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THOMAS OF CORVALLIS

WHOLE NO. 543.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

In the matter of the railroad accident at Long Branch, the Coroner's jury found the company guilty of gross and culpable negligence. Gen. Grant was a witness at the inquest, and was given two silver quarters, which he pocketed. At a Fourth of July celebration, Sullivan, the champion pugilist, gave a picnic at New York. One of the events was a sparring match between the champion and James E. Smith, in which the latter, if he should succeed in knocking Sullivan "out," was to receive \$500. In the third round Elliott was knocked into insensibility, and was taken home. The crew from the University of Pennsylvania won the inter-collegiate race at Lake George, the Wesleyans being second. Howell, stroke of the Princeton, fainted as they crossed the line.

Most of the convicts in the Massachusetts penitentiary struck for the holiday recreation of one hour which was denied them on the Fourth, and demolished their cell furniture. A brother of ex-Gov. Coburn, of Maine, while demented from sickness, drowned himself in the river at Showaghen, and his son also perished in attempting a rescue. Four children of Bryan Foley, of Burlington, Vt., were fatally poisoned by eating green currants.

THE WEST.

PROTEINE, a trotting mare with a record of 2:18½, died in Cincinnati. Her owner once refused \$30,000 for her. At Cincinnati Jacob Wagner, an intimate acquaintance of Henry Cole, who a short time since killed his wife, his daughter and himself, came home drunk the other day, and, after taking a short sleep, shot his wife through the head, killing her instantly, and then put a bullet in his own temple, inflicting a fatal wound.

At Lincoln, Neb., Emma and Sallie Lee were fatally burned, their clothes being fired by a lamp, over which they were heating a curling-iron. Edwin Cowles, of Cleveland, has instituted a libel suit for \$25,000 against Bishop Gilmour, on account of a letter published referring to the invalid daughter of the editor.

INFORMATION has reached Denver of an uprising among the Indians at the Southern Ute Agency, caused by the killing of one of their number by Savaro, a policeman, also an Indian. At San Carlos Agency Charlie Colvig, Chief of Scouts, with three of his Indian police, were killed while counting the Indians preparatory to issuing rations. The killing was done by White Mountain renegades. The military encampment at Indianapolis was a thorough success. The troops paraded the streets of the city and were reviewed by Gov. Porter. The State artillery prize was won by the Porter Light Artillery of Michigan City. The Chickasaw Guards, of Memphis, were given the infantry prize of \$1,500, the Crescent City Rifles, of New Orleans, getting the \$1,000 prize. The receipts of the encampment were \$35,000; the expenses \$25,000. The winter wheat yield of Kansas for 1892 is officially estimated at 30,343,452 bushels, and the spring wheat yield at 1,750,000, a total of 32,093,452 bushels, which is nearly 1,000,000 bushels greater than the great crop of 1878. The acreage of corn has increased 6 per cent, and the probable yield is estimated at 176,000,000 bushels. Oats and rye are more than double the acreage of 1881, and of the former the heaviest crop ever harvested is expected. A great increase is also shown in other crops and in the number of farm animals as compared with last year.

MILTON SMITH, living near Kirkwood, Mo., punished his son, Guy, aged 13, for fighting with his brother. The lad, enraged at his chastisement, procured a gun and mortally wounded his father.

JAMES H. MADDEN, a gambler, who died at Leadville, Col., had the largest brain of any man in America. He had a very remarkably formed head. It was about the average size, with an immense frontal and lateral development. After death the brain was removed and weighed, and it brought down the scales to 62½ ounces. This is the heaviest brain ever found in America. Daniel Webster's brain weighed 53½ ounces, and Prof. Agassiz's 52½ ounces.

THE SOUTH.

MARY BOOTH, a negro girl 14 years of age, has been convicted of murdering two persons by poison, in Surrey county, Virginia, and sentenced to be hanged in November. The jury signed a petition for executive clemency.

A TERRIBLE fight occurred at a picnic near Louisville, Ky., in which a drunken rough cut four men. Of the four two were fatally stabbed, and the other two seriously.

THE style of snake they are killing in Arkansas this summer is five feet in length, of grayish shade, a five-inch horn in the tip of the tail, and a long sting in the horn.

In a remote section of Van Buren county, Ark., lived a woman and two children. A day or two ago some persons chanced to pass her lonely habitation, and, seeing no signs of life, entered. The woman and one of the children were found dead, and the living child had gnawed pieces of flesh from the dead child's arm. It is believed the woman fell sick and died from lack of food and care.

POLITICAL.

THE Greenback-Labor party of Connecticut nominated A. P. Tanager, of New London, for Governor, and H. C. Baker, of Hartford, for Lieutenant Governor. The North Carolina Democrats held their State Convention at Raleigh, and nominated candidates for Congressman-at-Large and Supreme Court Judge. The nominees were R. L. Bennett and Thomas Ruffin.

THE Arkansas State Republican Convention was held at Little Rock. Ex-Senator Powell Clayton was the permanent Chairman. Col. W. D. Slack was nominated for Governor by acclamation. J. L. Sheffield has been nominated for Governor by the Republicans, Greenbackers and Independents of Alabama.

THE Republicans of the Fourteenth Ohio district nominated for Congress State Senator Robin A. Horr, of Wellington, a twin brother of the Michigan Congressman, and his counterpart in form and feature.

It has been semi-officially announced, says a Washington telegram, that the Republican Committee intends to send no campaign fund circulars to women employees, and that their contributions will be returned to those who have received and responded to them.

WASHINGTON.

FOLLOWING is the regular monthly statement of the public debt, issued on the 1st inst.:

Extended 6's.....\$ 58,957,750
Extended 5's.....401,501,900

Four and one-half per cent. bonds.....	250,000,000
Four per cent. bonds.....	735,300,000
Refunding certificates.....	13,320,000
Navy pension fund.....	14,000,000
Total interest-bearing debt.....	1,098,620,000
Matured debt.....	16,260,805
Legal tenders.....	246,740,711
Certificates of deposit.....	15,320,000
Gold and silver certificates.....	71,133,630
Fractional currency.....	7,047,247
Total without interest.....	438,241,788
Total debt.....	\$1,536,861,788
Cash in treasury.....	243,289,519
Debt less cash in treasury.....	\$1,293,572,269
Decrease during June.....	12,650,695
Decrease since June 30, 1891.....	151,684,351

Current liabilities—	
Interest due and unpaid.....	1,435,158
Debt on which interest has ceased.....	15,390,205
Interest thereon.....	535,251
Gold and silver certificates.....	71,133,630
United States notes held for redemption of certificates of deposit.....	15,320,000
Cash balance available July 1, 1892.....	146,694,474
Total.....	\$ 243,289,519

Available assets—	
Cash in treasury.....	\$ 243,289,519
Bonds issued to Pacific railway companies, interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding.....	64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid.....	1,938,705
Interest paid by United States.....	53,405,977
Interest repaid by companies—	
By transportation service.....	15,220,693
By cash payments of 5 per cent. of net earnings.....	655,198
Balance of interest paid by the United States.....	37,530,085

In response to a resolution of inquiry, the Senate Military Committee has reported that 53 per cent. of the employees of the House and 15 per cent. of those of the Senate are honorably discharged Union soldiers, while the average in the executive departments is 40 per cent.

It is said that Public Printer Rounds had 4,000 applications for positions. Though he has made comparatively few changes, complaints are arising that too many have been dismissed without cause. The corpse of Guitau was secretly removed from the jail to the Army Medical Museum in Washington, where it will be prepared and placed on exhibition. Rev. Dr. Hicks claims to have been offered all the way from \$5,000 to \$100,000 for the skeleton, among the bidders being the Royal College, of London.

SECRETARY FOLGER has made a report of the celebrated Doyle bond case. In addition to his own special report in the matter, he has given out for general publication the opinion of the experts on which he has based his decision. The opinion of the experts is very elaborate, and goes into the matter of the various differences between the counterfeiters and the Government bonds with the greatest detail. Secretary Folger has arrived at the conclusion that the plates submitted to him by Mr. Felker are counterfeit, and are not in any way transfers from genuine work. He says, however, that he does not question the good faith of Mr. Felker in submitting them. He has no doubt that Mr. Felker believes that they were transfers from genuine work; but, from his investigations of the entire subject through a number of disinterested experts working separately, he has arrived at the conclusion that they are counterfeit, and that, therefore, Mr. Doyle has not submitted anything which entitles him to any consideration at the hands of the Treasury Department.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has issued a call for \$16,000,000 of the 6 per cent. "Windows," now running at 3½ per cent. at the will of the Government. Persons holding these bonds will, if they desire it, be paid principal and interest Sept. 13 next. Interest will cease thereafter.

GENERAL.

CHICAGO Tribune: "Our dispatches report the rapid progress of wheat harvesting in many localities, and all give an encouraging forecast of the oats, rye and corn crops. The advice received by the Agricultural Bureau at Washington are favorable from all sections of the country. Wheat and oats are turning out better than was indicated by the flattering reports of a month ago, and the corn prospects are steadily improving."

THE strike of the iron-workers at Bay View, near Milwaukee, was ended by a conference of two hours with the officers of the rolling-mill company, and work in all departments has been resumed. Watson & Co.'s mill and the Leeburg mill, in the Pittsburgh district, signed the Amalgamated Association scale and also resumed work.

ADVANCE sheets of Poor's Railway Manual show that in 1881 there were built in the United States 9,358 miles of railroad, the greatest in any one year, making a total of 104,813 miles. The gross earnings were \$725,325,119, against \$615,401,931 in 1880. Dividends in 1881 were \$93,344,200, against \$77,115,411 in 1880. The editor says: "It is certain that for a long time to come a much greater extent of mileage will be constructed annually than was constructed in the past or than will be constructed in the present year. The area of the United States (excluding Alaska) equals 3,000,000 square miles. The whole of this area presents an attractive field for the construction of railroads. In almost every portion of it these works are rapidly progressing. The railroad mileage of the United States rose from 52,914 miles in 1870 to 104,813 miles in 1881. At a similar rate the mileage in 1890 will exceed 200,000.

FORTY Mexican soldiers, acting under orders of the customs officers, attacked a camp of smugglers near Piedras Negras. Half the troops were mounted, the others firing from a ravine. Gonzales, the customs officer, was killed, and the smugglers lost two men. Nine of the contrabandists were captured, as also forty bales of goods and forty horses.

A PITTSBURGH dispatch says "it is now certain that the total loss of life by the Ohio-river disaster will exceed 100. It becomes clearer and more conclusive every day that whiskey was at the bottom of the collision, some of the officers of the Scioto and many of the passengers being helpless from intoxication at the time. There is a rumor to the effect that a party of girls were in the pilot-house of the Scioto, and one of them answered the signal of the Lomas and did wrongly."

FOREIGN.

THE British House of Commons voted urgency for the Repression bill, by 259 to 31, whereupon all but four of the Irish members withdrew. Sir Garnet Wolseley and others met at the British war office, the other day, to arrange for pay, clothing and subsistence for the army of reserve soon to be called out for Egypt. Harness equipments for the batteries are being prepared at Woolwich, and the men-of-war Ajax and Agamemnon are making ready for immediate service. Count De Lesseps looks with disfavor on the proposed English expedition to Egypt, and thinks there is no danger threatened to the Suez canal unless the people are exasperated by foreign intervention. Special arrests of revolutionists have been made at St. Petersburg. Uhlans officers were found distributing nihilistic documents, who had been charged with the protection of the Czar.

THE Pope, in an allocution at the consistory in Rome, said the position of the church

in Italy was becoming worse than ever. The Government, he declared, was guilty of bad faith in refusing exequators to the twenty Bishops he had nominated.

THE Archbishops of Ireland have directed the priests to discontinue the Ladies' Land League, and to forbid women from attending public meetings. It is stated by the Freeman's Journal, of Dublin, that the Government intends to employ bloodhounds to track murderers. Work on the fortifications of Alexandria was stopped under a threat by Admiral Seymour that he would open fire if it was continued. A Government dispatch to Madrid states an attempt was made to cut the Suez canal.

SKOBELEFF, the brilliant Russian General, died in Moscow of heart disease. Born of a race of soldiers, he was, at the age of 43, regarded by the people of his own country and by the world in general as the foremost soldier of Russia. His dashing exploits in the Khiva campaign, in the Russo-Turkish war, and in the expedition against the Tekke Turcomans gained for him world-wide renown as a great military genius. Nine thousand copies of a revolutionary proclamation, signed by a cousin of the Czar, were discovered at the Ministry of Marine, at St. Petersburg. The director of the department, because of the discovery, committed suicide.

UPON the discovery that work upon the fortifications at Alexandria was in active progress in open defiance of his previous demand, Admiral Seymour, on Sunday, July 9, promptly sent on shore a peremptory summons for the surrender of the forts, with an accompanying notice that in the event of a refusal he should, within twenty-four hours after receiving such refusal, proceed to bombard the city. The Egyptian Ministers decided to resist to the last the British demand, and a similar decision was reached at a conference of the leading officers of the Egyptian army. De Brazza, the French explorer of Africa, backed by a liberal appropriation from the treasury at Paris, has succeeded in taking a fleet of vessels to the pool in the Congo river, by cutting a canal eight kilometers in length, giving his nation control of what is destined to become a rich trade. Meantime, Stanley, with \$1,500,000 of Belgian money, made a roadway from the coast 240 kilometers long, and placed his steamers above the cataracts, only to find himself beaten.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

WAR between Great Britain and Egypt began on Tuesday, the 11th of July. The Egyptians having refused to obey the mandate of the British Admiral Seymour to cease work on the fortifications of Alexandria, he issued the order for the bombardment of the city, and precisely at 7 o'clock in the morning the fleet opened fire.

TWO SENSATIONAL murders occurred in Chicago within a few hours. Charles Stiles, a noted operator on the Board of Trade, and the caller of the Call Board at a salary of \$5,000 a year, was shot dead at his room in the Palmer House by an Italian woman with whom he had been living for five or six years. An old and respectable gentleman named Dr. Joel Prescott, proprietor of a bathing establishment, was murdered by burglars, who beat out his brains with a hammer and made their escape.

A COLORED man named McTaylor, in Webster parish, La., maltreated a white lad and then retreated for safety. He was pursued by the boy's father and two others, brought back, tied to a tree and shot to death, and the vultures picked his bones bare. Two Louisville editors met in the street and blazed away at each other till their revolvers were emptied, and from a dozen shots fired the only carnage resulting was a wound in the foot of one of the combatants and a bullet in the arm of a bystander.

