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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 28.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1884.

WHOLE NO. 648.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND, - - MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: No. 32 EIGHTH STREET.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.
Editor and Publisher.
Terms of Subscription:
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING Promptly and Neatly Executed.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (compari.) 75 cents for
first insertion, and 35 cents for each subsequent
insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	\$5.00	\$9.00	\$15.00
2 " "	4.00	7.00	12.00
3 " "	3.00	5.00	9.00
4 " "	2.00	3.00	5.00
5 " "	1.50	2.00	3.00
6 " "	1.00	1.50	2.00
7 " "	.75	1.00	1.50
8 " "	.50	.75	1.00
9 " "	.25	.50	.75

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge for subscribers.
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect, Sunday, May 18, 1884.

From Holland to Chicago.	From Chicago to Holland.
Ni't Day Exp. Exp.	Ni't Day Exp. Exp.
p.m. d.m. a.m.	p.m. d.m. a.m.
10:05 10:10 10:15	10:10 10:15 10:20
10:30 10:35 10:40	10:25 10:30 10:35
10:45 10:50 10:55	10:40 10:45 10:50
11:00 11:05 11:10	10:55 11:00 11:05
11:15 11:20 11:25	11:10 11:15 11:20
11:30 11:35 11:40	11:25 11:30 11:35
11:45 11:50 11:55	11:40 11:45 11:50
12:00 12:05 12:10	11:55 12:00 12:05
12:15 12:20 12:25	12:10 12:15 12:20
12:30 12:35 12:40	12:25 12:30 12:35
12:45 12:50 12:55	12:40 12:45 12:50
12:55 1:00 1:05	12:55 1:00 1:05

GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.	From Grand Rapids to Holland.
p.m. a.m. p.m.	p.m. a.m. p.m.
10:05 10:10 10:15	10:10 10:15 10:20
10:30 10:35 10:40	10:25 10:30 10:35
10:45 10:50 10:55	10:40 10:45 10:50
10:55 11:00 11:05	10:55 11:00 11:05
11:10 11:15 11:20	11:10 11:15 11:20
11:25 11:30 11:35	11:25 11:30 11:35
11:40 11:45 11:50	11:40 11:45 11:50
11:55 12:00 12:05	11:55 12:00 12:05
12:10 12:15 12:20	12:10 12:15 12:20
12:25 12:30 12:35	12:25 12:30 12:35
12:40 12:45 12:50	12:40 12:45 12:50
12:55 1:00 1:05	12:55 1:00 1:05

MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.	From Muskegon to Holland.
p.m. a.m. p.m.	p.m. a.m. p.m.
10:05 10:10 10:15	10:10 10:15 10:20
10:30 10:35 10:40	10:25 10:30 10:35
10:45 10:50 10:55	10:40 10:45 10:50
10:55 11:00 11:05	10:55 11:00 11:05
11:10 11:15 11:20	11:10 11:15 11:20
11:25 11:30 11:35	11:25 11:30 11:35
11:40 11:45 11:50	11:40 11:45 11:50
11:55 12:00 12:05	11:55 12:00 12:05
12:10 12:15 12:20	12:10 12:15 12:20
12:25 12:30 12:35	12:25 12:30 12:35
12:40 12:45 12:50	12:40 12:45 12:50
12:55 1:00 1:05	12:55 1:00 1:05

ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to Allegan.	From Allegan to Holland.
p.m. a.m. p.m.	p.m. a.m. p.m.
10:05 10:10 10:15	10:10 10:15 10:20
10:30 10:35 10:40	10:25 10:30 10:35
10:45 10:50 10:55	10:40 10:45 10:50
10:55 11:00 11:05	10:55 11:00 11:05
11:10 11:15 11:20	11:10 11:15 11:20
11:25 11:30 11:35	11:25 11:30 11:35
11:40 11:45 11:50	11:40 11:45 11:50
11:55 12:00 12:05	11:55 12:00 12:05
12:10 12:15 12:20	12:10 12:15 12:20
12:25 12:30 12:35	12:25 12:30 12:35
12:40 12:45 12:50	12:40 12:45 12:50
12:55 1:00 1:05	12:55 1:00 1:05

* Mixed trains.
† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sun-
day. All trains run by Detroit time.
Mixed Trains leave Holland, going north, at
7:50 a.m., arriving at Grand Rapids at 10:15 a.m.,
and at 10:05 p.m., arriving at Muskegon at 12:10 a.m.;
also mixed trains leave Holland, going south,
at 5:50 a.m. and 8:55 a.m.

Michigan and Ohio Railroad.

Taking Effect April 6th, 1884.

GOING WEST			GOING EAST					
Pass.	Mix'd	Pass.	STATIONS			Pass.	Pass.	Mix'd
A. M.	A. M.	P. M.				A. M.	P. M.	P.
10 10	5 50	6 05	L. Toledo.	A.	11 50	6 05		
11 02	7 30	6 05	" Dundee.	A.	10 50	6 40		
11 37	7 45	6 20	" Britton.	A.	10 30	6 35		
11 37	7 45	6 21	" Ridgeway.	A.	10 30	6 40		
11 43	8 55	6 41	" Tecumseh.	A.	9 57	8 10		
13 00	9 00	6 57	" Tipton.	A.	9 43	8 02		
12 15	9 30	7 10	" Cambridge.	A.	9 30	8 47		
12 40	10 35	7 33	" Addison.	A.	9 06	9 21		
12 59	11 15	7 50	" Jerome.	A.	8 51	9 01	1 20	
1 07	11 30	7 57	" Moscow.	A.	8 44	1 53	1 10	
1 19	11 46	8 07	" Hanover.	A.	8 33	1 41	1 23	
1 30	12 10	8 18	" Pulaski.	A.	8 22	1 30	1 23	
1 52	1 06	8 40	" Homer.	A.	8 00	1 06	1 11	
2 22	2 22	9 09	" Marshall.	A.	7 32	1 27	1 13	
2 34	2 34	9 23	" Ceresco.	A.	7 19	1 25	1 05	
2 56	3 33	9 40	" Battle Creek.	A.	7 00	1 23	1 05	
3 30	3 30	P. M.	" Yorkville.	A.		1 34	7 43	
3 50	4 43		" Yorkville.	A.		11 24	7 40	
3 36	5 46		" Richland.	A.		11 29	7 42	
4 16	6 46		" Monticello.	A.		10 49	7 41	
4 27	6 35		" Elk.	A.		10 39	7 45	
4 33	6 36		" Kellogg.	A.		10 35	7 45	
4 45	7 00		" Allegan.	A.		10 30	7 45	
P. M.	P. M.					A. M.	A. M.	

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

THE arrest of four young men at Schenectady, N. Y., who were involved in a disturbance with the Salvation Army, resulted in the assembling of a mob who threatened to throw the policemen into the canal and burn the army's barracks. The drug trade in New York has been unsettled by the failure in London of Meier & Co., dealers in quinine. The foreign article has fallen off 10 cents per ounce, but American quinine is steady. The bodies of the officers and men lost in the arctic expedition were received at Governor's Island by Secretary Lincoln and Gens. Sheridan and Hancock, the forts firing a salute. A locomotive struck a carriage containing five persons, who were returning from a funeral, at Connors Station, Pa., killing four persons and the two horses, and demolishing the vehicle. Texas fever and pleuro-pneumonia have appeared among cattle in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. The failure of Altman, Demelman & Fuchs, wholesale liquor dealers, at Boston, with \$75,000 liabilities, is announced.

THE valuation of the property of the city of Boston, as returned by the assessors, is \$682,648,000, and the rate of taxation is \$17 on \$1,000, which is the highest ever known. The decrease in valuation in the last ten years amounts to \$116,000,000. George W. Jacoby & Son, extensive marble dealers at Philadelphia, made an assignment, and Shimer, Pretz & Co., owners of the Home Woolen Mill at Allentown, Pa., failed for \$100,000. For posting Socialist proclamations, three men were fined \$5 each at New York. A notorious Communist paid the fines.

A SEVERE shock of earthquake was felt along the Atlantic coast on the afternoon of the 10th inst., extending from Philadelphia to Portland, Maine, and as far inland as Cleveland. The shock lasted about ten seconds and caused very serious alarm, particularly in New York City. No serious damage was done, though houses were badly shaken and some ceilings were cracked. The people in the tenement-house districts were almost frightened out of their wits, children screamed, women fainted, and prayers and imprecations were mingled. Before the shock heavy, dark rain-clouds appeared in the sky and there was a rush of wind such as usually precedes a heavy rain-fall. It was some hours before the people got over their fright. Many nervous persons were prostrated by the occurrence. A second shock was felt at several places.

THE WEST.

THE Texas fever is spreading among the cattle in Southern Kansas. Gov. Glick intends to issue a proclamation prohibiting the importation of all Texas cattle into the State. He will permit them to pass through that State only by rail under strict regulations. The Governor of Montana has issued a proclamation quarantining Texas cattle from northern ranges. In a report to Gov. Hamilton on the Texas fever, Dr. Paaren, Veterinary Surgeon of Illinois, recommends that most of the Southern States, with Missouri, Kansas, and Indian Territory, be proclaimed as infected, and railroad companies be prohibited from bringing cattle from these places into Illinois until Nov. 1, unless they certify that the shipments are healthy and have been outside the infected districts for sixty days. A fire at San Francisco destroyed the establishment of Schmidt & Co., the principal lithographing firm of the Pacific coast. The shop of Tatum & Bowen was also destroyed. The total loss is about \$270,000. George Pearson, who claimed to be an old pioneer, was hanged for murder at Boise City, Idaho. Upon the gallows he called on the pioneers in the district to avenge his death.

At a meeting of the Central Dakota Press Association, at Huron, resolutions were adopted for a division of the Territory and the admission of South Dakota as a State under the Sioux Falls constitution. Col. Conklin, of the Watertown News, was elected President. The Peoria Base Ball Club has disbanded.

A TOPEKA dispatch reports that "Gen. Hatch has encamped with six cavalry companies at a point twenty-five miles southeast of Caldwell, Kan., and proposes to clear Oklahoma of two thousand invaders."

TWO SQUADRONS of United States cavalry descended upon Oklahoma Payne's camp at Rock Falls, Indian Territory, arrested the leaders, and started them off for Fort Smith. The women, children, and new offenders were escorted to the Kansas line. Of Payne's paper, which was ready to go to press, 100 copies were printed, when the machine was packed up and loaded into a wagon. The boarding-house, drug store, and some other cheap structures were burned, and not a vestige of the settlement was permitted to remain. Payne, who had been bloodthirsty in his threats, was docile as a lamb under arrest.

THE annual tournament of the Western Rifle Association will be held at Western Union Junction, near Milwaukee, Aug. 25-27. A large number of money and badge prizes have been arranged. Nineteen lepers who arrived at San Francisco by the Pacific steamer Oceanica were ordered back to China. One attempted to escape, but was captured. Gov. Sheldon, of New Mexico, has issued a proclamation placing the Territory under cattle-quarantine regulation on account of the outbreak of the Texas cattle fever in adjacent States and Territories.

GOV. GLICK, of Kansas, has called a meeting of the Live-Stock Sanitary Commission, in consequence of the appearance of Texas fever in the State, to devise ways and means to prevent the spread of the epidemic. He has invited the railroad Superintendents and the cattle-yard Superintendents doing business in the State to the meeting. Texas fever is killing cattle at Lemars, Iowa, the disease having been brought there by cattle shipped from Kansas. J. De Graw & Sons, lumber merchants, doing business at Minneapolis, St. Paul,

and Cumberland, Wis., have made an assignment. The debts are \$40,000; the assets \$28,000. A runaway horse dragged ex-Sheriff Colbath and Mrs. Leatherman out to the railway track at Lima, Ohio, and a switching engine killed both of them, the horse escaping. The police of Mattoon, Ill., have issued orders forbidding ladies to wear Mother Hubbard dresses, unbelted, under penalty of arrest.

A DISPATCH from Helena, Montana, says: "Meager particulars are received of another slaughter of horse-thieves in the Mussel shell region, 150 miles northwest of here, last week by cowboys. While in pursuit of stolen horses a log-house was discovered in the timber on the mountain-side. It was secretly watched a day or two, during which time several small parties of men came and went, some by day and others by night, having in their possession horses evidently stolen. It becoming evident that it was a horse-thieves' rendezvous, the cowboys congregated, and last Monday night crawled up to the house and attacked it. Fourteen horse-thieves were about the premises at the time. Nine were killed and five escaped. The cabin was set fire to and burned."

THE Iowa State Veterinary Surgeon pronounces the disease which has appeared among the cattle in the vicinity of Lemars to be Texas fever. He says that he has no fear of the spread of the contagion if ordinary precautions are taken. John C. S. Harrison, the Indianapolis banker, has been indicted by the grand jury for embezzlement. His bail is reduced to \$10,000, and the police were withdrawn from his house when the bond was signed by his brother-in-law.

THE Treasury Department has issued orders to Collectors of Customs that hereafter when a vessel carrying rags arrives at any port it shall be the duty of the importer to produce positive evidence that the cargo is from a non-infected port, and is free from the germs of disease. The difficulty of producing such evidence virtually prevents the introduction of rags. John B. Dawson, a clerk in the Pension Bureau at Washington, died last week. He weighed 438 pounds, and his body had to be placed in a grape arbor until a coffin could be made.

THE SOUTH.

A FORT WORTH (Texas) dispatch says: "It is a well-known fact at El Paso and points west of there that the yellow fever is raging at Nogales, Arizona. Nogales lies ninety-three miles southwest of Benson and 252 miles from El Paso. While the Texas authorities are maintaining a rigid quarantine along the Gulf line and the border line near the mouth of the Rio Grande, they are practically leaving the western boundary line unprotected by any restrictions whatever."

A SOUTHERN dispatch states that "5,000 veterans of the Union and Confederate armies are encamped at Dallas, Texas. A special train was tendered to Jefferson Davis, who contented himself with a lengthy letter, his wife accompanying it with a statement that the physical condition of the ex-President prevented him from meeting his former comrades. Mr. Davis complains that the veterans of the war with Mexico have been the subjects of special discrimination."

EMMA J. HARRINGTON secured a divorce at Baltimore from Robert Fearing, whom she married in Castine, Me., in 1879. Fearing claimed to be a creole, but a letter from Southern friends contained a picture of a mulatto boy, whom he unguardedly said was his nephew. Mrs. Fearing began an investigation, discovered that her husband's relatives were full-blooded negroes, and as the laws of Maine and Maryland prohibit marriages between Africans and Caucasians, was granted a decree.

THE New Orleans Postoffice has received a thorough inspection by a special commission, which reports that there is neither organization nor discipline; that mail-sacks were found made into hammocks or sold to junk-shops; that a son of the Postmaster holds a sinecure; that the porter is a fraud, and that salaries should be readjusted at once. The New Orleans Exposition Managers will negotiate to have Bartholdi's statue exhibited at New Orleans before it is placed in position on Bedloe's Island.

G. H. HULL, & Co., of Louisville, have addressed a circular to the pig-iron men of Pittsburgh, asking them to bank all the furnaces in the country for four weeks, in order to increase the price by a restriction of the production. A fire which broke out in a warehouse at Catlettsburg, Ky., destroyed five large brick buildings. James McKenzie, David Kinner, and John Graham were caught under the falling walls of the burning buildings and killed. Robert Miller and Samuel Kelly were fatally injured. Some others were seriously hurt.

WASHINGTON.

THE total value of exports of domestic cattle, hogs, and beef, pork and dairy products for the six months ended June 30, was \$43,837,419, against \$55,357,704 for the same period last year; beef and pork products for the eight months ended June 30 \$57,570,538, against \$67,679,841 for the corresponding time in 1883; dairy products for the two months ended June 30, \$2,662,966, against \$2,990,420 for the same period last year. The number of immigrants that arrived in the country during the year ending June 30 was 509,834, being 82,490 less than for the preceding fiscal year, and 260,586 less than the year ended June 30, 1882.

POLITICAL.

THE Illinois Greenbackers have issued a call for a State Convention at Bloomington on the 27th of August. A Boston dispatch says the Massachusetts Greenbackers of that State will hold a convention for the nomination of State officers Sept. 4. The State Committee feel confident that Butler will accept the Presidential nomination tendered him by their party.

GEN. BUTLER has written the following letter: BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 6. To the Hon. Chas. A. Dana, editor New York Sun, New York City: DEAR SIR: As a means of reaching more quarters than I can do in any other way, I write this note for such use as you may choose to make of it. Answer-I do intend to stand by the nomination of the Greenback-Laboring men, and the Anti-Monopolists, and I hope everybody

will vote for me who thinks that it is the best thing to do. I will give the reasons for my action which are controlling to the public as soon as I can have the benefit of Mr. Cleveland's letter of acceptance, so that wherein I disagree with him I may do him no injustice. Very truly your friend and servant,

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER. Gov. Cleveland visited Mr. Tilden at Grey-stone on the 6th inst., and had a talk with him about the letter of acceptance. Gov. Cleveland left for the Adirondack Mountains on the following day. Mr. Blaine was tendered a reception by the business men of Portland, Me., on the 6th inst.

PORTSMOUTH (N. H.) dispatch: Calvin Page, Democrat, was chosen Mayor over W. H. Size, Republican, to-day, by a vote of 1,003 to 434, the smallest Republican vote ever cast in the city. The Democrats for the first time in seven years elect a majority of the city government, securing thirteen out of the nineteen Councilmen, and six out of nine Aldermen. It is understood that Mr. Blaine will be entertained at a grand banquet by prominent citizens of Boston next month.

THE Republican Congressional Convention in the Eighth Ohio District balloted 574 times before effecting a nomination. A dispatch from Old Orchard, Me., says: "It is estimated that 25,000 persons were on hand to attend the encampment of the Grand Army. When Mr. Blaine arrived in the morning he was enthusiastically received. He held a reception at the Old Orchard House, where a great many passed in and shook hands with him and Gov. Robie. He afterward addressed the veterans."

