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### Holland City News, Volume 8, Number 10: April 19, 1879

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 10.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1879.

WHOLE NO. 374.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.  
OTTO J. DOESBURG,  
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if  
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if  
paid at six months.

JOE PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents  
for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subse-  
quent insertion for any period under three  
months.

	1 M.	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	75	2.00	3.50	6.00
2 " "	50	1.50	2.50	4.00
3 " "	35	1.00	1.75	2.75
4 " "	25	.75	1.25	2.00
5 " "	20	.60	1.00	1.75
6 " "	15	.45	.75	1.25
7 " "	12	.35	.60	1.00
8 " "	10	.30	.50	.85
9 " "	8	.25	.40	.70
10 " "	7	.20	.35	.60

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three  
changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three  
lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-  
lished without charge for subscribers.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote  
the expiration of the subscription. Two X's sig-  
nify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

## Mail Bonds.

Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Wednesday Jan. 1, 1879.

Trains.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	11.55 a. m.	9.00 a. m.
" "	9.20 p. m.	3.30 p. m.
Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	10.35 a. m.	5.25 a. m.
" "	10.55 " "	5.35 p. m.
" "	9.25 p. m.	6.10 " "

New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.50 a. m.	12.15 "
" "	5.10 " "	10.45 a. m.
" "	3.25 p. m.	9.35 "
" "	5.55 "	" "

\* Mixed trains.  
† Daily except Sunday and Monday.  
‡ Daily except Saturday.  
§ Mondays only.  
All other trains daily except Sundays.  
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago  
time which is 20 minutes later than Columbus  
time.

### Grand Haven Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Sunday, Dec. 8, 1878.

Going North.	Going South.
No. 1.	No. 2.
STATIONS.	No. 3.
7.50 12.30 Muskegon.	7.30 7.00
7.10 11.47 Ferrysburg.	7.58 7.45
7.00 11.43 Grand Haven.	7.57 7.55
6.15 11.12 Pigeon.	8.38 8.40
6.35 10.44 Holland.	8.58 9.30
4.55 10.45 Fillmore.	4.17 10.30
8.45 9.35 Allegan.	5.18 11.45

FRED. H. MAY, Manager.  
E. C. LEAVENWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.  
W. BAUMGARTEN, Agent.  
Holland, Mich.  
Close connections made at Allegan with G. & K.  
& R. R. and L. S. & M. S. for Plainwell, Kalama-  
zoo Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, &c., &c.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.

MCBRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at  
Law, and Proctor in Admiralty. No. 11  
River street.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN Eyck, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting  
Agent. Office in Konyon & Van Putten's bank  
Eighth street.

### Banking and Exchange.

VAN PUTTEN JACOB, Banking and Col-  
lecting, Drafts bought and sold; Eighth  
street.

### Barbers.

DE GROOT, L. Barber. Hair cutting, shaving,  
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at reas-  
onable rates. Barber shop next door to the City  
Hotel.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and  
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-  
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick  
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

### Dentist.

GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and of-  
fice on Eighth street, opposite Van Halse's  
Shoe store.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-  
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth St.  
MEERINGS, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-  
fumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DER HAAR'S Family Medicine; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a  
full stock of goods pertaining to the busi-  
ness.

### Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,  
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office  
and barn on Market street. Everything first-  
class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;  
Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th  
street, near Market.

### Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DIKEMA J. & C. Wagon and Blacksmith  
shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repair-  
ing done. Eighth Street a few doors west of River.

### Meat Markets.

BOONE C., Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of  
Meat. Pays the highest price for cattle.  
Zeeland, Ottawa Co., Mich. 2-ly

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Mar-  
ket, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All  
kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. E., Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Mowing Machines—cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors  
of *Plunger Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the  
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-  
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and  
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor-  
ner 10th and River streets.

### Notary Publics.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer,  
and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug  
Store, 8th street.

### Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite  
S. W. cor. Public Square.

ASH, H. L., Surgeons and Physicians. Office at  
his residence, Overysel, Mich.

LEDEBOER, E. Physician and Surgeon; Office  
corner Eleventh and River street opposite  
public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon;  
office at residence, on Eighth street, near Chl.  
& M. L. S. R. crossing.

MC GULLOCK THOS., Physician, Surgeon and  
Accoucher. Office, Van Putten's Drug Store,  
Holland, Michigan.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., City Physician. Office at the  
First Ward Drug Store, 5th Street.

### Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer. Gal-  
lery opposite this office.

### Saddlers.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips;  
Eighth street.

### Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

### Watches and Jewelry.

JUSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers,  
and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Mar-  
ket and Eighth Street.

## Societies.

### I. O. O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order  
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd  
Fellow's Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening  
of each week.  
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

G. A. KONING, R. S. W. BLOK, N. G.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE,  
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,  
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, April  
24, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

OTTO BREYMAN, W. M.  
C. B. WYNN Sec'y.

## Special Notices.

### NOTICE.

The undersigned, Dr. L. E. Best, having  
settled in the city of Grand Rapids, offers  
his services as a Physician, Surgeon and Ac-  
coucheur to the public at large, and  
whereas he pays particular attention to  
chronic diseases, and fine surgery, he has  
concluded to stop at the City Hotel, in the  
City of Holland, on Saturday of each week,  
where he can be consulted during the day.

L. E. BEST, M. D.  
GRAND RAPIDS, Nov. 25 1878.

Now that we are having changeable  
weather, and almost everybody has a "bad  
cold" you will do well to remember the  
virtue of Macalister's Cough Mixture, the  
best in the market for coughs, colds, asth-  
ma, spitting of blood, influenza, whoop-  
ing cough, and all diseases of the throat  
and lungs. Prepared by John P. Lee,  
cor. Halstead and Harrison sts., Chicago,  
and is for sale at Schouten & Westveer's  
drug store. Price 50 cts. and \$1. 35-6m

One of the finest preparations for the  
hair we ever got acquainted with is "Lee's  
Hair Renewer." It is the best article to  
restore the color and prevent the falling  
out, and can be had at Schouten & West-  
veer's drug store. Price only 50 cents.  
35-6m

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

Apples, 1/2 bushel.....	25	30
Beans, 1/2 bushel.....	1	12
Butter, 1/2 lb.....	13	13
Clover seed, 1/2 lb.....	16	16
Eggs, 1/2 dozen.....	9	9
Honey, 1/2 lb.....	30	30
Hay, 1/2 ton.....	25	25
Onions, 1/2 bushel.....	25	25
Potatoes, 1/2 bushel.....	50	50
Timothy seed, 1/2 bushel.....	1	25
Wool, 1/2 lb.....	1	25

### Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry.....	2	50
" " green.....	2	00
" " beach, dry.....	1	75
" " green.....	4	00
Hemlock Bark.....	10	00
Staves, pork, white oak.....	12	00
Staves, Tierce.....	2	54
Heading bolts, soft wood.....	2	75
Heading bolts, hardwood.....	2	25
Stave bolts, softwood.....	3	00
Stave bolts, hardwood.....	10	00
Railroad ties.....	2	00
Shingles, A & M.....	2	00

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white 1/2 bushel..... new	95	98
Corn, shelled 1/2 bushel.....	35	35
Oats, 1/2 bushel.....	27	27
Buckwheat, 1/2 bushel.....	40	40
Brn. 1/2 ton.....	14	00
Feed, 1/2 ton.....	1	35
" 100 lb.....	1	30
Barley, 1/2 ton.....	85	85
Middling, 1/2 ton.....	2	20
Flour, 1/2 ton.....	3	00
Pearl Barley, 1/2 ton.....	4	00

### Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed per lb.....	4	3/4
Pork.....	8	3/4
Lard.....	8	10
Smoked Meat.....	8	10
" Ham.....	4	5
" Shoulders.....	4	5
Tallow, per lb.....	4	5
Turkeys.....	7	5
Chickens, dressed per lb.....	6	5

1879. Price Reduced. \$1.50

## THE NURSERY.

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR YOUNGEST READERS.

SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED. Send 10 cents  
for a specimen copy and Premium-List. Sub-  
scribe now, and get last number of this year FREE.

JOHN L. SHOREY,  
36 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.

## Greatest Remedy Known.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consump-  
tion is certainly the greatest medical rem-  
edy ever placed within the reach of suffer-  
ing humanity. Thousand of once hope-  
less sufferers, now loudly proclaim their  
praise for this wonderful Discovery to  
which they owe their lives. Not only  
does it positively cure Consumption, but  
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay  
Fever, Hoarseness and all affections of the  
Throat, Chest and Lungs yield at once to  
its wonderful curative powers as if by  
magic. We do not ask you to buy a large  
bottle until you know what you are get-  
ting. We therefore earnestly request that  
you call on your druggist, H. Walsh and  
get a trial bottle for ten cents, which will  
convince the most skeptical of its wonder-  
ful merits, and show you what a regular  
one dollar size bottle will do. For sale by  
Heber Walsh.

### A Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many Physi-  
cians, or how much medicine you have  
tried, it is now an established fact that  
German Syrup is the only remedy which  
has given complete satisfaction in severe  
cases of Lung Diseases. It is true there  
are yet thousands of persons who are pre-  
disposed to Throat and Lung Affections,  
Consumption, Hemorrhages, Asthma, Se-  
vere Colds settled on the Breast, Pneu-  
monia, Whooping Cough, &c., who have  
no personal knowledge of Boschee's Ger-  
man Syrup. To such we would say that  
50,000 dozen were sold last year without  
one complaint. Consumptives try just one  
bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by  
all Druggists in America.

In answer to repeated inquiries by my  
customers for a First-Class Felt Hat, I  
have purchased a stock of the finest hats  
in the market—the "Stetson," commonly  
known as the Philadelphia hat. It is a  
superb article, and are for sale at very low  
figures, at  
6-11.

D. BERTSCH.

ALL kinds of Shingles for sale at  
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

A FRESH stock of Candy, just received  
at  
L. T. KANTERS.

### Miscellaneous.

The most wonderful and marvelous suc-  
cess, in cases where persons are sick or  
pinning away from a condition of miser-  
ableness, that no one knows what ails them,  
(profitable patients for doctors), is obtained  
by the use of Hop Bitters. They begin to  
cure from the first dose and keep it up  
until perfect health and strength is re-  
stored. Whoever is afflicted in this way  
need not suffer, when they can get Hop  
Bitters. See "Truths" and "Proverbs"  
in another column.

The Best, Safest, and Cheapest remedy  
for all affections of the Bladder and Kid-  
neys—such as gravel, diabetes, etc.—is  
the Genuine Imported Harlem Oil. For  
sale at J. O. Doesburg's Drug store only.  
Price 25 cts. per bottle. 6-12 w

### Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tet-  
ter, Chapped hands, Eruptions, Corns, and all  
kinds of Skin Affections. This salve is  
guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in  
every case or money refunded. Price 25  
Cents per box. For Sale by Heber Walsh  
Holland, Michigan.

### Prospects for the Year.

A Kansas city paper, describing the  
present situation and the prospect from  
a mercantile standpoint, speaks thus:

"The spring trade has fairly opened and  
for the past fortnight business has been  
pretty active with our jobbers. All lines  
of trade have shown life and healthfulness  
and the indications all point to a prosper-  
ous season. The rapid settling up of the  
country west of us, the past year, the  
opening up of new country by new rail  
roads in every direction and the bountiful  
harvest throughout the new west in 1878,  
have all tended to create confidence and  
encourage increased consumption. Our  
merchants are steadily increasing their pur-  
chasing power each year. The extension  
of the Central Branch of the Union  
Pacific railroad up through the Solomon  
valley opened a new and rich country, and  
the extension of several Colorado roads  
and the reaching into New Mexico by the  
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, have all  
developed new territory and encouraged  
settlers and created new business. The  
rich mineral discoveries in Colorado and  
the flocking of thousands from the older  
states to the new Eldorado has given our  
merchants an unusually heavy trade from  
"Centennial" state. It is estimated that  
for the past twelve months 150,000 emi-  
grants have passed the Missouri river. In  
wholesale groceries, dry goods, hats and  
caps and liquors the volume of trade this  
spring, compared with last, is estimated as  
25 per cent. greater. The sales of boots  
and shoes and drugs are placed about 20  
per cent. above those for the spring of  
1878. In hardware business has been a  
little above an average, though there has  
been no marked increase. There has also  
been an increased movement in furniture  
and agricultural implements, the business  
of the latter being exceptionally large.  
The lumber trade has also shown increased  
volume, while our receipts of grain and  
live stock have been ahead of any previous  
year. In fine, the general trade of our  
city for the past two weeks has been active  
and highly satisfactory, and the year 1879  
promises to be a very busy one with our  
merchants. Kansas City is yet in its in-  
fancy. At its present rate of progress  
what may we expect in the next five years,  
when Kansas will have added 500,000 to  
its population, and Colorado 200,000, and  
New Mexico, Arizona and southern Cali-  
fornia opened up by the completion of the  
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and  
Southern Pacific railroads."

### General Porter's Case.

The report of the military board ap-  
pointed by the President to re-examine the  
case of General Fitz John Porter leaves  
no room for two opinions with respect to  
that officer's innocence of the offence for  
which he was dismissed the service. After  
a thorough examination of all the facts,  
in the light of accurate topographical  
maps, and with the testimony of General  
Longstreet and other southern officers up  
on points which it was impossible to de-  
termine at the first trial because this testi-  
mony was not then to be had, a Board  
consisting of Generals Schofield and Terry  
and Colonel Getty, have reported, not as  
a matter of fact, that the charges were  
made and the finding of the original  
court delivered in error; that the facts  
were misunderstood; that General Porter  
was thus unjustly condemned, and that  
justice demands his restoration to his rank  
in the army, to date from the time of his  
undeserved dismissal.

