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### Holland City News, Volume 16, Number 31: September 3, 1887

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XVI.—NO. 31.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1887.

WHOLE NO. 784.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS

**Terms of Subscription**  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.  
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Business Locals.

### Watches Repaired.

Having secured the services of a first-class Watchmaker we are now prepared to do all jobs of repairing promptly and cheaply.  
**BREYMAN & SON.**

### Fish Market.

I keep on hand all kinds of Fresh and Salt Fish. Market on River St., opposite P. Steketee & Co's Grocery Store.  
31-4t L. PATTENGELL.

Fine Clocks, the finest ever seen in this city are now on sale at the store of O. Breymann & Son. Call and see them.

### Notice.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,  
HOLLAND, MICH., August 30th, 1887.  
Sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council of the City of Holland until Tuesday, September 6th, 1887, at 7 p. m., for the furnishing and delivering to the City of Holland, lumber for all purposes, for one year, to date from the 6th day of September, 1887.  
By order of the Common Council.  
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

We are daily receiving our early stock of Fall Millinery Goods. The stock will be complete next week.  
L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE & Co.

Just received, a large invoice of Original and Genuine Jamestown Dress Goods at D. Bertsch's. Ladies go and see them before the assortment is broken.  
30-3t

A good assortment of Dress Buttons and Trimmings always on hand at  
30-3t D. BERTSCH'S.

### Peaches!

John Pessink & Bro. have contracted with Mr. E. Bos, of Jamestown, for all the Peaches in his orchard, and parties wanting choice peaches for canning or other purposes can leave orders with them for any amount and be sure of getting them.  
30-3t JOHN PESSINK & BRO.

Go to D. Bertsch's for Germantown Yarn, Germantown Zephyr, Spanish Worsted, Saxony Wool, and Furry Floss. 30-3

### The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Belleville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

Keller is still making those fine cabinet photos for \$3.00 a dozen. Opposite News office. 22-tf

Disorders of the stomach, liver, and kidneys, can be cured by restoring the blood to a healthy condition, through the vitalizing and cleansing action of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the safest, most powerful, and most highly concentrated alternative available to the public.

### Attention.

We have commenced our second annual clearing out sale, and all our Summer Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Call early and secure the best bargains in Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods ever offered in Holland City.  
L. HENDERSON,  
Chicago Clothing House, River St.

When used according to directions, Ayer's Ague Cure is warranted to eradicate, from the system, Fever and Ague, Intermittent, Remittent, and Bilious Fevers, and all malarial diseases. Try it.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Druggists, Holland, Mich. 6-6mos

Ayer's Sarsaparilla will cure your catarrh, and remove that sickening odor of the breath.

To act on the liver, and cleanse the bowels, no medicine equals Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

### Breymann's Arnica Salva.

The best in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland, Mich.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

NEXT Monday our Public Schools open.

WHAT are you going to bring to the Fair? Get your exhibits ready in time.

OYSTERS Ripe this month. They can be procured at C. Blom, Jr.'s on River street.

LIFE has been very enjoyable so far as the weather is concerned during the past two weeks.

FOUND:—Five dollars. The owner can have his money on calling at this office and identifying it.

MISS ALDIE CUNNINGHAM has returned from a two months' visit with relatives in Montreal and Quebec, Canada.

It begins to look as if the doctor's harvest had commenced. Everybody seems to be complaining of feeling ill.

MR. WILL BREYMAN has been confined to the house for the past week by illness. We are happy to state that he is now improving.

WE acknowledge receipt of complimentary tickets to the State Fair to be held in Jackson, September 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23.

THE Boston Comic Opera Co. comprises twenty people and could not have been booked here had it not been done to break a "long jump." They go from here to Ionia.

THE members of the Young Women's Christian Association are reminded that a meeting of the Association will be held next Monday evening, September 5, at 7:30 o'clock, in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

THE ladies of Bethlehem Chapter O. E. S. will give a peach and cream social at the residence of Mrs. T. M. Clark on next Thursday evening. The masonic fraternity and their friends are invited to attend.

MRS. GEO. FOSTER left for her future home at Warner, Tenn., last Thursday. Her husband preceded her some time ago and now holds a lucrative position in a chemical works similar to those at Bangor.

MR. O. BREYMAN has secured the services of a first-class watchmaker and now invites his patrons to give him the repairing of their watches and jewelry and promises that all work shall be promptly done for them.

MISS RENIE WOLTMAN and Miss Gertie R. Peek, who have been visiting in this city, returned to their home in Chicago on last Tuesday. They were accompanied by Miss Hannah Dok who will make a brief visit there.

OUR city readers should remember the social gathering at the Methodist Church on Friday evening. The social is given for the benefit of the pastor on the eve of his departure for Conference. All well wishers are invited.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Sept. 1, 1887: Fred. J. Harwood, H. Hulswit, John Hollands, O. C. C. Johnston, Doc. Pirtman, James Malus.

J. G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

L. PATTENGELL has opened a Fish Market in the Howard building on River street and will keep fresh and salt fish constantly on hand. Those who desire to secure fish at all times should give Mr. Pattengell their patronage. See Business Local.

THE Right Reverend Geo. D. Gillespie, Bishop of the Diocese, will hold divine services in Lyceum Opera House, Grace Church, Holland, next Sunday, the 4th inst., at the usual morning and evening hours. You are cordially invited to attend.

NEXT Sabbath will be the last in the Methodist Church for this Conference year, and the Rev. H. D. Jordan will preach his twentieth anniversary sermon in the morning and a discourse in the evening to young people on "Love, Courtship, and Marriage."

A SOCIAL for the benefit of the Methodist Church, will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 7th, at the house of Mr. George Harrington, just out of the city. Teams will be provided to take all who wish to go from the Church at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

ON Friday last we received a card bearing the announcement that Prof. Henry Boers, of Hope College, was married to Miss Louise Birkhoff, of Chicago, on Thursday, August 25. Prof. and Mrs. Boers will be "at home" at the Park House in this city after September 12. This estimable couple have the earnest wishes of scores of friends in this locality for their future happiness, and who will welcome them "home," and who will endeavor to make life pleasant for them while residents of this city.

LAST Tuesday a pleasant little party of ladies and gentlemen, members of Star of Bethlehem Chapter, O. E. S. of Holland, visited Grand Rapids as the guests of Oriental Chapter of that place. Those who were so fortunate as to be with the party had a very pleasant as well as entertaining visit and speak highly of their treatment by the members of Oriental Chapter. The evening was spent in social intercourse, and the work of the order was exemplified, after which a fine collation was discussed and enjoyed.

WHAT can a Business Men's Association do? It can combine in that union which is always added strength, for mutual good; make "black lists" to guard its members against bad debts and dead-beats; unite in various plans for the business interests of the whole; exchange views and ideas at occasional meetings; pull as one man upon any project which promises to be a business benefit to the town; and combine for defense when business interests are attacked. If these are not enough, call upon us when all these have been attained and we will furnish another little list.

EARLY last Saturday morning Mrs. Elizabeth Swift, wife of Mr. Chauncey Swift and the mother of Mr. William Swift, landlord of the Park House of this city, died after a lingering illness of some months at her son's hotel. Mrs. Swift was 63 years of age. The funeral occurred on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock and was largely attended by relatives, sympathetic friends, and neighbors. On Monday the remains were taken to Decatur, Mich., for interment where her daughter lies buried. Mrs. Swift was an affectionate wife and mother and a firm friend. His loss is mourned by many in this community.

THE Eighth Annual Convention of the W. C. T. U. of Ottawa county was held in Hope Church in this city, last Tuesday and Wednesday and was well attended by temperance workers and temperance people. Owing to the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the settlement of the village of Zeeland, which was attended by a large proportion of the people of Holland City, not as many were present at the sessions on Wednesday as there otherwise would have been. The program, which was quite long, was carried out admirably and to the satisfaction of all present. We may give a review of the proceedings in a subsequent issue.

MONDAY and Tuesday evenings, next week, are the dates of the Boston Comic Opera Company here and it is anticipated that the amusement lovers will be entertained by two fine operas. As an effort will probably be made at the first performance to advertise for the second we would advise all to attend the first evening. The programme here will probably be "The Mascot" and "Mikado." We presume there are many of our citizens who have never seen either of these popular operas who will be pleased that an opportunity can now be had. The company includes Miss Bessie Louise King, prima donna. The reserved seat diagram and sale of seats begins at Breymann's this Saturday morning. It is hoped that the musicians and music lovers, and those who enjoy fine entertainments will make up such an audience as will induce other equally as good companies to visit us.

### We Are Certain

That the season at Macatawa is about over.

That the farmers in this locality all feel "hard up."

That our municipal government is one of the best in this State.

That advertising in the News yields the advertiser a hundred fold.

That speed trials of horses do not pay as an investment in this section.

That the hotels at Macatawa and the steamboats on the Bay have made money this season.

That Holland City has more miles of graded and gravelled streets than any city of its size in Michigan.

That our summer resorts have but just commenced their career and that their popularity is steadily on the increase.

That the new building called the Werkman Agricultural Works is one of the most valuable additions that this city has received in several years.

That the Fair of the South Ottawa and West Allegan Agricultural Society for 1887 will be a successful one, both as to the number of exhibits and as to the attendance.

That we have several dead-beats on our subscription lists, who never intended to pay us a cent, and who never will pay us, and that that kind of business is nothing less than robbery.

That the opening, grading and graveling of Market street will add materially to the business of Holland and to the convenience of the farmers and fruit-growers living south of the city.

### An Old Settlers' Gathering at Zeeland.

Last Wednesday was a gala day for our neighboring village of Zeeland, the occasion being the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the settlement of the place by the Rev. C. Van der Meulen and his faithful little band of followers who came to this country from the Netherlands, ignorant of its ways and customs, and who were unskilled in pioneering and who suffered, and toiled for the upbuilding of their section, their children, and themselves. How well they succeeded was shown on this occasion, for as the outsider came through the prosperous and now thriving village, gaily decorated with bunting and flying flags, he was everywhere reminded of thrift and prosperity. Men, women, and little children, as well as young men and women, who were now enjoying the fruits of the toil and sufferings of the early settlers, were all willing to aid and assist, and fairly vied with one another to contribute to the success of the celebration. With such a spirit moving all is it any wonder that the result was gratifying to those who had charge of the arrangements and to the, at least, two thousand five hundred spectators present? The sentiment of all was that it was the largest and most successful gathering of the kind ever held in this section. Why should not old settlers come frequently together, to swap stories of olden times and renew the acquaintances begun long ago? They too are veterans, survivors of the war against discouraging circumstances, trackless forests, land which, but for them, would be yet of little value. In many parts, these become important gatherings, and in no state have the pioneers shown better courage or overcome greater obstacles than right here in this, what has been known all through Michigan up to a few years ago as the "Holland Colony." When the old settlers gathered at Zeeland last Wednesday is it any wonder that the meeting was an interesting one, not only to the old settlers, but also to the rising generation, who were anxious and ought to hear and remember the incidents connected with the settlement of their own pleasant and prosperous section? Those were interesting days, far more pleasant to contemplate at this distance than when they passed in weekly review before those who lived through them, battling with fevers, narrow opportunities, and the burdens of a harder life than falls to the lot of their descendants. All honor to the old settlers, the pathfinders and pioneers. The program of the exercises was a lengthy one and was almost entirely in the Holland language. The monotony of the program, to one who could not understand the language, was only relieved by a short speech by Hon. M. H. Ford, Congressman of this district, and by the relating of some humorous incidents by Mr. Griffin, of Grand Haven, and by the singing of a song called "The Dying Christian." Our space will not permit us to give the order of exercises in full or to enlarge upon any feature, but suffice to say that the large gathering remained on the grounds, where the speaking was held and where a table lunch was served to all, from 10 o'clock in the morning until fully six o'clock in the afternoon, when a brief lull in the exercises resulted in order to allow all to get their suppers. In the evening the program was continued in the church building and it is needless to say that it was "filled to overflowing." On all like occasions it is a very easy matter for outsiders to stand and

"peek under the canvass" and criticize, but if we were in the habit of doing such things we would only make one feature, a target, and that is that the invitation committee were not general enough in extending invitations to old settlers. There are several all through this section who were entirely ignored and who from all reports feel slighted by this, a possible oversight of the committees. A monument with about one hundred and fifty names of the early settlers cut thereon was unveiled during the afternoon. It is located in a lot which was formerly used as a burying ground by the pioneers. It is about eighteen feet high and is a very handsome stone and reflects much credit upon the designer and carver, Mr. R. N. De Merell, of this city.

GET your Job Work done at the News office. We guarantee good work and satisfactory prices.

## LATE NEWS AND TARDY LOCALS.

A MEETING of the Council of Hope College will be held next Monday.

REV. JACOB VAN DER MEULEN, of Muskegon, will preach in Hope Church to-morrow evening.

PROF. P. A. LATTA, of Allegan, has been engaged as instructor in the Normal Department of Hope College.

TWENTY-SIX hundred baskets of fruit were handled by the Express Company at this station last Monday night.

EARLY fall millinery goods are being received at L. & S. Van den Berge & Co's store. See Business Local in another column.

MR. JAMES RYDER has leased the new store of Mr. E. F. Sutton and will shortly open it as a temperance saloon and billiard hall.

The result of the school census taken by Mr. M. Ossewaarde shows that Holland has twelve hundred and seventy-one children of school age.

A CARD.—To the many kind and sympathetic friends who so generously aided us during the illness and burial of our wife and mother we desire to make known our appreciation and thanks.  
C. SWIFT AND CHILDREN.

NEXT Wednesday at 4:30 p. m. there will be a meeting in the chapel of Hope Church to complete the organization of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city. All the young ladies of all the churches are invited to be present.

JOHN H. DORNBURG is making a short visit to his parents. Ashland, Wis., is reported by him as a booming city. He brought also his friends, Messrs. Greenly and Blaine from Minneapolis, Minn., who speak very favorably about our city and the Resorts.

THE editor has been kindly remembered this week by many friends with choice fruits, to all of whom we desire to return thanks. Mr. G. H. Souther who gave us several Nuts and Musk melons, and to Mr. C. Braam who presented us with a basket of grapes, were among the most liberal of our friends.

MR. S. LIEVENHAUS has purchased the entire outfit owned by Mr. W. B. Finch for the moving of buildings and will give his attention to any and all jobs of house-moving. Mr. Lievenhaas is an old resident here and well known, and deserves the patronage of all who have buildings to move. See large advertisement in this issue.

CAPT. PFANSTIEL this week made a trip to Milwaukee on the steamer Gordon, running from Saugetack to the Cream City. He says she is the best boat he ever set his foot on and that the owner is contemplating placing her on a route from this place to Chicago next season. He also stated that the Gordon would be in this port shortly and give our people a free excursion.

CAPT. P. PFANSTIEL has leased the Homer E. Reeves and will run the boat on Macatawa Bay for the balance of the season. The Reeves will endeavor to accommodate small excursion parties at any time and will make a trip to the Resorts this Saturday, evening for the accommodation of all who want to attend the hop at the Ottawa, returning after the party is over. The party will be the "Last Rose of Summer" and a number of Grand Rapids people are coming down to participate.

NEXT Monday will be what is termed by all labor organizations as "Labor Day" and it will be generally observed in this city by all wage workers and the Land and Labor Club. In the evening a procession will be formed on River street and after a tour on the principal streets of the city will march to the Skating Rink where a mass meeting will be held. Rev. L. H. Squires, of Lansing, will deliver an address on "The Age of Brotherhood," and he should be heard by all who are interested in the labor question as well as wage workers. Let there be a good attendance.

### By Request.

Dangers of Anesthetics for the Extraction of Teeth.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.—Mrs. John Hughes died yesterday while under the influence of an anesthetic in a dentist's chair. The deceased was about forty-five years of age, and had taken morphine in considerable quantities of late years, which fact may have influenced the fatal effect of the mixture of alcohol, chloroform and ether, which was given. The lady called at the dentist's office in the forenoon and wished to have chloroform administered, but the dentist, J. F. Goss, declined to do so, telling her that she must have her family physician to administer the chloroform. In the afternoon she called again with Dr. L. A. Proper who administered the fatal compound.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## A DAY'S DOINGS.

Eventful Happenings in Every Hemisphere, as Transmitted by Telegraph.

Political, Social, Financial, Commercial, Industrial, Criminal and Other News.

## LATEST DISPATCHES.

### VICTORY FOR STANFORD.

Justice Field, of the United States Court, decides that the Railway Commission is Not a Judicial Body and Cannot Compel the Production of Testimony.

In the application of the Pacific Railroad Commission to compel Senator Stanford and other officers of the Central Pacific Railroad to answer certain questions in regard to the expenditure of funds for the purpose of influencing legislation, Justice Field of the United States Supreme Court delivered an adverse opinion at San Francisco:

The Court decides that the Pacific Railway Commission is not a judicial body. It possesses no judicial power. It can determine no right of the Government or of the companies investigated by it. Its report to the President will not even be admissible in a judicial inquiry as evidence of any matters investigated. It is a mere board of inquiry to obtain information on certain matters and report the result to the President and to Congress. It is authorized to inquire into the conduct of the companies and to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, the production of books, papers and documents, and such courts may, in case of refusal of a witness to obey the subpoena, issue an order requiring such witness to obey, and to produce books and papers and answer questions. The citizen's right of personal security involves not only the protection of his person from assault, but the exemption of his private affairs, books and papers from the scrutiny of others. The law compels the production in judicial proceedings of such documents as affect the interest of others or which are necessary to the prosecution of criminals, and in only one of these ways can they be obtained and made public against the will of the owners. In *Boyd vs. The United States* (115 U. S. 63) the Supreme Court said: "Any compulsory discovery by extorting the party's oath or compelling the production of his private books and papers to convict him of crimes or to forfeit his property is contrary to the principles of free government. This had reference to criminal proceedings, but is applicable to any such production of private books and papers of a party otherwise than in the course of judicial proceedings or a direct suit for that purpose. It is a forcible intrusion into and compulsory exposure of one's private affairs and papers without judicial process in the course of judicial proceedings, which is contrary to the principles of free government and abhorrent to the instincts of Englishmen and Americans. In *Hallett Kilbourne vs. Thompson* (118 U. S. 168), Kilbourne had refused to obey an order of the House of Representatives to produce books and papers, and was by order of the Speaker confined in jail forty-five days, when he was released on habeas corpus by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. He sued the Sergeant-at-Arms, and the Supreme Court of the United States held that Congress did not possess the power to inquire into the private affairs of private citizens.

### The Colorado Indian War.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: "The advice received at the War Department respecting the Ute outbreak confirm the previously expressed opinion of army officers here that the difficulty was precipitated by the civil authorities of Colorado without justification, and that the Indians have been badly treated. It is stated that the alleged horse-stealing, for which Sheriff Kendall tried ineffectually to arrest several Indians, and thus brought on the conflict, had no other foundation than this: A number of Indians had come into Meeker to trade. They were splendidly mounted, and they were bantered to race horses, the stake to be a pony. The Indians consented and won two ponies, which the cowboys declined to surrender, asserting that they did not own them. When night came the Indians stole the ponies they had won and made off with them. The cowboys were missed in the morning, and as the Indians who won them were known, they suspected them, and warrants were issued for their arrest."

