

Hope College

Hope College Digital Commons

Holland City News: 1875

Holland City News: 1872-1879

6-19-1875

Holland City News, Volume 4, Number 18: June 19, 1875

Holland City News

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.hope.edu/hcn_1875



Part of the [Archival Science Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

Holland City News, "Holland City News, Volume 4, Number 18: June 19, 1875" (1875). *Holland City News*: 1875. 25.

https://digitalcommons.hope.edu/hcn_1875/25

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Holland City News: 1872-1879 at Hope College Digital Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Holland City News: 1875 by an authorized administrator of Hope College Digital Commons. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@hope.edu.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IV.—NO. 18.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1875.

WHOLE NO. 174.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 " "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 " "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1/2 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/4 " "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1/8 " "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X signify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Monday, May 24, 1875.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		GOING SOUTH.	
Night Ex.	Day Ex.	Night Ex.	Day Ex.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
9.00	9.00	7.40	6.30
12.15	11.55	New Buffalo.	4.40
3.37	2.30	Gr. Junction.	2.05
4.35	3.05	Richmond.	1.20
5.20	3.35	Holland.	12.50
5.40	3.50	Zeeland.	12.15
5.54	4.02	Vriesland.	12.05
6.28	4.30	Grandville.	11.35
6.53	4.50	Gr. Rapids.	11.15

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		GOING SOUTH.	
Express.	Mail.	Express.	Mail.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
5.35	3.40	Holland.	12.30
5.58	3.57	New Holland.	12.04
6.11	4.10	Olive.	11.50
6.30	4.28	Robinson.	11.32
6.40	4.50	Nauka.	11.10
6.50	5.10	Fruitport.	10.50
7.20	5.40	Montague.	10.30
8.40	6.40	Gr. Rapids.	8.17
10.00	7.00	Pentwater.	7.00

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, August 23, 1874.

FROM GRND RAPIDS.		TO GRND RAPIDS.	
Express.	Mail.	Express.	Mail.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
4.15	8.00	Grand Rapids.	10.00
4.29	8.14	Grandville.	9.40
5.33	9.15	Allegan.	8.35
6.00	9.40	Otsego.	8.08
6.14	9.50	Plainwell.	8.00
6.30	10.08	Cooper.	7.40
6.45	10.15	Kalamazoo.	7.15
8.30	11.50	White Pigeon.	5.50
8.50	12.00	Chicago.	5.10
9.30	12.30	Toledo.	11.25
10.00	1.00	Cleveland.	7.20
11.00	2.00	Buffalo.	12.30

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 22, 1874.

Going North.		Going South.	
No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 3.	No. 1.
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
9.00	12.45	Muskegon.	2.15
8.05	12.04	Ferryburg.	2.53
7.50	12.00	Grand Haven.	2.56
7.05	11.27	Pigeon.	3.30
6.20	11.00	Holland.	3.58
5.30	10.40	Pillmore.	4.18
4.00	9.50	Allegan.	5.10

CENTAUR LINIMENTS.



There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, sprains, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began.

"West Windsor, Mich., Dec. 10, 1874.

"Mr. Riley Hance, of this place, an aged man, has had a wonderful cure by your Liniment, and he wants it made known for the benefit of mankind. The following is his affidavit.

Yours truly, L. McQUOWN.

"State of Michigan, County of Eaton, ss.
"Riley Hance, on his oath, says: That for the last ten years he has been severely afflicted with the Rheumatism, and has been for the last six years entirely helpless, inasmuch that he could hardly move, and had given up all hopes of ever being helped. And dependent further says that about five months ago, I commenced the using of Centaur Liniment, and it has produced wonderful results, and now I feel almost as well as ever.

RILEY HANCE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of Dec., 1874.

Henry Black, of Ada, Hardin Co., Ohio, says: "My wife has had rheumatism for five years—no rest, no sleep—could scarcely walk across the floor. She is now completely cured by the use of Centaur Liniment. We all feel thankful to you, and recommend your wonderful medicine to all our friends."

T. G. Burnham, P. M., Little Lake, Wis., writes: "Last summer, I was induced to try a bottle of your Centaur Liniment on a bruised leg, and it gave instant relief. Since then I have used it in five cases, and it has not failed once."

White Wrapper for Family use. Yellow Wrapper for animals. Price, 50 cents; Large Bottle, \$1.00.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

GUISWOLD, A. D., Attorney at law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office 78 Eighth Street, up stairs.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City Hotel."

VISSCHER A., Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Kenyon's building, Corner of Eighth and River street.

Barbers.

DE GROOT L., Fashionable Barber and Hair-cutter. Rooms in basement of City Hotel.

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served on call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting. Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

KANTERS, L. T. & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK W. & H., General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D. General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. La-barbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of store; Eighth street.

General Dealers.

DUURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

FIELD, J. J., Dealer in Groceries, Dry Goods, Flour and Feed and Produce. Liquors and Cigars at Wholesale and Retail. Eighth street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN G. & CO., General Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE. P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, J. W. MINDEHOUT, Proprietor. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. McVICKAR, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE & ALBERTI, Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready-made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

WURZ, C. G., Merchant Tailor. Full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods kept in stock. Corner Eighth and Market street.

Meat Markets.

BUTKAU W., New Meat Market, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

RANDALL S. I., City Meat Market. Everything in first-class condition, and satisfaction guaranteed. Eighth street, East of City Hotel.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Puffer Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WILMS P. H., Manufacturer of Farm Pumps. All kinds of wood turning and sawing on hand and done to order. River street.

Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer. Office Holland City News, 8th street.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug Store, 8th street.

Painters.

HOEK, J. C. H., House, Sign and Carriage Painter; Shop, over Baert's Wagon Shop, River Street.

Photographs.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

BLANK N., Surgeon, Physician and Obstetrician. Office and residence, Ninth Street, East of Cedar Street.

LEDEBOER, B. Physician and Surgeon: Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Saddlers.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, L. T. & Co., Agents for Ottawa and Allegan Counties, for the "Howe Sewing Machine." Dealers in needles and attachments.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DIJKEMA & BRO., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. River Street.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS & WYNNE, Jewelers and Watchmakers. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

JOSLIN W. H., Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in Fancy Goods; Bank-building, River Street.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, 1/2 bushel	1 50	\$ 1 25
Beans, 1/2 bushel	1 50	3 00
Butter, 1/2 lb.	12	16
Clover seed, 1/2 bushel	12	8 50
Eggs, 1/2 dozen	12	12
Honey, 1/2 lb.	18	25
Hay, 1/2 ton	12	13 00
Hides, green 1/2 lb.	12	7
Maple sugar, 1/2 lb.	12	18
Onions, 1/2 bushel	12	1 40
Potatoes, 1/2 bushel	12	70
Timothy Seed, 1/2 bushel	12	4 00
Wool, 1/2 lb.	12	

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed 1/2 lb.	6 1/2	7
Chickens, dressed per lb.	6	9
Lard, 1/2 lb.	10	12
Pork, dressed 1/2 lb.	7	8
Smoked meat, 1/2 lb.	12	14
Smoked ham, 1/2 lb.	12	12
Smoked shoulders, 1/2 lb.	12	8
Turkeys, 1/2 lb.	12	10
Tallow, 1/2 lb.	12	5

Wood, Laves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	3 00	
" " green	2 50	
" beech, dry	2 50	
" " green	2 50	
Hemlock Bark, 1/2 ton	5 00	5 50
Staves, white oak, 12 ft.	10	00
Staves, white oak, 10 ft.	12	00
Staves, white oak, 8 ft.	12	00
Heading bolts, soft wood	3 00	3 50
Heading bolts, hardwood	4 50	
Stave bolts, softwood	3 50	
Stave bolts, hardwood	4 00	
Railroad ties, 12 ft.	12	

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, 1/2 bushel	1 50	\$ 1 5
Corn, shelled 1/2 bushel	1 50	75
Oats, 1/2 bushel	1 50	75
Buckwheat, 1/2 bushel	1 50	75
Eye, 1/2 bushel	1 50	75
Barley, 1/2 ton	12	85
Feed, 1/2 ton	12	30 00
" 100 lb.	12	1 75
Barley, 1/2 ton	12	2 00
Widdling, 1/2 ton	12	2 00
Flour, 1/2 ton	12	6 00
Pearl Barley, 1/2 ton	12	7 00
Buckwheat Flour, 1/2 ton	12	3 00
Fine meal, 1/2 ton	12	2 00

"THEM EGGS."

The Detroit Tribune says: We have received the following with a request to notify the writer whether we accept or reject it. We couldn't think of rejecting it:—

ASKING TOO MUCH.

Twos on the river Ohio
A steam boat with a full cargo
The downward trip she was making
Not far from the town of Wheeling
Three hundred on deck or more
Who saw a woman on the shore
Making halling signs with her hand
For the boat to come to land
The Captain ordered boat ashore
To take on one passenger more
The boat hove to a plank run out
Now man please step upon the boat
The Captain sir I wish to see
If he would do a turn for me
No sooner call'd than forth he came
What's this you wish from me now mam
To New Orleans I wish to send
One dozen of Eggs with you my Friend
Twelve cents here is all they bring
While in Orleans we get Thirteen
Some things from there I like have brought
We got them there at first cost
Here is the bill that you can see
One skein of silk three cents in snuff the rest in tea
You'll find them all at Jason's firm
Please stop with them on your return
Here is the basket eleven in it
The Hen is in her nest—please wait a minute.

The following are among the important changes in the school laws, made last winter:

Section 3952 of the compiled laws fixes the time for the annual meeting of each school district on the first Monday of September in each year, and declares that the school year shall commence on that day. Authority has been given for changing the day for the annual meeting in certain cases, by the following provision: "Any district organized under the law for graded and high schools, and any district organized by a special act of the legislature, that shall so determine at a regular annual meeting, or at a special meeting called for that purpose, shall thereafter hold its annual meetings on the second Monday in July; and the officers of the district shall date their terms of office from that day: Provided, that such action shall not change the time of the commencement of the school year, or of taking the school census."

Section 3696 has been so amended that "any person may send scholars to a district school, who are members of his own family, in a district in which he does not reside: Provided, he pays taxes in the district to an amount equal to the amount per scholar of the cost of supporting the said district school."

The oldest clergyman in America, is the Rev. Mr. Boehm, in Jersey City. On last Sunday he was complimented by the celebration of his hundredth birthday, and what made the proceedings at the Methodist Episcopal church more impressive was that the venerable preacher still retains his faculties and pronounced the benediction upon the congregation. The old men there seemed young

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

The International Typographical Union closed its session at Boston by electing the following officers: President, Walter H. Bell, Philadelphia; First Vice-President, James Harper, Montreal; Second Vice-President, C. F. Sheldon, Kansas City; Secretary and Treasurer, William A. Hutchinson, Chicago; Corresponding Secretary, W. S. Pride, Wilmington, Del.; Charles C. Fuller, President, and J. T. Maury, Treasurer, of the Chaplin Paper Company, of Norwich, Conn., have absconded, leaving outstanding obligations estimated to amount to \$70,000, the greater part of which is believed to be in forged notes.

The steam yacht Octavia, built at Cleveland in 1864, for T. W. Kennard, engineer of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad, is under surveillance at New York, suspected of being fitted out to aid the Cuban insurgents. The Boston express train for New York ran off the track near the latter city, last week, narrowly escaping destruction. Two parlor coaches were overturned and a number of passengers quite severely injured. Vice-President Wilson was in the rear coach and escaped injury. Miss Annie Louise Cary, the vocalist, was slightly hurt. Ex-Speaker Blaine occupied a seat in the first coach, and received slight injuries.

The long strike in the Pennsylvania regions is ended, the miners having agreed to resume work at the price offered by the mine owners at the beginning of the strike.

The Court of Appeals, of the State of New York, has set aside the sentence in the case of Boss Tweed and ordered his discharge.

THE WEST.

The National Sportsmen's Association held their second annual convention at Cleveland, Ohio, last week, with a large attendance of delegates. Hon. J. V. Le Moine, of Chicago, was elected President of the association for the ensuing year. Gen. Sheridan has forbidden a lot of gold-hunters from entering the Big Horn country. He says that territory is included in the Sioux reservation under the treaty of 1869, and white men will be prevented by the military from entering it for any purpose whatever until the treaty is abrogated. Rev. Dr. Jacob S. Shipman, of Lexington, Ky., has been elected Episcopal Bishop of the diocese of Fond du Lac, Wis.

Prof. JANNEY, of the government exploring expedition in the Black Hills region, officially reports that there is no gold there.

BILL KIRBY has given bail to appear for trial at Washington on the charge of perjury.

Heavy frosts visited some portions of Central and Western Michigan on the night of June 13, doing considerable damage to growing crops. It has been decided that the new Custom-House at Chicago is insecure, and that no safe foundation can be had without commencing on piling. All the work of Mullett, therefore, will have to come down, and Architect Potter will construct an entirely new building.

The city of Quincy, Ill., was recently visited by a tornado of unusual violence. Twenty-seven buildings were unroofed or totally demolished, and scarcely a chimney was left standing in the track of the cyclone. The pecuniary loss is estimated at upward of \$100,000. Only one person was killed, though many marvelous escapes are reported.

