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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 14.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 118.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents or first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
2 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
3 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X signify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.		GOING SOUTH.	
Express.	Mail.			Express.	Mail.
P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	A. M.
9:10	8:30	Chicago.	5:30	6:00	
12:15	11:15	New Buffalo.	5:15	3:05	
A. M.	P. M.			P. M.	A. M.
3:37	2:55	Gr. Junction.	2:05	11:40	
4:21	3:56	Fennville.	1:12	10:55	
	4:07	Manlius.	1:03		
4:35	4:10	Richmond.	1:00	10:41	
	4:25	E. Saugatuck.	12:45		
5:35	4:45	Holland.	12:35	9:50	
	5:10	New Holland.	11:52		
6:07	5:21	Olive.	11:37	9:22	
	5:27	Ottawa.	11:31		
6:25	5:35	Robinson.	11:20	9:05	
	5:48	Spoonville.	11:05		
7:10	6:15	Nanles.	10:55	8:35	
7:28	6:32	Fruitport.	10:36	8:20	
8:00	7:20	Muskegon.	9:30	7:30	
	8:25	Montague.	8:25		
	10:00	Pentwater.	6:45		

Grand Rapids Branch.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.		GOING SOUTH.	
Express.	Mail.			Express.	Mail.
A. M.	P. M.			P. M.	P. M.
5:20	4:50	Holland.	12:30	10:00	
5:34	5:04	Zeeland.	12:06	9:46	
5:47	5:17	Vriesland.	11:53	9:33	
6:00	5:30	Hudson.	11:40	9:20	
6:13	5:43	Jennison's.	11:37	9:07	
6:19	5:49	Grandville.	11:21	9:01	
6:40	6:10	Gr. Rapids.	11:00	8:40	

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Going North.		STATIONS.		Going South.	
No. 4	No. 2			No. 3	No. 1
P. M.	P. M.			P. M.	A. M.
9:30	12:15	Muskegon	3:25	7:30	
8:30	12:14	Ferryburg	3:03	6:30	
8:00	12:10	Grand Haven	3:06	6:40	
7:15	11:33	Pigeon	3:40	9:35	
6:30	11:04	Holland	4:08	11:04	
5:30	8:55	Fillmore	4:28	11:35	
5:50	9:37	Allegan	5:21	1:00	

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

FROM GRAND RAPIDS		TO GRAND RAPIDS		
Express.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Express. Mail.	
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
4 15	7 00	Grand Rapids.	11 00	9 40
4 33	7 20	Grandville.	10 40	9 24
4 49	7 37	Byron Centre.	10 23	9 08
5 07	7 54	Dorr.	10 04	8 50
5 17	8 05	Hilliards.	9 53	8 40
5 26	8 14	Hopkins.	9 43	8 32
5 50	8 37	Allegan.	9 17	8 10
6 17	9 08	Otsego.	8 46	7 42
6 26	9 16	Plainwell.	8 37	7 38
6 43	9 33	Cooper.	8 18	7 18
7 05	9 55	Kalamazoo.	8 00	7 00
7 24	10 13	Portage.	7 38	6 35
7 42	10 30	Schoolcraft.	7 20	6 15
7 53	10 41	Flowerfield.	7 10	6 05
8 03	10 51	Moorepark.	7 00	5 53
8 14	11 02	Three Rivers.	6 50	5 43
8 26	11 14	Florence.	6 37	5 27
8 35	11 21	Constantine.	6 30	5 22
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
8 45	11 30	White Pigeon.	6 20	5 10
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
8 50	9 30	Chicago.	10 40	8 50
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
9 40	5 10	Toledo.	11 45	12 01
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
7 05	9 40	Cleveland.	7 30	8 00
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
1 10	4 05	Buffalo.	12 35	1 00

Special Notices.

To the traveling public, and those leaving for Grand Rapids on the afternoon train, we would state that BURGARD'S under Sweet's Hotel, is the best place for a meal, or a lunch, in Grand Rapids. Everything necessary for a first-class restaurant, is kept there and there is no unnecessary delay. Try and see.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, May 27th, at 7 1/2 o'clock, sharp.

N. B. The Annual Election of Officers will take place. A full attendance is ordered.

W. J. SCOTT, W. M.

J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

N. W. BACON, N. G.

R. K. HUALD, Rec. Sec'y.

R. A. SCHOUTEN, Per. Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	\$1 00 @ \$1 25
Beans, bushel	1 50 @ 1 75
Butter, lb.	18 @ 18
Clover seed, bushel	12 @ 12
Eggs, dozen	13 @ 12
Honey, lb.	14 00 @ 16 00
Hay, ton	6 @ 6
Hides, green, lb.	1 25 @ 1 50
Maple sugar, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Onions, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Potatoes, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Timothy Seed, bushel	1 00 @ 1 10
Wool, lb.	1 00 @ 1 10

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed, lb.	6 @ 7
Chickens, dressed per lb.	8 @ 9
Lard, lb.	7 @ 10
Pork, dressed, lb.	7 @ 10
Smoked meat, lb.	12 @ 14
Smoked ham, lb.	12 @ 14
Smoked shoulders, lb.	12 @ 14
Turkeys, lb.	12 @ 14
Tallow, lb.	6 @ 7

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$4 00
" green	3 00
" beach, dry	3 00
" green	2 50
Hemlock Bark	5 50
Staves, white oak	12 00 @ 14 00
Heading bolts, soft wood	3 00 @ 3 50
Heading bolts, hardwood	4 50
Stave bolts, softwood	3 50
Stave bolts, hardwood	4 00
Railroad ties	15

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white, bushel	\$1 45 @ \$1 50
Corn, shelled, bushel	70 @ 70
Oats, bushel	50 @ 50
Buckwheat, bushel	80 @ 85
Rye, bushel	80 @ 85
Bran, ton	32 00
Feed, ton	1 75
Barley, 100 lb.	2 50
Middling, 100 lb.	1 50
Flour, 100 lb.	1 50
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.	6 00 @ 7 00
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lb.	4 50
Fine meal, 100 lb.	1 75

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office East of "City Hotel."

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSING, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served no call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting, Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss. A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

CLOETINGH, A., Book-Binder, and dealer in Books and Stationery; River street.

KANTERS, L. T., & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDING & WESTERHOF, General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

SPRIETMA, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 8th st.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicine; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D., General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. LaBarbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

VENNEMA, A., Dealer in Furniture, Wall Paper, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Curtains, &c. Wag-onshop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

General Dealers.

DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

THE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

WEYMAR & KRUIDENIER, House & Carriage Painters; shop over Vaarwerk's Grocery Store, First Ward, Eighth street.

Groceries.

FLEETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

KROON, G. J., Retail Dealer in all the branches of Hardware. A full stock always on hand; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLONG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. RYDER, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. H., Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBLINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of Pumps, and Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Plumber Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS. & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

ZIEB CARL, Proprietor of Holland Brewery; Tenth street, opposite Tannery of Cappon & Bertsch.

Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer; Office, Holland City News.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, Insurance and Real Estate Office; City Drug Store, 8th street.

Photographers.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

BEST, L. E., M. D.; M. C. Canada, Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician. Residence for a limited period at the City Hotel.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office in Van Landegend's Brick Block, 2d floor.

POWERS, T. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon; office on M. D. Howard's lot, corner of 8th and River st.; residence on 10th st.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Publishers.

VORST, C., Publisher of De Wachter, Organ of the True Ref. Dutch Church.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Baker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Saddlery.

DE VRIES, U., Dealer in Harness, Satchels, Trunks, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc.; Eighth street.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth st.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

FLEEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS, J., Jeweler and Watchmaker. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The East.

The eighth annual meeting of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was held at Harrisburg, Pa., on the 13th. Chas. Devens, of Massachusetts, was chosen Commander-in-Chief, and Chicago selected as the next place of meeting. The City of Tokio, the sister iron steamship to the City of Pekin, was successfully launched at Chester, on the Delaware, 14 miles from Philadelphia, Pa., on the 13th inst. These are the two largest vessels in the world next to the Great Eastern.

The Roman Catholic pilgrims have sailed from New York for Le Havre, France, after grand ceremonies in St. Patrick's Cathedral.

The Massachusetts Legislature has appointed a committee to examine and report upon the late Mill river disaster, with a view to extending the necessary aid. Measures of relief have also been taken in Boston. Gov. Dix, of New York, has decided to call an extra term of the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer, for the purpose of trying the indicted officials of Brooklyn.

The West.

Reports from Bismarck state that on Wednesday last a battle took place between the Sioux and Gros Ventres, at Knife river, 75 miles above Bismarck, on the west bank of the Missouri. The battle lasted about half a day, when the Gros Ventres party retreated, and were hotly pursued by the others. Chas. Weaver was murdered by the Sioux near Fort Berthold on the 11th inst. Preparations are making at Fort Abraham Lincoln, near Bismarck to pursue the Indians. A game of base-ball at Chicago on the 13th between the Chicago Club and the Athletics, of Philadelphia, was won by the former. Scores 4 to 0.

At Cairo, Ill., on the 14th, a deck-hand on the steamer James Howard refused to obey an order of the mate, and the boat was landed to put him ashore. About twelve of the crew refused to allow their companion to be put off. A fight ensued, in which the mate, carpenter and one of the engineers were wounded. After a struggle, the mutineers were driven into the hold of the boat and the hatch closed. The working session of the Prison Reform Congress began their labors in St. Louis, Mo., on the morning of the 14th inst., and after debating nearly two hours to a filibustering debate on preliminaries connected with the organization, elected Hon. Richard Vaux, of Pennsylvania, President.

Tiburcio Vasquez, the bandit and outlaw, for a long time the terror of the southern portion of California, was captured on the 14th inst. near Los Angeles, Cal.

The trial of Wintermute, for killing Gen. McCook, is in progress at Yankton, Dakota. An incendiary fire in Champaign, Ill., destroyed the colored Baptist church; loss, \$1,400. A mortgage executed by the Pan Handle Railroad Company to Joseph Bacon and Albert Hewson for \$5,000,000 was filed for record in the Recorder's office at Zanesville, Ohio, recently. It is dated April 1, 1873, and is the second mortgage on the property of the company. Attorney-General Sloan, of Wisconsin, has asked leave to file an information against railroads not conforming to the new Railroad law, in an action *quo warranto*. An answer is expected in the June term of the court, beginning June 2.

William T. Pollock, who was arrested for robbing the postoffice at Brownsville, Neb., last winter, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary at Fort Madison, Iowa. Several mysterious child-murders have recently been committed in Detroit, Mich., which puzzle the authorities. Two prisoners confined in the United States jail at Yankton, D. T., escaped on the night of the 16th inst. They noticed that the jailer came through the outside door and left it unlocked, when they rushed out, locking the door after them, and quickly walked away. One of them, Wm. Sharp, was confined on a charge of perjury in a land case at Sioux Falls. The other, McFlanigan, was indicted for horse-stealing. The bulkhead of Gardner Dam, in Upper Wolf river, Shawano county, Wis., gave way recently, while nine men were engaged raising the gates. Four men were instantly killed, and others badly injured.

The South.

The National Agricultural Congress convened at Atlanta, Ga., on the 13th. Gen. Wm. A. Jackson, of Tennessee, presiding. Advice from the lower Mississippi continue to represent a dreadful state of suffering among the planters along the river. New breaks in the levee occur daily. The crevasse at Miller's, on the Mississippi side, opposite Friar's Point, is over 600 feet wide, the water passing through and deluging all the adjacent country.

The Arkansas Legislature, on the 16th inst., passed a bill for the assembling of a Constitutional Convention on the 14th of July, the election to be held June 30. A joint resolution of thanks to the Hon. W. W. Wilshire, M. C., was also passed. In the House, all offices were declared vacant; the Hon. J. H. Berry was elected permanent Speaker, and Cal. C. Reed, permanent Clerk. The State House has been turned over to the proper officers. At Shreveport, La., fifty armed men forced open the jail, and taking out two prisoners named Jones and Hill, who were charged with murder, hanged them to trees in the court-house yard. Fourteen prisoners escaped during the affair.

Gov. Moses and ex-Treasurer Humbert, of South Carolina, have been indicted by a grand jury, on charges of breach of trust, with fraudulent intentions, and for grand larceny. The indictment charges Moses with having conspired and advised Humbert, the defaulting County Treasurer, to use \$6,000 of the State funds to pay his (Moses') private debts. The Court granted a warrant for the arrest of Moses, fixing his bond at \$6,000. Wm. Fry, colored, 74 years old, was sentenced to State Prison, on the 18th inst., at Louisville, Ky., for the remainder of his natural life, for the murder of his wife, two years ago, whom he killed by stabbing.

Judge McLure, of the Arkansas Supreme Court, is unreconciled to the recognition of Baxter as Governor. He is reported to have declared that the Brooks men will not submit to Baxter, but only to the national authorities, and that the whole matter was misrepresented to Attorney-General Williams.

Washington.

It is said of the petition of the Northern Pacific railroad, asking the Government to guarantee the interest on its bonds, that there is no prospect that it will be favorably considered, either by the committee or by Congress. The Senate has been laboring for several days on a new financial scheme, and

after a protracted debate, it was finally passed, on the evening of the 14th, in the shape of a substitute for the one passed several weeks ago by the House. Mr. Edmunds declared, in debate, that the President could not, in the face of his recent veto, possibly sign the bill.

The proclamation of the President, based on the opinion of the Attorney-General, recognizing Gov. Baxter as the legal executive of that State, has caused considerable consternation among the Congressional delegation from that State, who did not believe, up to yesterday, that the President would recognize their opponent. Senator Clayton, on being informed at the Attorney-General's office, on Friday, that Baxter would be recognized by a Presidential proclamation during the day, said that the supporters of Brooks would not stand this decision. The Senate Geneva Award bill was taken up in the House Judiciary Committee on the 15th inst., and the committee decided to go forward with the bill already reported to the House, which provides for the settlement of the claims by a district court. The House Committee on Elections will take up the case of Cannon, the Delegate from Utah, immediately, and will press it to a conclusion. As it is thought Cannon will admit his polygamous relations, a resolution has been prepared in the committee to expel him at once. A dispatch was received from a nephew of Hon. Alex. H. Stephens, of Georgia, stating that that gentleman is in a very low state of health, and that it will be impossible for him to return to Washington. The District of Columbia investigation is being conducted with closed doors.

The President has expressed unequivocal condemnation of the Finance bill just passed by the Senate, and, unless amended in the House, it will probably be vetoed. The Ways and Means Committee failed to extract much information from Prescott, Sanborn's lawyer, he claiming that he could not divulge professional secrets. The health of the Vice-President has been much improved.

