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### Holland City News, Volume 8, Number 23: July 19, 1879

Holland City News

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Holland City News, "Holland City News, Volume 8, Number 23: July 19, 1879" (1879). *Holland City News: 1879*. 29.

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 23.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1879.

WHOLE NO. 387.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,  
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if  
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if  
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents  
for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period under three  
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$10.00
2 "	5.00	8.00	10.00
3 "	5.00	8.00	10.00
4 Column	10.00	17.00	25.00
5 "	17.00	25.00	40.00
6 "	25.00	40.00	65.00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
the expiration of the subscription. Two X's sig-  
nify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday May 25, 1879.

Trains.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	11.55 a. m.	1.40 a. m.
" "	10.00 p. m.	3.30 p. m.
Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	10.25 a. m.	5.25 a. m.
" "	10.30 "	3.35 p. m.
" "	10.05 p. m.	6.10 "
New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.30 a. m.	12.00 "
" "	5.15 "	10.45 a. m.
" "	3.25 p. m.	10.15 p. m.
" "	5.55 "	"

\* Mixed trains.  
\* Daily except Sunday and Monday.  
\* Daily except Saturday.  
\* Monday only.  
All other trains daily except Sundays.  
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago  
time which is 30 minutes later than Columbus  
time.

### Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 23, 1879.

Going North.			Going South.
No. 4.	No. 2.	STATIONS.	No. 3.
P. m.	a. m.		No. 1.
			a. m.
	12 30	Muskegon,	2 17
	11 47	Ferrysburg,	2 50
	11 47	Grand Haven,	2 54
8 22	11 42	Pigeon,	3 22
7 57	11 12	Holland,	3 53
7 30	10 44	Fillmore,	4 13
7 12	10 25	Allegan.	5 00
6 25	9 35		

FRED H. MAY, Manager.  
E. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l. Freight Agent.  
W. BAUMGARTEL, Agent.  
Holland, Mich.

Close connections made at Allegan with G. R. &  
R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalama-  
zoo Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, &c., &c.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at  
Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11  
River street.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting  
Agent. Office in Kenyon & Van Putten's bank  
Eighth street.

### Banking and Exchange.

VAN PUTTEN JACOB, Banking and Col-  
lecting, Drafts bought and sold; Eighth  
street.

### Barbers.

DE GROOT, L., barber. Hair cutting, shaving,  
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at rea-  
sonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City  
Hotel. 14-ly.

### Commission Merchants.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and  
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-  
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick  
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

### Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and of-  
fice on Eighth street, opposite Van Raalte's  
shoe store.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-  
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENGS, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-  
fumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, &c.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DEN BRON'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a  
full stock of goods pertaining to the busi-  
ness.

### Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,  
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office  
and barn on Market street. Everything first-  
class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;  
Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th  
street, near Market.

### Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DIJKEMA J. & C. Wagon and Blacksmith  
Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repair-  
ing done. Eighth Street a few doors west of River.

### Meat Markets.

BOONE, C., Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of  
Meat. Pays the highest price for cattle.  
Zeeland, Ottawa Co., Mich. 2-ly

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Mar-  
ket, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All  
kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HALL, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Mowing Machines. cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors  
of *Flagger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the  
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-  
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and  
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor-  
ner 10th and River streets.

### Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer,  
and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug  
Store, 8th street.

VAN SCHUYLEN, G., Justice of the Peace,  
Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office,  
Van Landegend's Block.

### Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite  
S. W. cor. Public Square.

ASH & PALMER, Surgeons, Physicians and  
Accoucheurs. Office at his residence, Over-  
yeel, Mich.

LEDEBOER, B. Physician and Surgeon; Office  
corner Eleventh and River street opposite  
public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon;  
office at residence, on Eighth street, near Chl.  
& M. L. S. R. crossing.

MC CULLOCH THOS., Physician, Surgeon and  
Accoucheur. Office, Van Putten's Drug Store,  
Holland, Michigan.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., City Physician. Office at the  
First Ward Drug Store, 8th street.

### Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. F., the leading Photographer, Gal-  
lery opposite this office.

### Saddlers.

VANPEL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;  
Eighth street.

### Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

### Watches and Jewelry.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers,  
and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Mar-  
ket and Eighth Street.

## Societies.

### I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order  
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd  
Fellow's Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening  
of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.  
M. HANINGTON, N. G.

WILL H. ROGERS, R. S.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE,  
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,  
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, July  
20 at 7 o'clock, sharp.

OTTO BREYMAN, W. M.

C. B. WYNNE Sec'y.

## Special Notices.

### Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcer, Salt Rheum, Tetter,  
Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all  
kinds of Skin Eruptions. This salve is  
guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in  
every case or money refunded. Price 25  
Cents per box. For Sale by Heber Walsh  
Holland, Michigan.

### Farm for Sale.

I will sell eighty acres of splendid clay  
soil, six miles from this city. Near church  
and school house; at a bargain; 80 acres  
of this land is partially improved. Also  
40 acres of unimproved land in the Town-  
ship of Fillmore. Inquire of  
M. D. HOWARD.

## KANSAS.

2,000,000 acres of land for sale by the Atch-  
ison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad located in  
Southern Kansas, the garden of the continent.  
For information in regard to these lands; and how  
to reach them call on or address  
J. C. POST,  
Agent for Ottawa County, Mich.

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	40	50
Beans, bushel	12	18
Butter, lb.	19	19
Cloverseed, lb.	10	10
Eggs, dozen	16	16
Honey, lb.	10	10
Hay, ton	10	10
Onions, bushel	35	35
Potatoes, bushel	35	35
Timothy Seed, bushel	1	1
Wool, lb.	1	1

### Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	2	50
" " green	2	00
" " beach, dry	2	00
" " green	1	75
Hemlock Bark	4	00
Staves, pork, white oak	12	00
Staves, Tierce	2	54
Heading bolts, softwood	2	73
State bolts, hardwood	3	25
State bolts, softwood	3	00
Railroad ties	10	10
Shingles, A & M	2	00

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	98	37
Corn, shelled bushel	25	27
Oats, bushel	40	40
Buckwheat, bushel	14	00
Barley, ton	18	00
Feed, ton	1	25
" " 100 lb.	1	20
Barley, 100 lb.	1	20
Middling, 100 lb.	1	20
Flour, 100 lb.	2	00
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.	3	00

### Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed per lb.	4	3
Pork	6	3
Lard	6	3
Smoked Meat	8	10
" Ham	5	6
" Shoulders	4	5
Tallow, per lb.	7	9
Turkeys	7	9
Chickens, dressed per lb.	6	8

### WE BELIEVE

That if everyone would use Hop Bitters  
freely, there would be much less sickness  
and misery in the world; and people are  
fast finding this out, whole families keep-  
ing well at a trifling cost by its use. We  
advise all to try it.—U. & A. Rochester,  
N. Y.

### An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American peo-  
ple are to-day dying from the effects of  
Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result  
of these diseases upon the masses of in-  
telligent and valuable people is most alar-  
ming, making life actually a burden instead  
of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and  
usefulness as it ought to be. There is no  
good reason for this, if you will only throw  
aside prejudice and skepticism, take the  
advice of Druggists and your friends, and  
try one bottle of Green's August Flower.  
Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of  
bottles of this medicine have been given  
away to try its virtues, with satisfactory  
results in every case. You can buy a  
sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three  
does will relieve the worst case. Posi-  
tively sold by all Druggists on the West-  
ern Continent.

### Stop that Cough.

If you are suffering with a Cough, Cold,  
Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Consump-  
tion, loss of voice, tickling in the throat,  
or any affection of the Throat or Lungs,  
use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consump-  
tion. This is the great remedy that is  
causing so much excitement by its won-  
derful cures, curing thousands of hopeless  
cases. Over one million bottles of Dr.  
King's New Discovery have been used with-  
in the last year, and have given perfect  
satisfaction in every instance. We can  
unhesitatingly say that this is really the  
only sure cure for throat and lung affec-  
tions, and can cheerfully recommend it to  
all. Call and get a trial bottle for ten  
cents, or a regular size for \$1.00, at  
Heber Walsh, Holland, Mich.

THE Pessink Bros. have opened up their  
Ice Cream business, and are now ready to  
furnish parties, societies, or anybody, Ice  
Cream which cannot be beat by measure  
or dish.

I wish to inform my patients and friends  
generally, that until further notice I will  
keep my office at the Drug Store of Dr.  
R. A. Schouten, where orders for my ser-  
vices can be left, or at my residence on  
Eighth street, near Chicago Railroad  
crossing.

Respectfully,  
F. S. LEDEBOER, M. D.

Now is your time to insure against dam-  
age by lightning or fire, in the Watertown  
Insurance Company. Apply to  
L. T. KANTERS.

### NOTICE.

The undersigned, Dr. L. E. Best, having  
settled in the city of Grand Rapids, offers  
his services as a Physician, Surgeon and Ac-  
coucheur to the public at large, and  
whereas he pays particular attention to  
chronic diseases, and fine surgery, he has  
concluded to stop at the City Hotel, in the  
City of Holland, on Saturday of each week,  
where he can be consulted during the  
day.

L. E. BEST, M. D.

GRAND RAPIDS, Nov. 25 1878.

ALL kinds of Shingles for sale at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

### Arrested by a Bagpipe.

For nearly two years a young man wear-  
ing the garb of a Highland piper has been  
wandering about in the coal regions of  
Pennsylvania, playing his pipes in the  
streets, attending picnics and dances, and  
apparently depending on his instrument  
to make a living. Recently he was play-  
ing in a mining village on the outskirts of  
Scranton. A crowd had gathered around  
him. Among them a mine laborer named  
Braidly. Suddenly the piper ceased his  
music, and stepping from the crowd,  
seized Braidly by the shoulder, and an-  
nounced that he was a prisoner. At the  
same time he produced papers which he  
said were his authority for making the ar-  
rest. Braidly was overwhelmed by the  
arrest, and made no opposition to the au-  
thorities when it was revealed that the  
piper was a detective. For two years he  
had been on the track of his prisoner, who  
is charged with having murdered a  
wealthy man named Findlay, in Scot-  
land, in January, 1877. Braidly was in the  
employ of Findlay. Early one morning  
the latter was found dead by the road-side  
his skull crushed with a club. Braidly  
had been discharged the morning before  
for drunkenness, and had been heard to  
make a threat that he would get even with  
Findlay. He was nowhere to be found,  
but was traced to Glasgow, where it was  
believed he had taken a vessel for America.  
William Male, the detective, was em-  
ployed by the relatives of the murdered  
man to come to this country and search  
for Braidly, who, it was thought, would  
go to the Pennsylvania coal regions,  
where he had friends working. One of  
Braidly's peculiarities was his love for the  
bagpipe, so the detective, being a piper,  
adopted the disguise of a Scotch piper  
and played in the coal towns in the hope  
of attracting the attention of the man  
whom he was seeking; being sure, from  
information he had received, that Braidly  
really was somewhere in the coal regions.  
The ruse succeeded after two years' pa-  
tient trial. Male is now on his way to  
Scotland with the alleged murderer.

### A Turtle as a Detective.

Brown street market on Saturday morn-  
ing was the scene of a ludicrous incident.  
An aged daughter of the Emerald Isle,  
who manages to eke out an existence by  
begging for a "little something to help an  
old woman along," approached a fish-  
stand, and appealed to the proprietor for  
help—"Just a fish, sir." He was busily  
engaged in waiting on paying customers,  
and, besides, "he paid for his articles, and  
could not afford to give them away."  
"Only a little one," she persisted.  
"I haven't got anything for you, so get  
out," he remarked.  
She moved away, but not out of the  
building. Unobserved, she walked back  
of the stand, where a large tub, covered  
with canvas, attracted her attention. Cau-  
tiously lifting the cover, so as not to make  
any noise, she ran her hand into the tub,  
and—well, one would hardly think she  
was able to give such a yell as that which  
echoed through the market. The tub con-  
tained several snapping turtles, and one  
had caught hold of her fingers, causing  
considerable pain. "Och! mister! may  
God bless you; take the craythur off: do,  
please," was her pleading remark to the  
owner of the "snappers." It was found  
necessary to kill the turtle before the  
fingers could be liberated, and then she  
left without further ceremony.—*Philadel-  
phia Press.*

### An Audacious Horse-Tamer.

There was a thrilling scene at Hartford,  
Conn., the other day when John A. Crilly,  
foreman of the horse-car stables, under-  
took to capture a furious stallion that had  
got away from one of the men. Crilly  
caught him by the mane and was dragged  
about the yard, and at last had to let go.  
The animal then turned upon him in the  
fiercest rage, tearing, striking and kicking  
at him, and Crilly seemed to be entirely  
at his mercy, but, watching his opportu-  
nity, he rushed between his forefeet as he  
was striking at him, ran under him and  
tried to seize him again by the mane,  
but the horse was too quick for him and  
turned upon him with flattened ears  
and open jaws. Crilly, nothing daunted,  
seized him suddenly by the tongue and  
gave it so sharp a twist that the horse  
fairly squealed with pain. This did the  
business, and still holding him by the ton-  
gue, Crilly led the horse back to his stall  
completely conquered. He is now as doc-  
ile as any animal in the company's ser-  
vice.—*Boston Journal.*

### Grasshopper Pest in the West.

Grasshoppers are hatching out in innum-  
erable myriads on the prairies west of the  
Missouri River now, and unnumbered  
myriads have been hatching out for quite  
a while. The ground is black with them.  
They hang upon the grass like bees after  
a swarm. But this is not surprising, for  
they hatch out in the same way here every  
year. I have been familiar with them for  
the past ten years and see no change in  
them at all; possibly they are a little big-  
ger, for under the laws of evolution they  
ultimately in the kangaroo. On the plains  
they are at home, they are healthy and  
vigorous, for grass is their natural food  
and as long as they feed upon grass they  
thrive, but let them give up their natural  
food and forsake their native land, the  
arid plains, and go upon our wheat farms  
and luxuriate upon the rich, highly con-  
centrated food of cultivated grain, and  
disease sets in, gangrene of the vitals is  
the result, and the grasshopper perishes!  
Three crops of wheat will destroy any one  
invasion. After passing three summers in  
cultivated fields, an epidemic (worse than  
dyspepsia) produced by high living, will  
carry them off entirely and no more will  
be heard of them until some situated like  
myself on the frontier will report from  
their recruiting camps that they are pre-  
paring for another raid.

It is my opinion that the frontier farms  
will always be subject to these desolatory  
incursions from grasshoppers, but as the  
tide of empire rolls westward the grass-  
hopper will go with it and finally he will  
disappear, and like the locust of Egypt he  
will only be terrible to read about. In the  
meantime he will continue to make disas-  
trous raids to the East, but the distance  
he will or can go will be limited, and the  
fear often expressed that some day he will  
continue his flight to the far East and be-  
come a scourge to the Middle States is al-  
together groundless.—*Dakota Letter to the  
St. Paul Pioneer-Press, June 3.*

### Sutro's Success.

SUTRO, Nev., June 30.—To-night the  
mountain-tops overlooking the Washoe  
silver region and the Carson valley are  
ablaze with bonfires and the echoes of  
cannon and discharges of giant powder  
are heard in every direction. The event  
which is being celebrated is the final com-  
pletion of the Sutro tunnel, for the recep-  
tion of the water from the Comstock  
mines, after ten years of ceaseless labor,  
day and night, and the expenditure of  
\$8,000,000. The powerful engines of the  
combination shaft of the Hale and Nor-  
cross and Savage mines were started up  
this morning at precisely 6 o'clock, dis-  
charging their water into the Sutro tun-  
nel, at the mouth of which it made its ap-  
pearance in one hour and twenty minutes,  
showing a temperature at first of one hun-  
dred and one degrees, which gradually in-  
creased to one hundred and eighteen de-  
grees. In eight hours the water in the  
long drowned out mines was lowered one  
hundred feet. Everything worked to a  
charm. The wooden boxes, constructed  
of three inch tongue and grooved pine,  
did not show a leak, and not even a par-  
ticle of steam escaped from them, so that  
the tunnel, after the hot water was turned  
in, showed barely an increase of tempera-  
ture. The water from the Sierra Nevada,  
Union, Ophir, the Bonanza mines, Best  
and Belcher, and Gould and Curry will  
not be turned in for a couple of weeks,  
and after all finds its way into the tunnel  
it is expected that one of the double lines  
of boxes will have ample capacity to carry  
off all the water. An engineering  
work the success surpasses all expecta-  
tions, and while the people are rejoicing  
this must be considered the proudest day  
in the life of Adolph Sutro.

