsia and  
liver complaint, Constipation, and general  
debility when you can get at our store  
Shiloh's System Vitalizer which we sell  
on a positive guarantee to cure you.  
Price 10 cts. and 75 cts. For sale by D.  
R. Meenges, H. Walsh, Wm. Van Putten,  
and J. O. Doesburg.

"FACKMETACK" a popular and frag-  
rant perfume. Sold by D. R. Meenges,  
H. Walsh, Wm. Van Putten and J. O.  
Doesburg.

### An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American peo-  
ple are to-day dying from the effects of  
Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result  
of these diseases upon the masses of in-  
telligent and valuable people is most alarm-  
ing, making life actually a burden instead  
of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and  
usefulness as it ought to be. There is no  
good reason for this, if you will only  
throw aside prejudice and skepticism,  
take the advice of Druggists and your  
friends, and try one bottle of Green's  
August Flower. Your speedy relief is  
certain. Millions of bottles of this medi-  
cine have been given away to try its vir-  
tues, with satisfactory results in every  
case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10  
cents to try. Three doses will relieve the  
worst case. Positively sold by all Drug-  
gists on the Western Continent.

Why is it that we always find nice fresh  
Candies at "Case's"? Because he has large  
sales and takes small profits. Give him  
a call.  
32-1f

While coughs and colds are very pre-  
valent, we recommend a trial of Young's  
Cough and Lung Syrup.

## This space belongs to the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

### W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. hold weekly meetings  
on Wednesday afternoon, of each week at  
8:30 p. m., at Hope Church.

### TO MISS KATHARINE JAY.

(Reproduced from an Old Publication.)

An S A now I mean I write  
2 U sweet K T J,  
The girl without a I,  
The belle of U T K  
I I der if U got the 1  
I wrote 2 U B 4  
I sailed in the R K D A,  
And sent by L N Moore.  
My M T head will scarce contain  
I calm I D A bright  
But A T miles from U I must  
M— this chance I write.  
And I should N E N V U  
B E Z, mind I not;  
Should N E friendship show, be true,  
They should not B forgot  
But friends and foes alike D K  
As you may plainly C  
In every funeral R A  
On uncles L E G  
From virtue never D V 8  
Her influence B 9  
Alike induces 10 derness  
Or 40 tude divine  
And if you cannot cut a —  
Or cause an I  
I hope U'll put an end  
2 I ?  
R U for annexation 2  
My cousin's heart and 2  
He offers in a 7  
A 2 of land.  
He says he loves U 2 X S;  
U're virtuous and Y's;  
In X L N O U X L  
All others in his 1's,  
This S A until U I C  
I pray U 2 X Q's,  
And do not burn in F E G  
My young and wayward muse,  
Now fare U well, dear K T J  
I trust that U R true—  
When this U C then U can say  
An S A I O U.

### Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine for November.

There is no periodical which can justly  
claim to be edifying, entertaining and in-  
structive than this, as well as being the  
cheapest magazine in the world. The evi-  
dent aim of the editor, the Rev. Chas. F.  
Deems, is to afford complete satisfaction  
to all classes of readers; and for a recre-  
ation on the Sabbath, no publication has  
brighter, more varied, or wholesome ar-  
ticles. The opening article of the Novem-  
ber Number is a well-considered mem-  
orial of David Livingstone, the celebrated  
explorer of Africa; one of those great  
men who have been also Christians, and  
who, like Christ, died for men. The  
article is illustrated by admirable engrav-  
ings. There are the usual number of in-  
teresting serial and short stories—"Michael  
Aldree's Freehold" and "In Mischief  
Again" are continued; and a new story  
by Mrs. Barr, "Quahair's Two Fortunes,"  
will well repay perusal; as will likewise  
"Learning a Trade," which is a capital  
American story, commended especially to  
the attention of young men. "The Ship  
of the Desert" is an admirable article,  
with twenty cuts, illustrative of the habits  
and manners of the camel, "Francis  
Xavier, the Apostle of the Indies," and  
"St. Chrysostom," by Lacroix, will be read  
with profound interest. The poems are  
particularly noteworthy, and the editor's  
sermon and his Exegesis are even of more  
than usual excellence. These are a few of  
the prominent features of this number,  
which abounds with valuable articles, cal-  
culated to improve and elevate the mind;  
filling 128 quarto pages; and the engrav-  
ings number over 100! The price of a  
single copy is 25 cents, and the annual  
subscription \$3 postpaid. A specimen  
copy will be sent on receipt of 25 cents.  
Address, Frank Leslie's Publishing House,  
53, 55 & 57 Park Place, New York.

### Lippincott's Magazine.

Lippincott's Magazine for October is  
bright and entertaining as usual, while  
containing several contributions that merit  
particular notice. First in importance  
is Mr. George Kennan's paper on the  
"Unwritten Literature of the Caucasian  
Mountaineers," which exhibits a familiar  
personal knowledge of this most interest-  
ing people, and embodies some of the  
most striking stories and proverbs to be  
found in the folk lore of any nation or  
race. The "General Exhibits" at the  
Paris Exposition are well described by  
Edward H. Knight, one of our Commis-  
sioners, with appropriate illustrations.  
Miss Kate Sanborn gives a very lively  
account of Lady Morgan, one of the most

prominent figures in English literature  
and society during the first half of the  
present century. A sketch from life, en-  
titled "Communists and Capitalist," by  
Octave Thanet, paints vividly some of the  
tragic scenes of the great strike of last  
year, with an undercurrent of suggestiveness  
that deserves attention. "Of Barbara  
Hicks" is the title of a very quaint and  
pleasing love story, in which Quaker  
life and manners are delineated with great  
fidelity and a delicate humor. An illus-  
trated paper on Warwick and Coventry,  
by Lady Blanche Murphy, describes some  
of the social aspects as well as the archi-  
tectural characteristics of those famous  
old towns.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, City of Holland, }  
October 2, 1878.

MR. EDITOR:—Permit me through the  
columns of your paper to publish the fol-  
lowing statement of the amount of aid for  
Yellow Fever sufferers, passed through  
my hands, and the disposition made  
thereof:

True Reformed Church, City	\$ 41.76
M. E.	10.00
Second Ref. (Hope)	37.40
Third Reformed	32.00
" " Sabbath School	22.23
True Reformed " of Graafschap	46.17
By hands of Rev. R. Pieters	2.15
Sub-list at H. Walsh	8.00
" " City Mills	1.00
" " L. Spritema & Son	25
	\$221.56
Less exchange, etc.	38
	\$221.58

Since the above was forwarded, I have  
received from the Reformed Church and  
Sabbath School, of Vriesland, the follow-  
ing amounts, which have also been for-  
warded this day, to the Howard Associa-  
tion at Memphis, Tenn.:

Church collection \$ 57.26  
Sabbath School " 28.32

K. SCHADDELER, Mayor.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Memphis, Tenn. )  
September 25th, 1878.

To the Churches of Holland and others:

We return you our heartfelt thanks for  
your sympathy in this our hour of afflic-  
tion, and pray that God may bless you for  
it. We endorse herewith receipt for your  
donation, \$221.58, received through K.  
Schaddelee, which is hereby acknowl-  
edged.

Very respectfully yours,

J. H. SMITH, Secretary.

[These figures do not include the money  
raised by the First Reformed Church, the  
Episcopal Church, the Free Masons, and  
the Odd Fellows, amounting to about  
\$180.—Ed.]

AN Apache climbed into a corral in  
Utah, which 400 cattle were kept, and hid  
until the gate was opened in the morning  
to let the herd out. Then he sprang on  
the nearest horse, waved his red blanket,  
and yelled like a demon. In an instant  
every beast made a rush, and the stampede  
was begun. The horse, frightened darted  
into the midst of the flying cattle. As in  
a frenzy they went through the gateway,  
the Apache clasped his arms around the  
horse's neck, and throwing his body on  
one side of the maddened brute, disap-  
peared from view. A thousand men in  
column could not stop that rush of the  
crazed herd. Two bands of Apaches,  
darting out from opposite sides of the val-  
ley, closed up from behind the herd, and  
drove them away.

A LETTER from Mr. Charles G. Atkins,  
the assistant fish commissioner of the  
United States, is likely to give the finish-  
ing touch to Seth Green's notion that eels  
are hybrids and do not propagate their  
species. Mr. Atkins tells how he found  
in Maine a great many eels that were full  
of spawn. The eggs are so many in num-  
ber and so minute that they are taken for



# Holland City News

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

JAMES A. HAMILTON, son of Alexander Hamilton, has just died in New York city, aged 91 years.

The steamer Adelphi, running between New York and Norwich, Ct., exploded one of her boilers, a few days ago, just after leaving the latter port. There were 200 people on board, 12 of whom were killed, and 20 more or less seriously wounded. The boiler, although it had recently received a steamboat inspector's approval, was found, upon examination, to be a rotten affair. While a funeral cortege was crossing the track of the Long Island railroad, in Brooklyn, N. Y., the other day, a carriage in the procession was struck by a locomotive and completely demolished. Two women and three children were in the carriage. One of the former, one of the latter, and the driver of the vehicle were killed, and the other occupants were dangerously injured. The officers of the train have been arrested.

CASHIER CALDER, of the Grocers' and Producers' Bank of Providence, R. I., kindly permitted some of his friends to overdraw funds, until one-third of the institution's capital was lost. Result—doors of the bank closed, and Cashier Calder in jail.

### THE WEST.

GEN. SHERIDAN has sent word to Col. Miles that Sitting Bull and the other Sioux Indians in the British possessions will be permitted to return to the American side upon the same terms extended to all other fugitive redskins, viz.: unconditional surrender. This was in reply to a telegram from Miles conveying the information that Indian emissaries had arrived at Fort Keogh who represented that the Northern reds were Sioux-ing for peace and easy capitulation.

The regular weekly robbery of the "coach from Deadwood" occurred, the other day, at Canon Springs, forty-five miles south of the Black Hills metropolis. Two messengers, Capt. Smith and Gale Hill, were seriously wounded, and one passenger, H. O. Campbell, a telegraph operator, killed. The treasure taken amounted to between \$25,000 and \$30,000. Chicago has raised between \$90,000 and \$100,000 for the benefit of the plague-stricken communities of the South.

The troops recently sent in pursuit of the Cheyenne Indians who escaped from the Fort Reno reservation, in the Indian Territory, have had an engagement with them, and, although they whipped the savages and routed them, lost a brave and gallant officer, Lieut. Col. William H. Lewis, of the Nineteenth Infantry. The scene of the engagement was near the Kansas Pacific railroad, on the Southern border of Kansas.

The police of Akron, Ohio, attempted to arrest a tramp on the outskirts of the city. They were met by about thirty well-armed tramps, who drove them back into the city at the point of revolvers. The military was called out to assist the police. They arrested about eighteen of the tramps. Several shots were fired, but without any known effect.

### THE SOUTH.

The present business outlook in the South and Southwest is anything but encouraging. What with the yellow-fever epidemic, the utter stagnation of trade, and the gloomy prospects of the growing cotton, it is said the people in that section are sorely depressed, and look forward to a winter of unusually hard times.

THE deaths from yellow fever in Memphis, Sept. 25, numbered 45; in New Orleans 36, and in Vicksburg 9. The Howard Association of New Orleans and Memphis have notified the country at large that they are in possession of funds believed to be sufficient for all demands upon their resources, present and prospective. Holly Springs reports the situation there as "fearful; fully 500 down with the fever." At Mississippi City thirteen cases of fever have broken out at one hotel. Canton, Miss., reports (Sept. 26) no abatement of the fever. At Baton Rouge and other interior towns of Louisiana the epidemic was as virulent as ever.

VICKSBURG announces the death of William Rockwood, President of the Howard Association. He was a leading citizen, President of the Young Men's Christian Association, an untiring worker, and beloved by the entire community. The whole city turned out at his funeral.

DEATHS from yellow fever in New Orleans on Sept. 27, 51; at Memphis, 28; at Vicksburg, 13; at Holly Springs, 11. The general tenor of the reports from all these points was that the worst had been reached, and that there would henceforth be a decline of the epidemic. In most of the interior towns there was a decline in the mortality, as well as in the number of new cases. The steamer Kate Dickinson, which was sent with provisions, doctors and nurses to the isolated town of Greenville, on the Mississippi river, returned to Vicksburg, a few days ago, with a horrible story of suffering and destitution. Out of a population of 400 people 219 have died, leaving only fifteen persons in the place who have escaped the fever. One family, of eleven persons and three nurses who were in attendance upon them, all died within a few days of each other. The deaths occurred so rapidly that it was impossible to bury the bodies properly, and they had to be covered with earth in shallow holes. To prevent the citizens of the town from seeking safety in flight, the people in the country blockaded the roads and destroyed the bridges over the streams.

