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### Holland City News, Volume 14, Number 33: September 19, 1885

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 33.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 682.

## The Holland City News

A Weekly Newspaper published every Saturday.

### Business Directory.

#### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H. Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

#### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O. Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

#### Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River St.

#### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

#### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Williams Bros., Proprietors. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the C. & W. M. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free hack for accommodation of guests.

#### Livery and Sale Stables.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding Stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's hotel.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

#### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

PAVELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Plunger Mills. Manufacturers of new Process Flour. Near foot of Eighth street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

#### Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon. can be found in his office in First Ward Drug Store, on Eighth street.

KREMERS, B., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledebor.

#### Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

### Societies.

#### I. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday evening of each week. Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

L. D. BALDUS, R. S. J. KRUISENGA, N. G.

#### F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 28, Feb. 25, March 25, April 25, May 27, June 24, July 22, Aug. 19, Sept. 23, Oct. 21, Nov. 18, Dec. 16. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

O. BREYMAN, W. M.

D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

#### Knights of Labor.

Harmony Assembly, No. 3,719, of Holland City, meet in Odd Fellows' Hall every week. All communications should be addressed to

HARMONY LOCK BOX, 27-7.

### Our Markets.

#### Produce, Etc.

##### (WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.) Apples, 25c; Beans, 80c; Butter, 10, 11c; Eggs, 12c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 25c.

##### RETAIL.

Apples, 30c; Beans, 1.25; Butter, 11, 12c; Eggs, 13c; Honey, 14c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 25c.

#### Grain, Feed, Etc.

##### (WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.) Buckwheat, 50c; Bran, 100 lbs., 55c; Barley, 100 lbs., 1.10; Clover seed, 1 bu., 5.00; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 1.15; Corn, shelled, 55c; Flour, 100 lbs., 1.40; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., 1.20; Hay, 100 lbs., 1.10; Hay, 100 lbs., 1.10; M middling, 100 lbs., 55c; New oats, 24-26c; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., 55c; Rye, 45c; Timothy Seed, 2.10; Wheat, white, 80; Red Fultz, 80; Lancaster Red, 82.

##### RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 50c; Bran, 100 lbs., 55c; Barley, 100 lbs., 1.10; Clover seed, 1 bu., 5.00; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 1.15; Corn, shelled, 55c; Flour, 100 lbs., 1.40; Fine corn meal, 100 lbs., 1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., 1.20; Hay, 100 lbs., 1.10; Hay, 100 lbs., 1.10; M middling, 100 lbs., 55c; New oats, 24-26c; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., 55c; Rye, 45c; Timothy seed, 2.10.

KREMERS & BANGS have a full stock of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, paint and white-wash brushes, which they are selling at low figures for cash.

### LOCAL ITEMS.

THE flour of the family is usually the latest to rise.

A BAR is a place where water is scarce and danger is near.

The drum corps were out parading last Tuesday evening.

EFFORTS are being made to organize a Brass Band in this city.

LARGE quantities of apples are being shipped from here daily.

SOME of our young people are endeavoring to organize a dramatic society.

"CHEAP JOHN" goes to New York for the purchase of new goods. See Special Notice.

TAX receipts of all kinds neatly printed and bound at this office. Town Treasurers give us a call.

JOHNNIE DUURSEMA, of Fremont, was shaking hands with old friends in Holland this week.

JOS. FIXTER, of Milwaukee, was in town this week looking after his extensive business interests here.

CONDUCTOR Geo. Hopkins has been called to his home in Kalamazoo by sickness of his relatives.

ONE of the best evidences of hard times is the fact that a foot-pad tried to rob an editor the other day.

J. M. DOESBURG and wife, of Ashland, Wis., were in the city this week visiting Mr. Doesburg's parents.

Mrs. C. H. HARMON, is visiting her parents at Greenville, Tennessee. She will be absent about two months.

LAST Saturday Mrs. J. De Pree, of Zealand, one of the first settlers in this section, died aged sixty-four years.

THE Grand Haven Herald publishes the delinquent tax list this year and commenced last week with the first of the series.

Two road trains are constantly at work hauling gravel from Jenisonville repairing the track between this station and Grand Junction.

AN auction sale of farm implements, etc., will take place at the M. D. Howard farm at 10 o'clock on Wednesday, September 23.

H. POSTMA has purchased the building on the corner of Eighth and Market streets of A. Fletstra and is fitting it up for a cigar manufactory.

P. BRAAM, and J. Van Zoeren are shipping hundreds of chickens to Chicago every week. Some twenty crates were sent on Thursday last.

DR. O. N. MOON, of Fennville, formerly of Drenthe, was married last week Thursday evening to Miss Cecelia Walters, of Grand Rapids.

THE earnings of the Chicago and West Michigan R'y for the third week in August show an increase of \$551 over those of the same period last year.

A NEW side track is being laid near the north "Y" at the Chicago and West Mich. R'y Depot. Not enough yard room at this station made this a necessity.

MR. JAS. HUNTLEY has been engaged the past two weeks in doing the inside work for Post's new building. The work is excellent, and "Jim" deserves credit.

WE understand that Mr. and Mrs. Churchill entertained their friends with a "Phantom Party" last evening. Those who were invited speak of its being a very pleasant affair.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Sept. 17, 1885: Chas. F. Tuheron, Fred Smith, J. I. Vandon.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

THE Michigan Conference of the M. E. Church meet in Grand Rapids next week. Rev. George, pastor of the Church in this city, has but two more Sundays to occupy the pulpit here when he will be called to another field.

ALL friends interested in improving the appearance of the Methodist Church personage, are invited to meet next Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. W. H. Holly, on Sixth street, for a "social." A good time is anticipated.

TO-DAY, Saturday, Messrs. Jas. Ryder and Peter Koning will open a restaurant, pool and billiard hall in the building recently occupied by Ed Monteith in the First Ward. Ryder & Koning invite all their friends to come and see them.

MR. W. W. BURKE, of Galveston, Texas, who was formerly employed at this port as harbor inspector, visited his friends here last Saturday. Mr. Burke looks well and says that Texas agrees with him both physically and financially.

HARRY MERCER, emigration agent of Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul R. R., was in Holland this week making arrangements for an excursion to Dakota and Minnesota on Wednesday, September 23. The fare for the round trip to Olivia, Minnesota, is only \$34.

THE hose companies have circulated a subscription paper, secured enough money for the purchase of uniforms, and have placed an order with J. W. Bosman, the tailor, for their manufacture. The "boys" will appear in uniform for the first time at the fair grounds during the fair.

OUR thanks are due this week to Mr. T. S. Purdy for a basket of choice Bartlett pears, to Mr. Fred. L. Souter for a basket of fine Duchess of Oldenburg apples and to Mr. Geo. S. Harrington for a lot of apples of the "Strawberry" variety. Surely the editor has been kindly remembered this week.

MR. H. BOONE is making preparations for the immediate erection of a large Sale Stable Barn opposite the livery barn of Van Raalte & Keppel on Market street. Mr. Boone's business is constantly increasing and his large stock of horses has necessitated his seeking more commodious quarters for them.

MR. R. E. WERKMAN has built a cement walk on his premises on Tenth street. This is the first cement walk ever constructed in this city. It will bear inspection and will undoubtedly be the means of more such durable and finely appearing sidewalks being laid by the citizens of Holland.

LOCOMOTIVE No. 35, the veteran switch engine, which has been on duty at this station for a long time, was finally overcome by the long hours and heavy work put upon it, and broke down on Thursday last and will go to Muskegon for repairs. The railroad boys say the yard don't look natural without the 35.

THE State Fair at Kalamazoo this week has attracted a considerable number of our citizens thence. The fair was a most complete success. The exhibits were larger and finer than those of any previous year, showing that the farmers of the state are determined to make the fair more than a medium sized horse show.

ON looking over our advertisements the reader will notice one asking for sealed proposals for the construction of two life saving stations, one at Sturgeon Bay Canal, Wis., and the other at this port. We had almost given up hopes of ever having a station at this place but from present appearances the near future will see one located at Holland.

THE American Yacht Puritan's signal victory in the race with the British sloop Genesta has been the absorbing topic of conversation in certain circles of men. The first race was won by the Puritan by sixteen minutes and the second race was won by one minute and twenty-five seconds. Everybody American, who witnessed the race, was happy.

LAST Thursday morning the night express due here at 5 o'clock, was delayed over two hours by a break on Engine No. 6, which was pulling the train. Engine No. 23 was secured after some delay and took the train through to Grand Rapids. The delay was a disappointment to many of our citizens who intended visiting the State fair, going by way of Grand Rapids.

THE season at Macatawa Park has closed and Landlord Ryder has moved his effects to the city and will hereafter devote his attention to the Phoenix Hotel. The steamer stopped making trips to the Park last Tuesday and on Wednesday went to Muskegon after a load of lumber for the Park Association, which will be used in the erection of a number of cottages.

THE S. O. and W. A. Agricultural Society have made very favorable arrangements with the Chicago & West Mich. R'y for excursion rates from Grand Rapids, Allegan, Grand Junction, Grand Haven

and all intermediate points. Parties desiring to attend the fair here can secure tickets for the round trip for one fare and a third. Stock for exhibition at the fair will be returned free by freight.

BURGULARS gained an entrance into the jewelry store of Mr. H. Wykhulzen last week Friday night by removing a large pane of glass from the front window sash. Mr. Wykhulzen's store is located in his residence and himself and wife were sleeping in an adjoining room and so quietly did the intruders do their work that neither of them awoke. The plunder secured by them is valued by Mr. Wykhulzen at sixty dollars. No clew to the thieves has as yet been obtained.

WE have just learned that Mr. A. M. Kanter will give a premium for the best flying kite exhibited at the coming fair. The kite is to be made by a Holland City boy under fifteen years of age. The exhibition is to take place on the fair grounds at such time as the committee may appoint. The premium will consist of a box of amateur draughtman's instruments, worth five dollars. Conditions and premiums may be seen at R. Kanter & Sons' hardware store next week.

AN effort is being made to have "Tucker's Metropolitan Comedy Co." play at Lyceum Opera House here during the week of the fair. This company is well spoken of in cities they have visited and one feature of their application for dates here is that they "guarantee satisfaction." Their repertoire includes "Hazel Kirk," "Banker's Daughter," "Hidden Hand," and other standard plays. If the arrangements are completed further notice of the entertainments will be given next week.

HOPE COLLEGE opened last Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock with forty-three new students. The coming year promises to be the most successful in the history of the College. There seems to be new life in the Institution. Students and professors alike are more active and appear to be more zealous in the upbuilding of the College. The newly appointed Professor, J. G. Sutphen, has arrived and entered upon his duties. Prof. Anderson, of Alabama, will arrive here next Monday and go immediately to work. Prof. Sutphen is a very pleasant gentleman and has the appearance of being a good, practical man.

DR. D. M. GEE and wife returned from Battle Creek and the Sanitarium on last Wednesday evening. The thorough course of treatment taken by the doctor has greatly improved his health. His physical condition is better, he says, than it has been for twenty years and his complete recovery is but a question of a short time. The doctor has opened his dental rooms above the Post Office and is ready to meet any and all of his old friends and patrons. His skill in dentistry is too well known in this entire section of the state to need any commendation from us, and with renewed health and vigor and all the latest and best appliances for dental work he will be able to give all patients the benefit of competent and first-class treatment.

#### City Taxes.

THE reader this week will find in our columns an ordinance making the General Appropriation Bill for the city of Holland for the fiscal year. The total amount of tax to be raised for carrying on the affairs of the city next year is \$13,006.68, which is divided as follows: School purposes, \$7,012.55; General Fund, \$2,768.68; Fire Department Fund, \$909.40; Poor Fund \$550; Library Fund, \$100; Interest and Sinking Fund, \$312.37; Water Works Fund, \$1,453.68. With our State and County tax the same as last year the tax payer will be called upon to pay a trifle less than \$1.80 for every hundred dollars worth of property he possesses. This as compared with the tax last year, is a very favorable showing, the rate of taxation then being \$2.54 on every hundred dollars of the assessed valuation.

#### Reunion of Old Veterans at Grand Rapids.

This has undoubtedly been "the week of all weeks" for Grand Rapids. The streets of that busy city were thronged with "old defenders" of the Union. The business houses were literally covered with bunting and decorations. Two fine arches were built on Monroe and Canal streets which were appropriately trimmed and attracted considerable attention. The blue coated veterans, members of the G. A. R., were everywhere to be seen. The society of the Army of the Cumberland was the principal organization, meeting

at Power's Opera House on Tuesday morning with Gen. Phil. Sheridan, presiding. It was the Seventeenth Annual Reunion of the Society. Among the other societies holding meetings at Grand Rapids were the Michigan Mexican Veterans, First Michigan Mechanics and Engineers, Fourth Michigan Cavalry, and the National organization of the Sons of Veterans. Fully twenty-five thousand strangers visited Grand Rapids and were in attendance at the various meetings. The A. C. Van Raalte Post, G. A. R. of this city turned out about twenty-five strong and went in a body. The "boys" formed in front of the store of Boot & Kramer and marched to the depot keeping step to the tune of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," as rendered by Huff's Martial Band. On their arrival they were conducted to headquarters and were assigned to a "camp site." The members of the Post returned on Thursday evening have passed a very pleasant and exciting time among their old comrades and friends.

#### Fair News.

At this time of writing the Premium Lists are in the hands of the Secretary ready for distribution, and doubtless many are anxious to receive a copy. The supply, however, is sufficient, we think, with judicious management, to cover the entire territory. This first Premium List does the Society credit in many ways. It is sufficiently comprehensive to furnish the public all the information necessary as patrons or exhibitors. Besides the articles of association, rules and regulations, and the regular premiums in the several departments, we also find as a strong attraction a list of special premiums, sports, and speed trials. Among these we may mention a special premium on Bread by Walsh, De Roo & Co. Best loaf of home-made bread made of their flour, with compressed or any form of hop yeast; First prem., one barrel Daisy flour; Second prem., fifty pound sack of Daisy flour. All bread offered for competition for these premiums to be donated to the poor of the city. On Butter we find special premiums to the amount of \$35.00 offered, distributed as follows: Two gallon crock June butter, First premium, \$6; Second premium, \$4; Third premium, \$2.50; Two gallon crock fall butter, same premiums as on June butter, and on 10 pounds of butter in rolls, First premium, \$5; Second premium, \$3; Third premium, \$2. All butter to which either of these premiums are awarded to belong to the Society. Among the sports we find a foot race for boys under 15 years of age, purse \$5.00; Cow boy and Indian race, distance 5 miles, to change horses once every half a mile; Bicycle race, distance 2 miles; Rowboat and Yacht races on Macatawa Bay; and a Firemen's Hose laying contest, between the Eagle and Protection Hose Companies of this city. The firemen expect to make their first appearance in their new uniforms on this occasion. There will be four speed trials of horses, first premium varying from \$15 to \$50. One of the provisions in the articles of association of this society is that it shall not allow upon its grounds the keeping or selling of any spirituous or fermented liquors; nor shall it permit games of chance, or wheel of fortune, or betting, or gambling upon races. We trust the sentiment of the officers of the society is sufficiently strong on these matters to see that these wholesome regulations are properly enforced. The race track is fast approaching completion under the vigorous management of Mr. W. Diekema and the gratuitous labor of many farmers. Nature has done for our fair grounds all it could, not only is the site magnificent and the lay of ground, comparatively speaking, a dead level, but on this sandy soil we find a clay bed at the water's edge so near the track that every team can draw twenty-five loads a day, making the laying of the track an easy matter. The Grand Stand is almost finished and the Floral Hall will, in a few days, be enclosed, so that, judging from present appearances contractor John R. Kleyn will save a margin for himself on his allotted time for completing the buildings. We are also requested to invite the farmers, mechanics and laborers to turn out for a "labor bee" on Monday or Tuesday, September 28 and 29, to help to erect stalls, pens, and sheds for the stock, sheep, swine, and farming implements and machinery. "Many hands make labor light," the enterprise is a public one, give a willing response and report to W. Diekema on the fair grounds on the morning of the days above mentioned. The Secretary wishes us to announce that entries for exhibition can now be made at any time in any of the various departments until 12 o'clock m., the second day of the fair. The Secretary will be at his office at all times to answer any question in regard to the fair.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

THE total assessed valuation of real and personal property in Providence, R. I., is \$124,202,000, as against \$122,496,500 last year. Iron and steel of all kinds are active at Philadelphia, and heavy shipments are being made to the West. Large lots of plate and tank iron have been ordered for October delivery, and the demand for structural and bridge iron has largely increased. Nails, in small lots, are selling at \$2.30, but for large orders quotations are \$2.15 and \$2.20.

TYPHOID fever is prevailing in New York City. Mrs. McIntosh, residing near Pittsburgh, requested her son James, aged 23, to shoot a cat. Through an inadvertent movement of his mother, the young man sent the bullet into her brain, causing her death. Half-crazed by the accident, young McIntosh then tried to kill himself.

The Irish Catholic Benevolent Union, in session at Brooklyn, adopted resolutions eulogistic of Judge Keiley, and denouncing the Austrian and Italian Governments for their treatment of him. Christian Cooper, of the town of Livingston, Columbia County, N. Y., died last week, aged 111 years 10 months and 15 days.

THE completion of a dam in the Ohio River, constructed for the purpose of maintaining a navigable stage of water at all seasons in the port of Pittsburgh, will be celebrated at that city in grand style on Oct. 7. Wm. N. Riddle, ex-President of the defunct Penn Bank, at Pittsburgh, whose wealth was formerly estimated at \$3,000,000, has been discharged from custody as an insolvent debtor. He is now penniless, and owes \$250,000. The 251st anniversary of the incorporation of Concord, Mass., was celebrated last week. Senator Hoar delivered the oration.

### THE WEST.

A DISPATCH from Rock Springs, Wyoming Territory, says: "Seven hundred Chinamen have returned here, under escort of four companies of troops. The miners threaten to destroy the company's buildings, all of which are under strong guard to-night. Serious trouble is sure to ensue as soon as the miners think they have an opportunity to carry out their threat." The three sisters shot by Perry Whitlock in Vermillion County, Illinois, will recover from their wounds, but his infant child will die.

A PRIVATE banker at Menomonee, Wis., named Samuel B. French has failed, with liabilities of about \$65,000. Three women were drowned in Lake Traverse, Minn., by their boat capsizing during a storm. Four young men who left South Haven, Mich., in a small sail-boat just before the late storm on Lake Michigan, have not been heard from, and were undoubtedly lost. John Little, Congressman of the Eighth Ohio District, furnishes the following report of the recent cyclone at Washington Court House, Ohio:

"The destruct on here is not so generally sweeping as at Jamestown, but it is vastly greater. The general course of the tornado was from south west to northeast, through the low land and center of the city. Its general width was about six hundred feet, with occasional breaks to the right or left. In its course of a mile and a half in town, it is the exception that any square escaped injury. In most of them damages to property are marked, and in some fearful. The business portion suffered most. The injuries ranged from the shattering of windows to every stage of demolition. If a single house in this portion escaped harm, I have not noticed the exception. In two blocks alone practical men have estimated the loss to buildings at \$60,300. The damages to goods in these will not fall under \$20,000. No class of property escaped. Dwellings of all grades, public halls, churches, school-houses, fell a prey to the storm's fury. The individual losses, as shown by estimates of committees, will exceed \$200,000.

