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### Holland City News, Volume 25, Number 30: August 15, 1896

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XXV.

HOLLAND, MICH. SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1896.

NO. 30

## Free Silver and Free Flour.

FREE SILVER means that the owners of the raw material (silver bullion) may have it coined into silver dollars at a certain ratio and this privilege is now denied them.

FREE FLOUR therefore must mean that owners of the raw material (wheat) may have it coined into "Sunlight" and "Daisy" Flour at a certain ratio, and this privilege we cheerfully extend to all at our mill. Call on us and make use of the advantages we offer you.

Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

May's Bazaar Next door to Kiekintveld's Bookstore.

Bargains in  
Everything in  
Bazaar Goods.

May's Bazaar Next door to  
Kiekintveld's Bookstore.

Be sure  
don't fail  
come soon  
and look over  
BOSMAN  
BROS.

LINE OF CLOTHING, BICYCLE SUITS, GOLF  
HOSE AND CAPS.

'Garry-all'

will call at any  
RESIDENCE OR HOTEL  
for passengers to or from Boats  
or Trains.

L. A. Stratton,

Livery, Sale, Boarding and Feed  
Stables.

Northwest Corner Market and 7th Sts.

Bell Phone 41.

Chase Phone 79

### Teachers' Examination.

The regular examination for the teachers in the public schools of Ottawa county, and for applicants wishing to enter the Agricultural College will be held at Grand Haven, in the Court House, on Thursday and Friday, August 20 and 21, 1896, beginning at 8 o'clock.

CORA M. GOODENOW,  
Comm'r of Schools

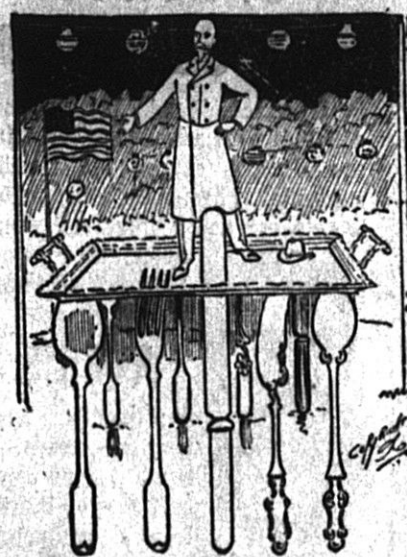
### Free Silver!

If you have any old silver laying around that you wish to dispose of, take it to C. A. Stevenson, the jeweler and he will pay you a big price for it.

CASTORIA.

The family signature of *Charles H. Peterson* is on every wrapper.

News \$1.00 per year.



### On a Silver Platform.

The present agitation of the silver question, will inevitably cause a rise in the price of that beautiful metal, therefore now is the time to buy silverware, and if you want fine goods, at cut rates, and a large assortment to select from go to

STEVENSON'S Jewelry Store  
8TH ST., HOLLAND.

DOMESTIC BAKERY.—If you are in Grand Haven and desire a lunch, step in at J. Verkuy's Domestic Bakery, next door to Van Look. Good place.

CASTORIA.

The family signature of *Charles H. Peterson* is on every wrapper.

A macintosh, between the north side tannery and Tenth street. Finder will be liberally rewarded by Mrs. C. P. McKay, west Tenth street, Holland.

TRY  
Dr. A. C. V. R. Gilmore,  
Dentist  
\*\*\*\*\* VAUPELL BLOCK.



### See To It

That your eyes are properly cared for. The possible consequences of neglect are too serious to be overlooked. If spectacles will improve or aid your sight, you need them, and if you need them you ought to know it. For this purpose have your eyes examined. We will examine your eyes FREE, and correct any defect of vision by properly fitting the eyes with glasses, at the lowest price.

W. R. STEVENSON,  
Optician.

Office at Stevenson's Jewelry Store.

### Holland City News.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

MULDER BROS., Publishers.

Rates of advertising made known on application.  
HOLLAND CITY NEWS Printing House, Booth & Kramer Bldg., Eighth St., Holland, Mich.

### CITY AND VICINITY.

At Benton Harbor four bathers were drowned Sunday.

The Fourth Ward school building is under roof and workmen are now engaged on the cupola.

Nearly all of our local attorneys took the early train for Grand Haven Monday, to be in attendance at the opening of the Circuit Court.

The C. & W. M. is shipping more fruit out of Oceana county now than ever has been shipped out of that region before at this time of the year.

The pulpit of the third Ref. church Sunday was occupied by Rev. Mr. Biswell of Batavia, Ill. During his visit here he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Haddock.

Rev. J. Kruidenier, the Egyptian missionary, preached in the La Graye street church at Grand Rapids Sunday, and the week before he occupied the pulpit of the U. P. church at Wayland, Allegan county.

Rev. W. A. Hunsbarger, the Milwaukee parson, who during his residence in that city has married more than 3,000 couples, was at one time pastor of the M. E. church at Allegan. He is dangerously ill.

The contract for the new brick store for Tonnelier Brothers on Eighth street has been let to L. L. Merrill of Benton Harbor. The building is to be finished this fall. It will be a two-story brick, with galvanized cornices.

The "National" or sound-money Democrats have called a national convention for the nomination of a straight Democratic ticket to meet in Indianapolis, September 2. The call has awakened an enthusiasm and manifestation of interest and support beyond the hopes of its projectors.

The city has secured an option on two and a half acres of land owned by Mrs. J. Kerkhof, near Twentieth street. The option runs two years and covers the ground on which the new pumping tanks are located. The rental during the two years is one hundred dollars, and should the city conclude to purchase the price will be four hundred dollars, deducting the rent paid.

A London paper gives the following in reference to the ancestry of Hon. Thos. F. Bayard, the American minister to the British court: "The American branch of the Bayards sprang from ancestors who had removed from France into Spanish Netherlands. Samuel Bayard married in Holland with Anna Stuyvesant. His widow emigrated with her brother, Petrus Stuyvesant, to New Amsterdam (now New York) in 1647. Petrus was the last Dutch governor of that province. Mme. Anna Bayard took with her three sons—Nicholas, Petrus and Balthazar Bayard, and the present distinguished head of the family is descended from the second son, Petrus."

About \$75,000 is invested in private yachts on Macatawa bay.

The Fennville Herald has entered upon its fifth volume. It is prospering, as it fully deserves.

J. W. Garvelink of Fillmore was a delegate to the congressional convention held at Three Rivers this week.

Rev. J. F. Zwemer, western endowment agent, was in the city to-day, and will devote a week to this immediate vicinity.

The other Sunday the Steamer City of Holland, while laying over in Chicago, was chartered for a Norwegian S. S. excursion to Waukegan.

Capt. C. Gardener, with a part of the 19th U. S. Infy., has been transferred from Fort Wayne, Detroit, to Fort Brady, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

The drainage canal at Chicago will cost upward of \$20,000,000 by the time it is completed. It is one of the greatest enterprises of modern times.

A beautiful mirage was seen on the western horizon Tuesday evening, reflecting the harbor and the resorts. It lasted nearly ten minutes and was witnessed by many.

The names most prominently mentioned as candidates for Governor on the Popocratic ticket are W. R. Burt of Saginaw, Thomas E. Barkworth of Jackson, Charles R. Sligh of Grand Rapids and Justin R. Whiting of St. Clair county.

Notwithstanding the copious rain showers the weather has continued excessively hot, the mercury registering from 92 to 98 or more in the shade several days. To add to the discomfort of the unusual heat, mosquitos have also appeared in swarms, the first in many years.

Report has it that two steel steamers will be built with stateroom accommodations for 500 people each, to run between Chicago and Milwaukee in connection with the Huron line. They will be 260 feet long each, and built at West Superior this winter.

Four young men, their ages varying from 16 to 22 years, will have to answer on Saturday to the charge of unlawfully laying their hands upon a sixteen-year-old girl, before Justice Van Schelven. All the parties to the case reside about a mile east of the city.

A very successful photographic view was taken by Mr. J. Calhoun, of the Holland Society of Chicago, on their visit here last week. The members of the society, with the friends whose guests they were, are seated around the tables spread on the lawn of ex-mayor Diekema, enjoying their luncheon.

F. D. Haddock went to Battle Creek on Wednesday to attend the wedding of Dr. C. E. Reed and Miss Ethel Robinson. Messrs. Haddock and Reed were room-mates in Olivet College for some time. The newly married couple will take up the work of medical missionaries in Canton, China, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Board.

The board of directors of the Ottawa County Building and Loan Association have organized for the fiscal year by the election of the following officers: President, B. L. Scott; vice-president, G. J. Van Duren; secretary, C. A. Stevenson; treasurer, C. Ver Schure; attorney, C. A. Stevenson; counsel, G. J. Diekema.

One of the latest swindles is accomplished by means of a double fountain pen, one end filled with good ink, the other with ink that fades in a day or two. The sharper's plan is to call on farmers or others, make a bargain so advantageous to them they are willing to agree to it, write the contract or agreement with the ink that fades, but manage it so that the victim signs it with the ink that is good. Then in a few days they have the name on a sheet of blank paper on which any sort of a promissory note can be written.

Another of the pioneers of 1847 has been called to his eternal rest, Berend L. Van Lente, who died at his home on North River street Friday evening, aged 73 years, leaving a widow and eight children, four sons and four daughters, all of whom were present except one, Mrs. C. Nienhuis, who resides west. The deceased came here with his father's family direct from Zwolle, Netherlands. After residing for a few years south of the city, on the old Van Dam place, he pre-empted eighty acres of land on the Grand Haven road, where he continued to live until three years ago, when he moved into the city. He was buried on Monday afternoon from the Third Reformed church Rev. G. H. Dubbink, officiating.

Complaint is made of several store awnings which are so low as to interfere with pedestrians.

Peter Noorman, formerly a tailor in the employ of J. W. Bosman, died at Grand Rapids Tuesday of last week.

Miss Minnie Olive, of this city, has drawn the \$7.00 silk waist at C. L. Streng & Son's. The lucky number was 276.

The Chicago dailies were delayed several hours to-day by reason of a serious accident on the Lake Shore railroad.

The annual reunion of the Allegan County Soldiers' Association will be held on the fair grounds at Allegan, on Aug. 18, 19 and 20.

George Steketee, at Shelby, met with an accident the other day; a loaded wagon passed over one of his legs, fracturing it in two places.

This (Friday) evening the Ladies' Guild of Grace Episc. church will give a lawn social at the home of the Misses Lillie and Minnie Mohr, East Eighth Street.

List of letters advertised for the week ending Aug. 14th, 1896., at the Holland, Mich. postoffice: Graipe F. J. Bradshaw, Miss Kate Den Herder, R. M. Dodson, Mrs. Gardener, W. H. Murphy, M. C. Murray, Leonard William. COR. DEKEVER, P. M.

Prof. Snyder will give an entertainment with his celebrated troupe of trained dogs on Saturday evening, for the benefit of the Independent Martial Band of this city. Admission only ten cents. A fair attendance will help the boys in their efforts to secure uniforms.

The next moonlight excursion on the steamer Music will be given on Monday, Aug. 19. The boat will leave Holland at 7.30 p. m. and give the party an hour's ride on Lake Michigan. Returning will leave Macatawa Park at 10 p. m. This excursion will be in charge of the Epworth League. Tickets, 25 cents. All are invited to go.

Chas. L. M. Calkins of Kalamazoo, who delivered an address at the First Reformed church in April last, will again visit Holland and speak at the M. E. church on Friday evening, Aug. 21. A reception will be tendered to Mr. Calkins at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Post, after the meeting. Mrs. Calkins made many friends here last spring. The public are cordially invited to attend the lecture and reception.

Died in this city at the home of one of her children, on Saturday morning, Mrs. F. Kamferbeek, aged 69 years. She leaves three sons and one daughter, all residing here. The deceased was a daughter of the late B. H. Ploeg, well known in early church circles. She came here in 1855 and was the last surviving member of a family group of six. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon from the First Ref. church, Rev. J. Van Houte officiating.

In the obituary which appeared in the *Christian Intelligencer*, of the late N. F. Graves of Syracuse, N. Y., whose death was mentioned in the News of the 1st inst., the following mention is made of his benefactions to Hope College: "In recent years he became deeply interested in the work and future of Hope College. He investigated that subject, as he did all subjects, and came to a conclusion which, in its practical, as well as its verbal expression must be a great encouragement to those laboring there. His donation of \$10,000 to build part of the new stone building which now adorns the campus at Holland is but a fraction in value to the magnificent library which he gives into the custody of those walls and to the appreciative use of the students of Hope." From a clipping of a Syracuse paper we learn further that Mr. Graves, in his will, leaves the greater part of his estate, estimated at \$400,000, to charities. Among others he provides for the founding in his own city of "A Home for the Aged," the establishment of which he had advocated during his lifetime. His splendid miscellaneous library is bequeathed to Hope College, and in addition to this the institution is further mentioned for a bequest of \$10,000, but it is thought that this refers to the gift already made. The library will be "a most valuable addition. It consists of 10,000 volumes, some of which are very valuable. One work alone, "Andobon, on Birds," is placed at \$1,500. The cataloguing of the present library of Hope College was nearly completed, ready for publication, but in anticipation of the early arrival of the Graves addition, the librarian, Prof. C. Doesburg, informs us that for the present all work in that connection will be suspended.



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Largest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

At Bangor, oil has been found at a depth of 1,035 feet.

Next Monday is local option election in Allegan county.

Rev. H. G. Birchby will lead the Y. M. C. A. gospel meeting Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Harry Kremers, of Clyde Minn., will preach in the Third Ref. church Sunday.

P. Gunst will attend the re-union of his regiment, the 2nd Mich. Inf., at Detroit, on Tuesday.

To-day, August 14, is the 84th anniversary of the enlistment of the boys of Co. I, 25th Mich. Infy.

Rev. D. J. De Bey of Gibberville, Wis., has been called by the Second Ref. Church, Grand Rapids.

Already John Vandersluis announces the arrival of new fall dress goods. John evidently calculates to be in time.

During the week Mrs. Carl Van Raalte was the recipient of \$2,000 insurance, from the A. O. U. W., of which order her late husband was a member.

Married in this city, on Tuesday evening, at the home of the bride's parents, Henry Ten Brink and Miss Jessena Stegerda. Rev. K. Van Goor officiated.

There being not a single paper published in the Holland language in this country that can be induced to support the "new gospel" of the new Democracy—Altgeld, Free Silver, et al—it is rumored that at an early date a campaign sheet will appear to supply the place of an organ. It will be printed at the Times office, under the auspices of a campaign committee.

In the circuit court the following cases were disposed of before taking up the Lawrence murder affair: Henry Alderink plead guilty to the charge of robbery, taking checks out of another man's letters. The trials of Wm. Val-kema and Daniel McDuffee, bastardy, went over the term. Stephen Arlieth et al, and P. H. Wilms, assault and battery, on appeal from justice's court, paid the amounts of fine and costs imposed by the lower court.

The third annual convention of the Fourth District of C. E. of Michigan will be held at Grand Haven next Thursday and Friday, August 20 and 21. Prominent speakers from the State and Illinois will be present. Rev. W. H. Williamson of Grand Rapids, Rev. P. V. Jennings of Bay City and C. D. Harrington of Grand Rapids are to address the meeting. Miss Patterson of Chicago will make two stirring missionary addresses. Delegates from the counties of Ottawa, Kent and Montcalm will be in attendance. Miss Hattie Lewis of Grand Haven is chairman of the entertainment committee.

"Keep them well mowed down before they go to seed; grub up the roots; sprinkle salt over the plants and pasture sheep on them; apply kerosene or carbolic acid to the roots; plow three times in August." Any of the above methods is said to be effective in getting rid of Canada thistles. But a better remedy, more efficient and quick acting, is suggested by the South Haven Sentinel: "Establish a market for them in Chicago. By the end of the second season they would all be knocked out by early frosts, smothered to death by drouths, eaten up by thousands of bugs, beetles, worms and fungi that now can't be hired to go near them. Besides they would be girdled by commissioners for indicating a touch of the yellows, and done up in good shape by slugs, cut worms, blight, curl leaf and other nuisances that follow in the wake of whatever the farmer or fruit grower raises to sell. Include Canada thistle in your Chicago produce shipments and in a little while there won't be a thistle in sight."



Holland City News.  
SATURDAY, August 15, 1896.  
Holland, - - Mich

"The 53-cent Dollar."

Advocates of free coinage of silver are constantly ridiculing the idea of a fifty-three cent dollar. No such dollar would be heard of under free coinage, they declare. Silver would be full legal tender dollars, as they are now.

Technically they are right, but let us examine the matter a little and see what is meant by this term of "53 cent dollars." The 371 1/2 grains of silver now contained in a silver dollar are worth, according to the market quotation, about 53 cents. The number of these dollars that can be coined is restricted by law, so the government, in pursuance of its policy of maintaining the parity of gold and silver at 16 to 1, can keep them up to full gold value at 100 cents. Throw open the mints to the FREE and UNLIMITED vote, permitting the mine owners of the world to get a silver dollar for every 37 1/2 grains of silver, and the government would be utterly unable to keep the dollars thus coined at a parity. They would have to circulate at their bullion value, which is 53 cents, as the dollars of Mexico now do. Still they would be stamped as full legal tender dollars.

As a result of this remarkable increase in the volume of currency, prices would be stimulated, the silver advocates declare, and it is reasonable to assume that this would be true. The avowed purpose of the free silver movement is to advance prices. Farmers, for example, are assured that their wheat and corn will bring twice as much as they do now—not that the value of the products is enhanced intrinsically, or that it undergoes any change in the markets of the world, but that the wheat and corn would bring more dollars of the kind circulating under free coinage of silver, which, as we have shown, would be worth their bullion value, 53 cents. The farmers' products would be worth no more in gold than before.

It is here that the term "53-cent dollars" applies. The person who is receiving a fixed sum from investments, salary, wages or pension will be paid with these dollars, and, prices having been advanced to conform to the depreciation of the currency, he can then buy no more with a new free silver dollar than he formerly could with 53 cents; or, to put it in another way, he must pay nearly twice as much with these free silver coins for a certain thing as he did formerly on the gold basis.

If a man has contracted to secure his payments in gold, he will then receive as good money as he does now. Otherwise he must accept, say in return for a loan of \$1,000 made on the present basis, a thousand coins which will buy no more than \$530 will now. In the event of a policy-holder's death his heirs would receive on a \$1,000 policy an amount whose purchasing power, estimated from the same standard as the premiums which the holder paid, would be \$530. A pensioner's \$10 a month, would shrink to \$5.30. Savings bank or building and loan association accumulations would shrink to the basis of the 53-cent dollar.

Many free silver advocates openly avow their purpose to relieve the debtor class through free coinage. Yet debtors cannot be permitted to shirk a portion of their obligations without a corresponding disadvantage and injustice to the creditor class. And this creditor class represents a great multitude of people and a vast sum of money. There are in force in the United States 9,000,000 life insurance policies, representing the immense sum of \$5,556,166,664. There are 500,000 savings bank depositors who have \$405,000,000 accumulated. It is proposed to legislate away half of the value of these creditors' possessions in the interest of the debtor class and a debased currency. Is there any reason or justice in such a proposal.

A boon to labor is promised, but wages are the last to feel an upward impulse, and in the disasters that are sure to follow a shift to silver monometallism, the unsettlement of values and the derangement of industries, the wage earner would suffer more than all. There would be some who would profit by the speculative or gambling opportunities offered by a condition of financial chaos, and men of great means might suffer a cutting down of their incomes with comparative composure, but the wage-earner would be the victim of lessened opportunities for work and a reduction in the purchasing value of his pay.—Free Press.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Fennville.

Writes a correspondent from here to the Kalamazoo News:  
A large number of the ladies of this vicinity are about to band themselves together for the purpose of discriminating against the riding of bicycles Sundays and moonlight nights. The

time was when every young swain with any means owned a horse and carriage and every Sunday afternoon would take his sister or some other fellow's sister, as the case might be. Now things have changed, and the girl who can't ride a "bike" and don't take to bloomers, is left out in the cold, and must either ride her own nag, ride out with the old folks, or play the roll of Cinderella and stay at home.

While switching some cars on the side track near the roller mill yesterday morning, some old rails spread and caused a car of lumber to roll down an embankment, landing the car on its roof and damaging it considerably.

Under the claim of "looking for a job to pick peaches" a number of tramps are infesting this vicinity and are making life a burden for anyone who feeds them.