An English physician relates that on  
the 11th of February, his wife, after mix-  
ing some corn-meal for feeding the fowls,  
missed her wedding ring from her finger,  
and after a fruitless search gave it up for  
lost. On the 8th of April, while engaged  
eating an egg at breakfast, she felt the  
eggspoon grate against something hard at  
the bottom of the egg below the yolk,  
and on further investigation found the  
lost ring firmly fixed by membranous ad-  
hesions to the bottom of the egg. The egg  
was of extra large size, and was laid the  
day before.

The new Harris &



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

**MANTON MARBLE**, the well-known New York editor, was married last week to Mrs. A. Williams Lombard. The couple immediately sailed for Europe.

**JOSEPH B. BUZZELL**, convicted of being accessory to the murder of Miss Susan Hanson, in November, 1874, was hanged at Concord, N. H., on the 10th inst. He died in nineteen minutes without a struggle.

A **GOLD-BEARING** vein of quartz has been discovered in Penobscot, Me. A bold plot to release the convicts in the Massachusetts State prison has just come to light. The arrangements were made on the 4th of July, when the 700 convicts were together for an hour or two, and, but from an intercepted letter from one convict to another, it would certainly have been carried into effect. The plan was to pounce upon the officers and guards, seize their weapons and make a simultaneous rush for freedom.

The New Jersey Supreme Court has affirmed the judgment in the case of Mrs. Smith and Cove Bennett, sentenced to be hanged at Jersey City for the murder of Police Officer Smith, husband of Mrs. Smith. The case now goes to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

**CHASTINE COX** was placed on trial at New York on the 14th inst. for the murder of Mrs. Jane Lawrence De Forest Hull. The prisoner was freshly dressed, looked happy, and chatted unconcernedly with those around him.

### THE WEST.

A **TRAGEDY** of an unusually sensational character was enacted at Edgington, Rock Island county, Ill., a few days ago. A young man named Thomas Richards was engaged to marry Miss Matilda J. Robbins, the daughter of one of the solid farmers of the county. The engagement was made with the unwilling consent of her parents, who yielded reluctantly, and the day for the wedding was named. When the young lady's brother, Lee Robbins, heard of it he swore it should never occur. He went to Edgington, half a mile away, and borrowed a revolver. His first plan was to shoot Richards, but the latter evaded him. Robbins then went back to his home and up-stairs to the room where his sister was dressing for her wedding. The folks below heard the discharge of a pistol and after a few seconds another report. Going to the room, the father found his son and daughter both lying on the floor of the girl's bedroom in a pool of blood. They lay side by side. Robbins first shot his sister and then himself. The ball entered her forehead and came out above her right ear, causing instant death. Robbins shot himself in nearly the same place, the ball lodging in his brain. He was alive when his father found him, but in an unconscious state. He remained in this condition half an hour, when death came to his relief. The most affectionate relations had existed between the dead brother and sister up to the hour of their death.

A **DISPATCH** from Bodie, Cal., says: "A terrible explosion of a powder magazine took place near the old Standard incline. The works were blown to atoms, and everything near them leveled to the ground. Many men were killed. The number is not known at this writing. About twenty wounded men have been found thus far. At this time no estimate can be made of the number of killed or wounded."

**FIVE TEXAS** cow boys got on a tear at Ogallala, Neb., the other night, rode through the streets firing revolvers, and threatened to capture the town. The Sheriff and posse attempted to arrest them, when a fight ensued. One of the cow boys, William Shook, was shot and instantly killed. Another, Henry Parker, was badly wounded, and will probably die. The other three escaped.

**EX-GOV. WILLIAM ALLEN**, died suddenly at his home, near Chillicothe, Ohio, on the 11th of July. He retired to bed in apparently his usual health. About 1 o'clock he became somewhat restless, and being unable to sleep he called to Dr. and Mrs. Scott, his son-in-law and daughter, who at once appeared at his bedside to aid him to arise. He signified his wish to be aided to reach a chair. While being thus helped, he retained all his faculties, but upon reaching the chair a slight but almost imperceptible change passed over his face, and without a struggle and without a word he easily dropped into the chair. A slight fluttering of the heart was only noticeable, his head fell back, and his eyes closed as in peaceful slumber.

**SAN FRANCISCO** dispatches give some additional particulars of the disaster at the mining town of Bodie, Cal. The magazine which exploded contained five tons of giant powder. The shock was scarcely felt under ground. At the 300-foot level the men felt a slight jar, but paid small attention to it. Fortunately the drifts had just been connected, so that no injury was done to any below the ground. The shock was felt on the surface a distance of twenty miles. Many boarding-houses, restaurants, and other buildings were more or less shattered. Eleven men were instantly killed and upward of fifty injured, some of them fatally.

**FROM** appearances last week, Manager McVicker has found a gold mine in Gilbert's "Engaged," which drew crowded houses, even with the mercury away up toward the boiling point. Anyhow, Chicago may expect a run of this place as long as she wants it, as "A Bird in the Hand," etc. The company was engaged with special reference to this play, and is an excellent one.

**DAVID GARBINE**, a prominent street broker at Delaware, Ind., committed suicide the other day, by hanging. Samuel N. Booker, aged 33, committed suicide at Washington, Ind., by hanging. Too much hard work, Austin E. Bush, aged 45, salesman for J. J. Bailey & Co., Philadelphia, hung himself at Greenfield, Ohio, over a house assistant's wife.

### THE SOUTH.

**CONSIDERABLE** excitement has been produced at Memphis by a fatal case of yellow fever, the victim being Frank Mulbrandon, an Irishman, aged 47, a shoemaker by trade. A post-mortem examination held by six of the leading physicians of the city, including Dr. R. W. Mitchell, late Medical Director of the Howard Association, at present a member of the National Board of Health, and Dr. G. B. Thornton, President of the City Board of Health, revealed the fact that the patient had died of yellow fever. All the physicians declare it a sporadic case.

**FOUR** or five cases of a pestilential fever, and pronounced by physicians genuine yellow fever, were reported to the Memphis Board of Health on the 10th inst. The public announcement of the existence of these cases of the deadly disease created a wild panic among the populace, and a perfect stampede of citizens began at once, the trains being unable to carry away hundreds who desired to

leave. An official order was issued by the Board of Health advising the people to remove their families away from the city until it could be ascertained whether the fever would assume an epidemic form. This official recognition of the existence of the pestilence in the city had the effect of heightening the excitement and hastening the departure of everybody that was ready to leave. The news spread along the river, north and south, and St. Louis, Vicksburg, New Orleans, and other cities at once took the alarm, and the authorities proceeded to establish a quarantine against Memphis.

**THERE** were four hangings in the South, on Friday, the 11th of July, namely: Antonio Garcia, a Mexican, at San Antonio, Texas, for the murder of Augustin Amallo, Sept. 7, 1878; John Davis (colored) at Smithville, N. C., for the murder of Henry McDuffie (colored), December last; and two negroes—John Williams and Winter Payne—at Warrenton, Va.

By the explosion of a boiler in the box-factory of Adams & Setzer, at Baltimore, in Low street, demolishing the boiler-house, August Setzer, one of the proprietors, and Henry Ulrich, engineer, were killed, and a number of workmen seriously injured.

**MEMPHIS** dispatches of the 14th report no new cases of yellow fever in the city, and the excitement subsiding. Physicians are of the opinion that there will be no epidemic there this summer.

**WILLIAM J. LEWIS**, a prominent St. Louis merchant and banker, and largely interested in the Big Muddy coal mines of Southern Illinois, was overcome by the heat at Carondelet, six miles below St. Louis, a few days ago, and died in twenty minutes. Mr. Lewis belonged to the firm of Bartholow, Lewis & Co., bankers; was President of the Commercial Bank, and was one of the most active and influential business men of the city. Edward Meneses shot and killed his nephew, J. McIntosh, eight miles from Nashville, Tenn. In the affray Meneses was severely if not fatally wounded in the left breast.

### GENERAL.

**SIX HUNDRED** Mormons arrived at New York from Europe in one day last week.

**LATE** advice from Pembina state that Sitting Bull has declared his independence of British authority, set the Canadian soldiers at defiance, and sent out runners to gather his clans for a raid into the United States.

**INFORMATION** has recently been received by the Treasury Department at Washington, which shows that the entire coast of Alaska, including the islands, and embracing 2,600 miles of sea frontage, is a vast reservoir of fish. This report to the Treasury discloses the existence of a new store of wealth for American industry. This information is contained in a report from Special Agent of the Treasury Morris, who spent two years in investigating the resources of Alaska. From this report it is apparent that as fine cod-fishery banks as exist anywhere in the world lie along the coast of Alaska, from the peninsula of Unalak, through Norton's and Kotzebue's sounds into Behring straits, and that the fish in quality and size are equal to those caught off the banks of Newfoundland. Capt. White, of the United States revenue marine service, who was on the Alaska waters last year, reports that he sounded along the shores of Alaska for 700 miles, and found the entire length a codfish bank, with plenty of halibut.

### WASHINGTON.

The Postoffice Department decides that packages of tobacco bearing an internal-revenue stamp can go through the mails as fourth-class matter.

An Associated Press telegram from Washington says: "A circular has been prepared by the Attorney General, setting forth that the Judicial Appropriation act for the present fiscal year itemizes all court expenditures. The different items are quoted, and directions given to Marshals to make their requisitions in accordance therewith. The circular cautions these officers against applying money received for one grade of service to that of another grade. Judging from information received at the Department of Justice up to date, the United States Marshals intend to proceed with the duties of their offices, and undoubtedly anticipate reimbursement by Congress."

A **STATEMENT** has been issued by the War Department giving the number of men furnished the Union army by each State and Territory and the District of Columbia, from April 15, 1861, to the close of the war of the rebellion. It shows that the total number of volunteers was 2,078,907, distributed as follows:

Maine	72,114	Missouri	199,111
New Hampshire	36,620	Kentucky	79,685
Vermont	35,762	Kansas	70,151
Massachusetts	123,041	Tennessee	31,092
Rhode Island	32,699	Arkansas	8,289
Connecticut	97,371	North Carolina	3,186
New York	497,947	California	15,725
New Jersey	81,010	Nevada	1,080
Pennsylvania	556,108	Oregon	1,810
Delaware	13,670	Washington Ter.	964
Maryland	30,310	Nebbraska Ter.	3,193
West Virginia	38,098	Colorado Ter.	3,193
Dist. of Columbia	16,873	Dakota Ter.	6,961
Ohio	339,650	New Mexico Ter.	4,507
Indiana	197,147	Alabama	2,576
Illinois	259,747	Florida	2,190
Michigan	89,739	Louisiana	8,224
Wisconsin	96,424	Mississippi	515
Minnesota	25,098	Texas	1,465
Iowa	76,349	Indian Nation	3,508

The troops furnished by the Southern States were, with the exception of those of Louisiana, nearly all white. Florida furnished one regiment of cavalry, Alabama one white regiment, Mississippi one battalion, and North Carolina two regiments of cavalry.

An Associated Press telegram from Washington says: "A memorandum of the financial operations of the Government has been issued from the treasury, showing that the reduction in the interest-bearing debt from the highest point, Aug. 31, 1865, to July 31, 1878, amounted to \$583,886,564, and the reduction in the annual interest charge, when the present funding operations are completed (Aug. 1, 1879), will be \$67,208,919. The total debt has been reduced \$729,324,315, and the reduction since March 1, 1877, is \$61,553,886. The bonds refunded under the acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871, amounted to \$1,390,022,000, on which the annual interest charge was \$81,073,947. In place of these bonds there will be issued when the present refunding operations are completed, which will not be later than Aug. 1, 1879, bonds on which the annual interest charge will be \$61,705,880, making an annual saving hereafter in interest charge, on account of the refunding operations, of \$19,007,601, of which amount \$14,207,172 arises from transactions since March 1, 1877. Bonds have been sold for redemption purposes since March 1, 1877, the interest on which represents the annual cost of coin reserve, as follows:

Type of loan	Rate	Amount (in p. c.)	Amount (in p. c.)
Funded loan of 1891	4 1/2	\$55,000,000	\$2,475,000
Funded loan of 1907	4	25,000,000	1,000,000
Total		\$80,000,000	\$3,475,000

Making a net annual saving in interest through the refunding and redemption operations since March 1, 1877, of \$10,372,177. In addition to the above bonds, there were issued in 1878, to replace the coin used in payment of the Hall's award, 4 per cent bonds of 197, amounting to \$5,501,000.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE

**RAUM** has sent a circular to all Collectors of Internal Revenue in the "moon-shine" districts, informing them that, although the usual appropriation for the fees of United States Marshals has not been made by Congress, his office will not relax the efforts to suppress fraud by the seizure of illicit distilleries, and the prosecution of offenders. He directs Collectors to relax, as much as possible, the Marshal from the embarrassments of his situation, and informs them that he proposes to give the necessary force to execute the laws.

### POLITICAL.

The Wisconsin Greenback State Convention was held at Watertown on the 15th of July. Col. R. May, of Vernon county, was nominated for Governor; Col. W. L. Uley, of Racine, for Lieutenant Governor; George W. Lee, of Grant, for Secretary of State; P. F. Griffith, of Oshkosh, for State Treasurer; George B. Goodwin for Attorney General, and Mr. Seale for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The platform of the resolutions adopted by the convention is as follows: They denounce the money despotism that has grown up in this country; demand the payment of the bonds in greenbacks; convict labor to be abolished; the rate of interest on money should not exceed the rate of profit; denounce all efforts of both parties to make a solid South or a solid North; denounce the coinage of gold and silver dollars; the issue of greenbacks may be limited to the demand of trade; demand the abolition of the national banking system; denounce all fusion or coalition with either of the old parties, and invite all honest men to join them; a man may deduct his indebtedness above his credit when listing his property for assessment; the public lands must be kept for actual settlers, and no more grants to corporations. The Greenbackers of Pennsylvania also held their State Convention on the 15th. A full ticket for State officers was nominated, headed by Peter Sutton, a wealthy farmer of Indiana county, for State Treasurer.

### FOREIGN.

The St. Petersburg **Golos** estimates that the cost to Russia of the war with Turkey amounted to £150,000,000, and that the deaths in the Russian army numbered 200,000. The remains of the French Prince Imperial arrived at London on the 10th of July. A Paris dispatch denies the reported sinking of a steamer, with great loss of life, on the river Donau. A Rome dispatch says the contributions of Peter's Pence for the first half of the present year increased £28,000 compared with the corresponding period of 1878.

