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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XII.—NO. 19.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1883.

WHOLE NO. 591.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND, - - MICHIGAN.

OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.

Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:

\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING Promptly and Neatly Executed.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents for first insertion, and 35 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
4 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
5 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
6 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly. An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X signifies that no paper will be continued after date.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect, Sunday June 10, 1883.

From Holland to Chicago.	From Chicago to Holland.
Nit. Exp. 10 30	Nit. Exp. 10 30
Mix. ed. 9 30	Mix. ed. 9 30
TOWNS.	TOWNS.
Holland	Holland
East Saugatuck	East Saugatuck
New Richmond	New Richmond
Gd. Junction	Gd. Junction
Bangor	Bangor
Benton Harbor	Benton Harbor
St. Joseph	St. Joseph
New Buffalo	New Buffalo
Chicago	Chicago

GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.	From Grand Rapids to Holland.
a. m. 7 25	a. m. 7 25
p. m. 3 25	p. m. 3 25
Holland	Holland
Zeeland	Zeeland
Hudsonville	Hudsonville
Grandville	Grandville
Grand Rapids	Grand Rapids

MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.	From Muskegon to Holland.
a. m. 7 45	a. m. 7 45
p. m. 3 45	p. m. 3 45
Holland	Holland
West Olive	West Olive
Bushkill	Bushkill
Johnsville	Johnsville
Grand Haven	Grand Haven
Ferrysburg	Ferrysburg
Muskegon	Muskegon

ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to Allegan.	From Allegan to Holland.
a. m. 8 30	a. m. 8 30
p. m. 4 30	p. m. 4 30
Holland	Holland
Fillmore	Fillmore
Hamilton	Hamilton
Dunning	Dunning
Allegan	Allegan

* Mixed trains.

† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Detroit time.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MORRIS & CARROLL, Attorneys at Law, Leppig's Block, Grand Rapids, Michigan. Business in Kent, Ottawa and Allegan Counties will be promptly attended to. 9-ly

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, etc. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

MEENGS, D. R., Drug Store, Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, W. M., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BRON'S Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist: a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.: River st.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G., & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.: River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Proprietors. The only first-class Hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town, and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the State. Free bus in connection with the Hotel. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHENIX HOTEL, Ryder & Coffey, proprietors. Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free back for accommodation of guests. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

SCOTT HOTEL, W. P. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and Fish str. Terms, \$1.35 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's Hotel. 38-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Flager Mill*, (Steam Saw and Flour Mills) near foot of 8th street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and Machinery, cor. River and Ninth Street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor. 10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short notice. Office at his residence New Holland, Michigan. 9-ly

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be found in his office, on River street, next door to D. R. Meengs, drug store.

KREMER, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market street. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m. 30-ly

SCHIPHORST, L., Physician and Surgeon; office at the drug store of Schepers & Schiphorst; is prepared at all times, day or night, to attend to "calls."

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon; office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county, Mich. Office hours from 12 to 2 p. m. 26-ly.

Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer. Gallery opposite this office.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market and Eighth Street.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Speciales, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets, Holland, Mich. 24-ly.

Societies.

I. O. of C. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week. Visiting brothers are cordially invited. M. HARRINGTON, N. G. WILLIAM BAUMGARTL, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, June 20, at 7 o'clock, sharp. O. BREYMAN, W. M. D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

(Corrected every Thursday by E. J. Harrington.) Apples, bushel, \$ 75 @ 1 00 Beans, bushel, 1 40 Butter, lb., 16 Eggs, dozen, 15 Honey, lb., 15 Onions, bushels, 30 Potatoes, bushel, 30

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(Corrected every Thursday by W. H. Beach.) Buckwheat, bushel, 65 Bran, 100 lb., 60 Barley, 100 lb., 1 20 Clover seed, lb., 6 50 Corn Meal, 100 lb., 1 25 Corn, shelled, bushel, 45 @ 50 Flour, 40 lb., 1 40 Fine Corn Meal, 100 lb., 22 30 Feed, 3 ton, 1 00 Hay, 100 lb., 8 00 @ 9 00 Middling, 100 lb., 1 20 Oats, bushel, 40 @ 45 Pearl Barley, 100 lb., 6 00 Rye, bushel, 1 25 Timothy Seed, bushel, 1 25 Wheat, white, bushel, 1 02 Lancaster Red, bushel, 1 05

FOR SALE.

Two dwelling houses, near the corner of 12th and River Streets. Enquire of Everett Takken, Douglas, or Isaac Fairbanks, of this city. HOLLAND, Mich., May 23, 1883. 16-4w

Additional Local.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

CATARH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price, 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

FOR LAME BACK, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Consumption, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

GROUP WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

OLD BERKSHIRE MILLS.

DALTON, Mass., April 27, 1882.

Mr. Peter Lawler has been a resident of this town for the past seventeen years, and in our employ for fifteen, and in all these years he has been a good and respected citizen of the town and community. He has had some chronic disease to our knowledge for most of the time, but now claims to be, and is, in apparent good health.

CHAS. O. BROWNS, Pres't. [The wonderful case referred to above is published in another column and will prove of great value to thousands of our readers.—Ed.]

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. 28-ly

Read the Fact.

Wm. Vorst, the Tailor, has removed his business to No. 13 River street, formerly occupied by Zahn the harness maker. I will make new clothes to order, repair old clothes, and renovate and clean clothes, making them appear like new. Give me a call. HOLLAND, June 5, 1883. 18-

Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, City of Holland, June 5th, 1883. Bids will be received at the City Clerk's office, until June 10th, 1883, for the hauling of material and all team work, for the ensuing year, for the City of Holland. Bids, to state the price per day and per load. The Common Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the Common Council. GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

New Advertisements.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the condition of payment of a mortgage from Lammer Terbeek and Anna Terbeek his wife, to John C. Post, dated September Twenty-sixth, 1881, and recorded on September Twenty-eighth, 1881, in Liber V of mortgages, on page 603, in the Register's office of Ottawa County, (and which mortgage was afterwards on November Fourth, A. D. 1881, duly assigned by said John C. Post, by assignment in writing, to Jan Trimpe, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Ottawa County, in Liber 26 of mortgages, on page 41, on March Seventh, A. D. 1883); And, whereas, Three Hundred and Sixteen Dollars and Twenty-five cents, are now claimed to be due on said mortgage, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover any part of said sum due; Therefore, notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as is necessary to pay the sum due on said mortgage, with interest and costs, on the

Second day of July, A. D. 1883,

at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House, at Grand Haven, Michigan. The premises described in said mortgage and to be sold being the West Half of lot Fifteen (15) in block Twenty-six (26), City of Holland, Michigan; And also, all those parts of lots One and Two and the East one-half of lot Three (3) in block Twenty-six (26) City of Holland, Michigan, which lie South of the right of way of the "Grand Haven Railroad" branch of the Chicago and West Michigan Railroad Company's line, said railroad having formerly been known as the Michigan Lake Shore Railroad.

As executor of the estate of Jan Trimpe, deceased. Dated March 26, 1883.

NOTICE.

To Fruit Growers & Farmers.

I am now prepared to furnish all kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, HEDGE PLANTS, VINES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, ETC., ETC., at the lowest prices. I purchase my stock of reliable Nursery men and guarantee satisfaction. Trees delivered free at any Railroad Station in this and adjoining counties. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

FRED. L. SOUTER, Holland, Mich. 18-6w.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Cornelius Blom and William Porter is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All bills for or against the business will be settled by Cornelius Blom. CORNELIUS BLOM, WILLIAM PORTER. HOLLAND, Mich., June 5, 1883. 18-4w

Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 12, 1883.

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by the Mayor.

Members present: Mayor Beach, Aldermen Williams, Beukema, Kramer, Werkman, Boyd, Nyland, and the Clerk.

Reading of the minutes dispensed with and regular order of business suspended.

The following bill was presented for payment: Visee & Kok, blacksmithing for fire dep't. \$2 75

—Allowed and a warrant ordered issued on the city treasurer for the amounts.

On motion of Ald. Boyd—

Resolved, That a copy of the city map, now in the possession of P. H. McBride, be loaned to Mr. George C. Morgan for one week.—Adopted.

On motion of Ald. Boyd—

Resolved, That the city surveyor make a profile of Ninth street grade, to correspond with the report of R. J. Foster, county surveyor.—Adopted.

On motion of Ald. Kramer—

Resolved, That Detroit time be adopted as the city time and that the clerk is hereby instructed to notify Mr. Snyder to ring the bell accordingly.—Adopted.

On motion of Ald. Williams—

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets and Bridges be hereby instructed to procure, in connection with the Highway Commissioner of Holland Township, a sign to be placed on Black River Highway Bridge, warning all persons not to drive over said bridge faster than on a walk under a penalty of \$5.00.—Adopted.

Council adjourned.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

The Apaches.

A correspondent in the Apaches' country gives a flattering account of the intelligence and bravery of the tribe of Indians which Gen. Crook is now hunting down. The Apaches, he writes, are of medium stature, slender figure, brows straighter and broader than any other Indian, cheek bones less prominent than the Sioux or eastern tribes, and they have waged successful warfare through all this region for hundreds of years. It is almost pathetic to listen to one of the better class of citizens speak of the long years of terror with which they have ruled this border. Capt. Bourke, of Gen. Crook's staff, tells me that he had made copious notes and careful examination into everything pertaining to the Apache religion, customs and traditions. He showed me a great pile of note books, compiled during 10 years' service on this frontier, and he assures me that they are the most intelligent, intellectual savages we have to deal with. "What do you think of an Indian smart enough to cut a telegraph wire and insert a small piece of non-conducting material between the severed ends, and that material of the same size and color of the wire, and so adroitly done that the Western Union men hunted for weeks before they found the break." This was one of the captain's questions, and his note books are filled with just such evidence of Apache cunning. They were reloading cartridge shells a year before the civilized warriors of the world thought that it could be done economically, and while the technical magazines on both sides of the water were discussing the practicability of such a thing, Capt. Bourke saw a large number of neatly reloaded shells which the Apaches had picked up, empty, on the battle-field. From the forks of the Gila river, says the Mexican tradition, the Apaches descended into Mexico like a whirlwind and overthrew the civilization of the Aztecs, who had formerly come from the north and conquered the Toltecs. It is the old story of the northern barbarians overthrowing southern civilization, but, unlike its European counterpart in history, our southwestern sons of the Goths and Vandals have remained for centuries the successful enemies, and the possessors, in fact of the conquered province.

Treasures of Classic Lore.

Theodore Martin, whom the Queen of England knighted, in honor of his excellent literary work, has written a remarkably brilliant and entertaining volume on "Horace," in the well-known series of "Ancient Classics for English Readers." No writer of antiquity has taken a stronger hold upon the modern mind than Horace. The scholar, the statesman, the soldier, the man of the world, the town bred man, the lover of the country, the thoughtful and the careless, he who reads much and he who reads little, all find in his pages more or less to amuse their fancy, to touch their feelings, to quicken their observation, to nerve their convictions, to put into happy phrase the deductions of their experience. His wisdom is deeper than it seems, so simple, practical and direct as it is in its application. Over and above the mere literary charm of his works, the warm heart and thoroughly urbane nature of the man are felt instinctively by his readers. Dante ranks him next after Homer. Montaigne knows him by heart. Fenelon and Bossuet never weary of quoting him. La Fontaine polishes his own exquisite style upon his

model. Voltaire calls him "the best of preachers." Lord Chesterfield tells us, "When I talked my best I quoted Horace." To Wordsworth he was equally dear. In Gibbon's militia days "on every march" he says, "in every journey, Horace was always in my pocket, and often in my hand." And so it is; in many a pocket where it might be least expected, lies a well-thumbed Horace; and in many a devout Christian heart the maxims of the gentle, genial pagan find a place near the higher teachings of a greater master. This entire series of "Classics" is most worthy to be added to the attractions of every home. There are 27 volumes, heretofore published at \$1 each, now reduced to a mere fraction of that cost. They are published by John B. Alden, 18 Vesey St., New York, who will send descriptive catalogue free, on request.

The Medicinal Value of Vegetables.

On the authority of the *Medical Record*, asparagus is a strong diuretic, and forms part of the cure for rheumatic patients at such health resorts as Aix-les-Bains. Sorrel is cooling, and forms the staple of that *soupe aux herbes* which a French lady will order for herself after a long and tiring journey. Carrots, as containing a quantity of sugar, are avoided by some people, while others complain of them as indigestible. With regard to the latter accusation, it may be remarked, in passing, that it is the yellow core of the carrot that is difficult of digestion—the outer, a red layer, is tender enough.

In Savoy the peasants have recourse to an infusion of carrots as a specific for jaundice. The large sweet onion is very rich in those alkaline elements which counteract the poison of rheumatic gout. If slowly stewed in weak broth, and eaten with a little Nepal pepper, it will be found to be an admirable article of diet for patients of studious and sedentary habits. The stalks of cauliflower have the same sort of value, only too often the stalk of a cauliflower is so ill-bolled and unpalatable that few persons would thank you for proposing to them to make part of their meal consist of so uninviting an article.

Turnips, in the same way, are often thought to be indigestible, and better suited for cows and sheep than for delicate people; but here the fault lies with the cook quite as much as with the root. The cook boils the turnips badly, and then pours some butter over it, and the eater of such a dish is sure to be the worst for it. Try a better way. What shall be said about our lettuce? The plant has a slight narcotic action, of which a French old woman, like a French doctor, well knows the value, and when properly cooked is really very easy of digestion.

Put this in a conspicuous place so that you will be obliged to see it at every turn. No one man, or a quartet of men can "run" a neighborhood, or a town. We may have wealth, friends and influence, yet with all these in our favor we cannot carry the "unction to our soul" that we are infallible. Should all men of such narrow opinions die, the world would "in spite of such pitiless fate" continue to revolve. We could attend the funeral, cast a handful of sand upon the "resting box," then turn away, in a few days forgetting with the rest that so important a personage had ever been born. No, indeed, we must earnestly consider that each and all of us occupy but small spaces on earth, and the gap is quickly filled with bodies probably better than ourselves.

THE following is the text of the revised umbrella flirtation: To leave your umbrella in the hall means "I don't want it any more." To purchase an umbrella means "I am not smart, but honest." To trail your umbrella on the sidewalk means that the man behind you thirsts for your blood. To lend an umbrella indicates "I am a fool." To put a cotton umbrella by the side of a silk one means "Exchange is no robbery." To urge a friend to take an umbrella, saying, "Oh do take it; I'd much rather you would than not," signifies that you are lying. To return an umbrella means—never mind what it means. No one ever does that.

THE need of merit for promoting personal aesthetics is due to J. C. Ayer & Co., whose incomparable Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier of the hair. Harmless, effective, agreeable, it has taken rank among the indispensable articles of the toilet. To scanty locks it gives luxuriance; and withered hair it clothes with the hue of youth.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

At the inquest into the Brooklyn Bridge disaster, the acting President of the Trustees deposed that all the policemen in New York could not stem the panic-stricken tide of humanity at the time of the accident. He said the weakest part of the structure could sustain 65,000 tons, and estimated the greatest pressure which could be placed on it at 17,000 tons. The jury found that the "officers and Trustees were reprehensible," and recommended improvements in the road for foot-passengers.

PORTIONS of New York and Pennsylvania were visited by a tremendous rain-storm. At Muncie, Pa., lightning struck an 8,000-gallon oil-tank, which was burned, together with several houses. At Albany N. Y., \$50,000 damage was done. Elsewhere there was considerable injury inflicted upon property.

A BANQUET was given at Delmonico's, New York, to Bishop Dudley, Henry Watterston, Proctor Knott, Congressman Carlisle, and others representing the Louisville Exposition. A number of prominent gentlemen participated, among them Gen. Grant, ex-Senator Conkling, Cyrus W. Field, Senator Beck, Gen. Horace Porter, Gen. Bristow, Perry Belmont and James R. Keene. John Jay presided. Many toasts were drunk, and the progress of the South since the war was highly eulogized. Miss Edith Fish, daughter of Hamilton Fish, ex-Secretary of State, was married to Mr. Hugh Oliver Northcote, son of the Parliamentary leader of the British Conservative party, at the Episcopal Church of St. Philip, in the Highlands of New York. The marriage was witnessed by a large number of distinguished people, both English and Americans.

ELIPHALET CLARK, the oldest homeopathic physician in Maine, died last week at Portland, aged 82. He was founder, with Dr. Gray, of the New York American Institute of Homeopathy. William Stevens, an old man of distinction a few years ago, was found drowned in the Hudson river at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

THE WEST.

THE National Exposition of Railway Appliances at Chicago is the largest industrial exhibition ever witnessed in this country, with the probable exception of the great Centennial display at Philadelphia. The exhibit of railway appliances is simply enormous. In addition to the great Exposition building, about twelve acres of ground is covered by temporary buildings, and every foot of space is taken up by exhibitors. The regular exposition which has been given every fall in Chicago, is dwarfed into insignificance by comparison with this stupendous railway show. Its extent is simply bewildering. More than a thousand firms, companies and individuals are represented in the vast inclosures. The visitor is confronted on all sides by every possible combination of mechanical genius as connected with railroading in all its departments, forms and ramifications, from its earliest history to the present time. In one of the departments, called the "Old Curiosity Shop," the whole history of railway progress is illustrated, step by step. The first locomotive that ever turned a wheel, built by George Stephenson, which was loaned by England, and the "Grasshopper," the first engine that ever ran on the Baltimore and Ohio road, are among the rare curiosities. One of the novelties of the exhibition is a railroad run by electricity, which carries passengers around the extensive building for a nominal fare. Enormous crowds, representing every section of the world, are visiting the great exhibit.

THE June crop report of the Ohio State Board of Agriculture, based on 1,020 township reports, gives the percentage of wheat, as compared with its condition in 1882, at 52, or 23,250,000 bushels, against 45,500,000 in 1882. Barley's acreage is 91, condition, 77; oats' acreage, 100, condition, 90; corn's acreage, 104, condition, 79; flax's acreage, 87; clover's acreage, 72, condition, 88; potatoes' acreage, 101, condition, 88. Apples will be 67 per cent. of a full crop; peaches, 48; pears, 65; grapes, 84; berries, 78. The percentages of the condition of wheat, as compared with that in June 1, 1882, in Indiana, is 67; in Iowa, 86; in Kansas, 71; in Kentucky, 50; in Wisconsin, 86; in Tennessee, 82; in Nebraska (spring wheat), 111; in Minnesota, 88; in Illinois, 38; in Michigan, 64; in California, 87. These twelve States last year produced 367,000,000 bushels.

