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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 16.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 120.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil), 75 cents
for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-
quent insertion for any period under three
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 " "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 " "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/2 " "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1/4 " "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge.
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's sig-
nify that no paper will be continued after date.
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.		
Night Ex.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.	Ex.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
9.10	8.30	Chicago.	5.30	6.00	
12.15	11.12	New Buffalo.	5.15	5.05	
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
3.37	2.55	Gr. Junction.	2.05	11.40	
4.21	3.56	Pennsville.	1.12	10.55	
	4.07	Manlius.	1.03		
4.35	4.10	Richmond.	1.00	10.41	
	4.25	E. Saugatuck.	12.45		
5.35	4.45	Holland.	12.25	9.50	
			A. M.		
	5.10	New Holland.	11.52		
6.07	5.21	Oliver.	11.37	9.23	
	5.37	Ottawa.	11.31		
6.25	5.35	Robinson.	11.20	9.05	
	5.48	Spoonville.	11.05		
7.10	6.15	Nunica.	10.55	8.35	
7.28	6.32	Fruitport.	10.36	8.20	
8.00	7.20	Muskegon.	9.30	7.30	
	8.25	Montague.	8.25		
	10.00	Pentwater.	6.45		

Grand Rapids Branch.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.		
Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.	
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
5.20	4.50	Holland.	12.20	9.30	
5.34	5.04	Zeeland.	12.06	10.46	
			A. M.		
5.47	5.17	Vriesland.	11.53	9.33	
6.00	5.30	Hudson.	11.40	9.20	
6.13	5.43	Jennison's.	11.27	9.07	
6.19	5.49	Grandville.	11.21	9.01	
6.40	6.10	Gr. Rapids.	11.00	8.40	

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Going North.			Going South.		
No. 4	No. 2	STATIONS.	No. 3	No. 1	
P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
9.30	12.55	Muskegon	2.25	7.30	
8.30	12.14	Ferryburg	2.03	8.30	
8.00	12.10	Grand Haven	3.06	8.40	
			A. M.		
7.15	11.33	Pigeon	3.40	9.35	
6.30	11.04	Holland	4.08	11.04	
5.20	8.55	Fillmore	4.28	11.35	
3.50	9.37	Allegan	5.21	1.00	

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

FROM GRAND RAPIDS			TO GRAND RAPIDS.		
Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Express.	Mail.	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
4.15	7.00	Grand Rapids.	11.00	9.40	
4.38	7.20	Grandville.	10.40	9.24	
4.49	7.37	Byron Centre.	10.23	9.08	
5.07	7.54	Dorr.	10.04	8.50	
5.17	8.05	Hilliards.	9.53	8.40	
5.26	8.14	Hopkins.	9.43	8.32	
5.50	8.37	Allegan.	9.17	8.10	
6.17	9.08	Otsego.	8.46	7.42	
6.26	9.16	Plainwell.	8.37	7.33	
6.43	9.33	Cooper.	8.18	7.18	
7.05	9.55	Kalamazoo.	8.40	7.00	
7.24	10.13	Portage.	7.38	6.35	
7.42	10.30	Schoolcraft.	7.20	6.15	
7.52	10.41	Flowerfield.	7.10	6.05	
8.03	10.51	Moorepark.	7.00	5.53	
8.14	11.02	Three Rivers.	6.50	5.43	
8.28	11.14	Florence.	6.37	5.27	
8.35	11.21	Constantine.	6.30	5.22	
			A. M.	P. M.	
8.45	11.30	White Pigeon.	6.20	5.10	
			P. M.	A. M.	
8.50	9.20	Chicago.	10.40	8.50	
			P. M.	P. M.	
2.40	5.10	Toledo.	11.45	12.01	
			P. M.	A. M.	
7.05	9.40	Cleveland.	7.30	8.00	
			P. M.	A. M.	
1.10	4.05	Buffalo.	12.25	1.00	

GOODRICH Transportation Company.

The MERCHANTS and SHIPPERS of Holland and vicinity are hereby notified that they will carry their freight from Chicago to Grand Haven as follows:

General Merchandise—Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Drugs, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, etc., at 18c per 100 lbs.
Iron, Nails & Spikes, Lead, Paint, etc., at 15c per 100 lbs.
Grain, Feed, Potatoes in Bags, etc., at 12c per 100 lbs.
Bible Syrup, Whiskey, Oil, Pork, Vinegar, etc., at 40c per bbl.
Bible Sugar, Rice, Peas, Beans, etc., at 25c per bbl.

OTHER FREIGHT IN PROPORTION.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with Mr. D. P. CLAY, Receiver of the M. L. S. Railroad, for the following Rates from Grand Haven to Holland, inclusive of Cartage at Grand Haven:

1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class.	4th class.
17c.	15c.	12c.	10c.

For further information apply to Mr. P. PFANSTIEHL, Holland, or address:

GOODRICH TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Chicago, Ills.

The evening train for Grand Haven, connects with this line of Steamers. The Boat for Chicago, does not leave Grand Haven, until after the arrival of this train.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	\$1 00 @ \$1 25
Beans, bushel	1 50 @ 1 75
Butter, lb.	18 @ 18
Clover seed, bushel	12 @ 12
Eggs, dozen	13 @ 18
Honey, lb.	14 00 @ 16 00
Hay, ton	6 @ 6
Ilides, green bushel	1 25 @ 1 50
Maple sugar, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Onions, bushel	1 25 @ 1 50
Potatoes, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Timothy Seed, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Wool, lb.	1 00 @ 1 10

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed lb.	6 @ 7
Chickens, dressed per lb.	8 @ 9
Lard, lb.	10 @ 10
Pork, dressed lb.	7 @ 7
Smoked meat, lb.	12 @ 14
Smoked ham, lb.	10 @ 10
Smoked shoulders, lb.	6 @ 9
Turkeys, lb.	10 @ 10
Tallow, lb.	6 @ 7

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$4 00
" " green	3 00
" " beach, dry	3 00
" " green	2 50
Hemlock Bark	5 50
Staves, white oak	12 00 @ 14 00
Heading bolts, soft wood	3 00 @ 3 50
Heading bolts, hardwood	4 50
Stave bolts, softwood	3 50
Stave bolts, hardwood	4 00
Railroad ties	15

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white bushel	\$1 35 @ \$1 40
Corn, shelled bushel	70 @ 70
Oats, bushel	55 @ 55
Buckwheat, bushel	80 @ 80
Rye, bushel	80 @ 85
Brn. fl. ton	22 00
Feed, ton	30 00
" 100 lb.	1 70
Barley, 100 lb.	2 75
Middling, 100 lb.	1 50
Flour, 100 lb.	4 00
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.	6 00 @
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lb.	4 50
Fine meal, 100 lb.	2 00

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office East of "City Hotel."

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served no call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting. Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss. A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

CLOETINGH, A., Book-Binder, and dealer in Books and Stationery; River street.

KANTERS, L. T., & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK & WESTERHOF, General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of, and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

SPIETSMA, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 8th st.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. Van Den Bree's Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, S. D., General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. La-barbe's old stand, 8th street. See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

General Dealers.

DUURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

KROON, G. J., Retail Dealer in all the branches of Hardware. A full stock always on hand; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALEMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. RYDER, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. B. Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Pluggers Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the *Phoenix Planing Mill*. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS. & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

ZEEB CARL, Proprietor of *Holland Brewery*; tenth street, opposite Tannery of Cappon & Bertsch.

Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer; Office, *Holland City News*.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent Office, *City Drug Store*, 8th street.

Painters.

WEYMAR & KRUIDENIER, House & Carriage Painters; shop over Vaarwerk's Grocery Store, First Ward, Eighth street.

Photographers.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

CARPENTER, J. H., Physician, Surgeon and Accouchant. Office and residence on 8th street. Strangers are requested to inquire at Van Putten's.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office in Van Landegend's Brick Block, 2d floor.

POWERS, T. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon; office on M. D. Howard's lot, corner of 8th and River st.; residence on 10th st.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Baker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Saddlery.

DEVRIES, U., Dealer in Harness, Satchels, Trunks, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc.; Eighth street.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth st.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS, J., Jeweler and Watchmaker. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Sidewalk Plank.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The East.

JUDGE STOWE, of the Common Pleas Court of Pittsburgh, has reversed the judgment of the Mayor in the case of the female crusaders, who were arrested, and ordered the fines to be refunded. The ladies, of course, are wildly jubilant over their victory, and will resume their crusading operations.

J. EDGAR THOMPSON, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, died in Philadelphia, on the 28th ult., of Bright's disease of the kidneys.

NINETY-SEVEN aspirants for military honors presented themselves at West Point at the June examination. Of this number thirty-two were sent back home because they could not write, spell or cipher, or were not familiar with maps or grammar. The colored applicants all failed. In the investigation into the Mill river disaster, Bassett, the dam-contractor, admitted that even the definite specifications for the construction of the dam were not adhered to, and that himself and his partner entered on the work in the belief that the dam might give way, even if built according to the specifications. The Springfield (Mass.) Republican figures up the total losses by the Mill river disaster at \$1,200,000.

The West.

ADVICES from the West report the Cheyenne Indians on the war-path, and a lively campaign is predicted for the summer.

THERE are now organized in Michigan 430 Granges of the Patrons of Husbandry. The following returns from the census of 1874 evidences the healthy growth of Michigan cities and towns: Grand Rapids, complete, except two wards, 26,000; Flint, except one ward, 8,108, against 5,386 in 1870; Big Rapids, 3,083, against 1,237 in 1870; Coldwater, 4,313, against 4,381 in 1870; Greenville City, 4,150; Lapeer, 2,886, against 1,776 in 1870; Port Huron, 8,240, against 5,977 in 1870. Mr. and Mrs. Warren McDowell and two of their children, living near Saugatuck, Mich., ate of a raw ham, of their own raising, and were shortly after attacked with the fatal disease. Mrs. McDowell died Sunday and her husband Tuesday of last week. The children at last accounts were also considered in a dangerous condition. Medical science has achieved another triumph by an operation which was successfully performed in Chicago the other day. The event referred to was nothing less than the direct transfusion of blood from a lamb into the veins of a man in the last stages of consumption, a full report of which is published in the papers of that city. Twenty-five minutes after the operation the patient recovered so far as to regain his usual pulse and was feeling well. He conversed freely with his wife, who went in to see him, and appeared in excellent spirits. The operation is pronounced successful in every respect, and the final result will be watched with much anxiety by the medical profession. Jack Evans is a genuine hero if there ever was one. Jack runs an engine on the Burlington and Missouri River Branch road. The other day, approaching Farragut, between Hamburg and Red Oak, Iowa, he discovered a child on the track some sixty yards distant. He rushed out upon the cow-catcher, and when the engine had reached within ten feet of the child, whose arms were raised, made a leap, grasped the child, and the two rolled down the embankment. The child was uninjured, Jack receiving severe, though not serious, injury of the ankle for his heroic effort.

THE National Crop Reporter of the 1st inst. publishes deductions from the estimates of correspondents in relation to the total of spring and winter wheat now in the ground in the States of Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin, which indicate an average increase in the total area of wheat of 8 2-10 per cent. The increase is 14 per cent. in Illinois, 18 1-10 per cent. in Indiana, 18 5-10 per cent. in Iowa, 24 per cent. in Kansas, 3 7-10 per cent. in Minnesota, 17 4-10 per cent. in Missouri, 5 per cent. in Ohio, and 4 1-10 per cent. in Wisconsin. The residence of Robert Jones, a farmer, living near Zanewille, O., was destroyed by fire on the 30th ult., and three children were burned to death. Five men were instantly killed on the 30th ult., in the Consolidate Amador mine, Sutter Creek, Cal., by the falling of a cage in the mine. Madison (Wis.) telegram of June 1: "Crops in this region are looking magnificently. The growth of grass, small grains, and corn, is wonderful. If reports from the West are to be believed, a general Indian war is imminent. A Fort Madison (Iowa) dispatch says spring and winter wheat are looking better than for years past. Corn is doing finely, is sixteen inches high, and is being plowed for the first time. Oats well up. Fruit promising a good yield. The Detroit Free Press of the 1st inst. publishes crop reports from all parts of Michigan, showing a generally promising condition of affairs. Wheat is usually good, although water-killed somewhat in some sections. Oats are unusually abundant, and other grains fair. Potatoes are thrifty, but threatened with bugs. The fruit prospects are excellent.

The extensive boot and shoe house of M. D. Wells & Co., Chicago, has been destroyed by fire. Loss \$350,000.

The South.

THE Common Council of Nashville, in view of the prospect of mixed schools under the new Civil Rights bill, has ordered the suspension of work on a new public school-house in process of erection. The Arkansas Legislature has passed a bill giving amnesty to all parties connected with the late rebellion, except those holding positions in the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Departments, who used their position to forward the rebellion.

THERE is much excitement in Tennessee relative to the probable passage of the Civil Rights bill, and its effect upon the common school system of the State. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has issued a circular to the district authorities, recommending that no contracts or engagements be made with teachers until the fate of the bill is determined. He asserts that the bill as it now stands is in direct conflict with the State Constitution and school laws, and that school officers have no alternative but to obey the latter as they have sworn to do. In order, therefore, to avoid a conflict between Congressional and State enactments the discontinuance of schools is advised. Chief State Engineer Thompson, in a letter to Gov. Kellogg, of Louisiana, says 3,000,000 cubic yards of levees are required to be built to save the State from overflow next year; that Louisiana cannot pay for the construction of more than a third, and suggests an appeal for national aid. Three County Commissioners of Barnwell county, S. C., have been convicted of corruption and sentenced respectively to ten years, nine years, and thirteen months in the Penitentiary.

THE Mayor of New Orleans has addressed another urgent appeal to the people of the

North for aid for the Louisiana sufferers, in which he says: "A deadly famine in Louisiana would be a national disgrace, which the wealth and philanthropy of America must prevent at all hazards."

LOUISIANIANS now in Washington state that the damage to many of the levees which occurred during the war has never been repaired. They further declare that the ravages of the late flood upon the whole levee system are utterly impossible of repair by the impoverished people, and that reconstruction can only be accomplished through national aid. Senator Alcorno proposes that the Government shall undertake the rebuilding of the levees, and thus furnish labor to people whose crops are destroyed. This course will insure the next and future crops, and will stay the impending famine. It is estimated that 5,000,000 cubic yards of levees, costing \$5,000,000, will be required.

Washington.

A BILL to place colored men in the Indian Territory on a footing with the freedmen of the South, and on an equality with the Indians where they reside, has passed the House. The bill repealing the law under which the Sanborn contracts were made passed the House by a unanimous vote. The bill also provides that no member of Congress shall hereafter act as attorney in revenue or customs cases. The District investigation has been brought to a close. It is said that the committee will report unanimously in favor of the abolition of every vestige of the existing Government.

GEN. GARFIELD, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, stated to a Washington correspondent, the other day, that the appropriations for this year have been cut down fully \$30,000,000 below the estimates, and that he has assurance that there will be no deficit in the revenues for the current fiscal year. The total revenue receipts for the year, up to the last inst., were \$93,181,014. A strong effort is being made to bring the celebrated claim of George Chorpennin before the Court of Claims. The House Judiciary Committee has reported in favor of it. Cannon, the Mormon Apostle's, legislative career is about to be nipped in the bud. The House Committee on Elections have decided to report in favor of his expulsion.

It is not considered probable that the present Congress will take any action on the postal telegraph question. After a lapse of nine years, the payment to the officers and sailors of the navy of what are known as the Farragut prize-moneys has at last been commenced. It seems to be pretty generally accepted that Congress will adjourn at the time set—June 22. The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to sell \$5,000,000 of gold during June.

SECRETARY RICHARDSON has resigned the Treasury portfolio, and is succeeded by Gen. Benjamin F. Bristow, of Kentucky. The President subsequently nominated Richardson as Judge of the Court of Claims. Banfield, Solicitor of the Treasury, also tendered his resignation, which was accepted. Bristow is a lawyer of prominence, is 41 years old, and a native Kentuckian.

General.

THE Navy Department at Washington has received a detailed report from Commander Belknap, commanding the United States steamer Tuscarora, of his operations between Honolulu and Yokohama, Japan, in deep-sea soundings for the Pacific cable from San Francisco to Japan. Seventy-three casts were made, the deepest being 3,287 fathoms, or nearly three and three-quarters miles. Six submarine mountains were discovered, ranging from 7,000 feet to 12,600 feet in height, and it is believed that these are a part of a continuous range, extending from Japan to the Sandwich Islands. Many specimens of lava were found in the sounding-cups. These soundings have demonstrated the fact that the deepest water in the Northern Pacific is near the Asiatic coast, instead of the American, as has long been believed.