It is reported that Toombs, of Georgia, and Lamar, of Mississippi, quarreled at a party given recently by Senator Gordon in Toombs' honor. The latter uttered some criticisms upon Lamar's remarks in the House of Representatives in eulogy of the late Senator Sumner, which provoked Lamar to reply: "Any man who does not agree with the sentiments of my remarks in the House is a coward and a poltroon, and unworthy of the respect of a decent Southern man."

General.

Prohibition seems to be meeting with continued drawbacks throughout the country. In Massachusetts the State Senate has repealed the State Police law, which is virtually the Temperance law. In Cincinnati, as some of the crusaders were praying in front of a saloon, a mob of nearly 400 men crowded around, sweeping the Mayor who was present, and ladies into the gutter, and uttering yells of "Kill the Mayor, he is in league with the women." The crusaders are working against odds in Fort Wayne, Ind., in the matter of prosecution, etc.

Weston failed to complete his 500-mile walk, giving up on the 430th mile. Mr. Baxter's new steam canalboat City of New York, competing for the \$100,000 State prize, made the trip from New York to Buffalo in six days and a half, all told, and about five and a half days' running time. This is the fastest time on record.

Political.

A call has been issued for a State anti-monopoly convention, to be held at Des Moines, Iowa, on the 31st day of June, 1874, to place in nomination candidates for State officers. Wm. W. Eaton received the nomination of the Democratic Legislative caucus at New Haven, Conn., on the 13th inst. for United States Senator.

A call having 6,000 signatures is published, inviting the farmers of Indiana to come together in mass convention on the 10th of June.

The Illinois Prohibition Convention will be held June 30, at Bloomington. The Sangamon County (Ill.) Farmers' Association has called a meeting of farmers, mechanics, laborers and others of the county in sympathy with the Decatur platform, to be held in Springfield on June 6, to determine whether to appoint delegates to the State convention to meet on June 10. Great mass meetings of workingmen were held in several of the principal cities of the United States, on the evening of the 18th, at which speeches were made favoring concerted political action.

Personal.

Admiral Franklin Buchanan, late of the confederate navy, and for many years a distinguished officer of the United States navy, died on the 13th inst., aged 74.

Foreign.

The Czar of Russia arrived in England on the 18th. He was received with much pomp by the authorities, and with every display of enthusiasm by the populace. He will remain in England for several days. During the dense fog the bark Arethusa, from Smyrna to Nantes, was run down on the 27th of April by the steamer Cingalee, from London to Malta, and all hands were drowned except the first and second mates, who were picked up by the passing steamer. The new Spanish Ministry is announced. Aside from Zabala and Sagasta, none of the heads of departments are known to any great extent out of Spain. The National Assembly of France have re-elected M. Buffet President, and all the Vice-Presidents of the late session. The French Official Journal contains a note of warning to agricultural laborers, workmen and others against the attempts of unauthorized agents to induce them to emigrate to America, and recommends them to obtain information at the prefectures before signing emigration agreements. In reply to one of his visitors from America, the Pope is reported to have animadverted severely on the Governments of Mexico and Guatemala, for permitting the bitter persecutions of the church in those countries.

The Queen gave a state banquet on the 14th to the Czar of Russia and the Grand Duke Alexis. The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, and other members of the royal family, and Messrs. Gladstone and Disraeli, with all the members of the Cabinet, were present. The Epoca of Madrid, Spain, publishes a long letter from Gen. Burriel defending his course in the Virginia affair. A special from Spain to the London Times reports that Gen. Manuel de la Concha has received orders to hold 8,000 troops in readiness to march to Madrid. At last accounts Gen. Concha was advancing with 12,000 men on the town of Valmaseda, twenty miles southwest of Bilbao, with the intention of driving the Carlists into Navarre. The Duke de Broglie accepts the challenge of the Left and extreme Right of the French Assembly on the Electoral bill, and will make his motion to its immediate discussion as a capital question. Mme. Ristori has closed an engagement with an American manager for a series of fifty representations in the United States; to begin in March next. The Augsburg Gazette says that the arrest of the Russian Grand Duke Nicholas was not due to political causes. Mr. Bourke, Under Secretary for the Foreign Department, stated in the English

House of Commons that the Government of Guatemala had offered full indemnity and reparation for the outrage on Vice-Consul Magee. A long and protracted debate occurred in the British Parliament on the propriety of granting leave of absence to Capt. Tyner, one of the Railway Inspectors of the Board of Trade, to visit America, and investigate the affairs of the Erie railway. The Czar of Russia is meeting with enthusiastic receptions on his travels through England. The Chester races closed on the 15th. The great Cheshire stakes were won by Andred; Cambuslang, second; The Teater, third. The news from France is exciting, and political disturbances are threatened. In the Assembly the Duke de Broglie brought forward a measure for the creation of a new chamber of members of which are to receive no salary. The Extreme Left in the Assembly have rejected all proposals of the Cabinet for a compromise on the Electoral law, and the same had feeling prevails in relation to the new measure for an Upper Chamber or Grand Council. The position of the Ministry is considered difficult. Baron Henri de Triqueti, French sculptor, is dead. The news from Spain is to the effect that Gen. Concha is pushing forward to occupy the passes between Biscay and Guipuzcoa valley. Many of the inhabitants are leaving Bilbao. Don Carlos is at Tolosa with the main body of his army. A letter to the London Times, from Paris, says: "It is the impression here that the new Spanish Ministry will shortly exhibit Alfonsoist tendencies. Unquestionably a large proportion of the better class of Spaniards look forward to the enthronement of the Prince of Asturias, as offering the best chance for the prosperity of Spain." The political situation in Madrid continues critical. The opposition press violently denounce the new ministry, and the large towns show signs of discontent. New ambassadors have been appointed to Vienna, Lisbon and Berlin. Senor Alao, Minister of Foreign Affairs has issued a manifesto soliciting the support of all sections of the Liberal party. Gen. Elio has retired from the position of chief-of-staff of Don Carlos, and been succeeded by Gen. Dorregaray.

The French Government has been defeated in the Assembly on the question of the early consideration of the Electoral law, by a vote of 317 to 381 against giving it priority to the regular order of business. The Assembly immediately adjourned, and the Ministry tendered their resignations, which were at once accepted by President MacMahon, and M. Goulard was intrusted with the duty of forming a new Cabinet. The Spanish Government has called into active service forty battalions of the reserves. It is reported that it is intended to revive titles of nobility and to subsidize the clergy. Forty persons were injured in Wales by a railroad collision. The steamer Faraday has sailed from Gravesend with the new Atlantic cable. The New Brunswick House of Assembly has been dissolved, and a new election ordered for June 30.

The Emperor of Germany has recalled Count Von Arnim, his representative in France, and has also ordered his temporary retirement from the German diplomatic service. Gen. Rey has succeeded Gen. Pavia as Captain-General of Madrid. Messrs. Dixon, Hughes, Morley and McDonald have informed the English Laborers' Union that they are in hopes of arranging a simultaneous withdrawal of the "lockout" and the cessation of the strike. The union favors this plan of adjustment. The dissolution of the French Assembly is prophesied. The Duke de Chartres has sent a challenge to M. Paul Cassagnac, in consequence of the publication in the latter's paper, *Le Pays*, of an abusive article. A duel is impending between Prince Metternich and the Duke de Montmorenci.

The Arkansas Troubles.

Little Rock, May 15.—Some skirmishing and movement of troops by both sides occurred this forenoon, and continued till 1 o'clock. After that the streets were quiet until nearly 3 o'clock, when it was reported in Baxter circles that he had been recognized by the United States Government, and that fact soon becoming known on the streets, there was much excitement, but it was nothing compared to the furor that was made when the *Gazette* extras were issued containing the proclamation. Crowds of Baxter soldiers filled the streets, yelling at the top of their voices, some throwing their hats in the air, and others rushing from point to point, conveying the news.

Crowds of Gov. Baxter's friends called to congratulate him, his room at one time being nearly full of Senators, Representatives and citizens; and even whole companies of soldiers went up to pay their respects to him. The Legislature adjourned immediately after receiving the proclamation, and reading it—which was done in both houses, amid the wildest excitement, some of the members getting up in their chairs and shouting for joy.

Brooks has received official notice of the recognition of Baxter by the Federal authorities, and has sent several of his friends to confer with Gov. Baxter as to the best method of disbanding and providing transportation for his forces, some of which leave for home on the trains to-night. In order to avoid a collision between the two it is proposed that but one party shall occupy a train or boat at a time.

Gov. Baxter has issued to his citizen soldiers a congratulatory address, very mild in its expression, thanking them for their prompt espousal of his cause, and assuring them of his gratitude therefor, and at the same time counseling moderation in all their actions and feelings toward those who had taken up arms against him.

DREADFUL CALAMITY.

Three Villages in Massachusetts Swept Away—One Hundred Lives Lost.

Boston, Mass., May 16.—Three great water reservoirs, situated in Hampshire county, Western Massachusetts, along the line of the New Haven and Northampton railroad, burst this morning, completely sweeping away the three manufacturing villages of Leeds, Haydensville and Williamsburgh. Scarcely a building is left standing. At last account 100 lives had been lost.

The reservoirs were used to supply the streams in that vicinity in dry seasons, but the heavy rains last night burst them. They were situated three, eight and ten miles, respectively, from Haydensville. Not a house is standing in Williamsburgh. At this writing the waters are subsiding. The destruction of property is not less than \$10,000,000.

The villages affected by the disaster are Williamsburgh, Haydensville, Leeds and Florence, located on Mill river, a tributary to the Connecticut, running into the latter at Northampton.

The mills on the stream have all been carried away, and included brass-works, button-hole factories, silk and cotton mills, brush factories, agricultural implements, and basket factories, etc., besides saw and grist mills. The manufacturing capital invested along Mill river is estimated at \$5,000,000, and the immediate damage effected is \$4,000,000. The valuation of Williamsburgh, a farming and manufacturing town, is nearly \$700,000, personal, and the number of dwelling-houses in both Williamsburgh and Haydensville,

which is a settlement in that town, was about 600.

LATER.

New Haven Conn., May 17.—A 24-inch pipe in the town of Great Ashfield reservoir above Williamsburgh, Mass., has been leaking for weeks, and some people had shaken their heads and said the dam must be attended to or it might break. It did break yesterday morning. The masonry around the outlet gave way, and then all in a minute, as if a piece had been bitten out of the dam, a great wall of water seemed to spring up into the air and leap into the sink below.

The standing joke of Mill river valley, "Look out, the dam is broken," was proved no joke at last. The torrent was upon Williamsburgh in ten minutes, and sent its spray above trees 60 feet high. It crunched one house like paper, and killed a woman and her two children; then another, and another. It swept away the woolen-mills, and rushed on at the rate of 20 miles an hour. As it came raging down the valley, it dug up houses and swallowed them in an instant, leaving no trace; and tree-butts and great stones came down with the flood. The mountain of water, roaring like a thunder-storm of hail, reached Skinnerville and lifted the silk mills upon its shoulders before shredding them into bits.

At Haydensville it swept away the factory in a moment. At Leeds it came down, a wall of water faced by an abatis of timbers, trees and iron boilers, which struck the village in full front.

There was an hour and a half of flood, and then ebb, and at noon those who had escaped came back in crowds to see the ruin. It was an awful sight. Houses were crumpled like twisted paper, trees stripped of their bark and limbs, even when their roots clung to the soil.

The beautiful valley is a waste of mud and muddy water laden with distorted and strange shapes. Great boilers have been carried hundreds of yards, and left crushed together and buried.

The loss of life is now set at 140, and the loss of property at \$2,000,000.

The gate-keeper of the reservoir says he has lived in constant expectation of a break, and has often called the attention of his superiors to its unsafe condition. The accident has caused great apprehension among the residents along the west branch of Mill river, of which the Goshen reservoir is the head, and which joins the east branch at Williamsburgh. It is in all respects similar to the Williamsburgh reservoir.

To-day, a petition unanimously signed was sent to the company owning it, asking to have it emptied at once and the dam strengthened. Popular apprehension ran so high that citizens threatened to take the matter into their own hands and break the dam. The company promised to do what is necessary at once.

CONGRESS.

Wednesday, May 13.—Senate.—The Free Banking bill reported by the Finance Committee was considered, being debated by Sherman, Logan, Schurz, Howe and others, but no conclusion was reached. Sprague, from Committee on Public Lands, reported, with amendments, House bill to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain. Placed on the calendar. Sanbury gave notice that on the 26th inst. he would call up the Alabama contested election case of Sykes against Spencer. The Indian Appropriation bill was received from the House and referred to the Committee on Appropriations. Bills introduced: By Chandler, for the better protection of immigrants; by Sherman, to regulate commerce between the several States and with foreign nations; by Oglesby, for the relief of the Chickasaw and the freedmen. Window submitted a resolution directing the Committee on Appropriations to provide by amendments to the River and Harbor bill, for completing the surveys and estimates for each of the improvements recommended by the Select Committee on Transportation, in the four reports indicated in their report. Laid on the table and ordered printed.

House.—Butler obtained leave for the Judiciary Committee to report the Geneva Award bill at any time. The House went into Committee of the Whole, Parker (Mo.) in the chair, on the bill to amend the law of Feb. 28, 1871, for the better security of life on board of steam vessels. The bill was finally got through the committee and was reported to the House and passed, the title being amended so as to read "To revise, amend, and consolidate the laws relating to the security of life on board of vessels propelled in whole or in part by steam." The House then went again into Committee of the Whole, Niblack in the chair, on the Judiciary bill. After progressing as far as the eighteenth page, the committee rose. The Senate bill to distribute the Geneva award was taken from the Speaker's table and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Thursday May 14.—Senate.—The Finance bill was considered in Committee of the Whole, and reported to the Senate, numerous amendments being proposed, all of which were reported, and the bill passed the Senate as it came from the committee. The principal sections provide for the issue of national bank currency up to the point of the greatest amount ever outstanding prior to the passage of the bill; this point being passed by \$1,000,000, the Secretary of the Treasury is directed to retire United States notes equal to 25 per cent. of the new issue. It is also provided that United States notes shall be exchangeable into gold bonds, after July 1, 1878—the bonds to run 10 years and to bear 4½ per cent. interest. The vote on the passage of the bill was 25 yeas; 19 nays.

House.—The Deficiency bill and the Diplomatic Appropriation bill were considered in Committee of the Whole, and the former reported to the House, where it was passed. Mr. Poland, from the Committee on Revision of the Laws, reported a bill to revise and consolidate the statutes relating to the District of Columbia, that were in force on the 1st of December last. Passed.