THE two Barber brothers, who had been engaged in a number of killings, were taken from the jail at Waverly, Iowa, by an orderly mob and hanged. The particulars of the affair are as follows: A large number of persons congregated around the jail at an early hour in the evening, and a mob was talked of on all sides. At about 9 o'clock a man appeared with a rope, followed by about 200 people, and demanded the delivery of the two Barbers. The Sheriff was obstinate. They then proceeded to the door of the Court House, and smashing it in were soon inside. There were now two doors between the outlaws and the mob, who immediately procured a crowbar and sledge and commenced operations upon the doors, it taking over two hours to get at the Barbers. After breaking the doors down the desperadoes were taken through the hall to the stairs, one of them being dragged part of the way down the long stairway. After getting into the street the Barbers were allowed to make a confession. Bill Barber said he had never killed a man until last fall; that they had been accused of killing seven men in Illinois. He said this was false. Ike Barber said he had no hand in killing Shepherd last fall; that he had never killed a man nor assisted in doing so until within the past week. The desperadoes appeared to have plenty of grit, although Bill shed a few tears. They conversed in a strong voice, and did not expect or ask for sympathy. The leader of the mob was captured by the Sheriff. The county officers did the best they could to protect the prisoners, but it was of no avail.

SOME extraordinary time was made in the races at Cleveland. Pilgrim, a horse without a record, trotted the last half of a mile-heat in 1:07 3/4, and Clingstone went from the third quarter-post to the wire in 32 seconds. Little Brown Jug paced a mile in 2:15 1/4. A heavy snow-storm prevailed in Colorado on the 8th of June.

THE mob which lynched the Barber bandits at Waverly, Iowa, was considering the mission performed, as mildly riotous as any assembly that ever officiated under the auspices of Judge Lynch. Not a shot was fired, and the crowsbars used to force the bars and bolts were unaccompanied by profanity. The leaders were men

whose relatives had been killed by the outlaws, and their determination was shared by about 1,000 sympathizers. The Mayor of Waverly, it appears, did what he could to prevent mob violence, and the Sheriff in charge of the prisoners refused to give up the keys. The selection of Bismarck as the capital of Dakota will stimulate the building of railroads through the central and northern portions of the Territory. It is stated that the manager of the Milwaukee and St. Paul road has given orders for the immediate extension of the James River Division to the "future great" metropolis. This will force the Northwestern, which is competing in the same territory, to do likewise. It is also reported that the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, which is controlled by the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, contemplates building an air-line road from Minneapolis to the same point. During the next two years Northern Dakota will see a larger influx of immigrants than ever before. At Vincennes, Ind., a drunken husband named Pollock killed his young wife, to whom he had been married but six months, and then committed suicide.

THE SOUTH.

REPORTS from the Indian Territory say that cattle are moving up the trail in large numbers from all points in the Southwest. Owing to the construction of wire fences it is found difficult to drive through a certain portion of Texas, hence the cattle are sent by rail to Wichita Falls and thence put on the trail. The amount of stock now passing westward is larger than ever before known at this season.

TWO MEXICAN horse-thieves were being conveyed from Gonzales to San Diego, Texas. On the road they were met by a party of twenty-five determined men, armed to the teeth. The guards were soon overpowered and in a brief space of time the horse-thieves were dangling from ropes hung over the branches of convenient trees. At Whitesburg, Ky., a murderer named Combs was taken from jail by an armed mob and hanged to an elm tree.

A MOST fiendish act of cruelty was enacted in a Chattanooga iron-mill. Two of the employees had a difficulty, when the larger one, becoming frantic, seized the other and laid him on his back on a red-hot slab of iron, holding him there until his head and back were literally roasted. Charles C. Fulton, editor and proprietor of the Baltimore American, is dead.

AT Fulton, Ky., a shooting affray occurred between a posse of men under the leadership of the City Marshal and Bill and John Ogles. Bill Ogles was killed. John Ogles was wounded, but escaped. A negro who was not participating was shot dead. Will Jones, one of the posse, was wounded in the head and arm. The City Marshal was badly beaten over the head. At Patrick Court House, Va., Sheriff Donnelly and T. W. Waller, opponents in the recent election, fought a duel on horseback. Waller was killed. Elbert M. Stevenson was executed at Lawrenceville, Ga., for the murder of his aunt in August, 1881. He refused to either admit or deny his guilt.

POLITICAL.

THE Iowa Democrats, in convention at Des Moines, nominated L. G. Kinne, of Iowa county, for Governor, and adopted a platform which pronounces for a tariff for revenue only, declares in favor of Civil Service and opposes constitutional prohibition. The Ohio Republicans assembled at Columbus and placed in nomination Judge J. B. Foraker, of Cincinnati, for Governor, Senator John Sherman prominently declining the honor. The platform favors a protective tariff, indorses President Arthur's administration, approves the submission of the prohibition amendment to a vote of the people and favors a reform of the Civil Service.

A MEETING of the Indiana Greenback State Central Committee at Indianapolis, was attended by about fifty persons, representing eleven Congressional Districts. It was decided not to join with Anti-Monopolists, but to strengthen the party through the State by organizing clubs. H. Z. Leonard, of Logansport, was elected Chairman of the committee, and the missionary work devolved upon him. At the session of the Wisconsin Prohibition Convention, held in Madison, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "That in view of the developments of the past two or three years, we declare it to be our conviction that no real friend of prohibition can consistently support any man for public office or any political party that is not fully committed to the prohibition of the liquor traffic."

GOV. BEGOLLE vetoed an act of the Michigan Legislature intended to give minorities representation in the Boards of Directors or corporations organized under the laws of the State. The Governor holds that, as it alters acts of Incorporation, it should have a two-thirds majority in both branches of the Legislature.

THE Harper High-License bill passed the Illinois House of Representatives by a vote of 79 ayes to 55 noes. Four Republican members voted in the negative, and ten Democrats recorded themselves as in favor of the measure. It imposes upon saloon-keepers selling whiskey an annual license fee of \$3.00, while those confining themselves to the sale of beer and wine will be required to pay \$150 per annum.

THE President has directed the suspension of Charles C. Walcott, Collector of Internal Revenue in the Seventh District of Ohio, and appointed Wm. S. Furay, of Columbus, Ohio, to fill the vacancy. It is understood the above action was taken upon the suggestion of Mr. Keifer.

WASHINGTON.

A WASHINGTON telegram says: Even if the Hill investigation brings forth no more than was put in evidence to-day it must be regarded as successful. The expert testimony showed that the stone-work in the Philadelphia Custom House cost the Government exactly double what it should. The extra expenditure in this one building alone is over \$500,000. The investigation was adjourned until Monday to allow the expert to prepare computations upon all the public edifices constructed by Mr. Hill. It is charged that it can be shown by expert testimony that all of the buildings cost exactly twice what they should.

THE President has taken up his summer residence at the Soldier's Home. Mrs. Botta, his sister-in-law, from South Carolina, is his housekeeper. He occupies the cottage in which Abraham Lincoln lived during the warm summers. He will make the Soldier's Home his headquarters, and not go any length of time to Long Branch or Newport or the various places which have been suggested.

THE President has appointed William W. Thomas, of Maine, Minister Resident in Sweden and Norway.

GENERAL.

THERE were no priests in attendance upon the meeting at Baltimore, the other day, to reorganize the Irish Land League upon the basis of the Philadelphia Convention. Commenting upon the fact, Prof.

Tommy, a leading mover in the National movement, declared that "no one on this earth has a right to dictate to the Irish people whether they shall or shall not revolutionize," a sentiment that was enthusiastically applauded.

SEVERAL of Gen. Crook's Mexican guides who reached Oposura, Sonora, reported that the American commander was on the 1st of June located almost in the exact place where the Mexicans under Col. Garcia routed the Apaches April 28. He was 150 miles south of the line and thirty miles northeast of Naqori, a settlement in the southern foothills of the Sierra Madre. Up to that date Gen. Crook had not met with the Indians and his troops were in excellent condition. A strong feeling exists among the Irish population of Canada against the appointment of Lansdowne as Governor General, and they assert that his bearing in Parliament and his treatment of his Kerry tenants has been inimical to Ireland's interests.

A MEETING of the Florida Ship Canal and Transit Company was held at New York, at which Gen. Charles P. Stone, the engineer, reported that it was feasible to cut a ship canal across the peninsula. The survey will be made at once, and it is expected that work will be begun on the enterprise next September. Price, the contractor for the star mail route from Fort Niobrara to Deadwood, signed the papers upon being awarded the contract while he was attending court in the capacity of defendant in the star-route conspiracy trial now pending at Washington. The International Typographical Union, in session at Cincinnati, elected M. L. Crawford, of Chicago, President. The business failures for the week ending June 9, numbered 144, a decrease of twelve from the previous week's record, but eighteen more than in the corresponding period of 1882.

REPORTS up to the 12th of June from the leading corn States, ten in number, show the condition of corn to be generally good. There is a large increase in acreage planted this year, especially in the winter-wheat States, where thousands of acres of ruined wheat have been plowed up and planted to corn. The damage done by the cold weather and rains in May and the latter part of April appears to have amounted in most cases to but little more than the delaying of planting and the retarding of the growth of the grain after planting. The warm weather which set in about June 1, changed the aspect of affairs very much. The warm, bright weather came just in time to do its work. Had it been delayed ten days longer, the result would have been disastrous. As it is, there is promise of a large yield, and with good weather the promise will not fail of fulfillment. In sections where, because of poor quality of seed or bad condition of the soil, corn did not come up, full acreage has, in nearly all cases, been replanted.

FOREIGN.

LIBERTY of speech nowhere exists in Russia. A banquet to the visiting Mayors representing the principal cities in the empire was given during the coronation festivities. The Mayor of Moscow had the temerity to give utterance to the hope that the Czar would institute a constitutional regime. The words were reported to the tyrant, and the progressive Mayor was banished to his estates in Tambow. Should he have the hardihood to leave there, even for a day, the overland tramp to Siberia will be the lightest penalty. Harrington, editor of the *Kerry Sentinel*, recently released from prison for seditious utterances, has again been sentenced to six months' confinement for publishing a placard of an "invincible" meeting. Three of the printers will also be imprisoned. Queen Victoria is reported to have developed dropsical symptoms, and her health is said to be precarious. Her journey to Balmoral from Windsor was undertaken in opposition to the wishes of her physicians. In the Sherbro district of West Africa fifty persons were recently roasted alive for witchcraft.

A NIHILISTIC publication asserts that the revolutionists took advantage of the concentration of Government spies and officials at Moscow for the coronation ceremonies to spread their opinions broadcast at St. Petersburg. It is also claimed that trusted members of the society were for days so near the Czar that they might have killed him had they desired to do so.

SULEIMAN DAUD and Mahmoud Sami, accused of setting fire to Alexandria at the time of the British bombardment, have been found guilty and sentenced to death. Eighteen officers were also found guilty of complicity in the burning, and sentenced to various terms of penal servitude. Carey, the informer, continues to protest against his imprisonment, and refuses to leave Ireland voluntarily, declaring that if sent out of the country he will return.

THE Sublime Porte has notified Gen. Wallace, the United States Minister at Constantinople, that when the commercial treaty between Turkey and the United States expires, in March next, the importation of all American meats, lard and similar products will be prohibited. No Commissioner has yet been appointed by the Washington Government to negotiate for a renewal of the treaty. The Czar has ordered the repeal of the poll-tax, so far as the poorest of the peasants are concerned, to take effect at the beginning of next year. At the same time the same tax will be reduced one-half on the remainder of the people. Three thousand Turkish troops were massacred near Sipekan, Albania, by Hulis. The Turks and Casteats engaged in a battle, 1,300 of the former and 500 of the latter being slain. The Spanish Cortes has repealed the law prohibiting the landing of free negroes on the island of Cuba.

A SENSATIONAL report comes from London that Queen Victoria is about to abdicate; or rather that such is her mental and physical condition that her abdication will become necessary. A diplomat is quoted by a Washington paper as saying that she is subject to fits of melancholia, and also labors under the delusion at times that her dead husband is by her in the flesh. It is stated in addition that the wound received in her recent fall has become a cancerous ulcer, which resists all the efforts of her surgeons to heal. Timothy Kelly was hanged at Kilmainham jail, Dublin, on the 9th inst., being the fifth man executed for complicity in the Phoenix Park murders. A great crowd had gathered outside the prison, and when the black flag was displayed, announcing that the condemned man was swinging between earth and heaven, several young women dropped on their knees and called for the curse of God upon James Carey, the informer. Suleiman Daoud was executed at Alexandria for assisting in the riots and burning the city after the British bombardment. Suleiman Daoud was the leader of a gang of outlaws who pillaged and set fire to Alexandria when Arabi Pasha retired from the city after the bombardment of April 11, 1882. His defense was that he acted under orders or instructions of Arabi, but the latter and his staff officers denied this. Mr. Errington, the unofficial agent of Great Britain at the Vatican, has been refused an audience by the Pope, who is said to have been offended that Mr. Errington made premature use of a copy of the Pope's recent circular to the Irish Bishops.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

NORTHERN ILLINOIS and Southern Wisconsin were again swept by a cyclone on the evening of the 11th inst. The greatest havoc was done at Beloit, Wis. The railroad bridge across Rock river was blown into the water, carrying with it four men on a hand-car, two of whom were killed. The Rock River Paper Mill was unroofed, and one man killed and another injured by the flying timber. The storm-cloud passed through the main portion of the town, doing great damage to business houses and public edifices, and injuring a number of people. The storm also passed south of Harvard, Ill., demolishing several farm-houses and outbuildings and a district school-house. Two persons were badly hurt. About half of the village of Brush Creek, Iowa, was blown away in a tornado, and considerable damage was done at Tripoli, Iowa, and in that vicinity. The town of North Vernon, Jennings county, Ind., was also visited by a cyclone, which wrecked several houses and injured a number of people. Among the buildings destroyed were the colored Methodist church, a school and the colored Baptists' church. Dispatches from Tombstone, Arizona, report the return from Mexico of Gen. Crook's Indian-hunting expedition, with 230 Apache prisoners, seventy-five of whom are bucks and the others squaws and paposes. Loco and Chatto, the two famous war chiefs, are among the captives. The prisoners were on the verge of starvation when they surrendered, having killed and eaten all their stock. Six captive Mexican women were held by them. It is stated that Gen. Crook will shortly return to Mexico and attempt to capture the warriors. At Terre Haute, Ind., Samuel C. Davis, an attorney, attempted to kill Congressman John E. Lamb with a revolver. A legal dispute as opposing counsel is supposed to have caused the trouble. At Payson, Utah, a boat containing nine persons was capsized, and five of them—four young ladies and a youth of 18—were drowned. The Joliet (Ill.) City Council voted to make the saloon licenses \$4,000 yearly, payable in advance, with prohibition of everything approaching a concert saloon.

A FIGHT occurred between non-union molders employed at the Malleable Iron Works at Troy, N. Y., and some of the union men in whose places they had been employed. One union man was shot dead, another was mortally wounded, and a third received a painful wound. Friends of the union men attempted to take those who were supposed to have done the shooting from the police, to lynch them, but were foiled. The Superintendent of Police was badly injured in the fray.

JOHN DU BOISE's large saw-mill at Havre de Grace, Md., together with all his stock and 4,000,000 feet of lumber, burned. The loss is placed at \$225,000. The fire is a calamity to the town.

THE Secretary of the American Iron and Steel Association says the pig-iron trade does not flourish, and that 337 of the 688 furnaces in the country are out of blast.

Turkey and Chicken Wings.

Turkey and chicken wings should never be thrown away. Many preserve them to brush off the stove or range. That is right. But there is nothing better than a clean wing to wash windows. Chamois or buck-skin is very good, but wings are far better for washing. The chamois is better to polish after washing. The wings cost nothing, so their use is good economy, utilizing that which would otherwise be thrown away. Keep some of the wings to dust furniture, others to clean stoves and ranges, if possible, but if not able to secure enough for the various things where they can be made useful, don't fail to keep some to wash and clean windows, because nothing so thoroughly cleans the corners as a wing, and it leaves no lint behind as cloths will do. Nothing is better than a wing to spread on paste when papering walls, and a clean dry one to smoothe out the paper after putting it on. Nothing we have ever tried does that kind of work so thoroughly and neatly.—Mrs. H. W. Beecher, in the *Housekeeper*.

SILK handkerchiefs washed in clear water with pure white castile soap look like new. Do not iron, but snap between the fingers until almost dry, and then press under a weight.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	5.75 @ 6.72
HOGS.....	6.85 @ 7.12 1/2
POULTRY—Superfine.....	3.45 @ 4.20
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.15 @ 1.15 1/2
No. 2 Red.....	1.22 @ 1.23
CORN—No. 2.....	.65 1/2 @ .67 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.51 1/2 @ .52
PORK—Mess.....	19.75 @ 20.00
LARD.....	11 1/2 @ 11 1/4
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Good to Fancy Steers.....	5.87 1/2 @ 6.00
Cows and Heifers.....	4.75 @ 5.25
Medium to Fair.....	5.50 @ 5.65
HOGS.....	6.50 @ 7.20
POULTRY—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	6.00 @ 6.25
Good to Choice Spr'g Ex.....	5.25 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1.11 1/4 @ 1.11 1/2
No. 2 Red Winter.....	1.13 @ 1.13 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.55 1/2 @ .55 3/4
OATS—No. 2.....	.40 1/4 @ .40 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.62 @ .62 1/2
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.79 @ .80
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	19 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh.....	15 1/4 @ 16
PORK—Mess.....	18.87 1/2 @ 19.00
LARD.....	11 1/2 @ 11 1/4
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1.08 1/4 @ 1.09
CORN—No. 2.....	.55 1/2 @ .55 3/4
OATS—No. 2.....	.39 1/2 @ .39 3/4
RYE—No. 2.....	.62 1/4 @ .62 1/2
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.65 1/2 @ .66
PORK—Mess.....	18.90 @ 19.00
LARD.....	11 1/2 @ 11 1/4
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.19 1/4 @ 1.19 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.50 1/2 @ .51
OATS—No. 2.....	.40 1/4 @ .40 1/2
RYE.....	.60 @ .60 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	19.00 @ 20.00 1/2
LARD.....	11 1/2 @ 11
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.15 1/4 @ 1.16
CORN.....	.54 @ .55
OATS.....	.42 @ .42 1/2
RYE.....	.61 @ .61 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	19.75 @ 20.00
LARD.....	11 @ 11 1/4
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.17 @ 1.17 1/2
CORN.....	.59 @ .59 1/4
OATS—No. 2.....	.41 @ .41 1/2
DETROIT.	
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1.25 @ 1.30
CORN—No. 2.....	.55 @ .56
OATS—Mixed.....	.45 @ .46
PORK—Mess.....	20.50 @ 21.00
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1.13 1/4 @ 1.14
CORN—No. 2.....	.52 1/2 @ .52 3/4
OATS—Mixed.....	.39 1/2 @ .40
EAST LIBERTY, PA.	
CATTLE—Best.....	6.15 @ 6.35
Fair.....	5.75 @ 6.00
Common.....	5.50 @ 5.75
HOGS.....	7.00 @ 7.20
SHEEP.....	3.00 @ 3.30

CORN.

The Situation in the Leading Corn States Reviewed.

Condition Generally Good, With a Large Increase in the Acreage Planted.

