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### Holland City News, Volume 4, Number 13: May 15, 1875

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IV.—NO. 13.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1875.

WHOLE NO. 169.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
**HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.**  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.  
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.  
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.  
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:  
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents  
first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period under three  
months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 " "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 " "	5 00	10 00	17 00
4 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1 " "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 " "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.  
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.  
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge.  
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's sig-  
nify that no paper will be continued after date.  
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Rail Roads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Monday, Dec. 7, 1874.

### NORTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.
Express.	Mail.		Express.		Mail.
5.00	8.30	Chicago.	8.05	6.30	
12.15	1.30	New Buffalo.	4.55	8.05	
3.37	1.30	Gr. Junction.	2.00	11.41	
4.35	2.35	Richmond.	12.50	10.41	
5.30	2.50	Holland.	12.15	10.40	
5.40	3.00	Zeland.	11.57	9.46	
5.54	3.22	Vriesland.	11.45	9.23	
6.28	3.54	Grandville.	11.16	9.01	
6.50	4.10	Gr. Rapids.	11.00	8.40	

### SOUTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.
Express.	Mail.		Express.		Mail.
5.35	3.10	Holland.	12.15	9.55	
6.07	3.40	New Holland.	11.35	9.20	
6.25	3.55	Robinson.	11.17	8.58	
7.10	4.20	Nunica.	10.55	8.45	
7.28	4.40	Fruitport.	10.35	8.15	
8.00	5.10	Muskegon.	10.05	7.45	
8.30	5.40	Montague.	9.23		
8.50	6.00	Pentwater.	7.00		

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 22, 1874.

Going North.		STATIONS.	Going South.	STATIONS.	Going South.
No. 4	No. 2		No. 3	No. 1	
9.00	12.45	Muskegon	2.15	7.00	
8.05	13.04	Ferryburg	2.53	8.00	
7.50	13.00	Grand Haven	3.56	8.10	
7.05	11.27	Pigeon	3.30	9.05	
6.20	11.00	Holland	3.58	11.00	
5.30	10.40	Fillmore	4.18	11.30	
4.00	9.50	Allegan	5.10	1.00	

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, August 23, 1874.

FROM GR'ND RAPIDS.		STATIONS.	TO GR'ND RAPIDS.	STATIONS.	FROM GR'ND RAPIDS.
Express.	Mail.		Express.		Mail.
4.30	7.30	Grand Rapids.	10.20	9.30	
4.45	7.47	Grandville.	10.05	9.15	
5.55	8.55	Allegan.	8.50	8.05	
6.22	9.22	Oshtemo.	8.22	7.40	
6.30	9.30	Plainwell.	8.13	7.32	
6.45	9.45	Coopers.	7.56	7.15	
7.00	10.00	Kalamazoo.	7.40	7.00	
8.45	11.40	White Pigeon.	6.00	5.10	
8.50	9.20	Chicago.	10.40	8.50	
9.30	10.00	Allegan.	11.55	12.01	
10.30	11.00	Toledo.	11.55	12.01	
11.05	11.35	Cleveland.	7.40	9.00	
11.10	4.05	Buffalo.	12.25	1.00	

## Special Notices.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE,  
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,  
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, May  
19, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y. W. H. JOSLIN, W. M.

### I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order  
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd  
Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening  
of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.  
JOHN KRAMER, N. G.  
M. HARRINGTON, Rec. Sec'y.

## MY OFFER

To any one who wishes to keep a Livery,  
Stable, and run a 'Buss from and to the  
Railroad Depots and a Hotel, I offer the  
use of the barn of the **ETNA HOUSE**,  
free of charge, with an additional bonus  
for running it in connection with my Ho-  
tel. This is a splendid opportunity and  
any one wishing to invest will address:

P. ZALSMAN,  
Etna House,  
Holland, Mich.

HOLLAND, April 28, 1875. 11-18

## TO THE PUBLIC.

During the next ninety days we will offer  
our entire stock, consisting of WATCHES,  
CLOCKS, JEWELRY and SILVER-PLATED  
WARE, regardless of cost. Now is your  
time to get bargains.

ALBERS & WYNNE.  
HOLLAND, April 22d, 1875.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

GRISWOLD, A. D., Attorney at law and Soli-  
citor in Chancery. Office 76 Eighth Street,  
up stairs.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Soli-  
citor in Chancery; office with M. D. How-  
ard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and  
Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City  
Hotel."

VISSCHER A., Attorney at Law, Notary Pub-  
lic and Conveyancer. Kenyon's building,  
Corner of Eighth and River street.

### Barbers.

DE GROOT L., Fashionable Barber and Hair-  
cutter. Rooms in basement of City Hotel.

### Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer  
Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSING, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery;  
Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in  
this line served on call; 8th street.

### Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting,  
Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and  
River streets.

### Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books &  
Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River  
street.

KANTERS, L. T., & CO., Dealers in Books,  
Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; op-  
posite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

### Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK W. & H. General dealers  
in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done;  
River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.;  
Eighth street.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-  
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicine; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full  
stock of goods pertaining to the business  
See advertisement.

### Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D. General dealer in Dry  
Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.;  
cor. Eighth and Market streets.

### Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and  
Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. La-  
barbe's old stand, 8th street. See Advertisement.

### Furniture.

MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in  
Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See ad-  
vertisement.

### Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a  
ready market for country produce; a choice  
stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store;  
a choice stock of groceries always on hand.  
Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

### General Dealers.

DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods,  
Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps,  
Clothing and Feed; River street.

FUEILD, J. J., Dealer in Groceries, Dry Goods,  
Flour and Feed and Produce. Liquors and  
Cigars at Wholesale and Retail. Eighth street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods,  
Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and convey-  
ancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail  
Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery,  
Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Gro-  
ceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New  
Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.;  
Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

### Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hard-  
ware Store; sell cheaper than any other;  
8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hard-  
ware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in  
Hard-ware, Tin-ware and Farming Imple-  
ments; Eighth street.

### Hotels.

ETNA HOUSE. P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor.  
First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and  
from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL. J. W. MINDERHOUT, Proprietor.  
Built in 1873; furnished in elegant style, and  
a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL. J. McVicar Proprietor;  
opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot; good  
accommodation; building and furniture new.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE & ALBERTI, Livery and Sale Stable.  
Office and barn on Market street. Everything  
first-class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;  
good accommodation for horses; 9th street,  
near Market.

### Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer  
in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnish-  
ing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchas-  
ed elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing  
promptly attended to. River street.

WURZ, C. G., Merchant Tailor. Full line of  
Gents' Furnishing Goods kept in stock.  
Corner Eighth and Market street.

### Meat Markets.

BUTKAU W., New Meat Market, near corner  
Eighth and Fish Street. All kinds of sau-  
sages constantly on hand.

KEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of  
Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

RANDALL S. I., City Meat Market. Every-  
thing in first-class condition, and satisfaction  
guaranteed. Eighth street, East of City Hotel.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Moving Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors  
of *Pluiger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-saw-  
ing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the  
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-  
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WILMS P. H., Manufacturer of Farm Pumps.  
All kinds of wood turning and sawing on  
hand and done to order. River street.

### Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice  
of the Peace and Conveyancer. Office *Hol-  
land City News*, 8th street.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer,  
and Insurance Agent. Office, *City Drug  
Store*, 8th street.

### Painters.

HOEK, J. C., House, Sign and Carriage Painter;  
Shop, over Baert's Wagon Shop, River  
Street.

### Photographers.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems  
in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery  
on Eighth Street.

### Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite  
S. W. cor. Public Square.

BLANK N., Surgeon, Physician and Obstetri-  
cian. Office and residence, Ninth Street, East  
of Cedar Street.

LEDEBOER, B. Physician and Surgeon: Office  
corner Eleventh and River street opposite  
public square.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetri-  
cian, Regular graduated and Licensed. Of-  
fice at residence, corner 8th and Fish street.

### Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;  
Eighth street.

### Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, L. T. & Co., Agents for Ottawa and  
Allegan Counties, for the "Howe Sewing Ma-  
chine." Dealers in needles and attachments.

### Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and  
Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

### Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

### Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DJIKEMA & BRO., Wagon and Blacksmith  
Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repair-  
ing done. River Street.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop;  
Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing  
done. Cash paid for Furs.

### Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS & WYNNE, Jewelers and Watchma-  
kers. The oldest establishment in the city;  
Eighth street.

JOSLIN W. H., Watchmaker, Jeweler, and deal-  
er in Fancy Goods; Bank-building, River  
Street.

## Dissolution Notice.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing  
between the undersigned in carrying on  
the business of the "Holland Brewery," is  
dissolved by mutual consent, John Steiner  
retiring. The business will be continued  
by E. F. Sutton, who will settle all claims  
for and against the late firm.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 17, 1875.

E. F. SUTTON.  
J. STEINER.

10-13

## Special Notice.

THE CITY DRUG STORE will be kept  
open on Sundays, until further notice is  
given.

HEBER WALSH,  
Proprietor.  
HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

## BEARS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who has suffered for years from  
Nervous Debility, premature Decay, and all  
the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the  
sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who  
need it, the recipe and directions for making the  
simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers  
wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience  
can do so by addressing in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar st., New York.

## TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured  
of that dread disease, Consumption, by a sim-  
ple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fel-  
low sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire  
it, he will send a copy of the prescription used,  
[free of charge], with the directions for preparing  
and using the same, which they will find a sure  
Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.  
Parties wishing the prescription will please  
address:

Rev. E. A. WILSON,  
104 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

P. S.—The above medicine can be procured at  
the "City Drug Store," of HENRY WALSH, who has  
been appointed sole agent for this city. 41-14

### [Official.]

Common Council,  
WEDNESDAY, May 12, 1875.

The Council met pursuant to adjourn-  
ment.

Present: Mayor Van Landegend, Ald.  
Matrau, Kanters, Dykema, Breyman, and  
Vissers, and the clerk.

The minutes of the previous meeting  
were read and stood approved.

Ald Pfantstiel appeared and took his  
seat.

### ACCOUNTS.

G. Van Schelven, Justice fees \$5.55; G. S. Does-  
burg & Co., blank order-book, \$15.00.

—Referred to Committee on Claims and  
Accounts.

### REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Of Committee on Public Buildings and  
Property—

Reporting that the shade trees on Public  
and Market Squares had been trimmed, the  
dead ones replaced to the number of thirty-  
six, and that the job of planting a double  
row of Lombardy poplars along Black  
River, Highway, by J. Lagestee is completed  
and recommending payment therefor, \$25.-  
30.—Adopted and bill ordered paid.

Of Committee on City Library—

An Ordinance relative to the establish-  
ment, maintenance and control of the  
City Library of the City of Holland.

Of Committee on City Poor—

An Ordinance relative to the appoint-  
ment and the duties of City Physician of  
the city of Holland.

### REPORT OF CITY OFFICERS.

Of City Clerk—

The filing of the following oaths of of-  
fice:

J. R. Klein and J. O. Doesburg, members of  
Board of Special Assessors.  
J. Quartel, Pond-keeper.



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

At an election of officers of the New York Chamber of Commerce recently, the ticket headed of Mbn. George Opdyke was defeated. S. D. Babcock receiving 167 votes to 109 for Opdyke. The annual dinner took place in the evening, at which Hon. Fernando Wood made the principal speech upon the future of the metropolis. He spoke of the necessity for cheap transportation, increased terminal facilities, low tolls, quick transit, and diminished taxation.

In the Tilton-Beecher trial, last week, the court adjourned for three days, in order, it is said, to prevent Mrs. Woodhull giving, in her evidence. She had been subpoenaed by the prosecution, but both sides feared her, and she was not called. The trial will probably end by the middle of July. A. Sturtevant, the fiend who some months ago murdered two old men and their female house-keeper, at Plymouth, Mass., was hung on Friday, the 7th inst. In the Pennsylvania anthracite country the awful reign of idleness continues, and the news from that region from day to day is freighted with the horrors attendant upon sloth, poverty, and passion. It is stated that the owners of the largest mines in the district have deliberately flooded their property, thus adding months to the period of unproductiveness which the scowling future proclaims.

The centennial celebration of the capture of Fort Ticonderoga by Col. Ethan Allen, was celebrated with spirit by the people of the village and surrounding country.

The Philadelphia Press of the 12th inst. says in its review of the wheat crop reports from all sections of Pennsylvania: "A careful survey leads to the belief that not over half a crop will be gathered, and even this amount depends upon the continuance of dry weather."

### THE WEST.

At a game of base ball in St. Louis, on Thursday last, between the White Stockings, of Chicago, and the St. Louis club, the latter won by a score of 10 to 0. During last winter, a notorious woman, named Mollie Prescott, of St. Louis, hired the Temple Hall, to deliver a lecture on the "Social Evil." The owner of the hall, discovering her character, refused the use of the premises, and refunded the rent money. The woman brought suit for \$1,000, and last week the court awarded her \$70 and costs.

An act of heroic bravery was performed by George H. Price, who had charge of the Adams Express car which left Chicago on the night of the 6th inst., by the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne railroad. Three masked robbers entered the car near Lima, Ohio. The foremost of the ruffians pointed a pistol at Price's head and demanded the keys of the safe. Almost at the same moment he fired a shot at the messenger's head, but the latter had thrown up his left hand while reaching for his pistol with his right, and the bullet struck him in the forearm, inflicting a small wound, and then, glancing, struck him in the chin, also wounding him slightly in that spot. The assailant repeated his demand for the keys, and not getting them, fired again before Price could get out his weapon. This time the ball went clean through the messenger's right shoulder, and lodged in the side of the car. Before the robber could fire a third shot the wounded messenger had gotten his heavy pistol in hand, and, taking deliberate aim, passed a ball through the brain of his assailant, and the latter fell dead in his tracks, without even a struggle.

A severe thunderstorm passed over sections of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio on Sunday, the lightning striking in many places, doing great damage. Taylor's flouring mill, near Springfield, Ohio, was burned, with a loss of \$17,000; insurance, \$14,000. The Bender has again escaped, this time in Arizona, and is going for Mexico, it is thought. The new Custom-House and Postoffice building partly erected at Chicago will have to be torn down and rebuilt. A committee of experts appointed to investigate the condition of the structure, find walls very crooked and the foundations insecure.

GOVERNMENT detectives have just made a big raid on the fraudulent whisky ring in St. Louis, Chicago and Milwaukee. Irregularities in the manufacture and sale of spirits in these localities have been suspected for a long time, and Secretary Bristow, after recent investigations, decided to summarily put a stop to them. It appears that the frauds practiced have been of great magnitude, and extending over a long period of time. It is also stated that a large number of revenue officers are implicated, either as accessories to the frauds or as having been unattentive to duty.

DURING the week ending Saturday, the 10th of May, the condition of the wheat in 330 counties was reported to the Department of Agriculture. About 800 counties of the valleys of the Ohio and Missouri are represented, which last year produced 70,000,000 bushels of winter wheat, or 60 per cent. of the product of seven States from Ohio to Kansas. The average of condition in these States is 63 per cent., indicating only five-eighths of a full crop, if no improvement occurs—in Kentucky, 75 per cent.; Ohio, 57 per cent.; Michigan, 63; Indiana, 66; Illinois, 63; Missouri, 59; Kansas, 87. W. W. Embury, editor of the Leavenworth (Kan.) Appeal, recently shot and killed Col. D. R. Anthony, editor of the Leavenworth Times.

GRASSHOPPERS have appeared in multitudinous numbers in some portions of Kansas and Missouri, and the indications are that the devastations of last summer will not only be repeated, but that a new territory will be ravaged of its human sustenance. The St. Louis Democrat has been sold to the St. Louis Globe, and the two papers consolidated. The price paid was about \$350,000. One hundred men have left Kansas City for the Black Hills, and 300 more are at Cheyenne on their way to the same point. The Grand May Musical Festival took place at Cincinnati last week, and was a

magnificent affair. The city was garlanded with flowers and bedecked with flags, and the enthusiasm and music was immense.

### THE SOUTH.

Two New Orleans editors, Isaac N. Stoute-meyer and L. M. Finley, recently quarreled, and a challenge was given and accepted to fight with rifles at forty paces; but as they were both first-class shots, friends interfered, and the duel was averted.

