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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIX.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1890.

NO. 20

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND, - MICH.

MULDER & NAGELKERK,

PUBLISHERS.

Rates of advertising made known

on application.

Holland City State Bank.

Organized under the general banking law.

Paid up Capital. 37,000.

J. VAN PUTTEN, President;

L. VAN PUTTEN, Vice Pres.;

C. VAN SCHURE, Cashier.

Transact a Commercial

Banking Business.

Bills of Exchange sold on all principal cities in

Europe. Domestic Exchange sold at reason-

able rates. Collections promptly attend-

ed to and remitted on day of payment.

Interest paid on time deposits.

Business hours from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. after

March 1, 4-6m.

The First State Bank.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

Organized under the Michigan Banking Laws.

ISAAC CAPPOX, President.

J. W. BEARDSLEE, Vice President.

ISAAC MARSHLEE, Cashier.

Transact a general banking business. Also

discount and collection business. Deposits

of all kinds are received. Interest paid on

all time and savings deposits. Savings' depart-

ment also open every Saturday evening.

DIRECTORS:

I. Cappon, J. W. Garvelink

J. W. Beardslee, G. W. Mokma.

Paul Steketee, G. J. Diekema,

G. J. Kollen, I. Marshlee,

11y J. C. Post.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DIKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections

promptly attended to. Office, Van der

Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, L. J., Notary of the Peace, Notary

Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St.

near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and

River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, J. Praetzel & Son, Proprietors.

Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confection-

ery, etc., Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth

and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly

attended to.

Clothing.

VORST, W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing

clothing a specialty cheap and good. River

street.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and

dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest

market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick

store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D.,

Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-

cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet

Articles and Perfumery. Imported Havana, Key

West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First

Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully

compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist;

a full stock of goods pertaining to the

business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers

Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth

and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy

Goods and Groceries, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, No

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FULLERMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufac-

tory and blacksmith shop. Also manufac-

tory of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor.

Cap. capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor.

Wheple and Tenth streets.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist Mill and

Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Sev-

enth street, near River.

HUNTLEY, J. B., Architect, Builder and Con-

tractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on

River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. B. Kiehn,

Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, B. L. Scott, Prop-

rietor, dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and

brick. River street.

TAKKEN & DE SPEIJER, Manufacturers of

Carriages, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs. Sole

owners of IXL Patent Wagon. Special attention

to Horseshoeing and Repairing. River street.

Merchant Tailors.

BURSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

Meat Markets.

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER, dealers in all

kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, River street.

VAN DER VEERE, WILLIAM, First Ward

Meat Market. Choice meats always on

hand. Eighth street, near Fish.

Photographer.

LA FAYETTE, J., Photographer. The best

work and the lowest prices. Gallery, 2nd

door east of the City Hotel.

Physicians.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Resi-

dence on Twelfth street, corner of Market.

Office at the drug store of H. Kremers. Office

hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MARBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office

at Walsh's drug store. Residence, corner

of Eighth and Fish streets, in the house formerly

occupied by L. Spruitema. Office hours: 9 to

10 a. m., and 3 to 5 p. m.

Railroads.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all

kinds. Eighth street near River.

SEERY, MICHAEL, dealer in Wines, Liquors,

and Cigars. Saloon in First Ward, three

doors east of City Hall.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and

dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market

and Eighth streets.

STEVENSON, C. A., successor to H. Wyk-

huyzen, Jeweler and Optician, Eighth street

opposite Walsh's drug store.

Miscellaneous.

WOLTMAN, A., Manufacturer of Fine Ha-

vens, Pipes, Cigars, and dealer in Cigars, To-

bacco, Pipes, etc.

BEST, MRS. R. B., has a very fine line of

Fancy Goods and materials for fancy work.

Ladies call. Ninth street, between Market

and Cedar streets.

DE KEYSER, C., Newspaper and Periodical

Subscription Agency. Leave order for any

publication in U. S. or Canada with him at P. O.

11y

CITY MARKETS.

(Corrected every Friday by B. Steketee.)

PRODUCE, ETC.

WHEAT, \$1.00 to \$1.50. Beans, \$1.25 to \$2.00.

Butter, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Eggs, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Honey, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Onions, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Potatoes, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Corn, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

GRAIN, FEED, ETC.

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.)

WHEAT, \$1.00 to \$1.50. Corn, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Barley, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Oats, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Hay, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Straw, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Feed, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Meal, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Flour, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Sugar, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Wheat, \$1.00 to \$1.50. Corn, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Barley, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Oats, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Hay, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Straw, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Feed, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Meal, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Chronological.

June 15.—Enabling act passed for admission of

Michigan, 1836.

Magna Charta, 1215.

Arkansas admitted, 1836.

Gen. Grant visits Detroit, 1860.

17.—Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775.

Gen. Cass died, 1866.

Jerome Bonaparte died, 1870.

18.—War with England declared, 1813.

Battle of Waterloo, 1815.

19.—Frisetteur Alabama sunk by the

Kearney, 1864.

Gen. Greene died, 1776.

20.—U. S. flag adopted, 1777.

21.—Longest day in the year.

Queen Victoria's jubilee, 1887.

CITY AND VICINITY.

What is home without a newspaper.

Fishing in Black Lake is good this

season.

Grand Rapids figures on a population

of 85,000.

The graveling of Land street is pro-

gressing steadily.

Nibbelink has added some new bug-

gies and a second carry-all to his livery

stock.

First-warders show symptoms of dis-

satisfaction with the nomenclature of

their streets.

Special attention paid to orders for

flowers during commencement week,

by Geo. H. Souter.

The Coopersville Observer has been

enlarged to an eight-page sheet, and

gives tokens of prosperity.

Rev. A. A. Pfandstiel will occupy

the pulpit of Hope Church next Sun-

day, morning and evening.

Kanters Bro's have completed the

job connecting the Central school pre-

mises with the city water mains.

The Ottawa County Building and

Loan Association, having their capital

stock increased to One Million Dollars,

will at once issue new shares.

The dates for holding the next Fair

of the South Ottawa and West Allegan

Agricultural Society have been fixed

for Sept. 30—Oct. 3. Further particu-

lars next week.

The Allegan County board of super-

visors was in session this week to ac-

cept the new court house. It is an

elegant and well arranged building,

and worth all it cost.

L. Henderson of the Chicago Clothing

Store expresses himself well pleased

with his trade, since occupying his

present quarters. Good goods and low

prices help him out.

Next Wednesday evening the Board

of Education will let the job of enlar-

ging the Fourth Ward school building.

Bids should be in by 7 o'clock p. m. of

that day. See notice in another column.

"The Millennium", is the subject on

which there will be preaching in Eng-

lish in the big tent, corner of Cedar

and Fourteenth streets, Monday even-

ing, June 16. To which all are cordially

invited.

Rev. W. Jennings attends the dedi-

cation services of the M. E. church at

Grand Haven on Sunday. Morning

service and Sabbath school held at the

usual hour in the M. E. church of this

city. No service in the evening.

The many friends of George Baert,

of Zeeland, who has just completed a

three-years' course at Ann Arbor, will

be pleased to learn that he has been

selected out of his class to fill the po-

sition of instructor of chemistry at Pur-

due University, Lafayette, Ind.

Dr. P. Holleman, of Roseland, Ill.,

paid a flying visit to Holland this week.

Read the notice of Mrs. Chas. Dupont,

the florist.

Adam Lick has been appointed post-

master at Ottawa Station.

The pipe organ in the Ref. church of

Zeeland is being repaired.

Secretary Lillie is visiting the schools

of Holland township this week.

Early strawberries will begin to rip-

en in this locality next week.

Died at Grand Haven, Monday of

this week, Thomas F. Howe, aged 49

years.

Next Sunday evening Rev. N. M.

Steffens, D. D., will preach in the Ger-

man Lutheran church.

Mrs. H. C. Akeley and daughter, of

Minneapolis are expected to spend the

summer in Grand Haven.

The basement walls for the extension

of the store of Mr. Prins, in the first

ward, have been completed. The new

part will be veneered with brick.

Excavations are made for the new

brick block of Notter & Verschure, and

the dirt is being hauled to fill in resi-

dence lots on Ninth street.

Arie

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, JUNE, 14 1890.

A Success.

The various efforts of our citizens, in obtaining an increase in the appropriation for the improvement of our harbor have been crowned with success. The time and labors expended in this behalf have been well invested—in more than one respect. We have forced a recognition of our situation, our interests and our importance as a growing town on the east shore of Lake Michigan, with reasonable hopes for better treatment hereafter.

Mr. Diekema returned from his visit to Washington yesterday morning. He arrived at the capital early on Thursday morning of last week, and succeeded in obtaining a hearing during the forenoon of the same day. Fortunately it so happened that on the afternoon of this day our Senators argued Michigan's harbor interests before the Senate commerce committee. Senator Stockbridge had succeeded in postponing this hearing until Mr. Diekema could arrive and fully explain to him our situation, no outsider, not even a congressman, being allowed to appear personally before the Senate commerce committee.

Col. Ludlow, the U. S. engineer for this district, had recommended \$23,500 for our harbor. Gen. Casey, chief of engineers, had reduced this amount to \$10,000. Committees of congress act upon the recommendations of the chief of engineers and an average of about 40 per cent of his recommendations were appropriated by the House bill. Congressman Belknap had succeeded in obtaining 50 per cent of the amount recommended for Black Lake. In no instance is a larger amount appropriated than is recommended by the chief of engineers. The Senate commerce committee, after hearing Senator Stockbridge on Thursday afternoon, raised Holland harbor from \$5,000 to \$10,000, this being the full amount recommended by the chief of engineers. If the recommendations of Col. Ludlow had not been cut down by Gen. Casey, the probabilities are that a still more liberal appropriation could have been obtained.

The bill is likely to be reported to the Senate in the course of the next week, and will then go back to the House for concurrence. Congressman Belknap, who has already established a reputation as a hard working member, will use every effort to secure the House approval.

Mr. Diekema returns very much pleased with his reception and treatment at the capital, and speaks in terms of the warmest commendation concerning the influence and prestige of Michigan's Senators at Washington.

A Disappointment.

The question of the location of the Theol. School of the H. C. Ref. Church, whether it should remain at Grand Rapids or be removed to Holland, has been adjudicated in favor of the former, by the very decisive vote of 70 to 26.

This action is final, it being the decision of the Synod of the denomination, in session this week at Grand Rapids.

Our sympathies were with its removal to Holland, for two reasons:

The first was a local one, of a more or less selfish nature, and hence not such as to entitle it to the consideration of the public at large, in the broad sense of that term.

The second reason, however, was of a decided cosmopolitan character, and will bear elucidating before the intelligent reader.

Every emigration to these shores, be it on a larger or smaller scale, carries with it an "irrepressible conflict" in the subduing of foreign ideas and tendencies born out of historic antecedents, monarchical moulding, prescribed means of education, priestcraft, poverty, and the like. Just to the extent these obnoxious ideas and tendencies are retained and cultivated, after naturalization, the emigrant fails to realize his obligation and to come up to the responsibilities of his new citizenship.