The June Crop Report of the National Department of Agriculture.

[From the Chicago Inter Ocean.]

The annual corn-crop review of the commission house of Robert Lindblom & Co., of Chicago, has just been completed. The review comprises reports from nearly 1,000 points in the leading corn States and gives a comprehensive review of the corn situation. Inquiries were sent by Lindblom & Co., during the last days in May, to 1,100 points in the ten States, asking information concerning the present condition of corn, acreage planted, damage done by cold and wet, etc., etc. A comprehensive summary of the answers to these questions is given in the subjoined. Briefly stated, the condition of corn is generally very good. There is a large increase in the acreage planted this year, especially in the winter-wheat States, where thousands of acres of ruined wheat have been plowed up and planted to corn. The damage done by the cold weather and rains in May and the latter part of April appears to have amounted in most cases to but little more than the delaying of planting and retarding of the growth of the grain after planting. The warm weather which set in about June 1 changed the aspect of affairs very much. The warm, bright weather came just in time to do its work. Had it been delayed ten days longer the result would have been disastrous. As it is, there is promise of a large yield, and with good weather the promise will not fail of fulfillment. In sections where, because of the poor quality of the seed or the bad condition of the soil, the corn did not come up, the fall acreage has, in nearly all cases, been replanted. The State of Kansas promises the largest increase in yield. Kansas produced in 1882 157,000,000 bushels of corn. This year it is estimated (the estimate being based upon the known increase of acreage and the general outlook) that the production will fall little below 200,000,000 bushels. Missouri will increase her production in proportion, and the per cent. of increase in Illinois will not be much less. Ohio, it is estimated, will produce nearly 100,000,000 bushels. Of the forty-eight counties in Wisconsin heard from, twenty-eight report an increase in acreage of from 2 to 25 per cent., while but two report a less acreage than last year. Nearly every county now sends a favorable report of the outlook. Of thirty counties in Kansas, representing fairly the different sections of the State, twenty-three report an increase in acreage of from 10 to 33 per cent., and three a slight decrease. The reports are uniformly good as to the general outlook. Of thirty-one counties in Illinois, covering well the different portions of the State, thirteen report increased acreages, ranging from 5 to 25 per cent., and five a decrease of from 5 to 25 per cent. Of fifteen Indiana counties, nine report an increase in acreage, while none report a decrease. In Indiana the frost did some damage, but, wherever the grain was out to the ground, replanting has replaced the damage. Of thirty-one counties in Iowa, eighteen have an increase in acreage of from 10 to 25 per cent., and three a slight decrease. Of sixteen Ohio counties, five give an increase of from 5 to 30 per cent., and three a decrease of from 5 to 15 per cent. Wisconsin makes a more unfavorable showing than any of the ten States. Of fifteen counties in Southern Wisconsin, four give an increased acreage and five a decrease in acreage. The unreasonable weather has been the sole trouble in Wisconsin. Planting has been delayed until, in some localities, it is too late to raise more than fodder. A dozen Kentucky counties, with but two exceptions, report an increase in acreage. Of fourteen counties in Minnesota, seven give an increased acreage and four a decrease. With the exception of Wisconsin, each of the States covered report the general outlook good. Only two counties of the entire number report any damage by the worm. While no estimate of the aggregate yield of the ten States is attempted, the increased acreage and the general favorable stand warrant the belief that the growing crop will exceed the crop of 1882 at least 12 per cent.

Monthly Report of the Agricultural Bureau.

The Department of Agriculture statistics say the condition of winter wheat is reported lower than in May throughout the entire area, with few exceptions. The decline amounts to 4 points in Connecticut, 14 in New York, 2 in Ohio, 8 in Indiana, 15 in Illinois and 7 in Missouri. It is slight in Michigan and generally throughout the South. The general average condition is 75, against 83 in May. In June, 1882, it was 99 for winter wheat. The average by States is as follows:

Connecticut.....	92	New York.....	63
New Jersey.....	101	Pennsylvania.....	97
Delaware.....	83	Maryland.....	98
Virginia.....	83	North Carolina.....	95
South Carolina.....	95	Georgia.....	96
Alabama.....	95	Mississippi.....	83
Texas.....	86	Arkansas.....	83
Tennessee.....	85	West Virginia.....	80
Kentucky.....	77	Ohio.....	60
Michigan.....	80	Indiana.....	67
Missouri.....	70	Illinois.....	51
Kansas.....	89	California.....	88
Oregon.....	91		

These figures indicate the condition of growing wheat, without reference to loss of area by plowing up the winter-killed area. The spring wheat area has been increased about 500,000 acres, or nearly 5 per cent. Wisconsin reports a reduction of 1 per cent.; Iowa, 2; Minnesota makes an increase of 5 per cent.; Nebraska, 7; Dakota, 40; Montana, 35.

The spring-wheat States have an acreage of nearly 10,000,000 acres. The condition of spring wheat is everywhere high, averaging 18, the same as last year.

The area of barley is increased 5 per cent. The total acreage is about 2,350,000 acres, and the condition averages 97.

The increase in the area of oats is 4 per cent., the area is nearly 10,200,000 acres, and the condition is high, averaging 94.

POINTS FOR THE CURIOUS.

A SKELETON made in 1828 in York, Pa., was recently sold for \$1,000.

A SKANATELES (N. Y.) youth gave his sister a live pig in a fancy box for a wedding present.

A LOUISIANA woman, recently married, is reported to have become a mother at the age of 79 years. This was a renewing of her youth to some purpose.

An image of the human head has been found 105 feet below the surface, in a coal mine in Dallas county, Iowa. It is regarded as the work of a prehistoric man.

In the town of Cameron, Steuben county, there reside ten farmers whose farms join each other. They had ten babes, and there is only three weeks difference in their ages.

An Athens (Ga.) man recently walked on the shadow of a lamp-post fifty yards, under the impression that it was a sill to a bridge. When he got to the end a friend had to lead him off.

OHIO AND IOWA.

Republican and Democratic Conventions of the Two States.

The Nominations and the Declarations of Principles.

Ohio Republicans.

The State Convention of the Ohio Republicans was held at Columbus on the 6th inst. Senator John Sherman presiding. When the nomination for Governor came up, Congressman Ben Butterworth presented the name of Judge J. B. Foraker, of Cincinnati. Private Dalzell thereupon sprang from his seat, and gesticulating wildly declared that the convention had but one duty to perform, and if it did that success was assured. He then moved that the Hon. John Sherman be nominated by acclamation. This was sufficient to make things decidedly exciting in every way. There were loud and prolonged cheers and some hissing.

Senator Sherman rapped loudly for order, which was soon restored, and then in the most emphatic manner stated that he could not under any circumstances be a candidate, nor could he, if nominated, accept. After this little interruption, the nomination of Judge Foraker was made by acclamation. The remainder of the ticket was as follows: Lieutenant Governor, William G. Rose, of Cleveland; Supreme Judge (long term), W. H. Upson, of Akron (incumbent); Supreme Judge (vacancy and long term), John H. Doyle, of Toledo (incumbent); Clerk of the Supreme Court, Dwight Crowell, of Ashtabula county (incumbent); Attorney General, N. B. Earnhart, of Miami county; Auditor, John F. Oglesby, of Clark county; Treasurer, John C. Brown, of Jefferson; Commissioner of Common Schools, D. F. De Wolfe, of Toledo; Member of Board of Public Works, Leo Weltz, of Wilmington.

The following platform was adopted: The Republicans of Ohio, in State Convention assembled, have adopted the following declaration of principles:

1. That the Republican party, in preserving the life of the nation, in giving freedom and equal rights to all its citizens; in the reconstruction of the Union; in the upholding of the national honor; in the generous provisions made for those who have suffered for their country; in keeping the national faith and advancing the national credit; in the speedy payment of the public debt; in the reduction of national taxation; in the elevation of the civil service, and in the enactment of a series of wise public measures which have given the country unexampled prosperity, have given the best assurance of its purposes for the future.

2. That the Republican party believe, now, as in the past, in the maintenance of a tariff system which will provide a revenue for the Government and at the same time will protect American producers and American labor; that it is opposed to the Democratic doctrine of a "tariff for revenue only," because such a doctrine, if enforced, would of necessity compel American producers to accept the merchandise of foreign countries which are paid their foreign rivals; it looks with alarm upon the purpose, already avowed by the Democratic leaders, that the next Congress will revise the tariff by further reducing the duties on imports, which, if executed, will unsettle the business of the country, and will produce great injury to the mechanics, producers, and artisans of the land.

3. That the wool tariff of 1867 should be restored at the first possible opportunity.

4. That we are in favor of the establishment by Congress of a National Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the purpose of collecting and systematizing all statistics relating to the industrial, social and sanitary condition of the laboring masses of the nation.

5. That we approve of the action of the General Assembly of Ohio in the submission of the constitutional amendments in relation to the liquor traffic, thus giving an opportunity to the people to make such changes in the organic law of the State as may be approved by their judgment.

6. That we approve of the taxation of the liquor traffic for revenue, and for the purpose of providing against the evils resulting from such traffic.

7. That we congratulate the country upon the reduction by the last Congress of internal taxes of more than \$40,000,000 annually, while at the same time the credit of the nation is maintained, and the steady reduction of the national debt is provided for.

8. That the wise and conservative administration of President Arthur meets with the hearty approval of the Republicans of Ohio.

9. That we commend the action of the General Assembly of the State in providing a commission to examine into the system of prison contract labor, and we declare ourselves in favor of the abolition of said contract system.

10. That we reiterate the declarations of previous Republican conventions in favor of civil service reform, and welcome every intelligent effort to make that measure practical, and we especially approve the provisions made by the Republican Congress for giving the patriotic soldiers of the late war, with the proper qualifications, the preference for all places under the Government.

11. That we favor the repeal of the law limiting the time for applications for pensions under the Act of March 3, 1875, and we welcome every effort to make that measure practical, and we especially approve the provisions made by the Republican Congress for giving the patriotic soldiers of the late war, with the proper qualifications, the preference for all places under the Government.

12. That the greatly-improved condition of the public institutions of the State; the successful refunding of the public debt at a rate of interest lower than a loan has been placed by any other State; the provision for and payment of \$1,900,000 of the public debt—the improved financial condition of the State being such that we may reduce the rate of taxation, and at the same time be properly able to make large expenditures for the benefit of the charitable institutions of the State—all this, accomplished in the face of what appeared to be an absolute necessity, under Democratic administration, to increase State taxation, attests the wisdom, care and economy of the administration of Gov. Foster, and is an assurance to the people of the State that their best interests are to be subserved by the continuance of the Republican party in power.

Judge Foraker, the nominee, is a native of Ohio, and is a young man, being only 37. He was admitted to the bar in 1864, and has practiced his profession in Cincinnati. He was elected Judge of the Superior Court in 1870, but was compelled to resign on account of ill-health. He is of English stock, and the name was formerly spelled "Fouracre."

Iowa Democrats.

The Democrats of Iowa held their State convention at Des Moines on the 6th inst. The Hon. Edward Campbell was made Temporary Chairman. In taking the chair Mr. Campbell made a speech of fifteen minutes' length, devoted to a sanguine statement of the Democratic prospects and to a review of the Republican party. During a wait upon the Credentials Committee, Hon. J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, addressed the convention, taking the ground that tariff for anything but to get money to pay the public expenses is unconstitutional, and tariff taxes for anything like protection should and must be abolished.

Mr. Gannon, of Scott, antagonized the speech of Mr. Morton, and made a motion that it be declared the voice of the convention that it does not indorse the free-trade sentiments of Mr. Morton.

Mr. Gannon was called to order from every part of the house, but succeeded in making a speech in favor of protection before he was silenced by the chair.

The Committee on Credentials reported ninety-eight out of ninety-nine counties of the State represented.

The Committee on Organization reported Congressman Posey for Permanent Chairman, L. W. Goppe for Secretary, and T. O. Walker for Recording Secretary.

Mr. Posey, on taking the chair, counseled moderation and begged for wise action, saying the people of Iowa are ready to trust the Democratic party. He declared against all sympathy with sumptuary laws and protection. Corporate encroachments must be restrained by all possible constitutional means.

An informal ballot for Governor resulted as follows: Mallory, of Lucas, 90; Cleggitt, of Cerro Gordo, 88; Merrill, of Clinton, 87; Merritt, of Polk, 87; Kinn, of Tama, 87. A formal ballot was ordered and had, as follows: Kinn, 488; Mallory, 44; Merrill, 203; Judge Kinn's nomination was made unanimously on the motion of Congressman Murphy and Gen. Jones.

Justin C. Clark, of Montgomery, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation.

Judge Hayes was nominated for the Supreme Bench on the first ballot, by a large majority.

Edgar B. Farr, of Paze, was nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction by acclamation.

Judge Kinn, the nominee for Governor, was a Republican until 1872, when he followed the Greeley movement and drifted into the Democratic party. He was a candidate for Governor two years ago. He was called before the convention and made a speech. He spoke first in appeal for all Democrats to go home and fight harder than ever for the success of the ticket. He said he was in hearty accord with every principle of the platform, and always had been. He said: "We shall make this a fighting campaign, and, if we die or live, will sweep the State of Iowa at the next election."

The report of the Committee on Resolutions was made by Judge Thayer, of the Clinton Age, which was unanimously adopted, as follows:

Resolved, The Democratic party in convention assembled reaffirm the great principles which are the foundations of free government, among which are equal rights to all, special privileges to none, the protection of the weak against the encroachments of the strong, equal taxes, free speech, free press, free schools, and, first of all, a free and incorruptible ballot.

Resolved, That we denounce the abuse in the civil service of the Government, State or national, inaugurated and perpetuated by the Republican party, and we favor the extension of civil-service reform in every department of the Government.

Resolved, We arraign the last Republican Congress for the extravagant increase of public expenditure, and demand economy in every branch of the Government.

Resolved, That we favor a tariff for revenue only by a gradual but persistent reduction of protective duties, and we denounce the tariff legislation of the last Congress as the result of corrupt and disgraceful intrigues and shameful attempts to perpetuate existing evils, under the pretense of tariff reform.

Resolved, That we oppose constitutional prohibition, and, in the interests of practical temperance, we favor a well-regulated license law, with penalty of forfeiture of license for violation thereof.

Resolved, That it is the right and duty of the State to regulate railways through legislative enactment, and we demand such action as will fully protect the interests of the people in every respect, and prevent unjust railway charges of any kind, and at the same time as far as possible promote mutual confidence and friendship between the railways and the people.

Resolved, So sacred are the rights of American citizenship, that we demand of the Government that no citizen thereof shall be imprisoned by a foreign government without charge, or denied the rights of trial; and we cordially sympathize with the oppressed of all nations struggling for their constitutional rights and liberties.

Indiana Anti-Monopolists.

Representatives of the Anti-Monopolists of Indiana met at Indianapolis, and were called to order by Mr. Tucker, of Hamilton, with J. G. Smith, of the Monticello National, Secretary. J. L. Tucker, of La Porte, was made Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, and George Furry, of Kosciusko, on Permanent Organization. J. K. Speer, of Marion county, was made Permanent Chairman, and resolutions were adopted condemning both the Republican and Democratic parties as "too good" owing to the baneful influence of concentrated capital and corporate wealth, specifying that perpetual debt is a perpetual curse; recommending that taxes be assessed on a graduated scale and in such a way that the accumulation of excessive private fortunes would be an impossibility, and favoring a return to simpler official life by reducing the President's salary to \$25,000 per annum, and all the other officials in similar proportion.

PACIFIC COAST FABLES.

The Digger Indians, of Placer, Nevada and El Dorado counties, are about to hold their annual convocation of mourning for their dead, in which the squaws plaster their heads with tar, and squaws, bucks and papooses indulge in a "heap big cry" that makes the jack-rabbit to seek his lair, and the grizzly to hump all timber.

Overs in Yuba county, Cal., ex-Treasurer Bevan and ex-Trustee Lipp drew their last year's salary, \$1,000 each. They began to banter each other over their wealth, and agreed to flip heads or tails to see who should have both salaries. A mutual friend was called to see fair play, and Bevan tossed up a dollar. Bevan won the money. This is said to be the largest sum ever risked on the turn of a coin.

Billy Edwards was out hunting a horse last week, and when in a canon near Ross' Hole his dog treed a black bear. He was in a quandary as he had no gun. If he left and went home for his gun his dog would follow and thus leave him to go in peace. So he took his halter rope, tied the dog to the tree and rode hastily home several miles, got his gun and returned. The boys of the neighborhood are feasting on bear-meat.—Montana Independent.

Elko, says the Winnemucca Silver State, has a squaw who has an eye to business. She is the possessor of a papoose, and, realizing the extent of human curiosity, she concluded to make the child a source of revenue. She takes her place at the depot with her child carefully covered, and makes it the subject of a 10-cent show. Emigrants, in order to satisfy their curiosity, give her 10 cents to take a look at the Indian baby. In this manner she makes a good living.

JAMES CLARK, of Virginia City, Nev., found a scorpion in a pile of waste rock. He thought it would be a good idea to take the creature home and have some fun with his cat. At the first pass the scorpion planted its stinger in the end of the cat's nose. Pussy wanted no more scorpion. She went off and lay as though dead for about ten hours. Finally she came up, but was very groggy on her pins. Her hair stood the wrong way, and there was no speculation in her eyes. When again brought face to face with the scorpion she made a big tail, and went up the side of the house to a safe roost in the loft.

A LADY was in Peabody, Mass., recently, with twins, and an odd thing about them is that their birthdays come on different days of the week, in different months and in different years. One was born just before midnight on Dec. 31, 1882, and the other just after the clock struck 12, so that the birthday came Jan. 4, 1883. The mother does not know which is the older.

The Los Angeles (Cal.) Herald says that about a year ago a water spout fell in a canon near the Pegin Rancho, raising El Paso creek so high that all vegetation was washed away and the canon left bare as a desert. The stream was at that time small, sweet and pellucid. For the entire year succeeding, however, it has been nearly double in size, has never been clear, and is even thicker with mud than the Sacramento. Neither has vegetation reappeared to any extent. The people of the locality think the cloud-burst opened a mud mine, and hence the change.

POINTS FOR THE CURIOUS.

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A MONKEY was given a lump of sugar inside of a closed bottle. It worried itself sick trying to get at the sugar. Fits of the most ludicrous melancholy, followed by spasms of delight, as a new idea suggested itself, followed by a fresh series of experiments. Nothing availed until one day a jar of olives fell from the table with a crash. The result was noticed by the monkey, who instantly hurled his bottle to the floor, and was soon in possession of the lump of sugar.—New York Sun.

HOME, SWEET HOME.

Impressive Obsequies at the National Capital.

The Remains of John Howard Payne Laid to Rest in the Soil of His Native Land.

(Washington Telegram.)