### The National Game.

THE record of games won and lost by the teams of the National Base-Ball League is as follows:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
Detroit.....	57	35	.619
Chicago.....	53	37	.588
New York.....	53	41	.563
Philadelphia.....	51	43	.553
Boston.....	49	41	.546
Washington.....	38	52	.422
Pittsburg.....	36	54	.400
Indianapolis.....	29	65	.308

The American Association schedule of games is appended:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
St. Louis.....	77	36	.687
Louisville.....	60	44	.576
Cincinnati.....	61	48	.559
Baltimore.....	54	49	.524
Athletic.....	51	52	.495
Brooklyn.....	48	54	.470
Metropolitan.....	33	68	.326
Cleveland.....	29	75	.278

### The Chatsworth Horror.

TIMOTHY COUGHLIN, the section boss arrested for criminal negligence which was claimed to have caused the Chatsworth disaster, was released on \$1,000 bail.

### Telegraphic Brevities.

THE Typographical Union of Chicago resolved to demand nine hours' work with ten hours' pay, to take effect Nov. 1.

POWDERLY will decline a re-election as head of the Knights of Labor, and will take the stump in New York to defeat the nomination of Blaine next year.

A LAVE Indian prince, the first to visit the United States, has arrived at New York. After paying his respects to the President, he will visit all the leading cities in the country.

O. A. PERCY passed through the Niagara whirlpool in a life-boat of his own invention on Saturday. The experiment, which was entirely successful, was made to test his boat, which he claims will stand any sea, however boisterous.

## CURRENT EVENTS.

### EAST.

AN emigrant train collided with a freight train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, twenty miles from Wheeling, the engineer and fireman of the former being killed, and seventeen other persons, fifteen of them emigrants, seriously injured.

M. J. LORMORE & Co., wholesale grocers, of Elmira, N. Y., have failed, with liabilities of \$80,000.

HENRY S. IVES, the late "Napoleon of finance," appears to have been guilty of enough criminality during his meteoric career "in the street" to entitle him to several thousand years in the penitentiary. It just transpires that the books of the Dayton, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, of which he had control, are missing, and that he hypothecated \$1,250,000 of its bonds, which had been ordered to be retired.

A SPECIAL from Wilkesbarre, Pa., says: Three hundred men employed at No. 1 slope of the Susquehanna Coal Company at Nanticoke had a narrow escape with their lives. This large army of men were engaged in mining coal in the lowest vein in the mine, when a great volume of water, stored in one of the upper veins, broke through into the gangway where the men were at work. By the aid of electric alarms the men all through the mine were made aware of the danger in store for them, and a mad rush was made for the openings. All succeeded in making their escape, but many of the older men and young boys were knocked down and trampled upon. Before the last man got out the water had increased to three feet in depth in the main gangway, and some of the miners had to paddle their way out.

THE Ball-players' Brotherhood held its initial meeting at New York on Sunday, all the League clubs being represented. It was decided to require of the League a modification of the existing form of contract, the principal change desired being in the release clause, the object of the brotherhood being to do away with the buying and selling of players. In the ball-game in New York Captain Anson imposed a fine of \$125 on Pfeffer, of the Chicago, for two misplays, and a row was the result. Pfeffer said he would never pay it, and the other players stood by him, and he furthermore gave it out that unless it was remitted he would never play another game with the Chicago.

### WEST.

A MASS convention of citizens of Illinois in the interest of the project for a ship canal from the Mississippi River to the Gulf has been called to meet at Peoria, Oct. 6.

THE Governor of Illinois has been notified by the Kansas authorities that the quarantine against all Illinois cattle, excepting Cook County, has been raised, and they will be received without health certificates. Colorado, Ohio, Wisconsin, and Minnesota have also revoked the quarantine proclamation.

A CHICAGO dispatch of Saturday says: "The coroner's jury in the case of the death of Colonel Walter S. Babcock at Gardner, Ill., returned a verdict yesterday to the effect that the deceased came to his death from shock and hemorrhage caused by a pistol-ball wound in the abdomen; and that while there was no direct testimony to the fact, the jury believed from what testimony it had that the wound was inflicted by Sarah Dodge the night of Aug. 19 at or near Gardner, Grundy County, Ill., and recommended that the grand jury of Grundy County more fully investigate the case. After the jury had retired, after hearing the testimony, Coroner Hertz informed its members that Miss Dodge had refused to make any statement whatever in the case, and he had not subpoenaed her because he knew she would not come."

A DENVER dispatch denies the report that Colorow and his band had been surrounded by whites. "It now appears that they are almost impregnable in the hills, and spoiling for a big fight with the pale-faces. Captain Lawson narrowly escaped falling into their hands on Wednesday, being pursued twenty miles and fired at a number of times."

DAVENPORT (Iowa) dispatch: "The sensational and heretofore unexplained suicide of John Warmbold in a cemetery here is explained by the revelation of the surprising fact that the estate is involved to the extent of \$105,000. The assets are estimated at \$150,000. Creditors will not present their claims for the present."

A DENVER dispatch says the "reports from the scene of the Indian troubles in Colorado are confused. It is believed that Colorow and his followers have started for the reservation. Gen. Crook will seek a conference with Colorow unattended by troops. Great excitement prevails in the disturbed region, and further trouble is apprehended, as the Utes who remain on the reservation are said to be exhibiting signs of restiveness. In the fight between Colorow's band and the whites eight of the former and one of the latter were killed. Five whites were also wounded. This was the first blood shed since Colorow went on the rampage, and puts an ugly phase on the situation. Advice from reputable sources on the frontier are to the effect that the whites were the aggressors and that Colorow's movement is purely retaliatory."

ONLY late-planted corn was much benefited by the recent rains. The crop in Illinois will not reach 50 per cent. of an average. Pastures are doing well throughout the West, and the prospect for fall feed is good. The apple crop of Illinois will not exceed one-third of an average. Light frosts have occurred in some of the central counties, but no damage to vegetation is reported.

### SOUTH.

THE defalcations of Norman Roberts, the absconding Baltimore banker, reach nearly half a million dollars, of which almost \$400,000 was stolen from the Lomain heirs.

CHARLES BARTLETT, cashier of the Sumter (South Carolina) National Bank, has absconded with all the bank's funds. His books show a shortage of \$20,000. The bank has closed its doors. Bartlett is supposed to be in Mexico. His downfall is attributed to speculation.

It is stated the loss of the rice crop of

South Carolina by the recent freshet will exceed \$100,000. Many planters have been ruined by the floods, and the question of what to do with the negroes on their plantations is a serious one.

A SPECIAL from Hinton, W. Va., brings the rueful story from McDowell County that everybody there is down again with a dreadful disease that becomes epidemic over a very severe drought. It is stated 200 persons have died in consequence during the last four weeks. The people have suspended all business and are devoting themselves wholly to caring for the sick and burying the dead.

### WASHINGTON.

THE Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Prescott, Ari., have been instructed to open for settlement the lands in their district hitherto withdrawn for indemnity purposes under the Atlantic and Pacific grant.

COL. ALLEN RUTHERFORD, a well-known pension-claim agent, was arrested in Washington on a charge of bribing a clerk in the Pension Office and taking records and files from that office.

NATIONAL bank depositories now hold over \$20,000,000 in Government funds—the greatest amount ever held by the depositories at one time.

THE Treasury Department is making strenuous efforts to break up the practice of issuing imitations of the national currency to which many "commercial" colleges and business firms are addicted. This bogus currency has been extensively used by sharpers to swindle ignorant people, and its manufacture is in express violation of law. The chief of the secret service on Saturday seized and destroyed a large quantity of the stuff issued by a Washington "business college."

### POLITICS.

A CALL has been issued by the Executive Committee of the "American party" for a convention, to be held at Philadelphia Sept. 16 and 17, for the purpose of perfecting the organization. Among the defined objects of the movement are the restriction of immigration, a thorough revision of the naturalization laws, the suppression of polygamy and intemperance, the promotion of the free-school system, and an equitable solution of the labor problem. Mr. Powderly writes a letter denying that he is identified with the movement or in sympathy with its aims.

THE Iowa Republican Convention, which was held at Des Moines Aug. 24, heartily cheered every allusion to Blaine and Allison. Governor Larrabee and Lieutenant Governor Hull were renominated by acclamation. George S. Robinson was nominated for Supreme Judge on the fifth ballot, and Henry Sabin for Superintendent of Public Instruction on the third ballot. The platform embraces twelve resolutions. The suppression of the black vote in the South is viewed with alarm; the protective tariff and civil-service reform are approved; the Cleveland administration is denounced; the interstate commerce act is indorsed and anti-monopoly legislation in the State demanded; a liberal pension policy is favored, prohibition stoutly upheld; the usual message of sympathy extended to Gladstone and Farnell, and Governor Larrabee's administration commended.

FIVE HUNDRED delegates attended the Pennsylvania Prohibition Convention at Harrisburg. Simeon B. Chase was nominated for Judge of the Supreme Court, and D. C. Irish for State Treasurer. The platform indorses woman suffrage, the restriction of immigration, and the reservation of public lands for actual settlers.

LEWIS E. MCCOMAS presided over the Maryland Republican Convention, which met at Baltimore August 24. The following ticket was nominated: For Governor, Walter B. Brooks, of Baltimore; for Comptroller, R. B. Dixon, of Talbot County; for Attorney General, Francis Miller, of Montgomery County. The platform arraigns the President for not calling to account Federal officers who have disregarded his instructions regarding active participation in politics, which alleged shortcoming on his part is held to be a confession that his civil-service reform utterances are insincere.

### LABOR.

THE International Glove-molders' Union will demand an increase of wages varying from 10 to 15 per cent. all over the United States and Canada. Two weeks will be given the bosses to make up their minds to grant the increase, and if they will not do so a strike will be ordered. If at the end of the first week of the strike the increase is not accorded 5 per cent. additional is to be asked.

### GENERAL.

FOLLOWING was the visible supply of grain, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange: Wheat, 31,988,593 bushels; decrease, 771,418 bushels. Corn, 6,103,144 bushels; decrease, 699,628 bushels. Oats, 4,437,001 bushels; increase, 717,170 bushels. Rye, 300,586 bushels; decrease, 848 bushels. Barley, 153,496 bushels; increase, 22,585 bushels.

THE English steamship Madrid, which sailed from Philadelphia May 25, for London via Bull River, S. C., where she loaded a cargo of phosphate rock, has been given up for lost, with all on board. She was commanded by Captain Mathew Carson, who had with him a crew of twenty-five men. The steamer and cargo were valued at \$150,000.

FRAZIER and Stewart, who have been sent by the Dominion Government on an observation tour through the Northwest territory, report that shocking destitution prevailed at Fort Chipewyan and along the Mackenzie River last winter. Many persons died of starvation, and cannibalism was resorted to in some extent.

THE business failures occurring throughout the country during the week numbered for the United States 133 and for Canada thirty-two.

SENATOR CULLOM, in an interview at Chicago, expressed satisfaction with the workings of the interstate commerce law, but thought that amendments will be proposed at the next Congress.

THE Chicago Times prints an account of a meeting had by a representative of that paper with the fugitive ex-Warden of the Cook County Hospital. McGarigle claims that he planned his escape alone, and did it because he was satisfied that he had been made the victim of public clamor, was innocent of any wrong, and never profited a penny from what he had done. All merchants having dealings with the county, he claims, paid commissions, and all he did in the matter was to collect the money. A great many were anxious to sell goods and pay commissions who never had an opportunity to, and he proposes to write a book and expose all of them, especially one, who, after paying commissions, contributed to the fund to prosecute him. Speaking of Grinnell, he said he had been anxious for him to "squeal" on the Aldermen and others, but he knew nothing against them. He had led the State's Attorney on, however, and finally, finding that he could get away just as well as not, took advantage of his opportunity. He believes he will be granted a new trial, in which event he will return to Chicago and make it pretty warm for some people.

R. G. DUN & Co., in their trade review, state that the tendency of prices during the last week has been upward for most products, and the state of business is rather better; but there is still much hesitation and irregularity.

REV. DAVID SEYMOUR, a Methodist minister, and Mrs. Fannie Henry, wife of a newspaper editor, who eloped from Janesville, Minnesota, August 1, were arrested at New York upon their debarment from the steamship Adriatic. After their flight from Janesville they went to Europe, and were followed by the woman's husband. They took the first steamer back, and were arrested on the strength of a cable message from Henry. The woman was subsequently released, Seymour being held on charges of adultery and larceny.

### FOREIGN.

TAGANROG and Rostoff have been annexed to the Don Cossack district and the Jews ordered to leave. Many of them will emigrate to America.

SEVEN persons were drowned in the St. Lawrence River by the upsetting of a boat. Six lives were lost by the capsizing of a barge in the River Thames.

A CABLE dispatch from Constantinople says: "M. Vukovitch, the Bulgarian Agent, has handed to the Porte a telegram from Prince Ferdinand expressing his devotion to the Sultan and asking permission to come to Constantinople and pay his homage in person. Kiomi Pasha, the Prime Minister, telegraphed a reply informing the Prince that the Sultan cannot accede to his proposition. The Porte disapproves of his entry into Bulgaria without the sanction of the Porte and powers. Russia's reply to the last circular of the Porte suggested that an Ottoman commission and a Russian General should go to Sofia to secure conjointly and in a legal manner the election of a new Sobranje, which should elect a new prince. This proposal, being submitted to the powers, was sanctioned by France and Germany, but disapproved of by the other powers, who advised the Porte to adopt a policy of moderation and to await events."

THE pleasure yacht Ilfrcombe, while sailing on the Thames at London, turned back to recover a boat hook which had fallen overboard, when she was struck by a squall and capsized. There were twenty-one persons on board, all of whom were thrown into the water. Assistance was ten minutes in arriving, and those who were still afloat were rescued by small boats, but twelve persons were drowned, and their bodies have not been recovered.

A CABLE dispatch reports that another attempt was made to assassinate the Czar. A nihilist disguised as an officer of the guards approached the Imperial Guards while they were escorting the Czar on his journey from St. Petersburg to Krasnoselo, and twice fired a revolver at the Emperor. The first shot went wide of its mark, but the second perforated the Czar's coat. The assailant was promptly seized and disarmed.

AUSTRIA, Hungary, Germany, Holland, Italy, Spain, and Denmark have joined the conference proposed for the arrangement of a union among the European nations concerning sugar bounties.

### MARKET REPORTS.

NEW YORK.			
CATTLE.....	\$4.00	@	5.75
HOGS.....	5.50	@	6.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.84	@	.84 1/2
No. 2 Red.....	.83	@	.81 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.50	@	.52
OATS—White.....	.35	@	.40
PORK—Family Mess.....	17.25	@	17.75
CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Choice to Prime Steers.....	5.00	@	5.50
Good.....	4.00	@	4.75
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	5.00	@	5.50
Common.....	4.75	@	5.25
FLOUR—Winter Wheat.....	3.75	@	4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Winter.....	.77	@	.71 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.40 1/4	@	.41 1/4
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.27	@	.37 1/2
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.23	@	.34
CHEESE—Full Cream, cheddars.....	.17	@	.20
Full Cream, new.....	.10 1/4	@	.10 3/4
EGGS—Fresh.....	.13	@	.14
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	.75	@	.85
PORK—Mess.....	16.00	@	17.00
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—Cash.....	.68 1/4	@	.69 1/4
CORN—No. 3 White.....	.40	@	.41
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.27 1/4	@	.28 1/4
RYE—No. 1.....	.50	@	.52
PORK—Mess.....	14.25	@	14.75
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.59	@	.60 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.39	@	.40
OATS—Mixed.....	.24	@	.25
PORK—New Mess.....	14.75	@	15.25
CLEVELAND.			
WHEAT—Cash.....	.74	@	.74 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.46	@	.47
OATS.....	.26	@	.26 1/2
DETROIT.			
BEEF CATTLE.....	3.75	@	4.50
HOGS.....	3.50	@	4.25
SHEEP.....	3.75	@	4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	.77	@	.78
CORN—No. 2.....	.44 1/4	@	.45 1/4
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.29	@	.30
CINCINNATI.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.71 1/4	@	.72 1/4
CORN—No. 2.....	.44	@	.45
OATS—No. 2.....	.27	@	.28
LIVE HOGS.....	14.75	@	15.25
BUFFALO.			
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.82	@	.83
CORN—No. 2.....	.46 1/4	@	.47
CATTLE.....	3.75	@	5.00
INDIANAPOLIS.			
BEEF CATTLE.....	3.50	@	4.75
HOGS.....	3.00	@	4.50
SHEEP.....	3.00	@	4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.70 1/4	@	.71
CORN.....	.45	@	.46 1/2
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.25 1/4	@	.26
EAST LIBERTY.			
CATTLE—Prime.....	4.50	@	5.00
Fair.....	4.00	@	4.50
Common.....	3.50	@	4.00
HOGS.....	3.25	@	3.75
SHEEP.....	3.71	@	4.25

## BRUTAL SPORT IN KENTUCKY.

Farmers Set a Bull and Jackass to Fighting Each Other—The Latter Victorious.

A special dispatch from Cincinnati to the Chicago Herald gives an account of a novel fight near Kenton P. O., Ky., between Pole Harrison's bull and a jackass owned by one of his neighbors:

The fight was the result of Harrison having mentioned in a bantering way his bull's fighting qualifications. Part of a red flannel shirt was thoughtfully brought by the referee. This was tied around the jack's neck by consent of the owner, and the animals were turned loose. The ass did not like the red, and seemed to blame the bull for its presence, for he laid back his ears and made a dart for him. The bull got out of the way, but not in time to escape a bite on the rump. This maddened him and he turned, and striking the ass square on the right shoulder he nearly knocked him down. On he came, but the ass recovered himself. He did not have time to turn around and kick, but he got in a shoulder hither with his fore foot. It struck the bull a glancing lick on the neck and cut about two inches, from which the blood flowed. A fellow told that the bull was now thoroughly maddened. He went straight for the jack, holding his head low and shaking it. The jack wheeled, to kick, but the bull, in anticipation of this, dodged around to his side. He got in a slight blow, which cut several inches of hair from his adversary's belly.

Thus the fight went on with varying fortune, both animals receiving severe punishment. Both animals were beginning to feel the heat, but they showed no signs of weakness or cowardice. While the bull was trying to evade the heels of the jack he was caught on the rump by his teeth. He held on, and for a few minutes they were spinning around in a small circle. The hold slipped at last, but with it came a big piece of bull hide and a stream of blood. Immediately the bull wheeled and gave the jack a lick that knocked him down. He followed up, and gored him across the side, cutting a terrible gash, from which the blood spurted. He was about to follow it up with another, when the jack struck him in the eye with his iron-clad fore foot, and completely smashed that organ of sight. This gave him a chance to get up and he went for the blind side of that bull like lightning. Both heels struck the bull square in the side. He staggered, but did not fall. It could be plainly seen that he was suffering terribly and could not last long, but his grit was still there. The jack led, but the bull struck first and caught his adversary square in the stomach. He pushed on and buried his horn. The jack fell as the bull tried to rip him open, and began yelling, kicking, and biting, but the bull pinched him fast. At last one of his kicks struck the bull on the fore leg and broke it. He fell and they rolled over together. Someone cried "Part them!" but their owners said to let them "fight it out," and fight it out they did, until at last the jack planted his heels firmly on the bull's frontal bone and literally kicked the life out of him.