THERE were 28 deaths from yellow fever at Memphis on the 30th ult.; at New Orleans the deaths numbered 35; at Vicksburg, 7. The Howard steamer Kate Dickinson, sent out from Vicksburg to relieve the sufferers along the river, reports a great deal of sickness all the way from Vicksburg to Greenville, at which place there were but about one dozen well people to be found. A Baton Rouge (La.) dispatch of the 30th ult. reports the fever extremely virulent there; 125 new cases and 6 deaths occurred the previous twenty-four hours. There was some abatement of the pestilence at nearly all the towns in the interior of the fever-infected region.

### GENERAL.

THE annual meeting of the North Pacific Railroad Company stockholders has just been held in New York. The gross earnings of the year were \$1,193,381; expenses, \$631,302; leaving a net balance of \$562,079, or net increase of \$109,381 over last year. The operations of the land department have been active, nearly three-quarters of a million of acres being disposed of.

THOMAS HARLAND, of New York, the attorney for Samuel J. Tilden at the time the books of the New York Iron Mine Company

were seized and carried off, at Marquette, Mich., was arrested at Detroit the other day, upon a warrant issued upon the affidavit of the United States District Attorney. Harland denies all knowledge of the alleged robbery. It appears that the parties who seized and spirited away the books had a writ of replevin, but didn't take time to read, or even exhibit, the paper. The District Attorney affirms that the books showed that Mr. Tilden's net profits from the mine amounted, from 1864 to 1871, to over \$1,000,000.

THE United States steamer Enterprise, commanded by Capt. Selridge, has arrived at New York after an absence of five months, that time having been devoted to the exploration of the river Amazon and its principal tributaries. The exploration is reported to have been completely successful, and will doubtless give to the commercial world a vast amount of valuable information concerning the resources and wants of the valley of that greatest of rivers. Capt. Selridge says the volume of the Amazon's discharge is 7,000,000 cubic feet a second, and that if the flood of our great Mississippi were added to its volume the surface of that majestic stream would not be perceptibly raised. There was a heavy snowstorm at Ottawa, Canada, on the 27th of September.

CONDON and Melody, the Fenians released from prison in England on the condition that they should leave that country, have arrived in New York, where they were cordially received by the members of the Fenian Brotherhood.

A LIBERAL gift from a wealthy lady in New York has enabled the Secretary of the Treasury to constitute a commission of eminent medical men, who will proceed to the yellow-fever region of the South and investigate the causes and progress of the prevailing epidemic.

The contest between the six clubs composing the "League" for the base-ball championship of the United States has ended in the success of the Boston Club, which, with the exception of one year, has held the championship uninterrupted since 1871. The following table shows the result of the season's play between the respective clubs:

Clubs.	Games Won.	Games Lost.
Boston.....	41	19
Cincinnati.....	37	23
Providence.....	33	27
Chicago.....	30	30
Indianapolis.....	24	36
Milwaukee.....	15	45
Totals.....	180	180

### WASHINGTON.

It is announced from Washington that the Mexican Government has made a demand upon the United States for the withdrawal of the order given to Gen. Ord authorizing him to cross the border and inflict punishment upon raiders on Mexican soil; and that our Government has replied that the United States has trusted Mexico many times when that Government was able to maintain peace upon the border; that peace was not established, and that no effort was made to establish it; and, finally, that the United States is weary of this business, and will not recall the order to Gen. Ord. Spear, Commissioner of Patents has tendered his resignation, to take effect Nov. 1. He will be succeeded by Halbert E. Paine, of Wisconsin, former Congressman.

A CURIOS offer has been made by Gov. Hampton, of South Carolina, to the Revenue Bureau in Washington. It was that the State authorities would undertake the collection of the internal revenue in that State, in order to avoid the great difficulties experienced by the Federal officers in the performance of that duty. Commissioner Baum declines the proposition. Senor Zamacoa, the Mexican Minister, says the purpose of the Mexican Government in sending 5,000 troops to the frontier was to suppress raiding, and aid the United States troops in putting down lawlessness.

THE Chinese Minister was formally received by the President the other day. The ceremony was private, there being no deviation from the usages as to other foreign representatives.

THE Attorney General of the United States has decided that the subsidiary coins are not legal tender as payment of any part of any debt exceeding in amount \$5, either as between individuals or in the payment of duties on imports. Following is a statement of the United States currency outstanding on the 1st inst.:

Of demand notes.....	62,080
Legal-tender notes of all issues.....	346,081,016
One-year notes of 1863.....	51,135
Two-year notes of 1863.....	14,750
Two-year coupon notes of 1863.....	23,800
Compound-interest notes.....	272,010
Fractional currency of all issues.....	16,877,429
Total.....	\$363,402,230

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue has information of a movement against the illicit distillers in Western North Carolina and along the South Carolina line. The raid was very successful. The raiding party were fired on at different points, but none were wounded.

### POLITICAL.

THE Democratic State Convention of Massachusetts—or at least that portion which succeeded from the Worcester assembly that nominated Gen. Butler—re-assembled in Faneuil Hall, Boston, last week, and nominated the following ticket: Governor, J. G. Abbott; Lieutenant Governor, William R. Plunkett; Secretary of State, Henry C. Dewing; Treasurer and Receiver, Gen. David N. Skilling; Auditor, John E. Fitzgerald; Attorney General, Richard Olney.

CARTER H. HARRISON has been defeated for a renomination in Chicago, Miles Kehoe, a local politician and a leader of the Irish, having been selected by the Democratic convention as his successor.

THE Democrats of New York held their State Convention at Syracuse Sept. 25 and 26. Erastus Brooks, of New York city, presided. G. B. Bradley was nominated for Judge of the Court of Appeals. The platform declares that "gold and silver coin and a paper convertible into coin at the will of the holder should be the only currency of the country, and steady steps be taken toward specie payments and the honest payment of the public debt," denounces the seating of Hayes as an "infamous fraud," and declares that "it is the stern resolve of the American people that such a fraud has been perpetrated for the last time."

THE New York Republican State Convention was held at Saratoga last week. Roscoe Conkling was chosen to preside. George William Curtis sat on the platform and heartily applauded his utterances in the convention. Hon. George F. Danforth, of Rochester, was nominated for Judge of the Court of Appeals, and A. B. Cornell was reappointed Chairman of the State Committee. The platform declares in favor of hard money and the early resumption of specie payments, demands "free and unimpaired elections in the South as in the North," and declares that the "Electoral Commission was a wise and honorable mode of settling a dangerous dispute."

THE Democrats of Nebraska met in State Convention at Omaha, last week, and nominated the following ticket: For Supreme Judge, John D. Howe; for Congress, short term, Alex. C. Bear; for Congress, long term, J. W. Davis; for Governor, J. R. Webster; for Lieutenant Governor, F. J. Mead; for Secretary of State, Benjamin Parmington; for Auditor, E. H. Benton; for Treasurer, F. H. Cummings; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L.

Barrett; for Attorney General, S. H. Calhoun; for Superintendent of Lands and Buildings, James McCready. Howe, Davis and Calhoun had been previously nominated by the Greenbackers.

THE Democrats and Greenbackers of Iowa have joined hands, and agreed upon the following fusion ticket: Secretary of State, E. M. Farnsworth, Greenbacker; Auditor, Joseph Eibbeck, Democrat; Treasurer, M. L. Devin, Greenbacker; Register of Land Office, Mr. Farington, Greenbacker; Supreme Judge, J. C. Knapp, Democrat; Attorney General, John Gibbons, Democrat; Supreme Clerk, Alex. Haney, Greenbacker; Supreme Court Reporter, John B. Elliott, Democrat.

### FOREIGN.

THREE cases of blasting powder recently exploded in the St. Gotthard tunnel, killing ten workmen, and mutilating many more. It is reported that 100,000 Armenians have risen in arms, and are ready to fight for autonomy.

It looks as if war between England and Afghanistan was among the probabilities, if not an actual certainty. The cause of the trouble seems to be about this: The Ameer of Cabul, the capital city of Afghanistan, refused permission to a British commission to enter Afghanistan from India, for purposes of observation and treaty. England and Russia are rivals for the future possession of that important portion of Asiatic India, and the Ameer appears to be favorable to Russia. England is in high dudgeon at the snubbing of the mighty Ameer, and has about resolved upon sending a force of red-coats for the invasion of Afghanistan.

THE Golos, of St. Petersburg, reports that Lord Salisbury has asked what is the object of the Russian mission to the Ameer of Cabul, and what position Russia intends to assume regarding Afghanistan. It thinks Russia will reply that she does not feel bound to explain the object of the mission, and that in the event of a war between England and Afghanistan she will observe the same degree of neutrality that was observed by England during the late war between Russia and Turkey. Dr. Petermann, the well-known German geographer, died in London last week, from a stroke of apoplexy. The Bosnian insurrection is scotched, not killed. Vienna dispatches admit that organized bodies of insurgents are retiring toward Novi-Bazar, in the southern part of the province, from which they may undertake a winter campaign. They are well supplied with artillery.

A TERRIBLE famine prevails in Morocco, and thousands of people are dying of starvation. The Russians are making a general northward movement from the neighborhood of Constantinople. As fast as the Russian troops retire the Turks advance, the lines being kept fifteen miles apart, and the intervening space is patrolled by cavalry for the purpose of repressing disorders. There was a serious disturbance lately among the Japanese Imperial Guard at Tokio, Japan. The officers of the artillery revolted, killed the officers of the guard, and marched toward the imperial palace, but were met by the infantry and police, and either killed or captured. The emeute resulted in the loss of about fifty lives.

CALCUTTA dispatches say that unless Shere Ali gives prompt satisfaction for his insulting refusal to receive the English embassy, the Indian Government will take the opportunity to seize all the passes piercing the mountain ranges that form the frontier of Hindostan. A Constantinople dispatch says the alarmingly rapid depreciation of paper money continues in Turkey, and causes the most serious apprehension.

It is announced from Vienna that the Hungarian Ministry has resigned, and that other ministerial complications are likely to follow. The hostility of the Magyars to the Bosnian occupation, and the difficulty of providing funds for the maintenance of the army, are, apparently, at the bottom of the ministerial embarrassments. As a means of relieving the pressure, Count Andrássy has suggested the withdrawal of most of the forces from Bosnia for the present. The Turkish Prime Minister, Safvet Pasha, has issued a circular complaining to the European powers of the belligerent policy pursued by the Greeks.

### It Was Muggins.

I witnessed a scene a few evenings ago which could be worked into a negro farce. A young man, well dressed and wearing a large diamond, was seated on a bench, his arm encircling the supple waist of a beautiful female. The pair conversed in whispers, and I took it for granted that they were lovers, perhaps engaged to be married.

While the pair were whispering some sweet nothings to each other, a couple of middle-aged gentlemen approached, talking together in this style:

No. 1—"You say you want a wife, Smith, old boy. I suppose it must be a young one." (Digs his companion in the ribs.)

No. 2 (who is a wealthy Boston pork-packer)—"Of course I do. I wish you had a daughter, Earl."

No. 1—"I have, old boy, and if you can win her she is yours, with my blessing. Evelyn seems to be in love with Percy Marchmont, son of a Fifth avenue banker, but I will cure her of that if you want her, Smith. Ah! there she is now (points to pair seated on a bench); as I live that rogue Marchmont is kissing her."

No. 2—"Marchmont. What do you mean?"

No. 1—"Why, this is Percy Marchmont, a very wealthy young gentleman, who is sitting beside Evelyn."

No. 2—(Shouts) "Muggins!"

The lover jumps to his feet, and upon seeing the pork-packer beats a retreat. As the young man sails away No. 2 says: "He is an employee of mine, John Muggins. He has charge of the pickled pigs' feet department." Lady faints. Tableau.—Saratoga letter.

THE editor of a religious paper in Iowa gives the following reasons for his love for the circus: "As we gaze at the lions, tigers and monkeys, and think that nature made all of them, we are not so sure. And when we look at the beautiful young lady, with nothing on but a blue ribbon round her waist, with one leg pointing to 6 o'clock, and the other to high noon, and think that nature made her, too, just as she was, except the ribbon, we begin to lean up to the circus. But, when the brass band begins to play and the elephants go round, we rush in for a front seat to get in ahead of the ministers, who always wear stove-pipe hats, and won't sit down in front."

