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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 15.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 119.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents or first insertion, and 35 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 " "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 " "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1 " "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 " "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X signify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectible quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
Night Ex.	Mail.		Mail.	Ex.
9.10	8.30	Chicago.	8.30	6.00
12.15	11.15	New Buffalo.	5.15	8.05
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
8.37	2.55	Gr. Junction.	2.05	11.40
4.21	8.56	Pennsville.	1.12	10.55
	4.07	Manlius.	1.03	
	4.35	Richmond.	1.00	10.41
	4.25	E. Saugatuck.	12.45	
	5.35	Holland.	12.25	9.50
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
	5.10	New Holland.	11.52	
	6.07	Oliver.	11.37	9.22
	5.27	Ottawa.	11.31	
	6.25	Robinson.	11.30	9.05
	5.48	Spoonville.	11.05	
	7.10	Nauvoo.	10.55	8.35
	7.28	Fruitport.	10.36	8.30
	8.00	Muskegon.	9.30	7.50
	8.25	Montague.	8.25	
	10.00	Pentwater.	6.45	

Grand Rapids Branch.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
Express.	Mail.		Mail.	Express.
5.30	4.50	Holland.	12.20	10.00
5.34	5.04	Zeeland.	12.06	9.46
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
	5.47	Vriesland.	11.58	9.33
	6.00	Hudson.	11.40	9.20
	6.13	Jennison's.	11.27	9.07
	6.19	Grandville.	11.21	9.01
	6.40	Gr. Rapids.	11.00	8.40

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
No. 4	No. 2		No. 3	No. 1
9.30	12.55	Muskegon	2.25	7.30
8.30	12.14	Ferryburg	3.03	8.30
8.00	12.10	Grand Haven	3.06	8.40
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
	7.15	Pigeon	3.40	9.35
	6.30	Holland	4.08	11.04
	5.20	Fillmore	4.28	11.35
	3.50	Allegan	5.21	1.00

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

FROM GR'ND RAPIDS		STATIONS.	TO GR'ND RAPIDS.	
Express.	Mail.		Express.	Mail.
4.15	7.00	Grand Rapids.	11.00	9.40
4.35	7.20	Grandville.	10.40	9.24
4.40	7.27	Byron Centre.	10.25	9.08
5.07	7.54	Dorr.	10.04	8.50
5.17	8.05	Hilliards.	9.53	8.40
5.26	8.14	Hopkins.	9.43	8.32
5.50	8.37	Allegan.	9.17	8.10
6.17	9.08	Otsego.	8.46	7.42
6.26	9.16	Plainwell.	8.37	7.33
6.43	9.33	Cooper.	8.18	7.18
7.05	9.55	Kalamazoo.	8.00	7.00
7.24	10.13	Portage.	7.38	6.35
7.42	10.30	Schoolcraft.	7.20	6.15
7.53	10.41	Flowerfield.	7.10	6.05
8.03	10.51	Moorepark.	7.00	5.53
8.14	11.02	Three Rivers.	6.50	5.43
8.26	11.14	Florence.	6.37	5.27
8.35	11.21	Constantine.	6.30	5.22
P. M. A. M.			P. M. A. M.	
	8.45	White Pigeon.	6.20	5.10
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
	8.50	Chicago.	10.40	8.50
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
	2.40	Toledo.	11.45	12.01
A. M. P. M.			A. M. P. M.	
	7.05	Cleveland.	7.30	8.00
P. M. A. M.			P. M. A. M.	
	1.10	Buffalo.	12.25	1.00

GOODRICH Transportation Company.

The Merchants and Shippers of Holland and vicinity are hereby notified that they will carry their freight from Chicago to Grand Haven as follows:

General Merchandise—Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Drugs, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, etc., at 15c per 100 lbs.
Iron, Nails & Spikes, Lead, Paint, etc., at 15c per 100 lbs.
Grain, Feed, Potatoes in Bags, etc., at 12c per 100 lbs.
Bbls Syrup, Whiskey, Oil, Pork, Vinegar, etc., at 40c per bbl.
Bbls Sugar, Rice, Peas, Beans, etc., at 25c per bbl.

OTHER FREIGHT IN PROPORTION.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with Mr. D. P. CLAY, Receiver of the M. L. S. Railroad, for the following Rates from Grand Haven to Holland, inclusive of Cartage at Grand Haven:

1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class.	4th class.
17c.	15c.	12c.	10c.

For further information apply to Mr. P. PFANSTIEHL, Holland, or address:

GOODRICH TRANSPORTATION CO.,

Chicago, Ills.

The evening train for Grand Haven connects with this line of Steamers. The Boat for Chicago, does not leave Grand Haven, until after the arrival of this train.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.	
Apples, bushel	\$1 00 @ \$1 25
Beans, bushel	1 50 @ 1 75
Butter, lb	18 @ 18
Clover seed, bushel	6 @ 6
Eggs, dozen	12 @ 12
Honey, lb	13 @ 15
Hay, ton	14 00 @ 16 00
Hides, green, lb	6 @ 6
Maple sugar, lb	1 25 @ 1 50
Onions, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Potatoes, bushel	6 @ 6
Timothy Seed, bushel	6 @ 6
Wool, lb	6 @ 6

Meats, Etc.	
Beef, dressed, lb	6 @ 7
Chickens, dressed per lb	8 @ 9
Lard, lb	10 @ 10
Pork, dressed, lb	7 @ 7
Smoked meat, lb	12 @ 14
Smoked ham, lb	10 @ 10
Smoked shoulders, lb	10 @ 10
Turkeys, lb	10 @ 10
Tallow, lb	6 @ 7

Wood, Staves, Etc.	
Cordwood, maple, dry	\$ 4 00
green	3 00
beach, dry	3 00
green	2 50
Hemlock Bark	5 50
Staves, white oak	12 00 @ 14 00
Heading bolts, soft wood	3 00 @ 3 50
Heading bolts, hardwood	4 50
Stave bolts, softwood	3 50
Stave bolts, hardwood	4 00
Railroad ties	15

Grain, Feed, Etc.	
(Corrected by the "Pluggers Mills.")	
Wheat, white, bushel	\$1 35 @ \$1 40
Corn, shelled, bushel	70 @ 70
Oats, bushel	55 @ 55
Buckwheat, bushel	80 @ 80
Rye, bushel	80 @ 85
Brn. ton	22 00 @ 22 00
Feed, ton	30 00 @ 30 00
Barley, 100 lb	1 70 @ 1 70
Middling, 100 lb	2 75 @ 2 75
Flour, 100 lb	4 00 @ 4 00
Pearl Barley, 100 lb	6 00 @ 7 00
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lb	4 50 @ 4 50
Fine meal, 100 lb	2 00 @ 2 00

Business Directory.

Attorneys.
HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City Hotel."

Bakeries.
BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served on call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.
KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting, Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.
BINNEKANT, Miss. A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

CLOETINGH, A., Book-Binder, and dealer in Books and Stationery; River street.

KANTERS, L. T., & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.
ELFERDINK & WESTERHOF, General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

SPRIETSMAN, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 8th street.

Drugs and Medicines.
DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, W. M., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

Dry Goods.
BERTSCH, D. General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.
SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. La-barbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

Furniture.
MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

General Dealers.
DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

Groceries.
FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

KROON, G. J., Retail Dealer in all the branches of Hardware. A full stock always on hand; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.
AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. RYDER, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.
BENDER, G. H. Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.
HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Pluggers Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W., & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

ZEEB CARL, Proprietor of Holland Brewery; tenth street, opposite Tannery of Cappon & Bertsch.

Meat Markets.
KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.
BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Taylor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Taylor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

Notary Publics.
DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer; Office, Holland City News.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent Office, City Drug Store, 8th street.

Painters.
WEYMAR & KRUIDENIER, House & Carriage Painters; shop over Vaarwerk's Grocery Store, First Ward, Eighth street.

Photographs.
LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.
ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

CARPENTER, J. H., Physician, Surgeon and Accouchant. Office and residence on 9th street. Strangers are requested to inquire at Van Putten's.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office in Van Landegend's Brick Block, 2d floor.

POWERS, T. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon; office on M. D. Howard's lot, corner of 8th and River st.; residence on 10th st.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Sewing Machines.
KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Baker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Saddlers.
DEVRIES, U., Dealer in Harness, Satchels, Trunks, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc.; Eighth street.

VAPPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.
KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.
TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth st.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.
FLEEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.
ALBERS, J., Jeweler and Watchmaker. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Sidewalk Plank.
A choice lot of dry pine 2-inch cull plank for sale cheap, by H. D. Post. Also, No. 1 Shingles, cheap.

For the Holland City News:

Woman-Suffrage.

Since the question of Woman-Suffrage has assumed a tangible form, and because the issue must necessarily involve some political and moral revolution, we think it would be in order to give the question due consideration, particularly in our own locality.

As our reputation for political and moral science is somewhat established, it is expected that our locals should team with articles both *pro* and *con*, on a question of such vital importance. We do not wish to be understood as saying, in this article, that the affairs of state ought to be managed equally by men and women, for inasmuch as we are of the affirmative opinion the burden of proof lies not with us.

Liberty, considered in the abstract, is natural and therefore universal; and is proscribed or limited as circumstances may require. And those who take upon themselves the function of staking out the boundaries of liberty, are expected to give the clearest reasons for so doing. When, for instance, it is said "no taxation without representation" is only relatively a correct political maxim, then we have a right to demand a clear explanation of where such relation begins and where it ends. And when our friends on the negative side of this question, fail to furnish the masses with definite reasons for such proscription or limitation, then, sooner or later, in the natural course of events, liberty will prove her universality even in American politics; and the verdict of the people on this question will be affirmative.

In view of this state of things, it is really surprising that the proscriptionists should exhibit so much disregard for the formation of this new political stratum. They seem to be trusting to the exceeding slowness of such formation, whereas several political strata have been formed the last dozen years, more shocking to the old fashioned sense of propriety than this. It is indeed singular that we have not seen a single article of *any real merit* written in defence of proscribing the right of franchise. Now and then a bristling little editor will fly off the handle, and in a bristling little article denounce the whole movement for the new amendment as *very immoral*, and every body connected with it; but hitherto they fail to carry conviction.

Among the best arguments are the following:

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The East.

A JURY at Lewiston, Me., has returned a verdict of guilty in the case of Dr. Peleg B. Trask, charged with manslaughter, for causing the death of an infant through criminal negligence. New York city is discussing the temperance question with ardor. Dio Lewis being there to help. The Connecticut Legislature voted \$10,000 in aid of the sufferers by the flood in Massachusetts, and enough was contributed from all sources to meet the needs of the destitute. The General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church, in session at Brooklyn, closed its proceedings on the 18th, having perfected a ritual and adopted regulations for the government of the church. It was resolved to hold the next annual council of the church in Christ Church, Chicago, on the second Wednesday in May, 1876.

REPORTS from Wilmington, Del., state that a species of black bug has appeared in considerable numbers in the surrounding peach orchards, and especially in those near Denton, Caroline county, Md., and has done serious damage. In one nursery the grafted stocks of 83,000 trees were entirely killed. It is asserted that the insect is even capable of destroying large trees, as it thickly covers the leaves.

Forty ladies of Pittsburgh, Pa., were arrested, while out crusading, for obstructing the sidewalks. They were taken to the Mayor's office, but were discharged, being warned that a second appearance would result in their being fined as heavy as the law allowed.

A TAMMANY Democrat and Republican, in New York, together with an Independent Alderman, Mr. Ottendorf, have united in a report to the Board of Aldermen in which the Police Commissioners are charged with "gross inefficiency, great negligence, and flagrant neglect of law," and the Mayor is urged to remove those who are responsible for the demoralization of the department. After being arrested, warned and discharged, the temperance crusaders of Pittsburgh, Pa., again started out to work, with the result of a second arrest and the imposition of fines upon three of the company. The matter is attracting much interest. The American Society of Civil Engineers, of New York, has appointed a committee consisting of J. B. Francis, of Lowell; Gen. Thomas G. Ellis, of Hartford; William Northrup, of Pittsburgh; and E. C. Davis, of Northampton, to investigate the Mill river disaster and to report to the society.

The total number of lives lost by the Massachusetts reservoir catastrophe is now definitely ascertained to have been 147. The mass of water, when it left the reservoir, was 175 feet wide and 35 feet deep. This, when we consider that the torrent rushed down the valley almost with the rapidity of the wind, gives us a somewhat definite idea of the terrible character of the disaster.

The students of Bowdoin College, Maine, have rebelled against military drill, and there is talk of expelling the freshmen and sophomores. Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris have sailed for England.

The Broadway (New York) bus drivers struck recently for an advance of wages to \$3 per diem, and the street was stageless for a day. Julius L. Shuman, member of the Pennsylvania Legislature, died May 25 at his residence in Washington, Lancaster county, from a wound inflicted by one Willmar.

The West.

The semi-annual session of the Grand Encampment of Indiana Odd-Fellows occurred at Indianapolis, May 19. Statistics: Number of encampments, 121; number of members, 5,152; resources of the encampments, \$50,097.76; receipts of the encampments, \$12,234.95; expenses, including relief and charity, \$9,601.86; receipts of the Grand Encampments, \$147,087; balance in treasury, \$215,843. Total assets of the encampments, \$727,843. A three-story brick house in Cincinnati tumbled down, burying five persons, all being seriously hurt, and one, a child, killed. The servant of the family residing in the house was entombed alive for several hours in the debris. The Woman's Temperance League of Lafayette, Ind., recently had a petition presented to Congress for a law compelling all United States officers to take an oath to abstain from the use of all intoxicating drinks during their term of office. Another bridge across the Mississippi at Quincy is under contract.

TORREY & BOOTH's packing-house, Chicago, has been totally destroyed by fire. Loss, \$100,000. The Attorney-General of Minnesota has begun proceedings to obtain from the Winona and St. Peter Railway Company the sum of \$58,000 claimed for taxes. The liquor-sellers of Anoka, Minn., have resorted to legal proceedings to dissuade the crusaders from interfering with their trade.

JUDGE ZANE of the Sangamon County (Ill.) Circuit Court, has decided that the writ of certiorari by which the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company sought to have a case pending before him transferred to a United States court, was not valid, and that therefore his court possessed full jurisdiction. The Wisconsin State authorities are determined to enforce the new Railroad law while it stands. Gov. Taylor has prepared an address to the people, stating such an intention and asking co-operation. On the day following the conclusion of his trial, the Rev. Mr. Swing notified the people of Chicago that he had decided to withdraw from the Presbyterian Church, as he could not endure further controversy. A. S. Dryden, President of the State Fomological Society, of Michigan, reports an abundant fruit crop for 1874 in all portions of the State, except the southeastern, where peaches are not so favorable.

Gov. TAYLOR has issued an address to the people of Wisconsin, in which he sharply reviews the course of the railroad companies in defying and disregarding the railroad law. He reiterates his purpose to vigorously enforce it, and appeals to the people and prosecuting attorneys and police officers to aid in its enforcement.

A CO-OPERATIVE mining company has been organized in Vermilion county, Ill. Capital, \$10,000. A fatal disaster occurred on the Wabash railroad, a short distance from Wabash, Ind., last night. The accident was unavoidable. The accommodation train, running east at full speed, burst a wheel, which threw a car filled with passengers over on its side and into the ditch, killing one man and fatally and seriously injuring others. The Supreme Court of Utah has decided to recognize B. L. Duncan, the appointee of the Governor, as Territorial Marshal, instead of McAllister, elected by the Legislature; also that the Probate Courts have no right to grant divorce. Two prisoners tried to escape from the State Prison at Stillwater, Minn., recently, by crawling through the sewer leading from the vaults, but were discovered at the outlet of

the sewer and returned to the prison. They had crawled 600 feet through filth indescribable.

