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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XV.—NO. 19.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 720.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. H. ROGERS, Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes. Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2 per annum. Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers. All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In sums to suit on productive Real Estate.

L. S. PROVIN,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agent.
Office Lovett's Block, opp. Sweet's Hotel,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Business Directory.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, &c.; River St.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, &c. River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the C. & W. M. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free back for accommodation of guests.

Livery and Sale Stables.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, &c.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana filled. Smoke them. For sale by all dealers. 217.

Physicians.

KREMERS, B., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledebor.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's Drug Store. Residence, Ninth Street, three doors east of corner of Ninth and Fish streets.

Watchmen and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYBRUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

Societies.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evenings, Jan. 30, Feb. 17, March 17, April 14, May 19, June 10, July 14, Aug. 11, Sept. 8, Oct. 13, Nov. 10, Dec. 8. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

D. L. BOYD, W. M.

Knights of Labor.

Harmony Assembly, No. 3719, of Holland City, meet in Odd Fellows' Hall every week. All communications should be addressed to
HARMONY LOCK BOX,
Holland, Mich.
37-y

Our Markets.

Produce, &c.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.)
Apples, 30c; Beans, \$1.00; Butter, 9 to 10 cts; Eggs, 9c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes 30 to 35c.

Grain, Feed, &c.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.)
Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley \$1.00; Corn, \$1.10; Clover seed, \$1.50; Corn Meal \$1.00; Corn, shelled, new 35; Flour, \$4.50; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; Feed, \$1.00; Hay, \$2.00; Middlings, \$1.00; Oats, \$1.00; Peas, \$1.00; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; Rye, \$1.00; Timothy Seed, \$2.10; Wheat, white, 75; Red Fultz, 75; Lancaster Red, 77; Corn, ear, 35c.

RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 50c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Beans, \$1.25; Clover seed, \$1.50; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, shelled, 50c; Flour, \$4.50; Fine corn meal, \$1.00; Feed, \$1.00; Hay, \$2.00; Middlings, \$1.00; Oats, \$1.00; Peas, \$1.00; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; Rye, 60c; Timothy seed, \$2.50. Corn, ear 40c.

LOCAL ITEMS.

STRAWBERRY shortcake is now the "order of the day."

The number of visitors at the Park is increasing daily.

BUSINESS in all lines in the city the past week has been very brisk.

The choicest of strawberries are now selling at five cents per box.

The Commencement Oration is now being rehearsed in lone places.

CONSIDERABLE bark for the tanneries arrives at this station now-a-days.

PHOTOGRAPHER A. M. BURGESS arrived home from Wisconsin last Monday.

In our "Business Directory" this week will be found a card of Dr. Mabbs.

THE Macatawa Park Hotel is now connected with the telephone exchange of the city.

THE NEWS job office has been turning out an unusually fine lot of Job Printing the past week.

REV. B. SMITS, of Constantine, was married this week to an estimable young lady of that place.

MR. H. WALSH has been summoned as a member of the U. S. Grand Jury to convene in Grand Rapids, June 23.

NIGHTWATCHMAN Odell reports having picked up eight tramps on his nightly rounds this week and six last week.

Don't forget the game of ball at the Fair Grounds this afternoon. The game will be called at 2:30 and promises to be an exciting one.

The citizens of Overisel will celebrate the Fourth of July this year as usual. The people of Holland are cordially invited to be present.

TO-MORROW, both morning and evening, the pulpit in Hope Church will be supplied by Rev. Victor M. Hulbert, D. D., of Battle Creek, Mich.

THE Hope College Base Ball Club have been challenged to play a game with the Chicago-Reserves. Arrangements have not yet been perfected.

REPRESENTATIVE G. J. Diekema and Ex-Representative D. B. K. Van Raalte and their wives are in Lansing this week attending the legislative re-union.

NEXT Sabbath, June 13th, will be Children's Day at the Methodist Church. A very interesting program is arranged for both morning and evening service.

THE Chicago and West Mich. R'y have put on their regular summer fruit train, running between here and Chicago. The time of leaving this station is 2:15 p. m.

MR. CHAS. FAIRBANKS brought to our office last Tuesday an egg laid by a Light Brahma hen, which measured 7½ inches in circumference. It was the largest we have seen this year.

CARDS are out announcing that the marriage of Mr. C. J. Lokker, of Graafschap, to Miss Winnie C. Diekema will occur at the residence of Mr. W. Diekema on Thursday, June 17.

THE Holland Workingmen's Association, of Grand Haven, will run an excursion to Kalamazoo on Thursday, June 17. The train will leave here at 8 o'clock, a. m. Fare for round trip \$1.50.

THE Holland Crystal Creamery is now making butter regularly. From two to six hundred pounds are churned every day. It is well to recollect that fresh cream and buttermilk can be secured there at all times now.

THERE will be an Ice Cream and Strawberry Festival held in the lecture room of the Methodist Church next Wednesday evening, June 16th. Refreshments served from 7 to 9 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

BURE ROBBINS' circus drew a large crowd to this city last Tuesday. The show was, as usual, good for the kind, but nothing was introduced that was new. The menagerie was small, but consisted of a very choice collection of animals.

We understand that proceedings for malicious and criminal slander are about to be commenced against certain parties

who have so industriously circulated the falsehoods regarding the conduct of our public schools during the past week.

THE new time card of the steamer Macatawa which has been issued announces that the steamer will make two trips a day hereafter as follows: Leave Holland 10:30; Leave Macatawa Park 12:00 m.; Leave Holland 2 p. m.; Leave Macatawa 4:30 p. m.

THE finest strawberries that we have seen this season were brought to our office by C. Braam on last Monday. The largest one in the box measured over five inches in circumference and was nearly two inches in diameter. They were beauties.

THE "I. X. L." Base Ball Club of this city will play the Rough and Ready Club of Grand Haven this afternoon at the Fair Grounds. The game will be an exciting one and all who love to see the game played should not miss this opportunity. The admission will be but ten cents.

THE new hotel, The Ottawa, at Macatawa is up and has the roof on and is now being plastered. It will probably be open by the latter part of week after next when the Chicago and West Michigan R'y will run a train there every Saturday at 4:30 p. m. and return at 8 a. m. Monday morning.

THE report that has been circulated the past week to the effect that Prof. Hummer had introduced a "spanking machine" into the school has been thought serious enough by the Board of Education to warrant an investigation. Somebody ought to send for the "fool killer." There is work for him here.

LAST week Thursday Mr. Henry Nyland, engineer of the steamer Macatawa, was married at the residence of Mr. R. Nash of this city to Miss Mary Cantwell of Marcellus, Mich. The News force were kindly remembered and join us in wishing the young couple many years of happiness and prosperity.

THE men who were to expose spiritualism at the Opera House last Monday night fled town and left an account due at this office. Prof. Eddy, of Boston, Mass., is the name under which they both "sail," and if they are in the neighborhood of any of our exchanges we advise them to give the fellows a "wide birth."

IN our advertising columns will be found a new "ad" announcing the fact that Van Duren Bros. have moved their Boot and Shoe Store to their building two doors west of the Post Office on Eighth street. They have stocked up with all the latest and finest shoes and will be pleased to see all who desire anything in their line.

PARENTS do you know what that boy of yours is learning on the streets at night? He is learning to love a loafer's life, he is learning to swear and curse, he is acquiring a taste for everything that is bad and immoral. If you love your boy keep him home nights, and thus keep him out of evil society. There are more boys ruined by being allowed on the streets after dark than from any other cause.

LAST Saturday morning Willie, a little son of Mr. H. C. Farley, fell from a dray loaded with soda, on which he was riding, and was run over. He was picked up, taken home and Dr. Mabbs summoned who attended him. Fortunately no bones were broken and he was not much injured although at first it was thought he had sustained internal injury. When will boys stop the practice of catching on passing vehicles?

It will be remembered by many that President Cleveland was recently married and it is our privilege to announce that he has remembered his friends in this city by sending a box of wedding cake, at least what purports to be a box of cake, to some of the loyal ones here. A prominent doctor and the superintendent of a windmill company are the favored ones. It is needless for us to say that they felt so jubilant over the fact that they jointly went into the cigar business and are now in a fair way of failing. Rye bread is cheap usually, but these gentlemen have found it expensive.

BRO. BARNES of the Coopersville Observer is not through with his late unpleasantness. He is now the subject of cowardly attacks by his enemies, and one "Junius June" attacks him in the columns of the "county paper". In the last issue of the Observer he answers in a very gentlemanly way. In conclusion he says: "I am

sorry I have been forced into the discussion of this subject. It is by no means a pleasant one, neither to me nor my readers, but a time has come when I cannot sit quietly by and allow myself to be maligned by a set of blatant hypocrites and not raise my voice in defense."

THE Piano Recital by the music class of Mrs. M. L. Walter on Friday evening of last week passed off very smoothly, and was a fine showing of the progress that is being made by the pupils under her care. It was remarkable to note that the long program was gone through with without a break or mistake that was perceptible to the audience. The duets for two pianos and the eight hand pieces were especially attractive when it is considered the amount of practice that is required to get them in perfect time. The vocal music we cannot refrain from mentioning—the part rendered by Miss Albee, her singing is always well received here.

AN Indian named Winnemack, who was in the battle against Gen. Geo. A. Custer, is expected here sometime next week and will give an evening's entertainment, in which he gives a description of that engagement and also an exhibition of bow, arrow, and tomahawk practice, Indian modes of warfare, etc. His wife also takes part in the entertainment, she being skilled in the use of the Indian war weapons. Ladies are especially invited to attend the entertainment, further notice of which will be given by posters. Winnemack also gives an exhibition on the street during the afternoon. It is said he is able to distance the fleetest horse in a race of forty rods.

Lawn Fete.

The Lawn Fete of the Y. L. S. L. Club will take place on next Tuesday evening, June 15, in the College Grove at 7 o'clock p. m., sharp. The program given below will be carried out after which ice cream, lemonade and lunch will be served. The admission to the grounds will be free and all purchasers of anything will be entitled to a ticket to see the "Crazy Quilt" which the Club have made and which will be exhibited in one of the buildings on the grounds. In case the weather should not be favorable the fete will be postponed until the following evening. Seats will be provided for those in attendance. All are invited to attend and encourage the members of the Club.

PROGRAMME.

Chorus:—"Spring's Bright Glances," From Bellini's Sonnambula.
Recitation:—"Nothing to Wear," Josephine V. Kiekintveld.
Chorus:—"Tis the Evening's Holy Hour," From L. V. Beethoven.
Recitation:—"That Hired Girl," Jennie Q. Kremers.
Essay:—"Not Finished, but Begun," Josephine K. Cook.
Chorus:—"Wandering in the May Time," From Glover.
Recitation:—"The Gambler's Wife," Kate S. Vaupell.
Personation:—Q X I b c. (original) Allie Z. Smith.
Music:—Female Trio.

Grand Haven vs. Holland.

The return game of Base Ball between the Grand Haven Club and the Hope College nine took place at the Driving Park, Grand Haven, on last Monday afternoon. It will be remembered that the first game, played in this city, was a terrific defeat for the College boys. The game played last Monday was a better game as the score will show and nearly scared the Grand Havenites out of their boots. If it had not been for the pine stumps and the long grass the College nine, who are not used to playing in the country, would have come out ahead. As it was the game was close and exciting and was witnessed by about three hundred people. Quite a number of our citizens accompanied the nine and saw the game. The most brilliant run was made by Student Holleman who sent the ball flying out into the left field and made a "home run," and was heartily cheered. The following is the list of players and the score:

HOPE COLLEGE.	GRAND HAVEN.
Knoolhuizen, s. s.	Coon, p.
Reynolds, p.	Armstead, s. s.
Kok, 2b.	Sperry, 2b.
Holleman, c. f.	Jay, c. f.
Brusse, c.	Loutit, 3b.
Barnard, 1b.	Campbell, c.
Hosper, 3b.	Mansfield, 1b.
Dayton, l. f.	Fisher, l. f.
Stegeman, r. f.	Gibbs, r. f.
Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
Hope College 3 1 3 0 1 0 0 0 9	
Grand Haven 1 2 3 0 1 0 2 0 11	

Base Hits, Hope College, 9; Grand Haven, 2. Errors, Hope College, 8; Grand Haven, 6. Home runs, Hope College, 1; Grand Haven 0. The Umpire was a Mr. Lehman of Grand Haven and he gave good satisfaction. The strong men in both clubs were: Hope College, Barnard, Reynolds, and Brusse. Grand Haven, Campbell and Coon. Arrangements are now being made for another game here for next week, at which time the Holland nine will have a chance to flap its wings and crow. We hope to see the editor of the G. H. Evening Tribune here then when we will be willing to take him up on his offer to wager us a new straw hat on the result of this game.

The Meeting of the General Synod of the Reformed Church.

The General Synod of the Reformed Church met in session at New Brunswick, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, June 2, one hundred and forty-three ministers and elders being present. Rev. Dr. Druey, of Ghent, New York, was elected President; Rev. Dr. Dennis Wortman, of Saugerties, Vice President; Revs. H. M. Coxie and Lasher as Clerks. In the evening Ex-President J. Howard Suydam preached the annual sermon. On Thursday, June 3, standing committees were appointed and communion services held. In the evening a reception at the residence of Dr. M. E. Gates, President of Rutgers College, was largely attended both by the members of the Synod and ladies and gentlemen of New Brunswick. They were introduced to Dr. Gates and lady by Vice President Dr. Wortman and retiring President Rev. Dr. Suydam. After an hour of pleasant conversation among one another, refreshments were served, after which all, very much pleased with the reception, retired. Friday a special communication from the Board of Domestic Missions regarding the affair of John R. Smith Treasurer, was read, which stated in effect that irregularities had been found in his accounts, and evidences of a breach of trust on his part, also that they had a confession from him to that effect, and that he had handed over his books and papers to the Board. He acknowledged that for several years he had borrowed sums of money entrusted to him as treasurer, and had made no records of the transactions in any books accessible to the Board. The Board had engaged an expert accountant, who reported that he had gone over every item, the book from May, 1884, to June 12, 1885, and had them constantly entered and posted, and could detect no error, except some small typographical mistakes. The Board believes that the money received into the church had been used for legitimate purposes, but that it was the treasurer's custom from time to time to borrow money on notes of the Board for his own use, and when they became due borrow money on other notes to pay them, or the interest therefor, and that there was a shortage of \$24,425. Smith had assigned to the Board life insurance policies amounting to \$25,000, most of them of recent date, and of little or no value, and that he failed to explain further, other than that these frauds had been going on for many years and that he cannot say what has become of the money. The committee asked the Synod in its wisdom to adopt some plan by which this money might be paid. In the afternoon the Synod, pursuant to an invitation from the Faculties of Rutgers College and the Theological Seminary, paid a visit to those institutions and had a formal reception in Kilpatrick Chapel. They were then escorted by the professors through their several departments both in the College and Seminary and expressed themselves much pleased with the surroundings of taste, comfort and convenience with which youth is here assisted up the hill of learning to the temple of knowledge. Saturday Rev. Dr. Scott offered a resolution authorizing the use of the revised scriptures and that only in the public sanctuary. The President declared the resolution out of order and a spirited debate followed. All motions on the subject were overruled by the chair. The appointments for filling the pulpits of New Brunswick and vicinity on Sunday were announced. Dr. Scott occupied the pulpit of the Second Reformed Church in the morning. On Monday Synod was opened at 10:30 and the reports of several committees read. The report of the Committee on Necrology was read by Rev. S. T. Searl. The report mentioned the deaths of the Rev. A. O. Millsaugh, Rev. Alex. Watson, Rev. J. B. Aeger, Rev. Jefferson Wynkoop, Rev. (Continued on Fourth Page.)

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

CHARLES A. BUDDENSIK, of New York, the builder of mud houses, has joined Jaehne, Ferdinand Ward, et al. in Sing Sing, on a ten years' sentence. The wealthy contractor, who gained his riches by erecting rotten tenements for the poor, regardless of life and limb, and who reached his limit by the death of a workman in the falling walls of a half-finished structure, has been brought up with a round turn... Harry Dunham, aged 18, residing in the family of Austin White, about four miles south of Oswego, N. Y., shot Mrs. Waite in the head, inflicting a dangerous wound, and then shot himself dead... The "white mill" of the Warren Woolen Company at Stafford's Spring, Conn., was burned. Loss, \$65,000; insurance, \$35,000.

At Reading, Pa., Frank and Charles Seabel, brothers, quarreled about some money affairs and a young woman, when the former drew a revolver and fired three shots at Charles. Two balls took effect in the stomach and another in the region of the heart. Frank then fired two shots into his own body; one taking effect in his lungs and the other in his head. Both are expected to die... The works of the Pennsylvania Bolt and Nut Company, the largest of the kind in the country, were burned at Lebanon, Pa. The loss is about \$150,000, and is covered by insurance. About three hundred and fifty men are thrown out of work... The funeral of John Kelly occurred at St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York. Mass was celebrated by Archbishop Corrigan, and the sermon was preached by Monseigneur Preston. The attendance was very large, and Judge Hilton and August Belmont were among the pall-bearers.

THE WEST.

ONE of the men who robbed the County Treasurer's safe at Perryville, Mo., of \$6,000, has been arrested in Grand Tower, and \$1,326 of the stolen money has been recovered. He has confessed, and his accomplices will soon be caught.

THE condition of spring wheat in the Northwest has very much improved since May 30, rain having fallen in four-fifths of the area and stopped the operations of the chinchbugs. The oats crop has suffered seriously from drought, rain falling too late in Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa to save many fields... Mrs. Emma Molloy, the noted temperance lecturer, and consort of George Graham, murderer, recently hanged by a mob at Springfield, Missouri, has been indicted as an accessory after the fact to the murder of George Graham's wife... At a summer resort near Akron, Ohio, where nine hundred Knights of Labor went on an excursion, the son of a leading merchant named Rice was shot dead by Perry Saunders... Heavy floods are reported from Southern New Mexico. Many railroad bridges have been washed away and other property destroyed... Captain Murdock, of the Sixth Infantry, while crossing Grand River with a part of his command, was drowned... Geronimo is killing many Mexicans and Americans in Guaymas, Mexico... The United States courts in Colorado are out of money and must suspend.

THE Grand Jury, after a three weeks' investigation of the Anarchist conspiracy, at Chicago, completed its labors last week and submitted its report. The general result of the investigation has been the indictment of ten Anarchist leaders, seven indicted for murder, and the indictment of about twenty others for conspiracy, riot, and unlawful assembly. The report affirms the existence of a band of conspirators numbering not more than 100, and perhaps not more than fifty, whose object was murder, destruction, and arson, and that the massacre of the 4th of May "was the result of a deliberate conspiracy." The report proves further that the conspirators cared nothing about the labor movement. They simply tried to utilize it. They planned the use of dynamite bombs for the time of excitement incident to the eight-hour agitation. They calculated on taking advantage of whatever ill-feeling should arise then between employers and employees to aid in carrying out a plan of devastation in Chicago unequalled except in Paris during the reign of the red terror of the Commune.