EMERY A. STORRS, the distinguished lawyer, was found dead in bed at a hotel in Ottawa, Ill., having expired two or three hours previously of paralysis of the heart. Mr. Storrs had been at Ottawa since Sept. 1, engaged in professional labors before the Supreme Court in connection with the Mackin case, and had been somewhat indisposed for several days. Dr. Hurd left him smoking in bed at a late hour of the night, and Mrs. Storrs, who occupied another bed in the same room, administered medicine to him several times during the night. She happened to fall into a doze toward morning and awoke about 7 o'clock. She called to her husband, but received no answer. Going over to his bed, she placed her hand on him and found him dead. Horror-stricken, Mrs. Storrs rushed from the room and cried out for aid. Dr. Hurd was hastily called to make an examination of the remains. He found that the cause of death was paralysis of the heart. Deceased was 50 years old.

MINNESOTA'S railroad commissioners are bringing suits against several railroad companies for violation of a new law requiring suitable waiting-rooms for passengers to be provided at all stations where the roads do business. John L. Sullivan, the prize-fighter, pitched in a game of base ball at Cleveland Sunday. As the champion was leaving the grounds he was placed under arrest, charged with violating the Sunday law. At Cool Creek Mines, near Seattle, W. T., a large building, occupied by Chinese laborers was fired by a mob of masked men. The inmates, about fifty in number, escaped to the woods unharmed. It is said 5,000 people will be thrown out of employment in Montana Territory by the Interior Department ruling prohibiting the cutting of timber on unsurveyed mineral lands. Outrages which were perpetrated at the residences of several United States officials in Salt Lake City are attributed to the Mormons. The 1885 crop of Wisconsin tobacco is now nearly all in, and the quality is reported very fair.

### THE SOUTH.

JOHN R. SHELTON, of Atlanta, Ga., eloped with Ida Maxwell, the 16-year-old daughter of John Maxwell, of that city. The couple were married, and were found by the father and brother of the bride, who attempted to take her home. Young Maxwell was fatally wounded by a blow from

hatchet in Shelton's hands, and shots were exchanged between the other men, both being mortally injured.

LOUISVILLE (Ky.) dispatch: "Fifty years ago Ellen Johnson, a colored woman, was separated from her mother, who was sold and sent to New Orleans. The mother arrived here this morning, hale and hearty. She is 112 years old, and the daughter 60. Living in the house with Mrs. Ellen Johnson are her great grandchildren. This makes them the great great grandchildren of Mrs. Johnson's mother. Strange as it may seem, this morning the reporter saw the great great grandmother, the great grandmother, the grandmother, mother, and children, all assembled in the same room." Cincinnati special: "William Seales, a negro boy of 18, who outraged the 5-year-old daughter of a farm laborer named Lunsford, near Walton, Ky., twelve miles from here, and who has been in jail at Burlington, the county seat of Boone County, was taken from the jail by a mob from Walton and Florence and hanged to a tree."

THE seventy-first anniversary of the battle of North Point, near Baltimore, was celebrated on the 12th inst. Only five of the veterans survive, and only one—James Morford, 90 years old—was able to leave his home. Senator Mahone, of Virginia, attempted to cowhide a Mr. Hunter, of Petersburg, who was accused of leading his son astray.

### WASHINGTON.

A LITTLE notice has been posted in the Western Union Telegraph office, at Washington, telegraphs a correspondent, informing the public that contributions to the Grant monument, to be erected at Riverside Park, would be received at that office. The notice has been there about a month. Similar notices, it is said, have been posted in every Western Union office in the country. Up to date there has not been one cent contributed in this city, and as far as can be learned the telegraph company has not received a cent anywhere, and it is probable that the \$5,000 they contributed themselves is all they will ever have to turn in. Everybody says: "Let New York do it. If Gen. Grant had been buried in Washington, there would have been more than enough for the monument contributed." This is the only notice people ever take of the poster.

THE crop report of the Agricultural Department for September says the condition of spring wheat has been impaired since the 1st of August in the Northwest, the district of principal production. Heavy rains were followed by extreme heat between the 1st and the middle of August, before harvest, shriveling the grain and causing ruin. Heavy wind-storms prostrated and injured large areas. In Nebraska there is some complaint of smut, and a little in Dakota. Chinch-bugs have done some damage in Wisconsin and Minnesota. The injury was greater in August than in July. The averages are: For Wisconsin 77, a loss of 8 points; Minnesota, 78, a loss of 5; Dakota, 96, a loss of 4; Iowa, 88, a loss of 7 points. Northern New England, Colorado and the Territories are nearly or quite up to 100. The general average for all spring wheat is 86½ against 95 in August. The crop of last year was 156,000,000 bushels. The returns of winter wheat are almost identical in results with those of July. There is a slight advance in Michigan, Texas, Maryland, and some other States and a point or two in several. The general average is 65.8 against 65 in July. Except as the result of thrashing may change present expectations, the winter-wheat area may be placed at 217,000,000 bushels, and the remaining area about 134,000,000. If the injuries reported in the stack should prove to be greater than is at present apparent, a few millions of reduction might still accrue. The condition of corn still continues high, ranging from 90 to 100 in State averages. The general average is 95, against 96 in August. It was 94 last year in September. Frosts have wrought very little injury, and will be capable of little. The prospect is still favorable for a crop slightly above the average.

### POLITICAL.

It is reported that Representative Mills, of Texas, has been engaged during the entire summer in the preparation of a tariff bill, which he proposes introducing in the House soon after Congress meets. The measure will provide for the reduction of the revenue to such a sum as is necessary to cover the Government expenses merely. It is proposed that this revenue shall be derived in the main from that class of taxable articles known as luxuries, and that the duties on necessities of life shall be made as low as possible. President Cleveland has appointed Rensselaer Stone to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Illinois, embracing Chicago, in place of Joel D. Harvey, suspended. Thomas J. Lathrop, of Taunton, has been nominated for Governor of Massachusetts by the Prohibitionists of that State.

IOWA Greenbackers who are opposed to fusion will meet at Marshalltown Oct. 1, to nominate a State ticket. A Little Rock (Ark.) dispatch says that official and unofficial returns from the Third Arkansas District give McRea, Democrat, for Congress, about 5,000 majority—about double the majority given the Democratic candidate last November.

THE President has made the following appointments: Moses A. Hopkins, of North Carolina, to be minister resident and consul general of the United States to Liberia; Irwin Dugan, to be supervising inspector of steam vessels for the Sixth District. To be consuls of the United States: Henry W. Gilbert, of New York, at Trieste; James M. Rose, of New York, at Three Rivers, Canada.

A WASHINGTON rumor is to the effect that Mr. Blaine will probably be the next Republican nominee for Governor of Maine. Henry Ward Beecher has written a letter advocating the insert on of a high-license plank in the New York Republican platform.

MR. CLEVELAND will attend the Iroquois banquet in Chicago Nov. 4 if his duties permit. A Washington dispatch says: "Some of the candidates for the Austrian mission have been recently renewing their applications, but none of them have received any encouragement from either the Secretary of State or the President. In the best informed circles, although nothing is positively known, the idea prevails that the Secretary, believing that the United

States Minister to Austria ought to be chosen by the United States Government, and not by the Austrian Government, is in favor of leaving the mission vacant, and that the President will find another post in which Mr. Keiley may serve his country. Certainly nothing has yet been done toward appointing a successor to Mr. Keiley in the mission which he has resigned."

### GENERAL.

THE national convention of coal-miners, in session at Indianapolis, adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we recommend the establishment of a national union, to be known as the National Federation of Miners and Mine Laborers.

Resolved, The membership of this association shall be composed of all miners and mine laborers of the United States and Territories who will subscribe to the constitution and laws of the federation, and be governed by them in all their parts and conform to the principles on which they are based.

Resolved, That the executive and legislative power of this association shall be vested in an executive board, to be composed of five members at large and one member from each of the bituminous coal-producing States and one member from the anthracite district, and in the general convention the board shall guide the action of the association upon all questions of importance to its members.

Resolved, That the objects of the association will be: 1. To promote the interests of the miners and mine laborers, morally, socially, and financially, for the protection of their health and their lives; to spread intelligence among them; to remove as far as possible the causes of strikes, and to adopt, wherever and whenever practicable, the principles of arbitration and restriction; to urge upon all miners and mine laborers the necessity to become citizens, that we may secure by the use of the ballot the services of men friendly to labor, both in our State and national legislative bodies; to create a fund for the support and protection of members of the association.

2. To obtain legislative enactments for the more efficient management of mines whereby the lives and health of our members may be better preserved.

3. To shorten the hours of labor in the mines.

4. To protect all members who are unjustly dealt with by their employers while endeavoring to carry out the behests of the association.

5. To assist all similar organizations which have the same object in view—to wit: mutual protection of members, and the protection of labor against the encroachments of capital.

THE business failures during the week numbered for the United States 184 and for Canada 19, as compared with a total of 165 the week previous. Bradstreet's, in its weekly trade review, says:

The condition of general trade, as reported by special telegrams, is quite as favorable as that mentioned at any previous date within seven weeks past. The steadiness and strength manifested in the demand for dry goods and for woolen fabrics have encouraged many dealers at Eastern distributing centers to look for steadiness in the movement. It may be added that the gain in the demand for pig-iron tends in some degree to inspire the confidence manifested in various quarters that the turn in the tide has at last taken place, and that the increase in the consumption of staple commodities may preserve a steady growth. It is a welcome sign that no boom is discernible in any direction. The increased distribution of goods is formed of a larger amount of moderate-sized orders and in many instances of unexpected duplicate demands. The American pig-iron market is firm. Sales at New York average about three thousand tons daily. With a continuation of this business a moderate advance is likely. All the steel rail mills are at work, and \$20.40 are freely quoted. Bar-iron is in much better request, and the iron trade as a whole feels the influence. Eastern agents and jobbers of dry goods continue to do a fair business, but as retailers are fairly well stocked sales are not as large as they have been.

MRS. JULIA GODFREY, wife of the Rev. Samuel Godfrey, of Lafayette, Ind., began a suit for divorce on the grounds of cruelty, and asked for the custody of her children and \$10,000 alimony. Oscar Hammelsberg began a libel suit claiming \$20,000 damages against the Cincinnati Enquirer, which had connected him, instead of his brother, with a suit begun by a young woman for "money loaned, nursing, and attendance to his room." Chas. L. Chamberlain, of St. Louis, began a suit for \$100,000 damages against the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad for injuries received at Woodbury, Iowa, ten years ago, by which he was permanently disabled. Three men were shockingly burned during a fire which destroyed the oil factory and warehouse of Swan & Finch at New York, causing a loss of \$35,000. The sugar works of the American Glucose Company at Peoria, valued at \$150,000, were reduced to ashes. A large winery and distillery, with its contents, was consumed at Fresno, Cal.; loss, \$120,000. The Indian Chief Big Bear, who took part in Riel's Northwest Territory rebellion, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

### FOREIGN.

MR. GLADSTONE'S health is again bad, and it is announced that he is suffering from an attack of lumbago. Lord Randolph Churchill has broken down under the demands of the recent Parliamentary campaign, and he will make no more speeches until November. Ill-natured people hint that he is shamming. A Copenhagen dispatch says the British steamer Auckland has been sunk in a collision with the German gunboat Blitz. Of the Auckland's crew of seventeen, only two were saved. During the maneuvers of the German guards in Berlin, several French officers visiting the grounds were ordered to retire. The Countess of Kingston has offered the tenants of her estate, the largest in the South of Ireland, facilities to purchase their holdings under the land-purchase act. Lord Randolph Churchill, Secretary of State for India, has been compelled by failing health to cancel all his political engagements. In a speech at Belfast, Earl Carnarvon said it was time to institute a thorough inquiry into the relative merits of free trade and protection.

A REVIEW of the political situation in England for the week represents the Liberal party as much confused, and thus far without any definite programme. In Great Britain alone there are 500 Liberal candidates, comprising not only Liberals, but Whigs, Moderates, and Radicals, pledging themselves to all manner of political crudities. The Liberals recognize the danger to their party, and it has been decided to hold a conference of leaders in October for the purpose of coming to a general and harmonious understanding. Recent events in Hungary and Poland show that there is a tendency toward a closer union between the Czech and Polish populations against German ascendancy in Austria. The 5,000 strikers at Sir Wm. Armstrong's gun and machine works, London, have gained their point, compelled the discharge of two obnoxious foremen, and returned to work. A number of German spies were recently detected making sketches of French fortifications on the eastern frontier and immediately conducted across the boundary. A Chinese loan of \$70,000,000 has been negotiated in Paris and Berlin for the construction of railroads.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

HOSTILITIES have been resumed in Madagascar, efforts at mediation between the French and the Hovas having proved a failure, and the former are bombarding Marajura.

DETAILS of the battle between Peruvian insurgents and the government forces fought at Canta, sixty miles from Lima, on the 15th ultimo are received. The latter were surprised by the revolutionary troops, and after a vigorous resistance, lasting several hours, were driven from the town, leaving from three to four hundred killed and wounded in the hands of the enemy. Many inhabitants of Canta were massacred by the Caerists, whose losses are unknown. Col. Bustamante, one of the government officers, committed suicide on the field of action. Vigorous measures have been taken for the defense of the capital.

THE Jennings County Bank, located at North Vernon, Ind., owned by C. E. Cook, make an assignment on account of having made large purchases of fraudulent Indiana township bonds. Fears are entertained that other banks and private individuals will also be forced to suspend from the same cause. A freight train on the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago Railroad separated on a steep grade near Guilford, Ind., the rear section afterward telescoping that attached to the engine. Nine tramps were imprisoned in a car of oats, and three of them were suffocated. At Cincinnati Frank Berte struck William Hazard a powerful blow with his fist, killing him instantly. The men were laborers, and the murder grew out of a quarrel between them a few days before. Capt. A. E. Goodrich, President of the Goodrich Transportation Company, died at his residence in Chicago, aged 58 years. Mary L. Shepherd, 14 years old, was arrested at Dodgeville, Wis., while trying to dispose of a team of horses she had stolen. Her home is in Webster City, Iowa.

PRINCE, the champion bicyclist, was defeated at Blossburg, Pa., by John Brooks in a twenty-mile race. Fire in a double tenement house in East Eighty-first street, New York, created a panic among the hundred inmates; but all escaped either by the stairways or fire-ladders, except a woman and her babe, who fell down an air-shaft in the roof, both being instantly killed.

THE first race between the yachts Puritan and the Genesta, which was sailed on the 14th inst. over what is known as the inside course of the New York Yacht Club, a length of thirty-eight miles, was won by the former in 6:04:30. The English cutter was beaten by a little more than a mile, and crossed the line in 6:10:30. The event excited great interest throughout the country and in England.

A RECENT dispatch from Denison, Texas, says: "The principle of woman's rights sustained an ignoble defeat here after a heroic onslaught. Three maiden sisters named Cash, of mature years, reside on a street that is being repaired and graded. They objected to any work being done in front of their premises, as they had no voice in ordering the improvement. This afternoon, while the street boss and his laborers were at work in front of the Cash residence, the three maiden sisters came out and assailed the workmen with rocks, putting over a dozen brawny men to flight. The City Marshal and two policemen then essayed to protect the men while they returned to work, but the irate sisters were equal to the emergency, for this time they called forth with two old pistols and a garden hoe. The chivalric Marshal and his aids hastily retreated before the foe, and again the workmen were severely pelted with rocks and fled. Calling re-enforcements, the Marshal rallied his men and finally captured the Amazons and landed them in the calaboose, where they are passing to-night singing hymns."

BUENOS AYRES is one of the most prosperous cities in the world, but we are so far removed from it that we hardly realize its importance. It has a population of 400,000 people, and 150,000 emigrants arrive in its harbor each year. There is no other city that can show such rapid growth as this.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES.....	\$4.50	@ 6.25
HOGS.....	4.50	@ 6.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.91	@ .92
No. 2 Red.....	.91½	@ .91¾
CORN—No. 2.....	.48	@ .49
OATS—White.....	.38	@ .44
PORK—Mess.....	10.25	@ 10.75
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	5.50	@ 6.25
Good Shipping.....	5.00	@ 5.50
Common.....	4.50	@ 5.00
HOGS.....	4.25	@ 4.75
FLOUR—Fancy Red Winter Ex.....	6.00	@ 6.25
Prime to Choice Spring.....	3.75	@ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.83	@ .84
CORN—No. 2.....	.43	@ .44
OATS—No. 2.....	.25	@ .25½
RYE—No. 2.....	.55	@ .57
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.67	@ .69
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.20	@ .22
Fine Dairy.....	.14	@ .18
CHEESE—Full Cream, new.....	.09½	@ .10
Part Skimmed, new.....	.04	@ .05
EGGS—Fresh.....	.14	@ .15
POTATOES—New, per brl.....	.90	@ 1.00
PORK—Mess.....	8.25	@ 8.75
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.78	@ .80
CORN—No. 2.....	.43	@ .44
OATS—No. 2.....	.25	@ .26
RYE—No. 2.....	.55	@ .57
PORK—Mess.....	8.25	@ 8.75
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.86	@ .86½
CORN—No. 2.....	.44	@ .45
OATS—No. 2.....	.26	@ .26½
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.88	@ .88½
CORN—Mixed.....	.42	@ .43
OATS—Mixed.....	.24	@ .25
PORK—Mess.....	9.00	@ 9.25
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.88	@ .89
CORN—No. 2.....	.46	@ .47
OATS—Mixed.....	.26	@ .27
RYE—No. 2.....	.67	@ .69
PORK—Mess.....	9.00	@ 9.50
DETROIT.		
BEEF CATTLE.....	3.50	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.84	@ .86
CORN—No. 2.....	.46	@ .47
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.31	@ .33
PORK—Mess.....	10.00	@ 10.50
INDIANAPOLIS.		
BEEF CATTLE.....	4.50	@ 6.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.87	@ .88
CORN—Mixed.....	.42	@ .43
OATS—No. 2.....	.24	@ .25
EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Best.....	5.50	@ 6.00
Fair.....	5.00	@ 5.50
Common.....	4.00	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	4.25	@ 4.75
SHEEP.....	3.50	@ 4.25
BUFFALO.		
CATTLE.....	5.50	@ 6.00
HOGS.....	4.50	@ 5.00
SHEEP.....	4.50	@ 5.50

## A DEADLY DESTROYER.

A Section of Ohio Devastated by a Cyclone, Many Persons Perishing.

Washington Court House and Bloomingburg Almost Wiped Out of Existence.

[Springfield (Ohio) special.]

A terrible cyclone struck Washington Court House, a city of 4,000 inhabitants, twenty-five miles from here, at 8 o'clock this evening, and almost swept it from the earth. The storm came from the north-west, and broke upon the town very suddenly, carrying everything before it. The tornado whirled up Court street, the main business thoroughfare, and ruined almost every business block in it—at least forty or fifty in all.

Hardly a private residence in the town escaped, fully four hundred buildings going down. The Baptist, Presbyterian, and Catholic churches all suffered the common fate. The Ohio Southern, Panhandle, Narrow-Gauge, and Midland Railroad stations were blown to smithereens, and every building in the vicinity was carried away, making ingress or egress almost impossible.

