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### Holland City News, Volume 10, Number 29: August 27, 1881

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. X.—NO. 29.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1881.

WHOLE NO. 496.

## The Holland City News,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,  
Editor and Publisher.

**Terms of Subscription:**  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if  
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if  
paid at six months.

ON PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

On a square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents  
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period under three  
months.

	3 m.	6 m.	1 y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
4 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
5 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
6 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
expiration of the subscription. Two X's sig-  
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All advertising bills collectible quarterly.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.  
P. Rowell & Co's News-  
paper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where  
advertising contracts may be made for it in N.W.  
WORK.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taking Effect, Sunday, June 12, 1881.

From Holland to Chicago.				From Chicago to Holland.			
N't Exp.	Day	Mail.	TOWNS.	Mail.	Day	N't Exp.	
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	
10 30	1 55	10 50	Holland.....	3 25	9 40	5	
10 40	....	11 08	East Saugatuck	3 05	....	5	
10 55	2 20	11 30	Richmond.....	2 55	9 50	4	
12 00	2 50	11 55	Gd. Junction....	2 15	8 45	3	
12 25	3 05	12 10	Bangor ....	2 00	8 30	3	
1 50	3 35	1 30	Benton Harbor.	12 50	7 32	2	
2 05	4 05	1 45	St. Joseph.....	12 40	7 25	2	
3 30	4 50	2 50	New Buffalo....	11 40	6 30	11	
7 30	7 40	5 50	Chicago.....	9 00	3 40	9	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	



# Holland City News

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

**HARTMANN, the Russian Nihilist**, in an interview with a New York reporter, attempted to justify his trying to murder the Czar, and held that Wendell Phillips, Victor Hugo, John Swinton and other men of great intelligence had spoken in justification of his course. Hartmann has fled, at New York, a declaration of his intention to become an American citizen.

**CHARLES STOCKLY** was hanged at Batavia, N. Y., for the murder of John Welker, a farmer, residing near that place, April 27 of this year. Stockly sought Welker's 16-year-old daughter in marriage. Both Welker and the daughter rejected Stockly's proposal, and the crime was committed in revenge.

A New York telegram of Aug. 22 says: "A new clue to the resting place of the late A. T. Stewart is being worked. Some ten days ago a boy left a detective agency a crude oil painting, representing a scene in a lonely spot, with the words in one part of it: 'Stewart's body lies here.' The following note accompanied it: 'This location is in Cypress Hill Cemetery. Be very careful in approaching the grounds. You will be watched. Don't be seen making observations, for they will see you and follow you.' After consultation with Judge Hilton, it was decided to make a search. The cemetery was visited on Saturday, the spot indicated found, and four grave-diggers spent the afternoon at work. Nothing but a coffin-screw was found, though there appeared to be evidences that the ground had been dug up at the place indicated in the picture.

The will of the late Mrs. Millard Fillmore, the widow of President Fillmore, bequeaths to public and charitable institutions about \$50,000, and disposes of an estate valued at \$300,000.

### THE WEST.

A DUEL has taken place in Indian Territory between T. O. Carpenter, a Choctaw chief, and Col. Amos Price, a prominent Creek. The latter was killed, and the former fatally injured. It is reported in St. Louis that the two chief barge lines on the Lower Mississippi have been consolidated, with a capital of \$3,000,000. The amalgamation will give a fleet of twenty-three tugs and 149 barges, having a capacity of 8,000,000 bushels. The jailer at Kansas City made the discovery that Bill Ryan, the Glendale train-robbler, had a bunch of burglar's saws in his cell, and had cut three sides of a large square in their door. A prominent physician of Cincinnati reports twenty well-defined cases of typhoid fever among the 400 English colonists at Rugby, Tenn. A corps of physicians and nurses has been dispatched to the afflicted settlement. Bad drinking-water was the chief cause of the epidemic.

A PARTY of Americans encamped in Guadalupe canon, 100 miles from Tombstone, Arizona, near the Mexican line, were attacked by Mexicans and five of the number killed—William Lang, Dick Gray, Jim Crane, Charles Snow and Thomas Clinton. Two others were wounded. The trouble arose from a cattle raid across the Mexican line some months ago, and a counter raid by Mexicans recently. The Mexican raiders were overtaken and the cattle recaptured. The Mexicans who killed Lang and Gray's party are supposed to be some of the defeated raiders. A party of 200 Arizonians has organized to avenge the recent murders, and great fears are entertained for the Americans living on the Mexican side, as a war of retaliation is sure to follow.

Two companies of the Sixth infantry have reached Rawlins from the White River Ute Agency. They report the Indians generally ready for transfer to the new reservation in Utah, but state that Colorado and a few lodges are defiant in their opposition. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road has secured another tract of forty acres in Minneapolis, and will erect repair and construction shops for all its lines west of the Mississippi.

THE Apaches made a raid on the miners near Nutt Station, New Mexico, and killed George Daily, the general manager. Lieut. Smith and four soldiers also fell on the field. The loss is charged to the colored troops, who fled when the Apaches made their appearance. Estimates based upon actual measurements from 1,000 thrashing machines in the State of Ohio, and submitted by the State Board of Agriculture, show a heavy falling off in the yield of wheat and corn as compared with 1880. The shortage in wheat is 25 per cent, or 38,000,000 bushels yield, against 52,500,000 last year; in corn, 30 per cent, or 30,000,000, against 105,000,000 bushels last year. Oats show an increased yield of 1,500,000. Oregon reports her surplus of wheat at 300,000 tons. The tug A. B. Ward was blown to atoms by the explosion of her boiler in the river at Chicago, and two members of her crew of five were killed and three injured, one, the Captain, most dangerously.

### THE SOUTH.

At Galveston, Tex., a new comet has been discovered in the constellation Ursa Major ("the dipper"), from 9 to 10 p. m., by Mr. A. M. Hinton. It is plainly visible through the telescope. A row between the whites and blacks of Morrilton, Ark., has led to several battles and a threat to burn the town.

FLAMES which appeared in the stable of Schultz' candy factory at Wheeling, W. Va., swept away that building and destroyed the Paxton block. The loss is estimated at \$60,000. A fire in Gravier street, New Orleans, destroyed the liquor store of Patterson & Bovard and the cigar store of Samuel Levy. Loss, \$50,000. Irvine, the county seat of Estill county, Ky., was almost entirely destroyed by fire. Loss, about \$75,000.

GENERAL LESLIE COOMBS, of Kentucky, the last of the pioneer Indian warriors of that State, died at Lexington a few days ago, aged 88 years. He was a Captain in the war of 1812, and raised and equipped a regiment to aid Texas in her struggle for independence. He was a trusted friend of Henry Clay. He was several times Auditor of Kentucky, and suffered defeat for Congress at the hands of John C. Breckinridge. Many years ago he lost a large fortune in building railroads, and two years since he was left almost destitute by the burning of his home.

### POLITICAL.

The Republican State Central Committee of California recommend Marcus D. Boruck for Secretary of the United States Senate.

### WASHINGTON.

DISPATCHES from the capital on the 16th inst. say that "yesterday was the most unfavorable day which the President passed since the second day after the shooting. His stomach refused to perform its functions, and nourishment had to be administered by injection. Vomiting and nausea oc-

curred several times during the day. The patient's pulse went at an alarming rate, rising at one time to 130. The physicians were evidently much alarmed, but refused to speak much. The Cabinet officers evinced the greatest anxiety. The streets at the capital were thronged with eager, sorrowful crowds anxious to hear the latest news. Dr. Bliss, who had been uniformly sanguine and hopeful, is quoted as saying last night that if the President's stomach does not improve he will die. It was not apprehended that death would ensue to-day in the event no improvement occurs, but it is evident from the expressions of the physicians that unless the stomach quickly recovers its tone the gravest results in the near future are apprehended. At midnight the President was resting quietly, his pulse had somewhat subsided, and he was free from nausea and vomiting, but there was reason to believe that these symptoms would return if food should be administered."

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that a council with a delegation of Dakota Indians took place at the Interior Department. The object of the consultation was to secure for the Poncas under Standing Bear permanent homes in Dakota on their old reservation or as near it as possible. The Omahas declined to sell any more land, and said they would rather sell to white settlers than Indians. The Winnebagoes gave a like answer, but White Thunder, speaking on behalf of all the Sioux tribes, said the land the Poncas wanted was only a small corner of their reservation, and they would give it to the Poncas and welcome them as a part of their nation, having all the rights and privileges of the Sioux people. Secretary Kirkwood asked how much the Sioux wanted as compensation. This seems to be the final conclusion of the long-drawn-out Ponca controversy.

The total value of the exports from this country for the seven months ending July 31, 1881, was \$82,708,977, against \$82,286,046 worth exported during the corresponding period of 1880. The total value of the provisions and tallow exported during the nine months ending July 31, 1881, was \$88,321,037, against \$95,899,277 exported during the nine corresponding months of the previous year.

CAPT. H. W. HOWGATE was brought before the United States Commission at Washington to answer to the charge made by Gen. Hazen of embezzling \$50,000 from the Government. Bail was fixed at \$40,000. Later investigations into Capt. Howgate's accounts make the sum total of his alleged defalcation so far about \$70,000.

RED CLOUD, after offering to give each Ponca family a square mile of land, asked the Secretary of the Interior to assign the surrendered Ogalallas and Brules to his reservation. His request will be granted when provisions and supplies can be sent to the agency.

THE Postmaster General has issued the following order, in answer to requests for instructions on the general subject of annoying postal-cards: "When anyone is annoyed or expects to be annoyed by postal-cards sent from any particular place, or from any known persons, he may direct the Postmaster at the point named to destroy all postal-cards addressed to him, or cards from any person named so addressed, and so far as the discharge of the duties of the office permits sufficient examination the Postmaster should comply with the request. The same request may be made of the receiving Postmaster. The direction to the Postmaster should be in writing, and should be filed for preservation." Further examination and investigation of Capt. Howgate's administration as disbursing officer of the Signal Service have little doubt that he has used \$100,000 of the money of the United States for his own personal purposes. Like all persons who have made free with public funds, it appears that Howgate has lived in most luxurious style, entertained his friends most royally, and paid extravagant prices for everything which he used.

A LETTER has been received at Washington from Capt. Hooper, of the United States steamer Corwin, sent into the Arctic seas in search of the Jeannette, stating that he had heard nothing of that vessel on the Siberian coast, that he had discovered an island near Cape Serdze and had victualled for the winter, if he found that he had to be out so long.

### GENERAL.

A CONTRACTOR on the Panama canal states that 200 men are at work on the excavation, but the engineers have not established the line across the isthmus. Lumber is being shipped from San Francisco to build the stations. In a three-mile rowing race at Halifax, N. S., for \$500, McKay Plasted by two lengths.

LIEUT. RAY, in command of the Point Barrow Arctic Expedition, has reported to Gen. Hazen that the expedition had reached latitude 45 deg. 19 min. 59 sec., longitude 136 deg. 44 min. 45 sec., on the 28th ult., all in excellent health and condition. The expedition encountered light baffling winds from the 21st to the 28th of July. Ex-Minister Noyes, who has arrived from France, says there is but little talk about the De Lesseps canal scheme, and that the stock was not placed among the large bankers. Three-fourths of the town of Yale, in British Columbia, has been burned. Loss estimated at \$400,000.

SECRETARY WINDOM has notified the holders of the outstanding 5 per cent. registered bonds maturing the 1st of October that the Treasury Department will redeem such bonds without rebate of interest. Secretary Windom explains that he has taken this course because he thinks that it is as well to pay now as at any later time.

### FOREIGN.

JAMES CAIRD, an eminent British agricultural authority, thinks two-thirds of the wheat land of England will yield an average crop, while the other third will yield 10 per cent. below. Barley is the best crop of the year, but oats are extremely deficient. Live stock in Great Britain during the past two years has been diminished by more than 12 per cent.—there being a decline of 2,000,000 sheep and 1,000,000 lambs since 1879.

The Czar is reported to be devoting his attention to military matters. He feels it necessary to retain better relations with the Russian army, because he is aware that the Nihilists are making many converts among soldiers and officers. Mr. Forster stated in the British House of Commons that the total receipts of the Irish Land League since the 1st of January amounted to \$53,535 (£10,707), of which \$46,615 (£9,343) were sent from America, while Ireland contributed only \$810 (£162). By a treaty just concluded between China and Russia, the former agrees to pay the latter 9,000,000 roubles (about \$6,750,000), to retain, also, a part of Kuldja. China has control of the Ili and Zelongra rivers and the old Casaghar frontier. Of five persons arrested at Genoa for participating in the meeting for the abolition of Papal guarantees, only two were sentenced, and to very light terms of imprisonment. The disaster attending the bull-fight at Marseilles resulted in the death of twenty-seven persons and the wounding of 306. Bismarck, after a flying visit to his estate at Schonhausen, has gone to Varzin to remain until January.

ADVICES from San Domingo to the 22d inst. state that on July 29 emissaries of the

Government discovered the hiding-place of Gens. Ramon, Perez and Julius Fras, and three wounded officers belonging to the party of Gen. Alvarez. On the afternoon of the same day all were shot in the cemetery of San Domingo City, notwithstanding the intervention of the diplomatic corps and the ecclesiastical body. An immense crowd witnessed the execution from the fortress wall. The diplomatic corps again asked in vain for the pardon of nine more adherents of Alvarez who had been condemned to be shot, and eight of the number were shot that day.

