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### Holland City News, Volume 9, Number 26: August 7, 1880

Holland City News

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Holland City News, "Holland City News, Volume 9, Number 26: August 7, 1880" (1880). *Holland City News: 1880*. 32.

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IX.—NO. 26.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1880.

WHOLE NO. 442.

## The Holland City News,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,  
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if  
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if  
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents  
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period under three  
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/2 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1/4 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's sig-  
nify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectible quarterly.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.  
P. Russell & Co's News-  
paper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where  
advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW  
YORK.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Thursday, July 8, 1880.

Trans.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	* 3.40 a. m.	1.40 a. m.
" "	" 8.14 a. m.	" 5.20 "
" "	" 1.50 p. m.	" 7.30 "
" "	" 10.10 p. m.	" 3.25 p. m.
" "	" "	" 9.40 p. m.

Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	1.30 p. m.	5.25 a. m.
" "	* 5.35 p. m.	3.35 p. m.
" "	" 9.50 p. m.	* 8.20 a. m.

New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.30 a. m.	* 6.00 a. m.
" "	" 5.15 a. m.	" "
" "	" 7.20 "	" 8.15 a. m.
" "	" 3.20 p. m.	* 2.30 p. m.
" "	" 9.38 "	" 1.50 "
" "	* 7.40 p. m.	" 10.20 p. m.

\* Mixed trains.  
† Daily except Sunday and Monday.  
‡ Daily except Saturday.  
§ Mondays only.  
All other trains daily except Sundays.  
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago  
time which is 30 minutes later than Columbus  
time.

### Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 30, 1880.

Going North.	STATIONS.	Going South.
No. 1. No. 2.	No. 3. No. 1.	
P. m. a. m.	a. m. p. m.	
9 10 12 05	Muskegon.	5 45 2 50
8 25 11 45	Ferrysburg.	6 45 3 35
7 55 11 38	Grand Haven.	6 50 3 40
7 00 11 08	Pigeon.	8 10 4 06
5 55 10 40	Holland.	10 00 4 35
5 25 10 20	Fillmore.	10 10 4 35
5 30 9 50	Allegan.	11 45 5 40

Leaves	for the north.	for the south.
" "	" 6.25 p. m.	" 7.25 "
" "	" 7.25 "	" 8.20 "
" "	" 8.20 "	" 9.25 "
" "	" 9.25 "	" 10.20 "

Arrive at Allegan, " 8.35 "

This train arrives at Grand Rapids via L. S. &  
M. S. at 10:00 a. m. and at Chicago via L. S. &  
M. S. at 4:30 p. m.

FRED. H. MAY, Manager.  
B. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.  
CHAS. J. OTIS, Agent.  
Holland, Mich.

Close connections made at Allegan with G. R. &  
I. R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalama-  
zoo Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, and points east.

Tickets to all the principal cities in the West,  
South, and East at popular prices.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at  
Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11  
River street.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting  
Agent. Office in Kenyon & Van Putten's bank  
Eighth street.

### Barbers.

DE GROOT, L., barber. Hair cutting, shaving,  
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at rea-  
sonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City  
Hotel.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and  
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-  
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick  
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

### Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and  
office No. 43 Ninth street, next door to the  
First Reformed Church.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Phy-  
sician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-  
fumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a  
full stock of goods appertaining to the busi-  
ness.

### Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,  
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL. Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Pro-  
prietors. The largest and best appointed  
hotel in the city. Ample accommodations for  
permanent boarders and transient guests. Every-  
thing first-class. Cor. of Eighth and Market str.,  
Holland, Mich. 8-ly

PHENIX HOTEL. Jas. Ryder, proprietor.  
Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R. R. de-  
pot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and  
its table is unsurpassed. On Ninth str., Holland,  
Michigan. 8-ly

PELGRIM, M., Proprietor of Ottawa House.  
Good accommodations for steady boarders,  
and every facility for transient guests. The En-  
glish, German and Holland languages are spoken.  
Corner of First and Fulton street, Grand Haven,  
Michigan. 6-ly

SCOTT'S HOTEL. Wm. J. Scott, proprietor.  
This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and  
Fish str., convenient to both depots. Terms,  
\$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always  
be relied on. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office  
class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;  
Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th  
street, near Market.

### Meat Markets.

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Mar-  
ket, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All  
kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Moving Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors  
of Puffer Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills) near foot of 8th street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and  
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor-  
ner 10th and River streets.

### Notary Publics.

PORT, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Justice of the Peace,  
Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office,  
Van Landegend's Block.

### Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, has made  
the disease of the Eye, Ear and Throat a  
special study. Overysel, Allegan Co., Mich. 6-ly

LEDEBOER, F. S., City Physician and Surgeon;  
office at residence, on Eighth street, near  
Chl. & M. L. S. R. crossing.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Physician and Surgeon;  
office at the First Ward Drug Store, Eighth  
Street.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Accoucher.  
Office at Dr. Schouten's drug store, Eighth  
street. 40-ly.

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon;  
office at Grand Rapids Village, Allegan county,  
Mich. Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M. 20-ly.

### Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-  
lery opposite this office.

### Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;  
Eighth street.

### Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

### Watches and Jewelry.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers,  
and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Mar-  
ket and Eighth Street.

## Societies.

### I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order  
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd  
Fellow's Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening  
of each week

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

JOHN HUMMEL, N. G.

WILL H. ROGERS, R. S.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE,  
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,  
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, August  
18, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

OTTO BREYMAN, W. M.

W. H. JOSLIN, Sec'y.

H. VAN DER WEYDEN,  
Successor to

P. OTTE & CO.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

FINE CIGARS

22 SOUTH DIVISION STREET,  
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Coaline is a new liquid, cheap, but very  
useful for all purposes of cleaning. Once  
you have tried it you will be convinced of  
its power to clean. Go to Van Putten's  
Drug store, the only place in the city where  
you can buy it, and give it a trial. 18-ly

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	35
Beans, bushel	1 00
Butter, lb	13
Clover seed, bushel	5 10
Eggs, dozen	10
Honey, bushel	11
Hay, ton	8 00
Onions, bushel	2 50
Potatoes, bushel	30
Timothy Seed, bushel	3 25

### Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	3 50
" " green	2 50
" beach, dry	2 50
" " green	2 00
Railroad ties	12
Shingles, A & B	12

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	80	90
Corn, shelled bushel	65	65
Oats, bushel	65	65
Buckwheat, bushel	65	65
Barley, 100 lbs.	1 20	1 30
Feed, ton	18 00	1 1
Barley, 100 lbs.	1 20	1 30
Middling, 100 lbs.	1 00	1 00
Flour, bushel	5 20	5 20
Pearl Barley, 100 lbs.	3 00	3 00
Rye, bushel	65	65
Corn Meal 100 lbs.	60	60
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs.	1 20	1 20

### Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed per lb	5
Pork, "	4 1/2
Lard, "	8
Turkeys, dressed per lb	11
Chickens, dressed per lb	8

## Additional Local.

### Bogus Certificates.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to  
be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks,  
&c., and puffed up by long bogus certifi-  
cates of pretended miraculous cures, but  
a simple, pure, effective medicine, made  
of well known valuable remedies, that fur-  
nishes its own certificates by its cures.  
We refer to Hop Bitters the purest and  
best of medicines. See "Truths" and  
"Proverbs," in another column.

If you want canned goods, call at the  
City Bakery, where you can see a larger  
variety than anywhere else in the city.

If the people knew what an amount of  
labor they could save in washing and  
house cleaning by using Coaline they  
would all rush to try it. For sale at Van  
Putten's Drug store. 13-ly

O. BORTLE, of Manchester, Ontario Co.,  
N. Y., writes: "I obtained immediate re-  
lief from the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric  
Oil. I have had Asthma for eleven years.  
Have been obliged to sit up all night for  
ten or twelve nights in succession. I can  
now sleep soundly all night on a feather  
bed, which I had not been able to do  
previous to using the Oil."

Another writes: "I have been troubled  
with Asthma for years; have used half  
a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and  
the benefit I have received from it is so  
great that I would not take one hundred  
dollars for the balance if I could get no  
more." Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland,  
Mich.

A LARGE assortment of Hats and Caps,  
Gent's Furnishing Goods, but Merchant  
tailoring is our specialty, at

BRUSSE'S CLOTHING STORE,  
12-ly Zeeland, Mich.

NOTICE.—We were suffering the most  
excruciating pain from inflammatory rheu-  
matism. One application of Dr. Thomas'  
Electric Oil afforded almost instant relief,  
and two fifty cent bottles affected a per-  
manent cure.

O. E. COMSTOCK, Caledonia, Minn.  
Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

THE finest silks and batins for trimmings  
and other fancy trimmings, can now be  
found at the cheap cash store of  
E. J. HARRINGTON.

ONE of the finest and largest stocks of  
ladies and gents' boots, and gaiters, can  
always be found at the large store of H.  
C. Akely & Co., at Grand Haven. 17-ly.

A FREE Book of nearly 100 large octavo  
pages for the sick. Full of valuable  
notes—by Dr. E. B. Foote,—on Scrofula;  
Diseases of the Breathing Organs; Dis-  
eases of Men; Diseases of Women; Aches  
and Pains; Heart Troubles; and a great  
variety of Chronic Diseases, with evidence  
that in most cases these diseases are cur-  
able. Sent for three cent stamp. Address  
MURRAY HILL PUB. CO.,  
6-6m No. 129 E. 28th St., N. Y.

ANY kind of Men's and Boy's Clothing  
cut and made to order according to the  
latest styles. We have some very fine  
goods. Call and see us at  
BRUSSE'S CLOTHING HOUSE,  
12-ly Main St., Zeeland, Mich.

## [OFFICIAL.] Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., August 3, 1880.

The Common Council met in regular session and  
was called to order by Mayor Van der Veen.  
Aldermen present: Spruiell, TerVee, Kramer,  
Bertsch, Landau and the Clerk.  
Minutes of last meeting read and stood ap-  
proved.

### PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

The following bills were presented for payment:  
R. Van den Berg, teaming.....\$ 7.75  
J. Van der Veen, hardware..... 5.90  
P. Koning, repairing sidewalks..... 6.75  
H. S. Woodruff " " " " 4.50  
M. DeFeyer, 3 mos. sal. street commissioner 23.75  
F. S. Leideboer, " city ph. lican..... 25.00  
Geo. H. Sipp, 1 mos. " city clerk..... 25.00  
M. Van Regenmortel, 26 wks house rent..... 13.00  
—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the  
City Treasurer for the several amounts.

### REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Com. on Streets and Bridges reported pro-  
gress.—Accepted.

The Com. on Claims and Accounts reported  
recommending the following bill for pa ment:  
G. Van Kerkfoort, drawing Fire Eng. No. 1 to  
fire of Joseelyn's schooner.....\$2.00  
—Adopted and warrant ordered issued for the  
amount.

Ald. Butkau appeared and took his seat.  
The Com. on Poor reported, presenting the semi-  
monthly report of the Director of the Poor and  
said committee, recommending \$32.25 for the sup-  
port of the poor for the 2 wks ending Aug. 1,  
1880, and having extended the porcy a/c amount-  
ing to \$6.00.—Approved and warrants ordered  
issued.

### COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

The City Treasurer reported for the month of  
July.—Filed.

The City Marshal reported one arrest for the  
month of July.—Filed.

The City Marshal reported having collected the  
following amount for repairing sidewalk, to-wit:  
P. F. Planstiel.....\$ 1.47  
G. J. Van Duren..... 9.27  
Mrs. Kleas Sci outler..... 13.75  
J. Alberti..... 1.78  
John DeWee..... 7.98  
—Accepted and ordered charged to the Treas-  
ury.

The City Physician reported having treated 3  
cases in the month of July.—Filed.

The Street Commissioner reported for the month  
of July.—Filed.

The Board of Special Assessors reported pre-  
sented a special assessment roll for sidewalk re-  
pairs.—Filed, numbered, and ordered put on file  
in the Holland City News for 10 weeks, com-  
mencing August 14, next, and the roll of As-  
sessors to meet with the Council to review said roll  
on the 7th day of September, 1880.

Jns. C. H. D. Post reported.—Referred back for  
correction.

### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Butkau.  
Resolved, That the petition of the City Marshal,  
asking that G. Van Kerkfoort be appointed City  
Ponm. Mr. ter be taken from the table.

By Ald. Butkau.  
Resolved, That G. Van Kerkfoort be appoint  
City Pound Master upon his agreeing to free with  
out costs all cattle impounded when owner resid-  
outside the city limits.—Adopted.

### UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

On motion of Ald. Butkau Council went into  
Committee of the Whole, A. d. Spruiell in the  
chair. A. d. Spruiell spent therein the committee  
rose and read the following report: An Or-  
dinance, relative to licenses, and recomme d that  
the same be referred to the City Attorney.—  
Adopted.

Council adjourned.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

### Hancock's Pedigree.

Quite a number of papers seem to be at  
a loss to find the correct pedigree of Gen-  
eral Hancock. The following is taken  
from the Boston Post, and is said to be  
correct: John Hancock was born in 1670,  
died 1750, aged 80 years. He was a minis-  
ter at Lexington, Mass. John Hancock was  
born in 1703, died in 1744, aged 41 years.  
He was a minister of Braintree, Mass.,  
and a son of the preceding. John Han-  
cock, LL. D., was born in 1737, died in  
1793, aged 56 years. He was the first of  
the signers of the Declaration of American  
Independence, a son of John Hancock of  
Braintree, and the grandson of John Han-  
cock of Lexington. He was a native of  
Quincy, Mass.; graduated at Harvard  
College in 1754; member of the house of  
representatives from Boston in 1766; presi-  
dent of the provincial congress of Massa-  
chusetts in 1774; president of the continen-  
tal congress in 1775; governor of Massa-  
chusetts in 1780 to 1784 and 1787 to 1793.  
Benjamin F. Hancock was a son of John  
Hancock, LL.D., signer of the Declara-  
tion of American Independence; was a  
lawyer at Norristown, Montgomery county  
Pa., in 1828; was a member of the  
Baptist church and superintendent of the  
Sunday school. Winfield Scott and Hil-  
ary Hancock, twin brothers, and sons of  
Benjamin F. Hancock, were born in  
Montgomery county, Pa., in 1821. Hil-  
ary Hancock, twin brother, is a lawyer at  
Minneapolis, Minn.

ELEGANT Hair is woman's crownin-  
beauty. When it fades she fades as we l.  
While it is kept bright, her personal at-  
tractions are still maintained. By preserv-  
ing the hair fresh and vigorous a youthful  
appearance is continued through many  
years. Those who grieve over their fading  
hair turning gray too early, should  
know that Ayer's Hair Vigor prevents it,  
and restores gray or faded hair to its  
natural color. It is a clear and healthful  
preparation, containing neither oil, dye,  
nor anything deleterious, and imparts to  
the scalp what is most needed—a sense of  
pleasant and delightful freedom from  
scurf and dandruff.—New Bern (N. C.)  
Times.

## A Lion's Skin for a Dollar.

An Arizona paper relates an exploit by a  
Mexican, which, for downright foolishness  
put to flight any of the daring perform-  
ances of the heroes of Beadle



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

DR. TANNER entered upon the thirty-first day of his fast in prime condition, and confident of completing his tremendous task. He took his usual two-hour drive in the morning and filled his demijohn with well water. The scales showed that he had gained half a pound in weight in the twenty-four hours. His pulse was 84; temperature 98.80; respiration, 14; weight, 130 pounds.

THE Middleton (Ct.) Savings Bank was robbed, recently, of \$8,500 while some of the officials were at dinner. Three men have been killed by black damp in a Pottsville (Pa.) colliery.

CENSUS returns from the thirty-two most populous counties in New York indicate that the population of the State will exceed 5,000,000.

