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Holland City News, Volume 13, Number 20: June 21, 1884

Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 20.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1884.

WHOLE NO. 640.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND, - - MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: No. 52 EIGHTH STREET.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.
Editor and Publisher.
Terms of Subscription:
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING Promptly and Neatly Executed.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents for
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent
insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	2 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
4 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
5 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
6 "	25 00	40 00	55 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge for subscribers.
All advertising bills collectible quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect, Sunday, May 18, 1884.
From Holland to Chicago.
From Chicago to Holland.

N't Day	Exp.	Exp.	towns.	Mail.	Day	N't
Exp.	Exp.				Exp.	Exp.
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.			p.m.	p.m.
10:05	10:10	10:15	Holland	2:50	10:05	4:50
10:30	10:35	10:40	East Saugatuck	2:45	10:30	4:28
11:30	11:35	11:40	New Richmond	2:45	11:30	4:18
11:55	12:00	12:05	Ed. Junction	2:45	11:55	4:10
12:20	12:25	12:30	Bangor	2:37	12:20	4:00
12:45	12:50	12:55	Benton Harbor	2:40	12:45	3:50
1:10	1:15	1:20	St. Joseph	2:30	1:10	3:40
1:35	1:40	1:45	New Buffalo	2:30	1:35	3:30
1:50	1:55	2:00	Chicago	2:30	1:50	3:25
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.			a.m.	p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to	From Grd. Rapids to
Grand Rapids.	Holland.
p.m.	p.m.
10:05	10:10
10:30	10:35
11:30	11:35
11:55	12:00
12:20	12:25
12:45	12:50
1:10	1:15
1:35	1:40
1:50	1:55
2:15	2:20
2:40	2:45
3:05	3:10
3:30	3:35
3:55	4:00
4:20	4:25
4:45	4:50
5:10	5:15
5:35	5:40
5:60	5:65
a.m.	p.m.

MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to	From Muskegon to
Muskegon.	Holland.
p.m.	p.m.
10:05	10:10
10:30	10:35
11:30	11:35
11:55	12:00
12:20	12:25
12:45	12:50
1:10	1:15
1:35	1:40
1:50	1:55
2:15	2:20
2:40	2:45
3:05	3:10
3:30	3:35
3:55	4:00
4:20	4:25
4:45	4:50
5:10	5:15
5:35	5:40
5:60	5:65
a.m.	p.m.

ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to	From Allegan to
Allegan.	Holland.
p.m.	p.m.
10:05	10:10
10:30	10:35
11:30	11:35
11:55	12:00
12:20	12:25
12:45	12:50
1:10	1:15
1:35	1:40
1:50	1:55
2:15	2:20
2:40	2:45
3:05	3:10
3:30	3:35
3:55	4:00
4:20	4:25
4:45	4:50
5:10	5:15
5:35	5:40
5:60	5:65
a.m.	p.m.

* Mixed trains.
† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sunday.
All trains run by Detroit time.

Mixed Trains leave Holland, going north, at
7:30 a.m., arriving at Grand Rapids at 10:15 a.m.,
and at 10:05 p.m., arriving at Muskegon at 12:10 a.m.;
also mixed trains leave Holland, going south,
at 5:50 a.m. and 8:55 a.m.

Michigan and Ohio Railroad.

Taking Effect April 6th, 1884.

GOING WEST	Central Time	GOING EAST
Mix'd	Pass.	Pass.
STATIONS	Pass.	Mix'd
10:10	5:20	5:05
11:02	5:20	5:05
11:27	5:20	5:05
11:32	5:24	5:09
11:43	5:40	5:25
12:00	5:45	5:30
12:15	5:50	5:35
12:40	5:50	5:35
12:59	5:50	5:35
1:07	5:56	5:41
1:19	5:56	5:41
1:30	6:07	5:52
1:52	6:07	5:52
2:22	6:06	5:40
2:34	6:22	5:56
2:56	6:29	5:56
3:20	6:30	5:56
3:39	6:45	6:11
3:58	6:45	6:11
4:16	6:46	6:11
4:27	6:46	6:11
4:38	6:46	6:11
4:45	6:46	6:11
7:00	7:00	7:00
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.

Train Connections.

At Toledo, with all railroads diverging. At Dun-
dee, with T. A. & G. T. At Britton, with
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific. At Tecumseh, with
Lake Shore & Mich. Southern. At Jerome with
L. S. & M. S. At Hanover with L. S. & M. S. At
Homer, with L. S. & M. S. (Lansing Division) and
Air Line Division of the Mich. Central. At Mar-
shall, with M. O. R. R. At Battle Creek, with
Chicago & Grand Trunk and M. C. R. R. At Mon-
teith, with Grand Rapids & Indiana. At Allegan,
with Chicago & West Mich. and L. S. & M. S.
Trains all daily except Sunday.

EB. McHUGH,
General Passenger Agent.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and
Notary Public; River street.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and
dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest
market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick
store cor Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, etc. Phy-
sicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

MEENGS, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and
Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.
W. Van Den Borne's Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a
full stock of goods pertaining to the busi-
ness.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all
kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper,
Carpets, Combs, Picture Frames, etc.; River st.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G. & SONS, General Dealers in
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats
and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Williams Bros., Proprietors.
The only first-class Hotel in the city. Is
located in the business center of the town, and has
one of the largest and best sample rooms in the
State. Free bus in connection with the Hotel.
Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, proprietor.
Located near the Chi. & W. Mich. R'y depot,
has good facilities for the traveling public, and its
table is unsurpassed. Free back for accommoda-
tion of guests. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

SCOTT HOTEL, W. P. Scott, proprietor.
This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and
Fish strs. Terms, \$1.50 per day. Good accommo-
dations can always be relied on. Holland,
Mich. 8-ly

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office
and barn on Market street. Everything first-
class.

HAYEKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding
stable. Fine rigs and good horses can al-
ways be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's
Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;
Ninth street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Lops, Etc.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors
of Plumber Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour
Mills.) near foot of 11th street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm Implements
and Machinery, cor. River and Ninth Street.

Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and
Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short
notice. Office Zeeland, Michigan. 9-ly

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be
found in his office, cor. River and Eighth
streets in Vanderveen's Block.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Resi-
dence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market
street. Office at the drug store of Kremers &
Bangs. Office hours from 11 a.m. to 12 m., and
from 5 to 6 p.m. 50-ly

SCHIPHORST, L., Physician and Surgeon;
office at the drug store of Schepers & Schip-
horst; is prepared at all times, day or night, to
attend to "calls."

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office
at residence on the corner of River and
Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late
Dr. B. Ledebor. 42-ly.

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon;
office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county,
Mich. Office hours from 12 to 2 p.m. 26-ly.

Photographers.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-
lery opposite this office.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO Watchmaker, Jeweler, and
dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market
and Eighth Street.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and
Cedar streets, Holland Mich. 24-ly.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.)
Apples, bushel.....\$1.00 @ 1.25
Beans, bushel.....1.25 @ 1.50
Butter, lb.....13 @ 14
Eggs, dozen.....14 @ 15
Honey, lb.....12 @ 13
Onions, bushels.....75 @ 80
Potatoes, bushel.....50 @ 55

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.)
Buckwheat, bushel.....1.25 @ 1.35
Barley, 100 lb.....80 @ 85
Barley, 100 lb.....80 @ 85
Clover seed, bushel.....5.00 @ 5.10
Corn Meal 100 lb.....1.35 @ 1.50
Corn, shelled bushel.....58 @ 60
Flour, bushel.....5.25 @ 5.50
Fine Corn Meal 100 lb.....1.60 @ 1.80
Feed, ton.....26.00 @ 28.00
Hay, ton.....8.00 @ 9.00
Middling, 100 lb.....1.00 @ 1.10
Oats, bushel.....1.40 @ 1.50
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.....6.00 @ 6.50
Rye, bushel.....55 @ 60
Timothy Seed, bushel.....1.25 @ 1.35
Wheat, white bushel.....59 @ 60
Red Fultz.....95 @ 100
Lancaster Red, bushel.....1.00 @ 1.10

Societies.

L. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd
Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening
of each week.
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
WILLIAM ZEHR, N. G.
WILLIAM BAUMGARTEL, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNIV. LODGE,
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,
Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock sharp, on Wednesday
evening, Jan. 9, Feb. 6, March 6, April 9, May 7,
June 4, July 2, Aug. 6, Sept. 3, Oct. 1, Oct. 29,
Nov. 26, Dec. 31. St. John's days June 24, and
Dec. 27.
R. E. BEST, W. M.
D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Additional Local.

FOR Alabastine, Whiting and Colors in
oil, go to the Central Drug Store.

KREMERS & BANGS.

Fruit Farm for Sale Cheap.

Eighty-seven acres with buildings, 3,000
bearing trees. Beautiful location. Fronts
on Macatawa bay, south side, half way be-
tween City and Park. For price and
terms apply to G. S. HARRINGTON,
12-8m Holland, Mich.

A SPLENDID stock of Ladies' Summer
Wraps and Delmans at D. BERTSCH'S.
Special bargains to those purchasing with-
in the next two weeks. 18-1f.

THE Sherwin-Williams prepared paint
in large and small cans at
KREMERS & BANGS.

NOTICE.

After having completed our repairs and
changes we are now prepared to furnish
flour to the public that will give entire sat-
isfaction, we guarantee it to be the best
and purest ever put in the market. Every
sack we will warrant, if put up in our own
sacks and branded "PURITY, new process
flour, City Mills."
471f. BECKER & BEUKEMA.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr.
Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits
after first day's use. Marvelous cures.
Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit
cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St.,
Phila., Pa. 12-ly

If you wish a bargain in Paints, White
Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Paint and White-
wash brushes, call at
KREMERS & BANGS.

THE Secret Art of Beauty lies not in
cosmetics, but only in pure blood and
healthy action of the vital organs, to be
obtained by Burdock Blood Bitters.

WE guarantee that the Sherwin-Will-
iams Prepared Paint when properly used
will not crack, flake or chalk off, and will
cover more surface, work better, wear
longer and permanently look better, than
any other paint, including white lead and
oil.
KREMERS & BANGS.

New Advertisements.

WM. BAUMGARTEL,

Freight and Ticket Agent

Chicago and West Mich.

=RAILWAY=

Sells tickets to all principal points in
the United States and Canadas. Money
can be saved by purchasing tickets of me.
Through Bills of Lading issued and rates
given for freights to all points. Call and
see me before making your journey or
shipments.

WM. BAUMGARTEL,

Agent Chicago and West Michigan Railway.
HOLLAND, Mich., Nov. 28, 1883. 42f

\$66 a week at home, \$5.00 out at free. Pay ab-
solutely sure. No risk. Capital not re-
quired. Reader, if you want business at
which persons of either sex, young or old,
can make great pay all the time they work, with
absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALL-
LERT & Co., Portland, Maine.

P. H. WILMS,

has put in his shop
a large, new engine
and boiler, and the
latest improved
pump machinery,
and is prepared to
furnish pumps,
drive points, iron
or wooden pipes,
at wholesale or re-
tail, at the most
reasonable prices;
also agricultural

implements of all descriptions; the Ester-
ly Twine Self-binder, the Rawson Reaper
and Mower, the Howe Reaper and the Ad-
vance Mower, the Grand de Tours three-
horse sulky plow, the Bissel, South Bend
plow, best in the market, the Remming-
ton iron-beam steel plow, Kalamazoo
Spring Tooth drag, the best straight tooth
harrow for finishing land made, contain-
ing 60 teeth, South Bend steel grain drills,
3 inches for every tooth, Dowagiac Wheel
Spring Tooth harrows, seeders and cul-
tivators combined, Albion Wheel Spring
Tooth seeders and harrows combined,
Studebaker farm and freight wagons,
Kalamazoo open and top buggies,
new kind of walking cultivators, 5-tooth,
3-tooth, and 2-shovel, Detour sulky cul-
tivators, Aultman and Russell & Co. steam
threshers. Engines from one-horse to
one thousand-horse power. Call and see
my new goods before purchasing else-
where.
P. H. WILMS,
River St., Holland, Mich., Apr. 10, '84
10-ly.

Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 17, 1884.

The Common Council met in regular session
and was called to order by the Mayor.

Members present: Mayor Beach, Aldermen Ter
Vree, Rose, Burgess, Werkman, Nyland, Boyd,
and the clerk.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.
Ald. Benkema appeared during the reading of
the minutes and took his seat.

PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

K. Schaddelee and thirteen others petitioned as
follows:
"We, the undersigned freeholders, owning lots
and lands lying and abutting on Tenth street, in
said City of Holland, having learned from the
published proceedings of your honorable body
that the Council has ordered the grading of Tenth
street, in view thereof we respectfully
request and petition your honorable body,
after said grade is made and completed, to cover a
strip twenty-four feet wide, through the center
of said street with gravel to the average thickness of
nine inches, so spread that the same will be
twelve inches in the centre, and six inches on the
sides of said strip of gravel of at least equal qual-
ity to that put on Ninth street, the past year; and
your petitioners further ask that the expense of
said graveling be defrayed and paid by special as-
essment on the lots and lands lying and abutting
on said street, except the intersections of streets
on said Tenth street, which your petitioners pray
may be assessed against the City of Holland, and
paid out of the general fund thereof; and your pe-
tioners pray that the expense of graveling be
divided into five installments, to be paid January
15, 1885, January 15, 1886, January 15, 1887, Janu-
ary 15, 1888, and January 15, 1889, and bonds is-
sued for the same at as low a rate of interest as
the same may be procured. And your petitioners
will ever pray."—Referred to the committee on
streets and bridges.

Johannes Elenbaas and 8 other real estate
owners on Cedar street, petitioned the Council to
grade Cedar street from Seventh to Sixteenth
streets.—Referred to the committee on streets and
bridges.

Mr. James Bos, Rollin Astra, Barny De Vries,
and Henry Kampman, old members of the
Engine House Co., No. 1, requested the Council to
accept Mr. John Koning, R. Van Der Veer, M.
Van Sloten, and Frank Walsh as members of the
Hose Company, to fill the vacancy of those resign-
ed.—Referred to the committee on fire depart-
ment.

The following bills were presented for pay-
ment: A. Groeneweg for labor on Maple street
bridge, \$7.50; G. Ryerberg for labor on Maple
street bridge, \$1.87; H. Van Prooy for labor on
Maple street bridge, \$1.87; H. Van Oort for labor
on Maple street bridge, \$5.25; G. Van Ark for la-
bor on Maple street bridge, \$5.25; H. Vandenberg
building sidewalk, \$5.00; H. Vandenberg white-
washing and cleaning fall, \$2.00; G. J. Van
Duren, three days' service as special assessor,
\$6.00; Geo. H. Sipp, 2 1/2 days' service as special
assessor, \$5.50; Geo. H. Sipp, express, freight and
postage, \$3.23; D. Snyter, ringing bell, \$12.50; K.
Schaddelee, service as supervisor and postage,
\$80.80; John Hummel, one year's salary as
clerk of the department, \$25.00; R. E. Elenbaas,
bell rope at Eagle Engine Co. house, \$1.23;
M. Tubergen, 2 1/2 weeks house rent for Mrs. Juf-
fer, \$1.25; National Tube Works Co., 36 hydrants
at \$38.70, \$1,177.30; National Tube Works Co., 6
hydrant wrenches, \$1.50; W. Van Putten, disin-
fectants, \$1.40.—Bill of W. Van Putten referred to
committee on claims and accounts; bill of National
Tube Works Co. allowed, less the freight
charges paid by the City of Holland; all other
bills allowed in full and warrants ordered issued
on the city treasurer for the several amounts.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The committee on poor reported presenting the
semi-monthly report of the Director of the Poor,
and said committee recommending \$23 for the
support of the poor for the two weeks ending
July 2, 1884.—Approved, and warrants ordered is-
sued for the amounts.