### THE COLOR LINE.

It Has Been Drawn at Asbury Park—Portrait of Mr. Bradley.

The sun's rays beat down with scorching ardor on both the black and white population of Asbury Park, and despite Mr. Bradley's fiat that the board walk, etc., was exclusively intended for the paying visitor, the colored people defy the decree, and appear as usual on board walk, beach, and pavilion, writes a correspondent from the pretty New Jersey resort. Puck, that has so humorously pictured the situation of



the color line in a recent issue, fully explains the dilemma in an amusing sketch. There, black bells jostles her white neighbor as though to the manner and station born—equal. James A. Bradley, the founder and owner of Asbury Park, of course has a legal and moral right, as long as private ownership of land is recognized, to decide who shall and who shall not occupy his private property. Mr. Bradley's offending lies in the charge that he has said that large numbers of colored persons come to the beach every evening; that they monopolize the choice seats in the pavilion and crowd guests off the boardwalks; that some of them behave improperly, and that many try to make the walks and beach lodging places. Mr. Bradley's words are: "The time is coming, indeed, may have arrived, when some decided action must be taken to show our colored friends that the board-walk and the pavilion are private property, to which the owner invites the guests of the hotel, and others, whom he does not invite, will be requested in language not to be misunderstood not to interfere with the arrangements he has made for the permanency of the town and the protection of the capital he has invested." Mr. Bradley manages the property that he has built, and maintains everything at his own expense. He is an acute, shrewd and active business man, and, as the owner of Asbury Park, he has certainly a right to exclude whom and what he will.

### Exhaustive Statistics on Wool.

Col. Switzer, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, says a Washington dispatch, announces that he will soon have ready for distribution a work of great importance to the manufacturing as well as the agricultural element of the country. It will be a statistical analysis of the wool industries of every country of the world, in which will be incorporated all the various acts of Congress relating to the tariff on wool and woolen manufactures from the time that the tax of 1793 was imposed down to the latest revision of 1833. A brief history of the enormous strides made in wool-growing and wool-manufacturing will be a feature of the report, and everything of value to the farmer and manufacturer in connection with wool which can possibly be inserted in a work of this character will be added.



## THE LIQUOR TAX LAW.

### Provisions of the License Law Passed by the Last Legislature.

An Act to provide for the taxation and regulation of the business of manufacturing, selling, keeping for sale, furnishing, giving or delivering spirituous and intoxicating liquors, and malt, brewed, or fermented liquors and vinous liquors in this State, and to repeal all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That in all townships, cities and villages of this State there shall be paid annually the following tax upon the business of manufacturing, selling or keeping for sale, by all persons whose business, in whole or in part, consists in selling or keeping for sale, or manufacturing distilled or brewed or malt liquors or mixed liquors, as follows: Upon the business of selling or offering for sale spirituous or intoxicating liquors, or mixed liquors by retail, or any mixture or compound, excepting proprietary patent medicines, which in whole or in part consist of spirituous or intoxicating liquors, and any malt, brewed, or fermented liquors, five hundred dollars per annum; upon the business of selling only brewed or malt liquors at wholesale or retail, or at wholesale and retail, three hundred dollars per annum; upon the business of selling spirituous or intoxicating liquors at wholesale, five hundred dollars; or at wholesale and retail, eight hundred dollars per annum; upon the business of manufacturing, brewed or malt liquors for sale, sixty-five dollars per annum; upon the business of manufacturing for sale spirituous or intoxicating liquors eight hundred dollars per annum. No person paying a tax on spirituous or intoxicating liquors under this act shall be liable to pay any tax on the sale of malt, brewed, or fermented liquors. No person paying a manufacturer's tax on brewed or malt liquors under this act shall be liable to pay a wholesale dealer's tax on the same.

Sec. 2. Retail dealers of spirituous or intoxicating liquors, and brewed, malt, and fermented liquors, shall be held and deemed to include all persons who sell any of such liquors by the drink, and in quantities of three gallons or less, or one dozen quart bottles or less, at any one time, to any person or persons. Wholesale dealers shall be held and deemed to mean and include all persons who sell or offer for sale such liquors and beverages in quantities of more than three gallons, or more than one dozen quart bottles, at any one time, to any person or persons. No tax imposed under this act shall be required from any person for selling any wine or cider made from fruits grown or gathered in this State, unless such wine or cider be sold by the drink as other beverages are.

Sec. 3. The penal provisions of this act shall not apply to druggists who sell liquors for chemical, scientific, medicinal, mechanical, or sacramental purposes only, and in strict compliance with law.

Sec. 4. Every person engaged in, or intending to engage in, any business named in section 1 of this act, and requiring the payment of any tax mentioned in said section 1, shall, on or before the first day of May in each year, make and file with the County Treasurer in the county where it is proposed to carry on such business a statement in writing and on oath, showing the name and residence of such person, the ward, village, or township in which it is proposed to carry on such sale or manufacture, and the nature of the business which such person is engaged in, or is intending to engage in; and, on or before the first day of May in each year, pay to the said County Treasurer, in advance of the tax required by said section one for such business for the year commencing on said first day of May and ending on the thirtieth day of April next thereafter.

Sec. 5. Every person engaged in any business specified in section one of this act after the first day of May in each year, before commencing such business, make and file the like statement, on oath, as is provided in section three of this act, and pay in advance to the County Treasurer a pro rata portion of the yearly tax on such business, as provided in section one, for the remainder of the year ending on the thirtieth day of April next ensuing; and in computing the time of such fractional part of a year for which a tax is required the same shall commence on the first day of that month in which said business shall commence. But no tax shall be less than one-half of the yearly tax.

Sec. 6. On receiving the tax provided for in this act the County Treasurer shall give a receipt for the money so paid to the person or persons of whom the same shall be received, in which receipt the name of the person or persons paying the tax shall be stated, and shall specify therein the amount of the tax and the time for which it was paid, the city, village or township in which the business is to be conducted, and the kind of business for or on account of which the tax was paid.

Sec. 7. If any person or persons shall engage or be engaged in any business requiring the payment of a tax under section one of this act without having paid in full the tax required by this act, and without having the receipt and the bond required by this act, or shall in any manner violate any of the provisions of this act, such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, if there is no specific penalty provided therefor by this act, shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 8. Every person engaged in the sale of any spirituous, malt, brewed, fermented, or vinous liquors, except druggists, shall, before commencing such business, and on or before the first day of May in each and every year thereafter, make, execute and deliver to the County Treasurer of the county in which he is carrying on such business, a bond, the sufficiency of which shall be determined by the Township Board of the township, or the Board of Trustees, the Council or the Common Council of the village or city in which such business is proposed to be carried on, to the people of the State of Michigan, in the sum of not less than three thousand nor more than six thousand dollars.

Sec. 9. One-half of all moneys paid to any County Treasurer under the provisions of this act after deducting his fees as herein provided, shall be by him placed to the credit of the township, village, or city from which the same was collected, and shall be by such County Treasurer paid over, on demand, to the Treasurer of such township, village, or city to be applied as other general funds. The remainder of all moneys so received by any County Treasurer shall be by him placed to the credit of the general fund of the county. The County Treasurer shall receive and retain 1 per cent. on all moneys paid to him as a recompense in full for all his services rendered under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of every County Treasurer, Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, police officer, or other person having notice or knowledge of any violation of the provisions of this act, to immediately notify the Prosecuting Attorney of the county thereof, and it shall be the duty of such Prosecuting Attorney when complaint on oath is made forthwith to prosecute every person violating any of the provisions of this act, and for each and every violation thereof.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of each and every County Treasurer, at the end of each and every month, to make a full and complete report, under oath, containing the name of each and every person in his county paying a tax during said month under the provisions of this act, stating therein the residence of such person, the nature of the business in which such persons are engaged, the place of doing business, the amount of tax paid and the date of payment of the same, and file such statement with the Clerk of his county; and such County Treasurer shall also, on the first Monday of December, in each year, make a full and complete report of all the taxes received by such reports, and return the same to the Auditor General, and publish the same in some newspaper published in his county, if there be one, and in two if there be two.

Sec. 12. In case any assessor, county treasurer, prosecuting attorney or other officer whose duty it is to see that the provisions of this act are faithfully enforced, shall willfully neglect or refuse to perform his duty under the provisions of this act, he shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each and every offense, and the Governor, in case of such neglect or refusal, after summary hearing and determination thereon, and deciding the same to have occurred, appoint such other person or persons to perform the duties of such officer prescribed by this act, who shall, upon being

so appointed, have like powers and duties, and receive the same fees, under this act, as such assessor, treasurer, prosecuting attorney or other officer, as the case may be.

Sec. 13. It shall not be lawful for any person, except a druggist, who shall be governed by section 3 of this act, to sell, furnish, or give any spirituous, malt, brewed, fermented, or vinous liquors, or any beverage, liquor, or liquids containing any spirituous, malt, brewed, fermented, or vinous liquor, to any minor, or to any intoxicated person, nor to any person in the habit of getting intoxicated, nor to any Indian, nor any person of Indian descent, nor any person when forbidden in writing to do so by the husband, wife, parent, child, guardian, or employer of such person, or by the Supervisor of the township, Mayor, or Director of the Poor, or the Superintendent of the Poor of the county where such person shall reside or temporarily remain.

Sec. 14. It shall not be lawful for any person by himself, his clerk or agent, to permit any student in attendance at any public or private institution of learning in this State, or any minor, to play at cards, dice, billiards or any game of chance, in any part of any building in which spirituous liquors or intoxicating drinks are sold; nor shall it be lawful for any person, by himself, his clerk or agent, to sell or give to any student in attendance at any public or private institution of learning in this State, any spirituous or intoxicating drinks, except when prescribed by a regular physician for medicinal purposes; and any person who shall offend against either of the foregoing provisions of this section shall be deemed to have been guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in section seven of this act.

Sec. 15. It shall not be lawful for any person to allow any minor to visit or remain in any room where such liquors are sold or kept for sale unless accompanied by his or her father or other legal guardian.

Sec. 16. It shall not be lawful for any person to sell, offer to sell, furnish, give or have in his possession any of the liquors mentioned in this act in any concert hall, variety show, theater, or other place of amusement, nor in any room in any building opening into where any such concert hall, variety show, theater, or other place of amusement may be.

Secs. 17 and 18 provide for the closing of saloons on the Sabbath, and prescribe penalty for violation.

Sec. 19. Whenever complaint shall be made by any person, on oath, before any justice of the peace in any county, or other officer or magistrate having jurisdiction, that any person is found intoxicated, or has been intoxicated, in any hotel, store, public building, street, alley, highway, or other public place, it shall be the duty of such justice, municipal, or police court, to issue a subpoena to compel the attendance of such person so found intoxicated, or who has been intoxicated, as aforesaid, to appear before the justice issuing the same, to testify in regard to the person or persons of whom, and the time when, and the place where, and the manner in which the liquor producing his intoxication was procured.

Sec. 20. Every person who shall by himself, or by any clerk, servant, agent or employee, sell, give or furnish, or cause to be sold, given, or furnished, any intoxicating, spirituous, malt, brewed or fermented liquors, or wine, or any liquor or beverage, any part of which is intoxicating, spirituous, malt, brewed or fermented, to any minor, and every person who shall himself, or by his clerk, servant, agent or employee, permit or allow any such liquor, or wine, or beverage to be sold, furnished or given to, or to be drunk by such minor in his or her residence, store, shop, saloon, restaurant, bar-room or place of business where such liquors or beverages are kept, furnished or sold, shall, in addition to all other penalties provided therefor by this act, be liable for both actual and exemplary damages therefor, to the father, mother, guardian or master, or any person standing in place of a parent to such minor, in such sum, not less than fifty dollars in each case, as the court or jury may determine, except a druggist, upon the written request of a parent, guardian or master of such minor, or upon the written prescription and request of a regular practicing physician.

Sec. 21. The damages in all cases arising under this act, together with costs of suit, shall be recoverable in an action of trespass on the case before any court of competent jurisdiction. And in any case where parents shall be entitled to such damages either the father or the mother may sue alone therefor. But recovery by one of said parties shall be a bar to a suit brought by the other.

Sec. 22. It shall be the duty of village and city marshals, and, in cities having no marshal, of the chief of police, or some subordinate appointed by such chief, to visit, at least once in each week, all places within their respective jurisdictions where any of said liquors are sold or kept, to learn any of the provisions of this act have been or are being violated; and whenever any of the officers above mentioned shall learn of a violation of any of the provisions of this act, it shall be his duty to enter complaint before some Justice of the Peace of the proper township or city, or Police Justice, as the case may be, and to do whatever shall be necessary to bring the offender to justice.

Sec. 23. Whenever complaint shall be made to any Justice of the Peace, or Police Justice, of any violation of any of the provisions of this act he shall not require security for costs to be given, but shall take the complaint and examination of the witnesses as in other cases, and if the offense appears to have been committed he shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the offender, and shall notify the Prosecuting Attorney, whose duty it shall be to appear and prosecute the same.

Sec. 24. All persons engaged in the business of selling or keeping for sale any of the liquors mentioned in this act, whether as owner or as clerk, agent or servant or employee, shall be equally liable as principals for any violation of any of the provisions of this act, and any person or principal shall be liable for the acts of his clerk, servant, agent or employee for any violation of the provisions of this act.

Sec. 25. If any person shall adulterate any spirituous or alcoholic liquors used or intended for drink by mixing the same in the manufacture or preparation thereof, or by process of rectifying, or otherwise, with any deleterious drug, substance, or liquid, which is poisonous or injurious to health, except as hereinafter provided, or if any person shall sell, or offer to sell, any wine, or spirituous, or alcoholic liquors, or shall import into this State any wine or spirituous or intoxicating liquors, and sell or offer for sale such liquors, knowing the same to be adulterated, or shall sell or offer to sell any spirituous or intoxicating liquors from any barrel, cask, or other vessel containing the same, and not branded as hereinafter provided, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, nor less than fifty dollars, and shall be imprisoned in the jail of the county not more than six months nor less than ten days.

SOME little interest has been excited, says the *Scientific American*, by the announcement of the discovery of a new and remarkable variety of asparagus on the steppes of Akhal-Takiz. It has not been botanically identified, but it is represented as growing perfectly wild, the stalks being nearly as thick as a man's arm, and attaining a height of five or six feet, so that one of them is said to suffice ten Russian soldiers for a meal. If the preference of experts for wild asparagus finds justification in this variety, and its flavor is described as equal to that of the best European kinds, asparagus lovers may have a good time before them.

WOULD our maidens perk up and grow merry if a certain Japanese hinting custom were introduced on these salt shores? The standing of an empty vase on the windowsill means a great deal in Yum-Yum land. The timid young man—a Japanese product only of recent years, I imagine—with his tongue tied, but with his love at summer heat, stealthily plants in the yearning ornament a pretty shrub. Maiden from behind the shutter sees, sighs, and smiles, and then the creme de la creme of the village is invited to "please present this at the church door."—*San Francisco Report*.

## THE COLORADO INDIAN TROUBLES

### Origin of the Present Outbreak—Portrait of Chief Colorow.

A Western correspondent declares that the war with the White River Utes is a white man's war; that the Indians are not forcing the fighting, nor are they desirous of continuing the war. The facts of the case appear in this wise: In the spring of 1887 a band of lawless, drunken cowboys shot one of Chief Colorow's bucks without any active protest on his part, and subsequently his sister was shot. Even this did not arouse any efforts at retaliation. Seeing that the wily old Ute was



not to be entrapped into warfare, a charge of horse stealing was trumped up by Sheriff Kendall, and he forthwith attempted to arrest two of Colorow's bucks, but these were not to be found. In the meantime Colorow gathered up his tribe, sent runners out in all directions, and it is not improbable that a general uprising will result. Colorow is the chief who participated in the Meeker massacre of 1880, and no attempt is made to make him out a saint. The Indians form a very insignificant part of the population of the State of Colorado (which as it will be remembered is as large as the states of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware combined), but their methods of warfare make them formidable antagonists. The action of the desperadoes is the more to be deprecated in that it conveys the impression to the general public that the Indians are still a great factor in the affairs of Colorado, whereas an Indian is almost as scarce as a buffalo, and of the latter species of animals there are scarcely a dozen in the entire State, and these few are seldom seen.

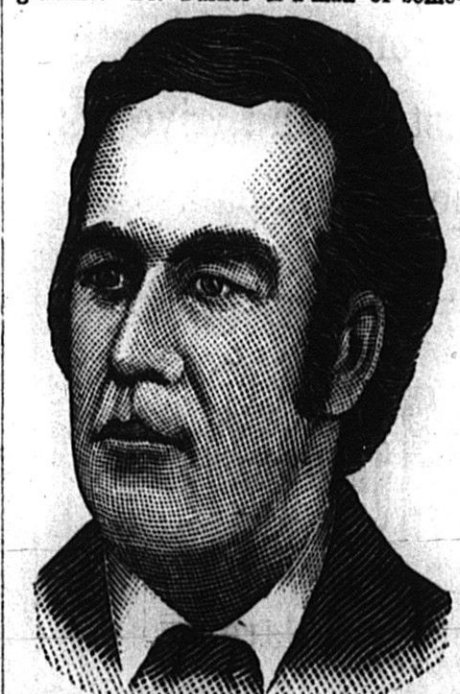
### From the Seat of War—Colorow Charged with Murder.

From the scattered information received the Indians number anywhere from 400 to 600. The regular troops number about 250 and the State force nearly if not quite as many. The State forces are now acting on the defensive and the Indians are held in check by the regulars, or from the fact that they are not yet prepared to assume the offensive. Peace may be the result, but more bloodshed is just as likely to follow. The death of Lieut. Folsom has embittered the whites, and a citizen of Glenwood Springs, where Folsom resided, has sworn out a warrant charging Colorow with his murder. This document has been sent to Sheriff Kendall by a special courier, and it will only serve to complicate matters.

### DR. PARKER.

The Probable Successor of Henry Ward Beecher as Pastor of Plymouth Church.

A recent dispatch from New York announced the arrival in that city of Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker, the eminent London divine. It is said he comes to this country to fill the vacancy in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, caused by the death of the late Henry Ward Beecher. Dr. Parker will preach for some time at Plymouth, and will also, it is said, deliver several lectures in the United States as part of his programme. Dr. Parker is a man of some



what past middle age, born in the North of England, and who during his early ministerial career did most of his preaching among the dissenters of Northumberland. His first public life began with his being a Wesleyan Methodist local preacher. He was a candidate for the ministry of that body at a time when it was torn by internal strife and mutilated by a great loss of membership. Hence no new men were received, and Mr. Parker's ministerial aspirations were temporarily checked. Joining the Congregational denomination, he was encouraged to continue preparations for the ministry, and was soon chosen pastor for the church at Banbury, Oxfordshire. Here he outgrew his sphere, and accepted a call to Cavendish Chapel, Manchester. In 1869 he was invited to become pastor of Poulney Chapel, London, and consented. Dr. Parker next preached in the "City Temple." In 1873 Dr. Parker attended the meeting of the Evangelical Alliance in New York, when he formed the personal acquaintance of Henry Ward Beecher. In 1877 Dr. Parker started a weekly journal, which soon accumulated a large circulation. By his preachings he has won to himself the hearts of all his hearers, and this mainly through his wondrous oratory, his kindly benevolent charity, and his ardent belief in the living issues of the hum-drum every day life.

