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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIX.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1890.

NO. 16

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT

HOLLAND, - MICH.

MULDER & NAGELKERK,
PUBLISHERS.

Rates of advertising made known
on application.

Holland City State Bank.

Organized under the general banking law.

Paid up Capital. 37,000.

J. VAN PUTTEN, President;
L. VAN PUTTEN, Vice Pres.;
C. VER SCHURE, Cashier.

Transact a Commercial
Banking Business.

Bills of Exchange sold on all principal cities in
Europe. Domestic Exchange sold at reason-
able rates. Collections promptly attend-
ed to and remitted on day of payment.
Interest paid on time deposits.
Business hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. after
March 1, 4-6m.

The First State Bank.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

Organized under the Michigan Banking Laws.

ISAAC CAPPON, President,
J. W. BEARDSLEE, Vice President.
ISAAC MARSHALL, Cashier.

Transacts a general banking business. Also
has a savings department, in which deposits of
5 cents or more are received. Interest paid on
all time and savings deposits. Savings de-
partment also open every Saturday evening.

DIRECTORS:
I. Cappon, J. W. Garvelink
J. W. Beardslee, G. W. Mokma,
Paul Steketee, G. J. Diekema,
G. J. Kollen, I. Marzelle,
J. C. Post.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DIEKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections
promptly attended to. Office, Van der
Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, L. J., Justice of the Peace, Notary
Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St.,
near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office: Post's block, corner Eighth and
River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, J. P. Sank & Br., Proprietors,
Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confection-
ery, etc., Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth
and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly
attended to.

Clothing.

VORST, W., Tailor. Revolving and repairing
clothing a specialty cheap and good. River
street.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and
dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest
market price paid for what Office in Brick
store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D.,
Proprietor.

DIESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Palato and Oils, Branes, Toilet
Articles and Perfumery, Imported Havana, Key
West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First
Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully
compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist;
a full stock of goods pertaining to the
business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers.
Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth
and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy
Goods and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods. No
tious, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth
street next to Bank.

CRANDALL, B. S., dealer in Department Goods
and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar,
Eighth street.

DE JONGH, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth
street opp. Union School building.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise,
and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy But-
ter always on hand. River street cor. Ninth.

STEKETEE, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry
Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The
finest stock of Groceries in the city, cor. Eighth
and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine
Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth
street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in
Dry Goods, Groceries, Cereals, Hats and
Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

WIER, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods,
Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite
City Hall.

Furniture.

BROUWER, JAS. A., Dealer in Furniture,
Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer
& Co's old stand, River St.

VERBEEK, W., dealer in Furniture, Wall
Paper, Picture Frames, Household Decora-
tions and Novelties. Eighth street.

Flour Mills.

WALSH DE BOO & CO., Manufacturers of
Bolle Flour, proprietors of Standard Roll-
er Mills. Daily capacity, 800 barrels.

Hardware.

KANTERS BROS., dealers in general hardware,
Stoves and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52
Eighth street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hard-
ware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheetiron ware.
Corner River and Eighth streets.

Hotels.

PHENIX HOTEL, C. H. Jacobus, proprietor,
On Eighth street, near C. & W. M. depot.
Refurnished and renovated throughout. Rates,
\$1.50 a day.

Mann's stories, Mills, shops, Etc.

LIEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufac-
turer and blacksmith shop. Also manufac-
turer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Proprietor,
capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor.
Maple and Tenth streets.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist Mill and
Engine Repairer a specialty. Shop on Sev-
enth street, near River.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder and Con-
tractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on
River street.

KEYSTONE PLANING MILL, J. B. Kleyn,
Proprietor, Architect and Builder, dealer in
Lumber, Lath, Shingles, and Brick. Sixth street

PHOENIX PLANING MILL, B. L. Scott, Proprietor,
dealer in lumber, lath, shingles and
brick. River street.

TAKKEN & DE SPEIJDER, Manufacturers of
Carriages, Wagons, Outlets Sleighs. Sole
owners of IXL Patent Wagon. Special attention
to Horseshoeing and Repairing. River street.

Merchant Tailors.

BRUSSE BROS., Merchant Tailors.

Meat Markets.

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER, dealers in all
kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, River street.

VAN DER VEERE, WILLIAM, First Ward
Meat Market. Choice meats always on
hand. Eighth street, near Fish.

Photographer.

LA FAYETTE, J., Photographer. The best
work and the lowest prices. Gallery, 2nd
door east of the City Hotel.

Physicians.

KREMEERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Resi-
dence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market.
Office at the drug store of H. Kremers. Office
hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m. and from 5 to 6 p. m.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office
at Walsh's drug store. Residence, corner
Eighth and Fish streets. The house formerly
occupied by L. Spruiell. Office hours: 9 to
10 a. m., and 5 to 6 p. m.

Saloons.

BROWN, P., dealer in liquors and cigars of all
kinds. Eighth street near River.

SEERY MICHAEL, dealer in Wines, Liquors,
and Cigars. Saloon in First Ward, three
doors east of City Hall.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and
dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market
and Eighth streets.

STEVENSON, C. A., successor to H. Wyk-
huysen, Jeweler and Optician, Eighth street
opposite Walsh's drug store.

Miscellaneous.

WOLTMAN, A., Manufacturer of Fine Ha-
vana Cigars, and dealer in Cigars, To-
bacco, Pipes, etc.

BEST, MRS. R. B., has a very fine line of
Fancy Goods and materials for fancy work.
Ladies, call. Ninth street, between Market
and Cedar streets.

DE KEYSER, C., Newspaper and Periodical
Subscription Agency. Leave order for any
publication in U. S. or Canada with him at P. O.

KEPPEL, T., dealer in lumber, lath, shingles,
salt, sand and calcined plaster. Corner
Eighth and Cedar street.

CITY MARKETS.

PRODUCE, ETC.

(Corrected every Friday by B. Steketee.)

WHOLESALE.	RETAIL.
Beans, \$1.00 to \$1.50	Beans, \$1.25 to \$2.00
Butter, 10c to 12c	Butter, 12c to 15c
Eggs, 10c to 12c	Eggs, 12c to 15c
Honey, 10c to 12c	Honey, 12c to 15c
Onions, 10c to 12c	Onions, 12c to 15c
Potatoes, 10c to 12c	Potatoes, 12c to 15c

GRAIN, FEED, ETC.

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.)

WHOLESALE.	RETAIL.
Buckwheat, 40c to 45c	Buckwheat, 45c to 50c
Barley, 10c to 12c	Barley, 12c to 15c
Corn, 10c to 12c	Corn, 12c to 15c
Flour, 10c to 12c	Flour, 12c to 15c
Hay, 10c to 12c	Hay, 12c to 15c
Wheat, 10c to 12c	Wheat, 12c to 15c

SOCIETIES.

F. & A. M.

A stellar communication of UNITY LODGE,
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,
Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock on Wednesday even-
ing, Jan. 20, March 5, April 5, 20, May 20,
July 20, August 20, Sept. 20, Oct. 20, Nov. 20,
Dec. 20. St. John's days June 21 and Decem-
ber 27.

K. O. T. M.

Crecent Tent No. 68, meets in K. O. T. M.
Hall at 8:00 p. m., on Monday night next. All
br. Knights are cordially invited to attend.
Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full
particulars given on application.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes,
Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old
Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema,
Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples
and Piles. It is cooling and soothing.
Hundreds of cases have been cured by
it after all other treatment had failed.
25 and 50 cent boxes for sale by
HEBER WALSH, Holland Mich.

Good Cheer Soap will save you lots
of hard work; for sale at Henry D.
Werkman's. 141st.

Cheaper than the cheapest. The only
reliable. The Masury liquid paints are
the best manufactured. For sale only
by Dr. Wm. Van Putten. 141st.

Public Schools of the City of Holland.

The Board of Education of the City
of Holland invites applications for the
positions of superintendent and teachers
in the Public Schools of said city,
for the ensuing year.

Said applications will be received up
to May 22nd next, and should be ad-
dressed to the President of the Board.
Dated Holland, May 6, A. D. '90.
15-2t G. VAN SCHELVEN, Sec'y.

The "News" for One Year.

The News will be sent free for one
year to the person making the closest
estimate of the population of any
one or more of the following places, as
the same will appear by the next cen-
sus:

City of Holland, Village of Zeeland,
Townships of Holland, Zeeland, James-
town, Georgetown, Blendon and Olive,
in Ottawa county; and the townships
of Laketown, Fillmore, Overisel and
Salem, in Allegan county.

Estimates must be sent in by postal
card, a separate card for each locality,
giving the name and post office of the
sender and the estimated population.
All estimates must be in before the
census enumerators commence their
work.

Chronological.

May 18.—Father Marquette died, 1675.
Grant besieged siege of Vicksburg, 1863.
Napoleon I crowned emperor, 1804.
19.—Ex senator C. B. Stuart died, 1887.
Cruzade ended, 1291.
Cuba discovered, 1492.
Anna Boleyn beheaded, 1536.
20.—Lafayette died, 1834.
Columbus died, 1506.
21.—Gen. Grant nominated for president,
1868.
Monument of Luther in Washington,
1894.
Admiral Van Tromp died, 1691.
22.—Victor Hugo died, 1885.
23.—Final review of army at Washington,
1865.
Communists burn Paris, 1871.
24.—La Salle visits the Soc. 671.
Queen Victoria born, 1819.
Cortezus died, 1488.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Cool nights.

Splendid rain showers.

A son—at the house of Joseph Essen-
bach.

The new hydrants for the extension
of the water mains have arrived.

Thirteen vessels lost their decks
in the recent storm on Lake Michigan.

J. D. Merritt has been appointed
postmaster at Olive Center, vice G. C.
Jones.

The announcement of census enu-
merators will be made at an early
date.

The mother of Mrs. Rev. J. Van der
Meulen, of Ebenezer, died at Grand
Rapids, Friday.

The frosts of last week have injured
the strawberry blossoms in the vicinity
of Benton Harbor.

Remember the G. A. R. Concert to-
night. The object for which it is given
renders it worthy of the support of all.

The steamer Queen of the Lakes is
now doing service on Grand Traverse
bay, and will remain there throughout
the season.

Bishop Gillespie has renewed the an-
nual license for Mr. C. A. Stevenson
as lay reader in Grace Episcopal
church, in this city.

Broer Van Dyk, one of the veterans
of the late war, died Friday of last
week, at New Holland, aged 74 years.
He served in the 18th Mich. Inf'y.

After an absence of a year, in the old
country, Mr. H. Wykhuyzen and fam-
ily returned to this city Tuesday. At
present they are the guests of Mr. and
Mrs. J. W. Bosman.

The board of directors of the Otta-
wa County Building and Loan Associa-
tion have decided to submit to com-
petition every other Saturday evening,
until further notice, the sum of \$1,000.

List of letters advertised for the
week ending May 15th, '90, at Holland,
Mich.: Miss Lizzie Burr, Mr. Dirk De
Haan and Mr. Will Sweet.

JACOB G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

The publishers of the News wish to
acknowledge with thanks the kind
words of the local press said in behalf
of themselves and the paper in con-
nection with the recent change of prop-
rietors.

Died in this city, on Saturday last,
Mr. Jacobus Van Den Berge, aged 83
years. The deceased emigrated to this
country in 1849, and settled at this
place in 1865. Two sons and four
daughters survive him. The funeral
took place on Tuesday afternoon,
from the H. C. Ref. church on Ninth
street, and was largely attended, sev-
eral clergymen officiating.

In this number of the News our
readers will find that Mr. J. D. Helder
has changed his advertisement; and
with it we wish to fix the attention of
the public upon this popular and well-
patronized boot and shoe emporium,
on River street. Within a comparative
short space of time Mr. Helder has
succeeded in establishing a very good
trade, satisfactory to the public.

In determining the amount of school
taxes to be raised next fall, by each
school district, it is well enough to bear
in mind that the new tax-law makes
every fund stand its share of the taxes
returned as delinquent. Heretofore,
under the old law, the school fund was
not allowed to suffer by reason of such
delinquencies, and the general fund of
the township or city made good to the
school funds the full amount of school
taxes raised. Now each school district
has to carry the delinquent taxes in its
own territory, until they are collected
by the county treasurer or auditor gen-
eral and paid over to the township or
city treasurer. Hence, in those dis-
tricts, where all the taxes are not
promptly collected at the time, it will
be prudent for the first year at least,
to raise a little more than usual, in or-
der to have a margin sufficient to cover
this deficiency.

G. A. R. Concert to-night ! !

J. C. Hoek, the well known house,
sign and carriage painter, has his card
in the News this week.

W. H. Finch sold his house and lot,
corner of First avenue and Thirteenth
street, to Henry Schepers.

The attention is still directed
towards Dr. Van Putten's paint and
oil notices. He is not to be outdone.

On the whole the merchants of this
city are well satisfied with their spring
trade, especially those who advertise in
the News.

The constitutionality of the Local
Option law will be tested and argu-
ments heard at the June term of the
Supreme Court.

At the mouth of tannery creek, near
the head of Black Lake, the water is
steadily shoaling and the marsh along
the creek is annually getting dryer.

While the store of Herder & Lahuis
of Zeeland is being re-built, Mr. La-
huis and Miss Den Herder are in Chi-
cago, laying in a new stock of dry
goods.

The flags were up at the Cappon &
Bertsch tannery, Tuesday, in honor of
the wedding of Jac. Knutson, one of
the employees. The name of the bride
is Rena Van De Wege, of Grand
Rapids.

The common council of Grand Haven
will try to check the shifting sand
hills and their encroaching upon the
streets, lots, houses and lawns of the
city, by setting out 2,000 trees, to keep
them in position.

The Grand Rapids Cottage Factory
will move its entire plant from Grand
Rapids to Muskegon, and a syndicate
has been organized at the latter place
by which it is said ten additional new
factories will be located there.

Notier & Verschure have moved their
stock in the vacant Reidsema store.
The building they have vacated will
be removed in order to make room for
the new brick block, the material for
which is being gradually collected.

Fennville has a well that is pouring
out something that has an obnoxious
look and horrible smell, and the citi-
zens are rejoicing in the expectation of
having something besides peaches to
make them famous.—G. R. Democrat.

A new time card will be issued by the
C. & W. M. railroad, to take effect
Sunday, May 18. One of the changes
will be that the afternoon train for
Grand Rapids, now leaving at 2:15,
will leave half an hour later, at 2:45,
meeting the fast train for Chicago at
this station. Changes on the northern
division will be correspondingly. Cor-
rected time card will be published next
week.

Monday last, while workmen were
engaged in digging a ditch near the
engine house, in Saugatuck, the bones
of what is considered to be the remains
of an Indian chief were unearthed.
Alongside the skeleton were a number
of amber and black beads, an iron
tomahawk and a silver buckle. Near
these remains were those of a child,
which had been buried in an upright
position. The bones were only about
two feet under ground.—Record.

