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### Holland City News, Volume 16, Number 30: August 27, 1887

Holland City News

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# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS GRIST.

Important Happenings in Every  
Quarter of the Civil-  
ized Globe.

The Very Latest Intelligence  
Flashed Over the Tele-  
graphic Wires.

## LATEST DISPATCHES.

### WARNED BY "WHITE CAPS."

A Lady Teacher in Indiana Forced to Leave  
Her Home by Threats.

ANOTHER outrage by the "White Cap"  
organization of Crawford County, Ind.,  
has just been committed, says an Indian-  
apolis telegram:

This time the victim is a lady teacher, who  
has been a resident of the county for years, and  
during the time has held many positions in the  
high schools of Southern Indiana. The lady is  
a widow named Wilson, and something of a  
society belle in the community. Among  
the pupils who attended her school  
last term was a lad named William Strong,  
and he appears to have become something of a  
favorite with the teacher; so much so, in fact,  
that the other pupils became jealous of him.  
Being naturally bright, he advanced more  
rapidly than his fellow-pupils, and this also  
led to increased jealousy. The idle talk which  
originated in the school-room was repeated at  
home, and the lady has received a peremptory  
order to leave the country at once. In the no-  
tice she received from the White Caps they ac-  
cuse her of trying to awaken the love of the  
youth, knowing that he will come into pos-  
session of a handsome property when he is of  
age.

### FAMINE IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

Extreme Destitution of the People Caused by  
Partial Failure of the Fisheries.

THE reports of a famine in Northern  
Newfoundland are confirmed. A Quebec  
dispatch says:

A resident at Shigawke, Bonaventure County,  
says he is in receipt of news from the north-  
west coast of Newfoundland with regard to the  
cod fishery there, which has always been good,  
but the present year has been an exception to  
this rule, and the fisheries are a total  
failure so far, and even at the present time  
many families are in a state of more than  
semi-starvation. To make matters still worse  
these fisheries in the spring also proved a failure.  
There is one small island on the coast  
upon which reside eight or ten families. In  
former years it was by no means uncommon  
for the families to have at this time of year as  
many as 200 quintals of fish apiece; now they  
have not half that quantity among them all.  
No one who observes the state of affairs in New-  
foundland as they at present exist but is con-  
vinced of their extreme gravity.

### THE PRESIDENT'S PLANS.

He Will Be in St. Louis October 1, and in  
Chicago October 15.

A ST. LOUIS special says definite infor-  
mation has been received that President  
and Mrs. Cleveland and accompanying  
party will arrive in that city on the evening  
of Oct. 1, but the President will see nobody  
that evening except a reception committee  
that will meet him at the depot. The party  
will remain in St. Louis until the evening  
of the 5th, when they will leave for Chi-  
cago. The President will go to Philadel-  
phia on the 17th of September to attend  
the centennial constitutional celebration.  
He will probably be accompanied by Mrs.  
Cleveland.

### The National Game.

THE record of games won and lost by  
the teams of the National Base-Ball  
League is as follows:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
Detroit.....	53	34	.609
Chicago.....	51	35	.593
New York.....	49	39	.558
Philadelphia.....	49	40	.552
Boston.....	47	40	.540
Pittsburg.....	36	49	.423
Washington.....	34	49	.408
Indianapolis.....	27	60	.310

The American Association schedule of  
games is appended:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
St. Louis.....	70	26	.729
Louisville.....	56	42	.571
Cincinnati.....	46	52	.469
Baltimore.....	44	54	.444
Brooklyn.....	47	49	.489
Athletic.....	47	50	.484
Metropolitan.....	33	61	.351
Cleveland.....	26	73	.265

### Russia Will Not Consent.

RUSSIA, in a circular to the powers, an-  
nounces that it can not recognize the va-  
lidity of Prince Ferdinand's election to the  
throne of Bulgaria. The circular expresses  
the hope that the Bulgarian people will not  
assent to a flagrant violation of the Berlin  
treaty. The Moscow Gazette says the atti-  
tude of the government gives great satis-  
faction to the Russian people. Prince  
Ferdinand disclaims any intention of as-  
serting Bulgarian independence or of deny-  
ing the suzerainty of the Porte, and insists  
that his proclamation has been misin-  
terpreted.

### British Politics.

T. W. RUSSELL, M. P., who abandoned  
the Liberal-Unionists on account of the  
proclamation of the Irish League, declares  
that the government has simply turned  
Ulster over to Parnell, and "sacrificed loyal  
tenants to a handful of landlords deserving  
of nobody's consideration." The London  
Standard, Tory organ, is jubilant over  
Mr. Chamberlain's announcement at Bir-  
mingham of his continued adherence to  
the Unionist cause.

### Bits by Telegraph.

THE census of Knoxville, Tenn., shows  
the population to be 36,707.

A MONOPOLY known as the Union Straw-  
board Company has been formed, and sev-  
eral mills have been shut down in conse-  
quence.

ATOHISON, Kan., was visited by a ter-  
rific hailstorm, and between \$4,000 and  
\$5,000 damage was done. Car windows  
were smashed, as were also church and  
store windows.

THE demand for California canned fruit  
is increasing so rapidly that the price has  
increased from 15 to 25 per cent.

## CURRENT EVENTS.

### EAST.

AN express train on the Baltimore and  
Ohio Railroad flew the track as it was ap-  
proaching the station at Washington, and  
crashed into a three-story brick building  
used by the company as a signal-tower.  
The engineer was killed and about thirty  
others injured, some of them dangerously.  
The wreck was caused by a failure of the  
air-brakes.

A BOSTON dispatch announces the death  
of Alvan Clark, who had a world-wide rep-  
utation as a practical astronomer and man-  
ufacturer of telescopes. His age was 89  
years and 6 months. Through his efforts  
he has given to the world the largest and  
most powerful astronomical instruments  
ever made.

PROFESSOR SPENCER F. BAIRD, of the  
United States Fish Commission, died at  
Wood's Holl, Mass., aged 64 years. When  
he was only 23 years of age, he was  
elected Professor of Natural Sciences in  
Dickinson College. He removed to Wash-  
ington in 1850, and became Assistant  
Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution,  
at the head of which was then the late  
Professor Henry. This position Professor  
Baird held until May, 1878, when, upon  
the death of Professor Henry, he was  
elected Secretary and Manager of the In-  
stitution.

### WEST.

SENATOR STANFORD's answer to the  
rule issued upon him by the United States  
Court at San Francisco, to appear and show  
cause why he should not be compelled to  
answer certain questions propounded him  
by the Pacific Railway Commission, was  
filed on Thursday. Senator Stanford pleads  
forgetfulness of details, the impropriety of  
making public the private business of the  
Central Pacific Company, and the hard-  
ship which would be involved in the ex-  
posure of its secrets to competing com-  
panies as among the reasons why he  
should not be compelled to answer the  
questions. He avers that he has never cor-  
rupted nor attempted to corrupt any mem-  
ber of the Legislature or any member of  
Congress or any public official, and has  
never authorized any one else to do so.

A CHICAGO express on the Fort Wayne  
Road was wrecked near Bayard, Ohio.  
The porter was killed and several persons  
were seriously injured.

AN Indianapolis telegram says:

A gentleman who has been prominently iden-  
tified with Orange County affairs for years is  
in the city, and gives a terrible picture of  
the reign of fear in Orange, Crawford, and Har-  
rison Counties owing to the lawless "White Cap"  
organization. As he started from home he met  
an honest and well-to-do farmer, who was hur-  
rying away from home with his family and such  
of his effects as he could carry, impelled by  
the "White Caps," who had made an as-  
sault upon him, and who threatened him with  
death if he did not leave the county. His  
premises had been plundered by the outlaws,  
and he was frightened nearly to death. The  
gentleman stated that no one could conceive of  
the condition of affairs without actual experi-  
ence. Some idea of the general fear which pre-  
vails may be had from the fact that the gen-  
tleman is here to urge upon the Governor the  
necessity of calling out the militia, but, in giving  
information of the outrages, asks that his name  
be omitted in the publication of the facts.

A SAN FRANCISCO dispatch of Friday  
says:

"Chairman Pattison received a telegram from  
President Cleveland yesterday authorizing the  
Pacific Railway Commission to use its discre-  
tion as to employing counsel to assist the  
United States Attorney in the application to  
compel Senator Stanford to explain ex-  
penditures of the Central Pacific Railroad. Mr.  
Pattison left to-day for Philadelphia. Com-  
missioners Little and Anderson will remain here  
till Saturday, when they will go to Portland,  
Ore., and will probably hold a session at Pos-  
tella Junction in order to take testimony in  
reference to the Union Pacific. If the court de-  
cides that Senator Stanford and others must  
answer the questions put to them, the Com-  
mission will again return to San Francisco and re-  
sume the taking of testimony. It is understood  
that the report of the Commission will be hand-  
ed to Congress at the opening of next session."

AT Chatsworth, Ill., the Coroner's jury  
impaneled to investigate the recent railroad  
horror returned a verdict recommending  
that Timothy Coughlin, the section boss,  
be held to the Grand Jury for "gross and  
criminal carelessness," and declaring that  
"the leaving of the track without being  
patrolled for six hours before the passage  
of the excursion and the setting of fires  
by the section men on such a dry and  
windy day as the 10th of August were acts  
which deserve severe criticism." Coughlin  
was arrested and taken to Pontiac, where  
he was lodged in jail.

A DISPATCH from Republican City,  
Neb., says a cyclone from the north struck  
the town, and every brick building in town  
was wrecked. A brick schoolhouse being  
built was blown down, burying seven  
workmen. Five were injured, and J. J.  
Lanning and a man named Allen were  
killed. The damage will reach \$50,000.

THE well-known jewelry house of N.  
Matson & Co., at State and Monroe streets,  
Chicago, has failed. The liabilities amount  
to about \$300,000, and the assets will, it is  
thought, yield \$100,000 more. The failure  
was precipitated by the recent death of Mr.  
Matson.

A NUMBER of German Catholic priests  
in the Northwest have been interviewed re-  
garding the approaching convention of  
German Catholics in Chicago. They deny  
that its purpose is hostile to the Irish ele-  
ment in the church or that there is any  
animosity existing between the German and  
Irish Catholics as classes.

SHERIFF KENDALL and his posse of  
nine were ambushed by the belligerent  
Utes near Glenwood Springs, Colorado.  
After a hard fight they escaped with a loss  
of three horses killed and four men  
wounded. The settlers are fleeing for  
their lives, and the hostiles are being re-  
inforced.

### WASHINGTON.

A WASHINGTON special to the Chicago  
News says: Civil-Service Commissioner  
Edgerton is busy to-night making the final  
revisions in his report on the alleged viola-  
tions of the civil-service law in the Chicago  
Postoffice. He said that the reports of the  
board would probably be made public to-  
morrow. "I say reports," said the Com-  
missioner, "because there will certainly be  
two, and the probabilities are that there will  
be three. Mr. Lyman has examined my  
report and he does not agree with the con-  
clusion which I have drawn. He is pre-  
paring a report of his own, which, I am  
inclined to think, will differ radically from  
mine. I feel sure, too, that Mr. Oberly

will have a report of his own, which, while  
it may agree with mine in several particu-  
lars, will differ with it greatly in many ma-  
terial points." Mr. Edgerton was asked to  
allow his report to be seen, but he declined,  
as he said the whole matter would be made  
public in a day or two at the farthest.

COLONEL LAMONT says that it has been  
definitely determined by the President to  
go direct to St. Louis without a break; that  
the time of departure will be fixed so as to  
bring him into St. Louis "Veiled Prophet's"  
Day; and that he will then proceed straight  
to Chicago, to arrive there Oct. 5.

It is stated in a Washington dispatch that  
a movement is being made all along the  
line in Grand Army circles to have the ex-  
isting system of pension payments changed  
so as to have them made monthly instead  
of quarterly. The argument in favor of  
this change is based upon the assumption  
that it would be more convenient for the  
pensioners to receive their money  
from the Government as their monthly  
bills become due. The pensioner who  
receives \$8 a month and lives in rooms or  
in a house rented for that sum would  
gladly devote it to payment on that account,  
as a matter of convenience to himself  
as well as to other parties interested. Those  
who receive larger or smaller pensions, de-  
pending upon that certain income for the  
defraying of certain expenses, would also  
be better accommodated than by the pres-  
ent system. This argument seems to be  
accepted by the G. A. R. posts the country  
over, and the probability is a petition  
founded upon it will be in readiness to be  
presented to the Fiftyeth Congress next  
December.

### POLITICS.

THERE was a noticeable absence of  
prominent politicians at the Pennsylvania  
Republican State Convention which was  
held at Harrisburg on the 17th inst. Adju-  
tant General Hastings was chosen Chair-  
man, with a long list of Vice Presidents  
and Secretaries. While the Committee on  
Platform was preparing its report nomina-  
tions were made, resulting in the choice by  
acclamation of Captain William B. Hart for  
State Treasurer, and Henry W. Williams for  
Supreme Court Judge. The platform sub-  
sequently reported and adopted favors tariff  
"for the sake of furthering American man-  
ufactures;" declares that the surplus in the  
National Treasury cannot be better ex-  
pended than in the enlargement of the  
general pension list so as to include all  
honorably discharged Union soldiers and  
sailors; demands more rigorous laws for  
the restriction of immigration; denounces  
President Cleveland for "furthering sectional-  
ism" and refusing to grant pensions to  
"soldiers eminent in their efforts to sus-  
tain the Government"; indorses Blaine for  
the Presidency, and extends sympathy to  
Gladstone and Parnell in their efforts on  
behalf of Ireland.

HENRY GEORGE was nominated for  
Secretary of State by the New York State  
United Labor Convention at Syracuse, on  
the "Clarendon Hall Platform," on which  
he made his canvass for Mayor of New  
York. The Socialists of the metropolis  
have passed resolutions denouncing the  
exclusion of their delegates from the con-  
vention, and propose to put a ticket of  
their own in the field.

DURING the three years ended July 30  
45,373 postmasters were appointed. The  
total number of postoffices in the country  
is 58,157.

A PHILADELPHIA telegram says the old  
war-cry of the Know-Nothing party,  
"America for Americans," will again be  
raised in the Presidential campaign of  
1888. During the celebration of the Con-  
stitutional Centennial in that city a pre-  
paratory convention will be held, at which  
delegates from thirty-eight States will  
be present. A call for this conven-  
tion has already been drafted by a  
body known as "The American Na-  
tional Committee," composed of twenty  
or thirty men. They claim among their  
number over 1,500,000 persons, members of  
societies whose purpose it is to inculcate  
purely American ideas, some of which are  
a survival of some of the Know-Nothing  
organizations of 1854. General Master  
Workman Powderly is a prominent mem-  
ber of this new party, and has given utter-  
ances more than once to the principles this  
new party proposes to stand on. These  
principles all start out from one central  
idea—the restriction of immigration.