Such a report, we say, from such a Board  
leaves the public with no opportunity for  
hesitation or doubt. It clears General  
Porter's name entirely of the stigma  
placed upon it in misapprehension of the  
facts sixteen years ago.

General Porter's friends have occasion  
for rejoicing. The public, which is with-  
out special interest in the matter, will re-  
joice not so much because General Porter's  
good name is restored to him as because  
abstract justice is satisfied by the investi-  
gation, and because some vexed questions  
in the history of our war are finally solved.

The testimony taken by the Board is an  
important contribution to exact historical  
knowledge; it forms by itself a pretty  
complete and unquestionably accurate  
history of the brief campaign which ended  
in the second battle of Bull Run. With  
all that has been written about the war,  
there is no battle of the four years—not  
even Gettysburg itself—concerning which  
the student can inform himself so minute-  
ly or so accurately as he may with respect  
to General Pope's struggle with Jackson  
in August, 1862.—N. Y. Eve. Post.

### Liquor Statistics.

A great demand exists for facts in re-  
gard to the liquor traffic, and whoever can  
contribute them should now come forward.  
We want the figures of arithmetic, and  
finance more than those of rhetoric and  
pathos, as the best means of handling this  
unpleasant question. The general busi-  
ness of the Lansing House has been nearly  
one-third larger for the present winter than  
it was in 1877, the price of board and  
rooms being somewhat reduced. But this  
increase of business does not bring an in-  
crease of drinking at this hotel. The  
average daily receipts at the bar in 1879  
are only 48 per cent as much as they were  
in 1877. Less drinking, therefore takes  
place among the frequenters of the hotel,  
and they furnish a fair average for the  
general community. The red-ribbon move-  
ment has done something, but the tax law  
has also done something, to check the  
baleful tide of intoxicating drink. The  
character of the members of the present  
legislature is an evidence of reform  
since 1875, a year when we had the most  
bibulous body seen in Michigan for a long  
period. If the tax law is injurious to  
temperance, as some contend, how does  
it happen that twenty years' prohibition  
brought forth a legislature like that of  
1878, while stringent taxation for only  
four years brings forth one like that of  
1879?—Lansing Republican.

### Lippincott's Magazine.

Lippincott's Magazine for May opens  
with a brilliantly written and finely illus-  
trated paper, by Mrs. Sarah Butler Wister,  
which propounds and answers one ques-  
tion, "Why do we like Paris?" In another  
illustrated paper—"From Norway to  
York"—H. M. Robinson describes graphi-  
cally canoe travel and transportation in  
the territory of the Hudson Bay Company.  
"The Tramp in Four Centuries" is a close  
but somewhat enigmatical study of a class  
which is commonly supposed to be a  
modern innovation, but which is here  
shown, on the evidence of curious unpub-  
lished letters, to have made its appearance  
on every occasion of social and financial  
revolutions. "My Hero" gives a very  
striking account of the career of General  
Paez, "the first lance in the world," by  
one who knew him personally while pres-  
ident of the Venezuelan Republic. Miss  
Annie Porter continues her graphic  
sketches of "Village Life in Louisiana;"  
Nathan Clifford Brown describes "Beach-  
Birds," giving special attention to such as  
are rarest and least known; and Mrs.  
Hooper has an interesting account of Car-  
dinal Richelieu's first and only appear-  
ance as a dramatic author and stage-man-  
ager. The serial and short stories are of  
the usual excellence; but many readers  
will find nothing so entertaining as the  
"Gossip," which is full of bright and  
amusing talk, chiefly on "society topics,"  
including a witty little dialogue on "Propo-  
sals of Marriage."

### A SPECIAL OFFER TO THE READERS OF THIS PAPER.

\$7.00 for 63 Cents.

The American Diamond Dictionary,  
containing 80,000 words, orthography, pro-  
nunciation and definitions according to  
the best English and American Lexi-



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

REV. JOHN MILLER, D. D., late Professor of the Theological Seminary, of Princeton, N. J., has been formally deposed from the Presbyterian ministry for heresy.

**THE VERMONT MURDER.** John P. Phair, who had been three times relieved, was hanged on the 10th inst., at Windsor, Vt. The murder was committed in Rutland, July, 1874. George Hays, of Shoshone, Pa., cut his wife's throat, and then drowned himself. The Massachusetts House of Representatives rejected the bill to secure women the right to vote on municipal affairs in cities and towns, but passed the bill to give women the right to vote for members of school committees.

**GEN. RICHARD TAYLOR**, of the Confederate army, died in New York last week. He was the only son of the late President Taylor.

A DISTRICT SHOCK of earthquake was felt in St. Lawrence county, N. Y., one day last week.

### THE WEST.

A BILL making an appropriation for the completion of the monument to Stephen A. Douglas, at Chicago, has been defeated in the Illinois Senate.

**RICE'S "Evangeline"** combination is at Haverly's Chicago Theater this week, where they give, in addition to the ever-welcome "Evangeline," "Pinafore" and "Conrad the Corsair." The public will never, apparently, tire of the absurdities and music in the burlesque and comic opera, and the Rice party are about the best in their line. Manager Haverly seems to hit the popular taste in everything he engages, and as a consequence crowded houses are the rule at his handsome theater.

**HENRY A. SCHLENGER**, a printer from Illinois, who murdered Florence Booth last September, at Lincoln, Neb., has been refused a new trial, and will hang on the 18th of June. A telegram from Fort Buford, the nearest post to the British line, says the Indians are becoming restless, and are beginning to move. The Yanktons are dissatisfied, and scarcely controllable.

A TORNADO swept over the town of Collinsville, Ill., one day last week, destroying several buildings, unroofing and partially wrecking numerous others, killing one person, injuring many more, and half frightening the entire population out of their wits.

**THE OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS STATE TREASURER** at Springfield was robbed, a few days ago, of a package of \$5,000, by two sneak-thieves, who entered the office ostensibly for the purpose of getting a \$1,000 bill changed. The money was not missed until the robbers had made good their escape.

SIX HUNDRED AND NINETY dozen eggs were served to the convicts in the penitentiary at Joliet, Ill., on Easter Sunday, in addition to their regular dinner.

### THE SOUTH.

It is reported from Charleston, S. C., that the election cases now pending in the United States Circuit Court there are to be dropped, in consideration of the State authorities suspending further proceedings against ex-Gov. Chamberlain, ex-Representative Smalls, ex-State Treasurer Cardozo and other Republicans.

**HEAVY frosts**, doing much damage to fruit and growing crops, were reported in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina during the first week in April.

At a delegate convention of colored men of Arkansas, held at Little Rock the other day, resolutions were adopted affirming that, "as the colored citizens of Arkansas in many localities are not allowed the free enjoyment of their constitutional rights, they are desirous of emigrating to some other State or Territory where the elective franchise can be enjoyed unmolested," and recommending the appointment of two colored Commissioners, under the National Emigration Aid Society, to select a suitable State or Territory.

**THE TEXAS SENATE** has adopted a measure taxing commercial travelers from other States \$100 per year and \$10 additional for each county visited on business.

### WASHINGTON.

**SECRETARY SHERMAN** last week issued the first call for the redemption of 10-40 5 per cent Government bonds of 1866, amounting in all to \$10,000,000, the principal and interest of which are due on and after June 9, 1870.

**ATTY. GEN. DEVENS**, while on the way to the theater with his chief clerk, one evening last week, was badly shaken up by the horses running off and smashing the carriage and whirling it over to the occupants had to be taken through the window. Fortunately they escaped serious injury. A son of Senator Blaine was thrown from his horse and had his shoulder displaced. He is, however, doing well.

**THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY** has ordered the allop Jamestown fitted for sea as speedily as possible, and put in commission to go to Sitka, relieving the Alaska, when the latter shall be ordered home. The Jamestown will be provided with two large steam launches, to be used in patrolling the Alaska coast and making surveys of the inland channels. The Cabinet has decided to send a naval vessel to Samoa.

It now seems probable that the present session of Congress will last until July. This is the opinion of those most competent to judge, says a Washington correspondent.

**INFORMATION** at the Treasury Department from various official sources is that the disease of pleuro-pneumonia among the cattle in this country is slowly disappearing, owing to the prompt action of Federal officials, working in connection with State authorities.

### POLITICAL.

**UNDER** the heading, "The Candidates of 1880," the New York Times publishes reports showing the state and tendency of public opinion throughout the Union up to the choice of candidates most likely to be made by the Republican and Democratic parties for the Presidential campaign of 1880. The introduction says: "We have information from every State in the Union, gathered by more than 170 correspondents, stationed at from one to nineteen points in each State. Each correspondent covered a large field, including many important centers of political thought and discussion. The letters come from intelligent men of both political parties. Our correspondents do not give their individual views simply, but the preferences expressed by the people of

their sections. The results point unmistakably to the nomination of Gen. Grant by the Republicans, and of Mr. Tilden by the Democrats. The vast preponderance of Republican sentiment in favor of Gen. Grant leaves all other candidates in the rear." The announcement is made on the authority of Gov. Hendricks that he will not again take a second place on the Presidential ticket in 1880.

**THE** Republicans of Kentucky have nominated Walter Evans for Governor. Ex-Governor Seymour authorizes and requests the announcement that upon no consideration would he consent to be a candidate for any public office. He is thoroughly devoted to his dairy, and would rather make cheese than be President.

A WASHINGTON telegram to the Chicago Inter Ocean says: "A gentleman traveling with Gen. Grant writes home that the General says he will not be a candidate for President under any circumstances."

**THE** Republican State Central Committee of Iowa has issued a call for a State Convention at Des Moines on Wednesday, June 11, to nominate candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Judge of the Supreme Court. The basis of representation is one delegate for each county, and in addition thereto, one delegate for each 200 votes or fraction over 100 cast for Secretary of State last year. This will make a total of 772 delegates. The official returns of the recent State election in Michigan, though not complete, are sufficiently so as to make certain a Republican majority of about 4,000. The total vote so far received: Campbell, Republican, for Justice of the Supreme Court, 132,000; Shipman, coalition, 128,000.

### GENERAL.

**THE** widow Oliver has entered the lecture field, and will visit the North and West and deliver her lecture entitled "My Late Trial with Senator Cameron."

A CONFERENCE of the railway trunk-line managers was held in New York last week. The principal reason for the meeting was an adjustment of the rates on live stock, on which there had been cutting for some time, past from 60 to 35 cents a hundred. The conference resulted in the trunk lines fixing an arbitrary rate on live stock at 60 cents per 100 pounds, on a basis of Chicago to New York, the new schedule to go into effect immediately.

**EDISON** is out with a letter, in which he declares that his electric light is a complete success, and can be furnished at one-third the cost of gas. He expects to be able to make the whole thing public within two months.

**THE** mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co. gives the number of failures in the States and Territories for the quarter ending March 31, 1870 at 2,534, with liabilities of \$45,112,065. For the quarter ending March 31, 1871, the failures were 3,353 and the liabilities \$52,767,820.

It is announced that J. Pierpont Morgan, of the banking-house of Drexel, Morgan & Co., and Mr. Charles Louder, have gone to Europe for the purpose of forming a new syndicate for the refunding of the 10-40 loan into 4 per cents.

### VISIBLE SUPPLY OF GRAIN IN THE STATES AND CANADA.

Wheat, 13,836,000 bushels; corn, 12,522,000 bushels; oats, 2,215,000 bushels; rye, 1,104,000 bushels; barley, 2,287,000 bushels.

### FOREIGN.

**THE** Russian revolutionary committee has sent letters to all the imperial dignitaries at St. Petersburg saying that, though they do not intend to attack the Czar, they will continue to kill his attendants, especially the heads of the Police Department, so long as the treatment of political prisoners is unameliorated. Several serious collisions between striking colliers and the police have occurred in the English mining districts.

At the recent council in St. Petersburg Gen. Tollen declared he believed that war was the only solution of the Eastern Roumelian difficulty. Count Schouvaloff strongly opposed this view.

**THE** scheme of mixed occupation as a temporary solution of the Bulgarian difficulty is practically abandoned as a failure. Karl Beck, the German poet, is dead.

**THE** Sultan recently addressed a telegram to the English Government, formally condemning the proceedings of the Khedive as a danger to the whole East, expressing a willingness to cancel the firman regulating the Egyptian succession, depose the Khedive, and send Halim Pasha to Alexandria in a Turkish man-of-war as the Khedive's successor.

A DISPATCH from Berlin states that Germany, though entertaining no idea of annexing the Samoan islands, intends to protect German interests and prevent the Americans from establishing themselves there, to the detriment of other nations.

**FROM** Russia there comes the particulars of a horrible massacre of prisoners at Kieff. The unfortunate were nihilist students, and their attempts at escape by means of a tunnel proved their death. Although informed of the project the authorities permitted the miserable men to continue their work until the tunnel was completed and filled with prisoners. Soldiers were then posted at each end, and the slaughter began, its end coming only with the death of the last man in the place.

An attempt to assassinate the Czar of Russia was made at St. Petersburg the other day. None of the shots fired at him took effect. The would-be assassin was arrested, and the city was decorated by the people, who rejoiced at the escape of the Emperor.

**THE** English and French have, apparently, been successful in their efforts to influence the Sultan respecting affairs in Egypt, though it is thought that the Khedive will resist the Sultan's attempt to depose him, should one be made. In fact, it is reported that the Khedive, in anticipation of the event, has strengthened his army.