WASHINGTON telegram to Chicago Times: "A great deal of quiet work is being done by the Republican Campaign Committee to overcome the Democratic majority in the House. The Democratic majority in the present House is seventy-seven. Those who have been occupied in looking over the field say that by actual figures there are seventy-eight districts which can be turned by 500 votes. If forty of these can be carried by the Republicans this fall they will have a majority in the next House. To secure this money will be spent in certain Congressional districts like water." William L. Scott has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Erie District of Pennsylvania. Wyatt Aiken has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Third South Carolina District.

GEN. BUTLER, in an interview at Boston the other day, is credited with saying: "I see they (the Democratic leaders) complain that I have deserted the Democratic party. There's no way of satisfying them. The last time they complained it was that I had captured the Democratic organization. Be it so. Then I have only let my captives loose. I have a great debt of gratitude to the people of Massachusetts, but none to any Democratic organization, State or national. In no campaign did I ever receive aid from the Democratic national organization, nor did any National Democrat from the outside ever come here or say a word in my favor or in favor of the Democratic party, while I was the unanimous nominee. Whenever I have any use for the organization of the Massachusetts Democracy, I will get it."

GENERAL.

THE Wabash Railway directory met at New York, approved the plan of reorganization, accepted Jay Gould's resignation of the Presidency, and elected J. F. Joy, of Detroit, to the position.

AN American railway company operating in Mexico has received information that diplomatic relations between that country and England, which were suspended on the death of Maximilian, have been fully resumed.

TO ALLAY sensational rumors, the Canadian Minister of Railways states that the Pacific Road can complete its track across the continent with the remainder of the loan in the hands of the Government.

FOREIGN.

It is quite probable that the Chinese Government will accede to the terms proposed by the French Ambassador. The American Minister, Mr. J. Russell Young, will be called upon to settle the quarrel between the Gauls and Celestials. A hurricane at Sebastopol killed twelve persons and did great damage to property. There was a hail-storm in two districts of Austria, which swept away a number of buildings. The Queen of Madagascar has declared negotiation with the French at an end, and ordered her people to prepare for war. The Belgian Government has quarantined against all Mediterranean ports.

ACCORDING to the report of Capt. Moncrieff, one of the British agents, the condition of the Egyptian fellahs is deplorable on account of the heavy taxes imposed upon them by the agents of the English bondholders. Capt. Moncrieff suggested several remedies which have not been acted upon. All of them looked to a lowering of taxes. Stellmacher, the murderer of the bankers Lienhart and Eisert, was hanged at Vienna last week. The Belgian Chambers has passed the bill providing for a renewal of the diplomatic relations with the Vatican.

THE Franco-Chinese complication is beginning at last to come to a head. The time of the French ultimatum, Aug. 4, having expired, and there being no signs of the indemnity forthcoming, the French Admiral the following day bombarded and subsequently occupied the town of Kelung, in the northern part of the island of Formosa, off the eastern coast of China. The French Minister has notified the Chinese Government that the period of occupation will depend upon the payment of the indemnity, which increases every time we hear from it, having now reached the respectable sum of \$16,000,000. Consul Mason, of Marcellus, sends an official statement that medical science and sanitary skill have made but little progress in dealing with Asiatic cholera. The press dispatches show that the epidemic is slowly spreading over France and Italy. A form of cholera known as English cholera has broken out in several places in the Lancashire (England) district. Two hundred persons have been attacked, and there have been five deaths. W. H. Hurlbert, formerly proprietor of the New York World, was married to Miss Catherine P. Tracy in England.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

THE Wall Street Bank of New York has closed its doors. The shortage is said to be about \$200,000, and was caused by the cashier, J. P. Dickinson, absconding with some of the collaterals of the institution.

THE Postmaster General will personally inspect the factories at Hartford and Springfield, where stationery is made for the Government under contract. It is believed that frauds to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars have been perpetrated, with the collusion of Government inspectors.

LOCUSTS are reported to have destroyed the crops in Southern Mexico and Yucatan. Thousands of families will have to depend on their Governments for support in consequence. Only three-eighths of the mill-furnaces of the United States are now in operation.

THE harvesting weather throughout Europe is very fine, and prospects of a large crop are reported good. The British forces in Egypt, now numbering 8,000 men, will be raised to 10,000. Recent heavy rains in Upper Hungary have done much damage. Many villages have been almost swept away and some persons drowned.

MRS. SAMUEL BRANCH, residing near Wyandotte, Kas., heard screams for help from the room in her residence occupied by Henry Glass, a friend of the family. She pushed open the door and found Glass surrounded by flames, his bed having caught fire. He was unable to move. While she was dragging him out of the room the fire reached a shotgun standing in the room. The gun was discharged, the contents striking Mrs. Branch in the face and inflicting a fatal wound. Glass may survive.

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the Chicago Times says that Gen. Grant will support Blaine and Logan, and will, in all probability, take an active part in the campaign. "Mr. Conkling," says the same authority, "has absolutely refused to have anything to do with Blaine or his canvass. He is reported to have said some kind things of Logan, who is one of his old and warm friends, but for Blaine he has only the bitterest and most biting sarcasm. Conkling is rather incline to favor Butler's candidacy."

SOLOMON CHASE, the noted Maine Greenbacker, has written a letter indorsing the candidacy of Blaine. The Rev. Mr. Ball, of Buffalo, the Baptist clergyman who was partly instrumental in placing the story of Gov. Cleveland's immoralities before the public, has brought suit for libel against the Boston Herald for having published a dispatch which insinuated that he was not a clergyman in good standing with his denomination and other matters derogatory to his character. Damages are laid at \$25,000. A Buffalo dispatch says: "A local committee composed of John M. Cowie and fifteen other Independent Republicans of this city have issued an address to the Independent Republicans of the nation giving the result of their investigation into the Cleveland scandal. They say that they have felt it their duty to examine these stories in detail, not to satisfy themselves, but to satisfy others. They say that the general charges of drunkenness and gross immorality which were made against Gov. Cleveland are absolutely false. His reputation for morality has been good. The charge that he has recently taken part in a drunken and licentious debauch in Buffalo on the occasion of a visit here is entirely false. The facts of the Halpin case show that the woman was not seduced and that the allegations respecting her abduction and ill-treatment are entirely false. The circumstances occurred years ago. The woman in question was at that time thirty or forty years old and had two children."

"AN American lady married to an Italian prince a year ago has left him." We suspect her fortune became exhausted, and she was too high-toned to go out scrubbing and washing to support him.—Norristown Herald.

A FASHION journal says "very stout kids with long wrists are in fashion." The longer the wrist the easier the kid can get into the preserve jar.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$ 5.50 @ 7.50
HOGS.....	5.75 @ 6.25
WHEAT—Extra.....	5.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	.87 @ .89
No. 2 Red.....	.92 @ .94
CORN—No. 2.....	.63 @ .64
OATS—White.....	.42 @ .47
PORK—New Mess.....	16.75 @17.25
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	7.00 @ 7.50
Good Shipping.....	6.00 @ 6.50
Common to Fair.....	5.00 @ 5.75
HOGS.....	5.75 @ 6.25
WHEAT—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	5.25 @ 5.50
Good to Choice Spring.....	4.50 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.79 @ .80
No. 2 Red Winter.....	.84 @ .85
CORN—No. 2.....	.62 @ .64
OATS—No. 2.....	.27 @ .29
RYE—No. 2.....	.60 @ .62
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.61 @ .63
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.20 @ .22
Fine Dairy.....	.15 @ .17
CHEESE—Full Cream.....	.08 1/2 @ .10
Skimmed Flat.....	.05 @ .06
EGGS—Fresh.....	.14 @ .15
POTATOES—New, per brl.....	1.25 @ 1.50
PORK—Mess.....	23.50 @24.00
LARD.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.82 @ .83
CORN—No. 2.....	.64 @ .65
OATS—No. 2.....	.36 @ .38
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.79 @ .80
CORN—No. 2.....	.49 @ .50
OATS—No. 2.....	.33 @ .35
BARLEY—No. 2 Spring.....	.54 @ .56
PORK—Mess.....	15.25 @15.75
LARD.....	7.25 @ 7.50
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.83 @ .84 1/2
OATS—Mixed.....	.47 @ .48
CORN—No. 2.....	.60 @ .61
RYE.....	.57 @ .59
PORK—Mess.....	16.75 @17.25
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.81 @ .83
CORN.....	.55 @ .57
OATS—Mixed.....	.35 @ .37
PORK—Mess.....	16.75 @17.25
LARD.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
DETROIT.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	6.25 @ 6.75
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.93 @ .94
CORN—Mixed.....	.56 @ .57
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.34 @ .36
PORK—New Mess.....	16.50 @17.00
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red, New.....	.82 @ .84
CORN—Mixed.....	.50 @ .52
OATS—Mixed.....	.32 @ .33
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best.....	6.25 @ 6.75
Fair.....	5.75 @ 6.25
Common.....	4.25 @ 4.75
HOGS.....	5.75 @ 6.25
SHEEP.....	5.00 @ 5.50

ANNIHILATING SPACE.

A Wonderful Trotting Feat by Maud S.

The Little Mare Makes a Mile in 2:09 3-4.

[Cleveland special to Chicago Times.]

Maud S. snatched the laurels from Jay-Eye-See, and the wreath again encircles her proud neck. There was never anything like it seen before on a race track, and it is doubtful if anything more beautiful will ever be witnessed again. For two years Maud S. has retained undisputed possession of the proud title "Queen of the Turf," and her record of 2:10 1/2 was regarded as proof against all new comers. At Providence, Jay-Eye-See made the circuit of the track in 2:10, and obtained rightful possession of the title that was immediately tendered him of "King of the Turf." Maud S. brought even that record down a quarter of a second, and again became the champion of the world. It was a magnificent exhibition, and was witnessed by an audience of four thousand people.

It was exactly 4:24 o'clock when Mr. Bair came out of the stable with Maud S. and drove down before the judges' stand. It was whispered along the line that she was to trot a fast mile, and hundreds of watches were held in readiness. Bair at first sent her around at an easy pace, and then drove down below the distance stand, and headed her toward the west. The mare at once struck a fast gait, and when forty feet below the judges' box, Bair nodded for the word. It was given him and the queen sprang under the wire and began her work. It was known that she was trotting fast, and every eye was fixed upon her. Grandly she held her pace, and during the entire mile there was nothing approaching a skip. Her strides were tremendous and fast. Bair, her driver, did not begin to urge her until the quarter was passed, and then he did not crowd her to the utmost. As she passed each quarter, hundreds of voices announced the fact to those who were holding their watches, and as each pole was passed the opinion gained ground that the mile would be a very speedy one. The first quarter was trotted in 32 1/2 seconds, a 2:11 gait; the second in 31 1/2, a 2:06 gait; the third in 32, a 2:08 gait; and the fourth in 33 1/2, a 2:14 gait. The following, therefore, is the summary: 32 1/2, 1:04 1/2, 1:36 1/2, and 2:09 3/4. A whisper could have been heard when the queen passed under the wire. Those who had held watches were uncertain whether they were correct, and waited the judges' announcement.

In the latter box the scene was wholly different. It was known that the record had been broken, and every one congratulated every one else. By and by the audience began to cry: "Time!" "Time!" whereupon the judges hung up a big card on which were the figures "2:09 3/4." Then a scene was witnessed such as had not been experienced since Goldsmith Maid fell behind the fearful strides of Smuggler. Cheer after cheer was given. Hats, handkerchiefs, umbrellas and canes were waved, and as Bair came back to see what the disturbance was about he was greeted with an ovation. He lifted his hat modestly, and then sent the queen back to the stable.

The time given was the outside time taken. Mr. Bonner, of New York, made the time 2:09 1/2; Secretary Fasig, 2:09 3/4; and the third time, 2:09 1/2. President Edwards dashed across to the telegraph office and sent the following dispatch:

W. H. Vanderbilt, United States Hotel, Saratoga, N. Y.: Allow me to congratulate you. Maud S. still reigns supreme. Her record is 2:09 3/4, on a slow track. Before ordering her home, come here and see her trot in 2:07 or 2:08. We are all happy.

WILLIAM EDWARDS. Mr. Busbee, of the Turf, Field, and Farm, who saw the exhibition, says the Cleveland track is at least a second and a half slower than the one on which Jay-Eye-See made his famous record the other day.

Just as Maud S. turned into the home stretch she was passed by another horse going in the opposite direction. This somewhat confused the mare, and she was inclined to let down, but Bair touched her gently with the whip, and she sprang forward and immediately got down to work again. The remarkable feature of the trot was the ease in which it was accomplished. The mare was going a great deal faster than the majority of the spectators imagined, and when the announcement was made of the time it nearly upset some old-time sports, who, when they recovered, danced about like schoolboys at recess.

PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

An Important Liquor Law Decision at Clinton.

[Clinton (Iowa) dispatch to the Chicago Inter Ocean.]

Judge Hayes, in the District Court, announced an important decision in a liquor case under the Iowa law on a habeas corpus petition. At Davenport Saturday John Pfeiffer was convicted before a Justice of the Peace of Muscatine County for the illegal sale of liquor and sentenced to a fine of \$75 and costs. He was committed until paid. The prisoner was released by Judge Hayes, who decided that the Justice had no jurisdiction; that, as the law provides penalties for the sale of liquor beyond the statutory limit of \$100 fine and thirty days' imprisonment, Justices or such officers can only act as committing magistrates. The decision in effect takes all liquor cases to the district courts of the State for trial on indictment by grand juries.

EXCITABLE FRENCHMEN.

A Strange Scene Witnessed at Versailles.

[Cable dispatch from Paris.]

The opening session of the Congress composed of the two houses of Parliament, which assembled at Versailles to-day to undertake the revision of the Constitution, was exceedingly uproarious, and broke up in great disorder. After a stormy tumult, Leroyer's proposal to adopt the standing orders of the Assembly of 1871 was agreed to. Both Right and Left took part in the interruptions. As soon as this matter was disposed of Minister Ferry ascended the tribune to introduce the scheme of revision. Andrieux and others at once protested that Ferry was out of order. It was contended that committees ought to be elected first. As Andrieux ascended the tribune, the members formed a semi-circle around him, and a scene of wild excitement ensued. The President thereupon put his hat on and suspended the sitting.

B. F. BUTLER.

How His Determination to Enter the Presidential Race is Viewed.

Its Probable Effect in the Doubtful States of the North.

[Special telegrams to the Chicago Times.]

NEW YORK.

The declared determination of Gen. Butler to put himself in the field for the Presidency is a topic about which politicians of all parties in this city have much to say. Said a well-known ex-member of the Aldermanic chamber and Sachem of Tammany this afternoon: "Of course John Kelly will not say so in so many words, but you can just make up your mind that he, as well as the majority of the Tammany voters, is extremely glad to know that they will be able to vote for Butler this autumn if they feel so inclined. There are several reasons why Butler is sure to catch a large portion of the Irish vote. He is bold, aggressive, and without an iota of sympathy with England."

Clinton Furbish, a Brooklyn Greenbacker, said: "Gen. Butler is a candidate in earnest for the Presidency. He will without doubt poll a large vote in this State and the States of Massachusetts, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Michigan. Why, I believe that the General will poll more votes in Chicago than Cleveland."

Thomas Dennehy, a member of the Independent Labor party and an Irish Nationalist, said: "I think that his candidacy will result in throwing the election into the House of Representatives, in which event Cleveland would probably win."

ROCHESTER.

The disaffection in the Republican ranks is quite pronounced in this section. The Independents have organized and will support Cleveland. There are, however, many Republicans so disgusted with Blaine that they will vote for Butler rather than support Cleveland. The indications are, therefore, that Butler will draw more Blaine than Cleveland votes. He will certainly poll quite a heavy vote in this city.

BUFFALO.

Opinions on the position of Butler in the campaign are as yet mainly expressions of what is hoped or feared. Republicans expect that his canvass, if made at all aggressive, will draw largely from Cleveland. They are looking for his support by Tammany Hall, the New York Sun, and the bolting Irish laborers. It is expressed freely that he will draw two men from Cleveland to one from Blaine, yet it is observed that in this reckoning the Irish bolters, who are not scarce here, are reckoned as coming from Cleveland. Democrats retort by saying that these votes are already lost to Cleveland, and it is a gain to throw them to Butler. They add that Blaine will lose to St. John all that he can gain in the Butler split. They say that they are letting the Republicans do their worst at present; that their campaign is not open, and will not be until Cleveland's letter is out, when they propose to become more aggressive at all points. Republicans are very active everywhere else.

SYRACUSE.

The effect of Butler's acceptance in this Congressional district (the Twenty-fifth) will not be so marked as in other districts in the State. The workmen here are largely Republicans, and, as a rule, stick to their party. There is some disaffection among the workmen in both parties, and the votes of the disaffected will go to Butler. The cigar-makers, of whom there is a large number here, are strong for Cleveland because he signed the tenement house cigar bill for New York City, and are working hard to overcome the objections to him in his party.

ELMIRA.

Butler's acceptance is received with satisfaction by many workmen and Greenbackers in Elmira and vicinity. Chemung County has been quite a stronghold of Greenbackism in years past, and throughout the entire southern tier Butler has many friends. The party has taken it for granted that he would accept. A fair-sized public club has been organized and a fine banner suspended over one of the principal business streets of this city. Rev. Thomas K. Beecher is a prominent Greenbacker and has been all along enthusiastic for Butler. He says he shall do all he can for him in the campaign. Ralph Beaumont, also prominent in politics, has already made several speeches for Butler. Butler will draw a good vote all through this section, and it is feared will cut into Cleveland's vote seriously. The Democrats are organizing very thoroughly and will make a hot fight. The Blaine men declare their confidence in carrying Chemung County, but a strong effort will be made to keep it in the Democratic ranks. St. John will draw a good vote from Republicans and may offset Butler's inroad on the Democracy.