### GENERAL.

CAPT. SHEPHERD, commanding the re-  
venue cutter Rush, reports to the Treasury  
Department the capture of one American  
and three British schooners for taking seals  
in the Behring Sea contrary to law. The  
vessels were all sent to Sitka, Alaska, and  
turned over to the United States Marshal  
for prosecution.

A RATE has been made of one cent a  
mile to the reunion of the Grand Army of  
the Republic at St. Louis from points east  
of the Mississippi River, coming into com-  
petition with the Central Traffic Associa-  
tion roads.

GRAVE fears are entertained for the safety  
of the United States revenue cutter Bear,  
which was on duty in Behring Sea, pro-  
tecting the fisheries. The steamer has not  
been heard from for some time, and, as  
she was leaking badly at the time she  
cleared from Unalakleet, it is thought she  
has been lost.

THE business failures occurring through-  
out the United States and Canada during  
the week numbered 161. Interviews with  
the leading firms in the various branches  
of trade in New York City show that gen-  
eral business is in a very satisfactory con-  
dition. Collections are reported good, and  
a healthy tone pervades all lines of trade.  
R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly trade review  
states that everything now turns on crop  
prospects, and that, while the estimates of  
the harm done by the drouth differ widely,  
the injury to wheat does not appear im-  
portant, and corn has not been damaged so  
extensively as to overbalance the increase  
in acreage. While the railroads continue to  
report large earnings, 108 roads show a net  
gain of 7.7 per cent. for July over last year.  
The weakness in securities operates to pre-  
vent sales for extensions and new roads,  
and thus affects the demand for rails and  
iron.

THE steamship City of Montreal, of the  
Inman Line, which sailed from New York  
for Liverpool, Aug. 6 was burned at sea  
five days later. The passengers number-  
ing 420, and the crew left the burning ves-  
sel in life-boats, one of which, containing  
thirteen persons, has not been heard from

and was doubtless lost. The occupants of  
the other boats were picked up by the  
steamship York City and taken to Queens-  
town. The officers and crew of the City  
of Montreal behaved handsomely, and to  
their heroism and coolness the survivors  
probably owe their lives. The burned  
steamship was valued at \$500,000, and car-  
ried a very heavy cargo.

GEORGE G. WRIGHT, of Des Moines,  
Iowa, was elected President of the Ameri-  
can Bar Association, which has just closed  
its session at Saratoga.

### FOREIGN.

FROM a blue-book just issued in  
London it appears that the Afghan bound-  
ary question has been settled upon the basis  
of mutual and equal concessions by Russia  
and Afghanistan. But the question is:  
"Will it stay settled?" Probably not....  
United Ireland tells the Irish landlords  
that home rule is inevitable, and advises  
them to make the best of the situation. It  
predicts the election of a home-rule House  
of Commons in a few weeks, and the meet-  
ing of the Irish Parliament in 1888.

LORD SALISBURY announced in the British  
House of Lords on Friday that the  
Government had proclaimed the Irish Na-  
tional League. Mr. Balfour, Chief Sec-  
retary for Ireland, made similar announce-  
ment in the House of Commons. He said  
the League was proclaimed as a dangerous  
association, under section 6 of the Irish  
crimes act amendment bill recently made  
law. The Government had thus taken  
the power conferred upon them by that  
statute to prohibit and suppress the  
League. The proclaiming of the League  
was the subject of excited discussion in  
the lobbies of Parliament, says a cable dis-  
patch. Gladstonians assert that the Gov-  
ernment is unjust and imprudent in pro-  
claiming the League. The Parnellites say  
that the Government wish to create trouble  
and outrage in Ireland during the coming  
winter; that the proclamation will force  
the extreme measures of the League to  
the front, and that the Government will  
shortly bitterly repent their action. All  
the important documents of the League  
have been removed from the headquarters  
in Dublin.

FOREIGN advices report that during the  
eclipse of the sun, on the 19th inst., the  
sky was obscured by clouds at Paris,  
Vienna, and St. Petersburg, and no ob-  
servations could be made. The Belgian  
expedition at Jurjewitz, on the Volga,  
succeeded in observing the solar pro-  
tuberances and chromosphere, although  
the corona was invisible. At Klin, Russia,  
an aged professor named Mendeleeff  
ascended above the clouds in a balloon,  
obtaining good results, descending in  
safety near Moscow, forty miles distant.

RUSSIA has proposed to the Porte a joint  
Russo-Turkish occupation of Bulgaria  
and Eastern Roumelia. The Porte de-  
clines the proposition until the other treaty  
powers can be consulted. Prince Ferdi-  
nand had an enthusiastic reception at  
Philippopolis, the capital of Eastern Rou-  
melia. None of the foreign Consuls have  
yet visited him.

THE cholera is now definitely fastened  
upon Naples, and is spreading to other  
Italian cities. It is said there have been  
undoubted cases in Rome, but the authori-  
ties deny the fact. Thus far there are no  
hints of its appearance in France or Spain.  
The usual stories of peasant riots against  
the physicians and the quarantine precau-  
tions come from Sicily, where exist great  
panic and disorder.

MR. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN made a  
speech at Birmingham, in which he criti-  
cised the action of the British Govern-  
ment. There is a conflict of opinion as to  
the probable effect of proclaiming the  
League.

THE ladies of the Royal School of Art  
have presented her Majesty with an ad-  
dress and a beautifully embroidered quilt.

THE Prince of Wales has been made an  
honorary Admiral of the fleet by the Queen,  
and Prince Louis, of Battenberg, has been  
appointed to the command of the Dread-  
naught.

A DEMONSTRATION to protest against  
what was described as the jubilee coercion  
bill was held in Manchester, in which it  
was announced that the Irish members  
would give the Government every chance  
to imprison them.

### MARKET REPORTS.

NEW YORK.		
CATTLE.....	\$4.00	@ 5.00
HOGS.....	5.25	@ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.81	@ .85 1/2
No. 2 Hard.....	.81	@ .81 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.49	@ .51
OATS—White.....	.36	@ .41
PORK—New Mess.....	15.50	@ 16.00
CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Choice to Prime Steers.....	4.75	@ 5.25
Medium.....	3.75	@ 4.50
Common.....	3.00	@ 3.75
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	5.00	@ 5.75
FLOUR—Winter Wheat.....	3.75	@ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red Winter.....	.71	@ .73
CORN—No. 2.....	.41 1/2	@ .43
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.24 1/2	@ .25
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.18	@ .20
Fine Dairy.....	.18	@ .20
CHEESE—Full Cream, cheddars.....	.10 1/2	@ .11
Full Cream, new.....	.10 1/2	@ .11 1/2
EGGS—Fresh.....	.18	@ .18 1/2
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	.80	@ .90
PORK—Mess.....	16.00	@ 17.00
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—Cash.....	.68 1/2	@ .69
CORN—No. 2.....	.40	@ .40 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.28	@ .29
RYE—No. 1.....	.46	@ .47
PORK—Mess.....	14.25	@ 14.75
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.69	@ .69 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.38	@ .39
OATS—Mixed.....	.24	@ .25
PORK—New Mess.....	14.75	@ 15.25
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—Cash.....	.74	@ .74 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.45	@ .45 1/2
OATS.....	.26	@ .26 1/2
DETROIT.		
BEEF CATTLE.....	3.75	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	5.25	@ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	.78	@ .78 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.45	@ .45 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.30	@ .31
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.73 1/2	@ .74 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.46	@ .46 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.21	@ .21 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	14.75	@ 15.25
LIVE HOGS.....	4.50	@ 5.25
BUFFALO.		
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.81	@ .82
CORN—No. 2.....	.46 1/2	@ .47
CATTLE.....	4.25	@ 5.00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
BEEF CATTLE.....	3.50	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	4.75	@ 5.50
SHEEP.....	4.00	@ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.70	@ .70 1/2
CORN.....	.42	@ .43
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.26	@ .27
EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Prime.....	4.25	@ 4.50
Fair.....	4.25	@ 4.50
Common.....	3.25	@ 3.75
HOGS.....	5.25	@ 5.75
SHEEP.....	3.75	@ 4.25

## UPON THE BALL FIELD.

How the Clubs Stand for the High-  
teenth Week of the League  
Pennant Race.

Chicago's Great Games with Detroit—  
Records of League Pitchers and  
Catchers.

### [CHICAGO CORRESPONDENCE.]

The close of the eighteenth week of the  
League pennant race for 1887 finds the  
Western clubs doing battle upon Eastern  
grounds with their Eastern rivals.  
The Detroit team still leads the  
League clubs in the race, and the  
Philadelphia team by splendid work  
has passed Mike Kelly's men in the strug-  
gle for front place and is now close upon  
the heels of the New York giants for third  
place. It would surprise no one to see the  
Phillies in third place and leading both  
New York and Boston before another  
week passes.

The Chicago team closed its third home  
season last week upon the Chicago grounds  
in the final games of the series begun on  
Saturday, the 13th inst., with Detroit, and  
it is needless to say that these games will  
exist for many a day to come in the recol-  
lection of all who witnessed them. In  
team work, in brilliancy of fielding, in  
wonderful spurts of batting, in base-run-  
ning, in splendid pitching, in individual  
and collective playing, the work of these  
two teams was something which the most  
gifted pen could but faintly outline, how-  
ever greatly inspired. Each game was a  
battle of the giants from first to last, and  
in attempting to give just credit to those of  
the players who most deserve it one is  
puzzled where to begin. With but little  
hesitation, however, it can safely be said  
that of the twenty or more players who  
participated in the three games, none did  
nobler work than did John Clarkson.  
Starting in upon Saturday, he gave  
such an exhibition of pitching  
skill as is seldom seen. Not only  
did he show himself master of the  
ball from the pitcher's standpoint, but  
without exaggeration it may be said that if  
it is possible for one man to win a ball  
game, Clarkson accomplished the feat in  
the first game of the series with Detroit.  
In his delivery upon that day he seemed  
bent upon showing the 13,000 people pres-  
ent every strategy and peculiarity known in  
the science of modern pitching, and being  
familiar, through careful and systematic  
study, with the batting peculiarities of  
every Detroit batsman who faced him, he  
was wonderfully effective. It may safely  
be said, brilliant as his record has been,  
that Clarkson never covered his position in  
such splendid form. He pulled down and  
stopped balls from the bat that many a  
man upon the lines of the diamond would  
have hesitated before, and with the bat in  
his hands he was a tower of strength to his  
team. He went in again Monday and  
pitched another winning game, making al-  
most as brilliant a record as upon the  
Saturday before.

He went in again on Tuesday, and al-  
though he pitched a great game for Chi-  
cago, Detroit won by a lucky stroke of bat-  
ting and some really wonderful work in  
the field. To show how determined Det-  
roit was to win the third and last game of  
the series, a little piece of strategy upon  
the part of Getz and Bennett—the Det-  
roit battery—may be cited. It was full of  
risk, and might have lost them the game;  
but, fortunately for Detroit, it was suc-  
cessfully accomplished, and saved the  
game to them. It was in the eighth in-  
ning, with Pfeffer upon second base and  
Sullivan upon third, when Williamson



## REMINISCENCES OF PUBLIC MEN.

BY BEN PERLEY POORE.

Among other anecdotes which have been handed down at Washington, was one of an incident at the table of President John Adams, when Gouverneur Morris, then a Senator in Congress from the State of New York, was one of the invited. It was at the time of the feud existing between the President and Gen. Hamilton, arising from animadversions of the latter upon the sudden compromise of our differences with the French Republic. Mr. Morris was called on by Mrs. Adams for a toast.

"Madame," said he, "I will give the health of my friend Hamilton."

The lady indignantly replied: "Sir, that is a toast never drank at this table."

"Suppose, then, madame," was the cool rejoinder, "we drink it now for the first time?"

"Mr. Morris," exclaimed the excited hostess, "if you persist I shall invite the ladies to withdraw!"

"Perhaps," retorted the imperturbable Senator, "it is time for them to retire."

The signal was given, and as the ladies rose in obedience to it, the Senator sprang from his seat and stumped on his wooden leg to the door, threw it wide open, and, with his constitutional boldness, fairly bowed Mrs. Adams and her lady guests out of the room.

Among the many stories told by Thurlow Weed about Martin Van Buren, was one narrating an incident which occurred on the deck of a Hudson River steamboat, on the way from Albany to New York. The merits of Mr. Van Buren were being discussed when the boat touched at Kinderhook and "The Little Magician," as he was called, came on board. One of the party had been dwelling upon his non-committalism, and complaining that "a plain answer to a plain question was never yet elicited from him."

"I'll wager the champagne for the company, added he, 'that one of us shall go down to the cabin and ask Mr. Van Buren the simplest question which can be thought of, and he will evade a direct answer. Yes; and I'll give him leave too, to tell Mr. Van Buren why he asks the question, and that there is a bet depending on his reply.'"

This seemed fair enough. One of the party was deputed to go down and try the experiment. He found Mr. Van Buren, whom he knew well, in the saloon, and said to him:

"Mr. Van Buren, some gentlemen on the upper deck have been accusing you of non-committalism, and have just laid a wager that you would not give a plain answer to the simplest question, and deputed me to test the fact. Now, sir, allow me to ask you: Where does the sun rise?"

Mr. Van Buren's brow contracted; he hesitated a moment, and then said:

"The term east and west are conventional, but I—"

"That'll do!" interrupted the interrogator, "we've lost the bet!"

Abraham Lincoln became acquainted with Mr. Blaine in Illinois during the memorable campaign with Douglas in 1858. Mr. Blaine was corresponding from the scene of contest with his paper in Maine, and in one of his letters he predicted that Lincoln would be defeated for Senator by Douglas, but would beat Douglas for President in 1860. The letter was copied in several Illinois papers, and Mr. Lincoln cut it out and carried it in his small memorandum book until long after he was inaugurated as President. It naturally laid the foundation of cordial friendship between the two. Moreover, at the Chicago Convention in 1860, Mr. Blaine was almost the only New England man who was for Lincoln from the start. To his efforts was credited the division of the Maine delegation on the first ballot, and that was "the light in the east" which heralded speedy victory.

When the movement was made against Mr. Lincoln the winter preceding the campaign of 1864, Mr. Blaine was the person with whom Mr. Lincoln constantly conferred about Maine, and I was present at a conference between the two when Mr. Lincoln requested Mr. Blaine to proceed to Maine and see if there was an adverse movement there. Mr. Blaine reported by telegraph to Mr. Lincoln, and he sent also to me a telegram, which was made public in the Washington papers and through the Associated Press.

The Senate passed a resolution in the Pierce administration accepting a portrait of John Hampden, the great English patriot, and directing it to be placed properly in the Executive Mansion. This portrait was presented by John McGregor, Esq., of London, and was a worthy and acceptable gift. Some uncertainty seemed to be attached to its parentage, but the inquiry was narrowed down to the two eminent painters, Anthony Vandyck and Sir Peter Lely, contemporaries not only of each other, but of Cromwell, Hampden, and the Charleses. Its fidelity is unquestioned, and it therefore is a rare and precious possession of our Government and people. The circumstances that Sir Peter Lely painted Cromwell, as the latter strictly ordered him, with all the indurations, warts, and pimples on that iron visage, may favor the idea that this picture of Hampden, who was Cromwell's cousin, is also Sir Peter's.

