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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 19.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 695.

The Holland City News

A Weekly Newspaper (published every Saturday.)

Business Directory.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H. Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O. Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicine. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, &c.; River St.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, &c. River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Williams Bros., Proprietors. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the C. & W. M. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free hack for accommodation of guests.

Livery and Sale Stables.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding Stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's hotel.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable. Ninth street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, &c.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Plunger Mills. Manufacturers of new Process Flour. Near foot of Eighth street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be found in his office in First Ward Drug Store, on Eighth street.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledeboer.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKBUSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

Societies.

I. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellow's Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

W. ZEH, R. S. A. J. CLARK, N. G.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 23, Feb. 23, March 23, April 23, May 27, June 24, July 23, Aug. 19, Sept. 23, Oct. 21, Nov. 18, Dec. 16. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

O. BREYMAN, W. M.

D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.) Apples, 50c; Beans, 80c, \$1.00; Butter, 12c; Eggs, 11c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 25c.

RETAIL.

Apples, 60c; Beans, \$1.25; Butter, 12c; Eggs, 12c; Honey, 14c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 30c.

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.) Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Beans, \$1.10; Clover seed, \$1.50; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, 1.10; Corn, shelled, 40c; Flour, \$5.50; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; Feed, \$1.00; Hay, \$2.00; Middling, \$1.00; Oats, 80c; Oats, new, 85c; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; Rye, 50c; Timothy Seed, \$1.50; Wheat, white, 90c; Red Fultz, 90c; Lancaster Red, 92c.

RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 50c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Beans, \$1.10; Clover seed, \$1.50; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, 1.20; Corn, shelled, 50c; Flour, \$6.00; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; Feed, \$1.00; Hay, \$2.00; Middling, \$1.00; Oats, 90c; Oats, 40c; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; Rye, 55c; Timothy seed, \$2.50.

All persons intending to beautify their homes should purchase the Harrison Ready Mixed Paints. They are by far the best paint in the market. You can get them of H. Walsh, who also has a full stock of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, and all kinds of Wall finish. Purchase your Drugs and Paints where you get the best articles at the lowest prices.

LOCAL ITEMS.

JULY Fourth comes on Saturday.

Do we want to celebrate the Fourth this year?

CHAS. D. TILLO of the Chicago Newspaper Union called on us Thursday.

THE street sprinkler has been doing good service the past week and our streets are in good condition.

SOME men with the Lewis Hand Fire Extinguisher gave an exhibition at the City Hotel corner last Thursday evening.

HOLLAND City has a case of over-zealous policeman and too much club in the wrong place. We understand that a suit for damages is likely to follow.

PROF. G. P. HUMMER, who has so efficiently conducted our Public Schools for three years past has been engaged for another year by the Board of Education.

THE weather turned colder after the heavy storm of last Sunday, and on Monday night "Jack Frost" visited this section but no damage was done by the visit.

THE members of the G. A. R. Post are requested to meet in Lyceum Hall on next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Business of importance is to be transacted and all the members must be present at the meeting.

PROF. SHEPARD will give a concert with some of the pupils of the public schools in Lyceum hall on next Friday night, the proceeds to go to the school library. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats can be secured at O. Breyman's without extra charge.

THE Heywood company gave three of their very pleasing entertainments this week to good houses. The audiences were apparently well pleased with Mr. Heywood's impersonations which were very well taken. The flute solos were simply immense. Mr. Davis is an artist on that instrument.

"FIRE BUGS" set fire to one of the recreation buildings belonging to Hope College on last Tuesday night and a general alarm was sounded at 9:45 which was promptly responded to by the fire department who rendered valuable services in saving other buildings adjoining. The building was a frame structure and burned very rapidly. The loss to the College is about \$1,200; insured for \$400.

THE firemen after the fire of last Tuesday night clamored loudly for refreshments, but none came. It seems to us that our people should interest themselves enough in the fire department to at least serve the members each with a good hot cup of coffee at such times. With wet feet and wet clothes it would not come amiss to those who have labored long and hard for the purpose of saving property.

THE farmers of this locality are now afforded an excellent opportunity of improving their stock. Mr. Jas. S. Purdy has made a few trips to Kentucky and has secured some very fine short horn Durhams. He has sold several to farmers in the neighborhood and has a few still on hand which are full blooded registered cattle. He will show them to all who desire to see them and as he asks but a moderate price for the cattle he should meet with no difficulty in disposing of them.

LAST Monday night no less than three fires of incendiary origin occurred in this city. The first fire was an old dwelling near the round house of the Chicago and West Mich. R'y in the eastern part of the city, and broke out at eleven o'clock. The second fire was in an unoccupied house on Second street near River and the alarm was sounded at half past one. Both of these buildings were consumed, the loss being nominally nothing. The third was a small affair. The blacksmith shop of Baxter & Son on River street was discovered to be on fire at an early hour Tuesday morning but was promptly extinguished by the watchman of the Standard Roller Mills. There was also an attempt made to fire the barn of Esquire Fairbanks on Eleventh street, but for some reason the combustibles placed there for the purpose failed to do the work. That we have some wretch in our midst whose neck should be adorned with a "hemp neck tie" is evident and that he will, if discovered, receive the deserved punishment is certain, judging from the feeling of many of the citizens of the city.

THE buildings in course of erection on Eighth street are taking form and add much to the lively appearance of the city.

The June bug has a pretty wing, The old bed bug has fame, The "fire bug" has no wings at all But he "gets there" all the same.

WE print in this issue a very interesting letter from the General Synod held at Syracuse, N. Y., from delegate Rev. Chas. S. Dutton.

WE have received a communication from North Holland, but as the name of the author does not accompany the letter, we cannot publish it.

THE annual catalogue of the State Agricultural College has been received at this office. We fail to discover any students in the list from this locality.

BUSINESS at the Park is rapidly picking up. The Chicago and West Mich. R'y are selling tickets from Grand Rapids and return good for the whole season at \$1.

TO those wishing to attend the camp meeting at Bangor on June 18, 19 and 20, round trip tickets will be sold on those dates for one and one-third fare, good to return not later than June 30.

NEWS reaches us just as we go to press that Rev. Daniel Van Pelt has been appointed by General Synod Professor in the Theological Seminary at Hope College. The appointment is a good one and will give general satisfaction in the West as well as in the East.

THIS locality was visited on last Sunday evening by a most violent rain storm accompanied by the heaviest thunder. The air was full of electricity and flashes of lightning were constant. Rain poured down in torrents and at one time hail fell in considerable quantity. The lightning struck the home of Mr. Annis on River street but the damage was slight. The telephone exchange was a scene of great confusion and on Monday morning nearly all the instruments were found to be "burned out."

THE Water Commissioners wish us to inform the public that they are ready to receive applications for permits to tap the mains for water for domestic purposes. The water can be had for a slight cost and is of great convenience to all citizens who own homes in the city. The Board have received but a few applications so far, but it has been owing largely to the fact that people were not aware that water could be had. We expect to see a large number of consumers by next fall and the work in a good paying condition.

MR. R. DE STELLINI, who presented a short time ago the exciting drama of war times and scenes entitled "The Drummer Boy or the Spy of the Shenandoah" in Grand Haven under the auspices of Co. F, Mich. S. T., will present the piece here for the benefit of A. C. Van Raalte Post No. 262, G. A. R. The play will be ready in about a week or ten days. With the exception of one, and possibly two characters, the play will be presented by local talent. It is filled with scenes that were common during the late war and is a drama that fills houses wherever presented. Co. F. at Grand Haven cleared over one hundred dollars in presenting it three nights. And there is no doubt but what it will take here.

THE executive Committee of the South Ottawa and West Kent Agricultural Society appointed public meetings to be held in the following places: Fillmore, June 10, at the store of B. Volmari; Graafschap the same day as at Fillmore at 7 o'clock p. m., at the store of Notter & Lokker; North Holland, Saturday, June 13, at 4 p. m. at the store of A. Wagenaar, same evening at Fireman's Hall, Zeeland; Vriesland, June 15, at Den Herder & Tannis store, the same evening at Drenthe at the store of F. Boonstra at 7 o'clock. The object of these meetings are to give the farmers of the colony an opportunity of expressing an opinion as to the project, and of showing their interest in the matter by purchasing the annual tickets that will be presented for sale by the committee at these times. The supply of tickets are limited and those who desire them should apply to the committee at an early date. The project will be carried through and the first fair will be held next fall. With a strong and a long pull all together the fair, grounds and all, will be pulled from out the box and landed in good running condition on a good and safe basis. Let all do their utmost and the object is easily accomplished.

MARRIED:—At the residence of the bride's parents in New Gronnigen, on Tuesday, June 2, 1886, by Rev. J. Kremer, Mr. John De Jong to Miss Gertrude Jekel.

THE Board of Water Commissioners have placed twelve signs on the banks of Black River and the Bay notifying all persons not to deposit any matter deleterious to the public health in the water, or upon the banks of the river and bay. The signs are substantially gotten up, are placed in conspicuous places, and there is no excuse for persons disobeying the law. The Board are determined to prosecute all violators of the statute.

AT the Civil Service Reform examination for Postal Clerks held at Grand Rapids last Thursday morning, Anthony Wiersema, of this city, in throwing sixteen hundred and twenty-two cards made but five mistakes. The time allotted for this work in examination is two hours and a half. Wiersema performed the duty in one hour and eighteen minutes and answered every one of the one hundred questions. His rating is 99.69. That is pretty near perfection. Tony is a good postal clerk and we doubt if his record can be beat.

THE exercises at Hope College during the Commencement week of 1885, will be as follows: June 17th, the examination of the undergraduate classes; June 19th, in the evening, anniversary of the Meliphon society; June 20th, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., in Hope Church, the baccalaureate sermon; June 22nd, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in the Chapel, rhetorical exercises of the Preparatory department, not open to children under the age of twelve; June 22nd at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in the Chapel, musical concert by the students; June 23d, at 10 o'clock a. m., meeting of the Council of the College; June 23d at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in the Chapel, public meeting of the Alumni; June 24th, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in Hope Church, the Commencement. The public are cordially invited.

THE policy of our School Board "Let none but home talent be employed," while very commendable, is not *always* attended by the best results. The Public School is the most important of our institutions and should be carefully guarded. The larger the school the greater the necessity for having the best and most experienced teachers. Economy in salaries, while consistent with the business management of the school, will not always result in being the best for the moral and mental attainments of the seven or eight hundred pupils entrusted to the care and training of the Teachers. Parents pay but little attention to who is teaching their children, hence the greater the necessity for the Board of Education, the people's servants, for using extraordinary care in the selection. The amount of salary or the fact that the applicant resides in this place, should be no argument in favor of hiring this or that teacher. The Board should employ none but the very best teachers regardless of salary or residence and we hope that the parents of Holland will demand it.

LAST Monday, the second Monday in June, was the time set apart by the city charter as the time for the annual review of the fire department. Accordingly the Chief ordered out the department and several trials of efficiency were made. The first one was at the City Hotel. The Hook and Ladder men placed ladders in position and scaled the walls of the building. The hose boys were to run from Van der Veen's corner, a block from the Hotel, lay hose enough to reach the top of the building, take their hose up the ladders and get water. This trial was made by Protection Hose Co. in 4 minutes and by the Eagle Company in 3½ minutes. The second trial was a run from the Hotel to the City Hall, a distance of nearly a quarter of a mile, lay 50 feet of hose, and get water. Protection performed this feat in two minutes while the Eagles again came to the front in one and three-quarter minutes. The third trial was a run of 100 feet; lay 150 feet of hose, get water, take out one length and put in new one from cart. This feat the Eagles performed in 1 minute and 35 seconds while the Protection "got there" in good shape in 1 minute and 15 seconds. The Protection Company numbered eleven men while the Eagles had but nine. These trials were made in remarkably short time considering the practice the boys have had and there is no doubt but what the fire department of this city can be brought to be as efficient as any in the State.

ROSCOE CONKLING says that the smallest county newspaper is worth more to its country subscribers in one month than its price for a year, and does more for its neighborhood for nothing than many a high official does for his magnificent salary.

MESSRS. VAN LANDEGEND & KERKHOFF have been licensed as plumbers and are now ready to do any work in that line. They have a large and complete stock of goods and will furnish estimates of work on application. They will have a new "ad" in our next issue.

IT takes live men to make a live town. Dead men are only fit to inhabit cemeteries. If they are really decently dead, dead all over, we tenderly lay them away in the sleep of the tomb, but if they are dead to all enterprise and spirit, outside of the narrow limits of their own selfish interests, and yet persist in walking around, moving their calloused hearts and consciences where real business is wont to push and throb with vigor, they are only like the drone bees, in the way until they are stung to death and dragged outside the hive of legitimate industry. Twelve really live men are worth more to a town generally, than a round full thousand of such useless material that lays around like rubbish in a rushing stream that is aching and foaming to turn mills and factories.

THE members of the First Reformed Church of this city held a meeting at the College Chapel last Tuesday evening to discuss the necessity of changing their place of worship. The membership of the Church has steadily increased and a change of place of worship is desired. Some of the members expressed the desirability of having a temporary place of worship as the Supreme Court has not decided to whom the old Church property belongs and still have hopes that it will be presented to that Court in some shape for a final decision. Others were in favor of building a new church as close to the old one as possible as a monument against secession and name it the A. C. Van Raalte Memorial Church. The matter was discussed at length and was finally postponed until next Wednesday evening when another meeting will be held for the purpose of deciding the matter. Although difference of opinion was held the best of harmony prevailed throughout the meeting.

ONE after the other of the old settlers of Holland pass away. Thursday afternoon Mrs. P. F. Pfanstiehl, well known throughout the city and far surrounding country was carried to her grave. She had been helpless for four and one-half years from a stroke of paralysis, but her general health was good. Last Monday she was unusually cheerful and well, and retired Monday night in her usual health, and was soon asleep. The fire alarm that night woke her up and frightened her very much. She complained of her back, then composedly laid herself down as if to sleep, closed her eyes, spoke only a few words, and in a few moments gently and painlessly passed to her heavenly home. Thursday afternoon at 1:30 the funeral services were begun at the house with reading of the scripture by Rev. T. W. Jones, and prayer by Rev. H. E. Dosker, of Grand Haven, and continued at Hope Church. Rev. Jones preached the sermon, followed by remarks by Rev. C. Scott, D. D., who gave interesting reminiscences of the deceased. After singing "Rock of Ages," Prof. Steffens made a few appropriate remarks in the Hollandish language. The exercises were impressive and solemn. It was a beautiful June day when nature was her loveliest when they carried Mrs. Pfanstiehl to her grave and laid her down to sleep until the resurrection morn, by the side of her daughter Maggie, whose death, some years since, she never ceased to mourn. Mrs. Pfanstiehl was born at Velp, near Arnheim, Netherlands, Dec. 17, 1812, making her 73 years, 5 months, and 21 days of age. She was married to Mr. P. F. Pfanstiehl June 6th, 1833, and came to this country with her husband in 1847, where, together with him she has lived a life of various vicissitudes. In 1863 Mr. and Mrs. Pfanstiehl celebrated their golden wedding. She leaves a large circle of children, grand-children and great-grand-children. She was a kind, genial, sympathizing friend and neighbor, a loving, unselfish, devoted Christian mother, and all will sadly miss her. Strange it will appear for all her grand-children not to be able to visit "granda." Her vacant chair will long remind them of kind words spoken and deeds done.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

Boston dispatches announce the death of Henry Morrison, for many years comptroller of the Boston Theater, and of Robert Treat Paine, a grandson of the signer of the Declaration of Independence. Two years ago the *Rural New Yorker* produced a hybrid grain between wheat and rye, and between these has affected another cross that is three-fourths rye, but still very distant from that plant. Abe Buzard, the notorious outlaw of Pennsylvania, walked into the jail at Lancaster, and surrendered himself, on the promise of prominent citizens to endeavor to secure a commutation of his sentence by nine years. A planing-mill in North Buffalo, N. Y., was burned; loss, over \$80,000. Several stores and a shoe factory, at Danvers Center, Mass., and the opera house at Plainwell, Mich., were also burned.