The dynamite fiend is abroad in Switzerland. The Grand Council of Zurich has prohibited the holding of a Socialist Convention there. The Socialists have appealed from the Council's decision to the Federal Tribunal. And now the members of the Federal Tribunal are threatened with destruction by dynamite if their decision is not favorable to the Socialists. Not only that, but they have threatened to blow up half of Switzerland, and begin there a conflagration that will burn up the world.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

FLAMES originating from an explosion of gas destroyed the fruit warehouse of Warner & Merritt, Philadelphia, burning to death two employees. The loss is reported at \$250,000. Terrence Conolly, of Newton, N. J., after abstaining from food for forty-three days, has commenced to take nourishment. When he began his abstinence he was unable to leave his bed, but of late has walked across the room and seated himself in a rocking-chair. He ceased to eat because his stomach would not retain food. That huge monopoly, the Standard Oil Company, has at last a competitor in the Buffalo and Rock City Pipe Line Company, which has just commenced delivering oil.

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the Chicago Times says that Capt. Howgate's embezzlement bids fair to show up \$400,000 on the books. The Attorney General has caused him to be re-arrested and held in \$90,000 bail. Gen. Hazen believes that Howgate has for four years appropriated to his own use about one-fourth of the signal-service fund, over which he had absolute control. His private yacht on the Potomac was actually constructed with Government money in the back yard of the signal office. His method of securing signatures of blank vouchers was audacious enough to entitle him to a premium. He owns real estate in Florida, Virginia and the District of Columbia, and is known to hold large quantities of stocks, from which the public treasury may possibly realize something.

SENATOR BECK was interviewed as to the probable course of the Democrats in case of the death of President Garfield. He counseled the sinking of party feeling and the election of a conservative Republican to the Presidency pro tem. of the Senate, naming Henry B. Anthony as a type.

H. O. ARMOUR, of New York, wants the public to understand that there is no corner in August wheat, but that a shortage equal to our entire export of last year has brought prices to a fair level. He thinks corn will fall below an average crop by 300,000,000 to 400,000,000 bushels. Completed reports of the condition of the crops and the harvest prospects throughout the world are being published in London. From these reports we see that, except in Austria, Hungary and Holland, the harvest will be below average—in France slightly below; in Great Britain about 10 per cent. below. Wheat is reported good in Germany, and barley very good in Russia. The harvest in Spain will be poor, while in Italy and Belgium nearly all the crops are much below the average. In the Danubian provinces of Turkey, from which Great Britain draws largely, the cereal crops as a whole are good.

FRENCH election returns show that 364 deputies have been re-elected, the whole number being 483. The Republicans have been the principal gainers. The fact that the Bonapartist candidates were defeated in Corsica is significant, and L'Ordre, the journal of that party, admits that Conservatives of all shades have suffered a disastrous defeat. A letter from Mazatlan, Mexico, gives the following details of the explosion there: One hundred and fifty pounds of powder blew up. The first day thirty corpses were removed, and the following six days four or five daily, when the authorities interdicted further removals, considering the work dangerous. All the windows in the town were demolished.

### Simple Remedies for Emergencies.

Very few young mothers are able to control their nerves so completely as to keep from being startled when confronted with a cut finger with dripping blood and the loud cries which announce a catastrophe. Sometimes she cannot collect her thoughts sufficiently to recall any of the good remedies with which she is acquainted. One way to avoid this is to write out a list of help in trouble, and tack it upon the door of your room, after the manner of hotel regulations.

There is nothing better for a cut than powdered resin. Get a few cents' worth of resin, pound it until it is fine, and put it in an empty, clean pepper or spice box with perforated top; then you can easily sift it out on the cut; put a soft cloth around the member and wet with water once in a while. It will prevent inflammation and soreness. In doing up a burn the main point is to keep the air from it. If sweet oil and cotton are not at hand take a cloth and spread dry flour over it and wrap the burned part in it. It is always well to have some simple remedies in the house where you can get them without a moment's loss of time; a little bottle of peppermint in case of colic, chlorate of potash for sore throat, pepsin for indigestion, and a bottle of brandy. Have them arranged so that you can go to them in the dark and reach the right remedy, but be sure you never do it, even if you know they have not been distributed. Always light a lamp or the gas, and make sure you have what you are after. Remember that pistols are always loaded, and that poison may be placed in place of pepper-mint.

DR. BARETT, of Nice, has successfully employed turpentine vapor in the treatment of whooping cough. The drug is allowed to stand in plates in the room occupied by the patient, a resort to which simple expedient is believed to greatly lessen the severity and duration of the malady. Dr. Barett was led to a trial of this remedy by observing a marked improvement in the case of a child severely affected who had been allowed to sleep in a newly painted room redolent with turpentine odor.

### PRESIDENT GARFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.

There was a slight improvement in the President's condition yesterday. He slept well last night, the pulse has shown a steady diminution, and there has been no recurrence of the vomiting. The tears of blood-poisoning have been dismissed. A teaspoonful of beef juice and a few drops of muriatic acid were given twice in the afternoon, and a spice blister put on the stomach. The patient's weight has lessened seventy pounds since the assassination, and his face is represented as haggard and blanched. The physicians have decided not to administer food in the natural way for some time to come. Twenty ounces of nutritive substances are daily injected into the President's system. It appears clear to the medical attendants of the President that his critical condition was caused simply by a form of dyspepsia. While the effort was being made to increase the vitality of the body and fortify it for the exhaustion attending the suffering and constant discharge from the wound, the diet was too rapidly increased and produced the relapse. The discovery of this fact will be productive of beneficial results in the immediate future. More patience will be exercised, and the building up of the system will be slower and surer. Dr. Bliss believes that by the time the President recovers from the gastric attack the wound will be healed. It is already far advanced in the healing stage, and the resumption of the functions of the stomach will be the only thing needed to bring the patient to the long-looked-for convalescence. Mrs. Garfield bears up bravely, and her confidence in her husband's recovery remains unshaken. A citizen of New York, describing himself as in robust health, has offered his blood to save the President by transfusion.

Dr. Baxter, who has been the President's physician for ten years previous to the shooting, says that, although of stalwart physique, Gen. Garfield suffered much during the time he attended him from chronic dyspepsia and a delicate stomach, brought about by his sedentary habits and mental strain. He said that the President was in the habit of eating too rapidly, without proper mastication, and also made a practice of sitting up late at night over his books or in considering public business. These habits had the effect of increasing his dyspeptic condition. Dr. Baxter thinks that the attending surgeons have not given these facts as much attention as the circumstances called for.

Among the vast number of dispatches received at the White House was one of a personal character from Queen Victoria, which was answered by Mrs. Garfield.

Secretary Blaine, who was in Augusta when he first heard the news of the last unfavorable change in the President's condition, returned to Washington yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon, while McGill, employed as a guard in the jail, was passing Guitau's cell he noticed the occupant employed apparently in paring his nails. McGill approached the cell and asked Guitau what he was doing. Guitau said he was doing nothing, and on McGill asking what he was doing with the knife the second made oath that he had none. The guard called on him to drop it, whereupon the murderous ruffian jumped up and attempted to stab him. McGill pulled his revolver, Guitau grappled him, and in the struggle the revolver went off. This brought other guards, and Guitau was secured. The knife, which he swore he had not, was found under his foot. It is made of steel, is five or six inches in length and rather sharp. Guitau, after being disarmed, raved and affected insanity. How he came in possession of the knife has not been ascertained.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

A stronger pulse, a better feeling of the skin, retention of nourishment derived from enemata, and the excellent tone of the President's mind, are mentioned as unmistakable indications that the crisis is past and the road to recovery again regained. The fact that the President is able to procure refreshing sleep without the use of anodynes is pointed to as one of the most favorable features of his case. The irritation of the stomach has entirely ceased, and it is thought the patient's thirst will be entirely satisfied by supplying him with fluids in the ordinary way and by enemata. The wound is considered in a very healthy condition. Some alarm was created yesterday among the unmedical by the appearance of a swelling of the parotid gland near the right angle of the jaw. This, however, occasions no uneasiness among the professional men, being merely regarded as an indication of a debilitated system, the result of a low tone of the blood, and not figuring in the case one way or another. Agnew informed Mrs. Garfield that the only thing needed for the rapid recovery of the President was the improvement of the digestive power of the stomach.

Ward Crocker, of the Washington jail, yesterday handed Guitau a postal-card from his sister, Mrs. F. M. Scoville, of Chicago, asking about his health. The assassin requested that she be informed that he was praying daily for the recovery of the President, and regretted his deed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.

The President continues to improve slowly, and is much better this morning than any time since the recent relapse. His sleep last night was of a refreshing character. Yesterday he partook of twenty-two ounces of liquid food through the mouth, and there were no symptoms of gastric disturbance or nausea. The inflammation of the parotid gland has subsided, and the fear of suppuration therefrom has disappeared. The wound continues to secrete healthy pus, though in daily diminishing quantities. The temperature and pulse are in a much better condition. The physicians believe that the patient is gradually recovering his powers of digestion, when his general improvement will be more marked. Thus, with the close of the seventh week, there is a brighter prospect for the sick man. The physicians have given hopeful assurances to the Cabinet Ministers that unless other serious complications should arise the President will continue to improve. Col. Waring, a sanitary expert, is giving the White House a thorough examination. Among the late letters of sympathy received yesterday was one from the Patriarch of Armenians in Turkey. A handsome young woman giving her name as Mrs. Mary L. Reminger, of Brooklyn, appeared at the White House yesterday, and demanded an opportunity to cure the President, for which purpose she had come from Paris. She was sent to the insane asylum, where it was found that she wore the costume of a ballet-dancer under her dress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.

President Garfield's condition has changed considerably for the worse. The swelling of the parotid gland continues, and the inflammation resulting occasions the patient great unrest. A dangerous feature of the new trouble is nausea and vomiting, caused by the effort to disperse of saliva resulting from the swelling. During yesterday the nourishment taken was vomited, and the patient refused further food. The physicians are prepared for the worst, and although the President may live several days longer, he may die within a few hours. While cleansing the wound on Saturday, the surgeons found less resistance to the passage of the rubber tube, and therefore allowed it to penetrate as far as it would of its own weight, which was twelve and one-half inches. Nothing new was ascertained in regard to the location of the bullet.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.

The President's condition is somewhat more favorable this morning. The indications are, however, that there will not be any very de-

cided improvement for two or three days. There was no recurrence yesterday or last night of the vomiting spells. The patient took nourishment both by the mouth and by enemata, and retained it. He also obtained considerable refreshing sleep. Dr. Bliss says there is not the slightest symptom of blood-poisoning. The President is now passing through a period of exhaustion, as the surgeons term it. He must be sustained and supported though it, or he may die suddenly from inanition. He has never been watched so closely as he is now. His pulse is taken every half hour. He is now, he pays considerable attention to what is transpiring around him. What is announced as deliriousness is only the result of opiates administered by injections. The swelling in his throat is so obstinate that he can only open his mouth three-fourths of an inch. Dr. Hamilton asserts that the swelling of the parotid gland is not caused by blood poisoning.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.

The best that can be said of the President's condition this morning is that he is no worse. He is certainly no better. His stomach seems in some measure to be regaining its tone, but the improvement is very slight, and, while he was able yesterday to take and retain some nourishment in the natural way without gastric disturbance, his physicians do not venture to assert that the system is able to do any more than keep even with the drain upon its strength. The President has lost eighty pounds in weight since the day of the shooting, and is now no more than a skeleton of his former self. He has of late been delirious at frequent intervals—whether because of blood-poisoning, or by reason of the narcotic element introduced in the enemata, or both, cannot be told. Certain it is that his mind has wandered, and that his lapses into stupor or delirium seem to be increasing in frequency and duration. There exists, both among those who are around the sick-bed, the outside physicians who are closely watching the case, and the general public a strong impression that recovery is all but impossible. Nearly everything that could possibly be of use in the sick-room has been forwarded by a sympathizing public, among others a large, downy pillow in four sections.

### Stubborn Integrity.

A dispute from a singular cause took place at the office of a banker in the Chaussee d'Antin, Paris. Mr. Benjamin F., the cashier, who has filled that office for the last twenty-five years, was at his post, when a collecting clerk, named Pierre Douley, presented himself with a draft for 10,000 francs, drawn by a London banker. The notes were counted out, and the man left the place. In a few hours after Douley returned, and, addressing himself to the cashier, said:

"There is a little mistake between us; there is a difference of 1,000 francs in our account."

"I never make mistakes," replied the cashier, indignantly; "for twenty-five years my balance has always been correct to a sou."

"But the error," said Douley, "is against yourself, as you have given me 1,000 francs too much; I am as honest a man as you are—I have been employed as collecting-clerk for thirty-five years in the same house. There is your note. I will not take it."

"Insolent fool!" cried the cashier; "I regard any man as an enemy who wishes to prove to my employer that I am capable of making a mistake. Take the note or I will turn you out of the place."

Pierre Douley was not to be thus repelled, and from words the parties came to blows; but the clerks of the house hastened to separate them. The cashier, not wishing to avow an error, which he would have regarded as a stain on his long-established reputation for correctness, was fain to put up with the loss of the note; and Pierre Douley carried the 1,000 franc note to the Mayor of the arrondissement, to be distributed among the poor.