**CHILI** has formally declared war against Peru. Trichinosis has appeared for the first time in Italy.

### FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

**THE** Senate did nothing beyond discussing the New Hampshire Senatorial case on the 9th. Mr. Davis opposed the admission of Bell, and Messrs. McDonald and Jones (Pa.) spoke in favor of his admission. The House devoted the entire day to the discussion of the machinery of parliamentary procedure, and some important changes were made in the rules. It was decided to appoint special committees on Census, on Civil Service, on Means of Ascertaining the Presidential Vote, on Origin and Introduction of Bills, on Revision of the Constitution, on the Labor Question, and to increase membership of the Committee on Enrolled Bills to seven, on Census to eleven, on Ways and Means to thirteen, and on Agriculture, Judiciary, Elections, Commerce and Appropriations to fifteen each. Among the most important changes was a new rule which authorizes the Committee on Commerce to report the River and Harbor bill at any time. The most important change of all was a new rule, adopted by a vote of 190 yeas to 160 nays, which permits the committees on Ways and Means, Banking and Currency, and Coin-

age to report bills at any time, and on motion of any member the House may, by a majority vote, fix a day for the consideration of any public bill which may be reported by any of these committees. A new rule, which will be of great benefit for purposes of general legislation, was adopted, which provides that the morning hour shall not be disposed of except by a two-thirds vote of the members present. This will prevent a single committee from monopolizing the time of the House, as is now frequently done. The Democratic caucus of the House members, after the adjournment of the day, a resolution was passed, with but one dissenting vote, that the House will regularly proceed to business on Monday, the 14th.

**THE** Senate finally settled the New Hampshire Senatorial case on the 10th by the admission of Charles H. Bell. The vote was 35 yeas to 28 nays. Two Republicans—Carpenter and Conkling—voted with the minority. Senator Davis, of Illinois, voted against Bell. Ten Democrats voted with the majority, namely, Bayard, Gordon, Groome, Jones, McDonald, Randolph, Vanhook, Walker, Whyte and Williams. The House was at work on the Legislative Appropriation bill.

**THE** Army Appropriation bill was taken up in the Senate on the 11th, and Mr. Withers explained its provisions. No amendments were adopted, the Committee on Appropriations having agreed to resist all amendments, and the majority of the Senate seconding them accordingly. The reason assigned by Mr. Withers for such a course was that amendments would delay the passage of the bill. Mr. Herford called up Mr. Moore's resolution declaring the Democratic programme for the passage of appropriation bills to be unconstitutional and revolutionary, and made a speech against it, insisting that no such action was contemplated as would justify such a conclusion. The House was at work on the Legislative Appropriation bill. Speaker Randall announced the standing committees, which are as follows:

Elections—Springer, Manning, Simmons, Spear, Colerick, Armfield, Beltzhoover, Sawyer, Plister, Kefer, Camp, Perkins, Field, Overton, Weaver.

Ways and Means—Fernando Wood, Tucker, Gibson, Phelps, Morrison, Mills, Carlisle, Felson, Garfield, Kelley, Conger, Frye, Dunnell.

Appropriations—Adams, Mount, Singleton (Miss), Clymer, Blackburn, Wells, Cobb, Forney, McMahon, Baker, Monroe, Hawley, Hartsell, Canine, Hiseock, Banking and Currency—Buckner, Ewing, Davis, Young, Lewis, Lounsbury, Ladd, Chittenden, Fort, Price, Crapo.

Pacific Railroads—McLane, Chalmers, Bliss, Clark, Dickey, Ellis, Martin, Wellborn, Harmer, Belard, Newberry, Bailey, Butler, Worth.

Claims—Bright, Dickey, Davidson, Cover, O'Connor, Davis, Sanford, Lindsey, Barber, Bowman, Crowley.

Commerce—Reagan, Bliss, Ross, Kenna, McLane, Thomas, Turner, Acklen, Beale, Deuster, Gandy, O'Neill, Waite, Henderson, Townsend (D.), Russell.

Public Lands—Converse, Wright, Steele, McKen-

zie, Williams (Ala.), Ketcham, Ryan, Sapp, Washburn, Benton.

Postoffice and Post Roads—Money, Clark, Cook, Ervine, Singleton (Ill.), Shelley, Jones, Ketcham, Joyce, Stone, Bingham.

District of Columbia—Huntton, Henkle, Bouck, Clark, Martin, Sanford, Klotz, Neal, James, Heilmann, Aldrich.

Judiciary—Knott, Harris, Oulerson, Hard, House, Ryan, Herbert, New, Hammond, Lapham, Ross, Bland, McKim, Williams, Willets.

War—Chambers, Warner, Rothwell, Thompson, Simonton, Carpenter, Fardon, Tyler, Bayne, Russell.

Public Expenditures—Finley, Manning, Davis, Tillman, Simonton, Beltzhoover, Joyce, Mason, Cowgill, Brigham.

Private Land Claims—Gunter, Martin, Caldwell, Muldrow, Stevenson, Myers, Lay, Mitchell, Norcross, Burrows, Voorhis.

Manufactures—Wise, Beale, Nicholls, Smith, Richardson, Taylor, Lowe, Hall, Holt, Hammond, McCook.

Foreign Affairs—Cool, Nelson, Bicknell, King, Nicholls, Herndon, Phil, Killinger, Rice, Morton, Robinson.

Territories—Muldrow, Cravens, Bouck, Muller, Martin, Frost, Bachman, Humphrey, Aldrich, Young, Dick, Maginnis.

Invalid Pensions—Whitaker, Bland, Cabell, Dibble, Singleton (Ill.), Ryan (Pa.), Converse, Farr, Mills, Pierce, Gillette.

Invalid Pensions—Coffroth, Lewis, Caldwell, Hostetter (Ind.), Persons (Ga.), Hatch (Mo.), Taylor (Tenn.), Smith (La.), Hazelton (Wis.), Davis (Ill.), Updegraff (Ohio).

Railways and Canals—Cabell, Shelby, Kimmel, Simmons, W. O. Garner, Turner, O'Brien, Fisher, Blake, Bouck, Ford.

Agriculture—Covert, Aiken, Steele, Dibble, Henry, Le Fevre, Richmond, Persons, Hatch, McGowan, Wilber, Valentine, Godeschalk, Anderson, Forsythe.

Indian Affairs—Scales, Hooker, Gunter, Waddell, Poehler, Whitaker, Wellborn, Errett, Deering, Foud, Haskell, Almshouse.

Military Affairs—Sparks, Dibble, Bragg, Johnston, Smith, Le Fevre, White, McCook, Marsh, Browne.

Militia—Ross, Scales, Henkle, Thomas, Turner, Spear, O'Brien, Dick, Farr, Daggett, Hawk, Miller.

Naval Affairs—Whitthorne, Goode, Morse, Elam, Davidson, Talbot, O'Brien, Harris, Harmer, Briggs, Brewer.

Mines and Mining—Stevenson, Acklen, Armfield, Asherton, Wells, Klotz, Loring, Mitchell, Truer, Einswiler, Campbell.

Education and Labor—Goode, Willis, Lay, Tillman, McMillan, Ballou, Barlow, Osmer, Van Aernam.

Revision of the Laws—Harris, Clark (Mo.), Townsend, Giddes, Richardson, McMillan, Lowe, Orth, Thomas, Osmer, Gillette.

Coinage, Weights and Measures—Stephens, Vance, Ellis, Bland, Willis, Warner, De La Matry, Gladwin, Ward, Palmer, Smith, Ward, Caswell, Ballou, Dwight.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Cook, Young, McKenzie, Kimmel, Atherton, Kitchen, March, Clark (La.), Jorgensen, Starin, Shallenberger.

Accounts—Henry, Morse, Martin, Boyd, Smith, McIlhenny—Cobb, Knott, Mills, Chittenden, Overton.

Expenditures of State Department—Clymer, Herndon, King, Frost, Newberry, Barlow, Crowley, Weaver, Starin.

Expenditures of Treasury Department—Morrison, Ferny, Tappan, Buckner, Reagan, Hill, O'Neill, Weaver, Starin.

Expenditures of War Department—Blackburn, Felson, Wells, Jones, White, Norcross, Bouck.

Expenditures of Navy Department—Townsend (Ill.), Phelps, Kitchin, Hull, Wood, Lindsey, Neal.

Expenditures of Postoffice Department—Ladd, Money, Sparks, Poehler, Blake, Valentine, Bingham.

Expenditures Interior Department—Muller, Whitthorne, Clardy, Williams (Ala.), De La Matry, Jorgensen, Burrows.

Expenditures of Public Buildings—Deuster, Bright, Herbert, O'Reilly, Ford, Forsythe, Yokum.

Expenditures of Department of Justice—Blount, Cleveland, Springer, Ford, New, Whistler, Davis, Clark (Iowa), Thomas, Einstein, Shallenberger.

Leaves of the Mississippi—Roberts, Chalmers, Johnston, Osmer, Turner, Myers, Evans, Dunn, Bayne, Boyd, Caswell, Prescott.

Rules—The Speaker, Stephens, Blackburn, Garfield, Frye.

Reform in Civil Service—Hostetter, Cravens, House, Kenna, O'Connor, Sawyer, Hammond, Hayes, Hartsell, Battersworth, Davidson.

On the State of Law Relating to Electoral Count—Bicknell, Hanton, Carlisle, Stephens, Ewing, Lounsbury, Dunn, Orth, Updegraff (Iowa), Van Voorhis, Yokum.

Ventilation of Hall of House—Kimmel, Covert, Carlisle, McMahon, Stone, Kelley, Robinson.

**CONTROL** of the Entomological Commission. Mr. Bragg moved to strike out all provision for the Southern Claims Commission, and to insert a clause repealing the law creating the commission. Consideration of the amendment was postponed until the 16th. The Senate held no session. The Republican Senators had a caucus which lasted two hours. After a thorough discussion of the situation, during which nearly every Senator participated in the debate, the conclusion was reached that the Senators would untidely urge an aggressive warfare against the political amendments to the Appropriation bill in the line marked out by ex-Secretary Robeson in his speech. The caucus unanimously agreed to disregard the position assumed by Gen. Garfield, that the legislation could be accepted if presented in a separate measure. They held on the contrary, that if the legislation on its merits could be acceptable it would not be revolutionary to pass it on an Appropriation bill. They decided rather that the proper constitutional ground to maintain was that outlined by ex-Secretary Robeson—that to repeal that section of the United States law binds the hands of the President of the United States, cripples the civil power, and prevents the Executive, or the courts, or the Marshals, or any civil posse, or any body of armed men in the execution of justice, to appear at the polls. This, the Republicans will maintain, is a violation of the constitution, and of the fundamental principles of civil liberty, and cannot be tolerated.

**DEBATE** on the Army Appropriation bill was opened in the Senate on the 14th. The pending question was on Mr. Blaine's amendment prohibiting the appearance within a mile of a polling-place of any person armed with a deadly weapon of any kind, and Mr. Blaine began the debate in a long speech, the first part of which was devoted to ridiculing the Democratic "supposition" of possible intimidation by the army at an election. In the entire South there were only 1,155 men—40 to each million of inhabitants. In some Southern States there were none at all. In North Carolina there were 94; in South Carolina, 120; in Georgia, 28; in Arkansas, 57; in Alabama, 52; in Louisiana, 231; and not one in Texas, outside of the border. Mr. Blaine contended that the "I do not profess to know, Mr. President, what the President of the United States will do when these bills are presented to him, as I suppose in due course of time they will be," "I certainly should never speak a solitary word of disrespect of the gentleman holding that exalted position, and I hope I shall not speak a word unbecoming the dignity of the office of Senator of the United States; but, as there has been speculation here and there on both sides as to what he would do, it seems to me that the dead heroes of the Union would rise from their graves if he should consent to be intimidated and outraged in his proper constitutional power, by threats like these. All the war measures of Abraham Lincoln are to be wiped out, say leading Democrats. The Bourbons of France would be themselves, a babe after the restoration in removing every trace of Napoleon's power and grandeur, even chasing the "N" from public monuments raised to perpetuate his glory, but the dead man's hand from St. Helena reached out and destroyed them in their pride and in their glory. And I tell the Senators on the other side of this chamber, I tell the Democratic party North and South, South in the lead and North following, that the tomb of the martyred President from the prairies of Illinois will wither and destroy them. "Though dead he speaketh." When you present these bills these threats to a living President who bore the commission of Abraham Lincoln, and who served with honor in the army of the Union which Lincoln restored and preserved. I can think only of one appropriate response from his life or his tomb, and that is to rebuke with all the scorn fitting his station: "Is thy servant a dog that he should do this thing?" Mr. Wallace, in reply to Mr. Blaine, said the bill makes no threat to deny supplies. Let us look at this subject of coercion. The President, Senate, and House are independent, each in its sphere. Each possesses a negative upon the other. The Senate and House each have an absolute veto upon the other, while that of the Executive is limited. If the Senate refuses to pass a House bill because of objectionable matter, and makes its removal a condition of its passage, it coerces the House to that extent. It has this right. It is not revolutionary. It exercises its constitutional right to judge of the measure. This right is vital; the check invaluable. The Senate has the right to exercise its negative upon the Legislative power. If the Executive dissents, and on reconsideration there are not two-thirds, the Legislative branch may decline to act. It has this right or it has no independence of action. "If alone for itself must judge of the fitness, necessity, and constitutionality of the measure proposed." It cannot exercise its power, nor can the Executive coerce it. Each is responsible to the people for its conclusions and actions, and must act in full view of that tribunal. If the Legislative branch could be coerced to act in this mode, the will of the majority would be controlled by the minority. The patronage of an unscrupulous President and minority could dictate legislation. The Senate should propose its intention by the constitutional negative in the House. Mr. Ladd, of Maine, attempted to introduce a financial bill, but Mr. Conger, of Michigan, and other Republicans objected, and caused so much discussion and delay in the proceedings that the morning hour expired before this or any other financial measure could be brought before the House.

