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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. X.—NO. 17.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1881.

WHOLE NO. 485.

The Holland City News,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if
paid at six months.

OR PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

	3 m.	6 m.	1 y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
4 Column	10 00	15 00	25 00
5 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
6 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's al-
most that no paper will be continued after subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.
THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.
P. Rowell & Co's News-
paper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where
advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW
YORK.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, May 22, 1881

From Holland to Chicago.				From Chicago to Holland.			
N't	Day	Exp.	Mail.	N't	Day	Exp.	Mail.
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	
10:20	1 55	10 50		3 25	9 45	5 15	
10 40	2 20	11 30		3 55	9 45	5 15	
10 55	2 35	11 45	East Saugatuck	4 05	9 50	5 00	
12 00	2 50	11 55	Richmond	4 15	9 50	4 45	
12 25	3 05	12 10	Gd. Junction	4 25	9 50	4 45	
1 50	3 55	1 30	Benton Harbor	4 35	9 50	4 45	
2 05	4 05	1 45	St. Joseph	4 45	9 50	4 45	
3 30	4 50	2 50	New Buffalo	4 55	9 50	4 45	
7 30	7 40	5 50	Chicago	9 00	3 40	9 10	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	

On Saturday night the Night Express north runs
earlier, leaving Chicago 5 15 p. m., arriving at
Holland 1:30 Sunday morning.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.				From Grand Rapids to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
5 30	9 45	3 25	Holland	10 45	1 50	10 10	
5 55	9 55	3 35	Zeeland	10 55	1 40	9 55	
5 57	10 07	3 52	Hudsonville	10 55	1 40	9 55	
6 15	10 15	4 05	Grandville	10 55	1 40	9 55	
6 35	10 30	4 20	Grand Rapids	9 45	1 00	8 45	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	

On Sunday morning the Night Express leaves
Holland 1:40 and arrives in Grand Rapids 3:10 a. m.

From Holland to Muskegon.				From Muskegon to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
7 30	3 30	10 25	Holland	4 15	1 40	9 10	
6 00	3 58	10 50	Pigeon	4 45	1 15	8 40	
6 10	4 05	11 00	Bushkill	4 55	1 15	8 40	
6 35	4 30	11 20	Johnsville	5 05	1 15	8 40	
6 50	4 35	11 25	Grand Haven	5 15	1 15	8 40	
7 20	5 05	11 55	Ferryburg	5 25	1 15	8 40	
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	

From Holland to Muskegon.				From Muskegon to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
11 30	4 15	10 25	Holland	4 15	1 40	9 10	
12 55	4 45	10 50	Robinson	4 45	1 15	8 40	
1 40	4 55	11 00	Nunica	4 55	1 15	8 40	
2 40	5 05	11 10	Fruitport	5 05	1 15	8 40	
3 40	5 15	11 20	Muskegon	5 15	1 15	8 40	
p. m.				p. m.			

From Holland to Allegan.				From Allegan to Holland.			
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
10 25	4 15	10 25	Holland	10 25	4 45	5 45	
11 15	4 45	10 55	Fillmore	10 55	5 10		
11 25	4 45	10 55	Hamilton	10 55	5 10		
12 00	4 58	11 00	Dunning	9 38	4 15		
12 45	5 30	11 30	Allegan	9 15	3 30		
p. m.				a. m.	p. m.		

* Mixed trains.
† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sun-
day. All trains run by Chicago time.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and
Notary Public; River street.

MURPHY & CARROLL, Attorneys at Law,
Leppig's Block, Grand Rapids, Michigan.
Business in Kent, Ottawa and Allegan Counties
will be promptly attended to.

PARKS, W. H. Attorney and Counselor at Law,
corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN EYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting
Agent, Office Kenyon & Van Patten's bank
Eighth street.

Barbers.

DE GROOT, L. Barber. Haircutting, shaving,
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at rea-
sonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City
Hotel.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and
office No. 42 Ninth street, next door to the
First Reformed Church.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENGS, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-
fumery. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-
cines, Paints, Oils, &c.; Proprietor of Dr.
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a
full stock of goods appertaining to the busi-
ness.

Dress Makers.

PERRY, C. A., Dress Maker and Hair Dresser,
would respectfully announce to the citizens
that she has opened Dressmaking and Hair Dress-
ing rooms, in the building, one door west of Grif-
fin's Drug Store, Washington street, Grand Haven.
Also teaches in Wax, Worsted, Lace, and other
fancy work.

Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G., General Dealers, in Dry
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL. Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Pro-
prietors. The only first-class Hotel in the
city. Is located in the business center of the town,
and has one of the largest and best sample rooms
in the State. Free bus in connection with the Ho-
tel. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHENIX HOTEL. A. D. Nelson, proprietor.
Located near the City & W. Mich. R. R. de-
pot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and
its table is unsurpassed. On Ninth st., Holland,
Michigan. 10-ly

SCOTT'S HOTEL. Wm. J. Scott, proprietor.
This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and
Fish st., convenient to both depots. Terms,
\$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always
be relied on. Holland, Mich. 8-ly

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office
and barn on Market street. Everything first-
class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding
stable. Fine rigs and good horses can al-
ways be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's
Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;
Ninth street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

BUTKAU, Wm. New Meat Market, near corner
Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sa-
sages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VANDER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper
and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in
Agricultural Implements; commission agent
for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAULES, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors
of *Pluggers*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mill)
near foot of 8th street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor-
ner 10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and
Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short
notice. Office at his residence New Holland,
Michigan. 9-ly

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, has made
the disease of the Eye, Ear and Throat a
special study. Office hours night and day, on the
cor. of Eighth and River sts., Holland, Mich. 6-ly

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Acconcher.
Office at Dr. Schouten's drug-store, Eighth
street. 40-ly

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon;
office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county,
Mich. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. 26-ly

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office
at his residence, Overysel, Mich.

Photographers.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-
lery opposite this office.

Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO Watchmaker, Jeweler, and
dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market
and Eighth Street.

Societies.

I. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd
Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening
of each week.
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
THOS. McMASTEN, N. G.
M. HARRINGTON, R. S.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE,
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, June
8, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

H. C. MATHEW, W. M.

D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	1 25
Beans, bushel	1 25
Butter, lb.	15
Clover seed, bushel	4 00
Eggs, dozen	11
Honey, bushel	12 00
Hay, ton	12 00
Onions, bushel	65
Potatoes, bushel	65
Timothy Seed, bushel	2 50

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	1 05	1 07
Corn, yellow bushel	75	80
Oats, bushel	45	50
Buckwheat, bushel	75	80
Barley, 100 lbs.	85	85
Feed, ton	21 00	21 00
Barley, 100 lbs.	1 15	1 15
Middling, 100 lbs.	1 30	1 30
Flour, 100 lbs.	1 00	1 00
Pearl Barley, 100 lbs.	5 50	5 50
Rye, bushel	80	80
Corn Meal 100 lbs.	1 05	1 05
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs.	1 60	1 60

Additional Local.

Unrivalled

As being a certain cure for the worst
forms of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipa-
tion, impurity of blood, torpid liver, dis-
ordered kidneys, etc., and as a medicine
for eradicating every species of humor,
from an ordinary pimple to the worst
ulcer, Burdock Blood Bitters stand un-
rivalled. Price \$1 00, trial size 10 cents.

Mr. R. van Kampen has got all the
necessary tools to move, raise or lower
buildings at short notice. He is also pre-
pared to build new dwellings, or repair
old ones, or do any kind of carpenter and
joiner's work. 18-ly.

Special Assessors Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,
Clerk's Office, May 3rd, 1881.
To Union School premises, Arnold De
Feyer, Peter A. Kleyse.

You and each of you are hereby notified
that a special assessment roll for the repair
of sidewalks has been reported by the
Board of Special Assessors to the Common
Council of the City of Holland, and filed
in this office, and that the Common Coun-
cil has fixed upon the seventh day of June,
A. D. 1881, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the
Common Council room, in said City, as the
time and place when and where they
will meet with the said Board of Special
Assessors to review said roll.

By order of the Common Council,
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Found at Last.

What every one should have, and never
be without, is Thomas' Electric Oil. It
is thorough and safe in its effects, pro-
ducing the most wondrous cures of rheu-
matism, neuralgia, burns, bruises, and
wounds of every kind.

THE largest variety of Cigars and To-
baccos, the cheapest and the best, at
15-ly PESSINK'S.

If you want a nice dish of Ice Cream go
to the parlors fitted up for the purpose, at
15-ly E. S. DANGREMOND'S.

No Humbugging the American People.

You can't humbug the American people,
when they find a remedy that suits them;
they use it and recommend it to their
friends. Just exactly the case with
Spring Blossom which has become a
household word all over the United States.
Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps
of the sure approach of that more terrible disease
Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford
for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and
do nothing for it. We know from experience
that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never
fails. This explains why more than a million
bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup,
and Whooping Cough, at once. Mothers do not be-
lieve it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest, use
Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by D. R. Meengs.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to
free yourself of every symptom of these distress-
ing complaints. If you think so, call at our store
and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle
has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and
if it does you no good it will cost you nothing.
Sold by D. R. Meengs.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh,
Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache, in
SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal in-
jector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire
health and sweet breath. Price 50 cts. Sold by D.
R. Meengs.

A large stock of bleached and un-
bleached cottons, and all kinds of dress
goods and trimmings has just arrived at
the store of G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.
Ladies are especially invited to call and
inspect. 12-ly

THE finest kind of Ice Cream and Arctic
Soda Water at (15-ly) PESSINK'S.

It is important to travelers to know
that special inducements are offered by
the Burlington route. It will pay you to
read their advertisement to be found else-
where in this issue. 15-7m.

A FULL line of straw hats has just ar-
rived at the store of G. VAN PUTTEN
& SONS, ranging from 5 cents to the
nicest and costliest. 12-ly

"LATITUDE UNKNOWN."

Like lonely sailors on a foreign sea,
Without a compass and without a chart,
Unhelped by all their lore of seamen's art,
Soul drift along in the vast mystery
Of Love's companionship. There cannot be
A solitude so pathless as a heart.
No undiscovered isles lie so apart
From him who seeks, as lie the thoughts that we
Forever yearn to read behind dear eyes,—
The dear eyes that we love, and love to kiss.
Ah, well! But one thing matters to our bliss.
So long as Love's sun goes not down, all skies
Are clear: all shores are friendly; treasure lies
On all: we shall not one sweet harbor miss!
—H. H. in Scribner for June.

Why He Wished to See Her.

The other night Bickels went home and
found his wife particularly retrospective.
She talked of the past with a tear, and
looked to the future with a sigh.
"Oh, by the way," said Bickels, as he
sat on the side of the bed pulling off his
boots, "I saw a gentleman down town to-
day who would give a thousand dollars to
see you."

"Who was he? Does he live in Little
Rock?"

"I don't know his name."

"I'll warrant that it was Oliver Gregg."

"No."

"Then it must be George Weatherston."

"Guess again. I might know his name
if I were to hear it."

"Oh, I do wish I knew!" said the lady
exhibiting excitement. "Was it Oscar
Peoples?"

"Guess again. I remember his name
now."

"Harvey Glenkins?"

"No; his name is Lucas Wentwing."

"I don't know a man by that name."

Why would he give a thousand dollars to
see me?"

"Because he's blind."

A Hawk and a Rattlesnake.

My musing on the ages of change that
it must have taken to mould the scene to
its present aspect were broken in upon by
a large rattlesnake gliding out on a bare
rock within fifty feet of the point where I
was sitting. He seemed to search around
like a dog for a place to suit his snakeship,
and then stretched himself out to enjoy
the warmth. I was thinking if it was
worth while to heave a stone at the
monster, when a big shadow swept down
and

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

THE EAST.

SEVEN students of Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., have been expelled and three suspended for riotous and ungentlemanly conduct.

A CONTROLLING interest in the New York Evening Post, of which journal William Cullen Bryant was for so many years the leading spirit, has been purchased by Carl Schurz and E. L. Godkin. The former assumes editorial control. Little Commodore Nutt, the dwarf, died in New York of Bright's disease, aged 37.

THROUGH an attempt to light a fire with kerosene, Mrs. Egler, of Pittsburgh, was fatally charred, her husband rendered insane and her little daughter burned to death. Seven frame buildings were consumed, and a fireman was badly scorched.

RANSOM COOK, the well-known inventor of Cook's anger, died at Saratoga, N. Y., in his 87th year. The deceased inventor was the patentee of the Armstrong gun. A drunken printer in Brooklyn, N. Y., shot his wife fatally and then killed himself. Robert Vint, a Brooklyn shoemaker, won the belt in the O'Leary international pedestrian match at New York, with the unprecedented score of 578 miles and two laps.

THE WEST.

THE 16-year-old daughter of James Westover, of Markesan, near Ripon, Wis., committed suicide because her father would not permit Dan Murray, a youth of 18, whom she said she loved, to call on her. Murray, on hearing of the young girl's act, was so grief-stricken that he also committed suicide.

A SHOCKING accident is reported from Plain City, Ohio. A barn belonging to a farmer named Andrew Lewis was burned, while the family were all away but four children. It seems that in the father's and mother's absence the children had been playing in the barn, and set fire to some old straw. The flames spread so rapidly that they could not get out and were all found burned to death. The children were aged from 3 years to 13, and when found were in a pile, showing that they had clung together in their suffering and last moments. A collision on the Rio Grande road, near Grants, Col., killed one man and wounded eight others.

THE main building of the Collier white lead works, in St. Louis, was burned, the loss being \$100,000, covered by insurance. Two men were killed, one by fright and the other by being run over by engines. John Grismom began a forty-five days' fast at Chicago on the 28th of May.

THE Illinois Legislature adjourned May 30, after a session of five months that cost the State a quarter of a million of dollars. In removing two bodies from contiguous graves in the cemetery at Idaville, Ind., it was found that nothing was left of one but bones, while the other had turned to flint and weighed 300 pounds.

A SPRINGFIELD (Ill.) dispatch of the 1st inst. says: "All hopes for the recovery of Mrs. Lincoln, widow of Abraham Lincoln, are abandoned. She daily grows weaker, and her attending physicians say that she cannot survive many days longer." The Chicago, Peoria and Northwestern road was sold at auction for \$750,000, under the second mortgage, at the Chicago Custom House. A German University is proposed, to be established in Milwaukee, Wis., to cost \$2,000,000.