TURNKEY RILEY, of the Minneapolis jail, was knocked down in the corridor of that institution by Tom Howard, a Chicago crook, who took the keys from the turnkey, and, with eight other prisoners, escaped. A band of forty Apaches attacked the town of Globe, Arizona, and were repulsed in a fight which lasted half an hour.

THE Friendly islands were swept by a hurricane and tidal wave on the 25th of June, causing dreadful havoc. Ships foundered, seamen were drowned and houses and churches were leveled. One island was completely desolated.

COMMISSIONER LORING has decided to cause two artesian wells to be sunk in Colorado for the experimental work of reclaiming the desert sections by irrigation. It is said Guitau's ghost nightly stalks through the corridors of the Washington jail.

THE black small-pox is raging with great violence at Mazatlan, Mexico, and Guaymas and Hermosillo are quarantining against it.

"A SQUARE MAN" is the title of a new American drama by Edward J. Swartz, a Philadelphia journalist. It had a big run in Philadelphia, where it was first produced, and was transferred there to McVicker's Theater, Chicago, where it attracted large audiences. It is essentially a Western drama, and has the merit of being deeply and continuously interesting. It arrests the attention of the spectator at the very beginning, and retains it until the close.

GUITEAU'S BONES.

[Washington Telegram.]

It seems difficult to banish the word Guitau from the dispatches. His bones are daily bleaching in the sun, but the doctors' quarrels have not ended, and the jail guards, laughing in their sleeves at human incredulity, point out the spot beneath the Warden's room, where it is supposed that the assassin lies buried. It was not until yesterday that the jail physician discovered that he had been made the victim of a grim practical joke by the jail guards, because he had poured large quantities of carbolic acid over the spot where he thought Guitau lay buried, to overcome the noisome odor of what he now knows was a rat long dead, placed there by the jesting guard.

Guitau's bones are being bleached, preliminary to being "articulated," as the doctors call it, in a skeleton. This is the way in which the local papers say it is being done. For several days the huge boiler in the back building of the Museum has been seething and bubbling. In it was Guitau's body. On Saturday morning about 9:30 the process of boiling and maceration was completed, and the bones of the assassin were removed with tongs from the pot and scraped carefully, to divest them of every particle of flesh. They were then steeped in ether, to remove any fat that might have clung to them, and placed in a stout canvas bag, in which they were taken to the roof. The large bones were then spread out upon the roof. The little ones were placed in small boxes, to insure against the possibility of their being lost, and the process of bleaching commenced. At night the bones were gathered up and taken inside the building by the colored man who has charge of them, where they were placed in a bleaching fluid. Yesterday morning they were taken out and again placed upon the roof, and this process will be continued for a couple of weeks, when the skeleton will be articulated and placed in a case which has been prepared for it.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

The Senate passed a bill, at its session on the 3d inst., to authorize the sale of timber on the Menominee lands in Wisconsin. A charter was granted to Robert Garrett and others of Maryland to lay a cable to Europe within two years. The general deficiency appropriation came up. The amendment creating a board to audit the Garfield funeral expenses, and limiting the amount for medical service to \$52,500, was earnestly fought by Mr. Vest. After a general exchange of sentiment, it was agreed to reduce the entire appropriation to \$37,500, and to allow the surgeons \$35,000. The bill was then passed. The President nominated Col. C. H. Crane to be Surgeon General, John Davis to be Assistant Secretary of State, and Eugene Schuyler to be Minister Resident to Roumania, Servia and Greece. In the House, Mr. Berry introduced a bill to abolish the State of Nevada and attach the territory to California. Mr. Robinson, of New York, after stating that the British Minister had called upon Secretary Frelinghuysen to raise questions about words spoken in debate by the New York member, introduced a resolution inquiring of the Secretary of State whether the appointment of a British censor had been suggested in the interview. Bills were passed for public buildings at Oxford, Miss.; Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Terre Haute, Ind.; St. Joseph, Mo., and Harrisonburg and Abingdon, Va. The rules were suspended and a bill passed to correct the error in the statutes concerning the duty on knit goods. A bill to ratify the railway treaty with the Crow Indians was passed. Mr. Hiseock reported a substitute for the sundry civil appropriation.

The act to create the Territory of Pembina came up in the Senate on the 5th inst., and provoked a hot debate. Mr. Vest insisting on the repeal of the Dakota law in relation to the repudiation of bonds of Yankton county. The River and Harbor bill was reported. It was voted to postpone for the session consideration of the National Bankrupt law. The bill for the relief of Ben Holliday was briefly considered. The House went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation. Mr. Atkins moved to reduce the item for the Bureau of Construction and Repair to \$1,500,000. Mr. Robeson thought this would be a declaration that we have no navy. Mr. Ellis pointed out the war-clouds on the horizon, and pronounced for a reconstruction of the navy. An amendment by Mr. Harris was adopted, that any portion of the item of \$1,750,000 not wanted for the purposes specified may be applied to the construction of two cruising vessels of war. The committee reported the bill to the House, the previous question was seconded, and an adjournment was effected.

The River and Harbor Appropriation bill, covering \$19,463,975, was taken up in the Senate on the 6th inst. Mr. McMillan briefly reviewed the amendments made by the Senate committee. The item of \$100,000 for surveying the Hennepin canal called out speeches from Messrs. Butler, Beck, Vest and Allison. The former gave notice of a proposed modification of the amendment. In the House a joint resolution was passed authorizing the President to call an International Conference to fix a common prime meridian. In closing the debate on the Naval Appropriation bill Mr. Robeson indulged in harsh reflections upon Mr. Whitthorne, the latter responding by branding Robeson as a falsifier and perjurer. The naval appropriation passed by 119 to 75. Objection was made to the bill for a pension to Mrs. Garfield, on the ground that it would give rise to debate, and the House went into committee of the whole on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill. Mr. Hiseock explained the items in the act. Mr. Blackburn criticised the majority for not having already disposed of the general appropriation bills. Mr. Bayne said President Arthur had violated his promise to stand by the civil-service plank of the Republican platform.

The entire session of the Senate on the 7th inst. was devoted to work on the River and Harbor bill. Mr. Logan urged the importance of constructing the Hennepin canal, stating that the cost would not exceed \$4,000,000. Mr. Vest claimed that the national Government had no right to assume jurisdiction over the enterprise, and stated that manufacturing towns along Rock river had entered protests against the canal. Mr. Hawley reviewed canal management in the Middle States to show the difficulties encountered. Mr. Sherman thought the matter should be considered as a separate measure. Mr. Morgan said the purpose of the scheme was to divert traffic from New Orleans to Chicago. Mr. Hawley gave warning that \$400,000 would be but a drop in the bucket. Messrs. Allison and Windom spoke in favor of the project and Mr. Butler in opposition. The House, in committee of the whole, was considering the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, when Mr. Butcherworth, of Ohio, made a savage attack upon the Democratic party. Having been interrupted by Mr. Cox, Mr. Butcherworth indulged in an allusion unfit for publication, and it was omitted from the records. Mr. Cox retorted by calling Mr. Butcherworth a blackguard. Mr. Denatur introduced a bill to regulate the carriage of passengers by sea, drawn in accordance with the President's suggestions. The Republican Senators held a caucus after adjournment, and the following agreements were reached with substantial unanimity. That the House bill for the reduction of internal-revenue taxation be taken up, and that all its provisions as amended by the Finance Committee shall receive Republican support; that the Finance Committee prepare additional amendments providing for a restoration of the tariff duties on sugar to the rates in force before the last tariff changes in regard to this article were made, for a reduction of \$8 per ton from present duty on Bessemer steel rails and for a reduction of duties on hoop iron, in accordance with the provisions of the McKinley bill now pending in the House.

The Senate passed a joint resolution, at its session on the 8th inst., to allow the employees of the Government printing office pay for time lost during the Garfield obsequies. Mr. Beck gave notice of an amendment to the Internal Revenue bill subjecting duties on imports to a discount of 10 per cent. after January next, and to a similar reduction after the July following. Mr. Morrill submitted amendments made by the Republican caucus. The River and Harbor bill coming up in committee of the whole, discussion was renewed on the item for the survey of the Hennepin canal. The latter scheme was modified to provide that the Secretary of War can use \$100,000 in surveying and locating a canal from Hennepin to Rock Island, and in making estimates for its cost and maintenance. Mr. Logan secured an amendment for the survey of the Illinois and Michigan canal. Mr. Hanson proposed an appropriation of \$500,000 for the improvement of the Potomac river fields. The President made the following nominations: J. A. Zabriske, of Arizona, to be United States Attorney for Arizona; Zan B. Tidball, of New York, to be United States Marshal of Arizona; William P. Chandlers, of Illinois, to be United States Surveyor General of Idaho; David R. B. Price, of Idaho, to be Register of the Land Office at Boise City, Idaho. In the House, Mr. Crapo submitted the report of the conference committee on the bill to extend the charters of national banks. The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was considered in committee of the whole. An amendment to restrict the National Board of Health to an investigation of cholera and yellow fever was rejected, and it was resolved to add small-pox to the list. Mr. Cox proposed the abolition of the board, but, after arguing against its right to

investigate diseases, withdrew his amendment. Mr. Kasson secured an appropriation of \$45,000 for the enlargement of the public building at Des Moines. Mr. Willis, of Kentucky, finding legislation too dull, arraigned John D. White, his colleague, as "a staid, old-fashioned man, filled with malice," but Mr. Brown, of Indiana, forestalled the motion by protesting against turning the halls of Congress into a beer garden.

The bill granting right of way through the Papago Indian reservation to the Arizona Southern railroad was passed by the Senate on the 10th. Mr. Morrill reported the House bill reducing internal-revenue taxation, with amendments cutting down the customs duties on sugars, steel rails and manufactures from hoop, band or scroll iron. Mr. Plumb reported a bill to repeal all laws granting lands to the State of Missouri to aid in the extension of the Iron Mountain railroad. The River and Harbor bill was taken up, and an amendment appropriating \$500,000 for the reclamation of the Potomac flats was adopted by 52 to 7. The House, by a vote of 108 to 78, adopted the conference report on the bill to extend the charters of national banks. A bill was passed authorizing the transfer of property of the National Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphan Home to the Garfield Memorial Hospital. Mr. White introduced a resolution for a constitutional amendment to prohibit the abridgment of rights of citizens on account of sex. The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole, discussed and amended. Mr. Dingley introduced a bill for a commission to inquire into the condition of the ship-building interests and to suggest methods to restore the foreign carrying trade.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

Independence day was celebrated almost universally this year. Throughout the country the people were unusually profuse in their demonstrations of patriotic enthusiasm, and in the Old World, wherever a colony or knot of Americans was found, there was some observance of the great day. At Chicago the principal objects of interest were the races, which drew out 16,000 people, the championship ball games, attended by 20,000, and the parade and picnic of the workmen, in which about 12,000 participated. At Indianapolis an infantry drill attracted spectators estimated at 30,000. The Bain Zoovae, of St. Louis, were given the honors in the contest with the Lackey Zoovae, of Chicago. Veteran soldiers of Vermont, to the number of 10,000, held a reunion at Burlington, and were reviewed by Gov. Farnham and ex-Govs. Proctor and Barstow. There was a notable celebration at Woodstock, Ct., under the auspices of Henry C. Bowen. Senator Miller, of New York, was the chief orator. The New York Seventh regiment participated in the celebration at Buffalo. George W. Childs gave a dinner in Fairmount Park to 800 Philadelphia newboys. Senator Logan addressed an assemblage of 8,500 people at Lake Bluff, Ill. At Williams College, Dr. Mark Hopkins delivered a memorial address upon President Garfield. The assemblage contributed \$3,000 to the Garfield professorship fund, and the memorial window was formally presented. At New York and Washington the day was a quiet one, both cities being almost deserted. A grand reception in commemoration of the day was given at Westminster Palace Hotel, London, under the auspices of the American Exchange. Over a thousand persons were present. Marie Rozé, Emma Thursby, and Minnie Hauk sang national songs, and dancing was kept up all night. The Duke and Duchess of Sutherland were among the guests, as also Edwin Booth. Consul Packard gave a banquet to American ship masters at Liverpool, and toasted President Arthur. There was a celebration at Carlsbad, in which thirty Chicagoans participated.

The day was attended, as usual, by a number of accidents in different parts of the country, the most serious of which occurred on the Ohio river. The steamer Scioto, loaded with excursionists from Weilsville, W. Va., collided with the towboat John Lomas, opposite Mingo Junction, owing to a misunderstanding as to signals. Within three minutes the steamer sank in fifteen feet of water, only the pilot house being visible. At first the loss of life was estimated as high as 250, but the later reports make it probable that not over twenty persons were drowned. The officers of the Lomas went instantly to the rescue, and rescued many of the imperiled. The explosion of a cannon at Ripon, Wis., killed George Page and injured Jack Kingsbury. A temporary stand for fireworks of some reckless men and boys, and several persons beneath it were badly injured. At Leadville, Col., Louis Pozmancs was killed by the bursting of a gun. One child was burned to death in Chicago by an explosion of fireworks. Madame Adele made a balloon ascension from Oswego, N. Y., and came down in Lake Ontario, seven miles from shore, being rescued by a tug.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEANS.....	\$ 90 @ 15 50
HOGS.....	7 75 @ 8 75
COTTON.....	12½ @ 12½
WHEAT—Superfine.....	3 65 @ 5 40
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 29 @ 1 30
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 34 @ 1 35
CORN—Ungraded.....	83 @ 88
OATS—Mixed Western.....	68 @ 68
PORK—Mess.....	21 50 @ 22 15
LARD.....	13 @ 13½

CHICAGO.

