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### Holland City News, Volume 11, Number 17: June 3, 1882

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XI.—NO. 17.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1882.

WHOLE NO. 537.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND, - - MICHIGAN.

OFFICE: VAN LANDEGHE'S BLOCK.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.

Editor and Publisher.

### Terms of Subscription:

\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

JOBS PRINTING Promptly and Neatly Executed.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	8 50	15 00	28 00
2 " "	5 00	9 00	16 00
3 " "	3 50	6 00	10 00
4 " "	2 50	4 00	7 00
5 " "	2 00	3 00	5 00
6 " "	1 50	2 00	4 00
7 " "	1 25	1 50	3 00
8 " "	1 00	1 25	2 50
9 " "	75	1 00	2 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

All advertising bills collectible quarterly.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's signifies that no paper will be continued after date.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect, Sunday Jan. 15, 1882.

From Holland to Chicago.	From Chicago to Holland.
N't. Mix. Exp. ed. Mall. towns. Mall. Mix. N't. Exp. ed.	
p. m. a. m. p. m.	p. m. a. m. p. m.
10:30 9:30 11:50 ..... Holland.....	3:25 8:00 5:15
10:40 10:10 12:08 East Saugatuck	3:05 7:35 5:00
10:55 10:40 12:20 ..... Richmond.....	2:55 7:20 4:45
12:00 12:15 1:55 ..... Gd. Junction.....	2:15 5:45 3:55
12:25 12:50 1:10 ..... Bangor.....	2:00 5:15 3:35
1:50 3:10 2:30 ..... Benton Harbor.....	12:50 3:15 2:10
2:05 0 2:45 ..... St. Joseph.....	12:40 3:05 2:00
3:30 6:00 3:50 ..... New Buffalo.....	11:40 1:00 11:55
7:30 ..... 5:50 ..... Chicago.....	9:00 ..... 9:10
a. m. p. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m. p. m.

On Saturday night the Night express north runs earlier, leaving Chicago 5:15 p. m., arriving at Holland 2:30 Sunday morning.

### GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.	From Grd. Rapids to Holland.
a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.
5:30 8:15 3:25 ..... Holland.....	11:45 9:10 10:10
5:35 9:40 3:35 ..... Zeeland.....	11:35 8:40 9:55
5:57 9:20 3:52 ..... Hudsonville.....	11:15 7:40 9:25
6:15 10:00 4:05 ..... Grandville.....	11:00 7:10 9:05
6:35 10:30 4:20 ..... Grand Rapids.....	10:45 6:35 8:45
a. m. p. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m. p. m.

On Sunday morning the Night Express leaves Holland 2:30 and arrives in Grand Rapids 4:10 a. m.

### MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.	From Muskegon to Holland.
a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.
7:30 3:25 11:45 ..... Holland.....	3:25 10:45 9:40
6:00 ..... 12:15 ..... West Olive.....	3:05 10:05
..... 12:20 ..... Bushkill.....	
..... 12:25 ..... Johnsville.....	9:45
6:35 4:15 12:40 ..... Grand Haven.....	2:40 9:10 8:40
6:50 4:30 12:50 ..... Ferrysburg.....	2:30 9:00 8:35
7:20 4:50 1:20 ..... Muskegon.....	2:05 8:15 8:00
a. m. p. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m. p. m.

### ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to Allegan.	From Allegan to Holland.
a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m. a. m. p. m.
10:45 3:25 ..... Holland.....	11:45 5:45
11:15 3:40 ..... Fillmore.....	11:20 5:10
11:35 4:00 ..... Hamilton.....	11:07 4:55
1:00 4:15 ..... Dunning.....	10:53 4:15
12:45 4:40 ..... Allegan.....	10:30 3:30
p. m. p. m.	a. m. p. m.

\* Mixed trains.  
† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Chicago time.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MOBRIDE, & CARROLL, Attorneys at Law, Leppig's Block, Grand Rapids, Michigan. Business in Kent, Ottawa and Allegan Counties will be promptly attended to.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law, corner of River and Eighth streets.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOXBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions are fully put up; Eighth at

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

### Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G., General Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Proprietors. The only first-class Hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town, and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the State. Free bus in connection with the Hotel. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHENIX HOTEL, E. P. Montleth proprietor. Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R. R. depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free Hack for accommodation of guests. On Ninth str., Holland, Mich. 10-ly

SCOTT'S HOTEL, Wm. J. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and Fish str., convenient to both depots. Terms, \$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on. Holland, Mich. 18-ly

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

### Meat Markets.

BUTKAU, Wm. New Meat Market, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Pluiger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills) near foot of 8th street.

VAN RAALTE, B. dealer in Farm Implements and Machinery, cor. River and Ninth Street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor. 10th and River streets.

### Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short notice. Office at his residence New Holland, Michigan. 9-ly

### Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be found in his office, on River street, next door to D. R. Meenges, drug store, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and the balance of the week he will treat the Eye and Ear at No. 132 Monroe st., Grand Rapids, Mich. 6-ly

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Ninth street, near the cor. of Market street. Office one door west of Van Raalte's boot and shoe store. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 12 m., and from 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. 50-ly

SCHIPHORST, L. Physician and Surgeon; office at the drug store of Schouten & Schepers; in prepared at all times, day or night, to attend to "calls."

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Accoucher. Office at Dr. Schouten's drug store, Eighth street. 40-ly

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon; office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county, Mich. Office hours from 12 to 2 P. M. 20-ly

### Photographers.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer. Gallery opposite this office.

### Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market and Eighth Street.

### Societies.

#### I. O. O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

R. A. SCHOUTEN, N. G.

M. HARRINGTON, R. S.

#### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, June 28, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

H. C. MATRAU, W. M.

D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

GENTLEMEN looking for the new styles in Hats, Straw or Felt, will find the same at

D. BERTSCH.

Just received a full stock of Lace, Black and Colored Bunting at the store of

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Fishing rods, reels, lines, hooks of every description and sporting goods of a piscatory nature, at

DIRK R. MEENGES.

### Important to Travelers.

Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. 52-ly.

### Grateful to Invalids.

Floreston Cologne is grateful to invalids, because it is refreshing without the sickening effect of most perfumes.

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel.....	\$ 75 @	1 00
Beans, bushel.....	2 00 @	2 50
Butter, lb.....	@	17
Clover seed, bushel.....	@	4 50
Eggs, dozen.....	@	13
Honey, bushel.....	@	14
Hay, ton.....	10 00 @	19 00
Onions, bushel.....	@	1 00
Potatoes, bushel.....	@	1 15
Timothy Seed, bushel.....	@	2 50

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel.....	@	1 25
red.....	@	1 27
Lancaster Red, bushel.....	@	1 27
Corn, yellow bushel.....	@	85
Oats, bushel.....	50 @	55
Buckwheat, bushel.....	@	1 00
Barley, 100 lbs.....	@	1 10
Feed, 100 lbs.....	@	32 00
" 100 lbs.....	@	1 75
Barley, 100 lbs.....	@	1 75
Middling, 100 lbs.....	@	1 75
Flour, 100 lbs.....	@	6 75
Pearl Barley, 100 lbs.....	@	1 75
Rye, bushel.....	@	80
Corn Meal 100 lbs.....	@	1 75
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs.....	@	2 00

## Additional Local.

We call the attention of ladies to the advertisement in this paper of "Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon." We have in our possession indisputable evidence of its worth, and we recommend the afflicted to try it. This remedy differs from quack nostrums in the following respects: 1st. It is prepared by a regular physician; 2d. It is not recommended for all diseases, but only for a particular class, peculiar to females; 3d. It is recommended and used in practice by many physicians, one of whom at least is well known to the people of New Bedford. 47-ly.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

CATARH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price, 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

FOR LAME BACK, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Consumption, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

UNCLE Sam's Nerve and Bone Liniment is for man and beast and is a balm for every wound. Sold by all druggists. 40-ly.

ANY person with a Cough, Cold, or any Bronchial Complaint or even in the first stage of Consumption will be relieved and cured by Eiler's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry. It is especially prepared for Bronchial Complaints. Thousands who have tried it now live to testify of its merits—give it an immediate trial, you will be surprised at the result.

CHILDREN have health and Mothers rest when Dr. Winchell's Teething Syrup is used. It produces natural sleep, regulates the bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhoea arising from teething or other causes. Sold by all druggists at 25 cts. a bottle.

UNCLE Sam's Condition Powder prevents disease, purifies the blood, improves the appetite, give a smooth glossy coat, and keeps the animal in good condition. All druggists sell it.

### A Foolish Mistake.

Don't make the mistake of confounding a remedy of merit with quack medicines. We speak from experience when we say that Parker's Ginger Tonic is a sterling health restorative which will do all that is claimed for it. We have used it ourselves with the happiest results for Rheumatism and when worn out by overwork. See adv.—Times.

The most wonderful curative remedies of the present day, are those that come from Germany, or at least originate there. The most recent preparation placed upon the market in this country, is the *Great German Invigorator*, which has never been known to fail in curing a single case of impotency, spermatorrhoea, weakness and all diseases resulting from self-abuse, as nervous debility, inability, mental anxiety, languor, lassitude, depression of spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system. For sale by druggists, or sent free by mail on receipt of the price, \$1.00 per box, or six boxes for \$5.00. Address F. J. Cheney, Toledo, O., Sole Agent for the United States. Send for circular. Schouten & Schepers, Sole Agents for Holland. 9-ce-3m

### Conkling and the Virginia Aunty.

Ex-Postmaster General Key, in a recent lecture on "Our Yankee Cousins," delivered at Chattanooga, Tenn., related the following incident, which will be read with interest in this latitude:

Speaking of the deference paid labor in the north, Judge Key related an incident which occurred on an F street car, on its way to the capitol, crowded with laboring people, which he had witnessed. Senator Conkling was aboard, seated near the door where passengers entered, and suffering severely with neuralgia. An aged colored woman entered, a modest, unassuming old Virginia aunty, plainly dressed, with a white kerchief about her neck, a sun-bonnet on her head, and a basket of nicely-washed white linen on her arm. There was no seat for her, and New York's great Senator, suffering as he was, arose, gave his seat to the old darkey, and pursued his journey standing in the jolting car, holding to the straps at the top. "The world says that he is a proud man, but the circumstance I have mentioned showed that a proud man may be a considerate gentleman everywhere, and I confess that, while his great abilities had commanded my admiration, this simpler incident increased my regard for the man. He, by this act, paid a tribute to labor and womanhood in the person of one of their humblest representatives."

### The Best the Cheapest.

In a fit of desperation, says a correspondent, I went the other day down to Chinatown, which is another name for the lower one of Mott street, in search of a servant. I went into one of the groceries, and a grave and reverend Chinaman, who looked as if he had the wisdom of the centuries and the concentrated cunning of a thousand foxes twisted up in his pigtails, eyed me from behind his round goggles, and asked me my errand. "I want a servant." "You want China boy?" "Yes." "You want China boy for do cookee?" "Yes, and anything else he's asked to do." "How much you give?" "Whatever is right." That phrase seemed to please him. His eyes twinkled, and he continued: "I get you China boy—you pay him \$30 month."

"Too much." "You pay him thirty dollar month? Why not? You pay Melican girl fifteen. One China boy worth two Melican girl. Melican girl put hair in pie. China boy no put hair in pie. Melican girl she make man come into your house. China boy he no make man come into your house. You pay Melican girl fifteen dollar month, she eat twenty dollar month; you pay China boy thirty dollar month, he eat four dollar month. You pay Melican girl fifteen dollar month—and Melican girl boss. You pay China boy thirty dollar month and you boss. You all glad pay China boy thirty dollar month by and by. China boy ask forty dollar then."

"Old man," I said sadly, "you are right. It is worth \$15 a month to be boss in your own house, but I can't afford the luxury," and I turned away. As I lifted the latch of the door the animated old idol said oracularly: "You come again sometime, sure.—When all dishes broke you come back for China boy. China boy cheap for thirty dollar month."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Dr. Walter Pye, the celebrated London surgeon, gives an account in the *British Medical Journal* of a new splint, which he has found of great value in his operations. Its most important feature is its flexibility combined with stiffness. It is made of a material known as corrugated paper, and is very cheap and light. Dr. Pye says: "From the purely surgical point of view, I have found this corrugated paper extremely useful. It can be used in all those cases in which the expensive kettle-holder splinting may be employed, and makes about the best angular splint for the elbow I have ever seen. The commercial use to which this paper is put is principally that of either packing wine bottles in cases, or else of enabling single bottles to be wrapped up in a parcel not indicating its contents." The corrugated paper thus used in surgery by Dr. Pye is of American invention and Brooklyn manufacture.

CHRONIC constipation, chronic dyspepsia, chronic diarrhoea, promptly cured by using Brown's Iron Bitters. It is a complete strengthener of the digestive organs.

### Forepaugh's Great Egyptian Pageant—Cleopatra Queen of Egypt.

Thousands are everywhere flocking to see Forepaugh's great street parade, with its two magnificent spectacles, "Lalla Rookh" and "Cleopatra." Of this latter, which is presented for the first time this season, we append the following historical account thereof, adding, that our exchanges assert that the pageant, as presented by Forepaugh, fully equals the historical description herewith appended:

"Cleopatra was at this time twenty-five years old. She provided herself with vast sums of money and the most magnificent ornaments and habits, and with still higher hopes in her attractions and the graces of her person more powerful than dress or even gold, she began her royal pilgrimage. Never was equipage more splendid and magnificent than hers; the whole upper deck of her barge flamed with gold; the sails were purple and inlaid with silver; a pavilion of cloth of gold was raised upon the deck, under which appeared Cleopatra, robed like Venus, and surrounded with the most beautiful virgins of her court, some of whom represented the Nereids and others the Graces. Instead of trumpeters were heard flutes, hautboys and harps, and other instruments of music, breathing the softest airs, to which the oars kept time, and rendered the harmony more agreeable. Perfumes burned on the deck, which spread their odors to a great distance. As soon as her arrival became known, the people of Tarsus went out to meet her, and a rumor was spread that the Goddess of Beauty and Love had come to make Tarsus a visit."

Such is the account given, by the historians of the time, of the more than royal splendors and magnificence of Egypt's famous and beautiful queen, on the occasion of her visit to the great Roman triumvir, Mark Antony, who, capable, by his prowess, of subduing empires, yet was unable to escape the conquest of his head and heart by Egypt's lovely and luxurious queen.

All the regal splendors that marked the "star-eyed beauty's" royal journey are faithfully and magnificently illustrated in the grand pageant which will be given in the great street parade of Forepaugh's colossal show on Wednesday, June 7, the date of its exhibition here.

Mr. Walter McPherson, Springfield, Mass., writes: "I have been peculiarly unfortunate in life. My guardian robbed me of the fortune left me by my father, and at the age of 21 I found myself poor in purse and poor in health. I married a young girl whose health soon broke down from overwork and household cares. Our six children gave her great trouble, and were very puny and sickly. My doctor bills were larger than both grocery and dry-goods bills together. Last year I brought home a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters for my wife. She used it and gave it to the children—I also used it myself. Never did I imagine such a miraculous change from ill-health to perfect health possible."

ILLUSTRATING the natural adaptation and wit of the colored race, Dr. Allen, Secretary of the Board of Missions for the Freedmen, of the Presbyterian Church, whose father was a slave-holder, related a circumstance in the General Assembly, of the Church held in Springfield, Ill., last week, which had come under his own observation. A little colored boy was brought before the overseer to be whipped. He had been in his master's watermelon patch.

"What were you there for?" asked the overseer. "I wasn't stealing your melions," was the answer; "I was prayin'."

"Prayin', were you? Well, I want to hear you pray now. Down on your knees and get at it. Pray, or you'll get the cowhide."

The boy saw he was cornered, but his wit saved him. Kneeling down, he raised his eyes and clasped hands toward heaven and offered the following petition: "Lord, dismiss us with Thy blessing."

R. KANTERS & SONS would call the attention of families to the Alaska Refrigerator, of which they have already sold several. It is as near perfect as can be made, will hold ice a long time and preserve food for several weeks. They sell them at Grand Rapids prices. Call and see them. 16-3w

THE Adams & Westlake Oil Stove, inferior to none, superior to all, for sale by 16-3w R. KANTERS & SONS.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

MOSES TAYLOR, the well-known New York capitalist, is dead. He leaves a widow, two sons and three daughters, and an estate estimated at between \$40,000,000 and \$50,000,000. He was 76 years of age.

AN explosion in Kohinoor colliery, at Sheandoah, Pa., killed Martin and James Mull (father and son), Owen Gallagher, James McDonald, John P. Stratt, Samuel Hugo, and fatally injured John Lee and a Poland named Matty Latentynowicz. The bodies of the victims were shockingly mangled.

GEN. CURTIS, of New York, late Agent of the United States Treasury, who was recently indicted for having levied and collected political assessments from employees of the Government in that city, in violation of a law of Congress, was tried and convicted. Sentence was deferred in order to give his counsel an opportunity to argue for a new trial. The plausible scoundrel who "bunked" the Hon. Charles Francis Adams out of some \$17,000, and secured from his venerable victim a check for that amount, expecting the check would be paid in order to prevent a public exposure of the old gentleman's extraordinary susceptibility to imposition, has been convicted of swindling after a jury trial. The New York Senate passed the bill for a railroad commission, with an amendment that the next Governor make the appointments. Lewis T. Frye, champion bicyclist of the United States, was thrown from his wheel at Marlboro, Mass., and fatally injured. The new tunnel of the New York, Ontario and Western railway, at Union Hill, N. J., fell in, killing three laborers.

IN the Superior Court of Washington county, R. L., a decree was entered divorcing Catherine Chase Sprague from William Sprague, giving Mrs. Sprague custody of her three daughters, and permitting her to resume her maiden name, with leave hereafter to apply for alimony if she chooses. Six Antwerp pigeons liberated at Bordentown, N. J., reached Northampton, Mass., in seven hours, averaging thirty-seven miles an hour.

### THE WEST.

ARIZONA advices report that the hostile Apaches are fleeing back to American soil, having been driven north by the Mexicans, who receive \$300 bounty for each scalp.