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER is preaching a series of sermons to his Plymouth Church congregation upon the subject of evolution. In his last Sunday's sermon he took the ground that the developments of science have rendered the theory of plenary and verbal inspiration of the Scriptures untenable, but that in another sense—the sense that it is a history of the human race, and that every part of it was lived—the Bible is a divinely inspired book. The preacher advised theologians to abandon the effort to harmonize such biblical legends as the story of the creation of the world in six days with the facts of science. The theory of literal inspiration, he claimed, led surely to infidelity. After the doctors had visited Gen. Grant, Sunday afternoon, they said that, as compared with a week before, there was no appreciable increase of the swelling on the throat and no apparent increase of the cancerous trouble in the throat.

PHILIP D. SLOCUM, of New Bedford, Mass., was shot and killed by Charles Foss. The latter was a drunkard, and wanted transportation to Hudson Bay, where he wished to die if he could not be cured of his intemperate habits. Slocum did not procure the transportation, and Foss became enraged at him. After killing Slocum Foss committed suicide. William Henry, ex-business manager of the New York Herald, is about to start a newspaper in New York City to crush the Herald and the World. He says that \$600,000 of the \$1,000,000 necessary has already been subscribed. McLean, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and ex-Assistant Postmaster General Hutton are said to be interested in the scheme. The Governor of Massachusetts has signed the Hoosac tunnel bill, which lays the foundation for a through rail line between Boston and Chicago.

THE WEST.

A FURIOUS wind, rain, and hail storm swept over the Northwest on the 2d inst., doing great damage to property. The storm was attended by a brilliant electric display at Chicago a large number of houses were struck by lightning, four people were killed, and a number of others were knocked down by the electric fluid. At Canton, Dakota, a farmer was struck by lightning and killed, and another received a fatal stroke at Waseca, Minnesota. At Monmouth, Ill., several buildings were unroofed by the wind, and the stocks of traders damaged by water. The roof of the woolen factory was crushed in by the falling smoke-stack, and a barn was burned by lightning. Several citizens took refuge in their cellars during the storm, which lasted thirty minutes. At Cedar Rapids, Iowa, a span of the bridge was blown away, and glass was broken throughout the city by hailstones.

McVICKER'S Theater, Chicago, newly reconstructed, will be opened to the public Monday, June 29, when a new play, by Mr. John C. Freund, of New York, will be presented. The practically new theater will undoubtedly be the handsomest, safest, and most comfortable in this country. Lighted by the Edison incandescent light, and cooled in hot weather by a new system of ventilation, and at all times presenting entertainments of the highest order, McVicker's will retain the enviable distinction it has possessed for the past twenty-eight years of being the foremost amusement temple of Chicago. After a three days' investigation, the Grand Jury of Polk County, Iowa, refused to indict State Auditor Brown and his deputy, Stewart.

The Secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture states that of the 1,613,298 acres of winter wheat sown, 40 per cent. has been plowed up, and the ground seeded to other crops, and that the product in the State will not exceed 12,000,000 bushels. Four burglars tried to rob a safe at Sedalia, Mo., one of the thieves doing duty as sentinel outside. Policemen Fifer and McGee came along, and a fight ensued, during which the burglar was shot through the heart and Fifer seriously wounded. The other robbers escaped. While standing in the door of their residence at Mendota, Mo., a father and son named McKinley were killed by lightning. Freight agents in Chicago have offered to carry grain or provisions to New York for 12 cents per hundred pounds. Both houses of the Illinois Legislature have passed a bill to place colored persons on the same footing as whites.

A MEMBER of a volunteer company which went from Silver City in pursuit of the murderous Apaches in Arizona, gives a catalogue of Indian massacres and barbarities scarcely without a parallel in modern times. Scouts spent two hours in searching for the trail, which led to Little Walnut Creek. Along this stream the most horrible sights were witnessed. Dead bodies frightfully mutilated and naked were found at frequent intervals. All the houses were pillaged, and clothing and household articles were scattered everywhere. At William Orden's five dead bodies, all scalped, lay in a pool of blood. The two women had been assaulted and their breasts cut off. A five year old girl had both hands cut off. Following the trail over the hills, Gomez Ranch was reached. A number of children were gathered here who had escaped death by hiding. Their parents, living in the vicinity, had all been killed. Six miles further, in the house of Felix Marquez, five dead bodies were found. Mrs. Marquez and her seven-year-old daughter had both suffered at the hands of the Indians before being killed.

The bodies were slashed with knives and presented a sickening spectacle. The dead were brought in in wagons. The Americans were cared for, but the bodies of the Mexicans lay here for hours before anything was done to them. Finally "Josie" and "Jennie," two well-known women of the town, with the aid of a Mexican woman, washed the bodies, clothed the women with their own clothes, went about and procured clothing for the children from others and laid flowers about them.

An attempt was made by three masked men to assassinate Dr. Underwood and G. H. Ritenour near Eldora, Hardin County, Iowa. The latter two were prominent in the prosecution of the Rainsberger brothers for a murder committed last November. Fin and Wans Rainsberger, brothers of the alleged murderers, were arrested for the attempt on Underwood and Ritenour. The next day they were taken from the Eldora Jail by a mob and riddled with bullets. By an ingenious system of manipulation of money orders the absconding Postmaster at Lewiston, Oregon, Isaac Hibbs, has swindled the National Treasury out of between \$20,000 and \$50,000. It is stated that the robberies will necessitate a change in the money-order system. At a farm house near Edwardsport, Ind., Fred Grotogout and his wife were found to have been killed with a razor. The circumstances indicate that Grotogout became insane and committed the deed. Near Gudsell's Station, Ind., John Butcher stabbed James H. Minnis to death, and after emptying all the chambers, save one, of two revolvers at pursuers, blew out his brains with the remaining bullet. The Ohio Live Stock Commission and the State Veterinary Surgeon went to Dayton and caused to be slaughtered a cow of the Mitchell herd, whose lungs were found to be infected. Several other cows were then ordered slaughtered, and the whole herd was placed in quarantine. The surplus earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad for the first four months of 1885 were \$2,242,113, a comparative increase of \$268,158.

ADVICES from Saint Simon, N. M., report that a party of twenty-four cattlemen encountered a band of about twenty-five Apaches at the mouth of Doubtful Canon. In the fight which ensued two Indians were killed and a papoose was captured whose mother is supposed to have been shot. At Owatonna, Minn., a terrific hail and wind storm was experienced. Hailstones as large as hens' eggs fell, doing great damage to windows. Shade and fruit trees were stripped of their leaves, and corn and small fruit damaged. The crop prospects in Iowa are reported excellent. In some parts of Illinois corn promises exceedingly well, while in others it is doing badly. In Wisconsin and Minnesota chinch-bugs have made their appearance, and in Indiana and Arkansas the seventeen-year locusts have come in swarms. Men from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky attended the reunion of the First and Second Kentucky Regiments at Cincinnati.

THE SOUTH.

FROM El Paso, Texas, comes news of a battle between the State Rangers under Lieut. F. E. Seiker and a band of marauding Mexicans. The fight took place on the frontier of Dimmit County, which has recently earned the appellation of "Bloody Dimmit." Lieut. Seiker, a sergeant, and a private were killed. A Westminster (Md.) special says three lynchings have occurred in that State in the last six months. The third was that of Townsend Cook, the negro who brutally assaulted and nearly killed Mrs. Carrie Knott, of Mount Airy. Cook was taken out of the Westminster jail, hanged to a tree, and his head riddled with bullets. The dispatch adds that a number of assaults upon women have been made by negroes recently, and the people all over the State seem determined to punish the villains who commit these heinous crimes without trial or conviction.

HESSIAN flies have appeared in Maryland in great numbers. Wheat stalks which had been attacked were recently exhibited on the Corn Exchange at Baltimore. The managers of the New Orleans Exposition report to the Secretary of the Treasury that they have an appropriation of \$335,000 with which to settle claims of \$397,318.

At a meeting at White Pine, W. Va., some fifty citizens of Jackson County reported being threatened by starvation, one family having subsisted on lettuce for five days. The bankers of South Carolina have joined in a protest against the continued coinage of the present silver dollar.

WASHINGTON.

FROM a statement prepared by Second Assistant Postmaster General Knott, it appears that reductions aggregating \$45,596 were made in the expenditures on account of transportation service during the months of April and May. During April the reductions in expenditures for star-route services were \$9,945, while the expenditures for mail messenger service increased \$4,281. In May the expenditures for star-route service were reduced \$6,244; for steamboat service, \$31,847, and for mail messenger service, \$1,841.

A SHORTAGE of over \$25,000 in the Sub-Treasury at New Orleans has been reported to Secretary Manning. It is reported that Redemption-Clerk Aufdemorte has disappeared. A full examination of the affairs of the Sub-Treasury is to be made at once. The President, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Commissioner of the General Land Office, says a Washington dispatch, entertain the belief that the whole land-office system is honeycombed with fraud. A good many new appointments have been made, and the work will not stop until there is a clean sweep. The President is not disposed to appoint land officers from the local residents, because the chances would be that the members of existing rings would be appointed, and the change would only be from the frying-pan into the fire. It is now believed that the President will not take up his residence at the Soldiers' Home this summer. At the meeting of the Conference of Charities and Corrections in Washington, the construction of jails and other subjects were discussed.

POLITICAL.

THE President has made the following appointments: Harlan Peckey, of Boise City, Idaho, to be Register of the Land Office at Boise City, Idaho, vice Edward L. Curtis, resigned; William H. Welsh, of Maryland, to be Deputy Third Auditor of the Treas-

ury, vice A. M. Granger, of Ohio, resigned by request. Collectors of Customs—Charles H. Robinson for the District of Wilmington, N. C.; John C. Byrbee for the District of New Haven, Conn. Receiver of Public Money—Sully Scott at Oberlin, Kan. Colonel Ferdinand D. Stephenson, of Illinois, Chief of the middle division of the Pension Office, has been discharged. He was Colonel of an Illinois regiment during the war, and is a personal friend of Gen. Logan. The President has commissioned the following Postmasters:

Colorado—David F. Rakes, Ouray, vice Albert Moore, resigned. Illinois—Joseph F. Henderson, Aledo, vice John McKinney, commission expired. Indiana—David J. Eastburn, Fowler, vice George W. Melius, resigned. Iowa—John Letzel, Clear Lake, vice A. D. Eldridge, resigned. Kansas—Justinian Mayberry, Burlingame, vice George W. Doty, commission expired; John R. Brant, Oaage Mission, vice J. S. Curtis, resigned. Kentucky—C. N. Respress, Maysville, vice M. C. Hatchina, resigned.

Michigan—Martin V. Meredith at East Saginaw, vice William G. Gage, surrendered because he had been found guilty of fraudulently appropriating to his own use part of his allowance for office rent by means of false vouchers, and of subverting a portion of the premises without accounting for the rent received for the same. Nebraska—John Kittie at Seward, vice C. E. Van Pelt, commission expired. Pennsylvania—A. H. Simpson at North Clarion, vice H. E. Norris, resigned; Alex. Wertz at McConnorsburg, vice Miss Catherine Singer, commission expired.

South Carolina—W. H. Gibbons, Columbia, vice C. M. Wilder, commission expired. Texas—C. A. Gildes, Brackettville, vice W. Lambert, commission expired. The Iowa Republican State Central Committee has decided to hold the next State Convention on August 26 and 27, at Des Moines.

EX-SPEAKER RANDALL says that the Democrats will do something with the tariff next winter, though the extreme views taken by the free-traders of the party can not, he thinks, be adopted. President Cleveland has appointed Gen. W. S. Rosecrans Register of the Treasury, to succeed B. K. Bruce, colored; Herbert F. Beecher, a son of the Brooklyn divine, Collector of Customs for the district of Puget Sound; Archibald Skillman, Collector of Internal Revenue for the district of Nevada; and Baker P. Lee, to be Collector of Customs for the district of Yorktown, Va.

GENERAL.

In a type-setting contest at New York for \$500 and the championship of America, between Ira Somers, of the World, and James McCann, of the Herald, the former set 6,032 ems of solid minion in three hours, and the latter 6,342. The score is the most remarkable ever made in type-setting contests.

ACCORDING to a report read at the meeting of the Conference of Charities and Corrections, at Washington, the whipping-post is greatly favored by the people of Delaware for the punishment of petty offenders. It is stated that a second whipping is rarely administered to the same person. There were 162 failures in the United States during the last week, as compared with 161 the preceding week, and with 182, 148, and 130, respectively, in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883, and 1882. About 85 per cent. were those of small traders, whose capital was less than \$5,000. Canada had 25—an increase of 4. A MURDERER named Edward Sisco was executed at Hackensack, N. J. He confessed to having killed Abram Garner, but insisted to the last that he had acted in self-defense. A negro murderer named Joe Clark, was hanged at Bolivar, Tenn. Foster Chase and Bob Williams, both colored, were swung off at New Orleans. Henry Lumpkin, colored, was lynched at Hearne, Tex.

THE International Typographical Union held its annual session in New York. Martin M. R. Witter, of St. Louis, was re-elected President. A resolution was adopted that in case Public Printer Rounds is removed President Cleveland be requested to appoint a man who sympathizes with organized labor. The next meeting of the union will be held at Pittsburgh.

BIG BEAR's little army has been split in two, but Gen. Middleton telegraphs that he will follow both trails with all his mounted men. The Rev. Mr. Quinney, his wife, Mr. Cameron, and two half-breeds, who were prisoners with Big Bear, have escaped. They report that none of the female prisoners have suffered any indignities at the hands of the Indians. A war of rates, which is expected to be vigorous and protracted, has broken out between the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Roads on all Northwestern business. At Barrie, Ont., the wife and four children of J. Wench were burned to death in bed.

FOREIGN.

PREMIER GLADSTONE stated in the House of Commons that the Governments of Russia and England had come to an agreement over the points to be submitted to arbitration, and that an arbitrator had been selected. Eighty-seven persons were killed in the City of Serinagur by the recent earthquakes. Reports from other points in the Vale of Cashmere state that whole villages and towns were destroyed. Sir Julius Benedict, the composer, has just died in London at the age of 81. He accompanied Jenny Lind on her tour of the United States in 1850. Fred Archer, the phenomenal English jockey, won the Oaks stakes at Epsom with Lord Cadogan's bay filly Soleny.