A CHANGE for the worse in Dr. Tanner's condition was noted at the close of the thirty-second day of his long fast. He was reported weaker than at any time since the beginning of his self-imposed task, and his eyes wore a dull and heavy look. During the day he vomited an ounce and a half of mucus, tinged with bile, and was weak and helpless for nearly an hour afterward. Notwithstanding the symptoms of weakening, the doctor was confident that he could hold out for forty days. His pulse was recorded at 72; temperature 98.3-5; respiration, 15; weight, 127½ pounds. His strength was tested by the dynamometer and found to be 80 kilograms on the right hand and 75 on the left.

A FIRE in the lumber district of Buffalo burned over an area a quarter of a mile in length by 500 feet in width. The total loss is \$225,000 and the insurance \$93,000. C. Branscom, of Branscom & Co., commission merchants, New York, is under arrest for having in his possession \$122,000 in forged bonds of the city of Jacksonville, Fla.

On the thirty-third day of his fast, Dr. Tanner was reported as greatly improved, the apparent symptoms of weakening exhibited on the previous day having partially disappeared. He walked twenty-five laps around the inclosure in the hall—about two-thirds of a mile—in eighteen minutes. His gait was free and steady. A letter was received from Mary J. Frindahs, Milwaukee, Wis., offering the doctor "her hand and heart." The letter greatly amused him.

DR. TANNER began the thirty-fifth day of his fast in a worse condition than he has exhibited at any time since the start. Nausea and vomiting were frequent, and the faster was so enfeebled that he was unable to dress himself. Pulse 78; temperature, 98½; respiration, 15.

THERE was a bull-fight in New York, the other day, under the management of Henry Bergh. There were several active steers and a good deal of red cloak and agility, but no gore. When Mr. Bergh grew tired of the thing he stopped it. The toradors were unarmed.

THE beginning of the thirty-seventh day of Dr. Tanner's fast found his condition but little changed from the preceding half dozen days. He was still troubled with nausea and occasional spells of vomiting. He was naturally quite feeble, and during the day walked about occasionally, and affected not to feel his weakness. The pulse was recorded 74; temperature, 98.8; respiration, 14; weight, 125½ pounds. The doctor was examined by auscultation, and the heart and lungs pronounced to be in excellent condition.

### THE WEST.

LAST week's receipts of grain in Chicago amounted to 475,768 bushels of wheat, 3,056,913 bushels of corn, 272,592 bushels of oats, 50,695 bushels of rye, and 5,998 bushels of barley. Mrs. J. B. Marvin, of Atchison, Kan., has given birth to a girl baby weighing only one and three-quarters pounds. The child is perfectly developed and bids fair to live. Dan Timney, of Shelby county, Ind., had a quarrel with his stepfather about some trivial matter, and wanted to shoot him. The young man's mother stepped between him and his intended victim, whereupon he turned the revolver on himself and blew out his own brains. A saw-mill at Bagley, Mich., blew up, causing the death of two men and seriously wounding several others. As usual, a defective boiler was the cause.

BURGLARS blew open the safe of C. S. Woodworth & Co., at Marshalltown, Iowa, and secured \$4,000 worth of securities. A fire at Quincy, Ill., destroyed E. C. Pfanschmidt's planing-mill, the Gardner governor-works, Bennett & Duff's foundry, Harris & Beebe's old tobacco factory, Jarnett's lighthouse, and numerous dwellings, barns, sheds, etc. The total loss is placed at over \$150,000. The Cherokees in Indian Territory lynched two Creeks, the other night, and the Creeks have just retaliated by killing two Cherokees with bullets. The complete census of Nebraska shows a population of 452,542. The census returns from every district of Oregon show a population of 175,535, an increase of about 93 per cent. since 1870. Census returns from seventy-six counties in Illinois show a population of nearly 2,750,000. It is estimated that the remaining twenty-six counties will increase these figures to 3,125,000. The census of Minnesota, now complete, shows the total population of the State to be 780,072, an increase of 340,366 since 1870, or a little more than 77 per cent.

THE wheat crop is now being harvested in Nebraska, and will be a third less than the average. In Minnesota a yield of from twenty to thirty bushels to the acre is anticipated. In Dakota Territory, the crop is larger and better than ever before. In Illinois and adjacent States the winter wheat has been gathered in good condition, and the spring wheat is now being gathered.

G. W. CARLEW was on trial at Moberly, Mo., for outraging a respectable married woman. While he was being conducted from the jail to the court-room, he was set upon by Crump, the husband of the outraged woman, and shot to death. Carlew ran round with his handcuffs on begging the people for God's sake to protect him, but Crump finally overtook him and emptied his revolver into him, and he died in ten minutes. A man and woman under arrest at Fremont, Neb., are said to be old man Bender and his daughter Kate.

DISPATCHES from Los Pinos Indian Agency report that "forty-eight chiefs and head men of the Uncompahgre Utes have signed the treaty. The success of the commission is assured beyond doubt. Ouray assured the commission that no trouble will be experienced in getting the White River and Southern Utes to sign, now that the Uncompahgre have agreed to the treaty. The census of Arizona gives a popu-

lation of 41,880, including 1,600 Chinese and 4,545 Indians, but excluding the Reservation and Pueblo Indians not taken in the census.

ACCORDING to the dispatches from Fremont, Neb., there is scarcely any doubt that the old man and woman recently arrested there are members of the Bender family, on whose farm in Kansas the remains of Senator York and ten other bodies were discovered in 1873. The woman of the party says that she will confess all about the murders, and insists that, although she is not a Bender, the old man is, and that she knows everything concerning the murders. A resident of Fremont, who lived near the Benders, recognizes the old man. It appears from the woman's statement that the Benders fled from their place in 1873, when it became apparent that the relatives and friends of Senator York began to suspect them of having been instrumental in his taking-off. They have since lived among the Indians, and have encountered such great hardships that they determined on returning East, one of the objects being to obtain some money hid away on the Bender farm.

A RAILROAD war in Peoria, between the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and Peoria and Jacksonville roads, over some elevator approaches, culminated in the arrest of over 200 men, who were tearing up the latter's track, after they had torn up about 600 feet of track, smashed up six box-cars and injured four men.

A FIRE at Red Bluff, Tehama county, Cal., destroyed \$100,000 worth of property. An ordinance has been introduced into the Chicago City Council providing that all telegraph wires laid for the future within the city limits shall be placed underground.

COL. GRIERSON telegraphs that he struck Victoria's band of bad Indians on the 31st ult., and fought them four hours. He killed several Indians and lost one man. At last accounts this formidable band of savages was hemmed in between the Mexican and United States troops, and Col. Grierson was confident that they would soon have to surrender.

DISPATCHES from Los Pinos, Col., state that the Utes now appear to be satisfied with the Ouray treaty, and the prospect is that all the Indians will be off the reservation by next spring.

### THE SOUTH.

A NEGRO named Diggs has been hanged by an infuriated mob at Rockville, Md., for outraging a respectable white woman. In an address before the Mobile Cotton Exchange, the other day, Prof. Riley, Chief of the United States Entomological Commission, reported that in most of the fields throughout a large extent of the territory visited by him he found the cotton-worms preying upon the growing crop.

FIFTEEN masked men broke into the house of a peaceable negro, twenty miles from Atlanta, Ga., pounded him and his wife almost to death with clubs, and fatally shot their two children. Great indignation is said to prevail in the neighborhood, and money is being raised to prosecute the villains, some of whom have been arrested.

THE population of Kentucky is estimated at 1,734,331, which is an increase of 413,321 over the population in 1870. The estimate is based on official returns from forty-two counties in the State.

By the falling of a tree near Stoneville, N. C., two men were fatally injured and a third person so seriously wounded that it is feared he will die. A fourth was slightly hurt.

SEVEN men arrested for murderously assaulting a colored family at Jonesboro, Ga., were removed from that place to Atlanta for safe-keeping. A large number of negroes gathered in the place, and, as they were excited and turbulent beyond measure, further violence was apprehended. The white people were greatly alarmed, and at their request the Governor of the State ordered a company of militia to Jonesboro. All is quiet again.

### GENERAL.

GEN. HANCOCK, in addition to his present duties, has been assigned to the command of the Department of the South, during the temporary absence of Brig. Gen. Augur.

THE Western Nail Association at Pittsburgh has resolved unanimously not to sell nails at less than \$3. The card rate heretofore was \$3.25, but many have been selling at \$2.25 and \$2.85.

ANOTHER American vessel—the schooner George Washington, from Philadelphia—was recently bombarded and searched off the Cuban coast by two officers and ten men belonging to a Spanish gunboat. The facts of the outrage have been placed before the authorities at Washington.

THE jury in the case of the steamer Seawanhaka, recently burned on Long Island sound, have returned a verdict exonerating the United States Steamboat Inspectors from all blame, as they find that the boat was provided with all appurtenances required by law. They severely censure the crew for their want of discipline and want of concert.

EDISON is still experimenting with various materials for perfecting his electric light, and is confident of ultimate triumph. He keeps adding to the improvement of his electric railroad motor, by which he expects to attain a speed of 200 miles per hour. Mrs. Zelda Seguin, the well-known contralto, after ten months' widowhood, has married Mr. David Wallace, of Indianapolis. The Chicago Club continues to lead in the race for the base-ball championship.

OVER \$300,000 worth of timber has been destroyed by forest fires in New Brunswick. During the year ending June 30, 1880, more than 70,000 Canadians, who declared their intention of becoming permanent residents of the United States, crossed over from the Dominion at Sarnia.

### POLITICAL.

THE Maine Democratic and Greenback State Committees were in session at Augusta last week. The result of the conference was a determination to pool their issues, raise a large amount of money, flood the State with speakers, and wage an aggressive campaign.

THE Ohio Greenback Convention, in session last week at Columbus, nominated the following State ticket: For Secretary of State, Charles A. Lloyd, of Seneca; Supreme Judge, D. W. C. London, of Brown county; Clerk of the Supreme Court, Charles Bowsall, of Columbiana; Member of the Board of Public Works, Amos Roberts, of Knox county; School Commissioner, R. B. Smart, of Ross county; Presidential Electors at-large, Harvey Kellogg, of Lucas, and L. T. Foster, of Mahoning.

AN election was held in Alabama on the 2d of August for Governor and other State officers, members of the Legislature and county officers. The Republicans ran no candidates for State offices, but generally supported the nominees of the Greenback party. Dispatches from Montgomery report that the Democrats made a clean sweep, the candidates of that party on the State ticket being elected by majorities ranging from 40,000 to 50,000. The dispatches add that the election passed off quietly.

### STATE elections will occur this year

Alabama	First Monday in September.
Arkansas	First Tuesday in September.
California	Second Monday in September.
Colorado	First Tuesday in October.
Florida	Second Tuesday in October.
Georgia	"
Illinois	"
Iowa	"
Kansas	"
Kentucky	"
Louisiana	"
Maryland	"
Massachusetts	"
Minnesota	"
Mississippi	"
Missouri	"
Nebraska	"
Nevada	"
New Hampshire	"
New Jersey	"
New York	"
North Carolina	"
Pennsylvania	"
South Carolina	"
Tennessee	"
Texas	"
Virginia	"
West Virginia	"
Wisconsin	First Tuesday in November.
Wyoming	"

The general election for President and Vice President occurs in all the States on Tuesday, Nov. 2.

### WASHINGTON.

THE following is the condition of the public debt, as reported on the 1st inst.:

Six per cent. bonds	\$ 235,221,050
Five per cent. " "	484,129,550
Four and one-half per cent. " "	250,000,000
Four per cent. " "	1,380,180,450
Refunding certificates	1,167,350
Navy pension fund	14,000,000
Total coin bonds	\$1,722,698,500
Matured debt	6,841,115
Legal tenders	346,741,931
Certificates of deposit	15,535,000
Fractional currency	7,265,710
Gold and silver certificates	20,573,890
Total without interest	320,656,531

Total debt	\$2,119,536,046
Total interest	15,890,600
Cash in treasury	198,890,405
Debt less cash in treasury	\$1,936,596,241
Decrease during July	5,576,053
Current liabilities	3,489,470
Interest due and unpaid	6,841,115
Debt on which interest has ceased	791,135
Interest thereon	290,573,890
Gold and silver certificates	15,535,000
United States notes held for redemption of certificates of deposit	151,639,793
Cash balance available	\$ 198,890,405

Available cash	\$ 198,890,405
Cash in treasury	198,890,405
Bonds issued to Pacific railway companies, interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding	64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid	323,117
Interest paid by United States	45,569,851
Interest repaid by transportation of mails	13,642,884
By cash payments of 5 per cent. of net earnings	655,198
Balance of interest paid by the United States	33,291,777

THE various mints of the country coined \$4,276,500 during the month of July. First Comptroller of the Treasury Lawrence decides that Government employees are entitled to pay for public holidays.

### FOREIGN.

A CABLE dispatch chronicles the restoration of capital punishment by another of the Swiss cantons by which it was abolished. To further secure the beneficial effects in the way of terror to evil doers, this canton has also enacted that hereafter all executions shall be public. A St. Petersburg dispatch says the reports of Gen. Skobelev's death are untrue.

HEAVY and continuous rain-storms in several counties of England have laid hundreds of acres of grain and caused irreparable damage. Contagious pleuro-pneumonia has again made its appearance in some of the English counties. England is straining every nerve to repair, at the earliest possible moment, the defeat of Gen. Burrows in Afghanistan, and large reinforcements are being sent thither.

FRENCH journals of all parties warn the Government not to allow itself to be drawn into an armed interference in the Turkish question. France will probably take no part in the approaching naval demonstration. An English missionary and his two servants have been murdered at Ismidt, Asia Minor, near Constantinople.

LATER advices from Afghanistan indicate that Burrows' defeat by Ayoub Kahn, near Candahar, was somewhat less disastrous than at first reported. The native reports are now to the effect that Burrows' force was lured into an ambush and suffered heavy loss, but effected a retreat, and later advices announce his arrival with a large portion of his command, at Candahar.

THE Turks greatly rejoice over the British defeat in Afghanistan. The last of the Cuban insurgent chiefs have signified to the Government of the island their intention to leave it, if permitted. They will be allowed to go.

GEN. ROBERTS is marching to the relief of Candahar, at the head of 10,000 men. The election for members of Councils General in France has resulted in a great Republican triumph. The Chilean transport Loa was blown up by a torpedo in Callao bay on the 20th of July. The torpedo contained about 800 pounds of dynamite. The vessel was lifted quite out of the water. About 150 men perished. Every house in Callao was shaken by the explosion.

### The Late Census.

Nearly complete census returns have been received from twenty States and three Territories, and the approximate results are as follows:

Alabama	1,150,000	996,092
Arkansas	750,000	484,471
California	800,000	560,247
Delaware	145,000	125,015
Florida	2,520,000	2,539,891
Illinois	2,750,000	2,750,000
Kansas	1,724,331	1,413,321
Maine	928,515	354,399
Massachusetts	625,000	625,015
Michigan	1,600,000	1,184,059
Minnesota	780,000	429,706
Missouri	2,235,000	1,721,253
Nebraska	500,000	322,015
New Hampshire	1,160,000	908,008
New Jersey	1,724,331	347,211
New York	5,080,000	4,382,750
Ohio	3,100,000	2,655,260
Pennsylvania	4,226,000	3,521,951
Rhode Island	275,710	217,333
Texas	1,800,000	838,379
Virginia	1,600,000	1,255,183
Wisconsin	1,300,000	1,054,670
Utah	144,000	87,786
Arizona	41,580	9,639
Montana	38,988	20,395
Total	33,562,562	24,797,474

Increase in twenty States and three Territories, 8,765,088.

THE University of Chicago has recently conferred the degree of Doctor of Music upon Prof. H. R. Palmer.

### BOOTH'S DEATH.

The Story Told by the Man in Whose Arms He Died.