LOCKPORT.

Ben Butler's acceptance of the nomination of the National Greenback Labor party was received here with much enthusiasm by Greenbackers and workmen. In the Second Ward there is a Butler club with 200 members. The total vote of the ward is 750. Butler clubs in other wards do not show so large a membership, but his vote will be heavy. In the Holly Water-Works, where about one-half of the employees are Democrats, only ten will vote for Cleveland. The remainder will go to Butler. In Pendleton the vote of the town is 200. A Butler club of thirty members was organized at the first meeting. In Hartland the vote of the town is 375. There is a Butler club of seventy members in one polling district. Reports from other towns show an unexpected undercurrent for Butler. Lawrence J. McParlin, State Committeeman of the National Greenback party in this district in 1877, is much surprised at the sudden change of feeling, and from letters and reports received, claims that if the Butler boom continues he will poll fully one-third of the votes cast in Niagara County.

TRIOY.

Butler's decision to run created quite an excitement here. The daily labor organ has come out squarely for Butler. There are over 4,000 voters here out of a total poll of 11,000, who are enrolled among the several labor unions. Nearly all of those votes have gone for the Democratic candidates heretofore, but the feeling against Cleveland is so strong that fully 3,000 of them are expected to be cast for the Labor candidate. Many of the Labor leaders have, until to-day, said they would refrain from voting altogether. Most of them are now

shouting themselves hoarse in the saloons and on the street corners for Butler.

ALBANY.

Cleveland clubs, consisting largely of members of trades unions, have already been formed in the city, but the unions have taken no official action in regard to the campaign. Some curiosity is expressed as to the effect Gen. Butler's candidacy will have upon them.

INDIANA.

In relation to the candidacy of Butler and its probable effect, Hon. John O. Greene, the Greenback nominee for Attorney General, says: "Butler will draw votes from both parties, but it is my judgment in Indiana he will draw three from the Democrats to one from the Republicans, and his candidacy will defeat Cleveland. It is certain to lose him Indiana, New York, and New Jersey, and secure Connecticut, Ohio, and California for Blaine beyond peradventure. The Democratic workmen will vote for Butler, and he will get the solid Greenback and Anti-Monopoly vote. In this part of Indiana Butler will draw heavily from the Democrats. I acted with the Democrats before uniting with the Greenback party."

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON.

The Blaine opinion of Butler's candidacy, as voiced by the *Journal*, is that if Tammany and the New York *Sun* support him it settles the Presidential question in advance. "The Republicans expect that he will draw largely from Cleveland in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut, but admit that in this State the effect of his candidacy will be to reduce Blaine's majority." The Democrats are thoroughly mad, and swear all manner of things at their late idol. At a meeting which the State Committee held to-day to talk over the situation it was said that the Butler vote in this State would be about 15,000. On the street, however, the estimates differ widely from that, some going as high as 50,000. It must be admitted that the situation in Massachusetts is greatly complicated, and, with four tickets in the field, the chances favor the field rather than the favorite.

WASHINGTON.

DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN OPINION.

Gen. Butler's declaration that he will stand by the Greenback and Anti-Monopoly nominations is looked upon by politicians about town as having lost its importance from long delay, and neither party seems to derive any particular satisfaction from the prospect of his drawing off part of the Irish and labor vote. The Republicans contend that he can not poll a very large Irish vote, and whatever support he gets he must draw from the regular Democratic rank and file. The Democrats say, however, that he will draw off the dynamite Irish, who would have gone to Blaine had Butler not run, and it is hinted that the whole thing is planned with the hope of throwing the election into the House. It is argued that this can be done by keeping the Irish away from Blaine, and the House being Democratic, Cleveland's election would thus be assured. But it is generally admitted that Butler's plans are too deep for the understanding of ordinary mortals, and Secretary Post about expresses the general feeling by likening it to the Irishman who, being asked by the Judge before whom he was brought to answer to a criminal charge, if he was guilty or not guilty, replied: "If it's all the same to yer Honor, I prefer to hear the evidence before answering yer question."

Secretary McPherson, of the Republican Committee, when asked what he thought of Butler's letter, said: "He is doing with the Democrats just what he did with us when he was a Republican. He's a regular bull in a china shop. He has done as everybody expected when he was so ignominiously snubbed at Chicago. He'll run now as a Labor Democrat. They now have two candidates in the field. Butler will carry a large Democratic vote. He will take some Democratic votes which would have gone to Blaine, but these are few, and we are very willing to lose them, in view of the vast number he will get that would not have voted for Blaine."

TAMMANY.

GETTING MORE AMIABLE. Every night's sleep, says a New York special, renders the Tammany men more amiable toward the Democratic ticket. The presence in the East of Gov. Hendricks, who enjoys the warm admiration of Mr. Kelly and his following, has done much to soften the asperities which were left by the Chicago convention, and no candid politician of either party now pretends to doubt that Tammany will be heartily for Cleveland and Hendricks, and that the substantial evidences of the union of the factions will not be long delayed.

JOHN KELLY.

VERY MUCH COMPLICATED. In an interview at Saratoga, the other day, John Kelly is reported to have said: "Gen. Butler's letter puts an entirely new face on the situation. With three candidates in the field the canvass will be very much complicated." "What will be the result?" "It is too early to make predictions." "You know Butler well?" "Very well. He is very popular with the working classes and will poll a large vote. Wait till his letter is published; by that time the mists will have cleared and it will be safe to make predictions."

GAMBLING EVERYWHERE.

A traveler to Long Branch describes a thing characteristic of the speculative sort of business men who so largely make up the season's multitude at the famous seaside resort. A dozen men, lacking room in the smoking car of the crowded train, went to enjoy their cigars in the baggage car. Here was a baby carriage lying on its side, thus bringing one wheel uppermost and horizontal. Not a minute had elapsed before a broker wrapped a bit of paper around a spoke. "Now, gentlemen," he said, "stand around the wheel of fortune while I whirl it thus," and he gave the wheel a turn. "It costs you 25 cents apiece, and the man in front of whom the marked spoke stops takes the pot. Make your game while the wheel is revolving." During the ride of an hour and a half, the impromptu game did not of an instant lag. —*New York Sun*.

THE FOREIGN VOTE.

Some Interesting Statistics Compiled from the Last Census.

Never before, perhaps, says the *St. Louis Republican*, has so much interest been taken in the numbers and influence of foreign-born citizens of the United States as at this time. Certainly there never have at any other time been put forward speculations so divergent respecting the inclination of different nationalities. There were in the United States in 1880, as shown by the national census, 6,679,943 foreign-born persons. These were from thirty-seven nationalities, counting those coming from Germany, Great Britain, and British America as being from only three nationalities. The mass of the foreign-born population, however, comes from the following countries and is located in the several states as shown below:

States.	Can- da.	German.	En- gland.	Ireland.
Alabama.....	271	3,238	935	2,966
Arkansas.....	787	3,620	1,176	2,432
California.....	18,889	42,532	24,657	62,962
Colorado.....	5,738	7,912	18,797	8,263
Connecticut.....	16,444	15,627	5,453	70,639
Delaware.....	246	1,179	1,433	572
Florida.....	348	2,956	1,144	4,148
Georgia.....	34,043	235,786	56,318	117,843
Illinois.....	5,569	80,750	11,093	25,741
Indiana.....	21,079	88,268	22,519	44,061
Iowa.....	12,536	28,034	14,172	14,993
Kentucky.....	1,070	30,413	4,100	18,258
Louisiana.....	726	17,475	2,582	13,407
Maine.....	39,114	688	8,716	18,421
Maryland.....	988	45,461	5,331	21,968
Massachusetts.....	10,320	16,879	47,283	226,700
Michigan.....	148,666	89,065	43,202	43,413
Minnesota.....	23,631	86,592	8,945	25,942
Mississippi.....	309	2,356	1,047	2,753
Missouri.....	8,685	106,800	15,787	45,898
Nebraska.....	8,622	31,123	8,307	10,133
Nevada.....	3,147	2,213	4,146	5,191
New Hampshire.....	27,142	789	3,497	13,152
New Jersey.....	3,586	64,955	31,285	83,079
New York.....	84,192	355,913	116,302	499,445
North Carolina.....	423	978	788	611
Ohio.....	16,146	192,577	41,555	78,927
Oregon.....	3,019	5,034	2,896	3,659
Pennsylvania.....	12,376	168,424	80,102	236,505
Rhode Island.....	18,906	1,906	12,500	35,281
South Carolina.....	141	2,846	670	2,626
Tennessee.....	445	3,983	1,956	5,978
Texas.....	2,472	35,347	6,524	8,102
Vermont.....	24,620	396	2,252	11,357
Virginia.....	868	2,769	2,781	2,835
West Virginia.....	223	7,029	3,051	6,458
Wisconsin.....	28,965	184,328	24,916	41,907
Total.....	717,676	1,966,742	662,676	1,832,490

These nationalities comprised 5,179,584 of the whole foreign population of the country in 1880. The nationalities which made up the main portion of the remainder of the foreign-born population, were: Bohemians, 85,361; French, 106,971; Danes, 64,196; Scotch, 170,136; Welsh, 79,332; Hollanders, 58,090; Italians, 44,230; Mexicans, 68,390; Norwegians, 181,729; Poles, 48,577; Russians, 35,722; Swedes, 194,337; and Swiss, 88,621. These are well distributed through the Northern States, but few being in the former slave States. It will be observed that the Germans are the most numerous element of the foreign-born population. If the nationalities of Northern Europe, speaking German or kindred languages, are counted together, they comprise half the entire foreign-born population, and exceed by 50 per cent the Irish, who are the next most numerous nationality. The popular vote at the Presidential election of 1880 was 9,210,970, or something above 18 per cent of the population—that is, one vote to every 5.42 of the population. It is certain, however, that, by reason of not having qualified, or not having as much interest in elections as native-born citizens, the foreign-born population does not send voters to the polls in proportion to its numbers. This is shown by the fact that in large cities, and wherever the foreign population is greatest, the number of votes polled is farthest short of the number of males of voting age. For example, the vote of St. Louis does not reach half the number of males above the age of 21 years, as shown by the census. Instead of casting one vote to every 5.42 persons it may be fairly inferred that not more than one in eight of the foreign-born population goes to the polls. It will be observed that in all the States closely contested by the Republican and Democratic parties there is a large foreign population, the Germans generally preponderating. In New York and New Jersey the Irish-born largely exceed the German-born, while in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin the Germans are most numerous. If very great changes are wrought in the political complexion of the foreign-born vote the figures show the result of the approaching election may be radically affected by them.

SOUTHERN COTTON CROP.

Indications of an Unusually Good Yield. [New Orleans dispatch.]

The National Cotton Exchange reports July as having been favorable for the cotton crop, which improved about 10 points, bringing it up to 87, against 85 for June, and 84 for May. On the Atlantic seaboard the rainfall is somewhat excessive (particularly in South Carolina), and the betterment there is mainly in Georgia. Low temperature and continued rains in the first half of July proved a disadvantage to the crop in North Carolina. In Alabama the plant suffered from rain and deficient cultivation. West Mississippi improved materially. West of the Mississippi the condition continues to advance with timely showers, but Texas, owing to the protracted drought, has not made any progress, and the situation in that State is now very critical, for while the plant has stood the dry weather extraordinarily well, it is now losing ground and suffering for moisture.

TEXAS FEVER.

The Plague Breaks Out Again in Kansas. [Topeka (Kansas) telegram.]

The Sheriff of Ellis County telegraphed Gov. Glick to-day that Texas cattle fever had broken out there, and that there was danger of its spreading generally through the southern part of the county, unless measures were at once taken to suppress it. The Governor ordered the stricken cattle to be quarantined immediately, and has sent the State Veterinarian to the infected district to take further action in the case. It is not known how the Ellis County cattle became infected, as none of the cattle from Caldwell have been shipped beyond Manhattan.

SUGGESTIONS OF VALUE.

COFFEE grounds sprinkled over flower beds will drive away ants.

LUMPS of table salt put in kerosene lamps will prevent explosion.

SWEET oil and green walnut peelings boiled together will, by applying to the hair every morning, turn gray hair black. It is perfectly harmless.

HAIR switches can be dyed a beautiful black by boiling with green walnut peelings; it will take three nuts to a pint of water. When dry brush well and oil.

HANDSOME mats are made of felt, with borders of daisies and of golden rod, or of poppies and green leaves, worked with crewels. If you purchase the patterns so much used now, by which you can stamp your patterns yourself, the expense is trifling. A very pretty mat is of blue felt, with scroll-like border, worked with yellow. Scarlet and canary color, olive and gold are all very tastefully used together.

A HANDSOME and durable rug can be made by taking a piece of burlap and having a large pattern stamped upon it. There are new patterns which have lately come into vogue that are sold by the yard or piece and which any one can transfer to the most delicate material, with the use of a warm iron only. Work in the pattern with ravell'd yarn, over and over on a lead pencil, taking care to leave the loops long enough so that the work when done will not be flat.

ONE way to economize and to produce excellent results in cooking is to use suet instead of butter or lard. For many purposes it is better than either of these. Some people who object decidedly to cakes fried in lard relish them when suet is used in frying. Beef balls are very nice fried in suet. Round steak can be used for these. Chop the meat fine, season well with pepper and salt and any herb you may choose, shape them like flat balls with your hands, dip in egg and fine cracker of bread crumbs, and fry in the hot suet.

A DESCRIPTION of the walls and ceiling decoration of a modern parlor, recently done by a leading decorator, will illustrate a style at present in vogue. The wall paper is of ivory ground, overlaid with gray-colored figures of floral pattern, such as leaves and vines intermingling all over the walls and yet permitting the ground to show through indistinctly. At the top of this is placed a plain band of paper about six inches wide, and of pearl color, with a modern molding, on which appears a little gold. The molding is plain, flat, and narrow, and serves to divide the plain band from the frieze, which is, say eighteen inches wide. In the frieze, the ground of which is a very light, clear blue, appear shadings of the color employed in the wall paper, with others and more brilliant tints introduced, such as soft greens, and delicate rose colors. The cornice is tinted in light tints to correspond, with a touch of gold to give it expression. The center piece is of light cream color, with a little gold to relieve it.

How Pocahontas Looked.

An original painting of Pocahontas has been found in the family of Mr. Peter Elwin (Obit 1798) of Booton Hall, near Aylsham, in Norfolk, England. Mr. Elwin was the descendant of Anthony Rolfe, of Tottingham. The painting is without signature. Around the portrait (on the canvas) are these words in Latin: "Matoaka Rebecka filia potentiss; Princ; Powhatini Imp. Virginiae." Who was the painter?

At the same time Vandek, Jansen, and other Hollanders were in the first rank of painters at the Court of James I., and afterward at that of I. Charles. Then there were others like Nicola Locker, who, as Mrs. H. Jones informs us, painted an oval portrait of the then Bishop of London, who was the special friend of Pocahontas, and in whose palace at Lambeth she was a guest. It seems probable that he was the painter. The painting of the face, and of the details of the dress, is clear and finished, and shows great delicacy and beauty of execution. The portrait is slightly smaller than life, the face stamped unmistakably with the Indian type, and denoting intelligence and thoughtfulness, with much dignity, both in its expression and in the carriage of the head. The features are handsome and well formed, the lips bright red, the skin dark, smooth and vellum like, with a suspicion of a copper tint. The eyes are remarkable and prolonged at the corners. The color is a rich, decided, undeniable brown, with blue tints on the white eye-balls. The eyebrows are straight and black; the short hair by the ears throws out a glistening pearl ear-ring. The deep lace ruff, rising behind, sharply defines the face, which shows the high cheek-bones, and the outline narrowing abruptly below them, so characteristic of her race. The hat which she appears in sinks, into the oil painting, unnoticed, into the scarcely less dark background, while the richly-chased golden band round it gives the effect of a coronet, and is in happy combination with the coloring of the face. She is depicted in a mantle of red brocade velvet, much ornamented with gold; the underdress dark, buttoned with gold buttons. A small taper hand holds a fan of three ostrich feathers.

Excess of Panicle.

An Irish lady who is quite on her guard against betraying her national accent, is reported to have spoken lately of the "creature of Vesuvius," fearing that the "crater" would betray her again.

Ten silver dollars in each vest pocket will keep the vest down some.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—The Allegan hay crop was never better in quality or quantity.

—The Michigan Central will build some new bridges at Battle Creek.

—It is estimated that 800,000 pounds of wool have been marketed in Shiawassee County this year.

—A new mill is being built on section 4, in Mayfield, where there are 8,000,000 feet of pine to be manufactured.

—A boy named Bentley, 12 years old, fell from a flag-staff seventy-five feet to the ground, at Flint, but was not fatally injured.

—H. M. King, a farmer of Johnston, plowed up the petrified tooth of an animal, measuring thirteen inches in length and six inches across the top.

—At the village of Round Lake, four miles from Cadillac, Wilson, Barrington & Co.'s planing-mill, one store and one dwelling were consumed. Loss, \$11,500; insurance, \$6,500.

—John L. Comstock, the husband of the well-known lecturer and writer, Elizabeth L. Comstock, died recently at his home in Raisin Valley, Lenawee County, aged about 70. Deceased was widely known as "the Quaker poet," and was a prominent member of the Society of Friends.

Census Returns.