A NUMBER of Mexicans with their families encamped near Igo's ranch in Southern Arizona. Some American laborers camped there, being drunk, attempted to force the Mexicans to give up their women. This was resisted, and an affray followed in which seven Mexicans were killed and several wounded. A number of Americans were wounded, and it is expected that three of them will die. One hundred years ago ninety-six Moravian Christian Indians were barbarously butchered at Gnadenhutten, Ohio, by a party of white settlers, and on the 24th of May that quaint old Moravian town was thronged by thousands of visitors from all parts of the country, attending the anniversary of this event which makes one of the darkest and bloodiest pages in the annals of the whole country. There was a procession and speech-making, Gov. Foster being one of the orators. Among the interesting guests were three Indians—viz., Stone Fish and wife and Jacob, of the Delaware tribe. They are lineal descendants of one of the murdered families, and came from New Fairfield, Canada. The County Commissioners at Denver have arranged to ship eastward 100 slovenly and rebellious Italians who were brought there to work on railway extensions.

ST. LOUIS papers report that Gov. Crittenden has about concluded negotiations for the surrender of Frank James and possibly other members of the James gang, and thus put an end to the organization of brigands now in Missouri. The widow of Jesse James has signed a contract to accompany a lecturer and sit upon the stage, together with her two children, while the lecturer tells about the life and adventures of the late highwayman. An explosion fired the Grant smelting works at Leadville, and a loss of \$400,000 was speedily incurred. Nearly 400 men were employed. Cattle are selling higher than ever, contrary to the general opinion that they would decline toward the close of May. A good quality brought 8 1/2 cents per pound live weight at the Union Stock Yards, in Chicago, last week. At this rate beef promises to become a luxury to all below the grade of millionaire. A large portion of Tombstone, Arizona, has again been destroyed by fire. Three hotels were burned, and also the Western Union office and the offices of two daily papers. The loss is placed at \$500,000.

ADVICES from forty leading points in the Northwestern grain region represent the acreage of wheat as 30 per cent. less than last year. The plant is healthy and promises a good yield.

IT is announced in Washington that the springs at Waukesha, Wis., have passed into the hands of a party of Senators, Congressmen and Governors, the stock of the company having been marketed by Tom Nichol. The crop reports from Michigan, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota and Dakota are, as a rule, exceptionally favorable. This is especially true of the wheat outlook, and the prospects as to other grains, fruits and vegetables have improved within the past few days. The Chicago *Inter Ocean* says: "The extraordinary price of beef is worthy of record. Choice beef cattle sold at \$12.50 per hundred weight on the hoof at the stock yards; porter-house steaks were 30 cents a pound at the markets, sirloins 25 cents, and round steaks 16 cents. This is the highest price beef has ever reached in Chicago, and the probability is that it will go still higher. Farmers are sending their dairy cattle to market, and the result will be high-priced butter and milk, and a large market for oleomargarine."

### THE SOUTH.

A PARTY of about 100 masked men took two desperadoes from the jail at Bolton, Texas, and hanged them to a live-oak tree.

GEN. MANGUM, State agent for the distribution of supplies on the Arkansas side of the Mississippi river during the late overflow, writes to the Governor of Arkansas that the second overflow was nearly as disastrous as the first. He says more than three-fourths of the tillable bottom-lands of Phillips county are now under water, with no prospect of being out before the last of June. His information is that Desha is in about the same condition, also a portion of Lee, Monroe and Crittenden counties. The suffering among the laborers in these counties will be greater than ever known. They are nearly all negroes, without money, and no means of obtaining the absolute necessities of life. No merchant or planter will advance for them, as all hopes of making a crop are gone. Gen. Mangum fears if the Government doesn't feed them until they get work many will starve.

The new bill for the refunding of the

State debt of Tennessee on the basis of 60 per cent. is now a law, and thus that State wiped out the threatened disgrace of repudiation.

HUNDREDS of families in the Old Town region of Arkansas are menaced by starvation from the recent overflow.

GOV. CHURCHILL, of Arkansas, has advised the Attorney General of the discrepancies reported in the accounts of the former State Treasurer, and directed him to take such steps as he deems desirable to protect the interests of the State. Gov. Churchill himself was the former State Treasurer.

### WASHINGTON.

THE official correspondence relating to American "suspects" imprisoned in Ireland was sent to the House of Representatives. Minister Lowell says £40 was offered each prisoner to induce him to leave the jail and the country at the same time.

ROBERT R. HITT, ex-Assistant Secretary of State, appeared before the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, and was examined touching matters connected with the Chilian-Peruvian investigation. Witness arranged an interview between Count De Montferand, the representative of the Credit Industriel, and Secretary Blaine, at which witness was present. The Count unfolded the plans of his company, which embraced a protectorate by the United States. Mr. Blaine said he could do nothing and promise nothing.

THE \$900,000 left by Mr. Lewis, of New York, to reduce the public debt, has been placed at the disposal of the Government. A bill is in the Senate and House Committees on Postoffices and Post-roads providing for a private message-card that will replace the open postal now in use.

THE Senate Committee on Finance called Comptroller Knox before it to give his views on the necessity for extending national-bank charters. He said that twenty-three institutions whose charters expired during May had already gone into liquidation, and most of them were reorganizing with the same stockholders and titles. Judge Field had decided that the prolongation of a national bank would require special legislation. The banks hold \$361,000,000 in United States bonds. These, the Comptroller said, could remain on deposit as security for circulation should the House bill become a law; if new banks are to be organized, a large portion must be withdrawn. Of \$195,000 surplus which now strengthens the system, he said the greater amount must be divided among shareholders should the banks be forced into liquidation.

THE Secretary of War has been advised that troops sent out from Fort Reno captured Payne and twenty-nine colonists in Indian Territory and escorted them back to Kansas. A Washington dispatch says that some complaint is making because the Judiciary Committee, in reporting on Cobb's bill relating to the forfeiture of railroad land grants, is making a report on each railroad. The fact is, however, that the grants were so different in detail that it is impossible to act on them in bulk, and this is the only way to do justice.

SECRETARY FOLGER has recently had a startling experience in the Engraving and Printing Bureau. A few evenings ago Prof. Casilar found two of the Government dies, representing the tens on the national-bank notes, lying outside the safe and within the reach of the watchmen. Through Col. Irish the dies were sent at once to Secretary Folger, who took time to satisfy himself that the event was caused wholly by carelessness. Mr. Bell, the custodian of the plates was dismissed, and Capt. Burrows, of New York, was temporarily placed in charge of the safes. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a call for \$15,000,000 continued 6's of the series of March 3, 1863, which mature Aug. 1. There are about \$47,000,000 in bonds of this issue outstanding, and after this amount is exhausted calls will be issued for the continued 5's. Guitaen's left eye is very much inflamed, the result of intense excitement, and he spends most of his time in his cot.

### POLITICAL.

THE National Committee of the Green-back-Labor party met at St. Louis. Jesse Harper, of Illinois, was elected Chairman. West Virginia was the only State without a representative. An address to the people was prepared and promulgated.

THE convention of the Independent Republicans of Pennsylvania convened at Philadelphia, and Senator Mitchell was called to the chair. When the name of Charles S. Wolfe was read as a delegate, the convention rose to its feet and forced him to exhibit himself. Maj. Merrick refused to be a candidate for Governor, and nominated Judge Daniel Agnew. Dr. Doane named State Senator John Stewart, who received 139 votes to 82 for Agnew. Levi B. Duff, of Allegheny, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor; George Junkin, of Philadelphia, for Supreme Court Judge; and William McMichael for Congressman-at-large.

THE Delaware Greenbackers met in convention at Wilmington and nominated John Jackson for Governor.

SENATOR CAMERON, of Pennsylvania, has declared there should be no compromise with the independents in that State.

DON CAMERON held a conference with representatives of the commercial, financial and manufacturing interests of Pennsylvania. He informed them that the success of the regular ticket depended on their efforts; that he had followed in the footsteps of his father in fighting for the tariff, and if they chose to stab him he would oppose protection as heartily as he had upheld it, and they would all go to destruction together. The regular convention will be called together within two weeks, to nominate a Congressman-at-large. Miss Lillie C. Darst, who edits a weekly paper at Circleville, Ohio, has been chosen an alternate delegate to the Republican State Convention.

### GENERAL.

SNOW and ice on the morning of the 23d of May were the meteorological phenomena existing over a very wide extent of country in the temperate zone. Frost and snow were general throughout Iowa, Wisconsin and Northern Illinois. In many places garden vegetables and fruits suffered severely, but serious injury appears to have been the exception rather than the rule, while wheat, corn and other grains escaped damage altogether.

THE figures furnished by the Census Bureau show Chicago to be the third manufacturing city in America. Its annual product is double that of Boston; more than double that of St. Louis; two and a half times that of Cincinnati; three times that of Baltimore; and nearly equal that of St. Louis, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh combined.

IN the Presbyterian General Assembly, at Springfield, Ill., the majority report on the Committee on Correspondence instructed the moderator to telegraph the Southern body at Atlanta that, "while receding from no principle," the Presbyterian General Assembly withdrew all expressions reflecting upon the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, and renewed the expression of its warmest fraternal regard. The

minority report declared null and void all offensive acts of former General Assemblies, and expressed the hope that delegates from the Southern body would make their appearance on the floor of the General Assembly. By a vote approaching unanimity the majority report was adopted, with a resolution disclaiming any reference to the action of previous assemblies regarding loyalty and rebellion, but only to those regarding schism and heresy and blasphemy.

IN the Presbyterian General Assembly at Springfield, Ill., on the 27th ult., a telegram was read from the Moderator of the Southern Assembly, stating that if concurrent resolutions were not modified the Atlanta gathering was prepared to send delegates forthwith. A reply was sent that the Northern body was nearly ready to adjourn, and suggesting that each appoint delegates for next year. A dispatch from Atlanta expressed unanimous approval of the plan proposed and announced that delegates and alternates had already been appointed to bear Christian salutations to the next general assembly, whereupon Rev. Samuel Nicolls, D. D., Hon. Thomas D. Hastings, and Judge S. M. Moore were selected to attend the assembly at Lexington, Ky., next year.

### FOREIGN.

AFFAIRS in Egypt are still in a critical condition, and the prospect is that the complications will increase rather than diminish. Antrix and Russia are reported to have agreed upon a concert of action, and it is supposed that both will strenuously object to the French plan of allowing the Ottoman Government to throw an army into Egypt in support of the Khedive. Arabi Bey still maintains his defiant attitude toward the English and French Consuls, and seems to be prepared to fight it out on that line. The British Parliament, for the first time in several years, did not adjourn on account of the Derby. It will not be considered a precedent, however.

REGULATIONS agreed upon by the Russian authorities provide that Jews henceforth will be prohibited from settling outside of towns and villages, except where Jewish settlements already exist. The Jews are prohibited from trading on Sundays and Christian holidays. All contracts of purchase or tenancy with Jews are provisionally suspended. A lively tilt occurred in the British House of Commons between Gladstone and Dillon. The Premier spoke with great warmth, and accused Dillon of insidious outrages in Ireland by refusing to aid the Government in passing the Repression bill. Dillon retorted that he had always denounced the outrages, and asserted that evictions only incited to the commission of crime. O'Donnell, Home Ruler, in denouncing the Repression bill, said the Irish ought never to rest until the administrative affairs of their country were disentangled from British interference.

IN the Egyptian affair an ultimatum has been presented by England and France requiring that the Ministry resign, and that Arabi Bey shall be honorably exiled from the country with full rank and pay. If this demand is complied with the two powers will undertake to maintain the statu quo, and to use their good offices with the Khedive to obtain general amnesty for the offending parties; if the demand is refused by Arabi Bey, as it probably will be, active intervention and warlike demonstration will be the consequence. Four hundred Jewish residences were recently burned by the populace at Vasilaki, Russia. Flames swept away a vast amount of property in the city of Kiev, the old capital of Russia.

THE Egyptian Ministry resigned, after referring the demands of England and France to the Sultan. In their note to the Khedive they intimate that his acceptance of the ultimatum is an admission that the foreign powers have a right to intervene, which they claim, is an infringement of the Sultan's rights. The Khedive accepted the resignations. In the English Commons, Mr. Gladstone, in reply to a speech by Sir Wilfrid Lawson, stated that it was impossible for his Government to give a pledge that force shall not be employed in Egypt; and, after adding that there was nothing at present in the situation rendering it probable that a resort to force would be necessary, the Premier deprecated further discussion of the matter at present. In the British House of Commons, Mr. Dillon gave a pledge that no violence would result if huts were erected to save from going to the workhouse 215 families evicted from the estate of Lord Cloncurry. Secretary Trevelyan said the shanties might be built, but intimidation would be sternly repressed. Albert Young, for threatening the life of Queen Victoria, was sentenced at London to penal servitude for ten years.

SUNDAY, the 28th of May, was a day of great excitement at the Egyptian capital. The Khedive was waited upon by numerous deputations during the day and urged to reinstate Arabi Bey as Minister of War. The Khedive at first refused to comply with the popular demand, but was finally induced to yield. It would appear from this that Arabi Bey is again master of the situation, and that, while anarchy is for the time being averted at Cairo, the complexities of the case are increased rather than diminished by this flat rejection of the ultimatum of England and France, the complete triumph of the military party, the influence exerted by Germany, Russia, Austria and Italy, and the expected appearance at Cairo of a Turkish commission deputed by the Sultan to take a hand in the game of diplomacy.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

SENATOR WINDOM's investigating committee on the Bonded Spirits bill began its work by hearing Maj. Thomas, of Louisville. He stated that the stock of whisky on hand is sufficient for the next four years; that the rebel sought by the House bill will save distillers from bankruptcy; that he has 10,000 barrels in bond which he will be happy to sell at cost, and that more than half the liquor in warehouse has been hypothecated.

CHARLES H. REED went to Boston last week and applied to Judge Gray, of the Supreme Court, for a writ of habeas corpus for Gaithe. The Judge answered that he must wait to present the case to his associates.

THE Governor of Coahuila, Mexico, refused to permit the Catholic clergy at Saltillo to have a street parade during the Easter holidays, an event which led to the arrest of several priests, whereupon all others left the State. Citizens have to take their children to Monterey for baptism. Jay Gould and a party of his friends were elected directors of the Mutual Union Telegraph Company, and the announcement is made that its future relations with the Western Union will be friendly and conservative. The imports this year at New York have been \$298,334,840, an increase of \$31,800,000 over the corresponding period of last year, leaving a heavy balance to be paid with produce, gold or bonds.

THE State Department at Washington has completed its investigation into the conduct of Mr. J. J. Finn, of Chicago, recently appointed Consul to Chemnitz, Germany, and finds that his deportment since the first two or three days after his arrival has been exemplary, and Secretary of State Frelinghuysen has called to the Consul General at Berlin to demand the recognition of Mr. Finn as Consul to Chemnitz, and ordered Mr. Finn to take charge of the office. Judge Wyle overruled all motions

to quash the indictments in the star-route cases, and the conspirators will have to go to trial.

RESTLESS from Arizona are committing extensive depredations in New Mexico. Gov. Sheldon has placed the La Mesilla military company in the field; Sheriff Bull, with twenty-five men, is in pursuit of a gang which robbed a ranch near Elva Springs, and the Las Cruces militiamen are scouring the country for a squad who robbed Randall Station. Conferences at Chicago and St. Louis, held on the 29th ult., between the iron and steel manufacturers of the West and the association representing the iron and steel workers resulted in a failure to agree upon the increase of wages demanded by the workmen. The proposition of the employers to defer action until a decision has been reached upon the same question in the Pittsburgh district was rejected, and the conference terminated without any advance toward adjustment of the difficulty. A general strike of the iron and steel workers throughout the country, involving the complete suspension of manufacturing operations in that line, and the cessation of work by about 100,000 men, is anticipated as a result of this failure to reach an agreement.

KERRY moonlighters, to the number of 100, forced tenants on the Hewson estate to swear they would not pay rents unless a reduction of 50 per cent. was conceded. The intimidators were well armed.

HON. JOSHUA F. SPEED, a distinguished Kentucky lawyer, and one of Abraham Lincoln's earliest friends, died at Nashville, Ky.

### DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

By a vote of 38 to 12 the Geneva Award bill was passed by the Senate, without amendment, on May 23. Mr. Logan reported a provision to be inserted in the Army Appropriation bill, to establish an army and navy hospital at Hot Springs, Ark. Mr. Pugh moved to reconsider the final vote on the Five-Per-Cent Land bill, which prevailed. Mr. Groome objected to the consideration of the bill for the admission of Dakota, and it was laid aside. The House resumed its struggle on the South Carolina contested election. The first vote on consideration showed seventeen less than a quorum in atendance, and the second revealed two more absentees.

The bill for the relief of the officers and crew of the Monitor, which destroyed the rebel ironclad Merrimac, involving about \$200,000, was passed by the Senate, at its session on May 24. Mr. Logan put through the House joint resolution appropriating \$16,000,000 to supply the deficiency in army pensions. In the House, Mr. Calkins caused to be read extracts from a letter written by Mr. Hewitt, alleging that the Elections Committee refused to investigate the charges of forgery in the South Carolina contested-election case. Mr. Calkins said the committee had never failed to inquire into the truth of any charge made before it, and Mr. Atherton denied the latter statement. Nearly every member was on his feet, many speaking at once. Mr. Hewitt asked an investigation of the charge of forgery, after which he promised not to participate in filibustering. A motion by Mr. Randall that the House adjourn to Friday showed that there was no quorum. A call of the House disclosed a quorum. Mr. Walker, of Pennsylvania, fell to the floor in a fainting fit. After filibustering had gone on for three hours, Mr. Calkins advised members to bring five days' rations with them, and moved to adjourn, which was carried.