THE SOUTH.

THE Revenue Collector at Atlanta, Ga., reports that the jails of Fannin and Pickens counties were emptied of moonshiners by armed mobs. Commissioner Baum has given orders to have warrants issued for the arrest of the rescuing parties and see that they are hunted down.

MEMORIAL DAY was observed by the New England Templar commanderies visiting in Richmond, Va., by the adornment of the statues of "Stonewall" Jackson and George Washington with floral wreaths.

AT Osborne's Ford, Scott county, Va., James Baker killed Alexander Osborne and two brothers named Ryder, beside mortally wounding another man. Mrs. Tiny Garrett and her daughter had a quarrel at their home near Cochran, Ga. The daughter seized a shotgun and blew the top off her mother's head. She fired a second time without effect. Her father, returning home after the shooting, beat the girl so badly that she will probably die. The mother will also die.

IN Woodruff county, Ark., a little boy named Bennie Johnson, 7 years old, was sent by his parents on an errand to a neighbor's house, two miles distant. When half-way to his intended destination, and while crossing a lonely unfrequented strip of country, the little fellow was attacked and killed and partially devoured by a couple of vicious dogs.

AT Bridgeport, Ala., a tramp named Mehan, while bathing with some young men, became angered because they spat on him with mud. He rushed for his knife and cut William Copeland in the neck, causing instant death. The tramp was seized and bound. While in prison, Sam Reese, cousin of Copeland, slipped up and shot Mehan dead. John P. Nunley, of Charleston, W. Va., became aggrieved at something said by his nephew George, a youth of 19. The uncle challenged the nephew. Pistols were the weapons, and the nephew was shot through the mouth.

REPORTS from Carter county, Ky., mention the killing of two women and a man named McKinney by the regulators. Other crimes are reported, and almost a reign of terror in some parts of the county.

WASHINGTON.

A WASHINGTON dispatch of May 24 says: "Secretary Windom's policy in the matter of the continuance of the 5-per-cent is as complete a success as it was with the 6%." At the close of treasury hours to-day the total amount of the \$20,000,000 included in the call had been received. Secretary Windom congratulates himself that his views in opposition to the calling of an extra session of Congress prevailed. He has accomplished all that Congress could have done with much less friction. The President has made the following recess appointments: Consuls of the United States—Jesse H. Moore, of Illinois, at Caliao; John M. Bailey, of New York, at Hamburg; Selah Merrill, of Massachusetts, at Jerusalem; George W. Roosevelt, of Pennsylvania, at Bordeaux. Collectors of Internal Revenue for Texas—William H. Sinclair, First district; B. C. Ludlow, Third district; William Umberstock, Fourth district.

The Postoffice Department present some interesting figures showing the amount of mail transmitted by the department last year. They are based upon an actual count of the mail at different postoffices throughout the country in the first seven days of December, 1880. During the year every man, woman and child in the United States wrote an average of twenty-one letters each. The number of newspapers mailed was 812,032,000. Gen. J. A. Williamson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has tendered his resignation, and will become Land Commissioner of the Atlantic and Pacific Railway Company.

THE State Department has been officially advised of the seizure of the American bark *Acacia*, of Boston, by the customs authorities at Merida, Mexico, which harbor she entered in distress. A request by the American Consul for her release was refused. The Navy Department has ordered a war vessel to the scene of the trouble.

SECRETARY HUNT has ordered the commander of the Alliance to proceed from Norfolk to the southern coast of Spitzbergen in search of the Jeannette.

ADDITIONAL national-bank circulation issued during May, \$3,342,070; amount surrendered and destroyed, \$1,745,919, showing an increase of circulation during the month of \$1,596,151; net increase of national-bank notes for the year ending June 1, 1881, \$9,216,250; decrease of legal-tender notes on deposit during May for the purpose of retiring national-bank circulation, \$720,417; increase during the year ending June 1, \$15,712,936; amount on deposit for this purpose, \$35,234,659; total amount of national-bank notes outstanding June 1, 1881, is \$353,052,493, the largest amount ever issued; circulation of national gold banks not included in the above, \$10,299,225. The Court of Claims has decided adversely to the claim of the Union Pacific Railroad against the Government for \$1,000,000 for carrying the United States mails. The Union Pacific wanted to charge the Government at the same rate which it charges for express matter, but the court decided against this view, and held that there was nothing in the charter of the company which would warrant such a charge. The Postoffice Department estimates that the sum of \$1,250,000 will be saved in the next four years by the new contract for postal cars.

POLITICAL.

SENATORS CONKLING and Platt and Vice President Arthur arrived at Albany, N. Y., on the 24th of May, and were received with enthusiastic cheers by a large party of political friends who had assembled at the depot to give them welcome. At the hotel they were joined by Gov. Cornell, and in the evening a general levee was held. The room was constantly crowded, and Senator Conkling shook hands with everybody presenting himself, and to each saying a pleasant word. The Grant Club appeared in a body, and presented an address to Mr. Conkling. The departure of Secretary Blaine for New York, on pretense of official business, caused several influential gentlemen to visit the President and enter a protest against the administration taking part in the Senatorial struggle at Albany. The chief magistrate appeared surprised to learn of the Secretary's trip.

IN the New York Senate, Mr. Woodin opened the Senatorial campaign, May 26, by offering a remonstrance against returning Messrs. Conkling and Platt to the United States Senate, and made an extended speech in support of his action. During the day Mr. Conkling sent notes to several Senators and Representatives asking for a private interview. A conference with forty-seven members had been arranged by Conkling, but was postponed because only half the number made their appearance. The friends of the administration met and resolved not to go into caucus. A private telegram was received by a friend of Conkling from Gen. Grant, expressing the hope that the Legislature would re-elect the former.

THE local elections in Virginia resulted favorably to the straight or anti-Mahone Democrats. The Readjusters have determined, it is said, to nominate Riddleberger for Governor, believing that he will receive the indorsement and support of the Republicans.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that a conference between leading Republicans, Mahone and members of the administration has been held in that city with reference to the forthcoming Readjuster Convention in Richmond. The plans are not as yet fully formed, but there is reason to believe that the Mahone platform will be prepared in that city, and that it will be acceptable to the Republicans.

SPEAKER GEORGE H. SHARPE and three other members of the Republican Caucus Committee sent to each Republican member of the New York Legislature a call for a caucus on the evening of May 30. Only thirty-one responded to the call. The friends of the administration gathered to the number of fifty-seven and held a conference. The Democratic members met in caucus and resolved to support Francis Kernan and John C. Jacobs for the Senatorial seats.

THE balloting for United States Senators to succeed Messrs. Conkling and Platt began in the New York Legislature on Tuesday, the 31st ult. In the Senate Conkling received nine votes, against six for John C. Jacobs, six for W. A. Wheeler, five for S. S. Rogers, three for Gov. Cornell, and five scattering. Platt received eight votes in the Senate, against seven for Kernan, six for Wheeler and ten scattering. In the House, twenty-six votes were cast for Conkling, forty-seven for Jacobs (Democratic nominee), fifteen for Wheeler, six for Cornell, eight for Rogers and twenty-four scattering. Platt received twenty-one votes in the House, Kernan (Democratic nominee) forty-seven, Depew fourteen, Cornell twelve, while thirty-three votes were divided between a dozen other persons.

GENERAL.

SENATOR SHERMAN lately tendered to Gov. Foster the amount of the hotel bill for the delegates to the Chicago Convention, but it was not accepted.

HON. GEORGE W. WILLIAMS, of Ohio, a colored delegate to the Baptist home mission gathering at Indianapolis, informed that body that 30,000 negroes are preparing to emigrate from Louisiana to New Mexico.

THE number of people drowned by the sinking of the steamer *Victoria*, at London, Canada, is known to be over 200. A dispatch from London of the 26th ult. says the funeral of the victims lasted all day and all the preceding night. There were not hearse nor coffins enough to meet the emergency, and vehicles of all kinds were used to convey the dead to the cemeteries. The behavior of rough characters on board the ill-starred vessel is said to have had much to do with causing the disaster. The calamity is to be commemorated by a monument in a cemetery overlooking the scene of the disaster.

GEN. J. S. CASEMENT states that the right of way for the New York, Chicago and St. Louis road has been secured through New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio; that immense quantities of ties are being delivered from Alpena, Mich., and the roadbed will be ready for the rails in September. Max Strakosch, the well-known impresario and operatic manager, has again failed.

THE new portion of the malleable

iron-works at Hamilton, Ontario, has been damaged \$125,000 by fire. Last year 11,551,738 bushels of buckwheat were raised in the United States, against 9,821,721 bushels raised in 1870. There were 44,149,479 bushels of barley raised last year, against 29,761,805 in 1870; 497,970,712 of oats, against 282,107,157; 459,501,093 bushels of wheat, against 287,745,626; 1,773,106,576 bushels of corn, against 760,944,549; and 19,863,632 bushels of rye, against 16,918,795 bushels in 1870.

THE officers of the National Board of Health and of the Marine Hospital Service have been examining reports received by them from all points where yellow fever is likely to originate or occur. The reports all inspire the board with confidence that there will not be any yellow fever in the United States this year. There is a great want of unanimity among the religious journals of the country respecting the Revised New Testament. Few of them are willing to criticize the work as yet. Bishop Simpson has gone to England, where he will preach the opening sermon in the great Pan-Methodist Council.

DECORATION day was appropriately commemorated throughout the United States. In Chicago the graves of those who fell in blue and gray were alike ornamented with flowers and evergreens, and the city militia marched through the principal streets. At the Gettysburg National Cemetery the assemblage numbered 15,000. There was an imposing military display at Washington, and the President attended decoration ceremonies at the Soldiers' Home.

THE arrivals of immigrants at Castle Garden, New York, for May were 76,812, exceeding anything ever known. The arrivals each month since the 1st of January are as follows: January, 8,092; February, 9,758; March, 27,708; April, 59,748; May, 76,812. Total for five months, 182,108. For the corresponding period of last year the figures were: January, 5,677; February, 7,904; March, 21,094; April, 45,578; May, 55,083. Total for five months, 135,336.

FOREIGN.

RUSSIAN social and political affairs have had their due effect upon trade. Imports of cotton material have diminished from 8 to 40 per cent. The cloth and iron trade are paralyzed, and Anglo-Russian merchants, tired of waiting for better times, are preparing to leave with their capital for England. The Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh had a narrow escape from drowning at Sidmouth. While out on a small cape they were cut off by a change in the tide, and were rescued by a life-boat. Mr. G. H. Heap, United States Consul General at Constantinople, has reported to the Government the continued prevalence and extension of the plague in spite of the most vigorous efforts to confine it. Eighteen thousand people have been rendered homeless by the burning of the Russian city of Pinsk. England declines to intercede for the persecuted Jews of Russia.

JOHANN MOST, the publisher of the Socialist journal *Freiheit*, was tried in London for the charge of inciting to murder the Czar. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to mercy on account of the prisoner being a foreigner.

A NEW coin, composed of equal parts of gold and silver, and intended to circulate as a 5-franc piece, has been struck in France and will be presented to the Monetary Conference for approval as an international coin.

AN immense crowd at Mitchellstown, Ireland, stoned some officers who were evicting tenants, and were in turn charged upon by the police and soldiery, many persons being injured. At Mallow, County Cork, eight farm houses have been burned. The German Government has ordered the expulsion of Mormon missionaries who have been endeavoring to make proselytes.

THE situation in Ireland, says a London dispatch, begins to excite most serious apprehensions among all classes in England. From one end of the country to the other the law has no abiding place. Every form of legal process or legal execution is openly resisted and deliberately defied. In whole districts the operation of the law of the land is suspended, and the law of the Land League enforced instead. Whenever individuals more courageous than the multitude attempt the service of a writ of summons for rent, it can only be effected by a species of guerrilla warfare.

A BAILIFF went to serve writs on the property of Mr. Hutchins, near Mallow, County Cork, Ireland. Some women gathered around and seized him, destroying the writs, and then stripped him naked and threw him into the river. They caught him as he came out and thrashed him with furze. The unfortunate man, more dead than alive, was then tarred and feathered and hunted through the country. The head of the dog's head which was killed in the fight at Mitchellstown was cut off and fixed on the top of a pole. The pole was decorated with green paper and garlands. Streamers were appended to the head, and in the month was placed a piece of paper bearing the following words: "Here's your rent." Kettle of the Land League Executive Committee, was arrested at Dublin. He is charged with inciting people to combine for the purpose of refusing to pay lawful debts.

IN the belief that the Land League may bring on a conflict between the crown and the masses of the Irish people, the Irish executive strongly urges the suppression of the organization. A riot occurred at Clonmel, Ireland, during a sale of tenants' interest in property, in which the hussars charged on the people with the flats of their sabers, and the people responded with stones. Several persons were injured. A correspondent of a Parisian journal was murdered by Arabs at Bijao (Tunis). His murderers were arrested, court-martialed and shot.

Tender Advice.

All who have seen a French wedding know of the homely and frequently affectionate manner in which the officiating priest delivers a little homily to the intending husband and wife, in which, celibate as he is, he speaks with the authority of deep experience on the duties of bearing and forbearing, on the happiness and privileges of the married state. But all were astonished at the surpassing plainness of speech of the following priestly address: "It is from the bottom of my heart, Joseph, that I congratulate you upon the first step you are taking. It was, indeed, sad to see you wasting your youth in a life of disgusting drunkenness. However, all is well that ends well, and it pleases me to think you have said good-by forever to that wine-shop. As to you, my poor Catherine, thank heaven that you have been able, ugly as you are, to find a husband; never forget that you ought, by an unchangeable sweetness and devotion without bounds, to try to obtain pardon for your physical imperfection, for I repeat, you are a real blunder of nature. And now, my dear children, I join you in matrimony."

WATERWAYS.

Proceedings of the Northwestern River and Canal Improvement Convention, at Davenport, Iowa.