REPORTS OF SELECT COMMITTEES.

The select committee on water works reported
as follows:
Gentlemen:—Your special committee on water
works would recommend the placing of a hydrant
about 100 feet from the water works building, and
also would suggest and recommend that the plans
and specifications of the water works building be
so amended and changed that the pitch of the roof
of said building will be reversed, making the
building front to

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

THE Sprague mansion at Providence has been purchased for \$34,400 by Fall River parties, who will reform it into a Catholic school or convent. . . . Tilden G. Abbott, who wrecked a Watertown, Mass., bank, was sentenced to eight years in the Massachusetts State Prison.

AMONG those in attendance at the annual banquet of the Pennsylvania Farmers' Club, at the residence of Col. Duffy, Lancaster, Pa., last week, were Senators Edmunds, Pendleton, Bayard, J. Donald Cameron, Angus Cameron, Samuel J. Randall, Gen. Simon Cameron, Charles A. Dana, George W. Childs, and the Judges of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

AT Butler, Pa., the boiler at oil well No. 13 exploded, killing the engineer, Richard Walker, and fatally injuring his son.

By a collision between a church excursion train and an accommodation train on the Camden Road, near Ashland, Pa., eight employees were killed and a number badly wounded. The disaster occurred at a sharp curve, and was caused by the non-reception of a telegraphic dispatch. Both locomotives were destroyed.

THE WEST.

THE Union Depot at St. Paul, Minn., was destroyed by fire the other night; loss \$250,000. The fire originated in the kitchen of the part used as a restaurant.

AN expressman named Frederick Ardell and an unknown companion were burned to death in a stable at Chicago. . . . Rev. Dr. Worthington, of Detroit, has sent a telegram declining to accept the position of Bishop of Nebraska.

CALHOUN BENHAM, a prominent lawyer of San Francisco, died a few days ago. In the famous duel between Judge David Terry and Senator Broderick, Benham acted as Terry's second. Benham also acted as a volunteer aid-de-camp on the staff of Gen. Beauregard at the battle of Shiloh.

THREE Deputy Sheriffs at Salt Lake, armed with Winchester rifles, executed Fred Hoyer, who had been three times tried for murder. He sat upon his coffin, blindfolded, and the officers fired from a point ten paces distant.

JUDGE EDGERTON, at Yankton, D. T., granted a motion quashing the indictment against Gov. Ordway, alleging the grand jury's want of jurisdiction.

IN a prize-fight near Minneapolis, Minn., between Patsy Mellen and Jack Keefe, fourteen rounds were fought in fifty-six minutes, when Mellen was declared the victor.

ALEX. FIDDLER, a notorious crook, was found hanging to a tree near Sturges, Dakota Territory. The lynchers are unknown.

THE body of a man named Bechtel was found in the Jim River, near Mitchell, Dakota Territory, and it is believed that he was executed by the vigilantes.

THE SOUTH.

TEN shots were exchanged in the deadly affray at New Albany, Miss., between Mayor Reeves and Lloyd Ford, a desperado. Ford was shot in the breast, from which he died. Just as Ford was about dying he asked a bystander: "Did I run?" "No." "Then I die in peace." . . . B. F. Stone, a manufacturer of coach trimmings in Baltimore, having separated from his wife, went to the residence of his brother-in-law, and tried to kill himself with a knife. While bleeding profusely he was driven from the premises, when he climbed the railing of the city reservoir and soon drowned. . . . At Baltimore, Lewis Stanger mistook Marion Deems, a boarder, for a burglar and shot him dead.

A NUMBER of German claimants are trying to establish their title to the lands of the Oolenoy Valley, in Oconee County, South Carolina. The lands are among the most valuable in the State, and contain rich mineral deposits. The claim of the Germans is based on grants said to have been made in 1790, and are resisted by over 1,000 present occupants.

GIDIERE, DAY & Co., cotton factors at New Orleans, have suspended, and ask an extension. Liabilities, \$280,000; assets, \$380,000.

WASHINGTON.

ON the recommendation of the Judge Advocate General of the Army, the President has decided to order a court-martial for the trial of Gen. Swain for alleged irregular financial transactions. . . . The June crop reports received at the Agricultural Department show an increase of 4 per cent. in the area under cotton, and a general average of 87, as against 86 at this period last year. There is an increase of 9 per cent. in the area under spring wheat, and the condition is placed at 101. The winter wheat crop continues to show a high average, as well as oats and barley.

CAPT. VON EISENDECKER, the German Minister, has presented his letter of recall to the President.

SOME of the sufferers by the collapse of Middleton & Co., bankers, are endeavoring to secure their indictment for obtaining money under false pretenses. It is stated that charity funds and speculators' margins were swept away with the ordinary funds, until nothing is left in the way of assets. . . . George E. Spencer writes to Representative Springer denying the statement of S. W. Dorsey that Spencer demanded \$12,000 from Elkins to secure Dorsey immunity in the star-route trials.

POLITICAL.

THE Nevada Democratic State Convention, which met at Austin, passed resolutions demanding the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks, the removal of all restric-

tions on silver coinage, the absolute exclusion of the Chinese from the United States, and the enactment of laws preventing the acquisition of lands by aliens. In the California Democratic State Convention, a proposition by John H. Wise to send delegates to Chicago for the old ticket was followed by deafening applause for several minutes.

THE Democratic State Committee of Michigan met at Jackson and adopted resolutions favoring Tilden and Hendricks. A resolution favoring tariff for revenue was lost. . . . Gen. Claiborne, in calling the Democratic State Convention of Texas to order at Fort Worth, said: "Tariff for revenue only is the Democratic slogan; men are secondary issues." This sentiment was greeted with vociferous applause and shouts of "Tilden."

F. E. ALBRIGHT, of Murphysboro, has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Twentieth Illinois District. . . . The California delegates to the Democratic convention, on learning of Tilden's declaration, have declared unanimously for Thurman.

HON. SAMUEL J. TILDEN has addressed a letter to Daniel J. Manning, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of New York, formally declining a nomination for the Presidency. He writes: "I ought not to assume a task which I have not the physical strength to carry through. . . . In my condition of advancing years and declining strength I feel no assurance of my ability to accomplish these hopes [of reform]. I cannot now assume the labors of an administration or of a canvass. . . . I have but to submit to the will of God in deeming my public career forever closed."

THE Texas Democratic State Convention selected as delegates at large to Chicago, Gov. Hubbard, D. C. Gidding, Thomas J. Brown, and John P. Smith. Before the declaration of Mr. Tilden was made known the delegates were instructed for the old ticket; but subsequently a resolution was passed allowing the representatives of the State in the national convention to act on their judgment.

THE Texas Democrats have adopted resolutions denouncing a protective tariff as unconstitutional, unjust, and in conflict with the genius and spirit of a free government. The delegation is uninstructed. . . . In answer to a telegram from the St. Louis Evening Chronicle, Daniel Manning answers for Mr. Tilden that his letter means that under no circumstances will he be a candidate for the Presidency.

A MEETING of the Massachusetts Independents, over which Charles W. Cadman presided, condemned at Boston the Republican Presidential nominations, and trusted the Democrats would name men suitable to their views. They also instructed their Executive Committee to call a convention not later than Aug. 1. President Eliot, of Harvard, in a speech, hoped a new party would grow out of this movement. A committee was appointed to hold a conference with the Independent Republicans of New York, and letters from sympathizers were read. . . . In order to ascertain the Presidential preferences of the Democratic masses in the central portion of the country, since the declaration of Mr. Tilden, the Chicago Times secured interviews with several thousand influential gentlemen. The dispatches indicate that the Western States are largely in favor of Cleveland and McDonald as the strongest team. Ohio urges the claims of Thurman, and Indiana shows a full appreciation of McDonald. The Democracy of Massachusetts are united in support of Butler. In the Southern States Bayard proves a prime favorite.

GENERAL.

AT Key West, Fla., Frederico Gil Marro, a Cuban, was arrested from a steamer from New York as being a dynamiter, and fuse, detonating caps, and books of instruction for the manufacture of explosives were found among his effects. He was held in \$2,000. It is thought the Cuban dynamiters have been bringing the compound parts of explosives to Key West, and then secretly manufacturing them.

THE trial of T. C. Campbell, a criminal lawyer of Cincinnati, on charge of bribing a juror in a murder trial, resulted in a disagreement of the jury, seven of its members voting for conviction. The papers prepared for his disbarment contain seventy charges.

OBITUARY: The Rev. Dr. Alexander J. Baird, of Nashville, Tenn., died suddenly at the Park Avenue Hotel, New York, while on his way to attend a meeting of the Presbyterian Alliance at Belfast, Ireland. He was in his 60th year. He had been a pastor at Nashville since the close of the war. Col. J. G. Bayne, a Greenback leader in Kansas, who had lately been devoting his energies to the extension of the Fort Scott Road, died of heart disease in Wichita. Commander Samuel B. Gregory, U. S. N., died at Boston, Mass., aged 71.

FOREIGN.

DR. SEEBACH, curator of the University of Jena and a well-known archaeological authority, is dead.

ELECTION agents throughout Great Britain expect an early dissolution of Parliament, and are making arrangements accordingly. . . . The marriage of Princess Elizabeth of Hesse and the Grand Duke Sergius occurred at St. Petersburg. . . . Prince Krapotkin's liberation from Clairvaux prison, France, July 14, is assured. The Princess is permitted free entrance to her husband's cell, and passes whole days assisting him in his literary work. . . . A large meeting of Orangemen was held at Belfast, Ireland. Resolutions were adopted denouncing Earl Spencer and warning him not to attempt to carry out his intention of visiting Ulster.

BRITISH officials in Egypt credit the statement of an Arab from Berber that the rebels, on May 23, massacred two thousand male citizens and fifteen hundred men of the garrison, but spared the women and children. . . . The Pope has instructed the Papal agent at Brussels to open negotiations for the establishment of diplomatic relations between the Vatican and Belgium. . . . Theebaw, King of Burmah, has poisoned his Queen and her mother and married the Queen's sister.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

WHILE inebriated James Cowan, 8 years old, was drowned near Omaha, Neb. His little companions were so befuddled with beer that they could render him no assistance. . . . At Oconto, Wis., an aged woman named Mrs. Charles Ritter brained her husband with an ax and then took Paris green. Both are still alive.

IN Southern New Jersey, on the morning of the 16th, the thermometer fell to 38 degrees. There were frosts in some places, and considerable damage was done to tender crops. . . . For the third time in thirty years S. Sommerich & Co., wholesale millinery, New York, have failed. On the former occasions they paid, respectively, 25 and 35 cents on the dollar.

SENATOR ALLISON, Chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, says that under no conditions will the Senate fix a time for adjournment until all the appropriation bills are signed. He does not think there is any possibility that the business before Congress will be completed before July 15.

EMIGRANT passenger rates have been reduced on all the German and English transatlantic steamship lines to \$15. The National Line, it is reported, is selling tickets for \$14. . . . The decrease in the aggregate clearances of the twenty-five leading clearing-houses of the United States in the last week, as compared with the aggregate for corresponding week last year, was 23.1 per cent. Outside of New York the decrease was 10.9.

AN injunction was granted at Louisville restraining the removal of the headquarters of the Knights of Honor from Kentucky. General Sloat, Supreme officer of the order, says members need not feel alarmed, that death benefits will be paid regularly and business matters attended to. . . . The frigate Constellation has sailed from Annapolis for Hampton Roads, to repair her hull, it having been found so rotten that it could not hold the rudder.

AT a balloon ascension in Bordeaux, a French soldier fired at George W. Roosevelt, the American Consul. The bullet passed through his hat, confusing his head and knocking him over. It is believed that the assailant mistook his victim for an officer in citizens' dress. . . . On the entrance of Duke Sergius into St. Petersburg, householders were forbidden to admit strangers to their residences, under stern penalties. . . . El Mahdi has appointed one of his subordinates Governor of Dongola, and threatens to annihilate any Turkish force that may be sent against him.

IN the Senate, June 16, Mr. Ingalls created a breeze by charging that Mr. Brown had inserted in the official report of the latter's speech on the Georgia claim words which were not used in the debate. Bills were reported to increase to \$300,000 the appropriation for a public building at Erie, and to forfeit the unearned land grant of the Atlantic and Pacific Road. Mr. Van Wyck offered a resolution directing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire whether the Union and Central Pacific Roads have guaranteed interest on bonds other than those specifically authorized by Congress, or have issued new stock in violation of an act. Interesting debates took place on Mr. Butler's resolution for an investigation of the banks of New York and on the Utah bill. In the House, bills were introduced to give to every honorably discharged soldier or sailor 100 acres of land, and for the erection of a home for union and confederate soldiers at Denver. The Committee on Elections reported in favor of admitting Mr. Morey from the Seventh Ohio District. Mr. Deuster presented a measure to punish the prosecution of fraudulent claims against foreign governments by fine and imprisonment. An evening session was held to consider the deficiency appropriation bill.

LUMINOUS plants have a peculiar charm to the grower and observer. One of the best is Fraxinella, or gas plant. It is an old favorite, perfectly hardy, a perennial of the very easiest culture, and should be in every garden. In the calm summer evenings, when in bloom, a light applied to the base of the stalk will envelop the whole plant in flame. This can be repeated time and again, and, it appears, with benefit to the ripening seed. This property was discovered by Linnaeus. The flowers are white or red, and are very fine.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES	6.00	@ 8.00
HOGS	5.25	@ 6.00
FLOUR—Extra	4.00	@ 6.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago	.96	@ .98
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.01	@ 1.02
CORN—No. 2 White	.62	@ .71
OATS—White	.38	@ .43
PORK—Mess	16.50	@ 17.00
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers	6.50	@ 7.00
Fair to Good	5.75	@ 6.25
Butchers'	5.00	@ 5.75
HOGS	5.50	@ 6.00
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter	4.25	@ 5.75
Good to Choice Spring	4.35	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.83	@ .87
No. 3 Red Winter	.93	@ .95
CORN—No. 2	.54	@ .55
OATS—No. 2	.32	@ .33
RYE—No. 2	.63	@ .64
RAILY—No. 2	.62	@ .65
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.19	@ .20
Fine Dairy	.14	@ .15
CHEESE—Full Cream	.08	@ .09
Skimmed Flat	.03	@ .05
EGGS—Fresh	.14	@ .15
POTATOES—New, per bin	3.50	@ 4.25
PORK—Mess	19.50	@ 20.00
LARD	.08	@ .08 1/2
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.95	@ .97
CORN—No. 2	.56	@ .57
OATS—No. 2	.36	@ .37
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.87	@ .88
CORN—No. 2	.56	@ .58
OATS—No. 2	.31	@ .33
RAILY—No. 2	.60	@ .62
PORK—Mess	19.50	@ 20.00
LARD	.07 1/2	@ .08 1/2
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.99	@ 1.00
CORN—Mixed	.52	@ .53
OATS—No. 2	.31	@ .32
RYE	.56	@ .57
PORK—Mess	18.00	@ 18.75
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.00	@ 1.03
CORN	.56	@ .57
OATS—Mixed	.34	@ .35
PORK—Mess	18.50	@ 19.00
LARD	.07 1/2	@ .08
DETROIT.		
FLOUR	6.50	@ 7.00
WHEAT—No. 2 White	1.00	@ 1.01
CORN—Mixed	.55	@ .56
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	.34	@ .35
PORK—Mess	19.50	@ 20.00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.93	@ .95
CORN—Mixed	.51	@ .53
OATS—Mixed	.31	@ .33
EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Best	6.00	@ 6.50
Fair	5.50	@ 6.25
Common	3.75	@ 4.25
HOGS	5.50	@ 6.00
SHEEP	4.00	@ 4.50

SENATE AND HOUSE.