In the case of The People vs. The Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, in the Circuit Court of Sangamon county, Ill., a proposition from the company to let The People take judgment on certain conditions was rejected, and on the conclusion of the trial a verdict for \$3,000 was given against the company. In Madison, Wis., three suits have been brought against officers of the Chicago and Northwestern and Chicago and St. Paul Railroad Companies, and the officers were arrested and released on bail.

A DESTRUCTIVE fire at Independence, Iowa, May 25, destroyed 45 buildings in the business portion of the town, causing damage to the amount of \$500,000, upon which the reported insurance is \$250,000. A plot to blow up a street car filled with ladies belonging to the Moline (Ill.) Temperance League has been discovered in that city. A can filled with powder was secreted in a culvert under the street car track, with complete arrangements to produce an explosion. For some reason the evident purpose was not carried into effect.

THE Detroit Board of Trade at a recent special session favored the revival of the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada. Gen. Custer is preparing for a vigorous campaign against the Sioux Indians. The expedition will leave Fort Lincoln about the 15th of June. The opinion of Attorney-General Sloan as to the constitutionality of the Wisconsin Railroad law has been published. It is very elaborate, and the conclusion reached is that the law is valid.

The South.

THE Association of Superintendents of United States lunatic asylums assembled at Decatur, Ala., lately. All military control of Little Rock, Ark., has been surrendered to the civil authorities, and the city is now quiet, the State buildings being altogether in the possession of the Baxter Government.

THE Mayor of New Orleans reports that there is still great destitution in the region overflowed by the waters of the Mississippi river. Nephagone College, at Cross Plains, Tenn., was burned down recently.

THE General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States convened May 21 at St. Louis.

THE Arkansas Legislature has passed a resolution of thanks to the President for his action upon matters concerning that State. The County Commissioners of Barnwell county, S. C., have been arrested and lodged in jail, upon an indictment for malfeasance in office.

The report of the Committee on Fraternal Relations, in the General Conference of the Methodist Church South, upon the proposition for union with the Northern Church, was adopted by a large vote. The committee say the Southern Church has set the colored members off in a distinct organization, and then conclude this branch of the topic as follows: "Our Northern brethren have pursued a different plan, and they seem committed to it by honest and conscientious convictions. They have mixed conferences, mixed congregations and mixed schools. We do not ask them to adopt our plan; we could not adopt theirs. We refer to these things in order that our position may not be attributed by any to prejudice, resentment or other motives unworthy of Christians." The general conclusion of the report was that union was undesirable. The Arkansas Legislature has passed a resolution requesting United States Senators Clayton and Dorsey to resign. In the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterians, at Columbus, Miss., fraternal greetings of Christian fellowship were exchanged with their brethren in St. Louis.

DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL W. D. HILDRETH was shot recently near Hillsboro, Coffee county, Tenn., by a man named Thomas Jefferson Sanders, for whom Hildreth had a capias from the Federal Court, and against whom (Sanders) a true bill had been found by the Grand Jury of that tribunal for being a party to an alleged Ku-Klux outrage in Coffee county. In the lower house of the Arkansas Assembly the impeachment committee reported articles of impeachment against State Auditor Wheeler, Chief Justice McClure, the Associate Justices, the Circuit Justices, and, indeed, against all prominent officials in the State connected with the Brooks rebellion.

THE General Conference of the M. E. Church South, after a two-weeks session at Louisville, adjourned on the 26th ult., after naming Atlanta, Ga., as the next place of meeting, four years hence. The following in regard to establishing the fraternal relations with the Northern Church were past just before adjournment:

WHEREAS, The discussion and votes of this Conference on the subject of fraternal relations with the Methodist Episcopal Church and its cognate subjects, present the appearance of essential differences which do not exist; therefore,

Resolved, First—That upon the subject of fraternal relation with the Methodist Episcopal Church upon a proper basis, this Conference is a unit.

Second—That we are also a unit upon the propriety of appointing a commission empowered to meet a like commission from the Methodist Episcopal Church to settle all questions of difficulty between us, and that such settlement is essential to complete fraternity.

Third—That the only points of difference between us on this whole subject are the best methods of accomplishing this desired end.

THE Mayor of New Orleans has issued a communication in which he says great alarm exists in the section affected by the Mississippi overflow, and that only a large increase of the donations of money and provisions can prevent a terrible famine. He says: "We need a million dollars more."

Washington.

THE President's daughter, Miss Nellie Grant, was married at the White House, in Washington, to Mr. Algernon Charles Frederick Sartoris, of Ware-Ash House, Pitchfield Hants, England, May 21. Less than 200 persons witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. Tiffany, pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Church, Washington. The wedding presents were truly magnificent, President Grant contributing \$10,000 in cash.

The Civil Service Reform Committee of the House has agreed to recommend the appropriation of \$25,000 for continuing the Commission upon the civil service, which was asked for by the President. The Government will purchase the manuscripts of the late Captain Hall, the Arctic navigator, if they are not held at over \$15,000.

The general order of the War Department announcing the death of Gen. Dyer is highly complimentary to the late General.

THE House Ways and Means Committee have decided not to make any change in the duty on steel, and have agreed to a duty of \$16 per ton on jute butts. Representative Clemens, of Illinois, has introduced a bill in the House designed to prevent railroad and other corporations from taking cases in which they are interested away from State courts, as the Chicago and Alton Company is now attempting to do. It provides that "every railroad, insurance or other company doing business within the limits of any State

shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the State courts of such State, and be held liable to answer in such courts in all cases, both in law and equity, the same as any citizen of said State.

THE vote on the final passage of the Civil Rights bill in the Senate stood as follows: Yeas—Alcorn, Allison, Boutwell, Buckingham, Conkling, Edmunds, Flanagan, Frelinghuysen, Hamlin, Harvey, Howe, Ingalls, Mitchell, Morrill (Vt.), Oglesby, Patterson, Pease, Pratt, Ramsey, Robertson, Sargent, Scott, Spencer, Stewart, Wadleigh, Washburn, West, Windom, Wright—29. Nays—Bogy, Boreman, Carpenter, Cooper, Davis, Hagar, Hamilton (Ind.), Johnston, Kelly, Lewis, McCreery, Merrimon, Norwood, Ransom, Saulsbury, Stockton—16.

THE House Committee on Railways and Canals have decided to recommend no bill to the House granting charters to railroads or water routes, unless applications for the same are supported by the indorsement of people living along the proposed line to a sufficient extent to warrant the belief that they will be taken up and pushed to completion. No charters will be issued to any bogus company to sell out to other parties. The House Naval Committee agreed to recommend the following appropriations: For the Pensacola Navy-Yard, \$250,000; for League Island, \$300,000; for Mare Island, \$250,000; for Norfolk, \$50,000; and \$500,000 for each of the other yards.

THE Pension bill just passed by the House provides that persons who have lost an arm at or above the elbow shall be rated in the second class, and receive \$24 per month.

General.

THOMAS LOWMAN recently completed a tramp from Philadelphia to Montreal, Canada, a distance of 665 miles, in 17 days, a fraction over 39 miles per day.

A LARGE number of ladies in Cincinnati, engaged in a prayer crusade against saloons, were arrested and tried for disturbing the peace, the result of which was their discharge with a warning not to resume their efforts. A member of the Springfield (O.) City Council spoke eight hours upon the question of restricting the liquor traffic. The ecclesiastical trial of the Rev. David Swing, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church of Chicago, closed May 20, he being found not guilty of the charges, which were that he "had not been zealous and faithful in maintaining the truths of the Gospel, and had not been faithful and diligent in the exercise of the duties of his position," and that he "did not sincerely receive and adopt the Confession of Faith of the Presbyterian Church, as containing the system of doctrines taught in the Holy Scriptures." The proceedings of the trial, which occupied nearly a month, were decorously conducted, and the final vote on the charges was 46 for acquittal and 13 for conviction.

COL. WM. S. KING, of Minneapolis, Minn., lately disposed of a herd of eighty blooded cattle at Chicago, for which he obtained \$128,000. Fifty-nine cows and heifers averaged the enormous price of over \$1,630, and 21 bulls averaged about \$1,210.

THE Southern Methodist General Conference has determined that "any person making, buying, selling or using as a beverage intoxicating liquors shall be, upon conviction, debarred from membership in the church."

THE Episcopalians of Pennsylvania and Virginia have passed resolutions condemning ritualism in the church. The semi-centennial anniversary meeting of the Bible and Publication Society of the Baptist Church occurred recently at Washington. There was a large number of delegates present from various parts of the country and many leading Baptists. The Corresponding Secretary presented the semi-centennial reports, showing that in fifty years there have been issued 3,524,104,466 pages of printed matter. The receipts in this time have been \$3,964,263. The first year's receipts were \$372, and the last year's receipts \$430,852.

Political.

THE caucus nomination of W. W. Eaton for United States Senator from Connecticut has been confirmed by the Legislature of that State, he receiving 16 votes out of 20 in the Senate, and 132 out of 227 in the House. A workingmen's meeting was held in St. Paul, Minn., on the evening of May 19, which was addressed by Gov. Davis, who spoke at length against inflating the currency and in favor of a speedy return to specie payment.

THE coming political events which cast their shadows nearest, are the following: June 10, Illinois Independent Convention; June 10, Indiana Reform Convention; June 17, Illinois Republican Convention; June 17, Indiana Republican Convention; June 23, Maine Democratic Convention; June 24, Iowa Anti-Monopoly Convention; July 1, Iowa Republican Convention; July 15, Indiana Democratic Convention; July 15, Ohio Democratic Convention; July 29, Alabama Conservative Convention.

Personal.

DR. SAMUEL G. HOWE, Resident Commissioner of the Samana Bay Company, in San Domingo, has returned to the United States. Gen. A. B. Dyer, of the United States army, died in Washington May 20.

Foreign.

A \$60,000 fire has occurred at Aymer, Ontario. The Dominion Board of Trade meets at St. Johns, N. B., July 16. The Czar reviewed 14,000 troops at Aldershot, England.

THE principal members of the new French Ministry formed by M. Goulard are Goulard, De las Casas, Lavergne, Grivart and Czanne, all of whom belong to the moderate section of the Right and Right Center. The object of the new Government is to conciliate both Centers, in order to carry the Septennat through the Assembly. Three American students at Lausanne, Switzerland, were drowned recently in Lake Geneva.

LOUIS, son of the Duke de Montpensier, is dead. Ten persons have been arrested at Cork on suspicion of being concerned in the mysterious disappearance of arms from the barracks. The Prussian Diet has been prorogued.

ALL previous efforts to form a ministry for France having failed, President MacMahon undertook the task, with the following result: Gen. de Cissey, Minister of War and Vice-President of the Council; Duke de Cases, Foreign Affairs, M. De Fourton, Interior; M. Pierre Magne, Finance; M. Eugene Caillaux, Public Works; M. Louis Grivart, Commerce; Viscount de Cumont, Public Instruction; M. Adrien Tailhard, Minister of Justice; Marquis de Montagnac, Minister of Marine. The Parliamentary election in Durham has been annulled, on account of bribery, and the election in Galway on account of the intimidation of electors. Openheim & Schrader, merchants, have failed; liabilities estimated at \$3,000,000.

EX-PRESIDENT THIERS, in receiving a deputation from the Department of the Gironde, said in reply to their address that a monarchy, which he was overthrown for not establishing, was impossible. A conservative republic alone could reorganize and pacify France.

THE President of Hayti has resigned, and turned over the Government to Gen. Domingue, who is supported by the army. In the State of Sinaloa, Mexico, the Alcade lately burned alive a man and his wife for sorcery, and he reports that he has his eye on others guilty of the same offense. The death of Gen. Croton, United States Minister to Bolivia, occurred at La Paz, May 16. The executive and judicial authorities of Chili have at last decided that international law gave them no right to try and imprison Capt. Hyde for the loss of the English steamer Tacna. He has consequently been set at liberty and returned to England. Prince Arthur, of England, has been made Duke of Connaught. Victoria's daughter, Princess Alice, wife of Prince Louis of Hesse-Darmstadt, has given birth to a daughter. The new German Minister to France is Prince Clovis Hohenlohe.

A LONDON dispatch announces that Prince Arthur has been made Lord of Strathmain, and received the title of the Earl of Sussex.

THE Madrid newspapers accuse Caleb Cushing of a breach of etiquette in attending a banquet recently given by the Opposition Deputies. They do not charge him with a willful insult to the Spanish Government, but attribute his attendance on the occasion referred to as the result of ignorance of court customs. Diplomatic intercourse between Spain and Mexico has been resumed after an interruption of eight years. The Pope has nearly recovered from his recent illness.

Civil Rights Bill.

The Civil Rights bill, as it passed the Senate is as follows:

SECTION 1. That all citizens and other persons within the jurisdiction of the United States shall be entitled to the full and equal enjoyment of the accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of inns, public conveyances on land or water, theaters and other places of public amusement, and also to the common schools and public institutions of learning or benevolence supported in whole or in part by general taxation, and of cemeteries so supported, also the institutions known as agricultural colleges, endowed by the United States, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law, and applicable alike to citizens of every race and color, regardless of any previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. That any person who shall violate the foregoing section by denying to any person entitled to its benefits, except for reasons applicable by law to citizens of every race and color, regardless of any previous condition of servitude, the full enjoyment of any accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges in said section enumerated, or inciting such denial, shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of \$500 to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered in action on the case with full costs, and shall also, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or shall be imprisoned not more than one year; Provided, that the party aggrieved shall not recover more than one penalty, and when the offense is a refusal of burial, the penalty may be recovered by the heirs-at-law of the person whose body has been refused burial; And provided further, that all persons may elect to sue for the penalty aforesaid, or to proceed under their rights at common law and the State statutes, and having so elected to proceed in the one mode or the other, their right to proceed in the other jurisdiction shall be barred; but this proviso shall not apply to criminal proceedings either under this act or the criminal law of the State.

SEC. 3. That the District and Circuit Courts of the United States shall have, exclusively of the courts of the several States, cognizance of all crimes and offenses against, and violations of the provisions of, this act, and actions for penalty given by the preceding section may be prosecuted in the Territorial, District, or Circuit Courts of the United States wherever the defendant may be found, without regard to the other party; and the District Attorneys, Marshals, and Deputy Marshals of the United States, and the Commissioners appointed by the Circuit and Territorial Courts of the United States, with the powers of arresting, and imprisoning, and bailing offenders against the laws of the United States, are hereby specially authorized and required to institute proceedings against every person who shall violate the provisions of this act, and cause him to be arrested, and imprisoned or bailed as the case may be, for trial before such court of the United States or Territorial Court as by law has cognizance of the offense, except in respect of the right of action accruing to the person aggrieved; and such District Attorney shall cause such proceedings to be prosecuted to their termination as in other cases; Provided, that nothing contained in this section shall be construed to deny or defeat any right of civil action accruing to any person by reason of this act or otherwise.

SEC. 4. That no citizen, providing he has all other qualifications which are or may be prescribed by law, shall be disqualified for service as a grand or petit juror in any court of the United States, or of any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and any officer or other person charged with any duty in the selection or summoning of jurors, who shall exclude or fail to summon any citizen for the cause aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars.

SEC. 5. That all causes arising under the provisions of this act in the courts of the United States shall be reviewable by the Supreme Court of the United States, without regard to the sum in controversy, under the same provisions and regulations as are now provided by law for the review of other causes in said court.

CONGRESS.

TUESDAY, May 19.—Senate.—The resolution providing for final adjournment June 22 was adopted. The House bill for the benefit of occupying claimants of public lands was passed. The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill was finally finished, read a third time and passed.

