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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 34.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 138.

The Holland City News.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.
1 Square 3 50 5 00 8 00
2 " 5 00 8 00 10 00
3 " 8 00 10 00 17 00
1/2 Column 10 00 17 00 25 00
1/4 " 17 00 25 00 40 00
1 " 25 00 40 00 65 00
Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's signify that no paper will be continued after date.
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.
Taken Effect, Sunday, May 24, 1874.

| GOING NORTH. | | | GOING SOUTH. | | |
|--------------|-------|---------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Night Ex. | Mail. | STATIONS. | Mail. | Even. Ex. | |
| P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 9.10 | 9.00 | Chicago. | 5.00 | 6.30 | |
| 12.15 | 11.30 | New Buffalo. | 4.55 | 5.05 | |
| A. M. | P. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 8.37 | 3.15 | Gr. Junction. | 1.45 | 11.40 | |
| 4.21 | 3.56 | Fennsville. | 12.51 | 10.55 | |
| 4.07 | 4.07 | Manlius. | 12.43 | ..... |  |
| 4.35 | 4.10 | Richmond. | 12.40 | 10.41 | |
| 4.25 | 4.05 | E. Saugatuck. | 12.35 | ..... |  |
| 5.35 | 4.55 | Holland. | 12.05 | 10.05 | |
| ..... | 5.10 | New Holland. | 11.30 | ..... |  |
| 6.07 | 5.21 | Oliver. | 11.16 | 9.22 | |
| ..... | 5.37 | Ottawa. | 11.09 | ..... |  |
| 6.35 | 5.35 | Robinson. | 10.57 | 9.05 | |
| ..... | 5.48 | Spoonville. | 11.42 | ..... |  |
| 7.10 | 6.15 | Nantua. | 10.35 | 8.45 | |
| 7.28 | 6.32 | Fruitport. | 10.15 | 8.20 | |
| 8.00 | 7.30 | Muskegon. | 9.40 | 7.50 | |
| ..... | 8.25 | Montague. | 8.15 | ..... |  |
| ..... | 10.00 | Pentwater. | 6.45 | ..... |  |

The Grand Rapids Freight and Fruit Train will be consolidated on Monday, September 7th, 1874, leaving Grand Rapids at 12:00 M.; Holland 3 o'clock P. M.; arriving in Chicago at 4:30 A. M. Extra men will be placed on this train that fruit may be handled carefully.

Grand Rapids Branch.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 24, 1874.

| GOING NORTH. | | | GOING SOUTH. | | |
|--------------|-------|-------------|--------------|----------|--|
| Express. | Mail. | STATIONS. | Mail. | Express. | |
| A. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | |
| 5.20 | 4.50 | Holland. | 12.00 | 10.00 | |
| 5.34 | 5.04 | Zeeland. | 11.46 | 9.46 | |
| 5.47 | 5.17 | Vriesland. | 11.33 | 9.33 | |
| 6.00 | 5.30 | Hudson. | 11.20 | 9.20 | |
| 6.13 | 5.43 | Jennison's. | 11.07 | 9.07 | |
| 6.19 | 5.49 | Grandville. | 11.01 | 9.01 | |
| 6.40 | 6.10 | Gr. Rapids. | 10.40 | 8.40 | |

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 22, 1874.

| Going North. | | | Going South. | | |
|--------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------|--|
| No. 2. | No. 1. | STATIONS. | No. 3. | No. 1. | |
| P. M. | P. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 9.00 | 12.45 | Muskegon. | 2.15 | 7.00 | |
| 8.05 | 12.04 | Ferryburg. | 2.53 | 8.00 | |
| 7.50 | 12.00 | Grand Haven. | 2.56 | 8.10 | |
| 7.05 | 11.27 | Pigeon. | 3.30 | 9.05 | |
| 6.20 | 11.00 | Holland. | 3.58 | 11.00 | |
| 5.30 | 10.40 | Fillmore. | 4.18 | 11.30 | |
| 4.00 | 9.50 | Allegan. | 5.10 | 1.00 | |

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, August 23, 1874.

| FROM GR'ND RAPIDS. | | | TO GR'ND RAPIDS. | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------------|------------------|-------|--|
| Express. | Mail. | STATIONS. | Express. | Mail. | |
| P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 4.50 | 8.00 | Grand Rapids. | 10.00 | 8.55 | |
| 5.05 | 8.15 | Grandville. | 9.47 | 8.40 | |
| 5.18 | 8.28 | Byron Centre. | 9.32 | 8.24 | |
| 5.33 | 8.43 | Dorr. | 9.17 | 8.08 | |
| 5.43 | 8.52 | Hilliards. | 9.08 | 7.58 | |
| 5.50 | 9.00 | Hopkins. | 9.00 | 7.50 | |
| 6.10 | 9.20 | Allegan. | 8.38 | 7.30 | |
| 6.34 | 9.44 | Otsego. | 8.13 | 7.03 | |
| 6.41 | 9.52 | Plainwell. | 8.05 | 6.55 | |
| 6.55 | 10.05 | Cooper. | 7.46 | 6.40 | |
| 7.10 | 10.20 | Kalamazoo. | 7.35 | 6.25 | |
| 7.32 | 10.41 | Portage. | 7.14 | 6.03 | |
| 7.48 | 10.58 | Schoolcraft. | 6.58 | 5.47 | |
| 7.57 | 11.08 | Flowerfield. | 6.48 | 5.38 | |
| 8.07 | 11.18 | Moorepark. | 6.38 | 5.28 | |
| 8.17 | 11.28 | Three Rivers. | 6.28 | 5.18 | |
| 8.28 | 11.39 | Florence. | 6.17 | 5.07 | |
| 8.36 | 11.45 | Constantine. | 6.10 | 5.00 | |
| P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 8.45 | 11.55 | White Pigeon. | 6.00 | 4.50 | |
| A. M. | P. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 8.50 | 8.20 | Chicago. | 10.40 | 9.20 | |
| A. M. | P. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 9.30 | 5.35 | Toledo. | 11.25 | 11.00 | |
| P. M. | P. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 7.05 | 10.10 | Cleveland. | 7.30 | 7.05 | |
| P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | |
| 1.10 | 4.05 | Buffalo. | 12.25 | 1.00 | |

Lodges.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, Oct. 21, at 7 1/2 o'clock, sharp.

W. H. JOSLIN, W. M.
J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y.

I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND CITY LODGE, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

OTTO BREYMAN, N. G.

R. K. HEALD, Rec. Sec'y.
R. A. SCHOUTEN, Per. Sec'y.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City Hotel."

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served on call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting. Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

CLOETINGH, A., Book-Binder, and dealer in Books and Stationery; River street.

KANTERS, L. T. & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK W. & H., General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

SPRIETSMAN, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 5th street.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D., General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., & L. Barbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M. & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

General Dealers.

DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

TE ROLLER, G. J., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. RYDER, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. B., Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUTE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.

BORMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor, Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Flouring Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the *Phoenix Planing Mill*. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS. & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

ZIEB CARL, Proprietor of *Holland Brewery*; tenth street, opposite Tannery of Cappon & Bertsch.

Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent. Office, *City Drug Store*, 8th street.

Photographs.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

CARPENTER, J. H., Physician, Surgeon and Accouchant. Office and residence on 9th street. Strangers are requested to inquire at Van Putten's.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Baker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS & WYNNE, Jewelers and Watchmakers. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

THE following is the legal weight of the articles enumerated, and unless otherwise agreed upon between contracting parties, shall be the measure. We copy from the Act of March 20, 1863:

Sixty pounds for a bushel of wheat.
Fifty-six pounds for a bushel of rye.
Fifty-six pounds for a bushel of shelled corn.

Seventy pounds for a bushel of corn on the cob.
Fifty pounds for a bushel of corn meal.
Thirty-two pounds for a bushel of oats.

Forty-eight pounds for a bushel of buckwheat.
Sixty pounds for a bushel of beans.
Sixty pounds for a bushel of clover seed.

Forty-five pounds for a bushel of timothy seed.
Fifty pounds for a bushel of millet or Hungarian grass seed.
Fourteen pounds for a bushel of bluegrass seed.

Fourteen pounds for a bushel of red-top seed.
Forty-eight pounds for a bushel of barley.
Twenty-two pounds for a bushel of dried apples.

Twenty-eight pounds for a bushel of dried peaches.
Sixty pounds for a bushel of potatoes.
Fifty-six pounds for a bushel of sweet potatoes.

Fifty-four pounds for a bushel of onions.
Fifty-eight pounds for a bushel of turnips.
Sixty pounds for a bushel of peas.

Forty pounds for a bushel of cranberries.
Fifty-six pounds for a bushel of Michigan salt.
Eighty pounds for a bushel of mineral coal.

Fourteen pounds for a bushel of orchard grass seed.

SINCE Henry Ward Beecher has been known to have had the hay fever it has become so popular that an association has been formed called the National Hay Fever Association.

Holland, Michigan.

REMINISCENCES OF THE GREAT FIRES OF OCT. 9, 1871.—THE TANNING AND OTHER BUSINESS.—HOPE COLLEGE.—CLIMATE OF HOLLAND.—IRON ORE.

On Thursday, of last week, we had the pleasure of meeting Mr. J. Clement, travelling Correspondent of the *Inter Ocean*, of Chicago. It is always interesting to know, what visitors and strangers say about us, especially since in the past we have often been misrepresented:

"Three years ago this week, while Chicago was being partially burnt, Holland was almost totally obliterated. One hundred and forty acres in the center of the village were swept over by the flames, destroying 400 buildings, and not leaving an important business house standing. Two or three seven-by-nine groceries in the eastern part of the village were all that escaped. Nearly every manufactory went down, with most of the churches, and the aggregate loss was about \$950,000. This was as severe to Holland as the \$180,000,000 to Chicago. Three years have passed, and both places are rebuilt. Holland does not look as well in one respect as she did three years ago, because her beautiful trees are gone; but her hotels, her stores, and her new dwellings are larger and handsomer than those which, in two short hours, on the 9th of October, melted away. The houses are not so compact as they were before, and hence are less likely to be swept away by the wholesale.

The manufactories have been rebuilt, and Holland presents a busy aspect.—Two planing mills, two flouring mills, a foundry, a stove factory, a stove bucking factory, and two tanneries are running. The tanning business is the leading industry, and is increasing. Messrs. Cappon, Bertsch & Co. are adding 100 vats, which will probably make the tannery the largest in the State. They occupy five acres with buildings and bark, have sixty men tanning and finishing 600 hides per week, or about 30,000 per year. They use 3,000 cords of hemlock bark. Their capital employed cannot be much below \$120,000. The business of George Metz & Co., tanners, across Black Lake, is probably three-fourths as large.

Holland was settled by a colony of Hollanders in 1847. Two or three Americans had preceded them, but the town was, from the start, Holland to the heart, and is the same to-day. Three-fourths of the signs on business houses are hard names to spell. A graduate from any of the best American colleges could spend a day profitably here in learning to spell and pronounce people's names.

Speaking of institutions of learning, reminds me that Hope College is located here—a pet school of the Reformed Church. Like the pioneers in New England, the Hollanders settling here were prompt in establishing a school. What is now Hope College was at first only an academy, starting almost simultaneously with the colony. For years students were fitted for college and sent to New Brunswick to complete their education. In 1863 the school here came out with a full college curriculum, and graduates a class every year. Almost one hundred students are in attendance. The Union school with eight rooms, is full.

Holland, as already intimated, lies on Black Lake, which is five or six miles long and has a fine harbor on Lake Michigan: This is the broadest point on the great lake, it being eighty miles to the Wisconsin shore. This is also the most eastern point of the lake, and no western wind reaches Holland without sweeping over these eighty miles of water. Hence the winters are comparatively mild. The isothermal line on the map shows that the winter climate of Holland is the same as that of the southern tier of counties in Iowa and the northern tier in Missouri. Hence the peach crop here is never a complete failure, nor one year in seven a partial failure. Grapes never fail. The fruit interest here is in its infancy, but rapidly growing every year.

It was known, years ago, that there was iron ore near this place, and before the great fire some of it was shipped to Lawton, and went through the blast furnace. Nothing more was done till recently. A company has been organized, and explorations show that there are millions of tons of ore. It is being tested at Bangor, Van Buren County, and is found to be excellent for foundry purposes. The company is very hopeful of results. So are the citizens of this place."

Business Interests.

THE following extracts are from the "Financial" article in the *Chr. Intelligencer*, of the 1st inst., and give us in a few words a view of the condition and prospects of some of the leading business interests in the country:

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, - MICHIGAN.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The East.

Booth's Theater, New York, will be sold under a foreclosure Nov. 5, and the friends of Edwin Booth are making efforts to have the theater remain in his hands. They state that the unsecured creditors will extend all the leniency that he may require, and if enough money can be raised to satisfy the mortgages, amounting to \$300,000, the security for which is good, the affairs of Edwin Booth may be arranged. A collision on the Allegheny Valley railroad, near New Bethlehem, Pa., last week, resulted in the killing of James Eiler, engineer; M. Killien, fireman, and Henry Doyle, passenger on a mail train. Several others were seriously injured. The movement in New York for closing the stores at 3 p. m. on Saturdays, begun by the hardware dealers, is now strengthened by the accession of the manufacturers of jewelry and plated ware and the fancy goods dealers.

