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JACOB WILLIAMS

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

THOMAS J. MARSH, JR., of the management of the Tavishbury (Mass.) Almshouse, refuses to produce his memorandum book, showing what disposition was made of the corpses, before the Legislative investigating committee. Marsh will hand over the book if the names of the dead given up for dissection are not published. He fears molestation at the hands of their friends.

A TRAIN containing Masonic excursionists collided with a freight on the Buffalo and Southwestern railroad near Jamestown two train hands being killed and one fatally injured. Both locomotives and several freight cars were completely wrecked. All the excursionists escaped without injury. The American horse which won the English Derby, has arrived at New York with Aranza and Parthenia.

PETER WALTER, JR., a merchant and Councilman of Allegheny City, was charged by the Mail with using his official position for personal gain. The controller of the newspaper is Commodore W. J. Kountz, a leading citizen, and Mr. Walter has secured his conviction of criminal libel in connection with the editor, John B. Kennedy. A court of Foresters, while attending a funeral, were refused admission to a Catholic church at New Haven, Ct., unless they removed their regalia. They refused, and were expelled from the premises. The steamship lines at New York have reduced the rate for emigrant tickets, some charging \$21 and others \$18. Orange Judd, the well-known New York publisher, has been forced into bankruptcy.

THE school-house at Underhill, Vt., was struck by lightning and all the children were more or less injured. One little girl was rendered deaf, and a boy had the sole taken from one shoe and the uppers from another. A private in the Fourteenth New York regiment was drummed out of the State camp at Peek kill, by order of Col. Austin, and has brought suit for \$25,000 damages.

CHARLES HEYWOOD STRATTON, better known as "Gen. Tom Thumb," died at his residence in Middleboro, Mass., of apoplexy. He had been slightly indisposed for a few days, but nothing serious was anticipated. The deceased was born in Bridgeport, Ct., Jan. 4, 1838. At the age of 14 he entered the service of P. T. Barnum, and has ever since been before the public. He leaves a widow, who has been on the stage with him since their marriage in 1861. Mace and Slade, the prize-fighters, arrived in New York from England last week. The Maori says he will challenge Sullivan after his fight with Mitchell. Eighteen rounds were fought at Brighton Beach by Gallagher, of England, and Paddy Murphy, of New York, when neither could come to the scratch, and the referee called it a draw. On Navy island, in Niagara river, William Baker defeated Melvin Thompson in a glove fight of seven rounds. Dennis Kearney was refused permission by the Central Labor Union, of New York, to address the members of that body.

THE WEST.

THE growing wheat in California has been ruined in many counties by hot winds and the amount for exportation will be much less than anticipated. Fruits of all kinds, however, will be abundant, and the wool clip is reported satisfactory. Official estimates show a marked decrease in the acreage and average yield per acre of the Michigan wheat fields, producing an estimated deficiency in the wheat crop of the State of over 8,000,000 bushels as compared with last year's returns.

A WIDE section of the West was visited by a fierce storm, accompanied by wind, rain, hail and thunder, on the 12th and 13th of July. In some localities the disturbance assumed the proportions of a tornado, and inflicted immense losses. One wing of the storm swept down the Missouri valley, doing much damage at Kansas City, St. Joseph and Moberly, Mo. At McPaul, Iowa, many houses were blown down and ten persons injured, but fortunately no one was killed. Hail fell as large as hens' eggs, killing live stock, and cutting the wheat, corn and grass to pieces. At Hamburg, Iowa, a brick church and several frame buildings were wrecked. The front walls of several business houses fell into the street. At Westboro, Mo., ten houses were demolished and one child killed. At Burlington Junction, Mo., not a house was left uninjured, and several persons were injured. Maryville, Malden and Trenton, Mo., suffered severely, churches, public buildings, storehouses and dwellings being demolished or unroofed. Near Browning, Mo., the baggage-car and coach of a Burlington train were blown completely over by a cyclone. Six passengers injured, two of them fatally. The section about Lincoln, Neb., suffered severely by hail, especially the crops, and some buildings were demolished. Central and Western Illinois lost considerably on damaged buildings and ruined crops, especially having been created about Cordova, Paxton, Clinton, Carlinville, Gibson City, and points in Mercer, Logan, and DeWitt counties. Scott and Fremont counties, in Iowa, suffered great damage, the hail in these sections falling as large as hens' eggs, and laying vegetation flat. At Alton a Methodist Church was unroofed and the streets blocked by fallen trees. Heavy rain in St. Louis flooded cellars, while the wind unroofed structures and released river craft from their moorings.

THE Boston Theater Company, one of the finest dramatic organizations in the country, is occupying McVicker's Theater, Chicago, for the summer season, their engagement covering a period of eight weeks. A number of popular plays are underlined. The great spectacular drama, "The World," is the attraction this week.

THE Chicago papers print detailed crop reports from Minnesota, Dakota, Indiana, Kansas, and parts of Illinois. The reports are on the whole favorable. The recent rains have benefited the crops in Minnesota and Dakota, but in other places they have done much injury. The reports from Kansas are good, while those from Indiana are by no means encouraging. In the former State the corn crop is very promising. There is a large acreage, and there is an excellent prospect of a good average yield. Hay and oats are doing well in all the States.

A HOTEL at Cockatoo, Minn., together with a number of other buildings, were destroyed by fire. Three railroad men were burned to death, and another guest had a leg broken by jumping from the window. Three-fourths of the town was burned, principally the business portion. The loss is \$60,000. Scientists in Chicago and Cleveland recently

sent experts to Aurora, Ind., to investigate a theory advanced before the American Association for the Advancement of Science, that gold, in considerable quantities, could be found in that region. They report that from one excavation, five feet by six, \$8 worth of gold was taken. The saw-mill, resort, and chemical buildings of the Vulcan Furnace Company at Newberry, Mich., were destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Loss, \$100,000.

POSTMASTER CLINGMAN, of Polk City, Iowa, was recently assassinated in cold blood. Two hard characters, named Hardy and Crawford, were suspected of being the authors of the dastardly deed. They fled and were pursued. The assassins took to the woods in the vicinity of Elk Horn Grove, Shelby county. Volunteers speedily turned out from every village and railway station for leagues around, and joined in the exciting man-hunt. The murderers were surrounded in a grove, and in attempting to capture them one of the pursuing party, J. W. Maddy, a respected druggist of Marne, was shot and killed. The assassin was instantly riddled with bullets. Another of the pursuing posse was shot and seriously wounded. The other assassin then ran into an open field and surrendered, and, after having narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of the outraged citizens, was placed in jail. Before dying the murderer made a confession of his crime, and also gave a clue to the detection of the murderers of Mayor Stubbs, of Polk City, a year ago.

THE SOUTH.

THE Mississippi Board of Health have ordered that all boats from points below the State must stop for inspection at the Fort Adams station, and will not be allowed to land at ports in the State unless possessed of the necessary papers.

THE iron steamer Niagara, plying between New York and Havana, burned off the coast of Florida. The steamer Commander, being within sight, soon took the passengers on board, and the Captain and his crew ran the steamer ashore in sixteen feet of water. The vessel cost \$350,000. J. P. Macheca & Co., fruit dealers, New Orleans, are insolvent. Liabilities \$100,000.

Two of the Iron Mountain train-robbers who escaped from the convict stockade at Little Rock, Ark., have surrendered to authorities after spending several days in the woods and almost starving to death. "Filled" \$20 gold pieces are in circulation in the Southern States.

POLITICAL.

THE Minnesota State Prohibition Convention met at St. Paul July 10. Tariff for revenue only was tabled by a vote of 44 to 26. The platform condemns the course of both parties on the liquor question, favors the enfranchisement of women and the election of all officers by the people when possible. The following ticket was nominated: Governor, Charles Evans Holt; Lieutenant Governor, Prof. E. S. Payne; Secretary of State, C. B. Shove; Treasurer, C. M. Anderson.

THE Iowa Greenbackers, at their State Convention in Des Moines, passed resolutions favoring civil-service reform, a graduated income tax, a postal-telegraph system and the abolition of railroad commissioners. Hon. J. B. Weaver was nominated for Governor, Sanford Kilpatrick for Lieutenant Governor, D. W. Church for Supreme Judge and Miss Abbie O. Canfield for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The Republicans of Pennsylvania met in convention at Harrisburg, and adopted a high-tariff, pure-primary, civil-service and anti-foreign-paper platform. William Liver, of Allegheny, was nominated for State Treasurer, and Jerome B. Niles for Auditor General. Gov. Ben Butler says Tilden would make a very strong candidate for the Democrats, and that Arthur is equally strong with the Republicans.

THE colored people of Texas have been holding a State Convention. They framed an address to the people declaring that the white race throughout the South has continually increased in friendliness, even to a surprising degree. Colored people are recommended to keep a sharp eye on their teachers and preachers, and to remove at once those found incompetent or immoral.

AFTER three weeks' unsuccessful balloting for United States Senator by the New Hampshire Legislature the Republican members of that body received a note from Senator Rollins withdrawing from the contest, it being evident that he could not secure votes enough to elect him. The next ballot showed twenty-one candidates, Wm. E. Chandler leading the Republicans.

SPECIAL REVENUE AGENT HORTON, at Boston, wrote to Commissioner Evans that he could not resign, as requested, preferring dismissal, as he could not afford to lose his character and office at the same time. He maintained that it would be evidence of guilt to resign. Horton's appointment was thereupon revoked, by order of Commissioner Evans.

JOHN C. NEW, of the National Republican Committee, thinks the Presidential convention in 1884 ought to be held in Indianapolis, and that the hall in which it sits ought not to hold more than 4,000 people.

WASHINGTON.

THE Treasury Department has been informed of the arrest at Port Townsend, W. T., of nine Chinamen "smuggled" into this country through British Columbia. The fact has been reported to the President, who will order their deportation. According to the July reports of the Department of Agriculture spring wheat is in first-class condition and corn only 12 per cent. behind its average stand and acreage. Winter wheat, though a disappointing yield at best, has improved 4 per cent. within the last month. The President has appointed John H. Livingston United States Marshal for South Carolina, vice Abner Blythe, resigned.

DR. MARY WALKER, says a Washington telegram, has been dismissed from the Pension Bureau. She was away at the time, and at once indicted an epistle to the Chief Clerk, threatening dire vengeance unless restored to her position. Commissioner Dudley said the letter was so full of idiosyncrasies that no notice would be taken of it. He believes the career of Dr. Mary as a public servant has been brought to a definite and abrupt close, never to see the light of day again. She has persisted in her oddities about the office, and in doing just about as she chose, regardless of the rules or requirements, and has been altogether an annoyance.

GENERAL.

MISS RATHBONE, who for six years has been a missionary abroad, has brought to New York the first Burmese woman who ever landed on our shores. The new-comer will study for five years in this country before returning for missionary work.

THE river Thames overflowed its banks at London, Ontario, placing a depth of five feet of water at points which never before were reached by freshets. Nearly forty persons were drowned and the damage to

property bids fair to be counted by millions. Three bridges were swept away. One lady who was rescued from a small cottage, had since become insane, and an unknown boy was carried over the dam while screaming for help. Mrs. Ann Reeves carried four children simultaneously through water reaching to her shoulders.

PRESIDENT SANTA MARIA, of Chile, in his message to the Cortes, recommends the separation of church and State, the secularization of cemeteries, and civil marriages.

FOREIGN.

THE cable announces the death of John Winston Spencer Churchill, Duke of Marlborough, at the age of 61. In Parliament he distinguished himself for his efforts in behalf of the Established Church. In 1876 he was nominated to the Viceroyalty of Ireland. He was a Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, and enjoyed a pension of \$5,000 per annum. A man named Griffey was shot at Ennis, Ireland, for taking a place from which the former tenants had been evicted.

In the British House of Commons a motion was carried prohibiting the importation of cattle from countries where the foot-and-mouth disease existed, and where the necessary measures had not been taken by the authorities. The motion was aimed indirectly at America, and passed by a bare majority—200 to 192—the Government voting in the negative. France declares for war in Tonquin, and war with China if China feels like fighting. This plain statement was made in the Chamber of Deputies at Paris, by Challemeil-Lacour, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the declaration met the hearty support of the House, although a scene of extraordinary disorder was precipitated by the Bonapartists. Paul de Cassagnac, upon calling Ferry "the worst of cowards and a liar," was suspended for a fortnight. After a prolonged examination of the channel-tunnel scheme, which has elicited world-wide discussion, the joint committee of the British Imperial Parliament has rejected the idea by a vote of 6 to 4. M. De Lesseps and the Government of Great Britain have made an agreement for the construction of a new Suez canal parallel to the present one. The cable announces the suspension of Robert Steele & Co., extensive ship-builders at Greenock, with heavy liabilities. Failure to pay his rates at Dublin has resulted in James Carey, the informer, being declared a bankrupt. The Cretons are fighting rather than pay what are called their taxes. Prussia and the Vatican are once more highly angered with one another.

A PAPER, urging the people to rebel, has been put in circulation in Cuba. The Government looks upon it as the device of bands of robbers to give political significance to their movements. Gen. Jesse H. Moore, of Decatur, Ill., Consul at Callao, died of yellow fever at his post, in the South American city.

MR. GLADSTONE made a statement in the House of Commons, which is regarded as a positive menace to France, and which has produced a wide-spread sensation, though British comment is coupled with expressions of hope that an amicable outcome may finally be reached. The British Premier declared that English subjects had suffered gross outrages at the hands of Admiral Pierre, commanding in Madagascar, and that communications were awaited from the French which it was the duty of their Government to make at once. Nothing short of the disgrace of Pierre, it is thought, will prevent a very serious complication between two great peoples. The new Suez canal will be completed in 1884, and the British Government lends the canal company \$3,000,000 at 4 per cent. interest, which loan is redeemable in fifty years. The Cuban authorities, notwithstanding a protest from the American Government that the matter be referred to Madrid, sold the American brig Nettle at Havana for alleged violations of the customs laws. A great battle was fought between the forces of Cetawawo and Oham in South Africa, the latter chief being made a prisoner.

A DUEL arising out of the debate in the Chamber of Deputies, on the Tonquin question, was fought near Paris. The combatants were Emanuel Arene, a Gambettist Deputy for Corsica, and Boubée, a member of the staff of the royalist journal *Le Clairon*. The latter was wounded twice. Paul de Cassagnac challenged Minister Ferry on account of differences during the same debate, but the latter took no notice of Cassagnac's message. Dennis Field, foreman of the jury which convicted Hynes for murder, at Dublin, and who was afterwards stabbed, is in constant receipt of letters threatening him with injury, and his wife and daughters are often insulted on the street. An attempt was made recently to enter his house, but the marauders fled when Field ran upon them. The British Government's arrangement with De Lesseps for a new Suez canal has been voted by the London Chamber of Commerce as inadequate and un-satisfactory, and meetings of ship-owners at many points have also condemned the settlement. Senor Castelar, in the Spanish Chamber, made a speech once more aving republican principles, the championing of which has made him famous. He declared that a satisfactory compromise between the monarchial idea and the rights of man was impossible, and created a great commotion among the courtiers. Poldineu, the French composer, is said to be aged 67 years.

A CABLE dispatch of the 13th inst. says that cholera has appeared in towns thirty to forty miles from Cairo. The British Government will send to Egypt a Surgeon General who had long experience in India. France will dispatch Louis Pasteur, the chemist, to investigate the nature and origin of the disease. The indictments against the Jews at Nyregyhaza, Hungary, who are charged with killing a Christian girl and using her blood in their pasover bread, have been withdrawn, and the Government intends to prosecute to the utmost the conductor of the plot against the Jews. Recently, at Huacachi, Peru, fourteen prisoners were shot by Peruvian troops, one an American, named Purley, being executed for being a Chilean spy.

A LONDON cablegram states that an English steamer was boarded by a French officer at Tamatave the 26th of June. The officer forbade the passengers of the steamer to go on shore, and only permitted the landing of the cargo on the payment of duty. A French entry was placed on board while the cargo was being discharged. Sir Philip Miles Leigh Court collection of paintings, including one of the most valuable pictures extant, has been purchased by William H. Vanderbilt for \$100,000. The collection had for several years been in possession of the Miles family, and was only released from entail by a recent act of Parliament. The sale was conducted with great privacy. A fire occurred at Liptosentmiklo, Hungary, by which twenty people lost their lives. A student at Wurzburg University was shot dead in duels. His antagonist, a German-American, had been shot by a follower of the masked and disguised women and children at White River. C. Roy and Farrell, the Irish immigrants, are under Government protection in Newgate, London, and will be shipped to a British colony.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

THE appearance of cholera in the city of Alexandria was followed by a panic, and a great number of the inhabitants to escape the deadly plague, the scourge has appeared in several places in Cairo, and is spreading in the Delta. At Damietta, Man-sourah, Samonod, and Muzaleh the disease still rages. It had also made its appearance at the pyramids.

ANOTHER great storm swept through the Northwest on the 16th inst. At Fort Allen, Wis., 100 hundred buildings were wrecked, six persons injured, and a damage of \$70,000 inflicted. At Pekin, Ill., the roof of the Peoria depot was unroofed, two stories of the Beunis House swept away, and a brick foundry blown down. The damage in the city is estimated at \$50,000, while the surrounding country suffered twice that amount. At Des Moines, Iowa, the wind attained a velocity of forty-eight miles an hour, and several dwellings were unroofed. At many other points in Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa, the effects of the storm were seriously felt.

In the French Chamber of Deputies, the Minister of Foreign Affairs declared that unexplained events could not impair good relations with England, and that if a grave error had been committed at Tamatave the French Government would act in accordance with justice. The police of Dublin thwarted an attempt to fire the house of James Carey, the informer.

FREDERICK M. KER, who embezzled \$58,000 from Preston, Kean & Co., of Chicago, and fled to South America, has been brought back. Ker states that the stolen money was lost in speculation on the Board of Trade. The firm expended nearly \$15,000 to secure the thief.