...The United States Grand Jury, at Seattle, W. T., has indicted a number of men for participating in the Chinese riots there, and also claims to have unearthed a treasonable organization, which exists throughout the country, the object of which is arson, robbery, and murder. The name of the organization is "The Red American International Workingmen's Association." ...Robert Schilling, who was indicted along with the Milwaukee rioters, returned and surrendered himself to the authorities, and subsequently gave bail in the sum of \$3,000... The jury in the Maxwell case, at St. Louis, after being out fifteen hours, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. On the first ballot three of the jurors were in favor of acquittal. The prisoner was taken back to jail more dead than alive, but received assurances from his counsel that the judgment could be reversed on errors. His face was ashen in its pallor, his eyes sunken, and his whole appearance that of a man who had received a severe nervous shock. He anticipated the verdict.

THE SOUTH.

A SEVERE drouth prevails in Louisiana. ...Mrs. Hughes, a young and handsome woman of Louisville, was followed from store to store by a detective, who saw her steal silk stockings, gold rings, and lace. When arrested at her residence, it was found that she had constructed with great ingenuity a bustle and pockets sufficient to hold all her plunder. She is from a good family in Marion County, Kentucky.

W. E. WOOTEN, County Judge of Red River County, Texas, shot himself at his residence, in Clarksville, dying instantly. He had been accused of appropriating \$650 of the county's money.

JAMES BAXTER was executed at Lebanon, Tenn., for the murder of Mrs. Lane.

Wesley Honesty and Tabley Banks were hanged at Winchester, Va., for killing Joseph McFaul.

WASHINGTON.

THE decrease in the public debt for May was \$8,828,566. The interest-bearing debt is now \$1,220,650,312. The following is a recapitulation of the debt statement issued on the 1st inst:

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.	
Bonds at 4 1/2 per cent.	\$250,000,000
Bonds at 4 per cent.	137,751,000
Bonds at 3 per cent.	151,500,000
Refunding certificates at 4 per cent.	200,000,000
Navy pension fund at 3 per cent.	14,000,000
Pacific Railroad bonds at 6 per cent.	64,225,512

Principal	\$1,212,053,312
Interest	1,506,282
Total	\$1,213,559,594

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Principal	\$7,997,500
Interest	218,900
Total	\$8,216,400

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

Old demand and legal-tender notes	\$346,738,466
Certificates of deposit	13,550,000
Gold certificates	60,100,000
Silver certificates	9,914,100
Fractional currency	6,914,000
Principal	\$53,586,566

Principal	\$1,746,699,544
Interest	11,835,622
Total	\$1,758,535,166

Less cash in hand available for reduction of the debt

U. S. notes held for redemption	22,164,274
U. S. reserve	100,000,000
Total	\$122,164,274

Total debt less available cash items

Net cash in the Treasury	\$1,636,370,892
Debt less cash in Treasury June 1, 1886	\$1,308,198,231
Debt less cash in Treasury May 1, 1886	1,407,026,847

Decrease of debt during April

CASH IN THE TREASURY AVAILABLE FOR REDUCTION OF THE DEBT.	\$1,220,650,312
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Gold held for gold certificates actually outstanding

Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding	\$80,120,025
U. S. notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding	69,181,123
Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid	13,955,000
Fractional currency	19,901,100
Total available for reduction of the debt	\$222,164,274

RESERVE FUND.

Held for redemption of U. S. notes, acts Jan. 14, 1875, and July 14, 1882

Unavailable for reduction of the debt	\$100,000,000
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Fractional silver coin

Minor coin	\$28,912,277
Total	\$128,912,277

Certificates held as cash

Net cash balance on hand	\$2,316,636
Total cash in Treasury as shown by the Treasurer's general account	\$490,406,300

A WASHINGTON dispatch gives what purports to be a partial list of presents received by President Cleveland and his bride:

Secretary and Mrs. Whitney gave a brooch in the shape of a branch with leaves and flowers, all formed in diamonds. Postmaster General and Mrs. Vilas' present was a breastpin in the form of a bow-knot of Etruscan gold, with its edges bordered with diamonds. Secretary Lamar gave a cut-glass smelling-bottle studded with diamonds. Secretary and Mrs. Endicott, four massive solid silver candlesticks. Mr. E. R. Bacon, of New York, magnificent diamond star set in silver, to be worn as a pendant or attached to the gold hair-pin which accompanies it; Collector Hedden, of New York, a platinum salt dish on solid gold legs, with sea pearls studding the feet; Surveyor Beattie, of New York, diamond bracelet; Congressman Timothy J. Campbell, solid gold horse-radish dish; Governor Hill, of New York, elaborate jewel case with a French music-box attachment; Mrs. M. B. Braden, a rare-designed silver epergne with cut-glass dish for table; John R. McLean, oxidized silver and gold ice-cream freezer; E. H. Butler, of Buffalo, a solid silver soup ladle; Mr. Edward Cooper, a silver ale pitcher and mugs; Hubert O. Thompson, jeweled Chinese clock, made in Pekin, and valued at \$900; Mr. Bissell, large diamond flower, to be worn as a pin or as a pendant.

LAND COMMISSIONER SPARKS' order suspending the operations of the pre-emption and timber-culture laws has been recalled.

...About one thousand cards announcing the marriage of the President were sent out from the White House on the 4th inst. by mail, by messenger, and otherwise. The cards are exceedingly simple and plain, and engraved in heavy lines on a full sheet of fine note paper, reading as follows:

Mr. Grover Cleveland.
Miss Frank Folsom.

MARRIED.
On Wednesday, June second, eighteen hundred and eighty-six.

—Executive Mansion,
Washington.

These announcements were sent to the members of the Cabinet, Justices of the Supreme Court, Senators and Representatives in Congress, the Diplomatic Corps, the Lieutenant General of the Army, Admiral of the Navy, and other officials in Washington, and to personal friends of the President and Mrs. Cleveland in Albany and Buffalo.

GOV. SWINEFORD, of Alaska, who is urging a territorial form of government for the purchased region, predicts that there will be a white population of ten thousand before Congress can make the desired change. No one can now buy a foot of land in the district, and there is no way to obtain wood for the mines except to steal it from the public domain. The House Committee on Territories hesitates to favor the pending bill because of fears about the policy of Indian suffrage.

POLITICAL.

CORRESPONDENCE between Mr. Manning and the President is made public.

It shows that the Secretary of the Treasury wrote to Mr. Cleveland May 20 last, stating that the full recovery of his health had been pronounced an affair of weeks, and a longer period of rest, especially during the hot months, was prescribed. Under these circumstances Mr. Manning was of the opinion that he should stand aside and make way for one immediately capable of fulfilling every requirement of the public service in a department of the Government so difficult and so important.

The President's reply, dated June 1, after expressing the warmest friendship for Mr. Manning and praising him for the sentiments of devotion to public duty as well as fidelity to the administration contained in his letter, asks him to postpone for a while any insistence upon his resignation, and earnestly requests him to take a leave of absence, until Oct. 1 next, when, if Mr. Manning still desires to step aside, action will be taken in the matter. To this proposition the Secretary assented, and Assistant Secretary Fairchild will continue to act as head of the department until the specified time.

A WILKESBARRE (Pa.) dispatch says a

local paper has information that Mr. Powderly will tender his resignation as General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor if he is opposed by the Executive Board, and enter the Congressional race in that district.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

THE demand of the Allegheny County (Pa.) brick-makers for an advance in wages of 20 per cent. has been granted... Mr. Powderly said in an interview at Cleveland that everything he asked for was granted by the Cleveland convention: Speaking of the Home Club, he said: "So far as I can discover anything in the Home Club, it is simply a little circle of men in the order who are more intimate with one another than with other members. These men claim that their object is to build a home for each of the members, and they have between \$3,000 and \$4,000 in their treasury." Mr. Powderly expressed himself as opposed to Federal interference in arbitration. Congress might as well undertake to regulate the manner of conducting strikes. "When we have thorough organization," he added, "we can do without legislation. The scale conference of the iron manufacturers and workers is a form of the arbitration which we advocate."

"TEN days ago," says a Cleveland special, "Mr. Powderly was the Moses of the Knights of Labor. He stood so high above the order of which he is the official head that there was none to dispute his sway. His wish was law. He was the embodiment of all that was praiseworthy in the order. To-night he is only an ordinary Knight of Labor. He has fallen from his pedestal. He has been tried and found wanting, but his fall has been so sudden, so complete, and his surrender to an element which he has always professed to despise so thorough, that his warmest adherents are dumfounded. He seems utterly demoralized by the success of a faction which has for years been struggling to obtain the management of the order, to advance its private aims, and seemingly throw reputation to the winds in order to secure its support." ... A general strike of street-car employees in New York and Brooklyn was inaugurated last week... The first union meeting of the International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers ever held assembled last week in Jackson, Mich. The attendance was large, there being twenty-three special carloads of delegates.

GENERAL.

It is reported in Washington that an English syndicate stands ready to give \$300,000,000 for the Northern Pacific land grant, if the railroad can get its title confirmed.

...The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church has decided in favor of the use of instrumental music in worship.

A DISPATCH from Digby, N. S., says that two of the police cruisers have gone to Newfoundland to watch the American fishermen. Word has been received at New York from St. Johns, N. F., that two American schooners, heavily armed, were in that vicinity boasting that they would sink any police-boat sent against them. The man-of-war Belknap has been sent to St. Johns to look these combative Americans up. The report that a large number of British troops had been sent to Halifax is untrue.

At the meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Hamilton, Ohio, a resolution was adopted enjoining all members to abstain from connection with any association which might lead to acts of violence or to the invasion of the rights of property or interference with the liberty of men to work for whom they may choose... Yellow fever is now epidemic on the Isthmus of Panama, and forty deaths daily occur.

THE total number of failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's for the week was 159, against 170 the previous week, 162 in the opening week in June, 1885, 182 in 1884, 148 in 1883, and 104 in 1882. Canada had 16 failures last week, against 15 the previous week, and 15 in the same week of last year. Total failures in the United States from Jan. 1 to date were 4,795, against 5,514 in a like share of 1885, a decline of 719, against 4,687 in 1884, 4,563 in 1883, and 3,125 in 1882. Special telegrams to Bradstreet's do not show any marked change as to the condition of general trade.

A DEER PARK (Pa.) special says "President and Mrs. Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Lamont, ex-Senator and Mrs. Davis and two children, and John W. Davis attended church at Oakland, six miles from Deer Park, on Sunday. They witnessed the baptism of an infant girl which was named Frances, though not as a compliment to the President's bride. The President and wife have been putting in time opening letters and telegrams of congratulation. It is said they went fishing on Saturday, and that the President caught twenty fish, but that Frank only got three nibbles."

FOREIGN.

By the loss of the steamer Lydeemon, from Melbourne for Sidney, seventy persons were drowned.

THE Shah of Persia has refused to join with Turkey in a universal Mussulman alliance... The committee of the French Chamber of Deputies having in charge the expulsion bill has decided that the measure shall be compulsory, not permissive, and that it be applied to all members of all families which at any time reigned in France.

THE British House of Commons has agreed to an amendment to the liquor bill closing public houses in England, outside of London, on Sunday... The Jesuits are making purchases of real estate in Rome and putting up buildings... The French Ministry rejected the proposal made by the committee of the Chamber of Deputies to amend the expulsion bill to make the expulsion of the French princes mandatory, general, and immediate... Much excitement prevails in London in consequence of the progress of the alien land bill in Congress. Many negotiations for the purchase of American lands now pending have been completely stopped. There has been grave examination by bankers of their securities and leases on American real estate. English owners do not understand that the Federal act can only apply to the Territories, and will not affect existing titles. One man owning 197,000 acres in Wyoming is frantically trying to sell.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

ALFRED LONG, who was charged with murdering and robbing A. J. McBride and wife and burning their bodies in their house, was lynched near Lexington, N. C. He made a full confession of his guilt... A mulatto named Charles Whittle, aged 18, was lynched at Prince Frederick, Md., for brutally assaulting a 5-year-old child... A Northeastern passenger train fell through a trestle near St. Stephen's Station, South Carolina. Six persons were instantly killed and many others wounded, some of whom can not survive... The Davis Block, at Louisville, Ky., valued at \$100,000, was nearly destroyed by fire. The Grand Theater was located in the building and it was there the fire started... The Supreme Court of Arkansas has affirmed a decision making the conducting of bucket-shops a misdemeanor.

MAXWELL, the St. Louis murderer, expresses sorrow at his conviction because he had expected to enter a dime museum and acquire sufficient money to repay the heirs of his victim and then return to England to practice law... The press stand on the St. Louis Fair Association fell during the progress of a race, severely injuring many persons. Mr. Joseph McCullagh, managing editor of the *Globe-Democrat*, was badly hurt... Frosts are reported from Northern Minnesota and Dakota, doing considerable damage to grain.

AN incendiary fire destroyed the frame buildings Nos. 731 and 733 South Canal street, Chicago. The corpses of nine persons were taken from the ruins—among them being Michael Murphy, his wife, and four children.

THE President, says a Washington special, will not spend the summer at Forest Hill, nor will he remain in the White House or go to the so-called President's cottage at the Soldiers' Home. The first reform that the wife accomplishes will be to take him away from his desk. It is determined that soon after the adjournment of Congress he will make a journey through the Adirondacks and the White Mountains, and visit Boston... The Secretary of State has accepted the resignation of F. H. Winston as Minister to Persia, which was forwarded soon after the latter arrived at Tehran.

AFTER being before the British Parliament and the greater tribunal of civilized opinion for two months the Irish home-rule bill of Gladstone has been defeated by the decisive majority of thirty in the largest vote ever recorded in the House of Commons. Out of a possible 670 members 652 passed between the tellers in a division upon the most momentous question that has been submitted to a British Parliament in our generation. The scenes of intense popular interest that attended the introduction of the bill by Mr. Gladstone last April were more than repeated at Westminster during the closing hours of the struggle. The United Kingdom watched the closing hours of the debate with that absorbed interest which attends a life-and-death operation. In the estimation of the nationalists of Ireland, the fate of their beloved country hung upon the vote. In the view of the conservatives and their liberal allies the integrity of the empire was at stake... Prince Jerome Napoleon has published a protest against the expulsion bill, predicting that it will lead to civil war.

THE consular and diplomatic appropriation bill passed the Senate on the 7th inst. The oleomargarine bill was referred to the Committee on Agriculture. The Committee on Public Lands made a favorable report on Mr. Stanford's bill to grant the Seal Rocks in trust to the city of San Francisco. The Senate, in executive session, confirmed the nomination of A. P. Swineford to be Governor of Alaska. In the House of Representatives bills were introduced to establish a military fort near Denver; to grant a pension of \$100 a month to the widow of General Durbin Ward; to prohibit the employment of convict or alien labor on public works; to erect a monument in Brooklyn to the victims of prison ships; and to prohibit the obstruction of interstate railroad business. Judge Payson's bill repealing the pre-emption, desert land, and timber laws, and amending the commutation provision of the homestead law, was passed by a vote of 183 to 40. A resolution was presented for an inquiry into the Pension Department, and to report upon the propriety of continuing the excessive expenditures under the present system. Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, apologized for "warmth of expression" in the House in regard to Mr. Holman, of Indiana. The apology was accepted.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES	4.75 @ 6.25
HOGS	4.25 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.91 @ .91
No. 2 Red	.87 1/2 @ .87 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.42 @ .43
OATS—Western	.34 @ .35
PORK—Mess	9.00 @ 9.50

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers	5.25 @ 5.75
Good Shipping	5.25 @ 5.25
Common	4.50 @ 4.50
FLOUR—Shipping Grades	3.75 @ 4.25
Extra Spring	4.50 @ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.77 @ .77 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.34 @ .35
OATS—No. 2	.26 @ .28
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
Fine Dairy	11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
CHEESE—Full Cream New	.08 @ .09
Skimmed Flats	.05 @ .06
EGGS—Fresh	.08 1/2 @ .09 1/2
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.	.38 @ .45
PORK—Mess	8.50 @ 9.00

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—Cash	.76 @ .78
CORN—No. 2	.31 @ .35
OATS—No. 2	.26 @ .27
RYE—No. 1	.57 @ .58
PORK—Mess	8.25 @ 8.75

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—No. 2	.80 @ .83
CORN—No. 2	.36 @ .37
OATS—No. 2	.29 @ .31

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.77 1/2 @ .78 1/2
CORN—Mixed	.30 @ .32
OATS—Mixed	.26 @ .28
PORK—New Mess	8.50 @ 9.00

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.79 @ .81
CORN—No. 2	.34 @ .36
OATS—No. 2	.29 @ .31
PORK—Mess	9.50 @ 10.00
LIVE HOGS	3.75 @ 4.25

DETROIT.

BEEF CATTLE	5.00 @ 5.50
HOGS	3.50 @ 4.25
SHEEP	3.25 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.81 @ .83
CORN—No. 2	.34 @ .36
OATS—No. 2	.30 @ .34

INDIANAPOLIS.

BEEF CATTLE	3.50 @ 5.50
HOGS	3.25 @ 4.25
SHEEP	3.25 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.77 @ .79
CORN—No. 2	.32 @ .34
OATS—No. 2	.28 @ .30

EAST LIBERTY.

CATTLE—Best	4.50 @ 5.50
Fair	4.00 @ 4.50
Common	3.25 @ 4.00
HOGS	4.00 @ 4.50
SHEEP	3.00 @ 3.50

BUFFALO.

WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.84 @ .86
CORN—Yellow	.41 1/2 @ .42 1/2
CATTLE	5.25 @ 5.75

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Work of the Senate and House of Representatives.

MR. HARRIS, of Tennessee, introduced a bill in the Senate, on the 1st inst., providing for the payment to Mrs. Eliza H. Brownlow of \$500 for Government advertising in the Knoxville *Whip*, published by her husband, the famous "Parson" Brownlow. Mr. Beck introduced a bill making it unlawful for any member of either house to act as railroad attorney, and fixing the minimum punishment for violating its provisions at a fine of \$5,000, or imprisonment for one year. Bills were passed to prevent aliens from acquiring land in the Territories, and extending the eight-hour law to letter-carriers. The President vetoed another pension bill upon the ground that it was not based upon substantial merits. The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: David L. Hawkins, of Missouri, to be Assistant Secretary of the Interior, vice George A. Jenks, resigned; Joseph E. Johnston, of Virginia, to be commissioner in the district of Alaska, vice Chester Seeber, resigned; John B. Riley of Plattsburg, N. Y., Indian School Superintendent, vice John H. Oberly, appointed a civil-service commissioner. The House again wrestled with the oleomargarine bill, and the opponents of the measure gained a point by securing the adoption of an amendment reducing the tax from ten cents of freight cents a pound. Mr. Weaver, of Iowa, arose to a question of privilege and with some heat denied the charges of an Iowa newspaper that he was unduly influenced to oppose the bill. He had been, and still was, in favor of the oleomargarine bill, and it was false that he had been influenced improperly in his course in regard to that measure.

MR. CULLOM, of Illinois, introduced in the Senate, on the 2d inst., a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment in regard to polygamy. Mr. Morrill submitted a proposed amendment to Senator Platt's open executive session resolution which makes this resolution apply to reciprocity treaties instead of to nominations. The House of Representatives, in committee of the whole, finished the oleomargarine bill. Mr. O'Neill, from the Committee on Labor, reported a bill to legalize the incorporation of trade unions. A bill for the payment of the awards for Alabama claims was signed by the President, after consultation with the members of the Cabinet as to its constitutionality.

MR. DAWES presented a petition in the Senate, on the 3d inst., from the City Council of Gloucester, Mass., that retaliation be ordered against the Canadian Government for the seizure of American fishing-vessels. Mr. Edmunds expressed the hope that a ship of the United States Government would soon appear in the northern seas to encourage the fishermen.