Only about four cars of peaches are being shipped from here each evening and those in a position to know claim that the crop has been over-estimated—that it will not be over two-thirds as large as last year's crop. Heavy rains and hot weather have caused much rotting of the early fruit, considerable fruit reaching the market in bad order and causing low prices to rule.

Twelve coopers are kept busy here making apple barrels to hold the big apple crop.

Crops on the swamp farms near here are suffering from the effect of the recent heavy rains.

Saugatuck.

Since the recent big corn storm everybody is taking out cyclone insurance policies.

A detachment of Illinois state militia is billeted for a Sunday trip to Saugatuck on the 16th inst. It is expected they will come in uniform.

The steamers Saugatuck and McVea brought 123 passengers from Chicago to this place last Sunday. Eighty-five of them were cyclists in uniform, and during the day they took a spin through the peach orchards of Ganges township.

The peach market ruled so low last week that many shippers left their fruit go on the ground rather than run the chance of its selling for enough to pay for sending it to market. Many returns were received as low as six cents a basket, a net loss to the shipper of his fruit, packages and labor. Hale's early peaches were poor shippers this year, owing to the wet season and extremely hot weather, and that will account in a measure for the low price at which they sold. Better fruit is going this week and better prices are prevailing, though not yet satisfactory.

The late cyclone has cost the corporation in the neighborhood of \$200.

The belief exists in Holland that the C. & W. M. Ry. will soon lay a track along the south side of the bay to the park. If they ever do that it will not require much to induce them to extend a spur to Saugatuck.

The recent heavy rains caused the river to raise about two feet and increased the current to a torrent. All the sand that had been overcast by the dredge for the past three weeks has been swept back into the channel and the steamers are once more debarred from reaching their docks here, and that just as the heaviest of the peach shipments are at hand. It is promised that two dredges will be put to work here next week, but even with this addition of facilities it will not be possible to complete the work laid out, or put the harbor in good navigable condition until after the last peach has been shipped for this season.—Commercial.

Miss Nellie Underwood, who lives with her mother, has just received a severe lesson, for being too generous with tramps. About a week ago a fellow about thirty years old, giving his name as Fred Ellison called at the Underwood home and stated that he was dead broke and wanted board for a few days until he could earn some money at a job which he claimed to have secured in the neighborhood. At a late hour Monday night Miss Underwood discovered that her gold watch and pocketbook were missing, all told about \$100, and on going to his room she discovered that Ellison had skipped. The loss comes doubly hard as the mother is totally blind, and Miss Nellie is her only support, having earned the lost money by teaching school.

Saugatuck seems to have become a refuge for all the tramps in this part of the country, and they have coolly pre-empted every old empty building in the place, and have been working generous citizens for their grub.

Allegan County.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Grange association of Allegan county, the following officers were elected: M. B. V. McAlpine, president; Gerrit J. Stegeman, vice-president; J. S. Bidwell, secretary; Albert Stegeman, treasurer and general manager of the grange store.

Work has been begun on the telephone line to Pearle, to connect with the line to Saugatuck and Douglas. Holland and South Haven will also be in connection. It is thought the system will be in operation in thirty days.

"Doc." Johnson, of Allegan, who has been suffering from rheumatism for the past few years, acting on the suggestion of a friend to confine himself to a diet of raisins and milk, has taken no other food for the past year and now claims to be perfectly cured. During that time he has eaten fifty boxes of raisins and drank three hogs heads of milk.

The town is full of tramps and they seem to be getting bolder and more lawless every day. It is becoming dangerous for women to venture on the streets after dark.

Zeeland.

Mr. and Mrs. Schram of Washington, D. C. are enjoying a thirty days vacation with their parents in this village. Mr. Schram is connected with the government printing office at the national capital.

The new factory of Messrs. Peter and Isaac Elenbaas and Jac Schippers will be a two-story brick building. Good progress is made in its erection.

Mechanics are busy on the new addition to the school building.

Rev. J. P. De Young and family have returned from their vacation.

The Anti bicycle Crusade, about which so much has been written outside, has subsided.

C Van Loo celebrated his 58th birthday Friday.

The little thirteen-year-old girl of Andrew Van Zoeren, of Vriesland, fell from a wagon last Friday, breaking its right arm.

C. De Jong is again operating his peppermint still in Blendon.

Andrew Knol, a Vriesland farmer, was severely kicked in the face by a horse last week, fracturing his nose.

J. P. DeFree, Sr., has a curiosity in the way of an apple tree bearing four different kinds of fruit. The tree not only has two varieties of apples, but also has two varieties of pears, and all the fruit is trifly. It can be seen at his place in this village.

Grand Haven.

At the annual school election to be held September 1, an entire new board of six members is to be elected, two trustees for one, two and three years.

A large McKinley and Hobart banner has been stretched across the street at the Corn Planter factory, the first in town.

J. J. Bolt will take the annual school census, for which the Board will allow him \$35.

Mrs. Padgham is here, accompanying the judge during court week.

Ottawa County.

The road leading from the village of Coopersville to the fair ground will be graveled.

As a result of a political quarrel two Lamont farmers have been laid up at their respective houses for a few days.

Some Other Systems of Sewerage.

For the Holland City News.

MR. EDITOR:—If you will allow me to speak twice, I promise never again to trouble your valuable paper with this subject.

It has been my pleasure to interview one of the leading city engineers of our eastern states. Having inquired who would be a competent man to express an opinion upon this subject, I was directed by several friends to the Chief Engineer of the city of Brooklyn, a Mr. Van Brunt Bergen, a relative whose acquaintance I now have made for the first time.

Mr. Bergen is a very intelligent, cultured gentleman, educated in every line of city engineering, and has been for thirty-five years assistant, and then chief engineer. He expressed at once a deep interest in Holland, since his father, the Hon. Tunis G. Bergen, was the Knickerbocker of the Knickerbockers, and the son is enthusiastic about the success of the Holland settlement in the west. I give his opinion in substance:

The proposed sewer into Black Lake would be disastrous to the health of all who live upon its shores. Sewage does not pass away in deep water; it is constantly accumulating, has to be dredged away even in New York Bay, with its powerful tides. It interferes with our navigation and is in every way a nuisance.

Baltimore is situated, in respect to her system of sewerage, very much as you are, and has never dared to drain into her bay, although the water is salt. Consequently she waited until able to construct a sewer far down into the Chesapeake. If Holland must have a deep water sewer, it ought to discharge into Lake Michigan.

But there are other and better systems. My opinion is that the Powers system is the cheapest and best for a city of the size of Holland. Two large tanks receive the sewage, and if necessary the rain water also. The solid matter is precipitated with lime or some other precipitant. The water is sponged off and will sink away, and the remaining contents of the first tank are partially dried, and then mixed with sawdust and sold to gardeners and fruit farmers. During this time the second tank is receiving the sewage and precipitating it. These tanks never freeze enough to injure their operation.

The eastern part of the city of Brooklyn has 80,000 inhabitants (this was formerly East New York, etc.), and this system is successful in that district. Coney Island, with the teeming summer population, has it in constant operation, Niagara has it, and it gives no offense. All information as to Cart, etc., can be obtained from J. J. Powers, 52 New street, New York City.

"How about the Massachusetts system?" I asked. Mr. Bergen at once went to the library and took down the published report. This, said he, is my authority, and I believe it will be a great blessing to our cities. The gravel bed filter is most highly recommended; but I cannot give any practical information about it. They say with proper usage the gravel beds will not need to be renewed for generations.

Mr. Bergen sends his brotherly love to his fellow-Hollanders in Michigan, and would at any time be delighted to give any information within his knowledge upon water supply and sewerage.

Now, Mr. Editor, I feel like going fishing. My good neighbor, to whose years, experience and weight I humbly bow, and who, I know, does not wish to be overdriven in his very useful and valuable profession, and therefore deserves the most sanitary system of sewerage, has opened the fish question. Let us keep it open. Ask the state authorities of our great fishing industries and sports, whether or not they will permit us to pollute one of the best natural fish hatcheries of the great lakes.

Very truly yours,  
J. T. BERGEN.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

C. & W. M. ANNUAL PETOSKEY EXCURSION.

Tuesday, September 1st, the C. & W. M. Ry. will run the annual low rate excursion to Traverse City and Petoskey. These excursions are so well known that an extended description is unnecessary. It is sufficient to say that they afford an opportunity for many who cannot otherwise do so to visit the northern resorts at small expense.

Trains will leave Holland at 10:50 a. m., and arrive at Petoskey at 8:10 p. m., stopping at Traverse City and stations north to let off passengers. Rate for tickets good to return on any regular train until September 10th, inclusive, will be \$5.00 from stations South of Benton Harbor; \$4.40 from stations between Benton Harbor and Bravo; and \$4.00 from all other stations.

Full particulars may be had upon application to C. & W. M. Ry. Agents or GEO. DEHAVEN, G. P. A. 28-3w.

ANOTHER

GERMAN

PICNIC

EXCURSION.

SCHWABENFEST AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Sunday, August 10th, the Germans of Western Michigan will hold their annual "Schwabenfest or Harvest Festival" in Schoenfeld's Grove at Reeds Lake, Grand Rapids. Everybody is invited to attend and have a good time. Old Country games and sports will be indulged in, and a merry time is assured to all who attend.

An additional attraction will be base ball between Grand Rapids and Indianapolis clubs.

To enable everyone to visit Grand Rapids on this date the C. & W. M. Ry. will run excursion trains at the usual low Sunday rates. Train will leave Holland at 11:00 a. m., and arrive at Grand Rapids at 12:05 p. m. Returning, leave at 6:30 and 11:30 p. m. Round trip rate 50c.

29-2w GEO. DEHAVEN, G. P. A.

FORT SUMTER BOMBARDED!

WAR

SCENES

RECALLED

AT

ST. JOSEPH, SUNDAY, AUGUST 16th.

On this date a magnificent display of fire works will be given in imitation of the storming of a fort built 500 feet from the shore in Lake Michigan. The management of the affair is in the hands of experienced people, and the finest display of fire works ever seen in Michigan will be in view from all parts of the city and shore, commencing at 8:30 p. m. The C. & W. M. Ry. will run excursions from various points at low rates. Train will leave Holland at 9:30 a. m., and leave St. Joseph at 9:30 p. m., after the fire works are over. Don't miss this chance to spend a delightful Sunday in St. Joseph, and enjoy the beautiful spectacle at night without extra charge.

29-2w GEO. DEHAVEN, G. P. A.

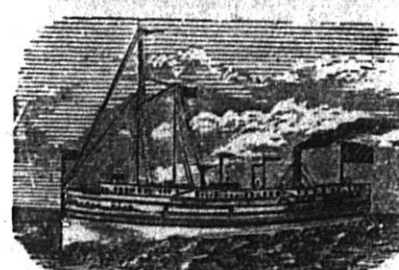
Real Estate Transfers.

E H Peck to Francis E Peck, and 1/2 s 1/2 sw 1/4 and und 1/2 s 1/2 n 1/4 sw 1/4 Sec 13 Polston \$250.  
Henry D Post and w1 to C Detok Lot 24 Posts 1st add Holland \$165.

Marriage Licenses.

Willard Stinchey Grd Haven 22  
Tillie Gerow Grd Rapids 18  
Heendrich Roels Holland 21  
Annie Hoekema " 29

Grand Haven & Milwaukee Line.



GROSBY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

Stmr. Nyack and Wisconsin.

Leave Grand Haven every night, except Sunday, at 11:15 p. m., and arrive every morning, except Sunday at 5:00 a. m.

Leave Milwaukee every night, except Saturday, at 9:00 p. m., and arrive every morning except Monday at 6:00 a. m.

Connections from Holland via the C. & W. M., at Grand Haven.

Mrs.

Hettie M

Harroun

Is the gifted artist of Grand Rapids, Mich., who paints your portrait and fills it full of

LIFE,

HEALTH

and BEAUTY.

MR. I. W. HARROUN

Will be in Holland again Sept. 12 to 15 anyone wishing one of MRS HARROUN'S Lovely Portraits, so true in likeness and expression, please drop a card in the Post Office and MR. HARROUN will call and see you with samples on next trip.

86 MONROE STREET, Grand Rapids, Mich.

900 DROPS  
CASTORIA  
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of  
INFANTS - CHILDREN  
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.  
Fac-Simile Signature of  
NEW YORK.  
At 6 months old  
35 Doses - 35 CENTS  
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE  
THAT THE  
FAC-SIMILE  
SIGNATURE  
—OF—  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
IS ON THE  
WRAPPER  
OF EVERY  
BOTTLE OF  
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A. The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

An Honest Man's Story.

GREENVILLE, PA., Jan. 23, '96.

DEAR SIR:—Thank God there is a medicine that will cure catarrh. Mr. Pretzinger I used your sample box of catarrh which you sent me. The first night I used it it helped me. May God bless you for your kindness. I used the little box you sent me and about half of a 50 cent jar. They keep it in Chambersburg. I have told a great many people about your medicine. Hon. Squire Britton, brother-in-law to me, is using it; he says it is helping him very much; he has catarrh very bad. Mrs. C. D. Ludwig, daughter of me is using your medicine. I use it in the evening before retiring to bed and am feeling better now than I have for the last five years. My head is clear and I have more energy for work and my business. Before I used your medicine I felt many a time that I did not care whether I was living or dead; I had no energy; I didn't care for anything. I had catarrh over sixty-seven years; mother had catarrh and it turned into consumption; she died in her sixty-fourth year. I have a farm up at Strasburg, seven miles from Greenville. On nice days I drive up the farm and work. Mr. Pretzinger I think it would pay you to have it put in all Franklin County papers as I am a reliable, honest man, so the people say, middling well acquainted over the County. Yours truly,  
GEO. K. ZOLLINGER.

A small sample can be obtained by sending a 2c. stamp to Pretzinger Bros., Chemists, Dayton, O.

One Minute Cough Cure touches the right spot. It also touches it at the right time if you take it when you have a cough or cold. See the point! Then don't cough.

LAWRENCE KRAMER.

SPECIFIC  
FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and a very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S  
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR  
Sarsaparilla  
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

If You Need

The services of a first-class

—DENTIST—

Call on—

Dr. A. Lambert,

Cor. 8th and River Sts., above Holland City State Bank.

Attend the Grand Rapids

Business College

Southland, Typewriting and Practical Training School,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

And prepare yourself to fill more responsible and better paying positions. Send for Catalogue.

Address: A. S. PARISH,  
72 Pearl Str., Grand Rapids, Mich.

White Seal Saloon

JOHN SERREAR, Prop.  
C. BLOM, SR., Clerk.

Fine Wines,  
Liquors,  
Cigars.

Finley Toledo and Holland Beer always on tap.  
No. 17 River St., HOLLAND.

Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure blind, bleeding, ulcerated and itching piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching on the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for \$1.00 per box. Williams' Medical Co., Prop'rs, Cleveland, O. Sold on a guarantee by J. O. Doesburg, Holland.

EAT HEARTY!

At the new

Central  
Restaurant.

Good and Substantial meals always. Also lunches at reasonable prices.

Van der Haar Bldg., Eighth Street.

NOVELTY BARREL  
Spray Pumps.



T. Van Landegend.

Holland, Mich.



## Do You Hear

We are making the dull season lively by selling

## Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries.

So cheap that people cannot afford to do without them. We are closing out our stock of Parasols, and made special prices in Dress Goods. Remember our special sale on Ladies' White Muslin Underwear every Monday.

### M. NOTIER

## G. VAN PUTTEN

calls the attention of the public to his summer line of dry goods. The following are only a few of the bargains which he offers:

Fine line of Ladies Shirt Waists from.....50c to \$1.00  
Shirt Waist Sets from.....10c to 35c  
Belt Pins and Belt Buckles from.....5c to 25c  
Latest Styles in Ladies Neck Wear.....5c to 50c a pair  
Ladies Hose from.....5c to 50c a pair  
Gents' Half Hose from.....5c to 50c a pair  
Children's Hose a Specialty.  
Ladies Vests with and without Sleeves, from.....5c to 75c  
Gents' Colored Merino and Fine Gauze Underwear at.....25c  
Boys' Silver Gray Ribbed Underwear at.....25c  
Children's Gauze Underwear at all prices.

Besides these bargains we can show you prints, cottons, outing flannels, ginghams, percales, laces and embroideries at prices that can compete with any firm in this city.

**DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.** The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies and take no other. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.40. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by J. O. DOESBURG. Also a full line of Patent Medicines, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Spectacles, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Fine Cigars and choice lot of Perfumeries.

## Glosing Out Sale

FOR CASH.

Entire stock of—

## Clothing

Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods, regardless of cost. Come for Bargains.

## Jonkman & Dykema.

GO TO—

**S. Reidsema,** Brick Store west of Opera House. **Eight St.**

## FOR CHEAP BEDROOM SUITS.

Handsome patterns, new styles \$10.00 and up. Very heavy carved, 24x30 plate, solid oak for only \$15.00.

THE FINEST SELECTIONS OF  
Ingrain, Tapestry, Brussels and Moquettes  
EVER EXHIBITED IN THE CITY.

Bicycles sold cheaper than any other place.

WALL PAPER, LACE CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES, ETC. IN GREAT QUANTITIES. EXAMINE MY STOCK BEFORE BUYING ELSEWHERE.

**RESTORED MANHOOD** DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Excess, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$2.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.40. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by J. O. DOESBURG. Also a full line of Patent Medicines, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Spectacles, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Fine Cigars, and choice lot of Perfumeries.

## Bert Slagh,

Paper Hanging,  
Calicining,  
House Painting,  
Inside Finishing.

I also sell wall paper at a remarkable low figure. Samples submitted and estimates given on all jobs.

Cor. College Avenue and Thirteenth St.

### FOUR DROWNED.

Distressing Disaster to a Party of Benton Harbor Bathers.

Benton Harbor, Aug. 10.—Frank Yerrington, James Butrick, William Manek and Martin Manning were drowned Sunday afternoon in Lake Michigan while bathing. The men attempted to swim to the second sandbar and one of them gave out and the others in attempting to save him were drowned. Mrs. Yerrington was in bathing and watched her husband drown, without being able to render him any assistance. The bodies of Yerrington, Butrick and Manek were recovered and the life saving crew are searching for Manning's body. The men all lived in this city and had gone with their families and friends for a day's outing. The accident occurred just before the noon hour. The ladies had spread their dinners and were going to call the men when the news came to them. Mrs. Yerrington is prostrated and grave doubts are entertained as to her recovery.

### JONATHAN FLANDERS DEAD.

Close of the Career of a Well-Known Lawyer, Journalist and Politician.

Sturgis, Aug. 10.—Jonathan W. Flanders, of this city, died Sunday morning at the home of a relative in Branch county, this state, where he was taken sick while visiting.

[He was born April 18, 1822, at Cotebrook, N. H., and was married to Miss Elizabeth Sutherland at Canandaigua, N. Y., September 22, 1857. Only one child was born to their union. Mr. Flanders and his son, Postmaster John S. Flanders, established the Michigan Democrat, of this city, in February, 1879. Mr. Flanders has always been a leading democrat of this county and state, and was a candidate for presidential elector in 1884. He was also a prominent member of the St. Joseph county bar, and was one of the pioneer lawyers of the county. In early years Mr. Flanders and his father ran a large woolen mill at Fawn river, this county. He was a charter member of the first worshipful master of the Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Sturgis. He was largely interested in real estate in this city and county, and was president of the village of Sturgis several times.]

### DEATH AT CAMP MEETING.

Storm Blows a Tree Down and Kills Mrs. William Harphan.

Quincy, Aug. 8.—While a Free Methodist camp meeting was in progress in the grove of Jesse Corless, about four miles from the village, a heavy storm swooped down upon the worshippers, demolishing the large tent and uprooting trees. Several hundred persons were inside the tent. Seeing it was about to collapse they rushed out and were caught by falling trees. Mrs. William Harphan was struck squarely on the head and instantly killed. The greatest consternation prevailed in the camp, and the first report reaching this village was that a large number were killed, while several others were injured. They will recover. Rev. P. E. Vincent, of Spring Harbor, was hurt quite badly. Mrs. Harphan leaves a widower and two small children.

