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### Holland City News, Volume 17, Number 26: July 28, 1888

Holland City News

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Holland City News, "Holland City News, Volume 17, Number 26: July 28, 1888" (1888). *Holland City News: 1888*. 30.

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 26.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1888.

WHOLE NO. 857.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday at  
HOLLAND, MICH.

**Terms of Subscription**  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if  
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if  
paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application.  
Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge for subscribers.  
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Business Locals.

FOR photographs go where you can get  
the finest, at J. Lafayette's, Keller's old  
stand. 26-1t

### 25 per Cent Off.

We are selling all of our goods at 25 per  
cent below cost for the next two weeks.  
26-1t L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE & CO.

### For Sale!

The farm of J. T. Drake, situated on  
Macatawa Bay, three miles east of Maca-  
taw Park, is offered for sale on easy  
terms. Inquire on the place, or address  
box 381, Holland, Mich. 26-4t

### Wanted Immediately.

A competent cook, wages \$3 per week.  
No washing required.  
Mrs. G. H. Long,  
Ottawa Beach, Mich. 26-1t

### Notice to Fruitgrowers.

The Saugatuck Basket Company, man-  
ufacturers of baskets, berry crates, and  
fruit packages, request all fruitgrowers,  
who desire to purchase from them, to se-  
cure their orders at their earliest conve-  
nience as their goods are being rapidly dis-  
posed of. 26-2t

Mr. J. Lafayette, proprietor of the Star  
Photograph Gallery of Muskegon, has  
bought the Photograph Studio of H. Keller,  
of this city, and will continue the business  
in the same place, and will be glad to have  
all old customers and as many new ones  
call and see samples before setting else-  
where. He guarantees satisfaction in every  
respect. Proofs shown. 25-1t

### Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

### Wanted.

A girl of some experience for general  
housework, not too young, and able to do  
all kinds of plain cooking and baking.  
Apply to Mrs. CHAS. SCOTT,  
9th St. Holland.

English Spavin Liniment removes all  
Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and  
Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin,  
Corns, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-bone,  
Stiffes, Sprains, all Swollen Throats,  
Coughs, Etc. Saves \$50 by use of one  
bottle. Warranted. Sold by Dr. H.  
Kremers, Druggist, Holland, Mich. 16-6m.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

THE weather is beginning to be favor-  
able again for the Resorts.

J. H. COMISKY, the Singer Sewing Ma-  
chine agent, has moved to Lansing.

BRING your Job Printing to the News  
office. Cheap prices, and good work  
done.

BLACK bass have been biting the past  
week and several large "strings" have  
been caught.

THE electors on the Democratic state  
ticket stand ten Democrats and three  
Greenbackers.

THE NEWS has changed hands four  
times since its establishment in 1873 by  
Dr. S. L. Morris.

AN excursion from South Haven, num-  
bering some four hundred people, visited  
this city yesterday, Friday.

AN excursion from Marshall and Battle  
Creek to the Resorts is "booked" for  
sometime in the near future.

THE Premium List of the South Ottawa  
and West Allegan Agricultural Society  
will be completed in a week or two.

MRS. G. VAN SCHUYLEN is visiting her  
mother and other relatives in Waupun,  
Wis. She started on Monday evening.

GRAND RAPIDS was much excited this  
week over the northwestern regatta. Very  
few people from this section attended.

WEDNESDAY evening, Aug. 8, Rev. Mrs.  
Anna Shaw will deliver a lecture in this  
city. It promises to be an intellectual  
treat.

NEXT week, in all possibility, the  
News will appear as a six column quarto  
and in much improved typographical ap-  
pearance.

DR. H. KREMERS visited Milwaukee  
this week, crossing Lake Michigan on  
Monday evening. He returned Wednes-  
day evening.

POSTAGE Stamps after having been  
rubbed on your head will not stick to-  
gether. The postmaster is authority for  
this statement.

REV. J. W. BEARDSLEE, D. D., will oc-  
cupy the pulpit of Hope Church, Sunday,  
both morning and evening, as he will for  
the next month.

ENDEAVORS are being made to secure  
Prof. E. D. Hogan, the noted and daring  
aeronaut, for two balloon ascensions here  
during Fair week.

THE work on the addition to the tan-  
nery of the Cappon & Bertsch Leather  
Company is progressing very finely and  
will shortly be completed.

THE Odd Fellows Hall in the Hope Col-  
lege Block on Eighth street has been thor-  
oughly renovated, papered, and is now in  
a very presentable condition.

MRS. E. C. OGEL left for Pullman, Ill.,  
last Tuesday to join her husband who re-  
cently accepted a call as pastor of the  
Presbyterian Church of that place.

DR. B. J. DE VRIES is enjoying a little  
trip to the northern part of the state and  
will not be at his place of business from  
Saturday, July 28, until Saturday, August  
4th.

THE new photographer, J. Lafayette, of  
Muskegon, took possession of the Keller  
Gallery opposite the News office last Mon-  
day. His specimens of work are first-  
class.

G. A. KONING, of the Saugatuck Basket  
Company, was in the city last Wednesday  
and Thursday. He reports having taken  
orders for a large number of baskets and  
crates.

W. BENJAMINE, publisher of *De Hol-  
lander*, has secured the contract for print-  
ing *De Wachter* for the next two years.  
We wish "our neighbor" continued pros-  
perity.

RIKUS STEKETEE, one of our most popu-  
lar young dry goods clerks, left last  
Wednesday evening for a two weeks' trip  
to Chicago, and the Northern Michigan  
Resorts.

L. T. KANTERS, of the Holland Manu-  
facturing Company, returned home from  
Illinois last Saturday and reports having  
disposed of several carloads of the Dia-  
mond Wind Mills.

THE country in this section was visited  
by a copious rain shower last Saturday  
evening and again on Thursday morning.  
It has resulted in much benefit to small  
fruits and growing crops.

WE desire to take this opportunity for  
thanking our brethren of the press in  
Michigan for the many flattering and  
courteous notices given us during our  
connection with the NEWS.

CAN any intelligent citizen in walking  
down any of our residence streets fail to  
see the necessity for trimming shade trees.  
An ordinance should be passed compelling  
property owners to do this important  
work.

SOME scamp shot the valuable full  
blooded Greyhound belonging to Mr. L.  
T. Kanters on last Monday morning. The  
hound died of the injury received and  
"Lane" wears crape on his hat in conse-  
quence.

THE man who never reads politics may  
as well swear off reading the newspapers  
for the next few months. The man who  
always reads politics should get his name  
on our subscription list as quick as he  
can, if it is not already there.

MURRAY LITTLE, of Ferrysburg, has  
commenced suit in the Circuit Court  
against the Chicago & West Mich. R'y for  
\$10,000 damages for an accident which  
resulted while he was acting as switch-  
man and deprived him of his right foot.

HON. JOSEPH ESTABROOK, of Lansing,  
Superintendent of Public Instruction, will  
lecture at Hope Church next Tuesday  
evening. His subject will be, "The  
Teacher and His Work." A general in-  
vitation is given for all citizens to be  
present.

CYRUS M. ROSE, a graduate of the Hol-  
land City High School, has secured a pos-  
ition as passenger agent of the Cincinnati,  
Wabash & Michigan R'y, and was in this  
city last Wednesday. "Cy" says he has a  
good job and that he intends to be a credit  
to his alma mater.

MISSSES ANNA AND ADA BREYMAN, of  
Salem, Oregon, are visiting their uncle,  
Mr. O. Breyman, of this city. The young  
ladies are on their way home after spend-  
ing a year in Boston, Mass., completing  
their musical education. They are infor-  
mated with our summer resorts.

WILL ROGERS, for many years the pub-  
lisher of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, has  
just closed negotiations for the sale of his  
paper to L. Mulder, of *De Grondwet*. It  
is hoped that Mr. Rogers is not going to  
leave Michigan, where he has hosts of  
friends.—*Detroit Free Press*.

THE members of the Young Men's Re-  
publican Club held their regular meeting  
in their rooms, over Kuite's meat market,  
on last Wednesday evening. This organ-  
ization is increasing its membership daily  
and promises to make things lively for the  
opposition during the campaign.

AN old soldier by the name of Dirk W.  
Roodhuizen, of this city, died last Sunday  
evening after a short illness aged fifty  
years. He was a member of Company "A,"  
1st Illinois Light Artillery. He was  
buried on Tuesday, the funeral services  
taking place from the First Reformed  
Church.

THE Methodist Church Sunday School  
will give their annual basket picnic on  
next Wednesday, August 1st, at Macata-  
wa Park. The boat will leave the dock  
at 8:30 a. m. Tickets, 15 cents each  
which can be obtained at D. Bertsch's  
store. All friends of the Sunday school  
are invited to attend.

THE Review Class at the Summer Nor-  
mal School at Hope College which began  
July 10, 1888, will continue three weeks  
after July 30. An opportunity will be  
given those who desire to enter the class  
for the last three weeks at \$3 tuition.  
The class work will close with a State In-  
stitute the week following, making a  
course of four weeks.

THE officers of Holland City Lodge,  
No. 192, I. O. O. F. were installed at a  
recent meeting as follows: M. Harrington,  
N. G.; H. Batema, V. G.; L. D. Baldus,  
Secretary; John Hummel, Treasurer.  
The Lodge is now in better condition  
financially and socially than it has been  
for some time past and will undoubtedly  
flourish in the future.

THE Houseman, Donnally & Jones Base  
Ball Club, of Grand Rapids, played the  
Douglas Club last Saturday at Saugatuck.  
The steamer Williams conveyed the for-  
mer club from this city to Saugatuck and  
back again. The boys are a gentlemanly  
lot of fellows and enjoyed their few hours  
stay in the city in admiring our beautiful  
streets and handsome girls.

Superintendent Angell, of the American  
Express Company, has just returned from  
his annual tour through the West Michi-  
gan fruit belt. He says that prospects are  
bright for a more bountiful crop of  
peaches than ever before. From Holland  
to Douglas, and from Douglas to South  
Haven and across the country to Hartford,  
the orchards are loaded down with peaches,  
and in about ten days the fruit will begin  
to move toward the markets. There is al-  
so a great abundance of small fruits and  
the indications are that the fruit crop as a  
whole in Michigan will be as great this  
year as for any previous year in the his-  
tory of Michigan's harvesting.—*Grand  
Rapids Democrat*.

### Base Ball.

THE most exciting game of Base Ball  
which has been played in this city this  
season took place at the Fair Grounds  
last Saturday afternoon between the  
Spring Lake and the Holland City Club.  
There were only about one hundred spec-  
tators to witness the game, however, and  
it was not a financial success. We desire  
to give the members of the Holland City  
Club a little advice which we think they  
should act upon in the future. When they  
have a game of ball here they should recol-  
lect that there are spectators who pay  
admission to see the game, and that they  
have as guests gentlemen, and should act  
accordingly. The language of several  
members of the club was truly disgraceful

and should not be allowed again. The  
score stood as follows:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Holland City.....	0	0	1	0	8	0	1	0	5
Spring Lake.....	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	7

The errors stood Holland City 5, Spring  
Lake 3. Home runs, Holland City 1.  
Umpire, J. Donald, of Spring Lake. We  
understand the home club have challenged  
the Douglas club and will play them a  
game in the near future.

### The Eclipse.

THE eclipse of the moon last Sunday  
night was an interesting, but not a particu-  
larly startling celestial exhibition. At  
no time during the occultation was the  
lunar body invisible. A very good means  
of observing such phenomena, for the  
great majority who have no telescopes,  
was a good opera glass, which showed  
the sphericity of the moon quite plainly  
even when nothing but a faint crescent  
was visible to the naked eye. Indeed,  
for an intelligent and studious mind more  
pleasure can be obtained from a good  
opera glass by directing it toward the stars  
in the heavens than toward the stars of  
the stage. It is astonishing how much  
astronomy can be learned through such  
an instrument, which after all is a much  
more powerful magnifier than Kopernik  
had wherewith to discover and demon-  
strate the heliocentric theory of our sys-  
tem. We commend the study to our  
readers during these pleasant nights. As  
the moon is fading those who have never  
looked at her except with the naked eye  
will get quite a new and vivid idea of her  
shape and appearance, and even some  
faint idea of her geography by watching  
her for a brief period every night through  
a good opera glass.

### A Sad Accident.

The thousands of visitors at the Resorts  
and the Life Saving Station, have all seen  
little George, the five-year-old son of Cap-  
tain and Mrs. Morton, and will be pained  
to learn that on Saturday morning last he  
was drowned while out with a small row  
boat, as was his common practice. The ex-  
act manner of the accident it is impossible  
to state as no one, so far as we have been  
able to learn, saw him fall into the water.  
A passenger on the steamer O. C. Wil-  
liams from Chicago, is reported to have  
seen the accident but we have been unable  
to trace its authenticity. The story of  
the accident as we learn it is about as fol-  
lows: Saturday morning at about 8  
o'clock the little fellow unseen took a  
small row boat and started up the channel  
for the Bay and as he passed the break-  
water the swell from a passing steamer  
must have caused him to lose an oar. In  
his endeavor to reach it he must have fell  
headlong into the water. He was missed  
at the station a few minutes after his de-  
parture and a search instituted which re-  
sulted in the discovery of the empty row  
boat. The men at the station immedi-  
ately commenced to dive for the body in the  
neighborhood of where the empty boat  
was found and in about two hours suc-  
ceeded in finding the little lifeless form  
lying on the bottom of the Bay close to  
the breakwater, between the fish shanties  
and the ice house. It was brought to the  
station but there was no chance for re-  
suscitation. Mr. and Mrs. Morton have  
the sympathy of a vast number of friends  
in this their deep affliction as their little  
son was a general favorite with all with  
whom he came in contact. The body  
was taken to St. Joseph where the funeral  
services were held on last Sunday.

### At the Resorts.

THE Regatta at Grand Rapids is now  
over with and the people from the metropo-  
lis of Western Michigan will begin to  
flock to their favorite Resorts, Macatawa  
Park, Ottawa Beach, and Shady Side,  
next week for their annual camp at one  
or the other of these places. The season  
thus far has been, as a native expressed it,  
"too much politics for pleasure" and the  
hotels have been the main sufferers from  
such a state of the public mind. Every  
room, however, at Macatawa Park Hotel  
at this writing is engaged, and there are  
a fair number of "day boarders." Dan  
Riley, the genial clerk, is kept hustling to  
wait upon fastidious guests and as he is a  
practiced student of human nature he is  
enabled to satisfy the wants of each and  
every guest to their utmost satisfaction  
and to the gratification of Landlord Ryder.  
The Ottawa, and Prof. Lawson's Orches-  
tra, are giving the guests of this fine  
hostelry the worth of their "ducats." The  
hotel is nearly full and Landlord Baker is  
sparing neither money nor labor to make  
it the equal of any house in the country

and is meeting with the approbation of  
the public in his efforts. Shady Side Re-  
sort has its share of trade and is being con-  
ducted in a first-class manner. Landlord  
Williams proves himself a "born hotel  
man" and is meeting with proper encour-  
agement from the public. Nearly every  
cottage on the grounds at all the Resorts  
is occupied, and the tents are filling fast.  
By the latter part of next week we predict  
the season will be at its height at all the  
places and that "good business" will con-  
tinue for a month following.

THE steamer Lizzie Walsh ran an ex-  
cursion to Saugatuck last Thursday to see  
the launching of the large new barge of  
R. M. Moore.

Sign boards, with the names of the  
streets and avenues of Macatawa Park,  
have been put up at each corner for the  
guidance of the stranger.

Torches are being placed at intervals  
along the beach and walks at Macatawa  
and Shady Side. The illumination at  
night is a very pleasant feature.

About the pleasantest and prettiest of  
the dining room girls at Macatawa Park  
Hotel is "Tootie" Wynne. She knows a  
newspaper man too when she sees one.

THE Lizzie Walsh will leave here at  
8:15 sharp this, Saturday, evening, for the  
Resorts, and return after the hop at The  
Ottawa. Fare, 25 cents for the round trip.

Wednesday the employees of the Cappon  
& Bertsch Leather Company's tanneries  
enjoyed an excursion and picnic at the  
Resorts. It was a lively day at Macata-  
wa. The Holland City Band accom-  
panied the picnic.

The small sailing yacht, "Dolphin,"  
which capsized in Lake Michigan last sea-  
son by which accident a young man was  
drowned, was out on the Bay for the first  
time since the accident on Tuesday last.  
She sails as gracefully as ever.

Capt. L. A. Upon, of the steamer Wil-  
liams, has erected a building and on last  
week Friday opened up a grocery and  
general store just east of Shady Side Ho-  
tel. He has a small but choice stock and  
expects to do a rushing business before  
the season closes.

President Walsh, of Macatawa Park, is  
having the hill between the hotel and his  
cottage graded. It improves the appear-  
ance of the grounds very much. He says  
that another season all the space between  
the two walks will be sodded over and the  
surroundings beautified by a well kept  
lawn.

Sheriff Woltman admired the beauties  
of the Resorts last Tuesday. On his ar-  
rival the perch stopped biting and even the  
young people were less boisterous on the  
hills. Our sheriff's commanding way in-  
spires feelings of awe and a fear that some  
one has violated the law in those without  
a clear conscience.