The Senate passed Mr. Van Wyck's bill for the taxation of railroad-grant lands, the object being that the corporations shall bear equally with the settlers the burden of paying the taxes. The House of Representatives passed the oleomargarine bill after amending it to make the tax five cents per pound. The vote on the passage of the bill was 177 to 99. Of the 177 votes the Democrats contributed 81 and the Republicans 96. The negative votes were cast by 84 Democrats and 15 Republicans. New England cast 17 votes for the bill and 4 against; New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, and Delaware 48 for and 13 against; the Southern States, including West Virginia and Kentucky, 21 for and 16 against; the Western States, including Missouri, 84 for the bill and 15 against; and the Pacific Coast States 7 for and 1 against the bill. Iowa, Kansas, and Minnesota voted solidly for the bill. Wisconsin gave 1 nay—Van Schaick; Michigan, 7 yeas and 3 nays—Maybury, Tarsney, and Fisher. Illinois stood 15 to 4—Dunham, Lawler, Morrison, and Ward voting against the bill, and all the rest of them in favor of it except Eden, who was absent. Indiana voted 8 to 3—Cobb, Browne, and Ford voting against the bill. The following are the main features of the bill, as it passed: Butter is defined to be a food product made exclusively from milk or cream, or both with or without common salt, and with or without coloring matter. Oleomargarine is defined as all substances made of oleomargarine, oleo, lardine, tallow extracts, etc., in imitation of butter, or when so made calculated to be sold as butter or for butter. Special taxes are imposed as follows: On manufacturers, \$600; on wholesale dealers, \$400; on retail dealers, \$48. The existing internal-revenue laws, so far as applicable, are made to apply to these special taxes. Penalties are imposed on any person who shall deal in oleomargarine without paying the special tax. Provision is made for the proper stamping and labeling of every package of oleomargarine. A tax of five cents a pound is imposed on all oleomargarine manufactured and sold. It is a penalty is prescribed for the purchase or reception for sale of oleomargarine not branded or stamped according to law. A number of sections of the bill are devoted to providing machinery to carry the law into effect.

THE report of the Committee on Indian Affairs on its investigation of the condition of the Indians in the Indian Territory and other reservations was submitted in the Senate on the 4th inst. Touching the claims of the Creeks and Seminoles in Oklahoma, and the pretenses of a right of entry upon these lands by bands of colonists, the Committee unite in the conclusion that the United States has no right to dispose of the ownership of the soil in that ceded tract without further agreement with those tribes, except for the purpose of settling other friendly Indians upon those lands. The Senate passed the Chinese indemnity bill, appropriating \$150,000 to cover damages inflicted by rioters at Rock Springs, Wyoming. Senator Cullom submitted the Henne pin canal bill as an amendment to the river and harbor appropriation bill. In the House of Representatives Mr. Wheeler of Alabama, made a bitter attack upon Mr. Stanton for his action when Secretary of War, which excited some comment. The Secretary of War sent a communication to the House recommending that \$50,000 of the amount appropriated by the act of March 3, 1883, for the armament of fortifications, be appropriated, and made available for the construction of guns.

THE Ingalls resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Interior for the authority for the issuance by the Land Commissioner of an order suspending the receipt of applications for public lands under certain acts, passed the Senate on the 5th inst. The private pension bills rushed through numbered 280. The oleomargarine bill being brought to the Senate from the House the question of its reference was postponed and the bill was allowed to lie on the table to await the return of Mr.

THE KNOT TIED.

The President and Miss Folsom Securely Bound in the Holy Bonds of Matrimony.

A Quiet and Unostentatious Ceremony in the Blue Room of the Executive Mansion.

Profusion of Flowers, Elegant Toilets, and Sweet Music Lend Enchantment to the Scene.

The wedding of President Cleveland and Miss Folsom took place at the Executive Mansion in Washington on the evening of the 2d inst. It was witnessed only by the members of the Cabinet, their wives, and twelve relatives or friends of the contracting parties. Rev. Dr. Sunderland performed the ceremony in the blue room, amidst a mass of rare flowers. The bride's dress was of ivory satin, garnished with India muslin. The President and his bride left in the private coach of Robert Garrett for the cottage of ex-Senator Davis at Deer Park, Maryland. A report of the wedding festivities is appended.

Arrival of the Bride.

Miss Folsom arrived at Washington in the private car of President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania Road, at 5:30 a. m., and was met at the depot by Miss Rose Cleveland, who conducted her to President Cleveland's carriage. Miss Folsom was followed by her mother and her cousin, Mr. Benjamin Folsom, who also got into the carriage, and they were all driven rapidly to the White House. There they were welcomed by the President and his sister, Mrs. Hoyt.

Miss Folsom refreshed herself, changed her dress for one of lighter hue, and joined the others at breakfast. They were a very merry party.

Miss Folsom spent the entire day in the private portion of the house with her mother, Miss Cleveland, Mrs. Hoyt, and Miss Nelson.

Miss Cleveland gave her some interesting information about the management of the domestic affairs of the executive mansion.

Getting Out the License.

About 10 o'clock in the morning Col. Lamont got into the White House carriage and was driven to the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District, where, upon the payment of a five dollar fee, he received the following permit:

"To any minister of the gospel authorized to celebrate marriages in the District of Columbia, greeting: You are hereby licensed to solemnize the rites of marriage between Frank Folsom, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Grover Cleveland, of Buffalo, N. Y., if you find no lawful impediment thereto; and, having so done, you are commanded to appear in the Clerk's office of the Supreme Court of said District, and certify the same."

"Witness my hand and seal of this court this 2d day of June, 1886. B. R. MORGAN, Clerk."

Beneath this is a blank form which, when filled out by the minister, will read as follows: "I, Byron Sunderland, minister of the First Presbyterian Church, hereby certify that, by authority of a license of the same tenor as the foregoing, I solemnized the marriage of the parties aforesaid on the 2d day of June, 1886, at the White House, in the District of Columbia."

"BYRON SUNDERLAND."

A Rehearsal.

On the Colonel's return to the White House he was closeted with the President for some time. The offices of the second floor were deserted by all but Chief Clerk Pruden, who was preparing bills for the President to sign, just as though it was not the wedding day. At 11:30 Dr. Sunderland appeared and asked to see Col. Lamont.

"I have the form of the ceremony made up in the rough," he said, "and I have come up here to perfect it. I have hardly had time to think since Friday night. I have had so many newspaper men after me that I have had to sit up until two o'clock in the morning to be able to write anything."

The reverend doctor was in a most pleasantly excited condition, and almost completely out of breath. After waiting a moment he was ushered into the red parlor, where he had a conversation with the President. The rehearsal of the wedding took place at 12:30. It was informal, and was not held in the blue parlor. The President, Miss Folsom, and Dr. Sunderland sat down in Miss Cleveland's little parlor up-stairs, and quietly went over the services to be performed. There were some changes made to suit the taste of the contracting parties. When the rehearsal was about over the President stepped out and called in his brother, the Rev. William Cleveland. Then the President said to Dr. Sunderland that he had not expected his brother to be present, but that he had arrived at the eleventh hour. It would be needless, therefore, if Dr. Sunderland could contrive some means by which his brother could participate in the services.

Dr. Sunderland said that he did not know of any way in which the services could be split up, but he suggested that the Rev. Mr. Cleveland deliver the benediction. It was arranged that way. The President at first was averse to having the form of the ceremony made public, but he was finally persuaded.

Approaching the Auspicious Hour.

About 6:30 o'clock Secretary Lamar came lumbering up the flagstone walk, and he was followed a few moments later by the witnesses, Dr. Sunderland and wife. After that the guests began to arrive rapidly in the following order: Postmaster General Vilas and wife, Mr. William Bissell, Secretary and Mrs. Endicott, Secretary Bayard, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney, and Secretary Manning and wife. Attorney General Garland did not put in an appearance. Various reasons are assigned for his absence, the most plausible being his well-known antipathy to full dress. He made a solemn vow not very long ago that he would not appear in public in a dress suit. The carriages of the guests drew up on Pennsylvania avenue near the main entrance. The guests were shown into the state dining-room, where their wraps were removed. From there they were ushered into the blue-room, where they were received by Miss Rose Cleveland, and where conversation was entered into for a few moments.

The blue-room seemed to have received the principal attention of the decorators, and the work was well done. The display of flowers was simply magnificent. The room was a mass of exotic plants.

There were now present in the blue-room: Mrs. Folsom, mother of the bride; the Rev. Dr. William Cleveland, the President's brother; Miss Cleveland and Mrs. Hoyt, the President's sisters; Secretary of State Bayard, Secretary of the Treasury Manning and wife, Secretary of War Endicott and wife, Secretary Whitney and wife, Postmaster General Vilas and wife, Secretary Lamar, Private Secretary Lamont and wife, Benjamin Folsom of Buffalo, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers of Seneca Falls, Mrs. Cadman and Miss Huddleston of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. Harmon of Boston (relatives of the bride), Mr. and Mrs. Nelson of New York, Mr. W. B. Bissell of Buffalo, the President's law partner, and the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Byron Sunderland.

Miss Rose Cleveland was looking very fresh, although she had been up since 4:30 in the morning. She wore an exquisite dress of Nile green and cameo pink duchesse satin with silver ornaments, low corsage, garnished with pink roses, short sleeves, dem-length gloves in light tan. She carried a fan of pink curlow feathers.

Mrs. Folsom wore a dress of violet satin, with garniture in white faille, with crystal violet drops in pendants everywhere.

Mrs. Hoyt, the President's sister, wore a dainty costume en traine of China crepe in robin's-egg blue, most effectively garnished with rare old lace. Her flowers were La France roses.

Mrs. Manning's dress was of white satin, flounced across the front with duchesse lace trimmings finished with sea-pearls, square neck, and elbow sleeves. Diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Endicott wore satin with silver and white sapphire, draped in black Chantilly lace. Red pompon in hair and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Whitney wore a bodice of violet with white satin and tails skirts trimmed with violet. Diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Vilas' dress was a light-blue silk with

long train strewn with daisies of silver, front of crystal and pearl lace and pearl trimming. Low neck and elbow sleeves.

Mrs. Lamont wore an ivory-tinted satin dress, demi-train, with a panel of crystal and pearl on the left side of the skirt, square-necked corsage, edged with crystal and jet fringe, elbow sleeves, and a beautiful corsage bouquet of Jacqueminot roses.

Mrs. Rogers cousin of the bride, was dressed in a costume of delicate cameo pink, with brocade front.

Mrs. Cadman, a relative of the bride, wore a white satin dress en traine, with black lace draperies and Jacqueminot roses.

Mrs. Harmon wore a satin dress of light orange.

Miss Nelson wore a handsome costume of corn-colored satin, with overdress of white antique lace, cut pompadour, with low corsage and elbow sleeves. Her flowers were Jacqueminot roses.

Miss Huddleston was dressed in pink silk with blue trimming.

Mrs. Sunderland's dress was gray satin trimmed with lace, long train, square neck, and elbow sleeves. It wanted ten minutes of seven o'clock when Miss Cleveland, Mrs. Folsom, and the wedding guests placed themselves in a circle about the blue-room. Mr. Bayard, standing at the head of the line at the left, while Mr. Cleveland's brother stood at the other end of the horseshoe. The Cabinet officers did not arrange themselves according to their rank, but stood in line just as chance placed them. Mr. Lamar was next to Mr. Bayard, and Mr. Whitney stood above Mr. Vilas.

At exactly 7 a messenger made a quiet signal to Colonel Lamont from the red parlor, and the Colonel repeated the signal to Dr. Sunderland, who immediately took his position in front of the great bank of flowers at the south end of the room. A second later the Marine Band, which was stationed in the ante-room, struck up Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," while booming cannon from the arsenal swelled the chorus of sound. Then the movement from up-stairs began, and the bridal party appeared.

All were anxious to watch the President's bearing, and all agree that he was cool and composed, showing that same self-poise exhibited



by him on inauguration day. He was in faultless evening dress, his coat fitting like a glove. Instead of his usual turn-down collar, he wore a high stand-up one, with a white-lace tie carefully knotted at his throat. A white rose was fastened to the lapel of his coat.

Upon his arm leaned Miss Folsom, who fulfilled the role of the traditional beautiful bride. She never looked handsomer. Her rather tall, slim, graceful, well-rounded figure was displayed to its full advantage by her exquisite Parisian wedding dress. Its soft ivory color made a gentle contrast with the fresh soft pink of her cheeks. Her brown hair, curled loosely upon her gracefully poised head, showed gleams of reddish lights through the soft tulle veil, which fell in a trailing mist over her dress. Her blue eyes sparkled with excitement. She walked well, with a graceful, dignified bearing. The bridal couple turned to the right as they entered the room from the long hall, marching in step with gay music from the distant ante-room, and faced the officiating clergyman. Mr. Whitney settled his glasses once or twice more firmly upon his face. Mr. Lamar stood with his hands behind him, and gazed with a look of dreamy rapture upon the bride, who, under the scrutinizing gaze of the small group, flushed and paled alternately. Mrs. Folsom fell back to the left to meet Miss Cleveland, and her friend Miss Nelson passed to the opposite side of the room from the Folsom relatives. Mrs. Hoyt stood by them.

The Rev. Dr. Sunderland was never more sonorous and impressive than in his performance of the ceremony. The little man inflated himself and made the most of every inch of his height, maintaining throughout great self-possession and dignity. His thirty years of experience had prepared him for just such a wedding. He wasted no time.

Entering the Holy Estate.

Dr. Sunderland then said, very solemnly and distinctly: "Forasmuch as we are assembled to observe the holy rites of marriage, it is needful that we should seek the blessing of the great God, our Father, whose institution it is, and therefore I beseech you now to follow me with reverent hearts in prayer to Him:

"Almighty and Everlasting God, the Father of our spirits, the framer of our bodies, the giver of every good and perfect gift—Thou who canst see the end from the beginning, who knowest what is best for us Thy children, and hast appointed the holy rite of marriage to be sacredly observed throughout all generations, regard now, we beseech Thee, Thy servant, our Chief Magistrate; endow him plentifully with Thy grace, and fill him with wisdom to walk in Thy ordinances. Be very nigh to him in the midst of many cares and grave responsibilities. Day by day may Thy law direct him, and Thy strength uphold him, and be Thou forever his sun and shield. Be Thou graciously pleased to look down upon this Thy daughter, even as Thou didst favor the chosen Rebecca and many noble women that have adorned the world. May she indeed be a precious boon of good to her husband, cheer and help him continually, a woman gifted with the beauty of the Lord, and shedding the sweet influence of a Christian life upon the nation in whose sight she is to dwell. Will Thou approve what we Thy servants come to do in Thy name by thine authority and under the laws of the land in which we live, and graciously assist them, this man and this woman, who are here to be united in the bonds of holy wedlock according to the institution of Thy word. Mercifully be pleased, Almighty God, to vouchsafe to each of them Thy protection, that they may well and truly weigh the unfeeling yoke which they are now about to make to each other in the presence of this company and before Thee, and that they may be enabled hereafter at all times so to live together as to rejoice in the solemnization of this union with joy unspeakable and full of glory, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen."

Turning then to the company, Dr. Sunderland said: "Marriage is honorable among all men in that a man shall leave his father and mother and shall cleave unto his wife and they twain shall be one flesh. It was constituted by our Creator in the first paradise. It was consecrated by patriarch and priest, prophet and apostle. It was confirmed by the teaching and adorned with the presence of the Redeemer, and has been honored by the faithful keeping of all good men and women, since the world began. It is not therefore to be undertaken lightly or unadvisedly, but soberly, discreetly, and in the fear of God. Into this holy estate this man and this woman come now to enter. If any now can show just cause why they may not be lawfully united in marriage, let him now speak, or else hereafter forever hold his peace."

Addressing himself to the bride and groom, Dr. Sunderland then said: "If you desire to be united in marriage you will signify the same by joining your right hands."

The bride and groom then joined hands, and of the latter Dr. Sunderland asked: "Groom, do you take this woman whom you hold by the hand to be your lawful wedded wife, to live together after God's ordinance in the holy estate of wedlock? Do you promise to love her, honor, comfort, and keep her in sickness and in health, in joy and sorrow, and forsaking all others, keep you only unto her so long as you both shall live?"

The groom (firmly)—I do.

Dr. Sunderland—Frank, do you take this man whom you hold by the hand to be your lawful wedded husband, to live together after God's ordinance in the holy estate of wedlock? Do you promise to love him, honor, comfort, and keep him in sickness and in health, in joy

and in sorrow, and forsaking all others, keep you only unto him so long as you both shall live?"

The bride answered, in a low but clear voice, "I do."

Dr. Sunderland—In token of the same let the wedding ring be passed.

Mr. Cleveland put the plain gold band on the bride's extended finger, and with increased solemnity Dr. Sunderland said: "Forasmuch as Grover and Frank have here agreed and covenanted to live together after God's ordinance in the holy estate of wedlock, and have confirmed the same by giving and taking a wedding ring; now, therefore, in the presence of this company, in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, I pronounce and declare that they are husband and wife, and what God hath joined together let no man put asunder."

The Rev. Dr. Cleveland then pronounced the benediction: "God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Ghost, bless, preserve, and keep you, the Lord mercifully fill you with all spiritual blessings, and grant that you may so live together in this world that in the world to come you may have life everlasting. Amen."

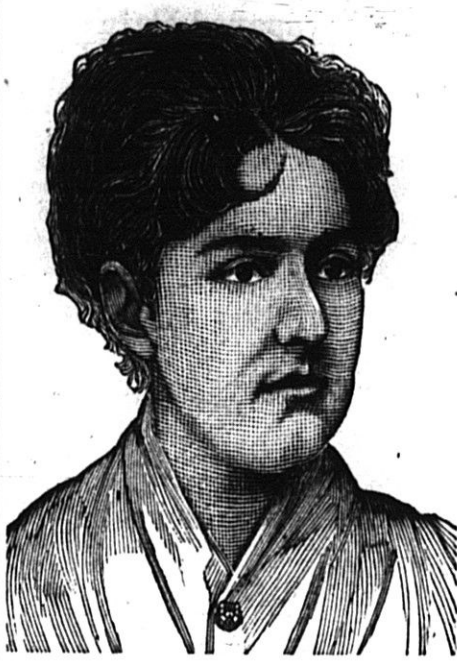
The Bridegroom's Kiss.

President Cleveland bent over and kissed his bride full on the lips. The other gentlemen present were not accorded the privilege of saluting the bride, who confined her favors to the ladies; otherwise, however, there was nothing to mar the harmony of the occasion.

Congratulations.

Mr. Whitney made a graceful speech to Mrs. Cleveland, and Mr. Lamar showed compliments upon her. He said that he had never in his life seen any one who so completely satisfied his ideal of a mistress of the White House. "You will not only rule as a queen in the White House," he said, "but you will also be a queen in all our hearts." This, with a low bow which Mr. Lamar alone knows how to make, was considered the banner compliment of the evening.

Mrs. Folsom, the bride's mother, who had shown deep emotion during the ceremony, was the first to tender her congratulations. Miss Cleveland followed her, and then the Rev. Mr.



Cleveland and other relatives and friends in turn. While these congratulations were going on the Marine Band performed the bridal chorus and march from "Lohengrin."