### LANSING BANK CLOSED.

Ingham County Savings Institution Unable to Make Collections

Lansing, Aug. 9.—The Ingham County savings bank did not open its doors for business Friday morning. The assets of the bank are \$285,000, mostly in notes and mortgages, and the deposits are \$144,000. Cashier May said he had not the slightest doubt of the ability of the bank to pay its depositors in full. The closing of the institution was decided upon at a meeting of the directors Thursday night, and was caused by the continued withdrawal of deposits and inability to make quick collections.

### Shot at a Charivari.

Saginaw, Aug. 12.—August Moeller, of this city, was fatally injured at a charivari in Zilwaukee, four miles north of this place, Monday night. A large crowd of neighbors had assembled to serenade Anton Hodges and bride when Touissant Meteva discharged a shotgun which he carried. The contents of the weapon entered Moeller's neck below the left ear. The unfortunate young man is lying at the point of death. The shooting was accidental.

### Freight Trains Collide.

Monroe, Aug. 10.—Two Michigan Central freight trains collided at Frenchtown, just north of the city limits, at one o'clock Sunday morning, wrecking both engines and four cars. The only person hurt was a tramp, who had a foot crushed. It is said the engineer of the southbound train was asleep and ran past the switch where he should have sidetracked his train. The northbound train was standing still.

### Two Men Killed by the Cars.

Adrian, Aug. 10.—A westbound freight on the Lake Shore near Blaisfield, ten miles east, ran over two young men lying between the rails of the track at four o'clock Saturday afternoon, killing both instantly. They were strangers and evidently seeking work. One had "L. F. Friend" marked on his arm. He was about 20 and his companion somewhat older. The engineer did not see them in time to stop.

### Bay City Strikers Confer.

Bay City, Aug. 12.—The first conference between the strikers at Wheeler's shipyard and their late employers since the strike started, July 3, took place Tuesday. Neither side admitted that a settlement had been reached, but Mr. Wheeler said another conference would be held shortly. The meeting is regarded as the beginning of the end of the walk-out.

### Invokes the Aid of Spirits.

Benton Harbor, Aug. 12.—Another search for the steamer Chicora was instituted Tuesday by Mrs. Sarah Brown, a spiritualist of Chicago. She chartered a steamer launch and sailed with her secret paraphernalia, but returned without results.

### Mosquitoes Capture a Camp Ground.

Niles, Aug. 12.—Not in many years have the mosquitoes been so thick as this year. At the Crystal Springs camp grounds one-half the people have been forced to leave on account of the pests.

### DEADLY STORMS.

Sweep Through Michigan—Heavy Loss of Life and Property.

Detroit, Aug. 11.—Big storms in this state are responsible for the loss of several lives and hundreds of thousands of dollars in property. Returns from the storm on this river here show that five persons were drowned and there are indefinite rumors of more drowning. The known dead are John Helke, Frank Hughes, Jeff Judd, August Schulte and W. J. Thernier.

In addition to these there are four more persons missing.

The property damaged was not large here, being confined to broken windows, ruined fences and orchards, but the country reports extensive injury.

Near Hastings fruit and grain crops were completely ruined, and Miss Emma Brown and Mrs. R. Grames seriously burned by the lightning.

At Ithaca \$10,000 damage was done to school buildings.

In Macomb county thousands of acres of potatoes were washed out of the ground.

Reports of farmhouses and barns being struck by lightning and burned run up into the hundreds.

The storms came in waves, appearing first in the shape of wind followed by a deluge of rain and then a brilliant electrical display. The first storm swept over the state Sunday night, the second about four o'clock Monday morning, and the third about three o'clock Monday afternoon. The last one effectively disposed of the torrid weather.

Ionia, Aug. 11.—The worst storm on record in this part of the country, accompanied by a cloudburst, visited Ionia Sunday night. The first storm struck the city at 11 p. m. and the second came two hours later. On account of the almost complete prostration of telegraph and telephone wires it is impossible at this time to report the extent of the storm or the amount of damage to life and property. Losses in Ionia alone will reach fully \$75,000, with no loss of life.

The first storm when in the center of the city was met by a second storm from the northwest. It was at this time that the D. L. & N. car shops were struck and leveled to the ground a mass of ruins. The lightning was terrific and the rain came down in torrents. The loss at the car shops, according to officials of the railroad, will reach not far below \$25,000.

Lightning struck the Ionia City brewery twice, tearing away the new steel smokestack, while the wind ripped off the new steel roof. Rain then poured into the top story of the building, practically ruining five car loads each of malt and cereals. When the storm struck the brewery 30 men were quickly summoned and they worked till morning trying to keep out the flood. The loss at this point is estimated to be between \$5,000 and \$10,000.

As the wind increased in volume scores of roofs were blown from the tops of houses, and hundreds of trees were leveled to the ground all over the city. Woodsheds and outhouses were tossed about like feathers by the wind, and the water rushed in torrents down the side streets and to Main, which was a running river. The second storm continued without abatement for fully 18 minutes. Lightning struck at least in a dozen places in the city, and the streets were filled with fallen limbs and trees.

In the agricultural district the storm seems to have been equally disastrous. From nearly every direction come reports of buildings blown down or unroofed, while hundreds of acres of fruit trees are torn up or broken down and the fruit destroyed. Corn is flat on the ground from the effect of the rain, hail and wind, while miles of fence will have to be rebuilt. The damage to the rural districts will aggregate many thousands of dollars. The damage from loss of live stock promises to reach a high figure. John Hall, living four and a half miles east of here, on the Grand river, reports the loss of 43 cattle and five horses from drowning, while bodies of other unfortunate beasts float by upon the swollen stream continually.

Saginaw, Aug. 11.—A storm swept over this city Monday morning at two o'clock. No lives were lost, but the damage to property will aggregate at least \$50,000. The wind struck the city from the southwest, over a tract known as the Saginaw Improvement company's grounds, damaging several large manufacturing concerns, completely demolishing the buildings of the Palmerton Woodenware company. It also wrecked the McCausland warehouse, a frame structure 600 feet long, near the Michigan Central depot. The roof of the Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad company's car shops was partially blown off. The dome of the Jefferson Avenue Methodist church was struck by lightning and fell into the body of the edifice. Many other buildings were damaged.

Holland, Aug. 11.—A terrific thunderstorm passed over here Monday night with high wind, sheets of rain, doing immense damage to orchards.

Whitehall, Aug. 11.—A cyclone struck here Monday night accompanied by heavy thunder and lightning. A number of animals were killed, upwards of 20 buildings blown down and unroofed, and hundreds of bearing fruit trees torn out by the roots.

Muskegon, Mich., Aug. 12.—This city caught the southern edge of a cyclone which came up from the west shortly before seven o'clock Tuesday night. A deluge accompanied the wind. Buffalo Bill's Wild West show was so badly damaged that they were obliged to omit their evening's performance. The wind tore the canvas into shreds and demolished the reserved seat section. Tent poles swished viciously through the air, and to add to the excitement it looked as though the side show tent would go. The loss to the show is not less than \$5,000.

### Fell Upon a Rip saw.

Saginaw, Aug. 10.—Paul Schrems, a cutter at the Saginaw Lasket works at this place, fell backward on a live rip saw and was nearly cut in two. He will die.

## "PLUGINE" \$1.00

You get the puncture and Plugine does the rest. You ride right on, you never know that you have had a puncture. Thorns, Nails and Tacks are no longer the dread of your life.

PLUGINE only adds six ounces to the weight of the Machine.

FOR SALE BY  
**KANTERS BROS.**

## A. C. Rinck & Co.,

....Dealers in....

## FURNITURE AND CARPETS!

Bargains in LACE and CHENILLE CURTAINS, Window Shades, Baby Cabs Wall Paper

Easy Chairs, Writing Desks, Upholstered Rockers, Parlor Suits, Hanging Lamps, Water Colors, Landscapes, Easels, Etc., Etc.

RINCK & CO., HOLLAND.

## THE PLOWS

made by the  
Oliver Chilled Plow Works,  
SOUTH BEND, IND.

Are The Best On Earth.



Among them are the Nos. 98 and 99, Wood and Steel Beam Plows, fitted with non-breakable steel standards. Also the celebrated No. 40 and similar patterns. Look out for imitations and Buy Only Of The Regular OLIVER Agents.



For Right Prices

On Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, call upon

**Evart Takken,**

N. RIVER ST.

Also Paints, Oils, Brushes, Varnishes, Lime, Cement, Hair, Stucco and Builders Hardware.

Contractor and Builder.

Plans and Estimates given.

## SEEDS!

I have constantly on hand at my store and elevator on 8th Street a full stock of Medium Clover, Mammoth Clover, Alsike Clover, Alfalfa Clover, White Clover, Timothy Seed, at Wholesale and Retail. Also Flour Feed and Grain of all kinds. Choice Timothy Hay 65c a 100 Mixed Hay 55c. Prairie hay 50c.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

**W. H. Beach**

"Give me a liver regulator and I can regulate the world," said a genius. The druggist handed him a bottle of Dr. Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.

It not only is so, it must be so. One Minute Cough Cure acts quickly, and that's what makes it go.

LAWRENCE KRAMER.

ESTABLISHED 1865.  
**CHASE'S BARLEY MALT WHISKY.**  
Absolutely Pure  
RECOMMENDED AND ENDORSED BY THE LEADING PHYSICIANS & CHEMISTS AS THE FINEST STIMULANT AND TONIC FOR MEDICINAL & FAMILY USE.  
FOR MALARIA, DYSPEPSIA AND WEAK LUNGS IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR SALE BY  
Blom & Nichols, Holland Mich

For --  
**LAMPS**  
and  
**Wedding Goods**

—CALL ON—  
**Paul A. Steketee.**

## REVIVO

RESTORES VITALITY.  
Made a Well Man of Me.  
1st Day, 15th Day, 30th Day.

## FRENCH REMEDY.

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unfit one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, in plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in every package. For free circular address  
**ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.**  
For sale by Martell & Holsinga.



## Holland City News.

SATURDAY, August 15.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

### Republican Nominations.

For President  
WILLIAM MCKINLEY,  
of Ohio.

For Vice President  
GARRET A. HOBART,  
of New Jersey.

### State Ticket.

For Governor—HAZEN S. PINGREE  
of Wayne.  
For Lieutenant Governor—THOMAS  
B. DUNSTAN, of Marquette.  
For Secretary of State—WASHINGTON  
GARDNER, of Calhoun.  
For State Treasurer—GEORGE A.  
STEEL, of Clinton.  
For Auditor General—ROSCOE D.  
DIX, of Berrien.  
For Attorney General—FRED A.  
MAYNARD, of Kent.  
For Commissioner of State Land Of-  
fice—WILLIAM A. FRENCH,  
of Presque Isle.  
For Supt. of Public Instruction—J.  
E. HAMMOND, of Hillsdale.  
For Member State Board of Education  
—J. W. SIMMONS, of Shiawassee.

### Congressional Ticket.

For Member of Congress, Fifth District—  
WILLIAM A. SMITH,  
of Grand Rapids.

### Legislative Ticket.

For State Senator, Twenty-third District—  
ISAAC MARSILJE.  
For Representative, First District—  
ROBERT ALWARD.

### County Ticket.

For Judge of Probate—J. V. B. GOODRICH.  
For Sheriff—F. VAN RY.  
For Clerk—C. K. HOYT.  
For Register—P. BRUSSE.  
For Treasurer—E. LYNN.  
For Prosecuting Attorney—A. VISSCHER.  
For Clr. of Coms.—G. E. KOLLEN, L. P. ERNST.  
For Coroners—J. MASTENBROEK, O. E.  
YATES.  
For Surveyor—E. H. PECK.

The question often asked these days is "What is 16 to 1?" It will continue to be asked until men cease advocating the impracticable and longing after the impossible. Sixteen to one means that the silver in a silver dollar weighs sixteen times as much as the gold in the gold dollar. One ounce of gold is assumed to be worth sixteen ounces of silver. There was a time when gold was only sixteen times more valuable in commerce than silver, but these times have passed. With restricted coinage of silver under the Bland-Allison law and the Sherman law, Uncle Sam has been able to keep the silver dollar at 16 to 1 on a par with gold. If we had free and unlimited coinage of silver we could not do so. The coin value of the silver dollar would then decline to the real commercial value of the metal. On account of the extraordinary production of silver of late years the real relation of value between gold and silver is 32 to 1 instead of 16 to 1. But the owners of the silver mines and uncoined silver want us to coin that metal in unlimited quantities at the now false ratio of 16 to 1, instead of the true ratio of 32 to 1. If the silver weight in the dollar were increased to correspond with this true ratio the free silver politicians know the dollars could not be used in currency; they would be too heavy; people would not carry them. The profit in coining silver in unlimited quantities at the false ratio of 16 to 1 would put a profit of \$30,000,000 a year into the pockets of the owners of the silver mines. It would drive gold out of the United States, and put us on the silver basis with China and Japan. There is no more reason why we should coin silver at 16 to 1, which is double its commercial value, than that we should buy up all the wheat in the country at double its commercial price and give the farmers the difference in cash. Why should the farmers be compelled to give the owners of silver double the price for their wheat? Sixteen to 1 should be 32 to 1. Anything else is a colossal swindle on the people of the United States.

This is not the first national campaign in which money has been a prominent factor. The greenback craze was, in its time, quite as strong as the free silver craze is to-day, and quite as prominent men in both parties were advocates of the policy of the unlimited issue of greenbacks as can today be found in the silver ranks. Indeed, greater men were in it, either through honest belief in the policy of issuing fiat money, or through a wish to truckle to what they fancied was the wish of the people, or from motives of personal interest. There are many points of resemblance between the two crazes, one of the greatest being that many of the men who advocated money issued merely on the faith and credit of the government are the same who today believe that the United States can, by the stamp

of a mint alone cause 50 cents worth of silver to be worth a dollar in the markets of the world. The parallels between the dead financial heresy and that which has now been made a part of the doctrine of the New Democracy is readily apparent. It seized hold of much the same classes of people, but in the end they regained their senses through the conduct of a campaign of education, aided by an improvement of business conditions. This latter improvement will eventually come, is bound to come, as soon as by judicious legislation the tariff has been re-adjusted so as to bring the receipts of the government up to its expenditures. At present Uncle Sam is running behind annually, and bonds must be issued to keep up the credit of the government. This is not as it should be.

Under the existing "gold standard" our silver dollar is accepted at its face value of one hundred cents all over the commercial world. Why? Because it is known that the United States government keeps it at a parity with gold. For this reason it is good for 100 cents in value in all civilized countries. Our national honor and credit keeps it at par, and it would be precisely the same if it were made of copper, iron or lead. Our greenbacks and treasury notes are received in the same way. They depend solely upon our credit, and our credit is A No. 1, because it is based upon a gold standard. A good illustration of the fact that it is our government credit that sustains the silver dollar, and not the intrinsic value of the piece, is shown by the way the Mexicans look upon it. Mexico has free silver coinage and is consequently upon a silver basis. The Mexican dollar contains a few more grains of silver than the American dollar, and is worth more. Yet in Mexico the American dollar will buy just about twice as much as the Mexican dollar. Why? Because it is known that the United States government will exchange it, if required, for a gold dollar, no matter what the value of the bullion may be. But if the United States should adopt free coinage, as Mexico has done, and coin into dollars all the silver that may be sent to the mints, our silver dollar would sink to the precise value of the silver contained in it and the Mexican dollar would then be worth even a little more than ours, because it is a trifle heavier. Our gold coins and the gold coins of all nations, do not depend upon government credit. They stand on their own intrinsic value. They pass current everywhere because their worth goes with them; they are STANDARD, and as soon as we have FREE and UNLIMITED coinage of silver at 16 to 1 our silver dollars will have to stand upon their own merits in the same way. Our government, with all its stamps and resources, could not keep them on a parity with gold when UNLIMITED in amount.

There is this parallel between the greenback craze of 1878 and the present free silver agitation: both are based upon the fallacy that the government is omnipotent and unlimited in its prerogative of creating value. But it must be admitted in all candor that the greenback idea was the most honest of the two. By stamping a piece of paper and calling it \$5 or \$10, which was the greenbacker's hobby, all the profit went to the government, but by allowing the silver speculators of the entire world to come to our U. S. mints and get their bullion coined FREE, the profits go to the preferred class and not to the people. Talk about class legislation and the building up of a moneyed aristocracy, there never was anything like it proposed during this century. Hence, who are they that ask for this silver coinage? Who is it that is to be benefitted thereby? The great silver bonanza kings of the United States in the year 1895, alone produced, at coinage value, about \$62,000,000 of American silver. The great silver producers of the rest of the world, produced in the same year \$203,000,000, coinage value of silver bullion. Much of this today is a drug on the market, and has been for years. And now their proposition is that you shall take all that silver at the mint—not at the price that they can obtain in the open market—68 cents per ounce—but that you shall take it—yes, the people, we the people—and turn them back \$1.29 for every ounce they can produce from the mines and the great mountains of this country, of Mexico, of British Columbia and of South America.

For three years and a half orators have been going up and down the country asking the people to take free silver on the promise that their products would greatly increase. If our mints are opened to the free coinage of silver it means at the present production an absolute gift by the American people of \$31,000,000 a year to the silver producers of the United States alone. It means an absolute gift by the American people on the basis of the present production of \$100,000,000 to the silver producers of the world, at the expense of the American wage-earner and the men and women that have laid up a few hundred dollars for a rainy day. Neither should it be for-

gotten that much of this mining stock is held by parties on the other side of the water.

### Death of George H. Sipp.

It was hardly known that Mr. Sipp had been taken ill, when on Monday morning the sad tidings of his death reached the ear of the community. Thursday afternoon he was still in his usual place, attending to the duties of his office. Reaching home he complained of his bowels, and within twenty-four hours thereafter it had become evident that he was suffering from an attack of peritonitis and appendicitis. Although his illness was brief he suffered much, and expired early on Monday morning.

Our departed friend came to Holland in the summer of 1865, just after the close of the war. His home was in New York City and his object in coming here was to visit his uncle, James Sipp, since deceased. He was so well pleased with the then village of Holland that he at once resolved to make it his home, and sent for his family, who came here in the fall. For a while he was associated with Wm. J. Scott in the manufacture of sash and doors and in building. In 1872 he met with an accident by which he injured his knee cap, crippling him for life. It was this unfortunate event that led to his election in 1879 to the office of city clerk.

The manner in which deceased has from that time on uninterruptedly discharged the duties of city clerk as well as of the other positions to which he was called is mentioned elsewhere. In the official proceedings of the Common Council, and needs no reiteration or confirmation on our part. His faithfulness to duty and guardianship over the various interests of the municipality were proverbial. Under no circumstances would he ever allow any one to encroach upon what he deemed to be the right of the city. He entered upon the duties of clerk when the city was comparatively small and the labor light, and growing up with the town, he became the every-ready informant of everybody, and the right hand of those in office. As city surveyor he has given us a system of improved streets, the pride of us all. In this as in all other respects Mr. Sipp will be missed, and it will be difficult to group in one individual the various requisites possessed by him.

Mr. Sipp descended from the old Dutch stock that settled in New York many generations ago. He was born in Newark, N. J., January 8, 1834, and on May 29, 1856 was married to Miss Rachael Day, who survives him. Of the nine children born to them, three died east, and the other six here. Wednesday afternoon the remains of our departed friend were laid to rest in Pilgrim Home cemetery, beside those of his children. The funeral cortege was preceded by a large delegation of city officials in carriages and the Masonic fraternity, of which he was a member. The funeral services were held at the residence on Twelfth street, and conducted by Rev. H. G. Birchby.

### Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 11, 1896. The Common Council, pursuant to adjournment and previous notice, met in joint session with the board of public works to consider the sewerage question. But in view of the death of their clerk, George H. Sipp, at the suggestion of Mayor De Young, the joint meeting adjourned without date, subject to future call.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 11, 1896. Upon the adjournment of the joint meeting of the Common Council, and the board of public works, as above noted, Mayor De Young convened the aldermen in special session.

Present: Mayor De Young, Alds. Schouten, Lokker, Schoon, Fileman, Dalmen, Takken, Haberman and Kooyers.

The mayor stated the object of the meeting, to take suitable action on the death of their late fellow official and friend, George H. Sipp, city clerk, and presented the following message:

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 11, 1896. To the Honorable the Common Council: GENTLEMEN:—It has become my sad duty to officially announce to you the death of our venerable and respected city clerk, GEORGE H. SIPP.

By this sudden and deplorable demise Holland loses an able and honest official, and the Common Council a wise adviser, who by his sterling qualities, had endeared himself to the hearts of us all.