The session of the Senate on May 25 was dull and uneventful. A bill passed appropriating \$15,000 for a light-house at Little Traverse harbor, Lake Michigan. The Japanese Indemnity act was taken up, Mr. Morgan warmly advocating repayment, and Mr. Jones arguing against any return of money. In the House, Mr. Calkins called up the South Carolina contested-election case. Mr. Randall raised a question of consideration. Mr. Kenna moved to adjourn, on which there were 133 yeas and no yeas. The Speaker submitted a request by Mr. Curtin for leave of absence, and Mr. Randall demanded a yeas and nay vote, leave being refused by 13 to 134. Motions were then made to adjourn to Saturday and to Monday, both being lost, Ben Wood voting with the Republicans. On a motion for a recess, the vote showed no quorum and a call of the House was ordered. At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 8. At the evening session the galleries were well filled, and the attendance of members was larger than usual. The call of the House was several times interrupted by votes on motions to excuse members for the evening. A proposition for an adjournment to Monday received only 118 votes, less than a quorum.

Mr. Bayard reported in the Senate, May 26, a modification of the measure recently introduced by him as a substitute for the Bonded Spirit bill, the change referring mainly to bridges and warehousing bonds. A bill was passed to provide for the removal of obstructions to free navigation, and requiring bridge companies to erect sheer booms. When the Japanese Indemnity bill was taken up, Mr. Saunders moved an amendment to pay George S. Fisher, Consul at Kanagawa, \$15,000 for the destruction of his property. Mr. Jones proposed that the President communicate with Great Britain, France and the Netherlands and secure their co-operation in making full restitution to Japan. The House took up the South Carolina contested-election case, and Mr. Blackburn raised a question of consideration. Dilatory motions were made by Messrs. Converse, Carlisle and Randall, and the roll was several times called. Mr. Blackburn, in order to break the deadlock, submitted a resolution that a special committee investigate the charges of irregularity in handling the testimony in the Mackey-Dibble case. The confusion then became very great, scores of members talking simultaneously, and Mr. Calkins secured an adjournment. The resolution offered by Mr. Blackburn was the fruit of a secret session of the Democratic caucus committee: immediately after the adjournment the Republicans held a caucus, with Mr. Hobson in the chair. Mr. Calkins explained that he had intended to offer a counter proposition to that of Mr. Blackburn, but debate was cut off. A resolution was then adopted to submit to the Democrats a proposition to open the case for discussion for six hours, the time to be equally divided, when a motion will be entertained to recommit the report to the committee.

In the House of Representatives, on Saturday, May 27, after several dilatory motions, Mr. Calkins obtained consent to submit a proposition to discuss the South Carolina contested-election case for six hours, the House then to vote on the question of recommitment. Mr. Randall objected. Roll-calls on filibustering motions showed the lack of a quorum. Mr. Dunn introduced a petition for an appropriation of \$10,000 for the relief of sufferers by the overflow of the Mississippi, accompanied by a letter from Commissioner Mangum, of Arkansas. Mr. Reed presented an amendment to the rules to limit filibustering on election cases. The Senate was not in session.

Mr. Garland offered a resolution in the Senate, on the 29th inst., which was adopted, for an inquiry into the necessity of aiding sufferers by the overflow in Arkansas. Messrs. Cockrell, Sherman and McMillan spoke in opposition to the bill to reimburse the Creek Indian orphan fund, which was laid over. An act was passed for the sale of the old postoffice site in New York for \$500,000. Mr. Lapham presented a resolution for the payment of \$5,000 to

the administratrix of John C. Underwood for prosecuting his claim to a seat in the Senate from Virginia. Mr. Plumb reported bills to set aside lands for a park in Arizona and to enlarge the powers of the Department of Agriculture. The Japanese Indemnity-Fund bill was discussed and laid over. In the House, Mr. Reed called up the proposed amendment to the rules prohibiting dilatory motions on a contested-election case. Mr. Randall raised a question of consideration. Mr. Kenna moved an immediate adjournment, and Mr. Blackburn proposed to adjourn over Decoration day. Lost—yeas, 2; nays, 145. Mr. Randall then moved that the House adjourn to June 1. On that, Mr. Reed made a point of order that on the proposition to amend the rules dilatory motions cannot be entertained. Mr. Randall denied the right of the Speaker to put any such construction on his motion. Mr. Reed proposed to discuss the point of order, and suggested a limit be put on that discussion. No agreement to that end, however, was made, and the Speaker said he would not make the limitation less than an hour on each side. Mr. Reed then opened the discussion. He claimed that the House had, under the constitution, certain powers expressly conferred upon it—powers which it could exercise without let or hindrance by any other body; powers which it could not surrender, which it could not trade away, which it must perform, and the first of these powers was to judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members. This House has been endeavoring during the last ten days to perform that duty, but had been prevented by dilatory motions. The best and most orderly way to put a stop to that course was to amend the rules, and that was the object now. He maintained the proposition that wherever there is a duty imposed upon Congress to accomplish a certain work, it is the duty of the Speaker to carry out that rule of law or of the constitution. He cited the ruling of Speaker Randall when there was filibustering against the execution of the Electoral Count law, and when an obstruction was attempted by Springer, to the effect that he (the chair) had allowed this, and had allowed that, and had allowed the other, in the way of motions, but the House was now brought to a point where it must act. Mr. Reed referred to the decision by Mr. Blaine to the effect that, pending a proposition to change the rules, dilatory motions cannot be entertained. He closed by stating that the minority had no right further to delay the action of the House. Randall proceeded to reply to Mr. Reed. He admitted that the rules of a legislative body were first for the orderly conduct of business, and next for the protection of the rights of the minority. In this latter point he quoted from the rulings of the Speakers of the English House of Commons. He argued that, just as the constitution prescribed the manner in which it should be amended, so the rules prescribed the manner in which they should be changed. As to his own decision in the electoral-count case, he put it on the ground that the law under which the House was then acting was greater than the rules, and cut off dilatory motions. In the present case, however, there was no law interfering with the rules. As to Mr. Blaine's ruling, or rather dictum, Mr. Randall asserted that it had never been pressed, nor any advantage taken of it, but that, on the contrary, efforts had been made on that occasion (when the Civil Rights bill was under consideration) to suspend the rules so as to cut off dilatory motions, but without success, so that, after Blaine's dictum, it had been conceded that only by a two-thirds vote could dilatory motions be cut off. In conclusion, he justified the action of the minority in this contested election. Messrs. Kasson, Carlisle, Haskell, Blackburn, Robeson, Cox, Hooker, McLean, Reagan, Randall and Hazleton aired their views on the issue, consuming three hours. The Speaker sustained Mr. Reed's point of order. Mr. Randall took an appeal, which was tabled by 150 to 0. Mr. Cox presented a protest by 100 Democratic members. The report of the Committee on Rules was adopted by 150 to 2. Mr. Miller, of Pennsylvania, obtained the floor on the South Carolina contested-election case, when the House adjourned for the day.

ENGLISHMEN complain that canned tomatoes from America taste of the solder, but say they are nevertheless better savored than starved, sunless English ones; and the *Pall Mall Gazette*, after saying that green corn, with fresh butter, is likeliest to nectar of all mortal things, and after growing enthusiastic over luscious, melting American green peas, ends by saying buckwheat pancakes at breakfast will doubtless be an unknown luxury in England forever.

A PHILADELPHIA boy, now 12 years old, was named for Ralph Waldo Emerson. Mr. Emerson was informed of the fact and given a picture of the child, and he sent back a set of his books and a sealed letter, to be opened upon the occasion of his namesake's 21st birthday.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.			
BEANS.....	\$7 60	@	9 60
HOES.....	7 90	@	8 25
COTTON.....	12	@	12 1/2
FLOUR—Superfine.....	3 90	@	5 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 34	@	1 35
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 44	@	1 45
CORN—Ungraded.....	78	@	85
OATS—Mixed Western.....	69	@	62
PORK—Mess.....	19 25	@	20 50
LARD.....	11 1/2	@	11 1/2
CHICAGO.			
BEANS—Choice Graded Steers.....	8 10	@	9 00
Cows and Heifers.....	3 40	@	5 50
Medium to Fair.....	7 50	@	7 50
HOES.....	5 75	@	8 50
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	6 75	@	7 25
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	6 50	@	7 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 23	@	1 24
No. 3 Spring.....	1 13	@	1 14
CORN—No. 2.....	68	@	70
OATS—No. 2.....	49	@	50
RYE—No. 2.....	77	@	78
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 00	@	1 01
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	24	@	25
EGGS—Fresh.....	18	@	19
PORK—Mess.....	19 25	@	20 50
LARD.....	11 1/2	@	11 1/2
MILWAUKEE.			
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1 20	@	1 30
CORN—No. 2.....	69	@	70
RYE—No. 2.....	49	@	51
BARLEY—No. 2.....	77	@	78
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	24	@	25
PORK—Mess.....	19 25	@	20 50
LARD.....	11 1/2	@	11 1/2
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 20	@	1 30
CORN—Mixed.....	74	@	76
OATS—No. 2.....	52	@	53
RYE.....	74	@	75
PORK—Mess.....	19 25	@	20 50
LARD.....	11 1/2	@	11 1/2
CINCINNATI.			
WHEAT.....	1 31	@	1 35
CORN.....	77	@	78
OATS.....	54	@	55
RYE.....	76	@	77
PORK—Mess.....	19 25	@	20 50
LARD.....	11 1/2	@	11 1/2
TOLEDO.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 37	@	1 38
CORN.....	77	@	78
OATS.....	54	@	55
DETROIT.			
FLOUR—Choice.....	6 25	@	9 00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 31	@	1 32
CORN—Mixed.....	74	@	76
OATS—Mixed.....	54	@	56
BARLEY (per cental).....	2 00	@	2 20
PORK—Mess.....	20 00	@	20 50
INDIANAPOLIS.			
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 34	@	1 35
CORN—No. 2.....	74	@	75
OATS.....	54	@	55
EAST LIBERTY, PA.			
CATTLE—Best.....	6 00	@	6 50
Fair.....	5 00	@	6 00
Common.....	4 00	@	4 75
HOES.....	7 70	@	8 50
SHEEP.....	4 25	@	6 40



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE Princess Beatrice, recently engaged to a German Prince, is said to be fastidious and hard to please, having had offers from most of the eligible royal bachelors in Europe.

POOR "Jack in the Pulpit," of St. Nicholas, is dead. A. R. Thompson, the editor of this popular column, was the son of a Colonel in the British army, and a most accomplished man. He lived in Brooklyn, was 34 years of age, and leaves a widow and one child.

OLD MR. HAZLETT, of Oregon, thought he was going to die, and, in order that his heirs should have nothing to quarrel over, he burned \$22,000 in greenbacks. He didn't die after all, and feels rather put out because his relatives don't seem to appreciate the interest he took in their welfare and his efforts to save them from a troublesome lawsuit; and they obstinately refuse to assist him in getting a living.

CANADA'S contrivance to encourage immigration by paying a portion of the passage money is bearing the fruit that might have been predicted. Large numbers of poor, miserable, degraded creatures in England are flocking to the Dominion. Those already there are proving burdens to the community. Desirable immigrants, such as mechanics and farmers, do not avail themselves to any considerable extent of the advantages offered by the Canadian Government.

CONGRESSMAN CRAPO'S curious cognomen had, it is said, the following origin: In early times a French bark was wrecked on the Cape Cod coast, and all on board were lost save one little boy. Him the sturdy colonists rescued, and dubbed, because of his red hair and French origin, Rufus Crapaud. And from that little waif the present member for the First Massachusetts district is in the seventh generation of direct descent.

It was in 1687 that Newton published his theory of gravitation which upset completely the prevalent belief that the motion of every star and planet was due to its being pushed and guided by an archangel. The theory was resisted till 1759, when Clairant and Lalande proved it by calculating the retardation of Halley's comet. Newton had then been dead thirty-two years. Moncure D. Conway points out that Darwin's recognition came sooner, and is therefore evidence that the world is making progress in spite of the doleful prophecies of pessimists.

A BRIGHT 10-year-old boy was on the cars traveling alone from Cincinnati to Chicago. He felt the importance of the situation, and was subjected to a good deal of quizzing from some of the passengers. One young blood was especially apt in this, and the boy evidently read him. About ten miles out of the city the young fellow, with a good deal of bluster, got ready his sachel and traps, and when the train came to a halt he sang out "Chicago," expecting to make the boy jump and march out. The laugh was effectually turned on the young man, when the boy coolly turned and remarked: "You are going to Chicago; why don't get off and see your mother?"

In a private letter to Gen. Carrahan, of Indianapolis, the American Minister at Constantinople describes a wonderful exhibition of horsemanship which he recently witnessed. Gen. Wallace writes: "I was invited a few days ago by the Sultan to go with him and witness a drill of his household troops. The old Eleventh could beat his infantry, but the performance of his Circassian cavalry was something extraordinary. As a sample: Four companies magnificently mounted were in line. A bugle call, and the right company dashed through to the front full speed. Another call, there was a beautiful feat. Each man reached out with his right hand, caught the rein close to the bit, pulled hard, and threw his horse flat on his left side, dismounting as it went down. Then, on the ground behind the horse, he began firing as a skirmisher. A third call, the company rose up with their horses, and retreated at full speed, reforming as they went. As I had never even heard of such a thing, you can imagine my astonishment."

THE sudden increase of wealth among certain classes of people during and after the war set a young man to thinking how he could share in it. He noticed that many of those "new rich" were without the advantages of an early edu-

cation. He therefore advertised in a New York paper that he would undertake to supply them. He succeeded far beyond his expectations. According to the New York correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle, his plan is to give an hour or a half-hour a day to men or women of the sort he describes. On one day he reads and explains the items in the daily newspapers; another day he takes up the authors, poets, musicians, books and plays of the time; again he treats of the etiquette of the parlor and dining-room, and so on. But every now and then some lady sweeping out of a carriage and laden with furs, silks and jewels tells him she cannot read nor write, and then he has to work in earnest. He is a genius, and has to be. He writes love letters, poetry and advertisements; carries on one side of a lover's correspondence and battles with rich numbskulls who are anxious to add Latin or Greek to their accomplishments.

THE Rev. W. H. H. Murray, once familiarly known as "Adirondack" Murray and "Horse" Murray, has disappeared from public view. He was, says the Chicago Times, one of the commonest of all the common men occupying positions of prominence with whom the present generation has been familiar, and the wonder is that he was able so long to keep himself on a level where he did not belong. His sermons, like his lectures, were so thin and inconsequential that one might listen to them forever and never gain an idea. He belonged to the era when celebrities of any sort passed as men of profound importance. He owed his rise to the assumption of the airs of a sportsman. Occupying a Boston pulpit, and contributing freely to the press, he gained notoriety as a gay-and-festive sort of preacher. The curiosity to see him enabled him to ravage the provinces with his pointless lectures. He was doing a very large business on an exceedingly diminutive capital. His fall came as a matter of course. Without fixed principles, he had prospered simply because he was everything which a minister of the gospel ought not to be. This miserable foundation of his fame crumbled to dust when, carrying his "peculiarities" a little further than his flock were willing to tolerate him, he became openly and scandalously intimate with his private secretary, a foolish young girl whom he had infatuated. Living a fast and not always circumspect life, he wasted his means and became involved in debt. One day he was missing, and with him his fair secretary. A few bulletins in the newspapers announced his arrival here and there, and then he was lost sight of for a time in Texas. This was some years ago. A New York gentleman named V. A. Fenner met him near San Antonio, the other day. His secretary was still living with him. Last year, it is said, her broken-hearted father, who had been searching for the fugitives since their departure, found them, and made a despairing effort to induce his daughter to return to her home. His appeals proving of no avail, the old man, disgraced and almost penniless, blew out his brains at the very threshold of Murray's door. One Sunday, recently, Murray was seen at San Pedro Springs unloading with his own hands a wagon filled with cedar ties, which he had hauled from his little place to the line of a proposed horse railroad. He was without coat, vest or collar, grimy and unshaven, and the last man in the world, apparently, to be pointed out as formerly a prominent preacher and lecturer. Misfortune has brought many better men than he to toil as humble as his, but in his miserable surroundings one may see the legitimate consequences of a misspent life.

THE Englishman as an Introducer. His name was Oscar; and when a gentleman introduced us to him, we misunderstood him, and said, "Glad to see you, Mr. Hoscar." The fellow got boiling mad, and was about to assume the offensive, yelling out at the top of his voice, "My name isn't Hos-car, sir, and I want you to know it!" when his English introducing friend restored amicable relations by the following explanation: "Old hon, my good friend; Mr. Dittoe has no intention of dubbing you an 'orse car. He evidently misunderstood me on introducing him to you." And then the same party explained to us, as to wit: "Mr. Dittoe, this gentleman's name is not 'orse car, as you have said, but Hoscar." We replied, "Hoscar is just what I called him." "Yes," returned he; "but 'is name isn't 'oss car, but Hoscar. You see we English 'ave a different way of pronouncing the letter ho from what you 'ave, but hit's all the same in meaning, you know. Let's step in 'ere and get some 'alf and 'alf. Come in, Mr. Hoscar."—Kentucky State Journal.

THE gross receipts of the American Patent Office for the year 1881 were \$853,565.89; the gross expenditure was \$605,173.23, leaving a net profit of \$248,492.61.

## PATENT FRAUDS.

Congressman Burrows Gives a Few Examples.

In a debate in the lower house of Congress on the bill to protect innocent purchasers of patent articles the Hon. J. C. Burrows spoke as follows:

MR. SPEAKER—The brief time allowed for debate upon this motion to suspend the rules and pass this bill is wholly inadequate to permit a recital of the outrages which this measure is intended to remedy, much less to reply to the numerous criticisms urged against it. This is the second effort to bring this matter to the deliberate consideration of this house, and it is a little remarkable that, whenever it is sought to give protection to the innocent purchasers and users of patented articles, there are always some gentlemen to be found prolific of objections, to prevent, if possible, the passage of any measure for relief. Another peculiarity is that these same gentlemen have no suggestions to make by which their objections may be overcome. They simply abound in criticisms.