BEN HILL has been elected to Congress from the Ninth District of Georgia, in place of McMillan, deceased.

At Paris, Ky., on Saturday of last week, Jacob Almond, aged 80, quarreled with his son-in-law, named Allen, aged 65, and knocked the latter down. Allen arose and plunged a knife into Almond, disemboweling him. The latter died instantly. Col. Richard H. Gaines, a leading New Orleans merchant, recently shot and killed D. R. Winn, a prominent hotel-keeper at Hope, Hempstead county, Ark.

The Southern Memorial Association has adopted a resolution that "all the soldiers of the Federal and Confederate armies be cordially invited to join the Memorial Association in decorating graves at Arlington on the 1st of June." A fire at Marshall, Texas, last week, destroyed property valued at \$110,000. Gens. Hatch and Davis, of the United States army, have returned to New Orleans from the Rio Grande. They report that the raids are becoming more bold and frequent. Murders of Americans and friendly Mexicans are constantly occurring. The civil authorities on this side are under the control of the Mexicans, and prevent the United States troops from making arrests. Unless summary measures are taken by the United States troops, they think the counties between the Rio Grande and the Nueces will soon be in the hands of Mexican outlaws.

### WASHINGTON.

J. G. HESTER, a special agent under the Department of Justice, and known in connection with the political arrests in Alabama, has been dismissed.

SECRETARY BRISTOW has commenced cutting down the working force in his department. Some twenty people—a good proportion of them being ladies—have been dismissed from Gen. Spinner's office.

The Postoffice Department is still engaged in adjusting the salaries of Postmasters under the law of the last Congress. It is discovered that the appropriation was not large enough for the purpose, and such of the Postmasters as have not already made their application for increased pay will be without it. The Comptroller of the Currency has called upon the national banks for a report of their condition on the 1st inst. The Secretary of the Treasury, with a view to retrenchment in his department, has very properly set on foot an investigation as to the propriety of abolishing some of the many interior ports of delivery which are a source of considerable expense to the government without compensating revenue.

DORGLASS states that the Internal Revenue receipts for the fiscal year will certainly exceed his estimates. He had estimated the receipts at \$105,000,000. They will certainly reach \$107,000,000, and possibly \$112,000,000.

The Grand Jury of the District of Columbia has indicted Bill King for perjury. The Washington Republican intimates that Secretary Fish will retire from the Cabinet at the end of the fiscal year.

### THE TILTON-BEECHER TRIAL.

EIGHTY-SECOND DAY.—Stephen Pearl Andrews and Henry C. Bowen were the only witnesses who testified in rebuttal. Andrews testified that Mrs. Woodhull derived the facts in the scandal case from Mrs. Cady Stanton before Tilton was introduced. John Wood, the printer of Mrs. Woodhull's paper, testified that the scandal article was not set up until long after the colored witness, Woodleigh, swore he saw slips of it with Tilton and Mrs. Woodhull. Andrews wrote the article, and his information came from Mrs. Stanton. Bowen was then called and contradicted Beecher on several material points. He swore that he had discharged Tilton before the latter demanded the preacher's abjuration; that Beecher had no hand in the removal of Tilton, and that there was no cause for remorse on the part of Beecher for Tilton's downfall. Witness remembered the tripartite agreement, and the payment of the \$7,000 check, and there was no connection between these two matters. Bowen also testified point blank that the letter from Tilton to Beecher demanding the latter's abjuration of the Plymouth pulpit, of which he (Bowen) was the bearer, was delivered at Freeland's, whereas Mr. Beecher swore that the note was delivered at his own house.

EIGHTY-THIRD DAY.—Mr. Bowen resumed the witness stand. He was subjected to a severe cross-examination by Mr. Everts, but adhered to his story with remarkable pertinacity. His amendments to the tripartite agreement, as explained by him, showed that he shrewdly avoided committing himself to an avowal of Beecher's innocence of the charges laid at his door. He simply "withdrew" them; and in place of declaring the innuendoes false, he "regretted having made them." His settlement with Tilton was simply a business arrangement, and was not promoted or retarded by what Beecher did, nor did it have the slightest relation to the matters in controversy between Beecher and Tilton.

EIGHTY-FOURTH DAY.—The day was principally devoted to disproving the alibi claimed by Mr. Beecher relative to the interview with Mrs. Moulton on the 2d of June, 1873. Lewis J. James, Superintendent of the Health Lift Company, swore positively to seeing Mr. Beecher on that day, walking in the direction of Remsen street. Jeremiah P. Robinson and Mrs. Moulton were also sworn, and were reasonably certain of the date.

EIGHTY-FIFTH DAY.—Theodore Tilton occupied the witness stand the whole day, and entered into a sweeping denial of the testimony of Tracy, Woodley, Mrs. Palmer, Bessie Turner, Oliver Johnson and Sam Wilkeson.

### POLITICAL.

THE President has appointed ex-Senator D. D. Pratt, of Indiana, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, vice Douglass, removed.

HON. J. B. McCREARY has been nominated for Governor by the Democrats of Kentucky.

A WASHINGTON correspondent announces that Congressman Milton Saylor, of Cincinnati, who has not hitherto been publicly mentioned in that connection, is known to be a candidate for the Speakership. Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway has now in his possession the back pay of but two members of the late House of Representatives—Kellogg, of Connecticut, and McKee, of Mississippi. Neither of these persons have drawn their pay or covered it into the Treasury, and it could at any time be recovered from the government by the members or their heirs.

It is announced that ex-Senator Pomeroy is making arrangements to enter the canvass for United States Senator from Kansas, to succeed Mr. Harvey. It now turns out that Commissioner Douglas' crowning weakness, and the one which led to his removal, was a leniency toward illicit distillers.

### GENERAL.

THE boiler of the steamer Senator exploded at Portland, Oregon, last week, killing the Captain, Purser, and a number of the crew. The Portage bridge on the Erie railroad, said to be the largest wooden bridge in the world, was burned last week.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad continues its liberal policy of furnishing the public with the cheap passenger and freight rates. It has just reduced the fare from Chicago to Pittsburgh to \$7.

### FOREIGN.

THE Kingdom of Hayti contributes another revolution. An insurrection has broken out at Port au Prince, and forty foreigners have been killed. Another would-be assassinator of Bismarck has been arrested in Berlin. He was prowling around the mansion of the Prince with a loaded pistol in his pocket. The London Times' Paris correspondent telegraphs (May 5) that the most serious minds believe that war between France and Germany is impending.

A RATHER heated discussion took place in the British Parliament the other night. Disraeli was desirous of having some bills passed, on which action had been delayed by the tactics of the opposition. The Premier stated that Parliament would possibly be prorogued in July. Cholera prevails to some extent in India. The Spanish government has paid to Mr. Cushing, in Madrid, the entire balance due on the Virginian indemnity, anticipating the payment by several months.

THE proceedings against the Prince Bishop of Breslau, for violation of the ecclesiastical laws, resulted in his banishment from German territory. The American Methodist chapel at Quikang, China, was lately destroyed by a mob. Six thousand German families are preparing to emigrate from Russia on account of the conscription. The Prussian police have lately received alarming notices of plots against Bismarck's life, and a special detective force has been detailed to protect him from assassins. Some of the French journals treat the reports of the alarmists about war with Germany as unfounded. China has engaged the ex-Confederate Gen. Ripley to construct extensive works for the defense of the coast and principal rivers in that country.

THE Czar of Russia arrived at Berlin on the 10th of May, and was cordially received by Emperor William and other distinguished personages. Another steamship is reported lost—the Cadiz, while on her way from Portugal to London. Sixteen persons are reported as having perished.

THE Pope reached the age of 83 on the 13th of May, and was presented with a congratulatory address, signed by a full million of the citizens of Germany. Later advices give the number of lives lost on the steamer Cadiz at 63. A man, said to be a relative of Archbishop Ledochowski, has been arrested by the German authorities, as the chief conspirator in the plot to assassinate Bismarck and others.

### APPALLING DISASTER.

The Loss of the Steamship Schiller—Over 300 Lives Sacrificed—Particulars of the Awful Calamity.

The steamship Schiller, which sailed from New York on April 28 for Hamburg, was wrecked off the Scilly Islands on the morning of the 8th of May, and over 300 persons perished. The Scilly Islands, a group of about 140 islets and rocks, lie off the southwest coast of England, about thirty miles from Land's End. The location has always been a dangerous one for shipping, and many horrible wrecks have taken place in the vicinity. The voyage of the Schiller was moderately good until May 4. The last three days it was impossible to take observations. The ship was out of her course half a mile at the time of the catastrophe. The New York Herald's correspondent interviewed Mr. Poleman, second officer of the lost steamer, and Mr. Stern, one of the passengers, and from them gained the following narrative of the disaster: "Capt. Thomas was on deck night and day for four entire days. At 7 o'clock in the evening of the 7th there was a dense fog. The sails were taken in, the engines put on half-speed, and the fog-bells were used. Bishop's Light was unseen, though only half a mile distant. At 10 o'clock we struck on a reef, and, after four bumps, the steamer settled down. There was a violent sea and the tide was rising. The darkness was intense. Most of the male passengers were awake, and there was the usual rush for the boats, but nearly all the boats were staved. One boat with a few sailors left the ship in a cowardly manner, refusing aid. Two boats were saved. The Captain endeavored to compel obedience by firing a revolver over their heads. During two hours six cannon shots were fired, when the powder dampened. Distress signals, rockets and blue lights were unanswered. At midnight the fog lifted, in a minute revealing the lighthouse. The waves were still sweeping the decks and carrying away victims. At 2 o'clock the deck-boards, in which were the women and children, was swept away. The cries and shrieks of the victims were heart-rending. There followed a ghastly silence aft. The smokestack fell, crush-

ing some of the boats and two others were carried away. The remainder followed the Captain to the forward bridge. Each succeeding wave took fresh victims. Some took refuge in the mainmast and some on the foremast. At 3 o'clock the Captain and two other officers were on the bridge. The Captain descended for a moment to render assistance and was swept away. 'Thus perished a brave man,' says Mr. Stern. At this time about ten persons were clinging to the rigging of the mainmast and thirty to that of the foremast. The ship had dashed, her yards touching the water, and the tide was rising. At 5 o'clock the fog lifted and the survivors shouted, but their cries were unavailing. At 7 o'clock the mainmast, and at a quarter to 8 the foremast, both of iron, fell; then two of the St. Agnes' boats came and rescued the few who had managed to keep afloat. It was reported yesterday that there were 103 women on board. The survivors were taken to-day from Penzance to Plymouth, whence they will be sent forward to Hamburg, where there is the greatest excitement. It is asserted that life-saving belts were issued to women. It is certain that most of the passengers found none. An order was given that the first boat should take the women and children. This boat capsized. Poleman says seven boats were launched, and only two lived. The others were staved and swamped immediately. The cries for help lasted until 3 o'clock. The last voice heard was that of a little child in the cabin. It is not probable the boats could have lived even if they had been successfully filled. The whole number saved is forty-four. Thirty bodies have been recovered."

The number of lives lost by this terrible calamity is not exactly known, but it is believed it will reach 350. There were over one hundred women on board, all of whom, with one solitary exception, perished. The passengers were nearly all Germans. The crew consisted of about 120 men. The passengers in all numbered. Cabin, 149; steerage, 106 adults, 16 children, and 4 infants. Many of the lost passengers belonged in Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, Davenport, and other Western cities.

The Schiller was one of the newest and best boats in the transcontinental service. Her dimensions were: Length, 375 feet; beam, 40 feet; depth of hold, 32 feet; 3,600 tons burden, and 3,000 indicated horse-power. She was valued at \$700,000, and was insured for her full value. Her cargo was valued at \$150,000, and was fully insured. She also carried six kegs containing \$300,000 in gold, and 250 mail-bags, containing the entire continental mail.

### FINANCE AND TRADE.

#### Weekly Review of the Chicago Market.

##### FINANCIAL.

There was a better local inquiry for favors at the banks from local speculators. The supply of funds was large and rates are without change. Government bonds firm.

##### BREADSTUFFS.

The grain markets have attracted a large share of speculators' attention, and an active business was transacted. The June option was the favorite, the bulk of the sales being for this delivery. Seller May was at a discount, nobody wanting the cash property, shippers being out of the market. May shorts bought quite freely, but not until values had sustained a general and quite severe decline, and then the shorts were willing to take in their profits. The stock in store is steadily and rapidly accumulating and there was a general local pressure to sell. Wheat was weak and lower and the other grains shared in this weakness, sympathy with wheat being the principal cause of the reductions. The advices from New York and Liverpool were of an unfavorable tenor, and the receipts were large, while the shipments were light.

The following table shows the prices current at the opening and close of the past week:

	Opening.	Closing.
No. 2 sp'g wheat, cash	\$1.05 1/2 @ 1.05 5/8	\$1.01 1/2 @ 1.02 1/8
No. 2, seller May	1.04 1/2 @ 1.05 1/8	1.01 1/2 @ 1.02 1/8
No. 2, seller June	1.06 1/2 @ 1.07 1/8	1.03 1/2 @ 1.04 1/8
No. 2, seller July	1.09 1/2 @ 1.10 1/8	1.06 1/2 @ 1.07 1/8
No. 2 corn, cash	.75 1/2 @ .76 1/8	.73 1/2 @ .74 1/8
No. 2 corn, seller May	.75 1/2 @ .76 1/8	.73 1/2 @ .74 1/8
No. 2 corn, seller June	.76 1/2 @ .77 1/8	.74 1/2 @ .75 1/8
No. 2 oats, cash	.62 1/2 @ .63 1/8	.60 1/2 @ .61 1/8
No. 2 oats, seller May	.62 1/2 @ .63 1/8	.60 1/2 @ .61 1/8
No. 2 oats, seller June	.63 1/2 @ .64 1/8	.61 1/2 @ .62 1/8
No. 2 rye, cash	1.07 @ 1.08	1.04 @ 1.05
No. 2 barley, cash	1.30 @ 1.32	1.26 @ 1.28
No. 2 barley, s. May	1.28 @ 1.30	1.24 @ 1.26
No. 2 barley, s. June	1.17 @ 1.18	1.13 @ 1.15

##### LIVE STOCK.

The cattle market has been fairly active and steady, with no important changes to note. Receipts materially lighter and quality good. Shipping steers, \$5.25 @ 6.30; fair to choice, \$6.50 @ 7.75 for extra. Bulk of sales to shippers at \$6.00 @ 6.25. Stock cattle steady at \$4.00 @ 5.00. Butchers' stock dull at \$4.00 @ 5.50 for poor to choice; \$3.00 @ 3.75 for inferior. Hogs dull and 20 @ 35c lower. Yorkers, \$7.00 @ 7.75; heavy, \$7.50 @ 8.25. Quality poor. Bulk of sales at \$7.30 @ 7.75. Sheep steady and quiet at \$3.00 @ 5.00 for shorn and \$5.00 @ 6.50 for woolled.

##### PROVISIONS.

There was a fairly active business transacted in this market on speculative account, but the feeling under unfavorable advices from the East and Europe was rather easier. The arrivals of hogs were also liberal and this aided somewhat in the depreciation of values. Quotations of mess pork ranged at \$21.55 @ 22.65, and \$21.55 @ 21.90 seller June; seller July sold at \$21.90 @ 22.05, and closed easy. Cash lard quiet but steady at \$15.40 @ 15.45. Seller May closed at \$15.40 @ 1.42 1/2, and seller June at \$15.50 @ 15.55.

##### SEEDS AND HIGHWINE.

There was considerable activity in the seed market, but the interest manifested was centered chiefly in Hungarian. During the early part of the week, there were numerous outside orders on the market for the above named seed and prices were higher, but toward the close of the week, the demand was less urgent and the market closed rather easy. Timothy was quiet but firm at \$2.25 @ 2.45 for fair to prime and \$2.50 @ 2.55 for choice; clover firm at \$7.00 for prime medium, and \$7.75 for mammoth; Hungarian sold at \$1.40 @ 1.60 for prime, closing at about \$1.40; millet quotable at \$1.45 @ 1.50 for fair. The offerings of highwines were light and the market for this reason ruled quiet. Closed at about \$1.15 for spot.