Friday, May 15.—Senate.—Alcorn presented a memorial from the citizens of Mississippi, praying the Government to take charge of the levees on the Mississippi river. Referred to a select Committee on levees. Clayton called up the resolution submitted by him a few days ago, calling upon the President for copies of correspondence relative to the troubles in that State, which was amended so as to provide for the transmission of that which has taken place since the copies were sent to the House, and was then passed. Logan called up the House bill amendatory of the act to provide for the establishment of a military prison, and for its government. Passed.

House.—Donnan, from the Committee on Printing, reported back, with an amendment, the Senate joint resolution prohibiting publication in the Congressional Record of speeches or parts of speeches not actually delivered. The amendment of the Committee is to add to it as follows: "Nor shall it be lawful for any member of either House of Congress to speak longer than one hour on any question, any agreement to the contrary notwithstanding." Clements, from the Committee on Patents, reported a bill authorizing an application by Norman Ward for a patent for the invention of a safety attachment to steam boilers. Passed—yeas, 105; nays, 96.

Saturday, May 16.—Senate.—Not in session. House.—The bill extending the time for application for bounties to Jan. 30, 1875, was passed; also, a bill extending the time for the payment for lands in Kansas on the Miami Reservation; also, a bill to legalize certain entries of land under the Homestead law. In Committee of the Whole the House considered the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill. An amendment to repay the sum of \$57,000 to the Government of Brazil which had been obtained by a disgraceful proceeding on the part of a former Minister to that court, was agreed to, and the bill, being reported to the House, was passed.

Monday, May 18.—Senate.—Edmunds submitted a resolution that the President pro tem. of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives declare the two houses of Congress adjourned sine die on the 22d of June, at noon. Or-

dered printed and laid over. Hamlin called up the bill reported from the Committee on Commerce a few days ago, to relieve ships and vessels from compulsory pilot fees in certain cases, which was passed. Consideration of the Legislative Appropriation bill was resumed.

House.—Bills introduced: By Cessna, fixing the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1874, as the time for the election in Pennsylvania of Representatives to the Forty-Fourth Congress; by Sypher, for the improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi; by Dunnell, to provide for minority representation in boards of directors in stock companies; by Butler, of Massachusetts, for the creation of a court for the adjudication and disposition of the Geneva award; by Starkweather, to secure anti-monopoly ocean cable communication between Europe, America and Asia. Wilson asked and obtained leave for the Joint Select Committee on the District of Columbia to report at any time. Poland introduced a resolution providing for a committee of the House to go to Arkansas and investigate, which was defeated—yeas, 94; nays, 105. The privileges of the floor were extended to the members of the Indiana Editorial Association.

Tuesday, May 19.—Senate.—The resolution providing for final adjournment June 22 was adopted. The House bill for the benefit of occupying claimants of public lands was passed. The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill was finally finished, read a third time and passed.

House.—A conference committee was appointed upon the Senate amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill. A bill was passed abolishing the system of moieties to informers in custom and revenue cases. Majority and minority reports in the Louisiana contested election case of Pinchback against Sheridan were presented and ordered printed. Pratt, from the Postoffice Committee, made a report on the Pacific Mail subsidy for semi-monthly service, taking the ground that the conditions had not been complied with by the company, and that consequently the contract had lapsed. Unsuccessful efforts were made to take up the Senate resolution for adjournment June 22.

The Condor.

We can tell you an anecdote about the condor's power of life. A miner in Chili, a very strong man, once saw a condor enjoying his feast on the mountains. He had eaten so much that he could not fly, and the man attacked and tried to kill him. The battle lasted a long time, and the man was nearly exhausted. But in the end he thought he was the victor, and left the condor dead, as he imagined, on the field. Some of the feathers he carried off in triumph to show to his companions, and told them he had never fought so fierce a battle. The other miners went to look at the condor, when, to their surprise, he was standing erect, flapping his wings, in order to fly away. A bird with such powers of life continues to exist years and years. Indeed, the condor is said to live for a century. The Indian tries to catch the condor by stratagem. He employs him to fight in a ring, at those cruel bull-fights which are the favorite amusements in that part of the world. He does not attempt to attack the condor openly, for he knows how strong he is, and he wishes, besides, to take him alive. He procures the skin of a cow, and hides himself beneath it. Some piece of flesh are left hanging to the skin, and are sure to attract the condor. He comes pouncing on the prey, and while he is feeding with his usual greediness the Indian contrives to fasten his legs to the skin. When this is done, he comes out of his concealment, and the bird sees him for the first time. He flaps his wings, and would fly but that his feet are entangled; and more than this, a number of Indians come running up to throw their mantles over him.—*Stories about Birds.*

The Russian census awards 20,000 patients to every doctor. In the United States there is a regular physician and a fraction to every 1,000 of the population.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	91@ 12½
HOGS—Dressed.....	73@ 7½
COTTON.....	18½@
Flour—Superfine Western.....	5 60 @ 5 85
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 47 @ 1 49
Red Western.....	1 60 @ 1 61
RYE.....	1 05 @ 1 10
CORN—New and Old Western.....	84 @ 87
New and Old West'n Yel.....	86 @ 87½
OATS—Western.....	64 @ 65
PORK—New Mess.....	17 90 @ 18 00
LARD—Steam.....	11 @ 11½
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	6 00 @ 6 12½
Choice Natives.....	5 75 @ 5 85
Good to Prime Steers.....	5 40 @ 5 60
Cows and Heifers.....	3 25 @ 3 75
Medium to Fair.....	4 62½ @ 5 30
Inferior to Common.....	2 75 @ 3 75
HOGS—Live.....	4 50 @ 5 60
Flour—Choice White Winter.....	8 50 @ 9 00
Red Winter.....	5 60 @ 7 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Spring.....	1 26 @ 1 26½
No. 2 Spring.....	1 20½ @ 1 21½
No. 3 Spring.....	1 15 @ 1 15½
CORN—No. 2.....	61½ @ 62
OATS—No. 2.....	47½ @ 47½
RYE—No. 2.....	98 @ 99
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 40 @ 1 42
BUTTER—Choice to Fancy Yellow.....	25 @ 29
Medium to Good.....	20 @ 24
EGGS—Fresh.....	13 @ 13½
PORK—Mess.....	17 00 @ 17 10
LARD.....	10½ @ 10½
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—Chicago.....	1 25 @ 1 25½
CORN—No. 2.....	68½ @ 69
OATS—No. 2.....	55 @ 55½
RYE—No. 2.....	1 00 @ 1 02
BARLEY—Prime to choice Iowa.....	98 @ 1 25
PORK—Mess.....	18 00 @
LARD.....	10½ @ 11
HOGS.....	4 50 @ 5 90
CATTLE.....	4 25 @ 6 00
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT.....	1 37 @ 1 40
CORN.....	73 @ 75
OATS.....	52 @ 60
RYE.....	1 15 @ 1 16
BARLEY.....	.. @ ..
PORK—Mess.....	18 00 @
LARD.....	10½ @ 10½
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 28 @ 1 28½
No. 2.....	1 24½ @ 1 24½
CORN—No. 2.....	44½ @ 44½
OATS—No. 2.....	46½ @ 46½
RYE—No. 1.....	95½ @ 95½
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 60 @
PORK.....	17 25 @
LARD.....	10½ @ 11½
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—Amber Michigan.....	1 45 @ 1 45½
No. 2 Red.....	1 45 @ 1 46
CORN.....	72 @ 72½
OATS.....	54 @ 54½
DETROIT.	
WHEAT—Extra.....	1 68 @ 1 69
No. 1.....	1 60½ @ 1 60½
Amber.....	1 49 @ 1 49½
CORN.....	72 @
OATS.....	52½ @ 53
CLEVELAND.	
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	1 53½ @ 1 54
No. 2 Red.....	1 45 @ 1 46
CORN.....	76 @ 77
OATS.....	56 @ 60

All Sorts.

CALIFORNIA produces lemons weighing 24 ounces apiece.

JOHN DOG petitioned the Massachusetts Legislature to change his name, and they made it John Kerr, and he was happy.

AN Ohio bridegroom showed his contempt for paper currency by shelling out a peck of beans as his fee to the minister.

THERE were 12,864 patents issued last year; and though many of them were worthless, and many of minor value, the aggregate benefit is incalculable.

The number of church edifices in this country in 1870 was 63,082, against 38,061 in 1850, which is an increase of about 75 per cent. in twenty years.

THE oil regions have over 3,300 producing wells which gurgles forth about 24,000 barrels of oleaginuousness daily. Of this production Europe consumes about 16,000 barrels, and the rest of it we absorb at home.

THE Chicago Tribune denies that the hotel business is overdone in Chicago. There are accommodations for only 107 more transient visitors than before the fire, and none of the keepers complain of deserted chambers.

In Chicago they give the inmates of the Poor-House only two meals per day, consisting chiefly of tea and turnips. Can any one imagine a more effective way of popularizing honest labor and rendering pauperism odious?

THERE are 430 granges in Wisconsin, with a membership of 19,780. They have formed 19 local fire-insurance companies, which are in successful and satisfactory operation—the rate of insurance being from 1 to 2 mills on the dollar.

THE brains of people advanced in years would be greatly strengthened by habits of study. Old people should have their lessons, their mental culture, like children. It would be almost a cure for the decay of the mind as age advances.

DUN'S Commercial Agency reports that in 1870 we had 3,551 failures among our business men, involving \$88,242,000; in 1871, 2,915 failures worth \$85,252,000; in 1872, 4,049 failures costing \$121,056,000; and in 1873, 5,183 failures at an expense of \$223,493,000.

The following anecdote was told by a preacher for a fact: A preacher was praying, and in his prayer said, "I pray the Lord to curtail the power of the Devil." Just then an old darkey in the congregation cried: "Yes, amen! Bro' God! Out him right smack, smooove off!"

THE Pomological Society of Michigan emphasizes what should be a familiar fact—that in high latitudes snow protects vegetation from destruction by frost, serving nature literally as an ermine cloak, without which the cold must reach vital centers and deal irremediable destruction.

An invention has been made and patented to arrange all wagons, buggies, carriages, etc., in such a manner that, by the pressure of the foot, the horses can be unhitched from the carriage and the wheels stopped. Every vehicle drawn by animals ought to be constructed on this method.

Among the hosts of minute forms of life inhaled into the lungs in the atmosphere we breathe are certain microscopic creatures which become the living fish of our blood; but as it takes 75,000,000 of these to make the bulk of a grain we need not be much alarmed at the piscatorial visitation.

A SUPPOSED Prussian spy was recently arrested in Lyons, drawing a plan of the new fortifications. He said he was a native of Posen, traveling for health and sketching interesting scenes as a pastime. The French have had too much of this sketching, and requested the artist to draw his sled, which he did, straightway.

THERE is nothing so tends to shorten the lives of old people and injure their health, as the practice of sitting up late, particularly winter evenings. This is especially the case where there is a grown-up daughter in the family. We publish this item at the earnest request of several young men, who are directly interested in this matter.

A MILLINER and hair-dresser in Texas has hanging in her window the scalp of a young Indian squaw, with long black hair pendant. Anything to draw custom. There is a man in Central, Col., who matches this by keeping an Indian chief's scalp hung up where he can pound it with a club whenever he feels ill toward the race, which is about three times a day on an average.

THE greatest bell in the world, the "Emperor William Bell," destined for the Cologne Cathedral, has just been finished. It weighs about 60,000 pounds, is 18 feet high, and 14 feet wide. The first molding of the bell proved a failure, and considerable difficulty has yet to be overcome in transporting the immense mass from Frankenthal, where it was cast, to the top of the tower of the Cologne Cathedral.

The following schedule of annuities paid the British royal family is from the annual civil list of the Kingdom: Princess Royal (Crown Princess of Prussia), £128,000; Prince of Wales, £400,000; Princess of Wales, £100,000; Prince Alfred, £105,000; Prince Arthur, £30,000; Princess Alice (of Hesse), £72,000; Princess Helena (of Schleswig), £42,000; Princess Louise (of Lorne), £12,000; Princess Mary (of Teck), £13,000; Princess Augusta (of Mecklenburg-Strelitz), £99,000; Duchess of Cambridge, £90,000; Duke of Cambridge, £276,000.

Journalism.

Newspapers are getting to be much more than mere transcripts of the news and gossip of the day. They are pioneers in learned explorations; they are foremost in geographical and historical discovery; they are the teachers of social science. They are no longer satisfied with disseminating the knowledge laboriously collected by savants, by travelers, by experiments in natural philosophy; they must pursue their investigations, and send their agents into all the half-explored fields of science and adventure.

The reporter of to-day is the adventurer who penetrates the desert and the jungle, the scholar who searches for relics of the forgotten past, the courier who bears the news of victory to courts and congresses across a wilderness and through hostile armies, the detective who pries into public abuses and discovers hidden wrongs, the pioneer who throws new countries open to the world, the philanthropist who unbars the door of the torture-chamber, the chemist who detects adulterations in the spice-box, the inspector who seizes false weights and measures, the auditor who exposes a theft in the public treasury.

Journalism busies itself now with every thing that affects the public welfare. It trenches upon the province once sacred to the scholar, and supplies the defects of an inefficient government. Year by year its ambition becomes larger, its purpose more beneficent, and its means more abundant; and we can hardly doubt that it is destined in a very short time to be the foremost of all the secular professions—the most powerful in its operations, the most brilliant in its rewards, and the most useful to mankind.

A Knife-Eater.

A writer in the *Stocks* of Paris gives the following account of an American sailor, named John Cummings: "On the first occasion this man swallowed fourteen knives, as may be supposed, he was ill in consequence; but he recovered, and was able to recommence his exploits. Being made prisoner by an English ship in 1805, he suffered himself to be persuaded to satisfy the curiosity of the crew. This time he swallowed seventeen knives in the course of two consecutive days. But he was then attacked by excessive pains, which required the aid of a surgeon, under whose care he remained for eighteen months. He was then dismissed as incapable of service. Twice in the year 1807 he entered Guy's Hospital, London, and was attended there by Dr. Babbington, who had much difficulty in believing the account which the man gave of the origin of his illness. He left the establishment, but again returned to it in 1808, under the care of Dr. Currie, and died there in the following year after seven months' suffering. When the body was opened there was found in it fourteen blades of knives, all corroded and partly dissolved. On one of them, however, the name of the maker might be still distinguished; a copper button and part of a silver-setting which had adorned another were scarcely touched, but the nails, springs, and horn-handles were in a state of decomposition. The final malady and death had been caused by the haft of a large knife becoming fixed across the intestines. The stomach itself was not at all injured, and Cummings, after his last experiment, had eaten with excellent appetite."

A Trustful Family Circle.