If THE men were as silent about their ages as the women, we shouldn't hear so many army reminiscences as we do now. The ladies are worthy of being patronized after in this regard.—Boston Transcript.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BECK'S.....	\$7 00	@ 12 50
HOGS.....	5 00	@ 6 50
COTTON.....	12 1/2	@ 12 1/2
WHEAT—No. 1.....	4 70	@ 5 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 33	@ 1 35
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 43	@ 1 46
CORN—Ungraded.....	66	@ 74
OATS—Mixed Western.....	43	@ 48
PORK—Mess.....	18 25	@ 18 75
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2

BECK'S—Choice Graded Steers.....	6 00	@ 6 50
Cows and Heifers.....	3 00	@ 4 25
Medium to Fair.....	5 00	@ 5 40
HOGS.....	4 75	@ 6 00
WHEAT—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	6 75	@ 7 00
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	5 50	@ 6 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 32	@ 1 34
WHEAT—No. 3 Spring.....	1 10	@ 1 14
CORN—No. 2.....	62	@ 65
OATS—No. 2.....	39	@ 40
RYE—No. 2.....	1 01	@ 1 02
BARLEY—No. 2.....	97	@ 99
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	22	@ 26
EGGS—Fresh.....	14	@ 15
PORK—Mess.....	18 00	@ 18 25
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 23	@ 1 30
No. 2.....	1 25	@ 1 27
CORN—No. 2.....	57	@ 60
OATS—No. 2.....	37	@ 38
RYE—No. 1.....	88	@ 89
BARLEY—No. 2.....	76	@ 77
PORK—Mess.....	17 75	@ 18 00
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 35	@ 1 36
CORN—Mixed.....	64	@ 65
OATS—No. 2.....	40	@ 42
RYE.....	1 05	@ 1 07
PORK—Mess.....	18 50	@ 18 75
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT.....	1 38	@ 1 39
CORN.....	69	@ 70
OATS.....	46	@ 47
RYE.....	1 12	@ 1 13
PORK—Mess.....	19 00	@ 20 00
LARD.....	11 1/2	@ 11 1/2

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 35	@ 1 37
No. 2 Red.....	1 35	@ 1 36
CORN.....	65	@ 67
OATS.....	45	@ 45

DETROIT.

WHEAT—Choice.....	6 00	@ 7 00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 33	@ 1 36
CORN—No. 1.....	61	@ 62
OATS—Mixed.....	33	@ 35
BARLEY (per cental).....	1 50	@ 2 30
PORK—Mess.....	19 25	@ 19 50

INDIANAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 35	@ 1 36
CORN—No. 2.....	65	@ 68
OATS.....	42	@ 44

EAST LIBERTY, PA.

CATTLE—Best.....	6 10	@ 6 50
Fair.....	5 00	@ 6 00
Common.....	4 50	@ 4 75
HOGS.....	5 50	@ 7 00
SHEEP.....	3 00	@ 4 60



# Holland City News.

## HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

A CONNECTICUT woman has given her son a large comforter made of hair cut from her own head during ten years.

A BRAND-NEW baby in North Carolina rejoices in the devoted supervision of three great-grandfathers and two great-grandmothers.

A NEGRO in Bullock county, Ala., while raising a crop last year, slept in one end of a hollow log and kept his cooking utensils in the other end.

A DEAF mute at Raleigh, N. C., has invented a hat fan, which turns on the inside of the hat, and is said to keep the head as cool as a cucumber.

UNDER the new Khedival decree abolishing slavery in Egypt, domestic slavery in future will be rendered impossible. Families possessing slaves now are not to be deprived of their property in them, but no new slaves are to be admitted.

WILLIAM BERRY, of Cincinnati, was engaged to marry the widow Newkirk, and the day appointed for the wedding was close at hand. Mrs. Newkirk's daughter Clara came home from a convent-school to witness the ceremony. Clara had all of her mother's characteristics and the additional charm of youth. Berry transferred his love to the daughter and eloped with her.

WHILE a colored woman of Long island was watching a fishhawk, recently, a hornet flew into her mouth, which was wide open, stung the root of her mouth, then went down her throat and stung her internally. Her whole system was poisoned and for days her life was in danger, but she pulled through and will doubtless keep her mouth shut in the future.

W. W. GOODALE, of Brookfield, Mo., aged 77, is said to be the oldest locomotive engineer in the United States. He was a steamboat engineer on Lake Erie in 1832, and began running a locomotive engine on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in 1834. He afterward worked on different roads, including the Norwich and Worcester in 1846, and was once sent to China in charge of some engines.

A WOMAN exhorter among the negroes of Georgia wears on her head a halo of burnished brass, which she says was given to her by an angel, who appeared to her, as a reward for superlative piety, and is the only one ever conferred on a person before reaching heaven. Its possession, she claims, gives her miraculous power over diseases, and enables her to intercede effectually for sinners.

SINCE Gen. Hazen took charge of the Signal Service Bureau, the number of stations for the display of cautionary storm signals on the lakes, and on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, has been increased by eleven. A great extension of military telegraph lines is now going on under charge of the officers of the service. In the Department of Missouri 250 miles of line will be built to connect isolated military posts.

A TRAMP was arrested in New York the other day, for stealing a loaf of bread from the basement of a private residence. The bread was inside the grating door, and the tramp hooked it with a long piece of wire. He had with him a long reed and an ordinary table-knife. With the reed he is said to suck milk from pails inside grating doors, and the knife he uses to cut bread when he gets it as far as the bars of a door.

THE CZAR has a curious ornament on his writing table. It is nothing less than a piece of the foul bread—a mixture of uninviting and innutritious refuse—on which the peasants have been trying to live in one portion of his dominions. He was ignorant of the distress in the district until a newspaper published the facts, and now keeps the bread before him on a letter-weight that he may see what his people have been obliged to eat without his knowledge.

THERE was a convention of the Palmer family at Stonington, Ct., Aug. 11. The street boys amused themselves by saluting every stranger as "Mr. Palmer," and they seldom missed it. Four hundred Palmers had registered the day before the reunion. There was a good deal of disappointment at the absence of Gen. Grant, who is a direct descendant of Walter Palmer's oldest daughter, and who had promised to be present a part of one day at least. Arrangements had been made for a special train to bring

him from New York to Stonington. He was compelled to be absent, however, on account of the death of his brother.

SOME years ago an estimate was made of what three criminal brothers had cost an English community in twenty years. The account stood thus:

Twenty-four prosecutions.....	£ 191
Maintenance in prison.....	150
Seven years' transportation for one.....	100
Value of depredations.....	3,120

Total.....£3,561  
Nearly \$18,000 were spent on this one family, and at the time the computation was made the eldest brother was but 24. Their depredations were estimated at \$15 a week.

JUDGE GRAY, of Massachusetts, is a candidate for the United States Supreme Court Judgeship left vacant by the death of Justice Clifford, and has the support of Senator Hoar. Ex-Attorney General (now Judge) Devens is also a candidate, and will have the Hayes influence, which will not be a recommendation to Mr. Blaine, the New England member of the Cabinet. Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, is in the New York circuit, and is not believed to be a candidate.

THE employment of female clerks was considered by the Civil Service Commission in Canada. It was deemed not advisable to employ them for this reason: It would be necessary that they should be placed in rooms by themselves, and that they should be under the immediate supervision of a person of their own sex; but we doubt very much if sufficient work of a similar character can be found in any one department to furnish occupation for any considerable number of female clerks, and it would certainly be inadvisable to place them in small numbers throughout the departments.

A WOMAN in Portland, Ore., has adopted a novel way to get rid of her husband. She is a believer in spiritualism, and stated that she received a communication stating that her husband would die a certain day in the near future. She so worked upon the poor man that he actually fell sick, and became nearly frightened to death. When at his worst she ordered her mourning clothes, and calmly talked to him about his notions in regard to another husband for her, and whom he preferred she should take. Finally, his anger overcame his fears, he braced up, and determined to postpone his death to an indefinite date.

A FARMER, living in Green county, Wis., recently had a most desperate encounter with wolves. He went out late in the evening, to drive some sheep home, and in passing a swamp he heard snarling and barking. He had taken an old musket along, thinking perhaps he might shoot a partridge or some small game, and loaded it with No. 4 shot. Not feeling unsafe, he advanced toward the sound, and there saw two old wolves and five three-quarter-grown whelps wrangling and fighting over the dead body of a sheep. He got to within two rods of them before they heard him, when he fired into their midst. Immediately the whole seven came bounding toward him, and before he had time to climb a tree they were full upon him. He reversed the gun and used it for a club. The fight lasted an hour, and so savage and ferocious were the wolves that as one after another of their number received a death-stroke from the old musket they pounced upon their fallen comrade and proceeded to devour him; at this juncture the farmer would rush in with his gun and kill another. After the hour's skirmish the seven wolves lay dead at the farmer's feet. During the fight he had every bit of clothing torn from his body, his hands and legs badly bitten, and the lower part of one ear snapped off.

### Princess Dolgorouki's Hair.

Princess Dolgorouki was remarkable for the beauty and abundance of her hair, and Court gossip tells us that, like many other great men, Alexander II. had been caught in the *filet d'amour*, which, according to old Marot, the poet, captures the souls of men. The Emperor's admiration for the tresses of the Princess was so great that he often said to her: "If I die first I shall rest all the easier if that hair lies with me in my coffin." The impression on the mind of the Princess was so vivid, that at the very moment the news of the Emperor's death had reached her, she cut off with her own hands the rich abundance of her tresses, and inclosed them in a sealed packet directed to the Empress, with a humble request that the late Emperor's desire might be fulfilled. The Czarina's gentle and affectionate heart was moved to the core by this sacrifice and the request, and it is well known among the ladies of the Court that the white satin pillow upon which reposed the head of the late Czar contained the last token of love and remembrance from the Princess Dolgorouki.

INMEMORIAL custom is transcendent law.

## SCRAPS OF SCIENCE.

THE labors of the Seismological Society of Japan have established the fact that there is a chronic center of disturbance within a radius of a few miles from Yokohama.

IT HAS been computed that the power of the steam engines of England would suffice to raise from the quarries and place in position all the stone of the Great Pyramid in eighteen hours.

EXPERIMENTS have been made with compressed gunpowder, made to fit the drill-holes and cut into short lengths. It was found to possess many advantages over loose powder, among which is a saving of 40 per cent. in powder.

THE evil effect of the electric light upon the eyes is due, it is supposed, to the constant changes in the intensity of the light, whereby the eyes are greatly fatigued. Little inconvenience of this nature attends the use of the incandescent lamps.

THE rapidity of motion of the wings of some insects is almost incredible. It has been estimated that the common house-fly moves its wings 330 times in a second, or 19,800 times per minute, while the butterfly's wings move nine times per second, or 540 times per minute.

MESSRS. GALLOWAY and Abel have found coal dust to be an important factor in explosions of the gases in mines. A mixture of coal-dust and air is not explosive, but a quantity of fire-damp too small to produce any effect when mixed with air alone causes the mixture to become violently explosive. Prof. Abel's experiments show that any kind of dust mixed with air containing a small quantity of fire-damp converts the mixture into an explosive compound.

THE first complete description of the two newly opened pyramids of Sakkarah, in Egypt, has been given to a Cairo institute by M. Brugsch. They are located in the desert west of Sakkarah. The galleries and chambers are covered with hieroglyphics, in which the two words "Merina" and "Pepi" occur as royal names. Mr. Brugsch showed the two pyramids to be monuments of the two kings, Pepi and of his son Horemsaf, of the sixth dynasty of Maretho. The sarcophagi still stood in their old places; but of the mummies only one was found—that of Horemsaf, deprived of its ornaments and robes. The pyramids were evidently plundered in ancient times. They are the earliest examples of royal graves in Egypt adorned with religious hieroglyphics. It is most remarkable that the Cairo Museum contains a tombstone erected to the memory of Una, an official at Kind Pepi's Court, the inscription on which stone refers to the building by Una of the pyramids which have now just been opened.

DESPITE the boasted power and intelligence of human beings, many things are doubtless familiar to lower orders of animals which can never be perceived by man, while a large part of the animal world may look upon things as very different from what they appear to us. Sir John Lubbock has just recorded some interesting facts concerning the effect of light upon ants. His conclusions are that these insects must have a very different perception of light and color from what we do. We all know that a ray of white light passed through a prism becomes broken up into a beautiful band of colors—the spectrum. To our eyes it is bounded by red at one end and violet at the other. But a ray of light contains other rays not visible to our eyes called, but not with absolute correctness, heat and chemical rays. The heat rays extend beyond our limits of vision at the violet end of the spectrum. Sir John undertook to determine whether the limit of visibility of these rays is the same with us as with ants, and in a series of interesting experiments has become convinced that they perceive the ultra-violet rays which are quite invisible to us. These must appear to them as a different color, of which we can form no idea, while white light with this added component may not appear to them as to us.

WHILST no British monarch has died by the assassin's hand, Prime Ministers have been less fortunate. Mr. Spencer Perceval was shot, in the lobby of the House of Commons, by one Birmingham, who had claims against the Treasury, and had worked himself into a frenzy under a sense of supposed injustice. The man was undoubtedly more or less mad, but was tried, condemned and executed while popular indignation was red-hot. The killing of the Prime Minister gave rise to apprehension that a widespread conspiracy was afloat, and the mails were all stopped that night, pending the preparation of dispatches to the authorities throughout the country. Sir Robert Peel, also, would have fallen but for his secretary (a near relative of the present secretary of the British Legation at Washington) having been murdered by mistake for him. After a miscreant struck at Queen Victoria, some twenty years ago, an act was passed rendering any kind of assault on the Sovereign punishable by severe whippings. Since then only one such offence has been committed, and that by a youth whose clearly proved weak intellect saved him from stripes. Oxford, who shot at the Queen early in her career, got off on a plea of insanity, though the genuineness of the plea was very much, and with good reason, questioned. He was, consequently, relegated to Bedlam, and, greatly to his disgust, kept there for life. This probably exercised a deterrent effect on many others of that miserable order of being who will do anything for notoriety.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

### Floating Gardens.

A writer describes the floating vegetable gardens of Lake Gringard, in Cashmere: They are made by first planting poplar poles, twenty-five or twenty-eight feet long, in two or three rows, twelve or fifteen feet apart. Then the gardener

gathers from the lake a lot of aquatic plants, and interweaves them between his poles. This forms the support of the garden. Then more plants are collected from the lake, and piled up to the height of three or four inches. These soon rot and form the soil, and the garden plants first sprouted on the land are then transplanted to the garden. At first they are watered, but it does not take long for the rootlets to find their way to the water underneath. The vegetables raised are said to be very fine, and are sold for very low prices.