Even now, when certain modifications are proposed by the friends of the measure, to avoid antagonism and make it conform, if possible, to the views of its opponents, even this is objected to, and the conclusion is forced upon us that it is the purpose to prevent, if possible, all legislation whatever upon this subject. Now, sir, what I desire, what the people of the State which I have the honor in part to represent demand, what the farmers of this whole country insist upon, is that the purchasers of a patented article in good faith for a full consideration, and in the open market, shall be protected from the bands of patent right inquisitors which infest the country and plunder our people. I demand for the purchaser in good faith of the barbed-wire fence, the drive well, the Birdsell clover huller, and the hundred other articles necessary to the farmers of the great West, that they shall be exempt from the unjust persecutions to which they are now subjected. I ask to embody in my remarks some well-authenticated instances of outrages to which the people of my district and State have been subjected.

S. L. Bently, of Eaton Rapids, reported that on the Birdsell clover huller the following persons in that vicinity paid royalty on a huller valued at \$450:

W. S. Smith, W. H. Ford, J. Horner, Delos Smith and James Borabek—the fees demanded and paid being \$100 by each.

On circular-saw guide, valued at \$50, \$50 was demanded of R. Perrin, and \$45 was paid. From H. Griffith and J. M. Allyn the same amount was demanded and the same paid. From Fred Spicer \$50 was demanded, and the case litigated and a judgment of \$91.50 rendered with costs.

For circular-saw dogs with attachments, valued at \$75, from Fred Spicer \$50 was demanded and \$40 paid. The same demand was made of J. M. Allyn and H. Griffith for the same device, and same payment made.

W. A. Luman, of Elsie, writes that on a Glen & Hall clover thresher, valued at \$260 when new, nine years after purchase a royalty of \$125 was demanded, which, with the expense of 200 miles' travel and attorney fee, he paid. He also reports that Mr. W. H. Davidson, for a Wooster huller valued at \$280, a royalty of \$125 was demanded and judgment obtained.

George Davidson had the same experience. J. Bussenger, A. E. Rockold, M. S. Hamilton, and E. Thompson each paid the \$125 royalty demanded for using a Glen & Hall clover huller.

B. B. Davis, of Fowlerville, reports that from Oscar D. Weller, on a clover huller valued at \$400, a royalty of \$100 was demanded and paid. From J. R. Dait & Co., for use of head block valued at \$125, a royalty of \$100 was demanded. It remains unsettled.

David Connell reports that Jeremiah Ramsey, of Monterey, used a cider strainer made by himself, on which he paid a royalty to one J. D. Hampton, of Detroit, of \$20.

Henry Hawley, of Burr Oak, reports that from Wm. W. Teal, for using several cider-press racks, valued at \$12, that to his certain knowledge had been in use thirty years, \$1 for each ten was paid as royalty to avoid litigation. A much larger sum was demanded.

J. M. Failing, of Tekonsha, got an old Birdsell huller in a trade, calling it worth \$100; never ran it an hour; was sued for infringement, and, refusing to pay the royalty of \$100 demanded, learned at a cost of \$417 that the United States District Court for the Eastern district of Michigan knew more of the value of a patent than he did, and we came very near adding the disrespectful remark—less of equity.

Jacob Willett, of Ingham county was made to pay a royalty of \$200 on the guide and arbor of a saw bought five years before, and valued at \$75. Isaac S. P. Pound paid John C. Birdsell \$100 for infringement of patent on clover huller bought by him in 1871.

From Henry Kline, of Nottawa, \$100 was demanded and paid on account of use of clover huller.

From Joseph Dean, of Colon, for clover huller, a royalty of \$100 was demanded and \$50 paid. The case of Mr. Dean was one of peculiar hardship. After using the machine long enough to earn \$40 his arm was caught in the machinery and he was crippled for life. Selling the machine afterward, the purchaser was sued for royalty, and at the end of his suit found that his education in patent law had cost him \$500. In behalf of Mr. Birdsell or his agent it should not be forgotten that on account of the poverty and crippled condition of Mr. Dean his liability was discounted 50 per cent.

These are samples of the persecutions to which farmers are subjected. In some instances the vendor and the

owner of the patent seem to be in collusion. For instance, a set of men go through the country with wagon-loads of gates and dispose of them to the farmers, who pay a full consideration and have no knowledge that they are patented, and after they are set up and in daily use another set of men scour the country and notify the purchasers of these gates that the hinge or some other portion of it is patented and that they are the owners of such patent, and thereupon a demand is made for \$5, \$10, \$15 or \$20 damages for infringement, and if payment is refused suit is threatened in the United States court. To avoid this they frequently submit to outrageous exaction; and so, under threat of judicial inquisition, our people are being plundered without stint or mercy. I hope this measure will receive the prompt approval of this house, that the people who purchase patented articles in the open market in good faith and for a full consideration shall not be hunted down by these insatiate vampires.

## MICHIGAN NEWS.

### Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by sixty-eight observers of diseases in different parts of the State, show causes of sickness during the week ending May 20, 1882, as follows:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Number and Per Cent. of Observers by Whom Each Disease Was Reported.	Number.	Per Cent.
1. Intermittent fever.....	52	76	
2. Scourge.....	49	72	
3. Rheumatism.....	46	68	
4. Consumption of lungs.....	45	66	
5. Bronchitis.....	44	65	
6. Influenza.....	33	49	
7. Pneumonia.....	33	49	
8. Constipation.....	32	47	
9. Diarrhea.....	32	47	
10. Remittent fever.....	30	44	
11. Diphtheria.....	17	25	
12. Typho-malarial fever.....	16	24	
13. Erysipelas.....	16	24	
14. Measles.....	14	21	
15. Scarlet fever.....	12	18	
16. Puerperal fever.....	10	15	
17. Whooping-cough.....	8	12	
18. Typhoid fever (enteric).....	8	12	
19. Cerebro-spinal meningitis.....	7	10	
20. Dysentery.....	6	9	
21. Inflammation of bowels.....	6	9	
22. Small-pox.....	6	9	
23. Membranous croup.....	4	6	
24. Cholera morbus.....	4	6	
25. Inflammation of brain.....	4	6	
26. Cholera infantum.....	3	4	

Beside those tabulated above, the following-named diseases were reported each by one observer: Spasmodic croup, chorea, inflammation of the kidneys, pharyngitis, patheln, mumps, catarrhal fever, chicken-pox, pleurisy and diabetes.

For the week ending May 20, 1882, the reports indicate that influenza, typho-malarial fever and puerperal fever increased, and that remittent fever, whooping-cough, intermittent fever, neuralgia, scarlet fever, inflammation of brain and membranous croup decreased in area of prevalence.

At the State Capitol, the prevailing winds were northeast; the average temperature was greater, the average day ozone was more and the average absolute and relative humidity and the average night ozone were less, during the week ending May 20 than during the preceding week.

Including reports by regular observers and by others, diphtheria was reported present during the week ending May 20, and since, at 17 places; scarlet fever at 16 places, measles at 15 places and small-pox at 8 places, in all, as follows: At Detroit and Flint (two cases), at Saginaw City and Wayne; at White Cloud (three cases), and Grand Rapids (two cases), May 22; at Manistee (three cases), May 23; at Battle Creek (five cases, one death), May 25, 1882.

HENRY B. BAKER, Secretary.

LANSING, May 26, 1882.

OVID has organized a choral union.

CHARLES FOOTE, of Ionia, made his will last week, being then past 101 years of age.

At South Saginaw a young man lost his left middle finger in a shingle machine.

WILLIAM PETERSON was attacked and stabbed in the arm by four footpads in South Saginaw.

COL. J. O. HUDNUTT, of Big Rapids, has received a Government contract for the survey of the whole of Montana Territory.

THE death is announced of Dr. James A. Brown, for thirty years one of the most prominent physicians of Detroit, aged 65. He filled many positions of trust, chiefly professional, such as Trustee of the State Insane Asylum, Surgeon of the Marine Hospital, Pension Examiner, etc.

THE jury in the case of John Ritterstorf, charged with the murder of Henry Goodman, at Ionia, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree.

SEVENTY-FIVE electric lamps are now in use in Bay City, and the system of electric lighting ordered for the public streets will put seventy lamps there.

THE Midland Republican rises and unleashes its remarks, without winking, that E. G. Opono, of Lee township, shot a bear, seven feet long, containing fourteen quarts of oil.

IONIA NATIONAL: A brood of new birds, strangers to this locality, have made their appearance this spring in this vicinity. They resemble the goldfinch somewhat, though considerably smaller in size.

W. S. GERRISH, who died at Evert of malignant small-pox, was one of the best-known business men in the northern and western parts of the State. He was engaged in various large operations, and carried an insurance on his life for \$80,000.

BURGERS blew open the safe of Joseph Arens & Co., at Westphalia, Ionia county, and took \$5,000 in notes and a large quantity of jewelry. They then

stole two horses from a barn and rode to Pewamo, where they turned the horses loose. No clew to the rascals.

MARSHALL Statesman: Large eels are being caught in Kenyon lake, near Athens, and the fishermen in that section are puzzled to know how the lake became stocked with them, as there is no record of any having been planted in that lake.

THE Kalamazoo Village Board are thinking of purchasing the beer garden for a market-place; in which case one of the last remaining burr oak groves which have so long been celebrated as distinctive landmarks of that village will be destroyed.

FARMERS in the vicinity of Pewamo, Ionia county, have been losing sheep for more than a year past in some unaccountable manner. They attributed it, however, to some sheep-killing dogs, until one of them succeeded in capturing the marauder, which proved to be a large wolf, the only animal of the species which has been seen in that section of country for many years.

AT Bay City, a 13-year old little girl, named Novia Borack, woke in the night and told her mother she should never see papa again, for she was going to die. Her mother found nothing specially wrong with her, and bade her go to sleep; but at daylight the child was found dead in her bed. The child had been ill, but the mother, being very poor, had neglected to call in a doctor, supposing the attack nothing serious.

## Michigan Pensioners.

Not long ago a resolution was adopted by Congress calling for a statement of the number of persons drawing pensions in the United States, by counties and States, and the amounts paid. The following is the statement so far as it relates to Michigan. It will be found of great interest, as it shows the number of pensioners residing in each county of the State, and the amount of money disbursed for pensions in each county:

COUNTY.	Number of pensioners.	Amount paid.	COUNTY.	Number of pensioners.	Amount paid.
Wayne.....	926	\$188,109	Emmett.....	108	\$21,645
Hillsdale.....	322	65,489	Glavin.....	1	205
Lapeer.....	424	86,169	Gratiot.....	136	39,740
Monroe.....	261	52,995	Ionia.....	30	6,110
Washtenaw.....	275	56,976	Isabella.....	94	19,152
Barry.....	267	54,903	Midland.....	62	12,982
Branch.....	282	57,440	Montcalm.....	275	55,838
Calhoun.....	297	60,352	Presque Isle.....	1	305
Eaton.....	375	76,228	Rosconm.....	18	3,625
Jackson.....	319	64,828	Saginaw.....	269	54,705
Berrien.....	282	57,436	Antrim.....	53	10,693
Cass.....	128	26,038	Benzie.....	26	5,198
Kalamazoo.....	288	58,414	Charlevoix.....	28	17,951
Saint Joseph.....	192	38,955	Chippewa.....	7	1,490
Van Buren.....	335	68,976	Isabella.....	18	3,762
Alcona.....	234	47,576	Delta.....	15	3,169
Ionia.....	334	67,898	G. Traverses.....	69	12,079
Kent.....	454	92,264	Houghton.....	1	99
Muskegon.....	155	31,608	Kalkaska.....	40	8,178
Ottawa.....	179	36,472	Keweenaw.....	6	1,254
Genesee.....	285	58,087	Lake.....	20	4,074
Clinton.....	443	90,174	Leelanaw.....	17	3,450
Ingham.....	417	84,907	MacKino.....	24	4,940
Livingston.....	196	39,900	Manistee.....	32	6,384
Oakland.....	336	68,976	Manistowick.....	8	1,616
Shiawassee.....	230	46,839	Marquette.....	21	4,318
Huron.....	465	93,194	Mason.....	75	15,268
Lapeer.....	133	26,995	Meosta.....	97	19,828
Macomb.....	185	37,635	Menominee.....	35	6,680
St. Clair.....	205	41,785	Missaukee.....	6	1,132
Sanilac.....	77	15,688	Newaygo.....	82	16,712
Tuscola.....	242	49,286	Oceana.....	94	19,061
Alcona.....	4	844	Ontonagon.....	7	1,474
Alpena.....	27	5,578	Oscoda.....	92	18,802
Bay.....	118	23,998	Schoolcraft.....	92	6,453
Cheboygan.....	48	9,927	Schoolcraft.....	92	6,453
Clare.....	55	11,133	Westford.....	67	13,598

## Murder and Suicide.

A horrible tragedy was recently enacted at Houghton. Anton Bieber, a young German, rendered almost insane by jealousy, killed his wife in bed and instantly took his own life. The mother of the woman has been crazy and bed-ridden since last fall, and apparently numb. Two shots were heard from their quarters a little before 6 in the morning, and the alarm given to the Village Marshal, who burst in the door leading to their apartments, where a sickening sight met the eyes of the spectators. Sitting up in the bed was the crazy mother screaming and crying, "Emma, come to me! Come to me!" while the daughter, bathed in the blood that flowed from a ghastly hole in her forehead, lay alongside of her in a position that showed she was shot while still sleeping. In the next room the husband lay dead on the floor, the same pistol having produced a gaping wound in his head, from which the brains slowly oozed. Both faces were burned and blackened from the powder of the pistol, which had evidently been held close against the head. On the man's trunk lay a letter saying that life was no longer endurable to him, and that he intended to make away with himself. No mention was made of his intention to kill her, and it is supposed that was an after resolve.

## School Superintendents' Meeting.

At the annual meeting of the Michigan Association of Superintendents of Schools, held at Lansing, thirty-two Superintendents from widely separated sections of the State were present. President Lawton called the meeting to order and explained its objects. The question of teachers' meetings in graded schools was discussed by Messrs. Daniels of Grand Rapids, Gass of Flint, Sill of Detroit, Glenn of Marshall, Fairfield of Tecumseh, Cocker of Adrian, Lawton of Jackson, Gass of Jonesville, Howell of Three Rivers, and Gower of Lansing. The association adopted and ordered printed a report of the committee appointed one year ago to outline a course of reading for pupils in all graded schools, after which a lengthy discussion took place on the subject of "What kind of books should a public-school library contain, and how should they be used, both by scholars and teachers?" The question of the use of the microscope in teaching the natural sciences was also brought before the meeting.



## CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The only way in which the proprietorship of the public can ever be brought home to office-holders is through a system which, whatever its *modus operandi*, makes capacity to one reason for appointment, and efficiency the one safeguard against dismissal. No such system now exists here. Those who say that the plan of the civil-service reformers would not produce it may be right, but it is not open to them to make in support of their opposition a charge which is notoriously true of the system they are upholding. Whether the proposed change, therefore, be the best one or not, some change, it must be admitted, is imperatively necessary. In fighting against any change, we are trying to avoid that adaptation of our administrative system to the vast social and commercial changes of the past half-century, from which no civilized people can now escape, and which all the leading nations of Europe have effected or are effecting. Any one who takes the trouble to examine the reforms which have been carried out since 1815, in France, or England, or Germany, which in all these countries have amounted to a social transformation, will be surprised to find how much of them consists simply in improvements in administration, or, rather, how fruitless the best legislative changes would have been without improved administrative machinery for their execution. We cannot very much longer postpone the work which other nations have accomplished, and neither can we avoid it by plans—like Mr. Pendleton's constitutional amendment—for getting rid of responsibility by making mere executive offices elective. This, like the act of 1820, is simply a makeshift. Nobody pretends that elected postmasters would be any better than, or as good as, properly appointed postmasters. All that can be said for them is that they would save the President a good deal of trouble under the present spoils system. But the remedy for one absurdity is not to be found in another absurdity. When a thing is being done by a wrong method, we do not mend matters by trying another wrong method. The true cure for the defects in the present system of transacting public business is the adoption of the methods which are found successful in private business. These are well known. They are as old as civilization. They are gradually taking possession of government business all over the world. Our turn will come next, and, in spite of "politics," will probably come soon.—*June Century*.

## Special Notices.

PARTIES desiring to have their lawns trimmed, will address MR. JOHN KERKHOF, Holland, who is prepared to do the work in first-class manner.

ALL goods sold at, and below Grand Rapids prices, at 16-3w R. KANTERS & SONS.

WE have the finest line of Woolen and Damack table covers in this City. Come and see. G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

THE Hercules Powder is still doing its work of annihilation. Orders are coming in for it from all parts of the State, for blasting stumps and stones. It's a sure go. R. Kanters & Sons are the agents for Ottawa, Allegan, and Kent and Muskegon Counties. 16-1f

## New Advertisements.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, ss. At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven in said County, on Thursday the first day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Lucinda M. Heald representing that said Richard K. Heald, lately died in said county intestate, leaving certain estate in said county to be administered, and praying that administration thereof may be granted to said petitioner. Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the

Twenty-sixth day of June, next at one o'clock, in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the probate office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the person interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A true copy. (Attest.) 17-4w SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

ALBERT M. HARRIS, Photographers' Supplies. Frames, Velvets, Mats, Glass, American Optical Co.'s Boxes. Dry plate outfits \$10, \$12, \$18.50, \$41.00 a specialty. 15 Grand River Ave., Detroit, Mich. 17-4w

## FOR SALE.

A FARM of forty acres, seven miles northwest of the city of Holland, 30 acres under good cultivation, fruit trees, etc. Good house and barn. Will sell all the live stock, farming tools, etc., for cash. Inquire of 16-4w GEORGE CASWELL.

R. Kanters &amp; Sons,

## General Hardware

We keep on hand a full stock of

Mixed and Dry Paints, Oils,

White Lead, Brushes, Etc.

Doors, Sash and Glass,

Garden Tools, Lawn Mowers,

OIL STOVES,

REFRIGERATORS,

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Gas, Steam Fitting and Pump  
Driving promptly done  
on short notice.

Prompt attention given to all  
work in Tin, Copper and  
Sheet Iron.