House.—A conference committee was appointed upon the Senate amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill. A bill was passed abolishing the system of moieties to informers in custom and revenue cases. Majority and minority reports in the Louisiana contested election case of Pinchback against Sheridan were presented and ordered printed. Pratt, from the Postoffice Committee, made a report on the Pacific Mail subsidy for semi-monthly service, taking the ground that the conditions had not been complied with by the company, and that consequently the contract had lapsed. Unsuccessful efforts were made to take up the Senate resolution for adjournment June 22.

WEDNESDAY, May 20.—Senate.—Scott, from the Committee on Claims, reported adversely on the bill to provide for the settlement of claims of loyal persons against the United States accruing during the rebellion, and for other purposes. The bill was indefinitely postponed. Ingalls called up the bill to enable the Secretary of the Interior to make a final settlement with the Pottawatomie Indians of Michigan and Indiana, under the treaty stipulations existing with them, which was passed. The Senate voted—37 to 13—to take up the Civil Rights bill.

House.—The Senate resolution to adjourn June 22 was passed—yeas, 143; nays, 49. The Postoffice Appropriation bill was considered in Committee of the Whole. The Committee having risen, O'Neill from the Appropriation Committee, reported the Pension Appropriation bill, covering about \$30,000,000.

THURSDAY, May 21.—Senate.—Fenton introduced a bill to establish the compensation of certain customs officers and to regulate the customs service.

The discussion of the Civil Rights bill was resumed. The Postoffice and Pension Appropriation bills were received from the House and referred.

House.—The House passed the bills making appropriations for the Postoffice and Pension Departments. A bill was passed—160 to 54—admitting New Mexico as a State.

FRIDAY, May 22.—Senate.—Logan, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported favorably on the House bill authorizing the President to issue army rations and clothing to the destitute people on the Tombigbee and Alabama rivers. Passed. A bill was passed appropriating \$92,968 for the relief of Wm. B. Thomas, late Collector at Philadelphia, the amount having been embezzled by subordinates. The Senate resumed consideration of the Civil Rights bill.

House.—Lawrence, from the Committee on War Claims, reported a bill making appropriations for the payment of the claims reported and allowed by the Commissioners of Claims under the act of March 2, 1871. Passed. A number of private bills were passed, among them one for the relief of widows and orphans, etc., of soldiers murdered by the guerrillas at Centralia, Mo., in 1864.

SATURDAY, May 23.—Senate.—The session of Friday night was continued until 6:15 o'clock Saturday morning, the Civil Rights bill being under discussion in Committee of the Whole. Sargent's amendment that the organization of separate schools be not prevented, providing each class of school received equal allowances from the school fund, was lost—yeas, 21; nays, 25. Gordon's amendment to strike out of the first section the clause granting to colored people equal privileges in public schools, etc., was rejected—yeas, 14; nays, 30. After one or two unimportant alterations, the bill was reported to the Senate, with the amendments, read a third time, and then passed—yeas, 29; nays, 16.

House.—A bill allowing a bounty of \$8,353 to soldiers in the late war, and another providing for the gradual reduction of the army to nine cavalry regiments, four artillery regiments and twenty infantry regiments, were referred to the Committee of the Whole.

MONDAY, May 25.—Senate.—Conkling presented the memorial of Mrs. Bella A. Lockwood, asking the passage of an act declaring that no woman, otherwise qualified, shall be debarred from practice in the courts of the United States on account of sex or color. Referred to the Judiciary Committee. Stewart introduced a constitutional amendment providing for compulsory education. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Sargent introduced a bill to prevent hazings at the Naval Academy. Referred. Sargent, from the Committee of Conference on the Naval Appropriation bill, called up the report of that committee, and it was agreed to. The Chair suspended before the Senate a resolution of the House announcing the death of David B. Mellich, and inviting the Senate to attend his funeral in the hall of the House Tuesday, at 4 p. m. The invitation was accepted, and the Senate adjourned.

House.—Bills introduced: By Speer, providing that a residence of three years shall be sufficient to entitle an alien, being a free white person, to become a citizen, declaration to be made one year before admission; by Sheldon, to refund the cotton tax; by Crossland, to repeal the law which suspended payment to loyal masters for slaves drafted and received as volunteers in military service; by Clemens, declaring corporations doing business in any State subject to the State courts of that State; by Harris, restoring to the pension rolls the pensioners of the Mexican war struck off for disloyalty. Tremaine announced the death of Representative Mellich, and appropriate remarks were made by Wood, Kelley, Lawrence, G. F. Hoar and Cox. A committee was appointed to conduct the funeral arrangements.

TUESDAY, May 26.—Senate.—A communication from Rives & Bailey, making charges against the official conduct of Congressional Printer Clapp, was referred to the Printing Committee for investigation. The bill to provide for the better protection of the frontier settlements of Texas was passed. Ramsey introduced a bill to provide for the prepayment of postage on printed matter. The Deficiency bill, and the Centennial bill, with a proviso that the United States shall not be liable for any expense attending the Exposition, were passed.

House.—In the House, nearly the whole day was consumed in the discussion of the report of the Committee of Ways and Means in the Sanborn contracts and in considering the Amendatory Tariff bill.

THE tonnage on all the United States canals aggregated from 1847 to 1873 inclusive, 125,761,500 tons. The tolls at \$37,534,755; tolls at Oswego, \$10,566,301; tolls at other places, \$41,286,501; grand total tolls, \$89,387,557, on all the canals for the same period.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES	91@	121
HOGS—Dressed	71@	71
COTTON	182@	..
FLOUR—Superfine Western	5 60@	5 85
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago	1 47@	1 48
White Western	1 65@	1 69
RYE	1 09@	1 12
CORN—New and Old Western	84@	86
New and Old West'n Yel.	86@	86
OATS	62@	63
PORK—New Mess.	18 00@	18 12
LARD—Steam	11 1/2@	11 1/2

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers	6 12 1/2@	6 25
Choice Natives	5 75@	6 00
Good to Prime Steers	5 50@	5 75
Cows and Heifers	3 75@	4 25
Medium to Fair	4 75@	5 40
Inferior to Common	2 75@	3 75
HOGS—Live	5 00@	5 65
FLOUR—Choice White Winter	8 50@	9 00
Red Winter	5 50@	7 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Spring	1 24 1/2@	1 25
No. 2 Spring	1 21 1/2@	1 21 1/2
No. 3 Spring	1 16 1/2@	1 16 1/2
CORN—No. 2	61 1/2@	62
OATS—No. 2	47@	47 1/2
RYE—No. 2	1 02@	1 04
BARLEY—No. 2	1 59@	1 60
BUTTER—Choice to Fancy Yellow	25@	28
Medium to Good	20@	24
EGGS—Fresh	13@	13 1/2
PORK—Mess.	17 25@	17 50
LARD	10 1/2@	10 1/2

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago	1 24 1/2@	1 25
CORN—No. 2	63 1/2@	66
OATS—No. 2	52 1/2@	53
RYE—No. 2	99@	1 02
BARLEY—Iowa and Kansas	1 00@	1 10
PORK—Mess.	18 00@	18 12 1/2
LARD	10 1/2@	11
HOGS	4 50@	6 05
CATTLE	4 00@	6 00

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT	1 37@	1 38
CORN	70@	75
OATS	54@	56
RYE	1 14@	1 15
PORK—Mess.	17 90@	18 00
LARD	11 1/2@	11 3/4

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1	1 28 1/2@	1 29 1/2
No. 2	1 24 1/2@	1 24 1/2
CORN—No. 2	61@	61
OATS—No. 2	46 1/2@	47
RYE—No. 1	1 04@	1 04 1/2
BARLEY—No. 2	1 60@	..
PORK	17 25@	17 50
LARD	11 1/2@	11 1/2

TOLEDO.

WHEAT—Amber Michigan</

The Williamsburgh Disaster—Story of the Gate-Keeper.

A little below the reservoir on the western bank, but out of the range of the flood, stands a small, dismal-looking dwelling, in which lives the gate-keeper. This is George Cheney, a man of about 35, apparently an honest and well-meaning individual, of little education and no more than ordinary intelligence. He has held the place nearly three years, his duty being to attend to the opening and shutting of the gates, keep close watch of the condition of the reservoir, and report to his employers anything which seemed to demand attention. It has been his practice upon rising in the morning to go out and inspect the condition of affairs. He went out as usual, Saturday morning, about 6 o'clock. Everything looked all right; the reservoir was full, as it had been for several days, water was flowing out the waste-way on the west side past his house—the gateway having been closed a fortnight—there was no sign of the impending catastrophe, and Cheney returned to his house; the family, including his wife, several children, and his father, sat down to breakfast. They were just finishing the meal when a great noise was heard, and the old man, who was sitting at one of the eastern windows, exclaimed: "For God's sake, George, look there!" About forty feet in length of the bottom of the reservoir, on the east side, just beyond the gate, was shooting down-stream. Cheney seems to have realized the situation and the emergency at once. With a single eye to the discharge of his duty, and almost, as one would infer from hearing him tell the story, without stopping to consider the danger involved, he rushed down to the gate and let on the water full head, in the hope that this might possibly afford relief and avert the threatening danger. This done, he paused a moment to investigate the condition of the wall where the break had taken place; a glance showed him that it could hardly fail in a few minutes to give way entirely; streams of water as large as a man's arm were forcing their way through, new ones appearing every moment, the wall was constantly crumbling away, and its utter downfall was evidently only a question of minutes. Cheney rushed up to the house and told his father he was going to the village to warn the people; together they hurried to the barn, a few rods below, and, while Cheney was throwing a bridle upon his horse, his father cut him a stick. Leaping on the horse's back, and plying vigorously his lash, he rode at topmost speed down the road that skirted the stream's bank to Williamsburgh, covering the three miles, he thinks in fifteen minutes. It was then about half-past 7 o'clock. Driving to the house of Mr. Spellman, who had general charge of the reservoir, he summoned that gentleman from his breakfast table to startle him with: "The reservoir is going!" It was but the night before that Cheney had been talking with him about the reservoir, and both had agreed that everything looked all right for the summer. It is not strange, therefore, that Spellman could not at first credit the statement, thought the man a little "scared," and to his startling communication replied: "No! it can't be possibly." But Cheney quickly told him about the giving way of earth and the streams of water rushing through, and soon convinced him that the danger was most imminent. The first duty was to warn the people further down the stream; Cheney's horse was exhausted, and Spellman directed him to go to the livery-stable, where again precious moments were lost in convincing the incredulous proprietor that the messenger's story could be true. Finally, a horse was made ready and a fresh man got off to notify the dwellers further down stream.—*Springfield, (Mass.) Republican.*

Five Hundred Persons Baptized.

A remarkable scene took place last Sunday on the Appomattox river, near Petersburg, Va., when five hundred colored persons were baptised by immersion, in the presence of a very large crowd. At 1 o'clock p. m. one thousand voices chanted an anthem as the long column of candidates marched down in order to the water. Two lines of men were then formed, and the ceremony began by passing the candidates from hand to hand from the shore to the clergyman, who stood to his waist in the river. The work went rapidly on until the hundreds were plunged beneath the muddy waters. When each convert came out of the water he began the most extravagant manifestations of delight and ecstatic joy ever witnessed, and so violent were the demonstrations at times that it often required the strength of four or five able-bodied men to quiet them. Immediately after the ordinance the converts were attired in a regular uniform and formed in line. A procession was then formed numbering about ten thousand, who marched back to the church, where the jubilee continued amid the greatest enthusiasm.

PUTTING IT DIFFERENTLY.—If you say to a man, "You are a sly fellow," he will shrug his shoulders and not feel very bad about that. But if you tell him that you saw him prying open your letter and reading its contents, he will be ashamed. You say to a notoriously dishonest man, "You're not very particular how you get your money," he will laugh with you; but you say, bluntly, "You have stolen my money and I can prove it, and he is touched at once. Forty needles in a bunch are blunt enough; each one used separately pierces. If you make callous men repent in a bunch, their repentance will be superficial.

The origin of the word muff, applied to a fool, is said to be, that a muff holds a woman's hand without squeezing it.

All Sorts.

STREET cars in Japan.

IOWA has 62,000 Spiritualists.

KING KOFFEE has 8,333 wives.

ENGLAND has 3,423,681 maids.

QUEEN EMMA weighs 300 pounds.

ENGLAND is building twenty-seven war vessels.

The first picture of the moon was taken in 1849.

Iowa boasts of a dozen of newspapers conducted by lady editors.

DENVER, Col., did business to the amount of \$15,000,000 last year.

INDIA rubber trees have been found on the St. John's river in Florida.

It took three months balloting to elect Charles Sumner Senator the first time.

In a comparatively short time Texas will be the most important producer of white winter wheat in the Union.

TWO MILLIONS and a quarter of people have emigrated from Ireland to America during the last twenty-two years.

FIVE hundred millions of dollars and three millions of men are the cost and force of Europe's standing armies.

EDWIN BOOTH is said to have made from \$5,000 to \$8,000 a week ever since the year began, and all by his acting.

It takes a domesticated fly a two-billionth part of a second to wink, while an industrious mosquito can do it in one-tenth that time.

LAST year four of the twenty cities margining the great lakes shipped 162,362,896 bushels of grain, and Montreal more than 18,000,000.

BROTHERLY love is not the only kind they cultivate in Philadelphia. For 15,782 fond hearts were made to beat as 7,891 in that city last year.

THE business failures in the United States for 1872 were 4,069; total liabilities, \$121,056,000. For 1874, 5,183; total liabilities, \$228,499,000.

A NEW YORK firm have in their store a piece of lace five yards long, worth \$1,200 a yard, which a man could crowd into his watch fob or pocketbook.

A CINCINNATI professor has demonstrated that a man feels just as satisfied after lunching on a raw turnip alone as if he had feasted at a king's table.

THE press law of Japan prohibits newspapers from discussing the laws, attacking the Government, or publishing any articles of an evil tendency. The penalties vary from the chain-gang to being burned alive.

THE Indians of North America see under water by cutting a hole through the ice and then covering or hanging a blanket in such a manner as to darken or exclude the direct rays of the sun, when they are enabled to see into the water and discover fish at any reasonable depth.

A PORTION, consisting of 10,000 copies, of a recent issue of the Dundee *Advertiser* was printed on paper manufactured from reeds grown on the banks of the Tay. The paper is said to closely resemble that made from jute. As far as the experiment has been tried, it is said to be satisfactory.

SIR HENRY THOMSON, the great advocate of cremation, is to take a pleasure tour through the United States. Cremation innovations will be in order. All cities visited are to furnish, from among the number now so anxious to organize societies, two or three persons that are willing to demonstrate the practical utility of the cheap funeral process by meekly permitting their bodies to be reduced to ashes.

THE editor of a Sacramento paper has received the following communication: "The Atlantic Base-Ball Club played the Comanche Base-Ball Club for \$2.50, and we won it; but as they were larger boys than we were, they took the money. We advise all other clubs never to accept a challenge or send one. Members of A. B. B. C." Here is wisdom drawn from the lessons of experience, and given without money and without price.

THE Canadian inland revenue report gives us some interesting figures about the amount of intoxicating liquors consumed by our neighbors on the other side of the line. In appears that the quantity of gallons of proof spirits manufactured during 1873 was 5,547,517, and though the quantity entered for use was 90,538 gallons less than during 1872, still it amounted to 4,739,027, or considerably more than a gallon of proof spirits for every man, woman and child in the Dominion.

HERE is a hint to railway officers: The conductor of cars in Constantinople gives to every passenger a prize ticket, bearing a number, which is recorded on the company's books. A drawing takes place monthly, the company having provided a certain number of prizes. The hope of drawing a prize makes the passenger anxious to send in his ticket, and if the returns of the conductor are not equal to the number of returned tickets, his dishonesty is easily detected, and he is at once discharged.