Meanwhile the chimes throughout the city were making pleasant music, and Presidential salutes were fired by batteries of artillery near the river. The chime of bells of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church rang out Mendelssohn's Wedding March.

President Cleveland and his bride led the way into the East Room, the adornments of which were in keeping with its majestic proportions, and its ample space and brilliant illumination gave an excellent opportunity for a display of the ladies' toilets. The room presented a mass of exotic plants.

In the Dining-Room.

After a brief season of promenading and conversation during which the congratulations were renewed, the company proceeded to the dining-room of the mansion, where a collation was served. There was no formal order observed; the guests sat at the small tables, or slowly promenaded the room as they discussed the menu. The souvenirs of satin boxes containing pieces of the bridal cake, each one bearing the hand-painted monogram of "C. F.," were greatly admired.

The decorations of the dining-room were also of an elaborate character.

While the collation was being served the bride slipped away to her room and changed her bridal robes for a heavy traveling dress of gray silk, after which she returned and was joined by the President, who in the meanwhile had changed his dress suit for a traveling costume.

At 8:30, President and Mrs. Cleveland bade their friends good-by and left the White House through a private exit from the red-room into the south grounds. In a closed carriage they were driven away, amid showers of rice that were thrown after them, and cries of "Godspeed" came from the rear porch.

The bridal party having left the White House, the guests made merry for a short time. By ten o'clock all the guests had taken their departure. The President and his bride were driven to the depot where they took the train for Deer Park, Md., for a week's honeymoon.

The Courtship.

Major Oscar Folsom, the father of the bride, was the law partner of President Cleveland and his enthusiastic supporter in his canvasses for Sheriff or Mayor of Buffalo. He was killed in 1875 by being thrown from a buggy when Miss Frazz was only 11 years old, and the little girl was left in charge of the father's law partner as guardian. In his position as her father's most intimate friend and executor the President has been acquainted with Miss Folsom from childhood. Both she and her mother have learned to respect and admire his many qualities as well as those fine and delicate qualities of mind and heart that charm a woman, and on his part the President has found in the daughter the characteristics which made him almost reverence her.

She has inherited all the brilliant qualities of her father, who was for years the leading orator and jury lawyer of Western New York. After the death of her father, Miss Frazz went to live with Grandfather Folsom, of Folsomdale, where she lived until going on her trip to Europe. During her residence there Mr. Cleveland was a frequent visitor to the house, and it is said proposed marriage, and was accepted before the inauguration. In these few words can the story of the courtship be told. It is not a thing of yesterday, and the marriage which consummates it has been the dream of the President's life ever since Miss Folsom began to bud into womanhood.

The lady of the White House is looked upon by all feminine eyes. Every social act of hers is watched, and if she be a person of originality and sets any new customs in the manner of her dress or mode of arranging entertainments she is appreciated, and her ways copied. The bride is eminently fitted for the position.

The Folsom Family.

Oscar Folsom, her father, comes from an old and honorable family. The first of the name came from England in 1638 in the ship Diligent, of Ipswich. This was John Folsom, or Foulsham, as the name was then spelled. It is derived from the town of Foulsham, in Norfolk County, England, near Hingham. John came with a colony from Hingham and founded the town of Hingham, Mass. The family name was lawfully changed until, in 1839, it was written Folsom by all the members in the United States.

Many distinguished Folsoms are chronicled in the family genealogy, notably Gen. Nathaniel Folsom, a Brigadier in the Colonial army. In 1774 he was chosen to the first general Congress, which met in Philadelphia. He served during the siege of Boston as a Brigadier. In 1775 he was commissioned Major General. In 1777 and 1778 he was again a member of Congress. He died in 1790, aged 64.

CLEVELAND Leader: Grover's example, or the fine spring weather, or better times, or something, has promoted quite a boom in the matrimonial market all over the country. Well, American girls are very wise.

LOUISVILLE Courier-Journal: It is believed that had President Arthur been possessed of so able a Private Secretary as Colonel Daniel Lamont, the great shanman would not have left the White House a widower.

A BUSY LIFE ENDED.

John Kelly, the Chieftain of New York's Tammany Society, Passes Away.

His Death a Peaceful One, His Faculties Remaining Intact to the Last Moment.

"I have tried to live the life of a good Catholic, and die in the comfort of that faith," were the last words uttered on earth by John Kelly, the noted Tammany chief of New York, who passed away peacefully at his house in that city on the afternoon of Tuesday, the 1st inst. He had been sick for a long time—in fact, his illness dated back to the close of the last Presidential campaign—but it was not believed by his intimate friends that he was so near death's door. His mental faculties were bright and clear to the last. His death was painless and peaceful. He held the hand of his wife until his hold relaxed in death. Mr. Kelly leaves two children, a girl and a boy, aged respectively 9 and 7 years. His widow is a niece of the late Cardinal McCloskey. Mr. Kelly expressed a wish that his funeral should be private and simple, consequently there was no public demonstration.

Dr. Edward L. Keyes, who attended Mr. Kelly throughout his illness, says that his patient had been in failing health for two years. The nerve forces were impaired, and all the functions were deranged in consequence. He made strong efforts to regain his health, but they were futile. He finally acknowledged that it was useless to hope for recovery, and for six or eight months past he had confessed he was dying. At times Mr. Kelly was much depressed in spirits, but at no time was his intelligence impaired. He retained that throughout, and at all times had full control of his senses. His physical deterioration was great. His hair and beard became perfectly white. He lost at least sixty pounds in flesh. His heart and other integral organs were very much affected, although he had no organic disease. He seemed to show no regret, but appeared to be willing to let go his grip on life.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

"John Kelly—Grate Setter," was the sign which hung from a modest two-story house in Mott street, New York, in 1844. It indicated the humble beginning of one who, twelve years later, was a member of Congress, and who, for thirty years since then, was one of the most prominent political figures of New York. His name was familiar to everybody, and his features have been portrayed so frequently by the caricaturists that even children recognized it. It is said that the editor of an illustrated paper at one time instructed his artists to remember that when timely subjects did not present themselves a cartoon on John Kelly was always in order, and Kelly has been seen on a street-car perusing this very paper, his eye twinkling merrily when he found a humorous representation of himself. John's strong characteristic was his unostentatiousness, and for that reason people know very little about his private life.

John Kelly was born in New York City April 20, 1822. His father died when he was 8 years old. When the New York Herald was in its infancy young Kelly walked into the office one day and asked the elder Bennett if he wanted an office boy. Bennett was a good judge of character and quick in deciding. He talked with the youth a few minutes, and then told him to go to work. He became a great favorite with Bennett, and when at length he grew older and determined on learning a trade, so as to better support the large family that was depending on him, Mr. Bennett offered him strong inducements to remain, and on parting with him predicted that he would succeed anywhere. The elder Bennett was as strong a friend of Kelly's as the present Bennett was a bitter enemy. Kelly learned the trade of soapstone cutting and grate-setting, at which he afterward made a considerable fortune. He proved to be a remarkably shrewd business man, and his faith in the future of New York City was so great that with every \$200 or \$300 he would get he bought a lot up-town; these lots are worth to-day from \$5,000 to \$10,000, and Mr. Kelly has died a millionaire. Though his charity was distributed most secretly, it is estimated that he dispensed \$250,000 in that way. When a young man John was notable as an athlete. The notorious John Morrissey said of Kelly that he had the build of an ideal pugilist. Though the cartoonists have always represented him as a dumpy man, he was nearly six feet in height and weighed about 240 pounds. He ran with the "fire laddies" in his early days, and made hosts of friends, who elected him Alderman in 1853. Tweed, of ring fame, afterward said of this body: "There never was a time before that you could not buy the Board of Aldermen, and if it was not for John Kelly's severity you could buy it now."

In 1854 he was elected to the Thirty-fifth Congress. He resigned his seat before his last term was completed to take the office of Sheriff, to which he had been elected. It was while in Congress that General Cass, President Buchanan's Secretary of State, spoke of him as "Honest John Kelly," which he has been commonly called since. In 1868 he was chosen the candidate for the Mayoralty in opposition to Bill Tweed's Tammany Hall candidate, but an awful burden of domestic affliction in the loss of his wife and son compelled him to withdraw and take his two daughters—all that was left of his family—to Europe for his own health as well as theirs. He remained away three years, and during his absence New York City was given over wholly to the plunder of the Tweed ring. Prominent men like Mr. Tilden, Seymour, Hewitt, and Belmont sought Mr. Kelly to help them in this crisis. He had vowed never to again enter politics. Their importunities continued for a year, till at last he entered the fight, and while Mr. Tilden and Charles O'Connor attacked the Tweed ring in the Legislature and in the courts Mr. Kelly had a hand-to-hand tussle with them in Tammany Hall, their citadel, and routed them, as is well known. This gave him a prestige which he held since. An idea of the tremendous power which this ring wielded may be obtained from the fact that it gave employment to 12,000 persons and disbursed \$30,000,000 annually. In 1876 Mr. Kelly was appointed Comptroller of the city, and not only stopped the debt of the city increasing, something unprecedented, but actually reduced it \$12,000,000 during his term of office.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

- Lansing has a city debt of \$120,000.
- Wood sells at thirty cents a load in St. John's.
- Flint will soon have an electric-light plant in operation.
- A Mancelona factory ships a car-load of wooden dishes every day.
- The paving in front of the State Capitol will be completed July 1.
- A nitro-glycerine factory is about to commence operations at Negaunee.
- A railroad will probably be built from Caro to Marlette in the near future.
- Several energetic citizens of Ludington are endeavoring to secure a marine hospital.
- Several prominent young ladies of Pleasant Lake have organized a brass band.
- A Jackson grocer has \$30,000 worth of unpaid accounts, which he is willing to sell for \$200.
- Adrian citizens are thinking of organizing a society for prevention of cruelty to animals.
- A Milan florist has a shrub which grows flowers of two colors and kinds, but on different branches.
- Cecil Smith, of Milan, aged ninety-one years, died last week, leaving a widow of ninety-five summers.
- The Harbormaster at Bay City was called upon to act in his official capacity only three times last year.
- The congregation of the Presbyterian Church at Mason have extended a call to Rev. J. A. Barnes, of Clinton, at a salary of \$1,200.
- The Manistee School Board offers \$500 reward for the arrest and conviction of the incendiaries who burned the \$40,000 school-house in that place.
- James Curry, aged 15 years, fooled with a dynamite cartridge at Pulaski recently, when it exploded, mutilating his hands and hip badly.
- The announcement that one of the combatants in the recent prize-fight was almost killed, will be received with genuine regret.—Free Press.
- Bay City bricklayers say that there are more of their number now in that city than can secure work, advertisements to the contrary notwithstanding.
- Henry Wilson, a negro who killed his daughter last April by pouring carbolic acid down her throat, was sentenced to prison for life at Detroit.
- A Mt. Pleasant farmer of experience declares that there is more money in growing wool at twenty cents a pound than in loaning money at ten per cent. interest.
- Bay City has a curiosity in the shape of an English nobleman who looks like a tramp and lives the life of a hermit, with only his dogs for companions, and yet is wealthy.
- An explosion wrecked Kimbark's factory at Quincy, several persons being bruised and scalded. Two have died of their injuries, and others are not expected to recover.
- Mrs. John Bierd, of Zilwaukee, was taken with a fit while walking along the street, and tumbled over into a small pool of water, where she was drowned before help arrived.
- The Jackson Patriot declares that the food furnished the prisoners in the penitentiary is below the standard. The prison authorities are said to be boycotting the Patriot for this declaration.
- Gov. Alger has presented a fan to each girl inmate of the Industrial Home, at Adrian, who was perfect in deportment for the month of April, and a clock to each girl who had a perfect record during April and May.
- Mrs. Dr. Gunsolus, of Dundee, has received from Virginia an old family relic in the shape of a clock. It is about 125 years old and was first the property of her great-grandparents, and has since been the property of the various generations of the family.
- John Kalousky, aged 26, an employe of the Peninsular Stove Works, Detroit, while returning home from a dance was assaulted by four men, one of whom plunged a knife into his right side, inflicting a fatal wound. Louis Grywezsky, who had threatened Kalousky, has been arrested on suspicion.
- A communication which we would very gladly print goes to the waste basket because the author failed to give us his name. This brief mention will apprise him of the reason for the non-appearance of his note. If it also appraises him that it is extremely discourteous—to say the least—to send an anonymous letter to a newspaper, even when the letter is courteous and proper, we shall be glad.—Free Press.
- Kitchigami, the largest eight-wheel locomotive in the United States, is now doing regular duty in transporting rock from the Calumet and Hecla Mine to the mills. The "Kitchigami" is a "daisy," as Engineer Laing expresses it, and with sufficient rock cars would not be required to make more than four or five trips a day to supply the full quota of Leavitt pounders in the two mills. Then it is said that the mammoth locomotive will do the same work with full one-third less fuel. Don't have to crowd "she," as it were.—Torch Lake Times.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1886.

(Continued from First Page.)

A. H. Meyers, Rev. M. Bleetzen, Rev. O. H. Gregor, Rev. Theodore B. Romeyn. The report was adopted.

TAKEN FROM "SYNOD NOTES."

Rev. N. M. Steffens, D. D., Professor of Theology in the Western Theological Seminary, at Holland, Mich., has just received the title of D. D. from the German University of Jena.

Rev. Moerdyke, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Rev. Dr. Beardsley, of Troy, N. Y., sail for Europe on the 12th of June, while Rev. D. Van Pelt, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will sail on the 19th. All are delegates to the General Synod.

Last Sunday Elder Frank Van Driele, of Grand Rapids, Mich., who is the father of the Hollanders there, having resided in that city since July 5, 1848, will be 70 years old. During the last six years he has always celebrated his birthday at the General Synod. He is a staunch supporter of the Reformed Church.

Synod of the Holland Christian Reformed Church.

The bi-annual synod of the Holland Christian Reformed Church of America was commenced at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning at the Spring Street Church. There were present 75 representatives from the states of New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska and Dakota territory. The session will continue several days. After devotional exercises the organization of the assembly and election of officers ensued and occupied the rest of the morning. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. R. Rietdyk, of Zeeland. Vice President, Rev. R. Duiker, of Grand Haven.

First Secretary, Rev. P. Schut, Kelloggsville.

Second Secretary, Rev. D. Noordewier, Fremont.

In the afternoon an article was read by Rev. E. L. Meinders, of South Holland, Ill., upon the condition of the church in Illinois.

The Holland Christian Reformed church are bitterly opposed to all secret societies, and one matter that will come up during the session will be how to deal with the Knights of Labor, and what attitude to assume toward that organization. The proceedings are all conducted in the Holland language.—Grand Rapids Democrat.

Hope College Commencement.

The Commencement Exercises of Hope College, for 1886, will take place as follows:

Sunday, June 20th. At 7:30 p. m. in Hope Church, the Baccalaureate sermon, by Rev. R. H. Steele, D. D. of Ann Arbor, Mich.

Monday, June 21st. At 2:30 p. m., in the College Chapel, the Rhetorical Exercises of the Grammar School.

At 7:30 p. m., in the Third Church, the Inauguration of Prof. Charles Scott, D. D., as president of the College.

Tuesday, June 22nd. At 10:30 a. m., in the College Library, the regular annual meeting of the Council of Hope College. This body convenes specially at 7 o'clock, p. m., on the day before.

At 7:30 p. m., in the College Chapel, the annual meeting of the Alumni.

Wednesday, June 23rd. At 7:30 p. m. in Hope Church, the commencement.

The examinations of the undergraduate classes will begin on Wednesday, June 16, at 8:30 a. m. and be continued for three days.

Examinations for admission will be held on Monday, June 21, at 10:30 a. m.

CHARLES SCOTT, President.

Holland, Mich., May 31, 1886.

Inauguration of the President of Hope College.

The Inauguration of Rev. Charles Scott, D. D., as President of Hope College will take place on Monday, June 21, at 7:30 p. m., in the Third Reformed Church of Holland, Mich.

The following will be the order of exercises on that occasion:—

The President of the Council of Hope College will preside.

Rev. W. J. R. Taylor, D. D., of Newark, N. J., will preach the sermon.

The charge to the President will be given by Rev. John S. Jormalon, of Norwood Park, Ill., after which the President will deliver his Inaugural Address.

D. BROEK,

Chairman of Com. of Arrangements.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 4, 1886.

THE Alumni Association of Hope College will hold its Annual Public Meeting in the College Chapel on Tuesday, June 22nd, at 8 p. m. The exercises will be of a popular character, and will be conducted according to the following programme:

Oration, Prof. Jacob J. Van Zanten, Orange City, Ia.

Chronicles, Rev. J. Meulendyk, Fremont, Mich.

Prophecy, Prof. G. J. Kollen, Holland, Mich.

The people of Holland and all friends of the College are cordially invited. There will be a business meeting of the Alumni on Wednesday morning, June 23rd, at 9 o'clock. All the graduates, who can possibly attend, are strongly urged to be present.

HENRY BOERS, Sec'y.

A CITY improvement society could do much for Muskegon. Soon the new railroad will connect us by another line with the world, and as these traveling facilities increase, a larger number of strangers will visit the city. These form their first impressions from externals, and first impressions are not easily removed. In many towns these improvement societies, by the discussion and agitation of their views, have transformed ugly places into towns so attractive that visitors are at once impressed, and many of them so deeply as to invest in homes, or to sojourn there every summer. In one place of but four thousand inhabitants, once noted for its unattractiveness, the new streets are now all terraced; the houses placed at uniform distance from the road, the fences all removed, and the lawns so lovely that a look along one of these transformed streets is like that along an avenue in some beautiful and highly cultivated park. This city, with its beautiful harbor and other advantages, might be made one of the most beautiful in the world, and thus become the resort which its lake and rapidly increasing advantages fit it for. It is sure to become a large city if made pleasant and attractive to those seeking business locations or homes.—Muskegon Chronicle.

The "one place of but four thousand inhabitants" must be Holland.

OUT AROUND.

Johnsville.

Now comes the picnic which we understand will be on the "Lake Shore" some time next week. . . . We are in need of rain; strawberries are suffering in consequence. . . . Frost Monday night but no damage done. . . . We noticed Mr. "G. W." your West Olive correspondent, in town last week. . . . Farmers are beginning to ship strawberries. There seem to be quite a good crop in spite of the recent frosts. . . . Geo. Harris and Frank Swift caught two brown thrushes and consider them great pets and until recently were continually catching flies with which to feed them. The other day they came over and asked the station agent to let them clean out what spare flies he had in the depot. Permission was granted, a bottle secured and work commenced. The flies are mostly large ox flies. Way up in the north-west corner of section 27, town 7, range west was the champion hornet of the season. He was not a common hornet but one of those kind that makes a man feel as if he wished he had never been born. The hornet had been trying all the afternoon to get his work in on the station agent and it is suspected by some that the knowledge of its being there accounts in a measure for the look of serenity that overspread the features of the agent when he gave his consent. George snapped a fly and then he missed and finally he spied his hornetship setting meekly in his corner. Now George is near sighted, very much so, and when he grabbed the supposed fly, he got him exactly by the business end. Whoop! and down he came. He now wears his thumb with poultice attachment and when asked his opinion on hornets invariably says, blank, blank, the blankety blank things anyway.

"TUG BUTTON."

West Olive.