Following are the census returns for sixty-five of the seventy-nine counties in Michigan for 1884 and 1880. These embrace the most important of the counties, only a few of the smaller ones being left:

Counties.	1884.	1880.
Alcona.....	4,853	5,107
Alcona.....	39,004	32,715
Alcona.....	13,717	8,789
Alcona.....	8,789	5,237
Alcona.....	4,051	2,928
Alcona.....	24,217	25,317
Alcona.....	51,424	36,080
Alcona.....	4,410	3,433
Alcona.....	26,107	27,941
Alcona.....	41,095	38,453
Alcona.....	21,256	22,009
Alcona.....	5,232	6,116
Alcona.....	8,972	6,594
Alcona.....	3,372	3,248
Alcona.....	5,496	4,187
Alcona.....	27,165	26,100
Alcona.....	2,410	1,189
Alcona.....	32,411	31,223
Alcona.....	7,945	6,589
Alcona.....	38,825	30,220
Alcona.....	12,621	8,423
Alcona.....	25,256	21,075
Alcona.....	37,680	32,735
Alcona.....	26,151	22,478
Alcona.....	24,655	20,089
Alcona.....	36,994	35,856
Alcona.....	32,619	30,572
Alcona.....	10,887	6,879
Alcona.....	15,990	12,167
Alcona.....	45,848	42,031
Alcona.....	34,378	34,342
Alcona.....	4,409	3,937
Alcona.....	94,165	73,253
Alcona.....	3,243	3,253
Alcona.....	30,113	30,138
Alcona.....	21,573	22,251
Alcona.....	7,645	6,288
Alcona.....	49,440	48,843
Alcona.....	5,224	2,902
Alcona.....	31,443	31,627
Alcona.....	13,431	10,665
Alcona.....	22,111	14,075
Alcona.....	8,772	6,888
Alcona.....	33,233	33,024
Alcona.....	36,742	39,481
Alcona.....	851	1,000
Alcona.....	37,486	36,586
Alcona.....	41,487	41,537
Alcona.....	14,604	11,699
Alcona.....	3,643	1,914
Alcona.....	13,989	10,777
Alcona.....	1,876	1,467
Alcona.....	3,944	1,874
Alcona.....	36,445	33,129
Alcona.....	4,067	3,119
Alcona.....	2,610	1,469
Alcona.....	75,813	59,005
Alcona.....	29,732	26,841
Alcona.....	38,087	37,061
Alcona.....	47,195	44,197
Alcona.....	29,035	25,875
Alcona.....	30,929	30,667
Alcona.....	41,604	41,608
Alcona.....	169,948	166,444

The net gain in these counties is 187,083.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by observers of diseases in different parts of the State show the principal diseases which caused most sickness in Michigan during the week ending Aug. 2, 1884, as follows: "Number of observers heard from, 55:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Number of cases reported.	Percentage of total.
1 Diarrhea.....	82	79
2 Intermittent fever.....	73	72
3 Rheumatism.....	69	67
4 Neuralgia.....	60	68
5 Consumption of lungs.....	60	63
6 Cholera morbus.....	49	48
7 Bronchitis.....	49	46
8 Remittent fever.....	45	44
9 Cholera infantum.....	40	39
10 Dysentery.....	40	38
11 Tonsillitis.....	38	36
12 Whooping cough.....	34	33
13 Erysipelas.....	22	21
14 Inflammation of bowels.....	20	20
15 Inflammation of kidneys.....	20	19
16 Influenza.....	19	18
17 Typho-malarial fever.....	15	14
18 Pneumonia.....	15	14
19 Scarlet fever.....	11	10
20 Puerperal fever.....	11	10
21 Typhoid fever (enteric).....	7	6
22 Measles.....	7	6
23 Diphtheria.....	7	6
24 Inflammation of brain.....	7	6
25 Membranous croup.....	7	6
26 Acute glandular tonsillitis.....	4	4

SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1884.

Board of Education.

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 11, 1884.

Members present: Cappon, McBride, De Roo, Harrington, Steffens and Boggs. The Annual Statement was read and approved, and the recommendations adopted.

The Committee on Teachers reported, recommending that the Board hire as teachers, Miss Hattie Pennell, of Grand Rapids, Miss Anna Henges, of Douglas and Miss Emma Worth of Douglas. The recommendations were adopted.

The committee on teachers were instructed to get a janitor for the ward school house. Adjourned.

T. J. BOGGS, Secretary.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, Rev. N. M. Steffens, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 9:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The Sabbath a sign between the Lord and His people." Afternoon, "The one thing we ought to know."

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "Temptations of Christ." Evening, "Jesus, walking on the waves." Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. The services will be conducted by Rev. G. J. Nykerk, of Owerisel, Mich.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "Faith and Love, two indispensable fruits of regeneration." Afternoon, "The significance of the Holy Baptism." Evening, "Saved out of Egypt and destroyed in the Wilderness."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. A. De Bruyn, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The Sympathy of Jesus." Evening, "The Wedding Garment."

Ventura.

J. G. Borne has a relative from Detroit visiting him this week.

Zsks don't get out among the boys enough to hear all the news, however, he was out and helped to make night hideous upon the night referred to last week by "one of the boys," was also out last Friday night to a lively little party at the residence of W. H. Jocelyn, but didn't find any older. Don't know whether another party found any older or not, hope they found something to reward them for the hard work they were doing searching the premises. Who was it that "got left" in regard to that young couple? Was it the fellow that entered into a contract with another chap some time ago and now claims that the "other chap" did not live up to the contract, if he is the one we think he is to blame for "getting left" so easily. Why didn't he make it his business to be there and insist upon the fulfilling of said contract, anyhow we always considered George a man of his word.

Zsks

List of letters remaining in the post-office, at Holland Mich., August 14, 1884: Eanve Anderson, William Cotton, Miss Lucy Graham.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

Notice.

FOR SALE.—One second-hand hand fire engine and one two-wheel hose cart, with or without hose. For further information apply to the city clerk of the city of Holland, Michigan.

29-2w

A SPECIAL meeting of A. C. Van Raalte Post, G. A. R. will be held at their quarters on next Wednesday evening. By order of

J. KRAMER, Commander.

RIGHT will prevail, and in the near future the strength, purity and excellence of DeLand's Saleratus and Soda will be so thoroughly proven, that they will be found necessary articles in every home in the land. Test them in every way possible and you will still find them what they are guaranteed to be.

For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Cramp and Colic there is no remedy superior to the genuine Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum was driven entirely away from Mrs. J. C. Anderson, Peshtigo, Wis., by Burdock Blood Bitters. No equal as a blood purifier.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh.

Special Notices.

DIAMOND Dyes in all colors at the Central Drug Store, only 10 cents.

MARTIN BEUKEMA, who runs the best livery at the foot of Third street, will furnish minnows free to all parties hiring his boats. 27-2w

Proposed Improvement of Tenth Street Special Street Assessment District.

CITY OF HOLLAND,)

Clerk's Office, August 6, 1884. }

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Holland have caused to be made and deposited with the City Clerk for public examination, plans, diagrams, and estimates for the proposed grading of that part of Tenth street lying between the west line of the right of way of the Chicago and Michigan Lake Shore Railroad and Maple street, in the City of Holland, which part of said street has been designated by the Common Council as Tenth Street Special Street Assessment District.

1st. That a strip 24 feet wide through the centre of that part of Tenth street, lying between the west line of the right of way of the Chicago and Michigan Lake Shore Railroad and the centre of Maple street, in the City of Holland, designated by the Common Council of said City as Tenth Street Special Street Assessment District, be graveled to an average thickness of 9 inches, so spread that the same will be 12 inches in the centre, and 6 inches on the sides, of the kind used on Ninth street, or of a kind equal thereto, in accordance with the prayer of the petition of K. Schaddelee and others and in conformity with the estimate of the expense thereof as reported by the City Surveyor and now on file in the office of the City Clerk.

2nd. That all the expense of graveled said part of said Tenth street be defrayed by a special assessment upon the lots and lands lying and abutting on said part of said street and on the street intersections according to frontage.

That said improvement was determined upon by the Common Council at their meeting of August 6th, 1884, at which meeting it was

Resolved, That on Tuesday the 26th day of August, 1884, at 7:30 p. m. the Common Council will meet at their rooms to consider any objections to said diagrams and estimates that may be made.

By order of the Common Council, 27-3t

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

TRY "Margareta," Alfred Wright's new perfume. For sale by

KREMER & BANGS.

THE headquarters of the Cleveland and Hendricks Democratic Reform Club of this city have been removed to the Esplanade building opposite the Post-office. Regular meetings every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m. F. G. CHURCHILL, P. M. HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 8, '84. 27-2

Business for Sale.

The stock and good will of my Book, Stationery, and News store is for sale, as other business demands my time, and prevents my giving it the attention it requires and deserves. A lease of the store can also be had on reasonable terms. I will, if desired, sell an interest in the business on satisfactory terms to any good party who will carry it on, relieving me from the personal care of it.

H. D. POST.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 31, 1884. 26-4t

If you wish a bargain in Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Paint and White-wash brushes, call at

KREMER & BANGS.

Proposed Improvement of Eleventh Street Special Street Assessment District.

CITY OF HOLLAND,)

Clerk's office, August 6, 1884. }

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the city of Holland, have caused to be made and deposited with the city clerk for public examination, profile, diagrams and estimates for the proposed improving, grading and graveled of a part of Eleventh street in said city, to-wit: from west line of River street to the center of Maple street.

1st. That that part of Eleventh street lying between the west side of River street and the center of Maple street, be graded the whole width thereof according to plans, diagrams and estimates to be adopted by the Common Council.

2nd. That after said grade is completed a strip 18 feet wide through the center of said part of said street be covered with gravel to the average thickness of nine inches, so spread that it will be 12 inches thick in the center and six inches thick on the sides, of the kind used on Ninth street, or of a kind equal thereto.

3rd. That the whole cost of said improvement, grading and graveled be paid by special assessment upon the lots and lands lying and abutting upon said part of said street and on the street intersections according to frontage and that for the purpose of said special assessment said part of said street be made and be declared to be a special street assessment district, for the purposes of special assessment, to defray the expense and cost of said grade, at the time the plans, diagrams, profile and estimates thereof are adopted by the Common Council.

That said improvements were determined upon by the Common Council at their meeting of August 6, 1884, at which meeting it was

Resolved, That on Tuesday the 26th day of August, 1884, at 7:30 p. m. the Common Council will meet at their rooms to consider any objections to said profile, plans and estimates that may be made.

By order of the Common Council, 27-3t

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

We guarantee that the Sherwin-Williams Prepared Paint when properly used will not crack, flake or chalk off, and will cover more surface, work better, wear longer and permanently look better, than any other paint, including white lead and oil.

KREMER & BANGS.

The Secret of Wealth.

Broken down invalids do you wish to gain flesh, to acquire an appetite, to enjoy a regular habit of body, to obtain refreshing sleep, to feel and know that every fibre and tissue of your system is being braced up and renovated. If so commence at once a course of GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS. In one week you will be convalescent. In a month you will be well. Don't despair because you have a weak constitution. Fortify the body against disease by purifying all the fluids with GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified. The liver, the stomach, the bowels, the kidneys, are rendered disease proof by this great invigorant. Ruinous bills for medical attendance may be avoided by counteracting the first symptoms of sickness with these Bitters. They are recommended from friend to friend and the sale increases daily. We warrant a cure. Sold by H. Walsh. 26-4t

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Conrad P. Becker and John Beukema, under the firm name of Becker & Beukema, was dissolved on the 18th day of July, last by mutual consent. All claims for or against the late firm will be settled by Conrad P. Becker, who will continue the business.

CONRAD P. BECKER,
JOHN BEUKEMA.
Holland, Mich., Aug. 5, 1884. 27-4t

New Advertisements.

DO YOU KNOW THAT LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO.

With Red Tin Tag, is the best! Is the purest; is never adulterated with glucose, barytes, molasses, or any deleterious ingredients, as is the case with many other tobaccos.

Lorillard's Rose Leaf Fine Cut Tobacco is also made of the finest stock, and for aromatic chewing qualities is second to none.

Lorillard's Navy Clippings take first rank as a solid durable smoking tobacco wherever introduced.

Lorillard's Famous Snuffs have been used for over 124 years, and are sold to a larger extent than any others. 27-1y

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT!

Read the Detroit Post The best Newspaper in Michigan.

Daily \$7 per Year; 60 cents per month. Weekly—One Dollar per year. 27-4t

FREE! RELIABLE SELF-CURE

A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U. S. (now retired) for the cure of *Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Headaches, and Deafness*, sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.

Examination of Teachers.

Office of the Sec. of Board of School Examiners of Ottawa County.

Nunica, Mich., July 22, 1884. The Board of School Examiners of Ottawa County purpose meeting as follows for the examination of applicants for a teacher's certificate: August 6, 1884, at school house, Zeeland; August 27, at court house, Grand Haven; October 3, high school room, Coopersville; Oct. 31, court house, Grand Haven.

Each session is to commence at 9 o'clock a. m. Candidates are required to pass an examination in addition to other branches prescribed, in effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics on the human system.

By order of Board of Examiners.

A. W. TAYLOR, Sec.

No. 111.

An Ordinance.

To guard against the calamities of Fire.

The City of Holland Ordains:

Section 1. That no building, or part thereof, with exterior walls constructed of wood, or other combustible material, shall be removed into, placed upon, rebuilt, repaired, except as hereafter provided, or erected, or removed from one place to another, in that portion or part of said City, within the following boundaries, viz: Commencing at a point two rods south and six rods west of the Iron stake at the centre of the intersection of Seventh and River streets, from thence south on a line parallel with west line of River street and four rods west thereof to a point two rods north and six rods west of the Iron stake at the centre of intersection of River and Tenth streets, from thence east along the north line of Tenth street to a point two rods north and six rods east of Iron stake at centre of intersection of Tenth and River streets, from thence north on a line parallel with east line of River street and four rods east thereof to a point six rods east and nine rods south of Iron stake at centre of intersection of River and Eighth streets, from thence east along a line parallel with south line of Eighth street, and seven rods south thereof to a point two rods west and nine rods south of Iron stake at centre of intersection of Cedar and Eighth streets, from thence north on the west line of Cedar street to a point two rods west and nine rods north of Iron stake at centre of intersection of Cedar and Eighth streets, from thence west along a line parallel with the north line of Eighth street and seven rods north thereof to a point six rods east and nine rods north of Iron stake at centre of intersection of River and Eighth streets, from thence north on a line parallel with east line of River street and four rods east thereof to a point two rods south and six rods east of Iron stake at centre of intersection of River and Seventh streets, and from thence west on south line of Seventh street to place of beginning.

Sec. 2. All of that portion of the City of Holland embraced within the limits prescribed in the foregoing section is hereby declared to be a Fire District. That the exterior walls of all buildings, or parts of buildings hereafter removed into said district, or which shall hereafter be placed, rebuilt, or erected therein, shall be constructed of Stone, Brick, Gravel, Iron, or other incombustible material. Provided, that repairs in wooden buildings already erected in said district may be made to the extent of twenty per cent of their value, and in case of fire to the extent of fifty per cent of their value.

Sec. 3. Any person or persons, corporation, or company, who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this Ordinance on conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the County of Ottawa, or in the State House of correction at Ionia, in the discretion of the court, or magistrate before whom the conviction may be had, for a period not exceeding six months, and in case such court, or magistrate, shall only impose a fine, and costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned in the county jail of Ottawa County, or Detroit House of correction, or in the State House of correction at Ionia, until the payment of such fine, and costs, for a term not exceeding six months.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect ninety days after its passage. Passed, August 11th, A. D., 1884. Approved, August 14th, A. D., 1884. W. H. BEACH, Mayor. Attest: GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

SUMMER HAS COME!

—and—

C. STEKETEE & BOS

have a full line of

Summer Dress Goods!

—and—

Straw Hats of all Descriptions!

A large variety of

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics.

We have in stock constantly

FRESH GROCERIES

and a superior stock of Canned Goods.

PLUG TOBACCO!

We are agents for the Celebrated "Duck" Brand of Plug Tobacco. Every customer buying this tobacco has a chance of drawing an alarm clock.

DECORATED AND PLAIN FLOWER POTS.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS. 36-1y

FAMOUS DECISIVE BATTLES

Of the World. By CAPT. KING, U. S. A. HISTORY FROM THE BATTLE FIELD.

Shows how nations have been made or destroyed in a day—how Fame or disaster has turned on a single contest. A Grand Book for Old or Young—saves time, aids the memory, gives pleasure and instruction. Maps and Fine Illustrations. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Send for description and terms. Address: J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia.

W. VORST,

The North River Street

TAILOR

is still alive, and is ready to make you a good

COAT, PANTS, OR VEST,

or to clean and renovate your old and soiled garments.

Repairing done Neatly!

and at reasonable prices. Come and convince yourself. HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 29, 1884. 41t

The Encyclopædia Britannica!

(AMERICAN REPRINT.)

IN ABOUT 21 IMPERIAL 8VO VOLUMES.

THE ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA, edited by Prof. Thomas Spencer Baynes, LL. D., with the assistance of the most distinguished writers throughout the English speaking world, is acknowledged by all competent judges to be the most thorough, complete and accurate Encyclopædia now published. The "American Reprint" containing exactly the same matter, presents it in a more desirable form. The American supplement will render the work more complete on American subjects, and maintain the standard that it reaches on all others. The universal verdict pronounces it

The work of Master Minds.

A Complete, Cheap, Portable Library.

A Library on every subject of knowledge.

Always ready to answer every question.

A Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, History and General Literature, with many thousand engravings on steel and wood.

From PROF. DAVID SWING, 405 Superior St., Chicago, March 16, 1883.

J. M. STODDART & Co. Gentlemen:—After looking into the matter of the republished "Encyclopædia Britannica," it seems to me that my money would best go toward the "American Reprint," so you will please put me down in your list of subscribers.

From IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY.

There is no work in the English language of as high authority on every subject as the Encyclopædia Britannica. I prefer the "Reprint," on account of its form and its numerous corrections. P. J. FARNSWORTH, A. M., M. D. Iowa State University.