The Grand Hotel at Saratoga was entirely destroyed by fire on the 1st inst. At the time of the breaking out of the flames there was a heavy wind blowing, and it was with difficulty that the Grand Union and Congress Hotels were saved. At one time the whole village was seriously threatened. Through a fortunate change of the wind and the aid of fire engines from neighboring towns the conflagration was finally brought under control. The Grand Hotel was estimated to be worth \$300,000, and was insured for about \$200,000.

Mr. Beecher's vacation having expired, he resumed his pastoral ministrations in Plymouth Church at the regular Friday evening prayer meeting held on the 2d inst. An immense throng of people greeted his return with much enthusiasm. Among those present were Mrs. Beecher, Charles Beecher, Dr. Edward Beecher, Col. Beecher, Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Assistant Pastor Halliday, all the members of the late Investigating Committee, Prof. Rossiter W. Raymond, and the trustees of the church. The room was handsomely decorated with flowers and banners, on which were inscribed: "Love," "His Banner Over Us Was Love" and similar inscriptions. After a prayer by Robert Raymond, Mr. Beecher had his usual fifteen minutes' talk, in which he alluded to the troubles of the church, and counseled his hearers to take the same as one of God's wise measures of discipline, after which he took the Bible, read a few verses, and commented upon them at some length. At the close of his remarks, a young lady sang "Home, Sweet Home," to an accompaniment, which was followed after brief intervals by the song "And Lang Syne," "The Last Rose of Summer," "The Marechalaise," and other well-known airs. Mr. Beecher then promenaded through the room and held brief conversations with those present, which brought the proceedings to a termination.

HENRY WARD BEECHER went before the grand jury of Brooklyn on the 3d inst., and procured the indictment of Moulton and Tilton for slander and libel. In his examination by the foreman of the jury Beecher swore to the falsity of Tilton's and Moulton's accusations as made in their statements, and that he believed them to be maliciously intended to defame him. Tilton, however, reiterates his charges, and in a letter to the New York Herald calls attention to the fact that, in the spring of 1873, when W. F. West, a member of Plymouth Church, preferred charges against him (Tilton) for slander, Mr. Beecher, the latter gentleman declared to his congregation that he had no complaint to make against Tilton. Again, in the Gaynor libel case, Mr. Beecher had an opportunity to prosecute, but did not; and now, as the report of the Plymouth Investigating Committee has failed to command popular credence, District Attorney Winslow, who was the author of that report, procures this indictment, hoping to load him with obloquy by putting him in the position of an indicted witness. Tilton concludes his card by demanding an immediate trial. The verdict of the Coroner's jury on the Fall River disaster is given to the public. Nobody to blame. The shooting in the Bennett long-range championship rifle match at Creedmoor last week resulted in the first prize being won by Rigby, of the Irish team; the second by Fulton, of the American team; the third by Capt. Mason, of Canada; the fourth and fifth by Messrs. Miller and Hamilton, of the Irish team.

FIFTY persons were more or less injured in the streets of New York city, a few evenings since, by a stampede of Texan cattle.

A FIERCE WAR is impending between the oil men and the Pennsylvania railroads. The recent conference of railway magnates at Saratoga increased the freight rates on petroleum to the seaboard about 46 cents on the barrel. The trunk lines not only stringently enforced this new arrangement, but induced the pipe lines, the companies that conveyed the crude from the wells through pipes to the railroads, to join the combination, which thus presents the unbroken front of a huge monopoly. Suit is to be brought at once against the railway companies and their allies, the pipe lines, and will be prosecuted to the bitter end. The charge is conspiracy, and the Constitution of the State, it is claimed, affords the producers ample grounds for redress. Beecher's counsel in the indictment against Tilton will be Roscoe Conkling, Wm. M. Evans, B. F. Tracy, J. K. Porter, W. O. Bartlett, John Graham and T. G. Shearman. Among Tilton's counsel are mentioned Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin; Daniel Dougherty, of Philadelphia, and David Dudley Field.

The West.

ALL the insurance companies belonging to the National Board of Underwriters withdrew their business from Chicago on the 1st inst. This includes all the Hartford companies, with

one exception. The city, however, is not left altogether without insurance. There are forty companies not in the National Board, which will continue to take risks there. The Chicago papers take a cheerful view of the situation, and express the belief that no disturbance of trade will follow the withdrawal of the board companies. A considerable portion of the town of Chico, Cal., was destroyed by fire, recently, resulting in a loss of over \$80,000. Forty-five valuable horses were burned in the stables of Shearer & Evans. A well-known frontiersman writes a letter to the Omaha Herald, in which he stoutly maintains that there is an abundance of gold in the Black Hills. He concludes by stating that it would be madness for parties to attempt to go to the new Eldorado this fall or winter, on account of the hostile Indians.

THE venerable Judge Andrew G. Miller died suddenly, in Milwaukee, last week, having just completed his seventy-third year. He was born in Carlisle, Pa., in 1801, and received the appointment of United States District Judge of Wisconsin in 1845. On the 1st of January last, under the law lately passed, he retired from active service.

ALL the railroad companies operating lines in Wisconsin are now complying with the Potter law. The great land case of B. F. Allen et al. vs. The Sioux City Railroad Company and the County of Cerro Gordo, Iowa, has been decided in favor of the plaintiffs. It involved the title to 50,000 acres of land, and has been in the courts a number of years.

GEORGE M. BAKER, of Peoria, has brought suit for damages against the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company, he having been roughly handled by some of the company's employees while endeavoring to board a train without showing his ticket. The railroad company some time since adopted a rule to compel passengers to show their tickets before getting on trains. This regulation was for the purpose of heading off certain parties who were in the habit of tendering money, and thus testing the right of the company to charge more than the legal tariff. Mr. Baker had his ticket in his pocket at the time and on his refusal to exhibit it, was ejected from the platform, the train going on without him. News was received lately from Sheridan Station, on the Kansas Pacific, that a family had been massacred by Indians on the old Smoky Hill trail. A party of men sent out to investigate found the bodies of three men and one woman, all scalped. Nothing was found to identify the murdered people except a family Bible with the following inscription on the fly leaf: "Germain, Blue Ridge, Ga. A dispatch from Silver City, Nevada, conveys the particulars of a terrible tragedy at that place. Two parties of miners disputed about the possession of a mine. A fight ensued, in which five men were killed, all represented as most desperate characters.

THE annual report of President Keep, of the Northwestern railroad, has been published. The gross earnings for the year ending May 31, 1874, were \$15,631,936.61; net profit for the year, \$1,355,081.61. The fire-plugs in the business portion of Chicago were thoroughly tested a few days ago, and the fact was developed that the water supply was exceedingly deficient.

Washington.

MISS MINNIE SHERMAN, eldest daughter of the General, was married at Washington, on the 1st inst., to Lient. Fitch, of the navy. About half a million of national bank notes now reach the Comptroller of Currency daily for destruction. Reports received at the Agricultural Department show that the wheat crop will nearly average that of last year. None of the large corn-producing States reach an average. There will be a fair crop of oats, potatoes and hay, but less than half a crop of tobacco.

GEN. SHERMAN and his staff have taken leave of Washington, and the army headquarters have been removed to St. Louis.

THE following is the public debt statement for October:

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Six per cent. bonds..... | \$1,207,204,600 |
| Five per cent. bonds..... | 517,025,200 |
| Total coin bonds..... | \$1,724,229,800 |
| Lawful money debt..... | \$14,678,000 |
| Matured debt..... | 6,457,710 |
| Legal tender notes..... | 382,075,407 |
| Certificates of deposit..... | 56,350,000 |
| Fractional currency..... | 46,731,018 |
| Coin certificates..... | 26,413,600 |
| Total without interest..... | \$511,572,026 |
| Total debt..... | \$2,235,801,826 |
| Total interest..... | \$3,621,177 |
| Cash in Treasury, coin..... | \$77,409,677 |
| Cash in Treasury, currency..... | 16,115,840 |
| Special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit, as provided by law..... | 56,350,000 |
| Total in Treasury..... | \$149,875,518 |
| Debt less cash in Treasury..... | \$2,139,743,196 |
| Decrease during the month..... | 435,417 |
| Bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies, interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding..... | 64,623,512 |
| Interest accrued and not yet paid..... | 969,392 |
| Interest paid by United States..... | 24,325,396 |
| Interest repaid by transportation of mails, etc..... | 5,469,979 |
| Balance of interest paid by United States..... | 18,854,418 |

The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Elmer Washburn, of Chicago, Chief of the Secret Service, vice Whitley, resigned. The Attorney General has instructed the United States Marshals in the South to appoint a sufficient number of deputies to arrest persons violating the law.

The force of the secret service of the Treasury Department is to be reduced from sixty to ten men—the latter to be selected from the best members of the old force and outside detective talent. Secretary Bristow is represented to be in favor of an additional department—a National Board of Public Works, composed of the Bureau of the Supervising Architect, the Light-House Board and the Coast Survey, and will urge upon Congress the creation of such a department. The annual report of the Commissioner of Pensions will show 33,640 pension certificates issued in the past fiscal year. Dr. Linderman, Director of the Mint, has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury his report of the operations of the mint and assay offices, for the fiscal year ending June

30 of the present year, from which it appears that the gold deposits were \$68,861,593; silver deposits and purchases, \$15,122,151. The amount of specie in this country is stated to have been, on the 30th of June last, \$167,000,000. The estimate shows a gain in specie and bullion in the last two fiscal years of \$38,500,000. The amount of gold and silver coin and bullion in the world is estimated at from ten to twelve thousand millions. The present rate of production of silver is \$80,000,000, and of gold \$100,000,000, the two together being an annual addition of about one and a half per cent. to the existing stock of specie.

A REDUCTION in the Engraving and Printing Bureau of the Treasury Department is to take place on the 31st, and will involve the dismissal of about 400 employees, of whom 390 are females. The present number employed in the bureau is slightly over 1,400. A number of special agents have been recently sent South by the Department of Justice and Postoffice Department, charged with the particular duty of observing and reporting upon the actual condition of affairs in that section, with a view of affording the President full and reliable information upon which to base the policy to be pursued regarding the alleged outrages.

MESSRS. PURVIS and Langston, colored, recently brought suit against Harvey & Holden, hotel keepers in Washington, for refusing to furnish them with a meal at their restaurant. The defendants claim that they did not refuse entertainment, but only service at a particular table pre-engaged by other parties. The case will be pushed to trial.

The South.

GOV. KELLOGG has issued an address to the people of the United States, reviewing the political and financial condition of Louisiana since the war, and defending the course of his administration. A Washington dispatch of the 30th ult., says: "Four companies of cavalry were to-day ordered to Western Alabama on account of the disturbed condition of that section."

GEORGE F. MONROE, who was shot at Tusculum, Ala., last June, by Congressman Sloes, for slandering the daughter of the latter, has recovered from his injuries and married the young lady who was the cause of the shooting. Gen. William Mahone and Bradley T. Johnson, late of the Confederate army, have been arrested at Norfolk, Va., on a charge of intending to engage in a duel, and held to bail in \$10,000.

THE Merchants' Exchange of New Orleans has opened for business. This is a new institution, and its promoters are sanguine of success.

THE Attorney-General has received a dispatch from the United States Marshal at Montgomery, Ala., announcing the arrest of all persons charged with complicity in the murder of Billings. Seven members of an alleged Ku-Klux band have been arrested at Owenton, Ky., and taken to Louisville for trial before the U. S. District Court.

A NEW ORLEANS dispatch says that on the arrival of a company of United States troops at St. Martinsville, a body of the White League, who had been under arms at that place, left and went to Breau Bridge, ten miles distant, where they were at last accounts with four pieces of artillery. There are now in Louisiana twenty-eight companies of regular troops.

General.

A CHARLESTON (W. Va.) paper reports the discovery of a mine of black band iron ore eight miles from that town. This ore is one of the finest known. It is the only ore used in making the Scotch pig metal.

A MONTREAL dispatch states that the celebrated judgment of Judge Ranthier, that a priest could not be held responsible before the civil courts for what he said from the pulpit, has been reversed in the Court of Review of that city.

It appears from the statements of leading insurance men that all large cities in the country are to be visited with a demand for reform similar to that served upon Chicago.