RUSSIA finds herself confronted with a new trouble on her northern frontier. The peasant tenantry of the Baltic provinces is inclined to rebel against the oppression of the landlords. Agrarian outrages are frequent, and stern measures of repression have been decided upon. While Gladstone has so far receded from his original position as to insist on the renewal of the crimes act in Ireland only in a modified form, Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Charles Dilke, of the Cabinet, differ with him, and maintain that there is no reason and no prospect of any reason for a renewal of the act. Lord Randolph Churchill, speaking at Cambridge, denounced the increase of the duties on liquor. To tax beer, he said, is virtually to tax barley. The present is not the proper moment to impose fresh burdens upon agriculture. The Princess of Wales is said to be trying to bring about a meeting between her husband and the Czar of Russia with a view to securing permanent peace. Sir Peter Lumsden, British Commissioner in Afghanistan, arrived in London and received an ovation.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

THE Postmaster General says that there is no danger of a strike among the railway postal clerks. The official *Postal Guide* for May contains a notice to the effect that efficient and honest railway clerks who are not offensive partisans need not fear dismissal.

POSTMASTER GENERAL VILAS has received a communication from the National Civil-Service League requesting the removal of certain postmasters in different parts of the country for violation of the regulations forbidding the solicitation of political subscriptions in Federal offices.

CHICAGO elevators contain 14,462,878 bushels of wheat, 880,574 bushels of corn, 426,306 bushels of oats, 33,363 bushels of rye, and 95,736 bushels of barley; total, 15,828,847 bushels of all kinds of grain, against 9,674,298 bushels a year ago. Incensed at a publication in a Lafayette paper, Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, in the streets of that city, assaulted the proprietor, Col. John S. Williams, Third Auditor of the Treasury, with a pamsol. The Colonel wrenched the deadly weapon from her hands and struck her with his cane, which terminated the hostilities.

VICTORY, a small village between La Crosse and Lansing, on the Mississippi, was struck simultaneously by two cyclones. Over fifty houses were blown down, and fragments of the principal hotel were scattered for a mile over the country. One hundred families were rendered homeless. The people saved their lives by taking refuge in their cellars. Hail, one to two inches in diameter, fell at Milford, Oconomowoc, and Hubberton, Wis., and the highways were blocked by trees which had been blown across them. Crops were badly injured. The storm was very severe throughout the Northwest. It swept eastward, striking the Atlantic coast the same night.

CHOLERA has made its appearance among the laborers on the Quetta Railway, and also at Rindlibuhn, the depot of the commissariat camp. El Mahdi has proclaimed his intention to invade Egypt and Arabia. Dr. Palisa, of Vienna, has discovered a new planet of the twelfth magnitude. Calcutta dispatch: "Reports continued to be received here about the earthquake in the Vale of Cashmere. Whole villages have been destroyed, and Dubgood, Jamalapar, and Ovan have disappeared entirely, having been completely engulfed in the awful convulsions. During the continuance of the shocks a sulphurous dust was sent forth, impregnating the atmosphere. At the same time volumes of hot water issued from the great fissures made in the earth. The fort at Gurao and the granaries in many parts of the vale were swallowed up. It is estimated that two hundred persons were killed.

THERE is at last a prospect that something will be done to improve the slow mail service on transatlantic steamers sailing from England. It is charged that the whole business is in the hands of a ring of steamship owners. As matters are now the mails are frequently delayed for days before leaving England to await the sailing of certain vessels instead of being sent by the fastest ship that is starting when the mails are ready. Archbishop Bourget, of Montreal, is dead. Other notable deaths are those of James Moncrieff Arnott, the eminent Scotch surgeon, at the age of 92; Commander Lewis Clark, of the United States navy; and Rev. Dr. D. D. Whedon, late editor of the *Methodist Quarterly Review*. The bursting of a water-spout near Logos, Mexico, devastated the surrounding plains and valleys for miles, and caused the death, it is believed, of 100 persons. There is a formidable movement of Montreal business men looking to a reduction in canal tolls by the Dominion Government. Small-pox has become epidemic in the city of Montreal.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$6.00 @ 7.50
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.00 @ 1.02
CORN—No. 2.....	1.00 @ 1.03
OATS—White.....	.53 @ .54
PORK—New Mess.....	11.50 @ 12.00
Lard.....	.06 1/2 @ .07
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	5.50 @ 6.00
Good Shipping.....	5.00 @ 5.50
Medium.....	4.50 @ 5.25
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
FLOUR—Fancy Red Winter Ex.....	5.00 @ 5.50
Prime to Choice Spring.....	4.25 @ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.88 @ .88 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.45 @ .46 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.35 @ .36
RYE—No. 2.....	.65 @ .66
BARLEY—No. 3.....	.47 @ .49
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.15 @ .16
Fine Dairy.....	.13 @ .14
CHEESE—Full Cream.....	.07 @ .07 1/2
Skimmed Flat.....	.05 @ .06
EGGS—Fresh.....	.11 @ .12
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	.40 @ .45
PORK—Mess.....	10.00 @ 10.50
Lard.....	6.25 @ 6.75
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.93 @ .95
CORN—No. 2.....	.47 @ .49
OATS—No. 2.....	.35 @ .37
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.87 @ .88
CORN—No. 2.....	.46 @ .46 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.31 @ .33
RYE—No. 1.....	.64 @ .66
CORN—No. 2.....	.48 @ .50
PORK—Mess.....	10.00 @ 10.50
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.02 @ 1.03 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.44 @ .45
OATS—Mixed.....	.32 @ .33
RYE—No. 1.....	.64 @ .66
HAY—Timothy.....	14.00 @ 16.00
PORK—Mess.....	10.00 @ 10.50
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.01 @ 1.02 1/2
CORN.....	.46 @ .48
OATS—Mixed.....	.32 @ .33
RYE—No. 2 Fall.....	.73 @ .74
PORK—Mess.....	10.50 @ 11.00
DETROIT.	
FLOUR.....	5.50 @ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.00 @ 1.02
CORN—No. 2.....	.47 @ .48
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.37 @ .40
PORK—New Mess.....	11.00 @ 12.00
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.94 @ .96
CORN—Mixed.....	.44 @ .46
OATS—No. 2.....	.36 @ .38
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best.....	6.00 @ 6.50
Fair.....	5.00 @ 5.50
Common.....	4.00 @ 4.75
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
SHEEP.....	4.50 @ 5.00
CHICAGO WOOL MARKET.	
Reported by SHERMAN, HALL & CO., Chicago, Ill.	
Prices of Unwashed Wool (old clip) from Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, and Iowa for the past week unchanged as follows: Fine, 17c; Fine Medium, 16c; Medium, 15c; Low Medium, 14c; Coarse, 13c; Delaine—Fine, 20c; Medium, 18c; Coarse, 16c; Medium, 15c; Low Medium, 14c; 2c; Coarse, 12c; Brail, 17c.	
Total receipts for past week, 57,117 lbs.; and since January 1, 633,000 lbs. Trade is much restricted by depleted stocks. The supply of Medium Unwashed Wool is very low, and trade steady.	

THE LAW'S DELAY DEFIED.

Two Desperadoes Taken from Jail at Eldora, Iowa, and Shot to Death.

The Work Performed at Night by a Mob of Armed and Masked Men.

"Help! help! Murder! murder! For Heaven's sake, save us!" were the cries that startled the quiet people of Eldora, Iowa, at 1:30 o'clock in the morning. "People living near the disturbance," says an eye-witness of the scenes that followed, "hastened from their beds and followed the direction of the sound. As soon as they reached the public square, all doubts as to the cause of the unusual commotion were removed.

A masked mob had gathered around the jail, and were battering down the doors for the purpose of securing Fin and Manse Rainsberger, the outlaws who were confined for the attempted murder of Drs. Underwood and Ridenour, on the evening of June 2. The wild shrieks of the doomed prisoners were heart-rending. They knew too well the meaning of the gathering of earnest and determined men without, and the first blow on the door sounded their death-knell. As the prospect of death loomed up before them, and they realized that their miserable, crime-stained lives were to pay the penalty for years of lawlessness, they gave expression to their terror in despairing cries for help. The mob were not long in gaining admittance to the jail, but it took them fifteen minutes to get into the cell where the prisoners were confined, a sledge being used to open the cell door. When the mob commenced on this door, the prisoners backed themselves against it and made a desperate effort to hold out against the avengers. Not until Manse was shot in the cell from outside were the furious assailants able to get inside.

"When the hammering was going on, the prisoners, in their frenzy, called upon the Sheriff, the Marshal, and the people of Eldora for protection. Their cries of murder and for help could be heard a long distance. Then they called upon George Barber, of Steamboat Rock, who was confined in another cell for liquor-selling, to tell their families that they died like dogs and no one to help them.

Fin, after the door was broken in, made a dash for liberty, but was captured outside of the jail and held up and shot. The work was so quickly accomplished that not many of the citizens realized what was being done until it was all over. The mob had guards stationed at all the avenues leading to the jail, and allowed no one to approach.

As soon as the work was completed, the party, numbering perhaps seventy-five men, departed quietly. Night-Watch Aldrich and the editor of the *Herald* were the first to arrive at the scene of the tragedy, and the sight that met their gaze was horrible. Lying face downward in the street about fifteen feet from the jail was the lifeless body of Manse Rainsberger, any lying partly on the sidewalk and partly on the ground upon his back lay the body of his brother Fin. Both bodies were literally riddled with bullets. The bodies were dressed just as they had retired for the night, their pants and shirts being their only clothing, except that Manse had his stockings on. Their life blood flowed from the wounds and covered them.

Lying near the bodies was the trunk of a hickory tree about nine inches in diameter and fifteen feet in length. The limbs had been trimmed up to within a few inches of the trunk, leaving them long enough to be firmly grasped by the hands. This was the battering ram used to gain admission to the jail, and in the hands of strong and determined men required only a few moments to break down the barriers that stood between them and the objects of their vengeance.

"The mob appeared in town about 1 o'clock, and their conveyances consisted of nine wagons, and several of the party came on horseback. A number of people heard them come in, and wondered what it meant, but as they made little noise in their preparations they attracted scarcely any attention. The officers having the prisoners in charge apprehended no danger for their safety. Some threats had been made, but no violent spirit had been openly manifested.

"The Rainsberger gang had so long carried on their lawless operations that the people had settled down into an apparent lethargy, hoping that the law would eventually punish them for their many crimes. They doubtless would never have been molested, and the law would have been allowed to take its course in regard to their past offenses, had they not aroused the people to fury by the last outrage of which they were guilty. On the evening of the 3d of June, as Dr. Underwood, Dr. Caldwell, and Dr. G. H. Ridenour were passing through a heavy strip of timber eight miles north of Eldora, three masked men appeared at the roadside and commenced shooting at them with navy revolvers at short range. The top buggy in which they were riding was riddled with bullets, and the escape of its occupants was wonderful, but they were uninjured save a few scratches. Dr. Ridenour, with remarkable coolness, jumped out and opened fire on the attacking party with good effect, wounding one of them and driving them to the brush. Dr. Underwood held the inquest over the body of Enoch Johnson, who was found dead near Gifford last November, and declared Johnson had been murdered, and has done all he can to bring the murderers to justice. Both Underwood and Ridenour testified against the Rainsbergers, who were tried some time ago for the murder of Johnson. Since then they have been threatened and warned to leave the State by members of the Rainsberger gang."

SPLINTERS.

NEW YORK is to have a floating skating-rink.

EX-GOV. HORATIO SEYMOUR, of New York, is 75 years old.

THE present value of cattle in Dakota is estimated at \$8,000,000.

A RAILWAY is projected between Washington and Mount Vernon.

NEW MEXICO spent \$45,000 for churches and \$6,495,000 for liquor last year.

THE inventor of bars on fence wire receives a royalty of \$120,000 a year.

VICTOR HUGO'S FUNERAL.

A Round Million of Persons Estimated to Have Witnessed the Great Cortege.

Six Eloquent Orations Delivered at the Tomb by Illustrious Sons of the Republic.

[Condensed from the cable dispatches.]
Hundreds of thousands of people were abroad in Paris at daybreak, already crowding the streets and boulevards through which the great procession was to move that accompanied the remains of Victor Hugo to their last resting-place in the Pantheon. Owing to the crowded condition of the hotels thousands were compelled to bivouac in the open air all night.

Around the Arc de Triomphe the space was filled with the chief officers of the state, the members of the Diplomatic Corps, Senators, and Deputies. From all directions came deputations with draped banners and bearing flowers and garlands of flowers, and all moved in the direction of the Arc de Triomphe, the Mecca of France to-day. Never did Paris present such a scene.

The funeral procession started punctually at noon.

Many vehicles, heaped up with the offerings of the people of France, followed the hearse in the procession. The buildings were black with people, as was, indeed, every point from which might be had a view of the unparalleled spectacle.

All in the procession seemed to appreciate that France was doing honor to her most illustrious poet. All were quiet, and all observed a most becoming demeanor. The pressure of the packed masses of people was frightful to contemplate, and many of those who were "in the pinks" were seriously crushed.

Six orations were delivered under the Arc de Triomphe, in the presence of nearly all the illustrious men of France.
M. Leroyer, President of the Senate, said Victor Hugo constantly pursued the higher ideal of justice and humanity, and thus exercised an immense influence over the moral feeling of France.

M. Fiequet said that the ceremony to-day was not a funeral; it was an apotheosis. He hailed Victor Hugo as the immortal apostle who bequeathed to humanity that gospel which could lead the people to the definitive conquest of liberty and equality. Fiequet's oration touched the hearts of his hearers, and was greatly applauded.

M. Augier, a member of the academy, elaborated the fact made evident to-day: "To the sovereign poet France renders sovereign honors."

M. Goelet, President of the Chamber of Deputies, declared that Victor Hugo will remain the highest personification of the nineteenth century, the history of which, in its contradictions, doubts, ideas, and aspirations, was best reflected in his works. The character of Victor Hugo was profoundly human, and represented the spirit of toleration and of peace.

The singing of revolutionary and patriotic songs by bands of men gathered beyond the reach of the voices of the orators interrupted some of the unity of the eulogies, but beyond this there was nothing to mar the beauty or detract from the impressiveness of the spectacle. The funeral ceremonies were completed, and the march of the procession ended without anything happening that might be called of a disorderly character.

The police arrested several bearers of red flags, which were unfurled at the starting points or headquarters of the several revolutionary societies.

Metz, Strasbourg, and all the fortress towns in the annexed provinces were well represented. Every point of view was crowded with men, women, and children. The tops of five-story houses and even the chimneys were occupied by sight-seers. Georges Hugo walked alone behind the bier. During the procession a vast scaffold on the Place Cluny collapsed. Many persons were injured, but none killed. The fall caused a great panic and confusion, but the procession was soon reformed. Another platform fell on the Rue Royale.

It is estimated that the procession numbered 1,000,000 persons. Not a single priest was seen in the line.

"Letitia Rerum."

Among the many beautiful things which Victor Hugo has written of children is a stanza in his poem, "Letitia Rerum," which may be thus approached in translation:

"Children, through your eyes all sparkling
I gaze into heaven's blue;
Your smiles are its sunbeams;
Your tears, its morning dew."

In English.

Victor Hugo was once asked if he could write poetry in English, and he answered, "Yes, sir." Here is a specimen:

Quand je me sens du spleen,
J entre dans un inn,
Et je bois du vin,
God save the Queen.

MEN OF NOTE.

Isaac W. England, Late Publisher of the New York Sun.