In the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church North, at St. Louis, fraternal overtures from the Old School Synod of Missouri were received the other day. This Synod was connected with the Old School branch of the Church previous to the reunion of 1869. It refused to acquiesce in the basis upon which the Old and New Schools agreed, on the ground that it recognized too distinctly the supremacy of the civil power. Since then concessions have been made on both sides, and the Synod has voted to give in its adherence to the Assembly.

THE twenty-second annual convention of the International Typographical Union commenced its session at St. Louis on the 1st inst. Nearly 100 delegates were present from all parts of the country. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, W. A. Bodwell, New York; First Vice-President, Henry White, Memphis; Second Vice-President, W. T. Redfield, of Washington; Secretary and Treasurer, W. A. Hutchinson, Chicago; Corresponding Secretary, W. S. Pride, Wilmington.

Political.

THE Anti-Monopolists' Convention for the State of Iowa is called to meet at Cedar Rapids, June 30.

Foreign.

A LONDON dispatch says: "It now appears that the Russian Grand Duke Constantine's son, Nicholas, gave the dukedom belonging to his mother to Miss Fenix, or Phoenix, a beautiful American actress. The circumstances of the case, together with the fact that he had deposited large sums of money with his bankers to make provision, as he says, against the necessities of old age, lead to the belief that Nicholas is insane." Late reports from the famine-stricken regions of India are very unfavorable. It is said that 3,000,000 persons are now dependent upon the Government for subsistence, and the distress is daily increasing.

THE report that the Hohenzollern candidature for the throne of Spain is to be renewed, is confirmed by cable dispatches. Don Carlos, it is said, has sent the information to Versailles, in the hope that the French Government, in order to cripple German supremacy on her southern border, will interfere in his behalf. The Bonapartists in France are exceedingly active in advancing their cause. At the coming election for the Assembly, some of the most prominent Imperialists in the nation will be presented in all the leading departments.

THE committee of the French Assembly having the subject under consideration, unanimously approve the postal convention between France and the United States. The British Government has kept the promise made at the time of the Virginian outrage to demand of Spain a suitable apology for the wrong done. The demand has been delayed on account of the disordered state of the country, but the British Foreign Secretary expresses the hope, in his dispatch to the Spanish Government, that the acknowledgment will be no longer delayed. The Roman Catholic pilgrims from this country have safely landed in France. At Paris they were welcomed and blessed by the Archbishop. The French Left Center are getting alarmed at the progress which the Bonapartists are making. M. Jules Favre advises a fusion with the Right Center.

THE official paper of Austria considers another great war between France and Germany, that will forever settle the status of the two nations, inevitable. Caleb Cushing has been formally received at the Court of Madrid.

LONDON enjoyed a novel sensation, the other day, in the attempted assassination of the Prince of Saxe-Weimar. A pistol-shot was fired at him, but he fortunately escaped unhurt. He and Mr. Disraeli, it is alleged, have received threatening letters recently. Seventy-four lives were lost by the wrecking of the ship British Admiral on the Australian coast, while en route from Liverpool to Melbourne.

Public Debt Statement.

The public debt statement for June is as follows:

Six per cent. bonds.....	\$1,213,967,900
Five per cent. bonds.....	510,279,000
Total coin bonds.....	\$1,724,246,900
Lawful money debt.....	\$14,678,000
Matured debt.....	4,321,200
Legal tender notes.....	382,076,777
Certificates of deposit.....	56,050,000
Fractional currency.....	46,538,443
Coin certificates.....	33,179,500
Total without interest.....	\$1,517,844,927
Total debt.....	\$2,261,091,027
Total interest.....	\$33,364,093
Cash in the Treasury, coin.....	\$1,958,979
Cash in the Treasury, currency.....	11,177,703
Special deposit held for the redemption of certificates of deposit, as provided by law.....	56,050,000
Total in the Treasury.....	\$149,186,683
Debt less cash in Treasury.....	\$2,112,904,344
Decrease during the month.....	4,450,898
Bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies, interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding.....	64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid.....	1,615,587
Interest paid by United States.....	22,386,691
Interest repaid by transportation of mails, etc.....	5,095,450
Balance of interest paid by United States.....	17,291,241

Bureau of Commerce.

The bill reported by Mr. Windom, from the Senate Transportation Committee, as a substitute for the bill recently introduced by him to establish a Bureau of Internal Commerce, provides that there shall be established in the Treasury Department a Bureau of Commerce, in which shall be merged the existing Bureau of Statistics. The new bureau is to be in charge of the Commissioner of Commerce, appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, and its duties will include the collection of statistics and facts relating to foreign and domestic commerce, the cost of operation, management and charges of railroads, and accounts and returns as to tonnage, registration, enrollment and licensing of vessels. The bill also requires all persons and corporations engaged in inter-State transportation of freight and passengers, to make sworn reports to the chief of the bureau, annually, in regard to the cost, amount of business, rates of freight and passage, and generally to furnish full details of the condition and operations of their respective lines.

Copyrights.

The bill passed by the United States Senate to amend the laws relating to patents, trademarks and copyrights, provides that no person shall maintain an action for infringement of his copyright unless every book or article copyrighted shall bear a notification of the copyright, together with the year of entry and name of party who took out the copyright. The bill also provides that no engravings, cuts or prints shall be copyrighted unless they are practical illustrations or works connected with fine arts, but that prints or labels designed to be used for any other article of manufacture may be registered in the Patent Office on payment of a fee of \$3, which shall cover the expense of furnishing a copy of the records. The Librarian of Congress is to assign \$1 for recording and certifying any assignment, or for any copy of assignment. The bill, if it becomes a law, is to take effect on the first of August next.

CONGRESS.

WEDNESDAY, May 27.—Senate.—Bills were passed to prevent hazing at the naval academies; to amend the act reducing internal taxation and duties on imports; and to revise and consolidate the statutes of the United States in force Dec. 1, 1873. Pending the discussion of the Alabama contested election case, the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.—The following bills were passed: Repealing the law on which the Sanborn contracts were based; removing the political disabilities of Raphael Semmes; providing that the day's work of conductors and drivers on street-cars in the District of Columbia shall not exceed ten hours; investing general courts-martial with jurisdiction, concurrent with that of State or Territorial courts, of the crimes of murder, manslaughter, mayhem, rape, arson, robbery, burglary, and assault and battery; defining the civil rights of colored people in the Choctaw Nation; restricting the choice of jurors in the United States courts to persons who can read and write the English language. A number of petitions asking for woman suffrage, and the petition that the 12th of April (Abraham Lincoln's birthday) be declared a national holiday, were reported adversely from the committees to which they were referred. A resolution was passed providing for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the condition of affairs in Arkansas. Tremaine, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the Senate amendment to the bill to repeal the Bankrupt law, and moved non-concurrence and the appointment of a conference committee. No action was taken on the motion. An evening session was held to consider the Tariff bill.

THURSDAY, May 28.—Senate.—Bills were passed setting apart a portion of Mackinac Island as a national park, and donating the site of Fort Houston, near Nashville, Tenn., to Fisk University for educational purposes. The Alabama contested election case of Sykes vs. Spencer was decided in favor of the latter by a strict party vote. The bill to establish the Territory of Pembina was rejected—19 to 29. Morton, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, reported back the resolution of the Senate, March 10, 1873, instructing the committee to examine and report the best mode of electing President and Vice-President, with a lengthy written report, which was ordered printed and placed on the calendar.

HOUSE.—The Senate amendments to the bill to legalize a pontoon railway bridge across the Mississippi at Prairie du Chien were concurred in. A bill for the relief of the widow of Capt. Hall, of the Polaris, was passed. A vote was taken on the new Currency bill, as amended by the Banking and Currency Committee, and it was rejected by 112 to 117. The Senate substitute without amendment was also defeated, and the whole matter was sent to a conference committee. The bill for the reduction of the army was discussed and laid over. The Speaker appointed as the Special Committee on Arkansas affairs, Poland, Ward (Ill.), Woodford, Sawyer (O.), and Sloes. The House held an evening session, which was devoted solely to the consideration, in Committee of the Whole, of the Tariff bill.

FRIDAY, May 29.—Senate.—Sprague, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported adversely on the bill to extend the time for proof and payment on pre-emption claims upon public lands. The Election Committee reported a resolution to set Sykes, contestant

for the seat from Alabama, \$3,374. Laid over. Ferry (Mich.), on the Committee on Finance, reported adversely to the resolution of the Senate directing the committee to inquire into the expediency of allowing producers of tobacco to sell to others than licensed dealers. The Chair laid before the Senate the House Currency bill with a resolution of the House disagreeing to the Senate amendments, and asking for a committee of conference. Wright moved that the Senate insist upon its amendments, and grant the conference asked by the House. Agreed to—31 to 24—and the Chair appointed Morton, Sherman and Merrimon as the Committee. Several bills relating to Pensions were passed.

HOUSE.—The bill for the gradual reduction of the army was taken up and passed. An amendment by Butler that the army headquarters shall never be removed from the capital was rejected without a division. The House concluded the consideration of the Senate amendments to the General Appropriation bill and sent it back to a conference committee.

MONDAY, June 1.—Senate.—Windom, from the Committee on Transportation, reported back the bill to provide for a Bureau of Internal Commerce, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. Placed on the calendar. The following bills were passed: Granting a pension of \$30 per month to the widow of the late Gen. Canby; appropriating \$145,000 for a bridge across the eastern branch of the Potomac river; to amend the laws relating to patents, trademarks and copyrights; appropriating \$25,000 for the completion of the naval monument at Washington; making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy. Consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill was resumed, the bill read through, and the amendments of the committee agreed to.

HOUSE.—Bills were introduced: By Foster, to admit, free of duty, photographic and lithographic prints, philosophical apparatus, etc., imported for educational and scientific purposes; by Parker, for the amendment of the Constitution so as to provide for the election of Senators by the people. Tremaine moved to suspend the rules and nonconcur with the Senate in the amendment to the Bankrupt law. Agreed to, and a conference committee was ordered. The House concurred in the Senate amendment to the Centennial bill, providing that the United States shall not be liable, directly or indirectly, for any expenses attending the exhibition. The Amending Tariff bill was discussed, amended and finally passed. The House, under a suspension of the rules, passed the following bill: Requiring the various branches of the Pacific railroad to be run and operated as a continuous line of railroad, and providing penalties for making discriminations against other companies; providing for the collection from the Pacific Railroad Companies of the 5 per cent. tax of their net earnings; relieving savings banks that have capital stock from payment of tax on deposits as in case of savings banks having no capital; allowing settlers in certain counties in Minnesota and Iowa to be absent from their lands on account of the plague of the grasshoppers for one year without forfeiting their rights. An attempt was made to take from the Speaker's table the Civil Rights bill passed by the Senate. It was unsuccessful on account of the filibustering of the opponents of the measure. Butler (Mass.) reported a bill authorizing women otherwise qualified to act as attorneys and counselors-at-law in the several courts of the United States. The bill was ordered to a third reading amid great hilarity, by a vote of 96 to 65.

TUESDAY, June 2.—Senate.—Favorable committee reports were made on the bills to provide for the stamping of unstamped papers, documents and instruments of writing; for the better organization of the Federal courts in Louisiana; and to further continue the act authorizing the settlement of accounts of officers of the army and navy. Adverse reports were made on the bills allowing army officers to wear emblems indicative of honors conferred upon them, and providing for the placing of retired army officers on duty. Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported back the bill to amend the Customs Revenue laws, and to repeal the moiety, with a number of additional amendments. The Indian Appropriation bill was passed. Windom, from the Committee on Transportation, reported a substitute for the bill to regulate commerce by railroad among the several States.

HOUSE.—The bill in relation to courts and judicial officers in Utah was passed, after a spirited debate, by 159 to 55. A bill was passed authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to suspend work on public buildings in certain cases.

Texas Cattle Kings.

Gen. James S. Brisbin writes to the Chicago Tribune:

Those who are familiar with Texas cattle-herding are often amused at the importance attached to a few thousand head on the plains. A man will point to his 1,000 cattle and say, with pride, "There is a fine herd, and a big one, too; I will soon have cattle enough to make me a rich man." What would such owners say if they could see the herds of some of our Texas cattle-growers?

On the Santo Caturos river there is a rancho containing 84,132 acres. It is owned by one man, and has on it 65,000 head of cattle, 20,000 horses, 7,000 sheep, and 8,000 goats. This immense number of live stock requires 1,000 saddle-horses and 300 Mexicans to attend and herd it. Ten thousand beeves are annually sold from the rancho, and 12,000 young calves branded.

There is another rancho, on the San Antonio river, near Goliad, which grazes 40,000 head of cattle, and brands 11,000 calves annually. The owner of this rancho sells \$75,000 worth of stock each year, and his herds are constantly increasing. In 1852 this man began raising cattle with 1,500 head, and his present enormous herds and wealth are the result of natural increase.

On the Gulf, between the Rio Grande and the Neufces, is a rancho containing 142,840 acres. It is on a peninsula surrounded on three sides by water, and to inclose the other side has required the building of thirty-one miles of plank-fence. Every three miles along the fence are houses for herders, and enormous stables and pens for stock. There are grazed in this inclosure 30,000 head of beef-cattle, besides an immense number of other stock.

A rancho on the Brazos river contains 50,000 head of cattle, 300 horses, and 50 herders. The owner drives 10,000 cattle to market annually. Thirteen years ago he was a poor farmer in Tennessee; but, selling his land, and going to the Brazos, he succeeded, by dint of hard labor, in getting together 60 cows and nine brood-mares, when he went to raising stock. He has now 50,000 head of cattle, worth at least \$450,000; and he is still under 50 years of age. This man is establishing stock-ranches on the Platte river, in Nebraska, where he now has 5,000 head of cattle, and expects to bring in 10,000 more.

There is a rancho on the Concho river, Texas, where I am told one man owns over 70,000 head of steers and milch cows. These are very cattle-kings indeed.

"OUT OF THE HURLY BURLY."—This is the name of a book full of the richest humor, by Max Adeler. It is bound to be very popular, both on account of its humor and its superb illustrations, of which there are some 350. We advise those who wish to "laugh and grow fat" to buy a copy, for such is its effect.

An Index to Marriage.

It don't require an astrologer, a medium or a gypsy with a direct pack of cards. It is very simple—lies in a nutshell, and can be expressed in a few words. They are these: The last person you would naturally think of.

If a girl expresses a fondness for majestic men with large whiskers, make up your mind that she will marry a very small man with none. If she declares that "mind" is all she looks for, expect to see her stand before the altar with a pretty fellow who has just sense enough to tie a cravat bow. If, on the contrary, she declares she must have a handsome husband, look about you for the plainest person in her circle of acquaintance, and declare "that is the man," for it will be.

Men are almost as bad. The gentleman who desires a wife with a mind and mission, marries a lisping baby who screams at the sight of a mouse, and hides her head when she hears a sudden knock at the door. And the gentleman who dreaded anything like strong-mindedness, exults in the fact that his wife is exactly everything he declared he detested.

If a girl says of one, "Marry him! I'd rather die," look upon the affair as settled, and expect cards to the wedding of those two people.

If a man remark of a lady, "Not any style at all!" await patiently the appearance of his name in the matrimonial column in connection with that very lady's.

And if any two people declare themselves "friends, and nothing more," you may know what will come next.

There is no hypocrisy in all this, and such matches are invariably the happiest. People do not know themselves, and make great mistakes about their intentions. Love is terribly perplexing when he first begins to upset one's theories, and when his arrow first pierces the heart there is such a fluttering there that it is hard to guess the cause. Besides, man proposes and God disposes, and it is the "I don't know what" with which people fall in love, and not those peculiarities which could be given in a passport.

INSTINCT OF TURTLES.—Audubon, the naturalist, stated that at a certain place on the coast of Florida, sea-turtles, those huge, stolid-looking reptiles on which aldermen are fed at the expense of the tax-payers, possess an extraordinary faculty of finding places. Working their way up out of the reach of the tide-water with their flippers, quite a deep hole is excavated in which a batch of eggs are deposited, and then carefully covered up. On reaching the water, they not unfrequently swim three hundred miles out to sea, foraging appropriate food. When another batch of eggs are developed, after a lapse of about fourteen days, they will return unerringly in a direct line, even in the darkest night, and visit the buried eggs. Removing the sand, more are deposited and secured. Away they go again, as before. They know instinctively the day and hour when the young brood, incubated by solar rays, will break the shell, and are promptly on the spot to liberate them from their prison. As soon as fairly out of the hole, the mother turtle leads them down the bank to the waves, and there end her paternal solicitude and maternal duties.