The story of the death of the elder Booth, as told by Mr. James H. Simpson, who lives now in Salem, N. J., and who was a perfect stranger to him, is very graphic. He narrates the incident as follows:

I had taken passage on the steamer J. W. Chenoweth, from New Orleans to Cincinnati, at the same time that Booth did, though at the time unknown to me save by reputation. We had been one day out from New Orleans when I noticed a man walking back and forth in the saloon, with his hands behind him, his head bowed in deep thought. I sat observing him closely, trying to recollect when and where I had seen him, for that I had certainly seen that man I was fully convinced. A gentleman came to me and remarked: "That is the tragedian, Booth." I then remembered having seen him in his last play at the St. Charles Theater, New Orleans. The second day out he was absent from the saloon, and, on inquiry, I found that he was confined to his state-room very sick. Well knowing the careless regard strangers have on those boats for one that is sick, I at once visited his room, apologizing for my intrusion, and offered my services to him in any manner that might be useful. After scanning me with a look of penetration and surprise that I can never forget, he accepted the offer. On examining his room I found that he had been neglected. I immediately called the porter, had the room cleaned out, clean linen put on him and on the bed; ordered some gruel made for him, as he was too weak for stronger nourishment, but there was no medical attention at hand and he wasted away very fast. The third day after he was taken he could not turn over without help. I saw that he was getting in a hopeless condition, and, thinking to stimulate his energies, gave him some brandy and water, having to saturate a rag and place it between his teeth, his jaws having become rigid, but on tasting it he made an effort to remove it from his lips, and spoke with difficulty, "No more in this world." I saw that he had no hopes of living, and felt anxious in regard to his hope for the future; but, being a young man and an entire stranger, I felt it to be a very delicate situation for one of my experience, but, with a mental prayer that I might be sustained, I commenced by asking him if he had a wife. He answered with a look of astonishment and an emphatic "Certainly I have." I then asked if he had any message to send her, but he could not understand him; but he seemed to say, in his look and features, "Oh, that I could talk!" But, poor man, his power of utterance was so impaired that he could scarcely utter a word distinctly. He attempted to tell me of his travels in California, but I could understand nothing but that he had suffered a great deal and been exposed very much. On the fourth day after he was taken I asked him if I should read to him from my Testament. He seemed anxious that I should, when I selected an encouraging chapter and read, while he gave the deepest attention. I then asked him if I might pray for him. His eyes became dim with moisture and he signified his consent, while I knelt beside his bunk and besought the Great Father of us all, before whom he was so shortly to appear, to receive him, though at this late hour, for the sake of Him that died that sinners might trust in His mercy. He seemed very grateful, and attempted to put his arms around my neck as I bent over him to smooth his pillow.

On the fifth day, about 1 o'clock, he died. I was with him all the morning until the bell rang for dinner, when he repeated the words several times distinctly, "Pray, pray, pray!" accompanied by a beseeching look. We were then below Louisville, Ky., where, upon arriving, the Captain procured a metallic coffin and telegraphed to his wife in Baltimore to meet the corpse in Cincinnati, which she did, taking it to Baltimore for interment.

### Superstitions about Thunder.

Almost all the tribes in the United States believed the thunder to be produced by the wings of a great bird, and that the lightning was the serpents that were invariably connected with the thunder bird. Among the ancient tribes of the Mississippi valley the thunder, therefore, soon became a thunder god, who could be propitiated with sacrifices. The Illinois Indians offered up a small dog when a child happened to be sick upon a day when there was much thunder, supposing the latter to be a cause of the malady. Many accidents, like conflagrations, were attributed to this angry god, and some tribes did bloody penances of propitiation, often burning to death their own children. Statements that the Indians adored the thunder, however, seem to be erroneous. It was the cause of the thunder that they worshiped, and before which they burned tobacco and buffalo meat, or cut off the joints of their fingers or threw their children into the fire when they were overcome with fear. The Peruvians had as an ideal a stone that had been split by the lightning. They offered it gold and silver. The natives of Honduras burned cotton-seed when it thundered. Other Southern tribes made no sacrifices on the approach of a storm, but abased themselves in the most abject fear. The wild rice being aquatic, and looking like an arrow or spear, it is also attributed to the thunder spirit as its origin. In Mexico great temples were built upon the sacred spot where lightning had struck. A curious notion among Peruvians was that the preserved bodies of twin children who died in infancy should be worshiped, supposing that one of them was the son of the thunder, the origin of this idea being the fact that the thunder god of that people was one of the celestial twins of

Apocatequin and Piquerad. The tradition was utilized by Pizarro's missionaries to teach the doctrine of the Trinity.—Exchange.

### Introductions.

In a few respects, perhaps, is good-breeding more manifest than in the matter of introducing persons to one another, having regard more especially to the method of making, and the time chosen for the introduction; nor is there a point of etiquette of greater importance. Not only is an unstudied ease of manner requisite, but also the exercise of a considerable degree of tact and discretion, for whether the introduction is personal or by letter, ceremonious or off-hand, a certain amount of responsibility rests upon the introducer, and this responsibility should not be incurred without some consideration.

Under no circumstances, then, should introductions be made indiscriminately. Indeed, some books have laid down the rule that one should always ascertain beforehand whether it would be agreeable for persons to be introduced to each other or not; but there are so many cases in which this inquiry is impossible, that such a rule would be more often infringed than followed, hence the necessity of care and judgment—for an undesired introduction, if made, would oblige the one person to whom the introduction was the more unwelcome either to treat the other with disregard, or else continue a distasteful acquaintance.

If, therefore, the slightest doubt is felt whether a meditated introduction would be agreeable, it is best not to incur the responsibility of making it, but to seek an opportunity of ascertaining from both parties whether an acquaintance is desired.

We are speaking now of ceremonious introductions, which supposes that the persons introduced should recognize each other when meeting elsewhere. But there are formal introductions of a different character, and which must be carefully distinguished.

For instance, persons meeting at a house, when making a morning call, are frequently introduced to each other by the hostess in an off-hand fashion, for the purpose of facilitating conversation, with the understanding that the introduction lasts only for that occasion; and persons having thus accidentally met, are under no obligation to bow or recognize each other when meeting again.

If, when walking in the street with one friend, you meet another, it would be optional either not to introduce them at all or only in a formal manner. But if, in such a case, you meet a lady, and she evinces a desire to stop with you, you may introduce him formally; but this would not entitle him to consider himself one of the lady's acquaintances.

Naturally when one person has expressed a desire to be introduced to another, you have only the wishes of that other to consult.

It is not, however, usual to ascertain a gentleman's wishes as to whether he desires to be introduced to a lady or not, for in general, society gentlemen are supposed to be gallant enough to seek rather than to avoid a lady's acquaintance.

Should a gentleman desire to be introduced to a lady he must seek out some mutual acquaintance, and ask the favor; and the rule is that the introduction should be made, as such a request would lead to the inference that he had some particular object in view.

Near relations may, without any ceremony or hesitation, be introduced to friends casually encountered.

A COLORED man named Henderson Brown, in Newberry county, South Carolina, is said to go without sleep frequently for a week or more at a time. He says that four years ago he went seven months without sleep. His health is good, except that he is quite thin and emaciated, though active and a hard and constant worker. He is 48 years old.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES	\$7.00 @ 10.00
HOGS	4.85 @ 5.15
COTTON	11½ @ 11½
FLOUR—Superfine	3.80 @ 4.40
WHEAT—No. 2	1.04 @ 1.10
CORN—Western Mixed	.45 @ .48
OATS—Mixed	.36 @ .38
RYE—Western	.82 @ .83
PORK—Mess	14.50 @ 15.00
LARD	7½ @ 7½
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers	4.50 @ 4.85
Cows and Heifers	2.50 @ 3.75
Medium to Fair	4.10 @ 4.25
HOGS	3.50 @ 4.85
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.	5.50 @ 6.00
Good to Choice Spring Ex.	4.25 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.90 @ .92
No. 3 Spring	.80 @ .83
CORN—No. 2	.35 @ .36
OATS—No. 2	.23 @ .24
RYE—No. 2	.74 @ .75
HARLEY—No. 2	.75 @ .76
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.26 @ .27
Eggs—Fresh	.13½ @ .14
PORK—Mess	15.50 @ 15.75
LARD	7 @ 7½
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 1	1.01 @ 1.10
No. 2	.94 @ .95
CORN—No. 2	.35 @ .36
OATS—No. 2	.23 @ .24
RYE—No. 1	.71 @ .72
HARLEY—No. 2	.72 @ .73
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.89 @ .90
CORN—Mixed	.34 @ .35
OATS—No. 2	.23 @ .24
RYE	.50 @ .60
PORK—Mess	14.75 @ 15.00
LARD	7½ @ 7½
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT	.91 @ .92
CORN	.39 @ .43
OATS	.28 @ .33
RYE	.70 @ .71
PORK—Mess	14.25 @ 14.50
LARD	7 @ 7½
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.93 @ 1.01
No. 2 Red	.97 @ .98
CORN—No. 2	.39 @ .40
OATS—No. 2	.26 @ .27
DETROIT.	
FLOUR—Choice	4.75 @ 5.05
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.96 @ 1.27
CORN—No. 1	.42 @ .43
OATS—Mixed	.32 @ .33
BARLEY (per cental)	1.25 @ 1.75
PORK—Mess	15.00 @ 15.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.90



# Holland City News.

## HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

The official census returns of Rhode Island show a population of 276,710—a gain of 59,307 in ten years.

A LEADVILLE deacon ran a man three miles up a hill and then rolled him back in a barrel, for the offense of calling a church a Joss house. They're bound to have religion respected in Leadville.

The aggregate value of the petroleum and petroleum product export for the past year was, in round numbers, \$34,400,000, being a falling off of \$3,000,000 as compared with the year preceding.

The most remarkable bill for election expenses which has yet appeared in England is that of Mr. C. W. Wynn, the defeated candidate for Montgomeryshire. His expenses were no less than £13,454; more than double those of his opponent. Each vote he polled cost him £6 15s.

EVEN more pointedly than last year the English papers are discussing the subject of some substitute for beer to be drunk in the harvest field. Some farmers give their laborers cold tea with good results. In Scotland buttermilk is becoming a great drink. Oatmeal and water, kept cool, is considered one of the best harvest drinks.

The iron furnaces in blast in the United States fell off slightly during the quarter ending June 30, dropping from 431 in blast to 413. About half the bituminous and charcoal, and 70 per cent. of the anthracite furnaces, are now at work. In other words, over one-third of the machinery needed to make pig-iron in this country is lying idle because it does not pay to run it.

GEN. TREVINO, the Mexican officer who has just been married to Miss Roberta Ord, gave to his bride some beautiful marriage gifts. Among them were a pair of magnificent diamond ear-rings and bracelets, necklaces, locket and rings, all resplendent with large diamonds. He also presented to her a dainty saddle with silver stirrups and ornaments.

LOUISIANA planters have great hopes of a recent invention by which bagasse, the refuse cane stalks left over from the process of manufacturing crude sugar, can be made into paper fibre of good quality and that bleaches well. These stalks have been used to heat the evaporating pans in which the sugar is boiled, but they will yield a ton of fibre to every hogshhead of sugar.

AMONG the personal effects which Sara Bernhardt, the French actress, will bring with her to this country will be the famous skeleton of her bedroom. It has a peculiar history. It is the skeleton of a young station officer, who committed suicide on account of disappointment in love. This anatomical souvenir was presented by the dead man's friend, Dr. Pozzo, to Sara, who has a religious regard for it.

ALBERT GRANT, better known as Baron Grant, has been condemned by Sir George Jessel, of the Rolls Court, England, to the payment of \$600,000 to the Emma Silver Mining Company, that sum being the profit he made as promoter of the company. Inasmuch as making profit out of the project of which he was the prime promoter was a breach of trust, Judge Jessel held that his having since been adjudged a bankrupt did not bar the collection of the judgment.

The Chicago Times presents the latest estimates of the grain production in this country and Europe, together with the statistics of our recent production and exports of breadstuffs. It appears at the present time that our wheat crop will amount to between 475,000,000 and 494,000,000 bushels, and the corn crop will also be very large, exceeding that of 1879. But the European harvests promise to be much better than last year, and the foreign demand for the next year isn't expected to be more than two-thirds as large as for the past twelve months, in which period the United States exported about 180,000,000 bushels of wheat and 100,000,000 bushels of corn.

"THE Cinchona Forests of South America" is the subject of an article in the Popular Science Monthly by Mr. Henry S. Wellcome, who recently visited Ecuador and traveled through the forests where the bark is gathered. He says that the supply is by no means inexhaustible, as some writers have represented, but that, on the contrary, if the

present ruinous system of destroying the trees and making no effort to promote new growths is continued, they will, before many years, be practically exterminated from their native soil. Already the sections of forest nearest the shipping-places have been destroyed and the bark has to be carried sometimes hundreds of miles on the backs of natives.

THERE are sixty-four cities in the United States with a population exceeding 30,000; there are forty-four cities with more than 40,000, thirty-four with more than 50,000, twenty-seven with more than 60,000, twenty-four with more than 75,000, twenty with more than 100,000, four with more than 500,000, and one with more than 1,000,000. London is a long way ahead of New York, but the other English cities fall below the American cities. Liverpool ranks below Philadelphia and Brooklyn; Manchester and Birmingham are below Chicago and St. Louis; Leeds and Sheffield are below Boston and Baltimore; Bristol, Bradford and Salford are below Cincinnati, San Francisco and New Orleans; Hull, Newcastle and Portsmouth are below Washington, Cleveland and Buffalo; Leicester, Sunderland and Oldham are below Newark, Louisville and Pittsburgh.

It is not strange that 12,000 dentists find employment in the United States. Dr. J. N. Farrar, of New York, states, in an article published in the Dental Laboratory, that not less than half a ton of pure gold, costing about \$500,000, is annually packed away in the mouths of Americans, and, in addition to this, there is probably four times as much cheaper material, such as silver, platinum, etc., used in filling cavities in teeth. He makes the curious and interesting estimate that only 300 years would be required to bury the amount of gold coin now in circulation in the country (\$150,000,000) in the graveyards. The magnitude of American dental operations is shown by the statement that about 300,000 artificial or porcelain teeth, mounted on various kinds of plates, are made every year. Dr. Farrar supplements these figures with the important statement, based on statistics compiled with painstaking labor, that, out of an average of eighty people of all classes, only one can be found with perfect dental organs. The other seventy-nine require a dentist's care.

A DIFFERENCE of opinion exists among European engineers in regard to the practicability of establishing a sea, as is now proposed, in the great Sahara, the chief problem being, it would seem, how to keep it up. It is argued that, supposing the sea to be created by means of a canal, it would lose an enormous quantity of water by evaporation every day, without the introduction of an equal volume of fresh water. The water evaporated being replaced by a supply coming through the canal, the whole body will soon reach the maximum of saturation; and thus, the evaporation still continuing, a deposit of salt will be formed, which in time must fill up the whole space of the interior sea—the salinity of the water being such that no animal life would be possible in it, and the ultimate result being simply the accumulation of an immense deposit of salt. On the other hand, the projectors of the enterprise claim that the presence of this water and its evaporation must produce copious rains, which will in a large measure return into the sea, and thus not only accomplish the object referred to, but also convert a sterile waste into a fertile country.

### Cats and Proverbs.

The Spaniard, says a writer, like the Italian, plays the cat when he dissimulates, but it is not a dead one. He says the cat would be a good friend if it did not scratch, and he thinks a cat which mews is not a good mouster. An Italian says one had better be the head of a cat than the tail of a lion; a wary German goes like a cat round hot broth, and believes it too late to drive the cat away when the cheese is eaten. Many believe that a good cat often loses a mouse, that no cat is too small to scratch, and that you cannot keep away the cat when it has tasted cream. The Russian thinks that play for cats means tears for the mice; the Arab says that when the cats and mice are on good terms the provisions suffer; the Turk tells us that two cats can hold their own against one lion. Another Turkish saying is, "It is fast day to-day, as the cat said when it could not get at the liver." The Englishman fancies that some people have as many lives as a cat—that a cat, in fact, has nine lives; yet he holds that care will kill a cat, and that May kittens should be drowned. He is scarcely alone in thinking that the more you stroke a cat's back the higher she raises her tail. In other words, that flattery feeds vanity. He lets the cat out of the bag; but so do others, and they all agree that it is in the nature of a cat always to fall on its feet. Only he talks of turning cat in pan, and of raining cats and dogs, or sees folks dance like a cat on hot bricks.