After thirty years' burial in the land of his exile, the remains of the author of "Home, Sweet Home," were to-day laid at rest in the soil of his native land. The pageantry of the funeral cortege and the ceremonies of the occasion were a tribute to the genius of John Howard Payne in keeping with the place, which he holds in the homes and hearts of the American people. With solemn strains, funeral dirges, measured tramp-martial columns, and a distinguished following of notable men representing all honorable walks of life, the funeral procession passed through the streets of the National capital to the silent resting-place of the dead. All the pomp and circumstances of human grandeur contributed to this final honor paid by the living to the dead. The Government was represented by its Chief Executive and his council, constitutional advisors; by the occupants of the bench, its judiciary; by the members of both houses of Congress; by numerous representatives of the army and navy, and by members of the diplomatic corps. The array of prominent Government officials, of representatives of foreign powers, the presence of military and throngs of citizens, gave the demonstration a national character that marked it as the tribute of the entire nation.

The procession was formed at the Gallery of Art, where military and civilians began to gather some time before the appointed hour, 4 o'clock. The remains, enclosed in a handsome casket, were placed in a hearse which had been especially built for the occasion. It was a square-finished vehicle, with plate-glass walls, surmounted by six urns, and drawn by four white horses. The procession moved in the following column of march, via Pennsylvania avenue to the cemetery: Regular troops, under command of Maj. Gen. R. B. Ayres.

City military organizations. "High School Cadets," commanded by Capt. A. A. Smith. Battalion of the Second Artillery. Officiating clergy. Pall-bearers. Hearse.

The relatives of John Howard Payne. The orator of the day. The poet of the day. The President of the United States. Members of the Cabinet. Members of the Diplomatic Corps. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Many other distinguished persons followed in carriages. All along the whole course of the route the people gathered to witness the splendid and imposing funeral pageant. The sidewalks were thronged and the windows filled with eager spectators. The relatives of Payne in the procession were the Rev. Mr. Liqueur and wife, of Bedford Station, N. Y., the latter being a niece of Payne; Mr. O. N. Payne, of Brooklyn, who was accompanied by Gabriel Harrison, an intimate friend of Payne, and author of a book of reminiscences. Another intimate friend, Mr. Joseph Desha Pickett, of Frankfort, Ky., was also present. Before the procession reached Oak Hill the holders of tickets had begun to arrive and take their position on the platform which had been built around the monument. The shaft of white marble, surmounted by a bust one-half larger than life size, is supported on a base of solid gray granite six feet square. The height of the monument is fourteen feet, and its general design is Roman, of pure classical type. The inscriptions and designs on the shaft are simple. On the front is the following brief but sufficient inscription:

JOHN HOWARD PAYNE. Author of "Home, Sweet Home." Born June 9, 1792. Died April 10, 1852.

On the tombstone the inscription which was on the tombstone that marked his grave in Tunis. It is as follows:

Sure, when thy gentle spirit fled To remain above the azure dome, With arms outstretched, God's angel said: "Welcome to Heaven's Home, Sweet Home."

The monument was shrouded in folds of white, and unveiled during the exercises. Ample platforms were built around three sides, leaving the south side open. On the north side was a platform occupied by the speakers and distinguished guests. On the left, on the west side, were seated the singers and the Marine band; and on the east side was a large platform where the general public were accommodated. There were seats provided for about 1,900 people. The front of the speaker's platform was covered with evergreens and flowers, while folds of our national flag, and the Tunis colors appeared on either side.

When the procession reached the cemetery the coffin was carried by the pall-bearers inside the grounds and laid upon the bier. At the side of the monument it rested upon a bed of evergreens and flowers. The order of exercises was as follows:

Music by the Marine Band. Reading of the Scriptures. Poem by Robert B. Chilton. Unveiling of the monument. Payne's "Home, Sweet Home" then being sung by the full chorus, with organ accompaniment, the whole assemblage joining in the last verse.

Orations by Leigh Robinson. Interment ceremonies. Music—"Grand Hallelujah Chorus," "Messiah," Handel; Philharmonic Society and Marine Band (the audience rising). Benediction.

Music—Finale—Marine Band, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus." The coffin was placed in the vault directly beneath the monument.

OUR MENAGERIE.

A STORY comes from New England of a mouse which was so charmed by a gentleman's singing that it ran up to his shoulder and sat motionless for a few moments until the singing was finished, then trembled violently, fell to the floor, and died.

A KENTUCKY farmer boy found a crow's nest, which he robbed of the eggs, and placed them under a hen. When hatched, the chicken mother cared for them tenderly until they got big enough to fly. Then they took to the high timber, which so exasperated the old hen that she went crazy.

A MONKEY was given a lump of sugar inside of a closed bottle. It worried itself sick trying to get at the sugar. Fits of the most ludicrous melancholy, followed by spasms of delight, as a new idea suggested itself, followed by a fresh series of experiments. Nothing availed until one day a jar of olives fell from the table with a crash. The result was noticed by the monkey, who instantly hurled his bottle to the floor, and was soon in possession of the lump of sugar.—New York Sun.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Nearing its Close—Homeopathy in the Northern Asylum—Railroad Legislation Making Slow Progress—Another Appropriation—Governor's Salary—Regarding Soldier's Bounties—City of Kalamazoo—Detroit's Charter—Census—Legislative Salaries—Freight Rates—Sundries. (From Our Own Correspondent.)

LANSING, June 2, 1888.

The days and hours of the present legislative session are drawing to a rapid close, and the small amount of work being done proves one of two things. Either the time fixed for final adjournment must be extended or a very large amount of work now on hand must go undone. While there is considerable talk of an attempt to do the former, it is more likely that the latter will be the result.

The Senate had a very short session on the afternoon of May 30 (Decoration day), but the House skipped the whole day, and yesterday both houses skipped the afternoon on account of the fair in session on the grounds of the Central Michigan Agricultural Society, and had a session in the evening to make up lost time, so, all in all, this has also been a very short week for doing business, and the records of the two houses show that the time has been largely taken up by talk which has not been very fruitful.

HOMEOPATHY IN THE ASYLUM.

Quite a large number of petitions have been received all along during the session, asking the Legislature to pass a bill placing the new Asylum for the Insane, located at Traverse City, and to be known as the "Northern Asylum for the Insane," under homeopathic control, when completed and opened to patients. As the other two are under the "old school of medicine," the request seems to be but a just one, and when it is taken into consideration that there are thousands of people all over the State who will not employ a physician of any other school of medicine, the granting of such a request would seem to be but a fair and sensible division of the matter. The bill has been considerably discussed in the House this week, and if it isn't talked to death by the allopath doctors in that body, who naturally oppose what seems to them an innovation upon their rights, it may become a law. At the time the bill was under discussion, on the 31st of May, Representative Robinson, of Alpena, made a masterly plea for it, in which he drew some comparisons between the two systems, and gave, in support of his statements, the following figures:

Cost of medicine in its relation to death and recovery of the insane.	Medicine cost per capita.	Death rate, per centage.	Recovery percentage.	Inmate percentage.
Denver Almshouse, 1880, allopathic administration.	\$2.66	.14	.....	.....
Denver Almshouse (homeopathic), 1881.	.80	.08	.....	.....
Blackwell Island Hospital.	1.63	.08 1/2	.....	.....
Ward's Island (homeopathic).	.53	.06 1-10	.....	.....
Jackson prison (allopathic), three years.	3.86	.08 9-10	.....	.....
Jackson prison (homeopathic), three years.	.91	7-10 .03 3-10	.....	.....
Ionia prison, 1882 (homeopathic).	.58	.00 3-5	.....	.....
Kalamazoo Asylum.	5.22	.....	.03 3-10	.....
Pontiac Asylum.	6.46	.....	.06 7-10	.....
Middleton, N. Y. (homeopathic).	Unkn'n	.....	.18	.....

Drugs—cost considered in relation to economy of time.

	Average No. convicts.	Cost of medicine.	Time lost in days.
Jackson prison (allopathic), 1870 and 1871.	435	\$1,800	24,000
Jackson (homeopathic), 1873 and 1884.	545	900	11,000
Ionia prison (homeopathic), 1882.	540	295	2,908

Before a final vote was reached on the bill it was crowded one side to make way for a special order, but friends of the system will fight for the bill to the last, and many hope with success.

RAILROAD LEGISLATION.

Is having a hard time of it, and every railroad bill of any importance that passes either house is so seriously amended by the other that the amendments are not concurred in on its return, and a Committee of conference is the next inevitable more. Two or three bills are at present "hung up" in this way, and the close of the session is so near that they may never get through alive.

APPROPRIATION FOR FISHERIES.

The only Appropriation bill to get through both houses this week is one appropriating \$30,000 for the Board of Fish Commissioners, to be used as follows: For current expenses of the Commission in its work of propagating white fish and other food fishes, \$10,000 each for the years 1883 and 1884; for the purchase of additional ground, building necessary buildings, and necessary equipments \$10,000. Of this amount \$20,000 is to be collected and used in 1883 and \$10,000 in 1884. As first introduced the bill only asked for \$10,000 for 1883, \$6,000 for 1884 and \$5,000 for land and buildings; and this is perhaps the first case on record where a bill was amended up instead of down in its amounts. The different institutions are usually held enough to ask for all they want at the first, and failing to get that, feel satisfied with less.

GOVERNOR'S SALARY.

Some weeks ago the House passed a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to increase the salary of the Governor to \$3,000 per year, and the other State officers to a rate about in proportion. This was once lost in the Senate, but to-day it was again taken up and amended so as only to increase the salary of the Governor to the \$3,000 and then passed. Whether the House will concur in the amendment or not remains to be seen. If so, Michigan's Governor will receive a living salary, beginning with Jan. 1, 1889—provided always that the people should adopt the resolution and amend the constitution.

MILITARY BOUNTY BILL.

The Senate to-day took up the bill spoken of in this correspondence heretofore, proposing to give each ex-soldier who enlisted in any Michigan regiment or battery after February, 1864, \$100 bounty, by virtue of a law then and before in force, adopted a substitute authorizing the Board of State Auditors to receive all claims filed with them under the law, examine them carefully, and allow and pay all such as are found to be just claims, and passed it. If the House passes the bill it will be good news to several in Michigan who periled their lives that the nation might live.

TAKING THE CENSUS.

The House on the 1st passed the Senate bill to provide for taking the census and statistics of Michigan next year. It is a good bill, and we shall then know what progress we are making.

Unless a reconsideration is had as to the time of final adjournment, I shall only inflict one more communication of this kind upon my long-afflicted readers.

OBSERVER.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, on the 4th, the following bills were passed: Senate bill for the registration of electors; House bill amending section 5290, relative to Justices' Courts; House bill amending section 4309 relative to title to real property by descent. In the House sundry bills were passed. The Senate are preparing the general order without preliminary reference to committees. The following bills were passed: Senate bill to deposit arms at the Agricultural College; House bill to amend section 4378 of the compiled laws, relative to the administration of the estates of intestates; House bill to amend act No. 348 of the session laws of 1879; Senate bill to publish agricultural and horticultural reports; Senate bill appropriating \$1,200 for improvements at the only House of Correction; House bill, to amend section 7,400, compiled laws relative to costs in criminal cases; Senate bill to amend the act incorporating the city of Niles; Senate bill appropriating \$300 for the publication of the proceedings of the Michigan Superintendents of the Poor; Senate joint resolution to settle the claim of W. B. Pierson; Senate bill to detach certain lands from the village of Mendon; House bill to tax logging railroads as real estate; House bill to compel corporations to keep boards on top of barbed wire line-fences; House bill detaching territory from Edwards, Ogemaw county; House bill, the Williams bill for regulating freight rates; House bill amending the charter of Muskegon and Lansing. The Senate also passed a resolution instructing the Attorney-General to commence proceedings against the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad. The Barnard Minority Representation bill was defeated. The President of the Senate ruling that a two-thirds vote was necessary to pass the bill, and it only had seventeen.

In the Senate, on the 5th, the Seymour substitute for the Senate bill relative to discrimination in railroad freights was passed, and provides for a commission to hear and report upon complaints against railroads. The House joint resolution to adjust claims arising from collections for trespass on the Detroit and Milwaukee railroad lands passed, and the House bill to amend the charter of Muskegon and Lansing. The Senate also passed a resolution instructing the Attorney-General to commence proceedings against the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad. The Barnard Minority Representation bill was defeated. The President of the Senate ruling that a two-thirds vote was necessary to pass the bill, and it only had seventeen.

THE Senate, on the 6th, passed, the House substitute for the Senate bill relative to co-operative insurance companies, and the House bill authorizing foreign co-operative companies so doing business in this State, and the House bill authorizing the Trustees of the Northern Indiana Asylum to place that institution under the management of the Homeopathic School of Medicine. The House passed the Senate bill for the incorporation of the Mutual Benefit Association, and the appropriations for State officers and State Government.

BOTH houses of the Legislature adjourned at midnight, June 6. The closing scenes of the session as the hour of midnight approached and business became intermittent—on account of waiting for the action of the other house—were of the usual hilarious character. Paper wads and waste-baskets, journals wrapped for mailing and even files of bills, were hurled about. The air was thick with yellow-covered missiles. Many were hit, but none were seriously injured. Visaged committees sent to communicate between the two Houses were pelted until they fled in terror. These playful manifestations subsided when real business was on hand or appeals were made by the presiding officer, only to be renewed again when the least excuse offered. It seemed as if the members had just discovered what good fellows they were and were exchanging loud-taps in the most ardent fashion.

FOLLOWING IS THE MESSAGE OF GOV. BEGOLLE.

TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: On Wednesday evening of last week, during the closing hours of the session, there was left at this office by the Enrolling Clerk of the House a bill purporting to be House bill No. 35, and entitled, "A bill to secure to the minority of stockholders in corporations the power of electing a representative membership in boards of directors." The bill is not signed by the presiding officer of the Senate, only by the Speaker of the House. I have no official information on the subject, but have been informed and believe that the omission is not accidental; that Lieut. Gov. Crosby refused to sign the bill on constitutional grounds, believing that it could not become a law except by a two-thirds vote of all the members-elect. Article 15, section 8, of the constitution provides that "the Legislature shall pass no law altering or amending any act of incorporation heretofore granted without the assent of two-thirds of the members elected to each house." On referring to the printed journal of June 5 I find the following statement in regard to the final vote in the Senate on this bill: "The bill was then passed, two-thirds of all the Senators-elect not voting therefor, by yeas and nays. The vote shows 17 yeas and 11 nays, and that a majority of one of all the Senators elect voted for the bill. Section 12 of the compiled laws of 1871 provides that the Secretary of State shall cause to be bound the enrolled acts and joint resolutions of the Legislature which shall become laws under the constitution of this State, and shall certify, under his hand and the seal of the State, in the frontispiece of the statute book, the volume contains the whole of the original acts and joint resolutions as enrolled by the clerks, signed by the presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives, and approved by the Governor, or which may have become laws, under the constitution of this State, without his signature or approval. The only provision permitting the omission of any of the signatures mentioned is that the Governor, in those cases which may arise under section 14 of article 4 of the constitution. Section 14 of the compiled laws abolishes the recording of the laws, thus making the originals, as signed and certified by the Secretary of State, the official record. The Secretary of State could not properly certify 'under his hand and the seal of the State' that House bill No. 35 is signed by presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives, as required by the statute. The provisions of the bill affect only the managers and stockholders of corporations, and are of no consequence and afford no relief to the poor man. The struggle of capitalists for the ascendancy in the management of corporations affect the people generally, and especially the farming and laboring classes, no more than would a 'corner' in the diamond market. The charter of corporations, whether ruled absolutely by the majority or ruled, guided, or constructed by a minority, will be the same. The constitutional and statutory questions which arise in regard to the passage and signing of this bill are new and peculiar, and under the circumstances I do not think it would be proper for me to approve it. I am not satisfied that my signature would make it a law, and believe it would be much better for minorities, even if the bill is all they claim for it, to submit to the law as it is (and always has been in this State), and trust to future legislation, against which these constitutional and statutory objections cannot be urged. In the interest, as I believe, of both majorities and minorities, I decline to approve House bill No. 35. JOSIAH W. BEGOLLE.

Earth Rook.

In New Mexico once, I, with three others, was sleeping in a large mining-camp house, covered with sandy clay, on which more had been added from time to time, until a mighty weight rested upon it. The roof timbers of heavy cottonwood, eight to ten inches in diameter, snapped during the night like pipe-stems, and with a crash like thunder the whole came down, except in the small corner where we were lying. Tables, chairs and other things were crushed beneath the weight, and the entrance door was blocked, but fortunately a window was near our beds through which we escaped. In the morning when we examined the wreck we saw that the great beam directly over our beds was cracked three-quarters through.—Cor. Chicago Tribune.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1883.

The following bills to promote temperance were passed at the recent session of the legislature:

"To permit officers having charge of the poor to forbid sales of liquor to indigent persons in the habit of getting intoxicated."

"To recover actual and exemplary damages for injuries sustained in consequence of sales to intoxicated persons, being substantially a re-enactment of the old civil damage law, inadvertently omitted in the liquor law of 1881."

"To require instruction in the public schools on the effects of intoxicating liquors and narcotics on the human brain and tissues."

"To enable councils of villages incorporated under the general act (over 100 in number) to suppress the sales of intoxicating liquors in said villages."

Various bills were introduced in the interest and for the advantage of the liquor sellers, but not one passed either branch of the legislature.

The Calendar of Commencement week at Hope College, June 20-27, 1883, is as follows:

Wednesday, June 20-22.—Examination of undergraduate classes of Collegiate Department and of the Preparatory Department. A committee of Council attending.

Friday, June 22.—Exercises of Melphoe Society.

Sunday, June 24.—Baccalaureate Sermon by Prof. Beck.

Monday, June 25.—Exhibition of Preparatory Department in College chapel at 2:30 p. m.

Tuesday, June 26.—Meeting of the Council. At 8 o'clock p. m., Alumni Exercises.

Wednesday, June 27.—At 9 o'clock a. m. Business meeting of Alumni; at 7:30 o'clock p. m., Commencement in Hope Church.

T. ROMKYN BACK, Sec'y of Faculty.

The Alumni association of Hope College will hold its Annual Public Meeting in the College Chapel on Tuesday evening, June 26th, at 8 o'clock. The exercises will be of a popular character, and will be conducted according to the following program: Oration, Rev. John A. De Spelder, Macon, Mich.; Chronicles, Rev. C. Van Oostenbrugge, Stevens Point, Wis.; Poem, Mr. Abel H. Hulzen-ga, New Brunswick, N. J. The poem is entitled: "Legend of Macatawa Bay." The people of Holland and all friends of the College are cordially invited. Business meeting of the Alumni on Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock. All the graduates, who can possibly attend, are strongly urged to do so.

JOHN H. KLEINHEKSEL, JR., Sec'y.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, (Chapel)—Rev. N. M. Steffens, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. In the afternoon the services will be conducted by the Rev. J. Meulendyk. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Thomas Walker Jones. Subjects, Morning, "The True Life." Evening, "Viewing the Mote in a Brother's Eye"; repeated by request. Congregational singing led by the choir. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The First Messianic Promise." Afternoon, "The Forgiveness of Sins."