The Prince of Bulgaria has been sworn in at Timova, the ancient capital of the country. His first act was to dissolve the constitutional assembly, the place of which will be taken in due time by a regular legislative body. John Joseph Mechi, a noted scientific agriculturist, writes to the London Times as follows: "Another week of flooding storms and low temperature has put a finishing stroke to the agricultural disaster. It is now too late for the crops to recover. They are considerably injured, even on well-farmed and drained lands, while on ill-farmed and undrained lands the matter is simply ruinous. The wheat will suffer less than the spring crops. Weeding is hopeless, and unless we get the promised hot dry weather many grass and clover crops, and even peas, will rot ungathered." From St. Petersburg it is reported that liberty of worship has been granted the dissenters from the orthodox or state church. The dispatches say this enfranchisement affects 12,000,000 people, but convey no information as to any enlargement of the religious privileges of Catholic and other denominations.

A **BELGRADE** dispatch says the Austro-Hungarian troops are concentrating near Novi-Bazar. It is said that the Albanians are organizing for resistance. Unless the Turks cooperate with the Austrians the consequences will be serious. Traders between Servia and Bosnia have been plundered and killed. A torpedo-boat attached to Admiral Lazareff's fleet at Cronstadt, Russia, was blown up while at practice. Five men were killed and fourteen wounded, some fatally.

The French Prince Imperial was buried at Chislehurst, England, on the 12th inst. The funeral ceremonies were of an unusually solemn and imposing character. A new Italian ministry has been formed, under the presidency of Signor Cairoli, who takes for himself the portfolio of foreign affairs.

**GERMANY** is about to increase her military establishment because France and Russia have enlarged theirs. A dispatch from Alexandria reports that the Egyptian steamer Samanoot has been lost at sea. She was returning from Mauritius. Twenty-three natives and two Europeans perished. A dispatch from Constantinople represents that the Circassians are terrorizing the district of Adabazar, on the east coast of the Sea of Marmora, by murdering and plundering.

The **Mark Lane Express**, in its last review of the British grain crops, says: "In consequence of the continuance of rain, wheat made little if any progress. The ears have scarcely begun to appear. The bulk of the hay remains uncut, or, in cases where it has been cut, has been left lying to rot. In Scotland, crops are fully three weeks behind hand. The pastures are mostly well covered. Potatoes are looking fairly well. On the whole, the agricultural prospects there, though far from promising, are less gloomy than in England." De Lesseps, in a recent speech at Rouen, France, declared that the friendship between France and the United States would facilitate the construction of the Darien canal. He believed the canal would be completed in five or six years.

### How to Swim.

The editor of the London **Truth**, after observing that probably not one in twenty of the persons who indulge in boating on a holiday can swim, proceeds to tell his readers how to acquire this accomplishment. "Nothing," he says, "is more easy. When the air is out of a body its owner sinks; when the air is in the body its owner floats. Let any one slowly draw in his breath as he draws back his legs and push forward his arms, retain it while he is preparing for the stroke which is to propel him, and slowly allow it to go through his lips as his arms are passed back from before his head to his sides and his legs are stretched out. The action of the stroke should not be quite horizontal, but should be made on a slight incline downward. The real reason why people take weeks to learn how to swim is because week-swimming professors either do not know, or do not choose to teach, the philosophy of breathing so as to render the body buoyant. I would engage to make any one a tolerable swimmer in an hour, unless he be a congenital idiot."

This is the season of the year when the good little boy refuses to go in bathing with his companions, because his mother forbade him, stays on the bank to mind their clothes, and scoots for home after tying knots in the sleeves of their trousers.—Puck.

### PERSONALS.

**SENATOR McDONALD**, of Indiana, is 60.

**LONGFELLOW's** hair and beard are silver white.

**PORT LEO** is in better health than for years past.

**JOSH BILLINGS** is suffering from ill health this summer.

**SENATOR WILLIAMS**, of Kentucky, has just passed his 59th year.

**DEAN STANLEY** speaks of Aaron Burr as the "Satan of American history."

**SENATORS DAVIS**, of Illinois, and Anthony, of Rhode Island, are the same age, 64.

The British army officers are subscribing funds for a memorial to Prince Napoleon.

**EX-SENATOR STEWART** will return to Washington and inhabit Stewart Castle, that cost \$300,000.

**DR. MARY WALKER** not only dresses in male attire and carries a cane, but she enjoys a good smoke.

**SENATOR W. H. BLAIR**, newly elected from New Hampshire, looks very much like Senator Don Cameron.

**SENATORS KERNAN**, of New York, Eaton, of Connecticut, and Dawes, of Massachusetts, are each 63 years old.

**GEORGE C. PERKINS**, the Republican candidate for Governor of California, ran away to sea when he was 13 years old.

**MR. HENRY BESSEMER**, inventor of the well-known process for making steel which bears his name, has been knighted by Queen Victoria.

**GEN. G. W. C. LEE**, upon whom the mantle of his father, Gen. Robert E. Lee, a President of Washington and Lee University, fell, has sent in his resignation as President of the University.

**WHEN** Mrs. E. Heath, of Sherman, Maine, was born the horse took fire; at the time of her marriage the house again took fire, and last Sunday, at the birth of her first son, the house again took fire.

**MATTHEW** and **JOHN GUY VASSAR**, following in the footsteps of their illustrious predecessor, propose to erect a home for old men on the grounds now occupied by the Vassar mansion in Poughkeepsie.

**WHEN** Gov. Foote was going to fight his duel with Prentice, the latter, who had a slight lisp, said to a boy up a tree near the field of honor: "Look out, bub; the Governor shoots wild, and he may hit thee."

**EX-GOV. TILDEN's** summer home at Yonkers is known as "Greystone." The grounds cover thirty-three acres, including lawn, meadow and forest. The mansion and grounds, which are leased by Mr. Tilden, cost \$400,000.

It was curious, as showing the newness of Western life, that at the recent dinner given by the Boston Commercial Club to the Commercial Club of Chicago, Robert T. Lincoln, son of the late President, was the only native-born citizen of Illinois present, and he was a graduate of Harvard.

**ALBERT WEBER**, the well-known piano manufacturer, is dead, at the age of 50, another victim of overwork. He was a native of Bavaria, came to America at the age of 16, with no capital except his musical talents, became voluntary apprentice to a piano manufacturer in order to learn the trade, and gradually built up a most successful business, amassing a fortune of half a million.

**FIFTY** years ago William Lloyd Garrison wrote a letter to a friend, asking a loan of \$5, to pay a fine imposed on him for not "training." He says that he is announced to speak on the "Fourth," and that his "knees knock together at the thought of facing so large a concourse," and he adds: "I expect to get a journeyman's berth immediately after the Fourth; but, if I do not, I shall take the stage to Newburyport, and dig on the cove." He was a type-setter then.

**WILLIAM TWINING**, of South Rutland, N. Y., writes to the *Evening Post* that he was a classmate with William Oullen Bryant in Williams College. He was obliged to leave college on account of ill-health, but singular as it may appear he is now 90 years of age and without a white hair or bald spot on his head. Young men who are inclined to despair because their health is not good should feel encouraged by the long life of Mr. Twining.

### A Newspaper for All the World.

The newspaper of the future is at hand, and it comes—out of the Vatican. For some time there have been rumors abroad that the papal power was about to avail itself specially of the modern instrumentality of the press, and on a grand scale, viz: A great paper, to be published in all the known tongues of the world. The thing has now taken definite shape enough to create great commotion. Among the composers men will be needed who can set type in Russian, Danish, Arabian, Japanese, Irish, etc., as well as in the easy French, English, German, Italian, and Spanish. The title fixed on for the new journal is to be the *World*—its function to publish the voice of truth to all the earth. As the machinery for such a paper is all at hand in the Propaganda, the organization is simple enough and need not take much time.

With the Roman love, however, for visible display, there is to be an immense amount of material construction. The new paper is to have a special establishment—a "palace" having a ground-floor area of 18,050 square meters. The first floor is to be assigned to the composition rooms, the second to the editorial. The printing presses will

be built into the ground in an interior court. The cost of the building is estimated at \$400,000. The design of the palace embraces a fine church for the use of the institution. Cardinals Newman, Hergenrother and others are mentioned as writers for the new journal.—Rome letter.

### BOILED MONKEY FOR DINNER.

Some of the Delicacies of the Brazilian Cuisine.

A member of the Philadelphia company which is now engaged in railroad building on the Amazon river has returned, and relates some incidents of life in that region. He says that, when not engaged as railroad labor, the principal business of the population is hunting up the delicacies of the season in the way of food. The company furnish the solids, such as flour and salt beef, but fruit being a luxury which demands higher prices than are charged in Philadelphia, the epicures have been compelled to venture on the live stock that the forest provides. Tiring of bread and beef as a steady diet, one of the laborers, urged on by a stomach strongly appealing for a change, made a bold break one day from the regular bill of fare and announced that he was going to have boiled monkey as the choice dish of his menu just once anyhow. An accurate shot brought a plump young "monk" tumbling to the ground, and sent a score or two more chattering and squealing into the depth of the forest. Quickly skinned and cleaned, the dispute arose as to how long the game should be cooked, which question was finally settled by an agreement to put the monkey into the pot and let him boil away until it was decided by test that he was done. The first test was made after an hour's steady boiling. The cook picked the animal out with a long, two-pronged fork, and after more than one attempt sliced off a piece from the upper part of the leg. Chopping it into pieces, he handed one to the nearest diner. Placing it between his teeth, he chewed and chewed and chewed in vain, and then brought it forth from his mouth, and, holding it for a moment in his hand, cast it on the ground with the single remark: "Gum boots." The monkey returned to the boiler at once, where he remained for another sixty minutes, and the second tasting brought him out tender and juicy—that is, tender and juicy for a monkey—and, by dint of active mastication and a lively imagination, he passed as a delicate side-dish. Several more attempts and a little more practice and experience in monkey cuisine developed the fact that, with the meat chopped fine and stewed with a flour thickening, a palatable Brazilian-Irish stew could be manufactured out of the ingredients at hand. Flushed with this first success in the experimental culinary line, parrots were next tried, and, after repeated attempts at roasting, boiling and stewing, were found to be edible, although somewhat strong in flavor. With monkey, parrot, the company's provender and plenty of large fish, which are caught by spearing or shooting barbed arrows with cord attached, the settlers are enabled to exist in comparative comfort, working and eating being about the only amusements they have.

The heir to the Italian throne was playing with the daughter of one of his mother's ladies of honor, the Marchioness of Montreno, when, in a moment of royal wrath, he exclaimed: "If I were a King, I would have your head cut off." The King condemned the youth to eight days' confinement in his room, with degradation from his military rank for the same period, docking his rations, also, of one dish at each meal.

The once powerful tribe of Seminole Indians have dwindled away to about 400 persons, located in South Florida.

### THE MARKETS.

#### NEW YORK.

BEVER	58 00	@ 10 00
CORN	4 30	@ 4 50
COTTON	25 00	@ 2 35
FLOUR—Superfine	8 75	@ 4 10
WHEAT—No. 2	95	@ 1 20
CORN—Western Mixed	42	@ 45 1/2
OATS—Mixed	38 1/2	@ 40 1/2
RYE—Western	63	@ 61
POK—Mess.	9 50	@ 10 10
LARD	6	@ 5 1/2

#### CHICAGO.

BEVER	4 00	@ 5 20
CORN	2 50	@ 2 35
COTTON	25 00	@ 2 35
FLOUR—Superfine	8 75	@ 4 10
WHEAT—No. 2	95	@ 1 20
CORN—Western Mixed	42	@ 45 1/2
OATS—Mixed	38 1/2	@ 40 1/2
RYE—Western	63	@ 61
POK—Mess.	9 50	@ 10 10
LARD	6	@ 5 1/2

#### MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1	1 05	@ 1 07
CORN—No. 2	38	@ 37
OATS—No. 2	31	@ 32
RYE—No. 1	65	@ 64
BARLEY—No. 2	66	@ 67

#### ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall	94	@ 95
CORN—Mixed	44	@ 45 1/2
OATS—No. 2	40	@ 41
RYE—No. 1	65	@ 64
POK—Mess.	9 50	@ 10 10
LARD	6	@ 5 1/2

#### CINCINNATI.

WHEAT	95	@ 1 05
CORN	38	@ 39
OATS	34	@ 35
RYE	65	@ 66
POK—Mess.	10 25	@ 10 50
LARD	6	@ 5 1/2

#### TOLEDO.

WHEAT—Amber Michigan	1 05	@ 1 07
CORN—No. 2	38	@ 39
OATS—No. 2	31	@ 32
RYE—No. 1	65	@ 64
BARLEY—No. 2	66	@ 67

#### DETROIT.

WHEAT—Chote	5 25	@ 5 35
CORN—No. 1 White	1 11	@ 1 12
WHEAT—No. 1 Amber	1 10	@ 1 11
CORN—No. 2	38	@ 39
OATS—Mixed	35	@ 36
BARLEY (per cental)	90	@ 1 00
POK—Mess.	10 25	@ 10 50

#### EAST LIBERTY, PA.

CATTLE—Best
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## SABBATH READING.

### Come, Ye Disconsolate.

Come, ye disconsolate, wherever you languish,  
Come, at the shrine of God for ever kneeling;  
Here bring your wounded hearts, here tell your anguish—  
Earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot heal.

Joy of the desolate, light of the straying,  
Hope, when all others die, fadeless and pure,  
Here make the Comforter, in God's name saying,  
"Earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot cure."

Go, ask the infidel what boon he brings us—  
What charm for aching hearts he can reveal,  
Sweet as that heavenly promise hope sings us—  
"Earth has no sorrow that God cannot heal."  
TOM MOORE.

### The Truth:

A SERMON BY REV. DAVID SWING, OF CHICAGO.

One of the most beautiful and impressive of all the chapters in the books of John Ruskin is that one on the "Lamp of Truth" in architecture. All the generalities and the details of a structure must possess truth. The foundation must be in harmony with the superstructure, the ornaments in harmony with the meaning of the building; there must be no contradiction of material or form. But all that Ruskin reminds us of in architecture is affirmed of life, for the human soul is built up into a palace by the lamp of truth. A pretentious Court House in our State fell down while the workmen were putting on the finishing ornaments. The decorations were handsome, but there was a falsehood in a column down in the cellar—there was a lie in the bricks. But these buildings crumble to illustrate our spiritual world for us, and teach us that a drunkard, or a gambler, or a defaulter is a spiritual temple with a lie in the foundations. What in the material world is called a ruin? A crushed bridge at Ashtabula is called "hell" in theology; they point alike to the destiny of that fabric or that soul which omits the element of truth.

You perhaps remember that, in the Apocrypha of the older Bibles, four orators contended before the King, each to show what was the most powerful thing in the world. The first orator declared the King to be the supreme influence; the second argued for the capabilities of wine; the third found woman to be the most powerful entity on earth, but the fourth orator bore away the prize by finding that truth ruled all things, from the humblest insect up to the Infinite God. Indeed, woman and the King had power only so far as they were children of the truth.

Our poets have all said these things for us, but more powerfully than the poets have all the old nations handed in their testimony; for in whatever manner these nations have perished, their truths have rebloomed over their dust. As after a most violent storm has raged for days we see to reappear again the sun and the placid stars, no tumult having reached their far-away azure, so after the storms which made a desert of the valley of the Nile and which overthrew the classic empires, all the great truths of those states came marching forth out of the dust cloud to join themselves with the civilization of the future. The mental power of Egypt and Greece, their achievements in art, their truthful sentiments in literature and morals, the true principles of Roman law, the divine parts of their religion—all these came on to us like the doves of Noah bearing olive leaves after the flood. The Greeks and Romans fell victims of errors, but there was no error in their verse, none in their columns and arches, none in their courage, none in their marble forms; the early church sank laden with mistakes and follies, but there was nothing perishable in its charity, its prayers, its faith and hope, and hence, out of the flames which consumed all these old times, there has flowed down toward us a stream of most pure gold. It matters little how a nation dies, whether by one vice or by many, the God of nations goes to it in its last hour and hands over to immortality its truthful principles. Just as when a poet like Robert Burns dies by command of intemperance, or as when a Byron passes away injured by many sins, their valuable and beautiful verses are detached at last from the marred or ruined soul, and live in their own intrinsic purity; so nations, though they may have died intoxicated, or amid carousal of crime and sin, are unable to involve their truths in their personal calamity; but from all their burning homes and palaces forms above life are seen carrying away all the household gods that embody a virtue to decorate with them the temples and homes of the subsequent eras.