We hear a good story of a man who went to the frontier to see a friend. The family consisted of the husband and his two grown sons. The good old lady was the only one of the family who did not take some of the "Oh, be joyful." Sitting by the fire a few minutes, the old man tipped him a wink, and the visitor followed him out. Stopping by a tree, he took out a long-necked bottle, remarking—

"I have to keep it hid, for the boys may get to drinking, and the old woman would raise the deuce."

Soon Tom, the elder son, asked the visitor out to see the colt, and taking him behind the barn, pulled out a flask, remarking—

"I have to keep this hid, for the old man will get drunk, and the deuce is to pay," and they both took a drink and returned.

Soon Bob stepped on the visitor's toes and walked off, the visitor following. As they reached the pig-pen, Bob drew out a good-sized bottle, remarking—

"You know the old man and Tom will get drunk, and I have to hide this."

The visitor concluded he could not drink confidentially with the whole family, and started for home.

The signal failure of the *Graphic* balloon enterprise of last year, it seems, had a wonderful effect upon Barnum, the great showman. He looked into the project, viewed it with his hopeful eye, and having reached the conclusion that the world did not believe it could be carried out, resolved to prove that all things under Barnum are possible. He went to Europe forthwith, and has at length—so he says—completed his arrangements for the construction of his air-ship. He now promises that before many months shall elapse, his balloon will make the trip across the Atlantic ocean.

THE distilleries of the country, last year, produced over 68,000,000 of gallons of spirits. There were 445 of them in which about \$70,000,000 capital was invested, 70,000 men employed, and nearly 20,000,000 bushels of grain consumed, four-fifths being corn. The spirits produced yielded nearly \$50,000,000 tax to the Treasury. Illinois is the chief producer, and the Western States distilled more than five-sevenths of all the spirits made.

Horrible Atrocities in the Argentine Republic.

The Panama *Star and Herald* gives a fearful account of horrible crimes which have recently been enacted by the military heroes of the army of Lopez Jordan. The scenes which it describes were, it states, witnessed by one Don Emilio Victoria, who was made prisoner, and taken, with six others, to the camp at Quereñico. They were then ordered to march under a guard of twenty musketeers, commanded by a brother of Hermosi, to where Quereñico was, on the other side of Gualeguay. When they arrived at the farm of St. Augustin, a Senor Enclides Iriyoyen came out to meet them armed with a lance, and, approaching the officer, said: "Why do you make these people suffer so much? Anyhow, I know you have orders to kill them on arriving at the forest, so you had better let us kill them at once." The officer refused to agree to his proposals. As soon as they had reached the camp of Quereñico, Chamorro was made fast. Again next day the order came that all the prisoners should be dispatched. They began with Chamorro, who was lanced to death. My turn was to come next, when an order came to bring me before Quereñico, which was done. Later on in the day he delivered me over to Lopez Jordan, who kept me with him until his defeat by Don Gonzalo. All the chiefs had orders to kill whom they pleased. Lopez Jordan ordered his victims to be dispatched after insulting them in the vilest language. Others, such as Gonzales and Campos, would address one of these unfortunates, "Who are you?" So and so. "Where from?" "Buenos Aires." "Kill him, he is a savage." The executioner then stepped out to do his duty. Each chief had his own executioner. He drew his weapon, and in a few seconds the head of a poor father of a family rolled on the ground. Such were the common every-day assassinations.

The Sewing-Machine Monopoly.

There is perhaps no greater swindle endured by any people than that of the sewing-machine monopoly in the United States. There are a great many different machines manufactured. The original patent for the principle of a sewing-machine is now free. All that remain patented are certain "improvements," and of these the "Wilson feed" is perhaps the most important. The proprietors of six or eight different machines have combined to permit no other manufacturer to use the Wilson feed, so that the combination may keep up the exorbitant prices demanded for sewing-machines. We are informed that the manufacturer's cost of producing a machine of any of the designs is not over \$11 each. The cost of the table or box ranges from \$2.50 to \$15. So that any machine now sold in the United States for less than \$100 may be sold at from \$25 to \$35, and afford a large profit. The same machines that are sold in the United States at \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80 and \$90 are exported and sold in England and in all parts of Germany at from \$25 to \$35.

It is safe to assume that, by virtue of this combination, these manufacturers do now receive over \$6,000,000 a year for machines in excess of what they would get if this "Wilson feed" patent was allowed to expire. There is no pretense that these persons have not been compensated for their inventions, and, in the case of the Wilson feed, the original inventor never got a dollar for it, while others are reaping millions from the product of his brain. All that Congress should do in this matter is to let these patents expire, and if necessary take away any discretion in any person in the Patent Office to extend, renew, or revive any of them. Certainly, it is time to put a stop to any further monopoly under the "Wilson feed" patent.—*Chicago Tribune*.

Painted Dogs.

A curious practice exists among certain tribes of the South American Indians of painting their dogs. The appearance of these animals, as might be assumed, is most peculiar, and a stranger, ignorant of the customs of the people, would be at a loss how to account for the peculiarity of their appearance. They are to be seen of all colors—yellow, blue, green and scarlet—while others are mottled with every variety of tint. A South American traveler, who recently accompanied a party of natives on a tapir hunt, says that it is the custom among many of the tribes of the South American Indians to dye, not only their own bodies, but the hairy coats of their dogs with brilliant colors, obtained from vegetable juices, such as huito, yellow roca and indigo. The light gray, often white, hair of these animals, favors the staining process, and the effect produced pleases the eye of their savage masters, but to a stranger the effect is fastidious.

"I could not," he says, "restrain my laughter, when I first scanned the curs in their fanciful coats; picture to yourself a pack of scarlet, orange and purple dogs."

THE CANADIAN TARIFF.—A general rise in the Canadian tariff is likely to take place. There is to be a duty of five per cent. on ship building materials, hitherto free; on silks, satins, velvets, fancy goods, plated goods, hats, caps, bonnets, jewelry, clocks and watches, if imported from abroad, an additional five per cent., a duty of twenty per cent. on these articles being substituted for one of fifteen per cent. Their manufactured tobacco and cigars are to pay a duty of twenty instead of ten cents a pound; whisky or home distilled spirits, an excise duty of seventy-five cents a gallon, instead of sixty per cent. On the great mass of articles on which they now pay fifteen per cent. they will have in the future to pay sixteen and two-thirds per cent.

Indigestion in Calves.

Calves when carelessly fed or managed, are very much subjected to indigestion. They become dull and pot-bellied, and thrifless in appearance, their appetites capricious, their bowels irregular, and their faces pale colored, sour and badly smelling. When such are neglected, troublesome diarrhea is apt to follow. The ailment usually depends upon the accumulation of sour curdled milk in the fourth stomach, which is the one used while the young animal is fed upon milk, and does not ruminate. Laxative medicine must therefore at once be given. For a three-months-old calf the dose may consist of two ounces castor or linseed oil, to which may be added half an ounce each of carbonate of soda and ginger. If the animal is weakly and scouring, ten or fifteen drops of laudanum may be added. For a few days, until indeed recovery is established, an ounce each of common salt, carbonate of soda, and ginger may be given night and morning in a little milk; or where the calf is fatulent, dull and weak, an ounce of salt and half an ounce each of carbonate and sulphate of soda may be administered twice daily. The diet, as in all such cases, must be carefully attended to. If unweaned, the calf should have its milk fresh and sound, thrice daily. A daily allowance of linseed gruel or bruised linseed cake will further be serviceable. Comfortable shelter, a dry bed and plenty of room are also essential. When protracted indigestion appears to result from weakness, and the mucous membrane has become irritable and relaxed, advantage frequently follows the use of eight or ten drops each of muriatic acid and creosote, given every morning until it abates.

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Road.

The annual report of this wealthy corporation has been published, from which it seems that the gross earnings for 1873 were \$19,414,509; the operating expenses 68½ per cent., of this sum, \$13,288,004, and the taxes 2.4 per cent., \$458,594, leaving a net profit of 29.1 per cent., \$5,667,911. In 1872 the gross earnings were 17,699,935 and the net earnings \$5,860,409, or 33.1 per cent. In 1873, however, steel rails have been purchased at a cost over iron rails of \$578,909, but these rails will wear about ten times as long as iron. This sum is charged to current expenses instead of construction account, as also is the sum of \$898,765 discount on bonds sold. Were these figures added to the net earnings they would be increased by \$1,477,674. The company now operates 1,181 miles of road. During the year 44 new locomotives were placed on the road and the rolling stock was further increased by 830 cars of the different classes. The equipment now comprises 462 locomotives, 253 passenger coaches and 9,843 freight cars. Nearly one half of the rolling stock has been in use less than two years. The capital stock is \$50,000,000 and the bonded debt at the close of the year was \$30,195,000—an increase of \$5,224,000 over 1872. The gross earnings exceed those of 1870 by \$5,905,273.73, and those of 1871 by \$4,508,228.35. The passenger earnings show an increase over 1872 of \$351,186.45.

Bird Song.

To be sure, birds sing as naturally as they breathe; yet it will be found by close observation that the song of your caged pet is imitative as well as natural. The quality of bird-notes comes from the education they receive. During the last century, a naturalist brought up some linnets, taken from the nest, in company of larks of sundry varieties, and found that every one of the linnets adopted completely the song of the master set over him, so that now these linnets—larks by naturalization—formed a company apart when placed among birds of their own species. Even the nightingale, whose native sound is so sweet, exhibits, under domestication, a considerable readiness to imitate other singing birds. The song of the bird is, therefore, determined by its education, and the same thing must be true as to nest-building. A bird brought up to a cage does not construct the nest peculiar to its species. In vain will you supply all the necessary materials; the bird will employ them without skill, and will oftentimes even renounce all purpose of building anything like a nest. Does not this well-known fact prove that, instead of being guided by instinct, the bird learns how to construct his nest, just as a man learns how to build a house?

Hairy Men.

An account appears in the *Edinburgh Medical Journal* of the two remarkable hairy men, Russians, who have excited so much interest in Europe. The peculiarity of these individuals is that they have an excessive growth of hair upon one particular part of the body, namely, the face and neck; on the body and lower extremities there is also a stronger growth of hair; and particularly on the back and arms of the son (the two being father and child) there are sundry patches of 0.15 inch to 0.24 inch in diameter, covered with soft yellowish white hair, 0.12 to 0.24 inch long. The father has on his body isolated patches strewn, but not thickly, with hair one-fifth to two inches long. But all this is slight and subordinate compared with the hair growth on the face. The father has only the left eye-tooth in the upper jaw. The son has no teeth, hardly any alveolar process, and the upper lip is very narrow, so that the upper jaw appears depressed; the father presents the same appearance. Every part of the face and neck, usually covered with down, is in their case covered with long hair—even the eyelids—while flowing locks come out of both nostrils and from the ears.

A BASH-BALL OBITUARY.

BY WILL D. EATON.

J. Smith is dead. That fine young man, we never shall see more. He was a member of our club since 1864.

His parentage was Irish, and his wife was always fat. He played in any place, and was a terror with the bat.

His private virtues were immense, his manner free and bluff. He wore a paper collar, and was never known to miff.

He rarely took a drink more strong than lemonade or pop. He hated drunkards, and was a magnificent short stop.

His nose was Roman, and his eyes continually were peeled. He made a splendid umpire, and a beautiful left field.

His hair was red, and "shingled" close; much sunburned was his face. He never shone with more effect than on the second base.

Being a man, he had his faults, as likewise have we all. He felt a preference for the New York regulation ball.

Though not a matrimonial man, he dearly loved a match. And like his sister, had but few superiors, "on the catch."

He had a noble mind, as we all have. A very supple wrist; and when he pitched, he gave the ball his own "peculiar twist."

Of politics and church affairs, he held restricted views. His feet were usually encased in canvas hob-nailed shoes.

But he is gone. With him and out, forever he is done. He broke his heart and burst his spleen in making a home run.

His body we have planted, but his soul is in the sky. The angels reached from heaven down, and took him on the fly.

Humor.

A good name for a female druggist—Ipecacu-Hannah.

Why are young ladies given to blushing? Because it's a becoming red.

A PLUME refusal: The declination of an offer of marriage by a fat woman.

"Money is very tight in these times," said a thief, who was trying to open a bank vault.

There is said to be no absolute cure for laziness, but a second wife has been known to hurry it a little.

The man who got in the habit of rising with the occasion found it did not agree with him—nor with others.

A lady reporter, sent to an agricultural fair, wrote of a lot of young pigs: "They look too sweet to live a minute."

A DETROIT paper, noticing the fact that a man lately dropped dead while combing his hair, says, "And yet there are people who will persist in the dangerous habit!"

A COUNTRY paper says that, in reply to a question from the lecture committee of the chief town of the district, as to the subject of a lecture to be given at the institution, the lecturer telegraphed, "A Taste of Naples and Rome." The operator made it read, "A Taste of Apples and Rum."

A YOUNG lady took her younger brother, a little boy of three or four years old, to church. The preacher was an earnest man, and spoke very loudly. During the sermon she saw the little fellow in tears, and asked him what was the matter with him. He sobbed out, "That man is hollering at me."

A MAN in Indiana has had lots of fun out of a valentine, in which he was depicted as "mother's pet." This set him in a rage; he got drunk, abused his mother, whipped his wife, because he thought she knew something of it, was discharged from his place in the mill, made a disturbance on the streets, was arrested, fined about \$13 and sent to jail.

KATE STANTON asserts that the planets revolve around the sun by the influence of love, as a child revolves about his parent. When the writer was a boy, he used to revolve round his parent a good deal, and may have been incited thereto by love, but to an unprejudiced observer it looked powerfully like a trunk-strap.

AN Aberdeen minister, catechising his young parishioners before the congregation, put the usual question to a stout girl, whose father kept a public house—"What is your name?" No reply. The question having been repeated, the girl replied: "Nane o' your fun, Mr. Minister, ye ken my name well enough. D'ye no say, when ye come to our house on a night, 'Bet, bring me some ale?'"

A SIMPLE Highland girl called upon an old master with whom she had formerly served. Being kindly invited by him to share in the family dinner, the usual ceremony of asking a blessing having been gone through, the girl, anxious to compliment her ancient host, exclaimed: "Ah, master, ye maun hae a grand memory, for that's the grace ye had when I was wi' ye seven years ago."

An Ashantee Bull.

The most curious relic of the Ashantee campaign brought home by the newly returned troops is said to be a Cape Coast bull, a perfect kitten of the species. He is described as not so tall as an umbrella, and, judging from his build and activity, might be as safely trusted to perambulate the fragile groves of a crockery warehouse as the most docile dog. He was allowed to be loose on the deck, and is the pet and plaything of the crew, who tease him until he runs at and butts them as the goat does. Twelve of these animals were shipped as fresh food on the voyage, and some idea may be formed of this representative of Lilliputian "live beef," when it is stated that of the eleven that were killed not one exceeded 47 pounds in weight as a dressed carcass.