First Reformed Church, (Church Edifice) Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "The Nature and Glory of the City of God." Afternoon, "Gods Lordship in the world, and His people's citizenship in His Kingdom." Missionary prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m.

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2 and 7:30 p. m. Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. "Children's Day" exercises morning and evening. Infant baptisms in the morning.

Grace Episcopal Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Rev. J. Rice Taylor, officiating.

Zeeland Items.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Vyne left Thursday for New York from where they will take a steamer for Europe on Wednesday next.

The Zeeland Hotel is being enlarged by a two story addition to the rear. This is done to accommodate the increasing patronage.

The annual review of our Fire Department was held last Thursday afternoon after inspection and drill the company held a "love feast" at the expense of the village fathers. The evening was spent with music and "spreading of the eagle" by oratorically inclined members of the company.

The Fire Company have indefinitely postponed their intended excursion to Macatawa Park as the charges of the railroad and the Park authorities were beyond what the company could afford to give and make it a financial success. They will undoubtedly now do the next best thing and go to Niagara Falls.

Resolutions.

At a meeting of the station men of the Chicago and West Mich. R'y at Holland, held on the evening of June 8th, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved, That we, the station men of the C. & W. M. R'y, do hereby express our heartfelt sympathy with the parents and young wife of our late fellow employee and friend, Andrew W. Kenyon, who was recently killed by a moving train at our station; and

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to his parents, in Elkhart, Ind. and that a copy be given to his wife in this city; also that they be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. BAUMGARTEL,
W. W. HOWLETT,
WM. SWIFT,
GEORGE HUNT,
HENRY CRONKRIGHT,
H. C. HOWLETT,
P. VAN DEN TAK,
J. NEWALT.

Neighboring News.

An "improvement association" has been organized in Grand Haven.

DIPHTHERIA is raging in Hamilton. One death has occurred. A boy 16 years old named Louis Ill.

A FIFTEEN pound tumor was recently removed from Mrs. J. L. Coates, of Saugatuck, by Kalamazoo physicians. Mrs. Coates is improving.

The law suit of Henry Dolman vs. Remelt Koning, in the Allegan county circuit, has been held over for trial until the next term of that court. This suit grew out of the libel suit of Koning vs. Henderson of the Allegan Journal.

The system of rollers which are being put into Peck Bros.'s flouring mill, will be the first and only full set of rollers of the Rickerson patent in operation in the State, and the outcome is looked forward to with interest by mill men hereabouts. —Coopersville Observer.

A serious and fatal accident happened in Grand Haven last week Friday morning. Mrs. W. R. Burd and Mrs. Robert Shears, living near Nunica, drove into town with a three year old colt. They drove past a fire engine that was running and the horse became frightened and started to run. The hat of Mrs. Burd, who was driving, blew over her face. She attempted to replace it and in doing so, lost one rein. The horse ran into the sidewalk and Mrs. Burd was thrown out. The wheel struck her head, and her chin struck a tree, near by, and her neck was broken, killing her instantly. Mrs. Shears was thrown out in the middle of the street and was badly hurt. Mrs. Burd was 52 years old and leaves a husband, four sons, and one daughter to mourn her sad death.

Special Notices.

Real Estate Sale!

The real estate owned by the estate of A. T. Stewart, deceased, is offered for sale. It comprises the store building on River street, two houses and lots and a lot on Market street, in the city of Holland. Also a house and lot in Grand Rapids, Mich. This property must be sold by July 1st. For farther information, apply to J. C. POST, Attorney.

HOLLAND, June 14, 1883. 19-2w

A Card of Thanks.

In leaving I wish to tender my heartfelt and sincere thanks to the citizens of Zeeland and vicinity for the many acts of kindness manifested toward me during my short stay among them. Hoping that success and happiness will ever follow them. I am their true friend,

GEORGE W. YAW,

ZEELAND, Mich., June 11, 1883.

New Advertisements.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

For the next thirty days every person buying a pound of tea from our store will receive a present of a Silver

KNIFE & FORK.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B WYNHOFF

HOLLAND, June 14, 1883. 7-17

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that as my wife, Martina De Kraker nee Verstrate, has left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by her from and after this date.

LOUIS DE KRAKER.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 7, 1883. 19-2w

Notice to Teachers and Others Interested.

Having been chosen Secretary of the Board of School Examiners of Ottawa County, and thereby its executive officer, in place of Rev. James F. Zwemer, resigned, for the better accommodation of teachers and others living quite remote from my residence, and having business with me as such secretary, I purpose to be at Coopersville, at the Marshall House, on the second Saturday, and at Grand Haven, at the Court House, on the fourth Saturday of each month. May be found at my residence near Nunica at other times.

P. O. Address: A. W. TAYLOR, Nunica, Mich. 19-2w.

GEO. T. McCURE,

Dealer in

Sewing Machines,

Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, and the White,

King of all Sewing Machines and the best in the world.

Also agent for

Weber, Fischer, Decker & Son, Pease, Krannach & Bach,

PIANOS

And the

Estey, Chase,

Tailor & Farlow,

ORGANS

Please call, examine goods, and ascertain prices and terms before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. T. McCURE,

Cor. of Eleventh and River streets.

17-17 Holland, Mich.

CENTRAL

DRUG STORE.

Kremers & Bangs,

Specialties

Pure Drugs,

PATENT MEDICINES,

BRUSHES,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET SOAPS,

DRUGGIST'S SUNDRIES,

PAINTS, WHITE LEAD,

LINSEED, LARD, CASTOR,

MACHINE OILS, ETC.,

PARIS GREEN,

warranted strictly pure.

We are sole agents for the famous

"Tansil's Punch" Cigar.

WINES & LIQUORS

for Medicinal use.

Physician's prescriptions and family recipes accurately prepared.

KREMERS & BANGS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 26th, '83. 16-17.

JAS. HUNTLEY,

BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing

done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash,

Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, etc. made and furnished.

Office and shop on River Street,

near the corner of Tenth Street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.

HOLLAND, May 27, 1883. 17-17.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS

Have received a new stock of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, ETC.,

consisting of—

Dress Goods, Table Linen, Summer Shawls, Skirts, and Gossameres.

A large assortment of

HOSIERY,

WHITE GOODS,

GLOVES,

RIBBONS,

WHITE and

COLORS CORSETS,

BUTTONS,

SUMMER UNDERWEAR, PARASOLS, Etc.

Noby Straw Goods and Felt Hats.

A fresh stock of

Groceries

always on hand.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 10, 1883.

PETER STEKETEE & CO.,

dealers in

DRY GOODS.

GROCERIES, and NOTIONS.

As we have just started in business in this city, we have on hand

NEW FRESH GOODS

of the best quality, and we will sell them at current market prices.

BUTTER and EGGS.

We will pay market prices for Butter and Eggs; also will buy Grain, Potatoes, Seeds, etc., etc.

CALL ON US!

In the Store, on River Streets, lately occupied by J. Duursma, and we assure you of good bargains.

PETER STEKETEE & CO. 7-17.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 23, 1883.

Rev. Father Wilds' EXPERIENCE.

The Rev. Z. P. Wilds, well-known city missionary in New York, and brother of the late eminent Judge Wilds, of the Massachusetts Supreme Court, writes as follows:

"78 E. 54th St., New York, May 16, 1882. Messrs. J. C. AYER & Co., Gentlemen: Last winter I was troubled with a most uncomfortable itching humor affecting more especially my limbs, which itched so intolerably at night, and burned so intensely, that I could scarcely bear any clothing over them. I was also a sufferer from a severe catarrh and catarrhal cough; my appetite was poor, and my system a good deal run down. Knowing the value of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by observation of many other cases, and from personal use in former years, I began taking it for the above-named disorders. My appetite improved almost from the first dose. After a short time the fever and itching were allayed, and all signs of irritation of the skin disappeared. My catarrh and cough were also cured by the same means, and my general health greatly improved, until it is now excellent. I feel a hundred per cent stronger, and I attribute these results to the use of the SARSAPARILLA, which I recommend with all confidence as the best blood medicine ever devised. I took it in small doses three times a day, and used, in all, less than two bottles. I place these facts at your service, hoping their publication may do good. Yours respectfully, Z. P. WILDS."

The above instance is but one of the many constantly coming to our notice, which prove the perfect adaptability of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to the cure of all diseases arising from impure or impoverished blood, and a weakened vitality.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

cleanses, enriches, and strengthens the blood, stimulates the action of the stomach and bowels, and thereby enables the system to resist and overcome the attacks of all Scrofulous Diseases, Eruptions of the Skin, Rheumatism, Catarrh, General Debility, and all disorders resulting from poor or corrupted blood and a low state of the system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; price \$1, six bottles for \$5.



AYER'S

CATHARTIC

PILLS.

Best Purgative Medicine cure Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, and all Bilious Disorders.

Sold everywhere. Always reliable.

Now is the chance for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. Flieman

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sell them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way, and will not be undersold by anyone.

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND

Open and Top Buggies,

And a nice assortment of Buggies for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way coming.

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 14, 1883. 20-17.

1883. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1883.

MILLINERY CLOAKS & FANCY GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Ribbons, Dress and Trimming Silk, Satin Velvets, Crape, Embroidery, Neckwear, Laces, Veiling, Ornaments, Gossamer Circulars, Dolmans, Jackets, Corsets, Bustles, Hoopskirts.

A full line of Infant's Wear. Infant's Robes and Cloaks, a specialty.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET.

HOLLAND, MICH.

A FULL STOCK OF

Hardware

at prices that defy competition at

R. Kanters & Sons,

We have the exclusive sale, for Holland and vicinity, of the celebrated

Brinkerhof Flat Fence Wire.

We also have the exclusive sale, for Holland and vicinity, of the celebrated

Pitkin Mixed Paints

of all colors. This paint is warranted to the customer by the Pitkin Paint Company, which warranty we endorse in every particular, where used according to directions. We also have cheaper paints for barns, fences, and outhouses.

Alabastine,

Paint Brushes,

White Wash Brushes,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Garden Tools,

Oil & Vapor Stoves,

Refrigerators, etc.

Always on hand, in endless variety, and we sell them at reasonable prices.

R. KANTERS & SONS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 1st, 1883.

CLOSING OUT

sale of my entire stock of

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SPECTACLES,

—AND—

PLATED WARE

BELOW COST.

Having sold my place of business I desire to close out my stock before the first day of July.

For Good Bargains call on me.

JOTTINGS.

FISHING parties are now in order.

CHILDREN'S Day at the Methodist Church to-morrow.

FOURTH of July is the next holiday. Will our citizens celebrate?

ANOTHER "unfortunate" occupied the "cooler" last Monday night.

MR. L. VAN PUTTEN arrived home from San Francisco, on yesterday morning.

SLUYTER now rings the bell on Detroit time. Set your watches and clocks accordingly.

SCHOLARS in our Public School are anxiously looking forward to the summer vacation.

THE jury in the celebrated Star-Route trial returned a verdict of "not guilty" on Thursday last.

OUR markets will hereafter be corrected every Friday morning instead of Thursday afternoon as heretofore.

MR. and MRS. Gerrit Vyne, of Zeeland, left last Thursday for the Old Country. We wish them a pleasant trip.

A NEW sidewalk is being built on Eighth street in front of the City Mills. A much needed improvement.

It is quite generally conceded that Crawford peaches, both early and late, are badly injured along the "Fruit Belt."

JOHN PRAEDER will open his elegant Ice Cream Parlor on Tuesday next. Don't fail to obtain a dish, at least, of his excellent cream.

THE fast train which leaves this city at 2:30 in the afternoon is becoming quite popular. Passengers arrive in Chicago at 8 o'clock in the evening.

WE understand that Drenthe was considerably stirred up last Monday night, by a fire and easy fight, in which several prominent parties were concerned.

JOHN VAN SCHURE, yard master at this station on the Chi. and West Mich. R'y, who was severely injured last Friday while coupling cars, is rapidly improving.

SEVERAL new manufacturing industries are "on the boom" in our midst. We hope that they will take tangible form shortly so that we may be able to tell our readers about them.

SOME of our young people went to Macatawa Park last Thursday evening and indulged in the "light fantastic" at the Hotel for an hour or two. It is reported that they had a very pleasant time.

SENATOR ROOST received a box of young eels from the State Fishery last Wednesday evening. There were about 9,000 of them and Mr. Roost planted them in Macatawa Bay, at his own expense, on Tuesday morning.

It is rumored that the time card on the Chicago and West Mich. R'y will be changed again to-morrow. The change, if made, will be but a small variation in the present time of arrival and departure of a certain few trains, which are now running under difficulties.

THE steamer Douglas gives excursions from Douglas and Saugatuck to Chicago every Friday night. Fare for round trip \$2. It is the intention of the proprietor of the Douglas to run into this port occasionally and give our people the benefit of the above excursion rates. We hope they will do so.

LAST Saturday the sad news reached this city that little Maria E. Scott, the youngest daughter of Dr. Chas. Scott, who was on a visit with her father and mother to the Rev. J. Van Pelt, of New York, had died on Friday morning at six o'clock, June 8, of malignant scarlet fever. The funeral services were held on Saturday and the remains were buried at Jevergreen Cemetery. Maria was a general favorite with her associates and her death has cast a gloom over them all.

LAST Sunday morning William Morrisey, of this city, a brakeman on the Chicago and West Michigan R'y, met with severe accident while coupling cars at New Richmond. The two middle fingers of his right hand were so badly jammed that amputation was necessary. He was taken to Fennville for medical aid, but was unable to obtain it, and was brought to this city on the next train and his injured hand dressed by Dr. H. Kreind.

THE next excursion given by the Band will be by moonlight, on Friday evening next, the 22. If the lake is smooth and the weather pleasant, the concert will be given at Lake Michigan. The boat to stop at Park both going and returning to accommodate those who wish to remain there. It is about full moon at that time, a pleasant ride may be expected, if the weather is favorable. The band boys having had unfavorable weather twice, on the two sets for their excursions, are determined to try it again.

SIDEWALK repairs are being made all over our city.

A NOTABLE wedding is about to take place in New Groningen.

THE work of grading and opening of Sixth street is progressing finely.

OUR painters and carpenters are all busy improving the appearance of our city.

MR. J. A. LAMBERT, of Grand Haven, has been appointed as car checker at this station.

NEXT Wednesday Eagle Fire Engine Co. No. 1 will visit Macatawa Park "on a picnic."

DON'T forget that our office will shortly be located in the store formerly used by Jan Albers.

OUR Board of Health want to "nose-around" a certain place of business on Eighth street.

LAST Saturday Dr. E. De Spelder had his buggy smashed, opposite the Post-Office, by a collision.

SERVICES will be held in Grace Episcopal Church to-morrow at the usual hours. Rev. J. Rice Taylor officiating.

THE property in this city belonging to the A. T. Stewart estate, is for sale. Inquire of J. C. Post, Esq. See notice in another column.

EDWARD CAVERLY, a brakeman on Conductor Flanders' train, was quite severely injured while coupling cars at Grand Haven last Monday.

MARRIED:—On Thursday, June 14, 1883, by Rev. D. Broek, Mr. James De Jonge, of Grand Rapids, to Miss Elizabeth De Koeper, of this city.

ARTHUR GOODRICH, of Fennville, furnished some of his fine music for the hop, at the Park Hotel, on Thursday evening last, and succeeded in pleasing everybody present.

MRS. A. B. BOSMAN and E. N. LEE, partners, two of Hamilton's prominent business men, and well known in this city, visited Chicago and the Railway exposition last week.

THE Band excursion on last Friday night was well patronized considering the unfavorable weather. The selections played by the Band in the Park were very much appreciated by all who heard them.

THERE was a young people's prayer meeting in the Methodist Church last Tuesday evening which was full of interest. The exercises were conducted mainly by the young converts and were very beautiful.

At the graduating exercises at the Military Academy at Orchard Lake, Dwight Cutler, Jr., of Grand Haven, was presented with a commission from the Governor as a lieutenant in Co. F. Second Regiment, M. S. T.

WE have printed some very neat invitations to wedding receptions the past week. We hope that our people will not forget that we are prepared to do work of this kind, as well as all other kinds of job work, as neat and as promptly as any office in Western Michigan.

TO-MORROW evening a Union Service of the First and Third Reformed Churches will be held in the College Chapel, when a missionary sermon will be preached by Rev. D. Broek. The subject of his discourse will be "The wonderful ways of the Lord in extending His Kingdom."

WE trust that those of our subscribers who are indebted to the News on subscription, will call and square up. We wish to start anew in our "bran new" office and will need every dollar that is due us. Don't be afraid that a cyclone will strike you for doing a poor printer a good turn.

NEXT week Thursday evening we are to have a number one Minstrel Company at Lyceum Hall, which ought to be well patronized as it is a better company than can generally be induced to come here. They have a finely uniformed Band which will make a street parade at noon, selecting this hour on account of more people being on the streets. Their company numbers twenty people and have a fine orchestra.

OUR genial station agent, Wm. Baumgartel, is in luck. Last Thursday the members of the Y. M. C. A. (Young Men's Cannottellastory Association) of this city, made him a present of a \$7,000 (?) Carbuncle Diamond pin. Mr. N. H. Reynolds made the presentation speech. The Hon. William was so overpowered by the magnificent gift that it was all that two members of the association could do, by fanning him with their coat tails, to prevent his entirely breaking down. He however revived sufficiently to express his gratitude for the present. The "carbuncle" is at any rate one-quarter of an inch in diameter and the setting two and one-half inches in length, and it is the handwork of Mr. Reynolds. We hope that Mr. Baumgartel will still remember his old friends.

A MATCH factory has been started in Grand Haven.

A SILVER Wedding will occur in this city next Thursday, June 21.

EXCURSIONS and picnics at Macatawa Park are beginning to be all the rage.

POSTAGE on letters will soon be reduced to two cents instead of three cents per letter.

J. W. BOSMAN, Jr., one of the Medical Students at the University at Ann Arbor, arrived home last Wednesday.

How about the Ninth street improvement? We have not heard from our Council on this matter for some time.

MARRIED:—On Saturday, June 9, by I. Fairbanks, Esq., Mr. Willis E. Pattengill, of this city, to Miss Carrie Harting, of Milwaukee.

GEO. MC NUTT, formerly a conductor, but later Division Superintendent of the Chicago and West Mich. R'y, is at present interested in a patent roller mill at Fremont.

H. P. DECKER and wife, cameo oil artists, of Grand Rapids, were in town a few days this week, and returned home very emphatic in their praises of our thrifty and peaceable city.

DON'T neglect to read the new advertisement, in this issue, of Mr. B. Wynhoff. He offers to make any person a present of a silver knife and fork who buys one pound of tea at his store during the next thirty days.

THE Minstrel Company's Band, which gives a street parade in full uniform next Thursday noon, advertises to render the latest music of the day. Our local band men should therefore be on hand to be benefited by it.