### FEDERAL FINANCE.

#### Monthly Statement of the Public Debt.

The public-debt statement for Oct. 1 is as follows:

Six per cent. bonds.....	\$ 713,494,900
Five per cent. bonds.....	703,266,550
Four and a half per cent. bonds.....	230,000,000
Four per cent. bonds.....	151,500,000
Total coin bonds.....	\$1,818,261,350
Lawful-money debt.....	14,000,000
Matured debt.....	12,524,600
Legal tenders.....	\$ 346,748,096
Certificates of deposit.....	40,710,000
Fractional currency.....	16,297,429
Coin and silver certificates.....	34,674,670
Total without interest.....	\$ 438,425,145
Total debt.....	\$2,256,716,950
Total interest.....	28,039,380

Cash in treasury—coin.....	\$ 232,659,646
Cash in treasury—currency.....	1,973,538
Currency held for redemption of fractional currency.....	10,000,000
Special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit.....	40,710,000
Total in treasury.....	\$ 285,342,240

Debt less cash in treasury.....	\$2,025,908,455
Decrease during September.....	3,196,534
Decrease since June 30, 1878.....	9,878,345
Bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies, interest payable in lawful money.....	64,623,512
Principal outstanding.....	969,352
Interest accrued and not yet paid.....	68,893,039
Interest paid by the United States.....	10,379,181
Interest paid by transportation of mails, etc.....	30,555,858
Balance, interest paid by the United States.....	30,555,858

#### National-Bank Securities.

The Comptroller of the Currency has prepared the following table showing the kind and amount of United States bonds held on the 1st of October, 1878, to secure the redemption of the circulating notes of the national banks:

Authorizing Act.	Class of Bonds.	Rate of Interest.	Amount.
Feb. 8, 1861.....	1861s	6 per cent.	\$ 2,313,000
July 17 and Aug. 5, 1861.....	1861s	6 per cent.	84,623,512
March 3, 1863.....	1861s	6 per cent.	19,834,900
March 3, 1865.....	5-20s	6 per cent.	11,797,250
July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864.....	Pacific R. R.	6 per cent.	5,584,000
March 3, 1864.....	10-40s	5 per cent.	71,238,850
July 14, 70, and Jan. 30, '71.....	Funded 1861s	5 per cent.	125,278,750
July 14, 70, and Jan. 30, '71.....	Funded 1861s	4 1/2 per cent.	44,009,050
July 14, 70, and Jan. 30, '71.....	Consols 1867	4 per cent.	29,826,800
Total.....			\$349,560,050

All of these bonds are payable in coin by the terms of the acts under which they are issued, with the exception of \$54,312,300 of the 6 per cent. bonds. Of this latter amount, \$36,941,050 consist of 6s of 1881, which were issued prior to the passage of the Legal-Tender act, \$11,797,650 of 5-20s, which were issued under the act of March 3, 1865, which law does not specify the kind of money in which such bonds shall be paid, although interest is made payable in coin, and \$5,584,000 Pacific railroad currency 6s. On Oct. 1, 1870, the banks held \$342,833,850 6 per cent. bonds, and \$95,942,550 5 per cent. bonds. During the last three years there has been a decrease of \$54,356,012 in 6 per cent. bonds, and of \$42,528,600 in 5 per cent. bonds, while in the same period \$49,069,050 of 4 1/2s and within the last eighteen months \$29,826,800 of 4 per cents. have been deposited.

#### Comparative Treasury Statement.

The following is the comparison of the condition of the treasury Oct. 1, 1877, and Oct. 1, 1878:

	1877.	1878.
Balance.....	\$14,206,417	\$1,972,593
Special fund for the redemption of fractional currency.....	8,895,468	10,000,000
Special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit.....	43,110,000	40,710,000
Coin.....	119,152,043	232,659,646
Coin and silver certificates.....	37,997,560	34,674,670
Coin less coin and silver certificates.....	81,154,543	197,984,976
Outstanding called bonds.....	18,558,150	11,781,950
Other outstanding coin liabilities.....	9,240,247	9,864,280
Outstanding legal tenders.....	356,914,932	346,681,016
Outstanding fractional currency.....	18,786,642	16,297,429
Outstanding silver coin.....	35,591,276	39,438,251
Total debt less cash in treasury.....	2,061,587,254	2,025,908,455
Reduction of debt for September.....	3,882,524	3,196,534
Reduction of debt since July 1.....	8,570,968	9,878,345
Market value of gold.....	103.12	100.37
Imports twelve months ending Aug. 31.....	465,547,748	430,855,017
Exports twelve months ending Aug. 31.....	608,279,290	720,484,171

#### A Month's Minting.

The following is a statement of the coinage executed at the United States mints during September, 1878:

	Pieces.	Value.
Double eagles.....	248,600	\$1,972,000
Eagles.....	14,350	143,500
Half-eagles.....	81,700	408,500
Quarter-eagles.....	21,000	52,500
Total.....	365,650	\$5,576,500
Standard dollars.....	2,764,000	2,764,000
Total coinage.....	3,129,650	\$8,340,500

#### The Forgetfulness of Pain.

It is wonderfully easy to forget pain. We often thought there was a sort of witness to immortality in the strange fact that while emotion remembered is, to some extent, emotion experienced, sensation is never really remembered at all. Whatever belongs to the body seems to bear the stamp of mortality—it passes at once into the region of oblivion when we are delivered from its pressure. How different is the relation of memory to the maladies of the soul! Place the unkindness of long years ago side by side in your recollection of the toothache of last week, and you feel at once you are comparing a living thing and a dead thing. The unkindness, whether remembered by him who felt or inflicted it, is a living reality, potent to reopen and envenom the wound it had made. The toothache is gone, as if it had never been. To this fact, we are convinced, must be traced the common assumption that any degree of bodily suffering would be chosen rather than severe pain of mind. What people mean in saying this, no doubt, that

they would rather remember physical than mental pain, and, of course, a short experience of the pain which leaves no trace is to be preferred to an equally short experience of the pain which leaves a profound trace. But we are considering the case of one who knows that this fierce companion will not quit his side till the clay which gives it its power is laid in the grave, and no sufferer, we think, is to be set by his side. The deadliest mental anguish allows some respite, when the body claims its due; an undying grief does not prevent some faint gleams of pleasure when sleep comes on after fatigue or hunger and thirst are relieved. But there is no converse to the picture! An intermittent pain of body, when very severe, leaves room for nothing but itself.—Spectator.

#### One of the Seven Wonders.

Pharos is the ancient name of a small island off the coast of Egypt, less than a mile from the ancient Alexandria, connected with the mainland by a mole, and famous for its lighthouse, which was numbered among the seven wonders of the world, and gave the name of Pharos to all structures of a similar kind. This building was the frustrum of a square pyramid, surrounded by a large base, the precise dimensions of which are not known. It was commenced by the first Ptolemy, and was finished about 280 B. C. The style and workmanship are represented to have been superb, and the material was a white stone. The height was about 400 feet, and it is stated by Josephus that the light, which was always kept burning on its top at night, was visible about forty-one miles. It was, probably, destroyed by an earthquake, but the date of its destruction is not known. Enough is known, however, to make it certain that this tower existed for 1,600 years. To this day the French word for lighthouse is *phare*, and the Italian and Spanish *faró*. The island became, at length, a suburb of Alexandria by means of a street running along the mole, and retained some importance even till the time of Julius Caesar, but subsequently sank into its original condition of a fishing station.

#### How to Get Rid of Ants.

During a recent visit to Mr. Humann, in Ostheim, I had an opportunity of becoming acquainted with a very successful method of speedily getting rid of ants which are so troublesome in the apiary.

One takes small bottles, fills them half full of sirup or sweetened water, and puts them in the places where the ants have their passage-ways, in such a manner as the necks of the bottles lean against a wall or board, in order that the ants may easily fall into the trap and drown.

By means of camphor, ants can be driven from rooms where honey is stored.

In gardens, lime-dust operates very destructively upon them. Their hills, after being scatched open, are sprinkled with lime dust, and then hot water is poured on them.

To render jars of honey or preserved fruit inaccessible to these insects, place the jars in chests whose bottoms have been previously covered with ashes or pulverized chalk.—Elsaeische Bienenzeucher.

SENATOR GILES, of Virginia, and Judge Duval, of Maryland, boarded in Washington during Washington's administration at the house of a Mrs. Gibbon, whose daughters were talkative and were not young. Some years after they met at the capital, and, while chatting over old times, the Senator asked the Judge, then Comptroller of the Treasury, if he knew what had become of "that cackling old maid, Jenny Gibbon?" "She is Mrs. Duval, sir," was the reply.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.			
BEEVES.....	\$7 50	@ 25	25
HOGS.....	4 00	@ 40	40
COTTON.....	10 1/2	@ 11	11
FLOUR—Superfine.....	3 50	@ 3 85	85
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 00	@ 1 02	02
CORN—Western Mixed.....	47	@ 50	50
OATS—Mixed.....	25 1/2	@ 32 1/2	32 1/2
RYE—Western.....	69	@ 90	90
PORK—Mess.....	8 75	@ 8 85	85
LARD.....	6 1/2	@ 7	7
CHICAGO.			
BEEVER—Choice Graded Steers.....	5 00	@ 5 25	25
Cows and Heifers.....	2 00	@ 3 00	3 00
Medium to Fair.....	3 60	@ 4 00	4 00
HOGS.....	2 50	@ 3 85	85
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	4 75	@ 5 00	00
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	4 75	@ 5 00	00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	87	@ 88	88
No. 3 Spring.....	73	@ 75	75
CORN—No. 2.....	34	@ 35	35
OATS—No. 2.....	19	@ 20	20
RYE—No. 2.....	44	@ 45	45
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 10	@ 1 11	11
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	21	@ 26	26
Eggs—Fresh.....	16	@ 17	17
PORK—Mess.....	7 87 1/2	@ 8 10	10
LARD.....	6 1/2	@ 6	6
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 1.....	93	@ 1 06	06
No. 2.....	89	@ 90	90
CORN—No. 2.....	34	@ 35	35
OATS—No. 2.....	19	@ 20	20
RYE—No. 1.....	44	@ 45	45
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 08	@ 1 09	09
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall.....	87	@ 88	88
CORN—Mixed.....	33	@ 34	34
OATS—No. 2.....	20	@ 21	21
RYE.....	44	@ 45	45
PORK—Mess.....	8 60	@ 8 70	70
LARD.....	6	@ 6	6
CINCINNATI.			
WHEAT—Red.....	85	@ 92	92
CORN.....	40	@ 42	42
OATS.....	22	@ 26	26
RYE.....	53	@ 54	54
PORK—Mess.....	8 80	@ 8 70	70
LARD.....	6 1/2	@ 8	8
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	94	@ 95	95
No. 2 Red.....	92	@ 93	93
CORN.....	36	@ 39	39
OATS—No. 2.....	20	@ 21	21
DETROIT.			
FLOUR—White.....	4 60	@ 5 00	00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	97	@ 98	98
No. 1 Amber.....	93	@ 94	94
CORN—No. 1.....	43	@ 44	44
OATS—Mixed.....	23	@ 24	24
BARLEY (per cental).....	1 35	@ 2 50	50
PORK—Mess.....	9 75	@ 10 00	00
EAST LIBERTY, PA.			
CATTLE—Best.....	4 60	@ 5 12	12
Fair.....	4 35	@ 4 75	75
Common.....	3 50	@ 4 00	00
HOGS.....	4 40	@ 4 30	30
SHEEP.....	3 35	@ 4 35	35



**STANDARDIZATION OF THE TEST**

"Into all lives some rain must fall,"  
 Into all eyes some tears-drop art,  
 Whether they fall as a gentle shower  
 Or drop, like fire, from an aching heart.  
 Into all hearts some sorrow must creep,  
 Into all souls some doubtings come,  
 Lashing the waves of Life's great deep  
 From dimpling waters to seething foam.  
  
 Over all pathways some clouds must lower,  
 Under all feet some sharp thorns spring,  
 Tearing the flesh to bleeding wounds,  
 Or entering the heart with their bitter sting.  
 Upon all brows rough winds must blow,  
 Over all shoulders a cross must be laid,  
 Bowing the form, in its lofty height,  
 Down to the dust in bitter pain.  
  
 Into all hands is some duty thrust,  
 Unto all arms some burden given:  
 Crushing the heart with its dreary weight,  
 Or lifting the soul from earth to heaven.  
 Into all hearts and homes and lives  
 The rain must come as some streaming down,  
 Gilding the ruins of life's great pain—  
 Weaving for all a golden crown.