Last Sunday over nine hundred passen-  
gers came to the Resorts from outside  
places. Of this number five hundred  
were from Indiana. It is said that Cap-  
tain Gavett acted as drum major for the  
La Porte band at that place where two hun-  
dred and ninety passengers boarded the  
train in a drizzling rain storm at 5 o'clock  
in the morning. The captain don't only  
know how to act as drum major but he  
knows how to drum up a crowd.

THE Lizzie Walsh, who are in  
camp at Saugatuck harbor, chartered the  
tug Shriver Bros. last Tuesday and visited  
Holland City and the Resorts. There is  
nothing particularly remarkable about  
these brothers except their size. Their  
joint weight being only nine hundred and  
sixteen pounds, or an average weight of  
two hundred and twenty-nine pounds.  
They appear to be users of "anut" for  
they carried huge bandannas. The name  
of their camp is "Camp Cleveland."

THE Lizzie Walsh picked up fourteen  
thousand "A" shingles in Lake Michigan  
about seven miles out on last Tuesday af-  
ternoon. The shingles were stamped at a  
mill in Muskegon. It was also reported  
that a fish boat boat picked up a bundle  
on which was a live Harrison rooster and  
that he crowed lustily on being taken  
aboard. The Republicans at the Resorts  
say that the incident is a sure indication  
of Republican success next November.

Among the campers who are really hav-  
ing a good time, for boys, is the Valley  
City Camping Club. The party consists  
of F. Shireling, B. H. Boer, Henry Schnli,  
Fred Wood, John Gubel, John Kroon,  
Con Benjamin, John Benjamin, Al  
Becker, Al Davis, of Grand Rapids, and  
the only "J. M." J. M. Van der Ven, of  
Holland. The boys are good musicians  
and are rivals of Kelly's frog pond, two  
miles distant. They intend to remain  
one month and have provisions according-  
ly.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE WORLD TO-DAY.

The Latest Intelligence, Domestic and Foreign, Transmitted Over the Electric Wires.

Political, Railroad, and Commercial News, Accidents, Fires, Crimes, Etc., Etc.

### WISCONSIN LABOR MEN.

Dr. Powell, of La Crosse, Nominated for Governor—The Ticket.

THE Wisconsin State Convention of the Union Labor party met at Oshkosh, and placed in nomination the following ticket:

For Governor—Dr. Powell of La Crosse.  
For Lieutenant Governor—N. E. Powell of Beaver Dam.

For Secretary of State—William Lockwood of Ripon.  
For Treasurer—Alfred Mannheim of Manitowish.

For Attorney General—T. A. Ryan of Waunakee.

For Superintendent of Schools—E. B. Krackowicz.

For Railroad Commissioner—John E. Thomas of Sheboygan Falls.

For Insurance Commissioner—Rittner Stevens of Green Lake.

Electors at large—A. B. Severance of Milwaukee and John J. Riedell of Sheboygan.

Powell was a former Indian scout, and at one time traveled with Buffalo Bill's combination. He is known as "White Beaver," and has been Mayor of La Crosse, being elected on the Labor ticket. The convention endorsed the Cincinnati platform.

### LYNCHED A COUNTY OFFICER.

The War of Races in an Arkansas County Leads to Serious Results.

TRAVELING AUDITOR TOWNSEND of the Gulf Road, has arrived in Springfield, Mo., from the South, and verifies the report of one of the negro county officials having been lynched by a mob of white men. Mr. Townsend says that it is a difficult matter to get any details of proceedings at Marion, which is under a guard of armed men. A general state of excitement prevails. Mr. Townsend says that the victim was a county official and one of the banished eighteen. The mob seized him while he was endeavoring to effect an entrance to the court house, dragged him to the woods at the edge of town, and after a desperate struggle strung him up. It is claimed that Gov. Hughes, at Little Rock, has been called upon for protection.

### AROUND THE BASES.

Prominent Ball Clubs Competing for the Championship.

THE following table shows the relative standing of the various clubs competing for the championship of the associations named:

League.	Won.	Lost.	Western.	Won.	Lost.
Detroit	45	27	St. Paul	39	18
Chicago	44	27	Des Moines	33	22
New York	43	27	Omaha	30	26
Boston	42	27	Milwaukee	30	32
Philadelphia	34	35	Chicago	29	31
Indianapolis	37	42	Kansas City	26	29
Pittsburgh	26	41	St. Louis	8	12
Washington	25	45	Minneapolis	22	35

American.	Won.	Lost.	Interstate.	Won.	Lost.
St. Louis	46	23	Davenport	40	16
Brooklyn	48	27	Peoria	37	17
Cincinnati	45	27	St. Paul	36	16
Athletic	42	28	Bloomington	23	24
Baltimore	33	39			
Cleveland	27	44			
Louisville	26	47			
Kansas City	21	48			

### WILL NOT SIGN THE TREATY.

The Sioux at Standing Rock Refuse to Give Up Their Reservation.

A CORRESPONDENT at Standing Rock agency telegraphs that the excitement on the reservation is intense. A few Indians seem inclined to hear what the members of the commission have to say, but most of the chiefs even refuse to take the circulars printed in Sioux explaining the terms of the treaty. Only about 100 of the 1,100 Indian adults on the reservation were absent. The commission propose to work quietly with small numbers at a time. The argument of the Indians is that the white men have already more land than they use.

### NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Owen Lovejoy the Democratic Candidate in the Seventh Illinois District.

THE Democrats of the Seventh Congressional District of Illinois have nominated Owen Lovejoy, of Princeton, for Congress. The Prohibitionists of the Tenth District of Illinois have nominated for Congress Judge J. H. Sedgwick, of Peoria. G. W. Blewett, of Vincennes, has been nominated for Congress by the Prohibitionists of the Second Indiana Congressional District.

### DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Pension Vetoes and the Naval Appropriation Bill—Chicago's Public Building.

In the Senate the resolution to print 5,000 additional copies of the report of the Senate Committee on Pensions on the subject of vetoed pension bills was taken up on the 24th, the question being on Mr. Cockrell's amendment to print 100,000 copies of Presidential votes in the last and present Congresses. After considerable discussion, the matter was allowed to pass over without action; and Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported an amendment to the sundry civil bill, to incorporate in it a provision to refund the direct tax. Referred to the Committee on Appropriations. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the naval appropriation bill, and after the adoption of several amendments adjourned. In the House the Senate bill was passed appropriating \$20,000 for the erection of a public building in Chicago to be used as an appraiser's warehouse. The Senate bill prohibiting the transmission through the mails in transparent envelopes of matter which would be prohibited if printed or written on the outside of the envelope, was passed. A bill to forfeit the lands in Minnesota granted to the Hastings & Dakota Railroad Company was passed. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Oklahoma bill, but adjourned without action.

## CURRENT EVENTS.

### EAST.

JACK ALLEN was hanged in the Court House at Monticello, N. Y., for the murder of Ursula Ulrich at Jeffersonville last October. Allen had an iron nerve, and sung and prayed under the gallows in a strong, clear voice. He asked for a glass of whisky, which was refused him. He put the noose around his own neck and said: "Let her go, Gallagher!" He was an Englishman, 34 years of age, and came to this country two years ago.

LEVI M. BATES, the well-known dry goods merchant of New York, has confessed judgments for \$126,264. The liabilities are \$250,000. It was said Mr. Bates had lost \$60,000 recently through the failure of Metcalf Brothers & Co., of Detroit, Mich.

At Pittsburgh, Captain Lewis Clark, convicted of selling liquor without licenses on the excursion steamer Mayflower, was fined \$700, and sentenced to seven months' imprisonment in the County Jail.

### WEST.

ELEVEN men boarded the westbound express at Ashtabula, Ohio. As soon as the train left they attempted to gain possession of it. At each door of the smoker the men took a stand and defied the passengers. Conductor Shepard and several drummers put on a bold front and drove them out of the car. The robbers then endeavored to prevent the train being stopped at Geneva by overpowering the engineer, but did not succeed. The train slackened at Geneva, and a call was made upon the citizens. Nine of the gang were captured.

A PASSENGER train on the Cannon Falls branch of the Milwaukee Road struck a cow ten miles out of Red Wing, Minn., and three cars, including one passenger coach, went down a twenty-five foot embankment. W. A. Clark, a canvas man, of Hurley, Wis., who was standing on the platform of a car, was crushed to death under the car. Two women, members of Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupe, which was on the car, were injured, one having her leg broken. Others sustained sprains and bruises.

FIRE destroyed the coal-mining town of Roslyn, twenty-eight miles from Elensburg, W. T., rendering the entire population of 1,500 homeless. About two hundred and fifty houses were burned, nothing being left but the coal company's office and the depot. There was no insurance. Loss, \$500,000.

THERE was great rejoicing at Marion, Ind., over the signing of the bill by the President for a National Soldiers' Home, to be located at that place. A pyrotechnic display and a serenade to Major Steele, who was instrumental in having the bill passed, were among the features.

SAMUEL BALDWIN, of Quincy, Ill., made one of the most daring balloon ascents and parachute descents on record. He left his balloon at a height of 8,000 feet and landed two miles from the starting point eight minutes after. He was badly shaken up.

### SOUTH.

HICKS CARMICHAEL, colored, who murdered Deputy Sheriff Shipe, May 20 last, was hanged at Knoxville, Tenn., inside the jail.

THE grand jury of Crittenden County, Ark., which has been investigating the banishment of eighteen negroes by an armed organization has made its report, says a Memphis dispatch. The result is the return of nearly forty indictments. The grand jury found that anonymous notes had been sent to a number of white men by negroes, giving the whites five days to leave the county. Upon receiving the threatening epistles the whites met, armed and escorted out of the county the negroes implicated. The grand jury succeeded in tracing the anonymous threats to the office of the County Clerk, David Ferguson, one of the thirteen negroes banished. The intention was to create a reign of terror and break the force of the prosecution.

### WASHINGTON.

CONFIRMATIONS have been reported to the Senate as follows:

Hugh W. Wier (Pa.), Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho; Rhoderick Ross, Associate Justice of Idaho; C. H. Berry (Minn.), Associate Justice of Idaho; J. W. Judd (Tenn.), Associate Justice of Utah; J. H. Kealy (Iowa), United States Judge for Alaska; Elliot Standford (N.Y.), Chief Justice of Utah; A. T. Shafer, Surveyor of Customs, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Col. Thomas L. Casey, to be Chief of Engineers, with rank of Brigadier General. Postmasters—F. P. Smith, Faulkton, D. T.; Otto A. Kohler, Hutchinson, Minn.; Charles W. Main, Tracy, Minn.

A WASHINGTON dispatch of Monday says: "The fear that Samuel J. Randall would in all probability not be able to again resume his seat in this Congress, and also that his physicians might forbid his ever again accepting a nomination to public office, has within the past few days become a certainty. The long and honorable public career of this faithful servant of the people is definitely ended, for his physicians have discovered that he is suffering from a cancer of the stomach, and they are forced to the conviction that it is incurable."

### POLITICS.

THE Democrats and Greenbackers of Michigan have held their conventions, the former at Detroit and the latter at Grand Rapids. A coalition ticket was nominated, the Greenbackers securing the Attorney General, the Auditor General, the Commissioner of the State Land Office, and the Electors for the Second, Eighth and Eleventh Districts. The Democrats secured the rest of the ticket, nominating Wellington B. Burt, of Saginaw, for Governor. The platform indorses the President and his administration, and also the declarations of the St. Louis Convention.

WM. PRENTISS, of Macomb, has received the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Eleventh Illinois District. The Republicans of the Twenty-fourth District of Pennsylvania have nominated

J. Warren Ray, of Green County, for Congress. The Democrats of the Seventh Congressional District of Kansas have nominated W. H. Ebey, of Wichita, for Congress. The Hon. J. B. Morgan has been renominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Second District of Mississippi.

### GENERAL.

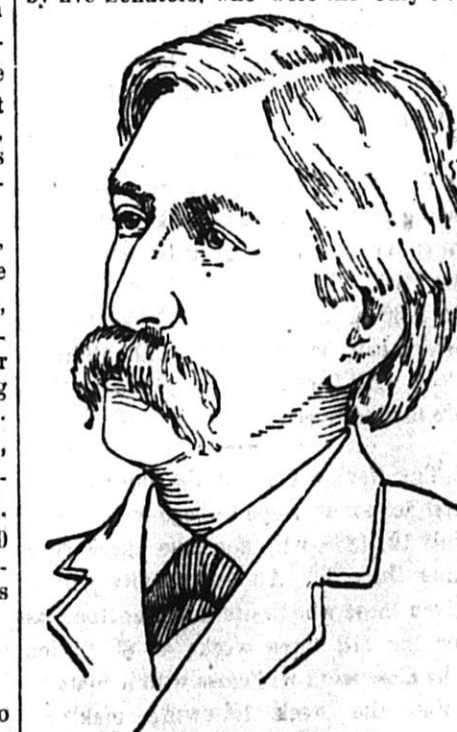
THE Skena River revolt continues to cause the greatest excitement. The militia at Winnipeg is prepared to start for the scene of the outbreak on short notice. A messenger from Hazelton says when he escaped the Indians were still laying siege to Hudson's Bay fort, where all the white population are gathered. The garrison, he says, could not hold out much longer, and he fears the troops now on the way will not arrive in time.

The Department of Agriculture, in its last weekly crop report, says: "The weather during the week has been favorable for the growing crops in the wheat and corn regions of the Northwest. The recent heavy rains, followed by an excess of sunshine, have greatly improved the condition of corn and oats, which are generally reported in excellent condition, but more rain is needed in portions of Michigan for these crops. Reports from Kansas indicate that crops have been considerably damaged by hail. Reports from Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Alabama and Mississippi show that the crop conditions have been improved by the favorable weather during the last week."

A Minneapolis dispatch reports that "Crop prospects throughout the Northwest have seldom been more favorable at this season than at present. More than an average yield of the best grade of wheat is all but secured. The hay crops in all parts of the State and Dakota is claimed to be enormous, and is being secured in most sections in good condition."

### FULLER'S TRIUMPH.

MELVILLE W. FULLER, of Chicago, when he shall have subscribed to the oath of office and entered his name in the big book in the office of the Clerk at Washington, will be the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He was confirmed by a vote of 41 yeas to 20 nays, after an executive session three hours in length. This time was occupied by five Senators, who were the only ones



who spoke upon the nomination. These Senators were Edmunds and Evarts, members of the Committee on the Judiciary, and Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, who opposed the confirmation, and by Senators Cullom and Farwell, of Illinois, who favored it. No Democratic Senator spoke on either side. Ten Republicans voted for Mr. Fuller's confirmation, and they were as follows:

Cullom and Farwell of Illinois, Cameron and Quay of Pennsylvania, Hale and Frye of Maine, Davis of Minnesota, Jones of Nevada, Mitchell of Oregon, and Riddleberger of Virginia.

All of the Democrats present voted for confirmation. The twenty Republicans voting against confirmation were:

Blair, Bowen, Chandler, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, Evarts, Hawley, Hoar, Ingalls, Manderson, Palmer, Platt, Rabin, Sawyer, Sherman, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, and Wilson of Iowa.

### MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Choice to Prime Steers.	\$ 5.75 @ 6.50
Good	5.00 @ 5.75
Common	4.00 @ 5.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades.	5.50 @ 6.50
SHEEP—No. 2 Red.	4.82 @ 4.83
CORN—No. 2.	47 @ 48
OATS—No. 2.	30 1/2 @ 31
RYE—No. 2.	54 @ 56
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.	18 1/2 @ 19
VEGETABLES—Fine Dairy.	16 @ 17
CHEESE—Full Cream, flat.	18 @ 18 1/2
EGGS—Fresh.	14 @ 15
POTATOES—New, per bu.	60 @ 70
POKE—Mess.	13.25 @ 14.00
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—Cash.	78 1/2 @ 79 1/2
CORN—No. 3.	46 @ 47
OATS—No. 2 White.	33 1/2 @ 34 1/2
RYE—No. 1.	55 @ 57
BARLEY—No. 2.	42 @ 43
POKE—Mess.	13.50 @ 14.00

ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2.	79 @ 79 1/2
CORN—No. 2.	45 @ 45 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	31 1/2 @ 32 1/2
RYE—No. 1.	55 @ 57
BARLEY—No. 2.	42 @ 43
POKE—Mess.	14.00 @ 14.50

NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.	4.00 @ 6.00
HOGS.	6.00 @ 6.50
SHEEP.	3.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	91 @ 92
OATS—White.	56 @ 58
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	44 @ 50
POKE—New Mess.	14.75 @ 15.25

DETROIT.	
CATTLE.	4.00 @ 5.25
HOGS.	5.00 @ 6.00
SHEEP.	3.00 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.	92 @ 93
OATS—No. 2 White.	47 1/2 @ 48 1/2
CORN—No. 2 White.	37 1/2 @ 38 1/2

INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE.	4.00 @ 6.00
HOGS.	5.00 @ 6.25
SHEEP.	3.00 @ 5.00
LAMBS.	4.00 @ 5.50

BUFFALO.	
CATTLE.	4.50 @ 5.25
HOGS.	5.25 @ 6.00
SHEEP.	4.25 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	90 1/2 @ 91 1/2
CORN—No. 3.	51 1/2 @ 52 1/2

EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Prime.	4.75 @ 5.50
Fair.	4.25 @ 5.00
Common.	3.50 @ 4.00
HOGS.	5.75 @ 6.50
SHEEP.	4.25 @ 5.00
LAMBS.	5.50 @ 6.50

## HRONEK AND CHAPEK.

The Two Dynamiters Deny Knowledge of Any Plot—Arraigned in Court.