### Spreading the Gospel.

"I am picking up all the pins I can find," said Edward Stillwell; "Mamma pays me a penny a hundred, and by the Fourth of July I will have 800 of them, which will make me eight cents for my missionary box." "Well," said Bill Jones, coarsely, "what of that?" "Then," replied Edward Stillwell, for it was he, "Mamma says she will give me a

quarter to go to the circus. Don't you wish you might go to the circus also. William?" asked Edward. "Hoh!" was all that Bill Jones said. Because he went to the circus, too, always attended both performances. Sometimes he carried water for the elephant; in that case he got a twenty-five cent seat, same as Edward. But as a rule, he preferred to hook under the canvas, because then he got a fifty cent seat, and spent his missionary money for pink lemonade, made of water, moisture, and dampness in equal parts.—*Burdette.*

### Trees.

Near an old German castle is a lime which a boy, accused of killing his master, planted with its head in the earth, to attest his innocence if it grew and flourished. Two friends were attacked by robbers in the woods, and one of them was killed. The robbers having been put to flight by a flash of lightning, the surviving friend, found kneeling at the side of his dead companion, was condemned to death for his murder. On his way to execution he planted a stick, which he adjured to take root and grow if he was innocent; as, of course, it is proved that he was by the beautiful apple tree that the stick became. Somewhat similar is the account of the Luther elm near Worms. A bigoted old Catholic lady, planting a stick in the ground, declared her resolution not to accept the new faith till that dry stick became green. The fact that it did so proves the interest taken by trees in the preservation of orthodoxy; but it would seem that the elm tree takes a special interest in matters of this sort, for is not the elm tree the symbol of St. Zenobius, when the coffin of that saint was carried past it a dry elm tree suddenly burst into leaf?

Another way by which trees reveal their inherent sympathy with humanity is by bleeding. Both Virgil and Ovid tell the story of Polydore, one of Priam's sons, intrusted to the care of a king of Thrace, and by him killed after the taking of Troy; from his grave there grew a myrtle, which, when Eneas plucked its boughs, bled in a pure human fashion, much to that hero's dismay. The present writer himself has searched for an oak tree in a Surrey wood which was said to show a blood-red sap in memory of a murder committed in its vicinity. At all events, if a deed of blood had been committed near the spot, the tree in question had forgotten all about it, for no blood issued from its wound, and a disbelief in bleeding trees had to add itself to many another negative conclusion.

The peculiarities, no less than the existence, of trees admit of mythological explanation; and strangely abused those explanations often are. Here, for instance, is one of the jagged form of the oak leaves, an explanation of the same order as that which traces the minute holes in the leaves of the St. John's wort to the needle with which the devil pricked it as a punishment for its devil dispelling powers. The devil agreed with a man that he should have the latter's soul at the time when the oak leaves fell; but when he came to look at the oak in the autumn he found it still in leaf, nor did it part with its old leaves till the new ones began to sprout. In his rage and disappointment he scratched the leaves so vehemently that they have been in consequence jagged ever since.—*Gentleman's Magazine.*

### In Central Soudan.

In shady nooks sit picturesque groups of natives in all kinds of combinations discussing the news of the day, haggling over a purchase, or busily engaged in embroidery or making up of gowns and trousers. This trade, we may note, is here entirely in the hands of men, who ply the needle with much skill. Farther on we meet a courtier gorgeously dressed, looking in his voluminous garments a very Falstaff in bulk, as he goes ambling past on his still more richly decorated horse, bent on a little exercise in the cool of the evening. Of the personal appearance of this aristocrat I shall not now speak, but we may take notice of the horse. By good-luck here happens to be one standing waiting to be mounted, so we can more conveniently examine steed and trappings in detail. The animal before us is a very fair specimen of a Soudanese horse. It is somewhat lanky, with little beauty of line, but it is fiery-eyed, and its tail and mane, being uncut, give it a somewhat wild appearance. Soudanese horses are generally very vicious and difficult to manage, stallions alone being used for riding purposes. They are specially trained for sudden forward charges, to stop within their own length when in full gallop, to turn with equal rapidity, and away like the wind out of harm's way. At other times the favorite mode of progression is by making the horse's left legs simultaneously alternate with those of the right side, a method of traveling which is very pleasant and easy. The riders are fond of making their horses prance and plunge about with fierce and fiery action. There is nothing which the central Soudanese is so proud of as his horse, and nothing to which he devotes more time and attention than its appearance and trappings. The headgear is almost one mass of brass-plated ornaments, little bells, and a thousand tassels and flaps of leather in yellow, light blue, or dark red. The beautifully plaited reins would almost hold an elephant for strength, while the bits are perfect instruments of torture.—*Joseph Thompson, in Harper's Magazine.*

WITH our present short period of existence, there is no time for indulging in the luxuries of mischief.—*Arthur Helps.*

## AT THE RESTAURANT.

They Were from the Country and Strangers to the Bill of Fare.  
[Chicago News.]

They were from the country and had probably never eaten in a restaurant in their lives.

Waiter—Have you ordered, ladies?

First Lady—Well, no. I don't know what I want. Do you, Sally?

Second Lady—Let me see!  
[A pause.]

First Lady (reading)—Vegetable soup. Is that made out of vegetables?

Waiter—Yes; will you take soup?

First Lady (continues reading)—Here's roast beef, roast mutton, roast pork, roast veal—oh, yes, and here's fish—white fish. Do you like fish, Sally?

Second Lady—Yes, I like it very well (perusing bill of fare.) Well, if they ain't got baked beans. I get all them I want at home.

First Lady—I do too. How much is strawberries and cream?

Waiter—Fifteen cents. Will you have strawberries and cream?

First Lady (reading)—Corned beef, ribs of beef with brown potatoes,—I bet that's good—green peas, string beans—oh, I like string beans, don't you, Sally?

Second Lady—Yes, I do; but here's sliced tomatoes and new stewed potatoes.

First Lady—How much is porter-house steak.

Waiter—Forty-five cents.

First Lady—Oh, my! ain't that awful! I couldn't afford to eat in a restaurant very often. Could you, Sally?

Second Lady—My, no—(reading) cracked wheat with milk, oat meal—oh, I don't know what I want.

First Lady—I don't, either. (Reading.) Three up. What's that? Anything like seven up?

Waiter—Those are butter cakes.

First Lady—What's butter cakes?

Waiter explains.

Second Lady—What are you going to eat, sister?

First Lady—Oh, I don't know, I'm awful hungry. (Turning to waiter.) Have you got any coffee?

Waiter—Yes. Will you have some coffee?

First Lady—I don't know. Do you want coffee, Sally?

Second Lady—No. I guess I'll drink water.

Waiter (tired waiting)—What are you going to order, ladies?

First Lady—Oh, I don't know. Let me look over the bill again.

[A pause.]

First Lady—What's fricassee chicken?

Waiter explains.

First Lady—I don't believe I want that. Have you got any fried potatoes?

Waiter explains that potatoes go with all meat orders.

[A pause.]

First Lady—What's oxtail soup?

Waiter explains.

First Lady—Well, I don't want that. What kind of pie have you?

Waiter names seventeen kinds.

First Lady—Just listen, Sally. Did you ever! Tell me what they are again, mister; there's so many I've forgotten.

Waiter sighs, shifts his weight onto the other leg and goes over the list again.

First Lady—Well, I don't believe I want any pie.

Waiter—If you'll excuse me a moment I'll come back directly when you have your order made.

Certainly, (in concert.)

Then the two ladies fall to discussing restaurants in general, criticising everybody within range of their optics in their superficial way, and finally drift into a discussion of their shop purchases.

Waiter returns.

Waiter—Have you made out your order, ladies?

Both of them laugh hysterically and lady number one remarks that they had forgotten all about it. She picks up the bill again and ponders over it a long time in utter silence. Finally she asks:

Don't you have a regular dinner?

Waiter—You can order a regular dinner. What do you want?

First Lady—Well, I hardly know what I want. What do you want, Sally?

Second Lady—Anything will suit me.

First Lady (hesitatingly)—I guess you can bring me some—rolls. Yes, and a glass of water. Now what do you want, Sally?

Second Lady—I'll take the same.

A hurricane of disgust breaks over the waiter's classic brow and he moves to fill the order.

### Tobacco in the White House.

Mr. Cleveland is developing a love for cigars which has already caught the attention of the newspaper paragrapher. There is something about life in the White House and in Washington which seems to stimulate the cacotheas fumandi, although Mr. Hayes was not affected by it. But he was proof against this and other "vanities." The taste grows cultured, too, in the White House atmosphere, and Mr. Cleveland is said to have discarded the "two for a quarter" variety for a much costlier article. Gen. Grant was able to gratify his love for the weed at little or no tax upon his \$50,000 a year. So many of his friends were desirous of making him presents and his fondness for cigars was so universally known that the express companies were kept busy delivering him boxes of the choicest brands. I know of one gift to him of a box of 100 which cost the donor \$145—so, at least, the latter told me. I thought this was about the highest price ever paid for such goods, but the gentleman assured me that he had himself smoked cigars which had cost \$1.75 apiece. He had done so accidentally, however, for it was

far from his disposition to be so extravagant. The gift to Gen. Grant came about in this way: My informant, a merchant of means, was about to visit the General in camp during the closing days of the war and thought a box of fine cigars would be appreciated as a delicate courtesy. Accordingly, he called upon a cigar dealer near his residence and requested him to get the best box of cigars within reach. It was a time when gold was over 200, and the custom duties were very heavy. The package was duly delivered to him in a day or two and with it a bill for \$145. Astonished at the price he went to the cigar dealer, who said that the bill was correct.—*Brooklyn Citizen.*

### The Invention of Printing.

Before the middle of the fifteenth century Europe had a cheap material, paper; an oily ink, developed for block-book printing, in place of the fluid ink, which could be used only with the brush; probably the press itself; skilled artisans, trained in the block-book work; most important of all, the demand caused by education. It lacked movable types that could be fitted evenly and readily together, for neither the porcelain letters of Pi-Ching nor the individual stamps of the early copyists had developed to this point. "The invention of printing" in its modern sense consisted in the simple production of such types, or, as De Vinne puts it, of the type-mould which should produce such types. Fifteen cities claim to be the birthplace of printing, but the honor rests between Haarlem, Strasburg, and Mainz. The Dutch legend is that some time about or previous to 1440 one Laurent Janszoon Koster, custos or sexton of a church in Haarlem, while in the Hout, or Haarlem wood, cut letters on a beech tree, which suggested to him wooden types, from which he afterward developed metal types; and that a man in his employ, escaping with the secret to Mainz, originated the art there. Haarlem contains many portrait-monnuments of Koster, and belief in him is an article of the Dutch faith, but later investigators claim that he is altogether a myth, made up, with much imagination and some rascality, of two Haarlem citizens, neither of whom was a printer, and of the "unknown printer" of much later days.

The German story centers in John Gutenberg, of the family called Gensfleisch—taking his mother's name in accordance with a German custom, because her family was dying out—as to whom there is a definite historical chain of evidence, including the records of two law suits. Nothing is certainly known of his first thirty years. He is supposed to have been born about 1390, at Mainz, whence his family were exiled, going to Strasburg. In 1439 he appears as a defendant in a lawsuit brought in Strasburg by an heir of one Andrew Dritzehen, to compel Gutenberg to admit him to the secret and benefit of an art into which the deceased had bought by payment to Gutenberg. This art seems to have been printing, and the evidence in the suit shows that Gutenberg sent his servant to Dritzehen's house, immediately on his death, to have a "form" of "four pieces," "lying in or about a press," separated "by turning two buttons," "so that no one might know what it is." We do not know, for Gutenberg won the suit and kept the secret. Different modern scholars construe "it" to be parts of the press, pages of type, matrices, or a four-part type-mould, such as is known to have been used by early printers. It is not definitely known whether Gutenberg printed any books in Strasburg (some fragments of a type *Donatus* being most plausibly connected with him there), which caused a German critic to declare that if Strasburg is the cradle of printing, "it is a cradle without a baby." By 1448 Gutenberg had removed to Mainz, for there is record of his hiring money, and in 1450 he made a contract with John Faust, a money-lender, to provide money for "paper, vellum, ink, wages, and the other materials required," on half-profits, which contract was the basis of the second suit. In this suit, brought in 1455, Faust, who has been sadly confused with that later Dr. Faust, of Wittenberg, from whose wicked learning grew the Faust legend, foreclosed his mortgage, got possession of part of Gutenberg's implements and stock, and by help of Gutenberg's apprentice, Peter Schoeffer, who afterward married Faust's daughter Christina, took up the business of printing. There is a legend that this Schoeffer, and not Gutenberg, invented the type-mould, but recent investigators show that this invention was peculiarly Gutenberg's.—*R. R. Bowker, in Harper's Magazine.*

### An Untenable Defense.

Police Judge (severely)—Prisoner at the bar, you are charged with wanton and unprovoked assault on this district messenger boy, who appears here as complaining witness. What have you to say in your own behalf?

Prisoner (volubly)—You see, your honor, I was coming down the street when this boy dashed out of the bank and dashed against me—

Judge (doubtfully)—You say he ran out of the bank?

Prisoner (confidently)—Yes, your honor. He ran out, as I said, and—

Judge (contemptuously)—You dare to come here and tell this court that a messenger boy ran! I'll have you to understand, sir, that this court cannot be trifled with. Fifty dollars or fifty days in jail.—*San Francisco Post.*

THE celebrated porcelain pagoda, or Temple of Gratitude, at Nanking, China, was begun 1403 and finished in 1432. It costs 2,485,484 ounces of silver.

## MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—Adrian has a news girl.

—Mio's town hall is nearly completed.

—Manistique would like a steam laundry.

—Romeo District Fair Oct. 4, 5, 6, and 7.

—Oceana County reports fruit in good condition.

—Shelby is shipping a large quantity of peaches.

—South Lyon is trying to inaugurate a tri-county fair.

—A camp of Sons of Vermont is being organized at Jackson.

—Mio, Oscoda County, has a street occupied entirely by Smiths.

—An artesian well is being sunk on the State fair grounds at Jackson.

—The Tecumseh Celery Company have set out about 300,000 celery plants this season.

—Melvin Runchey, of Gaylord, was drowned at Five Lakes, recently, while bathing.

—The Pontiac Conservatory of Music opens Sept. 12 with a corps of twelve teachers.

—Miss M. Irene Hoyt, the eccentric New York heiress, is visiting friends in East Saginaw.

—Mr. Jno. Haber, of Romeo, has a flowing well that throws water twenty-five feet into the air.

—The supply of red apples and of early peaches in Oceana County is far ahead of the demand.

—The sum of \$500 has been raised at Perrinton toward the erection of a Christian Church.

—The Knights of Pythias will form a lodge at Kalkaska in September about thirty-five strong.

—A grave-digger at work in Raisin reports the ground as dry six feet below as it is on the surface.