The various efforts to overcome these is what constitutes this irrepressible conflict, — a conflict which knows of no truce short of a complete surrender of all foreignisms, and based upon truth, intelligence and conviction; and which in its efforts for supremacy appeals to the sympathy and moral support of the American conscience.

In so far these results are not attained, and foreign ideas hostile to the spirit of American institutions are allowed to prevail and to be engendered, to that same extent there will be clashings within the realm. In exemplification of which the present agitation in Wisconsin, growing out of the so-called "Bennet Law," may be taken as the latest illustration.

Not that we desire to convey the impression that every idea, because of its being foreign, is wrong; or, that every tendency in this country, because of its being the prevailing one, is right. Far from it. But the very act of one leaving his native soil, and renouncing

it with uplifted hand, in order thereby to avail himself of the new order of things here found, confirms the superiority of that new order, so far as he is concerned, and involves an arraignment of his every subsequent act derogatory thereto.

The above remarks are of a general character. Their application to the case in point we will leave to the inference of the individual reader.

The Holland emigration of 1847 in Western Michigan also carried with it its irrepressible conflict and problem of americanization.

This emigration, and the causes leading thereto, bear a great similarity to the one which landed on Plymouth Rock. In both instances there had been a persecution in the fatherland, on account of dissensions from a State church.

These Hollanders were a religious people, and their church and church relations constituted the pivot around which everything was made to revolve.

Their great and honored leader realized this, and hence he at once availed himself of American church influences for the development of his people and their assimilation with American civilization.

How? By uniting them with one of the existing American denominations of the land — and not by founding a little sect for and by themselves, in order to keep up the trans-atlantic traditions with their warlike tendencies and historical strifes.

With this union came also in due course of time an American-educated clergy.

Another result was the establishing of Hope College and the means of higher education.

And so on — whatever of early intellectual development and growth characterized the existence of the Holland emigration in this locality, in its first decade, can and must, in the main, be accredited as coming along this channel of identification and assimilation with an American denomination and American religious influences.

By the very circumstances which surrounded and forced their emigration they were too puritan-like to be successfully reached along any other line or by any other agency.

This religious and church identity has been the great factor in the Americanization of the Holland emigration of 1847.

This process, however, was not acceptable to all of the many thousands that followed Dr. Van Raalte to this locality. It was too radical for some, and they rebelled, preferring a separate identity, more in harmony with the condition of things from which they had made their escape. They were suspicious of a people whom they did not know, of a language they did not understand, and of a leader whom they could not fathom.

They seceded, and organized by themselves, and as such set themselves up as a living protest against the Americanizing process and tendencies of the early decade of the emigration.

They have since grown — largely in number and somewhat in culture and in men of ability. They have even broadened in their views, notwithstanding the limitations with which they encompassed themselves. Their very environments forced this. The "irrepressible conflict" of americanization penetrated even the walls of exclusiveness within which this wing of the emigration imagined themselves and their posterity safe against the assaults of progress. Come they must, and come they did.

And now we had flattered ourselves that their development would have been sufficient to have ripened them for the proposed step of moving their theological school to Holland. But in this we were doomed to disappointment. And this disappointment lies chiefly in the very arguments that were used on the floor of their Synod against this proposed removal, viz: fear of contamination with Hope College and the influences of a broad and liberal education — the very objects which on our part prompted the desire for its coming here. The drift of the logic which seems to have secured this overwhelming vote against removal was, that as an isolated institution their school was safer in a large city like Grand Rapids, where it had little or no identity with the outside world, than in the close proximity and atmosphere of Hope College.

Their leading professor in theology is reported as having been especially earnest in sounding this alarm and warning against any possible heretical tendencies. (And, by the way, this seems to become the self-imposed calling nowadays of gentlemen occupying this position.)

The denomination of which this School is the representative being at present the church receptacle of the larger part of the emigration from the Netherlands, we regret it the more, that on those grounds they opposed the removal of their school to what an enlightened public would deem a more congenial clime. We regret to see any portion of the future citizenship of this country land within such narrow limits and their future usefulness and prestige circumscribed and hampered.

And since this manifestation of true

arrogance, the desirability of its coming at all has also received a decided set-back with our citizens.

The Reason Why.

"Lord, save us from our friends, we will take care of our enemies!" was the prayer of the bluff old soldier, and we felt about as he did, on reading the notice of Black Lake harbor in the Detroit Tribune, a few days ago:

"Black Lake is the way the Holland people get out to deep water, and there is not sufficient depth of water to keep the channel clear, consequently it has to be dredged every year."

A more incorrect statement about our harbor could not have been devised. Holland harbor has had no dredging done in many years till last season, when it became necessary, in consequence of the neglect of the government, allowing a break in the north pier to remain open without repair so long that a large quantity of sand came through the break, added to the general fall of the water of Lake Michigan of more than three feet in three years.

No harbor on the East Shore shows less change or more lasting benefit from good honest improvement than Black Lake.

Good Politics.

It is said that Michigan Patrons of Industry will not nominate a separate State ticket this fall. A copy of a secret circular just issued from headquarters says: "It is of vital importance to our Order that the next Governor and Legislature shall be men who will legislate in our interests. We suggest that every Patron should be active and vigilant in the caucuses and conventions of the political party with which he affiliates, by this course securing the nomination of men on the tickets of all political parties pledged to promote our interests." In all of which they show more political wisdom than the third-party prohibitionists. What the Patron is after, is: results. The 3-p-p is satisfied with voting in the air, setting himself up as a martyr. The early abolitionists, radical as they were in denouncing slavery, were satisfied at the outset with restricting its spread in the territories. In abolishing the evil they started out on a small scale, prohibiting it first in the District of Columbia, trusting upon the development of a national sentiment for the further advance of their cause. They were willing to avail themselves of any and every local option, wherever opportunity should present itself. Not so, however, with the 3-p-p in Michigan. Rather than not see prohibition over the entire state at once, they prefer whiskey to flow as free as water, in all the counties.

Programme.

The following is an outline of the exercises and festivities connected with the coming Quarter Centennial celebration of Hope College:

Sunday, June 22.

Baccalaureate Sermon for the graduating class, in the evening, by Rev. Dr. G. H. Mandeville, of New York, in one of the churches of the city.

Monday, June 23.

Rhetorical exercises of the Grammar School Dept., in the afternoon, in the College Chapel.

Anniversary of the Ufilas Club, in the evening, in the college chapel.

Tuesday, June 24.

Meeting of the Council in the forenoon.

Alumni re-union in the evening, college chapel. Rehearsal of college experiences. Address by Rev. C. Van Der Veen, and others, representing the different periods in the career of the institution.

Wednesday, June 25.

Commencement exercises, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the First or Third Ref. church. Addresses by the graduating class, the 25th since the incorporation of the institution as a college. The members of this class are:

Dirk L. Betten, Orange City, Ia.
William H. Bruins, Brandon, Wis.
Martin Filipee, Cedar Grove, Wis.
Herman S. Justenra, Grand Haven, Mich.
Harry Krenners, Holland, Mich.
James Osewarde, Zeeland, Mich.
Isaac Van Kampen, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Master's Oration by Sam'l M. Zwemer, A. M., Missionary to Arabia. Also an address, suitable to the occasion, by Hon. D. Bethune Duffield, of Detroit.

Business meeting of the Alumni, in the afternoon. Election of officers and discussion of topics of interest to the college. (Not public.)

Public exercises of the Alumni, suited to the 25th Anniversary, at 7:45 p. m., in the Third Ref. church. Oration by Rev. Dr. Ph. Phelps, of New York, first president of the college. Poem by Rev. M. Kolyn. Chronicles and Necrology by Rev. P. Moerdyke.

Thursday, June 26.

Quarter Centennial celebration at 9:30 a. m., in the college grove (weather permitting). Opening address by Rev. John Van Der Meulen, followed by his Excellency Gov. Cyrus G. Lucas, Hon. T. W. Ferry, delegates from sister institutions, and representative men from abroad, interspersed with music.

(Continued on fourth page.)

Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, CURTAINS,

Baby Carriages, Springs & Mattresses, Sewing Machines.

I should like your trade for these goods. I must have part of it. If prices and quality count your trade is mine. Let others give you their lowest prices and then at least find out what I can offer. Why not trade where you can get the best of everything for the least money, or is it such a great pleasure to swell the bank account of some already rich firm who have charged you double what they should have done, and only come down, now that I have forced them to do so. Give me a fair show.

Being the Leader in Low Prices

I want at least a part of your patronage. I shall continue this business and am daily receiving new goods, I expect to keep the largest and best assortment of goods in my line in this city, and time will verify this statement.

My stock consists of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Curtains, Oil Cloths, Baby Carriages, Spring Mattresses, etc. etc. Special attention is also given to repairing and the making and hanging of curtains and of Carpets. I have a practical man Mr. John Oxner and can surely promise good work at a low figure.

I ask for a part of your trade,

W. C. WALSH,

Three story brick building, between Bosman's and Steketee's, Holland.

LOOSE'S EXTRACT

RED CLOVER BLOSSOM THE GREAT Blood Purifier.

PURE AND EFFICACIOUS. IT CURES Cancers, Humors, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Tumors, Abscesses, Blood Poisoning, Salt Rheum, Catarrh, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, and all Blood and Skin Diseases.

Price, \$1 per Pint Bottle, or 6 Bottles for \$5. 1 lb. can Sold Extract \$2.50. J. M. LOOSE RED CLOVER CO., Detroit, Mich. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

J. E. HOEK,

House, Sign and Carriage

PAINTER.

Leave your orders at No. 23, Twelfth Street,

HOLLAND, - MICH.

Paper Hanging a Specialty.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.— U. S. Government Report, August, 17 1890. 11 ty.

Guardian's Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Peter D. York an insane person.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, on Monday the Sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1890, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at the premises to be sold and hereinafter described, in the township of Holland in the County of Ottawa in the State of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the twenty-eighth day of December A. D. 1889, by the Probate Court of Ottawa County, Michigan, all of the right, title, interest or estate of said insane person, in or to that certain place, or parcel of land, situated and being in the township of Holland, County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, known and described as follows to-wit:

The south five (5) acres of the North West quarter of the South West quarter of Section numbered twenty-six (26) in township five (5) North of Range fifteen (15) West, containing five (5) acres of land.

Terms of sale will be made known at time and place of sale. Dated Holland, April 29 A. D. 1890. 14 TL. MAARTJE J. YORK, Guardian.

STALLIONS!

The imported Brown Percheron Stallion, No 2473 will make the season of 1890 as follows: Monday forenoon at J. Lohman's, Manlius; from Monday noon until Tuesday morning at G. H. Brink's, East Saugatuck; Tuesday forenoon at Schrootenboer's, Sr.; Tuesday afternoon until Wednesday morning at Bonelaar's, Sr.; Wednesday, at G. Rutgers', Graafschap; Thursday, at J. H. Middelink's, Holland; Thursday from 4 o'clock until Friday morning at J. H. Boone's, Groningen; Friday, at T. Romeyn's, Zeeland; Saturday, at my place in Overisel. There will be two or three stallions always at my barn. Terms from \$7.00 to \$15.00, according to conditions. J. SCHIFFER, Proprietor. Overisel, Mich. 9 13w.