BOOTS & SHOES.

The Old and Reliable House

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.

Also a full line of

FINDINGS!!

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-3 1/2-1y

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY.

CARL ZEEB,

PROPRIETOR.

A good article of LAGER BEER and ALE on hand at all times.

All orders promptly attended to, and no cartage charged for

DELIVERY.

The proprietor would announce that he pays the highest

CASH PRICES

FOR

Barley and Hops.

Holland, January 28, 1874. 50-3s-1y

F. SLOOTER. J. E. HIGGINS.

FLOUR & FEED

STORE OF

SLOOTER & HIGGINS,

8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABARBE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landeghe's) a FLOUR AND FEED STORE. We shall keep constantly on hand everything that pertains to a

First-class Flour & Feed Store.

Flour, Feed,
Hay, Grain,
and Mill Stuff,

At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

HOLLAND, March 13, 1874. 108-1y

THE NEW

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE.

THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD.

Divested of every loose and clumsy attachment, and every delicate and complicated contrivance.

Self Setting Needle.

The most Perfect Shuttle.

Movements all Positive.

No reaction from Springs.

AGENTS WANTED.

Address:

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO.,

54 10th St. 4 Doors West of Broadway, N. Y.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY AT

MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

51-11

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

1-1y if

N. KENYON.

R. KANTERS,

DEALER IN

STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations.

All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention.

R. KANTERS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-1f

35 to \$20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

30-1y

Notings.

Dr. J. H. CARPENTER, has his card in this week.

The liquor cases at Grand Haven have resulted in a failure to convict.

IMPORTANT, if true—Prince Arthur of England has joined the Freemasons.

Mr. Tugawa has taken part of his stock of Japanese merchandise to Grand Rapids.

Col. MANSFIELD and Capt. Moore were in Saugatuck, last week, inspecting the Harbor.

We have noticed all along that several of our "jottings," read first-rate, when translated in Holland.

"BUTTER-MILK Station," is the name the brakemen on the Grand Rapids Road have given to Vriesland.

Just as might have been expected, Congress is asked to guarantee the interest of the Northern Pacific Railroad bonds.

The contractor for raising Sweet's Hotel at Grand Rapids, was required to give \$40,000 bond, not to damage the building.

Mrs. ALICE MASON SUMNER, the divorced wife of the late Senator, has been granted by the Probate Court the right to resume her maiden name.

THERE are indications in the Essex, Mass., congressional district that the Hon. Ben. Butler will experience a good deal of difficulty in securing a re-election.

Prof. Alonzo Barrett, from the East, lectured on Wednesday and Friday evenings of this week, in the Methodist Church of this city on the subjects of Physiology and Prenology.

THE Board of Education has appointed H. D. Post, Esq., as Librarian. We are informed that in a few days notice will be given that the Library is open to the public.

An altercation took place at the M. L. S. Depot, last Saturday, between two of the employees of that road, by the name of Plank and Spicer, resulting in blows and a settlement involving the disbursement of \$24.

A CHINAMAN, shot an American eagle, near Sacramento, one day last week, and cooked and ate the deceased monarch of birds. A few hours later several patriotic citizens were "loyally" yelling around a newly-dug trench, and there was a dead Chinaman at the bottom.

FOREIGN papers, brought by the latest mails, show that the season has set in with unusual heat all over Europe. In Paris and London, the weather at the end of April was hotter than it usually is in July. There had been a case of cholera reported in Paris, but the rate of mortality was not unusually high.

THE Comptroller of the city of Chicago, has published his annual statement of receipts and expenditures, from which we take the following items:

Total Receipts.....	\$11,868,789.97
Receipts from Licenses.....	238,029.59
Receipts from Special assessments.....	514,945.89
Receipts from Fines.....	91,346.25
School Expenditures.....	1,166,189.60
River Improvement.....	329,332.56
Public Library.....	98,091.49
Police.....	779,082.34
General Fund.....	2,471,005.62
Board of Public Works.....	1,589,447.78

WE learn from the HOLLAND CITY News that the Minneapolis is beached north of this port; but that steamer keeps on her regular trips nevertheless.—Grand Haven News.

At last we have caught friend Mitchell, quoting the HOLLAND CITY News, as authority for one of the news items taken from its columns. We presume the reason for this lies in the fact that the rumor, (as such it was reported by us) proved not to be true.

THE question of a new Cemetery is again being agitated. It is a fact that our present facilities are too limited. If we are correctly informed the old cemetery cannot be enlarged, the adjoining owner refusing to dispose of any more land for that purpose. This has led certain parties to look for a good site in other localities, and we hear it rumored that several of our citizens will form themselves into an organization, to purchase a site and lay out a new cemetery.

THE trial of Prof. Swing has come to an end and the accused has escaped the stake. The vote stood 47 against 14. A very interesting part of the proceedings, next to the arguments of the prosecution and the accused, are the statements of the several members of the court, preceding and in explanation of their vote. A remark made by one Matthews, is very illustrative of the entire proceeding: "Prof. Patton fed with dry hay that had been stored away in the old Confession, while Prof. Swing gave fresh green grass, cut from the same roots from which the old dry hay was cut years ago."

AMONG the many great features of Magner & Co's. Show is a performing Blind Horse, that is said to be the most wonderful trained horse in the world and is valued at \$10,000.

CAPT. F. Brower, of the *Fanny*, reports ten feet of water in the Harbor.

WESTON failed to complete his 500-mile walk, giving up on the 430th mile.

It is astonishing the amount of noise a red-haired boy will get out of a whistle.

MORE jobs to let. See the advertisement of Committee on Streets, Roads and Bridges.

STURGEON have made their appearance in large schools in the St. Joseph and Paw Paw rivers.

Mrs. ELIZABETH CADY STANTON speaks in this State from May 6 to June 6, in favor of Women Suffrage.

THE cylinders for the Eagle Fire Engine have arrived, and placed in "charge of the Committee on Ways and Means."

A MAN in Bridgeport, Conn., has named his two canaries "Wheeler" and "Wilson," because neither of them is a "Singer."

THE weather in the Holy Land has this spring been unprecedentedly severe, the various roads to Jerusalem being blocked with snow.

MESSES. Vyn & Bro's of Zeeland, are at present operating North of Grand Rapids, on the G. R. & I. R., manufacturing staves.

DOG-OWNERS should take notice that Mr. W. C. Nibelink, was fined ten dollars and costs last week, for persistently neglecting to have his dog licensed.

WOMAN suffrage in Massachusetts has been again set back. A resolution favoring the submission of such amendment to the State Constitution was defeated in the Senate, by a vote of 14 to 19.

Mr. W. L. Hopkins is building a new dock at the Converse place, on the South side of Black Lake, East of the harbor. It is built on piles and will extend into the lake some 200 feet.

Mr. A. VENNEMA, has sold out his entire stock of Furniture, to the other dealers, mostly to Messrs. J. M. Reidema & Son., who are now running this line of trade in their own way, and to the satisfaction of the public. They must have a tremendous stock on hand now.

THE Society of the Army of the Potomac, at its recent session in Harrisburg, Pa., unanimously adopted a memorial to the President and Congress asking for a new trial for Gen. Fitz-John Porter, not as a favor but as a right, as something due not only to him but to the whole Army of the Potomac.

WHILE harnessing his horse on Sunday last, Mr. B. Mayboer, living on the South side of Black Lake, opposite Point Superior, was kicked in his stomach by the horse, and died from its effects on Thursday. The deceased was an industrious and faithful farmer, in the prime of life, and leaves a wife and two children.

DURING the past week we have made a survey of the principal stores in the different lines of trade in our city—we mean such as advertise in the News, and we can safely say to our readers in the surrounding towns, that they should come to Holland to buy their goods. Our merchants have a greater variety in all lines than ever before and their prices are made to suit the times.

EX-MAYOR E. J. Harrington has purchased the water-lot of Messrs L. & R. Schaddelee, at the head of Black Lake. This gives Mr. Harrington a continuous water frontage of 265 feet, with the slip of Fifth St. on the South and of Fourth St. on the North side of his dock, and is no doubt a very valuable addition in facilitating his shipping business.

A correspondent of the G. R. Times, speaking of the prospects of the crop in this vicinity, writes: "Taking a little trip through the Townships of Fillmore, Allegan County, Holland and Zeeland, Ottawa County, I have noticed a large number of wheat fields from which the farmers will hardly realize their wheat seed sown last fall, especially such fields as were sowed on unplowed corn-fields and simply dragged in. But very few look encouraging. The best are on sandy or light soil and well plowed grounds."

Mr. R. K. HEALD, our enterprising manufacturer and dealer in farmer's implements, has received a large supply of the "Russel Reaper," the other day. He has showed us a circular in which we find these machines highly recommended by several of our prominent farmers. Mr. H. talks of having some of these testimonials translated into Holland, and circulated amongst the farmers, thinking it will promote his sales. This was our opinion also, and we took pains to inform him that our type reads just as well in Holland as in English.

NEXT Monday, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and at 6.30 in the evening, our citizens will have an opportunity of seeing the Great Niagara walking and performing feats upon a single rope in the air, at Magner & Co's. Show.

An Odd Fellows Lodge was organized at Hartford last week.

ONE of the largest land owners in California is a lady who owns 173,065 acres.

THE Supreme Court of Massachusetts granted twenty-one divorces in one day recently.

Mr. L. HIEFFE has taken the job of fixing Pine street, between 8th and 9th street, for \$110.

THE Board of Review have finished their work, and increased the assessment from \$292,470 to \$366,125.

THE C. & M. L. S. R. R. have two construction trains at work in this vicinity, giving employment to 50 men.

THE carriage owned by Lewis Cass, fifty years ago, is now said to be in use as a baggage-wagon in Bay City, Michigan.

"WHAT is your business?" asked a Judge of a burglar at the bar. "Well I s'pose you might call me a locksmith."

THE Lincoln Monument in Springfield, Ill., will probably be dedicated in October, when the Army of the Tennessee meets there.

A DELEGATION from this city left for Grand Rapids on Saturday, with the afternoon train, to spend the evening in Powers' new Opera House.

It is estimated that the damages resulting from the inundation of Louisiana, from the breaking of the levees on the Mississippi, will amount to \$30,000,000.

PENTWATER is in a bad fix. Certain parties at Grand Rapids have come in possession of the original title to the land, on which the greater part of the town is platted.

THE ice dealers of Augusta, Maine, have been offered three dollars and a half a ton for six thousand tons of ice, but they decline it. They expect very hot weather and large prices.

THE New York Chamber of Commerce has celebrated its one hundred and seventh anniversary on the evening of Thursday, May 7, by a banquet at Delmonico's. Speeches were made by Pres. Dodge, Judge Davis, Mayor Havemeyer. Hon. Wm. M. Evarts and others.

THE *Traveler* and the *Herald*, of St. Joseph, have been consolidated and will hereafter be known as the *St. Joseph Traveler and Herald*. We have been thinking about this same subject, but as yet have not been able to see our way through. Anything to reduce our expenses and increase our receipts.

AMONGST our visitors this week was Mr. J. De Vries, from Alkmaar, Holland. His object is to obtain all the possible information for himself before he concludes where to locate. With this view he intends to visit also the States of Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa and Nebraska, before he returns to the old country, and afterwards come back with his family.

ALTHOUGH Mr. Colfax has retired to private life, he is beginning to find that private life is even busier than public life. According to the South Bend *Tribune*, he has spoken in the past month in nine States. During the coming month he is to deliver three orations at college commencements, and has declined twenty others.

YESTERDAY forenoon another surgical operation was successfully performed on the Rev. R. Pieters, pastor of the First Reformed Church of this city. The operation was done by Dr. Edmund Andrews, Professor in Surgery at Rush Medical College, Chicago, assisted by Drs. R. A. Schouten and T. E. Annis of this city, W. Van Den Berg & Son of Zeeland and A. Van Der Veen of Grand Haven. As we go to press, the patient is doing remarkably well.

AN unpleasantness of a rather serious nature, and which took place some three weeks ago, has brought to grief several of the juveniles of this place. Each succeeding season adds its junior members to our "Young America" element in substitution for the seniors that drop out. This year's addition is decidedly lively, and judging from the following, we would think too much so. On or about the 1st inst., ten or twelve of these boys, all of this place, between the ages of 10 and 15 years way-laid a party of boys and girls living on the North side of the River, and on the way home from catechism. What the intention of these boys was in making this assault, we cannot say, but the result was that one or two received a severe beating, while others were compelled to take refuge in the neighboring houses. Complaint has been made, before Justice Post, and on Thursday "Hoadley's Hall" contained a sadly looking set of youngsters. The examination takes place as we go to press.

THE boys will have a chance to try their pluck next Monday, in riding. Tommy, one of the circus ponies, is a genius. He will not only play all sorts of pranks, but throw any boy from his back, and which is said to be the most laughable performance imaginable.

ATTENTION!

Carriage Making,

AND

BLACKSMITHING.

JACOB FLIEMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on Riverstreet, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies,

Light & Heavy Wagons,

Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Skeins always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style.

I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from

Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted.

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Thanking my old customers for past favors, I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line.

47-Xcl-1y

J. FLIEMAN

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES,

Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY, AND

HATS & CAPS,

Which they are offering at Prices, that defy Competition.

Also a complete Stock of

FLOUR & FEED,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us will be

Delivered Free!

To any part of the City.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store.

46-Xcl-1y

WINTERS Bro's & BROWER,

(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)

PRACTICAL

Engineers and Machinists.

Messrs P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with all due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists.

THE SHOP and FOUNDRY are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S.

THE BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. Winters, will be continued as before.

THE FLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by R. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above.

MILL REPAIRING, will receive our special attention.

SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch.

Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874. 108-1y

HEBER WALSH

Druggist & Pharmacist.

I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead

is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH

Druggist & Pharmacist.

W. VAN PUTTEN,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Drugs & Medicines,

Paints and Oils,

Putty, Glass, Etc.

Patent Medicines,

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Fancy Soaps & Perfumery.

Tooth Brushes,

Clothes Brushes,

Hair Brushes,

Shaving Brushes,

and Paint Brushes.

Razors and Razor Straps,

Chamois Skins, and

Nursing Bottles.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Supporters and Trusses,

And everything, usually kept in Drug Stores.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Com-

pounded, Day or Night.

46-Xcl-1y

THE COLORADO MAUD MULLER.