**SERMON BY REV. DAVID SWING, OF CHICAGO**  
 God so loved the world that He gave His Son.—  
*John iii. 16.*

flowers in the foreground awaken the beautiful, the crumbling house, or church appeals to our natural sadness, the vines on the wall recall us to hope; the immenseness of the scene proclaims God, the hunter or fisherman just visible proclaims man. Into this moral composition you may see the Greek and Roman carrying art and thought and language, and the Hebrews carrying the best truths of religion. The Hebrews followed faithfully their mission, and stood by the religious side of man until their seed-lessons bore the fruit of the Christian era. There were other streams meanwhile flowing down and emptying into a common deep, but, as in speaking in general terms of continents, we do not divide them into the

which began to turn the mind away from sensuality and toward such intellectual riches as law, philosophy, science, art, poetry, and ethics, must be declared one of the mighty works of "creation and providence." When by degrees the growth of liberty came inviting the common people up to higher seats, then, too, the Creator poured another element into the moral cosmos, and made it assume a new shape. The common man became ambitious, and energetic, and hopeful. It threw open the gates of property, of office, of profession, of every form of distinction, and filled with enthusiasm races which had once been slaves. In the modern great nations men of all forms of talent, physical, mechanical, mathematical, poetic, moral, philanthropic or inventive are invited and urged along their favorite path by the sense of perfect freedom. One long dreadful epoch persecuted Jews or burnt Catholics or Protestants, but now each class moves freely amid its ideas, and the once-despised

We have now marked the process by which one moral world is being formed. Borrowing our figure from the Bible, we see the successive days opening and closing, and in each evening the creation larger and better than in the morning hour. From the few large elements we may pass to a general law, and conclude that the minor events in history are all component parts in the vast life of to-day. Long after we have become unable to trace the result of a fact or a line of facts, it will remain true that that fact or line of facts is blended into the great whole, forming human nature. Our eyes are made to see the large, and then reason comes in to infer the small. Our senses do not measure the world; they only set going an induction. We perceive that the large animals eat and breathe and rest and die, and hence when animal organisms become too small for our sight, we cover them over with our induction, and by reason see them eat and breathe and rest and die. When the heavy quadruped runs over the Western plains the ground trembles; and when man walks his steps are often heard afar, in the still night. When the ear fails, induction becomes the soul's ear, and it tells us that when the butterfly's foot touches a flower leaf the air vibrates with the sudden contact. We must

So vast is the fact and future of the moral world that it is safe to say that the material world is only a great shadow of this moral beauty. The naturalists reverse the thought. They sometimes find the explanations of the universe to lie in material forms, and that man is only one of its many forms of dust. Man and rock and stream are all one. But I should prefer to assume the moral world as the explanation of all being, and to declare that the physical world is only the mirror in which the spirit turning around constantly, perceives itself. Thus on all sides the great mass of material things lies as a mirror or language of the rational soul. It is the reflected light of the spirit.

When we remember how God loved this world, and when we look into it and see what elements are blending together to form its powerful life, let us feel that it will sweep onward, and can, if we will permit it to do so, banish from our souls all chilling doubt, and fill us with its own imperishable power and hope. It will fill our bosoms with its own perpetuity, and make us feel that the death of man is only his removal to a place whence he can look down upon nations and ages in their grandeur, as now we measure a little space with our eye, and exult in the morning and evening of a fleeting day. Here we see the hours and days pass, and so few are they that we can count them, and soon they are all gone. The spiritual world is so immense, and its Creator so good and sublime, that death may not be an extinguishment of the soul, but a calling away to where the heart enters upon a new reckoning of time, and marks the great centuries pass by on earth with all their straggles and triumphs.

"city of the dead," for the purpose of paying the last sad tribute to their dearly-beloved companion. On arriving at the cemetery they found the Rev. Dr. White, of Calvary Church, who, with his aged wife and faithful colored servant, were the only mourners at the funeral of the minister's son, Eugene D. White, who had died the day previous. On learning that the remains of "poor Ned" were about to be consigned to the grave, Dr. White, who is also a Mason, asked the privilege of reading his burial service. The request was readily granted, and the reverend minister, in words most feelingly rendered amid tears and sobs that almost choked their utterance, eulogized the character of the deceased. As the sod was falling upon the coffin of the deceased, Dr. White was approached by a gentleman well known in this community, who asked him to read the service over his dead wife. He was the only mourner, and was heart-broken over his loss. The kind old man willingly consented, but first asked that he might consign to the grave his son. The mourners of E. Worsham acted as pall-bearers to Eugene D. White, and, with uncovered heads, listened with aching hearts to his father as he read the service over his dead son. This painful scene had hardly ended when Mr. Ed Beasley approached

### Court Scene at a Mining Camp.

The Court—"Yes; it is so ordered." As the nearest jail was sixty miles distant; as Caliph's judicial acquirements did not include a knowledge of how to draft a commitment, and, as the constable was himself "one of the boys" and perfectly understood the matter, these occasional interruptions of a trial amounted to no more than a temporary adjournment, during which the constable and the bar, and a few inside friends, had a convivial game of draw.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

was in the same prison—though in part now torn down—that the regicides had their trial.

They entered fictitious names; but the Judge next morning recognized them.

THE Commissioner will offer for sale at public auction, at the State Land Office at Lansing, on Nov. 14th next, a quantity of State lands aggregating 38,500 acres. These lands are nearly all abandoned homesteads. Many of the lots are now quite valuable. The minimum price is \$1.25 per acre. The sale of part-paid lands which have been forfeited for non-payment of interest will take place at the same time. The lands first mentioned are located by counties as follows:

Counties.	Acres.	Counties.	Acres.
Alcona	44.00	Mackinac	160.00
Allegan	40.00	Mason	898.37
Alpena	11,081.36	Mcosta	169.58
Bay	1,378.19	Menominee	861.90
Benzie	158.83	Midland	870.00
Charlevoix	91.53	Missaukee	32.00
Cheyboygan	1,303.98	Montcalm	38.41
Clare	523.45	Montmorency	1,640.00
Clinton	40.00	Muskegon	120.00
Crawford	40.00	Newaygo	49.00
Delta	550.04	Oakland	40.00
Emmet	75.10	Oceana	150.00
Eaton	95.59	Ogemaw	240.00
Gladwin	113.95	Oscoda	355.31
Gratiot	367.87	Otsego	80.00
Huron	2,696.28	Presque Isle	7,638.48
Ionia	40.00	Rochester	190.00
Iosco	1,344.53	Saginaw	300.00
Isabella	1,400.00	Sanilac	1,470.00
Kalamazoo	1,400.00	Shiawassee	120.00
Lapeer	40.00	Tuscola	328.58
Leelanaw	24.00	Van Buren	40.00

Aggregate appropriation for the support of the County Court,.....	Aggregate appropriation for the support of the County Court,.....	Aggregate appropriation for the support of the County Court,.....	Aggregate appropriation for the support of the County Court,.....
Total of Taxes.....	Total of Taxes.....	Total of Taxes.....	Total of Taxes.....
Aggregate of personal and real estate taxes as equalized by the State Board.....	Aggregate of personal and real estate taxes as equalized by the State Board.....	Aggregate of personal and real estate taxes as equalized by the State Board.....	Aggregate of personal and real estate taxes as equalized by the State Board.....
COUNTIES.	COUNTIES.	COUNTIES.	COUNTIES.

	1890	1900	1910
Alcona	1,560,000	2,638,88	2,638,88
Allegan	18,000,000	17,928,88	38,000,00
Alpena	3,500,000	2,039,88	2,039,88
Antrim	800,000	1,218,38	1,218,38
Baraga	900,000	1,078,51	1,078,51
Barry	10,000,000	13,481,45	13,627,64
Bay	7,000,000	9,497,07	9,497,07
Benzie	850,000	741,48	741,48
Berrien	16,000,000	21,938,06	23,917,00
Branch	1,550,000	32,959,54	32,959,54
Calhoun	24,000,000	32,365,45	33,138,95
Cass	15,000,000	30,222,17	30,222,17
Charlevoix	450,000	606,67	606,67
Cheboygan	1,200,000	1,617,77	1,617,77
Chippewa	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
Clare	1,000,000	1,348,14	1,248,15
Clinton	9,500,000	12,907,38	12,907,38
Crawford	(Attch'd)		
	(to Calhoun)		
Delta	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
Eaton	11,150,000	15,081,82	19,560,77
Emmett	300,000	404,44	404,44
Genesee	16,850,000	22,716,24	29,041,00
Gladwin	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
GrandTraverse	1,500,000	2,022,22	2,022,22
Grotriet	1,500,000	3,370,36	3,370,36
Hillsdale	2,000,000	30,506,09	37,006,28
Houghton	1,000,000	2,300,06	2,300,06
Huron	2,250,000	2,370,36	2,413,33
Ingham	13,000,000	17,555,00	41,028,95
Ionia	14,000,000	18,874,03	20,300,00
Iosco	1,000,000	1,348,14	1,348,14
Isabella	1,000,000	2,157,08	2,157,07
Isle Royal	100,000	134,82	134,82
Jackson	26,250,000	35,388,99	41,963,33
Kalamazoo	23,000,000	31,007,33	32,694,34
Kalamazoo	1,500,000	6,029,22	6,029,22
Leak	31,000,000	41,792,49	56,696,99
Leelanau	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
Leke	1,000,000	1,348,14	1,348,14
Lapeer	6,250,000	8,425,91	12,367,37
Leelanau	600,000	808,89	808,89
Leelanau	27,000,000	36,299,91	37,642,93
Livingston	14,000,000	18,874,03	24,749,00
MacCrimac	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
Macomb	14,650,000	19,941,44	19,008,00
Manistee	2,000,000	2,669,29	2,669,29
Mason	1,000,000	1,348,14	1,348,14
Manitou	2,000,000	3,392,55	5,392,55
Marquette	2,000,000	2,370,36	2,603,33
Mason	2,000,000	3,392,55	3,370,36
Menominee	1,500,000	2,022,22	2,022,22
Midland	1,500,000	2,022,22	2,022,22
Missaukee	1,025,000	1,381,55	1,381,55
Monroe	9,500,000	12,907,38	36,579,99
Montcalm	4,500,000	6,066,65	6,066,65
Montmorency	(Attch'd)		
	(Alpena)		
Muskegon	4,000,000	5,392,55	5,392,55
Newaygo	2,200,000	2,965,92	2,965,92
Oakland	20,250,000	25,388,50	35,819,00
Oceana	2,500,000	3,370,36	3,370,36
Ogemaw	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
Ontonagon	700,000	943,70	943,70
Oscoda	2,000,000	2,669,29	2,669,29
Oscoda	(Attch'd)		
	(Alcona)		
Oscoda	650,000	876,29	876,29
Ottawa	7,500,000	10,111,00	49,484,00
Presque Isle	750,000	1,011,11	1,011,11
Roscommon	750,000	1,011,11	1,129,11
Saginaw	16,000,000	21,570,32	59,303,00
Sanilac	3,000,000	4,111,11	4,111,11
Schoolcraft	800,000	1,078,52	1,078,51
Shiawassee	9,250,000	19,470,34	36,588,00
St. Clair	800,000	1,119,33	1,119,33
St. Joseph	18,000,000	24,300,21	27,500,00
Tuscola	4,000,000	5,392,55	5,392,55
Van Buren	11,000,000	14,859,50	



THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

Colorado, Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Ohio and West Virginia hold elections during the present month of October. Of these States Georgia, Indiana, Ohio and West Virginia are democratic; Iowa and Nebraska are republican, and Colorado is claimed by the republicans.

It is not too much to say that, except Georgia, Iowa and West Virginia, all the October States are this year doubtful. The republicans seem confident of carrying Ohio; they will of course, carry Iowa; and they have a reasonable chance of Indiana. But the result is uncertain everywhere, and is awaited by the politicians of all parties with the most lively interest, because there is a general and we believe a correct impression that the October elections will this year very largely influence the result of the November elections to follow. The puzzle of the political year is how strong the greenback vote will be, and how much it will draw away from each of the old parties. If the greenbackers poll the dissatisfied vote pretty generally they can hardly fail to carry a good many Congressional districts. But if they draw to themselves only or mainly the greenbackers proper they will poll but a small vote in the aggregate, and the principal effect of their movement will be to defeat here and there the calculations of the regular politicians and give democratic districts to republicans or republican districts to democrats. The result in Maine showed that there was there a widespread dissatisfaction with both parties. What politicians are now anxious to know is, whether this feeling extends to other States and is so general as to produce positive results.

PROPHECIES OF THE WEATHER AND OF THE GREENBACK VOTE.

People are always predicting what the season will be. We suppose they always have been. We do not refer to the predictions based on the weather signals, but to those resting on all sorts of ridiculous propositions.

It will be a cold winter, says one man, because the wild geese fly high. It will be a cold winter says another, because it was a hot summer. It will be a cold winter says a Pennsylvania Journal, because bears and squirrels are plentier than usual. That it will be a cold winter because fools are abundant we have not yet heard predicted, but if that is any sign we think it high time for things to begin to freeze up. The predictions about the weather are just about as much to be depended on as the prophecies of the greenback vote. It is a mystery which can only be solved by the election itself.