The Northwestern Convention in aid of river and canal improvement met at the Opera House, in Davenport, on Wednesday, May 25. There were 379 delegates, representing all the Northwestern States, in attendance. Judge J. H. Murphy, of Davenport, was made temporary Chairman. Col. J. M. Allen addressed the convention. He stated that the survey from Rock Island to Hennepin is sixty-five miles in length, and that the canal can be cut for less than \$5,000,000, thus completing a highway from Chicago to the extreme northern boundary of the Northwest.

Hon. James F. Wilson also addressed the convention. He said it was the "transportation problem" and not simply the construction of a canal that had called them together. People believed that the transportation system was at present too expensive and too unstable, and should be reformed. Waterways were the conservators of cheap and stable transportation, and those which nature had provided should be kept in the highest state of efficiency and supplemented by such artificial ways as were needed to effect a complete system. Such ways were not the swift ones of commerce, but were the maintainers of reasonable rates and better prices for products whose value depended on getting to market. Transportation by rail had been depended on so largely that the waterway had been neglected, and hence the superb railway system had been a failure in that it had not produced that standard of equity and fairness which the country of right had expected. By the creation of an efficient water competition the railway service could be brought to realize what its duties were in this regard.

After the appointment of Committees on Credentials and Permanent Organization, an adjournment was voted until 3 p. m.

On reassembling, the convention was addressed by the Hon. J. B. Henderson, who represents the Sixth Illinois district in Congress. He said the question of cheap transportation from the grain-growing districts to the seaboard was the important question before the people of the West. He wanted to see direct water communication between the Upper Mississippi and Chicago. St. Louis and New Orleans must not think the commerce of the great Northwest could be confined to one beaten track. That trade must take in Chicago, Cleveland, New York, Baltimore, and other cities. He did not advocate a ship-canal, but believed a water-way ample for present requirements could be constructed for \$5,000,000, or about as much as was paid for a Custom House in any one of the large cities. The practicability of the route from Hennepin to Rock Island had been affirmed by successive Boards of Engineers.

Gov. John H. Gear, of Iowa, was introduced, and addressed the convention. He said that they had assembled for a most laudable purpose, having for its object the promotion of the welfare of the producers of the Mississippi valley, by devising ways and means to lessen the cost of transportation of the products of the farm and factory. It was true that less than half of the lands in Iowa were under cultivation, yet the resources of 5,000 miles of railway in operation in the State were taxed to their fullest extent last year to move the surplus product. In 1880 from the State of Iowa alone there were exported 52,000,000 bushels of corn, 9,000,000 bushels of wheat, 12,000,000 bushels of oats, to say nothing of other cereals. There were packed 658,000 hogs in the State, and 2,570,000 were shipped away alive out of the State over six lines of railroads. There were 372,000 head of live cattle shipped East. With the exception of a portion of the cattle and hogs, the other things were the growth of Iowa alone. From this it would be seen that much depended upon this convention in giving such tone to public sentiment as would best accomplish the desirable results to the producers of the Mississippi valley.

The Hon. Carter H. Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, came next, and opened his speech by saying that in his opinion waterways were the only means of regulating freight charges and keeping railroad monopolies within bounds. Two specters threatened the perpetuity of republican institutions, and the worst of these was corporate monopoly, which had no soul and never died. Behind this stood a maddened and exasperated people, who might in the end be goaded to destroy the whole machinery of government in order to get rid of its excrencences. It behooved mankind to follow the plans of the great Engineer of the universe, and to dig canals on the lines marked out. Mr. Harrison advocated building a ship canal from Hennepin to Rock Island, and deepening the Illinois and Michigan canal.

The Committee on Permanent Organization and Rules reported the following as permanent officers of the convention: President, R. S. Horr, East Saginaw, Mich.; Vice Presidents, J. W. Palmer, Detroit; J. L. Switz, New York; J. W. Chapman, Council Bluffs; George Schneider, Chicago; W. I. Walker, Toledo; Charles Seymour, La Crosse, Wis.; John Dement, Dixon, Ill.; E. O. Stannard, St. Louis; Charles P. King, Peoria; C. F. Clarkson, Des Moines; William Pettit, Minneapolis; John W. Burdette, Secretary, Burlington, Iowa.

Charles A. Randolph, Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade, spoke at great length on the subject before the convention and in favor of the Hennepin canal.

Letters of regret were read from Horatio Seymour, Secretary Windom, Govs. Pillsbury, Jerome and Culom, Senators Allison, McDill, Saunders, Davis, Logan, Ingalls and Sawyer, and Congressman Farwell.

After the appointment by the chair of the necessary committees, the convention adjourned for the day.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

After the appointment of a Committee on Resolutions, speeches were called for. Ex-Gov. Stannard, of Missouri, complained of some strictures made by the Davenport *Gazette*, with reference to the position of the St. Louis delegates. He denied that there was opposition to the canal project, but Missouri men do not want to see the Mississippi river improvement slighted. They had thought the list of committees and the earlier form of the convention had a little too much Chicago in them. But that was all.

Ex-Gov. William Broas, of Chicago, replied to the St. Louis representative, and said Chicago was as much interested as St. Louis in the improvement of the Mississippi. There could be no difficulty between St. Louis and Chicago. Gov. Stannard had talked about the shipments of wheat amounting to 6,000,000 bushels. That amount would not fill one Chicago warehouse. Illinois paid last year \$23,000,000 internal-revenue tax, and all she asked from the General Government was 5 per cent. of that amount for the improvement of her waterways.

The Hon. Julius C. Starr, of Peoria, pronounced in favor of improving all internal waterways and developing all possible highways of commerce. For this purpose the combination of all interests was needed. It was only by this means that Congress could be brought to appropriate money for improving the rivers and canals of the West.

At this point of the proceedings the welcome announcement was made that the Committee on Resolutions was ready to report, and the Chairman, Gen. Henderson, presented the following:

This convention, representing the people of the Mississippi valley and of the Northwest, in pursuance of the call of the convention, and in furtherance of the purposes thereof, unanimously declares: 1. That the Congress of the United States should devise by law and sustain by liberal and efficient au-

proprations a system of cheap transportation by water routes connecting the Mississippi river and its tributaries with the Eastern Atlantic seaboard and the Gulf of Mexico.

2. That it has been the policy of Congress and the desire of the people of the Northwest for many years to inaugurate and complete a system of water-channel improvement, having the Mississippi for its base; that, to give greater efficiency to this policy, there should be constructed from the Mississippi river on the most direct and feasible route to the Illinois river at Hennepin, and thence to the lake at Chicago, a canal adequate to the present and future transportation needs of that great part of the Northwest to whose people such a work of internal improvement is an imperative necessity for relief from the excessive freight rates on the produce and commerce of the country, and that the work so long needed should be immediately commenced.

3. That the continued improvement of the Mississippi river under the auspices of the Mississippi River Commission, created by act of Congress, is a work of great national importance; that the Congress of the United States ought to promote that scheme of improvement by the most liberal appropriations, in a separate appropriation and bill therefor, and that we emphasize and enforce the need and earnest demand of the people of the entire Mississippi valley that Congress shall make prompt and adequate appropriations for the improvement of the river and its navigable tributaries from the falls of St. Anthony to the Gulf of Mexico; and that this convention has no sympathy with any policy that would depreciate or hinder this great enterprise of making fully navigable and building up a great commerce upon this central river—nature's great highway of the continent.

4. That we hail with peculiar satisfaction the increasing success of the large-line system of transportation on the Mississippi and its tributaries, and the relief it has to the producers and shippers of the Mississippi valley in the cheapening of freights.

5. That we heartily favor the proposed session of the Illinois and Michigan canal and the improvements on the Illinois river by the State of Illinois, and declare that the Erie canal should be made free of tolls; therefore, we hope for the early success of the efforts inaugurated to secure these results.

The following resolutions supplemental to the report of the Committee on Resolutions were presented by Mr. Russell, and adopted:

6. That the commission under the auspices of which this convention has been called be continued, with the proviso that its membership be enlarged by the selection of an additional member from each State represented in this body, which additional member shall be named by the delegates of the respective States, said commission to afterward elect its own officers and mature its own organization.

7. That the commission, when reorganized as contemplated herein, be requested to select two gentlemen from each State to present to Congress the appeal for the support of the work of internal improvement which is contemplated by the foregoing resolutions.

A number of resolutions handed to the committee were reported back without recommendation and without being read.

Mr. Edhusen, of Davenport, read the resolutions in regard to the continuance of the canal commission, which the committee has not considered germane to their work, but highly approved of.

Sam M. Clark, of Keokuk, moved to adopt the report.

A delegate from Council Bluffs moved to include the words "and Missouri valley" where the word "Mississippi" occurred.

Mr. Henderson said the committee had been unanimous throughout, and there had not been a ripple on the surface to disturb their harmony.

Mr. Starr, of Peoria, wanted something said about the Copperas Creek and Henry improvements in the resolutions.

Mr. Henderson thought it would do no good for the convention to say anything as to the session by the State of Illinois to the General Assembly of that State.

Murry Nelson, of Chicago, moved to lay the Missouri valley amendment on the table. The vote was taken on the amendment direct, and it was sustained by a large majority.

Mr. Starr's resolution about Copperas creek was carried amid some confusion.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions was adopted unanimously, and the resolutions offered by Mr. Russell were also adopted.

Mr. Howard, of Toledo, called up and advocated the passage of the two resolutions in regard to Ohio canals.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, opposed the resolutions as inopportune.

Lieut. Gov. Campbell, of Missouri, favored, and Mayor Lake, of Minneapolis, opposed the resolutions as not germane.

Mr. Grinnell, of Iowa, pleaded for harmony, and asked the withdrawal of the Toledo resolutions.

They were voted down by a considerable majority.

After passing the customary resolutions of courtesy the convention adjourned sine die.

THEY tell a story in Newburyport about a man who called on a respectable widow of his acquaintance and said: "Madam, I'm looking for a wife. I don't think you'll hardly do, but I didn't know but what you might think of somebody that would." The bewildered man has forgotten what the widow said, but has the impression that a tornado struck the town about that time.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEVERES	.....	\$9 50	@ 12 50
HOGS	.....	6 00	@ 6 20
COTTON	.....	10 1/2	@ 11
FLOUR—Superfine	.....	4 00	@ 4 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.....	1 26	@ 1 29
CORN—Upgraded	.....	50	@ 59
OATS—Mixed Western	.....	43	@ 46
PORK—Mess.	.....	15 75	@ 17 00
LARD	.....	10 1/2	@ 11

CHICAGO.

BEVERES—Choice Graded Steers	.....	5 80	@ 6 25
Cows and Heifers	.....	5 40	@ 5 75
Medium to Fair	.....	5 00	@ 5 25
HOGS	.....	5 00	@ 5 25
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.	.....	5 75	@ 6 00
Good to Choice Spring Ex.	.....	5 00	@ 5 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.....	1 09	@ 1 11
No. 3 Spring	.....	95	@ 1 01
CORN—No. 2	.....	43	@ 44
OATS—No. 2	.....	37	@ 38
RYE—No. 2	.....	1 14	@ 1 15
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.....	22	@ 23
EGGS—Fresh	.....	12	@ 12 1/2
PORK—Mess.	.....	15 75	@ 16 25
LARD	.....	10 1/2	@ 10 1/2

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1	.....	1 12	@ 1 15
No. 2	.....	1 09	@ 1 11
CORN—No. 2	.....	42	@ 43
OATS—No. 2	.....	35	@ 36
RYE—No. 2	.....	1 12	@ 1 13
HARLEY—No. 2	.....	94	@ 95
PORK—Mess.	.....	15 75	@ 16 00
LARD	.....	10 1/2	@ 10 1/2

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	1 12	@ 1 14
CORN—Mixed	.....	42	@ 46
OATS—No. 2	.....	37	@ 38
RYE	.....	1 17	@ 1 18
PORK—Mess.	.....	16 25	@ 16 50
LARD	.....	10 1/2	@ 10 1/2

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT.....	1 12	@ 1 13
CORN.....	48	@ 49
OATS.....	41	@ 42
RYE.....	1 20	@ 1 21
PORK—Mess.....	16 25	@ 16 50
LARD.....	10 1/2	@ 10 1/2

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

AT THE CAPITAL.

Final Adjournment Day Fixed—The Ontonagon and Brule River Bill Passed by the House—Representative Apportionment—More of the Compilation Matter—Sundry References.

LANSING, May 28, 1881.

As all things earthly have an end, so will the present session of the Legislature, and doubtless many who read this will be glad to know that the day for its final adjournment has at last been decided upon. When the matter came up in the House on the 24th for final decision, that body decided that they couldn't finish the work by the 1st of June, as proposed in the Senate resolution, so it was amended so as to provide that June 8 should be the last day for doing business (other than finishing that now under way), and on the 11th at 12 m. the gavel should fall for final adjournment. In that amendment the Senate concurred, and thus the stake is driven beyond which they cannot go.

When the famous and much-talked-about

ONTONAGON AND BRULE RIVER R. R. Land-Grant bill came up in the House on the 25th, as indicated last week, its enemies resorted to their usual attempts to amend, as opponents of all bills do, and the roll was called on its final passage, showing 65 yeas and 24 nays, with eleven members absent. The bill was declared lost by Speaker Moffat, not having received two-thirds of the votes of all the members-elect. An appeal was first taken from the rulings of the chair, but it was finally decided to withdraw that, reconsider the vote and try again that evening to secure the necessary sixty-seven votes. When that vote was reached, three more members were present, and one (Representative Grant) changed his vote in response to telegrams from his constituents, and the bill went through, yeas 69, nays 23. Senator Chandler, of the Thirty-second district, who is Chairman of the Railroad Committee to whom the bill is referred, as well as Senator from the district in which most of the lands in question are located, says the bill will be reported on Tuesday, and that it will surely pass, as at least twenty-three Senators are already pledged to vote for it. If so that will dispose of one of the most hotly-contested matters before the present Legislature. If the United States Government has allowed innocent purchasers (or others) to patent any portion of these lands that were granted to the State of Michigan for building railroads, and for no other purpose, and which the General Government had no further ownership in (as will be pretty clearly indicated if the bill finally passes) they are able and should be very willing to refund to such purchasers their money with interest.