As every wire within a circle of two miles is down, it is utterly impossible to get accurate details of this catastrophe. The only reports that can be had are through an operator who tapped a wire two miles west of the town, and is sitting in a heavy rain-storm to work his instruments. The panic-stricken people were taken completely unawares, and fled from the tumbling buildings in every direction through the murky darkness. A mad frenzy seemed to seize them, and they hurried hither and thither in their wild distraction, little knowing whither they were fleeing. After the whirlwind, which lasted about ten minutes, a heavy rainfall set in, which still continues unabated at this writing.

As soon as a few of the cooler heads recovered their senses searching parties were organized, and the sad work of looking for the dead began. So far fifteen bodies have been recovered from the debris of various ruined buildings. It is probable as many more will be found before morning. The glimmer of lanterns procured from farm houses in the vicinity and from the few houses left standing is the only light they have to work by. Two or three bodies have been stumbled upon in the middle of the street, where they were stricken down by flying bricks or timbers. The cellars of houses and every sort of refuge were filled with shivering people, huddling together in the vain attempt to keep warm. One baby in arms has died from exposure.

Advices from Bloomingburg say that town was struck by a funnel-shaped cloud and almost entirely demolished. Three or four persons were killed.

### INDIANA'S SENSATION.

Certain Trustees Issue Illegal Township Orders to the Extent of \$100,000.

[Indianapolis telegram.]

The discovery that certain Township Trustees of Daviess County, this State, had issued illegal township orders to the extent of \$100,000 or more, and then fled to Canada, has caused much excitement in business circles here, where many of the orders were disposed of, and there is a well-founded belief that the swindle has been extensively practiced in other parts of the State. It is already known that such spurious obligations have been issued in Posey, Fountain, Vermillion, and Shelby Counties, and at the present time it is impossible to estimate their extent, although it is probably hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Investigation made to-day develops that R. B. Pollard, until recently a resident of Indianapolis, is at the head of the scheme, which was both original and daring. He was agent of various school furnishing houses in Chicago and elsewhere, and his business was almost exclusively with township trustees. With some of these he made a conspiracy by which they were to issue to him township orders in large amounts in alleged payment for school supplies, and these he was to sell, dividing the proceeds with them. As he stood well financially, having a constant balance in bank of from \$10,000 to \$20,000, and the orders bore on their face evidences of their genuineness, he had comparatively little trouble in disposing of them, especially as he sold them at from 10 to 15 per cent. discount, and they bore 8 per cent. interest. They were sold principally to Eastern capitalists, although Pollard disposed of \$4,360 worth of them to a diamond and jewelry house, said to be Coon & Co., of Cincinnati, for diamonds, and \$2,300 to D. Van Wee, of this city, besides unknown amounts to the Third National Bank of Greensburg, and other national banks at North Vernon. In addition to this he paid for a large consignment of school furniture to a Chicago house with them, receiving his commission for them in cash. He and his family left here last week, ostensibly for Boston, but recent advices say that he is at Linn, Ont. There is a rumor, which cannot be traced down to definite sources, that before leaving he borrowed \$20,000 in cash from a city bank, putting up \$35,000 of these illegal orders as collateral security. The swindle is the most extensive one known in the history of the State, and its full extent is not yet known.

### A CURIOUS INCIDENT.

A Dove Visits a Preacher in Church and Finally Alights on His Head.

[New Haven (Conn.) special.]

A curious incident occurred while services were being held in the Congregational Church in East Haven, a village five miles from this city, yesterday. As the pastor, Rev. Mr. Clark, gave out his text a dove, which had made its way into the church unperceived, flew down from its perch in the gallery and alighted on the large Bible from which the minister was reading. The bird remained near the pulpit during the rest of the service, and at its close fluttered to the pastor's head. It was afterward discovered that the bird belonged to a small boy, and for some reason or other followed its owner to the church. The preacher's text was, "I saw the spirit descending from above like a dove and it rested upon Him."



## FIGHTING THEIR BATTLES OVER.

Veterans of the Army of the Tennessee  
Hold Their Eighteenth Annual  
Reunion.

The Society of the Army of the Tennessee held its eighteenth annual reunion in Chicago on the 9th and 10th of September, Gen. Sherman presiding. There was a large attendance, including Gen. Logan, Govs. Alger of Michigan, Sherman of Iowa, Oglesby of Illinois, ex-Gov. Fletcher of Missouri, Gen. J. B. Sanborn of Minnesota, Gen. G. M. Dodge of Iowa, Gens. Hickenlooper and Force of Ohio, and Bishop Fallows of Chicago. The Treasurer's report showed \$10,000 cash on hand. Gens. Sherman, Logan, Oglesby, and Raum, and Bishop Fallows were selected to prepare resolutions on the death of General Grant. Governor Oglesby delivered the address of welcome. He offered them in behalf of the soldiers of Illinois their platter, canteen, and cup. He had heard something of their deeds, knew something of their fame, and had a strong sentiment of gratitude for the glorious work they had accomplished in the days gone by. As the guardians of a nation's life, and the representatives of one of the great armies of the country, he bade them welcome to the hospitable soil of Illinois. Gen. Sherman delivered an address eulogistic of the late Gen. Grant. The speaker accepted all the hospitalities extended, and then said he would devote his attention to "the old and first commander." It was Gen. U. S. Grant who had, during the cold winter of 1861-'62, raised a company at Cairo, Ill., and it was he who took his final leave of his family and friends on earth on July 23, 1885; all were willing to admit that mankind had lost a kindred spirit. His comrades, who had shared with him the trials of the campaigns from Henry to Vicksburg, knew better than any other that a great soldier, a loving man, and a wise statesman had been taken off. Hundreds, say, thousands of pens were engaged in an effort to describe the man who did so much in so short a time. These looked to the comrades of the Army of the Tennessee for information which ought to be forthcoming, and which he would try to give. He met Grant at West Point in 1839. The speaker was then a classman, a more exalted position, he asserted, than he had ever reached since, although he had been reasonably successful in life. One day a number of the classmen were perusing a list of names of cadets, and among them appeared that of "U. S. Grant." This was regarded as a somewhat singular name, and the boys began to cogitate as to what the initials "U. S." meant. Some thought they meant "United States," others that the "S." meant "Sam," and still others "Uncle Sam." However, Grant served under the name of "Sam" in the Mexican war in the Fourth Infantry. The speaker knew very little of Grant while at West Point because one was a classman and the other was a plebe, and classmen would hardly deign to notice plebes. Grant's reputation while serving in the Fourth Infantry in the Mexican war was that of a willing officer, ever ready to do the fighting, extremely social and friendly with his fellows; but in no sense did he display those qualities that were developed during the civil war. It was the old commander who had restored order when chaos had been let loose and the gates of hell were wide open all around. He missed the dark curtain that enshrouded the Federal commanders when he won the victory at Belmont, so that it was only necessary to follow the course mapped out. He did not care how a battle was fought so long as it was won. In closing, Gen. Sherman said it was fitting that the dead hero should find his last resting place in New York, and hoped that any monuments to be erected would, like himself, be strong and simple. He then introduced Gen. Sanborn.

Gen. J. B. Sanborn also paid an eloquent and graceful tribute to Gen. Grant. Gen. William F. Vilas was then demanded by the audience, and gracefully came forward, when he was received with enthusiastic applause. He said it had been understood that his part in the programme was to be that of silence. He felt that he would be a daring man indeed who would attempt extemporaneously to add to the burning words of the soldier-President and chosen orator upon that grand theme of Grant. He would, however, touch upon one feature which added greatly to the fame he had so justly earned. He alluded to the love he had won from the enemies he had fought, and pictured the grieving ex-Confederate officers standing by the death-bed of the man who had struck such deadly blows against them, with tears of honest, manly sympathy glistening in their eyes. Grant had not fought for selfish ambition, nor waged war through vindictiveness. His love of country was too great for this, and that very love endeared him to his enemies. It was Grant's quiet, earnest labor in behalf of returning harmony among the sections that had materially led to the grateful reuniting, now happily accomplished, of the once divided and fiercely fighting sections of the country, and when he died who were found following his body to its last rest but the leading generals now surviving of the enemies with whom he combated. He referred to the two communications which passed between Grant and Buckner, and pictured Grant's joyful reception of the approaching unity and peace, and in most eloquent and feeling terms referred to the fact that the sunshine of a sweet and enduring peace was the glorious fruition of the years of war.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of the old commander were adopted. The committee to name officers presented the following names in their report, which was adopted unanimously: President—General W. T. Sherman. Vice Presidents—Major George W. Colby, of Alabama; Colonel W. S. Oliver, of Arkansas; Captain Richard S. Tutbill, of Illinois; Lieutenant Colonel J. M. Dreiser, of Indiana; Major Charles E. Putnam, of Iowa; Colonel A. J. Levy, of Missouri; Captain W. McGrover, of Minnesota; Capt. in W. S. Burns, of New York; General E. H. Murray, of Kentucky; General Geo. E. Wells, of Ohio; General J. M. Rusk, of Wisconsin; Major W. M. Dunn, of the United States Army. Corresponding Secretary—General A. Hickenlooper. Recording Secretary—Colonel L. M. Dayton. Treasurer—General M. F. Force. It was determined to hold the next meeting at Rock Island, Ill., Sept. 15 and 16, 1886. The reunion concluded with a banquet at the Grand Pacific Hotel, at which numerous speeches were made in response to toasts, the festivities lasting until nearly 3 o'clock a. m.

## A GEORGIA SHOOTING-BEE.

An Elopement Near Atlanta Followed by  
a Bloody Tragedy—Three Men  
Killed.

[Atlanta (Ga.) special.] A bloody tragedy occurred at a late hour this afternoon on Davis street, resulting in three men being mortally wounded and two happy families broken up. John Maxwell is a prominent fresco contractor in this city. He has a son, Matthew Maxwell, who is a carriage-builder, and three handsome and attractive daughters. The second one, Miss Ida, a beautiful brunette, for some time has been engaged, against the will of the family, to John R. Shelton, a well-known young man of this city. This afternoon Matthew Maxwell learned that at 2 o'clock Shelton would be at the family residence for the purpose of taking Miss Ida away and making her his wife. To prevent this, he went home at the hour named, and upon arriving there found the house locked up. After several ineffectual attempts to get in, he broke down the door and entered. He found Miss Ida within with her hat on, as if ready to go out. Seeing that she was determined, the brother put her in a room on the second floor, locked her up, and then left to find his father, and inform him of what was going on. Returning in ten minutes he found that his sister had escaped. Young Maxwell started out to hunt his sister, and soon learned that she had been married to Shelton by the Rev. Virgil Norcross. Continuing the search, Maxwell and his father visited the residence of Shelton's mother. As they approached they saw Shelton standing just inside the doorway. Father and son in an excited manner advanced, and Shelton met them with a large claw-hammer in his hand. The old man opened the fight, and as Shelton struck at him with the hammer the son sprung in between. The hammer came down with much force upon Matthew Maxwell's head, crushing his skull fearfully. Instantly two pistol-shots were heard, and the father and Shelton fell mortally wounded on young Maxwell's bleeding form. The father was found shot in the abdomen and Shelton in the left side. While the three men were lying on the ground in a group, with the life-blood flowing rapidly from their wounds, the bride fell on them, kissing first one and then another. The attending physicians say that young Maxwell will not live an hour, while the father and Shelton may live a day or two.

## THE DEADLY GAS.

An Unlooked-for Explosion in a Pottsville  
Colliery Causes the Death of a Boy and  
Fatally Injures Five Men.

[Pottsville (Pa.) special.] A gas explosion took place this morning in the Otto Colliery, operated by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, one boy being killed and five men fatally injured. Eleven others were also more or less severely burned. About 450 men and boys are employed in the mine, both inside and outside. In the new level, upon which work has been prosecuted, the coal has been throwing off sulphur and this rose to the upper level, where a gang was at work. Not long before the explosion Patrick Kilrain and his son came out with naked lights, but noticed no gas. A short time afterward several men came out, and as soon as the door was opened there was a terrific explosion. John Lynn was the name of the lad killed. The fatally injured were: Thomas Lynn, 27, single; burned about the hands and face. Robert Lynn, 24; burned on breast, head, and arms. John Graham, 30, married, with wife and two children; burned about the body. Alexander Frew, 30, married, with wife and two children; badly burned on head and body. John Smith, single, 24; burned in the face and on the body. The father of the Lynn boys was killed by a fall of coal in 1876. The explosion created more than ordinary surprise, because this colliery was considered more than usually safe. Many of the men engaged were employed on new levels, and were not taking out coal. The force of the explosion was something fearful, and resembled the report of an immense quantity of gunpowder.

## THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

Circular from the General Land Office.  
[Washington telegram.]

A circular has been issued by the Land Office modifying the former circular issued by that bureau prescribing the rights of railroad companies in cutting timber from public lands. The circular states that timber can be cut only during the time of construction of the railroad and immediately adjacent to the line of road under construction. No more timber must be cut than is actually required for the construction of the road-bed, bridges, culverts, etc., and such timber cannot be cut for fuel, station-houses, sheds, and other structures. The trees cut must not be less than eight inches in diameter, and none but authorized agents of railroad companies will be allowed to cut timber. Railroad companies are not authorized to sell timber so cut to other companies or individuals. The companies are prohibited from cutting timber on public mineral lands, Indian reservations, or public parks. The right of a company to cut timber within a section ceases at the expiration of five years after the definite location of the section. This circular materially modifies the old circular in limiting the territory within which timber can be cut to the immediate vicinity of the line under construction, as it has been the practice to cut the timber anywhere within the terminal limits of the road, and another important modification is the limitation of the time within which the companies may cut timber.

## MURDEROUS APACHES

Pursued by Mexican Troops—Soldiers  
Killed.

[Tucson (Arizona) dispatch.] Advice from Oposwia, Sonora, say that August 30 the Mexican regulars were following up the track of Apaches. Three of their soldiers strayed away and stumbled on the Apaches at Rancheria, near Sierra Blanca. Two of them were killed, but the other escaped. The Mexican troops heard the firing and went up. The Indians evacuated. It is said that sixty Indians were in the band. It is estimated by the Mexicans that there are 150 Apaches in Sonora. Col. de Gourro has 400 regulars in pursuit. Other forces of Mexican troops are moving slowly after the hostiles.

## POSTMASTERS.

The Changes That Have Taken Place  
Throughout the Country.

[Washington special.]

Since the present administration took charge of the reins of Government no harder-worked officials have been found in Washington than those employed in the appointment branch of the Postoffice Department. During the last six months nearly one-fourth of the Postmasterships of the first, second, and third classes, whose commissions are signed by the President, have been changed, while over one-eighth of the nearly 50,000 fourth-class and cross-roads offices, the commissions for which are signed by the Postmaster General, have now a new Postmaster. The records of the department show that the following changes in Postmasters have taken place in the States and Territories named:

STATE.	President- class.	Fourth- class.	STATE.	President- class.	Fourth- class.
Alabama.....	13	121	Missouri.....	20	361
Alaska.....	1	1	Montana.....	1	16
Arizona.....	1	7	Nebraska.....	9	68
Arkansas.....	8	171	Nevada.....	1	11
California.....	6	39	N. Hampshire.....	8	101
Colorado.....	9	32	New Jersey.....	7	78
Connecticut.....	12	28	New Mexico.....	1	8
Dakota.....	8	41	New York.....	40	538
Delaware.....	1	21	North Carolina.....	14	271
Florida.....	3	36	Ohio.....	23	618
Georgia.....	10	131	Oregon.....	1	28
Idaho.....	3	28	Pennsylvania.....	34	415
Illinois.....	31	329	Rhode Island.....	6	15
Indiana.....	43	455	South Carolina.....	9	78
Indian Ter.....	1	12	Tennessee.....	6	148
Iowa.....	40	168	Texas.....	10	1
Kansas.....	29	151	Utah.....	2	127
Kentucky.....	7	184	Vermont.....	10	118
Louisiana.....	3	73	Virginia.....	19	499
Maine.....	7	60	Washington T.....	1	13
Maryland.....	2	140	West Virginia.....	1	145
Massachusetts.....	8	28	Wisconsin.....	23	147
Michigan.....	22	141	Wyoming.....	3	1
Minnesota.....	10	46			
Mississippi.....	9	108	Totals.....	524	6309

The number of Presidential offices in the country is 6,309, while the fourth-class offices aggregate 48,421. The table shows that the greater number of changes thus far have been made in Ohio, where the number is 641. New York comes next with 598; then Indiana with 508; Virginia with 455; and Pennsylvania with 449.

## LUMBERMEN FRIGHTENED.

Some \$16,000,000 Worth of Public Lands  
Declared Public Domain.

[Washington dispatch.] Secretary Lamar has rendered a decision in regard to the Ontonagon land grant, which is calculated to make a commotion among a number of prominent capitalists in the West. For several years efforts have been made in one guise and another to get a confirmation by act of Congress for the title to a large amount of lands in Northern Michigan. This land was withdrawn from sale because it was granted to the Ontonagon & Brule River Railroad. In spite of repeated directions from the General Land Office the land agents at the Marquette Land Office sold these lands right along to lumbermen at \$1.25 per acre.

For years these purchasers have paid taxes on these lands. Settlers who could defy the purchasers went and built houses and cleared farms on the tract, trusting to time to give them title. The lumbermen claim they bought in good faith and should be given patents. The last bill before Congress proposed to confirm titles only where there was no counter-claim by settlers. The property is worth from \$16,000,000 to \$20,000,000, and covers a number of mines and several fine, growing villages. The question of title was argued recently by ex-Senator McDonald for the settlers, and Assistant Secretary Jenks wrote the decision which Secretary Lamar has, after careful consideration, approved. It simply upsets the cash-entry men and throws into the public domain the greater portion of the land in question.

## NOT SNAKES, BUT FIRE.

A Liquor-Crazed Man Sees an Imaginary  
Fire and Leaps from a Window, Fatally  
Injuring Himself.

[Boston special.] Peter McCery, who had been drinking, awoke about 1 o'clock this morning with the idea that the house was on fire and that it was his duty to save the lives of the inmates. After having conducted a number of imaginary persons to a window and sent them to the ground, as he imagined, by a safety chute, he decided to save himself in the same manner. His wife, by this time being awakened by the noise, was horrified to see him making preparations to dive out of the window, head first. With a bound she landed upon the floor and succeeded in grasping one of her husband's legs just as he shot out of the window. Shrieking for help, she still hung on, but before the arrival of aid her strength gave out and she was obliged to let go her hold, her husband falling to the sidewalk below, where he was picked up unconscious and conveyed to the city hospital. On account of the terrible injuries received, there are but slight hopes of his recovery.

## COURT OF ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The Salary of the Government Counsel  
Stopped.

[Washington telegram.] First Controller Durham to-day stopped a requisition to pay the salary of J. A. J. Creswell, Government counsel before the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, for the month of August, until it is settled that there is any balance due him. The First Controller takes the ground that Mr. Creswell is not entitled to a fixed salary of \$8,000 per annum, but that that sum is named as the limit of the fees to be allowed him for the trial of cases. He says that the law organizing the court provided that the Government counsel should receive a reasonable compensation for each case tried, and that subsequent laws limited such compensation to \$8,000 per annum. The court, however, he says, neglected to fix the amount of a "reasonable compensation," and has illegally treated that item as a fixed salary.

## The Base-Ball Championship.

The race for the base-ball championship is becoming interesting to the lovers of the game. The other clubs are so far in the rear that they are out of the question, and the contest has narrowed down to the New York and Chicago Clubs, with the latter slightly in the lead in games won, but with this advantage about offset by the fact that the Chicago's future games are with stronger clubs than New York has to play.