PRESIDENT HUNTINGTON, of the Central-Southern Pacific, is hard at work in Washington, his desire being to secure the Texas Pacific land-grant of 14,000,000 acres before Congress shall meet. He is reported in the dispatches as entirely satisfied that he will succeed, notwithstanding the protests of many public men who have been prominent in the lapsed land-grant movement.

A BOILER in a Glen's Falls (N. Y.) paper-mill exploded with terrible effect. Twelve persons were wounded, some of them probably fatally. The explosion was followed by a fire, almost completely destroying the building, and causing a loss of \$100,000.

TWO COLORED men fought a duel near Helena, Ark., in which one was shot through the mouth with a rifle, and the other received a charge of buckshot in the groin. They mounted mules and rode off in different directions, but both were soon dead.

A Whistling Tenor.

Moreno, the tenor, has been shut up in an asylum, incurably mad over his pet hobby—whistling. For years he cultivated that faculty, until he was able to emit a blast that would frighten the cab horses on the boulevards of Paris, and drive cornet players wild with envy. Once he was arrested and fined for disturbing the public peace, when he had only whistled an air while walking home from the opera, loud enough, however, to wake up every one within half a mile, more or less. On another occasion he was singing in "Faust" at the Grand Opera, and, having a cold, gave some wrong notes. The audience hissed. Down he sprang into the orchestra and cried: "Since you have begun to hiss, let me tell you that you don't understand the art in the least. Now listen." Then he gave a whistle a minute long and loud enough to make a calicoe sick. There was no more hissing and the opera went on. At present he believes himself commissioned to learn to whistle loud enough to drown the sounds of a locomotive and all the bells and Notre Dame together, and he practices faithfully ten hours a day.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

ALTHOUGH Russia has vast beds of excellent coal, she imports nearly half of what she uses—chiefly through lack of internal communication.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES	.....	\$ 4.80 @ 6.98
HOGS	.....	6.00 @ 6.50
FLOUR—Superfine	.....	3.25 @ 3.90
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.....	1.08 @ 1.08 1/2
No. 2 Red	.....	1.12 1/2 @ 1.13 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.....	.58 1/2 @ .59 1/2
PORK—Mess	.....	15.00 @ 15.25
LARD	.....	.85 @ .85 1/2
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Good to Fancy Steers	.....	5.90 @ 5.95
Cows and Heifers	.....	4.65 @ 5.00
Medium to Fair	.....	5.25 @ 5.50
HOGS	.....	5.00 @ 5.85
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.	.....	6.00 @ 6.25
Good to Choice Sp'k Ex.	.....	5.90 @ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.....	.99 @ .99 1/2
No. 2 Red Winter	.....	1.05 @ 1.06 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.....	.51 1/2 @ .52
OATS—No. 2	.....	.34 @ .34 1/2
RYE—No. 2	.....	.53 1/2 @ .54
BARLEY—No. 2	.....	.63 @ .65
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.....	.19 @ .20
EGGS—Fresh	.....	14 @ .15
PORK—Mess	.....	13.40 @ 13.50
LARD	.....	.84 @ .85
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.....	.98 1/2 @ .98 3/4
CORN—No. 2	.....	.51 1/2 @ .51 3/4
OATS—No. 2	.....	.33 1/2 @ .34
RYE—No. 2	.....	.51 1/2 @ .51 3/4
BARLEY—No. 2	.....	.43 1/2 @ .47
PORK—Mess	.....	13.20 @ 13.25
LARD	.....	.84 @ .85
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	1.03 1/2 @ 1.05 1/2
CORN—Mixed	.....	.43 1/2 @ .46 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.....	.33 1/2 @ .35 1/2
RYE	.....	.46 1/2 @ .46 3/4
PORK—Mess	.....	14.25 @ 14.50
LARD	.....	.94 @ .95
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	1.04 @ 1.05
CORN	.....	.52 @ .52 1/2
OATS	.....	.33 1/2 @ .35 1/2
RYE	.....	.53 1/2 @ .54
PORK—Mess	.....	14.37 @ 14.50
LARD	.....	.87 @ .88 1/2
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	1.07 1/2 @ 1.08
CORN	.....	.53 @ .53 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.....	.35 @ .35 1/2
DETROIT.		
FLOUR	.....	4.25 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.....	1.11 @ 1.14
CORN—No. 2	.....	.55 @ .56
OATS—Mixed	.....	.35 @ .36
PORK—Mess	.....	20.50 @ 21.00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.....	1.05 @ 1.06
CORN—No. 2	.....	.50 @ .51
OATS—Mixed	.....	.34 @ .35
RYE	.....	.50 @ .51
Common	.....	.47 @ .50
HOGS	.....	5.80 @ 6.00
SHEEP	.....	3.50 @ 3.55

FLOODED IN THEIR BEDS.

Thirty Persons Drowned at London, Ontario.

Property of the Estimated Value of \$5,000,000 Washed Away.

(Telegram from London, Ontario.)

A tornado, accompanied by heavy rains, broke over the western part of the city shortly before daylight. The river was soon beyond its banks. The flood swept over the whole of the lowlands. In less than an hour the entire western suburbs were under water. Large buildings and mills were carried away as though they were straws. The population of the suburbs, some 2,000 in number, were driven from their homes in their night-clothes.

The villagers were sleeping when the storm burst upon them, and awoke only to find their dwellings floating away in the stream. Some houses were overturned and their occupants drowned in their beds. One building caught fire while going down stream, and lit up the awful scene, showing some persons running wildly about on the roofs of the floating houses, and others at the windows screaming. Parties went to the rescue of the occupants, but before they reached the building it was overturned and the inmates lost to sight.

The scene was direful in the extreme. Mothers were wailing for lost children, and infants crying for mothers. Many of those in the floating houses would have been comparatively secure had they remained in doors. Many of them in their terror rushed wildly out into the water and were swept away. One frame house floated down with lights burning, and a young lady inside, named Miss Wright, was rescued after a mile run on the crest of the wave, but with her reason lost. The poor girl had torn her hair and raved piteously all day. A young married woman was rescued with a newborn infant in her arms. A child of Mr. Orr, an elderly lady named Hopkins, and a boy floated over the dam and were engulfed in the waters below. Some forty persons are missing. All the bridges across the river were destroyed, and communication with the west side is cut off. Railways were also flooded and traffic stopped. The loss of life is between thirty and forty. The property loss is estimated at \$5,000,000.

Early in the morning Mrs. Oliver, wife of the caretaker at Springbank reservoir, was horrified at seeing a little boy being swept down the current toward the dam, screaming at the top of his voice and waving his arms as he disappeared over the brink. An effort was made to save him, but he was beyond human aid. Among the rescued in London West was an old colored man named Scott, who lived alone on Thames street. Mr. W. J. McIntosh endeavored to reach the house in a boat, and, failing to force in the door, drove his boat full tilt through the window, taking the whole sash with him. When he got inside at first he failed to see anybody till he heard the words: "Bress de Lo'd! I was jess prayin' to de Lo'd to send His angel to deliver me." Mr. McIntosh found the old man standing on the cook-stove, holding on to the stove-pipe, and the water almost up to his chin. Scott when he appeared on the street had nothing but a shirt and a coat.

An infant and an aged widow woman named Garretty, now in her 70th year, lived alone in a small frame shanty on Thames street. The neighbors from adjoining houses had all fled in alarm to high ground. She had been warned, but, owing either to infirmity or the surrounding confusion, she became paralyzed with fear. Rescuers tried in vain to rouse the old lady by pounding on the door, but to no purpose. At length they burst in a window and ran in a couple of planks. They found Mrs. Garretty kneeling on the bed, holding on to one of the posts, with the water up to her neck.

Mrs. Ann Reeves performed a deed that any stout man might have been proud of. When the water rose in her little home she placed one child, a girl, under one arm and another girl under the other arm; a third, a boy, she instructed to sit astraddle on her neck, and the fourth, another boy, she got to hang on to her dress behind. In this state she started for the shore, the water being, as she assured the reporter, up to her shoulders.

"How did you ever manage to get ashore with such a load?" was asked. "The Lord gave me strength," was the reply. "I was sure of the three youngest, but I was afraid of little Jackie, lest he should let go his hold behind, but he hung on bravely, although his head was half the time under water."

IN MALE ATTIRE.

A Chicago Girl Who Successfully Personated the Jolly Tar.

A young woman with a history was locked up at a Chicago police station the other night. She was dressed in men's clothing, and her disguise was the most deceiving the police ever met with. She was arrested on the docks, where she mingled as a sailor without her sex being discovered by even her nearest associate. For three years she has acted as cook's mate aboard various like vessels, always passing for a boy and mingling with the sailors as one of them.

She could give no other name than Frank Chambers, insisting that her real name was too sacred to divulge in a police station. She said she was born in Newark, Ohio, seventeen years ago, and donned male attire the better to get along. There was not one chance in twenty of getting employment as a woman where she could succeed as a man, and, as the latter had the better of it through life, she concluded to disguise her identity and engage in labor performed by the other sex. She liked the change. She liked the sea, and took to it to the manner born. Though mixing constantly with the very roughest of the sea-faring element, few ever discovered her secret. She drank with the rough sailors, but was wise enough not to take too much, and she never became intoxicated. She accompanied them in their roistering tours when in port, but always had a ready excuse to offer when any frolic was proposed that might disclose her sex. She believed in woman's rights and smoked and chatted with the ease of an old tar. All her movements were masculine and her conversation was plentifully interlarded with expressions characteristic of the sterner sex. When proffered a cigar, she lit the match on her trousers, and when it went out her disgust was expressed in terms more emphatic than elegant. She seemed to be a lad of eighteen, and though her features were regular and pleasing, there was nothing effeminate in her look. Her hair was cut close to the scalp, as if by a machine, and she wore a frock coat and black trousers, a chevrot shirt and a nobby derby.

"Some one gave me away," was the reply she made when asked how she came to be arrested. "I have only been in the town a few days, and behaved myself the best I could. No one would suspect who I am, and I was never found out until I got in a row with a fellow once. I got a black eye, but then there is always a black eye aboard a ship; if the Captain hasn't got it, some of the crew have."

ROBERT BONNER NOW OWNS 170 HORSES.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

Greenback and Republican Conventions in Iowa and Pennsylvania.

Gen. Weaver Named for Governor--The Resolutions.

Iowa Greenbackers.

The Iowa Greenback State Convention met at Des Moines, and was called to order by the Hon. E. H. Gillette, and, after prayer by Rev. D. S. Huntington, of Des Moines, Mr. Gillette delivered a short speech, in which he declared that the end and aim of the Greenback party was the overthrow of every system which opposes the right of every person to do as he pleases; to enforce the doctrine of the Declaration of Independence, "That all men are created free and equal," and further the enfranchisement of women. It is a hard task, he said, for opposed to the movement is every form of monopoly--bankers, railroad corporations, usurers, and everything representing capital. He also declared that the party was for prohibition.

S. Kenworthy, of Mahaska county, was called as Temporary Chairman, and a Davis county man was appointed Temporary Secretary.

The Committee on Credentials reported sixty-six counties represented, two-thirds of the counties of the State.

The Committee on Permanent Organization recommended the following:

Chairman--W. S. Kenworthy, of Mahaska. Vice President--T. Q. Lee, of Hamilton. Secretary--J. Burke, of Jasper.

Assistant Secretary--W. H. Robb, of Union. Reading Secretary--W. L. Ruff, of Polk.

The report was adopted. A motion was made to refer to the Committee on Resolutions, without debate, all resolutions offered in the convention, which, after considerable discussion, prevailed.

The following Committee on Resolutions was appointed:

First district, M. L. Edwards; Second, L. Hoopes; Third, M. S. Hitchcock; Fourth, L. H. Weller; Fifth, George Carter; Sixth, Gen. J. B. Weaver; Seventh, I. Brownell; Eighth, J. L. Brown; Ninth, W. Wollicke; Tenth, F. H. Bee; Eleventh, Daniel Campbell.

Gen. Weaver, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions presented the following report, which was adopted with but little opposition:

The National Greenback Labor party of Iowa, in convention assembled, declare:

1. The right to issue money and control the volume thereof belongs to the people, therefore we demand the abolition of all banks of issue and the substitution of legal tender currency in lieu of bank currency, the volume to be strictly regulated by Congress.

2. We favor the unrestricted coinage of gold and silver.

3. We are opposed to all refunding of the interest-bearing national debt which places it beyond the power of the Government to pay at will, and we demand that said debt be paid as rapidly as possible.

4. We demand a graduated income tax whereby capital shall bear its just share of the public burden.

5. All men have a natural right to a portion of the soil, and, as the use of the soil is indispensable to life, the right of all men to the soil is sacred as life itself; all public lands granted to corporations and forfeited by reason of non-performance of the conditions of said grants should be immediately reclaimed by the Government, and all public lands should be held for homes by actual settlers.

6. The Patent law should be so amended as to protect inventors, give the people the benefits to be derived, and prevent the formation of monopolies which rob the inventor and the people.

7. We favor civil-service reform, and to that end hold that all public officials, as far as practicable, including the President and Vice President, shall be elected by a direct vote of the people.

8. We favor a low tariff and a revision of the present tariff laws, to be adjusted in the interest of labor and not in the interest of monopolies.

9. We demand the abolition of the Railroad Commission and the passage of laws regulating railroad and telegraph charges upon an equitable basis and the establishment of a postal telegraph system.

10. For the purpose of protecting the people from harassing and tedious litigation in courts remote from their homes, all railroad companies and other corporations doing business within this State, should be required by law to incorporate under the laws of Iowa. That said corporations be required to litigate their cases in the State courts in common with all other citizens.

11. We demand that each party having a State organization shall have a representative on each election board.

12. We hold that the representatives of labor have the right to come to the polls, to all their constitutional rights and they should be protected by law in the exercise of that right, and we demand legislative action whereby all differences between mine owners and laborers may be equitably adjusted.

13. We demand equal political rights for all men and women.

14. The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage should be prohibited, and the sale of the same as a beverage should be restricted to the parties to the prohibition of June 27, 1832, be respected and carried out, and we affirm the present executive of the State for permitting the will of the people to be overthrown.

15. The claims of the bondholders have been regarded by the party in power as more sacred than the claims of the soldiers of the Union. We declare such distinctions to be humiliating and wrong, and we demand that Congress shall immediately pass such laws as will place the soldiers upon an equal footing with the bondholders. We also favor the passage of a law by the State Legislature exempting pension money and the home-lands purchased therewith from execution and attachment.

16. We point to the acts of our last Congress in renewing national-bank charters, in reducing bank taxes \$20,000,000 per annum, and to their failure to reclaim forfeited land grants; also, to the escape of the star-route thieves, some of whom confessed their guilt, and to the development of fraud in the Treasury Department, as exposed by the Hon. F. H. March, as evidence of the unprecedented corruption of the party in power, and to show that public money and public interests cannot longer safely be intrusted to their hands.

The Hon. J. B. Weaver was nominated for Governor; Sanford Kirkpatrick, of Wapello, for Lieutenant Governor; D. W. Clarke, of Adair, for Supreme Judge, and Miss Abbie O. Canfield, of Des Moines county, for Superintendent of Public Instruction, for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Gen. Weaver thanked the convention in a neat speech.

Col. Harper, of Illinois made a short speech, which was extremely moderate and conciliatory in its tone. The following State Central Committee was chosen: First district, R. C. Brown; Second, J. L. Enos; Third, M. S. Hitchcock; Fourth, L. H. Weller; Fifth, M. Q. Henderson; Sixth, W. S. Kenworthy; Seventh, E. H. Gillette; Eighth, W. H. Rogers; Ninth, Thomas Benedict; Tenth, not chosen; Eleventh, J. R. Somers.

Pennsylvania Republicans.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania held their State Convention at Harrisburg. It was a very quiet affair. There were no contesting delegations. John Cessna presided, and the business in hand was rapidly disposed of. William H. Weaver was nominated for State Treasurer on the sixth ballot, and Jerome B. Niles was declared the nominee for Auditor after the fourth ballot.

The following platform was adopted:

The Republican party of Pennsylvania makes declaration of its principles as follows:

1. We unqualifiedly approve and demand a continuance of that system of protection to home industry which has proved itself to be the industrial skill and development, and a guarantee of a pure and honest market for our labor; and we demand that the laws which will accomplish these objects.

2. That any surplus in the public treasury arising from a redundant revenue should, after paying the national debt as fast as its conditions permit, be distributed from time to time to the several States upon the basis of population to relieve them from the burden of local taxation and provide means for the education of their people.

3. That the standard dollar is largely in the hands of a few banking people, and is a disturbing element to the business of the country, we declare it to be the duty of Congress to adopt such legislation as will insure its full redemption and conversion into other coin for circulation.

4. That we protest against the practice of foreign Governments in aiding or enforcing the emigration of their pauper and criminal classes to this country, and we call upon the General Government to take proper steps to prevent the same.

5. The Republicans of Pennsylvania most heartily indorse the wise and conservative administration of President Arthur, and believe his administrative policy has, under the circumstances, done much to secure the present happy and prosperous condition of the country, and thus we recognize in him a faithful and worthy supporter of our lamented martyr, President James A. Garfield.

6. We heartily approve of the provision made by the Republicans in Congress for giving the patriotic soldiers of the late war a preference according to qualifications for positions under the Government. Soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphans have a first claim on the care, protection and grant of the American people.

7. We commend every effort to inaugurate a thorough and correct civil-service reform in all the departments of the national and State administrations.

8. We require that all offices bestowed within the party shall be upon the sole basis of fitness; that competent and faithful officers shall not be removed except for cause, and that the assent and popular will shall be faithfully carried out by those holding office by favor of the party.

9. That the Republican party is unqualifiedly committed to the economical administration of the affairs of the commonwealth, the abolition of all taxes not required for the necessities of the State Government; that all laws to prevent fraud and waste should be rigidly enforced and faithful care given to the multifarious interests entrusted to the State Department of the Government.

10. That the Republican party of Pennsylvania hereby pledges itself to secure the passage of such legislation as will tend to a reform of the government of the State and its municipalities, and more particularly pledges itself to provide for cities such reform charters as will correct existing abuses and promote good and economical government.