THE addition to the City Bakery is nearly completed and it is safe to say that Mr. Pessink, the proprietor, will have as fine a place of business as anyone in this city. The Ice Cream Parlors in connection with the Bakery are simply "im-mence."

NOTWITHSTANDING the very stormy weather last Sunday evening a fair-sized audience gathered in Hope Reformed Church. The pastor Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, delivered the sermon announced for that service, the theme of which was "Viewing the mote in a brother's eye." By special request this sermon will be repeated next Sabbath evening.

WE have experienced great difficulty in obtaining news from the General Synod of the Reformed Church, in session at Albany, N. Y., but learn from a dispatch received from Elder I. Cappon, "that theology is to be reinstated at Hope College." This is undoubtedly good news to the Churches of this denomination in the West, and we hope that it will prove a great blessing to Hope as well as of great benefit to the Church.

LAST Wednesday noon several telegrams were received by parties in this city, stating that Judge Arnold had filed a decree with the County Clerk in the Chancery suit of the Consistory of the First Reformed Church, et al. vs. Teunis Keppel, et al., and that the "majority," or defendants, had won the suit. We have procured a copy of the decrees which we give below:

State of Michigan:—The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa.—In Chancery. The Consistory of the First Dutch Reformed Church, of Holland, and Harm Broek, Gerrit Wakker, Jan A. Witterdink, John A. Ter-Vree, Ame Venema and Abraham M. Kanters.

Teunis Keppel, Bastiaan Kruidenier, Willem G. F. Beunwkes, Jacob Labots, Jacobus Van den Berge, Jan A. Peyster, Lucas Sprietsema, Schelter Holkeboer, Jan W. Bosman, Hendrik Geerlings, Gerrit J. Te Vaarwerk, Dirk Te Roller and Hendrik Wijkhuizen.

At a session of said Court held at Grand Haven on the 12th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty three.

Present the Hon. Dan J. Arnold, Circuit Judge.

The cause having come on to be heard upon the pleadings and proofs and having here argued by Council for the respective parties, it is ordered, adjudged, and decreed, that the Complainant's bill of complaint be and the same is hereby dismissed with costs to the defendants to be taxed.

DAN J. ARNOLD, Circuit Judge. The decree is undoubtedly a surprise to the most of our citizens, as it was generally expected that the Judge would file a lengthy and elaborate document, setting forth his views on the legal points involved in this case. It is most generally believed, however, that in arriving at his conclusion, Judge Arnold fully coincided with the arguments set forth in the decision of Judge Montgomery, in the "Hulst case," tried in the Kent circuit. How true this may be we are unable to ascertain. In conversing with prominent members of the "minority," or the complainants in this suit, we were given to understand that the case will be carried to the Supreme Court of this State for further decision.

PROSECUTING Attorney McBride was in the city last Tuesday.

MARRIED:—On Tuesday, June 12, 1883, by Rev. D. Broek, Mr. John Van de Riet, of Grand Rapids, to Miss Anna Werkman, of this city.

THE Fremont Indicator comes to our desk this week under the editorial management of W. S. Piatt, the former editor and publisher.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post-Office at Holland, Mich., June 14, 1883. Harry Granner, Richard Kilgore, George Malone.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

THE Minstrel Company which is to play here next Thursday evening is well spoken of at Ionia, Owosso, and other places east of here. It is said that one reason why this company is successful is that they do just as they advertise.

THE committee of the Common Council on Water Works are busily engaged in obtaining information in regard to the proposed system for this city. An engineer from one of the most reputable and one of the wealthiest firms in Chicago, is engaged in collecting information for furnishing an estimate for a system that will be perfectly adequate to meet all our wants. We hope soon to be able to give the estimate to the public.

DURING a fog on the west shore of Lake Michigan last Friday night the schooner Wollin, of this place, went ashore about four miles below Grosse Point. The night was intensely dark and there was quite a heavy sea on. The vessel soon filled and sunk in shoal water. Signals of distress were sent up from the vessel, and the life-saving crew, of Evanston, responded as soon as the distance would permit. With their assistance Capt. Borgman and a crew of three men were all saved. The tug Ewing, of Chicago, was immediately set to work endeavoring to get her off the beach, but it was not until Tuesday that she was released and towed into Chicago. She is badly used up, her decks being entirely under water. The cost of getting her free and repairing her will probably aggregate more than her value, and if it had not been for her cargo of hardwood lumber she would probably have been abandoned. She was taken to the dry-dock immediately for the necessary repairs.

Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches, DIAMONDS, Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of

SPECTACLES

—and a—

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1882. 48-1v

FIRST WARD

DRUG STORE.

SCHEPERS & SCHIPHORST,

—Dealers in—

Drugs, Medicines,

TOILET, and FANCY ARTICLES, and PATENT MEDICINES.

WINES and LIQUORS for medical purposes.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

DR. L. SCHIPHORST,

Will be at the Store and will hold himself in readiness to attend to calls at all hours of the day or night.

MR. A. HUIZINGA, Prescription Clerk continues in our employ.

SCHEPERS & SCHIPHORST. HOLLAND, Mich., March 23, 1882. 50-1v

NEW FIRM!

P. PRINS & CO.,

Have just received a new stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc., which they will sell at the lowest prices.

Highest market prices paid for Butter, Eggs, etc., etc.

Give us a Call!

At the store opposite the "City Mills." P. PRINS & CO. HOLLAND, March 23, 1883. 8-1v

G. J. VAN DUREN. Wm. VANDERVEERE.

City Meat Market,

G. J. VAN DUREN & CO., Prop's

Having lately re-opened the "City Meat Market" in the First Ward, we kindly invite the citizens of this city to give us a "call." We intend to keep our market supplied with the best and choicest meats that can be procured.

We make

LARD

and can assure our patrons that the Lard purchased of us, is perfectly pure and of fine quality. G. J. VAN DUREN & CO. HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 15, 1883. 2-

AYER'S Hair Vigor

restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray hair to a natural, rich brown color, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use light or red hair may be darkened, thin hair thickened, and baldness often, though not always, cured. It checks falling of the hair, and stimulates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It prevents and cures scurf and dandruff, and heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp. As a Ladies' Hair Dressing, the Vigor is unequalled; it contains neither oil nor dye, renders the hair soft, glossy, and silken in appearance, and imparts a delicate, agreeable, and lasting perfume.

Mr. C. P. BRICHER writes from Kirby, O., July 3, 1882: "Last fall my hair commenced falling out, and in a short time I became nearly bald. I used part of a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor, which stopped the falling of the hair, and started a new growth. I have now a full head of hair growing vigorously, and am convinced that but for the use of your preparation I should have been entirely bald."

J. W. BOWEN, proprietor of the *Modist* (Ohio) *Enquirer*, says: "AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from my own experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The Vigor is also a sure cure for dandruff. Not within my knowledge has the preparation ever failed to give entire satisfaction."

Mr. ANGUS FAIRBANK, leader of the celebrated "Fairbairn Family" of Scottish Vocalists, writes from Boston, Mass., Feb. 6, 1880: "Ever since my hair began to give every evidence of the change which coming time portends, I have used AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and so have been able to maintain an appearance of youthfulness—a matter of considerable consequence to ministers, orators, actors, and in fact every one who lives in the eyes of the public."

Mrs. O. A. PRISCOTT, writing from 18 Elm St., Charlestown, Mass., April 14, 1882, says: "Two years ago about two-thirds of my hair came off. It thinned very rapidly, and I was fast growing bald. On using AYER'S HAIR VIGOR the falling stopped and a new growth commenced, and in about a month my head was completely covered with short hair. It has continued to grow, and is now as good as before it fell. I regularly used but one bottle of the Vigor, but now use it occasionally as a dressing."

We have hundreds of similar testimonials to the efficacy of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It needs but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its value.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

WM. TEN HAGEN,

—dealer in—

TOBACCOS, CIGARS,

—AND—

CHOICE LIQUORS

—FINE—

Wines and Liquors a specialty.

Fresh Lager Beer

Always on "Tap."

Don't fail to drop into my place of business, one door east of the City Bakery.

ON EIGHTH STREET.

WM. TEN HAGEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 10, 1883. 14-1v

WHY SHE LOVED HIM

"I'ma!" he called. She turned her head. Tossing its gold. Like a sun-wave rolled Down the back of her neck, and said: "What is it, Mike?" He pulled his mustache, grinning and red. While his under lip hung like a fawn's head. Then he spoke: "Pray, I'ma, why do you like Your Mike?"

She turned upon him her lustrous eyes. From a face an angel himself would prize. Then hid in the folds of her golden hair. And artfully veiled her beauty there. For Irma O'Shaughnessy's manner was rare.

"Is it," cried Michael McGreor McCann. "Because I'm considered a handsome man?" "No," she sobbed. While Mike's heart throbbed.

"Is it," he asked, "because fortune has smiled Upon Mike as her own dear, darling child?" "No," she replied. While Michael sighed.

"Is it because," said this lover true, "I supply you with plenty of gum to chew?" "No," she gasped. As her hand he clasped.

"Then, why," he shrieked, "oh, why do you love Your Mike, and call him your turtle dove?"

Up from the depths of her golden hair Irma raised her face so fair. The light of her soul filled the skies of her eyes. She smiled like a wagon-load of pies. And, drawing Mike near, To chew his ear.

She uttered these words between her sighs:

"Oh, Mikey dear, I love you not Because both beauty and wealth you've got. Nor yet because whenever you come You bring me a dollar's worth of chewing gum. My love for you Has nothing to do With the tawdry raiments of Nyum-i-Nyum; I love you simply for your two-plex elliptic, broken-in-two, Three-cornered base-ball thumb. —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

HIRAM'S FOLKS.

"So Hiram's folks has made money, eh?" said old Mr. Biggs.

Miss Paulina Prickett had invited the Biggs family to tea, with hot waffles, quince preserves, Sally Lunn, angel cake and the best quality of Young Hyson, to celebrate the purchase of a new tea set—white French China with a gold band on the edge—in which she had indulged. Inviting the Biggs family, as Paulina very well knew, was better than advertising the whole thing in the newspaper, for the Biggses were a number of them, and they talked to everybody about everything. The Biggses seldom invited company themselves, because, like John Gilpin's wife, they had a frugal mind, but they always came in full force when they were bidden.

"Yes," said Mrs. Horatio Biggs; "in the book business, I'm told."

"I knowed a book maker once," observed Miss Prickett, liberally ladling out the golden sirup of the quinces, "as only got 90 cents a day and found himself."

"That was a bookbinder, Aunt Prickett," said Esther, her niece, who was serving up the waffles nice and hot, with a countenance considerably inflamed from the vicinity of the kitchen stove. "Well, where's the difference?" sharply retorted Miss Prickett.

"And everybody knows as printers don't get no wages to signify," joined in Mrs. Luke Biggs, who wore a green-dyed silk with plated bracelets, and a cameo brooch as large as an individual butter plate. "I saw one once standing on the steps of a newspaper office, and he were a dreadful shabby hat, with no coat, and a shirt as was all blacks and grease spots, only fit for the washtub."

"Printers have to dress according to their work, I suppose," said Luke, surlily.

The Biggs family had not been like Dr. Watts' proverbial birds, which "in their little nests agreed." Horatio Biggs had overreached his two younger brothers in business, and set up a "general store" in Biggsville, out of the result of sharp practice, with a tall, angular wife who despised Mrs. Luke because she had once worked in a factory, and scorned Mrs. Hiram because she was a teacher when her husband first met her. Luke Biggs was a selfish, grinding, miserly fellow who drudged away on the old farm because he was too parsimonious to spend the money necessary to enter any other business, and Mrs. Luke's chief end and aim in life was to screw enough cash out of her husband to outdress the other matrons and maids of the neighborhood. Miss Josepha Biggs, the unmarried daughter, made dresses for "the genteel families only," and old Mr. and Mrs. Biggs lived in a wing of the old homestead, and when they were not quarreling between themselves made common cause against Mrs. Horatio.

Under the circumstances it was not to be marvelled at that Hiram Biggs, who had contrived to get an education from his slender share of the family money (a few thousand dollars left by a distant relative, and gobbled up at once by the Biggses), and the young wife that he had married, had found the atmosphere too full of disagreeable electricity, and removed to New York.

"Take my word for it," said Mrs. Horatio Biggs, "you are making a great mistake."

"Don't you expect us to support you when you come back here without a cent," said Mrs. Luke, ruefully sighing.

"Hiram's marriage has been his ruin," whispered Miss Josepha. "I offered to pay his wife 50 cents a day to help trim dresses in busy times, but she declined it."

"Elizabeth always was too proud to put up with us plain people," said Mrs. Biggs, Sr., with the quiet malice that occasionally develops itself in a mother-in-law.

These family details may in some measure account for the animus displayed over the waffles and angel-cake at Miss Prickett's tea-party that afternoon.

"Well," sniffs Miss Josepha, "according to my idea of things bookmaking

ain't no business at all. If it was carpentering, now, or the hardware line, or if Elizabeth had energy enough to go into the millinery trade instead of paying \$4 in good, hard money for a spring hat, as she did when she was staying here in April! But I've no faith in their calculations, and never had."

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Biggs, however, had ambitions which the family never dreamed of. Hiram's tastes had always been of a refined and literary nature, and several simple stories of rural life, which he had ventured to send, with fear and trembling, to a popular monthly magazine, had been accepted and liberally paid for. And Elizabeth, though she could not trim hats, and abhorred the dressmaking business, had a delicate fancy with her pencil in illustrating the ideal dreams of others, and she, too, tried her luck and succeeded in the artistic world, much to her own amazement. And as time went on their good fortune became more pronounced. Mr. Biggs wrote a satirical novel under the nom de plume of "Paul de Savez," which had a wide and brilliant circulation; Mrs. Biggs illustrated a popular poem which was brought out in an edition de luxe at Christmas. And the young couple became the fashion.

The Biggses, of Biggsville, not being literary, were a long time in finding out that their kinspeople were succeeding in the world. At first they declined to credit the thing at all, having a settled idea that the "bookmaking business," as they persisted in calling it, was but a grade above the avocation of the rag-picker. But when at last they realized matters they decided that Hiram and Elizabeth ought to be encouraged.

"I've never been to New York," said old Mr. Biggs. "Folks tell me its quite a stirring place. I guess I'll go and stay a spell with Hiram's folks. And it'll be a good opportunity for mother to buy herself that new alpacky gown she's been cacklin' bout 'this ever so long."

"I don't see why I shouldn't see the world as well as other folks," remarked Mrs. Biggs, Sr.

"I shouldn't wonder if I went along, too, to get a look at the fall fashions," said Miss Josepha.

"Well, while we're about it," suggested Mrs. Horatio, "why don't we make up a party and get excursion tickets cheap? I've always wanted to see what the city was like myself, only I don't care about paying hotel prices."

Mrs. Luke entered with ardor into the scheme, and the old man sat down, with a single sheet of fibrous paper, a muddy inkstand and a stumpy steel pen tied on a stick with thread, to concoct a letter, in which he formally notified "Hiram's folks" of the pleasure which they might prepare themselves to expect.

The document was brought just as Hiram Biggs was getting into the spirit of his morning's work in his study, with Elizabeth dreaming at an adjoining table, and the breath of a vase of Niphetos roses perfuming all the room.

"My dear," said he, looking agast at his wife, "what are we to do? All the family are coming to visit us. With the proof-sheets of my last novel coming in, and your etchings of 'Wild Rose' only half completed."

"We must do the best we can, Hiram," said Elizabeth, perplexedly knitting her pretty brows together.

"My darling child, there's no 'best' about it," groaned Hiram, tearing his hair, which, being brown and curly, looked none the less picturesque for the operation. "You don't know the peculiarities of the Biggs family as I do. You will be dragged up and down Grand street, Eighth avenue and the Bowery from morning until night—you will have to visit every show, theater and picture gallery in New York, and pay all the bills. Your housekeeping will be picked to pieces, your dress criticised, and ten to one my mother will offer to come here and take charge of the baby, while Josepha will volunteer to improve your most cherished drawings."

Mrs. Hiram Biggs glanced with terror at the plump baby who, in charge of its white-capped nurse, was being carried up and down the pavement in front of the house. Then she looked piteously around the pretty Brussels-carpeted library, with its deep, crimson-curtained bay windows, its tall Dracena plants, its majolica vases, its oil paintings and Japanese scrolls, its cage of green parakeets and shelves of china and bric-a-brac, and pictured to herself the whole Biggs family spreading themselves over its sacred precincts; she was only human, too, this young wife; she could scarcely help remembering how Mrs. Horatio had snubbed her when she first came, a timid and shrinking bride; to the Biggs farmhouse; how Mrs. Luke had once refused to lend her 25 cents, in Hiram's absence, to pay the charges on a telegram, alleging as a reason "that it wasn't never good policy to have business matters between relatives," nor how old Mrs. Biggs had cried and said "that Hiram had shown dreadful poor judgment in selecting his wife," while Miss Josepha had taken especial pains to contradict every statement she made, and Luke and Horatio had ignored her altogether.

Hiram laughed. "My little darling," said he; "I can interpret that look. You shall not be tormented out of your existence to become a convenience to a swarm of relations-in-law, who don't any of them care a copper cent for you. If they had ever treated us decently, it it would be a different matter. As it is—"

"But, Hiram, you can't send word to your father and mother and brothers and sisters not to come," pleaded Elizabeth.

"No," said Hiram Biggs, thoughtfully,

"I shall do nothing of the sort. But I shall send no word at all."

"They'll come, all the same," said Elizabeth.

"But," said Hiram, with sparkling eyes, "they don't know where we live."

"They'll look out your name in the directory," sighed Elizabeth.

"It isn't there," said Hiram, chuckling.

"Not there?" repeated his wife.

"Don't you remember that we didn't move in here until June? How could our names be in the directory?" argued Hiram.

Mrs. Biggs clasped her hands dramatically. "There's a family of Biggses in the next avenue," said she—"H. Biggs, Books, Stationery and News Agent." They'll go there."

"Well, let them," said Hiram. "Just as they please, so long as they don't come here." And he threw the letter of Biggs pere into the scrap-basket, secretly feeling himself to be avenged on the family for all the slights and jeers and neglect that they had cast not only on him, but on his gentle little Elizabeth.

"But, Hiram," said Mrs. Biggs, "it seems so dreadful."

"Not half so dreadful as a visitation of the whole Biggs family would be," said Hiram, with a groan.

But Hiram knew little of the perseverance and energy of the Biggses if he believed that so trifling an impediment as a lack of invitation or a delay in sending addresses would keep out the invasion. It was Canute and the ocean over again; and in three days the whole family arrived, all packed into one hack to save expense, with a perfect Leaning Tower of Pisa of baggage on the roof, the driver perched in front nobody knew how, and Mrs. Luke's two little boys astride of the very apex of the tower.

At the first wholesale grocery store on Barclay street a directory was handed in and duly studied, and the driver "hanging half-way down, like one who gathers samphire, dreadful trade," was bidden to drive to No. 26,012 Thirteenth avenue.