UNDER the new postal law publishers of newspapers have the right to inclose in their papers bills for subscription or receipts without extra charge; also supplements consisting of matter crowded out of regular issue, but not handbills or special advertisements. According to an official bulletin just issued by the Secretary of the National Grange there are in the country 20,800 subordinate granges of the Patrons of Husbandry, distributed among the several States, as follows:

| | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|
| Alabama..... | 632 | New Hampshire..... | 37 |
| Arkansas..... | 504 | New Jersey..... | 80 |
| California..... | 231 | New York..... | 238 |
| Connecticut..... | 3 | North Carolina..... | 450 |
| Delaware..... | 14 | Nevada..... | 5 |
| Florida..... | 97 | Ohio..... | 1,031 |
| Georgia..... | 659 | Oregon..... | 174 |
| Illinois..... | 1,513 | Pennsylvania..... | 349 |
| Indiana..... | 1,991 | South Carolina..... | 314 |
| Iowa..... | 2,000 | Tennessee..... | 1,003 |
| Kansas..... | 1,350 | Texas..... | 657 |
| Kentucky..... | 1,425 | Vermont..... | 125 |
| Louisiana..... | 185 | Virginia..... | 373 |
| Maine..... | 38 | West Virginia..... | 110 |
| Maryland..... | 118 | Wisconsin..... | 505 |
| Massachusetts..... | 64 | Colorado..... | 65 |
| Michigan..... | 509 | Dakota..... | 56 |
| Minnesota..... | 540 | Canada..... | 51 |
| Mississippi..... | 622 | Idaho..... | 25 |
| Missouri..... | 1,992 | Montana..... | 23 |
| Nebraska..... | 595 | Indian Territory..... | 4 |

Political.

PARSON BROWNLOW is announced as a candidate for Congress from the Second Tennessee district.

WILLARD PHILLIPS, of Salem, has been nominated for Congress from the Essex (Mass.) district, in opposition to Gen. B. F. Butler. Advice from New Orleans indicate a willingness on the part of both Republicans and Democrats to abide by the conference compromise.

JUDGE JOHN F. GREEN has been nominated by the Independent Republicans for Governor of South Carolina. Andy Johnson is advocating from the stump, in Tennessee, the repudiation of both the State and national debt.

The People's party of Chicago held its nominating conventions on the 5th inst. B. G. Canfield, Carter H. Harrison and John V. Le Moyne were nominated for Congress in the First, Second and Third Districts.

Foreign.

MEXICO celebrated her "Fourth of July" on the 6th of September. The President, in

an oration, said that the peace of the country is becoming daily more settled. There has also been an outbreak of epidemic yellow fever on the coast. Two steamers of the fleet engaged in laying the new direct Atlantic cable have arrived at Queenstown, and the third is on the way thither. The cable parted in a severe storm, and after fruitless efforts to recover it, the fleet, being short of coal, were compelled to make for land. An insurrection has broken out at Buenos Ayres, in consequence of the alleged fraudulent conduct of the late Presidential election. Gen. Mitri is at the head of the insurgents. Fourteen persons convicted of taking part in the riots in Medana, Northeastern Prussia, last June, have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from six months to three years. Advice from the north of Spain say there are signs of the breaking up of the Carlist army. Several insurgent leaders have surrendered, and it is reported that others were shot by order of Don Carlos for demanding a cessation of hostilities. A semi-official statement of the Prince of Wales' pecuniary liabilities has appeared in one of the London newspapers. The young man's debts have not been paid by the Queen. They do not amount to one-third of his annual income, and scarcely any of them have been due longer than a year.

FOUR tons of powder in a barge in the Regent canal, London, exploded on the 2d inst., killing a number of people, and inflicting serious damage to property in the vicinity. Several animals in the Zoological Gardens were killed by the explosion, the report of which was heard a distance of twenty miles. By the arrival of the steamer Vasco de Gama at San Francisco we have details of the terrible typhoon which visited Southern Japan on the 20th of August. Hundreds of Japanese junks were wrecked, and fully 200 lives were lost at Nagasaki alone. Stores and houses were overthrown. Kobe also suffered. Not less than 1,000 junks were wrecked. Sagaken came in for a share of the typhoon, as 6,000 houses were destroyed, and 100 lives were lost. Thousands of cattle on the plantations were killed.

PECUNIARY aid is asked for Garibaldi, who is represented as in very poor circumstances, often without means to obtain the necessities of life. Germany has informed France that she must send 25,000 troops to the Spanish frontier to enforce a strict neutrality, or that number of German soldiers will be stationed in the Pyrenees for the purpose.

LATER accounts of the earthquake in the town of Antigua, Guatemala, place the number of lives lost at thirty-two. Bryan Waller Proctor, well known as "Barry Cornwall," the English author, is dead. He was in the 84th year of his age. The elections in France for Councils General have resulted in considerable gains for the Conservatives. It is estimated that the famine in Asia Minor has already caused the death of 150,000 people. A mutiny is reported to have broken out in the camp of the Carlists at Durango, and that Don Carlos was seriously wounded by one of the mutineers.

A CABLE dispatch of Oct. 7 reports wheat still declining in England and on the continent. It is rumored that the Dowager Queen of Bavaria is about to embrace Catholicism.

An Antidote for Poison.

A farmer furnishes an exchange the following statement. Its truth we do not indorse, but the specific has the merit of being harmless if not effective: "It is now over twenty years since I learned that sweet oil would cure the bite of a rattlesnake, not knowing that it would cure any other poison. Practice, observation and experience have taught me that it will cure poison of any kind, both in man and beast. I think no farmer should be without a bottle of it in his house. The patient must take a spoonful of it internally and bathe the wound for a cure. To cure a horse requires eight times as much as it does to cure a man. It is an antidote for arsenic and strychnine. It will cure bloat in cattle caused by eating too freely of fresh clover; it will cure stings of bees, spiders, or other insects; and it will also cure persons who have been poisoned by a low running vine, growing in meadows, called ivy."

REMARKABLE TWINS.—Mrs. Carroll and Mrs. Ford, twin sisters, living in South Bethlehem, Pa., each gave birth to twins on Saturday night. The attending physician says these cousins are almost of an age—within an hour. These sisters were married on the same day; their first children were born in the same month; their second in the same week, and their third in the same hour, and both twins—like the mothers—as related above. The four children of each of these twin sisters are alive and well.—Bethlehem (Pa.) Progress.

AN EXAMPLE TO BEECHER.—If Beecher were as punky as that Missouri preacher he would have been out of the woods long ago. When they started a slander about that Missouri preacher he exclaimed from the pulpit: "This diabolical story about me and Mrs. Podhammer is an infernal lie, and if I can't snatch the son-of-a-saw-horse everlastingly baldheaded who started it, then pronounce me a bob-tailed purp and kick me ten miles hellwards." And that slander was settled.—Graphic.

AMONG some books shortly to be sold in London is a rolled manuscript of the Hebrew Pentateuch, acquired a few years ago from a synagogue in Palestine. It was written in the twelfth century, on sixty skins of leather, and measures one hundred and twenty feet in length by two feet two inches in breadth.

A RICH nickel mine has been discovered in New Caledonia, the French penal colony in the Pacific, from which Rochefort recently escaped.

Perils of Old Age.

An old man is like an old wagon; with light loading and careful usage it will last for years; but one heavy load or sudden strain will break it and ruin it forever.

So many people reach the age of fifty or sixty, or seventy, measurably free from most of the pains and infirmities of age, cheery in heart and sound in health, ripe in wisdom and experience, with sympathies mellowed by age, and with reasonable prospects and opportunities for continued usefulness in the world for a considerable time. Let such persons be thankful, but let them also be careful.

An old constitution is like an old bone—broken with ease, mended with difficulty.

A young tree bends to the gale, an old one snaps and falls before the blast. A single hard lift, an hour of heating work, an evening of exposure to rain or damp, a severe chill, an excess of food, the unusual indulgence of an appetite or passion, a sudden fit of anger, an improper dose of medicine—any of these or other similar things, may cut off a valuable life in an hour, and leave the fair hopes of enjoyment and usefulness but a shapeless wreck.

Too Much Travel.

Day before yesterday a couple of movers' covered wagons came rolling through the streets, bound for "Kansas or bust," or some other Western port. When they arrived at the corner of Walnut and Fifth streets they halted, and from one alighted a stalwart young man, who inquired where the Recorder kept his shop. He didn't know what Recorder, nor whether it was the Recorder that he wanted to see, but it was the "feller that married folks." Just then an aged masculine alighted from the other wagon and informed the youngster that it was the clerk that issued "them license," and off they started, accompanied by a girl, the woman's daughter, to the Court-House, followed by a crowd of idlers. Here they procured "them license," and were married standing by the wagon. On the way the old gent informed the accompanying spectators as follows: "That thar's my gal, and this man has been going with us all the way from Elk Point. The gal and him has traveled too far together without gitin' spoiled; it's time they was hitched."—Iowa State Journal.

Danger from Bee Stings.

The sting of a bee prevents, more than any other thing, the advance of bee culture. Old bee-keepers laugh at this, but it is no light matter. Death often results from a bee-sting. I was assisting a friend to hive a swarm once in July. It was a very hot day. We got them hived; but just as we were leaving, a bee stung my friend on the temple. I pulled out the sting, and we went on into the house.

In five minutes the effects of the sting were fearful. He broke out in little pimples all over the body, and said he felt as though a million needles were running into him. We were alarmed and sent for a doctor. The doctor came and succeeded in overcoming the poison, but it was some time before he felt himself again. We attributed this curious effect to the state of his health, and the heat he was in at the same time.—National Bee Journal.

THERE is iron enough in the blood of forty-two men to make a plowshare of twenty-four pounds.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| BEEVES..... | 81 @ 13 |
| Hogs—Dressed..... | 87 @ 94 |
| Cotton—Middle Upland..... | 154 @ |
| Flour—Superfine Western..... | 4 40 @ 4 80 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago..... | 1 10 @ 1 11 |
| No. 1 Spring..... | 1 20 @ 1 25 |
| CORN..... | 95 @ 96 |
| OATS..... | 63 @ 65 |
| RYE..... | 95 @ 99 |
| PORK—New Mess..... | 23 00 @ |
| LARD—Steam..... | 14 1/2 @ |

CHICAGO.

| | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers..... | 6 50 @ 7 00 |
| Choice Natives..... | 5 75 @ 6 00 |
| Good to Prime Steers..... | 5 00 @ 5 40 |
| Cows and Heifers..... | 2 50 @ 3 00 |
| Medium to Fair..... | 4 00 @ 4 50 |
| Inferior to Common..... | 2 25 @ 3 00 |
| HOGS—Live..... | 5 75 @ 6 50 |
| Flour—Fancy White Winter..... | 7 00 @ 7 25 |
| Red Winter..... | 5 50 @ 6 00 |
| WHEAT—No. 1 Spring..... | 96 @ |
| No. 2 Spring..... | 91 @ 92 |
| No. 3 Spring..... | 86 @ 87 |
| CORN—No. 2..... | 80 @ 81 |
| OATS—No. 2..... | 49 @ 50 |
| RYE—No. 2..... | 83 @ 85 |
| BARLEY—No. 2..... | 1 02 @ 1 07 |
| BUTTER—Choice Yellow..... | 28 @ 36 |
| EGGS—Fresh..... | 19 @ 20 |
| PORK—Mess..... | 21 75 @ |
| LARD..... | 14 1/2 @ |

ST. LOUIS.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall..... | 1 15 @ 1 15 1/2 |
| CORN—No. 2..... | 83 @ 84 |
| OATS—No. 2..... | 51 @ 52 |
| RYE—No. 2..... | 50 @ 51 |
| PORK—Mess..... | 22 00 @ 22 50 |
| LARD..... | 13 1/2 @ |
| HOGS..... | 4 50 @ 6 00 |
| CATTLE..... | 4 00 @ 6 00 |

MILWAUKEE.