The Latter Talks Mournfully About His Wife and Children—The Prisoners Photographed.

[Chicago special dispatch.]

The three Bohemians arrested for the conspiracy to murder Grinnell, Gary, and Bonfield were arraigned before Justice Lyon, who continued their case ten days. No more arrests have been made, but it is believed that some may be. There is an impression that more than three were gathered in the other day. It is based on the statement of James Heink, who was arrested along with Hronek, but dis charged later in the day. He is a cooper by trade, and lives at No. 517 West Twenty-first street. Hronek was his employee, but he repudiates any knowledge of dynamite or anarchism.

Hronek, after being confined in prison, was interviewed by a Tribune reporter. When his name was called he rose to his feet, grinned pleasantly, and then drawing one finger across his throat to imitate a noose, made a gesture with his hand toward the sky, at the same time making a significant click with his lips. "I don't know what he meant," said his lips.

"I was accused of making a plot to blow up Judge Grinnell, Judge Gary and Inspector Bonfield with dynamite."

He shrugged his shoulders, scowled, and exclaimed: "It is a lie, a pack of lies."

"Then there was no conspiracy?"

"How about the dynamite?"

"Karatka, a friend of mine, had that when the Haymarket raid was made by the police. He brought it to my house and left it there, as he had to leave town in a hurry. It did not belong to me, and after keeping it a while I threw some of it into the river. While coming back I met a policeman, and was afraid to go for more for fear I should be arrested."

"Then you had made no plot?"

"No."

"What were you doing near Grinnell's house in Aldine Street the Fourth of July?"

"Lies again. I was not there. I walk only near my home."

"What were the bombs for?"

"Not for us, by me. I wish them in the river."

"Do you know Chapek and Chleboun?"

"Yes. I do know them. I like not Chleboun too much."

"Are you not afraid?"

"The prisoner expressed his indifference in emphatic manner, the conversation ended as it began, with a shrug and a glance aside."

Chapek is a different type, and a man of much more intelligence. His dress is neat, and his appearance not unprepossessing. He was decidedly nervous, and was pacing up and down his cell and biting the end of his cigar as he smoked. His voice is soft and agreeable. He said in effect:

"I don't clearly why I was arrested."

"The charges made against him by the police were explained."

"Ah, it is the same old charge—and I am chosen as a victim. I know not of any plot."

"Why do you say 'betray' if there was no plot?"

"No plot; I will say no more; all false, all false."

During the interview the prisoner grew much excited. When he referred to his wife and children his eyes filled with tears and he turned away to hide his face. His manner when denying the existence of a plot was emphatic, and his eyes flashed. Access to Chleboun was denied by the police.

After the hearing in court Chleboun, the informer, was carried off by Bonfield to undergo a further application of the pumping process, and Hronek and Chapek were taken to the gallery where they were photographed.

A description of the two men was then taken according to the Bertillon system.

### HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

An Explosion in a Basement Results in the Destruction of a Chicago Piano Store.

[Chicago special dispatch.]

The large piano manufacturing of Julius Bauer, at 156 and 158 Wabash avenue, Chicago, was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of over \$100,000. The porter employed at the piano store went into the basement in the morning to get some varnish. He had a lighted lantern in his hand, according to the accounts of the men who know most about his death, and somehow an explosion occurred. Whether the basement was full of gas or whether the varnish caught fire no one knows, but in a few minutes the great building was on fire. Up the elevators the flames roared, and from the top of the house to the bottom the fire had everything its own way.

The porter, John Schwent, has not since been seen. He is believed to be lying dead under a pile of broken pianos in the flooded basement, crushed and mangled by the avalanches of debris that came down through the broken floors; but he was probably killed by the explosion. His



### THE BURNING BUILDING.

cap and part of his coat were found when the debris was cool enough to permit a search, but nothing has been seen of his body. It was a very quick fire, the building being filled with highly inflammable material.

A great many people were at work in the building, which, besides the piano and organ warehouse, was occupied by the Chicago Carpet Company. This company also occupied the next building south. On the top floors about one hundred and fifty young women were at work, and these were got out with a good deal of excitement but no casualties.

The chapter of accidents is a long one. Frank Loom was in front of the store, sitting on a box. He was knocked down and badly scorched. Louis Wasche was also slightly scorched. Firemen Scott and Cesar were partially smothered. Marshal Murphy was also temporarily overcome, and another fireman was badly wounded in the face.

It was thought for a time that the Chicago Carpet Company store would go, too, but by hand and well-directed work it was saved.

For more than an hour the fire had things entirely its own way, but finally it was brought under control, and little by little, flooded out and stopped. A great deal of damage was done. The heaviest sufferer is, of course, Mrs. Julius Bauer, who now conducts the business which her husband began in Chicago nearly forty years ago. Nothing more than an approximation of her loss is possible at present, but a very conservative estimate puts the figure at \$75,000. If the papers in the fire-proof safes are intact it is said it will not go much over this figure, but if the accounts and notes are lost the sum will be increased by a good many thousand dollars.

Outside the stock which the Chicago Carpet Company had in the burned building its loss is due rather to water than to the fire, and it will not be as heavy as was at first supposed. The other neighbors also suffered, but the total damage done, both by fire and water, to buildings and stock will not run over \$125,000, if it reaches that figure.

The building was insured for \$75,000, which is distributed among a large number of home and foreign companies. The insurance on the stock is not definitely known.

The walls of the Bauer store are standing intact. Nothing is gone but the floors, the windows, and the iron pavement in front. The building will speedily be put back into its former condition.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

Work of the Senate and House of Representatives.

THE nomination of Samuel J. Bigelow for District Attorney of New Jersey was rejected by the Senate the 12th. Senator Blair introduced a bill declaring that hereafter no alien shall be admitted to naturalization until after he shall have been a resident of the United States during the five years immediately preceding the application for naturalization papers, nor until he shall prove by two reputable witnesses that during those five years he has behaved as a person of good moral character, and shall also, in the presence of the Judge, speak, read, and write the English language with such intelligence and facility as to prove that he has the capacity to transact ordinary business in that language, and by its use to become well informed in the principles of the Constitution of the United States. American citizen. No naturalized person, the bill provides, shall exercise the right of suffrage for one year after receiving his naturalization papers. Judges are forbidden to try more than twenty naturalization cases per day, and false swearing in such cases is declared to be sufficient cause for the forfeiture of the person's right to suffrage. The following bills were taken from the calendar and passed by the Senate: The bill amending the act of June 18, 1898, as to postal crimes, declaring non-mailable all matter on any part of which, exterior or interior, indecent, lewd, defamatory, or threatening delineations, epithets, or language is written or printed. The House bill supplementary to the Pacific Railroad acts, with amendments. This is the bill passed by the House on the 3d of March requiring the Pacific Railroad companies to construct, maintain, and operate telegraph lines and to afford equal facilities to all connecting telegraph lines. The amendments merely strike out the word "construct" where it occurs. The House disposed of a little minor business, and then went into committee of the whole on the Mills tariff bill. The pending amendment was that offered by Mr. Mills restoring the present rate of duty on tobacco. It was agreed to, without division. On motion the present rate of duty was restored on pipes, pipe-bowls, and all smokers' articles not otherwise provided for. The next paragraph taken up for consideration was that imposing a duty of 30 per cent. ad valorem on bonnets, hats, and hoods composed of hair, whalebone, or any vegetable material. After considerable discussion the bill went to committee of the whole, and was reported to the House with favorable recommendation, amid hearty applause. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of bills reported from the Committee on Military Affairs.

THE bill was reported and placed on the Senate calendar the 20th for the erection of a public building at Chicago. Mr. Dolph called up the bill to prohibit the coming of Chinese laborers into the United States, and pending discussion the Senate adjourned. The first business of the House was the bill appropriating \$250,000 to aid State homes for disabled volunteers, which was passed. Mr. Blanchard (La.) submitted the conference report on the river and harbor bill. Agreed to. It increases the total appropriation from \$19,902,783 to \$22,277,115. The Senate receded from its amendment striking out the appropriation for the purchase of the lock and dam on the Monongahela river. The Senate amendment for the purchase of the improvement known as the Green and Barre River improvement was agreed to. The Senate receded from its amendment providing for the purchase of the Portage Lake Canal and the Lake Superior Ship-Canal Railway and Iron Company Canal. The Senate amendment for a survey of a canal from Lake Michigan to the Des Plaines River was agreed to. Also the Senate amendment providing for a survey and location of a canal from the Illinois River at or near the town of Hennepin to the Mississippi River. Also the Senate amendment for a survey of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Michigan with the Calumet River. But the Government is not to be deemed committed to these projects, nor, indeed, to any other project for which a survey is ordered in this bill. The present bill really carries appropriations for two years, making the amount for each year a little over \$11,000,000. At the evening session private bills were considered.

In the Senate the bill to reimburse the depositors of the Freedman's Bank was discussed and passed the 21st. It appropriates \$1,000,000. The conference report on the river and harbor bill was received from the House, and it was ordered printed. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the fisheries treaty in open executive session. The final vote on the Mills tariff bill was taken by the House and the bill passed. The majority for the bill was 13, the total vote being 311. When an occasional member voted apparently against his political faith, the announcement was uproariously received by the side favored. When the yeas, 149—Democratic cheers and shouts echoed throughout the chamber. A dozen members leaped to their feet, waving bandanas and flags. Messrs. Bliss, Merriman, and Greenman of New York, Nelson of Minnesota, and Brower of North Carolina, Republicans, voted in favor of its passage. Messrs. Anderson of Iowa, Hopkins of Virginia, and Smith of Wisconsin, Independents, voted for the bill. The following pairs were announced: Randall with Hogg, West Virginia; Heistand, Pennsylvania, with Whiting, Michigan; Belmont, New York, with Davenport, New York; Perry, South Carolina, with Spooner, Rhode Island; Glover, Missouri, with Brown, Indiana; Granger, Connecticut, with Woodburn, Nevada. Before the vote was taken the long debate on the bill was closed by Mr. Mills. Maj. McKinley demanded a separate vote on the cotton-tie amendment, but the Republicans refused to follow his lead, and the amendment stood. It puts on the free list steel and iron hoops used for baling hay and hoop buckets. The original bill admitted free of duty steel and iron hoops used for baling cotton, but left a tariff on the same material used for baling hay and hoop buckets.

THE conference report on the river and harbor bill was presented and agreed to by the Senate on the 23d. The Senate then proceeded to consider the fisheries treaty in open executive session, and was addressed by Mr. Dawes and Mr. Stewart in opposition to its ratification. After which the House bill for the relief of the Southern Illinois Normal University was passed, and the Senate adjourned. In the House Mr. Crisp (Ga.) called up and the House passed the Senate bill to perfect the quarantine service of the United States. Representative Springer (Ill.) introduced a bill to tax the products of trusts. It provides that, in addition to the taxes already imposed upon any product



## GENIUS UNAPPRECIATED.

BY M. L. DORR.

"Returned with thanks"—the usual way!  
When will it come to be  
That honest critics may be found  
Who will not frown on me?

I know I'm not a Tennyson,  
Nor yet an Edgar Poe,  
I never soared to novels,  
Like James and E. P. Roe.

I do not write like Howells,  
I have not Clement's wit,  
And yet I humbly pride myself  
I sometimes make a hit.

I'm only incongruous  
To fortune and to fame,  
But were it not for like rebuff,  
I'd surely make a name.

Just give me a fair trial  
And harken to my prayers,  
And haply you shall entertain  
An angel unawares.

American Magazine.

## FATHER AGAINST DAUGHTER

Or, Right at Last.

BY R. CECIL SCOTT.

Near one of the highways leading out from Boston, and not far from that city, was situated the elegant suburban residence of James Powell, a wealthy and retired merchant.

No expense had been spared on its adornment, either within or without; his pride in that respect was to make it the envy as well as perfect a residence as could be found in that part of New England.

With Mr. Powell wealth was everything, but of happiness his share was small save when it was considered in the scale of dollars and cents; and it only needed that a man be wealthy, no matter by what means, to insure his respect.

In a pleasant apartment of this mansion, one day in early summer, sat Miss Agnes Powell, at an open window that commanded a view of the beautiful landscape. Her dark gray eyes seemed to have a too far off look in them to appreciate, just then, the lovely scenes; while the expression about the crimson lips had none of its accustomed tenderness.

Her dark brown hair clustered about the fair brow in elegant little curls, and altogether her expression this day was somewhat grave, yet altogether she presented a picture that would have pleased any lover of beauty and refinement.

Of Mr. Powell's three daughters, two were married, leaving Agnes, the youngest, at home with her father, who loved her next, perhaps, to his wealth. His wife had been dead some years.

As the fair girl sat thus alone in the elegant room her thoughts were of an ordeal from which she would willingly have given much to escape.

At intervals she could hear the sound of her father's and another voice in the room below, in earnest conversation, and knew that she was the subject of their discourse.

A few minutes later and she was summoned to her father's presence.

When she descended to the parlor and saw her father's visitor she knew that the moment of her ordeal was at hand.

The visitor was a young man named Allen Bartlett, who would have been prepossessing, only for the marks of dissipation visible on his countenance.

Mr. Bartlett made a low bow as Miss Powell advanced into the room, and he murmured some words of pleasure at the meeting. Her only response was a slight inclination of the head as she moved forward and took a seat near the open window.

Allen Bartlett had, sometime previous, met Miss Powell at a social gathering, and became deeply in love with her beauty, and had afterwards called to see her, and made an offer of marriage, but was refused and given to understand that she could never wed him, yet not contented with her refusal, and knowing the attachment of her father to wealth, he had called him to his aid.

"Agnes, I presume that you have no desire but for my happiness as well as your own, therefore Mr. Bartlett has asked my sanction to your marriage with him, and it is my wish that you accept of him as your future husband, and thus make me happy in knowing that you are wedded to one of wealth and social position."

Agnes arose from her chair, and, facing her father, said in as firm a tone as she could command:

"You know, father, that I rejected Mr. Bartlett once, and you certainly must know that I do not love him, and my own judgment has taught me better than to risk my happiness in his hands."

"What do you know of love? And why are you unwilling to risk your happiness with him? His wealth is sufficient to procure you ever comfort, and his character—"

"Infamous!" interrupted Agnes, looking him full in the face.

Allen Bartlett turned pale, and his lip quivered with rage, while her father's anger scarcely knew bounds. For a moment he did not reply. Then pointing his finger at Mr. Bartlett he asked, "And what do you know of his character?"

"Enough to convince me that my words are true," replied Agnes.

"My daughter," said Mr. Powell, assuming a milder tone, "though you may have heard reports unfavorable to Mr. Bartlett, believe me they are without foundation. He is one of our respected and wealthy men, remember that."

"He may be all you think he is," said Agnes, "but I cannot marry him."

"You may go to your room, Agnes, and recollect, I am determined that Allen Bartlett shall be my son-in-law, and you must marry him; or leave my house. I will neither own nor support

an ungrateful and disobedient daughter. To-morrow I shall expect your answer."

Agnes knew too well the character of her father to make any reply. The crisis she had feared had arrived. She knew her refusal of Allen Bartlett would bring down the wrath of her father, on her own head, and a few days previous she had written to Emma and Julia, her two married sisters, stating the circumstance and appealed to them, should her father drive her to the necessity of leaving home, the privilege of remaining a short time with them.

Contrary to her expectations, they both declined, giving as an excuse that any such action on their part would anger their father and he would thereby disinherit them. The husbands of both sisters were sons of wealthy parents, and the wealth of Mr. Powell was the incentive that had attracted them into marriage.

Agnes, on reaching her room, gave way to a flood of tears. It seemed so cruel a proceeding on her father's part, that she should become an outcast from such a pleasant and luxurious home, that the thought overwhelmed her. At length she became more calm. The odium of such a marriage as her father had determined upon obliterated the sense of all the luxurious comforts she had always been accustomed to.

She was a girl of spirit far above the common average, and as she pondered over her future course she said to herself: "I have a good constitution, and can labor. My education fits me for many duties. I could seek employ as a governess or teacher, but I do not like either occupation, but whatever I do must not be in this vicinity."

Again another idea occurred to her mind; she remembered of having heard Sarah Bates, the head housemaid, speak of being employed in a factory.

She rang the bell and summoned Sarah to her presence. "Sarah, I heard you, a few days since, speak of being employed in a factory; how did you like it there?"

"Very well, indeed, Miss Agnes, and I would have remained had my health been better."