Proceedings of the Federal Congress Boiled Down.

IN the Senate, June 10, Mr. Logan presented a memorial from a Cincinnati mass-meeting, demanding a quarter section of land for each soldier, sailor, or marine who served in the Union army. The consular appropriation was debated in secret session for some hours. The House adopted a concurrent resolution for final adjournment on June 10. In committee of the whole, on the river and harbor bill, Mr. Ochlertze secured the cancellation of the clause appropriating \$200,000 to continue work on Galveston harbor, and Mr. Holman he an item for the improvement of the Little Kanawha stricken from the bill. An evening session was held for the consideration of Indian affairs.

Mr. VOORHEES offered a resolution in the Senate, June 11, calling for information as to the supply of beef to Indiana. Mr. Butler presented a resolution for a special committee to examine into the condition of the national bank in New York City. Two secret sessions were held to consider the item of \$250,000 in the consular appropriation to cover the expense of executing the neutrality act. A vote on the passage of the bill revealed the fact that no quorum was present. The House, in committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill, refused to strike out the clause for the construction of the Hennepin Canal. Motions for an increase in the items for the improvement of the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers were lost, but \$75,000 was appropriated for completing the surveys of the Mississippi.

THE Senate, on June 12, passed the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. Senator Vest offered an amendment to the bill providing that no money shall be paid out of the public treasury for printing speeches in the Congressional Record which are not spoken in the Senate or in the House. It is understood that the item of \$250,000 was passed in secret session, with only three dissenting votes. The money is to be used, it is said, to secure from the Nicaraguan Government for the United States the absolute and exclusive right of way between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans along the line of the projected Nicaragua Canal. The Mexican pensions bill was debated at considerable length, but no action was taken. The House passed the river and harbor bill, by 157 to 104, after striking out the Hennepin Canal clause. By a vote of 8 to 5 the Committee on Elections refused to reopen the Virginia contested-election case of Massey vs. Wise. Three Democrats voted with the Republicans in the majority.

THE Senate, on June 13, rejected a treaty for an international copyright and patent system which has already been ratified by twenty-four governments. The time of nearly the entire session was spent on a bill to pay the State of Georgia \$35,555 for money expended for the common defense in 1777, and when a vote was reached no quorum was present. The House adopted by a vote of 115 to 52 the Senate amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill increasing the item for the free delivery service from \$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000, but refused to agree to the amendment for an increase of the item for railway transportation. The consideration of the bill was not concluded. At the evening session seventy-six pension bills were passed.

THERE was no session of the Senate on the 14th. The House devoted its session to consideration of the amendments made by the Senate to the postoffice bill. By a vote of 125 to 95 it was agreed to make the appropriation for special mail facilities on the trunk lines \$250,000. A motion to increase to \$4,300,000 the item for railway postoffice clerks was lost, and the House insisted on disagreement with the Senate.

Why He Was Thankful.

THE disposition of some men to look on the bright side of everything was illustrated on a far Western road. An old gentleman had been an attentive listener to the somewhat remarkable experiences of his fellow-travelers, breaking into the culmination of each anecdote with a pious ejaculation of praise for some redeeming incident in the subject under discussion. Finally they got to setting matters up on the man, and telling stories in which it was hard for him to find anything to be grateful for. But he managed to get there each trip, until the boys were nearly at their wits' end. "But one of the worst I ever heard of," commenced one, winking at his companions to look for a smasher, "really the worst, was on the Savannah and Pensacola Road, in 1842. We ran into a coal train, and not a soul escaped. No, not a soul! Every one was killed!" There was a moment's pause, and every one looked at the old man to see how he would take it, "Thank heaven!" he exclaimed fervently, "thank heaven!" "What for," demanded the relator of the story, "what are you thanking heaven for now?" "To think you were killed by that train!" ejaculated the old gentleman, rolling up his eyes. "If you had been spared, what a liar you would have been by the time you reached your present age! Thank heaven for that disaster!" And, after that, the boys let him alone.—Germantown Telegraph.

Done by "A Simple Twist of the Wrist."

"It was as good as a circus," said Sergt. Mulholland. "I was walking along Broadway when I saw a black-and-tan cab coming furiously up Murray street. The driver seemed to be doing his best to stop the animal, but it was unmanageable. A tall, well-built man, who did not see the runaway, was crossing the street. Everybody cried out to him, but the horse was close upon him before he saw it. Quick as thought he put out his right hand, seized the horse by the nostrils, gave a sudden twist, and the runaway was lying flat on his side on the crossing. The cab-driver was too much astonished to say a word, and the stranger picked up his hat and walked off as coolly as though nothing had happened. I learned that he was Mr. Lemuel R. Sturges, the owner of a cattle-ranch in Texas. He knew a trick the cowboys have of throwing a steer by giving its head a little twist. He practiced it on Broadway, and that runaway horse got a lesson that he won't forget if he has any sense."—New York Sun.

A Silence Sent For.

A golden-haired Silence put its head in at a door. "Did you send for me?" "Of course I didn't," replied a man in a long apron. "A messenger boy said somebody along here wanted to see me." "Well, 'twan't me; I'm a barber. May be it was the merchant next door. I heard him say he was going to quit advertising."

TILDEN SPEAKS.

And Announces His "Irreversible Determination" Not to Be a Candidate.

His Advanced Age and Infirmit- ties the Reason for His Withdrawal.

The following communication from Samuel J. Tilden has been given to the Associated Press:

NEW YORK, June 10. To Daniel Manning, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of New York: In my letter of June 15, 1880, addressed to the delegates from the State of New York to the Democratic National Convention, I said: "Having now borne faithfully my full share of the labor and care in the public service, and wearing the marks of its burdens, I desire nothing so much as an honorable discharge. I wish to lay down the honors and toils of even quasi-party leadership and to make the repose of private life. In renouncing the renomination for the Presidency, I do so with no doubt in my mind as to the vote of the State of New York, or of the United States, but because I believe that it is a nomination of re-election to the Presidency. To those who think my renomination and re-election indispensable to an effectual vindication of the right of the people to elect their rulers, I voted in my person. I have accorded as long a reserve of my decision as possible, but I cannot overcome my repugnance to enter into a new engagement which involves four years of ceaseless toil. The dignity of the Presidential office is above a merely personal ambition, but it creates in me no illusion. Its value is as a great power for good to the country. I said four years ago, in accepting the nomination, 'Knowing as I do, therefore, from fresh experience, how great the difference is between guiding through an office routine and working out a reform of systems and policies, it is impossible for me to contemplate what needs to be done in the Federal administration without an anxious sense of the difficulties of the undertaking. If summoned by the suffrages of my countrymen to attempt this work I shall endeavor, with God's help, to be the efficient instrument of their will.' Such a work of reformation, after many years of misrule, such a reform of systems and policies, to which I would cheerfully have sacrificed a possible term of health and life, is now, I fear, beyond my strength."

My purpose to withdraw from further public service, and the grounds of it, were at that time well known to you and to others, and when, at Cincinnati, though respecting my wishes yourself, you communicated to me an appeal from my valued friends to relinquish that purpose, I reiterated my determination unconditionally. In the four years which have since passed, nothing has occurred to weaken, but everything to strengthen, the considerations which induced my withdrawal from public life. To all who have addressed me on the subject my intention has been frankly communicated. Several of my most confidential friends, under the sanction of their own names, have publicly stated my determination to be irreversible. That I have occasion now to consider the question is an event for which I have no responsibility. The appeal made to me by the Democratic masses, with apparent unanimity, to serve them once more is entitled to the most deferential consideration, and would inspire a disposition to do anything desired of me, if it were consistent with my judgment of duty. I believe that there is no instrumentality in human society so potential in its influences upon mankind for good or evil as the governmental machinery for administering justice and for making and executing laws. Not only the elementary institutions of private benevolence to which philanthropists may devote their lives are so fruitful in benefits as the rescue and preservation of this machinery from the perditions that make it the instrument of conspiracy, fraud, and crime against the most sacred rights and interests of the people. For fifty years, as a private citizen, never contemplating an official career, I have devoted at least as much thought and effort to the duty of influencing aright the action of the government in the interests of my country as to all other objects. I have never accepted official service except for a brief period, for a special purpose, and only when the occasion seemed to require from me that sacrifice of private preferences to the public welfare. I undertook the State administration of New York because it was supposed that in that way only could the executive power be arrayed on the side of the reforms to which, as a private citizen, I had given all the years of my life. I accepted the nomination for the Presidency in 1876 because of the general conviction that my candidacy would best present the issue of reform which the Democratic majority of the people desired to have worked out, in the Federal Government, as it had been in the State of New York. I believed that I had strength enough then to renovate the administration of the Government of the United States, and at the close of my term, to hand over the great trust to a successor faithful to the policy.

Though anxious to seek the repose of private life, I nevertheless acted upon the idea that every power is a trust and involves a duty. In reply to the committee communicating my nomination, I depicted the difficulties of the undertaking and likened my feelings in engaging in it to those of a soldier entering battle; but I did not withhold the entire consecration of my power to the public service. Twenty years of continuous administration, under the demoralizing influence of intestine war and of bad finance, have infected the whole governmental system of the United States with the cancerous growths of false constructions and corrupt practices. Powerful classes have acquired pecuniary interests in official abuses, and the moral standards of the people have been impaired. To redress these evils is a work of great difficulty and labor, and cannot be accomplished without the most energetic and efficient assistance of action on the part of the Chief Executive of the Republic. The canvass and administration which it is desired that I should undertake would embrace a period of nearly five years. Nor can I admit any illusion as to their burdens. Three years' experience in the endeavor to reform the municipal government of the city of New York, and two years' experience in renovating the administration of the State of New York, have made me familiar with the requirements of such a work. At the present time the considerations which induced my action in 1880 have become imperative. I ought not to assume a task which I have not the physical strength to carry through. To reform the administration of the Federal Government; to realize my own ideal, and to fulfill the great expectations of the people, would indeed warrant, as they could alone compensate, the sacrifices which the undertaking would involve; but, in my condition of advancing years and declining strength, I feel no assurance of my ability to accomplish these objects. I am, therefore, constrained to say definitely that I cannot now assume the labors of an administration, or of a canvass.

Undervaluing in no wise that best gift of heaven—the occasion and the power sometimes bestowed upon a mere individual to communicate an impulse for good—grateful beyond all words to my fellow-countrymen who would assign such a work to me—I am consoled by the reflection that neither the Democratic party nor the republic, for whose future that party is the best guarantee, is now or ever can be dependent upon any one man for their successful progress in the path of a noble destiny.

Having given to their welfare whatever of health and strength I possessed, or could borrow from the future, and having reached the term of my capacity for such labors as their welfare now demands, I submit to the will of God in deeming my public career forever closed.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

SMALL TALK.

TWO HUNDRED hair-pins were found in the stomach of a cow killed in Logan County, Ky. MULBERRY, Ohio, has a colored citizen named William Long, who claims to be 145 years old, and isn't sure that he saw Christopher Columbus. A BOSTON woman warns train-boys through the *Globe* that "if they throw any of Col. Ingersoll's lectures in my lap I shall certainly throw them out of the window."

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

At the recent sale of Lord Falkland's stud twenty-four horses brought 36,400 guineas. One favorite of turfmen sold for 4,000 guineas, a 3-year-old for 3,600 and a 2-year-old for 2,200.

Rats are multiplying in Australia about as fast as rabbits. The climate is favorable to their living out of doors. They are beginning to be very destructive to crops. The field rats often invade houses if a door happens to be left open. Sometimes the members of a family and visitors are obliged to arm themselves and drive the rats out of the house.

ONE of the only two remaining Roman milestones in Great Britain is in Cannon street, London, the other being in Chesterholm, in Northumberland. There is Roman work about the Tower of London. Until quite recently an old Roman turret was standing within a hundred yards of Ludgate Hill Station, and in Cripplegate may yet be seen a splendid specimen of the original Roman wall.

From a French state paper, lately brought to light, it appears that in 1770 the following Parliamentary decree was solemnly passed and duly registered under King Louis XV.: "Whosoever, by means of red or white paint, perfumes, essences, artificial teeth, false hair, cotton wool, iron corsets, hoops, shoes with high heels, or false hips shall seek to entice into the bands of marriage any male subject of his Majesty, shall be prosecuted for witchcraft and declared incapable of marriage."

Most bells were originally feminine, now the two or three that are called by Christian names in England are masculine. The most celebrated Great Tom, at Oxford, was originally named Mary Tresham, the Vice-Chancellor of the period writes: "Oh, beautiful Mary, how musically she sounds." She has done little to belie this reputation since she became Tom. Once only, in the year of 1800, Tom got into disgrace by a series of incontinent striking which greatly alarmed the undergraduates, who were divided in opinion as to "whether there was an earthquake, the Dean was dead or the college on fire."

A VERY pretty custom, which has since been followed, was introduced at a fashionable wedding recently at the Savoy Chapel Royal, London. The choir formed a procession down the aisle to meet the bride and then walked back before her to their places in the church chanting a bridal hymn. A moral support is thus given to a faltering girl who has usually to walk up the aisle the observed of all observers, and overhearing, perhaps, remarks on the redness of her nose or some defect in her dress not very reassuring. After the ceremony the choir again formed in procession and walked before the bride and groom down the aisle to the entrance gate.

It was believed a few days ago that the world was wearying of international and local industrial exhibitions; but the tendency to hold them seems to be as strong as ever, especially in our own country, where several exhibitions, both of an industrial and scientific character, will be held this year, notably the great "World's Exposition" at New Orleans, held in commemoration of the first shipment of cotton from this country to England. Next year a great American Exhibition will be opened at London, devoted almost exclusively to American mechanical and agricultural productions, and at Antwerp will be opened an international exhibition under the patronage of that enterprising monarch, King Leopold of Belgium. The international exposition still remains a most effective method of giving to the nations a knowledge of their common progress in the useful and ornamental arts, and one promotive of international trade. It may be mentioned that California will have a "World's Fair" either next year or in 1886.

Boston Post: A bit of sharp practice worthy of a politician happened in Boston recently. It appears that an organization was about holding its annual meeting for the election of officers. There was no opposition to the candidates mentioned and it was pretty well understood who the officers would be. A gentleman who was mentioned for a

miner office had the ballots printed on which his name appeared, and on the evening of the election was present with the bunch of ballots in his hands. An enemy by some means had secured a single ballot and had had others printed exactly like the regulars, with the exception that the former gentleman's name was left off and another submitted. A wicked emissary appeared at the hall on the evening of election with a suspicious looking bundle, and approaching the gentleman with the straight ballots asked if he might see them. The request was granted, and unwittingly the whole package of ballots was passed over, and before it was passed back the package of crooked ballots had been substituted. The gentleman then stood up and peddled the crooked ballots, and very nicely succeeded in lifting himself out of office. His face was a study when he discovered the sharp little trick which had been played upon him.