THE SOUTH.

In the case of the editor of the Galveston News, arraigned for contempt of court in charging the Judge with partiality in a pending case, Judge Morrell decided that it was within the province of the press to criticize freely the acts of the judiciary, and concluded with the declaration that "the publishers have unrestricted liberty to apply an epithet to the Judge of the court without being in contempt for so doing."

The Maryland Democratic State Convention, to nominate candidates for Governor, Comptroller and Treasurer, is called to meet in Baltimore, on Wednesday, July 21.

An atrocious murder was committed at Salem, Rutherford county, Tenn., last week. Wm. Jernett returned home from a visit and found his wife lying dead on the floor with a cord drawn tightly around her throat. It is thought money was the object of the murder, as some was found missing.

WASHINGTON.

All the members of the commission to treat with the Sioux for the relinquishment of the Black Hill have been appointed. The commission as constituted is as follows: Senators Allison and Morrill, Mr. Comingo, member of Congress from Missouri; Bishop Haven, the Rev. Mr. Hinman, and the Hon. F. W. Palmer, editor of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. All the members have signified their acceptance except Senator Morrill and Bishop Haven. The commission will rendezvous at Yankton about the middle of July, and will proceed thence to the various Sioux agencies.

The Treasury Department has issued the new regulations relative to the examination of baggage of passengers from abroad. Every passenger will be compelled to make a sworn statement of the number of packages contained in each package, and to specifically state whether there are any articles intended for use of other persons. Any misrepresentation of facts will subject the baggage to forfeiture.

GENERAL.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has decided that the property of benevolent societies, including the Masonic and similar organizations heretofore exempt, is subject to taxation.

After thirteen years and repeated fruitless efforts the iron safe of the United States man-of-war Cumberland, which was sunk in Hampton Roads by the Rebel ram Virginia, in 1862, has been recovered by a party of divers. The safe is supposed to contain about \$100,000 in gold, which will go to the lucky finders.

An American fishing-boat has picked up and brought into St. Johns, N. B., nine of the crew and three of the passengers of the lost steam-

ship Vicksburg. Several oil tanks and two or three warehouses belonging to Lockhart & Frew and Graff, Bennett & Co., just outside of the city of Pittsburgh, were destroyed by fire last week. About 150,000 barrels of oil were consumed. Total loss, \$400,000.

The grasshoppers have forsaken Western Missouri, and are taking their flight northward.

TOM MCGEEHAN, a notorious desperado, made famous by the tragic end of his counsel, Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, who lost his life in explaining some points in the trial of McGeehan for the murder of a man named Myers, was assassinated in his saloon, at Hamilton, Ohio, at 12 o'clock last Monday night.

The lumber operatives of Chicago recently threatened a strike in consequence of a reduction in their pay, but better counsels prevailed, and they very sensibly concluded they would be cutting their own throats by such a course, as a number of unemployed were ready to take their place. They therefore continued to work as usual at reduced rates.

RECENT FIRES: The business portion of Newfield, N. Y., with a loss of \$150,000; J. P. Kipp's carriage factory, New York, loss \$100,000; at Barrasois, Cape Breton; destroying five houses and sweeping everything between there and Green Cove, a distance of nine miles, and burning the latter place. Advances from the Rio Grande frontier indicate that affairs are becoming desperate in that region. A band of Cortina's cattle thieves who were caught raiding on the Texas side were attacked and twelve of them killed. This enraged Cortina, who is Mayor of Matamoros, and has fully 3,000 men at his command. He threatens to retaliate, and the settlers, as well as the citizens of Brownsville, are preparing for hostilities, which seem imminent.

POLITICAL.

The Legislature of New Hampshire elected P. O. Cheney, Republican, Governor, of the State, vice Weston, Democrat.

Gov. DAVIS, of Minnesota, declines to be a candidate for renomination to that office, but intimates a willingness to go to Congress instead, as the successor of Bill King.

The California Republican State Convention met at Sacramento, on the 11th, and nominated the following ticket: Governor, T. G. Phelps; Lieutenant-Governor, Joseph M. Cavis; Secretary of State, O. H. Hallett; Comptroller, J. J. Green; Surveyor, R. E. Gardner; Treasurer, William Beckman; Attorney-General, E. D. Sawyer; Clerk of Supreme Court, Grant J. Taggart; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Ezra C. Carr. The platform adopted recognizes the career of President Grant; accepts the letter of the President as a final settlement of the third-term question; declares that the Thirtieth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution should be maintained; condemns that portion of the Southern people who intimidate the colored voters; demands economy and honesty in the administration of State and county governments; and that the State and its common schools be kept free from ecclesiastical or secular control; a declaration of war upon the railroad companies which deny and resist the right of State regulation and control of fares and tolls, and a pledge that the Republican members of the Legislature will vote for a fair and reasonable reduction in this direction.

The Maine Republicans have nominated Gen. Seldon Connor for Governor.

FOREIGN.

FROM PANAMA is reported the loss of the English ship Prince Alfred, with guano, for London. She foundered at sea in the vicinity of Coquimbo. The crew were saved. Dispatches from Spain state that the Alfonsist government is in a weak and tottering condition, and that the Carlist cause is improving daily and gaining much strength. Fourteen stores, besides several dwellings, were destroyed by fire in Toronto last week, causing a loss of \$550,000, a large part of which is uninsured. A fire at Minatitlan, Mexico, destroyed property to the value of \$400,000.

BILLS have been introduced in the British Parliament for the regulation of strikes. They provide that breaches of contract calculated to cause public injury by work people employed in public capacities, as in the supply of gas and water, shall be dealt with criminally.

An order has been issued from the Imperial Chancellor at Berlin prohibiting the circulation of the Catholic Gazette, of Baltimore, for two years, within the boundaries of the German empire. The Italian Parliament is greatly exercised over a bill for the suppression of brigandage in Sicily and elsewhere. The brigands appear to have nearly as many friends as opponents in the Chambers. News has just been received of a terrible earthquake in New Grenada, South America. The destruction was great in the valley of Cucula, on the Venezuelan frontier. Some 16,000 lives are reported lost by the calamity. A crisis is imminent in Greece which may result in the abdication of the King. Turkish men-of-war have been ordered to cruise in Greek waters. The Russian Minister has advised the King not to abdicate without securing the rights of his heir to the throne. The intervention of foreign powers is probable.

The proposed new law in France regulating the press prohibits newspapers criticising the President or the form of government under severe penalties, and they are not to be allowed to publish "false" news or petitions for a change in the Constitution. The officers of the United States squadron have received a most cordial welcome in Berlin from the Prince Imperial and the Chief of the German Admiralty.

At Toronto, recently, Chief Justice Draper gave judgment in the Peel election case, and disqualifying Mr. Chisholm for offering two electors situations, in the event of their losing employment through voting for him. The upper house of the Prussian Diet adjourned after finally passing the bill withdrawing the State grants from the Roman Catholic clergy.

The failure of Alex. Collie & Co., commission merchants of London and Manchester, Eng., is announced, with liabilities at \$3,000,000. The American Rifle Team received a grand ovation on their arrival at Dublin last week. The streets were crowded, the buildings profusely decorated, and the enthusiasm immense.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Weekly Review of the Chicago Market.

FINANCIAL.

The financial situation is without particular change. The offerings of loanable funds were large, and the market was dull. Government bonds firm.

	Buying.	Selling.
U. S. 6's of '81	125 1/2	125 3/4
U. S. 5-20's of '82 (ex. int.)	117 1/2	118 1/4
U. S. 5-20's of '84 (ex. int.)	118 1/2	119 1/4
U. S. 5-20's of '85 (ex. int.)	122 1/2	123 1/4
U. S. 5-20's of '85 January and July 124 1/2	124 1/2	125 1/4
U. S. 5-20's of '87 January and July 124 1/2	124 1/2	125 1/4
U. S. 5-20's of '88 January and July 124 1/2	124 1/2	125 1/4
U. S. 10-40's	118 1/2	119 1/4
U. S. new 5's of '81 (ex. int.)	117 1/2	118 1/4
U. S. currency 6's	122 1/2	123 1/4
Gold (full weight)	116 1/2	116 3/4
Gold coupons	116 1/2	116 3/4
Gold exchange	116 1/2	116 3/4

REMARKS.

The movement in the grain markets has been moderately active during the past week, speculators taking hold freely, and liberal sales were made for July delivery. The prevailing feeling was generally a trifle firmer than during the preceding week, and the closing quotations show a slight improvement on wheat, corn and barley, while oats were weak and easier. The forward movement was fair of wheat, but light on the other grains, and the stock in store is still considerably larger than usual at this season of the year. Wheat was heavier almost all week. Corn was irregular, ruling higher and lower alternately. The warm weather on Friday caused a pressure to sell and values were 1c lower. Saturday the cold weather caused an advance. Oats were weak and lower, the favorable weather increasing the pressure to sell. Rye was quiet and steady. Barley was firm and in demand.

The following table shows the prices current at the opening and close of the past week:

	Opening.	Closing.
No. 2 sp'g wheat, cash	\$5 @ .96	\$.98 1/2 @ .98 3/4
No. 2, seller June	.95 @ .96	.98 1/2 @ .98 3/4
No. 2, seller July	.97 @ .98	1.00 @ 1.00 1/2
No. 2, seller August	.99 @ .99 1/2	1.00 1/2 @ 1.00 3/4
No. 2, seller September	.67 @ .68	.67 1/2 @ .68
No. 2, corn, cash	.67 @ .68	.67 1/2 @ .68
No. 2, corn, seller June	.69 @ .70	.69 1/2 @ .70
No. 2, corn, seller July	.73 1/2 @ .74	.74 1/2 @ .75
No. 2, corn, seller August	.63 1/2 @ .64	.64 1/2 @ .65
No. 2, oats, cash	.62 1/2 @ .63	.63 1/2 @ .64
No. 2, oats, seller July	.67 @ .68	.67 1/2 @ .68
No. 2, oats, seller August	.42 @ .43	.43 1/2 @ .44
No. 2, rye, cash	.98 @ .99	.99 1/2 @ 1.00
No. 2, rye, seller August	.78 @ .79	.79 1/2 @ .80
No. 2, rye, seller September	.75 @ .76	.76 1/2 @ .77
No. 2, barley, cash	1.18 @ 1.19	1.19 1/2 @ 1.20
No. 2, barley, seller Sept.	.98 @ 1.00	1.00 1/2 @ 1.01 1/2

COOPERAGE, LUMBER AND WOOD.

There was but little done in cooperage during the week, and prices were a shade easier for hard tiers, but the other descriptions remain unchanged. Quotations range at \$1.10@1.15 for pork barrels, \$1.35 for hard tiers, \$1.90 for 2.00 for whisky barrels, and 50@55c each for flour barrels. Lumber was fairly active, but an easier feeling was developed and prices were a trifle weak. At the close of the week but few cargoes remained unsold. Quotable at \$10.00@11.50 for common boards, \$10.00@12.00 for joist and scantling, \$11.00@15.00 for square to round pickets, and \$1.25@3.00 for No. 1 to A sawed shingles. In wood there was no change of importance noticeable. Prices remain steady at \$7.50 per cord for hickory and maple, \$6.50 for beech, and \$6 for slabs at the yards.

SEEDS AND HONEYWEES.

There was a fair demand for Hungarian and millet seeds, and prices were very firm, but for the other descriptions the inquiry continues light, and although but a limited number of sales were made, prices remain steady and firm. Sales of timothy ranged at \$2.30@2.40 for fair to good, and \$2.45@2.55 for prime. Clover was inactive and nominal at about \$6.40@6.50 for prime medium; flax quotable at \$1.60@1.65 for good crushing; Hungarian sold at \$1.40@1.50 for prime; and \$2 was paid for prime millet. There was quite a good demand for buckwheat and a fair business was reported at \$1.35@1.40 for prime.

PROVISIONS.

The movement in this market shows a slight increase over the amount of business transacted during the previous week. The feeling was somewhat unsettled, and prices were rather irregular, although the fluctuations were not severe. The advices from Eastern markets were somewhat varied in tenor, while foreign were firmer for hard, but quoted an easier feeling in meats. Cash mess pork closed steady at \$19.37 1/2@19.40; seller August was in fair request at \$19.60@19.67 1/2, and closed at \$19.62 1/2@19.65. Cash lard quiet but firm at \$13.30; seller July closed at \$13.35@13.37 1/2, and August at \$13.60@13.65.

LIVE STOCK.

The cattle market was active and higher all the week, but closed easier on Saturday. Native steers \$5.00@7.00; bulk of sales, \$6.00@6.50; Texans, \$2.50@4.50; stockers, \$2.50@4.50. Hogs were also higher, but closed easy. Yorkers, \$6.90@7.40; heavy, \$6.90@7.50. Sheep dull at \$2.50@4.50.

PRODUCE.