### A Passport to Paradise.

A wealthy Borah died recently, not altogether in sanctity, for he had led a dissolute life and had incurred the displeasure of the priests of his caste. His family, and especially the ladies of his household, were, therefore, all the more anxious for his eternal welfare; and, according to Borah customs, the widow went to the Mullah's "Brother Gabriel," who holds the post of archangel in heaven. The Mullah, however, was stern and not easy of access, and when an interview was finally granted he told the widow that, owing to the wickedness of the departed, it would be a difficult and certainly a very expensive job to propitiate Gabriel. However, he agreed at last to give the necessary letter of introduction. In this he asked "his brother Gabriel" to take good care of the old Borah, and, as a reward for "good behavior" during lifetime, to grant him, among other favors, a bungalow and a pomegranate tree. For this important and useful letter the Mullah charged the modest sum of R500. The widow hurried home, tied the letter round the neck of the departed and buried the corpse. The Borah's son—a sharp young lad, whose intellect had been sharpened by an English education—did not, however, approve of the loss of R500. He surreptitiously removed the letter to Gabriel and kept it by him for six months. He then indorsed it, in a clever imitation of his father's handwriting, making the defunct Borah say that having arrived in heaven, and having duly presented his credentials to the Archangel Gabriel, Gabriel, instead of allowing him a separate bungalow and a pomegranate tree, had given him nothing but abuse. Armed with this letter, the lad visited the Mullah and told him he should invoke aid of the police for breach of contract unless the R500 was restored forthwith. The money was paid. The facts come, as we say, from an unimpeachable source, and the custom is said to be general among the Borahs, one of the astutest classes in Bombay.—*Bombay (India) Gazette.*

### Selling Wives.

A correspondent, writing from London, says: "Time will probably be found for one question which an Irish member of the House desires to put on a social subject which some people will be surprised to see raised at all. The Government will be asked whether it can take any steps to make the fact known that the sale of wives is illegal in England. It appears that two days ago a workman at Sheffield sold his wife to another man for a quart of beer, and it is stated the practice is by no means uncommon in England, though it may be presumed that a wife of average good looks and morals would bring more than a quart of beer. Frenchmen, as we all know, believe that Englishmen sell their wives at Smithfield with a halter around their necks, the halter being thrown in as a sort of make-weight to the bargain. The custom is not so general as our French friends imagine, but there can be very little doubt that in some parts of the country a few laborers and workmen remain, who fancy that they have a clear right to sell their wives, if they could find a customer for them. The delusion is, of course, confined to the most ignorant portion of the population, and the Government can do nothing to destroy it. When the new generation, which has been brought up under the influence of School Boards, has married and settled down, wives will cease to be sold, or if sold at all, it will be for a more substantial consideration than a quart of beer. The workmen will perhaps take a hint from the world of fashion, where wives, in commercial language, sometimes 'change hands,' but always by private contract."

### Paper.

It is estimated that nearly 2,000,000,000 pounds of paper is produced annually, one-half of which is used for printing, a sixth for writing, and the remainder is coarse paper for packing and other purposes. The United States alone produces yearly 200,000 tons of paper, averaging seventeen pounds per head for its population. The Englishman comes next, with about twelve pounds per head; the educated German takes eight; the Frenchman seven pounds; while the Italian, Spaniard and Russian take respectively three pounds, one and one-half pounds, and one pound annually. The consumption of paper being roughly in proportion to the education and intellectual and political activity of the people.

WHEN a traveler goes to Europe does he generally complete the Turin, Italy?—*Yonkers Statesman.* Not always. If in summer, a Marseilles suit may bring him to France.—*Richmond Baton.* And if it is Tou-louse and he sees Nancy he goes to Rouen.—*Steubenville Herald.* But he will surely have a nice time, no doubt, if he goes to visit Florence. He will certainly not Sienna handsomer girl, for there Arno women in all Europe who will bear com-Parison with her.—*Baltimore Every Saturday.* But she would hardly be suited with a Bologna dinner.—*Chaff.* And if the Paris is not too nice, they might visit Germany and take in Cologne.—*Terre Haute Saturday Night.* Suppose he prefers not to have accompany him, would he then be at liberty to Rome without her?—*Elevated Railway Journal.* Yes, if he didn't go to Lap land.

## MICHIGAN NEWS.

SCARLET FEVER has appeared in Adrian.

SEVERAL new business blocks are going up in Alpena.

THE Iowa races resulted in a loss of \$1,700 to their managers.

A MARRIAGE-DOWER association has been formed in Bay City.

A PAYING silver vein has been discovered near Ishpeming.

OVER thirty brick stores are in course of construction at Ludington.

THE scheme for building a third paper-mill at Rochester has fallen to pieces.

ONE Howard city family have picked and sold \$70 worth of huckleberries this summer.

PELICK STEVENS, one of the oldest pioneers of Kalamazoo county, died a few days ago.

THE contract for building the Flint cotton-mills has been let, and ground broken for the foundation.

THOMAS FOSTER, of Flint, sold five 10-months-old heifers to a Saginaw man for \$1,750 one day last week.

A PRINTER from the southern part of the State is making preparations to start a paper in Montmorency county.

ROBERT FORSYTH, who lives nine miles east of the city, is the fortunate possessor of a gas well.—*Adrian Times.*

THE pulp-mill in Utica, Macomb county, has shut down, and probably will not be started again, on account of the scarcity of wood and the failure of the proprietors.

CHARLES STILLWELL, son of James Stillwell, of Schoolcraft, fell from an apple-tree, striking his head upon a marble slab and receiving injuries which are believed to be fatal.

J. H. STEVENS has platted a large quantity of lands into village lots at the place where the county seat of the new county of Montmorency is designated by act of Legislature.

DURING the season just closed over two thousand bushels of whortleberries were shipped from Baldwin, Lake county. The pickers received an average price of \$2.50 per bushel for them.

PORT SANILAC stood it without a saloon for a time, but finally a man was found who in some way dodged the \$10,000-bond resolution of the trustees, and got into the business on a \$4,000 bond.

BELLEVEU *Gazette:* One day last week four generations sat down to dinner at the residence of W. A. Judd, consisting of two grandmothers and two great-grandmothers. The aggregate number of years represented by the four grandmothers was 245. Taking one of each generation the sum of their ages was 140.

LINDEN *Record:* Quite a number of farmers in this county complain that a new pest has made its appearance in the shape of a worm that attacks their corn. The worm is of a dark color, and eats its way into the heart of the cob. They are puzzled to know whether it is the army-worm or some other new-fangled animal.

A HORSE in Vermontville, Eaton county, being turned loose in a field where some log heaps had been burned, selected a pile of ashes to roll in. Then presently a rain drenched that horse, and the action of the water upon the ashes that clung to him made a strong lye which ate hair, hide and flesh, and it was thought the horse would die.

THE Commissioners appointed by Gov. Jerome to represent the State at the meeting of the American Pomological Society at Boston have issued a circular stating that it is necessary, on account of expense, to collect the specimens at a central point, and have designated Lansing as the place. To facilitate the collection, the Commissioners have distributed the territory of the Lower Peninsula as follows: North-eastern Michigan, Prof. W. J. Beal, Lansing; Southeastern Michigan, E. H. Scott, Ann Arbor; Southwestern Michigan, T. T. Lyon, South Haven; North-western Michigan, J. G. Ramsdell, Traverse City; Central Michigan, W. K. Gibson, Jackson, assisted by H. Dale Adams, of Galesburg. The State Fruit Committee of the American Pomological Society has also issued a circular requesting the pomologists of Michigan to forward to its Chairman, H. Dale Adams, of Galesburg, before September, all information possible concerning fruit and fruit-growing in this State.

### Brutal Courage.

TWO muscular men of Kildare, Ark., agreed to settle their quarrel with a single blow of the fist, to be struck by the winner of a tossed coin, and unresistingly received by the loser anywhere above the belt. The man whom chance condemned to take the blow stood up bravely, and though he sought to avoid some of its force by offering no resistance, it felled him heavily, breaking his nose, and leaving him insensible for several hours.

### Lemon Melons.

MR. JOE BEASLEY, an experimental gardener near Columbus, Ga., has succeeded in raising some melons with a delicious lemon flavor. He made an incision in the vine a short distance from the root, to which he attaches a lemon, and, by means of absorption, the juice is taken into the melons.

PITCH paper, the same as that used in covering roofs, when cut into slips and placed in convenient situations under carpets and behind sofas and chairs in a room will effectually repel the moth miller from depositing its eggs. If similar strips are placed inside the backs and seats of parlor suits they will render the furniture moth proof.



MILK AS AN ALIMENT.

An English physician, Dr. Duckworth, of the Royal College of Physicians, has recently put forth an important paper in the *Practitioner* on the insufficient use of milk as a diet, and shows the serious effect of the neglect of this indispensable nutrient on national health. His warning is most timely in an age when so many artificial viands tend to destroy the appetite for nature's simple and normal food supply. An eminent physiologist has pointed out that while "all other matters appropriated by animals as food exist for themselves or for the use of the vegetable or animal of which they form a constituent part, milk is designed and prepared by nature expressly as food and is the only material throughout the range of organization that is so prepared." Pure milk in sufficient quantity is as necessary for the body as pure air, but, as Dr. Duckworth shows, its use even among those who can afford to buy it has so decreased even in the rural districts of Great Britain as to amount almost to a milk starvation. The minimum quantity required for the preservation of health, he calculates, is five quarts per diem to a family of ten, and not less than a quart daily to each child. "If this, or anything approaching this, were the rule instead of the exception," he is confident that the disease of "rickets, in its manifold phases, would be completely banished from this country, and a much higher standard of health and robustness would unquestionably prevail."

If this conclusion holds at all true for Great Britain it will hold much more so for the United States. The humidity of the British Isles insures a comparatively equable climate, which makes few heavy drains on the human system, while in America, especially in the West and Northwest, the ceaseless and extreme alternations of temperature and the aridity of the atmosphere, which induces great waste of the body by evaporation, make heavy demands upon its store of energy. That store can only be kept up by good nutrition, which milk, combining as it does the four great staminal principles of human aliment, is so admirably fitted to supply. The prejudice which some entertain against it, or the fancy that it disagrees with them, may be removed in many cases by adding to the milk a little carbonate of soda or of lime water, which will enhance its digestibility and when drunk for health purposes in large quantities it is rectified by adding a little pepsin.

There can be no question that a large number of men and women, inclined to strumous and scrupulous habit, anæmia, catarrh and consumption would be saved from premature decrepitude or wasting disease by resorting to a generous milk diet. The increasing amount of food adulteration, through the multiplication of glucose and oleomargarine factories, ought to have the effect of popularizing a dietetic article which nature has provided and which cannot be tampered with without exposing the fraud to easy detection. Bone and sinew will not make a nation, but the grave nutritional loss growing out of the disease of this elementary article of food will ultimately make a hardy race a nation of dwarfs, and it is well known that the hardest race on the globe, the Kirghiz of Central Asia, under the most terrible climatic extremes, have little else to live on but the milk of their herds.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Ottawa county board of examiners has adopted the following schedule of examinations:

Special examination at Grand Haven in the Court House, Sept. 2, 1881.

Special examination at Berlin, in school-house, Sept. 8, 1881.

Special examination at Hudsonville, schoolhouse, Sept. 9.

Regular examination at Grand Haven at Court House, Oct. 28.

Special examination at Holland, time to be fixed.

Regular examination at Grand Haven in Court House, March, 1882.

All examinations to be both oral and written and to begin at 9 a. m.

At the special examinations in the year 1881 only third grade certificates will be granted.

JAS. F. ZWEMER,  
Sec'y Board of Examiners.

Incredible.

F. A. Scarf, druggist, Ruthven, Ont., writes: "I have the greatest confidence in your Burdock Blood Bitters. In one case with which I am personally acquainted their success was almost incredible. One lady told me that half a bottle did her more good than hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine she previously taken." Price \$1.00, trial size 50 cents.

Fell Down.

Mr. Albert Anderson, York Street, Buffalo, fell down stairs and severely bruised his knee. A few applications of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil entirely cured him.

Second Edition of Job.  
Mrs. Ogden, N. Division Street, Buffalo, says: "I cannot be too thankful that I was induced to try your Spring Blossom. I was at one time afraid I should never be able to get out again. I seemed to be a second edition of Job without his patience; my face and body were one vast collection of boils and pimples; since taking one bottle of your Spring Blossom I am quite cured, all eruptions have disappeared, and I feel better than I have in a long time." Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents.

Special Notices.

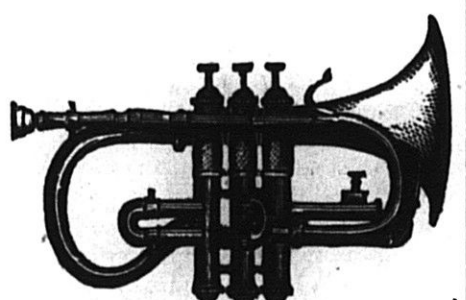
A BEAUTIFUL assortment of new styles of felt hats, for young men and boys. Call and examine them at the store of  
D. BERTSCH.

WANTED—Reliable agents in every town of the Union, to sell the best Lithograph Pictures, ever published. Address: H. M. BURNAN, 128 Monroe str., Grand Rapids, Mich. 28-1f.

Look out for a new stock of the most beautiful fancy ribbons ever brought to town, in the store of  
D. BERTSCH.

FINE smoking and chewing tobaccos on hand at the novelty store of  
E. S. DANGREMOND.

New Advertisements.



CUB. BERDAN'S MUSIC HOUSE,  
254 Woodward Ave., Detroit.

Cornets and Band Instruments of every description. Pianos and Organs at wholesale and retail. Orchestras, Band and Sheet Music. The most complete stock in Michigan. Catalogues sent free. Address,  
O. F. BERDAN,  
29-30w 254 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Merwin's Electro-Magnetic Battery.



