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### Holland City News, Volume 4, Number 30: September 11, 1875

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IV.—NO. 30.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1875.

WHOLE NO. 186.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
**HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.**  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.  
**G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor and Publisher.**  
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.  
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:  
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents  
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period under three  
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1/2 Column	10 00	15 00	25 00
1/4 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1/8 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.  
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge.  
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
the expiration of the Subscription. Two XX sig-  
nify that no paper will be continued after date.  
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Rail Roads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, June 27, 1875.

### SOUTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
Night Ex.	Day Ex.		Mail.	Ex. Ex.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
9.00	9.00	Chicago.	7.35	6.30
11.50	11.30	New Buffalo.	4.40	3.30
3.40	2.15	Gr. Junction.	2.00	1.40
4.35	2.59	Richmond.	1.18	10.40
5.15	3.15	Holland.	12.50	10.00
6.30	3.50	Zeeland.	12.15	9.35
6.55	4.00	Grandville.	11.35	9.00
6.50	4.20	Gr. Rapids.	11.15	8.40

### NORTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
Express.	Mail.		Mail.	Express.
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
5.30	3.25	Holland.	12.30	9.50
4.15	3.40	New Holland.	12.03	
6.00	3.52	Olive.	11.50	9.20
6.20	4.12	Robinson.	11.30	9.00
6.45	4.35	Nunica.	11.00	8.35
7.05	4.55	Frankfort.	10.40	8.15
7.45	5.19	Muskegon.	10.09	7.45
8.35		Montague.	8.50	
10.30		Pentwater.	7.00	

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, June 27, 1875.

FROM GR'ND RAPIDS.		STATIONS.	TO GR'ND RAPIDS.	
Express.	Mail.		Express.	Mail.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
4.15	8.00	Grand Rapids.	10.00	7.30
4.29	8.14	Grandville.	9.40	7.32
5.43	9.15	Allegan.	8.35	6.25
6.00	9.40	Otsego.	8.08	6.00
6.14	9.50	Plainwell.	8.00	5.51
6.30	10.08	Cooper.	7.40	5.35
6.45	10.15	Kalamazoo.	7.15	5.20
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
8.30	11.50	White Pigeon.	5.50	3.45
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
6.50	6.30	Chicago.	10.40	9.30
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
9.30	5.35	Toledo.	11.25	10.55
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
7.05	10.10	Cleveland.	7.30	7.00
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
1.10	4.05	Buffalo.	12.20	12.55

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, July 19, 1875.

Going North.		STATIONS.	Going South.	
No. 1	No. 2		No. 3	No. 1
P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
8.15	12.15	Muskegon	2.00	7.00
7.35	11.45	Ferryburg	2.35	7.50
7.25	11.40	Grand Haven	2.38	8.05
6.45	11.15	Pigeon	3.03	9.00
6.00	10.50	Holland	3.35	10.50
5.07	10.30	Fillmore	3.56	11.20
3.40	9.40	Allegan	4.50	12.55

## Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.	
Apples, bushel.....	\$ 40
Beans, bushel.....	1 50
Butter, lb.....	20
Clover seed, bushel.....	8 50
Eggs, dozen.....	14
Honey, lb.....	18
Hay, ton.....	13 00
Onions, bushel.....	1 40
Potatoes, bushel.....	30
Timothy seed, bushel.....	4 00
Wool, lb.....	

Meats, Etc.	
Beef, dressed lb.....	5 1/2
Chickens, dressed per lb.....	6 1/2
Lard, lb.....	10 1/2
Pork, dressed lb.....	7 1/2
Smoked meat, lb.....	12 1/4
Smoked ham, lb.....	12 1/2
Tallow, lb.....	6 1/2

Wood, Staves, Etc.	
Cordwood, maple, dry.....	\$ 3 00
" " green.....	
" " beach, dry.....	2 00
" " green.....	
Hemlock bark.....	5 00
Staves, white oak.....	10 00
Staves, white oak.....	12 00
Heading bolts, soft wood.....	3 00
Heading bolts, hardwood.....	4 50
Stave bolts, softwood.....	3 50
Stave bolts, hardwood.....	4 00
Railroad ties.....	12

Grain, Feed, Etc.	
(Corrected by the "Pugger Mills.")	
Wheat, white bushel.....	\$ 1 10
Corn, shelled bushel.....	75
Oats, bushel.....	33
Buckwheat, bushel.....	75
Barley, ton.....	16 00
Feed, ton.....	22 00
Barley, 100 lb.....	1 75
Feed, 100 lb.....	2 00
Midling, 100 lb.....	1 50
Flour, 100 lb.....	3 25
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.....	7 00

## Business Directory.

**Attorneys.**  
**GRISWOLD, A. D.**, Attorney at law and Solli-  
citor in Chancery. Office 76 Eighth Street,  
up stairs.  
**HOWARD, M. D.**, Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.  
**MCBRIDE, G. W.**, Attorney at Law and Solli-  
citor in Chancery; office with M. D. How-  
ard, cor. Eighth and River streets.  
**ORT, F. J.**, Attorney at Law, Collecting and  
Pension Claim Agent. Office in Nibbelink's  
building. West of Post office.  
**TEN EYCK, J.**, Attorney at Law and Collecting  
Agent. Office in Kenyon's block, 2nd floor,  
River street.

**VISSCHER A.**, Attorney at Law, Notary Pub-  
lic and Conveyancer. Kenyon's building.  
Corner of Eighth and River street.

**Bakeries.**

**BINNEKANT, J.**, Proprietor of the Pioneer  
Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.  
**DESSINK, Mrs. L.**, Proprietress of City Bakery;  
Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in  
this line served on call; 8th street.

**Banking and Exchange.**

**KENYON, NATHAN**, Banking and Collecting.  
Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and  
River streets.

**Books and Stationery.**

**BINNEKANT, Miss A. M.**, Dealer in Books &  
Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River  
street.  
**KANTERS, L. T. & CO.**, Dealers in Books,  
Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; op-  
posite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

**Boots and Shoes.**

**ELFERDINK W. & H.**, General dealers  
in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done;  
River street.  
**HEROLD, E.**, Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.;  
Eighth street.

**Drugs and Medicines.**

**DOESBURG, J. O.**, Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Phy-  
sician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.  
**VAN PUTTEN, Wm.**, Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; River St.

**WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist**; a full  
stock of goods pertaining to the business.  
See advertisement.

**Dry Goods.**

**BERTSCH, D.**, General dealer in Dry  
Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.;  
cor. Eighth and River streets.

**Flour and Feed.**

**SLOOTER & HIGGINS**, Dealers in Flour and  
Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c. &c. La-  
barbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

**Furniture.**

**MEYER H. & CO.**, Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.  
**REIDSEMA J. M. & SON**, General Dealers in  
Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See ad-  
vertisement.

**Groceries.**

**RIJSTRA, A.**, Groceries and Supplies; a  
ready market for country produce; a choice  
stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.  
**TE VAARWERK, G. J.**, Family Supply Store;  
a choice stock of groceries always on hand.  
Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

**General Dealers.**

**DURSEMA J. & CO.**, Dealers in Dry Goods,  
Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps,  
Clothing and Feed; River street.  
**FIELD, J. J.**, Dealer in Groceries, Dry Goods,  
Flour and Feed and Produce. Liquors and  
Cigars at Wholesale and Retail. Eighth street.

**TE ROLLER, D.**, Retail Dealer in Dry Goods,  
Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and convey-  
ancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

**VAN PUTTEN G. & CO.**, General Dealers in  
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and  
Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.  
**WERKMAN, H. D.**, Dealer in Dry Goods, Gro-  
ceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New  
Store, Eighth street.

**WERKMAN & SONS**, General Dealers in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.;  
Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

**Hardware.**

**HAYEKATE, G. J.**, First Ward Hardware  
Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th  
street.  
**VAN DER VEEN, E.**, Dealer in General Hard-  
ware; cor. Eighth and River street.

**VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS**, Dealers in  
Hard-ware, Tin-ware and Farming Imple-  
ments; Eighth street.

**Hotels.**

**ETNA HOUSE.** P. ZALAMAN, Proprietor.  
First-class accommodation. Free Buses to and  
from the Trains. Eighth street.  
**CITY HOTEL, J. W. MINDEHOUT**, Proprietor.  
Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and  
a first-class hotel throughout.

**PHOENIX HOTEL, J. McVicar**, Proprietor;  
opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot; good  
accommodation; building and furniture new.

**Livery and Sale Stables.**

**BOONE & ALBERTI**, Livery and Sale Stable.  
Office and barn on Market street. Everything  
first-class.  
**NIBBELINK, J. H.**, Livery and Sale Stable;  
good accommodation for horses; 9th street,  
near Market.

**Merchant Tailors.**

**BOSMAN, J. W.**, Merchant Tailor, and Dealer  
in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnish-  
ing Goods.  
**VORST, W.**, Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchas-  
ed elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing  
promptly attended to. River street.

**WURZ, C. G.**, Merchant Tailor. Full line of  
Gents' Furnishing Goods kept in stock.  
Corner Eighth and Market street.

**Barbers.**

**DE GROOT L.**, Fashionable Barber and Hair-  
cutter. Rooms in basement of City Hotel.

**Meat Markets.**

**BUTKAU W.**, New Meat Market, near corner  
Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sau-  
sages constantly on hand.  
**KLEYS, P.**, First Ward Meat Market; best of  
Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

**KUITE, J.**, Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.  
**VAN DER HAAR, H.**, Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

**Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.**

**HEALD, R. K.**, Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.  
**PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO.**, Proprietors  
of *Pugger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills) near foot of 8th street.

**SCOTT, W. J.**, Planing, Matching, Scroll-saw-  
ing and Moulding; River street.  
**VERBEEK, H. W. & CO.**, Proprietors of the  
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-  
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

**WILMS P. H.**, Manufacturer of Farm Pumps.  
All kinds of wood turning and sawing on  
hand and done to order. River street.

**Notary Publics.**

**POST, HENRY D.**, Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.  
**VAN SCHELVEN, G.**, Notary Public, Justice  
of the Peace and Conveyancer. Office *Hol-  
land City News*, 8th street.

**WALSH, H.**, Notary Public, Conveyancer,  
and Insurance Agent. Office, *City Drug  
Store*, 8th street.

**Painters.**

**HOEK, J. C.**, House, Sign and Carriage Painter;  
Shop, over Baert's Wagon Shop, River  
Street.

**Photographs.**

**LAUDER GEORGE**, Photographs and Gems  
in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery  
on Eighth Street.

**Physicians.**

**ANNIS, T. E.**, Physician; residence, opposite  
S. W. cor. Public Square.  
**LEDEBOER, B.**, Physician and Surgeon; Office  
corner Eleventh and River street opposite  
public square.

**MORRIS, S. L.**, Physician and Surgeon. Office,  
over E. HEROLD'S Boot and Shoe Store,  
Eighth street.  
**SCHOUTEN, R. A.**, Surgeon, Physician Obstetri-  
cian, Regular graduated and Licensed. Of-  
fice at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

**Saddlers.**

**VAUPELL, H.**, Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;  
Eighth street.

**Sewing Machines.**

**KANTERS, L. T. & Co.**, Agents for Ottawa and  
Allegan Counties, for the "Howe Sewing Ma-  
chine." Dealers in needles and attachments.  
**KANTERS, R.**, Dealer in Staves, Wood and  
Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

**Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.**

**Tea and Cigars.**

**TE ROLLER, G. J.**, General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

**Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.**

**DJIKEMA & BRO.**, Wagon and Blacksmith  
Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repair-  
ing done. River Street.  
**FLIEMAN, J.**, Wagon and Blacksmith Shop;  
Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing  
done. Cash paid for Furs.

**Watches and Jewelry.**

**ALBERS & WYNNE**, Jewelers and Watchma-  
kers. The oldest establishment in the city;  
Eighth street.  
**JOSLIN W. H.**, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and deal-  
er in Fancy Goods; Bank-building, River  
Street.

To the Editor of the Holland City News:

**THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.**

In last week's issue of your paper I no-  
ticed a mention of the temperance move-  
ment here. I endorse your opinion in the  
premises; but at the same time wish to  
offer a few suggestions to the persons in-  
terested in the new society: whose error  
is that of the head more than of the heart.

They wish to do a good work, but fear  
that unless they move in the old worn out  
track they may be too liberal and fail to  
accomplish what they so ardently desire.

Theoretically their "total abstinence,  
sign the pledge policy" is very beautiful.  
Could the whole world be convinced that  
they should sign the pledge and keep it,  
why the matter would need no further leg-  
islation. It falls in this, however: Either  
it is based on efforts previously made to  
excite the emotions—the terrible picture of  
*delirium tremens* or some kindred topic is  
discussed, and when the passion fear is  
enlisted, the subject blindly affixes his  
name to a contract never "to touch, taste  
or handle."—Or else a society is formed  
with the mysterious attraction of secrecy  
and the more palpable one of pretty girls.

To enter this charmed circle the condition  
precedent is to sign the pledge. This, of  
course, only succeeds in securing the  
names of a few old citizens, as examples,  
and a number of the omnipresent young  
ladies with their escorts. A brief, fitful  
existence results in convincing the phil-

anthropists, who engineered the move-  
ment, that the natural depravity of man-  
kind is too much for the charms of a tem-  
perance (?) society.

Let me propose a society on different  
principles. First let the reformers read  
"Our New Crusade," by Hale. This  
book, although a picture which could not  
be entirely fulfilled, contains many val-  
uable suggestions. Then form your so-  
ciety without the repulsive pledge condi-  
tion, that in nine cases out of ten results  
in perjury. If after becoming a member  
a person desires to sign any such docu-  
ment, the case is a different one and he  
will not be as likely to value it lightly as  
where forced upon him. We, personally  
discourage the pledge business, however.

Secure two or more pleasant rooms in  
some convenient locality. Have one fitted  
up as a reading room, with the leading  
periodicals of the day on its tables. De-  
vote another room to innocent recreation,  
having games of various kinds. A good  
literary society to use the rooms one even-  
ing in each week, to the meetings of  
which the public be cordially invited,  
would make another pleasant feature. A  
series of entertainments, musical and dra-  
matic, and a lecture course (not one of the  
milk and water variety that have afflicted  
us for two years past) would save to inter-  
est all classes of the community and make  
the various pleasures of the saloons re-  
pulsive to many who only visit them in  
default of something better. If you do  
not like the dramatic club or the literary  
society, keep at home upon the evening  
on which they meet instead of interpos-  
ing your prejudices to deprive others of  
rational enjoyment.

If this plan was pursued the saloons  
would feel the effect of the movement  
more than if a dozen prohibition circles  
were organized. "This plan costs more,"  
say the philosophers. Let those of our  
citizens who are so enthusiastic on the  
question visit the saloons some evening.  
The number of their boys seen there, either  
inside or loafing around the doors, will  
convince them that \$250 a year to give  
these boys a better place to visit and to  
make the long winter a season of enjoy-  
ment and improvement, would be very  
cheap.

Unless something of the kind is done,  
two-thirds of the boys from 14 to 20 years  
of age will continue to go straight to the  
devil, via billiards and bad whiskey, in  
spite of the efforts of the philanthropists  
and their impracticable scheme. This is  
plain language, but no one who meets the  
crowds of swearing, beer drinking sons of  
"prominent citizens" in the street, can  
deny its truth.

THE opposition of the clerical element  
in the Roman Church, to the American  
school system is becoming more conspicu-  
ous every day. There is hardly a week but  
what a hostile movement is made in some  
locality or other. The latest instance is in  
Morristown, N. J. Last Tuesday was the  
day to vote on the constitutional amend-  
ments. On Sunday, by common consent  
among the priests of that city and vicinity,  
the church-goers entitled to vote were en-  
joined as to their duties in connection  
with the forthcoming election to decide  
upon the adoption of the proposed amend-  
ments of the New Jersey Constitution.—  
The faithful were duly instructed by their  
political advisers that it was their sacred  
duty to the Church to vote against the  
amendments which forbid the appropriation  
of public school funds for sectarian institu-  
tions and guarantee a system of free public  
schools. Ballots were distributed in the  
churches.

We have no doubt, that if some of the  
clerical element in this place, had a like  
opportunity, they would act in a similar  
way, and we base these remarks upon an  
article in the last number of *De Wachter*,  
signed by the pastor of the True Reformed  
Church of this city. The number has  
been laid aside for a future occasion.

**CURRENT ITEMS.**

As one of the "signs of the times", in-  
dicating the success of the approaching  
Centennial, in a reconciliatory point of  
view, we notice the arrival the other day,  
in New York city, of a party of twenty-  
five gentlemen from Virginia, headed by  
Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. They went there for  
the purpose of attending a conference to  
be held with leading Northern residents  
as to the best means of benefitting the ma-  
terial interests of that section of Virginia  
which was the chief theater of active oper-  
ations during the civil war and has ever  
since suffered owing to the want of immi-  
gration. In conversation with a promi-  
nent business man, Gen. Lee said:

"We in our section need the North; we  
want them to come to Virginia, and see  
that we are no bushwhackers; that we have  
schools and colleges, and other good insti-  
tutions there, in the midst of which it is  
as safe and pleasant to live as in the  
North. We want them to join their mate-



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

A singularly tragic suicide was enacted at New York the other day. Signor Pietro Vianni, a prominent Italian artist, while reciting a poem at a picnic of his fellow-countrymen, suddenly drew a revolver from his pocket and shot himself through the temple.