Mr. Allison Brown and family, formerly residents in this vicinity, but now of Cedar Springs, are visiting here. . . . Mr. G. W. Davidson commenced work on his new store building Monday. . . . Miss G. E. Merritt, who is living at Grand Haven, passed through here Monday on her way to make a last visit with her brother, Charles Merritt, before he goes out West. He is to start this week. His father and brother Daniel are already there and doing well, as is also Mr. C. Nivison, of Olive Centre. The latter, who, when here, suffered more or less with a bronchial difficulty, claims to be free from it there. . . . Mr. R. T. Cady has gone to Moscow, Hillsdale County, for a few days. . . . Deacon Pierce, of Olive Centre, after retiring a few evenings since, was somewhat surprised to be aroused and informed that there was a gathering of neighbors and friends at his door. The occasion was his birthday. A load came there from West Olive. . . . Mrs. Chas. Pierce has returned from her visit from near Detroit. . . . Miss M. Pierce has closed her school for a day at least, she being sick. . . . The one-week-old child of Mrs. Bennett died Monday, funeral Tuesday. . . . Mr. Post, who moved from here to Grand Rapids, last fall, is here on a visit. . . . Mr. Frank Bedell and brother Lewis are loading several cars for N. W. Northrup, of Grand Rapids, with lumber which was sawed here. . . . Mr. J. Snell was here from Muskegon, returning Monday. He and his brother-in-law, Geo. Barlow, Jr., have work in a wagon manufactory there, the former doing painting the latter blacksmithing or ironing. Mr. Snell, we understand, intends to join a temperance society. . . . ANNOUNCEMENTS: Preaching, Saturday evening, Sunday School, Sunday 11:30, preceded by class meeting; Prayer Meeting, Thursday evening at school house. "G. W."

From the Saugatuck Commercial.—Dan Mather recently received orders for Holland flour from several families in Chicago and Milwaukee, they being unable to get as good quality there. . . . Mrs. Kate Doyle, nee Richards, has opened a new bakery in the Nichols building, where she will keep constantly on hand bread (baker's and home-made), pies, and everything usually found in a first-class bakery. Everything is neat and tasty and we have no doubt but what Mrs. Doyle will have a good trade, and we, with hosts of other friends, wish her abundant success.

Special Notices.

Machine Oils!

Lard, Boiled and all kinds of Machine Oils for sale at greatly reduced prices at the drug store of

Dr. W. VAN PUTTEN.

Notice to Teachers.

Applications to teach in the Holland Public Schools will be received by the Board of Education until 7:30 p. m., Friday, June 25, 1886.

O. E. YATES, Secretary.

Holland, Mich., June 11, 1886. 19-3t.

Go to Lander's

for Domestic Bread and Cake fresh from Grand Rapids every day. 18-2

Brushes!

Painters, Calciminers and all others using Brushes should recollect that my stock is the largest, the best, and the cheapest stock in this part of the State. Call and see at the drug store of

Dr. W. VAN PUTTEN.

West's Liver Pills cure sick headache, dyspepsia, indigestion and liver complaint. 25c. All druggists.

Much sickness is caused by foul Refrigerators, but the Leonard is self-purifying and cleanable in every part. Call and see them at R. Kanters & Sons.

Prepared Paints!

Don't forget that the best and cheapest Prepared Paints in the city can be procured at

Dr. W. VAN PUTTEN'S.

Go to Mrs. D. M. Gee & Co. for your millinery. Hats sold so cheap that all can afford to pay for skilled labor in trimming. As heretofore, lining and elastic are furnished free. 17-1f

Building For Sale.

The building on Eighth street, now occupied by R. A. Hunt as a saloon will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Inquire of

Mrs. E. KRUISINGA.

Never buy a Refrigerator which "sweats." The moisture on its walls is but the fore runner of mold and decay. The Leonard is warranted not to be sweat. For sale by R. Kanters & Sons.

Lucky Stars are union made. Peter Steketee & Co. Sole agents 9-3m

New Advertisements.

Notice to Builders and Contractors of Water Works.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Holland, Michigan, for the building of a well for Water Works and such other work as may be necessary to connect well with the Pumping Machinery of the Holland City Water Works, according to the following specifications, viz:

GENERAL CONDITIONS TO BE OBSERVED AND COMPLIED WITH BY BIDDERS.

All bids must conform to the requirements of the specifications.

Bids for laying pipe must include setting all necessary special castings, gate and gate box.

All bids must be accompanied with a bond of at least ten percent of the amount of the bids, that in case the Bid is accepted the parties will enter into contract with the City of Holland within ten days after the acceptance of such bid, and give a satisfactory bond to said city that they will furnish the material and do the work bid upon according to the specifications and contract.

The preliminary bonds attached to the proposal must in all cases be correctly and fully executed and the sureties must be satisfactory to the Board of Water Commissioners.

Any ambiguity in a proposal which would render it liable to a double meaning or any misunderstanding as to its real intent will be deemed sufficient cause for its rejection.

No bids will be received for material or labor except by those who have had experience in the work to be done.

Price of well and price of all other work mentioned in bid to be given separately, so that if the Board of Water Commissioners desire to increase or reduce the amount of work to be done, the price of such increase or reduction to be pro rata the same as the price given in the bid.

The Board of Water Commissioners reserving the right to increase or reduce as stated twenty-five per cent.

Any damage or expense that may occur from defective pipe, special castings, or gate, shall be paid for by the parties furnishing the same.

All proposals to be addressed to the Clerk of the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Holland, Michigan, and endorsed, proposals for Water Works.

The Board of Water Commissioners reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Bids will be received until the Fifth day of July, 1886, at 7:30 p. m.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR WELL.

The well to be sunk at such place as may be designated by the Board of Water Commissioners. Well to be sixteen feet in diameter on inside of curb and sixteen feet deep, the depth to be measured from the average surface of ground where the well is sunk, to the bottom of the shoe. The curb to be at least twelve inches thick, of good hard brick laid in cement. A shoe of iron or wood, or part of iron and part of wood, to be built sufficiently solid and firm to hold the curb rigid and prevent the same from cracking in case clay, boulders, or other obstructions, are met with. A sufficient number of iron bolts to be fastened to the shoe and going up through the curb to prevent any cracking of the curb in case the sand or earth washes from under the shoe.

Each bidder to furnish with his bid a detailed drawing showing plan of well and shoe, also fastenings, so as to enable the Board of Water Commissioners to fully understand his plan of construction.

SPECIFICATION FOR CAST IRON WATER PIPE AND SPECIAL CASTINGS.

About 192 feet of six inch pipe, one each six-inch bend, and one six-inch elbow. All pipe to be cast vertical in dry sand moulds, the pipe to be uniform in thickness straight and cylindrical, and not less than size specified inside. Pipe to weigh thirty-two pounds per foot. All pipe to be in lengths of twelve feet exclusive of bells; to have bells three inches long. All pipe to be tested to three hundred pounds under the usual hammer test. Special castings to be guaranteed to stand a pressure of three hundred pounds. All pipe and special castings to be properly coated with asphaltic lacquer. No allowance will be made for any

weight above five per cent. over specified weight, or special castings beyond what is necessary to give required strength. Pipe to stand a pressure of two hundred pounds per square inch after being laid. The material and workmanship of pipe and castings to be first-class and satisfactory to the Board of Water Commissioners.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LAYING CAST IRON PIPE. Laying of pipe to include furnishing of lead, yare, and all tools and other materials; also setting of special castings, gate, gate box and making connections with well and the present suction pipe, and completing the laying so as to stand a water pressure of 175 pounds per square inch after being laid.

All pipe and special castings to be laid deep enough to allow four feet cover, when a greater depth is required by the city, only actual cost shall be charged for the extra work. The city reserves the right to change the route by giving notice to the contractor before the pipe is delivered as originally designated, or trenches dug, or afterwards by paying for any work done and expense of removing pipe to where it is to be laid.

The packing to be good hemp, well twisted and driven. The lead to be of first quality. All joints to be at least one and one-half inches deep and flush with the bell after caulking.

All refuse pipe or other material to be removed to such place in the city as the Board of Water Commissioners may direct without extra compensation.

The contractor to keep piping in order for at least 90 days after the water is let in.

SPECIFICATION FOR GATE AND GATE BOXES.

One six-inch gate, double disc brass mounted.

One cast iron adjustable gate box.

By order of the Board of Water Commissioners.

Geo. H. SIPP, Clerk.

We Have Moved

to our New Store two doors east of the Post Office, where we have added to our stock of

Boots, Shoes,

ETC., ETC.

an especially large and stylish line of:

Ladies' & Gents' Shoes.

Call and See Us and Learn Our Prices.

VAN DUREN BROS.,

The Popular Boot and Shoe Dealers.

Holland, Mich., June 9, 1886. 19-4f.

TEN YEARS AGO, on December 26th, 1875, The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS was founded. It was the pioneer of low-priced journalism in the west. From the first the controlling conviction of its managers has been that a "cheap paper" should be cheap only in price; that its news should be as fresh and complete, its editorial discussion as able, and its general tone and character as pure and healthful as its best and highest-priced contemporary. This has been its ideal. How well it has succeeded in the actual attainment of so high a standard is best evidenced in the fact that it now regularly prints and sells over 150,000 papers a day,—a larger circulation than that of all other Chicago dailies combined.

The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is an INDEPENDENT newspaper. It is not partisan. Neither is it a neutral. It is a paper of positive opinion, expressed without fear or favor. It seeks the patronage of people who love country more than party.

The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is the only 2 cent paper in the west that is a member of the Associated Press. It prints ALL THE NEWS.

Sold by all news dealers at two cents per copy. Mailed to any address, postage prepaid, for six dollars per year, or for a shorter term at rate of fifty cents per month. Address Victor F. Lawson, Publisher, THE DAILY NEWS, 123 Fifth Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

The CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS—8 pages, 64 columns —is the largest dollar weekly in America.

For sale at the drug store of H. Walsh

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

WHAT IS IT?

A strictly vegetable preparation, composed of a choice and skillful combination of Nature's best remedies. The discoverer does not claim it a cure for all the ills, but boldly warrants it cures every form of disease arising from a torpid liver, impure blood, disordered kidneys, and where there is a broken down condition of the system, requiring a prompt and permanent tonic, it never fails to restore the sufferer. Such is BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Sold by all druggists, who are authorized by the manufacturers to refund the price to any purchaser who is not benefited by their use.

PRICE, \$1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Props., BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

HAVING BEEN LICENSED TO DO

PLUMBING

in connection with the Holland City Water Works we are ready to make

ESTIMATES

for putting in

WATER PIPES

for all parties desiring the same

Will fit up residences for

Hot and Cold Water!

and put in BATH TUBS, WASH STANDS, Etc.

All kinds of

Cisterns and Drive Wells

put in and repaired.

Give us a call.

VAN LANDEGEND & KERKHOFF,

HOLLAND, Mich., June 19, 1885.

Trade With Us!

—AT—

E. HEROLD'S

Honest Goods

—AT—

Honest Prices!

BEST \$3.00 SHOE

in the city, always on hand.

Repairing promptly and neatly done.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 20, 1886.

I. ALCOTT,

—Mover of—

Pianos & Heavy Merchandise

GENERAL DRAYING.

I have a quantity of good summer wood which I will deliver cheap. Orders may be left at the Meat Market of J. Kuitse.

GIVE ME A TRIAL

I. ALCOTT.

Holland, Mich., May 13, 1886.

13-3m.

REFRIGERATORS AND CREAMERIES.

GET THE BEST.

THE LEONARD

CLEANABLE, with MOVABLE FLUES, SOLID ASH, CARVED and ORNAMENTED, TRIPLE WALLED, CHARCOAL FILLED and METAL LINED, making Five Walls in all. Solid Iron Shelves and Air-Tight Locks. Great variety. For families, grocers and hotels. Prices low.

For Sale by

R. Kanters & Sons

Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 7, 1886.

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the Mayor.

Present: Mayor McBride, Ald. Ter Vree, Harrington, De Merell, De Roo, Steketee, Bertsch, Kulte and the Clerk.

Reading of the minutes suspended.

The following bill was presented for payment: Yates & Kane, stationery, \$4.05.—Allowed and a warrant ordered issued on the city treasurer for the amount.

SENTENCE.—Your Committee on Fire Department to whom was referred the communication of the Chief Engineer would report that we have had the same under consideration and would recommend that Mr. F. O. Nye be appointed Asst. Chief of Fire Department at a salary of ten dollars per annum; also that five rubber coats be purchased as recommended. With reference to Fire Hose and Babcock Extinguishers we cannot recommend their purchase at the present time as the state of the Fire Department Fund does not warrant it. Respectfully submitted, C. J. De Roo, R. N. De Merell. I concur in above report with exception of first recommendation relative of assistant engineer, this I would consult company in regard to preference. E. J. Harrington.

On motion of Ald. Bertsch the majority report was adopted.

SENTENCE.—Your Committee on Public Buildings and Property to whom was referred that part of the Mayor's message respecting taking steps for the erection of new Engine House and Jail and with respects to the removal of gasoline storage house from Centennial Park would respectfully recommend that as site for said Engine House with jail attached, be selected either the lot on Eighth Howard, or a site adjoining on the north side the office of Justice Fairbanks. We would further recommend that a small piece of land, say 50 feet square, be purchased in the marsh near the intersection of Cedar and Sixth streets for the site of the gasoline storage house and that said building be removed from the Park as early as practicable. Respectfully submitted, C. J. De Roo, D. Bertsch, E. J. Harrington.—Report adopted.

The Board of Water Commissioners reported specifications for a new well and such other work necessary to connect with the pumping machinery of the "Holland City Water Works," together with an estimate of the cost of material and labor. The Board reported that in order to locate a new well where it would be of the most benefit it would be necessary to purchase land west of the strip now owned by the city and running from Fifth street to Black River.—Adopted. Yeas, Ter Vree, De Merell, De Roo, Steketee, Bertsch and Kulte—6; nays, Harrington—1.

The Clerk reported that no objections had been filed in the city clerk's office to plans, profiles, diagrams and estimates of the proposed improvement of the "Holland City Water Works," together with an estimate of the cost of material and labor, in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, according to the requirements of law.

On motion of Ald. Steketee—**Resolved,** That the improvement of that part of Twelfth street, in the city of Holland, lying between River street and the Fair Grounds of the South Ottawa and West Allegan Agricultural Association, be and the same is hereby ordered in accordance with the resolution of the Common Council passed March 16th, 1886, viz:

"That all that part of Twelfth Street aforesaid be graded the entire width thereof, pursuant to grade and profile to be established by the Common Council as hereafter further directed.

That the stumps be removed and the sidewalks and cross-walks along said part of Twelfth Street, as aforesaid, taken up wherever this shall be made necessary, and relaid upon the grade to be established as above set forth, after the grading work proper is completed. That all shade trees on said part of said street be left as they now stand. That an entire new bridge be built at that part of Twelfth Street where said street crosses tannery creek, so that it will be a road-bed of gravel along the center of said part of Twelfth Street, as follows:

The average thickness of gravel to be nine inches, so spread that the same will be twelve inches thick in the center and six inches thick on the sides. The road-bed to be twenty-four feet wide and the gravel of the kind used on Ninth Street, or of a quality equally as good as that used on Ninth Street.

That the expense and cost of said improvement and work to be defrayed by a special assessment upon that part of Twelfth Street, as aforesaid, excepting that the building of the bridge across tannery creek, the filling of the street to its north line and to its present level, and the intersections of River, Pine and Maple streets and First and Van Raalte Avenues, with said part of Twelfth Street, as aforesaid, be assessed against the City of Holland and paid from the general fund.

That the taking up and relaying of cross-walks, if such should become necessary, be done by the Street Commissioner, under instructions of the Common Council.

That the lots and lands upon which said special assessment shall be levied, shall include lots 1, 2, and 3, in block 56; lots 13, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11 and 10, in block 48; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, in block 9 in the southwest addition; lots 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10 and 9, in block H of the west addition; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, in block 3 in the southwest addition; lots 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, in block G of the west addition; lots 4 and 3, in block 5 in the south west addition; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, in block 7 of the southwest addition; lots 12, 11, 10, 9, 8 and 7, in block 6 in the southwest addition; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, in block 5 in the Hope College addition; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, in block 12 in Hope College addition; and lots 3 and 6 in block 13 in Hope College addition; or any part or sub division of said lots and blocks, and on the intersections of River, Pine, Maple, First and Van Raalte avenue streets, and the said lands and premises shall be designated and are hereby declared to constitute a special street district, for the purpose of special assessment to defray the expense of improving, grading and graveling and otherwise improving said part of Twelfth street, as aforesaid, said district to be known as West Twelfth street special street assessment district. That the plans, profile, diagrams and estimates for said improvements, submitted by Geo. H. Sipp, City Surveyor, and deposited with the City Clerk for public examination, be and the same are hereby ordered in conformity therewith.—Adopted. Yeas, De Roo, Harrington, De Merell, Ter Vree, Steketee, Bertsch and Kulte—7; nays, 0.

Ald. Kulte moved that the Board of Assessors of the City of Holland are hereby instructed to forthwith make a special assessment roll of "West Twelfth Street Special Street Assessment District" to defray the expense and cost of said special assessment. That the same is to be raised by improvement. That in accordance with the provisions of Title XIX of the Charter of the City of Holland it is hereby further ordered: First.—That said special assessment shall be made pro rata according to frontage, upon all the lots and premises abutting upon said part of Twelfth street included in said special assessment district heretofore determined, each foot frontage to be assessed alike. Second.—That the total amount to be assessed in said special assessment district shall be the amount as estimated in the report made by the City Surveyor and adopted May 18, 1886, viz: For 3465 cubic yards of earth to be removed, at 15c. per yard, \$519.75 less \$43.57 to be repaid from the general fund of the city, being one-half of the amount to be paid for 607 cubic yards of earth twice estimated in said City Surveyor's report, leaving \$376.78 to be assessed. For 2183 1/2 cubic yards of gravel, at 85c. per yard, \$1854.38. For incidental expenses, \$75.00. Third.—That the lots and premises thus to be assessed shall be the same lands and premises heretofore designated by the Common Council in the aforesaid mentioned resolution as above.—Adopted. Yeas, Ter Vree, Harrington, De Merell, De Roo, Steketee, Bertsch and Kulte—7; nays, 0.

The Clerk reported the following bids for furnishing and delivering lumber to the City of Holland for one year, from the 18th day of August, 1886: R. E. Werkman, pine lumber from 12 to 16 feet long, common stock, for the sum of \$10.00 to 16 feet long, at \$9.50, hemlock from 12 to 16 feet long, at \$7.00, and the oak from 12 to 16 feet long, at \$15.00 per thousand.—Contract awarded to J. Van Dyk, Sr.

The following bill was presented and ordered paid, viz: Yates & Kane, Grant's Memorials for City Library, \$3.00.

Ald. De Roo moved that the Board of Water Commissioners be directed to advertise proposals and specifications for new well and all other work as reported, for three weeks in the "HOLLAND CITY NEWS."—Adopted.

Ald. Harrington moved that a special committee, consisting of Ald. De Roo, City Clerk, and Mayor, be instructed to purchase the lot known as the Howard lot, near the blacksmith shop, for the sum of \$300, or less.—Adopted. Yeas, Ter Vree, Harrington, De Merell, De Roo, Steketee, Bertsch, and Kulte—7; nays, 0.