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| WHEAT—No. 1..... | 97 @ 98 |
| No. 2..... | 91 @ 93 |
| CORN—No. 2..... | 80 @ 81 |
| OATS—No. 2..... | 49 @ 50 |
| RYE..... | 87 @ 88 |
| BARLEY—No. 2..... | 1 06 @ 1 07 |

CINCINNATI.

| | |
|------------------|-------------|
| WHEAT—White..... | @ |
| CORN..... | 84 @ 87 |
| OATS..... | 54 @ 58 |
| RYE..... | 94 @ 96 |
| PORK—Mess..... | @ |
| LARD..... | 13 1/2 @ 14 |

TOLEDO.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red..... | 1 09 @ 1 10 |
| Amber Michigan..... | 1 07 @ 1 07 1/2 |
| CORN..... | 82 @ 83 |
| OATS..... | 51 @ 53 |

DETROIT.

| | |
|------------------|-------------|
| WHEAT—Extra..... | 1 16 @ 1 17 |
| Amber..... | 1 06 @ 1 07 |
| CORN..... | 89 @ 90 |
| OATS..... | 43 @ 49 |

CLEVELAND.

| | |
|----------------------|-------------|
| WHEAT—No. 1 Red..... | 1 10 @ 1 11 |
| No. 2 Red..... | 1 01 @ 1 05 |
| CORN..... | 81 @ 85 |
| OATS..... | 51 @ 53 |

The Archduke Alexis, son of the Emperor of all the Russias, and James W. Parkinson, son of nobody but his plebeian father and mothers are at issue. The Archduke Alexis had, in the description of his travels in America, so far forgotten the dignity of his high position as to touch on American cooks and kitchens, and not in a way flattering to either. James W. Parkinson, of Philadelphia, for forty years an American cook, restaurateur and caterer to the gastronomical tastes of the inhabitants of the City of Brotherly Love, has come forward as the champion of his country, his country's cooks and kitchens, and demonstrated how little an Archduke may know about cooking. Snatching a few moments' leisure from the arduous labors of his profession, he has entered the lists against his imperial antagonist and come out the victor. Indeed, after reading Mr. Parkinson's defense of American dishes, we feel a just pride in our national cookery. The Duke is no match for the cook when the scene of the contest is the kitchen; and he fares about as well there as Parkinson would before a Russian needle-gun. The Grand Duke had the rashness to say that in America there are no American cooks and no American dishes. What a terrible awakening he must have had from his imperial slumbers when Parkinson sallied out of his restaurant in Philadelphia and appeared in the panoply of print, a living American cook, determined to convince Alexis of his existence and the existence of others like him. Alexis has now very good reason to believe that there are American cooks—at least that there is one, Mr. James W. Parkinson, of Philadelphia. The Duke had said that he frequently requested the proprietors of American hotels to set before him some peculiarly American dish. But the peculiarly American dish was never produced. His hosts assured him that the American cuisine was like that of France, and that the cooks in all the principal hotels were Frenchmen. Mr. Parkinson tells his Imperial Highness that he went to the wrong source for the information he needed. What do hotel-keepers know about cooking? The proprietors or keepers of American hotels are not cooks, but capitalists. They are not men who, like the keepers of restaurants in France and Germany, have graduated in their profession, who have risen through all the degrees of cook, up to the dignified position of hotel-keeper. The qualities that distinguish them are not a knowledge of the virtues of dishes, but a knowledge of business and remarkable organizing and executive ability. Of the art of cooking they know just as much as just as little as bankers, manufacturers and other capitalists. Parkinson grants that in most of our hotels the cooking department is under the charge of French cooks,—of such, for the most part, however, as were not able to get along in the business in their own country. This he says accounts for the fact that hotel tables frequently present such wretched fare, while the tables of wealthy private gentlemen afford such excellent eating. As far as French cookery goes, the French get the credit of a great deal that does not belong to them at all. They have a wonderful capacity for adapting and appropriating to themselves the dishes of other nations. It is too frequently a weakness of which foreigners are guilty to give French names to their dishes, and thus, a great many dishes not French, at all come to be regarded as such. Only by a comparison of the dishes of the various nations can their relative merits be ascertained, and Mr. Parkinson proposes that, at the Centennial Exposition to take place in Philadelphia, such a comparison should be instituted. The result, he predicts, would be that many of our own best dishes would be rapidly introduced to the favor of other nations.

CONTEMPT is not a thing to be despised. It may be borne with a calm and equable mind, but no man by lifting his head high can pretend that he does not perceive the scorns that are poured down upon him from above.

A STAGGERING QUERY.—Two brothers marry two sisters, who are cousins of the brothers. The older brother has several children by his wife, and she dies. He then marries a younger sister of his first wife, and has several children by her. He and the wife of his brother die. A few years thereafter the younger brother marries the widow of the older brother, and has by her two children. What is the relationship?

There is a boy in Harrison, N. H. who, though only six years old, weighs 146 pounds.

"Would you not like to go to school and be cared for?" asked the official.

"No," replied the urchin.

"But do you know that I am one of the people who are authorized to take up little boys whom I find as I find you?"

"I know you are, old chap, if you find them in the streets, but this here is not a street. It is private property and if you interferes with my liberty the Duke of Bedford will be down upon you. I know the hact as well as you."

The history of Virginia, says the Richmond Whig, commences with an auction sale—not, however, in a store but beneath the green trees of James town, where probably the most anxious and interested crowd of auction habitués known in the history of the world were gathered. In a letter, still to be seen, dated London, August, 21, 1621, and directed to a wealthy colonist in that settlement, the writer begins by saying: “We send a shipment, one widow and eleven maids for wives of the people of Virginia. There hath been especial care in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good commendations. In case they cannot be presently married, we desire that they may be put with several householders that have wives until they can be provided with husbands.” But the writer of this epistle had little reason to fear that any of the “maidens faire” would be left over. The archives contain evidence to prove that these first cargoes of young ladies were put up at auction and sold for 120 pounds of tobacco each, and it was ordered that this debt should have precedence of all others. The solitary “one widow” went along with the others, for they could not be particular in those days. The good minister of the colony no doubt had a busy time that day. He did not mention any fees, nor did the bridegrooms think of tendering any. All was joy and gladness; no storms ahead, no uneasiness for the future, no acquisitive clerk to stand and say: Here’s the license, fork over that \$1. Nothing of that sort. From some of these couples the first families of Virginia are descended.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

| | | |
|----------------------|------|------|
| Apples, bushel | 65 | 40 |
| Beans, bushel | 1 25 | 1 50 |
| Butter, lb. | 23 | 25 |
| Clover seed, bushel | 65 | |
| Eggs, dozen | 18 | 13 |
| Honey, lb. | 18 | 25 |
| Hay, ton | 11 | 10 |
| Hides, green, lb. | 6 | 6 |
| Maple sugar, lb. | 45 | 40 |
| Onions, bushel | 0 25 | 1 00 |
| Potatoes, bushel | 45 | 50 |
| Timothy seed, bushel | 45 | |
| Wool, lb. | 45 | |

Meats, Etc.

| | | |
|---------------------------|----|-------|
| Beef, dressed, lb. | 6 | 6 |
| Chickens, dressed per lb. | 8 | 9 |
| Lard, lb. | 18 | 20 |
| Pork, dressed, lb. | 7 | 6 1/2 |
| Smoked meat, lb. | 6 | 14 |
| Smoked ham, lb. | 11 | 12 |
| Smoked shoulders, lb. | 8 | 9 |
| Turkeys, lb. | 6 | 10 |
| Tallow, lb. | 6 | 6 |

Wood, Staves, Etc.

| | | |
|--------------------------|------|------|
| Cordwood, maple, dry | 4 50 | 5 00 |
| " " green | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| " " beech, dry | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| " " green | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| Hemlock bark | 13 | 14 |
| Staves, white oak | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| Heading bolts, soft wood | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| Heading bolts, hardwood | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| Stave bolts, softwood | 3 00 | 3 50 |
| Stave bolts, hardwood | 4 00 | |
| Railroad ties | 4 00 | |

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(Corrected by the "Pluggers Mills.")

| | | |
|--------------------------|----|-----------|
| Wheat, white, bushel | 95 | @ \$ 1 00 |
| Corn, yellow, bushel | 85 | @ 75 |
| Oats, bushel | 25 | @ 40 |
| Buckwheat, bushel | 80 | @ 85 |
| Rye, bushel | 80 | @ 85 |
| Bran, ton | 16 | 100 |
| Feed, ton | 33 | 00 |
| Barley, 100 lb. | 2 | 75 |
| Middling, 100 lb. | 1 | 50 |
| Flour, 100 lb. | 3 | 00 |
| Pearl barley, 100 lb. | 6 | 00 |
| Buckwheat flour, 100 lb. | 4 | 50 |
| Fine meal, 100 lb. | 2 | 00 |

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF HOLLAND.

ARRIVALS.

| | |
|---------|---|
| Sept 26 | sch Spry 48—light. |
| " 28 | sch Jones 120—light. |
| " 29 | sch Arrow 60—light. |
| " " | barge Eliza 170—light. |
| " " | sch Rambler 5—4 m lath. |
| " " | sch Hope 9—light. |
| " 30 | sch Tri Color 26—450 hides 136 pkgs mdse. |
| Oct. 1 | sch Fortunes Trial 11—light. |
| " 2 | sch Four Brothers 95—light. |
| " 3 | sch Hope 14—light. |
| " 3 | sch A. Plummer 87—light. |
| " 4 | sch Spry 48—light. |
| " 5 | sch Wollin 49—346 hides 150 pkgs mdse. |

DEPARTURES.

| | |
|---------|--|
| Sept 26 | sch Spry—33 cds wood. |
| " 28 | sch Jones—105 cds wood. |
| " 29 | sch Arrow—60 cds wood. |
| " " | sch Rambler—fruit. |
| " " | sch Hope—300 lbs butter sundries. |
| " 1 | sch Tri Color—32 m p b staves. |
| Oct. 1 | sch Fortunes Trial—fruit. |
| " 2 | sch Four Brothers—320 m a shingles 36 m bucked p b staves 731 R. R. ties 12 bu onions. |
| " 3 | sch Hope—produce etc. |
| " 3 | sch A. Plummer—24 m R R ties. |
| " 4 | sch Spry—32 cds wood. |
| " 7 | sch Wollin—34 cds wood 366 bbls heading |

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, - - EDITOR.

Saturday, October 10.

In connection with our short article on the "Pipe of Peace," last week, Mr. H. Walsh has furnished us some more interesting information as communicated to him by the Rev. Henry Jackson, who was for many years an interpreter for the Government, and for Bishop McCoskry. He says the pipe is the property of—Shawbe-koung, of Bradley, Allegan County, one of the five remaining Chiefs of the Ottawa tribe, another of whom, by the name of Joseph Medewis, lives on Superior Point, near this city. About two hundred of this tribe still reside at Bradley, engaged in farming. This place for many years has been the head-quarters of the tribe. In 1835 a mission was established there by the Rt. Rev. S. A. McCoskry, Bishop of the Prot. Episcopal Church, of this State. In 1855 the greater part of the tribe removed to their government reservation at Pentwater, since when the mission has been abandoned. Mr. Jackson is a son of chief Medewis, and has in his possession numerous Indian relics, which, if the public wish, he will exhibit at some suitable time, and entertain them with a lecture on the habits and customs of his race. He is said to be a good speaker and we have no doubt a pleasant evening could be spent in this way.

THE National board of underwriters has advised all insurance companies under its jurisdiction to withdraw from Chicago—to write no more new policies and to renew no expiring ones. Some two months ago the National underwriters made the following demands of the Chicago authorities. First, that the fire limits include the entire city; second, that a stringent building law, similar to that of New York be adopted; third, that the fire department be completely reorganized; fourth that certain sized water mains be laid in certain districts; fifth, that legal provision be made for investigation of the causes of all fires, with a view to prevent incendiarism; sixth, that all lumberyards be removed from the southwestern district of the city. The first and fourth demands only have been complied with, so far; hence the action of the National board.

THE U. S. steamer Michigan and the revenue cutter Andrew Johnson, each had a case of assault and mutiny last week.

THE UNIVERSITY.

[Special Correspondence.]

Michigan is often called the Massachusetts of the West; and in the comparison of the two States, her University is at once suggestive of grand old Harvard. This University has proved the most successful attempt, of any yet made by the American States, towards solving the problem of the education of their young men and women. It has left other institutions of the kind far behind, and despite the ominous prophecies of many wise men, stands to-day in the foremost rank, among educational institutions in America. The one secret of this success, has been the able men, into whose hands the control of it has ever been placed. Their one object seems to have been to keep fully abreast of the progress of the age, in matters of education. The grand step forward, taken when its doors were thrown open to women, although made in the face of men, who were absolutely certain that it would ruin the University, and cause it to degenerate into a mere boarding-school, has fully proved, not only the feasibility, but that the co-education of the sexes improves the order, moral tone, and usefulness of a college, even more than it does a common school.

To a stranger the city of Ann Arbor, but for the University, would seem one of the most uninteresting cities in the State.—The painful silence that broods over the place, and is only broken by the flocking of the students to the campus at early morn, and the rush of the hungry multitude for dinner, is truly terrible. The many shade trees that line the streets add to the general gloom. The business part of the town, with but few exceptions, contains nothing but third class stores. A number of very fair church edifices point their spires upward toward the blue heavens, as if in mute supplication, for judgment to descend upon any and all students that dare to adorn them with gates, or signs.

But the subject of most general worship; the Michigan University. The new hall, completed last year, and whose dome rises grandly above the pile of stone and iron, at once commands the admiration of the beholder. Although your correspondent does not know the precise length of this beautiful building, he would judge it to be at least 220 feet. It has been built of fine material and bids fair to defy old father Time for many generations. It contains a hall that will hold 3,500 persons. Everything about this building suggests durability and convenience. Here the Literary Department puts the gentle freshman through his battles with ancient Greece, and curbs the fiery sophomore with a Roman rein. North of the new hall, is the Law building. This is a solid structure of red brick, not remarkable for anything but the noise that is heard within. The laboratory, library, and other buildings are situated at the east side of the campus. Of these, of the beautiful grounds, and the many interesting things connected with the "school" we shall speak in another letter. The number of students cannot be ascertained yet, as many are still arriving for the law, and medical departments; but it is said that the number will exceed that of last year.

JASPER.