Isaac W. England, for many years the publisher of the New York Sun, who died in that city not long ago, was born in 1832, at Bath, England. When a boy he learned the printer's trade. In 1847 he came with his parents to America. Some years later he became city editor of the *Tribune*. In 1864 he took a position in the Custom House under Simon Dmper, and later went as a Government agent to Charleston, S. C. Mr. Dana started the *Chicago Republican*, now the *Inter Ocean*, and secured Mr. England's services on that journal. He was afterward editor of the *Jersey City Journal*, and when Mr. Dana secured the *Sun* he was managing editor for a year. In 1868 Mr. England entered the publication office and became the publisher of the paper. After Frank Leslie's death he took charge of the Leslie publications, and although the property was \$250,000 in debt, in two years he put the business of the establishment on a paying basis.

ALL SORTS.

TRAMPS cost Solano, Cal., \$20,000 the past year.

BOYS as pages are now popular features at Eastern weddings.

A BROOM brigade in South Dakota lately saved a town from destruction from prairie fire.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

The following bills were passed by the Senate, at its session on the 2d inst.: To validate contracts made by insurance companies; to amend the act for the incorporation of mutual insurance companies; to amend the act for the appointment of a commissioner of railroads; to provide for the incorporation of societies; to promote the interests of trade or labor; to amend the act for the collection of damages arising from defective side and cross walks of streets, etc.; to amend the act relative to judgments and executions; to amend the act to establish a free-school system in Grand Rapids; to incorporate the public schools of Oscoda; for the issuance of a patent for certain swamp land; to amend the highway laws; to authorize the use of condemned State arms by the Order of Sons of Veterans; appropriating \$25,000 with which to begin reforesting the Capitol; to amend the act to provide deserted wives with support from husbands' estate; to amend the statute relative to the competency of witnesses; to provide for the punishment of assaults with deadly weapons; to amend the statute relative to the sale of real estate of deceased persons. The House spent half a day more on the tax bill; voted down a large number of proposed amendments, and made several amendments, the principal one being the striking out of section 135, and the re-enacting a certificate from the County Treasurer that all taxes are fully paid before any deed can be recorded by the Register of Deeds, and then several members voted for the bill who would not have done so with the sections in. It passed by a vote of yeas 69, nays 19, and was given immediate effect. The House also passed bills to revise the State Prison laws; appropriating \$20,000 for the Board of Fish Commissioners for 1885 and 1886; to amend the act relative to corporations; relative damage to employes in manufacturing establishments in case of accidents.

The joint military department investigating committee made a report to both houses on the 3d inst. Gov. Bagole's action in making a contract with Friend Palmer and paying him \$10,000 commission is denounced as a gross and wanton abuse of power, beyond discretion of any citizen. The committee believes an action for security of the amount against Gov. Bagole could be sustained, but does not recommend it, because it is not thought the Governor received any pecuniary gain from the transaction. Shakespeare's administration of the Quarter-Master General's Department is held to have been extravagant and irregular, and the committee says the State has an action for recovery from him of the excess he paid for goods. The committee commands that no encampment be held this year. To the Senate the Governor noted his approval of the acts incorporating Pontiac, regulating the practice of pharmacy, and amending the laws relative to the inspection of jails. The following bills passed the Senate: Organizing Ironwood, Ontonagon County; for the organizing of fractional districts in Rich, Lapeer County, and Waterford, Tuscola County; to pension Detroit firemen; amending Section 4,897, Howell, relative to the salary of Judges of the Supreme Court; amending Section 4,888, Howell, relative to administrators; for the protection of hotel-keepers; amending section 5705, Howell, relative to alienation by deed; amending section 4207, Howell, increasing salaries in the office of the Commissioner of Insurance; for the employment of a stenographer in the Ninth Judicial Circuit. To the House the Governor expressed his approval of the following bills: Reincorporating Birmingham, Oakland County; to provide for an attorney's fee in mortgage foreclosure by advertisement; amending the South Lyon School District act. Bills passed the House amending the Owosso city charter; making an appropriation for the State Industrial Home for Girls; incorporating the village of Tawas City.

The House bill establishing a State home for disabled soldiers, sailors, and marines of the late rebellion passed the Senate on the 4th inst. The Senate cut the amount down from \$200,000 to \$150,000, of which \$10,000 shall be collected and used in 1885, and \$40,000 in 1886. The Senate also passed bills relative to State roads in the counties of Grand Traverse and Leelanaw; joint resolution for the payment of the expense incurred in the examination of charges against Nelson Delong, late Mayor of Muskegon; providing for a fire-escape, and specifying the style of locks at the State Industrial Home for Girls; for the adjudication and payment of claims against the State for bounty due Michigan soldiers, and supposed to have been paid on forged orders. The House passed bills for a State house of correction and branch State prison in the Upper Peninsula, and appropriating \$50,000 in each of the years 1886, 1887, and 1888 for the building; to appropriate swamp lands; for draining and improving lands in Ingham County; amending the act for holding general and special elections; for the punishment of public officers, servants, or agents who knowingly and unlawfully appropriate to their own use moneys or properties committed to their care. Hon. George V. N. Lothrop, of Detroit, Minister to Russia, visited the Legislature, and the houses met in joint convention with the Governor, State officers, and Supreme Court in attendance to receive and honor the gentleman. Mr. Lothrop was conducted to the Speaker's desk by a special committee, received a cordial applause, and delivered an eloquent speech, thanking the Legislature for its complimentary resolutions adopted when it was sought to cast reproach upon him, and he felt then that the great shield of the State had been placed before him for his protection. He traced the growth of the State since he came here forty years ago; related how he once carried wheat by wagon ten miles to find a market for it at 44 cents per bushel, and compared that time with the present—when its railroads and steamships connect it with Russia and the United States differed widely in government, there was a bond between them, and eventually the same institutions would exist in both countries. At the suggestion of Gov. Alger the Senate and House—after the adjournment of the joint convention—repaired to the Executive Chamber, where members were presented to Mr. Lothrop by their respective officers.

The House bill to prevent the using of Pinkerton's detectives in times of riots was lost in the Senate on the 5th inst. The Senate passed bills directing the Auditor General to place \$550 to the credit of Manistowick County; appropriating \$5,000 for boilers and steam-heating for the Asylum for Insane Criminals; to amend the statute relative to punishment for libel and slander; for the incorporation of associations for breeding and raising blooded stock; to prevent accidents by line shafting used on fair grounds or other public places where machinery is running; to provide for the registration of voters; to promote morality and to prevent crime. The Senate receded from its amendment to the House resolution to make June 17 the last day for doing new business, and Saturday, June 20, the day for final adjournment, and then adopted it, thus settling the question of final adjournment. The Governor nominated and the Senate confirmed George A. Carr, of Ottawa, and Harry E. Noble, of Antrim, as trustees of the Northern Asylum for the Insane for six years; Thomas T. Bates, of Grand Traverse, and Joseph M. French, of St. Joseph, for four years, and Alex. Chapoton, of Wayne, and Charles M. Wells for two years, all to date from Jan. 1, 1885. The House passed bills to amend the statute relative to the determination of estates at will or by surfeiture; to authorize the specific performance of contracts by guardians of insane or incompetent persons; to amend the statutes relative to adjournment of sales of real estate on execution; to amend the statute relative to attachments; appropriating \$5,000 for boilers and steam-heating for the asylum for insane criminals. The House committee of the whole struck out all after the enacting clause of the Senate bill to reduce the use of kerosene oil, and the Senate concurred—yeas 38, nays 36. Both houses adjourned to Monday, the 5th.

THIEF, before the severe Judge: "What a disgrace! Are you not ashamed, an old man like you, to be brought here accused of theft?" "Pardon me, your Honor; do not upbraid me undeservedly. I began stealing when I was very young."

MONEY is not Mammon. Give it plenty of air and it is sweet as the hawthorn; shut it up and it cankers and breeds worms.—Paul Fabre.

THE LABOR PROBLEM.

The Great Lock-Out in the Iron Mills—One Hundred of Them Shut Down.

The Glass Manufacturers to Suspend Operations—An Army of Sixty-five Thousand Idlers.

[Pittsburgh special to Chicago Times.] There are no new developments in the iron strike. Both sides remain firm and appear confident of ultimate success. One hundred iron mills have been closed in the district controlled by the Amalgamated Association. By this shut-down about 58,000 men are thrown out of employment and \$116,000 a day taken out of circulation. In Pittsburgh and vicinity but eleven of thirty-four mills are running; 4,330 men are at work in the iron mills, and 13,350 are idle. By this \$26,700 per day will be taken out of circulation in this county.

In the counties of Western Pennsylvania outside of Allegheny County, affected by the strike, there are 1,950 men idle, distributed by mills as follows:

Armstrong County—The Apollo iron-works, 300; the Kittanning iron-works, 350; the Leechburg sheet-iron works, 200—a total of 850.

Beaver County—The Beaver Falls Rolling Mill Company, 200; Meyers & Co.'s iron-works, 100—a total of 300.

Lawrence County—The Etina iron-works, 200; the Shenango iron-works, 350—a total of 550.

Mercer County—P. L. Kimberly & Co.'s works, 600; Sharon Iron Company, 300; Stewart iron-works, 200; Wheeler iron-works, 150—a total of 1,350.

By States the men affected are: In Western Pennsylvania, 19,630; in Ohio, 12,000; in Indiana, 6,000; in Illinois 14,000; in Michigan, 1,000; in Wisconsin, 3,000, and in West Virginia, 2,500—a total of 58,130.

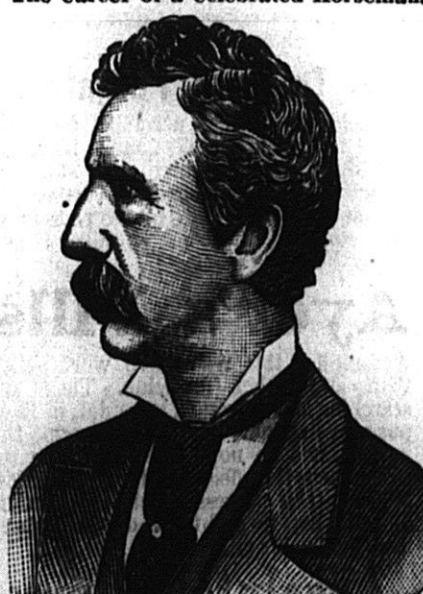
In addition to this, thirty-four nail factories are idle; 3,819 machines have ceased to run; 3,802 men are thrown out employment in the nail factories alone, and \$11,406 is daily taken out of circulation. Two factories have signed the scale, and are running. They are the Greencastle Iron and Nail Company, of Greencastle, Ind., running forty-five machines and employing fifty-four men, and the Falcon iron and nail works, at Niles, Ohio, running forty-four machines and employing fifty-two men. The Belaire nail-works, Bellaire, Ohio, with one hundred and twenty-four machines and one hundred and fifty men, has also signed the scale, but will not run, the firm refusing to sign the Amalgamated Association scale. Below is a table giving the names of the factories, the machines run, and the men employed:

	Machines.	Men.
Pittsburgh American Iron Works.....	75	75
Olsen, Cook & Co.....	96	118
Spang, Chalfant & Co.....	19	23
Schoenberger & Co.....	92	110
Zur & Co.....	59	71
Moorhead, Brother & Co.....	50	60
WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.		
P. L. Kimberly & Co., Sharon.....	40	48
Etina Iron Works (Lim.), Newcastle.....	55	66
Sharon Iron Co., Sharon.....	64	77
Shenango Iron Works, Newcastle.....	55	66
WEST VIRGINIA.		
Belmont, Wheeling.....	151	181
Benwood, Benwood.....	124	150
La Belle, Wheeling.....	122	146
Riverside, Wheeling.....	144	170
Standard, Clifton.....	126	151
Top Mills, Wheeling.....	130	159
KENTUCKY.		
Morton Iron Works, Ashland.....	126	151
TENNESSEE.		
Knoxville Iron Co., Knoxville.....	41	50
South Tredegar Iron Co., Chattanooga.....	74	89
OHIO.		
Belleville Iron Works, Bellaire.....	174	190
Falcon Iron and Nail Works, Niles.....	44	52
Jefferson Iron Works, Steubenville.....	136	163
Junction Iron Co., Mingo.....	126	141
Kelly Nail and Iron Co., Ironton.....	100	120
Laurelin Nail Co., Martin's Ferry.....	114	135
Maohoning Iron Works, Youngstown.....	50	60
Spaulding Iron Co., Brilliant.....	76	91
INDIANA.		
Cobb's Iron and Nail Co., Aurora.....	63	76
Greencastle Iron and Nail Co., Greencastle.....	45	54
Terre Haute Iron and Nail Works.....	144	170
ILLINOIS.		
Belleville Nail Co., Belleville.....	80	96
Calumet Iron and Steel Co., Cummings.....	133	158
Centralia Iron and Nail Works, Centralia.....	60	72
Western Nail Co., Belleville.....	150	189
WISCONSIN.		
North Chicago Rolling-Mill Co., Bay View.....	100	120

This table gives only the number of men employed in the nail factories proper, and this total, added to the total above published, swells the number of workmen out of employment through the present iron and nail strike to nearly sixty-five thousand. The two strikes then take out of circulation daily nearly \$125,000.

THE LATE DAN MACE.

The Career of a Celebrated Horseman.



Dan Mace, the most celebrated jockey America has ever produced, whose death occurred in New York not long ago, was born at Cambridge, Mass., in 1834. Among the most noted horses he handled in his early days were Kate Miller, Mary Taylor, Touch-Me-Not, Old Bones, a pacer; Duchess, Middlemore, Tom Hyer, Dentist, Lady Westley, Albany Girl, Fashion, Little Romp, Tobey, Saltpeper, Souloque, Providence Boy, North Star, Cyclops, Lady Boyle, Bay Star, Farmer Boy, Pilot, Chicago Jack, Tom Benton, Euclid, Lady Sherman, Lady Litchfield, Black Dave, a pacer, and a running horse called Gray Eagle. He drove Ethan Allen in 1858. Among the horses handled by Mace from 1863 to 1870 were Prince, John Morgan, Sorrel Dan, Pocahontas, Shark, Rhode Island, Kittie, Wink, Quaker, Fearnaught, General Butler, Commodore Vanderbilt, Young Woeftal, Billy Barr and Gray Mack. All of the horses acquired themselves with credit under his able management.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

The New Tax Bill Almost a Law—Soldiers' Home a Certainty—New Drain Law—Pay of Legislators and State Officers—Mortgage Foreclosures—Practice of Pharmacy—Obscene Literature—Relative to Final Adjournment.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

LANSING, June 1, 1885.

The Legislature got a bad start last week by failing to have a quorum in the Senate on Monday afternoon, or even on Monday evening. The House had a bare quorum on Monday afternoon, and did some business, but both houses adjourned at noon on Friday, so the week was therefore not much more than a half one. Good work was done during the time the two house did work, and considerable of it.

THE TAX BILL.

The most important work of the week, if not of the session, was the passage of the tax bill by the Senate on the 26th, by a vote of yeas 26, nays 2, with four absentees. After several days spent in its consideration in committee of the whole it was ordered reprinted (as explained in our letter of last week), and placed on the order of third reading. It was then discussed and considered for nearly the whole day, and then passed, as above. The House received it and made its consideration a special order for every afternoon until completed. Having previously come to the conclusion that after having spent weeks upon it in committee and several days in full Senate, that body has ground out about as good a tax bill as could be gotten up, many members of the House had decided to resist any attempts to amend it, and put it through nearly or quite as it passed the Senate, feeling that if the door was opened to amendments nobody could tell where the stopping place could be found. This plan was so nearly carried out that when, after two days spent in its consideration, the bill was reported back and advanced to its third reading only two or three amendments had been made to it, and those of an unimportant nature. Enough opposition was developed to the bill, however, to make it evident that it would not pass unless the House was reasonably full, so the vote on its final passage will not be taken before the middle of this week. It will then pass by sixty to sixty-five yeas. Those who know best say it will make a good tax law, and the best and most just to all parties concerned that the State has ever had. If it should not prove so Governor Alger would feel called upon to convene the Legislature in extra session next winter, but it is well known that he wishes to avoid the necessity of such an expense to the State if possible.