Ald. Ter Vree moved that a special committee, consisting of Ald. De Roo, City Clerk, and Mayor, ascertain the price and get the refusal of lands as recommended, for the use of gasoline storage and for water works purposes.—Adopted.

Ald. Kulte moved that the Committee on Fire Department purchase five rubber coats as recommended.—Adopted.

Council adjourned to Wednesday at 7.30 p. m., June 9, 1886.

Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 9, 1886.

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the Mayor.

Present, Mayor McBride, Ald. Ter Vree, Bangs, De Merell, De Roo, Bertsch and the Clerk.

Reading of the minutes and the regular order of business was suspended.

The special committee to whom was referred the matter of purchasing site for gasoline storage and additional land for water works purposes, and site for new Engine House and Jail, reported that they had seen Mr. T. Keppel about land for site of Gasoline House, that he would sell a piece of land two rods square on the north side of Sixth street and center of Cedar street, for fifteen dollars. In regard to land for water works purposes, some of the members of the executive committee of Hope College being out of the city, the Committee of the Common Council were unable to ascertain price of land required. Also reported that they had seen Mrs. M. D. Howard about Lot No. 8, Block No. 29, that she would sell said lot for three hundred dollars, but the committee would not recommend the purchase of said lot until the title had been examined into.—Report accepted, and further time given the committee in which to ascertain price of land for water works purposes, and the committee instructed to procure an abstract of title of Lot 8, Block 29.

The Board of Assessors reported that they were unable to make special assessment rolls for "West Twelfth Street Special Street Assessment District" in the two days as required in the instructions given by the City Clerk and asked for further time in which to complete said rolls.—Granted. Council adjourned.

Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., June 10, 1886: Mrs. Clara Gill, Miss Emma Lewis, Pat Rooney, Sr. WM. VERBECK, P. M.

Street Car Spotters.

"One night I noticed that, after a lady had left the car, there remained on the seat she had just vacated a white slip of paper. Not knowing that it might not be of importance, I went in and picked it up, and may I never knock down another—that is, may I be blessed if it wasn't punched full of pin holes, and when I counted them they tallied with the clock. The dainty dame, who had her hands so modestly in her muff, had pricked a hole in a card for every face that entered. I couldn't be mistaken, you know, for the card was a trip slip.

"But take a good spotter and he keeps the whole register in his head and requires no memoranda. I knew a dude, however, who was a counter on a New York line for which I worked, and he rode with me very frequently. I noticed that it was always at the busiest time, and that he was almost perpetually chewing candy. Why, the smell of the peppermint lozenges in that car was a caution. Well, at last I got onto him, for by the big car hook he chewed a lozenge for every fare; and, knowing how many he had when he started, and counting how many remained when he left, there was only a small sum in subtraction, and he was up to the number of people carried."—Brooklyn Eagle.

In Paris they have quite a number of men known as "winkers up," who are employed by clerks, business men, and others to awaken them at a certain time in the morning.

JUST LOOK THESE OVER.

Of Interest to Ladies.

The new treatment for ladies' diseases discovered by Dr. Mary A. Gregg, the distinguished English Physician and nurse, which has revolutionized the entire mode of treating these complaints in England is now being introduced into the U. S., under a fair and novel plan.

Sufficient of this remedy for one month's trial treatment is sent free to every lady who is suffering from any disease common to the sex who sends her address and 13 2ct stamps for expense, charges, etc.

It is a positive cure for any form of female disease and the free trial package is many times sufficient to effect a permanent cure. Full directions accompany the package (which is put up in a plain wrapper) also price list for future reference. No trial packages will be sent after Oct. 1st, 1886. Address, GREGG REMEDY COMPANY, PALMYRA, N. Y.

New Perfection Refrigerator, The Best in the World!

Is constructed upon purely scientific principles and preserves the original flavor of each kind of food because the air is kept dry and pure by the Patent Perfection System of ventilation; also the best and latest Improved Lawn Mower, the only mower that will cut narrow borders and close to walls at E. VAN DER VEEN'S Hardware Store. Latest Improved Lawn Rake. Try it! 18-4t

Lucky Star Cigar is clear Havana filling. 9-3m

West's World's Wonder. The demand is steadily increasing for this truly popular remedy for rheumatism and all kindred diseases. 25 and 50c. All druggists.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free trial bottles of this Standard Remedy at H. Walsh's Drug Store.

Winter has passed and now comes summer with all the terrors of cholera, bowel complaint, flux, cholera infantum. Provide for emergencies by purchasing at once a bottle of West's Pain King. 25c. All druggists.

Much suffering could be avoided by constantly keeping a supply of West's Pain King in the house. A certain cure for flux, dysentery, cramps, chills, colic, cholera, and cholera morbus. 25c. All druggists.

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fitful, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alternative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at H. Walsh's Drug Store.

West's World's Wonder, or Family Liniment cures rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, burns, sprains and bruises. 25 and 50c. All druggists.

An Enterprising Firm.

H. Walsh can always be relied upon not only to carry in stock the best of drugs but have secured the agency for Dr. Pete's 35-cent Cough cure, which they warrant. It will cure all Throat, Lung, and Chest diseases, and has the reputation of being the best Cough cure ever discovered for consumption. 18-4t.

West's Pain King cures the worst case of colic in five minutes. Cures chills, cramps, cholera and cholera morbus. 25c. All druggists.

The true remedy has at last been discovered. It is to be found at your drug store. It makes wonderful cures. Use it now. It will cure you. It is the secret of health.

Rail Roads.

Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette Railroad.

"Mackinac Short Line" The only Direct Route between the East and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

EAST.		TIME TABLE.		WEST.	
READ DOWN.		Taking Effect Dec. 25, 1885.		READ UP.	
		MACKINAC R. R.			
		Lv. Calumet. A. Hancock.		10.00pm	
		M. H. & O. R. R.			
		Lv. Houghton A.		7.30pm	
		L'Anse.		6.10	
		Republic.		5.20	
		Jephreming.		3.50	
		Negaunee.		3.35	
		A. Marquette Lv.		3.00	
No. 4.	No. 2.	D. M. & M. R. R.	No. 1.	No. 3.	
7.00am	1.40pm	Lv. Marquette A.	8.05pm	3.30pm	
8.25	2.30	Opota.	1.13	4.05	
9.05	2.50	Au Train.	12.45	3.32	
10.00	3.25	Munising.	12.05	2.30	
10.30	3.44	Reedsboro2.	11.47am	2.00	
12.20pm	4.50	Seneey.	10.40	12.05	
1.45	5.50	Dollarville.	9.50	11.00	
2.05	6.25	Newberry.	9.30	10.30	
4.15	7.25	Moran.	8.31	9.15	
5.00	7.46	St. Ignace4.	7.45	7.42	
5.50	8.15	A. Mack. C'y Lv.	7.00	7.00	
		Via M. C. or G. R. & I. Roads & Connections.			
		Lv. Mack. C'y A.		6.15am	
		Bay City Lv.		10.35pm	
		Saginaw C'y.		8.35	
		Grand Rapids.		5.05	
		Kalamazoo.		2.15	
		Pt. Huron.		0.00	
		Detroit.		6.05	
		Buffalo.		9.00am	
		Toronto.		9.15	
		Montreal.		8.00pm	
		Quebec.		2.30	
		New York.		6.00	
		Boston.		3.00	

5 Express Trains Nos. 1 and 2 make close connections with night trains from and to all Eastern and Canadian points, on both Michigan Central and Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroads.

A. WATSON, Gen'l Superintendent, Marquette, Mich.

E. W. ALLEN, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt, Marquette, Mich.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, May 30, 1886

FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.

TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	Exp.	Mix.	Nt.
Holland.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Grand Junction.	10 30	1 30	12 00	5 00	
Bangor.	11 37	2 38	1 13	6 05	
Benton Harbor.	11 57	2 50	1 35	6 30	
New Buffalo.	1 27	3 13	2 35	12 00	
Chicago.	2 35	4 05	3 55	2 35	
	5 45	6 40	7 00		
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	

FROM CHICAGO TO HOLLAND.

	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Chicago.	9 00	2 30	9 55	
New Buffalo.	11 35	5 55	12 30	7 25
Benton Harbor.	12 30	6 57	1 50	10 15
Bangor.	1 45	7 10	2 55	1 45
Grand Junction.	2 00	7 23	3 17	2 55
Holland.	3 05	8 15	4 35	5 20
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

FROM HOLLAND TO GRAND RAPIDS.

	Mail.	Exp.	Exp.	Exp.
Holland.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Zeeland.	3 05	8 15	4 45	10 05
Grand Rapids.	3 13	4 56	10 20	5 55
	4 00	5 55	5 45	11 00
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

FROM GRAND RAPIDS TO HOLLAND.

	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Grand Rapids.	9 00	12 50	11 00	4 45
Zeeland.	9 33	1 12	45	5 37
Holland.	10 05	1 30	1 50	5 35
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

FROM HOLLAND TO MUSKOGEE.

	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Holland.	10 10	3 05	5 30	5 40
Grand Haven.	11 03	3 43	6 30	6 25
Ferryburg.	11 10	3 47	6 40	6 30
Muskegon.	11 45	4 15	7 15	7 10
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

FROM MUSKOGEE TO HOLLAND.

	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Muskegon, 3rd street.	1 40	12 05	7 10	8 30
Ferryburg.	2 05	12 27	7 32	9 17
Grand Haven.	2 10	12 32	7 35	9 22
Holland.	3 00	1 20	8 10	10 03
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

FROM HOLLAND TO ALLEGAN.

	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Holland.	3 05	10 10		
Fillmore.	3 30	10 25		
Hamilton.	3 30	10 35		
Allegan.	4 05	11 05		
	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

FROM ALLEGAN TO HOLLAND.

	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Allegan.	9 05	4 30	11 25	
Hamilton.	9 37	5 05	12 15	
Fillmore.	9 43	5 15	12 30	
Holland.	10 43	5 30	1 00	
	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.

† Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Central Standard time. Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

J. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt. F. G. CHURCHILL, Station Agent.

New Advertisements.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, 1886

OTAWA COUNTY.

At a session of the probate court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Tuesday, the first day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty six. Present, Charles E. Soule, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Robert B. Best, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Addie Best, widow of said deceased

THE SILK WORM'S SONG.

BY FRANCIS SCOTT KEY.

Oh, let me alone—I've a work to be done
That can break not a moment's delay;
While yet I breathe I must spin and weave,
And may rest not, night or day.

Food and sleep I will never know
Till my blessed work be done;
Then my rest shall be sweet in the winding-sheet
That around me I have spun.

I have been a base and groveling thing,
And the dust of the earth my home;
But now I know that the end of my woe
And the day of my bliss has come.

In the shroud I make, this creeping frame
Shall peacefully die away;
But its death shall be new life to me
In the midst of its perishing clay.

I shall wake, I shall wake, a glorious form
Of brightness and beauty to wear;
I shall burst from the gloom of my opening tomb,
And breathe in the balmy air.

I shall spread my new wings in the morning sun,
In the summer's breath I'll live;
I will bathe me where, in the dewy air,
The flowers their sweetness give.

I will not touch the dusty earth.
I'll spring to the brightening sky.
And free as the breeze, where'er I please,
On joyous wings I'll fly.

And wherever I go, timid mortals may know
That like me from the tomb they shall rise;
And the dead shall be given, by signal from heaven,
A new life, a new home in the skies.

Then let them like me make ready their shrouds,
Nor shrink from the mortal strife;
And like me they shall sing, as to heaven they spring,
Death is not the end of life.

REUNITED.

BY JOSIE MORLEY.

We had quarreled bitterly that morning; in fact, the breach had been widening between us for some time and it took but a small provocation to make the gulf of dissension between us completely impassable.

It was but a small difference at first, but Norma was wilful and capricious and I was hot-tempered and unreasonable. We both magnified mole-hills into mountains, and remembering every unkind word spoken by the other, we nursed our wrath and resentment until we had scarcely a kind thought remaining for each other. Thus it had gone on for several months, until we had been married three years.

The morning of which I speak, we had quarreled and words had been spoken on both sides that each thought could never be forgotten or forgiven. For a while I had tried to hold my fiery temper in check, but at last when my wife wound up a torrent of taunts and reproaches by saying that she had never ceased to regret our marriage, that it was a mistake that had made her miserable for life, my rage became uncontrollable, and throwing prudence to the winds I bade her take back her freedom, telling her that I would leave her to herself and never trouble her again. I left the house without waiting for a reply, and, going straight to a hotel I engaged rooms until I could complete arrangements for a foreign tour.

It was not until evening and I was alone in my own room that I took time to think; then, as I looked the matter over, I began to regret the hasty step I had taken, for in spite of the miserable life I had led I had loved my wife. It is true, as I have said before, she was wilful and capricious, but I had not been patient or forbearing and I could not lose sight of the fact that with all her wilfulness she had a warm, loving heart and many noble qualities.

I remembered also that in many instances I had been exacting and selfish, thus chafing the proud spirit so impatient of control and so ready to resent any appearance of tyranny, but so quick to respond to gentleness and loving forbearance. Now that I had taken the step that was to put her from me forever, my conscience lashed me sorely for the rash measure I had taken, urged on by my own impetuous anger. I knew well that her speech of the morning was the result of hasty impulse, for in the face of her angry words I knew she loved me. She had given me many proofs of that love in the past.

My mind went back to the time, more than a year before, when I had been prostrated by a malignant fever; how she remained at my bedside through weary days and nights of watching, never quitting her post except when forced to do so through exhaustion; then returning to renew her vigil as soon as she had obtained a short period of indispensable rest. That night in my lonely room, her face as it appeared to me on returning to consciousness after a long interval of forgetfulness arose before me like an accusing spirit. She had, through sheer fatigue, dropped her head upon the pillow by my side, and with her pale face, and the dark circles around her eyes, the result of sleepless nights and anxious hours of suspense, she looked almost as much an invalid as myself. I had thought a few weeks later when the feeble wailing cry of a tiny babe was heard in our home, only to be hushed in the silence that could never be broken, that nothing could ever cause a discord between us again; but it was little more than a year ago, and she had returned to the home of her girlhood. I sat solitary, brooding over the events of the day, and we had mutually agreed that henceforth the current of our lives should run in separate channels.

For a moment the thought almost unmanned me; then there arose in my mind the memory of her harsh words of the morning, and the recollection awoke the demons of pride and wrath in my heart, driving all tender thoughts from my mind, and steeled my feelings against her anew. The days passed by and in due time I was ready to sail for Europe. It was night, and I was to start at 6 o'clock on the following morning. I could not content myself in my room, and, lighting a cigar, I went out into the street to try the effect of a brisk walk and the night air upon my depression. Unconsciously my footsteps turned down the old familiar street that led to my own house, that house where we had passed so many hours together, both pleasant and unpleasant, but the sight of the closed doors and darkened windows filled my heart with such a feeling of desolate loneliness that I hurried away, thankful that I should in a short time put the wide sea between myself and the scene of my great trouble.

Old Time, who neither stops nor stays in his tireless journey, had rolled round in his orbit and brought the snows of five winters and ripened the harvests of as many summers, when I returned again to my native land. Through all the years of my wanderings I had held no communication

with my wife. In the intervening time I had come to look upon my own conduct regarding our separation in anything but a favorable light. That she also had been at fault was true, but I was several years older, and with my more mature judgment should have been wiser, but I had long looked upon regrets as useless, and had no thought of reconciliation in my mind when I came home. Indeed, I did not even know that she had not obtained a divorce and made a second marriage, though God knows no thought of marriage had entered my own mind.

It will perhaps be a matter of wonder that my friends and relatives, with whom I corresponded regularly, had not kept me informed as to the actions and whereabouts of my wife; but I asked no questions, and it was tacitly understood between us that it was a forbidden subject, and they never mentioned her name.

On my arrival at home I found my sister Della in a flutter of excitement over a ball which was to be held at the home of an old acquaintance, Mrs. Lisdell, and nothing would satisfy the little lady but my company at the place of amusement.

After much persuasion I reluctantly consented to go, and Thursday evening found us among the guests at the ball. I had escorted my sister to the residence of Mrs. Lisdell, and leaving her with the lady of the house, had gone out arm in arm with Phil McKay, an old friend who had been traveling in the old country and into whose company I had been so fortunate as to fall at Florence. He left America some four years previous to my own departure and returned about two months before the evening of which I speak. He was absent at the time of my marriage and our separation, and as I never mentioned the subject, it is no wonder that he still remained in ignorance of the facts in the case. We strolled up and down the street, talking of the adventures of the past for a time, then at length we returned to the ball-room. Phil sauntered away through the crowd, while I seated myself in a corner, out of the brilliant throng, to watch for old acquaintances and amuse myself in my own way. I had sat there but a few minutes when I heard a voice that sent every nerve in my body tingling and my heart throbbing with a fierceness that almost suffocated me.

There was but one voice in the world that could so thrill me and that was Norma's. As I looked up she was standing in the full blaze of the gas-light talking with Phil McKay. She glanced carelessly around, her glance fell upon my face and her eyes looked straight into mine. There was just the least perceptible pause in the conversation, the faintest possible quiver of her lips and flash of crimson in her cheeks, then she turned her eyes slowly away and resumed her remarks without her companion having noticed that there had been an interruption. She did not look toward me again.

I have not said that Norma was beautiful, but the most indifferent stranger could not look upon her face without acknowledging that it was the case. I could see but little change in her since I had seen her last. As she stood in the brilliant light, she seemed a trifle more womanly; there was a shade more of sadness, or perhaps it was a more mature expression than of old (she was but little more than twenty at the time we had separated), but let the slight change be what it might, it was for the better and my eyes never looked upon a fairer picture than she made that night. She was of medium height, of slight, graceful figure, her purple black hair was arranged in a quaint old fashion, a mixture of coils and braid that shone in the bright light like satin and was held in place by a silver dart with drooping pendants representing flowers of the deepest scarlet. Her eyes were of the darkest shade imaginable of purple blue, and her creamy white cheeks were shaded by long curling lashes as black as night. Her teeth were white and even and gleamed like pearls between her lips, which reminded one of rare, red old wine, as they were parted in a smile that lighted up and gave a pleasant expression to every feature. Her slender white fingers were encircled with but two rings and I noticed with a thrill of delight that one was the solitary diamond of our betrothal and the other a plain golden band wedding ring. As for her dress, it was simply perfect—just a bewitching combination of shimmering silver gray silk and rich creamy lace, with a touch of scarlet here and there, as she alone could blend them to the best advantage.

A few moments McKay remained by her side in conversation, then turned and looked around until his eyes fell upon my face, then made his way to my side.

"Come, McDonald," he said, "they will have a waltz next and you must have a partner. I will introduce you to the handsomest lady in the room."