I would therefore suggest that such action be taken by you this evening as will give fitting expression to our feelings and the high esteem in which he was held by us, and as will place upon the official records of the city a merited tribute to the departed for the fidelity and thoroughness with which he has served you and the people in the manifold positions of duty and trust.

JAMES DE YOUNG, Mayor.

The message having been ordered spread upon the minutes, City Attorney John Loken presented the following in response thereto:

In behalf of our municipality, and more especially of its officials, past and present, we, the Common Council, collectively and as individual

members thereof, take sorrowful cognizance of the death of our late city clerk, Geo. H. Sipp, who departed this life on Monday morning, the 10th inst., aged sixty-two years.

During a score of years deceased has been identified with the city's interests in the various capacities of alderman, member of the fire department, librarian, director of the poor and city surveyor. How well and faithful in these and other capacities he ministered to the community, the work he has accomplished most emphatically attests.

But it is as City Clerk that we, above all, most deeply feel and sincerely acknowledge his loss. Elected to the position in 1879, he has for a period of more than seventeen years been the faithful clerk of this body and of the several official boards of the City. How devotedly and efficiently he served the corporation and guarded its interests, counseled and aided his fellow officials and satisfied the public, was repeatedly demonstrated by his consecutive re-elections—at times without opposition.

To us as a Council, his experience, his thoroughness and acquaintance with all matters pertaining to the municipality was especially valuable, and as such his sudden taking-off is felt by us all.

It is therefore ordered: That as a mark of esteem the Council rooms be appropriately draped during the ensuing thirty days; that we attend his funeral on to-morrow afternoon in a body; and that all other officials and ex-officials of the City be respectfully requested to join in paying this last tribute of affection and appreciation of a departed citizen and friend.

On motion of Alderman Lokker the above was unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

It was further ordered that on the day of the funeral the office of the city clerk be closed.

JAMES DE YOUNG, Mayor.

A meeting of the newspaper publishers of Ottawa county was held at the News office in this city last Saturday, for the purpose of organizing into an association for mutual helpfulness and social advancement. C. De Vos, of the Coopersville Observer, was elected president, C. L. Breckon, secretary and treasurer, and M. G. Manting vice-president. A committee on constitution and bylaws was appointed composed of C. De Vos, chairman, W. G. Sainsbury, of the Zealand Examiner, and M. G. Manting. All the papers in the county but three were represented. It was decided to hold the next meeting on Saturday, Aug. 22, at 2:30 p. m., in Grand Haven.

In his sermon on Sunday morning Rev. H. G. Birchby criticized the irreverent use of the Holy Scriptures, saying:

All puns, parodies and riddles made from God's word are dishonoring. Sacred things have been most notoriously misused in public speech. I have but to refer to the late use of the sacred symbols of our Lord, Jesus Christ, and the crown of thorns that were pressed on that sacred brow, to give some idea of what this disrespect may be that is brought upon God's word by such language.

To this our friend "J. C. P.," who has recently joined the silver forces, takes exception in Tuesday's issue of the Sentinel, saying:

It is pitiable to see the pulpits, which should be the champion of the "Golden Rule," prostituted to the advocacy of the "Rule of Gold."

If David Cronin could read this, how he would glory in the fact that his stay in Holland had not been fruitless.

This forenoon the staging inside the new Market street church came down with a crash, precipitating six workmen to the floor, a distance of about twenty feet. Only one man was slightly injured.

Fears for the safety of the steamer Mabel Bradshaw, which was reported missing after the late storm, were allayed on Tuesday by a telegram of her safe arrival in Chicago.

The Soo City made an excursion to Muskegon Tuesday to enable our people to take in Buffalo Bill's Wild West. The Macatawa Band furnished the music.

On the 23rd ballot E. L. Hamilton of St. Joseph was nominated by the Republican congressional convention to succeed Dr. H. F. Thomas of Allegan.

The Western Theol. Seminary will resume its work on Wednesday, Sept. 2, at 10 a. m.

### Personal Mention.

Prof. N. Knothuisen is spending his vacation with relatives in Holland and vicinity. Last year he had charge of the schools at Fowlerville, and has been re-engaged there for the ensuing year.

Miss Dora Dutton has returned from a visit to friends at Douglas.

C. F. Post returned this week from a ten days visit to Clinton county, his old home.

H. P. Streng is in Chicago, on business.

J. Wise, of the Bee Hive, will take Saturday's boat for Chicago.

## What a Rush We Had

Last week we advertised a general clean up sale, and before Monday night every yard of Summer Goods was closed out. Now you see we are in shape to talk

## New Goods

Again. And new goods are beginning to arrive every day.

See the beautiful new French Percales we are showing, just the thing for Fall Wrappers, only.....12½

An elegant line of new novelty Dress Goods at the extremely low price of.....20c

Another new line of Dress Goods in all the latest effects just think.....29c

A line of beautiful French Novelties in the latest effects, similar styles sold last year for \$1 and \$1.25 per yd. Our advance sale price.....65c

Remember in the better goods we show only one pattern of a kind.

Come and see the latest novelty in washable Face Veils. They're something new.

Yours for New Goods

## John Vandersluis,

N. B. A rich display of Novelty Black Dress Goods.

Masters Jacob Van Putten and Andrew Verschure are visiting with relatives in Grand Haven.

Dr. M. Veenboer of Grand Rapids was in the city Tuesday.

Profs. Boers and Kleinheksel took in the murder trial at Grand Haven Monday.

Con De Pree greeted friends at the county seat last Monday.

Andrew Cloetingh of Muskegon, is in the city, visiting friends.

Rev. Harry Kremers and wife—nee Cappon, are spending their vacation here. Their home is in Clyde, Minn.

Mrs. M. Astra is seriously ill.

J. H. Doesburg visited a few days with his parents, Prof. and Mrs. C. Doesburg, and returned to Chicago on Sunday evening's boat.

Dick Van der Haar, after spending a week with relatives and friends in this city, will return to his home in Grand Haven, Monday.

J. H. Show and Theo. Boge, two of our business men, were at the Valley City, Monday.

Dr. Geo. Baker was called to South Haven Tuesday, on a professional visit.

The Misses Lizzie Van den Berg and Senie Ter Vree are visiting Rev. H. Van der Ploeg, at New Era.

J. Westveer took the boat for Chicago Saturday, on a visit to his daughter.

J. Brockmeyer of Freeport, Ill., visited here this week.

Prof. and Mrs. C. J. Dregman are taking a two weeks lay-off, spending the time among friends at Grand Rapids.

Miss Nellie Notier has returned from Chicago, where she has been attending the Moody Institute.

### Proposals Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education for the position of janitor of the Central and High Schools for the ensuing year, commencing Sept. 1, 1896.

For information regarding the duties of office apply to Mr. J. Nies. Bids to be in by Wednesday noon, Aug. 19, 1896, at my office.

C. VAN SCHURE, Sec.

### Wanted.

A girl to do work in the restaurant. Apply at once to Ed. Van Drezer.

### WANTED.

Good girl for light housework in small family for a few weeks at Macatawa Park. Inquire of John Loken at store, or address Mrs. C. B. Chesdale, Box 45, Macatawa.

### Wanted.

A good, strong, general servant. Apply to Mrs. H. G. Birchby, Elev. 1st street.

Quick in effect, heals and leaves no scar. Burning, scaly skin eruption quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Applied to burns, scalds, old sores, it is magical in effect. Always cures piles.

LAWRENCE KRAMER

News \$1.00 a year.

### The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Butkus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now.

H. Walsh, Holland, A. De Krulff Zeeland,

### Harvest Excursion.

In order to give everyone an opportunity to see the grand crops in the Western states and enable the intending settler to secure a home, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y has arranged to run a series of his west excursions to South and North Dakota, and to other states in the West, Northwest and Southwest on the following dates: July 21, August 4 and 18, September 1, 15, 29 and October 6 and 20, at the low rate of two dollars more than ONE FARE for the round trip. Tickets will be good for return on any Tuesday or Friday within twenty-one days from date of sale. For rates, time of trains and further details apply to any coupon ticket agent in the East or South, or address Harry Mercer, Michigan Passenger agent, Detroit, Mich.

A high liver with a torpid liver will not be a long liver. Correct the liver with De Witt's Little Early Risers, little pills that cure dyspepsia and constipation.

LAWRENCE KRAMER.

### 15 Days in Yellowstone Park.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company desires to call attention to a very completely arranged tour through the "Wonderland of America," under the management of the well-known tourist manager, Mr. J. J. Grafton. The party will leave Chicago on Tuesday evening, July 21, by electric lighted train, with dining car, to be absent three weeks. The petrified forest and many other attractive features of the Park will be included in the itinerary, that the traveler going through the ordinary way, does not see. A party will also leave Chicago for Alaska via Yellowstone Park, the same date. For full particulars, address Geo. H. Headford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

### THE MARKETS.

Wheat 9 bushel.....	54
Eye.....	27-28
Buckwheat.....	29
Barley 9 cwt.....	47-48
Corn 9 bushel.....	18
Oats 9 bushel.....	18
Clover seed 9 bushel.....	4 75
Potatoes 9 bushel.....	30
Flour 9 barrel.....	3 50
Cornmeal, bolted, 9 cwt.....	1 20
Cornmeal, unbolted, 9 cwt.....	75
Ground feed.....	60
Middlings 9 cwt.....	65
Bran 9 cwt.....	10 00
Hay 9 ton.....	10 00
Honey.....	10
Butter.....	13
Eggs 9 dozen.....	7
Turkey.....	4
Wood, hard, dry 9 cord.....	1 75
Chickens, dressed, 15 live @ 5¢.....	8
Beans 9 bushel.....	90
Ground Oil Cake.....	1 00
Dressed Beef.....	4 00
Veal.....	4 00
Mutton.....	5 00
Lard.....	6 00
Hams.....	7 00
Shoulders.....	5 1/2 @ 6 1/2
Yallow.....	2 1/2



C. & W. M. RY.  
ANNUAL EXCURSION  
TO  
PETOSKEY,  
Charlevoix and Traverse City.

Tuesday,  
SEPT. 1,  
This popular  
low rate  
Excursion will  
be run from  
stations  
on the  
C. & W. M. RY.  
named in  
time table  
in next column.  
A daylight trip  
enabling  
passengers  
to see  
the beautiful  
scenery  
along this  
route between  
Traverse City  
and Petoskey.  
A country  
full of lakes and  
rivers,  
charming  
to the lovers of  
nature and  
a delight to the  
sportsman.  
Be sure to take  
your  
Fishing Tackle  
along.  
The streams  
and lakes  
afford excellent  
sport.

TIME TABLE  
OF  
Excursion Trains  
AND  
Schedule of Rates

LEAVE	A. M.	A. M.	RATE
LaCrosse	6 00	5 00	
Thomaston	6 12	5 00	
Hanna	6 19	5 00	
Wellsboro	6 32	5 00	
LaPorte	6 50	5 00	
Belfast	7 00	5 00	
New Buffalo	7 30	5 00	
Union Pier	7 40	5 00	
Lakeside	7 50	5 00	
Harbert	8 00	5 00	
Sawyer	8 10	5 00	
Bridgman	8 20	5 00	
Livingston	8 30	5 00	
Stevensville	8 40	5 00	
St Joseph	8 50	5 00	
Benton Harbor	9 00	5 00	
Riverside	9 10	5 00	
Coloma	9 20	5 00	
Watervliet	9 30	5 00	
Hartford	9 40	5 00	
McDonald	9 50	5 00	
Bangor	10 00	5 00	
Breedsville	10 10	5 00	
Grand Junction	10 20	5 00	
Lee	10 30	5 00	
Bravo	10 40	5 00	
Pearle	10 50	5 00	
Fennville	11 00	5 00	
New Richmond	11 10	5 00	
East Saugatuck	11 20	5 00	
Holland	11 30	5 00	
Waverly	11 40	5 00	
Zeeland	11 50	5 00	
Vriesland	12 00	5 00	
Hudsonville	12 10	5 00	
Jenison	12 20	5 00	
Grandville	12 30	5 00	
Grand Rapids, Jr.	12 40	5 00	
Grand Rapids, Jr.	12 50	5 00	
Bridge Street	1 00	5 00	
D. & M. Crossing	1 10	5 00	
Mill Creek	1 20	5 00	
Alpine	1 30	5 00	
Englishville	1 40	5 00	
Sparta	1 50	5 00	
Kent City	2 00	5 00	
Cassopolis	2 10	5 00	
Baileys	2 20	5 00	
Grant	2 30	5 00	
Newaygo	2 40	5 00	
White Cloud	2 50	5 00	
Traverse City Ar.	3 00	5 00	
Traverse City Lv.	3 10	5 00	
Charlevoix Ar.	3 20	5 00	
Petoskey Ar.	3 30	5 00	
Bay View Ar.	3 40	5 00	
Allegan	5 30	4 00	
Mill Grove	5 38	4 00	
Dunning	5 46	4 00	
Hamilton	5 54	4 00	
Filmore	6 02	4 00	
Holland	6 10	4 00	
Muskegon	7 00	4 00	
Ferrysburg	7 29	4 00	
Grand Haven	7 34	4 00	
Agnew	7 50	4 00	
West Olive	7 57	4 00	
Waverly	8 20	4 00	
Grand Rapids	Ar. 9 15 a. m.		
Traverse City	Lv. 12 25 p. m.		
Petoskey	Ar. 5 30 p. m.		
Bay View	Ar. 8 30 p. m.		
Pentwater	5 30 a. m.	4 00	
Hart	5 56 a. m.	4 00	
Mears	6 10 a. m.	4 00	
Shelby	6 22 a. m.	4 00	
New Era	6 30 a. m.	4 00	
Rothbury	6 40 a. m.	4 00	
Montague	6 50 a. m.	4 00	
Whitehall	6 55 a. m.	4 00	
Big Rapids Junction	7 50 a. m.	4 00	
Holton	8 15 a. m.	4 00	
Fremont	8 30 a. m.	4 00	
White Cloud	Ar. 8 55 a. m.		
Traverse City	Lv. 9 10 a. m.		
Charlevoix	Ar. 2 55 p. m.		
Petoskey	Ar. 3 25 p. m.		
Bay View	Ar. 3 35 p. m.		
* Stop on Signal.			
Parlor Car will run through from New Buffalo. Rate from stations south of Grand Rapids \$1.00; from Grand Rapids, 50c.			
STOPS WILL BE MADE AT STATIONS NORTH OF MANISTEE CROSSING TO LET OFF PASSENGERS WHO DO NOT WISH TO GO THROUGH.			
Tickets will be good to return until SEPT. 10th, inclusive, on all regular trains. No stop-off checks given, but passengers may use tickets to intermediate stations if desired.			



HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

HOTEL AND MANAGER	CAPACITY	RATE PER DAY	RATE PER WEEK
Helena	16	\$1.50	\$7.00
Man	25	1.50	7.00
Bay View	250	2.00	8.00-14.00
Howard	150	2.00	7.00-12.00
Inter Lake	80	1.50-2.00	4.00-6.00
Bellaire	30	1.00-1.50	4.00-6.00
Brownell	30	1.50	5.00-7.00
Chicago Resort	100	2.50	14.00
Belvedere	100	2.00	10.00-12.00
Fountain City	200	2.00	5.00-8.00
Noble	75	1.50	4.00-8.00
Englehardt	40	1.50	4.00-8.00
Lake View	100	2.00	10.00
Marshall	20	1.00	4.00-5.00
Orient	40	1.50	
Fountain Point	100	2.00	
Point	300	2.00-2.50	
Kenington	200	2.50-3.00	12.00-16.00
Globe	40	1.00-1.50	7.00-8.00
Emmet	40	1.00-1.50	5.00-7.00
The Neah-ta-wan-ta	100	2.00-2.50	10.00-12.00
Wau-ka-roo	40	2.00	7.00-10.00
Porter	15	1.00	3.00-4.00
Leelanau	225	2.00	10.00
Arlington	300	2.50-3.00	14.00-18.00
Cushman	200	2.00-3.00	10.00-14.00
Occidental	75	2.00	10.00-14.00
Clifton	50	1.00-1.50	7.00-10.00
National	80	1.00-1.50	6.00-8.00
Exchange	50	1.00-1.50	5.00-7.00
Petrie	75	1.00	5.00-7.00
Cass	50	1.00	7.00
Park	100	1.50	7.00-8.00
Oriental	170	2.00	7.00-10.00
Imperial	400	2.00-3.00	12.00-18.00
The Inn	100	2.50-3.00	14.00-18.00
Park Place	150	2.00-2.50	12.00-14.00
Shiloh	35	1.00	3.50-4.00
National	30	1.00-1.25	4.00
Front Street	50	1.00-1.25	4.00-4.50
Pangborne	25	1.00	4.00
Sunny Bank	12	1.10	4.00-5.00
Cottages	10	1.00	4.00
Traverse Point	30	1.50	8.00
We-que-ton-sing	100	2.00	7.00-12.00

The Fishermen's Paradise.

Between Charlevoix and Traverse City (a distance of sixty-five miles via the Chicago & West Michigan Ry.) there will be found more good fishing waters convenient to railroad facilities than anywhere else perhaps in the world. Starting at Charlevoix and ending at Elk Rapids there are more than A HUNDRED MILES OF CONTINUOUS LAKES, connected with one another by streams, excepting one portage of five miles between Ellsworth and East Jordan. All are alive with game fish of some kind, the list including Speckled Trout, Grayling, Black Bass, California Salmon, Pickerel, etc. The railroad penetrates the center of this region, and for forty miles runs along the shores of these rivers, lakes and streams.

**PINE LAKE**  
Is fifteen miles long and two to three miles wide. South Arm, a narrower lake which empties into the former, is eight miles long. These have good steamboats which ply regularly their entire length between Charlevoix and Boyne City on Pine Lake and East Jordan on South Arm.

**TROUT STREAMS.**  
Proceeding southward from Charlevoix, along the Chicago & West Michigan Ry. are Newman's Creek (Trout), Twin Lakes (Bass and Pickerel), Orr Creek (Trout).

**INTERMEDIATE CHAIN OF LAKES**  
In order as follows: Shoals, St. Claire, Hardy, White, Benway and Central. Flowing into or adjacent are Shoals' Creek, Eaton Lake, White and Mill Creeks. Only a mile west of the railway from Twenty-Six Lake to another succession of small lakes and connecting or contiguous streams, in order going southwardly, Herkimer, Mat-chett's, Lime, Mud, etc., and following on beyond will be found Mill Creek, which empties into White Lake, one of the intermediate chain referred to above.

**JORDAN RIVER**  
Said to be the most famous trout stream in the world, empties into South Arm at East Jordan, and is navigable for small boats a distance of twelve miles.

**ELK LAKE**  
Is nine miles long, and its waters empty into Grand Traverse Bay at Elk Rapids. It has an abundance of Bass and Mackinaw Trout; the bass being found in the neck connecting the lake with the bay; and the trout more particularly along the western shore. Several streams flow into Elk Lake at its southern end, passing within from one to three miles of Williamsburg. These are first class trout streams.

**BASS LAKE**  
Is located about half a mile north of Elk Rapids, and is one of the small bodies of water in which there is good bass and pickerel fishing.

**ROUND LAKE**  
Is three miles long and well stocked with Bass. It has quite a number of streams flowing into it, and which have trout, particularly the one which empties east of Sutherland's landing. Following this inland water route you pass through Torch River, a distance of two and one-half miles to Torch Lake. One of the famous trout streams of this region is Rapid River, which connects with Torch River near where it joins with Torch Lake. By boat from Elk Rapids is a convenient and picturesque route to the trout places on the Rapid River.

**TORCH LAKE**  
Is a charming body of water, surrounded by wooded hills and rocky ridges, presenting a picture that is not excelled for natural beauty in the country. It is eighteen miles long and about two miles wide, its northern end being parallel, and within a third of a mile of, but not connected with Grand Traverse Bay.

For fishing and boating this is a paradise. All the streams which give their waters to it, and they are many, abound in trout, which are to be had near the mouths of the streams. The railroad to Elk Rapids, and steamboat thence through Elk and Round Lakes, Torch River and Torch Lake; a boat ride of thirty-four miles, makes it possible to go into the very heart of this wilderness, any day of the week and with the minimum physical output.