The Congress Hotel, at Sharon Springs, N. Y., a popular summer resort, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$100,000. There was a high-toned wedding at Newport, R. I., last week. Charles Joseph Bonaparte, grandson of Jerome Bonaparte, was married to Miss Day, of Boston.

Soor, the defaulting State Treasurer of New Jersey, has had a preliminary trial. The exact amount of his deficit is ascertained to be \$44,116. The Justice held him in \$75,000. No bail was offered, and he was fully committed. There is now strong ground for believing that little Charlie Ross is alive and may yet be restored to his parents. Mrs. Mosher, the wife of Bill Mosher, the abductor of the child, virtually acknowledges that the child is living, but does not know his present whereabouts.

The Pennsylvania State Normal School, at Bloomsburg, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$60,000. South Deerfield, Mass., was visited last week by a disastrous conflagration. Property of the estimated value of \$500,000 was destroyed.

Tilton's woolen mill, at Cavendish, Va., was destroyed by fire last week. Loss estimated at \$170,000; insurance \$100,000. Three of the Schenck county (Pa.) Commissioners have been convicted of malfeasance in office and sentenced each to two years' imprisonment and \$1,000 fine. It is announced that Tilton has abandoned all hopes of a new trial in the Beecher case, because he (Tilton) cannot raise the funds to conduct the prosecution. The population of Massachusetts, according to the census just completed, is 1,640,000. A disease similar to the old epizootic has broken out among the cattle near Avon, N. Y. Forty died within two weeks.

### THE WEST.

GEORGE A. SMITH, Brigham Young's chief lieutenant, is dead. He was Second President of the Mormon church. Col. C. B. Wilkinson, editor of the St. Joseph (Mo.) Herald, and Internal Revenue Collector, who was some time ago arrested and placed under bonds of \$15,000 for embezzlement, has not been heard of for some time, and it is said he has fled to Canada or Europe. Creditors have attached all his real estate.

The wheat crop in Minnesota, Iowa and Western Wisconsin was badly damaged by the recent heavy rains. An excursion train of six cars on the Atchison and Nebraska railroad was thrown into the ditch a few days ago, near Brenner Station, Kan., and three persons killed and eight or ten badly wounded. The accident was caused by the spreading of the track. The train was conveying persons to Atchison to attend the bridge celebration.

Gordon, the Black Hills adventurer, has backed out of the suit which he commenced with so much flourish against the military authorities at Omaha for false imprisonment, and paid the costs of the litigation. A fire at Virginia City, Nevada, last week, destroyed \$125,000 worth of property. The jury of inquest in the case of Ralston, the San Francisco banker, returned a verdict of accidental death.

It now transpires that the failure of the Bank of California was not caused so much by a conspiracy on the part of its enemies as by the rashness of the late President. The directors of the institution authorize the statement that Ralston's defalcation will amount to between three and four millions of dollars, and that a large over-issue of stock has also been discovered. The directors, for a mysterious reason, decline to let the public know what particular use was made of this large sum of money.

John N. Edwards, of the St. Louis Times and Emory S. Foster, of the St. Louis Journal, fought a bloodless duel last week in Winnebago county, Ill. One round was fired at twenty paces with navy revolvers, the bullets whistling harmlessly in the air. Edwards demanded another shot, but Foster declined. After considerable parley the affair was amicably settled, the belligerents shook hands, the genial Bourbon was produced, and the agreeable termination of the trouble generously toasted. The difficulty grew out of the Jeff Davis Winnebago county controversy.

Another aeronaut has met with a tragic death. A man calling himself Prof. Ariel, traveling with a circus, made an ascension in a hot-air balloon at Jackson, Mich., last week. On descending, the balloon seemed in danger of striking on the railroad bridge, and the occupant, to save himself, jumped into the water and was drowned. The pesky grasshopper has turned up again. Millions of them have recently been seen traveling over Central and Southern Illinois in a southeasterly direction. Fortunately they can do but little harm to the crops this season, but damage is to be apprehended next year in localities where they may alight at this time.

Mr. FISHER, an Alderman of St. Paul, was recently expelled from the City Council for accepting bribes and appropriating to his own use some property purchased by the city—the property being seventy-five bushels of oats.

### THE SOUTH.

LOUISVILLE NOW enjoys the luxury of a penny paper. Four children of Mr. Mier, of Ascension parish, La., were recently poisoned with French worm lozenges, and died in a few hours.

DISPATCHES from Yazoo City, Miss., give brief and imperfect accounts of a riot between negroes, at a political meeting in that place, on the 21st. One of the speakers denounced some one as a thief, the lie was given and shooting commenced. Fifty shots were fired. Several were wounded, and Dick Mitchell, late Republican

candidate for Mayor, was killed, and W. H. Foote, a prominent colored politician, was mortally wounded. The dispatches state that no whites were engaged in the affair, but it is added that they were arming.

Another dishonest bank official has been detected in his nefarious work—this time at Louisville. A few mornings ago Louis Rhen, teller of the Planters' National Bank, went to a police station in that city, and pretending that he was unable to articulate, wrote on the slate that his wife had been chloroformed and he had been taken to the bank and forced to open the vaults by four men, who had robbed the bank. His clothes were bloody and he exhibited several wounds. His story was not believed, and after some sharp cross-questioning he confessed that he had stolen the money, and conducted the officers to the spot where he had it concealed, under the floor of a private gymnasium, in the rear of his residence. Here the whole of the plunder, consisting of \$100,000 in cash and \$10,000 in bonds, was found wrapped in a sheet and buried under the sawdust. He gave as a reason for the crime that he had been speculating and lost money.

A DISPATCH from Sandersville, Ga., says the trial of Corday Harris, the negro accused of attempting to incite insurrection among the blacks in Washington and Burke counties, resulted in a verdict of acquittal. It thus turns out that the alleged insurrection was only a big scare. Louis Behn, the Louisville bank teller, confesses that he had been robbing the bank for some time, and covering the thefts by false entries. On Friday, the 8th day of September, the good citizens of Fort Smith, Ark., were regaled by a sight that never before met the view of any other people within the United States in time of peace, namely, the simultaneous hanging of six murderers on one gallows. The culprits were John Whittington, white, aged 31; Daniel Evans, white, aged 20; Smoker Man-killer, an Indian, aged 19; Samuel Fooy, a half-breed Indian, aged 26; James H. Moore, white, aged 17; Edmund Campbell, a negro, aged 20. Two thousand people witnessed the ghastly spectacle. All of them died "game."

MORE race troubles are reported in Mississippi. During the progress of a colored political meeting at Clinton on the 4th of September, a white man in the audience called one of the speakers a liar, which led to an indiscriminate fight. Over a hundred shots were fired, and three whites and four blacks were killed, and a large number wounded on both sides. At the recommendation of the grand jury of Washington county, Ga., all the negroes indicted for complicity in the alleged insurrection have been discharged from custody.

TOUCHING the riot between whites and blacks at Clinton, Miss., a press dispatch from Vicksburg gives the following version of the origin of the row: There is a law prohibiting the sale of liquor in Clinton. Young men from Raymond brought a bottle with them, and while speaking was going on, Martin Severly and some of his friends went off a short distance to take a drink. The negro Marshal for the occasion approached them and forbid their drinking. This order was not regarded, when the negro attempted to take the bottle out of Severly's hand. Severly finally struck the negro over the head with a bottle. Senator Caldwell (colored), started to settle the difficulty, and was followed by some 20 negroes, whom he ordered back, but about 100 more came rushing up, when some one fired a shot, which was followed by a general firing and a stampede.

### WASHINGTON.

The following is the statement of the public debt for the month just closed:

Six per cent. bonds, \$1,085,865,550  
Five per cent. bonds, 623,032,750  
Total coin bonds, \$1,708,898,300  
Lawful money, \$14,678,000  
Matured debt, 1,585,049  
Legal tender, 17,961,280  
Certificates of deposit, 374,315,565  
Fractional currency, 64,780,000  
Coin certificates, 41,337,018  
Total without interest, \$47,851,034

Total debt, \$2,239,388,644  
Total interest, 26,919,783  
Cash in Treasury, 26,919,783  
Coin, \$71,117,272  
Currency, 4,092,365  
Special deposit held for redemption of certificates of deposit, 61,780,000

Total in Treasury, \$47,851,034  
Debt less cash in the Treasury, \$2,191,537,610  
Decrease of debt during August, 1,585,049  
Decrease since June 30, 2,879,936

Bonds issued to the Pacific Railway Companies, interest payable in lawful money: Principal outstanding, \$64,623,512  
Interest accrued and not yet paid, 646,235  
Interest paid by the United States, 28,202,807  
Interest repaid by transportation of mail, etc., 6,504,047  
Balance of interest paid by the United States, 21,894,760

The Secretary of the Treasury is sanguine that the Syndicate will take all the remaining 5 per cents, by the 1st of next November. In case they do the negotiation of the new 4 per cents, will be at once begun.

### GENERAL.

Hox. GIDEON WELLES has written a long letter in vindication of Admiral Farragut's fame as the hero of New Orleans.

THERE is a prospect of a row between the United States and Great Britain. An American vessel was recently sold in British waters in violation of American law regarding such sales. A demand was made upon Great Britain for the return of the vessel to this country for seizure, but the British government refused to comply. The United States government has therefore given orders to seize the vessel if ever found in American waters.

A BOLD robbery is reported from Huntington, West Virginia. Three men entered a bank at noon, and placing pistols at the head of the Cashier, compelled him to open the safe, from which they took \$15,000 and decamped. The New York and Erie Bank, of Buffalo, N. Y., has suspended.

### POLITICAL.

A DISPATCH from San Francisco, dated Sept. 3, says: The election returns come in very slowly, but it is sure that the Democrats have carried the State by a plurality of nearly 20,000, and a majority of about 10,000. The city government is mainly Democratic.

The Democrats of California have elected their State ticket by about 30,000 plurality.

### FOREIGN.

PEACE once more reigns in the South American States of Colombia. The commanders of

the government army and the army of the insurgents have signed a treaty. The British iron-clad war steamer Vanguard—one of the strongest of the navy—has been sunk in the English Channel by coming in collision with another war vessel. The anniversary of the surrender of Sedan (Sept. 2) was observed throughout Germany as a holiday and a day of general rejoicing.

The London Times urges the interference of Great Britain in the Herzegovinian troubles. The Chinese government is preparing to send diplomatic representatives to the leading Western nations. According to the report, they will be preceded by a roving mission, similar to Burlingame's, under Mr. Hart, Inspector of Customs.

LATE European advices state that the leaders of the Turkish insurrection have agreed upon a manifesto, demanding the independence of Bosnia and Herzegovina under a Christian Prince, to be chosen from one of the European dynasties. Advices from Spain state that an English steamer has succeeded in landing at Motrico a large cargo of war material for the Carlists, including four pieces of artillery, 5,000 rifles, and 100 cases of cartridges.

The London Mark Lane Express of Sept. 7 says the bulk of the European wheat crop has been gathered in good order. The crop is short as a whole, and the quality inferior. The German pilgrimage to Lourdes will not take place this year.

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

### Weekly Review of the Chicago Market.

Currency has been going into the interior quite freely during the past week, indicating the early marketing of crops. Money is abundant and borrowers with good collateral have no difficulty in obtaining favors. Rates 7@10 per cent., according to time and security. Bonds firm and steady at former quotations.

### BREADSTUFFS.

The grain markets have attracted considerable attention from speculators and operators generally, and quite an extensive business was transacted. Values have been somewhat irregular on the whole range, but the closing quotations show some improvement on wheat and oats, although the fine weather for the growing crop prevents any material advance or permanent improvement in the corn market. The September shorts have been making provision for their contracts, and at the close of the week the trading had settled mainly in the October option. The receipts of all kinds of grain except corn are increasing, while the shipments were somewhat larger, especially of corn. The bulk of shipments of the latter were of corn received on matured or maturing contracts of options and forwarded by the receiver. The demand from August shorts forced wheat up to \$1.17½ early in the week, but the market closed easier under less activity in the demand. Oats were fairly active on speculative account. Rye and barley quiet.

The following table shows the prices current at the opening and close of the past week:

	Opening.	Closing.
No. 2 sp. wheat, cash	@ \$1.13½	@ \$1.14½
No. 2 seller September	1.13½ @ 1.13½	@ 1.14½
No. 2 seller October	@ 1.13½	@ 1.14½
No. 2 corn, cash	@ .62	@ .62½
No. 2 corn, Sept.	@ .62	@ .62½
No. 2 corn, seller Oct.	@ .63	@ .62½
No. 2 oats, cash	.34 @ .34½	@ .35½
No. 2 oats, s. Sept.	@ .34	@ .34½
No. 2 oats, s. Oct.	@ .33½	@ .34½
No. 2 rye, cash	@ .81	@ .78½
No. 2 rye, seller Sept.	.78 @ .79	@ .78½
No. 2 barley, cash	@ 1.10	1.08 @ 1.09
No. 2 barley, s. Sept.	@ 1.08	@ 1.08
No. 2 barley, s. Oct.	@ 1.04	@ 1.04
No. 3 barley, cash	@ .94	@ .85

### PRODUCE.

Trade in butter during the past week was again only moderate and transactions were confined mainly to the local trade. The arrivals during the week were rather meager, particularly of choice, of which the supply at the present time is very light. The advices received from the East continue unfavorable and the demand on shipping account consequently was limited. For the better qualities of butter the demand continues good, and prices ruled firm, but medium grades were but little called for, and for these it was found difficult to make sales. There was no change of importance in prices. Beans under a light demand ruled dull and very quiet. Prices were unchanged and quotations range at \$1.75@1.80 per bbl for good to prime Eastern mediums, and \$1.00@1.15 for Western, according to quality. There was nothing of consequence done in beeswax—quotable at 26@28 for prime yellow. The reports received from the country in regard to broom-corn were more encouraging, and holders were more disposed to realize. There was rather a weak feeling developed, though no particular alteration was exhibited in values. We quote hurl at 10½@12c for No. 1 to extra, such as can be worked into a choice hurl broom 10½@11c, and good 9@10c, crooked 6@8c. The arrivals of berries were fair and they consisted mainly of blackberries, for which there was a fair demand when in prime order, but there were some received that were common lots on the market which were slow sale. The market closed at \$3.50@4.00 for choice Wilsons, in sixteen quart cases, \$3.00@3.25 for Lawtons, and \$1.00@1.60 for wild, according to quality. There has been some accumulation in the stock of cheese but there was no improvement in the demand and the market was a shade easier. Quotable at 10c for prime factory in lots, and at 11c in a retail way; common ranged at 6@8c. There were some new cranberries on the market but they were not desirable and could not be sold. Dried fruits were steady and firm, though the amount of business transacted was light. Eastern apples quotable at about 10c when choice and re-packed. Halves peaches firm at 11c, and blackberries quotable at about 11c. There was no sale for dried peas and prices were nominal at \$2.00@2.50 for choice green and \$1.60@1.75 for marrowfat. The supply of eggs was ample, but there being so many lots in bad order, buyers were rather reluctant about purchasing. The market closed at 13½@14c for guaranteed in cases; lots in tubs and barrels were almost unsalable. Prime live geese feathers were a shade firmer, but the other kinds remain unchanged; quotable at 52@53c for the above-named kind, 25c for turkey tail, and 8@9c for chicken. The receipts of all kinds of green fruits were more than sufficient to supply the demand, and the market ruled dull. A good many consignments were received in poor order, and these in a good many instances had to be thrown away. Apples ranged at 50c@52c for poor to fair, \$1.25@2.75 for good cooking, and \$3.00@3.50 for choice eating. Peaches sold all the way from 10c to \$3.00 a box for Eastern, and the market closed at about \$2.00@2.50 for good to choice. The majority of the peaches offered were in poor order, and for this reason sales were exceedingly slow. Quotable at \$2.00@2.50 for Eastern good order in 30-bushel boxes, and 75c@1.00 for 30-bu. boxes. Plums quiet at \$1.00@1.25 for baskets of damsons; wild were unsalable. Grapes sold at 5@10c per lb. according to quality. The green received was in very poor order, and but few lots sold at remunerative prices. Choice of all descriptions was in

fair demand. Prairie chickens in good order sold at \$2.00@2.50 per doz. Hides were as active as the offerings would admit and former prices were maintained. Quotable at 8½c for green salted, 13c for calf and 6½c for damaged. Honey was unsalable. There was a fair demand for choice nutmeg melons at \$1.00@1.25 per crate, but the bulk of the offerings were green or else in poor order. Potatoes remain dull at 75c@1.00 per bbl. Sweet potatoes sold slowly at \$3.50@3.75 per bbl for yellow Jerseys, \$3.00 for yellow Illinois, and from 20@40c in one-third bushel boxes. Veal was dull and prices were rather weak, receivers generally being anxious to keep their stock well closed out, on account of the warm weather that prevailed. Sales ranged at 4@8c for common to choice carcasses. Vegetables were also dull, and the offerings of all kinds were in excess of the demand. Prices were weak, as follows: 50c per bn for tomatoes, \$1.00@1.50 per bbl for onions, 75c@1.00 per doz for egg plant, and \$1.00@2.00 per doz for cauliflower.