I arose mechanically and accompanied him, willing to do anything to divert my mind from the one subject that gave me such torturous pain. We passed on through the crowd until—could I believe my eyes?—he brought me face to face with the last person I would have wished to confront—Norma. The room seemed to turn around in a fantastic manner; as in a dream I heard my friend pronounce my name and hers (she had taken her maiden name), then with a mighty effort I recovered my self-possession and I fancied there was a touch of scorn in her tone as she said:

"Mr. McDonald and I have met before," and, whether real or fancied, that tone gave me complete mastery over the emotion that had almost overcome me. The demon of pride once aroused, urged me to, at least in appearance, be as careless as herself. With a slight bow and a mocking smile I asked her hand for the waltz as though she had been the perfect stranger our friend fancied her to be. Without a moment's hesitation, though with a flash of the old defiance I remembered so well in her splendid eyes, she placed her hand in mine. We took our place among the dancers, and, as if it were the very irony of fate, the music struck up, and the bewilderingly sweet notes of the Beautiful Blue Danube floated through the room. That waltz had been her favorite and mine in the days of "Auld Lang Syne," and the memory was almost more than I could bear, but a glance at her face showed it calm and unmoved, and surely I, with my man's strength of will, should control my nerves as well as she. I placed my arm around her waist and we whirled away. I can never describe my feelings during that waltz. Every drop of blood in my veins seemed like burning lava. My heart beat so quickly and rebelliously that it seemed as though she must hear every throb, but I was determined she should not outdo me in coolness of appearance, or bear the ordeal braver than I. Once her head inclined for-

ward until it almost touched my breast, and I felt a mad, well-nigh uncontrollable desire to clasp her to my heart, but I remembered with a pang of the most acute agony that, although my ring was upon the hand which rested upon my arm, we were as widely separated as though the ocean still rolled between us. The music swelled and thrilled wondrously aloft, and we kept on and on to the wildly beautiful measures. I heard some exclamations of surprise from old acquaintances, but was utterly careless of the world and everything except the maddening pain at my heart.

The music ceased at last, and bowing my thanks I released her, too full to speak; she returned my bow in acknowledgment, and turned with a smile to Phil, who claimed her hand for the next quadrille.

It was a pang of genuine jealousy that convulsed my heart as my handsome friend led her away and bent his tall head to whisper something in her ear that brought a bright flash to her fair cheek, and I could not but see the look of admiration in his laughing blue eyes as he returned the smile with which she raised her face to his. The air seemed stifling me, and with almost a groan I left the house and went out into the shadow of the shrubbery, and seating myself upon the grass I tried to think, but my only intelligible thought was that she loved and was beloved by another and I had lost her forever. I had sat thus some time when the rustle of a silken robe and a light footstep near me caused me to look up, and the woman who was once my wife stood before me. For a moment she stood silent, then she broke forth passionately: "Was it not enough that you have been my evil genius heretofore that you must return now to annoy me? Have you not caused sorrow enough in the past for me that you must come to-night and force yourself upon me, to prove to the world how entirely you forget that we were once man and wife?"

"I have forgotten nothing," I returned, "but believe me, Norma (my lips unconsciously uttered the old familiar name), believe me, I was not aware of whom Phil McKay was speaking when he offered to give me an introduction to the handsomest lady in the room. I am sorry if it grieved you. I supposed you had forgotten as much as I."

"Remember nothing, I wish to forget," she replied, coldly, "but for the sake of appearances you will at least please me by ignoring my existence in future. I have no wish to become a laughing stock for my acquaintances."

"It shall be as you wish in future," then as she was about to turn away, my feelings overcame me and I said, "Will you answer me one question before you go? In view of the relations that once existed between us I should like to know if you are going to marry Phil McKay?"

I knew I had no right to ask this or expect her to answer, but for my life I could not resist the temptation of endeavoring to ascertain whether my conjecture as to existing circumstances was correct or not. For an instant she faced me and even in the moonlight I could see the angry flash of her eyes and the indignant scorn in her face, and knowing her impetuous temperament I expected an angry outburst, but in a moment she said coldly:

"Roy McDonald, in view of the relations in which we now stand to each other, I am under no obligation to enlighten you as to my affairs, as I presume you are aware. You have ceased to have a controlling interest in my life and consequently have no right to question me. I shall decline to answer," and without waiting for a reply she returned to the house.

I had no desire for farther merry-making that night, and my sister being willing we soon after returned home. For several days I tried to make myself agreeable to my friends and interest myself in their society, but one face before my eyes, but one voice rang in my ears, and, turn which way I would, I could not drive my trouble, which had been revived with all the poignancy of its first pain, from my mind.

Thus two weeks passed away and I resolved to again quit my native city and seek forgetfulness in travel. In spite of the indignant remonstrances and expostulations of my friends I made preparations to again depart. I could not bear to remain and see the woman who had been my wife and who now that she was lost to me was tenfold dearer, if possible, than ever before, become the wife of another.

The night before I was to take my second leave I was seized by an uncontrollable desire to visit the house that had once been my home. It was my own property and was still standing as we had left it five years before, the furniture untouched save for a periodical airing. With the key in my pocket I started out. As I neared the familiar spot I lifted my eyes expecting to see the windows darkened, as when I had last looked upon them. Judge, then, of my surprise when I saw a bright light shining from the parlor window. I paused a moment, puzzling over the sight, then I proceeded to investigate. If I had been surprised at seeing the light burning, I was not so much surprised when upon trying the door it yielded readily to the touch, as it was unlocked. I made my way through the hall to the parlor door, which was partly ajar. I pushed it noiselessly open and paused, dazed with astonishment, for there in her sewing chair by the side of the well-remembered table sat Norma. Her face was buried in her hands and she was weeping bitterly. I started forward, but at the first step she raised her head, and upon seeing me she arose hastily to her feet and looked at the door as though meditating flight, then she partially recovered herself, and taking a step forward she began speaking, though I noticed that her voice was not yet quite firm.

"Excuse me," she said, "for my intrusion. I know this house is your property, and I was wrong to come here at all. I will not repeat the offense," and she seemed about to start, then stopped, and taking a key from her pocket she handed it to me, saying: "Here is the key; I have had it since you gave it to me when the house was mine as well as yours. I will now return it to you." As she reached her hand toward me I took it in my own, and when she would have withdrawn it I held it closer, and asked, "Why did you come here to-night, Norma?"

She did not reply for a moment, then with tears starting from her beautiful eyes, she said:

"This is unkind, but I will tell you. I came because here was once my home, here I saw many hours of happiness, here my child was born and died, and—yes I will humiliate myself farther, and say I came because here I looked upon your face last before you passed out of my life; in this very room we were standing when you gave me to understand that you hated me

and that your life would be happier without me. I came to look at the old familiar objects as one looks upon the face of a dead friend before the coffin lid is closed over it forever. I have indulged the unaccountable weakness, now I will go," and she ceased her rapid speech and again tried to release her hand from mine.

"Stop, Norma, until I tell you why I came here to-night," then as she looked up wonderingly, I went on: "I came because it was once your home, because every object was fraught with memory of you and the days when you were mine, because I could imagine your face pictured in every mirror, and hear your voice in every sound within these walls, because I imagined that you loved another, and I was going to leave my native land forever to avoid the agony of seeing you another man's wife, and came to this room to bid farewell to every hope of happiness; in short, sweet wife, because I loved you, do you understand, darling, I love you," and as her tearful eyes were raised to mine and a smile slowly wreathed the dear lips and the hand that had sought to release itself before nestled in mine, I took her in my arms and the feeling that set my heart throbbing was not this time one of pain.

Long we sat in loving converse; hours passed as we talked over the miserable, unhappy past, and contrite confession of wrong on both sides, when neither sought to screen our own share in the circumstances that had caused the blunder that had brought so much sorrow to us both, and humbly and earnestly made promises of loving forbearance in the future. And when at last I spoke of Phil she looked with her dear, truthful eyes into mine, with her arms encircling my neck, and said:

"As if I could ever have loved anyone else but you. Why, do you not know I was your wife just the same," and I kissed the smiling lips and was content. Years have passed and as I raise my eyes and see a fair, gracious Norma with her golden-haired baby upon her knee smiling lovingly upon me, I am led to wonder how I could ever have lived through those miserable five years away from her, and all for a moment's anger.

Seal Puppies.

Alaska is the favorite home of the fur seal. About the middle of May they gather on the various islands of that interesting country in great numbers. Soon after landing the females begin to find their young, of which they have but one; at great intervals twins. As soon as the little fellow is born on the sand he begins to call for his mother with a husky, strange voice, like the bleating of a lamb. He also begins to puddle about with his eyes wide open, evidently looking for refreshments. The pup for the first three months or so is black as jet, with two little white spots just back of his fore-arm. When first born they are about one foot to fourteen inches in length, and weighing from three to four pounds. The mother never fondles or caresses her offspring, but leaves it in the sand with hundreds and thousands of other puppies, and goes away to the sea to bathe and catch fish for food.

The little puppy does not even know his own mother from any other, but is so constituted that he keeps up that frequent bleating, so that when his mother returns she instantly recognizes the voice of her own from all the rest, and nurses it.

Early in August the pups begin to learn to swim, for during the first fifty or sixty days of their life they can swim about as well as a stone. Some naturalists aver that their mothers drive them down into the water and teach them the art of swimming. This is not true. After they have attained the age of six weeks or two months they go of their own choice down to the margin of the surf, where the water rushes out over them, and in turn leaves them on solid ground. If a puppy happens to be washed off his feet and carried out beyond his depth, he becomes greatly alarmed, opens wide his mouth and big eyes, and struggles manfully for the shore. Many of them are drowned in this way. This kind of practice is kept up till the little fellows are able to swim in all sorts of ways, diving, twisting, and floating on their backs till they are completely tired out, when they crawl out on the sand and curl down for a nap. When this is done, usually occupying less than an hour, they are at it again. The mother never takes the slightest supervision of her children's swimming or anything else, except to come out of the sea at intervals and give him nurse.

About the middle of October the puppies completely shed their black hair and take on a beautiful steel-gray hair with a bright brown under fur. This is their sea-going coat. Early in winter they leave Alaska in small squads, and do not see land again until their return the next May. They go, seemingly by common consent, to the south, and are soon lost in the vast and wide ocean, where they spread themselves out all over the North Pacific from Oregon to Japan. They rest and sleep in the water with the greatest comfort from November to May, when those of them fortunate enough to escape the shark and other enemies return again to the same spot where they were born, having been on a voyage of seven months and thousands of miles on the briny deep.—*Rambler*.

His Social Position at a Stake.

Young Noodleby (who imagines Miss Maginty, the wealthy brewer's daughter, is in love with him)—Araminta, I have longed for this moment of rapture. Tell me you will be mine.

Miss Maginty—I can't, Mr. Noodleby. I don't love you.

Noodleby—Don't love me?

Miss Maginty—No, I don't love you. Noodleby—Humph! Don't love me! Well, might I ask you not to say anything to anyone of this proposal?

Miss Maginty—Why, what do you mean?

Noodleby—Why, it might hurt me socially if it was known I proposed to a brewer's daughter.—*The Rambler*.

AN AWFUL DEATH.

Eight Innocent Victims of a Man's Desperate Revenge Perish in the Flames.

Oil Poured Over Clothing and the Floor and Then Fired by the Villain.

[Chicago special.]

Fritz Schleier, a watchman at Schoenhofen's brewery, near the corner of Canal and Eighteenth streets, observed flames issuing from the basement of the two-story frame building Nos. 731 and 733 South Canal street about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. Schleier's first attempt to give an alarm was a failure, owing to his not understanding the working of the box, and when he saw that no apparatus responded he telephoned to the Twelfth-Street Station, from which point the fire department was notified.

When the department arrived the two buildings were enveloped in flames. The work of subduing the fire was brief. Engine No. 25 first reached the scene. Capt. Schimmels placed his men, and himself hurried to the rear where he elevated a ladder and raised the windows. As the smoke lifted he beheld a terrible sight. Huddled together in one room whither they had rushed in their race for life lay eight human beings. Capt. Schimmels' men conveyed them to the sidewalk as rapidly as possible, where they were identified as follows:

Michael Murphy, aged 45, an employee of the South Division Railway Company.
Mrs. Annie Murphy, wife of Michael, aged 40.
Nellie Murphy, aged 12.
Annie Murphy, aged 10.
Aggie Murphy, aged 1.
Mrs. Mary Durkin, aged 28.
Patsy Lavin, aged 4, a son of Mrs. Durkin.

The firemen came very near missing the only survivor of the terrible experience on that floor, the tiny 3-weeks-old child of Mrs. Durkin. A heavy shawl, it seems, kept out the heat and smoke and saved its life. The child is doing well at the County Hospital.

Exploring the ruins further the firemen discovered the body of William Hahn, a butcher, aged 65, in a bedroom in the rear of the second story at No. 731. The old man lived there with his son William. The latter saved his wife and children and jumped from the front window to the street. He aroused his father, and thought he might make his way out alone, but, being so feeble, the old man succumbed.

John Rawleigh, who occupied the ground floor of No. 733, stated yesterday that this was the third time within a year the premises had been fired. He recalls to the arrest of a man named Savage for burglary a year ago, in which Mr. Rawleigh and his father, the owner of No. 733, assisted. The friends of the prisoner, who received five years in the penitentiary, it is said, swore revenge against the Rawleighs, and two days after the arrest the premises were on fire. Nine days later the building was again fired. Each time rags saturated with oil were found in the basement.

Rawleigh and the watchman say that the flames seemed to break out simultaneously from several parts of the building.

THE PREMIER DEFEATED.

The Home-Rule Bill Fails to Pass a Second Reading—The Victory of the Opposition Won by a Vote of 341 to 311.

[London cablegram.]

The Government was defeated by a majority of thirty on the second reading of the home-rule bill. The vote on the bill was 311 for the measure and 341 against it. Mr. Gladstone moved an adjournment until Thursday and the motion was adopted. Mr. Gladstone entered the House of Commons at 4:55 o'clock this afternoon (7th) and proceeded straight to his seat. When his presence was noted he was greeted with tremendous cheering. The Premier wore a white rose in his lapel. The House of Commons was crowded to its utmost capacity at the hour of opening the session. The Opposition loudly cheered John Bright and Lord Hartington as they entered and took their places. The Parnellites were all in good voice, and they gave Mr. Gladstone an enthusiastic welcome.

The excitement during division had no parallel in the history of the House of Commons. Lord Randolph Churchill first discovered the Government was defeated, and by waving his hat and indulging in other joyful demonstrations aroused the enthusiasm of members of the Opposition, who, rising, waved their hats and cheered again and again. When the figures were announced the noise was deafening. Parnellites challenged the vote. O'Connor called for cheers for the Grand Old Man, which were given with gusto by the Government supporters. Sir William Harcourt and his companions rose and bowed to Gladstone, who was somewhat embarrassed. The Parnellites called for groans for Chamberlain, which were given with shouts of "Traitor!" and "Judas Iscariot!" Chamberlain merely laughed. When order was restored Gladstone rose, white and trembling, and moved to adjourn until Thursday. Healey and O'Connor again challenged the vote, saying they would not offer any opposition, but wished to express their repugnance of the conduct of many members of Gladstone's party. During the hubbub Gladstone, wearing a haggard look, left the House cheered by his opponents.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.

Six Persons Killed and Many Injured by a Railway Accident in South Carolina.

A north-bound passenger train on the Northeastern Railroad plunged through the Santee River trestle, midway between St. Stephen's Station and Santee River bridge, smashing up the coaches and killing six passengers. The killed are: John L. Cole, Dr. G. C. Kinloch, William Inglesby, Miss McIver, of Charleston; Miss C. E. McWhite, of Marion; Miss Hannah Wilson, residence unknown.

Conductor B. G. Mazzyk and Mail Agent F. W. Renneker were badly injured. The cause of the accident is not yet known, but it is supposed to have resulted from the insecure fastenings of a rail on a changing gauge.

A LIBERAL OFFER.

Five Thousand Dollars to Any Charitable Institution,

If It Cannot Be Done as It Is Stated.

Rochester, N. Y., Union and Advertiser.
Friends of ex-President Arthur are very much disquieted.

Of course he is not going to die! He is in the hands of a very particular physician. His doctor does not call it Bright's Disease! No, it is stomach disorder that he is suffering from now, and every few hours he takes a cold, and from time to time many other symptoms are developed. These symptoms the public should know are really secondary to Bright's Disease.

His physicians say that everything that medical skill can do for him is being done.

This is not so.
The case is a prominent one because the General is an ex-President; and yet there are thousands of farmers quietly dying, in their farm-houses, of secondary symptoms of Bright's Disease, called by every other conceivable name; thousands of workmen, likewise dying, leaving helpless families; hundreds of thousands in all walks of life who have sickened, and are likewise dying, helpless victims of powerless physicians.

Eight years ago a very well-known gentleman was about to enter upon large commercial transactions. His medical adviser quietly dropped into his office one day and told his confidential clerk that he would be dead in three months, and that he ought to settle up his business affairs at once.

That man is alive and well to-day, yet he was given up as incurable with the same disease that is killing General Arthur.

Our reporter met this gentleman yesterday, and in conversation about the General's case he said:

"I will give \$5,000 to any charitable institution in the State of New York, to be designated by the editor of the New York World, the editor of the Buffalo News, and W. E. Kisselburgh of the Troy Times, if Warner's safe cure (taken according to my directions), which cured me eight years ago, can not cure General Chester A. Arthur of Bright's disease, from which he is suffering."

"Now I want you to understand," he said, "that we do not profess to make new kidneys, but we do know from personal experience, and from the experience of many thousands of similar cases, that we can stop the consumption of the kidneys. Many a man has gone through life with one kidney without inconvenience. Thousands of people have lived a majority of their life with one lung. They did not have a new lung made. We do not make new kidneys, but if the kidney is not consumed too much we can stop disease and prolong life if taken in time."

This offer comes from H. H. Warner, proprietor of Warner's safe cure, of this city.

Mr. Warner also said: "My dear sir, there are Governors, Senators, Presidental candidates, members of Congress, prominent men and women all over the country whom I personally know have been cured of disease, such as General Arthur suffers from, by our Warner's safe cure, but owing to the circles in which they move they do not care to give public testimony to the fact."

Mr. Warner is interested in General Arthur's case because he is personally acquainted with him, and he says that it is a shame that any man should be allowed to die under the operation of old-fashioned, powerful cathartics, which have no curative effects, rather than that a modern, conceded specific for kidney disease, whose worth is acknowledged world-wide, should save him.

"If you doubt the efficacy of Warner's safe cure," say the proprietors, "ask your friends and neighbors about it. This is asking but little. They will tell you all you want to know." "We have kept a standing offer before the public for four years," says Mr. Warner, "that we will give \$5,000 to any person who can successfully dispute the genuineness, so far as we know, of the testimonials we publish, and none have done it."

Were General Arthur a poor man, unable to be left in the hands of his physician, he would use that great remedy, as many thousands of others have done, and get well. How absurd, then, for people to say that everything that can be done is being done for the ex-President, when the one successful remedy in the world that has cured, or that can cure, a case like his has not been used by them.

Dental Note.

"I want this tooth pulled; I just can't stand this any longer."

"But, my dear sir, I am not a dentist."

"What in thunder are you?"

"I am an oculist. I attend to the eyes, not the teeth."

"Well, that's all right. Get to work. This is an eye-tooth that's bothering me."—*Texas Siftings.*

No Raw Material on Hand.

Bobby was very much impressed by the remark of the minister at church that man was made of dust.

"Ma," said he, after a thoughtful silence, "was I made of dust, too?"

"Yes," she replied.

"Well, how is it, then, that my birthday comes in January? There ain't no dust in January."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Our Worst Enemies.