Next in order is Clam Lake, four miles long, which connects Torch Lake with Grass Lake, and which latter is about five miles long and from one to two miles wide. Both these lakes have good stock of bass and pickerel.

Row boats may be secured in Elk Rapids at reasonable prices of Charles McLaughlin, put on steamer and dropped off where desired on either Elk, Round or Torch Lake, and picked up by the steamer on its return trip. The same party will supply boat, worms, minnows, crawfish, frogs, etc. Full stock of fishing tackle at Iron Co.'s store at Elk Rapids.

Don't  
Miss  
This  
Chance  
to  
Visit  
the  
North  
Country.  
The  
Expense  
will  
be very  
Slight  
for a few  
Days  
Pleasure.

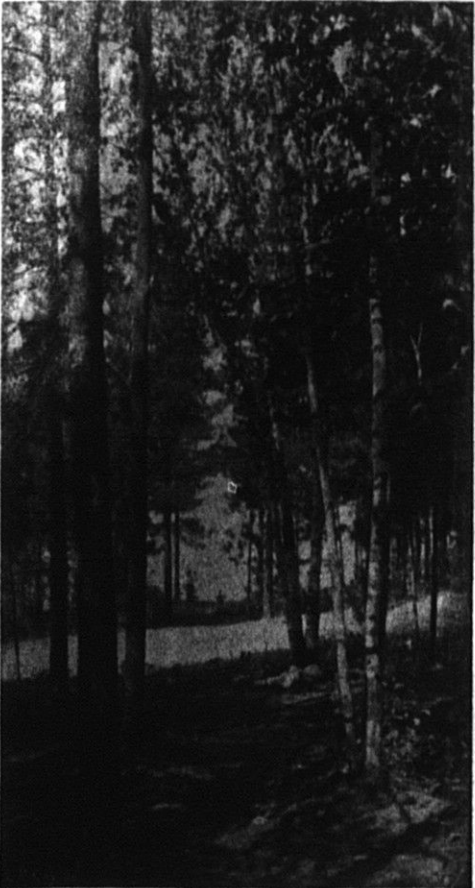
CHAS. M. HEALD, J. K. V. AGNEW,  
Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Supt.  
GEO. DEHAVEN,  
8-3-96. 759 Gen'l Pass. Agent.



Something about the  
Resort Region and  
Pictures of some  
Pleasant Places.

TRAVERSE CITY.

Traverse City, situated at the head of Grand Traverse Bay, is not only the commercial center of a great and prosperous lumber, fruit and agricultural region, but, what is more to the purposes of this publication, the place to leave the train for numerous summer resorts, and which are located on the shores of the bay and contiguous rivers and lakes. It is a pushing, go-ahead little city of 8,000 inhabitants. A very comfortable and comforting neighbor for Traverse Beach, Omena, Edgewood, Ne-ah-ta-wan-ta, Fountain Point and the numerous other summer places in this beautiful region, all of which are reached by drive or steamer.



EDGEWOOD.

(Post Office, Traverse City.)

Edgewood is reached by a three mile drive from Traverse City, up the west shore of the peninsula. And such a drive! Except, perhaps, the Cliff road at Monterey in California; the Newport boulevard, and the Riverside drive in New York, there is no successful competitor of the romantic carriage road which winds for miles up the peninsula of Traverse. It meanders along the shore of the bay—here almost touching the fussy surflet which murmuringly imitates, in miniature, the great lake's awful breakers; there penetrating a stretch of forest primeval wherein the sun's rays are subdued to Cathedral tints; now, a level stretch past cultivated fields, where fruits and flowers attest the care of man; again, within the artistic lights and shades of second growth, with here and there peeps of the beautiful bay and the distant shore, and all the way well kept with easy grades, graceful curves and smooth surface.

The comfortable cottages, situated within a stone's throw of the water's edge, are surrounded with a forest of pines, in which the wind sings always in low refrain. Here is the peace and rest of home; here are cool breezes in shady woodland nooks. The placid water floats many a tiny craft with its happy crew. Gay riding parties explore the winding woodland roads, or improve the many lovely drives which stretch themselves in all directions. Delicious fruits, for which this tongue of land has long been famous, are abundant.

Hay fever vanishes, and its victims find on the shores of Grand Traverse Bay a sure refuge. The several comfortable houses and cottages have a total capacity of one hundred and fifty persons.

OMENA

is twenty miles north of, and two hours ride by boat from Traverse City, on the west side of Grand Traverse Bay. It is situated on a high bluff, with geographical and climatic advantages as a summer resort unsurpassed. The air is cool and the soft and refreshing breezes from the bay and lake pure and invigorating. Beautiful Omena is almost surrounded by forests of maple, birch, pine, balsam and cedar, which give a peculiar tone to the air. It is anti malaria, anti-depression, anti-weakness or fatigue, and full of that inspiring wine of life which cheers, stimulates and makes the most faint-hearted look hopeful into the future. It is the mecca of all the malarial regions of the west. Omena is one of the most desirable places in the country for persons afflicted with hay fever, the atmosphere affording immediate relief. The advantages that Omena affords to those who delight in fishing, hunting or boating are equal to any point in Michigan, it being but a short distance from Bass Lake and Manseau's Mill, the paradise of the fisher, where black bass, pickerel, muskallonge and the smaller and less gamey fish are always found. Numerous trout streams in the neighborhood afford fine sport with the gamey speckled brook trout, while the main bay affords splendid deep water fishing for Mackinaw trout. There is no drifting, burning sand around Omena. The green grass and beautiful trees afford an attractive and restful view for the eyes. Omena Bay is a beautiful picture all the mid-summer days; a picture which changes from hour to hour, all the day through, and lovely always; its waters are as clear as crystal, and its clean and pebbly beach is inviting to the children and those who enjoy a ramble along the wave-washed shore.

NE-AH-TA-WAN-TA (Placid Waters.)

(Post Office, Traverse City.)

On a sub-peninsula from off Old Mission Peninsula is pretty Ne-ah-ta-wan-ta. The tract extends southward, with the waters of the west arm on the west and Bower's Harbor on the east. This means a good deal in the summer resort line, for it guarantees pure air, cool nights for sleeping—tempered waters of the harbor for bathing, perfect drainage, safe boating for the transient and inexperienced sailor and rower, etc.

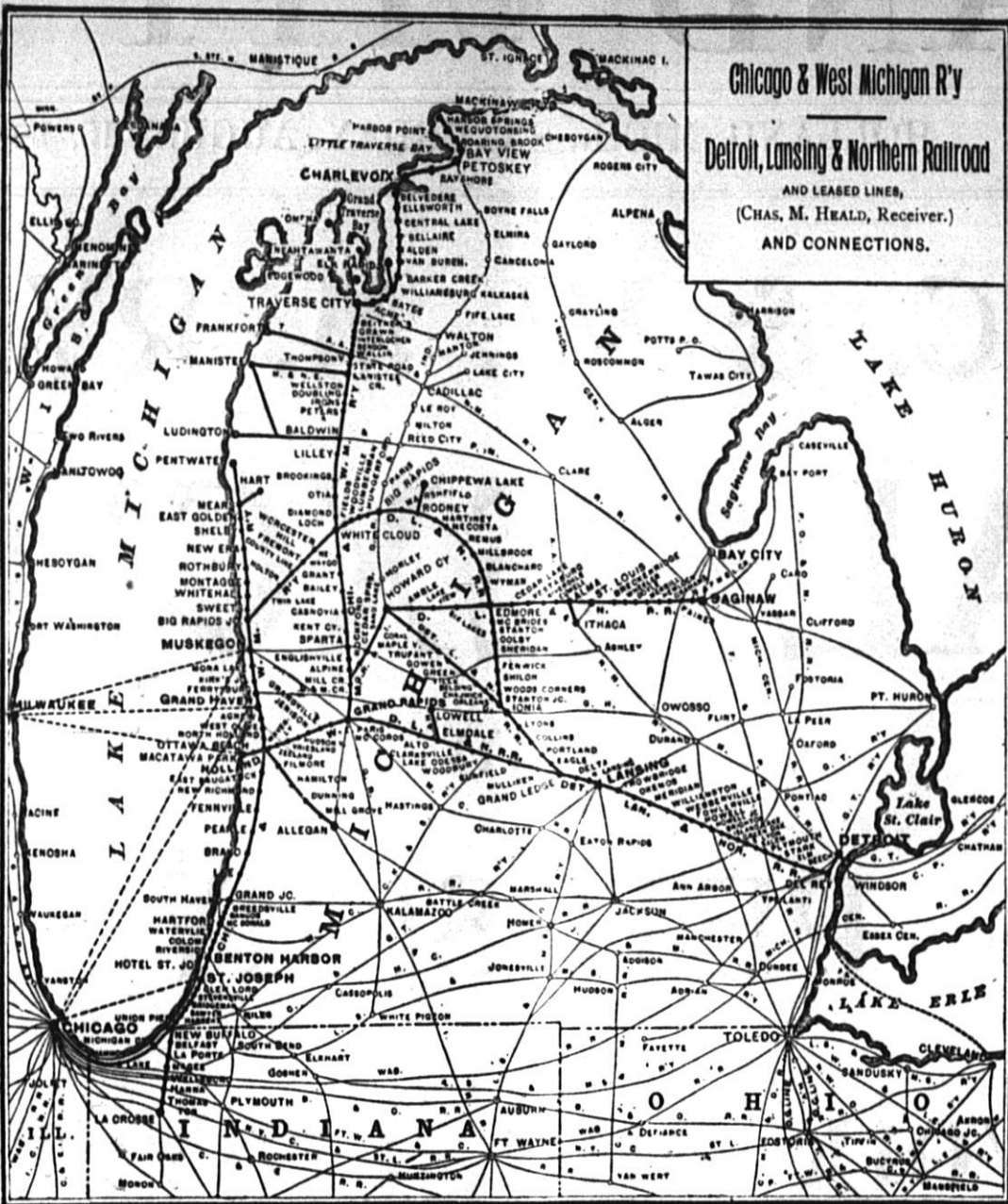


Keep in mind that it is only a ten-mile drive over one of the most beautiful roads in this country from a city (Traverse) of 8,000 inhabitants (with all that goes to make up modern business centers in the way of stores, banks, hotels, physicians, rail connections with the world at large), and that it is favored daily as a stopping-place for two steamers which ply regularly in this region, and it will at once be appreciated that Placid Waters, one of the youngest of the great Traverse resorts, is bound to be one of the greatest. The surface is high and rolling, nearly all covered with virgin forest trees—heavy growth of maple, birch and other hard woods. Soil is sandy gravelly loam, especially favored with ample springs of pure, soft water.

ELK RAPIDS.

Elk Rapids, like Traverse City, is the growing commercial center of a rich farming and timber region, the products of which have won the admiration of the world. It is on the east side of the east arm of Grand Traverse Bay, where Elk Lake empties into the latter. A thriving town of 2,000 inhabitants, with an enormous blast furnace and the largest wood alcohol works in the world.

About a dozen lakes in this vicinity, and accessible to Elk Rapids, afford unrivaled attractions for the canoeist and fisherman. All have flowing into them streams that abound in trout, and many of them have never been fished.



PETOSKEY.

"THE PEARL OF THE NORTH," as it has been aptly called, derives its name from old Ne-yas Pe-to-s-e-ga, the original owner of the land. He is commonly spoken of as "Chief Petoskey," and many of his descendants still reside in the vicinity. The name, which was Anglicised into Ignatius Petoskey, means "the break of day," when the sun touches the hill tops. It is very appropriate; for since it was first started twenty years ago, Petoskey has always been "up and dressed." It is the northern terminus of the C. & W. M. R'y and situated on the south shore of Little Traverse Bay, a beautiful sheet of water, bounded on the east by a semi-circle of silvery beach, backed by forest-topped sand dunes, and broadening gradually as its shores sweep westward some fifteen miles to the open expanse of Lake Michigan.

From the deck of an approaching steamer the city presents a striking appearance. The arc lights, which range from the water's edge to the crests of the encircling hills, two hundred and seventy feet above, gleam and flash through the darkness—a coronet of diamonds on the brow of night—and furnish a beacon for vessels far out upon the lake. By day one sees the main part of the town spread out upon the sides of a vast natural amphitheater in such a manner that its broad streets, parks and regular squares can be traced as though it were a map. As the tourist draws nearer he sees tall spires rising above the trees, handsome residences occupying every commanding point, and substantial business blocks attesting the thrift and prosperity of the place. The water front, instead of being the unsightly blemish which it is in most



cities, is a clean gravelly beach, the favorite resort of tourists watching with eager eyes for the coral and agates cast up by the restless waves. Immediately in front is a park, with flowers and fountains. At the left a precipitous limestone cliff overhangs the railroad that winds along its base, and at the right, Bear River hurries down the narrow gorge it has worn through the hills, turning the wheels of a dozen busy factories, and still fretting and murmuring over its work as it tumbles into the blue waters of the bay.

Boulevard streets, flanked by well-kept lawns in front of comfortable and attractive homes, rise from the beach so gradually that the visitor does not realize the elevation until he reaches the semi-circular crest which separates the manufacturing district from the principal business and residence portion of the town. Then, filling his lungs with the pure and bracing air, washed by its sweep across the waters, he turns his delighted eyes upon the beautiful city, the bay far below, its blue expanse flecked by dashes of white, the land-locked harbor on the opposite shore, the far-reaching wooded hills beyond, and out upon the broad bosom of Lake Michigan, where, forty miles away, Beaver Islands are distinctly seen, floating upon the hazy horizon.

Petoskey sunsets are among the special attractions of this famous resort. Nearly every evening in July and August upon the broad verandas of the hotels, and the porches and piazzas of boarding houses and private residences, hundreds of people sit watching the wide, watery, luminous west. Nowhere are such responsive skies. The shifting shades of crimson and orange and blue mount to the very zenith and play across the heavens like a borealis arch. A hundred windows burst into flame as the sun drops from behind a low lying cloud and sinks into the water—a glowing ball of fire. Silhouetted against the setting sun appears a distant sail, and row boats fleck the glowing path of gold that shimmers on the waves. Then the shadows deepen, the colors fade, the stars blossom "in the infinite meadows of heaven," and the purple twilight is laid like a benediction upon the bending hills.

Among points of interest to visitors at Petoskey are the Indian scalping ground, where prisoners were tortured to death centuries ago, and Marquette's trail, the path trod by the pious missionary over two hundred years since on his way to and from L'Arbre Croche. An artesian well of magnetic mineral water has such remarkable medicinal properties that the principal object of many yearly visitors is to drink the water and take the baths in the large mineral bath house. The Western Hay Fever Association of the United States, composed of "exiles" at different resorts, has its headquarters at Petoskey.

Petoskey is deservedly proud of its many excellent hotels, which, together with dozens of boarding houses, cater to all classes, from those of most expensive tastes to the most economical. The city has a complete sewerage system, and pure water is supplied from deep artesian wells by a splendid system of water works. The streets and parks are lighted with arc lights, and the business places and a large proportion of residences with incandescent electric lights. In short, Petoskey has all the up-to-date conveniences, the dummy trains taking the place of street cars.



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CHARLEVOIX—"The Beautiful."

Charlevoix, unlike most of the other Michigan resorts, is on Lake Michigan. It is around the bend as you follow northwardly the eastern coast line of Grand Traverse Bay; and it is also around the bend to the south as you follow the southern shore of Little Traverse Bay, starting from Petoskey. The advantage of this choice of location to the summer resident is at once apparent.

First, there is the town of Charlevoix, a prosperous center, with twenty-two hundred permanent residents, mills, factories, banks, stores, city water works and considerable shipping. Its business district is situated on a narrow strip of high bluffs which separate Round Lake from Lake Michigan, and through the center of which flows Pine River, connecting the waters of the two. Round Lake—but a short distance from Lake Michigan—is a natural basin of great depth, almost circular in shape and about a half mile in diameter. This latter is separated from Pine Lake by a formation similar to that referred to above, and the waters of these two connected by a similar but shorter channel. The surface of the earth all around these shores is in natural terraces of four levels; that at the water level of Round Lake is taken up with warehouses, mills, wharves, boat houses, steamboat landings, etc. On the three higher levels are built the residences, each plane being sufficiently above the next lower one to afford commanding views, and also a wonderfully effective perspective. Pine Lake, one of the most beautiful lakes in Michigan, lies immediately adjoining Round Lake to the east and its sandy beach, three miles in length, is the eastern boundary of the town. The terraces which rise from this splendid beach, as elsewhere in this vicinity, have been retained and summer residences built thereon, making a beautiful display of architecture and landscape effects. It will be noted that within its entire width of about a mile Charlevoix has the unlimited beach of Lake Michigan as its western line, and three miles of sandy shore of Pine Lake as the eastern; and, in between, an almost circular lake with communication for large vessels from and to all three; and, rising from all these, natural terraces, each of which is of enough depth for purposes of residences and ample grounds surrounding.

Next, there is the Charlevoix Resort, frequently referred to as the Kalamazoo Resort, because of its being largely patronized and promoted by Kalamazoo people. This occupies a tract south of the river on the terraces overlooking Round and Pine Lakes, and embraces a good hotel and one hundred cottages.

Then there is Chicago Resort, which is what its name indicates, the summer home of Chicago people. They have a hotel and numerous cottages, and own a considerable tract on the north side of the river and similarly on the terraces overlooking the two lakes.

The tracks of the "West Michigan" Railway extend along the sandy beach of Pine Lake the entire length, crossing the river via a draw-bridge. The main station is built on the Chicago Resort side of the river, and an additional station on the south side in front of the Kalamazoo Resort.

The latter station is known as Belvedere, and a post office of that name is maintained in the hotel during the summer.

BAY VIEW.

One mile north of Petoskey, and reached therefrom by rail every fifteen minutes, is Bay View, of Assembly and Summer University fame. It rises among

the terraced groves at the head of Little Traverse Bay, and is at once one of the most beautiful and interesting summer resorts in all the world. It was founded only eighteen years ago. To day it is an elegant and well-built summer city of over four hundred cottages besides hotels and the seven beautiful halls of the assembly and university. Ample parks and play-grounds have been laid out. All the grounds are supplied with water from the cold springs and lighted at night—in fact everything has been done to make this favored spot an ideal watering-place. It claims special advantages from its easy accessibility by rail or water, and its close proximity to Petoskey, as well as the resorts around the bay. Summer trains and boats leave the grounds every fifteen minutes, affording many pleasant excursions. The resort is quite cosmopolitan, and although once strongly Methodist, it has become, by a fraternal spirit and management, now almost equally marked in its inter-denominational characteristics—a feature which is very attractive to everybody. Tourists invariably comment on the pleasant cottage life, the excellent society, as well as the fine views of the bay and opposite shores, at Bay View.



HARBOR POINT.

Harbor Point is a "next door neighbor" to Harbor Springs—being located on the narrow peninsula which separates the harbor from Little Traverse Bay. It belongs to an association of cottage and lot owners, and the aid rendered by art to the natural advantages of the spot, makes it one of the loveliest bits of ground in the whole region. It is well shaded with forest trees, and has a fine water frontage on both the bay and harbor. The association has no denominational basis, but was formed and is maintained as a purely civil society, with no other object than to beautify the surroundings and make pleasant the summer life of its members. There is a splendid new hotel at Harbor Point.

HARBOR SPRINGS.

Harbor Springs is located on the north side of Little Traverse Bay, or rather in a small land-locked harbor formed by Harbor Point, a narrow peninsula projecting into the bay and enclosing a surface of a mile in length and a half mile in width. The shore is a pebbly beach washed by waters of crystal-like purity, in which small objects are clearly discernible on the bottom at depth ranging from thirty to fifty feet. Along the water's edge large springs gush up streams of water clear as air and only twelve or fifteen degrees above freezing point. Its pure spring water and well known bracing and exhilarating atmosphere attract visitors from all parts of the country.

WE-QUE-TON-SING.

About a mile east of Harbor Springs, and seven miles from Petoskey is the Presbyterian resort known as We-que-ton-sing, after the Indian name of the harbor, which has been translated as "Harbor-of-rest." Here is indeed a quiet harbor, and the location one from which fine views are to be had of Harbor Springs, Harbor Point, Bay View, Petoskey, the bay and Lake Michigan beyond. It is developing finely and each year adds to its already liberal capacity in hotels and cottages and in other facilities which are necessary for the furthering of the plans of the association.

ROARING BROOK.