If very much heated do not wash your face in cold water; use tepid water instead, and in a little while the redness of the skin will disappear.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES.....	94 @ 127
Hogs—Dressed.....	74 @ 74
COTTON.....	18 1/2 @ ..
FLOUR—Superfine Western.....	5 25 @ 5 75
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 45 @ 1 46
No. 1 Spring.....	1 50 @ 1 51
RYE.....	1 05 @ 1 12
CORN.....	78 @ 80
OATS.....	61 @ 62
PORK—New Mess.....	17 60 @ 17 70
LARD—Steam.....	11 @ 11 1/2

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	6 12 1/2 @ 6 50
Choice Natives.....	5 85 @ 6 00
Good to Prime Steers.....	5 50 @ 5 75
Cows and Heifers.....	3 45 @ 4 25
Medium to Fair.....	4 75 @ 5 40
Inferior to Common.....	2 75 @ 3 75
Hogs—Live.....	5 00 @ 5 80
FLOUR—Choice White Winter.....	8 50 @ 9 00
Red Winter.....	5 50 @ 7 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Spring.....	1 20 1/2 @ 1 21 1/2
No. 2 Spring.....	1 16 1/2 @ 1 17
No. 3 Spring.....	1 12 1/2 @ 1 13
CORN—No. 2.....	56 1/2 @ 57 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	43 @ 44
RYE—No. 2.....	90 1/2 @ 91 1/2
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 40 @ 1 45
BUTTER—Choice.....	20 @ 23
Eggs—Fresh.....	12 @ ..
PORK—Mess.....	17 25 @ 17 35
LARD.....	10 1/2 @ 10 1/2

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 10 @ ..
CORN—No. 2.....	53 @ 54
RYE—No. 2.....	91 @ 93
PORK—Mess.....	17 85 @ 18 00
LARD.....	11 @ ..
Hogs.....	4 50 @ 5 55
CATTLE.....	4 00 @ 6 00

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT.....	1 25 @ 1 27
CORN.....	64 @ 65
OATS.....	56 @ 58
RYE.....	1 09 @ 1 11
PORK—Mess.....	17 75 @ 18 00
LARD.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 22 @ 1 23
No. 2.....	1 19 @ 1 20
CORN—No. 2.....	64 @ 66
OATS—No. 2.....	42 1/2 @ 43 1/2
RYE—No. 1.....	86 @ 88
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 24 @ 1 26
PORK.....	17 25 @ 17 50
LARD.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—Amber Michigan.....	1 34 @ 1 36
No. 2 Red.....	1 32 @ 1 33
CORN.....	60 @ 62

DETROIT.

WHEAT—Extra.....	1 53 1/2 @ 1 59
No. 1.....	1 49 @ 1 50
CORN.....	60 @ 61
OATS.....	49 @ 52

CLEVELAND.

WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	1 41 1/2 @ 1 42 1/2
No. 2 Red.....	1 33 1/2 @ 1 34 1/2
CORN.....	66 @ 68
OATS.....	54 @ 58

Locomotion—Ancient and Slow Methods.

The Boston Transcript, in an article on locomotion, remarks that the canal, turnpike, plankroad, steamboat, railway, river and mountain tunnel, and electric telegraph, are of comparatively recent production in the Western Hemisphere. Julius Caesar (B. C. 27) occupied eight days in journeying from the river Rhone to Rome, 860 miles. At the commencement of the Christian era, fifty-six miles was considered a good twelve hours' journey by the cisium, or postchaise. The news of the fall of Maximin (A. D. 244) was carried to Rome from Aquileia, 320 miles, in four days.

Postchaises were introduced by Trajan, A. D. 100. Carriages were known in France in 1300, when but two existed in Paris; in 1550, there were but three in that city, and those were of rude construction. Henry IV. had one, but it was without straps or springs. A strong cob-horse (*haquenee*) was let for short journeys; later, these were harnessed to a vehicle called *coche-a-haquenee*, hence the name hackney-coach. These were let for hire in Paris in 1650, at the Hotel Flacour. They were known in England in 1555, but not the art of making them. When first made in England, during the reign of Elizabeth, they were called whirlicotes. Omnibuses were invented at Nantes in 1826, and were introduced into London in the year following by an enterprising coach proprietor named Shillaber. They were introduced into New York in 1828.

John Winthrop, the founder of New England in 1630, and who died in 1640, never saw a stage-coach. In 1660 there were but six in England. Two days were occupied in passing from London to Oxford, fifty-four miles. In 1669 it was announced that a vehicle called the "flying-coach" would perform the journey between sunrise and sunset. It excited as much interest as the opening of a new railway a generation ago. In 1737 the mail from London arrived at Edinburgh with only one letter in it. Even as late as 1760, it took four days to pass from London to Liverpool, two hundred and ten miles. It was not until 1825 that the daily line of coaches, established between the two cities, accomplished the distance in forty-six hours. And even as late as 1835 there were only seven coaches which ran daily between the two cities.

In 1631 Sir Roger Saltonstall was six weeks upon a journey from Salem to Jamestown. In 1636 Rev. Mr. Rogers, the second minister of Ipswich, was twenty-four weeks on a voyage from Gravesend to Boston. The first stage-coach in America started from the site of No. 90 North street, Boston, for Portsmouth, in 1661. The first line of stage-coaches between Boston and New York was established in 1732, a coach leaving each city once a month; fourteen days were required to complete the journey. The first line of stage-coaches from New York for Boston started from the Fresh Water, now the site of the Tombs, in 1772.

In 1776 the news of the repeal of the Stamp act was eight weeks crossing the ocean. The first express agent from Boston to New York carried an account of the destruction of the tea in Boston harbor. He left Boston on Friday afternoon and arrived in New York on Tuesday afternoon. In 1773 Josiah Quincy, father and grandfather of the Mayors of that name of Boston, spent thirty-three days upon a journey from Georgetown, S. C., to Philadelphia. In 1775 Gen. Washington was eleven days in going from Philadelphia to Boston. Upon his arrival at Watertown he was met by a committee of citizens and congratulated upon the speed of his journey.

The first regular communication between Boston and Gloucester was established in 1788 by Jonathan Lowe, who ran a two-horse open carriage between the two places twice a week each way. Besides the Gloucester coach, only four stages ran into Boston at that time. In 1802 the mail-stage started from Boston for New York on Monday morning at 8 o'clock and was due in New York at noon on Friday. The news of the battle of New Orleans, January 8, 1815, was twenty-nine days reaching Philadelphia. Sixty years ago the regular mail-time between New York and Albany was eight days. As late as 1824 the United States mail was thirty-two days in going from Portland to New Orleans.

The news of the death of Napoleon Bonaparte at St. Helena, May 5, 1821, reached New York on the 15th of August. The news of the death of Gen. Washington at Mount Vernon, December 14, 1799, reached Boston on the tenth day after its occurrence. The news of the death of Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, July 24, 1826, reached Boston on the fourth day afterward. The news of the death of President Harrison, on the 4th of April, 1844, reached Boston on the third day afterward. The news of the death of President Taylor, on the 9th of July, 1850, was known in all the principal cities of the Union within one hour after its occurrence.

A CHINESE COOK.—The Visalia (Cal.) Delta relates the following: "A friend of ours was bragging one day of a new Chinaman cook whose service he had the good luck to secure. Everything went beautifully for a week or two, till one day he chanced to glance into the kitchen through a crack in the door, where John was busy mixing the bread. Before him stood a dish of water from which to moisten the flour. He saw John draw up a mouthful and spurt it into the bread in the same manner as he blows it on the clothes while ironing. The Chinaman has doubtless gone into some hotel-kitchen where his services are more fully appreciated."

All Sorts.

AN Indiana yearling mule weighs 1,045 pounds.

WHITE coal is the newest product of Australia.

GERMANY has five weekly papers over 100 years old.

MR. TRASK is starting his tobacco-tracts along once more.

TWO dogs that cost \$200 each were imported at Boston last week.

SIX daily papers are published in Indianapolis; the aggregate circulation is 28,000.

IT is said that Father Mathew procured 5,708,075 temperance pledges in ten years.

THE value of church property, not taxed, in this country, is upward of \$700,000,000.

NEVADA boasts that it will carry up its production of gold and silver, this year, to \$40,000,000.

BELGIUM farm-hands are taking the place of the farm-laborers locked out in the east of England.

THE work of the revision of the Bible is likely to occupy the English translators some years longer.

MOST people object to it, but, for all that, "perlite" is a good English word. If you don't believe it, look in Webster's Unabridged.

A MISSISSIPPI jury valued Mrs. Montgomery at \$22,000. She was killed on the Southern railroad, at Abbeville, and Mr. Montgomery is a rich man.

JOHN S. JONES, of Strafford, N. H., who keeps an open fire-place and covers the coals at night, says that his fire has not been out for forty-five years.

ICELANDERS are beginning to emigrate to this country, and are described as a bright, cleanly, healthy-looking class of people, closely resembling the Scotch.

A BIG elm has just been cut down at New London, Conn., which, during the war of 1812, was nearly severed by a blow from the sword of an army officer.

A MAN in New Haven recently sued an editor for libel for calling him an "old ballot-box stuffer," but the Court held the accusation to be true, and acquitted the defendant.

IN Northern Georgia it is possible to live very well on a very little, judging by the current prices at Gainsville and other places. For instance: Butter, 15¢ 20c; eggs, 10c per dozen; beef, 4¢ 5c per pound.

ISMALIA, the Suez canal city, which was only founded in 1869, has been almost buried beneath the flying desert sand, and its 10,000 population of five years ago have, with the exception of about 1,000, fled the place.

RICHMOND, the capital of Virginia, had a population in 1870 of 51,000. A new census has just been completed there, which shows the present population to be 60,705, an increase of over 19 per cent. in less than four years.

AS ONE result of the panic, several of the New York "upper ten" have felt it a duty to give up their pews in fashionable churches, and, if things go on at this rate, they fear they may have to relinquish their boxes at the opera.

MR. MILBURN, a compositor in the London Times office, who produced a set of verses in honor of the marriage of the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, has received an autograph letter of thanks from the Empress of Russia.

SADAWGA pond, in Whitingham, Vt., has one of those floating islands; it is 150 acres in extent, and sustains cranberry bushes and even trees fifteen feet high. The people catch fish by cutting holes through it, just as they do through the ice in winter.

A BALTIMORE paper tried to say something about "Churches and Skeptics," and the writer of the article plead piteously for some one to put him out of his misery when he saw his pious editorial appear under the head "Crutches and Sheepskins."

MANY Cuban sugar-planters are emigrating to Southern Texas, glad to exchange the existing troubles at home for the comparatively quiet condition of affairs in that State. The country between the Sabine and the Rio Grande is well adapted to the sugar-cane.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, one of the Tweed ring, was recently in Cairo, Egypt, with his family. Before they were known, the children were admired and caressed by all the people in the hotel; but afterward it was just the opposite. He is now believed to be in Alexandria.

AN enthusiastic writer says that the women of New Orleans are like figures chiseled out of marble, with the soft dash of Guido's brush or of Petrarch's song in their faces, and the ripe Southern blood flushing up to their temples under the pure surface of their veins.

A GREAT BARRINGTON man tells of some frogs which, about a month ago, thinking spring had come, opened their concerting season too soon. A cold snap came on one night, and great numbers of them got wedged fast in the ice, their heads just sticking above the ice; then a party of lawless hens went and picked their heads off one by one.

THE owner of a popular menagerie says that lions range in value from \$1,500 to \$4,000; African lions sometimes go higher. They live from eight to twenty years. The next most valuable animal is the Bengal tiger, which lives from fifteen to eighteen years. African elephants range from \$800 to \$4,000, and live to three-score years. Camels and llamas are worth about \$1,200, the quagga \$2,000, and monkeys from \$25 to \$1,000.

Making Others Miserable.

People who would faint to see a gush of blood, and who think themselves Christians, have a lively enjoyment in witnessing pain, and cultivate the art of inflicting it. The mention of a few of the methods employed will make good my remarks:

The delight with which many report bad news, the eagerness with which they report to people evil sayings which cannot but lacerate the feelings, show a morbid love of suffering. This is not the trait of real kindness of disposition. It is not anomalous, because it is so widely extended as to seem normal.

Some people scatter pain-producing elements thoughtlessly, and are surprised and sorry when they witness the suffering produced. Others do it for momentary pleasure, without meaning any serious results. But now and then we find persons who love to torment a victim. They enjoy another's sufferings. It is their happiness to see some one made keenly miserable by their lance-like tongue. They will smile, and talk in low, sweet tones, and shoot out quivering sentences, poison-tipped, and cast a look sideways to see if they strike, and at every sign of pain their face grows bright.

Those who in the main are striving to make friends happy will have one black thread in the web of white. Those who really love each other have a strange fondness for stirring each other up.

There is an innocent and even pleasure-producing method of rallying which, if deftly and gracefully done heightens the enjoyment of society. But life is full of the other sort. If Darwin is right in thinking that men ascended from monads by gradual evolution, then it is very certain that some men came up by the way of the mosquito, the flea and the biting fly, and that their ancestral traits still linger in the blood.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Compulsory Education in New York.

The Empire State has made education compulsory. The law to that effect comes into force Jan. 1, 1875. It contains ten sections. The first provides that every child between the ages of 8 and 14 years, not physically or mentally incapable of study, shall be instructed, at home or in school, at least fourteen weeks in each year, eight of which shall be consecutive, in spelling, reading, writing, English grammar, geography and arithmetic. The only study in this list to which objection can be made is grammar. The best educators are beginning to drop it. The second section forbids, under penalty of \$50 fine, the employment during school-hours of any child who has not attended school fourteen weeks of the preceding year. The third directs School-Trustees to examine the manufactories of their district, in order to see whether this rule is obeyed. The fourth is unimportant. The fifth authorizes Trustees to enforce the preceding sections, and fixes the fines for keeping children from school at \$1 for the first and \$5 for each succeeding week. These fines cannot, however, be collected for more than thirteen weeks. The sixth section empowers Trustees to supply text-books to poor children. The seventh provides that children shall be classed as habitual truants on the written statement of their parents that they cannot make them go to school. The eighth gives Trustees and Boards of Education the power to make rules, subject to the approval of a Justice of the Supreme Court for the District, for catching, confining, and teaching habitual truants. The ninth settles questions of jurisdiction. The tenth provides that two weeks' attendance at a half-time or evening-school shall be counted as one week at a day-school.—Chicago Tribune.

The Word "Canard."

The origin of the word canard (French for duck) when used to signify some unfounded story, is not generally known. The following are the terms in which M. Guetelet relates, in the *Annuaire de l'Academie*, the manner in which the word became used in a new sense: "To give a sky lift at the ridiculous pieces of intelligence which the journals are in the habit of publishing every morning, Cornelison stated that an interesting experiment had just been calculated to prove the extraordinary voracity of ducks. Twenty of these animals had been placed together, and one of them having been killed and cut up into the smallest possible pieces, feathers and all, and thrown to the other nineteen, had been gluttonously gobbled up in an exceedingly short space of time.

"Another was taken from nineteen, and being chopped small like its predecessor, was served up to eighteen, and at once devoured like the other; and so on to the last, who was thus placed in the position of having eaten his nineteen companions in a wonderfully short time. All this, most pleasantly narrated, obtained a success which the writer was far from anticipating, for the story ran the rounds of all the journals in Europe. It then became almost forgotten for about a score of years, when it came back from America, with amplification which it did not boast of at the commencement, and with a regular certificate of the autopsy of the body of the surviving animal, whose oesophagus was declared to have been found seriously injured. Every one laughed at the history of the canard thus brought up again, but the word retains its novel significance."

BEFORE a Nevada witness goes on the stand he unbuckles and removes two revolvers and a bowie-knife, and the lawyer calls him Mr. So-and-so, and is very careful not to refer to anything unpleasant which has ever happened in the witness' history.

Useful Hints for the Home Circle.

VINEGAR and fruit stains upon knives can be removed by rubbing the blades with a raw potato prior to cleaning them for table use.

GOLD or silver embroidery may be cleaned with a sponge and warm alcohol. Dry and rub it well with soft, new cotton-flannel.

THOSE who have tried it say that moistening the hands with glycerine at night, and sleeping with oil kid gloves on, will whiten as well as soften the skin.

IT is said that the old and rancid butter may be rendered palatable by washing it in water, to which a few drops of a solution of chloride of lime have been added.

THE best cordial for children is proper food; the finest sirup is thorough cleanliness, and the most efficacious of all "soothing" medicines is good management.

TO use a paper-knife to cut open the leaves of a new book, keep your left hand firmly pressed down upon the open pages while you hold the knife in your right. This will prevent the edges of the leaves from cutting rough and jagged. Cut open the tops of the leaves before you run the knife up the side-edge, and cut with a short, quick, hard stroke. The most serviceable paper-knives are of ivory, and without a handle—the handles being very apt to break.