## CHEATED THE GALLOWES

### How Bill Langley, of Texas, Is Said to Have Been Hanged Years Ago and Still Lives.

[Fort Worth (Texas) special.]

Campbell Langley, father of the once notorious and not yet forgotten Bill Langley, removed to Bell County, Texas, from near Lexington, Lee County, Texas, twelve years ago. During his residence in Lee and Bell counties he has been known as a well-to-do farmer and an upright citizen. Campbell Langley to-day told a story to some of the leading citizens which, but for his well-known Christian character, would be put down as wildest fiction. He says that his son, Bill Langley, who was publicly hanged twelve years ago in Giddings, Lee County, by Sheriff Jim Brown, in the presence of several thousand people, was not hanged at all, but was allowed to escape.

The father says when the Supreme Court and the Governor refused to intervene in Bill's behalf a rich uncle in California came to the rescue with \$4,000, with which he worked upon the sympathy of the sheriff charged with the execution of the sentence; that the friends of Bill were permitted to arrange things so that when the drop fell the weight of the body fell upon the iron hoop supported by an appropriate body harness in such a way that he escaped physically unhurt. When he had drawn his legs up and down two or three times the attending physicians pronounced him dead, and he was turned over to his friends for interment.

The coffin, which was actually buried, contained nothing but stones. While the last sad rites were being pronounced, Bill Langley was well on his way out of the country. He has been living since his supposed execution in Nicaragua, where he has become a leading citizen and one of the largest land and cattle herders in Central America. Those who know Campbell Langley do not hesitate to believe his story, which he now makes public only because Sheriff Brown, who officiated at the supposed execution, died in Lee County last week.

### RIGHTS OF BALL-PLAYERS.

A Movement to Prevent the Buying and Selling of Them. [Boston dispatch.]

Now that all other labor troubles are settled, or in process of settlement, the baseball players are coming forward and demanding that their claims be satisfied. With them it is not a question of pay or hours of work, but simply an abolishment or amendment of the present methods by which they are bought and sold as completely as were ever black slaves before the emancipation proclamation. There is at present a base-ball union, called the Brotherhood of League Base-Ball Players, of which Ward, of New York, is President, and before next week is out the brotherhood will have informed the League managers fully of what it intends to demand, and the presumption is that most of its demands will be satisfied. There is as yet no talk of strikes or lockouts, and it is hoped that the settlement will be an amicable one, for it is felt on all sides that if the brotherhood should take the bit in its teeth the disruption of the National League would be the result.

The brotherhood is weaker in Chicago than other cities, only Williamson, Pfeffer and Flint being members, but the Chicago club has to stand or fall with the League, and if it is broken in New York, Detroit, Boston and Philadelphia President Spalding will find his occupation gone. Just as surely, also, if it comes to a fight, the sympathy of the public will be with the ball-players.

### THE NEW ULM MASSACRE.

Celebration of the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Battle. [New Ulm (Minn.) telegram.]

Tuesday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the battle of New Ulm, and the city gave a right royal welcome to the surviving defenders who, a quarter of a century ago, risked their lives in her defense. It was at a time when the drafts upon Minnesota for the civil war had taken away many of her able-bodied citizens, leaving comparatively few to defend the firesides. The Indians seized this opportunity, and then followed the great Sioux massacre, the most sanguinary conflict of which was the battle of New Ulm. But Colonel Charles Flandrau, now of St. Paul, and a few well-armed men came from St. Peter and the town was saved. Numbers of the old defenders were at New Ulm from Mankato, St. Paul, Le Sueur, St. Peter, and other cities. All the streets were gayly decorated.

### A Woman Office-holder.

Miss Minna R. Pollock is the first lady ever appointed Commissioner of Deeds in New York City. She is the daughter of Julius R. Pollock, of Hamburg, Germany, and Mrs. Elliot Haswell Pollock, of Glasgow, Scotland. Miss Pollock was born at



Manchester, England, and was soon taken by her parents to Hamburg, and three years thereafter to New York City. She received her education at Glasgow and in England, completing it in Vienna, Austria. She is a lady of wide travel and experience.

## MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—A Jackson manufacturer is shipping wagons to Australia.

—Jackson's gas well is down 2,030 feet. There is lots of salt, but no gas.

—It is thought the Jackson prison coal mines will not last more than six months.

—The Jackson barbers divided \$86 in the treasury and disbanded their protective union.

—Notwithstanding the severe drought throughout Kalkaska and Crawford Counties, the lakes and wells contain more than the usual amount of water.

—Tom Toner, of Hart, is being sued by his brother Mike for \$1,000 damages for applying the gad too often to the latter's back when he thought he wasn't doing enough.

—Somebody who has noticed the alacrity with which the Jackson firemen shell out on every occasion, has presented them with an emblematic mascot in the shape of a large turtle.

—A farmer of Ogden, Lenawee County, has struck natural gas. It was found in a field at the depth of ninety feet. When lighted the flame is as big as a barrel and fifteen feet high.

—Oscar Rollins, of Jackson, while practicing with a target gun, accidentally shot a boy named Louis Schempf in the face. It was a twenty-two caliber ball. The wound is not dangerous.

—Mrs. Margaret Anson, of Horton, has commenced suit against the Lake Shore Railroad for \$15,000 damages, for injuries received while getting off the cars last November, said injuries crippling her for life.

—Mrs. J. B. Fletcher, of Clinton, confined in the asylum at Kalamazoo for a month past, cut her throat with a piece of looking-glass, and was dead when discovered. Mrs. Fletcher was stricken suddenly with insanity, the result of a fright, and had shown suicidal tendencies. She was not watched.

—A subscription paper is being circulated at Belleville for the purpose of raising money to bore a well that will supply water in case of fire. The town at present is unprotected. Belleville needs several reservoirs for water, for if a fire should break out, the water supply is so limited during the summer season that before help could be obtained the whole town would have to go.

—A man at Creek Settlement, not long ago held the wires of his telephone line in his hands and had his sister, a couple of miles away, talk through his body to a third party on the other end of the wire. The result was a pleasant, tinkling shock in his fingers and arms. An intrepid neighbor who heard about it also tied the experiment, his mother-in-law doing the talking, and she was torn to atoms.

—In view of the fact that it is claimed by the late Jesse Hoyt's brother that his daughter Irene is insane, a movement is now being made in East Saginaw to examine her. E. C. Carrigan, who is there with her, invited the Mayor, the City Attorney, the Comptroller, and several Aldermen and newspaper reporters to meet Miss Hoyt and talk business matters. Afterward they all signed a paper to the effect that they did not believe she was insane.

—There are about fifty lumber firms operating on the Muskegon River, and they have during the past winter and up to the present time put into the Muskegon and tributaries 5,231,832 logs, scaling, according to the scale adopted, 512,873,061 feet. This will saw out from 550,000,000 to 575,000,000 feet of lumber. This amount, together with the logs that will be put in by railroad before the rear drive passes, will run the aggregate up to from 600,000,000 to 625,000,000 feet—a big season's work.

—A street fight near the "flying dutchman," at Ann Arbor, the other night, attracted the attention of a number of spectators. The scrimmage was a lively one between a miller and a carpenter. When the fight ended one emerged with a blackened optic and a flattened nose and the other with a dislocated finger joint. The worst of the whole matter was that each of the combatants had two little sons present who encouraged them with such expressions as "Hit him, pa!" "Give him another, pa!" "Kick him, pa!" etc. Soon quiet was restored, one of the combatants landing in the ditch. Meantime the "flying dutchman" kept whirling around in spite of the strong counter attraction.

—While East a few days ago, W. B. Mershon went on board the Volunteer, the yacht built by Gen. Paine to compete with the Thistle for the America's cup, for which the Mayflower outailed the Galatea last year and the Puritan ran away from the Genesta the year before. Mr. M. says she is a fine model and looks every inch a sailor, finely furnished and finished, the inside wood finish being made in pine shipped from the Saginaw Valley. And now, as the above is a fact, her actions in light and strong winds in her contests with the Thistle, as it is altogether likely that she will be the competitor, as the Volunteer has outtailed the fastest racing yachts on this side of the Atlantic in every trial of speed she has contested in since her debut on salt water, the people in the valley will watch the races with a double interest—first, in wanting America's center boards to be peers over English productions, and second, in not wanting Michigan pine to be brought up in the rear of any other lumber. Good luck to the Volunteer.



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 3, 1887.

## MACATAWA MENTION.

The Season Approaching an End.  
Items of Interest.

Jim Ryder has sold his cottage on Breezy avenue to James Corbey, of Grand Rapids. He realized a very good sum on the original investment.

Mrs. F. O. Nye has been sojourning for the past week at the Park Hotel. She prefers rustication without the heat and rush of the season.

Mr. E. J. Harrington says that he has disposed of twenty lots in Macatawa Grove this season to persons who will eventually erect cottages.

Martin Beukema is already having a large number of new boats constructed for next season's business. He says that this year's business has far exceeded any previous one with him.

Among the many other improvements contemplated at Macatawa Park next season is the construction of a new covered dock for the passenger business. The present one will be used for lumber and freight.

Mr. Hugh Bradshaw, of Chicago, who has a very attractive cottage on the south side of Macatawa Bay, is interesting himself to a considerable extent in having a Chicago boat line next year. He will invest money in such an enterprise.

N. B. Scribner, F. E. O'Hara, G. A. O'Hara, G. F. Godfrey, Mrs. Frank Eastman, Miss Lucy Long, Mrs. J. Wilcox, and the Misses Jennie and May Godfrey, composed a late summer and early fall party that spent last Sunday at Macatawa Park. We will venture to say, however, that no party visiting the park this year enjoyed themselves better.

Proprietor Marshall of the Bay View Hotel tells us that he has no occasion to grumble over the summer's business, although he has not had a sufficient number of rooms for the accommodation of guests. Mr. Marshall, like every one else, thinks the future prospects of the Macatawa Resorts very promising, but says that he will not take the Bay View house another year unless it is enlarged.

According to a check kept with the Chicago & West Michigan R'y Co., the steamer Queen of the Lakes has up to date for this year carried very nearly 55,000 people between Holland and the Macatawa Resorts. This number does not include those who have paid local fares from Holland, but only those holding railroad coupons. Taking those carried by the Macatawa and the excursionists coming by steamer from lake points it is fair to estimate that at least 75,000 people have visited the Resorts this season, more than double what came in 1886.

Both the Macatawa Park and Ottawa Beach Associations have determined upon realizing some revenue from their properties next season. Up to the present time they have kept up the Resorts for the benefit of the railroad company and the boats, and have now come to the conclusion that as they have virtually created the business it is only reasonable that they should have a portion of the income. Committees have been appointed to confer with the Chicago & West Michigan R'y officials, also with Messrs. Dexter & Noble, and it is expected that a meeting will shortly be held at which time an amicable agreement will be reached. On such an agreement will depend somewhat to what extent improvements will be made this winter.

The other day Mrs. Ryder of the Park Hotel set one of her kitchen "regulars" at work freezing ice cream. He was one of the kind that you had to keep your eye upon in order to have him accomplish anything. Shortly after assigning him the task Mrs. Ryder took a peep into the yard to see how the work was progressing, and, to her surprise, found that the "regular" had disappeared and had substituted a "verdant" from the country. With the remark "He takes the cake" she started off in search of the "regular." Construing her remarks to mean that he had stolen some cake, the "verdant" rushed off frantically toward the sand hills screaming "I don't take the cake! I don't take the cake!" At last accounts he was seen walking on the beach between Saugatuck and South Haven and looking behind every minute or two to see whether he was being followed up or not.

The thousands of people who have visited the Resorts this season have been congratulating themselves over the fact that no accidents had occurred to mar the many pleasures. The papers have also with not a little pride spoken of how fortunate the Resorts had been in not having to contend with the fact that lives had been lost there while indulging in these pleasures. Now, however, at the very end of the season, owing to an accident which could not have been avoided, the life of a young and promising boy has been sacrificed. On Wednesday morning three young men, Hal Sears, Cass Cole,

and Charles Perkins, who have been camping at Ottawa Beach started out in the yacht "Dolphin" on their way to Grand Rapids via Grand Haven and the Grand River. The Dolphin, a small yacht, had been heavily ballasted for the lake portion of the trip. At the time there was a moderate south-east wind blowing and the boys felt satisfied that they could make Grand Haven with perfect safety, when only about a mile on their journey a "cat puff" coming through one of the gaps in the sand hills, overturned the boat which, on account of the heavy ballast, immediately went to the bottom, leaving the three occupants struggling in the water about three-quarters of a mile from shore. All the boys were known to be good swimmers and at first did not seem to realize the danger of their position. From what the two survivors tell us, Cole lost entirely his self possession and instead of making an effort to save himself splashed around in an aimless sort of a way. Sears, who found himself in possession of an oar, turned it over to Cole and struck out for shore as did also Perkins, the latter being supported by a small box that floated from the boat. Both Perkins and Sears reached the beach in an almost exhausted condition, but their companion sunk and at last accounts his body had not been recovered. The Life Saving Crew worked diligently nearly all day Wednesday to find the drowned boy, but without success. There was a strong north current prevailing at the time the accident occurred and it is almost impossible to locate the body. Cass Cole was eighteen years of age and a young boy who was held in high esteem by a large circle of acquaintances. He has a father, brother and two sisters living in Grand Rapids, who were immediately notified of the sad accident. He in company with the Perkins boys and two sons of Captain Gavett had been occupying the latter's tent at Ottawa Beach for some time.

## A Rousing Testimonial.

We, the undersigned residents of Ottawa County, Michigan, do hereby certify that, before seeing the hedges of the Michigan Hedge Company and making a careful examination of the plans and methods used by them in the construction of their hedge; also their ways of dealing with farmers who were patrons of the company, we might have believed Mr. Souter's statement in the last issue of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a candid one, but we unhesitatingly say his article is misleading and untrue, and evidently done through malice because their business interferes with his selling a few hedge plants. We deem the Hedge Company's work in our county and vicinity one of the greatest improvements that can possibly come within the reach of all at such reasonable prices and such easy terms, and that no person having the public good in view would do aught to retard the work. We, as every careful thinker, knows without a moment's reflection, that the so-called hedges scattered over our country are merely rows of bush and nuisances in every particular, Souter's statement to the contrary notwithstanding. They have not one redeeming feature and are neither practical, beautiful, nor ornamental, and we candidly believe that no tasteful, tidy, farmer, not excepting Souter, would willingly have one like the very best of these when such a splendid opportunity is offered, and on such easy terms, and with such a reliable guarantee by a company of twenty-seven years' experience and whose hedges extend over sixteen states and who have at this time over fifteen hundred miles in Michigan. We speak from what we have seen, in speaking of the merits of this fence we are candid in pronouncing it the cheapest and most ornamental and easiest cared for fence in the world. We will say for the benefit of all that we are patrons of the company and that we pay the same price required of all, \$1 per rod, one-quarter each year for four years and that our desire to see this business flourish is simply for the good of the farming community. Knowing what we do about this hedge we are satisfied that did each land-owner know its merits as well, they would do as we have done, place their names among the company's patrons.

A. RIDDERING, J. P.  
HIRAM BAKKER,  
JOHN KRAMER,  
DIRK MEDEMA.

Knowing the honesty, ability and integrity of the above named gentlemen as we do, we can fully endorse their statements.

B. VAN RAALTE,  
SAMUEL SMITH,  
PETER BOOT,  
C. VER SCHURE,  
Cashier of Holland City Bank.

It's all very well to talk about building new Railroads and new Steam Ships—but how could men, women, and children travel on them without Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup? Think of it. Ponder it. "Neither a borrower nor a lender be," but take your own twenty-five cents, and go round to your own druggist, and buy yourself a bottle of Salvation Oil for your sprains, aches, and pains.

## New Advertisements.

# MOVING!

Yes the

## MOVING

of all kinds of

## -BUILDINGS-

will be promptly and cheaply done by

## S. LIEVENSE

Mr. Lievense has purchased the entire outfit for moving buildings formerly owned by W. H. Finch and will hereafter attend to all jobs of that kind which he may be called upon to do, as cheap as possible and in a business-like manner. Mr. Lievense has lived here for years and is well known to the people of this section and it is hoped that all who have buildings to move will patronize "home industry" and give Mr. Lievense a call.

# Moving !!

of large

## BUILDINGS

By

## S. LIEVENSE

Done

## CHEAPLY

And Promptly.

## BRUSSE BROS., TAILORS AND HATTERS

Have the Goods! The right goods and plenty of them for an immense Fall Trade. The past season has far exceeded all expectations. For the coming Fall Trade we have made every preparation. With the best quality of goods at prices that are unquestionably RIGHT, we are confident of a constantly increasing business.

## BRUSSE BROS.

STEAMER

## "Queen of the Lakes,"

F. L. JOHNSON, Master.

This large and beautiful side-wheel steamer plying between Holland City and the Macatawa and Ottawa Beach Resorts will run until further notice on the following time:

Leave R. R. Dock, Holland, at 8 a. m., 10:20 a. m., 2 p. m., and 6:25 p. m.  
Leave Resorts at 8:45 a. m., 12:40 p. m., 4:55 p. m., and 7:50 p. m.

Sunday School Picnic Parties and large excursions will be given reduced rates.

DAILY EXCURSIONS

On Lake Michigan at 3 o'clock p. m., weather permitting.  
Freight Rates made known on application.  
F. L. JOHNSON, Master.  
25-2mos.

## C. A. STEVENSON,

Successor to

## H. WYKHUYSEN,

Dealer in

## WATCHES,

Clocks and Jewelry,

## MERIDEN SILVER WARE,

Rogers' Knives, Forks and Spoons.

A large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Etc.

Repairing of every description done promptly and carefully.

Store next door to News Office.

C. A. STEVENSON.  
Holland, Mich., Aug. 4, 1887. 27-1yr.

## SPRING and SUMMER 1887.

A full line of

## SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

White Goods, Sateens and Table Linens,

has been received at

## G. Van Putten & Sons,

and many New and Desirable Goods.

Our Stock of

## -GROCERIES-

is full and complete and kept fresh by frequent invoices.

It will positively

## PAY YOU

To examine our stock and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.  
Holland, Mich., May 5, 1887.

## NEW STORE

—AND—

## New Goods!

## O. BREYMAN & SON,

Dealers in

## JEWELRY,

Watches, Clocks,

Solid and Plated Ware, Spectacles, Etc.

We have just occupied our new store on the corner of Market and Eighth Streets, and will be pleased to see the people of Holland and vicinity at any time. We are selling Goops cheaper than ever and intend to give customers their money's worth.

Call early and make good purchases and be assured of good bargains.

We have some very fine novelties in Jewelry.

O. BREYMAN.  
Holland, Mich., Aug. 18, 1887.

THE

## MISSSES WERKMAN

Have received a new line of attractive

## Millinery Goods.

Which are being sold at astonishingly low prices.