BEEF—Choice Graded Steers.....	7 35 @ 8 15
Cows and Heifers.....	2 50 @ 5 25
Medium to Fair.....	6 40 @ 7 00
HOGS.....	6 75 @ 8 85
WHEAT—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	6 75 @ 7 25
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	6 00 @ 7 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 10 @ 1 12
WHEAT—No. 3 Spring.....	1 10 @ 1 10
CORN—No. 2.....	81 @ 86
OATS—No. 2.....	54 @ 55
RYE—No. 2.....	73 @ 74
BARLEY—No. 2.....	94 @ 95
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	22 @ 24
PORK—Fresh.....	17 @ 18
PORK—Mess.....	22 00 @ 22 25
LARD.....	12½ @ 13

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 2.....	1 28 @ 1 29
CORN—No. 2.....	80 @ 81
OATS—No. 2.....	54 @ 55
RYE—No. 2.....	70 @ 71
BARLEY—No. 2.....	92 @ 93
PORK—Mess.....	22 00 @ 22 25
LARD.....	12½ @ 13

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 10 @ 1 13
CORN—Mixed.....	79 @ 80
OATS—No. 2.....	54 @ 55
RYE—No. 2.....	70 @ 71
BARLEY—No. 2.....	92 @ 93
PORK—Mess.....	22 00 @ 22 25
LARD.....	12½ @ 13

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT.....	1 29 @ 1 30
CORN.....	81 @ 82
OATS.....	57 @ 58
RYE.....	75 @ 76
PORK—Mess.....	22 75 @ 23 00
LARD.....	12½ @ 13½

DETROIT.

FLOUR—Choice.....	6 25 @ 9 00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 24 @ 1 25
CORN—Mixed.....	78 @ 78
OATS—Mixed.....	65 @ 67
BARLEY (per cental).....	53 @ 53
PORK—Mess.....	22 50 @ 23 00

INDIANAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 27 @ 1 28
CORN—No. 2.....	77 @ 78
OATS.....	57 @ 59

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE SCALPEL'S SECRETS.

Condition of Guitau's Remains as Disclosed by the Autopsy—Dr. Lamb's Special Report of the Case.
The Medical News, of Philadelphia, prints the official report of the post-mortem examination of the body of Charles J. Guitau. The report is signed by "Dr. Lamb," and is dated Army Medical Museum, Washington, July 4:

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

By reason of the delay, for which neither I nor my assistants were responsible, the examination was not begun until 2:30 o'clock p. m., one hour and a half after death, in consequence of which the photographing was less successful and a cast was impracticable. The body, which was of a faint, yellowish tint, was that of a man about five feet seven inches in height and weighed 140 pounds. The eyes were examined by Dr. Loring, who reported the pupils slightly and equally dilated. The vitreous was cloudy and the fundus undistinguishable; the conjunctiva of the left eye was congested. He repeated the examination two hours later, and noticed an appearance as of a transverse fracture of the lens. A small white scar, directed obliquely downward, forward, and to the left, and confined to the scalp, was observed midway between the top of the left ear and the median line of the head.

The right parietal bone was slightly flattened over a space of about two inches square, just back of the fronto-parietal suture, and to the right of the inter-parietal there was a slightly flattened elevation on the corresponding internal surface of the calvaria. The frontal suture was obliterated, but the others were quite distinct. A number of pachionian depressions were observed near the groove for the longitudinal sinus.

In thickness the skull presented nothing remarkable.

The dura mater was firmly adherent to the anterior portion of the calvaria in the vicinity of the longitudinal sinus. There were adhesions of the dura also to the base of the skull; they were quite firm, and situated in the several fissures, and most marked in the deeper parts of the fissures, where also there were small patches, abruptly limited, of immovable arborescent congestions, with, however, no attendant thickening or pigmentation. This stagnation was again marked in the left, anterior and middle fissures. There was no congestion of the dura, except at the points just noted. The dura and piamater were adherent to each other, and to the brain on both sides along a limited portion of the longitudinal fissure, in the vicinity of the pachionian granulations. The dura was slightly thickened along the longitudinal sinus. It was also slightly thickened and opaque along the portion of the line of the middle meningeal artery on each side.

The arachnoid of the upper convexity of the brain presented in many places, where it covered the sulci, small patches of thickening and opacity, elsewhere it was normal. The piamater was anemic anteriorly; posteriorly there was slight hypostasis. The cerebral vessels appeared to be normal in all respects. The orbital plates were well arched, and presented many conical eminences of large size. There was no roughening anywhere of the inner surface of the skull.

The brain was firm. Its weight, including the cerebellum, cerebellum, pons and medulla, and a portion of the dura, was 49½ ounces. It was slightly flattened in the region corresponding to the flattening of the parietal bone above mentioned. On a section of the cerebellum there was the appearance of a slight thinning of the gray cortex. The measurements taken, however, gave depths of 1-16 to ¼ inch in close proximity to each other. The white substance was almost absolutely anemic. The cerebellum and island of Reil were both covered on each side.

The fissures generally presented considerable depth; in many places, as in the right fissure of Rolando, amounting to seven-eighths of an inch.

The right fissure of Sylvius was typical; the left was separated from the first temporal fissure by a slight bridge deeply situated.

The right fissure of Rolando did not connect with the fissure of Sylvius; the left was separated only by a small bridge deeply situated; both were separated from the longitudinal fissure.

The first frontal fissure on the right side was not connected with that of Rolando, but the posterior part was crossed by a secondary fissure. The same was the case on the left side, except that the fissure was crossed by a small bridge near its center.

The second and third frontal fissures presented nothing remarkable. There were numerous secondary fissures.

The precentral and retrocentral fissures, on each side, were well defined, and were unconnected with the other fissures.

The inter-parietal fissure on each side terminated in the transverse occipital, separated only by a slight bridge. The parieto-occipital fissure was well marked on each side. The transverse occipital fissure on the right side was ill-defined; it began on the median surface and extended well outward.

The first temporal fissure was well developed on the right side; on the left it was not of the usual length.

Wernicke's fissure was well marked on the left side, but was not confluent.

The callosal marginal fissure was double on each side, the upper of the two being probably the true one. On the right, the upper one extended back to the anterior margin of the paracentral lobule; on left, not quite so far. The lower one extended on the right side to a line about half an inch in front of the parieto-occipital fissure, from which it was separated by a small bridge; on the left side, also, by a bridge of larger size.

On the right side there were seven fissures radiating from the circular fissure surrounding a small isolated convolution. On the left side there were five fissures radiating from a small, shallow depression. The left collateral fissure was well defined, extending to the anterior extremity of the temporal lobe. The right was also well marked, but did not extend so far back as the other, and there was an attempt at confluence anteriorly with the temporo-occipital, a small bridge intervening. The left temporo-occipital fissure was well defined.

The following alone call for remark: The ascending frontal convolution was well defined on each side. The ascending parietal on the right side was well developed in its lower three-fourths, but narrowed in the upper fourth. On the left side the narrowing was less marked. The island of Reil presented on the right side five fissures, and six straight gyri; on the left side seven fissures and eight straight gyri. The paracentral lobule was well marked on the right side, small on the left.

The usual median incision was made, and the abdomen opened. There was an extravasation of blood into the right pectoralis major muscle near the second rib. The adipose layer of the abdominal section was one inch in thickness. The dome of the diaphragm extended up to the fourth rib on each side. There were old pleuritic adhesions at the apex of the right lung. The upper and middle lobes were congenitally united by a connective tissue. The lung was normal throughout. There were also old pleuritic adhesions of the left lung to the diaphragm and between its lobes; three small, tubercle-like, pigmented patches were observed in the upper lobe.

MICHIGAN MATTERS.

Robbers Foiled.

At an early hour of the morning, four masked robbers went to the Michigan Central station at Wayne, near Detroit, bound and gagged the night operator, and were about to carry off a package of \$1,500, when they were frightened away by an alarm given by a lad who was learning telegraphy.

Farms in Michigan.

In 1850 there were 34,089 farms in Michigan, which were increased to 62,422 in 1860, a gain of 28,333 farms or 83 per cent. In 1870 the number of farms in this State was 98,786, a gain of 36,364 or 58 per cent. The census of 1880 shows that there were 154,008 farms in the State, a gain of 55,222 or 56 per cent. over 1870.

A Close Call.

P. Fish and E. Carpenter, two painters, of Battle Creek, had a narrow escape from death while painting a brick-block front on Main street, in that city. They had fastened their scaffold to a ventilator in the roof, which pulled loose and would have precipitated them to the pavement, fifty feet below, causing their instant death, but they noticed the slipping ropes, and jumped into the open windows of the third story, thus saving their lives.

Drowned While Getting a Pail of Water for His Mother.

Henry Savage, aged 7 years, living at No. 583 Woodbridge street west, was sent by his mother to the river, near the house, to get a pail of water. The little fellow lost his balance and fell into the water, and before assistance could be rendered he sank in the deep. The body was soon afterward recovered and Coroner Clark was summoned. An inquest was held on the spot and a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Livingston County Snake Story.

A singular event occurred at the residence of P. W. Briggs, of North Howell, Livingston county. As one of his sons came in from the barn he saw a large blue racer lying by the stove. It was partly coiled up, with its head raised a little from the floor, and was intently watching a pie as it was baking in the oven, the door of which was partly open. As the boy came in the snake silently took his leave, and passing out of the open door disappeared under the wooden floor, where he is still a prisoner. The snake measured five feet in length and was as large around as a man's wrist.

Just in the Nick of Time.

Last Saturday evening, while James Beaurais, a member of the life-saving crew at the "mouth," was going from the station to his pier, he suddenly saw before him in the water the body of a child being swept under a building that stands in about eight feet of water. With great presence of mind Mr. Beaurais immediately plunged into the water and under the building and soon returned with what proved to be the unconscious body of his brother's 4-year-old child. On reaching the ground he soon succeeded in restoring the child to consciousness. One moment later and the child would have been drowned and no one would have known what had become of it.—*Muskegon Chronicle.*

A Boy Dragged to Death by a Cow.

A most distressing accident occurred in the family of John Schurer, of Ionia. His son, a boy of 10 years of age, started to lead a cow to a creek to drink. Half an hour later the boy's mangled remains were brought back to his home. He had made a slip-noose of the rope and drawn it around his waist. The cow became frightened and ran, dragging the boy along, cutting the body half in twain at the waist, and dragging out along the pavement what life remained. Few being in the street in that portion of the city, the cow must have run several blocks before she was at last seen and stopped by some ladies, who released the boy, but only to breathe his last in their arms. The rope was drawn into the flesh so tightly that they were obliged to cut it in pieces to remove it from the body.

A Strange Suicide.

Mrs. Sisman, a lady about 75 years of age, committed suicide by drowning herself in a barrel of rain water at White Rock, Huron county. She was one of the oldest of the old citizens of the shore. Her health has been failing for some time back, and in the absence of her attendant for a few moments she arose from her bed almost nude, and, it is supposed, deliberately went into the shed and precipitated herself headforemost into the barrel, where she was found a few moments after by one of the neighbors, dead. Her mind was not known to be impaired, but it is thought that she must have been insane when she thus disposed of her life. She resided in White Rock, and kept house with her son, Charles Sisman. She was a widow and leaves two sons.

A Big Hotel for Mackinac.

The Hon. Gurdon S. Hubbard has returned from Mackinac island, where he went in the interest of suitable summer hotel accommodations. He had grounds surveyed for private summer cottages on the bluff overlooking the straits. Adam Oliver, of Kalamazoo, the well-known landscape gardener, laid out the grounds with winding drives and walks, and the plans for the cottages and central dining-hall will be submitted and adopted in a few days, though it is not certain that the work of building can be completed in time for occupation the

present season. Mr. Hubbard has found that the railroads appreciate the necessity of a great hotel and suitable accommodations for the comfort and enjoyment of tourists. There is therefore a prospect that such an establishment large enough for 1,000 people will be erected within two years.

Attempted Murder.

Sunday morning early, and just as it began to grow gray in the east, after the rain, Dr. Fairfield, of this city, came very near being sent out of the world by an assassin's hand. While sleeping at his room in his father's house, on Lincoln street, some cowardly assassin stepped up to the window, which was in range with the bed, and fired a revolver at him, the ball passing through the window into the bedroom through an open door, and flattening itself on the marble of his commode. Mrs. Fairfield and the doctor were both awakened from a sound slumber, not fully realizing what had happened, and fell asleep again. A search in the morning found a twenty-two caliber ball flattened out lying on the floor, and the hole through the window. The doctor is at a loss to understand the affair, not being conscious of his having any deadly enemy as this one proves to be. The neighbors, who were up and within a short distance of the house at the time, did not think of anybody being engaged in so mean an act, and so the would-be assassin was allowed to escape. From the appearance of the hole in the window the person must have stood close to it when the revolver was fired.—*Battle Creek Cor. Detroit Post.*

Detroit's Celebrated Murder Case.

Hugh S. Peoples, a contractor and builder of this city, has been acquitted of the murder of Martha Whitt. This terminates one phase of the most remarkable criminal case ever known in this city. In March, 1879, the dead body of Martha, wrapped in burlap, with a gag over the mouth, was found floating in the river. It was not until a year later that her identity was established by articles found on her person. In August, 1880, the *Evening News* charged, in effect, that the disappearance of a \$400 note given by Peoples to the girl established a possible motive for her murder, and directed suspicion to Peoples. The latter had caused the arrest of two country lads for the murder, but they were promptly discharged. Nearly a year after the publication Peoples sued the *News* for libel, and the paper pleaded justification. On the trial he was charged with seduction, abortion, arson and murder. The verdict was against him, and he was at once arrested, with Dr. Hollywood, an alleged abortionist. On this trial, just concluded, the proof was inferential, except the evidence of a barber named De Rice, who swore positively that he was hired to assist in removing the dead girl's body from Hollywood's house; that it was placed in a buggy; and that he accompanied Peoples to the river and helped throw the corpse in. Peoples' acquittal is likely to cause a renewal of the suits against the newspapers. He now has a suit pending against the *Post and Tribune*, and the *News* case is now before the Supreme Court.—*Letter from Detroit.*

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by fifty-seven observers of diseases in different parts of the State, show causes of sickness during the week ending July 1, 1882, as follows:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Number and Per Cent. of Observers by Whom Each Disease Was Reported.	
	Number.	Per Cent.
1. Intermittent fever.....	43	75
2. Neuralgia.....	42	74
3. Rheumatism.....	41	72
4. Consumption of lungs.....	41	72
5. Bronchitis.....	37	65
6. Diarrhea.....	25	44
7. Remittent fever.....	23	40
8. Typhoid fever.....	23	40
9. Tonsillitis.....	20	35
10. Influenza.....	17	30
11. Erysipelas.....	13	23
12. Measles.....	11	19
13. Cholera morbus.....	11	19
14. Scarlet fever.....	10	18
15. Inflammation of bowels.....	9	16
16. Diphtheria.....	8	14
17. Cholera infantum.....	7	12
18. Dysentery.....	6	11
19. Whooping-cough.....	6	11
20. Cerebro-spinal meningitis.....	6	11
21. Typhoid fever (enteric).....	5	9
22. Typho-malarial fever.....	5	9
23. Chicken-pox.....	4	7
24. Puerperal fever.....	4	7
25. Inflammation of brain.....	3	5
26. Mumps.....	2	4
27. Small-pox.....	2	4

Beside those tabulated above, the following-named diseases were reported each by one observer: Membranous croup, diabetes, sore throat and chorea. For the week ending July 1, 1882, the reports indicate that measles, typho-malarial fever, inflammation of the bowels, intermittent fever, whooping-cough and puerperal fever decreased in area of prevalence. There was no marked increase in any disease reported.