JOINT discussions between Messrs. M. D. Wilber and W. B. Williams, candidates for Congress in the fifth district of Michigan, will take place as follows:

At Muskegon—Monday evening, Oct. 12.

At Grand Haven—Tuesday evening, Oct. 13.

At Allegan—Wednesday evening, Oct. 14.

At Grand Rapids—Thursday evening, Oct. 15.

At Ionia—Friday evening, Oct. 16.

Questions to be discussed embraced in the platforms of the Democratic, Reform and Republican parties, State and District, for 1874. Conditions regulating speaking are as follows: Mr. Wilber to open at Muskegon and to alternate thereafter; one hour to open; one hour to answer, and fifteen minutes to close, given to first speaker. A Chairman and Secretary to be selected from each side at each meeting. The Committees, jointly, in the places above named, are requested to make all necessary arrangements for a Hall in which to hold meetings.

THE late troubles in Louisiana, are summed up by the New Orleans *Picayune*, in the following remarks: "We have shown the world three important truths, truths that were not previously recognized, that could never have been proven by assertion, and whose establishment was imperatively necessary to us. First, that we were not seeking to deprive the colored people of their rights. Second, that we were not in rebellion against the United States authority. Third, that the Kellogg government had not the ghost of a support, independent of the United States army; that it was not republican in any essential respect, and that the people, white or black, extended no hand to prop or save it."

EARLY to bed and early to rise will be all in vain if you don't advertise.

GENERAL Sherman has sold his residence on I street, Washington, to ex-Mayor Emory. Prior to his election to the Presidency this was the home of General Grant, the gift of New York friends. Subsequently it was purchased of the President by the friends of General Sherman, and presented to him in 1869. The property was also once owned by Vice-President John C. Breckinridge who with Senators Douglas and Rice built the block.

Special Notices.

Special Notice.

The CITY DRUG STORE will be kept open on Sundays, until further notice is given.

HEBER WALSH,
Proprietor.

HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

Just Received.

A large and choice stock of Fashionable Fall Dress Goods, Flannels, Furnishing Goods and Notions, which I offer *Cheap* for Cash. Give me a call, and examine the stock. No trouble to show the goods.

DANIEL BERTSCH.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 18, 1874.

N. B.—Come and examine those 50 cent Corsets.

To the traveling public, and those leaving for Grand Rapids on the afternoon train, we would state that BURGARD'S, 38 Pearl Street, is the best place for a meal, or a lunch, in Grand Rapids. Everything necessary for a first-class restaurant, is kept there and there is no unnecessary delay. Try and see.

115—

Every Person.

Man, woman, boy or girl should send at once for one of the Excelsior Stationery Packets, containing Note Paper, Envelopes, Pen Holder, Pencils, Pens, Blank Book, Blotter, Photographs, Tooth Picks, Perfume Sachet, Chinese Puzzle, and a fine piece of Ladies' or Gents' Jewelry. Try a Package. Price, post paid, 50 cents, or 8 for \$1. Agents Wanted. Address: J. CARTY BURROWS, 319 HARMONY ST., Philadelphia, Pa.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS.



There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, sprains, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The receipt is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for sprained or swollen horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use." Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, \$1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only safe article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

New Advertisements.

WANTED. Lady Agents in every City and Town in New England States. Exclusive territory given, sell at sight, \$5 to \$10 a day guaranteed on commission or salary. Address: Ellis Manufacturing Co., Waltham, Mass.

For a good bargain go to the Store of
JOHN ROOST & SON,
GENERAL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots & Shoes,
Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps,
FLOUR AND FEED.
The highest price paid for
BUTTER AND EGGS,
in Trade or in Cash.

WHO WANTS ANY?

000,000,001 qt. Berry.
000,001 Berry crates;
000,000,001 R. R. Peach Baskets.
For sale by
H. D. POST.

Sidewalk Plank.

A choice lot of dry pine 2-inch cull plank for sale cheap, by H. D. Post. Also, No. 1 Shingles, cheap.

CLOSING OUT!!

I intend to remove and will close out my entire stock of

JEWELRY AND PICTURE, Stationary and School Books.

Paper, Envelopes, Writing Books, Pens, Pencils, Albums, Diaries, Confectionary, Toys Etc.

For Cash—At Cost.

All those owing me are requested to come and settle. Parties having binding to do will please come soon.

I also offer a good Lot and Dwelling on South River Street. A. CLOETINGH.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 30, 1874.

J. O. DOESBURG,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

NO. 70, EIGHTH STREET.

Drugs,

Medicines,

Paints and Oils.

Are sold as cheap at this Drug Store as at any other. Medicines warranted to be strictly pure.

Trusses,

Chamois Skin,

Counter, Cloth,

Hair and

Paint Brushes.

All the leading Patent Medicines in the market. A full Stock of the very best Perfumery sold in bottle or by measure.

J. O. DOESBURG.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874. 134 tf

H. MEENGES,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS.

Crockery,

Glassware,

Stoneware,

Lamps.

Vegetables in their Seasons.

Sole Agent in this City for the "Non-Explosive Lamps."

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.

R. KANTERS,

DEALER IN

STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations.

All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention. R. KANTERS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-tf

65 to 800 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINTON & Co., Portland, Maine. 50-ly

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office. 105 tf

N. KENYON.

CASH FOR WOOD.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION of the City of Holland wish to contract for wood for the Public Schools, during the coming winter. Those having good wood to sell, cheap, will please apply to the Secretary of the Board of Education.

By Order of the Board of Education,
H. D. POST, Secretary.
HOLLAND, Sept. 16, 1874.

NOTICE!

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors, of the "Holland Iron Company," held at the City of Holland on Thursday afternoon, September 10, 1874, it was unanimously resolved to make an assessment of two per cent on the capital stock of said company, and that the same be paid within thirty days at the office of the Treasurer, Mr. N. Kenyon.

By order of the Board of Directors,
H. WALSH, Secretary.
HOLLAND CITY, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874.

Challenge Washer. Best and cheapest, 50,000 sold. In use 10 years. Sent on trial anywhere. Return at our expense, if it fails to give entire satisfaction. Agents wanted. They average \$10 per day. Send for circular. S. W. Palmer & Co. Auburn, N. Y.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. The New Physiologic Self-cure mailed under seal. Price 25 cents. Address M. & S. Institute, Milwaukee, Wis.

PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery,

Of the Most Approved Patterns;

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN,

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER
WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

46 3/4 S. 1/2

TEA AGENTS WANTED.

TEA AGENTS wanted in town and country to sell TEA, or get up club orders, for the largest Tea company in America. Importers' prices and inducements to Agents. Send for circular. Address ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.

The Christian Union, Henry Ward Beecher, Editor, of Oct. 25th last, says: "Parties wishing to get up clubs, and all who can get orders for TEA, should write him for a circular."

The New York Weekly Tribune, of Sept. 3d, says: "All 'Granges' should write Robt. Wells for circular."

The Scythe, of Sept. 20, says: "Robt. Wells is thoroughly reliable." 115-135

BENSON & WADSWORTH.

IMPORTERS OF

Brandies and Champagnes,

No. 30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Sole Agents in the United States for the Wine Houses of C. C. BENSON & CO., OF RHEIMS, COGNAC AND LONDON.

Benson's Fine Old Golden Grape Cognac is the finest Brandy ever exported from a French vineyard, and can be procured only from us. Champagnes, Sherries and Ports of the finest flavors, all from the houses of C. C. Benson & Co. Our goods are sold and delivered in their original packages as they left the vineyard in France, and guaranteed perfectly pure. PRICE LIST sent free on application. 115-1y

I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors. Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH

Druggist & Pharmacist.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES

AND

FLOUR & FEED.

8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABAREE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegend's) a FLOUR & FEED and GROCERY Store. We shall keep on hand everything that pertains to a complete Family Supply store.

Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain, and Mill Stuff,

At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

HOLLAND, Aug. 13, 1874. 108-ly

JACOB FLIEMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,

Light & Heavy Wagons,

Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Skins always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style.

I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from

Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted.

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Thanking my old customers for past favors

Notings.

OVERCOATS.

THE Board of Supervisors will meet in annual session next Monday.

LIEUT. Col. Wm. H. Graves of the Twelfth Michigan Infantry, died at Adrian last week.

THE Classis of Michigan, of the Reformed Church, held its fall meeting in this city, on Wednesday.

A NEW Republican daily paper is talked of in Grand Rapids, with T. D. Gilbert, M. S. Crosby, B. A. Harlan and others as stockholders.

It is estimated that the number of packages of fruit shipped from St. Joseph and Benton Harbor during the present season will be 1,500,000.

A PARTY of 14, friends and relatives of Mr. G. Slenk, of this city, arrived from the old country, on Tuesday. They intend to farm it, and will probably locate in Graafschap.

In Japan the law requires that, when a person cuts down a tree, he shall plant one in its place. In this way the supply of wood is kept up. George Washington owes his country a tree.

SAID a Detroit lady to a small boy whom she found crying in the street, the other day: Will you stop crying if I give you a penny? "No," said he; but if you'll make it two cents I'll stop if it kills me."

PRESIDENT Grant and party arrived in St. Louis Monday evening and were formally received.—*Ex.*

[Why didn't they add a horse-fair or a horse-race to the festivities connected with the dedication of the Lincoln monument?]

THEY have it "Hartzorig" in one of the Detroit papers, mentioning the suicide of Mr. Hartgerink. Considering the distance it is not near as bad as the reading of the report of the Committee on Credentials in the Republican County Convention, on Tuesday.

In Vicksburgh, Miss., an association has been organized under the name of the Order of Blues and Grays, composed of soldiers of the Union and Confederate armies, and having for its object the restoration of good feeling between the opposing parties.

THREE Highlanders sat by their toddy on a rainy day, and as an Englishman was present they indulged themselves in the idiom of his country. One said, "This is the best whiskey I never tasted any more." The second said, "So did I neither." The third concluded, "Neither did I too."

THE number of students in the several departments of Hope College at the opening of this term is 92, as follows: Theological Department 7; Academic 22; Preparatory 63; total—92. Summed up by States and countries, Michigan has 68, Illinois 11, Wisconsin 4, New York 3, New Jersey 1, Pennsylvania 1, Japan 3 and Holland 1.

In awarding the contract for stamped envelopes to the Plympton Manufacturing Company, Postmaster General Jewell gave them definitely to understand that they must not expect any favors from him merely because they were his fellow townsmen. He told them that if they were not prepared to go to work at the time set in the bond, he would at once take the contract from them.

At an informal meeting of the Lincoln Monument Association, it was decided that while Senator Oglesby should deliver the oration proper on the occasion of the dedication of the monument on the 15th of October next, the Hon. Jesse K. DuBois should give a history of what the Association has done from the date of its organization up to the time of the dedication of the monument.

THE success of the Chicago Exposition should not be surprising, as long as the management of the association is vested in the following-named officers: Potter Palmer, president; Joseph Medill, W. F. Coolbaugh, C. B. Farwell, N. K. Fairbank, Jacob Rosenberg, vice-presidents; executive committee, N. S. Bouton (chairman), Potter Palmer, George H. Laffin, David A. Gage, R. T. Crane, George S. Bowen, John B. Drake and Edwin Lee Brown; secretary, John P. Reynolds; treasurer, J. Irving Pearce.

WE met with this witty retort in a sketch of a short trip through a portion of Ireland. The writer is conversing with his car driver:

"You are a Catholic, Jimmie?"
"Yes, yer honor."
"And do you pray to the Virgin Mary?"
"I do, yer honor."
"Well there's no doubt she was a good woman. The Bible says so. But she may have been no better than your mother or mine."
"That's true, yer honor; but then you will allow there's a mighty difference in their children."—*He.*

THE schr. *Mary* has been hauled out and calked.

ANDY Johnson says he never was a Republican. Who cares?

BRIHAM Young is dangerously ill, and his wife feels very bad about it.

THE city is being canvassed for Judge Littlejohn's "Legends of Michigan and the old North-West."

ON Monday a freight train on the C. & M. L. S. R. R. ran off the track near the depot, damaging the engine somewhat.

MRS. STONEWALL Jackson resides at Charlotte, N. C. She is quite young, not above thirty—of medium height and very attractive.

BOTH parties have held their County Conventions this week, and made their nominations, which we will give next week.

REPRESENTATIVE Cain, of South Carolina, a colored man, says that he regards the war of races "as a mere chimera, feared by white and colored people only in proportion to their ignorance."

THREE logs, respectively twelve and sixteen feet in length, recently cut at one of the mills in Grand Haven, scaled the immense quantity of 5,103 feet, the largest one scaling 1,952 feet.

In the "Zeeland Debating Fraternity," the following officers have been elected: Mr. G. Bolks, President; H. Keppel, Vice-President; R. N. Hyma, Secretary; J. Blok, Treasurer; T. Van Eenenam, Marshal; B. Huizenga, Steward.

THE following delegates were elected from this city to attend the Democratic County Convention: G. Van Schelven, W. Benjaminse, J. O. Doesburg, J. Dykema, J. Kuite, J. Stevens, J. Verplanke, D. DeVries and S. Sprietsma.