## MICHIGAN CONGRESSMEN.

B. M. Cutcheon.

Gen. Byron M. Cutcheon, of Manistee, represents the Ninth District, composed of the counties of Antrim, Charlevoix, Kal-kaska, Lake, Manistee, Mason, Mecosta, Missaukee, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, Osceola and Wexford. He was born in Pembroke, N. H., in 1836. At the age of 13 he entered the Pembroke Academy, taught school at the age of 17, and shortly after removed to Michigan, locating at Ypsilanti. Became principal of Birmingham Academy, in Oakland County, in 1857. Entered the University of Michigan and graduated as a member of the class of 1861, when he accepted the position of Professor of Ancient Languages, etc., in the Ypsilanti High School. He entered the military service in 1862. Was Second Lieutenant 20th Michigan Infantry, July 15, 1862. Captain, July 29, 1862. Major, October 14, 1862. Lieutenant Colonel, November 16, 1863. Wounded in action at Spottsylvania Court House, Va., May 10, 1864. Brevet Colonel U. S. Volunteers, August 18, 1864, "for gallant service at the battles of the Wilderness, Va., and Spottsylvania, Va., and during the operations before Petersburg, Va." Colonel 27th Michigan Infantry, November 12, 1864. Re-signed March 6, 1865. Brevet Brigadier General U. S. Volunteers, March 13, 1865. "for conspicuous gallantry at the battle of the Wilderness, Va." He commanded the



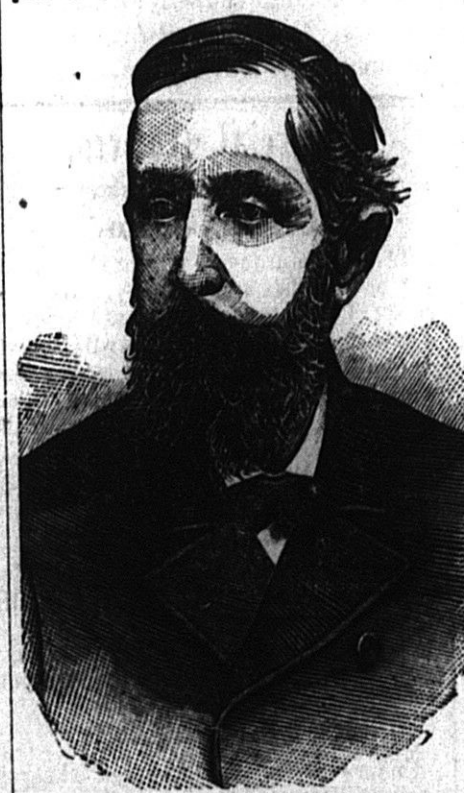
Second Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Army Corps, from October 16, 1864, until the date of his resignation, having been compelled to leave the service on account of sickness in his family.

At the close of the war he entered the law school of the University of Michigan, graduating in March, 1866. Admitted to the bar at Ann Arbor, in 1866. Practiced law at Ionia in 1866-7, when he removed to Manistee.

On March 20, 1867, he was appointed a member of the Board of Control of Railroads. In 1866 he was appointed President of the Michigan Soldiers' Home Commission by the Governor. In 1868 he was elected one of the Presidential electors from this State. In 1870 he was chosen City Attorney by a Democratic council. Prosecuting Attorney of that county in 1873-4. In 1875 he was elected Regent of the State University for the term of six years. He was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress in 1882; re-elected in 1884.

S. C. Moffatt.

The Eleventh Congressional District, comprising the counties of Baraga, Benzie, Chippewa, Delta, Grand Traverse, Houghton, Isle Royal, Keweenaw, Leelanaw, Mackinac, Manistowick, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon and Schoolcraft, is represented by Seth C. Moffatt, of Traverse City. Mr. Moffatt was born in Battle Creek, Mich., August 1, 1841. He received a common-school education there, and removed in the fall of 1858, with his parents, to Colon, St. Joseph County, where he spent two years as a teacher in the seminary. In the fall of 1860 he entered the literary department of the Michigan University, but being obliged to abandon the literary course, he entered the law department the following year. He graduated thence in 1863. During his last year at the University he was in the office



of Hon. Thomas M. Cooley. After graduation he entered the law office of Hon. Byron D. Hall, at Grand Rapids. In the spring of 1864, he removed to Lyons and began the practice of law. From there he went to Northport, Leelanaw County, in the fall of 1866. He was at once elected Prosecuting Attorney for that county and re-elected in 1868. In 1870 he was elected State Senator from the 31st district, and served through the regular and extra sessions of 1871-2, and the Edmunds impeachment trial. He was appointed a member of the Constitutional Commission of 1873. In the spring of 1874 he was appointed Register of the United States land office at Traverse City, vice Lieut. Gov. Bates, deceased, and held the office until his removal to Reed City, in 1878. In that year he was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Grand Traverse County. Having been elected Representative in the State Legislature in 1880, his name was at once mentioned in connection with the Speakership, to which responsible position he was elected from among several prominent and capable candidates. In 1884 he was elected Representative in the 49th Congress, on the Republican ticket, by a vote of 16,467 to 8,992 for John Power, Fusionist.

The Eleventh district is the only one in the State that had no Prohibition candidate for Congress.

S. O. Fisher.

Spencer O. Fisher, of West Bay City, Representative in Congress from the Tenth District, composed of the counties of Alcona, Alpena, Bay, Cheboygan, Chero, Crawford, Emmet, Gladwin, Iosco, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscoda, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon, and Tuscola. Was born in the township of Camden, Hills-



dale County, February 3, 1843, and has resided in Michigan his entire life. He is a lumberman and banker by occupation. He is now serving his second term as Mayor of West Bay City; was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Chicago, in 1884, and has been twice elected Alderman. He is a Democrat, and was elected on the Fusion ticket, as Representative in the Forty-ninth Congress, by a vote of 15,366, to 13,078 for Charles F. Gibson, Republican, and 855 for Alfred M. Webster, Prohibitionist.

## Minor State Happenings.

—Neebish, Chippewa County, is a new postoffice.

—Manistique harbor is receiving a great many improvements.

—Book agents when they strike Manistique are compelled to pay a license of \$1 per day.

—A new stage route will soon be in operation between Manistique and Escanaba, touching at Fayette and other points.

—A Bay City man has a tobacco plant growing in his yard. The plant is six feet ten inches high and the stalk is five inches in circumference. The largest leaves are twenty-six inches long and nineteen inches wide.

—It is now thought Marquette will have the branch State prison. Hon. Peter White has offered to donate forty acres of land for a site. The commissioners were understood to favor a site half-way between Ishpeming and Negaunee, but no land could be secured on any terms, the mining corporation refusing to sell.

—Almost every town of any pretensions whatever in the State sends in complaints of burglaries more or less severe, from no boodle up to a goodly haul. The trade is either becoming more fascinating or more profitable, or else the times have made more people reckless from being hard up or without opportunity of employment.

—A Michigan girl outdid her companions in a craze for autograph albums by having about one hundred letters from the same number of men bound in a volume for her parlor table. As the missives represented her extensive and unusual sentimental correspondence since she had arrived at the age of chirography the collection proved very interesting to callers.

—The imaginative individual who gave a description of that \$2,000,000 a ton rock discovered near Negaunee was too previous. All well-informed mining men draw the line at \$1,000,000 a ton, and a man whose rock exceeds this is looked on with suspicion. A million dollars a ton is richness enough for all practical purposes.—Marquette Mining Journal.

—The establishment of a "County House" in Schoolcraft County seems to be a paying arrangement. The Manistique Pioneer says: Before the Poor House was opened it cost the county \$4 per week to board each pauper; now it costs \$1.25. The poor are cared for just as well, and in some cases better, than they were before. Then, too, the poor are where they can be frequently seen by the officers; they are subjected to better discipline; they are better off.

—The Huron Times recalls the memory of the awful fires which devastated the "thumb of Michigan," commencing Sept. 5, 1881. As an anniversary reminder it says: "Traces of the great calamity are, each year, growing fainter, unless we except the lines of care and suffering on the faces of many who faced the awful dangers and endured the privation and suffering which followed. God grant that our people may never again be called upon to undergo another such baptism."

—The Midland Sun says that the oldest log-scaler on the Saginaw River, and perhaps in the State, is S. B. Brown, of East Saginaw, who has been engaged in the business thirty-five years, having commenced in Maine thirty-five years ago, and continued in the business since that time. Mr. Brown has resided in Michigan about twenty-eight years. He once scaled 500,000 logs in two hundred days—a feat never before accomplished on the river. Though Mr. Brown is verging close on to 70 years of age he appears at least fifteen years younger, and is still in active service.



## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, '85.

We have just received from the publisher a neat new book, containing plans and specifications for twenty-five houses of all sizes, from two rooms up, also engravings showing the appearance of houses built from the plans given. In addition it has valuable information of permanent and practical value on subjects relative to building and building contracts that can not fail to be of value to those who intend to build. Geo. W. Ogilvie & Co., 236 Lake Street, Chicago, are the publishers, and will mail it on receipt of 25 cents, to any address.

The M. & O. R. R.

A Toledo dispatch says that Receiver Latcha, of the Michigan & Ohio Railroad, returned last Wednesday from New York, where he was in consultation with the owners of the property. Mr. Latcha says the principal owners and directors of the road will go over the road in October and will go up into the lumber region of Michigan to look over the ground and determine if they will build the 150 additional miles the road needs to make it good property. The northern terminus has not been decided yet. Men are now up in that country looking for a good and cheap route. The present business is very encouraging in comparison. During August the receipts were \$6,000 more than the operating expenses, and the first week in September was better than the first week of August. This indicates increasing business, and is the best record the road ever made. There is some talk in the East of the Hocking Valley people taking hold of the road.

### Neighboring News.

CAPT. HOWLETT, of Grand Haven, has purchased 9,000 acres of pine lands from New York parties in the Upper Peninsula.

On last Sunday night the steamer Douglas took 9,000 baskets of peaches from Saugatuck, Douglas, and Pier Cove to Chicago, and on last Tuesday the A. B. Taylor carried the same amount across.

It is said that the pension department is about to investigate the matter of a pension obtained by a Mrs. Cook, mother of the Saugatuck postmaster. Mrs. Cook was granted a pension on the ground that she was dependent upon one of her sons who was killed in the army. It is said that Postmaster Cook gained possession of the draft for the back pension and only gave up the money when forced to do so by legal proceedings. It is a mystery how the vouchers were attested, and how Postmaster Cook got possession of the draft which would come addressed to his mother is a question, as Mrs. Cook did not know of the pension being granted until several months after the draft had been sent to her.—*Allegan Democrat*.

T. TROTTER, of Grand Haven, met with a serious accident through a run-a-way term he was driving on last Saturday. His leg was so badly fractured below the knee that amputation may be necessary.

### The Tanners Meeting in Chicago.

The National Association of Tanners and Hide and Leather dealers held a convention in Chicago at the Grand Pacific hotel on last Tuesday and Wednesday. About one thousand representatives of the tanning industry and hide and leather interests are in attendance. The president of the association is James E. Mooney, of Cincinnati, and the secretary F. W. Clarke, of Chicago. This is the third convention of the association, the first and second having been held in Cincinnati, the latter last March. A large number of the members have exhibits of leather and tanners' machinery at the exposition, and the display will engage the attention of the delegates a part of the time they are here. The principal subject of discussion in the convention was the raising of stock with the view of obtaining the best possible results as to hides. A resolution was adopted condemning barb-wire fences, the claim being made by tanners and hide and leather dealers that barbed wire ruins more hides than grubs or any other cause, as whenever an animal is scratched by a barb it renders the hide, when tanned, useless to cut up into harness leather.

### Michigan Crop Report.

The following are some of the main facts taken from the crop report issued from the office of the Secretary of State and dated September 1, 1885:

The number of acres of wheat threshed up to about August 25, in the southern four tiers of counties, as shown by the records kept by threshers, was 165,395, the yield from which was 3,445,567 bushels, an average of 20 and 71 hundredths bushels per acre.

The number of acres threshed in the northern counties was 17,343; yield, 869,462 bushels; average, 21 and 30 hundredths bushels per acre.

The yield per acre in the southern counties is a trifle more than a bushel, and in the northern counties nearly one and three-fourths bushels, greater than in any previous year.

Multiplying the acres in wheat in each county of the southern four tiers by the

average yield per acre in the same county, and the acres in the northern counties by the average yield per acre in those counties, and adding the products, we obtain 31,249,346 bushels as the probable total yield in the State. This is 4,842,345 bushels in excess of the highest previous official estimate. This enormous increase over previous estimates will doubtless cause very general surprise, but to no one more than the farmers themselves. The August estimates of correspondents show that the farmers expected a full average crop, but they did not look for an average per acre that would exceed the highest ever grown.

To the question, which variety of wheat has given the highest yield per acre, 252 correspondents in the southern four tiers of counties answer Clawson, 94 Fultz, 26 Egyptian, 16 Lancaster, and 52 answers are divided between 29 other varieties. To the question, which variety has given the second highest yield, 89 answer Clawson, 117 Fultz, 58 Egyptian, and 44 Lancaster. To the question, which variety is third in order of yield, 53 answer Clawson, 72 Fultz, 53 Egyptian, and 59 Lancaster. In the northern counties the order of yield is nearly the same as in the southern part of the State.

### A CARD.

We desire to express our thanks for the aid rendered and for the kind words of sympathy expressed during our recent bereavement, in the death of our husband and father.

MRS. G. J. DINKLELOO,  
JOHN DINKLELOO.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 18, 1885.

### Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30. Rev. N. M. Steffens will occupy the pulpit.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "Christ's righteousness better than our own." Evening, "Jealous and intelligent love." Congregational singing. Opening Anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The baptism of Jesus and the voice from Heaven." Afternoon, "The fifth commandment." In the evening there will be a union service of the First and Third Reformed churches, when a missionary sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. Steffens.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "Spirits, animals, and the will of His people, it is all subjected to Christ." Afternoon, "Forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors." Evening, "Daniel's advancements."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7 p. m. Prof. G. Boers, of Grand Rapids, will preach.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Parting counsel." Evening, "The Pastor's care."

### Special Notices.

#### "Cheap John."

To-day, Saturday, I will have a special sale of Watches and Jewelry, sacrificing goods of this character to make room for a new stock. Good bargains will be given everyone. Come early as I go to New York for a new stock of goods and "Cheap John" will give some special bargains before he goes.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 18, 1885.

#### Agent Wanted.

To sell Singer Sewing Machines in Holland and vicinity. Liberal pay to the right party. Address:  
THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,  
Grand Rapids Mich.

#### Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Underwear in the best and cheapest qualities, Hats and Caps for winter wear, and everything in the line of Gent's Furnishing Goods can be procured at the new store of D. BERTSCH.

THE largest stock of Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Fancy Notions ever displayed in this city is now at the new store of D. BERTSCH.

#### Protect your Children.

The season is upon us when children especially are attacked by summer complaints and malignant diarrhoea often with fatal results. The most efficient and recognized remedy for this is Dr. Schouten's Compound Syrup of Rhubarb. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

FANCY Wool Yarns in all shades and colors and a full line of Fancy Goods at D. BERTSCH'S New Store.

Golden Seal Bitters is meeting with grand success wherever used. It is an article of great merit. Every family should have it in the house. It is the coming family medicine.

## New Advertisements.

## ROUND OAK STOVES!

The Best in the World!

Can be purchased of

A. B. BOSMAN,

—dealer in—

HARDWARE, NAILS, ETC.,

Eighth Street.

THE ROUND OAK

—is the—

Best, Cheapest,

—and—

Most Durable Stove

to be procured in the market, and I sell them at

Bottom Figures!

Second-Hand Stoves

Bought and Sold.

Call and get

Good Bargains!

Holland, Mich., Sept. 7, 1885.

A. B. BOSMAN, 32-3m

FREE PRESS

and The Household.

The Largest, Best and Cheapest of Ten Pages of Reading Matter in Its Variety.

Each issue is a perfect compendium of information. It contains all the telegraphic news, brought down to the hour of going to press. Reliable Market Reports. Local and State News. Original Sketches, Stories and Comments. An unequalled selection of Travel and an unexcelled supplement for the general household and literary reader.

The Free Press is the Leading and Representative Paper of Michigan.

THE GREAT

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

FAMILY NEWSPAPER

That it is generally regarded as the most desirable and meritorious of Weeklies is shown by the fact that it has by far the largest circulation of any paper published in Michigan. No well regulated family will be without it. Price, only ONE DOLLAR a year.

SPECIAL BOOK OFFER.

We will send The Weekly Free Press for one year and any one of the books named, postage paid, on receipt of amount quoted.

Every One His Own Lawyer.....\$1.00  
World's Encyclopedia (illus.).....1.00  
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What Every One Should Know. A Practical Recipe Book.....1.50  
Everybody's Patent Book.....1.50  
Allison's Webster's Dictionary and Decoding.....1.50  
Dictionary of Electricity.....1.50

DAILY FREE PRESS, 67.00 a Year.  
DAILY, 5 times a week, 5.00

SUBSCRIBE NOW—DON'T DELAY.  
Premiums given for clubs. Send for Premium List and Sample Copy. Local agents wanted.  
The Free Press Co., Detroit, Mich.

FREE PRESS

For the Fall Trade,

BRUSSE  
BRO'S

have received a stock of

Cloths and Trimmings,

which, although not the largest, is without doubt the finest and best selected line of goods ever shown in this city.

Corkscrew and Diagonal  
WORSTEDS,

in the latest weaves and colors are kept in stock, together with a choice assortment of

Fancy and Fashionable

Pants Patterns

which will compare with anything to be found in the large cities, while the

WORK and TRIMMING

will always be found to be

FIRST-CLASS.

Anyone in need of a fine suit for

BUSINESS OR DRESS PURPOSES,

will do well to examine our stock before going out of town to buy the same goods at fancy prices.

BRUSSE BROS., 31-4

HOLLAND, Mich., September 4, 1885.

READY FOR

School Opening!

The largest stock of

School Books,  
Slates,  
Pencils,  
Sponges,  
Pens,  
Inks,  
and Papers,  
EVER OPENED IN HOLLAND.

A beautiful

Decorated Book Cover,  
and an ELEGANT BOOK  
FREE

TO EVERY PURCHASER of a SCHOOL BOOK.

Come One and All.

YATES & KANE.

HOLLAND, Mich., September 4, 1885.

Fall Opening!

—AT—

G. Van Putten & Sons.

We have just received a full line and a complete stock of

DRY GOODS,  
DRESS GOODS,  
FLANNELS,  
REPELLENTS,  
UNDERWEAR,  
HOSIERY,  
JERSEYS,  
YARNS,

and a full stock of

DOMESTICS.

We have a new stock of HATS, and a full line of

FUR CAPS.

We also keep at all times a complete line of

FRESH GROCERIES.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS,  
HOLLAND, Sept. 4, 1885.

ATTENTION

Farmers and  
Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Heading Bolts, 33 inches long  
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Pine Heading Bolts, 30 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.  
ED. VER SCHURE, Supt.  
or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

E. HEROLD,

has just received a large stock of the latest styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES

among which are the celebrated

GROVER HAND SEWED  
SHOES.