THE SOLDIERS' HOME.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs and Appropriations have decided to report early this week that the bounty equalization bill be tabled, and that the Soldiers' Home bill be amended so as to cut down the first appropriation from \$200,000 to \$150,000 and then passed. That will insure a Soldiers' Home for the brave boys in blue, and that at an early day. Should the bill fail by any possibility to pass, the bounty bill will then be taken from the table and passed, but it is certain that only one of the two can possibly pass the Senate. It was hoped that the Home bill could be put through early enough so that Governor Alger could give the old vets notice of his approval on Decoration Day, but the matter could not be brought about in time.

NEW DRAIN LAW.

The House spent considerable time last week on a bill to revise and consolidate the drain laws—something that needed very much to be done—and on the 28th passed it by a vote of yeas 75, nays 3.

LEGISLATORS' PAY.

The House on the 26th passed a joint resolution to submit to a vote of the people a proposition to so amend the constitution as to pay legislators \$700 for a regular and \$100 for an extra session. A proposition somewhat similar (with same amounts) was voted down last November by a small majority, but the world moves, and this might be adopted.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURES.

Some time ago the House passed a bill "to provide for an attorney fee in the foreclosure of real estate mortgages by advertisement," and the House, on the 28th, amended it somewhat, passed it, and gave it immediate effect. It now provides:

That in all cases of foreclosure of a mortgage upon real estate by advertisement, where an attorney and counselor-at-law is employed to foreclose the same, an attorney fee (not to exceed, however, the amount provided for, if any, in the mortgage being foreclosed) may be included as a part of the costs, in the amount bid upon such sale for principal and interest due thereon, as follows: For all sums of five hundred dollars or less, fifteen dollars. For all sums over five hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars, twenty-five dollars. For all sums over one thousand dollars, thirty-five dollars. Provided, that if payment shall be made after foreclosure proceedings are commenced and before sale is made, only one-half of such attorney fee shall be collected. The several sums designated as above shall include the principal and interest due thereon.

PRACTICE OF PHARMACY.

The House last week passed the Senate bill to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Michigan. It provides for the appointment by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, of a board of five practical competent pharmacists, or a board of examiners, who shall be known as "The Michigan Board of Pharmacy," one of whose term of office shall expire each year, and one member of the board shall thereafter be appointed each year for a term of five years. The bill specifies rules, regulations, fees, etc., for the examination and licensing by this board of all who desire hereafter to sell drugs and medicines either for themselves or others. The bill will bring about a radical change in this whole trade, and it is hoped be the means of preventing many of the fatal and almost inexcusable blunders so frequently made by inexperienced and incompetent druggists and their still more inefficient clerks. If so, the bill is a desirable one.

AS TO FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

A resolution has been offered in the House to stop doing new business June 10, and for final adjournment June 13. An amendment was offered to put off the dates to the 17th and 20th, but, pending action on the amendment, the resolution was tabled. It is thought that the latter figures are about where the stakes will be finally driven. If so, the session will be 164 days in length, or six days longer than any previous session.

OBSERVER.

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—There are eleven churches in Ludington.

—There are about eight hundred notaries in Kent County.

—Silk-culture is being introduced at Alaska, Kent County.

—Supreme Justice-elect A. C. Morse will retire from his law practice July 1.

—George W. Stimpson, the first white settler at Mackinaw City, died last week.

—Michigan's contribution to the national internal revenue this year will amount to \$1,500,000.

—A velocipede car company of Three Rivers is filling large orders from Australia and New Zealand.

—Ithaca's \$16,000 school house, only one year old, if not repaired at once will be wholly ruined, it is said.

—Plainfield, Livingston County, claims to have a citizen 119 years old, who works daily at the carpenter's trade.

—A young lady of Milan has a cat that subsists nearly entirely on vegetables, and is not particular as to the kind.

—A Sturgis citizen avers with great solemnity that he has a hen that hatched sixteen chickens from fifteen eggs.

—James Lowe, of Grand Rapids, has a collection of 250 Bibles, which include editions in 130 languages and dialects.

—William Clinton, of Constantine, St. Joseph County, gets \$2,176 back pension for the death of an only son in the late war.

—Farmers in the vicinity of Grand Rapids propose establishing an exchange in that city, where they can sell produce through an agency.

—A fine granite monument in memory of Rev. J. Morgan Smith was unveiled at Grand Rapids on Decoration Day, in presence of a large assemblage.

—The Soldiers and Sailors' Association of Southeastern Michigan will hold their annual encampment at Devil's Lake, Lenawee County, beginning Aug. 26.

—The tug W. H. Allen has secured a contract for towing 16,000,000 feet of logs to Depere from Menominee. They will be made up in rafts of 500,000 feet each.

—Andrew McGarry, a Kent County farmer who was arrested over a year ago, and has been in jail since, charged with robbing a neighbor of \$600, has been declared innocent.

—Of four lambs born recently in Southern Michigan every one had deformed ears as a result of the mother's having been bitten by a dog. At least that is the story an enterprising paper tells.

—The Superintendent of the Detroit Police is quite right in preventing theatrical or any other representations of the kind to be performed in this city on Sunday under the name of a "sacred concert." This is a cynical evasion of the law, far worse than a direct and open violation of it.—Free Press.

—Traverse City is entitled to be called the big village of Michigan. It is claimed for her that she has more children than double her present school-rooms will accommodate; the finest hotel in Northern Michigan; business blocks valued at \$200,000; a \$30,000 jail; and a citizenship that takes as naturally to churches as a duck to water.

—A Bay City lad named Zaphier Laporte was leading a cow by a rope, and, to lighten his labor, tied the end of the rope about his waist. The cow became ugly and started on a run, dragging the boy on the ground for a long distance, and when the animal was stopped the boy was unconscious and terribly bruised, though no bones were broken. He may recover.

—Scene, Sand Lake: Young woman pained herself off on unsuspecting public as Mrs. —, wife of a traveling man. Soon long tongues of old ladies (and some not so old) begin to wag, and later a child is born. Attending physician gives out child still born. Sand-Lakers not to be caught with such chaff. Baby unearthed and its neck found to be, by two reputable doctor and a Coroner's jury, dislocated. End not yet.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

—The Three Rivers Tribune has this to say concerning a well-known character in Western Michigan: "John Gantt, a veteran jour printer, after an extensive tramp of over six months in the South, through Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Alabama, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, has returned to Michigan, where, he says, 'the flowers, notwithstanding the severe winter, bloom brightest and smell sweetest.' In answer to the question, 'Are the Southern people happy?' he said: 'Where ignorance is bliss 'Tis folly to be wise.'"

—We have told the story of Henry McCroub's death by drowning recently at Milan. There are some other singular facts connected with it. He went in swimming with three other boys, and was coaxed into deep water by one of them, who pretended that the water was shallow. Henry followed and sank, and though he rose several times, no effort was made to save him. Finally he sank for the last time, and the other lads, frightened, left the spot and agreed to keep still, fearing they would go to jail. One of them, however, told his father all the facts late in the day, as his conscience had overcome his fears.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1885.

Two days are approaching and butchers are contemplating the advisability of muzzling their Bologna sausage.

Mrs. YNEMA, of Vriesland, formerly Mrs. Van de Luyster of this city, died at her home last Saturday and was buried on Monday of this week.

Lost:—A black breast pin set with single pearls was lost between the city and the cemetery on Sunday, May 31. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving at the office or residence of J. C. Post.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., June 11, 1885: Samuel D. Cox, Daniel S. Daly, Wm. Exwell, Miss Jennie Miller, Wm. Alpin. Wm. VERBEEK, P. M.

Those wishing to attend the encampment of Ellsworth Post, G. A. R. at Hartford, Mich., can procure round trip tickets on June 17, 18, and 19, for one fare, tickets good to return not later than June 20th.

The General Synod organized with Rev. J. Howard Suydam, D. D., of Jersey City, N. J. as President and Rev. J. H. Karsten, of this city as Vice President. Revs. A. H. Campbell and T. T. Puckman are Clerks.

BUSINESS men of all classes appear to have come to the conclusion that the summer trade will be quiet, with no special features, and not brilliantly profitable, while nobody who does business in a careful way will suffer loss.

SECRETARY Manning has sent notification of the award of gold medals to Daniel F. Miller and Patrick H. Daly, and a silver medal to David Miller, of Grand Haven, members of the crew of the schooner Driver, in recognition of service in rescuing the crew of the wrecked schooner Akeley, off this city, November 13, 1883.

In behalf of Hope College and of all interested in its welfare, I tender hearty thanks to the fire companies for their energetic exertions in extinguishing the fire of Tuesday evening, at the College; to the students and others for their prompt aid on the occasion, and to the citizens for their sympathy with the College in this base crime against public peace and order. CHAS. SCOTT, President.

The following very pleasant little compliment to our city appeared in the last issue of the Grand Haven Herald: "In company with some friends we made a visit to Holland on Wednesday and passed a very enjoyable afternoon. Editor Rogers, of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, took us over the city and together we investigated both the manufacturing interests and the attractions of that beautiful city. We acknowledge ourself under obligations to Mr. Rogers for the courteous treatment received. There are few cities in the state that are more attractive than Holland."

CHARLES PERCY, formerly of this place, met Mrs. Sarah Garber and her daughter on the street at Grand Rapids last Sunday evening, and assaulted the elder lady. Mrs. Garber's screams attracted a policeman, who succeeded in arresting Percy. The latter is now in jail awaiting trial. Percy is the man who last summer assaulted the thirteen year old daughter of Wm. McFall, of this place, and was acquitted on trial in Circuit Court of the county. In some places Percy would now be in his little grave.

Wm. K. JOSCELYN, an aged carpenter who years ago was a resident of Holland, but who latterly has lived in Grand Rapids and who attempted suicide by hanging a week ago last Sunday and again last week Wednesday, both times being cut down by his son, was successful in his third attempt on Sunday night. He retired with his wife and was missed from bed about 11 o'clock. Search was at once begun, and about midnight his body was taken from the cistern under the kitchen, he having plunged through a trap-door through the floor. Despondency was the cause. The funeral was held last Wednesday being largely attended by relatives living in this locality.

THE Alumni Association of Hope College will hold its annual public meeting in the College Chapel on Tuesday, June 23, at 8 o'clock p. m. The exercises will be of a popular character and will be conducted according to the following program:

Oration, Rev. Henry E. Dosker, Grand Haven, Mich.
Chronicles, Rev. John Hoffman, Baldwin, Wis.
Poem, Rev. H. Borgers, New Amsterdam, Wis.

The people of Holland and all friends of the College are cordially invited. There will be a business meeting of the Alumni on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. All the graduates who can possibly attend are strongly urged to be present.

HENRY ROGERS, Secretary.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church; services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 9:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Jesus staidened until His work should be accomplished," by Mr. G. De Jonge. Afternoon, "What does the Lord require of us?" by Rev. N. M. Steffens, D. D.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "Preparation to meet God. Evening, "Rising above the fear of man." Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Religious education in the family," by Rev. N. M. Steffens. Afternoon, "The excellence of love," by Wm. T. Ihrman.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "Entirely leprous, clean. Partly leprous, unclean." Afternoon, "The impossibility even for the converted to keep God's commandments perfectly. Evening, "The Mission field of West Africa."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7 p. m. Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. M. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Quarterly meeting service Saturday and Sunday. Preaching on Saturday at 2:30 p. m., Rev. H. M. Joy, D. D., presiding elder of Grand Rapids district, officiating.

Ventura.

A short chapter on sanctification: There being quite a number of people belonging to the church at Ventura who wish to become wholly sanctified to God, I give herewith a sure guide. The first thing to be done is to stop slandering all other Christian denominations and believe that they all have very much better and truer Christians in them all than you are yourself. Then go to all your neighbors and pay your debts, if you owe any. Then get and keep a perfect understanding with them all, and feel from the bottom of your heart that you will do by them as you would have them do unto you, then go to God in faith believing, and see how quick he will give you the desire of your heart. A FRIEND.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage, Expressage, and Carriage hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to one dollar and upwards per day on European plan. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse car, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city. 15-ly

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R. T. ROGERS, Master.

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Fare, \$2.00. Round Trip, \$3.50.

CHAS. E. BIRD, Clerk.

J. W. BOSMAN,

Merchant Tailor,

and dealer in

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Examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

J. W. BOSMAN, 12-ly

B. P. HIGGINS, PHOTOGRAPHER

I have just opened a new gallery in the First Ward which I have refurnished and refitted, making it one of the best in this section of the state.

COPYING AND INDIA INK WORK A SPECIALTY

Come and see my new quarters. Eighth street near the crossing of Fish.

B. P. HIGGINS, 16-ly

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HOLLAND, Mich., May 13, 1885.

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Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co. C. D. WHITCOMB, GEN. PASS. AGT., DETROIT, MICH.

Business Lot.

Without exception the finest location in the city will be sold at a sacrifice, present owner having no further use for it. Lot located on southwest corner of Eighth and River streets.

J. R. KLEYN, 52-ly

\$200,000 in presents given away. Send 5 cents postage. and by mail you will get free a package of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 50 cents to \$5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address, STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 42-ly.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 50 cents to \$5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address, STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 42-ly.

Twin Foes to Life

Are Indigestion and Constipation. Their primary symptoms are among the most distressing of minor human ailments, and a host of diseases, speedily resultant from them, mutually aggravate each other and assail at once the whole machinery of life. Nausea, Foul Breath, Sour Stomach, Dizziness, Headaches, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dropsy, and various Skin Disorders, are among the symptoms and maladies caused by derangement of the stomach and bowels.

A Thorough Purgative

medicine is the first necessity for cure. Then the cathartic effect must be maintained, in a mild degree, just sufficient to prevent a recurrence of costiveness, and at the same time the liver, kidneys and stomach must be stimulated and strengthened.

Ayer's Pills

Accomplish this restorative work better than any other medicine. They are searching and thorough, yet mild, in their purgative action. They do not gripe the patient, and do not induce a costive reaction, as is the effect of other cathartics. Withal, they possess special properties, diuretic, hepatic and tonic, of the highest medicinal value and

Absolutely Cure

All diseases proceeding from disorder of the digestive and assimilatory organs. The prompt use of AYER'S PILLS to correct the first indications of costiveness, averts the serious illnesses which neglect of that condition would inevitably induce. All irregularities in the action of the bowels—looseness as well as constipation—are beneficially controlled by AYER'S PILLS, and for the stimulation of digestive organs weakened by long-continued dyspepsia, one or two of AYER'S PILLS daily, after dinner, will do more good than anything else.

Leading Physicians Concede That AYER'S PILLS are the best of all cathartic medicines, and many practitioners, of the highest standing, customarily prescribe them.

AYER'S PILLS,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

[Analytical Chemists.]

For sale by all Druggists.

CUTTERS and SLEIGHS.