I
"Maud Muller, on a summer's day,
Basked the meadow sweet with hay,
Her clustering tresses, backward flung,
Adown her graceful shoulders hung.
Beneath her rustic hat of straw,
Her eyes shot glances that would thaw
An iceberg's frozen heart; or, felt,
Their fire the snow would melt
Upon your cloud-capped pile, Pike's Peak,
And trickle down his rugged cheek.
Her lips, like ripe, red cherries gleamed;
Her cheeks with health and beauty beamed.
Her hands, oh! dainty brown were they,
And deftly raked the new-mown hay.
Her form, perfection's self enthroned:
A breathing Psyche, golden-zoned.

II.
The judge came riding slowly by;
A tear stood in his bright blue eye.
His thoughts were on the checkered past;
Five loves, five graves, and on the last
The wild flowers scarce a fortnight old
His latest, keenest anguish told.
Nor wealth, nor power, nor law's renown,
His stately home in Denver town,
His fellow townsmen's love and praise,
The proudest fame, the greenest bays,
Held aught of happiness for him;
For death, the spoiler, cold and grim,
Had snatched with all their wily charms
Five loving spouses from his arms.
Ah! wretched man! Five times bereft,
To him what earthly joy was left!

III.
With heavy heart and tearful eye,
The judge came riding slowly by,
When like a sudden burst of light,
"Maud Muller" flashed upon his sight.
Oh! Love, mysterious power divine!
What elasticity is thine!
He gazed entranced. Straight from the skies
She seemed to his enraptured eyes.
A gift from Jove, from heaven sent,
To cheer this vale of discontent.
Such sweet simplicity! such grace!
Such queenly form! such peerless face!
He gazed, he sighed his heart away,
He kneeled before her on the hay,
And breathed a tale of deathless love
That must have moved the gods above.
She softly smiled and looked away,
Still raking up the new-mown hay.
Then paused; and grandly, like a queen,
She pointed o'er the meadow green
To where a stalwart yeoman stood,
"That's Bill," she said; "observe him good!"
—Denver News.

OLD 'SQUIRE SKAGGS' JAMBOREE.

The ascent to the bland atmosphere of the editorial rooms of the *Morning News* is a somewhat tortuous and complicated, and it requires all the sagacity of the young villain who edits our waste basket to safely convey the casual visitor up the perilous steps. Occasionally, however, there is to be found a self-reliant caller, who scorns to be ushered into the editorial presence, and this was the case with the old gentleman who dropped in upon us yesterday morning.

We were engaged in writing a caustic and damaging reply to an article in the *Cartersville Standard and Express* on the availability of sassafras tea as a beverage, when suddenly the sanctum door swung open and a stranger entered. He wore a copperas suit, a quilted hat of the same material, and his homespun shirt was adorned with a loose and flowing collar. His boots were of the most substantial species and he limped slightly as he walked. He wore brass mounted spectacles, and carried a cane with a neatly polished horn head. His hair was gray, but his face was ruddy with health, and a jocund twinkle shone in his eye. Before accepting our invitation to one of the hospitable chairs, the visitor looked carefully around the room, placed his hat on the floor, and eyed the newspaper man with considerable intensity. Then he opened the conversation.

"Young man, is this the place whar they print the papers?"

We replied affirmatively, and offered to support our assertion with the affidavit of any number of disinterested persons.

"Well, my name is Skaggs—Squire Skaggs, of Gwinnett. Cousin John Thrasher, at Norcross, knows me like a book. I thought I'd jest drop in an' see how you wuz a gittin' on."

We expressed great gratification at meeting the squire, and then we called his attention to the vile attempt of a correspondent of the *Cartersville Standard and Express* to supplant Hyson and Oolong with sassafras tea. The Squire looked thoughtful for a moment and then remarked:

"Thar ain't no humbug about sassafras. Next to a hot toddy gimme sassafras. My ole 'oman keeps it continently on hand. Thar's two kinds of sassafras, the white sassafras and the red sassafras; the red is the kind you git the tea from. It's mighty warm-in'."

Then the Squire paused, adjusted his spectacles, leaned back in his chair and gazed pensively at the life-like portrait of General Lee which graces the sanctum of the *Morning News*.

"Sassafras is good enough in its way, but I dropped in to see if I couldn't git you to print a little piece in your paper."

We unostentatiously inquired the nature of the communication.

"You see," said the Squire, pitching his voice to an exetrical altitude, "it was sorter this way. Last Chuseday wuz a week ago, I sailed down to Atlanty with seven bags of cotton. Arter I sold 'em, I kinder loafed roun' lookin' at things in general, and feelin' jest ez happy ez you pleeze, when who should I run agin but Kurnel Blasengame, Me

an' the Kurnel used to be boys together, an' we wuz ez thick ez five kittens in a rag basket. We drunk outen the same goad, an' we got the lintsatched outen us by the same bandy-legged school-teacher. I wuz gettin' ez lonesome ez a rain-crow, afore I struck up with the Kurnel, an' I wuz glad to see him—durned glad. We knocked roun' town right smartually, an' the Kurnel inter-jected me to a whole raft of fellers—mighty nice boys they wuz, too. Arter supper, the Kurnel says:

"Skaggs," says he, "less go to my room, whar we kin talk over ole times sorter comfortable an' ondisturbed like."

"Greable," says I, 'an we walked a square or so an' turned into an alley an' walked up a narrer par of stars. The Kurnel gin a little rap at a green door, an' a sick lookin' merlatater popped out an' axed us in. He wuz the durndest perlitest nigger you ever seen. He jest got up an' spun aroun' like a tom cat with her tail adre. The room wuz ez fine ez a fiddle, an' I thought to myself that the Kurnel wuz a lagsuriant cuss. Thar wuz a lot of mighty nice fellers scattered roun' a laffin' an' a talkin' quite soshabel like. Aperiently the Kurnel wuzent much sot back, for he sorter laffed to himself an' then he says:

"Boys," sez he, "I hev fetched up a fren', Jedge Hightower, this is Squire Skaggs, of Gwinnett. Major Briggs, Squire Skaggs," an' so on all roun'. Then the Kurnel turns to me an' says:

"Reely, I wuzent expectin' company, Skaggs, but the members of the Young Men's Christian 'Sosashun make my room ther headquarters."

"I nps an' says I wuz mighty glad to meet the boys. I used to be a Primativ' Babbit myself afore I got to cussin' the Yankees, an' I hev allus had a sorter hankerin' arter pious folks. They laffed an' shuck han's over agin, an' we sot thar a smokin' an' a chawin' jest as muchuel as you please. I disremember how it cum up, but presently Major Briggs gits up an' says:

"Kurnel, what about that new parler game you got out the other day?"

"Oh," says the Kurnel, lookin' sorter sheepish, "that wuz a humbug. I can't make no head nor tail outen it."

"I'll bet I kin manage it," says Jedge Hightower, quite animated like.

"I'll show you how, Jedge, with pleasure," says the Kurnel, 'an' then he went to a table, unlocked a box an' tuck out a whole deck of keards an' a whole lot of little whatyoumaycalls, similar to horn buttons, some white an' some red."

A broad smile illumined the classical features of the newspaper man, and Squire Skaggs stopped and supplied his tireless jaws with a fresh quid of tobacco.

"It ain't no use to tell you any more. When them fellers got done larnin' me that game I didn't have money enough to take me down-stairs. Ilay an' looked a little wild, for when the Jedge closed the box he smiled an' said:

"We hev had a pleasant evenin', Squire. You'll find the Kurnel waitin' for you on the steps, an' he'll give you your money back!"

"I ain't never laid eyes on the kurnel sence, an' when I do thar's goin' to be a case for the kurriner—you mind my words. I seed Rufe Lester next day—you know Rufe; he's in the Legislatuer now, but I used to give him pop corn when he wuzen't so high—I seed Rufe an' he sed I wuz tuck in by the pharaoh men. Tuck in ain't no name for it. Darned if I didn't go to the bottom an' git skinned alive. I couldn't go home 'thout givin' some account of my cotton money, an' so I thought I'd come down here an' sorter cool off, an' I jest drapped in on you this mornin' for to see if you wouldn't put a leetle piece in the paper remarkin' as how I wuz in Savannah lookin' arter my farm supplies."

Whereupon, we framed the following and read it to the Squire:

"We were pleased to meet in our sanctum yesterday Squire Skaggs, of Gwinnett, one of the most prominent and prosperous planters of Northern Georgia. Squire Skaggs is of the opinion that he can purchase produce in this city cheaper than in any other market in the South, and consequently he is here for the purpose of laying in his farm supplies. This is a very hopeful sign, and we trust that other agriculturists of that section may be induced to follow the Squire's example."

The Squire's face beamed with pleasure and satisfaction as we read the glowing periods of the foregoing paragraph.

"Well, ding my skin! that's just as natral as life. Now, young man when you get that printed in style, you'd oblige me mighty ef you'd send it to Amanda Skaggs, Buford Postoffice, Gwinnett county, Georgy, an' if thar's anything to pay, I'll pay it. Dern the expenses."

Here the Squire put on his hat and made other preparations looking to an early departure.

"I ain't gwine back to Atlanty. I'm gwine frum here to 'Gusty, an' from 'Gusty to Athens, an' then I'm gwine cross the country ontwell I strike A'll-Line, an' t'won't be healthy for any feller to holler Pharaoh at me."

The Squire rose, felt of his pockets, looked carefully around to see if he had dropped anything and started toward the door. We made a last endeavor to bring up the sassafras controversy.

"Ding ef I don't disremember which is the best for tea," said the Squire, "but I'll ax my ole 'oman. What she don't know about sassafras ain't wuth wastin' your breath on. Far well, young man. You won't forgit to print that piece?"

We said we wouldn't and we didn't, and we sincerely trust the Squire will be satisfied when he sees it with its present surroundings. — *Savannah News*.

THE HOLY SCRIPTURES.

The Scriptures have been translated into one hundred and forty-eight languages and dialects, of which one hundred and twenty-one had, prior to the formation of the British Foreign Bible Society—never appeared. And twenty-five of those languages existed without an alphabet in an oral form. Upward of forty-three millions of these copies of God's work are circulated among not less than six hundred millions of people.

The first division of the Divine orders into chapters and verses is attributed to Stephen Langton, Archbishop of Canterbury, in the reign of King John, in the latter part of the twelfth century or beginning of the thirteenth. Cardinal Hugo, in the middle of the thirteenth century, divided the Old Testament into chapters as they stand in our translation. In 1661, Athias, a Jew of Amsterdam, divided the section of Hugo into verses—a French printer had previously (1561) divided the New Testament into verses as they now are.

The Old Testament contains thirty-nine books, 929 chapters, 23,214 verses, 592,439 words, 2,738,100 letters.

The New Testament contains 27 books, 270 chapters, 7,964 verses, 132,253 words, 933,380 letters.

The entire Bible contains 66 books, 1,199 chapters, 31,173 verses, 773,692 words, 3,566,480 letters.

The name of Jehovah, or Lord, occurs 6,855 times in the Old Testament. The word "and" occurs in the Old Testament 35,543 times.

The middle book of the Old Testament is Proverbs.

The middle chapter is the 20th of Job. The middle verse is 2d Chronicles, 29th chapter, 17th verse.

The middle book of the New Testament is 2d Thessalonians.

The middle chapters are Romans 13 and 14.

The middle verse is Acts 11: 7.

The middle chapter, and the least in the Bible, is Psalms 117.

The middle verse in the Bible is Psalms 18: 8.

The least verse in the Old Testament is 1st Chronicles 1: 25.

The least verse in the Bible is John 11: 35.

The 19th chapter of 2d Kings and Isaiah 37 are the same.

In the 21st verse of 7th chapter of Ezra are all the letters of the alphabet, I and J considered as one.

The Apocrypha (not inspired, but sometimes bound between the Old Testament and the New), contains 14 books, 183 chapters, 15,081 verses, 153,185 words.

The preceding facts were ascertained by a gentleman in 1818. Also by an Englishman residing at Amsterdam in 1772, and it is said to have taken each gentleman nearly three years in the investigation.

There is a Bible in the library of the University of Göttingen written on 2,476 palm leaves.

A day's journey was thirty-three and one-fifth miles.

A Sabbath day's journey was about an English mile.

Ezekiel's reed was eleven feet, nearly. A cubit is twenty-two inches, nearly. A hand's breadth is equal to three and five-eighths inches.

A finger's breadth is equal to one inch. A shekel of silver was about fifty cents.

A shekel of gold was \$8.00. A talent of silver was \$516.32. A talent of gold was \$13,800. A piece of silver or a penny was thirteen cents.

A farthing was three cents. A gerham was one cent. A mite was one and a half cent. A homer contains seventy-five gallons and five pints. A nepha or bath contains seven gallons and five pints. A hin was one gallon and two pints. A firkin was seven pints. An omer was six pints. A cup was three pints.

The divisions of the Old Testament are four:

1. The Pentateuch, or the four books of Moses.
2. The historical books, comprising Joshua to Esther, inclusive.
3. Poetical or doctrinal books, from Job to Songs of Solomon, inclusive.
4. Prophetic books, from Isaiah to Malachi.

The New Testament is usually divided into three parts:

1. Historical, containing the four gospels and acts.
2. Doctrinal, comprising all the epistles, from Romans to Judges.
3. Prophetic, being the book of Revelations of St. John.

The commemorative ordinances of the Jews were:

Circumcision, the seal of the covenant with Abraham.

The Passover, to commemorate the prediction of the Israelites, when all the first born of the Egyptians were destroyed.

The feast of Tabernacles, instituted to perpetuate the sojourning of the Israelites for forty years in the wilderness.

The feast of Pentecost, which was appointed fifty years after the Passover, to commemorate the delivery of the law from Mount Sinai.

The feast of Purim, kept in memory of the deliverance of the Jews from the wicked machinations of Haman.

In 1272 it would have cost a laboring man several years of labor to purchase a Bible, as his pay would only be one and one-half pence per day, while the price of a Bible was £2.

The annual insurance report of the Auditor of the State of Illinois, shows that the fire-insurance business of Chicago has been immensely profitable to the insurance companies for the last two years.

THE NEW PANACEA.—Modern science having demonstrated that alcohol is "neither food nor physic," but, on the contrary, a species of poison, the introduction of a potent tonic which is entirely free from it is certainly a subject for congratulation. DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is a medicine which may be fairly characterized as an unobjectionable specific for many distressing and dangerous diseases.

Temperance organizations, heretofore in favor of permitting the sale of alcohol for medical purposes, are of opinion that VINEGAR BITTERS possesses all the efficacy as an invigorant that has ever been even claimed for spirituous stimulants, and on this account, as well as because of the singular success which has attended its use in dyspepsia, liver complaint, disorders of the bowels, nervous diseases, general debility, and all maladies growing out of intemperance, they warmly recommend it as a restorative and alterative of surpassing excellence. 43

Liver and Blood Diseases.
BY R. V. PIERCE, M. D.