**UPON** the assembling of the Senate on the 15th, the Secretary, before reading the journal, read a note from Vice President Wheeler, stating that the dangerous illness of his sister had called him away from Washington, and it would be necessary for the Senate to elect a President pro tem. Mr. Bayard offered the following: "Resolved, That, in the absence of the Vice President, A. G. Thurman be and he is hereby chosen President of the Senate pro tem." Mr. Anthony moved to substitute the name of Thomas W. Ferry. Disagreed to—yeas, 18; nays, 25—and the resolution passed. Mr. Thurman was conducted to the chair by Mr. Ferry, the former remarking, on the way thither, "Turn about is fair play." Mr. Thurman, on taking the chair, said: "Gentlemen, it is only necessary for me to say, in fewest possible words, that I sincerely thank you for this mark of your confidence." The Army Appropriation bill was taken up, and Mr. Logan addressed the Senate. He thought the question now before that body more important than any other that had arisen since 1861, when the same sentiments which prompted the present legislation were expressed by many of the same men, who are now uttering the amendment. He denounced the proposed legislation as bad in itself, and as being attempted by unconstitutional practices. Mr. Beck followed Mr. Logan. He said the Democracy was warned of an appeal to Caesar. They intend to appeal to the people before Caesar comes, before the Republic is crossed, and the cry is, "Alca jacta est." It is to prevent Caesar from coming that they desire the soldiers to be taken from the polls. As to the small number of troops cast on Omaha, spoken of by the gentleman from Maine (Blaine), Mr. Beck said when it was determined that Louisiana should be carried by force, 4,500 men were sent there. It was easy to concentrate troops when necessary for such a purpose. When this law was passed there were no John Davenport and such men to take command of the army. The House passed the bill for the construction of a retrigrading ship for the destruction of vesper and cargo, Mr. Chalmers, of Mississippi, arose to a personal explanation, and caused to be read extracts from newspapers reciting the old charges of cruelty and massacre of colored people at the battle of Fort Pillow, and connecting him (Chalmers) with the same. Mr. Chalmers asked for the appointment of a special committee of seven, a majority of who shall be composed of Republicans, to investigate the truth of the statements made. The resolution was, on the suggestion of Gen. Garfield, postponed for the present. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Legislative bill, the pending question being on Mr. Bragg's motion to insert a clause repealing the law creating the Southern Claims Commission. After considerable debate, the amendment was defeated—yeas, 61; nays, 118. A bill was offered by Mr. De La Matry providing for the substitution of United States legal tender paper money for national bank notes.

**THE** Canadians are greatly incensed at finding that many of their merchants, just before the new tariff was brought forward, loaded their shelves with American goods which have escaped the duty, and are now retailed at an advance of 10 or 15 per centum.

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### PERSONALS.

BISMARCK IS 65.

A RING in the nose is the complete fighting uniform of the Zulus.

CHIEF MOSES has gone to Washington to have a talk with his white father.

COME forward, everybody. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., is settling all his old debts.

COL. PRICE, 80 years old and blind, is the most active temperance reformer in Indiana.

GEN. SCOTT made it a rule never to see a woman on business without other witnesses.

THOMAS MOORE, the Irish poet, would have been a centenarian if he had lived until next May 28.

WHEN in this country, James Gordon Bennett is followed around by a pair of dogs which cost him \$1,000.

SENATOR GORDON's wife refused to prosecute a little darkey who stole her pocket-book the other day.

WHEN the electric light is completed, Mr. Edison will try to make a flying-machine, and then—perpetual motion.

A FORT WAYNE girl mistook her somnambulist brother for a burglar, and fractured his skull with a base-ball club.

THE NORTHSTOWN Herald says that Cetywayo's nose is as flat as English humor and his mouth as broad as a Western joke.

CHARLES BENNETT, a California gymnast, who died a few days ago, could run twenty miles at a high rate of speed, and could lift easily a weight of 1,000 pounds.

ANDREW G. HOLMES, of Boston, who squandered \$50,000 in dissipation, has signed the pledge and become President of a gospel temperance league, which bears his name.

HARRY CATE, of London, Eng., and Charles Cate, of San Francisco, brothers, who had not seen each other for thirty years, met accidentally at Des Moines, Iowa, the other day.

AT the coming celebration of the 315th anniversary of Shakespeare's birth at Stratford-on-Avon, "The Tempest" is to be read by Mr. Brandram, who knows all of Shakespeare's writings by heart.

IT is said that Surgeon General Woodworth was so poor when he died that a collection was taken among the heads of bureaus in the Treasury Department to defray the expenses of his funeral.

EX-GOV. HUBBARD's daughter and her husband, the ex-coachman, have returned to Hartford, and are residing temporarily with mamma and papa Shepard. Mother Hubbard is still inexorable, and a retinon is one of the improbabilities.

YOUNG ELWOOD came to himself in the cell of a police station in New Orleans. Although he had been rather careless in his habits, this result of a spree shocked and surprised him. He immediately hanged himself with a handkerchief to the grating of the door.

THE Emperor of Germany is taking great care of himself at present, that he may be able to enjoy the festivities which are to celebrate the golden anniversary of his wedding. Only one member of the house of Hohenzollern has attained to this anniversary—this one was Frederick the Great.



## SABBATH READING.

### Lost and Found.

I lost the brook as it wound its way,  
Like a thread of silver hue;  
Through greenwood and valley, through meadows  
gay.  
'Twas hidden away from view;  
But I found again a noble river,  
Sparkling and broad and free,  
Wider and fairer growing ever,  
Till it reached the boundless sea.

I lost the tiny seed that I sowed  
With many a sigh and tear,  
And vainly waited through sunshine and cold  
For the young green to appear;  
But surely after many long days  
The blossoms and fruits will come,  
And the reapers on high the sheaves will raise  
For a joyful harvest home.

I lost the life that grew by my own  
For one short summer day;  
And then it left me to wander alone,  
And silently passed away;  
But I know I shall find it further on,  
Though not as it left me here:  
For the shadows and mists will have passed and  
gone;  
I shall see it fair and clear.

I lost the notes of the heavenly chime  
That once came floating by;  
I have listened and waited many a time  
For the echo, though dimly;  
But I know in the halls of glory it thrills,  
Ever by day and by night;  
I shall hear it complete when its harmony fills  
My soul with great delight.

I lost the love that made my life,  
A love that was all for me;  
Oh! vainly I sought it amid the strife  
Of the stormy, raging sea;  
But the deeper and purer I know it waits  
Beyond my wilful eyes;  
I shall find it again within the gates  
Of the garden of paradise.

I shall lose this life! it will disappear,  
With its wonderful mystery;  
Some day it will move no longer here,  
But will vanish silently;  
But I know I shall find it again once more,  
In a beauty no song hath told;  
It will meet me at the golden door,  
And round me forever fold.  
—Golden Hours.

### Self-Reliance.

Men must be taught self-reliance.  
They must also be taught to look to God  
for help, and to rely on His helping them.  
Both should go together. We think we  
have discovered a tendency in the pre-  
vailing teaching at Reform Club meet-  
ings to altogether ignore the gospel of  
self-reliance, manhood and courageous  
self-preservation, while properly exalt-  
ing the gospel of hope in Christ and re-  
liance on God. No person is in the way  
of overcoming any evil habit, or any  
sinful practice, so long as he is made to  
feel that he is wholly given over to the  
care of another party. In his thought,  
the other party at once becomes responsi-  
ble for his conduct. If he fails, it is his  
misfortune, but the other party's blame.  
Teaching men that they are weak only  
confirms them in weakness. Teach  
them that they may be strong through  
the grace of God and the exercise of the  
faculties that He has given them, and  
they have already passed the Red Sea  
walls and are advancing toward the  
promised land of redemption.—*Morn-  
ing Star.*

### Was It Success?

Verily the wicked do sometimes  
flourish like the "green bay-tree." But  
their end! Oh, their dreadful end, as  
seen by the light of God's truth!  
Mr. W. was regarded as a very suc-  
cessful Southern planter. He continually  
added to the number of his acres, and  
of his slaves, until his possessions came  
to be a sort of kingdom in itself, in the  
midst of which he could say, with a de-  
gree of truth, "I'm lord of all I survey."  
So much outward prosperity elated him  
beyond measure. Nor did he make an  
effort to conceal it. He was wont often  
to parade what he regarded as his sharp  
commencement in business, even to the  
disparagement of a pious mother.  
According to his own story, his  
mother had specially guarded him  
against betting and indeed against  
gambling in any form. But, when  
quite a young man, he attended a horse-  
race, where, among other stakes, a negro  
slave was set up. He bet against this  
negro and won. Then taking the pre-  
mium of his unfilial conduct home, ac-  
cording to his own version, he showed  
his mother his superior wisdom. And  
unlike most men of his ilk, in advanced  
age he was able to look back—as with  
unholy pride he often did—over a life  
of continuous property accumulations.  
But what was the final result? The  
war came on and swept away his slaves,  
and everything movable, leaving him  
with but the mere skeleton of his former  
treasures. This, however, was only the  
commencement of the reverse. He  
died—and as the fool dieth, without  
hope, and without God. He went be-  
fore his Judge, having gained much of  
the world, but having lost his soul.  
Nor was this all. He handed down his  
evil character to his sons and heirs, but  
failed to bequeath to them his great ex-  
ecutive and financial ability. So they  
are not only godless men, but of little  
use to themselves, as the dilapidated  
condition of their farms clearly shows;  
of no use to others, and of no use, so  
far as the completion of the grand des-  
tiny of human life is concerned.  
Impenitent reader, I ask, can you, in  
the light of eternity, pronounce such a  
career a success? Ah, is such success  
your aim? Few, very few, will ever  
reach even this measure of worldly  
prosperity. But, suppose you "gain  
the whole world, and lose your own  
soul"—then what?—*Rev. L. R. Jones,  
in American Messenger.*

### Eddystone Lighthouse.

It has been decided to erect a new  
tower for the Eddystone lighthouse  
about 128 feet from the present site.  
The focal plane will be raised to an ele-  
vation of 130 feet, and the range of light  
extended to 17½ nautical miles. The  
new tower will be constructed entirely  
of granite. The height will be 138 feet  
above the rock to the top of the cornice,  
and the diameter of the tower, under  
the cornice, will be 18 feet 6 inches.  
The tower will be solid (with the ex-  
ception of containing a water-tank) to  
the height of 25 feet 6 inches above  
high-water springs. At this level will

commence the side-walls, with a thick-  
ness of 8 feet 6 inches, diminishing to 2  
feet 6 inches at the top. The tower will  
contain nine apartments, each 10 feet in  
height, in addition to the lantern, the  
seven uppermost being 14 feet in diam-  
eter. The estimated cost is \$78,000.

### ALL SORTS.

GEORGIA has a fine spring crop of new  
papers.  
A CENSUS of Dakota will be taken in  
June.

TEXAS last year lost \$240,000 for fail-  
ures to collect poll-tax.

A BILL before the Virginia Legislat-  
ure makes cowhiding a felony.

In rowing victories Cambridge now  
stands seventeen to Oxford's eighteen.

THE turban is the fashionable cap  
for young ladies and young married  
women.

THE Empress of Austria cut short her  
hunting bout in Ireland on account of  
the disaster at Szegedin.

THE colored population having begun  
to rise and leave the South, the price of  
cotton has also risen.

THE sexton of a Cincinnati Methodist  
church has fallen heir to one-fourth of  
a \$7,000,000 estate in England.

FIVE ambitious dogs chased wolves  
in Sauk county, Wis. The dogs' bones  
were found on the following day.

HORATIO SEYMOUR says it is impossi-  
ble for him to become the Democratic  
candidate for the New York Govern-  
orship.

THE authorities of Paris pay 10 francs  
reward for every corpse that is discov-  
ered in the Seine and brought to the  
Morgue.

THE Canadians did not yell for "pro-  
tection" until they learned that their  
new Governor General Lorne wrote  
spring poetry.

JEFF DOWNING, an old Georgia fish-  
erman, was missing. His friends slew  
two alligators, and found him stowed  
away in their bellies.

A COMELY colored girl, aged 18 was  
convicted in Richmond, Va., of stealing  
\$33, and chose twenty lashes rather than  
confinement in jail.

A CONNECTICUT man recently said:  
"Lend me \$1. My wife has left me and  
I want to advertise that I am not re-  
sponsible for her debts."

THERE is a big family of five mem-  
bers in Fitchburg, Mass. Their aggre-  
gate weight is 1,025 pounds; heaviest,  
233; lightest, 170 pounds.

AMONG Boston's April fools were  
eighteen insurance men, who went to  
the Parker House, arrayed in evening  
dress, to eat an imaginary dinner.

GEN. SPINNER says the climate of  
Florida cures his rheumatism. Now, if  
he could only find something that would  
take the cramp out of his signature.

GEN. W. S. ROSECRANS is manufact-  
uring safety powder in San Francisco.  
The powder, though powerful, explodes  
only under high pressure or great heat.