The House has been having a lively squabble for some weeks, through their special committee on apportionment, over the

REPRESENTATIVE REAPPORTIONMENT, and on the 27th the forenoon was passed, in the discussion in committee of the whole on the Senate bill. All attempts to amend it materially failed, and it was finally ordered reprinted and placed on its final passage, when it will no doubt pass substantially as it passed the Senate and as given in full in this correspondence at that time.

THE COMPILATION QUESTION has been again thoroughly canvassed in the House during the week, and the bill "to provide for the collection, compilation and reprinting of the general laws of this State, which provides that the two houses of the Legislature shall, as soon as possible after the passage of the bill, meet in joint committee for the election of a compiler, who shall 'collect together such acts and parts of acts as are in force, and, without alteration, arrange them under appropriate heads and titles, with marginal notes and digests of decisions on the same, with references to decisions of the Supreme Court of this State and other decisions bearing upon said acts, pursuant to the provisions of section fifteen of article eighteen of the constitution of this State.' The Governor shall also appoint two Commissioners to examine said compilation, and if found correct to so certify to the Governor. The remaining sections specify how and in what form the printing and binding shall be done, how the contract for the same shall be let, that the compiler shall receive \$5,000 and the Commissioners \$500 each, and that the books are to be sold at not more than 10 per cent. above the actual cost, which must not exceed \$1 per set of two volumes, having been placed on the order of third reading, was re-referred to the committee of the whole, on the 26th. A substitute for this was offered, and is under consideration, which is entitled "A bill to provide for supplying the public officers of this State and other persons with copies of a work entitled 'The General Statutes of the State of Michigan, in Force, with Notes and Digest of the Decisions of the Supreme Court Relating Thereto.'" This bill provides that "the Secretary of State shall, as soon as the same can be prepared and published after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and from time to time thereafter as may be needed for distribution or sale by the State, procure such number of copies of the general statutes of the State of Michigan, in force, with notes and digests of the decisions of the Supreme Court relating thereto, compiled and annotated by Andrew Howell, as may be required for the use of the State and for the supply of and distribution to the officers and others entitled by law to copies of the public acts of the Legislature, and for sale to citizens of the State, if the State shall choose to keep the same for sale." It further provides that it shall also include all the laws passed at the present session, that the State shall pay not to exceed \$5 per set of two volumes, that they shall be ready for delivery within one year; that a \$40,000-bond shall be given to the State within fifteen days after the bill shall become a law, etc. It is claimed that this purchase would be in line with the purchase of Judge Green's work on township officers and their duties, which the Governor recently approved, and that he would not therefore veto this, as he did the original Howell bill. It is not quite certain yet which, or that either one of the bills above alluded to, will pass.

SUNDAY REFERENCES. No one need fail to remain in Michigan for at least two years, as there is no possibility that they will be "hanged by the neck until they are dead," the Senate having, on the 26th, indefinitely postponed the further consideration of Wyckoff's bill for the restoration of capital punishment which the House succeeded in passing on the 25th by 56 yeas to 31 nays.

It is generally understood now that the differences between the champions of the Union Depot bill for Detroit, and the transit railway, which were alluded to in our last, have been adjusted by the sale by the latter company of the land needed for the depot and grounds, for \$216,975. If this is true, it is the key to the solution of another matter that promised at one time to call out unpleasant results in either event, and will necessarily spare the Legislature much time and trouble.

Petitions asking for the passage of the Senate bill for the location and erection of an additional insane asylum, are beginning to be sent in, the Board of Trustees of the Kalamazoo Asylum having so petitioned.

Detroit very properly comes in for her share of legislation, as she ought, with her population of about one-fifteenth of the whole State.

Both houses have just passed one bill to repeal an act relating to a public park for said city, and another amending certain sections of the charter proper, relative to the Board of Aldermen, etc.

The bill "for the establishment of a department of eclectic medicine at the University of Michigan" occupied quite a part of the time of the House on Friday afternoon, and was then defeated—yeas 36, nays 43. The arguments against the bill were mostly on the ground that if a mistake had been made in admitting different schools of medicine heretofore, the same mistake should not be repeated.

The House on the 26th passed the joint resolution heretofore passed by the Senate "extending the time for the completion of the Marquette, Houghton and Ontonagon railroad to June 1, 1884."

An appropriation of \$55,000 having been asked for with which to build a school-room and others smaller improvements that are claimed to be much needed at the Jackson prison, the Senate Committee on State Prison and Appropriations and Finance asked permission to visit that institution, which they did on Friday (yesterday). At this time in the session they will hardly report in favor of the passage of the bill.

Gov. Jerome has approved the long bill consolidating and amending the school laws and providing for county school examiners, and it will go into effect July 1.

The bill detaching certain territory from Saginaw county and attaching it to Bay county has finally passed both houses. Saginaw thus loses and Bay gains about 1,000 population.

The House has just passed a bill to create from parts of the Thirtieth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twenty-first judicial district another new one, the Twenty-eighth. One by one the districts increase.

One bill, an unimportant one, only received nine votes in favor of its passage in the House on the 25th. Evidently not a very meritorious bill.

The Senate joint resolution providing for increasing the salaries of Circuit Judges from \$1,500 to \$2,500 failed to pass in the Senate on its final passage, receiving only 18 yeas to 9 nays—not two-thirds. It was reconsidered and may fare better next time they vote.

The Ionia House of Correction investigation was closed on the 27th, and it is now pretty generally conceded has succeeded in proving nothing worse than that the Board of Managers and the officers do not work at all in harmony and that the institution should have either a new Board of Managers or new officers.

The Governor has appointed and the Senate on the 24th confirmed Peter B. Loomis, of Jackson, a member of the Board of Charities, vice Lieut. Gov. Crosby, resigned; and John Avery, of Greenville, as member of State Board of Health, vice Dr. Kedzie, resigned.

The Governor has also sent to the Senate names for the five members of the Tax Commission, but, as their confirmation has not yet been acted on, the secret as to who they are has not been removed.

Speaker Moffat was the recipient on Thursday last of a beautiful gold-lined silver water pitcher, goblets and slop bowl, the gift of the fourteen messenger boys of the House. Representative Kinney, of Washtenaw, officiated as spokesman, and the Speaker made a very neat little talk in reply.

Observer.

HOUSE.—The messenger boys, fourteen in number, presented Speaker Moffat with a silver salver, water pitcher and goblets, the presentation speech being made by Representative Kinney. The bill to restore the death penalty by hanging passed the House—yeas 56, nays 31. The bill in reference to uniform ballots was lost. A petition was presented, signed by nearly all the lawyers in Saginaw county, asking for the passage of the bill to buy the Howell compilation over the Governor's veto. Senate bills passed to amend the act relative to the compensation of the Commissioners of Railroads, and for the uniform regulation of State institutions. The following House bills passed: Amending the laws relative to the State Prison; relating to offenses against chastity and decency. Subsequently reconsidered and tabled: Amending the laws relative to street railways; relative to the fees of County Clerks; making an appropriation of \$15,000 to the Agricultural Colleges. The bill to confer a land grant in the upper peninsula upon the Ontonagon and Brule River Railroad Company was lost, yeas 64, nays 25—not two-thirds. The vote was reconsidered and an evening session ordered. The Ontonagon and Brule River Railroad Land-Grant bill passed the House this evening by a vote of yeas 69, nays 23. The bill was ordered to take immediate effect.

THURSDAY, May 26.—SENATE.—The House bill to restore the death penalty by hanging for the crime of murder in the second degree was indefinitely postponed—yeas 18, nays 8. The following House bills were passed: Repealing the Park act of Detroit, and for the relief of indigent scholars in the Michigan School for the Blind.

HOUSE.—The following passed on the third reading: Senate bill authorizing suits to be brought against insurance companies in Circuit Courts; house bill making an appropriation for the State Board of Health; amending the act of 1877 relative to partnership associations; extending the time of completion of the Marquette, Houghton and Ontonagon railroad. The bill to establish a chair of eclectic medicine in Michigan University was lost. The day in the House

was passed in discussing the compilation question. The substitute of a bill similar to the bill for the purchase of Judge Howell's compilation was rejected—yeas 39, nays 40. The bill for the election of a compiler was referred to the committee of the whole.

FRIDAY, May 27.—SENATE.—The following House bills passed on third reading: Relative to Boards of Health and health officers in townships. The joint resolution relative to the claim of Pugh and Lowe, ex-Clerks of the Supreme Court, was lost, reconsidered and tabled.

HOUSE.—Speaker Moffat appointed Representatives Belden, G. H. Hopkins, King, Earle and Parsons as a Special Committee on the Compilation bill. The session was spent in committee of the whole. Both houses adjourned until Monday evening.

MONDAY, May 30.—The Legislature reconvened at 8:30 this evening, with a quorum in both houses, but little was done. The Governor noticed the signing of several bills, among which was the bill providing for the publication of 30,000 copies of "Michigan in the War," and the bill to tax telegraph and telephone lines. By resolution the use of the House was granted to Sojourner Truth to deliver a lecture next Thursday evening.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

FOR NEURALGIA.—Steep green horse-radish root in cold vinegar, warm the liquid slightly, and bathe the parts affected.

FOR CONSTIPATION.—One ounce of senna, the same quantity of peppermint leaves, one-half pound figs, all chopped fine and mixed with a few spoonfuls of molasses. Take a small piece after each meal.

DIPHTHERIA.—Dr. C. R. S. Curtis, of Quincy, Ill., reports in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal the results of the local use of a decoction of leaves of black walnut in diphtheria. The remedy was chiefly employed as a gargle or applied with a swab to the throat and fauces. A poultice of the leaves was also resorted to in some instances. Dr. Curtis adopted the same remedy in consequence of the recommendation by Prof. Nelaton in malignant pustule.

The use of the gargle was unattended by discomfort, no patient objecting to it. Improvement in each instance was rapid, the ash-colored spots disappearing.

LIME WATER AND MILK.—Experience proves that lime water and milk are not only food and medicine at an early period of life, but also at a later, when the functions of digestion and assimilation are feeble and easily perverted. A stomach taxed by glutty, irritated by improper food, inflamed by alcohol, enfeebled by disease, or otherwise unfitted for its duties—as is shown by the various symptoms attending upon indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, dysentery and fever—will resume its work, and do it energetically, on an exclusive diet of bread and milk and lime water. A bowl of cow's milk may have four table-spoonfuls of lime water to it with good effect.

COLD DRINKS.—It is true, remarks Dr. J. H. Hanford, that certain persons, or persons in certain conditions, cannot take very cold drinks at or near the meal time without impairing digestion, since the stomach must be kept at about 98 deg. Fah. that digestion may be reasonably successful. Even a slight depression in the temperature of the stomach is sufficient to arrest the digestive process, temporarily, at least, and, of course, derange the stomach. This class—small, it is true—would be injudicious in the use of any cold drinks or very cold food, though it is by no means needful to use tea or coffee on this account, since hot water, properly prepared, may take their places. The use of ice water, especially in the hot season, when the system is so debilitated as not to be able to rally after unusual chill, necessarily following a copious drink of ice-water, must prove unfavorable. It not only expels the natural heat of the stomach, but lessens the natural flow of the gastric juice—if it does not totally suspend it—on the supply of which good digestion must depend, in a great measure. Indeed, the influence of the use of very cold drinks is to produce flabbiness about the stomach, indigestion, a sensation of heaviness, a "tasting of the food" long after it is taken. It ordinarily leads to the use of stimulants to aid in digestion, encouraging intemperance. In short, the stomach is debilitated by such a course—producing more or less dyspepsia.

Extravagant but Rather Pretty.

The following beautiful tribute to woman was recently delivered by a reformed man: "I should like to propose a toast to-night, although a total abstinence man myself—a toast to woman. To be drunk, not in liquor of any kind, for we should never pledge a woman in that which may bring her husband reeling home to abuse where he should love and cherish, send her sons to a drunkard's grave, and her daughters to a life of shame. Oh, no, not in that, but rather in the life-giving water, pure as her chastity, clear as her intuitions, bright as her smile, sparkling as the laughter of her eyes, cheering as her consolation, strong and sustaining as her love—in the crystal water I would drink to her that she would remain queen regnant in the empire she has already won, grounded deep as the universe in love."

EXTRACT from diary of the Czar: "11 p. m. A quieter day than usual. A noise was heard in wainscot about 8 p. m.; turned out the guard—mouse. Czars fearfully nervous; no wonder, this boycotting business must stop—I shall go out if it blows me. My eldest son looked at me rather curiously this afternoon; seemed to be examining my points. Can he have joined the Nihilists? Took a pill to-night; had it analyzed; made guard swallow three of them to make sure. Hark, what was that? Nothing, of course, a falling clinker, what foolishness. Shall now take my nightcap—wiskeyrich."—New York Commercial.

MICHIGAN CITIES AND VILLAGES.

The following is the population of the cities of Michigan, and of the villages containing 100 inhabitants or more, compiled from the Government census bulletins for 1880, by the Lansing Republican. The total population of forty-one cities is 379,372, and the total population of fifty-five villages each containing more than 1,000 is 94,437; so that the inhabitants of the State who reside in business centers may be said to number 473,809, or 29 per cent. of the whole population (1,636,335) of the State. This is a larger proportion than at any previous census, and shows the increasing tendency of our people to settle in closer proximity.

CITIES.

Population.	Population.
Adrian..... 7,185	Jackson..... 16,105
Alpena..... 6,153	Lansing..... 8,319
Ann Arbor..... 8,061	Leapeer..... 2,911
Battle Creek..... 7,063	Marshall..... 3,795
Bay City..... 20,693	Marquette..... 4,689
Big Rapids..... 3,552	Mason..... 1,809
Cadillac..... 3,213	Monroe..... 4,928
Charlevoix..... 2,581	St. Clemens..... 3,057
Coldwater..... 4,681	Muskegon..... 11,262
Detroit..... 116,343	Negaunee..... 3,931
Dowagiac..... 2,100	Niles..... 4,197
East Saginaw..... 19,016	Owosso..... 2,501
Flint..... 8,410	Pontiac..... 4,509
Grand Haven..... 4,861	Port Huron..... 8,883
Grand Rapids..... 32,015	Saginaw..... 10,525
Greenville..... 3,144	St. Clair..... 1,923
Hastings..... 2,531	Tawas..... 1,712
Hillsdale..... 3,441	West Bay City..... 6,307
Holland..... 2,620	Wyandotte..... 3,631
Ionia..... 4,190	Ypsilanti..... 6,377
Lapeer..... 6,093	

VILLAGES.