"Was the work any more difficult than you find here?"

"Oh, no, ma'am; I cannot say that it is, only more confining."

"Will you tell me where the factory was?"

"In Lowell, ma'am. It was at the Arthusa Cotton Mills that I was employed, and Mr. Stanley was superintendent."

"Who did you board with in Lowell?"

"I boarded with Mrs. Graham, on Adams street, a few squares from the mills. She is the kindest woman I ever met with."

After dismissing the maid another difficulty presented itself. Would her father permit her to take her clothing, jewelry, and what money she possessed.

She determined if he still adhered to his resolution, to ask him the question. In the morning she met her father at the breakfast-table. Neither spoke until the meal was finished. Her father then said:

"Agnes, have you made up your mind and concluded to marry Mr. Bartlett?"

Agnes hesitated for a moment, and then replied in a firm tone, "I have not."

"You heard my determination yesterday," said he, "and I now repeat it. You must marry Mr. Allen Bartlett or leave my house."

"I cannot marry him, father. Sooner than commit myself to such a wrong I would not only leave your house, but the world itself."

"Then go," said he angrily, rising from his chair.

"Shall I take my clothes, jewelry, and money?"

"Yes, all you have. You will get no more, and never let me see or hear from you again."

He slammed the door violently and left her alone. She sank back in her chair and wept bitterly. For a moment she seemed almost inclined to comply with her father's wish, but the idea that she must be forever linked to Allen Bartlett whom she detested—a man whose wealth was mainly obtained by card-playing, stock ventures, and betting on the turf, and to suffer reproach if some of his villainies were discovered, was more than she could bear.

Better far would be the anguish of separation from all her friends, free and with honor, than to think of such an alliance.

She went to her room, packed up all that she cared to take with her, and then gave orders for the coachman to take her to the city.

Miss Powell's departure was accomplished without comment on the part of the servants. None knew of the estrangement taking place between father and daughter. She gave Sarah Bates an extra present, with instructions to care for her room and flowers, telling her that an absence of some months was in contemplation.

As she entered Boston, where her sisters resided, a desire sprang up to see them, but from their recent treatment she abandoned the idea of calling on them.

Agnes was well supplied with clothing; and on counting her money, in the waiting-room of the depot, found that she possessed nearly a hundred dollars. Although heretofore surrounded with wealth, she never till now seemed to appreciate the value of money.

A thousand reflections, doubts, and fears crossed her mind as she sat in the train that was taking her to Lowell, and though she felt sad at the thought of being an outcast, she could not suppress a smile at the awkwardness she knew would assail her first efforts at factory labor.

On arriving in Lowell she made her

way to the house of Mrs. Graham, on Adams street, and fortunately obtained boarding with her. She learned also that Mr. Stanley, the superintendent of the Arthusa Cotton Mills, was in want of help.

It is not our intention to narrate in this short story all of the vicissitudes that Miss Powell encountered. She entered the factory, learned to work, and found many friends, among whom was Florence Spencer, a young lady about her own age.

These two soon became intimate friends. Their work in the mills was next to each other, and they occupied the same room at their boarding-house. Both were much attached to Mrs. Graham, and she in turn evinced a deep interest in their welfare.

Some time after Miss Powell had been in Lowell, an incident happened which bound, if possible, the two friends more firmly in friendship.

One evening as they were in their room, and Florence engaged in repacking a trunk, Agnes, who was idly looking on, was rather surprised at the amount of clothing and jewelry possessed by her friend, and jokingly inquired "if her beau was a jeweler."

Florence blushed, and after some hesitation informed Agnes that her father had once been wealthy, but at his death it was ascertained that his property, though amply sufficient to pay his own debts, would be swept away by the failure of some friends for whom he had endorsed notes. The creditors had allowed her to keep everything given her by her father except a piano. Florence also stated that, although she might have supported herself by teaching music, yet she preferred her present work to that of remaining among those, who, though once intimate friends, would consider her, after the loss of wealth, as far beneath them.

Agnes then related her own story, and reason for leaving home, and also exhibited her jewelry and other trinkets. Probably there was never two persons who enjoyed themselves better than these two girls. None, save themselves, knew their history, and as their natural dispositions were not arrogant, they never appeared to be above others who labored with them. For more than a year they remained together, when the event of Florence's marriage took place, and at the urgent desire of Florence and her husband, it was arranged that after their brief wedding trip was over Agnes was to leave Mrs. Graham's and board with them.

One pleasant evening Agnes started forth alone for a walk, and not heeding the direction she was going, wandered farther than was her intention, and was awakened from her reverie by the voice of two men approaching from an opposite direction. One of them, on coming nearer, exclaimed in a half-intoxicated voice, "Ho! my dear, you certainly need company this nice evening," and grasped her by the arm.

She broke away from him and turned to run in the direction she had come. The man followed and was about to grasp her arm again as she cried out, "Help, Oh! help me."

Help was fortunately at hand. A man sprang across the way, struck the assailant a blow with his fist that sent him sprawling into the middle of the street.

Not waiting to see the result, her rescuer took her arm and they walked hurriedly away, and when at a little distance he asked:

"Are you hurt? I will see you safely home if you will permit me."

"Oh, sir, I am only frightened. I am so glad that you came to my aid, and I would indeed feel obliged for your escort to my boarding-house."

They had now approached where the rays of a street lamp cast its light upon them. The young man turned to her and said:

"I think, by your voice, that I ought to know you. You are Miss Powell, one of the employees of the Arthusa Mills."

"Yes, sir, that is my name, and you are Mr. Ellsworth."

"Yes, and now may I ask how you came to be walking so far alone."

Agnes related the facts as they proceeded along, and on reaching her boarding-house said:

"This is where I board," and thanking Mr. Ellsworth again for his kindness, she bade him good-night.

This event happened during her friend Florence's absence, therefore she related the little adventure to Mrs. Graham.

"It was providential indeed, my dear, that Mr. Ellsworth happened so opportunely to be there."

"Are you acquainted with Mr. Ellsworth," asked Agnes.

"Yes, and he is a gentleman in every sense of the word."

Phillip Ellsworth was the assistant superintendent of the Arthusa Cotton Mills. He was a young man of good character, handsome, and of steady purpose.

On this particular evening he had been on a business errand to a machinist, and had taken but a few steps from the man's cottage when he heard the cry of "help" uttered by Miss Powell.

He had often admired her while at her work in the factory, but had never intruded himself upon her notice.

He now felt glad that an opportunity had arrived to serve her, and which he hoped would bring about a more intimate acquaintance.

He called again at Mrs. Graham's, and when Agnes changed her boarding place to that of her now married friend, Florence Warren, his visits became frequent.

Pleasant drives and walks were indulged in, and it seemed that an epoch of pleasure had come into Miss Powell's

life, such as had never before found its way, even amidst all the luxurious surroundings and aristocratic company that so frequently met at her father's house.

During one of Mr. Ellsworth's visits he seemed to be in a more joyous mood than at any previous visit, and Agnes could not help noticing it, and said:

"You seem overjoyed at something to-night, Phillip, may I ask the cause?"

"Certainly, dear Agnes. I was just about to say that I had news to tell you. Can you guess what it is?"

"Excuse me, Phillip, I won't try," and she turned away her head to hide the sudden emotion of alarm that seized her.

"Agnes, the news is not bad. It is good news. Mr. Stanley has resigned as superintendent of the Arthusa Mills, and I am to take his place."

"Oh! Phillip, I am so glad. I—I was fearing away, or something of that sort. Am I not right?"

Agnes blushed and hung her head, and evaded the question by saying:

"I am more than pleased at your promotion, Phillip, and I will try always to please you with my work under your supervision."

He caught her hand in his and said, "Agnes, you must not work in the mills any longer, for I love you and want you for my wife. Can I hope for such happiness?"

"Yes, Phillip, if I am worthy," she whispered.

Their wedding was arranged to take place the 1st of September, and a short time previous to that date Agnes was engaged in perusing a daily paper, when her attention was attracted by a paragraph stating that Allen Bartlett—who had always been considered a man of wealth—was now under arrest and in prison for committing heavy forgeries.

She handed the paper to Florence, pointing out the item as she did so, and with a shudder exclaimed, "It is just as I expected."

The next paper brought intelligence that no doubt was entertained of his guilt, and that Mr. Powell would be a heavy loser, in fact nearly ruined, as he held undorsed papers of Bartlett's to the extent of many thousands.

This news of her father's apparent ruin affected Agnes considerably, and she had made up her mind to visit him at once, but after a consultation with Florence she concluded to write to him, which she did, and asked his pardon, and informed him of her whereabouts, and what she had been doing.

No mention, however, was made of her engagement to Mr. Ellsworth.

Her father read her letter with feelings more of sorrow than of anger, but at its close he exclaimed, "My daughter was right, and it may be well said that women are the best judges of rascals, after all."

In a few days he visited Agnes, who was much affected as well as surprised at his unexpected visit. He expressed deep regret for the trials he had caused her, and begged that she would return with him.

Agnes promised that she would return, but that it was impossible to do so before the 1st of September.

Phillip Ellsworth came the evening of her father's departure, and was greatly surprised at the turn of affairs. On the day of their marriage Phillip sent the following telegram to Mr. Powell:

LOWELL, Sept. 1, 18—  
Expect us on the 2:30 train.

AGNES.

Mr. Powell was rather perplexed over the word "us" in the telegram, but supposed it a mistake or that some lady friend was coming with his daughter.

On their arrival, and after an affectionate greeting with her father was over, Agnes introduced her husband, saying, "Father, this is Mr. Ellsworth, my husband. He is superintendent of the Arthusa Cotton Mills at Lowell."

A cloud gathered for a moment on her father's brow; then he grasped Phillip by the hand, saying:

"Welcome to this, our home, and may you both be happy."

Phillip Ellsworth continued in his situation, and in time became a partner in the mills.

Mr. Powell did all in his power to make both happy as an atonement for the past, and his efforts might be said to have been crowned with success.

## Almost a Monologue.

"How do you like my new dress?" inquired Mrs. De Jaison of her husband.

"Isn't it a little—"

"No it isn't. Now, Alfred, I think you're just horrid. It's the new color, emerald green."

"Yes, dear, but I was only going to say—"

"Oh, I know! That it isn't the color I ought to wear. If it was that horrid Miss — you would think it lovely."

"But I didn't mean—"

"Yes, you did, too. You're mean enough for anything. And you never noticed my new chip hat, either."

"Why, my love, I thought—"

"You thought! Of course you did—it makes me look frightful. I—I—(sob, sob)—declare it's too-o-b-a-d!"

"If you'd only let me speak—"

"Speak! Why, what else have you done for the last half hour—just to find fault, too, with everything I had on? What's that? A diamond for my birthday present? Oh, you dear, precious old sweet! Why didn't you say so, and not tease me so? I couldn't imagine what you wanted to say."—*Detroit Free Press.*

JAPANESE engineers propose to adopt a system of earthwork defenses protected by an iron shield one foot in thickness, and extending twenty-five feet each side of the gun.

## BASE-BALL.

### The Struggle for the Championship Between the Clubs of the National League.

### The Detroit and Chicago Teams Neck and Neck—President Spalding Interviewed.

[CHICAGO CORRESPONDENCE.]

Chicago has played its long-anticipated series of games with Detroit upon the town's own grounds, and although it yielded to the Wolverines the lead in the recent race for a single day, it left there finally still in front of all its rivals. It was hard work, however, and the lead now held by Anson is such a slight one as to make Chicago's position in the race anything but secure.

"Don't you feel just a little shaky over the situation?" asked our correspondent of President Spalding to-day.

"Shaky?" echoed the head of the possible pennant winners of 1888; "why, phaw! my dear sir, I have seen too many league championships won and lost to feel worried over the result at this stage of the race. Why, the fun has just commenced."

"Undoubtedly; but how is it going to end?"

"Why, in the only way it can end. Chicago will win the championship without a doubt."

"What makes you think so?"

"Well, simply because there is nothing in the field that can stay with us."

"Detroit seems to be making a pretty good stagger at it—don't you think?"

"Now, see here; there has got to be a second and there has got to be a third club in the race, just as well as a first, hasn't there? Well, naturally, the best organized and the best managed teams will come to the top. In the championship struggle, and although Chicago has been holding first place right along, it has had the best teams in the country to fight in its efforts to do so. Some people seem to think the Chicago team should have started right when it took the lead some weeks ago and have galloped away from the field without an effort or setback. Now how ridiculous. The New York and Detroit teams, to say the least, are some of the oldest, most capable, and most experienced ball-players in the business. They have shown themselves capable of putting up just as good a game of ball as Chicago puts up, and, although I confidently believe we will beat these teams out, there will be no walkover recorded in the League pennant race this year."

"The Chicago team as now organized," continued Mr. Spalding, "is superior to any team in the country, in my opinion, in base-running and holding. It has made some costly errors at times, to be sure, but no team ever existed that has not done the same thing. In batting strength we are equal to any one of our rivals. New York has as its mainstays, Keefe, Welch, O'Rourke and Ewing; Detroit has Conaway, Getzen, Ben-nett, and Gansz; Philadelphia has Van Halten, Baldwin, Krock, and Egan; St. Louis has Denny, and Chicago has the best of the bunch—Barnes, Denny, and Darling. Not one of Chicago's pitchers or back-stops is deteriorating. On the contrary, they are improving with each week of the season, and, barring some unexpected series of accidents and misfortune, Chicago will finish the season with the best drilled and most effective team of ball-players in the race. In one thing I am sure, the Chicago team shown in its present make-up, is in batting. They have not for the past three weeks been hitting the ball as successfully as their two most formidable opponents have done, and to that fact alone I attribute the near approach of Detroit and New York to the lead in the race. These attacks of—well, lethargy, I may say, with the bat are of common occurrence in a ball team, but they are just as sure to pass away as they are to occur. I expect to see the home team pick up very shortly in batting, and when it begins to hit the ball as I know it is fully capable of doing, the side who have been a sorry thing that the boys had started down a toboggan slide in the League race will begin to see where the Chicago team is superior—as a whole—to any of the teams now fighting it for the pennant."

"What, in your opinion, is the matter with the Chicago team as it is now?"

"Yes, but it is through no lack of ability. I'll venture to say that they could rejoin the Chicago Club, and under Anson's captaincy and with the support they would receive from the Chicago fielders, play as good a battery game as they ever played. There is such a thing, you know, as spoiling a good player."

"Have you signed the players you expect to take to Australia with you this fall?"

"About half of them. Nearly all of the Chicago players will go, and, under the name of 'The Chicago' will play a picked team selected from the ranks of the League and Association, to be known as 'The All-American Team.' Mr. Lynch, who is associated with me in the trip, is working hard in perfecting our arrangements, and in due time the plans of the trip in detail will be given to the public. I am receiving letters of inquiry almost daily from people who want to gratify their desire for an Australian trip by accompanying the teams, and it looks very much as though America would be well represented when we land at Sydney. Mr. Lynch is arranging for special rates from here to Sydney and return, so that those who want to go so will probably be enabled to make the trip under a comparatively small outlay and most favorable conditions."

## DIAMOND GOSSIP.

George Gore is playing good ball for New York now. His bad work in the first part of the season has been amply "squared" by his recent good work.

"Smiling Mickey" Welch is having a hard time in the box lately. The opposing batsmen like his delivery as much as the New York Club did his unrelenting.

A. G. Spalding pitched in a game, last Saturday, played between two teams representing the houses of A. G. Spalding & Bros. and the Western Arms Company. Two thousand people were present, and the game netted \$319, which was presented to the Woman's Hospital of Chicago.

Sam G. Morton, President of the Western Association, denies that there is any danger of that organization going to pieces. "One or two correspondents," says Sam, "have been croaking about the approaching disbandment of our teams, and have stated that the Chicago Club in particular was in a financial pickle from which it could never escape. That is false. Our teams are now enjoying excellent weather—something we did not enjoy during the first weeks of the season, and the attendance at the games at all points has increased so steadily that the teams are now beginning to be self-supporting, and promise a fine season's closes on investments that many would like to put their money into. The exhibition of Sunday game at Minneapolis, last week, without doubt crippled Minneapolis badly, but Gooding writes me that he can see his way clear, and that he is confident of staying in the Association."

"As for the Maroons," continued Sam, "it would be a hard job to buy our franchise now than it would have been a month ago. We never have thought of selling, for that matter, but we are in a better position to stick to-day than we have been since we organized."

Spalding's Australian trip is assured. The steamer *Albatross* has been chartered for the exclusive use of the party, which will, it is expected, number about 25. The lithographing and printing is already done.

Cherry Brynan, of the Chicago Club, has been released to the St. Paul (Western Association) Club, the amount of the release money being \$1,000.

## Wine from Rose Leaves.

Says a lady of this city, who is a good housekeeper: "I visited a friend recently, and she gave me a glass of wine. It was of a pale-amber tint, and had all the sparkle and delicacy and flavor of champagne, and when opened popped loudly. It was effective, though mild as a stimulant, and I thought it very fine. I asked what variety of grape it was made from, and my friend told me that it was made of rose leaves. 'Take the freshly picked leaves,' she said, 'and put into a jar alternately a layer of leaves and sugar, and pour over all a little cold water. In four days strain, let stand a week, and then bottle for use.' The wine is a delightful beverage."—*Atlanta Journal.*



To the Public.