### COOPERAGE, LUMBER AND WOOD.

There was no business of consequence doing in the market for cooperage. Notwithstanding transactions were limited a steady feeling prevailed, and there was no change to note in prices. Quotations range at \$1.12½@1.15 for pork barrels, \$1.35@1.45 for lard tierces, \$1.90 @2.10 for whisky barrels, and 45@55c for flour barrels. There was a good supply of lumber on the market and there the demand was also very good. Prices were steady at the following quotations: Joist and scantling, \$8.00@8.25; boards and strips, \$8.00@12.00, according to quality; shingles, \$2.00@2.70; and lath, \$1.50. The movement was again very light in wood, and there was no alteration to note in values. Quotable at \$8.00 per cord for hickory, \$7.00 for maple, \$6.00 for beech, and \$5.00 for slabs at the yards.

### SEEDS AND HIGHWINE.

There was quite a brisk movement in timothy during the week, but prices under largely increased offerings were a shade easier. The arrivals consisted largely of common qualities, but the offerings of really prime were light. The market closed at \$2.20@2.50 for poor to good, and \$2.50@2.60 for prime. Clover was very quiet, and light sales of prime medium were reported at \$8.00. Flax was steady and in fair demand. Sales at \$1.40@1.50 for fair to good crushing. The other kinds were entirely nominal. Highwines were quiet, and the market closed a shade easier, sales being at \$1.18½.

### PROVISIONS.

There was more interest developed in this market during the week just past, and transactions were generally made at a shade better prices, excepting lard, which was a trifle weaker. The market was governed mainly by local speculative influences. The receipts of hogs during the week were only moderate and for these prices were generally maintained. Mess pork was in good demand and closed firm at \$21.00 cash and seller September, and \$20.85 seller October. Cash lard closed at \$13.00@13.10, seller September at \$12.95@13.00, and seller October at \$13.05.

### Telegraphic Market Reports.

#### NEW YORK.

BREWSTER..... 8.00 @ 13.00  
HOGS—Dressed..... 10 @ 10½  
COTTON..... 14½ @ 15  
FLOUR—Superfine Western..... 4.85 @ 5.50  
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago..... 1.23 @ 1.26  
CORN..... .73 @ .77  
OATS..... .57 @ .59  
RYE..... .98 @ 1.05  
POK—New Mess..... 21.25 @ 21.50  
LARD—Steam..... 13½ @ 13½

#### ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red..... 1.46 @ 1.48  
CORN—No. 2..... .61 @ .63  
OATS—No. 2..... .32 @ .34  
RYE—No. 2..... .73 @ .75  
POK—Mess..... 21.00 @ 22.00  
LARD..... 12½ @ 13  
HOGS..... 18½ @ 19  
CATTLE..... 5.25 @ 6.25

#### MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1..... 1.21 @ 1.22  
No. 2..... 1.14 @ 1.15  
CORN—No. 2..... .61 @ .62  
OATS—No. 2..... .35 @ .36  
RYE..... .80 @ .81  
BARLEY—No. 2..... 1.05 @ 1.09

#### CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—Old Red..... 80 @ 1.30  
CORN..... 70 @ 73  
OATS..... 30 @ 30  
RYE..... 80 @ 82  
POK—Mess..... 20.75 @ 21.00  
LARD..... 13 @ 14

#### TOLEDO.

WHEAT—Extra..... 1.41 @ 1.48  
Amber..... 1.31 @ 1.33  
CORN..... .65 @ .67  
OATS..... 38 @ 40

#### DETROIT.

WHEAT—Extra..... 1.40 @ 1.41  
No. 1 White..... 1.31 @ 1.32½  
No. 2 White..... 1.28 @ 1.29  
Amber..... 1.28 @ 1.29  
CORN..... 73 @ 74  
OATS..... 37 @ 38  
BARLEY—No. 3..... 1 @ 1.25  
POK—Mess..... 22 @ 22

#### CLEVELAND.

WHEAT—No. 1 Red..... @ 1.54  
No. 2 Red..... @ 1.28  
CORN..... 74 @ 76  
OATS..... 42 @ 44

### Biography of Ralston.

William Chapman Ralston, late President of the Bank of California, who so strangely lost his life, was born in the village of Wellsville, 45 miles from Pittsburgh, and was at one time clerk on a steamboat plying between that city and Cincinnati. He is very well known in Pittsburgh, and Mr. J. N. McCullough, General Manager of the Pennsylvania company's railroad lines, and Gen. F. R. Myers, General Passenger Agent of this institution, were boyhood companions of Ralston. The latter's father was owner of a saw and planing mill at Wellsville, and conducted boat-building, and in the years 1847 and 1848, he succeeded in placing his son as second clerk on a steamboat. In this position, and more responsible ones subsequently, he became acquainted with quite a large number of our merchants and business men. He became engaged to a lady in New York, about 1848, who, through death's intervention, was not destined to become his companion. Shortly after the breaking out of the excitement attending the discovery of gold in California, Mr. Ralston also caught the gold fever, and left the river trade to seek his fortunes in Eldorado, via Panama. Very early in his career he jumped into all sorts of speculations, and soon amassed a handsome competency. Stock operations and mining enterprises were his favorite fields. He entered the ill-fated Bank of California when it was quite a small institution. Ralston, in course of time, rose to be its cashier, and afterward President; and its capital stock being increased from \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000, the bank, under his management, soon became a very influential institution.

There heat on the Southern Pacific railroad grade, near the Colorado desert, is so intense that the thermometer often marks 120 degrees in the shade, when shade can be found. A considerable number of the laborers on the road have died of the heat. There is probably no other spot in the United States that can equal this.

## BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

Reaction of Popular Feeling—The Conspiracy That Drove the Bank to the Wall and Ralston to His Death—Resumption of Business.

[San Francisco (Sept. 2) Cor. Chicago Times.]

The public seem to have lost all interest in politics, and to think and talk only of Ralston and his bank. There was a time in the history of California that the men who hastened this great catastrophe, and hounded to his death the most enterprising citizen in California, would have been seized and hanged to the first lamp-post. But the old days of vigilance committees and unrestrained passions have passed. San Francisco to-day is a city of civilized and law-abiding citizens, and the vengeance which individuals deal out to the authors of calamities like these is the vengeance of social ostracism. The two newspapers which have aided the main conspirators in this hellish work are losing their subscriptions by hundreds. Their managers are repudiated by the public, and there is but one sentiment expressed for the dead financier—that with all his faults he was a man among men, and all his troubles, which ended in his tragic death, have been caused by the successful scheming of his enemies, and not from any fault, much less crime, of his own. This is the situation in the financial world of San Francisco to-day. Our people are divided into two classes—the men who swear by Ralston and are determined to vindicate his honor at all sacrifices, and those who depend on Flood & O'Brien, the men who aspire to take Ralston's place, and who, of course, hurl epithet on epithet at the dead man, the latchet of whose shoe they are not worthy to unloose. It is capital pitted against capital, and the only question is, which of the parties—the Bank of California or the new Bank of Nevada, Flood & O'Brien—can swing at once the most brains. The Bank of California, when it begins anew, will represent an aggregation of capitalists, while the Bank of Nevada will represent simply Messrs. Flood & O'Brien, who control the Big Bonanza. The sympathy of the public at large is decidedly with the bank which has long represented the State abroad, and its credit, in spite of the unfortunate events of the past week, is in no way impaired. All its large creditors have agreed to give it an elaborate extension of time, and the Oriental Bank extends all the credit it desires until the present difficulty is tided over. While Mr. Ralston was living, and the first shock of the awful calamity was thrilling the public, the friends whose fortunes he had made, and stockholders and Directors of the banks, whom honor should have made to stand with him, deserted him in a body. This was the crowning blow which broke the great banker's heart. He was a man of honor, and the moment the crash came, he turned every cent of his personal property, to be applied to the payment of its debts. The Directors repudiated him, and forced him to resign his position as President. Then he went forth to his death, and Ralston dead is appreciated by those who deserted him living. "I am worth," said Mr. Sharon, at the Directors' meeting yesterday, "fifteen millions in solid wealth and permanent real estate. Mr. Ralston was my friend. Through him I made it, and I shall devote the full half before there shall come a stain on his honor." D. O. Mills, so cold and impassive as we had thought him, responded to the generous sentiment. Michael Reese gave his adherence to the determination to banish all idea of liquidation through bankruptcy, and the board, with entire unanimity, resolved that California's great financial institution should not go down in shame and dishonor.

The Chronicle this morning publishes a positive statement to the effect that the bank has reliable assets of \$14,000,000, and nominal assets of \$20,000,000, and an indebtedness of \$13,000,000; the coin in its vaults is \$850,000; a guaranty fund of \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 is nearly all pledged, and resumption is assured immediately. Similar statements are being spread abroad.

### Love and a Mule.

The Newark Evening Courier, a newspaper remarkable for its veracity, says of one of its citizens: "He rose early and gulped down his morning cup of coffee, as if his life depended upon his haste. Then he rushed to the grand-delivery window of the postoffice, and inquired for a letter. The clerk handed him a perfumed missive, directed in a fair round hand. He ripped open one end of the envelope with his lead-pencil sharpener, and commenced to read as he crossed Broad street toward Center Market. What to him were the country wagons, with their loads of beets and cabbages? He read: 'As I sit by the open window and hear the wiles thunder upon the shore—' There he stopped suddenly and tumbled into a basket of squashes, as if a thunderbolt had been launched at the seat of his thirty-inch pantaloons. That was where it struck. 'Hello, mister. Say, can't you keep away from that mawl?' sang out a bronzed agriculturist from Caldwell. 'Help yourself to squash,' yelled one of Lew Francis' students from the tonsorial chambers of the market building. He gathered up his girl's letter dripping with black mud, surveyed the photograph of the mule's foot upon the base of his pantaloons, and limped disconsolately away. The course of true love never did run smooth."

Old Dr. A. was a quick, and very ignorant. On one occasion he was called by mistake to attend a council of physicians in a critical case. After considerable discussion, the opinion was expressed by one that the patient was convalescent. When it came to Dr. A.'s turn to speak, he said, "Convalescent! Why, that's nothing serious; I have cured convalescence in twenty-four hours!"



## GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

SPAIN will send over, during September and October, 22,000 troops to fertilize the soil of Cuba.

Moore and Sankley, the evangelists, will open their fall campaign in Washington at the 1st of October.

The cable announces that seven more Cardinals are to be created at the next Consistory. Six of them will be appointed from Italy, and one—Archbishop of Rennes—from France.

The two children of Prof. Donaldson, the lost aeronaut, are from a divorced wife, whom he married in Reading, Pa., and who is still living. The children are at present being well cared for in Buffalo, N. Y. The Professor always evinced much affection for his little ones.

A NEW wonder has been discovered in California—a rival to the famous Yosemite Valley. The new valley is on Kings river, is forty-five miles in length from east to west, and has an average width at the bottom of about half a mile. It lies 5,000 feet above the sea, and its walls, which are about 3,000 feet high, are very precipitous.

COMMENTING upon the fact that at a recent trial in Fitchburg, Mass., the plaintiff put one of his ears in as evidence—it having been bitten off by the defendant—the St. Louis Republican is cruel enough to say: "It is interesting to imagine a Chicago man thus mutilated offering to produce the same evidence, and the Judge detailing four policemen to bring in the ear."

If the telegraph is to be believed, Gen. Sherman is the fastest traveler that ever packed a traveling-bag. A dispatch from San Francisco, dated Aug. 31, printed in the Chicago Times, announces his arrival on that day in Portland, Oregon. In the same column of the Times is another telegram from Montreal, nearly 4,000 miles away, announcing the General's arrival in the Canadian metropolis. Wonder if he was propelled by the Keely motor?

The "Irish giant" and prize-fighter, O'Baldwin, is said to be dying of consumption. Nearly all the noted professional pugilists who have had sharp experience in the ring have died of lung disease in one form or another. Tom Sayers, John C. Heenan and Aaron Jones "went to grass" in this way. What a pity these athletes, upon whom nature has lavished such magnificent bone and sinew, should waste the precious gifts in worse than brutal business.

RALSTON, the suicide-banker, has more birth-places than any man we have heard of lately. Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York and Massachusetts, have each put in a claim to the honor of having given the great financier to the world. George Alfred Townsend says he was born in Ohio. As George Alfred is the greatest falsifier that has lived since the days of Annanias, we forthwith ignore the claim of Ohio. As between the other three States, "you pays your money and takes your choice."

"ITALIAN Crimes"—"Murder of an Englishman at Naples for a Trifling Offense"—"Trial of Brigands in Viterbo." Such was the caption, in flaming black type, that greeted the eyes of the Chicago Times readers, the other morning. Upon perusing the article, however, what must have been the astonishment of its thousands of readers to find no mention of "Italian crimes," but simply a tame account of a Spiritual seance in New York. Evidently the Chicago Times' types were on a big spree that day. Or mayhap, the foreman belongs to a "whisky ring."

A MR. QUINN has been giving illustrations in Chicago of the Paul Boyton life-preserving apparatus. It consists of two sections of inflated rubber for the upper and lower portions of the human body, ingeniously fastened at the waist so as to render the suit waterproof. The apparatus is inflated by projecting tubes, the exit of the air being prevented by three buttons of brass. Mr. Quinn entertained large numbers of sight-seers on Lake Michigan by attaching a sail to the ankle of his rubber outfit, and steering with a paddle he held in his hand. In this manner he floated over the choppy waves as securely as though aboard the staunchest craft. The inflated portion of the apparatus being in compartments, he could turn his position from the horizontal to the vertical at pleasure. Accompanying him was an inflated rubber bag, containing the morning paper, cigars and matches, luncheon, and the same black bottle

which accompanies all well-ordered excursions, all of which he appeared to enjoy with more gusto than the observers on the steamer. The apparatus is ingenious and novel, but we do not believe it can ever become of general practical utility.

The Turkish insurrection is gaining strength daily, and even now the rebels have obtained such a foothold as to threaten the very existence of the Ottoman empire. It is apparent that it does not lie in the power of European Emperors to stop the flame of war, even if they desired to do so. All the disaffected elements in the whole European domain of the Sultan have risen against him. In Turkish Albania the Christians have rebelled and thrown open the prison; in Larissa, almost at the door of Constantinople, the inhabitants have refused to pay their taxes; in Thessaly and Epirus there is great enthusiasm for war, and the Greeks are all clamorous for hostilities. If the insurrection continues to spread, nearly the whole of Slavonia will shortly be up in arms to assert its independence of Turkish authority, and success is by no means improbable. The rebels are admirably situated for resistance to the encroachments of an invading army. Their mountain retreats may be said to be absolutely impregnable, for the insurgents have an immense advantage in perfect familiarity with their surroundings.

The Bank of California was a private bank, chartered by the State of California, and issued no notes. It had a paid-up capital of \$5,000,000, and deposits varying from \$6,000,000 to \$9,000,000. It has been identified with the history of the State. It was founded in 1867, and was originally intended to secure the business of the mines; its owners became rich, and their ambition found new and other fields for operation. It grasped control of the commerce of the Pacific coast. It secured a monopoly of the quicksilver production. It entered into the business of buying mining stocks, and played bull or bear, as circumstances demanded. It extended its operations to Oregon, British Columbia, and even grasped the control of the fur trade in Alaska. It erected itself into a financial despot. It controlled the grain market; it dictated to all the other banks; it regulated the rates of discount and the terms on which loans were made. It crushed merchants and bankers remorselessly. It, in one way or the other, controlled the trade with Japan and China, and the importation of teas. The whole coast trade and that with the Sandwich Islands was under its command. It was universally feared and hated, but it defied all opposition. Its business with England was immense, and it had also large transactions with France. It made the foreign exchange for California and all the Pacific States, and for the Sandwich Islands, and for the Japan and China trade done through San Francisco. It had correspondents and financial agents in all countries, and there is scarcely any kind of business or stocks in which it did not dabble. It also went extensively into politics. It violated all the legitimate laws of banking, and has paid dearly for the penalty.