A newly discovered cure for all Diseases of Women. Send at once for book giving full information free. Address,  
W. R. MERWIN, M. D., DETROIT, MICH.  
29-cow-1y

J. Van Landegend

Copper, Tin and Sheet. Iron worker; plumber and steam fitter; does all kinds of sheet metal work, order, or repairing. Also driven Wells put down, and oil pumps repaired. Boxes repaired and painted. Inquire at the hardware store of J. R. Kelyn, Holland, Mich. 33-1f

A Lecture to Young Men ON THE LOSS OF MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D. author of the "Green Book" &c.

The world-renowned author, in his admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. WE HAVE ALSO A SURE CURE FOR TAPE WORM. Address

The Culverwell Medical Co.,  
11 Ann St., New York, N. Y.; Post-Office box 4786.  
8-1y

STEAMER

Fanny Shriver

Will make

TWO TRIPS DAILY

TO THE HARBOR OF

BLACK LAKE.

OTHER

EXCURSIONS

SPECIALLY CONTRACTED FOR.

For rates, or accommodations address the proprietor

CAPT. P. PFANSTIEHL,  
Holland, Mich.  
Or Otto Breyman, Express Agent; or Williams Bros., City Hotel, Holland, Mich. 20-3m

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest Selling Fictional Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 50 per cent. National Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill.

\$25 TO \$50 PER DAY,

Can easily be made by using the Celebrated

VICTOR WELL AUGER AND ROCK BORING MACHINERY

In any Part of the Country.

We mean it, and are prepared to demonstrate the fact. They are operated by either Man, Horse or Steam Power, and bore very rapid. They range in size

3 INCH TO 4 1-2 FEET IN DIAMETER,

and will bore to any

REQUIRED DEPTH!

They will bore successfully and satisfactorily in all kinds of Earth, Soft Sand and Limestone, Bituminous Stone Coal, Slate, Hard Pan Gravel, Lava, Builders' Serpentine and Conglomerate Rock, and guaranteed to make the very best of Wells in Quick Sand. They are light running, simple in construction, easily operated, durable, and acknowledged as the best and most practical Machine extant. They are endorsed by some of the highest State Officials. We contract for prospecting for Coal, Gold, Silver, Coal Oil and all kinds of Minerals.

Also for sinking Artesian Wells and Coal Shafts, &c. We also furnish Engines, Boilers Wind Mills, Hydraulic Rams, Horse Powers, Brick Machines, Mining Tools, Portable Forges Rock Drills and Machinery of all kinds.

Good active Agents wanted in every Country in the World. Address

WESTERN MACHINERY SUPPLY DEPOT,

511 Walnut Street,

SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI.

State in what paper you saw this. 21-1y

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spasm, Rheumatism, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.

Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to

J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Holland by D. R. MENZES. 31-1y.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Dirk Kuiper and Adriaan Kuiper his wife, to Mary Metz dated September twenty-fourth, 1877, and recorded in the Register's office of Ottawa county, on October ninth, 1877, in Liber K. of mortgages, page 89, on which mortgage there is claimed due, at this date, one hundred sixty four dollars and sixty cents, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; Notice is, therefore, hereby given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue, of the mortgaged premises, to-wit: the estate house of lot numbered three, in block fifty five city of Holland, Ottawa county, Michigan, at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House in the City of Grand Haven, on

October third, 1881, at one o'clock, afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, with interest and costs.

Dated, July fifth, 1881.

MARY METZ, Mortgagee.

J. C. Post, Attorney. 25-13w

EARS FOR THE MILLION!

Foo Choo's Balm of Shark's Oil

Positively Restores the Hearing, and is the only Absolute Cure for Deafness Known

This Oil is extracted from a peculiar species of small WHITE SHARK, caught in the Yellow Sea, known as *Carcharodon Bonidellii*. Every Chinese fisherman knows it. Its virtues as a restorative of hearing were discovered by a Buddhist Priest about the year 1110. Its cures were so numerous and many so seemingly miraculous, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire. Its use became so universal that for over 300 years no Deafness has existed among the Chinese people. Sent, charges prepaid, to any address at \$1 per bottle.

Only Imported by HAYLO & CO., Sole Agents for America. 7 Day St., New York.

Its virtues are unquestionable and its curative character absolute, as the writer can personally testify, both from experience and observation.

Among the many readers of the Review in one part and another of the country, it is probable that numbers are afflicted with deafness, and to such it may be said: "Write at once to Haylock & Co., 7 Day Street, New York, enclosing \$1, and you will receive by return mail a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent. You will never regret doing so."—*Editor Mercantile Review.* 21-8m.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,

Will make, for the next 60 days only, a Grand Offer of

Pianos and Organs.

\$850 Square Grand Piano for only \$245.

STYLE 3 1-2 Magnificent rosewood case elegantly finished, 8 strings, 7 1/2 Octaves, full patent cantante agraffes, our new patent overstrung scale, beautiful carved legs and lyre, heavy serpentine and large fancy moulding round case, full iron frame, French Grand Action, Grand Hammers, in fact every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the instrument has been added.

Our price for this instrument boxed and delivered or board cars \$245 at New York, with fine Piano Cover, Stool and Book, only

This Piano will be sent on test trial. Please send reference if you do not send money with order. Cash sent with order will be refunded and freight charges paid by us both ways if Piano is not just as represented in this Advertisement. Thousands in use. Send for Catalogue. Every instrument fully warranted for five years.

PIANOS \$180 to \$400 (with Stool, Cover and Book). All strictly first-class and sold at Wholesale Factory prices. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the Highest Honors. The squares contain our New Patent Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The new patent scale Uprights are the Finest in America. Positively we make the finest Upright Pianos, of the richest tone and greatest durability. They are recommended by the highest musical authorities in the country. Over 11,000 in use, and not one dissatisfied purchaser. All Pianos and Organs sent on 15 days' test trial—freight free if unsatisfactory. Don't fail to write us before buying. Positively we offer the best bargains. Piano Catalogue mailed free. Handsome Illustrated and Descriptive Piano Catalogue of 50 pages mailed for 6c. stamp. Every Piano fully warranted for 5 years.

JUBILEE ORGANS

Our New Style Jubilee Organ in Japanese Case, called the "ORIENTAL," Style 59, is the handsomest, tastiest and sweetest toned Parlor Organ ever offered the musical public. It contains FIVE OCTAVES, FIVE sets of Reeds, viz.: Melodia, Celeste, Diapason, Sub-bass and Celestina. Also Fifteen Beautiful Stops, as follows, viz.: Melodia, Celeste, (a charming stop.) Diapason, Sub-bass, Echo, Dulcet, Melodia Forte, Celeste-Forte, Expression, Treble-Couple, Celestina, Bass-Couple, Grand Organ, (which throws on the entire power of the instrument.) Right Knee Stop and swell, Left Knee Stop and Swell. Height, 70 in.; Length, 47 in.; Width, 34 in.; Weight, boxed, 350 lbs. The case is of solid walnut, veneered with choice woods, and is of an entirely new and beautiful design, elaborately carved, with panels, music closet, lamp stands, fretwork, &c., all elegantly finished. Possesses all the latest and best improvements, with great power, depth, brilliancy and sympathetic quality of tone. Beautiful solo effects and perfect stop action. Regular retail price \$275. Our wholesale net cash price to have it introduced, with stool and book, only \$87—as one organ sold sells others. Positively no deviation in Price. No payment required until you have fully tested the organ in your own home. We send all Organs on 15 days test trial and pay freight both ways if instrument is not as represented. Positively, our Organs contain no "Bogus" sets of Reeds, or "Dummy" stops, as do many others. We make no misrepresentations, and guarantee honest and fair dealing, or no sale. Fully warranted for 5 years. Other styles \$35, \$50, \$67, \$85, \$70, \$75, \$85, etc. Over 34,000 sold, and every Organ has given the fullest satisfaction. Organ Catalogue mailed free.

Factory and Warerooms, 57th St. and 10 Ave.

SHEET MUSIC Catalogue of 3,000 choice pieces sent for 3c. stamp. This Catalogue includes most of the popular music of the day and every variety of musical composition, by the best authors. Address,

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., P. O. Box 2058, New York City.

21-8mo

Phosphate and Grain Drills

at the Hardware Store of

W. C. MELIS.

We the undersigned hereby testify that we have used the Superphosphate, advertised by Mr. Wm. C. Melis, at Holland, on part of our wheat lands, and that we have by experience that the wheat produced on the lands manured by phosphate is considerable better; the straw is heavier, about 2 1/2 inches taller, and that the yield of grain was increased thereby about 25 per cent.

Our intention is, to use it again next year.

W. DIEKEMA.

F. PLASMAN.

TOWN HOLLAND, Mich., July 12th, 1881. 27-1f

\$1,000 FORFEIT!!

Immix Cancer Cure Depot, Coaticook, P. Q. Canada.

CANCER CURED

without the use of the Knife.

The only permanent Cure in the world. For particular enclose two 3 cent stamps to

S. C. SMITH, Coaticook, P. Q. Canada.

Free Cures Swift and Certain. (Any paper can publish this for \$5 per year, with this note and paper sent regularly.) 1-1y

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 1-1y

WANTED 10,000 BUCKEYE BUCKEYES, of which I make Buckeye Pile Ointment, Warren, Mich. cure files. Address with stamp, Dr. J. N. Tabler, St. Louis, Mo.



WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

FACTS!!

HENRY CLEMENT, Almonte, O., says he was so thoroughly disabled by Chronic Rheumatism that he used two bottles, and is radically cured.

S. A. HEWITT, Monterey, Mich., says it works like a charm, and can't be beat for Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

J. W. MILLER, Columbus, O., says that a couple of doses cured his child of diphtheria, after all other remedies had failed.

J. H. W. BAKER, 1173 Michigan street, Buffalo, says he had been troubled for years with Rheumatism of the knee, but Electric Oil has cured him thoroughly.

O. E. COMSTOCK, Caledonia, Minn., says while suffering from inflammatory Rheumatism one application gave instant relief, and two bottles cured him.

IS IT NOT WORTHY OF A TRIAL?

Sold by all Druggists. PRICE 50 cents and \$1.00.

Go to D. R. MENZES for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1881. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1881.

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Laces, Beaded & Silk Fringes

JACKETS, CIRCULARS AND DOLMAFS,

FANS & PARASOLS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Silk & Satins in all desirable Colors. Gape, Gloves, Hosiery.

Germantown Yarn, Woosted, Canvas, Embroidery.

SILK AND HAIR GOODS.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,  
EIGHTH STREET . . . . . HOLLAND MICH



## Jottings.

The fishing mania is decreasing.

The days are still hot and dry, and the nights cool.

STRANGERS all pronounce Macatawa Bay one of the finest in America.

Mr. J. VanderVeen and family, of Coopersville, Mich., are in town visiting relatives.

The drouth is remarkable, and it is expected that corn will be materially injured, and that the late potatoes will be quite small.

The graveling job on Fish street has been completed and the Common Council has accepted it. On some places the gravel put on was better than the sample of the contract.

DWELLINGS are scarcer in this city than at any time since the big fire. We know of more than one man who wants to get a dwelling, but is unable to find one. This don't sound very bad for Holland.

CHRIS. De Vries, son of Mr. U. De Vries, a lad of about 10 years of age, was run over on Friday last, by a wagon loaded with brick, on Fish street, but strange to say, no bones were broken, although considerably hurt.

THE only son of Mrs. A. Thompson, of this city, died of diphtheria on Friday last, at Grand Rapids, while on a visit in that city. This is a very hard blow for the poor widow, and she has the sympathy of the entire community.

THE latest news from the President's bedside sounds gloomy, and hardly any hope remains. The country seems to expect the report of his demise at any moment, and perhaps it will flash over the wires before this reaches the eyes of our readers.

THE Chicago and West Mich. R. R. Co., have purchased the necessary grounds, near their depot so that the "Y" can be constructed on their own grounds, without interfering with Eighth street. Work will be commenced forthwith, and when completed the rail facilities will be materially increased.

A SAD but nasty accident occurred on Friday last near Noordeloos, about six miles north from here. An eight-year old daughter of Mr. John Kooyers, a farmer, was missed through the day, and upon search, found her in the evening, standing on her head—dead—in the privy vault. It is said that the child was known to be partially deranged.

THE Grand Haven *News-Journal* has been purchased by Nichols & Benham, who have commenced publishing the *Republican*. Mr. Nichols, we suppose, is H. G. Nichols, of Allegan origin. Judging from the character of the publishers of the *Herald*, we presume they will allow a second Republican paper to be published in that place without any jealous opposition on their part, a thing that is not always done.—*Allegan Tribune*.

EAGLE Fire Company, of this city will give an excursion on Friday, September 2nd, by rail, to Muskegon. A special train will come from Zeeland, and the railroad authorities having promised first-class passenger coaches, a pleasant ride is anticipated. Eagle Fire Co. has only recently been reorganized, and need money to fit out anew, and we hope our citizens who feel inclined to pay a visit to the greatest lumber manufacturing center of the world, salt boring, car shops, &c., &c., will go this time, and thus help the boys along. Tickets for the round trip, only \$1.00.

DURING the greatest part of this week the city of Grand Rapids was dressed up in her prettiest. The streets and many blocks and dwellings were hung with garlands and mottoes welcoming the festive singers as they entered the city. The city was crowded with people. The singing on Tuesday afternoon by the mannerchor was poor; the professionals did well; but the feature of the concert was the Orchestra under the direction of Prof. Wellenstein. Financially, it certainly has proved a success, and the enterprising Germans of Grand Rapids will try hard to have a "Saengerfest" every year.