At the State Capitol, during the week ending July 1, the prevailing winds were north-west, and, compared with the preceding week, the average temperature was higher, the average absolute humidity and the average day ozone were more, the average relative humidity was about the same, and the average night ozone was less.

Including reports by regular observers and by others, diphtheria was reported present during the week ending July 1, and since, at 12 places; scarlet fever at 14 places, measles at 13 places and small-pox at 4 places, as follows: At Detroit and Grand Rapids; at Kalamazoo (1 case, convalescent), July 3; at Flint (many cases), July 5.

Reports from sanitary inspectors during the week ending July 1 mention 1 case of measles found among immigrants arriving at Port Huron, and 1 case of measles among those arriving at Detroit.

HENRY B. BAKER, Secretary.

Several South American States.

Transvaal was, until 1877, a republic, and was British territory, but had its independence restored in 1881. Great Britain retaining the suzerainty. The area is about 114,500 square miles, and the population includes about 40,000 persons of European descent, while the native Africans are estimated at all the way from 260,000 to 650,000. The chief exports are ostrich feathers, ivory, cattle, cereals, tobacco, etc. The heavy game in what is now Transvaal was only a few years ago found in numbers that are described as enormous, and the large mammals are still numerous. The discovery of diamonds was made in 1866, north of the Vaal River, and since then diamond mining has been very successful in that district. The country also contains gold, copper, lead, iron, tin, and coal. There are several considerable towns. Mooriverdorp, or Potoscheström, Pretoria, Leydenburg, Rustenburg, and Zoutpansburg. The European inhabitants are chiefly emigrant farmers. Natal is on the southeast coast of Africa, 800 miles from the Cape of Good Hope. The colony, formerly a part of the Cape of Good Hope settlement, was in 1856 erected into a separate colony under the British crown, and until 1879 represented by a Lieutenant Governor, and since then by a Governor, who is assisted in the administration by an executive and legislative council. Its area is 21,000 square miles, with a seaboard of 150 miles; in 1880 the population was 406,625, about one in every sixteen being of European descent, and the remainder native Africans. The climate is salubrious, there being no extremes either of heat or cold; the coast region for about twenty-five miles inland is very fertile; sugar, coffee, indigo, arrow-root, ginger, tobacco, and cotton thrive; the midland district is better adapted to cereals and the usual crops known among our people; on the higher plateau along the mountains, are immense tracts of pasture, where cattle and sheep do well. There is one harbor on the coast, D'Urban or Port Natal. Among the natural resources are copper, coal, and iron; large forests of timber in the neighborhood of the mountains. Wool, sugar, ivory, and hides are exported. British Caffraria, or Kaffraria, as it is sometimes written, was wrested by the settlers of Cape Colony from the natives in the war of 1846-7, and is now a part or district of Cape Colony; its area is about 6,500 square miles. It is well watered, has many fertile valleys in the spurs of the mountains in the north, and is in some respects an attractive district. The European population is chiefly of British and German descent. In the year 1859 it was divided into farms of 1,000 to 3,000 acres, granted free on certain terms of settlement and defense. The last census reports place the population at about 125,000, of whom some 10 per cent. are of European descent. Zululand lies north of Natal, and receives its name from the tribes whose home it has been. A good deal of the country along the coast is very flat, marshy, and unhealthy. Up from the coast, where the level is higher, lies a generally fertile region, which is healthy, and where sugar, cotton, and other tropical products may be grown, as in the other colonies. There is quite a trade carried on by the traders from Natal in ivory, rhinoceros' horns, hides, etc. The Orange Free State has an area of 45,000 square miles and a population of 65,000. It is a republic, and the ruling people are the Boers. The climate is dry, temperate, and salubrious; the settlers are chiefly engaged in stock-raising; coal and iron have been found, also gold, and the diamond-fields have attracted many to them in recent years. These several colonies and republics have generally an elevated surface, back from the coast, are more or less mountainous, have in the main a climate like that of Southern Europe, are well watered, but have few streams that are navigable.

The Guests for Dinner.

The easiest dinner to arrange pleasantly, unless it be one given to a small circle of intimate friends, is when your chief guest is a person of well-known and decided tastes. It is easy enough to decide what set of people would be most interested in and most agreeable to an eminent author, or artist or scientist. If it is a young bride, or a woman of fashion to whom you wish to show a courtesy, people of similar taste and corresponding social standing should be asked. Every hostess likes to secure a wit for her dinner table, but there is just a little danger in inviting the too-too brilliant man lest he put all the others in the shade and give them that sense of being under an extinguisher which does not conduce to the enjoyment of even the feeblest luminary. There is a story about a certain General in the United States army who was one of the cleverest talkers of his time, and who was well known to not be averse to do most of the talking himself. He was marching up a long hill in Mexico, accompanied by his staff. He began to talk at the foot of the hill, and grew more and more eloquent as he went on and up. He flashed, he sparkled, he philosophized, he jested, and at last the top of the hill was reached. Thereupon he turned to his officers and bowed with the sweetest serenity. "Gentlemen," he said, "the hill is climbed, and we have had a most delightful conversation." The staff smiled as one man, with a smile that was child-like and bland, for they had purposely refrained, every soul of them, from speaking a single word during the whole march. This kind of a good talker is not exactly the one whom it is safe to invite to dinner.

In the vicinity of the city of Brunswick, Germany, are 1,500 acres of asparagus beds, yielding on an average \$190 per acre per annum. Eight factories are engaged in preserving and canning this and other vegetables, employing 1,000 men, women and boys in the various departments.

John Bull is getting out his chalk to figure the possible expense of the military operations in Egypt. A London newspaper reckons the price of intervention between \$20,000,000 and \$22,500,000. But the cost of wars cannot be fixed beforehand like that of buying a thousand oxen or laying a hundred miles of railroad.

The Ohio Valley, between Steubenville and Moundsville, is in mourning over the terrible disaster at Mingo Junction through the collision of the Scioto and the Lomas. But something more than mourning is called for. The case was clearly one of reckless sacrifice of life. The testimony already taken shows that the crash occurred simply because both steamers were determined to take the same side of the channel, and that each proceeded to do so without waiting to observe whether the other had consented to sheer off. Both pilots then simultaneously reversed their engines; but it was too late, and within three minutes the Scioto had sunk. If there is law in that region to protect human life, it should be invoked to punish all who can in any way be held responsible for this slaughter.

The first step in the hostile intervention in affairs in Egypt has been taken by Great Britain. The bombardment of the fortification at Alexandria began Tuesday morning as threatened, and was continued until Thursday morning compelling the Egyptians to retreat. The objects of the British in intermeddling is well known and distinctly avowed. It is to restore order. In other words, to restore the condition of things as they were before Arabi Pasha trampled upon British and French financial control of Egypt, and really set himself up as the ruler of his country. It is quite probable that some of the important points will be occupied by British troops and that the country will be practically held by the British until there is a complete recognition of the British claims. It will be galling to the Sultan to have the work of "pacifying" Egypt taken out of his hands. It will render even more frail the tie that binds Egypt to the Ottoman Empire. But the Sultan will hardly venture to interfere, for interference would deprive him of his best friend in Europe, and no other power, except France, which shows a disposition to keep out of the broil has a sufficient stake in the issue to justify a hostile course.

Unless the British aim shall appear to be one of conquest, and this is, and will be, disclaimed, no other foreign power is likely to take an active part in the campaign. Yet the effects of a reduction of the Egyptians to submission—the effect of the "restoration of order"—will be to tighten the British grip on Egypt, and to make that country in reality more a British than a Turkish dependency.

Piles. No Cure No Pay.

We will give One Thousand Dollars to any sufferer from Piles, or any Physician who will bring a case we cannot cure. Charges reasonable, consultation free. The afflicted and physicians can now make \$1,000 if we fail. No humbug or quackery here! Treatment Painless!! At the City Hotel, Holland, Mich. See card in other column.

S. B. JAMISON, M. D.
Dr. Brinkerhoff, assistant.

New Advertisements.

CHICAGO.

The passenger steamer
DOUGLAS
will leave Holland for Saugatuck, Douglas, and Chicago, tri-weekly on
Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday
at 8 o'clock p. m.

For information in regard to passage and freight inquire at the store of E. J. Harrington, or at the City Hotel.

Fare, \$2.50; Round Trip, \$4.

PILES
NO CURE! NO PAY.
CURE GUARANTEED
TREATMENT PAINLESS.
40,000 OPERATIONS AND NOT ONE DEATH.
DR. BRINKERHOFF'S SYSTEM
Dr. Brinkerhoff's assistant, S. B. Jamison, M. D., will be at the City Hotel, Holland, Mich., Aug. 10, Sept. 7, Oct. 5, Nov. 3 and 30, Dec. 28, 1882; and Jan. 23, Feb. 20, March 22, April 19, May 17, June 14, 1883. Consultation free.
S. B. JAMISON, M. D.

Gold Pens

H. D. Post has just opened the finest assortment of GOLD PENS in the city. They are from one of the oldest and best manufacturers in New York, and pens are warranted 14 k. gold. Call and see them.
22-4w.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, ss.
At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Saturday the eighth day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Arend Van Duren deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Gerrit J. Van Duren, representing that said Arend Van Duren, lately died in said County of Ottawa, and praying among other things that this court may adjudicate and determine the heirs at law of said deceased, and who are entitled to said real estate. Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the

Seventh day of August, next at one o'clock, in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the probate office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the person interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A true copy. (Attest.)
22-4w SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate

Dr. Schouten's SPECIFIC FAMILY Remedies.

DR. SCHOUTEN'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF RHUBARB, is too well known to the public to need any recommendation. It is enough to say, as is proven by numerous testimonials, and hundreds besides who have used it, that it is exactly what is claimed for it. If you or your children are troubled with diarrhoea, one or two doses will convince you as to the merits of the preparation. In complaints of children it has no equal. It being a Tonic for the bowels, cures all these miserable complaints, when not of too old standing, with a few doses. It does not only check the Diarrhoea, but after being stopped, it moves the bowels naturally again.

ANTI-BILIOUS and EXPECTORANT PILLS. These Pills are rapidly taking the place of all others. They are composed of the most valuable tonic, alterative and cathartic properties known, and, acting directly upon the liver, stomach and bowels, effectually purify the blood. Their action is mild, yet always cleansing, but never griping or painful. If you use them once, you will always prefer them above all others.

"OLD ABE" BITTERS. These Bitters are an excellent Tonic and Appetizer, and are very popular with those who are acquainted with their virtues.

AROMATIC SPIRITS. This distilled liquid is a remedy for all kinds of pain, in young and old, and is an instant restorative for disordered stomachs after a debauch. It is taken from the Belgian Pharmacopoeia. The formula can be found on the bottles.

BALSAM LOCATELLI (Spijker Balsam.) This Balsam is a wonderful healer, and works like a charm in all kinds of wounds, cuts, bruises and burns.

IPECAC TROCHES. The great and well-known specific remedy—Ipecac—for croup, coughs and colds, influenza, etc., is the main feature of these Troches, and prepared in such a nice manner that they are craved for like Candy. The formula is on the box. See Pharmacopoeia Neerlandica.—This is an excellent remedy for hoarseness, and is highly recommended for public speakers.

DR. SCHOUTEN'S COUGH BALSAM. This is a valuable combination of expectorants and compounded in such a manner that old and young pronounce it palatable. In severe cases it is recommended to take a few of Dr. Schouten's Expectorant Pills, at night before retiring.

R. A. SCHOUTEN, M. D., Proprietor.

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DRUGGISTS,
HOLLAND, - - - MICH.
11-4f

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery.

WHEATON B. GIBSON, Complainant.
vs.
FREDERICK O. NYE, and
KATE NYE, Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, made in the above entitled cause, on May fifteenth, A. D. 1882: Notice is hereby given that on the Eighth day of August, A. D. 1882, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, (said Court House being the place of holding the circuit court in said County of Ottawa) I, the subscriber, a circuit court commissioner in and for said County, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the lands and premises described in said decree, being all of that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the City of Holland, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, viz.: A certain piece or parcel of lot numbered one in block numbered forty-two (42) in said City of Holland, and more particularly described by its boundary lines, as follows, commencing on the northeast corner of said lot numbered one (1) and running thence on the north line of said lot seventy-six and nine-twelfths feet (76 9-12) west and thence running south parallel with the east line thereof to the south line of said lot; and thence running east seventy-six and nine-twelfths (76 9-12) feet to the south-east corner of said lot numbered one (1) and thence north on the east line of said lot to the place of beginning.
Dated June 21st, A. D. 1882.

AREND VISSCHER,
Circuit Court Commissioner, Ottawa County,
Michigan.
J. C. POSE, Solicitor for Complainant.

\$350 A MONTH! AGENTS WANTED!
75 Best Selling Articles in the World! a sample free. Ad. JAY BRONSON, Detroit, 2142

Proposed Improvement of Twelfth Street. Special Assessment District.

CITY OF HOLLAND.
Clerk's Office July 6th, 1882.
To Mrs. Harm Smits, John Van Anrooy, Jan Van Vorst, Wm. J. Scott, Wm. C. Mells, Mrs. R. Scholten, H. Kremers, G. Van Scheiven, Edward Vanpell, Mrs. E. E. Myrick, Jacobus Meunissen, Hans Thompson, Lammert Ter Beek, Wm. B. Gilmore, Isaac F. Bangs, Hendrik Niemeyer, John G. Haisman, Helena H. Planstiel, Hope College, P. Baarman, Bastiaan Steketee, John Haverkate, Dirk Sluyter, Otto Breyman, N. K. Albee, City of Holland, and any and all other persons interested in the premises hereinafter named:

You and each of you are hereby notified: That the Common Council of the City of Holland have caused to be made and deposited with the City Clerk for public examination, the profiles, diagrams and estimates of the expense for the proposed grading, claying and graveling of a part of Twelfth Street in said City, to wit: from River to Fish street.