### A Religious View.

"You see, when you done shuffle off dis mortuary coil, and de sperritt perseute itself at the Golden Gates," argued a colored revivalist, on the levee, yesterday, "Gabriel gwine to ask you what church you 'longed to in de flesh." "Yass, I speck so," said the listener. "If you 'longed to the Missionary Baptist, he gwine tole you walk right in and set by de foot-stool." "Ef you 'long to de Methodist Church, he say stay on de outside what your shontin' won't sturb de angels." "Ef you's 'Piscumpalton." "Hole on, Mr. Middleton, de ain't no niggers 'Piscumpalton. Dem's all white folks," interrupted the listener. "Dat don't make no difference," continued the expounder of religion; "de principle's de same, ain't it? Ef you're a 'Piscumpalton, de word say to you 'go over dar 'mong de white folks." "Ef you's Calfonick, de angel put you to de Virgin Mary, and tell you—"

"But look heah, Mr. Middleton, spon de didn't 'long to no church in de flesh?" queried the listener.

"Well, what he be doin' dar den?" asked the colored divine, scornfully.

"Well," replied the unconverted sinner, "I thought in dat case, he could do's he dam please."—Vicksburg Herald.

The English Earl of Darnley has bought a large piece of land in Estes Park, Colorado, and designs to preserve the game there for sporting purposes. The neighboring settlers do not approve of this, and his lordship will probably have to employ a large force of game-keepers.

DR. J. A. DAVEN, of Iatan, Mo., committed suicide because, having been on a spree, a dear friend, suddenly taken ill, sent for him, and died while waiting for him to respond to the call.

VESTED interest—Money in the waistcoat pocket.

## MICHIGAN NEWS.

A RIFLE club has been formed in Monroe, with a present membership of about twenty.

GEORGE LAMPAETER committed suicide at Grand Rapids last week by cutting his throat and then jumping into the river.

NEARLY all the mills in Big Rapids are going on full time, notwithstanding the general depression in the lumber market.

The Homer Index says: "Clarendon soil beats the world for beans. H. H. Shear showed us a specimen last week, the pods of which were two feet long."

The validity of Capt. Ward's will is to be contested at Detroit, shortly. It is hinted that the contestants will make a strong fight against the legality of Mr. Ward's last marriage.

AUDITOR-GENERAL ELY the other day notified a large number of clerks in his office that he would dispense with their services hereafter. It is asserted that some of the clerks removed were of a class who have used the office as a means of evading their creditors, the laws of the State being such that their salary could not be taken for debt.

MICHIGAN postal affairs: Offices established—Elgin, Antrim county, Geo. H. Wealsh, Postmaster; Ferryville, Mason county, Edwin M. Comstock, Postmaster. Name changed—Headache, Midland county, to Bradford. Postmasters appointed—Altona, Mecosta county, J. E. Gruber; Intermediate, Charlevoix county, Daniel Isaman; Harvey, Marquette county, A. A. Hart.

THERE have been erected at Dundee this far this season seventeen dwelling houses and a large grain depot. Beside these, there are at present thirteen dwelling houses, a cheese factory, one business block and two large flouring mills in process of erection. The flouring mills will be ready for business in the fall and the cheese factory in the spring.

A VALUABLE bed of corundum was recently discovered by a prospecting party near Gaylord, Otsego county. The bed is situated one-half mile from the Mackinac division of the Illinois Central road and covers a territory of twenty-five acres, and is from seven to ten feet deep. Experts who have tested samples pronounce it superior as a polish to the imported article.

At Edgerton, on the morning of the 1st inst., the lumber piles of Winegar & Shays were discovered on fire. There being a light wind the flames spread to adjoining piles of lumber and shingles, and the heat became so intense that for a distance of 250 feet the rails on the railroad were warped. The following dealers in lumber and shingles are the principal losers, with no insurance: Winegar & Shaw, 350,000 feet lumber; David Monroe, 14,000 feet; D. Porter, 10,000 feet and 150,000 shingles; and B. B. Bugge, 20,000 shingles.

In Jackson county, last week, the wife of a well-known citizen died. In the course of the usual preparations for the funeral, the widower ordered a coffin from one Mr. B., who was involved in a bitter quarrel with one Mr. G., a rival undertaker. The latter, however, owned the only hearse in the village and he saw his way to a deadly revenge. When application was made to him for his hearse, he flatly refused to hire it out for any price whatever, and as it was impossible to get another or postpone the funeral, he had the acute satisfaction of seeing the coffin drawn to the grave on a common wagon.

A MAN named Wm. Dagle, an attaché of a circus exhibiting at Jackson last week, was drowned in the river, he having leaped from a hot-air balloon in which he had been making ascensions. People on shore, seeing him, supposed he could swim, and made no effort to assist him for several minutes, until they saw him sinking, and then they put out with boats, but too late. His body was found in six feet of water, some twenty minutes after he sank. Among the circus people he was known as Prof. Ariel, and is said to have a mother living in Grand Rapids. He was aged about 20 years, was subject to fits, and may have fallen from the basket.

### Travers on Fisk and Gould.

One day last summer, Col. Fisk was showing Mr. Travers over the Plymouth Rock, the famous Long Branch boat. After showing the rest of the vessel, he pointed to two large portraits of himself and Mr. Gould, hanging a little distance apart, at the head of the stairway.

"There," said the Colonel, "that do you think of?"

"They're good, Colonel—you hanging on one side and Gould on the other; f-i-r-s-t-rate. But, Colonel," continued the wicked Mr. Travers, buried in thought, "w—w—where's our Say-i-ou?"

Mr. Travers, who is a vestryman in Grace Church, says he knows it was wicked, but he couldn't have helped it if he'd been on his dying bed.—Eli Perkins's New Book.

## THE BLACK HILLS.

The Grand Council to Negotiate for Their Purchase—How the Indian Ring Has Been Magnifying the Red Skins' Ideas of Remuneration—They Now Want Over a Hundred Millions for Their Title.

The Sioux Indian Commission arrived here, and will leave by special conveyance to-morrow for Red Cloud Agency, where the council will be held with the dusky dead-beats now fattening upon the bounty of the government. There will be nearly 25,000 of them present in person, all of whom will be fed to gorge during the pendency of the negotiations. The work of the Commission promises to be far more difficult than was first supposed, from several reasons. The Indian ring has been discovered figuring extensively in the matter among the Indians, and the object is very plain. The first reports from the Indians were to the effect that but a small price would be asked for the ceding of the Black Hills and Big Horn country, but that time has been changed since the agents and understrappers of the ring have gone through the tribes. Now, not less than seven millions will be asked as a bonus, and to which an attempt will be made to add the additional tax of a full suit of clothing for each Sioux—man, woman and child—yearly, and sustenance for the same, for the period of fifty years.

This is certainly "cheeky," even for the Indian Ring; but will make its demand through the ones from whom it steals and fattens with a vigor that is appalling to honest men and taxpayers throughout the country. Notwithstanding that certain great efforts have been made to put an end to the wrong-doing that has been going on at the various posts, the same old work of "addition, division, and silence" moves right along as of yore, and pockets that once were as lean as the fabled hare now puff out with the fatness of wealth, stolen in the process of humanizing and civilizing the Indian, whose untutored mind takes only kindly to that which is closely akin to the devil's. The ring-paid scribblers and papers will slobber on the usual amount of whitewash, but facts that I have gathered on this matter will make some good people rub the dust of blind faith from their eyes, and quietly use expressive adjectives.

What I have above given is the news that comes to me direct from several agencies, and the thundering professions of reform of these abuses are considered by all not in the employ of the powerful ring as entirely "too thin" to be preached. The object, then, that the ring has in prevailing upon the redskins to hold out for an enormous price is apparent. The more annuities and goods granted that it handles, the better for it; and the longer the time agreed to, just so much longer can the stealing silently proceed. To aid in this matter, every "Indian" man is heard constantly prating about the untold richness of the mines—duplicating the reports of Prof. Jemmy three or four fold—all this to get up a breeze near the Commission that shall have its proper influence, and that in favor of a fat and flowing stream of rich annuities. A treaty of the kind above named would foot up enormously, estimated at present rates, and in the aggregate be not less than one hundred and ten millions!

No wonder that about all the interpreters of the Sioux find it convenient just now to go up to the Agency, ostensibly to see the grand pow-wow, but known in private as workers among the easily prejudiced scalp-lifters for the Big Bonanza treaty. How well the effort will succeed remains to be seen; but I am of the opinion that the trouble with the hungry cormorants will be serious. They will strike a snag in the Commission of such dimensions that will either cause the adoption of a treaty fair alike for the people and the paupers, or defeat any negotiations of the character named as particularly heinous by the ring, and, perhaps, by the obstinacy of the Indians, a failure entirely.

There is danger of a failure in making a treaty, and, should that happen, troublesome times will be upon the country north of this. With many among the tribes circulating all kinds of fabulous stories concerning the gold in the Hills, and the elevation of the ideas of the Indian to ring-mark, a disappointment would lead to fighting. Gen. Crook is of the opinion that the Sioux desire just that sort of a performance; and, furthermore, that a good sound drubbing is the only thing that will make the insolent fellows keep their proper station. In the spring not less than 30,000 miners will go into the Hills, whether a treaty is made or not, and the efforts of the handful of troops now scattered through that section would prove entirely abortive in keeping them out. Then it would be "nip and tuck" between the miners and the savages, and the miners would hold their own, and the Hills too.

### Donaldson's Sweetheart.

By this time we had strayed around to where the ladies were mounting their glossy thoroughbreds for a race in the ring. Thomas introduced me to several of these bespangled damsels, with one of whom, a Miss Taylor, I was conversing, when I heard the voice of Dan. Castello roaring in the big tent. Stepping to the entrance I caught the announcement that a dispatch had been received that Grimwood's body had been found in Lake Michigan. "Don't tell Miss Taylor," said Thomas to the surrounding athletes and hangers-on. "She thinks of Donaldson." But already she had pressed forward on her handsome gray, and was demanding to know what the announcement was. When the question was evaded her eagerness increased, for her suspicions were aroused. She was to have married Donaldson a month ago. At last they had to tell her, and the poor girl leaned upon the mare's

mane and deluged it with tears. She writhed with agony in her beautiful jacket of scarlet silk, and presently she jumped down and ran into a covered wagon, where she could have a cry all to herself. After a little respectful delay, during which the audience waited and wondered what was the matter, the ladies' hurdle race was called. Miss Taylor came forth, mounted the gray and won the race. All of the five, in their colored bodices and gay steamers, seemed to be doing their utmost, but I wondered if any of the competitors let their horses lag a little in order to give victory to the saddened rider whose eyes were fixed upon her lover's body drifting alone upon the lake of storms.—St. Paul Correspondence New York Graphic.

### Useful Information.

The ammoniacal solution of oxide of nickel will dissolve silk; that of copper dissolves cotton also.

RUNNING up and down stairs is woman-killing work, and should be avoided as much as possible by having one or more bedrooms below.

EQUAL weights of acetate of lime and chloride of calcium, dissolved in twice their weight of hot water, is a fireproofing mixture for fabrics.

THE French method of administering castor oil to children is to pour the oil into a pan over a moderate fire; break an egg in it, and stir up; when it is done, add a little salt or sugar, or some currant jelly.

SAVE the corn cobs for kindlings, especially if wood is not going to be plentiful next winter. To prepare them melt together sixty parts resin and forty parts tar. Dip in the cobs, and dry on sheet metal heated to about the temperature of boiling water.

A DARK house is always an unhealthy, an ill-aired house, and a dirty house. Want of light stops growth and promotes scrofula, rickets, etc., among the children. People lose their health in a dark house; and if they become ill they cannot get well in it.

THE German washerwomen use a mixture of two ounces turpentine and one ounce spirits of ammonia well mixed together. This is put into a bucket of warm water, in which one-half pound of soap has been dissolved. The clothes are immersed twenty-four hours and then washed. The cleansing is said to be greatly quickened, and two or three rinsings in cold water remove the turpentine smell.

Is hot weather it is almost impossible to prevent the sinks becoming foul, unless some chemical preparation is used. One pound of copperas dissolved in four gallons of water, poured over a sink three or four times, will completely destroy the offensive odor. As a disinfecting agent, to scatter around premises affected with any unpleasant odor, nothing is better than a mixture of four parts dry ground plaster of Paris to one part of fine charcoal, by weight. All sorts of glass vessels and other utensils may be effectually purified from offensive smells by rinsing them with charcoal powder, after the grosser impurities have been scoured off with sand and soap.

PROF. WILDER gives these short rules for action in case of accident: For dust in the eyes, avoid rubbing; dash water in them; remove cinders, etc., with the round point of a lead pencil. Remove insects from the ear by tepid water; never put a hard instrument into the ear. If an artery is cut compress above the wound; if a vein is cut compress below. If choked get upon all fours and cough. For light burns dip the part in cold water; if the skin is destroyed, cover with varnish. Smother a fire with carpets, etc.; water will often spread burning oil and increase the danger. Before passing through smoke take a full breath, and then stoop low, but if carbon is suspected, then walk erect. Snuck poisonous wounds, unless your mouth is sore. Enlarge the wound, or better, cut the part out without delay. Hold the wounded part as long as can be borne to a hot coal, or end of a cigar. In case of poisoning, excite vomiting by tickling the throat, or by water of mustard. For acid poisons give acids; in case of opium poisoning give strong coffee and keep moving. If in water, float on the back with the nose and mouth projecting. For apoplexy, raise the head and body; for fainting, lay the person flat.

### Poisoned by Potato Bugs.

An Ithaca (N. Y.) physician has undertaken a case of a patient who was poisoned by Colorado potato bugs. The man was working in his potato patch and several bugs got into one of his boots through a slit in the top. By the time he pulled it off they had worked down under the sole near the toe, and his foot in this part began to smart severely. When the doctor was called, the bottom of the foot presented the appearance of having been badly scalded, the skin being raised in white blisters. He says he has heard of persons being poisoned in the throat by taking some thing into the mouth after handling potato bugs, but the like of this case he never saw or heard of before.

TALK OF A BIRD.—A little wild bird flew into the great dining hall of the Grand Union Hotel at Saratoga, and could neither find its way out nor be lured to safety by the kindly endeavors of the servants, though the entrances and the lower part of the windows were nearly always open. The heavy upholstery of the upper half of the windows prevented its only chance of escape, so after flitting and bewildered among the forest of chandeliers for six days, guests all the time feasting at the tables below, it at length died of starvation and was picked up on the floor.

A CROCODILE race on the Nile is to be the event of next month in Egyptian sporting circles.



## Marine Intelligence.

### PORT OF HOLLAND.

#### ARRIVALS.

Tug A. C. Waters.  
Star Huron, 135 pkgs mdse, 50 bbls salt, 300 bags corn.  
Schr A. Plummer, 400 bush corn.  
" Tom Payne.  
" Tri Color.  
Star Huron, 130 pkgs mdse, 10 bbl salt.  
Schr Wollin.  
" Addie, 23 cords stone.  
" Tom Payne.  
Schr Mary.  
Scow Banner.  
Schr A. Plummer.  
" Active.  
Star Huron, 95 pkgs mdse, 330 dry hides.  
Schr Wollin.  
" Tom Payne.  
" Tri Color.

#### DEPARTURES.

Star Huron, sundries.  
Schr A. Plummer, 35 cords slabs.  
" Tom Payne, 43 cords wood.  
" Tri Color, 36 m lumber.  
Star Huron, 75 m staves.  
Schr Wollin, 50 m lumber 5 bbls flour.  
" Addie, 50 m stave, 350 bbls headings.  
" Tom Payne, 48 cords wood.  
Schr Mary, 70 cords wood.  
Scow Banner, 60 " bark.  
Schr A. Plummer, 75 cords wood.  
" Active, 300 bbl flour, 22 cords bark.  
Star Huron, 10 m lumber, 175 bbls heading, 50 m staves, 25 bbls apples.  
Schr Wollin, 45 m lumber.  
" Tom Payne, 45 cords wood.  
" Tri Color, 40 m staves.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1875.

At the call of Mayor VAN LANDEGEND, a meeting of the business-men of this city was held at the Common Council rooms on Saturday evening. Dr. B. Ledebor was called to the chair and Mr. H. Walsh chosen secretary. Mr. J. E. Higgins stated the object of the meeting, and read letters from parties at Milwaukee, inviting our citizens to visit that place during the week of the State Fair, Sept. 6-11, as a sort of introduction to future business connections. The secretary with Mr. Higgins were appointed a committee to answer the communications. The evening was passed in pleasant discussions, and led to the organization of a "Citizens' Association," with Mr. N. Kenyon as president. It was deemed proper by those present that no definite action be taken, until all our citizens could be consulted and for that purpose an adjournment was made, to meet again on Friday evening, at the hall of Mr. N. Kenyon, who kindly offered the use thereof for that purpose.

The object of this organization, as was stated in the resolution is of a specific nature, to-wit: "for the purpose of improving our railroad and water connections." The remarks made by one of the speakers, as to our prospects in this connection, were very proper when he said, that in the future we should look to the "Michigan Central" combination as the source for our development in that line. With our natural position it cannot be otherwise, that Holland is now and will continue to be an attractive railroad point. As such the several railroads leading into this place with their constant increase of business will be to our future growth all that can be desired.