A healthy liver secretes each day about two and a half pounds of bile, which contains a great amount of waste material taken from the blood. When the liver becomes torpid or congested, it fails to eliminate this vast amount of noxious substance, which, therefore, remains to poison the blood and be conveyed to every part of the system. What must be the condition of the blood when it is receiving and retaining each day two and a half pounds of poison? Nature tries to work off this poison through other channels and organs—the kidneys, lungs, skin, etc., but these organs become overtaxed in performing this labor in addition to their natural functions, and cannot long withstand the pressure, but become variously diseased.

The brain, which is the great electrical center of all vitality, is unduly stimulated by the unhealthy blood which passes to it from the heart, and it fails to perform its office healthfully. Hence the symptoms of bile poisoning, which are dullness, headache, incapacity to keep the mind on any subject, impairment of memory, dizziness, sleep, or nervous feelings, gloomy forebodings, and irritability of temper. The blood itself being diseased, as it forms the sweat upon the surface of the skin, it is so irritating and poisonous that it produces discolored brown spots, pimples, blotches and other eruptions, sores, boils, carbuncles and scrofulous tumors. The stomach, bowels and other organs cannot escape becoming affected, sooner or later, and we have as the result, costiveness, piles, dropsy, dyspepsia, diarrhea. Other symptoms are common, as bitter or bad taste in mouth, internal heat, palpitation, teasing cough, unsteady appetite, choking sensation in throat, bloating of stomach, pain in sides or about shoulders or back, coldness of extremities, etc., etc. Only a few of the above symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time. The liver being the great depurating or blood-cleansing organ of the system—set this great "housekeeper of our health" at work, and the foul corruptions which gender in the blood and rot as it were, the machinery of life, are gradually expelled from the system. For this purpose my Golden Medical Discovery with very small doses daily of my Pleasant Purgative Pellets are pre-eminently the articles needed. They cure every kind of humor from the worst scrofula to the common pimple, blotch or eruption. Great eating ulcers kindly heal under their mighty curative influence. Virulent blood poisons that lurk in the system are by them robbed of their terrors, and by their persevering and somewhat protracted use the most tainted systems may be completely renovated and built up anew. Enlarged glands, tumors and swellings dwindle away and disappear under the influence of these great resolvents.

WILHOFF'S TONIC!—A SAFE, SURE AND SCIENTIFIC CURE!—The unprecedented sale of this world-renowned medicine proves incontrovertibly that no remedy has superseded the use of this reliable tonic. No spleen has been found so hard as not to yield to its softening influence, and no liver so hypertrophied as not to give up its long-retained bilious secretions, and no chill or fever has yet refused to fall into line. WHEELLOCK, FINLAY & Co., proprietors, New Orleans. For sale by all druggists.

SOME of the best surgeons of Europe pronounce the apparatus for deformities made by the National Surgical Institute, Indianapolis, Ind., the best known. This celebrated institution cures thousands of cases annually—such as diseased joints, all manner of human deformities, paralysis, piles, fistula, catarrh and chronic diseases. If you need such treatment, send for circular giving full particulars and information of their mode of treatment, facilities, etc.

We are confident that no case of cough, cold, hoarseness or influenza can withstand the counter-irritant and tonic properties of Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial. It can be had of all druggists and store-keepers.

ASTONISHING.—The quantities of pretty Ladies' Suits at from \$2.50 to \$5.00, that are daily made at the manufactory of J. W. Griswold & Co., 54 Madison street, Chicago.

Not every one can be President, but all can buy SILVER TIPPED shoes for their children, and thereby lessen their shoe bills two-thirds. For sale by all dealers.

THE NORTHWESTERN HORSE-NAIL CO.'S "Finished" Nail is the best in the world.

GO TO RIVERSIDE Water Cure, Hamilton, Ill.

FLORENCE
The Long-contested Suit of the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO. against the Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, and Grover & Baker Companies, involving over \$250,000.
Is finally decided by the Supreme Court of the United States in favor of the FLORENCE, which alone has Broken the Monopoly of High Prices.
THE NEW FLORENCE Is the ONLY machine that sews backward and forward, or to right and left. Simplest—Cheapest—Best. SOLD FOR CASH ONLY. SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS AND DEALERS. April, 1874. Florence, Mass.

SAW-MILLS.
LANE & BODLEY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
SAW-MILLS,
Solid Iron Frames, Friction Feed and Wrought-Iron Head-Blocks, with Lever Set.
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST MILL IN THE MARKET. Illustrated Catalogues and Prices furnished on application to LANE & BODLEY, JOHN AND WATER-ST., CINCINNATI, O.

THE DYING BODY

SUPPLIED WITH THE
VICOR OF LIFE
THROUGH
DR. RADWAY'S
SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT
THE GREAT
Blood Purifier!
ONE BOTTLE

Will make the Blood pure, the Skin clear, the Eyes bright, the Complexion smooth and transparent, the Hair strong, and remove all Sores, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Tetter, Cankers, etc., from the Head, Face, Neck, Mouth and Skin. It is pleasant to take and the dose is small.

It Resolves away Diseased Deposits; it Purifies the Blood and Renovates the System. It cures with certainty all Chronic Diseases that have lingered in the system five or ten years, whether it be

Scrofula or Syphilitic, Hereditary or Contagious,
BE IT SEATED IN THE
Lungs or Stomach, Skin or Bones, Flesh or Nerves,
CORRUPTING THE SOLIDS AND VITIATING THE FLUIDS.

IT IS THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE FOR
KIDNEY AND BLADDER COMPLAINTS,
Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, Chronic Rheumatism, Sciatica, Glandular Swelling, Hack-tor Dry Cough, Catarrhus Vesicæ, Gonorrhœa, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water-Brash, Tio Doloreux, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Rickets, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaints, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Cancors in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges. Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it, for either of these forms of disease, its potent power to cure them.

Sold by Druggists. \$1.00 per Bottle.

R. R. RADWAY'S
Ready Relief,
The Cheapest and Best Medicine for Family Use in the World!
One 50-Cent Bottle

WILL CURE MORE COMPLAINTS AND PREVENT THE SYSTEM AGAINST SUDDEN ATTACKS OF EPIDEMIC AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES THAN ONE HUNDRED DOSES OF ANY OTHER MEDICINE OR MEDICAL ATTENDANCE.

THE MOMENT RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS APPLIED, EXTERNALLY OR TAKEN INTERNALLY ACCORDING TO DIRECTIONS—PAINT, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE, CEASES TO EXIST.

IMPORTANT.—Miners, Farmers, and others residing in sparsely-settled districts, where it is difficult to secure the services of a physician, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is invaluable. It can be used with positive assurance of doing good in all cases where there is a sickness, or danger of one, or if seized with Influenza, Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Bad Coughs, Hoarseness, Bilious Colic, Inflammation of the Bowels, Stomach, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys or with Gout, Quinsy, Fever and Ague; or with Neuralgia, Headache, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Toothache, Earache, or with Lumbago, Pain in the Back, or Rheumatism; or with Diarrhea, Cholera Morbus, or Dysentery; or with Burns, Scalds, or Bruises; or with Strains, Cramps, or Spasms. The application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will cure you of the worst of these complaints in a few hours.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CHAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEADACHE, STIFF NECK, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, BRUISES, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent a sickness, or a painful change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50 Cents.

DR. RADWAY'S
Regulating Pills,
Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Disease, Headache, Nausea, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of the Blood in the Head, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders.

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Extracts from Letters and Testimonials.
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"Your D. C. R. is astonishing every one around here." J. L. Jamison.
Petaluma, Ill., Sept. 22d, 1873. "We think it is the best Remedy now before the public. It ought to be in every family. Please send it [sent.] as soon as possible." R. E. Shilman, Grain Dealer.
"The best medicine I ever used for Catarrh." Mrs. R. E. Shilman.
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La Porte, Ind., May 18th, 1872. "Dr. A. F. Rorer, Dear Sir: I have used your Diamond Catarrh Remedy in my practice during the past year, and find it far superior to any and every other treatment for cure of Catarrh. It will certainly do all you claim for it." Yours truly, Geo. M. Dakin, M. D.

Sent by mail on receipt of price.

CATARRH Cured by the DIAMOND CATARRH REMEDY. See the advertisement.

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.—At home, male or female, \$30 a week warranted. No capital required. Full particulars and a valuable sample sent free. Address, with 6 ct. return stamp, A. D. YOUNG, 250 Fifth St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

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With one box ARMS DEAD SHOT. Price 25cts. Ask your Storekeeper for it. JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York. JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Phila.

Facts Worth Remembering.

WHITING is unequalled for cleaning white paint without producing injury to it. Put a small quantity on a damp flannel, rub lightly over the surface, and the result will be most satisfactory.

For weak eyes, put a piece of alum about the size of a hazel-nut and a piece of lump sugar the same size into a quart of cold spring water, and stand near the fire to dissolve; then saturate a little lint with the mixture; bathe the eyes several times a day; destroy the lint immediately after using, as it must not be put into the lotion a second time.

THE right way to sweep is to incline the handle a little forward, then give a light drawing stroke, allowing the broom to scarcely touch the carpet. Not one-half the weight of the broom should be allowed to press on the carpet as the dirt is moved forward. Let the dirt be moved and lightly rolled. If a generous quantity of tea-grounds, small bits of wet paper, or clean and wet sawdust can be spread over the carpet before the sweeping is commenced, all the fine dirt will adhere to the wet materials.

REMEDY FOR SORE THROAT.—Take one large red pepper, such as are grown for family use, steep in half a pint of water, after which strain in a quart of molasses, adding a little vinegar; boil all together to a thin sirup; use this whenever the throat feels dry or disagreeably; if it be in dead of night, it will soothe the throat (and not irritate) and warm it up well. If sharper than can be borne in the mouth, put it back near the palate with a spoon and swallow; apply outwardly a thin slice of salt pork, warming it up well in vinegar and pepper; apply as hot as can be borne on the throat; fasten the bandage that holds the pork over the head, to draw the cold and inflammation up and not about the neck, as most people do.

TONICS FOR WOMEN.—Nothing makes a woman age more rapidly than overwork—the reason, probably, that American women fade so soon. Sunshine, music, work and sleep are the greatest medicines for women, who need more sleep than men. Their nerves are more sensitive and they are not so strong, and exhaustion from labor or pleasure takes place sooner with them than with men. Never permit yourself to be roused out of a deep sleep in the morning. In fact, one should never be awakened. The body rouses of itself when its demands are satisfied. Take a warm bath occasionally before going to bed—at least once a week. Retire as soon as you feel sleepy in the evening. Don't rouse yourself and go to work. You need rest, then, and will pay for the trespass on your physical nature the next day if you disobey.

ABSTINENCE WHILE ILL.—A certain class of people fancy, when any member of the family falls ill, that all that is necessary to coax them back to health is plenty of food. When a young man has surfeited in season and out of season, until exhausted nature gives way, and a fever is coming on, the good mother is in trouble. She anxiously inquires, "Now, John, what can you eat? You must eat something! People can't live without food!" Then comes toast and tea, etc. The stomach is exhausted, and no more needs stimulating food than a jaded horse needs a whip. Nine-tenths of the acute diseases may be prevented by a few days' starvation when the first indications appear. I don't mean complete abstinence in every case, but perhaps a piece of coarse bread, with cold water for drink. If such a policy was generally adopted, what ruin would overtake the medical profession, how many physicians would lack for patients!

CLEAN TEETH.—If you only keep your teeth clean they won't decay. The wonderful dentifrices which are sold at fabulous prices are inferior to a simple mixture of soap and prepared chalk, with a little something like orris root; but the essential articles are soap and chalk. The druggist will prepare you enough for a quarter of a dollar to last a long time. When you go to bed, with a broad, soft tooth-brush go through the mouth thoroughly. If disposed to a bad mouth, you must repeat the dose in the morning. But the principal article for keeping the teeth clean is a toothpick, a soft goose quill, which you must use after eating, no matter though it is a piece of apple, and if convenient, after the pick use a mouthful of water to rinse from between the teeth what the toothpick may have left.—Dio Lewis in To-Day.

The Use of Phosphorus in Neuralgia.

A valuable paper has been contributed by Ashburton Thompson to the *Practitioner*, on the use of phosphorus in neuralgia—large doses being employed by him for this purpose, and with marked success. He records eighteen cases, and arranges them in three classes—acute primary attacks, acute recurrent attacks and chronic cases. In the first class the ages ranged between 25 and 46; in the second, between 30 and 60; in the third between 24 and 40. Some of the patients suffered from trigeminal, some from cervico-occipital, some from cervico-brachial neuralgia. All the cases in the first two instances were cured. Of the third class, three were cured. One of the patients having been afflicted for sixteen years, without a week's freedom from pain. Two, both consumptive, were relieved; and one uncomplicated case, a woman aged 40, with affection of the fifth nerve of ten months' duration, failed to be benefited, although she was treated for fifteen days. As might be expected, the chronic cases took longest to cure; but in all the cases helped, relief followed the first few doses.

Dreams.

Some philosopher, who evidently knows how it is himself, interprets dreams as follows:

If a man dreams the devil is after him, it is a sign he had better settle his subscription bill.

If he dreams of an earthquake, and a turmoil generally, it is a sign that he is going to get married.

If he (being a married man) dreams of some fearful mysterious danger, it is a sign that his mother-in-law is coming to spend a few days with her darling daughter.

If he dreams that his head is in danger, and his hair all falls out, it is a sign that he had better know all the policemen.

If he dreams of making a fool of himself, it is a true sign that it is so.

A SPITZBERGEN "COLD SNAP."—Says a writer: "No description can give an adequate idea of the intense rigor of the six months' winter in Spitzbergen. Stones crack with the noise of thunder; in a crowded hut the breath of the occupants will fall in flakes of snow; wine and spirits turn to ice; the snow burns like caustic; if iron touches the skin it brings the flesh away with it; the soles of stockings may be burned off your feet before you feel the slightest warmth from the fire; linen taken out of boiling water instantly stiffens to the consistency of a wooden board; and heated stones will not prevent the sheets of the bed from freezing. If these are the effects of a climate within an air-tight, fire-warmed, crowded hut, what must they be among the dark, storm-lashed mountain peaks outside?"

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP IS THE PRESCRIPTION OF one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in the World in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHEA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. All directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper.

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CHILDREN OFTEN LOOK PALE AND SICK.

from no other cause than having worms in the stomach.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMBIS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

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HOUSEHOLD PANACEA

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Why will you suffer? To all persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cramps in the limbs or stomach, Bilious Colic, Pain in the back, bowels or side, we would say THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT is all others the remedy you want for internal and external use. It has cured the above complaints in thousands of cases. There is no mistake about it. Try it. Sold by all Druggists.