That said improvement was determined upon by the Common Council at their meeting of June 14th, 1882, at which meeting it was resolved:

That all of that part of Twelfth street as aforesaid be graded, the entire width thereof, pursuant to grade and profile to be established by the Common Council as hereinafter further directed:

That the stumps be removed and the side-walks as aforesaid, taken up wherever this shall be made necessary, and relaid upon the grade to be established as above set forth, after the grading work proper is completed;

That after such grading is completed a road-bed be constructed of clay and gravel, along the center of said part of Twelfth street, as follows: the average thickness of clay and gravel to be nine inches, viz: four inches of clay and five inches of gravel; the clay bed to be five inches thick in the center of the street, and to taper down to three inches at the sides; the gravel bed to be seven inches thick in the center of the street and taper down to three inches at the sides; the clay to be put down first; the width of said clay and gravel beds to be twenty feet or less, to be further determined by the Common Council at the time of letting, with a view of keeping the entire costs of said improvement within the limit of twelve hundred dollars as prayed for by the petitioners; the quality of both clay and gravel to be approved by the Common Council at the time of letting the job; That the expense and costs of said improvement and work be defrayed by a special assessment upon the land and premises abutting upon that part of said Twelfth street as aforesaid; and that the frontage of Centennial Park, or Market Square, on said Twelfth street and the intersections of Fish, Cedar, Market and River street with said part of Twelfth street as aforesaid, be assessed against the city and paid from the General Fund; that the taking up and re-laying of cross-walks, if such should become necessary, be done by street commissioner under instructions of the Common Council;

That the lots and lands upon which said special assessment shall be levied shall include the south half of block fifty (occupied as one parcel by Hope College); lots one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight in block fifty-three; lots nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, and sixteen in block forty-nine; lots one, two, three, four, five and six in block fifty-four; and lots one, two, three, four and five in block fifty-five, or such subdivisions of said lots, blocks or lands as may be abutting upon said part of Twelfth street as aforesaid; also Centennial Park, or Market Square, and the portion of said Twelfth street and the street intersections where said part of Twelfth street crosses Fish, Cedar, Market and River streets; and the said lands and premises shall be designated and are hereby declared to constitute a Special Street District for the purpose of special assessment, to defray the costs and expense of grading, claying and graveling and otherwise improving said part of Twelfth street as aforesaid, said district to be known as "East Twelfth Street Special Assessment District."

That on Wednesday the 26th day of June, 1882, at 7:30 p. m., the Common Council will meet at their Rooms to consider any objections to said estimate, plans, diagrams and profiles, that may be made.

By Order of the Common Council,
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.



WEBB'S ECLECTIC MEDICINE.

It is a positive and effectual remedy for all Nervous Diseases in every stage of life—youth or old, male or female. Such as Impotency, Prostration, loss of Strength, loss of Vitality, Defective Memory, Impaired Brain Power, and diseases from which an unnatural waste of life springs, all of which cannot fail to undermine the whole system. Every organ is weakened, every power prostrated, and many forms of disease are generated which, if not checked, pave the way to an early death. It rejuvenates age and reinvigorates youth.

Each package contains sufficient for two weeks treatment. Write for pamphlet, which will be sent free, with full particulars.
Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents a package, or twelve packages for \$5.00. Will be sent free by mail on receipt of money, by addressing
WEBB'S ECLECTIC MEDICINE CO.,
A Cure Guaranteed. Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in Holland by D. R. Meengs. 22-1y

FROM GROECFCHAP to HOLLAND

The undersigned desires to call the attention of the people of Holland and vicinity to the fact that he has purchased the

First Ward Grocery House

COR. EIGHT & FISH STREETS,
and is prepared to serve the public with everything that pertains to a first-class

GROCERY Store

Butter & Eggs always on hand.

GIVE ME A CALL.

Don't forget the place No. 192, Eighth street, cor. Fish.
F. DEN UYL.
HOLLAND, Mich., April 24, 1882. 12-1y

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. The Great En-TRADE MARK. glia R. and G. an unflinching cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse; Loss of Memory; Universal Lasciviousness, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.
Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 105 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
For Sale in Holland by Heber Walsh. 32-1y

D-THOMAS ECLECTRIC OIL

Cures Rheumatism, Lum-
bago, Lam Back, Sprains and
Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh,
Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat,
Diphtheria, Burns, Frost
Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Head-
ache, and all pains and aches.

The best internal and external remedy in the world. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eight languages.

Price 50 cents and \$1.00.
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs,
BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.



NEILSON'S SECRET FOR THE COMPLEXION.

A Most Elegant Toilet Preparation.
As its name implies, it was the favorite and only preparation used by that most beautiful and accomplished actress, MISS ADELAIDE NEILSON, for whom it was expressly prepared and supplied by the inventor, not only during her stay in this country, but when in England and Europe. The wondrous transparent beauty and freshness of complexion, for which MISS NEILSON was noted, is the best recommendation that can be offered in its behalf. It is a most delightful adjunct to the toilet, especially after exposure to the hot sun or winds, as it prevents tan, freckles, etc., and gives a delightful cooling and refreshing feeling to the surface. It is perfectly harmless. The proprietors offer ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS to any one who can find even a trace of any mineral, poisonous, or deleterious substance whatever, in NEILSON'S SECRET for the complexion.
This "recherche" preparation for the toilet does not give a whitened appearance to the face, like Humpy Dumpty in the Pantomime, but so assimilates itself with the skin that it cannot be detected even under the brilliant glare of the Electric Light. PRICE, 25 CENTS.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods, or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price in stamps. Address
MME. MARIE FONTAINE,
110 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

IN THE NEW

GROCERY

AND

DRY GOODS STORE

OF

C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries,—always of the Fresh and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.

HOLLAND, Oct. 12th, 1880. 36-1y

ATTENTION

Farmers and

Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Heading Bolts 38 inches long.
Basswood Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.

JAS. KONING, Supt.

Com'l. College

Young Men and Women will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a Thorough, Quickening, Practical Education. Send for College Journal.

1882. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1882.

MILLINERY and LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Kid Gloves, Fans, Beads,

Bonnets, Dress and Hair Ornaments, Worsted, Canvas, Cardboard, Cord and Tassels, Rushes, Collars, Mantellets, Infants Cloaks, Veiling, Silks, Moire Antique and Plain Velvets, Crape, Laces, Flowers, Feathers, and a full assortment of the latest styles of Hats and Bonnets Ribbons Moire Antique, plain and fancy.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

HIGHTH STREET. - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!



DR. J. B. MARCHISI,

UTICA, N. Y.

Discoverer of DR. MARCHISI'S

UTERINE CATHOLICON,

A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.
Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhoea, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price \$1.50 per bottle. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.
For Sale by D. R. MEENGs.

Thousands of graves are annually robbed of their victims, lived prolonged, happiness and health restored by the use of the great

ROBBED

German Invigorator

which positively and permanently cures Impotency (caused by excesses of any kind), Seminal Weakness, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse, as loss of energy, loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave.
Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. The Invigorator is sold at \$1 per box, or six boxes for \$5, by all druggists, or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of price, by addressing
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Druggist,
187 Summit St., Toledo, Ohio.

Schouten & Schepers Sole Agents for Holland.

Nervous Debility:

A Cure Guaranteed.

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment: a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only when the treatment is ordered direct from us. Address JOHN C. WEST & CO., Sole Proprietors, 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich. 33-1y

JUST RECEIVED

at the Store of

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

SPRING & SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

DRESS GOODS,

CASHMERES,

DELAINEES,

GINGHAMS,

CALICOES,

TABLE LINEN.

GENTS' FURNISHING' GOODS.

DUTCHESS OVERALLS, &c.

A Full Line of

Hats and Caps,

Fresh Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

G. Van Putten & Sons.

HOLLAND, March 24th, 1882.



Is a Sure, Prompt and Effectual Remedy for Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, equal Prostration, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhoea, emal Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores to the Exhausted Generative Organs. The experience of thousands proves it an Invaluable Remedy, for both sexes. The Magnetic Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two weeks' medication, and is the cheapest and best. Particulars in our pamphlet, which we mail free to any address.
MAGNETIC MEDICINE is sold by Druggist at \$1 per box, or six boxes for \$5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by addressing
MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
No. 4 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Holland by Heber Walsh, Druggist. 8-1y

JOTTINGS.

PICNICS by the score.

THE wheat harvest will commence next week.

THE mules beat, as they always do, in that exciting law suit of last week.

EAGLE Fire Engine Co., No. 1, were out trying the fire-wells last Wednesday evening.

THE schooner D. A. Wells was in port this week "painting up." She looks pretty as a pumpkin in a corn field.

THE price of beef in Allegan has been reduced to 10 cents a pound. What is the matter with our butchers? It looks as though they were behind the times.

MR. C. Knutson returned last Monday from a little summer tour. Charlie looks well and says he enjoyed himself hugely.

REV. W. Wiellaga, of the Netherlands, has declined, for the second time, the call of the First Ref. Church (Majority) of this city.

LAST Sunday morning the dwelling house of E. F. Lillie of Coopersville, burned to the ground. Two children perished in the flames.

THE Third Ref. Church sabbath school held their picnic at Macatawa Park, last Thursday. The day's recreation was enjoyed by a host of little people.

MR. C. H. Harmon, the first ward tonorial artist, has added a new chair to his barber-shop. We know it's a good one; for we have tried it and got a nice clean shave while sitting in it.

THE Sunday school of the First Ref. Church (majority) went to Macatawa Park last Tuesday. The day was a beautiful one and nothing occurred to mar the pleasure of the occasion.

MRS. G. J. Nyland, of Collendoorn, a locality a few miles south of this city, died very suddenly last Monday morning, of heart disease. Mrs. Nyland was 25 years of age and leaves a child two weeks old.

MR. Henry Fairbanks, his brother-in-law Dr. Goodrich, of Ohio, and the Drs. little daughter, aged 12 years, caught, one day last week, 25 black bass, the largest weighing 5 lbs; 5 pickerel, weight 32½ lbs; and a muskallonge of 25 pounds. The little girl caught the muskallonge. This is a pretty good day's fishing.

A YOUNG Odd Fellow was received at the residence of Mr. John Kramer, of the third ward, last Wednesday night. The boy is to follow the footsteps of his father and attain the office of Alderman of this city. He aspires, so we hear, to the position of Mayor. His aspiration exceed those of most boys of his age, and we think they come up to those of the "dad."

THE following persons stopped at the City Hotel this week and "took in" the pleasures of Macatawa Bay: James Blair, William F. Kohn, P. A. Cathy and wife, Dr. & Mrs. L. D. Putnam, Miss Isabella Putnam, Miss Belle Storkey, Mr. and Mrs. Storke, R. Montgomery, Judge J. W. Stone and wife, A. R. Antisdell and wife, Grand Rapids; W. W. Vosburg and wife, F. C. Hall, H. Hart, Jos. M. Killeen, M. T. Ryan, Allegan; Mrs. Wellington, Boston.

THE steamer Douglas will make tri-weekly trips, during the remainder of this season, between this city and Chicago, stopping at Saugatuck and Douglas. Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday are the days and three o'clock in the afternoon is the time when she will leave this place. It now remains with our people to say whether this line shall be a permanent one or not. Fare to Chicago is \$2.50 and for round trip \$4. For freight or passage apply to E. J. Harrington.

WORK on the new flouring mill is progressing finely. Twenty carpenters are at work preparing the timbers for the building. It is expected that everything will be ready for erecting the frame next week. The first car load of machinery arrived last Monday. There seems to be a good healthy and bracing atmosphere around that immediate part of the city and any person interested in the growth of Holland walks River street with a degree of assurance unknown to him a year ago.

THERE were no services at M. E. Church last Sunday, because the doors of the Church were not in accordance with the State law, and as recommended by the City Building Committee. The officers of the Church proposed to be law abiding citizens, and as we are informed, have changed the doors of the Church, and now hold a certificate from the building committee. Officers of Churches, without certificates, are liable to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, and 90 days and not more than one year in the house of correction, for each and every service held in their Churches. It seems to us that there are Churches in this city that ought to see to this matter.

OTTAWA county will have a good wheat and potato crop this year.

QUITE a party of pleasure seekers are camped on the north side of the harbor.

CARL Nienhart, the little printer of Grand Rapids, called on the News last Thursday.

REV. D. Van Pelt, pastor of Hope Church, of this city, is visiting with friends in the East.

TO-MORROW the Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, will preach the Gospel from the pulpit of the M. E. Church at Muskegon.

MR. Ben. Van Patten started on a little trip last Monday. He "takes in" Milwaukee and a few other Wisconsin cities.

WE are informed that the scarlet fever scare in Jamestown was all a hoax, there being only one or two cases in the whole town.

THE frame of the extension to the dry house of the Cappon & Bertsch Leather Company has been raised and presents a commanding appearance.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., July 13th, 1882: Mrs. S. A. Hovey.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

OUR thanks are due to Mr. B. P. Higgins, the photographer, for a picture of the decorations of Hope Church on the occasion of the last General Commencement Exercises of Hope College.

EAGLE Fire Engine Co., No. 1. will hold a picnic at Macatawa Park next Wednesday. All the city companies have been invited to participate, and a very pleasant time is expected.

AMONG the items of increase in the amendments to the river and harbor bill are the following for Michigan ports: Harbor at Black Lake, \$6,000; Frankfort, \$5,000; harbor of refuge at Lake Huron, \$25,000; harbor at Manistee, \$5,000; harbor of refuge at Portage, \$5,000; harbor at Saugatuck, \$3,000; improving Detroit river, \$10,000; harbor at New Buffalo, \$5,000. The reader will observe that our harbor has an increase of \$6,000, for which we can thank Senator Ferry. This makes the total appropriation for Holland harbor \$10,000.

ZEELAND ITEMS.

LAST Saturday, Mr. John De Pree lost his only daughter, aged seven years, by scarlet fever. A few more cases are reported, but they are not serious.

MR. H. Bouman, father of Mrs. John Huizenga, one of the old pioneers of this village, died last Sunday night of typhoid fever. Mr. Bouman was seventy-nine years of age.