The first object then, and which from now hence should occupy the foremost place in the minds of those interested in the future development of Holland City, is our harbor. This matter is of the utmost importance. 1. Our place needs another push forward in order to keep pace with the improvements of the agricultural district surrounding us and of which it is the natural market. 2. The late maneuverings on the part of competing railroads must lead to more connections between the shipping points on the east and west shores of Lake Michigan for the transfer of the staples from the great west. 3. Unless we obtain an increase in our shipping business from some source or other, this port will not maintain its present rank, and hence will be apt to be neglected in future appropriations. In order then to avail ourselves of any opportunity which might be in store for us in the future, we should apply our united energies to the immediate improvement of our harbor.

It has been noticed by the people of this place that in spite of all their own efforts in that direction, they have not been very successful. Perhaps we owe this to the satisfaction we have given in certain circles of our adaptability as a field for all sorts of experiments in topographical engineering as well as political demagogism, and that for such purposes we had better be retained. We do not grumble however; we are not authorized to do so. In reviewing the appropriations for the past five years we have reasons to be thankful even for the crumbs that fall from the rich man's table.

It will be well enough for our citizens hereafter to devote a little more attention—very quietly, to those matters which affect us all directly. And inasmuch as there is a time for everything, let the result of our observations, whatever they are, be carefully and honestly remembered.

THE defaulting State Treasurer of New Jersey, sent in his resignation to the Governor from his cell in jail, and assigned as a reason for retiring from public life "the bad condition of my health."

THE Public schools of the City of Holland opened on Monday morning, with a full corps of teachers and a fair attendance of scholars, especially in the primary departments; the higher classes being usually more attended during the winter months. The teachers for the several departments for the ensuing year are:

Sup't N. L. Downie—High School.  
Miss K. Garrod—Grammar School.  
" K. G. Ledebor—4th Intermediate.  
" N. Wakker—3rd " "  
" M. Kroon—2nd " "  
" G. Geary—1st " "  
" A. Royce—3rd Primary.  
" A. Binnekant—2nd " "  
" A. Higginbotham—1st " "  
" E. C. Allen—West Ward School.  
Mr. H. Doesburg—Teacher of the Holland Dep't.

The annual school meeting was held in the evening. Owing perhaps to the fact that the Board of Education had published a full statement of their receipts and expenditures during the past year, with the estimate of expenses for the next fiscal year, and that this has proven satisfactory to the public both in point of economy and results reached, and owing also to the fact that the final power to act and to raise money is vested in the Board anyhow and that the election of new members does not take place at this time—the attendance was very small, unusually so. The business before the meeting was of very little importance. The report of last year's operations was adopted and the several actions approved. It was also resolved that hereafter singing should be one of the regular branches of study in the Public Schools of the City of Holland. A few other points were discussed, as the inevitable prospect of building a new school house and the establishment of a sinking fund for that purpose; also the principle that all school supplies shall be furnished by the Board and to remain school property; no action however was taken on these propositions, except that the former was referred to the Board for a report at our next annual meeting.

### Special Notices.

KANTERS & Co. inform us they are now fully prepared to meet all the demands of school books and stationery trade for the coming season. Their store is well filled and neatly fitted up, and L. T. promises to wait on all customers, young or old, to the best of his ability. The children will be waited on as promptly as if their parents called personally. They also solicit the patronage of teachers and directors of schools in the country, who can do better here than in any other place in the county. Township officers or others who wish to establish a Public Library would also do well to call on them as they will furnish books at almost publishers' prices.

#### Proposals.

The Board of Education of the City of Holland will receive proposals until Sept. 18, 1875, for seventy-five cords of beach and maple wood, to be delivered at the School Houses in this City.

T. E. ANNIS, Sec.  
HOLLAND, Aug. 23, 1875. 28-31

#### Special Notice.]

The CITY DRUG STORE will be kept open on Sundays, until further notice is given.

HEBER WALSH,  
Proprietor.

HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

WANTED: 10,000 men, women and children to take Dr. Webster's Liver and Catarrh Pills this month.

USE Dr. Webster's Eye Water. It cures the worst sore Eyes.

"SHAKE" or use Dr. Webster's Tasteless Aque Prescription. Any child will take it.

#### A Choice Lot

Of writing paper and envelopes at  
WALSH'S City Drug Store.  
HOLLAND, Mich., June 24, 1875. 19-21

#### Wanted.

To exchange property in Kalamazoo, for a stock of Lumber.  
Address: C. FORBES, Kalamazoo, Mich.

To the Editor of the Holland City News:

I am the owner and agent for the following City Lots, which I will sell at such prices as the "Board of Review," now in session shall appraise them at:]

Lot 11, Block 29.  
" 2, " 31.  
" 5, " 15.  
" 1, " C. West Addition.  
" 14, " 45.

Lots 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 in Blocks E and H West Addition.  
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Block 25, old plat.  
Lot 9, Block 2. Lot 4, Block 3. S. W. Add.  
" 9, " 6, " 4, " 7, " "  
" 9, " 12, " 4, " 13, " "  
" 13, " 8, " 6, " 11, " "  
" 9, " F. " 6, " G. W. Add.  
" 10, " 15, Old plat.

Also 300 Lots in my addition to the City of Holland, on long time, at 7 per cent interest and no payment down on the latter.

No reflection upon the "Board."  
14-1f M. D. HOWARD.

#### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, September 15, at 7 1/2 o'clock.

GEO. LAUDER, W. M.  
J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y. 47-1y

#### I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.  
R. K. HEALD, N. G.  
N. W. BACON, R. S.

To the Editor of the Holland City News:

Now the Huron has as good as quit running here (and that for want of encouragement), it would perhaps interest you readers to see a report of her "doings" here. We present the following figures, for our business-men especially to consider, at the request of those interested in the boat, having obtained them directly from their books:

Total amount of expenses in running here, from April to August,.....\$1,790.00  
Total receipts, Freight & Passengers.....\$790.00

Included in the \$1,790 in expenses are \$900 paid out here for cord-wood, slabs, groceries, etc., this item alone exceeding their receipts. Besides this, see what a number of fishing parties she has brought here.

We simply offer these figures to those interested in business, and ask does it pay to willfully drive a boat away from a place? "Willfully" because the merchants did not do all they could for the boat, since the vessels carried back-freight, even more than the boat did. But that seems to be the wish of our people and perhaps it was the best thing the boat could do to withdraw, at least no one can blame her.—We think she has given us a fair and satisfactory trial, and to say the least, it is not very complimentary to our business-men, that they did not encourage her more.

A. A. PFANSTIEHL.

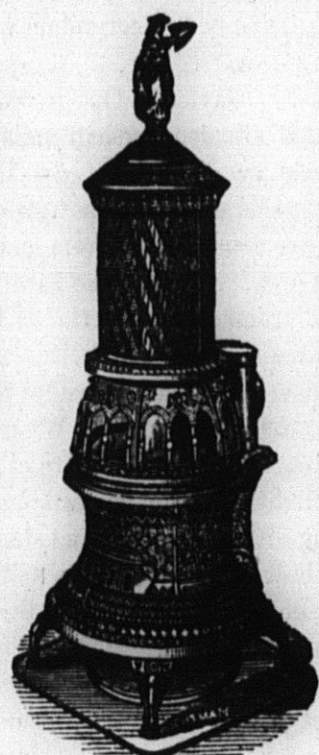
Holland, Aug. 31st, 1875.

THE Lansing Republican, of August 27th says: "An attempt was recently made to burn the dwelling of Rev. Wm. H. Perrine, at Albion. Kerosene oil was poured upon the floor, and a dozen or more burned matches were found in the oil."

### New Advertisements.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS,  
DEALERS IN  
Hardware, Nails, Glass,  
Agricultural Implements  
AND  
All kinds of Building Material.

COAL STOVES



A SPECIALITY.

Sash and Doors at Grand Rapids Prices. Orders for Drive Wells promptly filled.

River Street, . . . Holland, Mich.

## CROCKERY!

From and after this date, I intend to devote to this line of trade the necessary attention, and will keep on hand a complete stock of White Granite and C. C. Ware.

A liberal deduction to those who buy sets or in large quantities.

Rockingham and Yellow Ware in large supplies.

G. J. VAARWERK.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1875.

#### THE

Phoenix Hotel.

(Opposite C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot.)

This Hotel is situated where it will most accommodate the traveling public.

In its management it cannot be beaten, and for a tip top meal it cannot be excelled in the State.

Mr. J. McVICAR, the proprietor, is a very courteous gentleman and will do all in his power to make it pleasant for his guests.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1875.

## BOOKBINDING!

The undersigned wishes to inform his old friends and residents of Holland and vicinity that being at present located at Muskegon, he has made arrangements with Mr. W. Vorst, at Holland, at whose store, on River street, all job work for binding can be left. I have purchased a new and complete line of tools and stock and will furnish first-class work.

A. CLOETINGH.

Muskegon, Sept. 2, 1875.

J. FLIEMAN,  
MANUFACTURER OF

Top or Open Buggies,  
Light & Heavy Wagons.

SLEIGHS, TRUCKS, etc.

Also sole Agent for the

Studebaker Bro's Mfg Co.,  
SOUTH BEND, IND.

This wagon is the best wagon in use in this State, and the only slope-spoked wagon manufactured. It is a better wagon than the Jackson Wagon, and I will sell them just as cheap, and give a written warranty for one year. Wagons of my own manufacture I will sell for

SIXTY DOLLARS CASH.

#### All Work Warranted.

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

J. FLIEMAN.

HOLLAND, September 1, 1875.

MEAT MARKET  
—IN THE—

FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that he has finished his new Meat-Market, and is now ready to supply his customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor him with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store.  
HOLLAND, April 2, 1875. W. BUTKAU.

The Metropolitan  
TEA COMPANY,  
NOS. 32 & 34 VESEY ST., N. Y.

We retail Teas to families, hotels, &c., at lowest wholesale prices.

#### IMPORT DIRECT

all our Teas, and add but a single small profit to the actual cost of importation. We solicit a single trial, and guarantee satisfaction. Our teas are put up in one pound packages, with kind and price printed on each. Our prices range from 40 cents to \$1.25 per pound. Where we have no agents we will send a pound package by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. We wish an agent in this place, to get up clubs amongst families for our teas, and will give him a liberal inducement. Send us your application with references to one or two merchants in the place. We refer to the publisher of this paper. Address, for teas or an agency, THE METROPOLITAN TEA CO., 32 and 34 VESEY ST., NEW YORK. 18-30.

PURE  
GOLDEN MACHINE OIL

BY THE GALLON, AT

J. O. DOESBURG.

HOLLAND, July 7, 1875.

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.  
105 ft N. KENTON.

## GIVE AWAY!!

To the one that buys the most Cigars of me, between now and January 1st, 1876, I shall make a present of

A BOX OF CIGARS,

Of whatever brand he may prefer, costing from \$2.00 to \$4.00. I make Cigars a specialty.

H. D. WERKMAN.  
HOLLAND, Mich. 12-m5

Improved Farm  
FOR SALE.

I want to dispose of an 80 acre farm, worth \$2,000 at a great sacrifice. 25 acres of this land is improved, and contains 4 acres of bearing orchard.

M. D. HOWARD,  
Cor. 8th and River Streets,  
Holland City, Mich.

May 9th, 1875.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

Location—6 miles south-east of the City of Holland.  
M. D. HOWARD,  
Cor. 8th and River Streets,  
Holland City, Mich.

May 9th, 1875.

CANCER  
CURED by DR. BOND'S  
DISCOVERY.

Remedies, with full directions, sent to any part of the world. Send for pamphlet and particulars. Address:

H. T. BOND, M. D., Penna. Cancer Institute,  
No. 1319, Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SENT FREE and postpaid—THE  
\$40 to \$75 CASH per week to all, at home or traveling. Something new. Address, The Beverly Co., Chicago.

Muskegon, Sept. 2, 1875.

Cha's G. Wurz,  
Formerly of St. Joseph, has opened a

First-Class Merchant Tailor

Establishment in this City, in the Store of Mr. O. BRYMAN, corner of Eighth and Market Streets.

CALL AND SEE HIS

NEW STOCK OF



CHOICE CLOTHS

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.  
PRICES VERY LOW.

FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 20, 1875. 10-1f

DR. SCHOUTEN'S  
ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS.

Have a specific influence upon the Liver and Bowels, and stimulate these organs into such vigorous action that the impediments are removed. Favorably known by operating mildly. They prevent all irregularities originating from impurities of the Blood.

—SOLD AT—  
Wholesale and Retail

—BY—  
H. WALSH, Druggist.

Holland, Mich.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 25, 1875. 2-1f

## PUMPS! PUMPS!

If you want pumps, don't be deceived by slop shop work, that is being brought in from other quarters which is made for so sell and not for to work, nor to last; it will get out of order and you will get out of patience with it and pull the trash out of your well. Then you go to

F. H. WILMS,

Cor. 10th and River Streets and buy you a good substantial and easy working pump, which has been put down to wholesale prices, so low that a person can buy one for almost half what they used to cost. Wilms will sell his horses and quit peddling Pumps, and therefore sell them lower at the Factory.  
HOLLAND, Mich. May 11, 1875. 13-1f

WERKMAN & SONS,  
General Dealers.

RIVER STREET, . . . HOLLAND.

Announce to the Public that they have received large and new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which is more complete in every department than ever before. They have a large line of all kinds of

Flannels,  
Repellents,  
Cottons, des,  
Shawls,  
Young Ladies' Goods

Skirts,  
Ladies and  
Gentlemen's  
Underwear,  
Prints,  
Notions,  
Hats & Caps.

Groceries, Flour and Feed.

Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 15, 1874. 47-3a-1y

## CHEAP for CASH!

I offer my own manufacture

of Milk-Safes,  
Doors,  
Sash,

Blinds and  
Mouldings.

Which I warrant to be good, strong and substantial articles, for a low price, and request every one in need of these articles to come and examine.

If desired I furnish the sash all glazed.  
Lumber and Country Produce taken in exchange for anything in my line. S. DE BOER.

RIVER STREET, . . . HOLLAND.

HOLLAND, July 14, 1875. —Jan 1

J. E. HIGGINS,  
DEALER IN

All Kinds of Grain & Produce,  
MILL FEED, CORN, &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR  
U.S. Ex. C. & M. L. S. R. R.,  
Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,  
HOLLAND, MICH.

46-2a-1y

## HOUSE MOVING.

J. Quartel,

Would respectfully inform the Public of this City and vicinity that he is fully prepared at any time to move and raise houses, barns, or other buildings. All my work will be done satisfactorily and on short notice.

J. QUARTEL.  
HOLLAND, June 10, 1875. 17-1f



## Hottings.

FOURTEEN million postal cards were used in July!

THE First Reformed Church is being painted on the outside.

EX-SENATOR Chandler pays \$5,625 yearly taxes on his Detroit property.

THERE were several fires this week in the neighboring woods, North and South of us.

ATTORNEY Ort has removed his office over Nibbelink's building, west of the Post Office.

THE Classis of Holland, of the Reformed Church, met on Wednesday, in the First Church.

MR. J. W. BOSMAN and Mrs. A. Boezel returned on Thursday from their trip to the old country.

It is announced that the studies in all the Departments of Hope College will be resumed on Wednesday, September 15th.

ON the C. & M. L. S. R. R. an extra wood and gravel train has been put on, furnishing again that much additional labor.

THE fire engine was out on Monday evening, and the drive well on the corner of Ninth and River street was tested. It proved to be in splendid condition.

A MERCHANT who does not advertise can no more succeed in drawing custom, than can a young lady, without a bustle and a few pounds of false hair, succeed in drawing a beau.

THE San Francisco School Board has just abolished the system of separate schools for white and colored children, and opened them to whites, negroes, chinese and indians alike.

THE C. & M. L. S. R. R. Co. is building two additional snow plows for service the coming winter, so that no detention of trains will be occasioned by snow on the track.—*Muskegon Register*.

HON. HENRY FRALICK, of the State Centennial Commission, publishes a card announcing that blank forms of application for space at the Philadelphia Centennial can be had at his office, in Grand Rapids.

DURING the blow of Thursday night the scow *Baltic* got beached, about three miles north of Holland, near De Feyter's pier. Capt. Brower, of the tug *Tenlight*, informed us the next morning that she is a total wreck.

MR. G. J. VAARWERK informs the public that hereafter in his business he will branch out more especially in the line of crockery. This is a move in the right direction and will no doubt be profitable to both dealer and customer.

THE establishment of car building and repairing shops by the C. & M. L. S. R. R. Company at Muskegon, gives employment to about two hundred hands. It's the "greasy mechanic" that forms the bone and sinew of a community, and we welcome the enterprise.—*News and Reporter*.

THE N. Y. *Evening Post* says: "Such is the demand for United States bonds in Europe that the Rothschild-Morgan-Seligman syndicate, having charge of sales of the new funding loan 5 per cents, have been able to request the Secretary of the Treasury to call in another five millions of 5.20 six per cents."