—Perrinton is offering inducements to a party in Owosso to move his excelsior works to the former place.

—A Convis Center farmer says it is so warm out his way that the horns of the cattle had shrunk, allowing the brass nubs to fall off.

—The new hose-house at Evart is nearly completed. The five hundred feet of new hose recently ordered has been received.

—Jacob Schlenker, aged 19, was fatally shot while hunting near Jackson. The breech-pin of his gun blew out, entering his forehead.

—John Judge is in jail at East Saginaw for horse-stealing. He says he was drunk when he stole the horse and did not realize what he was doing.

—Dundee is in danger of losing its stove mill. Unless a certain quantity of staves and heading timber can be obtained the mill will be removed this fall.

—The Jackson Fire Department has been presented with a turtle. This is no slur on the speed of the department, as any one knows who has ever seen the boys get to a fire.

—Charles K. Carpenter, one of the most prominent citizens of Oakland County, died recently at his home in Orion, after a short illness. He was about 75 years old, and was for four years President of the P. O. & P. A. Railroad.

—Montague young men are a chivalrous and fair-minded lot of fellows. They took up a collection the other day, which amounted to a handsome sum, and presented it to the young lady who manipulates the telephone office, for securing them the result of the League base-ball games daily.

—An accident occurred on an extension of the Northwestern Road near Norway. A crew of men after building a water-tank filled it with water to test it. While the men were sitting about eating their dinner the tank burst with terrible force, killing six men instantly and badly injuring six others.

—At Black River, Alcona County, Alger, Smith & Co. have two camps engaged in grading and extending their logging railroad still further into the pine. This firm handles in the neighborhood of 80,000,000 to 100,000,000 feet of logs annually, which are rafted to lower lake ports, giving employment to 600 men.

—James Howell is in jail in Lansing on a charge of passing a very poor imitation of a silver dollar. After Howell had been kept in jail several days, it was found that the dollar had been lost by the officer who had taken charge of it. The prisoner's case was continued until next Monday, and it is likely he will get off.

—A boy named James Ball, employed in the tub and pail factory at Big Rapids, was drowned in the upper pond. With another boy he was bathing. Diving into the water with the view to swim under some logs, he never came up. His companion gave the alarm, but before the body could be recovered his life was extinct.

—The Muskegon Shingle and Lumber Company's mill has an average of cutting daily 80,000 shingles and 30,000 feet of lumber, 90 per cent. of which finds a market in Chicago. This mill also employs 110 men and works ten hours for a day's work. The men are paid every two weeks, the pay-roll for that time being \$2,700, or a monthly roll of \$5,400.



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1887.

(Continued from first page.)

from Ottawa Beach. Captain Gavett would like to have the order of things changed, but we fear he would find it quite as much of a task as trying to steer a Big Rapids excursion to Ottawa Beach.

Messrs. B. F. Sliter, Andrew Irons, P. W. Frederick, and C. E. Kellogg, comprised a party of Grand Rapids gentlemen that spent last Tuesday at Macatawa. They were all first-class piscatorial artists and put in the whole day fishing on the piers. As a result they packed in ice and carried home with them in the evening in the neighborhood of three hundred choice perch.

It is expected, weather permitting, that the steamer Queen of the Lakes will make an excursion to Saugatuck to-morrow, Sunday, leaving the Park docks at one o'clock p. m. Arrangements will be made with other boats to make the regular two p. m. trip from this city. Any one wishing to avail themselves of this opportunity of visiting Saugatuck should take the ten a. m. boat.

A large number of Grand Rapids Germans picniced at Ottawa Beach on Sunday last. The most of them wore a blue ribbon in their button hole which was no declaration of their temperance principles, but to the contrary entitled the wearer to his allowance of beer. As a whole the crowd was a very orderly and congenial one and will long remember the August Sunday spent at Ottawa Beach.

An excursion of teachers and school officers and an educational conference will be held at Macatawa Park on next Thursday, September 1st, in which the instructors of Kent, Allegan, Muskegon and Ottawa counties have been invited to participate. Very liberal excursion rates have been offered by the Chicago and West Michigan R'y for that day. There will be a conference and short addresses in the afternoon and it is expected that the occasion will be a pleasant prelude to the approaching school year.

**MARRIED.**—At the Methodist Church parsonage, August 20th, 1887, by the Rev. H. D. Jordan, Mr. James Magson, of Moores, N. Y., and Miss Jessie Madendorff, of Zeeland, Mich.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Aug. 25, 1887: Miss Williams, Mrs. John Marles, Master Fritz Curtis, Miss Jennie Davis, M. S. Bowen.

J. G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

THE Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul R'y will run their harvest excursion from Chicago and Milwaukee to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota, and Nebraska, on the following dates, August 30th, September 20th, and October 11th. One fare for the round trip, tickets good for thirty days. For full particulars apply to Agent Chicago and West Mich. R'y, Holland, or to Henry Mercer, Michigan Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul R'y, No. 90, Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

The Detroit Evening Journal is rapidly getting to the front as a hustling daily paper, and is by all odds the very best paper in the city, both in point of news service and editorial ability. Politically independent, its editorial comments are fearless, honest and pointed. If you wish to keep yourself and family posted on matters generally, ask the obliging and gentlemanly agent, Artie Baumgartel, to leave the Journal at your residence every morning.

The following very creditable and deserving notice was given our station agent, Mr. F. G. Churchill, in the Grand Rapids Eagle of last Tuesday: "One of the busiest men in Michigan, during the resort season especially is Mr. F. G. Churchill, the capable agent of the Chicago & West Michigan R'y Co. at Holland. Always courteous and obliging, energetic and prompt, he has contributed his full share to the popularity of the Black Lake resorts, by his efforts in behalf of tourists and visitors."

THE Lovenberg family is the name of a troupe which gives two entertainments at the Opera House, Friday and Saturday nights of this week. They are highly spoken of by the papers in the towns they have visited in this locality and will undoubtedly give pleasing entertainments. They are musicians and illusionists and close the entertainment with a charming and laughable comedy called "Love and War." The admission has been placed low to admit of all attending. Reserved seats for sale at Breyman's jewelry store.

**The Farmer Growing His Own Hedge and the Cost Thereof.**

The Michigan Hedge Company will guarantee to deliver you a thoroughly stock proof hedge at a cost of one dollar per rod and we have no doubt but that they will do just as they agree. Now let us look at the way they do it. In the first place the farmer is required to plow and prepare the ground for the hedge. He

must, if the ground is wet, drain the same. The strip of ground so prepared must be eight feet wide and kept exclusively for the Hedge. He further agrees to thoroughly protect and cultivate the said hedge and strip of ground keeping them free from all damage, weeds and grass. He must also board the men and teams while doing the work connected therewith, Sundays included, the Hedge Co. doing the planting and trimming. Now the fact is Mr. Farmer you are required to do practically all the work of making a hedge for which you pay in addition the sum of one dollar per rod. The amount required to board the men and teams while doing the work, would almost pay the first cost of the plants which you can buy of me, or any reliable dealer, (strictly first-class osage orange) for three dollars per thousand. So that by putting in about the amount of work, besides the trimming that the Hedge Company requires of you, you can get a hedge good enough for all practical purposes, less about the entire cost to be paid in cash to the Hedge Company. So that it can readily be seen that out of the \$320 per mile, the president and other officers of the company, including the traveling agent, is supported which means in substance that they live in luxury on the sweat of the farmer. The Company's agent claims that there are no good hedges in this vicinity, planted and grown by the farmer. There I take issue also with him, and if any one will go with me one day over the country I will show him a goodly number that are good enough to suit the farmers who own them.

GEO. H. SOUTER.

## OUT AROUND.

### Johnsville.

The hum of the threshing machine is about us. Miss Hattie Crow visited her parents here Sunday.

Frank Swift is in town renewing old acquaintances.

The Misses Mamie and Nellie Doran are home on a short visit.

Frank Harris who was quite ill the fore part of this week is about again.

Rev. Mr. Brockway has been preaching in Holland during the past few Sundays.

The Grand Haven Courier-Journal says: "Quite a picnic party from Johnsville were in town, etc." It beats all how a small party from a city like Johnsville can kick up an excitement in a little one-horse town like Grand Haven.

Tennyson says: "I've laid down my pen for a while," and as no one has driven a clinch nail through it we take the liberty of borrowing it a few minutes while the great poet is absent, and if we have not done justice to the subject, in hand we lay it to the pen. It is not without considerable misgiving we launch forth into poetry again. It is not very nice after a protracted mental struggle to find something decent that will rhyme with "H. A." to be accused of stealing poetry, and we warn our friends before hand to not be surprised if "H. A." says and proves it by "some others in West Olive" that he saw this written on the fly leaf of Dr. Franklin's Almanac in the Fiji Islands years ago. Of course there are some things in our effort that are not exactly as we would have them. For instance, "He was a stately youth that came that way." Now that according to our idea sounds good, but to say he was a little, dried-up, hawk-eyed son of a sea-cook, is not to our poetical nature elegant, though we might admit the old saying of "more truth than poetry," but we don't propose to lose our reputation as a poet by putting that in, as we owe "H. A." something for his exalted opinion of us, we will head our verses:

AN "OWED" TO "H. A."

'Twas noon-day in the village, all was still  
Save the passing to their noon meal of a few  
"Brown armed sons of toll," who, with a will,  
Done the "drudgine" work they had to do.

To the groups standing in the village store  
There fell upon their ears a distant sound.  
They slowly moved toward the open door  
To see whose coming seemed to jar the ground.

He was a stately youth that came that way,  
The people gazed with awe as he passed by,  
The noted correspondent, big "H. A."  
Who was never known to steal or tell a lie.  
(whew!)

Then, suddenly he turned and came within,  
And quietly a bottle did produce.  
His face wore a sanctimonious grin  
As he called for a bottle of "the juice."

'Twas midnight, in the village all was still,  
As the shadows flitted thither o'er the ground;  
Save the echo of the distant whip-poor-will  
There was heard no other earthly sound.

But lo! there came a cackle in the yard,  
The farmer tried his best to get there then,  
Said: "Alas!" he gave it up as mighty hard  
To tell which vanished quicker, him or hen.  
"TWO BURRO!"

### Ottawa Station.

Farmers here have commenced sowing wheat. Mr. David Lick and family are visiting friends and relatives here.

First frost this season on Thursday morning last. It was very light however.

Our ripe Niagara's are appearing upon the table, with other varieties close at hand.

Burr Bears is lying very sick at the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Dennis, and there are no hopes of his recovery.

Five large wagon-loads of pleasure seekers from Olive Center and vicinity held a picnic at Macatawa Park on last Saturday.

Emils Brown has gone with his team to assist his brother Albert, who lives near Sand Lake, in putting in his winter grain.

It appears that a wide difference of opinion prevails at present among the News local correspondents in reference to personal and general affairs.

Mr. Frank Brewer, who has been spending the past two or three months with his parents near Buffalo, N. Y. and at the sea-side, has returned to Ottawa Station.

Some meddlesome wild animal has indulged in the habit lately of visiting John Vinkemalder's sea roose until it has left about twenty dead fowls that it did not bring there. The heads alone

seem to constitute the dainty morsel desired, while the remainder of the fowl is left untouched to console and appease the fury of the angry owners.

We had a pleasant dream lately that a well known fisherman of Olive Center, or thereabouts, had purchased a beautiful little lake, with a view of raising fish for the supply of the West Olive and Ottawa Station markets. Also that the advisability of a project to remove said lake to some convenient place near this locality had become a matter of serious reflection, provided, the advantages of the bee-line ditch could be secured as an outlet. But if dreams go by contraries as some believe, then these things will never come to pass.

A Sabbath School picnic was held on Wednesday in the grove of Augustus Names, one mile west of here; Robinson, West Olive, Olive Center, and Ottawa Station were all represented. There was a little confusion at first caused by a want of concert of action and arrangement which was forgotten or lost sight of by a pleasant hour at dinner. The day was rather cool in the shade, but not sufficient to mar the sports and exercises and cause complaint. Mr. Frank Brewer was called upon and delivered a short address to the children at the close on the incidents of travel, etc.

Mr. Luther Brown, aged 87, died at his home near this place Wednesday morning, August 17, and the funeral services were held at the school-house here on Friday afternoon, conducted by Baldwin Headley, of this place. Mr. Brown was born in the State of Vermont, where he lived until he grew to manhood when he moved to the State of New York, where he married Miss Hannah Bement, the aged widow who stood and wept at his grave. The couple emigrated in an early day to the State of Michigan, where after wandering about for some time they finally settled down on the Grand River below Grand Rapids, where they permanently lived until removing with the early pioneers to this place more than thirty years ago, when all this region was nearly an unbroken wilderness. Their family has embraced nine children, four of whom died in infancy. Four of the oldest remaining are married, two living near by, and two near Sand Lake, Kent Co. The youngest son has always lived at home, and for some time past has had the care of the farm and his aged parents. For many years previous to moving here Mr. Brown was badly crippled with rheumatism and unable to do any work that required a great amount of bodily exercise. But since living here he had enjoyed excellent health and regained much of the constitutional vigor of his younger days, which manifested itself in his ability to labor and get around; until within a short time of his death.

### West Olive.

MR. EDITOR:—I desire to say a few words through the columns of your paper in reply to "H. A.'s" statement in regard to the "peace-treaty," and the "temperance unpleasantness." Now in the first place, there is no temperance side to the trouble. This whole matter is spite-work from beginning to end, as the evidence of "H. A." and his clerk will show it to be. They had Mr. Gokey arrested first for selling whiskey on the Fourth of July, and Mr. Gokey proved himself not guilty and was acquitted, and next Robinson had Mr. Bacon arrested for letting him have one-half pint of whiskey on June 9th, and that Mr. Bacon's clerk had not put that half pint down on their record kept for that purpose. Now Robinson, not having seen that record, could not swear that it was not down, but Supervisor Norrington had seen the record and could swear that there was none down to Robinson June 9th, so those two worthies were all the witnesses against Mr. Bacon, and when Robinson came to swear to what he knew about it he was stuck, for he did not know anything, and then everything depended on Supervisor Norrington, and he took the stand with all the pomp and pampers of an old stager, but when he came to answer questions as to dates, etc., they were all in a "little book" in his other coat pocket, or somewhere else, and he did not know anymore about it than Robinson. Now that is about all there has been to the "temperance side" of this trouble. "H. A." says the "peace treaty" was that Mr. Gokey should do a square business hereafter. "H. A." knows that to be a lie when he says it. Mr. Gokey has been doing a square business and he intends to keep doing just as he has done all through, and if they have any old complaints, as "H. A." would lead the public to believe, let them bring them on, they will find Gokey doing business at the old stand. As to Supervisor Norrington meriting the praise of all good temperance people, he has got the condemnation of all classes, just as he should have, and as he will end next Spring, should he allow his name to run for Supervisor again. The tax-payers of Olive have to work too hard for their money to have their Supervisor run their taxes up \$100 just for a little personal spite. "H. A." says he was not under the barn, there is one thing sure he did not show up as he agreed to, and had Norrington not vouched for him, the Sheriff would have found him, and probably under the barn too.