THE Zeeland Fire Department will give an excursion to Macatawa Park on Friday, July 28th. The cornet band will be in attendance in full uniform. Tickets can be purchased at Brusse's clothing store, De Kruif's drug store, and at Roozenraad Bros. furniture store. A special train will leave Zeeland at 8 o'clock. Everybody wishing to have a pleasant time, should make use of this opportunity of visiting one of the rising and most popular summer resorts in Michigan. The Committee of Arrangements have made all the necessary preparations for a general good time; and, as the hopes of the department are centered in the success of this excursion, "give them a lift."

GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

MESSRS. Ernest Andres and J. Koolman, plead "guilty" to the charge of selling liquor on the Fourth and were each fined \$25 and costs of suit.

THE schooner yacht Vicking, of Chicago, arrived here on Wednesday last. She is a fine looking vessel, splendidly equipped, and is on a cruise around the lakes.

THE long delayed Washington street graveling job is now in a fair way of being finished. The stone for the gutters are on the ground and are being rapidly laid. When the whole is completed it will enhance the value of the property on the street as well as improve the appearance of the whole city. The streets gravelled thus far, stand the wear of travel well, and it is only to be hoped that the good work may progress and soon supercede the old saw-dust roads that were continually out of repair.

THE steam barge, White & Friant, came in Sunday morning with her flags at half mast. When about fifteen miles from Grand Haven, Aart Van Toll, a resident of this city, had jumped overboard. He was seen by a fireman who gave immediate alarm and the barge was stopped as soon as possible, but nothing was seen of the unfortunate young man. Van Toll was born in this city and his parents reside here at present. He had been drinking quite heavily of late and it is supposed that the effects of the liquor drove him to do the rash deed.

EX Mayor Steketee, of Grand Rapids, was in town last Monday.

MR. H. D. Post has added a fine assortment of Gold Pens to his line of trade. Go and see them.

OUR City Treasurer, Mr. C. Landaal, started on a visit to his parents in Waupun, Wis., last Sunday evening.

WE have received a copy of "The Villa Bohemia", a new work published by Kochendoerfer & Urie, 200 Broadway, N. Y. Price 50 cts.

REV. G. Niemeyer, a graduate of Hope College, was installed last week as pastor of the Ref. Church of Detroit, by the Rev. A. Kriekard, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

THERE will be a trial of self-binding harvesters, under the auspices of the West Michigan Farmers' club, on the farm of M. L. Sweet, at Grand Rapids, commencing next Monday. All the leading machines will take part.

THE meeting at Eaton Rapids of the Central Michigan trotting, pacing and running circuit will be held August 2, 3, 4 and 5 and no pains will be spared to make it a success. Purse \$2,750. Fine trotting and running may be expected, if the weather is favorable. Admission 25 cents and ladies free. For programme, address A. Osborn, secretary, Eaton Rapids, Mich.

RELIGIOUS services for to-morrow: Hope Church—Rev. D. Van Pelt, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 8 o'clock p. m. First Ref. Church, (Church Edifice)—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. First Ref. Church, (College Chapel)—Services 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Third Ref. Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor; services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

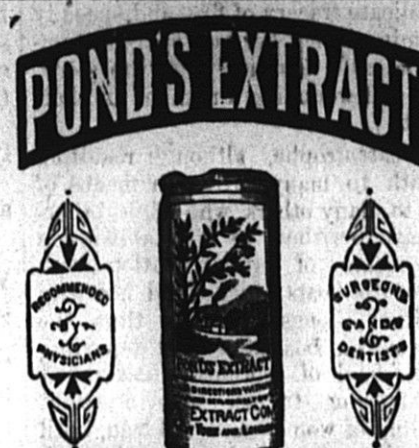
AT a meeting of the executive committee of the Soldiers and Sailors' Association of Southwestern Michigan, Three Rivers was selected as the place, and August 23d, 24th and 25th, as the time for holding the next annual encampment. This is the largest military association in the State and the coming meeting promises to be the largest one ever held. It is no local affair, but every Michigan regiment is represented in it. Last year 20,000 people were present and 1,500 soldiers in line. The State troops will be present, and the program, although not yet fully made up, suggests a scheme for a sham battle, in which the veterans should be pitted against the "milish."

Real Estate Transfers in Ottawa County.

For the week ending July 8, 1882.

This list includes only such as seem to be bona fide sales, quit claims, where the consideration is very small, not given.

Dirk H. Dekker and wife to Pieter Elenbaas, lot 1, blk 2, Zeeland. \$325.
Berend Zeebouth and wife to Charles Christman, lot 228, Grand Haven. \$300.
Cornelia Van der Voort and wife to Alice Kremers, lots 6 and 7, blk 54, Holland. \$1,200.
James W. Knight and wife to James Richardson, e ½ s e ¼, sec. 8, Robinson. \$150.
Aloys Bliz and wife to Thos. D. Denison, part lot 8, sec. 15, Spring Lake. \$300.
Robert Cantrell and wife to Leendert Van den Ouden, n w ¼ n w ¼, sec. 16, Allendale. \$150.
Thos. D. Denison and wife to Aloys Bliz, 100 ft. off e side lot 7, sec. 15, Spring Lake. \$500.
Mary L. Eastman to Joseph Koeltz, e ½ lot 156, Grand Haven. \$800.
Geert Geerlings to George De Vries and wife, e ½ s e ¼ s w ¼, sec. 15, Jamestown. \$600.
Curtis Stoddard to Edward E. Stiles, 40x34 rds in sec. 26, Robinson. \$100.
Clara E. Gee, to Eli Uiter, n w ¼ s w ¼, sec. 5, (except 1 acre) Olive. \$300.
Justus P. Reynolds and wife to Milton Velzy, n w ¼ of n e ¼, sec. 28, Allendale. \$700.
John Jackson, Jr. and wife to M. D. L. Hollis, 53½x30 rds in s w corner, sec. 15, Jamestown. \$475.
Charles C. Peavey and wife to Franklin French, e ½ w ¼ s e ¼, sec. 9, Crockerly. \$300.
Charles Fitzgerald by admin. to John Connell, s e ¼, sec. 24, Talmadge. \$5,100.
James A. Stephenson and wife, E. D. Blair and wife, to Gottfried Holzhelmer, und. ¼ s w fr ¼, sec. 25, Talmadge. \$300.
Minke D. Dykhuizen and wife to Albert Boeyink, lot 4 blk 4, Munroe & Harris add. Grand Haven. \$325.
James McCrie, to Anna McCrie, lot 146 Grand Haven. \$900.
Evan Hendershott and wife to Henry J. Rollins, n w ¼ s e ¼, sec. 11, Blendon. \$800.
Wopke Van Haltema and wife to Johannes Dykema, et. al. part lot 9 blk 29, Holland. \$300.
Charles Reynolds and wife to Annie McCrie, lot 145, Grand Haven. \$300.
Thomas D. Smith to Nathan Griswold, part s e ¼, sec. 36, Crockerly. \$400.
Nathan K. Albee to Eugene Fellows, s ½ lots 9 and 10 blk 49, Holland. \$400.
Outler & Savidge Lumber Co. to Loretta Ellenword, lot 2 blk 5, Haire Telford and Hancock's add. Spring Lake. \$150.
Loretta Ellenword to William De Vries, lot 2, blk 5 Haire Telford & Hancock's add. Spring Lake. \$180.
Brannon Hyde, to Clara Behnes, s w ¼ s e ¼, sec. 1, Blendon. \$1,000.
Sarah E. Hoadley and hus. to Jacob D. Pool, et. al. n e ¼ s w ¼, sec. 1, Grand Haven. \$900.
Peter De Bruin and wife to David L. Boyd, und. ¼ lot 14 blk 1, western add. Holland. \$550.
Jacob Kamphuis and wife to Gerrit Kamphuis, e ½ s ½ n e ¼, sec. 28, Olive. \$280.
Gerrit Schippers and wife to Carlos Santinga, s ½ n ½ s w ¼ and n ½ s w ¼, sec. 28, Polkton. \$1,800.
Julia A. Green to Edsal S. Gale, n e ¼, sec. 18, Holland. \$1,000.
Edsal S. Gale and wife to John W. Bennett, s ½ n w fr ¼, sec. 18, Holland. \$500.
Addison Tompkins and wife to Julia E. Claus, et. al. e ½ s e ¼, sec. 6, Olive. \$650.
Reinder Temple to Goosen Mengers, e ½ lot 8 blk 30, Munroe & Harris add. Grand Haven. \$675.
Gerrit Zaalmink and wife to Frederick A. Cody, part s e ¼, sec. 36, Holland. \$3,500.
Israel H. Harris and wife to Charles S. Scofield, 4½ rds off s side lots 1 and 2 all of lot 3, and part n e ¼ s e ¼, sec. 2, Spring Lake. \$3,500.
Kornelia Kamhout to John Danhof, 36 ft off e end of n ½ lot 276. \$108.
Emily C. Williams et. al. to May Wyman, part lot 8, sec. 15, Spring Lake. \$800.
Trijntje Hoekstra to Roelof Lubbers, und. ¼ s w ¼ s e ¼ fr ¼, s w ¼, sec. 19, and und. ¼ n ½ s e ¼ n w ¼ fr ¼, sec. 30, Zeeland. \$800.
Roelof Lubbers and wife to Trijntje Hoekstra, nee Lubbers, und. ¼ s e ¼ s e ¼ s e ¼, sec. 24, Holland, and und. ¼ s ½ s e ¼ n w fr ¼, sec. 30, Zeeland. \$800.



THE WONDER OF HEALING!

Catarrh. The Extract is the only specific for this disease. Cold in Head, etc. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases. Our Nasal Syringe invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and inexpensive.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped.

Diphtheria and Sore Throat. Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.

Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIALTIES AND TOILET ARTICLES
POND'S EXTRACT.....50c., \$1.00, \$1.75.
Toilet Cream.....1.00
Catarrh Cure..... 75
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Inhaler (Glass 50c.).....1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cakes)..... 50
Nasal Syringe..... 25
Ointment..... 50
Medicated Paper..... 25
Family Syringe, \$1.00.

LADIES, read pages 13, 16, 21 and 26 of our

New Pamphlet, which accompany each bottle.

OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO

POND'S EXTRACT CO.,

14 West 14th St., New York.

Full line of above preparations, displayed, in one of Pond's Extract Co. Show Cases sold by H. WALSH, Holland Mich.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL ON

R. A. BRAYMAN,

At the old place of L. T. Kanters.

An entire new stock of

Stationery and Confectionery,

FANCY GOODS,

CIGARS and TOBACCOS.

Complete and well selected stock of

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ALBUMS

As cheap as the cheapest.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 9, 1882. 1-1y

MACATAWA PARK

—AND—

LAKE MICHIGAN.

The new and fast steam yacht

Henry F. Brower

will leave the dock at the head of Black Lake every week day, commencing Monday, June 12th, at 8:30 a. m. and at 1:30 p. m., for round trip to Macatawa Park and return. Fare 25 cents for round trip.

HOLLAND, June 9, 1882. 18—

Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1881. 48-1y

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers, address J. M. REEVE, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

R. Kanters & Sons,

—dealers in—

General Hardware

We keep on hand a full stock of

Mixed and Dry Paints, Oils,

White Lead, Brushes, Etc.

Doors, Sash and Glass,

Garden Tools, Lawn Mowers,

OIL STOVES,

REFRIGERATORS,

DRAIN TILE.

Gas, Steam Fitting and Pump

Driving promptly done

on short notice.

Prompt attention given to all

work in Tin, Copper and

Sheet Iron.

R. KANTERS & SONS.

9-1f

Miss M. MEENGES

has opened a

MILLINERY STORE

on River Street, next to the drug store of D. R. Meenges, where she is prepared to furnish the public with all the latest style of

Hats and Bonnets

and wishes to announce to the Ladies of Holland and vicinity, that she is able to suit the most fastidious tastes with the latest styles of

TRIMMINGS, ETC.

Give her a call and

see for Yourself.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 20, 1882.

NEW STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

A large and elegant stock of FINE Ladies and

Gentlemen's Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers.

—:O:—

CALL AND SEE US.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES IN THE

JEWELRY STORE

—OF—

J. ALBERS,

8th STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

Clocks which have been sold for \$4, are now for sale at \$3. The entire stock on hand will be sold at that rate. Plated ware, Spectacles, etc., etc., will be sold at cost for the next 60 days.

Oct. 15, 1881. 37-1y

Kremers & Bangs,

—dealers in—

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.

Having purchased the entire stock and "good will" of T. E. Annis & Co., we will endeavor to merit, by fair treatment and honest competition, a share of the patronage of this public.

Physicians Prescriptions carefully Compounded.

KEMERS & BANGS.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 19th. 11-1y

THE KING OF THE PLOW.

BY PAUL H. HAYNE.

The sword is reathed in its scabbard,
The rifle hangs safe on the wall;
No longer we quail at the hungry,
Hot rusk of the ravenous ball—
The war-drum has hushed its last lightning,
Its last awful thunders are still.
While the Duxon of Conflict in Hades
Lies fettered in force as in will.
Above the broad fields that are ravaged,
What monarch rules blissfully now?
Oh! crown him with bays that are bloodless—
The King, the brave King of the Plow!

A King! ay! what Ruler more potent
Has ever waylaid earth by his nod?
A monarch! ay, more than a monarch—
A homely, but bountiful God!
He stands where in Earth's sure protection
The seed-grains are scattered and sown,
To uprise in serene resurrection
When Spring her soft trumpet hath blown!
A monarch! yes more than a monarch,
Through toil-drops are thick on his brow;
Oh! crown him with corn-leaf and wheat-leaf—
The King, the strong King of the Plow!

Through the shadow and shine of past ages
(While tyrants were blinded with blood),
He reared the pure ensign of Ceres
By meadow and mountain and flood—
And the long, leafy gold of his harvest
The earth-sprites and sleepers had spun,
Grew rhythmic when swept by the breezes,
Grew royal when kissed by the sun;
Before the stern charm of his patience
What rock-rooted forces must bow!
Come! crown him with corn-leaf and wheat-leaf—
The King, the bold King of the Plow!

Through valleys of balm-dropping mysties,
By banks of Arcadian streams,
Where the wild songs are set to the mystic
Mild murmur of passionless dreams;
On the storm-battered uplands of Thule,
By ice-girded fords and fies,
Alike speeds the spell of his godhood,
The bloom of his heritage grows;
A monarch! yes, more than a monarch—
All climes to his prowess must bow;
Come! crown him with bays that are stainless—
The King, the brave King of the Plow!