11. That the Democratic party in the Legislature of Pennsylvania is responsible for retarding the legitimate and necessary business of the Legislature, causing the calling of an extra session at an expense of more than \$200,000, and preventing a fair and just apportionment of the State and Congressional, Legislative and Judicial districts, and we hereby heartily commend the action of the Republican Senate on these measures.

WHEREAS, It is the sense of the convention that the freest and fullest expression of Republican sentiment should be encouraged and sought in primary meetings, which are the fountain of party action and source of popular rule, and that this object be promoted by holding primaries for the election of delegates to the convention throughout the State as far as practicable, on some convenient day not remote from the convention; therefore,

Resolved, That the State Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of fixing a uniform day throughout the State for holding primaries for the election of delegates to State conventions.

GLEAMINGS.

WATERMELONS are selling in Florida for 5 cents each.

The annual income of the Sultan of Turkey is \$15,000,000.

LYONS, Iowa, has a match-factory which turns out 200 gross per day.

THIRTY-FOUR men in Uvalde county, Texas, own \$200,000 worth of sheep apiece.

The poet of the Hartford Post speaks of an old straw hat as a symphony in last year's sunburn.

A GENTLEMAN of Sumterville, Walton county, Fla., has established a gopher park, and is said to have 120 head at work.

THE Baptists are about to invest from \$15,000 to \$100,000 in the erection of a denominational college in North Dakota.

It is estimated that the miners and mechanics of Butte, M. T., have on deposit at the three banks in that city about \$300,000.

THE Missouri State Teachers' Association, in its session, passed a resolution that no member in the association should receive the title of Professor.

THE liquor-dealers of San Buenaventura, Cal., have resolved to withdraw their patronage from the two local papers because the latter advocates high license.

In Portland, Ore., the ship-owners claim they have the advantage in view of the large expected wheat harvest on the coast and are generally asking full rates for freight.

THE peaceful community of McPherson, Kas., which has a population of about 3,000, gets along with 100 police, which consists of a City Marshal, who is also Street Commissioner of the town.

A TON of silver coin is now being turned out daily at the Philadelphia Mint. The most of this is in dollars and small coin, notably dimes. The demand for 5-cent nickels is in advance of the ability to supply.

THE American and the Mexican nickel are engaged in a tight race at El Paso, Texas. The latter, though worth 1 1/2 cents less, is rather getting away with the former, for some unknown reason, though at Laredo and other points on the Rio Grande the merchants refuse to receive the Mexican nickel at par or face.

THE Denver Tribune is responsible for the statement that a "Gout Club" has recently been organized in that city, with Judge Steck, President; Ward Lamon, Secretary; Judge Ward, Umpire; and J. B. Belford, General Interlocutor. It is generally known as the "Historical Club," inasmuch as these gouty philosophers generally devote themselves to the discussion of historical questions, including such abstruse inquiries as "Why didn't Moses have a front name?"

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mr. Beecher will spend the summer in California.

THERE are no descendants of President Jackson living.

THURMAN says Blaine is the greatest of living politicians.

JUNIE HOADLY is a graduate of Western Reserve College.

JUNIE HOADLY's mother was a sister of ex-President Woodbury, of Yale College.

ROBERT J. BURDETTE, the humorist, is spending the summer at Ardmore, Pa.

AN ARIZONA Gentleman, who wears a full suit of eoru pongee, with its cambric ruffles.

OF the 152 young men who applied for admission at West Point, twenty-seven were rejected.

JAMES PALMY, the English novelist, is said to be strikingly like Talmage in personal appearance.

MR. A. S. ABELL, the proprietor of the Baltimore Sun, is estimated to be worth \$100,000.

GEN. H. W. SARGENT has taken the unexpected lease of Gen. Sherman's house in Washington and Government House in New York.

MR. BLAINE has been in the one of the same way that was formerly occupied by Mr. Blaine.

JULY CROP BULLETIN.

Indications of a Crop of 300,000,000 Bushels of Winter and 125,000,000 of Spring Wheat.

Large Increase in the Area Devoted to Corn--A Total of 68,000,000 Acres.

The July report of the National Department of Agriculture indicates very general improvement in the condition of cotton. Rains were general up to the 15th or 20th of June, and local showers have been frequent since. There has been an excess of moisture, interfering with the cultivation and promoting the growth of grass. Clean fields are found only in favored districts and on lands with prompt and pushing cultivators. Since June 20 the growth has been rapid. In grassy districts the plants are still small but healthy, and making great progress with recent cultivation. The only complaint of drought comes from Central and Southwestern Texas, from the Colorado to the Gaudalupe. A few counties in South Carolina and Georgia report a present need of rain.

There is promise of improvement during July. A gain of 10 points has been made in the Northern Zone, North Carolina and Tennessee, 7 in Georgia, 6 in South Carolina, 4 in Texas, 3 in Mississippi, 2 in Virginia, and 1 in Florida. Alabama and Louisiana stand as in June. The July State averages are as follows: Virginia, 83; North Carolina, 91; South Carolina, 91; Georgia, 93; Florida, 95; Alabama, 87; Mississippi, 89; Louisiana, 91; Texas, 93; Arkansas, 84; Tennessee, 88. Worms have wrought but little injury as yet. The caterpillar has appeared at a few points from South Carolina to Texas. In Butler, in Alabama, the second brood of worms appeared June 24. The boll-worm is at work in Denton county, Texas. Picking will commence in Southwestern Texas about the 20th of July.

WHEAT. There has been some improvement in winter wheat in Connecticut, New York, Virginia, South Carolina, Texas, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and California which advances the general average condition from 75 to 79. The spring wheat average has advanced from 98 to 100. The indications for July point to a winter wheat crop of fully 300,000,000 bushels, and a product of about 125,000,000 bushels of spring wheat.

CORN. The area of the corn crop has been increased about 2,500,000 acres, making an aggregate of 68,000,000 acres. There has been some extension of the area in nearly every State. The proportion of increase is large in the Northwest and in the Southwest. On the coast, from Virginia to Mississippi, the advance has been small. In some places the reduction of price from the enlargement of the supply last year had a discouraging effect. There has been too much rain in the great Western maize districts, and the failure of stands from planting poor seed, making the crop late and the growth small, but the improvement has of late been rapid. Taking all the States together, the average for corn is 88, against 85 last July, 90 in 1881, and 100 in 1880. The averages of the principal States are as follows: New York, 84; Pennsylvania, 80; Ohio, 83; Michigan, 73; Indiana, 90; Illinois, 82; Iowa, 80; Missouri, 82; Kansas, 98; Nebraska, 87; Dakota, 78. In the South the averages range from 90 in Tennessee to 108 in Louisiana.

OTHER PRODUCTS. The prospect for oats is nearly as good as in July of last year, the average being 90 against 103. The condition of barley is represented by 97. Last July it was 98. The average in New York is 103; Pennsylvania, 91; Wisconsin, 102; California, 90. There has been an increase of about 5 per cent in the area planted in Northern potatoes. They are reported in high condition, averaging 101. The average of tobacco appears to have been diminished 7 per cent in condition.

LAND SHARKS.

Expose of Enormous Frauds in the Matter of Entering Government Lands.

(Washington Telegram.)

Over 600 reports have been received by the Commissioner of the General Land Office from thirty special agents engaged in the investigation of fraudulent land entries up to July 1. In many of these cases supplemental reports have been called for, covering points which are not sufficiently specific to warrant official action. About 35 reports have shown sufficient evidence of fraud to justify the Land Office in summarily canceling the entries. The records show without exception that the fraudulent entries, whether homestead or pre-emption, cover the full area of land allowed by law--namely, 160 acres. The land already restored to the public domain upon the reports of these agents aggregates about 35,000 acres. A great deal is located in rich valleys, and is held by the Government at double the minimum price--\$2.70 per acre. The Government, already effected by the secret service division of the General Land Office is estimated at \$125,000, and it is maintained that these figures will be doubled when action is reached upon reports yet unexamined. The presence of these special agents has had the effect of checking many fraudulent schemes not yet consummated.

OUT OF THE USUAL ORDER.

A CUCUMBER five feet long and large in proportion is on exhibition at New Orleans.

A GIRL took poison after writing letters to her beaux advising them by her love for them to take care of her body. Of course she lived in Brooklyn.

THE most enterprising street car line in the world is run between Billings and Conson, Montana, the fare being 25 cents, which includes two glasses of beer at Conson.

NINE girls in St. Louis organized a baseball club. While playing a practice game the miss at the bat refused to play because the pitcher wouldn't throw the ball "real hard."

A YOUNG woman, aged 15 years, who lives in Lapeer, Minn., has now been thrice married and thrice a widow. All the eligible bachelors and widowers of that town are fleeing for their lives.

In the Gulf Hammock, Florida, a hen hatched a brood of chickens in a nest on the limb of a tree twenty-four feet from the ground. Hence down there early learn the necessity of roosting high.

THE Lower Alloways Creek correspondent of the Salem (N. J.) Standard adds to his list of tough stories from that section this: A cow belonging to James Blackhouse, having no progeny of her own, has adopted a litter of pigs. The pigs are four in number, and when hungry they give notice to their foster mother by rubbing against her legs, and at the same time give vent to the well-known vocal cry of young swine. Their guardian at once lies down in such a manner that the maternal vent is readily exposed, and then each pig proceeds to gain a livelihood by sucking its milk.

THE COLORADO TRAGEDY.

Massacre of Commissioners in Grand County.

Particulars of this Bloody Encounter.

(Denver Telegram.)

From a multitude of conflicting reports constantly being received concerning the Grand county tragedy, it is difficult to get the real facts in the case. Texas Charley tells the following story of the fight, which is deemed authentic:

Day, Webber and Dean left Mrs. Young's boarding-house for town, and when about twenty-five paces from the house were passing a lot of pines and rocks, Webber walking thirty steps behind Dean and Day. Four masked men jumped out from behind the rocks and pines and shot Webber in the back, just above the hips, the ball passing through his body. Webber cried: "I am shot," and ran toward Day and Dean, and fell before them. The leader of the masked party (Mills) then sprang on Dean, knocking him down, and began pounding him over the head with his gun. Day drew his revolver and shot Mills behind the ear, the powder from the pistol burning his hair. Mills fell on top of Dean. As soon as Day was shot the man ran back toward Mrs. Young's ice-house, and some masked men came up behind him. Day shot at him, and it is believed wounded him. A shot from behind struck Day and the ball passed through his heart. He ran fifteen steps and fell dead in the path. Webber was unconscious after falling, and at 11:30 the same night was dying. His last words were: "Pour some water on my wounds." Webber's and Day's bodies were taken to Webber's ranch on Frazer's farm, from whence Day's body was taken to the springs, where it will be buried. Mills will be buried at Grand Lake. Dean is at Grand Lake alive at last accounts. Coffin, Martin and William Redmon, supposed to be of the attacking party, have so far eluded arrest.

The trouble that led to the shooting was the result of an old feud, dating back to 1870, when the county was created by act of the Legislature and the seat located at Hot Sulphur Springs. At the election held in 1880, the people by a vote changed the county seat to Grand Lake. The matter was taken to the District Court and then to the Supreme Court. Meanwhile the hatred existing between the two factions was growing in intensity, culminating yesterday in the bloody work. Grand county has three Commissioners--Barney Day, R. G. Mills, and E. P. Webber--a majority of whom, Day and Mills, were in favor of declaring the vote illegal that created Grand Lake the county seat and removing the records back to the Springs. The Commissioners had a regular meeting at Grand Lake. Just what was done is not positively known, but it is reported they decided to declare the office of County Treasurer vacant because of his refusal to file a satisfactory bond. During the meeting Day, Webber and Clerk Dean stopped at Mrs. Young's boarding-house, a quarter of a mile around the end of a small lake. The road leading from Mrs. Young's to town is through a thicket of small pines. It was while passing this point that the officials were shot down in the manner described.

J. G. Mills, one of the Commissioners killed was a man of unenviable reputation. He came to this State from Mississippi, a fugitive from justice, having, in company with one O. S. Lee, shot and killed W. H. Hill and Thomas Ballard. The affair occurred Oct. 1, 1875, in Holmes county. Mills was for a time local editor of the Cheyenne Leader, leaving that paper in 1879 and going directly into Grand county, and became identified with the North Park Miner. He was a bold writer, and bore the reputation of being a whole-souled fellow. He was a native of Vermont.

E. P. Webber was a young and energetic lawyer, who was for five years Assistant State's Attorney for the State of Illinois, at Chicago. He was a man generally well liked, and preferred the law to violence in the settlement of any question, although he was by no means a coward.

Barney Day was an old-timer in Colorado, having been one of the first to come overland to Denver about twenty years ago. He emigrated to Middle Park in 1875, and has lived there almost continuously ever since. He had a large number of warm personal friends, and leaves a wife and one child.

T. J. Dean was a native of Michigan. He entered the army at the breaking out of the war, and distinguished himself for bravery and ability, and was breveted Colonel. He was afterward wounded and taken prisoner, and was for a long time one of the unfortunate ones who were confined in Libby prison. He was disabled from his wounds, losing one eye and being otherwise seriously hurt. Upon getting out of prison he came to Colorado, and has been here since. He went to Middle Park in 1874 or 1875. He is about 55 years of age. He was for a long time Superintendent of Public Schools of Clear Creek county, and afterward held the position of County Judge of Grand county.

BRIEFS.

NINETEEN flour mills are running at Minneapolis.

THE liquor license in Bismarck, Dak., is \$1,030 per annum.

SILVER CITY, N. M., pays its public school teachers \$250 a month.

MUSTARDVILLE is the name of a new town in Washington Territory.

KANSAS will elect Judges in six of its eighteen Judicial districts this fall.

DAKOTA has forty-eight money-order offices, and the number is constantly increasing.

A TURTLE was brought into Cedar Key, Fla., a few days ago, that weighed 425 pounds.

ALTHOUGH the introduction of horse railroads in Germany is of recent date, forty-four towns of the empire have already constructed lines.

THERE is a movement in Cleveland, as there is in Chicago, to establish a manual training school similar to the flourishing school in St. Louis.

A LAKELAND (Minn.) sawmill works twenty-four hours in the day, six days in the week, and cuts 300,000 feet of lumber, 70,000 laths, and 80,000 shingles, the latter in eleven hours.

The widow of Dr. Glenn, the great California farmer, will realize this year \$700,000 from the grain crop. Now is the time for the enterprising young man in search of a partner to go West.

STATISTICS show that the growth of timber in Kansas is yearly increasing beyond the consumption. It was feared at the first settling of the State that the timber would disappear in a few years.

LORD WOLSELEY's souvenir of the Czar's coronation, given him by the Czar himself, is a magnificent gold snuff-box bearing the Czar's portrait set in brilliant on the cover. Other fine diamonds are fixed in various parts of the box.

One of the mighty subjects to be discussed at the Concord School of Philosophy this year is "The Distinction of Reality and Potentiality from True Actuality." When that discussion takes place, it will be time for the rest of the world to take to the woods.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

A RUNAWAY team killed Wesley Gotz at Hudson, and his wife became insane on hearing the news.

SOLOMON SMITH, a farmer of Ridgeway township, Lenawee county, charged with forgery, has been discharged on examination.

THREE boys--Frank Krulmer, aged 11, Charles Nemeskal, aged 13, and Frank Nemeskal, aged 12, and a dog killed a bear which weighed 300 pounds when dressed, in Cleveland township, Leelanaw county, a few days ago. Charles, the eldest boy, shot him with a rifle, and the dog and boys finished him.

THEY met on a railroad train. It was a case of love at first sight. He introduced himself, chatted pleasantly, and ere they reached Bay City, they vowed to love each other forever and a few days longer. He was a farmer from Oakland county, and was pretty well fixed; she was coming to Bay City to work, but the fates decided that she should not do so, and she will in future preside over the destinies of a comfortable farm-house in one of the richest counties of the State. Justice Oldfield, in the most suave style, performed the ceremony that made Ezor Bastado and Miss Mary Davis man and wife.

CHRIST HANSON, a Dane living at the Cliffs location, discovered a bear near his place, near Marquette, and loading his "Zulu" gun started in pursuit. Christ was lucky enough to get within range before long, when pulling up and placing his reliance on Providence and his trusty "Zulu" he let drive. The aim was good, for the bear gave a leap into the air, uttered an unearthly yell, and made for the bush. Whether it was the report of the gun or the yell of the bear that unsettled Hanson's nerves he hasn't yet fully determined, but at all events he lost his appetite for bear meat, and as bruin went one way Christ struck out in an opposite direction, and didn't stop until he got home. Next morning he took the trail again and found his bear a short distance from where they parted company, dead, with eight buck-shots and a big slug in his carcass.

A YOUNG girl named Sarah Kerr, about 11 years old, was stripped of her clothes and brutally outraged in a piece of woods just north of Flint. Some little children gave the alarm, and the officers, accompanied by hundreds of citizens, started in pursuit of the perpetrator of the outrage. The girl said that the man was a negro, but Deputy Sheriff Miller arrested a young man named Schermerhorn. He had disguised himself by blacking his face and had washed it before being captured. The girl recognized him as the man, and marks on his clothing sustain her testimony. Threats of lynching were freely indulged in, and had the villain fallen into the hands of any one but an officer, he would probably have paid the penalty of his crime with his life.

THE following story is vouched for by the Roscommon Pioneer: At a dam on the north branch of the Au Sable, a 7-year-old daughter of A. G. Louks and a girl 3 years old strayed from home and went to the dam. A skiff on the bank attracted their attention and they attempted to get into it. Mr. Louks' little girl succeeded in getting in when the boat started from shore and commenced to float down stream. Coming to a place where the water appeared shallow and she could see bottom quite plain, she jumped in with the intention of wading to shore. The water was eight or ten feet deep where she jumped in, and she would certainly have been drowned had no assistance been rendered her. With the children when they strayed away were two 3-months-old pups, one a spaniel and the other a Newfoundland. Seeing the child plunge into the water, the spaniel immediately swam to her assistance, seized her by the foot, and towed her to shore, where the Newfoundland stood in eager expectancy to render assistance, and the moment the spaniel reached the shore with its burden grabbed the child by the clothes and the two pups dragged her little by little till they got her upon dry ground.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by observers of diseases in the different parts of the State, show the principal diseases which caused most sickness in Michigan, during the week ending July 7, 1883, as follows: Names of observers heard from, 61.