It being true that the human soul ascends according to the quantity and quality of its truth, and sinks according to the quality and quantity of its falsehoods, it must also be true that man, when unable to find the absolute truth, must attach himself to the nearest possible approach to a verity. If to know the whole truth were a perfect bliss, then to know in part and see in part were a second condition of happiness. And this is the best rational defense of him who espouses the tenets of religion. Unable to learn the absolute facts from either the priest at the altar or from the atheist with his denial, man is justified, indeed made rational and happy, by asking the generations to tell him how near they ever came to finding the presence of a God and the confines of a second life. In this comparison of ideas atheism falls below its counter thought and competitive companion, for if nature, not to say God, loves and blesses a truth, and opposes a falsehood, then it would seem that religion, as held by man, must come very near being a verity, for nature has blessed it in all the long history of man. It is not alleged that the highest doctrines of natural re-

ligion took any part in the overthrow of Babylon, or Athens, or Palmyra; it is not avowed by any that Caesar and Pompey were ruined by their faith in God, and by their conformity of life to such an ideal; it will not be affirmed that a studious following of Christ has ever brought sorrow to a nation or to an age; and hence we feel justified in affirming that, if error be destructive, then religion has not, in the long experience of man, brought sorrow enough to secure for it a place among falsehoods, but, on the opposite, it has so blessed man that it well merits the diadem of a truth. When nations have expressed a false principle in politics, the error has hastened to reveal itself. In one or two generations the false idea has been found by the havoc it has wrought. The leaf has turned yellow to disclose the worm at its root; but over religion, over Christianity, century after century has passed, and all nations will declare that the more they held of its principles the happier they were, and that upon its branches no yellow leaf has appeared. If false ideas bring injury, it would seem that Christianity must be true.

There are some words whose sweetness or bitterness we can learn only in the experience of mankind. If you ask me whether twice two makes four, I shall answer you without consulting the human race, but if you ask me the worth of "liberty," or "education," or "music," or "home," then you must permit me to go outside of intuition and summon witnesses. It will be necessary for me to wander about for a few thousands of years and in many lands. I must call upon Kings, and patriots, and peasants, and slaves. I must sit down amid the thinkers and hear them; the home-circle and see their life; and at last I shall return to you and declare liberty, and education, and art, and home to be sublime suns in the outspread heaven of man. Having seen these ideas, I declare them to have none of the qualities of a falsehood. So with the word Christianity. It cannot be weighed in the positive scales. One cannot say over it twice two is four, and apply that demonstrative or intuitive method, but we can go out in the wide world and examine it in action, and so doing we can return confessing that religion acts very much as though it were one of the holy principles of nature—a law of man and God. It contains the features of that kind of truth which sets men free and makes them free indeed. The deeds of a lie are utterly absent from its history.

You who are groping along in this world in great religious perplexity, wondering what is true and what false, remember this, that all moral ideas are easily veiled in doubt. A few years ago Henry D. Thoreau and Mr. Alcott and a group of lofty minds became in doubt as to the merit of civilization and became enamored of the thickets and hills and solitude. Over the mind of Rousseau and Chateaubriand a similar cloud was passing at the same time in France. Thus came doubt and hid for an hour so mighty a good as all the civilization of all time. It destroyed all the arts, it silenced music, it laughed at industry, it resolved life into a camp of bushes and a diet of roots and berries. Thus moral notions lie open to grave doubt, and among them every affirmation of religion. A retreat into atheism, into the wild bushes and wild berries, is always possible; but against this temptation place the whole career of mankind, and you will easily conclude that the religion of humanity contains the outlines of a truth. As the Thoreaus, and the Alcotts, and the Emersons were called back from their tents and vales by the mighty voice of the world they had abandoned, as the roar of all the combined thoughts and achievements of the past and the present came to them all day and all night, telling them that civilization was not a blunder, but a truth, so the heart bewildered in religion may become reassured if it will turn from the small to the great, and will ask the human soul everywhere to sum up for it the values of a faith in God. To you thus gazing, religion will come in the similitude of a fact, not a truth of which you cannot doubt, but as an idea standing near by the most absolute verity. It is indeed possible to question the authority of Christ, but to question the authority of atheism, that god of night and oblivion, is more possible and easy still; for it has never acted like a truth, carrying men to grandeur on proud wings. And hence the soul, filled with the solemn mystery of life and death, would better say, "I should prefer to fasten the scandal of a Jesus rather than receive from atheism a crown; would rather touch the hem of the garments of Christ than be myself arrayed in the richest drapery of unbelief."

### What Things May Come in Dreams.

The man who wants to "sleep upon" a project before deciding may be wiser than he knows, for in that sleep his mind, unknown to him, may traverse the ground again, unhampered by his will, uninfluenced by his prejudices, and give him a clearer and better judgment. Who has not awakened to see light where all seemed dark the night before? Causeur remembers an instance in his own experience, back in his high-school days. Good Mr. Sherwin had given the class a tough problem, which involved both geometry and algebra in its solution. Causeur took it home, and worked and worried over it all the evening. He made diagrams without end, and wrote down equations without number, but the equation which was to give in known terms the value of the unknown x he could not evolve from them. Time and again a

fresh start was made, but with no better result—there was still a link missing. Tired and disheartened he went to bed, and was soon fast asleep. In the early hours of the morning, when it was barely light, he awoke, and the first thing of which he was conscious was that he had solved the problem—it was as clear as day. Rising at once, he sought a pencil, but finding none, used a half-burned match, and with this, on the marble of the mantel, noted down two short equations. Then he returned to bed and slept. Later in the morning he worked out the equations, and carried the result in triumph to the school house on Bedford street.—*Boston Transcript.*

### POPULAR SCIENCE.

IN Breslau a successful attempt has been made to erect a paper chimney about fifty feet high. By a chemical preparation the paper was rendered impervious to the action of fire or water.

PROF. NICHOLS, of Boston, found eight grains of arsenic to each square foot of a green dress submitted to his examination! Here is the fact of poisons freely used. Is there no remedy?

A FRENCH engineer has contrived an apparatus in which, by a system of mirrors, the rays of the sun are so utilized as to create heat enough to generate steam for motive power, thus doing away with the necessity of fuel.

A FRENCH chemist has lately discovered a salt which may be mixed with starch so that ladies' dresses, laces, etc., may be rendered incombustible. A dress may be injured by coming in contact with flame, but it will never take fire.

SCHERLING, a German philosopher, has been experimenting as to the amount of carbonic acid exhaled from the lungs. A man 30 years old, in repose, exhaled twelve grammes per hour; in active exercise twenty-four grammes per hour. A tippler threw out but seven grammes in repose and eleven in exercise. The drunkard's carbon is retained and burns up the vital organs.

SOME barren land near the city of Dantzic was irrigated by sewage from the city. The potato crop grown upon this land averaged sixteen and one-half tons to the acre. This result led the experimenter to contract with the municipal authorities of Breslau, a city of about 250,000 inhabitants, to remove its sewage during twelve years, and with it he intends to irrigate for his own profit about 3,000 acres of land.

A VERY careful examination by Dr. Speck, of the changes produced in the respiratory process by the use of fatty food, of coffee, quinine, alcohol and water, and by the inspiration of air respectively rich in carbonic acid, poor in oxygen and rich in oxygen, has led him to the following conclusions: With an increased proportion of hydrogen in diet, the amount of air inspired and expired decreases, and nutriments, such as sugar, which contain little hydrogen in comparison with their oxygen, involve more exertion of the respiratory organs than such as are rich in hydrogen, like the fats; the more carbon predominates in the food, in proportion to hydrogen, the more carbonic acid is evolved, and the more oxygen is taken up, while the richer the diet in hydrogen the less oxygen is required. An atmosphere containing 5 or 6 per cent. of carbonic acid could be breathed for some minutes without oppression; at 11.51 per cent. great exertion was needed to breathe for one minute; at 7.2 all the carbonic acid produced in the body is retained in the blood.

### Can This Be Our Senator?

A Forum reporter was detailed to interview Hon. John Jones. He proceeded at once to his residence, and running up the marble steps, rang the bell. A lady appeared at the summons of the servant, whom the reporter supposed to be Mrs. Jones, the wife of the distinguished gentleman. Bowing and removing his hat, the reporter said:

"Is Mr. Jones at home?"  
"No," was the response.  
"He is not in the house, then?"  
"No, sir."  
"Ah! In that case he must be out?"  
"He is."  
"Hm! When will he be in?"  
"I don't know."  
"Ah-h! No objections to publishing this interview in the *Daily Forum*, I suppose?"

"Not at all."  
"Thank you," and the reporter bowed and left. He returned again, however, about 11 o'clock at night, in hopes of finding the gentleman at home. At any rate, a man raised the upper window when the bell rang, and asked who was there. The reporter explained his business, and asked if it was the Hon. Mr. Jones who spoke. The man said it was, and if the reporter didn't leave he'd throw a pitcher of water out. The reporter hoisted his umbrella, and asked what Mr. Jones had to say on the subject of international finance and commercial reciprocity. Jones threw the water, but the umbrella would have protected the reporter had not Jones thoughtlessly dropped the pitcher. That ended the umbrella and interview, and nearly smashed the reporter, but he feels sweet revenge in the fact that Mr. Jones' water-pitcher is no more. It struck his cheek.

CHARLES FOSTER, Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio, is an active gleaner of sequins. In Fostoria, which takes its name from him, he is a banker, a dealer in general merchandise, in grain, and in hardware, and a partner in a spoke factory and barrel factory. He fosters all these different interests.

## MICHIGAN ITEMS.

PRESIDENT McELROP, of Adrian College, has resigned.

A STATE temperance camp-meeting is to be held at Belle Isle, Aug. 13-15.

THE Eighteenth Michigan Infantry will hold its annual reunion at Dundee Aug. 26.

DR. JOHN KOST, of Adrian College, has been chosen President of the Kansas Agricultural College.

THE Frankfort blast-furnace has been purchased by the Detroit Stove Works, and will be started up.

GEORGE H. JEROME has resigned as Superintendent of State Fisheries, and Rev. J. G. Portman has been appointed to the position.

THE third annual meeting of the Michigan State Teachers' Institute was held at Lansing last week. The attendance was very large.

THE salt product of Michigan for June was 226,199 barrels, being the largest ever known in the history of salt manufacture in the State.

MISS JEANNETTE FISHER, who has been for twelve years, and since its commencement, Principal of the Mount Holyoke Female Seminary at Kalamazoo, has resigned.

ONE of the features of the coming fair of the Western Michigan Agricultural and Industrial Society will be a large exhibition of paintings, engravings, etc., in Art Hall, of which C. L. Whitney, Esq., is to be Superintendent.

HAWKINS TAYLOR, of Washington, D. C., bid in the contract for doing certain mail-carrying in Macomb county for \$75 per annum, and he now wants to sub-let it at \$70. As the contract calls for 1,556 miles of stage-driving, he doesn't find any sub-contractors.

MRS. BERGEY, the Bowne woman who shot herself and children, was insane, but the cause of her mental disorder is not known. The reports are to the effect that her shooting resulted in the death of two of her children, and that a third may die. Her own death was almost instantaneous.

ASA B. HADSELL, who settled in Pontiac, in 1818, while driving, one evening last week, fell back into the wagon dead. An inquest attributed his death to apoplexy. The passing mail train, which narrowly escaped colliding with him, doubtless produced the shock to his system. He was in his 84th year.

A VERY clever march was stolen on the Canadians by a Detroit military company. The latter were invited to Chatham, but the Dominion Government forbade their entering Canadian territory with guns in their hands. They went to Chatham, left their guns on the boat, and marched ashore without arms. Then a squad of Chathamers went on board, took the guns ashore, and placed them in the hands of the soldiers.

J. H. COGGSWELL, Supervisor of Greenwood, became insane a few days ago, burned up his house, including a quantity of money and papers worth about \$4,000, and tried to kill his wife. When the house and its contents were burning, he went inside and was burned to death. Mr. Coggsowell was a respected citizen, and executor of a large estate. It is thought that worrying about the settlement of his trust caused his insanity.

RAILROADS paid specific taxes into the treasury June 30, as follows:

Chicago and Michigan Lake Shore, tax due in 1878, \$10,760.44  
Chicago and Northwestern, due July, 15,824.73  
Grand Rapids and Indiana, due July, 3,380.27  
Michigan Air-Line, due July, 1879, 2,242.34  
Kalamazoo and South Haven, due July, 1,062.59  
Jackson Lansing and Saginaw, due July, 14,738.63

FIRE was discovered in the engine room of Oliver, Belknap & Green's planing mill and sash and door factory, in Greenville, a few days ago, and in less than five minutes the entire establishment was in a blaze. The fire communicated to a quantity of lumber, part owned by the firm, part by ex-Mayor Daniel C. Moore, and part by Towle, Douglas & Co. The losses are estimated as follows: Oliver, Belknap & Green, \$15,000 to \$20,000; Daniel C. Moore, \$1,000 to \$2,000; Towle, Douglas & Co., \$300 to \$500. The Detroit, Lansing and Northern railroad will also lose from \$300 to \$500 in damage to cars on track.

TWO DAUGHTERS of Deputy Warden Hinkley, of the Jackson State Prison, were drowned a few days ago. The family and friends, to the number of fourteen, had gone on a picnic excursion to Michigan Centre, four miles distant, and while bathing, in company with their brother, and in full view of their parents, the two young ladies—Corra, aged 16, and Carrie, aged 19—went beyond their depth, sank and were drowned in about twelve feet of water. Their father and brother both came near drowning in their frantic efforts to save the unfortunate young ladies, but were rescued by the timely arrival of John M. O'Hern, who, hearing the outcry, came to their assistance. The bodies were subsequently recovered.

THE following circular has just been issued, addressed to the different Red Ribbon Clubs of Michigan:

LANSING, Mich., June 27, 1879.

The second annual convention of the Reform Clubs of Michigan will be held at Lansing, Wednesday and Thursday, Aug. 6 and 7.

You are earnestly invited to be represented at this convention by at least three or more delegates.

Not a club organization in the State should fail to be represented at this convention.

Something must be done to further the cause of temperance, and how can we better do this than by meeting together and discussing the question in all its phases?

Ample provision will be made for all delegates.

Please reply to this circular and state the number of delegates your club will send.

ROBERT E. FRAZER,  
President of the First Annual State Convention.  
R. B. DEVINEX, Secretary.

SAGINAW News: Monday morning Williams Brothers exploded a sixteen-pound torpedo in their new salt well. About ten minutes after the explosion, Camp & Stillman's well, on the other side of the river, nearly half a mile from Williams, filled up with brine, giving a larger flow than has been known before at that well. This continued for ten or fifteen minutes, when it dropped back to the usual point, when they began to get black brine, probably caused from the smoke and gas from the torpedo. They continued to pump this inky brine for two hours, when it came clear again.

MICHIGAN INSURANCE.