Our streets Thursday afternoon were
made the temporary scene of a gen-
uine Texas episode. A darl e boy from
Monterey brought in a fine Jersey
heifer, for A. S. Tedman of this city.
As he passed Kuite's meat market,
Jac. Kuite Jr. stepped up to take a
look at the heifer. No sooner had it
smelled blood, but it became wild and
unmanageable, to an alarming degree.
The darkey had to let go and the
heifer tore around at an awful rate,
passing up Ninth street, and finally
landing in a pasture south of the city,
where Bob Kuite succeeded in lassoing
it.

Under the efficient supervision of in-
spector J. Colleen, the dredging at the
harbor is being pushed with all the dis-
patch the state of the weather permits.
Monday the first cut was completed,
the second one, however, being already
more than half finished. The wind
and sea has for many days prevented
work at the end of the piers.—If our
citizens had not advanced the moneys
for this work navigation would have
been practically closed for us, this
season. As it is now, we expect to
have 14 feet of water and regular
steamboat communication this sum-
mer with Chicago and other ports.

The Graafschap farmers, or some of
them, find themselves in somewhat of
a quandary. A few weeks ago an ef-
fort to organize a branch of the Pa-
trons of Husbandry in that locality
was knocked in the head, owing to the
hostile sentiment entertained against
secret societies in general, and which
makes it more than doubtful if an or-
ganization of Patrons will ever be es-
tablished about there. Nevertheless,
the Graafschap farmers felt somewhat
chained by the "ten-per-cent" feature
of this Order, and a self-appointed
committee from among them have set
about to see whether they cannot se-
cure the benefits of a similar arrange-
ment without being tied to the Pa-
trons, as an organization. The stores
in Graafschap, and it is said some in
this city, have been approached by this
committee, pledging them the trade of
from one to two hundred families,
provided goods would be sold to them
cheaper than to others. Thus far they
have not succeeded in making any such
connection.—While the organization of
P. of H's may not be favorably received
in Graafschap, the movement is meet-
ing with better success north of here.
At West Olive, in the Greenewald and
New Holland districts, and in the dis-
trict two miles north of Zeeland, it is
said, that the Patrons have obtained a
footing and a permanent organization.
Their first object, it is said, will be to
get a store where they can buy upon
the above terms.

Ex-register of deeds Aloys Bilz, of
Spring Lake, has bought out a hard-
ware store in Grand Rapids.

Rev. G. Vos, Ph. D., of the Theol.
Seminary at Grand Rapids, will preach
in the Ninth street H. C. Ref. Church
next Sunday.

J. E. Benjamin, of Zeeland, has
removed to this city and will engage
in the boot and shoe business with his
father-in-law, Mr. E. Herold.

The programme is out for the G. A.
Concert, this Friday night, and the en-
tertainment promises to be a first-class
affair. Be sure and patronise it.

The Life Saving crew at Grand
Haven, a few days since, caught an
enormous sturgeon weighing 178
pounds and containing 46 pounds of
eggs.

The 14th re-union of the Loomis bat-
tery association will be held at Cold-
water, May 21. The artillery piece we
have here, was one of the guns used
by this famous Michigan battery.

The First Ref. church of Grand
Rapids have sold their church and
grounds for \$10,000 and will erect a
new building, in a more desirable loca-
lity. The new structure will cost \$30,-
000, and seat 700.

The telegraph line is being extended
from this city, along the Ottawa
Beach branch, to the resorts. An office
will be established in the Hotel Otta-
wa. Poles and wires are being distrib-
uted along the route.

Although the river and harbor bill is
still pending in the House, the Senate
committee on commerce has begun
considering the bill, so as to be able to
make a prompt report to the senate
when it reaches there.

The would-be wife-murderer Michael
Millman, of Agnew, has waived his
examination before Justice Pagelson,
at Grand Haven, and been held for
trial at the next term of the circuit
court. His bail was fixed at \$2,000.

Rev. Mr. John of Graafschap has de-
clined a call to Beaverdam; Rev. G. J.
Hekhuis has received a call from Iowa
as home missionary; Rev. J. Riemers-
na, of Rochester, N. Y., will come to
Zeeland; and Rev. J. P. De Jong of
Englewood, Ill., has declined a call to
Janestown.

Rawson Brothers, who built the Ot-
tawa Beach hotel in '87, are down there
now to finish the annex. The hotel
will be opened June 1, if the season is
warm; if not, the opening will be June
10. Although several applications have
been made for the lease of the hotel
this season,

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

AROUND THE WORLD.

INTELLIGENCE FROM EVERY PART OF THE GLOBE.

News from Foreign Shores—Domestic Happenings—Personal Portraits—Labor Notes—Political Occurrences, Fires, Accidents, Crimes, Etc.

TO REMONETIZE SILVER.

Senator Jones Finishes His Silver Speech in the Senate.

Among the petitions presented in the Senate on the 13th inst. and referred was one, by Mr. Quay, from business men in Philadelphia, remonstrating against the increase of duty on silver coins. The bill reported by the committee on the 13th inst. was as follows: Senate bill appropriating \$75,000 for a public building at Madison, Ind. Mr. Davis from the Committee on Finance reported back the House substitute for the Senate bill, which was a written report, and moved that the House substitute be not concurred in and a conference asked. Agreed to. Messrs. Davis, Sawyer, and Hodge were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate. The Senate then adjourned. Mr. Jones, of Nevada, continued the speech begun by him the previous day. At the conclusion of Mr. Jones' speech the Senate went into executive session and adjourned. The House, after the transaction of some routine business, went into committee of the whole (Mr. Payson, of Illinois, in the chair on the tariff bill). Mr. McKim, of Tennessee, moved to amend the tariff bill so as to reduce the duty on refined borax from 5 to 3 cents per pound. Rejected—yeas, 41; nays, 81. Mr. Jones, of Nevada, moved to amend the tariff bill so as to reduce the duty on refined borax from 5 to 3 cents per pound. Rejected—yeas, 41; nays, 81. Mr. Jones, of Nevada, moved to amend the tariff bill so as to reduce the duty on refined borax from 5 to 3 cents per pound. Rejected—yeas, 41; nays, 81.

BASE-BALL.

Relative Positions of the Various Clubs in the Leading Organizations.

Leading Organizations.							
Players.	W.	L.	P. C.	National.	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago...	12	6	714	Billed Philadelphia	8	571	
Boston...	10	6	666	Chicago	8	567	
Brooklyn...	9	8	589	Brooklyn	8	563	
Pittsburg...	7	9	529	Cincinnati	8	529	
Billed Philadelphia	7	9	498	New York	8	470	
Buffalo...	5	7	416	Cleveland	6	461	
Cleveland...	5	8	384	Buffalo	7	459	
New York...	8	30	375	Boston	7	438	
<hr/>							
American...	W.	L.	P. C.	Western.	W.	L.	P. C.
Rockford...	12	6	750	Denver	11	7	555
Athletic...	12	6	705	Des Moines	8	571	
Louisville...	10	8	555	St. Louis	8	555	
St. Louis...	9	9	529	Minneapolis	8	525	
Philadelphia...	9	10	444	Minneapolis	9	470	
Columbus...	9	11	421	St. Paul	7	411	
Syracuse...	7	12	388	Omaha	7	388	
St. Paul...	4	15	310	Kansas City	6	375	
Brooklyn...	4	15	200				
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Ill. Iowa...	W.	L.	P. C.	Interstate.	W.	L.	P. C.
Dubuque...	7	10	300	Burlington	4	606	
Omaha...	7	9	277	Peoria	4	606	
Memphis...	5	9	255	Terre Haute	6	454	
St. Paul...	4	10	255	Terre Haute	6	454	
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FAILURE OF A MISSOURI BANK.

A Pittsburg Concern Creates Much Surprise by Closing Its Doors.

The Pittsburg bank of Pittsburg, Missouri, has closed its doors and made an assignment of all its effects to Beatty O'Connor. The bank has always been considered in a sound financial condition, and the assignment caused considerable surprise and talk. The cashier is authorized by the statement that the liabilities are but \$40,000. The assets consist of \$50,000 in notes and \$25,000 worth of unclaimed real estate. Too much real estate and a falling off in business is the cause assigned.

Premier Crisp's Speech.

In the Italian Chamber of Deputies Premier Crisp stated that the policy of the Dreibund was unchanged. It was a policy of peace and menace no one, being solely of a defensive character. In referring to the African estimates Sir Crisp said he was confident there would soon be formed an Italian East African company. Speaking of the condition of the working man he said the Government would reform existing regulations regarding emigration.

Death of Amasa J. Parker.

AMASA J. PARKER, one of New York's most prominent jurists, died at Albany, after a short illness, at the age of 84 years. He was one of the directors of the unfortunate City National Bank. The troubles there worked heavily on his mind. He was born in Connecticut. He held several judicial positions, being twenty-four years a Justice in the Supreme Court. He held the office of Congressman and Assemblyman in that State, and twice ran for Governor, both times being defeated by a Republican.

Petitioning for Russian Exile.

A MOVEMENT has been inaugurated in New York to secure 1,000,000 signatures to a memorial to be sent to the Czar of Russia, asking that he look into and seek to ameliorate the condition of the exiles in Siberia.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

By the explosion of the boiler of a Reading Railroad engine, near Shamokin, Pa., Engineer Hogle and Fireman Kauffman were instantly killed and Conductor Yeager fatally injured.

California's University President Resigns.

At a meeting of the Board of Regents of the University of California in San Francisco the resignation of President Horace Davis was accepted, to take effect Sept. 15.

His Offer by a Lottery Company.

The Lottery Company has offered the Louisiana State Government \$1,000,000 a year for a renewal of its charter.

Cotton Manufacturers Assign.

ROBERT SHAW & SONS, of Bradford, owners of one of the largest cotton spinning mills in England, have become so greatly embarrassed as to necessitate their assignment for the benefit of their creditors. The liabilities of the firm are \$300,000.

Fortnight Killed by a New Explosive.

A QUANTITY of ballistite, the new explosive, exploded at a factory near Turin, Italy. Fourteen persons were instantly killed and many others injured, some of them fatally.

CURRENT HAPPENINGS.

EASTERN OCCURRENCES.

DOLAN, the convict who by eating soap stimulated consumption, and was pardoned by Gov. Butler from the Massachusetts prison and at once resumed his wrongdoing, has been sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment.

SAMUEL LATNER, a New York millinery dealer, has made a general assignment without preference.

At Rochester, N. Y., Detective Lynch shot and killed Samuel Stoddard and his wife. Lynch was trying to arrest Stoddard, who was drunk and threatened to brain the detective with an ax. The first shot Lynch fired missed Stoddard and killed his wife. The second shot stretched Stoddard out. Lynch has surrendered to the police.

THE Chenango County (N. Y.) Poorhouse has been destroyed by fire, and fifteen of the inmates perished in the flames. The fire started in the insane ward. One hundred and twenty-five paupers and insane persons were confined in the building when it caught fire, and as there are no fire-extinguishing facilities in the place, the flames spread rapidly without being checked. The fire is said to have been caused by a woman in the idiot ward, who, after smoking a pipe, placed it in her pocket before it was entirely extinguished. She was almost immediately enveloped in flames, and when the keepers reached her room they found her burned to a crisp. The names of the dead so far discovered are: Sarah Mills, Sarah Gallagher, Sarah Bailey, Laura Gray, Adeline Benedict, Deborah Dibble, Mary O'Daniel, Lucy Warren, Arvilla Atwood, Almada Austin. The losses will aggregate \$30,000, on which there is an insurance of \$41,000. Among the victims were two women who were not patients, but officials in the asylum.

A FRANKLIN, Pa., dispatch says: A terrible cyclone has passed over the southern portion of this county. Two people, Noah Jackson and wife, were killed outright, and a large number of persons dangerously injured. The storm was general throughout the county, but the track of the cyclone was only about 300 feet wide. Everything in its path was demolished, trees were uprooted, and houses and barns were destroyed. In one instance a house containing an invalid was struck and the bed containing the sick man lifted up bodily and carried out into the yard, where it fetched up against a tree, the man being badly injured. A large number of cattle were killed. The path of the cyclone extended from near the county line to the Allegheny River.

At Buffalo, N. Y., two men, Engineer George Pearl and Fireman Henry O'Connor, were instantly killed by the explosion of a Lehigh switch engine. The shock of the explosion was terrific, being heard with distinctness two miles away. Fireman O'Connor's body was blown one hundred feet in the air and fell a shapeless mass. The body of the engineer was found after some search where it had fallen, about two hundred feet east of the wreck. He was dead when found and the remains were terribly mangled. Both men had homes in Buffalo and each leaves a family.

At Brooklyn, N. Y., Masury & Sons' paint works and the Atlantic Fire Works have been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$100,000; fully insured.

ASA BISHOP, an employee of an acid factory at Middletown, N. Y., committed suicide by jumping into a caldron containing boiling acetate of lime. His fellow-workmen pulled him out as soon as possible, but he was so badly scalded that he soon died in great agony. Bishop was eccentric and it is thought he was insane.

THE Iron Car Company of Huntington, Pa., has failed, with liabilities of \$150,000.

At Danville, N. Y., small-pox is spreading and is likely to become epidemic. An employee of the Whiteman Paper Company caught the disease from infected foreign rags in the mill. The dangerous nature of his case was not known and over fifty persons were exposed.

JOHN F. BECKER, wholesale grocer, of New York, made an assignment on Monday giving preferences amounting to \$5,000. His assets and liabilities are estimated at \$70,000.

WESTERN HAPPENINGS.

TANDY H. TRICE, the ex-Collector of St. Joseph, Mo., who was found by the County Court to be \$11,000 short in his accounts, has compromised the matter by paying into the County Treasury \$8,000.

A MAZEPPA (Minn.) dispatch says: There is great excitement in this neighborhood over a triple tragedy that occurred near Chester, four miles from this place. Constantine Schaefer, a wealthy German farmer, while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity conceived the idea of murdering himself and family of all further vexation. He brained his wife with an ax, nearly decapitated his 6-year-old son with a carving-knife, and then, as a fitting finale to his murderous work, ended his own life by hanging.

The General Conference of the M. E. Church South, at St. Louis, listened to an appeal from the Northwest Texas Conference against licensing women to preach. The resolution admitting laymen to membership on all committees was carried by an overwhelming majority.

A FURIOUS cyclone passed north of Blytheville, Mo., doing great damage. A dozen or more dwellings were completely demolished and numerous barns torn down. The family of Henry Young were all severely hurt and Mrs. Young will die.

TWO SECTION men were killed, and a third seriously injured by being run down by a special train on the Burlington at Prescott, Wis. The section men were on a hand-car, and the special running nearly fifty miles an hour ran them down at a short curve.

STEADY rains for the past few days have greatly benefited Minnesota and Dakota crops.

THE stock-raisers of Nebraska have asked that Texas cattle be barred from their State.