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Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chills, Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or misanthropic poisons.

Has been widely used, during the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success, that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes, or chills, once broken by it, do not return until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayer's Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dystentery or Biliousness follows the cure. Indeed, where disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them, and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but, if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malarious air, it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm has no speedier remedy.

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KID GLOVES.

All First Class Goods. At the Lowest Cash Prices.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERG,

EIGHTH STREET. - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

A CARD.

To the Public of the City of Holland and Vicinity.

In view of the vacancy in the Medical Profession, occasioned by the departure of my Father Dr. B. Ledebor, I would respectfully announce to my friends and to the Public, that I have resolved to remain here and reside in this city, and practice my Profession. I have established my office in Van Landegend's brick building, 2nd floor, where I can be found DAY AND NIGHT.

In case of absence leave orders for all calls on the slate at the door.

Respectfully Yours,

F. S. LEDEBOER, M. D.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 1, 1874.

GOODRICH
Transportation Company.

DAILY FROM CHICAGO,

TO
ST. JOSEPH, GRAND HAVEN, GRAND RAPIDS, MUSKEGON, MANISTEE, Etc., Etc., Etc.

The MERCHANTS and SHIPPERS of Holland and vicinity are hereby notified that they will carry their freight from Chicago to Grand Haven as follows:

General Merchandise—Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Drugs, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, etc., at 15c per 100 lbs.
Iron, Nails & Spikes, Lead, Paint, etc., at 15c per 100 lbs.
Grain, Feed, Potatoes in Bags, etc., at 12c per 100 lbs.
Bbls Syrup, Whiskey, Oil, Pork, Vinegar, etc., at 40c per bbl.
Bbls Sugar, Rice, Peas, Beans, etc., at 25c per bbl.

OTHER FREIGHT IN PROPORTION.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with Mr. D. P. CLAY, Receiver of the M. L. S. Railroad, for the following Rates from Grand Haven to Holland, inclusive of Cartage at Grand Haven:

1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class.	4th class.
17c.	15c.	12c.	10c.

For further information apply to Mr. P. PFANSTIEHL, Holland, or address:

GOODRICH TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Chicago, Ills.

The evening train for Grand Haven, connects with this line of Steamers. The Boat for Chicago, does not leave Grand Haven, until after the arrival of this train.

J. DUURSEMA.

T. KOFFERS.

G. GRINGHUIS.

ARRIVAL

Of the

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

At

J. DUURSEMA & CO.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Notions and Trimmings,
Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps,
Clothing, Groceries,
Crockery, Glassware,
Stoneware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

J. DUURSEMA & CO.
RIVER STREET, - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

(Official.)
Common Council.

WEDNESDAY, May 20, 1874.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by Ald. Dykema, Pres't Pro-Tem. The roll was called by the Clerk.

Present: Ald. Kanters, Van Landegend, Kamperman, Flieman, Dykema, Sipp and Visser.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The following bills for services protecting the city from fire were presented and referred to the Com. on Claims and Accounts: J. Westveer, \$2.50; A. Cloetingh, \$2.50; J. Broker, \$2.50; M. de Boe, \$2.50; John Westveer, \$2.50; W. Roseboom, \$2.50; J. Lockhart, \$1.25; Also, J. Van de Visser for repairs on the jail, \$6.56.

The following applications for Saloon Licenses were presented: J. McVicar, Arie de Jong, John Stevens, John Myers, Hinkson & Kappeler.—Laid on the table.

The Com. on Streets, Roads and Bridges reported verbally that they have let the job of repairing Pine Street between 8th and 9th Street, to L. Hiefje, for \$110.—Accepted.

The Com. on Public Buildings and Property made a verbal report of the repairs on the jail.—Accepted.

The Com. on Printing reported progress, and asked for further time to complete report.—Granted.

The Com. on Fire Dep't. reported the cylinders for the fire engine as received from Detroit, and ask that payment be provided for.—Referred to the Com. on Ways and Means.

The Special Committee on "Post's fence," reported progress and asked for further instructions. The Com. were instructed to take such measures as the case required.

The Acting Mayor recommended that actions be taken to open 12th Street at the intersection of Fish Street, and that the City Atty be instructed to draft an Ordinance to enforce the clearing up of vacant lots.—Adopted.

A bill was introduced to amend Sec. 10, of an Ordinance Relative to Licenses, and duly passed.

The Com. on Streets, Roads and Bridges were instructed to let the job of delivering 100 cubic yards of gravel on 8th Street.

The Council adjourned.

A car-load as a general rule is 20,000 pounds, or equal to 70 barrels of salt, 70 of lime, 90 of flour, 90 of whiskey, 200 sacks of flour, 6 cords of hard wood, 18 to 20 head of cattle, 50 to 60 head of hogs, 80 to 100 head of sheep, 9,000 feet of solid boards, 17,000 feet of siding, 13,000 feet of flooring, 40,000 shingles, one-half less of hard lumber, one-fourth less of green lumber, one-tenth less of joists, scantling and all other large timber, 350 bushels of wheat, 300 of corn, 680 of oats, 400 of barley, 360 of flaxseed, 360 of apples, 430 of Irish potatoes, 360 of sweet potatoes, 1,000 bushels of bran.

Gen. O. O. HOWARD, charged with misappropriation of the funds of the Freedman's Bureau, has been tried before a Court of Inquiry, honorably acquitted, and recommended to the confidence and sympathy of the officers of the army. The Court consisted of Gen. Sherman, McDowell, Pope, How and others, all men of good reputation and standing, and the final vote stood from four to three. It is very remarkable and almost incredible how this man has been persecuted by all sorts of people, congressmen, ecclesiasts, military men and newspapers.

In Mississippi no person shall be licensed to sell liquor without first securing signatures of more than one-half of the men over twenty-one years of age, and of women over eighteen years of age, in the township or municipal corporation where he proposes to open his bar, requesting that such license be granted.

TEXARKANA, Texas, is about seventy-five days old, built in a dense forest. It now numbers over two thousand inhabitants, and there are two hundred buildings going up. It contains a general ticket office, two railroads, two express companies, two telegraph lines and forty saloons.

Mr. Beecher received into his church, April 26, more than a hundred new members. The occasion was celebrated by a multitude of floral decorations and a crown emblazoned "Victory." After the service Mr. Beecher distributed the roses among the new members.

ONE "horse-power" is equivalent to the power of raising 33,000 pounds one foot high per minute, based upon the test of the powers of a strong London draft horse. It would require five or six men to do the work of one strong horse.

ANN ELIZA, once the nineteenth wife of Brigham Young, has determined to bring suit for libel against the proprietor of the Chicago Times, on account of alleged defamatory statements recently made in that paper.

PEACE reigns in Arkansas. Brooks has relinquished his pretensions and disbanded his "army," and Governor Baxter and the Legislature are in full possession of the State Government.

VEN some man slaps me on der shoulder, and say, "I vas glad to hear you vas so vell," und den stick behind my back his fingers in his nose, I haf my opinion of dot veller.

WORK has been suspended on the East River suspension bridge, New York. Rascality is charged in the use of the money appropriated for the enterprise.

City Drug Store.

HEBER WALSH,

(DRUGGIST & PHARMACEUT.)

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

DRUGS,

PAINTS,

GLASS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

SUPPORTERS,

FANCY GOODS,

MEDICINES,

OILS,

PUTTY,

PERFUMERY,

TRUSSES,

SHOULDER BRACES,

ROOTS & HERBS.

Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal use only, and all other articles usually kept in a

First-Class Drug Store.

I have the largest and most complete stock of goods in Western Michigan, all purchased for cash, from FIRST HANDS, selected with great care and shall sell at reasonable profits.

HEBER WALSH,
Druggist & Pharmacist, of 27 years practical experience. 46-3x-1y

PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery,

Of the Most Approved Patterns;

And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching,

Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN,

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER

WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & CO.

46-3x-1y

J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,
Window Shades,
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Feathers,
Feather Beds,
Mattresses,

COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

46-2x-1y

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, - - HOLLAND, MICH.

46-3x-1y

TEA AGENTS WANTED.

TEA AGENTS wanted in town and country to sell TEA, or get up club orders, for the largest Tea company in America. Importers' prices and inducements to Agents. Send for circular. Address ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.

The Christian Union, Henry Ward Beecher, Editor, of Oct. 25th last, says: "Parties wishing to get up clubs, and all who can get orders for TEA, should write him for a circular."

The New York Weekly Tribune, of Sept. 3d, says: "All 'Granges' should write Robt. Wells for circular."

The Scotch, of Sept. 30, says: "Robt. Wells is thoroughly reliable."

115-1y

Dr. E. WOODRUFF,

BOTANIC PHYSICIAN,

38 CANAL STREET

[UP STAIRS.]

WHO has for the past twelve years been located in Opera Block, has now, since being burned out, removed his stock to 38 Canal street, where he continues to cure every description of ACUTE, CHRONIC and PRIVATE DISEASE, on the most reasonable terms. He manufactures all his remedies from the raw material, hence, known to be PURELY VEGETABLE. He uses NO MINERALS OR POISONS. Having prescribed for over eighteen thousand patients within the past ten years, WITHOUT LOSING ONE OF THEM, where he was the only doctor called. He guarantees reasonable satisfaction in the treatment of every disease which afflicts humanity.

He keeps constantly on hand over 300 kinds of the most choice Roots, Bark and Herbs, and over 100 kinds of his own manufacture of medicines. He is to be found at his office at all hours—day or night.

Among the leading articles of medicine manufactured by him are his LIVER SYRUP, COUGH SYRUP, and FEMALE RESTORATIVE; all of which give universal satisfaction. Call and counsel with a doctor who will promise you nothing but what he will faithfully perform, and will correctly locate your disease and give you a correct diagnosis of your cases without asking you scarcely a question. Liver complaints treated for fifty cents per week, and other diseases in proportion. Council at the office FREE.

Liver Complaint treated for fifty cents per week and other diseases in proportion. Council at the office FREE. Medicine sent by express all parts of the United States.

25-1.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, made and executed by John C. Cottrell and Rhoda Cottrell his wife, of Plainwell, Michigan, parties of the first part, and Albert H. Campbell and William C. Carrier of the same place, parties of the second part, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1869, in Liber K of Mortgages, on page 672, and wards assigned by the said Albert H. Campbell and William C. Carrier, by deed of assignment to John C. Bassett, Charles R. Bates and John H. Bates of Kalamazoo, for a valuable consideration, which said assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1869, in Liber R of Mortgages, on page 138, and again assigned by John H. Bates, one of the surviving co-partners of the late firm of Bassett, Bates and Bates, and William A. Wood and John W. Breece, executors of the estate of John C. Bassett, deceased, to Charles R. Bates the other and surviving partner of said firm of Bassett, Bates and Bates, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1874, in Liber R of Mortgages, on page 448.

And whereas there is now claimed to be due and unpaid on said Mortgage the sum of seven hundred and ten dollars and eighty cents (\$710.80) and no suit either in law or in equity having been commenced to recover the same or any part thereof, Therefore: Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County), there will be sold for cash, to the highest bidder, at public auction or vendue, the premises as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due and payable on said Mortgage, with interest at ten per cent, and all legal costs and charges of such sale and also an attorney fee of fifty dollars, as provided for in said mortgage. In case proceedings should be taken to foreclose the same.

The following is the description of the lands and premises as described in said Mortgage, which will be offered for sale on the said day aforementioned, to wit: that part of the fractional South West quarter and West half of South East quarter of section sixteen, in township five, north of range sixteen West, which is bounded by a line running from a certain stake on the shore of Lake Michigan twenty-three chains and fifty-six links North from the South line of said section; running thence East, parallel with said South line to the East line of the tract first described; running thence North along said East line far enough to include forty acres of land; thence West parallel with the South line to Lake Michigan; thence South along the shore of Lake Michigan, to the place of beginning; containing forty acres of land; also, a certain one-half (1/2) of the following described land: bounded by a line commencing at a point where the South line of section sixteen in township five, North of range sixteen West, intersects Lake Michigan, East, variation four degrees, thirty minutes, thirty-four chains, to a stake twenty chains East of the South quarter post of said section sixteen, North (variation four degrees, twenty-five minutes East, twenty-three chains & fifty-three links to a certain stake West) variation four degrees, thirty minutes, East, thirty-three chains and fifty links to the water of Lake Michigan; thence South three minutes East, variation four degrees, twenty-five minutes East, twenty-three chains and fifty-six links to the place of beginning, containing eighty acres of land; it being the intention of the parties of the first part, to convey forty (40) acres of land of the last description; all lying and being in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan.

Holland, Mich., February 27, 1874.

CHARLES R. BATES,
Assignee of Mortgage.

HOWARD & MCBRIDE, Atty's. for Assignee.

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of OTTAWA, in CHANCERY.

CHARLES SCOTT, Complainant,

vs.
FRANKIE A. MCGEORGE, NATHANIEL T. MCGEORGE, JOSEPH OXNER, WILMINA OXNER, Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, made in the above entitled cause on the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1874, Notice is hereby given, that on the SECOND (2nd) DAY OF JUNE next (1874), at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, known and described as Lot number two, in the north-west fractional quarter of section thirty (30), in township five (5), North of range fifteen (15) West, according to the recorded plat of said section thirty, now of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, to which reference is hereby made for a more particular description; the premises said to contain ten acres of land, be the same more or less.

Dated, April 10, 1874.

EDWIN BAXTER,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

GEORGE W. MCBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor.

113-119

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, Twentieth Judicial Circuit; IN CHANCERY. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, in Chancery, at Grand Haven, in said County, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1874.

DENNIS DESHONG, Complainant,

vs.
NANCY MARILLA DESHONG, Defendant.

In this case, it appearing from affidavit of the Complainant, that the defendant Nancy Marilla Deshong is a resident of this State, and that process for her appearance has been duly issued, but the same could not be served by reason of her continued absence from such place of residence:

On motion of Edwin Baxter, Complainant's Solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendant Nancy Marilla Deshong be entered herein within three months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance she cause her answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the Complainant's Solicitor within fifteen days after service on her of a copy of said Bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof, said Bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident Defendant:

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident Defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

GEORGE W. MCBRIDE,
Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

EDWIN BAXTER, Complainant's Solicitor.

A true copy—A. A. TRACY, Register.

115-221

MANHOOD: HOW LOST HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Oliverwell's Celebrated Essay on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHOEA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance; Piles, &c.

Price, in sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also, DR. SILL'S BEE'S REMEDY FOR PILES. Send for circular.

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