A LOP-EARED deer-hound and a pug-  
nosed flet, on exhibition at the New  
York bench show, are scheduled at  
\$10,000 each. Who wants to buy a dog?

DIFFERENT actors have resorted to  
different means of sustaining their  
strength while on the stage. The eat-  
ing of raw meat is said to nerve a man.

THE novelty in spring bonnets is of  
soft chip or Tuscan straw, with a large  
brim of the same dimensions all around:  
this brim the milliners indent to suit  
the face of the wearer.

WILLIAM CREEDMAN, of Canada, kissed  
a young lady in New York, the other  
day, without her consent, and the fine  
imposed by the court was \$5. He will  
never go courting that way again.

BECAUSE a physician insisted upon  
payment for attendance upon the sick  
daughter of a Bethlehem (Pa.) farmer,  
the latter committed suicide, leaving  
\$20,000 in bank, besides a good farm.

THE name Gotham was applied by  
Washington Irving to the city of New  
York. It is the name of a parish in  
Nottinghamshire, England, the rustic-  
ity of whose inhabitants gained them  
the appellation "the wise men of Goth-  
am."

OIL paintings are now imitated, ac-  
cording to the *Photographic News*, by  
painting in oil on the back of a photo-  
graph rendered transparent by means  
of Canada balsam, and then running  
them through a press to give the desired  
surface.

THERE arrived at the port of New  
York, during the month of March, 1879,  
7,736 passengers, 5,965 of whom were  
immigrants. During the corresponding  
period of 1878 the total number of pas-  
sengers arrived at the port was 6,371,  
of whom 4,586 were immigrants.

DURING January, February and March  
the New York elevated railroad carried  
7,589,476 passengers, and the Metropol-  
itan elevated railroad 4,935,623. It is  
evident that, with the increased facil-  
ities contemplated, the two roads will  
carry 50,000,000 passengers during the year.

THE German trichinosis statistics for  
1877 show a decline in the number of  
cases. Whereas the proportion in 1876  
was one in 2,000 pigs examined, in 1877  
it was only one in 2,800; 343 cases ap-  
peared in bacon imported from America;  
and 138 persons were known to have  
suffered from trichinosis.

In California it is proposed to pass  
around a pledge as follows: "I do  
pledge my honor as a truthful and hon-  
est man that I will not patronize coolie  
labor, or any person who employs such  
labor, and that I will make diligent in-  
quiry when purchasing any commodity;  
and this pledge I take without mental  
reservation."

## FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

LANSING, April 11, 1879.

As the Legislature up to this time  
(Friday afternoon) has only been in  
session two days this week, the mem-  
bers have hardly recovered from the  
excitement incident to Monday's elec-  
tion, and got down to business again.  
Hereafter the House will meet at 9  
o'clock a. m., instead of 10. Although  
the joint committee on taxation has  
made no report as yet, the Senate to-  
day is red-hot over a discussion upon  
the general subject of taxation and a  
lower rate of interest. Messrs. Hodge,  
McElroy, Shepard, Palmer and others  
are participating in the debate. Two  
bills are before the Senate upon the  
matter under discussion. Petitions,  
signed by from 7,000 to 8,000 persons,  
have come up to Lansing this session,  
praying that the rate of interest in this  
State may be reduced to 6 or 7 per  
cent. per annum. This is the most im-  
portant and practical question before  
this Legislature. I think the members  
as a whole are disposed to legislate in  
the interest of the masses rather than  
the money-lenders. My judgment of  
the matter is that 6 per cent., with the  
right to make special contracts not to  
exceed 8 per cent., would be about fair  
for both lenders and borrowers. It is  
all the interest that men can pay who  
are engaged in any legitimate business.

### NEW LAWS.

The following news laws have been  
approved by the Governor since March  
14:

State Library, appropriation to purchase  
books.  
Assessment and collection of taxes, to amend  
compiler's section 1,002.  
Unsurveyed lands, surveying and establish-  
ing section corners.  
Benevolent societies, incorporation of.  
Crawford county, to organize.  
Case River and Bay City State road, author-  
izing land grant to repair and reconstruct.  
State prison, salaries of officers, keepers and  
inspectors.  
Judicial circuits, reorganizing the 1st, 4th,  
7th and 10th, and creating the 23d and 24th.  
Swamp-land contracts in Upper Peninsula,  
act restricting payment of repealed.  
School districts, legalizing election of in cer-  
tain cases.  
Roscommon county, act to organize amend-  
ed and re-enacted.  
Superannuated Preachers' Aid Society of the  
M. E. Church, annual meeting.  
Deeds executed by Auditor General, acts  
amended.  
Upper Peninsula, fixing the per diem of mem-  
bers of the Legislature from.  
Amending an act to amend an act authorizing  
the sale of the Central railroad and incorporat-  
ing the Michigan Central railroad.  
Health officers, relative to duties in cities  
and villages.  
Military fund, appropriating \$25,000 to re-  
imburse for expenses incurred in the railroad  
strike of 1877.  
Manufacturing companies, to confer certain  
powers on.  
Offenses against chastity, morality, and de-  
cency, act to amend.  
Primary schools, amending compiler's sec-  
tion 8,606.  
Appraisal of estates of deceased persons,  
amending compiler's section 4,402.  
Appraisal of estates of wards, amending  
compiler's section 4,834.  
Adoption of children belonging to State Pub-  
lic School, act amending.  
Military forces, reorganization of, act  
amended.  
Military forces, reorganization of, act  
amended.  
Menominee River railroad, to promote the ex-  
tension of.  
Cereal products of Michigan, to ascertain, act  
amending.  
Supreme Court, appeals to from Circuits, act  
amending.  
Marshes and deputies, vesting with police  
powers at fairs, amending.  
Minor children, act to establish the right and  
care to, on separation of husband and wife, be-  
ing father and mother, act amending.  
Trustees of graded-school districts, to elect  
by ballot in the Upper Peninsula, act amend-  
ing.

### TAX TITLES.

The Senate occupied much of the  
time on Thursday with the considera-  
tion of Senate bill No. 176, which pro-  
vides that no person shall bring or  
maintain any action for the recovery of  
any lands or the possession thereof, or  
make any entry thereupon, unless such  
action is commenced or entry made  
within the time herein limited therefor,  
after the right to make such action shall  
have first accrued to the plaintiff or  
to some person through whom he claims,  
namely:

1. Within five years where the defendant  
claims title to the land in question by or through  
some deed made upon a sale thereof by an ex-  
ecutor, administrator or guardian, or by a  
Sheriff, or other proper ministerial officer under  
the order, judgment, decree or process of a  
court or legal tribunal of competent jurisdiction  
within this State.  
2. Within three years where the defend-  
ant claims the title under a deed made by some  
officer of this State or of the United States, au-  
thorized to make deeds upon the sale of lands  
for taxes assessed and levied within this State.  
3. Within fifteen years in all other cases.

The principal specification discussed  
was the one in regard to lands claimed  
under tax titles. Senators Huston  
and Bell supported the bill, and Sena-  
tors Farr, Patterson and Moore vigor-  
ously opposed the same.

### MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

The House Committee on Public  
Health have reported favorably the Sen-  
ate bill to regulate the sale of medicines  
and poisons, and to prevent quackery in  
medicine.

House bill 420, which passed the  
House on Thursday, adds much to the  
stringency of the law in relation to the  
support of illegitimate children.  
The kerosene oil matter engaged the  
attention of the Senate for a short time  
yesterday.

A large excursion party from Fort  
Wayne, Ind., visited this city Thursday  
afternoon.

### Proceedings of the Legislature.

WEDNESDAY, April 9.—The Legislature con-  
vened at half-past 8 p. m., pursuant to the ad-  
journalment of last Thursday. Numerous po-  
sitions were presented, but no business of any  
importance was transacted.

THURSDAY, April 10.—SENATE.—Petitions  
were presented asking for uniform rates of  
freight over all railroads within the State; for  
more just assessments of property, and for a  
prohibitory liquor law.... The whole day was  
consumed in committee of the whole on sundry  
bills.

HOUSE.—A large number of petitions were  
presented in the House, asking legislation upon  
almost every conceivable topic.... Bills were  
passed: To amend chapter 171, relative to the  
crier of the Supreme Court; to amend chapter  
54, relative to the maintenance of illegitimate  
children; and to authorize and empower the  
Board of Control of State Swamp Lands to  
make an appropriation of State swamp land for  
the construction of the Alpena and Montmorency  
State road.

FRIDAY, April 11.—SENATE.—Bills were  
passed: To amend the laws of 1871 relative to  
the transmission by the several County Clerks  
to the Secretary of State of the names of mem-  
bers of the Legislature and of county officers,  
so as to provide for the transmission of the  
postoffice addresses of such officers; for the re-  
organization of the military forces of the State;  
to amend chapter 19, relative to the return and  
summoning of jurors; to amend chapter 227,  
relative to writs of error and certiorari; to  
amend chapter 178, relative to courts held by  
Justices of the Peace; and to amend the law of  
1871 relating to offenses against property.

HOUSE.—Bills were passed: To amend the  
act creating the office of Commissioner of  
Railroads; to amend the laws relating to the  
incorporation of literary and scientific associa-  
tions; to prevent the sale of unsound meat in  
the city of Detroit; to incorporate the village of  
Grosse Point, Wayne county; to reorganize and  
establish the township of Duncan, Cheboygan  
county; and to legalize its proceedings, and mak-  
ing an appropriation of \$1,000 for the State  
Pioneer Society for the years 1879 and 1880....  
Joint resolutions were passed: Asking Congress  
for an appropriation of condemned cannon to  
aid in the construction of the Saratoga monu-  
ment; for an appropriation to improve the har-  
bor at the mouth of the river Au Sable; direct-  
ing the Commissioner of the State Land Office  
to issue a patent to Henry Patton for certain  
lands in Macosta county.... Most of the day  
was passed in committee of the whole on the  
bill making an appropriation for the Agricul-  
tural College.

SATURDAY, April 12.—SENATE.—Bills were  
passed: Relating to illuminating oil; to amend  
the charter of St. Clair city, to amend chapter  
18 of the laws of 1871 relative to the reorganiza-  
tion of the military forces of the State; to  
amend the laws of 1875 relative to the transfer  
of insane soldiers and marines from the Sol-  
diers' Home at Detroit, or any county jail, or  
from elsewhere within the State to the Insane  
Asylum at Kalamazoo; to amend the law of 1871  
providing for changing the names of minors  
adopted children, and of other persons; to amend  
chapter 150 of the laws of 1871 relating to the  
keeping of certain entry books by Registrars of  
Deeds; to amend chapter 228 of the laws of  
1871 relative to the foreclosure of mortgages;  
to amend chapter 144 of the laws of 1871 au-  
thorizing the Commissioner of the Land Office  
to adjust and settle cases of trespass on State  
lands; to amend the laws of 1871 relating to  
the cancellation of mortgages; to amend the  
charter of the village of Fenton, and to provide  
for the restoration of certain State lands to the  
market.

HOUSE.—The Agricultural College Approp-  
riation bill was discussed until 11 o'clock  
Friday night in committee of the whole, and  
came up this morning upon third reading,  
when it was referred to a special committee of  
ten, who are to visit the college and report to  
the House the actual wants of this institution....  
A bill was passed to amend the law of 1875 re-  
lative to subjects for dissection for the advance-  
ment of science. It provides for the delivery  
of dead bodies which are required to be buried  
at public expense to the medical faculty of the  
University, or the Detroit Medical College,  
within forty-eight hours after death.

MONDAY, April 14.—SENATE.—The entire  
day was consumed in committee of the whole  
on the appropriation bills.

HOUSE.—In the House the whole day was  
used in committee of the whole on sundry  
bills.

### American Meats in England.

The recent large and continuous im-  
portations of American fresh meat and  
provisions into the North of England,  
says the *London Times*, are producing  
quite a revolution in the trade of the  
butchers in towns such as Newcastle-on-  
Tyne, Gateshead, Shields, and Sunder-  
land, especially those supplying the  
working classes. American fresh meat  
of really excellent quality is sold in  
shops, which have been opened by com-  
panies, at 8 pence per pound for best  
roasting pieces, and from 7 pence to 5  
pence per pound for other qualities.  
They have very large sales, and, in  
many instances, the opening of these  
shops has had the effect of bringing  
down prices of English beef 2 pence per  
pound. A large quantity of American  
bacon and hams is sold at retail in the  
northern towns. The price is from 8  
pence to 4 pence per pound. A very  
excellent quality of American bacon is  
sold among the working classes at 5  
pence per pound in pieces.

### The Chance Taken.

Here's a chance for some enterprising  
paraphraser who wants to get up a po-  
etical paragraph. All you have to do  
is to fill up the blanks; we'll furnish the  
rhymes:

..... Gear  
..... tity  
..... beer  
..... whisky  
..... temporary cause  
..... three hurrahs.

### —Kookab Constitution.

We are not enterprising, but can fill  
this out for you just as well as not, on  
the condition that you will not sue for  
libel:

The Constitution's out of.....  
Its habits are so very.....  
Its paraphraser will take.....  
Whenever he can get no.....  
He advocates the.....  
And then for gin gives.....

### —Rome Sentinel.

The Future Emperor of Austria.

Rudolph, future Emperor of Austria,  
promises to be an accomplished and  
scholarly sovereign. He is an excellent  
linguist, a good scientific student, and  
has also fine literary abilities. As he  
desires to speak the language of every  
race he will one day have to rule over,  
he is now studying Turkish, that he  
may not be at a loss if he ever finds  
himself in Bosnia. He speaks ten lan-  
guages already, seven or eight of which  
are used in the Austro-Hungarian em-  
pire. He is very popular with the sol-  
diers, whom he always addresses in  
Czechian.