##### PRODUCE.

There was a good demand for butter and the supply of choice grades was barely sufficient to meet the requirements of the trade. Prices were firm, but no material alteration was noticeable. Fresh made quotable at 16 @ 18c for fair streaked and white colored, and 20 @ 22c for good to choice. Old butter ranged at 11 @

16c for poor to fair, and sales of roll were made at 12 1/2 @ 20c, according to quality. In broom corn the movement was rather light, but prices remain steady at 11 1/2 @ 14 1/2c for No. 1 to extra hull, and 11 @ 13c for good to choice stalk. Beans were a trifle firmer toward the close of the week, but there was no increase in the amount of business transacted. Quotable at \$1.70 @ 1.75 for Eastern mediums in bags, and about \$1.80 @ 1.85 for the same in barrels. Western were dull at \$1.00 @ 1.15 for poor to good. Beans were quotable at 20 @ 22c. There was a fair local demand for prime old factory cheese and choice new at about 15 @ 16c for the former, and 13 @ 13 1/2c for the latter; but the common grades were dull and slow sale. Cranberries were dull at \$6.00 @ 10.00 per bu for poor to choice, cultivated, and \$3.50 @ 3.75 for boxes containing one bu. Choices sweet cider was in moderate request at \$5.75 @ 6.00 per brl; common was very difficult to sell. Dried fruits were dull and very quiet. Apples quotable at about 8 1/2c for Michigan and New York, and at 7 @ 7 1/2c for Southern. Halves peaches quotable at 9 @ 9 1/2c, and blackberries at 9 1/2 @ 10c. Eggs were rather weak and the market closed at about 13 @ 13 1/2c. There was some improvement shown in green apples, and prices were a shade higher. Sales ranged at \$2.50 @ 2.75 for choice in lots, and \$3.00 @ 3.50 for the same in a retail way, according to the quality. Hides were dull at 7 1/2c for heavy green salted, and 8c for light do; calf about 12 @ 12 1/2c. Hay was in demand and firm at \$16.00 @ 19.50 for No. 2 to prime timothy, and \$9.00 @ 15.00 for fair to prime prairie. Potatoes steady and firm; quotable at 95 @ 98c for Eastern peachblows in car lots, and \$1.05 @ 1.10 for the same from store. Western peachblows sold at 80 @ 90c in lots. Eastern Early Rose slow at 70c in car lots, and 80 @ 90c from store. There were less onions and turnips offered on the market, and prices under a fair demand were firmer. Sales were made at \$2.50 @ 3.00 per bu for onions, and 50 @ 65c per bu for rutabaga turnips. Veal was dull, the market being largely overstocked with common carcasses; quotations range at 4 @ 8c for common to choice.

##### COOPERAGE, LUMBER AND WOOD.

Cooperage met with a fair demand for the picking descriptions, and prices were a shade lower. The offerings were only moderate, and quotations range at \$1.12 1/2 for pork barrels, \$1.40 for lard tierces, \$1.90 @ 2.10 for whisky barrels, and 45 @ 55c for flour barrels. The arrivals of lumber were quite liberal, but there was a good country and local demand, and the market ruled fairly active and firm; quotable at \$8.50 per 1,000 feet for joist and scantling, and \$8.50 @ 14.00 for strips and boards in cargo lots, according to quality. Trade in wood was rather light, but the supply is not excessive, and prices remain unchanged. Quotable at \$7.50 per cord for hickory and maple, \$6.50 for beach, and \$6.40 for slabs at the yards.

##### Telegraphic Market Reports.

NEW YORK.		
BEVER	11	@ 13
HOGS—Dressed	9 1/2	@ 9 3/4
COTTON	15 1/2	@ 16 1/2
WHEAT—Superfine Western	4	@ 4 95
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago	1	@ 1 19
No 1 Spring	1	@ 1 32
CORN	87	@ 89
OATS	87	@ 89
RYE	1	@ 1 07
PORK—New Mess	21	@ 21 75
LARD—Steam	15 1/2	@ 15 1/2
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1	@ 1 41
CORN—No. 2 New	70	@ 72
OATS—No. 2	63	@ 65
RYE—No. 2	1	@ 1 06
PORK—Mess	21	@ 22 25
LARD	14	@ 15
HOGS	7	@ 7 75
CATTLE	5	@ 5 75
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 1	1	@ 1 05
No. 2	1	@ 1 01
CORN—No. 2	70	@ 72
OATS—No. 2	61	@ 61
RYE	1	@ 1 12
BARLEY—No. 2	1	@ 1 32
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—Red	1	@ 1 35
CORN—New	71	@ 73
OATS	78	@ 80
RYE	1	@ 1 25
PORK—Mess	21	@ 22 25
LARD	14 1/2	@ 15 1/2
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—Extra	1	@ 1 33
Amber	1	@ 1 26
CORN—New	76	@ 77
OATS	67	@ 69
DETROIT.		
WHEAT—Extra	1	@ 1 31
Amber	1	@ 1 25
CORN	76	@ 78
OATS	66	@ 67
CLEVELAND.		
WHEAT—No. 1 Red	1	@ 1 32
No. 2 Red	1	@ 1 26
CORN	76	@ 78
OATS	68	@ 70

### Mutiny at Sea—Desperate Fight.

A London dispatch says: On the arrival of schooner Jefferson Borden at her dock to-day, she was boarded, and full details of the mutiny obtained. It seems that an American sailor, named Smith, struck the first blow. He knocked down and killed the second mate, who was in charge of the watch. He then awakened the first mate. As the latter came out of the cabin he was felled by a sailor named Miller, and thrown overboard. All this time Capt. Patterson was asleep. He was aroused by Miller, who shouted down the gangway that a man had broken his leg. Looking around he observed that the bunks of the mates were empty. Suspecting mischief, he armed himself with revolvers and went on deck. He was immediately assailed by the mutineers with missiles. He opened fire. They retreated, and finally took refuge in the deck-house, where he besieged them an entire day. He emptied his revolvers on them repeatedly through the window, but they refused to surrender until night. Miller, after receiving five bullets in his legs and two in his body, at length offered to yield, with his companions, and all were secured. The English sailor, whose name is Clew, received two bullets beneath the ribs, and will probably die. Smith, another mutineer, was wounded in the wrist and shoulder. He was chained to the pump, and suffers severely from ague, contracted from his exposure. The Captain, steward, boy, and one sailor worked the ship seven days before assistance was obtained from passing vessels. The first mate was the Captain's brother, and the second mate his cousin. The mutineers assert that their only object was revenge for ill-treatment. The rest of the crew deny that the men had been ill-treated, and Capt. Patterson declares that they intended to plunder the vessel.

SHOCKING.—Speaking of disagreeable surprises makes me think of the literal little girl who was told by her prudent mamma that a Mr. Jenkins was to dine with them, and that she must be sure not to make any remarks about his nose. The unfortunate gentleman had lost that very important feature, and at dinner the child stared at him in a puzzled way, and at last said in a loud tone to her mother: "Why, mamma, I don't see why you told me not to say anything about Mr. Jenkins' nose, for he hasn't got any."—Christian Union.



## GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

ROBERT BONNER, of the New York *Ledger*, has given the magnificent sum of \$100,000 to Dr. John Hall's new Presbyterian Church in New York city.

CONGRESSMAN RANDALL has announced that a part of the Democratic policy next winter will be to abolish the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

THE value of the wedding gifts of Mlle. d'Albe, niece of the Empress Eugenie, is said to reach the pleasant amount of \$1,600,000. One of these gifts is a cameo ring which belonged to Charles V. Other little amusing trifles are eleven necklaces of brilliants.

JENNIE JUNE says of the gentleman who married Miss Ida Greeley: "He is a striking-looking person, with a 'border' air about him, which makes him remarkable at the opera or an evening party, but his friends say he is a 'splendid' fellow, and are almost satisfied to have him carry off 'our Ida.'"

THE only pages of the original manuscript of Webster's unabridged dictionary which remain in connected form are in possession of Henry Wadsworth, of Glencoe, Wisconsin, who once owned the entire volume of manuscript, but has given it away to antiquaries and autograph seekers until only a small part remains.

MRS. ELIZABETH TUTTLE, of East Boston, now in her 100th year, in reaching her sleeping-room ascends two flights of stairs, and dresses and undresses without aid. She never has a fire in her bedroom, and positively refuses to have one, even in the coldest weather. She is going to have a high old time celebrating her 100th birthday—Feb. 25.

AN Indiana blacksmith died, the other day, whose brain weighed a trifle over sixty-one ounces—about the heaviest on record. Cuvier, the French naturalist, having been between fifty-nine and sixty, and Daniel Webster's an ounce or two less. The man was a regular giant, every way; he weighed 315 pounds, and was sixty inches around the chest.

A DETROIT poodle dog lately swallowed a needle and thread which it found on the floor, and for five days it suffered great discomfort, when its mistress discovered the sharp point of the needle, which had worked through the skin of the throat, and seizing it, gave it a vigorous twitch and drew it through, with the thread still clinging to it.

A NEWSPAPER correspondent says that in the town of Concord, with its population of twenty-three hundred people, it is dangerous to turn a corner suddenly for fear of running over some first-class saint, philosopher or sage. Mr. Boutwell once told a friend, who asked him what was the chief mercantile staple of the town, that the people of Concord supported themselves by writing for the *Atlantic Monthly*.

FORTY-ONE years ago a fair bride in Fulton county, N. Y., received as a wedding present a large and delicious cheese. Since then the bride and all who attended the wedding except the groom have died, and yesterday, on the forty-first anniversary of his marriage, the lonely old man, his banquet hall deserted, for the first time cut and tasted the lonely old cheese. "There were millions in it."

THAT irrepressible nuisance, Sergt. Bates, has again emerged from his obscurity, and is turning his eye toward Canada now. He is about to carry our country's banner all the way from Windsor to Toronto, to show how the Canadians are fond of us. After that he will cross the bounding deep and bear the banner from Calais to St. Petersburg, where frantic popular demonstrations will doubtless—not await him.

FIFTY-SEVEN years ago Ebenezer Everett, of Neversink, Ulster county, N. Y., was left a widower at the age of fifteen years, having been married three months. That short experience in married life sufficed him until the fifty-seventh anniversary of the death of his wife, when he was again married, at the age of seventy-two, to Miss Elizabeth Decker, of Neversink, aged fifteen, just the age that Ebenezer was when his first wife died.

PRO FREZZA, the murderer of the editor of the Rome *Capitale*, has confessed to having been moved to the deed through assurances given him that the murder would be considered a public benefit, and especially pleasing to Garibaldi. He was conveyed to the editor's door in a carriage by an ex-policeman, who then and there handed him the dag-

ger. He yielded to a delusion, without asking or receiving a cent. The policeman, Armandi, has similarly confessed.

A CAVEAT for a novel invention has been filed at the Patent Office in Washington. It is for a new motive power which is to be a sort of cold steam generator from water and air. The inventor claims that it will supersede coal and wood for all purposes except for cooking, and that it will revolutionize the present system of motive power. The scientific experts who have examined it state that the invention is entirely practicable and will be patented.

JUDGE BRADLEY, of the United States Supreme Court, wants our system of months and years reformed, so that the civil year may correspond with the solar; his plan is to have the year begin on the present 21st of December, and readjust the number of days of the respective months as follows: For January, February, March, October and November, 30 days each; thirty one days from April to September inclusive, and December to correspond in days to the present February. This system, he argues, would have a basis of truth and reason. He has drawn up a bill for Congress embodying his views, but, if the change is ever to be made, all the great nations ought to co-operate in it.

THE "Smith method" of calculating the population of cities may be new to some of our readers. Chicago and St. Louis, those jealous rivals, have been trying it. It is claimed that in the United States there is one Smith to every 540 persons. The St. Louis directory shows 906 Smiths, and by applying the other factor in the calculation the population is shown to be 489,240. This being published in a St. Louis paper, a Chicago editor rises to remark that the Smith family there materializes much better than that. He finds 1,390 Smiths, and 48 Smyths, Smits, Schmidts, etc., making in all 1,438. He multiplies this by 540, and behold Chicago's population looms up to 776,520. As he proclaims the result he casts a glance of mingled pity and scorn at the insignificant village over in Missourini.

THE elements of nature seem to have a special spite against the South. Last summer and fall great floods swept away thousands of dollars' worth of property in the valley of the Mississippi, and, since the new year came in, tornadoes have been busy keeping up the work of destruction. In February, the town of Houstonia, Mo., was visited by a tornado which destroyed the buildings, killed 6 people and wounded 17 others. In March, Rienzi, Miss., was nearly destroyed, 6 persons were killed and many injured; and a water-spout burst at Fayetteville, Tenn., causing great destruction of property. A second tornado at Richland, S. C., killed 2 persons and injured many others. The third swept over Georgia with unparalleled fury, involving a loss of hundreds of thousands of dollars, killing 300 people and maiming many more. The fourth struck in Louisiana, killing several negroes. The fifth killed 5 persons in Mississippi and injured 25 others. In April, a tornado killed 5 persons at Little Rock, Ark. May opened with a tornado at Columbia, S. C., which wrecked many houses, killed 1 person and injured many. In all, there have been eight tornadoes in the South since the 1st of January, killing about 350 persons and injuring hundreds of others, and destroying property to an amount reaching the millions.

### Under a Microscope.

Any of our readers can test for themselves the revelations of a microscope by the purchase even of a cheap instrument. It will well repay the expense incurred. Here is a list of some of the wonders seen through a microscope: Insects of various kinds can be seen in the cavities of a grain of sand. Mold is a forest of beautiful trees, with the branches, leaves and flowers. Butterflies are fully feathered. Hairs are hollow tubes. The surface of our body is covered with scales like fish. A single grain of sand would cover one hundred and fifty of these scales, and yet a single scale covers five hundred pores. Through these narrow openings the sweat forces itself out like water through a sieve. The mites make five hundred steps a second. Each drop of stagnant water contains a world of animated beings, swimming with as much liberty as whales in the sea. Each leaf has a colony of insects grazing on it, like oxen on a meadow. A speck of potato-rot the size of a pin-head contains about two hundred ferocious little animals, biting and clawing each other savagely.

If you are determined to go into the Black Hills to get rich, don't take along a pick-axe to waste your time digging for nuggets, but simply send a barrel of whisky ahead, and when you come up to it, you will find plenty of Sioux already corned.

THE Chief of the Delaware Indians is a Baptist minister, and 330 of his tribe are communicants of that church.

## MICHIGAN NEWS.

THE Judge of the Superior Court of Detroit proposes to hold nine terms a year hereafter.

MR. W. B. CONLEY has organized Sunday afternoon concerts at Detroit for the benefit of the newsboys and bootblacks.

At Eaton Rapids the investigation into the affairs of the suspended banker, Morgan Vaughan, shows that the liabilities amount to about \$60,000, and the assets to about \$46,000.

HEMPTON RICH, of Ionia; Westbrook Divine, of Montreal, and C. Kipp, of St. Johns, have been appointed the State House of Correction Commission. This institution is to be built at once at Ionia.

WHILE endeavoring to stop a runaway horse, the other day, Mayor Hayden, of Jackson, was run over, had his head cut and brains somewhat concussed; but the prospect is favorable for his recovery.

THE Philadelphia *Ledger* informs its readers that "Lake Huron, Mich., is said to be next to New York in importance as a port of entry for aliens." The *Ledger's* geography is nearly as bad as its obituary poetry.

THE Forest and Stream Club of Jackson sued John Slayman for spearing fish in the lake. The defense was that he speared them on the marsh on his farm. It was shown that the marsh overflowed from the lake. The court held that this constituted violation of law, and he was fined.

A TORPEDO, small in size and conical in shape, was left at the store of W. H. McConnell, of Grand Rapids, the other day. When its contents were touched with a pin an explosion occurred, tearing off the thumb and forefinger of Mr. McConnell's left hand. No clue to the man who left it in the store.