Having just secured the services of a competent and capable shoemaker, especial attention will be paid to

CUSTOM WORK.

Repairing promptly and neatly done

CALL AND SEE US.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 4, 1885.

PHOENIX

Cheap Cash Store!

The undersigned has purchased the store and stock of goods of M. Jonkman, on River street, opposite the Phoenix Planing Mill, and will hereafter conduct the business. He has a large stock of

Crockery,  
Flour and Feed,  
and Glassware,  
Dry Goods and Yankee Notions.

With honest and fair dealing he hopes to retain all old customers of the store and obtain many new ones.

Goods will be delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

There is a telephone in the store, and all orders given through it will be promptly attended to.

Give me a Call.

R. E. WERKMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 23, 1885.

WORTHY  
Of Confidence.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla is a medicine that, during nearly 40 years, in all parts of the world, has proved its efficacy as the best blood alterative known to medical science.

SARSAPARILLA (extracted from the root of the genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla) is its base, and its powers are enhanced by the extracts of Yellow Dock and Sillingia, the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and other potent ingredients.

your blood vitiated by derangements of the digestive and assimilatory functions? Is it tainted by Scrofula? or does it contain the poison of Mercury or Contagious Disease?

THE leading physicians of the United States, who know the composition of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, say that nothing else so good for the purification of the blood is within the range of pharmacy.

ONLY by the use of this remedy is it possible for a person who has corrupted blood to attain sound health and prevent transmission of the destructive taint to posterity.

THOROUGHLY effective renovation of the system must include not only the removal of corruption from the blood, but its enrichment and the strengthening of the vital organs.

RELIABLE witnesses, all over the world, testify that this work is better accomplished by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA than by any other remedy.

BLOOD that is corrupted through disease is made pure, and blood weakened through diminution of the red corpuscles is made strong, by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

PURIFYING the blood and building up the system require time in serious cases, but benefit will be derived from the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA more speedily than from anything else.

MEDICINE for which like effects are falsely claimed, is abundant in the market, under many names, but the only preparation that has stood the test of time, and proved worthy of the world's confidence, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,  
PREPARED BY  
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price \$1;  
Six bottles for \$5.

"FACTS TO BE REMEMBERED."

NIMROD PLUG  
TOBACCO.

Is the BEST OHEW, the GREATEST SELLER, and more used than any other Plug in the State. It is always in good order; NEVER TOO HARD, AND NEVER TOO SOFT; GIVES GOOD SATISFACTION, and is not a box of it is ever returned. NIMROD IS THE CHOICE OF THE CREW; never sticks on the dealer's hands. This cannot be said of any other brand of Tobacco. For sale by all jobbers and retailers.

S. W. VENABLE & CO.,

PETERSBURG, VA.



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. H. ROGERS, Editor and Publisher.

## Terms of Subscription.

\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

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**THIS PAPER** may be found on file at Geo. E. Howell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

## Common Council.

HOLLAND, MICH., September 15, 1885.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor.

Members present: Mayor Kanters, Aldermen Rose, Ter Vree, Burgess, Bangs, Bertsch and the Clerk.

Reading of the minutes dispensed with.

Keppel & Van Ralite petitioned that as the Common Council had remitted the tax on street sprinklers a warrant be issued on the general fund in their favor, for \$12.50 paid the board of water commissioners for use of water for street sprinkler for the last half of the season.—Granted.

The following bills were presented for payment: R. E. Werkman, rebuilding and painting hose tower, \$22.25; D. Snyter, ringing bell for memorial services of Gen. U. S. Grant, 1.00; C. & W. M. R. Y., freight on two lamps, 43c; J. A. Ter Vree, teaming, \$53.62.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the several amounts.

Aldermen Kanters and De Roo here appeared and took their seats.

The committee on ways and means reported estimates of expenditures which will be required to be made from the several general funds of the city during the fiscal year; also an ordinance, making the general appropriation bill for the city of Holland, for the fiscal year, 1885.

Said ordinance was read a first and second time by its title and placed on the general order of the day.

The committee on streets and bridges reported that the obstructions over River street, in front of Jacob Flieman's shop had not been removed, as according to the resolution of the Common Council, September 1st, 1885.

On motion of Ald. Rose—

Resolved, That the report be accepted and the city attorney is hereby directed to inform the Common Council in writing, at its next regular meeting, whether under the existing ordinances of the city, the Common Council can cause and enforce the removal of the obstructions recently placed on River street, in front of the premises of Mr. J. Flieman, and if the same are found to be insufficient that he be further directed to draft a good and sufficient ordinance to that effect and submit the same at the next regular meeting of the Common Council.—Adopted.

The committee on poor reported, presenting the semi-monthly report of the director of the poor and said committee, recommending \$39 for the support of the poor for the three weeks ending October 7, 1885, and having rendered three dollars temporary aid.—Adopted.

**MAYOR'S OFFICE,** City of Holland, September 15, 1885.

**GENTLEMEN:**—My attention has recently been called to the condition of Black River highway bridge. It is alleged that there are several weak or defective places which need repairing. Allow me to state that you cause an inspection of the premises to be made at an early date, in order that accidents or an unnecessary delay in travel be avoided, and that at such inspection the highway commissioner of the township of Holland be requested to be present. The highway leading to the bridge is also in bad condition, and I would suggest that an estimate be made of the amount of gravel needed for its repair. The travel and trade coming into the city from that direction is of too great importance to our merchants, than that we should allow this highway to remain much longer in its present neglected condition.

**RUKUS KANTERS, Mayor.**  
—Accepted and referred to the committee on streets and bridges.

Justice H. D. Post reported that the amount of fines collected by him upon cases for violation of the penal statutes of the State of Michigan, since the date of his last report was \$32, and that no fines were collected for violation of the city ordinances.—Filed.

The following bills having been approved by the board of water commissioners, were certified to the Common Council for payment, viz: J. Plum, labor, \$1.25; J. A. Ter Vree, teaming, \$30.85; R. E. Werkman, two side lamps, \$3.00.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the several amounts.

The secretary of the board of education reported the amount of money necessary to be raised by taxation for the public schools of the city of Holland, for the next school year.—Accepted and ordered spread on the general appropriation bill for the year.

The board of water commissioners reported the amount of money necessary to be raised for the maintaining, repairing and running of the Holland City water works.—Accepted and recommendations to be carried out.

By Ald. Kanters—

Resolved, That the clerk is hereby instructed to notify the parties bidding on hose and whose proposals were accepted, to deliver the hose forthwith.—Adopted.

By Ald. Ter Vree—

Resolved, That the clerk is hereby instructed to purchase two dozen street lamp burners.—Adopted.

**GENTLEMEN:**—At a meeting of Eagle hose company No. 1, and Protection hose company No. 2 it was resolved to petition the Common Council, asking for the purchase of twenty-eight women's caps, the sum subscribed by the citizens being insufficient for the purchase of both uniforms and caps; also we would state that the same can be had for \$1.25 apiece. **H. KAMPERMAN, Secy.**

—Petition accepted and request granted.

By Ald. De Roo—

Resolved, That the chief engineer is hereby instructed to purchase 28 caps at the price stated in the petition.—Adopted.

The draft of an ordinance for the protection of fire hydrants and water gates was taken from the table and referred to the committee on ways and means.

The Council went into the Committee of the whole, Ald. Ter Vree in the chair. After some time spent therein the committee arose and through their chairman reported that they had had under consideration the following: "An ordinance making the general appropriation bill for the city of Holland, for the fiscal year, A. D. 1885."—Adopted, the committee discharged and the ordinance placed on its third reading.

"An ordinance making the general appropriation bill for the city of Holland, for the fiscal year, A. D. 1885." was read a third time and passed by yeas and nays as follows: Yeas, Rose, Ter Vree, Burgess, Bangs, Kanters, De Roo and Bertsch. Nays, none.

By Ald. Kanters—

Resolved, That the chief engineer of the fire department attend to the placing of a sidewalk hydrant as petitioned for by Protection hose company.—Adopted.

Council adjourned.

Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

## Gold in Michigan.

Announcement was recently made of the discovery of a vein of gold-bearing sugar quartz on section 35, town 48, range 28 west, Michigan. The property on which the discovery has been made belongs to the Lake Superior Iron Company. The correspondent of the Detroit Press says that this gold boom is no needless clamor of inexperienced men. The men who are backing it are miners of experience. Assays have been made which

show well. Average pieces taken from among the best specimens gave \$3,905 in gold and silver, nearly all being gold. These choice specimens varied in weight from six ounces to as many pounds, and this was their average value. The second assay was made from the leanest piece of quartz which could be found in the rock taken from the vein. In this there was no free gold visible to the naked eye or distinguishable with the aid of an ordinary prospector's pocket glass. It gave \$62.64 to the ton, nearly all in gold also. It is said that a vein of this quartz four feet wide has already been traced over seven hundred feet.

## These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whosoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Heber Walsh.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland, Mich.

## A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. 26-1y

## IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage, Expressage, and Carriage hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to one dollar and upwards per day on European plan. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse car, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city. 15-1y

## Special Notices.

### Ladies' Cloaks.

Two hundred ladies' and children's Cloaks have just been received and will be open for inspection at the Dry Goods Store of D. BERTSCH. Call early and secure good bargains. 32-2

### A Simple Cure for Dyspepsia.

Probably never in the history of Proprietary Medicines has any article met success equal to that which has been showered upon Golden Seal Bitters. Why, such has been the success of this discovery, that nearly every family in whole neighborhoods have been taking it at the same time. Golden Seal Bitters combines the best remedies of the vegetable kingdom, and in such proportions as to derive their greatest medicinal effect, with the least disturbance to the whole system. In fact this preparation is so well balanced in its action upon the alimentary canal, the Liver, the Kidneys, the Stomach, the Bowels, and the circulation of the Blood, that it brings about a healthy action of the entire human organism that can hardly be credited by those who have not seen the remarkable results that have followed its use. Sold by Heber Walsh. 33-4

### Dog Days are Here.

And with them the much dreaded diseases with children, to-wit summer complaints. Any parent desirous of properly protecting his children against this disease should not neglect to buy a bottle of Dr. Schouten's Compound Syrup of Rhubarb. It saves doctor's bills and the life of your child. 27-1f

**HACKMETACK**—a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 35 and 50 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane.

**SHILOH'S CURE** will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. For sale by Yates & Kane.

**WHY WILL YOU** cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and \$1. For sale by Yates & Kane.

**SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY**—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by Yates & Kane.

## IMPORTANT To Students of Music!

The Michigan Conservatory of Music located at Grand Rapids, offers all the advantages of a first-class music school. Instruction in all branches under a competent Board of teachers. Fall term begins Sept. 10th. Send for circular and catalogue. **OWEN I. TURTLE, Director.** GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. 29-3ms.

### Money Refunded.

The true remedy has at last been discovered. It was long known in his practice as Dr. Pete's Lung Food for Consumption. It is now called Dr. Pete's 35-cent Cough Cure. It is the safest, the surest, and the best. No other Cough, Cold, and Consumption remedy is half its equal. We warrant it and will promptly refund the money paid for it if a beneficial effect is not experienced by the time two-thirds of the contents of the bottle is used. Sold by H. Walsh. 33-4

## Serious Results.

One or two doses of Dr. Schouten's Compound Syrup of Rhubarb checks in most cases, diarrhoea and the serious results of summer complaints. Why run risks, when one bottle of this famous remedy furnishes relief? Sold by all dealers and can be obtained of Dr. R. A. Schouten, Cor. of Wenham avenue and Division street, Grand Rapids, Mich. Price, 35 cents a bottle or three bottles for \$1.00. 27-1f

**FOR DYSPEPSIA** and Liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 10 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane.

**A NASAL INJECTOR** free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 10 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane.

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

We have just received a large new stock of Boots and Shoes and Slippers for spring and summer trade. The stock is complete and embraces the latest styles of Ladies' and Gents' shoes, which are sold at reasonable prices. We sell

**Fargo's Boots and Fine Ladies Shoes.** L. SPRIETSMAN & SON, HOLLAND, March 19, 1885. 7-1y

**THE REV. GEO. H. TRAYER**, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by Yates & Kane.

**ARE YOU MADE** miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For Sale by Yates & Kane.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, June 21, 1885.

#### FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.

TOWNS.	Mail	Exp.	N.Y.	Mix.	Mix'd
Holland	10 25	1 40	11 35	5 00	2 15
Grand Junction	11 37	2 30	12 37	8 27	4 35
Bangor	11 55	2 44	12 52	9 30	5 15
Benton Harbor	1 30	3 36	1 45	12 00	7 00
New Buffalo	2 50	4 30	2 45	12 35	9 10
Chicago	7 10	7 10	8 00		11
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

#### FROM CHICAGO TO HOLLAND.

	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Chicago	11 35	8 30	9 30		
New Buffalo	11 35	8 40	10 10	7 25	
Benton Harbor	12 42	6 28	1 45	10 15	
Bangor	2 07	7 15	2 55	1 35	
Grand Junction	2 30	7 29	3 17	3 30	
Holland	3 30	8 30	4 40	5 30	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

#### FROM HOLLAND TO GRAND RAPIDS

	Mail	Exp.	Exp.	Exp.	Exp.
Holland	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Zeeland	3 30	8 30	1 45	10 15	5 35
Grand Rapids	3 40	4 40	5 40	10 25	5 45
	4 25	9 15	5 45	11 15	6 30

#### FROM GRAND RAPIDS TO HOLLAND.

	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Grand Rapids	9 15	1 00	10 40	4 15	
Zeeland	10 02	11 23	5 10		
Holland	10 15	1 40	11 38	5 35	

#### FROM HOLLAND TO MUSKOGON.

	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Holland	10 30	3 30	5 35	8 30	
Grand Haven	11 06	4 10	6 30	9 12	
Ferryburg	11 13	4 15	6 40	9 35	
Muskogon	11 55	4 50	7 20	10 15	

#### FROM MUSKOGON TO HOLLAND.

	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Muskogon	1 30	11 55	6 50	8 15	9 35
Ferryburg	2 00	12 28	7 25	8 50	10 30
Grand Haven	2 10	12 38	7 35	9 00	10 35
Holland	3 05	1 30	8 15	10 00	11 15

#### FROM HOLLAND TO ALLEGAN.

	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		
Holland	3 30	10 15			
Fillmore	3 45	10 30			
Hamilton	3 55	10 40			
Allegan	4 30	11 15			

#### FROM ALLEGAN TO HOLLAND.

	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Allegan	9 10	4 30	11 11		
Hamilton	9 43	5 02	12 14		
Fillmore	9 50	5 10	12 30		
Holland	10 15	5 35	1 00		

† Daily. †† Daily except Saturday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

**J. H. CARPENTER**, Gen. Pass. Agt.

**F. G. CHURCHILL**, Station Agent.

### Michigan and Ohio Railroad.

Taking effect Jan. 18, 1885.

GOING WEST.		Central Time	GOING EAST.					
Pass.	Mix'd	Pass.	TOWNS			Pass.	Pass.	Mix.
a. m.		p. m.	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	
10 10		5 45	L Toledo A	11 10	5 10			
11 02		6 40	Dundee	10 40	4 15			
11 24		7 04	Brinton	9 46	3 52			
11 29		7 08	Ridgeway	9 43	3 47			
11 39		7 18	Tecumseh	9 33	3 37			
11 55		7 39	Tipton	9 17	3 22			
12 08		7 45	Unsted	9 05	3 08			
12 30		8 09	Addison	8 43	2 45			
12 48		8 25	Jerome	8 26	2 28			
12 55		8 32	Moscow	8 20	2 21			
1 06		8 42	Hanover	8 09	2 10			
1 17	a. m.	8 53	Pulaski	7 57	1 59	p. m.		
1 33	10 10	9 10	Homer	7 38	1 38	10 10		
2 05	6 37	9 44	Marshall	7 08	1 14	7 38		
2 17	6 49	9 57	Cresco	6 49	1 03	7 21		
2 35	7 07	10 15	Battle Crk	6 30	12 44	7 03		
2 56	7 37		Augusta		12 27	6 43		
3 04	7 45		Yorkville		12 30	6 35		
3 10	7 52		Richland		12 15	6 29		
3 45	8 24		Monticello		11 43	5 53		
3 53	8 33		Fisk		11 35	5 47		
3 59	8 39		Kellogg		11 30	5 37		
4 10	8 50		A Allegan L		11 30	5 25		
p. m.	p. m.				a. m.	a. m.		

### Train Connections.

At Toledo, with all railroads diverging. At Dundee, with T. A. & G. T. At Brinton, with Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific. At Tecumseh, with Lake Shore & Mich. Southern. At Jerome, with L. S. & M. S. At Hanover, with L. S. & M. S. At Homer, with L. S. & M. S. (Lansing Division) and Air Line Division of the Mich. Central. At Marshall, with M. C. R. R. At Battle Creek, with Chicago & Grand Trunk and M. C. R. R. At Monticello, with G. R. & I. At Allegan, with Chicago & West Mich. and L. S. & M. S. Trains 11 daily except Sunday.

**B. McHUGH**, General Passenger Agent.

## New Advertisements.

**TREASURY DEPT. U. S. LIFE SAVING SERVICE.** Washington, D. C., September 14, 1885.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. Thursday, Sept. 24, 1885, for the construction of two life saving stations, one at Sturgeon Bay Canal, Wisconsin, and one at Holland, Michigan. Bids will be received for one, or both of the stations. Specifications and plans, containing full information and forms of proposal, can be obtained of E. S. Miner, Sturgeon Bay, Wisconsin; Nathaniel Robbins, superintendent of Life Saving District, Grand Haven, Michigan, and at this office.

**S. J. KIMBALL**, General Superintendent.

### For Sale.

A house and barn and fractional lot on the corner of Fifth and Cedar streets, will be sold at a bargain. For particulars enquire of JACOB LOKER, or at the News office. HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 24, 1885. 30-4t

No. 175.

## An Ordinance

Making the General Appropriation Bill for the City of Holland, for the fiscal year, A. D. 1885.

The City of Holland Ordains:

Section 1. That there shall be raised by tax upon all the taxable property in the City of Holland, for necessary expenses and liabilities of said city, during the fiscal year, commencing on the third Monday in March, A. D. 1885.

1st. For the support of the "Public Schools of the City of Holland," as reported by the Board of Education of said Public Schools of the City of Holland, Seven Thousand and Twelve Dollars and Fifty-five Cents. (\$7,012.53.)

2nd. For the General Fund of the City of Holland, to defray the expenses of the city, for the payment of which from some other fund, no provision is made, Two Thousand, Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Dollars and Sixty-eight cents. (\$2,768.68.)

3d. For the Fire Department Fund of the City of Holland, to be expended for the Fire Department of the City of Holland, Nine Hundred and Nine Dollars and Forty Cents. (\$909.40.)

4th. For the Poor Fund of the City of Holland to be expended for the support of the poor of the City of Holland, Five Hundred and Fifty Dollars. (\$500.00.)

5th. For the Library Fund of the City of Holland, for maintaining and supporting a library in the City of Holland, One Hundred Dollars. (\$100.)

6th. For the Interest and Sinking Fund of the City of Holland, for the payment of the funded debt of the City of Holland, and the interest thereon, Two Hundred and Twelve Dollars and Thirty-seven cents. (\$212.37.)