EVIDENCE of a double murder has been found in a Chinese woodcutter's camp at Chico, Cal., where the bodies of two dead Chinamen were found. A few days ago a wounded Chinaman was picked up on the road near Chico, and when his wound was dressed it was learned that he had received a pistol shot from his partner in a quarrel over a contract. He gave the impression that he had

the worst of the fight, and no inquiry was made. Later, word was brought in that the bodies of two Chinamen were in a cabin on the Sacramento River. A sickening sight was presented when the Coroner held the inquest. The body of Ah Chung lay in the cabin with his head crushed, while near by was Ah Loy, also with his skull fractured and throat cut from ear to ear, and one leg severed. The missing Chinaman who was wounded was evidently the murderer, but no trace of him has been found.

THE Missouri State Board of Railroad Commissioners has rendered an important decision to the effect that hereafter the practice must be abandoned of collecting extra fare from passengers who fail to buy tickets, where the extra fare is in excess of the statutory rate.

A DESPERATE conflict has taken place between Chickasaw cattlemen and Oklahoma farmers on the South Canadian River, about seventeen miles from Oklahoma. T. F. Five farmers were killed outright and several others badly wounded. The farmers have adopted a herd law among themselves and refuse to fence their crops. The cattlemen drove their herds over the river from the Chickasaw country, when the settlers resisted, and the bloodshed resulted. A number of the cowboys were wounded, but they fled, and it is not known whether any were killed. Marsh's are in pursuit.

C. A. PILLSBURY, of Minneapolis, says that the reports of his buyers in both the Dakotas show that very much less rain has fallen there this spring than has been claimed, and that the condition of the wheat crop is causing much anxiety.

SOUTHERN INCIDENTS.

THE funeral of Senator James B. Beck at Lexington, Ky., was probably the largest that has been seen there since that of Henry Clay. Visitors were present from all parts of Kentucky. The burial services were held in the Southern Presbyterian Church. The church was crowded and the streets were blocked with vehicles. After the brief services the body was laid to rest beside the grave of the dead Senator's wife in Lexington Cemetery. The services at the cemetery were short. Dr. Bartlett read the prayer for the dead, after which the choir sang "Peacefully Lay Him Down to Rest." The discourse then returned to the city and the last sad ceremonies were ended.

THE Rev. Sorin S. Baker committed suicide at the Mansion House, Baltimore. He was a regularly ordained minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but had recently been expelled for drunkenness.

A WHEELING, W. Va., dispatch says: The nephth yacht Gertrude, used as a ferry between Wheeling and the Island, where the base-ball park is located, capsized when crowded with twenty people. All of the passengers were thrown into the water, and the current being very strong they were carried down stream. Ten were drowned. Mrs. John Mendel caught William Sh. el by the coat collar, and he caught a line thrown by workmen on the sand-barge. Both were pulled from the water. Mrs. Charles Hornbaker passed entirely under the large, and was caught when she was sinking. She remained unconscious nearly an hour. E. Wells, one of the leading architects, caught a grappling hook, but it cut through his hand and he was drowned. One of the boat's operators was drowned. William English, official scorer for the ball club, passed under the barge and cut a gash in his scalp on a spike. He is in a critical condition. Eight others in the boat were drowned. They are supposed to be members of a gang of carpenters who were working on the Island.

THREE hangings are reported in one day from the South. At Augusta, Ga., Bob Hill; at Birmingham, Ala., Sandy Jones; at Union, S. C., William Davis.

FEARS are entertained that Capt. C. H. Hawkins, chief revenue officer, and his posse of twenty men, who left Middleborough, Ky., for Bennett's Fork to destroy illicit stills have met with foul play at the hands of the moonshiners.

HALF the saloons of Baltimore have been closed through the enforcing of the high-license law.

A BATON ROUGE, La., dispatch says: The Governor's message submitted to the Legislature takes strong ground against renewing the charter of the lottery company.

POLITICAL PORRIDGE.

THE President has sent to the Senate the following nomination:

George W. Steele, of Indiana, to be Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma; Isaac Harding, of Oklahoma, Secretary of the Territory of Oklahoma; Supreme Court officials of the Territory of Oklahoma—E. B. Green, of Illinois, Chief Justice; Abraham J. Sany, of Missouri, and John G. Clark, of Wisconsin, Associate Justices; Warren B. Lury, of Virginia, United States Marshal; Horace Speed, of Oklahoma, United States Attorney.

THE Senate in executive session has confirmed the following nominations: Collectors of Customs—J. R. Jolley, District of Texas; Louisiana; John Sherry, Jr., Sag Harbor, N. Y., Surveyor of Customs—J. A. Farria, Wheeling, W. Va., A. B. Badger, Appraiser of Merchandise at New Orleans; Jacob Schean, Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise at San Francisco; Receivers of Public Money—N. H. Meldrum, Sterling, Col.; C. C. Reed, Akron, Col.

THE New York Legislature has adjourned.

EX-SPEAKER JOHN GRIFFIN CARLISLE has declared his candidacy for the seat made vacant by the death of Senator Beck. In company with his friends from Covington and Newport he has come to Frankfort to present his claim to the Legislature, which is now in session.

IN Mr. Randall's old Congressional district (the Third Pennsylvania) the Hon. Richard Vaux was nominated by the Democrats for Congress. The election will be held May 20. Mr. Vaux is a native of Philadelphia, having been born there in 1816. He was Secretary of Legation at London during President Van Buren's administration. He was elected Mayor of Philadelphia in 1856. He has always been a stalwart Democrat.

The announcement is made that Stephen B. Elkins will probably be a candidate for Congress in the Second West Virginia District.

ACROSS THE OCEAN.

M. CATACAZY is dead. He was the secret agent of both the late and the present Czar of Russia. Both he and his beautiful wife were well known in America.

ALEXANDER M. LOUAMY, a peasant of the province of Unnan, Russia, is on trial at Kiev, charged with personating the Savior and inducing other peasants to sell all their property under the delusion that the world is coming to an end. The

bogus prophet cannot read, but can repeat the Bible from memory, having had it read to him.

GERMANY is disposed to relax the strict prohibitory regulations regarding American pork, provided the United States make concessions favorably affecting German imports.

A PROVISION of the German Government's labor bill authorizes the Bundesrath by imperial direction to extend the prohibition of Sunday labor. A bill demanding the establishment of a ten-hour working day has been introduced in the Reichstag by the socialists. All the committees of the Reichstag contain socialist members.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has sent a personal letter reminding Prince Bismarck that he is liable to severe punishment under an amendment to the penal code of his own making, if he makes public or causes to be published any knowledge regarding state matters gained by him during his official life. The Emperor refers to the announcement that Bismarck is about to make public the complete story of his dismissal from the chancellorship, together with the events which led up to it.

DURING a terrific thunderstorm which raged in Paris the Eiffel Tower was struck by lightning six times. No damage was done.

ADVICES from Uganda have been received at London showing that Kalema has again driven King Mwanga and the missionaries from the capital. He received the assistance of Arabs who swarmed to his support. Mwanga and the missionaries have taken up an unfavorable position on Sesse Island.

It is stated that Queen Victoria is going to make Mr. Stanley a Knight Commander of the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George. This would make his title Sir Henry M. Stanley, K. C. M. G.

THE steamer Zealandia, which has arrived at San Francisco, brings from Samoa particulars of the signing of the treaty by King Malietoa and the American, British and German Consuls. April 19. The treaty will allow the people of Samoa to form a Government under their own native King strong enough to prevent further civil war and to keep peace and good order in Samoa. The carrying out of its provisions will cause considerable expense, but it is on the shoulders of the foreign residents of the islands.

INQUIRY among the London trades unions develops the fact that they were never more prosperous than now.

WIT weather has again given to Queen Victoria the rheumatism which she went abroad a month ago to cure.

A MADRID cable says: Lieut. Gen. Casola died at his home in the Calle de Goya. Gen. Casola served with distinction in Africa, Cuba and the Carlist war. When Spain no longer required his services actively in the field, he attained equal distinction as a statesman, being Minister of War under Sagasta.

EMIL BEY demands from the Egyptian Government seven years' arrears of pay. In addition to this, he asks that the Government grant him a pension.

FRESH AND NEWSY.

A MONTREAL dispatch says: The general opinion is that at least 150 inmates of the Longue Pointe Asylum were burned to death. The last report of the asylum authorities to the Legislature showed that there were 1,780 instead of 1,300, as recently stated. It is now known that many of the wards were locked up and the firemen did not reach them to break in the doors, so that whole roomfuls of inmates perished. The patients are now confined in houses in the vicinity and are being cared for comfortably.

THE Association of German Iron Masters have accepted an invitation from the American Institute of Mining Engineers to visit the industrial districts of America. The visiting party will number over one hundred persons.

THE Secretary of War has sent to the House of Representatives a letter from the Chief of Engineers on the practicability and approximate cost of tunneling the Detroit River near Detroit. It is the opinion of the Chief Engineer that the construction of the tunnel is practicable at an estimated cost of \$3,500,000 for a single-track railway, the estimate including the cost of approaches but not the cost of land damage.

GILBERT and Sullivan, the authors of so many comic operas, have agreed to part company.

THE visible supply of wheat and corn is, respectively, 22,791,913 and 11,415,428 bushels. The increase since last report is: Wheat, 664,686 bushels, and corn, 1,274,507 bushels.

MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Prime...	5.00 @ 5.75
Fair to Good...	4.50 @ 5.00
Common...	3.50 @ 4.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades...	3.75 @ 4.50
SHEEP...	4.50 @ 7.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard...	94 @ 95
CORN—No. 2...	35 1/2 @ 36 1/2
OATS—No. 2...	28 @ 29
WHEAT—No. 2 Soft...	51 @ 52
BUTTER—Choice Country...	16 @ 18
CHEESE—Full Cream, Dag...	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
EGGS—Fresh...	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
POTATOES—Choice new, per bu.	40 @ 52
PORK—Mess...	12 1/2 @ 13 00
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring...	91 @ 92
CORN—No. 3...	34 1/2 @ 35 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White...	29 1/2 @ 30 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red...	94 @ 95
CORN—No. 2 Yellow...	35 @ 36 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White...	31 @ 31 1/2
DETROIT.	
CATTLE...	3.00 @ 3.25
HOGS...	3.50 @ 4.50
SHEEP...	3.50 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red...	94 @ 95
CORN—No. 2 Yellow...	35 @ 36 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White...	31 @ 31 1/2
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT...	96 @ 97 1/2
CORN—Cash...	36 @ 37
OATS—No. 2 White...	30 1/2 @ 31 1/2
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE...	4.25 @ 5.25
HOGS...	4.50 @ 5.75
SHEEP...	4.50 @ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red...	1.01 @ 1.02
WHEAT—No. 2 White...	43 @ 45
OATS—Mixed Western...	32 @ 36
PORK—New Mess...	14.00 @ 14.50
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE...	4.00 @ 5.00
HOGS...	3.75 @ 4.25
SHEEP...	3.50 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red...	94 @ 95
CORN—No. 2 Yellow...	35 @ 36 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White...	31 @ 31 1/2
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers...	5.00 @ 5.00
HOGS—Choice Light...	3.00 @ 4.25
SHEEP—Common to Prime...	3.00 @ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 3 Red...	93 1/2 @ 94 1/2
CORN—No. 2 White...	34 1/2 @ 35 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White...	30 @ 30
CINCINNATI.	
HOGS...	3.50 @ 4.50
CORN—No. 2 Red...	94 @ 95
OATS—No. 2 Mixed...	28 @ 28 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2...	45 @ 45
BUFFALO.	
CATTLE—Good to Prime...	4.50 @ 5.25
HOGS—Medium and Heavy...	4.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard...	1.03 @ 1.04
CORN—No. 2...	33 @ 35

ANDREW SHUMAN DEAD.

APOPLEXY STRIKES DOWN THE VETERAN CHICAGO JOURNALIST.

Attacked on the Street, He Enters a Cheap Lodging House and Expires in a Few Minutes—Sketch of the Career of Illinois' Well-Known Ex-Lieutenant Governor.

Chicago dispatch: Andrew Shuman, president of the Evening Journal company and ex-Lieutenant Governor of Illinois, died very suddenly about 11 o'clock at night at a lodging house at 18 Quincy street. Death was caused by apoplexy, and was marked by the absence of any member of his family or any of his numerous friends.

Mr. Shuman had been observed walking on Quincy street about 10:30 o'clock. He appeared sick and seemed to walk with difficulty. He ascended the first flight of stairs at No. 18 and asked of Mrs. Wheeler, wife of the proprietor of the place, for a room. He complained of feeling ill, and asked that he be shown a room immediately. He was assigned to No. 5, the second room from the head of the stairs, and, hurriedly disrobing, retired at once. After Mrs. Wheeler had shown him the room she went for a towel, there being none on the wash-stand. When she returned with it she heard heavy breathing, accompanied by an effort at vomiting. She opened the door and found Mr. Shuman lying on his left side with the face buried in the pillow.

Mrs. Wheeler ran to the office, where her husband and son, Benjamin Wheeler, and a young woman named Miss Belle Hoyce were playing at cards. She excitedly told them of the condition of the late arrival, for it was not known at that time who the man was. They hurried to the room and found Mr. Shuman lying partly on his back. His face was of a deathly pallor, and the eyes were turned upward and rapidly setting in death. He was choking.

Mrs. Wheeler tore open his shirt collar, thinking it would facilitate his respiration, and this result was temporarily accomplished. But for a moment only. The choking sound at the throat increased and the breathing was labored. His eyes closed and opened, but there was no recognition in them. His hands, white and moist with the damp of death, clutched convulsively and all was over.

Mr. Shuman lived with his wife and daughter at Evanston. He usually left for Evanston about 5 in the evening. He had intended remaining in the city for the night, the early part of the evening having been spent in conference with some political friends.

He was very devoted to his wife, who has been an invalid for a number of years. She only quite recently returned from a health resort in New York state, where she had been for several months. He was greatly concerned about her condition.

Just before her departure from the health institution she telegraphed to her daughter to come to her immediately. Because the dispatch was sent to his daughter's and was not more explicit nearly prostrated him with fear that she had suddenly grown worse. He told a friend that he believed he would go insane if some word from his wife did not reach him. This constant worry about her had produced visible effects in his own health.

Upon the death of Mr. Shuman his family and a few of his most intimate friends were notified.

Andrew Shuman was born Nov. 8, 1830, in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, of old Dutch stock. He received a common-school education, and at the age of 14 was apprenticed to the printing business in the office of the Lancaster Union and Sentinel. In 1846 he entered the office of the Daily Advertiser at Auburn, N. Y. In 1853 he became editor of the Daily Journal at Syracuse, N. Y.

AN ANOMALOUS MAN.

BY A. W. FOSB.

He lived on thirteen cents a day.
Ten cents for milk and crack-
One cent for disinfection pay.
And two cents for tobacco.
And if he wished an extra dish
He'd take his job and catch a fish.

And if his stomach raised a war
Against his penurious habit,
He'd go and kill a woodcock, or
Assassinate a rabbit.
And thus he'd live in sweet content
On food that never cost a cent.

And, that he might lay up in bank
The proceeds of his labor,
He'd happen round at meals, the crack!
And dine upon his neighbor!
And then he'd eat enough to last
Until another day had passed.