CITIZENS of this State have recently secured patents on inventions and improvements as follows: Process for Tanning Hides—G. A. Bartenback, Detroit. Street Hydrants—J. Flower, Detroit. Saw Filing Machines—T. Doyle, Bridgeport Center. Axles for Vehicles—S. T. Garnwell, Wayland. Wood Pavements—J. Carr, Grand Rapids. Pianoforte Pedal Attachments—L. C. Whiting, East Saginaw. Nut Locks—S. Brunson, Benton Harbor. Cap Boxes—A. Huskamp, Montague. Folding Tables—J. Bradfield, Grand Rapids. Wiek Raisers—H. C. Hart, Adrian. Ore Cars—Elizabeth A. Pierce, Escanaba. Wheels for Vehicles—A. A. Philbrick, Coldwater. Car Couplings—S. E. Young, Howell.

### The New Law to Regulate the Sale of Liquor in Michigan.

The following is the full text of the new law for the regulation of the liquor traffic:

A bill to prevent the sale or delivery of intoxicating liquors, wine and beer to minors and to drunken persons and to habitual drunkards; to provide a remedy against selling liquor to husbands or children in certain cases.

SECTION 1. The people of the State of Michigan enact, That it shall not be lawful for any person to sell any spirituous or intoxicating liquor, or any wine or beer, to any minor, or to any intoxicated person, or to any person in the habit of getting intoxicated. It shall not be lawful for any person to sell spirituous or intoxicating liquors without first having executed and delivered to the Treasurer of the county in which such business is prosecuted and carried on, the bond required to be given by Section 4 of this act. All saloons, restaurants, bars, bar-rooms in taverns or otherwise, and all places of public resort where intoxicating liquors are sold, either at wholesale or retail, shall (unless otherwise determined and directed by the Board of Trustees or Common Council of the village or city where such saloons, restaurants, bars, bar-rooms are kept), be closed on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and on each week day night from and after the hour of 11 o'clock until 6 o'clock of the morning of the succeeding day. But this provision shall not be construed to prohibit druggists from selling such liquors at such times, upon the written request or order of some practicing physician of the town, village or city. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25, nor more than \$100, and costs of prosecution, and on failure to pay such fine and costs shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 2. Any person who by false pretense shall obtain any spirituous or intoxicating liquors, or who shall be drunk or intoxicated in any hotel, tavern, inn or place of public business, or in any assemblage of people collected together in any place for any purpose; or in any street, lane, alley, highway, railway or street car, by drinking intoxicating liquors, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of \$5, and the costs of prosecution, or be punished by imprisonment in the jail of the county, not exceeding twenty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 3. Every wife, child, parent, guardian, husband or other person who shall be injured in person or property, means of support, by any intoxicated person, or by means of the intoxication of any person, shall have a right of action in his or her own name against any person or persons who shall, by selling or giving any intoxicating liquor, have caused or contributed to the intoxication of such person or persons; and shall also have a right of action against the principal and sureties of the bond hereinafter mentioned; and in any such action, the plaintiff shall have a right to recover actual and exemplary damages. And in every action by any wife, husband, parent or child, general reputation of the relation of husband and wife, parent or child, shall be prima facie evidence of such relation; and the amount recovered by every wife or child shall be his or her sole and separate property. Any sale or gift of intoxicating liquors by the lessee of

premises, resulting in damage, shall, at the option of the lessor, work a forfeiture of his lease; and the Circuit Court in chancery may enjoin the sale or giving away of intoxicating liquors by any lessee of premises which may result in loss or damage, or liability to the lessor, or any person claiming under such lessor.

SEC. 4. If any person under the age of 21 years shall misrepresent his age and state himself to be over 21 years of age in order to purchase malt, spirituous, or intoxicating liquors, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than \$5 nor more than \$25, and on failure to pay such fine shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than five days nor more than sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 5. Every such dealer or person shall, in each and every year, make, execute, and deliver to the County Treasurer of the county in which he is carrying on such business a bond to be determined by the Township Board of the township or the Board of Trustees, or the Common Council of the village or city in which the business is carried on, to the people of the State of Michigan, in the sum of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000, with two or more sufficient sureties, who shall be freeholders.

(The form of the bond it is not necessary to give. It is not to sell liquor to any minor, habitual drunkard, or person in the habit of getting intoxicated, or to any person whose husband, wife, parent, child, guardian or employer shall serve notice upon him that such person has acquired or is acquiring the habit of drinking to excess.)

"Such bond shall not be received unless the approval thereof by the Township Board, or the Board of Trustees, or Common Council of the village or city shall be duly certified thereon in writing, and the principal shall not be allowed to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in any other place than that specified in said bond without giving notice and executing another bond in the manner above prescribed. Whenever any condition of said bond shall be broken, a new bond may be required by the County Treasurer, and also in case of the death, insolvency, or removal of either of the sureties, and in any other contingency requiring it."

### The Vote for Regents.

We are indebted to the Lansing *Republican* for the following tabular statement of the official returns for Regents of the University, at the late election, as made to the Secretary of State, from all the counties, excepting Manistowick and Schoolcraft:

Counties.	Walker—R.	Cutcheon—R.	Douglas—D.	White—D.
Alcona.....	131	131	116	116
Alcona.....	2,836	2,836	2,445	2,454
Alcona.....	549	549	421	421
Alcona.....	400	416	92	79
Alcona.....	207	41	226	372
Alcona.....	2,888	2,377	1,608	1,609
Alcona.....	1,705	1,700	2,246	2,281
Alcona.....	404	409	107	101
Alcona.....	3,372	3,374	2,545	2,545
Alcona.....	2,745	2,745	1,139	1,141
Alcona.....	3,871	3,870	3,108	3,096
Alcona.....	2,015	2,014	1,751	1,750
Alcona.....	203	203	242	229
Alcona.....	145	146	385	367
Alcona.....	167	167	255	255
Alcona.....	181	166	117	111
Alcona.....	2,463	2,147	2,138	1,969
Alcona.....	360	250	268	394
Alcona.....	2,928	2,921	1,896	1,888
Alcona.....	37	37	276	276
Alcona.....	3,867	3,868	1,747	1,762
Alcona.....	773	772	152	182
Alcona.....	1,609	1,603	783	787
Alcona.....	3,551	3,535	1,430	1,420
Alcona.....	1,085	918	833	866
Alcona.....	1,083	1,107	7	37
Alcona.....	3,235	3,225	3,268	3,269
Alcona.....	2,836	2,835	2,201	2,200
Alcona.....	528	530	294	295
Alcona.....	642	641	550	550
Alcona.....	3,271	3,257	4,076	4,072
Alcona.....	3,833	3,829	2,418	2,423
Alcona.....	201	200	64	64
Alcona.....	5,305	5,308	4,486	4,476
Alcona.....	411	383	311	372
Alcona.....	382	380	265	262
Alcona.....	2,194	2,195	1,979	1,979
Alcona.....	608	609	363	362
Alcona.....	4,555	4,550	4,190	4,193
Alcona.....	2,132	2,132	2,101	2,101
Alcona.....	46	18	97	122
Alcona.....	1,748	1,750	2,220	2,218
Alcona.....	671	670	301	297
Alcona.....	1,409	1,265	1,628	2,433
Alcona.....	550	563	425	411
Alcona.....	1,181	1,188	489	493
Alcona.....	371	369	258	257
Alcona.....	566	577	310	313
Alcona.....	102	102	6	6
Alcona.....	2,071	1,956	2,335	2,345
Alcona.....	2,191	2,194	1,342	1,340
Alcona.....	1,906	1,908	1,979	1,977
Alcona.....	1,056	1,057	406	403
Alcona.....	3,718	3,701	3,984	4,180
Alcona.....	1,235	1,231	364	358
Alcona.....	222	170	235	308
Alcona.....	543	545	299	295
Alcona.....	2,170	2,170	2,062	2,065
Alcona.....	184	184	53	51
Alcona.....	81	81	53	51
Alcona.....	2,355	2,355	3,556	3,558
Alcona.....	1,199	1,201	674	605
Alcona.....	2,110	2,109	1,250	1,251
Alcona.....	3,692	3,691	2,223	2,228
Alcona.....	2,454	2,457	1,302	1,301
Alcona.....	1,759	1,762	229	228
Alcona.....	3,167	3,167	2,208	2,207
Alcona.....	3,672	3,491	3,795	3,845
Alcona.....	5,499	5,518	6,989	6,925
Alcona.....	420	373	113	161
Alcona.....	116,111	113,983	93,275	94,821

### Grain Sampler.

A Maryland inventor has patented a grain-sampler, which is described as follows: It consists of a metal cylinder, provided on the sides with wings or flanges, closed and pointed at the end, and containing three openings; within it is a hollow spindle or shaft which has a circumferential movement in it, and is furnished with openings of a corresponding size, which, when brought into the same relative positions, afford means of communication with the interior of the spindle or shaft. There is also a handle, by means of which the spindle can be turned and the openings easily opened and closed. The condition of grain at various depths and positions in the holds of vessels, elevators and other places where grain is stored in bulk, can be positively determined, and the apparatus produces at each withdrawal a sample which cannot possibly become mixed with other matter through which it is moved as it is brought to the surface.

CHASING HER TWINS.—While buying her ticket recently, the train left a Utica woman, carrying her twin babies, whom she had stowed away in a seat. Appealing to the sympathies of the railroad superintendent, the anxious mother was soon flying down the track behind a switch engine, at newspaper-train speed, and, thanks to the courteous—though bachelor—official, overtook her cherubs before they reached Trenton. This was a case after twins; the first authenticated case, we believe, in history.

## POLITICS AND POLITICIANS.

THE Republican State Convention of Maine is to be held on the 15th of June.

HENRY WATTERSON, of the *Courier-Journal*, predicts that Governor Allen, of Ohio, will be the next President.

THE Republican State Central Committee of California have issued a call for a State Convention on the 10th of June.

THE Philadelphia *Telegraph* grows long and savagely because a Pennsylvania man was not chosen to succeed Judge Williams.

THE editor of the Pittsburgh *Post*, James P. Barr, is urged by the Democracy of Western Pennsylvania for the gubernatorial nomination of the party.

EX-GOV. B. GRATZ BROWN has just built twenty-two handsome residences in St. Louis, and has begun to collect the rents, which seems a pleasant employment than being defeated for the Vice-Presidency.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* has lately reopened its discussions of needed Congressional reforms, and says it hopes to live "to see the time when the bringing in of any deficiency bill will be met by a prompt and successful motion 'on the part of Representatives of the people to lay the bill on the table.'"

THE Republican majority in Michigan at the recent election was over 22,000. The two Republican candidates for Regents of the State University, S. S. Walker and Benj. M. Cutcheon, received a majority of 22,836 and 19,162, respectively, over S. T. Douglas and Peter White, the Democratic nominees.

THE election of several Roman Catholic Representatives to the Legislature of New Hampshire is to be contested on the ground that the State Constitution has a clause requiring that Representatives must be of the Protestant religion. Several attempts to have the clause repealed have been voted down by large popular majorities.

INDIANA is the favored State with the administration at present. With Tyner as Second Assistant Postmaster-General, Orth as Minister to Austria, New as United States Treasurer, and Pratt as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, there are but a few insignificant Cabinet appointments left to console the leading politicians of New York and other second-rate Commonwealths.

CAN a man who was christened Nathaniel be lawfully designated as "Natt"? This is a knotty point which the New Hampshire Legislature will have to settle. Gen. Natt Head was the Republican candidate for Senator in the Third District. It is claimed that "Natt" does not mean Nathaniel, and that the votes cast for "Natt Head" must be thrown out. If this point can be sustained there will be a tie in the Senate, a Democratic majority.

THE Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Times* telegraphs that paper as follows: "A careful canvass of the Southern politicians shows that the present tendency of their minds is not in favor of Michael C. Kerr, of Indiana. The South will come here pledged to the progress of internal improvement, and as Mr. Kerr has been an avowed opponent to the system of government aid to the material interests of the country, he will not receive the support of the Southern men, who, united, will have complete control of the situation."

A CONVENTION to take into consideration the best means for the speedy union of the United States and the Canadian Dominion is called to assemble at Buffalo on July 4. The managers of it expect that three delegates will be chosen from each Congressional district in the United States and three delegates from each Parliamentary district in the British provinces. It is hoped by them that through this Convention arrangements may be begun by which the union of the two countries may be effected by the 4th of July, 1876.

### A Hawk Story.

A few days ago two hunters were riding toward this city on one of the foot-hill roads, when they observed a chicken hawk in the midst of a flock of crows, and each crow in turn seemed to be giving the hawk a pick. The unequal contest excited the sympathy of the observers, and they thought of giving the crows a shot. While they were pondering over the matter the hawk made a quick dart from the midst of his enemies toward their buggy, and on reaching the ground near them skulked beneath the brush fence. The horses were stopped, and one of the party alighted and picked up the bird. It was found to be nearly frightened to death, but bore no marks of violence. It was brought to the city and placed in a cage.—*Marysville (Cal.) Appeal*.

THE destruction of life in India by wild beasts and reptiles appears to be on the increase. Over 20,000 persons, it is estimated, die annually from snake bites alone, while the inhabitants of the border lands are killed by tigers in alarming numbers. In the three years from 1866 to 1869 tigers destroyed 946 Europeans in the Central Provinces; during a period of six years wild beasts in Lower Bengal cost 13,401 lives; and in one month in 1867, in South Canara, forty persons fell victims. Mr. Clements Markham states that a single tigress caused the destruction of thirteen villages, and 256 square miles of country were consequently thrown out of cultivation, while another tigress in 1869 killed 127 people and stopped all traffic on a public road for many weeks.



## Marine Intelligence.

### PORT OF HOLLAND.

#### ARRIVALS.

Schr. Four Brothers  
"Garribaldi."  
Str. Haron.  
Schr. Mary.  
"Hope."  
"Caledonia."  
"Tri-Color."  
"I. L. Shank."  
Scow Banner.  
Schr. Wollin.

#### DEPARTURES.

Schr. Four Brothers 40 cds wood, 50 cds bark.  
"A. Plieger, 77 cds wood.  
Str. Haron light.  
Schr. Mary 50 cds wood, 50 cds bark.  
"Hope sunny country produce.  
"Caledonia 30 cds wood.  
"I. L. Shank 23 cds cda bark.  
"Tri-Color 37 m staves.  
"Jones 90 cds wood.  
Scow Banner 55 cda wood.  
Schr. Wollin 50 m ft lumber, 50 carbois.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

Saturday, May 15, 1875.

DECORATION day (May 30) is now a legal holiday in Michigan. It comes on Sunday this year.

Four laws were passed by the Legislature this winter on the subject of liquors. Last week we gave an extract of the tax-bill, and this week of the law providing for a bond. In our next we will give the bill relative to pure liquors, and the one taxing jobbers who are non-residents of the State.

THREE amendments to our State Constitution will be submitted to the people of Michigan for ratification at the next election. One of them is for striking from the State Constitution the prohibitory clause relative to the liquor traffic. Another, to change the Constitution so that amendments to it may be voted upon at the April as well as at the November elections. The other amendment is for the increase of salaries of Circuit Judges to \$2,500 per annum.

THE Ordinance on City Library passed by the Common Council on Wednesday evening, and published on last page, is the finishing act in placing that institution upon a safe and firm footing, with the necessary provisions for its steady growth. The increase of books should be in keeping with the growth and development of the place, and it is fair to presume that the amount of fines and penalties will accumulate in the same ratio as other matters "develop." The fact that the fines paid into the city treasury, go to the credit of the Library fund, is the *morale* to a "big drunk" or a smashing assault and battery.