7th. For the Water Fund of the City of Holland, for maintaining, repairing, and running the "Holland City Water Works," in the City of Holland, One Thousand, Four Hundred and Fifty-three Dollars and Sixty-eight Cents. (\$1,453.68.) For the extension of the system of Water Works, to be raised by tax or loan, or partly by tax and partly by loan, Four Thousand Dollars. (\$4,000.)

8th. For Ninth Street Special Street Assessment District Fund, for the payment of bonds and the interest thereon, to be raised by special assessment, from said special assessment district, Five Hundred and Fifty-six Dollars and Forty-five Cents. (\$556.45.)

9th. For Tenth Street Special Street Assessment District Fund, for the payment of bonds and the interest thereon, to be raised by special assessment from said special assessment district, Four Hundred and Fifty-four Dollars and Forty-seven Cents. (\$454.47.)

10th. For Cedar Street Special Street Assessment District Fund, for the payment of bonds and the interest thereon, to be raised by special assessment from said special assessment district, One Hundred and Sixteen Dollars and Fifty Cents. (\$116.50.)

11th. For Eleventh Street Special Street Assessment District Fund, for the payment of bonds and the interest thereon, to be raised by special assessment from said special assessment district, Two Hundred and Forty-one Dollars, and Forty-six Cents. (\$241.46.)

12th. For the improvement of West Twelfth Street, to be raised by tax or loan or partly by tax and partly by loan, and raised by special assessment on the property abutting on said part of said street, Four Thousand Dollars. (\$4,000.)



## ADVICE.

### MATER LOQUITUR.

He's young, you say; the world's before him,  
He has his brain, a good one, too,  
We'll let that pass. You'd best ignore him,  
He's sure not the man for you.  
My dear, pray look for talents double—  
Talents of mind and metal, too.  
They say love thrives with want and trouble;  
It isn't true!

There, there, Miss! Now, no tears or wailing,  
When you have lived as long as I  
You'll find that life is easy sailing,  
Provided you've a proper eye  
To business, and cash transactions,  
You'll find that Love's a fickle fool  
In practice as he is in actions—  
Unfit to rule.

He isn't worth consideration  
Who isn't worth a single sou.  
Though poverty's no degradation,  
I'll tell you frankly, of the two,  
Look out for family and money;  
Don't meddle, dear, with love or brains,  
And when we catch this gilded sonny,  
I'll take the reins.

### MY LADY'S HANDKERCHIE

BY D. H. LEAHY.

A dainty, fragile piece of lace,  
A sweet, faint lingering motion  
Of violets: How her figure, face,  
In memory like the perfume lingers.

It rested 'neath her swelling breast,  
And rose and fell with graceful motion,  
Nestling close, as fearing lest  
Some ruthless hand remove it.

It kissed her full, ripe, cherry lips:  
Seemed faint, indeed, to linger there,  
As a bee from flower to flower flits,  
Tarrying longest at the sweetest.

Pierced by Cupid's fatal dart,  
Firmly held by filmy meshes;  
There lies a captive—my poor heart—  
Which my lady will not ransom.

## HOW GREAT CAPTAINS DIE.

### Heroic and Unheroic Departures of Great Men—Some Tragic Events in Human History.

#### NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

One of the first to come to mind in modern times is Napoleon Bonaparte, the most glorious conqueror among the French leaders. Thiers has given a vivid picture of the great Emperor's last days: The year 1821 came at last, that year that was to terminate the wondrous career of Napoleon. At the commencement of January his health improved, but only for a few days. "It is a respite," he said, "of a week or two, and then the disease will resume its course." He then dictated a few passages concerning Cesar to Marchand. They were the last he wrote. February brought no other change than an increased intensity of the symptoms. Not being able to digest food, the august invalid became weaker every day. He was tormented by intense thirst, and his pulse, once so slow, beat with feverish rapidity. He wished for air, though he could not endure it when admitted. "I am no longer," he said, "that proud Napoleon whom the world has so often seen on horseback. The monarchs who prosecute me may set their minds at rest. I shall soon remove every cause of fear." Napoleon's faithful servants never left him. Montholon and Marchand remained day and night by his bedside, an attention for which he showed himself profoundly grateful. It was at this time that his captors manifested an entirely unnecessary severity of espionage or watchfulness. Sir Hudson Lowe, who was immediately responsible to the British government for the custody of Napoleon, insisted that he should be seen every day by some of his guards. This was very offensive to the sick Emperor, but some of his suite managed to satisfy the British officers of Napoleon's presence. The captors were exceedingly suspicious, and even when Napoleon was dying they believed he was keeping in seclusion to plan an escape. The great commander made every business preparation for his end. Meeting death with a smile as dignified as it was grateful, he said to Montholon:

"It would be a great pity not to die, now that I have arranged all my affairs so well." The end of April arrived, and every moment increased his danger and suffering. He had no relief from the spasms, vomitings, fever, and burning thirst. "You will return to Europe," he said to those who surrounded him; you will return, bearing with you the reflection of my glory, with the honor of your own fidelity. You will be esteemed and happy. I go to meet Cleber, Desaix, Lannes, Massena, Bessieres, Duroc, Ney. They will come to me, they will experience once more the intoxication of human glory. We shall speak of what we have done. We shall talk of our profession with Frederick, Turenne, Conde, Caesar, and Hannibal." Then pausing, Napoleon added with a peculiar smile, "Unless there should be as great an objection in the upper sphere as there is here below to see a number of soldiers together." On the 3d of May he became delirious, and amid his ravings these words were distinguished: "My son. The army. Desaix." It would seem as though he had a last vision of the battle of Marengo recovered by Desaix. The agony continued during the day of the 4th, and the noble countenance of the hero was terribly distorted. The weather was terrible—it was the bad season in Helena. Sudden gusts of wind tore up some of the planted trees. Nearly every American schoolboy of a quarter of a century ago has declaimed:

Wild was the night, yet wilder night  
Hung round the soldier's pillow.  
In his bosom there raged a fiercer fight  
Than the fight on the wrathful billow.

On the 5th of May there was no doubt that the last day of this extraordinary life had dawned. All his servants kneeling around his bed watched the last flickering of the vital flame. These were unfortunately attended with bitter suffering. The English officers, assembled outside, listened with respectful interest to the accounts the servants gave of his agony. Toward

the decline of the day his life and sufferings decreased together; the cold, extending from the extremities, became general, and Death seemed about to seize his glorious victim. The weather had become calm and serene. About 5:20, when the sun was setting in waves of light, and the English cannon gave the signal for retiring, those around the bed perceived that the patient did not breathe, and cried out that he was dead. They covered his hand with kisses, and Marchand, who had brought to St. Helena the cloak the first Consul had worn at Marengo, laid it over his body, leaving only the noble head uncovered. The convulsions of the death agony, always so painful to witness, were succeeded by a majestic tranquility of expression. That face, wondrously beautiful, now restored to the slenderness of youth, and the figure, clad in the mantle of Marengo, seemed to present again to the witnesses of that touching scene, Gen. Bonaparte in the meridian of his glory.

#### FREDERICK THE GREAT.

While Bonaparte was just treading the threshold of his great career, another military genius was dying. A genius wonderful to contemplate, in some respects a mightier commander than Napoleon, and certainly in one respect, the most essential, entirely surpassing him—that is, he was finally successful, reigned long, died on the throne, and by his masterful achievements laid the foundation of the splendid German Empire of to-day. The following description of his death by Carlyle is peculiarly interesting:

Tuesday, August 16, 1786.—Contrary to all wont the king did not awaken till 11 o'clock. On first looking up he seemed in a confused state, but soon recovered himself, called in his Generals and Secretaries, who had been waiting so long, and gave, with his old precision, the orders wanted—one to Rohdich, Commandant at Potsdam, about a review of the troops there the next day, an order minutely perfect in knowledge of the ground, in foresight of what and how the evolutions were to be, which was accordingly performed on the morrow. The Cabinet work he went through with the like precision of himself, giving on every point his three clerks their directions in a weak voice, yet the old power of spirit, dictate to them among other things an "instruction" for some Ambassador just leaving—"four quarto pages, which," says Herzbug, "would have done honor to the most experienced minister," and in the evening he signed his missives as usual. This evening still—but no evening more. We are now at the last scene of all, which ends this strange, eventful history, Wednesday morning. General, Adjutants, Secretaries, Commandant, were there at their old hours, but word came out, "Secretaries are to wait." King is in a kind of sleep, of stertorous, ominous character, as if it were the death sleep; seems not to recollect himself when he does at intervals open his eyes. This slumberous, half-stupified condition lasted through the day. Toward evening the feverishness abated; the King fell into a soft sleep, with warm perspiration, but on awakening complained of cold, repeatedly of cold, demanding wrappage after wrappage, and, on examining feet and legs, one of the doctors made signs that they were, in fact, cold up nearly to the knees. "What said he of the feet?" murmured the King some time afterward, the doctor having stepped out of sight. "Much the same as before," answered some attendant. The King shook his head incredulously. He drank once, grasping the goblet with both hands, a draught of fennel water, his customary drink, and seemed relieved by it, his last reflection in this world. Toward 9 in the evening there had come on a continual short cough and a rattling in the breast, breath more and more difficult. Why continue? Friedrich is making exit on the common terms; you may hear the curtain rattling down. For the most part he was unconscious, never more than half-conscious. As the wall clock above his head struck 11, he asked, "What o'clock?" "Eleven," answered they. "At 4," murmured he, "I will rise." One of his dogs sat on its stool near him; about midnight he noticed it shivering from cold. "Throw a quilt over it," said or beckoned he. That, I think, was his last completely conscious utterance. Afterward, in a severe choking fit, getting at last rid of the phlegm, he said: "La montagne est passee, nous irons, mieux." We are over the hill, we shall go better now.

Attendants, Heazberg, Salle, and one or two others, were in the outer room, none Friedrich's but Strutzki, his kammerhussar, one of the three who are his sole valets and nurses; a faithful and ingenious man, as they all seem to be, and excellently chosen for the object. Strutzki, to save the King from hustling down, as he always did, into the corner of his chair, where, with neck and chest bent forward, breathing was impossible, at last took the King on his knees, kneeling on the ground with the other knees for the purpose, the King's right arm around Strutzki's neck, Strutzki's left arm around his back and supporting his other shoulder, in which posture the faithful creature for about two hours sat motionless till the end came. Within doors all was silent except his breathing; around it the dark earth silent, above it the silent stars. At 2:20 the breathing paused, wavered, ceased. Friedrich's life battle is fought out; instead of suffering and sore labor, here is now rest. Thursday morning, August 17, 1786, at the dark hour just named. On the 31st of May last this King has reigned forty-six years. "He has lived," counts Rodenbeck, "78 years, 6 months, and 24 days."

His death seems very stern and lonely; a man of such affectionate feelings, too; "a man with more sensibility

than other men!" But so had his whole life been, stern and lonely; such the severe law laid on him.

#### OLIVER CROMWELL.

It is Carlyle again who furnishes his own approachable delineation of the last scene in the earthly career of England's famous "Protector."

Truly it is a great scene of world history, this is old Whitehall—Oliver Cromwell drawing nigh to his end. The exit of Oliver Cromwell and of English Puritanism's great light, one of our few authentic solar luminaries, going down now amid the clouds of death. Like the setting of a great victorious summer sun, its course now finished. "So stirbt ein Held," says Schiller. "So dies a hero! Sight worthy to be worshipped!" He died, this hero Oliver, in resignation to God, as the brave have all done. "We could not be more desirous that he should abide," says the pious Harvey, "than he was content and willing to be gone." The struggle lasted amid hope and fear, for ten days. Some small miscellaneous traits, and a confused gleanings of last words, and then our poor history ends.

Among the ejaculations caught up at intervals during the final days are the following: "I think I am the poorest wretch that lives, but I love God, or rather am beloved of God." "I am a conqueror, and more than a conqueror, through Christ that strengtheneth me!" So pass in the sick room, in the sick bed, these last, uncertain days. "The godly persons had great assurances of a return to their prayers," transcendent human wishes find in their own echo a kind of answer! They gave his highness also some assurance that his life would be lengthened. Hope was strong in many to the very end.

For several days the conflict lasted, and then, when the morrow's sun arose, Oliver was speechless; between 3 and 4 in the afternoon he lay dead. Friday, September 3, 1658—"The consternation and astonishment of all people," writes Fauconberg, "are inexpressible; their hearts seem as if sunk within them. My poor wife—I know not what to do with her. When seemingly quieted, she burst out again into a passion that tears her very heart to pieces." Hush, poor, weeping Mary! Here is a life battle richly nobly done. Seest thou not?

The storm is changed into calm  
At His command and will;  
So that the waves which raged before  
Now quiet are and still.

Few words tell the story of the death of him who saved Waterloo to the British, but these few words are eminently suggestive, and show how inseparable is the professional warrior from his sword and its use. The account is painfully brief: His sovereign visited him in his latest moments at his chateau in Silesia, to which he replied: "I know I shall die," said the veteran. "I am not sorry for it, seeing that I am no longer of any use."

#### SIR CHARLES NAPIER.

Sir Charles Napier, one of the pre-eminent fighting heroes of the English army, though not one of the towering leaders among armed men, still may be appropriately noticed in this connection. He bore the pall at the burial of the Duke of Wellington, and this funeral was the prelude of his own. On the morning of August 29, 1853, he expired like a soldier, on a naked camp bedstead, the windows of the room open, and the fresh air of Heaven blowing on his manly face. Surrounded by his family, and a few of his neighbors, he died. All his grieving servants were present, and at his feet stood two veterans of his regiment, gazing with a terrible emotion at a countenance then settling in death which they had first seen beaming in the light of battle. As the last breath escaped, Montague McMurdo snatched the old colors of the Twenty-second Regiment, the colors that had been borne at Meenae, and Hyderabad, and waved them over the dying hero. Thus Charles Napier passed from this world. An intrepid soldier in his life, he died amid trophies of battle, and his camp-bed was his bier. The colors of the Twenty-second gently waved over him, and between them and the grand picture of Meenae leaned forward above his pale, heroic countenance, as if to claim his corps for that bloody field.

#### JOAN OF ARC.

The strangest military phenomenon of all history was Joan of Arc, and her cruelly pathetic end has ensnared her in the choicest tragic romance of the age. Those whom she had delivered repudiated and sacrificed her, and history has no parallel to this colossal ingratitude. In 1431 she was put to death. The frightful ceremony of burning her began with a sermon. One of the lights of the University of Paris preached upon the edifying text: "When one limb of the Church is sick the whole Church is sick." This poor Church could only be cured by cutting off a limb. He wound up with the formula: "Jeanne, go in peace; the Church can no longer defend thee." There are conflicting stories concerning her recantations and confessions in presence of this dreadful ordeal, but she appears to have emerged into the final trial with unsullied luster. Deserted by the Church, she put her whole trust in God. She asked for the cross. An Englishman handed her a cross, which he made out of a stick. She took it, rudely fashioned as it was, with no less devotion, kissed it, and placed it under her garments next her body. While she was embracing the crucifix which was afterward given her, the English began to think the performance exceedingly tedious. It was now noon; at last the soldiers grumbled, and the Captain called out: "What's this, priest? Do you mean us to dine here?" Then, losing patience, and without waiting for the order from the bailiff, who alone had authority to dismiss her to death, they sent two

constables to take her out of the hands of the priests. She was seized at the foot of the tribune by men-at-arms, who dragged her to the executioner with the words: "Do thy office." The fury of the soldiery filled all present with horror, and many there, even the judges, fled from the spot, that they might see no more. She was made fast under the infamous placard, "Heretic, relaps, apostate, idolator," and something worse, and then the executioner set fire to the pile. She saw this from above and uttered a cry; then, as the brother, who was exhorting her, paid no attention to the fire, forgetting herself in her fear for him, she insisted on his descending. No doubt hopes had been entertained that upon finding herself abandoned by the King, she would at last accuse and defame him. To the last she defended him. "Whether I have done well or ill, my King is faultless; it was not he who counselled me." Meanwhile the flames rose. When they first seized her the unhappy girl shrieked for holy water—this must have been the cry of fear, but soon recovering, she called only on God, on her angels, and her saints. She bore witness to them: "Yes, my voices were from God; my voices have not deceived me." Ten thousand men wept. A few of the English above laughed or endeavored to laugh. One of the most furious among them had sworn that he would throw a fagot on the pile. Just as he brought it she breathed her last. He was taken ill. His comrades led him to a tavern to recruit his spirits by drink, but he was beyond recovery. "I saw," he exclaimed in his frantic despair, "I saw a dove fly out of her mouth with her last sigh." Others had read in the flames the word "Jesus," which she had so often repeated. The executioner repaired in the evening to Brother Isambart, full of consternation, and confessed himself, but felt persuaded that God would never pardon him. One of the English King's Secretaries said aloud, on returning from the dismal service, "We are lost; we have burned a saint."

#### Certain Death.

"People have very little idea of what an extent this habit of using hypodermic injections prevails," said a prominent physician.

"Singular that doctors, knowing its effects, should persist in using morphine," said the reporter, flinging out a bait for further revelations.

"Not any more singular than that they should drink whisky until death steps in and stops the debauch, but the morphine habit is infinitely more seductive, and more difficult to abandon than whisky drinking. You doubtless know of doctors who have killed themselves by the bottle. So do I. Now, not many months ago, there died, in Oakland, a physician who was as surely killed by morphine as the poor fellow who died in the House of the Inebriates, Saturday. He took his, also, in the shape of hypodermic injections. He had a large practice, was universally trusted and respected, and not one in 500 of his acquaintances ever suspected that he was a slave to this habit."

"Does it prevail to any extent among women, Doctor?"

"I have had a good many patients of that sex in my own practice—I think it is next to impossible—I can't say that it is impossible to cure them. I have in my mind now a lady who resides in one of the bay counties. She is speckled all over from the use of the hypodermic syringe. I have told her a score of times that she was killing herself, and her friends and relatives have actually gone on their knees to her to abandon this ruinous habit. But it was all of no avail. Why, the very last time I called to see that lady, I was in the midst of the most impressive warning I could deliver, and she was apparently listening with the utmost attention, and making her mind up to reform, when I noticed a suspicious motion of her right hand, I grasped her by the wrist, and I'm blest if she was not holding a hypodermic syringe, charged with morphine, and in the act of treating herself to an injection. I cut my speech mighty short, I tell you, told her relatives that she was beyond my skill, or powers of persuasion, and left the house."

"How did she acquire the habit?"  
"Oh, like most of them, she had been a sufferer from acute neuralgia, and found relief in morphine. It is a good friend, but a terrible enemy. Never try it, young man, just to see how it feels, or some day you'll be feeling in your vest pocket for your syringe just as natural as the smoker dives down to see if he has a cigar left."—San Francisco Alta-California.

#### The Discouragement of Slang.

There have been several societies started for the suppression of slang. There is one in Cleveland. The list of expressions not allowed in conversation by this club is as follows: You are another; Gilly; Crank; Gosh; Just boys; Cheese it; Monkeying; You can't; Nasty thing; You are crazy; You tramp; You poor thing; You nuisance; You are a slouch; Such gall; Don't mention it; What a nerve; I should smile; I should remark; I should snicker; I should titter; I should murmur; I should giggle; I don't have to; Hardly ever; Give us a rest; Pretty nearly; You make me tired; You make me weary; Snide; Slouch; Allee samee; Bet your life; Give it up; Gr at heavens; Oh, mercy; Cheese t e racket; Too too; Chalk it d wn; Too thin; Rats; Not much; Chestnuts; La la; Ah there, stay there; Ta ta; Jim Dandy; Just great; Proper caper; S y nothing; Sure; What a picnic. The fines paid by the members for the violation of its rules go to the associated charities of the city.