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Per cent of population reported this week.	Per cent of population reported this week.
1 Intermittent fever.....	80	69
2 Rheumatism.....	67	61
3 Neuralgia.....	63	65
4 Diarrhea.....	56	48
5 Bronchitis.....	53	46
6 Consumption of lungs.....	51	57
7 Remittent fever.....	45	37
8 Tonaditis.....	31	35
9 Measles.....	25	31
10 Cholera morbus.....	25	19
11 Influenza.....	22	20
12 Dysentery.....	20	13
13 Cholera infantum.....	18	7
14 Scarlet fever.....	16	27
15 Whooping-cough.....	14	20
16 Erysipelas.....	14	19
17 Typho-malarial fever.....	12	9
18 Diphtheria.....	12	13
19 Inflammation of Kidney.....	12	15
20 Pneumonia.....	10	2
21 Inflammation of brain.....	6	2
22 Cerebro-spinal meningitis.....	6	11
23 Puerperal fever.....	6	4
24 Mumps.....	4	6
25 Typhoid fever (enteric).....	4	9
26 Inflammation of bowels.....	4	13

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1883.

The office of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS is now located at No. 52, Eighth street, the store formerly occupied by John Albers as a jewelry store. We are now prepared, on account of having received a large amount of new material, to do job work in the best possible manner, and at the lowest prices. Do not forget us when in need of work.

TOM THUMBS died last Sunday at Middleboro, Massachusetts, of apoplexy. He was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, in 1833, his real name being Charles H. Stratton. He had been before the public, on both sides of the Atlantic, for the past thirty years, and had accumulated a fortune.

THE Western Furniture Manufacturers' Association, held a convention last Wednesday in Grand Rapids, with delegates present from Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Missouri. Freight rates and other matters of interest to the association, received consideration and a banquet was given the same evening. On Thursday the delegates visited Muskegon passing through this city on their way.

THE contractors at the jetties closed their contract last Tuesday morning, and at night slipped out without paying many of the parties they had been dealing with. It seems that under the rigid supervision of Mr. Picton they did not make near as much as they expected, for the work in all cases had to be perfect, or it was not received. It looks as though we will now have a good prospect of getting the Messrs. Kanters back next year, as these parties will not be very apt to bid for work at such low figures again. It is said that Col. Mansfield's visit there some time ago changed the aspect of things somewhat. Mr. J. R. Daniels, who was in town during the week states that a portion of the work is good while some of it is very bad. There are now about 1900 feet constructed on the north side and a small amount on the south side. There is now seven feet of water on the bar, with the channel confined along with the jetty line. Mr. Daniels thinks that with a rise in the river and our east winds this winter the channel will get much deeper.—*Brazoria Independent.*

For the Holland City News:

One of the leading social events of the past week was the marriage of Elias De Spelder, M. D. to Anna E. Frik, at the residence of the bride's parents on Ninth street, on last Wednesday afternoon, at four o'clock, and the reception given in the evening. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. John A. De Spelder, of Macon, Michigan, a brother of the groom. The evening was a beautiful one, and a large number responded to the invitations, bringing many costly presents.

The following is the list of presents:

Six walnut chairs, 1 rocking chair, 1 revolving office chair, Mr. and Mrs. I. Cappon; one marble-top center table, Drs. Kromets, Best, Van Patten, Schouten, Schiphorst, Goe, and De Vries; hanging lamp, Mr. and Mrs. W. Diekema; willow rocking chair, Miss Annie Van Patten; clock, Mr. and Mrs. Glerem; couch, plush trimmed, Mr. and Mrs. A. Vlescher, Mr. J. W. and Miss M. Vlescher; camp rocking chair, Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Kollen; flower urn, Miss A. Minderhout; Longfellow's Poems, Misses Mary and Gertrude Alcott; velvet rug, Mrs. Boezel; velvet Brussels couch, Mr. and Mrs. J. Peesluk, and Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Peesluk; camp rocking chair, Mr. R. Kanters, Jr.; large mirror, Mr. Ed. Slioter; ottoman and velvet rug, Mr. B. and Miss A. Van der Veen; rocking chair, Mr. J. Slioter; walnut stand, Miss Jenny Nyland; silver butter and pickle dish, G. J. Diekema; bed spread, Mr. and Mrs. J. Cappon; carving knife and fork, Dr. T. G. Huizenga; twelve glass sauce dishes, Mr. and Mrs. C. Landaul; glass water pitcher, Miss Klaver; silver cake dish and glass castor, Mr. and Mrs. F. Slioter; lace curtains, Mr. E. and Miss H. Van den Berge; glass fruit dish and 6 sauce dishes, Miss Minnie Cappon; tidy, Miss H. Coffey; glass fruit dish, glass water pitcher, and tidy, Mr. and Mrs. J. Panels; six silver tea spoons, six cups and saucers and six porcelain terrines, Miss Jennie Slioter; tidy, Mr. and Mrs. J. Smits; ten dollars in gold, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Frik; ten dollar bill, Mr. R. Ailing, of Kalamazoo.

At about ten o'clock "Dr. Gee's Music Class" serenaded the newly married couple, discoursing some of the fine music that this "class" usually renders. During the evening refreshments were bountifully served to the guests and everybody seemed happy, and returned home feeling that a pleasant evening had been spent. Both the bride and groom are well, known to almost every citizen in Holland, and the best wishes of a host of friends accompany them to their new home in East Saugatuck. That their union may be a long and harmonious one is the sincere wish of "AMERICUS."

HOLLAND, Mich., July 19, 1883.

Hamilton Items.

THE brick yard of Messrs. Oosting & Smith started to burn their first kiln of brick last Monday morning.

JOHN ILLO, the man who had two ribs broken at a "bar-raising" some weeks ago, is doing nicely, and will soon be around again.

THE repairs on Hope Mills are finished and the mill whirled has departed. The boiling cloth will soon be on when the mill will again commence running.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, Rev. N. M. Steffens, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday School 8:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30. Subjects: Forenoon, "The Divine Law of the Sabbath." Afternoon, "Without Christ we can do nothing." In the evening a Missionary sermon will be preached by Rev. D. Broek in College Chapel. Subject: "The Wonderful ways of the Lord in extending his Kingdom."

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. Thomas Walker Jones. Subjects: Morning, "The Divine Law of the Sabbath." Evening, "The happy effect of Sabbath-keeping." Congregational singing led by the choir. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday School at 8:45. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The Law of the Sabbath." Afternoon "Good Works."

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "Terrestrial humiliation and Celestial elevation of Zion's King." Afternoon, "Preparations for the preaching to the Gentiles." In the evening Missionary prayer meeting. Subject: "Fragments of conversations of some Missionaries among the Jews."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 3 and 7:30 p. m. The services will be conducted by Prof. G. Boer, of Grand Rapids.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The Divine Law of the Sabbath." Evening, "The Trying Question." All the seats are free.

OFFICIAL.

Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 17, 1883.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor. Members present: Mayor, Beech, Aldermen Harrington, Benkema, Workman, Boyd, Nyland and the Clerk. Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. Ald. Kramer appeared during the reading of the minutes and took his seat.

PETITIONS AND ACCORDS.

A petition was presented from H. Meyer and twelve others, property owners on Ninth street, between River and Pine streets, objecting to that part of said street being graded according to the profile now in the City Clerk's office, and requesting that the grade of Ninth street, between River and Pine streets, be changed in such a manner as not to cut more than three feet at the highest point.—Accepted.

A petition was presented from Hans Thompson and three other residents and property owners on Twelfth street, between Market and Cedar streets, requesting the Common Council to order the construction of a sidewalk along the south side of Twelfth street, between Market and Cedar streets.—Petition granted and a sidewalk ordered to be constructed within sixty days.

A petition was presented from Star Hook and Ladder Co., for certificate of membership, for the years 1883 and 1883.—Granted.

The following bills were presented for payment: Star Hook and L. Co., lock on front door.....\$ 50 M. De Boe, putting on lock....." 50 E. J. Harrington, Jr., taking Eng. No. 2, to John Jones 23 38....." 2 00 John Hummel, refreshments....." 2 00 R. Kanters & Son, 6 axes and rope for fire dept....." 8 25 B. D. Weijer, varnish and labor on book case....." 4 00 Geo. H. Sipp and two assistants in making survey, profiles and estimates for 11th st. improvement....." 7 38 P. Koning, 3 days work with team....." 9 00 R. Hall, 1 1/2 days work....." 1 88 —Allowed and warrants issued on the city treasurer for the several amounts.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Streets and Bridges reported having had the holes on Lake and Second streets filled up.—Filed.

The Committee on Poor reported presenting the semi-monthly report of the Director of the Poor and said committee, recommending \$43.95, for the support of the poor, for the three weeks ending August 8, 1883.—Approved and warrants ordered issued on the City Treasurer for the several amounts.

The Committee on Library reported having purchased seventy-five dollars worth of books for the City Library from Mr. H. D. Post.—Approved.

SELECT COMMITTEES.

The Select Committee on Building reported that they had not been able as yet to enter into a contract with either Mr. James Huntley or Mr. J. V. Conasul, to erect a building for an Engine House and Common Council Rooms, owing to the difficulty in negotiating bonds at so low a rate of interest as five per cent per annum.—Laid upon the table until the next meeting of the Council.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

Justice John A. Roost reported the number of cases tried before him in the month of June 1883, and receipt of city treasurer for \$1.00 fines collected.—Filed.

The City Physician reported having treated six cases in the month of June, 1883.—Filed.

The Clerk reported a communication from the County Treasurer, stating that there was \$26.30, amount of taxes, interest and fees collected during quarter ending June 30th, 1883, due to the city of Holland, and awaiting the call of the City Treasurer.—Accepted the moneys ordered charged to the city treasurer and the city clerk instructed to receive of the County Treasurer a description of all lands, returned to the city of Holland, on which taxes had been paid.

The Health Officer reported the following, to-wit: "I would hereby respectfully report to your Honorable Body, That the holes in Lake and Second streets, and on lots 2 and 3 in block 7, have not been filled in accordance with the directions and order of the Board of Health of the said City of Holland; and that Second street near Lake street has not been filled up as much as it should be in order to abate the said declared nuisance. (Signed) Wm. Van Putten, M. D. Health Officer."

On motion of Ald. Harrington—Resolved, That the Committees on Streets and Bridges are hereby instructed to have the holes in Second and Lake streets, near lots 2 and 3 in block 7, city of Holland, filled up, also to have the holes in lots 2 and 3, in block 7, city of Holland, filled up and to keep a separate account of the expense incurred in filling up the holes in lots 2 and 3 in block 7, and that the same be assessed upon said lots and collected as a special assessment.—Adopted.

The City Surveyor reported profiles and estimates for the grading, laying and graveling of Eleventh street, between River and Pine streets.—Laid upon the table.

The City Clerk reported that no objections had been filed in the clerk's office to plans, profile, diagrams and estimates of the proposed improvement of "Ninth Street Special Assessment District," except those of H. Meyer and twelve others against the grade of that part of Ninth street, lying between River and Pine streets, and now before the Common Council, and that notice had been given two weeks in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, according to the requirements of law.

On motion of Ald. Harrington—Resolved, That the improvement of Ninth street, lying between the center of Fish street and the center of Pine street, in the City of Holland, be and the same is hereby ordered in accordance with the resolution of the Common Council March 7th, 1883, amended April 11th, 1883, viz: That all of that part of Ninth street, as aforesaid, be graded the entire width thereof, pursuant to grade and profile to be established by the Common Council as hereinafter furthered.

That the sidewalks and crosswalks along said part of Ninth street, as aforesaid, to be taken up, where this shall be necessary, and resaid upon the grade to be established, as above set forth after the grading proper is completed.

That after the grade is completed that a roadbed be constructed of gravel, along the center of said part of Ninth street, as follows:

The average thickness of gravel to be eight inches, so spread that the same will be on inches thick in the center, and six inches thick on the sides. The road bed to be twenty feet wide, and the gravel to be taken from the gravel pit of Boone & De Vries, or of a kind equal in quality of the aforesaid pit.

That the expense of the grading of that part of said part of said Ninth street, lying between the center of Fish, and the west line of Cedar streets, and the intersections of Market, River and Pine streets, be defrayed by a special assessment against the City of Holland, and paid out of the general fund thereof, and that the expense of grading the balance of that part of said Ninth street, lying between the west line of Cedar and east line of Pine streets, be paid by a special assessment upon the lots and lands, lying and abutting on said part of said street, and that the lots and lands upon which said special assessment for the expense of grading shall be made, shall include lots one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, of block forty-one; lots nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, of block thirty-six; lots one, two, three, four, and five, of block forty; lots six, seven, eight, nine and ten, of block thirty-seven; lots one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, of block thirty-nine; lots ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, in block thirty-eight; and that the expense of graveling that part of said Ninth street, lying between the center of said Fish and Pine streets, as aforesaid, shall be defrayed by a special assessment upon the lots and lands lying and abutting thereon, except the intersections of Fish, Cedar, Market, River and Pine streets, which shall be assessed to the city of Holland, and paid out of the general fund thereof; that the lots and lands on which said special assessment to pay the expense of said graveling, shall be, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, of block 43; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of block 35; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, of block 41; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, of block 36; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of block 40; lots 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, of block 37; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, of block 39; lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, of block 38.

That the taking up and relaying of cross walks, in the same abovementioned necessary, shall be done by the Street Commissioner under instructions of the Common Council; and that the said lands and street intersections lying, abutting, and intersecting said part of said Ninth street, lying and running between the center of Fish and Pine streets, in the city of Holland, shall be designated and are hereby declared to be and to constitute a Special Street District for the purposes of special assessment to defray the expense of grading, graveling, and otherwise improving said part of said Ninth street, as aforesaid, the said Special Street District, to be known as Ninth Street Special Assessment District.

That the plans, profile, diagrams and estimates for said improvement submitted by Geo. H. Sipp, City Surveyor, and deposited with the City Clerk for public examination, be and the same are hereby approved.—Adopted.

Yeas—Harrington, Benkema, Kramer, Workman, Boyd and Nyland. Nays—None. Yeas 6. Nays 0.

On motion of Ald. Harrington—Resolved, That the Board of Assessors of the city of Holland, are hereby instructed forthwith to make a Special Assessment roll of "Ninth Street Special Assessment District," to defray the expenses for the improvement of said part of Ninth street as aforesaid.—Adopted all voting yeas.

On motion of Ald. Harrington—Resolved, That in accordance with the provisions of Title XIX of the Charter of the city of Holland, it is hereby further ordered:

1st. That said special assessment shall be made according to frontage, upon all the lands and lots abutting upon said part of Ninth street as aforesaid, each foot frontage to be assessed alike.

2nd. That the total amount to be assessed and levied in said special assessment district shall be as per estimates heretofore adopted.

3rd. That the lots and premises thus to be assessed shall include the same lands heretofore designated by the Common Council in the aforesaid resolution, to-wit: See resolution above.—Adopted.

Council adjourned. GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

FOR RENT.

A large furnished dwelling with all the necessary articles for keeping house, cooking utensils, etc., will be rented to a respectable family at a reasonable rate of rent. Enquire of L. T. KANTERS.

Lost in Holland.

The undersigned lost an old fashioned sixpence, with a hole in it near the edge, and dated 1723. The date is not very plain to be seen, but by close examination it can be discovered. The piece was found by me seven years ago last May, in a small village near Albany, N. Y., about 18 inches under ground. With this coin a three cornered coin was also found, which may cousin own. The sixpence is very highly prized by me on account of the associations connected with it. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the coin to

GEORGE BARTLETT, Taylorsville, Ill.

New Advertisements.

PETER STEKETEE & CO.,

—dealers in—
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
NOTIONS and
CROCKERY.

As we have just started in business in this city, we have on hand

NEW FRESH GOODS

of the best quality, and we will sell them at current market prices.

Our stock of

Crockery

is complete and we sell at bottom figures.

BUTTER and EGGS.

We will pay market prices for Butter and Eggs; also will buy Grain, Potatoes, Seeds, etc., etc.

CALL AND SEE US.

PETER STEKETEE & CO.,
HOLLAND, Mich., July 19, 1883. 7-ly.

GOODRICH TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

CHICAGO LINE.

The Elegant
STEAMER MENOMINEE
Will leave Grand Haven for Chicago on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday evenings, at 8 or 8:30 o'clock, on the arrival of train from Grand Rapids, Detroit, and all points east.

RETURNING, LEAVES CHICAGO
On Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings at 7 o'clock, arriving at Grand Haven next morning in time for early trains east.

FARE from Grand Haven to Chicago, berth included, \$3.00
ROUND TRIP, \$6.00

For further information enquire at the D. G. H. M. R. Y. office, or of E. G. WINDSOR, Grand Haven, Mich.

ATTENTION Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long.
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.
Pine Heading Bolts, 30 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.
ED. VER SCHURE, Supt.
or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

WM. TEN HAGEN,

—dealer in—

TOBACCOS, CIGARS,

—AND—

CHOICE LIQUORS

—FINE—

Wines and Liquors a specialty.

Fresh Lager Beer

Always on "Tap."

Don't fail to drop into my place of business, one door east of the City Bakery,
ON EIGHTH STREET.

WM. TEN HAGEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 10, 1883. 14-ly

NARROW ESCAPE,

OF MASSACHUSETTS ENGINEER
TIMELY WARNING OF MR.
JOHN SPENCER HARRIS
MASTER of the B. & A. R. R.

Marvellous Cure of Stone in the Bladder—Large Stones Removed by Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

From the Pittsfield (Mass.) Eagle.