Far, far in earth's uttermost future,
As boundless of splendor as scope,
I see the fair angel—Fruitful,
Outsped the high heralds of hope;
The roses of joy reigh around him,
The lilies of sweetness and calm,
For the sword has been changed to the plow-share,
The lion lies down with the lamb!
O, angel majesty! We know thee,
Though raised and transfigured art thou—
This lord of life's grand consummation
Was once the swart King of the Plow!

THE BURNING TRANSPORT.

An English Naval Officer's Story.

The fleet lay off "North Fleet Hope,"
awaiting the flag of Rear Admiral Col-
fin, who had been appointed to succeed
the gallant Collingwood, and, a heavy
gale prevailing at the time, the ships
were rising to the wind, regardless of
tide, when night closed around us.

Some thirty sail of merchantmen, un-
der convey of one of our fastest frigates,
were anchored in the entrance of the
Downs, and between us and them lay
two convict ships, while a fleet of trans-
ports, with troops for the East Indies,
were anchored just astern of us, the
largest—the Wellesley—being anchored
on our starboard quarter, and scarcely
three cables' length distant.

Being senior passed Midshipman of
the old Sovereign at the time, I was
honored with supreme command of a
whole anchor watch, and, having the
first watch that night, enjoyed the hap-
piness (?) of strutting the quarter-deck
exposed to the wind and rain, while my
more humble, and consequently more
fortunate, watch mates sought shelter in
the lee of the bulwarks, or, stowed snug-
ly away beneath the guns, whiled away
the dreary watch with yarns of dangers
and battles passed.

It had just struck three bells, and,
save the measured tread of the sentinels
on duty, the pattering of the driving
rain and the deep breathings of full 600
sleepers, scarce a sound broke the si-
lence reigning throughout the vast hull
of the old Sovereign. Even I had halt-
ed, half dozing over my dreary watch at
an end, and half supported by the cabin
skylight was indulging in visions of calm
repose.

While standing thus, with face averted
from the driving storm, a deep red
gleam illuminated the darkness on our
starboard quarter, increasing so rapidly
that ere a minute elapsed the upper
works, lower masts and yards of the Wel-
lesley were plainly defined in the red
glare. In an instant the truth flashed
upon me, she was on fire; and, bound-
ing to the skylight, I shouted:

"Forward gun of the starboard for-
ward division on the spar-deck! Fire!"
It was our signal gun, and kept con-
tinually loaded, so that my order was
obeyed in an instant, while I followed
up the report with the order, "Bo'sen's
mate, pipe all hands to quarters."

The First Lieutenant was at my side
ere the sound of the mate's shrill whistle
had ceased reverberating on our main,
gun and berth decks, when he instantly
divined the cause of the alarm, and, as-
suming command, shouted: "Fire!
fire! Pipe down all boats! Waist and
afterguard, pass the engines up from be-
low! Topmen, hook yard and stay
tackles. Forecastle men and sail-trim-
mers, pass the messenger and take to."

In an instant all was bustle and prepa-
ration, and ere a lapse of two minutes
the report of "messenger passed" was
followed by that of "boats all ready";
when Capt. Wilmer, who had gained the
deck, shouted: "Officers in charge of
boats, to your stations! Bo'sen, pipe
all boats away!" I sprang from the rail,
grasping the yard tackle, and in an in-
stant later landed in the launch, of which
I had command. We then fell off, and
in a few moments were scudding swiftly
toward the burning ship. It is almost
needless to add that our example was
followed by the various commanders in
the fleet, and on dropping alongside the
Wellesley we mustered a fleet of some
sixty boats, capable of accommodating
at least 900 hands, a larger number, for-
tunately, than were placed in peril.

The moment the first boat reached the
transport the work of debarkation com-
menced, but, owing to the tremendous
gale and heavy sea, progressed but slow-
ly, while the rapid advance of the fire
drove numbers from the deck to seek
safety in the sea, from which they were
rescued as promptly as possible.

It was truly a thrilling scene. The
hull of the transport was evidently con-
verted into a perfect volcano, while from
each of her hatches leaped a tongue of

flame, which, seizing on her fresh-tarred
rigging, transformed the whole mass in-
to a delicate tracery of fire, and, speedily
consuming it, left her taut spars to tum-
ble one after another over the stern,
killing and wounding a number in their
descent.

The catastrophe, although resulting
in death to many, proved a means of
safety to many others, who might other-
wise have perished, as it established a
direct means of communication with
many of the boats which could not gain
a position alongside. And thus the
work went on, boat after boat departing
with its load of scorched, half-naked
and shivering troops, with a slight
sprinkling of women and children, until
nearly all were saved, when the task
commenced of lowering the insensible
forms of those who had been hurt by
the falling spars in the rush which had
taken place on the discovery of the fire,
or had fainted from excessive fright.

Our boat being scarcely one-third
full, we hauled alongside to receive our
quota of the unfortunate creatures, whom
we handled as tenderly as possible, lay-
ing them in a tier in the stern-sheets to
the number of ten, when, having as many
as we could accommodate, we dropped
astern, and, shipping our oars we made a
futile attempt to regain the Royal Sov-
ereign. Finding that we could not gain
an inch, I seized upon the first lull in
the gale to put the tiller hard up, when
the launch swung off, and, catching the
next sea broad on her bow, careened so
heavily that she half filled, when the
second caught fairly astern, and fortu-
nately righted her, bearing off some
eight or ten fathoms on its boiling, bub-
bling crest, and leaving us in a proper
position to send with safety.

The briny bath exercised a reanimat-
ing effect upon several of our insensible
cargo, one of whom—a female—betrayed
the fact of her restoration by loudly de-
manding her child.

"My child! my child! Where is my
little Edward?" she demanded, in tones
of thrilling anguish. "Tell me, for the
love of heaven, if any of you have seen
my child?"

"Merciful heaven! what do I hear?—
the voice of my benefactress?" exclaimed
a young man who sat on the front part,
supporting the form of a young woman,
who had evidently received fearful in-
juries prior to her rescue from the burn-
ing deck. "Is this Mrs. Clifford?" he
asked, gently relinquishing his insensi-
ble burden.

"It is," responded the lady, instantly
adding, "Whoever you are, you evi-
dently know me, and must know of my
daring. Oh, have you saved him? Is
he safe? Tell me, I conjure you."

"Would to heaven I could!" ex-
claimed the man, passionately. "Bill
Hunter would be only too happy to prove
his gratitude to the benefactress of his
wife."

"Oh, Hunter, my child, my Edward,
and my husband—"

"Nay, madame, Capt. Clifford must
be safe," rejoined the man, hastily. "I
saw him myself actively employed in
removing the insensible from below, and
he may have saved the child."

"May have," she repeated; "but you
are not certain, Hunter? Oh, you are
not certain, and this suspense is worse
than death!" And the poor bereaved
mother groaned in her anguish, and,
clasping her hands over her eyes, sat
rocking her body to and fro, and utter-
ing that deep, convulsive sob, which be-
trays so fully a breaking heart.

"And she interceded so eloquently in
our behalf that my Susan might accom-
pany me!" murmured the soldier, in an
audible tone, as he resumed his seat and
his former burden, on the pallid brow of
which he pressed a fond kiss, adding,
"My poor wife! Would to heaven you
had remained with my parents; you
would have escaped this suffering, and,
perhaps, death!" And the gallant fel-
low bowed his head, concealing his face
in his hands, probably to hide the tears
which were an honor to his manhood,
since called forth by the suffering and
probable fate of one who had forsaken
friends and home to follow his uncertain
futures.

A minute later we rounded to under
the counter of, and received a line from,
the Delmar transport, alongside of and
into which one boat was already dis-
charging her freight of rescued.

"Ship ahoy! Can you accommodate
twenty more?" I demanded, as my bow-
man made fast the line.

"Ay, my lad, a hundred!" was the
trumpet-toned reply. "Haul up, haul
up at once, and clear the track for
others!"

We obeyed, gaining, with difficulty, a
position beneath the gangway, when the
debarkation of our freight commenced,
the insensible wife of the young soldier
being the first attached to the whip by
which the helpless were taken on board.
Mrs. Clifford was the second, the soldier
having devoted himself to her as soon as
he beheld his wife in safety; while I,
seizing upon the first opportunity,
bounced into the Delmar's main chains,
and gained her deck at the moment that
the bereaved mother was relieved from
the whip, when, recognizing me, she
rushed to my side, and, grasping my
arm, exclaimed: "What shall I do?
How shall I discover the fate of my hus-
band and child?"

"You must be quiet, madam," re-
sponded I, gently. "It is impossible
to learn anything regarding them just
now, or indeed before the gale subsides,
when I have no doubt you will find them
safe and sound. They may have reached
some other vessel ere this. Indeed, 'tis
more than probable that they have done
so, since, to my certain knowledge, but
few of the Wellesley's company are lost."

"Bless you!" said she. "May Heaven
bless you for your consoling words! Yet
I apprehend the worst. Do you think
that they have reached this ves-
sel?"

"Probably, madam, but I will ascer-
tain," I replied; and, advancing a few
paces with the trembling woman still

clinging to my arm, I was about to ask
if any of the rescued answered to the
name of Capt. Clifford, when the young
soldier elbowed his way through the
crowd, exclaiming, "Mrs. Clifford! Mrs.
Clifford! I have found him!"

"Found whom?" she demanded, wild-
ly. "Whom have you found?"

"Capt. Clifford, your husband, mad-
ame—"

"And my child—my Edward? Speak!
What of him? But lead me to my hus-
band, he will tell me all."

The young soldier guided her through
the crowd in silence; while, deeply in-
terested in the meeting about to take
place, I followed to where a gentleman
in the undress of an infantry officer lay
partially supported by a half-naked sol-
dier, his countenance expressing at once
the keenest physical anguish and a su-
preme degree of mental happiness.
"Thank Heaven you are safe, my be-
loved Lucy; but where is—"

"Edward! Oh, Father of Mercies!
I came to you, my husband, for tidings
of our boy. Can it be that you are as
ignorant as myself?"

"I never saw him but once after the
alarm, Lucy, and then he was in the
nurse's arms. She was seeking you;
and, I deeming him safe with her—Oh!
my child, my child! and I disabled, and
cannot search for him!"

"In the nurse's arms?" repeated the
young soldier. "Why, that was Susan.
Did you mean," said he, "you saw
Master Edward with my wife, Captain?"

"Ay, Hunter," was the reply. "Where
is your wife? The child must be with
her."

"Alas, no, sir. My wife is here. See
—she is insensible," said the young
soldier; and as he spoke he bent over
the form I had failed to observe, adding,
"I found her beneath a prostrate spar,
by which she had been struck down, and,
wrenching it aside, grasped the pre-
cious burden, and escaped with it, as
you see."

"Then, Lucy, darling, our child is
lost!" murmured the stricken officer,
gently drawing the crouching form of
his wife to his breast, where she fainted,
while the young soldier, bounding to his
feet, exclaimed: "Not yet! no, no—
not yet; not yet! I know the spot
where Susan lay. The fire has not
reached it yet, and Master Edward must
be there, if not among the rescued.
Who'll go with me to the burning
wreck?"

"I will, my man!" I shouted, seized
with a wild ambition to aid him in restor-
ing the child to its parents; and, grasp-
ing his arm, I fairly dragged him to the
rail, on which I leaped, shouting:
"Volunteers for the wreck! Sovereigns,
a child is left in yonder burning ship!
Who will follow me to the rescue?"

The demand was instantly responded
to by the unanimous shouts of the
launch's crew, "Sovereigns to the res-
cue!" when I turned inboard, shouting,
"A lighter boat! In heaven's name,
let us have a lighter boat!"

"Lower away the gig!" I shouted some
one on deck, when, pausing no longer,
I leaped from the rail into the launch,
followed by the intrepid soldier.

Scarce a minute elapsed ere the Del-
mar's gig was down, and five of my men,
the soldier and myself safely seated on
her thwart, when an unrestrained use
of our knees served the davit-tackles,
and we were free.

"Bear her off with your oars and ship
all, my lads!" I exclaimed, vainly en-
deavoring to find the rudder, when,
abandoning the search, I grasped the
loom of the after oar, which the soldier
had secured, and lent my strength
toward the impulsion of the buoyant
craft through or over the maddened bil-
lows, while from the Delmar's deck came
the cheering shout:

"Give way, my lads, my noble hearts,
and may Heaven speed you!"

We did give way, each stroke of the
oars making the little boat fairly leap
from the brine, while the life-boat model
on which she was constructed rendered
us secure from all danger of being
swamped. And it was fortunate for us
that her thwart, stern-sheets and dais
were air-tight locked. Had they been
otherwise, nothing could have prevented
us from going down, inasmuch as we
were half-full of water ere we had ac-
complished half the distance to the
wreck.

We had made the passage to the Del-
mar in the short space of four minutes,
but our passage from her to the wreck
consumed four times that period and
tenfold the exertion, while in a few
words the young soldier informed me of
the cause of his daring.

He had married without the consent
of his Colonel, and, the regiment being
soon after ordered on foreign service, he
in vain besought permission for his wife
to accompany him. Col. Ross was inex-
orable, until his daughter—the young
wife of Capt. Clifford—espoused the
cause of the anguish-stricken Susan,
and ventured to intercede in her behalf.
He could deny his daughter nothing, so he
consented, promising that she should
take Susan into her service, by which
means he would be spared the charge of
suspending an established rule in her
case. In this manner had the youthful
soldier and his young wife been spared
the pain of separation, and in return for
that kind intercession he is now proving
his gratitude.

At length we reached the burning
wreck, when a new difficulty presented
itself. How were we to board it? To
attempt such a feat to leeward was worse
than folly, for the wreck, relieved of its
top-hamper, rode partly to the ebb, heav-
ing the dismantled hull into the trough
of the sea, which made frequent
breaches over her, retarding the pro-
gress of the flames and preserving almost
entire her starboard side.

An attempt to board to windward
would have been equal madness, and we
were debating upon the feasibility of an
attempt to board by the wreck of the
mizzen topmast, which hung drooping
to the surface from the stern, when
Hunter demanded:

"How near can you go with safety,
sir?"

"Within two boats' length," I re-
plied.

"Then sheer in," said he, "and I will
swim the rest."

"Nonsense! You couldn't!" respond-
ed I, startled by the proposition.

"I have accomplished feats as danger-
ous for a less momentous object," said
he. "I'll try it. I can but fail."