R. KANTERS &amp; SONS.

9-1f

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES IN THE

JEWELRY STORE

J. ALBERS,

8th STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

Clocks which have been sold for \$4, are now for sale at \$3. The entire stock on hand will be sold at that rate. Plated ware, Spectacles, etc., etc., will be sold at cost for the next 60 days. 37-1y

PHENIX  
Planing Mill

In rebuilding our new shop we have purchased entirely new

Machinery of the most Approved Patterns,

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

OR

Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN

AND THE

DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL

MAKE A SPECIALTY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line manufactured on short notice. 38-1y WERKMAN &amp; VAN ARK.

DR. W. TOWNS,  
the best known and  
most  
Successful Physician  
Who has been engaged  
in the treatment of  
all secular and  
CHRONIC DISEASES.  
He cures all diseases  
resulting from seminal  
weakness, spermator-  
rhea, impotency and all nervous desponding and  
distressing symptoms arising from these disorders,  
and all complicated private diseases.  
Pain in back, left side or breast, frightful dreams,  
palpitation of the heart, rush of blood to the  
head, eruptions, pimples, memory impaired, low  
spirited, discouraged; resulting in consumption,  
heart disease, core, or St. Vitus dance, debility,  
insanity and death. Rev. Adam Clark, the distinguished  
Methodist Divin, says: "It is one of the most  
destructive evils ever practiced by fallen men." Its  
victims of both sexes are filling our  
insane asylums yearly.  
All letters for consultation, strictly confidential.  
(with stamp). Address, DR. W. TOWNS, Fox du  
Lac, Wis. Lock box 292  
Please mention this paper when applying to the Doctor. 4-1y

## Kremers &amp; Bangs,

—dealers in—

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.

Having purchased the entire stock and

"good will" of T. E. Annis &amp; Co., we

will endeavor to merit, by fair treatment

and honest competition, a share of the

patronage of this public.

Physicians Prescriptions care-

fully compounded.

KEMERS &amp; BANGS.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 19th. 11-1y

Miss M. MEENGES

has opened a

## MILLINERY STORE

on River Street, next to the drug store  
of D. R. Meengs, where she is prepared  
to furnish the public with all the latest  
style of

Hats and Bonnets

and wishes to announce to the Ladies  
of Holland and vicinity, that she is able  
to suit the most fastidious tastes with the  
latest styles of

TRIMMINGS, ETC.,

Give her a call and  
see for Yourself.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 20, 1882.

## Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Circuit Court for

the county of Ottawa.

At a session of said Court, held at the Court

House in the city of Grand Haven, in said county

of Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 18th day of April, 1882.

Present: Dan J. Arnold, Circuit Judge.

In the matter of the petition of Evert Van

Kampen to supply the loss of certificate number

6640, for part-paid State land.

On reading and filing the petition of Evert Van

Kampen, showing that he is the owner of the

West half of the South West quarter of Section

numbered sixteen, Town five North, Range fifteen

West, Ottawa County, State of Michigan, and

that said land is part-paid State land; and also

that the certificate issued by the Commissioner of

the State Land Office, being certificate number

6640, and issued to Jan Keppel, for said land has

been lost without the fault or connivance, either

directly or indirectly of your petitioner Jan Keppel,

or any one interested in said land, and praying

that this Court may direct the manner of pro-

ceeding to supply the loss of said certificate, and

the notices which shall be given to the parties in-

terested in the application, and to the Commis-

sioner of the State Land Office. Therefore it is

ordered that said petitioner appear before the

Circuit Court, at the city of Grand Haven, in

Ottawa county, on Friday, the 18th day of August,

A. D. 1882, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said

day, with his witnesses to give evidence as to the

matters set forth in said petition, and that the

testimony of said petitioner and of such witnesses

as may be produced by him, at said time be taken

as to the facts in regard to the loss of said certifi-

cate, and who is the owner of said land and en-

titled to a new certificate therefore. And that

notice of such hearing be given to Teunis Keppel

and Hendrik Meengs, both of the city of Holland,

in said county, by serving on said Keppel and

Meengs a copy of this order, at least ten days

before said hearing. And that notice be given to

Herbert Keppel and Gerrit Keppel, of Briggs

Station, Butte county, California; to Frank Keppel,

Cornelia Keppel, and Neeltje Mechelsohn, of

Keokuk, Lee county, Iowa; to Elizabeth Har-

sen, and John Harmsen, heirs of Bastianje

Harmen deceased, of Pelee, Marion county, Iowa,

and to Deles Steenberg, William Steenberg, John

Steenberg, Hulbert Steenberg, Charlie

Steenberg, Lizzie Steenberg, George

Steenberg, Josie Steenberg, and Gracie

Steenberg, heirs of Cornelia Steenberg, de-

ceased, of Keokuk, Lee county, Iowa, by causing

a notice of this order to be published, within

forty days from the date hereof, in the HOLLAND

CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed, published, and

circulating in said county of Ottawa, and that such

publication be continued therein at least once in

each week, for six weeks in succession; and that

notice of said hearing be served on the Commis-

sioner of the State Land Office, by mailing to said

commissioner a copy of this order, enclosed in

an envelope, securely sealed, and with the full legal

postage prepaid thereon, and addressed to the

Commissioner of the State Land Office, Lansing,

Michigan, at least ten days previous to the said

day of hearing. DAN J. ARNOLD,

Circuit Judge.

AREND VISCHEER,

Attorney for Petitioner. 15-7w

BOOT &amp; KRAMER,

—Dealers in—

Groceries and

Provisions.

In addition to our complete stock of

Groceries, Tobaccos and Cigars we have

added

Dry Goods

For which we solicit a share of the trade.

We will serve all customers to the best of

our ability, and by prompt attention and

fair treatment endeavor to merit our

share of the patronage of the people of

this city and vicinity.

GIVE US A CALL.

Farmers bring your

Butter and Eggs.

BOOT &amp; KRAMER.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 4th, 1882. 13-1f

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK The Great EN-TRADE MARK.

glish B.M. &amp; Co.,

an infallible cure

for seminal weak-

ness, spermator-

rhea, and all

diseases that fol-

low as a sequence

of Self Abuse; or

Loss of Memory,

Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Pre-

mature Old Age, and many other Diseases that

lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Prema-

ture Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we

desire to send free by mail to every one. The

specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per

package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent

free by mail on receipt of the money, by ad-

dressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,

No. 109 1/2 Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

For Sale in Holland by Heber Walsh. 32-1y

CARPETS

New Stock of

Brussels,

Extra Super,

Ingrain

and cheaper grades of Carpets.

OIL CLOTH, MATTING, ETC.,

Very cheap at the store of

12-3m MEYER, BROUWER &amp; CO.

Burdock  
BLOOD  
BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas,  
Pimples and Face Grubs,  
Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tet-  
ter, Humors, Salt Rheum,  
Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial  
Diseases, Female Weakness  
and Irregularities, Dizziness,  
Loss of Appetite, Jaundice,  
Affections of the Liver, Indi-  
gestion, Biliousness, Dyspep-  
sia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the  
most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on  
earth. Sold by medicine dealers every where.  
Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, 50c.  
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, Buffalo, N.Y.

N THE NEW

## GROCERY

—AND—

## DRY GOODS STORE

—OF—

C. STEKETEE &amp; BOS,

on the corner of River &amp; Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock  
of Groceries,—always of the Freshest and Purest,  
but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions,  
Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

## DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possi-

ble embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

Crockery, Stone &amp; Glassware.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN

EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE &amp; BOS.

HOLLAND, Oct. 12th, 1880. 36-1y

Come and see our

PARLOR SUITS,

LOUNGES,

EASY CHAIRS,

BUREAUS,

BEDROOM SETS,

And all kinds of

## FURNITURE

Which we sell cheaper for Cash than

any other house

12-2m MEYER, BROUWER &amp; CO.

## Nervous Debility:

A Cure Guaranteed.

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment: a  
specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Ner-  
vous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Mem-  
ory, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, Involuntary  
Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-ex-  
ertion, self abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads  
to misery, decay and death. One box will cure re-  
cent cases. Each box contains one month's treat-  
ment. One dollar a box, six boxes for five dollars;  
sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.  
We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With  
each order received by us for six boxes, accom-  
panied with five dollars, we will send the pur-  
chaser our written guarantee to return the money  
if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees  
issued only when the treatment is ordered  
direct from us. Address JOHN C. WEST & CO.,  
Sole Proprietors, 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago,  
Ill. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich. 33-1y

## ATTENTION

## Farmers and

## Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading  
Bolts you can make and deliver the year  
round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.

White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.

Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.

Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.

Black Ash Heading Bolts 33 inches long.

Basswood Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.

Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further in-

formation apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.

AS. KONING, Supt.

## Com'l. College

Young Men and Women will not only save money

but valuable time in the future by attending the

Grand Rapids Business College, where they will

receive a Thorough, Quickening, Practical educa-

tion. Send for College Journal.

1882. SPRING AND SUMMER. 1882.

## MILLINERY &amp; LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

## Kid Gloves, Fans, Beads,

Bonnets, Dress and Hair Ornaments, Worsted, Canvas,

Cardboard, Cord and Tassels, Rushes, Collars, Man-

telets, Infants Cloaks, Veiling, Silks, Moire An-

tique and Plain Velvets, Crape, Laces, Flowers,

Feathers, and a full assortment of the latest styles of Hats and

Bonnets Ribbons Moire Antique, plain and fancy.

L. &amp; S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET. HOLLAND MICH



## JOTTINGS.

MORE rain.

Circus day next Wednesday.

FOREPAUGH's shows next Wednesday. Look out for the "fakirs."

Mrs. A. M. Burgess, started last Thursday for a six weeks visit to Cascade, Wis.

Why can't Holland have a celebration on the Fourth? It is two years now since anything of the kind was done in this city.

The Humpty Dumpty show last Friday night was patronized by a good house. The acting was fair and caused many a hearty laugh.

Mr. C. H. Harmon, the popular first ward barber, moved last Wednesday into his new building opposite the stores of Mr. E. J. Harrington. Charlie is now "as snug as a bug in a rug."

The party given last Monday evening at Lyceum Hall by the Masters Nye and Boyd, was a decided social success and we hope to see our people indulging more freely in such entertainments.

REV. D. Van Pelt started last Wednesday for Schenectady, N. Y., to attend the sessions of the General Synod of the Reformed Church, to be held in that place, commencing Wednesday, June 7.

LAST Monday morning active operations were commenced on the new flouring mill, and at present there are twenty-two men and six teams engaged in preparing the ground for the stone basement upon which the main structure will rest.

THE only thing that reminded us of Decoration Day was the few old soldiers, who formed into line, were marching toward the grave yard, each with a bouquet in hand. Should it not put to shame all of us who fought and bled at home!

GEO. C. Kimball, general manager of the Chicago & West Michigan Railway has promised the people of Hesperia a railroad, provided they raise a certain sum, which they agree to do. It is conjectured that the road will be extended from Hart.

CROPS on the "Lake Shore" are reported as looking excellent, and wheat especially is in an unusually flourishing condition. Hopes are entertained of a very large yield and in consequence we expect 100 new subscribers after harvest. The peaches are said to be in fair condition and will yield an average crop.

ONLY three more days and our streets will be thronged with people. Windows in our business blocks will be at premium. Wherever Forepaugh has been this season he has given satisfaction both in the performance and in the street parade. The parade is said to be the most magnificent spectacle ever presented by any manager, and no one should fail to see it.

We desire to publicly thank Mr. Peter Nagelkerk, sexton in charge of the cemetery, for erecting the "Stars and Stripes" over the graves of our dead comrades on Decoration Day. We are happy to see that we have one citizen in our midst, who remembers that we have comrades lying in the cemetery who are worthy of the flag for which they fought and died.

### MANY SOLDIERS.

We gather from the report of the committee of the Council of Hope College to the General Synod of the Reformed Church, the following facts: "The number of students in the Academic Department of the College is 30, as follows: Seniors, 9; Juniors, 9; Sophomores, 6; Freshmen, 5; Unclassified, 1. In the Preparatory Department the number is 64. The total number of students is 94, being 6 less than for the preceding year. The examination of the class of 1892, was attended by the Council, and was also satisfactory, all the members of the class being admitted to the degree of A. B. The library of the institution has been increased by valuable donations from friends of the institution. Our income has met our expenses this year; and, through the exertions and generous beneficence of our friends, east and west our debt is paid, with the exception of \$1,000 still due to the Board of Benevolence. The thanks of the Council are specially due to those whose generous donations saved this institution from impending ruin, and to Dr. G. H. Mandeville and the Committee on the debt and the endowment for their strenuous and continued efforts in behalf of this College. Dr. Mandeville has now given four years of gratuitous and most successful service in aid of our finances. During that time he has sent nearly \$25,000 to the treasurer, and only through these means has the institution been able to keep on its useful career, and now at last to be freed from its burden of debt. Hence the word thanks but feebly expresses the obligations under which we feel to this self-sacrificing brother in Christ."

COLD weather this week.

THE popular butcher—Mr. J. Kulte—will have some extra fine beef on the block to-day. The animal weighed 800 pounds dressed.

MR. P. H. Wilms, dealer in agricultural implements in this city, received one day this week, two large self steering traction engines. Go and see them.

THE enterprising proprietors of the City Hotel have been busy this week putting in an elegant new floor in their office, and making a few other minor improvements.

MESSRS. J. B. Green and J. H. Thaw, of Grand Rapids, caught in Macatawa Bay a fine "string" of pickerel and black bass last Thursday. It was not much of a day to go fishing either.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., June 1st, 1892: Mrs. R. Brown, C. J. Keller, James Lawver, S. W. McLellen, F. D. Monroe, Frances F. Royce, Alice Royce.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

THE class in singing organized a few weeks ago by Prof. George, of Chicago, has met once a week, in the lecture room of the M. E. Church ever since the professor departed. To night a general attendance of the members is requested as it is desired to decide whether the class shall hold regular meeting through the summer or not.

AT La Porte, Indiana, the thriving city with which Holland city to-day comes into direct communication by the southern extension of the Chicago & West Michigan Railway, the traveler will find direct connection east and west by the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, one of the most important railroad lines in the country.

Among the new buildings that are in course of construction in Hamilton, we can mention that of Mr. A. B. Bosman, the enterprising hardware merchant and express agent of that place. It is a large frame building, and an ornament to the village. We hope soon to hear that "Ben" is safely ensconced in it and doing a "stunning" business.

PROF. E. Abt, stereopticon agent of Forepaugh's shows, entertained the citizens of this city, in front of the News office at about eight o'clock last Thursday evening, with a series of Zoological illustrations by projected means of a oxy-hydrogen light on a large canvas sheet, showing about 100 elegant views, landscapes, ancient and modern statuary, and many of the rare animals to be seen in Forepaugh's show. The entertainment was free and was enjoyed by many of our citizens.

MR. J. Elenbaas, of Fillmore, and Mr. G. Heneveld, of Laketown, were discussing the "morality of man" last Saturday, at the residence of the latter, when Mr. Heneveld, becoming excited, threw Mr. Elenbaas out doors, striking him, etc. Elenbaas commenced action for assault and battery, bringing Mr. H. into court, who plead "not guilty." Mr. Elenbaas, hearing this plea, withdrew the suit giving as his reason: "that he did not anticipate the plea, and now seeing in the future what the result will be when they all swear falsely against me; Mr. Heneveld with a defiled conscience and my feelings against them and on both sides our children, I give him pardon." We glean the above from a communication from Mr. Elenbaas, and hope our readers will be able to comprehend the situation.

### GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

WHITE & Friant's new barge will be ready for business next week.

LUMBER is on the ground for a new side walk in front of the Kirby House.

THE schr. Wm. Jones brought a load of cedar bark from Chicago for the pier this week.

Two hundred and fifty fishermen were counted on their way to the pier last Thursday.

THE Circuit Court room in the court house is being re-arranged and re-fitted and when finished will be far better than before.

LUCIUS M. Boltwood of New Haven, Conn., is quartered at the Register's office at present looking after titles to his real estate of which he has a considerable amount in this county.

THE Full Moon Club of Grand Rapids, came down Tuesday, on the tug Dr. Hanley, and spent the day in fishing etc. We presume they are like the moon: get "full" once a month.

ANNA Dickenson played "Hamlet" at the Opera House, Wednesday evening. Grand Haven has never witnessed an event so remarkable for exalted dramatic merit or social importance. Miss Dickenson's efforts being always and under all circumstances magnificent works of art.

DURING the past week the Phoenix Hotel has been moved from Ninth to Eighth street, and will, at an early day, be opened for the traveling public.

MR. J. H. Nibbelink, proprietor of the Ninth street Livery Stable, has purchased a "bran new" full top carriage. Try it when you desire to take your family for a ride.

WHETHER the Newaygo division of the Chicago & West Michigan shall be extended to Manistee junction this season, or not, is yet an open question. Just at present the company is directing its energies to the completion of its southern extension to La Crosse, Ind. That work will be finished in a few weeks, and then the matter of going north toward Manistee will be given definite and practical attention. The extension at some time, is a certainty, but just when is the conundrum which the company is unable, now, to answer.

RELIGIOUS services for to-morrow:

Hope Church—Rev. D. Van Pelt, Pastor. Morning, Communion. Evening, Rev. A. Vennema, will occupy the pulpit, subject: "Efficacy of Prayer."

First Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m.

Third Ref. Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor; services at 9:30, a. m. and 2 p. m.

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m., Rev. G. Hemkes, officiating.

College Chapel—Services 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. The services will be conducted by the Theological Student, T. J. Kommers.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, Pastor. Morning, "Sacred Song." Evening, "What it is to be a Christian."