As announced in our last issue we have sold the plant and business of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS to Mr. L. Mulder, publisher of *De Grondwet*, who will take charge of the paper next week. Mr. Mulder takes all the accounts of the office and carries out all unfinished contracts for subscription, advertising, and job printing. Those who have an account against us and are indebted to the office, can bring in their account as an offset, and Mr. Mulder will see the proper credit given. We should be pleased to see this done as early as possible so as to get the affairs of the office closed up at an early date.

For sixteen and one-half years the HOLLAND CITY NEWS has been published in this city, during which time we have been connected with it, in one capacity or the other, for over twelve years, six and one-half years as its editor and publisher. It is with feelings of deep regret therefore that we sever our connection with so old a friend and turn its affairs over to a comparative stranger to its past mission, but not to its present field of usefulness and business.

During the years that we have conducted the News we have made many warm and dear friends, to whom we take this opportunity to return our thanks for their confidence and patronage, assuring them that if our business calls us to a home elsewhere we shall always cherish their memory and hold dear the many acts of kindness of which we have been the recipient. It would be strange, if in our experience as editor of the News, we had not made some people in the city, feel unkindly toward us. To those we can say good-bye with feelings of regret also, assuring them of our good will and of our sympathy in their misguided animosity.

We desire to ask our friends and old customers and patrons to give their patronage and business to the new publisher of the News, who will, we have no doubt, continue to toot the journalistic horn for the best interests of Holland City and its environments. Mr. Mulder has decided to make the paper Republican in politics and to labor for the interests of the Republican party as well as for the interests of the city. There is no doubt but what he will do this well and that he will be entitled to the undivided support of all who desire to see the advancement of the business interests of Holland so far as a first-class local paper can contribute to that end.

With our best wishes for the up-building and prosperity of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS and of Holland City, we are, Respectfully,

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.

Announcement.

As stated in the News last week, this paper has been purchased by me, and will appear next week as a Republican newspaper.

Before presenting the new paper I can announce to its present readers that the News will have the following new features: The paper will be enlarged to the size of *De Grondwet*, and will be cut, folded, and pasted as that paper is now. It will be printed on new type, upon a first-class steam press, and continue the reputation it has acquired under Mr. Rogers' charge, of being the best printed English paper in Ottawa County.

The book and job printing department will be maintained with new presses and type, to enable me to do the best of work at short notice.

Politically the News will favor the election of Harrison and Morton, and the success of the American policy of protecting the laborer of this country against the poorly paid and ignorant workmen of Europe. While the paper will do this, it will

respect the opinions of those who may differ from its views; and leave mud throwing and personal quarrels to other hands.

The paper will advocate all judicious public improvements, and be ready at all times to help any movements which will build up the City of Holland and add to the interests of Ottawa and Allegan Counties.

I shall expect to merit the support of the people of this locality, by furnishing them with an excellent newspaper and no pains or expense will be spared to make the paper a success. I hope to receive the news of Ottawa and Allegan Counties from the former correspondents of the paper, and its columns will be open at all times to communications from its readers on subjects of general interest.

An agricultural department will be added to the paper, and other changes will be made in the reading matter.

The paper will be under the editorial management of Mr. John C. Post; the advertising and business departments will be controlled by me at my office.

L. MULDER.

THE Mills anti-tariff bill which was passed last Saturday and which was endorsed by the Democratic National Convention in advance, cruelly cuts into Michigan's most important products while leaving important products of other states as well protected as ever. Will the people of Michigan quietly accept such discrimination against them?

THE Democrats in convention last week Thursday and Friday placed in nomination their state ticket with Wellington R. Burt, of East Saginaw, at the head for Governor. Rokus Kanters, of this city, was nominated as an elector for the Fifth District and it is an honor well conferred. The platform simply endorses the platform of the St. Louis convention, with all of its objectionable features, and free trade and other old line democratic dogmas are emphatically coincided with.

List of letters remaining in the post office at Holland, Mich., July 26, 1888: A. S. Ainsworth, William Bock, Jr., Mert Berdekltens, Willard Burgens, A. H. David, F. A. Johnson, William Osen.

J. G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

REV. P. MOERDYKE, who has been spending a few days with his family at Macatawa Park, visited the Teachers' Institute or Normal Class which Prof. James W. Humphrey, of Wayland, is conducting at Holland, and reports that it is the most successful affair of the kind ever organized in the state. There are nearly one hundred teachers in attendance and they are more than pleased with the course of instruction. Prof. Humphrey is being assisted by Prof. Latta, of Allegan, and Prof. Taylor, of Nunica.—*Grand Rapids Daily Democrat*, July 10, 1888.

New Advertisements.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage made and executed by William Hudson and Hannah Hudson, (his wife), both of Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, to Martin Likaart of the same place, dated March 26th, A. D. 1886, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Ottawa on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., of that date in Liber 31 of Mortgages, at page 625, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and ninety-one, and ninety-five one hundredths (\$191 95-100) dollars, said mortgage by reason of the default in the payment of interest therein stipulated to be paid, having declared the whole sum secured by said mortgage due and payable. No suit at law having been commenced to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, and by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, notice is hereby given that on

Saturday, the 25th day of October,

A. D. 1888, at

at eleven o'clock, a. m., I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House in the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court of said county) the premises and appurtenances in said mortgage described to pay the amount due on said mortgage with seven per cent interest and all legal costs of sale, including the stipulated interest of twenty-five dollars in said mortgage mentioned. Said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: Three and one-half (3 1/2) rods east and west by eleven and three-fourths (11 3/4) rods north and south, in the south-east corner of the following described piece of land to-wit: Commencing at a certain point being ten (10) rods due east from the south-west corner of the south-east quarter (1/4) of the south-east quarter (1/4) of section number fifteen (15), township number five (5) north, range number fourteen (14) west, running thence north parallel with the west line of said south-east quarter (1/4) of the south-east quarter to the north-west corner of the east half (1/2) of the east half (1/2) of said south-east quarter (1/4) of the south-east quarter, thence south along the west line of said east half of the east half till a point being forty-nine (49) rods due north from the south-west corner of said east half of the east half, running thence due west thirty-two and two-thirds (32 2/3) rods, thence due south till the south line of the lot, and thence west along said section line till the point of beginning, containing fifteen acres more or less, the land hereby conveyed being one-fourth of an acre in the south-east corner of the land conveyed by Wopke Van Haltema to Hendrik Huseon on the 16th day of March in the year 1861.

Dated: July 25th, A. D. 1888.

MARTIN LIKAART, Mortgagee.

S. WESSELIUS, Attorney for Mortgagee.

26-121.

HOUSE FURNISHING

By mail. Send ten cents for postage and receive our Illustrated Catalogue 270 pages all bargains and the Grand Rapids Cook Book, 80 pages, every receipt signed. Price \$1.00 but sent free if you cut this out and mention this paper. Silver, China, Glass, Tin, Iron, Wooden and Willow Ware, Toys and Fancy Goods. Old Reliable House. H. LEONARD'S SONS & CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

26-41.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Antonie De Kok and Elizabeth De Kok, his wife of the City of Holland, Ottawa County, Michigan, to John R. Kleyn, of the same place, dated the 14th day of August A. D. 1886, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, on the 23rd day of September A. D. 1886 in Liber No. 37 of Mortgages on page 108, which was on the 25th day of July A. D. 1888 duly assigned by said John R. Kleyn to Gerrit J. Diekema, of Holland City, Ottawa County, Michigan, and which said assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan on the 25th day of July A. D. 1888, in Liber No. 35 of Mortgages on page 52 on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of One Hundred Seventy-nine Dollars and eight cents, and no suit or proceedings to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on the

Twenty-second day of October,

A. D. 1888,

at eleven o'clock in the fore-noon I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court-House in the City of Grand Haven that being the place where the Circuit Court for Ottawa County is holden the premises described in said mortgage, with eight per cent interest, and all legal costs, the premises being described in said mortgage as all that certain piece of land, situate in the City of Holland, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: All of the East seventy-five (75) feet of Lot Ten (10) in Block Sixty-five (65) in said City of Holland, according to the original plot of the Village (now City) of Holland, of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan.

Dated: Holland, July 26th A. D. 1888.

GERRIT J. DIEKEMA,

Assignee of Mortgage.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment of a mortgage made by Edsel S. Gale and Hattie Gale, his wife, of Holland Township, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Jan Van Dyk, Sr., of the same place, dated March Fourth, A. D. 1884, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County on March Sixth, A. D. 1884, in Liber 16 of Mortgages on page 314, (and which mortgage was assigned by said Jan Van Dyk to Fillmore Bird, by assignment in writing, dated March Third, A. D. 1885, and recorded on March Seventh, A. D. 1885, in said Register's office, in Liber 30 of mortgages on page 117, and said mortgage was assigned by said Fillmore Bird, to Jan Van Dyk by assignment in writing, dated February Sixteenth, A. D. 1886, and recorded in said Register's office on June Twenty-seventh, A. D. 1888, in Liber 35 of mortgages, on page 10), on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of four Hundred and Fifty-two Dollars and thirty-eight cents, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; Notice is, therefore, hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as is necessary, to pay the amount due on said mortgage with interest and costs, including the attorney's fees provided by said mortgage and by law, at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the

First day of October, A. D. 1888,

at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, that said mortgaged premises to be sold being: That part of the north-west fractional quarter of section thirty (30), township number five (5), north of range fifteen (15) west, which is described as lot numbered three (3) in said north-west fractional quarter of section thirty (30), according to a map thereof from a survey made by Bernardus Grootenbul, of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, containing according to said survey, twenty acres, more or less. Also the north half of the north-west fractional quarter of section eighteen (18), township five (5), north of range fifteen (15) west, in said county and State, except two pieces of land described as follows, a certain piece of land bounded on the east, south and north sides, by the east, south and north lines of said north half of the north-west fractional quarter of said section 18, and bounded on the west side by a line parallel with the east line, and thirteen and eighty-two one hundredths chains west of said east line, being twenty-seven and eighty-four one hundredths acres of land, more or less. Also, excepting a certain piece described as commencing fifty-six rods and twenty (20) links east from the north-west corner of said section eighteen (18), township five (5), north of range fifteen west, and running thence east along the section line fifty-eight rods, seven and one-half links, thence south thirty-four rods, four and one-third links, thence west parallel with north line fifty-eight rods, seven and one-half links, thence north parallel with east line thirty-four (34) rods, four and one-third links, to place of beginning, twelve and forty-five one hundredths acres of land. Also, excepting from said north half of north-west fractional quarter the following land released from said mortgage by release in writing, recorded in said Register's office in Liber 28 of mortgages, page 95, described as follows: Commencing at north-west corner of section eighteen (18), township 5, north of range 15 west and running from thence east along the north section line of said section 18 for a distance of 56 rods and 20 links, thence south on a line parallel with the west section line of said section 18 till where it strikes the south line of the north-west quarter of the north-west quarter of said section eighteen, thence west parallel with the north line until it strikes the west section line of said section eighteen, from thence north along said section line to place of beginning, being twenty-eight and four one hundredths acres of land, more or less.

Dated: June 30th, 1888.

JAN VAN DYK, Assignee of Mortgage.

J. C. POST, Attorney.

25-121.

FARMERS

—AND—

FRUITGROWERS

I have

21 Horses and Mares,

which I will sell or exchange on the most

reasonable terms.

I have also two yoke of

Working Cattle,

One square box top buggy, one square

box open buggy, a number of wide tire

wagons with wagon boxes, and a number

of set of working harnesses which I will

sell or exchange.

ALL HORSES AND CATTLE

sold or exchanged by me are

guaranteed to be as

represented.

ED. J. HARRINGTON, Jr.

Holland, Mich., July 20, 1888.

Sheet Music

CHEAPEST and BEST in THE WORLD

Send for catalogue of 3,000 pieces of late and popular Sheet Music. Vocal and Instrumental, all standard, full size, regular editions. Sold at 10c each. Special rates to teachers, or on orders of 3 pieces or more. All music publications at cut prices. Mention this paper. Address: JAMES L. MERRIOTT, 265 Fifth Ave. Chicago, Ill.

24-17

# Grandest Suit Sale

EVER INAUGURATED IN

## GRAND RAPIDS.

\$10

20 Styles of Fine Cassimere and Scotch Cheviot Suits, both in Sack and Cutaways, any suit in the lot for

\$10. \$10. \$10.

\$10

This will clean out our entire Stock of Summer Suits.

\$10

Every suit of our own well known manufacture, and warranted first-class in quality, fit and workmanship.

## HOUSEMAN, DONNALLY & JONES,

Reliable and Square Dealing Clothiers,

34, 36 and 38 Monroe St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

A. HARRINGTON, A. O. HUSTED, I. H. GARVELINK.

Harrington, Husted & Co.,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Handle all kinds of Fruit and Produce. We solicit your consignments of fruit and guarantee good sales and prompt returns.

274 S. Water street, Chicago, Ill. 18-6m.

# The "Best" Tonic

U. S. MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE, DISTRICT OF THE GREAT LAKES, PORT OF LUDINGTON, MICH., SURGEON'S OFFICE, March 9, 1888. *Phil. Best Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.* GENTLEMEN:—Having tested "The Best Tonic" and observed its effects when used by my patients, I find it both invigorates and promotes digestion, giving a normal tone to the stomach and thereby increasing the appetite. That it is a pure concentrated liquid extract of Malt and Hops and is really and properly a food tonic, and as such I can very cheerfully recommend its use. Very respectfully, A. P. MCCONNELL, M. D.

Recommended by prominent physicians, and for sale by all druggists.

## BUSINESS IN FULL BLAST

At the Chicago Clothing House.

HENDERSON FETCHES THE CROWD.

There is a well founded belief that we sell cheap, and have on hand a well assorted Spring Stock of

MEN'S, BOYS', AND CHILDREN'S SUITS.

Hats and Caps in abundance. Fine line of Furnishing Goods. Rubbers and Oil Goods, Etc., Etc.

L. HENDERSON, Chicago Clothing House, River Street, Holland.

JOHN PESSINK & BRO.,

Wholesalers and Retailers of

Candies, Nuts, Bakers' Goods

CRACKERS, FOREIGN FRUITS, ETC.

The trade supplied with everything in this line at lowest prices

We are Agents for the Fairview Cheese Factory.

GIVE US A CALL!

N. B.—We are prepared to furnish Cakes for Wedding Receptions and Banquets of every description, shape, style, and price.

JOHN PESSINK & BRO.

Holland, Mich., Oct. 12, 1887.



## OUT AROUND.

### Ottawa Station.

July 25.  
E. S. Barlow is now in motion with his steam thrasher.

We were favored with a nice shower of rain last Saturday night.  
Fred N. Waffle and wife, of Holland, visited with their parents here on Sunday and Monday.

A little recently found, but not on the doorstep, is now in the home of John Bedell, and being tenderly and faithfully cared for.

Green corn, cucumbers, and cobs, which constitute a tripple alliance to produce individual unpleasantness, are now to be found here in the rural home.

The harvesting of wheat and rye here is completed. The yield will be much better than anticipated in the spring. Oats are good and becoming ready to cut.

At a dance held lately at the home of Henry Chaseman, who lives near Olive Center, it is reported that some of the leading church members of that locality took an active part.

We regret to give the parting had in these columns to our old friend Y. H. Rogers, and hope that should our identity with the paper continue, that our relations with our new acquaintance may prove as pleasant as those in the past. The short paragraph announcing this change, contained no intimation of the future intentions of our old friend, but conjecture points to a selection of locality somewhere in the vicinity of the Liesman spring. If this should prove to be the case, then we may reasonably expect in due course of time to hear more concerning these wonderful waters.

William Roberts lost an excellent young cow this week. The case developed all the symptoms of poison by hals green, but how or where she got it is one of the mysteries, as she was never known to have been in a potato patch or drug store where such poison is used or kept, and no suspicious have heretofore been entertained concerning such a deadly nature of the atmosphere. Fraizer W. Headley also lost a nice young cow here a short time ago, which died very suddenly and mysteriously, and as she had been missing a week when found, no investigation could be made. But now people here look upon the cases as identical.

After laboring for this charge for the term of five or six months, and paying the sum of thirty dollars more than received, for subsistence, etc., the Rev. Charles Norton was dismissed or allowed to withdraw from this field of labor and go home. There was also an effort made to rob him of his good name and make the programme complete. This people seem to think that free salvation includes the services of the preacher, who in addition is supposed to pay for his own board. In our brief acquaintance with Mr. Norton we have always found him a gentleman, and believe that morally, intellectually, and religiously he will compare favorably with the majority of itinerant methodist ministers.

"ANDREW."

### Lake Shore.

July 26.