THE United States Postoffice Department announces that articles of agreement providing for an exchange of postal cards between this country and Switzerland have been concluded, and are now in effect. The postage on postal cards sent from the United States and addressed to Switzerland has been fixed at 2 cents each, prepayment to be made by affixing thereto an ordinary 1 cent. United States postage-stamp in addition to the stamp printed or impressed on the card.

"SPIRIT OF THE PRESS."—A glass of cider.

Shyness.

Shyness is a curious peculiarity of some men, and the explanation of much that is dubious and obscure in their behavior. It may arise from an inherent modesty and reluctance to intrude, from a sense of inferiority, or a notion, that people look down on you, in which case it is a kind of mistaken pride. It often happens that a man gets the reputation of being haughty or unsocial, when he is only shy. An unconquerable bashfulness oppresses him. When such a man is drawn into company—participating in the excitement of the hour, and having got over all the difficulties of the first address, he generally "comes out." Often we find him talkative and entertaining, so that strangers go away, saying: "Well, there is one of the pleasantest men I have ever met with." Strange it is next day to meet the same man in the street, and find him make an effort to avoid you, or at least to hurry past you with an awkward bow. Lord M., a person of this kind, always walked along the inner side of the pavement, with eyes groundward bent, as if anxious to escape observing or being observed. A person who is associated with him in duty every day for one-half the year, has actually known him to cross to the other side of the road on being approached, and endeavor to escape his notice by pretending to take an interest in something on the other side of the hedge. Men, on the contrary, who get the reputation of being forward, are often merely persons of strong animal spirits; these rendering them frank and bold in society, where, from their comparative rank, they are expected to be quiet and respectful.

Would be Whipped.

The Rev. Josiah Stearns, of New Hampshire, was distinguished for his regard to truth, justice and consistency. Having insisted much to his children on the importance of frankly confessing whenever they had done wrong, instead of making their guilt greater by attempting concealment, on one occasion, when a fault had been committed, one of the small boys confessed when he was not guilty. The truth having come to light, the child, who probably thought to appear meritorious by confession, was enlightened by his father as to the nature of his sin, and then chastised for falsehood. Being exceedingly annoyed that the garden-gate was often left open, and cattle came in and did mischief, Mr. Stearns said to his children and servants: "The very next person who leaves the garden-gate open must be whipped." Not many days after the unlucky gate appeared in the prohibited condition. Meeting the colored boy, Peter, he said: "Well, Peter, and who has left open the garden-gate now?" Peter hung his head. Mr. S. urged his question, till Peter answered, I do not love to tell, sir." Mr. S. insisted, when Peter summoned up courage to say, "It was you sir!" "Me? Are you sure? When?" "When you came out of the garden" (at such a time) "you left it open." "Well, Peter," said Mr. S., "go and cut some sticks and lay them over your master's shoulders." The boy begged to be excused, but the master insisted, and it was done as required.

Gems of Thought.

How near are two hearts when there is no deceit between them.

Sun-dials mark only the bright hours. Would it not be well if most people could imitate them?

The prosperous man who yields himself up to temptation bids farewell to welfare.

It is a short step from modesty to humility; but a shorter one from vanity to folly.

Beware of the recoil of sinful indulgences; we may break our necks over the orange-peel of our own throwing down.

Avail yourself of all your knowledge without making a display of it. That machinery works best that is hidden from view.

Profanity never did any man the least good. No man is richer, or happier, or wiser for it. It commends no one to society; it is disgusting to the refined, and abominable to the good.

An elevated purpose is a good and ennobling thing, but we cannot begin at the top of it. We must work up to it by the often difficult path of daily duty—of daily duty always carefully performed.

The relations of Christians to each other are like the several flowers in a garden that have upon each the dew of heaven, which being shaken by the wind let fall the dew at each other's roots whereby they are jointly nourished, and become nourishers of one another.—*Bunyan.*

Home.

We assert, as a rule, the whole tone of a home depends upon the woman at the head of it—the average home; not the poverty-stricken home, nor the wealthy home. In this average home, whether sunshine shall enter the rooms, whether the table shall be invitingly spread, whether bright lights and bright fires shall give warmth and cheer on winter nights—whether, in brief, the home shall be an agreeable or a disagreeable place, is usually what the woman determines. Men are powerless in the matter. Some find solace for a dismal home in study, some occupation in business; some submit with what patience they can; others are attracted by the cheer of the public house and it is especially young men who are apt, in consequence, to drift into bad company and bad habits. There are men—and men. Our whole argument refers to individuals among men who succumb to bad influences—not the sex, but a class. —*Appleton's Journal*

A Hero.

The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* contains one of those commonplace histories of heroism in the discharge of ordinary duty which we note with emphasis from time to time, not only because of their own stirring meaning, but for the indication they give of the tone and temper and the ruling motives of the great under-mass of American society; the men and women whose names never find their way into the papers; never even enter into the calls for public meetings or charitable subscriptions; who go through life with one day's meals, and work with no better prospect than to begin another the next morning; who know nothing of the college-graduate's lofty resolves or aims; never analyzed their own souls aesthetically; would set down Longfellow's Psalm of Life, or Carlyle's Thoughts of Living as sentimental bosh, yet, when occasion demands, live and die in their cheap homes, beside their tools or their engine, simply and grandly as though all the years gone before had been a solemn preparatory vigil. Take this young fellow Sutton, for instance—a subordinate of some kind or other on a railway train. "The conductor," the *Dispatch* states, "sent him to the rear to flag another train coming up behind. On his way he fell on the track and was run over by five cars and the caboose. His legs were completely cut off above the knee, but, remembering his orders, he cleared the track of the dismembered portions of his own body, and, taking a flag out of his pocket, waved it until he had stopped the approaching train. Without this, a collision would have been inevitable."

It is only necessary for us to repeat the story. All our college and school-boys have histories of countless heroic deaths stored away with the rest of their book-lore. They can tell you how Cato paused, sword in hand, and Socrates waited to sacrifice a cock—so coolly did these old sages watch death's coming. Their eyes will flash, and their ingenuous faces redden, and their hearts beat to loftier measure thereafter at the hackneyed recital of how Nelson died like a woman in the first breath of his great victory; how kings have died like kings, on the scaffold, a spectacle for the attentive world; how unnumbered young heroes in our own war leaped to meet death, as though he bore crowns for them. Such facts of history are ennobling and good for any American boy to learn and remember, be the book Latin or English. But the notice in the morning's paper of this poor railway workman throwing his own severed legs from the track, and signaling the train before he lay down to die, is of more import to him than all the others, and more wholesome in its meaning.—*New York Tribune.*

The Coming Girl.

She will be of some use in the world, will cook her own food, will earn a living, and will not die an old maid. The coming girl will not wear the Grecian bend, dance the German, ignore all possibilities of knowing how to work, will not endeavor to break the hearts of unsophisticated young men, will spell correctly, understand English before she affects French, will preside with equal grace at the piano and the washboard, will spin more yarn for the house than the street, will not despise her plainly-clad mother, her poor relations, or the hand of an honest worker, will wear a bonnet, speak good, plain English, will darn her old stockings, will know how to make doughnuts.

The coming girl will walk five miles a day, if need be, to keep her cheeks in glow; will mind her health, her physical development, and her mother; will adopt a costume both sensible and conducive to comfort and health; will not confound hypocrisy with politeness; will not place lying to please instead of frankness; will have the courage to cut an unwelcome acquaintance; will not think that refinement is French duplicity, that assumed hospitality where hate dwells in the heart is better than outspoken condemnation; will not confound grace of movement with silly affectation; will not regard the end of her very being to have a bean.

ARAB HORSES.—The experience of French and Prussian authorities appears to go against the Arab as the best horse for the service. A German correspondent of the London *Veterinarian* writes:

All the Prussian cavalry regiments have had to report to the Emperor William their experience of the French horses captured and utilized during the war. Though differing on many points, the reports agree in general, that the German military horses are preferable, in every respect, to the French, and especially to those of the Arab race. "This," the correspondent adds "confirms what was stated to me in September, 1870, at the camp at Beverloo, in Belgium, when I went to see the French prisoners there, who had a number of their horses with them. The Belgian officers and the French cavalry sergeants (there were no French officers in camp) all declared to me that the Arabs, of which there were fine specimens in the camp, would be considered, in a military point of view, only as pretty toys."

SONS AND DAUGHTERS.—Confide in your parents. Make them above all others, your confidants. They are the best and most disinterested friends you will ever have in this world. It is natural for you to think they do not and cannot, from the position of things, know much, at least very much, about your affairs, and that therefore you cannot talk confidentially with them. Do not, however, yield to any such impression. Cultivate rather the habit of consultation with them. On things great and small seek their advice. A daughter will never come to shame, a son never to dishonor, that does so.

Young Dunning's Escape From the Mill River Torrent.

[From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.]

The marvelous escape of young Dunning at Leeds has already been referred to, but his story is so interesting that it is worth giving in detail. When the alarm was given he was at work in the spool-room of the Nonotuck silkworks, and, rushing out of the mill, his first thought, of course, was for his family. He found that his father, wife and three children had all left his house. He shouted to them to run for their lives, at the same time pointing to them what direction to take. His wife and children obeyed him and were saved; but his father, an old man of seventy-eight, thinking that something might be got out of the house before the flood reached it, went back. In dashed his son after him, begging him to leave the doomed building. While raising one of the windows the floor gave way beneath their feet and his father disappeared from his sight. The young man had just time to clamber out of the window, and as the house tipped over crawled up its side to the roof just as the building broke up, leaving him but a fragment to cling to for his life, and on he went sailing down that awful flood in full sight of his wife and children, who, as they looked on in terror and agony, expected momentarily to see him sink beneath the surging mass. In a few seconds his frail raft was crushed like an egg-shell, but his presence of mind never deserted him. He jumped for another, and when that was gone for yet another. He was hastening down with the current at a terrific speed, and, intent on the fearful task he had in hand, never once thought of the dam toward which he was hastening. The first one is reached in the awful crash and jam. He is hurled seemingly twenty feet in the air to come down and be submerged for the first time far beneath the waves. As he came to the surface and clasped another piece of driftwood he realized with an intensity unimaginable by those whose lives have never been imperiled that another and higher dam was but a short distance below, and that he had absolutely no hope for life unless he escaped from the flood before that point was reached, but fortunately the swollen mass of water and debris at that moment surged toward the shore, and seizing an opportunity, which seemed to be providentially presented, he clambered across some broken roofs, which served him as a bridge, and with a leap again had a foothold on the earth. The feelings of a man, who, like him had scarcely a hope of life on finding himself escaped from the jaws of death, cannot be depicted. Only a cool and intrepid man could have passed through that experience, and possibly Mr. Dunning could not but for his experience before as a raftsman in Canadian waters. He had been swept half a mile down the river, and was utterly exhausted by the intense strain on mind and body, nerve and muscle, yet as he lay on the bank a moment to get his breath, he could not suppress a smile at the appearance of a man who escaped from the flood near the same place by seizing hold of the limbs of a large tree on the bank. Fleishy though he was, this man went up the tree like a squirrel, and did not stop till he was at least 30 feet above the water.

Mr. Dunning describes, as the most remarkable incident of the memorable ride, the heart-rending screams and groans of women and children in houses that were swept down with him and seemed to be beneath him. He says they will ring in his ears till the latest day of his life.

A Grand Photographic Display.

The Sixth Annual Exhibition of the National Photographic Association is to be held this year in the city of Chicago, at the Inter-State Exposition building, on July 14, 15, 16 and 17. The objects of these Conventions and Exhibitions are twofold: First, to educate Photographers to a higher standard of excellence in the productions of their art. Second, to educate the people in what good pictures are: all the leading photographers throughout this country and Europe are to send of their best productions, which will make the finest display of art pictures ever got together and worth going many hundred miles to see. The Exhibitions are to be thrown open to visitors free. There will also be on exhibition samples of all the apparatus and appliances pertaining to the art, which, in their varied forms and kinds, are well worthy the attention of all thinking minds.

A DERANGED stomach and impure blood force human beings into a melancholy state; they do not enjoy life, and are not in a fit condition to do business successfully. One of the best remedies extant is VEGETINE, which has acquired a reputation as wide as the country itself, and is extensively known all over the globe. This remedy has been extensively advertised, but its cures have sold it at a more rapid rate than the newspapers. The latter serve to bring it to public notice, but, like all medicines or inventions, it has been found to stand the test of trial and time, and its rapid sale shows how strong a hold it has gained.

WILHOFF'S TONIC!—A SAFE, SURE AND SCIENTIFIC CURE!—The unprecedented sale of this world-renowned medicine proves incontestably that no remedy has superseded the use of this reliable tonic. No spleen has been found so hard as not to yield to its softening influence, and no liver so hypertrophied as not to give up its long-retained bilious secretions, and no chill or fever has yet refused to fall into line. WHEELLOCK, FINLAY & Co., proprietors, New Orleans. For sale by all druggists.

MORE than a thousand physicians recommend the National Surgical Institute of Indianapolis, Ind., and direct their patients there for treatment. For physicians in general practice have not the apparatus, appliances and facilities to do them justice. This institution, with \$500,000 capital stock, treats thousands of cases of paralysis, diseased and deformed joints, crooked legs and feet, piles, fistula, catarrh and chronic diseases. Address the Institute for circular.

The Atlantic cable is a national benefit, so are SILVER-TIPPED Shoes for children. Never wear through at the toe. Try them. For sale by all dealers.

Go to RIVERSIDE Water Cure, Hamilton, Ill.

Saturday, May 30.

OUR LIBRARY.

We make the following extracts from the report of the standing Committee on Library, made to the Board of Education, May 14, 1874, relative the present conditions of the "Holland City Library:"

* * * It did not occur to your Committee while under the present circumstances, to consider the plan of hiring a separate room, devoted solely to the purposes of a Library. The time will come we trust in the history of our city, when a suitable reading room, stocked with the journals and periodicals of the day, will be established on a permanent basis. The City Library should then be connected with such reading room and do its part in keeping our youth from frequenting saloons and improper places of resort. At present, however, the books are too few, and room rent would be too large an item of expense to render this plan advisable.

* * * We add the following statement of the present condition of the City Library, for the information of the Board. The number of volumes is 186, besides a few returned to the Library recently and uncatalogued, and nine volumes of Public Documents. These embrace a judicious selection of standard works in various departments of Literature, Religion, Science, History, etc. The Committee are glad to notice the fact in passing that novels—yellow covered and otherwise, which so often form the staple of our ordinary circulating Libraries, are almost wholly wanting. During the past year over \$100 was expended in the purchase of 56 books, forming a handsome addition to the volumes already belonging to the Library. The books are numbered from 1 up to 186, catalogued, the appraised value of each set being placed opposite to the title in the catalogue and labelled with printed rules for their use, adopted by last year's Board.

* * * For the preparation of this catalogue, labelling and numbering of the volumes, the thanks of the Board are due to H. D. Post, Esq., who as the Committee understand, performed the labor gratuitously. The books are contained in a neat six-shelfed white covered book-case, oiled, with black walnut trimmings, glass doors and drawers below for pamphlets, etc., able to hold in all some 300 volumes. On the whole, your Committee consider that a valuable nucleus exists for the gradual formation of a Library which will be an honor to our city, and feel assured that the Board individually and officially will do what in them lies to increase its size from time to time by appropriations for the purchase of new works, and to promote its usefulness and popularity with our citizens.