By reading the proceedings of the Board of Education our readers will notice that once more the text books are to be changed in our public schools, and once more it is claimed that there is economy in it. This we would like to see demonstrated. The change has cost us money, and we presume it will again. This outlay would not have occurred if the change had not been ordered, and how anybody can figure economy out of such changes, we don't understand. Twice 2 is only 4, according to our way of thinking, and we would not believe the greatest theorist on earth if he claims he can make 4½ out of it. This changing of books created extensive grumbling, and not without reason, last year, and what it will do this year can better be imagined than described.

SEVERAL new camping parties went to the harbor this week.

THERE is just as good fish in our Big Bay as ever was caught.

Mrs. J. B. Van Dyke, of Chicago, was in town on Monday last, visiting her relatives.

MEN resemble the gods in nothing so much as in doing good to their fellow-creatures.—*Cicero*.

THE old schooner Vermont has been brought in here, is stripped, and will be hauled out to be rebuilt.

THE three-masted scow Contest is hauled out at Anderson's yard for repairs. She is to have a new bow and of a sharper model.

QUITE a number of immigrants arrived in the city on Thursday. Most of them were taken care of by their friends and taken into the country.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Aug. 25, 1881: Mrs. F. Gilbert, Paul Flessner, Mrs. H. J. McGuire.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

Mr. A. D. Nelson, lessee of the Phoenix Hotel, deeming that the house was injured too much by the recent removal of the passenger depot, has closed it up. Rumor has it that a new proprietor will open it shortly.

THE men who managed the fireworks last Fourth of July at Myrtleville, Idaho, are now on trial for their official acts on that occasion. They soaked six shaggy dogs in camphene, set fire to them, and let them loose.

THE biggest white perch ever caught in the Ohio river was taken at Cincinnati one day last week. It weighed thirty-one pounds, and the "lucky stones" over the eyes were about the size of a silver twenty-five cent piece, pearl-like in appearance, and distinctly marked with a "2."

We notice that several new pieces of sidewalk are being laid. Well, it was high time! We hope the Marshal will not show any partiality. The poor places must be fixed up or renewed. This city has always had the name of having good sidewalks, and there is no reason why we should not keep them so.

THE stockholders of the Holland Manufacturing Company held a meeting on Tuesday evening, August 23d, at which meeting it was resolved "that the directors of the company are authorized to call for a second installment of five per cent on the subscribed capital stock." This company is gradually working into a business of which the prospects are flattering.

SATURDAY a bachelor and a widow who were friends arrived at Saratoga and sought for hotel accommodations, but found none. A single room was finally offered at one hotel, and the widow with the ready tact of her sex suggested to the bachelor that a wedding would make the accommodations acceptable to both. They proceeded to a clergyman's house and were married, but on their return the vacant room had already been engaged. They took a train for Niagara.

W. G. NUNNELLY brought us a specimen of flour on yesterday made from Egyptian corn, raised by him this season. He planted out four rows fifty yards long the 1st of April, from which he obtained about a bushel. On yesterday he carried a half bushel to Cotton's mills and had it ground and bolted. He obtained sixteen pounds of beautiful white flour, and has promised to report what kind of bread it makes. We feel confident that it will make excellent bread. Mr. Nunnelly says he can raise seventy-five bushels to the acre, and thinks it will pay better than corn or wheat, as stock all like it, and it stands drouth.—*Dardennely Arkansian*.

THE special election in the Township of Holland, on Saturday last, resulted in voting \$300 for the proposed new North Holland road. It was urged at the time that the amount would be insufficient, but this was met by the statement, that if such was the case, it could be remedied at the next spring election. Supervisor Diekema acted very fair, explaining the call in an unmistakable manner, and the unanimity with which the money was voted was really pleasant. The list of subscribers, in this city, for the bridge across Black River, was read to the meeting, and footed up \$400.00. The job to open this road will be let, on the ground, on Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, September 5th, 1881, by the township authorities, and all those who want to have a bid at it will do well to be on hand. We understand that the city committee, who have in hand the bridge building, will follow this up very close by letting the job of building said bridge, at an early day, but the day is not yet set apart; however, we hope to be able to announce the date in our next issue. It is very pleasing to us to note the alacrity with which this whole enterprise seems to have been pushed, and it looks as though our people had "turned over a new leaf."

MACATAWA Bay is the loveliest for boating, and excursions are still plenty.

Mr. O. Breyman and his sons went to the harbor, on Wednesday last, to camp out for a few days.

AYER'S Ague Cure is a purely vegetable bitter and a powerful tonic, free from quinine or any mineral substance, and always cures the severest cases.

Rev. H. Uiterwijk, of Grand Rapids, and Rev. E. C. Oggel, of Chicago, are in the city, and will occupy the pulpit of Hope Church to-morrow (Sunday) morning and evening.

A CANADIAN Government commission reports that civil service appointments in that country are "made by political influence without examination as to qualification." Examinations are recommended.

SEVERAL of the best rooms in the City Hotel have been refurnished at a great expense, and arrangements are being made to make the house more comfortable for the weary traveler during the cold and stormy season.

TEN of thousands of swallows have this summer taken to coming nightly to roost on a small island in Sandburgh creek, near Ellenville, N. Y. Their chatter from the rocks above is said to sound almost like the hum of bees.

BAEDER & JARROW's Dramatic Variety Company broke up here after having played to a slim house on Monday night. The performance was crude and deserved worse treatment than it received. Their financial embarrassment retained them here until Wednesday, when they scattered and left for parts unknown.

OUR readers will find the Ionia House, at No. 44 Ionia street, Grand Rapids, opposite the Union R. R. depot. You will find its proprietor, Mr. W. Fox, always on hand to attend to your wants. He is genial and trustworthy, and we safely recommend him to our friends. It is very convenient for travelers to have a safe place to step into, to ask for information, etc., etc. Give him a call.

## Real Estate Transfers in Ottawa County.

For the week ending Aug. 24, 1881.

This list includes only such as seem to be bona fide sales, quit claims, where the consideration is very small, not given.

Herman S. Nordholt and wife to John Oudman et al, S ½ lot 4, blk 2, Bronger's Add., Spring Lake, \$225.  
James Phillips, Jr. et al to James Waldie, E ½ N W ¼, N W ¼, Sec. 3-6-14, \$75.  
Austin F. Tiffany and wife to Thomas J. Culloghan, N W ¼ S ½ N E ¼, Sec. 17-8-14, \$1,000.  
Wielhelm Zoener and wife to Roel't Thielman, part of lot 1, blk 6, Akeley's Add., \$300.  
Cornelius L. Pierce and wife to John McFie, N 27 rods W fr. Sec. 2-9-16, \$50.  
John McFie and wife to Linnie S. Soule, N 27 rods W fr. Sec. 2-9-16, \$150.  
Ruth Brouwer et al to James A. Brouwer, part E ½ lot 1 blk 36, Holland, \$600.  
Emma A. Hopkins to Cyrus P. Brown, part lot 7, Sec. 15-8-16, \$75.  
Maria Kanters et al to Geert Riemersma, W ½ W ¼ E ½ S W ¼ and part W ¼ S W ¼, Sec. 14-5-15, \$1,350.  
The Council of Hope College to John Grootenhuis part N E ¼ Sec. 22-5-15 Holland city, \$97.  
Herman S. Burke and wife to Rickel DeKock, part lots 4 and 5 sec. 7-7-14, \$1,100.  
Adam Wagener to Edwin G. Wellman, S E ¼ N E ¼ Sec. 18-7-14, \$450.  
M. Howland to Sybrand Van der Meer, blk 24, 25, 26 and 27, Eastmanville, \$1,050.  
Gradus Kileman to John Grafiema, E ¼ W ¼ N E ¼, Sec. 27-9-13, \$2,500.  
Cornelia De Putter to C & W M R R Co., right of way 66 ft across 1 ½ S E ¼ and S ½ N E ¼, Sec. 18-5-14, \$200.  
Harm Kragt and wife to C & W M R R Co., right of way 66 ft across S ½ N E ¼ Sec. 22-5-15, \$250.  
Seymour G. Cook and wife to Richard Skuta, part N E ¼ Sec. 16-5-13, \$25.  
Louis Jacobusen and wife to Annens J. Hillebrands, S ½ lot 7 Add. 1, Holland City, \$300.  
Wm. B. Gilmore et al to Jan H. Boone, W ½ S W ¼, Sec. 25-8-13, \$900.  
Zoon Bontario per sheriff to Chaucy A. Lillibridge, part S W ¼, Sec. 25-8-13, \$700.12.

## GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

DR. VANDERVEEN has been confined to his bed for a week past with a severe attack of malarial fever.

THE examination of the Green and Aulguire murder case is progressing very slowly, and was adjourned on Wednesday until September 1st.

It is remarkable how many persons are being injured in the saw and shingle mills in this city during this season. Hardly a day passes but some unfortunate person is having one or more fingers amputated through the agency of these circular saws.

THERE have been more dwelling houses erected in this city during this summer than has been the case for several years, and still houses are in demand and rents high, so that many strangers have been obliged to go away again, being unable to obtain house-room.

Messrs. Van Dongen & Jonker have the job of building a new school house on Columbus street, in the First Ward. The building is to be one story high, 16 feet in the clear, veneered with brick and with a slate roof, and will not alone be very commodious, but according to the plans, will have a very tasty appearance.

THE new steam barge building at Robertson's yard is planked and ceiled, and it is proposed to have her running this fall. She is built after the model of the A. Soper, which was launched at the same yard last spring and proves to be one of the fastest barges in the trade, but will be about ten feet longer—to accommodate the stowage of lumber in her hold.

## GREAT SALE OF Black Silks & Black Cashmeres

At Prices that must insure the entire clearing out of the whole Line in a very short time.

We offer extra heavy Gros Grain Silk at \$1.00 that cannot be matched for less than \$1.25.

We will sell American Silk at \$.70, sold every where else at .85

We offer several pieces of extra fine Cashmere finish at \$1.10, cheap for \$1.35.

We offer one line at \$1.25, worth \$1.50.

We sell a Black Silk at \$1.60 that cannot be bought in this city for less than \$2.00.

### BLACK CASHMERES.

Fine all wool Cashmeres 50c, former price 65c.

Extra fine and heavy 60c, cheap for 75c.

46 inches wide 75c, worth \$1.00.

Extra heavy 46-inch 90c, former price \$1.25.

As these prices are special and will not last long, ladies would do well to give them an early examination and secure a bargain before they are all sold.

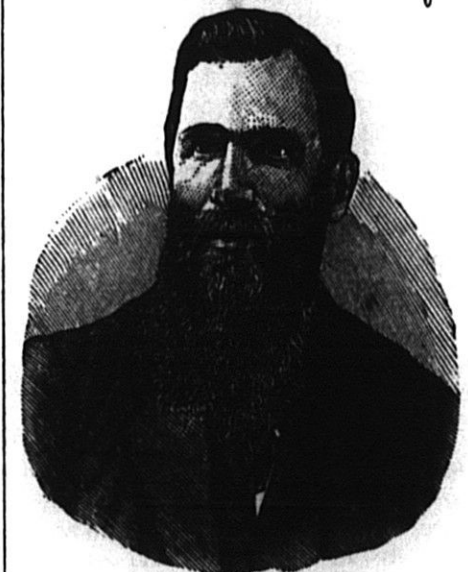
## F. W. WURZBURG.

COR. CANAL & BRONSON STS.

Grand Rapids, Mich.

Open every evening with 4 Electric Lights, making our store in the evening as light as day. Exclusive Agency of the celebrated perfect fitting Domestic Paper Fashions. Any person buying material amounting to \$5 or upward, will receive a pattern free of charge. 9-14

## Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer



Is the only sure cure for the destruction of the Pin Worm, and it also takes the Stomach and Tape Worm. No physic is necessary. Price, only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits.

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## Neuralgia Drops,

The only medicines used without turning the stomach wrong side out. I warrant the cure of

### NEURALGIA,

providing it is used according to direction.

Price 50c per bottle.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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## GROCERY

AND DRY GOODS MORE

C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries,—always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics.

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.

HOLLAND, Sept. 30th, 1880.

## Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—



Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of SPECTACLES

—and a— FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

I have, and intend to keep on hand a superior lot of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, such as Violins, Guitars, Bangos, Accordions, etc., etc.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1881. 48-17

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Our popular wagon manufacturer

## J. FLIEMAN,

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sells them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way

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Also keeps on hand a line of

## TMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

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Open and Top Buggies,

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON WORKS.

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A fine assortment of all kinds of

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SHAWLS, A large assortment of SILKS

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RIBBONS.

A full line of Hosiery, Skirts and a nice assortment of white shirts, etc.

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## BOOTS and SHOES

We have excellent TEA for 25 cents per pound and upward.

Eastern Salt at Bottom Prices.

A full line of CANNED GOODS, PICKLES and a complete line of

## GROCERIES

Always on hand at

F. & A. STEKETEE.

HOLLAND, May 18th, 1881.



## THE MONOLOGUE OF DEATH.

[These lines, spoken by the Spirit of Death, in the guise of a White Pilgrim, are altered from a tragedy called "The White Pilgrim," and printed for the first time in their present form.]

Miscall me not! Men have miscalled me much;  
Have given harsh names and harsher thoughts to me,  
Bevil'd and evilly entreated me,  
Built me strange temples to an unknown God;  
Then called me idol, devil, unclean thing,  
And to rude insult bow'd my godhead down.  
Miscall me not! for men have marred my form,  
And in the earth-born grossness of their thought  
Have coldly model'd me of their own clay.  
Then fear to look on that themselves have made.  
Miscall me not! I know not what I am,  
But ye shall see me face to face, and know.