There was no particular change noticeable in the condition of the butter market during the past week. The receipts were liberal and there was quite an accumulation in the supply. The inquiry was chiefly on local account, though occasionally shippers bought a few lots, but the latter class of buyers, as a rule, were not willing to pay the prices asked by holders, and the movement from this source was light. The feeling throughout was one of weakness, and prices suffered a slight depreciation. Quotations ranged at 25@24c for extra 18@22c for firsts, 14@18c for seconds, 12 1/2@14c for thirds, and 9@12c for grease and common old stock. There was a good demand for Eastern beans, and a fair business was reported at \$1.90 for prime, but for Western the sales continue slow and prices were irregular; quotable at \$1.00@1.80, according to quality. Broom corn was moderately active and firmer prices were maintained; quotable at 11 1/2@14c for No. 1 to extra hurl, and 10 1/2@11 1/2c for good to choice stalk bread. Beeswax quiet at 26@28c for good to prime yellow. Cider was dull and easier; quotable at \$4.00@4.50 per barrel for choice sweet, and about \$3.00 in kegs. Cranberries were also dull at \$8.00@10.50 per barrel for good to choice cultivated; and about \$3.50@3.75 in open-bush boxes. There was a fair movement in cheese, but prices were a shade easier. The principal sales of new were made at 9 1/2@10c for prime; common old sold at 8@9c. Dried fruits under more liberal offerings were a shade easier; quotable at 8 1/2@8 3/4c for Michigan and New York apples, 9@9 1/2c for halves peaches, and 9 1/2@9 3/4c for blackberries. Dried peas sold slowly at \$2.00@2.10 for choice green, and about \$1.65@1.75 for marrowfat. Eggs were in fair request, and the market during the week ruled quite steady; closed at 14 1/2c. Feathers remain dull at 48@52 for prime live geese, and 20@35c per lb for prime turkey tail feathers. Green fruits were very dull, and the apples offered on the market were nearly all in bad order. Sales were made in lots at \$1@1.50 per barrel for good, and in a retail way at \$1.25@1.50, according to quality. Hides were firm, but quiet. Green salted quoted at 8c all round; calf, 12 1/2@13c, and dry calf, 18@19c. Honey was almost unsalable, and prices were weak at 18@20c per lb for comb, and 10@11c for strained. The season for brewing is about over, and the demand for hops was very light. Prices were a shade lower. Quotable at 20@30c per lb for common to choice from first hand. Maple sugar dull, with speculators about the only buyers. Quotable at 8@12 1/2c per lb for pure new. There was a fair demand for choice fresh receipts of new potatoes at \$4.00@4.75 per barrel, but common lots were very dull and sales ranged at \$2.50@3.00. Potatoes remain rather quiet. Eastern peaches sold at 70@75c in car lots, and Western do at 60@65c. Poultry was rather quiet. Turkeys sold at 11@12c per lb. Old chickens at \$3.50@4.25 per doz, and spring at \$2.00@3.00 per doz, according to size and quality. Vegeta-

bles remain dull at \$2.00@3.00 per barrel for onions, and \$1.25@1.50 per barrel for parsnips. There was a fair demand for choice carcasses of veal, but common sold slowly. Sales ranged at 3@7 1/2c for poor to choice.

Telegraphic Market Reports.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES—Dressed	11 @ 13
HOGS—Dressed	9 @ 10
COTTON—No. 1	15 1/2 @ 16 1/4
FLOUR—Superfine Western	4 50 @ 4 76
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago	1 14 @ 1 16
No. 1 Spring	1 21 @ 1 23
CORN—No. 2	82 @ 84
OATS—No. 2	72 @ 74
RYE—No. 2	98 @ 100
PORK—New Mess	19 25 @ 19 75
LARD—Stea	11 @ 13

ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1 35 @ 1 36
CORN—No. 2 New	65 @ 67
OATS—No. 2 New	56 @ 58
RYE—No. 2	1 10 @ 1 12
PORK—Mess	19 50 @ 19 75
LARD	11 @ 13
HOGS	6 25 @ 6 50
CATTLE	4 75 @ 5 00

MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 1	1 06 @ 1 08
No. 2	1 03 @ 1 05
CORN—No. 2	66 @ 68
OATS—No. 2	58 @ 60
RYE	93 @ 95
BARLEY—No. 2	1 13 @ 1 15

CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—Red	1 20 @ 1 22
CORN—New	72 @ 74
OATS	67 @ 69
RYE	1 08 @ 1 10
PORK—Mess	19 @ 19 50
LARD	12 @ 13

CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—Extra	1 26 @ 1 28
Ambet	1 23 @ 1 25
CORN—New	75 @ 77
OATS	63 @ 65

DETROIT.	
WHEAT—Extra	1 25 @ 1 27
Ambet	1 20 @ 1 22
CORN	69 @ 71
OATS	60 @ 62

CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 1 Red	1 22 @ 1 24
No. 2 Red	1 17 @ 1 19
CORN	73 @ 75
OATS	65 @ 67

DEATH ON THE DEEP.

Steamer Crushed by Icebergs—Fifty Lives Lost.

News is received of the wreck of the steamship Vicksburg, with the loss of fifty lives. Capt. Cooper, of the steamer Germania, which arrived at New York recently, makes the following statement: "June 5, latitude 46°34' north, longitude 47°58' west, we discovered a ship's boat, with sails set, on the port bow. I made immediately for her, and she proved to be boat No. 1 of the ill-fated steamer Vicksburg, of Liverpool, belonging to the Dominion line, and commanded by Capt. Bennett. There were five men in her, in a very exhausted state. Their feet and legs were very much swollen, so much so that their boots had to be cut from their feet."

James Crowley, one of the rescued men, says: "The Vicksburg left Quebec on Thursday morning, May 27, with a ship's crew of 60 men, all told, and eight saloon passengers. At 9:30 p. m. on Monday, all hands were called to shorten sail. The ship was stopped among heavy ice, and headed to the south, when we proceeded at full speed to get clear of the ice. At 12 o'clock, at full speed we struck the ice. The engines were immediately reversed. The ship struck heavily aft on the port quarter, carrying away the fans of the propeller, and a hole was knocked through the plates on that quarter, through which the ship made a great deal of water. The Captain gave orders to launch the boats, with their respective crews, and told them to mind that the distance from St. Johns was 120 miles northwest. The ship sunk about 10 o'clock, floating boat No. 2 from her davits with the chief officer and about thirty people in her. She got clear and pulled to the windward. After the ship went down, we saw the Captain and some other person floating on a bale of hay, among the wreckage. We tried all we could to pick them up, but owing to the boat being half full of water and the ice about, were not able to do so."

Other interviews with survivors are published, and from these it seems that those of the crew and passengers who escaped in the boats, abandoned the vessel and those on board to their fate in a manner which is somewhat discreditable, to say the least. It is also quite clearly shown that nearly fifty lives were lost. The steamer was used only for the transportation of freight; otherwise the loss of life would have been much heavier.

Arctic Exploration.

Within the Polar circle there is an enormous area, comprising at least 2,000,000 square miles, of which we know simply nothing. We shall have presently to speak of the various speculations regarding the nature of this vast extent of the world's surface; it is enough for our immediate purpose to say that we do not know anything whatever about it. Whether it is land, water or ice; whether the climate is cold or warm; whether there are inhabitants, animals, plants, or whether it is a howling wilderness—speculation has included almost every possibility, and almost every absurdity; but of knowledge such as alone intelligent men can be content with, we have absolutely none. To attain some such knowledge is the first object now proposed in Arctic exploration. It is considered unfitting and unseemly, in the present state of scientific progress, that there should be this large area of our earth's surface still so utterly unknown. The examination of it is loudly called for; it is a problem of universal interest, the solution of which appeals not to commercial profits, pecuniary advantage, increased facility for transport and communication, but simply, in the first instance, to those higher feelings and yearnings which, whatever our remote ancestry, now distinguish us from the brutes. We want to traverse this unknown space and see and know what it is.—Edinburgh Review.

GOLD mining in Northeast Georgia is said to present just now a very hopeful appearance. The completed mills are running with satisfactory results, and the building of several large works are rapidly progressing.

QUILP says he'd rather find his "sermon in stones" than pay \$7,500 for a church pew, as they do in New York.

Our Female Employees.

That many women should be obliged to earn their living at the expense of health is one of the unfortunate facts of our incomplete civilization. That this fact will exist until the majority of social problems are solved seems more probable than most hypotheses. But there are conditions enforced upon some forms of female labor which are not only unnecessary, but absolutely criminal. Prominent among such is the practice of compelling shop-girls to stand behind counters from seven or eight o'clock in the morning to six, eight or ten o'clock at night. There is not a physician in the land who will not tell any employer of female help that, as a rule, women, by anatomical structure, are unfit to stand all day long, particularly in this country, where nerves and false living have made them infinitely more delicate than Nature ever intended. There are establishments wherein may be found printed regulations commanding employees "always to stand, to dress neatly and to be absent only half an hour at dinner." It may be, as Milton says, that "they also serve who only stand and wait," but why must shop-girls "always stand" while serving mammon? That they should be "dressed neatly" is proper; that they should be absent "only half an hour at dinner" is thoroughly American and highly improper as conducive to dyspepsia and its attendant ills; that they should "always stand" is brutal.

Americans, shopkeeping or otherwise, are not in the habit of possessing stomachs; are they also without bowels of compassion? Is there something in the nature of a high stool inimical to trade? Has total depravity marked it for its own? Is a sitting position, which women take as instinctively as ducks take to water, offensive in the sight of gods and men? What is the meaning of rules that set physiological rules at defiance and slowly dig the graves of countless pale-faced girls? As there is a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, there should be a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Female Laborers. Will no chivalrous Bergh arise to fight the battles of the weak? Or has chivalry so faded into the baseless fabric of a dream that the might of capital will crush out the rights of humanity as persistently in the future as it did in the past?—New York Tribune.

The California Wood-Rat.

Mr. A. W. Chase, of the United States Coast Survey, gives the following account: "I am partial owner of some property on the Oregon coast, on which a saw-mill had been placed, but which, owing to various causes, has never been in operation. On this property was a dwelling-house for the hands, on which, on work being discontinued, were stored a quantity of stuff, tools, packing for the engine, six or seven kegs of large spikes; in the closets, knives, forks, spoons, etc. A large cooking stove was left in the rooms. This house was left uninhabited for two years, and, being at some distance from the little settlement, it was frequently broken into by tramps who sought shelter for the night. When I entered this house, I was astonished to see the immense rat's nest on the stove. On examining this nest, which was about five feet in height, and occupied the whole top of the stove (a large range), I found the outside was composed entirely of spikes, all laid with symmetry, so as to present the points of the nails outward. In the center of this mass was the nest, composed of finely divided fibres of hemp-packing. Interlaced with the spikes we found the following: About three dozen knives, forks, and spoons, all the butcher-knives, three in number, a large carving knife and steel, several large plugs of tobacco: the outside casing of a silver watch was disposed of in one part of the pile, the glass of the same watch in another, and the works in still another; an old purse containing some silver, matches and tobacco; nearly all the small tools from the tool closets, among them several large augurs. The ingenuity and skill displayed in the construction of this nest, and the curious taste for articles of iron, many of them heavy, struck me with surprise."

Utilization of Peat.

Should success attend the systematic efforts now being made in this country and Europe for the more thorough utilization of peat, its industrial and economical importance will, it is expected, be only second to that of coal. Independent of its simple and prodigious capabilities as fuel, the various products of peat and their uses comprise sulphate of ammonia, a substance employed in the preparation of ammonia, of caustic ammonia, and in the manufacture of various fertilizing composts; acetate of lime, which is in constant demand as a source of acetic acid, and of various acetates largely consumed by calico printers; pyroxylic or wood alcohol, used in vapor lamps, and affording a remarkably brilliant light; naphtha, used for making varnishes, for dissolving caoutchouc, and for various other purposes; heavy and more fixed oils, applicable for lubricating machinery, especially when in suitable combination with other unctuous substances; also, paraffine, the uses and value of which are too well understood to require explanation here. These are some of the substances, though not all, the profitable production of which, by improved modes and processes, is now being sought.

The following is given as the costume of a fashionable lady in 1700, per ye last ship from ye port of Bristol, England, to his Majesty's plantations in North America: "A black silk petticoat, with a red and white calico border; cherry colored stays, trimmed with blue and silver; a red and dove-colored damask gown, flowered with large trees; a yellow satin apron, trimmed with white Persian; muslin headcloths, with crawfoot edging; a black silk furbelowed scarf and spotted hood."

GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

A FRENCHMAN sent to New Caledonia for murdering his wife wanted to marry a woman there whose crime was the murder of her husband; but the authorities refused to let them marry until certificates of the death of their respective spouses had been duly obtained from France.

THE present Ministry of Great Britain are urging a plan for the gradual extinguishment of the national debt of that country. It is proposed to reduce the debt at the rate of \$10,000,000 annually, and, as the entire debt is now about \$3,700,000,000 it would require some 370 years for the complete carrying out of the scheme.

ADVICES from Spain indicate that the government of King Alfonso is weakening; that there is a movement on foot in Madrid for the restoration of the republic; and that there is a possibility that the Carlists may yet be successful. Spain is the sick member of the European family of nations, and appears to be getting no better very fast.