One argument which may go a great way to swell the greenback vote is that there is, just now, no other party in the field fit to vote for—and that, with gold at only one-quarter per cent. premium, greenbacks are a very good thing.

The *Allegan Journal* of last week, mentioned the sale of the Michigan Lake Shore Railway, under its mortgages and its purchase by the bondholders, and re-organization under the name and style of the Grand Haven Railroad Company, and the appointment of Col. F. H. May as manager thereof. The *Allegan Democrat* of this week mentions the following appointments by the new manager: "E. C. Leavenworth, general freight agent and master of transportation, Allegan; Hugo Haebringer, auditor, Allegan; A. D. Nelson, master of track and bridges, Allegan; Henry Bettinghouse, master mechanic, Muskegon. We understand that the same train men will be retained. We doubt if any railroad in the State has a more honest and capable employe than R. J. Hunt, the conductor of the mixed train. We have seen a good deal of him on his train and speak knowingly. Of Mr. Brown, conductor on the passenger train, we know less, but he seems to understand his duties and treats every one with the politeness of a gentleman. We hope to see this railroad grow under the faithful and able management of Col. May." We heartily concur in the laudations of the *Democrat* of the gentlemen appointed to do the work, and willingly add the missing link—that Mr. Brown, conductor on the passenger train, is well known here as an efficient and honest railroad employe, who has worked himself up from the bottom by characteristic fidelity to his employers interests, and an honest discharge of his duties. He is cool, quiet and industrious. We can say likewise of our popular station agent, Mr. Jas. E. Higgins.

It is said that Gen. Sherman has shown so much feeling on account of his son joining the Jesuits, and has reproached his wife and her Roman Catholic friends so bitterly for robbing him of his favorite son, that Mrs. Sherman has changed her plans and determined to live with her husband hereafter and give up her religious labors. She has rented her house in St. Louis, and upon the general's return will resume her residence in Washington. Mrs. Sherman, who has been very ill, is convalescent.

Additional Local

REMEMBER, if you owe us, that it takes money to buy paper.

A FINE new lot of the latest styles of Hats and Caps just received at the Cheap Cash store of

E. J. HARRINGTON

At the City Bakery you will find a full supply of Cakes, Cookies and Crackers, which are warranted to be fresh.

TRY Johnston's Sarsaparilla the best in the market.

A FRESH stock of Groceries is just received, and a better 40 cent Tea is offered than any 50 cent Tea in the city, at

D. BERTSCH.

The best 10 cts Cigar in the city as well as a straight 5 center is kept at Pensink's. They are "A No. 1."

A NICE lot of Carpets at from 20 to 75 cents per yard just received at

E. J. HARRINGTON.

A NEW assortment of Beavers and Chinchillas, for Ladies' Winter Cloaks, just received at

D. BERTSCH.

WURZBURG'S.

We have now received, and will have open for inspection on Monday, 700 PAIRS OF FULL-SIZED ALL WOOL WHITE BLANKETS, weighing 6½ lbs., at the extraordinary low price of

\$2.90 PER PAIR.

Ladies would do well to call and see our new stock before purchasing, as we have positively the cheapest stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever brought to this city.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Canal street, corner Bronson.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

A LARGE and handsome assortment of Germantown yarns for crocheted work and all kinds of fancy work, at

D. BERTSCH.

A LARGE new stock of Dry Goods, Hats and Caps, and the finest assortment of Notions ever brought to town, will be sold as cheap as at any other place in the city, at

D. BERTSCH.

A FINE assortment of ladies' hand baskets, and a splendid assortment of Balmoral Skirts, at

P. & A. STEKETEE.

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. 'Seal of North Carolina,' at the same price?"

45-ly

WURZBURG'S.

We have now opened the greatest bargain of the season, viz:

10,000 YARDS OF EXTRA WIDE AND FINE FOULARD CAMBRICS in the newest Fall designs, at the extraordinary low price of

SEVEN CENTS PER YARD.

These goods have never been sold for less than 12½c.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Canal St., cor. Bronson.

*Bucklin's Arnica Salve.*

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per box. For Sale by Heber Walsh, Holland, Michigan.

Best White Lime only \$1.00 per barrel at

E. J. HARRINGTON'S.

Our new Fall Stock is now open and complete in every department of Cloaks, Shawls, Dress Goods, Beavers, Felt Skirts and a large stock of Novelties too numerous to mention, all of which we offer at the very lowest possible market prices.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Corner Canal and Bronson street.

A FINE lot of Winter Shawls just received at

E. J. HARRINGTON.

Just received and placed on the shelves a stock of beautiful fall style of dress goods and an endless variety of prints and ginghams, at

P. & A. STEKETEE.

OUR new stock of dress goods is now open and comprises all the novelties of the season. The best line of dress goods in this city at 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c per yard. Great bargains in black and colored cashmeres, fine quality in all the newest fall shades, 70c per yard. The finest quality made 40 inches wide, 90c.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Corner Canal and Bronson St.

A FINE White Dress Shirt the best in the city for \$1.00 at the Cheap Cash Store of

E. J. HARRINGTON.

Just opened, a large line of Heavy Beaver Shawls, \$3.50; Extra Heavy, \$4.00; Superior Quality, \$6.00, worth \$8.00; also from auction 200 double faced Paisley Shawls at \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00. These shawls are worth 20 per cent. more to land.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Corner Canal and Bronson Sts.

EASTERN Salt at \$1.30 per barrel and at wholesale for \$1.25 per barrel at

E. J. HARRINGTON.

ELEGANT line of German linen towels, German linen table clothes, with napkins to match, German linen handkerchiefs, German linen damasks.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Canal and Bronson Streets.

The finest No. 1 Mackerel can be found at the cheap cash store of

E. J. HARRINGTON.

WURZBURG'S.

We have now open the most elegant line of BERLINMADE CLOAKS ever exhibited in that city, at prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$40.00.

We call special attention to the finish and perfect fitting of our cloaks.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Canal street, cor. Bronson.

We still keep on hand a stock of Live Geese Feathers, and have just received a large lot of Bleached and Unbleached cottons at

P. & A. STEKETEE.

New Advertisements.

Land for Sale!

I WILL sell 80 acres of unimproved land in the town of Heath, Allegan Co., Mich., one mile south-east from Hamilton. A portion of the soil is sandy, part clay, the balance a good hay marsh. All easily cleared. Enough pine and oak still on the land for building purposes. Well watered by a Spring Creek. Price, \$8 per acre. For further particulars call on or address

EDMUND SKINNER,  
Saugatuck, Allegan Co., Mich.

JUST RECEIVED

—AND—  
STILL COMING

An Immense Stock of

Fall and Winter GOODS, SUCH AS

Ladies' and Misses Winter Shawls, Gents' Winter Clothing, Gents' and Boys' entire Suits, including a fine lot of Overcoats, for Men and Boys, Pants and Mittens;

ALSO,

A full line of Boots and Shoes for Men and Boys, Rubber Boots, Warm-lined Boots, Etc., Etc.

Call and examine stock and prices.

A SUPERB ARTICLE OF

English Breakfast TEA

And a splendid variety of other Teas.

Sheetings, Muslins, etc.,

A large lot of new Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings from 1 yard wide to 2½ yards wide.

Ladies hose in endless variety, cheaper than ever. Call and See.

N. K. Fairbank's Tin Caddy Lard, the best in the country. Also, No. 1 Mackerel, for sale cheap.

Call at the Cheap Cash Store of

E. J. Harrington.

Holland Marble Works.

CORNER FISH & SEVENTH STREETS.

(Near the Allegan Depot.)

H. R. LUCE,

Manufacturer of

TABLETS, HEADSTONES MONUMENTS

And all kinds of

CEMETERY WORK

—IN STONE.

I keep constantly on hand the best kind of stock, and also a nice variety of designs. Lettering done in the English, Holland and German languages, as desired.

All Work Warranted and Prices Low.

Give me a call before you order, and patronize your home industry.

HOLLAND, Mich., October 4, 1877.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of De Pree, Schram & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, M. Schram retiring. The business will be continued by the remaining members under the firm name of De Pree, Van Bree & Westhoek with whom all accounts in favor of and against said late firm will be settled.

Dated ZEELEND, Ottawa Co., Mich., Sept. 24th, A. D. 1878.

J. P. DE PREE,  
M. SCHRAM,  
F. VAN BREE,  
W. WESTHOEK.

33-2w

BOOTS & SHOES.

A complete stock of Boots and Shoes

for Ladies' and Gentlemen. Also,

Rubbers, Slippers

Ladies' walking shoes, etc., at a bargain at the

Cheap Cash Store of

E. J. HARRINGTON.

GROCERIES.

A complete stock of Groceries constant on hand. Our stock of sugars cannot be beat.

New Orleans, Sugar..... 8c.  
Extra C..... 9c.  
A..... 10c.  
Granulated..... 11c.

We have a fine lot of coffees and spices, and we have among our large variety of Teas, one that we offer for 50c per pound that cannot be surpassed. Try it. Also, a full assortment of canned fruit including Corn and Tomatoes, etc.,

Hay, Corn, Oats, Butter and Eggs, will be taken in Exchange for goods, at the highest Market Price, at the

Cheap Cash Store of

E. J. Harrington.

Fine Building Site For Sale.

THE East 45 feet of Lot 5 in Block 36. Situated between J. O. Doesburg's Drug Store, and P. & A. Steketee's General Store, on Eighth street. Inquire of

SWEET'S HOTEL

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

T. H. LYON, - - - Proprietor.

Special Announcement.

The undersigned desires to announce to the public in general, that he is now the sole proprietor of this well-known and popular hotel, and that he will hereafter give his personal attention to the management of the house and the wants of his guests. The house has been refitted and refurnished, and now offers the best of accommodations to the traveling public. It contains 130 handsome and commodious rooms, fifty of which can be had with board at \$2.00 per day, and the remainder at the usual price. Having conducted the hotel business in Grand Rapids for the past sixteen years, and thankful for former patronage, the proprietor hopes for a continuance of the same. The rooms of Sweet's Hotel are not excelled by any public house in the State, the tables are supplied with all the markets afford, and careful attention is given by all employees.

Hope to receive a liberal patronage from the traveling public, which will be duly appreciated by the proprietor.

T. H. LYON.

FOR SALE.

A 3 Acre Fruit Farm containing some 300 bearing grape vines, 100 Currant bushes; Strawberries; Pears, Apples, Quince, Chestnut, Mulberry, Apricot, Cherry and Peach trees in bearing. No money required down inquire of

J. VAN LANDEGEND.  
HOLLAND, Mich., January 1, 1878.

A NEW STORE!

H. W. VERBEEK & CO.

Have re-opened their extensive Furniture business, closed by the big fire of 1871, on the corner of

Ninth & River Streets.

In opening this store we open the finest and largest Furniture store in Ottawa Co., and respectfully invite our old customers to come and examine our stock of goods, consisting of the finest and best kinds of furniture to the cheapest, including all the latest styles, such as East Lake, Queen Anne, etc., which we offer at

Very Low Prices.

Having bought everything new we can sell lower with a small profit, than old stock can be sold "at cost."

A complete stock; come and see for yourself.

Remaining Proprietors of the

PHENIX Planing Mill,

We are prepared to manufacture furniture to order and can afford to sell common ware very cheap.

We also keep ourselves prepared to do all kinds of Planing, Matching, Re-sawing, making of Doors, Sash and Blinds, etc.,

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 25, 1873.

**HUNT'S HAIR CROWDER.**  
15,000 Packages Sold!!  
10,000 young men wear heavy whiskers and moustaches who have used it. This preparation is the result of a great many years' experience by an expert hair dresser, has fully established its reputation of producing a moustache whicker or hair on a bald head in an incredibly short space of time. \$1.00 per pkg., post paid. Address—HUNT & CO., Hair Dressers, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

Farm for Sale.

I will sell eighty acres of splendid clay soil, six miles from this city. Near church and school house, at a bargain, 80 acres of this land is partially improved. Also 40 acres of unimproved land in the Township of Fillmore. Inquire of

M. D. HOWARD.


LAND WANTED.

IN Ottawa or Allegan Counties in exchange for real estate in the City of Holland.

31-1f

I have just received an immense stock of

**PARLOR STOVES.**  
**COOK STOVES.**



Of the latest styles and patterns, to which I invite the attention of the public. Prices are so low that a good stove is within the reach of all, and the late improvements on the

PARLOR STOVES

Will at once convince the purchaser of the useful improvements.