IN regard to the latest proposed addition to our manufacturing interests—the new flouring mill—we are able to give some further particulars which will prove interesting to our readers. The mill is intended to be a model in every respect, and will add a new impetus to the business interests and industries of our growing and prosperous city. The "site," as we stated last week, will be on the lots formerly occupied by the old "City Mills" on River street, having a railroad front of 320 feet and a street front of 132 feet, and will thus have excellent shipping facilities. The mill building proper will be 42x60 feet, four stories and basement making a total height of 57 feet. On the west end of the building will be an addition of 34x48 feet, one story high, which will be used for an office, and engine and boiler rooms. The addition will be of brick, while the main structure is to be built of wood covered with sheet-iron and will rest on a solid basement made of first class stone. The machinery will be driven by a Reynolds-Corliss automatic cut-off engine of 95 horse power, to which steam will be supplied by two tubular boilers 48 inches in diameter and fourteen feet long. The machinery will consist of sixteen pair of rolls, two separators, one smutter, one brush-machine, twenty bolting reels, seven middlings purifiers, one bran duster, one centrifugal flour-dressing machine and two flour packers; also two run of four feet french violet burrs for grinding middlings, one run of four feet stones for grinding feed and meal, besides elevators, conveyors, scales, etc., too numerous for detailed mention. Nearly two miles of belting will be required. The mill will be capable of producing about one hundred and seventy-five barrels of flour and two "cars" of feed and meal per twenty-four hours, and for this purpose will require two cars of wheat and two cars of corn and oats per day. Three grades of flour will be made, a Patent, a Straight or Bakers grade, and a Low grade. The mill will use the Hungarian Roller Process, which is the newest of new processes used in the manufacture of flour, and has proved to be a success from its first introduction in this country. The first mill using the Hungarian Roller Process, in the United States, was built in 1878 at Minneapolis, Minn., by Gov. C. C. Washburn, since which time all the principal mills throughout the Northwest have been re-modeled to the process, as the results produced by it were speedily proven to be far superior to the old ways of manufacturing flour. In this State, there are as yet, only a few mills using this improved system, there being none within a hundred miles of this city. The members of the firm building the mill are Mr. Isaac Cappon, of the Cappon & Bertsch Leather Company, of this city; Messrs Heber Walsh and his son, Walter C. Walsh, our well-known druggists and grain dealers; Mr. G. T. Huizinga, formerly member of the firm of Boone & Co., proprietors of the saw mill at New Groningen, Mich.; and Mr. C. J. DeRoo, formerly of the firm of Keppel & De Roo, Millers at Zeeland, Mich. They will do business under the firm name of Walsh, De Roo & Co. Messrs. E. P. Allis & Co., of Milwaukee, Wis., furnish the plans and all the machinery including the engine. We understand that Messrs H. Walsh & Son will still continue purchasing grain and seeds at Holland and at the various stations along the line of the Chicago and West Mich. Railway.

## TWENTY-TWO TRAINED ELEPHANTS

### COMING WITH THE GREAT FOREPAUGH SHOWS

Will exhibit afternoon and evening at HOLLAND,

# Wednesday, June 7.



LARGEST IN THE WORLD! (18th ANNUAL TOUR.) With two, three, and requires often 4 GREAT RAILWAY TRAINS.

## 1,200 Men and Horses, 1,000 Wild Beasts and Rare Birds

Capital Invested Three Millions. Europe swept clean of its great amusement feature Greatest of all—the now first time consolidated GREAT FOREPAUGH SHOWS—Four Menageries Combined. Three Great Circus Troupes. Mammoth Museum. Oceanic Aquarium. Adam Forepaugh, Jr.'s Great Congress of 22 Trained Elephants. Renz's Berlin Circus, Hippodramatic Sports and Gorgeous Oriental Spectacular Displays.

## 12 COLOSSAL SHOWS COMBINED

constituting the most gigantic combination of tented exhibitions in the universe. Daily expenses greater, canvas larger, parade grander, costs more, shows more, and is the most perfect, chaste and respectable traveling tented exhibition ever organized. Look at the unparalleled and astonishing array of famous features: First and only great herd of 22 performing Elephants, and the just added Biggest Born of Earth, "Boliwa," positively the heaviest and



## BIGGEST ELEPHANT ON EARTH

\$150,000 will be forfeited if any circus in the world can duplicate the unparalleled act of Sig. Leonati, from Milan, Racing upon a Bicycle up and down a spiral elevated roadway 60 feet in height! or the famous French troupe—Silbons, from Paris, in their blood-curdling gymnastic exhibitions; or the incomprehensible, fearless velocity of Albion racing 60 miles an hour on a nine feet high Bicycle! The three greatest living lady riders in the world: Louisa Renz, from Berlin; Lizzie Deacon, from London; Kate Stokes, America; behold, see, 100 peerless performers, tallest giants, smallest dwarfs, Zola blown from a canon, man with horns, wild men zulus, 200 performing and ring horses, two-horned Rhinoceros, Hippopotami, mile monster serpents, trained Lions, Tigers, Hyenas, Giraffe, handsome women, fat ladies, big babies, two race track arenas equal to any.

## Four Great Circus Rings!

Seats for 20,000 in the cloud-towering pavilions, 5,000 opera chairs on the grand stand, three great bands. Peerless, poetic, princely, grand, gorgeous free street parade, every forenoon of exhibition day. The Regal Splendors of the Orient, the whole World Tributary to the Colossal Carnival Cavalcade. Jubilee Singers, and

## THREE GREAT BANDS OF MUSIC

A solid two million dollar pageant. No shoddy—no sham. It is all there—not on paper, but a tangible reality; can be seen by all, and it is worth more to see the grand street parade of the great FOREPAUGH SHOW than it is all the inside and outside displays of nearly all the shows in America.

ADMISSION—50 cents for adults; Children under 9 years, 25 cents. The usual slight advance for Reserved Chairs.

Excursion rates and trains on all railroads on day of show.

ADAM FOREPAUGH, ADAM FOREPAUGH, JR., Proprietors. JOHN FOREPAUGH, Manager.



## ODE TO A BROOM.

### The Marching Song of the Broom Brigade.

[At a broom drill in the First Congregational Church, Detroit, the following lines written by Miss Alice Eddy were read.]

O, you lazes of to-day, with your ruffles and your laces,  
With your clear, young, ringing voices, and your  
fair and clever faces,  
You would smile if I should tell you that you miss  
the best of graces,  
When you turn away from handling of the  
broom!

You can "brooder dainty gowns till the lads are in  
a flutter,  
And arrange your pretty chambers in a most aesthet-  
ic clutter,  
And your racy lips most charmingly Italian songs can  
utter;  
You are quite above the handling of the broom.

Ah! but when your stately grandmamma was only  
pretty Polly,  
She could drive your sober grandpa to a state of  
wildest folly,  
With her dimpled arms a-flying, and her eyes, so  
bright and jolly,  
Laughing out above the handle of her broom.

With a red and yellow kerchief tied about her  
shining tresses,  
And her tucked-up, homespun petticoat—the love-  
liest of dresses,  
He can see her at this moment, and fall off his stars  
he blesses,  
That he found her thus, a-handling of her broom.

O'er her cheek with every motion flew the red and  
white together,  
Like the changeful cloud and sunlight in the merry  
April weather.  
And the part of him who watched her floated up-  
ward like a feather,  
Sweet away before the magic of her broom.

And now, with sweet eyes smiling o'er the tops of  
gold-rimmed glasses,  
Growing sweeter, growing fairer with each happy  
year that passes,  
Though her step indeed be slower, I am sure, my  
little lazes,  
She could match you all in handling of the  
broom.

O, you maidens of to-day, you may sport your filmy  
laces,  
You may frizzle clouds of ringlets to set off your  
pretty faces,  
You may gleam like floating thistle-down with pretty,  
idle graces,  
You may scorn the honest handling of the  
broom;

But your blossomy sweet beauty will not have its  
crowning glory  
Till you learn the truth which followed, makes all  
life a happy story,  
That in service lies your queenship, and a royal  
light plays o'er ye,  
When your pretty hands are busy with the  
broom.

Hark! a score of girlish voices, to my sage advice  
replying:  
How they glow, the winsome faces, laughing down  
my foolish sighing!  
With their joyous eyes upon me can I mourn that  
time goes flying,  
Sweeping old ideas before him with his broom?

"What!" they say, "O grave-faced rhymers, is our  
glory gone forever?  
Borne a-down beneath the weight of years, as in a  
whining river?  
But we know the crown of girlhood will be lost or  
broken never,  
Nor laid by with pretty Polly's worn-out broom.

"Fear by year the same sweet flowers bloom the  
same sweet heavens under;  
Girlish hearts in all ages are not very far asunder;  
And we think that even grandmamma would open  
eyes of wonder,  
At the sight of our maneuvers with the broom."

Heaven bless the bonny lazes, with the light of joy  
upon them,  
Hard of heart and slow to mirth must be whose  
eyes could shun them.  
Let them keep their merry hearts and let all sweet  
grace be done them,  
I'll sit down and watch them ply the broom

## THE EXEMPLARY MR. DUX.

### A Sketch Picked Up Abroad.

"So you quit us to-morrow morn-  
ing?"

"Yes, marm, I guess they're agoin' to  
hang me at 10 o'clock sharp."

I opened wide eyes and ears as I heard  
this fragment of conversation. At the  
moment I was standing on the threshold  
of a cell. But such a cell! It looked  
more like a boarding-house parlor; the  
windows were barred, it is true; the  
walls were whitewashed, and the lock on  
the door was ponderous; but on the floor  
there was a soft carpet, and against the  
walls were arranged chairs and otto-  
mans.

In the middle of the room, some of  
them seated, some standing, a dozen la-  
dies, in visiting costume, formed a circle  
round a gentleman. The latter was in  
correct evening dress—white cambric  
tie, swallow-tailed coat, white kid gloves,  
and boots that reflected one like a pol-  
ished shield.

"That's the assassin," whispered the  
detective, who was showing me round  
(\$10 a day, meals not included).

I could not restrain a movement of  
surprise.

"It's James Dux," he continued, tak-  
ing no notice; "he's under sentence of  
death."

In the monotonous voice of a profes-  
sional guide he went on to tell me the  
story of the man who was the focus of  
so much attention.

"A criminal of the highest class, this  
Dux. He began in an intelligent way  
by only attacking respectable people,  
worth \$10,000 or so. Four times he has  
cheated the gallows. The first time he  
bought off the witnesses, the second  
time he bought off the jury, the third  
time he did business direct with the  
Judge. But a fatal accident was his  
ruin. The paper he found on a banker  
the assassin turned out to be coun-  
terfeit. James had killed a confrere by  
mistake. Not being able to get togeth-  
er money enough to make his innocence  
clear, he was found guilty. He was go-  
ing to be sent aloft when a comrade  
starting in trade offered to buy the fraud-  
ulent bank notes at a sacrifice. He said  
he calculated he could pass them on his  
customers out West. With the sum  
thus realized James was able to per-  
suade the Governor of the State to take  
a disinterested view of his case, and he  
was let off.

"But Dux never got over the turn it  
gave him. He became kinder stupid—  
lost his head. He took to robbing the  
first that came in his road. One even-  
ing, in an out-of-the-way suburb, he  
knocked out the brains of an old man  
with a sledge hammer for the sake of a  
miserable watch of no value.

"Caught in the act by a young police-  
man, who thought he had a chance to  
distinguish himself, James was brought  
up at the Assizes for the fifth time. The  
evidence was overwhelming, the defense

weak, the jury indifferent. While the  
dozen in the box were trying whisky  
cocktails, Judge Blackstone rose in the  
middle of a cloud of cigar-smoke and  
pronounced sentence of death, giving  
the poor fellow only three months' lei-  
sure to read the Bible in. His time is up  
this afternoon."

"And that is the prisoner," I ex-  
claimed; "the man in the dress-  
clothes?"

"Yes, that's Dux," he answered.  
"He's converted, you know. At pres-  
ent he is an object of great interest.  
Our richest ladies pay all his expenses.  
The best families come round regular to  
comfort him. He is going to die beauti-  
fully, we expect. It is a great victory  
for the Hardshell Baptist Church. You'll  
see that James will make a truly  
sanctified end."

Meantime the assassin, reconducting  
one of his lady visitors to the door,  
passed quite close to me and I had the  
opportunity of taking his likeness in my  
zenital camera.

He was a low-sized, thick-set, ill-  
built man, with a face blotched with  
whisky pimples, a low forehead, a cold  
eye, and the limbs of a long-armed ape.  
What a sinister and grotesque caricature  
this bestial wretch was, tricked out in  
the garb of good society, his big, bony  
toes making humps on the patent leather  
of his dandy pumps, and his close-cropped  
hair glistening with some perfume,  
which could not kill the fetid odor that  
exuded from his vulgar body.

A lady advanced toward the assasin  
and presented him with an immense  
white bouquet—the symbol of purity of  
soul. But, as she tried to murmur a few  
appropriate words, emotion overcame  
her and she swooned.

The condemned felon had taken the  
flowers with a careless air, sniffed them  
and jerked them over his shoulder to a  
corner of the room, where I perceived a  
mass of fragrance and bloom thrown in  
huddled heaps like so much refuse.

"The poor creatures are nervous, do  
you mind," said James compassionately.  
"They should take a horn of gin before  
risking themselves here."

"Allow me to introduce to you my  
only daughter, Miss Blackstone," said  
a gentleman of a judicial bearing, bust-  
ling forward to make room for a lovely  
young girl who leaned on his arm.

The murderer bowed.

The young lady courtesied.  
The Judge did his best to imitate one  
and the other; that is to say, so far as  
his corpulence would permit him.

"Papa has spoken often about you,"  
said the pretty girl, with a simper. "I  
am really sorry you cannot dine with us  
to-morrow."

"It's out of the question, miss, and I  
deeply regret it," said Dux, with a  
coarse laugh.

The young girl blushed and lowered  
her eyes.

"Unless, you know, your father would  
consent to revise his judgment," contin-  
ued the felon.

"Ah, James," said the Judge, with a  
blending of formality and the cold ami-  
bility of the bench; "it is, as you say,  
out of the question. Business is busi-  
ness, you know;" and, bending toward  
Dux, he whispered: "It would be as  
much as my appointment is worth to do  
anything at present."

"It must be a terrible thing, Mr.  
Dux, to be hanged," interrupted the  
young girl.

"A moment's pain, more or less, Miss  
Blackstone; a short moment—do you  
hear?" said the Judge. "It is the death  
I would prefer for myself."

"Well, that's as how it is," insinuated  
Mr. Dux. "I dare say it's sweet enough,  
if the trap works proper and the Sheriff  
is experienced. By the by, Judge, would  
you kindly take care that the rope is  
comfortably soaped?"

"Willingly, my friend. Any favor I  
can grant you under the circumstances  
you are at liberty to ask."

Mr. Blackstone left with his daughter.  
The latter turned back several times  
in the hope to catch a parting glance of the  
assasin.

Afterward learned that on the dawn  
of the following morning she forwarded  
a basket of magnificent flowers to the  
condemned cell.

"More posies!" cried Dux, when he  
saw them. "These women folks are  
fools. There's only one in the lot—my  
gal Jane—who knows the right stuff to  
give a citizen of the great United States  
to help him to die. She sent me a gallon  
of old Bourbon."

By this time a crowd of new arrivals  
had invaded the cell, which had been  
transformed into an audience chamber.  
It was a deputation of prominent citi-  
zens, who requested to be received by  
the lion of the day.

The orator of the crowd made three  
paces toward the condemned man, and,  
exhibiting a handsome case in morocco  
and gold, he delivered the following dis-  
course, with much dignity and feeling:

"Dear Mr. Dux, permit the inhabi-  
tants of Humanityville at large, and,  
conjoined with them, the members of  
the jury, the Sheriff, and different per-  
sons who assisted at your trial, as well  
as the prison officials, also the members  
of the police force who took part in your  
capture, to offer you, through me as  
medium, this feeble testimony of the es-  
teem with which you have inspired us  
all; not only by your calm resignation  
and the attitude, in every respect worthy  
of a gentleman, which you have known  
how to preserve during the many days  
of your detention and throughout the  
ordeal of the proceedings in court, but  
likewise by the truly Christian senti-  
ments which have led you to pardon  
those whose action may have contributed  
to bring about your condemnation. Ac-  
cept, I beg of you, in the names of all  
my fellow-citizens and in my own, this  
modest gift. We heartily wish that it  
may prove useful and agreeable to you  
during the last hours of your terrestrial  
sojourn."

Mr. Dux extended both his hands,  
and received from those of the orator a

superbly enameled massive gold watch.  
He weighed it in his right palm for a  
few seconds, turned it over, and then  
applied it to his ear.

"Is it going?"

"Oh, yes," answered the donors in  
chorus.

"Keep good time?"

"Oh, yes."

"Jeweled?"

"Rather."

"Horizontal escapement?"

"Oh, yes."

"American built?"

"You bet."

"Well, I'm sure I'm very much  
obliged, but while you were about it  
you might have given me a hand-made  
ticker."

Here the members of the deputation  
saw that the series of explanations were  
exhausted. After having shaken hands  
with the courageous Mr. Dux—whom  
they passed by in Indian file—they dis-  
creetly withdrew.

A second deputation was ushered into  
the room.

After the customary salute the leader  
of the procession spoke his speech in  
these terms:

"Respected sir, I am the twin brother  
and these ladies are the nearest relatives  
and most-intimate friends of the late  
George Brown, whom you slew on the  
night of the 31st of August last, by sun-  
dry blows of a sledge-hammer, in order  
to possess yourself of a nickel watch  
which he had bought for \$5.

"Desiring to make known to the pub-  
lic the sentiments of admiration and re-  
spect with which your conversion has  
filled us, we pray you to accept our  
humble homage in the shape of a com-  
plete suit of clothes for your own use.  
We will take it as an inestimable favor  
if you will wear them at to-morrow  
morning's ceremony."

James Dux ejected a quid toward the  
pile of bouquets heaped behind him,  
and having tumbled his cheeks with a  
fresh plug of tobacco, he took the bun-  
dle, tore off the paper covering, and  
successively unfolded the coat, waist-  
coat and trousers, examining the texture  
of the stuff with the touch of a connois-  
seur.

"Are these English articles warrant-  
ed, you know?"

"Oh, yes," chorused the group of rela-  
tives and friends.

"Latest fashion?"

"Oh, yes."

"Buttons solidly sewed in—no slop-  
shop work?"