"Give way gently, men!" said I,
avoiding a reply for a moment in order
to consider the proposal in all its bear-
ings, when the boat, losing headway and
being to the windward, began to close
with the wreck.

We were about three boats' lengths
when he dropped his oars and was about
to spring, but I restrained him, saying:
"Hold on! you will have a better
chance by that spar over the stern, but
how can you reach the boat if you are
fortunate enough to find the child?"

"Let me but find it," he exclaimed,
"and I can afford to trust for safety in
Him who rules the wind and waves."

We were stern to, and within a boat's
length of the wreck at the moment,
when signing to the crew to give way, I
exclaimed:

"Go then, in His name, and here's to
go with you."

And the next instant we were both
struggling in the hissing brine.

A minute later and we were clamber-
ing up the top-mast, from which we
passed on deck, where we were obliged
to pause, our passage being cut off by
the destruction of the main deck from
the main hatch aft, a portion of the
weather-side forward remaining un-
scathed.

"If the child lives, unrescued, it is
there, sir," said Hunter, indicating a
portion of the foremast, with a heap of
smoking canvas which lay along the
weather-side, just forward the chest-tree.

"Follow me, then," said I briefly,
and, clambering over the quarter-rail, I
crawled along outside the bulwark,
clinging to the chained hammock rail
until I reached the forward channel,
when I bounded in board, followed by
my gallant companion.

"It was there I found my wife, and,
thank Heaven, the child is here alive!"
he exclaimed, as the faint wail of an in-
fant saluted our ears.

It was but the work of a minute to
clear away the mass which concealed
the infant, whom we found lying beside
the wreck of the spar, while the charred
weather rigging had fallen in such a
manner as afforded it protection against
injury from the feet of those who must
have passed and repassed the spot in the
hurry and excitement of abandonment.

Hunter clasped the child in his arms,
and, spurning all my proffers of aid,
preceded me to the taffrail by the same
dangerous path we had previously trod-
den, when, the boat being near at hand,
he fearlessly committed himself and
charge to the mercy of the waves. My
gallant crew, being prepared for the
event, were ready, and, fortunately, able
to render prompt and efficient aid,
scarce a minute elapsed ere they had
them safe on board. My rescue fol-
lowed, of course, and was effected with
greater difficulty, a mountain billow
breaking while I was immersed, and
heaving the boat and me asunder, when
nearly two minutes passed ere she came
within my reach. At length I was in
her stern sheets again, and a few min-
utes later we dropped alongside of the
Delmar, where our success was already
known, and where our presence was
hailed with a general manifestation of
joy.

Need I tell you how the sight of that
reunion of parents and child rewarded
me tenfold for my share in the rescue of
the latter? But I must add that I was
delighted when Col. Ross approached
the young soldier as he stood support-
ing his now-conscious wife and receiving
the congratulations of his friends, and,
extending his hand, which the young man
humbly clasped, said:

"Hunter, brave men carry their own
reward with them; but, both as your
commanding officer and your friend,
your action of this night claims at my
hands a grateful and public acknowl-
edgment. I will see to your future and
to that of your wife."

Although I didn't sleep soundly for
the remainder of that night in the ham-
mock swung for me in the wardroom of
the Delmar, yet I never retired to rest
so perfectly contented with myself and
all mankind as on that night, rendered
memorable by the burning of the Wel-
lesley transport.

His Memory Failed Him.

Henry Clay, of Kentucky, was a nat-
ural orator. "When called out by some
immediate exigency," says Mr. Robert
C. Winthrop, "no orator of our land
or of our age was more impressive
or more powerful." He was not a
student, nor even a general reader.
He even blundered over the most fam-
iliar quotations from Shakspeare, a fact
of which Mr. Winthrop gives two illus-
trations:

The late George Evans, of Maine, used
to tell more than one amusing story of
Mr. Clay's efforts in this line.

"What is it," said Clay to him one
day, "that Shakspeare says about a rose
smelling as sweet? Write me down those
lines, and be sure you get them
exactly right, and let them be in a large,
legible hand."

And so Mr. Evans, having verified his
memory at Clay's request by a resort to
the Congressional Library, and having
laid the lines in plain, bold letters on
Mr. Clay's desk,

What's in a name? that which we call a rose,
By any other name would smell as sweet,

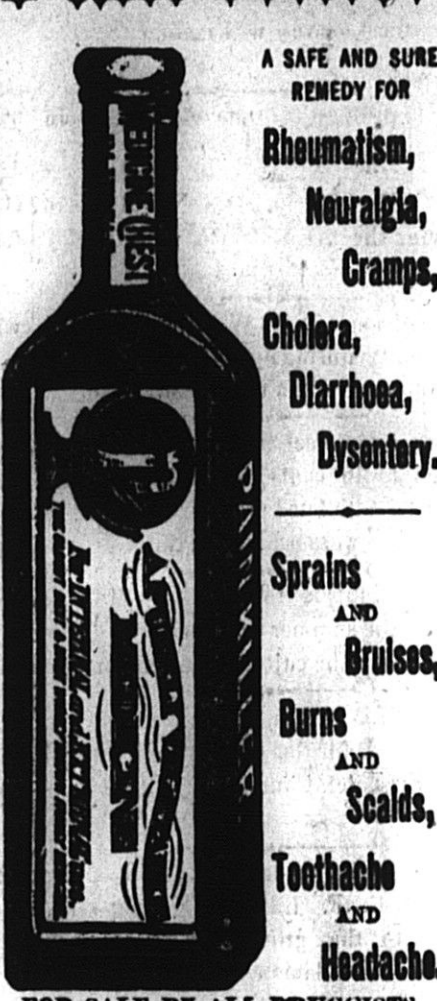
awaited the result.

As the great statesman approached that
part of his speech in which he was
to apply them there was an evident em-
barrassment. He fumbled over his
notes for a while, then grasped the little
copy with a convulsive effort, and at last
ejaculated in despair:

A rose will smell the same, call it what you will.

PERRY DAVIS' Pain-Killer

A SAFE AND SURE
REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Cramps,
Cholera,
Diarrhoea,
Dysentery.



FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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It is the concurrent testimony of the public and the
medical profession that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a
medicine which achieves results speedily felt, thorough
and benign. Beside rectifying liver disorders, it invig-
orates the feeble, conquers kidney and bladder com-
plaints, and hastens the convalescence of those recover-
ing from enfeebling diseases. Moreover, it is the grand
specific for fever and ague.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

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THE GREAT CURE
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RHEUMATISM

As it is for all diseases of the KIDNEYS,
LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the system of the acid poison
that causes the dreadful suffering which
only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES
of the worst forms of this terrible disease
have been quickly relieved, in a short time
PERFECTLY CURED.

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has had wonderful success, and an immense
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failed. It is mild, but efficient. CERTAIN
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The natural action of the Kidneys is restored.
The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the
Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this
way the worst diseases are eradicated from
the system.

As it has been proved by thousands that

KIDNEY-WORT

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Always cures BILIOUSNESS, CONSTI-
PATION, FLUES and all FEMALE Diseases.
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We want a local agent in
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sible, enterprising man. Write for
terms.

Sam Ward's Story of Lungfellow's "Skele- ton in Armor."

[From the North American Review.]

"As with his wings aslant
Sails the fierce cormorant,
Seeking some rocky haunt
With his prey laden;
So toward the open main,
Beating to sea again
Through the wild hurricane,
Bore I the maiden,—"

"In that tower
Which to this very hour
Is looking seaward."

How to Raise Strawberries

I like best to raise one full crop and only one. It is less labor to make a new bed than to clean up an old one. It is very little labor to plant an acre of strawberries if properly done, and no other crop pays so well. The only difficulty is to get the right kind of plants, but every man can raise the plants himself in this way. Strawberries will do well on any land that will raise good corn.—A. M. W. in *Prairie Farmer*.

THE first and worst of all frauds is to cheat one's self.—*Bailey.*

**An Interesting Chapter from the Life
of a Prominent Bostonian.**

[From the Boston Globe.]

ture. The next morning at 10 o'clock he was able to breathe freely, and has been ever since, subjected to the most thorough examination.

has been wonderful, and although I decline having my name published I will speak a good word for the medicine at every opportunity."

Sold by Harness Makers.

Try the new brand, Spring Tobacco

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS,
please say you saw the advertisement
in this paper.

This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

W. G. T. Union.

Two reasons why you should become a total abstainer: You will assist the progress of divine truth by removing one of its greatest obstacles, and by abstaining you would employ to the utmost your influence against the sin of drunkenness and its attendant evils.

The reflex influence of active temperance work in the church, is well worth the consideration. The liquor traffic is of all, the worst enemy of the church, and yet so many feel they have weightier work to attend to than that of combating this evil. Why is it, readers? We hope you won't excuse yourselves from this work on any such pretext.

Putting the Cup to the Neighbor's Lips.

Where is all the religion—teachings of the Bible—the Christianity that allows professing Christians to see drunkenness going on unmolested by law?

Where are the millions of Christian voters—who annually vote for Congressmen and Legislators—that cast never a vote to prohibit the curse of drunkenness?

If all the Christians and sober men who annually vote for political principles would also vote for temperance and against liquor traffic, we should see drunkenness as rare as arson and stealing; we should soon see intemperance as much an outcast by public opinion, as gambling and robbery now are; soon the sale of liquor would be as effectually prohibited as are lottery tickets. What say you Christian voters?—Anvil.

Voting and Praying.

An Indiana paper makes the following hard hit in regard to some voters. "There was a class of professed Christians, who on the morning of the late election, said the Lord's prayer, and then went to the polls and voted for the liquor traffic. They prayed 'Thy kingdom come.' They prayed 'Thy will be done,' but voted it should not be done. They prayed 'Lead us not into temptation,' but voted for the world greatest tempter. They prayed 'Deliver us from evil,' but voted for the maintenance of the greatest evil that ever cursed the earth. They prayed God to do certain things for them, and voted against his doing them. They prayed like Christians, they voted like sinners. But if God's signboards are correct, they are on the wrong road."

The best remedy for exerting a powerful tonic effect on the muscles governing and controlling the action of the heart, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

HOLLAND, being Protestant, sends nearly all her fish to Catholic Belgium, and it is at times difficult, even at the Hague, to get a fresh herring.

Short Breath.

O. Bortle, Manchester, N. Y., was troubled with asthma for eleven years. Had been obliged to sit up sometimes ten or twelve nights in succession. Found immediate relief from THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL, and is now entirely cured.

Live and Let Live.

Life is not always under our own control, but can be prolonged by care and prudence. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS as a laxative, alterative, and diuretic medicine tend materially to restore health and lengthen our days. Price \$1.00.

Popularity.

Thomas' Electric Oil has obtained great popularity, from its intrinsic value as a reliable medicine, in curing hoarseness, and all irritation of the throat, diseases of the chest etc., For these it is an incomparable pulmonary.

Our Glorious Independence.

What can be more glorious than to be independent of suffering, caused by dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, sick headache, or other diseases emanating from the stomach. This can be easily gained by a timely use of Burdock Blood Bitters. Price \$1.00.

Faded Colors Restored.

Faded or gray hair gradually recovers its youthful color and lustre by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam, an elegant dressing, admired for its purity and rich perfume.

Statistics of Lunatic Asylums

Show that nine-tenths of their patients are brought to their condition by abuse of the generative organs. A great Brain and Nerve food, known as Magnetic Medicine is sold by our druggists, and comes highly recommended as an unfailing cure in all these diseases. See the advertisement in another column.

Have You Ever

Known any person to be seriously ill without a weak stomach or inactive liver or kidneys? And when these organs are in good condition do you not find their possessor enjoying good health? Parker's Ginger Tonic regulates these important organs, makes the blood rich and pure, and strengthens every part of the system. See other column.

HALL'S Catarrh Cure

Is Recommended by Physicians!
\$100 REWARD FOR A CASE IT FAILS TO CURE!

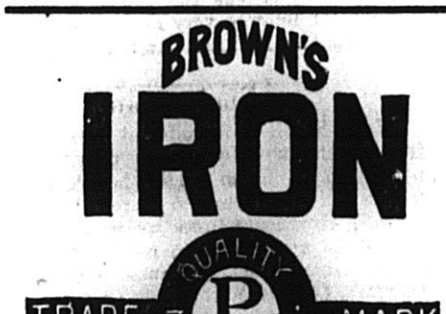
We manufacture and sell it with a positive guarantee that it will cure any case, and we will forfeit the above amount if it fails in a single instance. It is unlike any other Catarrh remedy, as it is taken internally, acting upon the blood. If you are troubled with this distressing disease, ask your Druggist for it, and accept no imitation or substitute. If he has not got it, send to us and we will forward immediately. Price, 75 cents per bottle.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Schouten & Scheepers, Holland.

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Calls the attention of travelers to the central position of its line, connecting the East and West by the shortest route, and carrying passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

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A TRUE TONIC.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS are a certain cure for all diseases requiring a complete tonic; especially Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. Acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all Druggists at \$1.00 a bottle.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO.,
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See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co. and have crossed red lines and trade mark on wrapper.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
31—W

Parker's Hair Balsam
Satisfies the most fastidious as a perfect Hair Restorer and Dressing. Admired for its cleanliness and elegant perfume. Never Fails to Restore Gray or Faded Hair to the youthful color. 50 cts. and 25 cts. at all druggists.



PARKER'S GINGER TONIC
Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best medicines known are here combined into a medicine of such varied and effective powers, as to make the Greatest Blood Purifier & the Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.
It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, and all Female Complaints.
If you are wasting away with Consumption or any disease, use the Tonic to-day. It will surely help you, and is far superior to Bitters, Essences of Ginger and other Tonics, as it builds up the system without intoxicating. 50c. and 25c. sizes, at all druggists. None genuine without signature of J. H. COX & CO., N. Y. Send for circular. LARGE SAVING IN BUYING THE DOLLAR SIZE.

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It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumptive Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.
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Farmers bring your Butter and Eggs.

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HOLLAND, Mich., May 14th, 1882. 13-17

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\$500 REWARD.

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The Vigor cleanses the scalp, cures and prevents the formation of dandruff; and, by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing properties, it heals most if not all of the humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp, keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under which conditions diseases of the scalp and hair are impossible.

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The Vigor is incomparable. It is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil white cambric. It imparts an agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an article for the toilet it is economical and unsurpassed in its excellence.

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