THE Collegiate Church, of New York, is having the ancient records and minutes of their Church translated into English. These documents are written in the Dutch language and date back as far as 1614, having been carefully preserved in vaults.

THIS is the way a colored preacher at Richmond arranged his hearers for mutual convenience: "De fore part ob de church will please sit down so de hind part can't see de fore part ef de fore part persist in standin' before de hind part to de utter exclusion of de hind part by de fore part."

NEVER bet on a horse-race, my son. It is wrong to bet, and, besides, the horse that ought to win is likely, in nine out of ten cases, to be jockeyed to the rear. Do not bet at all, my son; but, if you bet on horses, get acquainted with the riders in advance of the contest, and see how the thing is coming out."

CHIGNON is dead. The great deity of the feminine toilet is no more. Paris has given it up for the sake of economy. It was very costly. Every year there was taken into Paris 110,000 pounds of human hair in a "raw" or unworked state—worth \$680,000, and to be made into chignons. Now all that money can be spent in some other nonsense.

A PUBLIC meeting in the interest of the Holland Iron Company was held on Thursday evening, and it was well attended. The project was placed in the hands of a committee comprised of our best men and will be pushed to completion within a very short period. A small balance of stock remains to be taken and when this is done, the works will be pushed right along.

THE Saugatuck Commercial has the following call: The undersigned citizens, of Douglas and Saugatuck invite all who are interested in fruit growing, to meet at the Saugatuck House, on Saturday, October 10th, for the purpose of organizing a company to build a propeller to run between this port and Chicago." The call is signed by several of the leading men there, and at the bottom says: "We mean business." The principle involved in the above enterprise corresponds with our short article on that subject in last week's issue.

In 1641, a deposit of thirty thousand pounds sterling was made in the Bank of Holland, Europe, by a wealthy Dutchman in trust for two children named Sarah Weber and Wintjie Sybrant Brewer, who were to come into possession upon the death of an invalid relative. The invalid lived for twenty years, during which time the two heirs came to the United States where they were married and took no thought of the past, letting it bury its own dead. The Brewers multiplied greatly in this country and, in the meantime, the Dutch government faithful to its trust, kept principal and compound interest on the same until a short time since an agent in New York learned the facts in the case, and is now making it known to the Brewers of this country. There are now nearly five hundred Brewers arranging to divide among themselves, as soon as they can be identified and their family trees traced an amount equal to over seventy millions of dollars.

CIRCUIT Court will meet on the 20th inst.

THE workmen of New York have nominated Charles A. Dana for Mayor.

Prof. C. DOESBURG has been visiting Pella, Io., and returned last Friday.

THE Prince of Wales has accepted the Grand Mastership of the order of Free Masons.

THE business partners of Moulton became his bondsmen Wednesday in the Beecher slander suit.

EIGHTEEN young ladies have been admitted at the opening of the University at Ann Arbor, last week.

ALTHOUGH there are hundreds of post-mistresses in different parts of the country, it is asserted that not one yet has been a defaulter.

CAPT. E. B. WARD, had about 21,000,000 feet of pine injured by the fires in the woods, which in order to save, he will be obliged to have cut at once.

THE new steamer to be built by Messrs. Wolf & Davidson, Chicago, for the Engelmann Transportation Company will have 180 feet keel, 26 feet beam, exclusive of guards, and 11 feet hold.

In the State of Rhode Island no foreigner can vote unless he has a freehold of \$250. A foreign-born citizen in that State has less rights than a colored man. The Civil Rights Bill is silent on this point.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 8, 1874: Brown Miss Elizabeth Freeman A. M. 2 Brown Mrs. L. A. Hughes Abe Cole James Johnson Ira Shull Richard B.

WM. VEEBEEK, P. M.

THE new capitol is steadily increasing in size and beauty of structure, and the basement and first story are now complete. Two hundred and twenty-five men are employed on the building, and nearly one hundred thousand brick are laid every working day.

ON Friday of last week, Dr. B. Ledebore left for Patterson, N. J., on receipt of a telegram that his son, left in charge of his business there, had been missing since Sunday; since then nothing definite has been heard, leaving his relatives here in anxious suspense.

PARSON Brownlow has written another letter, in which he positively declares that the passage of the Civil Rights Bill will cause the utter destruction of the Republican party in the South. He says that the bill will destroy the public school system, and that it is not needed for the protection of the negro.

THE following is the letter of Prof. Swing, withdrawing from the Presbyterian Church. It was addressed to the Presbytery of Chicago, at their session last week, and by them accepted by a vote of 18 to 11:

BRETHREN:—When in May last I withdrew from the church of my birth and choice, the request for a letter, to some kindred church was postponed, because my withdrawal was based not upon a desire to hasten into some other denomination, but to hasten away from one in which military spirits, weary of prolonged peace, had become prominent, and, fixing upon me as a casus belli, were gathering up the implements and passions of an insane war.

In the few months which have since elapsed I have said nothing and thought nothing about seeking a home in some other denomination, not only because my present position is sufficiently peaceful and good, but because society being still full of that human nature which made the old Germans when they admitted a new ally into their confederation espouse all his quarrels as thenceforth their own, I have felt unwilling to knock at the gates of any adjoining tribe, and thus ask them to accept any part of a conflict that seems to be desolating the land from which I am making escape. The seeking of some other ecclesiastical relations must be, therefore, postponed to days of peace.

Your Synod will soon assemble, and you will be asked to enter upon a second conflict; and knowing what loss of time, or even injury to religion, is destined to result from a strife that draws vitality not from a love of usefulness, but from a fanaticism of dogma, I desire to be wholly removed from your body as cause or excuse for a most harmful conflict.

Avowing myself a Presbyterian in the sense in which the vast majority of clergymen wearing that name are Presbyterians, I will not contend for my rights to such title nor to any of its honors, but will yield all, that the pastors of your body, toiling in a large city, may be set free from the combat with a few closet theologians and may give their time and powers to their noble work of leading the multitude to Jesus Christ. I therefore declare myself independent, and ask the esteemed Presbytery to drop my name from its roll.

With assurance of brotherly love, yours,
DAVID SWING.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

NEW DRESS SILKS!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we have this season added to our stock, a NEW and COMPLETE Line of

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS, LADIES' SUITS AND SACKS AND SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS.

We have visited the Eastern Jobbing Houses, and personally selected our stock of

MILLINERY AND TRIMMINGS, OF THE LATEST STYLES.

A Beautiful Selection of

PARASOLS, FANS, LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,

And a complete stock of

KID GLOVES.

All First Class Goods. At the Lowest Cash Prices.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERG,

EIGHTH STREET - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

Boots and Shoes,

At the Store of

L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

Judiciously and carefully selected for the season, and comprising the most complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES ever offered in THE CITY OF HOLLAND.

LADIES, GENTS, YOUTHS, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR, Of the Latest Styles.

CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING Done at short notice.

Cash Paid for Hides.

Our prices compare favorable with those of our neighbors, and it is our purpose to compete successfully with the trade outside this city, intending not only to satisfy our old friends, but to draw a new trade to this city and the Boot and Shoe Store of L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

HOLLAND, April 1, 1874.

46-4cl-1y

LAKE EXCURSIONS.

"FANNY SHRIVER."

The Public are informed that the pleasant and beautiful little steamer FANNY SHRIVER of Holland, can be chartered any day or evening during the summer season to make excursions on

Black Lake & Lake Michigan.

We would further announce that in addition to the above arrangements, we have also purchased a large barge, which will be fitted up with suitable seats and awnings, and will accommodate from 300 to 400 persons, and admirably adapted for Sunday-School picnics or large excursions. Parties chartering, have the exclusive control for that day.

Holland, June 1st, 1874.

F. R. BROWER Captain.

130 ft

The Old and Reliable House

OF E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.

Also a full line of

FINDINGS!

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-31/2s-1y

J. DUURSEMA.

T. KOFFERS.

NEW STOCK

At the

GENERAL RETAIL STORE

Of

DUURSEMA & KOFFERS.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Stoneware, Notions and Trimmings, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Glassware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET,

HOLLAND, MICH.

115-4

JOSLIN & BREYMAN,

OF THE

Variety and Jewelry Store!

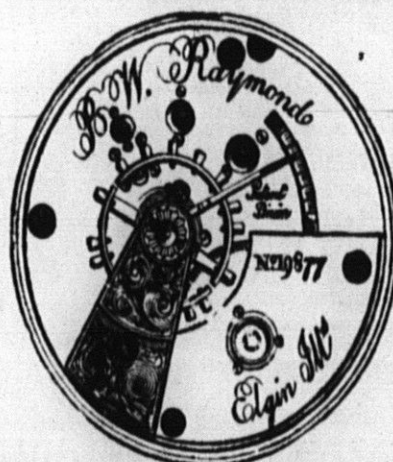
Have on hand a constantly replenished, carefully selected and ever fresh stock of

SILVER PLATED WARE,

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

SILVER SETS,



FANCY TOYS,

AND

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & NOTIONS.

Call on us and you may be sure the appearance, prices and quality of our Goods will suit you. We are ready to repair.

WATCHES, CLOCKS OR JEWELRY, In a Thoroughly Satisfactory Manner.

CORNER OF 8th AND MARKET STREETS.

46-4cl-1y

P. & A. Steketee,

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale

Dry Goods, Groceries, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, ETC., ETC.

Brick Store,

—of— E. J. HARRINGTON,

Where may be found at all times, at Wholesale or Retail!

Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

CASH PRICES.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874.

SONG OF THE FLAIL.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

In the autumn, when the hollows
All are filled with flying leaves,
And the colonies of swallows
Quit the quaintly stuccoed eaves,
And a silver mantle glistens
Over all the misty vale,
Sits the little wife and listens
To the beating of the flail—
To the pounding of the flail—
By her cradle sits and listens
To the clapping of the flail.

The bright summer days are over,
And her eye no longer sees
The red bloom upon the clover,
The deep green upon the trees;
Hushed the songs of finch and robin,
With the whistle of the quail;
But she hears the mellow throbbing
Of the thunder of the flail,
The low thunder of the flail—
Through the amber air the throbbing
And reverberating flail.

In the barn the stout young thrasher
Stooping stands with rolled-up sleeves
Beating out his golden treasure
From the ripped and rustling sheaves;
Oh, was ever knight in armor—
Warrior all in shining mail—
Half so handsome as her farmer
As he piles the flying flail,
As he wields the flashing flail—
The bare-throated, brown young farmer,
As he swings the sounding flail?

All the hopes that saw the sowing,
All the sweet desire of gain,
All the joy that watched the growing
And the yellowing of the grain,
And the love that went to woo her,
And the faith that shall not fail—
All are speaking softly to her
In the pulses of the flail,
Of the palpitating flail—
Past and future whisper to her
In the music of the flail.

In its crib their babe is sleeping,
And the sunshine from the door
All the afternoon is creeping
Slowly round upon the floor;
And the shadows soon will darken,
And the daylight soon must pale,
When the wife no more shall hearken
To the tramping of the flail,
To the dancing of the flail—
When her heart no more shall hearken
To the footfall of the flail.

And the babe shall grow and strengthen,
Be a maiden, be a wife,
While the moving shadows lengthen
Round the dial of her life;
There the trust of friend and neighbor,
And an age serene and hale,
When machines shall do the labor
Of the stout arm and the flail,
Of the stout heart and the flail—
Great machines perform the labor
Of the good old-fashioned flail.

But when, blessed among women,
And when, honored among men,
They look around them, can the brimming
Of their utmost wishes then
Give them happiness complete?
And can ease and wealth avail
To make any music sweeter
Than the pounding of the flail?
Oh, the sounding of the flail!
Never music can be sweeter
Than the beating of the flail!
—Harper's Magazine.

GODFREY'S KEEPSAKE.

"Give me a keepsake!" Godfrey had said, when we knew that we must part for three long years. So, while my tears fell fast, and my heart throbbed heavily in pain, I knitted a purse for my betrothed. I wanted it to be unlike other purses, so I wove it into a fantastic pattern of milk-white beads, upon the dark green silk, and with this I wrought the initials—G. for Godfrey and H. for Helen—with a true lover's knot of white silk. While I plied the shining needles, putting my daintiest stitches into the gift I was knitting, I thought only of Godfrey, my lover, my hero among men.

He was not very handsome, but tall, large, and with a wiry, elastic frame that told of its strength in every movement. He had a hot temper, I had been told, but I never saw any indication of it. To me he was tender as a woman, for I was thrown upon his protection strangely.

I was a dressmaker when he first knew me, though I had once been the heiress of wealth, had received a good education, had traveled every summer in my own country, and spent one year abroad. My father died when I was 16, and left his fortune to his wife. Two years after my mother married, and after six months she too died, leaving her money to her husband, trusting utterly in his love to provide for me, as he was an old man, childless, and professing a fatherly tenderness for me.