PRESERVATION OF THE TEETH.—Bowditch, in examining the teeth of forty persons of different professions, and living different kinds of life, found in almost all vegetable and animal parasites. The parasites were numerous in proportion to the neglect of cleanliness. The means ordinarily employed to clean the teeth had no effect on the parasites, while soapy water appeared to destroy them. If this (says the *Lancet*) be a true version of the cause of caries—the action of acids, supplemented by the action of fungi—then it follows that the great means of saving teeth is to preserve the most scrupulous cleanliness of the mouth and teeth, and to give to the rinsing liquids a slightly alkaline character, which is done by the admixture of a little soap. This is not so pleasant a dentifrice as some, but it is effective and scientific. Acids not only dissolve the salts of the teeth, but favor the increase of the fungi of the mouth. No increase of fungi and no action on the dental tissues occur in solutions slightly alkaline, such as a weak solution of soap. The good effects of stopping teeth, in the light of these experiments, are intelligible. The penetration of acids and fungi is prevented.

A WONDERFUL NEGRO.—They have got a colored man in Troy, N. Y., the seventh son of a seventh daughter, who has the faculty of moving the walls of his abdomen; shifting his ribs directly over his bowels; changing the position of the heart and the right breast, and suspending the pulse and heart-beats. In addition to these abnormal feats, he has traveled all over the world; has been awarded a diploma at the Edinburgh Medical University; speaks French, German, Portuguese, Hottentot and Hebrew; has had two wives and twelve children; bends a bar of iron seventh-eighths of an inch in thickness, over his fore-arm; and has fought twice in the prize-ring. If there is anything else that this wonderful negro can do, it is not narrated; but what little he can do is only another proof of the remarkable achievements of American genius and enterprise. It may be added that he has a brother in Paris who is six feet two inches high, and has the wonderful power of shutting himself up like a telescope to the height of three feet two inches.

WHOSE BOY IS THAT?—He may be seen any day, in almost any part of the village: he never makes room for you on the sidewalk, looks at you saucily and swears smartly if asked anything; he is very impudent, and often vulgar to ladies who pass; he delights in frightening and sometimes does serious injury to little boys and girls; he lounges at the street-corners, and is the first to arrive at a dog-fight or any other sport or scrape; he crowds into the postoffice in the evening, and multiplies himself and his antics at such a rate that people having legitimate business there are crowded out; he thinks himself very sharp, he is certainly very noisy; he can smoke and chew tobacco now and then, and rip out an oath most any time; we ask whose boy he is? Mother, is he yours? We think he is, for there are many good qualities in the lad, and we do not think that you know what he does on the street. Look after him, mother, keep him more at home. Train him, and you will have a son to be proud of.

THE SETTLERS OF NEBRASKA.—Mr. Samuel A. Echols, a Georgian, who has been spending some time in Nebraska, writes an interesting letter to the Atlanta (Ga.) Herald, in which he speaks highly of the climate of the young State. He makes the following remarks, with regard to the people: "The people of Nebraska are very different to my preconceived ideas of them. The State being new, I had expected to find in the settlers a rude class of society. I have never met, anywhere, a more intelligent, polite, or hospitable people than in this State. There is reason, too, for the existence of such a class of people here. The worst class of people go anywhere else than in agricultural sections, and particularly in this beautiful, open prairie country, unsuited to the habitation of those whose ways are dark. The crowded cities or fastnesses of the mountains and forests are better abodes for vicious men."

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

George Washington a hatchet had,
And chopped his father's tree—
A deed befitting no good lad,
But bad as bad could be.

When home at night his father came,
With daily toil worn out,
No rest he gave his weary frame,
But went and looked about.

And when he saw his tree was marred
(A cherry, tall and fair,
Its smooth young bark all foully scarred,
He wept, and tore his hair.

Then for his son he loudly called:
"George Washington, appear!"
And George, expecting to be mauled,
Said, "Father, I am here."

Then asked his sire, "Who did this wrong?"
Who hacked my precious tree?"
And George, not hesitating long,
Said, "Father, it was me."

"I cut the tree you love so well;
That cruel deed was mine;
You know a lie I cannot tell;
My ways to truth incline."

The old man took a cowl-like thin
His son and heir to wait;
Without a word he did begin—
His soul no mercy felt.

Then, when his fury was appeased,
But e'er George ceased to burn,
The senior said, "My son, be pleased
This lesson now to learn:

"Much as a liar I despise,
I value more my trees;
So, if your skin you henceforth prize,
You must not hack at these."

"And now, my boy, just mind your eyes,
If son of mine you be;
I'd rather hear ten thousand lies
Than loose a single tree."

Humor.

THE hardships of the ocean—iron-clads.

A BLACKSMITH is always striking for wages.

MUSIC by Handel—that of the organ-grinder.

A BAD habit to get into—a coat that is not paid for.

NIMROD was a mighty hunter, but he never saw an auntelope.

RATHER than die without a groan, let me groan without a die.—A. Ward.

A LADY recently applied to a fire insurance company for a position as agent. When asked what her qualifications were, she touched her unblushing cheek.

"I MEANT to have told you of that hole," said a gentleman to his friend, who, walking in his garden, stumbled into a pit of water. "No matter," said the friend, "I have found it."

THE friends of a wit, expressing some surprise that, with his age and fondness for the bottle, he should have thought it worth while to marry, "A wife was necessary," he said; "they began to say of me that I drank too much for a single man."

A MAN in Princeton College believes in having "a place for everything, and everything in its place." He nails his slippers on the wall, four feet up, then all he has to do of an evening is to wheel up his easy-chair in front of them.

MUCH given to serenading his dulcinea with, "I'm lonely to-night, love, without thee," a lovelorn swain was interrupted by dogs the other evening, who effectually dispelled his loneliness during a two-mile race.

"JOHN," said a schoolmaster, "you will soon be a man, and will have to attend to business. What do you suppose you will do when you have to write letters unless you learn to spell better?" "Oh, sir," answered John, "I shall put easy words in them."

THE queerest object in nature is a Spanish beggar—for these beggars beg on horseback, and it is an odd thing to see a man riding up to a poor foot-passenger and asking alms. A gentleman in Valparaiso, being accosted by one of these mounted beggars, replied, "Why, sir, you come to beg of me, who have to go on foot, while you ride on horseback!" "Very true, sir," said the beggar, "and I have the more need to beg, as I have to support the horse as well as myself."

A FEW years ago a hungry crowd sat down at the well-spread supper-table of a sound-steamer, upon which one of the dishes contained a trout of moderate size. A serious-looking individual drew this dish toward him, saying, apologetically, "This is a fast-day with me." His next neighbor, an Irish gentleman, immediately inserted his knife into the fish, and transferred it to his own plate, remarking: "Sir, do you suppose nobody has a soul to be saved but yourself?"

A LEGISLATIVE correspondent writes from Albany: "The fact that Griffin, commonly called 'Old Honesty,' member from Delaware, has spoken only three times this session, is said to be evidence that the current jobs are few. 'Old Honesty,' pretending to be deaf as a lamp-post, secured a seat near the speaker's desk, out of which he cheated Mr. James Hayes, Hayes says, 'The sucker can't deaf very much. He can hear a ten-cent stamp fall on a pile of feathers forty feet away.'"

"Pause here, my friend, as you pass by;
As you now are, so once was I;
As I now am, so you must be;
Therefore prepare to follow me."

IT is said that once an irreverent wag appended to this the following rejoinder:

"To follow you I'm not content,
Unless I know which way you went."

Some new obituary verses have been discovered by the Hamilton (Ont.) Spectator, as follows:

"No more his paw will candy bring,
Unto his darling boy;
He loud aloft with praises sing,
Expressive of his joy."

"With angels he will stay,
His rattle spring with pride,
And bless the day when far away,
He laid him down and died."

"Gone to meet his grandmother."

Saturday, June 6.

WHILE Congressman Lamar, of Mississippi, the late rebel and prominent leader in the rebellion can afford to deliver an eloquent and patriotic eulogy on Senator Sumner, the Massachusetts abolitionist the Assemblies of the Northern and Southern Presbyterian Churches, (which split on this same question that separated these men,) are barely on speaking terms. It is a fact that quarrels and dissensions in the church root deeper than in any of the other walks of life, and when once established, became chronic beyond cure, at least for one generation and often longer. Nevertheless some people do love to indulge.

At last the long expected resignation of Mr. Richardson, Secretary of the Treasury, has been tendered (?) and accepted, and Gen. Bristow of Kentucky appointed and confirmed as his successor. In the face of his many deficiencies the President forthwith nominated him as one of the Judges of the Court of Claims, and as such he was confirmed on a party vote, by a Senate which had been canvassed for that purpose. It is asserted that his prompt confirmation for this position, was the only consideration upon which the President agreed to dispense with Mr. Richardson as Secretary of the Treasury, public sentiment and recent developments and investigations to the contrary notwithstanding. This is another of these peculiarities in Grant's civil appointments.

EVERY opportunity for charity, for aid and relief to sufferers, should be hailed by the people of this city and that part of the surrounding country visited by the dreadful catastrophe of October 9, 1871, as an occasion to reciprocate what we were made to experience during the winter following this event. To help as we were helped, to feel for our fellow men as they felt towards us, should be the spontaneous answer to the cry from Louisiana. The Mayor of New Orleans has been telegraphing to the North almost every day for aid for the sufferers from the late overflow in that State. Unless relief comes speedily, 40,000 people will have perished of starvation. A million dollars will be needed to keep them alive until the crops are harvested. There is no doubt that, unless something is done, this destitution will end in starvation, and no time is to be lost. The matter should receive our immediate attention, either by proclamation on the part of the Mayor and Common Council, or through collections in the Churches, or both.

THE probabilities are that Congress will be unable to pass any measures effecting the currency and the finances. The President's views do not agree with Congress, and the House fails to agree with the Senate upon the last Currency Bill. Under these circumstances, the currency question will be one of the issues of the fall elections, and the nominating conventions may as well understand it and take sides upon it. And when we add to the above, the question of woman-suffrage, the vote on the new Constitution, the present temperance crusade, the effects of the President's veto on the Republican party, and the stringency of the money market and general stagnation of business, it is more than likely that the ranks of the "straight-tickets" will be materially reduced by the time election comes around. We cannot see how all these questions and differences can be silenced or harmonized by old party managers to such an extent that they will be considered by the people as side issues compared with the issues of the past. There is no live issue or principle left in either of the political parties which in real importance is equal to any one of the above questions. The copper cent will outweigh the golden dollar on the balance scale, but when both are entered in their respective columns in the ledger, they assume their proper relative positions. Thus the professional politician may be enabled to manipulate his State, County and local committee or convention, and issue his set platform, but when the mind of the intelligent voter begins to reflect upon the problems that exist to-day, and which circumstances force him to consider, he cannot but set aside the lesser and give his attention to the more important questions of the moment.

The arrivals at Chicago on Sunday numbered 153. An immense lumber fleet was at the market. The Tribune stated that the river, from Lake to Clark street, was one forest of masts, which, with their colors displayed, presented quite an unique appearance. The market was very dull, and only twenty cargoes out of sixty-five were disposed of on Monday. Joists and scantling sold at \$9.00@9.75, the outside for long lengths. Manistee was quoted at \$9.25@9.50, the outside the asking price. Boards and strips were easier, at \$13.50@16.00 for fair to choice, and \$9.00@10.00 for common; shingles, \$2.75@2.80, and lath at \$2.00.

On the occasion of the opening of the Kirby House, at Grand Haven, the following remarks were made by Col. Ferry, as we find them reported in the Herald: "To many of us there are peculiar associations connected with this spot; to others it is no other than the corner of Washington and Water streets, with a boniface, with a smiling face, shining at the door. But the old residents of the city, of whom I presume there are at least three present, can remember what first was located on this spot. In 1834, a family landed on the shore about here and commenced cutting away the woods and trees and put up a house right on this spot. It was the first house erected in Ottawa county. The nearest house South of it along the Lake Shore was at St. Joseph, 70 miles in that direction, and Grand Rapids was the nearest settlement East, while it was two hundred and forty miles to the nearest house North of this place. All old settlers remember that very comfortable house and inn as a welcome place to all who came to what was destined to become the goodly city of Grand Haven. The latch-string in reality was always out and the principle was recognized that has been adopted by our worthy landlord to-night. More than that, the first incident of population occurred on this very spot. The first white child born in Ottawa county came to life here. That goodly mother ambitiously did her part and here closed her music in that direction with a double bar. E. P. Ferry and Mary L. Ferry, (now Mrs. Galen Eastman, twin brother and sister,) whom you all know, were first introduced to good society in Grand Haven, right here. (Cheers.)"

A CASE of daring robbery took place on board the mail train on the Michigan Central Railroad, Friday evening of last week. The facts of the case are briefly these: When the train arrived at Michigan City, two robbers got on the front platform of the express-car, which was immediately behind the tender, and, under cover of the darkness, clambered over the car to the rear platform. After fastening the door of the baggage-car, so it could not be opened, they pried the door of the express-car off from its hinges and immediately entered. Mr. Heath, the express-messenger, was alone in the car, fixing his accounts, and was not aware of their presence, until one of them, suddenly springing forward knocked him to the floor with a heavy blow. Although half-stunned, he immediately drew his pistol, and, as the villain bent over him to complete his bloody work, he shot him through the head and killed him. Heath then fainted away from the effects of the terrible blow he had received, and this gave the other robber an opportunity to rob the safe and escape from the car. When the train reached Niles, the messenger was found in the car, lying by the side of the dead robber, but was soon restored. It is evident that the robber who escaped, seeing Mr. Heath fall unconscious, must have supposed him dead also. The amount stolen is \$2,700. The cool and courageous conduct of the messenger deserves praise on the part of the public, and promotion on the part of his employees. If this system of "entering complaint" were kept up more generally, it would remove some of the objections to capital punishment.

CITIZEN'S ASSOCIATION.

A public meeting of the citizens of Holland will be held at the Common Council Room, in the City of Holland, on Wednesday, June 10th, 1874, at 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M. to revive or reorganize the Citizen's Association.

There is a movement in the Netherlands favorable to a large increase of emigration to America, and Holland is the point where this emigration should, and will centre, if the necessary steps are taken by our citizens to organize a system to aid the coming immigrants, by information and advice, and for protecting and promoting their interests in securing homes and establishing business here. If we grasp the opportunity now offered us, we may secure an influx of labor and capital which will revive our drooping interests; if we let it pass, other places are eager and anxious to take it, and will draw the coming immigration away from us.

Dated Holland, June 2d, 1874.

I. CAPPON,
J. DUURSEMA,
E. VAN DER VEEN,
P. PFANSTIEHL,
J. VAN LANDEGEND,
T. E. ANNIS,
J. VAN PUTTEN,
G. VAN PUTTEN,
H. D. POST.

Hope College Alumni Association.

The Annual Meeting of the Alumni of the Academic Department of Hope College, will be held in the College Chapel, on Tuesday, June 23d, at 4 o'clock, P. M. The appointments are as follows:
Orator:—Peter Moerdijk; his alternate, G. Van der Kreeke.
Poet:—H. Borgers; his alternate, J. De Spelder.

Secr.:—J. Hofman.
Editor:—Wm. A. Shields.
Members of Council, the Faculty, and Graduates are specially invited.

At the last meeting it was resolved, that these exercises should be open to the public; therefore to all who are interested, a cordial invitation to be present is extended.

W. MOERDIJK, President.
W. A. SHIELDS, acting for
W. B. GILMORE, Secretary.

The Democrats of New Jersey propose to nominate Gen. McClellan for Governor.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO
HEBER WALSH,
Proprietor of "CITY DRUG STORE,"
Established in New York from 1845-1857. In Michigan since 1857.

All Change of Programme Each Week.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO PHYSICIANS.

(CONFIDENTIAL.)

For the benefit of that class of Physicians, who are in the habit of prescribing

CHRISTIES' AGUE BALSAM,

For fevers and not having sufficient ability to master these complaints without resorting to the use of Patent Medicines, we beg leave to call the attention of this class, to an article called

WALSH'S 35 CENT AGUE CURE.

It has many advantages over Christies' (in fact over all Ague Cures,) in that it is a safe and sure remedy, works direct on the liver, costs much less, and we know just what it contains, which is not the case with Christies'. This last reason alone should be sufficient inducement for this class of Physicians to drop Christies' and prescribe this purely Vegetable remedy.

If any of our patrons wish to purchase this superior 35 Cent Ague Cure, we will sell it to them at the same figures we do to Physicians, even if they have not a prescription for it, and if any of them wish Christies' we will sell it to them direct, at one dollar per bottle, saving the Doctor's charges, and if they want it put into another bottle, with a few drops of Essence of Wintergreen in it (the same as the Doctor orders), we will do it without charge. We intend to be our patrons' friend, and save them all we can.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS PREPARED AT THE CITY DRUG STORE AT HALF THE PRICE OTHER STORES CHARGE.