### SABBATH READING.

#### "THE TIME IS SHORT."

I sometimes feel the thread of life is slender,  
And soon with me the labor will be wrought;  
Then grows my heart to other hearts more tender  
The time is short.

A shepherd's tent of reeds and flowers decaying:  
That night winds soon will crumble into naught;  
So cease my life, for some rude blast decaying.  
The time is short.

Up, up, my soul, the long-spent time redeeming:  
Sow thou the seeds of better deed and thought;  
Light other lamps, while yet thy light is beaming.  
The time is short.

Think of the good thou might'st have done, when brightly  
The sun to thee life's choicest seasons brought;  
Hours lost to God in pleasure passing lightly.  
The time is short.

The time is short. Then be thy heart a brother's  
To every heart that needs thy help in naught;  
Soon thou may'st need the sympathy of others.  
The time is short.

If thou hast friends, give them thy best endeavor,  
Thy warmest impulse and thy purest thought,  
Keeping in mind, in word and action ever,  
The time is short.

Where summer winds, aroma laden, hover,  
Companions rest, their work forever wrought;  
Soon other graves the moss and fern will cover.  
The time is short.

Up, up, my soul, ere yet the shadow falleth;  
Some good return in latter seasons wrought;  
Forget thyself, when duty angels calleth.  
The time is short.

But all the lapses thou hast been forgiven,  
By all the lessons prayer to thee hath taught,  
To others teach the sympathies of heaven.  
The time is short.

### Sunday Legs.

Old Zack lived in Virginia. He was a veteran in the last war, and supported himself by doing "chores" for the neighborhood. In one of his many battles he lost a leg, and limped around on a wooden substitute. It was not one of the new patent legs, but a rather old-fashioned broom-handle stick, fitted with leather straps to the stump of flesh.

Old Zack was well known by his "walk and conversation" among all the town people. In cabins, and by the wayside, it was not an unusual thing to see a group around this lame leader, listening to his stories of the battlefield.

They were marvelous tales of adventure, some probable, but many more impossible. But old Zack had told them so many times that like other storytellers, he had actually come to believe them true. And yet he was respected, because every one knew that the good old soul had no intention of lying. The marked thing about all his reminiscence was that Old Zack was the center of every picture. In storming a besieging party, on scout or picket service, on the march, or in the camp, to his own way of thinking, no one stood higher than he. It was an amiable weakness—that vanity of his—though in younger folk it would have been a blemish.

And yet everybody liked old Zack. The good people of the town watched the wear of the old wooden leg, and thinking it dangerous for Zack to use it any longer, sent to Richmond and bought for him a brand-new one, with springs and joints and toes. It had all the modern improvements.

Zack was apparently delighted with his present. He wore it one day, but seemed to be conscience-stricken over the extravagance. The next day he appeared on the streets with the old broom-handle buckled on his stump. The first of his friends who met him with remonstrance received for reply,—

"De ole leg will do berry well for de week days, but de new leg shall be preserved for de Sundays."

Who has not heard of Sunday clothes, Sunday faces, and Sunday manners? But Sunday legs are a novelty. Perhaps so in name, but not in fact. We all know people who hobble around, week after week and year after year, on a poor week-day principle, that may without warning break and give its owner a serious fall. Don't do it any longer, reader. Use the strong Sunday legs every day if you would be safe. Carry the words of the Good Book into the week; then "shall the lame man leap like an hart."—Stephen H. Tyng, Jr.

### Faith and Following.

All true following of Christ begins with faith, or we might almost say that faith is following, for we find our Lord substituting the former expression for the latter in another passage of this Gospel parallel with the present. "I am come a light in the world, that whosoever believeth on me should not walk in darkness." The two ideas are not equivalent, but faith is the condition of following; and following is the outcome and test, because it is the operation of faith. None but they who trust him will follow him. He who does not follow, does not trust. To follow Christ, means to long and strive after his companionship, as the Psalmist says, "My soul followeth hard after thee." It means the submission of the will, the effort of the whole nature, the daily conflict to reproduce his example, the resolute adoption of his command as my law, his providence as my will, his fellowship as my joy. And the root and beginning of all such following is in command to him, conscious of mine own darkness, and trustful in his great light. We must rely on a guide before we accept his directions; and it is absurd to pretend that we trust him, if we do not go and do as he bids us. So "follow thou me" is, in a very real sense, the sum of all Christian duty.—Alexander MacLaren.

### "It Makes All Wrong."

"Please, father, is it all wrong to go pleasuring on the Lord's day? My teacher says it is."

"Well, child, perhaps it is not exactly right."

"Then it is wrong, isn't it, father?"

"O, I don't quite know that; if it is only once in a while."

"Father, you know how fond I am of sums?"

"Yes, John, I'm glad you are; I want you to do them well, and be quick and

clever at figures; but why do you talk of sums just now?"

"Because, father, if there is one little figure put wrong in a sum, it makes it all wrong, however large the sum is."

"To be sure, child, it does."

"Then, please father, don't you think if God's day is put wrong now and then, it makes all wrong?"

"Put wrong, child—how?"

"I mean, father, put to a wrong use."

"That brings it very close," said the father, as if speaking to himself; and then added, "John, it is wrong to break God's holy Sabbath. He has forbidden it, and your teacher was quite right."

Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy.—Kind Words.

### Stories of the Dumas.

It was during the successful period of the drama of "Henry III.," one day, that Mlle. Mars was receiving friends and admirers, Dumas, the elder, presented her with a beautiful satin-bound copy of the drama, and an old doctor who was present exclaimed rather simply: "So you are a tragedy-maker, young man?" "Yes," replied Dumas, "just like you; the only difference is that you have yours bound in deal."

Dumas was a great friend of Vatout's, who was so devoted to Louis Philippe's family that he followed them into exile. On hearing of his death, "Poor fellow," said Dumas, "and how did that happen?" "At dinner; the water they had to drink was very bad; the Princes were all sick, but Vatout died." "The courtier!" said Dumas with a smile.

Being present one evening with Sand at the first performance of an exorable piece, he was conversing loudly with her, when a bourgeois, seated in front of them, turned around and sharply requested them to be quiet. "What," exclaimed Dumas; "you have the good luck to hear George Sand and Alexander Dumas conversing together, and you are not satisfied!"

Dumas was a very powerful man, and rather proud of his physical strength. His father, Gen. Dumas, Marquis de la Paillerie, notified his birth to Gen. Brune in the following terms: "My wife has just presented me with a boy, eighteen inches long and weighing ten pounds and a half. If he keeps like that at 25 he will be no pigmy." The father was also a man of great strength, whose feats were renowned in the records of the French army. An engraving of the time, now in the hands of Dumas, Jr., represents him alone on the Brixen bridge holding in check of body of Austrians, killing three, wounding eight, and causing the others to retreat. The Marquis was a mulatto; being one evening at the theater in a box with a lady, a young coxcomb entered, and offered to see her home after the play. "Thanks," said the lady, pointing to the General; "I am with this gentleman." "Indeed," exclaimed the young man, sneering, "I took him for your servant." He had no sooner uttered this piece of impertinence than the General took hold of him by the collar, and, lifting him like a feather, threw him on to the stage.

His grandson, the present academician, is a chip of the old block, of extraordinary physical strength, and most adroit in all athletic exercises, which, as every one knows, does not prevent him from being as witty as his father. Somebody speaking of Alexandre Dumas to his son was saying one day: "After all, your father has sometimes written inferior works, but he never wrote tiresome ones." "It was through selfishness," replied the son, "they would have bored him first."

### Mystery of Exchange.

Most of our readers are aware that the quotation of foreign exchange represents a premium considerably in excess of the actual fact; but we doubt whether all of them know precisely what is the difference. By the usage of bankers, the old Spanish dollar is assumed as the par of exchange, one pound sterling being equal to four and four-ninths of these dollars. In point of fact, however, in the established moneys of Great Britain and the United States, a pound sterling contained as much gold as \$4.87 of United States money; and this is the true par of exchange or rate which must be used in converting the money of one country into that of the other. For instance: if anything costs £100 in Great Britain, its true value expressed in the money of the United States is \$487. Accordingly, it is a fact, familiar to all bankers, that, when exchange is quoted at 109½, there is no real premium, but the true par has been attained, because, if we multiply \$4.44 4-9, which is the nominal par, by 109½, which is then the quoted rate, we get \$4.87, which is the true par. We need scarcely add that it is owing to this circumstance that the exports of gold from the United States are not larger. If there really existed such a heavy premium on bills of exchange, as many persons suppose, it would be immensely profitable to export gold to Great Britain. In point of fact, in view of the necessary expenses of freight, insurance and loss of interest, the margin does not more than cover the risk. The United States half-ounce, it may be added, contains 116 grains of pure gold, equivalent to \$5; the British sovereign, or pound sterling, 113 grains, equivalent to \$4.87 of United States money.—Economist.

THE materialized spirit of Star Eye, an Indian maiden, laid her hands upon Mr. Hannah, in a San Francisco spiritual seance. Mr. Hannah did not take the blessing reverently, but grabbed the spirit hands, yanked with all his might, and not only pulled Star Eye (the medium in disguise) out of the cabinet, but also an assistant who was endeavoring to hold her in.

SIGHTLESS individuals should avoid liquor. It is very easy to get blind drunk.

### MICHIGAN NEWS.

L'ANSE was visited by a slight frost July 17.

AN Ontonagon boy recently picked ten quarts of potato bugs in one day.

M. J. DONAHOE's shingle mill burned to the ground at Ludington a few days ago. Loss, \$8,000; insurance, \$6,000.

THERE are now two new salt wells being bored at Midland, which have reached the depth of 150 and 200 feet.

"WILD mutton" is what they call venison up in the Roscommon region, and it is as plenty as if no Game law was ever enacted.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to the guarantee fund of the Peninsula sangerfest, at Detroit, amount to \$4,000. The expenses of the fest will be \$8,000.

THE thirty-third anniversary of Gen. Scott's entry into the City of Mexico will be observed in Detroit, Sept. 14, by the Michigan veterans.

THE iron-ore shipments from the Upper Peninsula for the season up to July 21 have been 776,062 tons, against 501,005 for the same period last year.

JOHN BURT has leased the Grace furnace, at Marquette, and it will soon be relighted. Under the terms of the lease the Lake Superior Iron Company will make repairs to an amount not exceeding \$35,000.

WHEN Louis Vanderwilt moved from Bay City into the country, more than a year and a half ago, he took his pigeons with him, and the other day the birds took flight to their old home, where Louis found them.

TWO FRESH water eels were caught from one of the docks in front of East Saginaw, a day or two since, and the announcement will create some interest, inasmuch as it has not been heretofore definitely known that eels were indige-neous in Michigan waters.

THE Washington press dispatches stated that Lewellyn Wood, of Michigan, had been appointed Indian Agent at Oteo, Neb., vice R. Gust, resigned. The name was incorrectly given. It should have been Lewellyn E. Wood, of Monroe, Mich. Mr. Woodin was formerly Sheriff of Monroe county.

A FIRE broke out one morning last week in the steam flour mill of J. Jenks & Co., of Sand Beach. The fire was first seen in the third story. Its origin is unknown. The building was totally destroyed, and but a small portion of the contents saved. The loss is \$18,000; insured for \$9,000. The mill will probably be rebuilt at once.

TWO LARGE purchases of pine lands have occurred in Ontonagon county lately. Thomas Nester, of East Saginaw, has purchased the Ward pine lands, consisting of some 9,000 acres, for \$75,000, and Thomas Merrill, of Saginaw, has purchased 4,000 acres of pine lands on the south fork of the West branch of the Ontonagon river.

A FARMER near Jackson has had four acres of strawberry vines destroyed by a species of worm or grub, which, after a short existence as such, metamorphoses into a miller and flies away. This pest, which appears in myriads, attacks and consumes the foliage of the plant, which dies to the very roots and never bears fruit again. The four acres destroyed last year produced 600 bushels of berries.

MISS JENNIE MCGRAW, daughter of the late John McGraw, of Ithica, was married in Berlin, Prussia, to Prof. Willard Fiske, of Cornell University. The ceremony was performed at the residence of A. D. White, Minister to Berlin and President of Cornell. The bride inherited the extensive mill and salt factories built by her father in South Bay City, and is said to be worth \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000. She is building an expensive residence at Ithica.

### School Law.

Following are a few recent official decisions and rulings upon the School law, prepared for the Lansing Republican:

1. Under section 106, general school laws of 1879 (section 115, primary school law), the Librarian of township library is required to distribute the books once in three months to the Directors of the several districts, to be by them loaned to the inhabitants, the Directors being held responsible for the return of the books to the library. In case the Board of Inspectors may think that the convenience or interest of the people will be best subserved by having the books delivered directly to the inhabitants by the township Librarian and not through the Directors, said board may suspend the effect of the section quoted, by authority of section 134, general school laws of 1879, the same being section 4 of act No. 299, laws of 1850.

2. The surplus dog tax must be apportioned among the entire number of children of school age in the township, among all districts lying wholly or partly in such township. In case of a fractional district where the school-house is situated in another township, the money belonging to such district is paid to the Treasurer of that township and by him paid to the district.

3. In addition to the complete census list of a school district which accompanies the annual report of the Director, section 83, General School Laws of 1879, requires the Director of a fractional district shall furnish a statement to the Clerk of each township in which the district is in part situated, showing the number of children in that part of the district lying in such township. When this requirement of law is complied with, there need be no trouble in determining the amount of surplus dog tax to be apportioned to fractional districts.

4. No school district organized under the general laws, other than a graded school district, can change the time of holding its annual meeting from the first Monday in September.

5. A school district organized under the law for the establishment of graded and high schools may change the time of holding its annual meeting from the first Monday in September to the second Monday in July.

6. When a graded school district has once changed the time of holding its annual meeting from the first Monday in September to the second Monday in July, it cannot afterward change back to the first Monday in September, but must continue to hold its annual meetings on the second Monday in July in each year.

You can't make a horse drink. This shows how inferior is the horse to man. You can make a man drink, but can't always make him pay.



SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1880.

## HYPOCRISY IN POLITICS.

The *Grundvet* of this week contains a contribution which takes the democratic party, and especially its platform, to do in general, but especially its protest against the enactment of sumptuary laws, and the editor of the paper mentioned, agrees with the contributor that the protest against sumptuary laws, means a fight against liquor laws, and winds up his coincident (?) agreement with the contributor, asking temperance men how they can uphold a platform which contains such principles.

In the first place "it is none of our funeral," but we shall not begrudge the Republicans all the comfort they can possibly extract from a liquor fight. Time will learn them perhaps, how many German votes they will have to lose by their open advocacy of assuming the right to say what those Germans shall eat or drink, for it virtually means this: If a German votes the Republican ticket, according to the doctrine laid down by the *Grundvet*, then he votes against his beer—against the liberty of purchasing it on holidays as well as other working days. Look at the law enacted at the last session of the Legislature. That was class legislation—nothing else, and we feel safe in predicting that the Republican Legislature (for we don't expect to see any other just yet) will be forced by the ballot-box to repeal it.

It is puritanism in the worst degree, hypocrisy, nonsense, and decidedly un-American to restrict trade because some people misuse the article of trade.

The Germans, and we believe, many Hollanders also, will sustain this view with their ballots.