We have the latest styles of

## Hats, Bonnets, etc.

for Ladies, Misses, and Children, and also

## Special Bargains

—IN—

## Ribbons, Gauzes, Silks, AND VELVETS

and all in the new shades and colors.

## Call and See Our Goods.

Stamping Done to Order.

MISSSES WERKMAN.  
Holland, Mich., June 20, 1887. 20-1f.

## F. A. HARDY & CO.'S

TRADE MARK.

## PRISMIDAL SPECTACLES

Youth's Keen and Easy Vision Restored. These glasses are ground on a NEW PRINCIPLE, which gives the aid the eye requires without causing any strain or sense of weariness. FOR SALE BY

C. A. STEVENSON,  
JEWELER,  
HOLLAND, MICH.

25-6mos.



# Secretary of County Board of School Examiners.

Chairmen of several Township Boards School Inspectors of Ottawa County, Minn.

ENTLEMEN:—We would respectfully ask you to the following brief synopsis of the work of the County Board of Examiners together with a report of the County for so far as we have means at hand to inform ourselves:

Two regular public examinations have been held by the Board of School Examiners at the County Seat as provided by law. Also five special examinations at the following named places, viz: two at Hudsonville, one at Grand Haven, one at Coopersville and one at Zeeland. The whole number of applicants for teachers' certificates enrolled was 277 or an average of nearly 40 at each examination.

One hundred and ninety certificates were issued, viz: Seven 1st grades, Eleven 2nd grades, and One hundred and seventy-two 3rd grades. Twenty-three applied to the Secretary for special certificates, seventeen of whom passing a satisfactory examination on 3d grade questions or having previously held a certificate under some County Board, and having satisfactory reasons for not appearing before the Board were granted such special.

The last of these expired April 29th. Since more teachers are licensed each year than are necessary to supply the schools of the county, the examining board have done all in their power to weed out the undeserving teachers, and required a standing of strictly 75 per cent, for 3rd grade, 85 for 2nd grade, and 90 for 1st grade certificates.

There is a perceptible increase in the number of licensed teachers but this must be ascribed to the lower grade of questions furnished by the Department of Public Instruction, and to a better preparation on the part of the teachers.

A charge of inability to govern was preferred against one of our otherwise successful teachers. The charge was fully sustained by witnesses who appeared before the examining board and it thereupon became our painful duty to revoke said teacher's certificate.

The reports of the Chairmen of Boards of Inspectors of the several townships with but one or two exceptions are very satisfactory giving much information that aids the examining board in the faithful discharge of their duties.

Allendale has 9 districts, employing 9 teachers. Blendon has no reports on file. The township of Chester has 8 school districts, enrolling on an average 33 pupils, employs 9 teachers at the average wages of \$27 per month, seven of whom are reported as doing efficient work, one as fair, and one as poor.

Crockery has seven districts enrolling on an average 43 pupils, employs 8 teachers at the average wages of \$30 per month, all of whom are reported as doing efficient work.

Georgetown has ten districts, enrolling 44 pupils on an average, employs 10 teachers at the average wages of \$30 per month, five of whom are reported as doing efficient work, four as fair and one as poor.

Grand Haven has 5 districts, enrolling on an average 30 pupils, employs 5 teachers at the average wages of \$29 per month, three of whom are reported as doing efficient work, two as fair, and two as poor.

Holland has 11 districts, enrolling 62 pupils on an average, employs 14 teachers at the average wages of \$36 a month, ten of whom are reported as doing efficient work two as fair, and two as poor.

Jamestown has 8 districts, enrolling 57 pupils on an average, employs 9 teachers, at the average wages of \$37 per month, seven of whom are reported as doing efficient work, two as fair, and none as poor.

Olive has 8 districts, enrolling 42 pupils on an average, employs 8 teachers at the average wages of \$26 per month, six teachers are reported as doing efficient work and two as poor.

Polkton has 9 districts, enrolling on an average 45 pupils, employs 12 teachers at the average wages of \$28 per month, all reported as doing efficient work.

Robinson has 6 districts, enrolling on an average 19 pupils, employs 6 teachers at the average wages of \$23 per month, five teachers are reported as doing efficient work and one as fair.

Spring Lake has 3 districts, enrolling 46 pupils as an average to each teacher, employs 13 teachers at the average wages of \$41 per month, all teachers reported as doing efficient work.

Talmadge has 7 districts with an average enrollment of 30 pupils, employs seven teachers at \$26 per month on an average. All teachers are reported as doing efficient work.

Wright has 9 districts, enrolling 27 pupils on an average, employs 10 teachers at average wages of \$24 a month. Six teachers are reported as doing efficient work, two as fair, and two as poor.

Zeeland has 7 districts, enrolling 56 pupils on an average. Employs 12 teachers at the average wages at \$37 per month. Seven teachers are reported as doing efficient work, two as fair and two as poor.

The whole number of districts is 117, employing 143 teachers, 10 of whom hold 1st grade certificates, 9 2nd grade, and 123 3rd grade. Nineteen are reported as poor teachers and 17 as only fairly successful in their work. There is a slight decrease in wages paid in all townships except Crockery, Grand Haven, and Jamestown which show a slight increase.

Two associations during the past school year have been sustained by our teachers which speaks well for their interest in the work in hand, and we believe cannot fail to be perceptibly felt in the marked improvement in their school work.

The North Ottawa Teachers' Association has held five meetings. Has a membership of forty and an average attendance of thirty.

The South Ottawa Teachers' Association has held eight meetings. Has a membership of twenty-nine and an average attendance of twenty.

Finally allow me to urge you, Chairmen Boards of Inspectors not to relax your interest in the work after the new law, establishing county supervision, goes into effect. You will have the immediate supervision of the schools of your respective townships in charge.

The Secretary to be appointed will need your hearty support, and to arrive at the best results there must be thorough cooperation of the township school in-

spectors with the County Board of Examiners.

Let us aim not to discourage or drive from the ranks of teachers any who are willing to prepare themselves, but to enlist the sympathies and labors of the best talent in the county; to arouse new interest and encourage all legitimate means for the better preparation of those who are to be the instructors in our schools.

The present system has done much to advance the standard of teachers and schools, but we believe that if the new system is judiciously managed and efficiently applied it must prove a decided advance over the former and be an effective agency toward the ushering in of the time when teaching will be recognized as the fourth great profession.

ALBERT LAHUIS,  
Sec'y Co. Board of School Examiners.

## Baking Powder Tramps.

The danger to the public health from the indiscriminate use of the many lime and alum baking powders of commerce has been so fully exposed that everybody desires to avoid them. As "forewarned is forearmed," housekeepers will thank us for apprising them of the special efforts at present being made to dispose of such powders in this vicinity.

The proprietors of some of the worst of these powders are now going from house to house, trying by means of a trick, or so called test, with heat and water, to show that their article is as good as the Royal Baking Powder, making the comparison by appraising them of the special efforts at present being made to dispose of such powders in this vicinity.

The housekeeper will do well to be on her guard against these baking powder tramps. Every intelligent person knows that any goods peddled from house to house in this manner, or that are given away in samples, or sought to be introduced by secretly traducing the character of other goods well known to be pure and reliable, have no merits of their own, and have failed to find purchasers through legitimate means.

We are informed, as a matter of fact, that one of these tramps is trying to introduce a powder that has been found by the Government chemist to be 11.85 per cent lime, while the other peddles a powder that is 20 per cent alum—one a powerful caustic, the other a corrosive poison.

No such tricks or jugglery will be apt to deceive any intelligent person. The housekeeper who has used her Royal Baking Powder ever since she discarded cream of tartar and soda, knows more about its qualities than all the tramps in the country can teach her. The crucial test to which she has put the Royal Baking Powder—the test of actual and successful work in the preparation of pure and wholesome food, under which it has never failed—is entirely satisfactory to her. She has always had "good luck" with it in making light, sweet, and delicious bread, biscuit, and cake, and has placed it, to stay, at the head of her household favorites. She knows that it has been officially approved by the Government chemists as the best, and we imagine that the baking powder tramp who attempts to supplant its place in her confidence will find this a bad year for his business.

## Common Council.

HOLLAND, MICH., August 30, 1887.  
The Common Council met in special session and was called to order by the Mayor.

Present: Mayor McBride, Ald. Harrington, Carr, Steketee, Kramer, Van Ark and the Clerk.  
The Mayor stated that the meeting was called in order to hear objections, if any, to plans and estimates of the expense for the proposed improvement, grading of South Cedar street special street assessment district, and such other business as may come before the Council.

The reading of the minutes was suspended.  
P. Oosting and four other property owners petitioned as follows: GENTLEMEN:—We the undersigned property owners, owning property on the streets hereinafter named and which will be effected by the proposed improvement, hereby petition your honorable body to grade Eleventh street from the center of Maple street, west to Van Raalte Avenue, in said City of Holland, and that the filling necessary at Tannery Creek in said street be done and the said creek be bridged, at the expense of said City of Holland as has been done at Eleventh street. That the said grading be done for the entire width of said street and that a gravel roadway, 20 feet wide, be placed upon said street, after grading, of quality and in the manner and thickness similar to other parts of said Eleventh street, and your petitioners will ever pray.—Laid upon the table.

William Roozboom, contractor for grading and graveling Market street, petitioned that, as the Council had not decided whether the gravel to be placed on said street should be taken from the City's or Boone's gravel pit, he be permitted to take the gravel from Boone's pit.

Ald. Steketee moved that the prayers of the petitioner be granted, provided the gravel was of a quality equal to that on Cedar and Tenth streets.—Carried.

The following bills were presented for payment: P. Koning, witness fees suit before Circuit Court, Commissioner of Highways, vs. City of Holland, \$1.10; R. E. Werkman, two turned lamp posts, \$2.50; P. Prins, paid one poor order, \$2.00; George Deming, watching at fire July 10, 1887, \$1.50; Alfred Huntley, machine for fire department, \$3.25.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the several amounts.

Ald. Carr, Chairman of the Committee on City Library, reported that since the making out of a catalogue of the books in the city library there are missing eighteen books.

Ald. Harrington moved that the Committee on City Library be given further time in which to ascertain and report the titles and value of the books missing.—Carried.

The following bills having been approved by the Board of Water Commissioners, to-wit: The Common Council for payment, viz: R. E. Werkman, timber and nails for water works, 35 cts.; John Louw, 2 1/2 days labor digging up suction pipe to well, \$3.44; Alfred Huntley, material and labor as machinist, \$28; Alfred Huntley, labor as superintendent, \$19.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer in payment thereof.

The following communication was received from the Board of Water Commissioners, to-wit: HOLLAND, MICH., Aug. 29, 1887.  
GENTLEMEN:—We would respectfully recommend to your honorable body that a 4-inch water main be laid on the north side of Eleventh street, from River street to Maple street, connecting with mains now laid on River and Maple streets, so as to enable residents on Eleventh street to procure water from the city water works and also provide additional fire protection for that part of our city. We attach estimate and if approved by your honorable body would respectfully request that arrangements be made at once for raising the necessary money so that the work can be completed before cold weather. Signed: R. D. Nye, John Kramer, R. E. Werkman, Board of Water Commissioners.

On motion of Ald. Steketee the communication was laid upon the table.

The Secretary of Eagle Hose Company reported the resignation of F. Dykema, and the election of Martin Vanderpool as member of said company subject to the approval of the Common Council.—Approved.

The Clerk reported that no objections had been filed in the City Clerk's office to plans and estimates to the improving, grading, of South Cedar street special street assessment district, that notice had been given two weeks in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, according to the requirements of law.—Accepted and placed on file.

Ald. Carr moved that rules numbered one, six, eight, nine, ten, and eleven, of rules adopted May 19th, 1872, for the government of the City Library be and the same are hereby repealed and annulled.—Carried.

Ald. Harrington moved that the Clerk advertise, one insertion, in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS for sealed proposals for the furnishing and delivering of lumber to the City of Holland for one year.—Carried.

Ald. Kramer moved that the Committee on Streets and Bridges, together with the Mayor and Clerk, be and are hereby authorized to examine on Saturday, September 3rd, 1887, at 10 a. m., the grading of Market street and if completed according to contract to accept of same.—Carried.

Council adjourned to Tuesday, September 6th, 1887, at 7:30 p. m.

Geo. B. Sirt, City Clerk.

## In Brief, and to the Point.

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember:—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

## OUT AROUND.

### West Olive.

Will Anys is acting the cripple for a few days having ran his knee against an ax.

A telegraph line was put in Sunday, connecting the residence of Chas Shearer with the Gokey building.

There have been several narrow escapes lately from frost. No damage done to our knowledge by the one last week.

We are still at large and able to use our own pencil as we do not believe in picking up what others lay down that does not belong to us.

Mrs. Lick, of Fruitport, who has spent a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Norrington, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Barlow, returned home Tuesday.

A number of the W. C. T. U. women from here and Ottawa Station attended the convention at Holland this week. There will undoubtedly be a temperance side to that business.

A number of the people here attended the funeral of Burr Beers at Ottawa Station on Saturday. Mrs. Beers has removed her household goods from the Mill house to the home of her mother, Mrs. Dennis.

Threshing is being finished about here. Wheat generally yielding very light, from three to seven bushels per acre. Henry Schriber had an extra yield, twenty-two bushels per acre. Rye yielded fair, but not heavy. Considerable rye has been sown and is up. Some grass seed is being sown, and corn is being cut and is considered fairly ripened. Tomatoes and cucumbers are rather behind hand and it is feared that the frost may nip them.

We believe that further comments from us concerning the late unpleasantness and the outcroppings thereof is unnecessary as we think that the majority of the readers of the News have a sufficient knowledge of the ways of the world that they know just what class of beings it always arouses when a blow is struck at whiskey, and we can assure them that this case has been no exception. We might write some very hard facts in explanation of matters; also some very distasteful personal biographies, but we refrain for decency's sake.

"H. A."

## A Woman's Discovery.

"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this county. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz."

Thus writes W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C.—Trial bottles free at Yates & Kane's, Holland, and A. De Kruijff, Zeeland.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys and Justices.

DIERKEMA G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, I., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, J. Fessink & Bro., Proprietors, Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

VAN DOMMELEN, P., wholesale and retail Baker of rusk, (biscuit) and sweet cakes, Eighth street, near River.

### Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

### Boots and Shoes.

ELDER, J. D., the cheapest place in the city to buy Boots and Shoes, River street.

VAN DUREN BROS., dealers in Boots and Shoes. A large assortment always on hand. Eighth street.

SPRIETSMAN S., manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes. The oldest Boot and Shoe House in the city. Eighth street.

### Bank.

HOLLAND CITY BANK, foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Eighth street.

### Clothing.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, keeps the largest stock of Cloth and Ready-made Clothing in city. Eighth street.

JONKMAN & DYKEMA, dealer in Ready-made Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

VORST W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing clothing a specialty cheap and good. River street.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

### Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, Kremers & Bangs, Proprietors.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Patents and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. Stock always fresh and complete, cor Eighth and River streets.

### Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

DE JONG, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DE VRIES D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Buttery always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEKETEE A., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, etc. Double Brick Store, Eighth street.

STEKETEE PETER & CO., general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The best stock of Crockery in city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

WERKMAN, R. E., proprietor of the Phoenix Cheap Cash Store and dealer in General Merchandise, cor. River and Tenth streets.

WISE J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite City Hall.

### Fire and Life Insurance.

LAMBERT J. A., Fire and Life Insurance Agent. Good and reliable companies represented. Give me a call.

### Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Carpets, Picture Frames, etc., River St.

### Flour Mills.

CITY MILLS, C. P. Becker, proprietor, manufacturer of "Purity" and several other brands of first-class flour.

WALSH, DE ROO & CO., Manufacturers of Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roller Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

### Hardware.

KANTERS R. & SONS, dealers in general hardware, steam, and gas fittings a specialty. No. 54 Eighth street.

VAN OORT J. E., dealer in General Hardware, Stores, Paint, Oils, Glass, etc., Eighth street, opp. Post Office.

VAN LANDEGEND, T., Sheet Metal Worker, galvanizing iron cornices, hot air furnaces, plumbing and steam fitting, wood and iron pumps, Eighth street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheet iron ware. Corner River and Eighth street.

### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, Proprietor, located near depot of C. & W. M. R'y. A well appointed Hotel. Rates reasonable.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

HARRINGTON, E. J. Jr., proprietor of Holland City Sale and Exchange Stable. General teaming done, cor. Market and Seventh st.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

ELIEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HIGGINS & HANSON, Manufacturers of the "Anchor Brand" of Water-proof Horse and Wagon Covers, Coats, Leggings, Aprons, Overalls, Awnings, Tents, etc. Factory, Eighth St.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

HOLLAND CRYSTAL CREAMERY, Notter & Bakelaar, proprietors. Pure Butter in packages. Fish street.

HUNTLEY A., Practical Machinist, Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HOLLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, L. T. Kanters, General Manager, Wind Mills, Tanks, etc., a specialty.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder, and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kleyn, Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick, Sixth street.

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, R. E. Werkman, proprietor, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, and brick. River street.

THE CAPRON & BERTSCH LEATHER CO., tanners of Hemlock Slaughter Sole, Harness, Grain, Calf and Kip. Office, Grand Rapids.

TAKKEN & DE SPEDER, Manufacturers of Carriages, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs. Sole owners of IXL Patent Wagon. Special attention to Horsehoofing and Repairing. River street.

TE ROLLER, HEIN, Builder and Designer of all kinds of Buildings. Office on River street.

VAN PUTTEN & CO. J., proprietors of Holland City Butter Tub Factory, manufacturers of White Ash Butter Tubs.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana Blend. Smoke them. For sale by all dealers.

WILMS P., Pump manufacturer, and dealer in Agricultural Implements of all kinds. South River street.

### Merchant Tailors.

BRUSSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

### Marble Works.

DE MEHRELL R. N., dealer in Granite and Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, Building Work done. Eighth street.

### Meat Markets.

DOK, C. & SON, Fresh and Salt Meats, and choice steaks always on hand. River street.

KUITE J., wholesale and retail dealer in fresh, salt and smoked meats. No. 38 Eighth St.

VAN DUREN & VAN DER VEER, First Ward Meat Market. Choice meats always on hand. Eighth street, near Fish.

### Millinery.

VAN DEN BERGE L. & S. & CO., Millinery and Fancy Goods. The oldest millinery establishment in the city. Cor. Eighth and Cedar streets.

### Photographers.

BURGESS & YOUNG, Best cabinet photos. made in the city only \$3.00 per doz. Views taken outside on short notice. Eighth street.

KELLER, H., all kinds of work in the photographic line executed with care and dispatch. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size. Cabinet Photos \$3.00 per doz. Gallery on Eighth St., opp. News office.

### Physicians.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's Drug Store. Residence, Corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in house formerly occupied by L. Sprietman. Office Hours: 9 to 10 a. m., and 3 to 5 p. m.

WETMORE, J. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office Hours: 10.30 a. m. to 12 m., 2.30 to 4 p. m., and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Office: In rooms over News Office.

### Saloons.

BLOM, C., proprietor of the "Rose Bud Saloon" and dealer in liquors and cigars. River street.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

HUNT R. A., dealer in Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. Saloon in First Ward, three doors east of City Hall.