Stone in the Bladder is a very dangerous ailment; but many most remarkable cures have of late been wrought by "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy"—the invention of Dr. Kennedy of Houdon, N. Y. Another striking case is now added to the list. Mr. Peter Lawler, of Dalton, Mass., states in a letter to Dr. Kennedy that he had been troubled with bladder complaint for 14 years, and had consulted at different times seven physicians; but nothing beyond temporary allayment of the pain had been wrought. Towards the end of last January Mr. Lawler called on Dr. Kennedy. Sounding him the doctor "struck stone." He decided that Mr. Lawler should first try the "Favorite Remedy," so as, if possible, to avoid an operation. And here is the remarkable result: "Dear Doctor Kennedy—The day after I came home I passed two gravel stones, and am doing nicely now. If you would like to see the stones I will send them to you." This letter bears date "Dalton, Mass., Feb. 6th," and is signed "Peter Lawler." The stones, which are so large as to warrant "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy," the claim that it is the most successful specific for Stone yet discovered, are now in Dr. Kennedy's possession. Incidentally Mr. Lawler also states that the "Favorite Remedy" at the same time cured him of a stubborn case of Rheumatism; and it is a fact that in all effusions arising out of disorder of the liver or urinary organs it is a searching remedy and works marvellous benefits. It is in itself almost a medicine chest. Order it of your druggist. Price \$1.00 a bottle.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

For the next thirty days, every person buying a pound of tea from our store will receive a present of a Silver

KNIFE & FORK.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF

HOLLAND, June 14, 1883. 7-ly

1883. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1883.

MILLINERY CLOAKS & FANCY GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Ribbons, Dress and Trimming Silk, Satin Velvets, Crape, Embroidery, Neckwear, Laces, Veiling, Ornaments, Gossamer Circulars, Dolmans, Jackets, Corsets, Bustles, Hoopskirts.

A full line of Infant's Wear. Infant's Robes and Cloaks, a specialty.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET. HOLLAND, MICH.

A FULL STOCK OF

Hardware

at prices that defy competition at

R. Kanters & Sons,

We have the exclusive sale, for Holland and vicinity, of the celebrated

Brinkerhof Flat Fence Wire.

We also have the exclusive sale, for Holland and vicinity, of the celebrated

Pitkin Mixed Paints

of all colors. This paint is warranted to the customer by the Pitkin Paint Company, which warranty we endorse in every particular, where used according to directions. We also have cheaper paints for barns, fences, and outhouses.

Alabastine,

Paint Brushes,

White Wash Brushes,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Garden Tools,

Oil & Vapor Stoves,

Refrigerators, etc.

Always on hand, in endless variety, and we sell them at reasonable prices.

R. KANTERS & SONS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 1st, 1883.

NEW FIRM!

P. PRINS & CO.,

Have just received a new stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.,

which they will sell at the lowest prices.

Highest market prices paid for

Butter, Eggs, etc., etc.

Give us a Call!

At the store opposite the "City Mills."

P. PRINS & CO.

HOLLAND, March 28, 1883. 8-ly

G. J. VAN DUREN. Wm. VAN DER VEERE.

City Meat Market,

G. J. VAN DUREN & CO., Prop's

Having lately re-opened the "City Meat Market" in the First Ward, we kindly invite the citizens of this city to give us a "call."

We intend to keep our market supplied with the best and choicest meats that can be procured.

We make

LARD

and can assure our patrons that the Lard purchased of us is perfectly pure and of fine quality.

G. J. VAN DUREN & CO.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 15, 1883. 2-

REST

not, life is sweeping off, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." 66 a week in your own town. \$5000 at free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 42-ly

JOTTINGS.

Picnics are all the rage. Our sheriff, John Vaup, was in town last Monday. One dish of ice cream for two is the economical way.

Last Friday, to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rogers—a boy. Regulation weight.

OTTO BREYMAN, our express agent, made some needed repairs on his building this week.

Miss LIZZIE OGGER, of Grand Haven, is the guest of her half brother, Mr. C. J. DeKoo and his family.

When you have taken a newspaper for two or three years without paying for it, you are apt to think it too expensive.

Last Thursday night Mr. Peter Meengs left for Texas, where he is employed, after having spent the past few weeks in visiting his parents and friends in this city.

Last Thursday a report was circulated that Gen. Grant was dead, but the rumor proved to be untrue as the message was simply sent along the lines as a signal for the striking telegraphers.

Word has been received in this city that Mr. Tametane Matsda arrived safely in his native land, Japan, on the 20th day of June, and that he will write by return mail. His many friends in this city will be much pleased to learn of his safe arrival.

Our farmers report that the wheat is rusted and say that the yield will be lessened from five to seven bushels per acre from this cause alone. Corn and potatoes they say will yield a large crop, if nothing happens. Hay is excellent and is almost cut.

The Star Mills of Fillmore Center, Messrs. Fairbanks & Loring proprietors, has been running. The saw mill has been in working order for about three weeks, while the grist mill has run for only one week. They have shut down now, however, until after harvest.

SOME very large fish have been caught in Macatawa Bay this week among which was a silver eel and a large pike. The silver eel measured two feet and ten inches in length and weighed four pounds. The pike measured two feet and five inches and weighed eight pounds. They were caught by Mr. Alford Finch near the harbor.

THE great strike of telegraph operators was inaugurated last Thursday noon. The majority of the operators left their desks in a very orderly manner. In the Chicago office the places of the strikers were almost all filled at the latest reports that we have been able to obtain, and the indications are that the business along the lines, will be in good shape by Monday.

MESSRS. R. KANTERS & SONS commenced work on their property on the lake front near 39th street, Chicago, Ill. on last Monday. A vessel load of brush has been sent there, and the work will be done under the personal supervision of Mr. R. Kanters, who left for Chicago last Monday night. The property was purchased some time ago and if the shore can be properly protected will double in value in the course of the next few years.

DURING the storm of last Monday night the house of Mr. Dirk Nies, located about one mile east of Ebenezer Church, was struck by lightning and the house set on fire. The heavy rain that prevailed soon extinguished the flames or it might have resulted in the loss of life, as Mr. and Mrs. Nies both were stunned by the shock, and it was some time before they recovered consciousness. Mrs. Nies is reported as being quite severely injured and is in a precarious condition.

DURING the past week various circumstances have happened which have tested the carrying capacity and safety of the steamer Macatawa. On both Wednesday and Thursday, the steamer took on board five or six hundred people, and under the careful management of Capt. Hopkins, not a perceptible extra exertion or motion of the boat was noticed. The Macatawa is a staunch and very reliable boat, for large parties especially, and we commend her to all outside persons who intend running excursions this season.

THE Sabbath School of the First Church held a picnic at Macatawa Park last Thursday. The day was a beautiful one for an occasion of that kind and fully five hundred and fifty people participated. The picnic was of the basket order and those that were present report having had a very pleasant time. The only accident that happened to mar the pleasure of the occasion was that of a little seven year old son of Mr. G. J. Hesselink, who, in stepping from the dock to the boat, fell into the water and would probably have drowned if it had not been for the prompt action of Mr. Austin Harrington, the Conductor of the steamer, who jumped overboard and soon had the little fellow safe in the arms of his anxious mothers.

REGATTA at Muskegon next week. Are you going?

JOHN A. ROOST has a word to say in this issue. See another column.

OUR Mayor, W. H. Beach, has had an increase in his family—a daughter.

ONE of our school teachers, Miss Helen Pfanstiel, is visiting friends in Chicago.

A FURNISHED house for rent. Enquire of L. T. Kanters. See advertisement in another column.

MISS NELL KLAVER, of Grand Haven, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John I. Cappon this week.

ED. J. HARRINGTON is expected to arrive home from Illinois with a car load of horses to-day, Saturday.

DID you have your roof tarred before the severe rain storm last Monday? If so, how did you like it—the roof?

THE Misses Lizzie and Cornelia Cappon and Jennie Pfanstiel, of this city, are visiting Rev. and Mrs. M. Kolyn, of Marion, N. Y.

SEVERAL Allegan boys are intending to enter the lists at the competitive examination for the cadetship on the first of August. Are any of our Holland boys going to do likewise?

ON glancing over our advertisements our readers will notice a change in that of Messrs. Peter Steketee & Co., who have added to their large stock of merchandise, a quantity of very fine crockery, which they will sell at very reasonable prices. Give them a call.

LAST Sunday the steamer City of Milwaukee made the run from Grand Haven to Milwaukee, a distance of eighty-five miles, in four hours and fifty-three minutes. After a stop of thirty-five minutes in port, she left again for Grand Haven, and completed the round trip in eleven hours and fifteen minutes.

THE HOLLAND CITY NEWS has been moved into new quarters on the ground floor, two doors west of the old stand. Mr. Rogers will soon add a power press to his already extensive establishment.—*Pennville Dispatch.* Bro. Holmes you are "a little off" on the power press portion of your notice. We have too many delinquents to allow of our going in as extensive as all that.

PROP. BECK'S Baccalaureate Sermon has been published by request. A few copies have been left for sale at the book store of H. D. Post and Rev. Kleintveldt. This sermon is an able and very scholarly production, and as it refers to the late graduating class of Hope College in a manner that is kindly and advisory, we are led to believe that all the friends of the class will procure copies for themselves and their friends.

LAST Monday some of our citizens were quite excited over the appearance of an ominous black cloud that appeared in the western horizon. The cloud came, and just about as it arrived at this place it seemed to part and go in two different directions, one to the north and the other to the south. It was evident that some damage was being done, as the clouds were "loaded for bar" and were shaking things up lively in all directions around us. According to reports that have reached us trees and fences were blown down, and various minor damages were sustained by people living in their track. As it was, all we received was a severe rain storm, which continued for some time.

LAST Wednesday the Sunday School of Hope Reformed Church held its annual picnic at Macatawa Park. Through the kindness of the superintendent, Mr. A. H. Dutton, we received a printed invitation to accompany the Sabbath School and enjoy, with them, the pleasures of the day. The school met at the Church at half past seven o'clock and formed in line and marched to the dock with Dr. Gee's music class at the head. The steamer Macatawa left the dock at eight o'clock with four hundred persons aboard. The bright and happy faces of the little ones, and the pleasing music rendered by the band on leaving the dock, more than repaid the older people for the endeavors that they had made in getting ready for a day of healthful and pleasant recreation. The run to the park was made in the usual time, the party landed, and the fun commenced. Just previous to sitting down to dinner the band rendered some of their best selections, which gave all a hearty appetite for the good things that abounded. After dinner the band continued with their "Open Air Concert" and the party dispersed to take advantage of the enjoyment that is to be found in and about the park, and on the water. But, as with all things, there must be an end, and at half past four the party, or the larger part of them, embarked on the boat for the return trip, well satisfied that the day had been spent in a profitable manner. As nothing occurred to mar the pleasure of the occasion, all pronounced it "a very successful picnic."

FARMERS were disappointed by the rain the fore part of this week.

H. WATSON is giving his building a coat of paint. When the painting is finished the building will look very fine.

MARRIED.—By Rev. T. T. George, on Wednesday, July 18, 1888, Mr. Martin G. Caswell to Miss Alice E. Souther, both of the town of Holland.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post-Office at Holland, Mich., July 12th, 1888: J. F. Bush, Miss Annie Der Freil, H. M. Goodrik, 2, W. Wentzel.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

It is rumored that a miller not over a thousand miles away from this place, fell asleep in his mill and bent forward until his hair got caught in some machinery, and almost a handful was pulled out. Of course this awakened him, and his first bewildered exclamation was: "Hang it, wife, what's the matter now?"

THE last number of the Chicago *Inter-organ*, of the Presbyterian Church in the Northwest, has a valuable statistical table, showing the progress of the Protestant churches in the United States for the last eighty years. We give the totals in 1800: churches, 3,080; ministers, 2,651; members, 364,872. In 1880: churches, 97,090; ministers, 69,870; members, 10,065,963—an increase of over nine and a half millions in eighty years. In the last decade, 1870 to 1880, our church has grown from 61,144 members to 89,208. Such figures show that the cause of Christ is not losing ground in our land.

Zeeland Items.

HANS J. VISSER and Henry Scholten are both out for a short vacation. They have gone to Milwaukee, Wis.

MESSRS. P. BRUSSE, A. Labuis and T. G. Huizinga spent a couple days very pleasantly at Macatawa Park this week.

It is rumored that a wedding is at hand which may affect the price of clothing considerably by removing the competition between our two clothiers. Let us not borrow trouble as yet however, since rumors of like nature have before proven to be false.

THE Second Holland Christian Reformed Church, Rev. Fies, has postponed the building of a new brick church till another year. In order to meet a present necessity they are at work with an addition of twenty feet to the back end of their present building.

HENRY and Nill DeKruif, our energetic machine agents, started up their first Deering Twine Binder this year on the farm of Mr. Boone, of Groningen, last Wednesday afternoon. They are exultant over the work they saw done, and well may they be, for this simple machine "pops out" a neat and well-bound bundle every time.

In the course of a few days Mr. J. Moerdyk will commence the erection of an addition to his already spacious store. The addition will be used exclusively for groceries and crockery, while to the dry goods in the old store a millinery department will be added. This new department will be placed under the immediate control of Mrs. J. Fox, our present milliner.

We clip the following item from a paper published in the state of New York, which refers to some of the residents of our village: "Rev. and Mrs. M. Kolyn are entertaining their sisters, the Misses M. Kolyn and Christine Den Herder, together with their mutual friends, Albert C. Labuis and Miss Lizzie M. Cappon, all from Michigan. The party visited Watkin's Glen on Tuesday, and is enthusiastic over the beauty and variety of the natural scenery which our state affords. Its members think that the possession of a Niagara, of a Hudson, and of such grandeur and beauty combined, as may be seen in Watkin's and Havana Glens, gives us cause for a considerable amount of pardonable pride."

Laketown Items.

ONE of the heaviest rain storms ever witnessed by the "oldest inhabitant," visited this locality on Monday, the 16th inst. Water fell to the depth of five inches, and everything was flooded. I have not learned of any special damage to the roads or bridges, but crops on low lands were deluged.

A VALUABLE cow belonging to the Stickney boys, became entangled in the rope with which she was tied out to feed, and in her efforts to free herself broke her neck.

THE Sunday School in this neighborhood is in a prosperous condition, the children being very much interested. We are short of teachers but otherwise have no cause to complain.

THE several Overseers of Highways in this town, have got in their work well this year, and better roads is the result: with the prospect in the near future, of having as good as any in the country.

THE rains have interfered with buying very materially. The best crop ever known has grown this year, but very little as yet has been secured in good shape. Too much of a good thing.

I see that a number of country papers acknowledge the receipt of copies of the report of the State Horticultural Society for 1888. So far as I know the horticulturists of the state have not yet been supplied. Neither have the crop correspondents, who are promised these reports in part pay for gathering statistics for the Secretary of State. It seems to me that there is something wrong in this. It would seem that these reports, if published at all, ought to be for the benefit of those engaged in the business. It seems a little tough to pay taxes for such purposes and never receive any benefit. The money squandered by the state, in furnishing horticultural and agricultural reports and a dozen other kinds of reports, to people who never open them, would go quite a way toward supporting Vanderbilt or Jay Gould, and it would be just as sensible to give it to them. Most of these reports are, or would be, valuable if those could have them who are in the business reported upon. But these things are run by a few men who use the bounty of the state for personal benefit.

GEO. T. MCCLURE,

—Dealer in—

Sewing Machines,

Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, and the White,

King of all Sewing Machines and the best in the world.

Also agent for

Weber, Fischer, Decker & Son, Pease, Krannach & Bach,

PIANOS

—And the—

Estey, Chase,

Tailor & Farlow,

ORGANS

Please call, examine goods, and ascertain prices and terms before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. T. MCCLURE, Cor. of Eleventh and River streets, Holland, Mich.

Administrator's Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. County of Ottawa, ss. In the matter of the Estate of Jan Kerkhof, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of said Jan Kerkhof, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Ottawa, on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1888, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the premises, last described in this Notice, on the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1888, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, subject to the rights of dower, and the homestead rights, of the widow of said deceased therein, the following described real Estate, all situate and being in the Township of Holland, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, to-wit: The North East quarter of the North East quarter of Section numbered One (1) in Township five (5) North of Range Sixteen (16) West, containing forty (40) acres, more or less.

Also all the right, title, and interest of said Estate, in and to the South East quarter of the North East quarter of Section numbered One (1) in Township five (5) North of Range, Sixteen (16) West, containing forty (40) acres more or less. Also the East quarter of the North West quarter of the North East quarter of Section numbered thirty-two (32) in Township five (5) North of Range fifteen (15) West, containing ten (10) acres be the same more or less.

Terms will be made known at the time and place of sale.

Dated at the Township of Holland this 29th day of June, A. D. 1888. JOHN KERKHOFF, Administrator of the Estate of said Estate.

Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches,

DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN, HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1882. 48-17

FIRST WARD

DRUG STORE.

SCHEPERS & SCHIPHORST,

—Dealers in—

Drugs, Medicines,

TOILET, and FANCY ARTICLES, and PATENT MEDICINES.

WINES and LIQUORS

for medical purposes.

PRESCRIPTIONS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

DR. L. SCHIPHORST,

Will be at the Store and will hold himself in readiness to attend to calls at all hours of the day or night.

MR. A. HUIZINGA, Prescription Clerk continues in our employ.

SCHEPERS & SCHIPHORST, HOLLAND, Mich., March 22, 1882. 30-17

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS

Have received a new stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, ETC.,

—consisting of—

Dress Goods, Table Linen, Summer Shawls, Skirts, and Gossameres.

A large assortment of Hosiery, White Goods, Gloves, Ribbons, White and Colored Corsets, Buttons, SUMMER UNDERWEAR, PARASOLS, Etc.

Noby Straw Goods and Felt Hats.

A fresh stock of

Groceries

always on hand.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS, HOLLAND, Mich., May 10, 1883.

Now is the chance for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. Fleman

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sell them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way, and will not be undersold by anyone.

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND

Open and Top Buggies,

And a nice assortment of Buggies for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way coming.

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON WORKS.

J. FLEMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 14, 1883. 20-1

YOU CANNOT DO BETTER THAN CALL AT

E. HEROLD'S

—for year—

BOOTS & SHOES

You will always find a well selected stock of Ladies and Gentlemen

Fine Shoes, Boots, and Clippers.