JOHN L. ATWATER,

84 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

27-3t

\$66 a week at home, \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. M. LATT & Co., Portland, Maine.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula & Erysipelas.

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER ON EARTH.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Buffalo, New York.

1884. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1884

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS.

FEATHERS, POMPONS, RIBBONS, SATIN, SILK, VELVET,

CRAPE, VEILING, LACE GOODS, EMBROIDERIES,

HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, GLOVES.

Jersey Jackets, Gossamer Water Proofs, Hoop Skirts, Bustles, Corsets, and Hair Goods.

Infant Cloaks and Clothing a Specialty. Worsted, and board and canvas.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET.

HOLLAND MICH

A. F. SLOOTER,

(Successor to L. T. Kantors.)

DEALER IN

Confectionery,

Stationery,

Blank Books.

CIGARS,

And Foreign and Domestic Fruits.

Our handsome Ice Cream Parlors are being re-fitted and will be, when completed, the most magnificent any in the city.

Cool and refreshing Soda Water drawn from the finest equipped fountain in the city can be obtained at my store.

GIVE ME A CALL.

A. F. SLOOTER,
HOLLAND, Mich., May 15, 1884. 15-1m

ATTENTION

Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long.
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.

ED. VER SCHURE, Supt.

or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city for the celebrated

Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge. B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1883.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvellous success. Instant Permanent Relief. DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

For all BRUSH & NERVE DISEASES. Only cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and 50 trial bottles free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 153 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

LIVER

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Secure Healthy action to the Liver and relieve all bilious troubles.

Surely Vegetable; No Opiates. Price 50c. All Druggists.

JOTTINGS.

Did you get wet Thursday?

GENERAL Manager J. B. Mulliken was at this station last Tuesday.

N. VAN DEN BELDT, of Detroit, is visiting friends and relatives in this city.

THE capital stock of the Cappon & Bertsch Leather Company has been increased to \$400,000.

THE annual statement of the Board of Education is published in another column. It should be read carefully by all our citizens.

ACCIDENTS cannot be helped, and the "trial test" of our water works will prove all that is expected of it on Thursday, August 28.

WE learn that Editor Houtcamp, of the Saugatuck Commercial, received a chastisement from the subject of a local item which appeared in his last issue.

A BOY baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. De Roo on last Wednesday morning. We have not learned whether it was "Daisy" or "Sunlight," but presume it is both.

LAST Sunday nearly six hundred people were at the Park. It appears to us that some arrangement should be made to hold divine services there regularly during the balance of the summer.

LAST Tuesday evening Willie Hewlett, while playing with his fellows in a tree, had the misfortune of falling, breaking his left thigh bone. Dr. Best attended the patient and reports him doing well.

THE Allegan Band which played in our city last Thursday were favorably commented on by all. The "boys" are gentlemen and the variety and amount of their music was calculated to suit the most fastidious lovers of brass band music.

SATURDAY night last Charlie A. McClure caught a silver eel from off the piers at Macatawa park that measured two feet and nine inches in length and weighed two pounds and eleven ounces. It was a beauty and attracted general attention at the park.

LAST Monday Cass Wright, John Van Dorn, and N. Baldwin were given a preliminary examination before Esquire Post for fishing with illegal nets in Macatawa Bay. Two of them were bound over for trial in the Circuit Court in bonds of \$150 each and the third one, Cass Wright, escaped and has not yet been captured. Van Dorn and Baldwin are now patiently awaiting trial in the county jail.

THE Democratic County Convention for the purpose of nominating delegates to the State Convention to be held in Grand Rapids, Aug. 20, met in Grand Haven last Wednesday. Thos. Heffron was chosen as Chairman and W. O. Harper as Secretary. The convention was harmonious and the business was disposed of with dispatch. The following are the delegates elected: V. W. Seeley, Major B. D. Sanford, L. Jennison, C. De Putter, A. Wagner, D. Miedema, F. G. Churchill, K. Schaddelee, W. C. Harper, John Brown, M. B. Eames.

A TERRIBLE and most distressing accident occurred yesterday morning in which Mrs. M. F. Adair lost her right arm. She was busy about the house and went to pick up her husband's shot gun in order to sweep the floor and in picking it up the gun was discharged, the whole charge of shot literally tearing off all the flesh and muscles from her right forearm. Drs. Kremer, Yates, and Best were immediately summoned and the arm was amputated just above the elbow and the poor woman was made as comfortable as possible.

At the Republican County Convention on last week Friday, Geo. A. Farr, of Grand Haven, was chosen permanent chairman, and G. J. Diekema, of this city as secretary. The nominations for the different county officers were made and resulted as follows: Judge of Probate, Chas. E. Soule; Sheriff, Arle Woltman; Clerk, Geo. D. Turner; Treasurer, Gerrit Van Schelven; Register of Deeds, J. W. Kelly; Prosecuting Attorney, Geo. W. McBride; Circuit Court Commissioners, Walter I. Lillie and Arend Vischer; Surveyor, Albert Peck; Coroners, Dr. O. E. Yates and Curtis W. Gray. The delegates to the State Convention were as follows: Cornelius Van Loo delegate at large, Dr. C. P. Brown, L. Mulder, S. L. Tate, Geo. A. Farr, Martin Walsh, Wm. F. Kelly, Edwin Thayer, Wm. Shueter, H. V. Weatherwax, M. R. Griffin. Congressional convention delegates: Geo. W. McBride delegate at large, Martin Walsh, John Spoon, John C. Post, H. C. Akeley, George Stickney, J. V. B. Goodrich, C. Van Leo, Robert Alward, Frank Fox, Dr. Ceon. Delegates to the Senatorial convention: G. J. Dykema, Mr. Marsilje, W. O. Sheldon, W. Phillips, T. M. Reed, W. F. Kelly, James Craig, C. Van Loo; I. M. Ferguson delegate at large. G. J. Diekema was nominated for Representative in the first district, and I. M. Ferguson was nominated for the second district.

THE cold wave has apparently passed.

Mrs. C. VINKE, of this city is visiting friends and relatives in Ludington, Mich.

Mrs. JOHN DUURSEMA and Miss Lizzie Addison, of Fremont, were visiting in this city this week.

Our train dispatcher's office has recently been re-enforced by the addition of another man, Mr. P. Grimes, of Muskegon.

At the party held last Wednesday evening at Macatawa Park, Clarence Hopkins and band of Saugatuck furnished the music. Clarence is gaining quite a reputation as a musician.

WE understand that Grand Haven people are happy. There are about twenty people stopping at the Cutler House from abroad. The "Saratoga of the West" is indeed a popular summer resort.

THE Wesleyan Methodist Church, in process of erection at Ventura, is nearly completed, and will be dedicated Wednesday, the 27th inst. The Rev. John Livingston, of Detroit, will be present to conduct the services.

FROM the number of drunken men that are occasionally seen coming from the "bum beat" at the Park, we should judge that there is an unusual strength to the "Lemon Foam" that is sold there.

LAST week one of our public men was industriously hunting for his baby in the families of his neighbors when that sweet little cherub was innocently sleeping in its crib at home. It beats all how absent minded some men are.

WE hear that an entertainment of a popular and pleasing nature is to be given in Lyceum Hall within a few weeks under the auspices of the G. A. R. post of this city. We have no doubt but the many friends of the "soldier boys" will give them an encouraging patronage.

THE Republican State Convention held in Detroit last Wednesday nominated the state ticket as follows: Governor, Gen. R. A. Alger, Lieutenant Governor, A. Butters; Secretary of State, H. A. Conant; State Treasurer, Edward H. Butler; Auditor General, W. C. Stevens; Commissioner of the State Land Office, M. D. Newall; Attorney General, Moses Taggart; Superintendent of Public Instruction, H. Gase; Member of the State Board of Education, James M. Ballou. The elector from this district is Geo. G. Steketee, of Grand Rapids.

LAST Wednesday evening a meeting was held in the store in De Grandt building for the purpose of organizing a Blaine and Logan Club. Nearly one hundred were in attendance. The Constitution and By-Laws were adopted and the officers were elected. Dr. O. E. Yates is President; A. Viascher, P. H. McBride, C. J. De Roo, Dr. R. B. Best, I. Marsilje, are Vice Presidents; L. Van Putten, is Secretary; and G. J. Diekema, Treasurer. The Club decided to meet every Friday evening. The Constitution was signed by eighty-four and the Executive Committee were instructed to procure more signatures to the Constitution. The Club then adjourned until Friday evening, August 22nd.

LAST Thursday the "trial test" of our Walker System of Water Works was to have taken place and elaborate preparations had been made for it. The different trains were laden with guests from the various cities in Michigan and especially those from Muskegon and Grand Haven. At 1:45 everything was in readiness and the Hydrants were opened and for a few minutes it was thought that the test would be a successful one. It soon became apparent, however, that something was wrong, and a few began to say "I told you so" and "this extravagance will ruin us as a city" and like expressions, were heard. On repairing to the pump house it was learned that a breakage had occurred in the suction pipe leading to the river and that the pumps were pumping gravel, and swamp soil. This could not remain so and the head of the pump cylinders were taken off and fully a half gallon of stones were removed. The pumps were again started and again choked up and it was soon evident that the test as a "final test" was a fizzle, and our city officials and the Committee were feeling very blue. The "guests" were to be entertained however, and to this end all devoted themselves. The Allegan Valley Band had been secured for the day and their music, and the amount of it, was the main factor in the entertainment. The supper at the City Hotel at 6:30 was excellent and the Williams Bros. deserve great credit. At half past seven the guests were taken to the Park on the steamer Macatawa and arrived back so that all could take the late trains for their homes. At five o'clock in the afternoon we understand that the Committee on Water Works and Common Council held an informal meeting at which Mack Walker was present and it was agreed that the test be postponed until Thursday, August 28, by which time it is hoped that the contractors will have everything in readiness for a successful and a final test.

PHOTOGRAPHER B. P. Higgins has gone to Chicago for a few days.

PEON'S Sun, of a recent date, contains a humorous article on Saugatuck as a summer resort.

CARDS are out announcing the marriage of Prof. John H. Kleinheksel to Miss Anna Van Raalte on Tuesday, August 19th.

PICNICS have been the order this week. Every day the steamer Macatawa has carried from two to three different parties to the park from this city.

PROF. G. P. Hummer returned from a ten days visit to Valpariso, Ind. He attended the alumni meeting of the normal school which is located at that city.

WE were misinformed as to the proceedings against the bondsmen in the "bum beat" case being thrown out of court. The prosecuting attorney tells us that the case is in court and will be pushed.

WE have been handed a paper containing a lengthy account of the difficulties between the Wesleyan Methodist and the advent denomination at Blenden this county. We will make extracts in a future issue.

AN order has been issued by General Superintendent Nichols, of the Chicago and West Michigan Railroad, cutting down the wages of section men and watchmen, who have been getting \$1.25 per day, to \$1.15. Engine wipers have also received a reduction of ten cents per day. All \$35 per month men have been reduced to \$1.15 per day.

THE Republicans of Allegan County are unanimously presenting the name of Dr. H. F. Thomas, of Allegan, for nomination at the Congressional Convention as member of Congress. Dr. Thomas is an old resident of this section of the State and is thoroughly identified with all the interests of the district. If nominated and elected he will serve with honor to himself and to the advantage of his constituents. The Republicans can nominate no better man for the place.

LAST Tuesday three tramps, two white men and one colored, stepped at the farm of Gerrit Van den Berge, which is about three miles south of this city, in the township of Fillmore, Allegan county, and asked for something to eat. They were fed and departed, as the farmer supposed, for other fields, when to his surprise he saw them killing his sheep and dressing them. He immediately started for the city and notified Marshal Vaupell who set out to find the villains. On arriving at Van den Berge's farm, the tramps were pointed out to Vaupell and as he advanced to arrest them and had approached to within a few feet of the wretches, the "colored gentleman" raised his arm and fired a revolver almost in the face of the officer. The tramp cocked his revolver to fire again, and Vaupell, hearing this, lodged, and slipping, fell, rolling down an embankment into a ditch or gully. The tramps undoubtedly thinking that they had killed the officer or mortally wounded him, fled precipitately, throwing away their revolver in their flight. Vaupell and some of the neighboring farmers, gave chase, and after running a mile and a half succeeded in capturing the fugitives. They were immediately taken before Justice Brink, of Graafschap, and the white men arraigned on a charge of petit larceny, and the negro for assault with attempt to kill. Pleading guilty and waiving examination they were brought here and placed in the "lockup" for safe keeping until the officers from Allegan arrived to take them to their county jail. Vaupell then went to Dr. Best's office, and on examination it was found that the bullet from the negro's pistol had entered the side of his neck and came out at the back near the spinal column. Some of the citizens of the city were very indignant, and expressions that boded no good to the tramps were heard on all sides. After supper a crowd of nearly two hundred collected at the jail, and but for the presence of Sheriff John Vaupell and our local officers a first-class lynching would have taken place in our otherwise quiet and orderly city. Speeches were made and other demonstrations that tended to arouse these present were freely indulged in. No damage or violence was done until between one and two o'clock when the posse that guarded the jail went inside to eat their lunch. The rioters then fastened the doors and began battering down the building opposite the cell that confined the negro and had nearly succeeded in getting inside when the officers placed the negro in another cell. Thus frustrated the mob seemed to be disgusted and discontinued their operations, but made the night hideous with loud talk and the ringing of the fire bell. With approaching day quiet was again restored and the officers spirited their prisoners away and they were taken to Allegan in safety. The colored man claimed that his name was Alfred Hutchins, and that his home was at Decatur, Alabama. The white men's names are Chas. McGinnis and Geo. Brown, tramps. Marshal Vaupell's wound is rapidly healing, and he was not hindered in the daily pursuit of his duties.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST: Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED. In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

LIGHT HEALTHY BREAD



The best dry hop yeast in the world. Bread raised by this yeast is light, white and whole-some like our grandmother's delicious bread.

GROCERS SELL THEM.

Price Baking Powder Co.,

Gen'l. of Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

H. WYKHUYSEN,

dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches!

Solid Gold and Plated Chains.

Ladies' and Gents' Lockets,

Silverware, Platedware,

Jewelry and Clocks.

I also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES!

My stock of

SILVERWARE

is unsurpassed in this city.

Particular attention is called to the fact that all my goods are first-class and are sold at low prices.

Come in and see my Stock. Watches

and Clocks repaired on

short notice.

NINTH STREET, OPPOSITE FIRST CHURCH.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 24, 1883. 24-1

Now is the chance

for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. Flieman

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sell them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way,

and will not be undersold by anyone.

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TINKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND

Open and Top Buggies,

And a fine stock of

SQUARE AND SWELL BODY CUTTERS.

And a nice assortment of Buggies for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way coming.

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON

WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 14, 1883. 20-1y

J. W. BOSMAN,

Merchant Tailor,

and dealer in

Ready-Made Clothing,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

NECKWEAR, HATS AND CAPS, ETC.

A large and very fine line of

SUITINGS

have just been received and all who desire a good

CUSTOM-MADE suit of Clothes will do well to

GIVE ME A CALL.

Our large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING

will be sold at bottom prices.

Examine our Goods before purchasing

elsewhere.

J. W. BOSMAN,

HOLLAND, Mich., April 23, 1884. 12-1y

WATER WORKS

R. KANTERS & SONS are in readiness for it.

We have received a complete line of plumbing goods and are prepared to fit residences

for hot and cold water, putting in bath tubs or any work desired in that direction. We also

have in stock Fountains and Hose Reels for lawn purposes, besides a large stock of necessary

rubber hose of the best quality. We guarantee all work done to give entire satisfaction and

to be executed without unnecessary delay.

R. KANTERS & SONS, General Hardware Merchants.

Holland, Mich., July 25, 1884.

L. C. SEARS,

dealer in

Fresh Salt Meats

BEEF,

MUTTON,

PORK, and

LARD,

always on hand.

Fish, Poultry and Game

in their season.

I have the Finest Dried Beef in this Market.

Meat delivered to any part of the

City free of charge.

GIVE ME A CALL!

L. C. SEARS,

HOLLAND, Apr. 3, '84. 48-1y

AN AFTER-THOUGHT.

"Twas in the garden chatting
Amid the mignonette,
She with her snowy tating,
I with my cigarette,
I still can see her fingers
Till softly in and out,
With rapture memory lingers
To view her lips a-pout.

A happy sunbeam glancing
Upon a w. ward curl,
Set every pulse to dancing,
And turned my brain a-whirl;
And when she looked up shyly,
I could not help, you see,
But stoop and kiss her slyly
Behind the apple tree.

Strange that some mote forever
Should mar the rays of bliss!
Though conscious I had never
Yet won so sweet a kiss.
Alas! the act of plunder
So gracefully she bore,
I could not close but wonder,
Had she been kissed before?
—Samuel Minturn Peck, in the Century.

NEGRO LULLABY.

Go to sleep, yer woolly-headed coon,
Ur I'll smack yer jaws wid er silver spoon.
De time hab come fur de shuntin' o' yer eve;
Oh, yer little black rascal, what's sweeter den
er pie!
An'er shunt dem eyes
While I brush away de flies,
Sleep all night till de breaking o' de day.
Neber mind de squall,
An'er shunt up der bawl,
Fur ter-mor' yer ken set on de do' step an
play.

De turkeys an' de chickens hab done gon ter
roost.
So hab de gander and de ole gray goose;
De hogs gone to bed an' so hab de sheep,
So shunt dem eyes an' go to sleep.
Quit er hitten my lips
Wid yer little finger tips,
Fur yer oughter be now in de lan' o' Nod;
Don' yer squeal no mo'
But let me hear yer sno',
An' ter-mor' yer ken tumble o'er de new
groun' doid.
—Arkansaw Traveler.

MAY'S SACRIFICE.