My mother was but a month dead when my stepfather coldly advised me to learn a trade. Seeing my amazement, he informed me that my mother's will disinherited me, and he had no intention of supporting me in idleness, though he would give me a home until I learned to support myself.

In my indignation I turned to my old friends. A few—only a very few—gave sympathy and advice. One alone gave me practical help. Mrs. Raymond, a schoolmate of my mother's, a widow, and with but a small income, took me to her home, and under her care and protection I learned my trade as my stepfather had advised.

I was very lonely at first, feeling keenly the great wrong done me, bitterly resenting the fact that the money my father had earned by honorable toil for his wife and child was in a stranger's hands, and fretting over the new confinement of my work. But when I had been a month in my new home Godfrey returned there. I had learned to respect and admire him from his mother's constant, loving references of him, but he had been three years away then, and I had never met him. When he came I loved him, and he learned to love me.

But our love was clouded by the fact that another absence of three years would soon take Godfrey from me. He was in a commercial house that sent him abroad as purchaser of goods in the European cities, and he was expected to remain three years at a time. His position was not sufficiently lucrative then for him to take a wife abroad, though he hoped it would soon be so.

There was some talk of an immediate marriage, but it was not carried into effect, as we felt an implicit faith in each other's constancy.

In the spring time we parted, I to remain with Mrs. Raymond, Godfrey

to write often. One of his sorrows was the uncertainty of letters, as he traveled constantly and had often missed his mother's, when he did not exactly take the route he proposed on his writing to her.

In the purse I had knitted I put a locket containing my miniature and a lock of my hair, and he promised never to part with either gift.

It is useless to try to write of our loneliness after son and lover left us. We worked faithfully, for I wanted to take a little marriage portion to Godfrey, and for a year we lived our quiet, uneventful lives, hearing frequently from Godfrey, writing by every steamer. Then sorrow came like a lightning stroke. Mrs. Raymond dropped dead of heart disease without any warning of danger.

I cannot dwell upon my grief. It was losing another mother, for I loved her fondly, and she had given me truer, warmer affection than my own mother, devoted to fashion, gayety and dress, had ever done. While I was wondering where to turn, for I could not keep up alone the little house we had shared, my uncle came to see me.

I had but a dim recollection of him when he sent his card to my room, but when I went to meet him my dead father seemed to stand before me.

"Helen," he said, taking my hand, "why did you not write to me when your mother died, leaving you at the mercy of the unprincipled scoundrel she married."

"I thought you had forbidden us to write."

"I did resent your mother's marriage. It was an insult to your father's memory, but I never dreamed of the monstrous wrong done you. Only, today, going to her lawyer for your address, I learned of the will that deprives my brother's child of the inheritance he left in her mother's care! You must come with me. I have one child, your cousin, who was named as you were, for my mother, and who is just your age. I wish," he added with a sigh, "I could say she was strong, well and beautiful as you are; but she has been a cripple since she was ten years old; she is slowly dying of consumption. Will you not come and be her sister?"

As he spoke he took me in his arms and kissed me tenderly. My own father's face seemed bending over me as I gladly consented to go with him wherever he wished.

I wrote hurriedly to Godfrey, for there was much to do. Already the tidings of his mother's death had gone to him, but I wrote to tell him that my uncle had come to take me to Walnut Hill, near Cincinnati, and begged him to write to me there.

As soon as I was settled in my new home, welcomed with cordial love, I wrote again to Godfrey, telling him of my invalid cousin, Nellie, and how rapidly she was failing. I dwelt tenderly on her gentle patience, her winsome sweetness, and the sorrow of her father, and told of my hope of comforting him, when the bereavement that was hastening to him should come. This letter never reached Godfrey.

I received letters from him irregularly, for he was moving constantly, but ever loving and hopeful, looking forward to his return, planning for our future. My happy, peaceful life at Walnut Hill was only clouded by the gradual failing of my cousin Nellie, who sank to rest upon her father's breast, holding my hand, when she had been my sister for nearly a year.

My uncle's grief was softened by my presence. It had been my cousin's care to tell me of all his wishes and tastes, and I tried to repay his love for me by filling a daughter's place in every way. But after these two years I have described, Godfrey's letters ceased. Again and again steamers came in, and no letter came to me. I wrote to various points where he had been, and received no answer. Finally my uncle wrote to the house in whose employ he traveled. They sent an immediate answer:

"Mr. Raymond had resigned his place, and had gone with an exploring party to Central Africa."

That was all. If he had found another love he did not bid the old one farewell. Without word or sign he went from my life.

Six years passed away, and my stepfather died. In his will he restored to me my father's property, nearly doubled by successful investments. I was indifferent to wealth when it came to me. My uncle supplied every want, and had willed his property to me, but he was glad that my lost inheritance came back to me, from his own sense of justice.

In the six years I had lived at Walnut Hill I had gone into society, had read and studied, keeping my uncle's house, and leaving no spare time for sorrowful meditation. I had suitors, made friends, but the heart that I had given Godfrey would not open for new love. False or true, Godfrey was the one love of my life, and I would have no other.

I was twenty-eight years old, and ten years had elapsed since my first meeting with Godfrey, when my uncle's death once more threw me on the world alone. With all his wealth added to my own, I was without one living relative, and strangely desolate. I never made intimate friends, and my home became hateful to me.

I left it in the care of a housekeeper, and with one paid companion, Mrs. Lee, I returned to my old home, New York, for a visit. In the hotel where I took a suit of rooms I met one of my old schoolmates. She had been one of the few who had visited me when I was earning my living at a sewing machine, and had given me her dresses to make; so we met cordially.

"You must come home with me!" she urged. "I am married, you know, and my husband has a home at Nyack-on-the-Hudson. We have two little girls and a baby boy. I am only here

on a shopping excursion, and going back to-morrow. You must go with me."

She was very cordial, and when her husband, Mr. Lancelles, was introduced to me, he added his entreaties to those of his wife, and I was easily persuaded to make a visit to Nyack. Here, Marion playfully overhauled my wardrobe, and made me alter and change to her taste.

"You look about twenty-two or three, though I know you are older," she said to me, "and you dress like fifty! You must let me dress you."

So my dresses were flounced and trimmed, soft lace relieving the deep black I had worn since my uncle's death; my hair was crimped, and Marion fussed over me as if I was one of her own little girls.

I had been six weeks at Nyack, when the little girl told me one morning, with the appearance of imparting weighty tidings, that Uncle Ray was coming home, and a few minutes after Marion came to my room.

"We are to have company," she said.

"Your brother?"

"So the children have told you. They call him Uncle Ray, but he is not a relative. He is an intimate friend of Mr. Lancelles. They were at school together, and for years in the same business house. Three years ago Ray came here and made us a visit of over two months, returning to Europe. He travels constantly, restlessly. Come with me while I get his room ready, and I will tell you more about him."

"He is not rich," she said, "but he earns enough to live upon by writing for some of the leading journals. Alone in the world, since we have had a home he leaves many of his valuables with us, fearing to lose them if he takes them with him. You must never betray me, but I will show you a box he left the last time he was here, that I am to destroy if he dies abroad."

As she spoke, Marion opened a cabinet and took out a small box, which she unlocked with a key she took from her own pocket.

In this box were a few small parcels. One, an envelope, held a photograph of a grave, a tall white marble shaft, and upon it—

"HELEN GRAHAM WELLES,
Aged twenty."

My heart seemed to stop. Tearing open the next package, I saw the silk purse, with the initials H. G. in milk-white beads upon the green ground.

I must have fainted, for the next thing I remember was the touch of cold water on my face, and Marion looking anxiously at me.

"Oh, Helen!" she cried, "Do forgive me! I never noticed the name on the tombstone. No wonder you fainted."

"She was my cousin," I said, and again a deathly faintness held me silent.

"She was engaged to Ray," said Marion, "and died while he was in Europe. My husband was with him when he saw her death in the paper. He says he never saw such intensity of sorrow. Ray gave up his business, and joined a party going to Africa. When he was here, three years ago, he went to Cincinnati and visited her grave, bringing home this picture."

"So near me and I unconscious! So faithful and I ignorant! Oh, Godfrey! Godfrey!"

"You call him Ray?" I said.

"Mr. Lancelles always called him so. His name is Raymond—Godfrey Raymond. Did your cousin tell you?"

I told her of the error, and she actually wept, too, to think of the long years of sorrow and separation we had suffered. She made me lie down, and fussed about me as if I had had a fit of illness.

The next day she insisted on me putting off my black dress, and dressed me herself in white, with pale violet ribbons. She arranged my hair, my dress, to suit herself, and then she whispered:

"Godfrey Raymond came last night. We have told him all, and he is waiting in the sitting-room for you."

I went down trembling. Had his heart been true as mine? Was I so changed that he could not recognize his old love? Should I know the dear face I never hoped to see again? All these questions pressed upon my heart as I opened the door of the sitting-room. A tall figure, a bearded face, pale as death, but Godfrey's face, loving, tender and true, were before me. One moment, and every doubt vanished. He was mine, as he had been ten years ago. One clasp of his hand, one cry from his heart, "Helen!" and the years of separation melted away, like the dream of a night.

We have been married nine long years, and live in our own home at Walnut Hill; but Godfrey travels yet, loving a roving life, while I accompany him at home or abroad. There are no children in our home, but we do not miss them, I having no love that is not all my husband's, he caring for no affection but mine. We try to do good out of our vast wealth, keeping a charity fund ever in active circulation, and never closing heart or purse to those poorer than ourselves.

Long ago my husband burned the photograph of the grave over which he had dropped bitter tears; but he still keeps and cherishes the green purse I knitted so long ago for a keepsake.

THERE is a snow-bank in the Rocky Mountains which, on one hand, sends its water into the Colorado, and so on down to the Gulf of California in latitude 32 degrees; on another hand into the Columbia, and so on down to the North Pacific in latitude 46 degrees and 19 minutes; and on another hand into the Missouri, and so on down to the Gulf of Mexico in latitude 29 degrees 20 minutes. And a man can eat of the snows that feed all these rivers without moving out of one place.

BALTIMORE boasts of 2,000 oyster boats.

How They Dissolved.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, tells the following incident in the career of a queer character of the name of Pokebury, who some time back dwelt in Nevada—a lawyer of some promise, who came to nothing through drink. Losing all his clients, he went to mining, and joined a rough miner by the name of Spokes. At the end of a week Pokebury appeared in town with a black eye, a swollen nose, and lacerated garments. Of course we were anxious to know all about it.

"Well, you see," said he, "Bill and I were partners, and I like Billy, for he's a well-meaning man for an uneducated cuss. But Billy and I dissolved partnership, we settled and struck—leastwise we struck each other, and Bill settled. Our first little difference was of an astronomical character. We divided the day different. Billy divided on six a. m., and I divided on ten a. m., and Billy, instead of allowing for astronomical difference, said I was a lazy dog. But I didn't mind that for Billy was my partner, you see, and had a right to his views. Then we differed on ablation. Billy ablated before breakfast, and said I was a dirty dog, for, you see, I always ablate after breakfast. But I didn't mind that, for people will differ, and so long as the difference don't affect business, what's the odds? But the third difference was just a little too much for me. We were sitting down to beans and slap-jacks, and Billy blowing about my being a greedy dog, when suddenly the fellow said to me, 'I'd thank you for those molasses.' This was too much; no man can say 'those molasses' to me and live, and I just took him in the countenance with a right-hander that settled him and his insulting bad grammar together. That's the way we dissolved. I'm in town and I guess Bill will be here in a couple of weeks."

—Harper's Drawer.

Best Organs on Most Favorable Terms.

The new terms offered by the Mason & Hamlin Organ Company, for the sale of their celebrated instruments, create dissatisfaction with many dealers, who declare that they will greatly injure the business of selling other organs, especially by peddlers. By these terms a person is allowed to hire an organ, paying only a reasonable rent for it—having the privilege, of course, of returning it at any time after six months, or of purchasing it at any time. If the purchase is completed within a year, the whole cost of the organ is only five to ten per cent. more than if all cash had been paid at the beginning.

Dealers say this is much too small a difference for the accommodation in time, and privilege of returning, given.

The Mason & Hamlin Company are determined to try the experiment thoroughly, at least, being confident that their organs will prove so attractive and satisfactory in use that scarcely any will ever be returned to them. Circulars with full particulars can be obtained by addressing them in Boston, New York, or Chicago.

THERE are four women decorated with the French Cross of the Legion of Honor—Rosa Bonheur, the painter; Madame Dubar, Superior of the Convent of the Sœurs de l'Espérance at Nancy; Lady Pigott, for her devotedness to the wounded during the Franco-Prussian war, and Mlle. Bertha Rocher, of Havre, for founding a hospital.

OYSTERS.—The art of fattening our oysters in artificial beds was first taught us by the Romans, finding-pits being first invented about ninety years before Christ. They were first constructed upon the shore of Baie, and even as early as the reign of Vespasian, the British oyster was deemed famous among the Romans, and thought worthy to be carried into Italy.