Repairing neatly and promptly done.

CALL AND SEE US

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 6, 1883

JAS. HUNTLEY,

BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing

done on short notice.

Stairs, Hard Railing, Sash,

Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, etc. made and furnished.

Office and shop on River Street, near the corner of Tenth Street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.

HOLLAND, May 27, 1883. 17-12

NEGRO CORNSHUCKING.

Come, grab up a rail an' fling it cross de corn,
Sing er jurangi, ho;
Yer must beat de sadder sadder jes' as shore's
yer born.
Sing er jurangi, ho;
De Guinea singer shuck like skinnin' a squir,
Sing er jurangi, ho;
Keeps de corn in de air in a reg'lar whirl,
Sing er jurangi, ho;
An' er rake dem shucks back,
Roun' an' de corn,
Put de shuck in de feed sack,
Doan yer hear my horn?
Watch de yaller nigger, fur he's gwine fur to
cheat.
Sing er jurangi, ho;
He's got a joab corn dar, un'er his feet,
Sing er jurangi, ho;
We's aligin' like a hen er scratchin' for de bug,
Sing er jurangi, ho;
I see got a red yer, come, come, mine dat jug,
Sing er jurangi, ho;
An' er dar, we's bou'n' beat yer.
Put up de pen,
Thought couldn't meet yer—
Foolin' wid men.
—Arkansaw Traveler.

LOVE AND FOOTLIGHTS.

BY GEORGIANA FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

Slowly the sun's last beams ceased to flood the quivering waters of the bay, leaving only the red and purple tints of the sky to reflect their mingled colors upon the tranquil surface. The tinkling note of a flute or the soft cadence of a voice floated dreamily up from some idly-tossing pleasure-boat to the ears of those who, had sought the shade of the overhanging trees of the garden. Pierre Andree and his companion had like many others, succumbed to the peaceful, calm influence of this summer garden. What an inviting place it was; so apart from the smoke and heated atmosphere of the dusty streets. Here the grass was crisp and green, and the leaves of the trees seemed to shine as if bathed in an eternal dew. It was the right place for one to think and collect his scattered ideas; as it was also a fitting spot for a seeker after the picturesque. But Pierre Andree and his companion were not seekers after the picturesque, neither had they any ideas in particular to collect. Pierre's broad hand was resting idly upon the yellow morocco-cover of his note-book from which he had been reviewing to Adele his last criticism upon Mlle. Lorraine, the latest star of the ballet. The danseuse par excellence, over whom men raved, and the women who looked disinterestedly upon the almost-magical weaving of her arched feet, could but admire Pierre Andree, too, had beheld this wonderful danseuse, and his eyes had rested indifferently upon the beauty so extolled by the press. He had been disappointed, and the criticism which had appeared regarding her first performance was not calculated to impress those who relied in a measure upon the opinion of another. None ever questioned the truth of the criticisms as they appeared in the columns of the *Independent World*. His reputation was an established one, and his keen sarcasms were much dreaded by those who fell a victim to his relentless pen, and this Mlle. Lorraine had not escaped. Her short-comings—perceived only by the quick eye of a connoisseur—had been dissected point by point by the pen of Pierre Andree, as the lifeless body of some poor mortal is parted asunder by the keen-edged knife of the surgeon.

"What do you think of it?" he asked, closing the book and putting it into his pocket.

"What—the criticism or the justice of it?" the girl asked; then, without waiting for a reply, "I have never seen Mlle. Lorraine dance, but I think it very cruel and just like Pierre Andree; a few more such would sap the youth and happiness from the life of the most hardened woman on earth." The red lips formed themselves into a pout as she finished speaking, and she looked defiantly at the man at her side.

"Why do you think me cruel?" Pierre asked, with a lazy indolence in his voice.

Adele laughed. "It would take me too long to give you an analysis of your great nature," she returned, breaking a bunch of linden blossoms from one of the low-hanging branches overhead. "This is sweet—I know—there is no bitterness in its overpowering perfume as it flings it to the winds, and the old tree from which it sprung gives only protection to those who seek its shelter."

"Really, Adele, you shame me with your eloquence. Why should you take up the wrongs of Mlle. Lorraine? Such people expect to be criticized; a little more or less does not harm them."

Adele looked off over the waters of the bay. "I suppose you think because they are thrown upon the world and dance before the footlights to earn their daily bread their feelings must necessarily be of adamant hardness, impervious to the cold world, who have nothing to do but pay their paltry entrance money, and sit in an upholstered seat and watch them dance, never dreaming that in the automatic-like frame there is such a thing as feeling, or a heart whose every emotion is as keen as their own." Her eyes were sparkling and her lips quivering. She spoke rapidly, impulsively.

"Spare me Adele, I beg of you, and I promise that the next time I visit the theater to see Mlle. Lorraine, the dramatic critic, metaphorically speaking, will have cut off both his hands, and put out both eyes, for all that the *Independent* will have to say about her, are you satisfied ma chere amie?"

Adele laughed and shrugged her shoulders. "Pray, do not lessen the interest of the *Independent World* on account of my slight burst of enthusiasm in behalf of Mlle. Lorraine, besides it might jeopardize your position."

Pierre Andree picked up a handful of pebbles and tossed them into the blue waters of the bay. "Will you

visit this garden often, and think of me a little when I am gone away on my vacation?" he asked, turning the subject and looking into her half-averted face.

"What do you call often?" she replied, without refraining his gaze, but watched the miniature bubbles upon the surface of the water.

"Well, every day until I return," he said, taking her hand. How strange it was, he had known this woman but one short week, yet a few moments in her society was more pleasant to him than hours spent among women who ranked far higher in the social world, and whose beauty surpassed this frail young girl's twofold. Was he, Pierre Andree, losing his heart because of the sweet smile and defiant ways of this young stranger, whom he had met by chance in the pretty garden. He smiled to himself. Why could not a man spend a few idle hours in the society of this woodland beauty without losing his heart.

"Every day until you return, twolong months," she said at length. "The rainy ones I suppose I must sit under an umbrella, and when the thermometer marks ninety in the shade, I can wear a cold cabbage leaf in my hat, but my watch I will keep; but would that satisfy you, Monsieur Pierre Andree, and in what way can I be assured that I will be remembered by you," she questioned, looking inquiringly up into his face.

Her pure loveliness touched him. Again he took the delicate hand, but she withdrew it quickly.

"Give me the flower, and I will carry it with me, and its presence will always be a reminder of the bright days spent here."

Adele held the flower for a moment and inhaled its fragrance, then threw it upon the ground and planted her foot upon it.

"When its beauty began to fade all memories would die with it," she said. "Its leaves would wither and die, then drift one by one from their resting place, and other scenes and other faces would obliterate my image from your mind."

"Jamais, jamais!" Pierre said, impatiently. "Adele, you do me a great injustice. You do not believe in me. What have I ever done to make you so skeptical? Why do you imagine that in two short months I could forget the pleasantest, nay, the happiest, days of my life?"

"Have they been all that?" she asked. "Without me would you not have found the same in the trees and flowers and the wide bay?" she asked, naively.

Pierre Andree frowned. "What a foolish question. You know that it has been your presence alone that has caused the brightness of the hours."

The girl arose suddenly. "It is growing quite late. I can see the mist begin to rise over the water."

"Will you come to-morrow at this time?" he asked, rising too; "there are but three days left before I start, and we cannot tell what might happen before we meet again."

Adele shook her head. "Not to-morrow," she said. "Won't the next day do as well?"

"Oh, well, the next, then," Pierre replied, coldly, "if you cannot come to-morrow."

Adele flushed and walked hurriedly away, but a heavy hand was laid upon her shoulder. It was Pierre Andree.

"You are angry, Adele," he said. "Do not look at me so cruelly." He seized her hand. "I was mad to let you go. Promise me, Adele, that when I return you will be my wife."

She looked at him curiously. "Do you mean it, Pierre?" she said. "Do you know what you are saying, and do you remember how brief has been our acquaintance?"

"I do mean it, Adele, believe me," he answered, hurriedly. The spell was upon him; at that moment he would have sacrificed his all.

Adele's eyes sought the ground. "I cannot answer you now," she said; "when we meet again I will tell you. A day will give you time to think it over." Her hand trembled in his clasp. Her pale face wore an unusual flush, and her eyes sparkled. She slipped her hand from his detaining one, and ere he could speak again she was gone.

Had he been rash? Pierre Andree asked himself as he sauntered down the street that night on his way to the West End Theater. He was seized with an uncontrollable restlessness. How could he spend the time that was to intervene between that day and the day after to-morrow. It was with difficulty that he made his way to the vacant seat that remained unoccupied until his arrival. His eyes roved over the densely-packed house. Perhaps he might see Adele somewhere among all these people, and read in her countenance his answer. But the faces of the audience seemed compelled into one indistinct mass. He threw himself into his seat. He saw the curtain rise and fall upon every scene, but his thoughts were not with the fairy-like creature who courted and kissed the tips of her pink fingers, then disappeared from the boards. Should he be presented, Pierre asked himself, as the curtain fell upon the last scene. Should he be presented to this creature who had the power to dazzle the eyes and rivet the attention of the hundreds of people gathered there. He decided in the affirmative, and soon found himself walking nervously toward the green room, but upon his arrival there he was told that Mlle. Lorraine had gone.

It was the obliging little manager who volunteered the information, as he stood gazing up into the face of Pierre so far above him, his small round head scarcely reaching to his broad shoulder, while the gleam of his white teeth from beneath his ferocious mustache gave him a rather startling appearance.

Pierre left the theater and walked out into the night. He did not feel one regret for Mlle. Lorraine's departure, but he hated the little manager. The next day dawned and faded. Pierre walked through the garden with a faint hope of seeing Adele, but no trace of her greeted his eyes.

The last day came, and he watched the sun as it slowly crept behind the tall lindens; again Pierre Andree visited the garden, but Adele was not in her accustomed place. The shadows began to creep over the grass of the garden, and the waters looked dark. Pierre whistled softly to himself, as the idlers one by one left the place until only he himself and an old woman, who sat with her chin resting upon her cane, crooning to herself in a low voice, were left. What did it mean? Perhaps some unforeseen accident had detained her, he tried to tell himself, as he left the shadowy garden.

He felt the bitterness of regret creep over him. Her absence now, as perhaps no other cause would have done, made the uncertainty grow into a conviction. Yes, he had really lost his heart to this young girl, who piqued, yet fascinated him.

Pierre Andree reviewed the matter over in his mind again and again, as he stood gazing at the sea of heads below him. It was the last night of Mlle. Lorraine's engagement, and within the great theater was packed to its utmost.

The air that floated in at the open window failed to penetrate those who were seated at a distance. Fan, programme, and an occasional hat kept up an incessant waving to and fro.

The footlights flickered and danced, with an uncertain motion, against the ruined arches, tall pines, and the deep blue of the river, painted upon the curtain.

The music burst forth in a wild tumult from the orchestra, then fell to a low, throbbing tone, as if played in the distant towers which seemed to stand so far away upon the bank of the rolling river.

There were many familiar faces to Pierre in that crowd, and, as he stood and counted those whom he knew, the one he had vowed never to forget, *Jamais! Jamais!* faded from his mind. Two people jostled past him, a man and a woman. Pierre grasped the back of a seat against which he was standing, and the word "Ad le," escaped his lips.

Their eyes met for a moment, but she passed him unheeded. He raised his glass and watched them as they threaded their way to a seat near the orchestra. Pierre, too, sought his own, but only to watch the woman who had deceived him. The massive curtain slowly rolled upward, and revealed the stage in darkness, all save the flare of the footlights, and the white, phantom-like figure, that swayed to the time of the throbbing music, her dainty white-slipped feet scarcely seeming to touch the boards beneath her. Poising her lithe form upon the tip of her slender toe, she whirled round and round with such swiftness of motion that she appeared but a ball of thistle down, lost among the wooded forest of the scenery.

For a moment, Pierre Andree forgot Adele, his eyes were following the swaying figure, as hundreds of other eyes were doing. The whirling ceased, and the red glare of a calcium light from the left shot suddenly upon the stage, while the dainty feet of the danseuse threaded the measure of some wondrous dance, such as had never before greeted the gaze of the breathless throng. Fans ceased to wave, even the heated atmosphere was unheeded; few had ever witnessed such dancing. What mortal, but one whose happiness was like eternal spring, could dance thus.

Though the twinkling feet in their enigmatical motion beguiled their beholder into forgetfulness of their cares and sorrows, did one man or woman pause to think that one feeling of anguish ever stirred the heart that throbbed beneath the satin bodice.

There was a flash of green light, as the red glare faded away, then a report, as of the bursting of a bomb, startled the ears of the packed audience. The great curtain fell with a dull thud, raising a cloud of dust as it reached the stage before the foot-lights.

Pierre Andree remained seated in the rush that followed. In the crush of the mad crowd was injury and perhaps death. He saw the little bald-headed manager step before the curtain, and heard him assure the panic-stricken people that there was no danger. "Only a calcium light had exploded," he tried to say in a calm voice.

Pierre Andree's eyes sought for Adele and her companion. What magical power had brought her so close to him, he wondered, as he turned and perceived her standing near him. "Adele," he said, in a scarcely-audible whisper; again for a moment their eyes met. He saw that her face was pale, and her lips quivered, but she only passed him quickly by him, and he saw her disappear into the door leading upon the stage. Hurried footsteps were heard behind the curtain. Surely, in all that crash and confusion, some one must have suffered. Pierre walked to the door and opened it. The gas jets flared in the wind that blew in through the broken windows, and the clouds of dust had not yet disappeared. He went to the green room with a feeling of dread. There fragments of glass cracked beneath his feet, a flimsy piece of tinsel, a bit of turlington and a small white slipper lay in a heap upon the floor.

Pierre Andree's heart seemed to cease its beating as he neared the silent group gathered about the sofa. What was it that caused the blood to leave his cheek, as he bent over? It was the face of Adele, his little garden flower. Her black-fringed lashes dropped upon her colorless cheeks, and her small

hands hung lifelessly at her side, while the woman whom he had watched so intently that evening, knelt with her head bowed beside the silent figure. Pierre started back, he felt like one grasping in the darkness. How alike both faces were? which was Adele? he asked himself.

For a moment the dark lashes quivered and the closed eyes opened. Pierre Andree drew back, and as he did so the little manager came hurriedly into the room, and threw himself upon his knees beside the sofa.

"Adele, Adele," he cried taking her hand, "Look at your dear Adolphus who loves you better than all the world; only speak to me one word." He buried his face in the green upholstery and wept loud and passionately. Pierre passed his hand across his vision which had suddenly become misty. He felt dazed. How different was this man's love for Adele expressed from his own. In his tones were the fervor of a deeply-rooted passion, and how cold his had been by comparison.

He turned away. "Has Mlle. Lorraine a sister," he asked of a by-stander. The man nodded: "They were twins, and no more difference between them than two peas."

As Pierre Andree turned to go his foot came in contact with the small white slipper that had encased the magical little foot. He stooped and picked it up and dropped it into his pocket, and with a sigh left the green-room, and walked out into the peacefulness of the summer night.

It was only a chapter in his life's history, but somehow his heart never quite ceased to beat for Adele, his little garden flower.—*Chicago Ledger.*

The Vigilantes.

Four well-known citizens organized themselves into a vigilance committee for the purpose of arresting some burglars that had committed a number of depredations in the vicinity of their residences. They met together and swore themselves on a skull and three Bibles. They got up their pass-words, signs and grips, so that each would recognize the other in the dark under any circumstances. They armed themselves with revolvers, slug shots, bowie knives, brass knuckles and bull's-eye lanterns.

The thing worked well, as they were near neighbors, and they talked the thing over every night for a month.

One dark night, one of the number heard a noise on the front window.

He hastily jumped into his clothing, and ran out of his rear door, jumped over the fence and rapped three times on the basement window of another member's house. Just then he heard some one say:

"Sick him Tige," and fearing he had been taken for a burglar, made a break for the fence, but not any too soon, as Tige had been on the alert, and succeeded in getting a mouthful of pantaloons.

Over the fence went the vigilante and soon appeared at the door of another member's house. Here he scratched softly, three times, and, hearing the noise of a clicking revolver, again flew the vigilante, over fences, barns, etc., through alleys, until he reached his own house. With a catlike tread, he sneaked along, up the steps, and had commenced to try the windows and door to see if the burglars had been successful, when three bull dogs darted out and attacked him from all sides. Bang, bang, bang, went some pistols from neighboring windows. The thing was getting hot. The dogs chewed him all over, and soon would have finished the vigilante, but one dog got the other dog by the leg, by mistake, and they got up a fight between themselves, during which time the vigilante succeeded in getting into the house a badly used-up man.

It afterwards transpired that, when he scratched on the back doors of the other members' houses, each thought it was burglars. They slid out the front doors, and went for the others, and when they saw the first member prowling around, examining his own windows, they let out their dogs with the above result. The committee disbanded the next day.—*Carl Pretzel's Weekly.*

Advice to Swimmers.

The following advice to swimmers and bathers is given in the report of the Royal Humane Society of Great Britain: On the subject of bathing the committee recommend to the notice of the public a code of rules published by the society, entitled "Caution to Bathers." These have been drawn up and signed by medical officers of the Royal Humane Society at the suggestion of a lady, who has for many years studied the subject and considered its importance. The following are the rules referred to:

Avoid bathing within two hours after a meal. Avoid bathing when exhausted by fatigue or from any other cause. Avoid bathing when the body is cooling after perspiration. Avoid bathing altogether in the open air, after having been a short time in the water, it causes a sense of chilliness, with numbness of the hands and feet. Bathe when the body is warm, provided no time is lost in getting into the water. Avoid chilling the body sitting or standing undressed on the banks or in boats after having been in the water. Avoid remaining too long in the water—leave the water immediately there is the slightest feeling of chilliness. The vigorous and strong may bathe early in the morning on an empty stomach. The young and those who are weak had better bathe two or three hours after breakfast. Those who are subject to attacks of dizziness or faintness, and those who suffer from palpitation and other sense of discomfort at the heart, should not bathe without first consulting their medical advisers.