BUSINESS.

If you want to buy or sell Real Estate in Holland City or Ottawa County,

CALL ON OR WRITE TO

J. C. POST, Holland, Mich.



We have Custom Stone and Bolt for Grist of Rye, Buck-

wheat and Coarse Grains.

19-3m Corner River and Fifth Streets, HOLLAND, MIDH.

AT THE

New Boot and Shoe Store

OF

Meyer & Dykhuis,

NEXT TO

H. MEYER & SON'S MUSIC STORE,

Where will be found one of the Finest and Best Selected Stock of Women's, Misses', men's Boys' and Children's Foot ware ever brought to this city.

MR. DYKHUIS will always be ready to do all kinds of Repairing.

7-2y. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

SUMMER STYLES

—I N—

MILLINERY.

In order to make room for the large and selected stock of

Summer Millinery, I will for 10 Days Give Extra Bargains.

See my Stock of Hats. Elegant Styles from 20 cents and upwards, and everything else in proportion. New stock of fine, selected Flowers and Trimmings, very cheap. Lower prices and better goods than anywhere else in the city. New Goods received every day. I have secured special bargains and give my customers the benefit. A bottle of liquid curler with every purchase of \$1 or over, or 25 cents a bottle.

Mrs. P. C. Whitbeck.

11-13t.

GET YOUR WORK
DONE BY
D. M. GEE,
DENTIST.

DR. E. B. CRANDELL,
ASSISTANT.

All Dental work skillfully performed
and guaranteed.

VITALIZED AIR
Administered for the painless extrac-
tion of teeth. At the old office,
over the Millinery
Store.
EIGHTH STREET,
HOLLAND, MICH.

**NOW
IS THE TIME TO
BUY YOUR
GASOLINE STOVES,
OIL STOVES,
SCREEN DOOR,
WINDOW SCREENS,
REFRIGERATORS,
LAWN MOWERS,
GARDEN TOOLS,
FISHING TACKLES,
MIXED PAINTS,
OILS AND BRUSHES**
We have a large stock of the above
goods, call and examine and get our
prices before buying elsewhere.
**PIONFER
HARDWARE,**
E. Van der Veen,
Cor. River and Eighth Sts.
Gasoline always on hand.
13-ly.

**CHICAGO
Clothing Store,**
in the New Brick Block next
to Dr. Van Putten

We have on hand a good assortment of
Clothing,
Furnishing Goods Hats
and Caps,
and a fine assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR GENTS, BOYS AND CHILDREN

our prices on these goods are as low as
can be sold by any other dealers
in the city.
We will guarantee satisfaction to all
our patrons.
L. HENDERSON,
11y. New Brick Block, River St.

UNEXCELLED.

Ladies' and Gents' Fine
Shoes, unexcelled for quali-
ty and workmanship, at
the store of

J. D. HELDER.

River St., Holland, Mich.

Also a large assortment of all
kinds of

BOOTS and SHOES

If you want a good fit, low
prices, and better quality,
call on me and con-
vince yourself.

J. D. HELDER, River Street.

Banquet to the Council, Faculty,
Alumni and invited guests; with after-
dinner speeches and toasts in the col-
lege chapel, at 1 o'clock p. m.
The annual examinations and anni-
versaries of the college societies, "Fra-
ternal" and "Melophone," will be held
during the previous week.
All the music for the several occa-
sions has been left in charge of Prof.
J. B. Nykerk.

There is only one thing, up to date,
which may produce a ripple upon the
smooth workings of the programme as
arranged. Rumor has it that the Se-
nior Class will not participate in the
exercises assigned to the graduates on
Commencement day, upon the al-
leged ground that these exercises have
not been set for Wednesday evening,
as they requested. We trust, however,
that these young gentlemen, for their
own sakes, will fail to carry out this
threat.

A Refutation.
Since so many false reports of the
state of affairs at Hope College have
lately been spread by the daily press,
the students of that institution have
deemed it a duty to the College, the
faculty and themselves to make the
following statement. It was adopted
at a meeting of the students of all the
classes, both grammar school and col-
lege, and sent in for publication:

HOPE COLLEGE, June 11, '90.
Aside from the refusal of the Senior
class to take part in the commence-
ment exercises there is not now,
neither has there been during the en-
tire year any signs of anarchy, re-
bellion, or war; but on the contrary
every difference between faculty and
students during the year has been ami-
cably adjusted and that without any
bulldozing or dishonorable compromi-
ses on the part of the faculty and with-
out any bootlicking or surrender of
manly principles on the part of the stu-
dents. The fact that the Seniors' re-
fusal to participate in the commence-
ment exercises is not due to any dis-
agreement between them and the faculty
concerning the time of commencement
or anything else. The fixing of the
time for commencement is a matter
with which the faculty has nothing to
do, since it lies wholly within the juris-
diction of the college council.

The report going the rounds of the
press that the faculty is having serious
trouble with the students on account of
their violating the college rules is ab-
solutely false and could only have been
put into circulation by some one igno-
rant of the truth or willfully intending
to hurt the reputation of the students,
or the college. No Senior, Junior, or
Student of other rank has been sus-
pended for walking or driving with his
or any other fellow's best girl. No
class has been expelled or suspended
for holding a class party or doing any-
thing else contrary to college rules, or
secured its return by promising never
to do so again.

And now, having called attention to
these false reports which are giving
the public incorrect ideas of Hope Col-
lege, her faculty, and students, we
wish to declare to the friends and
patrons of the institution and to the
public in general our devotion to the
college, our willingness to obey its
rules while receiving from her that
training which will fit us for life's
battles, and our respect for and confi-
dence in the intelligence, faithfulness,
and sincerity of the faculty.

[OFFICIAL.]
Common Council.
HOLLAND, MICH., June 10, 1890.
Adjourned session.
Present: Aldermen Habermann and Van Put-
ten.
There not being a quorum present.
Council adjourned.
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]
Board of Education.

HOLLAND, MICH., June 7, 1890.
The Board met pursuant to adjournment, and
proceeded to take up the report of the committee
on teachers.
The following statement shows the action of
the Board, to date, relative to the appointment
of teachers of the Public Schools for the ensuing
year, with the salaries offered:
Superintendent—S. E. Higgins.....\$1,100
Principal of High School—Miss Jen-
nie E. Osborne.....425
Principal of Grammar School—Mrs. S. J.
Higgins.....400
Assistant Principal of Grammar School—Miss
Lillian Reamer.....325
Room 1—Miss Rika Verbeek.....325
2—" Maggie B. Pfanstiehl.....300
3—" Minnie Mohr.....300
4—" Gertrude Higgins.....275
5—" Rosina Mohr.....225
6—" Mary H. Huntley.....245
7—" A. A. Cunningham.....350
8—" C. Margaret Post.....275
11—
12—

It was resolved:
That a male principal be employed in the High
School;
That Misses Reka To Roller and Anna M.
Pfanstiehl be engaged as primary teachers, at
\$3.00; assignments to be made later;
That Miss Addie Clark be tendered the position
of principal of Fourth Ward School, at a salary
of \$32. (This is in view of the enlargement of
the building to 4 rooms.)
That the appointment of the other teachers be
deferred to another meeting.
Messrs. Mabbs, Ballard and Hummer were ap-
pointed a committee to make arrangements,
with the superintendent, for the closing exercises
on Commencement evening, June 20.
The com. on claims and accounts reported the
treasurer's bond as correct, and the same was
approved.
The com. on buildings and grounds presented a
rough draft of the proposed enlargement; where-
upon it was
Resolved, That the draft presented be adopted
as the ground plan, with the exception that the
hall connecting the two buildings be 12 ft. feet,
and provision be made for furnace under hall-
room.
Adjourned to Wednesday evening.
G. VAN SCHILVEN, Sec'y.

HOLLAND, July 11, 1890.
The Board met pursuant to adjournment.
In the absence of the president Mayor Yates
was called to the chair.
The minutes of the previous meeting were
read and approved, and the regular order of busi-
ness suspended in order to take up the report of
the committee on buildings and grounds for the
enlargement of the Fourth Ward School.
Plan and specifications were presented, dis-
cussed, amended and finally adopted, and the
committee directed to advertise for bids.
Adjourned to Wednesday, June 18, at 8 o'clock
p. m.
G. VAN SCHILVEN, Sec'y.

Jamestown.
Ground is broken for the new Reformed Church
here, and the stone for the foundation is nearly
all in readiness.
The ladies of the A. M. and Mission Society at
this place gave an entertainment at the school
house last Friday evening, and notwithstanding
the rain and darkness the house was filled early.
After singing, attended by the organ and violin,
and music by both the Zeeland and Jamestown
brass bands, the entire audience partook of ice
cream, strawberries and cake, and all went away
feeling well pleased and satisfied. Conch.

Vriesland.
The Ref. Church of this place has extended a
call to Rev. G. De Jonge, of South Holland.
Nick Bosch, formerly of this place, and at
present bookkeeper for Voigt, Herpold-Holmer &
Co., of Grand Rapids, visited here with his wife
Sunday, being the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. D.
Hoop.
Some outsider—can't think of his name now—
with a lame and careworn horse, tried to give
one of our young ladies a ride Sunday night.
How well he succeeded, we were not able to find
out.
Farmers are feeling jubilant. The weather at
present is all they can wish for and grass and
wheat are promising largely.
The U. C. Ref. congregation elected as elders
R. Meyerling and E. Steenmolen; deacons, J.
Van Haltema and H. Kook. The former elders
had all declined and the deacons too, except J.
Van Haltema, intending to join neighboring con-
gregations. Y. Z.
June 2.

Hamilton.
Henry Dubbink was running the edge in his
planing mill, a silver struck his eye and lodged
there. It was so severe that Dr. Bos was called
in, who expressed grave fears of his being able to
retain the optic.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Taylor lost their little three
months old child after a short illness.
Our station agent D. Ketchum has finally de-
cided to leave us for good as he has accepted a
position in Milwaukee, Wis. Mr. Rauner suc-
ceeds him here.
Prof. and Mrs. Herron arrived from Minne-
apolis last week. They will spend their vaca-
tion here with friends and relatives. Conch.

Port Sheldon.
Garry Anye and wife, nee Rogers, of Chicago,
came over on the steamer Bradshaw, for a short
visit to their father and friends, and returned on
Tuesday evening.
Some of the disaffected and overenthusiastic
members of a certain denomination here got up
a special meeting of the school district, to see if
they could not control the school house away
from the P. of P.'s; but in this they were badly
beaten. They have had the school house ever
since it was built, and now they want the whole
of it.
There is talk of a grand basket picnic by the
Patrons of Industry comprising the Agnew, West
Olive and Holland lodges, and the Port Sheldon
lodge will try to make it a success. It will be
held at this place, on the 4th of July.
We had a kind of cyclone here, this week, with
wind, thunder and lightning, and the rain pour-
ing down in torrents, trees in the orchards and in
the woods were broken off like pipe stems. Mr.
Cook had four trees, in full blossom, blown down
in his orchard.
Our road commissioner was around looking at
our bridge last week, and by all appearances we
will get a new one by the time the old structure
drops in the river.
Corn is all planted around here, and all grain
looks fair; also fruit looks as if it would be
abundant. Blackberries will be full of blossoms
in a few days. "PSEUDONYM."
June 4.