BEFORE the Criminal Court at Mannheim, Germany, a terrible case was lately tried. An aged day-laborer, Stumpf, by name, got out of work on account of poor health, and became in course of time a confirmed invalid. His wife, who is 62 years old, at first helped bravely by taking in washing, but after awhile she took to drinking, and lost customer after customer. How hard it went with the old couple may be judged from the fact that all they had to live on was the pay Stumpf received for watching a store two or three times a week over night, getting about seven and a half cents each time. His wife was no comfort to him, and frequently said to others she would be glad if the old man would die. On the last day of February their rent became due. The municipality refused assistance, because it was feared the old woman would spend the money for whisky, and a son of Stumpf who formerly had done a little toward supporting the old people was in hard straits himself. However, the landlord was kind enough to permit the poor people to stay. On March 4, Mrs. Stumpf appeared at the police station and reported that her husband had cut his throat. When closely questioned she told the following story: On the evening of March 3, she and her husband had talked for a long time about their hardships until she had fallen to sleep. About midnight her husband had risen again and had gone into an adjoining garret. He staid away so long that she followed him and found him standing in the garret, his throat bared and an open razor in his hand. He had asked her to cut his throat. At first she had refused to do it, but at last she had consented and slashed him across the throat. He had fallen to the floor and she had left the room thinking that he would bleed to death. Returning after about fifteen minutes she had found him still alive and even strong enough to walk with her assistance. She had wiped off the blood from him, placed a piece of cloth over the wound and put him to bed. The next day he had indicated to her by signs—he had not been able to articulate a sound—that he wanted her to cut off his head entirely. She had then led him back to the garret, cut him a second time, and killed him. The court became satisfied that the woman's story was true. The circumstance that none of the neighbors heard any struggle and the fact that there were two blood puddles, one fresher than the other, in the garret, and no trace of blood in the bed, seemed to confirm what the woman said, and spoke against the theory that Stumpf had been killed against his will. The woman was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

A Successful Operation.

"That is probably the most successful operation ever performed," remarked one physician to another.

"It is, indeed," was the enthusiastic reply. "I should say that the tumor weighs not less than eighty pounds."

"At least that. I have made arrangements to have it carefully preserved, and it cannot but prove of great benefit to the art of surgery."

"Undoubtedly. You must allow me to congratulate you, doctor, on your success in this matter. You have reflected great credit on the profession. Well, I must leave you at this corner. Good-day; I suppose I will see you at the funeral."—Philadelphia Call.

CHICKENS are now hatched out by the aid of electricity. The nest or basket is filled with fine hay, upon which the eggs are laid. The cover is a thick layer of soft down attached to a round box containing coils of wire. These are heated by an electric current, whose temperature is regulated by a thermometer placed on the cover. When the heat becomes too great the rise of the mercury cuts the coils out of circuit and allows them to cool. All the attention required is to sprinkle and turn the eggs once each day.

CURIOUS AND SCIENTIFIC.

Among the new applications of cotton is its use, in part, in the construction of houses, the material employed for this purpose being the refuse, which, when ground up with about an equal amount of straw and asbestos, is converted into a paste, and this is formed into large bricks, which acquire, it is said, the hardness of stone, and furnish a really valuable building stock.

ARTIFICIAL cork is among the recent German inventions. The method of production consists of mixing powdered cork with starch and water, and kneading the mass while boiling hot until it is thoroughly mixed. The substance is then poured into molds for forming the articles, and afterward dried at a very high temperature. The material is described as quite light, and possesses non-conducting properties.

GOURDS are highly useful as well as ornamental. Gourd shells are largely used in the south for dipping water, and in place of drinking-cups. They may be raised in this latitude by planting the seed very early and training the vines on a trellis or on trees or bushes. The plants can be started in a box in the house during cold weather, and transferred to the open ground when the weather becomes warm.

In the island of San Domingo there is a remarkable salt mountain, a mass of crystalline salt nearly four miles long, estimated to contain 89,337,000 tons, and so clear that type can be read through a block a foot thick. The mountain, geologists say, was once a plain at the bottom of the sea, and, as the island rose from the ocean, this plain formed the bottom of a shallow lagoon, where the salt was deposited.

MANGANESE has been found near Batesville, Arkansas, in large quantities. A belt of it, fifteen miles by six miles, has recently been discovered near the town, and is one of the largest deposits known, the manganese at the same time, it is said, being the most valuable that has ever been found anywhere. The mines have been opened, and work has been going on for some time. The supply is said to be inexhaustible and is being shipped daily to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and other manufacturing cities.

GLUE is made of hides, horns, skins, hoofs, and ears of horses, oxen, calves, and sheep. These are first cleansed of grease and dirt in lime-water, then steeped in clean water and the water pressed out. They are then boiled in clean water and the skimmings taken off, after which they are strained. The liquid thus obtained is then boiled down until it is thick enough to be poured into moulds, where it hardens and is cut into cakes. The cakes, while still soft, are cut into thin slices. The slices are dried, and are ready for sale.—Wood-Worker.

DR. POORE, of London, in contrasting coffee and tea, says the former contains more alkaloidal stimulant and the latter more tannin. Tea calls for less digestive efforts than coffee, but the tannin of tea injures digestion after a time. Out of ninety samples of ground coffee purchased in London shops only five were found to be wholly genuine. It is often remarked that "two wrongs don't make a right," but here at least is an illustration showing how one evil, adulteration with harmless grains, may counteract another, an excessive use of coffee (or what is thought to be coffee) as a beverage.—Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.

"Good Morning."

It is astonishing how old this salutation is, and how it differs amongst various races. The Greeks wished a man to be of "good cheer." The Romans trusted their friends might, that day, find themselves in a state of health and safety. But when the matter is looked into the reason explains itself. The Greek was a gay dog, and happiness at any cost was his ideal. Hence he of "good cheer"—make the most of the moment. The Romans, however, surrounded by the cares of a vast empire, threatened now by one foe and again by another, used a more solemn greeting. "Health" was his first wish, because his idealized Rome was surrounded by fogs. "Safety" was his second wish, for at any moment the fateful end of all things might come. In China "good morning" almost grows comic. It means there "Have you eaten your rice, and is your stomach working well?" Fancy putting these phrases to an Englishman. Yet, after all, the Chinaman shows a good deal of wisdom in his salutation. A good appetite for breakfast, be it a bread-and-butter meal, or be it a repast on rice, means—as a rule—a good day, and following a good day, a good night, and with a good night, pleasant sleep, and renewed strength for the morning again. A man whose stomach, too, is working well, is a man whose temper is equable, and who will, therefore, generally speaking, be happy and happy-minded. Upon these considerations, therefore, it would almost seem that Pigtail John's "good morning" is the wisest of those named.

MISS EMILY FAITHFUL says: What was competence in the days of our grandfathers is now regarded as a scanty pittance, the luxuries of the parents are the necessities of the children. On all sides there is a reckless determination to enjoy the present and leave the future to take care of itself. The spirit of show and sham is everywhere. Servants, too, emulate their mistresses in spending on their back all the money they can get. The servant of the period is lazy and worthless, for her mind is not on her work, but on making a display. Good mistresses make good servants. Reform in this case must begin above and work downward.

WRECKED ON THE RAIL.

An Excursion Train Filled with Children Collides with an Accommodation.

Eight Railroad Men Killed—Nearly a Score of the Passengers Injured.

(Philadelphia telegram.)

There was a crash on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad this morning. Two trains came together with terrible force. Eight people were killed, and of the dozen or more wounded several will probably die. At 8:30 a train of three cars left Camden, N. J., for Lakeside with children from the Second Presbyterian Church on an excursion. At 7 o'clock an accommodation train of seven cars left Atlantic City for Camden and Philadelphia. The trains should have passed at Ashland Station. Superintendent Bannard sent a telegram to the operator at Ashland to hold the accommodation on a side track there until the excursion had passed. Somehow the accommodation got by Ashland, and about a mile this side rushed headlong into the excursion train.

"I was sitting in the smoker of the accommodation," said James Anderson, of Atco, N. J., "when I heard the shrill whistle of a locomotive, which was followed by similar signals from another locomotive close by. I thought that something was wrong, and I immediately jumped to my feet. At that instant the air-brake was applied, and the movement of the train was brought to a stop so suddenly and with such force as to throw me down on the floor of the car. I quickly regained my feet, and on glancing around I found that all the other passengers, of whom there were about twenty in the car, had also been thrown out of their seats. This was all the work of a few seconds, and was followed by a terrible crash as the two trains came together. The smoking-car was the third from the locomotive, and was pretty well used up. After the collision occurred we all scrambled out of the car, some escaping by the windows. Both locomotives were completely demolished by the collision, and the escaping steam made it impossible for some time for any one to approach within fifty feet of the wreck.

Great excitement existed among the people in the two trains, especially among the women and children composing the excursion train. The sight presented after the accident occurred was a terrible one. The train-hands and the male passengers were running to and fro, so much excited that they were unable to render any assistance to the injured and dying.

As soon as partial quiet had been restored the uninjured went to the assistance of the wounded.

Fireman Nicholas Barber was taken out dead, with his entrails protruding.

Mail Agent Winfield Hiles was, with great difficulty, gotten out. He was lying deep under the debris, and it was some time before he was discovered. He was heard to call "Here I am," and was thus found. When gotten out he could not give much account of himself, as he was terribly injured internally, and died in a short time.

Frank Fenton, the surveyor of the road, who was on the train, was taken out after about two hours' work, mangled in a terrible manner.

Both engineers were killed.

Conductor Albert Smith and the brakeman, Gustavus Edwards, of the Lakeside train, were taken out dead. Smith was counting his tickets in the front car. It was nearly an hour and a half after the accident before medical attendance was gotten on the ground. The most affecting thing of the affair was the fact that the daughter of Civil Engineer Fenton was on the excursion train. She looked for her father and was told that he was safe and had gone ahead to flag the trains. She then waited and walked to Haddonfield. In a few minutes after she had gone her father was taken out of the ruins, his head almost flattened where it had been crushed.

The point where the collision occurred is considered the worst on the line. It is about two miles from Haddonfield, and one mile from Ashland, with a heavy down grade and curve in both directions. In the middle of the curve is a wooden bridge over Cooper's Creek. There is only a single track on the curve, with a light embankment on either side. The accommodation was running at the rate of twenty-two miles an hour when it entered the curve.

Hunted Down.

(Ogden [Utah] Dispatch.)

Last week nine Montana horse-thieves, one of the thieves accompanied by his wife and three children, successfully "stood off" eight pursuers and got away with fifty head of stolen horses, driving them into Idaho. Another party of pursuers was organized at Eagle Rock, Idaho, who took up the robbers' trail and captured a man and his wife and children and three horses near Camas. Following the trail of the remainder of the band up Snake River Valley to Rexburg, a Mormon settlement, the pursuers "treed their game" Friday night in a house occupied by a Mormon named Riels. The pursuing party surrounded the house and waited for their men to emerge. About 8 o'clock yesterday morning two of the thieves came out of the house and started for the stables. They were met by a peremptory command, "Throw up your hands," a request that was immediately obeyed, but one hand of each of the robbers contained a murderous six-shooter. Before they had time to use their weapons one of them was shot dead and the other captured. The remainder of the party surrendered and will be taken to Montana. All of the stolen horses except five were recovered.

CHIPS.

A CITIZEN of New Orleans is making a fortune selling iced tea.

YALLER DOG and Raw Dog are the names of two little towns south of Heppner, Oregon.

MR. A. W. HARMON, of Savannah, has a team of gray horses which has taken the one hundredth bridal couple to the nuptial ceremonies.

THIRTY THOUSAND two-horse trucks are employed in the business of New York city. Upwards of \$20,000,000 is invested in this industry.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—Coal has been discovered near Millbrook.

—Burr Oak farmers have been caught on the wrong side of a wheat deal to the tune of \$150,000.

—Mrs. Wm. Colvin, one of the pioneer women of Lenawee County, died of heart disease at her residence in Palmyra.

—A Kalkaska man named Hard, who went over to Cheboygan to settle, invested \$200 in three-card monte the first crack he had at his new location.

—Mrs. Philo Wilson, relict of the late Judge Wilson, died at Adrian after an illness of long duration, aged 82 years. She and her husband were among the very earliest pioneer settlers in Lenawee County.

—Betsey Dickson, aged 85, a widow of 1812, comes to Adrian regularly and executes her pension vouchers. She is able to do her own work and gets around very easily. She has decided to break up housekeeping and visit around among her children.

—The shipments from the port of Bay City for the month of May were as follows: Lumber, feet.....100,670,240 Shingle, pieces.....18,118,000 Lath, pieces.....4,372,000 Timber, cubic feet.....98,500 Staves.....7,335 Salt, barrels.....4,300

—A lone and curiously marked hawk, of an unknown variety, has been visiting Petoskey recently and making a nuisance of himself by killing all the canary birds he could find hanging out of doors. He is but little larger than a robin, and is beautifully marked with orange and red.

—A Mr. Knickerbocker, of Chelsea, has for years acted in a very eccentric manner, and of late his peculiarities have taken a more pronounced form than ever. Since Jan. 1 he has not been out of his room, and for days at a time he will not partake of food.

—The building on the northeast corner of Tenth and Jackson streets, Bay City, occupied by D. Spear & Co. as a grocery, and Fred Wager as a residence, was partially destroyed by fire. Spear's loss is \$12,000; insurance, \$800. Wager's loss is \$300; no insurance.

—The propeller California, from Chicago to Montreal, with a cargo of corn and twelve passengers, struck a reef off Sand Beach Harbor and had her bottom stove in. The crew and passengers were saved. The scows Curlew and Greenback were wrecked off the mouth of Saginaw River.

—John Vaughn, a farmer, living near Dexter, went to the house of a neighbor named Mike Hobin the other night. A quarrel followed, during which Hobin shot Vaughn in the left lung with a revolver and also shot at another man. Hobin has been arrested. He shot at a woman recently for a small offense.

—An affair occurred at Whitmore Lake, a short distance from Brighton, which would have proven fatal for Milton Todd, of Green Oak, had assistance not reached him in time. It seems that Todd and one Pete View, formerly a notorious saloon-keeper at the lake, were both keeping company with a Miss Graham, and happened to meet at her home at the same time on the night in question. Todd was shown the preference during the evening and View disappeared. At a late hour, while returning home in the dense darkness, the favorite of the evening was suddenly waylaid and beaten. View was arrested for the crime by the father of the injured young man and was lodged in the Wastanaw County Jail to await examination on the charge of assault with intent to kill.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by observers of diseases in different parts of the State show the principal diseases which caused most sickness in Michigan during the week ending June 7, 1884, as follows. Number of observers heard from, 47:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Number of observers who reported cases.	Number of cases reported.	Percentage of total cases.
1. Neuralgia.....	70	67	73
2. Rheumatism.....	68	69	75
3. Intermittent fever.....	66	60	66
4. Consumption of lungs.....	60	58	63
5. Bronchitis.....	63	56	61
6. Tonsillitis.....	53	47	51
7. Influenza.....	28	37	40
8. Cholera morbus.....	26	9	9
9. Remittent fever.....	26	3	3
10. Inflammation of kidneys.....	26	21	23
11. Erysipelas.....	23	21	23
12. Whooping cough.....	21	21	23
13. Pneumonia.....	21	21	23
14. Diphtheria.....	21	12	13
15. Measles.....	17	19	21
16. Scarlet fever.....	15	12	13
17. Inflammation of bowels.....	13	5	5
18. Cholera infantum.....	13	5	5
19. Inflammation of brain.....	11	9	10
20. Cerebro-spinal meningitis.....	8	12	13
21. Typho-malarial fever.....	6	7	7
22. Typhoid fever (enteric).....	6	7	7
23. Dysentery.....	6	14	15
24. Membranous croup.....	6	5	5
25. Puerperal fever.....	4	7	7

For the week ending June 7, 1884, the reports indicate that cholera morbus considerably increased, that diphtheria, cholera infantum, and diarrhea increased, and that dysentery and pneumonia decreased.