T. ROMEYN BECK,) Committee on
T. E. ANNIS,) City Library.
HOLLAND, May 14, 1874.

A Conference of temperance Republicans in New York will be held the first week in June. The objects are not fully stated, but it is understood that one purpose is to systematize the opposition of temperance men to the re-nomination of Gov. Dix. The objection to the Governor is that he is not a radical on the temperance question, and takes no stock in "crusading" or the like. The idea of discarding a man of this stamp, for the Governorship of a great State, like New York, because at his matured age, with his ripe experience and sound judgment he cannot take an ultra position in this temperance movement, weakens our confidence in entrusting this element with the great responsibilities connected with public life. No people can afford to discard men, who in obedience to their convictions rise above the popular clamor of the day, and launch out on an independent course, simply because their path of duty does not follow the stakes set out by men of one idea only. At this present time men and principles seem pretty much to be at large, both waiting for a becoming moment to connect. With joy we should hail the rejection of Mr. Dix for a re-nomination as Governor of New York, if thereby he should become available to the people of all the States for that position, for which his firmness of character, honesty of purpose, varied experience and love of country have so eminently fitted him—our next President. Such men need no platform other than their record.

It is rumored that Germany has agreed to make common cause with Italy against any enemy who may attack her. France and Austria are the only countries which would be likely to quarrel with Italy, and Germany would not object to giving either a small thrashing. In this way Germany strengthens itself, securing the good will of Italy, and enables the latter country to dispense with a standing army of any great dimensions, and, of course, with the expense attending the maintenance of such an army.

We find the following report of the visit of Rev. A. T. Stewart, to the Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church, held at Columbus, Miss.:

"Rev. A. T. Stewart of the Reformed Church was heard as delegate from that body. He said:

Our attachment for you, in one word, is based on your purity of doctrine. No Presbytery in your body would for one hour tolerate that proceeding known as the actual, to distinguish it from the formulate theology. As to the plan of co-operation agreed upon by the Joint Committee, I shall say nothing—Your Assembly and our Synod will each carefully and independently consider its provisions. The general outlook to me is that all barriers will be removed, and the churches will become one. We can wait for this union. It is too good and glorious to be spoiled by haste. Our standard and yours emanated from the same source, the word of God. The union will be the outgrowth of love, founded on truth.

Mr. S. spoke with great power and earnestness, and was frequently applauded.

The moderator, Dr. Girdner, responded in a happy manner, cordially reciprocating all the expressions of love and honor. The death of the Rev. T. D. DeWitt was feelingly alluded to."

A CASE of sudden death took place at Grand Haven, on Sunday evening last. After the close of the evening services, in the Presbyterian Church, and while playing a voluntary, the organist, Mrs. B. D. Safford, was suddenly attacked with heart disease, and falling into the arms of her husband, expired without a struggle. She had filled this position for several years, with the exception of the last few months, when prevented by ill-health. Feeling somewhat better that evening, she manifested a strong desire to fill her usual place, evidently not anticipating it to be the final act in her life. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon, and it was our privilege to hear a very appropriate funeral sermon by the pastor of that church, Rev. Henry T. Rose. We were informed that the deceased leaves a large circle of friends, and relatives, amongst whom one little boy, five years old, to mourn her sudden departure.

We have received the first number of *The Leader*, a new paper published at Detroit, in opposition to the present temperance movement. Its first number shows a marked degree of ability. Still we cannot see how its sphere for usefulness can be very extensive at this time. If the people of this State, in voting upon the proposed Constitution, had been allowed the privilege and their right, to express a preference between a licence system and prohibition, a discussion of the liquor question from that standpoint, through the columns of a paper as *The Leader* (judging from this first number) might have led to some further information in this subject.

At the Annual Meeting of *Unity Lodge*, No. 192, F. & A. M., held on Wednesday, the following officers were elected:

W. M.—W. H. Joslin.
S. W.—D. L. Boyd.
J. W.—F. Sooter.
Treas.—E. Herald.
Sec'y.—J. O. Doesburg.
S. D.—J. E. Higgins.
J. D.—J. S. Burns.
Tyler.—D. Bertsch.
Stewards.—N. F. McGeorge and F. Hodgson.

THE Rev. Dr. Thomas De Witt, senior pastor of the Collegiate Church of New York, died at his residence in that city, on the 18th inst., in the eighty-third year of his age. The Doctor was well and favorably known to many of our people. His assistance to our countrymen in the early days of the emigration, has been very extensive and valuable. Twice he has visited the Colony, his last visit being in 1859, on which occasion he preached in the Holland language in the first Reformed Church.

THE Golden Age, commenting upon woman's right in the pulpit, says: "If Jenny Lind had a right to sing; if Anna Dickinson has a right to lecture; if George Eliot has a right to write; if Mrs. Scott Siddons has a right to play; then Miss Smiley has a right to preach. Any woman who can do any one of these things well, is divinely ordained to do it."

A STRANGE statement is made in the dispatches in regard to the reasons of Gen. Sherman's removal to St. Louis. He is said to be a candidate for the Presidency and to favor an arrangement by which Gen. Grant shall be again placed at the head of the Army. The rumor in its present shape is not worth much, except as something new.

SENATOR Cameron, of Pennsylvania, is going to try to conciliate the Southern Senators into supporting the centennial scheme by calling up at an early day the two bills passed long ago by the House, one for universal suffrage and the other for restoring to the pension rolls the names of the Confederate pensioners of 1812.

Go to strangers for charity, acquaintances for advice, relations for nothing.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO HEBER WALSH, Proprietor of the "City Drug Store." Established 1845.

A Change of Programme Each Week.

PAINT AND OILS!

Sold at Retail, at the same price our city dealers pay for these articles at Wholesale, in Chicago. This fact is so well established that parties at Grand Rapids, Muskegon and other places purchased their paints at the

CITY DRUG STORE.

Reason.—We purchase all our goods in full packages, direct of the Manufacturer, often at the very same houses at which our Chicago friends purchase. We pay the same freights that they have to pay, and as we do not have their heavy expenses, we can undersell them. We believe in quick sales and small profits. Our motto is: "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling."

"MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED."

What is the use of spending all your spare change for some Ague Medicine, or calling in a Physician who will prescribe only Quinine and Calomel, and run up a good big bill, when

WALSH'S 35 CENT AGUE CURE

Will do the business. It is a safe and pleasant remedy, guaranteed not to contain Quinine, Calomel, Strychnine, Arsenic or any other powerful or injurious ingredient, but is a compound extract of ROOTS AND HERBS, and as we do not wish to fleece the public, we have put the price at 35 cents per bottle, (which is one cent a dose.)

TRY IT, TRY IT. If used as directed, we will refund the money if a cure is not effected.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal*, has lately published several articles in reference to the probability of Grant seeking to be elected for a third term. We do not believe Grant will make any such attempt, the sentiment of the people is very strong against any person holding this position for more than two consecutive terms.

OBITUARY.

Mr. Alvan Sturtevant, late of the Benton Harbor *Palladium*, died on Sunday, May 24th, at the above named place. He had been in delicate health for some time but was not considered dangerous. He supposed that the Lake influences were injurious to him, and had just sold out and disposed of the *Palladium*, to take the editorial charge of a paper in Central New York. We have never had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Sturtevant, but considered his paper as one of the ablest, published along the East Shore. His remains were taken to New York for interment.

Special Notices.

THE American Sardine Co's Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines. 106-1y.

To the traveling public, and those leaving for Grand Rapids on the afternoon train, we would state that BURGARD'S under *Sweet's Hotel*, is the best place for a meal, or a lunch, in Grand Rapids. Everything necessary for a first-class restaurant, is kept there and there is no unnecessary delay. Try and see. 115-

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of *UNITY LODGE*, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, June 24th, at 7½ o'clock, sharp.

N. B. The Installation of Officers will take place.

W. J. SCOTT, W. M.
J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y. 47-1y

I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

N. W. BACON, N. G.
R. K. HEALD, Rec. Sec'y.
R. A. SCHOUTEN, Per. Sec'y. 47-1y

To Consumptives.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is desirous to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address.

REV E. A. WILSON.
42-16 194 Penn St., Williamsburg, New York.

Errors of Youth.

A GENTLEMAN who has suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN.
42-16 42 Cedar St., New York.

New Advertisements.

PEACH BASKETS & BERRY BOXES.

WHO WANTS ANY?

000,000,001 qt. Berry.
000,000,001 Berry crates.
000,000,001 R. R. Peach Baskets.
For sale by H. D. POST.

PUBLIC LETTING.

ON SATURDAY, June 6, 1874, at 7 o'clock P. M. near the house of D. Jonker, East of the city, the Township Board of the Township of Holland will let the job of building a TOWNHOUSE, including all the necessary materials.

Plan and specifications can be seen at the Store of Messrs. Bakker & Van Raalte, 8th street, Holland City. W. DIEKEMA, Supervisor.
Holland, May 29, 1874.

PUBLIC LETTINGS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee on Streets, Roads and Bridges will let to the lowest bidder, on Wednesday, June 3, 1874, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the job of opening and grading part of 13th street, lying between Fish and Land street. Also at the same time and place, they will let the job of furnishing and delivering 100 cubic yards of gravel, to be distributed on 8th Street, within 30 days from the day of letting.

The place of letting will be on the grounds. The Committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. For further information apply to the undersigned.
Dated: Holland, Mich., May 22, 1874.
J. VAN LANDEGEND.,) Committee on
R. KANTERS,) Streets, Roads
and Bridges.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE is hereby given that until the 1st day of June next, written proposals will be received by the Common Council of the City of Holland, for the delivery of Pine or Hemlock Lumber, in such quantities and at such times as the same may be needed and ordered by the Common Council, during the current year. Payments to be made, January 1st, 1875, and March 1st, 1875. Proposals to be delivered to the City Clerk.

By Order of the Common Council.
CHAS. F. POST, City Clerk.
Dated: Holland, Mich., May 12, 1874.

Dr. G. SITES,
DENTIST.

To the Public of Holland and vicinity—I would respectfully announce that I have permanently located in this place, for the purpose of practicing my profession of *Dentistry*. All operations upon the teeth will be carefully performed, and diseases of the mouth belonging to Dental Practice, will be promptly treated. Mechanical Dentistry, in all the various styles will be executed in the most workmanlike manner; all operations warranted. My office is in Mr. Van Landegend's Brick Building, 2nd floor, in rooms lately occupied as Reading Room of the Y. M. C. A.

G. SITES, Dentist.
HOLLAND, Mich., April 17, 1874. 113-2+1f

Hay! Hay! Hay! Hay!

Having lately purchased the Hay Press and Building of J. E. Higgins, situated near the old

M. L. S. R. R. Depot,
HOLLAND,

I am now prepared to buy HAY!
In any quantities, for which I will pay the Highest Wholesale Cash Market Prices, FOR A GOOD ARTICLE.
HENRY S. EAGLE.
—117

BOOKBINDERY
OF

A. CLOETINGH,

River, St., Holland.

I would inform the Public that by an increased supply of necessary tools and machinery I am better enabled than heretofore to meet their wants and satisfy all who have BOOK BINDING to perform, of whatever kind or nature it may be. I shall give this branch of my business more particular attention than heretofore. I have limited my trade exclusively to

Stationary and School Books.

And will keep constantly on hand an assorted Stock of all kinds of

Paper,
Envelopes,
Writing Books,
Pens,
Pencils,
Albums,
Diaries, Etc., Etc.

Also a full line of

Confectionary and Toys.

49-3s 1f A. CLOETINGH.

SHIPPING Bills and Shipping Tags, printed at THIS OFFICE.

J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,
Window Shades,
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Feathers,
Feather Beds,
Mattresses,
COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge. 46-2 s 1y

B. T. BABBITT'S

Pure Concentrated Potash.

OR LYE,

Of Double the Strength of any other

SAPONIFYING SUBSTANCE.

I have recently perfected a new method of packing my Potash, or Lye, and am now packing it only in Bails, the Coating of which will saponify, and does not injure the Soap. It is packed in boxes containing 34 and 48 lb. Bails, and in no other way. Directions in English and German, for making hard and soft soap with this Potash, accompany each package.

B. T. BABBITT.
113-125 64 to 84 Washington St., N. Y.

WERKMAN & SONS.

This Firm have brought to this City one of the largest and best selected stock for the

Spring and Summer Trade,

That has ever been offered to Holland and vicinity. A complete Line of Dry Goods, including a choice selection of Dress Goods, Alpaccas, Ginghams, Trimmings and Notions, Spring and Summer Shawls, Sheetings and Shirtings. In Gent's Furnishing, Clothing, Hats & Caps, we have a full assortment.

Choice Groceries, Crockery and Glassware.

Our Department of Family Supplies, Flour, Feed, Graham, etc., will receive the same attention as heretofore. No charge for delivery.

We are determined not to be undersold. Our prices compete with those in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Farmers will find with us a ready market for all their produce.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 10, 1874. 47-3s-1y

Meat Market,

—OF—

Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meats, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

JACOB KUIITE.
Holland, Feb. 14, 1874. 46-2s-1f

MUSIC HAS CHARMS!

PRICE REDUCED.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Will Last a Life-Time!

35,000

OF THE CELEBRATED
SHONINGER ORGANS,
IN DAILY USE.

The best musical talent of the country recommend these Organs. The nicest and best. More for your money, and gives better satisfaction, than any other now made. They comprise the

Eureka, Concerto, Orchestra and Grands.

B. SHONINGER & Co.,
New Haven, Conn.

103-X cl-128

The Old and Reliable House
OF
E. HEROLD,
EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.
Also a full line of

FINDINGS!!
The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.
E. HEROLD.
HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-31/8-1y

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY.
—OO—
CARL ZEEB,
PROPRIETOR.

A good article of LAGER BEER and ALE on hand at all times.

All orders promptly attended to, and no cartage charged for

DELIVERY.
The proprietor would announce that he pays the highest

CASH FOR BARLEY AND HOPS.
Holland, January 28, 1874. 50-3s-1y

FLOUR & FEED
STORE OF
SLOOTER & HIGGINS,
8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABARBE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegend's) a FLOUR AND FEED STORE. We shall keep constantly on hand everything that pertains to a

First-class Flour & Feed Store.
Flour, Feed,
Hay, Grain,
and Mill Stuff,
At Lowest Cash Prices.
SLOOTER & HIGGINS.
HOLLAND, March 13, 1874. 108-1y

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,
RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, - - HOLLAND, MICH.
46-8-1y

J. E. HIGGINS,
DEALER IN

All Kinds of Grain & Produce,
MILL FEED, CORN, &c.
All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR
U.S. Ex. Co. & M. L. S. R. R.
Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,
HOLLAND, MICH.
46-2s-1y

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.
HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

1-1y if N. KENYON.

R. KANTERS,
DEALER IN

STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!
I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations. All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention. R. KANTERS.
HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-1y

55 to \$200 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINTON & Co., Portland, Maine. 50-1y

Marine Intelligence.
PORT OF HOLLAND.
ARRIVALS.

May 22 schr Wollin Chicago 49 t—light.
" " schr A. Plummer Chicago 87 t—light.
" 23 schr Hope Muskegon 15 t—light.
" " schr Spray Chicago 48 t—light.
" 24 schr Arrow Chicago 69 t—light.
" 25 schr Josies Chicago 130 t—light.
" " schr Tri Color Chicago 36 t—800 bush corn
" " 2bbls Pork.
" " schr Contest Chicago 97 t—light.
" 26 schr Josie Dresden Chicago 84 t—light.
" " schr Wollin Chicago 49 t—light.
" " schr Spray Chicago 48 t—light.

DEPARTURES.