"My last hope rests in you, May."
"In me father?"
May Warren made answer in a tone
of surprise, raising her sad, anxious
eyes to her father's face.
As if her gaze discomposed him, Mr.
Warren turned his head, and his glance
wandered restlessly around the apart-
ment. He was an old man, with a tall,
spare figure, thin gray hair, and was sit-
ting in an arm chair by a table covered
with papers, while his pretty daughter,
May, sat beside him on an ottoman. She
repeated the words:
"In me, father?"
"Yes," he replied, starting from a
moment's abstraction. "Do you re-
member Col. Leighton, my dear?"
"Col. Leighton? An old man with a
heavy beard, partly gray, and pleasant
blue eyes. He dined with us a few
weeks ago. Yes, I remember him,
father."
"Not so very old, May—not so old as
I am—and one of the finest men living.
He is wealthy, very wealthy, too."
He met his daughter's questioning
gaze fully, now, as if he wished her to
read something in his face. She kept
her dark eyes fixed searchingly upon
his countenance, the ebb and flow of
the soft color upon her cheeks betray-
ing the quick pulsation of her heart.
"What do you mean, father?" she
asked at length.
"I saw him last night. He offered
to help me—save me, if—"
"If what, father?"
"If I would give you to him."
The words came hurriedly from Mr.
Warren's lips, as if he feared that if he
deliberated he should not be able to
utter them at all. As they fell on his
daughter's ear she started to her feet,
pushing back her hair from her pale
face, in a bewildered sort of way, as if
she were half stunned.
"Marry me, father? Colonel Leigh-
ton?" she cried, in a low tone.
Mr. Warren took her hand and drew
her down to her seat again.
"May, Colonel Leighton will be a
good husband to you. I have known
him from boyhood, and understand
perfectly his character and principles.
He loves you—will be kind to you,
and strive in every way to make you
happy. And more—and more, May;
he will save me from beggary!"
He paused, but his child, with her
face bowed upon her hands, made no
reply—nor stirred not. The mute dis-
tress that her attitude betokened was
not unnoticed by him.
"I do not force you to do this, May,
remember; the matter is left entirely
to your own choice. But you know
what my wish is—what the alternatives
will be if you do not accept the offer."
She knew only too well. Fully she
realized how absolutely necessary the
luxuries to which her father had been
accustomed were to him. Absolute loss
of possession did not seem the most
dreadful thing in the world to her, but
she knew what a wreck it would make
of him. In her youth and strength the
future would still be bright and
full of hope to her; but how could he,
with his aged frame and burden of sixty
years, commence life anew? The hope-
ful thought that she could work for
him and supply him with his custom-
ed comforts afforded her but a moment's
comfort. To him, with his stubborn,
aristocratic ideas, this would be the
most severe trial of all—his delicately
reared, petted child laboring for his
support. He would never be reconciled
to it. There was no alternative,
she saw at a glance. Then, with a des-
perate effort to think calmly, she re-
called the form of Col. Leighton. She
remembered his bowed head and sil-
vered beard, his dark, deeply furrowed
face and fifty years. She could get no
further. A younger face, with merry,
azure eyes and tossing, sunny hair
sprang up in strong contrast. Stretch-
ing out her hands to her father, as if
for pity, she cried out.
"I cannot—oh, father, I cannot!"
The old man sank back with a groan.
"Lost—then I am lost!" he cried
shuddering.
There was no reproach, only these

bitter words and that despairing atti-
tude. White and tearless she sat at his
feet, the agony of her heart written on
her face. The wild, desperate thought
that the sacrifice was possible occurred
to her.
"Father, dear father."
He raised his head, whitened with
the frosts of his sixty winters, and
looked at her with a gleam of hope in
his sunken eyes. She crept into his
arms, as she had done when a child,
and laid her soft cheek against his
wrinkled brow.
"You know I love you, father," she
said. "I can never remember you but
as kind, tender, and forbearing with
me. Your heart has been my home all
my life. I will work, beg, suffer for
you—I will die for you—oh, how wil-
lingly, if need be! But that—oh, father,
you do not know what it is that you
ask."
He did not speak, but a moan broke
uncontrollably from his lips, as he rested
his head upon her shoulder. The
struggle in her heart sent dark, shad-
owy waves across her face. Could she
—could she?
"Father," she whispered, hurriedly,
"let me go now. I will see you again
—answer you to-morrow." And she
left him.
He could not see her face in the
gathering darkness, only a glimpse of
something white, but he felt the quiver
of her lips as she bent to kiss him,
and reached out his arms to embrace
her, but she was gone.
"Heaven pity me!" The words came
like a wall from her lips. She was
alone in her chamber, flung prostrate
on a low couch, with her face hid in the
cushions. The sound of the rustling
foliage of the garden, and the chirping
of the birds came through the open
window with the damp evening breeze,
and the pale light of the rising moon
filled the room with a soft radiance,
but she was unconscious of everything
but her misery. The house was so
quiet that the sound of a footstep cross-
ing the hall below fell upon her ear
and aroused her to momentary interest.
She heard a door open—the library
door—and then a voice uttered a few
words of commonplace greeting. She
remembered it well, and sprang to her
feet with a desperate, insane thought
of flight. But the door closed, the house
was still again and she was calmer.
She crossed the room listlessly and
drew back the curtain of the window.
The scene without was beautiful. The
moonlight lay broadly on the garden,
turning to silver the tops of the trees
and making the little lake beyond look
like a great white pearl. Gazing ear-
nestly downward she saw a tall, shadowy
figure, standing beneath the shade of
the old elm. With a low cry she sprang
from the room and a moment later stood
beside her lover.
"Come at last, my treasure," cried
Mark Winchester, folding her in his
arms. She remained leaning passion-
ately against his breast, while he pressed
passionate kisses upon her forehead,
cheeks, and lips.
"Why have you made me wait so long,
darling?" he said, softly, and taking
both her hands in one of his, he pressed
them to his lip. "Why, how cold you
are! How you tremble!" he continued,
as she clung to him. "What is the
matter, May?"
"I waited because I dreaded to meet
you, Mark."
"Why? What do you mean?"
And, brokenly, through her tears and
sobs, she told him all. He did not
speak or stir while she was talking, and
when she had finished there was a long
silence. She lacked courage to say
more—he would not ask. She repeated
the last words, "And to-morrow I must
give him my answer." Still he did not
answer.
She looked up at him. In the dim
light she could see his rigid, agonized
face, white lips and gleaming eyes. She
stole her arms about his neck, and drew
his forehead down to her lips.
"Speak to me Mark; say that you do
not blame me."
He knew then that she had decided
and what that decision was.
"And you will leave me, May, and
marry that old man?"
"Heaven pity me, Mark, for I must.
I will become his wife, and will be true
and faithful to him, for he will be kind
to me. You will hear of me thus, and
when you do remember my words,
Mark, that you are my heart."
"I will remember, May. God help
us both, for I shall never forget you.
They shall bury me with this upon my
heart."
And he drew a tress of soft brown
hair from his bosom.
For a moment more—one little pre-
cious moment—he held her against his
heart and then kissed her, put her
gently from him, and was gone.
For a moment she stood alone under
the trees, with clasped hands and face
upraised to the quiet sky, and then she
turned and walked silently toward the
house. A bright light from the library
window streamed down on her, and as
she looked up she saw the shadow of a
bowed figure fall across the curtain.
"Father, you are saved!" she mur-
mured.
A hand was laid suddenly upon her
arm, and she started with a low cry.
"Good evening, Miss May," said Col.
Leighton. "I have been seeking you."
She bowed, and stood silently before
him with a calm downcast face.
"I have been talking with your
father," he continued, carelessly pulling
a rose from a bush near them. "He
told me that you have promised to
think of my proposal, and let us know
what your decision is to-morrow. Is
there anything I can say which will in-
fluence you to form that conclusion in
my favor?"
"You cannot say anything which will
influence me in the least, Col. Leigh-

ton. As my father has said, you shall
have my answer to-morrow."
He glanced at the young face so sad
in its calm dignity, and then looked
down at his fingers again, which were
busy tearing to pieces the blossom he
held and allowing the crimson petals
to fall at his feet as if they were the
fragment of the heart he was breaking.
In the long silence that followed she
glanced up at him once, with the
thought of flinging herself upon his
mercy by giving him her confidence; but
the stern expression of his face repelled
her.
"Miss May," he said suddenly "you
are averse to this marriage."
His tone aided in rendering his words
an assertion. She was startled, but re-
plied quietly, "Do you think so?"
"I must be blind if I could think
otherwise," he continued, with sudden
energy. May Warren, you know that
you hate me—that you would rather die
than become my wife, were it not for
your father's sake."
Before she realized what she was do-
ing the monosyllable "yes" slipped
from her lips.
"And in doing this do you realized
how you would wrong us both?"
She was silent.
"It shall never be. I shall never call
you my wife, knowing that you do not
love me—that your heart is not in my
keeping. I will not tell you of my
hopes, how I have dreamed that my
last days would be my happiest ones—
it would not interest you. Now I have
only to say that you are as free as if I
had never seen your sweet face."
He paused for a reply, but she made
none. Bewildered by her position, she
did not know what to say.
"I know that I have only myself to
reproach," he went on. "My motive in
offering your father my assistance was
a purely selfish one. The consequences
are only what I deserve. I had no
thought of the long years during which
he had been my true and faithful
friend, but cruelly took advantage of
his position to gain my ends. Yes, I
am properly punished."
There was a bitterness in his tone,
a despondency in his attitude, that great-
ly changed his accustomed dignified
composure of manner. Half uncon-
scious of what she did, only sensible
of the pity she felt for him, the young
girl put her hand upon his arm and
then said, softly:
"Forgive me."
"Forgive me, rather, my child" he
said, gently, taking the little hand in
one of his, "for the misery I have
caused you. I should have known that
our paths in life could never be one.
But good-night, I will not detain you."
She did not shrink from him as he
bent down to kiss her forehead with
his last words. He stepped aside to
allow her free passage to the house, but
she did not move.
"You are thinking of your father,"
he said. "Do not be distressed on his
account. Remember me in your prayers
to-night, and sleep sweetly. It is all I
ask."
He did not wait to hear her fervent
"God bless you!" or witness her burst
of joyful tears, but quickly left her.
The morning sunshine streamed bold-
ly into the apartment of old Mr. War-
ren, where he lay in the heavy sleep of
mental and physical exhaustion. The
forenoon was far advanced when a ser-
vant roused him, informed him that
Col. Leighton waited him in the library.
Making a hasty toilet, the old man
left his chamber and went to join his
friend. The gentlemen met cordially,
and Col. Leighton immediately re-
quested that May might be sent for.
They waited but a few minutes before
the door swung noiselessly open, and
wearing a white morning robe, the
girl entered. At a motion from her
father she sat down upon a low seat at
his feet, and then glanced up with a
confiding smile at Col. Leighton, who
stood leaning against the mantelpiece
with an expression of face half-sad,
half-admiringly.
"We are waiting for your answer,
May," said Mr. Warren, quietly.
"I will leave the matter; entirely in
Col. Leighton's hands," she replied.
The old man glanced perplexedly
from her to his friend. Col. Leighton
stepped forward.
"My old friend, James Warren," he
said, "I met your daughter last night
and talked with her. I discovered with
what feelings she regarded a marriage
with me, and cannot allow the sacrifice
she would make for your sake. I will
never marry her; she is free. And now
I have to ask your pardon for the un-
manly way in which I have taken ad-
vantage of your embarrassments and
have come so near to destroying the
happiness of your child. Every power
of mine shall be exerted to its utmost
to relieve you, and all the reward I ask
is the knowledge that you and May do
not despise me. Nay, nay, no thanks.
I deserve rather to be scorned for the
part I have acted. I have one favor to
ask, old friend. Will you allow me to
choose a husband for your daughter?"
"You have my full and free permis-
sion," replied Mr. Warren, smiling
through his tears, "but I hope you will
be more successful in your choice than
I have been."
"Never fear," said the Colonel with a
glance at May. Flinging open a door
that led to another apartment, he
called: "Now, my boy!" and Mark
Winchester sprang into the room.
"Behold your future son-in-law,"
said Col. Leighton, and ere the old
man could comprehend the scene, the
young couple knelt for his blessing.
At a motion from his friend, he gave
it willingly, and never was there a
happier party.
Through the interposition of his
friend, Mr. Warren was saved from
ruin and his daughter made happy.
When May that morning asked for a

solution to the problem of Col. Leigh-
ton's knowledge of Mark, he replied,
"I did not wait half an hour in the
garden to no purpose, little one." And
she understood that he had overheard
her conversation with her lover.
Through his influence, Mark's talent
as an artist became known to the
world, and a few years afterward he
became a popular painter and a wealthy
man; and, out of gratitude to his bene-
factor, he christened his first-born son
Edwin Leighton Winchester.

Henri Martin, the Lion-Tamer.
Not every one responds—that is, be-
lieves or expects. It is also true that
not every one is able to inspire belief
or excite expectancy, even in a willing
mind, still less in a reluctant, incred-
ulous, opposing mind. Some men have
more power of concentration than others.
They are liable to bend their own
wills and bend the attention of others
to what they chose to present. The
voice is a factor; the eye, the hand, the
step are factors in the work of "en-
trancing." Rays of light gathered to a
focus burn. Some brains are better
burning-glasses than others. So men
seem wizards in the eyes of those whom
they enchain, men or brutes; for con-
centrated mental power has a marvelous
supremacy over physical power as well
as over the intellect, the memory, and
the imagination. The lion-tamer, Henri
Martin, who lived to be ninety years
old, tamed uncounted wild beasts by
personal influence alone, using no whip.
He once stepped into a cage and met a
spotted hyena for the first time. Fast-
ening his flashing black eyes on the
beast, he offered it his arm, protected
by coils of rope. The tamer stood
motionless as it was bitten, never for
an instant removing his eye. The
next day he offered his leg. The beast
bit. Martin moved not. The hyena
gave up, cringed and smelled the feet
of him who now and onward was his
master. Charles Nodier said of him,
"Chance has made a man of genius a
director of a menagerie; when at the
head of an army, he might have been a
Bonaparte."
If, then, mind or spirit can bind
beasts of an amazing strength and fer-
ocity, and teach them to bow at the
beck of man, is it at all strange that
over higher intelligence there should
be some whose magnetic personality
should awaken at once similar expect-
ancy, belief, and obedience?
Emerson, Bushnell, and many other
ethical writers continually refer to this
Mental Control by which "born lead-
ers" continually assert their personal-
ity and power. It does sometimes
seem as if there were a sort of polar-
ization exerted by a mighty mind by
which men are drawn as doves to
their windows.—Home Science.

Siberian Exiles.
The idea that exile life in Siberia is
one of suffering in dungeons, and that
political agitators suffer untold miseries
in mines, is all a mistake. "The Rus-
sian government," said a lecturer in an
Eastern city, "in the beginning sent out
its prisoners to Siberia in order to set-
tle the country. Good homes were
provided and farming utensils given
the exiles, and such is the case to-day.
There are two divisions in the exiles,
the first of which I will designate as
convicts, and the second as those simply
banished. The first class work in the
western part of the fertile tract I have
alluded to. There are no exiles in any
of the very cold parts of Siberia. The
only convicts who work in mines are
men, had they committed the same
crimes in America, would either have
been hanged or banished for life. The
second have farms which they cultivate
for themselves in the eastern district.
Most of the inhabitants are descendants
of exiles, who were banished long ago
for very small offenses. The number
of political prisoners is very small. From
1867 to 1872 64,225 people were sent to
Siberia; 5,300 were sentenced to hard
labor, and the rest were only banished.
There are annually about 443 political
offenders transported; two-thirds of
these are nobles and one-third of the
other classes. So this proves that ni-
hilism is not a popular uprising against
the Russian government. Tomsk and
Omsk are two of the wealthiest places
in Siberia, and most of the political
prisoners are sent there. Omsk has
20,000 inhabitants, 452 merchants, a
public library, a boys' military school,
and a ladies' seminary. I visited one
of the political exiles, who as a photo-
grapher had made money there. He
was living in a fashionable house,
adorned with pictures and works of art.
He spoke bitterly against the practice
of transporting prisoners, but admitted
that he was living well. I know that
there have been crimes committed in
Siberian prisons, but crimes as bad
have occurred in our own land. Trans-
portation there is a great and growing
evil to society. The prisoners are,
however, very well treated. I think
that the custom of transporting prison-
ers will be stopped in a very few years,
or greatly modified."

Work Wins.
Work is the great panacea for many
ills of mind and body. So don't be idle,
dawdling away precious time, waiting
for "something to turn up," or that
"luck," which rarely makes the purse
plentiful. Some wise philosopher has
wisely said that the difficulty with most
people is that they want to sit in the
sunshine and have good fortune come
tumbling down into their laps. Nature
is an old dame, however, and does not
even give half a loaf to a man who can
do his own loafing. You must get your
spindle and distaff ready, and then
Providence will send you the flax to
spin.
HE WHO SAYS HE IS A WOMAN-HATER IS
either a fool or a liar, or both.

HOUSE DECORATION.