PITE AND POINT.

A HUMANE equestrian will never stirrup his horse.

A MAN fell from the roof of a barn and killed himself. He was an eaves-dropper.

WHEN the Ohio river took to rising it only emulated the example set by the Ohio politician.

ONE swallow may make a summer, but a swallow-tailed coat does not necessarily make a gentleman.

HOW MANY mint juleps does it take to make a nose-gay?—*Atlanta Journal.* Certainly one less than nine will make it rosy-eight.—*Georgia Major.*

WHAT is the simplest way to keep jelly from molding on top?—*Boarding-House Keeper.* Put it on the table once in a while.—*Philadelphia News.*

WHEN a rich man dies from too much bug juice, his physician informs the world that the disease was "voluntary and responsible insanity," when a poor man goes under from the same cause, it is called chronic alcoholism.—*Carl Pretzel's Weekly.*

PRIEST—"Pat, I understand you are going to be married again." Disconsolate widower—"Yis, your reverence." Priest—"But your wife, Pat, has only been dead two weeks." D. W.—"Yis, your reverence; but shure ain't she as dead now as she iver will be?"

CUSTOMER (to grocer)—"How much are these eggs a dozen?" "Twenty-five cents," replied the grocer. "Why, how's that? Jones sells them at 20 cents." "Und vy don't you py ov Jones, denn?" "Because he hasn't any this morning." "Vell, I will sell dem for twenty cents too, venn I don't got any."

"THE top of the morning to ye, Mistress Jones," said Patrick. "Was that young lady I saw wid ye yesterday yer sister?" "Yes, Patrick," replied Mrs. Jones, "that was my sister." Patrick—"And was she married, I don't know?" Mrs. Jones: "She has been married, but she's a widow now." Patrick—"A widdy is it? And is her hoosband did?"

An old but good story of Tom Ingoldsby (Barham) is that he once entered a Quakers' meeting-house, and, looking around at the grave assembly, held up a penny tart and said solemnly: "Whoever speaks first shall have this tart." "Go thy way," said a drab-colored gentleman, rising, "go thy way—" "The pie's yours," said Tom, squeezing the raspberry treasure into the hand of the pious rebuker and walking out of the assembly.

NEIGHBORS.

I've several good neighbors,
And one he has a dog;
Another has a small boy;
Another keeps a hog.
Another has some pigeons;
Another owns some cats;
Another scatters willy;
His lately-poisoned rats.
Another comes and borrows
My paper every day;
Another on the corner
Is learning how to play.
O Boon! he stole Daniel!
O man who got away!
I well know why you ventured
Mid savages to stray!

COMMITTEE of Solicitation—"Is Mrs. Smith at home?" Mary Ann (lately landed)—"No, ma'am." Second Lady of Committee—"How unfortunate! We wanted to see her on business. Please tell her so when you hand her these cards." Third Lady—"Have you any idea when she will be in?" Mary Ann (who has been drilled for formalities only)—"Yes, ma'am; she said when she ran out on the piazza as how she'd come right in again as soon as she heard the door shut."

"Now, CHILDREN," said Mrs. Shoddy, as she finished staining their lips and chins with rouge; "now, children, after you are out a little while you must ring Mrs. Envious' bell and pretend you've called to play with her little daughter. If she asks you what made the red stain on your face, tell her you had strawberries for dinner. There," she muttered, "when the children were out of sight. "There, I guess she'll be blind with envy when she thinks I have been able to buy strawberries at 40 cents a pint."

LOUSE.

When I vex mamma, as I fear
I do, though not to tease her,
She vainly tries to look severe
While saying "Now, Louiser!"
When papa comes at nightall he
Gives greetings such as few do
And calls me, oh, so tenderly,
His precious, darling "Lu-lu."
My brothers call me "Zeze," as "Lou"
The girls hail me so easy.
And grandma, sweetly beaming through
Her specs, says, "Little Weezy."
But one whose name I mustn't tell,
Because he loves me dearly,
Just says, "Louise," which makes me—well,
Love him—a little merely.
—H. C. Holme.

The Ideal Onion and the Real Onion.

What a grand thing it would be for the man with a small appetite, if he could only taste the perfume of cooking. Walking in the neighborhood of an oyster saloon, for instance, he scents afar the odor of the frying clam or oyster. It is dainty, piquant, aromatic. He enters the saloon, and when he commences to eat his ordered "fry" he finds it is in tangibility a much different thing than it was when its odors were wafted with the air. Again, the man with a small appetite may be strolling past a German restaurant. He sniffs the odor of fried onions, and has an appetite at once. Then he orders beef-steak and onions. But he cannot eat them. The reality is so different from the ideal. Soyer, the great French cook, used to make eatable things for the soldiers of the French army, and amassed a fortune. The cook who will make edibles taste as they smell in cooking has unlimited millions before him.

Mermaids.
Of course there are mermaids. The man who gets up and asserts to the contrary is mad because he never saw one himself. Mermaids do not live in mill-ponds, rivers or lakes, but make their homes in the green sea. Several attempts have been made to induce a band of them to set up housekeeping in Lake Erie, but the waters are too fresh and lake Captains swear too much.
Those who have seen 300 or 400 mermaids agree in pronouncing them all that the most fastidious could desire. They have sparkling eyes, Grecian noses, small ears, delicate hands, white teeth, dimpled chins and swan-like throats, and the way they smile at an old widower is enough to melt the iron nails in the heels of his boots.
The genuine mermaid is half fish, half woman, and there is no more beautiful sight in the world than to stand on the ocean beach at sunrise on a summer morning and watch a dozen of these creatures disporting in the flashing element. At one moment they dive down and secure handfuls of pearls to toss in the air; at another they fan each other with pieces of coral worth \$600 per pound. Their sweet voices blend deliciously as they strike up their morning song, and their ringing laughter sounds to the man on the sands like the steady fall of silver dollars upon a golden bell. Now they swim seawards until almost lost sight of—now they are so close on the shore that it can be plainly made out that every one of them is far better looking than the Circassian beauty of a traveling show.

While the life of a mermaid is full of pearls and corals and diamonds and grottoes and parties, we would not advise any young lady to make the change without proper reflection. In the first place, a young lady who is used to dry land would feel awfully damp for several weeks after becoming a mermaid. Then she would have to change her diet, costume, style of piano playing and singing, and she would probably miss the young man who calls every Sunday evening. So far as can be learned from Paul Du Chailu, Eli Perkins and New Bedford whaling captains, mermaids never marry. Once in a while an old widower of a sea horse comes spooning around after a second wife, but he gets his walking papers with promptness and dispatch.
It seems horrible to think of a beautiful girl living single forever—for mermaids do not die—but nature's ways are ways of wisdom and everything is for the best. It was probably the intention to furnish them husbands from the sailors who fell overboard, but it seems that such sailors drown before the date of the wedding is fixed, and the mermaid is therefore doomed to warm her cold feet on a flat-iron and do her own marketing.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Domestic Surgery.
Cuts must be treated according to their position and severity. If a finger or toe is cut, bathe or immerse it in cold water until the blood ceases to flow, washing out all dirt or bits of foreign substances that have entered the cut. If it is deep, notice how the blood flows; if it is dark and oozes slowly from the cut, only a vein is severed and it is not serious, but will soon heal if kept from the air. But if it is of a bright scarlet hue and spurts out in jets, an artery is severed and a doctor must be called at once. Meanwhile a ligature must be tied above the wound, and the thumb pressed down and held upon the artery to prevent loss of blood. If the skin gaps from a cut, draw the edges together, apply a piece of sticking plaster over the whole surface, and put the finger or thumb of a kid glove over the finger if it is the injured part. If in a little while the wound throbs painfully, cover it thickly with the vaseline with a few drops of laudanum stirred into it, and, if needful, from severe inflammation, put on a poultice of flaxseed boiled in a little water with a few drops of laudanum. But vaseline alone possesses great healing powers for all kinds of wounds, boils, inflammations and abrasions of the skin.
As long as the first dressing of a cut remains firm, and it does not throb or burn, it should not be touched. An outer clean cloth can be added, but let the inner one alone until the wound is healed.
Cuts on the head are apt to be dangerous, and require much care. The hair should be cut off all around, and arnica plaster put directly over the wound.—*Farm and Fireside.*

Hoeing to a Stump.
Col. W. H. Sparks, of Eatonton, Ga., used to tell that in his boyhood days his father was wont to give the boys a task for Saturday. One Saturday, Billy and Garrett were hoeing, when the father passed along and said: "Boys, see that stump yonder?" "Yes, sir," was the response. "Well, I give you a task. After it is finished you can have holiday and go fishing or anything else as you may like. Do your work well and hoe to that stump." Billy and his brother thought the task was too much and that by hard work it would take till near sun-down to reach. After a while one of the boys surveyed the ground and walked up to the stump. At once he discovered that the roots were loose. He reported to the other. The two decided at once to finish the task and have the evening. They pulled up the stump and moved it nearer by hoeing rapidly, finished the task by dinner, went fishing in the evening. The old man thought it was a tremendous day's work done in a half day. The boys fooled the old gentleman that time—they got away with him.—*Eatonton (Ga.) Chronicle.*

Don't Advise the Dyspeptic.
A writer in the New York Tribune insists that persons with weak stomachs should have their food prepared to order. If a man must have his boots, his coats, or his pantaloons made to order, he should pay some attention to his internal arrangements, and not attempt to get more in his stomach than it will hold, or a quality or character of diet that it cannot digest. Of course there is good sense in this, and nobody understands it better than dyspeptics. But the trouble is that a dyspeptic with a stomach of one pound capacity will cram three pounds of food into it, and spend the remainder of the day contemplating suicide. He knows why he is wretched, understands that it is his own fault, and appreciates the fact that if he would eat less his disease would gradually disappear, but he lacks control over his appetite, and after living in repentance for a day or two, and regaining his mind, plunges once more into dissipation, eating corned beef, cabbage, turnips, potatoes, plum-pudding and pound-cake, and abandoning in the frightful hours which follow all hope of happiness here or hereafter. It is all nonsense to advise a dyspeptic. If he is a true dyspeptic he will do exactly the thing which he is told not to do. He will hate his friends, his family and his country. He will hate himself worse than he hates anything or anybody else, and his hatred will be all the more intense because he is so formed by nature as to be physically unable to kick himself around the block. Our advice to you is, never to tell a dyspeptic what to eat or drink. Such advice has driven many of them into lunatic asylums. Give him his corned beef and cabbage, his strong coffee, his pastry and hot rolls. Let him kill himself if he will. He is so perverse about everything that he won't, however, and in a short time you will see him trying to live like a rational being, and giving up food which goats and ostriches have found to be indigestible.—*Chicago News.*

Astonishing Effects of Tobacco.
A veteran user of the weed in this city was taken sick and confined to the house. A physician was summoned and pronounced his complaint disease of the heart. He ordered the patient to be deprived entirely of tobacco and said that he would be able in a few days to tell what the man's chances for recovery were.
The tobacco was stopped, and then followed a season of derangement and visions, less intense and terrorizing than those belonging to the alcoholic frenzy, but annoying and remarkable to the patient.
He saw black-flies in myriads upon the walls of his room, then thousands of fire-flies, such as are seen in June. These were followed by millions of little golden, metallic-hued beetles. He sat beside a lovely stream of water that wasn't there, and gazed into its limpid depths. He saw crowns, queer garments covered with the heads of nails, all sorts of armor, and bric-a-brac enough to furnish every house in the State.
During one whole day the atmosphere was so yellow that he could not see the neighboring residences; another day cloudy veils shut out from his view for brief intervals the objects about him. His experience, while it has satisfied him that tobacco effects the brain, has not destroyed his love for the weed, which he constantly desires, but is debarred from using because of his condition. The patient is out, and, we are glad to say, is doing well.—*Norwich (Ct.) Bulletin.*

An Aged Hen.
Eleven years ago Gen. Dargan, of Wadesboro, N. C., bought a 5-year-old hen from a countryman and put her in a pen to fatten, but she began to shell out eggs so fast that the General concluded to keep her for a while, as he considered it too valuable a fowl to kill. She continues to live, is now 16, a hale, hearty old hen, and lays an egg every other day. The next aged chicken is owned by Mr. M. P. Leak. It was presented to him when 16 year old by a lady friend, who declared her intention never to marry as long as that hen lives. This happened nine years ago. The chicken lives and moves and has its being, and the maiden still walks in maiden meditation, fancy free.—*Boston Herald.*

The world is a comedy to those that think, a tragedy to those who feel.—*Horace Walpole.*
"Oh summer night
So fair and bright!"
But suppose a frightful attack of summer complaint set in in the middle of the delightful summer night; where are you? That depends on whether or not you have a bottle of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. Policeman Daut, of Rochester, N. Y., says that his daughter and some of her school friends were thus attacked at a summer watering place. Had it not been for the PAIN KILLER, that night might have been their last. When you pack your trunk for the sea-shore, remember that the emergency may arise in which you will suddenly need "PAIN KILLER."

A man who played the violin wretchedly was said to be smart, in that he sawed several chords per day.
Dyspepsia.
Dyspepsia and sick headache do not return to those who have used Great German Hop Bitters. Sold by all druggists.
A FALSE statement—there is an awful waste of water at Niagara.
How CAN you remain a sufferer from dyspepsia when we know that you are being cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla? Try it.
The man who drinks cannot conceal it from the world. His habit is red in his nose.
ANAMOSA, Iowa.—Dr. J. G. McGuire says: "I know Brown's Iron Bitters is a good tonic and gives general satisfaction."

Look Well to the Name.
The only genuine German Hop Bitters have the word "German" blown in the bottle. Sold by all druggists.
There are 606 dead men in Mississippi. We always said there were some mighty pleasant people in Mississippi.
As a perfect pharmaceutical preparation, Hood's Sarsaparilla surpasses any other article upon the market. A glance at the article shows the scrupulous neatness and care with which the detail of its manufacture and putting up must be conducted. These points are of importance in any business, but in remedies for the relief of human suffering they become of supreme importance. Only such medicines are worthy public confidence.

The favorite song of the literary critic—"Sitting on the style."
A Happy Wife.
"My dear husband, I never slept so soundly as I do now, after using German Hop Bitters." Sold by all druggists.
Solomon applied—Spare the rod and improve the trouting.
PARALYTIC strokes, heart disease and kidney affections, prevented by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters.
If every dog had his day, how long would a bench dog last?

WADLEY, GA.—Dr. B. R. Doyle says: "I consider Brown's Iron Bitters superior as a tonic to any preparation now in use."
A QUACK doctor's wife should wear "a duck of a bonnet."

Personal!—To Men Only!
THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above, N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

Try the Gault House.
When in Chicago, try the Gault House, where you can get every comfort and luxury of a high-priced hotel at the low rate of \$2 and \$2.50 per day. The Gault has been rebuilt and refurnished; it is located in the heart of the wholesale district, only one block from the Union Depot, corner Madison and Clinton; elevator and all the modern conveniences. Menu and rooms best in Chicago. H. W. Hoyt, proprietor.

MEN'S PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing nutritive properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, over-work, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

SKINNY MEN—Wells' Health Renewer restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, etc.

The soft and silky appearance given to the hair by the use of Carboline, the natural hair restorer and dressing, as now improved and perfected, is the subject of general remark by all who have witnessed its effects upon the human head. Sold by all dealers in drugs.

"ROUGH ON RATS"—Clears out rats, mice, fleas, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks, etc.

All our lady friends will be delighted to hear that L. L. Cragin & Co., 116 N. 4th St., Phila., are giving first class Piano Sheet Music, vocal and instrumental, gratis. (No advertising on it.) Write for catalogue. Mention this paper.

"BUCHU-PAIBA"—Quick, complete cure, all annoying kidney and urinary diseases. \$1.

LYON'S Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners keep new boots and shoes from running over. Sold by shoe and hardware dealers.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS"—15c. Ask for it. Complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA
Cured a tremendous scrofulous lump on Thomas Bennett's leg, 21 years old. He wanted to cut it out with his knife, it was so painful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured Lieut. John Smith, U. S. N. of stomach complaint, palpitation and Rheumatism in the knee.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured Mrs. Cole, of 37 Scrofulous sores. One on her head was as large as the palm of her hand.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured Mrs. Parkman of birth-born Scrofula in one year. Her scalp was one solid sore. Her hair fell off.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured Mrs. Rollins' son of three large, fatty tumors, one was a running sore and very painful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured Mrs. Hart's Salt Rheum with one bottle. Her hand's cracked and chapped for 20 years.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cured J. R. Smith's daughter of Diphtheria poison. She was very poor, weak and without appetite.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

Henry's Carbolic Salve
It is the Best Salve for Cuts, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions, Freckles and Pimples. Get Henry's Carbolic Salve, as all others are counterfeits. Price 25 cts.

How to Shorten Life.
Abernethy, the greatly English Surgeon, asked a lady who told him she only had a cough: "What would you have? The plague? Beware of 'only coughs'!" The worst cases can, however, be cured by Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. In Whooping Cough and Croup it immediately allays inflammation, and is sure to prevent a fatal termination of the disease. Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicine.

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G. S. GATES—Celebrated stencil plate, 50c. Key check. Spec. Advs. wanted 25c. H. H. A. V. Albany, N. Y.

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AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest-selling Special Bibles and Bibles. Free circulars. \$5 per year. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

WE SHOULD HELP ONE ANOTHER.
Mr. NORMAN BUSE, of No. 160 Chestnut St., Springfield, Mass., writes, April 10, 1883, saying: "Having the affliction caused by Kidney and liver diseases, and after enduring the school pains, weakness and depression incident thereto, until body and soul were nearly distracted, I sought for relief and a cure from my trouble, and was told by a friend who had been cured by it himself, that the best and only sure cure was Hunt's Remedy, and upon his recommendation I commenced taking it, and the first few doses improved my condition, in a very marked manner, and a continuance of its use has justified all that my friends claimed for it; that it was a sure and reliable cure for all diseases of the kidney and liver. Several of my friends in Springfield have used it with the most gratifying results, and I feel it my duty as well as a pleasure to me to recommend Hunt's Remedy in the highest possible terms."