## THE CRUEL KHEDIVÉ.

Night Scenes on the Line of an Egyptian  
Railroad.

(Communication in Hartford Post.)

The accounts of the distress now ex-  
isting in the valley of the Nile remind  
the writer of a scene he witnessed in the  
winter of 1866. Starting from Cairo for  
a trip up the Nile we stopped the first  
night opposite the ruins of ancient  
Memphis, to which we walked in the  
moonlight. We were surprised at seeing  
on the plain a mile or two south of  
us a large gathering of people bearing  
lights. Upon going to the spot we  
found more than a thousand men,  
women and children engaged in throw-  
ing up an embankment for the railroad  
the Khedive was building from Cairo to  
Thebes by forced labor. No machinery  
or tools whatever were used except  
baskets. These the poor wretches were  
filling with their hands, placing them  
upon their heads, and slowly and wear-  
ily, except when accelerated by the voice  
or lash of the overseer, dragging them-  
selves up the embankment and dumping  
them at the end. This embankment, I  
judged, was about twelve or fifteen feet  
higher than the plain, and, perhaps,  
forty feet wide. The baskets of the  
men would contain about three pecks of  
the light, dry, alluvial earth; those of the  
women about a half bushel, and the  
children, perhaps, a peck. This was all  
forced labor—no pay whatever. The  
Khedive would send a steamer up the  
river to a village, and call from 50 to 200  
people of all ages and sexes to go, with-  
out pay, and work on this railroad for  
one month, at the end of which time he  
would send them, or what was left of  
them, back. The bodies of those who  
died from exhaustion helped to swell  
the embankment. No time for senti-  
ment. What their hours of labor were  
I could not find out, but I saw them at  
work at 10 p. m. I saw villages up the  
river partly depopulated because of a  
late visit of these steamers, and one en-  
tirely abandoned and partly in ruins,  
having been fired into, as was said by  
our dragoman, because the "Sheik"  
could not or would not furnish the re-  
quired quota. It was the intention to  
grade the entire road of several hun-  
dred miles in this way. Whether it has  
been accomplished I am not aware.  
Our party chartered a Government  
steamer for the trip. At the coal sta-  
tions the officers impressed the first na-  
tives they could catch and compelled  
them to coal our steamer in the same  
manner the railroad was being graded,  
in baskets carried on the head. I do  
not wonder that with this system of un-  
paid labor in full force, with all the pal-  
aces of the Khedive, with his great de-  
sire for improvements, and his large  
and disastrous attempts at cotton-grow-  
ing and sugar-making, there should  
finally be distress in the valley of the  
Nile.

### Tramps as Husbands.

Within a few months and within a  
radius of nine miles from here three or  
four widows comfortably well off have  
married chaps that came tramping  
along. One of these husbands is now  
in jail for threatening the lives of his  
wife and mother-in-law. His favorite  
form of amusement was to place the  
women folks in chairs side by side, and,  
after poking a loaded gun into their  
faces, to fire it off at a target just above  
their heads. Five weeks ago a respect-  
able and well-connected woman in this  
town, whose husband died less than two  
years ago, leaving her a nice little home  
and \$2,000 in cash, fell in love with a  
young tramp who came to her door,  
and, though twenty years his senior,  
she married him. Since then her house  
has been a rendezvous for nearly all  
the tramps who come along, and appar-  
ently the good news is being widely  
spread among the fraternity. A few  
days ago the woman appeared with a  
badly bruised face and damaged eyes,  
and her friends had her tramp husband  
arrested for assault. The trial was a  
most ludicrous affair, for, while the wife  
admitted that "Johnnie" not only was  
the cause of her disfigurement, but had  
soundly thrashed her at least twice a  
week during their brief honeymoon, she  
declared that she loved him dearly, and  
that he only whipped her when he was  
mad because she wouldn't, at first ask-  
ing, give him money, or buy him a  
horse and carriage. The man said that  
he didn't think he had thrashed his wife  
above once a week, and that he loved  
her dearly. Upon this followed a very  
dramatic scene, the woman rushing into  
her husband's arms, and mingling her  
tears and kisses with his ditto, and both  
fell on their knees before Judge Lewis  
to beg his mercy. Judge Lewis told  
them, "I want no such nonsense here,"  
and fined the man \$5.85, which the  
woman paid, and, a few minutes later,  
they were seen lovingly riding toward  
their peaceful home.—*Westfield (Mass.)  
Cor. Springfield Republican.*

### Out of Order.

"Don't wave your ears at me, you  
flabby-hearted, green-livered plug,"  
exclaimed a Blackford schoolhouse orator  
at a debate last fall. The Chairman  
decided that the speaker was out of or-  
der, and that the gentleman from Elder  
Blossom Hollow could indulge in the  
time-honored custom of waving his ears  
at his opponent, provided they did not  
interfere with the lights.

A COLORED boy from Perry, Ga., re-  
cently arrested for stealing, declared  
that he derived his kleptomaniacal propen-  
sities from wearing a pair of old  
shoes which had belonged to a convict,  
and that the said convict had put "a  
spell" on him. This plea was con-  
sidered sound by the intelligent court  
and jury before whom he was tried, and  
he was discharged.



SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1879.

WASHINGTON dispatches report that Secretary Sherman is about to recommence the sale of 4 per cent. bonds, the proceeds to be used in refunding the 5 per cents now redeemable, but will exact "better terms for the government" than those under which the refunding bonds have hitherto been issued. If the secretary's new plan contemplates a reduction of the rate of commission heretofore allowed, which is about the only way of obtaining better terms, unless he proposes only to offer the 4 per cents at a premium, it may be said that he could easily have saved the government something on the percentage all along. No premium was allowed on very small sales, but that sort of inducement to purchase was reserved for heavy buyers, the premium increasing with the amount ordered, on some principle not easily understood. Arrangements encouraging investors to buy directly from the government, and to allow the minimum rate to all buyers alike, would probably effect the desired saving. But the most costly incident of the refunding business has been the long term of grace allowed on called bonds. This has cost the government double interest for three months on every dollar's worth of bonds refunded. It is to be hoped the secretary will find a way in his future operations to secure better terms for the government than this heavy sacrifice or double interest.

It is gratifying to notice that all the prominent business enterprises are being driven to their fullest capacity. Several institutions which show no outside pretensions would naturally be passed as insignificant, but on stepping inside one would be astonished, and one of these is the planing mill of Mr. R. Werkman, and the adjoining manufactory of Messrs. R. K. Heald and Winter Brothers. It requires practical looking into to appreciate the extent of the different workshops. Mr. Heald takes the lead in this county as an agent for agricultural implements, and is manufacturing some of them on his own account. His enterprise is praiseworthy. Mr. Heald is now the sole agent in this county for Ladow's Jointed Pulverizing Harrow. It is light, simple, durable and feasible, and every farmer that examines it will at once see the advantage of its use. The South Bend Chilled Plow is a feature in this institution, and the reputation that this plow has created for itself, makes it as indispensable to a farmer as sugar to a private family.

A military company has been formed in the neighboring city of Grand Haven, during last week, under the name of Yates' Light Infantry. At a subsequent meeting the following officers were elected: Captain, Frank E. Yates; 1st Lieut., Geo. A. Farr; 2nd Lieut., Geo. W. McBride; 1st sergeant, B. K. Monty; 2nd sergeant, L. B. Stearns; 3d sergeant, W. B. Folger; 4th sergeant, A. L. Holmes; 5th sergeant, R. W. Radeke. Corporals—1st, S. C. Mower; 2nd, John H. Mitchell; 3d, B. D. Safford; 4th, J. R. Armstrong; 5th, Peter Brown; 6th, J. A. Abbott; 7th, Chas. A. Crandall; 8th, John E. Killeen. Surgeon—John N. Reynolds. At the present time the company counts nearly fifty members, and the finest men of the city have been picked out. The captain—Frank Yates—we are told, has a splendid reputation as a drill-master, and everybody expects that Grand Haven will be able to show as fine a drilled militia company, in a few years, as any in the State.

The Minstrel and Concert troupes are all singing Will L. Thompson's new Song and Chorus, "Golden Years are passing by." There is now such a mania for this beautiful piece, that dealers can scarcely get them fast enough to supply the demand. Every lover of a pretty song will want this piece.—Send 35 cents to the publishers, W. L. Thompson & Co., East Liverpool, Ohio.

The latest European news by cable includes a report that an explosion has occurred in the Agrappe coal pit, near Mons, Belgium. There were 240 men in the mines, and it is presumed that many have perished.

### Additional Local.

Why do the Pessinks sell so many cigars? Because they keep the most complete stock of fine cigars in this city. They invite customers to try their brands, especially that little 5 cent Fumble, Clear Havana, as well as the other 25 different brands. 10-1f

Having bought the fixtures and business interest of Mr. W. P. Scott's broom manufactory, I wish to inform the public that the business will be continued and pushed by me with unabated energy. Call for samples, and ascertain prices. 10-2w C. WIERSEMA.

If you wish to buy Candies go to the City Bakery and buy the home made Candies, and others, which they warrant strictly pure and healthy, and in which they take the lead in this city. 10-1f PESSINK BROS.

A LARGE quantity of Seed Potatoes (Early Rose) for sale at the store of G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

If you want to get some first-class meat call at JACOB KUIJTE.

### Decoration Day.

The members of the Holland Soldiers' Union, and all others taking an interest in the proper observance of Decoration Day, this year, will please meet at the office of the Secretary, on Thursday, April 24, 1879, at 7 1/2 o'clock p. m.

W. H. JOSLIN, Pres't.  
G. VAN SCHULVEN, Sec'y.

Cocoa Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Cove Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and fresh Compressed Yeast, always fresh and first-class, at 10-1f PESSINK BROS.

### It Seems Impossible

That a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hop, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., should make so many and such marvelous and wonderful cures as Hop Bitters do, but when old and young, rich and poor, Pastor and Doctor, Lawyer and Editor all testify to having been cured by them, you must believe and try them yourself, and doubt no longer. See other column.

### New Advertisements.

## Something New —IN— HOLLAND.

I respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Holland and vicinity to the new and handsome addition I have made to my stock consisting of

## GENUINE CHINA WARE,

And I have made such arrangements that I can sell it by the PIECE, PART OF A SET, or

## WHOLE SET.

Come and Look at it any way! No Trouble.

I have also put on the shelves a large and complete stock of the fine and popular kinds of CROCKERY and

## GLASSWARE.

Lamps and Chandeliers—the latest styles—the safest—and most beautiful.

## At HARD PAN PRICES.

Call and see the stock, no trouble to show goods.

G. J. TEVAARWERK,  
Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

## CITY BOTTLING WORKS.

No. 18 Eighth Street, Holland, Michigan.  
(UNDER GERMANIA HOUSE.)

Our celebrated Lager Beer is bottled fresh at this establishment, and will be delivered to families free of charge at \$1.50 per dozen full quart bottles, or 60 cents per 1/2 dozen.

Come and try Samples at the Bar.

E. F. SUTTON, Brewer.  
HOLLAND, Mich., April 17th, 1879.

## American Housekeepers' Scale.

Patented May 15th, 1873.



Weights up to  
24 lbs.

Price Only

\$1.50.

By Express, or

\$1.85

By Mail, post-paid.

This is the best Family Platform Scale for the price in the world. It has no competitor as regards

### Price, Convenience and Durability.

It is used for putting up PRESERVES, Cooking, &c.; also for testing Grocers' and Butchers' Packages. It will often pay back its cost in a week's time.

The Spring Balance is made by the most celebrated and oldest Scale-men in New York, John Chadillon & Son, and we guarantee the Scale cannot get out of order.

The Nut is adjustable; thus the TARE can be obtained of any dish or receptacle used in weighing, without the use of weights or loss of time.

Other Platform Scales cost from \$2.50 to \$5.00. We want one active, wide-awake Agent in every town in the State of MICHIGAN, to whom we will give the Exclusive Agency for the township he selects for our Scale, and give him the best opportunity to clear \$10 per day that was ever offered any man. The only conditions being that he commence operations at once and guarantee us in writing that he will call on every family in the township he agrees to canvass, and introduce our Scales; and, in addition to giving our Agent this splendid opportunity to make money fast, we offer every one of them (either gentleman or lady agent), a SOLID GOLD WATCH, worth at least \$50, whenever they have sold a certain number of Scales. For circulars, terms, etc., address

THE AMERICAN SCALE CO.,  
235 La Salle Street, Chicago.

## GREENBACKS AT PAR.

Now is the time to buy your Clothing cheaper than ever before offered in the State of Michigan.

## CHEAP CASH STORE OF E. J. HARRINGTON, —ALSO— A Handsome variety of BROCADE DRESS GOODS,

In the most beautiful shades and colors, with the buttons to match the goods.

These Goods must be seen to be appreciated, and are offered so cheap that they are within the reach of anybody.

Sheeting bleached and unbleached. Calicoes in endless variety from the Cheapest to the Best

FRENCH COLOGNE.—The finest and cheapest in the Market.

A NOVELTY—A kid glove cleaner. In a few minutes you can make your kid glove look like new. Come and examine our celebrated Badger State Shawls.

Grain Bags—American A's and Stark A's—very cheap.

A large stock of Boots and Shoes will be sacrificed to make room. Our Grocery line is always full and complete.