## A STORM IN THE COUNTRY.

### Also a Variety of Other Incidents and Diversions.

A storm in the country, writes Bill Arp, in *The Atlanta Constitution*, is worth something to see. We can look out and afar off and see it coming, and we can see the lightning flash and zigzag and corruscate, and no fear—it is grand, but not fearful—not alarming. The trees are all around us, and have never been struck. They are our lightning-rods, our insulators. Lightning will strike one lonely tree, but it rarely strikes in a grove or forest. It has struck twice in our cotton field, and killed the cotton, but these trees all around us scatter it and keep it from concentrating. Neighbor Freeman says that lightning has a liking for a wagon with one steer, for he passed one on the road day before yesterday while there was a storm on hand, and the lightning struck the little one-steer wagon and tore it all to pieces, and the steer just went on with nothing but one shaft hitched to him. There was no driver, for the steer had just been turned loose to go home by himself. Cobe says he never did understand this thunder and lightning business, nohow, "for," says he, "some folks say it's the lightning' that strikes, and some say it's the thunder, but he has noticed one thing, and that is that whenever anything is struck they both come right smack together, and it looks like it takes 'em both to do the work."

We have had a good deal of country life of late, and I have no idea of changing base. I had rather live poor in the country than rich in town. We have been harvesting wheat and oats and rye. We went to see a mill-pond drawn off, and had a big time wading in and grabbing the big fish under the moss and in the hollow stumps, and trying to hold the slippery eels. I go with the children after mulberries and dewberries and huckleberries. I've hived six swarms of bees and got stung only twice. The children have pulled out the peacocks' tails for fly-brushes. The peacock is a dude. I used to think the peahen ought to have the fine clothes, but I don't now, for it would most kill her to give them up. The beautiful feathers were intended for the use of man, but it is all right to strip the vain bird of his ornaments and let him feel like common stock. There is right good fishing in our big spring branch, and every spring some nice trout run up from the creek and feed on minnows. We have been watching them and trying to catch them, but they wouldn't notice our earth-worm bait, and so the other day I set out a minnow and got over the fence and watched the pole, and sure enough a big fat fellow grabbed it and hung himself, and was cavoring and splashing around, and I had to go over a six-plank fence, and I couldn't do it in the old-time way, and just fell over on my hands and feet and galloped on all fours to the pole just in time to pull him out and save him, for he fell off the hook on the grass and had like to have flirled back in the water. Mrs. Arp had fish for supper that evening. She is fond of fish,—aristocratic fish,—and when we get a trout it is always for her. They say that fish is brain-food, and gives folks sense, and I reckon the finer the fish the finer the brain, and that is the reason folks who feed on trout have so much judgment. Then, again, trout are game fish, and that is the reason why folks who eat them are so game. I wish I had some trout. Maybe I wouldn't be as meek and humble as I am.

#### A Brave Girl's Ride.

The plucky child held her whip between her teeth, shut tight as when one is nerved for the very worst and last. Her hat had been swept from her pretty head in the mad rush her frightened and uncontrollable steed was making. Firmly she gripped the reins, sitting in her saddle with splendid strength and poise. The animal had lost its head, but not the brave little horsewoman that stuck resolutely to his back in this fearful ride. About Thirty-ninth street the startled horse broke away, heading up the boulevard. At Thirty-fifth street it turned and gained Cottage Grove avenue in a trice. Up this thoroughfare it rushed, saw-sawed from side to side between the car tracks by the stout-hearted and intelligent rider, who, perhaps, was rushing to a terrible death. Turning into Thirty-first, back came the unchecked brute down the boulevard—a fearful pace and a dangerous road. Over obstruction after obstruction the horse leaped, clearing blocks almost as with a bound. Hundreds were spectators, but none at hand that could save. The girl's companion had been distanced despite the speed to which he had urged his horse. Down the boulevard the headstrong courser plunged again, a park policeman spurring hotly in pursuit to the rescue. First breaking a rein held by the courageous girl in his efforts to bring the runaway to stop, the officer finally forced the child's steed to a fence, and brought him to earth. Then, and not till then, did the brave little heart yield to the terrific strain of that mad ride, and fell back limp and pale and helpless. Hard by they cared for her, while along the boulevard hundreds were wondering what became of the child and the steed in their terrible flight.—Chicago Tribune.

#### Mathematical Item.

"What are you going to do when you grow up, if you don't know how to cipher?" asked an Austin school-teacher of a rather slow boy.

"I am going to be a school-teacher, and make the boys do all the ciphering," was the impudent reply.

The next thing that boy had to sigh for was a soft cushion on the bench.—Texas Siftings.



### "How's Your Liver?"

In the comic opera of "The Mikado" his Imperial Highness says:

"To make, to some extent,  
Each evil liver  
A running river  
Of harmless merriment."

A nobler task than making evil livers rivers of harmless merriment no person, king, or layman, could take upon himself. The liver, among the ancients, was considered the source of all a man's evil impulses, and the chances are ten to one to-day that if one's liver is in an ugly condition of discontent some one's head will be mashed before night!

"How's your liver?" is equivalent to the inquiry: Are you a bear or an angel to-day? Nine-tenths of the "pure-cussedness," the actions for divorce, the curtain lectures, the family rows, not to speak of murders, crimes and other calamities, are prompted by the irritating effect of the inactivity of the liver upon the brain. Fothergill, the great specialist, says this, and he knows. He also knows that to prevent such catastrophes nothing equals Warner's safe cure, renowned throughout the world as a maker of

"Each evil liver  
A running river  
Of harmless merriment."

### OLD MEN AND ODD JOBS.

Useful but Unattached Members of Society and Their Ways.

If all the world hearkened to the teaching of proverbial philosophy, that most useful of assistants, the "odd" or "handy" man, would never exist. Versatility is a quality never commended by the gathered wisdom of the ages. "A rolling stone gathers no moss," "Jack of all trades and master of none," are but a few of the expressions which denote the interest inspired by the universal genius who can "turn his hand to anything," but has no regular calling of his own. In ancient Egypt, a son was compelled to follow his father's trade, and even in the present day there is a feeling that a long persistence in one description of industry is extremely respectable and praiseworthy.

Yet society would be ill off without the army of "odd" men and women who so conveniently supplement the services of more regular workers. There are manifold descriptions of the "odd man." Sometimes he becomes a figure in a family, an actual servant in fact, his "oddness" consisting rather in the multiplicity of the duties he discharges than in the transitory nature of his services. The "handy young man," so frequently advertised for, who is expected to look after a garden, milk a cow, groom a horse, drive a pony chaise, clean knives and boots, wait at table, and comprehensively "make himself generally useful," is an "odd man" who loves change above all things, and finds refreshment in flitting from the stable to the parlor, from the garden bed to the coach box. Next in order comes the "odd man" who would never engage to remain in one place for a lengthened term. He is generally able to "turn his hand to anything." He knows a little of almost every useful art; he can do a little carpentry, a little cooking, knows a little about horses, and can, in short, fill almost any domestic situation with credit. He is usually honest, hard-working and sober, very obliging, and in all respects a most desirable retainer. He is not actually indolent, for when he does work he does good service; but he must be allowed to intersperse his labors with intervals of idleness. Regular, steady employment is abhorrent to him, and he prefers to make smaller profits by the exercise of all his talents in turn than to earn good wages by keeping to one branch of industry. Joneses like these are found in all ranks of life. Such men can never be described as successful men, and yet they are happy in their fashion, and have their use in the world. How badly we should all fare with no reserve force of "odd men" to fall back upon. How would housekeepers do without the occasional aid rendered by these useful auxiliaries? How would all employers of labor dispense with the "extra hands" whom their own restlessness keeps ever on the lookout for "odd jobs?"—*London Globe*.

### Minding His Own Business.

Forty-one years ago John Smith was the driver and chief proprietor of a line of coaches running to the White Mountains. Whether this was John Smith the first or one thousandth we cannot tell. It was said that he had but one eye, and that he was keen and on the main chance. On his down trip on a time a Boston gentleman took a seat by John's side, and, being of an inquisitive turn of mind, he asked numerous questions concerning different mountains and views, till at length John's patience was exhausted, and, in answer to one question, he tartly answered: "Stranger, if you will attend to your business, I will to mine." As might be readily imagined, there was a very quiet time after that. After a drive of a few miles John drove up to a country store and postoffice, where the mail bag was thrown off. While the mail was being changed Mr. Smith swapped horses with a man who came for that purpose, and the new horse was "hitched in," and the driver was so intent on the trade, and so desirous of trying the metal of his new horse, that he started off without taking the mail bag. After a drive of some ten miles he drew up at another office, and, on reaching for the bag and not finding it, he said: "By thunder, I left the bag at the other office." "Yes," said the Boston man, "I observed that you did." "Why in blazes didn't you tell me?" "Because you said you would attend to your own business, and I thought I would let you."—*Salem (Mass.) Gazette*.

Some folks can swear without saying a word.

Young or middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility, loss of memory, premature old age, as the result of bad habits, should send 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

### In the Forest City.

Mr. G. E. Bryan, No. 151 Putnam street, Cleveland, Ohio, has naturally much experience in sickness—with a family of seven children, and his doctors' and druggists' bills are heavy. He states publicly that he has given Red Star Cough Cure a thorough trial in his home, and finds it to be the best remedy that he has ever used for coughs or colds. It contains neither morphine nor opium, and therefore leaves no depressing effects.

### Bible Characters.

Written in the East, these characters live forever in the West; written in one province, they pervade the world; penned in rude times, they are prized more and more as civilization advances; product of antiquity, they come home to the business and bosoms of men, women and children in modern days. Then is it any exaggeration to say, "The characters of the Bible are a marvel of the mind?" In our day character painting is much attempted by certain writers of fictitious narrative; but their method excludes them from a serious comparison with Homer, Virgil, and the sacred historians. They do not evolve characters by genuine narration. They clog the story with a hundred little essays on the personality of each character. They keep putting their heads from behind the show and openly analyzing their pale creations and dissecting them and eking them out with comments and microscoping their poodles to lions. These are the easy expedients of feeble art.—*Charles Reade*.

### Reaching the North Pole.

Sooner or later then orth pole will be reached and the geographical and physical phenomena of the region marked upon our maps. No one can foretell what benefits may follow from a successful polar expedition, what new scientific laws it may unfold, or what new light it may shed on our present imperfect knowledge of life in high altitudes. When Galvani and Volta were watching the twitching legs of a frog, as two pieces of metal were made to touch the nerve, the great scholars and philosophers of the day saw in the discovery only an amusing toy. The contemplation of a single discovery like theirs is sufficient to combat the idea that no important benefit can arise from the discovery of the north pole.—*Ex-State Geologist Cor., of Indiana*.

### No Bandy-Legged Individual on Sunday.

Mrs. Judge Peterby, of Austin, employs a colored cook named Matilda Snowball, who is a great favorite with the sterner sex, but who is very high-toned, nevertheless.

"Who was that horrid-looking negro I saw prowling about the back yard?" asked Mrs. Peterby, indignantly.

"Dat's a feller I keep company wid on week days."

"On week days?"

"Yes, mum; yer don't s'pose I'd be seen wid sich a bandy-legged, goggle-eyed moke like him on Sundays, does yer? Yer order see the cullud gemmen I keeps company wid on Sundays. You'd be s'prised, yer would."—*Texas Siftings*.

### Don't Hawk, Spit, Cough,

suffer dizziness, indigestion, inflammation of the eyes, headache, lassitude, inability to perform mental work and indisposition for bodily labor, and annoy and disgust your friends and acquaintances with your nasal twang and offensive breath and constant efforts to clean your nose and throat, when Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will promptly relieve you of discomfort and suffering, and your friends of the disgusting and needless inflictions of your loathsome disease.

The man in Germ ny who has made and sold 3,000,000 thermometers ought to believe in weather profits.—*Texas Siftings*.

"I would not live away." No; not if disease is to make my life a daily burden. But it need not, good friend, and will not if you will be wise in time. How many of our loved ones are moldering in the dust who might have been spared for years. The slight cough was unheeded, the many symptoms of disease that lurked within were alighted and death came. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" cannot recall the dead, though it has snatched numbers from the verge of the grave, and will cure consumption in its earlier stages.

WHAT'S in a name? About the hottest country on the globe is Chili.—*San Francisco Post*.

### Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot; 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stage, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union than at any first-class hotel in the city.

COULD the man who predicts catastrophes in the money market, be called a finance seer?

Of all our knowledge, only a little has come to us through our senses. Nearly all that we know we accept on the testimony of others. If those who have never tried that unrivaled vegetable preparation, Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINOGRAPH BITTERS, and are suffering from dyspepsia, bilious, or other fevers, or any disorder of the skin, kidneys, or liver, or from impure blood, will receive the testimony of the thousands who have tried the Bitters, and been cured, they will be acting wisely.

MADE of awl work—a pair of shoes.—*City Derrick*.

### "Put up" at the Gault House.

The business man or tourist will find first-class accommodations at the low price of \$2 and \$2.50 per day at the Gault House, Chicago, corner Clinton and Madison streets. This far-famed hotel is located in the center of the city, only one block from the Union Depot. Elevator; all appointments first-class.

### HOTT & GATES, Proprietors.

MEN'S PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating, and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, over-work, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

THE Fraser is kept by all dealers. One box lasts as long as two of any other.

I WAS laid up for a long time with rheumatism in both my legs. I began taking Athrophos, soon had relief, and in a very short time was entirely well. I have not been troubled since. Jacob Manus, 3320 South Halsted st., Chicago, Ill.

The fact that parents are wood may account for there being so many block-heads among the children.

Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners keep new boots and shoes from running over. Sold by shoe and hardware dealers.

## RED STAR

TRADE MARK

# COUGH CURE

Absolutely Free from Opium, Emetics and Poisons.

A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE

For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Quinsy, Pains in Chest, and other affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Price 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Parties unable to induce their dealer to promptly get it for them will receive two bottles, Express charges paid, by sending one dollar to

THE CHARLES A. VOGLER COMPANY,  
Sole Owners and Manufacturers,  
Baltimore, Maryland, U. S. A.

## SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS.

Send for new rates and commissions on THE CHICAGO LEDGER. It is the best selling paper in the United States, and agents can make BIG MONEY handling it. Address THE CHICAGO LEDGER, 271 Franklin Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

## Many Years

Mr. R. Foster, 220 Main street, Terre Haute, Indiana, suffered from Neuralgia and found no relief till he used ATHLOPHOS, then in one day's time the pain was all gone. It will give prompt relief in all cases of Neuralgia. Ask your druggist for Athlophos. If you cannot get it of him do not try anything else, but order at once from us. We will send it express paid on receipt of price.

ATHLOPHOS CO., 112 Wall St., New York.

## DO NOT FORGET Perry Davis' Pain Killer



FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT, or any other form of Bowel Disease in Children or Adults, it is almost a certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of Cholera, than any other medicine. It is a SURE REMEDY, more or less prevalent, it is considered by natives, as well as by European residents, a SURE REMEDY.

Price, 25 cts., 50 cts., and \$1.00 per Bottle. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

### HAY-FEVER.

I have been a Hay-Fever sufferer three years; have often heard Ely's Cream Balm spoken of in the highest terms; did not take much stock in it because of the many quack medicines. A friend persuaded me to try the Balm, and with wonderful success.—T. S. GERR, Syracuse, N. Y.

### CREAM BALM

has gained an enviable reputation, wherever known, displacing all other preparations. A particle is applied into each nostril; no pain, agreeable to use.

Price 50c. by mail or at drugist. Send for circular.

FLY BROTHERS, Drugists, Owego, N. Y.

### OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10

30 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

### CANCER

Treated and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent free. Address F. L. POND, M.D., Aurora, Kane Co., Ill.

### TELEGRAPHY

Learn here and earn good pay. Situations furnished. Write Valentine Bros., Janesville, Wis.

### OPIMUM MORPHINE AND CHLORAL HABITS EASILY CURED.

BOOK FREE. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

### PATENTS Hand-Book FREE.

R. S. & A. P. LACEY, Patent Attys., Washington, D. C.

### Free!

THREE MONTHLY MOVES for ten names of flower-loving ladies and 10c. to pay for postage and packing. J. S. E. BONNELL, SALEM, OHIO.

### FREE HOW TO RAISE WHEAT.

How to Prevent Winter Killing. Write for free pamphlet. Address THE SEED DRILL REGULATOR CO., LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.

### WANTED

An active Man or Woman in every county to sell our goods. Salary \$12. per Month and Expenses. Expenses in advance. Canvassing outfit FREE! Particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

### SOLDIERS NEW LAWS; Officers' pay from

commissions; Deserters' relief; Pensions and increase; experience in yrs. success or no fee. Write for circulars and laws. A. W. MCCORMICK & SON, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

### DO YOU USE STOVE REPAIRS?

Having a stock of Repairs for over 15,000 different stoves, can we not make it to your advantage to trade with us? Prompt shipments and satisfaction guaranteed. THE W. C. METZNER STOVE REPAIR CO., 123 & 127 West Randolph Street, Chicago. Catalogue sent free.

### R. U. AWARE

that Lovell's Climax Plug bearing a red star; that Lovell's Red Star Climax Plug is the best and cheapest; quality considered?

## FOR SICK HEADACHE TAKE HOPS & MALT BITTERS, FOR SOUR STOMACH

If you wish to be relieved of those terrible Sick Headaches and that miserable Sour Stomach. It will, when taken according to directions, cure any case of Sick Headache or Sour Stomach. It cleans the lining of stomach and bowels, promotes healthy action and sweet secretions. It makes pure blood and gives it free flow, thus sending nutriment to every part. It is the safest, speediest and surest Vegetable Remedy ever invented for all diseases of the stomach and liver.

J. M. Moore, of Farmington, Mich., says: My suffering from Sick Headache and Sour Stomach was terrible. One bottle of Hops and Malt Bitters cured me.

Do not get Hops and Malt Bitters confused with inferior preparations of similar name. For sale by all druggists.

HOPS & MALT BITTERS CO., DETROIT, MICH.

## Lady Agents!

WANTED For the best-selling publication in the United States. It is well established, and pays a very liberal salary, with a chance for competing for several Premiums worth from \$25 to \$200. For full particulars address

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### SOLDIERS' COLONY FOR FLORIDA.

Address with stamp, C. B. PALMER, Yellow Springs, O.

### \$165 FOR 30 DAYS ONLY!

Will buy a New Upright or Square PIANO! Based on cash. Stool and cover \$6 extra. REED'S TEMPLE OF MUSIC, 136 State St., Chicago.

### Agents Wanted for Life and Deaths of GEN'L GRANT

By COLONEL F. A. BURR.

It contains a full history of his noble and eventful life. Introduction written by Grant's Pastor, Rev. Dr. Newman. Col. Burr's work is endorsed by Grant's most intimate friends. Send for extra terms to agents. Address National Publishing Co., CHICAGO, ILL.