"PETE."

## New Advertisements.

### Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by the Macatawa Bay Transportation Company (a corporation) to Fred J. Metz, dated December second, 1886, (and which mortgage was recorded at the Custom House at Grand Haven, Michigan, on February nineteenth, A. D. 1887, in Liber 8 of Mortgages, on page 29, which mortgage was afterwards, on July twenty-ninth, A. D. 1887, assigned by said Fred J. Metz to Araminta A. Williams, said assignment having been recorded in said Custom House, in Liber 8 of Mortgages, on page 325, on July twenty-ninth, A. D. 1887,) by which default the power to sell in said mortgage contained has become operative; upon which mortgage there is claimed, the further sum of One Thousand Dollars being unpaid and to become due on said mortgage; Therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged property, in said mortgage described, to-wit: The whole of the Steamer Macatawa, together with the whole of the masts, bowsprit, boats, anchors, cables, and all other necessities thereto appertaining and belonging; said sale to take place at the south side of Harrington's dock (so called) in the City of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, on the sixteenth day of September, A. D. 1887, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to pay the sum due, and the amount to become due, on said mortgage, with interest and expenses of foreclosure and sale.

Dated: August 25, A. D. 1887.  
ARAMINTA A. WILLIAMS,  
Assignee of Mortgage.  
J. C. POST, Attorney.

**Examination of Teachers.**  
The Board of School Examiners for the County of Ottawa will meet as follows for the examination of those desiring a teacher's certificate:

At Holland City, August 17,  
At Grand Haven, August 24,  
At Cooperville, Sept. 15.

Each examination is to commence at 9 o'clock a. m. sharp and to be held at the school room at each place, or some other suitable room.

Only third grade certificates will be granted at these examinations.  
By Order of Board of School Examiners.  
A. W. TAYLOR, Sec'y.

# BRUSSE BROS., TAILORS AND HATTERS.

Have the Goods! The right goods and plenty of them for an immense Fall Trade. The past season has far exceeded all expectations. For the coming Fall Trade we have made every preparation. With the best quality of goods at prices that are unquestionably RIGHT, we are confident of a constantly increasing business.

## BRUSSE BROS.

### STEAMER

"Queen of the Lakes,"

F. L. JOHNSON, Master.

This large and beautiful side-wheel steamer plying between Holland City and the Macatawa and Ottawa Beach Resorts will run until further notice on the following time:

Leave R. R. Dock, Holland, at 8 a. m., 10:30 a. m., 2 p. m., and 6:25 p. m.

Leave Resorts at 8:45 a. m., 12:40 p. m., 4:55 p. m., and 7:50 p. m.

Sunday School Picnic Parties and large excursions will be given reduced rates.

### DAILY EXCURSIONS

On Lake Michigan at 3 o'clock p. m., weather permitting.

Freight Rates made known on application.

F. L. JOHNSON, Master.

25-2mos.

C. A. STEVENSON,

Successor to

H. WYKHUYSEN,

Dealer in

WATCHES,

Clocks and Jewelry,

MERIDEN SILVER WARE,

Rogers' Knives, Forks and Spoons.

A large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Etc.

Repairing of every description done promptly and carefully.

Store next door to News Office.

C. A. STEVENSON.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 4, 1887. 27-lyr.

SPRING and SUMMER  
1887.

A full line of

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

White Goods, Sateens and Table Linens,

has been received at

G. Van Putten & Sons,

and many New and Desirable Goods.

Our Stock of

-GROCERIES-

is full and complete and kept fresh by frequent invoices.

It will positively

PAY YOU

To examine our stock and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Holland, Mich., May 5, 1887.

# NEW STORE

—AND—

New Goods!

O. BREYMAN

Dealer in

JEWELRY,

Watches, Clocks,

Solid and Plated Ware,

Spectacles, Etc.

I have just occupied my new store on the corner of Market and Eighth Streets, and will be pleased to see the people of Holland and vicinity at any time. We are selling Goops cheaper than ever and intend to give customers their money's worth.

Call early and make good purchases and be assured of good bargains.

We have some very fine novelties in Jewelry.

O. BREYMAN.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 18, 1887.

THE

MISSSES WERKMAN

Have received a new line of attractive

Millinery Goods.

Which are being sold at astonishingly low prices.

We have the latest styles of

Hats, Bonnets, etc.

for Ladies, Misses, and Children, and also

Special Bargains

—IN—

Ribbons, Gauzes, Silks,

AND VELVETS

and all in the new shades and colors.

Call and See Our Goods.

Stamping Done to Order.

MISSSES WERKMAN.

Holland, Mich., June 20, 1887. 20-1f.

F. A. HARDY & CO.'S

TRADE MARK.

PRISMOIDAL

SPECTACLES

Youth's Keen and Easy Vision Restored. These glasses are ground on a NEW PRINCIPLE, which gives the aid the eye requires without causing any strain or sense of weariness. FOR SALE BY

C. A. STEVENSON,

JEWELER.

HOLLAND, MICH.

15-5mos.



## They Saw it and Know.

We, the undersigned, have examined hedges re-constructed by the Michigan Hedge Co. and will say that we were surprised at the result. Hedges which in our opinion were formerly a nuisance and of no account as a fence, were converted into thoroughly stock-proof fences so tight that not even chickens could pass through, and they are as beautiful as they are practical. The views and photographs shown by the agents do not do them justice. The trimming is done very rapidly and easily and require no particular skill. We could discover no sprouts growing from the roots and the crops adjacent to the hedges are fully as good as in any part of the field. The hedges made by the Michigan Hedge Co. are, in our opinion, the cheapest, best and most durable fences our farmers can adopt and we recommend them as such.

BINE STERN,  
JOHN Q. ADAMS,  
J. G. SUTFIN.

—Decatur Republican.

THE monthly exercises of the Teacher's Association of South Ottawa will be held on Saturday, Sept. 10th, 1887, at 11 a. m., in Hudsonville. The following is the program:

### PRAYER.

RECITATION.—By Miss Gertie Bosworth.  
ESSAY.—The First Days of School. By Mrs. A. V. Weatherwax.  
DISCUSSION.—Should Whispering be Permitted in School? Affirmative, J. C. Curn; Negative, S. Coburn.  
ESSAY.—The Ear. By Dr. B. B. Godfrey.  
RECITATION.—By Miss Anna Benjamin.  
ESSAY.—Character and Extent of General Exercises in School. By M. S. Bacon.  
DISCUSSION.—Should Teachers take part in their Pupils' Sports on the Play Ground? Affirmative, W. C. Covey, assisted by W. T. Douma. Negative, C. C. Freeman, assisted by C. Knooihuizen.

All members are requested to be prepared and take part in the general discussion of each subject.

The exercises will be interspersed with vocal music.

THE Lovenberg family musical company at the Opera House Thursday, Aug. 18, gave a very fine performance, which deserved a much better house than turned out. Every part taken was well rendered. They have not a poor artist in the company. The Dutch and Irish parts were immense, in fact as good as was ever in Grand Haven, while the dancing by the two gentlemen in that line would be hard to beat. The cornet playing is very good; the singing first-class, while the Lovenberg children in their pleasing sketch, "Mr. and Mrs. Thomson," and in song and dance are simply wonderful, it being worth the price of admission alone to hear the children. Every part was well taken and we predict and they ought to have a full house to-night.—G. H. Courier-Journal. If you want to hear and see a slick show for a small amount of money, go to the Opera House to-night and hear the Lovenberg family.

THERE was a good attendance to witness the Mikado, as performed by the Boston Comic Opera Company. The piece was presented in a superb manner and could not fail to please any one. Bessie Louis King was an excellent Yum Yum and the Katisha of Bertha Wilson was excellent in voice, make up, and action. The other ladies were fully up to their parts. Howard as the Lord High Executioner was immense and the Mikado of McCarthy was equally good. In fact the company is strong in all its parts and with such beautiful and appropriate costumes and stage fittings is able to present the great Jap opera fully as well as the most critical could desire.—Berlin Journal. This company will be at the Opera House, Sept. 5th and 6th.

HE who does not know those things which are of use and necessity for him to know, is but an ignorant man, whatever he may know besides.—Tillotson

## ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the Receipts and Expenditures of "The Public Schools of the City of Holland," for the year ending on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1887.

In accordance with the provisions of Title XXIII. of the Charter of the City of Holland, the Board of Education of "The Public Schools of the City of Holland" herewith present the following Annual Statement:

RECEIPTS.	
Bal. in Treasury, Sept. 1, 1886.	\$ 433 01
Taxes, 1886.	7,630 00
Primary money.	1,345 64
Dog tax, 1886.	162 34
Tuition fees of non-resident pupils.	61 53
Sale of old furnaces.	6 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$9,636 42</b>

EXPENDITURES.	
SALARIES—TEACHERS.	
Geo. P. Hummer, Supt.	\$1,000 00
Geo. C. Shepard, music.	150 00
Miss Ray Benditt.	400 00
Mrs. S. J. Higgins.	350 00
Miss A. A. Cunningham.	325 00
" L. Reamer.	300 00
" A. Clark.	300 00
" B. Verbeek.	300 00
" C. Vanpel.	300 00
" A. M. Osborne.	275 00
" E. M. Westover.	275 00
" M. Mohr.	225 00
" M. B. Phaselt.	225 00
" P. Carpenter.	150 00
" K. E. Vanpel.	147 25
" A. Phaselt.	135 00
" E. Van der Meulen.	65 00
" S. Jennings.	30 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$8,022 75</b>

OTHER SALARIES.	
O. E. Yates, Secretary.	\$ 50 00
H. Toren, janitor Central building.	450 00

O. De Jong, Jan. Ward School	75 00
J. Kruidenier, census.	15 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$ 90 00</b>
FUEL.	
J. Van Dyk.	\$ 52 25
J. Fixter.	12 50
H. Kremers.	9 00
H. Kenyon.	334 77
J. Fijman.	22 75
T. Keppel.	13 50
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$448 77</b>

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.	
R. E. Werkman, grounds.	\$ 400 00
C. Lepeltak, grounds.	110 00
H. Te Roller, architect, on account.	50 00
G. R. Democrat, advertising.	2 00
W. F. Kelly, recording deeds.	1 33
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$563 32</b>

BONDS AND INTEREST.	
One Bond, Series A.	\$1,000 00
Int. on bonds, Series A.	120 00
" " " " " " " "	4,000 00
" " " " " " " "	130 00
" " " " " " " "	2,000 00
" " " " " " " "	180 00
" " " " " " " "	\$1,840 00

MISCELLANEOUS.	
W. H. Rogers, printing and advertising.	\$ 52 20
R. E. Werkman, lumber etc.	27 11
Yates & Kane, books and stationery.	46 33
O. E. Yates, postage, etc.	1 80
Prem. Lightning Rod Co.	170 00
Special taxes, St. Improvement	25 43
M. Kleinknecht, books and stationery.	21 80
Lycium Hall, rent for "Commencement."	5 00
T. Van Landegend, hardware and repairs.	25 75
H. Wykhuyzen, clock repairs.	2 25
P. H. McBride, telegraphing, etc.	2 54
R. Kramers & Sons, hardware.	7 49
W. B. Baford, diplomas.	15 00
G. W. Karssen, white-washing, etc.	50 25
J. Kerkhof, repairing wells.	9 75
P. Winter, examining furnaces.	1 00
W. W. Noble, cleaning chimneys, etc.	30 00
J. Nieuwold, draying.	1 25
J. De Feyter, draying.	1 25
L. Alcott, draying.	3 00
J. De Jong, cleaning.	2 00
G. Schaatsaar, labor.	75 00
M. Harrington, sundries.	20 50
Kramers & Bange, sundries.	3 55
Boot & Kramer, sundries.	74 00
H. Vanpell, sundries.	80 00
P. Steketee & Co., sundries.	25 58
Balance on hand.	647 40
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$9,636 42</b>

OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS.	
Series A and B—5 bonds of \$1,000 each, 6 per ct., due Feb. 1888-1892.	\$5,000 00
Series C—6 bonds of \$500 each, 6 per ct., due Feb. 1893-1897.	3,000 00
Series D—4 bonds of \$500 each, 6 per ct., due Feb. 1898-1897.	2,000 00
Series E—3 bonds of \$1,000 each, 6 per ct., due Feb. 1898-1900.	3,000 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$13,000 00</b>

## REVIEW

During the school year, 1886-1887, "The Public Schools of the City of Holland" have maintained a graded school system, in the Central and Ward School buildings, comprising a High School, four Grammar and eight Primary departments. Whole number of teachers, including superintendent and instructor in vocal music, 15. Highest number of pupils enrolled, 930. Average daily attendance, 693. Average number of pupils for each teacher, 57. Total school population, census of 1886, 1,204. The branches of education taught were: Orthography, Reading, Language Lessons, Writing, English Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Physiology, U. S. History, Civil Government, Physics, Book-keeping, Rhetoric, General History, English Literature, and Vocal Music.

ESTIMATE FOR HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.	
The estimates for the new school building, in course of erection, are as follows:	
Additional grounds, including land already acquired.	\$ 810 00
Building, as per contract.	5,130 00
School furniture.	400 00
Furnace and registers.	325 00
Blinds.	400 00
Grading and incidentals.	419 45
Plans and superintendence.	500 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$7,634 45</b>

For this amount it is proposed by the Board to issue the bonds of the district, to the amount of \$6,000, maturing in the years 1891-1895, \$1,000 annually, with interest at the rate of 5 per ct. per annum. The balance of \$1,634.45 to be raised by taxes this year.

ESTIMATE FOR 1887-1888.	
The following is the estimate of the expenditures for the support of "The Public Schools of the City of Holland," for the ensuing year:	
Bonds maturing Feb. 1888.	\$1,000 00
Interest due Feb. 1888.	750 00
Teachers' salaries.	\$5,500 00
Less estimated receipts from primary money and tuition fees.	1,400 00
High School building and furniture.	1,634 45
Fuel.	650 00
Janitors.	540 00
Secretary and census.	65 00
Incidentals and repairs.	800 00
Insurance.	205 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$10,134 45</b>

Which said amount of \$10,134.45 is to be reported to the Common Council of the City of Holland, to be raised by tax upon the assessment roll of 1887.

THIS is to CERTIFY: That the above and foregoing is a true and correct statement of all the receipts and expenditures of the district, showing the items thereof, the sources of income, the amounts of salaries paid to officers, teachers, and employees, and to whom paid, the obligations incurred during the year, the amount of indebtedness outstanding, the number of schools in the city, the number of teachers employed, and of the pupils instructed therein during the preceding year; and also the estimates required to be made of the expenditures for grounds and buildings, and for the support of the schools for the ensuing year, and the items thereof.

By order of the Board of Education,  
H. KREMERS, President pro tem.  
G. VAN SCHULVEN, Secretary.  
Dated: HOLLAND, MICH., Aug. 22, 1887.