He bought no pantaloons nor vest,
Nor rich, expensive jacket;
He had one suit—his pa's bequest—
He thought would "stand the racket."
He patched it thirty years, 'tis true,
And then declared 'twas good as new.

He owned but one suit to his back,
And minus cuffs and collar,
He died, and left his nephew Jack
Nine hundred thousand dollars!
And Jack he ran this fortune through
And only took a year or two.
—Yankee Blade.

THE FLIRT.

BY MAUDE HARE.

"Which shall it be, which shall it be?"
I looked at John and John looked at me.

We stood together by the hawthorn
Hedge, in the gathering twilight, dear,
Patient John and I.

He took my hands in his, and look-
ing into my face, with that honest look
which John's eyes always wore, he said,
"I am not angry with you Kitty, but I
want to know just what your intentions
are. Shall it be I, whom you have
always known, and who have always
loved you so long, or that city dude
of whom you know nothing except what
he chooses to tell you? How do you
know but that he is a thorough-going
rascal?"

"For shame, John," I exclaimed, in-
dignantly. "It is not like you to be so
unjust. What harm do you know of
Mr. Thorne?"

"What good do you know of him,
child? But I'll speak no more of his
merits or demerits. Kitty, do you
really love him, or are you simply in-
fatuated with his handsome face and
winning manners?"

John ceased and waited for me to
speak, but I maintained a stubborn
silence.

"Kitty, I ask you again, which shall
it be?"

He spoke in an authoritative tone
which aroused my anger. He had accused
me of being simply infatuated, and then
had almost commanded me to tell
him if his accusations were true. He
should have seen that I was not a
mere child to be ordered about at his
will. He was not yet my lord and
master, even if we had been engaged
three years. So with all the dignity I
could possibly command I answered:
"Yes, I do really love him. I like you,
John, and always shall, but I love
him."

"Oh, Kitty, do you really mean it?"
"Yes," I said, "I really mean it."

I looked into the brown eyes, over
which a mist had gathered, and a wave
of sorrow and pity passed over my
heart, bringing a like mist before my
own vision.

"Oh, John, I am so sorry for you," I
said, and held out my hands.

"Never mind, Kitty. Perhaps I'll
forget sometime. Of course I think of
your happiness first."

He stooped and pressed a kiss upon
my forehead, then with a trembling
"good-bye, Kitty," he turned and left
me alone by the hawthorn hedge. I
watched him until he passed out of
sight, then the tears rolled down my
cheeks and I involuntarily exclaimed:
"Poor John! I am so sorry for him."

I was still crying when I heard, com-
ing rapidly toward me, a musical voice
that I well knew, singing "Kathleen
Mavourneen."

Soon he stood by my side; my hand-
some lover, and was learning from me
the story of my tears.

"And you did it all for me, Kathleen?
Let me see no more tears dimming
your eyes, Mavourneen, for you shall
never regret what you have done to-
night."

Then he talked to me of a life to
which I was a comparative stranger.
And I, listening to him, forgot John
and my pity for him, and was the hap-
piest of creatures. It was growing late
when I left him, and, going to the
house, I stole softly up stairs to my
own room.

I sat down by the window and, look-
ing out over the meadow lands bathed
in the soft moonlight, I thought it all
over.

How fortunate I considered myself in
being wooed and won by a wealthy man
of the world.

Across the meadow, away down the
creek, was the house of the Weston's.
A light was still burning, and seeing
that I thought again of John and our
broken engagement.

"He is so plain," I told myself. "Only
a poor lawyer, with his own way to
make in the world, and I could never
be happy in so living. I want something
different."

Then I took from a box on the table
a ring which John had given me three
years before.

"Dear John, he is so good," I mur-
mured, and a tear fell down on the
golden band and lay there, sparkling in
the moonlight.

I went to sleep that night with a
strange, sad feeling in my heart, and
a tear in my eye, all because of my sorrow
for John.

The next morning brought the order,
that I dreaded: telling my uncle the
whole story of the broken engagement.
I went into the dining-room with a
quickly beating heart, and soon told it
all to the dear, kind uncle who had
been both father and mother to me
since my parent's death when I was but
a wee brown-haired lass.

He did not scold, as I had supposed
and rather hoped that he would do, but
kindly asked, "Do you really love the
gentleman, Kitty?"

"Yes, uncle."

"And you are sure that he loves you?"

"Yes, I am sure," I answered, "think-
ing of how he had said to me so often
"Kathleen Mavourneen."

"Very well," he answered, "but I am

very sorry for John Weston. He's a
good and true, but your happiness must
be considered first."

That was just what John had said.
Why did they not scold me? I could
bear that so much better than this un-
merited kindness.

So it was all settled, and I was at lib-
erty to be supremely happy.

I wandered aimlessly around the
house and grounds, thoroughly miser-
able, for I had made my uncle and John
unhappy, and persons can never be
happy when bringing sorrow to those
who love them best.

In the afternoon I put on my hat and
strolled down the hawthorn-lined lane
to a rustic seat where I had often en-
countered Mr. Thorne. I sat down on
the bench, and tried to think solely of
him for whom I had given up my best
of old friends. But thoughts of John
would intrude, and I was unable to
keep them back. How very sym-
pathetic I was! The gray dancing of
the sunbeams o'er the waving green mead-
ows, and the singing of the birds in the
hawthorn branches overhead, brought
to me such a sense of calm and quiet,
that I fell asleep. I was awakened
from my slumber by the sound of voices
on the other side of the hedge, and,
listening a moment, I recognize one of
them as the voice of Mr. Thorne.

"How in the name of all that is won-
derful did you happen to come to this
little village, Fred?"

"I came to see you, Jack, old boy.
Are you not flattered?"

"Well, yes, rather; but I never knew
before that you cared so much for me."

"Well, the fact is, we've been hearing
strange reports about you, lately, and I
came here to investigate. Of course
they are not true?"

"H'm! Can tell you more definitely
when I hear what they are."

"In the first place, they say that
you've been flirting. But you would
not do that."

"Certainly not."

Both men laughed, and the one called
Ned, continued:

"You see, we heard that you were
more reckless in regard to your flirta-
tions this summer than ever before. So
I, as a true friend, ventures to advise
you to return to Miss Lillian Wade.
She has heard it all, and so often, that
she cannot help but believe it, and
consequently, flirts desperately. I had
an idea that you ought to return and
effect a reconciliation as soon as possi-
ble. You could not afford to lose her
thousands."

"By Jove! is it really so bad as that?"
"It really is, or I should not be to-day
in this poky little village giving you
such good advice. But tell me about
your innocent amusement. Is she a
beauty?"

"Indeed she is. Oh, it's been de-
lightful. Do you know, Ned, that were I
not wholly heartless I should have fallen
in love with Kathleen Mavourneen, as
I call her. She loves me, too. Had a
lover before I came, and last night,
when he asked her which it should be,
she told him that she liked him, but
that she adored your humble servant."

"Well, Jack, you have not been lazy
I see. Will she make you any trouble
when you go away?"

"Oh, no; I've been too cautious for
that. To-night I'll tell her about it.
She may cry awhile, but she'll soon get
over it."

The two walked off down the creek
and their voices soon died away in the
distance.

I arose from the bench with clenched
hands and burning cheeks. Oh, it was
terrible, that I, Kitty Ross, should be
so wronged.

"I must have revenge!" I said, "but
how, and in what way?"

With my head bowed on my hands, I
thought and thought, but could find no
way out of my difficulty. Suddenly a
bright idea came to me. I would ask
John to help me. At first a feeling of
shame forbade my seeking his aid, but
that soon passed away.

John had always been my friend, and
I knew that he would not fail me now.
I hastened to the house and wrote:

"DEAR JOHN—I am so sorry about every-
thing. I want to see you. Meet me by the
hawthorn hedge at 6 o'clock."

The letter was sent, and I waited im-
patiently for the appointed hour.

At length I stood by John again in
the hawthorn-lined lane, but this time
I was humbly penitented.

"Can you forgive me, John?" I asked.

He answered "Yes," and then, when
I had told him all, we made our plans.
When, later on, Mr. Thorne came to
his Kathleen Mavourneen, I told him
that I had been seriously thinking about
what I had decided upon the previous
evening, and that I feared it was an un-
wise decision.

Never was such complete surprise
depicted on any countenance. He de-
manded the cause of my disloyalty, as
he termed it, and when I told him that
I had never really loved him, but
had been merely trifling with him, he
left me vowing that I was the most
heartless of creatures.

He went away from the village next
day, and we soon after heard of his mar-
riage to Miss Wade and her thousands.
He never knew that I had overheard
his conversation with his friend, and
firmly believed that it was an instance
of the blither bidden.

That evening we stood together again
in the moonlight, dear, patient John
and I. Again he took my hands in his,
and again he asked me, "which shall it
be, Kitty, which shall it be?"

"You, John, you!" I answered, and
the sorrow seemed all rolled away from
my heart. Again that night a tear fell
on the plain gold band which was in its
old place on my finger. But this time
it was a tear of joy, for now John was
happy, I told myself. How careless I
was of my own happiness!

Well, well, that happened years ago,
and to-night as I am writing, John
looks up from his paper and asks,
"What are you writing, Kitty?"

"The story of how I loved you," I
answer.

He smiles and says, "Well write for
the benefit of your masculine readers
that they must never tell a woman 'she
must,' when asking her to decide the
question, 'which shall it be?'"

"An English literary statistician has
discovered that of the 562 heroines in
last year's novels 372 were blondes and
190 brunettes."

RURAL TOPICS.

INFORMATION FOR THE HUSBAND- MAN AND HOUSEWIFE.

Some Practical Suggestions for the Farmer,
Stock-Breeder, Poultryeer, Nurseryman,
and Housekeeper.

THE FARM.

The New Agriculture.

From the beginning of the settlement
of this country up to the present time,
shallow plowing and indifferent culti-
vation have been practiced with the re-
sult of depleted, run-out soils from one
end of the country to the other. A
yield of six bushels of wheat to the
acre and twenty-six bushels of corn was
reported as the average from 1870 to
1880 by the United States census. Deep
plowing and occasional subsoil plow-
ing with thorough and frequent culti-
vation will not only prevent depletion
of the soil but will increase its fertility
and increase the yield of crops each
season. Improvement of soil and im-
provement in the yield and quality of
crops is suggested and demonstrated by
improvement and advance in all other
lines. Why is it true that grain crops
invariably exhaust the soil, while the
vast growth of timber forests invariably
increase fertility? If we can learn an
important lesson here we may be able
to turn to good account the lesson
taught. It is a universally known
truth that after each growth of timber
has been removed the land is capable
of producing good crops. Newly
"cleared" lands are always relied upon
to produce large-paying crops of all
kinds; but such lands are as surely run
down by a few seasons of continuous
crop production. Now why is this true?

The answer is the shade of the timber
protects the soil from drying out and
the roots penetrating the earth preserve
mellowness of the soil and these con-
ditions—mellowness and moisture—
form the attraction to the surface: plant
food and moisture are drawn from
great depths in the earth below the
surface soil, and in this way only is
such immense growth of timber pro-
duced and sustained without exhaustion
of soil. This same principle is active in
the production of grass crops, which in-
variably increase fertility. The grass
prevents drying out of the surface soil,
and moisture and mellowness being
preserved, plant food and moisture are
attracted to the surface to promote
growth and to prevent exhaustion of
the surface soil. But when grain crops
are grown by shallow plowing and poor
culture, the surface soon becomes dry
and hard, and plant food and moisture
from great depths in the earth are
made available for the sustenance of
growth. The surface soil in such cases
is made to sustain growth, and the at-
tendant depletion is in this way ac-
counted for.

If the cultivation is deep and fre-
quent and thorough, so as to preserve
mellowness and moisture of the sur-
face soil, the most favorable condi-
tions will exist for the attraction of
plant food and moisture from great
depths in the earth and from "that
great reservoir of fertility, the air," and
in this way plant growth is sustained to
the fullest possible extent, and a con-
stantly increasing fertility of the soil,
with increased and increasing yield of
crops, with a proportionate decrease in
labor required, is secured, and a conse-
quent diminished "cost of production."
This is the improved agriculture,
which is also new, and this is in
full accord with the accomplishments of
this age of advancement and progress.

The original design in sending forth
men to "till the ground" was that the
enemies of tillage, the thorns and thistles,
should all be subdued; but as weeds
fewer than they were fifty or 100 years
ago? If not, then the ground has not
been properly tilled. If the soil has not
been improved by tillage, then the tillage
has not been sufficient. It is mani-
festly evident that the soil taken in the
natural state is capable of being im-
proved; by proper tillage; the surface
soil is to a very great extent formed by
the action of the elements upon the
surface. If then a greater depth than
the shallow surface soil is broken up
and opposed to the action of the ele-
ments by deep plowing, a greater depth
of fertile soil will be secured, which
will increase its capacity for producing
crops with less liability of exhaustion.
If the "thorns and thistles," the repre-
sentatives figuratively of all noxious
weeds, are to be subdued, then the tillage
must be such as to prevent their
growth, not merely to cut them down or
uproot them after growth, for as the
soil must of necessity be raised by tillage
to a higher plane than that which
produces the growth of weeds, so the
growth of weeds prevents the soil from
attaining that condition or state best
calculated to produce the growth of
plants which sustain human life. To
prevent the growth of weeds and to im-
prove the soil seem to be the objects of
tilling the soil; if these objects are se-
cured by proper tillage, then there is
nothing left that man may or can do
but so await with hope for the earth to
"yield her increase."—T. S. Teagarden,
in Chicago Inter-Ocean.

THE DAIRY.

Repeated Truths.

Mr. Joseph E. Miller, President of the
Southern Illinois Dairy Association, has
given some words in the Dairy column
that are full of truth. He says:

When one goes through the country
stores and sees the piles and boxes of
poor, greasy-looking butter, off in taste,
off in looks, and nearly all, (especially
at this time of the year,) as white as the
paper on which it is written, and con-
sidering to what extent the finest gifts
of nature are annually wasted, amount-
ing yearly to many millions of dollars,
we must certainly admit that there is
an immense field ripe for missionary
work, and as long as so large a propor-
tion of the butter made in this country
comes from the farm and the private
dairy, the great necessity of dairy litera-
ture of a kind that will enter these
homes must be apparent.

I claim nothing new for what I am
about to say, but for reasons given, I
consider that there is plenty of room
for the advice to be given. Now would
not the above mentioned butter, look
better, and perhaps by a little help from
the imagination, taste better, with a
little harmless butter color? Are not
those rolls of a fine straw color
picked out first? And the coloring
matter will cost but a mere trifle to the
amount of butter colored. Why then
not cater to the wants of your customers
when it can be so easily and so cheaply
done?