JEFFERSON DAVIS is certainly to speak at agricultural fairs in several of the Western States, and his presence will bring crowds and dollars. The Winnebago County Fair directors will feel blue when they come to see how much they have lost. If they had only been sure about the profits, possibly they would not have been so sensitively patriotic.

SPEAKING about the result of the Ohio election, an exchange says: "Let Gov. Allen and inflation be successful in Ohio, and the third term bugaboo will be blown to atoms. The condition of things in the country may force the National Republican Convention to re-nominate Gen. Grant, as the state of affairs at the close of President Lincoln's first term compelled the politicians, against their will, to re-nominate him."

MR. CHARLES H. HERRICK and wife were at the City Hotel on Monday and Tuesday last. The young couple were married on August 25th and after a most elegant wedding they left home for an extended tour. "Charley" was busily engaged in showing his young bride the town, our beautiful lake and in greeting his numerous friends. He was attending Hope College in the fall of 1871, when our city was burned; and has many warm friends here who congratulated him on his graduation from bachelor life.—We wish Mr. and Mrs. Herrick many years of happiness and hope they may favor our town with another visit soon.

It is no humbug. JOSLIN has established one price on all of his goods, and has marked them down so low, that he defies competition.

THEODORE Tilton has 275 lecture engagements for the season.

I SPELL it laughably and Webster spells it coffee.—*Josh Billings*.

"MARKET-DAY," will hereafter be one of the regular institutions in Graafrschap.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS is reported to be in better health than he has been for a long time.

THE Saugatuck Lumber Company intends to erect a grist mill at that place, this winter.

Two years imprisonment at Jackson, was the sentence of Judge Arnold in the late incest case.

A. O. MILLER's dramatic company has been disbanded, the season having proved a disastrous one.

FIFTEEN and a half millions, in round numbers is what it cost to carry the United States mails last year.

THE blast furnace at Elk Rapids, Grand Traverse Bay, was destroyed by fire on Thursday evening. Loss \$30,000.

"GERMANY, now holds the first place on behalf of the world, in asserting the necessity of limiting spiritual powers to spiritual things."—*Gladstone*.

THE man whose wife gave away the last drop of liquor in the house to a sick beggar has since expressed the opinion that charity should be gin at home.

THE compositor who substituted an "m" for "w" in speaking of a lady troubled with "swelling of the feet," accomplished the worst typographical feat on record.

DR. S. L. MORRIS, who attends Mrs. LeFebre's fractured limb, informs us that the patient is doing well and that the wound is in a very satisfactory condition; all of which is gratifying news.

THE Chicago *Journal* states that two well-known gentlemen of that city have gone east to raise \$500,000 to buy the *Times*, and make it the advocate of Gov. Tilden for the presidency.

THE bondsmen of the indicted canal contractors in New York, include a member of Congress, an ex-state senator, two wholesale merchants, a bank president and some local politicians of influence.

ON the north side of the river the Indians who visit this region regularly every season have pitched their wigwams. They number about sixty and are very peaceful and quiet, provided the white men sell them no whiskey.

SENATOR MORTON is said to have expressed himself rather freely with regard to the absence of cabinet officials from Washington. He went to the capital "to attend to important business," but the heads of departments were all away from home.

ANOTHER relic of the early days has been removed. The old log cabin of the late Mr. Van Lente has been taken down to make room for another building. As far as we know it was the last reminiscence of the kind within the limits of the city.

"SAY, BILL," said one bootblack to his chum, "what's dat all 'bout in de papers, 'bout 'flashun ob de currency, an wat'll be de fact on a shine?" "You fool nighan can't stand nothing. It's jes dis: Dar's sum'er dem fellers dat wantster git dar boots shined twice wid one ten cent dime: dem is flashunists."

MR. McVICAR of the Phoenix Hotel, since the recent changes and increase of business around the Chicago Depot by the constant arrival and departure of trains, has been crowded with guests, and the prospects are that this will remain so. He has a new advertisement in this week, on another page.

AND still they come—we refer to the changes in railroad matters. On and after Monday, Sept. 18th, the "Chicago Road" will run through passenger trains from Detroit to Grand Haven via Holland, switching off on the M. L. S. R. R. track at this place. As we go to press, the timetable is not out. It will appear in our next.

At the adjourned meeting of the Holland Soldiers' Association, on Tuesday evening, the different committees reported the progress made in perfecting the several arrangements assigned to them. The Committee on Invitation reported that the following gentlemen from abroad had been invited: Gov. J. J. Bagley, Hon. T. W. Ferry, Hon. Austin Blair, Hon. B. D. Pritchard, Hon. W. B. Williams, Col. L. E. Messmore, Col. W. B. McCreery, Gen. R. Ely, Hon. F. B. Stockbridge, Gen. W. L. Stoughton, Gen. W. P. Innis, Gen. B. M. Cutcheon and Geo. C. Kimball, Esq. From Gov. Bagley and others favorable replies had been received. In case Senator Logan should not be present, to deliver the oration, Col. Messmore will fill his place. The press of the surrounding places has also been invited and will no doubt be represented.

WE cannot see how JOSLIN can sell such fine plated Castors for \$1.00. It is a fact. A new lot just received.

REVIEW of the Fire Department this afternoon.

THE fire-wells of the city are being cleaned and deepened.

THE Card of Dr. S. L. Morris will be found in our Directory this week.

A WESTERN editor returned a tailor's bill, endorsed: "Declined, handwriting illegible."

THE latest "Bonanza" is a street rumor that coal beds have been discovered in North Holland.

THE steamer *Lake Breeze* of the Engleman Line, has gone to Milwaukee to lay up for this season.

RETURNS from several towns in New Jersey indicate that the constitutional amendments are adopted.

PERSONAL.—We were pleased with a call on Monday, from Mr Wm. Ricaby, publisher of the *St. Joseph Republican*.

It is thought that De Koven will be re-elected bishop in the Episcopal Diocesan convention which meets in Chicago this month.

HENRY EDING of Zeeland, arrested for forgery, has been sentenced by the Kent County Circuit Court to twelve years' imprisonment.

AN article from E. Van Der Veen and Company's extensive Stave Factory, being one of the series of "Our Manufacturing Interests," will appear next week.

WE learn from reliable sources that with a very little improvement in the condition of the iron trade, our prospects for that "blast furnace" are all that can be desired.

THE conductors on the Pennsylvania Railroad have French-carom uniforms, without pockets. This is somehow meant to interfere with their banking to their own profit.

THE steam-barge *New Era* arrived in Chicago with a tow of six barges from Grand Haven last week, the largest tow ever made by that vessel. The barges were all loaded with lumber.

AMONG others Mr. J. P. De Coudres will devote forty acres of land to the growth of fruit, near the Lake Shore, the greater part of which will have peach trees placed in position this fall.

FAIL stocks are coming in slowly and our merchants are getting ready for the trade of the season. In this connection it will be well enough to read the new advertisement of Messrs. Van Landegend & Melis.

MR. DE MABELLE, the former instructor of our Cornet Band, and better known as "Yaukee Dan," was in town this week, and gave an entertainment on Thursday evening at Kenyon's Hall, which a rain-storm prevented from being well attended.

It is suggested in a Boston religious journal that laymen should be asked, when convenient, to take part in funeral services, and especially that they should be at liberty to pay their tribute to the dead whose lives they have known and respected.

THE work on the pier extensions at the harbor is being pushed right along and each day adds greatly to the amount of work accomplished. Eighteen men began on Monday of last week to build the cribs, three in number, and they expect to have them ready for sinking at the close of the week when the present hands will leave for another harbor, to complete some work there. The sinking of the cribs will be done with help from here.

PARSON BROWLOW can hardly be credited with having been a friend of President Johnson while that gentleman was living, yet he pays the following tribute to his virtues, and at the same time gives small politicians a grand lesson in manliness and forbearance:

"His personal integrity always gave his personal policy special weight, and thousands relied upon him without giving questions much investigation. His boundless success is evidence that the American people appreciate honesty in their rulers, and that when they find such, they will reward them with their confidence and support."

A FEMALE servant in a family at Washington, is allowed to make a yearly visit to her old home in Richmond, Va. Last summer, when she left, a substitute was employed, a mulatto girl, who had been quite well educated. She performed the duties in a rather indifferent manner.—When the regular servant returned, she began her tour of investigation to ascertain how her work had been done, and was disgusted at the evident want of neatness manifested everywhere. Her indignation finally found vent in the following, to her mistress: "I'll tell you what it is, Miss—, you can't get grammar and clean corners out of the same nigger!"—*Harper's Magazine*.

JOSLIN's line of One Dollar Goods are cheap, neat and complete.

A LARGE stock of Elgin Watches just received at JOSLIN's.

## Jack Fifield's Railroad Store!

**J. J. FIFIELD**  
Has opened up a new Store in the FIRST WARD of the City of Holland. The new building lately occupied by Mr. Bos, as a Bakery, has been fitted up to receive a  
**FRESH SUPPLY OF**  
Dry Goods,  
Crockery,  
Glassware,  
Groceries,  
Liquors and  
Produce.

**A CARD!**  
In addition to the above general information to the Public, I would announce that I intend to carry on a WHOLESALE trade in

**LIQUORS & CIGARS,**  
and give notice of this for the special benefit of all dealers in said articles.

Farmers will find my store a welcome place. I wish to buy all they have to sell in the line of PRODUCE, and can supply them with everything they need in my line. A good stable and accommodations for their teams are offered to them.

Mr. JAMES WESTVEER will always be found ready to wait upon any of his old friends who wish to call upon him. All orders will be promptly filled and delivered home—free of charge.  
J. J. FIFIELD.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 12, 1875.

**J. O. DOESBURG,**  
DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

NO. 70, EIGHTH STREET.

Drugs,  
Medicines,  
Paints and Oils

Are sold as cheap at this Drug Store as at any other. Medicines warranted to be strictly pure.

Trusses,  
Chamois Skins,  
Counter, Cloth,  
Hair and  
Paint Brushes.

All the leading Patent Medicines in the market. A full Stock of the very best Perfumery sold in bottle or by measure.  
J. O. DOESBURG.  
HOLLAND, Mich., July 30, 1875.

**Goods Sold Cheap,**

AT

**John Roost & Son,**

COR. OF RIVER & NINTH STREET.

Dealers in

**Choice Groceries**

AND

**Gents' Furnishing Goods.**

**TEAS AND SYRUPS**  
A SPECIALITY.

Highest market price paid for Butter & Eggs, in trade or in cash.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 25, 1875.

**BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,**

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

**BOOTS, SHOES,**

**RUBBERS, ETC.**

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, HOLLAND, MICH.

46-3 & 17

**J. M. Reidsema & Son.**

The oldest Furniture House in the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,

Window Shades,

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Feathers,

Feather Beds,

Mattresses,

**COFFINS.**

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

46-2 & 17



**Watches, Silver Ware, Clocks, Spectacles, & Jewelry, Pocket-Knives**

These goods will be sold at the lowest possible price. Every Article Warranted to be just as Represented. Watches, clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner.  
HOLLAND, Mich., December 1, 1874.

**PHENIX Planing Mill.**

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery, Of the Most Approved Patterns; And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

**Planing, Matching, Or Re-Sawing Done.**

WE HAVE A STEAM

**DRY KILN**

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

46-3 & 17

**REMOVED!**

MRS. J. WYKHUIZEN has removed from Eighth Street to No. 25, Tenth Street, West of Hope Church.

**Cures: Felons, Burns, and Scrofulous Swellings.**

Makes a specialty of all FEMALE COMPLAINT AND DISEASES OF CHILDREN.

And recommends herself to the citizens of Holland and vicinity.

Mrs. Wykhuisen's Queen of Ointment can be bought at the Store of J. H. Klek-intveld, Eighth Street. Price, 25 Cents. HOLLAND, Mich., February 25, 1875.

**I WANT**

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

**Holland City White Lead** is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors. Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.  
HEBER WALSH  
Druggist's Pharmacien.

46-17

**E. HEROLD,**

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

**Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear**

Also a full line of

**FINDINGS,**

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-3½-17

**Meat Market,**

**Jacob Kuite.**

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meats, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

JACOB KUIITE.

Holland, Feb. 14, 1874. 46-2 & 17

**BURRALS IRON CORN SHELLERS**

FOR SALE BY

**G. J. HAVERKATE**

AND

**VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS**

for \$8.00; until further notice.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.



# THE HERITAGE.

BY JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

The rich man's son inherits lands,  
And piles of brick, and stone, and gold;  
And he inherits, too, white hands,  
And tender flesh, that feels the cold,  
Nor dares to wear a garment old;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

The rich man's son inherits care;  
The bank may break, the factory burn,  
And he may burst his bubble sure;  
And soft, white hands, that scarcely earn  
A living, that would serve his turn;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
One would not wish to hold in fee.

What doth the poor man's son inherit?  
Stout muscles and a sinewy heart;  
A hearty frame, a hardy spirit;  
King of two hands, he does his part  
In every useful toil and art;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
A king might wish to hold in fee.

What doth the poor man's son inherit?  
Wishes o'erjoyed with humble things,  
A rank adorned by toil-worn merit,  
Content that from employment springs,  
A heart that in his labor sings;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
A king might wish to hold in fee.

What doth a poor man's son inherit?  
A patience learned by being poor;  
Courage, to scorn the world, to bear it;  
A fellow feeling that is sure  
To make the outcast bless his door,  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
A king might wish to hold in fee.

O, rich man's son! there is a toll  
That with all other level stands;  
Large charity doth never soil,  
But only whittens soft, white hands—  
This is the best crop from thy lands;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
Worth being rich to hold in fee.

O, poor man's son! scorn not thy state;  
There is worse weariness than thine,  
In mere being rich and great!  
Toil only gives thee out to shine,  
And makes thee fragrant and benign;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
Worth being poor to hold in fee.

Both heirs to some six feet of soil,  
Are equal in the earth at last;  
Both, children of the same dear God,  
Prove title to your heirship vast;  
By record of a well filled past,  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
Well worth a life to hold in fee.

## THE BRIDAL WINE-CUP.

"Pledge with wine—pledge wine,"  
cried the young and thoughtless Harvey  
Wood. "Pledge with wine," ran through  
the bridal party.

The beautiful bride grew pale—the  
decisive hour had come. She pressed  
her white hands together and the leaves  
of the bridal wreath trembled on her  
brow; her breath came quicker and her  
heart beat wilder.

"Yes, Marion, lay aside your scruples  
for this once," said the judge in a low  
tone, going toward his daughter, "the  
company expect it. Do not so seriously  
infringe the rules of etiquette, in your  
own home do as you please; but in mine,  
for this once, please me."

Every eye was turned toward the  
bridal pair. Marion's principles were  
well known. Henry had been a con-  
vivialist, but of late his friends noticed the  
change in his manners, the difference in  
his habits—and tonight they watched  
him to see, as they sneeringly said, if he  
was tied down to a woman's opinion so  
soon.

Pouring a brimming cup, they held it  
with tempting smiles towards Marion.  
She was very pale, though more com-  
posed; and her hand shook not as  
smiling back, she gracefully accepted  
the crystal tempter and raised it to her  
lips. But scarcely had she done so when  
every hand was arrested by her piercing  
exclamation of—"Oh! how terrible!"

"What is it?" cried one and all  
thronging together, for she had slowly  
carried the glass at arm's length, and was  
fixedly regarding it as though it were  
some hideous object.

"Wait," she answered, while a light  
which seemed inspired, shone from  
her dark eyes, "wait," and I will  
tell you. "I see," she added, slowly,  
pointing one jeweled finger at the spark-  
ling ruby liquid—"a sight that beggars  
all description; and yet listen—I will  
paint it for you if I can. It is a lovely  
spot; tall mountains crowned with ver-  
dure rise in awful sublimity around; a  
river runs through, and bright flowers  
grow to the water's edge. There is a  
thick, warm mist, which the sun seeks  
vainly to pierce. Trees, lofty and beau-  
tiful, wave to the airy motion of the  
birds; but there a group of Indians gather;  
they flit top and fro, with something  
like sorrow upon their dark brows. And  
in their midst lies a manly form—bent  
his cheek how deathly, his eye wild with  
the fitful fire of fever. One friend  
stands beside him—nay, I should say  
kneels, for see, he is pillowing that poor  
head upon his breast.

"Gentles in ruins. Oh, the high, holy-  
looking brow! why should death mark it,  
and he so young? Look how he throws  
back the damp curls! see him clasp his  
hands; hear his thrilling shrieks for life!  
mark how he clutches at the form of his  
companion, imploring to be saved! Oh!  
hear him call piteously his father's name—  
see him twine his fingers together as  
he shrieks for his sister—his only sister—  
the twin of his soul—weeping for him in  
his distant native land.