Flowers!
I have a fine assortment of flowers,
such as roses and carnations, suitable
for all occasions. Parties wishing them,
will please send in their orders the day
previous. Flowers delivered free of
charge. MRS. CHAS. DUPONT.

Special Orders.
Orders taken for cut flowers, caskets
and designs. Special attention paid to
orders during Commencement Week.
Send to the green-house of
GEO. H. SOUTER & SON,
Holland, Mich., June 12, 1890.

Carpenters Wanted.
Ten or twelve good carpenters and
joiners wanted at the Novelty Wood
Works. Apply to
J. R. KLEYN, Prop.
Holland, Mich., June 12, 1890.

Without Pain.
Teeth extracted without pain, by the
use of our safe method of vitalized air,
at the Dental Office of
D. M. GEE.
Holland, Mich., June 12, 1890.

**Proposals for Fourth Ward
School.**
Sealed proposals will be received by
the undersigned committee for the en-
largement of the Fourth Ward School
in the city of Holland, in accordance
with the plan and specifications adopted
by the Board and left for inspection
in the Mayor's office, McBride's block.
All bids must be handed in before
7 o'clock of the evening of Wednesday,
June 18, 1890, and be accompanied by
the names of two responsible parties
proposed as sureties for the faithful
performance of the contract.
The Board reserves the right to re-
ject any and all bids.
By order of the Board of Education,
O. E. YATES, Committee.
GEO. BALLARD,
Dated Holland, Mich., June 12, 1890.

Notice!
Having associated myself with Dr.
C. E. Lemley, we will on or about the
16th inst. be located in our new office
over W. C. Walsh's Furniture Store,
where we will be prepared to skillfully
perform any and all operations known
to the dental profession.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
Give us a call.
Very Resp'y Yours,
F. M. GILLESPIE.
HOLLAND, MICH., June 5, 1890. 19-2w

Consumption Surely Cured.
TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your
readers that I have a positive remedy
for the above named disease. By its
timely use thousands of hopeless cases
have been permanently cured. I shall
be glad to send two bottles of my reme-
dy FREE to any of your readers who
have consumption if they will send me
their express and post office address.
Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St.,
New York.

Health.
How often do we hear of people break-
ing down in health through overwork,
either mental or physical, we would ad-
vise all such to commence treatment
with Golden Seal Bitters, the great
blood purifier, liver, kidney and
stomach remedy and life giving prin-
ciple, it will enrich, refresh and invigori-
ate both mind and body. For Sale by
H. WALSH.

Refreshing Sleep.
Why lay awake nearly all night with
that troublesome cough when you can
get a remedy that will cure and at the
same time give you rest and sleep.
Try it for Coughs, Cold, Consumption,
tickling of throat, pain in chest and
all kindred diseases and you will never
use any other. It is Dr. Pete's 35 cent
Cough Cure. For sale by H. Walsh.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for
Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt
Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped
Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin
Eruptions, and positively cures Piles,
or no pay required. It is guaranteed
to give perfect satisfaction, or money
refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For
sale by Yates & Kane, Holland & H.
De Kruif, Zeeland.

Just received a large and fine lot of
Summer Hats; also Childrens Flats at
lowest prices, at
17-3w MRS. M. BERTSCH.

POPULAR STORE

The Best and Cheapest Place
to Purchase.

**Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hats and Caps,
Flour and Feed,**
IS AT
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS,
River Street.

A Clean Stock, Always Fresh by
reason of our Large Trade, is respect-
fully offered to the Trading Public of
Holland and Vicinity.

Goods delivered free of charge in the
city and to our popular Summer Re-
HOLLAND, MICH., May 30, 1890.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Probate Order.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.
At a session of the Probate Court for the Coun-
ty of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the
City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Wednes-
day the Twenty Eighth day of May, in the year
one thousand eight hundred and nine y.
Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Pro-
bate.
In the matter of the estate of Albert Mart-
den, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly ver-
ified, of Joseph Martden, executor in said will
named, praying for the probate of an instrument
in writing filed in said court, purporting to be
the last will and testament of Albert Martden,
late of Jamestown in said county, deceased, and
for his own appointment as executor thereof;
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday the
Twenty-fourth day of June next
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the
hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law
of said deceased, and all other persons interested
in said estate, are required to appear at a session
of said court, then to be holden at the Probate
Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said coun-
ty, and show cause, if any there be, why the
prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.
And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner
give notice to the persons interested in said es-
tate, of the pendency of said petition, and the
hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to
be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a
newspaper printed and circulated in said county
of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to
said day of hearing.
(A true copy. Attest.)
18-3w CHAS. E. SOULE,
Judge of Probate.

WATER!
T. VAN LANDEGEND
PLUMBER.
Eighth Street, Holland. Mich.
Water connection with city mains.
Houses fitted up with Bath tubs,
Hot and Cold Water, Marble
Basins, and Water Closets.

**Sewers laid, Drive
Wells and Sinks, Cistern
Pumps.**
Yard Hydrants, Lawn
Sprinklers and Diamond
Hose, the best in the
Market, always on hand.

NOVELTY
Wood works,
Best Place in the City for buying your Building Materials
Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Ssh, Doors, Mouldings,
Brackets, Ornamental Scroll Work,
Verandah Posts, Etc.
Remember we have the largest assortment and most complete line of
Dressed and Rough Lumber in the City.
Our facilities for doing interior work
for buildings are unsurpassed.
A large assortment of SIDEWALK LUMBER on hand
which we offer to you cheaper than can be
obtained elsewhere.
We are alive to your interest.
Yours at command,
Novelty Wood Works,
Per J. R. KLEYN.

POPULAR STORE

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We are alive to your interest.
Yours at command,
Novelty Wood Works,
Per J. R. KLEYN.

WILL YOU LOVE ME WHEN I'M BALD?

There's a question I would mention
If you'll listen, wife, to me.
For a fearful apprehension
Now and then creeps over me:
When our lives have reached the summit,
And the turning-point is called,
And old age begins to eye us,
Will you love me if I'm bald?

When no more your gentle fingers
Wander through my wavy hair,
But go groping through the tangles
Of the whorls of the beard;
When Old Time's fan-a-tle fingers
Over my face have been scrawled,
Do you think that you can love me
Just the same if I am bald?

When my brow shall shame the tombstone
As it rises bland and bare,
Write thereon: "This slab is sacred
To his late lamented hair."
Like a grinning skull I'll haunt you
Till your senses stand appalled;
Can you brave the test, my darling,
Will you love me when I'm bald?

When my present jetty ringlets
Have not dried, but gone before,
And until I go to meet them
They will come—ah!—nevermore—
When the fifties of fifty summers
O'er my helpless pate have crawled,
And I have to wear a nightcap,
Will you love me when I'm bald?

FORGIVEN.

BY EDWIN ROBINSON.

To a quiet cottage at the foot of one of the Hampshire hills came Mrs. Field, with her companion, Cecil Brand, for the summer. It was very lonely there; that was why Mrs. Field liked it. Mrs. Stryker, the landlady, with her granddaughter, Bessie, and one servant, were the only other inmates of the cottage; and there was but one other house in sight, beyond on the slope of the hill.

Mrs. Stryker had had summer boarders before, but none like these; so grand, yet so gentle; rich she knew, from all signs, yet so simple in their tastes; real ladies, if ever there were any, she declared to Bessie, her only confidante. And Bessie, who felt the charm of the ladies' gentle voices and gracious words, eagerly assented.

Mrs. Field was no longer young, but beautiful with a beauty that time had only ripened and perfected; though the lovely face had deep shadows upon it that sorrow's cruel hand had graven there, and her eyes had a far-away, wistful, yearning look, as if seeking the lost happiness that had once been hers. Her companion was a fair young girl, bright and winsome, and light of heart; whose pretty, caressing ways alone seemed to have power to soothe and help her friend. For Mrs. Field, though not ill, was worn almost to a shadow by some secret, brooding, gnawing grief.

Her story was a very sad one. She had been a great beauty, and from among a host of lovers had chosen and married, when in her thirtieth year, Charlton Penfield, a gentleman some ten years her senior. It was a true "heart marriage," and no wife ever looked forward to a brighter life than did Mabel Penfield when her proud husband installed her as mistress of his beautiful home. For awhile they were happy—as perfectly happy as it is granted to mortals to be; till jealousy—that dreadful jealousy which is crueler than the grave—crept into their paradise and destroyed it. It would be hard to tell how Charlton Penfield let this foe enter his heart and drive out the great love for his wife which reigned there. That she was true to him in every thought and word did not matter; he was so blinded by this cruel passion that he had no pity for her, and one day he cursed her as the destroyer of his honor and happiness, and drove her, a pure, sinless, loving woman, out into the bitter world. She was not penniless, for her own fortune remained to her; and, too proud to let the world, which once had courted and caressed her, see how she suffered, she went abroad at once.

Five years passed—lonely, wretched years. She loved her husband truly yet, in spite of all, and the memory of the past was alike a pleasure and a pain.

The world is not so wide but that friends and foes meet in time, no matter how far sundered; and in a chance meeting with some old-time acquaintance, Mrs. Penfield learned at last that her husband was seeking her. Then began her weary, restless wanderings; for fears stirred her heart, and made her dread that he should find her.

She was not alone now. In London she had become interested in a young orphan girl, Cecil Brand, who had done some sewing for her; and finding her, by birth and education, far above the position in which poverty had placed her, adopted her as her niece.

She had never regretted that act. Cecil had become as dear to her as a daughter, and in all her wanderings had been her loving, devoted attendant.

Mrs. Penfield had dropped a portion of her name, and, as Mrs. Field, deemed herself so secure from her husband, that she had dared to come back to her native land. She knew not why he sought her—knew not if now, after the lapse of these eight long, weary years, he did, indeed, still seek her; but the fear and uncertainty remained.

"Oh, I want rest!" she cried to Cecil. Then Cecil had diligently studied the papers, and seeing Mrs. Stryker's modest little advertisement, answered it, and all arrangements speedily completed, had taken her Aunt Mabel to Brookside.

"There, auntie dear!" exclaimed Cecil, triumphantly, the morning after their arrival, as she settled Mrs. Field comfortably under the eaves of the great shady pine-trees; "could you find a prettier place for your summer rest? Just breathe this fragrant piney odor; it is better than all your medicines. Listen to the ripple of that silvery little brook; it is so merry, it fairly seems to laugh at the sunbeams that come stealing down through the trees to admire themselves in its clear surface. And see yonder the swelling downs, with the deep shadows chasing each other over them; and here comes little Bessie, with a foaming jug of fresh milk for you. Isn't it delicious?"