From a correspondence in another column it will be seen that objection is made against the manner in which the Public Schools of the City of Holland are used as an advertisement for the benefit of the Queen Esther Oratorio which is to come off on next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. It appears that this "Grand Benefit to the Holland Union School" was entirely unauthorized and unknown to the Board of Education. We are glad to place the correction of these two gentlemen, for unless this was done, it would leave room for a decided *cheap* impression. Our Public Schools need no such benefits; and are not run upon any gift or charity principles. Nevertheless, after having said the above we wish to state at the same time that the public of this place and the surrounding towns will have the pleasure—the innocent pleasure, of again hearing this beautiful cantata; and on this occasion by a *person* composed mainly of young ladies and gentlemen of this place. We hope that on both occasions they will be greeted with a full house, in order that to themselves and to others it may be satisfactorily demonstrated that the population of this city endorses and positively wishes to sustain and encourage all entertainments of this and a similar nature. We simply mention this on account of the attempts made to break up this entertainment. For a few days past our Jehu-conservatives have again been on the rampage about this little matter. The persons on the bill are as follows:

King—A. A. Pfanstiel.  
Queen—Miss Eva Johnson.  
Haman—Ca. Van Oostenbrugge.  
Zeresh—Miss Mary Hopkins.  
Mordecai—Wm. Stuart.  
Mordecai's Sister—Miss Geary.  
Prophetess—Miss Fanny Hopkins.  
Maid of honor to the Queen—Misses Post and Scott.  
Maid of honor to Zeresh—Misses Glass and Geary.  
Scribe—Henry Bacon.  
Harbonah—Mathew Kolijn.  
Guards—Jacob Doesburg and Jacob Minderhout.  
Hagal—D. De Belj.  
Highpriest—Cs. Landsal.  
Queen's Page—Susie Estella Kenyon.  
The organist is Miss Kate Ledebor, and the music will be furnished by Fred. Wurz's Orchestra. The admission price has been put very low, so as to enable every one to attend.

The first hanging—by the neck—in this country was at Plymouth, Mass., in 1630. The culprit was one John Billington, one of the original emigrants in the *Mayflower*. The circumstances are related in the annals of that town, thus: "This year (1630) John Billington ye elder (one that came over with ye first), was arraigned, and both by grand and petit jury found guilty of willfull murder, by plaine and notorious evidence, and was for the same accordingly executed. This, as it was ye first execution amongst them, so it was a matter of great sadness unto them. They used all the means about his trial and tooke ye advice of Mr. Winthrop and other ye ablest in ye Bay of ye Massachusetts, that were then newly came over, who concurred with them he ought to dye, and ye land to be purged from blood. He and some of his had been often punished for miscarriages before, being one of ye profaneest families amongst them, so it was a matter of great sadness unto them. They came from London, and I know not by what friends, shuffled into their (the Mayflower Pilgrims) company. His facte (crime) was that he waylaid a young man, one John Newcomer (about a former quarrel), and shote him with a gune, whereof he dyed."

Billington according to another old-time historian, expected to escape his sentence, "for want of people to increase the plantation." But the Puritans did not want any increase of the Billington stock among their people, and he was hung in October, 1630, a little less than ten years from the landing of the Pilgrims, and in Plymouth. This was the first execution in New England. It is evident that, while many excellent men sailed in the *Mayflower*, "Satan came also."

EX-SECRETARY McCulloch discusses the methods adopted by the different nations in dealing with their public debts, and points out that the United States stands nearly alone in its traditional policy of commencing the payment of its debts as soon as the necessity which created it had passed away. Only five other nations—England, Holland, Belgium, Denmark and Prussia—have ever followed definitely the policy of reduction of their public debts. Other nations, instead of reducing, are increasing their indebtedness, with many of them the only limit being their ability or inability to borrow. The aggregate of these debts, exclusive of those countries, cities, and towns, reaches the enormous figure of twenty thousand millions of dollars, a sum which the mind can scarcely comprehend. Four-fifths of this amount has been contracted in the present century, and the worst of it is that it is steadily increasing.

THE executive committee of the Holland Soldiers' Union will meet on Friday evening next with the resident members of the committee appointed at the late re-union of the 25th Mich. Inf., to make the necessary preliminary arrangements for the regimental re-union at this place, on the 22nd of September.

For the Holland City News:

MR. EDITOR:—The undersigned notice that a programme of an "Oratorio of Queen Esther" is in circulation, headed for the "benefit of the Holland Union School." We wish to state as individual members of the Board of Education, that the same has been published without our knowledge or consent. The matter has in no way come before the Board nor received their official sanction, and while expressing no opinion as to the proposed piece, we do not wish the Board to be considered as at all concerned.

T. ROMEYN BECK,  
WM. BENJAMINE.

May 13, 1875.

## Special Notices.

### MONEY SAVED.

By buying your Carpets, Feathers, Pillows, Wall Paper, Curtains, Cord, Tassels, Picture Frames, etc., at  
H. MEYER & Co.,  
13-4 River Street.

### BOARD OF REVIEW.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review of the city of Holland, will meet at the office of the clerk of said city on Monday, May 17, 1875, and shall continue in session four days successively, at least six hours in each day during said four days, to examine the annual assessment roll and correct any errors found therein; and any person desiring so to do may examine his or her assessment on said roll and show cause, if any, why the valuation thereof should not be changed.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, City Clerk.  
Dated HOLLAND, May 12, A. D. 1875

### Removal.

I have removed my Dental rooms from over Albers & Wynne's Jewelry Store, and have occupied the second floor of Mr. A. Vennema's brick building on 8th street, opposite Bakker & Van Raalte's boot and shoe store, where I will be pleased to see any and all in need of dental treatment.

D. M. GEE, Dentist.  
HOLLAND, May 12, 1875. 131f.

CASTORIA is a substitute for Castor Oil. It is as pleasant to take as honey. For wind colic and sour stomach it is simply wonderful. Physicians recommend it.

For a fine assortment of good substantial Furniture, Mattresses, Children Carriages, etc., call at H. Meyer & Co., River street, who offer all at very low figures.

## Dissolution Notice.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in carrying on the business of *Foundry and Machine Shop*, at this place, has been dissolved on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1875, with mutual consent. All accounts for and against the old firm will be settled by the new firm of P. & E. Winters, who will continue the business at the old stand.

P. WINTER.  
E. WINTER.  
J. BROUWER.

HOLLAND, April 28, 1875. 11-14

## TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, a retired physician, having providentially discovered, while a Missionary in Southern Asia, a very simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all throat and lung affections,—also a positive and radical specific for Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all Nervous Complaints, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the recipe for preparing, and full directions for successfully using, this providentially desired remedy. Those who wish to avail themselves of the benefits of this discovery without cost, can do so by return mail, by addressing—  
DR. CHARLES P. MARSHALL,  
8-15 64 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

## New Advertisements.

## CITY HOTEL,

Holland, Mich., May, 1875.

This House has changed Proprietors, and is open to the traveling public. No pains have been spared by the new Proprietor to make it

## FIRST-CLASS.

The table will be supplied with the best the market and the season afford.

The Rooms are spacious and well furnished with new and elegant furniture.

## Office on First Floor.

For the convenience of Commercial Agents a large and well lighted sample room has been fitted up on the ground floor. Livery connected with the Hotel.

J. W. MINDERHOUT, Prop'r.

Holland City being located at the head of Black Lake, six miles from Lake Michigan, is beautifully situated for excursionists and fishing parties, and the Proprietor will do all in his power for the accommodation of his guests, and render their stay pleasant.

## PUMPS! PUMPS!

If you want pumps, don't be deceived by slop shop work, that is being brought in from other quarters which is made for to sell and not for to work, nor to last; it will get out of order and you will get out of patience with it and pull the trash out of your well. Then you go to

## P. H. WILMS,

Cor. 10th and River Streets and buy you a good substantial and easy working pump, which has been put down to wholesale prices, so low that a person can buy one for almost half what they used to cost. Wilms will sell his horses and quit peddling Pumps, and therefore sell them lower at the Factory.

HOLLAND, Mich. May 11, 1875. 13-1f

## Improved Farm FOR SALE.

I want to dispose of an 80 acre farm, worth \$2,000 at a great sacrifice. 25 acres of this land are improved, and contains 4 acres of bearing orchard.

## CLAY SOIL.

## A GREAT BARGAIN.

Location—6 miles south-east of the City of Holland.  
M. D. HOWARD,  
Cor. 8th and River Streets,  
Holland City, Mich.  
May 9th, 1875.

## Meat Market,

## Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of *Salt and Fresh Meats*, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

HOLLAND, Feb. 14, 1874. JACOB KUIITE. 46-2a-1f

## BURRALL'S IRON CORN SHELLERS, FOR SALE BY

G. J. HAVERKATE & SON

AND  
VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS,  
for \$8.00; until further notice.  
HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

## W. H. JOSLIN,

Watchmaker & Jeweler,  
Bankbuilding, Cor. Eighth and River St.



Having disposed of most of our old stock, I have occupied my new quarters, on RIVER STREET, with a beautiful stock of everything pertaining to a complete

## Jewelry and Variety Store.

Silver Ware,  
Plated Ware,  
Watches, Clocks,  
Jewelry, and  
Musical Instruments.

"I request all of my old friends to come and see me in my new place and satisfy themselves as to the above.

Mr. J. Wykhuisen, the Jeweler and Repairer of the First Ward, has established himself with me, and will be pleased to see his old customers and friends continue their former favors.

All Repairing will be Neatly and Promptly executed.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 22, 1875.  
2-1y W. H. JOSLIN.

## VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES,

Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,  
GROCERIES,  
CROCKERY, AND  
HATS & CAPS.

Which they are offering at Prices, that defy Competition.

Also a complete Stock of

## FLOUR & FEED,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us, will be

## Delivered Free!

To any part of the City.  
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our Store on River Street, next to Van Putten & Drug Store. 46-Kcl-1y

## J. E. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN

## All Kinds of Grain & Produce,

MILL FEED, CORN, &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

## U.S. EX. C. & M. L. S. R. R.

Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,  
HOLLAND, MICH.

45-2a-1y

## KINGSFORD'S

## OSWEGO

PURE AND

## SILVER GLOSS STARCH,

FOR THE LAUNDRY.

MANUFACTURED BY

## T. KINGSFORD & SON.

THE BEST STARCH IN THE WORLD.

GIVES A BEAUTIFUL FINISH TO THE LINEN, and the difference between it and common starch is scarcely half a cent for an ordinary washing. Ask your Grocer for it.

## KINGSFORD'S

## OSWEGO CORN STARCH,

FOR PUDDINGS, BLANC MANGE, ICE CREAM, &c.

Is the original—Established in 1843. And preserves its reputation as PURE, STRONGER and MORE DELICATE than any other article of the kind offered, either of the same name or with other titles.

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c., the highest chemical authority of Europe, carefully analyzed this Corn Starch, and says it is a most excellent article of diet and in chemical and feeding properties is fully equal to the best arrow root.

Directions for making Puddings, Custards, &c., accompany each one-pound package.

For sale by all First-class Grocers.

## AMERICAN WASH BLUE.

For Laundry and Household Use.

MANUFACTURED AT THE

American Ultramarine Works, Newark, N. J.

Our Wash Blue is the best in the world. It does not streak, contains nothing injurious to health or fabric, and is used by all the large laundries on account of its pleasing effect and cheapness. Superior for whitewashing. Put up in packages convenient for family use. Price 10 cents each.

For sale by grocers everywhere. Always ask for the AMERICAN WASH BLUE, if you want the cheapest and best.

AMERICAN ULTRAMARINE WORKS,

Office, 72 William Street, New York.

## FOR SALE!

## HOUSE, STORE and LOT.

I offer for sale Lot 8, Block 41, being on the South-East corner of Ninth and Market Streets, City of Holland. The buildings are all new. It is a desirable location for any kind of business. Terms easy.

D. T. ROLLER.  
HOLLAND, Mich., March 3, 1875. 3-1f

## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the (20th) day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one (A. D. 1871,) made and executed by Greenleaf C. Jones, and Fanny Jones his wife, of the Township of Olive, in the County of Ottawa, and the State of Michigan, to Myron M. Stanford of the township of Olive aforesaid, to secure the payment of the sum of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) and interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per year, which said Mortgage was duly recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Ottawa in the State of Michigan, on the twelfth (12th) day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one (A. D. 1871,) at 11 o'clock A. M. on page 213 of Liber X of Mortgages in said office, which said Mortgage was duly assigned by the above mentioned Myron M. Stanford to Robert Stephenson of the Town of Bethel, in the County of Branch and State of Michigan, by a certain deed of assignment made and executed on the eighth (8th) day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (A. D. 1873,) which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County in the State of Michigan on the twelfth (12th) day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five (A. D. 1875,) at 1 o'clock P. M. on page 383 of Liber No. 1, of Mortgages, in said office, upon which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of sixty-one dollars and fifty-seven cents, (\$61.57) of principal and interest money and no suit either in law or in equity, having been heretofore taken or commenced to recover the sum secured to be paid by said mortgage or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or some part of them, as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said Mortgage, and the costs and expenses allowed by law, and that for the purpose of said foreclosure, on the fourteenth (14) day of June, A. D. 1875, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County,) there will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, the lands described in said Mortgage, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the amount due thereon, including the costs and expenses allowed by law, which said lands, and premises are described as follows, To-wit:—All that piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, bounded by a line commencing at the north-west corner of the north-west quarter (N. W. 1/4) of Section fifteen (15) in Township (6) north, of Range fifteen (15) west, running east, sixteen (16) rods, thence south to said line thereof, on the west by a line parallel with said east line, any twenty two (22) rods, thence north eleven (11) rods to the place of beginning."

Dated: March 19th, A. D. 1875.  
ROBERT STEPHENSON, Mortgagee.  
H. D. POST, Atty for Mortgagee.

## Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN:

The Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa.

In Chancery.

Gerard Kattie, Complainant

Beerd Kleis, Antje Kleis, and Geeje Klomp, Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa in Chancery made in the above entitled cause on the third day of September, A. D. 1874, Notice is hereby given, that, on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1875, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven in said County of Ottawa, I, the subscriber, a Circuit Court Commissioner in and for the County of Ottawa, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder: that certain piece or parcel of land described as part of lot numbered thirteen, in Block numbered thirty one, in the village of Holland in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, bounded on the north, south and east by the line thereof, on the west by a line parallel with said east line, any twenty two (22) rods, thence north eleven (11) rods to the place of beginning."

Dated April 20, 1875.  
ROBERT W. DUNCAN,  
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

EDWIN BAXTER,  
Complainant's Solicitor.

## MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHOEA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or Sexual extravagance, &c.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents. The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps.

Address the Publishers.

## CHA'S J. C. KLEIN & CO.

127 BOWERY, NEW YORK; Post Office Box, 5436

9-1yr.

## S. I. RANDALL.

## New Meat Market.

Just East of the City Hotel I have opened a new Meat Market where the public will be served at all times with the choicest of all kinds of Meats, as the different season of the year may demand. All I ask is to give me a call and satisfy yourselves of the above.

J. S. RANDALL.  
HOLLAND, May 5, 1875. 165-1f

## LAGER BEER!

3 CENTS A GLASS.

AT

## City Hotel Bar-Room.

ON AND AFTER

## Saturday, May 1.

WM. TEN HAGE, Proprietor.

## DR. SCHOUTEN'S

## ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS.

Have a specific influence upon the Liver and Bowels, and stimulate these organs into such vigorous action that the impurities are removed. Favorably known for opening mildly. They prevent all irregularities originating from impurities of the Blood.

—SOLD AT—

## Wholesale and Retail

## H. WALSH, Druggist,

Holland, Mich.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 25, 1875. 2-1f

## All kinds of Printing in

the Holland and English Language.



**Notings.**

AN adjourned session of the Circuit Court convened on Tuesday.

THE Street Commissioner and everybody else are at work cleaning gutters.

M. D. HOWARD, advertises a splendid farm for sale, six miles south-east of the city.

Mr. J. KUIKE has sold his one-third interest in the Schr. Arrow, to parties of Kenosha, Wis.

Mr. DUTCHER, of Boston, will deliver a temperance lecture on Thursday evening at the Methodist Church.

THE Schr. Cousin Mary got beached between Holland and Saugatuck. She is up high and dry near the half way creek.

THE Board of Review, for the examination of the assessment roll, will meet on Monday, at the Clerk's office. See Special Notices.

THE new tug Sky Light, purchased by Capt. F. R. Brower, in place of the Fanny, is a decided improvement both in power and speed.

REV. J. NOORDWIEER, pastor of the True Reformed Church at this place, who has been very sick for several days, is gradually improving.

WE hear it rumored that two prominent saloons in Grand Haven have already closed in consequence of the stringent provisions of the new liquor law.