Alcona county..... 125	Canandaigua..... 125
Alcona..... 198	Clayton..... 368
Black River..... 182	Clinton..... 927
Harrisville..... 549	Fairfield..... 285
Alcona..... 2,296	Hudson..... 2,254
Dorr..... 160	Medina..... 223
Douglas..... 522	Morenci..... 1,209
Otsego..... 1,000	Palmyra..... 225
Plainwell..... 1,367	Riga..... 213
Stoughton..... 794	Tecumseh..... 2,111
Wayland..... 546	Weston..... 193

LIVINGSTON.

Elk Point..... 620	Fowlerville..... 1,051
Mancelona..... 205	Hartland..... 215
Barry..... 166	Howell..... 2,071
Freeport..... 166	Plainfield..... 109
Madisonville..... 712	Pineknay..... 427
Nashville..... 978	Unadilla..... 234
Prairieville..... 142	Mackinac..... 934
Woodland Center..... 266	Mackinac..... 720

MACOMB.

Deep River..... 135	Armada..... 556
Kawakaw..... 238	Beebe's Corners..... 106
Pineconing..... 300	Disco..... 100
Saginaw..... 243	Memphis..... 573
Stanhope..... 246	New Haven..... 606
Sterling..... 160	Utica..... 1,926

MANISTEE.

Frankfort..... 783	Bear Lake..... 236
South Frankfort..... 385	Filer..... 558
Benton Harbor..... 1,230	Pierpont..... 148
Berrien Springs..... 758	Stronach..... 354
Brigidman..... 194	Manitou..... 168
Coloma..... 269	Marquette..... 126
Dayton..... 181	St. James..... 168
Novi..... 419	Marquette..... 126
Millburn..... 118	Harvey..... 126
New Buffalo..... 523	Meosota..... 189
New Troy..... 392	Millbrook..... 242
St. Joseph..... 2,603	Morley..... 299
Three Oaks..... 474	Paris..... 155
Watervliet..... 179	Stanwood..... 146

MUSKOGEE.

Bronson..... 828	Menominee..... 3,288
Gilford..... 179	Stephenson..... 180
Quincy..... 1,120	Midland..... 111
Sherwood..... 211	Midland..... 1,529
Union..... 1,280	Monroe..... 434

OSHTON.

Albion..... 2,716	Carlton..... 434
Athens..... 597	Brest..... 130
Homer..... 865	East Milan..... 148
Port Huron..... 497	Ida..... 122
Tekonsha..... 497	Ida..... 200

OSHTON.

Adamsville..... 138	Maybee..... 200
Cassopolis..... 912	Milan..... 100
Edwardsburg..... 500	Newport..... 283
Jamesonville..... 101	Seaford..... 191
La Grange..... 122	South Rockwood..... 251
Marcellus..... 635	Montcalm..... 709
Novi..... 419	Crystal..... 179
Vandalia..... 439	Coral..... 590

OSHTON.

Boysie City..... 187	Edmore..... 704
Charlevoix..... 512	Gowan..... 252
Cheboygan..... 2,369	Howard City..... 924
Chippewa..... 124	Langston..... 124
Fort Brady..... 1,947	Sherman..... 372
Sault Ste. Marie..... 1,947	Sherman..... 438

OSHTON.

Clare..... 502	Trufant..... 482
Farwell..... 521	Muskegon..... 106
Harrison..... 129	Battleport..... 353
Bath..... 270	Holt..... 150
De Witt..... 284	Montague..... 1,297
Dunbar..... 120	Whitehall..... 1,724

OSHTON.

Eagle..... 120	Newaygo..... 190
Elsie..... 253	Ashland..... 464
Eureka..... 328	Alleyton..... 118
Fowler..... 321	Croton..... 902
Maple Rapids..... 1,479	Newaygo..... 1,097
Ovid..... 2,370	White Cloud..... 440

OSHTON.

Shepardville..... 145	Auburn..... 111
Escanaba..... 3,026	Birmingham..... 733
Kalamazoo..... 628	Commerce..... 164
Bellevue..... 304	Daviesburg..... 239
Dimondale..... 1,387	Farmington..... 377
Grand Ledge..... 124	Franklin..... 151

OSHTON.

Kalamazoo..... 144	Holly..... 1,448
Oshtemo..... 471	Mifflin..... 168
Pottsville..... 623	Ortonville..... 308
Vermontville..... 623	Ortonville..... 308
EMMET.	Orion..... 426

OSHTON.

Cross Village..... 302	Oxford..... 851
Potosky..... 1,815	Rochester..... 996
Argentine..... 112	Louth Lyon..... 418
Atlas..... 120	Walled Lake..... 131
Oshtemo..... 163	Crystal..... 129

OSHTON.

Fentonville..... 2,151	Barnett..... 341
Flushing..... 690	Hart..... 464
Gaines..... 344	Herperia..... 147
Goodrich..... 238	Mears..... 387
Grand Blanc..... 216	Ogemaw..... 108

OSHTON.

Linden..... 676	Ogemaw Springs..... 139
Mount Morris..... 340	West Branch..... 139
Ottaville..... 340	Oshtemo..... 139
Pine Run..... 191	Evart..... 1,302
Swartz Creek..... 132	Gaylord..... 292

OSHTON.

Traverse City..... 1,597	Le Roy..... 134
GRAND TRAVERSE.	Hersey..... 472
Traverse City..... 1,597	Le Roy..... 134
GRATIOT.	Reed City..... 1,091

OSHTON.

Alma..... 437	Ottawa..... 270
Breckenridge..... 227	Berlin..... 429
Elkton..... 144	Coopersville..... 645
Riverdale..... 1,975	Eastman..... 188
St. Louis..... 1,975	Eastman..... 188

Lyons..... 747	Algonac..... 713
Muir..... 714	Brookway..... 125
Palo..... 327	Brookway Center..... 352
Pewamo..... 316	Cape..... 544
Portland..... 1,670	Fair Haven..... 255
Sarasota..... 977	Fort Gratiot..... 1,280
Smyrna..... 236	Lakeport..... 146
Tosco..... 167	Marine City..... 1,673
Oshtemo..... 1,651	Memphis..... 118
Oshtemo..... 1,651	Smithville..... 144

Blanchard..... 271	St. Joseph..... 721
Dushville..... 103	Burr Oak..... 705
Loomis..... 215	Centerville..... 422
Mt. Pleasant..... 1,118	Colon..... 1,405
Salt River..... 194	Constantine..... 230

Baldwin..... 200	Flowerfield..... 231
Brooklyn..... 470	Mendon..... 814
Concord..... 540	Nottawa..... 104
Grass Lake..... 682	Parkville..... 132
Hanover..... 300	Sturgis..... 2,091

Napoleon..... 379	Three Rivers..... 2,535
Norvell..... 137	Wasco..... 100
Parma..... 482	White Pigeon..... 1,021
Springport..... 186	Tuscola..... 1,282
Waterloo..... 385	Caro..... 813

Kalamazoo..... 8,057	Reese..... 344
Climax..... 268	Mayville..... 248
Comstock..... 140	Millington..... 492
Kalamazoo..... 8,057	Reese..... 344

Oakton..... 141	Tuscola..... 355
Richland..... 223	Watrous..... 124
Schoolcraft..... 581	Van Buren..... 202
Vicksburg..... 784	Bangor..... 1,402

Crofton..... 107	Breedsville..... 300
Kalkaska..... 496	Covert..... 228
Kent..... 340	Goble..... 181
Ada..... 340	Goble..... 181

Alaska..... 225	Grand Junction..... 172
Byron Center..... 115	Hartford..... 189
Caldonia..... 340	Keller..... 638
Camden..... 101	Kendall..... 192

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

SAURDAY, JUNE 4, 1881.

THE finest Soda Water, Candies and Cigars at (15-17) E. S. DANGREMOND'S.

A FINE new line of dress goods, new shades, new styles, and trimmings to match, and a general stock of dry goods, at 17-1w D. BERTSCH.

A FULL line of Mackinaw hats, and a splendid assortment of felt hats, now for sale at 17-1w D. BERTSCH.

A LARGE variety of parasols from 15 cents upward, at 17-1w D. BERTSCH.

New Advertisements.

WOOL! WOOL!

I will pay the highest cash price for WOOL, Inquire at 17-3w H. VAN DER HAAR.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the Commissioner of Highways of the township of Fillmore and county of Allegan, will on Friday, June 10th, 1881, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, offer at public letting, to the lowest bidder, giving good and sufficient security, for the performance thereof, a contract for a big job of filling in with dirt, of a certain place, known as the "big gully," in road district No. 15, on the township line, between Fillmore and Manlius, near the place of J. Van Heulen. The Commissioner reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Plans and conditions will be made known at time and place of letting.

By order of Commissioner of Highways. GERRIT GARVELINK, Township Clerk of Fillmore. Dated, this 30th day of May, 1881. 17-1w

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the co partnership existing between William H. Beach and Horace G. Beach, under the firm name and style of Beach Bros., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Horace G. Beach retiring to engage in other business. William H. Beach, will continue the business of the firm at the old stand and warehouse, and pay all liabilities of the firm, and to whom all claims due the firm will be paid.

WILLIAM H. BEACH, HORACE G. BEACH. HOLLAND, May 31, 1880.

The undersigned will continue the business of the late firm in all its branches as heretofore. Returning thanks for past favors, would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. W. H. BEACH. HOLLAND, MICH., May 31, 1881. 17-4w

THE FINEST

Wines and Liquors

The Best Cigars,

AND

A Good Lunch

Can always be found at the

"ALHAMBRA,"

JOSEPH W. KIBLER, Prop'r, WASHINGTON STREET, GRAND HAVEN, (15-1m) MICHIGAN.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse; as Loss of Memory, After Taking. BEFORE TAKING, Universal Lassi- tude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO. No. 106 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

For Sale in Holland by Heber Walsh. 32-1y

NEW REVISION, AGENTS WANTED. NEW TESTAMENT. As made by the most eminent scholars of England and America. Half the price of Corresponding English Edition. Large type, linen super-calendered paper, elegant binding. A separate "Comprehensive History of the Bible and its Translations," including a full account of the New Revision, given to subscribers. Best chance for agents ever offered. Send stamp for particulars at once. 12-6w The Henry Bill Publishing Co., Norwich, Conn.

82 EIGHTH STREET 82

M. Huizenga & Co.,

Dealers in

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE,

And all kinds of Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Call and see the MICA LAMP CHIMNEY which never breaks.

We always have on hand a stock of

FLOUR and FEED,

Corn, Oats, Etc.

A full line of PROVISIONS, as Cheap as at any other place.

We have a full line of Teas, from 25 cents per pound and upward.

We sell Glassware Sets at 40 cents and upwards.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Don't Forget the Place.

M. HUIZENGA & CO.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 2, 1881. 12-3m

People who may reside at so great a distance from Grand Rapids that they cannot conveniently come to the city, can avail themselves of the most extensive and varied stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPETINGS

of every description to be found in Michigan, simply by writing us. Samples of nearly all kinds of goods can be sent by mail.

All orders strictly attended to, and any goods sent, not satisfactory, can be returned, and the money paid for the same will be refunded.

SPRING & COMPANY,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

HARDWARE!

We are now ready for the Spring Trade and have on hand a large supply of

Spring Harrows, Champion Grain Drills, Mowers, Reapers, Plows, Cultivators, And everything else of that character.

FERTILIZER

For Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, or any other crop, Tree, Plant, or Flower.

For Gardening it surpasses anything ever before used.

Hardware Store

Wm. C. MELIS,

Holland, Michigan.

You can find an extra large assortment of the best and finest farmers' implements, which we can afford to sell cheaper than those who devote all their time to it, and drive around the country at a great expense.

Our line of Shelf Hardware is complete.

Also a good supply of,

BARBED FENCE WIRE,

which gives universal satisfaction.

We also have on hand a full line of

Glass, Paints, Oils,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Come in and trade to your advantage.

Thanking our customers for their patronage in the past and hoping for a continuance of the same, we remain yours,

WM. C. MELIS. HOLLAND, Mich. 12-8w.

JUST RECEIVED

A very large stock of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

Hats and Caps,

At the store of

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

The finest line of NECKTIES ever brought to Holland.

DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES, DELAINES, GINGHAMS, CALICOES, TABLE LINEN.

HANDKERCHIEFS

From the finest Silk to the cheapest.

Embroidery, Laces, Yarns, HOSIERY, ETC.

Also a Full Line of

Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS ON HAND. G. Van Putten & Sons. HOLLAND, March 25th, 1881.

JOSLIN & BEST,

W. H. JOSLIN, R. B. BEST.

ELGIN

WATCHES

AND DEALERS IN

Clocks, Watches, Solid Gold and Plated Jewelry.

All Kinds of Spectacles.

Repairing neatly and promptly done, and warranted.

We invite all our old Colony friends, who happen to visit Grand Rapids, and all our old and new friends in and around the city of Grand Rapids, to call at our new place of business, and examine our stock. We shall be happy to see them at any time.

No. 132 MONROE ST. Near the Cor. of South Division St., Grand Rapids, Mich. GRAND RAPIDS, Dec. 1, 1880. 43-1y

\$1,000 FORFEIT!!

Immix Cancer Cure Depot, Coast-cook, P. Q. Canada.

CANCER CURED

without the use of the Knife. The only permanent Cure in the world. For particulars enclose two 3 cent stamps to S. C. SMITH, Coast-cook, P. Q. Canada.

Cures Swift and Certain. (Any paper can publish this for \$6 per year, with 15¢ note and paper sent regularly.) 1-1y

A fine assortment of all kinds of

DRESS GOODS.

A full line of

SHAWLS,

A large assortment of

SILKS

AND

RIBBONS.

A full line of Hosiery, Skirts and a nice assortment of white shirts, etc.

A full line of

BOOTS and SHOES

We have excellent TEA for 25 cents per pound and upward.