Those who like to see a ragged toe and dirty stocking will not care to buy SILVER-TIPPED Shoes. But those who would rather have a neat Silver Tip should insist that their shoe dealer should always keep them.

VICTIMS of consumption seeking relief and restored health should use Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. This is the only preparation that develops the full virtue of Tar.

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.

It is now fifteen years since the attention of the public was first called by Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart to this wonderful remedy, and so well has it stood the test of time that to-day it not only has the confidence of the entire community, but is more frequently prescribed by physicians in their practice than any other proprietary preparation in the country. It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the Tar, by which its highest medicinal properties are retained. For the following complaints, inflammation of the Lungs, Coughs, Sore Throat and Breast, Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Weak Stomach, Disease of the Kidneys, Urinary Complaints, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, and diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood, there is no remedy in the world that has been used so successfully or can show such a number of marvelous cures. The following will serve to show the estimation in which this sovereign remedy is held by those who have used it.

Consumption for Ten Years Cured. DR. L. Q. C. WISHART: Dear Sir—I am grateful to you from the fact that you have made a medicine that will cure the disease of the Lungs. My wife has had the Consumption for ten years. Physicians had told me that they could only patch her up for the time being. She was confined to her bed and had been for some time. I heard of your Pine Tree Tar Cordial and secured one bottle; it relieved her cough. She has now finished the fourth bottle, and is able to do the work for her family; and may God speed you on your great discovery and cure you have made for Consumption.

REV. E. H. HOPKINS, Jackson Centre, Shelby Co., Ohio.

From St. Louis, Mo. DR. WISHART, PHILADELPHIA: Dear Sir—During a visit to Philadelphia, some three years ago, I was suffering from a severe cold, and was induced to take a bottle of your Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which had the effect of curing me in a few days. I have used it in my family ever since, and am of the opinion that it saved the life of my daughter, who was suffering from a severe and painful cough. If the publication of this will be of any service, you are at liberty to use it. Yours respectfully, JOHN HODNETT, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers and at

DR. L. Q. C. WISHART'S OFFICE, No. 232 N. Second St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Sad Death.

A little babe belonging to a family in Pottstown, Pa., met a sad fate recently, in the following manner: The little girl, who was eleven months old, had been put to sleep in a bed which had a slat bottom and the bedclothes were too short to reach to the foot end. Between the last slat and the foot-board there was a space of almost four inches. The baby became restless during its sleep and rolled from the head of the bed to the foot, and its body fell between the slat and the footboard, its head not going through. The chin rested on the slat. It is supposed she lived after the fall about forty five minutes. From the floor to the bottom of the bed was fourteen and one-half inches, so that her feet rested on the floor, which no doubt prolonged her life and sufferings. When its mother went to take it up, she found her darling babe dead.

"WHAT do you know of the character of this man?" was asked of a witness at a Police Court the other day. "What do I know of his character? I know it to be unbleachable, your honor," he replied with much emphasis.

THE DYING BODY

SUPPLIED WITH THE

VIGOR OF LIFE

THROUGH

DR. RADWAY'S

SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier!

ONE BOTTLE

Will make the Blood pure, the Skin clear, the Eyes bright, the Complexion smooth and transparent, the Hair strong, and remove all Sores, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Tetter, Cankers, etc., from the Head, Face, Neck, Mouth and Skin. It is pleasant to take and the dose is small.

It Resolves away Diseased Deposits; it Purifies the Blood and Renovates the System. It cures with certainty all Chronic Diseases that have lingered in the system five or ten years, whether it be

Scrofula or Syphilitic, Hereditary or Contagious,

BE IT SEATED IN THE

Lungs or Stomach, Skin or Bones, Flesh or Nerves,

CORRUPTING THE SOLIDS AND VITIATING THE FLUIDS.

IT IS THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE FOR

KIDNEY and BLADDER COMPLAINTS,

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The Cheapest and Best Medicine for Family Use in the World!

One 50-Cent Bottle

WILL CURE MORE COMPLAINTS AND PREVENT THE SYSTEM AGAINST SUDDEN ATTACKS OF EPIDEMIC AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS EXPENDED FOR OTHER MEDICINES OR MEDICAL ATTENDANCE.

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Perfectly, tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Tumor and Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Horrid and Effluvent Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Position, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "FALSE AND TRUE."

Send no letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 33 Warren Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

A Frog Devours an Alligator.

Mark Twain's jumping frog has been outdone by a huge specimen of his kind in this city. Persons in the habit of walking along Charles street, near Bacon, are familiar with the tank in Snow's apothecary store, with its numerous goldfish, which, with a monster frog, two alligators, and a turtle, formed what seemed to be a harmonious and happy family. But appearances in this case, as in so many others, were deceptive. The huge frog, whose swollen figure was so conspicuous at the side of the tank toward the window, was a most voracious monster, devouring other frogs, as well as making a dainty meal of the delicate goldfish. A few days ago one of the alligators, eleven inches long, was missing, and, after search had been made everywhere else, it occurred to the owner of the tank to examine the inside of the frog, though it hardly seemed reasonable to suppose that he had swallowed the alligator. But on opening his mouth it was clear that this was the case, and by putting the finger down the frog's throat the body of the alligator, somewhat softened, but not decomposed, was brought up from the unbounded stomach of the huge croaker. We are glad to be able to state, for the satisfaction of mothers with small children living in the neighborhood, that the frog is to be sent away.—Boston Globe.

Statistics of Draw Poker.

Whatever may be the result of the aberrations of the transit of Venus, they cannot compare in practical utility with the benefit that can be derived from a table of "poker probabilities." An able statistician has, with infinite labor, compiled a table whereby the changes and chances which may occur in a game of poker may be told at a glance. For instance, 2,598,960 different hands can be dealt with a pack of cards; 1,302,540 will contain less than a pair, and 1,296,426 one pair or more. The latter hands divide into 1,098,240 of one pair, 34,912 of three, 125,532 of two pairs, 10,200 straights, 5,107 flushes, 3,774 fulls, 624 fours, and 40 straight flushes. With this table in one hand and your cards in the other, it will take a very smart man to get the best of you in a little game of draw. If in the course of 64,974 deals your adversary holds two straight flushes, a look at the table will convince you that something is wrong, and if fours are played on you more than once in the course of 4,162, instead of drawing your cards, "draw" your revolver and "call" for the police, and when they take him you take the pool.

VINEGAR BITTERS THE GREATEST YET.

A few doses stir the life-current; sluggishness departs, pain vanishes, and after continued use of the remedy the whole body glows with a new energy and a new being. Purge the blood and every organ will perform its function perfectly. The stomach will be no longer tortured with *Dyspepsia*; the lungs will be free from *Consumption*, the liver active, the heart healthy, the brain clear, the nerves braced, and the mind elastic. Use the "VINEGAR BITTERS," and purge your blood. Whether the disease be *Fever*, *Consumption*, *Dyspepsia*, *Affection of the Liver or Kidneys*, *Dropsy*, *Catarrh*, *Rheumatism*, *Gout*, or *pains and aches of any kind*, attack it in its stronghold, the blood—the fountain of life—and it will soon surrender and abandon the outposts. To do this you must have the "VINEGAR BITTERS;" there is no complaint to which the human system is liable that will not yield to its influence, and there are thousands which no other remedial agent will remove.

The proposed tunnel under the Niagara river is to be 2,940 feet. The excavation will amount to 126,398 cubic yards.

Died Suddenly of Heart Disease.

How common is the announcement. Thousands are suddenly swept into eternity by this fatal malady. This disease generally has its origin in impure blood filled with irritating, poisonous materials, which, circulating through the heart, irritate its delicate tissues. Though the irritation may at first be only slight, producing a little palpitation or irregular action, or dull, heavy or sharp, darting pains, yet by and by the disease becomes firmly seated, and inflammation or hypertrophy, or thickening of the lining membrane or of the valves, is produced. How wise to give early attention to a case of this kind. Unnatural throbbing or pain in the region of the heart should admonish one that all is not right, and if you would preserve it from further disease, you must help it to beat rightly by the use of such a remedy as will remove the cause of the trouble. Use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery before the disease has become too seated, and it will, by its great blood purifying and wonderful regulating properties, effect a perfect cure. It contains medicinal properties which act specifically upon the tissues of the heart, bringing about a healthy action. Sold by all first-class druggists.

HEART DISEASE CURED.

ROCKPORT, Spencer Co., Ind., Feb. 1, 1874. Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: About two years ago I was afflicted with a disease of the heart, which at times created a pressure around it, almost causing suffocation. I saw an advertisement of your Golden Medical Discovery, recommending the same as a cure for disease of the heart. I then bought half a dozen bottles of it, and after using three bottles I was entirely relieved, and am now enjoying good health. Gratefully yours, VIRGIL KILLIAN.

ABIMELECH JARVIS, of Iowa, has a magnificent mustache, which comes down long and heavy, on each side of his mouth, and he is not a little proud of it. He was greatly shocked at a camp-meeting, not long since, by observing a near-sighted old lady give her daughter a nudge with her elbow and inquire, "Miranda, who is that there feller with a horse shoe on his face?"

THE HEADQUARTERS IN THE WEST, for the trade in Cloaks, Cloakings, Trimmings and Underwear, is J. W. Griswold & Co., 54 and 56 Madison street, Chicago. Twenty-five years' experience in their specialty has taught them the wants of Western dealers as to quality, styles and prices. There is no house equal to this in the West.

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Willott's Tonic is curative and protective. It will cure Chills and protect from further attacks. Its reputation is established. Its composition is simple and scientific. It contains no poison. It acts promptly, and its effects are permanent. It is cheap, because it saves doctors' bills. It is harmless, speedy in action and delightful in its effects. Try it and prove all that's said. WHEELLOCK, FINLAY & Co., Proprietors, New Orleans. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE Elmwood Collar is the most perfect fitting collar yet made. It is so close an imitation of linen that it cannot be detected. The novelty that produces this effect is the folded edges, which, when worn over a scarf or tie, prevent the sharp, raw edge from showing as in other collars. It is for sale at all general furnishing stores.—Brooklyn Union.

To HAVE good health the liver must be kept in order. Sanford's Liver Invigorator has become a staple family medicine. Purely vegetable—Cathartic and Tonic—for all derangements of Liver, Stomach and Bowels; clears the complexion, cures sick-headache. Shun imitations. Try Sanford's Liver Invigorator.

FAMILIAR and necessary as household words are Rathbone, Bard & Co.'s cook and heating stoves to Western housekeepers.

THE NORTHWESTERN HORSE-NAIL CO.'S

"Finished" Nail is the best in the world.

The Rice Divorce Suit for fraud in age, is causing great excitement in Boston. It should warn young men not to marry in haste. Rice is but 22; his bride 37. He swears that she made him believe she was but his own age, by using Magnolia Balm upon her face, neck and hands. Poor youth! He probably found her elbows weren't quite so soft and pretty. Ought Hagan to be indicted? We know of many similar cases. This Balm gives a most wonderful pearly and natural complexion, to which we don't object. We like pretty women. To finish the picture, they should use Lyon's Kathairon upon the hair. With pearly chin, rosy cheeks, and soft, luxurious tresses, they become irresistible.

Fell from a Railroad Car, and nearly broke his neck. Pat picked him up, rubbed him with Mexican Mustang Liniment, and sent him on by the next train. Falls, bruises, cuts, contusions, lameness and such accidents are constantly occurring. There is nothing so sure, safe, cheap and convenient as the celebrated Mustang Liniment. It costs but 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle, and no family or owner of Horses should be without it. There is no flesh, bone or muscle ailment upon man or animal, like Rheumatism, Bruises, Sprain and Lameness, which it will not alleviate or cure. Why will you suffer? Beware of counterfeits. It is wrapped in a steel-plate engraving, signed "G. W. Westbrook, Chemist."

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It will pick the corn from the stalks, and husk every ear, large and small. Capacity 1,000 bushels per day. It elevates the corn to the crib and the stalks to the stack. The latter being crushed, make good fodder. With a 2-horse power it will do the work of 20 men. Save your husks; they come out clean, and are worth \$50 per ton in N. Y. Made and warranted by Wells, French & Co., Chicago.

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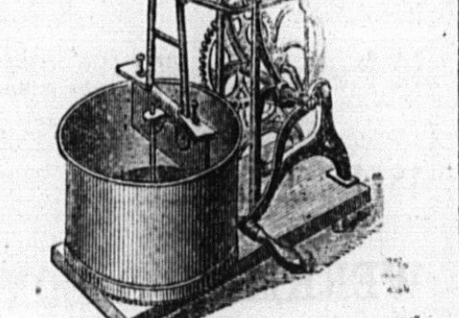
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| No. 2 | 18.24 | 28.24 | 28.24 | 28.24 | 85.00 |
| No. 3 | 22.18 | 32.18 | 32.18 | 32.18 | 84.20 |
| No. 4 | 26.12 | 36.12 | 36.12 | 36.12 | 83.40 |
| No. 5 | 30.06 | 40.06 | 40.06 | 40.06 | 82.60 |
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