May 22 schr Wollin Chicago 49 t—45 cords wood.
" " schr A. Plummer Chicago 57 t—80 cords
" " bark.
" 23 schr Hope Muskegon 15 t—Butter, Eggs,
" " &c.
" " schr Spray Chicago 48 t—40 cords wood.
" 24 schr Arrow Chicago 69 t—55 cords wood.
" 25 schr Josies Chicago 130 t—95 cords wood 21
" " m hoops 37 bbls heading 10 m staves.
" " schr Tri Color Chicago 36 t—80 m lumber.
" " schr Contest Chicago 94 t—90 cords wood.
" 26 schr A. Plummer Racine 87 t—35 m lumber.
" " schr Josie Dresden Chicago 84 t—70 cords
" " wood.
" " schr Wollin Chicago 49 t—50 m lumber.
" " schr Spray Racine 48 t—45 cords bark.

Notings.

WE notice from the papers, that the Rev. Dr. M. Cohein Stuart has safely arrived in Holland.

THE Township Board of the Township of Holland, wish to let the job of building their Townhouse. See advertisements.

GRAND Rapids has graded its saloons into first and second class, licensing the former at \$200 a year and the latter at \$150.

It is said that four thousand men from the lumber camps of this State, are now in the neighborhood of Chicago, waiting for employment.

Among the passengers by the steamship Abyssinia, for Liverpool Saturday, were Gen. Schenck, Judge Doolittle, and ex-Senator Baynard.

THE wool hat manufacturers of Pennsylvania suspended all operations at the close of last week, thus throwing a thousand people out of employment.

"Boy, is that a licensed dog?" asked a Detroit policeman. "No," said the youngster, "he's a rat terrier dog, and I'm taking him down to have his teeth filed."

O. D. Hadsell, Esq., of *Gazette* fame, was in town last Wednesday, paying his old acquaintances a visit. He reports the Hartford *Dayspring* in a flourishing condition.

CITIZENS of this State, living in Washington, held a meeting Monday evening, and resolved to bring forward Judge Campbell, as a candidate for the U. S. Senate to succeed Mr. Chandler.

THE bar of Oceana county is moving for the impeachment of Judge Giddings. The Judge's personal popularity and his acknowledged abilities, when in his right mind, will hardly save him this time.—G. R. Post.

On Thursday we received a call from Rev. W. Veenschoten, now on the way to his previous home, Pella, Io. Mr. V. is a graduate from Hope College, and finished his theological studies at New Brunswick, N. J. He intends to be located at Schodack, N. Y.

It's not generally known that the Persian Lilac, whose fragrance at this season, is met in so many gardens that have escaped the "fire," owe their existence in this city to a small shoot, brought from the East by the TAYLOR family, when they located here in 1851.

ANOTHER line of manufacturing has been added by the Vyn Bro's of Zeeland, to their present shops. They are manufacturing an assorted stock of baskets, of all kinds and sizes. We were shown a sample the other day and pronounce it a good article, one which no doubt will find a ready sale. The prices are fair, and dealers will soon be supplied with a price list.

MANY a relic of the fire, in the shape of old iron, was shipped last week by Messrs. Van Landegend & Melis. Amongst the rubbish we noticed the hammer and fire-alarm of the Third Church bell; also a part of the old *Hollander* press, brought to this place in September, 1850, from Allegan, by Messrs. Hawks & Bassett. This press was a "Peter Smith's," No. 83, and rumor here has it that the *Chicago Tribune* was once printed on that press.

Mr. G. MAYBOER, living on the North-Holland road, came very near being killed on Saturday. He was in the woods, peeling bark, when a dead limb from an adjoining tree fell on his back, causing a wound on the head and injuring his back-bone, at the same time throwing him forward across a log, causing another injury to the sternum. Dr. Schouten was called in, who reports the patient in a bad condition. We learn that this is a brother of the man whose death was reported by us last week.

THE thermometer on Thursday stood as high as 90.

QUEEN Victoria intends visiting Russia in the autumn.

THE Pomona House at Fruitport will open about the 1st of June.

FROM letters received we learn that the health of Dr. B. Ledebor is improving.

Hon. A. D. GRISWOLD, lately of Grand Rapids, has made Holland his residence.

THE engines and boilers for the new flour mill of Messrs. Geerlings & Becker have arrived.

AN exchange remarks that sermons as well as steamships are weakened by lengthening.

MUSKEGON has 60 saloons, licensed at \$100 a piece, giving that corporation a revenue of \$6,000.

THE House has passed the bill, removing the political disabilities of Raphael Semmes, of Alabama.

AN experienced old gentleman says that all that is necessary in the enjoyment of love or sausages is confidence.

REPORTS from all sections of Nebraska show that the prospects for the grain and fruit crops are very promising.

THE Civil Rights Bill as passed the Senate and likely to pass the House, will be found in full on our second page.

OTTAWA County gets \$5,044 primary school money from the State, having 1088 children of school age.—G. H. News.

SENATOR Ferry has come out in favor of woman-suffrage, and it is said will speak in favor of the measure, during the coming canvass.

ALLEGAN was sued on Monday in the U. S. Court at Grand Rapids for \$10,000 for railroad aid bonds voted to the K. A. & G. R. Railroad.

WE have been informed that the meetings of the Y. P. L. A., held on the first Friday of each month will be public, and open to visitors and friends.

THE City Drug Store, the townhouse, the bill-boards and many a gate-post are all handsomely decorated in honor of Walsh's 35 Cent Acne Cure. Shake no more!

THE Sioux County *Homesteader* published at Orange City Iowa, has been discontinued and will be replaced by a weekly published in the Holland language.

THE propeller *Ira Chaffee*, now pines between Marquette and Grand Island, Lake Superior. She is in command of Capt. Blanchard, last season on the *Van Raalte*.

ED. BURNETT, who had his hand jammed while coupling cars at Zeeland, April 28, has had two of his fingers amputated. The attending surgeon thought at first to save the whole of them.—*Laneton Tribune*.

THE Crown Prince of Holland expects to marry the Princess Thyra, of Denmark. We wish him much joy, and hope he'll behave himself. By the way, here is another opportunity for those that failed to celebrate the 12th of May.

THE Council of Hope College held an adjourned meeting on Wednesday. The financial report for the year will be published in *De Hope*. The next regular session will be held on the third Wednesday in June.

THE G. H. *Herald*, speaking of the liquor suits, lately tried in that place says, that "one of the jurymen on the Rosbach liquor suit, stated that he would not convict any man of selling liquor under the Michigan law, don't care how much evidence he had."

"Would my little Ezra," asked a fond mother, "like to be a missionary, and to preach to the poor, suffering little heathen?" Tears—bright pearly drops of feeling—glistened on little Ezra's eyes as he murmured: "Naw, I would't; I'd like to be on the police long enough to club the big lummi that stuck shoemakers' wax on my seat to-day. You hear me!"

A LADY of Brighton, Iowa, named Mrs. Crisman, displayed rare presence of mind a few days ago. She accidentally stepped on a rattlesnake, and the reptile coiled itself around her ankle. By a quick glance she observed that her foot rested on its body very near its head, and knew that while in that condition it could not bite. She just threw her weight on that foot and held its snakeship to the earth while one of her children brought her a stick with which she killed the slimy thing.

SIXCE we made mention of old coins, a few weeks ago, we were shown a collection by Dr. Powers, embracing the following: the "Continental Cent," 13 links, 1787; the "Washington Penny," date worn off; an American half-cent, of the first issue, 1804; English farthings of 1740 and 1734; an English half-penny, with head of Gregory III, 731-741; three Roman coins, one of the year 183, another of the beginning of the Christian era, and the third of bronze, which must have been coined about 55 years before Christ.

SOMEBODY will please accept our thanks for a nice bouquet.

THE wife of Stokes the murderer, has secured a divorce from him.

THE Pension Appropriation Bill before Congress covers about \$30,000,000.

GRATITUDE in politics has been well defined as "lively sense of favors to come."

A COMBINATION of Tablet, Pin Case and Mirror, all for 10 cents, at Albers' Jewelry Store.

SIXTY Mennonites arrived in New York from Russia, and left for Yankton, Dak., in the evening.

AN Iowa editor, being challenged, sent word in reply: "When I want to die, I can shoot myself."

GEN. Howard's counsel states positively that the Court of Inquiry was unanimous in its verdict of acquittal.

ALREADY the land is filled with howls about "a big thing on ice"—the price put on it by the ice companies.

THE attention of our dealers is called to the card of the Goodrich Transportation Company on our first page.

THERE are 560 applicants on file at the White House for appointment to six new Paymasters' positions in the army.

THE permanent debt of Great Britain amounts to about \$2,912,000,000, and is said to be in a very satisfactory condition.

A State Convention in the interest of the National Reform organization has been called to meet at Lansing, August 6th.

A cautious reporter, in speaking of a man both of whose legs were cut off by a railroad train, says, "he will probably be a cripple for life."

"I want to know whether we are going to keep house or board before going into this thing," said a young lady at the altar. Commendable foresight.

It is good ground for divorce in St. Louis if a wife finds one hundred and thirteen love-letters from a red-headed woman in her husband's pocket.

J. TEN EYCK, Esq., of Fairview, Ill., of the class of 1871, has been appointed to deliver the Master Oration at the next Commencement of Hope College.

As we go to press, we learn from reliable sources that the condition of the Rev. R. Pieters, is slightly improving, leaving his numerous friends quite hopeful in his recovery.

INSTRUCTIONS have been issued from the Treasury Department for the immediate preparation of a vignette of Charles Sumner, for the new issue of national currency.

As two children were playing together, little Jane got angry and pouted. Johnny said to her, "Look out, Jane, or I'll take a seat up there on your lips." "Then," replied Jane, quite cured of her pouts, "I'll laugh, and you'll fall off."

AN Illinois woman, when they first began to have Congressmen-at-large out there, hearing the fact alluded to, straightway rushed into the kitchen, exclaiming, "Sarah Jane, don't leave the clothes out to-night, for there's a Congressman at large."

THE saloon keepers of Grand Haven, are preparing a "black list" of old soakers and others whom they think ought not have liquor, and will post one in each saloon, and have pledged each other not to sell any one on the list a drop of liquor.—*Herald*.

THE *Chicago Times* thinks that the White House occupants are responsible for the precedent they have set in issuing the cards of invitation to their daughter's wedding, which read, "The President and Mrs. Grant request the pleasure," etc.; that the next we shall see similar cards reading, "The Constable and Mrs. O'Flaherty request the pleasure," etc.

THE unveiling of the Ellsworth monument took place at Mechanicsville, N. Y., on the 27th inst. After a parade the military marched to the cemetery, where the monument stands. When a prayer had been offered and the story of the career of Colonel Ellsworth had been told, Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan, pronounced the oration. A few remarks were also made by Lieut. Frank H. Brownell, popularly known as Ellsworth's avenger.

THE "Kirby House," attracted our attention while in Grand Haven the other day. It is a new hotel just opened, situated at the foot of Washington street, near the river. It was built by the landlord, Mr. Ed Killean, and is a very fine house, three stories and basement, built of brick, and furnished throughout in a handsome style. This house succeeds the old "Milwaukee" House, kept by the same party. It is named in honor of Thos W. Kirby, one of the leading citizens of that place. We can recommend it to the traveling public.

JACOB FLIEMAN,
Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,
Light & Heavy Wagons,
Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.
A good assortment of Thimble Skeins always on hand.
Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style.
I USE NOTHING BUT
THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.
My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from
Second Growth Eastern Timber.
All Work Warranted.
General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.
Horse Shoeing a Speciality.
Thanking my old customers for past favors, I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line.
47-1/2-cl-1y J. FLIEMAN

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES,
Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, AND
HATS & CAPS,
Which they are offering at Prices, that defy Competition.
Also a complete Stock of

FLOUR & FEED,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
All goods purchased of us will be

Delivered Free!
To any part of the City.
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store. 46-1/2-cl-1y

WINTERS Bro's & BROWER,
(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)
PRACTICAL
Engineers and Machinists.

Messrs P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with all due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists. THE SHOP and FOUNDRY are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S. THE BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. Winters, will be continued as before. THE FLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by R. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above. MILL REPAIRING, will receive our special attention. SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch. Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.
HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874. 108-1y

I WANT
Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead
is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors. Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.
HEBER WALSH
Druggist & Pharmacist.
46-1f

W. VAN PUTTEN,
GENERAL DEALER IN

Drugs & Medicines,
Paints and Oils,
Putty, Glass, Etc.
Patent Medicines,
Choice Wines and Liquors,
Fancy Soaps & Perfumery.

Tooth Brushes,
Clothes Brushes,
Hair Brushes,
Shaving Brushes,
and Paint Brushes.
Razors and Razor Straps,
Chamois Skins, and
Nursing Bottles.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Supporters and Trusses,
And everything, usually kept in Drug Stores.
Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Com-pounded, Day or Night.
46-1/2-cl-1y

THE NEW
VICTOR SEWING MACHINE.
THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD.
Divested of every loose and clumsy attachments and every delicate and complicated contrivances.
Self Setting Needle.
The most Perfect Shuttle.
Movements all Positive.
No reaction from Springs.
AGENTS WANTED.
Address:
VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO.,
5410th St. 4 Doors West of Broadway, N. Y.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY AT
MIDDLETOWN, CONN.
51-11

ODE TO WASHINGTON.

[The following ode, for Washington's birthday, is a literary curiosity. It is not to be found in any of the different editions of Burns' poems, but is copied from the original manuscript now possessed by a gentleman in Cincinnati.]

I.

No Spartan tube, no attic shell,
No lyre Æolian I awake;
The Liberty's bold note I swell,
My harp, Columbia, let me take.
See gathering thousands, while I sing,
A broken chain, exulting, bring
And dash it in a tyrant's face!
And dare him to his very beard,
And tell him he no more is feared.
No more the Despot of Columbia's race,
Tyrant's proudest insults brave,
They shout, a People freed! They hail an Empire
saved.

II.

Where is man's godlike form?
Where is that brow erect and bold,
That eye that can, unmoved, behold
The wildest rage, the loudest storm,
That e'er created fury dared to raise?
Avaunt! then, castrif, servile, base,
That tremblest at a Despot's nod.
Yet, crouching under thy iron rod,
Canst thou the arm that struck the insulting blow,
Art thou of man's immortal line?
Dost thou that countenance divine?
Each skulking feature answers, No!
But come, ye sons of Liberty,
Columbia's offspring, brave as free,
In Danger's hour still flaming in the van,
Ye know and dare maintain the Royalty of man.

III.

Alfred, on thy starry throne,
Surrounded by the tuneful choir,
The bard that erst have struck the patriot lyre,
And roused the free-born Briton's soul of fire,
No more thy England own,
Dare injured nations from the great design
To make detected tyrants bleed?
Thy England execrates the glorious deed
Beneath her hostile banners waving,
Every pang of honor-braving,
England in thunder calls—"The Tyrant's cause is
mine!"
That hour accurst, how did the fiends rejoice,
And hush! all their confessions arise the exulting
voice—
That hour which saw the generous English name
Link with such damned deeds of everlasting
shame!

IV.

Thou, Caledonia, thy wild heaths among,
Famed for the martial deed, the heaven-taught
song,
To thee I turn with swimming eyes,
Where is that soul of Freedom fled?
Immingled with mighty Dea!
Beneath that hallowed turf where Wallace lies,
Hear it not, Wallace, in thy bed of Death!
Ye babbling winds in silence sweep;
Disturb not ye the hero's sleep,
Nor give the coward secret breath.
Is this the ancient Caledonian form,
Firm as her rock, restless as her storm?
Show me that eye which shot immortal hate,
Blasting the Despot's proudest bearing;
Show me that arm, which, nerved with thundering
fate,
Braved Usurpation's boldest daring!
Dark quenched as yonder sinking star,
No more that glance lightens afar;
That palmed arm no more whirled on the waste of
war.

FAITH MURRAY'S VOW.

Not an ungenerous girl was Faith Murray by any manner of means, and her honest blue eyes were very pleasant and kindly to look in. A part, nevertheless, of Faith's inheritance from her high-headed Scotch ancestry had been a somewhat hasty and jealous disposition, and a goodly share of their own unyielding obstinacy. As her mother was apt to remark at times: "Faith is a dear girl, but she needs management, and it isn't everybody that knows her."