Next to our vices, are our follies. Among them is the imperiling of future bodily comfort, and the average tenure of life to which persons of moderately good constitutions are presumably entitled, by imprudence in eating and drinking, and the reckless use of drugs. It is one of the happy capabilities of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters that it can repair damages thus inflicted. When the blood is thin and watery, the bowels out of order, the complexion and tongue both giving evidence of biliousness, there is a necessity for repairs upon the human tenement obvious enough to startle its possessor. A course of the Bitters, the abandonment of "drugging" for relief, and a sensible diet and mode of life—these will speedily produce a change for the better. What quinine for fever and ague, and mercury for biliousness and constipation, won't do, the Bitters will. It also relieves rheumatism and neuralgia, and inactivity of the kidneys.

A MOTHER writes to *Babyhood* that she has found an unfailing remedy for sleeplessness in her young children—fresh air. If babies are bundled up well and protected with a sun shade they will hardly be able to keep their eyes open out of doors, and will drop off to sleep quickly. She recommends that the mothers also take refreshing exercise in the open air, saying, "If I failed to be in the fresh air some time each day when I was nursing a baby I could always see the result in increased nervousness and fretfulness in the child." We have seen one baby raised with the happiest results on the plan of taking its naps out of doors all the year round. There is a ridiculous notion that when babies are allowed to sleep in the open air they are apt to be troubled with wind on the stomach. There is no sense or reason in it.—*Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.*

ONE greasing with Frazer Aze Grease will last two weeks, all others two to three days. Try it.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, expressage, and \$3 carriage hire, and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite Grand Central Depot.

613 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

She Could Not Divulge the Secrets of an Executive Session.

She was the daughter of a Senator, and her sweetheart had been to see her every night since Lent had given them time and opportunity. Her father became somewhat alarmed, and the other morning he called her into his study.

"My dear daughter," he said, "I believe Mr. Blank has been to see you every night for some time past?"

"Yes, papa."

"And he was here last night?"

"Yes, papa."

"Well, daughter, I want to know what occurred during your protracted interview in the parlor. I ask it, my child, because I have especial reasons for wanting to know."

"Dear papa," replied the girl, with tears in her eyes, "I do not doubt your right to ask what occurred there; but, papa, it was an executive session; and, papa, you would not have me divulge the secrets of such a meeting, would you?"

The old man said never a word in reply.—*Washington Critic.*

The true secret of success is merit. This is so with Red Star Cough Cure, a purely vegetable compound, entirely free from opiates, poisons and narcotics, and which has received the public endorsement of physicians and chemists everywhere. Twenty-five cents.

Revenged.

It is hard for an editor to please some people. A "constant reader" in search of useful information recently addressed a communication to a Western paper, asking what is the characteristic feature of summer in this country. The editor calmly answered "Heat" in the next issue, and the constant reader got wrathful and told the editor that he would never read his measly old paper again. He now writes letters to the opposition paper under the signature of "Vindex."—*New York Tribune.*

The Vice President of the City Brewery, Mr. J. Helms, of Louisville, Ky., was entirely cured in one week of a severe attack of rheumatism by St. Jacobs Oil.

Tyranny.

Windbag (saloonist)—"Now I told you, boys, you pring dese cabitalists to dere knees, bretty soon, mit dem poy-cotts."

Workman—"We know it, Windbag. We put it on Mulligan last week and brought him to terms in a jiffy."

"Mulligan, de prewer, you mean?"

"Yes."

"But dat will raise de brice of beer. Ah, Himmel! dat was tyranny."—*Philadelphia Call.*

What She Thought She Must Be.
"Are you a Presbyterian?" asked a lady of a little girl who was visiting at her house.

"No," replied the droll child; "nor a Methodist, nor a Baptist. I guess I must be an advertisement."

AYER'S AGUE CURE is warranted a sure cure for malarial disorders.

"AND how old are you, my little man?" "I'm not old at all; I'm nearly new!"

THE beneficial results produced by the use of Hall's Hair Renewer are wonderful.

"ALL flesh is grass," but some people display more greenness than others.

BED-BUGS, FLIES.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, water-bugs, moths, rats, mice, sparrows, jack rabbits, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

BUCHU-PAIBA.

Cures all Kidney Affections, Scalding, Irritations, Stone, Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder. \$1.

ROUGH ON RATS.

clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, vermin, water-bugs, etc. 15c.

"Rough on Corns" hard or soft corns, bunions. 15c.

"Rough on Toothache." Instant relief. 15c.

A Most Liberal Offer!

THE VOLTAGE BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated VOLTAGE BELTS and Electric Appliances on thirty days' trial to any man afflicted with Nervous Debility, Loss of Vitality, Manhood, etc. Illustrated pamphlets in sealed envelope with full particulars, mailed free. Write them at once.

A SNOW-PLOW is like a bad habit—a good thing to cut adrift.

DYSPEPSIA

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it tends, by impairing nutrition, and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS—THE BEST TONIC

Quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Flatulence, Food, etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food.

Mrs. D. W. RICHARD, Waterloo, Iowa, says: "I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia. Brown's Iron Bitters has completely cured me."

Mrs. W. H. HITCHCOCK, Greene, Iowa, says: "I suffered with Dyspepsia for four years. Less than three bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters cured me. I take great pleasure in recommending it."

Mrs. L. W. LAWRENCE, 416 S. Jackson St., Jackson, Mich., says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and consider it an unequalled remedy. Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD."

Physicians and druggists recommend it.

On Every Bottle.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

"Blood Will Tell."

Yes, the old adage is right, but if the liver is disordered and the blood becomes thereby corrupted, the bad "blood will tell" in diseases of skin and throat, in tumors and ulcers, and in tuberculosis in the lungs (first stages of consumption) even although the subject be descended in a straight line from Richard Cœur de Lion, or the noblest Roman of them all. For setting the liver in order no other medicine in the world equals Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Try it, and your "blood will tell" the story of its wonderful efficacy.

SOME men are like eggs. You can't tell whether they are good or bad until they are broke.

PERFECTION is attained in Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

IT is the man with a dark beard who never says dye.

THIN PEOPLE.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health, and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Impotence, Nervous Debility, Consumption, Wasting Diseases, Decline. It has cured thousands, will cure you.

HEART PAINS.

Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache, Ague, Liver and Kidney Complaint, Sleeplessness cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." Elegant Tonic for Adults or children.

LIFE PRESERVER.

If you are losing your grip on life try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots. Great Appetizer, and aid to Digestion, giving strength to stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels.

A Cure of Pneumonia.

Mr. D. H. Barnaby, of Owego, N. Y., says that his daughter was taken with a violent cold which terminated with pneumonia, and all the best physicians gave the case up and said she could live but a few hours at most. She was in this condition when a friend recommended DR. WM. HALL'S BALM FOR THE LUNGS, and advised her to try it. She accepted it as a last resort, and was surprised to find that it produced a marked change for the better, and by persevering in its use a cure was effected.

My wife was taken sick with rheumatism. The good effects of Athlophoros were felt with the first dose, and after twenty-four hours, use all pain had disappeared. After using one bottle she could sit up. L. R. Stricklin, Raleigh, Ill.

BEST, easiest to use, and cheapest. Piso's Remedy for Catarrh. By druggists. 50c.



Keep the blood pure, and invigorate the system, by the use of
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.



TOWER'S SLICKER
The Best Waterproof Coat.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new FISH BRAND SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire saddle. Beware of imitations. None genuine without the "Fish Brand" trade-mark. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. Tower, Boston, Mass.

PATENTS.

R. S. & A. P. LACEY, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D.C. Instructions and opinions as to patentability FREE. 17 years' experience.

WANTED.

Me, women, boys and girls easily make \$5 to \$10 a day at home in a pleasant business, strictly honorable. For full particulars of what I want you to do, address SWEDISH INSET POWER CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. Don't miss this chance. Write to-day. Mention this paper.

FACE, HANDS, FEET.

and all their imperfections, including Facial Development, Superfluous Hair, Birth Marks, Moles, Warts, Freckles, Red Nose, Acne, Blemishes, Herpes, Bores, Pimples, Itch, and all skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of thirty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. J. L. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient), "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the will last six months, using it every day. Also Boudou's Sublime removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. F. E. D. T. HOPKINS, Manager, 48 Bond St., N. Y. For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the U. S., Canada, and Europe. Beware of base imitations. \$1.00 Reward for arrest and proof of any one selling the same."

ORIENTAL Cream or Magical Beautifier

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moles, Blemishes, Itch and skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of thirty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. J. L. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient), "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the will last six months, using it every day. Also Boudou's Sublime removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. F. E. D. T. HOPKINS, Manager, 48 Bond St., N. Y. For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the U. S., Canada, and Europe. Beware of base imitations. \$1.00 Reward for arrest and proof of any one selling the same."

CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not using my cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.

Address Dr. R. G. ROOT, 115 Pearl St., New York.

"Men must work and women weep, So runs the world away!" But they need not weep so much if they use Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," which cures all the painful maladies peculiar to women. Sold by druggists.

DON'T enter the parlor with muddy boots; you may be taken for a carpet-cleaner anxious for work.

Ask your shoe and hardware dealers for Lyon's Heel Stiffeners; they keep boots and shoes straight.



PURELY VEGETABLE.

It acts with extraordinary efficacy on the

LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND BOWELS.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

Malaria, Bowel Complaints, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

BEST FAMILY MEDICINE

No Household Should be Without It, and, by being kept ready for immediate use, will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

THERE IS BUT ONE

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

See that you get the genuine with red "S" on front of wrapper. Prepared only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Sole Proprietors, Philadelphia, Pa. PRICE, \$1.00.

A Serene Old Age

Is coveted by all. Many are the people, in many lands, who attribute their excellent health, in advanced age, to the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

MARY C. AMESBURY, 80 years of age, well known in Rockport, Me., says: "For forty years I was troubled with a humor in the blood, which manifested itself in painful eruptions on my skin. At times I have been a great sufferer. I tried all kinds of remedies, but found no relief for my complaint until I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Ten bottles of this medicine completely cured me."

"For thirty-eight years I suffered with Scrofula. When a child I had running sores on my knees and ankles, from which pieces of bone worked out. After these were healed, my eyes became sore and painful, and, although I tried many remedies, nothing did me any permanent good until I commenced taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Four bottles of this medicine performed wonders for me."—EMMA TIPTON, Alton, O.

Keep the blood pure, and invigorate the system, by the use of
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FACE, HANDS, FEET.

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When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not using my cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.

Address Dr. R. G. ROOT, 115 Pearl St., New York.

LIST OF DISEASES

ALWAYS CURABLE BY USING

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

OF HUMAN FLESH.

Rheumatism, Burns and Scalds, Stings and Bites, Cuts and Bruises, Sprains & Stitches, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Backache, Eruptions, Frost Bites, and all external diseases, and every hurt or accident.

For general use in family, stable and stock-yard, it is

THE BEST OF ALL.

LINIMENTS

OF HUMAN FLESH.

Rheumatism, Burns and Scalds, Stings and Bites, Cuts and Bruises, Sprains & Stitches, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Backache, Eruptions, Frost Bites, and all external diseases, and every hurt or accident.

For general use in family, stable and stock-yard, it is

THE BEST OF ALL.

PAIN-KILLER

IS RECOMMENDED BY

Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Workshops, Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals—in short, everybody everywhere who has ever given it a trial.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, IT WILL BE FOUND A NEVER FAILING CURE FOR

SUDDEN COLDS, CHILLS, PAINS IN THE STOMACH, CRAMPS, SUMMER AND BOWEL COMPLAINTS, SORE THROAT, &c.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY,

IT IS THE MOST EFFECTIVE AND BEST LINIMENT ON EARTH FOR CURING

SPRAINS, BRUISES, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, BURNS, FROST-BITES, &c.

Prices, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per Bottle.

FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

Beware of Imitations.

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Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer-meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Brook, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Both in the Morning and in the Afternoon the services will be conducted by the Theological Student Mr. S. Hogeboom. In the evening Rev. J. P. De Jong, of North Holland, Mich., will preach in English.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2:00 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45.

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. H. D. Jordan, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Class-meeting at close of morning service, and at 7 p. m. Teachers meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All the seats are free.

Grace Episcopal Church—Rev. George S. Ayres, Rector. Divine Service every alternate Sunday, 1st, 3rd and 5th. Morning Service at 10:30; Evening Service at 7:30; Sunday School at 12 m. Holy Communion at 10:30 a. m., and Children's Service at 3:15 p. m. on the first Sunday of each month. All are invited to attend. Strangers especially welcome. "O Worship the Lord in the Beauty of Holiness," Ps. 96-9.

SCAN THESE CLOSELY.

Renews Her Youth.

Mrs. Phoebe Chesly, Peterson, Clay Co., Iowa, tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am 73 years old, have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years; could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness, and am able to do all my own housework. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitter for having renewed my youth and removed completely all disease and pain." Try a bottle, only 50c. at H. Walsh's Drug Store.

Pains cannot exist after the patient has taken a single dose of West's Pain King, the Magic cure. Do not be induced to take a substitute, but insist upon having West's Pain King. 25c. All druggists.

A Million Dollars.

Millions of dollars would be saved annually by the invalids, of every community, if, instead of calling in a physician for every ailment, they were all wise enough to put their trust in Golden Seal Bitters, a certain cure for all diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood and Liver, such as Scrofula, in its various forms, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Female irregularities, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Exposure and imprudence of Life. No person can take these Bitters according to instructions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair. Golden Seal Bitters numbers on its list of cures more than any other medicine known, and have already acquired a great celebrity, being used generally as a family medicine. Sold by H. Walsh & Son. 18 4t.

West's Liver Pills will never disappoint you. Always reliable. 25c. All druggists.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Druggists, Holland, Mich. 6-1y

A large doctor's bill is often saved by taking in time a few doses of West's Liver Pills, the standard remedy for Liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion and sick headache. 25c. All druggists.

Stated by H. B. Cochran, druggist, Lancaster, Pa.: "Have guaranteed over 300 bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bilious attacks, liver and kidney troubles."

Lucky Star Cigar for Sale at Peter Steketee & Co. 9-3m

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. 26-1y

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland, Mich.

Hats Trimmed Free.

Every Monday of this and next month we will trim Hats for nothing. It is understood, as a matter of course, that the necessary material is to be bought at our place that day. We make this offer in order to induce people to come in the early part of the week; Friday and Saturday being such busy days that it is impossible to spend the proper time with our customers. L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE. 16-1f.

We have again received a new line of Summer Hats, Bonnets and Ribbons; and a large assortment of Flowers, Ostrich Tips, and Pompons. 16-1f. L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., New York. 39-48w

\$1000 FORFEIT IF NOT HAVANA FILLER.



A GENTLEMAN'S SMOKE FOR 5 CENTS.

This Cigar will prove as represented and will be extensively advertised in every town for live dealers who will appreciate its merits and push it accordingly.

Address BANGHART BROS., Sole Agents, 186 Fifth Avenue, CHICAGO.

RETAIL AT H. WALSH'S.

G. Van Putten & Sons

Have on hand their Spring Stock of

Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Woolens & Cottons,
Table Linens,
and Towels.

Hosiery and Underwear.

Buttons, Embroideries, Laces
and White Goods.

New Spring Styles of Hats

A Full Stock of Groceries.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Holland, Mich., April 10, 1886.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY
GOOD NEWS TO LADIES.
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated **Teas and Coffees**, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address **THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,** P. O. Box 229, 81 and 83 Vesey St., New York.

LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE!

Linseed, Lard and Machine OILS.

We will make prices on Oils that will astonish you.

BUY THE

Sherwin-Williams Paints

To prove the quality of these Paints, we would state that the paint put on buildings four years ago has given

ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

We have not had one complaint of its peeling, cracking or chalking off.

While we are at present

CROWDING THE PAINT TRADE,

Do not forget that we still have as complete a Stock of

DRUGS and MEDICINES

As is kept in the city, and sell them at prices to suit the times.

KREMERS & BANGS, Central Drug Store. Holland, Mich., May 7th, 1886.

We Defy Competition

and wish to announce that we have a large and carefully selected stock of

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING!

The Choicest and Best Patterns put into Ready-Made Clothing can be found at our Store.

NO SHOP WORN GOODS

All New Goods and of the Latest Styles.

CALL AND SEE US.

FILLMORE BIRD. Holland, Mich., April 15, 1886. 11-3m.

Otto Breyman

—dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches, DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

The largest assortment of DIAMOND RINGS ever displayed in this city.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

SPECTACLES

and a

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner. Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 12, 1884.

THE LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE
HAS NO EQUAL.
PERFECT SATISFACTION
New Home Sewing Machine Co.
—ORANGE, MASS.—
30 Union Square, N. Y. — Chicago, Ill. — St. Louis, Mo. — Atlanta, Ga. — Dallas, Tex. — San Francisco, Cal.

Meyer, Brouwer & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Furniture, Wall Paper, CARPETS, ETC.
Holland, Michigan. 50-6m

R. N. DeMERELL,

—dealer in—

GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS, Headstones, Tablets, Etc.

All kinds of Building Work made to order.

Cemetery Work

of all kinds neatly executed.

All Work Warranted to give Satisfaction.

R. N. DeMERELL,

HOLLAND, Mich., Aug. 25, 1885. 50-1y

PHOENIX Cheap Cash Store!

The undersigned has purchased the store and stock of goods of M. Jonkman, on River street, opposite the Phoenix Planing Mill, and will hereafter conduct the business. He has a large stock of

Crockery,

Flour and Feed,

and Glassware,

Dry Goods and Yankee Notions.

With honest and fair dealing he hopes to retain all old customers of the store and obtain many new ones.

Goods will be delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

There is a telephone in the store, and all orders given through it will be promptly attended to.

Give me a Call.

R. E. WERKMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 23, 1885.

NEXT!!

—AT—

BILLY'S TONSORIAL PARLORS

you can get a

A Good Clean Shave.

A Scientific Haircut, or Invigorating Shampoo, at any time.

HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE! W. BAUMGARTEL.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 19, 1885.

ATTENTION

Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long.
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory, ED. VER SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

TO MACKINAC.

The Most Delightful

SUMMER TOUR

Palace Steamers. Low Rates.

Four Trips per Week Between

DETROIT AND MACKINAC

And Every Week Day Between

DETROIT AND CLEVELAND

Write for our

"Picturesque Mackinac," Illustrated.

Contains Full Particulars. Mailed Free.

Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

C. D. WHITCOMB, Gen. Pass. Agt., DETROIT, MICH.

J. FLIEMAN

Manufactures and sells the

BEST WAGONS

AND BUGGIES.

I have recently commenced the manufacture of Platform, Combination & Express Wagons,

To which I invite the attention of all who desire a light and durable wagon.

I have on hand a large assortment of **BUGGIES** Which I will dispose of at the lowest possible figures.

I am making

ALL KINDS OF OARS They cannot be beat, and I make anything in the hardwood line.

Carriage and Wagon Painting

Call and See Me before Purchasing Elsewhere,

J. FLIEMAN,

HOLLAND, Mich. March 18, 1886.

\$1

13 Weeks

The **POLICE GAZETTE** will be mailed, securely wrapped, to any address in the United States for three months on receipt of

ONE DOLLAR.

Liberal discount allowed to postmasters, agents and clubs. Sample copies mailed free.

Address all orders to **RICHARD K. FOX,** Franklin Square, N. Y.

CITIZENS

—OF—

HOLLAND

Are you aware that when you want a good article of

FURNITURE

A Stove,

or in fact anything in the

House Furnishing

LINE,

you can get good bargains by calling on

A. B. Bosman,

the dealer in

Second-Hand

Goods!

I have now some of the best bargains of the year.

CALL

And See Me!