## NEW STORE —AND— NEW GOODS.

The undersigned has opened a Grocery Store in the building of J. W. Bosman, formerly occupied by Messrs. Schenten & Mevings, on Eighth street. The stock of Goods will include

Groceries,  
Fruit,  
Provisions,  
Notions and  
Confectionery,  
and will be opened on  
Monday, April 21, 1879.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public.

Come and Examine Goods and Prices.

CHARLES MULDER.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 19, 1879. 10-1w

## Lake Navigation! OPENED.

## Goodrich Transportation Co.

Side-Wheel Steamers on their Routes.

DAILY BETWEEN CHICAGO AND GRAND HAVEN and MUSKOGON.  
(Sunday excepted.)

CHICAGO DOCK, FOOT OF MICHIGAN AVENUE.

Grand Haven Dock, foot of Washington Street.

The 6 o'clock train on the Grand Haven railroad connects with the Boats.

T. G. BUTLIN, Sup't.  
Chicago.

## A NEW STOCK —OF FRESH— GROCERIES.

Teas, Coffees, sugars, Spices,  
Laundry and Toilet,  
Soaps, etc., etc.

My 40 cent Tea is called A No. 1 for the price by expert judges. Fine Candies, Tobaccos and Cigars, Toys, Notions, Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets in great variety.

### ALL CHEAP FOR CASH.

Give me a trial and you will be pleased with goods and Prices.

PETER BOOT,  
River Street.

## Farmers THE ECHO

AND THE  
MICHIGAN FARMER

From now until Jan. 1, 1880, for \$1.00.

This Echo, the Weekly edition of THE EVENING NEWS, is a spicy sheet, devoted entirely to news and miscellany. The FARMER is well known as a standard Agricultural journal, and was never better than it is to-day.

\$1.00 pays for both papers from now until the first of January next, postage included—just the cost of the white paper. Send in your dollar at once. Price too low to allow of sending out samples. Offer open for 30 days only. Direct all orders to THE EVENING NEWS, DETROIT.

### Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the co-partnership heretofore existing, under the firm name of Walsh & Beach, is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

HEBER WALSH,  
W. H. BEACH,  
H. G. BEACH.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 8, 1879. 9-1w

### NOTICE.

THE undersigned will continue the purchase of WHEAT, at their Warehouse, under the firm name of H. Walsh & Son.

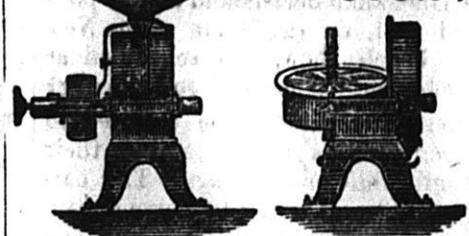
HEBER WALSH,  
WALTER C. WALSH.  
HOLLAND, April 8th, 1879. 9-3m

After you have Read the above then Read This.

HAVING dissolved the co-partnership with Mr. H. Walsh, we are now buying wheat and all other grains in our own name; and we want the citizens of Holland to feel and understand that we have come to stay, and you can safely tell your neighbor that we will pay the highest market price for all grain—especially wheat.

HOLLAND, April 8th, 1879. BEACH BROS. 9-3m

## RICHARDS' Improved Portable BURR STONE



Ready for Service. Open for Dress.

## GRIST and FEED MILLS

WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST

FARMERS AND STOCK MEN

Save 30 per cent. by grinding feed.

A SMALL CUSTOM MILL IN EVERY VILLAGE AND TOWN.

WHAT THEY SAY OF THEM.

Cedar Falls, Iowa, March, 1877.

\$30 clean profit daily with our 24 inch mill. Only 4-horse power.

City Grain Elevator, Dayton, O., Dec. 14, '80.

Your 20-inch mill "beats" our 4 foot stone on either wheat, meal or feed. J. DURST, Prop.

Duville, R. R. Elev. Chicago, Jan. 25, 1877.

We average a ton of meal per hour on our 24 inch stone. Has run four years. Very satisfactory.

EDWARDS & CO.

Champaign, Ill., March 6th, 1876.

60 bushels per hour on a 30-inch mill, an "Old Miller" talks.

F. B. SACKETT.

Miller for T. Doty & Co.

J. C. RICHARDS, & CO., Chicago, Ill.

BUILDERS OF

Grain Elevators, Steam Engines, Corn

Shellers, &c. 20-1y

### VALUABLE TRUTHS.

If you are suffering from poor health, or languish on a bed of sickness, take cheer, for

Hop Bitters will cure You.

If you are simply alling; if you feel weak and dispirited, without clearly knowing why,

HOP BITTERS WILL REVIVE YOU.

If you are a minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties; or a mother, worn out with care and work,

Hop Bitters will Restore You.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your everyday duties; or a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work,

HOP BITTERS WILL STRENGTHEN YOU.

If you are young, and suffering from any indigestion, or are growing too fast, as is often the case,

Hop Bitters will Relieve You.

If you are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without inter-calling,

HOP BITTERS IS WHAT YOU NEED.

If you are old, and your pulse is feeble, your nerves unsteady, and your faculties wanting,

HOP BITTERS WILL GIVE YOU NEW LIFE AND VIGOR.

Try Hop Cough Cure and Pain Relief.

For sale by J. O. Doesburg.

### LAND WANTED.

IN Ottawa or Algonquin Counties in exchange for real estate in the City of Holland.

51-1f

Inquire at this Office.

## G. A. KONING

Wishes to inform the citizens of Holland and vicinity that he has removed his stock of GROCERIES in the Jewelry store of

J. ALBERS,  
One door west of Bosman, where can be found a complete stock of

## GROCERIES.

I have on hand a fine lot of

COFFEES, TEAS, SPICES,  
CANDIES,  
CIGARS and TOBACCOS.

I have a Japan Tea at 40 cts. which cannot be surpassed.

Also a nice lot of Cooking and Eating Apples, Potatoes, Cabbage, Turnips and all kinds of Vegetables.

Fresh Oysters and Sweet Cider Always on hand.

Choice Butter & Fresh Eggs.

GIVE ME A CALL.  
48-3m

### MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 29th day of May, A. D. 1872, executed by Galen Eastman, of the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, and State of Michigan, to Walter Wright, of the City of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, on the first day of June, A. D. 1873, in Liber X of mortgages, on page 402, which said mortgage was for a valuable consideration, duly assigned by Thomas Lyman and Lewis D. Webster, executors of the estate of the said Walter Wright, deceased, to Oliver A. Whitney, on the eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1879, which said assignment was duly recorded in the said office of Register of Deeds for said County of Ottawa, on the 19th day of February, 1879, in Liber 13 of Mortgages, on page 80, by the non-payment of money due thereon as provided by the terms of the same, and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred and fifty-two dollars, (\$452) with interest thereon, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from this date, together with an attorney fee of ten dollars, therein provided, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the amount now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that on

Tuesday, the 1st day of July, 1879,

at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa is holden), there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises situate in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage as above specified, with interest thereon at ten per cent., and all legal costs, together with an attorney fee of ten dollars, as provided therein; said premises being described as follows, to-wit: The northwest fractional quarter, also the east half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-nine (29), in township eight (8), north of range thirty-six (36), west, containing 236 65-100 acres, more or less, according to Government survey; excepting the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of said section, heretofore released from said mortgage by the original mortgagee, and will not be sold.

Grand Haven, March 18, 1879.

OLIVER A. WHITNEY, Assignee of Mortgage.

LOWING & CROSS, Attorneys for Assignee. 8-13w

## NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

ADDRESS: JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.,  
MISS. 50 UNION ST. N.

SOLE BY  
H. MEYER & CO.,  
DEALERS IN

Furniture, Coffins, Sewing Machines, Etc.,  
RIVER STREET, HOLLAND MICH.



## Notings.

WINTER wheat looks first-rate.

PROF. Chas. Scott, D. D., will preach in the M. E. Church to-morrow (Sunday) evening.

Miss Sarah Van den Berge, who has been lying dangerously ill with typhoid fever for several days, died yesterday morning.

THE schooner *James* has been fixed up, painted and fitted out, and took a load of hard wood lumber and left on her first trip this week.

MR. Mells has just received and added to his stock an assortment of Mishawaka plows, which he offers for sale at bottom prices. Farmers will do well to call and examine his stock.

SOME of the ladies of Hope Church fitted up and furnished a bedroom of the parsonage during Rev. Van Pelt's absence last week. This is the first public token of regard for their new pastor, and it looks well.

MR. E. A. Treadway, general agent for the Grand Rapids & Indiana, Traverse City, Cincinnati, Richmond & Fort Wayne R. R., was in town this week to establish an agency for the "Star Union" Fast freight-line.

WE call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of Mr. G. J. Te Vaarwerk, who has added a stock of china to his crockery store, that will remind our old Holland citizens of old times. Call on him and examine the stock.

THE question of how and when to raise the money to purchase a suitable organ for the First Reformed Church has been postponed until next winter. In the mean time subscription lists will be opened to ascertain what manner will be best to adopt to reach the desired object.

THE shipping business at our docks is beginning to boom up. Mr. E. J. Harrington has chartered a schooner to load with brick, take it up north, and return with lime and shingles. The purchase of lime in such large quantities enables Mr. Harrington to sell it cheaper than the cheapest.

EASTER Sunday was celebrated in this city in better style and to a much larger extent than ever before. Both the Episcopal and Methodist churches were handsomely decorated with evergreens and flowers, and appropriate and eloquent sermons were preached. There were services held in the Episcopal church as early as six o'clock in the morning, and the ringing of a church bell as early in the morning as that was quite an innovation.

WHEN we walked into the jewelry store of Joslin & Breyman a few days ago, and saw the show cases covered by a dazzling new stock of silver-ware, the thought involuntarily arose, that times must be improving, otherwise such practical business men would not invest in so much of that beautiful ware. We can safely boast of the finest and best stocked jewelry store along the entire shore of Lake Michigan. Come and look at their stock, if you doubt our word.

ANOTHER new enterprise has been started in this city, which may not please some of our readers, but it is nevertheless a new thing. Our brewer, Mr. E. F. Sutton, has started a bottling institution, and has gone to the expense to get bottles blown with his name and business on it, and has had boxes made to pack them in for handling and shipment. His headquarters will be under the Germania House, No. 18 Eighth street. His bottled lager beer will be delivered to private houses free of charge. See advertisement.

MR. A. M. Kanter has just returned home from a tour of inspection of last year's work, and of preparation for this year's work at Lincoln Park, Chicago. He found last year's work intact, and without a particle of damage by ice or wave, and indications were many that nature was assisting in solidifying the breakwater. This year's work will be begun in a few weeks, and preparations for the same are already on foot and well advanced. Messrs. R. Kanter & Son intend to leave with their crew for the scene of operations during the first days of May—weather permitting.

A terrible accident occurred on Wednesday last, in "Hawley's Mill," at Shelby. Just about 1 p. m. the boiler exploded with a frightful crash, demolishing the whole mill. The engineer James Curtis, was instantly killed—his body being horribly mangled. One Mr. Hurd was considerably bruised about the head, and four or five others slightly hurt though none seriously. A box car standing on the mill side-track was badly stove in; this same car should have been taken on the preceding train, but was left for some unknown reason; however, this being where it was was the means of saving the lives of several train hands. The damage to the mill is estimated at \$6,000. Mr. C. A. Hawley, the proprietor is well known in this city.

FRUIT trees and buds look healthy and fine.

MR. H. Boone, returned from Illinois on Thursday morning last bringing with him 13 fresh country horses.

THE Particular Synod of Chicago of the Reformed Church will be held in this city on Wednesday, the 7th day of May.

THE Board of Education organized on Wednesday evening last, and elected Dr. B. Ledebor as president, and Prof. C. Doesburg, secretary.

WE have tried Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in our family, and can assert that it is the best remedy for a Cough or Cold ever introduced. Price only 25 cents.

ON a single day last week there arrived at Grand Haven over 120,000 bushels of grain. The elevator is worked night and day, and immense trains of grain are hauled East over the D. G. H. & M. R. R.

MR. Wm. Regenmorter, aged 44 years, died at his residence at Jamestown, on Wednesday last, after a lingering illness of nine weeks. Deceased was the elder brother of Mr. Regenmorter, or lighthouse-keeper.

WE are in receipt of a postal card from Messrs. L. Van Patten and Jas. G. Ver Heulen stating that they had arrived safely at Beloit, Kansas, after a long but a pleasant journey. They intended to go still further West.

THE light engine and train of cars which has been constructed for the Chicago & West Michigan R. R., to run between Muskegon and this city, made their first trip on Thursday. They appear neat and pretty, and are calculated for passenger travel only.

A BROTHER of Mr. H. Meyer got terribly hurt on Saturday last, near the Scholten bridge, caused by a runaway team. Dr. Baert of Zeeland, was immediately summoned and dressed the wounds. At the time of going to press we learn that the patient is doing well.

AS this seems to be the week for a good many new things, we will mention another. Mr. Chas. Mulder will open a new grocery store on Monday next, in Mr. J. W. Bosman's building in the First Ward, at one time occupied by Schouten & Meigs, druggists. He will open a choice stock, and solicit the patronage of the public.—See advertisement.

SPRING stocks are being opened at a rapid rate in this city. Messrs. G. Van Patten & Sons have just received the largest stock of goods they have ever received before, consisting of bleached and unbleached cotton, cloths, calicoes, a fine assortment of dress goods, a fresh stock of groceries, Yankee notions in endless variety, gents' and ladies' hose, etc., etc. The stock is immense and wants to be seen to be appreciated. See advertisement.