I take all sorrows from the sorrowful,  
And teach the joyful what it is to joy;  
I gather in my arm-loved harp's clasp  
The shatter'd vessels of a vexed world;  
And even the latest ripple upon life  
Is to my sublime calm, as tropic storm.  
When other jesterish folk the breaking brain,  
I, only, own the anodyne to still  
Its eddies into visionless repose;  
The face, distorted with life's latest pang,  
I smooth, in passing, with an angel-wing;  
And from beneath the quiet eyelids steal  
A new and nobler beauty to the rest.  
Felle me not! the plague that walk the earth,  
The wasting pain, the sudden agony,  
Famine and war, and pestilence, and all  
The terrors that have darkened round my name—  
These are the plagues of life—they are not mine;  
Vex while I tarry, vanish when I come,  
Instantly melting into perfect peace,  
As at His word, whose Master-spirit I am,  
The troubled waters sleep on Galilee.

When I withdraw the veil that hides my face,  
So melt I with a look the iron bonds  
Of the soul's jailer, hard Mortality,  
Gently—so gently—like a tired child,  
Will I infold thee; but thou durst not look  
Upon my face, and stay. In the busy haunts  
Of human life—in the temple and the street,  
And when the blood runs fullest in the veins—  
Unseen, undream'd of, I am often by,  
Divided from the giant in his strength  
But by the thickness of this misty veil.

Tender I am, not cruel; when I take  
The shape most hard to human eyes, and pluck  
The little baby-blossom yet unblown,  
'Tis but to graft it on a kinder stem.  
And heaping o'er the perishing years of growth,  
Unawed of sorrow, and unseathed of wrong,  
Clothe it at once with full maturity.  
'Tis I that give a soul to Memory,  
For round the follies of the bad I throw  
The mantle of a kind forgetfulness;  
While, canonized in dear love's calendar,  
I sanctify the good for evermore.  
Miscall me not! my generous kindness lends  
Home to the homeless, to the friendless, friends;  
To the starved babe, the mother's tender breast;  
Wealth to the poor, and to the restless—Rest.  
—London Spectator.

## A BAD LOT.

On a June morning in the year 1875, Maj. Cyril Palmer and his friend, Amos Maxwell, sat in the bay window of the former's country house, discussing a certain weighty and private family affair.

The Major—or rather ex-Major, for he retired from the army after serving in the late war—was a man of 40, bronzed, wrinkled, a trifle gray, stern-featured and leaden-eyed. Though quite wealthy, he affected a disorderly poverty of dress, and indulged in those habits of cheap dissipation which mark the decadence of so many scions of old and influential country families.

Maxwell—a small attorney, of political aspirations—was a very different man in outward semblance to the ex-officer, though their characters were quite similar. In place of the Major's brown and tanned face, ornamented with a coarse nose, a thick bristly mustache and those side whiskers which define the lower line of the inferior maxillary bone, the lawyer presented a pale, sharp countenance, smoothly shaven, and almost devoid of character. The habits which had left the Major's cheeks and nose empurpled by tiny veins, which remained injected with blood, had increased the pallor of the attorney's face and made it more striking by sundry black specks and pimples, which were horribly suggestive of mortification. In place of the Major's bull neck and round chest, his friend exhibited a throat like that of a turtle, and a cavernous thoracic region. Their dress, too, was almost at opposite extremes. The officer sported his clothes, and the lawyer was merely covered by his. The former wore a dark-blue frogged frock coat, gray pantaloons, a small glazed cap with gilt buttons, and carried a heavy malacca cane; while the latter wore a conventional suit of rusty black, and a silk hat, half covered with bombazine in lieu of crape.

"If I had the whole property," remarked the Major, "I could live very comfortably. It is not enough for two, however; and the sooner I can get Liz married off the better."

"But she won't marry against the provisions of your excellent father's will," replied Maxwell. "You can't make her marry young Davis unless she wants to. If I understand it, she is to marry the one you approve of, or lose her half of the estate."

"Yes."

"Well, the chances are—you'll excuse me—the chances are that she will outlive you twenty years. If you die, the whole goes to her, don't it?"

"Yes."

"Then what are you going to do about it? I don't see how you can gain anything by her marrying."

"I can't, unless I make her marry somebody I disapprove of."

"She isn't a fool. She won't marry for love in a cottage, and lose her property by it."

Maj. Palmer was forced to confess that he didn't think it likely. No one who had ever seen the cold, still, dispassionate, totally selfish beauty of Elizabeth Palmer could have suspected her of any such weakness.

"I know," said the Major, "that she would give her right hand to marry Bill Davis, but—"

"But she wouldn't give \$30,000."

"No; she's fond of him—very fond of him—but she has sense with it; and, what is worse, thinks that she will have to wait a couple of years to see me turn my toes up; then she'll marry whom she likes, and have the whole pile to herself. Can't get ahead of these women. There isn't any such thing in the book."

"Not unless you come to life after she marries, and object to her choice."

"By Jove! Amos, I believe you hit it. Can't I fix that?"

"What do you mean?"

"Go off and leave a will; get some fellow to swear I'm dead; let her marry Davis, and then turn up unexpectedly and raise thunder with the whole thing!"

"Too risky. It might pay to let on that you are dying, and trust to luck for her to anticipate your death. You might lie unconscious—non compos mentis, or something of that sort—for a few weeks, and be unable to say anything about the marriage. Then, just before the ceremony, you can get well enough to express an opinion against it, and, by virtue of your guardianship, claim that she has forfeited all right to the estate. She needn't hear of it, though, till the knot is tied."

"Can that be put through legally?"

"Yes, by the aid of a little money!"

"It will be worth five thousand dollars to you if you can do it."

"I can try it, anyhow."

"Amos, you're a trump! You and I were always good friends, even when I used to lick you at school; and we ought to give each other a lift whenever we can—eh?"

"Yes; I will do all I can. It will be a slippery business, but I think I can do it."

"Good! Let us have a glass of brandy and water on it. My hand isn't very steady this morning, and I need a little something to regulate my nerves."

A few days after this, Cyril Palmer informed his sister that he felt "very queer," and was going to New York to consult a physician. He had been threatened with an attack of mania a potu, and she naturally supposed that, as he still drank excessively, this tendency was returning. It is humiliating to my humanitarian instincts to be obliged to confess that her only thought was of the probability of her speedy acquirement of her own liberty and her brother's share of the property.

A letter from the city—received a fortnight later, and signed by a somewhat-celebrated, though unscrupulous, medical practitioner—conveyed her news of the Major's severe and perhaps dangerous illness. She was warned that he might not live but a few days longer; and, although he could not see any one save his nurse and physician just then, she must hold herself ready to visit him at any time.

She immediately began making preparations for her marriage, as privately as possible, with young Davis, who had squandered his own wealth, and desired to squander that of the Palmers.

Before long, another missive from the doctor announced that the Major lay in a state of apathy, unable to recognize any person, and evidently beyond the reach of science. If his sister wished to see him alive, she had best come at once. She did so, for the sake of the world's opinion, and found him in bed, in a darkened chamber, apparently unconscious. In a period of previous lucidity he had arranged all his affairs, and left her sole heir to and mistress of the entire property.

Once assured of this fact, the young lady had no hesitation in prosecuting her plans. Amos Maxwell showed her the greatest friendliness, and finished by advising her to marry young Davis, if she wished, immediately.

"You will pardon me, Miss," he said, "if I speak plainly, but it is my habit. No one had a greater regard for your brother, the Major, than I. We were fast friends from boyhood, though our paths differed widely. But he is now gone, as far as practical results are concerned, and I do not see why his prejudices should be respected, when they are of such an unjust nature. I have often tried to reason him out of his dislike to Mr. Davis, but in vain. I drew up his testament, and can assure you that, at the moment of his death, you will be entirely free in this respect. Now, if you wait till then, it will seem in bad taste to marry before you have left off your mourning. My advice is for you to marry before you put it on."

This was apparently sound counsel, and Davis seconded it with all his might. Miss Palmer thought it over, coolly and collectedly, weighing all the chances, and finally decided that she had best follow the suggestions of her lawyer and her lover.

In a very short space of time all the arrangements for the wedding were completed. The Major, who was enjoying a loose sort of life in town, and really bringing himself nearer to his feigned condition than he would have liked to acknowledge, was kept well informed of all the movements of Davis and Miss Palmer by Amos Maxwell, who acted as legal adviser on both sides.

On the eve of the marriage, the lawyer suggested the possibility of a partial failure to the Major.

"When they find you've recovered, they will use every exertion to retain possession of their half of the estate," said he; "and, though the terms of the will are explicit in commanding Elizabeth to marry according to your wishes, yet it is very difficult to keep a legal heiress out of her property by any such provision in this country. If they choose to go to law and fight hard, you will be likely to lose the suit."

"The deuce I will!"

"Yes; and the court may suspect a conspiracy, too—in which case you will suffer. It would be safest for you to get all your property out of your hands before you attempt such a stroke."

"How shall I work it?"

"Oh, it is easy enough; make over all your real estate to some friend, for the time being; then, if you fail, you will at least have lost nothing."

The Major, too ignorant of law to know whether this was sound or not, but placing implicit confidence in Maxwell, made over every cent he possessed to that gentleman; and expressed himself, in the presence of several witnesses, as greatly opposed to the match his sister was about to make—asserting that he would either prevent it or keep her out of her share of the estate.

Just after the ceremony had been performed, Elizabeth Davis, nee Palmer, received a telegram from New York, as follows:

NEW YORK, Oct. 8, 1885.  
ELIZABETH PALMER: Don't marry Davis. I am recovering, and forbid the marriage.  
CYRIL PALMER.

The message fell like a thunderbolt upon the newly-married couple, who had fancied Cyril dying. Before they had recovered from their alarm and astonishment, or decided what to do, the Major returned—looking a little worn out, perhaps, but by no means so emaciated as they had reason to expect. His first communication with his sister was a declaration that he should never consent to the match, and, if possible, should not allow her a farthing.

Legal steps were immediately taken, and the ex-officer, having seen nothing of his crony, Maxwell, for some days, called upon him for advice as to the best mode of procedure.

"I am sorry, my dear Major," said the cadaverously respectable little lawyer, "but I really cannot act in your behalf any further."

"What?"

"I have discovered that our proceedings were illegal, and I cannot go on with them. Indeed, I have been retained by Mr. Davis to conduct his side of the case!"

The Major was the thunderstruck party now.

"Why, you infernal little rascal," said he, getting dangerously purple in the face, "what do you mean? Are you going to betray me?"

"Don't use hard words, sir. I know my business, I believe; and this is my office."

"I know it is; and I take this opportunity of kicking you out of your own premises!" replied the Major, with a terrific oath. The next moment Maxwell was sprawling on the walk, outside of his office door, and Palmer was standing over him brandishing his cane.

"Assault and battery! You shall sweat for this!" cried the lawyer.

"And you smart for it now, don't you?" said the Major, laughing grimly as he strode away.

He did not laugh long, however. On sending to get the titles, etc., to the property which had been made over to the attorney, the latter returned word that he knew nothing about Maj. Palmer's affairs, and cared less than he knew. The property had been assigned in due form, with all the necessary precautions, and Amos Maxwell could keep it as well as not, if he chose. The fact dawned upon the Major's mind, gradually, that he had been a dupe and was now a beggar. In trying to overreach his sister he had been overreached himself, just as she had nearly fallen victim to her own covetous desire for his share of the parental legacy.

Having still the reputation of being wealthy, Maj. Palmer found little difficulty in procuring another lawyer, and determined to leave no stone unturned to be avenged upon Amos. He first engaged in a suit with his sister for the enforcement of the terms of the will, and for a long time the war was waged with great skill on both sides. The indomitable unscrupulousness of Maxwell, who was retained by the defendants, triumphed finally, and the Major found himself without a home, without means and heavily in debt.

There was nothing to be done except to wreak military vengeance upon all parties, so the ex-officer sat down and wrote to Amos, accusing him of having misrepresented, turned traitor, swindled and committed various other ungentlemanly actions, for all which he must have "satisfaction."

The only answer to this was a warrant for the Major's arrest. Sending a challenge is an infraction of the law.

As soon as this new misfortune was settled, the victimized Major, still smarting for revenge, challenged Davis, who readily accepted. Singularly enough, although Maxwell lived in the same house with Davis—the former country-seat of the Major, in fact—and enjoyed the greatest intimacy with his quondam clients, he took no steps whatever to have the challenger arrested again. On the contrary, he counseled Davis to fight, and "settle the business once for all."

The cold, gray daylight of a November morning broke upon a barbarous scene, enacted by Cyril Palmer, William Davis and two or three of their acquaintances. As the sun rose, dull and ghastly the simultaneous report of two pistols rang upon the misty air, and Davis fell, dying, with a terrible wound in his left side.

His antagonist, who had raised a little money in expectation of the emergency, immediately fled to the West, where he remained in the obscurity of an incognito for a year, supporting himself by giving lessons in boxing, fencing, riding, etc., in a small town. The life he was leading there, however, grew insupportable, and hoping to effect a reconciliation with his sister he wrote to a friend in New York if it would be safe to return. The reply he received gave him hope and confidence. Pains had been taken to hush the duel up, and a rumor, ingeniously circulated, had given the public to understand that Davis had accidentally shot himself while out gunning.

One week from the date of the letter that bore this welcome intelligence the Major entered a restaurant in New York, where he had just arrived, and, taking a seat in one of the boxes, ordered breakfast. He was worn by travel and changed by his year's experiences. His hair had fallen away from the top of his head, and was thickly sprinkled with white, as were also his whiskers and mustache. A deep cicatrice across his left cheek and nose—the effect of a wound accidentally given by one of his fencing pupils with a broken foil—made his expression more sinister than ever, and his attire, though still preserving something

of the military style, was shockingly seedy, looking as though he was in the habit of sleeping in his clothes.