MANUFACTURER'S TESTIMONY.
Mr. H. W. PAYNE, manufacturer of harness, saddlery, trunks, valises, etc., No. 47 Main street, Springfield, Mass., writes under date of April 10, 1883: "GENTLEMEN—I have used Hunt's Remedy, the best medicine for diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and urinary organs, and have received great benefit to my health from its use, and I find that it will do just what is claimed for it; it will cure disease and restore health. I therefore pronounce it the best medicine that I have ever used."

BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.
ALBERT ROLT, Esq., Paymaster Boston and Albany railroad, at Springfield, Mass., writes April 23, 1883: "I have used Hunt's Remedy, and my experience with it has been such that I can cheerfully say that I am satisfied that it will do just what it promises to do, if used according to directions."

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STOMACH BITTERS

No time should be lost if the stomach, liver and bowels are affected to adopt the sure remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of the organs named beset others far more serious, and a delay is therefore hazardous. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills and fever, early rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness, bring serious bodily trouble if trifled with. Lose no time in using this effective and safe medicine. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

DR. HORNE'S ELECTRIC BELT

Will cure Nervousness, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Kidney, Spine and Liver diseases, Gout, Asthma, Heart disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Catarrh, Piles, Eczema, Impotency, Dumb Ague, Protrusion Uteri, etc. Only scientific Electric Belt in America that sends the Electricity and magnetism through the body and can be recharged in an instant by the patient. Send Stamp for Circular. Dr. W. J. HORNE, Inventor, 191 Wabash Av., Chicago.

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No pay till cured. Ten years established, 1,000 cured. State case. Dr. Marsh, Quincy, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit a pair of stockings with HEEL and TOE complete in 30 minutes. It will also knit a great variety of fancy work for which there is always a ready market. Send for circular and terms to the Tremont Knitting Machine Co., 165 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

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For Fine Complexions.

Positive relief and immunity from complexional blemishes may be found in Hagan's Magnolia Balm. A delicate and harmless article. Sold by druggists everywhere.
It imparts the most brilliant and life-like tints, and the closest scrutiny cannot detect its use. All unsightly discolorations, Eruptions, Ring Marks under the eyes, Sallowiness, Redness, Roughness, and the flush of fatigue and excitement are at once dispelled by the Magnolia Balm.
It is the one incomparable Cosmetic.

PERRY DAVIS' Pain-Killer
A SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cramps, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Sprains AND Bruises, Burns AND Scalds, Toothache AND Headache.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Delicate and Feeble Ladies.
Those languid, tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its former elastic vigor; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system are relieved at once, while the special cause of periodical pain are permanently removed. None receives so much benefit, and none are so profoundly grateful and show such an interest in recommending Hop Bitters as women.

Feels Young Again.
"My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull, heavy, inactive condition of the whole system; headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpless. No physician or medicines did her any good. Three months ago she began to use Hop Bitters with such good effect that she seems and feels young again, although over 70 years old. We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family."—A lady, in Providence.

BRADFORD, Pa., May 8, 1875.
It has cured me of several diseases, such as nervousness, sickness at the stomach, monthly troubles, etc. I have not seen a sick day in a year, since I took Hop Bitters. All my neighbors use them.

MRS. FANNIE GREEN.
"\$3,000 LOST."—A tour of Europe that cost me "\$3,000, done me less good one bottle of Hop Bitters; they also cured my wife of fifteen years' nervous weakness, sleeplessness and 'Dyspepsia'." R. M., Auburn, N. Y.

High Authority.
Hop Bitters is not, in any sense, an alcoholic beverage or liquor, and could not be sold for use except to persons desirous of obtaining a medicinal bitters. GREEN B. RAUM, U. S. Com. Int'l. Rev.

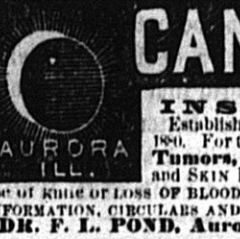
So, Bloomville, O., May 1, '79.
Sins—I have been suffering ten years and I tried your Hop Bitters and it done me more good than all the doctors. MISS S. B. BOONE.

Baby Saved!
We are so thankful to say that our nursing baby was permanently cured of a dangerous and protracted constipation and irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.—The Parents, Rochester, N. Y.

CUT THIS OUT
By mail, a Golden Box of Goods, that will bring you in more money in One Month than anything else in America. Absolute Certainty. M. Young, 115 Greenwich St., New York.

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST."
Engines, THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Horse Powers, Horse Rovers
(suited to all sections.) Write for FREE illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION.

CANCER

INSTITUTE.
Established, 1871. Incorporated, 1880. For the Cure of Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula and SKIN DISEASES, without the use of knife or lancet, or any kind of operation. For INFORMATION, CIRCULARS AND REFERENCES, address DR. F. L. POND, Aurora, Kane Co., Ill.

PENSIONS
To all Soldiers who are in any manner disabled by reason of wounds or disease, incurred during their service, loss of a finger, or toe, entire or partial loss of sight or hearing, piles, diarrhoea, rheumatism, or any other disability entitles you. Widows, children, or dependent parents entitled. Pension procured where discharge is lost. New discharges obtained. Honor-able discharges and pensions procured for deserters. Pensions INCREASED. Rejected claims successfully presented. Back pay and bounty collected. EXPERT in land cases. I prompt attention given all kinds of government claims. Advs. free. Advs. with stamp, L. C. Wood, Box 24, Washington, D. C.

AGENTS WANTED For Our New Book **THE SPY OF THE REBELLION.**
By ALLAN Pinkerton, Chief of the U. S. Secret Service. A true history of the "spy system" of the U. S. Army during the war. Compiled from official reports, reveals many "war secrets" NEVER BEFORE PUBLISHED. Profusely illustrated, thrillingly interesting, sells very rapidly. Send for illustrated circular and special advs. to NETTLETON & CO., 37 N. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

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Well Boring and Rock Drilling Machine is Very Profitable!
\$25 to \$40 A DAY
A HSE
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Machines Made to Run by Horse, Hand or Steam Power.
Send for Catalogue. Address LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.
C. N. Y. No. 29-33.
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

W. G. T. Union.

Drunk and Disorderly.

But society is not so particular about the past record of its masculine favorites. It would be far better for the morals of our young men if it were.

But "society" is a vague term and does not convey to any of us the impression of personal responsibility which we ought to feel in this matter. We are not "society." We do not mould its sentiments. We are not responsible for its acts and therefore we dismiss the whole subject as something that we can only deplore but cannot mend.

We believe, however, that the Christian women of our land, the members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, if you please, have a very grave responsibility in this matter. When we stop talking about "boys sowing their wild oats" when we are thoroughly imbued ourselves with the feeling that sin leaves just as deep a scar upon the character of a young man as upon that of a young woman, when we expect husbands and sons to come up to the same standard of virtue that we place for our wives and daughters, when we teach our sons that the term "fast" is no less disgraceful when applied to them than to their sisters, when we impress upon our daughters the propriety of treating the fast young men of their acquaintance with precisely the amount of favor shown to young women of doubtful reputation, and when we manifest, because we feel, the same thrill of mingled pain and pity and disgust at sight or knowledge of debased and drunken and dishonest manhood that we do when women are found "drunk and disorderly," then and not till then can we count ourselves free from blame for the fact that our boys and young men do not set up for themselves so high a standard of morals as our girls, because society does not expect it.

Brainard's Musical World.

Whoever reads the July number of this famous magazine, will be interested in the well-written article which describes a musical festival that was held in Greece over two thousand years ago. A fine picture of the Paris Grand Opera House, and a portrait of Emma Thursby are among the noticeable attractions. A fine, full-page engraving, entitled "Cinderella," will please all who delight in pictures. The music, musical news, gossip, able editorials and correspondence are all up to their usual high standard. Price, per copy, 15 cents; \$1.50 per year. S. Brainard's Sons, 136 State street, Chicago.

A LADY writes: "I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family for many years, and could not keep house without it. For the relief of the pains consequent upon female weaknesses and irregularities, I consider it without an equal."

Two Irishmen were asleep in the attic of a house which caught fire. One of them, in the hurry to escape, got his pant-loons on front side back, and jumped into the street below. His companion, seeing him fall into a heap, called to him: "Whist, Jerry, are ye kilt entirely?" And Jerry, gathering himself up and discovering the adjusted garments aforesaid, shouted back: "Not entirely kilt, but upon my word, I'm fatally twisted."

A Blessing to All Mankind.

In these times when our newspapers are flooded with patent medicine advertisements, it is gratifying to know what to procure that will certainly cure you. If you are bilious, blood out of order, liver inactive or generally debilitated, there is nothing in the world that will cure you so quickly as Electric Bitters. They are a blessing to all mankind and can be had for only fifty cents a bottle of H. Walsh.

It is stated that the Red sea is to be dragged by a party of Frenchmen in search of Pharaoh's chariots and treasures. The Abbe Moigno of Paris is the proprietor of the scheme, and he has succeeded in raising \$150,000 to meet the expense of the work. The expedition, composed of a number of scientists and experienced divers, is said to be already on its way to the scene of operations.

Excited Thousands.

All over the land are going into ecstasy over Dr. King's new discovery for consumption. Their unlooked for recovery by the timely use of this great life-saving remedy, causes them to go nearly wild in its praise. It is guaranteed to positively cure severe Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Loss of voice, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Trial bottles free at H. Walsh's drug store. Large size \$1.00.

JOHN A. ROOST

is not closing out, but having sold nearly all his stock of clothing, has enlarged his store and filled it with a large assortment of good goods. I am now prepared to fit almost everyone from the portly alderman to the long and slim. Come and see my styles, from a fashionable Prince Albert cut to a jean pants. I have suits for men, boys and children.

29-17

JOHN A. ROOST.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

Kremers & Bangs,

Specialties

Pure Drugs,

PATENT MEDICINES,

BRUSHES,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET SOAPS,

DRUGGIST'S SUNDRIES,

PAINTS, WHITE LEAD,

LINSEED, LARD, CASTOR,

MACHINE OILS, ETC.,

PARIS GREEN,

warranted strictly pure.

We are sole agents for the famous

"Tansil's Punch" Cigar.

WINES & LIQUORS

for Medicinal use.

Physician's prescriptions and family recipes accurately prepared.

KREMERS & BANGS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 26th, '88 16-17.

CLOSING OUT SALE !!

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

I desire to change my business and will sell my entire stock at greatly reduced prices.

My stock of goods consists of a full line of
CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, SHINGLES, LATH, ETC., ETC.

I also desire to sell the following Real Estate: Six hundred and thirty-nine acres of timbered land seven miles north of this city, twenty acres of improved land on the south side of sixteenth street, three houses and lots, a saw mill, and three lots in this city, and an improved farm of 165½ acres three miles west of the city, on the road to Macatawa Park. Call and see me and obtain good bargains.

E. J. HARRINGTON,
HOLLAND, MICH.

Rheumatic SYRUP.

The Greatest Blood Purifier Known!

RHEUMATISM CURED.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Apr. 6th, '88.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.

GENTS—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism for six years, and hearing of the success of Rheumatic Syrup I concluded to give it a trial in my own case, and I cheerfully say that I have been greatly benefited by its use. I can walk with entire freedom from pain, and my general health is very much improved. It is a splendid remedy for the blood and debilitated system.

E. CHESTER PARK, M. D.

SCROFULA CURED.

PORT BYRON, N. Y., Feb. 20, '88.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.

I had been doctoring for three or four years, with different physicians, for scrofula, as some called it, but found no relief until I commenced taking your Syrup. After taking it a short time, to my surprise, it began to help me. Continuing its use a few weeks, I found myself as well as ever. As a blood purifier, I think it has no equal.

MRS. WILLIAM STRANG.

NEURALGIA CURED.

FAIRPORT, N. Y., March 12, '88.

Rheumatic Syrup Co.

GENTS—Since November, 1887 I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and have not known what it was to be free from pain until I commenced the use of Rheumatic Syrup. I have felt no pain since using the fourth bottle. I think it the best remedy I have ever heard of for purifying the blood and for the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia.

W. B. CHASE.

Manufactured by RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., 2 Plymouth Ave., Rochester, N. Y.

ABOVE ALL COMPETITION

THE
**LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME**

STRONG SIMPLE SWIFT

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR
HAS MORE IMPROVEMENTS THAN ALL
OTHER SEWING MACHINES COMBINED

**NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE CO.**

30 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK

CHICAGO, ILL. ORANGE, MASS.
AND ATLANTA, GA.

Meyers, Brouwer & Co.

DEALERS IN

FURNITURE & COFFINS
HOLLAND, MICH.

D. & M. R. R. Lands.

By the provisions of an act of the late session of the legislature, all persons holding title by deed or contract to any of the D. & M. R. R. lands, or called from either Bows, Gould or Griswold, upon making certain proof, will be entitled to a patent from the state for such lands.

Persons having perfected their title under the act of 1881 and paid up back taxes, may recover part of such taxes from the state.

Special attention will be given to the settlement of all such claims on reasonable terms.

Communications either in person or by letter promptly attended to.

G. VAN SCHULLEN,

Holland, Michigan.

Dated, June 22, 1888.

H. I. WYKHUYSEN,



Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, etc., etc.

I keep a full line of Spectacles, which are the best in the market.

Prompt attention given to repairing.

No trouble to show goods.

Watches and Clocks

sold below Grand Rapids prices.

GIVE ME A CALL.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 20, 1888.

IN THE NEW
GROCERY

AND
DRY GOODS STORE

OF
C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries, always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

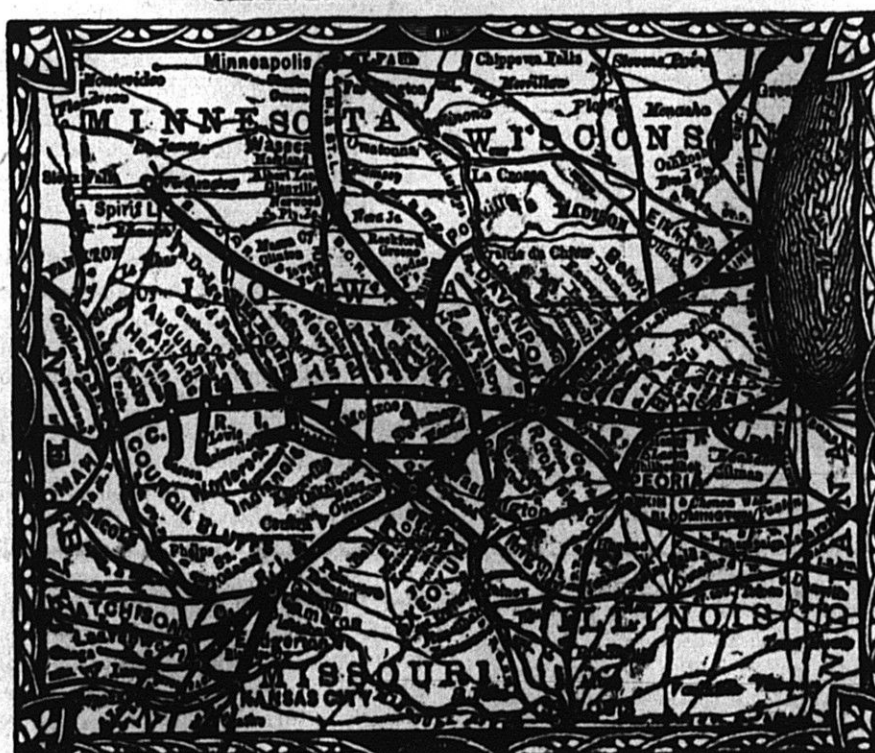
FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.

HOLLAND, Oct. 18th, 1888.

24-17

IA MAN
WHO IS UNAQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R.R.,

Being the Great Central Line, affords to travelers, by reason of its unrivaled geographical position, the shortest and best route between the East, Northeast and Southeast, and the West, Northwest and Southwest.

It is literally and strictly true, that its connections are all of the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific.

By its main line and branches it reaches Chicago, Joliet, Peoria, Ottawa, La Salle, Geneseo, Moline and Rock Island, in Illinois; Davenport, Muscatine, Washington, Keokuk, Knoxville, Oskaloosa, Fairfield, Des Moines, West Liberty, Iowa City, Atlantic, Avoca, Audubon, Marian, Guthrie Center and Council Bluffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Trenton, Cameron and Kansas City, in Missouri; and Leavenworth and Atchison in Kansas, and the hundreds of cities, villages and towns intermediate. The

"GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,"

As it is familiarly called, offers to travelers all the advantages and comforts incident to a smooth track, safe bridges, Union Depots at all connecting points, Fast Express Trains, composed of COMMODIOUS, WELL VENTILATED, WELL HEATED, FINELY UPHOLSTERED AND ELEGANT DAY COACHES; a line of the MOST MAGNIFICENT HORTON RECLINING CHAIR CARS ever built; PULLMAN'S latest designed and handsomest PALACE SLEEPING CARS, and DINING CARS that are acknowledged by press and people to be the FINEST RUN UPON ANY ROAD IN THE COUNTRY, and in which superior meals are served to travelers at the low rate of SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.

THREE TRAINS each way between CHICAGO and the MISSOURI RIVER.

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ALBERT LEA ROUTE.

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened, between Newport News, Richmond, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and La Fayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Intermediate points.

All Through Passengers carried on Fast Express Trains.

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R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres't & Gen'l Manager,

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A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN

On the Loss of

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea induced by self-abuse, involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps—Address

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\$72 A week made at home by the ingenious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous gains, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address **TRUS** & CO., Augusta, Maine.

25-17

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Livery, Board and Sale Stable.

The oldest established Stable in the city.

On Market Street, near Eighth.

I have the newest and best HEARSE in this city, with the finest horses and carriages for funeral purposes, which I will furnish

as cheap, if not cheaper

than any party in this city.

H. BOONE.

HOLLAND, July 28th, 1888.

25-17

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people are always on the lookout for changes to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address

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