"H. Biggs," said Mrs. Horatio.

"Bookmaker and news agent," added old Mrs. Biggs, in a high falsetto.

And the man chirruped to his horses and drove on.

"Humph!" sniffed Miss Josepha, who had had the good luck to secure a window, "if this is Hiram's elegant city mansion, it don't come up to my ideas of style. Brown brick, with dormer windows, and only two stories high; and the whole front a store, with the shutters up, just exactly as if there had been a death in the family."

"Dear me!" said old Mrs. Biggs, "how you do startle one! But there ain't no crape on the door."

"Mother takes everything so dead in earnest," said Mr. Luke Biggs, scornfully.

"Lemme see," said Mrs. Horatio, crowding across the old lady, and giving her best hat a "poke" not intended by the milliner. "Well, I declare! I guess the bookmaker's business ain't so dreadful full of money, after all."

"And a liquor store next door and a pawnbroker across the street," jeeringly observed Miss Josepha.

"Praps that's the way folks lives in New York," said old Mr. Biggs, who was squeezed nearly flat between his wife and Mrs. Luke on the back seat.

"Tain't what I expected to see," said Mrs. Horatio, in accents of scarcely repressed scorn.

"I don't know how they can accommodate us all," sighed old Mrs. Biggs, vainly endeavoring to straighten her bonnet.

"That's their lookout," said Mrs. Luke, leaning comfortably back, with the heel of her boot balanced on her father-in-law's most sensitive corn.

The driver having by this time tumbled off his perilous seat, and rung the door-bell twice, without evoking any signs of life from within, looked appealingly toward his fares.

"What am I to do?" said he.

"Ring again," said Mrs. Horatio.

And the hackman rang again, this time with so much energy as to pull the whole bell-wire out and precipitate himself backward on the pavement, like Hamlet at the first sight of his father's ghost, at which the little boys laughed engagingly, and a hat box tumbled down from the Leaning Tower into the gutter, where it split open like an over-ripe nut, revealing Mr. Horatio Biggs' best black felt hat.

"Boys, boys, do set steady up there!" screamed Mrs. Biggs. "Look! There's some one coming at last. Is it Hiram? Or is it Elizabeth?"

It was neither one nor the other, as it happened, but a stout old woman in a flannel dressing-gown, carpet slippers and a red nose.

"Mr. Biggs' folks to home?" shrilly inquired Mrs. Horatio, who had constituted herself spokeswoman for the party, without any formal appointment.

"Oh, yes," answered the old woman, in a snuffy, confidential sort of tone, "they're to hum. But praps the children hadn't better come in."

By this time the hackman had opened the door of the vehicle, and the tide of Biggses had begun to flow out on the pavement. But Mrs. Luke stopped abruptly on the carriage step, with her father-in-law's bronzed visage peeping over her shoulder.

"Not come in," said she. "Why, we're their relations—come to visit 'em."

"Not but what they're a deal better, and the doctor says there ain't no more danger of contagion," reassuringly added the old woman.

"Contagion," echoed the Biggs family.

"Hain't you heard?" said the old woman, with the solid satisfaction old women generally evince in commun-

cating any startling piece of information. "Well, it ain't no secret in the neighborhood, especially as 'people ain't best pleased with the Board of Health concludin' to insulate 'em here instead of sendin' 'em to hospital. They've every one of 'em had the small-pox. And that's the reason the store is shut up. I'm here to nurse 'em. I ain't afraid of the small-pox, bein' as I've had it already."

(Which was a self-evident fact to any one who looked upon her broad, smiling countenance.)

"Bless me!" said Mrs. Luke, promptly retreating into the hack. "Very thoughtless of Hiram's folks not to let us know. Mother! Josepha! Harriet! Ann! come in at once. Pick up the hat-box. Tell the man to drive back to the ferry as fast as he can. Praps we'll be able to catch the 4 o'clock train back to Biggsville."

"I didn't know," suggested the old woman, rather disappointed at this sudden withdrawal of the invading forces, "but you might have come to help nurse 'em."

"Nothing of the sort," Mrs. Horatio answered, as, slamming herself into the already overfull hack, she slammed the door with an emphatic bang, and shouted to the driver to "go on."

"The small-pox," groaned Mrs. Biggs senior. "And not one of the children has been vaccinated!"

"We'd better stop at the nearest drug store and have it done at once," said Mrs. Luke, breathlessly.

"It'll be dreadful expensive," said Mrs. Horatio.

"But it'll be cheaper than having the small-pox," argued Mrs. Biggs.

So, after this important sanitary ceremonial, during which the Biggs boys bawled as if they were being flayed alive, the family returned, without loss of time to Biggsville.

And Hiram's folks did not have the pleasure, then or ever, of entertaining their relations. In fact, they never dreamed how near they had been to that happiness. The Biggsville Biggses declared over and over again that they should never forgive their city relations, but as Hiram's folks did not know, they were saved from any overwhelming pangs of conscience. They wrote a letter to the Board of Health, reproaching them bitterly with the bad management of the varioloid case in Thirteenth avenue, but they never got any answer from that august body. In short, the Biggs family were very angry, but they would probably have been angrier still if they had known with what fortitude Hiram's folks endured the privation of their society. —Harper's Bazar.

The Young Man Who Showed Off.

A young man about 20 years of age, accompanied by a girl two or three years younger, reached the city by a Bay City train, and after looking around for a few hours returned to the depot and bought some sandwiches for lunch. The fellow was heard bragging a good deal as to what he had done and could do and cities he had visited, and by-and-by he walked up to the depot policeman and handed him four 5-cent cigars and said:

"That's my girl in there."

"Yes."

"She just thinks her eyes of me."

"So?"

"I've never had a chance to show her how I'd die for her if necessary, and it seems to me we might put up a little job right here."

"How?"

"Well, suppose me and her walk out to see the river. I leave her for a moment. Some chap comes along and begins to chin her. I rush back and knock him into the middle of next week. She'd want to marry me within a week. Girls of her age just dote on heroes, you know."

"Yes they do."

"Well you help me. You pick out some chap around here and tell him what I'm up to, and I won't mind standing treat for all hands. When I run in on him he'd better run."

Five minutes later the girl stood on the wharf alone. A fellow big enough to pitch a barrel of flour over a freight car approached in a careless way and observed:

"Fine day, miss?"

"Yes, sir."

"Nice view of the Canada shore?"

"Yes, indeed."

"May I offer you some peppermint loz—"

Just then the young man came rushing down. When he came within ten feet of the pair he cried out:

"Villain! take your leave or I'll toss you into the river!"

"Oh, I guess not," carelessly replied the other.

"Base scoundrel! I am here to rescue this young girl from your clutches!"

"Don't bust any buttons off, my young cub!"

The young man made a dash. He had to or wilt. He rushed at the big chap with his arm npraised and heroism in his eye, and the next minute he was picked up and tossed over among a lot of green hides as carefully as if he had been glass. Then the big man raised his cap to the girl, smiled sweetly as he bowed and scraped his foot, and he was out of sight before the young man recovered sufficiently to call out:

"Minnie, did I kill him?"

"No, Henry."

"Thank heaven that I am not guilty of murder! Let him beware, however. Another time I may not be able to restrain myself!" —Detroit Free Press.

PITH AND POINT.

The engine-car ought to be on the donkey engine.

SLANG never heard from the lips of a bride—"Don't give me away."

The Harvard Lampoon says a Cambridge ton of coal is the champion light weight.

The greatest talker in existence could not talk long enough to tire a wagon wheel.

The diamond is the stone for an engagement; but give us the old cobblestone in a free fight.

"Misery loves company." That's the reason a hen-pecked husband advises his friends to marry.

ONE who knows says that in the the country they blow a horn before dinner, but in town they take one.

A young ladies' seminary blew up the other day down East. It is supposed that a spark got into the powder-room.

"Dwo vos schoost enough, budt dree was too blendy," remarked Hans, when his girl asked him to take her mother along with him to the dance.

In answer to the question, "Can a man marry on \$10 a week?" some one asserts: "He cannot if the girl is aware of the amount of his income."

COUNTRY yokel (to his son, at a concert, during the performance of a duet)—"Dye see, Tom, now it's getting late, they're singing two at a time, so as to get done sooner."

ETCHERED: Jack (admiringly)—"You are a trump, Miss Marian." Miss M.—"Why do you call me such a name as that?" Jack (triumphantly)—"Because of your taking tricks."

"In chosing a wife," says an exchange, "be governed by her chin." The worst of it is that after choosing a wife one is apt to keep on being governed in the same way.

SOMEBODY has discovered that the correct pronunciation of the word Khedive is "Kedowa." They might as well tell us that the proper way to pronounce bee-hive is belowwa.

"You have been very faithful," said a merchant to his clerk, "and as a reward a pleasant little vacation is in store for you." There came a rush of business, and the clerk's vacation turned out to be a vacation in store. —Burlington Free Press.

THE fat woman of a down-town museum recently married the "living skeleton" belonging to the same show. The youth of the Yonkers Statesman sentimentally remarks that she probably went on the theory that "nearer the bone the sweeter the meat."

SOME railroad employs a female switch-tender. Those officials are on the right track—women are ahead of anything as switch-tenders, as when they are on duty the switch is never off, and then they are always posted on the proper time for trains, you know.

GENT to waiter—"Bring me some grammatical and typographical errors." Waiter (looking puzzled at first, but recovering in a moment his usual serenity): "We are just out of them, sir." "Then what do you mean by keeping them on your bill of fare?"

I'm snowy and blowy;
I'm frezy, breezy, sneezy and wheezy;
I'm mad, glad and sad;
I'm hazzardous and blizzardous;
I'm airy, hairy, flary and scary;
I'm clinging, ringing and stinging;
I'm howling, scowling, nd growling;
I'm changy, rangy and mangy;
I'm horrid, florid and anti-torrid;
I'm bilious, tedious and tough;
I'm terrible, tricky and rare;
I'm fearless, cheerful and rough;
I'm bad and my name is March.

—Danville Advertiser

CLARENCE FITZ-HERBERT sends us a beautiful poem beginning "I will wait for my love at Heaven's gate." We think you are about right, Clarence. People who write that kind of poetry seldom get any farther than the gate. You'll probably continue to wait there long after the rest of us have passed on inside unless you reform and quit writing poetry and learn to spell Heaven with one v. —Burlington Hawkeye.

SHE said: "For her part, she had no opinion of these new-fangled nice folks that are so dreadful particular about 'diet,' and can't eat nothing but vegetables and such flummery. She called 'em fools, as the Psalmist did." And when some one inquired for the passage, she cited Psalms cvii, 17, 18, to wit: "Fools, because of their transgression and because of their iniquities, are afflicted; their soul abhorreth all manner of meat." —Congregationalist.

"ARRESTED for carrying a pistol, was he?" asked a magistrate of an officer, referring to a gentleman who had just been arraigned. "Let's see the pistol." The weapon was produced, and handed to the Judge, who examined it, and asked—"Where did you get it?" "Bought it at a hardware store." "What did it cost?" "Fifteen dollars." "Fine implement. How'll you swop?" And the Judge drew out a pistol, and handed it to the prisoner. "Take \$10 to boot. All right. I'll fine you \$10. The makes us even."

Not Quite Ten Years' Old.

In front of me sat a lady and boy. The conductor came along, punched her ticket and asked: "How old is the boy?" "Ten years-old-to-day," said she. "We collect half-fare from children 10 years old or more," said I. The lady hesitated, colored somewhat, and said: "He will not be 10 until about 11 o'clock to-night." The conductor colored also and passed, and the passengers smiled. —Boston Herald.

THERE is a pretty female barbert Haley, Indian Territory, who is eating on an average \$30 a day. He charges 50 cents for a shave, and "ne" is always on hand during business hours.

The fish-ladders erected on the Potomac river, below Williamsburg, have proved a decided success, answering every purpose for which they were intended. Fish accomplish the ascent of twenty-two feet in some seconds less time than it takes a cork to descend.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

The Defect of Laws and the Growing Abuse of Custom.

Lawful marriage is the basis of the family relation, and the family relation is the fundamental principle of association upon which the superstructure of society and the state is built. And yet there is no contract of the value of \$20, subject to the verdict of a jury or the decision of a court, that is so easily avoided and so shamefully dissolved as the contract of marriage. The facts show that the law and the courts enforce the obligations of a delinquent debtor with more severity than the obligations of this contract upon which the happiness of the family, the morality of society and the perpetuity of the state depend. The marriage contract is of a higher inspiration and has a broader obligation than a mere contract for the payment of money, or for the transfer of property, or for co-operation in business. It is one in which society is more deeply interested, one by which society is more seriously affected, and society has the right to demand that the mutual obligations shall be faithfully kept and lawfully enforced.

This lack of uniformity in the laws, both in their formulation and execution, is the result of the diversity of sources from which they emanate. Each State is its own authority, and determines for itself the conditions upon which the marriage relation of its people may be entered into or dissolved; and, perhaps, the social and moral sentiment of the people of a State cannot be more equitably determined than by observing the character and use of its laws governing marriage and divorce, for the various degrees of restriction and laxity in marriage and divorce have marked the progress and decline of all peoples and nations ever since the days when Adam and Eve went out of paradise and Moses wrote the law on Mount Sinai. Several States still retain upon their statute books the common-law prohibition of marriage between persons related by consanguinity, or affinity, nearer than the third degree; while other States have progressed to that degree of liberality on the road to individual freedom and universal happiness which permits a person to marry, if not his grandmother, at least the daughter of his wife by a former husband. So we find that while two persons within certain degrees of relationship may lawfully marry in one State, they are prohibited from marrying by the laws of another State; and that while a marriage between certain persons is voidable only in one State, it is absolutely void under a similar law in another State—*Popular Science Monthly*.

Where Americans Are Helpless.

The evils that begin to appear spring from the fact that the application of intelligence to social affairs has not kept pace with the application of intelligence to individual needs and material ends. Knowledge has vastly increased; industry and commerce have been revolutionized; but whether free trade or protection is best for a nation is yet an open question. We have brought machinery to a pitch of perfection that, fifty years ago, could not have been imagined; but in the presence of political corruption we seem as helpless as idiots. The East river bridge is a crowning triumph of mechanical skill; but to get it built a leading citizen of Brooklyn had to carry to New York \$60,000 in a carpet bag to bribe New York Aldermen. The human soul that thought out the great bridge is prisoned in a crazed and broken body, and can only watch it grow by peering through a telescope out of the window of the chamber where he lies bedfast. Nevertheless the weight of the immense mass is estimated and adjusted for every inch. But the skill of the engineer could not prevent condemned wire being smuggled in the cable.—*Henry George*.

Dean Gaisford's Reasoning.

"I have my doubts about the Thirty-nine Articles, sir," said a too-conscientious Christ Church man to him on the eve of taking his degree. The Dean looked at the troubled one in a hard, sardonic way. "How much do you weigh, sir?" "About ten stone, I should think, sir," was the astonished answer. "And how tall are you to half an inch?" "I really don't know to half an inch." "And how old are you to an hour?" The dubious one was speechless. "Well, you are in doubt about everything that relates to yourself," cried the Dean, triumphantly, and yet you walk about saying: 'I am 20 years old, I weigh ten stone, and am five feet eight inches high.' Go, sign the articles; it will be a long time before you find anything that suggests no doubts."

Dean Gaisford used to throw all the letters that came to him by post into a basket and open the lot once a month, just as Prince Talleyrand is said to have done. In this way he said he had to write fewer answers, as most of the business to which the letters referred would settle itself without his interference.—*Temple Bar*.

A Highly Intelligent Lunatic.

"I had one insane man under nearly incessant observation," wrote the late Dr. Leserques, the famous French doctor. "He was a cultivated patient, seemingly quite sane and highly intelligent. I visited him three times a day. He implored me to have him set at liberty. One minute with the most persuasive eloquence, and the next with irrefutable logic—so irrefutable that at the end of eight months I gave the certificate of freedom. Two days after with one stroke of the knife he killed his wife."

A MALARIAL VICTIM.

The Trying Experience of a Prominent Minister in the Tropics and at the North.

To THE EDITOR: The following circumstances, drawn from my personal experience, are so important and really remarkable that I have felt called upon to make them public. Their truth can be amply verified.

In 1875 I moved from Canton, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., to Florida, which State I intended to make my future residence. I purchased a home on the banks of the St. Johns river and settled down as I thought, for life. The summer following, the first winter I was conscious of most peculiar sensations, which seemed to be the accompaniment of a change of climate. I felt a sinking at the pit of the stomach, accompanied by occasional dizziness and nausea. My head ached. My limbs pained me and I had an oppressive sense of weariness. I had a thirst for acids, and my appetite was weak and uncertain. My digestion was impaired and my food did not assimilate. At first I imagined it was the effort of nature to become acclimated, and so I thought little of it. But my troubles increased until I became restless and feverish and the physicians informed me I was suffering from malarial fever. This continued in spite of all the best physicians could do and I kept growing steadily worse. In the year 1880 my physicians informed me a change of climate was absolutely necessary—that I could not survive another summer in the South. I determined to return North, but not to the extreme portion, and so I took up my residence at Upper Sandusky in Central Ohio. The change did not work the desired cure and I again consulted physicians. I found they were unable to effect a permanent cure, and when the extreme warm weather of summer came on I grew so much worse that I gave up all hope. At that time I was suffering terribly. How badly, only those can appreciate who have contracted malarial disease in tropical regions. It seemed as if death would be a relief greater than any other blessing. But notwithstanding all this, I am happy to state that I am to-day a perfectly well and healthy man. How I came to recover so remarkably can be understood from the following card voluntarily published by me in the Sandusky (Ohio) *Republican*, entitled:

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.
EDITHA REPUBLICAN: During my recent visit to Upper Sandusky, so many inquiries were made relative to what medicine or course of treatment had brought such a marked change in my system, I feel it to be due to the proprietors and to the public to state that Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure accomplished for me what other medicines and physicians had failed to do. The malarial poison which had worked its way so thoroughly through my system during five years' residence in Florida had brought me to the verge of the grave, and physicians had pronounced my case incurable; but that is not to be wondered at, as it was undoubtedly one of the worst on record. Hugh Brothers, of your city, called my attention to the medicine referred to and induced me to try a few bottles. So marked was the change after four weeks' trial that I continued its use, and now, after three months, the cure is complete. This is not written for the benefit of Warner & Co., but for the public, and especially for any person troubled with malarial or bilious attacks.

Such is the statement I made, without solicitation, after my recovery, and such I stand by at the present moment. I am convinced that Warner's Safe Kidney is all it is claimed to be, and as such deserves the great favor it has received. A remedy which can cure the severest case of tropical malaria of five years' standing certainly cannot fail to cure those minor malarial troubles which are so prevalent and yet so serious.

ALFRED DAY,
Pastor Universalist Church,
Woodstock, Ohio, May 10, 1882.