The popular wagon manufacturer

J. FLIEMAN

has in stock a number of the

CUTTERS

made by the

Northwestern Sleigh Company,

of Milwaukee. These cutters for ease and comfort are superior, while in

Strength and Durability they beat everything. The dash is a new device which cannot be broken.

I also have a lot of

Sleighs of Every Description.

on hand which I propose to sell at COST.

FARMERS and OTHERS

wishing anything in my line can do no better than by calling on me. I have a large stock of ready-made work in

Wagons, Buggies and Trucks

which I will sell at astonishingly low prices in order to make room for my fall stock.

Call and examine and give me a trial.

J. FLIEMAN,

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 23, 1884.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a mortgage, executed by Mary O. Ford to Daniel Pratt, dated the eighth day of July, A. D. 1873, and duly recorded on the fourteenth day of September, A. D. 1874, in the office of the Register of deeds for Ottawa county, State of Michigan, in Liber No. 1, of mortgages, on pages 227 and 231. And the said Daniel Pratt having since died testate, and Daniel Pratt and Charles Pratt, sons of said deceased, having been duly appointed the executors of his last will and testament, as well as being the residuary legatees named in said will, an authenticated copy of which said will and the probate thereof was recorded in the Register's office, aforesaid, May ninth, 1885, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date hereof, the amount of five hundred and seventy-nine dollars and eighty cents: Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land, situate in the State of Michigan, in the county of Ottawa, in said State, and described as follows, to-wit: all of lot four that lies on the north side of the Detroit and Milwaukee railroad, in Section 14, Township eight north of Range 16 west, and also that part of the east half of the northeast quarter of said section which lies south of the state road, containing about thirty-five acres of land; also all that part of lot number four, south of the Detroit and Milwaukee railroad, in Section fourteen in township eight, north of range sixteen west, containing one and a half acres of land, in said county of Ottawa, at the front door of the court house of said Ottawa county, in the city of Grand Haven, on the seventeenth day of August, next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to pay the sum due on said mortgage with interest and costs.

Dated May twenty-second, A. D. 1885. DANIEL PRATT, CHARLES PRATT, Executors and Residuary Legatees as aforesaid. R. W. DUNCAN, Attorney.

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

Our Clothing Store is now open.

No. 22 South River Street.

Next to Meyer, Brouwer & Co.

F. BIRD, PROPRIETOR.

Mr. JOHN A. ROOST

is employed as clerk in the store and will welcome all his old friends and customers and the public generally.

Call Early and See Our Stock.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 23, 1885. 12-3m

SPRING AND SUMMER.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

have just received a large and very fine assorted line of

Millinery & Fancy Goods.

All are invited to come and see their selected stock.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 6, 1885.

ATTENTION Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz: Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long. White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long. Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long. Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long. Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long. Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long. Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long. For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory. ED. VER SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

Otto Breyman

dealer in

Jewelry, Watches, DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gppo and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

The largest assortment of

DIAMOND RINGS ever displayed in this city.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

SPECTACLES

and a

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 12, 1884.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY

COOD NEWS TO LADIES. Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Tea and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Gold Band Moss Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Decorated Toilet Set, or for full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 229, 31 and 33 Veser St., New York.

FIRST WARD

Drug Store.

R. B. BEST, M. D. Prop'r.

Mr. Henry Lubenga a competent prescription clerk, has charge, and will be found at all hours, ready to compound prescriptions in a thoroughly reliable manner.

A complete assortment of TOILET ARTICLES AND LOW'S PERFUMES. Everything pertaining to a first class drug store will be kept constantly on hand.

GIVE US A CALL.

R. B. BEST.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 27, 1884.

Van Landegend & Kerkhof,

have opened a shop in Kulte's old meat market for the manufacture and repair of all kinds of

SHEET METAL WORK!

from a tin whistle to a smoke stack.

EAVES TROUGHS, CONDUCTORS,

CHIMNEY AND WINDOW CAPS.

FURNACES, RANGES AND STOVES, ETC.

put up, removed or repaired.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIRED!

Tin, Slate and Gravel Roofing!

Steam Fitting and Plumbing!

Will make estimates to fit up houses for hot and cold water, stationary wash tubs, bath tubs, wash stands and water closets. Drive wells put down and removed and pumps repaired.

VAN LANDEGEND & KERKHOFF, 12-ly.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 23, 1885.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. H. ROGERS, Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription.
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes. Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2 per annum. Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers. All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

For the Holland City News:

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 9, 1885.

MR. EDITOR:—The General Synod of the Reformed Church, in session at Syracuse, N. Y., have had under their consideration, matters of vital interest to the people of Holland. A brief summary of action already taken in these matters, may not be unacceptable to your readers. At an early session a new standing committee was created, entitled "The committee on the Professorate at the West." Of this committee Rev. W. J. R. Taylor, D. D., of Newark, N. J., is the efficient chairman. Several western delegates, including Rev. Wm. Moerdyke and Prof. G. J. Kollen, are members of the committee. To it were referred all matters pertaining to Hope College; the Theological Seminary at Hope College, and the Northwestern Classical Academy. A partial report was made by this committee yesterday afternoon, a further report this forenoon, which is still under the consideration of Synod. So far as adopted, the report is, in substance, as follows. That a new professor, of the Greek and Hebrew languages and exegesis in the Theological Seminary be elected, to enter upon his duties as soon as provision be made for the payment of his salary. Four o'clock this afternoon was set for the nominations for this professorship.

The long dispute as to the inter-relations of the College and the Theological Seminary has been settled by the declaration adopted by Synod, "That the two institutions are entirely separate, neither dependent upon the other. To make this so in fact as well as in declaration, Synod further resolved: "That instead of the Council of Hope College acting in a separate capacity as the Board of Superintendents of the Seminary, a distinct and separate Board be constituted, composed of one delegate from each of the Classes of the Particular Synod of Chicago, and seven delegates at large, four of whom shall be from the same Synod." Justice, on paper, has at last been done to two men who have long labored in the interests of both institutions. Communications were received from Prof. Charles Scott, D. D., and Prof. T. R. Beck, D. D., claiming that their renewed appointment by General Synod, in 1875, as Lectors in the Theological Seminary at Hope College, had never been revoked, nor had they resigned such professorships, and hence that they were still lecturers in the Seminary and as such offered their resignations to Synod. Their claims were admitted, their resignations accepted, and resolutions expressing thanks, a full appreciation of their services as Lectors, adopted.

Vacancies in the Council of Hope College were filled as follows: Mr. Isaac Capton to succeed himself, Mr. Arend Vischer, Rev. J. F. Zwemer, and Rev. W. J. R. Taylor, D. D.

Prof. G. J. Kollen has been appointed Synod's agent to procure funds during the College vacation, for the payment of the salary of the theological professor, to be elected. It is also recommended to the Council of Hope College that he be appointed by that body for a similar work for the college. At the nomination for the new professorship this afternoon Rev. Daniel Van Pelt received fifty-four votes, a much larger number than was received by any other person. The election will take place to-morrow at eleven a. m.

Yours truly,
CHARLES S. DUTTON.

If your beard is not of a pleasing shade, remedy the defect by the use of Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

BRAINARD'S MUSICAL WORLD.—We are always pleased to receive this popular illustrated monthly; it is bright, readable and contains good music withal. The number is interesting, both in literary and musical contents, and we recommend the World to all who like music and wish to keep informed concerning the art. The subscription price of the World is \$1.50 per annum. Address, S. Brainard's Sons, 145 and 147 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Amount of Exercise Required.

Dr. Parkes has calculated that the amount of exercise a man in health should take regularly is equal to walking nine miles a day upon level ground. The amount of walking done in walking about the house and other domestic duties may probably be put down as three miles, which will leave only a walk of six miles per diem on level ground. If the ground is hilly, this will be still more reduced, so that it certainly does not seem an excessive amount to advise. The proper quantity must, however, vary greatly with circumstances. Females, for example, will

not take as much as men. In winter more may be taken than in summer. In youth, when the body is undergoing its most active development, care must be taken that every muscle is exercised in its turn. Hence the free use of gymnastics, games, and sports at this age is most beneficial. In advanced life the power and inclination for exercise both fail, but even then every effort should be made to prevail upon the individual to take some amount of exercise, and to postpone the evil day when he will become completely bedridden. Such an amount of exercise is in all cases necessary as will keep the muscles in good health, and enable them to meet the physical requirements of the rest of the body.

The following from an exchange might possibly be read with profit in this latitude: "The most effective way to kill a town is to begin an aggressive warfare on the live men of the place and give a cold shoulder to all enterprises calculated to benefit it. If a man a little more enterprising and progressive than the balance raises his head, put him down. If a man puts money in an enterprise whereby he is likely to make a few dollars discourage him by talking against his enterprise. If a man works to build up the place, give him a wide berth and don't let him succeed. If these methods do not speedily destroy a town's prosperity, we scarcely know what would. Pull together, live and let live."

THE Improvement Association met in special meeting at the office of the secretary Jacob Baar last evening. President Scofield in the chair. Mr. H. W. Buswell explained the object of the meeting was to ascertain if a Tannery Company could be organized. Two gentlemen were present from Holland, Fred Metz and Geo. Ballard, both practical tanners, who were willing to put in \$30,000 cash if the Association would make up the balance necessary to make up the required capital of \$60,000. The gentlemen from Holland having to go early to catch the train home, they promised to return at any time the Association would notify them of the completion of the terms, and go right to work. On motion of Mr. Buswell the President was authorized to appoint a committee of three to solicit subscriptions for stock, and ascertain how much of the \$30,000 could be raised. Henry W. Buswell, Jacob Baar and James Barns were appointed such committee, and instructed to report at the end of one week, to which time the meeting adjourned.—G. H. News-Journal.

CARD.

The undersigned, together with his children, desire to express their appreciation of and heartfelt thanks for the kindness and sympathy shown to them in their late bereavement, by the many friends, and especially to Mayor R. Kanters and Hon. I. Cappon.

P. F. PFANSTIEHL,
HOLLAND, Mich., June 12th, 1885.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Education of the Public Schools of the City of Holland will receive applications, until July 6th, 1885, for the position of Janitor of the Union School Building of the City for the ensuing year.

C. J. DE ROO, Sec'y.

Very Remarkable Recovery.

Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved, that she is able now to do her own work."

Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at H. Walsh's.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh.

Special Notices.

For Sale.

A Foundry and Finishing shop Cheap on reasonable terms. Inquire of
W. H. DEMMING,
HOLLAND, March, 5, 1885. 5-3m

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Yates & Kane.

To Rent or For Sale.

The property now owned and occupied by H. Koenigsburg, as a boarding house, can be purchased at a reasonable figure, or the property will be leased to a good tenant on good terms.

H. KOENIGSBURG,
HOLLAND, Mich., June 4, 1885. 13-3.

AN immense stock of stationery just received.
YATES & KANE.

KREMERS & BANGS have a full stock of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, paint and white-wash brushes, which they are selling at low figures for cash.

LEAVE your ice orders with
R. KANTERS & SONS.

The Secret of Wealth.

Broken down, invalids do you wish to gain flesh, to acquire an appetite, to enjoy a regular habit of body, to obtain refreshing sleep, to feel and know that every fibre and tissue of your system is being braced up and renovated. If so commence at once a course of GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS. In one week you will be convalescent. In a month you will be well. Don't despair because you have a weak constitution. Fortify the body against disease by purifying all the fluids with GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus reformed. The liver, the stomach, the bowels, the kidneys, are rendered disease proof by this great invigorant. Runious bills for medical attendance may be avoided by counteracting the first symptoms of sickness with these Bitters. They are recommended from friend to friend and the sale increases daily. We warrant a cure. For sale by H. Walsh. 18-4

A FINE line of Blank Books just received. Call and see. YATES & KANE.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by Yates & Kane.

For fresh herbs and pure drugs go to the Central Drug store.

CROQUET sets, Base Ball goods and Fishing Tackle. Call and see.
YATES & KANE.

FOR LAME BACK, Side or chest use Shiloh's Forus Plaster. Price 35 cents.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale at Yates & Kane.

FRESH, pure Drugs constantly receiving.
YATES & KANE.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We have just received a large new stock of Boots and Shoes and Slippers for spring and summer trade. The stock is complete and embraces the latest styles of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes, which are sold at reasonable prices. We sell
Fargo's Boots and Fine Ladies Shoes.
L. SPRIETMA & SON,
HOLLAND, March 19, 1885. 7-1y

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you.

CATARH CURED. health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Rail Roads.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, May 24, 1885.

From Holland to Chicago.				From Chicago to Holland.			
N.Y.	Exp.	Exp.	Mail	TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	N.Y.
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
9:30	1:25	10:25	.....	Holland	3:25	9:53	1:40
10:10	.....	10:42	.....	East Saugatuck	3:10	.....	4:19
10:15	.....	10:42	.....	New Richmond	3:00	.....	4:09
11:20	3:25	11:37	.....	Gd. Junction.	3:05	8:32	3:17
11:50	4:00	12:00	.....	.....	2:01	8:40	2:55
1:15	3:38	1:30	.....	Benton Harbor	12:42	7:22	1:35
1:25	3:43	1:40	.....	New York	12:35	7:43	1:25
2:30	4:43	2:50	.....	New Buffalo	12:55	6:53	1:10
6:00	7:10	7:10	.....	.....	6:00	4:00	9:30
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.					

AMY'S CRUELTY.

Fair Amy of the trolleed house,
Assist me to discover
Why you who would not hurt a mouse
Can torture so your lover.

You give your coffee to the cat,
You stroke the dog for coming,
And all your face grows kinder at
The little brown bee's humming.

But when he haunts your door—the town
Marks coming and marks going—
You seem to have chided your eyelids down,
To that long piece of sewing.

You never give a look, not you,
Nor drop him a "Good morning,"
To keep his long day warm and blue,
So fretted by your scorn.

She shook her head "the mouse and bee
For crumb and flower will linger;
The dog is happy at my knee,
The cat purrs at my finger.

"But he—to him, the least thing given
Means great things at a distance;
He wants my world, my sun, my heaven,
Soul, body, whole existence.

"Unless he give me all in change,
I forfeit all things by him;
The kiss is terrible and strange;
I tremble, doubt, deny him.

"He's sweetest friend, or hardest foe,
Best angel, or worst devil;
Either hate or love him so
I can't be merely civil.

"You trust a woman who puts forth
Her blossoms thick as summer's;
You think she dreams what love is worth,
Who casts it to new comers.

"Such love's a coward's ball to fling,
A moment's pretty pastime;
I give—all me, if anything,
The first time and the last time.

"Dear neighbor of the trolleed house,
A man should murmur never,
Though treated worse than dog or mouse,
Till doated on forever!"

—Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

LUNY LEN.

The railroad station known as Glen Cove is one of the dreariest this side of that final abode said to be extremely sultry, where all presidents, directors, and other railway officials, more especially ticket agents, fetch up and finish their infernal labors. Were it not so hard on Mugby Junction, I should say Glen Cove was the Mugby Junction of America. Indigestion is kept there, like field ammunition in the quartermaster's department, to serve out at a moment's notice to hungry and insane passengers, and it is safe, for the trains carry away the sufferers to die in other localities.

One hot, sunny day in midsummer I found myself anticipating the punishments due for sins and shortcomings in this world by waiting for an eastern-bound train long overdue, as if the trains, like the passengers, disliked approaching the depot at which I suffered.