Eastern Salt at Bottom Prices.

A full line of CANNED GOODS, PICKLES and a complete line of

GROCERIES

Always on hand at

P. & A. STEKETEE. HOLLAND, May, 18th, 1881.

DR. A. G. OLIN,

301 SOUTH CLARK ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

A regular graduate of medicine, longer located in Chicago than any other specialist. Over 20 years successful practice. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rapture, and all Urinary Diseases. (Kidneys or Bladder.) Syphilitic or Mercerial Affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility, resulting from Self-Abuse, Sexual Excesses or over brain work, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, confusion of ideas and Impotency, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail. FREE. Guide to Health. 2 stamps. Medicine sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Incurable cases not undertaken. Special attention to Diseases of Women. Reliable Female Pills, \$5 a box. MARRIAGE GUIDE, 275 pages, a hundred pen pictures. Who should marry? Who not? Reasons why? Physical life of man and woman; how to be happy in the married relation. The married and those contemplating marriage, should read and preserve it for reference. Price, 50 cents, in Postage Stamps or currency. A. G. OLIN, M. D., 301 South Clark St., Chicago.

BUCKEYE

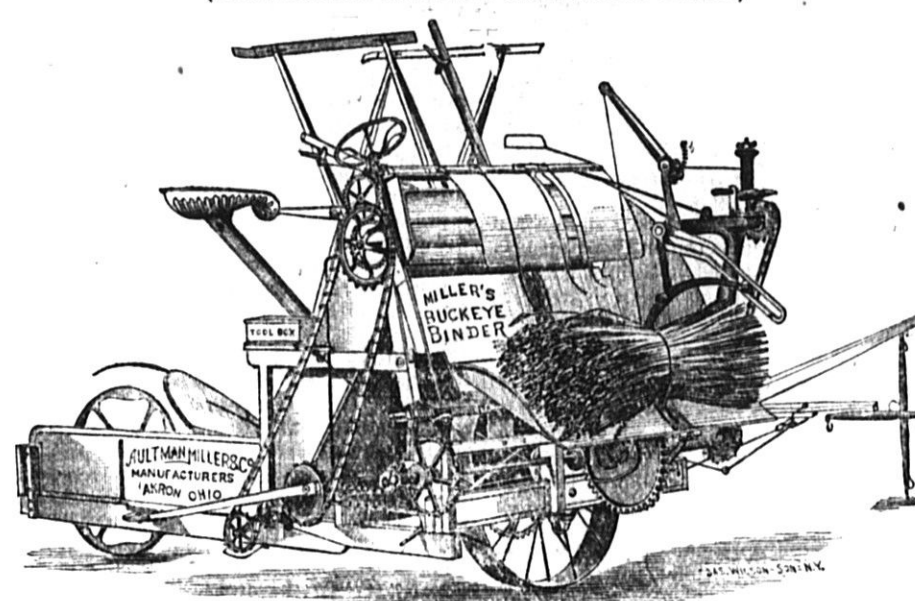
MOWER, TABLE-RAKE, HARVESTER & BINDER,

FOR SALE BY

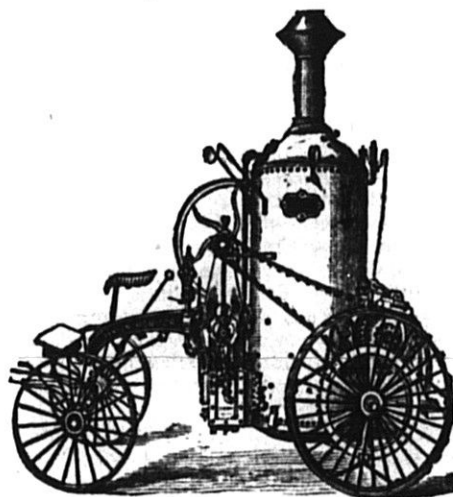
P. H. WILMS,

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

(This Machine binds with either Wire or Twine.)



This Machine is stronger, runs easier, is easier managed, and is less complicated than almost any other machine of its kinds.



CANTON MONITOR ENGINE.

Consumes the least fuel, is the most easily handled, is the quickest set for work, needs no digging or leveling, can be fired up the quickest, has the most perfect draft, has the best spark arrester, is the strongest and best Engine made; is the handiest, is the safest.

Repairs neatly and promptly done, and warranted.

We invite all our old Colony friends, who happen to visit Grand Rapids, and all our old and new friends in and around the city of Grand Rapids, to call at our new place of business, and examine our stock. We shall be happy to see them at any time.

No. 132 MONROE ST. Near the Cor. of South Division St., Grand Rapids, Mich. GRAND RAPIDS, Dec. 1, 1880. 43-1y

NERVINE PILLS.

They act like a charm on the Urinary Organs, Kidneys and Liver, restoring lost vigor, and curing nervous debility.

1-1y

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y. 1-1y

WANTED 10,000 BUCKEYE PILLS, of which I cure Piles. Address with stamp, Dr. J. N. Teller, St. Louis, Mo.

NEW MODEL THRESHER Vibrator.



Is the most effective and successful combination for saving and cleaning grain, ever produced; threshes all the grain, saves all, cleans grain and seeds, ready for market. No clogging, no choking, easy to feed. Fast, durable, economical and profitable. We claim and insist upon it that the new Model, when properly handled, will do cleaner work, save more grain, thresh, save and clean more seed, and show a greater net profit for both farmer and thrasher than any other machine made.

BUY THEM.

FARMERS "Don't You Forget It."

9-3m.

YOUNG MEN

Will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a thorough, quickening, practical education. Send for College Journal. 29-1y

J. Van Landegend

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron worker; plumber and steam fitter; does all kinds of sheet metal work to order, or repairing. Also driven Wells put down, and old pumps repaired. Stoves repaired and put up, etc., etc. Inquire at the Hardware store of J. R. Kleyn, Holland, Mich. 35-1y



CURES NEURALGIA AND TOOTHACHE. CURES NEURALGIA AND TOOTHACHE.

CURES ASTHMA AND CATARRH. CURES ASTHMA AND CATARRH.

Cures any kind of Lameness. Cures any kind of Lameness.

Sold by all Druggists. PRICE 50 cents and \$1.00.

Go to D. R. MEENGS for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability color they are unequalled. Color 2 to 5 lbs., price 15 cents.

1881. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1881.

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Flowers, Laces, Beaded & Silk Fringes

JACKETS, CIRCULARS AND DOLMAFS,

FANS & PARASOLS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Silk & Satins in all desirable Colors. Crape, Gloves, Hosiery, Germantown Yarn, Woosted, Canvas, Embroidery, SILK AND HAIR GOODS.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET . . . HOLLAND MICH

Notings.

FISHING is excellent.

STRAWBERRIES are beginning to ripen.

WORK at the harbor is progressing splendidly.

WE are sorry to learn that Capt. Bates, U. S. inspector, will be called away to operate on another harbor.

WE notice some fine hammocks for sale at Breyman's. They are the first we have ever seen offered for sale in this city.

WE hope that our city Marshal will show no favoritism in regard to the poor and broken sidewalks. They must be repaired.

WE are informed by reliable parties that the money subscribing is proceeding pretty well, \$4,000 having been added to the list on Thursday.

OUR city fathers and every body else will please remember, that we cannot take up anything to publish on Friday. That day we need for presswork and the mail.

MESSES. Stobbelaar & Benjaminse have opened Ice Cream parlors at Zeeland. This will be good news for those who frequently drive out that way, either for pleasure or business.

THE sandy part of the road to Zeeland, between Van der Haar's farm and Scholten's bridge is being graveled. This is a very good improvement, and one which was needed a long time.

A PUBLIC meeting was held at Zeeland on Tuesday evening last to take measures to have their main street sprinkled, and the result was that it will be a success. Good for Zeeland! It is an excellent example.

EX-MAYOR Cappon started for Syracuse, N. Y., on Monday last, to get his son, who has been there for medical treatment. We are informed that the son has improved considerably. They are expected home to day.

OUR local weather prophet—Mr. N. Albee—says that taking May 27th as the indicator for the next month, June will be dry, spoil our crops, and that the harvest will be wet and poor. We hope you'll be mistaken this time, Albee.

THE familiar whistle of the tug Fanny Shriver has been heard frequently of late. Excursionists have embraced the opportunity and accepted Capt. Pfantstiel's liberal offer for some pleasant rides down Black Lake. How nice it would be if she could run here all summer.

A SAD accident occurred at Overyse, on Saturday last, at the residence of Mr. John Kollen (brother of Prof. Kollen). A three-year old girl, in stepping back, fell into a pail of boiling hot water, which scalded her in such a terrific manner that the child died early on Sunday morning.

THE constant new inventions and improvements in hardware as well as in everything else, and the constant additions of stock and new ware at Mr. J. R. Kleyn's hardware store have induced him to advertise, and in a novel manner. Lookout for his advertisement in our next number!

SOME fiend in human form had the audacity to steal a pot of flowers, which had been imbedded in the earth covering the grave of Kitty Doesburg, on the night between Monday and Tuesday. We would like to have the satisfaction to publish such a persons name in large black type. If anyone happens to know who perpetrated this deed, and will prove it to us, we will give him or her a year's subscription to the News for nothing.

A FIVE-YEAR old son of Mr. Thos. Van Court, was drowned on Sunday night last, off the dock at Grand Haven, only a few feet west of the spot where James Brooks was found drowned with his head cut open in two places. The little boy was seen playing on a lumber pile only a few minutes before he was missed, but he was not found until noon on Tuesday. No marks of violence, however, were found on his body. The parents live in close proximity to the fatal spot, and feel deeply grieved about the sudden loss of their boy.

ONE more idea about the cows. We are informed by one of our attorneys that the State law covers the whole question. Under this law we are not obliged to build a fence, and this same law holds the owners of all animals (cattle, or anything else) responsible for the damages they may inflict on mankind or their property. Therefore let it be clearly understood that any man has the right to pull his fence down and leave his garden at the mercy of the cows walking abroad, and can then go to law and recover damages from the owners of such cows. The Laws of the State of Michigan say so, and we predict that the "music" will now begin.

Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., June 2, 1881.

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by President pro-tem Butkan.

Aldermen, Ter Vree, Beach, Butkan, Benkema, Winter, Landaul and the clerk.

Read, That the Council adjourn to Tuesday, June 7th, 1881, at 7:30 p. m.—Adopted.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

EIGHTH street is awful dusty.

ARE we going to celebrate the 4th of July?

Mrs. A. M. Burgess started on a pleasure trip to Wisconsin on Monday last.

IT appears that marrying is still the fashion, and two more weddings are near at hand.

Rev. W. B. Gillmore and family, of Manito, Ill., are in the city visiting relatives and friends.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., June 2, 1881: Ida Osborn.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

WE had a very nice shower of rain on Wednesday morning early, and another on Thursday night. It was really refreshing, although a little too late to bring to life the dead strawberry plants.

THE General Commencement of Hope College will take place on Wednesday, June 22nd, and the graduating exercises of the Preparatory Department will take place on Monday evening, June 20th.

MR. Jacob de Vries and Miss Lizzie Boomsliuter, were married on Thursday evening last, June 2, 1881, at the residence of the bridegroom's parents, by Rev. D. Broek. Both parties are from this city.

MR. L. Mulder, proprietor of De Grand-uet left for Chicago on Thursday evening, to purchase a cylinder press. Their edition has outgrown the utility of a hand-press, and a faster machine has become a necessity.

It seems pretty certain now that we will have a drive-way from the city to the harbor along the south side of Black Lake. When this road is completed, it will make the finest drive in Western Michigan. Nature has done everything for it; all it needs is a good road.

THE Supreme Court of New York has granted the order to change the name of the corporation of "Scribner & Co.," to "The Century Co."—the order to take effect on the 21st of June. The July issues of Scribner's Monthly and St. Nicholas will have the new corporate imprint.

FOR a nice coincidence we can mention the following: Mr. Gerrit Van Tubbergen, residing at East Saugatuck, and Mr. John Van Tubbergen, residing in this city, brothers, were both presented with a bouncing boy on Wednesday, May 25th, at exactly the same time—9 o'clock a. m.

MR. John G. Lee, editor of the Grand Haven News-Journal, is the only editor in Ottawa County who was invited to go to Detroit, on Tuesday last, together with a large party from different parts of the State, to go aboard of the large new iron passenger steamer of the Goodrich Transportation Co. and come around the lakes to Grand Haven, via Milwaukee, where she is expected to arrive to-day (Saturday).

By reading the new advertisements our readers will see that the Beach Brothers have dissolved their co-partnership by mutual consent. Mr. Horace G. Beach retires, and left on Wednesday last for the north, where he thinks he can drive a more profitable business. We are sorry to see our friend Horace go, and we'll miss him. The business however, will be continued just the same as before by Mr. William H. Beach, and on just as large a scale as their united enterprise has established for them.

THE Magnetic Springs of Grand Haven are now in the hands of Professor W. Paine. He has made many valuable improvements at quite an expense. Being a professor in medicine he has aimed to make it a Sanitarium, and has added the Pluge, Russian, Turkish, Sulphur, Electric, Ozone, Medicated, Antiseptic or Disinfectant baths. When you visit Grand Haven, go and see it! The professor can be consulted either in person or by letter free of charge at his office in the Sanitarium, Grand Haven, Michigan, opposite Cutler House.

WE are very happy to announce that the long talked of road to North Holland, which includes a new bridge across Black River, is in a fair way of becoming a fact. The township of Holland is taking the initiatory steps to construction. This outlet or inlet will materially help this city, and has been looked for long and eagerly. We are informed that the Township officers would like to see our citizens help them a hand in the construction of the bridge. The road and bridge will be outside of the corporation and therefore the aid which we expect for this project will have to be voluntarily, our city authorities having no power to act in the premises. But we trust that every one of our merchants will see that all the aid extended to this project will benefit them more than anybody else.

SMOKED Whitefish and Soused Herring, at 17-2w

PESSINK'S.

Real Estate Transfers in Ottawa County.

For the week ending June 1, 1881.