"Oh, yes."

But, as he pursued his examination,  
sudden creases puckered his forehead,  
and, in a voice trembling with anger, he  
exclaimed:

"Where are the braces? There ain't  
no braces to the trousers, nor buttons  
to the coat sleeves!"

The members of the deputation re-  
garded each other with an embarrassed  
air. A whispered colloquy took place  
among them. At last two of the young-  
est of the party hurried out, and the or-  
ator, regaining his presence of mind,  
gave Mr. Dux his assurance that the for-  
gotten articles would be supplied with-  
out delay.

"All right," said the assassin, "let's  
say no more about it."

At that time a smothered sob was  
heard.

It came from one of the two orphan  
daughters left by poor George Brown.

"Oh, Mr. Dux," she murmured amid  
her tears, "how did you find it in your  
heart to kill my good father?"

"It was his own fault," answered  
James. "He provoked me by making  
an exhibition of that darned watch. I  
could not resist the temptation. Only  
for that all-fired time-piece I should  
have died of hunger, like a man, be-  
fore I would have dreamed of robbery.  
It was more than imprudent—it was  
downright immoral on his part."

"The Browns were always too fond  
of ostentation," loudly declared a fat  
lady with a red face, who was no other  
than the Presidentess of the Society for  
the Protection of Penitent Assassins.

"Poor man," she resumed, turning to-  
ward Dux, "you are dying a victim to the  
deplorable vanity of our relative. For  
my part, I am of the emphatic opinion  
that it is high time to pass a law inter-  
dicting the parade of articles of value."

"That's a fact," assented Mr. Hiram  
K. Anthropologus, Secretary of the so-  
ciety. "A saint himself could not resist.  
Brown was entirely to blame. He only  
got what he deserved. But you, Mr.  
Dux, tell me, please, when the tempta-  
tion assailed you to kill George,  
in order to get his watch, did you suffer  
much?"

"Terrible, sir, terrible. When I saw  
him pull it out to look at the hour, I  
thought he wanted to rile me. That's a  
thing, you know, no citizen of this free  
country can stand without getting his  
dander up. It sort of affected me in the  
stomach first, then in the legs and then  
in the head. I tried to resist, and even  
made an attempt to run away. But I  
can't tell how it came to pass, I wasn't  
equal to it; and when calmness returned  
I was stooping over the man, a sledge-  
hammer in my hand and his skull  
was smashed! \* \* \* No matter, it  
can't be helped now that it is over. I  
forgive him from the bottom of my  
heart."

"Poor man!" cried all the ladies  
present in a tone of profound com-  
miseration, and then began a rivalry be-  
tween them as to who should give a  
farewell token to the condemned.

"Do take this porte-monnaie," said  
one.

"And this flask of smelling-salts," said  
another.

"Here is my box of pulmonic wafers,"  
added a third. "They are a sovereign  
remedy against asthma and difficult  
breathing."

Dux took everything that was offered  
him, but all went the way of the bou-  
quets before long.

A tumult in the corner put an end to  
these effusions of friendliness. An un-

fortunate wretch, all rags and patches,  
his cheeks hollow from long fasting; was  
struggling in the clutches of some half-  
dozen persons.

"I have caught him!" screeched a  
female voice. "He was attempting to  
steal the venison pastry sent for James  
Dux."

"Gentlemen, if you please, ladies,"  
gasped the poor beggar, "I have not  
tasted food for two days, and—and I  
never murdered anybody."

He was flung neck and crop out of the  
room.

A negro domestic here entered, and  
announced to Mr. Dux that dinner was  
served in an adjoining apartment.

The company filed out into the dining  
room of the Governor of the jail, which  
had been amiably placed, together with  
the Governor's plate and French cook, at  
the disposal of the prisoner and his  
friends for the occasion.

The condemned man took his station  
in the seat of honor, Judge Blackstone  
on his right and the District Attorney  
on his left. A popular preacher of the  
Talmage type said grace before meat,  
and made an impromptu prayer, in the  
course of which he introduced some elo-  
quent allusions to the ceremony of the  
following day.

Mr. Dux ate heartily and drank copio-  
usly, and burst into frequent explosions  
of good humor, which were vastly ad-  
mired by the guests. The repast was a  
veritable banquet in its plenteousness, a  
fete in its joyous spirit. Several effec-  
tive selections of music were performed  
during the courses on a harmonium, by  
the leader of the popular preacher's  
choir.

After the coffee came liquors stronger  
than wine, and with them came the  
toasts. The shortest and most delicate  
of these was given by the twin brother  
of George Brown, in the following neat  
speech:

"Ladies and gentlemen, our urbane  
and much to be regretted friend James  
is on the eve of his departure. May the  
dejection of his leave taking be softened  
and its pains be abridged."

Dux got on his legs, and, in a robust  
voice, responded as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: This I shall  
ever look upon as the happiest and  
proudest moment of my career. Its re-  
membrance shall not quit me till my  
dying hour. In many a former period  
of my existence I was cast down by dis-  
appointment, and almost gave way to  
despair. Little did I then imagine that  
I should one day have the privilege of  
enjoying this honor. It was furthest  
from my hopes that I should have the  
pleasure of being entertained by such a  
distinguished circle until I gave that  
rooster, Brown, his passport check for  
the other side of Jordan. The death of  
that miserable sinner has made a new  
man of me, has regenerated me, and  
filled me, so to speak, with a second life.  
From the moment my sentence was pro-  
nounced by my friend, the Judge here,  
I felt myself another being—indeed, I  
may safely say, without boasting, that I  
should have lived in complete ignorance  
of the joys one feels in the consciousness  
of being good unless I had undertaken  
that job which procures me the novelty  
of being strangled to-morrow. Oh, my  
friends, would that you were all in the  
ranks of the just like your humble  
servant! It is a blessed and profitable  
thing, I guess, to be awakened to the  
truth, to read pious tracts, and eat spring  
chickens and canvas-back ducks! Per-  
sonally, I can affirm that I forgive sin-  
cerely all who have had a hand in my  
murder. I haven't an ounce of animosity  
in my composition against any of you.  
If I were let go free to-morrow, I would  
not hurt a hair of the head of an un-  
born babe. No, indeed, I would not!  
But to-morrow I shall be at home, and  
my business prospects will be brighter  
than those of any citizen in these States.

Yes, to-morrow I shall be walking arm  
in arm with the prophets—to-morrow I  
would not exchange my log cabin in  
Zion for the White House at Washing-  
ton! From the golden side of the  
clouds I shall cast an eye of pity on you,  
poor sinners, down here below, in the  
depths of this vale of tears. It is not  
for you to attain to the glory I shall  
have reached, for you have done nothing  
to entitle you to the recompense.  
Nevertheless, I pardon you all. I pardon  
the Judge, I pardon the witnesses,  
who, by their depositions, have been the  
cause of my premature dissolution. I  
even pardon that contemptible old  
rooster, George Brown himself. There  
isn't an atom of resentment in my  
soul!"

Everybody was melted to tears.

"Here is a saint," said the popular  
preacher.

As for the Judge, his emotion was so  
great that he had to hide it in a napkin  
behind a barricade of four empty bottles  
of California wine.

As I left the room after this valedic-  
tory banquet I could hear the clergyman  
recommending those who had obtained  
reserved tickets for the execution to  
come early, and not fail to bring their  
children with them, as the sight was  
sure to be edifying.—*Tinsley's Maga-  
zine.*

DURING an address by Prof. W. E.  
Ayrtton on the "storage of power," the  
lecture theater was lighted, a circular  
saw driven and an elevator operated by  
means of electric energy which had been  
stored the previous day in Faure accu-  
mulating batteries. The total quantity  
of energy was 50,000,000 foot-pounds—  
a little more than twenty-five horse-  
power exerted for one hour. A single  
cell, containing 81 pounds of lead and  
red-lead, is found to store 1,440,000  
foot-pounds of energy.

As SHIPS meet at sea a moment to-  
gether, when words of greeting must be  
spoken, and then away into the deep, so  
meet men in this world; and I think we  
should cross no man's path without hail-  
ing him, and, if he needs, give him sup-  
plies.—*Henry Ward Beecher.*

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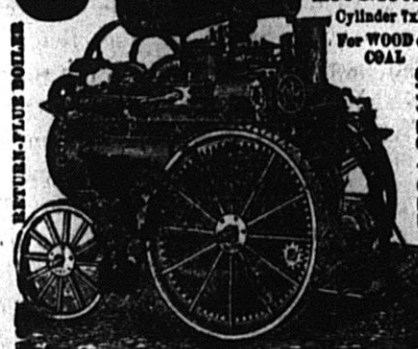
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## ASTHMA CURED



## SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

The air of London during a fog is found to contain a large excess of carbonic acid over the normal proportion.

The newly-completed observatory on Mount Aetna is 9,000 feet above the sea level, and the clearness of the atmosphere at that height leads astronomers to expect some important observations.

The Chinese in Hong Kong are reported to practice vaccination so thoroughly and effectually that smallpox never spreads there, although no port in the world is more liable to a visitation of the disease.

In an experiment by M. Paul Bert upon a live crocodile, the animal, being made to forcibly close its mouth, exerted a pulling force of 308 pounds upon a rope attached to the end of its upper jaw. The extremity of the jaw being the end of a long lever, the real power exerted by the muscles was much greater, and was computed to be 1,540 pounds. This experiment was made upon a crocodile already weakened by cold and fatigue.

A year or more ago a gate-post which had been painted with so-called zinc-white was noticed to appear black all day, gray in the twilight and white during the night, changing black very soon after sunrise. Mr. T. L. Phipson was led to investigate this singular chameleon property of the paint, and after much research has shown the cause to exist in a new metal, which has been named actinium on account of its peculiar actinic effects. It is found in zinc ores, and resembles zinc.

Attention has been called to some new fact in relation to color-blindness. Careful investigations have shown the Chinese and the Nubians to be practically free from this defect. Dr. Roberts has observed that color-blindness is most common among persons of reddish or red hair, and it is very prominent among the Jews, who are the most decidedly red-haired of all known races. It is thought probable, therefore, that there may be some correlation of color-blindness with pigmentation, and indirectly with racial peculiarities.

A SCHOOL-MASTER of Nice has formed among his pupils a society for the protection of vegetation. The members are to destroy injurious larvae and protect harmless birds. Their interest in the work is kept up by the election of laureates and the award of prizes. In four months of 1881 the children destroyed 4,555 beetles of moth eggs, representing no fewer than 1,363,500 larvae; 194,328 cabbage larvae, 1,583 grasshoppers, 620 butterflies, 58,911 slugs and snails, 1,274 grubs, and 35,712 insects of various kinds. The work is both very valuable and very instructive.

SOUNDS produce in certain individuals the impression of color. This curious phenomenon, which was first described by Nussbaumer in 1873, has recently been made the subject of systematic study by Herren, Bleulen, and Lehmann, of Zurich. They find that the colors associated with different notes differ with the individuals, being as a rule light for high notes and dark for low notes. Chords either cause the colors which correspond to their notes to appear to the mind side by side, or give a mixture of those colors. The same note in different keys changes in color, and to many persons different colors appear when the same piece is played by different instruments. Noises, as well as musical notes, are accompanied by colors, varying with the intensity and pitch of the sound. Of 596 individuals examined, one-eighth were "color-hearers." Four persons perceived sound as a result of sensation of light and color. A broad, quietly burning gas flame led to the perception of a sound formed of *w* and a light vowel *e*; but when the flame flickered the sound became that of *t*. These cases can generally be explained by an association of sounds with colors by the individual minds, and the phenomenon is largely hereditary.

**A Rat-King.**  
A singular example of the care of the helpless is given us in the case of what is called a "rat-king," that is, where by an accident after birth a whole litter of young rats (yet perhaps only a part) become connected together by their tails in such a manner that it is impossible for them to extricate themselves. This singular condition seems to originate by the mother lying upon the tails of the young rats, and tossing them about with her head; their tails, usually being long, become so entwined that, with a little clay accumulating around the connecting parts, it becomes impossible to separate them. When this is discovered, they are not left to perish by their fellow-rats, which, considering the helplessness of these unfortunates, take better care of them than is usual for a more fortunate one to experience. A "rat-king" was discovered and killed near Leipzig, Germany, of which there were seven members in perfect condition physically, except the deformity of the tips of their tails, which had grown shaped to neatly entwine each other, but the rats were in the very best condition—conclusive evidence that astonishingly good care had been bestowed upon them by their more fortunate brethren.

A SYRACUSE Justice of the Peace postponed a trial on account of the death of the prisoner's mother, the prisoner asking the favor in piteous and tearful tones. When the trial was resumed two days after it was found that the prisoner had gone to Canada, and that his mother had been dead nine years. The justice says the next man that tries to play a corpse on him has got to produce the body or a certificate from the doctor who attended the deceased. That would seem to be fair.

"It is difficult to understand women," Oh, no; guess not. We've got one down home that we can understand every time.—*Kentucky State Journal.*

## Chinese English.

Yeine Fane, an almond-eye denizen of the metropolis, being seized with a desire to keep some poultry in the basement of his house, sent in this remarkable application to the Sanitary Bureau: "We occupy the first floor in the front building as dining room and the second floor in the rear house used for kitchen the cellar in rear building used for put coal and woods in case some time to keeping chickens and ducks about two or three dozens remain in the cellar all night the front house all Chinese tenants top to bottom but the rear house top floor occupy by Jewish use for as taylor work."

Such heroic wrestling with the English language ought to have been rewarded, but the Sanitary Inspector declined for sanitary reasons to grant the application.—*Buffalo Express.*

**HARD LUMPS IN BREAST.**  
Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—I wrote you some time ago that I thought I had a cancer. There was a large lump in my breast as large as a walnut, and had been there four months. I commenced taking your "Golden Medical Discovery," "Favorite Prescription" and "Pellets," in June, and the lump is gone. Yours gratefully,  
Mrs. R. R. CLARK,  
Irvington, Mich.

"Then you don't want to rent me your house?" said a New Haven man in search of a rent. "Yes, yes. But you see the family in it now owe me a little rent, and I don't exactly see how I can get 'em out." "Hang it all. Warn 'em out. That's the way they do to me." And then he wondered why a curious expression came over the face of the landlord.—*New Haven Register.*

Now the maiden sadly sighs, with a mist before her eyes, as she settles back, and in her mind doth dream, dream, dream; soon a-morning she will see, Charles Augustus Henry B., whose pocketbook she'll empty on ice cream, cream, cream.

**"BECAME SOUND AND WELL."**  
R. V. PIERCE, M. D.: Dear Sir—My wife, who had been ill for over two years and had tried many other medicines, became sound and well by using your "Favorite Prescription." My niece was also cured by its use, after several physicians had failed to do her any good. Yours truly,  
THOMAS J. MERVIN,  
Hatchers Station, Ga.

COURTESIES at an introduction: First gentleman—"Madame, permit me to introduce my friend, M. P. He is not nearly so much of a fool as he looks." Second gentleman—"That is where my friend differs from me, madame."

APPLICANT for situation as housemaid: "Well, you see, mum, the missus at my last place was a very nice person, but I couldn't get on with the lady as was cook, so I was obliged to leave."—*Judy.*

A BROOKLYN man advertises a powder to "cure cats and dogs of somnambulism." It is put in a gun.

**NO TROUBLE TO SWALLOW.**  
Dr. Pierce's "Pellets" (the original "little liver pills"), no pain or griping. Cure sick or bilious headache, sour stomach, and cleanse the system and bowels. 25 cents a vial.

**Human Bodies Floating.**  
A Paris paper publishes these alleged statements of a Parisian river spiresman concerning human bodies floating in the river: "I always know beforehand if it is a man or woman. If the body has the face upward it is a woman; if it floats on its belly, with its nose in the water, it is a man. I have remarked that a man who has been thrown into the water after being assassinated reappears on the surface much earlier than one who has fallen in by accident or has drowned himself. The time the body remains beneath the waters shows whether it is a case of suicide or murder. This curious information is valuable in proportion to its truth."

**Men of Large Brain.**  
Men of large brain sometimes suffer from feelings of extreme mental exhaustion. This feeling should not be neglected. Heed such symptoms as nervous debility, blotches, skin diseases, dimness of sight, cough, catarrh of the bladder, and general despondency. When thus afflicted hasten to use Dr. Guyot's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. It strengthens mind and body exhausted by disease and suffering. It is the truest of all life-giving tonics, and nature's best assistant in restoring the proper function to every organ affected. Ask your druggist for it.

**The Battle of Austerlitz.**  
At the great battle of Austerlitz, three Emperors commanded, namely, Alexander of Russia, Francis of Austria, and Napoleon of France. The losses of the allies who were fighting the Little Corporal are variously placed at from 30,000 to 40,000 in killed, wounded, and prisoners; Alison gives the first figures and sets down the losses of the French at 12,000; however, Russian and French accounts make their respective losses smaller. The French army was about 80,000 strong, while the allied armies numbered about 84,000, of which 16,000 were cavalry.

Mr. ARTHUR McLANE, of Greensburgh, Ind., writes: "After suffering many years from extreme mental exhaustion and nervous debility, and failing to find relief, I expected to die, having tried all advertised remedies for early decay, with no benefit. My mother was using Dr. Guyot's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. I took a dose occasionally and it made me feel better. I bought a bottle; it did me great good. I am now healthy as I ever was, and have no more disturbing dreams."

"I don't care so much about the loss of my thumb, as a thumb," said the grocer, whose horse has amputated the member, "but as a source of profit I shall miss it. I've measured that thumb in the shape of beans, meal and molasses nigh onto a thousand times. Well, my wife can't afford a new parlor carpet this spring."—*New Haven Register.*

"If there be one thing upon this earth that mankind love and admire better than another, it is a brave man; it is a man who dares to look the devil in the face and tell him he is a devil."—*James A. Garfield.*

Every lady who shops by mail should send five 2-cent stamps for a copy of *Strawbridge & Clothier's Quarterly*. The present number contains 1,000 engravings, illustrating the new fashions, and four pages of new music. Strawbridge & Clothier, Eighth and Market streets, Philadelphia.