On Bird's Island, in Scott county, Mo., about two and a half miles from the Cape county line, there is a hill three miles in circumference which is a well-known landmark to all who ever visited the "swamps." During a heavy rainstorm which occurred in that section on Saturday night, about three-fourths of an acre of this hill slid into the swamp, of course carrying with the earth trees of the largest size, shrubbery, etc.

SAN FRANCISCO is proud of its Palace Hotel, and items like this crop out in each issue of the city newspapers: "A Salt Lake man visiting this city was amazed at the Palace Hotel. When he went home, he confidentially remarked to a party of his friends: 'Why, you could hang the tabernacle out of the seventh story of this great house, and it wouldn't appear bigger than a bird cage, and Brigham would look like a fly-speck.'"

A HOUSE-OWNER took a policy in the Agricultural Insurance Company, of Watertown, N. Y., stating to the agent that the size of his house was unknown, and not sure about this, the agent verbally promised that he should not be held strictly to the statement. The policy, however, stipulated that all the statements were warranties, and the house being in fact 24x29 when it was burned down, the company refused to pay, and the Supreme Court held them not bound.

THE International Typographical Convention in session at Boston named Philadelphia, and July 1, 1876, as the place and date for holding the next annual convention. The Greeley Monument Committee reported that a fund of \$5,052 was sufficient to guarantee the erection of a suitable memorial within a year. A resolution was adopted requiring subordinate Unions to refuse full membership to young men under 20 years of age, and instructing Unions to admit none who have not served four years at the business.

In South Carolina the financial and industrial situation is better than at any time since the war, and the same is also true of Mississippi. In the latter State there is more land under cultivation, and better worked at that, than ever before. An increase of from four to six and even ten per cent. in cotton over the average of the past several years is anticipated in the cotton product, while there will be much larger corn crops also. General thrift is looked for when the crops are ready for the market.

THE Shah of Persia made a bargain with Reuter, the news Prince of Europe, by which his country was to have railroads and telegraphs in abundance; but his European trip dissatisfied him with the arrangement, and the trade was "off." He then made a railroad concession to one Falkenhagen, and now the cable reports that it has lapsed, because the contract was not fulfilled. The times are hard on that side of the Atlantic as well as this, and wild-cat railroad speculations are at a discount.

THE Schenectady Union relates an interesting story connected with the last days of the fatal illness of a young lady named Agnes Ledgerwood, in the town of Putnam, Washington county. She had expressed a desire for a boiled partridge, but her friends deeming it impossible to procure one, endeavored to persuade her out of the notion by offering to obtain a squirrel. This idea did not seem to suit her, and her appetite craved the partridge alone; and strange to say, during the same day a partridge flew

against the house, and becoming disabled, was readily caught and cooked for the dying girl. It was about the last of earthly gratifications she was permitted to enjoy, as she soon after expired.

THREE great railway magnates—Jewett, of the Erie, Vanderbilt, of the New York Central, and Scott, of the Pennsylvania Central—are trying to get ahead of Garrett, of the Baltimore and Ohio. The latter is the great bear of transportation rates, while they would "hull" the charges to extortionate rates. Much the same contest was waged several years ago, when Dean Richmond was the head-center of the anti-Garrett ring. The combination failed then, and we believe it will fail now.

AN Eastern paper recently contained a letter from a passenger on board a steamer running between New York and Aspinwall, in which the Captain was charged with timidity because he slowed his engine rather than run the risk of entering the harbor in a fog, and the company was called upon to remove him or else to give him orders to make quicker passages. It is just this sort of idiocy on the part of the traveling public which leads to such disasters as the wreck of the Schiller. Passengers who know nothing whatever of the means proper to be taken to insure the safety of a steamer, but who are anxious to make a fast passage at any risk, are always ready to accuse a Captain of timidity who prefers safety to speed. There is little doubt that had the Captain of the Schiller stopped his vessel to sound, his passengers would have resented the delay. No Captain likes to be called a coward, or to have passengers writing letters to the newspapers calling on his owners to remove him. The result is that Captains run risks in order to make quick passages and please the public, and when by so doing they occasionally lose their vessels they are denounced almost as violently as they would have been had they brought their ships into port safely, but also a few hours late.

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS.

THERE are 101 farmers in the Connecticut Legislature.

THE "Democratic-Liberal" party of Minnesota will hold its nominating convention at St. Paul July 7.

EX-SECRETARY RICHARDSON, accompanied by his wife, arrived at San Francisco May 26, on their tour around the world.

THE Minnesota Republican State Central Committee has determined to call a State nominating convention at St. Paul July 23.

It is said that "Carl Schurz intends to bring his parents to this country on his return." That is to say he has gone back after his old Schurz.—*Detroit Post*.

GENERAL BRECKINRIDGE leaves a son who bears the name of "Owen County Breckinridge," in honor of the county which secured the election of his father to Congress in 1853, in the contest with Governor Letcher.

FOR delinquent County Treasurers, New York bears off the palm. Their number is fifteen, and the aggregate of their delinquencies is \$622,973. Proceedings have been commenced against them by the Attorney-General of the State.

R. B. ELLIOTT is said to be the smartest colored politician in the South. Of the fifty colored lawyers in South Carolina, he is the only one who gives promise of reaching a fair rank in the profession. He is the favorite candidate for the United States Senate.

A RUMOR has been in circulation mentioning that a serious rupture had occurred between Senator Morton and Secretary Bristow, growing out of differences of opinion concerning the distribution of offices under the Treasury Department. There is no foundation whatever for this report.

THE oldest ex-United States Senator now living is said to be Peleg Sprague, formerly of Maine, who was Senator from that State from 1829 to 1835. He also represented the Kennebec District in Congress from 1825 to 1829, was subsequently for many years Judge of the United States District Court of Massachusetts, and is now living in Boston at a greatly advanced age.

THE *Utica Herald*, noticing the demand of the National Temperance Convention at Chicago for a prohibitory enactment by Congress, says that Congress is as likely to subsidize a railroad to the moon as to interfere with the sale of liquors. The *Herald* manifestly believes the suppression of intemperance to be a matter of morals rather than of politics, and holds each of these sciences in an exclusive domain.

If Vice-President Wilson should need a certificate of the illness which the newspapers are constantly charging upon him, it will not do to apply at the *Tribune* office. Calling there yesterday, he found that the elevators were up at the moment, and so, scorning the idea of waiting for such helps, he promptly climbed the ten flights of stairs. Clearly he can't plead physical weakness as a reason for being excused from public service, or for delaying work on that third volume of his history, which has been so long promised.—*New York Tribune*.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

On the 28th of July bids will be opened at Lansing for doing the State printing and binding for the coming two years; also, for furnishing paper, stationery and fuel for use of the State government.

A construction engine, while backing up after water, near Hastings, Friday afternoon, ran off the track, ditching the engine, and killing Frank Lynch and Herbert Wooten, laborers on the train.

THE prolonged contest in the Ludington Common Council, over the question whether George Weimer or Levi B. Wightman should be City Marshal and Street Commissioner, resulted in the election of Wightman by two majority.

MICHIGAN patents: Sawmill head blocks, W. Glen, Muskegon; coffee-pots, R. L. Bates, Adrian; shaft-couplings, P. B. Weeks, Battle Creek; coffee-pots, S. P. Webber, Charlotte; shaping blocks for garments, S. P. Webber, Charlotte.

THE Comptroller of Bay City has completed the assessment of liquor-sellers in that place. The roll includes 2 wholesale and 66 retail dealers in distilled liquors, 27 dealers in malt liquors, and 3 manufacturers—making a total of 98. The total tax to be paid amounts to \$11,773.33.

THE *Farwell Register* says: "A genuine brook trout, about 18 inches in length, was caught by Ed. Hinkle, last Saturday, in Tobacco river, about two miles below this place. That is undoubtedly the first brook trout ever caught in any of the streams that empty into the Saginaw river, but this is at not all strange, when it is known that brook trout were formerly deposited in these waters."

A MINER named Abraham Pooley was instantly killed at the Michigamme mine lately. It seems that Pooley, with several others who were in the shaft, had overloaded the bucket to such an extent that one of the derrick gys gave way, precipitating the load upon the head of the deceased, who was standing directly beneath. He leaves a family in Corn wall, England, from whence he came.

THE Minong Copper Mining Company is about to inaugurate operations on an extensive scale at Isle Royale. There are some sixty ancient pits on the company's property, and it is estimated that with the tools then in use it must have taken 100,000 men 100 years to perform the work done by that ancient and unknown race. Certain it is that copper exists there in almost inexhaustible quantities, and no mine has yet been developed on one of these ancient sites which has not proved profitable.

At the Jackson prison, one night last week, a colored convict from Detroit, named Ben Thomas, was found missing when the men were locked in. The cells were searched all night and the day following without success. Next afternoon the Warden noticed fresh lime scattered on the walk under the eaves of the cigar shop. A search showed a cavity in the wall and Thomas concealed there with a bird-house in front of him. Thomas has made a great deal of trouble by his attempts to escape, and tried to kill a foreman last February.

CONTRACTS for carrying mails in this State have recently been made with the following parties. The contracts take the places of others revoked and re-signed:

D. Cole—Bay City to Alpena.....	\$1,000
Stephen W. Hamlin—Pulaski to Concord.....	150
James Duhamel—Memphis to Lenox.....	80
Jacob Ross—Waldenburg to Mount Clemens.....	60
George Hornscher—Corinth to Ross.....	115
Calvin Scripture—Cascos to Lenox.....	90
Joseph Parish—Wales to Thornton.....	90
Stovel J. Smith—Lyre to Forestville.....	187
Stovel J. Smith—Franklinist to Wenona.....	197
Calvin Scripture—Bloomer Centre to Carson City.....	80
J. L. Crippin—Sidney to Stanton.....	104
J. L. Crippin—Stanton to Kalamazoo.....	595
J. L. Crippin—Stanton to Mount Pleasant.....	360
J. L. Crippin—Stanton to Milbrook.....	296
Calvin Scripture—Fremont Centre to Forest City.....	90
Dan H. Weaver—Allen Creek to Pentwater.....	250
John Elliott—Holtton to Bridgewater.....	164
F. J. Smith—Woodville to Sherman.....	592
C. C. Morse—Morely to Milbrook.....	569
Morris Knapp—Au Sable to Standish.....	185
Thomas S. Tallman—Alpena to Au Sable.....	245
F. J. Smith—Little Traverse to Charlevoix.....	250
Chas. P. Howley—Spencer Creek to Otago.....	440
Manly Newbury—Traverse City to Marble City.....	245
B. B. Gleason—Spring Brook to Bridgewater.....	74
F. J. Smith—Lyre to Cass City.....	193
Wm. G. Baker—Perry to Willerville.....	184
Calvin Scripture—Howard City to Lakeview.....	343
John Thornthwaite—Angres to Standish.....	364
Miner Spalding—Grand Rapids to Cascade.....	200
Abraham Brown—Montgomery to Pioneer.....	208
F. J. Smith—Byron Center to Holland.....	263

Beer.

We have evidence of the use of beer for more than 2,000 years. The Grecian poet and satirist, Archilochus, who lived about 700 B. C., and the Grecian tragedians Aeschylus and Sophocles, who lived about 400 B. C., called it *wine of barley*. Diodorus, of Sicily, who lived about the time of Julius Caesar, mentions beer in his history. Pliny also, about the middle of the first century after Christ, speaks of this beverage in several places in his natural history. He says that in Spain it is called *cellia* and *ceria*; in Gaul and other provinces of the Roman Empire *cerevisia*. Afterward beer was unknown in Egypt until the French army introduced it anew. How far the beer of the ancients resembled the modern article we do not know. The word *beer* was derived from *bibere*, to drink.

Influence of Imagination.

We have before spoken in our columns of the power of the imagination in the simulation of disease, but it is a curious subject and one daily receiving exemplification. The instance of a soldier in the French service, condemned to die, and who was handed over to the surgeons as a living subject, is recalled to us at this moment. The man who was enjoying perfect health was placed in a hospital, and told that all the patients about him were suffering with small pox. This was not true. There was no such disease in the institution, and yet it is a well-authenticated fact that the condemned soldier was soon taken violently sick and actually displayed all the symptoms of the supposed disease. He was removed from the hospital unperceived, got well immediately, and was consigned to prison to suffer the punishment awarded to him by the court.

A similar illustration, much nearer home, has lately occurred in Indianapolis. A young man in that city went into a drug store, with a dolorous countenance, and with a deep sigh asked for fifty cents' worth of strychnine. The druggist observed his mood, and quietly seemed to fill his order in good faith, but in reality gave him a harmless potion, which the young fellow swallowed with a theatrical flourish, exclaiming as he did so, that his affections had been blighted, and he "had taken the poison to get even." He would not live to be so used. Life was a blank, and so on. The druggist told him there were not fifteen minutes' life in him, and that he was already beginning to fade about the eyes! At this information the youth sank to the floor, and the perspiration streamed from his forehead. He was becoming very sick, bodily and mentally, and actually appeared to be dying.