A surly telegrapher, also ticket agent, who shot insults and tickets through a hole at people, told me after an hour's cross-examination that was very cross, that my train had brought up in a corn field, and I could not possibly get away by rail before midnight.

Now, what to do with myself from the noon of this information to the noon of night was a question that sorely perplexed me. I had no books, no papers, no anything to relieve the dull monotony of that awful time.

I wandered listlessly about the dirty frame and platform. Both were hot enough to roast potatoes in the shade. I gazed on—nay, I studied all the colored bills, giving picturesque views of various towns, and telling in assorted type the advantages each had over the other—the only bit of amusement I had, and it was very mild. I found in guessing at the missing letters of a bill which read "Rough line to Chicago" some scamp had cut out the initial "th" when the bill had originally read, "Through line to Chicago."

While upon the platform gazing at an accommodation train just in, that was awaiting its conductor leisurely getting orders from the telegrapher, I was attracted by a noisy crowd of men and boys, gathered about a young fellow whose face indicated the idiotic condition that originated their entertainment.

He was a tall, broad shouldered, well-formed youth, and well dressed for one in his condition. But he had his clothes half-buttoned, in the loose, reckless manner of one of his class, while his face, without its intellectual outlook, was regular in feature, and one could see, had there been a brain back of it, would have been eminently handsome. As anxiety and care had ceased writing its record of age upon his face, it was difficult to tell his age. He had the form of a man and the face of a child.

"It's the opinion of this crowd, Len," said the blacksmith to the idiot, "that you can beat that locomotive in a race from here to the tunnel, and we have bet \$10,000 on it."

The poor fellow's dead face lit up with an expression of delight, so pitiable that it would have disarmed any other crowd than the one engaged in chaffing him. He gazed wistfully at the huge locomotive that stood hissing in the hot sun as if wrathful at the delay, and then he turned to the cruel crowd as if the suggestion was slowly working its way through his poor crippled brain.

"Go in Len," cried one of the crowd, "we've got our money on you, and you're bound to win."

"We'll give you fifty yards the start. You keep on the track," cried the blacksmith, "and the thing can't pass you."

I could scarcely believe these scoundrels were in earnest, when the surly engineer gave the last bang to his noisy bell, exploded a short snort from the locomotive in the way of warning, and to my astonishment I saw the idiot throwing off his coat, start down the track ahead of the train. Fortunately the engineer caught sight of the poor fellow, and checking the speed of the locomotive, began ringing him off the track. This was responded to

by the idiot bawling out with great glee: "Come on with your old tea-kettle," and the brutal crowd cheered, and roared with laughter.

The crowd, keeping along with the train, cheered lustily, and the lunatic "spurred" as they say in a boat race—that is, shot ahead and exhibited considerable power as a racer by the speed with which he got over the ground. The engineer, infuriated at the delay, put on speed and rattled after. But he was upon a down grade, and fearful of overtaking the unfortunate, he almost immediately put on the brakes and checked up again.

By this time heads were thrust out of windows and the platforms crowded by passengers whose excitement became noisy and intense as they discovered that it was a human being instead of a cow that impeded their progress. As for the idiot, he paused only long enough to indulge in a jeering laugh and a gesture that was more irritating than decent.

The crowd of brutal loafers that exhibited more industry in accompanying the race on this occasion than they had probably manifested in making an honest living for a year previous, went tearing along each side of the locomotive, laughing, shouting, cheering on the idiot, while hurling all sorts of exasperating epithets at the engineer, who by this time, was nearly blind with rage.

At this moment the conductor made his appearance, and crawling out upon the tender, began throwing lumps of coal at the boy, as the engineer, putting on steam, drew near the poor fellow.

Fortunately the conductor's aims were not well taken, for had the young man been knocked down the locomotive would have undoubtedly run over him.

From this the rough autocat of the train desisted, for the idiot's backers, with an American sense of fair play that animates even the roughest of our brutes, began pelting the conductor with stones, each pebble sent with the accuracy of a rifle shot at that part of his animal economy where the legs end and the body begins. He retreated hurriedly to the engine house, where he rubbed his person in a comical way with one hand while with the other he assuaged his wrath by a furious ringing of the bell. The engineer seconded his efforts by letting off short shrieks and keeping the locomotive frightfully close upon the heels of the wretched youth.

Having begun life with a strange disposition to take upon myself the ills of others, and finding such practice extremely unpleasant and useless, I have gradually trained myself into the other extreme, and generally bear the misfortunes of my friends with a philosophical indifference that is very composing. On this occasion, however, I forgot my cynicism and found myself running under that broiling sun, shaking my fist, with my heart in my mouth, at the conductor, and demanding in the most authoritative manner that he stop the train.

From the depot to the tunnel was about half a mile; to accomplish this distance the train and idiot occupied some 20 minutes. The passengers, crowded at windows and on the platforms, took as lively an interest in the affair as the entire population of Glen Cove that accompanied the train and backed the idiot. It was a godsend to the passengers, and they expressed their satisfaction by the liveliest betting and cheers, first for the locomotive and then for its strange competitor.

It was neck and neck between life and the locomotive. A false step, a stumble, and the huge mass of roaring, throbbing iron would have gone crushing over the frail body of the man, who so strangely impeded its progress. And such result was imminent; for the poor fellow, exhausted by excitement and over-exertion, staggered at times, and at times reeled as if about to fall, in a way to make me shudder.

That such would probably have been the result became painfully apparent, when an abrupt and somewhat unexpected termination was put to the cruel sport. The man stationed at the mouth of the tunnel and employed to keep its murky depths clear of obstructions, suddenly seized the youth, at the risk of his own life, and threw him with some violence to one side. Such was the effort that both rolled over, and the huge locomotive, giving a shrill scream of triumph, dived into the tunnel, followed by the long train, that disappeared as if the earth had opened and swallowed it.

I sat down at the mouth of the subterranean excavation quite exhausted as the crowd dispersed, and from the mouth of the dark entrance was pleased to find a cool damp air that came out in puffs, as if a dragon were coiled up within and panted out its cold, clammy breath. I asked the old watchman a series of idle questions, of a statistical sort, such as a man under the circumstances always indulges in. He grunted out the exact length of the tunnel, the time required to construct it, the accidents that occurred within his remembrance, and altogether, in response to my leading questions, exhibited a good deal of information on tunnels. For a man to know one thing well is a power. It is better, however, to believe you know some one thing and impart the information to your friends. It is a bore at best and just as well when it takes the shape of a tunnel.

Having exhausted the hole in the ground—and really, come to think of it, there was nothing in it—I spoke of the late race.

"Crazy jackass!" quoth the sententious guardian of the excavation; he'll get killed yet, and sooner the better for all concerned."

"Why, do they often put him up to that?"

"No, not frequent. They do it on that train sometimes, for they hate the

conductor. Once, long ago, it wasn't needed. He used to run ahead of every train, clear through the tunnel, a warn-in' people off. They switched that out of him. Now the ornary cusses puts him up to it."

"Queer sort of insanity."

"Isn't it? and he was once a bright feller—a rale schollard."

"Indeed?"

"Yes, was once, but left his senses in this tunnel."

"Why, how was that?"

"Well, you see, he's the son of old Judge Conrad, of these parts—only child, at that—and was sent to college, and no end of trouble taken and money spent to finish and furnish up his intellects. When he came home to study law, what does he do but take after a little girl named Mary Grubbs, daughter of the cooper, an' she was poor as a pig an' purty as a painted wagon. Well; I guess she was about the handsomest critter in this part of the vineyard. Len Conrad was struck, I tell you, after Polly, as we called her, an' I don't wonder; for her hair was as soft and light as silk on early corn, an' she had the handsomest teeth, an' the biggest, wonderfulest dark eyes, an' an angeliferous skin. But neither she nor her old cooperin' dad had a cent, so the Conrads, bein' toploftical mahogany high parties, just shut down on her."

"The old, old story."

"I don't know of its so old. Per'aps you've heard it afore, an' I can save my wind."

"I mean that the course of true love never does run smooth."

"Oh! that's it, is it?"

"No offense, old man. But proceed with your yarn and tell me how Len Conrad left his senses in the tunnel."

"That's what I was a comin' to when you put in your chin music. When Len found the family was formin' the court-in' he took to meetin' her unbeknownst. That was found out, and then it was decreed that Len should be sent to Yourope. The evenin' upon Len's departure he meets his girl, av course, an' they meandered naterly a little too late, an' undertook to make a short cut to the cooper house through the tunnel. I saw the doves go in. She was a leanin' on his shoulder a weepin, an' he looked as if he'd lost his mother-in-law."

"Mother-in-law!"

"That's a little joke o' mine, mister. I mean he looked like a canned funeral. I warned 'em not to try the tunnel, for it was close on to the time for the lightning express. But they didn't heed or hear me—jes' kept on in. After they had left I got that oneasy I took my lantern an' run arter 'em. Jes' as I come in sight the infernal thing came a roarin' past Glen Cove—it don't stopp'd there—an' I heard the whistle as the death on wheels plunged into the tunnel. I jammed the wall, I tell yez. I could see Len push his girl agin the same so the train might pass and not touch, an' like a flash I saw her tear away. Now, whether she was scared and didn't know what she was about, or wanted to kill herself, can't be known, but she shot right in front of that train. I saw the headlight shine like a flash of lightning on a white, frightened face as I crowded back against the wall, an' then with a roar like thunder, an' the whole thing seemed wiped out as if a sponge had sorter sponged us out. I heard the train's thunder sort of speed as it left the tunnel, as if soundin' the murder over the land, an' I stood there in a sort of a daze listin' to that roar die out in the distance. When I came round, which I did in a minit, I ran on. I stumbled over poor Len, lyin' as if dead, an' then I run up and down at least twice before I saw a heap that looked like a bundle of rags soaked in blood, an' will you believe, the bundle moved. It was only a quiver, an' all was still. She didn't make a lovely corpse when we got it together. Some people sickened an' fainted when they saw it."

"And Len?"

"We carted him home. The doctors could not find any bones broken, cuts, or hurt inside or out, but he lay sorter stoopid six weeks and then got up an' has been looney ever since."

"Poor fellow."

"Should think so. Queerest thing about the poor chap was that he took to runnin' ahead of trains, goin' through the tunnel a-warnin' people off. He sorter got that hammered out of him."

"The old folks learned a lesson, eh?"

"Not much; can't teach such old stoopids much. They do say the old Judge has softenin' uv the brain, but I don't believe he had any to soften."

—Donn Platt.

The Influence of the Coth.

Three or four commercial travelers were together on a railroad train. One of them, rather a clerical-looking young man, pointed out a grim-visaged female who had just entered the car, and offered to bet the drinks for the party that he could seat himself beside her and be pleasantly greeted. The bet was accepted.

He approached the female, and, stooping politely, said something to her in a low tone of voice.

She immediately made way for him, and presently they were engaged in an animated conversation.

Later, when the drinks were being discussed, the loser of the bet asked the drummer what he had said to the woman.

"I simply asked her," he replied, "if that pew was disengaged."—*Drake's Travelers' Magazine.*

The Musical Girl of Dubuque.

Dubuque Conservatory girls carry their noon lunch in a music roll. It must symphony to see them at their Hungarian rhapsodies.—*Philadelphia Call.*

A TAME FIGHT.

Capt. Steele's Mounted Scouts Give Battle to Big Bear's Braves.

Large Quantities of Powder Consumed, but Few Casualties Reported.

Winnipeg dispatches give particulars of an engagement between the Indian Chief Big Bear and Capt. Steele's mounted force of Canadians: Capt. Steele and his force, seventy in number, were scouting south of Fort Pitt, as it was reported that Big Bear had taken the trail for Sounding Lake. Middleton has given Capt. Steele instructions to watch closely and cut off the retreat of the Indians south if they attempted to go that way, while he and Strange with their forces would watch the north. Steele's force suddenly came upon Big Bear's Indians at Two Lakes, fifty miles south of Fort Pitt. The Indians were striking camp when Steele discovered them. Their force seemed to number between 250 and 300. So suddenly had the scouts come upon the redskins, and so near were they to the latter before seeing them, that there was no chance of retreat, so Steele at once ordered a charge. His men were well mounted and armed, and as they galloped forward they were met by a shower of bullets, which checked them. Still they rode on, however, seemingly determined not to be driven back, but when another volley was fired at them, and when Steele perceived that the Indians outnumbered his forces, he ordered the men to fall back. It was well he did so, for at that moment the Indians were joined by re-enforcements who poured out of the bluffs in the rear. They were well armed, and when they saw the scouts riding off fired a heavy volley.

Steele was, however, determined not to be beaten so easily, so he hastily laid plans for another attack upon the Indians. His force was quickly divided. One-half started north to make a detour so as to close in on the Indians. The other half went a short distance east, and at a given signal the two forces closed in upon the Indians from the rear, taking them completely by surprise. So quickly was the movement planned, and so quickly was it executed, that before the redskins were aware of it the scouts were within fifty yards of their rear and pouring their bullets into the camp, doing considerable havoc. The Indians were so much alarmed that they ran pell-mell down the ravine and across a creek four feet deep. Many of them left their firearms behind, and most of the camp outfit was also abandoned.

The Indians took refuge in a bush on the other side of the creek, from which they kept up a desultory fire upon the scouts, who for some time debated the feasibility of following them over the creek. As the Indians did not appear to have any prisoners with them, and as there was little hope of accomplishing anything by pursuit and attack, Capt. Steele decided to retreat. Before going away he thought it well to inquire after the condition of the prisoners, so he sent an interpreter named McKee to the bank of the creek with a flag of truce.

As McKee stepped forward, several bullets whizzed past him, but he went on, and when he reached the bank firing ceased. He then called out in Indian:

"Is Big Bear there?"

The answer came from Big Bear himself: "Yes."

McKee said: "If you will deliver our people, we will cease firing on you."

Big Bear in a loud voice replied: "We intend to clear you out yet; so beware."

Another bullet which whizzed dangerously near McKee's head after the last announcement apprised him that further parley would be useless, so he beat a hasty retreat.

Capt. Steele's loss was as follows: Sergt. Maj. Fury, shot in the breast, fatal.

William West, scout, shot through the leg.

J. Fisk, shot in the arm.

The Indian loss was considerable, several bodies being found this side of the ravine. Middleton has announced that he will pursue Big Bear until he catches him.

Portrait of Gen. Middleton.



We present herewith a portrait of Gen. Francis Middleton, the commander-in-chief of the forces operating against the Indians and half-breeds in the British Northwest Territory.

Sad Ending of a Pleasure Trip.

(Pittsburgh special.) Mr. and Mrs. George Dawless and Mr. and Mrs. John St. Clair started for a pleasure ride in a skiff, on the river. The little party had not proceeded far from the suspension bridge when the boat capsized, throwing them into the river. Mr. and Mrs. St. Clair, who were not far from the shore, were quickly rescued, but before succor could reach the other unfortunate couple they had sunk beneath the water to rise no more.