The boys had "Red" where the hair was "short" beach combing on last Tuesday. There was quite a lot of shingles coming in, and the boys from the north and south congregated in the water in front of his farm and fluted the bunches each way beyond his lines before they lodged upon the beach. Tom happened to be away from home at the time and on coming home he fairly went wild over the matter. He went down on the beach and looked each way but "nary a shingle could be seen to goggle." So now he calls the boys sneaks, thieves, etc., and says he will have them arrested for it if the law will uphold him, which possibly it may, that is in case he can control Lake Michigan.

Geo. Souter and family, and the relatives of the Souter's in general, picniced at Ottawa Beach on Wednesday, July 25.

The man working for Mr. Purdy haying on the old cranberry marsh report having killed from two to five rattlesnakes in one day. Eddy Ogden took home as relics the rattles off from nine different snakes, one having nine joints, or rattles.

N. W. Ogden says that he intends starting out with his threshing machine next Saturday. He says that he has a full team, dog under the wagon, and tar bucket tied to the ranch.

Report is that Jim Shaver has made his "pile" threshing so he has sold out to Jim Frank who will try this season to make his stake.

J. D. Cochran and family have moved back on their place again.

Sol Johnston had the misfortune to lose one of his horses last week.

"JAKE."

### Zeeland.

July 26.  
Last Saturday Mr. Rindge, of Rindge, Bertsch & Co., took possession of the boot and shoe shop of P. Ilsen. Assets, \$400; Liabilities, \$300.

Mr. Boggs, of Holland, was in town yesterday looking for a few prohibitionists. Do not know whether he found any or not, but he drew a large audience on the streets during a debate with one of our leading Republicans.

Roy, the horse formerly owned by A. De Kruij, of this place, won the 2:35 class in three straight heats at the races in Detroit. Time: 2:24, 2:23, 2:23 1/2. Purse \$2,000. Guy, by Kentucky Prince, won the three-minute race. Time: 2:10 1/2, distancing all other horses in the race. It makes "Tony" smile. Eli Wilkes' dam being sired by the same horse and Fred Folger, by Kentucky Prince, getting a record in his first race of 2:20 1/4. Roy and Fred Folger are both entered at Rochester, N. Y., in the ten thousand dollar stake and will certainly be very "hot" company.

We wish to correct the error in your last issue in regard to the amount of money in the treasury of the Republican Club. It should be \$50 instead of \$5.00. There is now over \$75.00.

Miss Lulu Eckerman, of Muskegon, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Benjamin.

"TIM."

### Olive Center.

July 26.

Mrs. Fordyce Lyon has returned home from a protracted stay at Chippewa Lake, Mecosta County.

Ira Conklin has gone to Laketown for a while.

Wheat harvest is over and the cutting of oats has already commenced. Twine binders are playing quite an important part in the harvesting hereabouts this year.

Hughes & Southfield, is the name of a new threshing firm that has sprung up in our midst all of a sudden, they have a new improved "Advance" and expect to do business just as cheap as anybody.

The Grangers have an all day session next Saturday, with feast attachments and open grange in afternoon. The best mode of preparing ground for wheat and the kind best adapted to this section, will be discussed at the open meeting.

Pastures are very poor in most places. Rev. N. L. Brockway, of Agnew, and daughter Alice, were guests at J. D. Merritt's Saturday night.

"CRANK."

### West Olive.

July 26.

Everybody is asking for rain.

W. M. Jacques is on the sick list this week.

G. W. Davidson is putting an addition to his house.

BORN:—To Mr. and Mrs. John Bedell, July 19—a girl.

Jack Horis arrived in town Saturday from Clintonville, Pa.

Miss Olive Tumble left last Saturday for Battle Creek, Mich., to visit her sister, Mrs. Marsh.

### Agnew.

July 26.

Mrs. Delos Barrows, who has been on the sick list, has almost entirely recovered. The factory is busy making peach baskets to supply the very large demand.

Mr. J. D. Edward has sold his peach farm to Mr. Barrows, of Wisconsin, a brother to Mr. Delos Barrows, of this place, to take possession in October. While we are always ready to welcome new comers we are loath to part with our old neighbors, especially those who were so long and favorably known as Mr. Edward. We wish him abundant success in whatever pursuit he may engage.

"TUG BUTTON."

### OLIVE'S PARTY.

West Olive town got up a party

An' thrus for yeez we had a toime  
The byes and the gurrils all ate quite hearty  
An' the grub disappeared in a way that's foine.  
The old folks ate till they wor tired  
The folks I niver saw before  
But "Olive" was the most admired,  
For the illigant way he yelled for more.

Bill Jacques came up to the table  
Shure, twas a sin the way he ate,  
He shured away all he was able  
No man alive his loikes can bate.  
McKinty, too, ate long and fast,  
By the powers of mud its niver a loie  
When he had to be carried away at last  
He made a grab for a big mince pie.

And "Olive" fainted at the table,  
They brought him to with Holland gin  
But just as soon as he was able,  
By the howly powers salled in agin.  
He spoiled the grub, both left an' right,  
An' looked about with greedy eyes  
Shure the table was a sorry sight  
For he ate, 'pon me sowl, near eighteen pie.

An' Mr. Boone, the delicate crathure,  
About a bushel he did ate,  
And showed his very modest nature  
By askin' for banes an' a chunk of mate.  
An' all in all 'twas quite a party  
But came to an ending mighty quick  
For every won had ate so hearty,  
Except "Tug Button," all were sick.

BRYAN O'LYNN.

### A CARD.

We desire to thank the true friends who showed us many acts of kindness, during the burial of our little son, who was drowned on Saturday, July 21. We shall ever hold them in high esteem.

MR. AND MRS. MORTON.

### The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Yates & Kane's, Holland, and A. De Kruij's Drug Store, Zeeland.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys and Justices.

DEKEMA G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, I., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

### Bakeries.

BLOM, C. Jn., dealer in Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, Foreign Fruits, Tobacco and Cigars. Blom's new block, Eighth street.

CITY BAKERY, J. Peesink & Bro., Proprietors. Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

### Bank.

HOLLAND CITY BANK, foreign and domestic exchange bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Eighth street.

### Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tondorial Parlors Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

### Boots and Shoes.

HELDER, J. D., the cheapest place in the city to buy Boots and Shoes, River street.

VAN DUREN BROS., dealers in Boots and shoes. A large assortment always on hand. Eighth street.

### Clothing.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, keeps the largest stock of Cloths and Ready-made Clothing in city. Eighth street.

VORST W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing clothing a specialty cheap and good. River street.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

### Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist: a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers. Stock always fresh and complete, cor Eighth and River streets.

### Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

CRANDELL, S. E., dealer in Department Goods, and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DE JONGH, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth street opp. Union School building.

DEVRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy Butter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEEKRE BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Crockery in city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

WERKMAN, R. E., proprietor of the Phoenix Cheap Cash Store and dealer in General Merchandise, cor. River and Tenth streets.

WISE J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite City Hall.

### Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Picture Frames, etc.; River St.

VERBEEK, W., dealer in Furniture, Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Household Decorations and Novelties. Eighth Street.

### Flour Mills.

WALSH, DE ROO & CO., Manufacturers of Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roller Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

### Hardware.

KANTERS BROS., dealers in general hardware, steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52 Eighth street.

VAN OORT, J. B., dealer in General Hardware, Stoves, Paints, Oils, Glass, etc., Eighth street, opp. Post Office.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hardware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheet iron ware. Corner River and Eighth street.

### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PAKE HOUSE, David L. Boyd, proprietor. Has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished. Terms moderate. Cor. Fish and Ninth streets.

PHOENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, Proprietor. Located near depot of C. & W. M. R'y. A well appointed hotel. Rates reasonable.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

HARRINGTON, E. J., Jr., proprietor of Holland City Sale and Exchange Stable. General livery done, cor. Market and Seventh st.

HOPKINS, G. W., proprietor of Market Street Livery and Sale Stable. Good Turnouts can be had at all times.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FLEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor, capacity Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor. Maple and Tenth streets.

HOLLAND CITY STAVE FACTORY, Joseph Fixter, proprietor, manufacturer of Staves and Headings. White and Black Ash Bolts bought. River Street.

HOLLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, L. T. Kanters, General Manager. Wind-Mills, Tanks, etc., a specialty.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist, Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder, and Contractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. R. Kleyn Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick, Sixth street.

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, B. L. Scott, proprietor, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, and brick. River street.

THE CAPRON & BERTSCH LEATHER CO., tanners of Hemlock slaughter Sole, Harness, Grain, Calf and Kip. Office, Grand Rapids.

TAKKEN & DE SPELDER, Manufacturers of Carriages, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs. Sole owners of IXL Patent Wagon. Special attention to Horse-shoeing and Repairing. River street.

TE ROLLER, HEIN, Builder and Designer of all kinds of Buildings. Office on River street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana filled. Smoke them. For sale by all dealers.

WILMS P., Pump manufacturer, and dealer in Agricultural implements of all kinds. South River street.

### Merchant Tailors.

BRUSSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

### Marble Works.

DE MERRELL, N., dealer in Granite and Marble Monuments, Headstones, Tablets. Building Work done. Eighth street.

### Meat Markets.

DIBBLE & LOZIER, Fresh and Salt Meats, Sausages, Poultry, Fish, etc. Successors to C. Dok & Son, River Street.

VAN DUREN & VAN DER VEER, First Ward Meat Market. Choice meats always on hand. Eighth street, near Fish.

### Millinery.

VAN DEN BERGE L. & S. CO., Millinery and Fancy Goods. The oldest millinery establishment in the city. Cor. Eighth and Cedar streets.

### Photographers.

KELLER, H., all kinds of work in the photographic line executed with care and dispatch. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size. Cabinet Photos \$2.00 per doz. Gallery on Eighth St., opp. News office.

### Physicians.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours: from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's Drug Store. Residence, Corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in house formerly occupied by L. Sprietema. Office Hours: 9 to 10 a. m., and 5 to 6 p. m.

WETMORE, J. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office Hours: 10:30 a. m. to 12 m., 2:30 to 4 p. m., and 7:30 to 9 p. m. Office: Upstairs in Sutton's new building.

### Real Estate Agency.

VAN WERT, T. M., Proprietor Holland Real Estate Agency. Property of all kinds, bought, sold or exchanged.

### Saloons.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all kinds. Eighth street near River.

SEERY, MICHAEL, Dealer in Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. Saloon in First Ward, three doors east of City Hall.

### Second Hand Store.

BOSMAN, A. B., proprietor of Second Hand Store, and dealer in Stoves, Tinware, etc. Eighth street.

### Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

### Miscellaneous.

BEST, MRS. R. B., has a very fine line of Fancy Goods and materials for fancy work. Ladies, call. Ninth street, between Market and Cedar streets.

COMISKEY, J. H., Agent for the celebrated and world renowned Singer Sewing Machine. It beats them all. Call opposite the Post Office.

DE KEYSER, C., Newspaper and Periodical Subscription Agency. Leave order for any publication in U. S. or Canada with him at P. O.

KEPPEL, T., dealer in lumber, lath, shingles, salt, and cleaned plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar streets.

## New Advertisements.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA, } S.S.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Wednesday, the Twenty Fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty eight. Present, Charles E. Soule, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jan Broersma, deceased.  
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Maatje Broersma, widow of said deceased, representing that said Jan Broersma, late of the Township of Zeeland in said County, lately died intestate, leaving estate to be administered, and praying for the appointment of Dirk Tanis Administrator thereof:

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the Twenty First day of August next

at Eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said Petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in Grand Haven in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is Further Ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.  
(A true copy.) Attest,

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA, } S.S.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Wednesday, the Twenty Fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty eight. Present, Charles E. Soule, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Simon Broersma, deceased.  
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Jacob den Herder, executor of the will of said deceased, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may distribute said estate to the Legatees thereof in the will of said deceased, and be discharged from his trust as such executor:

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday the Twenty First day of August next

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted; And it is further ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) Attest,

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }  
COUNTY OF OTTAWA, } S.S.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Tuesday, the Twenty Fourth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty eight. Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Pieter Meussen, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Paul Steketee, executor of the will and estate of said deceased, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may distribute the remainder of said estate in his hands to the legatees thereof in the will of said deceased and be discharged from his trust as such executor:

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Twentieth day of August next

at Eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said Petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is Further Ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of



PLOTTING ANARCHISTS.

Alarming Disclosures Show that the Anarchists Are Still Planning for Murder and Revenge.

A Fiendish Plan to Assassinate Judges Grinnell and Gary and Capt. Bonfield Foiled.

(Chicago special telegram.)

A wicked and murderous conspiracy to assassinate the chief officers of the court and several prominent people who assisted in the prosecution of the case of the Chicago anarchists who suffered death at the hands of the law last fall, came to light by Inspector Bonfield and his assistants arresting three Bohemians named John Hronek, Frank Chapek, and Frank Chebowa. Hronek was the chief conspirator, and their principal prey was Judge Gary, who presided at the anarchist trial; Judge Grinnell, who conducted the prosecution; and Inspector Bonfield, who worked up the evidence. The plot was to be carried out regardless of the destruction of property. It was generally supposed that when the knots closed around the necks of the instigators of the Haymarket riot that Chicago would not be troubled for a while with the dull-brained and blood-thirsty villains who prey upon their victims unawares. The citizens of Chicago have lived in comparative peace, but to read of another conspiracy adds fresh horror. As the news of the arrests passed from mouth to mouth on the streets it was received with greatest surprise. Considerable dynamite, knives, and other destructive weapons were found in possession of the trio, but the form of destruction had not been determined. That part of the plot, so far as the three men whose blood they desired was concerned, seems to have been left to circumstances. The manner of death might be a thrust from a knife, a bullet from a pistol, or the explosion of a dynamite bomb.

Anarchy was not killed when its chiefs were executed. It was not even scotched. Shortly after the first conspirators were convicted of the large groups of the International disbanded. Their members gave public notice that the anarchists were disorganized. They united in quite a different manner on a much more dangerous plan. They organized in small groups. In most instances three sworn friends and determined anarchists constituted a group. No one outside the trio was made acquainted with the plans of the group, and the opportunities for detection were reduced to a minimum. Each anarchist



JOHN HRONEK, ALIAS "NUMBER ONE."

knew his fellow-members and it became next to impossible for a detective to get into a group. The anarchists also proposed to operate on a different plan. No wholesale murders like the Haymarket massacre were to be attempted. They selected their victims and arranged to kill them singly. The conscience that makes men under-stand in desperate deeds saved Judge Grinnell's life, and kept Judge Gary and Capt. Bonfield from assassination.

In the group arrested were John Hronek, of 2953 Farrell street; Frank Chapek, 498 Twentieth street; and a man named Frank Chebowa, living on Zion's place, a short street between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, running from Throop to Loomis. John Hronek is one of the dare-devil Ling type, a relentlessly vicious anarchist and a notorious seeker. He was No. 1 of the group, and the evil spirit of it. He has boasted that he was at the Haymarket riot and that he was one of the anarchists who sought to destroy the police on the night of May 4. Among his anarchist friends he has declared that he was supported by the anarchist organizations. Until recently he has been unemployed, except in a desultory manner. His occupation as a wood-worker has been prosecuted within the last week or two for the purpose, as he has said, of averting suspicion and of proving an alibi should he be suspected of the murders he had planned. The two others were drawn into his plans by Hronek's vehement and persistent talk of vengeance.

Hronek said that the cause of anarchy demanded the lives of Judge Grinnell, who as Prosecuting Attorney convicted the eight anarchists; Judge Gary, who tried and sentenced them; and Inspector John Bonfield, who worked up the cases against them. They agreed to kill these men in the order named. Grinnell was to be assassinated first, Gary next, and the third sacrifice to their vengeance was to be Capt. Bonfield. The methods of disposing of their victims were freely canvassed, but the minute details have not yet been developed.

After deciding upon the general plan of their murderous campaign the conspirators began to arrange its details. On July 4 they visited Aldine Square, the pretty park on which Mr. Grinnell's house fronts, and observed the location. They discussed the question as to whether it would be better to place a dynamite bomb under the house or to execute the deed with a revolver. The conspirators were armed with dynamite bombs, revolvers, and poisoned daggers. The circumstances and the opportunity were to decide which should be used. Hronek carried bombs in his pockets, a 38-caliber self-acting revolver, and a poisoned dagger when on his mission of revenge.