### Second Hand Store.

BOSMAN, A. B., proprietor of Second Hand Store, and dealer in Stoves, Tinware, etc., Eighth street.

### Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

### Miscellaneous.

KEPPEL, T., dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, salt, land and calcined plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar streets.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, July 3, 1887.

#### FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.

TOWNS.
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## THE TROUBLE AT SANDY FLAT.

He'd jes' come down from Bearin' Run, he told the boys he met,  
An' he'd come down to wade in blood an' hev a time you bet;  
Fer he'd heered the Flat were some on the fight an' shoot and kill,  
An' that they kinder blowed around they thought he'd get his fill;  
But he allowed 'twould jes' be fun,  
Ter swing around a ten-inch gun,  
An' learn 'em all to hev respect for men from Bearin' Run!

He explained he were a slycone as could tear an' snort an' rip—  
He'd then perced to do it all of they gave him any lip;  
That when he fit he al'ays come a-sweepin' like a gale,  
An' er' the end an enemy he camped right on his trail;  
An' that they'd say he weighed a ton  
About the time the fight begun,  
An' that Harney's Peak were on 'em when they'd done with Bearin' Run!

He stepped up to a feller as he 'lowed 'n'd make a bite,  
An' slapped him one, he said, "ter inangerate the fight!"  
But the cuss he swung a billiard cue that knocked him on the floor,  
An' then he kicked him through the screen as stood up by the door;  
An' then they 'lowed the fight were done,  
About the time that it begun,  
An' the terror scooted up the gulch that led towards Bearin' Run!

—Dakota Bell.

## A BLISSFUL REUNION.

BY GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

He was a little old man, verging perhaps on 60, with closely-cropped hair, and a hat which Wilhelm could not keep from thinking was one size or more too big for him. A little old man with sad eyes, but with a pleasant voice, and a smile that often quite banished all trace of melancholy from his face.

But Wilhelm—the headwaiter at the dingy old Paris restaurant, where for months he had presented himself at the same hour daily—had taken to him from the very first, and as the gentleman seemed to count retirement, used invariably to ensconce him in the snug corner of the room, not far from the charcoal stove—the time was winter—and with no other companions save a pair of tabby cats.

"What is it to-day?" M. Albano would inquire, as he seated himself at his table, with his feet on a morsel of goat-skin placed there for them. "What is it to-day, Wilhelm?"

And Wilhelm used invariably to place a white dimpled fore-finger against the name of some particular dish on the card, and that was the dish M. Albano invariably chose.

It was not long before Wilhelm found out that M. Albano was, like himself, a Hungarian, and, like himself, an exile. They were friends, indeed, after this. Wilhelm told the little old man his story, and to some extent the little old man told Wilhelm his. There was some difference, nevertheless, in their stations in life, for in his own dear land M. Albano had been a count, while Wilhelm had been but a junior engineer.

"And so you are really going?" said Wilhelm, as he stood one day near his friend, the empty soup-bowl in his right hand.

"Really going, Wilhelm."  
"Oh, dear! Monsieur, I shall sadly miss you. Is it Brussels, Monsieur, Berlin, or Moscow? You say you have had engagements at all these places."

"No, no," replied M. Albano, sadly; "it is neither of these places. I am done with them all—done with the world, I might say, I am going home."

"What!" cried Wilhelm, with brightening eyes—"home to our dear land of—"  
"Nay, nay, nay; never there again. What matters imperial forgiveness? Can a king mend a broken heart, even if he could restore my fortunes? Could I gaze without grief on those green-wooded hills and valleys that once were mine? Could I mingle with the good people who dwell there—and who once called me lord—without sadness? No, Wilhelm, no. My home is near London, the home of the refugee, the only city in the whole world amid the bustle and stir of which an exile may woo forgetfulness."

Wilhelm lingered by the table for a few moments. He was deep in thought. "M. Albano," he said at last, "to have employment in London has long been with me an ambitious dream—a castle in the air—call it what you will. I hate the garb of servility in which you may see me. Oh! there are times, Monsieur, that I walk my room all night, wild in thought, because I feel I was born for better things. Yet I try to do my duty—my humble duty."

"Yes, yes, yes," said Albano, speaking more briskly than was his wont. "That is right—do your duty. I trust I do mine, humble though that is. Do not let pride interfere with that duty. Be not self-conscious. Concentrate your thoughts and energies in your work, mental though some may call it. Believe me, Wilhelm, a halo surrounds the head of that man or woman who does whatever his or her hand findeth to do, in no half-hearted way, but with a will, a purpose, and an honest pride of action, feeling inwardly that duty is a sacred thing. Study to be content with the state in which Providence has placed you, Wilhelm. Study that—study that."

"But, Monsieur, you would then leave ambition out of count."

"No; oh, no! Only let your ambition be subservient to your duty. The march of intellect—the march of the world—is ever, ever onward. Better yourself, by all means, if you can; by so doing you may better the world; but ambitious thoughts or actions must never interfere with your hours of labor. These belong to your present employer, Wilhelm."

"I see, Monsieur."  
"Well, see and think of it. Meanwhile, here is a pass for the Grand N—r Concert. You will see me and

my little violin in the second row of the orchestra. You will wait for me, and we will sup together at the Rhodenville."

High over a score of fiddles at the grand concert that evening, M. Albano's little violin seemed to ring—seemed, at all events—in Wilhelm's ears, just as one hears and can listen only to the nightingale's voice amidst the babel of bird-voices in the woods in early spring.

After the performance, Wilhelm waited for what appeared quite a long time for his friend. All the other musicians had dressed and filed away, but still he came not.

Wilhelm ventured at last to ask one in authority.

"Oh, no!" was the reply; M. Albano has not gone. He is talking to the manager. The manager wants him to stay on, but he insists on throwing up his engagement."

"Strange!" said Wilhelm.  
"Yes, it is strange. You are his friend? Yes. Well, and even you do not seem able to fathom the mystery. But this Albano is a splendid violinist. Any orchestra in Europe would be willing to retain his services, and remunerate him well. Yet, although he is not rich, he is forever on the move. Italy, Belgium, Norway; all countries have him by turns, but none for long. Think you is your friend somewhat *distracted*?"

"I am sure he is not. I only know he has a reason or reasons for his nomadic tendencies, but he has not thought fit to enlighten me as to what they are, and it would ill become me to inquire. But here he comes."

It was late even for Paris that night ere Wilhelm bade his kind-hearted friend adieu, at the corner of the Rue de la D—, and hurried away to his dingy room.

Yet that evening had been big with Wilhelm's fate. He had supped with M. Albano at a charming little hotel; and, with true politeness, Monsieur had said little or nothing about himself, but had led the young man to speak of all his hopes and ambitions.

Wilhelm's great scheme was connected with electricity, and not for the purpose of lighting cities and country houses, but as the moving power of the future; and M. Albano knew enough about chemistry speedily to discern that, if properly worked out, these plans of Wilhelm's might lead him to fame and fortune.

"You will come to England with me, Wilhelm? I have saved a little sum; I will pay your expenses."

"No, friend, no; to England I will come, but everything I will pay myself. Two more months will I work, and then—"

"You will come?"

"Yes."

"And be my guest for a few weeks at my little cottage home?"

"Well—yes."

So the two parted.

Winter was still holding sway, and snow lay deep all around Paris; but in nine weeks' time what a change there was! With Paris, however, this short and simple story has no longer anything to do. The scene shifts to a tiny but beautiful cottage in Surrey. It stands on the slope of a gently-rising hill, and is almost buried in pine-woods.

"Yes, Wilhelm," M. Albano was saying as the two sat together in a little tent on the lawn, "this cottage, these gardens, the beautiful country around, do not seem the same since Marie—since my daughter left me. They are not the same, for I am older now. I cannot see with the same eyes, hear with the same ears; it seems as if the gloom of the grave were already closing around me."

"But Marie—your daughter—may return."

"No, that cannot be; the pride that caused her to go will prevent her returning. She will never come back."

Wilhelm was silent.

"A few hasty words—and the words were mine—a few peevish mutterings at the fate that banished me from my native land, and that had torn from my breast the insignia of title and honor, and compelled me—me, a count—to drag out a wretched existence in a foreign country, by aid of my violin. I did not mean to imply that I begrudged the labor that kept her as a lady, but I fear I led her to believe so; and I would have laid down my life next minute to have been able to retract, or unsay my cruel words; but next minute Marie was gone. Gone—yes, gone with tears on her face, and mayhap a breaking heart, though a proud one. And since then I have sought and obtained engagements in almost every capital in Europe. I have been till now on the move, thinking, always thinking, I would find my Marie; for one brief note—the only one I received—told me she was so far independent, and that on her voice alone she would now trust for a livelihood. But I am tired, hopeless, and weary."

And so indeed he looked.  
A year passed away. The old man appeared no more in any orchestra. Hope itself had fled from his heart, and he mourned for his daughter as for one dead.

Wilhelm was a frequent visitor at the cottage. Aided in his ambition by the ex-count, and possessed of the will to work, the determination to triumph, and that mental staying power which oftentimes leads to success without even the aid of genius, the young man conquered all difficulties, and was already on the first steps of the ladder that leads to fame.

His employment frequently led him to Italy and to that Rome which of late years appears to have taken a new lease of glorious life.

An event now took place which is common enough in the life of most

young men; Wilhelm fell in love. But I do not blame him, for all Rome was captivated by the sweet voice and modest and charming manner of a young singer that had lately been brought out by a great master.

Night after night, whenever she sang Wilhelm was there, listening enthralled. But he could obtain no introduction. She was so near, and yet so far.

Going home late one night from duties that had occupied him for nearly eight-and-forty hours, with little time for sleep, he heard the startling shout of fire. He followed the mob and the rattling ill-contrived engine down a narrow dark street that, from the showers of sparks and the smoke and heat, seemed on fire from end to end.

Wilhelm got close to the burning building, and helped to work the engine. But there was soon other and braver work for him to tackle. For look! the faces of young people and children appear at an upper window. Who will climb through sparks and smoke up that rickety ladder? Who will volunteer to save them? Wilhelm will! He springs toward it; up and down, and up and down, and he has saved three. He is scorched and burned, but seems to bear a charmed life. The last he saves, to his surprise, if not joy, is the young singer. While she is borne away in safety, he faints and falls.

It is two days before he comes to his senses at his hotel. It would be weeks before he got round. What mattered it? She came daily to see and inquire after his welfare.

Ah! it was the old, old story. But he did not tell it then or there. He told the young singer a story of a different kind; of a lovely little cottage among the pine-woods of Surrey, and of an old man who was dying of sorrow because his daughter would never come again. And the girl bent her head and sobbed, and those tears told Wilhelm all.

There was joy in that Surrey cottage when Marie returned. With her came sunshine; sunshine to bird, and flower, and tree, and sunshine to old Albano's heart.

There is a larger house now among the pines near the little cottage. Wilhelm is its wealthy owner, Marie its mistress. And long indeed they would think that day that did not bring them a visit from father Albano.

## Easy Housekeeping.

In former years it was no easy task for a young married couple to "go to housekeeping," and it required no small expenditure of cash. A range or cooking stove, a coffee and spice mill, a mortar, a cake-board and rolling-pin, a tray and chopping knife, not to mention a large number of pots, kettles, frying-pans and bowls, and a large stock of raw materials in the line of provisions, were required. Then considerable skill was necessary to use all these instruments for preparing food for the table, and that skill, unfortunately, was not possessed by the young wife. The consequence was that most persons who embarked on the sea of matrimony sailed directly to a boarding-house and set up their household divinities in a back chamber, where they remained till the land-lady levied on them for an overdue bill for meals and lodgings.

But modern invention has rendered housekeeping very easy. A couple may now set up for themselves with very few utensils, scarcely any provisions, and next to no knowledge of cookery. A gas or oil stove takes the place of a costly and cumbersome cooking range. Coffee is bought not only parched but ground. Spices and pepper come all prepared for use. Every kind of bread, cake, and pastry can be purchased at a slight advance on the cost of the materials they contain. If one wishes the sport of making them, self-raising flour may be had in any grocery. Fruit of all kinds all ready for the table can be purchased about as cheaply as that which must be prepared. Not only lobsters and other shell fish, but salmon, may be bought cooked and ready to be served at a price but little above what the crude articles cost; and cooked corned beef, tongue, pigs' feet, and ham have long been on the market.

There are also canned soups, that only need to be diluted, mince meat, all ready to put between piecrusts, and roast meats and fowls of all descriptions. Some grocers keep mush prepared for frying. Baked beans, put up in cans, have had a great run during the past few years. English plum puddings are also on the market. Cans of cooked green corn, beans, peas, tomatoes, cauliflower, and asparagus, with *Eragrostis* fried potatoes, are to be found on the shelves of any grocery, while laundries do the washing and ironing.

It is no longer necessary to be a cook, or to have a cook, to keep house. It requires scarcely any cooking utensils to provide a warm meal. A can opener, a frying pan and a coffee-pot are the principal requisites. Even the last is not absolutely necessary, since a mixture of prepared coffee, sugar, and cream may readily be obtained. It is even practical now for the novice to dispense with a cook-book, as the label on every can tells how to treat the contents. Surely, ladies need no longer complain that the labors of housekeeping keep them from cultivating their minds.—*American Cultivator*.

## Simply Bewildering.

A.—Excuse me, sir, are you the son of my old friend Peterson?

B.—No, I am not related to him at all.

A.—I knew it as soon as I laid eyes on you. I was struck at once with your marvelous lack of resemblance to him. The way you don't look like him is simply bewildering.—*Texas Siftings*.

## WHO WROTE SHAKSPEARE?

Ignatius Donnelly's Claim at a Baconian Authorship Carefully Reviewed.

Many Facts Sustaining His Theories Called to the Public Attention.

[New York special.]

The New York *World* prints a very elaborate exposition of Mr. Ignatius Donnelly's attempt to dethrone Shakspeare, and award the honor of the so-called Shakspeare plays to Lord Bacon. The article is written by Professor Thomas Davidson, a well-known scholar, philosopher and critic, whose opinion as to Mr. Donnelly's work can not fail to carry great weight.

Mr. Davidson has recently paid Mr. Donnelly a visit at his home at Hastings, Minn., examined the manuscript of his forthcoming work, the "Great Cryptogram," had the main features of the cypher explained to him, and obtained permission to report. Before examining Mr. Donnelly's work Mr. Davidson was an entire skeptic in regard to the Bacon theory; but he now admits that he is very much shaken in his belief that the plays were written by Shakspeare, and declares that if they had come down to us without any author's name attached, they would have been unhesitatingly attributed to Bacon. He says he reached this conviction altogether apart from the cypher. The articles give a brief summary of the results reached in Mr. Donnelly's book, which is to be published about the 1st of December. The book is divided into two parts—an argument and a demonstration. The former collects, arranges, and sums up all the arguments that have been put forward in the last thirty years in favor of the Baconian theory, and adds a large number to them. The author first endeavors to show that the education and character of William Shakspeare were such that it is even ridiculous to imagine that he could have written plays which are distilled from all the wisdom and learning of the world. He shows that his education must have been extremely meager, while that of the author of the plays was broad and deep. He emphasizes the fact that we have no record of any study on the part of Shakspeare.

His account of Shakspeare's character will certainly be a surprise to most readers. He shows him to have been steeped in almost every kind of vice, to have been a fornicator, an adulterer, a usurer and oppressor of the poor, a drunkard, a systematic liar, and forger of pedigrees, dying in the prime of life from the results of a three days' drunken spree. He next shows that we have no record that Shakspeare ever owned a library of even a book, and that not a single scrap of manuscript of his ever came down to us, not even a letter to any of the numerous men with whom he is known to have been acquainted; nay, more, that there is extant no letter addressed to him, except one asking for a loan of money. There is nothing to show that Shakspeare was not very illiterate.

Mr. Donnelly next proves very clearly that while the author of the plays was an accomplished lawyer, there is nothing to show that Shakspeare ever opened a law book, or was inside a lawyer's office, except on unbusinesslike grounds.

Having demonstrated to his own satisfaction that the author of the plays was not Shakspeare, Mr. Donnelly next proceeds to prove that he was Bacon. After adducing evidence to show that Bacon was a poet, and the author of the plays, and a profound and learned philosopher, he treats of the geography of the plays, and here he brings out some most tell-tale facts. While neither Stratford (where Shakspeare was born) nor Avon is ever once mentioned in the plays, St. Albans, the home of Bacon, is mentioned twenty-three times. He next shows that the politics and the religion of the writer of the plays are identical with Bacon's politics and religion, and that what Bacon declared to be his great life purpose is fully exemplified in the plays.

A chapter is devoted to Bacon's reasons for concealment, and here come out some startling facts. It appears not only that Bacon wrote works which he never publicly acknowledged, but that he is addressed by one of his friends as the greatest wit in England, though not known as such by his own name. Among the reasons for concealment, Mr. Donnelly puts the political tendency of some of the plays, which was to encourage treason.

The first part of the work closes with a long list of parallels between Bacon's acknowledged works and the Shakspearean plays, identical expressions, metaphors, opinions, quotations, studies, errors, use of unusual words, character, style, etc. The parallels will occupy over seventy closely printed pages. The result of the whole argument according to Mr. Davidson, is to leave upon the mind a strong impression that, if Bacon was not the sole author of the plays, he had at least a principal hand in them, supplying the scholarship, the art, and the philosophy.

After the argument making the authorship of Bacon probable comes the demonstration, that is, the cypher narrative, which has already aroused so much interest in the public. Mr. Davidson's article tells how Mr. Donnelly came to look for a cypher, and the laborious process by which he finally found it (as he believes). The story is full of interest.

As to the cypher itself, Mr. Davidson does not claim to be in a position to entirely satisfy the public, not having received from Mr. Donnelly the ultimate formula of it. He does, however, express his strong conviction that Mr. Donnelly is neither a fraud nor a "crank." To clear away any feeling of this sort on the part of the public, he gives a brief account of Mr. Donnelly's career, and a description of his simple home life in Minnesota. It seems that Mr. Donnelly is a quiet, genial, country-loving, studious man, devoted to thought, and fond of a good joke. The picture drawn of his life on the Mississippi bluff is charming. It being certain that Mr. Donnelly is not a fraud, and not likely, his character and intelligence being taken into account, to be self-deceived, Mr. Davidson hardly sees how the conclusion that the cypher is a reality can be avoided. He, however, suspends his own judgment until Mr. Donnelly has said his last word. About the cypher itself, much new information is given. Its basis, numbers, and its modifiers are disclosed, and it is shown whence they are derived. Information is also given as to how the calculations are made, and assurance is made excepting possible clerical errors they are correct. Some notion of the labor gone

through by Mr. Donnelly may be obtained from the statement that the slips of paper on which he has made his calculations (he writes a find hand and on both sides of the slip) when tied up in a bundle, can with difficulty be lifted from the floor by a strong man using one hand. Four essential points Mr. Davidson declares that Mr. Donnelly still reserves to himself: First, the rule determining the succession of the basis numbers; second, the rule determining the use of the various modifiers; third, the rule determining the column or page on which the count in each case is made; fourth, the rule determining the starting point of the count in each case after the page is settled. These, he admits, are the most important points to know, since without them it is utterly impossible to pronounce any independent judgment on the cypher. He quotes, however, from a letter in which Mr. Donnelly affirms in the most positive and unequivocal way that everything is conducted according to fixed and invariable rules of microscopic accuracy. Mr. Donnelly has evidently made the issue a very definite one. If such rules exist the cypher is a reality and the author of the plays settled. And a great deal more is true, for the cypher narrative contains a whole history of Shakspeare and his relation to the plays and of the time in which he lived.