Remember this: We do not buy up Physicians' (even at their own price), nor do we pay any one a percentage for their Prescriptions. We believe that when a Doctor receives his pay for the visit he makes, he has no further claim on his patient; and we do not propose to charge the patient an extra price and play into the Doctor's hands.

It is a fact and well known, and therefore we wish it distinctly understood, that when you receive a prescription, No matter whose name may be printed on it, you are at perfect liberty to have it prepared at any Drug Store, a number double that of any other establishment in the city.

Eighth Street,

Holland City.

[Official.]
Report of the "Public Schools of the City of Holland."

HOLLAND CITY, June 1st, 1874.

To the Board of Education,
Holland City, Mich.

GENTLEMEN:—Herewith please find my ninth monthly report of the public schools of this city.

The scarlet rash mentioned in my last report, and which I then hoped had run its course, has been among us most all the month just closed. But it appears now to be nearly or quite gone. We have had a very pleasant and prosperous month of school, notwithstanding this difficulty. Four of our teachers have had, some the ague, others the scarlet rash. But we have been able to keep the departments in tact by procuring the aid of young ladies of the High School. The enrollment has slightly decreased, yet the lower departments are full. The First Primary is very full, too much so. Two of our lady teachers have received first grade certificates from the county superintendent of schools.

Below please find my report by departments of whole number enrolled, average attendance, and visitors:

Department.	Teachers.	no. enrolled.	av. att.	Visitors.
1st Primary	Hellen Carter.	135	85	3
2nd "	H. Abbott.	86	61	2
3d "	E. S. Clark.	79	56	2
1st Interim.	Flora Potter.	62	46	3
2nd "	Julia Eamon.	54	39	2
3d "	N. Wakker.	25	16	2
4th "	Katie Garrod.	26	19	2
Grammar S.	J. Hoek.	14	13	2
High School	Principal.	13	12	2
Totals.		487	343	32

ROLL OF HONOR.

FIRST PRIMARY.

Lucy Aling, Myra Cropley,
Eetta Housman, Anna Katte,
Albert Baumer.

SECOND PRIMARY.

Jacob Vaarwerk, Horondus Cook,
Delia Nibbling, Jennie Verbeek,
Diana Braam, Minnie Mohre.

THIRD PRIMARY.

Isaac De Kraker, Barnard De Vries,
Philip Lijzen, Janie Oostema,
Martha Dykema, Katie Vaupell,
Janie Roseboom, Lizzie Van De Berg.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE.

Mina McDonald, Hattie Lyzen,
Johanna Schravessande.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE.

Anna Becker, Bessie Kloveringa,
Anna Winters, Anna Wiersema,
Henry Vennema.

THIRD INTERMEDIATE.

Katie Aling, Chrisie Vaupell,
Chrisie Pfanstiehl.

FOURTH INTERMEDIATE.

None.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Emma Hoek, Wellie Dutton.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Miss M. Post, Miss J. Vinke,
Miss M. Aling.

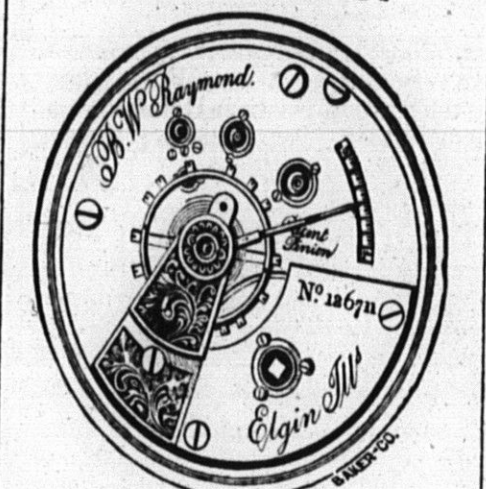
Yours Very Respectfully,
G. W. CHROUCH, Sup't.

Dr. R. PENGALLY, of Saugatuck, will lecture in the M. E. Church of this city, on Sabbath evening, June 7th, on Prophecies pertaining to our own times, people, and country, designing to show that the people of the United States of America are an elect portion of the lost tribes of Israel and the promised kingdom of prophecy.

New Advertisements.

NEW FIRM!

ALBERS & WYNNE,
JEWELERS.



Have Constantly on hand a select Assortment of Fine Watches and Clocks, of the Best Manufacture, Silver and Silver Plated Ware, Jewelry, Spectacles, Notions, etc.

REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done in the best manner and warranted.

GIVE US A CALL!

Our Store is at the Old Albers' Stand, West of Ven Landegend & Melis.
Holland, Mich., June 1, 1874. J. ALBERS,
C. B. WYNNE.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.

At the Store of M. P. VISSER, everything can be found. The public of the City and Country are requested not to pass by before calling in and examining the prices at which my goods are sold, and if they are found satisfactory, to make their purchases of me, and return home, well pleased.

A Full Line of Dry-Goods!

Family Supplies:—Salt Pork, Corn Beef, Smoked Hams, Shoulders and Tongue, Codfish, Mackerel, Herrings, Oysters, etc.—Pickles, Peaches, Caisamp, etc.—Pork and Beef, by the Barrel.

No Credit. Cash or Ready Pay.

CASH FOR BUTTER AND EGGS.
Holland, June 1st, 1874.

LAKE EXCURSIONS.

"FANNY SHRIVER."

The Public are informed that the pleasant and beautiful little steamer FANNY SHRIVER of Holland, can be chartered any day or evening during the summer season to make excursions on Black Lake & Lake Michigan.

PEACH BASKETS & BERRY BOXES.

WHO WANTS ANY?

000,000,001 qt. Berry,
000,001 Berry crates,
000,000,001 R. R. Peach Baskets.
For sale by
H. D. POST.

Dr. G. SITES,

DENTIST.

To the Public of Holland and vicinity—I would respectfully announce that I have permanently located in this place, for the purpose of practicing my profession of Dentistry. All operations upon the teeth will be carefully performed, and diseases of the mouth belonging to Dental Practice, will be promptly treated. Mechanical Dentistry, in all the various styles will be executed in the most workmanlike manner; all operations warranted. My office is in Mr. Van Landegend's Brick Building, 2nd floor, in rooms lately occupied as Reading Room of the Y. M. C. A.

G. SITES, Dentist.
HOLLAND, Mich., April 17, 1874. 113-24tf

SHIPPING Bills and Shipping

Tags, printed at THIS OFFICE.

J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,
Window Shades,
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Feathers,

Feather Beds,
Mattresses,

COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

46-2 s 1y

TEA AGENTS WANTED.

TEA AGENTS wanted in town and country to sell TEA, or get up club orders, for the largest Tea company in America. Importers' prices and inducements to Agents. Send for circular. Address ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.

The Christian Union, Henry Ward Beecher, Editor, of Oct. 25th last, says: "Parties wishing to get up clubs, and all who can get orders for TEA, should write him for a circular."

The New York Weekly Tribune, of Sept. 3d, says: "All 'Granges' should write Robt. Wells for circular."

The Spectator, of Sept. 20, says: "Robt. Wells is thoroughly reliable." 115-1y

Meat Market,

OF

Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meat, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations from me.

JACOB KUIITE.
Holland, Feb. 14, 1874. 46-2s-1f

MUSIC HAS CHARMS!

PRICE REDUCED.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Will Last a Life-Time!

35,000

OF THE CELEBRATED

SHONINGER ORGANS,

IN DAILY USE.

The best musical talent of the country recommend these Organs. The nicest and best. More for your money, and gives better satisfaction, than any other now made. They comprise the

Eureka, Concerto, Orchestra and Grands.

B. SHONINGER & Co.,
103-1/2 cl-128
New Haven, Conn.

Hay! Hay! Hay! Hay!

Having lately purchased the Hay Press and Building of J. E. Higgins, situated near the old

M. L. S. R. R. Depot,

HOLLAND,

I am now prepared to buy HAY!

In any quantities, for which I will pay the Highest Wholesale Cash Market Prices,

FOR A GOOD ARTICLE.

HENRY S. EAGLE.
—117

PUBLIC LETTING.

ON SATURDAY, June 6, 1874, at 7 o'clock P. M. near the house of D. Jonker, East of the city, the Township Board of the Township of Holland will let the job of building a TOWNHOUSE, including all the necessary materials.

Plan and specifications can be seen at the Store of Messrs. Bakker & Van Raalte, 5th street, Holland City. W. DIEKEMA, Supervisor.
Holland, May 29, 1874.

The Old and Reliable House

OF E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.
The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.
Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.
Also a full line of

FINDINGS!!

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.
HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-31/8-1y

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY.

CARL ZEEB,

PROPRIETOR.
A good article of LAGER BEER and ALE on hand at all times.

All orders promptly attended to, and no cartage charged for

DELIVERY.

The proprietor would announce that he pays the highest

CASH FOR BARLEY AND HOPS.

Holland, January 28, 1874. 50-3s-1y

FLOUR & FEED

STORE OF
SLOOTER & HIGGINS,

8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABARBE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegend's) a FLOUR AND FEED STORE. We shall keep constantly on hand everything that pertains to a

First-class Flour & Feed Store.

Flour, Feed,

Hay, Grain,

and Mill Stuff,

At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.
HOLLAND, March 13, 1874. 108-1y

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, - - HOLLAND, MICH.

46-8-1y

J. E. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN

All Kinds of Grain & Produce,

MILL FEED, CORN, &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR

U.S. Ex. Co. & M. L. S. R. R.

Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,

HOLLAND, MICH.

46-2s-1y

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

1-1y if

N. KENYON.

R. KANTERS,

DEALER IN

STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest

Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations.

All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention.

R. KANTERS.
HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-1y

35 to 500 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

50-1y

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF HOLLAND.

ARRIVALS.

May 28 schr A. Plugger Chicago 87 t—light.
" schr Wollin Chicago 49 t—light.
" schr J. Dresden Chicago 84 t—light.
" schr Spray Chicago 48 t—light.
June 1 schr Four Brothers Chicago 95 t—light.
" schr A. Frederick Chicago 53 t—light.
" schr Tri Color Racine 36 t—light.
" schr Arrow Chicago 69 t—light.
" schr Banner Milwaukee 74 t—1 ton Hay
" 1 ton Feed.
" schr C. Gordon Milwaukee 45 t—light.
" 5 schr Hope Muskegon 16 t—2400 lath.

DEPARTURES.

May 28 schr A. Plugger Racine—95 m ft Lumber.
" schr Wollin Chicago 50 m ft Lumber.
" schr J. Dresden Chicago—70 cords Wood.
" schr Spray Racine—45 cords Wood.
" schr Four Brothers Chicago—75 cords Wood.
" schr A. Frederick Chicago—45 cords Wood.
June 1 schr Tri Color Chicago—30 m p Staves.
" 2 schr Banner Racine—25 m Lumber 20 cords Bark.
" schr C. Gordon Chicago—12 cords wood.
" schr Hope Muskegon—80 bush. Potatoes
" 700 lbs Butter 700 doz. Eggs 4 bbls Flour 400 lbs Bran 5 bush. Turnips.

PUBLIC MEETING.

We would call a meeting of any and all persons interested in a fitting celebration of our next "Fourth," and request them to meet us on Thursday evening, June 11th, at 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M., at the City Hotel.

Holland, Mich., June 6, 1874.

J. Van Landegend, D. Berth,
I. Cappon, D. De Vries,
H. Walsh, C. Scott,
W. Van Putten, E. Herold,
N. Kenyon, R. Kanters,
F. S. Ledebor, A. M. Kanters,
Joslin & Breyman, A. Plietstra.

Notings.

THE Episcopal Convention for the Diocese of Michigan will convene in Grand Rapids, on the 9th of June. A meeting of the vestry of "Grace" church of this city will be held this evening, to elect delegates.

M. P. VISSER's addition to his store is nearly finished and he has since added Dry Goods to his stock. We call the attention of the public to his advertisement on the other page. Mr. Visser is well known to the public, and has always been a popular trader.

THE Supreme Court, of the State of New York, has rendered a decision denying the motion for a mandamus to compel Chief Justice Davis to sign a bill of exceptions taken on the trial of William M. Tweed, thus virtually denying all claims for a new trial.

As the season for excursions and picnics arrives, the *Funny Striver* is again extending her invitations. Capt Brower has fixed the price very low. A hot summer being predicted, we have no doubt of the success of the enterprise as announced to the public in another column.

THE corner-stone of the new Government building at Chicago, will be laid on the 24th inst. Immense preparations are being made by the committee on arrangements. President Grant will have the honor of laying the corner-stone, and the gavel to be used by him on that occasion will be made of ivory and ebony, with gold mountings, and will cost \$200.

ANOTHER new firm has been added to the list of our business houses. Mr. C. B. Wynne, although for a long time carrying on his business as jeweler at the store of John Albers, has at last entered into a co-partnership with Mr. Albers, under the name and style of ALBERS & WYNNE. Their new advertisement tells all about it.

In five days of week before last, 2,900 tracts of real estate in a single county in South Carolina, were sold for delinquent taxes. The colored vote being under the control of the carpet-baggers, the tax-payers and real estate owners of Charleston, have not a single representative in the Legislature, and the management and government of that State is nothing less than a burlesque on republican institutions.

At a special meeting of School Dist. No. 1, of the Township of Holland, held on Monday, the electors present located the site for their new school-house on the quarterline of Sect. 32, between Hidding and Van Dam. Messrs. J. Marsilje, W. Harrington and J. Visscher were appointed a building committee, with instructions to proceed at once with the erection of a suitable building. The intention is to build of brick.

An incident of juvenile courage and presence of mind happened on last Tuesday. Two children of Mr. J. Ten Haaf, who lives four miles South of the city, in the township of Fillmore, went out in the field, where their father had been burning some stumps. The clothes of the youngest, a girl about eight years old, caught fire, and there blowing quite a breeze at the time, they soon were in a blaze, when her little brother about ten years of age, promptly put out the flames and the fire, burning his own hands and arms fearfully. Dr. F. S. Ledebor, who happened to drive by was called in and attended to the wounds.

Mr. TER HAAR, the late partner of Mr. J. Van Landegend, was in town this week.

ALL the good things of this world are no further good to us than as they are of use.

CALDER CUSHING, our new Minister to Spain has been guilty of dining with such men as Figueras and Castelar.

THE House Judiciary Committee has reported adversely on the bill to abolish capital punishment.

THE Chicago *Times* has again been sued for \$50,000, for libelling a young lady residing in Rockford, Ill.

Ex-MAYOR J. Medill and family of Chicago, are expected to arrive home, after their European tour some time in August.

A bill has passed the Senate to restrict the choice of juries in United States courts to persons who can read and write the English language.

It is rumored on the street, that the body of H. Blink, lately drowned with Indian Paul, was found on the beach, three miles north of the harbor.

At a sale of blooded stock, held at Jacksonville, Ill., last week, we notice a yearling bull at \$5,800; a bull at \$14,000 and two cows at \$1,900 and \$1,050.

MESSRS. M. Van de Vrede and D. Kruidenier have taken the job of painting the Third Church. It will receive two more coats and be completed with a sand finish.

HERE is a chance for a repetition of the Jonah story: "General Butler's friends are urging him to take a sea voyage as the only means of restoring health." We pity the whale.

THE new steamship W. F. Scholten, 3000 ton, Capt. J. Hus, of the New York—Rotterdam line, has arrived at the latter place, and will start out upon her first trip at an early date.

THE Pope in referring to universal suffering, styled it a horrible plague that afflicts human society, is destructive of social order and which would, if it had its right title, be called universal illusion.

FATHER Hyacinthe, accompanied by his American wife, is making a tour through Holland at the invitation of the leading Dutch universities. He has preached at Leyden, Amsterdam and Utrecht.

It was Sir Richard Steele that said to a certain great man whom he wished to invite, "If, Sir, you ever come within a mile of my house, I hope you will stop there."

HAVING left the Presbyterian Church, Prof. Swing is going up into Wisconsin for a week's fishing and shooting. On the 10th of June, in company with Henry Ward Beecher, Dr. Chapin, the Rev. Mr. Alger, and a few others, he will depart for a two weeks' trip to Colorado.

THERE is a tree in Florida, at Lake Harris, which yields 7,000 lemons annually. It was supposed that Florida was not adapted to the growth of lemons; but that fiction has been exploded. The lemon grafted on the sour orange makes superb fruit.

THERE being no probability of having River street graded and covered with clay and gravel until after our next charter election, the business men of that street have made a temporary improvement for this season only, by sawdusting that part between Fifth and Eighth street.