The annual report of the Michigan Commissioner of Insurance, which is just published, contains the following facts:

SIX mutual companies were organized during the past year. The record of the companies now authorized stands as follows:

Michigan stock companies	2
Michigan mutual companies	48
Companies of other States	108
Canadian companies	3
Companies of foreign Governments	14
Total	175

Since the last date twelve companies have been admitted and six withdrawn from the State. At the close of the year 1878 the whole number of mutual fire insurance companies organized within this State was forty-seven, having a membership of 63,593. The risks in force Dec. 31, 1878, were \$112,662,690. The amount of losses paid by the mutual companies during 1878 was.....\$139,997.78 Salaries and fees.....41,705.40 Other expenditures.....28,690.48

Total expenditures.....\$210,393.66  
The reported claims for losses unpaid Dec. 31 amounted to \$47,404.23; all other claims, \$43,126.28, total liabilities, \$90,530.51. These companies report cash on hand.....\$25,230.41 Assessments outstanding.....71,441.22 Other resources.....27,699.45

Total resources at close of 1878.....\$124,340.08  
The following shows the grand aggregate of Michigan business in 1878:

RISKS WRITTEN.

Fire	\$108,711,500.98
Inland	12,627,285.00
Total	\$121,338,785.98

PREMIUMS RECEIVED.

Fire	\$1,674,890.48
Inland	55,687.31
Total	\$1,730,577.79

LOSSES PAID.

Fire	\$890,892.40
Inland	31,105.01
Total	\$921,997.41

LOSSES INCURRED.

Fire	\$907,933.02
Inland	24,629.43
Total	\$932,562.45

Forty-six companies, organized for mutual fire insurance within the State, were doing business at the close of the year. Of these, seven report no losses during the year; thirty-nine report 405 claims for loss or damage allowed during the year, paying to the assured \$126,639.49. Fifty of the fires reported were supposed to be incendiary, and cost the companies \$24,431.43. Ninety are attributed to defective chimneys or unsafe stoves, and the amount awarded to policy-holders was \$37,157.31. The claims for loss or damage by lightning were 102, and the amount paid was \$178,718.35. Eight fires were caused from burning rubbish, and cost the sum of \$1,340.20. The losses from kerosene lanterns or lamps were thirteen, and the sum paid therefor was \$5,733.83. Eight losses were caused by careless use of matches, for which the sum paid was \$4,091.64. Unknown or from various other causes were 134 losses, for which the insured were allowed \$35,166.74. Besides the above, six of the companies reported losses that occurred in 1877, and which should have appeared in the statistics of that year. Said losses were nineteen in number, and the claims therefor were allowed at \$3,400.24.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The aggregate number of new policies issued in this State during the year ending Dec. 31, 1878, was 2,634, representing insurance to the amount of \$4,251,704.

The sum received by the companies as (nominal) premiums, during the year, was \$193,217.33.

The amount of losses and claims actually paid to Michigan policy-holders, during 1878, was \$472,847.37.

The amount of losses actually incurred during the year (representing claims paid or to be paid) was \$448,212.94.

The companies represented in this State, during the year 1878, received from their entire business an income amounting to \$77,485,009.91, from the following sources, viz.:

Premiums.....\$55,083,017.05  
Int. rest.....21,108,890.19  
Other sources.....29,193,092.67

Total.....\$105,385,009.91

The disbursements for the same period were for

Losses and claims.....\$27,642,886.37  
Dividends and other disbursements to policy-holders.....30,895,134.44  
Dividends to stockholders.....828,322.34  
Management expenses.....10,859,988.69

Total disbursements.....\$69,426,331.84

The amount of the receipts from tax collected and paid into the State treasury for the year ending May 1, 1879, was \$70,058.92 (from fire companies, \$50,818.27, from life companies, \$19,770.65).

Yellow-Fever Poison.

Dr. Schmidt, of the New Orleans Charity Hospital, has had numerous opportunities for investigating the nature of the yellow-fever poison. He takes a decided stand against the germ theory, claiming it to be a disease depending—like small-pox, scarlet fever and measles—upon a specific poison of animal origin, a product of the diseased human organism itself. The fact that in the case of putrefaction the poison increases in intensity with each individual through whom it passes explains the fatality of the disease, which increases as the epidemic advances. The prevention of the disease involves the interesting question of quarantine, and the perfect isolation of the first cases would appear to be the most important sanitary measure.

A Programme.

Some forty years ago the programme of one of the concerts of the Norwich Musical Festival contained the following list of pieces and of singers—it can hardly be considered overloaded as regards punctuation: "Comfort ye Mr. Hobbs. But who may abide Mr. Balfie. Behold a virgin Mr. Young. Behold darkness shall cover Mr. Phillips. Rejoice greatly Miss Birch. He shall feed Miss Hawes. Come unto me Madame Stockhausen."



SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1879.

## LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.

Lippincott's Magazine for August is a capital summer number. It opens with a paper, the first of two, on "Catskill Region," which will be likely to swell the stream of travel in the direction of that beautiful mountain country, the article evincing a perfect knowledge and keen appreciation of its peculiar beauties, while the illustrations are of first-rate excellence. Dr. Oswald continues his admirable "Summerland Sketches," which are also finely illustrated. A paper entitled "Guignol" describes the marionettes of the Champs Elysees, and other public gardens of Paris, with curious details and engravings. The "Reminiscences of Bayard Taylor," by Prof. Boyesen, give a vivid characterization of Taylor's manners and conversation, and a painfully interesting account of his last illness. Edward King writes of the two famous journalists recently deceased, Etienne and Villermessant. Miss Porter concludes her graphic sketches of village life in the South, and an anonymous writer contributes a powerful and suggestive article on "Women's Mistakes about Work."

The fiction is unusually full and entertaining. The author of "Molly Bawn" has a dainty love-story, entitled "That Last Rehearsal." Jennie Woodville gives one of her striking sketches of negro life and manners; "A Narragansett Idyl" is amusing; "Through Winding Ways" is continued, and "Women's Husbands" is brought to a conclusion. The "Gossip" is bright and varied, and among its reviews are some good notices of recent art publications.

For sale by all Book and News Dealers. Terms: Yearly Subscription, \$4 00. Single Number, 35 Cents.

Specimen Number mailed, postage paid, to any address, on receipt of 20 cents. J. B. Lippincott & Co., Publishers, 715 and 717 Market St., Philadelphia.

## Red Ribbon Reform Club.

A meeting of the Reform Club will be held on Tuesday, July 23, 1879, at 8 o'clock in the evening, to take action upon the following:

LANSING, Mich., June 27, 1879. President of the Reform Club:—The second annual State Convention of the Reform Clubs of Michigan will be held at Lansing, Wednesday and Thursday, Aug. 6th and 7th. You are earnestly invited to be represented at this Convention by at least three or more delegates.

The meeting will be held in the law office of Mr. A. Visscher, and all those interested in the cause, are requested to attend.

HOLLAND, June 16, 1879.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Presd.

I. BANGS, Sec'y.

## LADY BEAUTIFIERS.

Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France, or beautifiers of the world, while in poor health, and nothing will give you such good health, strength and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof. See another column.

"The Baby's Best Friend" is Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, since it maintains the baby's health by keeping it free from Colic, Diarrhea, etc. Price 25 cents.

## Additional Local.

You seldom get the chance to buy such fine juicy, rich steaks, or roasts as to-day, at the meat market of

J. KUIITE.

The finest kind of white shirts ever brought to this town are now for sale at E. J. Harrington. The bosoms and cuffs are 4-ply, and the body of the finest fabric, at 75 cents.

Call and see the finest fresh meat on the block to-day, at the meat market of

J. KUIITE.

## New Advertisements.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions (whereby the power of sale therein has become operative) of a certain mortgage, executed by George M. Wiley, on the third day of April, A. D. 1878, to Mary E. Soule and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County and State of Michigan, on the sixth day of April, A. D. 1878, for the sum of \$1,000, now of that day, in Liber No. 5 of Mortgages, on page 281, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred and five dollars (\$450.00) principal and interest, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to collect said sum due thereon, or any part thereof; Now therefore, by virtue of the power of sale as aforesaid, notice is hereby given that on **Tuesday the seventh day of October, next, (1879)** at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, (the place of holding the Circuit Court) in the city of Grand Haven in said county of Ottawa, said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises therein and hereinafter described, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy and pay the amount due on said mortgage, with interest and cost of advertisement and sale, together with an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, provided for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure. Said mortgage premises are described in said mortgage and will be sold as follows, to-wit: the west-half of the east-half of the south-east quarter of section thirty-two (32) town seven (7) north, of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of Ottawa and State of Michigan, together with the appurtenances thereto belonging.

Dated GRAND HAVEN, July 3rd, A. D. 1879.  
MARY E. SOULE, Mortgagee.  
SIMEON L. TATE, Attorney for Mortgagee. 22-13w

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on or about the 12th day of July, 1878, a sorrel horse, aged about 12 years, and whose weight is about 1,100 pounds, strayed from the premises of the undersigned. Anyone who can give any information about the same, or who will return the same to the Brick Yard near the Village of Zeeland, can collect his expenses by calling at

VEENEKLAASEN &amp; SONS.

HOLLAND, July 16, 1879.

22 4w

## Wanted.

A HOLLAND Saw Mill man. Also, a Holland brickmaker to go to my Holland settlement in North Carolina.  
Answer in either Holland or English language.  
C. W. McLEAN,  
181 Dearborn street,  
Chicago, Illinois.

## FURNITURE.

The best and cheapest place to buy  
**FURNITURE**  
in the city of Holland, is at the BRICK STORE on

RIVER STREET,  
where can be found the largest and most complete stock of all kinds of FURNITURE.

**CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,  
MATTING, WALL PAPER,  
CURTAINS, WILLOW-WARE, PICTURES,  
Moulding, Brackets, &c.**

I have the most complete line of Undertaking materials from the cheapest coffin to the celebrated metal self-sealing casket, on hand.

Call and see my goods. No trouble to show goods.

W. WAKKER.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 1st, 1879. 21-3m

A. L. HOLMES. W. F. HARRIS.  
**A. L. Holmes & Co.**

Manufacturers of and dealers in

**BOOTS & SHOES,  
Slippers, Etc. Etc.**

at No. 74 Washington street,  
Grand Haven, - - Mich.

Having but recently formed our co-partnership, we wish to inform our fellow-citizens of Grand Haven and surrounding towns that we have a fine stock of Ready Made Goods of all descriptions, which we offer for sale cheap. However,

**Custom Made Goods**  
will remain our Specialty.

Quality of work guaranteed, and repairing done on short notice.

A. L. HOLMES & CO.  
GRAND HAVEN, Mich., March 1st, 1879. 45-1f

Another Step Forward!!

AT THE

**Hardware Store**

OF

**WM. C. MELIS,**

can now be purchased

**THE HOMESTEAD**

**SUPERPHOSPHATE**

OR BONE BLACK

**FERTILIZER.**

ALSO THE

**Champion Drill**

Which will now sow grain and the fertilizer at the same time. This cheap method of fertilizing has but recently been introduced in this locality, as is giving very good satisfaction.

Call and see the Patent Hay Forks, and numberless other articles, useful and necessary.

**Wanted-Bones! Bones!**

by the pound or wagon load, for which the highest market price will be paid.

20-1y WM. C. MELIS.

**NEW FIRM!**

**New Stock! New Store!**

**Boot & Kramer.**

We respectfully invite the attention of our citizens to the stock of goods which we have opened one door east of S. Van der Veer's hardware store, and the prices for which we offer them.

**Teas, Coffees, sugars, Spices,  
Laundry and Toilet,  
Soaps, etc., etc.**

Our 40 cent Tea is called A No. 1 for the price by expert judges. Fine Candies, Tobaccoes and Cigars, Toys, Notions, Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets in great variety.

**ALL CHEAP FOR CASH.**

Give us a trial and you will be pleased with goods and prices.

**No trouble to Show Goods.**

BOOT &amp; KRAMER.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 21, 1879.

## FOR BARGAINS

GO TO THE

## CHEAP CASH STORE

OF

## E. J. HARRINGTON,

500 pieces of fast colored prints at 6c. A big reduction in all Dress Goods for the balance of the season. All wool suiting 25c, formerly 35c. Brocaded Dress Goods 15c, formerly 25c. Dexter Suitings 8c, formerly 12c.

In Parasols we offer the best value in \$2.00 and \$2.50 Silk Serge in the city. Linen Tablecloths in all grades and prices from 25c to 90c per yard. Sheetting Bleached and Unbleached in endless variety. Ladies' Hosiery from 5c up to 65c per pair. I have also 60 pairs Ladies' Serge Shoes to be closed out at \$1.00 per pair. 40 pairs Misses' Button Kid Shoes to be sold at \$1.00, and the finest \$2.50 Men's Calf Boot in the city.

I am selling Ready made Clothing cheaper than any House on the east shore. Men's Cotton

Eighth Street,

Holland, Michigan.

## RADICAL CURE OF LEUCORRHEA OF WHITES

THE  
**VAGINAL PASTILLE**

P. of Harris, after many years of study aided by chemical research and experiment, together with experience gained in the treatment of a large number of cases under his care, has at last succeeded in compounding an **INFALLIBLE REMEDY** for the source so common among

**WOMEN  
AND  
MAIDENS**  
CALLED  
**LEUCORRHEA,  
OR WHITES**

This disease, so prevalent among females, is but little understood by physicians. It drains upon the system to such an extent, and debilitates, that our American women are rapidly becoming a "race of invalids," incapable of producing healthy offspring, or enjoying life's pleasures. Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastilles, a new departure in medicine. A thoroughly common sense treatment. Applied directly to the seat of the disease, and its specific influence exerted at once, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect. The application of this remedy is attended with no pain or unpleasantness, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits and pleasures of life. Circulars are sent in reply to plain envelopes, securely sealed from observation, and remedy put up in neat plain boxes of three sizes, with full directions inside. No. 1, (enough to last a month), \$5; No. 2, (enough to last two months), \$8; No. 3, (enough to last three months), \$10. Circulars are sent in reply to plain envelopes, securely sealed from observation, and remedy put up in neat plain boxes of three sizes, with full directions inside. No. 1, (enough to last a month), \$5; No. 2, (enough to last two months), \$8; No. 3, (enough to last three months), \$10. With each box we send a Female Syringe and some Tonic Pills, as auxiliaries to the remedy.

(Of Remedy, and illustrated by plates showing its application. This pamphlet alone is worth a hundred times its cost to any lady in delicate health, being a thoroughly practical treatise on this disease.)

Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastilles can be obtained only from **HARRIS REMEDY CO., MFG. CHEMISTS.** Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

## PROVERBS.

"For fits, sinking spells, dizziness, palpitation and low spirits, rely on Hop Bitters."

"Read of, procure and use Hop Bitters, and you will find it a strong, healthy and happy."

"Ladies, do you want to be strong, healthy and beautiful? Then use Hop Bitters."

"The greatest appetizer, stomachic, blood and liver regulator, Hop Bitters!"

"Clergymen, Lawyers, Editors, Bankers and Ladies need Hop Bitters daily."

"Hop Bitters has restored to sobriety and health, perfect wrecks from intemperance."

For sale by J. O.

## PROVERBS.

"\$300 will be paid for a case that Hop Bitters will not cure or help."

"Hop Bitters builds up, strengthens and cures catarrhs from the first dose."

"Fair skin, rosy cheeks and the sweetest breath in Hop Bitters."

"Kidneys and Urinary complaints of all kinds permanently cured by Hop Bitters."

"Sour stomach, sick headache and dizziness, Hop Bitters cures with a few doses."

"Take Hop Bitters three times a day and you will have no doctor bills to pay."

DOESBURG.

## MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of **DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure (without medicine) of Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.**

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent free under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address.

Address the Publishers. 19-1y  
**The CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,**  
41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box 4586.

\$1,500 TO \$6,000 a year, or \$5 to \$20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cts. to \$2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs you nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free. Samples worth \$5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address **GEORGE STINSON & CO.** Portland, Maine. 19-1y

## TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address,  
E. A. WILSON, 191 Penn St.,  
Williamsburgh, N. Y.

1-26w

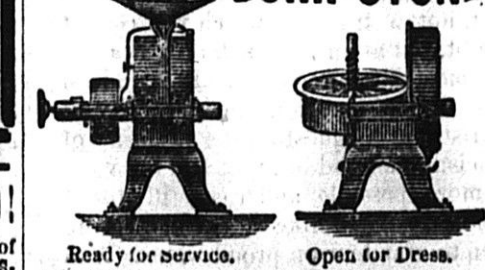
## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, (whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative), executed by Johan Frederick Hummel, of Holland City, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Jan Knol, of the same place, bearing date the twentieth day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, on the twenty-fifth day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, in Liber number 11 of mortgages, on page 31, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty-two cents, and no suit or proceeding at law, or in equity, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, (the said power of sale having become operative by reason of the default of said Johan Frederick Hummel in not paying the interest due on said mortgage, and the said Jan Knol having elected to consider the whole amount of said principal and interest of said mortgage to be due and payable, immediately, after the lapse of thirty days after said default, provided for in said mortgage, said thirty days having elapsed prior to said election and to the date of this notice), Notice is, therefore, hereby given that on **Monday, the eighth day of September A. D. 1879,** at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Ottawa County Circuit Court House, in the city of Grand Haven, in said county of Ottawa, (said court house being the building in which the circuit court for the county of Ottawa is held,) by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public auction (or vendue) of the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, for principal and interest, and legal costs, together with an attorney's fee of twenty-five dollars covenanted for therein; that is to say, the following piece, or parcels of land together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, situated in the City of Holland, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, and particularly described as: Lot numbered three, and that part of lot numbered two which is bounded on the north, south, and west sides by the north, south and west lines of said lot and is bounded on the east side by a line running parallel with the west line thereof, and ten feet east from it. All in Block F of the West Addition to the city of Holland, according to the record map thereof.

Dated, May 31st, A. D. 1879.

J. C. POST, Attorney for Mortgagee. 17-13w

## RICHARDS' Improved Portable BURR STONE



Ready for Service. Open for Dress.

## GRIST and FEED MILLS

WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST

**FARMERS AND STOCK MEN**

Save 50 per cent, by grinding feed.

**A SMALL CUSTOM MILL IN EVERY VILLAGE AND TOWN.**

WHAT THEY SAY OF THEM.

Cedar Falls, Iowa, March, 1877.

\$30 clean profit daily with our 20 inch mill. Only 4-horse power. J. W. STOWE.

City Grain Elevator, Dayton, O., Dec. 14, '80. Your 20-inch mill "beats" our 4 foot stone on either wheat, meal or feed. J. DURST, Prop.

Danville, R. R. Elev. Chicago, Jan. 25, 1877. We average a ton of meal per hour on our 24-inch stone. Has run four years. Very satisfactory. EDWARDS & CO.

Champaign, Ill., March 6th, 1878. 60 bushels per hour on a 30-inch mill, an "Old Miller" talks. F. B. SACKETT, Miller for T. Doty & Co.

J. C. RICHARDS, & CO., Chicago, Ill.

REBUILDERS OF  
Grain Elevators, Steam Engines, Corn Shellers, &c. 20-1y

**SENT FREE** and postpaid—The BUCKLEY IMPROVED \$10 to \$3 CASH per week to all, at home or traveling. Enclosing new. Address, The Buckley Co., Chicago.

## NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GO TO

**P. & A. Steketee**

On Monday Morning next, And see the finest opening of Spring and Summer Goods; among them the finest line of Shawls ever brought to this city.

A beautiful assortment of table-cloths, table-linen, toweling, etc.

Cashmere in all the principal Colors.

A complete line of New Dress Goods, Black Silks a full line of Alpaccas, endless variety of calicoes, gingham, jaconets, lawns, etc.

Hosiery from the cheapest sock to finest Loyal thread stockings.

A complete assortment of bed ticking, sheeting, quilting calicoes, live geese feathers, etc., etc.

A full line of Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Ladies Gaiters, Ladies Boots, etc., etc.

A fresh stock of Groceries, including our Celebrated 40 cent Tea.

**SALT BY THE POUND OR BARREL.**

**GARDEN SEEDS**

all kinds—also Reid's Flower Seeds.

Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Candies, Etc

Call for anything you don't see.

P. & A. STEKETEE.

HOLLAND, April 26, 1879.

## Mortgage Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Ira A. Livingston and Thomas Knowles of Ottawa County, Michigan, of the first part, to James Charles, late of Kent County, Michigan, now deceased, of the second part, bearing date the sixteenth day of July, A. D. 1876, and recorded for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the twenty-fifth day of February, A. D. 1874, at eight o'clock in the forenoon, and there recorded in Liber number 3 of mortgages on page 28. That Oliver O. Hubbard, formerly Oliver O. Charles, and widow of said James Charles, deceased, is now the holder and owner of said mortgage, it having been turned over to her by the Judge of Probate of Kent County, Michigan, under the provisions of chapter 156 of the Compiled Laws of the State of Michigan of 1871, said James Charles leaving no children, and the residue of his personal estate including said mortgage, not exceeding the sum of one thousand dollars, as appears by the records, files and inventories relating to said estate in the office of the said Judge of Probate. That on said mortgage and the note accompanying the same there is claimed to be due for principal and interest, at this date, the sum of two hundred and fifty-nine dollars and seventy-two cents, and also the sum of fifty dollars, the attorney fee provided for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure. That no suit or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted for the recovery of said debt or any portion thereof. That by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute in such case made and provided said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land described therein to satisfy said mortgage debt, and interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent, per annum, and said attorney fee and costs of sale, at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder on **Tuesday, the Twenty-ninth day of July, A. D. 1879,** at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Circuit Court house in the City of Grand Haven, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County. Said premises are described in said mortgage as all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Ottawa County and State of Michigan and described as the south-west quarter of the northeast quarter of section six (6), town seven (7) north, of range fourteen (14) west, containing forty (40) acres, be the same more or less. Also all that portion of the north part of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter as may be contained within the limits described as follows: commencing at the northwest corner of the south east quarter of the northeast quarter of said section six (6), thence east along the north line of said southeast quarter of northeast quarter to the Grand Haven or River road; thence southeasterly along the center line of said road the twelve (12) rods; thence west parallel with the north line of said southeast quarter of northeast quarter of northeast quarter; thence north along said west line to the place of beginning, being two acres more or less, according to the United States survey—together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in any wise appertaining or thereupon situated. Dated, April 24th, A. D. 1879.

holder and owner of said mortgage.  
CLARK H. GLEASON,  
Attorney for owner of Mortgage. 12-13w

## A RARE CHANCE.

A GROCERY business for sale. Doing a good business, in a country town. Inquire at this office, for further information. 17-1f



## Findings.

REV. Dr. Phelps has arrived home.

Who has found the sorrel horse of Mr. Veeneklaasen?—See advertisement.

WORK was commenced on the foundation for the new schoolhouse on Tuesday morning.

EARLY on Wednesday morning Alderman Herbert Cropley was presented with two daughters.

TORNADOES and hurricanes are so numerous at Red Cloud, Neb., and of such a violent character, that Dr. S. L. Morris is contemplating a return to Michigan.

E. Van der Veen & Co's stove factory is running right along, and the shipments are regular. This factory is a greater blessing to this community than many people are aware of.

WE have just received the largest and finest stock of cardboard, fine papers, letter heads, statements, and envelopes ever brought to this city. Now is the time to order your job work and get lower rates than ever.

AN entertainment will be given in the lecture room of the Methodist Church this (Saturday) evening, under the management of the Church choir. An admission fee of ten cents will be charged, which includes a dish of ice cream. The public are cordially invited.

THAT fine team of bays which Mr. Ed. J. Harrington, Jr. has been driving through town recently, were sold to Mr. R. C. Luce, of Grand Rapids, who bought them for a family driving team. Mr. Harrington went to Illinois on Wednesday evening last for another lot of fresh horses.

WE are pleased to learn that the business at the Butter Tub Factory has steadily increased, and that the factory is unable to fill all the orders it receives. We hope Mr. Purdy will continue to prosper, and enlarge the factory to an adequate capacity, so that it may become one of the principal institutions of the city.

AT a regular session of the Common Council on Tuesday evening last, it was resolved to order out the Fire Department for inspection and the trial of fire-wells, the day to be appointed hereafter. The Clerk was ordered to notify all officers of the city to make out a list of all city property in their possession and make out a complete list of city property therefrom. Besides the above very little of general interest transpired.

ON Tuesday last Mr. Harry Shepard, steward of the steamer Alpena, was accidentally drowned at Muskegon. Mr. Shepard was 19 years of age, and was aboard for the fourth season. His home was at Manitowoc, where his parents reside, and where his body was taken. The accident occurred in the following manner: The weather being very hot, he and some friends went in bathing; he not being able to swim, took one of the steamer's life preservers, which he would grab after coming up from a dive; the fourth time he dove down he did not come up and was found drowned on the spot a few minutes later.

THE grain elevators in course of construction for Messrs. Walsh and Beach Brothers are nearly completed. These gentlemen have spent a large amount of money to erect suitable buildings to receive the many thousands of bushels of grain which our local mills do not need, and deserve a great deal of credit for the enterprise displayed. They have made driveways at a great expense to a proper elevation to dump the grain into receptacles, from where it can be loaded into the cars ready for shipment. Their combined capacity will be sufficient to handle all the grain the farmers may bring in any one day. We wish them success, and hope that the grain trade may increase to such a magnitude that their investment may prove remunerative.

WE had the pleasure to meet Mr. H. J. W. Campman, assistant postmaster, and superintendent of 1st Ref. Church Sabbath school of Grand Haven, on Thursday last, who was in town on business connected with an excursion and basket picnic, for the benefit of their Sunday school library, from Grand Haven to Kalamazoo, on Friday, July 25th, 1879. The train will pass through this city at 8 o'clock in the morning, and tickets for the trip can be bought at the Grand Haven depot for \$1.45. The fare for boys and girls under 14 years will be 80 cents from North Holland, Holland and Fillmore. The excursion train will arrive at Kalamazoo, (the largest village in the United States) at 10:30, and leave Kalamazoo at 5 p. m., thus giving the excursionists almost 7 hours to visit different points of interest. This will undoubtedly be one of the pleasantest excursions of the season, and the beautiful village of Kalamazoo with its many parks and attractions will draw hundreds from here to join and add their mite for this noble purpose.

MASTER J. M. Doesburg has arrived home from a trip to Detroit, Mich.

OUR city attorney, Jas. Ten Eyck, and family, arrived home yesterday from Illinois.

MR. E. G. D. Holden, has been elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Michigan.

THE village of Evart, Mich., had its first circus a few days ago, and the mills stopped and the schools closed.

REV. D. Van Pelt, left on Wednesday last for the East. He expects to be back during the latter part of August.

THE Sabbath school of the Episcopal church of this city will indulge in a boat ride and picnic on Thursday next, 24th inst.

FRANCIS Murphy is said to have lost in San Francisco by mining speculation more than he made by his temperance revival work in that city.

THE call from the Church of Spring Valley, Rockland County, N. Y., upon the Rev. C. E. Crispell, D. D., was approved, and arrangements were made for his installation on Tuesday, September 9th.

MEMPHIS advises of Thursday Inform us that five new cases of yellow fever have appeared and that the "scare" is renewed. The Chicago papers speak of frightful mortality among the children of that city, from cholera infantum.

RICHARD Kanter, better known to the travelling community as "Dummy Dick," who has been noticed in and around the City Hotel for years, died on Monday night last, at the age of 46 years, after a lingering illness of several months.

A BERLIN dispatch says the cholera has made its appearance in Smolensk, Russia. The terrible epidemic, diphtheria, continues its ravages in Bessarabia, where a rescript of the Governor is published, ordering universal fumigation of dwellings and clothing of the peasantry.

MONDAY and Tuesday were the hottest days of the season, so far, the thermometer going up to 94° in the shade; but this is cool compared to Detroit, Chicago, or New York. In Detroit it was 108, in Chicago 98 to 100; and in New York it was 102 in the shade on Wednesday last. Many cases of sunstroke are reported in those cities. Here we have not heard of any yet.

THERE is a report that one of the leading Liverpool lines is about reducing its emigrant fare to \$15. The matter is to come before the next meeting of the North Atlantic Steamship association. The Cunard line tried this experiment some years ago. It is said that many thousand unemployed English farm laborers and miners would come out here if the rates of transportation were cheaper than at present.

THE Grand Rapids Democrat of yesterday says: "Mr. Isaac Cappon, of the firm of Cappon, Bertsch & Co., is proud over the appearance of a pair of twins, both being of the feminine gender." If the Democrat means that Mayor Cappon is happy over the receipt of a pair of twins, he is mistaken. It was a member of the Council and one who is employed by the above mentioned firm—alderman H. Cropley—who is the happy father. Perhaps, though, the Democrat means it as a joke. Explain?

OUR attention was called recently to the fact that if our citizens would take the trouble to inform their friends of the beautiful opportunities to obtain cheap fruit lands it could become the means of considerable augmentation of the business in general and of our population. It is a fact that there are an abundance of lands in this immediate vicinity, which have hitherto been regarded as very poor, and consequently remained unoccupied, which are in reality the best fruit lands in this state, and which can be bought for a small price. If any of your friends make inquiries, refer them to Messrs. M. D. Howard, H. D. Post, W. H. Parks, or E. J. Harrington. Inform your friends who live at a distance and send them a copy of this paper.

THIS lying and croaking by some of our sailors about our harbor ought to be stopped. For years some of them have taken an interested delight in misrepresenting the depth and capacity of our harbor. Recently this has occurred again, and if you were to splice the two tallest together on top of each other, to take soundings with, they would both get drowned. We have a clean channel of twelve feet of water, and this can be proven any day to skeptics. The city is that navigation is so slack that we hardly need any. Twelve feet of water will admit almost any vessel or steamer on the lakes—there being only a few that load deeper, and whenever they do, they will get stuck in Chicago creek as well as in Holland harbor. A steamboat line is what we want. That would help this city more than all the railroads, and would kill off this croaking at the same time.

THE foundation for the new public hall is nearly completed.

E. Van der Veen's block is receiving some finishing touches which improve it greatly.

THE latest dispatches indicate that the price of wheat is coming down, although European markets are stiff.

AMONG the cablegrams we find that "in consequence of the depression in Lancashire large numbers of operatives are emigrating to America."

LIST of letters remaining in the Post office at Holland, Mich., July 17th, 1879: Robert Kante, J. M. Eaton.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

REV. J. A. Barnes, of Spring Lake, Mich., will preach at the M. E. Church in this city, July 20th (to-morrow) both morning and evening. He and Rev. Mr. Coplin having changed pulpits for the Sabbath.

THE French and American engineers seem to have canals on the brain; one is proposed in New Jersey 11,000 feet long to connect Newark and New York Bays, and another in Florida of 100 miles long, to cut off the Florida keys.

ON Wednesday last the first new wheat was brought to the City Mills by Mr. P. Kuyers, of Groningen. Mr. Becker of the City Mills, pronounces it a very fine specimen. All reports agree that our wheat crop is excellent, especially in quality.