SHELF LAMBERQUIN.—Make a shelf
of a thin pine board supported by iron
or wooden brackets. Cover with dark
red silesia and extend enough down the
front and ends to form a lining for the
lace covering which is made of antique
insertion nine inches wide, finished with
an edging seven inches wide. At each
point of the lace fasten a small silk
ball tassel.
TIDY.—Three balls of sage green
macrame cord, a bone crochet-hook
and three yards of peacock green satin
ribbon are required. Cast on eighty-
one stitches; knit nine double crochet
into first nine chain, nine chain, nine
double crochet, and so on to the end
of the chain; turn, knit nine double
crochet, nine chain and so on to the
end; turn, knit nine double crochet,
seven chain, nine double crochet, seven
chain and so on; turn, knit nine chain,
five chain and connect with fifth stitch
of the third row of nine chain, combin-
ing the intermediate chain of seven in
the row preceding the one in hand; four
chain, nine double crochet and so on to
the end of row. Begin again with nine
double crochet and turn and knit same
as third row; continue until the tidy is
eight inches in length. Finish the
edges with large scallops and fringe,
and in the openings run the satin rib-
bon.
A STOCKING BAG.—The materials
needed are one and one-half yards of
print or cretonne, eight small brass
curtain rings, a stick of braid and a
large piece of pasteboard. Cut three
pieces of pasteboard each six and one-
half inches wide and seven and one-
half inches long and round one end of
each. Tear a strip seven inches wide
from one side of the print and the
whole length; cover the pasteboards
with this. Cut a piece nine inches long
and the width of the remaining print,
hem one side and round the corners of
the others; gather the ends and round-
ed sides, and sew to one of the pieces
of pasteboard, running an elastic into
the hem; this is to hold yarn; hem the
ends of the remaining print, gather the
sides, and sew one side to the piece that
holds the yarn, and the other to an-
other piece of pasteboard; put in flannel
for needles on this piece, and put
the last piece over it and fasten at the
top; fasten braidings to the top of the
bag and run in the braid.
WORK TABLE.—Take a shallow but
wide box and remove the lid; then
take four square pieces of wood, each
about a yard long, for the legs of your
table, and cut off the tops in a slanting
direction, and nail these firmly to your
box at the corners, about an inch and
a half from the sides. These legs
should cross in the center and be se-
cured at the crossing by a nail. Then
take the lid of the box and cut four
small places at each corner to fit the
legs, and nail it firmly into its place to
form a shelf at the lower part, and to
add to the safety of the whole. The
frame being made and quite clean, next
give the whole a coat of "Berlin black,"
and the following day give it all a care-
ful polishing with a clean, very hard,
black lead brush. The box must next
undergo a thorough beautification.
The outside may be first covered with
a sheet of wadding, over which the
chintz or cretonne may be stretched
plain or else fluted, and both wadding
and chintz may be fastened with small
nails underneath the box and turned
over the top of the inside. The lower
edge of this may be finished with a
border of macrame lace, or with a nar-
row frill of the same material. The
lining is put in thus: Cut five pieces
of cardboard to fit the inside of the
box, the four sides and the bottom, and
pad them all with wadding on one side;
cover the bottom and one side with
quilted satin, and fasten them in with
glue, the bottom first; then cover the
other three sides with satin plainly
stretched over the wadding, and make
a pocket to go over each, cording the
top of each pocket to make it stronger;
then glue them to the back of the card-
board, and afterwards glue them into
the box. The work-box and its stand
are now both ready, but, lastly, a square
of cretonne lined with satin and edged
with fringe or lace, must be prepared
to be placed over the top of the box,
thus to preserve the contents from dust
when unused.

Queen Anne's House Not for Us.
"Of all the absurdity of modern
house-building his attempt to push in
the Queen Anne's style of 1700 is the
worst."
"Why so?"
"The Queen Anne houses are not at
all adapted to the times, and their ab-
surdity has already begun to appear.
In New York the style has fallen into
discredit, and it will soon be as univer-
sally distasteful as it was a year or two
ago universally popular. The Queen
Anne houses will become a drug in the
market, and they will depreciate the
property on which they are located.
They are not healthy. Their ceilings
are low, and their interiors so con-
structed as to be ill-ventilated and
poisonously unhealthy. The laws of
hygiene were comparatively unknown
when Queen Anne lived, and the econ-
omy of warming the houses was a great
consideration. Their huge fire-places
acted as ventilators; and the homes of
that day were not so badly ventilated
as their aped counterparts of the pres-
ent. Had they possessed furnaces, gas
and plate glass they never would have
lived in such houses. The whole style
is against the dictates of common sense.
The houses are a disgrace to the in-
telligence and taste of the country, and
their costly diamond-shaped windows
are only a phase of the craze for the
old and ugly which has swept over
America. In two years hence the style
will be discontinued in the smaller cit-
ies as it now is in the larger."

Any Small Boy, with a Stick,
can kill a tiger, if the tiger happens to be found when only a little cub. So consumption, that deadliest and most feared of diseases, in this country, can assuredly be conquered and destroyed, if Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" be employed early.

WHAT is the greatest risk a soldier has to contend with? Being extinguished before he can become distinguished.

Monarch Potato Digger.
One of the most valuable farm implements is the Monarch Potato Digger. It will dig 800 bushels per day, in a clean, perfect manner. Immense shipments have been made by the manufacturers, Monarch Manufacturing Company, 206 State Street, Chicago, Ill., to every State and Territory in this country. They are sent out on sixty days' test trial to every farmer, and no one raising potatoes should fail of sending for their full catalogue in six brilliant colors. The company is an old one, and perfectly reliable. See their advertisement in this issue.

"Put up" at the Gault House.
The business man or tourist will find first-class accommodations at the low price of \$2 and \$2.50 per day at the Gault House, Chicago, corner Clinton and Madison streets. This far-famed hotel is located in the center of the city, only one block from the Union Depot Elevator; all appointments first-class.
H. W. HORT, Proprietor.

Carbo-line.
Sorrow and gloom the soul may meet,
Yet love wrings triumph from defeat;
And the coarsest hair can still be fine
By using Magic Carbo-line.

St Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

Believes and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
RACHACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Vital Questions!!
Ask the most eminent physician
Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, child-like, refreshing sleep always?
And they will tell you unhesitatingly
"Some form of Hops!"

CHAPTER I.
Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:
"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women?"

And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu."
Ask the same physicians
"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malarial fever, ague, &c.?" and they will tell you:
"Mandrake or Dandelion!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable
And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill-health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.
"Patients
Almost dead or nearly dying"
For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!
From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of Rheumatism,
Indurated and chronic, or suffering from scrofula!

Erysipelas!
Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail Nature is heir to!
Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

"None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with 'Hop' or 'Hops' in their name."

PAIN.

PERRY DAVIS' Pain-Killer

It was the first and is the only permanent Pain Reliever.
ITS MERITS ARE UNSURPASSED.

There is nothing to equal it. In a few moments it cures
Colic, Cramps, Spasms, Heartburn, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Flux,
Dyspepsia, Sick Headache.

It is found to

CURE CHOLERA

When all other Remedies fail.

WHEN USED EXTERNALLY, AS A LINIMENT, nothing gives quicker ease in Burying, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Stings from Insects, and Scalds. It removes the fire, and the wound heals like ordinary sores. Those suffering with Rheumatism, Gout, or Neuralgia, if taken a positive cure. Apply the PAIN-KILLER, gives them relief when no other remedy will. In sections of the country where

FEVER AND AGUE

Prevails there is no remedy held in greater esteem. Persons traveling should keep it by them.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TOURGUENIEFF AT AN EXECUTION.

Graphic Description of Scenes Incident to Guillotining a French Murderer.

We hastened along the second corridor, and found ourselves in the room, where the only furniture was a single stool. It was on this seat that the last toilet of the condemned man was to be made. As we entered by one door a man in a dress coat and white necktie came out of another and advanced to meet us with a grave and measured step. He looked like a diplomat or a clergyman, but he was the executioner. He was followed by a little old man in a black frock coat, the first assistant of M. de Paris, the executioner of Beauvais. This old man held in his hand a leather bag. Troppmann stood motionless in front of the stool; we had stopped at the same time and formed a group around him. The executioner and his assistant were standing on the right; next to them was the priest. The Commandant and Claude were on the left of the prisoner. The old man opened his bag with a key and drew out several white straps with buckles; he knelt down with some difficulty behind Troppmann and began to fasten his feet. The condemned man had involuntarily placed his foot on one of the straps; the old man tried to remove it and then said: "Pardon me, sir," touching Troppmann on the calf to attract his attention. The prisoner turned around, and, with a polite nod, raised his foot and let the strap go. During this time the priest was reading in a low tone from a prayer-book in the French language. The two other assistants of the executioner hurriedly removed the strap-jacket, took hold of Troppmann's arms and fastened them, with the hands crossed behind his back, and surrounded his whole body with straps, M. de Paris giving his instructions by pointing with his finger from left to right.

A short jacket was thrown over his shoulders, and the executioner took hold of the rope. "Come, Troppmann," said M. Claude, in the midst of a sepulchral silence, "the last moment has come; in a few moments all will be finished. Do you still persist in asserting that you had accomplices?" "Yes, sir, I persist," answered Troppmann, and his pleasant baritone voice had not altered. The condemned man accompanied these words with a slight nod, as if it was with regret that he did not answer differently in order to please his questioner. "Well, let us go," said Claude.

We went out into the large courtyard of the prison. It was 6:45 o'clock; the sky was hardly lit up; a fog filled the air and veiled everything. The howling of the mob deafened us; it was an interminable, noisy and insupportable hooting, which fell upon us before we had hardly crossed the threshold. Our party had again grown smaller, and, as we hastened toward the gate, some remained behind. I, myself, as I walked with the others, felt a strong inclination to do the same. Troppmann advanced rapidly, dragging his feet, for the straps impeded his steps. How small he seemed to me, how young—almost a child. All at once, slowly, like a throat spreading its jaws, the gate opened in front of us; a cry of satisfaction burst from the crowd, and the monster which was waiting for its prey presented itself to our sight, with its two uprights and its knife in the air. A glacial cold penetrated us—a cold which made me feel sick at heart—and I felt my legs giving way under me. However, I watched Troppmann; he drew back, threw back his head, his knees gave way, as though he had received a blow on the chest. "He is going to faint," said a voice near me. But he at once recovered himself, and walked forward with a firm step. Those who wished to see how the head would fall preceded him, running. I had not the courage; my heart gave way. I stopped near the gate. I saw the executioner suddenly appear on the left side of the guillotine. I saw how Troppmann, separating from the group of invited spectators, whom he left below, went up the steps—there were ten of them—I saw how he stopped and cast a glance backward; I heard him pronounce these words: "Tell M. Claude—" I saw him on the platform; I saw how two men seized him on the right and left as spiders seize a fly; I saw how he advanced, head foremost, and how his feet moved. But then I turned away and waited; the ground swam under me. It seemed as though I had to wait a whole eternity. I had had the time to notice that on the appearance of Troppmann the shout of the crowd had burst forth like a bomb, then a breathless silence followed. In front of me stood a sentinel, a young fellow with rosy cheeks and robust figure. I saw that he was staring at me with a frightened and stupid perplexity, and I said to myself: "Here is a soldier, born in some distant village, the child of an honest family. What are they showing him here?" At last I heard a light blow, the sound of two pieces of wood striking together; it was the upper semi-circle of the collar which held the head of the condemned man motionless which had fallen into its place. Then I heard a deep roaring, something rolled noisily and gave forth a gushing sound. You might have thought it some powerful animal which had just relieved itself by a sudden vomit. I can find no other comparison. Everything around me turned black. Some one seized me by the arm; I looked; it was the subordinate of Claude, whom, as I learned afterward, Maxime du Camp had asked to watch over me. "You are very pale; will you have a little water?" he asked, smiling. I thanked him, and I returned to the courtyard of the prison, which seemed to me a shelter from the atrocities that were being committed outside the door.

Two Clever Collies.

If you should visit Central Park some fine morning you might see young Shep, the collie that is being trained to take the place of old Shep, the 18-year-old veteran, at his lessons. He is never whipped, not even when he does wrong or makes mistakes, because that breaks the spirit of a collie, as, indeed, of any other kind of dog, and a shepherd dog must of all things be brave. When he doesn't carry out an order correctly, or in such a way that the sheep can understand him, old Shep is sent with the same order, and Shep Junior is made to keep still and watch him until it is executed. His first lesson is simply to guard a hat, or coat, or stick thrown upon the grass by the shepherd, and he is left out with it sometimes until late in the evening to show him the importance of fidelity, the very first essential in a shepherd dog. Next he is taught to gather the sheep, to take them to the right, then to the left. After this he is sent on the trail of a lost sheep, with instructions to bring it back slowly. The most important lesson, and one young Shep has not yet learned, is that of going among the flock and finding out if any of them are missing. This, as may be imagined, is by no means an easy task with a flock of eighty-two ewes and sixty-nine lambs. But old Shep can do it, for he knows every member of the flock, though to the ordinary observer they all look almost exactly alike. Indeed, old Shep can, if his master, the shepherd, is not mistaken, perform a feat more wonderful than this. The shepherd says that Shep, when uncertain whether some of the flock have not strayed up the bridge-path on their way home, while he was busy in keeping troublesome boys away, will take his stand at the gate of the fold and touch each sheep with his forepaw as it passes in. At such times he has the air of a farmer counting his cattle as they come home at night, and he wears an expression as if his mind were occupied with an intricate sum in addition. Whether he is really counting the sheep or not can not be said positively; but he has been known, after noting each sheep as it passed, to rush up the bridge-path and return with a straggler. This does much to prove that the shepherd's assertion that old Shep can count the sheep is possibly not far from the truth.

—St. Nicholas.

MESSRS. HOUCK & BARNIE, managers of the Baltimore (Md.) Base-ball Club, state, as the opinion of all base-ball players—and no set of men are more susceptible to sprains, bruises, aches, and pains—that St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy, is the best cure ever used, and they jointly acknowledge its merits.

Buddhism.
In Ernest Renan's latest work, "New Studies in Religious History," he alludes thus to Buddhism: "A doctrine which assigns to life as its supreme end nothingness; a doctrine which proclaims that the culmination of perfection is the annihilation of life; one in which man is represented as the highest term of creation; in which the idea of a Supreme Being appears only at a late period, is such an extraordinary phenomenon that our mind can only conceive its possibility with some difficulty. And still such a doctrine exists. To make the paradox complete, this doctrine, apparently the most despairing that has ever been professed, has inspired prodigals of devotion in the most various races; the church of Nihilism has remained to our days, without any notable schism, the most compact religious body of the East. This is certainly a most extraordinary fact in the history of the human mind. Strange in its destiny Buddhism is still more so in its philosophy, its doctrine, in the legend of its founder, in the odd style of its sacred books.

Dyspepsia, liver complaint, and kindred affections. For treatment giving successful self-treatment, address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Boston has organized a cremation society. Phew! we can smell the burnt beings already.

The Record of the Fair.
The superiority of Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Improved Butter Color over all others made is again demonstrated by its record at the Autumnal Fairs. The test of practical use is what tells the story, and the great value of the premiums given by the Agricultural Fairs lies in the fact that the judges in these cases are regular farmers, who know what their needs are and what will supply them. Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Improved Butter Color, which has taken first premium at all fairs where exhibited, is put up in a vegetable oil so prepared that it cannot become rancid, a most important property, the lack of which is fatal to so many of the Butter Colors offered for sale. It does not color the butter-milk; it imparts a bright, natural color, which is unattained by many others; and, being the strongest, is the cheapest color in the market.

LAUREATE TENNISON wrote his first verses where the average saloonkeeper puts his reverses—on a slate.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
EXCELLENT RESULTS.
Dr. J. L. Willis, Elliot, Me., says: "Horsford's Acid Phosphate gives most excellent results."

Why did Adam bite the apple which Eve gave him? Because he had no knife.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound cures Dyspepsia.

A New York sculptor has just finished a large statue representing Slumber. It is the first policeman ever done in marble.

The Middlesex Co., of Lowell, Mass., recently began suits against some New York firms for imitating the "silk hangers" used to indicate the genuineness of their standard blue flannels and yacht cloths, the superiority of which has been long established in the clothing trade. By this means inferior flannels were sold as genuine Middlesex. Before coming to trial the firms compromised by paying the Middlesex Co. \$11,000 in settlement.

CHAPPED HANDS, Face, Pimples and rough skin, cured by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York.

"The play's the thing.
Wherein I'll reach the conscience of the king."
And equally true is it that Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" (the original Little Liver Pills) are the most effectual means that can be used to reach the seat of disease, cleansing the bowels and system, and assisting nature in her recuperative work. By druggists.

A CASE of much interest—when you borrow of your uncle at the sign of the three balls.

A Remarkable Cure of Scrofula.
William S. Baker, of Lewis, Vigo County, Ind., writes as follows: "My son was taken with scrofula in the hip when only two years old. We tried several physicians, but the boy got no relief from their treatment. Noticing your Scrofula's Sarsaparilla and Stillinger, or Blood and Liver Syrup, recommended so highly, I bought some of it of you in the year 1882, and continued taking it till the sores finally healed up. He is now twenty-one years of age, and, being satisfied that your medicine did him so much good when he used it, we want to try again in another case, and write to you to get some more."

A Blood Purifier.
As a blood purifier the Compound Oxygen Treatment of Drs. Starkey & Felen, 1101 Grand st., Phila., has no equal. It is taken by inhalation, and gives a larger supply of oxygen to the lungs than is contained in common air, and so rapidly purifies the blood and vitalizes the whole system. Write for a Treatise on Compound Oxygen. It will be sent free.

HAY-FEVER. My brother Myron and myself were both cured of Catarrh and Hay-Fever last July and August by Ely's Cream Balm. 'Til Dec. 28, these troubles have not returned.—GABRIEL FERRIS, Spencer, N. Y.

PURE Cod-Liver Oil, made from selected livers on the sea-shore, by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

HAY-FEVER. I was afflicted for twenty years with Hay-Fever. I used Ely's Cream Balm with favorable results, and can recommend it to all.—ROBERT W. TOWNLEY (ex-Mayor), Elizabeth, N. J.

Skinny Men. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, &c.

The short, hacking cough, which leads to consumption, is cured by Pisco's Cure.

"Rough on Tooth Ache." Ask for it. Instant relief, quick cure. 15c. Druggists.

Pisco's Cure for Consumption does not dry up a cough; it removes the cause.