The whole thing reads like a novel written in vigorous Elizabethan English. Here is a passage from it describing Elizabeth's treatment of Hayward, author of the "Life of Henry IV.": "Her grace was in a fearful passion, and, rising up, struck your poor friend with the steel end of her heavy crutch. The poor wretch took to his heels, but the ill-tempered old lady followed him, striking him again and again on the head and the sides of his body. His health was not good; his limbs were weakened with a fever he had had. His joints gave way under him and he fell to the earth. She doth bestride him, and, bending down, beats him till the stick breaks."

There is here certainly no lack of vigor or definiteness. The article is illustrated with numerous cuts and fac-similes.

## A NOTED BALL-PAYER.

Richardson, One of the Famous "Big Four" of the Detroit Club.

Hardy Richardson, as he is known to the frequenters of the game, is one of the men that have helped to make the Detroit Club what it is, and enables it to stand where it does in the race for the pennant of 1887. Richardson was one of the "Big Four" who were purchased from the Buffalos, and since that time the "Big Four" has become



the "Big Five," Thompson—Detroit's right fielder—having been admitted to the coterie. Richardson is one of the veterans of the League, having played with them for eight seasons, and he stands eighth with an average of 301 for the eight seasons. His batting average for 1886 was 351, he standing fourth in the League. In his play at second base he was second, with an average of 940, and in the field his average was 899.

## JESSE POMEROY'S LATEST ATTEMPT.

The Notorious Boy Murderer's Cunning Attempt to Set Himself Free.

[Boston dispatch.]

Jesse Pomeroy, the boy murderer, made another well-planned and desperate attempt to escape from the Charlestown State Prison a few nights ago by sawing through the bars of his cell. It was purely by accident that the young murderer's plan was discovered. It was so cautiously matured that he would have otherwise succeeded. On Pomeroy's person were found two fine saws of the best chilled steel and a quantity of gelatine which he had used to hide his work. Last Friday night Keeper Winslow went his rounds as usual, and while waiting to be relieved by the next watch leaned accidentally against the grating of the window which opens from the corridor opposite Pomeroy's cell into the prison yard. To Winslow's amazement, the great inch and a half bars yielded. He pressed his hand against them, and two of the bars fell to the pavement below. The entire watch was aroused, and they instinctively began the search of the prison with Pomeroy's cell. By testing the bars in the little window of the young murderer's cell, it was found that enough of them had been sawed through to admit the passage of a man's body. They were held in place by gelatine, colored by the bits of steel filings so that it could not be detected. There was no dust or bits of iron to be seen, and the work had been done as carefully as it must have been done noiselessly, to escape the ears of the watchman. Pomeroy was at once searched, and two steel saws were found secreted in the lining of his prison jacket. He was furious at the discovery of his plot, and declared that if they had given him time in the corridor window he would have killed the watchman in his ward and made his escape.

It should be woman's office to move in the midst of practical affairs and to gild them all, the very homeliest, were it even the scouring of pots and kettles, with an atmosphere of loveliness and joy.—*Hawthorne*.

REV. DR. DIX, rector of Trinity Church, New York, gets a salary of \$30,000 a year. His two assistants get \$5,000 each.

WANTED—The vehicle in which people are driven to desperation.



## THE OLD-FASHIONED GARDEN.

A Plea for Its Revival—A Picture from Memory's Walls.

[From the Boston Transcript.]

Why, in these days of the revival of the antique, when the cottage puts on a garb of sawed shingle, and, bedizened in red paint, is called Queen Anne, and the daughter of fashion goes to the fancy dress ball, the kirmess, and what not, in the costume of 100 years ago, does not some one really revive the old-fashioned garden in genuine form throughout, outside of poetry and stories? The old-fashioned garden contained hollyhocks, which stood upright, lifting cups of beauty to invite the wandering bee; tiger lilies, red with black spots upon them, after the manner of the leopard rather than the tiger whose taste runs to stripes, and from whose taste, likewise, people who don't want to be eaten run. The tiger lily, so Tennyson says, "heavily hangs," and, perhaps it does in England, especially in the fall, when Tennyson describes it as so despondent, and when the smell of the mold comes up so strong under the gray lowering sky, and nature speaks of the passing of the year. But if the tiger lily "heavily hangs," we have not so noticed it in this country; it seems all the more a scarlet spark against the gloom of dark foliage, and the even darker gloom that seems to rise from the ground and hang around the feet of the plants, like the creeping up of death. The hollyhocks have no such assertion; they are timid, for their size, and rather beseeching in their aspect. The old-fashioned garden must include the sunflower and the pink phlox. By no means leave out the southern-wood, or "boys' love," whose bruised leaves give forth a pungent odor which our grandmothers deemed a sovereign remedy for headache. The uproarious funny snapdragon would have to be there, of course, and the marigold. And who does not remember the Canterbury bells, whose bells of purple or white seemed of wax, so smooth and firm of texture were they? Then the monk's hood, so called, of rich blue, almost purple, into which the bees used to intrude themselves until they were almost out of sight, while to the astonished child who had noted the "busy's" approach the blossom seemed to bounce about and growl as if bewitched. Lilacs we have still with us; fashion, which occasionally deviates into good sense, has set its approval upon the white lilac, and has taken the better-known purple into its good graces. Lilacs, which were considered eminently dooryard shrubs, used to be planted so close to the windows that one wondered why the tenants of old colonial times should have felt the need of shutters or curtains in the summer. Roses were common, and are common to-day; but the York-and-Lancaster either has disappeared altogether, or else has retreated into the most distant of rural districts. Occasionally one sees a York-and-Lancaster in the exhibitions at Horticultural Hall, but in gardens no longer are to be encountered the blossoms of mingled white and red, emblematical of the two houses. To have the garden and house in harmony, the latter should be old, with wainscot and all the rest of it. The Listener begs leave to say that if he has misnamed any of the old flowers the controversy about them ends here.

### The City Boys in the Country.

I am not a professional summer resort tender or anything of the kind, but I am a plain man, that works and slaves in the lumber woods all winter and then blows it in, if you will allow the term, on some New York friends of my wife's who come down, as they state, for the purpose of relaxation, but really to spread themselves out over our new white coverlets with their clothes on, and murmur, in a dreamy voice: "Oh, how restful!"

They also kick because we have no elevated trains that will take them down to the depot, whereas I am not able and cannot get enough ahead or forehanded sufficiently to do so, as heaven is my judge.

They bring with them a small son, who is a pale, emaciated little cuss, with a quiet way of catching my 3-year-old heifer by the tail and scaring the life out of her that is far beyond his years. His mother thinks he will not live, mayhap, to grow up, and I hope she may not be disappointed. Still he has a good appetite, and one day last summer, besides his meals, he ate:

One pocketful green apples (pipins),  
One pocketful green apples (Ben Davis),  
Three large stems rhubarb,  
One hatful green gooseberries,  
Two ginger cookies, without holes,  
Two ginger cookies, with holes,  
One adult cucumber, with salt on same,  
One glass new milk,  
Two uncooked hen eggs, on half-shell.

I laid off all that day from haying in order to follow the little rascal around with a lead pencil and a piece of paper and see how much he would eat. That evening I thought what a beautiful night he selected for his death. The moon was slipping in and out through the frothy, fleecy-lined clouds, and I could imagine the angels just behind the battlements putting the celestial bric-a-brac high enough up so that Henry couldn't get hold of it when he came. I had a slow horse concealed behind the barn, with which I intended going for the doctor. It was a horse with which I had failed to get the doctor in time on a similar occasion, and I felt that he could be relied on now.

Night settled down on the roaring Piscataquis and deepened the shadows at the base of Russell

Mountain. The spruce gum tree of the Moosehead Lake region laid aside its work for the day and the common warty toad of the Pine Tree State began to overestimate himself and inflate his person with the bugs of the evening, now and then lighting up his interior with a lightning bug. It was a glorious evening that little Henry had selected and set aside for his death. But he was really the only one in our house who slept well that night, and seemed to wake up thoroughly refreshed. He is still alive as I write and is coming down here in July emptier than ever.—Bill Nye.

### St. John's Watch.

There was formerly an ancient English law which provided "that no man shall presume from henceforward to dress or to make wet any nets for to catch herrings before St. John's Day at midsummer, but upon the same day and after that till the last of January, included, every one may freely dress or make his nets."

Bonfires were lighted, round which the people danced on this night. The doors of houses were ornamented with flowers, and tables were set out in the roadway, covered with eatables provided by the richer inhabitants, and all passers-by were asked to partake in token of amity and good-fellowship. In the City of London there was a procession of armed men, numbering nearly two thousand, called St. John's Watch, and very glorious it must have looked, with cressets blazing and glittering armor, and swordsmen on horse and afoot; while the open windows resembled opera boxes on a popular night, displaying ladies richly dressed and glittering with gold and jewelry, who sat to see

How every senator, in his degree, Adorned with shining gold and purple weeds, And stately mounted on rich trapped steeds, Their guard attending, through the street did ride, Before their footbands, graced with glittering pride Or rich gilt arms.

This procession started from St. Paul's, passed down Cheapside to Aldgate, and back by Fenchurch street to Cheapside, and broke up on the appearance of daylight.—All the Year Round.

### The Best Hundred Hymns.

The Sunday at Home gave an invitation to its readers last January to send lists of the hundred best hymns, and in response to this appeal between 3,400 and 3,500 lists have been received. An analysis of the voting shows that the largest number of votes gives the first place to Toplady's "Rock of Ages." The prime favorites after this are Lyte's "Abide with me, fast falls the evening," Charles Wesley's "Jesus, lover of my soul," C. Elliott's "Just as I am, without one plea," Newton's "How sweet the name of Jesus sounds," C. Elliott's "My God, my Father, while I stray," Sarah F. Adams' "Nearer, my God, to Thee," Keble's "Son of my soul, thou Savior dear," Horatius Bonar's "I heard the voice of Jesus say," and J. M. Neale's "Art thou weary, art thou languid?" The list contains hymns from fifty-five different authors, of whom Dr. Watts and Charles Wesley stand at the head, each contributing seven to the aggregate. The favorite among Watts' hymns is by general consent his best, "When I survey the wondrous Cross." Cowper and Dr. Bonar have each five; four each are from Bishop Heber and John Mason Neale, while three are given severally from Tate and Brady, Dr. Doddridge, James Montgomery, Frederick William Faber and Charlotte Elliot. Ken and Keble each have two, as also have Newton, Lyte, Edward Caswell, Samuel J. Stone, W. Chatendon Dix, Frances Ridley Havergal and Mrs. C. F. Alexander.

### A Healthy Stomach

Is a blessing for which thousands of our dyspeptic countrymen and women sigh in vain, and to obtain which swallow much medicine unavailingly. For no ailment—probably—are there so many alleged remedies as for dyspepsia. The man of humbug is constantly glutted with the dollars and dimes of those who resort to one nostrum after another in the vain hope of obtaining relief, at least, from this vexatious and obstinate malady. Experience indicates Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a means of eradicating dyspepsia, in which a firm reliance can be placed. No remedy has in three decades and over established such a reputation, none has received such unqualified professional sanction. It is an admirable invigorant, because it enriches the blood, and not only this, but it thoroughly regulates the bowels, kidneys and bladder. The nervous symptoms are usually relieved by the medicine.

### Derived Great Benefit.

"So you are from Montana?" said a ministerial-appearing man who was sharing his seat on an Eastern railroad with a Western man.

"Yes, sir."

"Are there any churches where you live?"

"Ye mean one o' these 'ere things with a long sharp pint stickin' up'n the air like an o.l.-can?"

"Yes, sir."

"Oh, yes, we got one of 'em."

"Has it not been of untold benefit to the community?"

"I reckon yer 'bout right, stranger."

"Ah, I'm glad to hear you say it. I trust your church has been the means of healing disorders and bringing about harmony among your people."

"Ye jes' hit it, stranger, it has. Ye see we have a big pony race every Sunday afternoon an' there was always a powerful lot o' fightin' an' shootin' 'bout gitten 'em started even, so we laid out a hundred-yard co're, straight away from the church an' backed 'em up ag'in it an' started 'em at the tap of a snare drum. Gosh, stranger! ye oughter see the little devils get down an' hump themselves when the min'ster hits that drum a welt!"—Dakota Bell.

The first almanac was prepared by Regiomontanus in 1474.

### Good for Hard Workers.

It is fully claimed and pretty well sustained that hard workers can accomplish almost twice as much and save themselves from illness and loss of time if they take eight cents' worth per day of the extract of the Moxie Nerve Food Plant, now creating so much discussion. The dealers say its sale is the largest ever known. If a nervous woman gets hold of a bottle she gets the whole neighborhood talking about it, and a woman's curiosity has to be gratified if it costs the price of a bonnet.

The State Analyst of the Massachusetts Board of Health examined nearly twenty proprietary opium cures, and found that all had for their main ingredient opium, except one which was called the double chloride of gold, but did not contain any trace of that metal. So the method of cure is that of gradual reduction, or probably in many instances merely the substitution of an expensive nostrum for the ordinary drug of the shops.—Health Monthly.

### Blowing Up Hell Gate

Has been a laborious and costly work, but the end justifies the effort. Obstruction in any important channel means disaster. Obstructions in the organs of the human body bring inevitable disease. They must be cleared away, or physical wreck will follow. Keep the liver in order, and the pure blood courses through the body, conveying health, strength, and life; let it become disordered and the channels are clogged with impurities, which result in disease and death. No other medicine equals Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" for acting upon the liver and purifying the blood.

You can always distinguish the young lady who rules the household by her marshal air.

### No Trouble to Swallow

Dr. Pierce's "Pellels" (the original "little liver pills"), and no pain or griping. Cure sick or bilious headache, sour stomach, and cleanse the system and bowels. 25 cts. a vial.

If you wish to be rid of a bothersome peddler, don't threaten to throw him out. Offer to buy him out instead.

### If Sufferers from Consumption,

Scrofula, Bronchitis, and General Debility will try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, they will find immediate relief and permanent benefit. The Medical Profession universally declares it a remedy of the greatest value and very palatable. Read: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in several cases of Scrofula and Debility in Children. Results most gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure."—W. A. HULBERT, M.D., Salisbury, Ill.

The first thing planted in the garden of Eden—Adam's foot.

### Prof. Loissette's Memory Discovery.

No doubt can be entertained about the value and genuineness of Prof. Loissette's Memory System, as it is so strongly recommended by Mark Twain, Mr. Proctor, Hon. W. W. Astor, Judah P. Benjamin, Dr. Buckley, and others. For full details send for Prof. L.'s prospectus, at 237 Fifth Ave., New York. From it the System is taught by correspondence quite as well as by personal instruction. Colleges near New York have secured his lectures. He has had 100 Columbia Law students, two classes of 200 each at Yale, 200 at Meriden, 250 at Norwich, 400 at Wellesley College, and 400 at University of Penn. We cannot conceive how a system could receive any higher indorsement.

Odd Fellows' Excursion to Denver, Col., Via "Rock Island Route."

The C. & N. W. Ry. offers the grandest opportunity to see the wonderful mountain scenery of Colorado at smallest expense ever known. Tickets to Denver and return on sale September 13 to 18, inclusive, good to return until October 31, at extremely low rates. Excursions from Denver to all points in Colorado at one fare for the round trip to holders of these tickets. For further particulars address E. A. HOLBROOK, G. T. & P. A., C. & N. W. Ry., Chicago, Ill.

Five dollars can be saved every year in boots and shoes by using Lyon's Heel Stiffeners; cost only 25c.

The Fraser Axle Grease is better and cheaper than any other at double the price.

### Do Not Neglect

That tired feeling, impure blood, distress after eating, pains in the back, headache, or similar affections tell some powerful disease obtains a firm foothold, and recovery is difficult, perhaps impossible. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the defender of health, in time to banish all bad feelings and restore you to perfect health.

"When I took Hood's Sarsaparilla that heaviness in my stomach left; the dullness in my head and the gloomy, despondent feeling disappeared. I began to get stronger, my blood gained better circulation, the coldness in my hands and feet left me, and my kidneys do not bother me as before." G. W. HULL, Attorney at Law, Millersburg, O.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

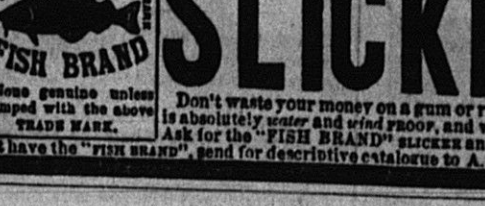
100 Doses One Dollar.



This represents a healthy life. Throughout its various scenes, Just such a life as they enjoy Who use the Smith's Bile Beans.

Smith's BILE BEANS purify the blood, by acting directly and promptly on the Liver, Skin and Kidneys. They consist of a vegetable combination that has no equal in medical science. They cure Constipation, Malaria, and Dyspepsia, and are a safeguard against all forms of fevers, chills and fever, gall stones, and Bright's disease. Send 4 cents postage for a sample package and test the TRUTH of what we say. Price, 25 cents per bottle, mailed to any address, postpaid. DOSE ONE BEAN. Sold by druggists.

J. F. SMITH & CO., PROPRIETORS, ST. LOUIS, MO.



Don't waste your money on a gum or rubber coat. The FISH BRAND SLICKER is absolutely water and wind proof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. Ask for the "FISH BRAND" Slicker and take no other. If your stockbroker does not have the "FISH BRAND," send for descriptive catalogue to A. J. TOWER, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

Is The Best Waterproof Coat Ever Made.

For a woman to say she does not use Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap, is to admit she is "behind the times."

Nobody uses ordinary soap now they can get "Lenox."

### "The Proper Study of Mankind Is Man."

Says the illustrious Pope. If he had included woman in the list, he would have been nearer the truth, if not so poetical. Dr. R. V. Pierce has made them both a life study, especially woman, and the peculiar derangements to which her delicate system is liable. Many women in the land who are acquainted with Dr. Pierce only through his "Favorite Prescription," bless him with all their hearts, for he has brought them the panacea for all those chronic ailments peculiar to their sex; such as leucopoeus and other displacements, ulceration, "internal fever," bloating, tendency to internal cancer, and other ailments. Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

A SPRING mattress, like a spring chicken, is in season all the year round.

Best, easiest to use, and cheapest. Piso's Remedy for Catarrh. By druggists. 50c.

**Ely's Cream Balm**  
Is worth \$1000 to any Man, Woman or Child suffering from CATARRH.  
Apply Balm into each nostril.

**PENSIONS** Send for Pension Laws to U. S. Claim Agents FITZGERALD & POWELL, Indianapolis, Ind.

**OPIMUM PATENTS** Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.

**\$5** Lines not under the horse's feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

**32 PANTS** **32 SHOES**  
HANDSOME, STYLISH, PERFECT. OUR FULL SEAMLESS SHOES. Made to order in first-class style. Perfect fit guaranteed. We refer to any Bank, or Express Co., or leading shoe house in this city. Established in 1877. THE HUNTER CINCINNATI, O. G. CO.