IN the civil suit of the Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment I. O. O. F. vs. R. H. Morrison et al., the report of the referee was vacated and referred back, in the case of the Grand Lodge, while in the case of the Encampment motion for a similar order was denied.

THE Rev. Mr. Nicholson and Gen. Guieu were upset while sailing on Cayuga Lake, N. Y., Gen. Guieu's little daughter Addie, standing on the beach, saw the accident, jumped in a skiff, pulled out where the gentlemen were struggling in the water, and rescued them.

A MEETING of the Fire Department, for the purpose of testing the fire wells, will be held on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock sharp, at the Eagle Fire Engine rooms. All the firemen are invited to attend.

L. T. KANTERS, Chief Engineer.

GENL. U. S. Grant. It is very evident were he to run for a third term of office it would not please everybody. Not so with the American Cough Cure. All are its friends, possessing as it does wonderful curative virtues, sure cure for Coughs, Croup, the Best known remedy, large size bottles 50 cents. Sold by T. E. Aanis & Co., Druggists and Apothecaries, Holland, Mich.

AN eccentric gentleman in Bath, England, styles himself Father Christus; wears no hat, is dressed in a cassock and alb, declares himself to be Jesus Christ and announces his mission as the imperial one of turning the world upside down. He has plenty of money apparently, and carries with him a certain number of reserved tickets for the "Happy Land."—Wonder if his real name is not Ed. Ronayne.

It is becoming fashionable to go and camp out near the harbor for a few days. Several citizens indulged in that luxury last week, and were successful in catching all the black bass and pickerel they wanted. At present there are some parties from abroad camped out there, some of whom have been there at former seasons, and prefer Black Lake to any other inland lake. What a pity some one don't build a regular pleasure resort near the harbor. It would pay big!

THE following are the arrivals and clearances as reported at the custom house up to Thursday night:

ARRIVED.  
July 15—Schr. Wollin, Chicago, light.  
" 16— " Tri-Color, Chicago, 900 bu corn.  
" 16— " Hope, Ludington, 75 m shingles.  
" 17— " Spray, Kenosha, light.

CLEARED.  
July 15—Schr. Wollin, Racine, 50 elm lumber.  
" 15— " Tri-Color, Milwaukee, 90 m f b staves, 343 bbs headings.  
" 16— " Hope, Ludington, 1,300 lbs butter, 1,000 doz eggs, 100 lbs honey, 75 bush potatoes.  
" 17— " Spray, Milwaukee, 28 m oak lumber.

THE editor pro-tem of De Grandet don't seem to like the influence we drew from his article entitled "the first step." We repeat, however, that we cannot draw any other, and do justice to the language you penned. The very title of your article tells us we were right. "The first step" of what? Does it mean anything else than what we understood you to express; if so, then state what you did mean by the first step—and what will the second step be?—and the third? Perhaps, though, you have said more than you intended, and for that reason you stoop to call our article a false representation. We stick to our version, and some of the best Dutch scholars in this city agree with us. Furthermore we have no desire to go into the "hair-splitting" business—we leave that to others.

## Closing Out Sale

—OF—

## SUMMER GOODS

At Cost.

In order to reduce our stock and make preparation for an extensive Fall Trade, we offer the entire balance of our stock of Summer Goods at actual cost.

Summer Silks at Cost.

Granadines at Cost.

French Novelties at Cost.

All our Summer Dress Goods at Cost.

Summer Shawls at Cost.

Parasols at Cost.

Linen Suits and Dusters at Cost.

Lawn Suits at Cost.

In fact, everything in the line of Spring and Summer Goods will be offered at prime cost, as we do not intend to carry them over.

This bona fide reduction will give all those who are in want of any of the above named goods a chance to save from 15 to 25 per cent.

F. W. WURZBURG,


Corner Canal & Bronson St.

Grand Rapids, Mich.

Strictly One Price Store.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHOEA.

"SEMINAL PASTILLE"

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## LOST LOVE.

BY CARRIE V. SEAW.

He asked me to walk in the twilight,  
The stars were all shining so fair,  
And the young moon still gleamed like a crescent  
Through the boughs and softening air.  
And we walked under the boughs of the birch tree  
That the rude autumn winds had made bare.

do not remember exactly  
The way that the trouble began,  
But I know that he called me a flirt,  
And didn't like being called one;  
And I think that I called him a brute,  
Or something, before we were done.

He told me that I was deceitful,  
And I wouldn't endure that, would you?  
So I told him that Harry was better than he,  
And that black eyes were sweeter than blue;  
But, dear reader, that was a story—  
Blue eyes were the dearest, I knew.

Then he said that if I went with Harry  
Out riding next evening, that he  
Would speak to me never again, and I laughed,  
And remarked how dreadful 't would be;  
And I told him that I could live without him,  
If he thought that he could without me.

So we parted there under the birch trees  
When the stars were all shining so bright,  
When the new moon was just disappearing  
And gave but a glimmer of light.  
We parted, and I went into the house  
And cried through the rest of the night.

Oh, there's no use in talking about it;  
It was a my own willfulness, though,  
'Twas his love for me made him so jealous,  
And I—ah, well—I only know  
That I loved him better than all the world,  
Even while I was teasing him so.

And now, as I sit in the twilight,  
While the stars are all out in the sky  
And the new moon is shining so softly,  
I think of that eve long gone by;  
And those dear blue eyes seem gazing at me,  
Still waiting for my reply.

Once more we are standing together  
Under the birch trees once more,  
And his eyes are full of wonder and pain  
At the sight of my face;  
But I cannot see them,  
For the tear that I own,  
SCHELL CITY, Mo.

## MINNEWAUCAN AND ITS LEGEND.

BY WALES.

Minnewauncan, or the Devil's lake, situated in the interior of Wisconsin, and one of the most beautiful water-views east of the Rocky mountains, can hardly be surpassed in its attractive wildness even by the most far-famed of those gems of nature's handiwork anywhere. And yet, one of these places which it might be supposed would have proved most attractive to the red man, the story is that he turned from its beautiful shores with a repugnance amounting to horror, the reason assigned for this being that it was indeed the "Devil's lake," and as such the theater of every supernatural and evil influence.

The antipathy on which this conduct of the red man was based is comprised in a legend bequeathed to the present generation by some of the old men of the Winnebagoes who have long passed away.

The locality of the incidents narrated is given specifically, and points to one particular place on the shore of the lake, a spot on the east cliff, where a gigantic pine still overhangs the rocks. The lake at that point witnessed a tragedy long since which caused his Satanic majesty to at once take possession of the whole surroundings as his particular province, conjuring up therewith such weird and manifold horrors that red humanity thenceforth shunned it as a place accursed and given over to everything uncanny and horrible. But I must not anticipate.

A more lovely spot, despite its name, can hardly be imagined. A richer opalescent gem, under changing skies, and in its rough granite setting, can hardly be found on the continent. Although the lake is but three miles long by one and three-quarters wide, the water is said to be more than 500 feet in depth, and blue as the deepest blue of the fair heavens, and crystal-like in its clearness; the shifting sunlight and the reflection of the fleecy, drifting clouds cause it to assume almost every tint that can be given from the sky or shore; the winds, the purple hues of evening, the magnificent deep green pines, and the graceful swaying elms casting their shadows upon it or reflected in its waters, varying so constantly the rich pictures presented that almost every hour of the day exhibits some new and brilliant aspect to charm the beholder.

Let the reader imagine the west cliff, immediately frowning over the lake, as a vast rocky wall towering up in places into castellated shapes, here and there taking the forms also of Druidical temples, as great square masses of rock appear to have been detached and piled up crossways upon each other by some convulsion of nature, leaving apertures beneath for the light to flash through, while all along the face of this rocky rampart of more than 600 feet in altitude appear avalanches of vast boulders strawn downward toward the lake shore, some of these masses weighing hundreds of tons, and tossed about in all forms possible to mark confusion the most terrible. All this garnished with pines, hemlocks, elms, maples and other forest growths springing from the clefts of the rocks, as if to veil the wild ruin, the face of the cliff so scarred and broken.

This vast wall, more than a mile long, is depressed as it approaches the head of the valley; while, looking backward toward the south end, it seems almost a canon, which thus holds the lake, the southern end of the cliff descending so abruptly at one point as to give the rocky crest that castellated appearance to which we have already alluded.

Parallel with the west cliff almost, and a mile or thereabouts distant, is the east cliff, this second great wall descending at the upper end of the valley abruptly also, where the railway leaves it for the valley of the Baraboo; and here is located under the cliff, almost backed up against it, and in a remarkably cozy way, too, the excellent hostelry

which gives an attractive home for visitors to this wonder of nature. Immediately in the rear—as already intimated—a huge, irregular wall, made of immense, and in many cases of distinct masses of rock lying upon each other in all possible rude combinations, seems so precariously held in place that a child's hand might apparently send them thundering to the shore below; these constituting a series of clefts or caverns fringed with pines and cedars, suggestive in the shadowy depths of their rocky retreats of hiding-places in the olden time, invaluable to warrior fugitive hard pressed by implacable foes, or as fitting lairs for the bear or panther, to which the place was once a familiar haunt.

But it is on the top of this east cliff and at the south end thereof, that the work of the Titans, in tossing about vast blocks of stone and setting them up in all sorts of fantastic combinations, strikes the visitor most forcibly. Rough pillars indeed are there, with massive capitals and architecture designed in no school of Greek art, although by indefinite ages ante-dating antiquity in art in that nation and even in ancient Egypt itself. Indeed, the work here savors more of the colossal structures of Thebes, and the other cities of the Nile valley, than aught else, although piled on high, unchangeable in sunshine and storm and night, long before Thebes, or Palmyra, or even Babylon, the great, were known to history. It is hard to feel this standing here now, for we call it a "new" country. Massive work this of that Great Architect who builds for all time, for decay has hardly set any seal upon it, and, if this particular work is not known in the records of the world at large, its unpretentious solidity may more than challenge, a thousand fold more, the enduring strength and grandeur of the pyramids themselves. Standing here in contemplative mood, and glancing backward mentally over man's most-boasted architectural achievements, how do these stupendous columns, these piles of rock away from the abodes of men, and so almost unheeded, dwarf man's proudest efforts, and how poor and puny appear his most imposing monuments to perpetuate human greatness, or so-called human achievements.

Time stays; alas! we go.

Across the southern part of this valley, and shutting the lake in as on the other three sides, is a great rampart of green hills, clothed to the very top and rounded gracefully by a garniture of dense forest growth, making the lake on three sides the vast and deep crystal basin it is; while in the southeast quarter a depression between the east cliff and the southern wall just noted is a beautiful, but irregular, valley opening from the rocky basin of Devil's lake, and out of which the Northwestern railroad finds its way, a portion of this valley being devoted to the purposes of a rich vineyard and its white mansion and other appurtenances, all this completing a picture in this direction, for which, in exquisite loveliness, it is hard to find a parallel.

The lake is 600 feet above Lake Michigan, and clear in its crystal purity and mysterious in its character, like that famous California wonder, Lake Tahoe; it too has no visible source of supply or outlets, although of such great depth; and it also abounds with fish, giving anglers the rarest sport, while the means at hand for other aquatic enjoyments, in numerous boats and a small steamer, complete the summer attractions of the place.

And what a region for him to explore who has an eye to the beautiful in the great picture gallery of nature; what lovely nooks in these clustered rocks; their rough surfaces carpeted with many-colored lichens, the delicate feathery ferns, almost tropical in their forms, bowing from behind the brown and decayed logs as the soft southern breezes come up the valley to make the tiny waves musical along the rocky shore, and lazily sway the branches of the trees overhead. My companion sitting here to sketch, and myself overcome with drowsiness in the summer air, what a tempting couch is presented by this vast smooth rock placed at just the right slope; the pine leaves already gathered by the winds in the depressions of the rocks around, to form a luxurious pillow to the o'er hard surface. Our little boat, dances in its narrow berth between two great boulders at the lake's edge, and we briefly enjoy a summer day's siesta undisturbed—we sleep and dream.

Aroused once more, we glance over the towering cliffs above, to see an eagle sailing in the far blue vault away, while the sudden whirr of a pheasant's wings near by, as he dashes through the foliage, shows that we have not the solitude to ourselves alone.

Floating on the almost still waters once more, careless of position, because no swift currents or tides, as on the sea or rivers, compel labor, this boating is the very *dolce far niente* of aquatic enjoyment; and, as approaching the shallows of a small harbor in the southern portion of the lake, how fairy-like seems the crystal vale below, with its white sand, its aquatic growths, and the tiny multitudes who make this little world of waters their fitting home. Our light craft runs softly upon the smooth shore, amidst a small grove of rushes and "cat's tails"—those prizes so often coveted by us, as boys, when quite beyond our reach; and, as we lave our hands in the cool flood over the sides of the boat, and linger there almost devoid for once of a motive for exertion, how dull and dusty seems a momentary glance at the retrospect of life far away—that life that must claim us once more when our brief holiday is

over in a scene like this. Sitting quietly, we watch the glancing kingfisher, as he darts here and there in the sunshine, or seems sportively to dive for his dinner, while from shady vistas in the dim forest near by its feathered denizens watch us with furtive looks, as if not quite assured of the harmless nature of our visit. Is not life with such surroundings very near akin to rest, and in a world so full of turmoil is not rest as near happiness as man ever knows, only that in this case, as in every other, it is still shadowed by the dark possibilities of the unknown future.

But there is something more to do beside idling along the shores of the lake, if we would comprehend and enjoy all the grandeur and sublime beauty of the magnificent pictures which present so many phases on all sides. Although, as we glance upward through the soft haze of a summer's day, the very Castle of Indolence seemed outlined on the top of the west cliff, while the influences of Sleepy Hollow assert their dominance below, we must scale the rough and almost perpendicular face of the rocks, thrown together at all possible angles, if we would take in from the top some of the grandest views in the whole region around.

Almost with a sigh, then, albeit a tribute to the laziness of a midsummer's midday, I left our boat at the little landing at the foot of the cliff, to face alone the grim obstacles presented by a direct upward clamber, and was soon jumping from one vast boulder to another on the lake shore or higher up, clinging to limbs and mountain shrubs to secure a precarious foothold as I slowly made my way aloft. For hundreds of feet then, where a misstep might have been fatal, now on hands and feet, anon bracing myself between gateways in the rocks, little by little I progressed toward the summit, the dry lichens underfoot, the covering of the rocks, nearly making me pay for my venture. Slipping on one of these carpeted rocks, at length, I fell forward headlong into a savage-looking recess, and although, like a certain King of England, who upon occasion, when he stumbled and fell down two or three steps, had the "presence of mind" to throw out his hands—though, like him, I, too, tried to save myself, my scence came into violent contact with the rocky, cavernous surface—head, hands, clothing and all getting more or less damaged by the tumble. Half stunned, I slowly extricated myself from the place, breathing an ejaculation of thankfulness that, alone as I was for the time being, I was not left there insensible, to be sought for, possibly, when too late, my companion meanwhile being far away upon another part of the cliff.

Next, as an aid with an "Alpenstock" in the shape of a big stick picked up near by, I proceeded more cautiously, until finally, stepping out on a projecting plateau of rock, I stood there with a great stone column at my left, draped with some wild growth, the rock serving to steady my position, and thence what a magnificent outlook was presented in the direction of the southeastern outlet to the basin! Glancing over and beyond the "Vineyard," I could see five upon line of blue hills, apparently twenty miles off in the distance; the rocks, the lake, the bright and sunny shore in the foreground. With the lake far below and so near straight down the pathway I had struck out that it seemed as if a biscuit might have been tossed into the rippling waters beneath, the solitude seemed also complete, only a hawk sailing in circles in front of the cliff fittingly disturbing it; a solitude which seemed as absolute as it might have been a century ago, ere the footsteps of civilized man had trodden the wild heights on which I seemed intruding.