Another cause of the poor appearance
of a large percentage of farm butter is
the greasy look imparted to it by hand-
ling and working it with the naked
hands. This is never done by good
butter makers. For small quantities use
a wooden butter bowl and a wooden
paddle, for large quantities one of the

many kinds of butter workers in use
will prove a good help and a great con-
venience. But we cannot hold a dis-
criminating trade alone with appear-
ances. The article we supply must have
real merit, and one of the most grievous
causes for not having this in so much of
our country butter, is the want of proper
attention to temperature and the
absence of the thermometer in the farm
dairy. Nothing is of more importance
in the dairy, not even cleanliness, than
a proper observation of temperature,
commencing with that of the stable, and
from the time the milk leaves the cow,
until the butter appears upon the table.
O, what an amount of muscle can
sometimes be saved by the use of a little
brain.

Another cause of poor butter is that
of keeping the cream too long, or until
it is too old and sour. This often hap-
pens where but few cows are kept,
hence the cream is kept too long wait-
ing for a sufficient quantity to accumu-
late, and to this, new cream is often
added just before churning. This may
not make butter any worse, but there
will be loss from the inability to extract
all the butter from the new and un-
ripened cream.

Another mistake much in vogue is
that of salting with common barrel salt.
Some of this salt looks very nice and
clean, but nearly all contains impurities
so that it should not be used in butter.
The difference in cost of the small
amount used between that and the best
and purest dairy salt is but a trifle, and
the latter will impart to the butter a
sweet and agreeable taste, so pleasant
to the refined taste. Use a scale and
weigh both salt and butter. Do nothing
by guess, have the butter at proper tem-
perature for working, and give the salt
time to dissolve before working it into
the butter or trying to do so by the ap-
plication of sufficient muscular power
to damage the texture, and injure its ap-
pearance and keeping qualities. And
always be sure to pay strict attention to
the wants of your customers.

THE STOCK RANCH.

The Breeding Boar.

"The sire is half of the herd," I be-
lieve that I have seen that remark be-
fore—somewhere; whether it be new or
old it is a true statement of facts, says
F. D. Beck in *Swine Breeder's Journal*.
And it is of so much importance to the
breeder that, however often it may be
repeated, no one will yell—cheerfully.
"Like begets like" is also true, and
nothing will so readily prove this truism
as breeding a good sow to a poor, inferior
boar, of no known breeding, but, un-
fortunately, the "like" will all be upon
the side of the sire, while the closest
scrutiny will fail to reveal any of the
good points possessed by the sow, thus
proving that "the sire is half of the herd"
is only part of the truth, as he is more.
If our farmer friends could be prevailed
upon to see this matter in its true light
it would be but a few years until our
annual hog crop would be increased in
value many thousands of dollars, and
they (the farmers) would be correspond-
ingly richer, and, in addition, they
would derive greater pleasure in caring
for their well-formed herd. While we
do not advocate, in general, the breed-
ing from any but the best specimens to
be found, we know if our farmers would
visit a neighbor breeder, and get one of
his boar pigs that he intends to cas-
trate, not being of sufficient individual
merit to ship to a distant customer, he
would greatly improve his herd. A pig
of this description can usually be ob-
tained at but a slight advance over mar-
ket prices. True, it would be "money
in his pocket" should he invest \$25 or
more in a first-class pig, but the worst
pig raised from pure-bred parents will
make a better breeder than a finer look-
ing animal that does not know "who is
his father." By all means breed to a
pure-bred boar, and gauge the quality
only by your ability to pay for him.

Live-Stock Notes.

The cheapest food may not be the
most healthful to feed.

Good to nail to the barn door: "Who
enters here leaves pipe behind."

HAVE your hogs a good dry bed or a
mud hole to sleep in these days?

DID you ever see a hog that did not
relish good sweet slop? Why then feed
sour swill?

DON'T keep matches lying round the
barn loose, better have them in an iron
or tin box.

SOME people think a farm animal is
like a postage stamp—no good until
licked. They are sadly mistaken.

It does not pay to have colts come be-
fore the rough weather of spring is over,
and then not take care of them.

THE transfer of Holstein-Friesian cattle
for the week ending April 19, 1890,
as reported to T. B. Wales, Secretary,
included forty bulls and seventy-six
cows.

BREEDERS of trotting horses have
been breeding earlier and earlier each
year, until the crop begins to appear on
most farms soon after the first of Janu-
ary.

A FRENCH farmer states that white
mustard fed green to old horses com-
municates to the latter quite a youthful
energy, while removing from them all
difficulty of respiration.

THE premium boar with age losses
his attractiveness, but this does not in
any manner detract from his usefulness,
and he should never be discarded or
given an out-of-the-way lot, with care-
less feeding, on this account.

PROMINENT cattlemen of Crook
County, Oregon, have recently ex-
pressed the opinion that hornless cattle
were better able to endure severe cold
than those having horns. They base
this opinion upon the experience of the
past winter.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., has a horse that is
53 years old. He came to the State in
1848 with William Handley, and was
called an old horse then. For many
years Jerry worked in a brewery, but was
turned out to rest last year.

MICHAEL J. LEIB, Wayne County, O.,
says: "I have a cow that had triplets,
all three heifers. They were born July
15, 1887, and I have the mother and the
triplets yet. Last week they were all
fresh, and each of them had a very nice
calf."

THE HOUSEHOLD.

A Plate of Stale Bread.

When you make a bread pudding of
your stale crusts, my dear young house-
wife, you fancy you have done an eco-
nomical thing, although half the pud-
ding is thrown away, because "John"
doesn't like plain pudding. It would
be better economy to throw the bread
away instead of wasting your time in
making something no one wishes to eat.

Now, although no one need throw
away a plateful of stale bread, it is
sometimes the most economical thing to
do with it, especially in hot weather,
when it is apt to mold. At other times
cut off any brown crusts, break in small
pieces, and dry, not toast, it in the oven
when the fire is low. Then pound or
roll it rather fine, and put it in a paper

bag, which should be hung in a cool
dry corner of your pantry. You will
find it very convenient to use in prepar-
ing scalloped oysters, meat, eggs, or to-
matoes for bread sauce, and many other
things.

The bread may be used in various
ways. If the slices are not broken or
too thick, they make delicious browned
sandwiches. Spread each slice of bread
with chopped meat, cover with a slice
of bread, and press together. Proceed
in this manner till all the meat and
bread are used, and cut each sandwich
in halves. Place them on a plate and
pour the milk and egg over them until
it is absorbed. Put a heaping teaspoon-
ful of butter on a large frying-pan, and
when it begins to brown place the sand-
wiches carefully upon it. When nicely
brown add a little more butter and
turn them, letting them brown quickly
on the other side. Serve as soon as
possible. This makes a delicious break-
fast dish, and may be used to advantage
to "help out" a scanty dinner.

The stale slices of bread are often
used without the meat, just soaking
them in the egg and milk and browning
nicely. Indeed, a plate of stale bread
is a perfect mine of culinary surprises.

Shaved Ice.

A saucerful of shaved ice may be pre-
served for twenty-four hours with the
thermometer in the room at 90 degrees
F., if the following precautions are ob-
served: Put the saucer containing the
ice in a soup plate and cover with an-
other. Place the soup plate thus ar-
ranged on a good heavy pillow, and
cover it with another pillow, pressing
the pillow so that the plates are com-
pletely imbedded in them. An old jack-
plane set deep is a most excellent thing
with which to shave ice. It should be
turned bottom upward, and the ice
shaved backward and forward over the
cutter.—Medical Times.

Hints to Housekeepers.

GRAHAM bread is more apt to sour than
white bread.

HALF a saucerful of common salt dis-
solved in a little cold water and drank
will instantly relieve heartburn.

If you use powder of any kind on the
face never go to bed without washing it
off. Sanitary reasons as well as clean-
liness require this.

TO PERFUME your apparel, put a few
drops on small pieces of pumice stone,
and place in drawers and boxes and
among dresses in wardrobes.

For mending small holes in plaster-
ing, take one part of plaster of paris
and three parts fine sand, mix with cold
water and apply with a case-knife.

In preparing food for the sick the first
essential is fresh and suitable material,
next strenuous cleanliness, thorough
cooking and daintiness of serving.

A FRENCH remedy for burns is to allow
the contents of a syphon of seltzer-water
to flow slowly over the affected parts.
It quiets the pain speedily and ex-
pedites the final cure.

A WRITER on hygiene says that the
common use of soda to correct acidity
in the stomach is an error. A counter-
acid is a safer corrective than an alkali.
A little lemon or lime juice, properly

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1890.

Railroad Notes.

In the course of the coming week ties will be distributed and laid on the Ottawa Beach extension.

Several car loads of grading implements passed through here on the C. & W. M. railroad, last Friday, to be used on the projected C. L. & M. road, between Allegan and Saugatuck.

At Muskegon the C. & W. M. depot was entered by burglars Wednesday night of last week, the safe blown open, and \$100 in cash taken away. The work, it is said, was well executed.

The Allegan railroad committee have nearly succeeded in getting the necessary bonus to secure the C. L. & M. railroad through that town.

Short line rates between Muskegon and Grand Haven (via Holland) to Grand Rapids have again been established for the season.

The route of the G. R. C. & St. L. railroad through this city has not yet been definitely settled. Three lines have been laid out: The northern line crosses Black River north of P. Berghuis' place and runs southwesterly in the rear of the Van Raalte homestead, through Block A to the section line, or city limits. It keeps a little to the south of this line and thence west to Macatawa Park. The centre line crosses Black River at the same point, thence running westerly, crossing the C. & W. M. railroad north of the passenger depot, under their track; thence following Sixth street to the head of Black Lake, and westerly along the West Mich. Furniture factory. The north line keeps the north side of Black River and crosses it between the Grand Haven railroad and the highway bridges; thence southerly along the head of Black Lake, same as the centre line. Of the three, the south line is said to be the least expensive.

In approaching Saugatuck the line, as stated by the Commercial, runs south and west to the Bandle ravine, crosses Holland street at the Moore creek culvert, thence across the Joslin lots, the lot of Dan Southwell, the rear of the Schuler lot, crossing the Billings lots about where the old barn stands and on to the river. The western side of the river is followed until the Kenter place is reached and then the line branches off up the ravine to the Wiley farm, from where it will run south, to South Haven, in as near a direct line as may be. This line is not as acceptable to the citizens of Douglas as might be, but to the people of Saugatuck it proves very satisfactory.

As a further indication of the ultimate success of the new railroad, the managers of the project were in the city last week, and made some disbursements on real estate, purchased in behalf of the road.

The express south over the C. & W. M., struck a team at the crossing near Coloma, Tuesday, making a complete wreck of the team. George Moore, a farmer, aged about 75, and his two horses were instantly killed.

The establishing of our furniture factories is being felt at the C. & W. M. freight depot. Besides sundry consignments that are made daily, two full car loads were shipped from here Wednesday, to Cincinnati and Cedar Rapids, Iowa. The demand for storage room is so great that the company is compelled to enlarge the depot. Lumber has already been ordered for an addition, of 24x50 feet, on the east end of the present freight house. The platform will also be extended 32 feet. This new addition will be devoted exclusively to the furniture business.

The partition in the present warehouse will be taken out and the whole thrown into one room. Several minor changes have been made on the premises, all tending towards a better accommodation of the patrons of the road. Under the direction of station agent Holcomb the good work will continue. The grounds near the Seventh street switch, west of the freight depot, will be filled in and enclosed, and the old coal shed and wood piles removed, all of which will greatly facilitate the unloading of freight cars. The grounds south of the depot will also receive an overhaul, and Fish street crossing kept clear of freight cars, the full width of the street.

The outlook for this year fully warrants the prediction that the business of the C. & W. M. railroad at this point will show an increase of one-third over any previous year. All of which is very encouraging and pleasing, both to the road and the city. Says Mr. Gavett, in a recent circular to all agents of the road: "Make it known to all, that the management is in complete harmony with the interests and prosperity of the people along its lines, and is anxious to do all in its power for their benefit."

John T. Rich, state railroad commissioner, inspected the line of the C. & W. M. railroad this week. He passed through here to-day, in company with Messrs. Heald and Agnew, on a special train.

T. M. Waite, of Hudsonville, killed a black snake the other day which measured over six feet in length.

Electric Light.

The agitation of electric lights for the city of Holland, like so many similar municipal problems that have preceded it, will not "down" until solved in the only way in which these matters admit of solution in our day, and that is: by adopting them. Such was the case in the past, with the agitation of street and park improvements, water works, etc., and such is the case to-day. The only and important question confronting us, is: How shall it be done? Shall the city, as such, embark in the enterprise and retain to itself the profits, or shall it be left to private enterprise, the same as any other undertaking?

The subject is fairly before the common council, as seen from last week's proceedings, and will no doubt receive further consideration; and by a healthy discussion and agitation we doubt not a reasonable and satisfactory conclusion will be arrived at.

While, no doubt, many plausible arguments can be adduced in favor of the city going into the electric light business, in connection with its water-works plant, still it appears to us that, situated as we are at present, it would be a very questionable proceeding. The primary question, as an economic one, whether on the whole it is best and safe for a municipality to embark in a business adventure, even where the prospects are flattering and the calculations inducive, we shall not discuss at present. This, perhaps, may be in order later. The paramount objection, just now, in our present and prospective condition, are: either a material increase of taxation or of our bonded indebtedness. Both should be guarded against, at this juncture in our existence. Our prospects for growth and new enterprise should not be darkened by the gloom of increased burdens. Such is not inviting. As it is, in view of our increasing school needs, we cannot entirely escape a new edition of bonded indebtedness.

It is hinted that at an early date a tangible proposition, backed by responsible parties, residents of the city, will be presented to the common council. There is no doubt, but what Holland, with its present and future prospects, is just the field to induce private parties to embark in the electric light business. And upon the presentation of any well defined scheme, whereby commercial lighting can be secured to our citizens, it is fair to presume that the common council will give it the patronage of its street lighting upon terms equitable and satisfactory to the municipality.

What has also added materially to the present agitation of electric lights, in and for the city, is the enterprise displayed by two of our citizens, Mr. A. Huntley, proprietor of the machine shops, and Mr. W. H. Holley, of the Standard Roller Mills. A dynamo has been built at the shop of the former and supplied with the necessary outfit of wire and lights, and last week the place was lit up with several incandescent lights, the first experiment of the kind in the city. With the exception of the wire and one brass plate everything was manufactured in this city, and the whole speaks well for the enterprise of the parties engaged. The lights proved a success, and hence we trust that at no distant day the object they have in view, and to which they have devoted their time and efforts, may also prove a success, to-wit: the eventual erection and construction of an electric plant in this city, which will alike be a credit to them and to the place.

Our Postal Facilities.

Under the present schedule of the arrival and departure of trains at Holland, the outgoing mails are made up and closed at the post office three times a day, as follows:

9 o'clock a. m.—Toledo and Allegan, closed pouch, for eastern and south-eastern part of the state, eastern states and foreign countries.

Grand Rapids, closed pouch, for Grand Rapids city and northern Michigan.

Grand Haven and Muskegon and intermediate points, and Pentwater branch of C. & W. M. railroad.

2 o'clock p. m.—Grand Rapids and intermediate points, and northern Michigan.

Allegan and intermediate points, eastern Michigan, eastern states, foreign and Canada.

La Crosse and Chicago and intermediate points, southern and western states.

Muskegon and Big Rapids, and points beyond; closed pouch.