The editor of the *Grundvet* may think that he is doing a great work for the Republican party by pandering with the fanatic teetotalers, but we think he is losing them from eight to twenty votes in this city.

Where in the civilized world has fanaticism dared to enact such sumptuary laws as has been attempted in different localities in this country?

And now for the hypocrisy of the position.

Some of these same Republicans who will shout themselves hoarse for temperance and a great moral reform, will not alone drink on the sly, but deny the existence of the Diety, and live intemperate in many different ways. Republican or Democrat has nothing to do with fighting against the tendency to any and every kind of fanaticism, and therefore we deem it unbecome to attempt to make political capital out of a question which lives in both the great political parties.

If the *Grundvet* wants to shout for Neal Dow and Garfield at the same time—all right; you are the judge.

If you want to revive the old cry: the Democratic party is the whisky party, because the Irish are so universally known as whisky drinkers, no fair-minded Democrat will deny it. But don't you forget that a large element of the Republican party, viz: the Germans, are professed beer drinkers, and if you want to put the Republican party on record as a prohibition party, you will find yourself without their support.

But such is the hypocrisy in politics!

## THE PRICES FOR GRAIN.

If you read the following you can get some idea of the supply and demand for wheat:

"The Chicago correspondent of *The New York Commercial Bulletin* writes: 'Farmers are in the very midst of spring wheat and the harvesting of oats. The weather is very favorable for cutting and securing the crops. There is a considerable talk among farmers that the oats will not begin to weigh as heavy as last year—caused, it is said, by rust and the intense heat during the first week in July. I have been this week in and among many fields of oats in Illinois; seen them cut and harvested; and I find that the above conjecture is likely to prove true. So far as spring wheat is concerned, we shall have to wait a few days before we can determine definite results.'

*The New York Tribune* says: "The injury to Russian grain crops is unquestionably of serious magnitude, though the published accounts as to the extent of the injury are rendered statistically useless by the blundering use of 'quarters' in several cases when 'bushels' is probably meant. In Germany, and especially in portions of Russia, the injury to the crops appears to be important, but Austro-Hungary has promise of a large yield. In France late advices have promised nearly an average yield, but dispatches received on Saturday mention a severe and extensive storm by which, it is said, much damage was done. The prospect in Great Britain, though better than it was last year, is not yet very clear and bright. On the whole, while it is not by any means certain that the foreign demand will nearly equal the large surplus which this country will have for export, the prospect is considerably better than it was a month ago."

It is thus clear to us that the price of wheat cannot go up, as yet. And, if the European harvests are but as good as they now promise to be, wheat will not go up this fall.

SPEAKING about the demand for lumber, ties, etc., with a dealer recently, we called his attention to an exhibit somewhat like the following: "From the *Railway Age* it is learned that besides the 1,790 miles of track already laid this year, some 8,000 miles are projected on which no work has commenced yet. The number of railway enterprises embracing this mileage is 287. Of course, of the 18,850 miles projected and under construction, less than half will be completed this year, but the figures indicate that the total of new track this year will be eight or ten thousand miles, with a fair prospect of as large a total for 1881." This is what creates the demand for ties and why the demand will remain good at least another year.

New Orleans has neither cellars nor sewers, because the city rests on a substratum of marsh. The gutters have carried off the drainage, or failed to do so according to the frequency of rains. The Sanitariums, a local society for the preservation of health, have now brought a steady flow of water from the river through most of the streets.

## Ladies, Delicate and Feeble.

Those languid, tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its former elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system are relieved at once, while the special cause of periodical pain are permanently removed. Will you heed this? See "Truths."

JOHN Hays, Credit P. O., says: His shoulder was so lame for nine months that he could not raise his hand to his head; but by the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil the pain and lameness disappeared, and although three months has elapsed, he has not had an attack of it since. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

## The best form.

The best form in which electricity is embodied is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, a sovereign and highly sanctioned specific for rheumatic pains, and a thoroughly reliable remedy, all affections of the throat and lungs used externally and internally. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

## Sancho Panza.

"Blessings on the man," exclaimed Sancho Panza, "who invented sleep." Granted, Sancho, is not he who restores peace to aching brows more blessed. Neuralgic and rheumatic sufferers who have obtained permanent relief from Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil ought to and probably do think so. The medicine relieves inflammation, external and internal. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

## The one thing needful.

We may live without poetry, music and art,  
We may live without conscience and live without heart;  
We may live without friends, we may live without books,  
But civilized men cannot live without "corks."  
We may live without work and have freedom from toil,  
But can't cure Rheumatics without Electric Oil.  
Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich.

## Special Notices.

## NOTICE.

Our firm being changed by taking in A. Meyer as partner, all debts to the old company must be settled, we therefore request all those that owe us to come in and settle WITHIN 30 DAYS from date.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO.  
HOLLAND, Mich., July 12, 1880.

## ORGANS! ORGANS!

On account of change in our firm we will offer all our organs, yet on hand, within 30 days at Wholesale Price, be quick, don't lose this bargain.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO.  
HOLLAND, July 12, 1880.

This is the best chance Yet!—41 feet front by 132 feet deep, very close to the Grand Haven railroad depot, can be bought for a small amount, cash down. Cheaper than dirt. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

An immense stock of dry goods to pick from, a large assortment of summer dress goods, hosiery, and notions, can always be found at H. C. Akely & Co., at Grand Haven. 17—tf.

A LARGE stock of Ready Made Clothing can always be found at BRUSSE'S CLOTHING HOUSE, opposite the Grist Mill, on Main street, Zeeland, Mich. 12—tf

## Married.

VAN PUTTEN-VORST—On Wednesday, July 28, at the residence of the bride's parents, in the city of Grand Rapids, Mich., Jacob Van Putten, Jr., to Miss Jennie Vorst, by Rev. C. Vorst, father of the bride.

## New Advertisements.

## THE

## Clarendon Hotel,

formerly called the Rasch House, on the

Cor. Bridge & Canal Street,

is now managed by

MR. EDWARD KILLEAN,

formerly proprietor of the Kirby House, at Grand Haven.

The Clarendon will always be found clean, and the table well supplied with the choicest viands, and served in the kindest manner for lowest possible rates.

Come and see us in our  
New Home.

GRAND RAPIDS, July 20, 1880. 24-3m

## Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa—in Chancery.

Jan Panels, Johannes Dijkema, Jacob Van Putten, Maria Kanters, Maake Plugger an infant under the age of 21 years, by Gerrit Van Schelven her next friend, Elizabeth Oggel and Wilhelmus Kruidenier, complainants.

vs.  
Cornelis Keppel and Jacob R. Scheepers, defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the county of Ottawa, in chancery, made in the above entitled cause, on the twenty-sixth day of May, A. D. 1880. Notice is hereby given that on the **Twenty-third day August, A. D. 1880**, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Grand Haven, I the subscriber, a Circuit Court commissioner in and for said county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises described in said decree, viz: All of that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Holland in the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: all of that part of lot numbered five (5) in block numbered thirty-four (34) in said city, which is bounded on the east side, on the east side and on the north side by the south, east and north lines of said lot, and on the west side by a line running parallel with the east line of said lot and eighteen (18) feet west therefrom, the same being the easting line of the recorded map of said city on record as of the village of Holland in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa county, Michigan.

Dated, the Eighth day of July, A. D. 1880.

AREND VISSCHER,  
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa county, Mich.

P. H. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor.  
22-7w.

## FOR SALE.

A HOUSE and lot, foundry and finishing shop and lot, steam engine, yard and all its appurtenances. Inquire of

W. H. WASHER,  
Grand Rapids, Mich.  
Or Wm. H. DEMING, Holland, Mich. 22-6m

## PROVERBS.

"No one can be sick when the stomach, blood, liver and kidneys are healthy and Hop Bitters keeps them so."

"The greatest nourishing tonic, appetizer, strengthener and curative on earth,—Hop Bitters."

"It is impossible to remain long sick or out of health, where Hop Bitters are used."

"Why do Hop Bitters cure so much? Because they give good digestion, rich blood, and healthy action of all the organs."

"No matter what your feelings or ailment is Hop Bitters will do you good."

"Remember, Hop Bitters never does harm, but good, always and continually."

"Purify the blood, cleanse the stomach and sweeten the breath with Hop Bitters."

"Quiet nerves and balmy sleep in Hop Bitters."

"No health with inactive liver and urinary organs without Hop Bitters."

TRY HOP BITTERS CURE AND PAIN RELIEF.  
For sale by Heber Walsh, Druggist.

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Thomas McDermott and Kate McDermott to Galen Eastman, dated the seventh day of October, 1874, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Ottawa County, Michigan, on the twentieth day of October, 1874, in Liber Z of mortgages, on page 240, by which the power to sell in said mortgage has become operative; which mortgage was assigned by said Galen Eastman to Grover S. Wormer, Henry G. Wormer and Clarkson C. Wormer, by deed of assignment, dated November ninth, 1874, and duly recorded in the Register's office aforesaid on the Eighteenth day of November, 1874, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date hereof the sum of three hundred and five dollars, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to-wit: All that parcel of land situate in the city of Grand Haven described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the quarter post on the north line of section twenty-nine in town eight N. of range sixteen W., thence west, along the said section line of sec. 29, sixteen rods; thence south ten rods; thence east, parallel with said section line, sixteen rods, and thence north ten rods to place of beginning, containing one acre of land, reserving, however, for street purposes two rods in width off the east end and also two rods off the whole length of the north side of said premises, at the front door of the Court House of said Ottawa County, in the city of Grand Haven, on the **Ninth day of August** next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs.

Dated, May Fourteenth, 1880.  
GROVER S. WORMER,  
HENRY G. WORMER,  
CLARKSON C. WORMER,  
Attorneys of Mortgage.  
R. W. DUNCAN, Attorney.  
14-13

## FOR SALE.

A greatly reduced price, 45 feet front on Eighth street, between Cedar and Market. \$800 will buy it. For further information apply to H. DOESBURG.

HOLLAND, March 18, 1880.

## The Literary Revolution.

## Leading Principals of the AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE.

I. Publish only books of real value.  
II. Work upon the basis of present cost of making books, about one half what it was a few years ago.  
III. Sell to buyers direct, and save them 50 to 60 per cent commission commonly allowed to dealers.  
IV. The cost of books when made 10,000 at a time is but a fraction of the cost when made 500 at a time—adopt the low price and sell the large quantity.  
V. Use good type, paper, etc., do careful printing, and strong, neat binding, but avoid all "padding," fat and heavily loaded type, spongy paper and gaudy binding, which are so commonly resorted to to make books appear large and fine, and which greatly add to their cost, but do not add to their value.  
VI. To make \$1 and a friend is better than to make \$5 and an enemy.

## Standard Books.

Library of Universal Knowledge, 20 vols., \$10.  
Milton's *Gibbon's Rome*, 5 vols., \$2.50.  
Macaulay's *History of England*, 3 vols., \$1.50.  
Chambers' *Cyclopedia of Eng. Literature*, 4 vols., \$2.  
Knight's *History of England*, 4 vols., \$3.  
Plutarch's *Lives of Illustrious Men*, 3 vols., \$1.50.  
Geikie's *Life and Words of Christ*, 20 cts.  
Young's *Bible Concordance*, 311,000 references (preparing), \$2.50.  
Acme Library of Biography, 50 cts.  
Book of Fables, *Aesop*, etc., illus., 50 cts.  
Milton's *Complete Poetical Works*, 50 cts.  
Shakespeare's *Complete Works*, 75 cts.  
Works of Dante, translated by Cary, 50 cts.  
Works of Virgil, translated by Dryden, 40 cts.  
The *Koran* of Mohammed, translated by Sale, 35c.  
Adventures of Don Quixote, illus., 50 cts.  
Arabian Nights, illus., 50 cts.  
Bunyan's *Pilgrim's Progress*, illus., 50 cts.  
Robinson Crusoe, illus., 50 cts.  
Munchausen and Gulliver's Travels, illus., 50 cts.  
Stories and Ballads, by E. T. Alden, illus., \$1.

Remit by bank draft, money order, registered letter, or by Express. Fractions of one dollar may be sent in postage stamps. Address

## AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE,

JOHN B. ALDEN, Manager.

13-14w

Tribune Building, New York.

## A Large and Fine

## NEW STOCK

## —OF—

## BOOTS &amp; SHOES

—Just received at—

## E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

## CALL AND SEE US.

E. HEROLD.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880.

## P. &amp; A. Steketee

keeps constantly on hand

## DRESS GOODS

From the 10 cent Shirting up to very nice Cashmeres for 37c, 60c and 75c, variety of colors

Bleached and Unbleached

## COTTONS

at Bottom Prices.

GINGHAMS OF EVERY COLOR.

A fine selection of crepe and other richings, Torchon, Briton and Russian Laces, very nice and cheap.

Embroideries, the largest assortment in the city

CORSETS, FROM 25cts. UPWARDS.

Machine Needles for all kinds Machines.

## GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Is Complete.

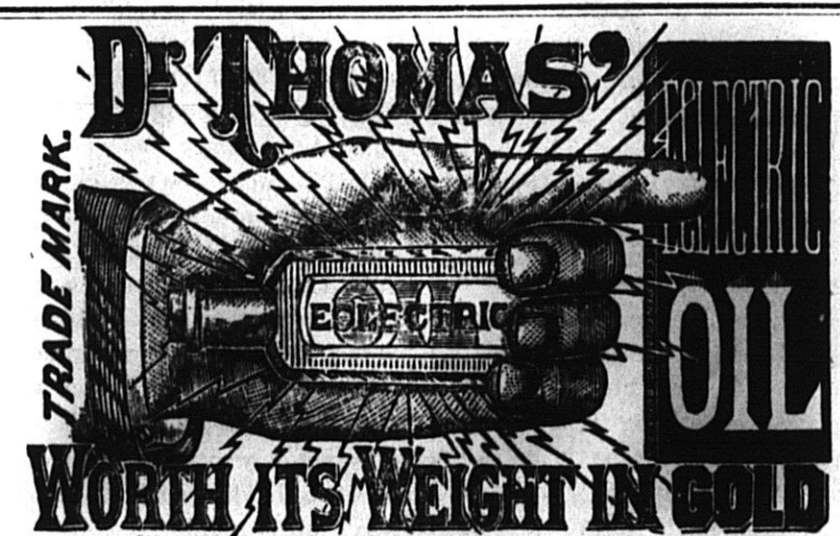
Canned Corn, Tomatoes, Salmon, Pickles, (in bri. or bottle), etc. Coffee very cheap and of the best quality.

We have got a Tea which can't be beat by anybody, at 35 cents per pound, and one at 50 cents per pound.

The best Out Meal kept on hand.

P. & A. STEKETEE.

WANTED 10,000 BUCKEYE BUCKEYES, of which I make Buckeye File Oilment, Warranted to cure Piles. Address with stamp, Dr. J. N. Tabler, St. Louis, Mo.



CURES COLIC IN MAN OR BEAST.

CURES COLIC IN MAN OR BEAST.

CURES ASTHMA, CURES ASTHMA.

CURES CATARRH, CURES CATARRH.

CURES LAMENESS, CURES LAMENESS.

CURES NEURALGIA, CURES NEURALGIA.

CURES PILES, CURES PILES.

SOLD BY D. R. MEENGs.

Go to D. R. MEENGs for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1880. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1880.

## MILLINERY &amp; LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Laces, Embroidery, Ruching,

COLLARS AND CUFFS,

Fans, Parasols, Circulars, Ulsters, and Ready Made Suits, Gloves, Mitts and Warranted Pearl Kid Gloves.

A full line of Crapes, and all kinds of Silk, Black and Colored Brocade and Pekin in Velvet and Silk for Trimmings.

## L. &amp; S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET . . . . . HOLLAND MICH.,



## Notings.

BLACKBERRIES are plenty and cheap.

WHEAT threshing and oats harvesting is engaging the attention of our farmers.