### RUGS MADE IN A DAY

Delightful employment easy and profitable. No Hooking, Knitting, Braiding, or Weaving. Use any kind of cloth new or old, rag or yarn. A handsome Turkish rug made with 25 cts. worth of carpet waste, and all sewing machines can be used by hand. A wonderful invention. It sells at night. Price \$1.00, postpaid. Agents Wanted. Send stamp for circulars, terms, and territory. J. H. C. HOITT & CO., 518 State St., Chicago.

### THE MAN

WHO MAKES 5 Ton Wagon Scales, Iron Levels, Steel Beams, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box, for \$80 and

JONES pays the freight for free. Price List mention this paper and address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, Binghamton, N. Y.

## \$25 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Rheumatism or Neuralgia we can not cure. We can relieve any case of Diptheria or Croup instantly. The J. E. Gardner Army and Navy Liniment will relieve pain and soreness, and remove any unsightly growth of bone or muscle on man or beast. Large bottles \$1; small bottles 50 cents. Will refund the money for any failure. For sale by all druggists.

ARMY AND NAVY LINIMENT CO., 92 & 94 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

### DEREDICK'S HAY PRESSES.

are sent anywhere on trial to compare against all other presses. the customer keeping the one that suits best.

Order on trial, address for circular and location of Western and Southern Storehouses and Agents, P. K. DEDERICK & CO., Albany, N. Y.

### THE BUYER'S GUIDE is

issued Sept. and March, each year. 42-256 pages, 8 1/2 x 11 1/2 inches, with over 3,500 illustrations—a whole Picture Gallery. GIVES Wholesale Prices

direct to consumers on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These INVALUABLE BOOKS contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy FREE to any address upon receipt of 10 cts. to defray expense of mailing. Let us hear from you.

Respectfully,

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

327 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

### The OLDEST MEDICINE in the WORLD is

probably Dr. Isaac Thompson's

## Celebrated Eye Water

This article is a carefully prepared physician's prescription, and has been in constant use for nearly a century, and notwithstanding the many other preparations that have been introduced into the market, the sale of this article is constantly increasing. If the directions are followed it will never fail. We particularly invite the attention of physicians to its merits.

John L. Thompson, Sons & Co., TROY, N. Y.

Established 1864.

### PENSION

Claims PROSECUTED WITHOUT FEE

Unless successful.

Milo B. Stevens & Co.

OFFICES: Washington, D. C. Cleveland, O. Detroit, Mich. Chicago, Ill.

Did you Sup-

pose Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

# DARING DONALD



## THE INDIAN SCOUT;

OR,

## THE TREASURE TRAIN OF LOST RIVER.

By WELDON J. COBB,

AUTHOR OF

"At Her Mercy," "Love of Her Life," "The Telegraph Detective," "Wild Nan," "The Manacled Hand," Etc.

Publishers of The Chicago Ledger:

GENTLEMEN—The story of "DONALD MCKAY, the celebrated Indian Scout," the manuscript of which is handed you herewith, embraces the most thrilling and eventful period in the life of that eminent chieftain and borderman. The facts employed in the same were given from MCKAY's own lips, and verified by such eminent authority as General Phil Sheridan, George Crook, Brigadier General of the Department of the Missouri, and other reliable authority. The portraits are authentic ones, the topography of the romance practically correct, and the capture of the Modoc chieftain, Captain Jack, with the startling incidents leading to that climax in a stormy episode in national history, are almost literally depicted as they occurred.

To-day the Government of the United States is debtor to DONALD MCKAY in the sum of twenty thousand dollars in gold for the dislodgement of the Modoc warriors in the lava beds—a feat performed after the expenditure of thousands of dollars and the loss of many men, among them the heroic Gen. Canby. Single-handed, DONALD MCKAY captured the terror of the West, Captain Jack; and this wonderful exploit and kindred adventures form a portion of the romance of this brave man, who is now Chief of the Umatilla Indians.

The iron war of reality and the golden wool of romance intermingle in the story of "The Treasure Train of Lost River." The natural rapacity of savage hordes, the worthlessness of the renegade, the absorbing incident of frontier capture, skirmish and rescue, all find a place in this story, and an earnest effort has been made throughout to show the natural bravery, intelligence, and shrewdness of this King of the Western War Trail, the oldest scout in the Government service, DONALD MCKAY.

In this connection I hand you one of several letters received concerning MCKAY, although he needs no endorsement, the press and history of the country perpetuating his deeds of valor and heroism.

WELDON J. COBB.

LETTER OF BRIG. GEN. CROOK.

HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF THE PLATTE, COMMANDING GENERAL'S OFFICE, OMAHA, Neb., July 11, 1882.

W. J. Cobb, Esq., Chicago:

MY DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your letter of the 8th inst., with reference to the record of Donald McKay.

McKay was a scout in my command during 1867-'68, and served with me in Washington Territory, Oregon, Idaho, and Nevada, and must be very well known in that portion of the country. He was a good man and an excellent scout, and his services were valuable to me. I should think a narrative of his varied experiences in the Northwest would prove very interesting. Very respectfully yours,

GEORGE CROOK,

Brigadier General U. S. A.

The story above referred to will appear in THE CHICAGO LEDGER of September 26th, and be continued from week to week until completed.

This highly interesting history of Wild Life in the Far West has been secured by the proprietors of THE CHICAGO LEDGER at great expense, and will not be published in book form. The opening chapter will contain accurate portraits of Donald McKay and his wife, and succeeding chapters will be handsomely illustrated.

Send in your subscriptions early, and get the opening chapters of the most interesting narrative ever offered the reading public. Terms, one copy one year, \$1.50; eight months, \$1.00; six months, 80 cents; three months, 40 cents. For sale by all newsdealers.

Send a two-cent stamp for sample copy.

## THE CHICAGO LEDGER.

271 Franklin St., CHICAGO, ILL.

## ASK

Your Newsdealer for THE CHICAGO LEDGER, the BEST STORY PAPER in the country. Read it.

C. N. U. No. 39-35

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

## A Clear Skin

is only a part of beauty;

but it is a part. Every lady

may have it; at least, what

looks like it. Magnolia

Balm both freshens and

beautifies.



This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

## W. C. T. Union.

Good illustrations are not too plentiful, and the following, which was introduced the other day in a temperance sermon, is worth making a note of. According to a fable current amongst the Arabs, the vine in the early stages of its growth was tended by Satan, who first moistened it with the blood of a peacock, later on that of a monkey was used, then that of a lion, and finally that of a hog. So, says the fabulist, it comes about that in the various stages of intoxication a man first struts about with the vanity of a peacock, then he makes himself as ridiculous as a monkey, and passing through the stage of fancied bravery, lies down at last in the gutter like a hog.

Temperance is the proper control of the appetites. It implies the moderate use of good things, and total abstinence from poisons. Alcohol and tobacco are poisons.

The able and witty Irish Judge, Baron Down, says: "The amount of alcohol consumed in a district, is the measure of its degradation."

THE Chicago and West Mich. R'y issued a card recently announcing the conditions on which persons will be allowed to travel on freight trains on that road. Only persons having freight train permits will be allowed to board the cars or ride, and no cash fares will under any circumstances be taken by the conductors. All persons taking passage on freight trains must get off and on wherever the train happens to stop, and must assume all inconveniences and risks. No baggage will be carried except what can be taken in the hand.

### A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at H. Walsh's Drug Store.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is highly concentrated, and the most economical blood purifier that can be used.

The little daughter of the editor of the Tiffin, O. Daily Star was immediately and permanently relieved of a severe cough by three doses of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. A twenty-five cent bottle of this valuable remedy will cure the worst cough.

"Quincy troubled me for twenty years. Since I started using Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, have not had an attack. The Oil cures sore throat at once." Mrs. Letta Conrad, Standish, Mich.

Acute rheumatism is an inflammation of the joints, marked by pain, heat, redness, and a tendency to suddenly shift from one joint to another. With these symptoms apply Salvation Oil, the great pain cure, to the affected parts without delay. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Headaches and biliousness are promptly cured by the use of Ayer's Cathartic, sugar-coated Pills.

Fifty years ago his renown spread all over Europe. This was Ernest Mennen. His exploits make the pedestrian feats of the present day look insignificant. He was a runner who first came into notice by running from Paris to Moscow, a distance of 1,700 miles, in thirteen days and eighteen hours. In 1836 he ran through Central Asia from Calcutta to Constantinople, bearing dispatches for the East India Company. The distance is 5,615 miles, and he accomplished it in fifty-nine days, one-third of the time taken by the swiftest caravan. A favorite employment for him was as the messenger extraordinary of sovereigns. He ran from country to country bearing letters and dispatches of the highest import, and always beat mounted couriers when matched against them. He never walked, but always ran. Invariably he took the direct route to his destination, climbing mountains, swimming rivers, and guiding himself through forests in a way known only to himself. His food was a small quantity of biscuit and raspberry syrup. His rests he took twice in twenty-four hours, when he usually leaned against some support, covered his face with a handkerchief and slept. If he was compelled to remain quiet any length of time he complained of giddiness and rush of blood to the head. In 1842 he was employed to discover the source of the Nile. Starting from Silesia in May, 1843, he ran to Jerusalem, thence to Cairo, and up the banks of the Nile into Egypt. Just outside the village of Iyng he was seen to stop and rest, leaning against a palm tree, his face covered as was his wont. He rested so long that some persons tried to wake him. They tried in vain, for he was dead.

## BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

### WHAT IS IT?

A strictly vegetable preparation, composed of a choice and skillful combination of Nature's best remedies. The discoverer does not claim it a cure for all the ills, but boldly warrants it cures every form of disease arising from a torpid liver, impure blood, disordered kidneys, and where there is a broken down condition of the system, requiring a prompt and permanent tonic, it never fails to restore the sufferer. Such is BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Sold by all druggists, who are authorized by the manufacturers to refund the price to any purchaser who is not benefited by their use.

### PRICE, 50 C.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Props.,  
BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

## TUTT'S PILLS

### 25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

### SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weakness, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Purgative Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

### TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

## LIVER

Purely Vegetable; No Gripping. Price 25c. All Druggists.

## DE LAND & CO'S CA SALERATUS SODA Best in the World.

## H. WYKHUYSEN,

dealer in  
Gold and Silver Watches!

Solid Gold and Plated Chains.  
Ladies' and Gents' Lockets,  
Silverware, Platedware,  
Jewelry and Clocks.

I also keep on hand a full line of  
**SPECTACLES!**

My stock of  
**SILVERWARE**  
is unsurpassed in this city.

Particular attention is called to the fact that all my goods are first-class and are sold at low prices.

Come in and see my Stock. Watches and Clocks repaired on short notice.

NINTH STREET, OPPOSITE FIRST CHURCH.  
H. WYKHUYSEN.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 2, 1884.

## KANTERS & SONS,

General Hardware Dealers,  
always carry a full supply of  
**WARRANTED GOODS,**

which they sell at reasonable prices.

## Licensed Plumbers

and are prepared to make water connections for  
DWELLINGS,

HOTELS,  
BARBER SHOPS,  
and other business buildings. Also for  
**GARDEN AND LAWN SPRINKLERS,**

for which we keep on hand all modern fixtures. There is nothing in the line of plumbing that we cannot do or supply.

Indestructible Hose, Hose Reels,  
Sprinklers, Fountains, Jets, Etc  
always in stock. All plumbing warranted.

R. KANTERS & SONS,  
HOLLAND, Mich., July 10, 1885. 23-3m

## JAS. HUNTLEY, BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all  
kinds of buildings, finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing  
done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash  
Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,  
Brackets, etc., made and  
furnished.

Office and Shop on River street,  
near the corner of Tenth street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.  
HOLLAND, May 27, 1883.

### Notice to Teachers.

The following schedule of times and places for holding public examinations of teachers has been arranged by the Ottawa County Board of School Examiners for the fall of 1885:

" Sept. 25, at Coopersville;  
" October 30, at Grand Haven,  
(Regular.)

All applicants for 1st or 2nd grade certificates will please appear at the regular examination, Oct. 30. An allowance will hereafter be made on the average standing of applicants for attendance at teachers' institutes.

By order of Ottawa County Board of School Examiners,  
ALBERT LAHUIS, Sec'y.  
ZEELAND, Mich., July 10, 1885. 24-15c

Cures in  
1 TO 5 DAYS.  
Guaranteed not to  
cause Stricture.  
Sold only by the  
Great Chemical Co.  
Cincinnati,  
Ohio.  
A. L. SMITH,  
Bradford, Pa.  
Sold by Druggists.  
Price \$1.00.  
For sale at the drug store of H. Walsh.

### Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage, made the ninth day of October, A. D. 1885, by Joseph M. Crofoot, of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Martin Winter, of the same place, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the county of Ottawa, state of Michigan, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber "G" of mortgages, on page 415. Said mortgage was, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1871, assigned by said Martin Winter, to William J. Mulder, of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, and said assignment of mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the county of Ottawa, state of Michigan, on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Liber 30 of mortgages, on page 202, and on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, said mortgage was assigned by Peter Mulder, sole residuary, legatee and executor of the last will and testament of the estate of William J. Mulder, deceased, of Laketown, Allegan County, Michigan, to George W. McBride, of the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, and said assignment of mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the county of Ottawa, State of Michigan, on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Liber 30 of mortgages, on page 203, and which mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by said default in payment; and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or the money due thereon, and upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred and twenty-seven dollars and twenty-six cents, (\$727.26). (The last payment made on said mortgage was on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1871.) Notice, therefore, is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in said mortgage to satisfy the amount due thereon, interest from this date, and costs of foreclosing, at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1885, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Grand Haven, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, that being the place where the Circuit Court for said county is held. The mortgaged premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan known and described as follows to-wit: The southwest fractional quarter of section twenty-one, in town five, north of range sixteen west, containing sixty-four acres, more or less.

Dated Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, August 10th 1885.  
GEORGE W. MCBRIDE, Assignee of Mortgage.  
AKLEY & MCBRIDE,  
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage.

**FREE!**  
**RELIABLE SELF-CURE.**  
A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U. S. (now retired) for the cure of **Stomach, Bowel, and Kidney Diseases**, is plain and simple, and can be used by all. Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisville, Mo.

## Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—  
**Jewelry, Watches,**  
DIAMONDS,  
Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

**Gpno and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.**

The largest assortment of  
**DIAMOND RINGS**  
ever displayed in this city.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

## SPECTACLES

and a

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted  
to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner. Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.  
HOLLAND, Mich., May 12, 1884.

## Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,  
at the store of,

## B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens,  
Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods,  
Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

## CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city  
for the celebrated

## Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.  
Holland, June 14, 1883.

## NEXT!!

—AT—

## BILLY'S TONSORIAL PARLORS

you can get a

A Good Clean Shave.

A Scientific Haircut, or

Invigorating Shampoo.

at any time.

HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE!

W. BAUMGARTEL.  
HOLLAND, Mich., March 19, 1885.

THE GREAT AMERICAN  
TEA  
COMPANY  
Good News to Ladies.  
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Gold Band More Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band More Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 225, 21 and 23 West St., New York.

## NOTHING NEW!

only that the

## SHERWIN - WILLIAMS

PAINTS

are being sold

CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE!

We guarantee that a gallon will cover 275 square feet, two coats, and that they are a

**SUPERIOR PAINT,**

to any in the market.

For information and illustrated sample book, call at

**KREMERS & BANGS,**

DRUG STORE.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 13, 1885.

## CUTTERS and SLEIGHS.

The popular wagon manufacturer

## J. FLIEMAN

has in stock a number of the

## CUTTERS

made by the

Northwestern Sleigh Company,  
of Milwaukee. These cutters for ease and comfort are superior, while in

**Strength and Durability**  
they beat everything. The dash is a new device which cannot be broken.

I also have a lot of

Sleighs of Every Description.  
on hand which I propose to sell at COST.

## FARMERS and OTHERS

wishing anything in my line can do no better than by calling on me. I have a large stock of ready-made work in

## Wagons, Buggies and Trucks

which I will sell at astonishingly low prices in order to make room for my fall stock.

Call and examine and give me a trial.

J. FLIEMAN,  
HOLLAND, Mich. Oct. 23, 1884.

## A Pretty Woman's Secret.

Fear of discovery, when she resorts to false hair and dyes, is a source of constant anxiety to her. The very persons from whom she most desires to hide the want of her charms are the ones most likely to make the discovery. But there is no reason why she should not regain and retain all the beauty of hair that was her pride in youth. Let her use AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and not only will her hair cease to fall out, but a new growth will appear where the scalp has been denuded; and locks that are turning gray, or have actually grown white, will return to their pristine freshness and brilliance of color. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR cures

### Hereditary Baldness.

GEORGE MAYER, Flatonia, Texas, was bald at 23 years of age, as his ancestors had been for several generations. One bottle of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR started a growth of soft, downy hair all over his scalp, which soon became thick, long, and vigorous.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor

is not a dye, but, by healthful stimulation of the roots and color glands, speedily restores to its original color hair that is

Turning Gray.

Mrs. CATHERINE DEAMER, Point of Rocks, Md., had her hair suddenly blanched by fright, during the late civil war. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR restored it to its natural color, and made it softer, glossier, and more abundant than it had been before.

### Scalp Diseases

Which cause dryness, brittleness, and falling of the hair, dandruff, itching, and annoying sores, are all quickly cured by AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It cured HERBERT BOYD, Minneapolis, Minn., of intolerable itching of the scalp; J. N. CARTER, Jr., Occoquan, Va., of Scald Head; Mrs. D. V. S. LOVELACE, Lovelaceville, Ky., of Tetter Sores; Miss BESSIE H. BEDLOE, Burlington, Vt., of Scald Disease and Dandruff. Torpidity of the roots of the hair, which, if neglected, may result in incurable baldness, is readily cured by AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. As

A Toilet Luxury  
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR has no equal. It is colorless, cleanly, delightfully perfumed, and has the effect of making the hair soft, pliant, and glossy.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY  
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Sold by all Druggists.

1760 **Shrillard's** 1885  
Rose Leaf, Fine Cut,  
Navy Clippings  
and Snuffs  
ARE THE BEST  
**CLIMAX**  
TRY THEM  
RED P.M.T.S.

## P. H. WILMS

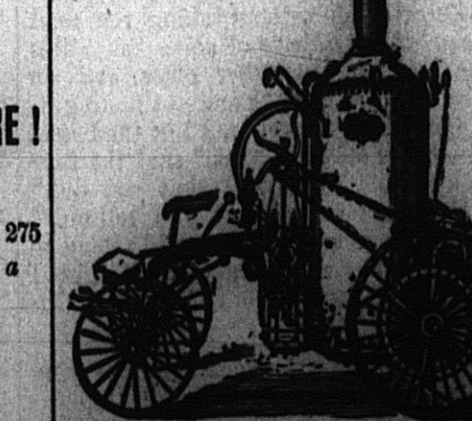
Manufacturer of

Wilms' Celebrated Wooden Drive Wells!

AND WOODEN PUMPS.

Porcelain-lined, Iron-lined, Maple Cylinder

and all the different kinds of pumps, pipe and iron.



Dealer in the leading class of agricultural implements, such as Engines, Thrashers, Saw Mills, Wind Mills, Self-binding Reapers, Mowers, Buggies, Wagons, Plows, Spring Tooth Harrows, all that Farmers need except money, and that you can make by buying of me as I will sell very reasonable. Fair dealing and good goods.

COME AND SEE ME.  
PETER B. WILMS.  
Holland, April 23, 1885. 18-1y