8 o'clock p. m.—Closed pouch for Chicago, opened and assorted at New Buffalo; for the east, south, west and foreign.

Grand Rapids, closed pouch, for Grand Rapids and points immediate north, east and south.

Big Rapids and principal intermediate points.

The following mails are carried from here by stage:

Grafschap, daily, 10 o'clock a. m.; Thos. Boven, carrier.

Noordeloos, New Holland, Olive Centre, Ottawa Station and Robinson, daily, 12 o'clock m.; J. Graham, carrier.

Ventura, Wednesday and Saturday, 3 p. m.; J. Jennings, carrier.

For Beaverdam a pouch is made up at this office Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 2 o'clock p. m., and carried by rail to Vriesland station.

The newspaper mail sent out from the post office at this city exceeds that of most towns double the size of Holland. Besides the News, there are published here four weekly newspapers, in the Holland language, *De Grondwet*.

De Hope, De Wachter and De Hollander; their joint circulation aggregates 10,000 copies, of which *De Grondwet* has nearly one-half, and averages at present 1,000 pounds a week.

All this becomes of material interest in view of the possibility of congress adopting at some time in the near future a general measure regulating the erection by the government of buildings for post offices in cities which come up to certain requirements. This proposed measure has the endorsement of both the late and present postmaster general, and is favored by a large number of congressmen, inasmuch as it would relieve them of a great deal of time and log-rolling in lobbying bills for postoffices in their towns, and produce system in ordering the erection of these buildings hereafter.

The bill has been reported favorable to the House. It provides for a post office building in all cities where the gross receipts for the past two years have been at least \$3,000. The cost of such buildings shall not exceed \$25,000; where the receipts have not exceeded \$2,500 the cost of the building shall not exceed \$20,000, and where the receipts have not exceeded \$2,000 the cost shall be limited at \$15,000. In no case shall more than \$5,000 be paid for the site. It is estimated that the bill will involve an expenditure of \$30,000,000, of which \$2,000,000 are to be appropriated the first year.

The towns in western Michigan, which would come under the provisions of the bill are: Allegan, Benton Harbor, Big Rapids, Grand Haven, Holland, Ionia, Ludington, Manistee, Muskegon, Niles, Paw Paw, Petoskey, St. Joseph and Three Rivers.

In the last official statement the post office receipts at Holland are given at \$4,509. They have materially increased since.

In accordance with instructions from the postmaster general a careful and accurate account has been taken during the week ending last Sunday, in all the post offices throughout the country of the number of pieces and the weight of paid matter mailed at the respective offices, with the amount of postage thereon, together with statistics of free matter mailed. The object sought, by the Postmaster-General is to obtain an exact knowledge of the weight and amount of postage paid on each and every class of sub-class matter mailed in the United States, by which the work of the year may be easily and accurately estimated. He believes this information is essential to a proper administration of the postal service. Upon the receipt of these several reports a detail of clerks will be made to arrange and tabulate them. It is estimated that it will require the work of twenty clerks for six months to complete the tabulations.

The following is a summary of the statistics forwarded to Washington by Postmaster Van Putten, showing the amount of business forwarded for that week from the office at Holland:

First class matter—Letters mailed to other offices, 3,109; drop letters, 555; parcels, 19; postal cards, 1,007. Total number, 4,790; total weight, 72 pounds; amount of postage, \$79.74.

Second class matter—Newspapers, no. of packages, 2,051; weight, 1,177 pounds; postage, \$12.70.

Third class matter—Printed matter, no. of packages, 23; weight 4 pounds; postage, \$0.37.

Fourth class matter—Merchandise, no. of packages, 142; weight, 9 pounds; postage, \$1.42.

Foreign mail—No. of letters and parcels, 188; weight, 13 pounds; postage, \$4.45.

Official—No. of letters, 53; weight, 2 pounds.

Totals—No. of pieces, 7,237; weight, 1,276 pounds; postage, \$98.68.

Among the invoices of imported goods at the custom house in Grand Rapids we notice one of the West Michigan Furniture company, of this city, for \$855 worth of glass, on which the duty was \$208.33.

Builders and house owners will find it to their interest to call at Dr. Van Putten's and buy the Masury liquid paints. All sold at rock bottom prices and satisfaction guaranteed.

Dissolution Notice.

The Co partnership heretofore existing between Lincoln Mizer and John B. Mulder, under the firm name of Mizer & Mulder, is this day dissolved with mutual consent. Lincoln Mizer retiring from the business of said firm. All claims and accounts for or against the firm will be settled by the remaining member, John B. Mulder.

Dated Holland, Mich., May 6, 1890.
LINCOLN MIZERER,
JNO. B. MULDER.

Ladies!

If you want a good fitting dress, come and give me a call. I have just opened a Dress Making and Fitting department, on the corner of River and Twelfth streets. Good work guaranteed.

Soliciting your patronage, I remain, Respectfully yours,
EDITH GOODRICK.

Holland, Mich., May 7, 1890. [1-m]

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chills Blisters, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland & H. De Kruij, Zeeland.

Health.

How often do we hear of people breaking down in health through overwork, either mental or physical, we would advise all such to commence treatment with Golden Seal Bitters, the great blood purifier, liver, kidney and stomach remedy and life giving principle, it will enrich, refresh and invigorate both mind and body. For Sale by H. WALSH.

Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, CURTAINS, Baby Carriages, Springs & Mattresses, Sewing Machines.

I should like your trade for these goods. I must have part of it. If prices and quality count your trade is mine. Let others give you their lowest prices and then at least find out what I can offer. Why not trade where you can get the best of everything for the least money, or is it such a great pleasure to swell the bank account of some already rich firm who have charged you double what they should have done, and only come down, now that I have forced them to do so. Give me a fair show.

Being the Leader in Low Prices

I want at least a part of your patronage. I shall continue this business and am daily receiving new goods, I expect to keep the largest and best assortment of goods in my line in this city, and time will verify this statement.

My stock consists of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Curtains, Oil Cloths, Baby Carriages, Spring Mattresses, etc. etc. Special attention is also given to repairing and the making and hanging of curtains and of Carpets. I have a practical man Mr. John Oxner and can surely promise good work at a low figure.

I ask for a part of your trade,

W. C. WALSH,

Three story brick building, between Bosman's and Steketee's, Holland.

Refreshing Sleep.

Why lay awake nearly all night with that troublesome cough when you can get a remedy that will cure and at the same time give you rest and sleep. Try it for Coughs, Cold, Consumption, tickling of throat, pain in chest and all kindred diseases and you will never use any other. It is Dr. Pete's 35 cent Cough Cure. For sale by H. Walsh.

Collars and Cuffs laundered for 2 cents each at A. K. Potter's Laundry.

No better ready made House Paints or ready made Floor Paints in the market than the Detroit White Lead Works' make, at

J. O. DOESBURG.

For the finest and best wearing Carriage Black, go to J. O. Doesburg. Price 75 cts. 13-4w

Castor—Machine Oil, a good cheap substitute for Castor Oil, for wagon grease, at

J. O. DOESBURG.

Burns.

Burns and scalds are of nearly daily occurrence, what a pleasure it is to know that we can get a remedy that will at once remove all pain and heal the parts; buy a bottle and have it on hand, it is Dr. Pete's Magic Pain oil, the great remedy for all internal and external pain; only 25c for a large bottle. For sale by the manufacturer H. Walsh.

Mrs. P. C. Whitebeck has taken the agency for Leut's Liquid curler for the hair—a preparation to keep the bangs in curl. Warranted to be not affected by perspiration or dampness, and absolutely non-injurious to the hair. Try a bottle; and if not satisfactory return it. Price, 25c per bottle.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report, August, 17 1889. 111-y.

Guardian's Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Peter D. York an insane person.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at Public Auction to the high bidder, on Monday the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1890, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at the premises to be sold and hereinafter described, in the township of Holland in the County of Ottawa in the State of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the twenty eighth day of December A. D. 1889, by the Probate Court of Ottawa County, Michigan, all of the right, title, interest or estate of said insane person, in or to that certain piece, or parcel of land, situated and being in the township of Holland, County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, known and described as follows to-wit:

The south five (5) acres of the North West quarter of the South West quarter of Section numbered twenty six (26) in township five (5) North of Range fifteen (15) West, containing five (5) acres of land.

Terms of sale will be made known at time and place of sale.

Dated Holland, April 29 A. D. 1890.

147. MAARTJE J. VORN, Guardian.

STALLIONS!

The imported Brown Percheron Stallion, No 2473 will make the season of 1890 as follows: Monday forenoon at J. Lohman's, Manlius; from Monday noon until Tuesday morning at G. H. Brink's, East Saugatuck; Tuesday forenoon at Schreder's, Sr.; Tuesday afternoon until Wednesday morning at Bouselaar's Sr.; Wednesday, at G. Rutgers', Grafschap; Thursday, at J. H. Middelink's, Holland; Thursday from 4 o'clock until Friday morning at J. H. Boone's, Groningen; Friday, at T. Romey's, Zeeland; Saturday, at my place in Overisel. There will be two or three stallions always at my barn. Terms from \$7.00 to \$15.00, according to conditions.

J. SCHIPPER, Proprietor.

Overisel, Mich. 9 15w.

BUSINESS.

If you want to buy or sell Real Estate in Holland City or Ottawa County,

CALL ON OR WRITE TO

J. C. POST, Holland, Mich.

More of Truth than Poetry.

From the populous East, From the Empire Commonwealth, From the Roomy and Rustling North Woods.

Rochester, N. Y., April 22, 1890.

The Walsh De Roo Milling Co., Holland, Mich.

DEAR SIRS: Your message quoting Daisy at hand. You may ship our flour at your quotation at once. We like your flour and have so far given you the preference and will now at price equal, but you must make us your lowest prices, as other parties are naming lower prices and claiming their flour equal to yours.

Yours Very Truly

DUNCAN & CO.

Rochester, N. Y., April 27, 1890.

The Walsh De Roo Milling Co., Holland, Mich.

GENTLEMEN: Your telegram received. You may start us another car May 3rd, at same price. Yours Very Truly

DUNCAN & CO.

Grand Cassing, Ill., April 30, 1890.

The Walsh De Roo Milling Co., Holland, Mich.

GENTLEMEN: Ship ten bbls "Daisy", six in 14s and four in 16s. Have become tired of shifting around to different brands and are now anxious to try the "Old Reliable" again.

Yours Very Truly

H. H. RICH.

Petoskey, Mich., April 14, 1890.

The Walsh De Roo Milling Co., Holland, Mich.

GENTLEMEN: My physician recommended your Wheat Grits as a Health Food, and a friend gave me a sample. I am anxious to buy a package but cannot get it in this town. Could you supply me and what are your prices.

If you wish to introduce it here I would suggest the name of C. W. Caster—grocer.

Please address: Martha Lawton.

Clarion, Mich., April 27 1890.

The Walsh De Roo Milling Co., Holland, Mich.

GENTLEMEN: Please ship me flour as mentioned below. Your brands give the best satisfaction to the trade of any flour I keep in stock. Respectfully Yours

A. D. LOOMIS.

Come letters from those who are seeking health, And orders for more of our goods.

AT THE

New Boot and Shoe Store

OF

Meyer & Dykhuis,

NEXT TO

H. MEYER & SON'S MUSIC STORE,

Where will be found one of the Finest and Best Selected Stock of Women's, Misses', men's Boys' and Children's Foot ware ever brought to this city.

MR. DYKHUIS will always be ready to do all kinds of Repairing.

7-2y. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Don't Buy Spring Millinery

Until you have inspected my stock. Don't say my prices are not lowest, until you have inquired.

New Novelties added every day. Everything fresh and stylish. No old Goods. Special bargains this week of

Misses and children's school and sun hats, in Black and White Leghorn plain and fancy Straws, all cheap and stylish. A bottle of Lents liquid curlers for the hair given with each purchase amounting to one dollar. Call and enquire its great merits Perspiration and dampness do not effect it.

Mrs. P. C. Whitebeck.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?

if so we are ready to prove that we sell Paints, Oil, Varnish, White Lead, Alabastine and Brushes as cheap as any house in the city.

ALWAYS ON HAND:

Senour Monarch Paints,
Senour Floor Paints,
Senour Roof Paints,
Senour Carriage paints.
Senour Ornamental paints

Call and examine our stock, and get our sample card of paints.

Don't forget the old stand

E. Van der Veen,
HARDWARE,
Cor. River and Eighth Sts.
13-1y.

This space belongs to G. Van Putten & Sons.

Thompson & Edward's Fertilizer Co.

Standard Raw Bone
FERTILIZER.

CHAS. S. DUTTON.

Agent at Holland, Mich, has just received a supply of these valuable fertilizers, and he is prepared to supply all demands.

Call at H. D. Post's office, and get a valuable pamphlet from him, giving full information on the subject.

Applications by mail will also receive prompt attention.
13-4w.

CHICAGO Clothing Store,

in the New Brick Block next to Dr. Van Putten

We have on hand a good assortment of

Clothing,
Furnishing Goods Hats and Caps,
and a fine assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR GENTS, BOYS AND CHILDREN

our prices on these goods are as low as can be sold by any other dealers in the city.

We will guarantee satisfaction to all our patrons.

L. HENDERSON.
1-1y New Brick Block, River St.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Judge Arnold is holding court in Kalamazoo this week.

Hein Jankhet has returned to Allegan from his southern and western trip, improved in health.

The steamer Bradshaw has handbills out announcing an excursion to Muskegon next Sunday, leaving her dock at Holland at 9 o'clock a. m. sharp and Muskegon at 3:30 p. m. Fare \$1.00.

The store building occupied by J. Wise, in the first ward, has been purchased by Mrs. J. Fleeman and will be moved to north River street and converted into a residence. Mr. Wise expects to continue his business in a more central locality.

The river at Kalamazoo is on the rampage. Over 50 acres of city property are flooded and the water is still rising. Ten dwelling houses are surrounded and their occupants were forced to use boats in order to reach high land. The celery fields have been damaged greatly.

Capt. McLaughlin, the engineer who is making the survey for the new railroad, was, in war times, topographical engineer on the staff of Gen. Wood, Army of the Cumberland. Many of the old veterans residing in this locality knew him well at that time and have been renewing the acquaintance during the time he has been here.—*Saugatuck Commercial.*

The importance of a town is known only by the appearance of the home papers, and no paper can survive without a good healthy home patronage of advertising. While you are sleeping, the papers are getting in their work and telling the outside world your wants. The paper never sleeps. Patronize it judiciously, but liberally, and in short time you will have no cause for a complaint on its part.

The steamer Mabel Bradshaw left on her first trip to Chicago Monday evening, the dredge having finished one cut, sufficient to admit of the steamer's passing. The arrangements for the season are the same as last year: Leave Holland on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 p. m., or upon the arrival of the evening train from Grand Rapids; leave Chicago Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 p. m., from O'Connor's dock, foot of State street. Fare \$2.00; round trip, \$3.50.

Decoration Day.