THE second floor of the flour-mill at Rabbit River, gave away on Wednesday morning under a weight of eight hundred bushels of wheat. The sudden fall was too much for the first floor and this broke also, throwing the bulk of the grain into the river. We did not learn the amount of the damages.

ON Monday evening the Fire Company was out trying the engine. Besides new cylinders and folding brakes, it has received a general overhauling and repairing of boxes. It works easier and has more power than before. The repairs and changes are a success and the boys felt well satisfied. The whole amount of the repairs will be about \$300.

ON Friday of last week, Mrs. E. Kloosier, and her little daughter, were attacked on the street by a cow and severely hurt! She was saved from further harm by the timely interference of passers by. The cow belongs to one of the most peaceable men in the city, and we learn the matter has been compromised for three dollars, because she was a widow.

WE have received another article from "X" in reply to "N. S." As we expected, a controversy of this kind would be apt to drag in other subjects which we prefer to keep out of our columns. The reply of "N. S." last week, gives "X" a splendid opportunity to switch off upon another track, and this has been promptly done by him or her. School Reports and Common Council Proceedings have crowded out other matter this week, besides the above article.

MESSRS. Quartel and Pik, have taken the job of the Fish Street improvement.

WE understand the Common Council intend to purchase 300 additional feet of hose.

WE notice new awnings in front of L. T. Kanters & Co., and Miss L. & S. Van Den Berg.

SEVERAL of our pulpits are vacant, their ministers being absent as delegates to the Annual Synods and Assemblies.

A movement is on foot to build a line of steamers to ply between Chicago, Saugatuck and South Haven.—*Journal*.

A YOUNG man who recently took to himself a wife, says he didn't find it half so hard to get married as he did to get the furniture.

THE Senate has passed the bill to set apart a certain portion of the Island of Mackinac, in the Straits of Mackinac, as a national park.

ON Friday evening, June 12th, at 7 o'clock, the Bishop of the Diocese of Michigan, will consecrate "Grace" (Episcopal) Church, of this city.

THE Public Debt Statement for June shows a decrease during that month of \$4,456,838, leaving a total debt, less cash in the Treasury, of 2,145,268,438.

A LADY writer says, if women were as particular in choosing a virtuous husband as men are in selecting a virtuous wife, a moral reformation would soon begin.

IN closing an address in New York the other day, Dio Lewis, the great "crusader," declared that, "When this war against whiskey is over, we shall go for tobacco."

ABOUT 1,500 visitors from York and Lancaster, Pa., members of the Young Men's Christian Association, visited the White House, and were courteously received by the President.

A JOINT resolution has been introduced in the House, providing that a residence of three years shall be sufficient to entitle an alien, being a free white person, to become a citizen, declaration to be made one year before admission.

Special Notices.

Just Received.

Kimm's Pills, Worm Cakes, Ague Cure and Bitters. We intend to keep these Medicines on hand.
G. C. JONES & CO.
Olive, Mich., June 1, 1874. 120-4w

THE American Sardine Co's Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.
106-1y.

To the traveling public, and those leaving for Grand Rapids on the afternoon train, we would state that BURGARD'S under *Sweet's Hotel*, is the best place for a meal, or a lunch, in Grand Rapids. Everything necessary for a first-class restaurant, is kept there and there is no unnecessary delay. Try and see.
115-

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, June 24th, at 7 1/2 o'clock, sharp.

N. B. The Installation of Officers will take place.

W. J. SCOTT, W. M.
J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

N. W. BACON, N. G.
R. K. HEALD, Rec. Sec'y.
R. A. SCHOUTEN, Per. Sec'y.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only safe article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The receipt is published around each bottle. They sell as no article, ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweened horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use." Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, \$1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

PHENIX

Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery, Of the Most Approved Patterns; And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching, Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN,

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER

WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALTY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS, Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.
46-3/4-1y

JACOB FLIEMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,

Light & Heavy Wagons,

Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Skins always on hand.

I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from

Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted.

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Thanking my old customers for past favors, I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line.

47-Xcl-1y J. FLIEMAN

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES,

Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY, AND

HATS & CAPS,

Which they are offering at Prices, that defy Competition.

Also a complete Stock of

FLOUR & FEED,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us will be

Delivered Free!

To any part of the City.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store.

46-Xcl-1y

WINTERS Bro's & BROWER,

(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)

PRACTICAL

Engineers and Machinists.

MESSRS P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with all due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists. The Shop and Foundry are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S.

THE BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. Winters, will be continued as before.

THE FLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by R. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above.

MILL REPAIRING, will receive our special attention.

SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch.

Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874. 108-1y

I WANT

Everybody who

wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead

is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be underbilled by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH

Druggist & Pharmacist.

W. VAN PUTTEN,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Drugs & Medicines,

Paints and Oils,

Putty, Glass, Etc.

Patent Medicines,

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Fancy Soaps & Perfumery.

Tooth Brushes,

Clothes Brushes,

Hair Brushes,

Shaving Brushes,

and Paint Brushes.

Razors and Razor Straps,

Chamois Skins, and

Nursing Bottles.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Supporters and Trusses,

And everything, usually kept in Drug Stores.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded, Day or Night.

46-Xcl-1y

THE MODERN MEETIN'-HOUSE.

BY WILL S. HAYS.

Howdy, Davy! light and hitch; that's no one home but me. Thar ain't a man a livin', sir, I'd sooner like ter see 'n' a dead man. For Nance and Liddy's gone to see a sick man on the hill, an' Hiram's gone to get his grist at Jason Turner's mill.

I was in town las' Sunday, an' my heart an' me agreed to go to meetin'—if you'll wait I tell you what I seed: The bells were tollin' lively on the balmy mornin' air, an' folks were in a hurry, like the rushin' to a fair.

The meetin'-house was built of stone, the steeple pined high. The windows there were painted all the colors of the sky. An' rumpin' up the steeple was a great long light-nin' rod— I kinder thought the members lacked a confidence in God.

The big bell sorter hushed itself an' then it rung some more. An' people come in carriages an' got out at the door. The women fixed their dresses like they meant to make a call. Thar faces showed they warn't thinking ov their souls at all.

Wall, Davy, thar I stood and thought—'twas wicked I suppose— Some go to church to cipe thar eyes, an' some to eye thar clothes; I overheard old Missus Swell to Missus Stebbins say: "My darter Becky's dress wan't done—she won't be here to-day."

I stood thar hesitin' like what sort of move to make; I felt that I should go inside for my salvation's sake; I started meekly in the house, I knew it wan't no harm. With my old broad-brim hat in hand and jeans coat on my arm.

I went along 'bout half way up the velvet carpet, the men and women shut thar gates, and they begin to smile; I see one open just a bit, went in and pulled it to. When Brown, the banker, riz and said, "This ere's a rented pew."

I got out of his "rented pew" an' sot down near the door. Expectin' for some man to say, "This ere's a rented floor." A fine-dressed stranger he cum in, the members didn't wait, But every feller jumped at him an' opened wide his gate.

The parson riz an' raised his han's with cold and haughty air, An' everybody in the house stood up an' heard his prayer. I don't know how it is with them—somehow I always feel I'm doin' God injustice when I get too proud to kneel.

Then all sat down an' stared about, then at the parson's face, While he put on his specs an' said, "Let's sing 'amazin' grace." An organ busted loose up-stairs—the music it was gay. It tickled them as couldn't sing and them wot had to pay.

The music quit, the parson riz—they passed the hats round next— An' when the deacons sot them down, the parson took his text. He preached almost two hours 'bout his faith in God to keep— The women folks were noddin' while thar husbands wor asleep.

One gal said to another, "Hev you seen my bow to-day?" She'd nod her head an' then say back, "The party it was gay." One whispered loud enough behind her fan for me to hear, "Thar bouzet Sofy Tag's got on is one she had last year."

The parson quit and then sat down—the organ played agin; I thought if that was servin' God, the tunes they played was thin; I've heard the bands at circuses play jest the self-same air.

The parson, when the organ quit, dismissed 'em all with prayer. Now, Davy, if the angels seed what I did, I believe, There warn't no one among 'em all but what laffed in thar sleeve; For God don't smile on Christians who His blessin's will abuse; He hasn't no use for organs, an' He don't like rented pews.

He rings no bells to tell 'em that the Sabbath's come once more; The angels have no carriages to drive up to His door. Such Curnations might as well look up to God an' sweetly smile, An' say, "I send my soul, dear Lord, I'm cummin' after a while."

Our Master up in Heaven, Davy, sees—hears everything; He likes to see His children kneel, and loves to hear 'em sing; For whar He lives the angels sing an' Christians get thar dues— His music costs Him nothin', and He has no rented pews.

Thar aint no use o' foolin' long the road down to the grave; Thar is no way o' dodgin' when you've got your soul to save; Fine churches, organs, carriages, clothes, rented pews an' "peel"— Don't count that day—it lays between yer Maker and yourself.

TIM WELLER.

Outside—a mud-colored cottage, one of twenty, comprising the little fisher village off Gull's Head—a tumble-down fence inclosing sundry heaps of fish-bones and oyster-shells. In one corner a rose-bush and a weedy bed, with here and there an aster or a poppy striving to brighten with sturdy bloom the dismal surroundings. A long, low coast stretched southward, and to the north the light-house of Gull's Head, standing out sharply against the desolate gray of the sky. Inside—a scolding woman. What wonder that little Tim Weller stood long outside the door, waiting for his father to come up from the beach, evidently preferring the chilly dampness of the gathering night to the light and warmth of the cottage shared with his step mother's tongue.

You would never have called him a hero, this red-haired, freckled-faced Tim, who spent his days watching the buoys up and down the coast. He didn't look in the least heroic as he stood by the half-hung gate, the darkness falling about him.

He shivered as he listened to the "swash! swash!" of the rising tide dashing against the foot of the ledge, and looked down the beach impatiently for his father.

His life seemed dreadfully dwarfed and crowded as he thought of the days that were past and the days that were coming, all just alike, the eating and sleeping and watching the traps, nothing to mark the years as they slipped slowly by, spring and summer, fall and

winter, no going to school. Tim had learned to read a little and that was all; nothing to help make a man of him, nothing for him to do but to follow straight in the tracks of his father's fishing brogans, and, perhaps—it was the height of every fisher-boy's ambition—to become the light-house keeper. Tim glanced along the low, black line of foam-flecked rocks running far into the sea, as dangerous a ledge as was ever shunned by mariners, half wondering why the lamps were not lighted.

Just then his father and old Dec. Greggitt came slowly up from the beach.

"Looks just as it did afore the big storm a year ago," Greggitt muttered, baring his head and pointing to the long, low line of white clouds rolling up to the west like smoke. "See them white caps?"

"Yes," Mr. Weller said, throwing a net across the fence. "Yes, sir, it'll blow great guns afore mornin'; wonder Thurlow han't set the lights. Come, Tim, lad," as a puff of warm air, redolent with the scent of golden corncake and fish fried brown, came from the open window. "Come, let us go to supper; 'night Greggitt," and the cottage door closed behind them.

The wind blew a perfect hurricane, and the rain came down in torrents. Tim, as he sat before the fire toasting his feet preparatory to going to bed, shivered to hear the great waves dash upon the rock, falling back with a sullen roar, only to make fresh onset; to listen to the soughing of the wind around the cottage.

"Boom—boom—boom!" Tim sprung to his feet, Mr. Weller laid his black clay pipe on the mantle shelf, and walked to the window.

"Some ship I s'pose has lost her reckoning," he said, adding complacently, "How they could do that with such a light as our'n is morn' I can tell."

The Gull's Head light-house was a source of pride to every fisherman on the coast.

"Boom—boom—boom!" Tim tugged at his boots, still soaked and shrunken with sea-water.

"Boom—boom—boom!" sounded the signal of distress, and to Tim's excited fancy the hoarse-voiced breakers seemed to answer, "Doomed—doomed—doomed!"

"Running into the rocks, it's likely," muttered Mr. Weller, taking down his hat. "The fools must be blind as bats that can't see the light."

"Father, mayn't I go?" "No, Tim, you'r best off where you are," and Mr. Weller slouched his hat over his eyes, buttoned his smock tighter and went out.

"Boom—boom—boom!" Tim couldn't stand that. He tore his cap from his nail and rushed out into the blinding rain, followed by his mother's warning voice:

"Tim, do ye mind what yer father told ye?"

Outside the gate he stopped a moment. Men were hurrying toward the beach.

He glanced in the direction of the Head. The mass of rock was dimly outlined against the pall-like blackness of the sky. Not a glimmer of light came from its crest. The white-capped waves were running mountain high—lashing themselves into a foaming rage against the rocky wall.

"Godfrey!" he ejaculated, "I don't see what Bill Thurlow can be thinking of not to light the tower such a night as this. Somebody'll have to go out."

On the beach men were running back and forth, staring into each other's faces in wild amazement. Some one had launched a small boat, and Greggitt was saying:

"Can't be done. No boat could live in such a sea. Jake Thompson is the largest man among us, and he couldn't get a boat across them rocks to the tower such a night as this."

"Where's the life-boat?" "Stove up when we took off the crew of the 'Polly Harms.'"

Tim heard it all.

"Father, father, let me go. I'm little and light and strong. I know all about the lights, for I have been there many a time with Bill. Please, father!"

At that instant came the boom of cannon from the distressed ship, and Tom, mad with excitement, rushed through the crowd to the water's edge and sprang into the boat. A great wave lifted it and sent it far into the sea.

No one spoke a word. The reckless daring of the boy awed them. Only a murmur, loud because so common, broke from the group upon the beach.

Once they saw him use his oars bravely. The boat poised on the crest of a huge wave a moment, and then plunged into the trough of the sea.

Boom boom—boom. The ship was driving nearer, when suddenly, through the blinding spray, a gleam, like a star of hope, shot from the tower, and in an instant Gull's Head was all ablaze with light!

Shout after shout—cheer after cheer mingling with the rushing storm, went up from the beach. Salute after salute—not distress signals now—the ship's guns belched forth in answer to the hurrahs on shore. I hardly think it was second even to the great Anvil Chorus—and all this jubilee in Tim's honor. In the morning the sea was calm as if never a thought of tempest had ruffled its bosom, and when Tim came on shore and found himself lionized and praised and petted—even by his stepmother—I am afraid he could not have been so sorry as he should for poor Bill Thurlow's paralytic shock.

Somehow the captain discovered Tim's instrumentality in saving his vessel, and what the captain knew the ship-owners must have found out, for one night when he came home from his lobster buoys he found a bulky package sealed with red wax awaiting him, in which was a statement of a deposit made that day at

the Seaton Bank by the owners of the steamship "Mermaid" in favor of Timothy Weller.

Tim is going to school now, and is doing his best to acquire a business education. His services will be in demand, as soon as he leaves school, in the office of the company whose vessel he saved; and his prospects for the future are most encouraging.

And I think he deserves his good fortune don't you?

DUDDYBAUGER PAINTS.

Mr. Duddybanger made some improvements on his place recently, and among them a two-story addition to his house, containing a nice, large summer kitchen on the first floor, and on the second an airy sleeping apartment and a nice bath-room.

This arrangement gave both Mr. and Mrs. Duddybanger a great deal of satisfaction and increased the capacity of the house so much that Mrs. Duddybanger immediately invited a deaf elderly maiden sister, possessed of property, to visit them, which invitation the elderly maiden sister immediately accepted with the most beautiful alacrity.

This extension had been finished on the inside, but outwardly it yet needed a coat or two of paint, as hitherto nothing but a simple coat of priming had been given it. This extra painting Duddybanger resolved to do himself, as business was somewhat dull, and he felt the need of a little out-door exercise. He had surrounded the extension with a bank some three or four feet wide on the top and of such a height as to fill in the distance between the top of the foundation wall and the original lay of the land, which was a sidewalk sloping from the houses, thus rendering the banking rather high in places, and especially at the end overlooked by the bath-room window. Mr. Duddybanger borrowed a nice long ladder and he and Mrs. Duddybanger exhausted themselves and two mortal hours in raising it against the end of the extension, with the top directly over the bath-room window and the foot resting on the top of the bank; and then to procure an easy inclination they drew the bottom out as near the edge of the bank as they dared.

Then he proceeded to get into a new pair of sewing-circle-made overalls; so very small in the legs as to make him appear to anybody who didn't know him very well rather constrained and distant and formal, but so very, very ample elsewhere as to accommodate his very movement, and remotely suggest infinitude of space or something of boils.

Then he got his materials together and poured and ladled and mixed and dabbed till he thought he had about the right thing in paint, and then taking the pot and brush he mounted the ladder just three minutes after the elderly maiden sister, stepping into the bath-room, drew the curtain without taking particular notice of the ladder, and began disrobing for a bath.