At the State capital the prevailing winds during the week ending June 7 were southeast and, compared with the preceding week, the temperature was considerably higher, the absolute and the relative humidity and the day ozone considerably more, and the night ozone more.

Including reports by regular observers and others, diphtheria was reported present during the week ending June 7, and since, at 14 places, namely, Calumet, Danvers, Detroit, East Saginaw, Fenton, Maple Rapids, Grand Rapids, Monroe, Muskegon, Port Huron, Pontiac, Republic, Reynolds, and West Bay City; scarlet fever at 17 places, Cadillac, Calumet, Clay, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Highland, Jennings, Marshall, Muskegon, Pontiac, Port Huron, Roxane, Republic, St. Johns, Sunfield, Traverse City, and Vicksburg; measles at 10 places, Adrian, Charlot, Detroit, Gaines, Grand Rapids, Jerome, Marshall, Mendon, Midland, and Muskegon.

HENRY B. BAKER, Secretary.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1884.

PERSONEL OF THE GENERAL SYNOD.

As we have, in our two previous issues, published a portion of the proceedings of the Synod of the Reformed Church, such as we deemed was of interest to our readers, we think it right that we should give something of the men who composed that body, and have consequently compiled the following brief sketches:

Rev. Dr. Gerden, of Manhasset, L. I., is the author of several theological treatises on "The Church and Her Sacraments," "The Divinity of Christ," etc.

Mr. R. H. Veghte, a retired merchant and an elder from Somerville, N. J., carried on a considerable trade with Grand Rapids crockery dealers thirty years ago.

Rev. H. N. Cobb, D. D., Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions, was for three years in the employ of the American Board—A. B. C. F. M.—among the Nestorians of Persia.

Prof. Wm. H. Crosby, of New York city, a lay delegate, from 1841 to 1849 he was professor of Latin in Rutgers college, New Brunswick, N. J., and from 1849 to 1860 occupied that chair in Columbia college, New York, from which he graduated in 1827.

Rev. Wm. D. Perry, of Hudson, N. Y., for eight years the able and successful principal of the classical academy of Hudson, in which his wife was the popular assistant, is the guest of Mr. Geo. W. Gates. He was the tallest man in the synod, standing 6 ft. 4 in. high, and weighs 240 pounds.

Elder R. N. Perlee, of New York city, the guest of Mr. Henry Spring, is the senior partner of the world-famed firm of Geo. Mathers & Sons, manufacturers of printing inks. They made the ink for Appleton's Pictorial America, and supply the ink for the engravings of Harper's Magazine, and for publications in China.

Rev. John De Baun, D. D., the president elect of Hope College, is pastor of the Reformed church at Fonda, N. Y. He was for many years the leading minister of the classis of Schenectady, N. Y., and is an able ecclesiastical lawyer, an ex-president of General Synod and a prominent man in the Reformed church.

One of the notable features in the dress of the delegates at the Synod was the number of gold watch keys worn. These are the tokens of membership in the "Phi Beta Kappa" society, which consist of graduates of the classical course in the colleges and universities of the east. The key is awarded only to those who stand high in scholarship.

The Rev. E. Tanjore Corwin, D. D., the chairman of the committee on overtures is one of the men who carry the history and legislative precedents of the Reformed church in his head. He is a master of details, having issued three editions of the "Manual of the Reformed Church," and is now engaged on a digest of the legislation of the church during the last 300 years.

Rev. John K. Allen of Tarrytown, N. Y., is pastor of the Reformed church of Tarrytown, which has for its chapel the old Sleepy Hollow church, near which Washington Irving lies buried. This quaint edifice, erected about A. D. 1700, is used for Sunday afternoon services during the summer. Mr. Allen is a vigorous speaker and a writer of more than average power of expression. One of his church officers is Major Marshall O. Bright, the well-known editor of the *Christian at Work*, which formerly had for its figure-head the Rev. DeWitt Talmage.

Rev. Herman C. Berg is pastor of the Reformed church at College Point, a town on Long Island Sound, opposite New York city, inhabited chiefly by New York business men. Mr. Berg, after seven years education at Rutgers' college and the Reformed church seminary, spent three years at a German university. His father was the famous Joseph Berg, for many years a leading pulpit orator in Philadelphia and the opponent of Archbishop Hughes. His brother-in-law is the Rev. Chester D. Hartranft, (brother of the ex-governor of Pennsylvania of that name) president of the Hartford theological seminary of the Congregational church.

Rev. D. A. Cole, D. D., president of the Synod, is a member of one of the old Dutch families of New York, its record running back to 1623, only fourteen years after the first settlement—the original name Keol in order to harmonize orthography and pronunciation, having been Anglicised to Cole. His age is 62 years. He is a graduate of Rutgers college, N. J., and spent over twenty years of his earlier life as a teacher, being for several years professor of Greek at Rutgers. Nineteen years ago he was called to the pastorate of the Reformed church at Yonkers, N. Y., a beautiful residence city just over the northern boundary of New York, and some seventeen miles from the city hall, in which position he still remains. Many of the clergy in attendance at the synod were formerly his pupils.

THE crop report of the Secretary of State says: "For this report returns have been received from 901 correspondents, representing 681 townships. Six hundred and sixteen of these are from 418 townships in the southern four tiers of counties. The weather during May has been on the whole much more favorable than during May, 1883. Wheat and grass have made good growth during the month, and spring seeding has done well. Wheat is very generally reported thin on the ground, and 'spotted,' that on clay land being badly injured. The condition in the southern four tiers of counties is estimated at 91 per cent, and in the northern counties 98 per cent, of condition one year ago. The probable total product in the State may be placed at 23,400,000 bushels."

Fruit prospects for this locality are also given in the report by I. Marsilje, as fol-

lows: "Apples promise well, a full average crop may be expected, and the same may be said of pears, and cherries, and plums also where the necessary precautions are taken against the attacks of the curculio, the trees being all well loaded. Strawberries promise well, and grapes a full average. As to the per cent of the peach crop that may be looked for, it is rather difficult to estimate, as the crop this season is confined to certain localities, and even then to certain varieties. In some of our orchards there are hardly any while others make a fair showing in certain varieties. The leading varieties in this respect are Early Rivers nearly an average crop, the Alexander, Hill Chili and Early Barnard following with a fair showing of fruit, these being followed by other varieties with some promise of fruit, the Crawford making the poorest showing. Some of our orchards will perhaps yield about 33 per cent of an average crop, but I do not think the average in general will exceed 25 per cent."

The prospects above given have been partially decreased since the writing owing to the "curled leaf," which is causing the fruit to fall.

Calendar of Commencement Week at Hope College.

Examination of Undergraduate Classes Wednesday to Friday, June 18-20.

Exhibition of Preparatory Department, Monday, 23rd inst. 2½ P. M.

Meeting of Council on Tuesday, June 24th, 10 A. M. Alumni Dinner, and Business meeting of Alumni. Exercises of Alumni Association in College Chapel, 8 P. M.

General Commencement, on Wednesday 25th inst. 10 A. M.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, Rev. N. M. Steffens, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Preaching in the morning by Rev. Charles A. Dutton, and in the evening by Rev. N. M. Steffens. Congregational singing led by the choir. Opening anthems. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. In the morning the services will be conducted by Rev. N. M. Steffens, and in the afternoon Rev. B. De Bey, of Chicago, is expected to occupy the pulpit.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "Not any kind of works can be the ground of our justification." Afternoon, "Trust in the Lord, a rich, true, charming and fitting Gospel."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9 a. m., 1:30 and 7 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. A. De Bruyn, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Morning, Memorial service to Bishop Simpson. Evening, "Where to look."

Blendon.

THE Seventh Day Advents are holding evening meetings in a tent in a beautiful grove on the farm of Mr. Rogers in North Blendon. Your correspondent attended the services one evening this week. The speaker, a lady named Lane, of Coopersville, illustrated her subject with charts, one of which, from the number of ferocious looking animals on it, your informant ignorantly mistook for one of P. T. Barnum's posters. The subject of the evening's discourse was Satan. The speaker took the ground that there is a veritable devil formed like man, and explained that the serpent that tempted Eve, was only a common snake, but that Satan was hid in bushes near by, and, being an expert ventriloquist, spoke through the serpent. The tent is quite commodious, capable of seating about 150 persons. The first few evenings there was a good attendance, but as the novelty wears off, the attendance and interest is diminishing. The meetings will continue this week and perhaps longer. W. B.

Another band of fishermen made an excursion to Macatawa Bay. Wm. Fleetwood caught 2,941 ranslan-gums, but Bill Morehead captured a 75 pound muskallunge, while 'tis solemnly declared that J. W. Jones discharged a seven shooter at a diabolical holiday. No oil of oratory characterized this trip, but Willie Twining's illness, the cause of which shall ever be wrapped in oblivion, was the distinguished memento of that delightful excursion.—*Salem Cor. of Allegan Gazette.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsb.

We will furnish parties with everything needed for Sabbath School Picnics, also societies or private parties. Special attention given to everything in that line. Give us a call, as we guarantee satisfaction at PESSINK'S BAKERY.

Fresh roasted Peanuts and all other kinds of Nuts, Candies, Bananas and choice California Canned Goods at PESSINK'S.

Ice.

Families desiring Ice at any time or for the season can leave their orders at the hardware store of R. KANTERS & BONS.

STRICTLY pure Paris Green, Powdered Hellebore and Insect Powder at KREMERS & BANGS, Druggists.

A NEW stock of Parasels, Fans, Handkerchiefs, Ladies and Children's Cellars, etc., just received. Call and examine our stock. D. BERTSCH. 18-1f

The Fourth of July is at hand and we are ready again to sell our old customers, as well as many new ones, all kinds of Fireworks, Flags, Ice Cream, Lemons, Oranges, Cooceanuts, Cigars, and everything wanted for a large or small celebration. Special terms given. JNO. PESSINK.

Angler's Complete Outfit.

This is our latest and best outfit. It consists of a fine 11 foot jolated rod, with brass tips and ferrules; 1 bob; 1 cork bob with hook and line; 6 sinkers; 2 forty foot sea-grass lines and 1 shatter; 12 assorted hooks; 3 trout and 2 bass flies; 1 fine bait box, hinged cover and highly ornamented; 1 trolling hook and 1 reel holding 40 feet of line. This is a splendid outfit for those who delight in fishing. Price \$1, or \$3 for \$2.75. Remit by POSTAL NOTE OR CURRENCY. J. C. COLBY CO., Chicago, Ill. 17-4f.

New Advertisements.

Special Assessor's Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND. Clerk's Office, June 17th, 1884. To Tennis Keppel, Jacob Smits, Bastian Van Ry, Ellen Van Den Berge, James Brouwer, Bastian Kruidenier, H. Wykhuisen, E. J. Harrington, James Westreer, Mrs. A. Van Ry, Gerrit Slenk, John Van Landegand, First Reformed Church, Hope College, Isaac Thompson, Hendrick Geerlings, Marinus Jansen, P. Baerman and City of Holland. You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll for the grading and improving of Cedar street special street assessment district, has been reported by the Board of Assessors to the Common Council of the city of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., at the Common Council rooms, in said city, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Assessors to review said roll. By order of the Common Council. GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk. 30-3w

Dissolution Notice.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Peter Prins and Cornelis De Jong, under the firm name of P. Prins & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts both in favor of and against the late firm, will be settled by the new firm, Prins & Geerlings. PETER PRINS, CORNELIS DE JONG. HOLLAND, Mich., May 24, 1884. 17-4w.

J. W. BOSMAN,

Merchant Tailor,

and dealer in

Ready-Made Clothing,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

NECKWEAR, HATS AND CAPS, ETC.

A large and very fine line of

SUITINGS

have just been received and all who desire a good CUSTOM-MADE suit of Clothes will do well to

GIVE ME A CALL.

Our large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING will be sold at bottom prices.

Examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

J. W. BOSMAN, 12-1y

Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches,

DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

The largest assortment of DIAMOND RINGS ever displayed in this City.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods. O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 13, 1884. 45-1v

SUMMER HAS COME!

C. STEKETEE & BOS

have a full line of

Summer Dress Goods!

Straw Hats of all Descriptions!

Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics.

We have in stock constantly

FRESH GROCERIES

and a superior stock of Canned Goods.

PLUG TOBACCO!

We are agents for the Celebrated "Duck" Brand of Plug Tobacco. Every customer buying this tobacco has a chance of drawing an alarm clock.

DECORATED AND PLAIN FLOWER POTS.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS, 36-1y

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa.— s. s. In the Circuit Court of the County of Ottawa—In CHANCERY.

DR. LORA A. HUNGERFORD, Complainant.

vs. ALBERT F. HUNGERFORD, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa in chancery, at the City of Grand Haven, on the twenty-second day of May, A. D. 1884.

It satisfactorily appearing to this court by affidavit on file, that the defendant, Albert F. Hungerford is not a resident of this State, but resides at Jamestown, Stutsman County, Dakota, on motion of G. J. Diekema, Complainant's Solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant, Albert F. Hungerford cause his appearance to be entered herein, within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered that within twenty days after the date hereof, the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the above time prescribed for his appearance.

Dated at Holland, Ottawa County, this twenty-second day of May, in the year A. D. 1884.

AREND VISSCHER, Circuit Court Commissioner, Ottawa county, Mich. G. J. DIEKEMA, Complainant's Solicitor. 17-7f

E. HEROLD

has just received a large stock of the latest styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES

among which are the celebrated

GROVER HAND SEWED

SHOES.

Repairing neatly and promptly done.

CALL AND SEE US

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD,

HOLLAND, Mich., March 13, 1884.

The Great Events of History in One Volume.

FAMOUS DECISIVE BATTLES

Of the World. By CAPT. KING, U. S. A.

HISTORY FROM THE RATTLE FIELD.

Shows how nations have been made or destroyed in a day—how Fame or disaster has turned on a single contest. A Grand Book for Old or Young—saves time, aids the memory, gives pleasure and instruction. Maps and Fine Illustrations.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Send for description and terms. Address: J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula & Erysipelas. THE BEST BLOOD-PURIFIER ON EARTH. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Buffalo, New York.

1884. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1884

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS.

FEATHERS, POMPONS, RIBBONS, SATIN, SILK, VELVET, CRAPE, VEILING, LACE GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, GLOVES.

Jersey Jackets, Gossamer Water Proofs, Hoop Skirts, Bustles, Corsets, and Hair Goods.

Infant Cloaks and Clothing a Specialty. Worsted, Card board and canvas.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET. HOLLAND MICH.

A. F. SLOOTER,

(Successor to L. T. Kanters.)

DEALER IN

Confectionery,

Stationery,

Blank Books.

CIGARS,

And Foreign and Domestic Fruits.