At this juncture, the medicine man himself became alarmed at the effect of the dose, and examined the jar from which he had taken the potion. It was sugar of milk, sure enough, perfectly harmless, and yet it was producing spasms! What was to be done? As a last resort the disconsolate youth was informed that he had taken no poison, but in place of it a harmless dose, a bushel of which would not kill. This information put a stop to the dying business on short meter. The patient revived instantly, got up and walked out of the store with a good round oath, declaring that he would yet be even with the world at large and somebody in particular. A physician present said that unless he had been undeceived the youth would have died in a quarter of an hour?—*New York Weekly*.

Opening Car Windows.

You are sitting in the first stages of a cold, or your wife at your side has a little fever, and the car is warm and undeniably close. Suddenly some person of either sex remarks audibly, what everybody perceives and deprecates, that the air is close. He or she adds that such an atmosphere is unwholesome, that it is positively poisonous, that the car is a Black Hole, and that we are all suffocating; and thereupon, the train flying at the rate of thirty miles an hour, on a bitter night or day, up goes the window, and the blast drives full upon you and madame, heated and ill, and there is no escape for you, all the seats being full, but to go forward and stand. The good man or woman holds the ground, insists that the oxygen is exhausted, that we are all breathing carbonic acid gas, and all the books agree that apoplexy, paralysis, softening of the brain, with a vast train of occult maladies, begin under just such conditions.

"And so, madame, to spare yourself the chance of some remote disease you expose my wife to immediate pleurisy and pneumonia."

"Sir, you know nothing of the hygienic laws."

"Madame, you know nothing of common sense."

It is true that fresh air is desirable but will not these peripatetic philosophers learn that icy blasts or sudden chills may be fatal? When one of the apostles of fresh air opened a car window under these circumstances, a gray-beard sitting behind instantly arose and closed it again emphatically. And when the astounded lady, looking at him severely, said, in a tone of exceeding wrath, "Sir!", he answered blandly, "my dear madame, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." She looked scornful, but not in the least as if she understood its meaning. "I mean only," he said, "that the one illness which you are sure to give me may be more fatal than the two and twenty which you think to prevent by opening the window. Madame," he added solemnly, "I have been there before." But she turned her back; and, as she said afterward, if there was less fresh air, there were fewer colds.—*Harper's Easy Chair*.

The Widow Cabochard.

At the Pere la Chaise cemetery, near Paris, there stands in a conspicuous position a splendid monument to Pierre Cabochard, grocer, which closes thus: "His inconsolable widow dedicates this monument to his memory, and continues the same business at the old stand, 161 Rue Mouffetard." A Parisian paper relates that a short time ago a gentleman who had noticed the above inscription was led by curiosity to call at the address indicated. Having expressed his desire to see the widow Cabochard, he was immediately ushered into the presence of a fashionably-dressed and full-bearded man, who asked what was the object of his visit. "I came to see the widow Cabochard, sir." Well, sir, here she is. "I beg pardon, but I wish to see the lady in person." "Sir, I am the widow Cabochard." "I don't exactly understand you. I allude to the relic of the late Pierre Cabochard, whose monument I saw yesterday at Pere la Chaise." "I see, I see," was the smiling rejoinder. "Allow me to inform you that Pierre

Cabochard is a myth, and therefore never had a wife. The tomb you have admired cost me a good deal of money, quite a small fortune indeed, and, although no one is buried there, it proves a first-rate advertisement, and I have no cause to regret the expense. Now, sir, what can I sell you in the way of groceries?"

Plan for the Preservation of Peace.

The general inconvenience arising from "war scares" has suggested to an ingenious Frenchman a scheme for mitigating, and in the long run probably averting, the evils caused by thus trifling with the nerves of Europe. His plan also has the merit of meeting the views of not only those who hold that international differences should be adjusted by the sword, but also of those who, on the other hand, advocate "a resort to arbitration." Under the new system there will be both fighting and arbitration; and plenty of both. He proposes that, when two nations growl and scowl at each other to such an extent as to make the general society of nations uncomfortable, and to agitate the stock exchanges throughout the continent, it shall be submitted to an international court of arbitration to decide whether the two nations shall not be called upon to fight out their quarrel at once, whether prepared or not for immediate hostilities. In the event of their declining to do so at the bidding of the court, they are to be simultaneously attacked by all the other nations, and to bear the whole cost of the movements against them. It is improbable, however, that they will bring matters to this pass by refusing to fight when desired to do so; for it may be taken for granted that they would infinitely prefer a sanguinary tussle with each other to being together engaged in defending themselves against an attack of the whole civilized world, and being thus united by a bond of sympathy totally at variance with their mutual feeling of antagonism.—*Pall Mall Gazette*.

Alderney Cows.

Alderney is well-known for the breed of cows which bear its name. These are so called probably because the first ones exported were from that island, although now very few that are sold as Alderney cows are directly from there. Those of that breed actually exported from these islands are generally from Jersey, where the cattle are much the same as those of Alderney, small, with tapering heads, and of a delicate fawn color. The Guernsey cow is esteemed by some even more highly than the Alderney; it is rather larger, and more of a red, brindled, in color. The cows are milked three times daily, and the milk is churned without skimming; one pound of butter a day is by no means an uncommon yield for a good cow. The grass they feed on is highly enriched by the vicia, a species of sea-weed gathered from the reefs at low tide. The cows are always tethered when feeding; they eat less in this way, really giving more milk than if glutted with food, and while they are cropping the grass on one side of a field it has time to spring up on the other side. When they have done eating they are at once removed from the sun into the shade. The breed is preserved from intermixture with other breeds by strong and arbitrary laws, very carefully enforced. No cattle are allowed to enter the islands, except for slaughter, within a certain number of days, with the exception of oxen for draught.—*Harper's Magazine for June*.

About Beauty.

There is nothing more unfavorable to female beauty than late hours. Women who, either from necessity or choice, spend most of the day in bed, and the night at work or in dissipation, have always a pale, faded complexion and dark-rimmed, wearied eyes. Too much sleep is almost as hurtful as too little, and is sure to bloat the person with a pallid and unwholesome fat. Diet also has a marked influence upon personal beauty. Generous living is favorable to good looks, as it tends to fill out and give color and sleekness to the skin. A gross and excessive indulgence, however, in eating and drinking, is fatal to the female charms, especially where there is great tendency to "making flesh." Regularity of time in the daily repast and scientific cooking are the best means of securing not only good health but good looks. The appetite should never be wasted during the intervals between meals on pastry, confectionery or any other tickler of the appetite, which gratifies the taste, but does not support the system. Exercise, is of course, essential to female beauty. It animates the whole physical life, quickens the circulation of the blood, heightens the color, develops the growth, and perfects the form of each limb and the entire body. It also gives elasticity and grace to every movement.

Dr. Beecher's First Carpet.

Seventy years ago carpets were rarely seen in American families of the middle classes, as they are now rarely found in Germany. Dr. Lyman Beecher gives an amusing account of the autobiography of his first carpet at East Hampton, L. I. His wife spun a bale of cotton and had it woven. Then she fitted it to the floor, sized, and painted in oils, with a bright border around it, and bunches of roses and other flowers over the center. She took also some common wooden chairs and cut out figures of gilt paper, gluing them on and varnishing them. The general effect was very beautiful. The East Hampton people were quite startled by the novelty. One of the old deacons called at the house, but stopped at the parlor door, as if afraid to enter. "Walk in, deacon; walk in," said the minister. "Why, I can't 'thout stepping on it," was the answer. Then surveying it with evident admiration, he gasped out, "D'ye think ye can have all this and heaven too?"

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF HOLLAND.

ARRIVALS.

Stmr Huron, 24 pigs mds.
Schr Contest, 30 cda wood.
Stmr Huron, 70 pigs mds.
Schr L. L. Shank, 30 cda wood.
" Wollin, 30 cda wood.
" Hope 10 m lath.
Scow Spray, 35 cords wood.
" Coaster 78 cords bolts.
Schr Jones, 30 cda wood.
" A. Flusser, 30 cda wood.
Stmr Huron, 5 pigs mds.
St. Br Standard Rock.

DEPARTURES.

Stmr Huron 3 m hoops.
Schr Contest 30 cda wood.
" L. L. Shank 30 cda bark.
" Huron 5 pigs mds.
Schr Wollin 30 m lumber.
" Hope sundries.
Scow Spray 35 cords wood.
" Coaster.
Schr Jones 300 r ties.
" A. Flusser 35 cda wood.
Stmr Huron sundries.
St Br Standard Rock.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHULVEN, - - Editor.

Saturday, June 19, 1875.

HOPE COLLEGE.

On Monday, several of the clergymen who attended from here as members of the General Synod, R. C. A., returned home, and from what we can learn are well satisfied with the action taken by that body relative the interests of Hope College.

The annual report of the Council of Hope College was referred to the committee on the Professorate of which Rev. H. Uiterwijk was a member. To this Committee was also referred the resignation of Prof. Beck.

From the Report of the Board of Education it appears that the number of students in the Institution supported by them, is thirteen.

The Endowment Fund in the hands of the Board of Direction, east, amounts now to \$19,319.83.

The Committee on the Professorate reported a resolution relieving the President of the College from his duty as collecting agent, that he may devote himself to the duties of the Presidency; also admonishing the College Council to reduce expenses, and empowering them to appoint their own financial agent for the continuation of the endowment work.

Rev. Dr. Mandeville urged an endowment of one hundred thousand dollars for the College. Prof. Scott, President of the Synod, and others delivered warm addresses in behalf of the College, showing that it is in a deplorable financial condition.

A resolution requesting the College Council to pay over the first accruing interest from the endowment fund to meet the unpaid salaries of the President and Professors was adopted.

The salaries of Theological Professors in the College were fixed at \$1,500 until the chairs shall have been endowed.

Rev. T. Romeyn Beck was appointed Lector in Exegetical Theology, and Rev. Charles Scott Lector of Church History and Archaeology.

Whether or not the above is the result of the visit of the committee which was out here last winter, or not, is very immaterial, as long as the actions that are taken show that they are based upon the necessities of the case.

From the general drift of the remarks made on the floor of the Synod, as reported, the feeling there was as favorable to the Institution as it is here among the people at home. All it needs is a little cleaning up of some "under-brush," which will make its appearance after the removal of the first forests.

The above action will necessitate the appointment of a collecting agent by the Council of Hope College. Although an important and delicate position, in view of the late tardiness of the work, we think there are at least one or two men, either of whom would prove to be the right man in the right place.

So far, so good; and we believe the friends of the College have reason to congratulate themselves upon these first measures. The good work having begun east, let it be continued at home. The people here are as much interested in the growth and prosperity of the Institution and its educational interests now, as when they contributed from their poverty in the early years of the Colony. The "Ebenezer Endowment Fund," subscribed since the great fire of 1871, testifies to this. And still this very fund and the manner in which it is being raised, betrays a distrust and want of confidence somewhere. Instead of placing it in the hands of the Council of the Institution, where it should properly belong, a new corporation is or will be created, known as "The Classical Board of Benevolence," in whose charge this trust has been or will be placed, until the percentage of the men who are able and willing to assume the responsibilities and interests of Hope College, exceeds its present limited proportion among the number now charged therewith—until harmony shall supersede dissension, and the membership of its Council shall no longer be

limited to within the ranks of the appointing bodies.

With due respect for the gentlemen now composing this august body—twenty out of the twenty-four being clergymen—we cannot help comparing them with a certain company of merchants in this colony, several years ago, who went into a joint enterprise of operating a tug. A good tug was bought, partly paid for, and the balance settled by notes signed by all the parties individually. These men, seven in number, were among the best and responsible business men of the place, and no doubt their personal "paper" was considered good and bankable. It was soon evident however, that this combination knew too much to run one tug, and this surplus of knowledge caused trouble—many troubles—the controlling interest being especially contended for. The result was that the boat ran in debt, the notes as they fell due were protested, and it is a fact, that the joint note of these seven men, during the time they were quarreling, wasn't worth fifty cents on the dollar, their individual standing and responsibility to the contrary notwithstanding.

The financial report of the Ottawa County Board of Supervisors for the year 1874, has been published. We received a copy, two or three weeks ago, and laid it aside, considering it as out of date; but accidentally it fell again into our hands, and upon a more careful survey we find it contains information which we fear is not generally known. For instance, we doubt whether the people know that this County has run behind in her accounts with the state, to the amount of \$20,737.48. If they do, we doubt whether they know the process by which this feat was accomplished. The report is a very interesting document in this respect, and coming over the signatures of Messrs. J. A. Leggett, W. C. Scott and C. A. Van Slyke, as Finance Committee, we believe it to be correct.

The following table shows how far five years in succession, our boards of supervisors have overdrawn the General Fund of the county, in amounts varying annually from \$2,000 to \$8,000:

1867—Receipts, \$8,586.16	Disbursements, 17,357.74	Overdrawn, \$8,689.58
1868—Receipts, 8,645.69	Disbursements, 13,440.71	Overdrawn, 4,795.02
1869—Receipts, 11,974.49	Disbursements, 14,733.36	Overdrawn, 3,478.90
1870—Receipts, 20,881.19	Disbursements, 23,081.99	Overdrawn, 2,200.80
1871—Receipts, 19,274.00	Disbursements, 25,494.78	Overdrawn, 6,247.78
1872—Receipts, 30,000.00	Disbursements, 30,063.40	Overdrawn, 63.40
Total Overdrawn,		\$28,075.48

The above is the inevitable result of a government without an executive. As far as "government" is concerned, it has always appeared to us that there is more order and system in a school district than in the present system of county government in this State. There is no supervision, no responsible head to whom the people, who pay the taxes, can look for a check or correction. A school district has its moderator, a township its supervisor, a village its president, a city its mayor and a state its governor, but what official of the kind is there for a county? The most we've got is a chairman of the Board of Supervisors, and his responsibilities as such generally cease when the motion to adjourn is carried. It cannot be presumed that the above state of affairs would exist to-day, if some one, could be held responsible by the people of the whole county for a proper and judicious supervision of the finances of the county.