"See," she exclaimed, while the  
bridal party shrank back, the untasted  
wine trembling in their quivering grasp,  
and the judge fell overpowered upon his  
seat—"see! his arms are lifted to heav-  
en—he preys, how wildly, for mercy!  
hot fever rushes through his veins. The  
friend beside him is weeping; awe-stricken  
the dark men move silently away and  
leave the living and dying together."

There was a hush in that princely  
parlor, broken only by what seemed a  
smothered sob from some manly bosom.  
The bride stood yet upright, with quiv-  
ering lip and eyes staring to the out-  
ward edge of her halo. Her beautiful  
arm had been raised, and the glass,  
with its little troubled red veins, came  
slowly towards the range of her vision.  
She spoke again—softly, but with a  
voice that was low, faint, yet awfully  
distinct; she still fixed her sorrowful gaze  
upon the wine.

"It is evening now; the great white  
moon is coming up and his beams lay  
on his forehead. He moves not; his eyes

are set in their sockets; dim are their  
piercing glances; in vain his friend  
whispers the name of father and sister—  
death is there. Death—and no soft  
hand, no gentle voice to bless and soothe  
him. His head sinks back—one convul-  
sive shudder—he is dead!"

A groan ran through the assembly. So  
vivid was her description, so unearthly  
her look, so inspired was her manner,  
that what she described seemed actually  
to have taken place then and there.  
They noticed also that the bridegroom  
hid his face in his hands and was weep-  
ing.

"Dead!" she repeated again, her lips  
quivering faster and faster and her voice  
more and more broken; "and there they  
scoop him a grave; and there, without a  
shroud, they lay him down in that damp,  
reeking earth. The only son of a proud  
father, the only idolized brother of a  
fond sister. And he sleeps to-day in  
that distant country, with no stone to  
mark the spot. There he lies—my father's  
son—my own loved brother—a victim  
to this deadly poison. Father—oh,  
my father!"—turning suddenly, while the  
tears rained down her beautiful cheeks—  
"father, shall I drink it now?"

The form of the old Judge was con-  
vulsed with agony; he raised not his  
head, but in a smothered voice he fal-  
tered—"No, no, my child—no!"

She lifted the glittering goblet and let-  
ting it suddenly fall to the floor, it was  
dashed into a thousand pieces. Many a  
tearful eye watched her movement, and  
instantaneously every wine-glass had  
been transferred to the marble table on  
which it had been prepared. Then, as  
she looked at the fragments of crystal,  
she turned to the company, saying,  
"Let no friend hereafter, who loves me,  
tempt me to peril my soul for wine. Not  
firmer are the everlasting hills than my  
resolve, God helping me, never to touch  
or taste the poison cup. And he to  
whom I have given my hand—who  
watched over my brother's dying form  
in that last solemn hour, and buried the  
dear wanderer there by the river, in that  
land of gold—will, I trust, sustain me in  
that resolve. Will you not, my hus-  
band?"

His glistening eye, his sad, sweet smile,  
was her answer. The Judge left the  
room and when, an hour after, he re-  
turned, and with a more subdued man-  
ner took part in the entertainment of the  
bridal guests, no one could fail to read  
that he, too, had determined to banish  
the enemy at once and forever from his  
princely home.

Those who were present at that wed-  
ding can never forget the impression so  
solemnly made. Many from that hour  
renounced forever the social glass.

## DONALDSON.

The Aeronaut's Own Account of Some of  
His Ascensions, Showing Him to have  
been a Most Extraordinary Dare-Devil.

The Cincinnati Enquirer gives some  
interesting extracts from a diary left by  
Washington H. Donaldson, the ill-fated  
balloonist: In describing the thrilling  
and blood-curdling event that occurred  
in an ascension made from Norfolk, Va.,  
on the 18th day of January, 1872, we  
will simply quote Donaldson's own words.

At 4:20, the balloon being full, the  
aeronaut stepped forward and grasped  
the trapeze bar, gave his orders to cast  
loose the ropes, when the balloon went  
up and off very rapidly: "The balloon  
ascended with a calm, steady motion.  
When about 800 feet high I went through  
with my performances. After being in  
the air about fifteen minutes I thought  
it was time to descend, and pulled the  
valve-rope to allow the gas to escape.  
The valve did not open, and I pulled  
again; it still remained closed; I had no  
time to lose, the ocean was near. I pulled  
led with both hands; again a failure. I  
then gave a strong, steady jerk. There  
was a sharp, hissing sound, as if made  
by the tearing of cloth, followed by a  
rushing noise; then I knew that the  
balloon had burst. The balloon did not  
collapse, being prevented from doing so  
by the rush of air from beneath, but  
closed up at the sides; the balloon,  
swaying from side to side, descended  
with frightful velocity. I clung with all  
my strength to the hoop; I could not  
tell how bad I was frightened, but I  
felt as though my hair had all been  
drawn out. I scarcely had time to re-  
alize that I was alive—I was so fright-  
ened; but with a crash, tearing and  
crushing, I was projected with the ve-  
locity of a catapult into a bar chestnut  
tree. The netting and rigging, catch-  
ing in the tree, checked my velocity,  
and I had my grasp jerked loose, and  
was precipitated through the limbs and  
landed flat upon my back, with my  
limbs nearly torn off, and my legs,  
arms, and body lacerated and bleeding."

After his fall he soon rallied, and was  
himself again, and proceeded to im-  
mediately examine his balloon, when he  
discovered a rent extending from top  
to bottom. He packed it up, and left  
it with a Mr. Newman, and in his  
bruised condition walked five miles back  
to Norfolk.

On Jan. 22, 1872, Donaldson made an-  
other ascension from Norfolk in the bal-  
loon "Comet," but encountered the most  
fearful descent upon record where a man  
came out alive. We give the aeronaut's  
own account of his thrilling adventure:

"After cutting the basket loose the  
balloon darted up very rapidly. I pulled  
the valve-rope and opened the valve,  
but the gas escaped too slowly. I was  
then almost to the water's edge, and go-  
ing at the rate of a mile a minute. Quick  
work must be done or a watery grave.  
I had either to cut a hole in the balloon  
or go to sea, and as there were no boats  
or vessels in sight I chose the lesser evil.  
Seizing three of the cords I swung out of  
the ring into the netting, the balloon car-  
cening on her side. I climbed half way  
up the netting, opened a hole with my  
teeth, and cut a hole about two feet long.  
The instant I cut the hole the gas rushed  
out so fast that I could scarcely get back  
to the ring. I came near being suffocated,

but I managed to get back to the ring,  
though half stupefied. After reaching the  
ring I lashed myself fast to it with a  
rope. While I was cutting the hole in  
the side of the balloon my cap fell off,  
and so fast did I descend that before I  
got half way down I caught up with and  
passed the cap. Continuing to descend,  
I struck the ground in a large cornfield,  
and was dragged nearly a thousand feet,  
the wind blowing a perfect gale. Crash-  
ing against a rail fence, I was rendered  
insensible. When I came to I found  
myself hanging to one side of a tree and  
the balloon to the other side, ripped to  
shreds. I could have thrown a stone in-  
to the ocean from where I landed, and  
the tree on which I was hanging was the  
last one on the land. After resting  
myself, I concluded to climb the tree  
and get the fragments of my balloon, but  
on attempting this feat one of the limbs  
of the tree broke, and I had a fall of  
about fifteen feet, knocking the breath  
out of me.

"On this trip I traversed ten miles in  
seven minutes; the balloon was emphati-  
cally in ribbons."

Donaldson thus describes an ascension  
which he made from Chillicothe, Ohio,  
April 29, 1872: "When the balloon was  
loosened I saw that it would strike  
against the wall of Lansing's drug-store,  
and I put my feet out; they struck the  
building with great violence. After  
striking the balloon rose, then the ring  
struck the wall and was almost doubled;  
passing over the roof I was dragged over  
the chimney, tearing off sixteen layers  
of brick. I was almost instantly hurled  
against a second chimney, tearing a num-  
ber of bricks from that also. I thought  
once I would let loose and drop, but  
concluded to hold on, as there were no  
more objects for me to come in contact  
with. I rose to the height of a mile or  
over. Finding myself much exhausted  
and bruised, I was not in a condition to  
go through my performance on the tra-  
peze; I therefore concluded that for  
my own safety, the best thing I could do  
was to descend. In looking for the valve-  
rope to enable me to do this I was disap-  
pointed in finding it out of my reach,  
and it was with difficulty I could climb  
to the concentrating ring to reach it. I  
finally succeeded, however, and pulling  
the rope, descended rapidly, landing in  
a field belonging to a Mr. Bonner. The  
landing was very rough, and I rebounded  
three times, striking first a stone wall,  
then a tree, and then a fence, to which  
last I succeeded in fastening my trapeze  
rope. I was then driven in a carriage to  
the Emmitt House, physicians were  
called, and upon examination they found  
that my ankle was sprained, my leg  
scratched and bruised, and my shoulder  
badly injured. My injuries not being of  
a serious character, I was able to be out  
in a few days."

The daring air-navigator had another  
narrow escape from death during an  
ascension from Reading, Pa. We quote  
from the diary:

"As soon as I had fairly cleared the  
outskirts of the city I climbed up into  
the ring, took hold of the valve rope,  
and gave it a vigorous pull. It resisted  
my efforts for some time, until finally a  
strong jerk tore a hole in the silk, and  
the gas began escaping at a fearful rate.  
The balloon fell with appalling rapidity,  
the rent increasing as the gas escaped,  
until it was torn nearly three-fourths of  
the length of the balloon, and the latter  
was turned partially inside out. While  
thus falling with such velocity, the bal-  
loon, or rather the hoop and trapeze,  
struck the top of a large tree in the  
swamp in 'Buzzard Neck,' on Tanner's  
creek, which broke the force of the fall  
and let me down at a considerable less  
velocity, but still hard enough to give  
me a terrible shaking."

His account of an ascension from Chi-  
cago on the 4th of July, 1872, is the most  
thrilling of all. We give the story in  
his own words:

"I had no trouble in filling, and all  
was ready by half-past 11; the ropes  
were cut, and up I went, performing my  
feats upon the trapeze-bar. At the height  
of 15 miles I was surrounded by large  
beds of clouds, and beginning to suffer  
from the intense cold. Upon reaching  
the higher strata, I was carried eastward  
over Lake Michigan. Not knowing the  
geography of the country, I was afraid  
to cross the lake. I pulled the valve  
open quick, and tied it to the ring. It  
was fully twenty minutes after I pulled  
the valve before the balloon began to  
descend and struck the water. A heavy  
breeze was blowing that dragged me  
through the water rapidly enough to  
keep pace with an outward-going passen-  
ger train. Not knowing whether they  
saw me or not, I took out my pocket  
handkerchief, squeezed it as dry as I  
could, and waved it at them, and in-  
stantly it was responded to by a hundred  
handkerchiefs fluttering from the win-  
dows. I since learned that the interest  
manifested by the passengers was heart-  
felt and intense. As the cars ran into  
Kenwood Station the balloon approached  
the shore, driven at perilous speed. I  
was finally brought up against a stone  
pier, striking with fearful force, and  
bounced up only to come down again in  
the surf, where I was dragged like a  
bullet skipping the water to the shore,  
and landed upon a pile of stones, nearly  
breaking my ribs. I was numb and  
senseless from cold, and could not speak.  
I was picked up by the kind people and  
placed in bed, rubbed with dry towels,  
and kindly cared for. I soon rallied, and  
was enabled to reach Chicago that even-  
ing."

"The force of the water tore my trav-  
eling bag open that I had tied to the  
ring, and a new suit of clothes and \$120  
in money was lost in the lake. I passed  
a propeller, and had I not been waist-  
deep in the water I would have far  
eclipsed the train in speed."

"Does the Court understand you to  
say that you saw the editor intoxicated?"  
"Not at all, sir; only I've seen him in  
such a—a—a hurry as to attempt to cut  
out copy with the snuffers; that's all."

## LOST IN A CORNFIELD.

A Frenchman Loses Himself on an Illinois  
Farm.

We have received a report this morn-  
ing from one of the townships in the  
eastern part of the county, adjoining  
the State of Indiana, and among other  
items of interest is the following, which  
illustrates in a striking manner not only  
the unequalled fertility of the soil of  
Illinois, but particularly the extreme  
growth which crops of all kinds have  
attained this season:

A Frenchman by the name of Cantell  
A. Goodlie, living in the French settle-  
ment, having occasion on Saturday last  
to visit his brother-in-law, living some  
five miles distant on the prairie, left  
home about 5 o'clock in the afternoon,  
and to save a considerable distance, at-  
tempted to shorten his walk by taking a  
cut-off through the intervening corn-  
fields.

To those unaccustomed to seeing Illi-  
nois corn-fields, it may be well to say here  
that in that section of the country corn  
is almost the only crop raised over the  
whole extent of the country for miles  
and miles, and the country being  
compactly young, there are but few  
fences or even hedges to mark the divid-  
ing line.

To the eye it is a sea of corn, and  
to Mr. Goodlie nearly proved a wilder-  
ness as dangerous as the trackless North  
woods.

Shortly after he left home a severe  
storm, such as we have had numbers of  
during the summer, arose and came  
driving down upon him, and he was  
drenched to the skin. The walking be-  
came fatiguing at every step; the earth,  
moistened by the rain, adhered to his  
boots in great quantities, until it be-  
came impossible for him to drag them  
after him. He took them off, and  
pushed on the best he could; but min-  
ute by minute the soil became softer un-  
til he sank nearly to his knees in the por-  
ous black earth. Night approached and  
darkness settled down upon the fields.  
He was miles from any habitation; wet,  
tired, and nearly exhausted; unable to  
get any landmark, however slight, by  
which he might be guided to home or  
friends. The tall corn waved over him,  
and its depths were impenetrable to his  
eyes, and he realized that he must pass  
the night in solitude as profound as if  
he were alone in the midst of an African  
jungle.

As he could no longer tell the direc-  
tion to go, and could scarcely drag one  
foot in advance of the other, he gave up  
the hopeless attempt, and with a clasp-  
knife—his constant companion—cut  
down enough of the waving stalks to  
make him a bed and covering, and shiv-  
ering with cold and exposure, he sank  
into a heavy sleep.

Night passed, and the glowing sun rose  
above the horizon and took its slow but  
tireless course along the trackless sky,  
and still he slept profoundly insensible  
to the passage of time. The second  
night sped by, and just as the gray light  
of early dawn was lighting up the world,  
he awoke. Confused by the light  
after his long sleep, although unaware  
that more than one night had gone by;  
during his rest, he stumbled about in un-  
certainty for a few minutes, until, ascend-  
ing a small hillock, he cast his eyes about  
and there beheld his own home within a  
few minutes' walk. In the darkness he  
had become confused, and instead of  
getting forward, had constantly crossed  
his own track, finally lying down within  
a stone's throw of his own fireside.

We can easily imagine with what eager  
haste he crossed the dividing space, for  
in his lonely condition the sight of a fa-  
miliar face seemed an oasis in the desert  
of life. And great was his surprise at  
his wife and children greeting him as  
returned from the grave, for his pro-  
tracted stay had made them fear that the  
lightning had struck him in his lonely  
path, and search had been at once insti-  
tuted, but without any result, as they  
had not thought to search the adjacent  
cornfield. All hope was departing from  
them when he returned.—*Journal Sun.*

## Cause of Floods.

The frequent and protracted droughts  
that have afflicted the earth during some  
years past have been ascribed to the in-  
creasing destruction of forests, and now  
the excessive rains and floods of the  
present season are in a measure referred  
to the same cause. Forests have a great  
effect in equalizing the distribution of  
ice and snow under the influence of the  
summer heat. The existence of lumber  
on hillsides also tempers the flow of sur-  
face water and restrains the accumula-  
tion of torrents. It is a notable fact  
that the violence of spring and summer  
floods is increasing in proportion to the  
denudation of forest and woodlands.  
When will men learn the unwisdom of  
disturbing the equilibrium of nature,  
and take care not to set desolating forces  
at work by a selfish disregard of  
aught but their immediate personal in-  
terests?

## Extraordinary Chess Playing.

Mr. William H. Mundy, of Seneca  
Falls, N. Y., recently played at that  
place twenty-four games of chess at one  
time, against twenty-four different  
players, without sight of men or boards.  
The games were played at the residence  
of Judge Josiah T. Miller, the player  
meanwhile sitting on the stoop, chatting  
and answering questions about the  
games. This is eleven more games than  
were ever attempted at one time before.  
A dispute arose about the position of the  
pieces in two of the games, and Mr.  
Mundy stood up before the guests and  
called off all the moves that had been  
made in the games and the position of  
the pieces on the boards. He had pre-  
viously played six games at once in  
Hudson, N. Y., and again in Geneva, N.  
Y. When 14 years old he beat some of  
the best players then living, but has  
played little since.

## EPITHALAMIAN OBITUARIES.

[A correspondent of the New York Graphic, hav-  
ing grown weary of the obituary poetry now so  
prevalent, contributes to that paper a new style of  
epithalamium:]

John Jones has married Mandy Smith,  
His face no more we'll see,  
Amanda's mother wanted him  
Her son-in-law to be,  
Gone to get his hair pulled.