Our handsome Ice Cream Parlors are being refitted and will be, when completed, the most magnificent of any in the city.

Cool and refreshing Soda Water drawn from the finest equipped fountain in the city can be obtained at my store.

GIVE ME A CALL.

A. F. SLOOTER, 15-1m

HOLLAND, Mich., May 15, 1884.

ATTENTION

Farmers and

Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long. White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long. Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long. Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long. Black Ash Heading Bolts, 33 inches long. Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long. Pine Heading Bolts, 30 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.

ED. VER SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city for the celebrated

Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1883.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Immediate cures. Incurable cases. Instant Persons Restored. DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE-RESTORER for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections. Fits, Epilepsy, etc. UNFAILING if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and \$3 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 107 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS. 12-1y

WRIGHT'S INDIAN LIVER VEGETABLE PILLS

Secure Healthy action to the Liver and relieve all bilious troubles. Purely Vegetable; No Opiates. Price 25c. All Druggists.

JOTTINGS.

Muskegon wants a tannery.

Dust, no end to the dust on Eighth street.

Our tanneries are receiving an immense quantity of hemlock bark this year.

Our friend A. B. Boman, of Hamilton has accepted a position in a hardware store in Decatur, Ill.

Last Sunday evening Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Senter, were the happy recipients of a bouncing baby boy.

We notice that the hotel at the Park have put out a large sign on which is painted "Macatawa Park Hotel."

Mr. H. Boone intends running a "carry all" between the depot and Macatawa Park Deck at the foot of Fifth street.

The pumps for our system of water works have been placed in the building, new in course of construction, as an engine and pump house.

The Cappon & Berisch Leather Company have purchased Metz's tannery and will operate it hereafter. The transfer took place last Saturday.

Last Wednesday a large picnic party from Grand Rapids visited Macatawa Park. There were about sixty of Grand Rapids' most influential citizens in the party.

Mrs. E. E. Annis returned from a visit to friends in La Porte, Ind., on last Monday. A brother of Mr. Annis' father accompanied her home. He had not seen his relatives here in twenty years.

The youngster's ears try to touch each other on the back of his head, and his mouth opens in one loud grin as he thinks of the three months' vacation close at hand, when fishing, robbing birds' nests and general boyish trickery will be in order.

The reader knows that the Fourth of July is near at hand, and now John Pessink wants to let the people know that he has all kinds of fireworks, confectionery, and foreign fruits. He is prepared to furnish parties with ice cream by the wholesale. Read his "special notices" in another column.

An individual living at Zealand sends us a postal on which appears the following: "Please cut your paper in book form like other papers are do, henceforth and oblige." This was a terrible blow to us. We had hoped that our paper was of greater use to our readers in its present shape than it would be "cut in book form."

Last Saturday a complaint was made against the parties running the "bum boat" at the Park. The complaint was for selling liquor without filing a bond. They were arraigned before Justice H. D. Post who held them for trial on Wednesday last. On the trial day the parties agreeing to "quit the business" and "clear out," were let down very softly on paying about \$30 costs of suit. This is undoubtedly the last of the "bum boat."

The Synod of the Holland Christian Reformed Church was held in Grand Rapids recently. Rev. L. J. Hulst, Pres. A project to move the Theological Seminary, located at Grand Rapids, to this city was defeated by a large majority. Rev. G. Hemkes, of Vriesland, was elected as Professor of Theology, to assist Prof. Born, President of the Seminary. The editors of *De Wachter*, as appointed by Synod, are Revs. R. T. Kuyper, L. J. Hulst, J. A. De Bruyn and H. Van der Werp.

Last week Wednesday the Macatawa House, W. J. Scott, proprietor, located on the beautiful point that projects out into Macatawa Bay, about one-half mile from Lake Michigan, was opened to the public. This hotel was built this season, and is especially arranged for the wants of guests visiting the Park and Bay. The rooms are large and are finely furnished. There is a billiard room where guests can enjoy that game. The house is located in the center of one of the finest groves in the vicinity, and is fitted up for the enjoyment of visitors. Mr. and Mrs. Scott are very pleasant and agreeable persons and do all they can for the comfort and accommodation of guests.

Next Monday afternoon at 2:30 in the college chapel, the closing Rhetorical Exercises of the Preparatory Department of Hope College will take place. On Tuesday evening the Alumni Association will hold its Annual Public meeting in the chapel. The program will consist of music and the following literary exercises: Oration: "Is Law a Reformer?" (G. J. Diekema); Chronicles, Rev. A. A. Pfantstigh; Poem, Rev. H. Van der Ploeg; Essay, Miss Francis F. C. Phelps, Subject, "Modern Oracles." These exercises are of a popular character, and the association extends a cordial invitation to all our citizens. On Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock the General Commencement exercises will be held in Hope Church. The exercises will be opened by an address by the President—Rev. Dr. Chas. Scott.

Strawberries sell at 5 cents per box.

Large shipments of strawberries leave this locality daily.

The hotels at Macatawa Park are both doing a good business.

G. J. HEKHU, of Fremont, was in this city this week and called on his many friends and acquaintances.

This week Ed. J. Harrington sold a fine chestnut horse to E. R. Huntley, a butcher and packer of Grand Rapids.

It looks now as if the Fourth of July celebration would fall through with owing to the failure of the committee to raise the necessary funds.

Last Saturday morning Mr. and Mrs. Martin M. Clark were the happy recipients of a bouncing girl baby. This is the second girl in a family of eight children.

The ladies of the M. E. Church will furnish a Strawberry festival in the lecture room of the church next Wednesday evening, June 25th. You and your friends are cordially invited.

Last Wednesday evening Rev. E. Winter, of Grand Rapids, delivered a lecture before the Y. M. C. A. of Hope College, in the College chapel. His subject was "Ideal Manhood."

By the house bill, which has passed, appropriations were made as follows for continuing harbor improvements: Saugatuck, \$4,000; South Haven, \$7,500; Holland, \$15,000; Muskegon, \$20,000; Grand Haven, \$50,000; St. Joseph, \$15,000.

CHILDREN'S Flower Day was observed in the Methodist Church last Sunday. A large number were present. The pulpit and walls of the church were adorned with evergreens and flowers in great profusion and richness. The exercises were very beautiful, and reflect great credit on those having the matter in charge.

The finest strawberries that has ever fallen to our lot were those presented to us last Monday by Mr. J. Van Landegand, who raised them on his farm a few miles from this city. The berries were of the Sharpless Seedling variety. They were mammoth in size, one of them measuring two and a quarter inches in diameter and nearly six inches in circumference. Thanks.

On Thursday evening last a very pleasant musical entertainment was given in Lyceum Hall by the Young Ladies Band and Concert Company. The ladies are all cultured musicians and very ladylike and modest in their appearance before an audience. Miss Lura Barden, elocutionist, rendered some selections in an artistic manner. Those in attendance were well pleased with the entertainment and would like the young ladies to call again.

A MEETING of the "Old Soldier Boys" will be held next Thursday evening, at the rooms of Eagle Fire Engine Co., No. 1, at 7:30 o'clock. The object of the meeting is to organize a Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. All who have signed their names and agreed to become members of the organization are requested to be present. The recollections of the camp fires of the war should induce all to attend this "camp fire" for the perpetuity of the memories of the past.

In 1880 Holland had a population of 2,620. In conversation with our census enumerator this week he stated that our population would be considerable over 3,000 this year. In the third ward alone there are nearly 1,100 inhabitants, while in the first ward there are 1,000. This increase is not a surprise to our people as it has been evident, during the past two years, that our city, from her natural advantages alone, is bound to grow, will grow, and must grow in business as well as in the number of our inhabitants, and to this end our enterprising and energetic citizens have been putting forth their energies. Let the good work continue and the fruits at the harvest will be plentiful.

The graduating exercises of the High School class of our Public Schools will take place in Lyceum Hall, on next Friday evening, June 27. The motto of the class is "Not finished but begun." Dr. Gee's orchestra will furnish the music. The order of exercises is as follows: Music—Overture.

Invocation.
Music—"Life is a Dream."
Essay—"Seedtime." REKA VERBEEK.
Essay—"Roundhead or Cavalier." SARA JENNINGS.
Essay—"Unconscious Power." FANNIE BOYD.
Music—Medley overture.
Essay—"The Elizabethan Age." MINNIE MOHR.
Farewell of School to Class. MAGGIE PFANTSTIEHL.
Essay—Harvest Time (with valedictory). ADDIE CLARK.
Music—Gallops.
Presentation of diplomas by Prof. G. P. Hammer.
BENEDICTION.

As this is the first class that have graduated from our High School under Prof. Hammer, it is hoped that our people will attend the exercises.

VERY warm were some of the days of this week.

A. F. Sooter has this week received a large stock of fresh candies.

YARD Master Geo. H. Hopkins was called to Kalamazoo this week by the illness of his father.

DR. WM. VAN PUTTEN, our River street druggist, sells all kinds of machine oil at prices as low as the lowest.

TO-DAY, Saturday, the Sabbath School of the First Reformed Church will visit Macatawa Park for their annual picnic. The first of the season.

THE Academy News, of Orchard Lake, published by the Michigan Military Academy, is a neatly printed journal, and is filled with scientific miscellany and college news.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Holland, Mich., June 16, 1884: W. H. Clark, 2, John Blackman, Mrs. Hesinger, E. S. Hambley, David Hill, U. H. Joslin, Welland M. Porter, Mrs. Voelplein tib.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.
At the Democratic State Convention held in Detroit this week, the following delegates to the National Convention at Chicago, were chosen for this, the Fifth Congressional District: Horace B. Peck, of Allegan, and John H. Withey, of Kent. Alternates Thomas Heffron, of Ottawa, and Alonzo E. Tower, of Ionia.

NEXT Sunday (to-morrow), Rev. Geo. Niemeyer will be installed as pastor of the Reformed church, Vriesland, Mich. The installation sermon will be preached by Rev. D. Broek, of this city, and the other services will be conducted by Rev. John Van der Meulen, of Jamestown, Mich., and Rev. John Breck, of Beaverdam, Mich.

THE land suitable for farming purposes between this city and the shore of Lake Michigan has been quite industriously improved during the past few years, and now it is looking handsome and business-like, with fields of wavy grass and grain and fruit orchards with their trees loaded with fruit, where but a short time ago the land was covered with tall forest trees and tangled underbrush.

NEXT Sunday morning Rev. Charles A. Dutton will preach in Hope Reformed Church. Mr. Dutton is a former graduate of Hope College. He has just completed his theological studies at New Brunswick Seminary. His many friends will be glad to hear him. In the evening Rev. N. M. Steffens, of this city, will preach the Baccalaureate sermon before the graduating class of Hope College.

LAST night, Friday, Dr. Gee's music class gave an excursion to Macatawa Park. We understand that they will give excursions once every week during the season. This will be quite an attractive feature in the Park as a summer resort, and everything should be done to encourage the "boys" in their enterprise. The boat leaves the dock at 7:30 p. m., sharp, and gives the excursionists one hour and a half at the Park, returning at 10 o'clock.

Zeeland.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Moredyk, Jr.,—a girl.
Rev. and Mrs. Kolyn, of Marion, N. Y., are visiting relatives and friends here.
The young men of the town are organizing a base ball club.

Mr. Wm. De Krulff has returned from Dakota and is again selling machinery for his brother, H. De Krulff.

On Tuesday evening last Miss Francis Goozen, daughter of J. W. Goozen, who for some time has been suffering from consumption, died suddenly and unexpectedly. Deceased was feeling as well as usual up to the moment of her death, and had taken her usual daily drive half an hour before she expired. Although her death, to all appearances, seemed certain in the near future, still this unexpected demise was a shock and a surprise to her many friends. That she was a favorite with all was apparent from the many kindnesses shown her during her illness, and the universal expressions of sorrow and sympathy with the family upon her early and sudden death. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Flies on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Grand Haven.
On Monday a couple of Muskegon sports were brought before Recorder Pagsen charged with playing cards on the railroad near Ferrysburg. They acknowledged the "corn," and after contributing \$35 each to the County Library Fund, as well as costs of suit, were liberated to go home to the sawdust city, sadder if not wiser men.

Capt. Vanderhoof's boat, the "Thomas Friant," was launched in fine style on Wednesday afternoon. She is unquestionably the finest looking craft ever built at Grand Haven, and reflects credit on Mr. D. Robertson, her builder. H. Blocker & Co. are building the engine which is to be 18x30, and Johnston Bros. are making a large steel boiler for her to furnish abundant motive power. Capt. "Van" is confident that she will not make less than 16 miles an hour and will scoop everything on the east shore.

Last Sunday afternoon at about 4 o'clock the first department was called to Boyden's millyard, where a lot of dry shingle blocks were on fire. Before the engine could be put to work the fire had spread towards Robertson's shipyard, and a large house next adjoining the millyard was in full blaze, and was totally destroyed. Owing to the long drought everything was dry, and the fire ran rapidly along the shipyard, so that for a time there was even danger that Capt. Vanderhoof's new boat, which was almost finished, would be caught by the flames. However, the engine got to work at last, and aided by the efforts of the citizens with pails, the fire was extinguished without doing much damage.

L. C. SEARS,

dealer in

**Fresh Salt Meat,
BEEF,
MUTTON,
PORK and
LARD,**
always on hand.

Fish, Poultry and Game
in their season.

I have the Finest Dried Beef in this Market.
Meat delivered to any part of the City free of charge.

GIVE ME A CALL!
L. C. SEARS,
HOLLAND, Apr. 3, '84. 48-17

Holland, Mich., June 5, 1884.

R. KANTERS & SONS, General Hardware Merchants.

THE TUBULAR OIL COOK STOVE!
The most complete and best operating stove made. We kindly invite all to come and see it in operation at our store at any time. To a
Full Line of Alaska Refrigerators
of which we have sold a large number, giving the very best of satisfaction, we have added the DETROIT REFRIGERATORS
EQUALLY AS GOOD.

SPRING HAS COME!
—and—

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS
have received a large Spring stock of goods, consisting of

**Dress Goods,
Cottons,
Tickings,
Prints and
Ginghams,
Hosiery,
Corsets,
Hamburg Edgings,
LADIES' AND GENTS' HANDKERCHIEFS,
SILK AND COTTON!**

GENTS' NECKWEAR!

A full stock of
GROCERIES
always on hand.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS,
HOLLAND, Mich., March 27, 1884.

A NEW

and very fine line of

**Curtains, Wall Paper,
Borders.**

—and—
CEILING DECORATIONS!

**BABY CARRIAGES,
PARLOR
SUITES,
—LOUNGES,—**

and a general line of furniture, just received at the

Cheap Cash Store

Meyer, Brouwer & Co.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 26, 1884. 8-2m

H. WYKHUYSEN

Gold and Silver Watches!

**Solid Gold and Plated Chains.
Ladies' and Gents' Lockets,
Silverware, Platedware,
Jewelry and Clocks.**

I also keep on hand a full line of
SPECTACLES!

My stock of
SILVERWARE
is unsurpassed in this city.

Particular attention is called to the fact that all my goods are first-class and are sold at low prices.

Come in and see my Stock. Watches and Clocks repaired on short notice.

NINTH STREET, OPPOSITE FIRST CHURCH.
H. WYKHUYSEN,
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 24, 1882. 84-1

W. VORST,

The North River Street
TAILOR

is still alive, and is ready to make you a good
COAT, PANTS, OR VEST,
or to clean and renovate your old and soiled garments.