NAILS, GLASS AND CUTLERY

of the best kind constantly kept in stock, and sold very cheap.

Call and ascertain Prices.

No trouble to show goods, and we are determined not to be undersold.

J. VAN LANDEGEND.  
HOLLAND, Sept. 28, 1878.

A Beautiful Residence For Sale Cheap.

THE lot and residence belonging to Mr. H. Wijkhuizen, situated on the corner of Cedar and Ninth streets. For terms and particulars, apply to the proprietor

HOLLAND, Sept. 28, 1878.

H. WIJKHUYSEN.

Ever since the death of the popular Crosby the

Metropolitan Restaurant

—AND—

OYSTER HOUSE,

No. 12 and 14 Canal Street, Opposite Sweet's Hotel, has taken the lead as the POPULAR

Eating House

of the City of Grand Rapids.

Boney Carpenter, Prop'r.

The best Oysters and Finest Game always on hand.

Choice Cigars and Liquors.

Everybody treated with kindness and respect.

Call and see for yourself; one trial will convince you.

B. CARPENTER.

Grand Rapids.

Rendezvous--Halt!

The attention of the public at large is called to the fact that most all the old soldiers, tradesmen, citizens, and farmers, have from cus om made the restaurant of

WM. GELOCK,

No. 121 Monroe Street,

A regular rendezvous, on their arrival in the city and before their departure for home, on account of the close proximity to the Union depot. I shall hereforth make it a point to have accurate time for travelers to start by, and keep on hand a full line of

REFRESHMENTS

Lunch Counter,

Always ready for those in a hurry, and will keep on hand the best kind of Liquors and Cigars and the finest

Lager Beer.

Packages can be deposited, and information furnished to those in need of it, facilitating my customers in every possible manner.

DON'T FORGET the NUMBER,

No. 121 Monroe Street.

WM. GELOCK.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

A Rare Chance!!

A FIRST-CLASS SALOON, in Grand Rapids, perfect in all its appointments. Billiard Tables, Lunch Counter, Card Room, and fine furniture. Good reasons given for selling out.

Apply to  
S. S. CHIPMAN,  
Attorney at Law,  
Grand Rapids, Mich.



## Notings.

GOLD is quoted at 100%.

NEXT Wednesday, October 9th, Market day.

THERE are sixty greenback organs in Michigan now, and there will be several more before election.

MR. CHAS. WATKINS, night train dispatcher of Chi. & M. L. S. R. R. has gone to Ridgeway, Lenawee Co., Mich., on a vacation.

EX-ALDERMAN O. Breyman and family left on Wednesday evening for Milwaukee, where they hope to spend a few days vacation with their relatives.

It has been demonstrated several times recently that we need a public hall. Who will start a subscription for sufficient stock to erect or purchase a building?

WHILE Rev. P. Moerdyk, preached in the Second Reformed Church, on Sunday last, Rev. Philip Phelps, D. D. of this city filled the pulpit of Rev. Moerdyk, at Grand Rapids.

A CABLE dispatch from the Hague, says:—Intelligence has been received from Waldeck that the king of the Netherlands was betrothed to-day to the princess Emma of Waldeck Pyrmont.

Rev. C. Crispell, D. D. will exchange pulpits with Rev. J. W. Beardslee of Constantine, Mich., on Sunday next. Rev. Beardslee will preach in Hope Church, both morning and evening, and Rev. Dr. Crispell will preach at Constantine.

A MAN who gives his name as John Green was arrested on Thursday morning on a charge of stealing a cow from Mr. F. N. Lindsley, residing about three miles north of this city. Mr. Green waived examination and will be tried on Monday next.

THE improvements being made in the City Hotel, of which we spoke in a previous issue, are nearly completed. It contains now a very large and handsome sitting room for gentlemen on the first-floor, and has a large room in the rear of it for display of samples. It was a long needed improvement, and adds considerable to the attraction of the house.

THE Colorado election on Tuesday resulted in a complete victory for the republicans. Pitkin, the candidate of that party for governor, is elected, as is Judge Belford for Congress. The latter was ousted by the present democratic house on the ground that he was voted for at the special balloting on the constitution in 1876, instead of on the day fixed for congressional elections by the national law.

MR. Stephen A. Lowing, formerly prosecuting attorney of this county, has been nominated by the Greenbackers for State Senator. Mr. Geo. A. Farr, as we mentioned last week, has been nominated by the Republicans for the same office. Both are very good nominations; they are able attorneys and eloquent speakers, and we expect some lively encounters about the issues of the day between them, before the day of election dawns.

THE city authorities have commenced covering Eighth street with sifted gravel. The work is commenced at Fish street and is proceeding westward; but why they have concluded to fill up the holes with clay first, we cannot comprehend, whereas it has been sufficiently demonstrated in this city and neighboring towns that clay will always wash out from under the gravel and that gravel placed on sand will make a harder and better roadway than on clay.

THE new drug store of Schouten & Westveer was thrown open to the public on Tuesday evening last. Its appearance, although not large is neat and tidy. Mr. Henry Westveer, recently from Iowa, has for several years held the position as prescription clerk in the city of Chicago, and lately in Iowa, and by diligence and perseverance has saved enough money to start into business for himself and has associated himself for that purpose with Dr. B. A. Schouten, who is well known here. The doctor will make the new store his headquarters, and hopes to be enabled to serve his patients better than ever before. The store is located in the first ward, on Eighth street, next door to Mr. P. Kleis' meat market. Give them a call.

GEORGE'S Band returned on Saturday evening last marching from the depot to the beautiful strains of music, looking as gay and fresh as when they departed on the Tuesday before to attend the Allegan County Fair. The Allegan papers say that "the performances of the band were universally admired and that they bore themselves as gentlemen throughout." All the members of the band speak in the highest terms of the treatment they received at the hands of the "Fair authorities" and the citizens at large. It is noteworthy and historical that our citizens have always been very kindly treated by the people of Allegan, and the bond of friendship and good feeling between us seems to grow with succeeding years. Be it ever thus.

APPLES keep coming in at a tremendous rate.

"LADIES' hats will be felt" this season, says an exchange. So will the bills.

Snow to the depth of four inches fell in the Cottonwood canyons of Utah Territory on the 19th.

Work on our harbor is again progressing steadily, under the supervision of Mr. W. W. Burke, for the Government.

HON. O. M. Barnes, candidate for governor on the democratic ticket, will speak at Grand Haven on Monday, evening the 21st day of October.

MR. G. Koning, our enterprising fruit and produce dealer, showed us an Early Rose potato weighing 18 ounces, raised by one of our farmers. Who can beat this?

THE farmers have got nearly through putting in their winter wheat, and many report the new crop as looking well. The late rains have materially benefited the new sown crop.

THE Grand Rapids (Mich.) Business College, from which some of our most proficient accountants and business men graduate, is a most popular and useful institution.—Chicago Times.

OUR former banker, Mr. N. Kenyon and family, left on Wednesday last for Iowa, their new place of residence. Mr. Wm. H. Parks, of Marquette, attorney at law, will occupy Mr. Kenyon's residence and settle in our midst.

MR. E. J. Harrington has just returned from Chicago with an immense stock of fall and winter goods, containing many new designs and fashions, which he offers for sale very cheap. Call and examine the stock and judge for yourself.—See new advertisements.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 3rd, 1878: Mrs. Judith Kellogg, Hans Brunelson, B. M. Franklin, Capt. J. G. Olson, Edw. Wally, C. C. Nichols, Mrs. Bailey, Mrs. Catherine Sutfin.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

MR. Henry Bosch, of Vriesland, secretary of the Black River Valley Cheese Manufacturing Association, informed us that their cheese took the first premium at the Union Fair at Grand Rapids. This speaks well for a new enterprise, and reflects great credit on the management and the workmen.

LIEUT. C. Gardner of the 19th Infantry U. S. A. has been in a fight with the Indians who broke away from their reservation in Kansas recently, in which a large detachment of the 19th Infantry were engaged and lost their Lieut.-Col. and several privates. Lieut. Gardner was sent back with the remains of the Colonel and the other wounded men.

ON Tuesday evening last the citizens of this city were addressed on the political issue of the day by the Hon. John W. Stone, member of Congress from this district. The evening was rainy and stormy, the outdoor meeting had to be abandoned, and the people gathered in one of the rooms of the Union schoolhouse. About 150 people were present, we should judge, but undaunted by adversity of weather Judge Stone proceeded to reply to the charges made by Mr. Sam'l D. Clay, the previous week, in regard to the railroad land question. Mr. Stone, lawyerlike cleared his individual skirts in so far, that he was not the author of the bill in question, and that it was sent up under cover of certain resolutions passed by the Board of Supervisors of this County. He said he deemed it his duty to present it to Congress. In this, however, he is not sustained by the opinions of the actual settlers on those lands. But we think, he is correct, and hence the blame for that bill ought to rest in whole or in part with the Board of Supervisors. Mr. Stone gave a clear and lucid history of the case, and wound up by stating that the title ought to and still does rest in the State of Michigan, as was intimated in the joint resolution adopted at the last session of Congress. Thus our actual settlers will have to seek redress at Lansing and not at Washington. Judge Stone then launched out on the financial question, but we elicited nothing new, nothing that has not been said or written up dozens of times. We are with him against flat money—we cannot be Greenbacker in the Cary sense of the word; but we would like to hear these advocates of "honest money" and "honest payments of debts" propose some remedy for the poor man, who, having contracted a debt while greenbacks worth 30, 40, or 50 cents on the dollar in gold, whereby he can escape paying double the amount of actual contracted indebtedness; and we would also like to hear them propose some remedy whereby the soldiers—who offered his life to his country—would get the residue of the money due him, counting that he was obliged to take pay at \$13 per month in depreciated currency, and make it equal to gold—as well as the capitalist and the bondholder—who only offered his wealth to his country? Or is money superior to blood?

AT Bodie, in the State of Nevada, they have had three inches of snow.

DR. Carver recently killed sixty-three prairie chickens in Minnesota without missing one.

WE are told that Governor Crosswell and Zach Chandler will address the citizens of this city in the near future.

THE British Consul in Peking put the deaths from famine in China at 7,000,000. The province of Shansi alone lost 5,000,000.

S. F. WALKER, a son-in-law of J. B. Bailey of Allegan and formerly of this place, died of yellow fever at Memphis, Tenn., on Sunday. His wife is still living.

IT is urged in extenuation of the nomination of Secor Sobeson for Congress that by some strange obliquity the Convention got Congress and the penitentiary confused.

PROFESSOR Watson, who is employed by the University of Michigan to find planets for this State, has had his salary cut down, there being so little demand at present for planets.

THE Massachusetts Republican Convention's approval of the "motives" of Hayes' administration is like the recommendation given the deacon, that he was a sound theologian but a terrible sweaver.

THE yellow fever is abating in the large cities, but is spreading to the country towns of the south, and creating havoc wherever it goes. The contributions from all over the country foot up an immense figure. The authentic figures of this city can be found on the first page.

WE learn from Capt. M. De Boe that he has concluded to go stumpspeaking for the Republican party, and will start for Grand Rapids next week where he will make two speeches, from there he will go to Spring Lake and Grand Haven, but the days have not yet been appointed for the speeches.

A NOTABLE improvement in watches is reported from Chaux de Fonds, Switzerland. By a peculiar process the figures on the dial are rendered luminous, so that if exposed once during the day to the sunlight they remain phosphorescent and visible throughout the night. Preparations have been made for the production of these watches on a large scale.

FAILURES of Scotch banks are not of frequent occurrence, but when they do come they are apt to make up in dimensions for their rarity. The City of Glasgow bank, which shut up shop Wednesday, has liabilities estimated at \$50,000,000. Naturally, the collapse of an institution dealing in such enormous figures, has produced something like a panic throughout England and Scotland.

AN exchange says: "The Hollanders of Kalamazoo, who number 400 voters, claim to have been overlooked by the other parties in making their county nominations, have just put up a full ticket, legislative and county, every mother's son of whom is Dutch. This introduces a new element of discord into Kalamazoo politics. There are now all Republican, Democratic, National, two Prohibition, and one Dutch county tickets. Couldn't they get up a set of Woman Suffrage nominations?"

FRAUDS in the Russian commissariat appear to have been as common during the late war as similar offences were in the American military establishment while our patriots were engaged in suppressing the rebellion. An imperial commission, lately appointed to investigate the matter, has just reported charges against five hundred officers of the Russian army, forty of them being of the rank of colonel, for swindling and misappropriation of the funds designed for the maintenance of the army. The treatment of these offenders in Russia will probably be a trifle more severe than our method of dealing with public robbers. The chances are that the Czar will have his unfaithful officers shot or sent to Siberia. In this country we should give them lucrative civil offices, or, at the worst, send them to congress.