How is it with the Colony Fair? Must everything stand out of the way of politics?

Two nights during the week just closed it was so cold that people looked for frost on the low lands.

We would like to ask our Hollanders: Where in the "old country" could cows run at large through villages and cities?

THE Spring Lake Courier has been moved to Grand Haven, and its owner is now going to publish a straight Democratic paper.

THE Republican Congressional Convention for the Eighth district of Michigan was held at Bay City on Tuesday last, and renominated Roswell G. Horr, by acclamation.

THERE must be a screw loose in the Post-office Department, somewhere. Two papers in succession were lost between this office and the residence of Rev. C. Vorst, in Grand Rapids.

THE latest news from France is glorious! The Republicans have made immense gains in the elections of last week. Both the Clericals and the Monarchists are beaten out of sight. Liberty must win always!

Mr. R. K. Heald has invented, made and patented a new gang plow, which has been tried on two different occasions, and found to be very good and labor saving. The gang-plow is simple in construction, and its advantages are apparent to all. Call at Heald's shop to see it.

ONE of the eye-witnesses informed us that Mr. H. Lucas, of Graafschap, Mich., threshed 91 bushels of wheat in one hour, last week, with his steam thresher. Mr. Lucas is one of the most enterprising and intelligent farmers, and we cannot smother the wish that we would like to see more like him.

THE headquarters of the Western Union Telegraph for this district has been established here, in place of Jackson, Mich., and Mr. F. O. Nye is appointed superintendent. Good for Nye! Evidently his watchword is: "Ever Onward"! And we shall not be very much astonished to see him climb higher and higher.

AT an adjourned meeting of the members of the Third Reformed Church, held on Wednesday evening last, a vote was taken to choose a pastor to extend a call to, from the trio created two weeks ago, and the result was that Rev. J. Kremer, of South Holland, Ill., was elected by a nearly unanimous vote on the first formal ballot. If the First and Third Reformed Churches should be successful in getting what they called for, their pulpits will again be filled by very able men.

SOME of our fruit-tree agents traveling through the townships of Gauges and Casco, in the County of Allegan, noticed a great deal of yellows in the orchards, with very little disposition to do anything about it. This is too bad! Come, Waters, Don, Reid, Bailey and Ryan, wake them up about that. Peaches are worth fighting for—especially in Allegan County. If they let the yellows have their own way, there will not be a solitary peach in the County in three years.

FOR one who likes and loves business, for its importance in life, etc., we can safely point him to one "green spot" in this dull summer, and that is the tannery of Cappon, Bertsch & Co. This mammoth institution, which is now the largest of its kind in the State, must be seen to be fully understood. While taking a stroll to see the improvements lately made, we were very kindly shown around by Mr. J. Nijland, foreman of the beamhouse, and by Messrs. Doyle and Schmid, superintendents of other departments. The vast amount of new vats to make liquor and to cure hides is a sight to see. The new fleshing machine, which is estimated to be able to do the work of five or six men, is a simple and ingenious device, well worthy the eye of a mechanic. The vast amount of bark which is being piled up mountain high on its capacious yard gives you an idea of the many thousands of dollars it takes to run this institution. The railroad freight bills alone would scare an ordinary mortal. In short, this is the main-stay of the City of Holland, as many a father of a family will gladly testify. Unconsciously we think over the past, and recall the time when Mr. I. Cappon commenced tanning on a small scale; then became associated with Mr. John Bertsch, who can both look upon this tremendous manufactory, as a monument of their indefatigable industry and skill. Long may they prosper! and oh, what a town we would have if we had four or five more such large enterprises.

No I Graham, Rye and White bread will be sold from this date for a loaf at JNO. PESSINK.

Mr. Henry Ferry is in town visiting his parents.

GREECE is unfortunate in European diplomatic matters. She is always the fat in the fire.

MR. H. P. Scott, of Colorado Springs, Col., will please except our thanks for late western papers.

JACKSON merchants have been forbidden the use of the sidewalks as places for the display of goods.

How long, oh Cows, how long?—will you continue to gnaw off our choicest shrubbery over the fence and through the fence?

GARFIELD and Hancock both being freemasons, ought to attend the grand masonic demonstration to be held at Chicago on the 17th inst. together.

THE United States land office in the upper peninsula is driven constantly with applications for homesteads, and one week recently seven thousand acres were taken up.

THE Grand Haven News-Journal has turned a little more Greenback lately than it seemed to be a few weeks ago. Perhaps the chance of coming out straight Democratic is now past.

THE dogs are effectually scared out. Now for the cows, then we can take away our front fences and give the pedestrians the benefit of a view on our landscape gardens, parks, etc.

MRS. P. Schravensande and son arrived home safe and sound on Monday last from their trip to the Netherlands. Mrs. H. Wijkhuizen is on her return trip also, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Pauels will start for home in the next steamer.

WHEN the Corry, (Pa.) Press recently suspended publication, it gave the citizens of the place such an overhauling that there was some talk of giving Mr. Fenno, the proprietor, a dose of tar and feathers. The Union City Times asked Mr. Fenno concerning this, and he made answer: "It may be that the people will break into somebody's hen-roost and steal the feathers, but they are too blamed stingy to buy the tar."

THE California vineyards are creeping up the hill-sides, a large proportion of all the vines planted this year in Napa county being on the hills, and this is probably true of other counties where special attention is given to the wine grape. One of the best judges in the state estimates that the grape and raisin crops of 1880 will exceed those of any other year by 50 per cent. He places the wine product at 12,000,000 gallons, with a probability of more rather than less. The phylloxera is only working on small areas.

TRouble or no trouble, the schoolhouse is completed and has been accepted. The building is first-class throughout, and is a beautiful structure. The rooms are ready and fitted up for occupation. The ventilation is simply perfect, likewise the heating arrangement. By adding more seats the capacity can be increased to from 850 to 900 pupils. The children will no doubt enter it with delight, and when grown to men and women, will have to acknowledge that the present citizens of Holland have exerted themselves in their behalf. One would almost regret that his boyhood was not cast into a period when so much is being done for the improvement of school-houses and tuition. It mars the pleasure, however, to think how many have become financial sufferers by the deficiency of money, and it will be a public benefactor who will be able to devise some way by which the odium can be removed.

A DISPATCH dated Michigan City, Aug. 2, says: "During the severe storm Monday the schooners Helen Blood, of Muskegon, and Lucina Simpson, of Manistee, in trying to make the harbor went on the beach. The Blood had a cargo of lumber for Wilson, Martin & Co. She is about eight hundred feet from the west pier, and will probably go to pieces. The Simpson is a fine three-master, and carries 200,000 feet of lumber. She had on 500,000 shingles for J. S. Hopper & Son and 180,000 feet of lumber for Coburn, Jones & Co. She lies about two hundred feet from the pier, and will be badly damaged. All praise is due to the gallant men who volunteered to rescue the crew of the Simpson. The mate of the schooner David Macy, George Crittendon, Luke Stone, and another, whose name was not learned, manned a yawl, and when the sea was rolling mountains high, when it looked like certain death, finally after about an hour caught a line from the Simpson, and then it was short work to get the yawl alongside, when the crew, consisting of the captain, two mates, six men, and cook, all got in the yawl and were soon drawn to and got safely on the pier, when a grand shout of joy went up from thousands of anxious spectators. Capt. Louis Cuthrie, of the Simpson, was severely hurt by being struck across the breast by a large hawser when it parted. The schooner Simpson carried away about one hundred feet of the walk leading to the beacon-light."

Why is flour proportionately higher than wheat in this city?

IN its efforts to establish a scientific frontier, England has got a scientific black eye.

CHICAGO capitalists are figuring on building a large saw-mill at the mouth of Dead river, at Marquette.

IN many towns throughout this State the farmers vote to keep cattle off from the highways. Here they can run at large through the city.

EXCURSIONS to the mouth of Black Lake occur with undiminished frequency from all quarters of the State, to enjoy the cool breezes of Lake Michigan and a ramble over the hills.

MESSRS. Boone & Co., of Groningen, have bought a little steam-tug, which the boys have christened "mud-turtle," to be used by them to tow their logs up and their lumber down the river.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Aug. 5th, 1880: J. H. Rarely, Dr. Maynard, John Kuikos, Joseph Tumbler.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

THE most popular thing on the public tongue is the school house. And no wonder. It smarts and hurts in some places—there is \$3,500 dollars short to pay off—according to the word of one of the contractors.

AT Cadillac, Mich., on Tuesday last the republicans of the Ninth congressional district held their convention. Considerable opposition to Hubbell's renomination was manifested, but after three informal ballots, in each of which Mr. Hubbell had a clear majority, the kickers succumbed, and Mr. Hubbell was renominated by acclamation.

THE following item will give you an idea why Canadians are so envious of American prosperity, and why Canada remains so insignificant in comparison: "The United States consul at Port Sarnia says business depression in Canada would seem to result in an exodus of some of her best citizens. Emigrants who crossed over at that point alone during the year ended June 30, 1880, and who declared their intentions of becoming permanent residents of the United States, numbered 77,059."

THE Republican State Convention met at Jackson on Thursday last. On the first ballot for governor Stockbridge, Palmer, Jerome, Rich and Beal each had between 100 and 110 votes; Gorham between 80 and 90.

Balloting continued till the tenth ballot, when Jerome was nominated, receiving 318 votes to 238 for Rich. The convention then adjourned till 9 in the evening.

THE following is the balance of the ticket: Lieutenant governor, Moreau S. Crosby, Grand Rapids; secretary of state, Wm. Jenny; treasurer, Benj. D. Pritchard; auditor general, W. J. Latimer; commissioner of land office, Jas. M. Nesmith; board of education, Edgar Rexford; superintendent public institutions, G. Gower; attorney general, G. D. Van Riper.

### GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

THE propeller Emma Thompson has arrived here, and her machinery is being taken out of her to be placed into the new propeller building at Robertson's shipyard.

MR. Hy. Potts has moved the Ottawa Courier down here. Hy says his paper will be the only straight Democratic paper in the county, and his friends wish him to make it a success, both politically and financially.

THE German picnic was held according to program, although there were not half as many strangers here as had been expected. Everything passed off pleasant until towards evening, when a lot of roughs got in and tried to make a disturbance, but were promptly squelched.

WE have had three small fires so far this week, and who knows how many more we will have before the week expires, which were put out, however, without calling out the Fire Department. Two of the fires were traced directly to sparks from tugs and mills. The Harbor ordinance provides that all steam crafts shall carry spark-catchers, but our city authorities seem to care more to see to the enforcement of the dog-muzzling ordinance than to prevent a conflagration in the city.

THE U. S. Steamer Michigan, Capt. Haywood, arrived here on Sunday afternoon last, on recruiting service. Several boys are said to have enlisted already, and it is to be hoped that a good many more will embrace the opportunity to serve their country. Capt. Murphy, the pilot, informed us that he had assisted to fit her out, when she was first accepted in the U. S. service, in 1845, and that he had served in her for 17 years. The "Michigan," the only U. S. war vessel on the lakes, is an iron sidewheel steamer of 450 tons register, 8 guns, 3-masts, and carries a crew of 115 officers and men. Her headquarters are at Erie, Pa.

## G. S. Deane & Son,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

## AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

AND MACHINERY.

Warehouse, corner of Canal and Bridge Streets, Foundry and Works, Mill Street,

Grand Rapids, Michigan.

G. S. Deane & Co's Steel Plow, is one of the best and most popular plows in the market. This plow has two kinds of pointers, also Steel Coulters.

Deane's new patent Gauge wheel for plows and cultivators is a novelty. One of this kind of wheels will last longer than six of any kind now in use. It keeps dirt from the axle, and can be oiled same as a buggy wheel.

Cor. Canal & Bridge Strs.

G. S. DEANE & SON.

GRAND RAPIDS, July 22, 1880. 24-3m

Telford, Goodrich & Co.

Manufacturers of

S:O:A:P:S

AND

## Baking Powders

And Wholesale Dealers in SPICES, WOODEN WARE, etc.

22 South Division St.

GRAND RAPIDS MICH.

Derrick's Baking Powder is the most popular article used at present. If you have not tried it, then go and ask your grocer for it. 80-6m.

## Joslin & Breyman,



Watchmakers & Jewelers,

DEALERS IN

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry & Fancy Goods.



ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.

HOLLAND, March 24, 1880. 6-1y.

### FOR SALE.

THE following described Lots in the City of Holland, I will sell at the following prices: Lot 9, Block F, Lot 6, Block G, West Addition \$175 each; Lot 18, Block 8, Lot 6, Block 11, South West Addition \$175 each. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6 in Block 25, as organized plat near the A. L. S. depot at \$325 each, except Lots 1 & 2 which are \$300 each. Also Lots West of First Avenue at \$125 each. The above will be sold for a small payment down. Also the following Lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, in Block E. Lots 2, 4, 5, and 6 in Block H. The above will be sold on long credit and small payments down. Apply to, M. D. HOWARD.

### TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success. Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars. Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., Nos. 104 and 106 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y. Sold in Holland by D. R. MEENES. 51-1y.



## PHENIX Planing Mill

In rebuilding our new shop we have purchased entirely new

Machinery of the most Approved Patterns,

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

OR

Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN

AND THE

DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALTY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line manufactured on short notice. 38-1y WERKMAN & VAN ARK.

## JUST RECEIVED

—at the store of—

## G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

The best kinds of OVERALLS strong enough to stand the hardest test.

—A large line of—

Dress Goods, Trimming Silks and a full line of EMBROIDERIES.

Ladies' & Gents. Hosiery, Genuine British Hose, Etc.

TRIMMING SILKS IN ALL COLORS.

A full line of Cashmeres and Table Linens

OUR STOCK OF GENERAL DRY GOODS IS LARGE.

A fine line of Notions.

A full line of the choicest

GROCERIES

A GREAT VARIETY OF HATS.

CALL SOON AND GET THE FIRST CHOICE

G. Van Putten & Sons.

HOLLAND, April 24th, 1880.

### FIRST WARD

## DRUG STORE,

Three doors East of Kruisenga's Store.

## Dr. R. A. Schouten,

PROPRIETOR.

This new store will keep a full supply of the best and finest

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Article, Cigars,

Writing Material, Snuff,

And the finest assortment of

Wines & Liquors,

(for Medicinal use only.)

PAINTS AND OILS,

And almost everything else belonging in a well stocked drug store.

The above firm are the manufacturers of DR. SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS

AND

Compound Syrup of Rhubarb.

Prescriptions carefully compound at all hours, day or night. 36-1y

## J. R. KLEYN

Dealer in

HARDWARE, BAR IRON,

Glass, Paints, Oils.

Brushes, Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Drain Tile, Fence Wire,

Pumps, Albastine, Packing,

Steam Fittings, etc.,

WOODEN AND IRON PUMP TOPS

for drive wells and pipe always on hand.

WRINGER ROLLS REPAIRED.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 20, 1880. 15 3m

## Again in Business.

The undersigned has again opened a store of general merchandise, on the corner of

Eighth and River Streets,

where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many new ones as may deem it to their advantage to deal with him.

The stock of goods offered for sale consists of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Provisions, Etc.,

Country Produce, Butter and Eggs, Etc., Etc.,

Taken in Exchange.

Call and See for Yourself.

J. Duursema.

HOLLAND, April 17, 1880. 10-

## MEAT MARKET

—IN THE—

## FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that they have finished their new Meat Market, and are now ready to supply their customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing they feel confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor them with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Hawckate & Son's Hardware Store.

W. BUTKAU,

J. VAN ZOEREN.

HOLLAND, July 14, 1878.



## A SUMMER SHOWER.

BY HATTIE E. CRESSY.

What can be more reviving,  
On a sultry August day,  
Than a quiet little shower,  
And the scent of new-mown hay?

How the laborer's spirits brighten,  
And he whets his scythe anew,  
Telling with renewed vigor,  
When the blessed shower is through.