A HANDSOME compliment was paid to Prof. Scott at the close of the session of the General Synod, R. C. A., on motion of Rev. H. D. Ganse, of New York City, for the able manner in which he had discharged the duties of the chair. It being objected to as not in accordance with custom and in defiance of historical precedents, the mover of the resolution had it carried unanimously, by "all those in favor manifesting the same by absolute silence." We also notice in the proceedings of that body that the western delegates were duly recognized in the appointment of committees. Rev. H. Uiterwijk was a member of the committee on the Professorate, Rev. E. C. Oggel on Nominations, Rev. A. Kriekaard on Synodical Minutes and Rev. P. De Pree on Education. The following resolution was also adopted: "Resolved, That a committee be appointed to consider and report what measures, if any, should be taken by this body for a proper observance of the centennial of the nation next year."

THE N. Y. Herald speaking about Tamany and the local politics of that city says: "The two classes that excite our attention are the professional Irishman and the professional German. We have politicians who make their nationality and their religion a principal claim to political recognition."

ONE of Tennyson's friends quoted one of Tennyson's lines, in the poet's presence as a happy instance of the natural expression of a spontaneous thought, and the poet said, "I smoked a dozen cigars over that line."

THE cheap Sunday Lecture Association at Milwaukee, have succeeded in effecting their arrangements for the season. Bradlaugh, Bret Harte, Mrs. Scott-Siddons, Carl Schurz, Miss Anthony, James T. Fields, Whitelaw Reid, DuChailu, R. H. Dana, Jr., Prof. Pepper, and S. S. Cox are among the number of lecturers who have been chosen for the season.

Special Notices.

Public Schools.

The annual examinations of the Public Schools of the City of Holland will begin on Monday, June 21st, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and continue through the week closing Friday, June 25th, at 4 o'clock, p. m., as follows:

Monday, a. m.—1st 2nd and 3rd Primary.
p. m.—1st Intermediate.
Tuesday, a. m.—2nd Intermediate.
p. m.—1st 2nd and 3rd Primary and High School.
Wednesday, a. m.—3rd Intermediate.
p. m.—4th Intermediate.
Thursday, a. m.—1st and 2nd Intermediate Grammar and High School.
p. m.—3rd and 4th Intermediate and High School.
Friday, a. m.—Grammar, High School and Dutch.
p. m.—Concluded.

Parents and guardians are respectfully requested to attend.

G. J. KOLLEN,
T. ROMEYN BECK, } Committee.
N. L. DOWNIE, Sup't.

Hope College.

The general commencement of Hope College will take place in the First Reformed Church, on Wednesday, June 23rd, at 7½ o'clock, p. m.

T. ROMEYN BECK,
Sec'y Gen'l Faculty.
The College examinations will begin on Wednesday, June 16th, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and are open to the public.

For a fine assortment of good substantial Furniture, Mattresses, Children Carriages, etc., call at H. Meyer's & Co., River street, who offer all at very low figures.

ALUMNI

The Alumni Association of Hope College will hold a meeting in the College Chapel, Tuesday, June 23, 1875, at five o'clock, P. M.

PETER MOERDYK, Pres.
WM. A. SHIELDS, Sec.
Hope College, June 10, 1875.

For a good five-cent cigar, go to L. T. Kanters & Co.

To the Editor of the Holland City News:
I am the owner and agent for the following City Lots, which I will sell at such prices as the "Board of Review," now in session shall appraise them at:

Lot 1, Block 29.
" 2, " 31.
" 5, " 15.
" 1, " C. West Addition.
" 14, " 45.

Lots 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 in Blocks E and H West Addition.
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Block 25, old plat.
Lot 9, Block 2. Lot 4, Block 3. S. W. Add.
" 9, " 6, " 4, " 7, " " "
" 9, " 12, " 4, " 13, " " "
" 13, " 8, " 6, " 11, " " "
" 9, " F, " 6, " G. W. Add.
" 10, " 15, Old plat.

Also 300 Lots in my addition to the City of Holland, on long time, at 7 per cent interest and no payment down on the latter.

No reflection upon the "Board."
14-1f M. D. HOWARD.

MY OFFER.

To any one who wishes to keep a Livery, Stable, and run a "Buss" from and to the Railroad Depots and a Hotel, I offer the use of the barn of the AETNA HOUSE, free of charge, with an additional bonus for running it in connection with my Hotel. This is a splendid opportunity and any one wishing to invest will address:

P. ZALSMAN,
Aetna House,
Holland, Mich.
HOLLAND, April 28, 1875. 11-18

MONEY SAVED.

By buying your Carpets, Feathers, Pillows, Wall Paper, Curtains, Cord, Tassels, Picture Frames, etc., at
H. MEYER & Co.,
13-4 River Street.

Special Notice.

The CITY DRUG STORE will be kept open on Sundays, until further notice is given.

HEBER WALSH,
Proprietor.
HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, July 14, at 7½ o'clock.

GEO. LAUDER, W. M.
J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y. 47-1y

I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
JOHN KRAMER, N. G.
M. HARRINGTON, Rec. Sec'y.

JEFFERSON, Mo., Nov. 10, 1873.

"Messrs. ROSE & Co.—Some time ago I was shipping horses to St. Louis. I got one badly crippled in the car. With great difficulty I got him to the stable, on Fourth avenue. The stable-keeper gave me a bottle of your Centaur Liniment, which I used on my horse with such success that in two days it was as active and as well as any horse I had. I have been a veterinary surgeon for thirty years, but your Liniment heads everything I ever used."
A. J. MCARTY, Veterinary Surgeon.

CASTORIA is a substitute for Castor Oil. It is as pleasant to take as honey. For wind colic and sour stomach it is simply wonderful. Physicians recommend it.
Price, 35 cents per bottle.

Removal.

I have removed my Dental rooms from over Albers & Wynne's Jewelry Store, and have occupied the second floor of Mr. A. Vennema's brick building on 8th street, opposite Bakker & Van Raalte's boot and shoe store, where I will be pleased to see any and all in need of dental treatment.
D. M. GRAY, Dentist.
HOLLAND, May 12, 1875. 18-1f

New Advertisements.

CRAMPTON'S IMPERIAL SOAP.

IS THE "BEST."

This Soap is manufactured from pure materials, and as it contains a large percentage of Vegetable Oil, is warranted fully equal to the best imported Castile Soap, and at the same time possesses all the washing and cleansing properties of the celebrated German and French Laundry Soaps. It is therefore recommended for use in the Laundry, Kitchen, and Bath-room, and for general household purposes; also for Painters, Plumbers, Engineers, and Machinists, as it will remove stains of Ink, Grease, Tar, Oil, Paint, etc., from the hands. Manufactured only by

CRAMPTON BROTHERS,
2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Rutgers Place, and 33 and 35 Jefferson Street, New York. 18-34.

The Metropolitan TEA COMPANY,

NOS. 32 & 34 VESEY ST., N. Y.

We retail Teas to families, hotels, &c., at lowest wholesale prices.

IMPORT DIRECT

all our Teas, and add but a single small profit to the actual cost of importation. We solicit a single trial, and guarantee satisfaction. Our teas are put up in one pound packages, with kind and price printed on each. Our prices range from 4¢ to \$1.25 per pound. Where we have no agents we will send a pound package by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. We wish an Agent in this place, to get up clubs amongst families for our teas, and will give him or her liberal inducements. Send us your application, with references to one or two merchants in the place. We refer to the publisher of this paper. Address, for teas or an agency, THE METROPOLITAN TEA CO., 32 and 34 VESEY ST., NEW YORK. 18-30.

Back-Freight

To the Merchants of Holland City and Vicinity.

The Schrs. Tri-Color and Wollin will carry "back-freight" from Chicago to Holland for Fourteen cents per hundred-weight, Chicago dockage included.

J. BORGMAN.
J. CLOWS.
HOLLAND, Mich., June 10, 1875.

HOUSE MOVING.

J. Quartel,

Would respectfully inform the Public of this City and vicinity that he is fully prepared at any time to move and raise houses, barns, or other buildings. All my work will be done satisfactorily and on short notice.
HOLLAND, June 10, 1875. 17-4f

Milk - Safes.

I have commenced the manufacture of MILK-SAFES, and give notice of this to the Public in and around the City of Holland, in order to secure their trade. I offer a good, strong and substantial article for a low price, and request every one in need of this article to come and examine. They will also find my stock of DOORS, SASH, BLIND, MOULDINGS, Etc., to be complete and attractive. I furnish the sash all glazed when desired. Lumber and Country Produce taken in exchange for anything in my line.
S. DE BOER.
RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.
HOLLAND, April 14, 1875. 269-Jan 1

WINE

At greatly reduced rates. The Pure Home-made Wines, at the Wine-cellar of Mr. De Jong, River street, are now offered to the Public. The vintage of 1874, is now sold at

\$1.00 PER GALLON,
in quantities of not less than Five Gallons.
HOLLAND, Mich., June 1, 1875. 8w

FOR SALE!

HOUSE, STORE and LOT.

I offer for sale Lot 8, Block 41, being on the South-East corner of Ninth and Market Streets, City of Holland. The buildings are all new. It is a desirable location for any kind of business. Terms easy.
D. TE ROLLER.
HOLLAND, Mich., March 3, 1875. 3-1f

SENT FREE And postpaid—THE BEVERLY BUDGET \$40 to \$75 Cash per week to all, at home or traveling. Something new. Address, The Beverly Co., Chicago.

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.
HOLLAND, MICH.

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.
103 1f N. KENYON.

1875. 1875

EXCURSIONS !!

The propeller *Two-light* has been purchased by me for the express purpose of accommodating the Public for Lake Excursions on

BLACK LAKE

And

Lake Michigan.

I have fitted up a large and suitable barge with awnings and seats, which can carry from 300 to 400 persons, just the thing for

Sabbath School Pic-nics

AND

Excursion Parties.

Persons wishing to charter will address

Capt. F. R. Bröwer,
HOLLAND, MICH.
May 20, 1875. 14-1f.

The Side-wheel Steamer.

HURON,

ALEX. ELTON, Master,

Will make Tri-Weekly trips between

HOLLAND AND CHICAGO,

Via SOUTH HAVEN.

Leaving HOLLAND,
Monday, Wednesday & Friday;

Leaving CHICAGO,
Tuesday, Thursday, & Saturday.

For further particulars apply to P. PFANSTIEHL, Holland and

DEPUY & LAWLER, 22-26 River Street, Chicago, and ON BOARD.
15-1f. E. S. DUNN, Clerk.

CITY HOTEL,

Holland, Mich., May, 1875.

This House has changed Proprietors, and is open to the traveling public. No pains have been spared by the new Proprietor to make it

FIRST-CLASS.

The table will be supplied with the best the market and the season afford.

The Rooms are spacious and well furnished with new and elegant furniture.

Office on First Floor.

For the convenience of Commercial Agents a large and well lighted sample room has been fitted up on the ground floor. Livery connected with the Hotel.

J. W. MINDERHOUT, Prop'r.

Holland City being located at the head of Black Lake, six miles from Lake Michigan, is beautifully situated for excursionists and fishing parties, and the Proprietor will do all in his power for the accommodation of his guests, and render their stay pleasant.

WERKMAN & SONS,

General Dealers.

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.

Announce to the Public that they have received large and new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which is more complete in every department than ever before. They have a large line of all kinds of

Flannels,
Repellents,
Cottonades
Shawls,
Young Ladies' Goods.

Shirts,
Ladies and
Gentlemen's
Underwear,
Prints,
Notions,
Hats & Caps.

Groceries, Flour and Feed.

Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

CHEAP FOR CASH.
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 15, 1874. 47-3a-1y

Jottings.

No Common Council proceedings this week.

REV. W. B. GILMORE has declined the position of Rector at Hope College.

THE Council of Hope College is in session, attending the annual examinations.

A BEAUTIFUL sign-post has been put up in front of Mr. Walsh's "City Drug Store."

MR. JAMES TEN EYCK, of Fairview, Ill., is among those visiting Holland, at present.

THE first wool of the season was brought into town last week. Messrs. H. Van Der Haar and G. Metz are buying.

GERMANY is about to vote the money necessary to a proper representation of the Empire at the American Centennial.

A STRAWBERRY festival will be given at the M. E. Church for the benefit of that society, on next Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock.

THE health of Rev. Dr. Phelps, President of the College, does not seem to improve fast. We learn it is his intention to spend the summer east.