Mr. Duddybanger's eyes were so full of paint that he couldn't see much, and it was not strange that the closely drawn curtain of the bath-room window escaped his notice; likewise the elderly maiden sister was so very deaf that she knew nothing of the rather close proximity of her brother-in-law, to say nothing of the fact that she had but just got up and knew nothing of the day's programme, all of which tended to make the situation one of beautiful and blissful ignorance.

Then Mr. Duddybanger, after having mounted as high as possible, hung the paint point on the top rung of the ladder and commenced to slop around with the brush and waste paint and grow weak in the arms and change hands and whistle softly and wonder how much a good painter would cost him by the day, and how long painters lived any way, and if the smell of paint wasn't rather unhealthy after all, and if he hadn't better go down and add a little more oil or get a drink of water or something; and it was just as he had concluded to descend that the ladder moved a little, and a "Grumph! Grumph!" of swinish satisfaction attracted his attention.

Gazing down from the dizzy height he beheld a hog belonging to one of his neighbors energetically scratching himself against the foot of the ladder, which by the powerful movements of the animal was being gradually worked into the uncertain soil at the edge of the bank. The situation was appalling and Duddybanger tried to grasp it and the ladder and the paint brush all at once, but failed. He let the situation and the brush go to thunder, and clung to the top of that ladder with all the energy of despair.

Then Duddybanger commenced to say "Hi, you there," and "Stop—won't you?" and "Say—you there, do you know what you're doing?" and then he tried to reason with the animal and to show him the impropriety of the thing, but did no good.

He dared not stir for fear of helping things too much, so he just held the ladder and his breath and shut his eyes and set his teeth and braced himself for the shock; and when a vigorous boost sent the foot of that ladder flying out into the air and brought the top end rasping down over those clapboards with a noise like young thunder, Duddybanger sent his finger-nails into the wood and his thoughts into the skies, and went sailing through the sash of that bath-room window along with the end a ladder and other things, and a pot of paint with a rush that would have done credit to a comet.

The ladder stopped at the window-sill, but Duddybanger and the paint pot kept right on. He looked around for something to stop against, too, but as he didn't see anything nearer than the bath-room floor, he thought that he might as well see the thing through anyhow and get rid of such a terrible

suspense, so he just sailed on and brought up just where he had intended to, on the floor, along with a lot of tin and paint, and glass, and wood splinters, and stars, and things, and it occurred to him that the party who moved out just as he came in possessed a great deal more judgment than clothes, and was remarkably agile and decided for one so old. This interested him so that he sat there and thought it over and some other things until his wife came for her sister's clothes, and then he got up and went down-stairs, and after asking his wife to apologize to her sister for him, he went out to the woodpile and delivered an oration, in which he said that painting wasn't his best hold, but he thought if he had about the right kind of a stick he might possibly satisfy the public as to his ability to scratch that hog's back for him.

For a week after this Duddybanger divided his spare time between watching for that hog and picking little pieces of glass out of his hands, and trying to make up with his sister-in-law; but as he didn't succeed much he cooled himself off and went to work and repaired his fences.—Danbury News.

The proposition to introduce ladies as railroad conductors is frowned upon in view of the fact that their trains are always behind.

Success Based Upon Merit.

It is a subject of general remark, among both wholesale and retail druggists, that no medicine introduced to the American public has ever gained such a popularity and met with so large a sale in all parts of the land, in the same length of time, as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This cannot depend upon its having been more largely advertised than any other medicine, as such is not the case. The correct explanation, we think, is found in the fact that this medicine produces the most wonderful and perfect cures of very bad cases of bronchial, throat and lung diseases, is undoubtedly the most perfect and efficient remedy for all kinds of coughs, that has ever been introduced to the public, and at the same time possesses the greatest of blood-purifying and strengthening properties that medical science has been able to produce, thus rendering it a sovereign remedy not only in the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and Coughs, but also for all diseases of the liver and blood, as scrofulous diseases, blotches, rough skin, pimples, black specks and discolorations. It has therefore a wide range of application and usefulness, and it not only gives the most perfect satisfaction to all who use it, but far exceeds the expectations of the most sanguine, thus eliciting the loudest praise, and making permanent living advertising mediums of all who use it. For these reasons it is that there is not perhaps a druggist in all the vast domain of this continent, who tries to please his customers and supply their wants, that does not keep and sell large quantities of this most valuable medicine.

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Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hæmaturia, Catarrhs, Gonorrhea, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water-Braah, The Doloureux, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaints, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges. Night Sweats, Loss of Sleep and all wastes of the life principle are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it, for either of these forms of disease, its potent power to cure them.

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The Destruction of the Sugar-Maple.

One of the leading maple-sugar makers claims that but very few productions, in the entire system of New England agriculture, realize to the farmer so large a profit as the manufacture of that commodity. As prices have averaged for the last ten years, it is certainly a feature of home industry well worthy of consideration. Many of the farmers on the hills who own and utilize large sugar orchards have become convinced by practical experience that it is one of their very best paying harvests, tobacco alone yielding, perhaps, a greater net profit. Nature has appointed this harvest at a season when the farmer can accomplish but little labor to advantage, and unless he is engaged in this occupation, his time and efforts will yield him but little remuneration; yet, without taking this point into account, even did the work come at any other time in the year, it would pay grandly. Maple syrup and sugar hold a high price in the market, and without a doubt will sustain their present rates, with probabilities of advance in the future. In the face of these facts, it is certainly somewhat of a mystery why a large proportion of farmers should manifest such an utter indifference to the preservation and perpetuity of the sugar maple. In no other part of the country does its flourish so naturally and vigorously as among the eastern mountains; and wherever its delicious sweets are extracted, it repays the owner three-fold for the labor. Still our maple groves and forests are rapidly disappearing, and at the present rate of decrease, another half-century will witness their almost utter annihilation. The process of making maple sugar is evidently destined to become one of the "lost arts" unless some special interposition stays this work of destruction. The demand for broom-handles and other articles of utility, into which this wood is converted, is insatiable. Thousands of our grand old emerald-crowned monarchs of the forest are sacrificed to this demand annually, and of course the aggregate amount of sugar manufactured must decrease in ratio with the decrease of the material from which it is derived. It will soon become a luxury in the market, commanding a price that must teach every shrewd and sensible owner of maple orchards the expediency, even in a pecuniary sense, of preserving this beautiful feature of our New England landscape.—*Concord Patriot.*

Running "Amok."

A correspondent of the London Daily News writes from Batavia: "From Sourabaja we have just received intelligence of one of the most terrible instances of an 'Amok' murder which has ever occurred in an Indian Archipelago. The murderer was an escaped convict, and the scene of the wholesale slaughter committed by this one man is Terna, a small island not far from Sourabaja. The fellow went on the afternoon of Jan. 13 to the bazaar in the chief town of the island, where he bought some tobacco. He there drew his knife and attacked every one—man, woman and child—within his reach, wounding and killing nineteen persons in less time than it takes to mention it. He then made his escape into the thick jungle which begins at the back of the town and runs up to the densely wooded hills. Of these nineteen wounded persons fifteen are dead, some killed outright, others lingering on for a day or two. For ten days this ruffian remained at large, to the great fear of the town and neighborhood, few daring to venture out after dusk, and one and all shunning the 'passer' or bazaar. During these ten days, regular, volunteer and native troops were all called out, scouring the woods and jungles. He was finally captured, after wounding three of his pursuers, who were armed natives sent out by the Sultan of Terna. So irate were his captors that, after chopping off his head, they literally cut his body into mince meat.

"The Malays are a strange mixture of child and tiger—harmless in a general way and given to childlike pleasures; but, their passions once aroused, they become very fiends in their thirst for blood. Jealousy is the most frequent cause by far of their 'Amoks.' A gang of one hundred to two hundred convicts may often be met with on the public roads here, unattended by any but a few unarmed native guards or jailers; the convicts themselves frequently carrying axes, heavy wood-knives, etc. Though twenty to thirty per cent. of these are probably murderers—a percentage nearly doubled in Sumatra—yet as they march along they laugh and talk like a parcel of schoolboys; and should one of them be the happy possessor of a ragged handkerchief tied flag-fashion to the end of a pole, he is admired and envied by all of them. It is rarely that drink or opium—both forbidden indulgences by their religion—helps to aid their murderous frenzy."

A FLORAL MONSTER.—On the 23d of March, which was the twenty-fifth anniversary of Victor Emanuel's accession to the throne, the ladies of Rome united together in presenting the King with a bouquet. It was not a nosegay for his button-hole, or a fragrant trifle which he could wear in his hand. On the contrary, it was between six and seven feet high, and required six stout porters to bear it in to his Majesty's presence. It was, in truth, a floral monster, in the design of which taste and elegance were sacrificed to enormity. It consisted of a base three feet square, and a stem surmounted by a vase of graceful shape, with an appropriate inscription. It was composed entirely of violets, pansies and mignonette, forming a sort of mosaic for which Rome is famous.

RUSSIA buys her locomotives in this country.



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Opposite the Government Square and the new Federal Buildings, is, without doubt, the most perfect hotel structure in the world, and the largest edifice representing private enterprise in the United States. Its four fronts, on Jackson, LaSalle, Quincy and Clark Streets, have an extent of ten hundred and twenty-two (1,022) feet. It was opened to the public on the 2d day of June, 1873, and has proved to its multitude of patrons, representing the best elements of the traveling community, the well-chosen and unsurpassed character of all its appointments and arrangements (of which special mention may be made of the Baths—Turkish, Electric and Vapor), secured with a lavishness of outlay, aided by experience and careful study, never before given to an enterprise of its class.

The magnificence of the exterior, its great interior rotundas, superb public apartments, the unequalled suites of private rooms on its mile of corridors, and the system and detail of its management, have not only won the pride and admiration of our citizens and guests, but furnish the key to the success of the GRAND PACIFIC, which from the outset has never been equaled by any previous or cotemporary enterprise. Central to all the great railway depots, the banks, wholesale stores, and places of elegant shopping and amusements, it is at all seasons, by its lightness, spaciousness and perfection of ventilation, the most comfortable as well as elegant home for the resident guest and tourist ever offered. And it will be maintained as it has begun, the most complete and perfect hotel in the world—a claim for it sustained by the guests of the past eleven months, many of them our patrons since the opening of the former Sherman House, July 8, 1861.

GEORGE W. GAGE,
JOHN A. RICE,
Lessees for twenty years.

CHICAGO, May 1, 1874.

A Grand Photographic Display.

The Sixth Annual Exhibition of the National Photographic Association is to be held this year in the city of Chicago, at the Inter-State Exposition building, on July 14, 15, 16 and 17. The objects of these Conventions and Exhibitions are twofold: First, to educate Photographers to a higher standard of excellence in the productions of their art. Second, to educate the people in what good pictures are; all the leading photographers throughout this country and Europe are to send of their best productions, which will make the finest display of art pictures ever got together and worth going many hundred miles to see. The Exhibitions are to be thrown open to visitors free. There will also be on exhibition samples of all the apparatus and appliances pertaining to the art, which, in their varied forms and kinds, are well worthy the attention of all thinking minds.

Are You Going North?

If you are, you want a copy of "The Northwest Illustrated." It will not cost you anything. Send to W. H. Stennett, General Passenger Agent Chicago and Northwestern railway, Chicago, for a copy. It shows you the great Northwest, and teaches you how to get there, and what to do when you are there.

THE GREAT MEDICAL REFORMATION.—The *Satanic Theory* that preparations which inflame the brain are, in any sense of the word, remedies, has been overthrown, and can never be re-established. The wonderful effects which have attended the use of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS as an antidote to the causes of disease and a cure for every controllable ailment, have demonstrated the utter fallacy of the doctrine that alcohol is a tonic as well as a stimulant. The New and incomparable Vegetable Remedy which has superseded the death-draught of rum bitters, is as free from every intoxicating element as the dew of Heaven, yet see how it is invigorating the nervous, relieving the bilious, curing the dyspeptic, purifying the blood of the scrofulous, strengthening the debilitated, arresting premature decay, and replacing despondency and weakness with cheerfulness and activity. Truly a grand Medical Revolution is in progress.

THE selling of fraudulent "extras," or "bogus news," has been lately punished in New York, the victim being one Mr. Bradley, whose particular offense was rushing along the street, shouting at the top of his voice, "Extra!—Great Outbreak in Europe!—Fifty Lives Lost!" Five cents had been paid for the paper, and, not liking to be victimized in this way, the party aggrieved caused the arrest of Mr. Bradley, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for six months.

ANOVELTY, is the handsome \$4.50 field Croquet Set that the *Excelsior Magazine* is giving to new subscribers for 90 cents, through a special arrangement with a large manufacturing company. They furnish sample copies of the Magazine for 25 cents, from their office, Room 59, No. 157 LaSalle street, Chicago, Ill.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP IS THE PRESCRIPTION OF one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in the World in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHEA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None Genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

CHILDREN OFTEN LOOK PALE AND SICK.

from no other cause than having worms in the stomach.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

CURTIS & BROWN, proprietors, No. 215 Fulton Street, New York. Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and Dealers in Medicines, at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOX.

WAUKESHA WATER, MINERAL ROCK SPRING, CURES

Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation, Bright's Disease, and all diseases of the liver and kidneys. This water is now known and sold as a remedy for the above diseases, in all parts of the world. It is truly wonderful what it has done upon the human system. It is now being shipped at the following prices: Barrel, 40 gal., \$12; half do., \$7; demijohn and jug, 50 cents per gal., package extra; bottles (qts.) \$2.50 per doz. Money must accompany the order, except to our regular authorized agents. Inquire of your druggist for Waukesha Mineral Rock Spring Water. Address C. C. OLIN & Co., Waukesha, Wis., for orders for the water or for circulars.

CINCINNATI, June 11, 1873. C. C. OLIN & Co., Waukesha, Wis.: Having used your water from the Mineral Rock Spring, Waukesha, Wis., for the diabetes, I have found great relief from the use of the same. Before I commenced using this water, my physician reported to me the specific gravity of my urine was 35, and after using it for twenty days the specific gravity of the urine was reduced to 21, showing a great improvement, and finally great relief in not being compelled to urinate so frequently. I had other waters, but give it as my opinion that the Mineral Rock Spring is preferable. And I do earnestly recommend it to all who are afflicted with the disease commonly known as Diabetes. Respectfully yours, ALFRED WILSON, Dept. Coll. Int. Rev., No. 8 W. Third Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Hudson, Wis., Jan. 2, 1873. Messrs. C. C. OLIN & Co.—Dear Sirs: I am astonished at the immediate benefit received from the use of your healing water. I commenced using the water as directed, and found a marked change, reducing specific gravity of urine 32 down to 20 in three days, producing a moist skin and a direct perspiration, making an entire change for the better in my digestion. I also find it beneficial to the liver. Since drinking the water, I rest much better at night, and without being disturbed, as I usually was before, from two to three times during every night. Thinking of visiting your spring in the summer, believing the water to do all that you claim, and knowing the favorable results in my own case, you will please express the water to me immediately, as I am satisfied that it does not lose any of its healing properties by shipping. I think your price very reasonable, and will advise your spring all I can, for the benefit of invalids suffering with the incurable diseases of Bright's Disease and Saccharine Diabetes, as I know they can be immediately relieved by drinking Mineral Rock Spring Water. With kindest regards, yours truly, GEO. JONES.

HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT. Why will you suffer? To all persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Clamps in the limbs or stomach, Bilious Colic, Pain in the back, bowels or side, we would say THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT is of all others the remedy you want for internal and external use. It has cured the above complaints in thousands of cases. There is no mistake about it. Try it. Sold by all Druggists.

Pleasant Business for LADIES, selling out Perfumed Rubber Goods. For terms, address PERFUMED RUBBER WORKS, 7 Great Jones St., N. Y.

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WHY NOT? Send 25 cents, with addresses of 5 others and receive postpaid a Fine Chromo 7x9, worth \$1.50, and instructions to clear \$30 a day. PLYM & Co., 108 South 8th-st., Phila., Pa.

\$25 Per Day guaranteed using our Well Auger and Drills, Catalogue free. W. W. GILES, St. Louis, Mo.

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The latest and best Music Book for the Sunday School and the Home Circle. Sample Copy sent on receipt of 30 cents. LEE & SHEPARD, Boston.

PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT.

Work for Everybody. Good Wages. Permanent Employment. Men and Women wanted. Full particulars free. Address W. A. Henderson & Co., Cleveland, O., or St. Louis, Mo.