"Rough on Pain." Porous Plaster, for Backache, pains in the Chest, Rheumatism. 25c.

The Frazer Axle Grease is the very best. A trial will prove we are right.

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder. Fine, Smooth, Cleansing, Refreshing, Preservative. 15c.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Smith's Tonic Syrup
FOR THE CURE OF
FEVER and AGUE
Or CHILLS and FEVER,
AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA is the old and reliable remedy for impurities of the blood and scrofulous affections—the King of Blood Purifiers.

DR. JOHN BULL'S VEGETABLE WORM DESTROYER is prepared in the form of candy drops, attractive to the sight and pleasant to the taste.

DR. JOHN BULL'S SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP, BULL'S SARSAPARILLA, BULL'S WORM DESTROYER,
The Popular Remedies of the Day.

Principal Office, 581 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

ARE YOU CONSTIPATED?

If you are bilious, dyspeptic or constipated, a few bottles of Hops and Malt Bitters will cure you as they have many others. An occasional use of Hops and Malt Bitters gives tone to the blood, strengthens the nerves and promotes perfect digestion. Do not be persuaded to try something else, said to be just as good, but get the genuine. For sale by all dealers.

HOPS & MALT BITTERS CO.,
DETROIT, MICH.

HAIR
AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest-selling Pottery, Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 50 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

A THRILLING STORY

As Told by a Merchant in Troy, N. Y.—A Surgical Operation Avoided—How a Father, Wife, and Daughter Escaped an Awful Doom.

Of the hundreds of accounts of remarkable cures wrought by DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, none have appeared so purely astonishing as the following. The persons mentioned are among the most highly respected in the city of Troy, and the story as told by the father will prove interesting to all our readers.—Ed.

Troy, N. Y.
Dr. Kennedy, Roundout, N. Y.:
Dear Sir—My daughter was afflicted with a severe growth of Fungus. To remove it we had resorted to almost every remedy and consulted the most prominent surgeons and physicians. Dr. ———— said that a surgical operation would be necessary, but, fearing fatal results, hesitated. Some of the physicians claimed that it was caused by one thing and some by another. The Fungus was growing and spreading her looks. Having heard of Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY working so thoroughly on the blood I determined to try it, to see if this medicine could do what doctors had failed to do for me. I had hardly dared to undertake it. I can say in truth that the result of this trial was the complete cure of my daughter of this dreadful malady. Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. As for myself, being engaged in the grocery and commission business, which makes it necessary for me to test the quality of different articles, like butter, etc., my sense of taste and my stomach were seriously injured. Everything seemed to nauseate me, and I suffered in its most severe form. I tried DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY. The first bottle afforded immediate relief, and from that day to this I can say that Favorite Remedy had restored me to perfect health. There are facts which I claim prove that Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best medicine in the world for those afflicted with the above difficulties. If any one in the city of Troy doubts the truth of these statements let him come to me and I will prove them. I have recommended Favorite Remedy to hundreds, and with the same good results. Yours, etc., WILLIAM WINDSOR,
Troyer Canal and Mount Street, Troy, N. Y.

5,000 ACTIVE AGENTS wanted at once. Address H. R. HALE, South Manchester, Conn.

BIG PAY to sell our rubber band stamps. Terms free. Taylor Bros. & Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

LEARN Writing Here. Situations furnished. Address VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

LADIES WITH SEWING MACHINES need an adjustable fan. Sent for 50 cents. Mail readily. Agents wanted everywhere. Liberal commission. GREEN FAN CO., 182 Centre St., New York City.

COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS

Supplied with partly-printed sheets in the most satisfactory manner. Send for samples and prices to THE NEWSPAPER UNION, Nos. 71 and 73 Franklin Street, Chicago.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE SURE CURE
FOR
KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND BLOOD DISEASES.

PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. F. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort is always reliable." Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort cured my wife after two years suffering." Dr. O. M. Sumner, San Hill, Ga.
IN THOUSANDS OF CASES
it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.
It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens as it gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.
PRICE, \$1.00 BOTTLE OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington Vt.

KIDNEY-WORT

DEREDICK'S HAY PRESSES.
are sent on trial to operators on all other presses. the customer keeping the one that best suits him.
Order on trial, address for circular and location of Western and Southern Storehouses and Agents: P. K. DEDERICK & CO., Albany, N. Y.

Fast Potato Digging

THE MONARCH POTATO DIGGER
Saves cost yearly, 175¢
Overs 1000 lbs. of potatoes
in 10 minutes
anted to Dig Six Hundred Bushels a Day!

SENT ON 60 Days' Test Trial.

Agents Wanted.

Write postal card for FREE elegantly illustrated Catalogue, in Six Brilliant Colors, that cost us \$2000 to publish.
206 State St., Monarch Manufacturing Co., CHICAGO, ILL.

ELLY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM
Causes no Pain.
Gives Relief at Once. Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply with Finger. Give it a Trial.
50 cents at Druggists'. 60 cents by mail, registered. Send for circular.

U.S. STANDARD JONES OF BRIGHTON
5 TON WAGON SCALES,
Iron Frames, Steel Bearings, Brass Tires, Iron and Steel Bases.
\$60 and
JONES pays the freight for free. Price List mention this paper and address JONES OF BRIGHTON, Brighton, N. Y.

PISCO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc.
Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION
U. S. N. No. 33-94.
WHEN WAITING TO ADVERTISE, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the Board of Education of the Public Schools of the City of Holland, of the Receipts and Expenditures for the School year ending the 31st day of August, A. D. 1884.

RECEIPTS.	
Bal. in Treasury Sept. 2nd, 1883.	\$ 977 92
Taxes for insurance Jan. 10, 1884.	84 00
Janitor	400 00
Secretary and census	51 00
Teachers	1,300 00
Interest on bonds	1,090 00
Incidentals & repairs	900 00
Fuel	700 00
New building	700 00
Primary money, June 2, '84	1,370 28
Stove by I. Cappon	15 00
Non-resident pupils	30 64
Fine by H. D. Post	3 00
	\$7,421 82

EXPENDITURES.	
Janitor H. Toren	\$ 397 91
Secretary T. J. Boggs	50 00
Taking census, J. Kruidenier	15 00
Paid Salaries of Teachers—	
Geo. P. Hummer	900 00
Nellie Wakker	350 00
C. J. Elgert	325 00
C. F. Planstiel	275 00
E. A. Dutton	275 00
Anna Breyman	275 00
Nellie Zwemer	275 00
Sara Ledebor	275 00
A. A. Cunningham	275 00
K. E. Vanpell	261 25
C. Vaupell	275 00
H. F. Planstiel	285 00
Maud Zwemer	325 00
	\$4,411 25

Paid coupons on bonds to National Park Bank, New York	\$300 00
Paid city treasurer, Holland, Mich. series A. B. and E.	621 00
	\$ 921 00
Paid for Fuel—	
To H. Kenyon	382 50
" J. Knol	116 50
" E. Ver Schure	7 50
" A. J. Ogden	12 30
" P. H. McBride	30 00
" G. H. Brink	36 00
	\$ 672 60

For New Building—	
W. H. Beach, seats in room 10	\$125 00
Meyer, Brouwer & Co.	10 50
	\$ 135 50

FOR INCIDENTALS AND REPAIRS.	
To E. J. Harrington, goods	\$ 8 65
G. P. Hummer, R. R. fare for teacher	1 50
P. & E. Winter, work and material	28 00
H. Toren, work &c.	15 10
H. Vaupell, 2 doz. pointers	3 80
W. H. Rogers, printing	7 35
T. J. Boggs, music lessons by Gilmore	9 00
P. H. McBride, maps &c.	10 90
J. De Boer, draying	1 15
T. Keppel, cement &c.	8 00
Kremers & Banga, liquid slating &c.	3 35
E. J. Harrington, goods	5 55
J. Smith, 3 days work	3 85
H. Walsh, oil, sponge, &c.	7 43
H. Toren, cleaning privy &c.	20 00
O. Breyman, clock and call bell	5 00
J. C. Post, work by De Werd	4 00
Werkman & Van Ark, lumber	4 25
R. Kanters & Sons, hardware &c.	49 27
E. J. Harrington, brooms, oil &c.	5 80
W. H. Rogers, printing	2 50
R. Kanters & Sons, hardware work &c.	37 45
T. J. Boggs, erasers from Chicago	60 00
M. Kleinkniefeld, crayons	9 25
M. Kleinkniefeld, brush and ink	1 85
R. Kanters & Sons, hardware work &c.	4 85
H. Toren, material for racks	6 75
E. J. Harrington, brooms and oil	6 80
Wm. Van Zutphen, disinfectant	3 00
W. H. Rogers, printing	1 20
T. J. Boggs, postage and stationery	5 12
J. Molegraaf, 4 days work	5 00
P. Berghuis, 3 leads muck	5 00
J. Van Dyk & Bird, lumber	76 30
Meyer, Brouwer & Co., book case	16 30
C. Ver Schure, work by De Long	11 00
A. Veele, 1 1/2 days work	2 19
W. H. Rogers, printing	4 90
R. E. Werkman, lumber	6 00
E. J. Harrington, goods	5 05
D. Weymar, calclimating	59 00
E. J. Harrington, Jr., team work	7 50
C. Ver Schure, grading Tenth street	35 43
Money in Treasury	296 70
Total	\$ 7,421 82

OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS.

Series "A and B" eight bonds, \$1,000 each, six per cent interest, held by Am. Arbor Savings Bank, interest payable at the office of the city treasurer of Holland city. These bonds are payable, commencing Feb. 1, 1885, \$1,000 each year until paid.

Series "C" six bonds, \$500 each, six per cent interest, held by ———, interest payable at the National Park Bank, of New York city. These bonds are payable, commencing Feb. 1st, 1893, \$1,000 each year until paid.

Series "D" four bonds, \$500 each, six per cent interest, held by National Park Bank of New York city, interest payable at the National Park Bank. These bonds are payable, commencing Feb. 1, 1896, \$1,000 each year until paid.

Series "E" three bonds, \$1,000 each, six per cent interest, held by John A. Lansing, of Brooklyn, N. Y., interest payable at the office of the city treasurer of Holland city. These bonds are payable, commencing Feb. 1st, 1898, \$1,000 each year until paid.

During the school year now closing, the Board of Education has kept the graded school as usual, comprising a high school, four grammar and seven primary departments.

Whole No. of teachers, including Supt. 13

Highest number of pupils enrolled 837

Average daily attendance 567

The branches of education taught were Orthography, Language lessons, Spelling Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Physiology, Geography, History, Civil Government, Physics, Book-keeping, Rhetoric and English Literature.

We estimate the amount necessary to be raised by taxation for the support of the public schools of Holland city, during the next year as follows:

For insurance	\$ 122 00
Janitor	500 00
Secretary and census	105 00
Teachers salary	3,300 00
Bonds and interest	1,921 00
Incidentals and repairs	725 00
Fuel	500 00
Total	\$ 7,173 00

E. J. HARRINGTON,
C. J. DE ROO,
Committee.

T. J. Boggs, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Board of Education held August 11th, 1884, the foregoing report and annual statement was adopted.

T. J. BOGGS, Secretary.

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by H. Walsh.

THE choice for making a fortune by deceiving the people are so great that many manufacturers of Baking Powder use the columns of the leading newspapers to show comparative tests. We notice one brand, DeLand's Chemical Baking Powder, that has never been mentioned or compared with others. Upon investigation, we find a statement on the label which is the best reason in the world why other manufacturers avoid mentioning it. The brand is DeLand's Chemical, and the statement reads: "Pure Grape Cream Tartar and Bi-Carb. Soda only. No filling whatever."

Van Oort & Beeuwkes,

Successors to W. C. MELIS.

are selling and keep for sale some very fine

COOKING STOVES, AND RANGES.

A large stock of

NAILS, CLASS & CUTLERY.

always on hand.

We have a large assortment of

Paint and Calcimine Brushes.

A L A B A S T I N E

in all shades.

Garden and Farming Tools.

The best of

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and White Lead.

can be obtained of us.

We keep all kinds of

Barbed Fence Wire

COPPER, TIN, AND IRONWARE,

WHIPS, PUMPS,

GRIND STONES, FISH TACKLE,

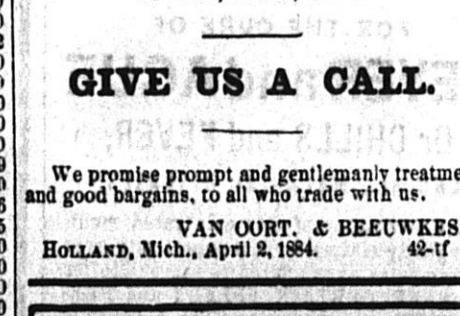
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, SASH, AND

GLASS, ETC., ETC.

GIVE US A CALL.

We promise prompt and gentlemanly treatment and good bargains, to all who trade with us.

VAN OORT & BEEUWKES,
HOLLAND, Mich., April 2, 1884. 42-17



THE LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME Sewing Machine

Simple Strong Swift & Sure

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR.
NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
NO EQUAL.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.
CHICAGO ILL. ORANGE MASS. ATLANTA GA.
FOR SALE BY

MEYER, BROUWER CO.,

dealers in

FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALL PAPER,

—and—

BURIAL CASKETS.

River St., Holland Mich.

GOLD

for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address Brunson & Co., Portland, Maine.

A VERY RADICAL CHANGE

has been made in the stock of goods at the One-Price Store of

E. J. HARRINGTON, - HOLLAND, MICH.

A large and very fine stock of

FALL CLOTHING

has just been received and will be sold at remarkable low figures. We also have a stock of Boots and Shoes, Rubbers and Slippers superior to any in the City.

Ladies are invited to call and examine our stock of

Spring Dress Goods, New Style of Prints, and Dress Patterns.

HATS AND CAPS. Towelings, Table Linen, Hosiery, Lace, and Calicos

in an endless number of styles and designs.

A FRESH STOCK OF GROCERIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

COME EARLY and GET BEST BARGAINS

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 6th, 1884.

SPRING HAS COME!

—and—

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS

have received a large Spring stock of goods, consisting of

Dress Goods. Cottons. Ticks. Prints and Gingham.

Hosiery. Corsets. Hamburg Edgings.

LADIES' AND GENTS' HANDKERCHIEFS, SILK AND COTTON!

GENTS' NECKWEAR!

A full stock of

GROCERIES

always on hand.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 27, 1884.

Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches, DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

The largest assortment of

DIAMOND RINGS

ever displayed in this City.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 12, 1884. 48-17

FIRST WARD

DRUG STORE.

R. B. BEST, M. D., Prop'r.

Mr. I. A. Anderson, a competent prescription clerk, has charge, and will be found at all hours, ready to compound prescriptions in a thoroughly reliable manner.

A complete assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES AND LOW'S PERFUMES.

Everything pertaining to a first-class drug store will be kept constantly on hand.

GIVE US A CALL.

R. B. BEST,

Holland, Mich., June 27, 1884.

AGENTS

wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. HALL'S BOOK CO., Portland, Maine.

A PRIZE.

Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address TRUX & Co., Augusta, Maine.

CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS!

1884. AGENTS WANTED. 1884.

For the only genuine PICTORIAL biographies of the DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES for President and Vice-President. Authentic and exhaustive in fact, profuse and artistic in illustration, conciseness, forcible, brilliant in authorship. The Standard Campaign History. Authorized. Rich in matter but low in price—50¢. The agents' harvest. Send 50 cts. for outfit and our special practical instructions in the best methods of selling it. Success and large profits ensured. Act at once. The Campaign will be short, but brilliant and profitable to agents. Address, N. D. THOMPSON & Co., Publishers, St. Louis, Mo., or New York City.

THE FREE PRESS

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

We will send the WEEKLY FREE PRESS until after election for only 25 CENTS.

Address THE FREE PRESS CO., Detroit, Mich.

HARTER'S IRON TONIC

THE ONLY TRUE

FACTS REGARDING Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

It will purify and enrich the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and restore THE NERVOUS AND VIGOR OF YOUTH! In all those diseases requiring a certain and efficient TONIC, especially Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, etc., its use is marked with immediate and wonderful results. BONES, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES suffering from all complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. It gives a clear and healthy complexion. The strongest testimony to the value of DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is that frequent attempts at counterfeiting have only added to the popularity of the original. If you earnestly desire health do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.

Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC IS FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

3-17

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated May Fourth (4th), A. D. 1870, and executed by Robert Akery and Mary C. his wife, to George W. Joscelyn, and recorded August second (2nd), A. D. 1870, in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, Michigan, in the city of Grand Haven, in said County, there will be sold at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder the premises in said mortgage described, or so much thereof as will satisfy said debt and the interest and expense of this advertisement and sale, viz: The southeast quarter (1/4) of the northwest quarter (1/4) and the southwest quarter (1/4) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section three (3), town five (5), north of range sixteen (16) west, lying in the town of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan.

GEORGE W. JOSCELYN, Mortgagee.

Holland, Michigan, June 23, A. D. 1884. 51-157

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Erection of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

H. BOONE,

Livery, Board and Sale Stable.

The oldest established Stable in the city.

On Market Street, near Eighth.

I have the newest and best HEARSE in this city, with the finest horses and carriages for funeral purposes, which I will furnish

as cheap, if not cheaper

than any party in this city.

H. BOONE.

HOLLAND, July 28th, 1882. 25-17

GEO. T. MCCLURE,

—Dealer in—

Sewing Machines,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Clough & Warren

109

ORGANS.

The only reed instrument made having the patent Qualifying tubes, giving the nearest approach in tone to that of the pipe organ.

White Sewing Machine!

The Best in the World!

Every Machine warranted for five years

A full line of sewing machine merchant

disc constantly on hand.

Please call, examine goods, and ascertain prices and terms before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. T. MCCLURE,

Cor. of Eighth and River streets.

Holland Mich

17-17