"Yes, dear, delicious," answered Mrs. Field, taking a deep draught of the delightful health-giving beverage, which the kind landlady had sent out to her, and knowing well that Cecil's "delicious" was not meant for the milk. Dismissing the bright-eyed little

country maiden with a gentle smile, Mrs. Field turned to Mabel, and said, sadly, "If only I could feel safe here, how happy I should be!" "Oh, Aunt Mabel!" cried Cecil. "Surely you need not have no fear now? Think how far you have traveled, hiding, and almost losing your identity at each new resting-place; and this quiet little nook is certainly the safest retreat in the world. No one can find you here. But, auntie, dear, can you never forgive your husband? Would you not be far happier if he were with you?"

"I have forgiven him long ago, Cecil," answered Mrs. Field, in a broken voice. "It is not that—you do not know—it is he who will never forgive me. He swore that he would never look in my face again. He believed me false to him. Oh, can I forget his look as he cast me out from his home? His angry eyes burned themselves into my heart; and even now I tremble as I think of that dreadful day."

"There, there, dearest auntie! Don't think of it now. Just try and rest," said Cecil, striving to obliterate, with loving kisses, the bitter memories her words had called up.

And Mrs. Field, who could not resist her pretty coaxing ways, smiled, and promised to be good.

Cecil was very happy at Brookside. Out in the woods she sang like a bird; merry and free as the feathered songsters themselves. One morning she had a listener. Two gentlemen had wandered down from the house on the hillside to the cool shade of the trees below. Seeing her there, leaf-crowned, a very wood nymph—for in simple vanity she had doctored herself, and smiled at the drowsy, who smiled back at her from the limpid brook—one had hastened back for his sketch-book, that the charming vision might be transferred to its leaves.

Their footsteps made no sound in the soft, leafy carpet, and Cecil, looking up, was startled to find herself not alone.

On the trunk of a fallen tree sat a gentleman of perhaps fifty years of age, with a noble face, crowned by iron-gray hair.

There was something strange in the earnest, fixed look of his dark eyes which puzzled Cecil. She rose from the bank where she had been sitting, and turned away. Then the gentleman spoke.

"I hear you moving. Are you going away? Do not fear me. I am blind."

There was an indescribable pathos in his voice that moved Cecil deeply.

She paused a moment, then went shyly up to him, and laid her hand on his arm with a pitying touch, as a daughter might have done.

"I came to hear you sing," he said. "My nephew brought me here, but he has gone back to the house. Child, who taught you that song you sang?"

"What, 'Bonnie Charlie'?" asked Cecil. "I do not know; but my Aunt Mabel loves it best of all songs, though it makes her weep."

"Mabel!" exclaimed the blind gentleman, starting to his feet, and stretching out his hand, as if he were groping for some one—"Mabel! What is her name? Tell me, quick, for Heaven's sake!"

"Field," said Cecil, startled by his apparent excitement.

"Field! Oh, not Penfield? Are you sure? Oh, child, my wife loved that song, and sang it to me in the days when we were happy together, and now—it is so strange! Mabel Field, so near! Oh, I must find my wife!"

"Why do you wish to find her?" inquired Cecil tremblingly, a light breaking in upon her.

"To ask her to forgive me for a cruel wrong I did her; to beg her in pity to come back to me, to the home that is so desolate without her!"

"Do you love her yet?" asked Cecil softly.

And the look of rapture that came to his sightless face was answer sufficient.

Then Cecil cried, "Wait here; I will be back!"

And before he could question her further, she was gone.

Mrs. Field sat by her window, wondering so sadly if happiness would ever be hers again, when Cecil came in to her.

"Aunt Mabel," she said, "the woods are lovely. Come out to your resting-place under the pine-tree." And Mrs. Field went gladly, for merry Cecil would exorcise all sad thoughts, she knew. But now Cecil was unusually quiet and thoughtful.

At last she said, "Dear Aunt Mabel, won't you sing 'Bonnie Charlie' for me?"

"Oh, child, not that! I have not sung it since I sung it to my husband eight years ago," sighed Mrs. Field. "Ah, sing it now for me," pleaded Cecil.

And Mrs. Field did sing. Her voice faltered sadly, as the bitter memories mingled with the strains of the song, but it gathered strength and sweetness as she sang. So absorbed was she in the thoughts the melody brought back, that she did not miss Cecil, who had quietly stolen away; and when she heard a soft footfall behind her she still sang on; and the plaintive refrain to the old Jacobite song—

"Better lo'd ye canna be;
Will ye no come back again?"

Then a great wave of tenderness surged over the wronged wife's heart, and rising, she said to Cecil, "Take me to my husband."

"He is here," replied Cecil, for Mr. Penfield had followed the sound of his wife's voice, and now he knelt beside her.

"Oh, wife," he said, "forgive me! Let me feel your hand in mine, for I cannot see you; I am blind! God has punished me. I vowed never to look on your face again, and He has taken from me the power to do so."

"Charlton," said his wife, tenderly, "I forgive you long ago, and—I love you!" Then she lifted his face to hers, and kissed first the sightless eyes; then, blushing as deeply as any maiden, she kissed his lips. "So, love," she said, "let the past be buried."

She was very happy when, later, she went back to her luxurious home with her husband, his nephew, young Charles Penfield (who had been his most devoted attendant since the loss of his eyesight), and Cecil. It seemed a perfect haven of rest after her years of restless wanderings, and life was brighter than even in the first days of her wedded bliss. Her husband was her lover again, dearer, truer, and better loved than ever before.

"Married lovers," Cecil calls them, and declares, laughingly, that some day she will write their story. But perhaps she will have her own to write first, for the night before Charlie Penfield went back to Oxford she sang to him:

"Better lo'd ye canna be;
Will ye no come back again?"

The Coyote Ahead.

One night in the early days of Lincoln, Neb., an Eastern man arrived with a fair-sized dog at his heels, and it was plain enough to everyone who looked the canine over that he was a fighter. After supper we began to chin the man about his dog, and the way he did brag that animal up was something wonderful. It was so wonderful that some of the boys conspired to put up a job on him, and by and by one of them led off with:

"Stranger, did you ever see a coyot?"

"No, I never did."

"Do you know what they are like?"

"Why, I've always understood that they were a sort of wild dog, and very cowardly."

"You wouldn't want to match that dog of yours against a coyot, would you?"

"I don't want to insult my dog, sir!"

"Well, now, maybe you don't want to see your dog get licked into the grass in about three minutes!"

"By a coyot?"

"You bet!"

"For how much?"

"Say twenty dollars."

"Where's your animal?"

"Down behind the barn in a pen. He was captured only two days ago."

"I'll go \$20 that my dog licks him inside of two minutes."

"Done!"

The hotel man owned a Newfoundland about as big as a calf, and to disguise him the boys had dashed him with flour until he was as white as a sheep. He was in a dog house back of the barn, and when all was ready we took lanterns and went out. There was a rail pen about twenty feet square in the rear of the barn, and it was agreed that the stranger should turn his dog into this.

"You see," explained the chief conspirator, "a coyote must have room to maneuver. He may want to run and he may want to fight."

"Oh, he'll want to run fast enough," replied the owner of the dog.

The dog in the house was looking out. He made no move until he saw the other canine. Then he shot out like a cannon ball, uttered one roar, and the little dog was flung five feet high.

When he came down he took leg bail and circled the pen, yelping in fear and dismay, and when he found a place where he could squeeze through he wriggled out. It all occurred in less than a minute, and as the stranger realized what had happened, he gasped:

"Great Scots! but the coyote has licked him!"

"Square and fair," added the conspirator, "and I presume you are ready to give up the stakes."

"Oh, certainly, certainly, but—"

"Out with it. This is a square deal."

"Well, I see my mistake. I had got things mixed. It is the grizzly bear which is a skulker and a coward, while the coyote is a holy terror to anything."

The money is yours, gentlemen, but you can bet they don't catch me on this lay again. Why, your durned coyote is big enough to eat up three dogs like mine!"—*New York Sun.*

Polly's Dying Words.

A professor of the Michigan University, who was on a visit to the Sandwich Islands, was presented with a fine parrot that was able to speak a good many English words. On the professor's way home he gave the bird to a boy to take care of. The boy, thinking that Polly needed warmth, put her in a close room next to the boiler. When her master went to look at her the next day he found her completely prostrated with the heat, and removing her immediately to his own state room he did his best to revive her.

She did rally for a little while, but only long enough to say in a very solemn manner: "I'd sell myself for a cent!" A few minutes later she was dead.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Time Is Money.

Clerk—I would like a small increase in my salary, sir.

Merchant—I don't see my way clear to that, but I can do the same thing in another way. You know that time is money.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, hereafter you can work until six instead of quitting at five."—*Harper's Bazar.*

A Humble Follower.

Mr. Simmons—So your son is in the ministry? I suppose you are quite proud of having a son who is an humble follower of the Savior.

Mr. Willets—I should say I am proud. Why, he is making no less than \$4,500 a year now, with good prospects of an advance next season.—*Terre Haute Express.*

RURAL TOPICS.

INFORMATION FOR THE HUSBAND-MAN AND HOUSEWIFE.

Some Practical Suggestions for the Farmer, Stock-Breeder, Poultryman, Nurseryman, and Housekeeper.

THE FARM.

Pigs in Clover.

Pigs raised on clover are becoming very profitable, for people are beginning to appreciate the difference between the meat of pigs raised on a diet of corn, and those which are fed clover and grasses. Where the swine are raised upon a large scale for the pork factories, it doesn't matter much what their diet is, so long as they grow rapidly and increase in weight. It is quantity and not quality that takes. The great farms of the West, devoted to raising pork for the market, are largely to blame for bringing pork into disfavor. Many people won't eat pork, for they think it is unclean, and liable to contain the germs of some disease. One cannot wonder that this impression has gone abroad, when slops and dirty dish-water, with corn added, are supposed to be the diet of the pigs, whose time, when not eating this filthy compound, is spent in wallowing in dirt.

In order to raise pigs for profit, it is necessary to feed them food that will improve the quality of the pork, as well as increase the quantity. In the spring of the year the question of raising more swine on the farm comes up anew, and new methods of treatment of them should also enter into consideration. The farmer that gets the name of raising pork of a superior quality, never lacks for customers who are ready to pay good prices for it. There are those who are willing to pay fancy prices for a high grade article. In this age of deception and fraud, city consumers are never certain of what they are eating, unless they buy direct from some farmer. Many prefer to buy their eggs, butter, milk, vegetables, fruits and meat, direct from the producers, for then they know that they are getting a genuine article. Farmers, living close to large cities, can find nothing more profitable than establishing a name for raising nothing but the best, and then charging fair prices for all their products.