DR. GEE, not the dentist, but the musician, gives a fine report of the progress of the Zealand Cornet band, and says that some of these days he will astonish the "natives."

THE "Fraternal Society" of Hope College will give a collation at Hope College Council Room, on Tuesday evening, June 22nd. Honorary and Graduate members are cordially invited to attend.

OWING to the painting of the pews in the Third Reformed Church, no service will be held there to-morrow, neither will the commencement exercises take place there, but in the "Old First."

THAT new sign of the "Holland City News Office," needs a little explanation to those living outside the city, which is confidential: It shows them the place where the account of their subscription is kept.

THE *Twi-light* gave an excursion to the harbor on Monday evening. Those who had the pleasure of going, report a pleasant time. The lake outside was very calm and the boat went out some eight or ten miles.

THE picnic of the Sabbath-school of the Third Reformed Church, which it was thought would be postponed on account of its interfering with the examinations at the Public Schools, will come off on Thursday.

THE nomination of Vice-President Wilson for the Presidency by the national convention of temperance societies in Chicago may be safely regarded as putting an end to the possibility of his being nominated by anybody else.

ALD. P. PFANSTIEHL, of the firm of E. Van Der Veen & Co., has been out on a trip west, selling barrels and staves. The steamer *Huron* will take several cargoes over to Chicago, to be placed on steam canal boats for transportation further on.

THE "Cappon & Bertsch Leather Company" propose to still further extend their business and present works by building an addition of about thirty feet on their dry house, on the north end, to the line of the street, and in addition to this to excavate a basement underneath the entire building.

THE Fire Department has taken hold of the celebration of the "Fourth," on the Monday following. They are canvassing the city with a subscription list, and are meeting with fair success. It is unnecessary for us to encourage this matter any further; our citizens are generally up to the needs of the occasion.

HOLLAND City councilmen probably count saloons among the necessities, for they require the dealers to give bonds in the sum of \$1 only.—*Allegan Journal*.

Not exactly among the "necessities," only so far, as a certain part of the population of each and every village or city make them as such by their too liberal patronage.

THE small passenger steamer *Minnie F. Sutton*, which has been running between Grand Haven and Fruitport the past two seasons, left Grand Haven late Saturday evening and has not been heard from since. She was heavily loaded with slabs, even her cabin being filled, and as she is badly in debt it is supposed she has gone to Canadian waters.

THE first term of Prof. Hanshaw's introduction in writing has proved a success and from what we can learn gave general satisfaction. By the urgent request of numerous patrons of the school, he has concluded to give a second course, commencing on Monday, June 28, 1875, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The fact that the summer vacation will then set in, will make it a fine opportunity to improve the time in training one's hand-writing a la spencerian.

ON Tuesday, Mr. W. Butkau sold the first strawberries out of his own garden.

PRESIDENT Angell has been invited to deliver the Fourth of July oration at Ann Arbor.

CARL SCHURZ will return to America in October. He intends to stay a short time in England.

ARE we to understand that the war upon secret associations is a crusade against matrimony also?

MR. E. VAN DER VEEN has been very sick for the last two or three weeks, but is slowly recovering now.

THE military powers of Europe have 20,000,000 horses ready to do battle, and the next war will be fought on horseback.

A CASH subscription amounting to \$1,535.25 has been raised for the relief of the families of the five lost fishermen at St. Joseph.

It is estimated by the Boston *Transcript* that Daniel Webster, during his public life, received over \$1,000,000 in gifts from his friends and admirers.

THE frost on Sunday and Monday nights has injured the corn and early potatoes in several localities. Grapes and garden-vegetation has also suffered some.

THE Episcopal Convention of the Western Diocese of Michigan, held recently at Kalamazoo, passed a resolution to allow women to vote in the election of Church officers.

THE C. & M. L. S. R. R. Co. are tired of being continually garnished by other parties for the pay of "slow" employees, and it is said that hereafter a discharge will follow every garnishee.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Holland, Mich., June 17, 1875:—Morris Atwood, William Keely, C. H. May.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

THE First Reformed Church Sabbath School will hold its annual picnic on next Tuesday. The programme is an excursion on Black Lake and Lake Michigan, and to spend the balance of the day in the woods near the harbor.

AT a meeting of soldiers the other day, so many were dubbed with titles that the following resolution was introduced: "Resolved, that the president appoint a committee of one to inquire whether there were any surviving privates of the late war."

THE Chicago and Michigan Lake Shore Railroad Company at present have about thirty names on their pay-roll regular, gravel-train hands not included. The freight that passes through here every day and the heavy trains used in carrying it are perfectly enormous.

ALD. SIPP who injured his knee-pan about two months ago, is still unable to move about. The "boys" of the Fire Department of which he is also a member, gave him a visit last week, and done their share toward relieving the monotony of his present condition.

THE Ottawa County Boom Company report fifteen million feet of logs already delivered this season, and twenty-five millions more in their boom. All fears as to a shortage in the crop is now over, as the water is good, and the logs that were put in will all be delivered.

THE following is from Mr. Beechers sermon of Sunday last, and a joke on Everts: "I find, somehow or other, from Sunday to Sunday, that I preach longer sermons. I don't think this arises from my only preaching one sermon each Sunday. I fear that it is 'evil communications that corrupts good manners,' and that long speeches are infectious."

THE closing Rhetorical Exercises of the Preparatory Department of Hope College, will be held on Monday evening, June 21st, in the College Chapel, beginning at a quarter to eight. These exercises are open to the public. Parents and friends of students are especially invited. An appreciative, rather than a noisy, audience is no doubt welcome.

AT a meeting of Unity Lodge, No. 191 F. & A. M., held at their hall, on Wednesday evening last, the following officers were elected and installed:

W. M.—G. Lauder.
S. W.—F. Slooter.
J. W.—J. S. Burns.
Sec'y—J. O. Doesburg.
Treas'r—E. Herold.
S. D.—David Bertsch.
J. D.—P. Pfanstiehl.
Tyler—G. W. Williams.
Stewards—D. L. Boyd and J. Kuite.

MR. JOHANNES DEN UYL, of Graafschap, Allegan County, who of late has been afflicted occasionally with mental derangement, is at present completely insane, and treated as such. Dr. Schouten, who attends him and the supervisor of Fillmore are making arrangements to have him transferred to the Asylum at Kalamazoo. Questions of a religious character, seem to have caused it.

Since the above was put in type we learn that Mr. Den Uyl is improving, and that the symptoms are somewhat favorable.

A SPLENDID little engine has been substituted for the Batavia wind-mill on the water-tank at the Chicago depot.

THE body of one of the lost fishermen of St. Joseph was found on the beach near Union pier last week.

ONE lot of forty boxes of fruit jars for P. & A. Steketee, just received is a pretty fair invoice and means "business."

THE New York *World* says "the Hon. Michael C. Kerr refuses to make pledges to anybody of what he will do if elected speaker, and Michael is right."

JEFFERSON DAVIS has been tendered, and will accept, the Presidency of the Texas Mechanical and Agricultural College, at a salary of \$4,000 per annum.

An order has been issued by Chancellor Bismarck, prohibiting the circulation of copies of the *Catholic Gazette* of Baltimore, for two years within the boundaries of the Empire.

OFFICIAL information has been received that the States-General of the Netherlands have appropriated \$93,800 the full amount asked for, to defray the expenses of taking part in our Centennial exhibition.

MR. WILLIAM POUND, a single man, about forty years of age, living about four miles north of the river, has been missing since June 5, when it is said he was out fishing on Black Lake in company with Mr. Fuller.

THE Lord Chancellor of England, a short time since, said of Moody:—"The simplicity of that man's preaching, the clear manner in which he sets forth salvation by Christ, is to me the most striking and the most delightful thing I ever knew in my life."—*Court Journal*.

As a negro was painting his house and was nearly to the top of a long ladder, his wife came out and called to him to come down. Just at that moment a rung broke and the man came down like a bag of sand rolled over two or three times, jumped up and said: "Well, honey, go on wid your remarks!"

WE have now six legal holidays, pursuant to an act of the present Legislature, viz:—New Year's, Washington's birthday, Decoration Day, Fourth of July, Thanksgiving day and Christmas. When any one of the days designated falls on Sunday, the Monday following is to be deemed the holiday.

ONE of the most humorous incidents in connection with the civil rights question occurred recently on the Central Railway of Georgia. Alexander H. Stephens by accident took a seat in a car which was reserved for colored persons, and was summarily ordered to withdraw by the conductor, who did not know him.

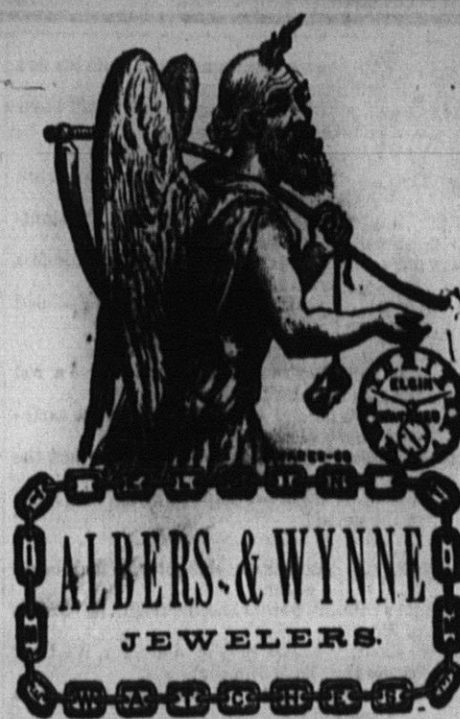
THE Rev. M. H. Morrell, of Springfield, Ill., delivered the Decoration Day oration in the cemetery where President Lincoln is interred; but when the report of his speech came to be published it was discovered that the Rev. M. H. Morrell had stolen it from the famous effort of Edward Everett at Gettysburg twelve years ago.

MR. P. ZALAMAN is pushing his improvements on the *Etna House* right along. His two-story addition in front of the building is a decided change for the better. The west half of the ground floor will be used as the hotel office, and the east half will be fitted out as a sample room for the accommodation of commercial traveling men.

THE propeller *Sky-Lark*, Capt. F. Preston has handbills out, announcing that it is the intention to give excursions from the City to the Harbor, on Monday, the "Fifth" of July. The boat will be handsomely fitted up for the occasion with seats and awnings, accommodating at least five hundred persons. She is a fast propeller and will make the round trip in less than an hour.

A NEW insect pest has appeared at Grand Haven, in the shape of a borer which perforates and destroys the cherry trees in the orchards and gardens, in the same manner that the locust borer operates. After doing all the mischief possible in that form, the borer develops into a small dark colored beetle, takes wings and seeks other cherry trees to destroy, by planting new colonies of its destructive progeny.—*Democrat*.

THE Papal Embassy of Rome, visited the Indian Chiefs, while at Washington. The Ab-Legate was much interested in them. Particularly did he take a fancy to Spotted Tail. In conversation with him he told the chief that in addition to having a great father in Washington, he had another one across the water, who was much concerned in him, and who would pray for him often, and in return he, too, should pray for him. Spotted Tail evidently thought he meant across the Potomac, and said: "Well, if I have another great father, I want to go and see him at once, and see what better arrangements I can make about the Black Hills country than I have made with the great father at the White House," and then all the braves said "How!"



Watches, Silver Ware, Clocks, Spectacles, & Jewelry, Pocket-Knives.

These goods will be sold at the lowest possible Price. Every Article Warranted to be just as Represented. Watches, clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner.

HOLLAND, Mich., December 1, 1874.

PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery, Of the Most Approved Patterns; And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching, Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS, Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

46 3/4.

For a good bargain go to the Store of JOHN ROOST & SON, GENERAL DEALERS IN Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps, FLOUR AND FEED. The highest price paid for BUTTER AND EGGS, in Trade or in Cash.

Jack Fifield's Railroad Store!

J. J. FIFIELD

Has opened up a new Store in the FIRST WARD of the City of Holland. The new building lately occupied by Mr. Bos, as a Bakery, has been fitted up to receive a

FRESH SUPPLY OF Dry Goods, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Liquors and Produce.

A CARD!

In addition to the above general information to the Public, I would announce that I intend to carry on a WHOLESALE trade in

LIQUORS & CIGARS,

and give notice of this for the special benefit of all dealers in said articles.

Farmers will find my store a welcome place. I wish to buy all they have to sell in the line of PRODUCE, and can supply them with everything they need in my line. A good stable and accommodations for their teams are offered to them.

MR. JAMES WESTVEER will always be found ready to wait upon any of his old friends who wish to call upon him.

All orders will be promptly filled and delivered home—free of charge.

J. J. FIFIELD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 12, 1875.

All kinds of Printing in the Holland and English Language.

J. O. DOESBURG,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

NO. 70, EIGHTH STREET.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Oils. Are sold as cheap at this Drug Store as at any other. Medicines warranted to be strictly pure. Trusses, Chamois Skin, Counter, Cloth, Hair and Paint Brushes.

All the leading Patent Medicines in the market. A full Stock of the very best Perfumery sold in bottle or by measure.

J. O. DOESBURG.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874.

REMOVED!

MRS. J. WYKHUIZEN has removed from Eighth Street to No. 25, Tenth Street, West of Hope Church.