**KIDDER'S DIGESTYLIN**  
A SURE CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA. Over 5,000 Physicians have sent us their approval of DIGESTYLIN, saying that it is the best preparation for indigestion that they have ever used. We have never heard of a case of Dyspepsia where DIGESTYLIN was taken that was not cured.

**FOR CHOLERA INFANTUM.** IT WILL CURE THE MOST AGGRAVATED CASES. IT WILL STOP VOMITING IN PREGNANCY. IT WILL RELIEVE CONSTIPATION.

For Summer Complaint and Chronic Diarrhea, which are the direct results of imperfect digestion, TAKE DIGESTYLIN. It will effect an immediate cure of the stomach; they all come from indigestion. Ask your druggist for DIGESTYLIN (price \$1 per large bottle). If he does not have it, send one dollar to us and we will send a bottle to you, express prepaid. Do not hesitate to send your money. Our house is reliable. Established twenty-five years.

WM. F. KIDDER & CO., Manufacturing Chemists, 83 John St., N. Y. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

One Agent (Merchant only) wanted in every town for

**TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢**  
During the last year you furnished me with 9,000 "Tansill's Punch." This month you have sold me 21,000, almost all of which have been sold, from one to five to each person. You will please ship 5,000 every Saturday until further notice.

C. S. PROWITT, Druggist, Denver, Col.

Address R. W. TANSILL & CO., Chicago.

**MARLIN REPEATING RIFLE**  
Guaranteed perfectly accurate and absolutely safe. Made in all sizes for large or small game.

**BALLARD** Gallery, Hunting and Target Rifles. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Marlin Fire Arms Co., New Haven, Conn. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

**MARVELOUS MEMORY**  
Wholly unlike artificial systems. Any book learned in one reading. Recommended by Mark Twain, Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hon. W. W. Twain, Judah P. Benjamin, Dr. Minor, etc. Class of 100 Columbia law students, two classes 200 each at Yale, 200 University of Penn., 200 at Wellesley College, and 400 at University of Penn. Address: R. O. LOISELLE, 237 Fifth Ave., New York.

**WIZARD OIL FOR PAIN**  
Cures Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Catarrh, Croup, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Lambe Back, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Wounds, Old Sores and All Aches and Pains.

The many testimonials received by us more than prove all we claim for this valuable remedy. It not only relieves the most severe aches, but it cures you. That's the idea!

Sold by Druggists, 50 cts. Box 5000 mailed free. Address WIZARD OIL COMPANY CHICAGO.

**WEBSTER'S Unabridged Dictionary.**  
A DICTIONARY 118,000 Words, 3000 Engravings, GAZETTEER OF THE WORLD of 25,000 Places, and a BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY of nearly 10,000 Noted Persons. ALL IN ONE BOOK.

Contains 3000 more Words and nearly 3000 more Illustrations than any other American Dictionary.

Webster is Standard Authority in the Gov't Printing Office, and with the U. S. Supreme Court. It is recommended by State Superintendents of Schools in 37 States, and by nearly all of the College Presidents. Sale 20 to 1 of any other series.

It is a library in itself, and contains the pith and the essence of all other books. With this and the Bible, we might go comfortably through the world and find no great lack.—Independent.

G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Publ'rs, Springfield, Mass.

Surrogate Prices 25 cts. ASTORIA, Ore. by mail, \$1.00. Boston, Mass.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

**CATARRH**  
Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Henshaw, Warren, Pa.

C. N. U. No. 26-27

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.



The treatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to women, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapting and thoroughly testing remedies for the cure of women's peculiar maladies.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the outcome, or result, of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonials, received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the most aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever devised for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for women's peculiar ailments.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," run-down, debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic. As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequalled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms, and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition, and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system. For morning sickness, or nausea, from whatever cause arising, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms, its use, in small doses, will prove very beneficial.

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucopoeus, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, under and over action, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, backache, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

As a regulator and promoter of functional action, at that critical period of change from girlhood to womanhood, "Favorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe remedial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally efficacious and valuable in its effects when taken for those disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life."

"Favorite Prescription," when taken in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and small laxative doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder diseases. Their combined use also removes blood taints, and abolishes cancerous and scrofulous humors from the system.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

Large bottles (100 doses) \$1.00, or six bottles for \$5.00.

For large, illustrated Treatise on Diseases of Women (100 pages, paper-covered), send ten cents in stamps. Address,

World's Dispensary Medical Association, 603 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

**R. BAIRD'S GRANULES**  
Cure Dyspepsia, Malaria, Piles, Heart Disease, Impure Blood, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, Habitual Constipation, Etc. A new principle, a new remedy. Purely Vegetable. A full size Box sent FREE by postage prepaid, to any invalid, or their friends, sending their address at once. Give account of case. Write to: DR. BAIRD, 157 W. 23d St., N. Y. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

**WIZARD OIL FOR PAIN**  
Cures Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Catarrh, Croup, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Lambe Back, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Wounds, Old Sores and All Aches and Pains.

The many testimonials received by us more than prove all we claim for this valuable remedy. It not only relieves the most severe aches, but it cures you. That's the idea!

Sold by Druggists, 50 cts. Box 5000 mailed free. Address WIZARD OIL COMPANY CHICAGO.

**WEBSTER'S Unabridged Dictionary.**  
A DICTIONARY 118,000 Words, 3000 Engravings, GAZETTEER OF THE WORLD of 25,000 Places, and a BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY of nearly 10,000 Noted Persons. ALL IN ONE BOOK.

Contains 3000 more Words and nearly 3000 more Illustrations than any other American Dictionary.

Webster is Standard Authority in the Gov't Printing Office, and with the U. S. Supreme Court. It is recommended by State Superintendents of Schools in 37 States, and by nearly all of the College Presidents. Sale 20 to 1 of any other series.

It is a library in itself, and contains the pith and the essence of all other books. With this and the Bible, we might go comfortably through the world and find no great lack.—Independent.

G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Publ'rs, Springfield, Mass.

Surrogate Prices 25 cts. ASTORIA, Ore. by mail, \$1.00. Boston, Mass.

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**CATARRH**  
Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 50c. E. T. Henshaw, Warren, Pa.

C. N. U. No. 26-27

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.



A CROWDED house greeted the Boston Comle Opera Company at the Opera House last evening. Planquette's tautful opera, the "Chimes of Normandy" was the bill, and was satisfactorily rendered. The soloists are possessed of excellent voices and the chorus efficient and well drilled. Miss Bessie Louise King, who is always sure of a hearty welcome in Oshkosh, sustained her reputation by a very charming rendition of the role of Serpolette, both in acting and vocalization. Mr. Bell's Gaspard was an excellent piece of dramatic work and was the hit of the evening. —Oshkosh, Wis., Times.

THE third annual fair of the South Ottawa and West Allegan Agricultural Society will be held at the fair grounds in Holland on Sept. 27th to 30th inclusive. We acknowledge receipt of the premium list, which was printed at the News office, Holland. It is a very neat pamphlet. —Sauquoit Commercial.

A visit to Holland City last week, convinces us thoroughly that what has been said by the local press of that city as to its enjoying a big boom is strictly true and without any per cent off. Many fine buildings have been recently erected, and others are in course of construction, showing a steady and substantial growth far in advance of any other town in the county. Everybody seems to have something to do, and is prosperous and happy in doing it. The fine pleasure resorts of Macatawa Park and Ottawa Beach have much to do with its flourishing condition. —Coopersville Observer.

By allaying the usual stomach and bowel disorders of babyhood Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup keeps the little ones from fretting and crying. 25 cents.

Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills are deservedly popular. They never fail to cure liver complaint.

The health of all kinds of live stock during the winter season is preserved by Day's Horse Powder.

"Thing of love," Drexel's Bell Cologne.

### Our Markets.

#### Produce, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.) Apples, 25c.; Beans, 75 to 81.00; Butter, 18c.; Eggs, 12c.; Honey, 10c.; Onions, 65c.; Potatoes, 70 to 80c.

#### Grain, Feed, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.) Buckwheat, 40c.; Bran, 100 lbs., 75c.; Barley, 90c.; Clover seed, 1 bu., \$4.25; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Corn, shelled, 44; Flour, \$4.00; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Hay, 9 @ \$10; Middlings, 100 lbs., 80c.; Oats, 25 cts.; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., \$6.00; Rye, 45c.; Timothy Seed, \$2.75; Wheat, white, 70c.; Red Fultz, 70c.; Lancaster Red, 72c. Corn ear, 40c.

#### RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 60c.; Bran, 100 lbs., 80c.; Barley, 100 lbs., \$1.25; Clover seed, 1 bu., \$5.50; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.05; Corn, shelled, 55c.; Flour, \$4.40; Fine corn meal, 100 lbs., \$1.60; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.20; Hay, 100 lbs., 1.10; Hay, \$12.00; Middlings, 100 lbs., 85c.; Oats, 38 cts.; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., \$6.00; Rye, 60c.; Timothy, Seed, \$3.00; Corn, ear, 55c.

### New Advertisements.

### THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS

Is a complete newspaper in all that constitutes the best type of American journalism. It is a member of the Associated Press, and is the only 2-cent morning paper in Chicago that possesses this first essential to a complete news service. In addition it has its own private leased wires connecting its office with Washington and New York. It prints ALL THE NEWS.

### THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS

Is an independent paper. It recognizes the utility of political parties as means for the accomplishment of proper ends, but it declines to regard any mere party as a fit subject for unquestioning adoration. It is unbiased in its presentation of political news.

### THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS

Is a "short-and-to-the-point" paper. It leaves to the "blanket-sheets" the monopoly of tiresome and worthless amplification. It says all that is to be said in the shortest possible manner. It is a paper for busy people.

### THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS

Now prints and sells over 175,000 copies per day—a larger circulation than that of all the other Chicago dailies combined. Sold by all news dealers at two cents per copy. Mailed to any address, postage prepaid, for six dollars per year, or for a shorter term at rate of fifty cents per month. Address Victor F. Lawson, Publisher, The DAILY NEWS, 123 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

### The Chicago Weekly News

Eight pages, 64 columns, is the largest dollar weekly in America.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alums or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York. 50-48W.

### Indigestion.

Many persons lose appetite and strength, become emaciated, suffer, and die, because of defective nutrition, who might have been restored to health by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine acts upon the digestive organs, through the blood, and has effected many wonderful cures.

For years I suffered from Loss of Appetite and Indigestion, and failed to find relief, until I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Three bottles of this medicine

#### Entirely Cured

me, and my appetite and digestion are now perfect. —Fred G. Bower, 496 Seventh st., South Boston, Mass.

I have, for years, suffered acutely from Dyspepsia, scarcely taking a meal, until within the past few months, without enduring the most distressing pains of Indigestion. My stomach sometimes rejected all food. I became greatly reduced in strength, and very despondent. Satisfied, at last, that my trouble was of a scrofulous nature, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and believe it has saved my life. My appetite and digestion are now good, and my health is perfect. —Oliver T. Adams, Spencer, Ohio.

### Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

# TO MACKINAC.

## Summer Tours.

Palace Steamers. Low Rates.

Four Trips per Week Between DETROIT, MACKINAC ISLAND, St. Ignace, Cheboygan, Alpena, Harrisville, Oscoda, Sand Beach, Port Huron, St. Clair, Oakland House, Marine City.

Every Week Day Between DETROIT AND CLEVELAND.

Special Sunday Trips during July and August.

OUR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS Rates and Excursion Tickets will be furnished by your Ticket Agent, or address E. B. WHITCOMB, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co. DETROIT, MICH.

## J. H. Nibbelink,

Proprietor of Ninth Street

## Livery, Sale, and Feed STABLE,



I have added to my business that of

## UNDERTAKING

and keep constantly on hand

## CASKETS, COFFINS, ETC.

Good Horses and Carriages of all kinds and a first-class Hearse for funerals can be obtained at my place of business.

Attention and courteous treatment can be relied upon.

Thankful for past favors I ask a continuance of same. J. H. NIBBELINK.

Holland, Mich., January 20, 1887.

## Health is Wealth!



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involutionary Losses and Seminal Emission caused by over-exercising of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by YATES & KANE, Druggists, Sole Agents, Holland, Mich.

## Van Duren Bros.

DEALERS IN

# BOOTS, SHOES,

ETC., ETC.,

Always Have a large assortment of Goods on hand.

We make a Specialty of Custom Work.

## -REPAIRING-

Neatly and promptly executed.

VAN DUREN BROS.

Three doors east of Post-office.

Holland, Mich., April 13, 1887. 18-1f.

## OH! MY BACK!



DR. HILL'S ENGLISH BUCHU is One of the Best

# Kidney

INVESTIGATORS IN USE.

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Burning Urine, Gleet, Gonorrhea in all its stages, Mucous Discharge, Congestion of the Kidneys, Brick Dust Deposit, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy of Kidneys, Acid Urine, Bloody Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Retention of Urine, Frequent Urination, Gravel in all its forms, Inability to Retain the Water, particularly in persons advanced in life. IT IS A KIDNEY INVESTIGATOR that restores the Urine to its natural color, removes the acid and burning, and the effect of the excessive use of intoxicating drink.

PRICE, \$1; Three Bottles for \$2.50.

Delivered free of any charges.

25¢ Sent for Circular. Sold by all Druggists.

W. JOHNSTON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For Sale by Yates & Kane.

27-10mos.

THE FINEST

## Boots and Shoes

—AT—

## E. HEROLD'S.

## Honest Goods

—AT—

## Honest Prices.

## BEST \$3.00 SHOE

in the city, always on hand.

I have the Celebrated

## GRAY BROS.' SHOE

for Ladies. Call and see them.

## Repairing promptly and neatly done.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD. HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

## J. FLIEMAN

Manufactures and sells the

## BEST WAGONS

## AND BUGGIES.

I have recently commenced the manufacture of

## Platform, Combination & Express Wagons,

To which I invite the attention of all who desire light and durable wagons.

I desire also to call the attention of all owners of fast horses in this vicinity to the fact that I have procured the assistance of one of the best horse-shoers in the west and am now able to do the finest possible work in that line, both with steel or iron shoes either of hand or machine make. I believe that all should patronize home trade when they can be as well served, and I would ask that all give me a good trial before taking their work elsewhere.

I also manufacture

## Ox Yokes

and have them constantly on hand.

## Highest price paid for all kinds of Furs.

J. FLIEMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich. Jan. 13, 1887.

## Come and See

The best place to buy

# READY-MADE CLOTHING,

For Men, Boys, and Children,

—ALSO—

## HATS and CAPS,

—AND—

## Gents' Furnishing Goods

—IS AT—

## JONKMAN & DYKEMA'S,

Second door east of Post-office.

Holland, Mich., April 13, 1887. 11-1y.

### Examination of Teachers.

The Board of School Examiners for the County of Ottawa will meet as follows for the examination of those desiring a teacher's certificate:

At Holland City, August 17,

At Grand Haven, August 24,

At Coopersville, Sept. 15.

Each examination is to commence at 9 o'clock a. m. sharp and to be held at the school room at each place, or some other suitable room.

Only third grade certificates will be granted at these examinations.

By Order of Board of School Examiners.

27-6t. A. W. TAYLOR, Sec'y.

### Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by the Macatawa Bay Transportation Company (a corporation) to Fred J. Metz, dated December second, 1886, (and which mortgage was recorded at the Custom House at Grand Haven, Michigan, on February nineteenth, A. D. 1887, in Liber 9 of Mortgages, on page 22, which mortgage was afterwards, on July twentieth, A. D. 1887, assigned by said Fred J. Metz to Araminta A. Williams, said assignment having been recorded in said Custom House, in Liber 2 of Mortgages, on page 35, on July twentieth, A. D. 1887, by which default the power to sell in said mortgage contained has become operative; upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due Five Hundred and Ninety Dollars, (the further sum of One Thousand Dollars being unpaid and to become due on said mortgage); Therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale, said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged property, in said mortgage described, to-wit: The whole of the Steamer Macatawa, together with the whole of the masts, bowsprit, booms, cables, chains, rigging, tackle, apparel, furniture, and all other necessities thereunto appertaining and belonging; said sale to take place at the south side of Harrington's dock (so called) in the City of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, on the sixteenth day of September, A. D. 1887, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to pay the sum due, and the amount to become due, on said mortgage, with interest and expenses of foreclosure and sale.

Dated: August 25, A. D. 1887.

ARAMINTA A. WILLIAMS,

Assignee of Mortgage.

J. C. POST, Attorney. 30-3t.

### Annual School Meeting.

The annual meeting of the legal voters of the school district, "The Public Schools of the City of Holland," shall be held on Monday, September 5, 1887, at 7:30 p. m., at Room No. 1, Central School Building, at which meeting the Board of Education shall report the receipts and expenditures of the school district for the past year, and for the transaction of such business as may lawfully come before it.

By order of the Board of Education.

G. VAN SCHUYLER, Sec'y.

Dated Holland, Mich., August 25, 1887.

## GRAHAM & MORTON TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

## Twice Daily Line of Steamers

BETWEEN

Benton Harbor, St. Joseph, and Chicago.

The elegant new Steamers

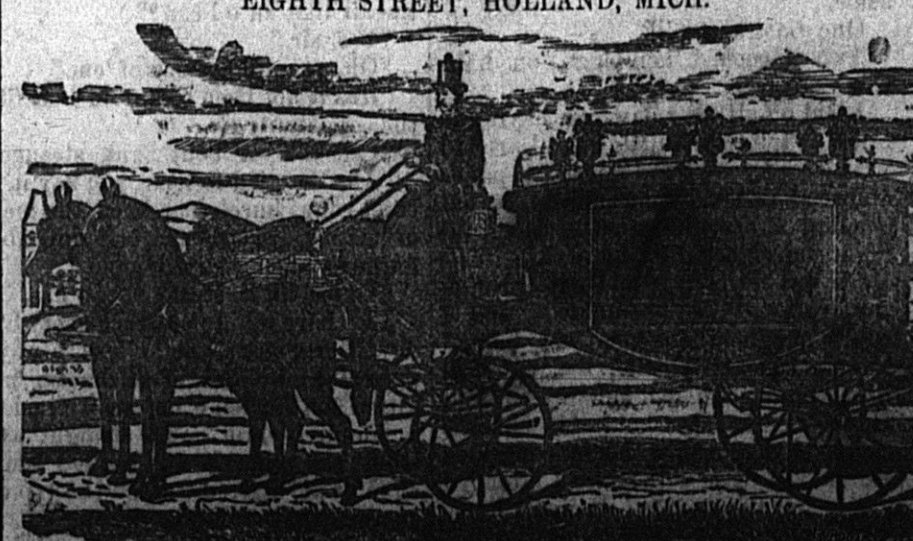
## Puritan and Lora

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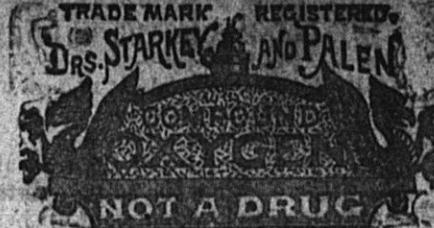
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