THE *Revue Bibliographique* reports that in Paraguay a tribe of Indians with tails has been discovered. A Guaycuyos child of eight years was captured with a tail a foot long.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The Official Statement of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The debt statement issued on the 1st inst. shows:

Decrease of the public debt during the month of May (according to the old form)..... \$ 4,425,485
Decrease of debt since June 30, 1884..... 54,800,714
Cash in the Treasury..... 479,570,409
Gold certificates outstanding..... 142,924,360
Silver certificates outstanding..... 140,660,776
Certificates of deposit outstanding..... 27,540,700
Refunding certificates outstanding..... 340,700
Legal tenders outstanding..... 346,681,016
Fractional currency (not included in amount estimated as lost or destroyed)..... 6,965,898

The following is a recapitulation of the debt statement on the 1st of June (new form):

Interest bearing debt—
Bonds at 4 1/2 per cent..... \$250,000,000
Bonds at 4 per cent..... 747,719,750
Bonds at 3 per cent..... 124,190,500
Refunding certificates at 4 per cent..... 240,700
Navy pension fund at 3 per cent..... 14,000,000
Pacific Railroad bonds at 6 per cent..... 64,623,512
Principal..... \$1,260,774,462
Interest..... 11,480,096
Total..... \$1,272,254,558
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity—
Principal..... \$4,353,555
Interest..... 292,489
Total..... \$4,646,044
Debt bearing no interest—
Old demand and legal-tender notes..... \$346,739,001
Certificates of deposit..... 26,925,000
Gold certificates..... 128,553,010
Silver certificates..... 105,085,186
Fractional currency (less \$8,375,934, estimated as lost or destroyed)..... 6,965,898
Principal..... 614,368,095
Total debt—
Principal..... \$1,879,396,413
Interest..... 11,712,586
Total..... \$1,891,108,999

Less cash items available for reduction of the debt..... \$ 266,624,966
Less reserve held for redemption of U.S. notes..... 100,000,000

Total..... \$664,474,030
Total debt less available cash items..... 1,624,484,033
Net cash in the Treasury..... 30,993,021

Debt less cash in Treasury June 1, 1885..... 1,494,391,011
Debt less cash in Treasury May 1, 1885..... 1,497,741,844
Decrease of debt during the month as shown by this statement..... 3,350,833
Cash in the Treasury—Available for reduction of the debt—
Gold held for gold certificates actually outstanding..... \$128,553,010
Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding..... 105,085,186
U. S. notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding..... 26,925,000
Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid..... 6,058,141
Fractional currency..... 3,629

Total available for reduction of debt..... \$ 266,624,966
Reserve fund held for redemption of U. S. notes, act July 12, 1882..... 100,000,000
Unavailable for reduction of the debt—
Fractional silver coin..... \$31,694,364
Minor coin..... 896,115

Cash held for certificates issued but not obtained..... 50,261,940
Net cash balance on hand..... 30,993,021

Total cash in the Treasury as shown by Treasurer's general account..... \$479,570,409
Reconciliation June 1, 1885—
Total debt, old form..... \$1,875,119,930
Increased by—
Pacific Railroad bonds..... \$ 64,623,512
Accrued interest thereon..... 1,615,587
Interest due and unpaid thereon..... 11,910
Total..... \$66,251,009

Total..... \$1,941,370,939
Decreased by—
Gold certificates in cash..... \$14,371,350
Silver certificates in cash..... 35,575,590
Certificates of deposit in cash..... 315,000

Total debt, new form..... \$1,891,108,999
May 1, 1885.....
Total debt, old form..... \$1,833,907,571
In reduced by—
Pacific Railroad bonds..... \$ 64,623,512
Accrued int. thereon..... 1,292,470
Interest due and unpaid thereon..... 13,260
Total..... \$ 65,929,242

Total..... \$1,949,836,814
Decreased by—
Gold certificates in cash..... \$28,625,290
Silver certificates in cash..... 32,141,140
Certificates of deposit in cash..... 50,000
Total..... \$60,816,430

Total debt, new form..... \$1,889,020,384
Decrease, old form..... 8,787,641
Increase new form..... 2,988,615
June 1, 1885—
Cash in the Treasury, old form..... \$479,570,409
Reduced by certificates as above..... \$50,261,940
Assets not available..... 32,690,480
Total..... \$82,582,429

Total..... \$396,717,988
Cash in the Treasury, new form, made up of—
Cash available for reduction of debt..... \$366,624,966
Balance..... 30,993,021
Total..... \$396,717,988

May 1, 1885—
Cash in the Treasury, old form..... \$483,932,56
Reduced by certificates as above..... \$60,816,430
Assets not available..... 31,837,596
Total..... \$91,278,539

Total..... \$391,278,539
Cash in the Treasury, new form, made up of—
Cash available for reduction of debt..... \$367,321,117
Balance..... 23,957,421
Total..... \$391,278,539

Total debt less cash in the Treasury, old form..... \$1,395,549,520
June 1, 1885..... 1,399,975,005
Decrease..... \$4,425,484

Total debt less cash in the Treasury, new form—
June 1, 1885..... \$1,494,391,011
May 1, 1885..... 1,477,741,844
Decrease..... \$3,350,833

BOGUS BUTTER.

Dr. Taylor's Investigation—Detection Made Easy and Certain.

[Washington dispatch.] Dr. Taylor, microscopist of the Department of Agriculture, has been studying the crystals of butter and butterine, and has embodied his conclusions in a paper on the subject, read before the Microscopical Society. He believes that the detection of spurious butter has been made easy and certain. He finds the crystalline formation and action in the genuine and spurious entirely different.

PERRY DAVIS, the originator of the famous medicine known as the "Pain Killer," has been in the Mercer County (Pennsylvania) Alms House for the past fifteen years.

Board of Education.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 1, 1885.

Regular meeting. Members present, Kremers, Kanters, Steffens, De Roo and Beach.

The minutes of May 4th and 11th were read and adopted.

The visiting committee reported that in the ward school the blackboard was in poor condition, and that the platform ought to be lowered.—Report accepted and referred to committee on buildings and repairs with power to act.

Motion by Inspector De Roo that the money received from the city dog tax fund be placed to the credit of the incidental fund.—Carried.

The secretary read a communication from Inspector Beach, tendering his resignation as member of the committee on buildings and repairs.—Accepted.

Ins. Harrington here appeared and took his seat.

Motion by Ins. Beach to have the applications for teaching read.—Carried and applications read.

Prof. G. P. Hummer made a verbal application.

The applications of the following teachers were accepted and they re-appointed: Miss A. Breyman, Mrs. S. J. Higgins, Miss S. Ledebor, Miss A. Clark, Miss A. A. Cunningham, Miss H. H. Pennell, Miss K. E. Vaupell, Miss R. Vsrbeek.

Motion by Ins. De Roo to refer the balance of the applications to the committee on teachers and that they report at the next meeting.—Carried.

The superintendent's report for the month of May was received and on motion placed on file.

Motion by De Roo to re-appoint Prof. G. P. Hummer as superintendent.—Carried.

Adjourned to June 8.

June 8th, 1885.

Adjourned meeting members all present.

Minutes of June 1st read and approved.

Motion by Ins. Beach to suspend the regular order of business.—Carried.

The committee on teachers to whom was referred application for teaching in the public schools, and who were to make recommendations for vacancies from the same, offered the following report:

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee on teachers to whom was referred the applications for teaching in the public schools, from which applications your committee was directed to make recommendations for vacancies in the schools, respectfully report that they have had the same under consideration and would recommend the following: Miss Anna B. Henjes, Miss Dell S. Servis, Miss Christina Vaupell and Miss Emma Worth. Your committee would respectfully ask further time before reporting on applications for the high school. All of which is respectfully submitted.—P. H. McBride, C. J. DeRoo.

Motion by Inspector Harrington to strike out the name of Miss Emma Worth and to insert the name of Francis M. Westveer.—Carried.

Moved by Ins. McBride that the name of Francis M. Westveer be dropped and the name of Miss Minnie Mohr be substituted.—Ruled out of order by the president on the ground that Miss Mohr was not an applicant.

Ins. McBride appealed to the board from the decision of the President. On being brought to a vote the chair was sustained.

Ins. Harrington moved to substitute the name of Miss Hannah Roost for that of Miss A. B. Henjes.—Lost.

Ins. McBride moved that the name of Frances M. Westveer be dropped and that of Maggie B. Pfanstiel be inserted.—Lost.

Ins. Harrington moved that the report be adopted as amended. Amended by Ins. Beach that the report be adopted striking out the name of Frances M. Westveer.—Amendment lost. Motion carried.

Ins. Harrington moved that the committee on Teachers be instructed to correspond with outside parties with regard to obtaining a teacher for the high school.—Carried.

Ins. De Roo moved that the salaries for the ensuing year for teachers and rooms be as follows: salary of superintendent, \$1,000; Room No. 1, \$350; No. 2, \$325; No. 3, 4, 5, 9, 12, \$300; No. 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, \$275; for experienced teachers and \$225 for new teachers; Ward school, \$350. Amended by Ins. McBride to raise the salary of room No. 2, from \$325 to \$350.—Amendment and motion carried.

Ins. De Roo moved that Mr. C. De Jong be appointed Janitor of the Ward school for ten months at a salary of \$60.—Carried.

Moved by Ins. Harrington that H. Toren be appointed as Janitor of the Union school for the ensuing year at the same salary as last year. Substitute offered by Ins. Beach that a notice be placed in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS that the board will receive applications until the next regular meeting, for the position of Janitor in the public schools for the ensuing year.—Substitute carried.

Moved by Ins. Beach that the necessary arrangements for the graduating exercises be referred to the committee on teachers with power to act.—Carried.

The president appointed Ins. De Roo as member of committee on buildings and repairs in the place of Ins. Beach, resigned. Ins. De Roo declined the appointment. Ins. Harrington was then appointed.

Board adjourned.

C. J. DE ROO, Secretary.

An Editor's Tribute.

Theron P. Keator, Editor of Ft. Wayne, Ind., Gazette, writes: "For the past five years have always used Dr. King's New Discovery, for coughs of most severe character, as well as for those of a milder type. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in same high terms. Having been cured by it of every cough I have had for five years, I consider it the only reliable and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, etc." Call at H. Walsh's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle. Large size \$1.00.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla requires a smaller dose, and is more effective, does for dose, than any other blood medicine.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

LIVER

Secure Healthy action to the Liver and relieve all bilious troubles.

Truly Valuable; No Gripping. Price 25c. All Druggists.

DE LAND & CO'S



SALERATUS SODA

Best in the World.

H. WYKHUYSEN,

Gold and Silver Watches!

Solid Gold and Plated Chains.

Ladies' and Gents' Lockets,

Silverware, Platedware,

Jewelry and Clocks.

I also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES!

My stock of

SILVERWARE

is unsurpassed in this city.

Particular attention is called to the fact that all my goods are first-class and are sold at low prices.

Come in and see my Stock. Watches and Clocks repaired on short notice.

NINTH STREET, OPPOSITE FIRST CHURCH.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 24, 1882.

\$12,000.00

worth of Goods must be sold in order to meet the obligations to creditors.

"UNHEARD OF BARGAINS"

In Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, and Boots and Shoes.

OVERCOATS,

And Winter Suits of Clothes at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Ladies are invited to call and examine the stock of

Winter Dress Goods, New Style Prints, and Dress Patterns.

HATS AND CAPS

In large numbers will be sold at a great sacrifice.

COME EARLY and GET BEST BARGAINS

E. J. Harrington.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 22, 1885.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city for the celebrated

Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1888.

Splendid Bargain.

Will sell dwelling, house consisting of seven rooms in good repair, also outhouse of 14x28 feet, at a bargain. Reason, too far away from my place of business. House and lot located on Ninth St., between Pine and River streets.

J. R. KLEYN.

E. HEROLD,

has just received a large stock of the latest styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES

among which are the celebrated

GROVER HAND SEWED

SHOES.

Repairing promptly and neatly done

CALL AND SEE US.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 13, 1884.



JAS. HUNTLEY, BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings, finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, etc., made and furnished.

Office and Shop on River street, near the corner of Tenth street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.

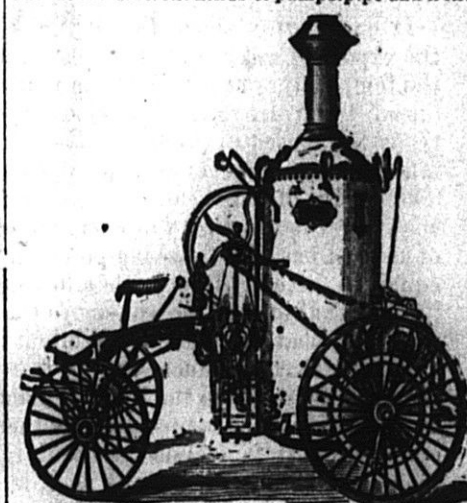
HOLLAND, May 27, 1883.

P. H. WILMS

Manufacturer of

Wilms' Celebrated Wooden Drive Wells! AND WOODEN PUMPS.

Porcelain-lined, Iron-lined, Map's Cylinder and all the different kinds of pumps, pipe and iron.



Dealer in the leading class of agricultural implements, such as Engines, Threshers, Saw Mills, Wind Mills, Self-binding Reapers, Mowers, Buggies, Wagons, Plows, Spring Tooth Harrows, all that Farmers need except money, and that you can make by buying of me as I will sell very reasonable. Fair dealing and good goods.

COME AND SEE ME. PETER H. WILMS. 12-1y

Holland, April 22, 1885.

DUTCH SETTLEMENT IN MINNESOTA!

Frederiksen & Co., Prins & Zwanenburg

offer to sell to the public 34,000 acres of land in the counties of Renville, Kandiyohi and Chippewa in Minnesota. The lands are only about 100 miles west of St. Paul and Minneapolis, is finely adapted to Agriculture, the breeding of cattle, and lies only from 3 1/2 to 7 miles from the well settled places of Olivia, Renville, and Sacred Heart, on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, and only from 8 to 12 miles from the stations, Wilmar, St. Johns, and Kerkhaven, on the competing line of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R. R. The price is from \$6 to \$8 per acre, easy terms, interest at 7 per cent. All agricultural products, which are raised in Iowa thrive upon these lands and compare favorably with any products raised in this country, and, being raised near large cities, command a high price. Wood and coal can be had cheap. We will help, financially, during the first years, the building of Churches and the paying of salaries to ministers.

In Olivia, Mr. T. Haan, our agent, will show these lands free to all who desire to look them over, and as he keeps a hotel, will accommodate landseekers at a low rate.

The undermentioned gentlemen have seen our lands: Rev. G. Hoeksema, pastor, Muskegon; J. G. Van Putten, merchant, Holland; W. C. Walsh, druggist and miller, Holland; F. I. Walsh, Holland; Antony Wiersema, mail clerk, Holland; C. Blom, merchant, Holland; W. H. Rogers, editor, Holland; C. Dok, butcher, Holland; all of whom have seen the land to their entire satisfaction, and have given us permission to publish that they find the foregoing to be true, and that they will give full information.

First-class return tickets from Chicago, Milwaukee, and Orange City, to our lands, we sell for ten dollars only. Excursions will leave these places under our own management. Return tickets from Holland, Muskegon, Grand Haven and Grand Rapids for seventeen dollars only. Go and judge for yourself. Write or apply to

FREDERICKSEN & CO., and PRINS & ZWANENBURG,

51 S. Clark St. Chicago 293 Sibley St. St. Paul, Minn.

For information, apply to Isaac Marsilje and John C. Post, Esq., at Holland, Jan Garvelink at Graafschap, John Glas, 151 S. Rose St., Kalamazoo; Albert Riddering, Drenthe, Mich.; C. Van Loo, Zeeland, Mich.; C. Joldersma, James-town, Mich.; or to S. Wesselijs, attorney, Grand Rapids.

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