THE following are the arrivals and clearances up to Friday morning:

ARRIVED.	
Sept. 28—Schr. Mt. Desert, Manitowoc, 14 m	things.
" 28—"	Emma, Two Rivers, light.
" 30—"	Wollin, Racine, light.
Oct. 1—"	Hope, Ludington, 4 m shingles, 4 m
" 1—"	U. H. Joslin, Manistee, 30 bria. lime.
" 1—"	Tri-Color, Chicago, light.
" 1—"	Four Brothers, Chicago, light.
" 2—"	M. Moore, Racine, light.
" 2—"	Wm. Bates, Chicago, light.
CLEARED.	
Sept. 28—Schr. Mt. Desert, Charlevoix, 200 bu	apples, 40 bu onions, 30 bu peaches,
" 28—"	400 lbs grapes, 50 lbs honey 200
" 28—"	hds cabbage.
Sept. 28—"	Emma, Cheboygan, 100 bria apples,
" 28—"	25 bria grapes, 100 lbs honey.
" 30—"	Wollin, Chicago, 50 m lumber.
Oct. 1—"	Hope, Ludington, 1,100 lbs butter,
" 1—"	100 doz eggs, 300 bu apples, 5 bria
" 1—"	flour, 100 lbs honey, 1,100 lbs grapes
" 1—"	50 lbs cheese, 50 hds cabbage, 6 bria
" 1—"	cider.
" 1—"	U. H. Joslin, Manistee, 165 bu ap-
" 1—"	ples, 110 bria grapes, 55 lbs honey,
" 1—"	5 bria flour, 10 bu corn.
" 1—"	Tri-Color, Chicago, 875 bria headings
" 1—"	Four Brothers, Chicago, 1,800 ties,
" 3—"	400 lbs butter.
" 3—"	M. Moore, Racine, 300 bu apples, 25
" 3—"	bu potatoes, 9 bria apples, 100 bria
" 3—"	peaches.
" 3—"	Wm. Bates, Chicago, 40 m ft oak
" 3—"	lumber, 200 bu potatoes.

## Money! Money!!

Can be made by examining the large new stock of

## FURNITURE

Which I have purchased lower than ever will sell cheaper than ever before.

A FULL LINE OF CARPETS, FROM THE CHEAPEST TO THE BEST.

Come and see the goods and ascertain prices before you purchase.

Beautiful Live Geese Feathers, Cheap.

Wall Paper at Wholesale and Retail.

Bedroom Sets and Parlor Sets.

Coffins and Caskets always on hand.

Fair dealing can be relied on.

While I thank the public for their patronage of the past, I hope to merit and solicit a liberal share of it for the future.

N. B. Call and see a most beautiful variety of Camp Chairs, ornaments, picture frames, brackets etc., etc. S. REIDSEMA.

HOLLAND, May 15, 1878.

## A CHANGE!

Having purchased the hardware stock and business contained in the store formerly occupied by

MR. G. J. KROON,

I respectfully solicit the custom of every farmer and citizen who may feel inclined to deal with me. I shall keep on hand and will sell cheap

## FOR CASH

The best kinds of

Parlor and Cooking

STOVES,

Boots, Tinware, Nails, Glass,

CUTLERY, and everything else in our line.

Farming Implements as cheap

as anywhere.

Tinware repaired and made to Order.

Opposite the Post-Office.

WM. C. MELIS.

HOLLAND, August, 31, 1878. 29-2m

W. & H. ELFERDINK'S

BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM,

—AT—

NO. 22 RIVER STREET,

Holland, - - - Michigan

The above firm make a specialty of custom work. Guarantee satisfaction. Their prices are low enough to compete with any house in the city. They keep constantly on hand a choice variety of Ladies and Children shoes and gaiters.

Repairing neatly done and at Short Notice.

84-17 W. & H. ELFERDINK.

## A NEW STORE.

FRUIT! FRUIT!

I have opened a new business on the corner of Eighth and Market street, in the store formerly occupied by A. Fletstater, where I will buy all kinds of fruit, vegetables, and farming produce at regular market prices.

Cash Paid for Butter and Eggs.

I will keep on hand a full supply of Groceries and Provisions, which will be sold cheap for cash.

Give me a trial and sell and buy to your advantage.

G. A. KONING.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 23, 1878. 28-3m

Joslin & Breyman,

Block Jewels, Watches, Silverware

WATCHES

Watchmakers & Jewelers,

DEALERS IN

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry & Fancy Goods.

ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.

HOLLAND, March 24, 1878. 6-17.

## A Large and Fine NEW STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALL AND SEE US.

I am now selling the Howe Sewing Machine, and will henceforth keep it for sale at my store. Peddling machines with wagons has been abolished for the simple reason that the prices of machines are too low to admit of any expense in that way. Call in and get bargains.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1877.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE,

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes

Rubbers, Slippers, etc.

Of the neatest styles and best qualities which I offer cheaper than anybody else.

Makes Custom Work a

Specialty.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE.

## CROCKERY!

From and after this date, I

intend to devote to this line of

trade the necessary attention,

and will keep on hand a complete stock of White Granite

and C. C. Ware.

A liberal deduction to

those who buy sets or in large

quantities.

Rockingham and Yellow

Ware in large supplies.

G. J. VAARWERK.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10 1877.

## CHEAP! CHEAP!

We have just added to our stock of

NEW FURNITURE

—ALL KINDS OF—

Sewing Machines

A New and Beautiful

Parlor Suits,

Lounges,

Easy Chairs, Etc.

—Also the best—

WALNUT CASKETS

—AND—

FINE COFFINS

Ever introduced into this City.

We offer all at extremely

low figures. Come and See.

26-3m H. MEYER & CO.

S. QUINCEY WILLIAMS,

Importer of

English and Scotch Ales,

—AND—

GUINNESS' DUBLIN STOUT,

In bulk and in Bottle.

No. 100 Monroe Street,

Grand Rapids, Mich.

Also Agent for Robert Smith Brewery, N. W. cor. of 5th and Minor streets, Philadelphia. Mr. Robert Smith, has succeeded in making and introducing an Ale, which he calls "India Pale Ale," and has succeeded so well that it is highly recommended as a tonic for weak persons.

A splendid stock of Cigars and

other liquors always on hand.

10-17

BANKING.

JACOB VAN PUTTEN

BANKER,

HOLLAND, - - - MICHIGAN.

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on the day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

9-17 JACOB VAN PUTTEN.



## "THEM YANKEE BLANKITS."

Where Suffering and Brotherly Kindness  
Brought Hearts Together in Love.

Yes, John, I was down there at Memphis  
A-workin' around at the boats.  
A-heavin' o' cotton with emphasis,  
An' a-loadin' her onto the docks.  
I was comin' away from Ole Texas,  
When I went, you know, arter the wah—  
'Bout it now I'll make no reflexes,  
But wait till I git ter tong taw.

Well, while I was down there the fever,  
As yaller an' pizen as sin,  
Broke out; an', ef you'll believe her,  
Wherever she hit she struck in!  
It didn't take long in the hatchin',  
It jes' fairly bred in the air.  
Till a hospitall camp warn't a patchin',  
An' we'd plenty o' corpses to spare.

I volunteered then with the Howards—  
I thought that my duty was clear—  
An' I didn't look backards, but forwads,  
An' went ter my work 'bout fear.  
One day, howsomever, she got me  
As quick as the shot of a gun,  
An' they toted me off ter allot me  
A bunk till my life-race was run.

The doctors and nurses they prestied,  
But it didn't do me any good;  
An' the druggers he pounded and wested,  
But he didn't git up the right food.  
"No blankits n' ice in the city!"—  
I heard him say that from bed—  
An' some cried: "Oh, God! who'll take pity  
On the dyin' that soon'll be dead!"

Next day, howsomever, the doctor  
Come in with a smile on his brow:  
"Old boy, jest as yit we hain't knocked her,"  
Said he, "but we'll do fer her now!"  
Fer, yer see, John, them folks ter the norward  
Hed heard us afore we called twice.  
An' they sent us a full cargo forward  
Of them much-needed blankits an' ice!

Well, brother, I've been mighty solid  
Agin' Yankees, yit know, since the war,  
An' agin' recalcitrant sinners, too.  
Not kearin' for kongress n' law;  
But, John, I got onder ther kiver,  
That God-blessed gift o' the Yanks.  
An' it saved me from ferdin' "the river,"  
An' I'm prayin' 'em oceans o' thanks!

I tell yer, old boy, there's er streak in us  
Old rebels an' Yanks that is warm—  
It's er brotherly love thet'll speak in us,  
An' fetch us together in storm.  
We may snarl about niggers an' franchisee,  
But, whenever ther's sufferin' afoot—  
The t'rees'll unite in the branches  
'The same as they do at the root!  
Sam W. Small ("Old Si"), in Atlanta Constitution.

## "THE MULTITUDINOUS SEAS."

[From Appleton's Journal for October.]

How few there are who realize that the ocean is aught else than a raging mass of weltering waves lashed by storms, to be regarded only with dread, and avoided with aversion! How many gain from it but one or two one-sided impressions! To one the sea is always blue; somehow that idea early fixed itself in his mind, and he has never cared to observe further, and revise a first partial impression. To another it always looks green. Nothing more fairly indicates the exceedingly limited habits of observation of the average mind in matters out of its beat than the excessively meager notions which many have of the sea, even after repeated familiarity with it, as in the case of those who cannot plead the excuse of seasickness for their ignorance. How few there are who fully appreciate the matchless suggestiveness of that Homeric passage—"The innumerable smiles of the many-voiced sea!" That line only touches on the countless aspects of ocean, and yet it is the finest definition of the sea in the whole range of literature.

About Madeira the sea when over ten fathoms is like molten turquoise, lovely beyond description, not only in the sea-caves, as in the famous Blue Grotto of Capri, but outside. The fish swimming in it seem to be of transparent blue, and the keel of a ship, seen with perfect distinctness, is like a solid mass of translucent cobalt.

The color of the water in the tropics seems to be shared also by the fish of those regions. The blue-fish, quite different from the fish of that name on the New England coast, looks as if carved out of ultramarine touched with burned sienna in parts, and the mouth fringed with carmine-tinted coral. The parrot-fish is of a scarlet as vivid as that of the birds in the forests of the neighboring shores; the mullet is brilliant brown and gold. In northern waters, on the contrary, we have the cod clad in quaker-gray, and the haddock, which still bears on its head the mark of St. Peter's holy thumb when he squeezed a piece of silver out of its mouth, wears a livery the color of the roaring surges which overwhelm our fishermen on the Georges and the Grand Banks.

The Red sea is so called for a certain tawny tinge of its waters as well as for the red coral on its coast, but why the Black sea should have that epithet it is difficult to say, unless on account of the scowling, thunderous appearance it presents in winter, when it is swept by disastrous storms. The sea on the southern coast of England is a peculiar light gray-green caused by the chalk-cliffs which are being constantly eroded and washed away by the ocean-billows. A very striking instance of water colored in this way is seen in Northumberland strait, Gulf of St. Lawrence, especially after a storm. The soft, reddish shores of Prince Edward's island are eaten away and absorbed by the sea, which thus assumes a rich coffee-color, very vivid, and, when glistening in the sun, and tinged here and there with reflections of the blue overhead, extraordinarily rich in tone, and strongly resembling polished syenite. It is well known that the Amazon dyes the sea for hundred of miles beyond the land with the ochre-tinted silt it washes down from the pampas and the far-off mountains of Peru.

The warmth of the water in tropical latitudes seems to have the same effect on the monsters of the deep that the climate has on the temperament of man. The barracuda is savage and aggressive as a tiger, and the cruel voracity of the King of the Cannibal islands is quite eclipsed by the horrible, treacherous, stealthy nature of that sea-pirate, the man-eating shark. It is stated, and from what I have heard I am inclined to think it is true, that the shark prefers white men to negroes, and will only at-

tack and eat the latter on rare occasions. An English frigate's crew on the edge of the Bahama bank killed sixty of these monsters in one day's sport a few days ago, so numerous are they in those waters. This might have been a means taken by the British Government to revenge itself, as on some savage tribe, regardless of diplomatic remonstrances and the courtesy of nations, for the liberty taken by the sharks with the crew of an English ship-of-war some years earlier.