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BY MAX ADELER. The biggest thing yet. Humor, wit, pathos, life, fun and laughter in full times! Show it to a man and he surrenders. It is sure every time. Don't bother with heavy books that nobody wants. Humor is the thing that takes. Agents wanted everywhere. Send for circulars and extra terms to To-Day Pub. Co., 121 East Lake street, Chicago, Illinois.

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With an Introduction by Ex-Gov. Claflin, is Ready. The Character and Services of the Noble Statesman, the Special Advantages Possessed by the Well-Known Authors, the Beautiful Heliotype Portraits, Engravings, Fac-Simile Letters, its Size (504 pages, 12mo.), and low Price (\$1.50), combine to render this the MOST POPULAR BOOK of the day. Agents Wanted. BOSTON: D. LOTHROP & Co., Publishers. Send for their full Illustrated Catalogue.

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OPIUM. MORPHINE HABIT speedily cured by Dr. Beck's only known & sure Remedy. NO CHARGE for treatment until cured. Call on or address DR. J. C. BECK, Cincinnati, O.

MANILLA HAMMOCKS. By the Bale, or at retail, on receipt of \$3.00 by mail or express. G. W. SIMMONS & Son, Oak Hall, Boston, Mass. Tents and Bathing Suits.

Portable Soda Fountains! \$40, \$50, \$75 and \$100.

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THE NEW FLORENCE. Is the ONLY machine that sews backward and forward, or to right and left. Simplest—Cheapest—Best. Sold by CARR ONLY. SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS AND DEALERS. April, 1874. Florence, Mass.

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AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives, Sarsaparilla, Dock, Sulfur, and Soda, with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effective cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system, that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as Eruptions of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rosacea, Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Itch and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhoea arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility. With their departure health returns.

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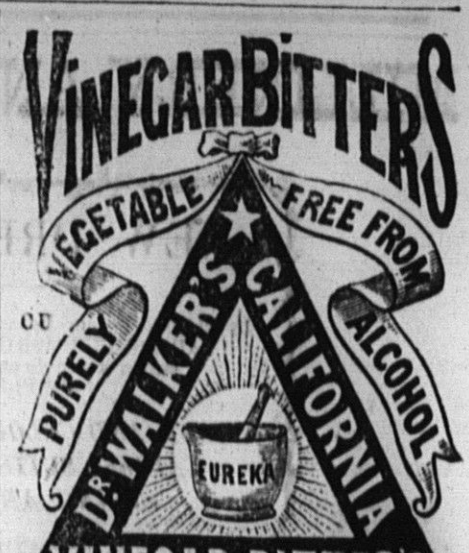
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Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Biliary Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

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DR. SAM'L. S. FITCH'S FAMILY PHYSICIAN. Will be sent free by mail to any one sending their address to 714 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED—Men or Women, \$34 a week or \$100 forfeited. The secret free. Write at once to COWEN & CO., 8th St., New York.

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is as effectual a remedy FOR FEVER & AGUE as the Sulphate in the same doses, while it affects the head less, is more palatable and much cheaper. Send for descriptive Circular with Testimonials of Physicians from all parts of the country. Sample packages for trial, 25 cents. Prepared by BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO., Chemists, Boston, Mass. New York Office, 8 & 9 College Place.



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It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medicinal properties are retained. Tar even in its crude state has been recommended by eminent physicians of every school. It is confidently offered to the afflicted for the following simple reasons: 1. It cures, not by abruptly stopping the cough—but by dissolving the phlegm and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter causing the irritation. In cases of seated consumption it both prolongs and renders less burdensome the life of the afflicted sufferer. 2. Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain, and subduing inflammation. 3. IT PURIFIES AND ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Positively curing all humors, from the common PIMPLE or eruption to the severest cases of Scrofula. Thousands of affidavits could be produced from those who have felt the beneficial effects of PURE TANNIN CORDIAL in the various diseases arising from IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD. 4. It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite. All who have known or tried Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's remedies require no references from us, but the names of thousands cured by them can be given to any one who doubts our statement. Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Great American Dyspepsia Pills and Worm Sugar Drops have never been equalled. For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers, and at Dr. L. Q. C. WISHART'S Office, No. 329 N. Second St., Philadelphia.

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BOOK of Medical Wonders. Should be read by all. Sent free for 3 stamps. Address DR. BONAPARTE, Cincinnati, O.

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C. N. U. No. 23

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NEW DRESS SILKS!

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All First Class Goods. At the Lowest Cash Prices.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERG,

EIGHTH STREET, - - - HOLLAND, MICH. 115-17

A CARD.

To the Public of the City of Holland and Vicinity.

In view of the vacancy in the Medical Profession, occasioned by the departure of my Father Dr. B. Ledebor, I would respectfully announce to my friends and to the Public, that I have resolved to remain here and reside in this city, and practice my Profession. I have established my office in Van Landegend's brick building, 2nd floor, where I can be found DAY AND NIGHT.

In case of absence leave orders for all calls on the slate at the door.

Respectfully Yours,

F. S. LEDEBOER, M. D.
HOLLAND, Mich., April 1, 1874.
110-4el-17

Boots and Shoes,

At the Store of

L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

Judiciously and carefully selected for the season, and comprising the most complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES ever offered in THE CITY OF HOLLAND.

LADIES,

GENTS,

YOUTHS,

MISSSES AND

CHILDREN'S WEAR,

Of the Latest Styles.

CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING

Done at short notice.

Cash Paid for Hides.

Our prices compare favorable with those of our neighbors, and it is our purpose to compete successfully with the trade outside this city, intending not only to satisfy our old friends, but to draw a new trade to this city and the Boot and Shoe Store of L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

HOLLAND, April 1, 1874.

46-4el-17

For Sale.

20 Acres on the North Side of Black Lake. With a good view of Holland City; Eight acres in fruit, and a good House and Well. Price \$2,500. H. BACON.

Holland, April 3, 1874.

111-123

J. DUURSEMA.

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Of the

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

At

J. DUURSEMA & CO.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Notions and Trimmings, Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps, Clothing, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Stoneware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

J. DUURSEMA & CO.

RIVER STREET, - - - HOLLAND, MICH. 115-17

[Official.]
Common Council.

WEDNESDAY, June 1, 1874.

The Common Council met in regular session. Not having a quorum present the meeting was adjourned to June 4, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

THURSDAY, June 4, 1874.

The Common Council met according to adjournment, and was called to order by the Mayor. A full board present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A petition from J. J. Fife and others for a sidewalk on the North side of 8th Street, on Block 33, was presented. The petition was granted, and sidewalk ordered constructed.

A petition from Peter Brown and others for a sidewalk on the East side of Fish Street, between 9th and 7th Streets, was presented, and referred to the Com. on Streets, Roads and Bridges.

Winters Bro's & Brouwer's bill for completion of repairs on the fire engine, \$37, was presented for payment; also J. C. Brayton's bill for survey of Block 30, \$15.20, and referred to the Com. on Claims and Accounts.

Applications for Saloon Licenses were filed by Peter Brown and August Lundblad.

The Com. on Ways and Means reported, recommending that the Mayor and City Clerk be authorized to raise the sum of One Thousand Dollars at a legal rate of interest, for the purpose of paying for the cylinders of the Fire Engine, buying some more hose, repairing the engine, and other necessary improvements in the city. Report adopted.

The Com. on Streets, Roads and Bridges reported that they have let the job on the intersection of Fish and 13th Streets, to Quartel and Pih, for the sum of \$31. Also that T. Venhuizen has agreed to deliver one hundred cubic yards of gravel on Eighth Street for eighty-five cents per yard. Report adopted.

The Special Com. on repairing of Fire Engine reported, that all the work of repairing is completed to the satisfaction of the Committeemen and that the engine is now in better condition than at any previous time since it came into the possession of the City, and recommended the immediate payment for the cylinders. Report adopted.

The Com. on Printing reported as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council, City of Holland:—Your Committee to whom was referred a petition of D. DeVries and others, praying for printing of all of the proceedings of the Common Council and of all legal Notices, Ordinances, etc., in the Holland language, respectfully report that after having considered the whole matter, they have come to the conclusion, that under the present circumstances they would recommend that the prayer of the petitioners be not granted, for the reason that this money might be better used for some city improvement, thinking that the Council has acted in the matter of printing, as the city charter requires; and they would further say, that the petitioners, being very anxious to know everything that is going on in the Council meetings should come and attend the meetings, to keep themselves posted on city affairs which will be a great deal cheaper than to spend one hundred and fifty to two hundred dollars for extra printing and translating.

D. KAMPERMAN, Committee J. DYKEMA, on J. DUURSEMA, Printing.

Moved by Ald. Sipp, seconded by Ald. Flieman, that the report be adopted and printed in full. Yeas and Nays called: Ald. Kanters, Van Landegend and Visser, Nay; Ald. Kamperman, Flieman, Dykema, Duursema and Sipp, Yea.—Carried.

The Committee on Printing further reported: "Your committee to whom was referred a proposition of G. S. Doesburg & Co., in regard to printing extra ordinances, have had the matter under consideration, and recommend the plan of said parties, and would also further recommend that they be furnished with copies of the back ordinances, made under the present charter."

Moved by Ald. Kanters, seconded by Ald. Visser, That the report be laid on the table. Yeas and Nays called: Ald. Kanters and Visser, Yea; Ald. Van Landegend, Kamperman, Flieman, Dykema, Duursema and Sipp, Nay.—Lost.

Moved by Ald. Sipp, seconded by Ald. Kamperman, That the report be adopted, and referred to a Special Committee to be appointed by the Mayor, to compile the ordinances and furnish for printing all ordinances not in conflict with the City charter. Yeas and Nays called: Ald. Kanters, Nay; Ald. Van Landegend, Kamperman, Flieman, Dykema, Duursema, Sipp and Visser, Yea.—Carried.

The Mayor appointed Ald. Van Landegend and Dykema with the City Attorney, to compile the ordinances for printing.

The Special Committee on "Post's Fence" reported as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of Holland:—Your Committee to whom was referred the matter of the removal of Mr. H. D. Post's fence on River Street, would respectfully report that they called on Mr. H. D. Post and found him perfectly willing to remove his fence, provided, the parties owning on East end of the block would move their fences so as to give him his ground. All he claimed was what belonged to him. Upon this your Committee had an agreement drawn up which has been signed by all parties owning ground in block 30, agreeing to move their fences as soon as said block should be surveyed, and for this purpose have employed Mr. J. C. Brayton, who has finished the survey. Your Committee now expects that Mr. H. D. Post will remove his fence according to agreement, and recommend that the survey bill of Mr. Brayton be allowed, and your Committee ask to be discharged from further action.

J. VAN LANDEGEND, Special GEO. H. SIPP, Com.

Moved by Ald. Dykema, seconded by Ald. Flieman, That the report be adopted and the Committee discharged.—Carried unanimously.

The Chief Eng. of the Fire Dept reported verbally that he has a communication from the Chief of the Fire Dept of Allegan, requesting the immediate return of their Fire Engine.

Chief Eng. J. Kramer was instructed to return the Fire Engine to Allegan, and

the City Clerk was ordered to issue a warrant on the City Treasury, for \$15 to defray expenses.

The City Treasurer's report for the month of May was read, and ordered filed.

The City Marshal reported \$23 collected for licences for shows.

Justice H. D. Post requested further time to report for the month of May. Granted.

The City Attorney reported that he is unable to find anything in the City charter which disqualifies an Alderman, otherwise suitable, from becoming bail for one of our City officers. Also, that he has written twice to Hon. Andrew Howell, submitting the question of disability of certain City officers, and is still without a reply. Also, that under the provisions of Sect. 5, of Title 17, of the City charter, the "Tinkham" survey may be lawfully established by recording the Streets as surveyed by it.

That part of City Atty's report referring to survey was referred to the Committee on Street Roads and Bridges.

The bond and sureties of the City Treasurer were approved by the Council.

On motion of Ald. Van Landegend, seconded by Ald. Dykema,

Resolved, That the thanks of the Common Council of the City of Holland are hereby tendered to the Board of Trustees of the Village of Allegan, for the use of their Fire Engine for the past year; and that the City Clerk is hereby instructed to notify the said Board of Trustees of the passage of this resolution. Unanimously carried.

The applications for saloon licenses were taken from the table, and the Council went into the Committee of the Whole on the subject, Ald. Kamperman in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose and reported, recommending that licenses be granted to August Lundblad, J. McVicar, John Myers, Hinckson & Kappler, John Stevens and Peter Brown, on payment of One Hundred Dollars per year, and that saloon license be granted to Arie De Jong on payment of Fifty Dollars per year. The report was adopted unanimously.

The City Marshal was instructed to notify applicants for Saloon Licenses of the amount of the license and that they are required to give bonds to the city as provided by the charter, with two sureties in the sum of five hundred dollars. The Marshal was also instructed to notify Arie Koning and H. Koningsberg that their Saloon License is fixed at one hundred dollars per year, to be paid by the 17th of June, or discontinue the business.

The City Marshal was instructed to notify keepers of billiard tables to pay ten dollars license by the 17th inst., or discontinue the business.

The Council took a recess for fifteen minutes, after which the Committee on Streets, Roads and Bridges reported, recommending the laying of sidewalk on the North side of Eighth Street, from Fish to Land Streets. Adopted.

The Council adjourned.

Hardware Store!

E. VAN DER VEEN,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK. GENERAL Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails, Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs, Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements, Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

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I would inform the Public that by an increased supply of necessary tools and machinery I am better enabled than heretofore to meet their wants and satisfy all who have BOOK BINDING to perform, of whatever kind or nature it may be. I shall give this branch of my business more particular attention than heretofore. I have limited my trade exclusively to

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F. S. Dr. Fitter's Pills, 30 cts., should be used with Syrup.

106-17

WERKMAN & SONS.

This Firm have brought to this City one of the largest and best selected stock for the

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That has ever been offered to Holland and vicinity. A complete Line of Dry Goods, including a choice selection of Dress Goods, Alpaccas, Ginghams, Trimmings and Notions, Spring and Summer Shawls, Sheetings and Shirts. In Gent's Furnishing, Clothing, Hats & Caps, we have a full assortment.

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Our Department of Family Supplies, Flour, Feed, Graham, etc., will receive the same attention as heretofore. No charge for delivery.

We are determined not to be undersold. Our prices compete with those in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Farmers will find with us a ready market for all their produce.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 10, 1874. 47-3s-17

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, Twentieth Judicial Circuit, In Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, In Chancery, at Grand Haven, in said County, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1874.

DENNIS DESHONG, Complainant, vs. NANCY MARILLA DESHONG, Defendant.

In this case, it appearing from affidavit of the Complainant, that the defendant Nancy Marilla Deshong is a resident of this State, and that process for her appearance has been duly issued but the same could not be served by reason of her continued absence from such place of residence:

On motion of Edwin Baxter, Complainant's Solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendant Nancy Marilla Deshong be entered herein within three months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance she cause her answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the Complainant's Solicitor within fifteen days after service on her of a copy of said Bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof, said Bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident Defendant:

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Holland City News, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident Defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

GEORGE W. McBRIDE, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

EDWIN BAXTER, Complainant's Solicitor. A true copy—A. A. TRACY, Register.

115-221

MANHOOD: HOW LOST HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHEA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance; Piles, &c.

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[UP STAIRS.]

WHO has for the past twelve years been located in Opera Block, has now, since being burned out, removed his stock to 38 Canal Street, where he continues to cure every description of ACUTE, CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASE, on the most reasonable terms. He manufactures all his remedies from the raw material, hence, known to be PURELY VEGETABLE. He uses no MINERALS or POISONS. He has cured for over eighteen thousand patients within the past ten years, WITHOUT LOSING ONE OF THEM, where he was the only doctor called. He guarantees reasonable satisfaction in the treatment of every disease which afflicts humanity.

He keeps constantly on hand over 200 kinds of the most choice Roots, Bark and Herbs, and over 100 kinds of his own manufacture of medicines. He is to be found at his office at all hours - day or night.

Among the leading articles of medicine manufactured by him are his LIVER STUPE, CORON STUPE, and FEMALE RESTORATIVE; all of which give universal satisfaction. Call and counsel with a doctor who will promise you nothing but what he will faithfully perform, and will correctly locate your disease and give you a correct diagnosis of your case without asking you scarcely a question. Liver complaints treated for fifty cents per week, and other diseases in proportion. Council at the office.

Liver Complaint treated for fifty cents per week and other diseases in proportion. Council at the office free. Medicine sent by express all parts of the United States. 25-1.

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PERSONAL.

Dr. J. H. Carpenter would

announce to the citizens of

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after twelve years' experience

in the practice of Medicines,

Surgery and Midwifery, he is

now permanently located in

this City, where he will continue to practice his profession.

Returning his thanks for past patronage, he hopes to receive a share for the future and to be able to satisfy all reasonable expectation.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 15, 1874.