It is only recently that a change and reform in pig raising has generally been known by city people. They are beginning to understand now that some of the pork is raised from clover, grains, and clean food. The ordinary swill compound has been superseded by a diet of milk, clover, grasses and grains. Grass fed pigs produce superior pork, and they run less danger of sickness. There would be less mortality among the swine if they were given the range of fields, and allowed to root around in the clean soil. It will not always pay to enclose large pastures for swine, but some good system of soiling should be adopted. They should have green food in summer, and roots, clover-hay and silage, in winter. Corn is probably the cheapest ration for them, but the pork of such hogs is always fat, and lacking in the flavor that always characterizes the clover-fed hog. The pen and house for the pigs should also receive some consideration from the owner, for the filth of such places has much to do in breeding diseases, during the hot weather, and also in tainting the meat. They should always have a decent pen or house, and plenty of fresh, clean water near them. Those who raise pigs in the best approval ways will inevitably find profit in them, and will find that, in the course of time, as his pork becomes well known, the demand will exceed the supply.—*Cor. Practical Farmer.*

Agricultural Items.

Alfalfa grows rapidly and should be cut as soon as the blue flowers appear. It thrives better when cut, and becomes thicker. It is fully the equal of red clover for stock, and contains a larger proportion of nutriment. Farmers should put in an experimental plot as soon as possible, in order to test it in this section.

Study the silo; the process of ensilage; the best crops for it; the great economy of it; and then go to work to make a silo and grow crops to fill it with. It makes one acre produce as much animal food as three acres can do without it, and it solves the problem of how to keep one cow or one steer for every acre of the farm.

The greatest need of agriculture, at the present time, is to grow all crops now produced at one-half the cost. This is the true way to make profit, lessen the cost of products. The tendency is everywhere to the increase of population, which, in the absence of destructive wars and deadly pestilence, is growing as never before. This tends to reduce the value of labor or the proceeds of it, because the production of food increases faster than the supply of labor. Hence it is necessary to increase the value of labor by making it more productive.

THE DAIRY.

Cottage Cheese.

C. R. M., Tiffin, Ohio, gives the following directions, in the *Dairy World*, for making cottage cheese:

Creameries that are located near towns and cities, and have more buttermilk than they can dispose of, can realize something for it by the manufacture of cottage cheese. We find quite a demand for it at ten cents a pound. We usually make it twice a week and are governed in quantity made by the orders taken ahead.

When drawing the buttermilk from the churn we fill into transportation cans whatever we may want to set aside until we are through work in the afternoon, when we take a skimming pail and fill it with buttermilk, which we set in a vat of boiling water (a tank we use for boiling water with which we wash and scald,) being careful to have just enough water to come up even with the milk in the pail. Drop a thermometer into the milk and let it set until the milk shows a temperature of from 130 to 140 degrees (Fahrenheit), stirring occasionally to obtain a uniform temperature throughout. When it reaches the desired point we take it out and empty it in muslin sacks (the ones we use are about 16x20 inches and stoutly sewed,) when it is tied with a string and hung up to drain. The operation is repeated until we have the desired quantity; then we leave it to drain until next morning, when, if properly scalded and drained, the curd will be quite dry. If scalded too much it will be watery. Now comes the mixing: It was this that discouraged us until we tried a Keystone Beater, when we cried Eureka! This little machine does the work to perfection. We use a No. 2. Place the mixing vessel about one-half full of curd and pour on a small quantity of cream or rich milk, then stir until it becomes somewhat smooth, put in more curd and more cream or milk, all the while stirring.

When you have the vessel two-thirds full, stop putting in the curd, and continue to stir, adding cream as needed to bring to the right consistency, which, as we prepare it, is about the same as good stiff butter, add a very small quantity of salt during the stirring. When whipped nice and smooth we turn into a large earthen bowl from which it is sold by weight.

There is no speculation in this, but when the milk is going to waste, and those in the creamery have a few honest pennies to the cash account. To the consumer it offers a very wholesome and palatable article of food, which many use to lessen the butter account. I forgot to say that the sacks should be carefully washed as soon as emptied and hung up to dry."

In the home dairy where the butter is sold to private families in cities this cottage cheese may be made to bring in quite an income, as much of it can be disposed of to the families who supply with butter and eggs and can be delivered to them without additional expense of time.

THE STOCK-RANCH.

Live-Stock Items.

PROVIDE a clover pasture for the pigs; it is equal to milk and corn together.

WHEN a pig is nine or ten months old its work is done; if it is not profitable pork then it never will be, and it might as well be planted under an apple tree, to save further loss in feeding.

WITH good, wholesome feeding; thorough grooming of the skin; avoiding to give water directly after eating, but always giving it previously to the feeding, no condition powders, medicines, or nostrums will ever be required for your hogs.

THERE is no need for the long hair on the legs at horses. It is not a protection; but directly contrariwise, for the hair prevents the skin from drying, and causes irritation of the skin, cracking of it, and the resulting disease known as grease.

WHERE there is plenty of absorbent litter, as leaves, straw, or dried swamp muck, horses, cows, and indeed all farm animals, in loose stalls or pens, may be liberally bedded, and the manure may remain until it is a foot deep. It will be trodden hard and absorb all the liquid; it will not ferment, so as to throw off noxious vapors, and the animals will be kept clean, while there will be a great saving of the manure.

FOR cuts, wounds, galls, and sores, on animals, there is nothing better than an ointment made in this way: melt four ounces of lard and to ounces of Venice turpentine together, stir into half an ounce of verdigris (acetate of copper) and two ounces of turpentine; and keep stirring until the mixture is cold. This may be applied to the part in the evening, and, if it can be done, a bandage should be wrapped around it.

WHEN any animal drinks water, the water is absorbed into the blood very quickly. We may know how this is ourselves, by nothing how soon the sensation of thirst is relieved after drinking. The sensation disappears in consequence of the absorption of the fluid. Hence water should be given a few minutes before feeding, and never directly after it. If given after feeding it carries the macerated food into the intestines before it has been dissolved by the gastric fluid, and thus produces indigestion.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR when questioned as to the means whereby he made his large fortune, said: "I stopped all my losses and let my profits run on." This is the true principle, which lies at the bottom of the business of keeping all kinds of farm stock. Learn to distinguish the dead-heads, and take off their heads—somehow. Find out the profitable animals, and make them more profitable.

THE APIARY.

Honey from the Golden-Rod.

There seems to be a disunion among bee men in regard to golden-rod as a honey plant. Mrs. L. Harrison, of Illinois, says:

In August, of 1881, I was at Bethlehem, in the White Mountains, and the hotels were crowded. As I was hunting a place to lodge, I saw some old-fashioned box-hives, and as there was no fence, I went up to them, and I never saw bees carrying in honey faster—no, not in America or Heidelberg. Being of an inquisitive turn of mind, I looked to see where the honey came from.

Every fence corner, side of road, or pile of stones, was decked out with the rich, golden plumes of golden-rod. I did not take it for granted that the honey came from golden-rod, but I went up to it, and I never saw so many bees together gathering honey, before or since. A few days afterwards I was in Burlington, Vt., and I crossed a deep cut in the railroad, and one side was a bed of golden-rod, and there were as many as a score of bees on one clump. The people there seemed to think the feathery plumes of golden-rod ornamental, as large vases of it adorned their pulpits. And I saw a man in New York City selling it.

Apiary Notes.

THE honey-bee is a regular merchant. It "cells" combs for a living.

BEEs, at a public sale near Atlantic, Iowa, sold at \$4 per colony.

MR. HOLTERMANN, of Ontario, has made bee-keeping pay. He has averaged, he says, latterly, \$8 per colony, income. He thinks that everybody can do as well in a $\frac{1}{2}$ locality, providing they start with one or two colonies.

NO PERSON should keep bees unless he gives them the same attention that he gives to any other pursuit. The person that does not take interest enough in the bees to study their habits, and provide for their wants, is unworthy the fruit of their labors.—*Farm, Field and Stockman.*

I BEGAN the year of 1880 with sixteen colonies, and worked fourteen for extracted honey. I increased them to forty, took 2,000 pounds of honey; and they have yet an average of at least twenty-five pounds each. We had a frost in May that killed all the linden bloom, and injured other flowers considerably; also a very dry fall, cutting the fall crop off short in September—altogether not making more than about two-thirds of a crop.—*O. P. Miller.*

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Unnecessary Drudgery.

Closet-room is no mere feminine fancy, but the good sense of the sex. It is as necessary to a housekeeper as a corn-bin is to a farmer or a tool-chest to a mechanic; that she may have somewhere to put things so that they shall be out of the way when one wants to move, and in the way when one wants to find them. It should be ample and well-distributed, so that she may not have to be endlessly moving one thing to get another. If a farmer had his grain in such shape that he had to shovel out a

bushel of corn—and then put the oats back again—there would be sound of saw and hammer in that barn, and a new arrangement of things, if there was a tree left on his farm and a saw-mill within a hundred miles.

Many labor-saving inventions are yet possible for the household. There will be a machine to wash dishes, and such a cooking stove as Mrs. Livermore suggests, to which no woman shall bend the knee. They will come when domestic work shall be held in such high honor as to enlist the best mechanical genius of the age in its behalf. So long as the kitchen is cried down, like the jail, for those to keep out of who can and those to endure who must it will be likely to be little more inviting than the aforeaid jail. Let our women's rights advocates only begin at the right end—combine all their argument, wit, learning, persuasion, and agitation for improved domestic facilities, and they can make American manhood do anything they want done. The women's papers in farmers' institutes are even now working in this direction, of reform in dwellings and appliances. Why not have a Women's Domestic Congress that shall offer handsome premiums for improved implements, plans of dwellings, etc. Say \$1,000 for the best model of a cooking stove as high as a table, so that every culinary operation could be performed without stooping, and as efficient otherwise as those now in use. Then, by publications and addresses at public gatherings, and suitable agencies from house to house, make their improvements known to all their sex.

There is no reason, for instance, why any woman should now be lifting about the old, unmerciful, iron kettles weighing some part of a ton, when she can have those of agate-iron ware, to be moved easily by the feeblest arm. As an immediate practical resource it is not much for a man.

There is a merciless cruelty in many of our rural districts, which missionaries might well be sent to correct, in the name of Christianity and humanity. The farmer, besides all his costly improved machinery, has his "bired men" for plowing and harrowing, for sheep-shearing and mowing and repairing and feeding stock, and a solid, imported host to do his threshing, and his wife has then, too—to cook for, to wash for, and make beds for,

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE GREAT CONCLAVE IN MILWAUKEE.

The Cream City to Royally Entertain Her Visitors—Big Features to Be Made of the Uniform Rank Prize Drills and Parade—The Pyrotechnic Display.