This, the newest of the summer resorts in the Petoskey region, is next door to We-que-ton-sing, or about five miles from Bay View. Tract contains 138 acres, with a frontage on water of half a mile.

"The Inn" is located 100 feet above the water, immediately adjoining a wild, romantic forest, commanding a superb view of Little Traverse Bay and its surroundings, an ideal spot for restful recreation. A mecca for hay fever sufferers. The house is new and elegantly furnished; rooms large and airy; elegant dining hall and parlors, with wide verandas. All points in the vicinity easily reached by rail or water. Conveyances to and from the dock and station every few minutes, free to guests.

"The outlook from the high ground at Roaring Brook is charming, and from the Inn the view is unsurpassed. Beneath and southward, a forest fresh and green, with bubbling springs and mossy brooks, inviting thither the seeker after a cool retreat; a magnificent bay dotted with ferries, sailing craft and floating palaces, and westward, little towns, a quiet harbor and a great lake."





## Whew!

It's hot but they keep us at work. Wonder why it is? We'll tell you. It is because we're doing the finest watch work, etc., ever done in the city. We have also got a new stock. Come I see it.

## Hardie THE JEWELER.

### Peoples' Party County Convention.

The Peoples' Party of Ottawa County will hold their county convention at Grand Haven on Saturday, August 22, 1896, at 11 a. m. Every Populist of the county is urgently requested to attend the primaries to elect delegates to this convention, as steps will be taken there to unite the entire free silver element of this county on one ticket. Other very important business will be transacted.

Delegates will be notified of the place of meeting on their arrival at Grand Haven.

W. BAUMGARTEL, Chair.  
M. VANDER HEIDE, Sec.  
Holland, Aug. 10, 1896.

### Democratic Free Silver Caucus.

A Democratic Free Silver caucus will be held in the townhouse of the township of Holland, on Wednesday, August 19, 1896, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating delegates to the county convention to be held at Grand Haven Aug. 22. A good attendance is requested. All persons interested in the Free Silver cause are hereby invited to attend.

By order of the Township Committee.  
D. MIEDEMA, Chair.  
JOHN WESTENBRACK, Sec.  
HOLLAND, Aug. 12, 1896.

### People's City Caucus.

A People's Party Caucus, in the city of Holland, is hereby called on Tuesday evening, Aug. 18, 1896, at 8 o'clock at Knights of Labor hall, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Populist County convention, to be held at Grand Haven August 22, 1896, and transact such other business as properly may come before it.

H. DAMSON, Chairman.  
M. VAN DER HEIDE, Sec'y.

### The Murderer at the Bar.

The all-absorbing feature at this week's session of the Circuit court is the trial of Ray Coates and Alice M. Lawrence for the murder of Enos W. Lawrence. The People are represented by Prosecuting Attorney A. Visscher and G. J. Diekema. The usual application for a separate trial having been made and granted, the court assigned W. I. Lillie as counsel for Coates, and George A. Farr as counsel for Mrs. Lawrence. Coates was placed first on trial, and on Tuesday the empanelling of a jury was ordered. The original panel not being sufficient an additional list of talismen was ordered. Wednesday forenoon the full number of "good and true men" was secured, and the twelve who are to pass upon the fate of Ray Coates are:

Eugene Fellows, Robinson.  
Henry Kettle, Polkton.  
Martin Easterly, Crockery.  
Warren Saunders, Crockery.  
Charles Hunter, Crockery.  
Herbert A. Taylor, Crockery.  
E. F. Tuxbury, Polkton.  
A. C. Muzzall, Polkton.  
Chauncey Storrs, Polkton.  
August Bushman, Polkton.  
De Witt Hooper, Wright.  
Willis Buck, Wright.

The jury is in the immediate charge of Deputy Sheriff Reed. They are quartered in the supervisor's room, which is roomy and airy and provided with cots, and are taken to the Cutler House for their meals.

The opening argument to the jury was made by Mr. Diekema. He narrated the event and the facts which the People by their witnesses expected to establish. The first two days at the trial were taken up with the following witnesses: Fred E. Noble, who was first to discover the body of Lawrence in Black river; Albert Keppel, deputy sheriff, who drew the body on the shore, and gave a description of its condition; J. Alberti, the undertaker; Jay Cochran, a friend of the murdered man, who identified the corpse; Lorenzo Lawrence, brother to Enos, who also identified the murdered man and a hatchet introduced in evidence as one that belonged to Enos; Mrs. M. Hoeker, who lives on River street and heard the outcry at midnight, the hour the fatal blow is supposed to have been dealt; Dr. O. E. Yates, the coroner who held the inquest; Drs. H. Kremers and A. Knoolhuizen, who held the autopsy; Mrs. Alice Van Dyk and her husband Hans Van Dyk, next door neighbors, who testified as to what they had noticed about the premises before and after the day of the murder; Jacob Fileman, who took the inventory of the household goods and gave the circumstances connected with the disposal thereof, and of the horse and wagon; and Mrs. J. Fileman, who bought the furniture of Mrs. Lawrence and the horse of Ray Coates.

The testimony of all of the above witnesses developed nothing new beyond what is already known in connection with the murder of Enos W. Lawrence, as published in the News at the time.

Following Mrs. Fileman was Char-

Kelly. He is 16 years of age, works in the Holland furniture factory and testified that he saw Ray Coates on Friday, April 3, the day before registration, on the Grand Haven bridge. It was in the afternoon; I was fishing. Saw Coates sinking a line on the east side of the bridge, pulling it up and down. Saw him do the same thing on the west side. There was a small piece of iron attached to the end of the line that was in the water. I spoke to Coates and he said, the water is not deep here, it must be a good place for pickerel. The line looked like a chalk line. The body of Lawrence was found at the same spot where I had seen Coates sounding the water.

The next witness was Mrs. Anna Gillet. She resides on the Lake Shore, and spent the larger part of last winter in the city with her 14-year-old son, who went to school then. She had a room on the second floor of



ENOS W. LAWRENCE.

the house; had known the family well for years, and was on the best of terms with Alice Lawrence. Enos worked in the factory (witness described from a diagram the room she occupied and those occupied by Ray and Alice). Ray was stopping at the house all the time I was there, from October to March, doing nothing only washing dishes occasionally. The first three weeks I was there I spent most of my time downstairs, helping Alice; but after that I moved upstairs. I saw too much hugging and kissing between Ray and Alice, and it disgusted me. They were very affectionate, more like lovers than like brother and sister. This was going on a great deal of the time, but always when Lawrence was not present.

The witness thereupon, much against her desire and protest, but in the interest of the People, disclosed a revolting state of intimacy between these two people, including the varied degrees of illicit relations up to and including adultery, the details of which cannot be reproduced here. In the woodshed the places intended for windows had either been boarded up or covered with blankets, and it is there that much of their time was spent in the afternoons. The doors of some of the rooms not closing, witness overheard many conversations that passed between them. At one time she heard Ray say in the presence of Alice, "I'll kill him yet." This was in the pantry, where the two, more than once, were seen in a compromising position. One night Alice and her husband had trouble. Lawrence said that Ray should leave. The next day Alice repeated this to Ray. Said Ray: "If I had my hand around his neck I would strangle him." At another time Ray told witness of a quarrel between Enos and Alice, and that he (Ray) had kept his hands off for the reason that his hatred of Enos was so great that he might take his life. Witness at another time overheard Alice say to Ray: "You must not hurt him yet, but we must hold him down until April." She also heard the name of Abbie, the 12-year-old daughter, men-



RAYMOND COATES.

tioned, and Ray saying that he considered it doubtful whether Abbie could keep still, and that she was undesirable to have around; "then Abbie would disappear and no one would be the wiser," was one of the expressions witness remembered having heard on this occasion. During the winter Enos got up first, at 5 o'clock, got his breakfast and then left for the shop. After he was gone Alice would go to where Ray slept and remain there a while; this happened often. Witness heard Ray threaten that if Lawrence should send him away it would cost

him (Lawrence) in doctor bills more than double what the board was worth.

The cross-examination of Mrs. Gillet was continued at great length and was quite an ordeal. After the witness had once entered upon a recital of last winter's observations she became more reconciled to the situation and answered as best she could. Her son, during the first part of the winter, had taken a few violin lessons from Ray. The hugging and kissing commenced shortly after she went there. What struck my attention first that something might be wrong, was the neglect of the children and of Mr. Lawrence. When I first got there I got breakfast for Mr. Lawrence, and otherwise helped Alice in her work, but I quit this because I wouldn't be imposed upon. While Alice plead illness, I found her well enough to be carrying on with Ray. I then took to my own room and got my own meals. I never told Enos Lawrence about this because I thought he had trouble enough. Am sorry now that I didn't. One time I had a conversation with Alice, told her she was neglecting Mr. Lawrence and her children, and that she neglected herself. When Lawrence told his wife that Ray should leave, that he wasn't able to keep him, she replied that he (Ray) would not go away; that she thought she done sewing enough to make that up. Another conversation between the two that I remember was when I heard Enos tell his wife, "I've done wrong, and you have done wrong, and let us forgive." Alice had told Ray of this. "You are jealous of Ray and he is my own brother," was a reproach once made by Alice to witness; in reply to which witness said, "Were it not that you and Ray are brother and sister, I would consider your conduct subject to grave suspicion; you can't blame Enos for feeling the way he does."

Witness cited other conversations with the parties, and knowing of the antecedents of their father and the relations he had sustained with his own sister and niece, she began to fear that Ray and Alice were chips of the old block, and then concluded to leave the place. "It took more to convince me that something was wrong here, between brother and sister, than it would between a man and a woman that were not related."

Verdie Gillet, husband of the last witness, and who also spent a part of the winter on the premises, corroborated much of what she had testified. He was succeeded on the stand by Mrs. Jennie Goodrow, a neighbor on Seventh street, and who, having been called in at one time by reason of illness of Mrs. Lawrence, could not fail to observe a degree of undue familiarity between the two—Ray and Alice—even if they were brother and sister.

Rev. P. De Bruyn, pastor of the First Reformed church of Grand Haven, was next called to establish the marriage, as motive for the commission of the crime. The defence objected on the ground that it had taken place after the alleged murder. The court reserved its ruling until Friday morning.

Frank Van Ry was the last witness sworn on Thursday and gave the particulars of the capture and arrest of Ray and Alice in the woods near Kalkaska.

The trial is largely attended. It is expected that the evidence will all be in this (Friday) evening, and the arguments made on Saturday.

During the examination of the physicians the skull of the murdered man was placed in evidence, showing a fracture of 2x3 inches on the left and a crack of several inches running upward and backward.

Ray Coates and his sister Alice are in good health. They have gained in weight since their incarceration in the county jail.

Geo. A. Farr, who will defend Alice, follows the trial close. Judging from present indications her case will not be called until after the civil jury cases have all been disposed of.

GRAND HAVEN, 2:00 p. m.—The court this morning admitted the evidence of Rev. P. De Bruyn, establishing the fact of the marriage between Ray Coates and Mrs. Lawrence, ten days after the murder. Sheriff Keppel and Deputy Sheriff Van Ry were the last witnesses sworn, when the People rested their case.

The first witness for the defense was Abbie Lawrence, and she is on the stand at this writing.

Sufficient has been developed to indicate that the line of defense will be self-defense, and that Ray Coates will take the stand as a witness in his own behalf.

Judging from present indications the taking of testimony will not be completed to-day.

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Purges the system  
and cures all  
coughs, colds, and  
fevers.

### WONDERFUL INDUSTRY.

A Wisconsin Man Has Worked Ten Years on Fifteen Cabinets.

Out in the wilds of Wisconsin in the little rural village of Martintown, Green county, lives one of the most industrious men of the century, says the New York World. He is Peter Haase, a cabinet-maker. Ten years ago he conceived the idea and perfected plans in detail of the most ingenious and elaborate combination bookcase and writing cabinet in the world. Having saved enough money to support him the remainder of his life, he began the construction of not only one of these cabinets but of 15, finishing a certain part of each at the same time before advancing farther.

The cabinets are inlaid with all of the native woods, the boards having been in his shop seasoning for over 18 years. When completed the 15 cabinets will contain 4,000,000 pieces of wood. Some idea of the time required for the completion of this undertaking may be had by knowing that it would take a man working eight hours a day one year to simply sort and count a million pieces, many of which will have to be handled 20 times by Mr. Haase before being permanently adjusted. The top of each cabinet is to contain 17,000 pieces and each of the posts 4,000. The aged workman figures that it will take him six years to finish his work and the 15 pieces of furniture will be completed at the same time.

Mr. Haase is 71 years of age, but hale, hearty and full of hope and determination to complete this wonderful work, to which he applies himself enthusiastically every workday. His patience and perseverance are remarkable. He counts on each cabinet being worth \$5,000—\$75,000 for the lot—when completed, and believes that investing his time in making them will prove more profitable than spending his money on life insurance would have been.

### THE PEASANT'S FRIENDS.

An American Fable Whose Moral Will Be Appreciated by Politicians.

One day the owl remarked to the crow that the peasant who had lately moved into the cottage beyond the wood was a good fellow and the crow passed the word to the jackdaw and the jackdaw to the parrot, says the Detroit Free Press. Then the fox wanted to know what was up, and, being duly informed, he took it upon himself to inform the other wild animals of the forest, and pretty soon it was—

"Resolved, That the peasant being a good fellow, we will visit him and prove our good will."

In due time there was a great gathering of birds and beasts, and at a signal each one cried out and applauded in his own peculiar way. Things were mightily lively and the assemblage was flattering itself that it was doing the proper thing in a proper way when the peasant appeared, with his hair standing up and his eyes hanging out, and exclaimed:

"Ah! Lack-a-day, but what in Texas is all this row about?"

"We have come to show our friendship for a bully boy," was the chorus.

"Had you come as enemies I would have brought out my shotgun and protected myself, but now, alas! I am helpless and undone."

Moral—The man "in the hands of his friends" may be pitted even by his enemies.

### TRAVELS OF A BULLET.

Missed a Buck, But Jumped Two Hills and Wounded a Man.

R. H. Campbell, of the Madras civil corps, tells of an incident which came under his official notice as magistrate of Hosan, Madras, says the New York Recorder. A European was hunting black buck on a hillside when he got a shot with his Martini-Henry carbine. The result of the shot taught him a lesson about the dangers of long-range bullets.

In a valley, 1,500 yards away, beyond two rather high hills and a little pond, a native was standing with his head bowed and hands clasped behind his back. The bullet broke the wrist of his hand. In the investigation that followed the course of the bullet was traced accurately. In firing at the antelope the bullet had hit a stone on the hillside and gone bounding over and over the first hill. At the next hill another place where the bullet struck was found. Here the bullet leaped up into the air, almost perpendicularly, and when it came down in the rice field it hit the man's wrist, broke the bone, cut a gash in his body and then dropped to the ground, a spent ball. The most dangerous bullet, save the one in a so-called isn't loaded gun, is the one that goes ricocheting through air.

### Cloves for the Breath.

"I believe that the habit of eating spice of one kind and another which drinking men acquire," said a physician in the Venetian building the other day, "is almost as bad as the drink habit itself. No well-regulated barroom is considered equipped nowadays unless it has on the bar a tray filled with cloves, allspice, cinnamon, lemon peel, calamus, or other pungent condiments. The original idea of supplying these things seems to have been to take away the liquor smell from the drinker's breath, but nine out of ten who eat these things do it because it goes with the drink, and they want all they can get for their money. In this way the spice habit is easily formed. These spices act as powerful irritants, and produce evils of various sorts. Peppercorns have a debilitating effect on the system, cinnamon depresses the action of the heart, and calamus has a bad effect on the liver."

### Pigmy Elephants.

In the vicinity of Malta is the only place where remains of the pigmy elephant have been discovered. There are several places on the island where these remains have been unearthed, but particularly in the caves and in the muck and marl of the coast. One specimen, which is known to have been full grown at the time of his demise by the state of his teeth, was no taller or larger than a Newfoundland dog.

### As Good as Gold.

The charge is often made by the advocates of free silver coinage that the Republican convention at St. Louis shifted from the ground upon which the party has stood, and enunciated a new principle on the currency question. Let us see. As early as 1861 the government made an issue of treasury demand notes, which were received by the government for all dues, but which were at first refused by bankers, railroads and merchants. In order that they might not be in any way discredited a circular was issued, stating that they would be redeemed in coin at any of the sub-treasuries, and Gen. Scott issued an order to the army in the field, stating that the troops would be paid in part in these notes, but that the notes were "as good as gold in all banks and government offices throughout the United States." Aside from the subsidiary coinage, gold was the only coin then in use, and the wording of Gen. Scott's order shows that the Republican administration of that time meant gold when it said "coin."

In urging the passage of the act of 1873 the director of the mint gave as a reason that the silver dollar had been practically out of circulation for 40 years, and that act simply recognized in law what had for that long period been the standard in fact, the gold standard. Again in 1880 the Republican platform, upon which Garfield was elected, gave as one of the acts for which the Republican party deserved commendation that it had raised the paper currency of our country to "the par of gold."

The platform of 1884 made this declaration: "We have always recommended the best money known to the civilized world, and we urge that efforts should be made to unite all commercial nations in the establishment of an international standard, which shall fix for all the relative value of gold and silver coinage"; and that, though with different wording, is practically the same ground as that taken in the platform of 1896.

The party has always recognized gold as the standard. It has never favored the free coinage of silver, but only such use of that metal as was consistent with its being maintained at par with gold. It was under this policy, united with that of protection, that we had the prosperous times from 1888 to 1892, and it is this policy combined with a return to protection and reciprocity that will give us prosperous times again.

The following timely words are from an address to Governor McKinley at his home in Canton by several hundred visiting women from Cleveland, O.: "We know that when you enter at the door of the White House, peace and comfort will enter at our doors; that when you receive your heritage by the decree of a grateful people, our husbands and fathers will receive the fruits of their industry, and the heart of the wife and mother will be made glad. When the husband lacks work, the wife knows and feels it, though she will still cheer and comfort; when the factory fires are out, the fire on the hearth burns low; when the spindle ceases to turn, poverty and hunger stalk through the streets by day; when the anvil no longer rings, misery and wailing brood in the home by night. Every woman has a living interest in the money question. If our husbands earn the money, we spend and intend to spend it. Every thrifty woman wants her few dollars to have as great a purchasing power as possible, to be worth 100 cents, not 50; to be convertible into 20 pounds of sugar, not 10."

If there was any such scarcity of money or any such profit in national bank circulation as is often represented the issue of such notes would be much larger than it is. According to the statements just published four of the national banks of Detroit, which are authorized to issue \$1,800,000 in notes, have only \$166,630 out. The national banks of the whole country, with an authorized circulation of \$591,421,948, had at the time of their last compiled statements, only \$182,481,610 in actual circulation. If there was any such lack of currency as to make the circulation profitable the banks would issue more of it. The disease of the times is not a scarcity of money but a scarcity of business. The remedy is not a free silver solution but the tonic effect of a protective tariff, with reciprocity treaties.

During the four years of President Harrison's administration with a protective tariff to furnish income, the public debt was reduced \$244,819,730. Under the present Democratic administration, with the Wilson tariff in operation a part of the time, the debt increased in three years, \$262,329,630. It is no wonder that the government has had to sell bonds and buy gold. The banks have had plenty of specie, and until within a month have paid it out freely. It is only the government that is cornered on gold, and that mainly because its expenses exceed its income.

In the silver convention at St. Louis, Judge C. R. Scott, of Omaha, said: "Oh, God, send pestilence, disease, war and famine among us, but, oh God, deliver us from another four years of that man Cleveland." The judge is consistent. Paying wages in a fifty-cent dollar would come mighty near bringing famine to the homes of many wage earners.

Two men were shot and three seriously cut as a result of a free-for-all election fight at Cloverdale, Ala. Nearly 50 men participated in the fight, which lasted nearly an hour.

Fifty more men have been laid off by the Cleveland Cliff Mining Co. at Ishpeming. Further reductions are expected. The Champion mine is also expected to close down this month, throwing out about 350 men.

### MOURNING ON MEN'S HATS.

Prevalence of the Custom and Various Degrees of Grief Indicated.

The custom among men of wearing mourning upon the hat is increasing in its observance rather than decreasing. Crape, however, which was formerly exclusively used for this purpose, has now been almost entirely supplanted by bombazine. Years ago it was customary to sew on a row of tiny black beads, set at a little distance apart, along the seam of the band where it was joined at the side, but this is now very rarely done. There is now put on around the hat over the lower edge of the band, where it meets the brim, a narrow silk ribbon to make a finish.