Forth goes the whistling boy  
To turn the dripping spout,  
No fear of further showers—  
The wind is from the north.

The water stands in pools  
Along the muddy street,  
The schoolboy wades it through,  
With bare and tawny feet.

The trout are clearly seen  
In the limpid meadow brook,  
And the cunning angler's bait  
Deceys them to his hook.

The flowers look up and smile,  
And the fields of waving grain  
Look hither for the harvest  
After the glorious rain.

The birds trill little snatches  
From their songs of early June;  
The bees swarm round the clover,  
Buzzing a drowsy tune.

But the trickles, those foretellers  
Of the summer's coming doom,  
Set up their doleful music  
In a corner of the room.

One listens, those foretellers  
And feels a twinge of pain,  
Then dispels his saddened feelings,  
Thinking of the summer rain.

TTSFIELD, MASS.

## ONE YEAR OF A GIRL'S LIFE.

"Let's leave this room just as it is, mamma. See, isn't it quaint? Jeanie, do look at this head of Beatrice and the frame—how elegant! This certainly must have been some girl's room."

Ethel Adams went prying curiously about the room as she spoke. It was a most unique and strange apartment, which seemed to have been hidden away from view for years, perhaps. Many things had been removed, but the window-hangings were still left—a massive walnut chair, a stool of embossed velvet, and many trinkets that make a room cozy and homelike as well as elegant. At one side was a mantel of stained marble, and above this hung that wonderful picture of which Ethel had spoken. The sad, mournful eyes seemed to plead for the absent owner of that room and to beg for the old silence and oblivion.

"Jeanie, I forgot to show you what I found, yesterday night, in this room, in the bottom of that bronze vase. I happened to tip the vase over, and this fell out. Edwin Dale was here at the time. See, it is set in garnets; isn't it a lovely face? I can't make out the engraving, only the last name, 'Kent,' and two letters, 's-e.'"

"A proud face, truly, and not one of a peasant's daughter," said Mrs. Adams, who was assisting the girls in deciding which rooms should be furnished for the summer.

The three bent their heads together scrutinizing the small, olive face in its setting of gems.

"Kent, Kent, did you say, my dear? It seems I remember something about that name. We'll ask your father about it to-night."

"Oh, girls, is mamma up there?" called a voice from the foot of the stairs.

"Yes; come and see what I found."

"I want you all out on the west veranda. I've something to show you. Bring along your discovery, and we'll set up a curiosity shop," replied the voice below.

The group settled themselves in rustic chairs or reclined in swinging hammocks. The venerable and dignified Horatio Adams came down from his dusty office and joined the family, pushing his golden spectacles to the top of his forehead, and passing his fingers through the obstinate-curling white hair.

"Just see, papa and Owen, what I found! And all the group bent together over the face that looked out at them so saucily, so defiantly, as though half angry at being inspected. 'Kent' is engraved on the back, and two other letters—part of a name, I think—'es.' See, there it is."

"I declare," said Horatio, drawing his chair closer to the rest of the party. "Can it be possible? Why, wife, you remember the Kents, don't you? This old mansion has been known as Castle Kent for a century, at least. It still belongs to some unknown heir—a Miss—Miss—let me see," running his fingers through and through his hair, grasping handfuls, as though the half-forgotten knowledge might be lurking among the thick clusters. "Miss Agnes Louise Kent—that's the name—only heir of Sir Gregory and Isabella Kent. I read an account of it not half a dozen days ago. The property amounts to something near three millions of money. A valuable estate, indeed—a moneyed estate. Quite a fortune—aye, in fact, a princely fortune."

Owen Adams gave a long, incredulous, though appreciative, whistle, at which the two girls exchanged knowing glances.

"What have you there, Owen?" questioned Ethel, the inquisitive.

"I hardly know myself. It's strange I should have forgotten it for so long," replied Owen Adams, the polished and elegant, fresh from the society of the elite of Paris and the continent. A purely English face, with its added charm of true refinement. He unlocked an ebony writing-desk, and took from it a small, handsomely-bound book. It was slightly discolored as though at some time it had been wet in some way. The back was of ivory, inlaid with panes of mother-of-pearl. The lids were clasped with a single flower, mounted in gold. The whole was charmingly unique and beautiful. They all examined it closely while Owen told its history.

Passing through a street in Paris infected with an epidemic, he espied this book lying under the projecting slab of a stone step. He picked it up, but, not daring to enter the house or even to knock, he hastily slipped it into his pocket, thinking he'd advertise it the next morning. On reaching his hotel,

he found the telegram calling him home, and, as the time was short, he threw this into his writing-desk and had never once remembered it until this afternoon.

"I think it must have fallen from a window, or else been dropped in, carrying out other goods; for, see, a part of this spray has been broken," said Owen. Ethel, no longer able to restrain her curiosity, took the book into her hands and unclasped it.

"It's a girl's diary, as sure as I live!" she exclaimed, throwing up her hand, and pointing the front finger at the others—a fashion she had when deeply interested or excited—all the while running her eyes rapidly over the page.

"Read it aloud, Eth," spoke Jean, raising herself from her lazy position in the hammock. It took a great deal to excite her, for she was of that sluggish, luxurious temperament that little heeded mere passing excitements.

"Just listen," and Edith reads from the book:

ENGLAND, THURSDAY, Oct. 6, 18—As this is my last year at school, I shall keep a diary of any important events that may happen to me. I don't know what to say, as nothing has happened since my last visit to London. I don't believe I shall like this new business very much. But, as Cousin Rob says, "The practiced man maketh the perfect man." I wish I were a man; no! I don't either, for men are generally mean, and selfish, and cruel. I only know two men I really like—one is Cousin Rob, and the other Prof. Huntington. I despise the rest.

"He, Monsieur Owen!" interrupted Jean.

If folks should read this book of mine they'd think it funny I didn't include that individual calling himself pater familias in my list of admired masculines, but I class him with all the abominable lot—and why? Louise Kent knows why.

"Heavens! Eth, is that name there, or are you fooling us?" asked Owen, coming up, and looking excitedly over her shoulder. All the group gathered round the girl to satisfy themselves that the reader had not played a joke on them. But Ethel's face told plainly that the revelation was as shocking to herself as to the others. Her excitable nature displayed itself in the short, tremulous breath and flushed cheek, as she pronounced the name, "Louise Kent."

"Marvelous coincidence," ejaculated the family scribe.

"I fear it is some omen of evil," responded the slightly superstitious wife, who had learned from her Scottish grandams the fostered stories of witch and fairy.

"I remember now," continued Horatio Adams, "hearing once that there was some mystery in the family. Sir Gregory was killed almost instantly while on some wild expedition. He kept blooded horses and raced a great deal, I think."

"Read on, Ethel," spoke up the interested Jean; "see if she's the girl."

Ethel reads:  
I guess I'll tear this leaf out and begin again, for mother might find it and then she'd cry, poor darling, and I'd feel awful. Mother is such a lady. Why did she marry that fox? I'm in a dark mood to-night, so I'll hide you away, little diary, and wait until some brighter day.

SUNDAY, Nov. 6.—It is another dark, damp day. I hate gloomy days. This old house, with its forest of trees everywhere, making such mournful sounds, seems like a prison. I'm sorry I wounded Prof. Huntington's feelings to-day. I'm always stumbling into somebody's tender feelings. I guess I am a serious mistake, as he whom I so hate has so often told me, I can see his steady eyes before me continually. Sometimes I wish he would never come home again.

I wish to goodness I could be like other girls or like my mother. I don't want to be a lamb, nor a bird, but I do hate to be a porcupine, so full of hateful stings I don't dare to be touched. I believe I'll write me out some resolutions and try to live to them:

Whereas, I, Louise Kent, or, rather, Agnes Louise Kent—

"The same girl, as I live!" exclaimed Owen.

"The very same; heir, sole heir, to \$3,000,000 of money, a most magnificent estate," chimed in the father.

"I wonder if she's alive yet," said Jean.

"I feel awfully guilty at reading this book. It just seems I'm doing some mean, sneaking thing. Here, you read awhile, Owen," said the conscientious Ethel, laying the book on her brother's arm, and throwing herself back, as if half exhausted.

"We had best find out, if possible, if this is the true heir. Such an estate, so valuable and so extensive, ought not to get into anyone's hands on a mere pretense," remarked Horatio.

Owen reads:

Whereas, I, Louise Kent, or, rather, Agnes Louise Kent, am given to always doing those things I do most earnestly desire not to do, and ever leaving undone those things I desire most to do, and as I wish to correct—

"Here a blank has been left for two or three pages," said Owen, turning the leaves to another date.

SUNDAY, Jan. 8.—How the time has flown since I last wrote! Ah, me! it seems like ten years. Something dreadful has happened in our family. It makes my blood run cold to think of it now. But I believe I have no human heart when I think of him. How he has cursed us all. But when they carried him in, all mangled and bleeding, with his wild eyes staring at us with such a glassy stare, I did pity him. Yes, I almost forgave him. And to see mother, poor, dear, broken-hearted mother, after all he has done for her; after all the desolation he brought to her; to see her take his face in her hands and bend over him, whispering "my husband" as tenderly as though that same face, with its leers and taunts, had not crushed all the glad, joyous life out of her. Oh, it was all so dreadful! I wonder if God forgave him at the last. I'm glad I'm not God to judge men. I couldn't cry; even when I stood and looked into that cold, still face I could only say to myself that those close, white lips were never again to utter words that would sting me almost to madness. I could not shed a tear, even when I saw them bury him away forever. I felt only a deep sense of freedom. But my poor, dear mother; I must support her tenderly with all the strength I possess.

FRIDAY, Feb. 5.—I have given up my school, and shall do all I can for mother. She is drooping and failing every day. I must do something to brighten her life. She is my all! How I love her! All the love and devotion I might have given two are centered in my mother. I am changing. I can see it in myself. The careless, defiant Louise Kent is now a sober, almost a somber, woman. How circumstances

change us. To-day I was 20. Twenty! I cannot realize it. Just one year ago to-night brother Mark and I rowed up the lake to see the old town by moonlight. How distinctly I remember the lonesome screech of the owl, and how cold and spectral he looked, outlined against the sky. As we dipped our oars silently along under a willow, a nightingale, startled by our gliding boat, sang out a long, wild, wailing song, as if his heart were breaking. I remember Mark sat so quietly as we came along, and I noticed as the moonlight fell across his face there was on it an unspeakable look of pain and sadness. As he lifted me from the boat, he bent so tenderly and kissed my hand, saying: "Your birthday kiss, Louie; recall this boat-ride, and the owl, the tower, and the nightingale when this day returns again. I shall be far away, but I shall remember you." Oh, my darling brother! come back to your lonesome sister. Little did you dream that as far as earth is from heaven would you be separated from me to-night.

Here Owen coughed and curled his mustache; Jean had turned her face away; impulsive Ethel was sobbing, with her hands and face buried in her mother's lap; Mrs. Adams sighed sympathetically, and toyed caressingly with Ethel's brown curls; Horatio Adams leaned back in his chair, rubbing the eyes of his glasses most vigorously. After a moment of silence, in which no one spoke because the feeling was mutual, Owen read on:

The noble boy! Why was it all his bright dreams and ours must lie broken in one short year? Why must he lie like a shattered shaft that was so beautiful, so fair, so shining? With his proud intellect that had flashed out before the world like a spotless saber. Sometimes when I think of the dear boy's death, and of all his hard fate and mine, I grow bitter against God, and man, and nature, and everything. In my insanity I clench my hands and shake them in the very face of heaven.

Can I be forgiven?

Crave I forgiveness?

THURSDAY, April 1.—Mother grows frailer. Sometimes I pray that she may be mine yet a little longer. She clings to me so tenaciously, depending on me in all things. The estate is settled. Everything is mother's and mine—even this prison-house. Cousin Rob writes me that our apartments in Paris are awaiting us. I think I shall have mother removed before the warm days come on. I do not know whether I shall like Cousin Rob's new wife or not. Some way the Spanish women were always repulsive to me, but I have decided to receive her as gracefully as possible. Is it miserably selfish in me to wish that Cousin Rob had never married?

TUESDAY, June 11.—We are in Paris. I think mother has improved. Whom shall I meet to-day but dear Prof. Huntington? I came near making myself foolish, but it was so like meeting something infinitely dear to one. He is so silent, so sober, so gentle, so gallant. His face seems to tell me of some history. I wonder what it is. I wonder if he has carried some secret in his heart until it has turned to stone, like mine? He is the same lone man.

WEDNESDAY, July 3.—Last night mother slept but little. I feel she is slowly slipping from me. She has been telling me to-day of the happy days of her girlhood when her proud old father, Lord Autly—

"Autly, did you say, my son?" asked Horatio Adams, starting from his seat like one half wild. All the group involuntarily started to their feet.

"Lord Autly," repeated Owen.

"That was my grandfather's name. Autly, Autly—yes, that's it, my mother's father. He had seven sons, one married a peasant's daughter and grandfather disinherited him. But I have heard that he was a shrewd fellow and became rich, enormously rich, in fact he owned a manor. He must be the one. Read on, my son, read on."

Owen continues:

How her father, Lord Autly, taught her to ride to the chase, and play at back-gammon, his favorite game. Then she told me of her betrothal to young Sir Gregory Kent, the dashing English heir, and of her great love for the poor peasant, Lea McHunt, for which my father never forgave her, neither did he fail to recall it though she has been to him all these years a loyal, tender, forbearing wife, never even allowing this old love a place in her memory. She told it to me to-day for the first time. Then she sank back on her pillow and closed her eyes, lying there so pale and silent I put my hand on her heart to see if it was throbbing. I firmly believe these years of silence, of waiting, of enduring, of persistently burying the past, have almost taken the spirit out of its frail vessel of clay. Prof. Huntington came to see us to-day. As he left, he asked me to drive out with him again to-morrow. If mother is strong enough to be left alone, I may go for a short time. I feel I must be near her every moment.

MONDAY, Aug. 5.—Last night we sat together, two friends, kind and tender the ties that bind us. But how widely different our lives! His I knew but briefly. It was a lonely, lost life. A bitterness and a pain had entered it, a depth of sadness fathomed by no human creature. Yet, above it all, he smiles and puts back the hatefulness of many and soothes those about him with the winsome winning of his spirit. Why can I not love this man who has told me so passionately of his long, patient waiting for my love? He fulfills my highest ideals of manliness and manhood. Why is there no answering note to this pleading cry? Has my heart become granite that it is so icy still; so shut away and barred from human love? We sat alone—all alone as the darkness of the night settled down over Paris. It was that time of oppressive silence after one has been asked a question one dares not answer with loyalty to truth. The muteness seeming fittest, we sat in silence. Down in the busy street below us we watched together the passing panorama. Some boys played hide-and-seek among the trees and boxes; two lovers passed slowly by; an old man bent under his burden of years plodded home from his hard day's work with to-morrow's bread; two sober, thoughtful business men met, stopped, settled some point in daily work, wrung each other's hands and passed on, each to his own way; a carriage drove slowly up just across the way, and a short, white coffin was brought out and stowed away as though it already contained the spectral form of some mother's dead baby; a wood sawyer with his wife and dirty children came out of an alley and stole noiselessly down a narrow street. Some guards in uniform came tramping down the street with measured tread at the shouts of their Captain. On, on, they all swept, the multitude, the unthinking throng, each with his own burden, his own secret inner self a mystery still. We had noted all unconsciously almost. His eyes met mine. We were asking of each other the same question. He arose quickly, saying, "It grows late, I will see you to-morrow," and was gone.

SATURDAY, Sept. 12.—I must write but a word. My dear mother has been attacked by an epidemic fever. I greatly fear for her. I must be strong to meet anything. Prof. Huntington is entering in his attentions.