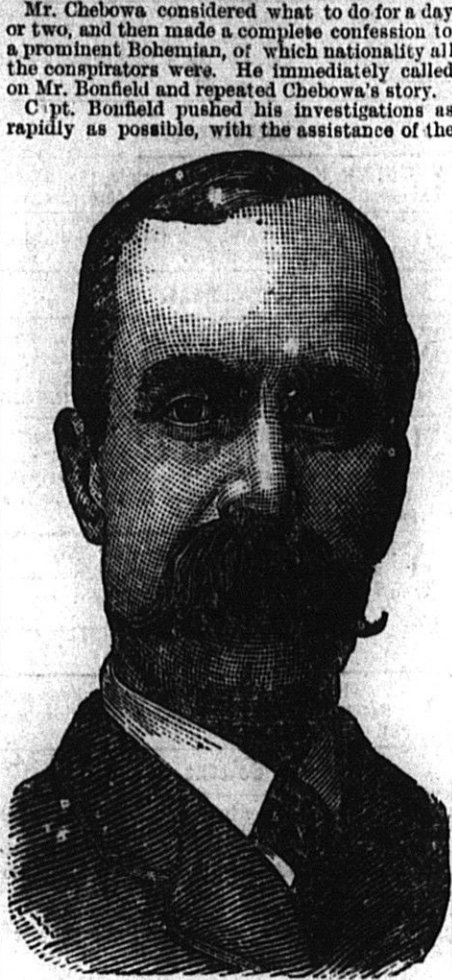
Chebowa is a pleasant-faced man of 27 years, and his countenance indicates too much milk of human kindness in his heart for cold-blooded, treacherous murder. Until their plans had reached the 4th of July point of preparation, Che-



CAPT. SCHAACK.

bowa had been carried along by the blood-thirsty impetuosity of Hronek. Chebowa said that Hronek's plan meant murder—deliberate, dastardly assassination. He was shocked at the prospect. The conspirators had arranged to assassinate Mr. Grinnell July 14. The mode of the killing had not been decided, but either a dynamite bomb was to be thrown into his bed-room or exploded beneath his residence, or he was to be enticed to the door and shot or stabbed to death.

Mr. Chebowa considered what to do for a day or two, and then made a complete confession to a prominent Bohemian, of which nationality all the conspirators were. He immediately called on Mr. Bonfield and repeated Chebowa's story. Capt. Bonfield pushed his investigations as rapidly as possible, with the assistance of the



JUDGE GRINNELL.

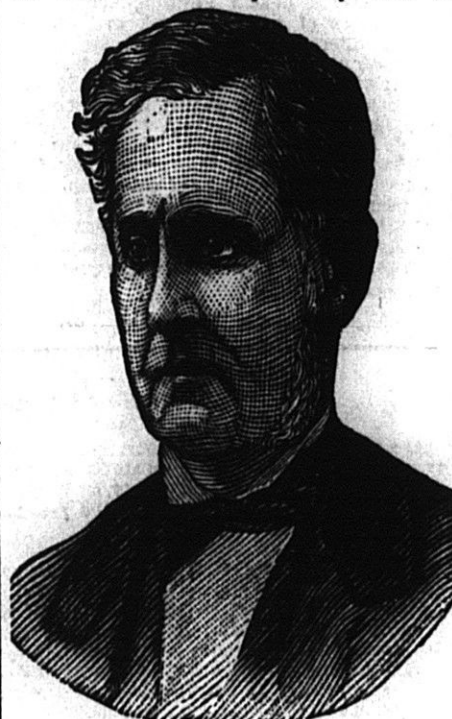
Bohemian gentleman and two or three members of the force who speak the Bohemian language. Hronek's love of notoriety and his desperate resolve to avenge the fate of his anarchist friends led Capt. Bonfield to precipitate matters rather than risk Hronek becoming suspicious and murdering one of his victims before he could be apprehended. The Captain with a number of officers surrounded Hronek's house. Captain Bonfield would not risk the lives of his men in attempting to capture Hronek in his own fortified castle, so waited until Hronek came out, when he was immediately arrested. He was completely taken by surprise, and made little show of resistance. A search of his house was made. In his bed were found a 38-caliber revolver and a knife with a seven-inch blade which Hronek has boasted is tipped with poison. A half-dozen bombs—some loaded, others empty—were found in the room. The bombs were made of a cast-iron pipe, cut in pieces four inches long. They are an inch and a half in diameter and differ from the gas-pipe bomb in being considerably shorter. Some were closed at the ends with wooden plugs and had apertures for fuses or caps. A small portion of dynamite in the original packages, labeled "Etna No. 2," was also found in the room.

Chapek was captured while in bed, and made no resistance. Chebowa was arrested at his home. On his premises were found eight one-half pound packages of Etna No. 2 dynamite, a loaded bomb of the pattern found with Hronek, and a fuming cap.

After the men had been secured Capt. Bonfield undertook to pump Hronek. "He at first denied that he knew where Aldine Square was. I asked him what he was doing there July 4. He replied at first that he wasn't there. I said: 'Chapek ought to know, and he says you were there.' He at once admitted that he had been seen there, and then said they had taken a walk and got over there and were just looking around. It isn't likely they would come a mile and a half or two miles just to stroll around a little park like Aldine Square.

"I asked him where he got that dynamite. He said a friend who got it in May, 1886, got scared after the Haymarket riot, and gave it to him. 'How much was there of it?' I asked.

"A whole box," he answered. As it comes in boxes which weigh twenty-five pounds, and we only found a small quantity, I asked what he had done with it. He said he had thrown it into the river. We had ascertained previously that he



JUDGE GARY.

had distributed it among other anarchistic groups. I then asked him where he got his bombs, and he told me that they had been given him by some friend—the one who gave him the dynamite. He said he had thrown them into the river, also. Hronek did not at the time know that his bomb had been searched and large quantities of dynamite found in and about the house, especially beneath the floor of the room in the rear of the house.

Mr. Bonfield says that, little by little, he has picked up the story of the plot, and many of its details remained to be unearthed. A number of persons, he thought, would be implicated, but he declined to indicate whence they would come. The distribution of twenty pounds of dynamite gives the detectives a new lead to further details. This dynamite was distributed June 3, and it is said that many of the old anarchists received it. Captain Bonfield thought some of it might be traced very close to members of the Central Labor Union, which interested itself in money and sympathy for the anarchists during their trial. It is claimed by the detectives that the present plot will implicate the whole brood of anarchists. Some of the early plans of the friends of the convicted and executed men have been in the possession of the police for some time, and this development is expected to lay bare the entire plans of the schemers and plotters. In the ramifications of the plots are included as proposed victims, Edmund Fortmann, Capt. Shaack, Frank Walker, M. E. Stone, Witness Seliger, and members of the jury which convicted the anarchists.

For months after the trial and execution the persons and residences of Judge Gary, Mr. Grinnell, Capt. Bonfield, and Capt. Schaack were guarded. Since the present revelations were made the houses of the three victims have been protected by police surveillance.

John Hronek, "No. 1," is a small man with an intelligent face. Back of his boisterous air and savage talk is said to be a recklessness of spirit that makes people feel uncomfortable in his presence. He wears a scraggly, faded-out blonde mustache and a little goatee. His nose is sharp and thin, his face pinched and decisive in expression.

A lathe that had seen little recent use was found in a shed in his yard and a small turning machine in his house. He has worked little at his trade in the last year or two. He is about 35 years old, is well educated, and speaks German and Bohemian fluently and English fairly. He got his anarchistic ideas in Vienna and brought them with him to this country. He is an admirer of Louis Lingg and as rabid in his notions respecting theories of government.

Frank Chapek is a small man, with a bald head and a full beard, and is about 40 years old. He is also a wood-worker. His anarchism is of a less rampant type than that of Hronek.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The President Informs Congress of the Work Accomplished by the Commission.

Sixteen Thousand Persons Examined Last Year, Two-Thirds of Whom Were Competent.

President Cleveland sent the following message to Congress on the 23d of July:

Pursuant to the second section of Chapter 27 of the laws of 1883, entitled, "An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States," herewith I transmit the fourth report of the United States Civil Service Commission, covering that period between the 16th day of January, 1886, and the 1st day of July, 1887.

While this report has special reference to the operations of the commission during the period above mentioned, it contains, with its accompanying appendices, much valuable information concerning the inception of civil service reform and its growth and progress which cannot fail to be interesting and instructive to all who desire improvement in administrative methods. During the time covered by the report, 15,852 persons were examined for admission in the classified civil service of the Government in all its branches, of whom 10,746 passed the examination and 5,206 failed. Of those who passed the examination 2,977 were applicants for admission to the departmental service at Washington, 2,547 were examined for admission to the customs service, and 5,222 for admission to the postal service. During the same period 547 appointments were made from the eligible lists to the departmental service, 641 to the customs service and 3,254 to the postal service.

Concerning separations from the classified service the report only informs us of such as have occurred among employees in the public service who had been appointed from eligible lists under civil-service rules. When these rules took effect they did not apply to the persons then in the service, comprising a full complement of employees, who obtained their positions independently of the new law. The commission has no record of the separations in this numerous class, and the discrepancy apparent in the report between the number of appointments made in the respective branches of the service from the lists of the commission and the small number of separations mentioned, is, to a great extent, accounted for by vacancies, of which no report was made to the commission, occurring among those who held their places without examination and certification, which vacancies were filled by appointment from the eligible lists.

In the departmental service there occurred between the 16th day of January, 1886, and the 31st day of June, 1887, among the employees appointed from the eligible lists under civil service rules, 17 removals, 36 resignations and 5 deaths. This does not include 14 separations in the grade of special pension examiners, 4 by removal, 5 by resignation, and 5 by death.

In the classified customs and postal service there occurred separations among those who received absolute appointments under the civil service rules are given for the period between the first day of January, 1884, and the 30th day of June, 1887. It appears that such separations in the customs service for the time mentioned, embraced twenty-one removals, five deaths and eighteen resignations, and in the postal service 236 removals, 23 deaths and 469 resignations. More than a year has passed since the expiration of the period covered by the report of the commission. Within the time which has thus elapsed many important changes have taken place in the furtherance of a reform in our civil service. The rule and regulations governing the violations of the law upon the subject have been completely remodeled in such a manner as to render the enforcement of the statute more effective and to increase the efficiency of the service. Among other things, the scope of examinations prescribed for those who seek to enter the classified service has been better defined and made more practical; the number of names to be certified from the eligible lists to the appointing officers from which a selection is made has been reduced from four to three; the maximum limitation of the age of persons seeking entrance to the classified service to 45 years has been changed, and reasonable provision has been made for the transfer of employees from one department to another in proper cases. A plan has also been devised providing for the examination of applicants for promotion in the service, which, when in full operation, will eliminate all chance of favoritism in the advancement of employees, by making promotion a reward of merit and faithful discharge of duty.

Until within a few weeks there was no uniform classification of employees in the different executive departments of the Government. As a result of this condition, in some of the departments positions could be obtained without civil service examinations, because they were not within the classification of such department, while in other departments examinations and certification were necessary to obtain positions of the same grade, because such positions were embraced in the classifications applicable to those departments. The exception of laborers, watchmen and messengers from examination and classification gave opportunity, in the absence of any rule guarding against it, for the employment, free from civil-service restrictions, of persons under these designations, who were immediately detailed to do clerical work. All this has been obviated by the application of the departments of an extended and uniform classification, embracing grades of employees not heretofore included, and by the adoption of a rule prohibiting the detail of laborers, watchmen, or messengers to clerical duty.

The path of civil-service reform has not at all times been pleasant or easy, the scope and purposes of the reform having been much misapprehended; and this has not only given rise to strong opposition, but has led to its invasion by its friends to compass objects not in the least related to it. Thus partisans of the patronage system have naturally condemned it. Those who do not understand its meaning either mistrust it, or, when disappointed, because, in the present stage it is not applied to every real or imaginary ill, accuse this Administration, charged with its enforcement, with faithlessness to civil-service reform. Its importance has frequently been under-estimated, and the support of good men has thus been lost by their lack of interest in its success. Besides all these difficulties, those responsible for the administration of the Government in its executive branches have been, and still are, often annoyed by the disloyalty to the service and the insolence of employees who remain in places as the beneficiaries and the relics or reminders of the vicious system of appointment which civil service reform was intended to displace.

And yet these are but the incidents of an advance movement which is radical and far-reaching. The people are, notwithstanding, to be congratulated upon the progress which has been made, and upon the firm, practical, and sensible foundation upon which this reform now rests.

With a continuance of the intelligent fidelity which has hitherto characterized the work of the commission, with a continuation and increase of the favor and liberality which have lately been evinced by the Congress in the proper equipment of the commission for its work, with a firm but conservative and reasonable support of the reform by all its friends, and with the disappearance of opposition which must inevitably follow its better understanding, the execution of the civil service law cannot fail to ultimately answer the hopes in which it had its origin.

GROVER CLEVELAND, EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 23, 1888.

News Nuggets.

TWO MEN in Arkansas drank by mistake some wine poisoned with arsenic to kill flies. Both are dead.

A NEW YORK liquor-dealer died of lockjaw caused by a blow on his nose.

SAM JONES is conducting a camp-meeting at Bluff Park, Iowa.

A MAN in Binghamton, New York, has just awakened after a two-years' sleep.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN has bought the circus he was traveling with and will run it himself.

THE corn area in Illinois has increased, and the corn crop is looking well.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—Charles R. Richardson, a retail boot and shoe dealer doing business in Detroit, Pontiac, Bay City and Lansing, has made an assignment. The liabilities will reach \$50,000 and the assets about the same.

—Robert Worthington, of Cincinnati, went to Detroit, rushed into the Wayne Hotel barber-shop, seized a razor, and cut his throat fatally. This was his third attempt and the fourth similar case of throat-cutting in public places in Detroit within a week.

—A very singular accident occurred at Cusick Lake the other day, the result of which is little short of miraculous. Manly Thurston and Ed Shaw were attempting to turn around with a carriage on the east bank of the lake when the vehicle was overturned and its occupants rolled down an incline of fifty feet to the water's edge. The horse, carriage and all made several revolutions in their descent, but fortunately escaped uninjured.

—Abana, the promising young Arab colt, selected last winter from the herd of a sheik near Damascus, by E. W. Cottrell, of Detroit, for Senator Palmer, and named after one of the rivers spoken of in Scripture, "Pharpar and Abana"—Abana, the Arab colt, is dead. He was the most promising steed that Mr. Cottrell could find in all the Sultan's dominions, though armed with a special firman to explore the valleys, green pastures, and sweet waters of the opulent East. Much bargaining, after the Oriental way, meshallah, bismallah, and backsheesh, finally prevailed upon the turbaned sheik and his wild-eyed family to part with the colt. They wept at the parting and tore their beards in anguish, and would fain have stolen him away from the Feringhi unbeliever had not the terror of the Sultan's firman and the American Consul's vigilance prevented. Cottrell led him overland across the Jebel-Barouk, and through the mountain passes skirting great Lebanon itself, until Beyrout was reached. Here Abana was transferred to a steamer and looked his last at the Land of Promise. A French line steamer carried him to Marseilles, and from there to the Province of La Perche, where he made the acquaintance of the steeds derived from crusading ancestry, and dating their entry into France from the days of Godfrey of Bouillon and the great Sultan Saladin. From France Abana came with his new companions to the land of the free and the home of the brave, tenderly cared for and petted even more than he would have been had he remained an inmate of the tent of his Bedouin master. Abana suffered with distemper more than the Percherons. He found friends and tender care at Senator Palmer's place, and recognized above all others the voice of Cottrell. Doubtless this was because of the tender Arabic phrases which Cottrell would ejaculate—words that he had picked up from the horsemen of the barbaric East and which had a sound of home to Abana, for withal the colt was homesick, and the silvery Arabic had a far pleasant sound than the Anglo-Saxon of the stables. A taxidermist will preserve and set up the skin of Abana, and endeavor to retain the grace of figure which he showed during life. Hundreds of people who have seen and admired the beautiful Arabian, whose coat was black as jet, will regret with Senator Palmer and Mr. Cottrell his untimely death.

—The following is a list of the district and county fairs of the State, with name of society or county, where held, and date:

DISTRICT FAIRS.

Avon Ag'l Society, Rochester, Oct. 2-5. Brighton Market Fair, Brighton, Oct. 2-5. Central Fair Ass'n, Hubbardston, Sept. 18-20. Central Michigan Ag'l Society, Lansing, Sept. 24-28. Dowagiac Union Fair, Dowagiac, Oct. 2-5. Eastern Michigan Ag'l Society, Ypsilanti, Oct. 21-31. Eaton Rapids Union Ag'l Society, Eaton Rapids, Oct. 2-4. Ferrara gh: Driving Park Ass'n, Romeo, Oct. 9-12. Hallow District Ag'l Society, Hadley, Oct. 2-4. Ionia District Fair Ass'n, Ionia, Sept. 21-24. Milford Union Ag'l Society, Milford, Oct. 9-11. Northeastern Ag'l Society, Flint, Sept. 17-21. Northern Michigan Ag'l Society, Greenville, Oct. 2-5. Petersburg Fair Ass'n, Petersburg, Oct. 2-4. Poultry and Pet Stock Ass'n, Detroit, Jan. 7-12, 1889. Plymouth Fair Ass'n, Plymouth, Sept. 24-27. Southwestern Michigan Ag'l Society, Niles, Sept. 18-21. Stockbridge Union Fair Society, Stockbridge, Oct. 2-4. Union Ag'l Society, Litchfield, Oct. 9-12. Western Michigan Ag'l Society, Grand Rapids, Sept. 17-21.

COUNTY FAIRS.