## Board of Education.

HOLLAND, MICH., Aug. 22, 1887.  
The Board met pursuant to adjournment, with Mr. H. Kremers in the chair, as president pro tem.

The Special Committee on the raising of money for the new school building reported, recommending the issuing of bonds to the amount of \$6,000, maturing in 1901 to 1906, \$1,000 in each year, with interest not exceeding 5 per cent.—Adopted.

Committee on Claims and Accounts reported having made settlement with the treasurer, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$647.40, apportioned among the several funds as follows:

On hand—Incidental.	\$ 70 60
Insurance.	14 00
Sec. and Can.	33 70
Teachers.	720 72
Overdrawn—Fuel.	87 77
"Toren & Oosting."	150 00
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$647 40</b>

Also estimate of expenditures for the ensuing year. (See Annual Statement.)—All of which was adopted.

The Secretary presented the "Annual Statement" which was read and approved and ordered published.

The Special Building Committee reported that they had arranged with Mr. H. Te Roller for superintending the erection of the new building. Amount, in-

cluding plans and specifications, \$300. Also recommending certain changes in the construction of the chimney and the moving of outhouses.—Adopted and referred back with power to act.

The following bills were allowed: S. Lievense, repairs on Ward School, \$74.41. A. Vele, repairs on Ward School, \$3.50.—Adjourned.

G. VAN SCHULVEN, Sec'y.

[OFFICIAL.]

Common Council.

HOLLAND, MICH., August 23, 1887.

The Common Council met in special session and was called to order by the Mayor.

Present: Mayor McBride, Ald. Carr, De Vries, Steketee, Kramer, Kuite, Van Ark, and the Clerk.

The Mayor stated that the meeting was called in order to hear objections, if any, to profile, diagrams, and estimates of the expense for the proposed improvement, grading and graveling of Seventh street.

The reading of the minutes and the regular order of business suspended.

T. Keppel and five others, tax-payers on Seventh street, petitioned that Seventh street opposite Keppel's sheds be filled to the north line of said street and to the present grade and the expense of same be paid out of the general fund of the City of Holland.—Ald. Steketee moved that the prayers of the petitioners be granted.—Carried. Yeas, Carr, De Vries, Steketee, Kramer, Kuite and Van Ark, 6; nays, 0.

Ald. De Merell here appeared and took his seat.

The Clerk reported that no objections had been filed in the City Clerk's office to plans, profile, diagrams, and estimates of the proposed improvement of Seventh street special street assessment district and that notice had been given two weeks, in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, according to the requirements of law.—Accepted and placed on file.

Ald. Carr moved that the improvement of that part of Seventh street, in the City of Holland, lying between the east line of River street and the iron stake at the intersection of Seventh, Land, and Lost streets be, and the same is hereby ordered, in accordance with the resolution of the Common Council passed June 14th, 1887. That the plans, profile, diagrams and estimates for said improvement, submitted by Geo. H. Sipp, City Surveyor, and deposited with the City Clerk for public examination, be and the same are hereby approved, and said improvement is hereby ordered in conformity therewith.—Which said resolution was adopted two-thirds of all the aldermen elect voting therefore by yeas and nays as follows: Yeas, Carr, De Merell, De Vries, Steketee, Kramer, Kuite and Van Ark, 7; nays, 0.

Ald. Carr moved that the Board of Assessors of the City of Holland, be and are hereby ordered and directed to forthwith make a special assessment roll of "Seventh Street Special Street Assessment District" to defray the expenses and costs of said improvement, as far as the same is to be raised by special assessment. That in accordance with the provisions of Title XIX of the Charter of the City of Holland it is hereby further ordered: First, That said special assessment shall be made pro rata according to frontage, upon all the lots and premises abutting upon said part of Seventh street included in said special assessment district heretofore determined, each foot of frontage to be assessed alike. Second, That the total amount to be assessed in said special assessment district shall be the amount as estimated in the report made by the City Surveyor and adopted August 2nd, 1887. Third, That the lots and premises thus to be assessed shall be the same lands and premises heretofore designated by the Common Council, and that the City Clerk furnish the Board of Assessors with a copy of these resolutions.—Carried. Yeas, Carr, De Merell, De Vries, Steketee, Kramer, Kuite, and Van Ark, 7; nays, 0.

Council adjourned.

Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Give Them a Chance!  
That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them. When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do, they cannot do well. Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption, or any of the family of throat and nose and head and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Doan's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys and Justices.

DIREKMA G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, J., Justice of the Peace. Notary Public, and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, J. Pessink & Bro., Proprietors. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods; Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

VAN DOMMELN, P., wholesale and retail Baker of rusk, (Dessert) and sweet cakes, Eighth street, near River.

### Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

### Books and Shoes.

HEIDER, F. D., the cheapest place in the city to buy Boots and Shoes, River street.

VAN DUREN BROS., dealers in Boots and Shoes. A large assortment always on hand.

PHETEMMA S., manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes. The oldest Boot and Shoe House in the city. Eighth street.

## Bank.

HOLLAND CITY BANK, foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Eighth street.

## Clothing.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, keeps the largest stock of Cloths and Ready-made Clothing in city. Eighth street.

JONKMAN & DYKEMA, dealer in Ready-made Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Eighth Street.

VORST W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing clothing a specialty cheap and good. River street.

## Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

## Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, Kremers & Bange, Proprietors.

DOEBBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes. Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

## Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and Furnishing Goods. Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

DE JONG, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEKETEE A., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, etc. Double Brick Store, Eighth street.

STEKETEE PETER & CO., general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crockery in city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

WERKMAN, R. E., proprietor of the Phoenix Cheap Cash Store and dealer in General Merchandise, cor. River and Tenth streets.

WISE J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite City Hall.

## Fire and Life Insurance.

LAMBERT J. A., Fire and Life Insurance Agent. Good and reliable companies represented. Give me a call.

## Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Picture Frames, etc.; River St.

## Flour Mills.

CITY MILLS, C. P. Becker, proprietor, manufacturer of "Purity" and several other brands of first-class flour.

WALSH, DE ROO & CO., Manufacturers of Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roller Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

## Hardware.

KANTERS R. & SONS, dealers in general hardware, stoves, stoves and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52 Eighth street.

VAN OORT, J. B., dealer in General Hardware, Stoves, Paints, Oils, Glass, etc., Eighth street, opp. Post Office.

VAN LANDEGEND, T., Sheet Metal Worker, plumbing and iron cornices, hot air furnaces, galvanizing and steam fitting, wood and iron pumps. Eighth street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheet iron ware. Corner River and Eighth streets.

## Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. It is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, Proprietor, located near depot, C. & W. M. R'y. A well-appointed Hotel. Rates reasonable.

## Livery and Sale Stables.

HARRINGTON, E. J., Jr., proprietor of Holland City Sale and Exchange Stable. General teaming done, cor. Market and Seventh sts.

NIBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

## Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FLEEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufactory and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HIGGINS & HANSON, Manufacturers of the "Anchor Brand" of Water-proof Horse and Wagon Covers, Coats, Leggings, Aprons, Overalls, Awnings, Tents, etc. Factory, Eighth St.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

HOLLAND CRYSTAL CREAMERY, Notter & Bakelaar, proprietors. Pure Butter in packages. Fish street.

HUNTLEY A., Practical Machinist, Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HOLLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, L. T. Kramers, General Manager, Wind Mills, Tanks, etc., a specialty.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder, and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

BUFFALO BILL'S Indians were entertained at dinner recently by an English woman of high rank, who had her cook prepare wild western dishes for them, and invited some of her swellest friends to meet them.

JOHN RYAN, a millionaire merchant of Atlanta, Ga., last week surprised his two sons, Stephen A. and John F., by presenting them with his store and stock, valued at \$325,000. The young men were salaried clerks in the establishment.

LUMBER for house building is from \$30 to \$50 per thousand in Wyoming territory, and settlers are obliged to do without floors and ceilings. A local paper sorrowfully remarks that "it will be a good many years yet before we shall see a decent pig-pen in this territory."

THE late Girard B. Allen, the St. Louis millionaire and philanthropist, carefully husbanded his physical strength in old age. He would ride rather than walk if he had only two or three blocks to go. "I consider," he said, "at my age that every step I take wears out the machine just that much."

CHARLES RAU, one of the curators of the Smithsonian Institution, who recently died in Washington, was a curious character. He had no relatives in this country, and leaves his fortune to a nephew in Germany. For fifty years he lived the life of a miser. He slept and cooked in one room in the Smithsonian building.

THE Queen of Portugal is an accomplished potter. When staying at the seaside last year she constantly visited an important factory close by and was so interested that she took lessons in the whole process of manufacture. Now Queen Maria Pia has become a first-rate workwoman and turns out most artistic vases, bowls, cups, etc.

CELIA FORBING, of Kenton, O., was walking through the new court-house at Tiffin, with some young friends. Suddenly she stepped up to the marriage record and dared any young man present to take out the papers and make her his. The challenge was accepted by a young man of the party, and the knot was tied at Fostoria the same night.

DURING a thunder-storm at Hazelton, Pa., lightning struck a penknife in the hands of High Sheriff Zierdt, who was bathing in a tub. When he recovered consciousness he found nothing but small splinters of the tub he had been bathing in, and the water it contained was equally distributed over the floor, as if done with a mop in the hands of a scrub-woman. The metal in the knife was melted. No other evidence that the lightning had entered the room could be found.

SOME of the boys of Americus, Ga., have recently had a very pretty miniature belt made, upon which is appropriately inscribed, in letters whose meaning cannot be mistaken, "the champion liar." The belt was first presented as a reward of merit to a popular young druggist, who guarded it jealously for several weeks, but yesterday it was taken from him by a committee and tendered a rising young barrister, who now exhibits it with pride to his admiring friends.

EIGHTY-TWO thousand Germans live in France at the present times, notwithstanding the steady prejudice against their nationality. Since the great war of 1879 they have gradually crept back into the country, while, though bursts of anti-Teutonic feeling may occur in the press, and even be practically shown by the French people themselves, as on several occasions, in the main the German residents get on very comfortably with their enemies, and find the enmity more theoretical than practical.

A BEZOR or madstone is in the possession of Robert R. Smith, who resides two miles west of Panasoffkee, Fla. He found it in the throat of the deer which he killed eight years ago. The stone is about one inch wide and a half inch thick. Mr. Smith thinks it a genuine madstone, but has never seen it used and of course does not know whether it would prove efficacious in cases of bites by poisonous insects or reptiles or rabid animals. The stone resembles very much the seed of a pawpaw, a fruit which grows wild in some sections of the South.

THE New York Journal of Commerce explains the origin and significance of a quaint phrase: A lady has found in a work she was reading the in-

junction "Never touch your eye but with your elbow," and she is quite at a loss to understand its meaning. Her remark that she and a number of her friends tried the experiment but the most supple of them could not hit the eye with the elbow, gives the key to its meaning. It is a very old proverb, and means never rub your eye with anything. Nothing is more injurious to the vision than rubbing the eye, and if it is touched with nothing but the elbow it will never be touched.

At the Imperial Institute cornerstone laying, it is said, Queen Victoria used glasses for the first time in public. Mr. Matthews had forgotten to bring the reply to the address which as Home Secretary it was his duty to draw up and hand to her Majesty so that she might read it at the proper time. So when the proper time came the document was not forthcoming, and Mr. Matthews hastily scrawled from memory a reproduction of the document over which he had scratched his head and chewed his pen the night before. The scrawl was too much for the Queen, and she produced from her pocket the small hand-lenses which she uses for reading by lamp-light.

It is told of President Potter, of the Union Pacific, that he entered the power house at the Council Bluffs transfer a few days ago in search of economy. The engineer and an assistant were busily engaged on the latest illustrated papers, but stopped for a moment to cast a cynical glance at the unknown intruder. "What are your duties here, my men?" whispered Mr. Potter, in a mellow, quivering voice. "Why—why, we blow the whistle three times a day," cheerily responded the engineer. "We can dispense with the whistles and your services," said Mr. Potter. The order was promptly obeyed, and the whistle and power house are now silent and tenantless.

EXTRACT from the London Telegraph: "It is amusing what absurd statements our contemporaries have made with regard to Buffalo Bill. This distinguished personage, we learn from a trustworthy source, was at one time a planter in Cleveland, Ohio, where during many years he raised bananas and a peculiar sort of fruit which the Americans call squash. After selling out his farm in Cleveland, he went further east to St. Louis, where he began the somewhat dangerous business of bear trapping. His first exploit of any moment was his fight with Gen. Custer, whom he mortally wounded. He was, after this, in the wholesale jewelry business with Hon. Jesse James, Governor of Missouri. But he never gave promise of greatness until after he went into the war between Kentucky and Mexico. He commanded the right wing of the Kentuckians and received Santa Anna's sword at Shiloh. A detailed history of his life might make an interesting book, especially his adventures among the Missourians."

"THE reformed bandit Frank James, late of Missouri, is the latest and biggest attraction in Dallas." This was remarked to a San Francisco reporter by Thomas Witherspoon, a broad-shouldered Texan. "Frank is the mildest-mannered man you ever saw. You would think he was a preacher to look at him and listen to the soft cadences of his voice. But you just ought to see how the women flock about him to buy dry goods. It beats the world. It's Mr. James this and Mr. James that—a perfect love of a man some of them call him. I don't mean that all the women visit him at the store and dote upon him, but a big per cent of them do—the morbidly curious and mentally off. Frank James does not look like a shooter, nor a bad man. He is of medium size only, very quiet, and his black hair is lately beginning to be well tinged with gray; as is his mustache. He lives in an unassuming way in Dallas, with his wife and two small boys. The boys are not over 12 or 14 years old. The family seems a very happy one. The store he works in is owned by Worthington, Jones, & Co. These people got him away from the St. Louis shoe store by offering a bigger stipend. It is understood in Dallas that he gets \$500 a month. He ought to have more, for in the past four months he has just about doubled the receipts of the store."

Would Seem So on First Thought. Business Man—Glad to see you, Mr. Spotcash. You're from Grubville, I believe? Spotcash—Yes, sir. Business Man—Well, sir, I've had my eye on your town for some time. How do you regard it just now as a location for a live dry goods house? Spotcash—A first-rate location, sir—first-rate! Grampney & Smith have just failed. Brown & Co. are on the eve of making an assignment, while the only remaining house is a one-horse concern scarcely paying expenses! —Detroit Free Press.

## WHEN THE CIRCUS CUM TO TOWN.

You kin talk o' your circuses nowadays, Of your railroad shows and such, An' the wonderful things the actors do, An' the managers gettin' rich; For it teaches, a tender sort, an' sometimes A tear starts tricklin' down. As I think o' home, an' the village green, When the circus cum to town.

I remember yet, how we'd scamper out, Long 'fore the break of day, An' how one'd collar a waterin' pail, An' t'other a bunch o' hay; An' with carryin' water, an' feedin' th' hay, An' doin' odd jobs aroun', We wad' always sure o' a hot seat, When the circus cum to town.