For loss of wife the band of mourning worn upon a silk hat is carried to within an eighth of an inch of the top; for the loss of a parent the band is carried to within an inch of the top; for relatives other than wife or parent, the band is worn three-quarters the height of the hat.

The mourning band for a silk hat is specially fitted to it and made for it; for straw hats and for soft hats an English cloth band is provided, which can be slipped down over the crown of the hat.

### The "Feminist" Congress.

At the international "feminist" congress which was held in Paris last month Mme. Maria Pogon was proposed as president, whereupon Mme. Leonie Rouzard rose and said that there were some lady doctors present who should have precedence over the mistress of a lodging-house. That made trouble, and Mme. Rouzard was so sore beset that she arose again, and exclaimed: "Do not insult me; my husband is here, and he is a member of a municipal council." This appeal to the tyrant man utterly scandalized the delegates, and an uproar ensued, which is said to have had a disastrous effect upon the nerves of the audience.

### HEIRS TO A THRONE.

Early Exploits of the Two Sons of the Archduke Karl Ludwig.

Two young Austrian princes, who, by the death of their father, Archduke Charles Louis, are brought into the line of immediate succession, bear a popular ill-repute which would have been excessive even in the Munich or Stuttgart of a generation ago, says the Saturday Review. Both are reputed to be unable to read and write correctly any one of the languages in which an Austrian ruler is supposed to be proficient.

After the suicide of Archduke Rudolph, in 1889, an effort was made to train the mind of the elder of these cousins, Archduke Francis Ferdinand. He was sent on a tour around the world, and the pretense was carried to the length of issuing a record of observations which he was said to have written. All that he really derived from the journey was a malady from which he is now slowly dying.

He is the prince who scandalized Vienna in his youth by halting a peasant funeral procession which he met whithering, and compelling the mourners to hold the bier while he leaped his horse backward and forward over the coffin. His uncle, the emperor, thrashed him with a stick for this exploit, although he was at the time a grown man and an officer in the army. His brother Otto is the hero of another exploit, involving a public insult of the grossest kind to his own wife, for which the Austrians were delighted to learn that he also felt the emperor's cane.

In explanation, though not in defense, of their vicious worthlessness, it is remembered that these young men inherit not only the worst qualities of the degenerated Hapsburg blood, but are grandsons of that criminal lunatic whom Englishmen still remember—the Neapolitan "Bomba."

### Strange Requirements.

The Neue Wiener Tagblatt, of Germany, prints the strange will of a wealthy and eccentric old man who lately died. "I give all my property," he says, "to my six nephews and six nieces, but under the sole condition that every one of my nephews marries a woman named Antonie, and that every one of my nieces marries a man named Anton." The 12 are further required to give the Christian name Antonie or Anton to each first-born child, according as it turns out to be boy or girl. The marriage of each nephew and niece is also to be celebrated on one of the St. Anthony's days, either January 17, May 10 or June 13. Each is further required to be married before the end of July, 1896. Any nephew or niece remaining unmarried to an Antonie or an Anton after that date forfeits half of his or her share of the property.

### Naming the Baby.

A mother recently said to her five-year-old daughter: "What shall we name the baby, sister?" "Call her Early, mamma; that's a pretty name." "Early! That's not a girl's name." "Oh, yes, it is. Don't you remember you read to me about the little girl who was to be May queen, and who wanted her mother to call her Early?"

### Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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## The News Condensed.

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### DOMESTIC.

Frances Thurman, aged 34 years, professionally known as "Mile. Zoe," was drowned at Curtis Bay, near Baltimore, while performing an aerial feat.

Fifty persons were overcome by the heat in Chicago and one case proved fatal, that of J. B. Lapham, a leather dealer, aged 73 years.

William Murray died at Richmond, Va., from being overcome with the heat. He was, in 1870, the champion amateur oarsman of the United States.

During a thunderstorm in Omaha, Neb., Mrs. Zykora, Fred Moyer and Leroy Carter were killed by lightning.

Eddie Hurd, aged two years, had his head bitten off by a lion at a show in Chillicothe, O.

John Glass, of Buffalo, N. Y., holder of the world's record for dressing a steer, cut down the record from five minutes 58 seconds to 4 minutes 44 1/2 seconds.

The American national bank at New Orleans closed its doors.

C. H. Fargo & Co., wholesale dealers in and manufacturers of boots and shoes in Chicago failed with liabilities of \$335,000 and assets of \$500,000.

A cyclone struck Swayzee, Ind., where a fair was in progress, and two men were killed and several injured.

The Park theater, Trugby's museum and other buildings were destroyed by fire at Niagara Falls, N. Y., and seven persons were burned to death. The property loss is \$250,000.

George W. Hankins, once the king of Chicago gamblers, and lately interested in horse racing, made an assignment and turned over property valued at \$1,300,000 to settle his debts.

In Missouri Conkling Bros. banking house at Nevada and the banks at Bronaugh and Richards were all closed by the sheriff.

The Christian brothers' outlaw gang raided the town of Cummings, O. T., and killed the family of Rev. T. C. Raymond, consisting of his wife and three daughters.

Boyd, Parley & Co., carpet dealers in Philadelphia, failed for \$250,000.

At the races in Columbus, O., Robert J. paced the fourth and deciding heat of the free-for-all race in 2:02 1/2, which is the fastest fourth heat ever paced.

By a decision handed down by Judge Adams, chief justice of the supreme court of the Creek nation in Oklahoma, the names of over 1,700 negroes are stricken from the rolls of citizenship of the nation.

There were 269 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 7th, against 281 the week previous and 209 in the corresponding period of 1895.

One man was killed and two were fatally injured in a fire at Swift's packing plant in Kansas City that caused a loss of \$100,000.

The American line steamer St. Louis made the trip from Liverpool to New York in 6 days 5 hours and 32 minutes, breaking all previous records.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 7th aggregated \$911,997,784, against \$811,433,203 the previous week. The decrease compared with the corresponding week in 1895 is 6.4.

The Lake county bank at East Chicago, Ind., suspended payment.

Charles Thiede was hanged at Salt Lake City for murdering his wife April 30, 1894, and Claud Hoover was executed at Omaha, Neb., for killing Samuel Dubois, his brother-in-law.

Robert Hopper and Mattie Johnson were murdered and robbed by five negroes near Harrodsburg, Ky.

At a church social and picnic in Fort Scott, Kan., over 75 persons were poisoned by eating ice cream and several would die.

At Nashville, Ill., Thomas J. Rogers, aged 64, killed his aged wife by cutting her throat and then killed himself. No cause is known.

Willie Auxler and Joe Enright, both ten years old, were drowned in the river at Atlantic, Ia., while bathing.

The entire family of James Pitt, seven in number, were struck by lightning near Riverview, a Chicago suburb, and three were fatally injured.

The Ingham county savings bank at Lansing, Mich., closed its doors with liabilities of \$144,000.

The percentage of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 9th is as follows: Baltimore, .693; Cincinnati, .691; Cleveland, .640; Chicago, .583; Pittsburgh, .556; Boston, .539; Brooklyn, .461; Philadelphia, .449; New York, .411; Washington, .402; St. Louis, .308; Louisville, .250.

Intense heat prevailed throughout the country and many deaths from sun-strokes were reported in Chicago, St. Louis, New York and other places.

Six men lost their lives in a freight wreck on the Rock Island road near Leighton, Ia.

A cloudburst at Bolivar, O., flooded the village and did great damage.

The Delta Lumber company at Detroit, Mich., filed mortgages aggregating \$500,000 to protect creditors.

The works of the Trenton (N. J.) Fire Clay and Porcelain company were burned, the loss being \$150,000, and Charles Woods, a fireman, was killed by falling walls.

John R. Gentry, the pacing stallion who holds the world's record, reduced that record on the track at Columbus, O., from 2:03 1/2 to 2:03 1/4.

The entire business portion of Jordan, Tenn., has been destroyed by fire.

Every town along the Great Northern railroad in North Dakota from Grady to Larimore was damaged by a storm, the loss to crops alone being immense.

Lorenzo Salasino, Bedino Sorozzo and Angelo Marcuso were lynched by a mob at Hahnville, La., for murder.

Five persons were killed and 15 injured, some fatally, by the derailment of a trolley car just outside the town limits of Columbia, Pa.

Intense heat still prevails throughout the entire country, the deaths from its effects in various cities on the 9th aggregating 161.

Harvey Allender shot and killed Mrs. Wally Fielner and V. Crosette in San Jose, Cal., and then attempted to kill himself, but failed. Jealousy was the cause.

Garland Travis and Will Way were drowned in the Kankakee river at La Porte, Ind.

The Long Island bank, the oldest financial institution in Brooklyn, N. Y., will wind up its career, the directors having decided to go out of business.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 10th was: Wheat, 46,429,000 bushels; corn, 12,218,000 bushels; oats, 6,943,000 bushels; rye, 1,676,000 bushels; barley, 639,000 bushels.

Final arrangements have been made for the dedication of the Grant monument in New York on April 27 next, Grant's birthday.

Four distinct storms visited Michigan during 24 hours, causing widespread destruction of property and the loss of at least 20 lives. The fatalities were largest at Detroit and Benton Harbor. In Saginaw 50 buildings were damaged.

Linn O'Neill, of Toledo, O., aged five years and blind, one of the greatest musical prodigies the world ever produced, died from the effects of the heat.

Hot weather still prevailed throughout the country on the 10th and the number of deaths reported from prostration was large.

Amelia Holman, Rose Breininger, Mary Breininger, Charles Minnick and John T. Dexter were drowned opposite Bridesburg, a suburb of Philadelphia, by the capsizing of a rowboat.

A cloudburst did great damage at Fort Wayne, Ind.

William Wright, a negro who killed his wife with an ax in June, 1895, was hanged at Nevada, Mo.

The losses in South Water street, Chicago, during the heated period have amounted to \$506,000 on fruit alone.

The 17th annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen convened in Louisville, Ky.

Four men were killed by gas in the Phillips chemical works at Camden, N. J.

Many buildings were unroofed and large trees were snapped like pipe-stems during a storm at Baldwin, Wis.

Bob Pierson and Morris Jacobs, pugilists, who attempted to fight near Cincinnati, were arrested and fined \$100 each and sent to jail for 30 days.

During a storm at Cleveland many small boats on the lake were wrecked but no lives were lost.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Congressional nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Thirteenth district, Frank Palmer (pop.); Nineteenth, J. J. Sewall (pop.). Iowa, Sixth district, John F. Lacey (rep.) renominated. Indiana, Eighth district, J. R. Brunt (dem.); Thirteenth, Charles Kelton (dem.). Texas, Tenth district, Noah Allen (rep.); Eleventh, J. R. Gross (rep.). West Virginia, First district, T. M. Stone (pop.).

Lon V. Stevens, of Cooper, was nominated for governor by the democratic state convention at Jefferson City, Mo. All gold standard men were stricken from the state committee and a declaration for free silver was made.

The prohibitionists of New Hampshire in state convention at Concord nominated J. C. Berry, of Plymouth, for governor.

The populist state convention at Hastings, Neb., renominated Gov. Holcomb and endorsed the nomination of Bryan for president.

The socialist-labor party of Indiana met in Indianapolis and nominated the following ticket: Governor, Phil H. Moore, Indianapolis; lieutenant governor, Harry Sharpe, Indianapolis; secretary of state, Fred Adams, Fontanet; treasurer, F. Helbich, Evansville.

The populist state convention at Abilene, Kan., nominated State Senator Leedy for governor.

The populists in convention at Parkersburg, W. Va., nominated Isaac C. Ralphsnyder for governor, and decided to fuse with the democrats.

The republicans of Michigan in convention at Grand Rapids adopted a platform which indorses the platform of the national republican convention of 1896 and adjourned for the day without nominating state officers.

Wisconsin republicans met at Milwaukee and adopted a platform indorsing the acts of the national convention in St. Louis and then, after receiving several nominations for governor, adjourned for the day.

George T. Anthony, who was governor of Kansas from 1877 to 1879, died at his home in Topeka.

The Michigan republicans in convention at Grand Rapids nominated the following ticket: For governor, Hazen S. Pingree; lieutenant governor, Thomas B. Dunstan; secretary of state, Rev. Washington Gardner; treasurer, George A. Steele; auditor-general, Roscoe D. Dix; attorney-general, Fred A. Maynard; superintendent of land office, W. A. French; superintendent of public instruction, J. E. Hammond.

Texas populists in convention at Galveston nominated Jerome Kearby, of Dallas, for governor, and indorsed the nomination of Bryan and Watson for president and vice president.

In Milwaukee the Wisconsin republicans made the following nominations: For governor, Edward Scofield; lieutenant governor, Emil Baensch; secretary of state, Henry Casson; treasurer, Sewell A. Peterson; attorney-general, William H. Mylres; state superintendent, John Q. Emery; railroad commissioner, Duncan J. McKenzie; insurance commissioner, William A. Fricke.

Judge Samuel W. Shellabarger, one of the most prominent members of the bar in Washington and a member of congress in war times, died at the age of 78 years.

Aunt Nancy Friswirth (colored) died in Wichita, Kan., aged 104 years.

M. D. Frank, of Portland, was nominated for governor of Maine at the state democratic convention at Waterville.

The prohibitionists of the Twentieth district of Illinois nominated Capt. A. R. Langworth, of McLeansboro, for congress, and in the same district the populists nominated J. C. Tanguary.

Thirty-six states were represented at a meeting in Indianapolis of democrats who do not indorse the platform and ticket of the Chicago convention and a call was issued for a national convention to be held in Indianapolis on Wednesday, September 2, for the purpose of adopting a declaration of principles and nominating candidates for president and vice president. Senator John M. Palmer, of Illinois, was made chairman of the national committee.

The Georgia populists in convention at Atlanta nominated S. A. Wright, of Rome, for governor, and indorsed the St. Louis platform.

The "sound money" democrats of Maine who marched out of the state convention at Waterville held a convention of their own and nominated William Henry Clifford, of Portland, for governor.

At the first meeting in Indianapolis of the national executive committee of the "sound money" democracy W. D. Bynum, of Indiana, was elected chairman and John R. Wilson, of Indianapolis, secretary.

The populists of the Seventh Kansas district nominated Jerry Simpson for congress.

Reuben Noble, one of the most noted lawyers and jurists of Iowa, died at his home in McGregor, aged 75 years.

Alonzo J. Edgerton, who succeeded Senator Windom, of Minnesota, in the United States senate, died at his home in Sioux Falls, S. D., where he had resided since 1889.

The democrats of the Ninth Iowa district nominated Louis T. Genung, of Hastings, for congress.

### FOREIGN.

Foreign consuls and missionaries in Armenia estimate that fully 1,000,000 deaths have occurred in that country as the result of massacres and from starvation.

The town of El Rama, Nicaragua, was nearly wiped out by a freshet and the plantations in the vicinity were all destroyed, the loss being estimated at over \$1,000,000.

Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor of Germany, has resigned.

The rowboat Fox, from New York June 6, with the two sailors, Frank Samuelson and George Harbo, on board, arrived at Havre, France.

Forest fires at Trinity, N. F., destroyed 14 houses, the occupants losing everything.

Emily Selwood Tennyson, widow of the poet laureate, died at Farringford, the beautiful residence of the Tennyson family in the Isle of Wight.

At Anapolis Padiada, in the island of Crete, 1,000 armed Mussulmans butchered 30 unarmed Christians, several priests and women and children being among the victims.

Miss Clara Barton, president of the American branch of the Red Cross society, has started from Constantinople on her return to the United States, her mission of distributing relief to the Armenian sufferers having been ended.

Several villages in Colombia have been destroyed by floods.

Cholera is on the increase in Egypt.

Toronto, Ont., is flooded with American silver certificates and the bankers have given notice that "on and after Saturday, August 15, American one-dollar bills will only be received for 90 cents."

### LATER.

The hot wave was broken in the northwest on the 11th, but continued in the east and south. On the date named 149 persons died from the heat in New York, 22 in Brooklyn, 18 in Philadelphia, 12 in St. Louis, 16 in Terre Haute, Ind., 8 in Chicago and several in other towns, the total reported being 265.

Joseph Kohler and his wife were killed by the cars at a crossing near Canton, O.

Harry K. Brown, exchange clerk of the Bullion and Exchange bank of Carson, Nev., is said to be a defaulter to the extent of \$75,000.

A fire on the water front of Norfolk, Va., destroyed property valued at \$100,000.

Five lives were lost in a fire which occurred in A. K. Warren & Co.'s electrical supply manufactory in New York, the property loss being \$100,000.

The Murray Hill bank in New York suspended payments with liabilities of \$500,000.

The Kansas republicans met at Topeka and nominated a state ticket headed by Edward N. Morrill, of Hialeatha, for governor. R. W. Blue, of Pleasanton, was named for congressman at large.

The Security bank of Duluth, Minn., one of the leading banks of the city, closed its doors with deposits of \$90,000.

North & Taylor, private bankers in Chicago, suspended payments, with liabilities of \$100,000.

Fire in the penitentiary at Anamosa, Ia., destroyed the large library-room of 2,000 volumes, the tailor shop, the dining-room and chapel.

The "sound money" democrats will hold a convention in Chicago on August 25 to nominate a state ticket.

The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country are favorable, corn especially having been greatly benefited by the hot weather.

It is reported that a British man-of-war has seized the Mexican island of Clarion, which belongs to the state of Colima.

Congressional nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Twelfth district, Rev. J. J. Hales (pro.). Missouri, First district, R. P. Giles (dem.); Twelfth, R. H. Kern (dem.). Kentucky, Second district, J. D. Clardy (dem.) renominated. Georgia, Tenth district, W. H. Fleming (dem.). West Virginia, First district, W. W. Arnett (dem.). New York, Twenty-second district, L. N. Lattar (rep.).

## Epilepsy 20 Years.

### Cured by Dr. Miles' Nerveine.

A few years ago, Mr. L. W. Gallaher, was an extensive, successful expert manufacturer of lumber products. Attacked with epilepsy, he was obliged to give up his business. The attacks came upon him most inopportunely. One time falling from a carriage, at another down stairs, and often in the street. Once he fell down a shaft in the mill, his injuries nearly proving fatal. Mr. Gallaher writes from Milwaukee, Feb. 15, '95.



"There are none more miserable than epileptics. For 20 years I suffered with epileptic fits, having as high as five in one night. I tried any number of physicians, paying to one alone, a fee of \$500.00 and have done little for years but search for something to help me, and have taken all the leading remedies, but received no benefit. A year ago my son, Chas. S. Gallaher, druggist at 191 Reed St., Milwaukee, gave me Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerveine, and I tried it with gratifying results. Have had but two fits since I began taking it. I am better now in every way than I have been in 20 years."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by druggists on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit or price refunded. Book on the Heart and Nerves, free. Address, Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health.

Sold by all druggists.

## D. G. COOK, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Office Eighth St., over P. O.  
HOLLAND, MICH.

## Toledo Beer.

We have assumed the Bottling Business heretofore carried on by C. Blom, Sr., and are prepared to furnish Toledo Bottled Beer:

12 Quart bottles.....\$1.00  
12 Pint Bottles......50

Orders may be left with C. Blom, Sr. and will be promptly filled.

SALOON IN FRONT.

BLOM & NIGHOLDS

Holland, Mich. 7 1 v

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

### Attorneys.

DIEKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law, Collections promptly attended to. Office, over First State Bank.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney. Real Estate and Insurance. Office, McBride's Block.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Real Estate and Collections. Office, Post's Block.

LATTA, P. A., Attorney at Law. Office over Hipck & Co.'s Furn. store, Eighth St.

### Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK. Commercial and Savings Dept. I. Cappon, President. Germ W. Mokma, Cashier. Capital Stock \$50,000.

HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK. Commercial and Savings Dept. D. B. K. Van Raalte, Pres. J. Verschure, Cash. Capital stock \$50,000.

### Boots and Shoes.

HEROLD M., Dealer in Boots and Shoes, successor to E. Herold & Co.

### Clothing.

BORMAN BROTHERS. Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Ready Made. Gent's Furnishing Goods a Specialty.

### Dry Goods and Groceries.

BOOT & KRAMER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats, and Caps, Flour, Produce, etc. River Street.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils. Toilet Articles, Imported and Domestic Cigars. Eighth Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. City Drug Store, Eighth Street.