Dearest Thomas, thou hast left us,  
And thy loss we deeply feel,  
Mary Ann of thee bereft we,  
And her mother'll make you equal,  
Gone to buy some sticking-plaster.

We had a large-sized Johnny once,  
Who used to take his tod;  
He'll never take a drink again,  
For his mother-in-law has thrown 'the gin-bottle  
into the yard,  
Gone to soak his feet in catnip tea.

Put away the colored miter-scham  
That our Tommy used to wear;  
He again will never use it,  
Mother-in-law the thing can't bear,  
Gone to buy a cradle.

Once we had a fragrant blossom  
Used to meet us at the club;  
A young woman came and plucked him  
For to make of him her "hub,"  
Gone to meet his mother-in-law.

## Pith and Point.

A LUMINARY for impetuous individuals  
—A rush light.

WHEN a hog roots in a snow bank its  
nose knows nouns.

WHY does a cat run after a rat? Be-  
cause the rat runs away from it.

JAY GOULD has a baby two months old,  
and it is said that she can't squall for  
over fifteen cents on the dollar.

"You look as fine as a hired girl!" is  
the compliment a Hudson miss of tender  
years paid her mother the other day.

"Was not her death quite sudden?"  
said a condoling friend to a bereaved  
widower. "Well, yes, rather, for her!"

A BLIND English mendicant wears this  
inscription round his neck: "Don't be  
ashamed to give only a half-penny; I  
can't see."

"CHARITY begins at home" is well  
defined by a little Sunday-school child  
as "giving to others what we don't want  
ourselves."

It is a great comfort to bald-headed  
men in these red-hot, star-spangled, cen-  
tennial days, to reflect that the eagle,  
too, is bald-headed. Style is nohair.

A MAN never knows what it is to feel  
alone in the world until he has grabbed  
at a penny on a show-case window and  
discovered that it is fastened to the lower  
surface of the glass.

"YESTERDAY afternoon," says a Ten-  
nessee paper, "the handsome Miss Jen-  
nie Taylor was borne to the cemetery be-  
fore a large concourse of grieving men,  
women, and vehicles."

FEMININE LOGIC.—Precise old aunt—  
"It's no use, Emily; I should never alter  
my opinion of the young man, not if you  
were to convince me ever so much. I  
don't like him, and even wild horses  
couldn't make me."

A VILLAGE pedagogue, in despair with  
a stupid boy, pointed to the letter A and  
asked him if he knew it. "Yes, sir."  
"Well, what is it?" "I know him very  
well by sight, sir—but rat me if I can  
remember his name."

HERE is an aquatic fancy: An ingen-  
ious milliner is decorating the ladies'  
bonnets with prepared seaweed—far  
more beautiful than artificial flowers.—  
*Fashion Note.* Glad to hear it; be-  
cause, you see, weed give anything for a  
change.—*Albany Argus.*

The story that Mrs. Sartoris' infant  
had cut his first tooth is denounced by  
an exchange as "tooth in." It was, in  
fact, tooth O'lessly accepted as likely.  
Alas! the little lady still knows "how  
sharper than a serpent's" thank it is to  
"ave a toothless child."—*Inter-Ocean.*

EVEN after the appearance of this verse  
in his paper, George W. Childs says that  
he is no poet:

"A cherry, incompletely ripe,  
His little business did for him;  
And now, serenely free from gripe,  
He is a bob-tailed cherubin."

Dows the river road when a boy of 5  
or 6 leaves the house his mother asks:  
"Going away, Bill?" "Yaas."  
"Where?" "Down to play on the saw-  
logs." "Well, young man, I want to  
tell you in advance that if you go down  
on them logs and fool around and fall in  
and get drowned I'll lick the life out of  
you!" "Yum," answers Bill, and he  
wanders away.—*Detroit Free Press.*

## Attacked by a Grizzly.

H. Wilburn, of the Sespe, on Wednes-  
day night about 10 o'clock, while with  
his band of sheep on the east side of the  
Sespe, in the hills, heard his dog bark-  
ing savagely at some object, but was not  
alarmed. Suddenly the dog came howl-  
ing to him, with a bear immediately be-  
hind. He had no firearms, and no time  
to think what was best to do—and before  
he could even turn around was attacked  
and thrown, he thinks, about ten or fif-  
teen feet. He fell upon a sharp rock  
and was severely cut in the hip. After  
falling the bear came upon him and  
scratched him badly about the abdomen  
and shoulders, but did not bite him.  
Wilburn remained perfectly quiet as if  
dead, and the bear hearing the dog bark-  
ing at the cubs which she had left  
behind, ran off swiftly. He then hob-  
bled home, about one mile distant. He  
has six or eight severe cuts on his body,  
and a dozen or more scratches and se-  
vere bruises. He will recover, but will  
be confined to his bed for several weeks.  
Wilburn says that if the dog had not at-  
tacked the cubs, he would have been de-  
voured.—*Ventura (Cal.) Signal.*

The remaining members of the once  
powerful tribe of Narragansett Indians  
are living on a small spot of ground in  
the neighborhood of Westerly, Rhode  
Island. They stick to agriculture, are  
eminently religious, and never meddle  
in stocks or taste rum.







# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1875.

[Official.]  
Common Council.

WEDNESDAY, September 8, 1875.

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment.  
Present: Mayor Van Landegend, Ald. Matrau, Fielem, Dykema, Vissers and Sipp, and the Clerk.  
The minutes of the previous meeting were read and stood approved.  
Ald. Breyman appeared and took his seat.

## PETITIONS.

Of D. J. Werkman, for a sidewalk along the east side of Market street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, with crossings.—Granted.

Of E. F. Sutton and 3 others for a sidewalk along the west side of Maple street, between Ninth and Twelfth streets.

Of F. Hummel and 2 others for a sidewalk along the east side of Maple street, between Ninth and Twelfth streets.

—Both petitions were referred to Com. on Streets, Roads and Bridges.

## ACCOUNTS.

C. & B. Leather Co., wrapping paper for City Library,.....\$12.24  
G. Van Schelven, City printing,..... 30.00  
—Referred to Com. on Claims and Accounts.

## REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Of Com. on Claims and Accounts, recommending payment of the following bills:

H. Wiersma, labor on streets,.....\$34.75  
H. Vaupell, room rent for city and reg'n,..... 5.00

Also that bill of Messrs. Williams, Arnold & Padgham be returned for further explanations and that bill of A. Flietstra be not allowed.—Adopted.

## REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS.

Of Justice Van Schelven, for the month of August. Amount of fines, \$2.50.

Of Marshal Verplanke, for the month of August. Amount of licenses collected, \$6.

—Both reports ordered filed and City Treasurer charged with the amounts.

The Secretary of the Board of Education presented estimate of school expenses for the fiscal year.—Referred to Com. on Ways and Means.

## MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Dykema,  
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to lay four cross-walks on Market street, at the intersections of 11th, 12th and 13th streets, under the direction of the Com. on Streets, Roads and Bridges.—Carried.

## SPECIAL ORDER OF THE DAY.

The consideration of the River street improvement having been made the special order for this meeting, and no objection being made thereto, said improvement was ordered, and the Board of Assessors instructed to make out an assessment roll accordingly.  
Adjourned.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, City Clerk.

THE recent experiments in Prussia in the application of electricity to the discharge of cannon are exceedingly interesting. By means of this invention a number of guns of the heaviest calibre may be discharged simultaneously, the balls all striking the same mark. The experiment was successfully made with four guns, increasing four-fold their individual destroying force. The introduction of this invention into naval warfare would render iron-clads altogether useless. The increase in the weight of iron armor for ships of war, though enormous, has barely been sufficient to keep pace with the increase in the calibre of cannon. Guns have been cast which the heaviest iron armor that any ship of war can practicably ever float is barely powerful enough to resist; and it was already becoming a question, before these Prussian experiments, whether iron-clads were any longer serviceable, since guns were coming into use which they could not resist any more effectually than wooden vessels, while on the other hand they were much slower and more cumbersome and far more expensive. This new invention tends, therefore, to settle the question. By making guns so powerful that iron-clads must succumb before them, wooden vessels will again come in use; while on the other hand the re-appearance of wooden vessels would render such heavy cannon unnecessary, and will in turn do away with them. Thus the invention of these heavy guns and their discharge by electricity may render both entirely unnecessary.

THE steamer *Fanny* was coming down the upper Mississippi loaded with pig lead. As she was going over a shoal place the pilot gave the signal to heave the lead.—The only man forward was a green Irishman. "Why don't you heave the lead?" "Is it the lead, yer honor? Where to?" "Overboard, you blockhead!" The Irishman snatched up one of the pigs of lead and threw it overboard. The mate, in endeavoring to prevent him, lost his balance and fell into the river. The captain, running to the deck, asked: "Why don't you heave the lead, and sing out how much water there is?" "The lead is heaved, yer honor, and the mate's gone down to see how much water there is."

AMONG the new laws which are just out, Act No. 103, although short, is interesting indeed. It repeals the old law so general everywhere for years, requiring a separate and private acknowledgement of the wife to a deed or mortgage of real estate. By this act her acknowledgement is to be taken as though she were unmarried. The new law, unlike the old one, does not recognize that a woman is controlled by her husband.

# New Advertisements.

Northwestern Transportation Co.,

## THE STEAMSHIP

"AMAZON,"

## OR THE STEAMER

SAGINAW,

Will Leave

Grand Haven for Milwaukee

Every Evening,

(Sundays excepted) making close connections at Milwaukee with all trains for the North, South, and West.

For freight or passage apply to S. B. UMPHREY, Agent, Grand Haven, Mich.

Stmr "HURON."

Will make one trip a week, from Holland to Chicago.

Arrive at Holland on Sundays; Leave for Chicago on Monday afternoon.

For further information apply at Pfanstiehl's Dock.

J. P. ARNETT, Clerk.

HOLLAND, Sept. 1, 1875.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Frankie A. McGeorge and Nathaniel T. McGeorge, bearing date the 27th day of January, A. D. 1872, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber X of Mortgages, on page 273, through non-payment of the money secured to be paid by the said mortgage, by reason of which the power to sell in said mortgage contained has become operative, and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty-two cents (\$515.62) and also an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings having been instituted at law to recover the said debt now due on said mortgage, or any part thereof; Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to-wit: All the land situated in the City of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, described as the west half of the east half of lot numbered ten (10) in Block numbered thirty-one (31) in the City of Holland, as per recorded plat of the village (now city) of Holland, at the front door of the court-house of said County of Ottawa, on Saturday, the 27th day of November, A. D. 1875, at one o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs, including said attorney fee.

Dated HOLLAND, August 25th, A. D. 1875.  
ALBERT BOEDEL, Mortgagee.  
A. D. GRISWOLD, Att'y for Mortgagee.

The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Lothrop's Tonic Pills.

FREMONT, Nov. 12, 1874.  
I have used the Cordial Balm of Syricum and Lothrop's Tonic Pills as a preventive and cure for the use of ardent spirits and habitual intoxication, and I find them actually specific in such cases. I regard them as most invaluable medicines, and nothing could induce me to be without them.  
JACOB MESERVE.

TROY, Dec. 3, 1874.  
We take pleasure in informing you of the surprising beneficial results from the use of your English Remedy. The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Lothrop's Tonic Pills in a case of great Nervous Debility and Prostration, by a member of our family who had been under treatment by different doctors for nearly three years past without any apparent benefit therefrom; but your medicines have produced a most wonderful change for the better, and the patient now enjoys comparatively excellent health.  
Mrs. HARRIET STURGIS.

P. S.—We tell all with whom we are acquainted, who are similarly afflicted, to try your medicines.

## Wholesale Agents.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York City.  
JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia.  
SETH S. HANCE, Baltimore, Md.  
WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

For Sale by Druggists generally everywhere.

Dr. Lothrop may be consulted professionally by mail, free of charge. Address

G. EDGAR LOTHROP, M. D.,  
23-1y 143 Court street, Boston, Mass.

A LECTURE  
To YOUNG MEN.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, Induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By HENRY J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or corsets; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps.

Address the Publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLEIN & CO.  
127 BOWERY, NEW YORK; Post Office Box, 5485  
9-17y.

\$50 To \$10,000

Has been Invested in Stock Privileges and paid.

900 PER CENT PROFIT.

"How to Do It," on Wall street, sent free.

Tumbridge & Co., Bankers & Brokers 2 Wall St. N. Y.  
23-34

W. H. JOSLIN,

Watchmaker & Jeweler,  
Bankbuilding, Cor. Eighth and River St.



Having disposed of most of our old stock, I have occupied my new quarters, on RIVER STREET with a beautiful stock of everything pertaining to a complete

Jewelry and Variety Store.

Silver Ware,  
Plated Ware,  
Watches, Clocks,  
Jewelry, and  
Musical Instruments.

I request all of my old friends to come and see me in my new place and satisfy themselves as to the above.

Mr. J. Wykhuzen, the Jeweler and Repairer of the First Ward, has established himself with me, and will be pleased to see his old customers and friends continue their former favors.

All Repairing will be Neatly and Promptly executed.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 22, 1875.

2-1y W. H. JOSLIN.

Hardware Store

E. VAN DER VEEN,  
Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK  
OF  
GENERAL  
Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,

Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

E. VAN DER VEEN.

S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts.

46-4cl-1y

CITY HOTEL,

Holland, Mich., May, 1875.

This House has changed Proprietors, and is open to the

traveling public. No pains have been spared by the new Proprietor to make it

FIRST-CLASS.

The table will be supplied with the best the market

and the season afford.

The Rooms are spacious and well furnished with new and

elegant furniture.

Office on First Floor.

For the convenience of Commercial

Agents a large and well lighted sample

room has been fitted up on the

ground floor. Livery connected with the Hotel.

J. W. MINDERHOUT, Prop'r.

Holland City being located at the head of Black Lake, six miles from Lake Michigan, is beautifully situated for excursionists and fishing parties, and the Proprietor will do all in his power for the accommodation of his guests, and render their stay pleasant.

CRAMPTON'S IMPERIAL SOAP.

IS THE "BEST."

This Soap is manufactured from pure materials, and as it contains a large percentage of Vegetable Oil, is warranted fully equal to the best imported Castile Soap, and at the same time possesses all the washing and cleansing properties of the celebrated German and French Laundry Soaps. It is therefore recommended for use in the Laundry, Kitchen, and Bath-room, and for general household purposes; also for Printers, Painters, Engineers, and Machinists, as it will remove stains of Ink, Grease, Tar, Oil, Paint, etc., from the hands. Manufactured only by

CRAMPTON BROTHERS,

2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Rutgers Place, and 38 and 35 Jefferson Street, New York.

18-34.

NEW STOCK

At the

GENERAL RETAIL STORE

Of

DUURSDA & KOFFERS.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Stoneware, Notions and Trimmings, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Glassware, Provisions,

Flour Feed, and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET, - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

P. & A. Steketee, Boots and Shoes.

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, Etc., Etc.

It is of the Latest Styles of LADIES, GENTS, YOUTHS, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Our intention is to offer these goods at low price, and we request the trading public to call and examine.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY, AND REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

Cash Paid for Hides.

L. SPIETSMA & SON.

HOLLAND, February 26, 1874.

46-4cl-1y

NEW LIVERY

AND

SALE STABLE,

NEAR THE

Phoenix Hotel.

CHA'S E. HALL, Prop'r.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 24, 1875.

FOR SALE!

HOUSE, STORE and LOT.

I offer for sale Lot 8, Block 41, being on the South-East corner of Ninth and Market Streets, City of Holland. The buildings are all new. It is a desirable location for any kind of business. Terms easy.

D. TE ROLLER.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 3, 1875.

3-1f

The Estey Organ

NOW ON HAND BY

L. T. KANTERS & CO.

Our advice to the Public is not to purchase any instrument, without investigating first the PRICE and QUALITY of these Organs.

They are constantly kept on hand and open for inspection at

THE "CITY BOOK-STORE,"

NO. 72, EIGHTH STREET.

We also take orders for

STECK'S & HAYNE BROS' PIANOS.

We keep in stock the two kinds of "HOWE" and of the "GROVER & BAKER" Sewing Machines. These four different kinds of machines, are the simplest and strongest in the country.

The depository of the American Bible Society has been removed by the committee, to the "CITY BOOK-STORE" of

L. T. KANTERS & CO.,

No. 72, Eighth Street, - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

4-1f

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.

1875.

Spring and Summer!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we keep our Stock well assorted with a full line of

SILK AND LACE SACQUES, BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS, SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS, KID GLOVES IN ALL COLORS, SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

FANS. FANS. FANS.

The new styles of Shawls are very attractive, and we have no doubt will please our friends. In the line of STRAW GOODS we cannot be excelled for assortment; our price list includes Bonnets from 50 cents to \$12.

We keep Butterick's Patterns.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET - - - HOLLAND, MICH