Repairing done Neatly!
and at reasonable prices. Come and convince yourself.
HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 29, 1884. 415

**Now is the chance
for Farmers.**

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. Flieman

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sell them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

**Better wagon in every way,
and will not be undersold by anyone.**

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND
Open and Top Buggies,

And a fine stock of
SQUARE AND SWELL BODY CUTTERS.

And a nice assortment of Buggies for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way coming.

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON

WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN,
HOLLAND, Mich., April 14, 1883. 20-17

HOUSE-CLEANING.

Taking down the pictures,
Dusting off the wall—
Not at home this morning,
Should there be a call?

Toast and eggs for breakfast—
Things turned upside down—
Wife and girl a-jawing—
Hus and skits in town.

Taking up the carpet—
Tacks and dust for unch—
Boy, for asking questions,
Gots from ma a punch.

Washing off the windows—
Doors all open wide—
She with paint and dust-pa-
Used to be my br. de.

No fire in the furnace—
At the bell a ring—
"Cleaning house to-day, m'm,
First day of the spring."

Night and doctor calling—
Wife done up in bed—
Hus and scoots for drug-store;
Clerk asks who is dead.

Nephew's report after tea—
"Cor, er had a ring
For a stiff found floating—
First one of the spring."

Verdict of the jury—
Foreman aly old mouse—
"Suicide from 't' ment,
Caused by cleaning house."

A GRASS WIDOW.

Mrs. Cleather was by far the prettiest and generally the most attractive among the whole army of grass widows to be found in the gay and giddy Nynee Tal, the hill station of the N. W. P. India. Naturally, as is always the case in this merry world, we live in, being beautiful, attractive and altogether charming, she won the hearts and admiration of most of the stronger sex and the envy, hatred and malice of the weaker. That was only to be expected; it is the way of the world, and it would have been altogether out of the common if it had been otherwise.

Admirers she had many, though it would have been hard to pick up among the multitude (unless one was behind the scenes) who was more favored than the rest. She distributed her attentions equally among them all—at least, so far as the eye could see; and riding out one afternoon with this one, rowing on the lake with another, or dancing with a third, nobody was quite able to fix on any one in particular whom they could tell off as her own distinctive "bow-wow," and whom they could set themselves to manufacture stories and scandals about.

Five months of the Nynee Tal season had now gone, and pretty Mrs. Cleather had managed to pass unscathed through all the fiery accusations of the host of scandal mongers and gossips of that festive Anglo-Indian community; until quite lately, when she had evinced a somewhat greater partiality for one of her staff, and set all tongues going at once.

"Mind you," said Mrs. Allison to Mrs. Barnard one afternoon, "I've heard queer stories about this young and innocent-looking Mrs. Cleather; not that I believe them; still there is no smoke without fire, you know."

"Quite so," responded Mrs. Barnard, in her squeaky voice; and Mrs. Dawson tells me she saw two people very like Mrs. Cleather and Capt. Fenn on the lake last night at 11 o'clock!"

"Dear me! And all this time her husband slaving away in the plains!"

"Yes; and you know they've been very much together of late; they say he is always up at her house every morning about 10 or 11, and remains there the best part of the day."

"Ah, it's a crying shame," says Mrs. Allison, "for such scandals to be allowed to go on in public like this; why does not Mr. Cleather come up and look after his wife?"

"Well, I suppose, poor man, he can't get away from his duties in the plains, but I think some one ought to warn him of the way his young wife is going on."

"Yes, and if I only knew him a bit better I'd do so myself just out of pure Christian charity."

"But what could one tell him? You see there is as yet no direct evidence of anything exactly wrong."

"No, true, my dear, but if this kind of thing goes on much longer there will be, mark my word. The truth must come to light some day."

Meanwhile pretty Mrs. Cleather, the pride of the "bow-vows" and the envy of her sex, pursued the even tenor of her ways, utterly callous of what people thought or said about her—a friend of everybody who knew her well, and could appreciate her pleasant manners and conversation, and the enemy, though not of her own making, of others who knew her but slightly or not at all.

The season was on the wane at Nynee Tal. The rains were over and once more the lake shone forth in all its former glory, and the overhanging trees and rocks covered with ferns and moss, with which its banks were surrounded, made the whole more like a picture in fairyland than a reality in the hills of northern India. Every one was making the most of the last few weeks that were left of the season, and dances, theatricals, picnics and dissipations of all sorts crowded one on top of the other day after day. Mrs. Cleather was everywhere, and the charm and the spirit of every ball or picnic she went to. Certainly she did give people a faint excuse for talking, as Capt. Fenn latterly was never absent from her side, and had these last few weeks evidently taken his place as chief of the numerous staff of her would-be-admirers; but then he was a personal friend of Cleather's, her husband, and would not that be sufficient in accounting for the decided preference for him among the others by the young grass widow?

One Thursday afternoon about the

beginning of October Mr. Allison, Mrs. Barnard and Mrs. Dawson had a small and select picnic of their own at that most delightful of all resting places, namely the inn known as Rest by the Way, at Douglas Dale, half way down on the road to Ranibagh. It is a picturesque little house, situated in the middle of the valley and surrounded by the most beautiful of gardens, redolent with the sweet odor of acacia and orange trees, and planted out in the most artistic style with palms, grasses, trees, and bushes of all sorts, western as well as oriental. The garden produces fruits of all kinds, cherries, apples, plantains, strawberries, and, in fact, everything the thirsty traveler could wish for; added to which there are lovely walks under the cool shade of the trees, and green arbors such as are seldom seen, where one may hide away from the maddening crowd and be at rest, lulled by the rippling of the silver stream near at hand and the singing of the birds overhead. Such a place is Douglas Dale, a veritable garden of Eden, a second paradise.

The sun was beginning to set over the purple hills to the north as Mrs. Allison was gradually collecting the remnants of her army, as they came in two by two from their walks and talks on earth. Mrs. Allison, more staid than the rest, had remained behind on the veranda, dear Col. Verriker so kindly remaining too, to take care of her—so kind and thoughtful of him! but it was not the first time this gallant officer had performed this gallant task. Mrs. Allison herself was a grass widow of a somewhat doubtful character, although, according to her own ideas, prim and proper to a degree; still she had no real objection to one of the male sex, other than her lawful spouse, being tacked on to her apron strings for the time being, though the same arrangement with others was scandalous in her eyes to a degree.

The party had now all arrived and were sitting in the far corner of the veranda sipping tea and chatting previous to their start up the hill again for Nynee Tal, when they were surprised by the platter of pony-hoofs coming over the bridge towards the house; and a lady all alone, without even a syce (groom), rode into the garden and pulled up in front of the veranda. She had evidently ridden fast, for her pony was very hot and she very much out of breath. Getting her foot out of the stirrup she slid down off her saddle by herself, and leading the pony up to the door called the bearer.

Words fail to describe the astonishment of the tea party at the other end of the veranda when, by the light of the newly lit lamp over the doorway, they recognized the features of the "spotless and innocent" Mrs. Cleather. Their excitement knew no bounds; they dare not move for fear of being seen, and thus spoiling the tableau of which they would doubtless be witnesses. It was only Mrs. Allison who could not resist saying in a rather audible whisper "There I told you so! How much for the child's innocence now, I should like to know? You may be sure she's on no good errand down here all alone at this time of the evening."

However, Mrs. Cleather was much too tired or excited with her ride to notice anything, and the group under the veranda were quite unseen by her. Presently the landlord came to the door.

"Did you get my note this afternoon?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Is all ready?"

"Yes."

"Which is the room?"

"If you will kindly come this way I will show you," and he led her through the door leading into a small apartment at the other end of the veranda generally known as the "Bow-wow's Cave."

"Dear, dear me, I'd give my best diamond ring to know what she's up to!" says Mrs. Allison.

"Well, I feel rather curious on the subject," said a gallant major of the Bengal staff corps sitting at her side. Did you notice the pony she rode? It was a bay mare; I know it by the black stocking on the near hind, she ran in the last Gymkhana, and belongs to Capt. Fenn."

Ah, doubtless; she always rides his ponies—in fact, they are almost as much hers as his."

"Well," continued Mrs. Allison, "Capt. Fenn's pony or no, I don't care, but I should like very much to know what she is doing down here."

"And perhaps, Mrs. Allison," said a third party, "this is not the first time she's been down here at this time."

"Who knows?" said the colonel. "She's as lovely as Venus, but you bet as cunning as a serpent, and it's always these quiet ones that are the first to go wrong."

Their doubts on the subject were soon, however, made clearer to them, for while they were discussing the subject another pony and rider arrived at the cottage. This time it is a man, and, though enveloped in an overcoat and with a large Teral hat on his head, it was easy to guess who it was. Moreover the syce and pony both tell the tale, as it is the steed that Captain Fenn rides regularly along the Mall every day.

The excitement of the lookers-on almost knew no bounds now, and is increased when the aged landlord again comes forth, and to the very audible query of "Is Mrs. Cleather arrived?" answers in the affirmative.

"Which is the room she engaged?"

"The small room with the red purdah over the door," answers mine host, and retires once more to the inner recesses of his house, evidently not wishing to be more in the way than possible.

The gentleman turns round, orders

his syce to take the pony to the stables, walks steadily down to the little door at the other end, and lifting aside the purdah says: "Are you there, —?" calling Mrs. Cleather by her Christian name; and a sweet voice answers from within: "Yes; is that you come at last? Entrez and shut the door."

It would require an artist of no mean ability to paint the countenances of the party, both men and women, seated round the table in the other corner of the veranda. It was more a look of intense delight and satisfaction that displayed itself on the face of both Mrs. Allison and Mrs. Barnard, and a look more of surprise and wonder on those of the others.

"Come, let us go; this is no fit place to be in such a time of night as this," quoth Mrs. Allison; and having ordered their jompans and ponies they start on their homeward way. They discuss the affairs of the evening, and nothing is too bad for either Capt. Fenn or Mrs. Cleather. The fair ones of the party always believed "there was something more than a mere flirtation in it; but to come to this—too dreadful! And what a piece of scandal for the end of the season, too!" As for the men of the party, they were more puzzled than anything. Capt. Fenn was such a friend of Cleather's they could hardly believe it; "however," they say, "anything is possible with a woman at the bottom of it."

By 11 o'clock that night the news has spread like wildfire among the select gossip-circles of Nynee Tal, and even one fair dame, more energetic than the rest, wends her way up to Mrs. Cleather's house to see what she can wean out of the bearer. All he knows is that the memsahib went off in a great hurry, and he doesn't think she would be back till the next day. Worse and worse! Was there ever such a barefaced piece of scandal as this? And they determined to-morrow to let every one in the place know of what has happened.

Morning breaks at Nynee Tal, and the sun rises over the mountain tops in all its oriental glory, making everything around seem bright and happy. Little does pretty Mrs. Cleather think there is a thunderstorm of no small proportions about to burst over her head.

Mrs. Allison, Mrs. Barnard and Mrs. Dawson are walking on the Mall about 12 o'clock, when who should they meet but Capt. Fenn himself. He stops and talks to them, in answer to their queries as to where he was the evening before says:

"Well, I had rather a slow evening at the club. I had intended to go down to Douglas Dale to meet Cleather; his wife got a telegram from him in the afternoon, telling her he would be there at 7:30. So I sent down my pony to Ranibagh for him to ride up the hill on. I believe they remained there all night. I'm rather expecting to see them coming up the Mall now. By Jove, there they are!"

Tight Trousers.

"Here, conductor, this young man's fainted."

The words were uttered in a tone of great excitement by a stout woman of about 40 years of age recently in a Columbia avenue car, and as she spoke a slim youth who was seated beside her in a corner of the car fell forward and dropped in a heap upon the straw.

With the assistance of a gentleman the conductor lifted the senseless youth on the seat, and two minutes later, as the car passed a drug store, pulled the bell-strap, and, followed by half a dozen interested passengers, five of whom were women, carried him into the store, where he was placed on a lounge in the back room.

A doctor was hurriedly summoned, and after a disappearance of about ten minutes the young man and physician came out of the room, which had been kept closed, arm-in-arm. The young man's face was still pale, and he walked with a very perceptible tremor.

After a few moments' rest the young man got on another car and went away, and the doctor said: "This is the fourth case this month I have seen of the deadly effects of wearing tight trousers, and had that young man not been attended to promptly he might have been in great danger."

"Tight trousers?" queried a bystander, incredulously.

"Yes, sir; tight trousers! Why you can not imagine how often we doctors have to treat cases of illness brought on by no other cause. Take that young man, for instance; his trousers were at least four sizes too small for him; not too short, of course, but too tight, and for hours and hours he had been walking about with a pressure of at least 275 pounds to the square inch on his *olexii vivisectori* arteries, which are situated in the calves of the human leg. This tremendous pressure forces the blood into channels not able to carry it without undue straining, and although the victim feels no pain he is liable at any moment to topple over in a swoon, and unless relief is promptly given a long and serious illness is likely to follow. It is a similar trouble to that experienced when it was the fashion for the ladies to wear very tight sleeves, except that in the case of tight trousers the material is heavier, the arteries are larger, and the result apt to be more dangerous and difficult to relieve."—*Philadelphia Record*.

Dr. E. H. THURSTON thinks he has found a true antidote for the sting of bees. It is carbonate of ammonia, powdered and kept in a tightly-corked bottle. When a sting is received the surface over the wound should be wet, and a small amount of the powdered carbonate applied. The pain is instantly relieved, and the injured place never swells.

GREAT MEN'S BAGGAGE.

The Women Always Have Trunks.

Herbert, the veteran head usher of the old St. Nicholas Hotel in New York, says of people who carry baggage: "As a general rule, I have observed that women have more baggage than men. When a man travels he wants as little baggage as possible, and he will get along without any if he can. Drummers are excepted, of course. They will fill a hotel with baggage if you will let 'em. Porters never like to see a drummer come to the house, because that generally means heavy trunks. We never had a baggage elevator at the St. Nicholas, and the carrying of trunks was always a big job. I have seen great strong men give way. I have seen four porters struggling with one trunk. It almost seemed the rule that the more important a man was the less baggage he would have. Take Governor Horatio Seymour, for instance, who was a steady patron. I have often seen him come with a little carpet bag. Senator Conkling carried very little baggage, but his wife, a delicate woman, had plenty of baggage when she came with him. Senator John J. Crittenden used to come with no more baggage than you could put in a tobacco box, when he came alone. But when Mrs. Crittenden came with him the porters would stagger under thirty or forty trunks. Mrs. Crittenden was very fond of dress and entertaining people, and all the trunks had to be taken up stairs."

"When the Canadians came the porters trembled. Sir Charles McNab would keep the porters busy three hours getting in his baggage. Sir Charles Grey, Governor-General of Jamaica, brought a cartload of baggage. Presidents of the United States were common visitors to the St. Nicholas. Matty Van Buren used to come with baggage that looked like a lady's reticule. He was a plain man, with no such airs as his son, Prince John, as they used to call him. President Buchanan was another plain man, who did not carry much baggage when he came alone. But when Miss Harriett Lane came with him there was baggage enough to fill an express wagon. Miss Lane dressed a great deal and had a great deal of company. When she came to or left the hotel the porters generally got tired carrying her baggage. I think I can see them now puffing on the stairs under the load of her big trunks. After the boys had rested they all said she was a dear, nice young woman. General McClellan's father-in-law, General Marcy, used to be a frequent visitor at the hotel. He did not have a great quantity of baggage, but his daughter, General McClellan's wife, like most of the lady visitors, had plenty of it. I shall never forget the day she fell sick at the reception of the news of the battle of Antietam. I thought the poor lady would die in the house."