TUESDAY, Oct. 6.—Mother is still very low. My head reels. My pulses throb so violently. I am almost beside myself. It is only because of the constant watching and care. I'll be better to-morrow. It is one year to-night since I wrote first in this little book. Oh life! Prof. Huntington has been smitten with the fever. I cannot write more to-night. What next shall I write, I wonder, and when, and where?

Owen Adams tossed the book into his mother's lap, and passed his hand over

his eyes, for the strain of steady reading made them painful.

"Elegant!" Jean remarked, less languidly than was her usual wont. "That's as good as a novel, Eth. Let's have it published."

"Jean Adams, how could you!" reproachfully answered Ethel.

"Husband, I think you'd best advertise this book, had you not?"

"Yes, yes," answered Horatio Adams, rising and pacing back and forth with his hands behind him, "Yes, I'll attend to that to-morrow. Too valuable an estate to be lost to its owner. If the girl is dead, as may be possible, then I think the Sutleys fall joint heirs. Yes, yes," half soliloquizingly. "What's the last date? Oct. 6? Why, let me see, that's something over three months."

"Owen, we must see to this matter to-morrow."

Owen gives another prolonged whistle, and asks Jean for the picture set in garnets. Supper is announced. Louise Kent is discussed. The book is advertised, and all wait patiently, or impatiently, as the case may be, for some response.

And so, dear reader, must we.—  
Chicago Ledger.

## Uses of Cork.

The lightness of cork makes it superior to all other substances for life preservers, for insuring the buoyancy of life-boats. It is also employed as buoys to float nets, and in making waterproof shoes. It has also been converted into and used as gun wadding.

Cork, as is well known, is a non-conductor of heat, and is porous. These peculiarities have been taken advantage of in the manufacture of water-coolers, which are much used in Spain. They are made of slabs of the wood, bent round circular heads of the same, and bound with hoops. The porosity of the cork allows the water to percolate slowly to the surface, and there to cool in evaporating, while its non-conducting nature prevents the heat of the sun warming the water within.

About thirty years ago an ingenious Frenchman introduced mattresses and cushions in which cork, reduced to dust or shavings, was a substitute for feathers, hair or wool. It might be used alone or combined with the above-mentioned materials. It was claimed that these would make easy beds, smooth, light, and elastic, and especially well adapted for use at sea, where, in cases of emergency, they might be available as life-preservers. But it is evident that cork mattresses did not become popular. A variety of walking sticks are manufactured from young cork trees in Africa, and Spanish black, a superior pigment, is made of calcined cork.

## The Pride of a Child.

A St. Louis paper tells a touching story of school life. It illustrates both the longing of the children to appear as well as their schoolmates, and the mental sufferings incident to poverty. In one of the St. Louis public schools many of the children who came from a distance were accustomed to bring a lunch, and thus save a long walk home for dinner. They generally ate it together and had a merry time.

Among those who stopped, one of the teachers noticed a little girl who never brought any lunch, but looked wistfully at her playmates as they were eating the noon meal. But one day the girl brought her bundle also, wrapped in paper. At noon she did not go with the others, but remained at her desk, as if preferring to eat alone.

The teacher, thinking her unsocial, advised her to go to the lunch-room with her playmates, and walked toward the desk to take her bundle. But the little girl, bursting into sobs, said:

"Don't touch it, teacher; and oh, teacher, don't tell, please. It's only blocks."

The poor girl had no dinner to bring, but wished to keep up "appearances," so as not to seem unlike her schoolmates. And she was one of the best scholars in the school. She was very dear to the teacher's heart after that incident.

## Employ Good Teachers.

Don't try to get "something for nothing." It can't be done.

Good things command a price in this world. If you are a farmer and your wheat is ripe, it commands an extra price.

If you have superior stock it commands an extra price.

If you are a good School Director and you get a good teacher, he is worth more than a common "school-keeper." Pay them enough to secure the best talent, and to enable them to improve themselves as well as the children.

So, too, of school supplies. Buy the best. They are the most durable, and in the end the cheapest, though they cost a trifle more to start with. In other words, don't try to get something for nothing, simply because you occupy a public position.—*American Journal of Education.*

## Something the Matter with Him.

A leading officer in one of the courts was charged with never going to bed sober. Of course he indignantly denied the soft impeachment; and he gave the particulars of a particular night in proof. We quote his own words: Soon after I got in bed, my wife said: "Why, husband, what's the matter with you? You act so strangely!" "There's nothing the matter with me," said I. "I'm sure there is," said she; "you don't act natural at all. Shant I get up and get something for you?" And she got up, lighted the candle, and came to the bedside to look at me, shading the light with one hand. "I knew there was something strange about you," said she. "Why, you are sober!" Such testimony was considered reliable, and the man now enjoys his new-found reputation.

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### A Horrible Story of Frenzied Anger and Death.

The horrible tragedy enacted in Lyons, N. Y., conveys several morals which people would do well to study. It seems that one Solomon H. Easterly, a farmer of that place, was wrought up to such a pitch of frenzy by the high temper and quarrelsome disposition of his wife and her mother that he slaughtered them both with an ax as a butcher would a bullock, then harnessed up his horse, and drove to a convenient spot on the banks of the Canandaigua outlet, where he completed the hideous drama by drowning himself. It is said that the chief cause of the differences between the couple arose from the intervention of the mother-in-law. Every time she visited her daughter trouble arose between the man and his wife.

Much has been said of mothers-in-law, and the trouble they produce in the families of their children, when, from necessity or choice, they take up their residence there. They should learn that, when they leave their own homes to abide with their children, they at the same time abdicate the scepter of domestic government, and that, instead of coming into the dwelling as a ruler, they are there only as guests. We can readily imagine that "when the gray mare is the better horse"—as is the homely phrase where the wife usurps authority and arrogates to herself arbitrary power over the household and its surroundings—if she be aided, abetted and re-enforced by a mother, it is not in human nature for the hen-pecked husband to submit without a struggle. If Mrs. Easterly had carefully studied the scriptures (especially Proverbs xiv. 1), she would have known that the mother who deliberately instigated discord between her husband and her was no true friend.

But the actors in this terrible drama have passed beyond human jurisdiction, and only the lesson remains that, "As coals are to burning coals and wood to fire, so is a contentious man to kindle strife." (Proverbs, xxvi. 21.) It is never wise to enter into a discussion with any one who is afflicted with the infirmities of temper, and, as this unhappy family were all so constituted, it would have been far better had Mrs. Geer made her visits to the Easterly mansion few and far between. By her inability to keep from meddling with the affairs of her married children, three lives have been sacrificed, while the orphaned children have had their young lives blighted by the ungovernable passion and the dreadful crimes of their exasperated and maddened parent.—*Albany Evening Times.*

### Curing Snake-Bites.

Dr. Upshaur, of Carrollton, Miss., writes to the editor of the local paper:

I saw a statement in your paper in regard to the use of ammonia as a cure for snake-bite. I desire to add my testimony. I have practiced eight years in the Yazoo swamps. I have attended many cases of snake-bite, both of rattlesnakes and moccasins. My treatment has invariably been to cut down freely with a bistoury, dilating the orifices made by the two fangs. After permitting a reasonable amount of bleeding, I stuff into the wounds the dry salt of carbonate of ammonia. At the same time I give a tolerably strong solution of the same internally, say five or eight grains every fifteen minutes, until a drachm has been taken (less, if sufficient). Upon dissolving, the ammonia is rapidly communicated to the blood, and through it to the tissues previously visited by the poison. The latter, as is the case with all animal poisons, being of an acid reaction, the powerful alkali, on overtaking it, instantly neutralizes it, destroying its specific properties. I rely upon this treatment always, and I have never had any trouble with such cases. The whisky treatment is adjunct only, and I attach but little importance to it.

### The First Life-Boat.

The first life-boat of which there is any record was designed in 1784 by a Mr. Lukin, a coach-builder in London, and, strange to say, a native of an inland town. He chiefly aimed at making an *unsinkable* boat, or, as he termed it, an "unimmergible" boat. This he accomplished by attaching a considerable amount of cork outside the boat above water, and by constructing inside the boat a series of water-tight spaces or compartments. The volume to which water could find access, if the sea broke over the boat, was thus reduced considerably, and the buoyancy of the cork belt helped to keep the boat afloat if she were thus swamped. An iron keel was fitted to increase the stability. The plan of construction was sound so far as it went, although for inferior to that now adopted, and it is a matter of regret that only one boat on Lukin's plan was placed on the coast.

### Hereditary Depravity.

There is a family in Neversink, N. Y., whose history would go to show that depravity was hereditary so far as its members are concerned. A woman 81 years of age is living apart from her husband, who makes his home with another woman in another country. One daughter has an illegitimate son, another daughter is married to a man who has been in jail for assault and battery, a daughter of the latter is in jail for theft, and her husband is a tramp. The old woman has a son who has been in an insane asylum and the poor-house. Another married daughter is a woman of dissolute habits and has a son of weak intellect. None of the family can read or write.

The most troublesome and dangerous effects sometimes arise from the slightest cause, and often the Baby's serious sickness could be prevented by promptly using Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup at the beginning. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

### Under a Blanket.

A queer law-suit has just been brought before the magistrate of this city. Mr. McNick had a house for sale, and, when Mr. Pallinger called to negotiate, Mr. McNick said:

"This is the best house in town, sir; every convenience, and the most pleasant place in the world. You know that the weather recently has been exceedingly warm."

"Yes," said Mr. Pallinger, wiping the perspiration from his face.

"Well, sir, the hottest night this year I slept under a thick blanket. The only way I can account for this is that the air, while whizzing round the angles of this peculiar locality, gets cool. Striking the fence over there, it whizzes into this room and cools everything."

"How about the air in winter?" asked Mr. Pallinger.

"Why, sir, it is simply charming. It creeps along the fence till it gets warm. You know that along a fence is the warmest place in the winter. Well, the air creeps along the fence, bumps against that post over there, turns, and comes into the house. One night last winter I had to sleep without any cover over me, and in the morning when I got up I found that a man in the next house had frozen to death."

"You say, Mr. McNick, that I'll have to sleep under a blanket?"

"Yes, sir."

"I'll buy the house and pay cash for it, and to-night if I don't sleep under a blanket I shall demand my money and keep the house."

"All right, sir, you'll sleep under a blanket. I'll be around early in the morning."

Mr. Pallinger took possession. When he went to bed, Mrs. Pallinger remarked, "John, you told me this was a cool house; why, I believe I'll melt." Pallinger threw open the door and perspired. Next morning McNick called around. "Give me my money!" demanded Pallinger. "It's the hottest house in town. My land! it got so hot that, if I had been suddenly transferred to the interior of a cook-stove, I would have taken cold."

"Hold on! I said that you would sleep under a blanket."

"Yes, and I didn't."

"Come here," said McNick; and he conducted Pallinger to the roof of the house; directly over the bed, and showed him a blanket, held down by four bricks. As Pallinger had slept under the blanket, McNick refused to return the money, and, in an attempt to recover it, Pallinger has entered suit.—*Little Rock Gazette.*

### PERSONAL.

[Sandusky (Ohio) Daily Register.]

Mr. H. Lulay, Suffield, Ohio, writes: Fifteen years my wife suffered with liver disease. I paid an immense amount of money to the doctors, but without any benefit to her. Last year she began to use Hamburg Drops, since which time we have had no occasion for doctors.

In the western part of Connecticut a large worm has been discovered within the husk of ears of green corn, eating its way the whole length of the cob among the tender kernels. It appears to enter the ear at the bottom.

[Peck's Sun.]

"We are going to do something we have never done before, and that is, deliberately and unsolicited to puff a patent medicine. We want to say that we endorse, personally, all that is said of St. Jacobs Oil. We have tried it for rheumatism and neuralgia, and it has given instant relief."

WAKE county, N. C., was surprised the other day by a shower of bugs, which were of the size of a grain of corn. They covered the ground like red snowflakes.

TEACHERS, authors and others of sedentary habits highly prize Malt Bitters.

A SAN FRANCISCO photographer photographed a half-smoked cigar which Gen. Grant chanced to leave upon a table.

FAINTNESS before eating, pain and distress afterward, prevented by Malt Bitters.

ENGLAND paid Germany £3,000,000 sterling for potatoes last year.

### Are You Not in Good Health?

If the Liver is the source of your trouble, you can find an absolute remedy in DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR, the only vegetable cathartic which acts directly on the Liver. Cures all Bilious diseases. For Book address Dr. Sanford, 162 Broadway, New York.

**The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.,** Will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon thirty days' trial. See their advertisement in this paper, headed, "On Thirty Days' Trial."

DR. C. E. SHOEMAKER, the well-known aural surgeon of Reading, Pa., offers to send by mail, free of charge, a valuable little book on deafness and diseases of the ear—especially on running ear and catarrh, and their proper treatment—giving references and testimonials that will satisfy the most skeptical. Address as above.

VEGETINE is not a stimulating bitter which creates a scintillating appetite, but a gentle tonic which assists nature to restore the stomach to a healthy action.

WILHOFF'S Fever and Ague Tonic. This old reliable remedy now sells at one dollar.

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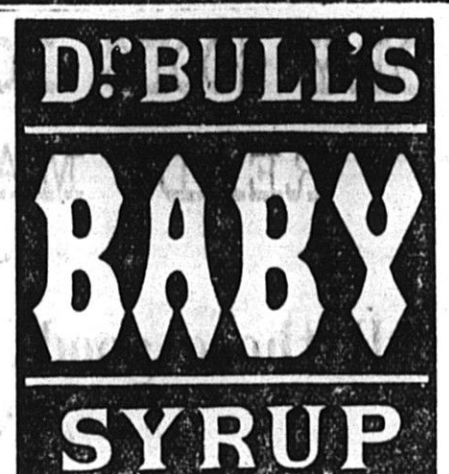
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### A Miracle.

Anthony Atwood, a retired minister of the M. E. Church, 809 North Seventeenth street, Philadelphia, Pa., says: "Hunt's Remedy has cured my wife of Dropsy in its worst form. All hope had left us for months. All say that it is a miracle. Water had dropped from her right limb for months. Forty-eight hours had taken all the extra water from her system. All other means had been tried. None succeeded but Hunt's Remedy." Trial size, 75 cents.



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### Jack.

"Jack" would at first sight appear to be a familiar abbreviation of John, and to be applied in that sense. It occurs in jack-tar, roasting-jack, hook-jack, jack-of-all-trades, jack-boots, jackey (gin); jack, part of the machinery of a lock and of a piano-forte; jack, an engine for raising heavy weights; jack-knife, jack-towel, black-jack. In some instances where the word occurs, such as jackass, jackdaw, jack-an-apes, jack-a-lent, jack-pudding, it is manifestly derived from Jack, the familiar name for John; but in the examples above cited the true etymology is to be found in the Celtic or Gaelic deagh (d) each (or jeagh), the Cymric da signifies good, fit, appropriate, excellent, well.

A jack-tar is a good sailor; a roasting-jack is an instrument fit, appropriate, or good for the purpose of roasting. A jack-of-all-trades is one fit to turn his hand to anything useful; a jack-knife is a good, useful and large knife; a boot-jack is good to pull off boots. Jackey, a slang word for English gin, means also strong ale, and among children a species of sweetmeat, and is in all these cases synonymous with something good, as the French call a sweetmeat a bon-bon, or as the Scotch call them goodies. Black-jack is an old name for a large bottle of black leather, good to hold beer and other liquors. Beaumont and Fletcher have preserved the words: "There is a Dead Sea of drink in the cellar, in which goodly vessels lie wrecked, and in the middle of this deluge appear the tops of flagons and black-jacks, like churches drowned in the marshes."—*All the Year Round.*

A FOND mother wants to learn how her son will turn out. That's easily done. If he's wanted to go out and weed the garden, he will turn out slowly and reluctantly and be two hours dressing. If he's called to see a circus procession go by he'll probably turn out quick and hurt himself trying to come down stairs and put a boot on at the same time.

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