Not "everybody," indeed; and assuredly not such a bluff, frank, straightforward up-and-down fellow as Curtis Howland.

Tall, broad-shouldered, curly-headed, dark-eyed was Curt, and his white teeth were perpetually gleaming, through his heavy mustache, in a smile that betokened good-will to every soul he met, male or female.

That was very much the way in which he came so utterly to grief in his "management" of Faith Murray. He was as true as steel and she knew it; but his universal popularity had shaped itself, strangely enough, into one of her pet grievances, and this she had nursed into such strength that its evil energy burst forth, at last, just at the wrong time and place.

Openly, angrily, and in the hearing of others even, had Faith told Curt, on their return from the last picnic and boating party of the season, that she "would never put her foot into a boat of his again."

Curt had replied, with a laugh, "Then I'll always have to borrow one for you of somebody else;" but Faith learned afterward that, from that day forth, the square-nosed but light-built and almost handsome skiff, which had carried so merry a party to the picnic, had never, since that day, been loosed from its chain at the head of the little cove where the Howland farm came down to the river.

When winter approached, the boat had been taken out, of course, and carefully carted to its customary shed near the great barns, but Faith felt very sure that no other female foot since her own had been permitted to step within it.

As week had followed week, and month after month went by, Curt Howland's broad and merry face had seemed to grow a trifle graver and more thoughtful; his thoughts, however serious they may have been, had taught him little additional wisdom. If they had, he would have known better than to say what he did to Faith when he made his first out-and-out effort at reconciliation.

He had refused all along to be on any other than "speaking terms," and had "left Faith to do her own 'quarreling' in a way that was exceedingly impolitic and exasperating."

She had fairly longed to see him show some signs of temper or sentiment, and she had derived no small degree of satisfaction from the manner in which he had treated his boat. She had fairly warmed toward him, one day, when she learned of his borrowing a skiff to go duck-hunting, and yet she had muttered:

"He said he would borrow a boat to take me out in, but I'll teach him a lesson yet!"

Perhaps Curt thought he had learned all the lesson that was necessary, but, at all events, one fine December day, he decided to call for Faith Murray and

ask her to go with him on the grand sleighing-party to the "quilting-bee" across the river. There would be such a magnificent drive on the ice, and such a splendid opportunity to make up, and Curt had laid the matter very close, indeed, to his heart and hopes.

And yet, even when he went after her, he blundered, just like himself, from the very beginning. Instead of dashing up in his gay little cutter, with "just room for two," the sleigh he drove was the biggest of all the half-dozen or so that were hitched in front of Squire Murray's ample door-way, and Faith had said to herself, as she looked at it from the window:

"Looks as if he was going to carry all the girls in the neighborhood!" and her blue eyes had darkened, and her fair cheeks had flushed with fresh vexation. She was, every bit, ready to take fire, therefore, a few minutes later, when her too open-hearted admirer asked:

"You'll step into my sleigh, won't you, Faith, even if you won't put your foot in my boat?"

And she answered sharply:

"No, indeed, I don't care to ride in an omnibus. You will, doubtless, have plenty of company without me."

If Curt Howland had seemed to make light of his rebuff at the summer picnic, it was very different now, and there was something in the pained, hurt, disappointed expression of his manly and really handsome face that would have carried the day in his favor under any other circumstances. Every girl in the room was on his side in a moment—but Faith's rosy cheeks burned only the hotter for her consciousness of that fact—and the only person present who felt any real satisfaction was Sile Herring, the village lawyer, who was now sure of his good fortune to officiate as Faith Murray's escort to and from the quilting.

As for Curt himself, not a word said he, but turned steadily and dignifiedly toward the door, and in another minute the quick, sharp jingle of bells told Faith that his sleigh was, like his boat, doomed to go empty of lady-passengers until her own feet came back to it.

Up to that moment Curt's mind had been occupied only with joyous anticipations of reconciliation with Faith, and of the fun he would have on the sleigh-ride, going and coming, as well as the quilting. Now, however, as his fleet team drew him swiftly along the river-road on his lonely way homeward, his eyes wandered up and down the river, predisposed to discover anything that might appear to suggest an interference with the contemplated merry-making.

It is very strange how differently the world will look to a man in one frame of mind and another! That morning the sun had been cheery, the sleighing had been extraordinarily good, and Curt's merry eyes had discovered no flaws in the prospect; but now, as if his wits were sharpened by Faith Murray's rough reply, he began to discern that the snow was remarkably soft and "soggy;" and that, although the first "freeze" of the winter had been a severe one, and the ice had formed thick and strong, there had now, for several days, been altogether too much sunshine; and there was no such thing as telling what the effect of it might be.

Up and down the white expanse he gazed, and here and there he saw light cutters and even heavily-laden wood-sleighs crossing and recrossing, and the former now and then putting an extra burst of speed over the smooth and glancing surface. Neither to the right hand nor to the left did he turn, however, and by the time Faith Murray and her friends were on their way to the quilting, Curt Howland's team was safe in the stable, while his big sleigh stood empty by the back-door of the house, with all its buffalo-ropes, blankets, clumsiness and disgrace, still clinging to its unoccupied places.

As for Faith herself, she had hardly ever seemed in such exuberant spirits as she displayed that evening, and Mr. Silas Herring assumed for himself a species of personal triumph, as he compared his own position and occupation with what he could imagine of Curt Howland's brooding at home over his defeat. The quilting was thronged with young people and old, from far and near, but good, old-fashioned hours were kept, nevertheless, and all the more so, probably, because of the anticipated pleasures of the sleigh-rides afterward.

If Faith Murray had any remorseful promptings concerning her conduct, she certainly gave no external token thereof, and led the fun as if she had never heard of such a person as Curtis Howland. Perhaps a keen observer, like her own mother, if only that good lady had been present, might have inclined to the idea that Faith was "over-doing" something, but Silas Herring was not a keen observer, and the rest of the merry company neither thought nor cared what might be the source of her high spirits. When at last the "quilting-bee" broke up, those whose homeward-way did not permit them to drive in the direction of the river, were half disposed to envy those whose better fortune was to lead them across its broad, smooth bosom. They little dreamed how much to be preferred were the rougher but more safe and solid roads that took them even among rugged hills and heavily-drifted valleys.

Somehow or other, instead of going to bed at his usual hour, Curt Howland had lingered and lounged in front of his glowing, log-heaped fireplace, long after every other soul in the house had gone to bed. He had pretended at first to occupy himself with a book, but by-and-by the volume dropped on the floor. Then for awhile Curt seemed to be absorbed in watching the vivid changes wrought by the fire as the seasoned-oak and hickory slowly yielded; and then, as the fore-stick snapped in two, and

plunged among the coals with a strange, crackling sound, he suddenly sprang to his feet, threw on his hat and overcoat, and strode out into the open air in front of the house. It was a clear, beautiful night, just the sort for a sleigh-ride, and not so cold but that there was a continual drip, drip, at the eaves of the house. The tinkle of the falling drops, however, with now and then the crash of a loosened icicle, fell on his ears with a painful jar. Could it be possible that such a man had nerves? But now, swiftly down the road there came a sound of bells, and the vision of a sleigh was halted for a moment by the gate.

"Howland!" shouted a deep, hoarse voice. "Ah, you are up, are you? Well, there's a big rise in the river, and it's a comin' this way fast. I've been just a racin' down the road to warn folks not to try the ice, but I reckon I've come as far as I need. Can you give me a sleep and a breakfast?"

"Of course I can," promptly replied Curt, "and you've done a right-good neighborly thing. It's Jake Robinson, isn't it?"

"That's my name," heartily responded the stranger, "and I've only tried to do as I'd be done by."

"Well, then," said Curt, "you go into the house and go to bed. I'll hitch up my team and see if I can make out to keep the sleighing-party from mischief. There must be time enough for that, yet, seeing the quilting comes first—"

"I'll stable my horses," replied the philanthropic Jake, "but don't go into no bed, so long's there's anybody likely to be in danger. Drag out your sleigh. Is that it? Well, there's room into it for more'n two, there is."

Curt Howland's movements were always a good deal more rapid and decisive than they seemed, and it was marvelous how quickly he and Jake were whirling down toward the customary crossing. In one thing, however, Curt had been woefully mistaken, and that was in the probable hour for the quilting to break up. Even while he was putting the harness on his good team, there were terrible perils gathering around the gay sleigh-riders. Not only had the "bee" dispersed, but already had a dozen different sets of bells rang fast and far on the frozen river, and already the first symptoms of the coming "rise" were beginning to show themselves in the ominous groaning of the ice as the tide beneath it strained and lifted at its frosty fetters. Beyond a doubt they would be broken ere long.

"Hark!" exclaimed Curt, as he drove out from the shore. "Did you hear that? We shall hardly have time to get across, I'm afraid."

"Then they won't need no warnin'," coolly remarked Jake.

"Hark!" again cried Curt Howland, but hoarsely this time, and with something like pain in the intensity of his utterance. "I did hear it! There's a team coming down the river at a run!" Jake Robinson himself heard it now, and exclaimed:

"It does sound mighty like a runaway, I declare. Just bark to them bells!"

Curt's breath would have come even faster and his heart would have jumped more fiercely if he had known the whole truth. The horses of the sleighing-party had recognized the signs of approaching danger much more promptly than had their masters, nor had it been at all difficult, in most cases, for their skillful drivers to head the frightened but willing brutes toward safety and the shore. The single exception had been in the young and stylish but ill-broken span over which Sile Herring held the reins, for the gay young lawyer was not only not a "skillful driver," but he had failed to understand the situation at first, and had lashed his poor colts mercilessly for their trembling refusal to go forward. Even when he consented to wheel them, he had not been able to guide them landward, for a great heave and groan of the ice around him had just then nearly scared the senses out of both him and his quadrupeds. In a moment more the fright of the latter was a wild "runaway" right down the river, and certainly had one good result, for it bore the sleigh and its occupants swiftly away from what was fast becoming an angry tumult of cracking, tossing, grinding fragments. All this Curt Howland did not know, but, nevertheless, he drove straight forward instantly, with a dim idea of giving help to somebody. Well for him that he did so, for, in less than half a minute, he found himself spinning along at almost racing speed behind a light sleigh, in which there shortly arose a female form, which he knew only too well, while a clear, firm voice exclaimed:

"O, Curt, the ice is breaking! Drive ashore right away!"

And he had shouted in reply:

"Head 'em for the island, Sile; you can bring 'em in there. I'll follow right on. Don't be scared—Faith, I won't leave you."

And then another form had risen in the sleigh, and Faith Murray herself caught the falling reins as Sile Herring dropped them and sprang out upon the ice. It was a rash and foolish thing to do, and Curt reined in just long enough to say—

"That's it, Jake; jump out and drag him ashore while I go on after the run-aways."

Jake obeyed heroically, and he found that Sile Herring did indeed require "dragging" to get him ashore, after that wild spring and thump upon the ice.

Faith was alone in her sleigh now, and but little sorry for that, to tell the truth, or even that she had the reins in her own hands, for she knew how to manage them far better than the panic-stricken youth who had, deserted her, while the colts themselves were getting the first frenzy of their fright somewhat raced

out of them. The brave girl knew very well what Curt meant by "the island;" a low-lying bit of duck-marsh and driftwood hardly above the water's edge, not a great way farther down-stream, but in the very middle of the river. She thought it a strange stopping-place, at first, until she recalled how bluff and steep were the banks on either side of the river for miles below the accustomed "crossing."

Straight for the island, then, and Curt Howland's sleigh was close behind her; but, even as her wild young team sprang up the low acclivity, there came to Faith's ears a sharp, quick, snapping sound; the reins were jerked from her hands, and she found herself suddenly sitting still in her light cutter, while the colts went madly on, with the pole and its attachments banging at their heels. No uncommon thing for "irons" to snap, under such circumstances; and, if Faith was dismayed for a moment, Curt Howland felt a good deal more inclined to a hearty thanks-giving.

"Jump in, Faith, jump in!" he shouted cheerily, as drove alongside the cutter. "Don't you see you'll be my only passenger?"

Even in that moment of awful peril, however, Faith's obstinacy yielded slowly, and she was replying, half argumentatively:

"But, Curt, how will you ever get ashore? Don't you see that the ice is breaking? Won't we be safer on the island?"—when she found herself caught up in strong arms and lifted, with or without her will, to a snug place among the blankets and buffalo-ropes at the bottom of the big sleigh.

"The river is rising. There is a great flood coming down!" exclaimed Curt. "In half an hour the island will be under water, and everything on it swept away. I'd never have known if Jake Robinson hadn't warned me. I hitched up and came out as soon as I got the news. Thank God!"

Faith Murray felt a glow and a melting at her heart as she listened, but she made no reply. The situation certainly seemed hardly to favor much conversation, for Curt was driving fiercely up the river again, and everywhere the signs of the approaching "break-up" were growing more and more fearful and threatening.

"Why don't you drive down?" she asked.

"The rapids are only half frozen," replied Curt, "and we should surely be lost if we got into them. Besides, the water is shallower up here, and the horses will find their footing sooner after we break in."

"After we break in!" repeated Faith, to herself. "Why, the sleigh will go right to the bottom. He is terribly cool about it!"

It was a cool subject, perhaps, and Faith felt the icy shudders creep over her, in spite of her courage, as she noted how far they yet were from any possible landing-place.

And now the booming, moaning sound that Faith had heard once before that evening, began to fill their ears, and the sleigh slid hither on the undulating surface, and Curt lashed his faithful, powerful span to their utmost exertion. Every minute seemed an hour; but now, at last, Curt exclaimed, exultingly:

"Hurrah, Faith! We are beyond the deep channel, I think. Back there the current is swift, and the ice will break and pile. It's breaking now! See it!—see the great cakes go over and over?"

"But, Curt," responded the almost shivering beauty, "don't you see that the ice is parting from the shore ahead of us, just because it piles up out yonder? I can tell by the moonlight on the water. O Curt, dear, it is dreadful to be drowned, but it's even worse to think that I've brought you out here, too. Can't you swim ashore? O Curt, I've been so very bad to you!"

"You wait a moment!" shouted the single-minded young athlete, as he gave his team the lash again. "If we can only get a little nearer the edge of the ice. Ha! there it comes! Down in the bottom of the boat, Faith, I must use my oars; now—quick—hurrah!"

Faith Murray had hid her face in the furs that almost covered her as she stooped, but she heard a wild, fierce, frightened neigh; a great splashing plunge, as the horses went into the water; the cracking of ice, mingled with the roaring sound of the flood; and then, instead of the arctic bath for which she had prepared herself, she was conscious of an easy, rocking, floating motion, and the music of rowlocks, as the oars were swung strongly back and forth by the sinewy arms of Curt Howland.

Then, at last, her astonishment got the better of her fear and she looked timidly out from her hiding-place; but the color came fast into her cheeks again as he did so.

"The boat, Curt?" she said.

"Yes, the old boat herself," he replied. "I put it on instead of the sleigh-box, to come after you with, just for the fun of it, and covered it all over with robes and blankets. I only expected a good laugh, but now it has saved both our lives. You didn't mean to put your foot in my sleigh and the boat at the same time, did you, Faith?"

"O Curt, forgive me!" was all the answer that came just then, and Faith felt specially relieved at the remark which instantly followed.

"There are the horses—safe on their feet in the shallow and making for the shore. We'll be there, too, in five minutes. Just look at the lanterns along shore! There must be twenty men!"

Down went Faith Murray's head among the furs again, but in spite of the roaring water and the rattle of the rowlocks, she could plainly hear the exultant, happy, almost cooing tones of a deep, musical voice, that repeated her name over, and over, and over, with other words that seemed to be fitted

wonderfully well both to name and voice.