REV. P. MOERDYK, of Grand Rapids, is one of the delegates of the Y. M. C. A., of that city, to the International Convention to be held at Richmond, Va., on the 24th inst.

SENATOR Andrew Johnson will bring a suit against the New Orleans Times for libel in asserting that he made use of money to secure his election to the United States Senate.

WE notice in the Christian Intelligencer, that Mr. H. H. Van Vranken, of the Senior Theological Class at New Brunswick, has received and accepted a call of the Reformed church of Linden, N. J.

MESSRS. Meyer & Co., the furniture men on River street, are moving right along into the line of first-class dealers. The late additions to their building and shop, and the increase of their stock, speak for themselves.

As the City of Holland carries in its seal the "Eendragt maakt mocht—God zij met ons," to commemorate the past and connect it with the present, why should not our neighboring village of Zeeland, follow with a "Lector et Emergo."

UNDER the new apportionment of State Senators and Representatives, Ottawa County remains as before, composing with Muskegon County one Senatorial District, the 26th, and entitled to two Representatives, the district for each to be designated by the Board of Supervisors at the October session.

It is not often during late years that the rapidly decreasing deer is seen in the immediate neighborhood of the place. On Saturday afternoon Mr. Dutton, who was at work on his place, just south of the city limits, was visited by a stray doe; she pulled up a couple of cabbages—very naturally taking it for sour-kraut—and went off grazing on an adjoining wheat field.

THE only pages of the original manuscript of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary which remain in connected form, are in the possession of Mr. Henry Wadsworth, of Glencoe, Wis. Mr. Wadsworth was at one time the possessor of the entire volume of manuscript, but has yielded to the requests of persistent antiquaries and autograph seekers until only a small part remains.

IN regard to the late disaster at St. Joseph, the Herald of that place has the following additional: "Up to this time no further information has been obtained about the lost fishermen. A subscription paper has been in circulation during the past week for donations to be used for the benefit of the poor families of the lost fishermen. The responses have been quite liberal and we learn that the committee having the matter in charge report already a subscription of several hundred dollars, a good share of which was obtained in Chicago."

THE squall of Tuesday afternoon struck the Banner just as she was making for the harbor, on her way back from White Lake with a cargo of stove-bolts. She struck the south pier and broke off a part of the railing leading to the light-house, near the upper end. Her head-gearing was damaged to some extent but nothing very serious. The squall came up very suddenly from the south-east, and if she had been out half an hour longer, the beach would have been her harbor. During that same afternoon the Sea Star landed high and dry about one mile north of the harbor. She came from Chicago and was bound for Saugatuck.

A "MAIDEN" speech—Yes.

TIME is money, and many people pay their debts with it.

THE steamer Eighth Ohio is still at Detroit, waiting for something to turn up.

THE Scow Planet is on the ways at Anderson's ship-yard, undergoing some slight repairs.

GEN. CUSTER is at St. Paul. He does not expect to start on the Black Hills expedition before June.

CEMETERY Prescription—Naked Knees, Soothing Syrups, Female Regulators, Murder of the Innocents.

A BABY in Milwaukee has been christened "Zero," in honor of the cold Sunday upon which it was born.

HADSELL of the Day-Spring, advertises those in arrears for subscription, under the appellation of "dead beats."

A LARGE lot of shade trees are being set out this spring. The premises around the First Reformed Church are receiving their share this season.

THE last number of De Hope had three silver-wedding announcements. Two of the parties residing at Grand Rapids and one at North Holland.

WE hear it rumored the Mr. A. H. Morrison, of St. Joseph, late Manager of the C. & M. L. S. R. R., intends to go out West, railroading it in Iowa.

DURING his term of office it is estimated that ex-Treasurer Spinner's autograph was affixed to circulating notes of the various denominations amounting in value to \$1,750,000,000.

ONE of the legislative relics of the anti-slavery struggle has passed away in Michigan with the repeal of the "Personal Liberty bill," passed in 1855 as a check to the fugitive slave law.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office, at Holland, Mich., May 13, 1875.

Cathness R, Foster Edman, Mc South Minerva, Ried S. T.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

MESSRS. Takken & Upham have purchased and brought to Saugatuck, a tug called the Standard Rock. She will be used for carrying freight on the river, and put to use wherever she can make an honest penny.—Commercial.

TWO Zeeland chaps, C. Van Den Berg and T. Haisma, while out hunting the other day, shot and killed in the ditch running through the Vriesland swamp, a muskallonge which weighed 27½ pounds, and measured 4½ feet in length.

THREE members of the lower branch of the present legislation died this session, two prior to adjournment, and one subsequent thereto, viz: George G. B. Yeckly, of Van Buren county, Ethan A. Brown, of Berrien county, and Joseph A. Hollon, of Saginaw county.

THE firm of E. Van Der Veen & Co., are running their stave mill right along. They are receiving bolts from several points north and south of here. This week the steamer Sky-Lark brought in a cargo from Renton Harbor or St. Joseph, and the Wollin and Banner each a cargo from White Hall.

Boy—"Father, where is Bill Hoar now?"

Father—"Why, my son, you should say, Judge Hoar."

Boy—"Well, Mr. Sumner called him Bill."

Father—"How so?"

Boy—"Well, dying, he said: Remember my civil rights Bill!"

ED. CITY NEWS: We notice an article in your last number as published in the Grand Haven Herald, in regard to our friend E. A. Stearns, which we wish to correct, and will say that we are not doing commission business in Muskegon. Our line of trade is dealing in all kinds of farm produce, of which E. A. Stearns is our business partner at Muskegon, and we wish to have the Herald so understand it.

Respectfully Yours,  
SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

THE change of proprietors of the City Hotel, seems to be followed up by an immediate increase in business and daily arrivals. We all know that if a live and active landlord is needed for a successful hotel business, that Mr. J. Minderhout is the right man in the right place. In our opinion the recent change cannot but prove satisfactory not only to the parties concerned but to the traveling public. Under these changes including a general renovation of the hotel, and a more special attention to "kitchen and dining-hall," the city hotel must be to its lessor and lessees, what it always has been to the public an object of pride and satisfaction. We are informed that Mr. Minderhout is attempting to make the necessary arrangements and connection here for summer excursionists and fishing parties from abroad, and will in this manner contribute his mite in bringing out promptly the various attractions of our place and beautiful lake.

SEAMEN'S wages, \$1.50 @ \$1.75.

REV. DR. PHELPS has sufficiently recovered to be out again.

HON. A. H. MORRISON, has been elected President of St. Joseph.

NOTHING special on market-day, only there was more cattle than usual.

SEVERAL of the saloons in Battle Creek and Kalamazoo have closed since the passage of the tax law.

AND now comes Graafschap. She also wants her Market-day, and advertises one for next Wednesday.

MR. P. ZALSMAN, has commenced the necessary excavations preparatory to his contemplated hotel improvement.

MESSRS. S. M. Grannis and G. O. Byington will give a concert at the Methodist Church, on Monday evening, May 17.

REPORTS from several parts of the county say that our winter wheat is looking finely with a prospect of the best crop in twenty years.

MESSRS. Hopkins & Culbert were the lowest bidders on the Michigan City harbor improvement and we learn the contract has been awarded to them.

JUDGE MARSTON, of our State Supreme Court, and his family, are going to Europe for a three months' visit. They will sail from New York, July 1st.

THE report which was being circulated on the streets on Wednesday, relative the burning of the steamer Corona, on Lake Michigan, proved to be without any foundation.

THE Scow W. Bates, of Hans Thomson, is being repaired at the Baas & Schols' ship-yard. She is to have a new deck and beams and entire new upperworks, involving an outlay of about \$600.

DR. D. M. GEE, the Dentist, has removed his office over the store of Mr. A. Venema, on Eighth street, where all the conveniences introduced into that profession are kept and skillfully administered.

MR. C. VOEST, late publisher of De Wachter, the organ of the True Reformed Church, will remove to Muskegon on or about the 15th of next month, to continue his theological studies with Rev. D. J. Van Der Werp of that place.

UNDER the new liquor laws and the Ordinance of the Common Council making the Supervisor ex-officio Director of the Poor, the duties and responsibilities of that office, as far as the city of Holland is concerned have been greatly increased.

MR. P. H. WILMS, the pump manufacturer has given up the peddling part of his business and will hereafter deduct the expenses involved in keeping a team on the road, from the retail price of the pump. This will suit grangers and no-grangers. He explains at length in another column.

MR. E. HEROLD is one of those who hold that whether the times are flush or hard, and whether the spring is late or early, people must have boots and shoes to wear. This he wishes to have understood in order that all those in need of the article may avail themselves of the large stock he has just received.

THE association of the name of Paul Revere with the Lexington and Concord celebrations is bringing to light a large number of momentous of that Revolutionary hero. A resident of Newport, R. I., has in his possession an engraving drawn by Revere's hand, and a lodge of Freemasons at Marblehead, Mass., have treasured in their archives a charter granted by the authority of George II. in 1760, and signed in 1797 by Revere as Grand Master.

THE latest addition to our City Library consists of the following works:

Assyrian Discoveries..... George Smith.  
History of the U. S., Vol. I.—H. Bancroft.  
Life of John Barneveld, Vol. I.—H. Motley.  
Land of the White Elephant..... Vincent.  
Nicholas Nickleby..... Dickens.  
Barabaz Rudge..... " "  
The Old Curiosity Shop..... " "  
Martin Chuzzlewit..... " "  
Epochs of History, Vol. X..... Seebohm.  
Politics for Young Americans..... Nordhoff.  
Const. Hist. of England..... Hallam.  
" " " "..... May.  
Middle Ages..... Hallam.  
Withering Heights..... Bronte Novels.  
Shirley..... " "  
Felix Holt..... Elliott.  
Mill on the Floss..... " "  
Hugh Miller's Works, X Vols.

WHILE everybody is getting ready for spring trade, the weather to the contrary notwithstanding, we must state that after having returned from New York, on Wednesday, Mr. Paul Steketee is here assisting his brother in receiving the several invoices by him purchased. Clothing will be made more of a speciality than heretofore, their stock in this line being extraordinarily assorted. Their stock of spring and summer shawls can be counted by the hundred. Mr. Andrew Steketee informs us that by the time the news is out, and this jotting read, they will be ready to substantiate the above to all who wish to come and see. The only thing they lack is room to display all their goods.

# NEW STOCK

At the

## GENERAL RETAIL STORE

Of

## DUURSMA & KOFFERS.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Crockery, Stoneware, Notions and Trimmings, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Glassware, Provisions,

### Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

### WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

### P. & A. Steketee, Boots and Shoes.

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, ETC., ETC.

—In the—

## Brick Store,

—of—

E. J. HARRINGTON,

Where may be found at all times, at

### Wholesale or Retail!

Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

## CASH PRICES.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874.

### SLOOTER & HIGGINS

DEALERS IN

## GROCERIES

AND

## FLOUR & FEED.

8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABARBE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegent's) a FLOUR & FEED and GROCERY Store. We shall keep on hand everything that pertains to a complete Family Supply store.

Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain, and Mill Stuff,

### At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

HOLLAND, Aug. 13, 1874. 108-1y

### De Feyter Bro's,

DEALERS IN

Wood, Lumber, Bark, Ties, Timber, and all kinds of Wood Produce.

We have put up in our woods, (on the Lake Shore Road, two miles West of the white school-house on the Grand Haven Road) a first-class portable saw-mill which is now in good running order, and can serve the public at any time with all kinds of building material and fencing at low prices, and deliver the same wherever wanted.

We can lengthen out so as to saw 40 feet, and will make long lumber and timber a specialty.

Our facilities for getting out deck planks and any kind of ship timber are unequalled.

All bills will be filled promptly and with dispatch, and a fair dealing can be relied upon. Custom sawing done at bottom figures.

All kinds of Farm Products, taken in pay for lumber and sawing. Also Wood, Bark and Railroad Ties, when delivered at our Pier on Lake Michigan, or on any of the docks along Black Lake.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1875. 4-1f

### FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.

1875.

## Spring and Summer!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we keep our Stock well assorted with a full line of

SILK AND LACE SACQUES, BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS, SPRING AND SUMMER SHAWLS, KID GLOVES IN ALL COLORS, SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

FANS. FANS. FANS.

The new styles of Shawls are very attractive, and we have no doubt will please our friends. In the line of STRAW GOODS we cannot be excelled for assortment; our price list includes Bonnets from 50 cents to \$12.

We keep Butterick's Patterns.

## L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

### JACOB FLIEMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

## Top or Open Buggies, Light & Heavy Wagons, Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Steels always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style. I USE NOTHING BUT

### THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from Second Growth Eastern Timber.

### All Work Warranted

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

### Horse Shoeing a Speciality

Thanking my old customers for past favors I solicit a call from them, and as many new one as want anything in my line

47-Xcl-1y J. FLIEMAN.

### THE Estey Organ

NOW ON HAND BY

## L. T. KANTERS & CO.

Our advice to the Public is not to purchase any instrument, without investigating first the PRICE and QUALITY of these Organs. They are constantly kept on hand and open for inspection at

### THE "CITY BOOK-STORE,"

NO. 72, EIGHTH STREET.

We also take orders for

### STECK'S & HAYNE BROS' PIANOS.

We keep in stock the two kinds of "HOWE" and of the "GROVER & BAKER" Sewing Machines. These four different kinds of machines, are the simplest and strongest in the country.

The depository of the American Bible Society has been removed by the committee, to the "CITY BOOK-STORE" of

## L. T. KANTERS & CO.,

No. 72, Eighth Street, HOLLAND, MICH.



# FARM-YARD SONG.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

Over the hill the farm-boy goes;  
His shadow lengthens along the land,  
A giant staff in giant hand;  
In the poplar-tree above the spring  
The katydid begins to sing:  
The early dews are falling;  
Into the stone-heap darts the snail,  
The swallow skim the river's brink,  
And home to the woodland fly the crows,  
When over the hill the farm-boy goes,  
Cheerily calling—  
"Co! co! boss! co! co! co!"  
Farther, farther over the hill,  
Faintly calling, calling still—  
"Co! boss! co! boss! co! co!"  
Into the yard the farmer goes,  
With grateful heart, at the close of day;  
Harness and chain are hung away;  
In the wagon-shed stand yoke and plow;  
The straw in the stack, the hay in the mow;  
The cooling dews are falling;  
The friendly sheep his welcome bleat,  
The pigs come grunting to his feet,  
The whinnying mare her master knows,  
When into the yard the farmer goes,  
His cattle calling—  
"Co! boss! co! boss! co! co! co!"  
While still the cow-boy, far away,  
Goes seeking those that have gone astray—  
"Co! boss! co! boss! co! co!"  
Now to her task the milkmaid goes;  
The cattle come crowding through the gate,  
Lowing pushing, little and great;  
About the trough, by the farm-yard pump,  
The frolicsome yearlings frisk and jump,  
While the pleasant dews are falling;  
The new milch heifer is quick and shy,  
But the old cow milks with tranquil eye;  
And the white stream, to the bright pail flows,  
When to her task the milkmaid goes,  
Soothingly calling—  
"So, boss! so, boss! so! so! so!"  
The cheerful milkmaid takes her stool,  
And sits and milks in the twilight cool,  
Saying, "So, so, boss! so! so!"  
To supper at last the farmer goes;  
The apples are pared, the paper read,  
The stories are told, then all to bed;  
Without, the cricket's ceaseless song  
Makes shrill the silence all night long;  
The heavy dews are falling;  
The housewife's hand has turned the lock;  
Drowsily ticks the kitchen clock;  
The household sinks to deep repose;  
But still in sleep the farm-boy goes  
Singing, calling—  
"Co! boss! co! boss! co! co! co!"  
And off the milkmaid, in her dream,  
Drums in the pail with the flashing streams,  
Murmuring, "So, boss! so!"

## THE STORY OF RAOUL SURIAN.

"Le style, c'est l'homme."

Monsieur Buffon invented the phrase—it is something more than a *mot*—and the police furnish a practical application of it. The identity of all the criminals is measurably arrived at by the police knowing the style in which they operate. This style is the key to what would otherwise be an impenetrable cipher. The instructed experts of the Paris police are able to determine with a precision and certainty which seem marvelous to the uninitiated, whose hand it was committed a certain robbery, or violated the laws in any crucial way.