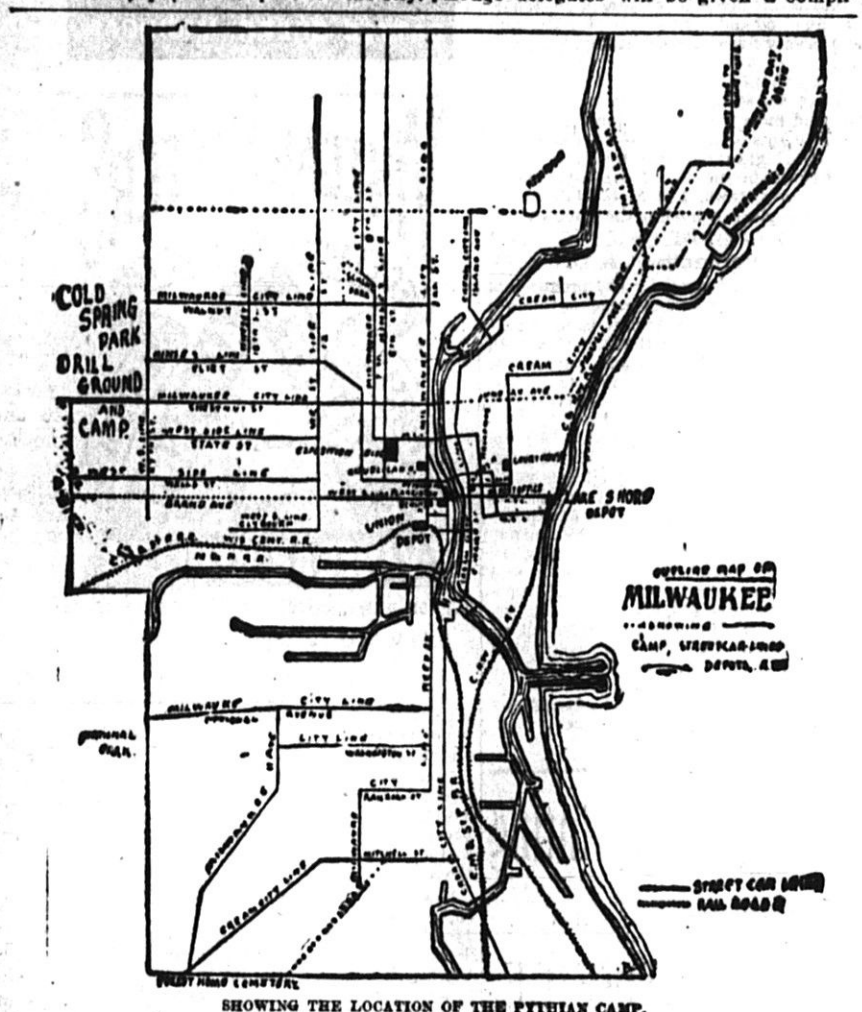
MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 2.—The sixteenth session of the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias of the World, and the first encampment of the Uniform Rank of that flourishing secret society, will, together with the most attractive gathering of the kind to be held on the Western Continent during the year 1900, for the week of July 7-12, inclusive, the hospitable people of Milwaukee will open the gates of the city, and of their hearts as well, and will give to the visiting Knights, uniformed and without a uniform, a most royal welcome. They will also welcome the wives and daughters, the neighbors and the friends of the noble band of citizens who comprise the order of Knights of Pythias throughout the United States and Canada. Each and every citizen of Milwaukee, "the Blonde Beauty of the Lakes," will, during

that week, constitute himself a committee of one to attend to the pleasure of the thousands of strangers who will be here. From the information now in hand, and from the enthusiastic letters received from members of the order in all parts of the country, there is every reason to believe that this will be the most successful gathering the order has ever had. The Milwaukee convalescence will mark a new era in the history of the Uniform Rank, which will on that occasion, for the first time, carry out the military idea to the extent of going into camp and a beautiful camp it will be, too. Located on the edge of a thickly populated part of the city,



MAJ. GEN. CARNAHAN, OF UNIFORM RANK.

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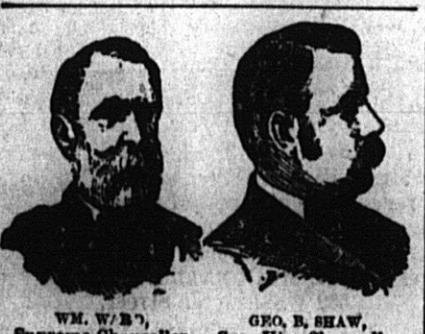


SHOWING THE LOCATION OF THE PYTHIAN CAMP.

near its western limits, the view from the proposed camp-ground takes in on one hand the tall buildings of the manufacturing and business establishments and the numerous church spires of the city, the blue waters of Lake Michigan showing in the distance; while on the other hand, the view includes the beautiful curves of the valley of the Menomonee River, beyond which are the green trees and cultivated fields of the country. The magnificent ground of the Soldiers' Home are within sight and but a few minutes' drive or walk from the spot.

The tents will be arranged on both sides of Highland boulevard, in the center of which is a grassy plot dotted with numerous beds of flowers. The camp will have a frontage on both sides of this boulevard of 2,400 feet, along which will be erected in regular order the 3,000 or more symmetrical tents of the camping Knights. In the center of the camp ground will be a large open space, to be used for dress parades, which each day will form a part of the military discipline under which the camp will be managed. Gen. E. L. Brand, of Chicago, chief of the staff for Maj. Gen. Carnahan, of the Uniform Rank, has charge of the laying out of the camp ground. He will assign the different divisions to their quarters in the order of seniority.

While the convalescence is an affair of great interest to all the members of the Knights of Pythias order, the main features of the week will be those parts in which the Uniform Rank will participate. The prize drills by competing divisions will form an



WM. W. B. Supreme Chancellor.

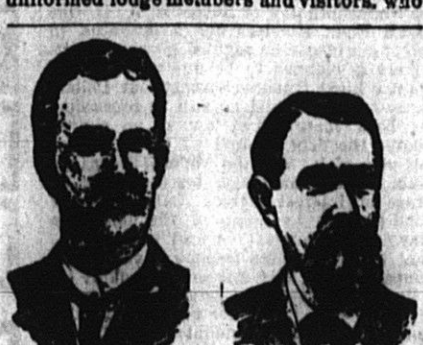
especially notable feature. Milwaukee citizens have offered eight prizes for proficiency in drill, which will be hotly contested for by divisions from every State in the Union. The aggregate amount of money set apart for the payment of prizes to divisions is \$4,800.

The best battalion drill will merit a prize of \$400. The division traveling the longest distance from home to Milwaukee by the shortest route will receive \$100; and an equal money prize will be awarded to the division that will best exemplify the ritualistic work of the Uniform Rank before the Supreme Judge. The judges will be regular army officers, and the gentlemen selected will be thoroughly competent to decide as to the proficiency of the competing divisions.

Cold Spring Driving Park, which has been used by the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society for the State Fair for several years past, has been chosen for the drill ground. It is in fine condition. The covered amphitheater will seat several thousand people who will witness the drill, and the open space within the mile track will make a magnificent drill ground, and,

at the same time, afford standing room for thousands more.

The programme for convalescence week will open on Tuesday morning, July 8, although it is expected that the Uniform Knights will arrive in time to go into camp on the previous evening, and that a vast crowd of uniformed lodge members and visitors, who



R. L. C. WHITE, Sup. Keeper Record.

are not members of the order, will have arrived in the city and be comfortably fixed in their quarters by that time.

Officers and members of the Supreme Lodge will rendezvous at the Plankinton House at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, and will march to the Exposition Building, the mammoth auditorium of which will be arranged for the royal welcome which will be tendered to the delegates. The cordial greetings of the State of Wisconsin and the city of Milwaukee will be extended in a fitting manner by Gov. W. D. Hoard, Mayor Geo. W. Peek, and Chancellor Hoskins, of Wisconsin. Responses will be made on behalf of the Supreme Lodge by Supreme Chancellor Ward, of Newark, N. J., and other members of the Supreme body. Following this reception, which will be an elaborate affair and will be attended by a vast audience, the Supreme Lodge will go into session and will hold meetings every day until the business before it is completed.

On Tuesday afternoon, promptly at 4 o'clock, General Carnahan's Pythian army will move forward on a grand parade over a line of march extending three miles through the principal parts of the city. The column will be reviewed by the Supreme Chancellor and Major General. There will be fully 12,000 Knights in the line, all fully equipped in their attractive uniforms. Including the officers of divisions and half a dozen or more mounted divisions, there will be nearly 2,000 men on horseback in line. This will be one of the most magnificent military displays ever seen in the United States. Following the parade of Uniform Knights will come a long procession of lodge members without uniforms.

On Wednesday morning the competitive drill will commence and will be continued all the morning. In the afternoon the entire Pythian army will be drawn up in line for inspection. Thursday morning will be given up to prize drills. In the afternoon the Supreme Lodge delegates will be given a complete



MAYOR GEO. W. PECK, Milwaukee.

mentary drive around the city by the citizens of Milwaukee. At that time or some other convenient occasion during the week, it is expected that the Supreme Lodge will enjoy an excursion on Lake Michigan to Whitefish Bay, a beautiful pleasure resort five miles north of the city.

The pyrotechnic display at Cold Spring Park on Thursday evening is intended to



WM. C. WILLIAMS, Manager Conclave Com.

eclipse all similar efforts so far made in the West. The bombardment will open at 8:30 o'clock, and will last an hour and fifteen minutes. Among the pieces which will make the fireworks display so attractive a feature will be a gigantic equestrian knight in full armor, with the shield of the order in appropriate colors, and bearing aloft an emblematic banner. The kindly features of the beloved and lamented founder of the order, Justus H. Rathbone, will be displayed in a magnificent fire portrait. An accurate representation of Niagara Falls, 150 feet long and 53 feet high, will also be given, showing the spray rising from the foot of the falls, with the roar of the cataract perfectly counterfeited. There will be more than twenty large and appropriate set pieces, many of which will be emblematic of the Knights of Pythias order, besides a large number of novelties in movable pieces which have never before been attempted.

A thorough canvass of the city is being made, and assignments to quarters will be made upon a most admirable system, the persons desiring quarters being placed in direct communication with the proprietors of hotels or the owners of private houses. The railroads are all making the lowest excursion rates, and it is expected that the rate wars will reduce to a still lower point prices of travel.



JOHN A. HINKLEY, Sup. Representative, Wisconsin.

the cost of traveling to Milwaukee during the convalescence.

DEATH IN A FIRETRAP.

AWFUL STRUGGLE WITH FLAMES IN A TENEMENT.

An Early Morning Blaze in St. Louis Pelted Several Lives in Danger and Resulted in at Least One Death—Efficient Work of Brave Firemen.

St. Louis dispatch: The building 1633 Franklin avenue, the second floor of which is occupied as a tenement by several families and the lower floor as a pawnshop, was discovered to be on fire at about 3 o'clock in the morning. The fire started on the second floor and burned for about half an hour before it was discovered. When the alarm was turned in the fire was well under way. As soon as the firemen arrived a stream of water was turned on the burning building, but no effort was made to rescue the occupants until loud screams from the second floor indicated that there were helpless people inside.

The firemen entered and found the family of George Wolf struggling in the smoke and flames in the two front rooms. Mr. Wolf was frightfully burned and was lying helpless on the floor. His wife and two children were also burned, and his father, an old man nearly 70 years of age, had been smothered to death in his bed.