### Hardware.

VAN OORT, J. B., General Hardware and Stoves. Repairing promptly attended to. Eighth Street.

### Manufactories, Shops, Etc.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufactory and Blacksmith and Repair Shop. Dealer in Agricultural Implements. River St.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist, Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

### Meat Markets.

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER, Dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats. Market on River Street.

WILL VAN DER VEERE, Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats. Market on Eighth Street.

### Painters.

DE MAAT, R., House, Carriage, and Sign Painting, plain and ornamental paper hanging. Shop at residence, on Seventh St., near E. Depot.

### Physicians.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon, Res. 600 on Twelfth street, corner of Market. Office at drug store, Eighth Street.

# M.I.S.T. No. 2

## GREATEST NERVE TONIC.

The most powerful INVIGORANT ever produced. Permanently restores mental and physical strength to those weakened by early indiscretions, imparts Youthful Vigor, Restores Vitality, Strengthens and Invigorates the Brain and Nerves, a Positive cure for all forms of Nervous Debility, prompt, safe and sure.

Also an infallible cure for Old and Chronic cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Inflammation of the Bladder and bad cases of Erysipelas, Cancer, and all Blood Diseases.—Absolutely Infallible—Sure Cure.

PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOX.

### M.I.S.T. CO. WASHINGTON D.C.

FRANK HAVEN, Lumber Dealer, Sole Agent.

# MEATS

LAUGH AND GROW FAT!  
You will if you get your meat at

## De Kraker and De Koster.

And get the best in Holland for as much as \$1 as \$2 buys anywhere else.

## Central Dental Parlors.

56 Eighth Street.

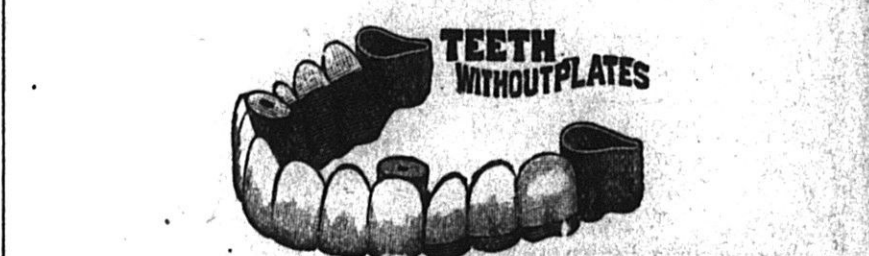
We aim to keep up with the times in all modern improvements in

## DENTISTRY

And endeavor to perform all operations as painlessly as possible. Natural teeth preserved by filling with Gold and Plastics. Artificial

## TEETH

Inserted on metal and rubber base. Crown and Bridge work and



Largest and best equipped dental office in western Michigan  
**Gillespie the Dentist.**  
Office hours from 8:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m. Other hours by appointment.  
Telephone No. 33.

## HOLLAND & CHICAGO LINE.



ON AND AFTER JUNE 20TH.  
Leave Holland Daily (except Sunday)..... 8 P. M.  
" Sunday..... 2 P. M.  
" Saturday Special..... 6:30 A. M.

Between Holland and Chicago. Single \$2 25. Round \$3 50. (Berth included).  
Saturday morning (special) to Chicago..... \$1.00  
Sunday Afternoon..... \$1.75 (Berth extra).

## GOOD WILL!

I have disposed of my Stock of Shoes and the good will of the business and trade lately carried on by me on River Street, to Mrs. K. Verschure, who will continue the business by her husband Mr. J. Verschure.

Thanking the public of Holland and vicinity for their liberal patronage, I recommend my successor to their continued favors. I am satisfied that at all times they can rely upon honest goods at fair prices, and prompt service.

## J. D. HELDER



Geo. Baker, M. D. WOULD YOU BELIEVE

Office over Van der Veen's Store, corner 8th and River Sts. Office open day and night. Special attention given diseases peculiar to children

Cleaning and Repairing Making clothes look nearly as good as new is the work we do in our shop. A. KLOOSTERMAN. First Ward near Wm. Van der Veere's Meat Market

Lumber Lath and Shingles. Scott & Lagers. Lowest Prices.

Look Here! Dr. De Vries Dentist. above Central Drug Store. Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 5 P. M. Any one wishing to see me after or before office hours can call me up by phone No. 9. Residence East 12th St.

Dr. H. Kremers Has moved his office and will hereafter be found above the Central Drug Store. OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 10 A. M., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 P. M. Sundays at home corner 12th and Market St. Telephone 31.

Doors, Window Frames, Mouldings, Flooring, Siding, Paints, Oils, and Glass. Phoenix Planing Mill

Prices the Lowest.

Sidewalk Plank Scott & Lagers. Lowest Prices.

SOCIETIES. K. O. T. M. Crescent Tent, No. 66, meets in K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 p. m., on Monday night next. All Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application. J. A. Manna, Commander. B. W. RIGOLD, B. E.

THE Holland Company Exclusive Dealers in... Teas, Coffees, Spices, Extract and Baking Powder. EIGHTH STREET

Dr. L. N. Tuttle, Physician, Surgeon and Electrician. Office at resident Cor. River and 9th Sts. Telephone No. 82. OFFICE HOURS: 10 to 11 A. M., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M. Sunday 2 to 4 P. M.

Kellogg Bros., House Finishing, Painting and Caled mining. Estimates given on work. Address, Box 50, City

Dr. A. B. Lee, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN. Office over Vandevel's Harness Store, fitting glasses for the cure of headaches and all difficult cases. Office days Monday and Tuesday, at Holland, Wednesday and Thursday at the Outlook House, Grand Haven, Mich. I will refer my work to the Physicians of this place or to any Oculist in Grand Rapids. EXAMINATION FREE. I call at your home only when requested

The Statement of Some One in Holland Quicker Than Some One in Florida! Supposing you had backache, a weak or lame back, a worn-out, listless feeling that you wanted to get rid of, and you read of some one in Florida who had been cured, would you believe it? Not these days when so many claims are made by unscrupulous persons; we think not. But if some one right here in Holland, some one you can see, can inquire about, can satisfy you that what he says is true, "that would be different," wouldn't it? Well, now, that's the kind of proof we are going to give you about a remedy for backache and all complaints of and arising from disordered kidneys.

Martin Van der Poel is a citizen of Holland. He resides at the corner of N. River and First Streets. He says: "For a long time I have had what is commonly called 'bad back.' I do not know what caused it, the pain was right in the kidneys; it affected me by spells, sometimes I would be in bad shape for two or three days at a time, then again I have been laid up for a week or more. During spells like that, I would have to give up work. It was during one of these bad attacks I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills, and as they were highly recommended for backache, I obtained a box at Doeburg's drug store, and their action was noticeable from the first. They have relieved me of the pain and I have not had it since, although this was some time ago. I would recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to all who suffer from backache, for my experience with them has proven they will do the work." Sold by all dealers—price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other. For sale by J. O. Doesburg.

BUY YOUR REAL ESTATE OF J. W. Bosman. GET A HOUSE OF YOUR OWN ON EASY PAYMENT.

BOOKBINDING J. A. Kooyers, Grandwet Office, N. River St.

A COMPLETE LINE OF DRUGS Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Staple Drugs and Sundries, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

Stationery, Fancy Goods, Periodicals, School & College Books a Specialty.

A FULL LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS. Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes. Martin & Huizinga

CROP REPORT.

Wheat Shows a Marked Falling Off Below the Average.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 9.—Secretary of State Gardner issued the Michigan crop report for August Saturday. The average yield of wheat, per acre, is estimated for the state at 10.69 bushels. These figures indicate a total yield of about 15,900,000 bushels. The heavy rains since harvest have done much damage to wheat, causing growth in the stack. Complaint of damage from this cause is quite general.

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in July is 580,623, as compared with 437,804 in July, 1895, and the amount marketed in the 12 months, August to July, is 9,250,104 bushels, as compared with 11,007,604 bushels in the same months last year.

It is seldom that any crop is reported in better condition than is corn at the present time. The average for the state is 101 per cent.

Oats are estimated to yield 31 bushels per acre in the state. This crop has been considerably damaged in the fields by the heavy rains. Cutting has been delayed, and where cut the crop has been damaged in the shock.

The average condition of potatoes is 92, and of beans 95 per cent. In the southern counties it is 97.

The yield per acre of clover and timothy hay is estimated at 73 per cent. of the yield in average years. Compared with the vitality and growth of average years, the condition of meadows and pastures is 82, and of clover sowed this year, 83.

The apple crop promises to be heavy, its condition being 112 per cent.

COLLIDED WITH A YACHT.

The Owner of the Vessel Crushed to Death at the Dock.

Port Huron, Aug. 10.—The steamer Normandie, bound up Sunday afternoon, took a sheer abreast of Butler street and crashed into the yacht Azalia, lying at the dock. Edward Hinkle, of Detroit, the owner, was thrown between the yacht and the dock by the shock of the collision and was instantly killed. His wife was standing by his side when the accident happened. The yacht had a party of Mr. Hinkle's friends on board and was going to Mackinac. The mate of the Normandie was in charge of the steamer when the accident happened. He is charged with carelessness, as it is claimed that after seeing his boat take the sheer he did not stop and back until he saw the collision was inevitable. The Azalia is badly damaged and it will require \$2,000 to repair her.

SHOWER OF ANTS.

Millions of the Little Pests Descend from the Clouds at Harrison.

Harrison, Aug. 12.—The high wind which followed the torrid spell Monday night bore a perfect plague of ants upon this town. The sky was black with the pests and before a half hour after their first appearance the ground was covered and the sidewalks hidden from sight by the innumerable number which had been borne in by the wind. Where they came from no one knows, but it is supposed that they were carried here from the pine regions of the north and west. It literally rained ants for nearly a half hour, and to-day the fields are swarming with them, while millions have been trampled to death on the streets and sidewalks.

SKIN GRAFTING.

Successful Operation Performed on a St. Joseph Lady.

St. Joseph, Aug. 10.—A few days ago 20 members of the Maccabees contributed 60 pieces of cuticle to be grafted on Miss Minnie Rupp, who was burned on July 4. The operation was successful, and Saturday at Coloma 28 more Maccabees contributed 108 pieces, which completely covers the burned place. The skin grafting has attracted much attention, and physicians from all over this part of this state witnessed the operation, which was performed by Dr. Wilson.

Spiritualists Meet.

Lansing, Aug. 11.—At the annual meeting of the Michigan State Spiritualist association Monday the following officers were elected: President, Luther V. Moulton, Grand Rapids; vice president, Mrs. Abbie E. Sheets, Grand Ledge; secretary, Mrs. Mary Ayers, Lansing; treasurer, C. A. Clement, Lansing; trustees, F. M. Gates, Detroit; John Hutchinson, Jackson; Dr. A. B. Spinney, Reed City. Twenty-seven subordinate associations were represented, and the reports indicated a substantial growth during the year.

Battle with Insane Patient.

Pontiac, Aug. 6.—An encounter took place at the eastern Michigan asylum between a patient, James Moss, of Owosso, and Attendants Bob Reeves and B. Blair. Moss tore a shutter from the window of his cell and when Reeves entered, shielded with a mattress, Moss struck and floored him. Blair interfered and overpowered the patient. Reeves will recover.

Last Democratic Official Resigns.

Lansing, Aug. 12.—David A. Hammond, the last democratic state official in Michigan, has offered his resignation as a member of the state board of education. Gov. Rich will fill the vacancy by appointing J. W. Simons, of Owosso, who was nominated for this office by the republican state convention last week.

One Man Killed.

Lansing, Aug. 12.—A Chicago & Grand Trunk freight train broke in two at Haslett Park early Tuesday morning and a rear-end collision resulted. An unknown man who was stealing a ride was killed, and nine cars, loaded with 3,600 bushels of lemons, were demolished.

Death of Holland's City Clerk.

Holland, Aug. 11.—City Clerk George H. Sipp died Monday morning very unexpectedly. He was for 19 years in successful clerk of the city, and had been alderman for several years previous to that. He was 63 years old and leaves a widow.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Juts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Heber Walsh "The Drug-gist."

A high liver with a torpid liver will not be a long liver. Correct the liver with De Witt's Little Early Risers, little pills that cure dyspepsia and constipation.

Soothing, healing, cleansing, De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is the enemy to sores, wounds and piles, which it never fails to cure. Stop itching and burning. Cures chapped lips and cold sores in two or three hours.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

At a session of the probate court for the county of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Monday, the twentieth day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety six. Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Krypt-bolt, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James Brandt, administrator with the will annexed of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may be discharged from his trust, have his bond canceled, and said estate closed.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Wednesday, the Twenty-sixth day of August next,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy, (Attest)

JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.

27-3w

THE MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 12. LIVE STOCK—Steers..... \$4.05 @ 4.65 Sheep..... 2.00 @ 3.50 Hogs..... 3.60 @ 4.15 FLOUR—Minnesota Patents..... 3.25 @ 3.85 Minnesota Bakers..... 2.40 @ 3.20 WHEAT—No. 2 Red..... 62 @ 63 1/4 No. 1 Hard..... 67 1/4 @ 67 3/4 CORN—No. 2..... 23 1/2 @ 24 1/2 September..... 23 1/2 @ 24 OATS—Western..... 23 @ 24 LARD..... 3.50 @ 3.60 PORK—Mess, Old..... 8.00 @ 8.25 EGGS..... 11 1/4 @ 12

CHICAGO. CATTLE—Beves..... \$3.25 @ 4.45 Stockers and Feeders..... 1.25 @ 3.50 Cows and Bulls..... 1.25 @ 3.50 Texas Steers..... 2.30 @ 3.00 HOGS—Light..... 3.10 @ 3.45 Rough Packing..... 2.65 @ 2.85 SHEEP..... 2.00 @ 2.25 BUTTER—Western Cr'm'y..... 9 @ 13 Dairy..... 9 @ 12 EGGS—Fresh..... 9 @ 10 POTATOES (per bu.)..... 15 @ 17 PORK—Mess..... 3.22 1/2 @ 3.25 LARD—Steam..... 2.60 @ 3.00 FLOUR—Winter..... 2.60 @ 3.00 Spring..... 2.60 @ 3.00 GRAIN—Wheat, September..... 54 1/2 @ 57 Corn, No. 2 Cash..... 23 1/2 @ 24 Oats, No. 2 Cash..... 17 @ 17 1/2 Rye, No. 2..... 20 @ 20 1/2 Barley, No. 3 New..... 20 @ 21 MILWAUKEE. GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring..... 55 1/2 @ 56 1/2 Corn, No. 2..... 23 1/2 @ 24 Oats, No. 2 White..... 21 1/2 @ 22 Rye, No. 1..... 31 1/2 @ 32 Barley, No. 2..... 32 @ 33 PORK—Mess..... 6.20 @ 6.25 LARD..... 3.05 @ 3.10

DETROIT. GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red..... 63 1/4 @ 63 1/2 Corn, No. 2..... 23 1/2 @ 24 Oats, No. 2 White..... 23 1/2 @ 24 Rye, No. 2..... 31 1/4 @ 31 1/2 ST. LOUIS. CATTLE—Native Steers..... \$3.40 @ 4.40 Texas..... 2.75 @ 2.75 HOGS..... 3.10 @ 3.90 SHEEP..... 2.25 @ 4.00 OMAHA. CATTLE—Steers..... \$3.00 @ 4.05 Cows..... 1.25 @ 3.00 Feeders..... 2.50 @ 3.50 HOGS..... 2.70 @ 3.10 SHEEP..... 2.75 @ 3.40

changes

There are medicines which change the action of organs and tissues. When a part does not properly perform its work, they restore it to health. Such remedies are called "alteratives."

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is one of these remedies. This is largely because of certain drugs which naturally exist in the oil, as iodine and bromine. If you are neither hard sick nor real well; if you feel below your usual standard, these alteratives will change your condition and bring back your health and strength.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. Ask your doctor. This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest of Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites. Put up in 50 cent and \$1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? I will give \$1000 to the person who will invent a simple thing to patent. JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1000 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of payment of a certain mortgage made and executed by Martin G. Caswell and George W. Caswell, of the township of Holland, county of Ottawa and state of Michigan, parties of the first part, to Jacob Van der Ven, of the city of Grand Rapids, county of Kent and state of Michigan, party of the second part, dated on the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa county, Michigan, on the first day of February, A. D. 1893, in liber 44 of Mortgages, on page 169; on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the time of this notice the sum of One Hundred Sixty-five Dollars and Fifty Cents, besides an attorney fee of Fifteen Dollars, provided for by law; and no suit or proceedings having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part of it:

Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with interest and costs of foreclosure and sale, including an attorney fee of Fifteen Dollars, said sale to take place at the north outer door of the Ottawa County Court House, at the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, (that being the place where the circuit court for the county of Ottawa is holden) on

Monday, the Twelfth day of October, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day. The said mortgaged premises to be sold being described in said mortgage as all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the township of Holland, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows: The south half of the north half of the southwest quarter of section numbered ten (10), in township numbered five (5) north of range numbered (16) west, containing according to United States survey, forty (40) acres of land, more or less.

Dated Holland, July 15th, A. D. 1896. JACOB VAN DER VEN, Mortgagee. G. J. DIEKEMA, Attorney for Mortgagee.

25-13w

Guardian's Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Isaac Kramer, a mentally incompetent person.

Notice is hereby given, that I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Monday, the seventh day of September, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the house situated upon the premises hereinafter described in the city of Holland, in the county of Ottawa, state of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the second day of March, A. D. 1896, by the Probate Court of Ottawa county, Michigan, all the right, title, interest or estate of said Isaac Kramer, a mentally incompetent person, in or to those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the county of Ottawa, in the state of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit:

The West Half of Lot Eight (8) in Block Thirty-Eight (38) in the city of Holland, Ottawa county, Michigan; also The West Half, except the South Ninety (90) feet of the East Thirty-One (31) feet of the West Forty-One (41) feet of Lot Eleven (11) in Block Thirty-Eight (38) in the city of Holland, County of Ottawa and State of Michigan.

Dated July 22nd, A. D. 1896.

W. DIEKEMA, Guardian.

27-6w

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of payment of a certain mortgage made and executed by Jan H. Willink and Janna Willink, his wife, of the township of Holland county of Ottawa and state of Michigan, parties of the first part, to Gilles Wabke of the township of Zealand, county of Ottawa and state of Michigan, party of the second part, dated on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of Deeds, of Ottawa county, Michigan, on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1893, in liber 45 of mortgages, on page 374; which said mortgage was duly assigned by John J. Wabke, John A. Fyl and Cornelis Van Zwailenburg, as the executors of the last will and testament of Gilles Wabke, deceased, to Adriana Van Zwailenburg, and which said assignment was, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1893, duly recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of said county, in liber 53 of mortgages, on page 198; on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the time of this notice the sum of One Thousand Four Hundred Ninety Dollars and Forty Cents, besides an attorney fee of Thirty-five dollars provided for by law and in said mortgage and no suit or proceedings having been instituted at law or in equity, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part of it; and the whole of the principal sum of said mortgage together with all arrearages of interest thereon, having become due and payable by reason of default in the payment of interest on said mortgage on the day when the same became due and payable, and the nonpayment of said interest in default for more than thirty days after the same became due and payable, wherefore under the conditions of said mortgage the whole amount of the principal sum of said mortgage with all arrearages of interest thereon, at the option of the said Gilles Wabke, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, became due and payable immediately thereafter, and the said Adriana Van Zwailenburg, assignee of said mortgage, hereby declares her election and option to consider the whole amount of the said principal sum of said mortgage due and payable. Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale, at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with interest and costs of foreclosure and sale, including an attorney fee of thirty-five dollars said sale to take place at the north outer door of the Ottawa county court house, at the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa county, Michigan, that being the place where the circuit court for the County of Ottawa is holden, on

Monday, the Seventeenth day of August, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, should mortgaged premises to be sold being described in said mortgage as all that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the township of Holland, county of Ottawa, and state of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit: The West Half of the South East Quarter of Section Numbered Three (3), in Township numbered five (5) north of range numbered fifteen (15) West, and containing eighty (80) acres of land, more or less, according to government survey.

Dated Holland, May 23rd, A. D. 1896.

ADRIANA VAN ZWAILENBURG, Assignee.

GERHIT J. DIEKEMA, Attorney for Assignee.

18-13w

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