An' I can't forgit how my heart'd thump, At th' suddin turns they made, As they druv them cages into line, For the daily street parade; I think how we'd all fall in behind, A follier 'em all aroun', TUV my heart beat fast as it used to do, When the circus cum to town.

I kin see them ring on the village green, With the sawdust roun' inside, An' the 'ol' back o' the elephant's back, Where the 'hummans' used to ride; I kin hear th' crack o' the master's whip, An' th' shriek o' th' striped clown, As we sat on th' highest seat an' laff'd.

I'm growin' old, an' don't git roun' As well as I used to do; But I've had my share o' th' sweets o' life, An' I've had my share o' th' bitter too, An' whenever I see 'em a pastin' up Them posters all roun', My heart beats jest as it used to do, When the circus cum to town.

There are some who contend that a circus would Old Satan himself degrade; But I've noticed they're allus right on hand For the daily street parade; An' there's some a preachin' agin it now, An' tryin' to run it down, Who cried like sin, cause it rained all day, When the circus cum to town.

## UNITED IN DEATH.

BY P. SPANJAARDT.

They were both young, full of life and hopes for the future, but neither of them was wealthy, and lack of wealth is considered a great sin nowadays.

They had known each other for the past three months, and talked to each other almost every day of that time, and every hour of those days. Yet they did not know each other's features. They were both good looking. He was a young man of some ability, 21 years old, who, by a combination of circumstances, had been obliged to accept a position as telephone clerk in the office of one of our great dailies.

She was a girl 18 who for some time had held a place as operator in the central telephone office.

He was a young man of the world. He had been clerk in a store, book-keeper in a real estate office, editor, reporter, and various other things; and had sown most of his wild oats at a time when others only begin to find out that they have any to sow.

She was a good girl. At the present time this is more of an exception than a rule among working girls in large cities. She was a lady also, thanks to the advice she had received at home, and to her own good sense. Still she was full of fun. But she took no risks, and that was the reason they had never met. They became acquainted on Decoration Day. They spoken to each other before that; but only in exchanging mutual courtesies. There was a drawing that day, at the telephone office, to decide which of the girls should go out and look at the parade, and she was unfortunate, and had to stay in.

She told him about it when he asked her the result of the drawing. He sympathized with her and that broke the ice. He had asked her time and again to tell him her name and address, but, kind as she was to him, she was too careful to do such a thing until she knew more about him.

After awhile she began to listen for the bell that would announce his arrival. He, on his part, began to arrive earlier than was his custom, so as to be near her. They began to like each other, perhaps they began to love; who can tell? Love, they say, does not depend on qualities of the body, but of the soul. Things, however, went too smooth to last that way.

One day, when he called her up as usual, she told him, in a joking manner, that she had already hoped that he had been discharged, so that he could not bother her any more. He thought she meant it in earnest, and felt offended, and hardly said a word. She was disappointed but would not show it, and tried to be cross. He, on his part, called up another girl and talked to her. That wounded her to the quick.

When they parted it was with angry words; but both were sorry at heart. That night when he went home he met a runaway. Courageous as he was, he grasped the bridle of one of the horses and tried to stop it. He did stop it; but when the excitement was over, they found that he had been horribly mangled by the carriage wheels.

Next day there was another voice at the phone. At first she was too proud to ask, but when the time to go home had arrived, she inquired what had become of him. The strange voice said he had met with an accident while trying to stop a runaway.

Her companions at the office were wondering why her face became so white in an instant, and they asked her the reason. She said the heat troubled her, and only her nearest friend, the one who had many a time laughed at his funny remarks and joyful talk, had a slight idea of what could have happened, but she discreetly refrained from asking any questions.

When she came home she tried to eat some supper but it was impossible for her to get anything down her throat. When it was over she immediately went up to her room and for some unaccountable reason wept. She remembered how they had separated in anger and thought that she perhaps never would hear him again. She remembered how she had first become acquainted with him; how she had

given him a chance to display his wit in mystifying persons that she dropped on his line, and how she had taught him the peculiar "hello" which the girls were wont to use, and which he mastered so quickly and could imitate so naturally that she told him he only needed a nice little gingham frock to make a full-fledged telephone girl.

She remembered every kind word he had addressed to her, and it seemed that she knew what she had never known before—that she loved him. But what was the use? he was gone, perhaps dead; and she could not even see him; not even tell him that he was dearer to her than all else in the world.

She had forgotten her fears about his personal appearance, whether he was handsome or ugly; all she knew and all she cared was that she loved him.

She passed a miserable night. Next day she again asked the strange voice about him, but he did not know, or perhaps did not care to say anything. During the next week life actually was a burden to her. They professed to know nothing about his whereabouts, and she could do nothing but wait and hope. One night a friend asked her to accompany her to a certain hospital where a poor girl whom she knew and who was slowly dying with an incurable disease, was being cared for. The proposal exactly suited her frame of mind and she went. After they had visited the sick girl, the matron conducted them through several wards, and in one of them, called their attention to a young man who had been frightfully hurt in an accident. He had been there about a week, and during that time he had been partly unconscious, partly raving. He was good looking, and the deathly pallor which overspread his face made it look more interesting. When she looked at the unfortunate fellow, her heart began to beat faster, and it seemed to her as if something terrible was going to happen.

All at once he sat up in bed unconscious of anything around him, and raising his hand to his ear as if he wanted to catch a far-away sound, he uttered the peculiar "hello" which the telephone operators are so accustomed to use.

This he repeated till exhausted, and then fell back on his pillow. For a moment she stood as if she had been thunderstruck, and then she knelt near the bed, and, putting her soft, white arm around his neck, softly patted his pale face.

The women, astonished as they were, did not dare to utter a word. The patient seemed to experience great relief from her touch, and slowly fell asleep.

When he slept, she explained her action, and, women as they were, they did not have the heart to scold her.

She sent a message home explaining everything, and after some deliberation her parents, sensible people, decided to let her do as she pleased in the matter.

Though she attended regularly to her duties, she spent all her free time with her accepted lover. But even her loving care could not nurse him back to health, and he sank day after day. Most of the time he was in a comatose condition, but when in some of his lucid moments he recognized her and uttered faint words of love and gratitude, she forgot all her cares and sorrows and felt happy.

One morning when she left him to go to the office he was very low, and though the attending physician said that he could live yet for two or three days, she had arranged with the nurse to call her should a change for the worse occur.

The day was a perfect one, but about noon-time, somber, threatening clouds gathered over the city, and the joyous sunlight made place for gloom and darkness.

There was a ring at her bell, and she knew what the message would be. What happened immediately after that, no one exactly knew. But just as the manager was going to order lights, there was a sudden flash of lightning, followed by a frightful peal of thunder, and when the terrified operators regained their senses the poor girl was found lying over her instrument, pale and dead. By one of those unaccountable whims of nature, the electric fluid, kept an unwilling captive in the clouds above, had found an escape along her wire and, passing through her body, had caused an instantaneous, painless death.

It was noticed that at the self-same hour, her sick lover had suddenly raised himself in bed as if touched by the poles of a galvanic battery, and after uttering the words, "I am through, ring off" had fallen back lifeless, while the bell of the telephone, which, during that time had been ringing furiously, suddenly stopped and the instrument itself fell to pieces on the floor.

It seems like a sad ending to a happy dream. But are we to pass judgment on the unfathomable decrees of nature? They were united in death, they might not have been in life.

## Buried Fifty Years.

Before 1836 a book ran through the village of Roxbury, Mass., and then was filled up and houses built where once it flowed. On Friday workmen engaged in digging a cellar on the site of one of these old houses unearthed a big mud turtle. The animal was two and a half feet long, over a foot wide, and weighed twenty-eight pounds. Without doubt it had been buried fifty years. It was alive and in apparent good health. —Brooklyn Eagle.

JUGGERS, the English plunger, recently lost \$80,000 in two nights at cards.

## PITH AND POINT.

HIGH ROLLERS—the planets.

SOME old masters—Yale professors.

MEN locked in jail are always in favor of a lock-out.

A CABLE dispatch—killing a man on the cable railroad.

If any animal on the farm earns his annual sty-penned it must be the hog.

CATTLE are demure, innocent-looking creatures, but their language is "low."

WHY is a drill-sergeant like several iron clads? Because he makes a squadron.

COOK books are evidently not of modern origin, for Bacon says: "Some books are to be tasted, some eaten, and some digested."

A MAN asks if he can join the Carpenter's Union, not being a member of that trade. No; but you can become a carpenter and joiner.—Texas Siftings.

AN exchange states that "William Sturgeon, the famous electrician, rose rapidly from a cobbler's bench." He probably sat on the sharp end of theawl.

TALMAGE says that "the man who can sing and won't sing should be sent to Sing Sing." That would be too severe. It is the man who can't sing and will sing who should be sent to Sing Sing.

A VERY appropriate wedding took place in Boston the other day," remarked Staggers. "A Cincinnati man married a Boston girl." What was there so appropriate about that?" asked Scroggs. "A union of pork and beans, you see."

"NEXT Sunday," said Father Maguire to his congregation, "the funeral of A. B. will be held in this church. I shall preach a funeral sermon on the occasion, and the man himself will be there—the first time in twenty years." —Living Church.

THE girl who keeps a dairy faithfully wants to be mighty sure that she keeps it under lock and key. And if she doesn't want to bring her gray hairs in sorrow to the grave she must never read it over when she gets old.—Journal of Education.

"MY son," said the old man, "do you remember what Polonius said in his parting advice to Laertes—'Neither a borrower nor a lender be.' " "Yes, father," replied the young man, thoughtfully, "and I think Polonius was just about half right."

"You are kept pretty busy now-a-days," remarked a stranger to Mrs. Simmons. "Yes, hardly got time to turn around. There is always something to keep one busy. If it ain't the cows, it's the sheep; if it ain't the sheep, it's the pigs, and if it ain't the pigs, it's the children."

PHILANTHROPIC Grocer—Did Dr. Blank leave the paper here? Grocer's Boy—Yes; he dropped it. It's a medical journal and it says pepper isn't healthy. "Well, I don't want the curses of widows and orphans. Take that coffee-mill and grind up a few more of those old cocoanut shells." —Omaha World.

MONISTROL, at the ball, had just taken a young lady back to her seat. But, instead of retiring after the usual courtesies, he remains planted before her, with a slightly embarrassed air. "You—er—wish—something, sir?" his partner asks him. "My hat, mademoiselle, which has the honor to—to be actually—er—on the same chair as you."

"AW, ETHEL," remarked Charley to his pretty cousin. "I believe—aw—I'll have the barba—aw—trim my whiskers this mawnin'—aw." "Do, Charley," said his pretty cousin. "And—aw—how would you suggest that I have them trimmed?" "Well," replied the pretty cousin, after sufficient consideration, "I think they would look very sweet trimmed with pink ribbon."

"MOTHER, why do they call a girl a 'bride' when she gets married?" "Because that's the right name for them, I suppose?" "I'll bet I know." "Well, why?" "'Cause 'bride' is took from 'bride,' and they call her that 'cause then is when she begins to put the bridle on her husband—or 'halter,' I dunno which. Mebbe she ought to be called a 'halt,' 'cause she puts a halter on him. Was it a bridle or halter you put on, pap?" "That'll do, sir."

## He Wasn't Qualified.

"Did you hire that young man who applied for your school?" was asked of a Dakota school district officer.

"Well, I should rather say we didn't."

"Why not?"

"His education didn't come up to the scratch."

"What in?"

"Gram'er."

"How did you find it out?"

"W'y he got in my wagon to ride from the field to the house an' said I, 'Did ye ever drive much?' 'Of late years,' says he, 'I have driven very little.' 'Drove very little, ye mean,' says I. 'I beg yer pardon,' says he, 'but I mean driven.' 'Drove is right,' says I. 'No, sir,' says he, 'driven is the most grammatical.' 'Oh, well, mebbe ye know,' says I, sorter sarcastic. 'Treckon I do,' says he, 'I'm jes' comin' out here to learn you folks something.' 'Do ye see that road?' says I. 'I does,' says he. 'Well,' says I, 'it goes to town an' you want to git right out an' humpen yerself down it mighty fasten 'cause I'm goin' to begin kickin' ye in about a minute by the clock!' He saw I knowed more 'bout gram'er than he did an' he got out o' that wagon and scooted down the road. You bet we're goin' to have a teacher that understands gram'r or none at all." —Dakota Bell.

In railway circles nowadays there doesn't appear to be much that is of interest if there isn't a "great deal."



## MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCES.

Two Cases in England of Historic Interest.

Mysterious disappearances have been far more numerous than hasty readers imagine—some permanent, some temporary. I do not allude to modern ones within living men's memories, but to some past ones of thrilling interest, and about which very many people do not know much, except those who study and read ephemeral literature. The story of the "Man with the Iron Mask" most have heard of, but what is not so well known is that though a general notion exists that this individual was Mattheole, Minister of Parma, there is very strong evidence that he was really the Duc de Beaufort, with whose mysterious disappearance, in the latter half of the seventeenth century, we will commence our list. He was the grandson of Henry IV. of France and the fair Gabrielle, Duchess of Beaufort. He was a most adventurous man, and ever keeping Louis XIV.'s ministers in "hot water." He was the favorite of the fiery Paris mob, always an important factor in French government. Kidnaping political enemies was a common stratagem then on the Continent. Beaufort went to Canada with the French troops sent there on an expedition, and was never seen publicly again, having been, it was said, killed. But a rumor grew stronger and stronger that he was the mysterious captive who was in the Isle Ste. Marguerite, where he flung the silver dish out, which was picked up by the fisherman who owed his life to never having been taught to read. What made these rumors stronger was the knowledge that the prisoner was treated with all the honor and deference shown to royalty. Louis XIV. took great interest in the veiled captive, whoever he was, and who died in the Bastille just twelve years earlier than the Grand Monarch. But the brilliant Duc de Beaufort, though sought for by troops of friends, disappeared from all public gaze from the time he reached Canada.

Next we will consider a very different and much humbler person who mysteriously disappeared, and about whose disappearance as little is known now, after immense investigation, as there was 134 years ago. This was Elizabeth Canning, whose case set all England by the ears pro and con. On New Year's Day, 1753, she disappeared in Bishopsgate street, on her way to her mother's shop in Aldermanbury, then a street of small old-fashioned houses. Rewards were offered, inquiries made, but the ill-lit streets, full of ruffians, and the absence of police, made any outrage possible. Nearly a month passed, when one night a spectral figure tottered into the Aldermanbury shop, in whose emaciated face and form her mother hardly recognized Elizabeth Canning. She said she had been imprisoned in a lonely house at Enfield. Two women were tried, convicted, and under the then Draconian laws, sentenced to death. A reaction came. England was divided into friends and foes of the girl. The women were pardoned and the girl was tried for perjury, convicted, and transported for seven years; but it was a nominal sentence, for she married in the convict settlement, thrice, returned home and died early. Very many considered her a martyr; her principles and demeanor were uniformly religious, modest and quiet, and her character excellent. Many controversies have been held, but of that mysterious disappearance we know just as much and just as little as did our ancestors in the reign of George II., who, by the way, took a personal interest in the inquiries.—*London Tid-Bits.*

## Too Much Enthusiasm.

"Teaching, to me," said an enthusiastic young schoolma'am, "is a holy calling. To sow in the young mind the seeds of future knowledge and watch them as they grow and develop is a pleasure greater than I can tell. I never weary of my work. I think only of—"

"I am very sorry," interrupted the young man to whom she was talking, "that you are so devoted to your profession, Miss Clara. I had hoped that some day I might ask you—in fact, I called to-night to—but I hardly dare go on, in the light of what you—"

"You may go on, Mr. Smith," said the young lady softly. "I am a little too enthusiastic at times, perhaps."