Charles Hauss, who occupied the rear apartment with his wife and child, had just left to go to work and his wife and little son were caught in the flames. Mrs. Hauss could have escaped, but her little boy was so frightened that he ran under the bed, and in the frantic mother's efforts to save her child she was dangerously burned. The child was found in an unconscious condition but the mother is able to speak. The injured were all taken to the dispensary.

Wolf is not expected to live. The recovery of his two children is also doubtful, though Mrs. Wolf may pull through.

Following is a list of casualties: GEORGE WOLF, 32 years, badly burned. ANNE WOLF, his wife, burned about the head, neck, shoulders and arms, probably fatally. WALTER WOLF, 9 years. MRS. MARY HAUSS, burned about head and arms; serious. LITTLE SON OF MARY HAUSS badly burned. After rescuing the inmates the firemen turned their attention to extinguishing the flames, which succumbed in a short time. The damage will amount to \$10,000; insured.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

During the Month of May the Debt Was Reduced \$6,601,871.

Washington dispatch: Following is the public debt statement just issued:

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

Bonds at 4 1/2 per cent.	\$110,323,450
Bonds at 4 per cent.	603,659,150
Refunding certificates at 4 per cent.	100,980
Navy pension fund at 3 per cent.	14,000,000
Pacific railroad bonds at 6 per cent.	64,023,512

Principal..... \$792,112,399

Interest..... 8,572,938

Total..... \$800,685,337

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Principal..... \$1,824,165

Interest..... 149,438

Total..... \$1,973,603

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

Old demand and legal tender notes..... \$346,737,458

Certificates of deposit..... 9,835,000

Gold certificates..... 120,788,790

Silver certificates..... 294,656,803

Fractional currency, less \$8,553,954, estimated as lost or destroyed..... 6,912,010

Principal..... 788,948,960

Interest..... \$1,582,885,308

Total..... \$1,591,362,509

Less cash items available for reduction of debt..... \$445,001,900

Less reserve held for redemption of U. S. notes..... 100,000,000

Total debt less available cash items..... \$1,046,360,609

Net cash in the treasury..... 36,901,791

Debt less cash in the treasury June 1, 1890..... \$1,008,858,898

Debt less cash in the treasury May 1, 1890..... 1,015,530,770

Decrease of debt during month..... 6,601,871

Decrease of debt since June 30, 1889..... 67,737,732

CASH IN THE TREASURY AVAILABLE FOR REDUCTION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Gold held for gold securities actually outstanding..... \$130,758,398

Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding..... 249,656,083

United States notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding..... 9,835,000

Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid..... 10,301,555

Fractional currency..... 670

Total available for reduction of the debt..... \$445,001,900

RESERVE FUND.

Held for redemption of United States notes, acts Jan. 14, 1875, and July 12, 1882..... \$100,000,000

UNAVAILABLE FOR REDUCTION OF THE DEBT.

Fractional silver coin..... \$2,992,732

Minor coin..... 209,772

Total..... \$3,192,504

Certificates held as cash..... 32,749,143

Net cash balance on hand..... 36,901,791

Total cash in the treasury as shown by treasurer's general account..... \$68,302,171

Curious Marriage of an Old Chinaman and a Young Girl.

Kansas City (Mo.) dispatch: Chung Sing, a wealthy Chinese physician, 60 years old, has just been married to Ah Gin, a pretty Chinese girl 17 years of age. Chung Sing became a widower eighteen months ago and sent to San Francisco for a wife, paying \$900 for her to her deputy father, or guardian, her parents residing in China. The ceremony performed was according to the Chinese custom.

SEVERAL of the heirs of the late Stephen Green, of Morgan County, Illinois have begun suit to break decedent's will for the reason that he left the major part of his estate to the younger children.

MALIGNANT diphtheria is raging in Waynesfield, O., and vicinity, and all the public schools there are closed. No deaths have been reported as yet.

An assignment has been filed by Boden & Jenkins, stockbrokers, of No. 48 Wall street, New York. They have preference for \$11,000.

Children Enjoy

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious the most satisfying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Logic.

Miss Parkwood—Do you know, sir, I could sue you for breach of promise? Mr. Finlay Place—Oh, I guess not. "Why, sir, did you not ask me to marry you?" "Yes." "And I consented?" "Yes." "Well, sir?" "Well, I didn't promise, did I? You were the one that did that. I presume I have the right to ask you a civil question, have I not, without running the risk of being dragged into court?"—Toledo Blade.

Whither Malaria Exists

The bilious are its certain prey. In intermittent and remittent fever, dumb ague, and ague the liver is always seriously affected, and the blood contaminated with bile. One of the chief reasons why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is such a sure defense against chills and fever and every form of malarial disease is that it does away with liability to the disease, by reforming irregularity of the biliary organs in the digestive tract. There is no more torturing preparation for those about visiting or emigrating to a locality where the malarial miasma exists. There is no certain immunity from disease in an endemic or epidemic form to be secured by the use of the average tonic and anti-spa-moody. But where genuine faith the Bitters succeeds both in preventing and curing. Moreover, it removes every vestige of dyspepsia, and overcomes constipation, rheumatism, inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, and tranquillizes and strengthens the nervous system.

A Test of Affection.

"You do not love me." For a moment the fair woman trembled with conflicting emotions, and she then murmured, in a tone of deepest reproach:

"Do not love you? Ethelbert Fiblow, you smoke cigarettes; do you not?" "I do," he answered in a voice 16,000 miles away from anything like shame or self-humiliation.

"Well, then, in spite of that even, I would marry you. Now, do I love you?"—Philadelphia Times.

Our Hannah Jane.

Our Hannah Jane was thin and weak, and ashy white her lips and cheeks. We often thought—and thought with pain, "We soon must lose our Hannah Jane." With change of doctors, change of air, she sought for healing everywhere. And when our home, where she had been, "Favorite Prescription" tried at last. It gave us joy, it gave us hope. She ceased to pine, she ceased to moan, (Figs' remedies are sure and true) and now Hannah Jane is good as new.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

DR. PIERCE'S PILLETS—cleanse and regulate the stomach, bowels, and system generally. One a dose; purely vegetable.

The prize of 40,000 francs offered by the French Academy for some certain test of death, looking to the prevention of being buried alive, was given to a physician, who announces that on holding the hand of a supposed dead person to a strong light, if living, a scarlet tinge is seen where the fingers touch, showing that the blood continues to circulate, there being no scarlet when the subject is really dead.

Free Trade Versus Protection.

Uncle Zeb, an ardent free-trader and cross-roads statesman, was denouncing protection with all the arguments he could muster.

"I'll bet, Uncle Zeb," interrupted one of the crowd, "that you are a protectionist, after all."

"I'll bet I ain't," shouted the old man, warmly. "Come, now. How am I a protectionist?"

"Why, you protect your system from spring and summer complaints by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

When the laugh subsided, Uncle Zeb replied with a grin. "Well, yes; I'll allow that, to that extent I am a protectionist, because I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best blood medicine ever made, not only for spring but for all seasons."

PROF. E. D. COPE, of the University of Pennsylvania, has a collection of paleontological vertebrates gathered while in the Government service, and on which he says he expended \$75,000 of his own money. Secretary Noble has ordered him to hand the collection over to Uncle Sam, but he refuses to do so.

We will give \$100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

COBBLER SCHWENZER, of Zandwitz, in Silesia, has become a member of the Prussian House of Lords. The town is a small feudal barony which entitles its holder to the dignity of knight and a seat in the herrenhaus. Baron Nathaniel Rothschild, of Vienna, sold the seigniorial rights for \$145 to the cobbler, who thus became a nobleman.

Six Novels Free, will be sent by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., to any one in the U. S. or Canada, postage paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins' Electric Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. Soap for sale by all grocers.

TWAIN might easily establish a rifle corps at home; all his male servants are Mark's men.—Texas Sittings.

WHEN you think your children have worms ask your druggist for Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers and do not take any other. They taste good and are always sure.

REGRET not yesterday, despise not today, depend not on to-morrow.

No Opium in Place's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

A POCKET mirror for smokers of "Tan-sill's Lunch" Cig. Lighter.

Creates An Appetite

There is nothing for which we recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla with greater confidence than for loss of appetite, indigestion, sick headache, and other troubles of dyspeptic nature. In the most natural way this medicine gently tones the stomach, assists digestion, and makes one feel "lively hungry." Ladies in delicate health, or very faint and nervous at meals, after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a few days find themselves longing for and eating the plainest food with unexpected relish and satisfaction. Try it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. 25c. per box. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

PENSIONS! 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. Apply to H. B. STEVENS & CO., 411 N. 7th St., Philadelphia, Pa. or to H. B. STEVENS & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Not Posted on American Idioms.

The Teuton is often a long time in learning American idioms. One who had been here for a year or more, and who could speak some English before his arrival, a very short and corpulent man, by the way, went to his grocery's and paid a bill which had been standing for several weeks.

"Now you are all square, Hans."

"I was fat?"

"You are square, I said."

"I was square?"

"Yes—you are all square now."

Hans was silent for a moment, then with reddening face and flashing eyes he brought his plump fist down upon the counter and said:

"Look here, mine frent. I vil haf no more peezeess mit yo. I treat you like a shenteleman, I pay my pill, and you make a shoke of me—on say I was square ven I know I was round as a parrot. I don't like such shokes. My peezeess mit you was done!"

It is reported in Paris that, in order to show his conciliatory disposition toward France, the German Emperor is prepared to abolish the vexatious passport regulations between France and Alsace-Lorraine.

Pains & Aches

PROMPTLY CURED BY

St. Jacobs Oil

Maywood, Kans., Aug. 10, 1888. I suffered two years with pain in my side; doctors failed to help me; St. Jacobs Oil cured me; no return of pain. F. LEAMON, P. M.

Carlisle, Pa., February 11, 1888. I was hurt in the left hip and tried several physicians without obtaining relief. Less than a half-bottle of St. Jacobs Oil cured me. JOHN E. SHEAFER.

PENSIONS! 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Apply to H. B. STEVENS & CO., 411 N. 7th St., Philadelphia, Pa. or to H. B. STEVENS & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

YOUNG MEN

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

OPIUM

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

SOLDIERS

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

\$75.00 to \$250.00 A MONTH can be made working for us. Persons preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Some months may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. Johnson & Co., 100 Main St., Richmond, Va.

I LIKE MY WIFE TO USE

POZZONI'S

MEDICATED

COMPLEXION

POWDER.

Because it improves her looks and as fragrant as violets.

OLD EVERYWHERE.

SEVEN SEVENTEEN TWENTY

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take this safe and certain remedy, SMITH'S

BILE BEANS

Use the SMALL SIZE (40 little beans to use both). They are the most convenient; suit all ages. Price of either size, 25 cents per bottle.

KISSING panel size of this picture \$4 cents (coppers or stamps).

J. F. SMITH & CO., Makers of "Bile Beans," St. Louis, Mo.

RADWAY'S

READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT CONQUEROR OF PAIN.

For Sprains, Bruises, Backache, Pain in the Chest or Sides, Headache, Toothache, or any other external pain, a few applications rubbed on by hand set like magic, causing the pain to instantly stop.