The waiter who took the order brought him the morning paper and a brandy cocktail, as he directed, to "steady his nerves," drew down the box curtain, and went to order the eggs and coffee on which the Major always breakfasted.

It was still early, and the only persons in the saloon were the barkeeper and this one waiter. While the latter was gone, the barkeeper heard a groan—a convulsive movement—a struggle in the box where the Major sat—and ran to see what was the matter.

It was not much—the Major was only dying of apoplexy!

He had come to New York with a strong belief that he could work upon his sister's feelings of sympathy and pity sufficiently to persuade her into allowing him to live with her free of expense. He promised himself that he would behave kindly toward her, and pass the rest of his days in quiet idleness, without harming anybody, or being harmed. After the existence he had led, this prospect seemed delightful to him, and it is not strange that his disordered and ruined system should have given way under the shock which the following newspaper announcement gave him, as he ran his eye down the marriage notices:

"Maxwell—Davis—On the 10th, at Palmer's Landing, by the Rev. John Biblebanger, Amos Maxwell, Esq., to Mrs. Elizabeth Palmer Davis, relict of the late Wm. Davis, all of Palmer's Landing."

So, while the one rascal was entering upon the enjoyment of the entire Palmer estate of over \$60,000, the other rascal was dying alone and unfriended. The assumed name he had borne served to prevent any one from identifying him, and his very grave is forgotten among the thousands in Potter's Field.

Cotton Mather and the Quakers of 1682.

Times change, and men change with them. So do their views of what is right and just. To-day the Friends are held in fellowship by the Christian people, and their preachers are welcomed to the pulpits of other denominations. Two hundred years ago, the great New England divine, Cotton Mather, could write concerning them the following letter, and think he was doing God service. The letter is said to have been discovered among some old papers in the Massachusetts Historical Society, and bears date, "September ye 15, 1682," and is addressed to "Ye aged and beloved John Higginson."

"There be now at sea a shippe (for one Friend, Elias Holdercroft, of London, did advise me by the last packet, and it would sail sometime in August, called ye Welcome.) R. Green was master, which has aboard a hundred or more of ye heretics and malignants, called Quakers, with W. Penn, who is ye scamp at ye head of them. Ye General Court has accordingly given secret orders to Master Malachi Huxlett, of ye brig Porpoise, to way lay ye said Welcome as near ye coast of Codd as may be, and make captives of ye said Penn and his ungodlike crew, so that ye Lord may be glorified and not mocked on ye soil of this new country with ye heathen worship of these people. Much spoil can be made by selling ye whole lot to Barbadoes, where slaves fetch good prices in rumme and sugar, and we shall not only do ye Lord great service by punishing ye wicked, but shall make gayne for his ministers and people.

"Yours, in ye bowels of Christ,

"COTTON MATHER."

The Lord was so unmindful of the good of his chosen people that he allowed William Penn to escape good Master Huxlett, and "His ministers and people" were left to mourn the loss of their "rumme and sugar."

The Horse and the Man.

The man has cut away the frog because he thinks the horse will be injured if the frog touches the ground. He has then cut a deep groove at the base of the frog. This is to give a well-opened heel, as he is pleased to call it. He has scooped away the sole to "give it spring." He has scored a deep notch in the toe for the shoe. This is evidently a conservative relic of the time when nails were not used, and the shoe attached by three pointed clips hammered over the edge, one in front and one on either side. Then he has improved the whole of the outer surface of the hoof. As the Creator has furnished this part of the hoof with a thin, hard, polished plate, forming a sort of varnish which is impervious to wet, the farrier, as a matter of course, rasps it all away up to the crown. And as the Creator has placed around the crown a fringe of hair, which acts as a thatch to the line of junction and throws off the rain upon the water-proof varnish, he cuts this away with his scissors. Lastly, the Creator having given to the horny hoof a mottling of soft and partially translucent brown, gray-blue, yellow, black and white, never exactly the same in two hoofs, much less in two horses, the farrier takes a blacking pot and brush, polishes up the hoofs until they look like patent-leather boots, all four exactly alike, and then contemplates his work with satisfaction. In his own words, he has "turned out a finished job of it."

An Autocrat.

The King of Abyssinia cuts off the noses of those who take snuff, and the lips of those who smoke. The King is hated more than Theodore was. Cruel to a degree, he does not, however, take life. He cuts off the feet and hands of people who offend him. He puts out their eyes and pours hot tallow into their ears. You can buy nothing without the King's order, and no one will shelter you without his order—in fact, no more complete despotism could exist. It cannot last, for the King will go on from one madness to another.—Col. Gordon in Central Africa.

## PERRY DAVIS' Pain-Killer

A SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR  
Rheumatism,  
Neuralgia,  
Cramps,  
Cholera,  
Diarrhoea,  
Dysentery.  
Sprains  
AND  
Bruises,  
Burns  
AND  
Scalds,  
Toothache  
AND  
Headache.

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Malaria is an Unseen, Vaporous Poison.

Spreading disease and death in many localities, for which quinine is no genuine antidote, but for the effects of which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is not only a thorough remedy, but a reliable preventive. To this fact there is an overwhelming array of testimony, extending over a period of thirty years. All disorders of the liver, stomach and bowels are also conquered by the Bitters.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

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If you want a Vibrator, buy our Black Hawk. Why? Because it is the latest improved machine in the market, having all of the merits and none of the defects of Vibrators, Agitators, Oscillators, etc., now in use. Lighter draft and more durable, its motion is reciprocal, consequently will not shake to pieces. Thoroughly tested. Beats them all in flax and other kinds of grain. It is simply itself. Turns in its own length.

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(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS  
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE,  
DANDELION,  
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, and especially Female Complaints.

\$1000 IN COLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for any temporary or injurious result found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

D. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

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Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

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Mammy's Story, a true history of the life of a colored woman, from childhood to old age, bound, for only 50 cts. Free.  
MANHATTAN BOOK CO., 16 W. 14th St., N. Y. P. O. Box 4688.







The September number of Lippincott's Magazine is designed for hot weather reading, the contents being wholly of a light and lively character, and sketches of seaside and country life predominating. Miss Kingsley concludes her description of the Cumberland Border with a pleasant account of a visit to Naworth Castle, the seat of the Howards. Sylt, a quaint and primitive watering-place of North Germany, is described in one article, and Old Nantucket in another, while a third, entitled "An Afternoon in West Jaalam," gives a striking and faithful picture of rural New England. Maurice Thompson, writes attractively of the "Haunts of the Grayling," and Edward C. Bruce discusses "A Dish of Vegetables." "Animal Secretiveness" is the subject of a delightful chapter of Dr. Oswald's "Zoological Curiosities." A new serial, "The Valcours," by Sherwood Bonner, is begun in this number, and promises to be strong in interest as well as sparkling in style. There are several short stories—"Frant," "A Pretty Kettle of Fish," by Mrs. Champney, and "The Dress-Maker at Green Harbor," with the usual variety of short papers and poems.

#### A Cure for Small-Pox.

A Paris physician says: "I herewith append a recipe which has been used to my knowledge in hundreds of cases. It will prevent or cure the small-pox though the pittings are filling. When Jenner discovered cow-pox in England, the world of science hurled an avalanche of fame upon his head, but when the most scientific school of medicine in the world—that of Paris—published this recipe as a panacea for small-pox, it passed unheeded. It is as unfailing as fate, and conquers in every instance. It is harmless when taken by a well person. It will also cure scarlet fever. Here is the recipe as I have used it, and cured my children of scarlet fever; here it is as I have used it to cure the small-pox; when learned physicians said the patient must die, it cured. Sulphate of Zinc, one grain; foxglove (digitalis), one grain; half a teaspoonful of sugar; mix with two tablespoonfuls of water. When thoroughly mixed, add four ounces of water. Take a spoonful every hour. Either disease will disappear in twelve hours. For a child, smaller doses, according to age. If counties would compel their physicians to use this there would be no need of pest-houses. If you value advice and experience, use this for that terrible disease."

#### The McCormick Reaper.

We learn by special cable message that the greatest reaper trial of the season, at which over thirty leading machines competed, among them McCormick, Samuelson, Johnson, Walter A. Wood, etc., has resulted in a complete victory for the former.

The message announces that the first prize, the society's gold medal, was awarded to C. H. McCormick, of Chicago, for the best sheaf-binding harvester. To Samuelson and Johnson were silver medals awarded. This contest has been looked forward to with unusual interest by reaper manufacturers on both sides of the Atlantic, and the great number of entries in such a contest shows what great value was placed in the society's award.

The McCormick competing machine was shipped over to England on the steamer Britannic, which our readers will remember sunk off the Irish coast. On learning of this disaster McCormick prepared another machine, but could not get it to its destination in time, and so the first machine was hurriedly recovered from the wrecked Britannic, after having been under water for a week or more, and notwithstanding its wretched condition with rust from the action of the sea, it was oiled up and put into the contest. It was with his machine in this condition that McCormick outdistanced the opposition and walked away with the gold medal.—*Chi. Times.*

The Gettysburg Battlefield association has now obtained possession of the grove where Gen. Reynolds fell, Little Round Top, the north slope of Round Top, the park opposite the National cemetery, McKnight's and Culp's hills, making in all about 120 acres, and comprising the points of greatest interest on the scene of the great battle. It has been decided by the association to open an avenue near what was the line of Hays' division or the Second corps, past the spot where Longstreet's famous assault was repulsed; thence following the rear of the line of Gibbons' division and Stannard's Vermont brigade, passing the spot where Hancock was wounded on the third day. A graded path has just been finished to the summit of Round Top proper, where the association has built an observatory from which a commanding view of the whole field and a great sweep of country may be obtained.

The cotton-mill campaign goes on vigorously in North Carolina. Capitalists are forming new companies daily for the construction of mills, and the fever increases.

## TAKE THE



### THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE.

No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.

The Shortest, Speediest and Most Comfortable Route via Hannibal to Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.

The unequalled inducements offered by this Line to Travelers and Tourists, are as follows: The celebrated Pullman (16-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars, run only on this Line, C. B. & Q. Palace Drawing-Room Cars, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for Seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C. B. & Q. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars fitted with Elegant High-Backed Rattan Revolving Chairs for the exclusive use of first-class passengers.

Steel Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite Route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.

Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury instead of a discomfort. Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the United States and Canada.

All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables, &c., will be cheerfully given, and will send Free to any address an elegant County Map of United States, in colors, by applying to,

PERCEVAL LOWELL,  
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.  
T. J. POTTER,  
General Manager, Chicago.



Now on sale during the season, first-class EXCURSION TICKETS, from Chicago and local points, to DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS, ANCHORAGE, and RETURN, by six (6) DIFFERENT ROUTES, at wonderfully low rates. These tickets will be good going west within fifteen (15) days from date of sale, and to return until October 31st following.

Pullman Palace Cars are run by this Company from CHICAGO to COUNCIL BLUFFS, TOPEKA and KANSAS CITY, forming a line with but one change of cars to DENVER and FUELLO. Dining Cars are attached to all through trains, in which meals can be obtained at the reasonable price of seventy-five cents.

For rates, further information, and elegant Map of United States free, address,

GEN. PASS. AGT., C. B. & Q. R. R., CHICAGO, ILL.

15-13w

## FIRST WARD Grocery House

JAMES RYDER, Prop'r.

Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

Having purchased the interest formerly owned by Mr. M. Stryer, and having leased my Hotel, I will devote my entire attention to the Grocery Business, and therefore respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Holland to my new business. The store is on the

I will endeavor to keep on hand a complete supply, and fill all orders promptly to the best of my ability.

Give us a trial before you judge us.

JAS. RYDER.

HOLLAND, April 13, 1881. 10-1f

### GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK The Great K-TRADE MARK.

English Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, spermatorrhea, impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse, or Loss of Memory, After Taking.

Before Taking, Universal Laceration. Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 106 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

For Sale in Holland by Heber Walsh. 38-1y

\$350 A MONTHLY AGENTS WANTED!

75 Best Selling Articles in the World, a complete list free. Ad. JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

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# CLOSING OUT SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Some of those goods will be sold at Cost, such as

## Ladies' & Gents' Buckled & Buttoned Shoes

## Boys' and Young Men's SPRING SUITS of CLOTHING

Will also be closed out to make room for a large new stock, very cheap.

## NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS.

Also, Straw Hats of every description will be closed out at cost.

A few thousand feet of lumber, such as fencing, etc., can also be had; also Lath, Shingles, Lime, etc., at reasonable prices.

ALL KINDS OF FRUIT BASKETS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

—AT—

## E. J. HARRINGTON, HOLLAND, MICH.

## Don't you Forget it

THAT IN

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

J. R. K. is just the man for you.

TINWARE,

J. R. K. Pans out big for you.

SASH AND DOORS,

J. R. K. wants every one of you.

Paints and Oils,

J. R. K. wants a brush with you.

PUMPS AND FITTINGS,

J. R. K. has struck hard for you.

STOVES,

J. R. K. is watching for you.

Close Cash Buyers,

J. R. K. is the man for you.

We want to remind you of it to day, do not wait, prices are as low as the lowest and can not be appreciated till you see the goods.

J. R. KLEYN,

NO. 56 EIGHTH STREET,

Holland, Michigan.

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## JOSLIN & BEST,



Clocks, Watches, Solid Gold and Plated Jewelry.

All Kinds of Spectacles.

Repairing neatly and promptly done, and warranted.

We invite all our old Colony friends, who happen to visit Grand Rapids, and all our old and new friends in and around the city of Grand Rapids, to call at our new place of business, and examine our stock. We shall be happy to see them at any time.

No. 132 MONROE ST.

Near the Cor. of South Division St.,

Grand Rapids, Mich.

GRAND RAPIDS, Dec. 1, 1880. 43-1y

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## A Large and Fine NEW STOCK

—OF—

## BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—

## E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

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## CALL AND SEE US.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880.

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