By the kindness of our Register of Deeds—Mr. Jacob Baar—we are enabled to lay before our readers, every week, all the real estate transactions which pass through the Register's hands. We take this occasion to publicly thank him for this great favor. It is a valuable addition to our paper which we hope our readers will appreciate:

Wm. R. Louft and wife to Duncan Robinson et al Part lot 1, block 3, Akeley add., Grand Haven. Consideration \$2,000.
Edward P. Ferry, executor, to John Bryce et al, Lot 85, Grand Haven. Consideration \$1,000.
Orson E. Locke and wife to Hartley Morgridge, S E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec 23-7-14. \$700.
Harvey E. Felt to Andrew M. Cole, part N E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec 85-8-16 (5 acres). \$300.
Enos Parish and wife to Eli F. Parish, N W ¼ of S W ¼, Sec 17-7-14. \$100.
Edward H. Macy to Wm. M. Ferry, W ¼ of S E ¼, Sec 3, and E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec 10-7-16. \$300.
Heath A. Akeley and wife to Robt. E. Pelree, lot 6 block 16, Akeley's add., Grand Haven. \$400.
Joseph Snay and wife to Peter van Singel, S E ¼ of N E ¼, Sec 3-6-14. \$625.
Fannie M. Eddy to Ellen Admire, E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec 8-6-15. \$1000.
Rebecca Roberts et al to Rebecca Bailey, W 4-10th of lots 1 and 2, Sec 11, and W 35 acres of N E ¼, Sec 14-7-14. \$3,325.
Grosvenor Reed to Dwight Cutler, S E ¼ of Sec 28-7-15. \$800.
John W. Reed to Grosvenor Reed, part S E ¼ of Sec 28-7-15. \$100.
Charles B. Harris and wife to Healy C. Akeley, lots 4, 9, 10 and 11 of block 20, M. & H. Add., Grand Haven. \$1,050.
Henry Brouwer and wife to Jan Bakker, W ¼ of lot 8, block 14, M. & H. add., Gr. Haven. \$400.
Henry Reynolds and wife to Oscar F. Cookin, lot 10, Columbia L. Gee and wife to Hendrikus Nibbe, blk. part S E ¼ of N E ¼, Sec 27-5-15. \$461.
Jan Bos and wife to Jacob Bos, W 18½ acres of N E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec 25 and part E ¼ of S W ¼, Sec 24-6-13. \$1,100.
John Vredevoogd and wife to Jacob Bush, W 18½ acres N E ¼ of N W ¼, Sec 25 and part E ¼ of S W ¼, Sec 24-6-13. \$30.
Lewis Christman to Jacob P. Vandike, N E ¼ of S E ¼, Sec 20-9-13. \$512.50.
Jacob van Dijk and wife to Geert P. van Dijk, E ¼ of W ¼ of S W ¼, Sec 16-9-13. \$60.
Elizabeth and Rachel Griffin to Dwight Cutler part lot 271, Grand Haven. \$437.50.
Edward P. Ferry and wife to Francis Sanford, part lot 102, Grand Haven. \$800.
Jackson E. Latham et al to John Dijk, N W ¼ of S W ¼, Sec 13-7-14. \$1,500.
Johannes Mulder to Nancy Mulder, lot 7 block 26, City of Holland. \$100.
Arthur A. Husted to Fred L. Senter, part S W ¼ of N E ¼, Sec 28-5-16. \$300.

CAPT. F. Brouwer, wishes to express his thanks to the party of young ladies who serenaded him on Wednesday night. He says the singing was beautiful.

GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

SENATOR Thos. W. Ferry was brought home sick on a special train on Tuesday.

Rev. Chr. Van der Veen has gone east to attend the session of the General Synod of the Reformed Church.

The refuse burner at Boyden & Akeley's shingle mill appears to be a very dangerous institution. Hardly a day passes by without fires break out in different parts of the mill yard, occasioned by sparks and fire thrown out of the burner.

TUESDAY night we had a light shower of rain, hardly enough to lay the dust, although all around us heavy rains have been reported. The vegetation is suffering by drouth, and unless we soon get some steady rain there will be but a poor show for vegetables.

Miss Mary Brink, so long and favorably known as head clerk for Major B. D. Sanford, was married on Wednesday forenoon to Mr. A. Knopfel, of Chicago. Rev. H. Johnson officiated. The bride looked beautiful, in a white dress trimmed with satin, and the church was filled to its utmost capacity. After the ceremony the young couple left for Chicago, where Mr. Knopfel resides.

BRYCE, BLOECKER & Co. are putting up the frame for a new machine shop, on the corner of First and Fulton streets. The main building is to be one story high, 100 feet long and 34 feet wide, with 16 feet posts, and a wing on the north side of 22 by 50 feet. The foundry will be built in the rear of the machine shop and entirely separate. All the buildings will be veneered with brick and the work is being pushed as fast as possible.

BAILEY's mill, in the Fourth Ward, was discovered on fire at noon, about 12½ o'clock, on Thursday, and being over a mile from the engine house, no alarm was given until the fire was past control. This mill, formerly known as the Roberts' mill, was managed by Wm. T. Bailey, who was principally sawing for other parties. A large amount of lumber, estimated at between 150,000 to 200,000 feet, has also been damaged or destroyed by this fire. There is some insurance on the mill, but none on the lumber.

THE steam barge H. C. Akeley, Capt. Jas. Stretch, arrived on Monday morning from Escanaba, completing her first trip, with about 1200 tons of iron ore. The owners and captain express themselves perfectly satisfied with her qualities. With forty-five pounds of steam, loaded as she was, drawing 13 feet of water, she made eight miles per hour. In going up to Fruitport, she got aground in the mouth of Spring Lake, at Ferryburg, on a shoal point. It is understood that her owners will have the shoal or bar taken away and the channel dredged to a uniform depth of 15 feet, which will enable her to carry 1500 tons of ore each trip, as there is not less than 16 feet of water on the bar at the mouth of Grand River.

Our Big Bargains have Arrived.

Having just arrived home from my second trip this season to New York where I received some great bargains from

AUCTION & SEVERAL JOB LOTS.

We offer during the next 30 days a reduction of fully 25 per cent on

Wraps, Havelocks, Dolmans, Walking Jackets,

French and English and German Dress Goods and primary other goods too numerous to mention.

We guarantee to show customers DRY GOODS of every description cheaper than ever before known to the trade.

F. W. WURZBURG.

COR. CANAL & BRONSON STS.

Grand Rapids, Mich.

Open every evening with 4 Electric Lights, making our store in the evening as light as day. Exclusive Agency of the celebrated perfect fitting Domestic Paper Fashions. Any person buying material amounting to \$3 or upward, will receive a pattern free of charge. 9-1A

Stekette's Pin Worm Destroyer



Is the only sure cure for the destruction of the Pin Worm, and it also takes the Stomach and Tape Worm. No physic is necessary. Price, only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

GEO. G. STEKETEE, Sole Proprietor.

89 Monroe St.,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

GROCERY

AND DRY GOODS STORE

C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries,—always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.

HOLLAND, Sept. 30th, 1880.

AGAIN referring to the entertainment to be given at Lyceum Hall, Tuesday evening, June 14, by "G. Paul Smith and the Selden Concert Company," we clip the following from among a hundred different press notices. For description of the whole party, (which includes several ladies and gentlemen) see, and read carefully, their elegant descriptive printing:

So pleased the audience that he was obliged to respond to numerous encores.—Toledo Blade.

His "Juliet" was a gem of finished acting. We can safely say that no entertainment given during the winter has given as much or as general satisfaction as these by G. Paul Smith.—St. Paul Daily Globe.

In touching pathos, sparkling wit, depth of thought and powerful human interest he has never been surpassed. A child in years, he possesses the intellect of a man—the towering, commanding genius of a great mind.—New York Reporter.

The character personations and recitations of G. Paul Smith are truly wonderful. Although but nineteen years of age he already stands pre-eminent in his profession, and will, in time, no doubt, astonish the world.—Chicago Times.

Col. Dunbar should have the thanks of the entire community for bringing to this city G. Paul Smith. His character personations are perfectly captivating, and no audience could possibly be more highly entertained than was that at Union Hall last evening. How any human being can impersonate so many characters, entirely differing in voice, manners, physique and dress, is beyond comprehension. It makes no difference what the character is he impersonates, all are equally well done, from the blushing sixteen-year old girl in lace and satin, to the old man of seventy. The entertainment is simply A No. 1.—Kalamazoo Morning Gazette.

Now is the chance for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. FLIEMAN,

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sells them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

Better wagon in every way

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND Open and Top Buggies,

ALSO AGENT FOR BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN, Holland, Mich.

PIANOS & ORGANS

Being general agent for Ottawa, Allegan, Muskegon and Kent counties, I can sell at wholesale as well as at retail the celebrated

STEINWAY, CHICKERING, HAZLETON AND GOBLER'S PIANOS

—ALSO—

Wilcox & White, Western Cottage, Smith's American and Entoy Organs.

My Stores are to be found at HOLLAND, GRAND RAPIDS & COOPERSVILLE.

My store in Holland will be found next door to Bosman's Clothing store, and has just been replenished with choice instruments, which I offer to sell, just as cheap as any Music House in America.

New Organs can be found at my place at \$55.

Come & See the Instruments G. RANKINS.

HOLLAND, Dec. 10, 1880. 44-6m

LITTLE FEET.

Mark! I hear the little feet
Of the tiny Maykin sweet
Pattering on the floor;
Back and forward, to and fro,
Now they come, and now they go,
Restless ever more!

First a pattering, then a peace,
Faster now, and now they cease,
Waiting at the door;
Now renew their little part,
Practice all their tiny art
Freshly o'er and o'er.

Music springs from every beat,
Comes so softly and so sweet,
Thrills us through and through;
Like a poet's soothing rhymes,
Or the evening's mellow chimes
O'er the waters blue.

Now I hear them on the stair!
Yes, the little feet are there,
Coming sure and slow;
Now they patter, now they stay,
Feeling out their tiny way
To the room below.

Now they safely reach the floor,
Come they quickly through the door,
Opened for them wide;
Bring they in with roguish grace
A little merry, laughing face,
To darling mamma's side.

There they gladly rest awhile
'Neath the sunshine of her smile,
There we'll let them be;
But the echoes soft and sweet
Of those little pattering feet
Through the coming years shall greet
Our loving memory!

TORPEDO JIM.

The Story of a Moonlighter—Life in the Oil
Fields of Northern Pennsylvania.

"I am dying; yes, dying."

Away up on the Bingham lands, in the
great northern oil field of Pennsylvania,
a man lay dying. The flare of a huge
gas jet came struggling through the
wide crack of the rude hemlock board
shanty and fell on the form of a man
upon whose features the hand of trouble
and sorrow had left heavy traces. He
was alone, save the writer of this, and as
the hours dragged slowly along he grew
uneasy, as if he feared and dreaded the
end which was inevitable. With an ef-
fort he roused himself.

"What time is it?" he asked.

"Nine o'clock."

"Big Jack won't be home till half-past
12, and before that time I will be locat-
ing 'wild cat' wells in another world."

"Shall I go for him?"

"No, oh, no! Don't leave me. I
couldn't watch out the last tour and run
the last bit alone. I want to tell Big
Jack something, but you will do just as
well. Can you keep a secret?"

"Yes."

"Well, it's a strange story I've got to
tell, and I want somebody to know it
before—"

He paused a long time for breath.
The cabin or "shanty" in which he lay
was situated in a sheltered spot among a
cluster of giant pines, and was the only
habitation for miles around. Five men
occupied the cabin—two drillers, two
tool-dressers, and a male cook. Two of
the men were, at 9 o'clock at night, busy
at the test well a half mile away, two
others were on a visit to Bradford for
provision supplies, and the fifth one lay
in a rude bunk above the gas stove,
tossing from side to side and waiting for
the "silent summons." It was Torpedo
Jim, the moonlighter.

Jim had been sick for three days, so
the head driller, Big Jack Sanford, said,
and as I stood by the side of his bunk
and watched the pain-contorted face I
wished I might lift the veil hanging over
this man's life and so learn the romance
and tragedy lying deeply hidden beneath
the blue shirt and heavy coat. As I
stood watching and waiting he started
up in a fright.

"My God, did you hear that?" he al-
most shrieked.

"No; I heard nothing. What was it?"

"A woman's scream. I have heard it
before more than once. Go outside and
listen."

Curiously wondering what the man
could mean I opened the door and
stepped out into the night. All was
still and dark save a low whispering
among the pines and the flare of the
burning gas. Away off down the valley
at the test well I could hear the puff,
puff of the laboring engine as it swung
the ponderous drilling tools up and down,
and the ring of the heavy hammer as the
tool dresser pounded the bit into proper
shape. No other sound broke the still-
ness of the night, and the little cabin
under the pine was as silent as the grave.
Into the room again and by the invalid's
bunk was but a step, and as his eyes
met mine the mute question was quickly
answered:

"I could hear nothing except the well;
all is still," was my reply.

"It must be that I am dying; yes,
dying," the man murmured once more,
"and I cannot go with a secret on my
mind."

After having been propped up with a
pillow of old coats and boots he began:
"I s'pose you have heard of Torpedo
Jim, the moonlighter? Yes? Well, that's
me, and I got the name because I'm the
only living man that took active part in
two glycerine explosions and lived. I've
handled hundreds of tons of the infernal
stuff, both in the employ of Roberts, the
torpedo monopolist, and working for
myself, skulking around the woods at
night and shooting wells against the
law. I've been a pipe line man, a tool
dresser and a driller and a heap of other
things besides, but the worst business I
ever got into was this same moonlight-
ing. A man will stay out of it so long
as he fears God and regards man, and I
tell you he gets pretty well hardened
before he can sneak around nights with
enough dynamite to blow him into four
different townships in the wink of an
eye. When you gets to that he don't
care whether he lives or dies the next
minute he goes into moonlighting and
makes a heap of money. Oh, yes, there's
lots of money in it, but it is dearly earned
cash. But I wasn't always a moon-
lighter. Oh, no; I used to be as prom-
ising a boy as ever walked, and that was
only a short time ago. I am only twen-

ty-six years old now, but I have felt to be
nearly fifty for the past two years. What
made me a moonlighter? I'll show you.
There, that made me a moonlighter and
—a murderer!"