Pursuant to call a meeting was held Monday evening in the G. A. R. Post hall to arrange for a proper observance of Memorial Day. Mayor Yates presided, and committee appointments were made as follows:

Finance—J. G. Van Putten, J. C. Post, M. Van Putten, P. W. Kane.

Grounds—R. Van Den Berg, J. Kramer, B. L. Scott.

Flowers and Decoration—C. Steffens, chairman.

Carriages—J. H. Nibbelink, P. H. McBride.

Speakers—G. J. Diekema, G. Van Schelven, J. Kramer.

Invitations—Mayor Yates, G. E. Churchill, B. Van Raalte.

Music—Prof. J. B. Nykerk, W. A. Thomas, Dr. J. A. Mabbs.

The chairmen of these several committees constitute the general committee of arrangements.

For the day proper the following arrangements were decided upon:

President—O. E. Yates.

Chaplain—Rev. J. J. Jennings.

Speaker—

Marshal—Commander Ben. Van Raalte, with power to appoint his assistants.

Further details will be announced later.

Fillmore.

At a meeting held last Friday evening, in the interest of the Patrons of Industry, a committee was appointed to secure a speaker from that Society.

Tuesday afternoon, while our school teachers, Miss Josephine Cook and Miss Johanna Van Ark, were being taken home by Mr. Cook, the horse became frightened and a runaway took place. The occupants of the buggy were unceremoniously dumped in the mud, but so far as we have been able to learn, no serious injuries were sustained. The buggy was somewhat damaged.

A Dutch school has been started at Graafschap.

May 15.

West Olive.

We are glad to see some peach trees blossoming in this vicinity. Chas. McCarthy, near the Lake, says he will have about 3/4th of a peach crop. Cherry trees here are thickly budded.

Mr. Jacques, agent for an Illinois nursery, recently received a shipment of about 5,000 fruit trees. There will be an attempt to make this a fruit region.

Clover, looks well here. The more clover, the greater will be the prosperity of this community. It is said that one of our large land holders, last year, realized more satisfaction from his hay crop, on common grade soil, by far, than could reasonably be expected.

A. Van Raalte, Jr., who was laid up awhile by a kick in the forehead, from a colt, is around again.

Nora Norrington received a serious injury, in alighting from a freight train, but is improving.

C. Van Raalte, who is attending College in Holland, with his friend Keefe, made us a call, Saturday. His brother Ali, of Grandville, was also home that day.

Mrs. Gokey's house, across the street from her store, is now occupied by the family of Wallace Thompson.

Mrs. M. W. Trumble is sick and confined to her bed.

Some of our residents are very glad that the township library is at West Olive again. Mr. Jacques, who is moving across the road from Beuben Bacon's house, is to have charge of the same.

Sunday school next Sunday 10:30 a. m.; preaching at 2:30 p. m.; and bible reading at 7:30 p. m.

Port Sheldon.

There is considerable grumbling by our men that have to haul wood and other things for a living for themselves and families, with the manner in which the crossing of the Ottawa Beach railway is left. It seems that the monopolist has got around here, to break up our roads, towards the graving of which we have all contributed. It think some one ought to be held responsible for the manner in which it is left.

Christian B. Cook has moved upon his land, and is about to commence with his house, as soon as he gets through with his clearing.

F. Julien has his house up and contemplates moving into it in a few days. This and the new

houses that are going up around here, make quite an improvement.

The Port Sheldon lodge of Patrons of Industry was organized at Smith's school house on Thursday evening, May 15, with 15 males and 10 female members. John Robert was elected president. The last open meeting will be held on Saturday evening, the 17th, when the charter will be here, so that all wishing to join under the regular fees will have one more chance.

Kentucky Jack, of Little Pigeon Creek, and his Holland friends had better keep their eyes open, as some of the Holland experts are keeping their eyes upon them. His friends are rather anxious about the dear ones that come out in their fast rigs, for fear that our bridge should let them into the driver. If, however they need not be afraid, for the river has the good luck to be able to see both sides of the road at one time, and he also looks two ways for Sundays.

We are having very wet weather, with lots of rain and cold nights. The swamp is full of water.

Our supervisor was around last week and gave us the gratifying intelligence that our taxes will be much lower.

May 14.

"PSEUDONYM."

A Big Fish.

Assistant District Attorney William Travers Jerome of New York has returned from his vacation with an experience that has been accepted as a warning by those of his friends whose vacations are yet in prospect. He appeared in court minus the fore-finger of his left hand. The stump of this member and his badly lacerated second finger were swathed in several thicknesses of cotton and oilskin. Mr. Jerome said he had been fishing in Lake Champlain for muskallonge. He captured one that was longer than his boat, whose side the brute split, with a flap of his tail. Before the boat sank Mr. Jerome inserted the gaff in the creature's gills. This instrument the fish promptly swallowed, handle and all, and when his jaws came together two of Mr. Jerome's fingers were between them. The result was that Mr. Jerome's finger had to be amputated.

Faint Praise.

Bessie.—"I make all my own dresses. Don't you think I deserve credit?"
Jennie.—"Yes, dear; but only for your good intentions."—*From Lippincott's Magazine for April.*

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Yates & Kane's Drugstore, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland, as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size \$1. Every bottle warranted.

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alternative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver or Stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c. and \$1 per bottle at Yates & Kane's Drugstore, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

PHOENIX PLANING MILL,

SCOTT & SCHURMAN,

PROPRIETORS.

Dealers, Manufacturers & Builders.

GOOD WORK AND REASONABLE PRICES.

Hemlock, and Pine Piece Stuff,
Sheathing and Finishing Boards,
Flooring, Ceiling and Siding,
Side Walk Material.
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Casing an Base,
Door and Window Frames,
Paints, Oils and Glass.

We do a General Planing Mill Business

AND MAKE TO ORDER

STORE FRONTS, DOORS, SASH,

Window and Door Screens, Brackets, Veranda Posts, &c.

Special Attention given to the Summer Cottage Trade.

GET OUR PRICES BEFORE CLOSING A BARGAIN.

Mill and Office on River Street, Cor. Tenth,

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

The Two Extremes.

Bjones.—"I don't like De Jinks. You can't believe a word he says."
Giles.—"What do you think of his brother?"
Bjones.—"Unbearable. He always tells the truth."—*From Lippincott's Magazine for April.*

J. C. HOEK,

House, Sign and Carriage

PAINTER.

Leave your orders at No. 23, Twelfth Street.

HOLLAND, - MICH.

Paper Hanging a Specialty.

WATER!

T. VAN LANDEGEND

PLUMBER.

Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

Water connection with city mains.

Houses fitted up with Bath tubs, Hot and Cold Water, Marble Basins, and Water Closets.

Sewers laid, Drive

Wells and Sinks, Cistern

Pumps.

Yard Hydrants, Lawn

Sprinklers and Diamond

Hose, the best in the

Market, always on hand.

16 3m.

UNEXCELLED.

Ladies' and Gents' Fine

Shoes, unexcelled for quality

and workmanship, at

the store of

J. D. HELDER.

River St., Holland, Mich.

Also a large assortment of all

kind of

BOOTS and SHOES.

If you want a good fit, low

prices, and better quality,

call on me and convince yourself.

J. D. HELDER, River Street.

NOVELTY

Wood Works.

Best Place in the City for buying your Building Materials.

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Brackets, Ornamental Scroll Work, Verandah Posts, Etc.

Remember we have the largest assortment and most complete line of

Dressed and Rough Lumber in the City.

Our facilities for doing interior work for buildings are unsurpassed.

A large assortment of SIDEWALK LUMBER on hand which we offer to you cheaper than can be obtained elsewhere.

We are alive to your interest.

Yours at command,

Novelty Wood Works,

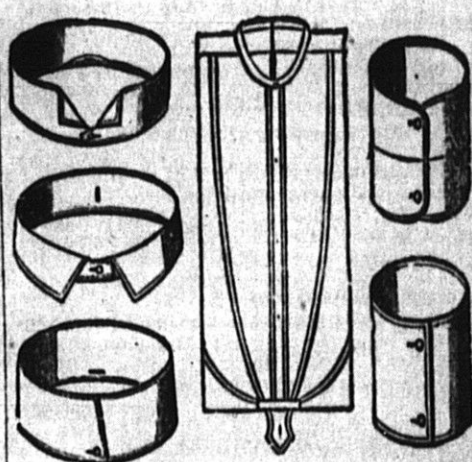
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Per J. R. KLEYN.

Holland City Laundry.

Reduced Prices!

Good Work!



Collars, 2c.

Cuffs, Per Pair, 4c.

Shirts, 10c.

OFFICE WITH

BRUSSE & CO. Clothiers and Merchant Tailors.

6-13t

Cor. River & Eighth Streets.

The Finest Stock of Boots and Shoes

—AT—

Van Duren Bros.,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

GIVE THEM A CALL.

We have a first-class shoemaker in our employ, and all custom work and repairing brought to us will receive prompt attention
22-1y.



MRS. M. BERTSCH,

MILLINERY,

Cor. Eighth and Cedar Sts.

Mrs. Van Den Berge's Old Stand.

NEW LIVERY.

ED. J. HARRINGTON, Jr.

PROPRIETOR OF THE

Holland City Sale & Exchange Stables,

Has added a new department to his well known establishment.

The public can now be accommodated with everything a first-class Livery can supply.

New Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Carry-all.

New Harnesses, Robes, etc.

Stable: Cor. Market and Seventh Sts.

P. S.—A neat and well furnished office has been set apart as a waiting room

DAN CUPID'S TRUSTY MESSENGER.

How Two Fond Hearts Outwitted a Stern Parent by Means of His Coat-Tails.

"Love laughs at locksmiths," no doubt of it (said a jolly old fellow in a car of the elevated railway, the other day, as he spread his newspaper on his knees and leaned back to have a hearty laugh at the story of an elopement he had just been reading). This story, he continued, reminds me of the courtship of myself and my wife, years ago, when I was "prentice boy" to a crusty old leather merchant in "The Swamp." He used to live over in Brooklyn, and part of my meager wages were taken out in board and lodging at his house. Of course I left my bed in the attic and was sweeping out the counting-room long before his old nibbs was up, and I returned to supper long after he had left the office for the day, yet I found time to fall in love with his pretty daughter for all that.

She returned my feelings (I may say it without vanity, as we have been married now these thirty years), and I stepped around in the seventh heaven for a time; but the old man soon spotted us, and I narrowly escaped a severe thrashing at his hands for my presumption. I was banished from the house and Jane was locked up in her room on a bread and water diet for a week. Of course, we found a way to meet once in a very long time, but how to correspond as frequently as our yearning young hearts desired was a question that puzzled us for months. The postoffice was of no use, for there was no house-to-house delivery in those days, and all letters for the family came to the counting-house and passed under the old man's eye, and there was no one to act as a go-between to whom we dare confide the secret.

"Can't you hit on some plan, Jane, dear?" I said in despair one day on which we had managed to arrange a clandestine meeting after a month spent without a glimpse of each other. "Is there no one in your family, or among your friends, or servants, whom you could trust to carry our notes back and forth?"

"No one," she replied, with a sigh. "Have I not thought and thought and thought about it as much as you? But, oh, I have it, I have it!" she exclaimed, suddenly clapping her hands. "I have found some one at last, and she burst into a peal of laughter so long that I could hardly control my impatience to hear her discovery."

"Who is it? Tell me quick," I said.

"Papa," she gasped, and went off into another fit of laughter.

"Your father?" I said, astounded.

"Jane, you're making cruel fun of me," and I turned my back on her in a huff. "I am not, indeed, dear Billy," she replied. "I mean just what I say. You know papa's old overcoat that he will insist on wearing for nine months in the year, in spite of all that everybody can say. Well, I'll hide a little note to you every day in the lining of the coat-tail, and when he hangs it up behind the counting-room door it will be easy for you to get it out and hide your answer in the same place. Oh, my, won't it be funny to think of papa, who has set his heart on keeping us apart, himself carrying our love-letters back and forth from one to the other every day," and she burst into another merry peal of laughter, in which I joined heartily this time.

Well, we adopted the plan, and it worked to a charm. The old boy was our faithful postman for years, and I often used to tremble as I thought of the possible consequences if he should ever discover one of my burning love missives in the tails of his rusty old coat. But he never did, and in due course of time I worked my way up to a place in his business where he could no longer ignore me or my claims. He was rather astonished one day, though, when I formally asked for his daughter's hand, and assured him that she was willing, if he was. He consented, but it was not until I was his junior partner and he was dandling his first grandson on his knee that he dared to tell him how for years he had played the part of Cupid's messenger when he thought he was acting the stern and careful parent. —New York Tribune.

How the Millennium Came.

Just out of Bennington, Vt., lived Deacon Tracy, and one day a brother of his died and willed him a horse. The animal came to him from a distance of seventy-five miles, and whether it was the change of scene or a streak of natural cussedness in him no one could say, but he "took fits." He would balk on the slightest excuse, and often with no excuse at all, and the Deacon would have to hold himself in and foot around until the beast got ready to go. He would have got rid of him, but nobody wanted the horse, and in hopes that he might have a change of heart the Deacon continued to drive him in and out of town.

One day he got notice that a clergyman of his faith was coming to spend a short vacation with him, and he drove in to meet the train. Instead of the clergyman, who was not very well known to him, he picked up a Boston drummer, who was out on a vacation, and wanted to go to the next farm beyond the Deacon's. Neither had had time for any questions before the horse balked.

"What's up?" asked the stranger, as the rig came to a stop.

"He's balked," answered the Deacon.

"Well?"

"Well, I can't do nuthin' with him. We've got to wait for him to git ready."

"That's a—of a note!" growled the drummer.

"W—what?" gasped the Deacon.

"Why, him, the way is to get up and out—out of his hide," said the drummer.

"Say, say!" called the Deacon, as he chewed on his tobacco with fifty times the usual rapidity of motion; "you are swearing."

"Well, such a cursed, infernal beast ought to be sworn at. Git up and give him—!"

"Land! but there you go again. Say, has the millennium come?"

"I guess he has."

"And we can all swear?"

"That's what ails Hanner."

"Good! I've been holding in for two years on this—beast, thinking it was wicked. If you, a minister of the gospel, can use profanity, it can't be wicked in me, and now you hang on to the seat, and I'll wallop—out of him, so that he will remember it all his life!" —New York Sun.

A Remarkable Ceremony.

Invitations were recently issued to all officers and European and native residents to witness a festival known as "Agni Kuud," which literally means walking over a pool of fire, at the residence of the Raj of Coor. The invitations were largely responded to, and all the European spectators were astonished at seeing the natives walking over a pool of living coals. The place where the fire was placed was about twenty feet long, four feet wide and two feet deep. At one end of this was situated the god of fire, made of kneaded flour, and the great god Mahabala was conveyed round the fire three times in a grand palanquin borne by priests, amid great singing and dancing (something after the fashion of

the Indian war dance and song). After the third turn, one of the priests, with a drawn sword, severed the head of the god of fire, which they said had the effect of "cooling the fire." After the defeat of the god, several natives, young and old, of different castes walked across the fire with bare feet. None of them complained, but repeated their walks.