THE danger of toxicological search for blood with too hasty a conclusion has been instanced by Dr. C. Hassoh. A man was arrested for murder. Some stains on the body was supposed to be human blood, but an examination revealed that the globules from their size were those of the blood of a rabbit. Certain stains on his shirt, which appeared suspicious, had been proved to be derived from the dye of the clothing modified by sweat and atmospheric moisture.

Personal!—To Men Only!

THE VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

ONE of the recent poets O's for "a pen whose rosy ink was purged by piteous tears."

THE Lowell *Daily Courier* speaks of Hood's Sarsaparilla as fast growing into use, and doing much good. The testimonials are bona fide, from parties who have used it the preparation, and cheerfully give their testimony as to its worth. Those afflicted with Scrofula, Biliousness or General Debility should try this remedy. Hood & Co. are careful and experienced pharmacists, and their preparations can be relied on. Sold by druggists.

TO SUCCEED, be reticent! Samson would never have overthrown the Philistines, had he not held his jaw.

LOOK WELL to the Name.
The only genuine German Hop Bitters have the word "German" blown in the bottle. Sold by all druggists.

THE retail grocery who disposes of his goods on credit, sells by the penny-wait.

Dyspepsia.
Dyspepsia and sick headache do not return to those who have used Great German Hop Bitters. Sold by all druggists.

QUERY for naturalists: If a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush, is a mole on the face worth two in the ground.

A Happy Wife.
"My dear husband, I never slept so soundly as I do now, after using German Hop Bitters." Sold by all druggists.

A BAD WOMAN—to owe men more than you can pay.—*Carl Prezel*.

WHEN your wife's health is bad, when your children are sickly, when you feel worn out, use Brown's Iron Bitters.

THE most treacherous memory in the world belongs to a young man with a new watch.

DID you read how Josiah Pitkin, of Chelsea, Vt., was cured of a terrible sore leg by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the blood purifier?

A BLUSH is modesty's headlight; but a good many trains are run without headlights.

ELKTON, Ky.—Dr. E. B. Weathers says: "I regard Brown's Iron Bitters as a medicine of unusual worth."

WATERBURY, N. C.—Dr. C. McLaughlin says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for vertigo, and I now feel like a new man."

MISERY loves company. This explains why men who can't support themselves occasionally become husbands and fathers.

QUE-rious that the Chinese men should have such long hair. Ladies, if you would wear your hair as long as the Chinese and as beautiful as a houri's, use Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer and dresser.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, Depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague, and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphated Elixir of Calaisaya," made by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

STICKING, Irritation, Inflammation, All Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-Palpa." \$1.

ALL our lady friends will be delighted to hear that L. H. Cragin & Co., 1168 4th st., Phila., are giving first-class Piano Sheet Music, vocal and instrumental, gratis. (No advertising on it.) Write for catalogue. Mention this paper.

DON'T die in the house. "Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs. 15c.

FOR COMFORT and convenience, combined with economy, stop at the Gault House when you go to Chicago. There you can get first-class service at reasonable rates.

THAT husband of mine is three times the man he was before he began using Wells' Health Renewer.

Get Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners applied to new boots or shoes before you run them over.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."—15c. Ask for it. Complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

SAVE THE INNOCENTS.

In measles, scarlatina, and other diseases of childhood, when the disease abates and disappears the child may be left with dropsical effusions, with ulcers in the ears, and, where diphtheria has extended to the mouth and lips, at the corners of the mouth. Without the blood-purifying effects of Hood's Sarsaparilla recovery is very slow, as such ulcers are very obstinate. With it the very best success has been obtained.

After diphtheria—Seven children of James H. Burgess, Middleboro, Mass., had diphtheria—the same spring. All survived, but complained of pains, bodily distress and cramps. Five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla cured the whole seven.

For five years after he had scarlet fever the little son of James V. A. PROUDFOOT, Chicago, suffered from a foul running sore about his ear. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him.

After vaccination—Two children of Mrs. C. L. Thompson, West Warren, Mass., broke out with running sores, after vaccination, so dreadful the mother thought she would lose both. They were entirely cured of these sores by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Sold by Druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

Instantly Relieved.

Mrs. Ann Lacour, of New Orleans, La., writes: I have a son who has been sick for two years; he has been attended by our leading physicians, but all to no purpose. This morning he had his usual spell of coughing, and was so greatly prostrated in consequence that death seemed imminent. We had in the house a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, purchased by my husband, who noticed your advertisement yesterday. We administered it according to directions and he was instantly relieved.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane.

Baker's Pain Panacea cures pain in Man and Beast. For use externally and internally.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters meets the requirements of the rational medical philosophy which at present prevails. It is a perfectly pure vegetable remedy, embracing the three important properties of a preventive, a tonic and an alternative. It fortifies the body against disease, invigorates and revitalizes the torpid stomach and liver, and effects a salutary change in the entire system.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

AGENTS WANTED. \$5 a day sure. Samples free. Address Swedish Mfg. Co., Box 88, Pittsburg, Pa.

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 cents free. Address H. HALEY & CO., Portland, Me.

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest Selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 50 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

Young Men learn TELEGRAPHY here and we will give you a situation. Circulars free. VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

\$1 AN HOUR for all who will make space time profitable; food paying business! You can devote your whole time to it. MURRAY HILL, Box 788, N. Y.

HAIR—Wholesale and retail. Send for price-list. Goods sent C. O. D. Wigs made to order. E. BURNHAM, 71 State street, Chicago.

WASH YOUR FACE AND NOT WEAR OUT. By watchmakers. By mail 2c. Circulars free. J. S. BIRCH & CO., 38 Der St., N. Y.

PATENTS A. G. HEYLMAN, Counselor at Law and Solicitor of Patents, 929 F St., Washington, D. C. Correspondence solicited. No charge for Preliminary Examination. Terms and references given on application.

Lady Agents can secure permanent and good salary selling Goss's City Slicker and Blacking Supporters, etc. Sample outfit free. Address Goss's City Slicker Co., Cincinnati, O.

HOMES—In Texas and Arkansas. Low price, low credit. Rich agricultural lands, producing Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Cotton, Grasses, and all the Choice Fruits; near schools, churches and railroads. FIVE acre lots for purchase land. For maps of Texas, Arkansas, Kansas and Missouri, with all information, address JNO. E. ENNIS, Pass, and Land Agt. Mo. P. Ry. Co., 109 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

\$25 Reward! We will pay the above reward for any case of Rheumatism or Neuralgia we can not cure. We can relieve any case of Diphtheria or Croup instantly. The J. E. Gardner Army and Navy Liniment will relieve pain and remove any unsightly growth of bone or muscle on man or beast. Large bottles \$1; small bottles 50 cents. Will refund the money for any failure. For sale by all druggists.

ARMY AND NAVY LINIMENT CO., 51 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

ARMY OFFICER'S TESTIMONY.

Captain JOSEPH L. HAYES, residing at No. 923 Fourth Street, South Boston, Mass., formerly Captain in the army, now with the Walworth Manufacturing Company, South Boston, writes, April 28, 1883: "While living in Cambridgeport my wife was afflicted with terrible pains in her back and sides, accompanied with great weakness and loss of appetite. She tried many so-called remedies without avail, growing rapidly worse, when her attention was called to Hunt's Remedy. She purchased a bottle from Lowell's drug store, in Cambridgeport, and after taking the first dose she began to feel easier, she could sleep well, and after continuing its use a short time the severe pains in her back and sides entirely disappeared, and she is a well woman. Many of our relatives and friends have used Hunt's Remedy with the most gratifying results. I have recommended it many times, and as many times heard the same story. Hunt's Remedy is all that is claimed for it, and a real blessing to all afflicted with kidney or liver trouble."

MADE A MAN OF HIM.

Mr. C. O. WICKLER, No. 23 Austin Street, Cambridgeport, Mass., makes the following remarkable statement. On April 27, 1883, he writes as follows: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for nearly twenty years. Have suffered at times with terrible pains in my back and limbs. I used many medicines, but found nothing reached my case until I took Hunt's Remedy. I purchased a bottle of A. P. Gilson, 630 Tremont Street, Boston, and before I had used this one bottle I found relief, and, continuing its use, my pains and weakness all disappeared, and I feel like a new man, with new life and vigor. Hunt's Remedy did wonders for me, and I have no hesitancy in recommending it to all afflicted with kidney or liver diseases, as I am positive that by its use they will find immediate relief. You may use this letter in any way you choose, so that the people may know of a sure medicine for the cure of all diseases of kidneys and liver."

DEAFNESS! Earline cures all diseases of the ear or drum is destroyed. Send for circulars. EARLINE CO., 30 East 14th Street, New York City.

MORPHINE HABIT. No pay till cured. Ten years established, 1,000 cured. State case, Dr. Marsh, Quincy, Mich.

OPIUM MINNESOTA CHIEF

Wonderfully simple and perfect in its threshing and separating qualities. Saves ALL the Grain and cleans it ready for Market. Runs easily, constructed durably, finished beautifully, least expensive, and most economical and SATISFACTORY MACHINE now BEST MADE. It will handle wet grain as well as dry, equal in threshing to the best THRESHER in use, and no change except the sieve. Has more square feet of separating and cleaning surface than any other machine; can not be overloaded. It is both over and under blast. Our CLOVER HULLING ATTACHMENT (new and very desirable). SEPARATORS of the various sizes fitted for Steam or Horse-Power. The PITTS and WOODBURY Horse-Powers, as made by us, are unequalled.

STILLWATER No. 10 ENGINE

Cylinder 12 1/2 In. For WOOD or COAL. SAVES FUEL.



We also make the STILLWATER No. 12 and MINNESOTA GIANT FAIR ENGINE, each having return-drum, and fitted for burning straw, wood or coal. These Engines are made and finished in the most perfect manner, and are built as Tractors when so ordered. We also manufacture A PORTABLE SAW MILL. For Price-List and Circulars, address N. W. MFG. & CAR CO. Successors to BEYMOUL, BABIN & CO. Manufacturers. Stillwater, Minn.

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line, containing 1 PECK'S BAD BOY AND HIS PA the escapade of 1 PECK'S BAD BOY AND HIS PA and all the master pieces of wit, the greatest humorist of the age. A Modern Literary Marvel. 100 Illustrations. Agents Wanted for this wonderful-selling book. Laughable illustrated circular, free. To save time, send 50 cents for outfit and get choice territory. Address, BELFORD, CLARKE & CO., Chicago.

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HOW TO COOK.

THE HOUSEWIFE'S CONSTANT FRIEND. An invaluable compendium of all that relates to The Art of Cooking, Preserving, Canning, Pickling, etc., with special references to the requirements of the sick room, and all cooking most suitable for children, with a complete index. 12mo., 350 pages. Over a thousand Recipes. Substantially bound in durable cloth. Descriptive circular free, or to save time, send 75 cents for canvassing outfit and universal territory to BELFORD, CLARKE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

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FIFTY TONS OF CHOICE BOOKS, a large portion of them the best editions published in this country, now ready, and your own selections from them will be sent to any part of the Continent for examination, if you will give reasonable guarantee that the books will be paid for after receipt, or returned—return transportation at my expense.

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Do you want a pure, blooming complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowiness, Redness, Pimples, Blisters, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

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FARMERS!

PLEASE CONSIDER THIS:

Perry Davis Pain-Killer

Acts with wonderful rapidity, and never fails, when taken at the commencement of an attack of

CHOLERA, CHOLERA MORBUS,

As well as all summer complaints of a similar nature.

Sudden Colds, Sore Throat,

Ac., a tablespoonful of PAIN-KILLER, in sweetened water (warm or cold), taken at the commencement of an attack will prove an almost never-failing cure, and save much suffering.

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Burns,

Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, &c.,

The PAIN-KILLER will be found a willing physician, ready and able to relieve your suffering without delay, and at a very insignificant cost. For

Colds, Cramps and Dysentery in Horses,

The PAIN-KILLER has no equal, and it has never been known to fail to effect a cure in a single instance. It is given as a drench, a small bottle of PAIN-KILLER in a pint of molasses and water. It is used in some of the largest livery stables and horse industries in the world. To resuscitate young lambs or other stock chilled and dying from cold, a little PAIN-KILLER mixed with milk will restore them to health very quickly.

The PAIN-KILLER is for sale by Druggists, Apothecaries, Grocers and Medicine Dealers throughout the world.

\$72 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRAVE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

QUICK WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

THE TRUCK SCALE, 200 LBS. TO 5 TONS. \$25. A TON \$600. Beam Box Scales, 240 LBS. FARMER'S SCALE, \$5. The "Little Detective," 14 oz. to 25 lb. \$5. 500 OTHER SIZES. SCALES, WEIGHTS, LAST FIVE FORGES, TOOLS, &c. BEST FORGE MADE FOR LIGHT WORK, \$10. 40 lb. Anvil and 18 lb. of Tools, \$10. Farmers save time and money doing odd jobs. Blowers, Arvils, Vices & Other Articles at LOWEST PRICES, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

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This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

W. G. T. Union.

A Texas Camp Meeting.

I turned to the advancing lodestar of all eyes, and shuddered involuntarily at the satanic countenance that met my glance; and yet the features were not only youthful, but eminently handsome; the hideousness lay in the look of savage fire, ferocious, murderous. It was in the red-dish yellow eye-balls, with arrowy pupils that seemed to flash jets of lurid flame; in the thin sneering lips with their everlasting icy smile. As to the rest, he was a tall, athletic, very powerful man. His train, a dozen armed desperadoes, followed him.

Poeman spoke in a voice sharp, piercing as the point of a dagger: "Eh, Brinson, where is the new missionary? we want to give him a plumed coat."

"He has not yet arrived," replied the planter.

"Well, I suppose we must wait for him; but put the barbecue on the boards; I am hungry as a starved wolf."

"I cannot till the missionary comes; the barbecue is his property."

A fearful light blazed in Poeman's eyes, as he took three steps towards Brinson, and fairly shouted "Fetch me the meat instantly, or I'll fill your own stomach with a dinner of lead and steel!"

This was the ultimatum of one whose authority was the only law, and the planter obeyed without a murmur. The smoking viands were arranged on the table by a score of slaves, and the throng prepared to commence the sumptuous meal, when a voice pealed from the pulpit, loud as the blast of a trumpet in battle, "Stay, gentlemen and ladies, till the giver of the barbecue asks God's blessing."

Every ear started, every eye was directed to the speaker, and a whisperless silence ensued, for all alike were struck by his marvelous appearance. He was almost a giant in stature, though scarcely 20 years of age; his hair, dark as the raven's wing, flowed down his immense shoulders, more beautiful than any ever wreathed round the jeweled brow of a queen by the labored achievements of human art; his eyes, black as midnight, beamed like stars over a face as pale as Parian marble, calm, passionless, spiritual, and wearing a singular, indefinable expression. The heterogeneous crowd of hunters, gamblers, homicides, gazed in minute astonishment.

(To be Continued.)

FOR constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, and for Consumption induced by the scrofulous taint, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

A SENSIBLE young lady made the following request to her friends: "Do not lay me down by the rippling brookside lest babbling lovers wake me from my dreams, nor in the beautiful cemeteries in the valleys, lest sightseers, conning over epitaphs distract me; but let me sleep under the counters of the merchant and business man generally who never advertises in the local paper of his place. There's the peace which passeth all understanding, and a deep sleep on which neither the buoyant footfall of youth nor the weary shuffle and drag of old age will ever intrude."

Brainard's Musical World.

The June number of this beautifully illustrated musical monthly is just at hand. We notice the usual amount of valuable and entertaining miscellany, editorials, correspondence, musical news, etc., and several fine portraits of musical celebrities, among which is an excellent likeness of Stephen C. Foster, the lamented author of the dear old song, "Old Folks at Home." The fine, full-page engraving of an old violinist and his young pupil, is one of the best pictures presented with this popular monthly. The music in this number of the *World* consists of the new waltz-song—"When My Rover Comes Again"—very beautiful; a new fantasia on a well-known tune; and a famous home-song. The *World* is \$1.50 per year; 15 cents single copy. S. Brainard's Sons, 136 State street, Chicago, Ill.

RASTUS SNICKERS, colored, has only been married a few months, but he, nevertheless, is already disgusted with matrimony. He applied to Reverend Whangdoodle Baxter to have the sacred tie untied, but was told that "dem whom de Lor" had jined togadder no man kin put asunder."

"Don't you lub her no moah?" "Hit's a curus bizness, dis heah tender pasban," replied Rastus. "When I fust married dat ar gal I felt mos' like eatin' her up, but arter I was married to her a while I was mad at myself fer not doin' it."

Pond's Extract

Subdues Inflammation Controls all Hemorrhages, Acute and Chronic. Venous and Arterial.

INVALUABLE FOR
BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHOEA, CHAF-
INGS, STINGS OF INSECTS, FILLS,
SORE EYES, SORE THROAT,
etc., etc.

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itch-
ing, it is the greatest known remedy.

For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises
and Sprains, it is unequalled—stopping pain
and healing in a marvelous manner.

For Inflamed and Sore Eyes.—It is effect
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The undersigned desires to call the attention of
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COR. EIGHT & FISH STREETS.

and is prepared to serve the public with ever
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Butter & Eggs always
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GIVE ME A CALL.

Don't forget the place No. 192, Eighth street,
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F. DEN UYL.
HOLLAND, Mich., April 24, 1892.

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PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR
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dare before you die, something
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hind to conquer time." 66 a
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I desire to change my business and will sell my entire stock at greatly reduced prices.

My stock of goods consists of a full line of
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We will buy all the Stave and Heading
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Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.

White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.

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For making contracts or further in-
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ED. VER SCHURE, Supt.

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OF MASSACHUSETTS ENGINEER
TIMELY WARNING OF
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From the Pittsfield (Mass.) Eagle.

Stone in the Bladder is a very dangerous ailment;
but many most remarkable cures have of late been
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invention of Dr. Kennedy of Houdon, N. Y. An-
other striking case is now added to the list. Mr.
Peter Lawler, of Dalton, Mass., states in a letter
to Dr. Kennedy that he had been troubled with
bladder complaint for 14 years, and had consulted
at different times seven physicians; but nothing
beyond temporary allayment of the pain had been
worked. Towards the end of last January Mr.
Lawler called on Dr. Kennedy. Sounding him the
doctor "struck stone." He decided that Mr. Law-
ler should first try the "Favorite Remedy," so as
if possible, to avoid an operation. And here is the
result: "Dear Doctor Kennedy—The day after I came home I passed two gravel stones,
and am doing nicely now. If you would like to
see the stones I will send them to you." This let-
ter bears date "Dalton, Mass., Feb. 6th," and is
signed "Peter Lawler." The stones, which are so
large as to warrant for "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy"
the claim that it is the most successful speci-
fic for stone yet discovered, are now in Dr. Ken-
edy's possession. Incidentally Mr. Lawler also
states that the "Favorite Remedy" at the same
time cured him of a stubborn case of Rheumatism;
and it is a fact that in all effusions arising out
of disorder of the liver or urinary organs it is a search-
ing remedy and works marvellous benefits. It is
in itself almost a medicine chest. Order it of your
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