It was a picture, a small locket pic-
ture, of a beautiful young woman with
dreamy brown eyes, sweet pouting lips
and a wealth of dark brown hair. A
most lovable young lady, surely, if the
picture might be taken as a basis of cal-
culation. The features were strongly
familiar to me, for they resembled the
features of the wife of a prominent oil
operator whom I had met several times
at private receptions and small parties.
The man continued without interrup-
tion:

"Ah, you start," he said, with a fierce
laugh. "You have seen the original? Yes?
And you will see her again, too. Four
years ago I was engaged to that
woman, and I was as happy as the day
was long. I had bright prospects in
life then, and my father, who was in
business in Philadelphia, where we lived,
was supposed to be pretty comfortably
fixed in life. But some how or other,
after he died and his affairs were straight-
ened out, my mother and I hadn't a
cent to give a beggar. I tried clerking
and book-keeping in Philadelphia for a
while, but it was no go, and to cap the
climax of my misery the young lady I
was engaged to broke off the engage-
ment, with the polite excuse that she
thought too much of me to hamper me
with an engagement, and that I could
climb the ladder of fortune much better
if I were not bound by ties of any kind.

Very tender and considerate, wasn't she.
She never cared for me as much as she
did for my money, but I just worshipped
her, and when she threw me over in that
cool way I wilted right down and left the
city. I landed in the lower oil country,
and tried to do something. And then
when I saw my mistake it was too late to
get good bargains on leases in the north-
ern field, but I came here all the same
and tried to make my way. I had my
mother to support in Philadelphia all the
time, and it was through her that I
learned of the marriage of the woman I
loved to a wealthy man from the oil re-
gions. I was sick for two weeks after
that, stranger, and when I came to my
senses I wasn't the same man. I didn't
care to live, and if it hadn't been for my
poor old mother I should have killed my-
self. I became rough and reckless and
did the roughest work I could find. I
drove team a while, and then built rigs
and dressed tools. After a while I turned
driller and tried to save money for my
mother, but I didn't make it fast enough.
The longer I lived in the northern field
the more reckless I became, and it was
not long before I was a moonlighter. I
made torpedoes for shooting wells
against the law, and lived out in the
woods in a little log hut, and hated the
sight of man. I soon became the boldest
and most successful moonlighter in the
country, and every cent of money I
could get above expenses I sent to
Philadelphia. I got on the inside of a
lot of information some lucky speculators
had, and took a flyer on the market with
splendid result. I made money hand
over fist, but fortune came too late to do
me any good, and though I was still a
young man, I looked forward to nothing
this world could give. A year ago this
winter I took to drinking 'tangle-foot'
whisky, and after two or three sprees I
got to going at a terrible rate, and one
day in the early spring of 1880, some
time in April, I think, I got into a row
with a man at the head of Tram Hollow,
and we had a red-hot fight. We were
both drunk, and when I found I was
getting the best of him a wild thrill ran
through me, the devil took full posses-
sion of my actions, and before I could
think twice I had stabbed him to the
heart, and my hands were stained with
the blood of a fellow creature!"

The dying man shook with agony as
the thoughts of that terrible deed came
upon him, and his pain-distorted face
was lifted in prayer for mercy and for-
giveness. It was a solemn hour for a
stranger to that rocky country—the
death-bed confession under the moaning
pines and the long shadows of the giant
trees casting their sombre forms about in
the flickering light of the gas jet. A
silence fell upon us suddenly; the moan-
ing of the pines sank to the faintest of
whispers; while from afar down the val-
ley came the whirr and roar of the bull
wheel as the cable of the heavy drill at
the well ran with lightning speed over
the crown pulley down into the earth
two thousand feet.

"Hark!" said the man whom death
was about to claim. "Big Jack is run-
ning the tools and letting them slide so
that I can hear. It is the last time I will
ever hear that sound. I have heard it
often and handled the bull wheel brake
many times. I never will again; no,
never again on this earth."

He was silent again and so still was
the night that I could hear the thud of
the walking beam and the rattle of the
cable against the derrick. The silence
became absolutely painful, until at last
the melancholy face of the dying man
was raised again.

"Stranger, come nearer; I'm going
fast and I must tell you the rest. After
I had killed that man I hid the body in
a clump of brush and searched him to
learn who he was. I never found out
for he had on his oily clothes and there
was nothing in his pockets only this, a
little piece of paper, and on it was writ-
ten: 'What is life? 'Tis but a vapor;
soon it vanishes away.' True, isn't it?
At least I have found it so. Well, after
I hid that man in the bush heap I wan-
dered around the country and couldn't eat
or sleep. It was glorious weather at
that time; everything was as dry as
a bone, and the next day as I stood be-
fore that brush pile, by some power of
attraction that made me go there, I saw
a great column of black smoke rise up
near Row City. I knew it was an oil
fire and I knew it would sweep a large
area of country and leave nothing but
ashes and the casing in the oil wells.
The ground was sprinkled with oil all
over the field and the leaves were as im-

flammable as powder. Well, I watched
the Row City fire grow larger and larger,
and all at once I became a fiend incar-
nate and set the leaves and oil-soaked
brush on fire around the big tinder pile
that hid the body of the unfortunate
pauper I had killed. Instantly the
whole place was a blazing mass and the
fire spread so fast I had to run for my
life. Did you ever see an oil fire? Yes?
And saw the fires in Row City, Tram
Hollow and Foster Brook on that awful
day? Is that so? Well, then, you know
how fast they run and what a roar they
make. It was just awful that day. I
never saw anything like it. It was re-
ported that the Tram Hollow fire was
accidental and that the fire started from
some sparks that had been smoldering in
a stump pile. That's all nonsense, for I
started the fire myself and had to run
for life to keep out of its way. Like a
crazy old fool I ran down the valley with
the wind and the fire followed me like a
monster ready to avenge itself. There
were some houses down in the valley
and they used to call the place Oil Cen-
tre, and when I reached the first house
the fire had caught up to me and I
jumped into the creek and ran down in
safety out of the reach of the fire.

"Pretty soon I came to a house that
belonged to a woman, and it was all she
had between her and poverty, and I
saw her trying to carry out some things,
but before she could do anything the
fire swooped down and caught up that
house like a whirlwind. That woman
turned to me, gave one unearthly, heart-
rending scream and fainted away. I
took care of her until she was able to
walk, and then put her in charge of
some of her friends. Oh, that awful
scream. I have heard it many times
since, and I heard it to-night while you
were here. It has haunted me day and
night; it has given me no rest. I some-
times think that the pauper I killed was
some relative of hers, and that her scream
comes to me in punishment for the deed.
You know the result of that Tram Hollow
fire? Scores of people thrown on the
world homeless and penniless; thousands
upon thousands of dollars lost; children
crying for bread about the skirts of their
heart-broken mothers. I have since
done what I could in a feeble way to see
that those homeless people did not suffer
for the necessities of life; but, oh, the
remorse that has gnawed at my heart
since that fatal day! Why, oh, why did
I ever touch the accursed whisky that
made me a fiend? Why, oh, why did
the woman I loved drive me to this?
Oh, curse—"

He stopped as if stricken dumb, his
eyes glaring wildly from their sockets,
his face a picture of horror and fear.

"My God!" he shrieked; "that scream
again! Did you hear it? No, how could
you, for it comes only to me. I feel
that I'm going very fast now. Come
closer. Here, take the picture and keep
it, and—some-day show it—to the wo-
man it represents—and tell her—and—
tell her—I—I loved her—to—the—the-
last!"

The gaslight came struggling through
the cracks in the rough cabin and fell
upon an upturned face, from which had
faded sorrow and care and hate and fear
and all things earthly, and which as the
angel of death released the suffering
spirit reflected from its cold form the
look of peace and love of the dead but
unforgotten past. Slowly, reverently, I
closed the door of the rude building and
left the dead alone with the changing
shadows under the moaning pines. Down
the little valley to the test well I walked
as in a dream, and as I opened the door
of the derrick and stood before the giant
form of Big Jack Sanford. That large-
hearted man gazed at me in surprised
silence.

"The man up at the shanty" I be-
gan, and a lump seemed to come into my
throat all at once.

"Yes?" said Jack interrogatively.

"He is—is—dead!" and I sat down on
the anvil in sheer despair.

"What! Jim Barton? Torpedo Jim?"

I could only nod assent.

"Dead! Torpedo Jim dead! Poor
Jim!" A great sob shook the burly
form of the driller as he groped blindly
for the throttle wheel.

With a creaking and jarring the pon-
derous machinery came to a standstill,
and honest-hearted Jack Sanford leaned
against the back brate of the sand-reel
and wiped the moisture from his eyes
with a kind of a groan. The tool dresser
came rattling into the derrick with a
Gem Theater song on his lips, but as he
saw his fellow worker the song died
away and he stood in amazement before
his friend, nervously wiping his grimy
hands with a bit of waste.

"What—what's the matter, Jack?
Lost a bit down the hole or has she
stuck fast in the rock?" inquired the
tool-dresser.

No reply.

"Ain't broke the temper screw, nor
nothin', hev' ye?"

With an effort the driller roused him-
self and started the heavy tools once
more. Then nodding toward the bull
wheel and then at the tug wheel rope-
belt, he soon had the tool-dresser busily
engaged in preparing to raise the tools
from the hole two thousand feet under
the ground.

Have you ever stood in an oil derrick
and watched a heavy set of drilling
tools being raised from the bottom of a
hole two thousand feet deep? How the
cables springs and stretches; how the
timbers creak and groan, as if every
revolution of the monstrous bull wheel
was attended with pain, and how the en-
gine labors and fiercely coughs forth its
discontent at such hard work.

As Big Jack Sanford turned on the
steam that night and started the drill
from its rocky bed, every piece of tim-
ber and every bit of iron seemed to cry
out against the proceeding. Never had
the thickly-braided cable shot out from
the hole with such lightning speed, and
never before had the tool-dresser for-
gotten to pour water down the hole as
the swaying tools came rushing to the
surface. How the dirty water and bits

of sand did fly about as the cable rattled
over the boards of the derrick! But the
nerve of Big Jack never faltered, and in
the midst of the rush and roar he found
time to order the tool-dresser to put out
the fire under the boiler and close up
for the night. At last the unwieldy drill
stood dripping on the derrick floor, and
silently the driller led the way up through
the wooded valley to the lonely cabin.
As we neared the place I gently held the
tool-dresser's arm and allowed Big Jack
to go on and enter the cabin alone. All
this time the tool dresser was profoundly
ignorant of the whole affair, and as I
broke the news to him as gently as pos-
sible, the usually thoughtless man so-
bered down and said nothing for a long
time. At length, with a suspicious
huskiness in his voice, he spoke.

"Poor old boy! his troubles on this
earth are over forever. And poor Jack,
he loved Jim like a brother, although he
knew that Jim was once a high-toned
cuss from New York or some big city.
They say he had a mother, but he was
ashamed to see her as he was, and none
of us, not even Big Jack, knows where
she is. But I know she has been well
provided for, because Jack told me Jim
had given her about twenty thousand
dollars that he made up here. She
wanted him to come home and live with
her, and they say that when he would
get a letter from her he would go out
into the woods by himself and stay till
night, and then he would burn the let-
ter in the fire. Strange, wasn't it?"

Softly we entered the little cabin and
stood in the presence of the dead. It
seemed so strangely that death should
come down and lay his hands on the sick
man under the health-giving pines; it
didn't seem like other haunts of death,
like funerals in churches and grand
houses, where sorrowing friends crowd
around the silver-trimmed casket and
take a last look at the tenement of clay.
There it was pomp and wordly sorrow;
here it was poor, unfortunate James
Barton, Torpedo Jim, lying in his bunk
so cold and still and silent. We sat in
the little cabin a long while in silence,
each man busy with his own thoughts
and strangely affected by the presence
of death in the lonely forest. The night
wore on apace and after awhile Big Jack
Sanford, the driller, rose and went out
of the room into the early morning, clos-
ing the door carefully, as if afraid he
might disturb the corpse of his friend.
Hours passed as one by one the stars
faded away and the sun came gleaming
through the tree-tops and the tool-dresser
and I dropped off to sleep, and when we
were awakened by the sound of footsteps
we saw Big Jack coming toward the
cabin with a rough hemlock box shaped
like a coffin.

"It isn't so nice as I could wish," said
Big Jack as he deposited his burden on
the board table, "but it is the best we
can do."

With the loving tenderness of a
father, Big Jack gathered the inanimate
form of Torpedo Jim in his strong arms
and laid him gently in the narrow coffin.
And then he and the tool-dresser lifted
the remains and carried them through
the doorway and down the path leading
past the well. It was the most sorrowful
funeral procession I have ever seen; it
wasn't much of a procession, to be sure.
Jack and his fellow-worker led the way
with the body and I followed. Yet there
was sorrow there; sorrow for the dead,
and aching hearts and broken sighs
joined with the moaning pines in chant-
ing a requiem for one to whom fate had
been a bitter enemy. Down past the
wall to a lightning-blasted giant pine
and at its foot was a newly-made grave,
the last loving labor that noble-hearted
Jack could do for his dead friend, and
then, as we lowered the blue-eyed man
into his last resting place, the sun burst
through a cloud and fell full upon us and
cast a halo of golden glory about the
scene, and when all was done the driller
raised his arms, and said slowly and
solemnly:

"Peace to his dust and ashes through
time and eternity. Amen."

Poor Jim? Yes, poor Jim; for away
out in the Bingham forests sleeps the
blue-eyed man, who will always be in
the great army of those who die un-
known to home and friends, and who
will to the end of time be among the
missing. And in her comfortable Phila-
delphia home the patient, loving mother
waits and watches for her boy, the boy
who will gladden the old, tried heart, and
brighten the old home never again on
this earth, and by-and-by she will put
away the well-worn Bible and gold-
bowed spectacles and lie down to sleep
the sleep that rights all wrongs, heals
all wounds, and gives the beloved eternal
peace and rest.

And in a little valley in the great north-
ern oil field there stands a giant blasted
pine, with these words:

"Sacred to the memory of Torpedo
Jim, who died unknown, 1881."—Phila-
delphia Times.

*A true story.

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