Branch, Coldwater, Sept. 24-27. Clinton, St. Johns, Oct. 2-5. Calhoun, Marshall, Oct. 2-5. Eaton, Charlotte, Oct. 2-5. Gratiot, Ithaca, Sept. 25-28. Hillsdale, Hillsdale, Oct. 2-5. Lenawee, Adrian, Sept. 24-27. Lapeer, Lapeer, Sept. 21-23. Manistee, Ononama, Sept. 18-21. Macomb, Mount Clemens, Sept. 19-23. Oakland, Pontiac, Sept. 20-21. Oceana, Hart, Sept. 11-14. Tuscola, Vassar, Sept. 25-28. Washtenaw, Ann Arbor, Sept. 25-28.

—McArthur Brothers, of Chicago, have been awarded the contract for building the water-power canal at Sault Ste. Marie. Work will begin soon, and will cost \$500,000, and be completed within one year. The Water-Power Company will improve 100 acres with a mile of water frontage for free mill sites. Several large mills will be built as soon as the canal can furnish power.

—The Saginaw City Turn Verein will build a \$1,500 hall.

—The First Michigan Infantry will hold a reunion at Jackson September 11. Nearly 400 invitations have been issued.

—A State Teachers' Institute for Wayne County will be held under the direction of Supt. Estabrook, at Wyandotte, during the week beginning Aug. 13.

—Parma is within \$250 of a local Trotting and Fair Association. Going to have fifteen acres of land and a half-mile track.

—The weather for the last week has been all that the most exacting agriculturist of the State could ask for, and work in the hay and harvest fields has been pushed. The estimates of the last few weeks have not changed. Wheat is coming out much better than expected. Hay has yielded largely, corn is coming up to every expectation, oats are good, potatoes are abundant, and the Colorado beetle has been much less obnoxious than heretofore.

—Grayling's best hotel, the Grayling House, has been destroyed by fire. Loss \$6,000.

—The railroad deputation appointed by Mr. Potts, of the Potts Railroad Company, called on him at Au Sable. Mr. Potts is negotiating with some Eastern parties for about 72,000,000 feet of standing pine on the Oquoc River, in Presque Isle County, and if he closes that bargain satisfactorily he will continue his road through Hillman to that vicinity during the present season, and if not he will build the road at any rate to Hillman for a small bonus. There is no doubt whatever, from Mr. Potts' conversation, that Hillman can have his road with connection at Beaver Lake before snow flies.

—Lansing's Common Council will be asked to appoint a milk inspector.

—Manistique is to have a public library.

—Farm hands are in demand at good wages.

—John M. French, of Lansing, has celebrated his 90th birthday. He is hale and hearty, was a member of the Legislature in 1842 and has been a resident of Lansing for twenty-three years.

—Maynard & Co., is the name of the firm that has commenced the manufacture of the Maynard rifle at Mount Pleasant. The industry will start with twenty-five men who are to turn out 144 rifles a day.

—At a dance in the south end of Bay City a boy named Edward Parker shot and seriously injured one John McCoy, aged 21. The shooting was the result of a misunderstanding which took place between the two a few minutes before, in which McCoy struck Barker in the face. The bullet struck the sixth rib and passed into the abdomen. The surgeon who was called was unable to locate it with a probe. Barker claims that the shooting was done in self-defense. One of the peculiar features of the shooting is that after being wounded McCoy entered the house where the dance was in progress and continued playing the violin as if nothing had happened.

—Tony Robinson, an employee of the National Illuminating Gas and Fuel Company, at Jackson, met with a serious accident. He and a man named Richard Ogden were engaged in laying drain-pipe in a trench seven feet in depth, leading from the cellar of a new building being erected at the works. Robinson was bending over when the whole bank gave way and buried him out of sight and Ogden up to the arms. It took some time to dig Robinson out, as he was lying at the bottom of the ditch, with the bulk of the dirt upon his body. He was taken out in an insensible condition, and physicians summoned. On examination several ribs were found to have been broken and his body badly squeezed, causing internal injuries, which will probably result fatally.

—The authorities in the vicinity of Lumber are making it warm for those who grow Canada thistles.

—Ismi Martin, the sixteen-year-old girl forger, was arrested at Detroit on a warrant charging her with uttering a forged check drawn by J. H. Wilson in favor of J. H. Martin, upon which she procured \$15. A jeweler charges that the girl obtained \$50 worth of bracelets and rings from him and pawned them. Other reports of her cunning swindling are coming in from many business houses. When the officers went to her mother's house to make the arrest Ismi leaped out of a window and ran like a deer. It took four policemen to surround her and take her to the police court. In default of \$300 bail she went to jail.

—Professor L. G. Carpenter, of the Michigan Agricultural College, after going to Colorado and looking over the grounds, has decided to accept the offer made him by the Board of Agriculture of that State. The position offered is the professorship of physics and engineering in the State Agricultural College, and meteorologist and irrigation engineer on the experimental station established under the provisions of the Hatch bill. The experimental work offers a wide field in which almost no scientific work has been done, and in a field that has very strong popular support. The Board offered a salary of \$2,000, an assistant at a salary sufficient to secure a college graduate, and a good and growing equipment. Michigan will be sorry to lose Professor Carpenter, but wishes him success in his new home.







## CHURCH ITEMS.

**HOPE REFORMED CHURCH:**—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. W. Beardslee D. D., both morning and evening. Opening anthems by the choir. Praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. Congregational singing. All are welcome.

**METHODIST E. CHURCH:**—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 12 m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. All are welcome and the seats are free.

**FIRST REFORMED CHURCH:**—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Preaching by Rev. P. Lepeltak, of Overisel, both morning and afternoon.

**HOLLAND CHRISTIAN REF. CHURCH,** Ninth street.—Rev. E. Bos, pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., 2 and 7:30 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. I. Keizer, of Zeeland, morning, afternoon and evening.

## Notice to Teachers.

Office of Secretary of Board of School Examiners, Ottawa Co., Mich.  
NUNICA, June 25, 1888.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Board of School Examiners of Ottawa County in October last, I have selected the following times and places for holding the summer and fall series of examinations of teachers in said county for the current year, to-wit:

1. (Regular), Thursday, Aug. 2, at Grand Haven.
2. (Special), Friday, Aug. 31, Zeeland.
3. " " Sept. 28, Coopersville.
4. " " Oct. 26, Grand Haven.

If thought necessary each examination will be continued until noon of the day following dates above given.

Each session to commence at 8 o'clock a. m.

No change is to take place in the branches hitherto required in an examination for a third grade certificate.

In addition to those an examination is required in algebra, philosophy and book-keeping for a second grade and the still further addition of plane geometry, botany, general history, and English literature for a first grade. A. W. TAYLOR, Sec'y.

## A Woman's Discovery.

"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this county. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz. Thus write W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C.—Get a free trial bottle at Yates & Kane's, Holland, or A. De Krulif, Zeeland.

## Residence for Sale.

The property on the corner of River and Thirteenth streets is for sale. Easy terms will be given. Inquire of J. VAN DER VEN, On the premises.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale in this city by Yates & Kane, and by A. De Krulif Zeeland Mich.

## Societies.

### I. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday evening of each week. Visiting brothers are cordially invited. O. BREYMAN, N. G. WM. ZIEB, Sec'y.

### F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evenings, Jan. 25, Feb. 22, March 21, April 25, May 23, June 30, July 18, August 15, Sept. 19, Oct. 17, Nov. 14, Dec. 12. St. John's days June 24 and November 27th. A. HUNTLEY, W. M. O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

### K. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 63, meets in Odd Fellows Hall at 7:30 p. m. on Monday night next. All Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application. C. D. WISE, Commander. W. A. HOLLEY, R. E.

## Rail Roads.

## Chicago & West Michigan R'y.

TIME TABLE,  
Taking Effect May 13th, 1888.

Trains Arrive and Depart from Holland as below:

DEPART—CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.			
For Chicago.....	10 10 1 15 12 00	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	
For Grand Rapids.....	5 30 9 50 3 05 9 00	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	6 10
For Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	5 30 9 55 3 05 6 10	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	9 05
For Hart, Pentwater.....	5 30 6 10	a. m. p. m.	
For Big Rapids.....	5 30 3 05	a. m. p. m.	
For Allegan.....	9 50 3 05	a. m. p. m.	

ARRIVE.			
From Chicago.....	5 30 3 05 9 00	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	
From Grand Rapids.....	9 50 1 15 11 50	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	6 10 9 00
From Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	9 45 1 10 3 00	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	6 10 11 35
From Hart, Pentwater.....	9 45 6 10	a. m. p. m.	
From Big Rapids.....	1 10 11 35	a. m. p. m.	
From Allegan.....	9 50 6 00	a. m. p. m.	

\* Daily. Other trains daily except Sunday. Palace Sleeping Cars to and from Chicago on night trains. Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. W. A. GAVETT, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. N. A. CARPENTER, Traffic Manager.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER



Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York. 50-48.

## PHOENIX PLANING MILL

—AND—

## Lumber Yard.

B. L. Scott, Proprietor.

HENRY KAMPERMAN, Foreman Sash and Door Department.

THADORE BOSMAN, Foreman Planing, Matching and Lumber Dept.

A Complete Stock of

Rough & Dressed Lumber,

SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, &c.,

Glass, Putty, Paints and Oils.

## CUSTOM WORK

Promptly done at Reasonable Prices.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 25, 1887.

A Full Line of

## DRY GOODS

GROCERIES,

## Hats, Caps,

FLOUR AND FEED,

Always on hand at

## G. Van Putten & Sons.

Telephone No. 27.

Holland, Mich., June 30, 1888.

THE FINEST

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

## E. HEROLD'S.

Honest Goods

—AT—

Honest Prices.

## BEST \$3.00 SHOE

in the city, always on hand.

I have the Celebrated

GRAY BROS.' SHOE

for Ladies. Call and see them.

Repairing promptly and neatly done.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND Mich. Oct. 20, 1886.

# There are Two Distinguishing Characteristics

Which, more than anything else, have contributed to the phenomenal growth of The Chicago Daily News, giving it a circulation larger than that of all other Chicago dailies combined. It seems strange that the first practical, combined application of two such common sense principles in journalism should have been left to a paper as yet only twelve years old. And yet true it is that in this fact lies the real secret of the unparalleled success of The Chicago Daily News. Briefly stated these principles are:

## First. THE DAILY NEWS

Is a daily paper for busy people.

Of all mankind the people of Chicago and the busy northwest are the busiest. And yet perhaps no equal number of people are to be found who appreciate so keenly the necessity of an intelligent knowledge of the world's daily doings. They recognize that they, more than anyone else, are the world's providers in many of the most important necessities of life. How important, then, that they should have their daily intelligence of every event, the world over, which by any possibility can affect their diversified commercial holdings. And in all the higher interests of life where can be found a like number of people more keenly appreciative of all that contributes to progress in art, literature, science, religion, politics, and the thousand and one things which make up modern civilization.

And yet, strange to say, right here in this great, busy northwest, in its busy metropolis Chicago, there has taken place the creation and development of that most cumbersome, unserviceable, time-destroying thing, the "blanket-sheet" newspaper. With the blindness of very fatuity this monstrosity of journalism, this breeder of mental dyspepsia, has steadfastly imposed its mountain of unthreshed straw to the demand of the people for the winnowed grain of fact. It was out of the very incongruousness of such a condition of things that THE DAILY NEWS had its birth. People wanted the News,—all the news—but they demanded it apart from the overpowering mass of the trivial and inconsequential. It is because THE DAILY NEWS satisfactorily meets that demand that its circulation is over "a-million-a-week."

R. M. LAWRENCE, Williamsville, Ill., says: "The 'big daily' is too much for me. Not that a person is obliged to read everything printed in the 'blanket-sheets,' but one having anything else to do doesn't have time to hunt through the long-drawn twaddle for a few grains of digestible food."

When to two such comprehensive elements of popularity THE DAILY NEWS now adds a third in its unparalleled price reduction to One Cent a day, it offers a combination of attractions at once unique and unapproachable by any other American newspaper, and one which will surely multiply its friends throughout the Northwest by the thousands.

The Chicago Daily News is for sale by all newsdealers at One Cent per copy, or will be mailed, postage paid, for \$3.00 per year, or 25 cents per month. The farmer and mechanic can now afford as well as the merchant and professional man to have his metropolitan daily.

Address VICTOR F. LAWSON, Publisher The Daily News, Chicago.

## Second. THE DAILY NEWS

Is an Independent, fact-telling newspaper.

The reader can count on the hand the known newspapers whose statements in matters of politics can always be accepted as at least intentionally truthful, and commonly so in fact. On the other hand, it is the all-but-universal rule to praise one's party and candidate to the skies, and to cry down the opposition party and its candidate to the verge of the disreputable. So common have such silly and reprehensible methods in journalism become that they pass unnoticed, and are accepted as a matter of course—as an evil inseparable from practical politics. But this is only another mistake of the thoughtless. The American people are intelligent enough, thoughtful enough, fair enough to appreciate and endorse honest, fact-telling journalism—in truth to prefer it to the misleading, the truth-discoloring dishonesty of the "organ."

The demand is more and more for the fair, impartial, independent newspaper which give the reader all the news, and gives it absolutely free from the taint of partisan bias. This done, an expression of opinion, based upon fact will commend itself to the thoughtful reader even when he may not find himself in agreement with the conclusions deduced from the premises. Disagreements are of small moment if only confidence in honesty of purpose remains. With no mere political ambition to gratify, no "ax to grind," the impartial and independent newspaper may truly be "guide, philosopher and friend" to honest men holding every shade of political faith. And this is why THE DAILY NEWS has to-day a circulation of over "a-million-a-week."

M. WYANT, Sibley, Iowa, writes: "I am well pleased with THE DAILY NEWS, although I am a 'head-in-the-bone' Republican with a carpet bag experience in the South ending in 1872. The extreme fairness of THE DAILY NEWS, giving credit where due regardless of party, meets my approval."

## EARLY SPRING OFFERINGS

—IN—

# WOOLEN GOODS!

## Our Stock of Imported and Domestic Suitings

Has arrived and is now open for inspection. Among these we have the popular LIGHT COLORED SCOTCH PLAIS AND CHEVIOTS with a large variety of Striped and Checked Trimmings.

We invite special attention to our GERMAN AND ENGLISH WORSTED SUITINGS for Fine Dress Suits.

Our large trade in Fine Hats has induced us to invest in a specially nobby stock of the latest shapes and styles. Everything from a fine silk to an ordinary crush hat kept in stock.

In the Furnishing Goods Line we have the latest novelties; large line of Neckties, Collars and Cuffs, and Fine Shirts.

## BRUSSE BROS., Tailors and Hatters.

## Van Duren Bros.

DEALERS IN

## BOOTS,

## SHOES,

ETC., ETC.,

Always have a large assortment of Goods on hand.

We make a Specialty of Custom Work.

## -REPAIRING-

Neatly and promptly executed.

VAN DUREN BROS.

Three doors east of Post-office.

Holland, Mich., April 13, 1887. 18-41.



25 CTS. RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL IT ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE. For sale by Dr. F. J. Schouten.

## SPOONER PAT. COLLAR

Cannot Choke a Horse. Adjusts itself to any Horse's Neck. Has two rows of Stitching. Will hold Hames in place. None Genuine unless stamped with our "Trade-Mark."

## WATCH!!

But don't wait when you want to buy

Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry, Silverware,

And everything kept in a first-class

## JEWELRY STORE

But go to

## O. BREYMAN & SON

And be assured of good goods, low prices, and courteous treatment.

We have in our employ a first class watchmaker and are prepared to do repairing of all kinds in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

We sell goods cheaper than ever and are constantly adding to our stock all the latest designs and novelties in Jewelry and Plated Ware.

Call on us and examine our goods, learn our prices and be convinced.

O. BREYMAN & SON.

Holland, Mich., March 15, 1887.

## CLOTHING

—AT—

## E. J. HARRINGTON'S

Is being sold at a

BARGAIN.

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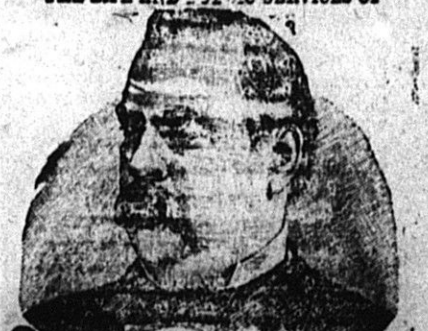
Gents Furnishing Goods.

I have a Job Lot of Clothing which I am selling very cheap and should like to show customers. Call early.

## A Full Stock of Groceries.

E. J. HARRINGTON. Holland, Mich. April 5, 1888. Eighth Street 42-17.

5000 Book Agents wanted to sell THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF



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Full and complete from his boyhood to his nomination in St. Louis, with personal reminiscences, incidents and anecdotes. Prettily illustrated with steel portraits and wood engravings. The book also contains a superb portrait and a full and complete LIFE OF MRS. CLEVELAND, together with a complete biography of ALLEN G. TUDMAN. This is the only authentic life. Don't be induced to get any other. There will probably be unauthorized lives, but this is the right one. Distance no hindrance, as we pay all transportation charges. Send 40 cents in 1c. stamps and be the first in the field, and thus reap the golden harvest. Write for full particulars and Special Terms free to all. Address, WINTER & CO., Fair, Springfield, Mass.