Cures: Felons, Burns, and Scrofulous Swellings.

Makes a specialty of all FEMALE COMPLAINT AND DISEASES OF CHILDREN.

And recommends herself to the citizens of Holland and vicinity.

Mrs. Wykhuisen's Queen of Ointment can be bought at the Store of J. H. Kiekintveld, Eighth Street. Price, 25 Cents. HOLLAND, Mich., February 25, 1875.

2-1y

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, - - HOLLAND, MICH.

46-3-1y

I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH

Druggist's Pharmacist.

MEAT MARKET

—IN THE— FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that he has finished his new Meat-Market, and is now ready to supply his customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor him with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store. HOLLAND, April 2, 1875. W. BUTKAU.

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear. Also a full line of

FINDINGS,

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-3 1/2-1y

Meat Market,

—OF— Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meats, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

JACOB KUIITE.

Holland, Feb. 14, 1874.

BURRA'S IRON CORN SHELLERS, FOR SALE BY

G. J. HAVERKATE & SON AND

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS for \$8.00; until further notice.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

And the boys signed and said a few more complimentary things about George Eliot, and went on with their work of counting mutilated currency.—*Washington Chronicle*.

and
can
be,
2
to

The Hopper Grass.

The grasshopper;
He cometh;
He cometh numerously;
He bringeth his family;
Also his relatives;
And his friends;
Likewise his mother-in-law;
And her friends;
As well as all that hate her—
And they are legions.
They spread over the land,
And there is no place where they are not.

Boston has 2,000 music teachers.

SHERIDAN'S RIDE—Lieutenant generally speaking, it is not good for man to ride alone.

RUM JOKE!—The Centennial of the battle of Brandywine will be celebrated with spirit.

"SHE never biled 'aters with skins on," was the eulogy pronounced on a colored sister by her pastor.

A CERTAIN young lady is so modest that she will not permit the *Christian Observer* to remain in her room over night.

WHY is a newspaper like a tooth brush? Because everybody should have one of his own, and not be borrowing his neighbors'.

THE following legend is inscribed on the front of a butcher shop in an inland town of Pennsylvania: "Kash paid for little calves nut mourn two daze old.

"YOUR dress," said a husband to his fashionable wife, "will never please me." "I don't dress to please men," was the reply, "but to worry other women."

"THIS is net gain," said a witty Worcester girl who found a valuable silk hair net hanging to the fringe of her shawl upon her return home from an evening lecture.

A LADY who gazed approvingly at the nearly finished dome of a new court house remarked to a friend: "Won't it be splendid when they get a new justice of the peace up there?"

MAMMA (sternly)—"Now, Miriam, say grace." Miriam (who, for previous misconduct, has been deprived of pudding)—"For all they have recieved let them be truly thankful."—*Punch*.

THE kind of literature that pleases the Parisians is MacMahon's reviews. Thirty-six thousand troops were inspected by him Sunday. Such holiday recreations make Bismarck bite his moustache.

TALLEYRAND once complained that the English had thirty-nine religions and only one sauce, which evoked the retort from a witty Englishman: "And the French have thirty-nine sauces and no religion."

"ON which side of the platform is my train?" asked a stranger in a Jersey City depot the other day. "Well, my friend," replied a gentleman, passing, "if you take the left, you'll be right, if you take the right you'll be left."

JEFF DAVIS says for the South:—"We can proudly point to a record which shows a strict adherence to the usages of war between civilized nations." This shows how completely poor old Jeff has forgotten all about Andersonville.

THE ladies of Texas are endeavoring to collect money for the purpose of purchasing a home for Jefferson Davis in that State, and presenting it to him. His welcome seems to have been a very cordial and enthusiastic one.

DURING a trial the Judge called a witness. No one answered, an elderly man arose and solemnly said, "He is gone." "Where has he gone?" asked the Judge, in no tender tone. "I don't know; but he is dead," was the guarded answer.

ONCE in a while we find a man who prefers a Chicago or Detroit to a home paper because "it's got more readin' in it." He is the same chap who always buys the largest pair of boots in the box, because they cost no more than a smaller pair which fit him.

"WE read in de good book," says a colored Baptist brother down South, "of John de Baptist—nebber of John de Methodist." And that, says a Charleston correspondent of the New York *Observer*, is the reason most of the colored Southern people are Baptists.

A NEWSBOY, seated on the post office steps, counted his pennies over and remarked: "Seventeen cents in all. That's five for the circus, three for peanuts, four for a sinking fund, four I owe to Jack, and there's one left to support a widowed mother on until Saturday night."

A BROAD Street, Newark, physician was called upon last week to attend a seamstress who felt indisposed. He inquired as to her health, and she responded, very appropriately: "Well, it's about *sew, sew, Doctor*, but *seams* worse to-day, and I have frequent stitches in the side. The doctor *hemmed*, as he felt her pulse, said she would *mend* soon, and left a prescription.

W. H. JOSLIN,

Watchmaker & Jeweler,
Bankbuilding, Cor. Eighth and River St.



Having disposed of most of our old stock, I have occupied my new quarters, on RIVER STREET with a beautiful stock of everything pertaining to a complete

Jewelry and Variety Store.

Silver Ware,
Plated Ware,
Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, and
Musical Instruments.

I request all of my old friends to come and see me in my new place and satisfy themselves as to the above.

Mr. J. Wykhuizen, the Jeweler and Repairer of the First Ward, has established himself with me, and will be pleased to see his old customers and friends continue their former favors.

All Repairing will be Neatly and Promptly executed.
HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 22, 1875.
2-ly W. H. JOSLIN.

J. E. HIGGINS,
DEALER IN

All Kinds of Grain & Produce,
MILL FEED, CORN, &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR
U. S. EX. C. & M. L. S. R. R.
Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,
HOLLAND, MICH.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO

PURE AND
SILVER GLOSS STARCH,
FOR THE LAUNDRY.
MANUFACTURED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON.

THE BEST STARCH IN THE WORLD.
GIVES A BEAUTIFUL FINISH TO THE LINEN, and the difference between it and common starch is scarcely half a cent for an ordinary washing. Ask your Grocer for it.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO CORN STARCH,
FOR PUDDINGS, BLANK MANSE, ICE CREAM, &c.

Is the original—Established in 1843. And preserves its reputation as PURE, STRONGER and MORE DELICATE than any other article of the kind offered, either of the same name or with other titles.

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c., the highest chemical authority of Europe, carefully analyzed this Corn Starch, and says it is a most excellent article of diet and in chemical and feeding properties is fully equal to the best arrow root.
Directions for making Puddings, Custards, &c., accompany each one-pound package.
For Sale by all First-class Grocers.

AMERICAN WASH BLUE.
For Laundry and Household Use.
MANUFACTURED AT THE

American Ultramarine Works, Newark, N. J.

Our Wash Blue is the best in the world. It does not streak, contains nothing injurious to health or fabric, and is used by all the large laundries on account of its pleasing effect and cheapness. Superior for whitewashing. Put up in packages convenient for family use. Price 10 cents each.

For sale by grocers everywhere. Always ask for the AMERICAN WASH BLUE, if you want the cheapest and best.

AMERICAN ULTRAMARINE WORKS,
Office, 72 William Street, New York.

Hardware Store

E. VAN DER VEEN,
Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers, in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK
OF
GENERAL
Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,
Carpenters' Tools,
And many other things too numerous to mention.
REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.
E. VAN DER VEEN.
S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts.

Cha's G. Wurz,

Formerly of St. Joseph, has opened a
First-Class Merchant Tailor

Establishment in this City, in the Store of Mr. O. BARTMAN, corner of Eighth and Market Streets.

CALL AND SEE HIS.



A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

PRICES VERY LOW.

FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 20, 1875. 10-1f

DR. SCHOUTEN'S
ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS.

Have a specific influence upon the Liver and Bowels, and stimulate these organs into such vigorous action that the impediments are removed. Favorably known by operating mildly. They prevent all irregularities originating from impurities of the Blood.

—SOLD AT—

Wholesale and Retail

—BY—

H. WALSH, Druggist,

Holland, Mich.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 25, 1875. 2-1f

MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHEA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or Sexual extravagance, &c.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents. The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps.

Address the Publishers.

CHA'S J. C. KLEIN & CO.

127 BOWERY, NEW YORK; Post Office Box 5486

9-lyr.

S. I. RANDALL.

New Meat Market.

Just East of the City Hotel I have opened a new Meat Market where the public will be served at all times with the choicest of all kinds of Meats, as the different season of the year may demand. All I ask is to give me a call and satisfy yourselves of the above.

S. I. RANDALL.

HOLLAND, May 5, 1875. 100-1f

PUMPS! PUMPS!

If you want pumps, don't be deceived by slop shop work, that is being brought in from other quarters which is made for to sell and not for to work, nor to last; it will get out of order and you will get out of patience with it and pull the trash out of your well. Then you go to

P. H. WILMS,

Cor. 10th and River Streets and buy you a good substantial and easy working pump, which has been put down to wholesale prices, so low that a person can buy one for almost half what they used to cost. Wilms will sell his horses and quit peddling Pumps, and therefore sell them lower at the Factory.

HOLLAND, Mich. May 11, 1875. 13-1f

Improved Farm

FOR SALE.

I want to dispose of an 80 acre farm, worth \$2,000 at a great sacrifice. 25 acres of this land is improved, and contains 4 acres of bearing orchard.

CLAY SOIL.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

Location—6 miles south-east of the City of Holland.
M. D. HOWARD,
Cor. 8th and River Streets,
Holland City, Mich.

May 9th, 1875.

J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in

the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,

Window Shades,

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Feathers,

Feather Beds,

Mattresses,

COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

NEW STOCK

At the

GENERAL RETAIL STORE

Of

DUURSEMA & KOFFERS.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Notions and Trimmings,
Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps,
Clothing, Groceries,
Crockery, Glassware,
Stoneware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET. HOLLAND, MICH.

P. & A. Steketee, Boots and Shoes.

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

GLASS-WARE,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

ETC., ETC.

—In the—

Brick Store,

—of—

E. J. HARRINGTON,

Where may be found at all times, at

Wholesale or Retail!

Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

CASH PRICES.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES

AND

FLOUR & FEED.

8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABARBE'S

OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegent's) a FLOUR & FEED and GROCERY Store.

We shall keep on hand everything that pertains to a complete Family Supply store.

Flour, Feed,

Hay, Grain,

and Mill Stuff,

At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

HOLLAND, Aug. 13, 1874. 108-1y

De Feyter Bro's,

DEALERS IN

Wood, Lumber, Bark, Ties,

Timber, and all kinds

of Wood Produce.

We have put up in our woods, (on the Lake Shore Road, two miles west of the white school-house on the Grand Haven Road) a first-class portable saw-mill which is now in good running order, and can serve the public at any time with all kinds of building material and fencing at low prices, and deliver the same wherever wanted.

We can lengthen out so as to saw 40 feet, and will make long lumber and timber a specialty.

Our facilities for getting out deck planks and any kind of ship timber are unequalled.

All bills will be filled promptly and with dispatch, and a fair dealing can be relied upon. Custom sawing done at bottom figures.

All kinds of Farm Products, taken in pay for lumber and sawing. Also Wood, Bark and Railroad Ties, when delivered at our Pier on Lake Michigan, or on any of the docks along Black Lake.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1875. 4-1f

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.

1875.

Spring and Summer!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we keep our Stock well assorted with a full line of

SILK AND LACE SACQUES,
BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS,
SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS,
KID GLOVES IN ALL COLORS,
SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

FANS. FANS. FANS.

The new styles of Shawls are very attractive, and we have no doubt will please our friends. In the line of STRAW GOODS we cannot be excelled for assortment; our price list includes Bonnets from 50 cents to \$12.

We keep Butterick's Patterns.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET HOLLAND, MICH.

A new stock of Goods has just been opened, and we can state to the Public that it has been bought expressly for this season of the year.

It is of the Latest Styles of

LADIES, GENTS,
YOUTHS, MISSES

AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Our intention is to offer these goods at low price, and we request the trading public to call and examine.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY, AND

REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE

HOLLAND, February 26, 1874.

L. SPIETSMA & SON.

46-1/2-cl-1y

Cash Paid for Hides.

JACOB FLIEMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,

Light & Heavy Wagons,

Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Skeins always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style. I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Thanking my old customers for past favors I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line

47-1/2-cl-1y J. FLIEMAN

The Estey Organ

NOW ON HAND BY

L. T. KANTERS & CO.

Our advice to the Public is not to purchase any Instrument, without investigating first the PRICE and QUALITY of these Organs.

They are constantly kept on hand and open for inspection at

THE "CITY BOOK-STORE,"

NO. 72, EIGHTH STREET.

We also take orders for

STECK'S & HAYNE BROS' PIANOS.

We keep in stock the two kinds of "HOWE" and of the "GROVER & BAKER" Sewing Machines. These four different kinds of machines, are the simplest and strongest in the country.

The depository of the American Bible Society has been removed by the committee, to the "CITY BOOK-STORE" of

L. T. KANTERS & CO.,

No. 72, Eighth Street, - - - HOLLAND, MICH.