## Painless Regulation.

It is no longer a question of doubt—although the contrary was once believed—that medicines which produce violent effects are unsuited to other than desperate emergencies. In other words, that super-potent remedies are calculated to weaken and injure the system rather than reform its irregularities. Among medicines of debilitating effect are cathartics and cholagogues which copiously and abruptly evacuate the bowels. Because it does not do this, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is preferable to the drenching class of purgatives. Painless in its effects, it is sufficiently active to remedy chronic constipation. It relieves by invigorating the intestines, and enables, not forces, them to perform the duty imposed upon them by nature. Promoting the secretion of bile in normal quantities by its healthfully stimulating effect upon the liver, it is eminently conducive to digestion, and contributes in no small degree to keep the bowels regular.

## A New Effect.

Chemical decomposition has been produced by pressure in the experiments of two Belgian chemists. Under a pressure of 6,000 atmospheres, at a temperature of 104 degrees, a pulverized acetate of copper and lime was slowly liquefied, and on removal of the pressure the surface of the instrument in contact with the salt was found coated with copper.

RELIGION is within a man, even as he is gifted with reason; it is associated with your mother's chair, and with the first remembered tones of her blessed voice.

## What the Gun Was Good For.

"Yes, gentlemen," said one of the few yet unboycotted liars of the Bohemian Club, as he finished a snipe-shooting story; "that was the most remarkable gun I ever saw. Wouldn't take a thousand dollars for it."

"It's nothing to a gun I used to own," said an ex-champion prevaricator, waking up just then. "It was simply impossible for a bird to get away from that gun. It made the closest and most regular pattern you ever saw. I traded it for a fifty-acre lot."

"To Bogardus, eh?" said the other finished equivocator, sarcastically. "No, to Jimpson, the big wholesale druggist. He used it to shoot holes in porous plasters—fifty at a clip."

And then nothing could be heard except the scratching of the other man's pen as he wrote out his resignation.—*The Wasp.*

BARBARIC young ladies—that is, young ladies of barbaric tastes—wear three or four necklaces at once.

## The Poor Little Ones.

We often see children with red eruptions on face and hands, rough, scaly skin, and often sores on the head. These things indicate a depraved condition of the blood. In the growing period children have need of pure blood by which to build up strong and healthy bodies. If Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is given the blood is purged of its bad elements, and the child's development will be healthy, and as it should be. Scrofulous affections, rickets, fever sores, hip-joint disease, or other grave maladies and sufferings are sure to result from neglect and lack of proper attention to such cases.

A YOUNG physician, being asked by a friend why he did not hang out a shingle, replied: "Oh, I don't believe in signs, you know."

MILD, soothing, and healing is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

THE tight-laced woman has always good staying power.—*Boston Gazette.*

## "Consumption Can Be Cured."

Dr. J. S. COMBS, Owensville, Ohio, says: "I have given Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites to four patients with better results than seemed possible with any remedy. All were hereditary cases of Lung disease, and advanced to that stage when Coughs, pain in the chest, frequent breathing, frequent pulse, fever and emaciation. All these cases have increased in weight from 16 to 28 lbs., and are not now needing any medicine."

Why should the letter "d" always be introduced into a family? Because it makes "kin" kind.

## Harvest Excursions.

The Burlington Route, C. B. and Q. R. R., will sell, on Aug. 30, Sept. 30, and Oct. 11, Harvest Excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip to principal points in Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, and Dakota. Limit, thirty days. For tickets and further information concerning these excursions, call on the nearest C. B. and Q. Ticket Agent.

## The Fall School.

The fall school at Gem City Business College begins Sept. 5, with a grand reunion in the Opera House, Friday evening, Sept. 9. A full business course, a Normal Penmanship course, Shorthand, and Type-writing all taught by efficient teachers. Catalogue and full particulars sent free. Address, D. L. MUSELMAN, A. M., Principal, Gem City Business College, Quincy, Ill.

## Harvest Excursions.

The Great Rock Island Route (C. B. and Q. R. R.) will sell Aug. 30, Sept. 30 and Oct. 11, Harvest Excursion tickets at ONE FARE THE ROUND TRIP to principal points in Kansas, Nebraska, Northwestern Iowa, Minnesota, and Dakota; limit 30 days from date of sale. For tickets or further information, address E. A. HOLBROOK, General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

R. W. Tansill & Co., Chicago: Your "Tansill's Punch" 5c cigars are going off like hot cakes. I intend that they shall be well advertised. WM. F. H. STEPHENSON, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE best cough medicine is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Sold everywhere. 25c.

## All Used Up

Strength all gone. Tired out. Overworked. Feeling mean and miserable.—You must not neglect yourself longer. Delay is dangerous. The downward tendency of your system must be stopped. You need the toning, strengthening, building up properties of Hood's Sarsaparilla to restore you to health, give you an appetite, and make you active, cheerful, and willing to work. "I felt good results from the first dose of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seemed to go from my head to my toes. I know Hood's Sarsaparilla is a good thing, and on the strength of my own experience I have sold a great deal of it." G. H. STRATTON, druggist, Westfield, Mass.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

## 100 Doses One Dollar.

## KIDDER'S

**DIGESTYLIN**

A SURE CURE FOR INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. Over 5,000 Physicians have sent us their approval of DIGESTYLIN, saying that it is the best preparation for Indigestion that they have ever used.

We have never heard of a case of Dyspepsia where DIGESTYLIN was taken that was not cured.

FOR CHOLERA INFANTUM.

IT WILL CURE THE MOST AGGRAVATED CASES. IT WILL STOP VOMITING IN PREGNANCY. IT WILL RELIEVE CONSTIPATION.

For Summer Complaints and Chronic Diarrhea, which are the direct results of imperfect digestion, DIGESTYLIN will effect an immediate cure.

Take DIGESTYLIN for all pains and disorders of the stomach; they all come from indigestion. For your druggist for DIGESTYLIN (price \$1 per large bottle). If he does not have it, send a dollar to us and we will send a bottle to you, free of post. Do not hesitate to send your money. Our house is reliable. Established twenty-five years.

W. F. KIDDER & CO., Manufacturing Chemists, 83 John St., N. Y.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

For a woman to say she does not use Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap, is to admit she is "behind the times." Nobody uses ordinary soap now they can get "Lenox."

## A Lovely Complexion.

"What a lovely complexion," we often hear persons say; "I wonder what she does for it!" In every case the purity and real loveliness of the complexion depends upon the blood. Those who have sallow, blotchy faces may make their skin smooth and healthy by taking enough of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" to drive out the humors lurking in the system.

In prohibition States liquor seems to be a drug.—*Washington Post.*

Ask your shoe and hardware dealers for Lyon's Heel Stiffeners; they keep boots and shoes straight.

\$5 to \$8 a day. Samples worth \$1.50. FREE. Lines not under the horse's feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

PATENTS R. S. & A. P. LACZ, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D.C. Instructions and opinions as to patentability FREE. 17 years' experience.

**RADWAY'S PILLS,**

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, inflammation of the bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A FINE, SURE MEDICINE.

RADWAY & Co.—Gentlemen: Your Pills have often warded off sickness in my family. I never think it safe to be without them; they are a fine, sure medicine. Most respectfully yours,

HENRY KENWORTH, Chebanee, Iron County, Ill.

What a Physician Says of Radway's Pills.

I am using your R. R. Relief and your Regulating Pills, and have recommended them above all pills, and sell a great many of them. I have them on hand always, and use them in my practice and in my own family, and expect to, in preference of all Pills. Yours respectfully,

DR. A. C. MIDDLEBROOK, Doraville, Ga.

DYSPEPSIA.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They restore strength to the stomach and enable it to perform its functions. The symptoms of Dyspepsia disappear, and with them the liability of the system to contract diseases.

Dyspepsia of Long Standing Cured.

Dr. RADWAY—I have for years been troubled with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and found but little relief until I got your Pills, and they made a perfect cure. They are the best medicine I ever had in my life. Your friend forever,

WILLIAM NOONAN, Blanchard, Mich.

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BEING ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, Dr. Pierce's Pellets operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a LAXATIVE, ALTERNATIVE, or PURGATIVE, these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

**SICK HEADACHE,**

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sensitive influence. Sold by druggists, for 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

FOR A CASE OF CATARRH WHICH THEY CAN NOT CURE.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH

Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scales from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. However, only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, less understood, or more unsuccessfully treated by physicians. By its mild, soothing, and healing properties,

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

CURES THE WORST CASES OF

Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," Coryza, and Catarrhal Headache.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

Dr. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

UNTOLD AGONY FROM CATARRH.

Prof. W. HADEN, the famous mesmerist of Ithaca, N. Y., writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become hoarse, and I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

CONSTANTLY HAWKING AND SPITTING.

THOMAS J. BURNING, Esq., 2905 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

THREE BOTTLES CURE CATARRH.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure.

ELA ROBBINS, Rumson P. O., Columbia Co., Pa., says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

Dr. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

Dr. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

THOUSANDS say that Ely's Cream Balm cured them of HAY-FEVER. Apply Balm into each nostril.

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

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LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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Always ask for Dr. Pierce's Pellets, or Little Sugar-coated Granules or Pills.

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**DETECTIVES**

Wanted in every County. Shrewd men to act under our instructions in our Secret Service. Experience not necessary. Send stamp for particulars. GRAHAM DETECTIVE BUREAU, 44 Arcade, Cincinnati, O.

**WIZARD OIL FOR PAIN**

Cures Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Catarrh, Croup, Sore Throat, Lamé Back, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Wounds, Old Sores and All Aches and Pains.

The many testimonials received by us more than prove all we claim for this valuable remedy. It not only relieves the most severe pains, but it cures you. That's the idea!

Sold by Druggists, 50 cts. 5000 Book mailed free. Address WIZARD OIL COMPANY CHICAGO.

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# Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:45. Weekly prayer meeting, Wednesday at 8 p. m.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "Great and precious promises." In the evening Rev. John A. Otto will deliver a missionary address. Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Preaching by the pastor.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45. Wednesday evening explanation of the Bible.

Holland Christian Ref. Church.—Rev. E. Van Der Vries, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. 2:00 and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. H. D. Jordan, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Class-meeting at close of morning service, and at 7 p. m. Teachers meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All the seats are free

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### Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for four years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Krul, Zeeland.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is justly considered the only sure specific for blood disorders.

Elgin movements in gold or silver cases at BREYMAN'S.

### Attention.

We have commenced our second annual clearing out sale, and all our Summer Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Call early and secure the best bargains in Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods ever offered in Holland City. L. HENDERSON, Chicago Clothing House, River St.

The best medical authorities acknowledge the value of Ayer's Pills, and prescribe them with the utmost confidence, as the most effectual remedy for diseases caused by derangements of the stomach, liver, and bowels.

Cleanse the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and realize what poor health you have had.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Druggists, Holland, Mich. 6-6mos

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GINGER DROPS.—One-half cup of butter, one cup of molasses, one cup of sugar, one cup of cold water, one heaping teaspoonful of soda. Ginger and salt to taste. Drop in tins and bake in quick oven.

We inform the public that we close our store at seven o'clock the remainder of this and all of next month. We are selling our trimmed summer hats and bonnets for half of their original prices. L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE & Co.

"As I NEVER pay my own debts, it isn't likely I shall pay hers." This is a frank way a Tacoma man advertises his errant wife.

### Personal.

Mr. N. H. Frohlichstein, of Mobile, Ala., writes: I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, having used it for a severe attack of Bronchitis and Catarrh. It gave me instant relief and entirely cured me and I have not been afflicted since. I also beg to state that I had tried other remedies with no good result. Have also used Electric Bitters and Dr. King's New Life Pills, both of which I can recommend. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, is sold on a positive guarantee. Trial bottles free at Yates & Kane's, Holland, and A. De Krul's, Zeeland.

The best \$ Spectacle in the city at BREYMAN'S.

If you desire to possess a beautiful complexion take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and purifies the blood, and removes blotches and pimples, making the skin smooth and clear, and giving it a bright and healthy appearance. Take it this month.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Krul, Zeeland, Mich.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

## Unequaled.

For the relief and cure of all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels, the value of Ayer's Cathartic Pills cannot be overestimated. This remedy is also unrivaled in curing Rheumatic and Neuralgic affections.

For keeping the Stomach, Bowels, and Liver in good working order, I have never found any medicine equal to Ayer's Cathartic Pills. I always use this remedy when occasion requires.—Randolph Morse, Lynchburg, Va.

About five years since, my son became a cripple from Rheumatism. His joints and limbs were drawn out of shape by the excruciating pain, and his general health was very much impaired. Medicines did not reach his case until he commenced taking Ayer's Pills, three boxes of which cured him. He is now as free from the complaint as if he had never had it, and his distorted limbs have recovered their shape and pliancy.—William White, Lebanon, Pa.

After suffering, for months, from disorders of the Stomach and Liver, I took Ayer's Pills. Three boxes cured me.—A. J. Pickett, Machias, Me.

**Ayer's Pills,**  
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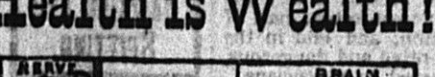
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Good Horses and Carriages of all kinds and a first-class Hearse for funerals can be obtained at my place of business.

Attention and courteous treatment can be relied upon.

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**WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES**  
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Always have a large assortment of Goods on hand.

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Neatly and promptly executed.

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Three doors east of Post-office.

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Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Burning Urine, Gleet, Gonorrhea in all its stages. Mucous Discharges, Congestion of the Kidneys, Brick Dust Deposit, Diabetes, Induration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy of Kidneys, Acid Urine, Bloody Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Retention of Urine, Frequent Urination, Gravel in all its forms, Inability to Retain the Water, particularly in persons advanced in life. IT IS A KIDNEY INVESTIGATOR that restores the Urine to its natural color, removes the acid and burning, and the effect of the expensive use of intoxicating drink.

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I desire also to call the attention of all owners of fast horses in this vicinity to the fact that I have procured the assistance of one of the best horse-shoers in the west and am now able to do the finest possible work in that line, both with steel or iron shoes either of hand or machine make. I believe that all should patronize home trade when they can be so well served, and I would ask that all give me a good trial before taking their work elsewhere.

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For CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DYSPNOEA, CATARRH, HAY FEVER, HEADACHE, DEBILITY, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, MIGRAINE, and all Chronic and Nervous Disorders.

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