"The biggest lot of baggage I ever saw in the hotel was when General Wool and staff came there during the draft riots. The hotel looked like a military camp. We fed 1,400 persons in a day, most of them without baggage, on the day of the great cable celebration. Major, General Benjamin F. Butler came often to visit us, and always carried moderate baggage. The man whose baggage grew most after he became was the famous Marquis of Waterford, who went on a spree with our head porter, Tom Adams, and was locked up in station house for breaking lamps in Broadway. The nobility took a great fancy for Tom."

He Was a Rustler.

"I am a rustler, and don't you furt it," said a man with a broad-brimmed hat on and a belt full of deadly weapons on Front street. "I'm a bad man from Dakota, and yer kin put me down whenever ther's any serimmagin' ter be done. I'm thar when yer want some big work, an' don't yer furt it. None o' the white livered sons o' wash-women kin run over me. I'm a rustler, and don't yer furt it!"

"A number of men gathered around him out of curiosity and a little bit of insignificant manhood stepped forward and said:

"Shake, pardner. I'm a rustler, myself, an' ther' aint no white livered cuss from Dakota that kin come around hyer an' brag about his stuff 'thout lickin' me."

"You? You?" asked the surprised Dakotan. "Why, if you lived whar I come from, they'd eat yer up alive."

"You're a—ety—liar."

"Thar, now! yer needn't think yer kin say what yer blamed please, jes cause yer little. Ef yer don't hush, I'll slap yer jaws."

"Oh! You great big, knock-kneed coward!" cried the little man, frothing at the mouth, and the crowd clapped their hands and cheered heartily; but before the cheer had died away, the Dakotan giant had the little fellow bent across his knee and was spanking him like all sin.

"Yer thought yer'd come a game o' bluff, did yer. Yer little, stinkin', red headed pup. I heard yer tell that feller over yander whar yer'd do, an' that ar war what made me talk big. I knowed yer'd take it up. I war layin' fur ye, youngster." The little man howled dismally, but the big man continued to spank, and when he was tired, he said: "Thar, I reckon that'll do yer, maybe yer'll learn by this that ther's a darned sight o' foolishness in the stories about little men flaxin' big uns. Yer kin go over thar, now, an' tell yer pardner how yer got fooled."—*Through Mail*.

DOLLS are now made that cry and say papa and mamma, and now all that is really needed to make a childless home supremely happy is to smear molasses candy over the carpets and furniture.—*Philadelphia Chronicle-Herald*.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

THE following cure for hiccoughs was devised several months ago, and since then has been successfully employed in numerous instances by several persons: Sit erect and inflate the lungs fully. Then, retaining the breath, bend forward slowly until the chest meets the knees. After slowly rising again to the erect posture, exhale the breath. Repeat this process a second time, and the nerves will be found to have received an access of energy that will enable them to perform their natural functions.

MALARIA.—Col. G. H. Mendell says: In the great valley of California, over the whole of it, malaria prevails, often in most violent forms. It exists in up-lands, remote from marshy districts, and I have known limited districts of upland adjacent to each other, where malaria prevailed in one while absent in the other. Some years ago, while engaged in a study of irrigation, then beginning to be applied on the dry plains of California, I was led to notice the level of standing water in wells, in reference to which there is a great difference in our interior plains. I soon noticed that shallow wells and malaria were frequent companions. Where the wells were seventy feet (or thereabouts) deep, there was freedom from malaria. Having noticed these coincidences, I afterward investigated their occurrence in a great many cases by inquiries of farmers with whom I had conversation. In one or two cases of exceptional malarial districts in the foot-hills, which are generally free from this pest, I found the water in the wells near the surface. I do not recall a single instance of shallow wells where the family were free from fevers, always intermittent, I believe. I therefore connect the presence of water near the surface of the ground with the existence of malaria. Whether it is due to the mere presence or to the fact that it is drank, or to both, I am unable to say.—*Health and Home*.

ATONIC DYSPEPSIA.—Atonic means without, or diminished tone or vigor. As applied to dyspepsia, it denotes a form of it resulting from an enfeebled condition of the system. The tendency to it is quite often inherited. It is frequently one of the characteristics of old age, the entire digestive tract sharing in the general decrease of physical power. It may also have its origin in whatever lets down the normal vitality—sedentary occupations, bad hygienic surroundings, protracted loss of sleep, especially if the hours due to it are spent in study or pleasure, over-brain work, habitual lack of mental employments. The following are some of the prominent symptoms: A feeling of weight, or a distressing sense of uneasiness in the stomach after eating, and generally lasting for hours; the "griping" up of rancid and offensive acids, and flatulence in the stomach and bowels; little or no appetite, and often a positive disrelish for food; an almost entire absence of thirst; an inflamed condition of the throat and back of the mouth (from the extension upward of the irritated membrane of the stomach), rendering the throat dry and the voice husky; constipation, from the enfeebled action of the intestines, the fluid portion of their contents being unduly absorbed; in some cases palpitation of the heart and difficulty of breathing, causing the patient to fear that he has some dangerous heart trouble; languor, and sometimes uncontrollable drowsiness after meals. When the dyspepsia has continued long, the digestive tubules are liable to undergo fatty degeneration and wasting, with loss of power to secrete the gastric juice. Prior to this change of structure the ailment is curable. If it is due to specific causes, these causes must be removed. If it is part of an enfeebled physical state, this must be remedied. The family physician alone can treat the case with any success. The medicines which the patient, of himself or from the advice of unwise friends, might be likely to take would in many cases only aggravate the disease. Indeed, the physician himself will depend very little on medicine and mainly on a careful regulation of the diet, personal habits, domestic influences. Especially will he urge, where it is possible, travel and frequent changes from one's ordinary cares and surroundings.—*Youth's Companion*.

The Only Thing He Was Fit For.

Somerville Journal: "John," said a father to his son, "you have disappointed me gratly. I have given you every opportunity to learn something, but it has been just money thrown away. You are the stupidest young man I ever saw. You know nothing."

"It is true, father," said John with a sigh. "I never see you with a book in your hand," pursued the father; "you never take up a newspaper; you know nothing of current events. You don't take after your mother or me, for we've both got good natural intelligence. What you're going to do for a living is a puzzle to me. There isn't a single earthly thing you can turn your hand to."

"But I'm not altogether an imbecile, father. I can count up to a hundred."

"I know it, and that's what vexes me."

"Why?"

"Why, don't you see, if you didn't know that much you would make an excellent juryman for criminal trials, but your knowing that much entirely disqualifies you. It's a sad case."

A YOUNG mother, traveling with her

This space is reserved for the Woman
Christian Temperance Union.

W. C. T. Union.

For the Holland City News.

"Righteousness Exalteth a Nation."

Perhaps some of us have never thought that we have anything to do towards elevating our nation and others, we fear have not even cared about it. If we have allowed ourselves to become so selfish as to permit all our hopes and wishes to centre on our individual interests, to the exclusion of our noble country, we should bear in mind that that which conduces to the prosperity of the government has an equal influence on its constituents. "For in the peace thereof ye shall have peace." Let us for a moment turn our attention to some of the causes that contribute to the righteousness of a nation. The Christian religion should be placed as the great essential. Missionaries by carrying the blessed truths of the gospel to the benighted minds, are at the same time contributing to their exaltation as a nation. Japan, China, Corea and others are examples. Can any instance be given of a nation whose righteousness has tended to its exaltation, where the Christian religion has not been the chief element. Where the fear of God has forsaken the mind, it has become darkened, brutish, heathenish. Does alcohol tend to the Christianization of a people? The nation! the American nation! pay nearly twice as much for alcohol as for bread. The annual cost of alcohol being \$900,000,000, and that of bread \$505,060,000. Statistics constantly place before our eyes the immense demoralizing force of alcohol. Eighty-five per cent. of our criminals are declared to have come so through alcohol, and yet our people spend \$494,999,991 more for alcohol than bread. Do you say that our nation yet stands at the head of the nations? That is true, but does criminal sanction of the sale of alcohol contribute to her elevation? Where might she not stand to-day if it were not for this fire god, which is devouring her citizens on every hand? Let us be wise and put this evil from among us before more of our beloved sons and daughters are ruined.

M. S. V. O.

(To be Continued.)

A Remarkable Escape.

Mrs. M. A. Dailey, of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months. Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at H. Walsh's Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Cramp and Colic there is no remedy superior to the genuine Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

Lemons, Oranges, Figs and Candies at wholesale, and we are still making our famous and delicious Ice Cream in any quantity wanted. Bring in your orders early at the

CITY BAKERY.

ERYSIPELAS and Salt Reum was driven entirely away from Mrs. J. C. Anderson, Preshtigo, Wis., by Burdock Blood Bitters. No equal as a blood purifier.

Special Notices.

Special Assessor's Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,
Clerk's Office, June 17th, 1884.
To the Chicago and Michigan Lake Shore Railroad, E. J. Harrington, Michael Seery, C. Van Damme, Gerrit A. Jacobs, G. J. Kroon, Teunis Keppel, Mrs. E. Pieters, B. Kanter, First Reformed Church, Mrs. H. L. Alcott, Ame Vennema, Bernardus Wynhoff, K. Schaddelle, John Van Landegend, Hope College, C. Lepeltak, Cornelius Doesburg, Arentze Meengs, Cornelius De Jong, Dirkje Hofman, Pieter De Kraker, George Meitz, Isaac Thompson, Public Schools of the city of Holland, Phebe A. Fisher, Hubert Van Norden, Joes De Koeper, Jan Visser, Exavlor F. Sutton, John Duurema, R. E. Werkman, Martinus Jonkman, Anton theyerli, Cornelius Zwemer, Leurd G. Oats, Pieter De Vries, Methodist Episcopal Church, Martinus Mulder, Maarten Kleyn, Pieter Gunst, Jan Derks, James Huntley, Evert Takken, Wm. H. Demming, Hope Reformed Church, Heirs of J. O. Bakker, Jacob Van Putten, John Elferdink, Jacob Kuite, L. D. Visser, David L. Boyd, Simon Schmid, Anton Self, Cornelius Ver Schure, Teeke Berkompas, Leendert Mulder, Estate of J. Palingdood, Johannes De Weerd, John Bergman, Schelte Holkoover, Daniel Bertsch, Anton Self, City of Holland, and persons unknown. You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll, for the grading and improving of Tenth street special street assessment district, has been reported by the Board of Assessors to the Common Council of the city of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., at the Common Council room, in said city, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Assessors to review said roll.
By order of the Common Council,
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Notice.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council of the city of Holland, Michigan, until 7 o'clock p. m., July 1st, 1884, for the running of the steam pumping machinery, for the Holland City Water Works, and all labor connected therewith, for one year. The award of contract to be subject to the approval of the Board of Water Commissioners, provided that such a Board is created. The Common Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Proposals to be endorsed, "Proposals to run Holland Water Works Pumping Machinery." Addressed to the City Clerk, Holland, Michigan.
By order of the Common Council,
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Van Oort & Beeuwkes,

Successors to W. C. MELIS.

are selling and keep for sale some very fine

COOKING STOVES, AND RANGES.

A large stock of

NAILS, GLASS & CUTLERY.

always on hand.

We have a large assortment of

Paint & Calcimine Brushes.

A L A B A S T I N E

in all shades.

Garden and Farming Tools.

The best of

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and White Lead.

can be obtained of us.

We keep all kinds of

Barbed Fence Wire

COPPER, TIN, AND IRONWARE,

WHIPS, PUMPS,

GRIND STONES, FISH TACKLE,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS, SASH, AND

GLASS, ETC., ETC.

GIVE US A CALL.

We promise prompt and gentlemanly treatment and good bargains, to all who trade with us.

VAN OORT & BEEUWKES,
HOLLAND, Mich., April 2, 1884. 42-1f

THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME
Sewing Machine
Simple Strong Swift & Sure



PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR.
HAS NO EQUAL NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE CO.
30 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK.
CHICAGO ORANGE ATLANTA
ILL. MASS. GA.
FOR SALE BY

MEYER, BROUWER CO.,

dealers in

FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALL PAPER,

—and—

BURIAL CASKETS.
River St., Holland Mich.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. For more money made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address **REINERT & CO.**, Portland, Maine.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOOS

have been received in immense quantities at the One-Price Store of

E. J. HARRINGTON, - HOLLAND, MICH.

Ladies are invited to call and examine our stock of

Spring Dress Goods, New Style of Prints, and Dress Patterns.

CHAMBRAY, CHAMBRAY,

a new dress goods that is rapidly growing very popular with ladies.

Towelings, Table Linen, Hosiery, Lace, and Calicos

in an endless number of styles and designs.

In the Clothing Department we have some of the finest

Mens' and Boys' Spring Suits

ever brought to this city.

Fine Business Suits ranging in price from \$8 to \$18.

Hats and Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Etc., Etc.

A FRESH STOCK OF GROCERIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

COME EARLY and GET BEST BARGAINS

HOLLAND, Mich., April 3d, 1884.

JAS. HUNTLEY, BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing

done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash
Doors, Blinds, Mouldings
Brackets, etc. made and
furnished.

Office and shop on River Street,
near the corner of Tenth Street,
JAS. HUNTLEY.

HOLLAND, May 27, 1883. 17-1f.

G. J. VAN DUREN, W. VAN DER VEEBE

City Meat Market,

VAN DUREN & CO., Prop's!

Having lately re-opened the "City Meat Market" in the First Ward, we kindly invite the citizens of this city to give us a "call."

We intend to keep our market supplied with the best and choicest meats that can be procured.

We make

LARD

and can assure our patrons that the Lard purchased of us, is perfectly pure and of fine quality.

G. J. VAN DUREN & CO.
HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 15, 1883. 2-

For Sale!!

County Poor Farm.

The Board of Supervisors of Ottawa county, Mich., have instructed the Committee on Poor to sell the Poor Farm. This farm consists of about 215 acres, 150 acres under cultivation, the balance in timber. It is located 1 mile from Eastmanville and 5 miles from Coopersville. The soil is adapted to raising grain and hay and for general farming purposes. The buildings are a good large barn, with two sheds attached, and a comfortable dwelling house. There is a wind mill on the premises with good and sufficient water. This farm is for sale at a sum not less than \$6,000. The payments are: one-third of purchase price cash down, the balance on time.

Further information may be procured from the committee.

K. SCHADDLEE, Holland,
GEO. LATHAM, Allendale,
GEO. F. FORSTER, Chester,
Committee.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 15, 1884. 15-6w

CHAS. DUPONT, HOLLAND, MICH.

breeder of thoroughbred

Houdans,
Brown and White Leghorns.
EGGS \$1.50 per SETTING.

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Notice.

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FRED L. SOUTER,
County Drain Commissioner of the County of Ottawa.

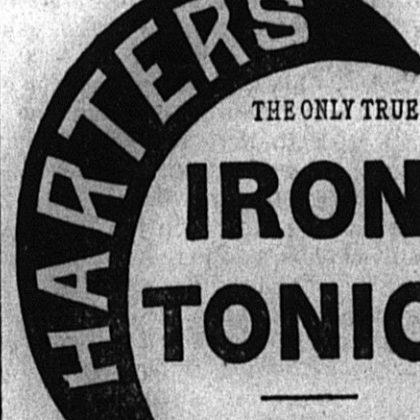
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