As we have endeavored to show, one of the noblest views to be had in the whole region is commanded from this portion of the west cliff, but unless the place is leisurely "flanked," ascended from the shoulder or rear of the cliff, it is no holiday task for the average tourist to essay the outlook! But I found an easier pathway in beating a retreat from the point I have described, and seeking the boat once more; it was a welcome rest to get to my accustomed seat in the trim little craft, and to find myself, moreover, indebted to oars instead of hands and feet for locomotion in searching for the grand and beautiful.

And the lake shore, although wearing an air of seclusion at most times, is not without its sights and sounds occasionally, to remind one that it is by no means quite given over to the demands and belongings of an advanced civilization, and even with the railroad at its side, is still not without its wilder incidents, to remind us of the olden time. This was made evident one bright morning during the summer just past, when the lounging denizens about the porticos of the hotel were aroused by the baying of hounds and the shouts of boys and men, awaking the echoes of the hills around, as a noble buck came dashing into the little valley from the north side, to find himself confronted by a hostile crowd near the boat landing in front of the hotel. Hemmed in by the cliff on one side and the lake on the other, with the yelling pack behind, he had no alternative but an immediate plunge into the lake, and he chose the latter. After a few splendid leaps, dashing the crystal waters in showers on all sides as he left the shallow sands for the deep water, he soon began to breast the blue rippling surges for the further side. But he was not to escape so. Seizing a coil of rope to serve as a lasso, one of the hotel visitors was soon on his feet in the bows of a swift row-boat, which, propelled with rapid strokes

after the fugitive, gained quickly on the latter. The noble antlers of the strong swimmer swayed about as he glanced backward at his foes, and at times he seemed to strive to leap from the water in his eagerness to escape. Swifter drove onward the boat along with two or three others that had joined the chase, amid the cheers of those on shore, until at last within reach, a dexterous throw of the lasso caught the poor fugitive and dragged him alongside, and we grieve to say that magnanimity to the defeated was no part of the policy of the captors, for a saddle of venison served up the next day suggested to all concerned that the red man had left behind him more than the rocks and ravines to remind his successors of his mode of living in the days long past.

I have spoken of fishing in the beautiful lake. Some of the noblest specimens of that "game fish," the pickerel, to compare in size with any are caught here. To be sure, "trolling" is not to be compared to some of my past experiences, my "dreadful enjoyment" in wading and "whipping" a mountain brook, tired and hungry, or devoured by gnats and mosquitoes, *a la Ottawa*; but, for the very Sybaritic in the luxury of fishing, commend me to "trolling," when one is pulled swiftly across the calm or slightly-rippling blue waters, waiting for that savage pull at the "spoon"—*a la "Ben"*—which pull, as in the case of a "twenty-eight pounder" lately caught here, could almost jerk one out of the stern of the boat, ending with as deftly playing the monster as could be required with a St. John's salmon ere he was safely landed in the bottom of the little yawl. Making a rush off at a tangent, then diving toward the 500 feet depths of the rocky recesses he would fain have reached, rushing here and there as the reel spun to give him more play—the whole scope of the lake so far as he chose to use it—after a while brought him to terms, until he came alongside at last so gentle and subdued that his docile deportment elicited pity even, and made his submission under defeat almost belie his ferocious looks.

But in the ardor of a devotion to wild sports and their reminiscences I had almost forgotten the wild legend from which the lake takes its name. The story is that many moons long past, and about the time the white man made his first appearance here direct from the Canadas, the beautiful valley comprising the lake and the territory adjoining was under the sway of a famous chief and warrior of the Winnebagoes, Kanna-wana or, "Spotted Panther," and as the very light of his life and the pride and delight of the tribe itself, a lovely maiden, the "Fawn," his only daughter, sported around its shores or drove her bark canoe across its sparkling waters. Lithe and fleet-footed, and timid almost as the pretty creature whence she derived her appellation, the young men of the tribe had one after another sought her favor, but in vain; until on an ill-omened day a tall young warrior of another tribe made his appearance and took up his residence with the tribe, one whose bronzed but handsome face and merry blue eyes carried her heart captive, ending in an appeal to the old chief for the hand of the maiden he had learned to love.

The legend is that, although the heart of the old warrior and chief secretly approved the choice of the daughter, yet the storm raised among the young men of the tribe caused him to hesitate, to debate between the white youth and a young chief who also had showed a devotion to the maiden, rare amongst the red men, too stoical in most cases to be ray such weakness. And so, constrained to determine in favor of one or the other, he at length hit upon a novel test of devotion to the being he himself so loved.

Where the point of the east cliff makes a sudden turn and abrupt angle toward the little valley on the south, a gigantic pine towered from the top of the cliff immediately over the lake; and at almost the highest fork or cleft of this huge tree a pair of bald eagles had built their nest, a conspicuous object in the view of the valley below.

Perhaps, then, to postpone his decision as a final matter; perhaps to rebuff both suitors; possibly in the belief and hope that the eager white man would achieve the task, the old chief declared, after solemn deliberation, that only the young warrior who was active enough and daring enough to ascend the great pine and make spoil of the eagle's nest should have the Fawn; and wild as seemed the adventure, approaching to something like madness on the part of him who might essay it, the stern determination of the old chief was not to be shaken, and the young men both prepared to attempt the forlorn task.

The white youth, whose name has not come down to us, would at this stage of the adventure have dared death in almost any form rather than have lost his hoped-for prize, or withstood the contemptuous jeers of those among whom he had sought a home, allured thereto perhaps by the wondrous charms of the Indian maiden, while his rival prepared for the trial with the stoical courage of the young warriors of his tribe, seemingly measurably reckless of the manifold perils waiting upon it.

And so the day came, the white man to make the first essay, privileged thereto by some method of casting lots, his rival to follow if he failed. Below, on the shore of the lake, large numbers of the tribe had assembled to witness the exploit, while seated on a large rock, enthroned there as it might be, the chief watched the young men start on their way to the summit of the cliff to reach the monarch of the forest

whose proud crest was to be invaded by human presence for the first time.

Near by the father stood the pretty maiden, the cause of all this preparation, and trying in vain to hide the interest she felt in their endeavors and perils from those who had imposed upon them this method of showing their unbounded love and devotion to her, yet betraying at times a perturbation all unusual in an Indian girl, as she stood uneasily with tearful eyes giving furtive glances now upward and anon upon the deep and clear waters overhung by cliff and tree.

At length the ascent began. Upward, on the inner side of the huge pine trunk, the adventurer made his way, clasping its round sides with arms and knees; upward, upward, slowly, for only a vast rough knot or protuberance gave him a resting place now and then, ere he was to reach where the mighty limbs shot out from the crest, and where the prize he sought rested, 100 feet above the dizzy starting point on the cliff below. Outward, still outward leaned the fearful bridge on which he was clambering over the blue waters, almost 1,000 feet beneath; but still upward, and apparently with strong nerves and steady eye and purpose, until at last, with foot upon a lower projection, he stretched himself out to seize the prize on which he was putting the hazard of his life. Halting in his efforts—exhausted, dazed, outdone perhaps by what dire fate—he swayed, clinging desperately for a moment as his footing failed, then swinging for an instant only underneath the huge limb, suddenly his hold was lost, his form cutting the air swiftly to the deep waters below.

The crowd surged backward as the unfortunate youth disappeared beneath the fiercely-disturbed waters; but another instant, and the heaving surges parted again as the young girl sought a grave with her lover—the tragedy only completed when, from the cliffs above, another human form suddenly cleft the air, the surviving rival and lover seeking the same grave that had closed over the other unfortunates—the young warrior having, it appeared, determined not to survive the maiden he loved so well.

The three were seen no more, as the summer ripples resumed their placidity; but the old chief turned away broken-hearted from the scene. He forsook the place, along with his followers, and then it was affirmed that the place and its surroundings was taken possession of by the evil one and his familiars; that while great serpents had possession of the east cliff, gigantic and uncouth forms of wild beasts, bears and panthers, ranged up and down the rocks of the western side of the lake.

And so it became, to the aborigine, a place accursed; the spells of evil upon it only dissolved when the white man took formal possession, and the waning race finally retired from the country around; the later leaving but the legend we have given to account for the appellation which has come to designate so wild yet so beautiful a locality as Minnewauncan.

CHICAGO, Ill.

## Five Days Without Water.

Sixteen surveyors in the employ of the Government left Trinidad, Colorado, a few weeks ago, for a tour eastward to the Indian Territory line. Major Medary commanded the party, among whom were S. M. Winchester and his chum, William Johnson, both Baltimoreans. Stretching south from the Santa Fe track and east from the town of Trinidad are sterile plains. Water on these plains is very scarce, there being a few trickling streams that are far apart and made almost unfit for use by the strong impregnation of alkali. The corps worked eastward, locating townships on the way, until the 5th inst. Then a squad of five men, commanded by Mr. Sheets, were sent from a point on Willow creek with orders to run a transit eighteen miles due north. The task having been performed the five set out at nightfall for camp. In a few hours they realized that they were lost, with nothing but thirst and boundless sterility before them. On the morning of the 6th a consultation showed that Winchester and Johnson wanted to go one way and the other three another. Sheets, with two companions, then left the Baltimore boys with the idea of striking Cariso spring. After sixty hours of constant labor, during which they suffered the torments of the cured, no water passing their lips, the three arrived at the spring. As soon as they could communicate with camp they did so, and men at once set out to find Winchester and Johnson. The search was conducted with an excitement bordering on frenzy. On Monday, the 9th inst. about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, poor Winchester was found lying on the open plain. He was still alive. A few drops of water were given him. He took them, and said in a weak voice: "Bless you, bless you, tell mother—" He died in five minutes. Near by was a rock which towered strangely above the plain. In a crevice of the rock was found a note from Winchester, dated the 7th, and telling of their aimless wandering. Six miles from the rock was found Johnson's canteen. The prairies were scoured for three days, and on the 12th inst. Johnson's body was found. All around the ground had been clawed and the brush torn in the delirium of his thirst. The Denver *Republican* says that the bodies were buried on a green hillside. The Trinidad *News* and the Denver *Tribune* state that within two months Winchester would have come into possession of \$30,000 left him in Baltimore.







## Farmers' Column.

### Bee Stings for Rheumatism.

The *Præger Wochenblatt* contains the following in regard to the cure of rheumatism by the means of bee stings. A correspondent says that his wife having suffered so much from rheumatism as to be unable to enjoy any rest or sleep for the space of six months, the right arm being almost lame, preventing the sufferer from doing any household work, making her even unable to dress or undress herself, and having heard that a farmer, quite incapacitated by rheumatism, had been accidentally stung by bees, and thereby got entirely cured, he persuaded his wife to try this remedy, as the pain from the sting of the bees would not be greater than that already suffered. Three bees were therefore laid and pressed upon the right arm for a considerable time, in order that the poison bladders of the insects should entirely empty themselves. The effect produced was astonishing, as the lady, even on the first night, was enabled to enjoy a long, good sleep, the first time for at least six months, the racking pain being entirely gone. The arm was, of course, swollen greatly in consequence of the sting, but the swelling gradually disappeared upon the application of some cooling lotion. All pain was gone, the lame arm recovered its previous vigor, and not the least sign of rheumatism has since showed itself. This statement is to be taken *cum grano salis*.

### Employment for pigs.

A New-Hampshire correspondent of *The Mirror and Farmer* tells of a fore-handed husbandman up in the northern part of Merrimack County who last year experimented with swine, and reached some conclusions "which are as positive and inflexible as the mountains around his farm." He kept nearly forty hogs, buying what grain they eat, and he says, without any ifs, that a store hog will make manure enough to pay for his keeping; that is, if a man will buy a hog and supply him with plenty of material to work on, he will in a year make \$30 worth of manure, and that at the present prices of grain, he can be kept a year for that sum.

He makes no account of the cost of feeding, or of supplying the material for the manure which is carted into the pen, leaving this to be paid for in pork, as he can well afford to do. This man says another thing; that in New-Hampshire it is entirely practicable and profitable to keep shotes mainly on grass during most of the Summer. Last Summer he kept several early pigs in hurdles, or movable pens, which we set in his field, and moved from one place to another as fast as the grass was eaten. In addition to the grass, the pigs received every day plenty of water, into which a very little bran had been sprinkled, but the bran did not cost half a cent a day for each pig. The pigs were kept growing, and at the same time the account was written, were being fattened for market. He intended to fence in about a dozen acres of a field and an oak grove in his pasture, and make a herd of swine get their living there this summer. But he keeps a number at the barn, firm in the belief that they make and manipulate manure enough to pay.

A CORRESPONDENT's sick cows have "loss of appetite, scabby milk, secretion, and bloody urine"—symptoms which indicate inflammation of the kidneys, a disease usually caused by the use of acid or medicinal herbage. If the patients are to be treated by the farmer, his course will be to remove the cause by taking care that the animals have only such food as is known to be healthy, such as grass, clover, good hay, wheat bran or other mill feed, and if necessary, confine them in an inclosure to prevent eating what is not desired; and see that the water supply is plenty and good, and protect against cold and wet. If further treatment is required, the best thing he can do is to give flaxseed tea enough to produce cathartic effects, and then to rest a day or two, and if required, repeat its use as it seems to be needed. If flaxseed cannot be obtained for the tea, raw linseed oil—a pint at a time—may be used instead. Copious injections of water and something like pepper, tea, or mustard, rubbed on the loins for a counter irritant, will prove useful.—*Prof. L. B. Arnold.*

The recently reported Pomological experience of "Croppie, T. D." (tree doctor) tallies exactly with my observation. Many farmers buy apple and pear trees and stick them in small holes in grass land, and let them struggle with the grass, and rob them even of that, and if they make no growth, curse the nurseryman. They remind me of the donkey that danced among the goalings, and cried, "Let every one take care of himself." Trees or sprouts without roots would answer about as well for such folks, and would be much more conveniently "stuck."—*A. Smith, Kennebec Co., Me.,* not before known.

WHERE can I procure a good book on the habits and care of bees? Send \$1 to Prof. A. J. Cook, Agricultural College, Lansing, Mich.

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## LEWIS' PERFUMED LYE

98 Per Cent Pure.  
STRONGEST AND PUREST LYE MADE.  
This LYE is a FINE POWDER

And packed in cans with an ordinary slip-lid like our Baking Powder, so that any portion of contents of can may be used without spoiling balance. 13 pounds of Perfumed Hard Soap made in twenty minutes without boiling, and your wash will be sweet and clean to the senses, without that nasty smell produced when using ready-made Soap or Soap made from other Lye.

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LEWIS' LYE is 98 per cent stronger than any other Lye or so-called Rock or Ball Potashes.  
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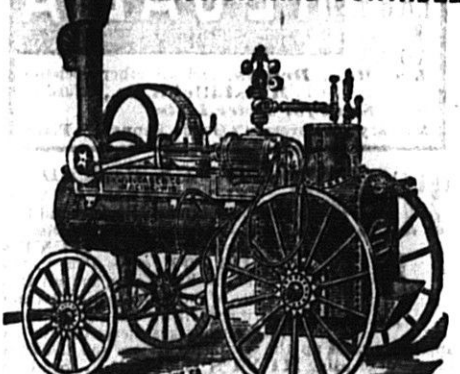


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### Notice to Farmers.

THE undersigned wish to inform their patrons that their three beautiful stallions can be found in this city for the remainder of the season.  
**SMITH & STROUVENJANS.**  
HOLLAND, July 2nd, 1879. 21-4w

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