**A Voice From Omaha.**  
1,412 DODGE ST., OMAHA, Neb., May 24, 1881.  
H. H. WARNER & Co.: Sir—May I have suffered fifteen years from a combination of liver and kidney trouble until cured by your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.  
O. B. ROGERS.

MORGAN's wife would never go anywhere he wanted her to go, and he led a sorry existence in consequence. One day Graham accosted him with: "Morgan, I hear your wife is pretty sick." "Yes, she's pretty low." "That's too bad. Do you think she'll go?" "Sh," as he put his mouth against Graham's ear, "she can't disappoint me any more. She's got to go this time sure. The doctor told me there was no hope for her."—*Yonkers Gazette.*

WRITE to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets relative to her Vegetable Compound for female complaints.

A KIND-HEARTED woman, moved to pity at the spectacle of a poor man asking for alms before her door, rushes out to him with some gold victuals. "Madame," he replies, haughtily, letting them fall on the pavement which she had just swept, "do not insult my manhood! I may be a beggar, but I am not in want!"

Ask your druggist about Kidney-Wort. He will tell you it always succeeds.

MISTRESS—"Forgot it? Why, I told you to impress it on your mind." BRIDGET—"It was on my mind I put it, mum, and me mind wint astray wid it."

**Decline of Man.**  
Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1. Druggists. Send for pamphlet to E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

EVERY HOME should contain ELLIOT'S Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry. This celebrated remedy will surely cure Colds, Coughs, Croup, Catarrh, Consumption and all Bronchial complaints. Common Colds neglected, are the cause of one-half the deaths. Don't wait for sickness to come, but this day take home a bottle of Elliot's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry, for it may save the life of a loved one, when delay would be death. Sold by all Druggists.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphated Elixir of Calaisa," made by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

UNCLE SAM'S CONDITION POWDER prevents disease, purifies the blood, improves the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy coat of hair and keeps the animal in good condition. It cures Distemper, Coughs, Colds, Fevers and most of the diseases to which Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry are subject, and should be used by every one owning or having the care of stock. Sold by all Druggists.

THE U. S. Government are using large numbers of The Improved Howe Scales. Borden, Sellick & Co., Agents, Chicago, Ill.

Try the new brand, Spring Tobacco.

**RESCUED FROM DEATH.**  
William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: In the fall of 1876 I was taken with bleeding of the lungs, followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of Dr. WILLIAM HALL'S BALM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past. I write this hoping every one afflicted with diseased lungs will take Dr. WILLIAM HALL'S BALM, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION can be CURED. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness.

**\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free.**  
Address BROWN & CO., Portland, Me.

**TRADING STOCK** \$1000 bonds at \$27. A. D. PACKARD, Banker, Weston, Iowa.

**\$4 for \$1.—AGENTS, UNIVERSAL ATTORNEY** ment Co., 27 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 outfit free.** Address H. HALL & CO., Portland, Me.

**YOUNG MEN** If you want to learn Telegraphy in a few months, and be certain of a situation, address VALERIANE BROS., Jacksonville, Fla.

**\$225 A MONTH—AGENTS WANTED—99 best** selling articles in the world. 1 sample free. Address JAY BROS., Detroit, Mich.

**\$30 PER WEEK** can be made in any locality. Something entirely new for agents. \$5 outfit free. G. W. INGRAM & CO., Boston, Mass.

**OPIMUM** Morphine Habit Cured in 30 to 60 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. STERNBERG, Lebanon, Ohio.

**Edicote** For Business at the Oldest & Best Corner of the City. Circulars free. Address C. BATLIS, Dubuque, Ia.

**LADY CANVASSERS** wanted in every town to sell our Magnetic Corset and Insoles. Good commission allowed. No salary. Terms, MAP NETON APPLIANCE CO., 215 State St., Chicago.

**EVERY ONE MUSIC** Will get valuable information FREE by sending for circular to E. TOLUJEE, Boston, Mass.

**USE NONE BUT THE BEST**  
THE GREAT FAMILY SOAP-MAKER  
**SAPONIFIER** THE ORIGINAL CONCENTRATED LYE SOLD BY ALL GROCERS PENNA SALT MF G. CO. PHILA.

**CHICAGO PITTS!**  
Forty-seventh season of the old reliable "Chicago Pitts" Separator, the only first-class Apron Machine now in the market adapted for large or small jobs, horse or steam power; the only Machine that threshes and cleans flax and all grain perfectly. "Chicago Pitts" Double Flange Mounted Horse Powers are the best in the world.

**BLACK HAWK**  
A pronounced success in 1881. Highest draft, fastest and cleanest thrasher in grain, wheat, and clover. Could not supply the demand. Order early. The simplest and most durable machine in the market.

**ENGINES** The Black Hawk Portable and Tractor. Absolutely non-explosive. Water tube Boiler. Will save their cost in fuel alone.  
H. A. PITTS'S MFG. CO.  
7 and 98 Jefferson St. CHICAGO, ILL.

**TRUE Temperance**  
Is not signing a pledge or taking a solemn oath that cannot be kept, because of the non-removal of the cause—liquor. The way to make a man temperate is to kill the desire for those dreadful artificial stimulants that carry so many bright intellects to premature graves, and desolation, strife and unhappiness into so many families.

It is a fact! BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, a true non-alcoholic tonic, made in Baltimore, Md., by the Brown Chemical Company, who are old druggists and in every particular reliable, will, by removing the craving appetite of the drunkard, and by curing the nervousness, weakness, and general ill health resulting from intemperance, do more to promote temperance, in the strictest sense than any other means now known.

It is a well authenticated fact that many medicines, especially "bitters," are nothing but cheap whiskey vilely concocted for use in local option countries. Such is not the case with BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is a medicine, a cure for weakness and decay in the nervous, muscular, and digestive organs of the body, producing good, rich blood, health and strength. Try one bottle. Price \$1.00.

**You Can Make \$1000 Speedily.** Any one who takes an agency now can speedily make \$1000. Agents at work in the following extracts show the great value of the business, and are fair samples of many reports received from our agents: "An agent in the State of New York writes:—'Yesterday I secured a number of subscribers; my profit for the day's work figure up to over \$30.' A lady agent at work in the State of Ohio, writes:—'In one week I have made nearly \$150, taking subscribers for your paper. I secure a subscriber at \$25 each. An agent at work in Canada, writes:—'The first ten days I was out, I made over \$200. I am as great a success as any agent. An agent in the State of New York writes:—'I have secured a number of subscribers; my profit for the day's work figure up to over \$30.' A lady agent at work in the State of Ohio, writes:—'In one week I have made nearly \$150, taking subscribers for your paper. I secure a subscriber at \$25 each. 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Enjoy Health and Be Happy.  
For depression of spirits, general debility and ill-health, also as a certain strengthener of every part of the system, nothing equals Brown's Iron Bitters.

In this County there have been 320 marriages and 23 divorces recorded for the year 1881.

#### Quick and Sure.

Many miserable people drag themselves about with failing strength, feeling that they are steadily sinking into their graves, when by using Parker's Ginger Tonic they would find a cure commencing with the first dose, and vitality and strength quickly and surely coming back to them.

ALL our druggists now heartily endorse the amazing success of Magnetic Medicine, and recommend it for both sexes in all cases of sexual weakness. See advertisement in another column. Sold in Holland by Heber Walsh. 17-4w

#### Druggist's Testimony.

H. F. McCarthy, druggist, Ottawa, Ont., states that he was afflicted with chronic bronchitis for some years, and was completely cured by the use of Thomas' Electric Oil.

#### Certificates.

"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters with great benefit for indigestion and constipation of the bowels."

C. L. EASTON,  
"Hamilton, Ont."

Price \$1.00.

#### The Highest Rank.

Made from harmless materials, and adopted to the needs of fading and falling hair, Parker's Hair Balsam has taken the highest rank as an elegant and reliable hair restorative.

#### Triumphant.

Mrs. Seigfried, Marion, Ohio, says Thomas' Electric Oil was triumphant in her case; she used it for a severe cold and pain inside, and was relieved in a few minutes.

#### A Renovating Remedy

Is to be found in Burdock Blood Bitters. As an antidote for sick headache, female weakness, indigestion, constipation, and other diseases of a kindred nature, these bitters are invaluable.

GRAY hairs are honorable, but few like them. Clothe them with the hues of youth by using Ayer's Hair Vigor.

#### Special Notices.

The Alaska Refrigerator, with or without water cooler, at Grand Rapids prices, for sale by  
16-3w R. KANTERS & SONS.

If you want a good dish of Ice Cream or a glass of Soda Water, go to the City Bakery.  
J. PESSINK.

FAMILIES who wish to be supplied with ice during the summer will please leave orders at the hardware store of  
16-3w R. KANTERS & SONS.

Just received, a large assortment of Spring Dress Goods. Ladies please call and examine. I have lately taken the agency for the celebrated Jamestown Worsted Dress Goods, which have never before been kept in this City, and have received a full line of them. A full line of Ladies summer skirts ranging in price from 50 cents to \$3.  
12-1f. D. BERTSCH.

A LARGE ice-box for sale cheap. Inquire at the hardware store of  
16-1f R. KANTERS & SONS.

#### Take Notice.

Please take notice that I, the undersigned, have on hand a large stock of Pilsner Lager Beer, made by myself from the best malt and hop. My Beer can be found at the saloons of E. J. Sutton and R. A. Hunt. Private parties and families supplied with Beer promptly, and on short notice.  
ANTON SEIF,  
Prop. of Holland Brewery.  
HOLLAND, May 24, 1882. 16-8w

R. KANTERS & SONS will fit you out with Wire Cloth Screens for your windows. They sell the self acting screen sash for windows and the doors already made; all they want is the size of your window and you can get the thing completed in fifteen minutes.  
16-3w

MOIRE Antique in Colors and plain and striped Marie Antique silks and a full line of ladies fancy dress goods at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

A FULL stock of ready mixed paints, Whiting, Alabastine, Boiled Oil, Pure White Lead, Brushes, etc., at reasonable prices, at  
16-3w R. KANTERS & SONS.

THE latest styles of straw and felt hats—Oscar Wilde included—silk wipes and a full line of gents furnishing goods at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

A complete line of parasols, all grades, just opened, Ladies wishing to buy will do well to inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere.  
D. BERTSCH.

## HALL'S Catarrh Cure

Is Recommended by Physicians!  
\$100 REWARD FOR A CASE IT FAILS TO CURE!

We manufacture and sell it with positive guarantee that it will cure any case, and we will forfeit the above amount if it fails in a single instance. It is unlike any other Catarrh remedy, as it is taken internally, acting upon the blood. If you are troubled with this distressing disease, ask your Druggist for it, and accept no imitation on any pretense. If he has not got it, send to us and we will forward immediately. Price, 75 cents per bottle.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by Schouten & Schepers, Holland.

## IA MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R.R. Calls the attention of travelers to the central position of its line, connecting the East and the West by the shortest route, and carrying passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis every day. Two Trains between Chicago and St. Paul every day. All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE." A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chesapeake, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points. All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains. Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors and offer less advantages. For detailed information, get the Maps and Fold-ers of the  
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,  
At your nearest Ticket Office, or address  
P. R. CABLE, E. ST. JOHN,  
Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Mgr. Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.  
CHICAGO

## BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

TRADE MARK  
P  
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS  
A TRUE TONIC.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS are a certain cure for all diseases requiring a complete tonic; especially Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. Acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all Druggists at \$1.00 a bottle.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO.  
Baltimore, Md.  
See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co. and have crossed red lines and trade mark on wrapper.  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.  
31-w



PARKER'S HAIR BALM. A perfect dressing, elegant in perfume and harmless. Removes dandruff, restores natural color and prevents baldness. 50 cents and \$1 sizes at druggists.  
FLORESTON COLOGNE. An exquisitely fragrant perfume with exceptionally lasting properties. 25 and 75 cents.  
PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. An invigorating Medicine that Never Intoxicates. This delicious combination of Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many other of the best vegetable remedies known, cures all disorders of the bowels, stomach, liver, kidneys and lungs, & is The Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used. If you are suffering from Female Complaints, Nervousness, Wakefulness, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, or any disease or infirmity, take Parker's Ginger Tonic. It will strengthen brain and body and give you new life and vigor.  
100 DOLLARS. Paid for anything injurious found in Ginger Tonic or for a failure to help or cure. 50c. and \$1.00 sizes at dealers in drugs. Large saving buying \$1 Size. Send for circular to H. C. & Co., 165 Wm. St., N.Y.

## JUST RECEIVED SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

Boys' and Young Men's SUMMER SUITS. Suits for Children of 4 years up to suits for full grown Men.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS, We won't be Undersold.

A full line of Dress Goods, Ladies' Gossamere Circles, Etc. Boots and Shoes in great variety.

Over 600 acres of first-class timbered land for sale; also a farm of 160 acres, for a man who wants a good farm here is a chance.

E. J. HARRINGTON,  
HOLLAND, MICH.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.  
The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success. Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars. Price, Specific, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Address all orders to  
J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N.Y.  
Sold in Holland by D. R. MEENGES. 31-1y.



Aultman, Miller & Co.  
AKRON, O.,  
MANUFACTURERS

Table-Rakes,  
Droppers  
Mowers,  
WIRE  
AND  
GORD  
BINDERS.

For Descriptive Catalogue and Price List, address  
AULTMAN, MILLER & CO.,  
AKRON, O.

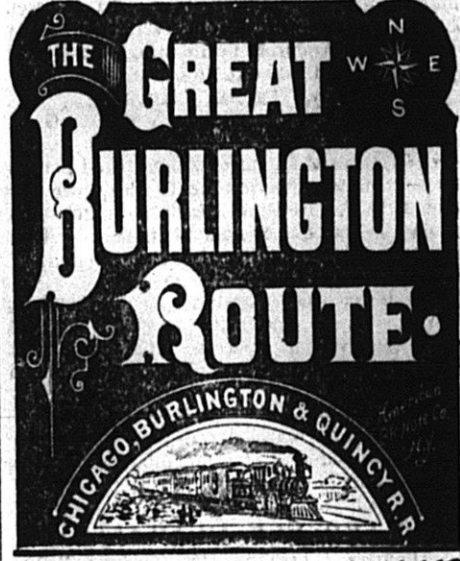
P. Wilms,  
Agent for Holland and vicinity.  
12-4mos



WEBB'S ELECTRIC MEDICINE. It is a positive and effectual remedy for all Nervous Diseases in every stage of life—youth or old, male or female. Such as Impotency, Prostration, loss of Strength, loss of Vitality, Defective Memory, Impaired Brain Power, and diseases from which an unnatural waste of life springs, all of which cannot fail to undermine the whole system. Every organ is weakened, every power prostrated, and many forms of disease are generated which, if not checked, pave the way to an early death. It rejuvenates age and reinvigorates youth. Each package contains sufficient for two weeks treatment. Write for pamphlet, which will be sent free, with full particulars. Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents a package, or twelve packages for \$5.00. Will be sent free by mail on receipt of money, by addressing  
WEBB'S ELECTRIC MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N.Y.  
A Cure Guaranteed. Sold in Holland by D. R. Meenges. 32-1y

WALL PAPER.

We have received a large assortment of Wall Paper such as  
GILTS, SATINS, CENTRES, FLATS, CORNERS, WHITES, BUFFS and BROWNS. Also the finest assortment of BORDERS ever introduced into this city, and a full line of CURTAINS all sold at the lowest prices. Please call and see  
12-2m MEYER, BROUWER & CO.



THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE.  
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R.R.  
PRINCIPAL LINE  
AND OLD FAVORITE FROM CHICAGO  
OF PEORIA TO KANSAS CITY  
This Route has no superior for Albert Lea, Minneapolis and St. Paul. Universally conceded to be the best equipped Railroad in the World for all classes of travel.

KANSAS CITY  
All connections made in Union Depots.  
Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the U.S. and Canada.  
Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury, instead of a discomfort.  
Information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Cars, etc. cheerfully given by  
T. J. POTTER, PERCEVAL LOWELL,  
1st Vice Pres. & Gen'l Manager, Gen. Pass. Agt.,  
Chicago, Ill. Chicago, Ill.

Now is the chance for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

J. FLIEMAN,

Better wagon in every way

Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

AND

Open and Top Buggies,

And a nice assortment of Cutters for Farmers and Tradersmen are on the way coming.

ALSO AGENT FOR

BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN,  
Holland, Mich.

\$500 REWARD.

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, containing 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp. 33-1y

B. WYNHOFF,  
SUCCESSOR TO

M. Huizenga & Co.,

EIGHTH STREET.

We have added a complete stock of

DRY GOODS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Notions, Hosiery, Woolen Yarns,

Etc., Etc., which we offer for sale at very low prices. Our motto is: "Quick Sales and Easy Profits."

Our stock of CROCKERY is large and complete, and our stock of GROCERIES is constantly being replenished, kept fresh and full.

FLOUR AND FEED,

is also kept constantly on hand.

The highest prices is paid for butter and eggs, and other Country Produce.

Call and see our New Goods.

Mr. H. Werkman will remain in the store as heretofore.

M. HUIZENGA,  
B. WYNHOFF,  
HOLLAND, Sept. 22, 1881. 33-6m.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL ON

R. A. BRAYMAN,

At the old place of L. T. Kanters.

An entire new stock of

Stationery and Confectionery,

FANCY GOODS,

CIGARS and TOBACCOS.

Complete and well selected stock of Photo. and Autograph

ALBUMS

As cheap as the cheapest.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 9, 1882. 1-1y

FROM

GRAAFSCHAP to HOLLAND

The undersigned desires to call the attention of the people of Holland and vicinity to the fact that he has purchased the

First Ward Grocery House

COR. EIGHT & FISH STREETS,

and is prepared to serve the public with every thing that pertains to a first-class

GROCERY Store

Butter & Eggs always on hand.

GIVE ME A CALL.

Don't forget the place No. 192, Eighth street, cor. Fish.

F. DEN UYL,  
HOLLAND, Mich., April 24, 1882. 12-1y.