"The boat and the sleigh, both!"

How strangely her rash and cruel words had come to naught, and what a man among men was Curtis Howland!

When at last the square prow of the skiff grated on the ice and gravel at the margin, and the strong arms once more caught her up and bore her onward, Faith Murray's blushing face was ready to nestle close to Curt's shoulder, and she whispered:

"No other boat but yours, if you'll forgive me—no, not so long as I live!"

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[From the Catskill Recorder of Nov. 15, 1872.]

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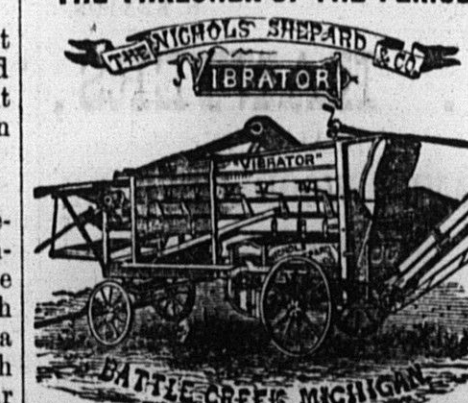
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Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters

are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetters, Salt-Rheum, Blisters, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Bites, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

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For Diseases of the

THROAT AND LUNGS,

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Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

The few compositions which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues. Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of marvelous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues, never equalled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors, to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, that is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering, and even life is saved by this timely protection. The prudent should not neglect it, and the wise will not keep it by you for the protection it affords by its timely use in sudden attacks.

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Work for Everybody. Good Wages. Permanent Employment. Men and Women wanted. Full particulars free.

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Now and then a happy hit sends a man high up the scale of fortune and favor. The blow must be well aimed and skillfully struck however. Dr. Kress, an old man physician, made such a timely hit when he discovered the combination that made Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It is a specific for fevers, because it destroys the fever producing germs that enter the system; it drives the disease away. Containing neither Arsenic, Strichnine nor any other poisonous ingredient, no harmful effects follow its use. Box of Liver Pills free with every bottle.

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Harriet Beecher Stowe,

Author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "The Minister's Wooing," "My Wife and I,"

and other powerful stories, each the literary sensation of its period; and this story promises a like genuine and wholesome sensation. It bears directly on social topics of interest, embracing the romance of youthful companionships, the brightness of happy home-life, the spicy complications of neighborhood associations, and such follies and profound domestic miseries as have led to the widespread Temperance movement of the day.

Mrs. Stowe is now in the prime of that genius which wrote "Uncle Tom," ripened by years of study and observation. Her novels are immensely popular, "Uncle Tom's Cabin" alone out-selling by hundreds of thousands any edition of any original work ever published—save the Bible. Her book two years ago, "My Wife and I," outsold every contemporary. Such a pure and ennobling story as "We and Our Neighbors" should be read in every home. This attractive Serial is just beginning *exclusively* in the

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MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

NEW DRESS SILKS!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we have this season added to our Stock, a NEW and COMPLETE Line of

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS, LADIES' SUITS AND SACKS AND SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS.

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All First Class Goods. At the Lowest Cash Prices.

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A CARD.

To the Public of the City of Holland and Vicinity.

In view of the vacancy in the Medical Profession, occasioned by the departure of my Father Dr. B. Ledebøer, I would respectfully announce to my friends and to the Public, that I have resolved to remain here and reside in this city, and practice my Profession. I have established my office in Van Landegend's brick building, 2nd floor, where I can be found DAY AND NIGHT.

In case of absence leave orders for all calls on the slate at the door.

Respectfully Yours,

F. S. LEDEBOER, M. D.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 1, 1874. 110-14cl-1f

Boots and Shoes,

At the Store of

L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

Judiciously and carefully selected for the season, and comprising the most complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES ever offered in THE CITY OF HOLLAND.

LADIES, GENTS, YOUTHS, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,

Of the Latest Styles.

CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING Done at short notice.

Cash Paid for Hides.

Our prices compare favorable with those of our neighbors, and it is our purpose to compete successfully with the trade outside this city, intending not only to satisfy our old friends, but to draw a new trade to this city and the Boot and Shoe Store of

L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

HOLLAND, April 1, 1874. 46-14cl-1y

For Sale.

20 Acres on the North Side of Black Lake. With a good view of Holland City; Eight acres in fruit, and a good House and Well. Price \$3,500. H. BACON. 111-123

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SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

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J. DUURSEMA & CO.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Stoneware, Notions and Trimmings, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Glassware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices. **J. DUURSEMA & CO.**

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND, MICH. 116-1f

The trial of Prof. Swing.

Now that this interesting trial is at an end, it will not be amiss to give a summary of it, starting with its remote beginning. Its source was in the publication last summer in the Pittsburgh *Presbyterian Banner* of an article reflecting upon Prof. Swing's orthodoxy, which was copied with comments by Dr. Patton, editor of the *Interior*, a Presbyterian paper published at Chicago. This action called forth a letter from Prof. Swing exculpating himself from the charges of the *Banner* and rebutting the comments of the *Interior*. Dr. Patton rejoined with an editorial in the *Interior*, which was followed by another letter from Prof. Swing. The newspaper controversy, attracted the attention of the Presbyterian Clergy, and at the regular weekly meeting of the Presbyterian ministers of Chicago, held at the close of April the subject of Dr. Patton's repeated criticisms, as editor of the *Interior*, of Dr. Swing's sermons, was discussed and universally condemned as unwarrantable and incorrect. At the meeting it was resolved that on a future occasion the Presbyterian Association of Chicago should meet and pass resolutions expressing their feeling in the matter. At the next meeting of the Association, the question came up for discussion, twelve Elders and twenty-six ministers being present. The first shot was fired by the Patton party who presented a resolution indorsing the article in the *Interior*, which stated that "there are those who doubt, and we among them, that Prof. Swing believes that Christ is God; that the death of Christ was an expiatory sacrifice; that men were justified by faith alone; that the punishment of the wicked is eternal; and that he believes in the Church doctrine of the Trinity, and in the regenerating influence of the Spirit;" and stating that it was the duty of the author of the article to bring the subject matter thereof under the notice of the Presbytery with a view to its determining, on inquiry, whether said doubts were well or ill-founded. After a short but sharp debate the resolution was tabled by an overwhelming vote. During his speech in support of the resolution Dr. Patton gave notice that he would, at the meeting of the Presbytery in April, prefer formal charges against Prof. Swing. On the 14th of April the Chicago Presbytery began its annual meeting. In the afternoon the charges, two in number, were presented by Dr. Patton. The first charge, which was supported by twenty-five specifications, set forth that Prof. David Swing had not been zealous and faithful in maintaining the truths of the Gospel, and had not been faithful and diligent in the exercise of the duties of his position. The second charge, supported by four specifications, set forth that Prof. David Swing did not sincerely receive and adopt the Confession of Faith of the Presbyterian Church, as containing the system of doctrines taught in the Holy Scriptures. The strongest points urged in the charges were that Prof. Swing had shown himself in his sermons to be guilty of Sabellianism and Unitarianism; that he had used unwarrantable language about Penelope; that he had preached in aid of the Mary Price Collier Unitarian Chapel, and had totally rejected three great Presbyterian tenets.

After a warm debate, the charges and specifications were referred to the Judiciary Committee, somewhat amended, and Monday, May 4, fixed as the time for the commencement of proceedings. On this day the accused presented his plea in which he set forth that he was a New School Presbyterian, and submitted a number of observations setting forth his Christian creed.

Dr. Patton made a strenuous but unsuccessful demand for a continuance, and on the following day the examination of witnesses commenced. The testimony was all in on Monday, the 11th, and on the following day the prosecutor began his argument. The argument of Dr. Patton was able and if this evidence had been equally strong, the verdict would undoubtedly have been different from what it was. His analysis of Prof. Swing's sermons was very lengthy, and in it he urged that the accused was not a good New School Presbyterian and that in his sermon on John Stuart Mill he had preached heresy of the most unmistakable description. He insisted that the accused was neither faithful nor zealous in the performance of his ministerial duties, and gave notice that, if defeated in his attempt to convict Prof. Swing of heresy, he would carry the case before the Synod. He accused the Professor of being a Unitarian, of having grossly insulted such time-honored patriarchs as Adam and Moses, and others, and of being generally unsound in his doctrines.

Saturday, May 16, Prof. Swing took up the argument for defense, and in a telling speech, which gained him the sympathy of the audience throughout, he contrasted his own theology with that of the prosecutor. He showed his reasons for eulogizing John Stuart Mill were purely orthodox. An explanation of his views of the 109th Psalm was one of the strongest points made, but that part of his argument which from its extremely caustic nature was most relished by the immense audi-

ence, was when he made it plain that Dr. Patton relied much more for his theology upon the Confession of Faith than upon the Bible.

On Wednesday, May 20th, the Presbytery gave their opinion in the case and acquitted Prof. Swing by a vote of 47 to 14.

One of the members thereupon gave notice that in accordance with an article of the Confession, he would move that the prosecutor be censured as a slanderer of the Gospel ministry, he having failed to prove any of the charges or specifications.

Prof. Patton begged leave, with all respect to the body, to give notice that it was his intention to appeal from the decision to the Synod of Northern Illinois at its next session in October.

Here the case was supposed to end, at least for the present. Prof. Swing has since withdrawn from the Presbyterian Church, preferring to retire from that denomination, rather than to remain where one "has power to arraign him from time to time on some dead dogma, or over the middle of a sentence, or over some Sabellian or Mohammedan word."

Prof. Swing's Congregation do not wish to part with him as their preacher, and in order to accommodate affairs, it has been resolved upon that the Fourth Presbyterian Church shall remain in the denomination, and that Prof. Swing in leaving that church and the denomination shall be retained as their preacher, independent of any regulations or government. The church had a floating indebtedness of \$20,000 which was provided for in less than fifteen minutes, upon the conclusion of the morning service on last Sunday, the subscribers representing some of the most influential men of that city, and belonging to different denominations.

New Advertisements.

Hardware Store!

E. VAN DER VEEN,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK.

GENERAL Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, to well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,

Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

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PHENIX

Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery,

Of the Most Approved Patterns;

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN,

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER

WE SHALL MAKE A

SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

46-34s-1y

RHEUMATISM

NEURALGIA

FACTS SWORN TO

Dr. J. P. Fidler. Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, I have perfected Dr. Fidler's Vegetable Rheumatism Syrup. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, N. and Rheumatism diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1874. F. A. OSBOURN, Notary Public, P. A.

We Clergymen were cured by it, and will testify any one who wishes. Rev. T. J. Fidler, D. D., Franklin, Pa. Rev. C. J. Fidler, M. D., P. A. Rev. A. S. Fidler, M. D., P. A. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. J. C. Rogers, Falls Church, Va. Afflicted should write Dr. Fidler, Philadelphia, Pa. and guarantee gratis, \$10 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge. A reality. Sold by druggists.

P. S. Dr. Fidler's Pills, 30 cts., should be used with Syrup. 106-1y

BENSON & WADSWORTH.

IMPORTERS OF

Brandies and Champagnes,

No. 30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Sole Agents in the United States for the

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OF RHEIMS, COGNAC AND LONDON.

Benson's Fine Old Golden Grape Cognac is the finest Brandy ever exported from a French vineyard, and can be procured only from us. Champagnes, Sherries and Ports of the finest flavors, all from the houses of C. C. Benson & Co. Our goods are sold and delivered in their original packages as they left the vineyard in France, and guaranteed perfectly pure.

Price List sent free on application. 115-1y

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of OTTAWA, IN CHANCERY.

CHARLES SCOTT, Complainant,

vs.

FRANKIE A. MCGEORGE, NATHANIEL T. MCGEORGE, JOSEPH OXNER, WILLIAM OXNER, Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, In Chancery, made in the above entitled cause on the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1874, Notice is hereby given that on the SECOND (2nd) DAY OF JUNE next (1874), at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in the said County of Ottawa, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, known and described as Lot number two, in the north-west fractional quarter of section thirty (30), in township five (5), North of Range fifteen (15) West, according to the recorded plat of said section thirty, now of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, to which reference is hereby made for a more particular description; the premises said to contain ten acres of land, be the same more or less.

Dated, April 10, 1874.

EDWIN BAXTER, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

GEORGE W. MCBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor. 113-119

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, Twentieth Judicial Circuit, IN CHANCERY. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, In Chancery, at Grand Haven, in said County, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1874.

DENNIS DESHONG, Complainant,

vs.

NANCY MARILLA DESHONG, Defendant.

In this case, it appearing from affidavit of the Complainant, that the defendant Nancy Marilla Deshong is a resident of this State, and that process for her appearance has been duly issued, but the same could not be served by reason of her continued absence from such place of residence:

On motion of Edwin Baxter, Complainant's Solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendant Nancy Marilla Deshong be entered herein within three months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance she cause her answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the Complainant's Solicitor within fifteen days after service on her of a copy of said Bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof, said Bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident Defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident Defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

GEORGE W. MCBRIDE, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

EDWIN BAXTER, Complainant's Solicitor. 115-221

A true copy—A. A. TRACY, Register.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the Radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHOEA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance; Piles, &c.

Price, in sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also, DR. SILL'S REMEDY FOR PILES. Send for circular.

Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co.,

127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, Post-Office Box 4,586. -Jy-12

Dr. E. WOODRUFF,

BOTANIC PHYSICIAN,

38 CANAL STREET

[UP STAIRS.]

WHO has for the past twelve years been located in Opera Block, has now, since he

burned out, removed his stock to 38 Canal street, where he continues to cure every description of ACUTE, CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASE, on the most reasonable terms. He manufactures all his remedies from the raw material, hence, known to be PURELY VEGETABLE. He uses no MINERALS OR POISONS. Having prescribed for over eighteen thousand patients within the past ten years, WITHOUT LOSING ONE OF THEM, where he was the only doctor called. He guarantees reasonable satisfaction in the treatment of every disease which affects humanity.

He keeps constantly on hand over 200 kinds of the most choice Roots, Bark and Herbs, and over 100 kinds of his own manufacture of medicines. He is to be found at his office at all hours—day or night.

Among the leading articles of medicine manufactured by him are his LIVER SYRUPS, COUGH SYRUPS, and FEMALE RESTORATIVES; all of which give universal satisfaction. Call and counsel with a doctor who will promise you nothing but what he will faithfully perform, and will correctly locate your disease and give you a correct diagnosis of your case without asking you scarcely a question. Liver complaints treated for fifty cents per week, and other diseases in proportion. Council at the office FREE.

Liver Complaint treated for fifty cents per week and other diseases in proportion. Counsel at the office free. Medicine sent by express all parts of the United States. 23-1.

TEA. AGENTS WANTED.

TEA AGENTS wanted in town and country to sell TEA, or get up club orders, for the largest Tea company in America. Importers' prices and inducements to Agents. Send for circular. Address ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1297.

The Christian Union, Henry Ward Beecher, Editor, of Oct. 25th last, says: "Parties wishing to get up clubs, and all who can get orders for TEA, should write him for a circular."

The New York Weekly Tribune, of Sept. 2d, says: "All 'Granges' should write Robt. Wells for circular."

The Scythe, of Sept. 30, says: "Robt. Wells is thoroughly reliable." 115-1y

PERSONAL.

Dr. J. H. Carpenter would announce to the citizens of Holland City and vicinity, that after twelve years' experience in the practice of Medicines, Surgery and Midwifery, he is now permanently located in this City, where he will continue to practice his profession. Returning his thanks for past patronage, he hopes to receive a share for the future and to be able to satisfy all reasonable expectation.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 15, 1874.