Raoul Surian, a criminal of distinguished eminence, had a style of his own that, while very successful in its pecuniary results, was very troublesome in its consequence to him, since it was so plainly marked as to be immediately recognized by the police. Hence, each time he "operated" he was sure to be arrested, and not always safe to escape conviction. As his operations were numerous and extensive he was often convicted, and at the age of 40 had passed fifteen of the last twenty years of his life in prison.

Raoul Surian, called Freluquet, was the son of an optician and instrument maker of Marseilles, and followed the trade of his father until his 19th year, when he came up to Paris to seek his fortune. He first became known to the police through a rapid succession of swindling operations, very successfully contrived, for the delivery of goods which he did not possess and the appropriation of money which was not his own. Finally convicted, he was sentenced to close confinement for three years, and graduated from prison a very accomplished chevalier d'industrie. His operations now assumed a bolder character, and he worked in a larger field. He was again convicted of deceiving a wealthy bourgeois and obtaining a "loan" from him of 100,000 francs. This time he served five years. A third conviction insured him a close confinement of five years more.

At the expiration of this last sentence Raoul Surian returned to Paris and announced his intention to "reform." He had saved a little money by extra labor in prison, his father was dead, and he set up a small shop at Belleville for the sale of spectacles eye-glasses and mathematical instruments. He was closely observed by the police, but seemed to conduct himself in the most exemplary manner. His passport at this time described a man of ordinary height and figure, modest but manly carriage, face rather pale, blonde hair, no beard, and large, liquid, noticeable blue eyes. The face, so the signalement declared, was ingenuous, frank, open, with a rather engaging smile, but none of the features were striking, unless it were the eyes. He was a great favorite with the police, who had necessarily a great solicitude on his behalf, for, instead of avoiding them, he assiduously cultivated their acquaintance, made them little presents and gave a few francs now and then to the funds for the support of indigent criminals, and for the burial of deceased *sergents de ville*. He admitted, with many shrugs of the shoulders, that he had been a bad subject, but claimed that he was shrewd enough to understand that in any contest betwixt him and the law he was certain to fall underneath. He had tried it several times, and was quite well satisfied with the punishment he had received. In short, his reformation was definitive and complete.

After a few months' shop-keeping at Belleville Surian sold out his establishment. He had made a good deal of money, he said, speculating in shares at the Bourse, and did not need any longer to continue the drudgery of shop-keeping. He now rented a modest apartment on the third floor of a handsome house in a street not far from the Boulevard des Italiens—a drawing-room, dressing-room, breakfast-parlor, two bed-rooms, room for servant, and a small room which he called the laboratory. Here he installed

"Madame" Surian, a very handsome and vivacious brunette, understood to have been a certain Mlle. Cytheree, not unknown to frequenters of the coulisses of the opera. In his "laboratory" Surian had a stock of furnaces, crucibles, wheels and various other instruments, and cast and ground glasses for optical and other instruments, for which he received many orders, being accounted a skillful and ingenious workman. He had an assistant, a stolid-looking Alsatian, named Jules Gochen. His principal work, however, seemed to be at the Bourse, where he speedily became known as a daring operator, who would carry the heaviest load of shares in the face of the most arduous difficulties, who always accepted his successes with modesty, and paid his losses promptly at maturity. As the police kept the secret of his past life faithfully, and he himself, of course, did not disclose it, it came generally to be admitted that Raoul Surian was a very wealthy person, who had made his money by following civil engineering in South America, and returned to Paris to spend it like a gentleman.

In 1869 there was a tremendous effort made at the Bourse to "corner" the shares of the Serbo-Moldavian railway. The "corner" was broken prematurely, and a great slaughter ensued among the "bulls." Among those punished most severely was M. Raoul Surian, whose net losses, it was whispered, exceeded 750,000 francs. He came up gallantly, however, paid every centime, and, as if to show he was not hurt, set up a coupe of his own. "Madame" had already long been in the habit of driving to the Bois in a very handsome turnout, but that, it was understood, was hired only.

Simultaneously an operation of another kind agitated financial centers and attracted the undivided attention of the police. Bills on American account aggregating over five millions of francs were sold in London, Paris, Amsterdam and Hamburg which were found to be forgeries. The police, after long consultation and comparison of data, found no room to doubt that all these operations were the work of one man, and that the "style" was that of the once eminent, but now reformed, confidence man, M. Raoul Surian.

A couple of the most trusty agents were detailed to "work up" the case, and, at the end of three weeks, Surian was arrested and confronted with the parties in the several cities who had been victimized by the forger. It was known that Surian had been absent from Paris, and it was hoped to identify him beyond mistake. Just here, however, a most unexpected hitch occurred. The swindler was said to be "something like" Surian, but he had gray eyes, dark hair and light blonde beard. The witnesses were unanimous as to the color and appearance of the eyes, which were described as being as different as possible from the suspected man's eyes; and Surian was accordingly discharged.

Not satisfied with this, Surian went to police headquarters and complained of the injury done to his character and business by this arrest upon so slight a fabric of suspicion. He laid before the head of the department what pretended to be a full exhibit of his business affairs, and which showed that after all his debts were paid he would still have a surplus of 3,000,000 francs. "One does not steal under such circumstances," said Surian. The delinquent agents were reprimanded and Surian went home apparently well contented.

It is probable, however, that he suspected what was actually the case; that he was being carefully and assiduously watched. He contracted his speculative operations very materially, and a million in gold which he had on deposit in the Bank of France was drawn out and shipped to America, to parties unknown to the authorities. The outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war, however, took Surian to the Bourse again, and he was long of "rentes" when the calamity of Weissenburg overtook France. Surian went down with the funds, and compromised with his creditors with a deficit of a million and a half. Two weeks later he was again arrested for passing some 20,000,000 francs of fraudulent quarter-masters' drafts. This time the police felt sure they had Surian, but the baffling matter of identity again sprang up. The actual criminal had a general resemblance to Surian, except that his hair and mustache were dark, and his eyes as black as jet. The authorities were dumbfounded. The testimony, however, was direct and uncontrovertible, and, after a searching raid upon Surian's house, where, however, nothing was discovered which tended to criminate him, the ex-convict was again released.

The Germans rapidly threw their tremendous cordons around Paris, and the memorable siege of the great city began. Surian joined a regiment of volunteers and went on duty. The position assigned his company was the charge of a picket post outside the fort of Vanvres, where the Prussian breaching batteries were finally established. One day he and four of his companions were surprised by some Uhlans riding in the gray of the morning. The other men were spared, and Surian was reported missing, "killed or captured." Twenty-four hours later Surian appeared at his post again and reported for duty. He had fled, he said, under the cellar of a house, and could not get away any sooner. Three days later he was arrested with a show of great solemnity, and carried before General Villot, commander of the division to which he was attached. The Colonel of the regiment and many other officers were present. "Is this the man?" asked General Villot, pointing to Surian, and accosting a person in Prussian uniform.

"That is the man," I saw at Versailles four days ago," said the spy; "I am willing to swear to him. He came up the street escorted by Uhlans, and went directly into M. de Bismarck's headquarters. I saw him myself."

"You are charged with an offense the penalty of which is death, Surian," said

General Villot. "What have you to say for yourself? Did you give information to the enemy?"

"You say you saw me!" cried Surian, turning his full face upon the spy; "are you very sure you saw me?"

The spy staggered back, aghast. "Mon Dieu! no! no! I will not swear! The man I saw going into Count Bismarck's quarters had certainly brown eyes; and yours are blue."

Surian thus escaped again. He went into Paris for the first time since the siege began. Apparently the state of his domestic menage did not suit him. At any rate his coming created a great disturbance in the neighborhood; the fair Cytheria left the house in tears and vowing vengeance, and the impassive Jules Gochen was arrested as a Prussian spy, upon specific charges laid by Raoul Surian, convicted, and shot.

Soon after this came the surrender and the Commune. During the ephemeral reign of M. Eusebe Birambrot at police headquarters, a dark-browed beauty came and laid charges of treason and incivism against M. Raoul Surian. She gave her name as Mlle. Cytheree, and said that Surian, one of the adroitest robbers of the age, who continually escaped conviction through his subtle disguises, had been in constant communication with the Germans during the siege. Her charges were supported by one Gallaud, formerly of the police. On the other hand, Surian, who was present, and was a Commune Colonel of Artillery, and high in favor with the sections of Belleville, proved that M. Gallaud was an ex-mouchard and a Napoleonist, and that Mlle. Cytheree had compromised herself with Jules Gochen, Prussian spy, lately executed. Birambrot dismissed the charges and the witnesses, and Surian returned to his cannon.

On the night after the Versailles broke into Paris, Surian disappeared. He left the battery at Belleville, proposing to return in five minutes with some percussion fuses, which were needed. He did not come back at all. He was dressed in a very conspicuous uniform, and was grimy with dust and smoke. The next morning a company of Versailles soldiers, belonging to the One Hundred and Fifty-second Battalion of the line, was hurrying along the Rue Nueve des Petits Champs, under the guidance of Police Agent Gallaud, in search of Communists and Petroleurs, a pleasant-looking gentleman, in the garb of a cure, with shovel hat, well-defined tonsure, brown hair, and bright black eyes, stepped out of a cellar-way, over the door of which was the sign, "Collaert, marchand des habits." The cure touched his hat, smiled on the troops, and walked on, gently trimming his nails with a small pen-knife. Gallaud started; he spoke a word to the Captain commanding the troops, they called a halt, and Gallaud sprang across the pavement, and laid his hand on the cure's shoulder.

"Raoul Surian, I arrest you!" "My son, are you not hasty?" said the cure gently, "I am Father Thomas, one of the cures of St. Sulpice," and he bent his black eyes upon Gallaud with a look of mild reproach.

"He lies!" shrieked a woman from across the street. "I watched him! I saw him go in there! I have never lost sight of him!" And the prisoner was confronted by the infuriated Mlle. Cytheree.

"Daughter," said the cure, "this is some unfortunate mistake. Who is it that you take me for?"

"It makes no difference?" screamed the woman, "blue eyes, black eyes, gray eyes, it makes no difference! I know you for Raoul Surian, convict, robber, murderer and Commune!"

"I will settle this," said the infantry Captain. He took a file of men and ran into Collaert's dingy shop. Presently he returned. One of his men bore a bloody and smoke-stained uniform, and two more had the trembling Collaert, an old, dirty, snuffy Hollander, by the throat. "Attention!" said the Captain to Collaert. "If you do not answer truly and promptly you shall be shot right here. Who did this uniform belong to—who left it with you?"

"That man—there!"

"Who is that man?"

"Raoul Surian!"

"How came he to go to you?"

"He has been in the habit. I have kept his clothes and his—disguises—for five years! Oh, pray, do not shoot me!"

"Enough! Surian, step out! Lieutenant, detail ten men! Corporal, bind his hands!"

Surian thrust his foot behind Gallaud's heels, knocked the Captain down with a blow of his fist, thrust his elbow into the Corporal's ribs, and darted off, escaping into Collaert's cellar with surprising agility and amid a volley of musketry. He was instantly pursued by half the company, who rushed into the cellar and presently were heard bounding up stairs. The house was a tall one, but soon shouts came from the roof, and those on the street had hardly time to look up, when there came two shots in quick succession, and a dark body, rolled up like a ball, rushed down through the air and crashed upon the pavement with a dull, sickening sound. Mlle. Cytheree fainted.

Gallaud stepped quickly to the still quivering mass and turned it over. It was the body of Raoul Surian, crushed almost into a jelly.

"My God!" cried Gallaud, "one eye is black still, but the other is blue!"

"It must have broke in the fall!" cried the shivering Collaert. "I will show you where he kept them, M. Gallaud, if you will go with me."

The troops marched on. A neighbor kindly took Mlle. Cytheree into her house. The remains of Surian were carried away, and Gallaud accompanied Collaert. Only the blood still remained upon the sidewalk.

After all, Surian's secret was very simple, like most of the inventions of genius. He had an assortment of very

thin glass eyes, with perfectly transparent pupils, and these he wore and changed as occasion seemed to demand. A little practice enabled him to do this without any inconvenience, the more so that the workmanship of the eyes was exceedingly perfect.

The police have orders now, in case a similar cheat is suspected, to touch the white of the eye with a little vinegar or a camel's hair brush, to see if it produces suffusion.

## Two Little Boys.

The man lives in Philadelphia, who, when young and poor, entered a bank and says he, "Please sir, don't you want a little boy?" And the stately personage said, "No, little boy; I don't want a little boy." The little boy, whose heart was too full for utterance, chewing a piece of liquorice stick he had bought with a cent he had stolen from his good and pious aunt, with sobs plainly audible, and with great globules of water running down his cheeks, glided silently down the marble steps of the bank. Bending his noble form, the bank man dodged behind the door, for he thought the little boy was going to shy a stone at him. But the boy picked up something and stuck it into his poor but ragged jacket. "Come here, little boy," and the little boy did come here; and the bank man said, "Lo! what pickest thou up?" And he answered and said, "A pin." And the bank man said, "Little boy, are you good?" and he said he was. And the bank man said, "How do you vote—excuse me, do you go to Sunday-school?" And he said he did.

Then the bank man took down a pen, made of pure gold, and flowing with pure ink, and wrote on a piece of paper, "St. Peter," and asked the little boy what it stood for, and he said, "Salt Peter." Then the bank man said it meant "St. Peter." The little boy said, "Oh!" The bank man took the little boy into partnership, and gave him half the profits and all the capital, and he married the bank man's daughter, and all he has is all his, and all his own too.

My uncle told me this story, and I spent six weeks picking up pins in front of a bank. I expected the bank man would call me in and say, "Little boy, are you good?" and I was going to say "Yes," and if he asked me what "St. John" stood for, I was going to say "Salt John."

But I guess the bank man wasn't anxious to have a partner, and guess the daughter was a son, for one day he says to me, "Little boy, what are you picking up?" Says I, awfully meekly, "Pins." Says he, "Let's see 'em." And he took 'em and I took off my hat, already to go in the bank, and become a partner and marry his daughter. But I didn't get an invitation. He said, "Those pins belong to the bank, and if I catch you hanging round here any more I'll set the dogs on you!" Then I left, and the mean old cuss kept the pins. Such is life as I find it.—*Max Adler.*

## A Sickening Story.

The New Orleans Times records the following incident of the recent steamboat disaster at that city: "Maxwell, upon being interviewed, stated that he was a workman on the Bodman when she caught fire from the Kyle. Although he could have reached the shore, the piteous appeals of the women induced him to stay. Launching a stage plank, he jumped into the river, and, calling to two ladies, bade them follow for their lives. Unhesitatingly they took the fatal leap, and were assisted by him on the stage. The current drifted them directly against the burning vessel, notwithstanding his desperate exertions to push the stage in a contrary direction. While attempting to save the ladies, urged and encouraged by their agonizing shrieks, a burly negro seized a plank and jumped upon them. The plank striking Maxwell across the leg and precipitating him into the water, a few strokes were taken and he reached another plank, where, helplessly, he watched the negro, lost to everything but saving his life, make ineffectual attempts to gain the stage on which were the ladies. Suspecting the result, he turned around, and when he looked again the stage floated buoyantly past him, bottom upward—the ladies and their murderer had drowned."

## The First Use of Gas.

Professor Silliman has discovered, in a "Journal of Travels in England, Holland and Scotland," in 1805, published by his distinguished father, a memorandum of what is probably the first public use of street-gas in London. Hitherto the date of the first public exhibition in that city has been put in 1807, when Mr. Winsor lighted Pall Mall. But on the 4th of July, 1805, the elder Silliman stopped in Piccadilly to see "an object of some curiosity," which he describes as follows: An ingenious apothecary and chemist has contrived to light his shop in a very beautiful manner, by means of the inflammable gas obtained from fossil coal. It is the same thing with the thermo-lamp, of which you have heard much in America. Every new thing by which money can be made is of course kept secret in London, as well as everywhere else. I took the liberty, however, of asking the owner of the shop to permit me to see his apparatus. He refused at first but on my assuring him I was not a commercial or trading man, and was actuated solely by curiosity, he consented, and took me down cellar.—*Galaxy.*

"My dear husband," said a devoted wife, "why will you not leave off smoking? It is such an odious practice, and makes your breath smell so!" "Yes," replied the husband, "but only consider the time I have devoted and the money I have spent to learn to smoke. If I should leave off now all that time and money would have been wasted, don't you see?"