The Maggie schooner was cruising off Cuba for pirates when she was struck by an "ox-eye" squall—a wind coming without other warning than a small round cloud in a clear sky, rushing with the rapidity of a cannon-ball. She was over in an instant, and, to make a long story short, the whole crew but two were devoured by a school of sharks which were lying in wait. Gliding in among the horror-stricken crowd of seamen, they played with them for a while as a cat does with her prey. But the first taste of blood was like alcohol to a drunkard, and in a few moments only two of the crew survived in a boat which had floated off from the vessel, as she went down. After they had been in the boat several days, parched, starved, and roasted by the tropic sun, a brig hove in sight, slowly passing two miles away with a very light morning air just filling the sails. As she did not seem to see the boat, one of the men jumped into the water and swam off to her. He was followed by two sharks, which kept him company the whole of that long, awful swim. But he scared them off by flapping his jacket—the shark is a great coward. Just as he was about to give up the race in despair, the man at the wheel looked over the rail and saw him. A boat was lowered, and he and his shipmate were saved. Nothing one sees at sea so sends an involuntary shudder through him as to see the edge of the dorsal fin of a shark floating like an upright spar on the surface of the water. You know at once that mischief is lurking there.

Another terror of the deep is the many-armed prodigy called octopus, devil-fish, cuttle-fish, sepia, or squid, but the last name is generally applied to the smaller species, common in the Mediterranean, where it is dried and eaten. In the China seas sepia for painting is extracted from it; but the larger kind, called by old writers the kraken, has only recently come into prominence as a credible reality. Hakluyt's "Voyages" contain thrilling illustrations of the kraken reaching up its long arms into the rigging of ships, pulling them over or quietly helping itself to the terror-stricken crew; but these have been considered fabulous representations, and Victor Hugo's description of the wonderful devil-fish in "The Toilers of the Sea" has been accepted chiefly as an example of the exhaustless fecundity of that writer's imagination rather than an actual creature. But within three or four years too many specimens of the cuttle-fish have been encountered, with a spread of thirty to sixty feet to the arms, to make this creature any longer the subject of legitimate laughter, especially as it has been found to have a spider-like way of creeping on its victim and drawing it down to its den at the bottom of the sea, as in the case of the poor Indian girl recently caught in the deadly embrace of an octopus near Vancouver's island.

I doubt not similar certainty will be reached regarding the vexed question about sea-serpents. There is nothing more absurd than the incredulous levity of the popular mind concerning this mysterious serpent. What is there more impossible about a large water-snake than a large fish? There are small fishes and large fishes, small water-snakes, and why not large ones? What is an eel but a sea-serpent? and are there not water-snakes in every brook? Perhaps the large sea-serpent is a comparatively new creation, evolved on the Darwinian theory; perhaps, like the whale, it changes its habitat, and has but recently become common in northern waters; or, as has been suggested, perhaps it is a deep-sea creature frightened to the surface by some great submarine convulsion. The witnesses to this monster have been so many and of so good a character for credibility that the laugh should really be against those who do not believe in the existence of the sea-serpent.

There is a kind of sea-snake seen sometimes which is not revealed to those who voyage in steamers; many are the ocean-phenomena which they lose, seen only by those who go in sailing-ships, for the steamer frightens away many sea wonders. There are days in mid-ocean—and one need not go to the doldrums or horse-latitudes to find them—when day after day, week after week, the breezes are asleep, and the spirits of the storm have gone below to sport with the nereids, and Neptune and Amphitrite holding festal times in the sea-green caves of ocean, it seems as if there was nothing left but sea and sky, and, insphered between them, one solitary ship gazing at its own shadow, and held motionless, as if paralyzed there forever on an enchanted sea, while the sun rises and sets in a cloudless sky, reflected on the oily surface of the sea as on a mirror of burnished gold. At night the moon, yellow and full, rises in the west, like an image of the sun, but throws no reflection from the horizon on the water, so absolutely smooth and glassy is the sea. Only, as one looks over the side of the ship in that appalling and seemingly-eternal silence of the illimitable ocean, he sees three or four round balls of silver eerily quivering by the ship, when the moon is at its zenith, which look as if they were magic balls tossed up from the depths below by un-

seen tricky sprites of the sea. Perchance there is another ship floating in company miles away, and gradually, by an agency that seems supernatural, she draws gradually nearer, although there is never a breath of air stirring. But this is explained from the simple fact that there are always unseen currents moving, and one ship will be more or less affected than another by them, according to its draught or weight. It is at such a time that objects float by which one would never have suspected to exist in the sea—not only nautical and lovely Portuguese men-of-war, and jelly-fish, fringed with long, crimson-and-purple hair, but algae of a fairy-like grace that almost exceeds belief, and serpents six to eight feet long, transparent as if made of elastic glass, of a delicately-modulated pearly gray, striped and spotted, with gem-like points of green, scarlet and blue. It is like a revelation of an unseen world; and so it is, for the sea, much as it has been explored, is yet, like the human brain, full of wonders and mysteries yet unrevealed, hidden far, far down where no human eye has yet penetrated. From time to time a fresh discovery is made, as in the case of the fish brought up by the Challenger exploring expedition off the coast of Portugal—a fish at the bottom of the sea, and kept together by the pressure of the water; when brought to the surface, it exploded to atoms.

One of the finest effects at sea is mirage, which is confined to no part of the ocean, although the conditions which produce it do not always seem thoroughly explained by saying that it is due to refraction. To see the shore raised above the water, and hovering mysteriously in the air, reflected in another sea of its own, is a sight that the most threadbare familiarity can never make less wonderful. The Mediterranean abounds in the effects of mirage; it is an every-day sight to see the Sierra Nevada mountains on the coast of Spain suspended several degrees above the blue waters of the sea. But mirage is also common on our coast, and especially in Long Island sound in moist, foggy weather. The most singular form of this phenomenon is when ships are seen floating in the air. A remarkable instance of this is related of a ship that, during the colonial days, was expected from England. On a Sunday afternoon, after a violent storm, she was seen floating in the air, every spar represented so clearly that there was no question of the identity of the vessel thus painted in the clouds; but that was the last that was ever seen of the ill-fated ship.

One of the surest indications of a storm is what sailors call Cape Flyaway; that is, a cloud or clouds which look so like land as to deceive "the very elect" themselves. More or less common in all parts of the sea, we again find that this phenomenon is especially common in the Azores; and this has probably been one reason why the old navigators, who cruised about these waters in olden times, were continually discovering land, from which they were blown away by a storm, and were afterward unable to find it again, for the very good reason that "he needs must have optics keen who sees what is not to be seen."

Another forerunner of a storm is the water-spout, which is one of the most impressive and awe-inspiring sights at sea. The explanation of its being is simple enough. A whirlwind or gyrating current of air seizes the water as on land it snatches up sand and dust, and whirls it up to the clouds, which thus receive some of the moisture of which they are composed. I saw a curious illustration of this once when sailing in a boat near the shore, the wind being nor-northwest, and the weather being very dry. I observed a thread-like column of dust on the land skurrying toward the water—it was a small whirlwind; no sooner did it touch the water than the column turned as if by magic into water, coming with great rapidity toward the boat. I at once luffed and let go the sheet, and the water-spout passed within two or three yards off, and was perhaps three to four inches in diameter. But a real, live water-spout, that means mischief, is a sublime object, to be regarded with just apprehension by all sailors, for they are sometimes sufficiently large and violent to founder a ship. A cannon-ball brought to bear on one will, however, sometimes cause it to break. When there are several in a row, as I have repeatedly seen them in the Black sea, where they are especially common, they look like a colonnade of majestic pillars supporting the sky. I never shall forget a magnificent water-spout that nearly overwhelmed us one gloomy twilight in the Gulf stream. It was blowing very fresh about dusk, when the Captain came out to take another look before supper. The man at the wheel was looking into the binnacle, and no one else had seen a huge water-spout, which the Captain perceived as soon as he put his head above the companionway. It was advancing with great velocity directly on a line with the ship and was alarmingly near. The Captain sprang to the wheel, and, pushing the helmsman aside, put the helm down and kept away several points, and the water-spout passed just astern; another minute of delay and the brave little bark would have carried her crew to Davy Jones.

The Gulf stream, whether off Hatteras or in the Roaring Forties, is probably the most capricious, treacherous, and phenomenal part of the Atlantic, the most trying to encounter, excepting possibly some of the regions in the vicinity of dangerous coasts. Nowhere else are the phosphorescent effects of the sea so distinct and beautiful, so full of the colors red, blue and green. It is not infrequent, especially near the Florida banks, to see the phosphorus rushing past the ship in a band of light so

brilliant that one can easily read the time on his watch on the darkest nights, while the rudder is bathed in masses of prismatic flame, as the sparks meet and dash together in the ship's wake. In the North Atlantic, when the wave-crests flash like torches and emit an electric vapor that kindles the vast expanse of ocean with mysterious light, heavy weather may be expected within twenty-four hours. It is very remarkable how many of the glories and attractive effects of the sea are like barometric forecasts of the weather. The different tints of green in the sky at sunset, for example, indicate unerringly calms or storms, according to the tint.

The Gulf stream is noted for its electrical phenomena. These are always far more common as a rule at sea than on land, and nothing can be more appalling than the periodical electrical storms of the tropics, especially in the Indian ocean with the change of the monsoons, or equinoctial hurricanes of those latitudes. But for a continuous, chronic, inexhaustible supply of fireworks, the Gulf stream has no rival. It brings them forth on the slightest occasion, and it is doubtful if ever a ship crossed the fierce-tempered current without seeing lightning. This is easily accounted for: the prevailing winds of the North Atlantic are southwest and northwest, except certain local winds near the English channel, and the north-east trades blowing from Cape Finisterre to the Cape de Verdes. When the southwest wind has been blowing a while it has a strong inclination to shift into the northwest, and the longer it blows the more it wants to get around, and the more sudden and violent is the change when it comes. Now, the meeting of the warm current of southwest air with the cooler air from the northwest results in a discharge of electricity; and, although sometimes lightning is seen in the southwest for many hours before the wind changes, yet, when it does shift, it always does so with a tremendous rain and vivid lightning, often attended by what are called *corpos santos*, or St. Elmo's candles, electric lights which without any warning are seen suddenly perched on the end of every spar, producing a most mysterious and beautiful effect. They do not always come in heavy weather, although generally seen at such a time, and many seamen consider it a bad omen to have one shine on a man's face when he is aloft; but this superstition is wearing away. Another electric phenomenon at sea is a round ball the size of a full moon, but brighter and redder, passing slowly from one cloud to another, sometimes succeeded by a terrific explosion of thunder. One is surprised that ships are not oftener sunk, by lightning, but, although the bolts sometimes fall in quick succession directly around the vessel, they are generally attracted by the water.

The icebergs which come down from the North pole and lie in wait for vessels crossing their path also find their grave in the Gulf stream. Northward and eastward runs this fierce current, yet below it is a stealthy polar current gliding ever southward, and the mighty berg, whose bottom reaches many fathoms down, is seized by the lower current and borne against the Gulf stream, until the heat of the upper current melts and disintegrates it, and allows it no longer to be a menace to the mariner—a siren indeed, the very embodiment of poetry and splendor, but treacherous and remorseless as a fiend. Several times have I seen icebergs at sea, generally looming suddenly, startling and ghost-like, out of a dank fog, but once robed in imperial magnificence. It was the 4th of July, and the sky was without a cloud, but the air was cold and keen as winter, and we knew what it meant. As the sun arose the horizon was studded with glittering points like the serried spears of a great host; here and there a loftier mass flashed back the rays of the sun from some berg towering above the field-ice. There was nothing to be done but to keep on our course, for we were nearly surrounded by the ice; but we had a leading wind, a good top-gallant breeze, and felt our way without much difficulty through the broad channels. What lovely pale greens and blues were revealed in the caverns of the immense, cathedral-like icebergs into which the waves broke with a far-off, eerie boom, and how exquisite was the roseate blush which the icy pinnacles assumed when kissed by the setting sun! The full moon arose soon after and shone on the silvery bastions and towers of an iceberg scarcely half a mile from us, which was not less than 400 feet above the sea and nearly four times the height of our masts. Next morning the polar fleet had disappeared in the southern board, and, on the whole, we were not sorry to part company with it.

### A Timely Hint.

It is cheaper to pay a good plumber than a good doctor. Typhoid fever, scarlatina, and diphtheria lurk around every bad drain and deficient valve sink and closet. Do not wait for disease and death to invade the household, because of your negligence in obeying the plainest laws of health. Cool nights will soon necessitate the closing of nice, open windows; if pestilence comes in from defective pipe and decaying vegetation in the basement, do not lay it to providence, but shoulder it on your own carelessness and reckless disregard of the fixed laws of the earth. Poisoned air kills.

In the year 873 Europe underwent a visitation of grasshoppers far worse than experienced in the States. They are referred to in Spanish and German archives, and are described as having hidden the sun and devoured crops on 100 acres in one hour.

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