A Veteran New a Tramp.

The queerest pair of tramps that Philadelphia people ever looked upon stood at the corner of Ninth and Walnut streets yesterday afternoon and begged alms from the passing throng. Both men supported themselves on crutches. One had only a stump of a leg, and the other mendicant's right limb was minus the foot and ankle. Their clothes were desperately shabby, and they seemed so utterly woe-begone that the Italian boot-black offered them a dime, which was promptly accepted. Little else money came their way until the closing of the business at the Walnut Street Theater.

Presently there came along a tall and well-dressed man, who put a silver quarter into the palm of one whose leg was closely shorn off. He had hardly made the gift before he wheeled around and looked the recipient of it squarely in the face. "I ought to know you, my man," he said.

"And I know you, Colonel," was the answer.

"Were you not wounded at the battle of Charles City Cross Roads?"

"I was shot there, but I fought it through and got my serious wound under your command on the morning that Gen. Lee surrendered."

The Colonel plunged his hand into his pocket and drew out a pile of silver and some paper money. Selecting from the lot a \$5 note, he pressed it into the hand of the veteran, who had turned mendicant, and wended his way up Walnut street. —Philadelphia Inquirer.

Shrinkage of Hay.

It is a common belief among farmers that hay loses much in weight during the months which follow the cutting and housing of the crop, and that hay drawn from the barn in winter should command a much higher price than the same hay drawn from the meadow as soon as cured.

The experiments made at the Kansas Experiment Station lead to a different conclusion. Thirteen samples of several different kinds of hay were secured for this purpose and placed in very thin muslin bags. They were weighed, and then buried in a mow of hay. Most of them remained six months, and were weighed again in December, several precautions having been taken to prevent error. In most cases the loss by drying was trifling, not over 3 or 4 per cent. In two instances it was over 10 per cent. In one case there was a positive gain. There are two causes that materially control the result—a wet or dry summer and the degree of drying in the field to which the hay is subjected. Some farmers draw in their hay obviously before it is quite dry. Those who sell and buy hay should understand this matter, and it would be easy for them to make careful trials. The degree of moisture which may be left in hay as it is drawn from the meadow should be better understood. There is no question that it is often subjected needlessly to drying. —Auburn Advertiser.

Rocking Beds in a Storm.

Lieutenant Beale, of the Signal Service, says that if parties who are disturbed by what are called "rocking beds" in times of storms will open the windows of their houses on what sailors term the "leeward side"—that is to say, on the side opposite to that whence the storm comes, they will not be troubled with it. The rocking is the result, he explains, "of a difference between the air inside and that on the outside."

"When a bigger puff comes the bed, forced by the air within, which seeks to join that outdoors, moves in one direction and is forced back when the puff becomes lighter. Relieve the pressure by opening the windows, and this so-called rocking ceases. Many a house that has been blown down in a tornado would have been spared its owner had this fact been known. The proof of what I say as to this pressure is shown in the fact that houses after great storms are frequently found with the leeward wall only blown out and the other three remaining intact."

Knew Good Victuals.

A schoolman tells the following rich incident: "I was teaching a small school in an adjoining town and 'boarded round.' On visiting a 'new place' one Monday noon she seated herself with the family around a small pine table and made a meal of brown bread, fat fried pork, and roasted potatoes. Just before pushing back from the table a youngster of ten years exclaimed:

"I know what good victuals is. Yes, ma'am, I know what 'tis."

"Do you, indeed?" asked the embarrassed lady, not knowing exactly what to say, and ashamed to say nothing.

"Yes, ma'am. I knows w't good victuals is. I see been away from home several times, and eaten lots on 'em."

NATHAN HARVEY, of Topeka, Kan., has in his possession his wedding suit, which was made at Richmond, Ind., in 1832, in a shop in which Schuyler Colfax, General Burnside and ex-Congressman Shryock were journeymen. The suit consists of white duck trousers, a buff vest with brass buttons and blue swallow-tail coat, also trimmed with brass buttons. The cloth for these garments cost \$4, and the making \$8. Mr. Harvey also has a hat, purchased for the same occasion, which was made by Oliver P. Morton.

The money spent for fete, carriage hire, printing, and "indemnities" at the Hotel de Ville in Paris is said to be just five times that of the days of the empire. The number of sinicures has been nearly tripled to find places for friends of the higher officers. The last ball of the Hotel de Ville was to cost 130,000 francs, and the expenditures being really 19,000 francs less the surplus was divided up among the employees. An investigation may soon be expected.

THE fortress of Toul, it would appear from details given by the Gaulois, is to be made the chief place d'armes on the French frontier. New iron-cased turret forts are being constructed there, and as Toul commands the roads and railways from Metz to the northeast, and from Strasbourg to the east, the importance attached to it by the French military authorities seems justified.

A CONFERENCE held in Berlin has decided that in Germany children shall not be employed under twelve years of age, and then only for six hours a day up to fourteen. Women and children not to be employed in mines; and working Sunday is to be prohibited for women and children.

In London they have a window cleaning company which gives the greatest satisfaction. Experienced men, with all the utensils required, clean the windows cheaply and well.

"A TITHE of most ancient and honorable de 'Arguing' is described for sale in Engla—"

CATECHISM OF THE STATES.

A Very Ingenious Series of Questions and Answers.

Question—Which is the best State for fresh pork?

Answer—New ham, sure.

Q.—Which is the best for an early summer hotel?

A.—May inn.

Q.—In which should surgeons dwell?

A.—Connect-a-cut.

Q.—Which furnishes the best writers?

A.—Pencil-vania.

Q.—In which should laundrymen prosper?

A.—Washing done.

Q.—In which do impudent people dwell?

A.—Can sass.

Q.—Which is the best for deer hunting?

A.—Collar a doe.

Q.—Which is the best to steal a walking-stick in?

A.—Cane took, eh!

Q.—Which is the best for locksmiths?

A.—New brass key.

Q.—In which would you look for a morning attire?

A.—Day coat, eh!

Q.—In which is one likely to fail in getting a drink?

A.—Miss a sip.

Q.—In which can you find a red letter?

A.—Florida A.

Q.—In which does the hustle make one sick?

A.—Ill of noise.

Q.—In which is one likely to lose his farming implements?

A.—I'd a hoe.

Q.—In which can one acquire an estate by marriage?

A.—Mary land.

Q.—What would be the most useful in the event of another deluge?

A.—New (Yark, of course.

Q.—In which is one letter of the alphabet taller than another?

A.—O higher.

Q.—In which are bodies of land surrounded by water given a ride?

A.—Rhode Island.

Q.—What is called to your mind by beholding two five-dollar bills?

A.—Ten I see.

Q.—Which would a woman rather have if she can't get a new sealskin saccage?

A.—New Jersey.

Q.—Which does the farmers wife mention when she asks you to partake of apple sauce?

A.—Take sass?—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

Using Nature's Help.

An interesting illustration of the ingenuity with which the force of nature can be turned to man's account, is to be found in the peculiar construction of some of the Ohio River ferries, between Pittsburgh and Wheeling. It is a familiar law of physical science that the resultant of two forces, exerted in different lines, is motion in a direction different from either.

In order to utilize this principle, a strong steel cable is thrown across the river, suspended from high towers. On this cable a trolley is fitted, from which a strong guy rope extends down the stream about a hundred feet to the boat. It is attached to the boat much the same way a string is fastened to a boy's kite—with a loop extending from one end of the boat to the other, to the middle of which the guy rope is tied.

The loop on the outside of the boat is really, however, the half of a circle, the other half of which is made to run over a large grooved wheel inside, something like a helmsman's wheel on a ship. By revolving the wheel, by means of handles projecting from its rim, the end of the guy rope is made to move ahead or astern, at pleasure. The effect of moving it toward the bow, is to throw the bow of the boat up the stream, causing the current to strike the boat at an oblique angle.

There are then two kinds of motion communicated to the boat, the upward pull of the guy rope and the obviously downward motion of the current. The resultant of this compound motion is motion in a new direction—directly across the stream; and away goes the boat, loaded with teams and people, like a ship tacking before the wind, propelled across the river by the force of the current. The trolley, of course, moves along the cable in a line parallel with the boat, thus keeping the angles at which the two motions are communicated to the boat always the same.

It is a much cheaper way of ferrying than by steam, and much easier than rowing; and by simply taking advantage of Nature's laws the river is made to ferry itself. —Youth's Companion.

One of "Ben" Le Fevre's Expenses.

The Hon. "Ben" Le Fevre, ex-Congressman from Ohio, is very justly noted for always having a good and sufficient excuse for all his misdeeds as well as a ready answer for all perplexing questions. Not long ago he engaged himself to preside at a dinner, and his well-known ability to fill such an office made anticipation run high. But when the time came no "Ben" Le Fevre came with it and the pleasure of the dinner, therefore, was seriously marred. A few days later one of the guests met the ex-Congressman and asked him why he was not present. The expression that passed over Le Fevre's face plainly told that he had utterly forgotten the dinner and this was the first time it had been recalled to him. But he gathered himself in an instant and said:

"Why, man, that dinner was on Wednesday."

"Yes."

"Ash-Wednesday."

"Yes."

Le Fevre stopped as if that ought to be explanation enough.

"What has Ash-Wednesday to do with it?" asked the interrogator.

"Why, blank it, man," said "Ben."

"You don't suppose I would preside at a dinner on Ash-Wednesday, do you?"

Do you think I have no religious scruples at all?" —Washington Cor.

New York Tribune.

An English literary statistician has discovered that of the 562 heroines in last year's novels 372 were blondes and 190 brunettes.

Transpositions of speech.

In the course of his sermon a preacher began a sentence, "Biddy diddy," and stopped. What could it be? He made a second attempt—"Diddy biddy," and again halted. Strange. Lubricating his lips, he made a third attempt, and succeeded—"Did he bid adieu," etc. A clergyman in Ohio once said, "For now we see through a dark glass," and the same man spoke of some one going "headlessly" to destruction. A Providence minister one time said, "Turned his eyesless sightballs up to heaven." Turning to more homely instances of this amusing form of blunder, we recall a worthy lady who confessed to a weakness for "jussberry ram;" another who admired "buffle-eyes"—meaning butterdies; and every one has heard of the man who said "tot and jittle," and then blushing corrected himself to "tit and jottle."

When on the High Seas.

On the rail, on a steamboat, aboard a fishing smack, or yachting on the coast, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will be found a reliable means of averting and relieving ailments to which travelers, mariners, and emigrants are peculiarly subject. Sea sickness, ship doctors, voyagers, or sojourners in the tropics, and all about to encounter, unaccustomed, or dangerous climate, should not neglect to avail themselves of this safeguard of well-ascertained and long-tried merit. Constipation, biliousness, malarial fever, indigestion, rheumatism, and affections of the bladder and kidneys are among the ailments which it eradicates, and may be resorted to not only with confidence in its remedial efficacy but also in a perfect freedom from every objectionable ingredient, since it is derived from the purest and most salutary sources. It counteracts the effects of unwholesome food and water.

In Switzerland and other mountainous countries the goat leads long strings of animals daily to and from the mountains, but it is in South Africa that it is regularly kept and employed as a leader of flocks of sheep. Should a blinding storm of rain or hail drive the silly sheep before it, or cause them to huddle together in a corner so as to suffocate each other, the trained goat will take them up, and by a method best known to himself, will induce them to follow him to a place of safety.

The Handsomest Lady in Town.

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit, any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle Free. Large size, 50c and \$1.

At March, England, a llama or Peruvian giraffe gave birth to a graffo, greatly to the surprise of the attendant. The baby giraffe was able to see a few hours after birth, and the manager fully expects to be able shortly to exhibit it as the first giraffe born in England.

Six Novels Free, will be sent by Cragin & Co., Philada., Pa., to any one in the U. S. or Canada, postage paid, upon receipt of 25 "Dobbin" Electric Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. Soap for sale by all grocers.

A matter of color: Is the blush a deep red? No; it varies on what is called the pink of propriety. —Chatter.

No Opium in Piso's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

A box safety matches free to smokers of "Tansil's Punch" Cigar.



GORMANDIZING.

or overeating, or the partaking of too rich and indigestible food, is a common cause of discomfort and suffering. To relieve the stomach and bowels from such overloading, a full dose of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets is the best remedy. They operate gently, yet thoroughly and without griping, nausea, or other unpleasant effects.

If the too free indulgence in such intemperate eating has deranged digestion, causing dyspepsia and biliousness, attended with a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in mouth in morning, or arising, drowsiness after meals, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity and hypochondria—then you need to follow up the use of the Pellets with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, to tone up the stomach, invigorate the liver, and set all the processes of digestion at work. While curing indigestion, it purifies the blood, cleansing the system from all humors and blood-poisons—no matter of what name or nature, or from what cause arising. Unlike other blood-purifiers, it operates equally well at any season of the year. It contains no alcohol to inebriate; no syrup or sugar to ferment in the stomach and derange digestion. On the contrary, it retards fermentation and promotes all the digestive and assimilative processes. It is as wonderful and peculiar in curative results as in its chemical composition. There is nothing similar to it in composition or approaching it in results. Therefore, don't be duped and induced to take some substitute, said to be "just as good," that the dealer may make a larger profit.

Manufactured by WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

What He Dreamed About.

"John, John, wake up! You've got the nightmare. What are you dreaming about?"

"Oh, it was all a dream! I thought I had been left a fortune, Maria."

"You were puffing at a terrible rate. What were you dreaming about?"

"I thought it was a bank holiday, and I had lassoed an iceberg, pulled it into the harbor, and was selling it at the rate of 10 shillings a ton, and I was selling a ton a minute."

"Oh, I wish I could dream of such luck, John!"

"You can, Maria—you can if you will put your cold feet against your own back like you have them against mine." —London Tid-Bits.

Syrup of Figs.

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

DURING one of the snowstorms of the past winter in the Rocky Mountains nineteen engines were required for one train, which was made up as follows: First a snow plow, with nine engines behind it, then a train of nine cars with another five engines, and behind this five engines with a gang of men to dig the train out should it get stuck.

Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No gripping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation.

A simple ratification: "Well, papa has ratified our engagement; Josephus, dear, 'Good!' but what did he say?" "He simply said 'Bats!'" —Puck.

In 1850 "Broken's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

Advice to an immoderate drinker—"Shake" the bottle before taking.

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Needs a good cleansing this spring. In order to overcome the impurities which have accumulated during the winter, or which may be hereditary, and cause you much suffering. We cordially recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as the very best spring medicine. By its use the blood is purified, enriched and vitalized, that tired feeling is entirely overcome, and the whole body given strength and vigor. The appetite is restored and sharpened, the digestive organs are toned, and the kidneys and liver invigorated.

"I was feeling very much worn out, and found nothing to benefit me till I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have now taken several bottles and it has made me feel perfectly well. I was also troubled with sores breaking out in my mouth, but since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla have had no further trouble from them. I have recommended it to others, who have been very much benefited by using it." Mrs. MARY ANDERLY, 621 North Water Street, Decatur, Ill.

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