## MRS. ROGERS.

Mrs. Rogers lay in her bed, bandaged and blistered from foot to head. Bandaged and blistered from head to toe, Mrs. Rogers was very low. Bottle and saucer, spoon and cup, On the table stood bravely up; Physic of high and low degree—Calomel, catnip, boneset tea—Everything a body could bear; Excepting light, and water and

I opened the blinds; the day was bright; And God gave Mrs. Rogers some light, I opened the window; the day was fair, And God gave Mrs. Rogers some air. Bottles and blisters, powders and pills, Catnip, boneset, sirup and squills, Drugs and medicines, high and low, I threw them as far as I could throw.

"What are you doing?" my patient cried. "Frightening death," I coolly replied; "You are crazy!" a visitor said; I flung a bottle at her head.

Deacon Rogers he came to me, "Wife is a-comin' around," says he, "I really think she'll worry through; She scolds me just as she used to do. All the people have poohed and slurred—All the neighbors have had their word; 'Twas better to perish, some of 'em say, Than be cured in such an irregular way."

"Your wife," said I, "had God's care, And his remedies—light, water and air; All the doctors, beyond a doubt, Couldn't have cured her without."

The deacon smiled and bowed his head; "Then your bill is nothing," he said, "God be the glory, as you say; God bless you, doctor, good-day, good-day!"

If I ever doctor that woman again, I'll give her medicine made by men.

## Pith and Point.

A FLORAL swell—The dandelion.

MUSIC by handle—A street organ.

THE less men think, the more they talk.

THE key to an uncertain gait—Whiskey.

THE only suits that last longer than you want them to are lawsuits.

SUGGESTIVE—Wedding suits were never cheaper.

IN the bright lexicon of feminine fashion there is such a word as faille.

BASHFULNESS is often like the plating on spoons—when it wears off it shows the brass.

A PHILADELPHIA paper speaks of "a glazier 3,000 feet long." A glazier of that sort would set a pane in a skylight.

"As soon as life was extinct I cut him down," explained a Kansas woman to the coroner's jury who sat on her dead husband.

THE dead always git more praise than the living. We don't envy them, and ain't afraid to do the square thing on the occasion.

WHEN the good Lord feels ennui, he opens the windows of heaven and takes a look out upon the Parisian boulevards.—*Heine.*

A GENTLEMAN observing the sign of "Caswell" upon a business establishment, remarked that it would be "as well without the C."

THE model husband of the period is the man who will hold the baby for a couple of hours every night while his wife catches up with the trial.

PHILADELPHIA brags of having the most cleanly servant-girls. They always hire out with the understanding that the mistress is to do the dirty work.

"WHERE are you going?" asked a little boy of another, who had slipped and fallen down on the pavement. "Going to get up," was the blunt reply.

ARTISTS have adopted many emblems of charity. We wonder none of them ever thought of a piece of india-rubber, which gives more than any other substance.

IT is said that nothing will cure a poet's affection for his idol sooner than to catch her at the dinner table excavating the kernel of a hickory nut with a hair-pin.

A MEMBER of the North Carolina Legislature, in discussing a bill, asked: "Mr. Speaker, are we men or jackasses?" Several North Carolina papers are unable to take sides.

AN assessor asked a woman how many chickens she had, and, doubting her word, proceeded to count them. She took him to the bee-hive, kicked it over, and invited him to count the bees.

WHEN a conductor on a Syracuse car shouted "Ruggles street!" the other night, a man who had been dozing in the corner started up and said: "Ruggles' treat? Where's Ruggles? Show me Ruggles, quick!"

A PARIS correspondent states that a French woman considers it a privilege, a bit of good fortune, to get a husband, even when he amounts to very little. She is almost willing beforehand to support him wholly or in part for the sake of being madame.

IF married men will attend the spelling matches, they had better leave their wives at home. It isn't comfortable to walk home with her and the dear creature muttering at every step, "I'm ashamed of your ignorance," and "If you can't spell 'agitate,' I'll teach you when I get you home." No; it's disheartening.

AR Pompeii they recently found a curious record. It was scratched on the stucco of a kitchen wall, and has been thus translated: "Lighted the fire, cooked his meals, and swept his house for him 28,000 times to this day, and he refuses to take me to the circus." Beneath this, in a different hand, is written: "Women are never satisfied."

THIS is the way the people who live on the coast of Maine describe their weather:

Dirty days hath September,  
April, June, and November;  
From January up to May,  
The rain it raineth, every day.  
All the rest have thirty-one,  
Without a blessed gleam of sun;  
And if any of them had two and thirty,  
They'd be just as wet and twice as dirty.







## Ordinances.

No. 66.

### An Ordinance,

Relative to the appointment and the duties of City Physician of the City of Holland.

#### The City of Holland Ordains:

SECTION 1. That the office of City Physician be and the same is hereby created and established; the office to be filled by the appointment of the Common Council, the same as other officers are appointed under the charter in such cases made and provided.

SEC. 2. No person shall be eligible to hold the office of City Physician except he be a graduate and practicing physician, possessing a diploma or certificate from some well accredited Medical College, and a resident of the city.

SEC. 3. The City Physician shall hold his office, subject to the conditions of the charter in such cases made and provided, until the first Monday of May of each year, or until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the City Physician to visit and administer medical and surgical aid and treatment to any and all city poor when called upon by the Poor-Master or any one authorized to administer relief to the city poor.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the City Physician to report to the Common Council, on their first regular meeting of each month:

The number and cases treated;

The number and nature of the diseases;

The name of each person receiving medical aid from him.

He shall also make an annual report to the Common Council, at their last regular meeting in the month of April of each year, which report shall contain a recapitulation of the above facts and a full statement of all cases, persons and diseases treated by him during the year.

SEC. 6. In case of the absence or inability of the City Physician to attend to the city poor, it shall be his duty to deputize some other physician to act in his place and to perform his duties during such absence or inability.

SEC. 7. This ordinance shall take immediate effect.

Passed: May 12, A. D. 1875.

Approved: May 12, A. D. 1875.

J. VAN LANDEGEND, Mayor.

Attest: G. VAN SCHUYLEN, City Clerk.

No. 67.

### An Ordinance,

Relative to the establishment, maintenance and control of the City Library of the City of Holland.

#### The City of Holland Ordains:

SECTION 1. That a Library be and is hereby created and established, to be known as "The City Library of the City of Holland;" and the same shall be maintained in accordance with the provisions of the charter and this ordinance.

SEC. 2. All books, papers, periodicals, printed matter and manuscripts, heretofore known as and belonging to the "Holland City Library," and Library of the Public Schools of the City of Holland, and belonging to the city, shall be and constitute a part of said City Library.

SEC. 3. The Council may apply to the purchase of books therefor, in addition to the amount received on account of fines and forfeitures, an amount not exceeding one hundred dollars annually.

SEC. 4. All moneys received into the city treasury from fines, penalties and forfeitures, shall be placed to the credit of the Library Fund.

SEC. 5. Whenever it shall appear by the report of the city treasurer that such fines, penalties, and forfeitures so paid in, amount to fifty dollars or more, then the Common Council shall expend the same in the purchase of books and other printed matter as they shall deem expedient.

SEC. 6. The Common Council shall appoint a Librarian, who shall hold his term of office subject to the conditions of the charter, until the first Monday of May of each year or until his successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SEC. 7. The Librarian shall have the care and custody of said City Library and obey and enforce such rules and regulations as the Common Council shall from time to time adopt for the care, custody and maintenance of said City Library.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the Librarian to report to the Common Council at its second regular meeting in the month of April of each year and oftener when required.

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of the Librarian to report to the Common Council at its second regular meeting in the month of April of each year and oftener when required.

The number of books in the Library.

The catalogue value of the same.

The number of different persons drawing books.

The number of books drawn during the year.

The number of books lost during the year, their title and value.

The amount collected for fines and damages.

The number and titles of books added to the Library during the year and the cost of the same.

SEC. 10. All books and other printed matter purchased or acquired under the provisions of this ordinance or received from donations, shall be deemed to belong to and constitute the "City Library of the City of Holland."

SEC. 11. The Library shall be kept at such place as may be designated by the Librarian, subject to the approval of the Common Council.

SEC. 12. This ordinance shall take immediate effect.

Passed: May 12, A. D. 1875.

Approved: May 12, A. D. 1875.

J. VAN LANDEGEND, Mayor.

Attest: G. VAN SCHUYLEN, City Clerk.

#### CENTAUR LINIMENTS.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began.

"West Windsor, Mich., Dec. 10, 1874.

"Mr. Riley Hance, of this place, an aged man, has had a wonderful cure by your Liniment, and he wants it made known for the benefit of mankind. The following is his affidavit.

Yours truly, L. McQUOWN.

"State of Michigan, County of Eaton, ss.

"Riley Hance, on his oath, says: That for the last ten years he has been very severely afflicted with the Rheumatism, and has been for the last six years entirely helpless, inasmuch that he could hardly move, and had given up all hopes of ever being helped. And dependent further says that about five months ago, I commenced the using of Centaur Liniment, and it has produced wonderful results, and now I feel almost as well as ever.

RILEY HANCE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 10th day of Dec., 1874.

Henry Black, of Ada, Hardin Co., Ohio, says:

"My wife has had rheumatism for five years—no rest, no sleep—could scarcely walk across the floor. She is now completely cured by the use of Centaur Liniment. We all feel thankful to you, and recommend your wonderful medicine to all our friends."

T. G. Burham, P. M., Little Lake, Wis., writes:

"Last summer, I was induced to try a bottle of your Centaur Liniment on a bruised leg, and it gave instant relief. Since then I have used it in five cases, and it has not failed once."

White Wrapper for Family use. Yellow Wrapper for animals. Price, 50 cents; Large Bottles, \$1.00.

16-ly

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

# HEBER WALSH,

Proprietor of "CITY DRUG STORE."

Established in New York from 1845-1857. In Michigan since 1857.

A Change of Programme Each Week.

## NOW IS YOUR TIME!

Good for 30 Days, from May 4, to June 4, 1875.

Boiled Linseed Oil, at 90 cents per gallon. Raw Linseed Oil, at 85 cents per gallon; And what some people call, (we do not,)

North Western Strictly Pure White Lead, at \$2.40 per keg of 25 pounds; and all those strictly pure White Leads—from the well known brands of Eckstein, Hills & Co., Barry, Williams & Co., Fahnestock, Haslett & Schwartz, at \$2.70 per keg of 25 pounds; also that well known brand HOLLAND CITY WHITE LEAD, put up in 25 pound cans, and all other brands down to \$2.00 per keg or can, or even less if wanted. A discount made on all large bills, even at these low figures. A full stock of Brushes, Varnish, etc., etc., at the same low rate. This offer is open for 30 days. Do not fail to call soon at the City Drug Store of H. WALSH.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS PREPARED AT THE CITY DRUG STORE AT HALF THE PRICE OTHER STORES CHARGE.

We do not purchase Physicians, and have no percentage to pay to any one.

Eighth Street, . . . . . Holland City.

## Jack Fifield's Railroad Store!

### J. J. FIFIELD

Has opened up a new Store in the FIRST WARD of the City of Holland. The new building lately occupied by Mr. Bos, as a Bakery, has been fitted up to receive a

#### FRESH SUPPLY OF

Dry Goods, Crockery, Classware, Croceries, Liquors and Produce.

#### A CARD!

In addition to the above general information to the Public, I would announce that I intend to carry on a WHOLESALE trade in

#### LIQUORS & CIGARS,

and give notice of this for the special benefit of all dealers in said articles.

Farmers will find my store a welcome place. I wish to buy all they have to sell in the line of PRODUCE, and can supply them with everything they need in my line. A good stable and accommodations for their teams are offered to them.

MR. JAMES WESTVEER will always be found ready to wait upon any of his old friends who wish to call upon him.

All orders will be promptly filled and delivered home—free of charge.

J. J. FIFIELD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 12, 1875.

## Hardware Store!

### E. VAN DER VEEN,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

#### LARGE STOCK

#### GENERAL

#### Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,

Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

E. VAN DER VEEN.

S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts. 46-47-ly

## S. DE BOER,

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.

I have commenced the manufacture of MILK-SAFES, and give notice of this to the Public in and around the City of Holland, in order to secure their trade. I offer a good, strong and substantial article for a low price, and request every one in need of this article to come and examine.

They will also find my stock of DOORS, SASH, BLIND, MOULDINGS, Etc., to be complete and attractive. I furnish the sash all glazed when desired.

Lumber and Country Produce taken in exchange for anything in my line.

S. DE BOER.

HOLLAND, April 14, 1875. 3e-3 Jan 1



Watches, Silver Ware, Clocks, Spectacles, & Jewelry, Pocket-Knives.

These goods will be sold at the lowest possible Price. Every Article Warranted to be just as Represented.

Watches, clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner.

HOLLAND, Mich., December 1, 1874.

For a good bargain go to the Store of JOHN ROOST & SON, GENERAL DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps, FLOUR AND FEED. BUTTER AND EGGS, in Trade or in Cash. The highest price paid for

## Cha's G. Wurz,

Formerly of St. Joseph, has opened a

### First-Class Merchant Tailor

Establishment in this City, in the Store of Mr. O. BRYMAN, corner of Eighth and Market Streets.

CALL AND SEE HIS.

NEW STOCK OF CHOICE CLOTHS.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

PRICES VERY LOW.

FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 20, 1875. 10-4f

## PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery,

Of the Most Approved Patterns;

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER

WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

46-3-4

## WERKMAN & SONS,

General Dealers.

RIVER STREET, . . . . . HOLLAND.

Announce to the Public that they have received a large and new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which is more complete in every department than ever before. They have a large line of all kinds of

Flannels,

Repellents,

Cottonades,

Shawls,

Young Ladies' Goods.

Skirts,

Ladies and

Gentlemen's

Underwear,

Prints,

Notions,

Hats & Caps.

Groceries, Flour and Feed.

Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 15, 1874. 47-38-1y

## Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

105-4f N. KENYON.

## J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in

the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,

Window Shades,

Parpets,

Oil Cloths,

Feathers,

Feather Beds,

Mattresses,

COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

46-2 s 1y

## J. O. DOESBURG,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

NO. 70, EIGHTH STREET.

Drugs,

Medicines,

Paints and Oils

Are sold as cheap at this Drug Store as at any other. Medicines warranted to be strictly pure.

Trusses,

Chamois Skin,

Counter, Cloth,

Hair and

Paint Brushes.

All the leading Patent Medicines in the market. A full Stock of the very best Perfumery sold in bottle or by measure.

J. O. DOESBURG.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874.

## REMOVED!

MRS. J. WYKHUIZEN has removed from Eighth Street to No. 25, Tenth Street, West of Hope Church.

Cures: Felons,

Burns, and

Scrofulous Swellings.

Makes a specialty of all FEMALE COMPLAINT AND DISEASES OF CHILDREN.

And recommends herself to the citizens of Holland and vicinity.

Mrs. Wykhuisen's Queen of Ointment can be bought at the Store of J. H. Kiekintveld, Eighth Street. Price, 25 Cents.

HOLLAND, Mich., February 25, 1875.

2-ly

## BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, . . . . . HOLLAND, MICH.

46-3 s 1y

## I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead

is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be underbilled by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH

Druggist & Pharmacist.

46-4f

## MEAT MARKET

—IN THE—

FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that he has finished his new Meat-Market, and is now ready to supply his customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor him with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store.

HOLLAND, April 2, 1875. W. BUTKAU.

## E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.

Also a full line of

FINDINGS,

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-31/2 s-1y

## R. KANTERS,

DEALER IN

STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations.

All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention.

R. KANTERS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-4f

## TO RENT!

A good residence, with barn, orchard, etc. In