ON Monday afternoon last, the beautiful new towboat "Claud" was launched from the ship yard of Mr. Duncan. She was built for Mr. Stewart White. Another large propeller is on the stocks at the same yard, and was expected to be launched in a few days. This propeller is one of the finest models we have ever seen, and is bargained to make 16 miles per hour. Shipbuilding has been quite a feature in Grand Haven during the past winter.

COMING—Drs. A. W. and Mrs. E. Tate Flower, of Allegan, will favor our citizens and vicinity with their popular lectures on physiology, hygiene, health cause and cure of disease, phrenology, physiognomy, temperance, what to do, etc., etc., illustrated with portraits. Dr. Sewall's drunkards stomach pills, etc., etc. Will lecture Sunday, May 4th on Temperance. See circulars and the city papers. The city papers will please copy and keep it in the papers until we come. Send in your bill.

WE find in the Daily Grand Rapids Democrat of the 17th: "Judge Hoyt of the Kent Circuit Court yesterday granted a legal separation to Hattie A. Hitchcock from Myron D. Hitchcock and the custody of three children—one boy and two girls—aged respectively eight, ten and twelve years. The grounds upon which Mrs. Hitchcock based her complaint were cruelty and desertion." Mrs. Hitchcock moved to Grand Rapids a few days ago, and will be remembered by many people in this city as one of the most industrious little women in this city.

WE refer with pleasure to the advertisement of the Goodrich steamboat line. While in Grand Haven recently, we had the pleasure to meet an old comrade of the 8th Mich. Inf.—Capt. Smallman, commander of the steamer Muskegon, of the Goodrich line. The captain took us all through the boat, pointing out to us where her points of strength are, and how she had been repaired during the past winter. The boat is very strong, as good as new, and is painted a beautiful white, trimmed with gold, and is one of the line of beautiful staunch Goodrich steamers that leave Grand Haven every evening for Chicago. Our citizens can utilize this line by taking the 6 o'clock train for Grand Haven which connects with this boat line.

GARDEN work has commenced in earnest.

WE notice the Muskegon Journal has changed its form to a quarto, and is much improved in appearance.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post office at Holland, Mich., April 17th, 1879. Mrs. A. Morrissey, Scott Strong.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

MR. Busquet of Zeeland, requested us to mention that there will be a Market-day at Zeeland, on Wednesday, May 7th. We also see it announced that there will be one at Drenthe on the 30th inst.

THE unveiling of the Van Raalte memorial tablet, in the First Reformed Church, will take place on Wednesday, the 23d inst., at 7:30 p. m. We understand that part of the exercises will be conducted in the English language.

IN another column will be found a call for a meeting of the members of the Holland Soldiers' Union, with a view to make the necessary preparations for Decoration Day. The call intends all those interested in a proper observance of the day.

THE Grand Rapids papers mention the drowning on Sunday morning last, of a man by the name of Frank Van Ariel. The man was a Belgian by birth, and seems to have accidentally fallen in the canal, and before assistance could reach him life was extinct.

WE have noticed that Mr. Klaas Brouwer, of Grand Haven, who has been operating in hard lumber around the country mills, has shipped a great deal of it into this city by rail and is now shipping it across the Lake by our vessels, several vessels having taken loads for him already.

WE are informed that Mr. J. Blok, the enterprising druggist of Zeeland, was the lowest bidder to furnish the paints and oils for the new school house. Although Mr. Blok occupies an apparently small store, he carries a large stock, and is constantly increasing and making it more complete.

ANOTHER terrible runaway occurred on Tuesday afternoon. A team of Mr. K. Rouwhorst, of North Holland, got frightened below on Eighth street, came running up smashing things as they went along, until somebody took a club and knocked one in the head near the City Mills, which stopped their wild career. Damages considerable, but nobody killed.

SHERIFF of Chataqua Co. For some time past I have been using "Pettit's Blood Purifier" and I consider it without doubt the Best Invigorating and Strength Restorer ever Discovered. My family find it impossible "to try to keep house" without it.

L. S. PHELPS, Sheriff.

Sold by T. E. Annis & Co., Druggist and Apothecaries.

THE water in Grand River and tributaries is very low, and driving much behind. From 30,000,000 to 36,000,000 feet of Flat river logs are in Six Lakes and the ice is very strong yet.—Some driving is being done now on the main river. Some of the Captains at Grand Haven informed us that Lake Michigan is lower than it has been for years, and the complaint of low water comes from all along the Lake harbors.

MR. I. Fairbanks has purchased the large blacksmithshop, formerly occupied by Mr. C. Dijkema and subsequently by Mr. D. Van Bruggen, on River street, and is fitting it up for an office, and a large room in the rear for a supply depot for threshing-machine repairs. He will also commence to deal in seed grains of improved qualities, as soon as he can fit up for it. This is another enterprise, and a very good one. One that ought to be appreciated by every farmer around here.

THE following persons were elected at the session of the Classis of Holland, recently held in this city to represent them in the General Synod, to be held in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Wednesday, June 4th: *Primarii.*

Rev. A. Zwemer, Rev. G. J. Nijkerk, " P. Lepeltak, " P. Phelps, D. D. " Joh. Broek, " B. Van Ees. Elder H. D. Kok, Elder A. Van Bree. " Joh. ten Have, " J. Heeringa. " A. J. Neerken, " H. Van Noorden.

A FIRE occurred at Grand Haven early on Monday morning. A building occupied by two families, belonging to the Ferry estate, situated a little in the rear of Roebach's hotel, took fire somewhere near the chimney. The alarm was given, but was so incoherent that the firemen could not tell instantly where the fire was. However, when ascertained, they laid 1100 feet of hose, from the steamer "Rix Robinson" and had water on the fire in just eleven minutes. The fire was put out by a deluge of water, and the large barn of Mr. Geo. Hubbard, in such close proximity, not even being scorched, testifies for itself, and shows how effective the fire department works and is handled. Some people will always growl—second nature, we suppose—but people that handle the hose, or have handled it appreciate the difficult task. The building was saved, although considerably damaged. No insurance.

## Grand Opening —OF— SPRING GOODS.

Our Spring Stock has arrived, and will be ready for inspection on

MONDAY, MARCH 24th.

We have spared no pains in having our stock rank with the best in the city, and our assortment will be found complete in every department.

Particular attention is called to our very elegant stock of DRESS GOODS, which comprises all the latest French, English, and German Novelties.

A very large assortment of Domestic Dress Goods, from 6c per yard upward.

We would call attention to our line of SUMMER SILKS, elegant quality full boiled, 50c per yard; heavy grade, in very choice styles, 70c per yard; extra heavy and finest quality in the market, 90c.

Full line of BLACK SILKS at greatly reduced prices.

Our new stock of Spring Goods is second to none in the city, and our prices guaranteed to be as low as any in the trade.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Corner Canal & Bronson St  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

People at a distance, please send for samples.

FIRST WARD  
DRUG STORE,

Three doors East of Kruisenga's Store.

Dr. R. A. Schouten,

PROPRIETOR.

This new store will keep a full supply of the best and finest

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Cigars, Writing Material, Snuff, And the finest assortment of

Wines & Liquors,

(for Medicinal use only.)

And almost everything else belonging in a well stocked drug store.

The above firm are the manufacturers of DR. SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS

AND

Compound Syrup of Rhubarb.

Prescriptions carefully compound at all hours, day or night.

30-1y

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the recipe for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and Blemishes, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp.

BEN. VANDEL & CO., 20 Ann St., N. Y.

1-20w

Joslin & Breyman,



Watchmakers & Jewelers,

DEALERS IN

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry & Fancy Goods.



ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.

HOLLAND, March 24, 1878.

6-1y.

## A Large and Fine NEW STOCK —OF— BOOTS & SHOES —Just received at— E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALL AND SEE US.

I am now selling the Howe Sewing Machine, and will henceforth keep it for sale at my store. Peddling machines with wagons has been abolished for the simple reason, that the prices of machines are too low to admit of any expense in that way. Call in and get bargains.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1877.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE,

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes

Rubbers, Slippers, etc.

Of the newest styles and best qualities which offer cheaper than anybody else.

Makes Custom Work

Specialty.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE.

THE WORLD'S BALM.

DR. L. D. WYBURN'S ALTERNATIVE SYRUP.

A remedy used thirty-five years in a private practice, and never failing to radically cure

RHEUMATISM,

Dropsy, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Secondary Syphilis, Gravel, Diabetes, and all diseases in which the blood is implicated, is now offered to the public.

Sold by all Retail Druggists, and (wholesale only) THE WYBURN MEDICINE CO. P. O. Box 338, Rochester, N. Y.

1-20w

Money! Money!!

Can be made by examining the large new stock of

FURNITURE

Which I have purchased lower than ever will sell cheaper than ever before.

A FULL LINE OF CARPETS, FROM THE CHEAPEST TO THE BEST.

Come and see the goods and ascertain prices before on purchase.

Beautiful Live Geese Feathers, Cheap.

Wall Paper at Wholesale and Retail.

Bedroom Sets and Parlor Sets.

Coffins and Caskets always on hand.

Fair dealing can be relied on.

While I thank the public for their patronage of the past, I hope to merit and solicit a liberal share of it for the future.

N. B. Call and see a most beautiful variety of Camp Chairs, ornaments, picture frames, brackets, etc., etc.

HOLLAND, May 15, 1878.

S. REIDSEMA.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address,

E. A. WILSON, 191 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

1-20w

A NEW STORE!

H. W. VERBEEK & CO.

Have re-opened their extensive Furniture business, closed by the big fire of 1871, on the corner of

Ninth & River Streets.

In opening this store we open the finest and largest Furniture store in Ottawa Co., and respectfully invite our old customers to come and examine our stock of goods, consisting of the finest and best kinds of furniture to the cheapest, including all the latest styles, such as East Lake, Queen Anne, etc., which we offer at

Very Low Prices.

Having bought everything new we can sell lower with a small profit, than old stock can be sold "at cost."

A complete stock; come and see for yourself.

Remaining Proprietors of the

PHENIX

Planing Mill,

We are prepared to manufacture furniture to order and can afford to sell common ware very cheap.

We also keep ourselves prepared to do all kinds of Planing, Matching, Re-sawing, making of Doors, Sash and Blinds, etc.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 25, 1873.



## TWO OF THEM.

In the farm-house porch the farmer sat, with his daughter having a cory chat; She was his only child, and he thought her as fair as a girl could be. A few bits of the old man grew If he fancied any might a me to woo; His one pet lamb and her loving care He wished with nobody else to share.

"There should be two of you, child," said he—"There should be two to welcome me When I come home from the field at night; Two would make the old homestead bright. There's Neighbor Grey with his children four, To be glad together. Had I one more A proud old father I'd be, my dear, With two good children to greet me here."

Down by the gate 'neath the old elm tree Donald waited alone; and she For whom he waited his love-call heard, And on either cheek the blushes stirred. "Father," she said, and knelt her down. And kissed the hand that was old and brown—"Father, there may be two if you will, And I—your only daughter still."

"Two to welcome you home at night; Two to make the old homestead bright; I—somebody else." "I see," said the farmer, "and whom may 'somebody' be?" Oh, the dimples in Bessie's cheek. That played with the blushes at hide-and-seek! Away from his gaze she turned her head, "One of Neighbor Grey's children," she said.

"H'm!" said the farmer, "make it plain: Is it Susan, Alice or Mary Jane?" Another kiss on the aged hand, To help the father to understand. "H'm!" said the farmer, "yes; I see—It is two for yourself and one for me." But Bessie said, "There can be but one For me and my heart till life is done."—*Harper's Weekly.*

## MY MIDNIGHT PERIL.

The night of the 17th of October—shall I ever forget its pitchy darkness, the roar of the autumnal wind through the lonely forest, and the incessant down-pour of the rain.

"This comes of short cuts," I muttered petulantly to myself, as I plodded along, keeping close to the trunks of the trees to avoid the ravine, through which I could hear the roar of the turbulent stream forty or fifty feet below. My blood ran cold as I thought what might be the possible consequences of a mis-step or a move in the wrong direction. Why had I not been contented to keep in the right road?

Hold on! was that a light, or my eyes playing me false?

I stopped, holding on to the low resinous boughs of a hemlock that grew on the edge of the bank, for it actually seemed that the wind would seize me bodily and hurl me down the precipitous descent.

It was a light—thank Providence—it was a light, and no *ignis fatuus* to lead me on to destruction and death.

"Hallo-o-o-o!"

My voice ran through the woods like a clarion. I plunged on through tangled vines, dense briars and rocky banks, until, gradually nearing, I could perceive a figure wrapped in an oil-cloth cape, or cloak, carrying a lantern. As the dim light fell upon his face I almost recoiled. Would not solitude in the woods be preferable to the companionship of this withered, wrinkled old man? But it was too late to recede now.

"What's wanting?" he snarled, with a peculiar motion of the lips that seemed to leave his yellow teeth all bare.

"I am lost in the woods; can you direct me to R—station?"

"Yes, R—station is twelve miles from here."

"Twelve miles!"

I stood aghast.

"Can you tell me any shelter I could obtain for the night?"

"No."

"Where are you going?"

"To Drew's, down by the maple swamp."

"Is it a tavern?"

"No."

"Would they take me for the night? I could pay them well."

His eyes gleamed; the yellow stumps stood revealed once more.

"I guess so! folks don't stop there."

"Is it far from here?"

"Not very; about half a mile."

"Then make haste and let us reach it. I am drenched to the skin."

We plodded on, my companion more than keeping pace with me. Presently we left the edge of the ravine, entering what seemed a trackless wood, and keeping straight on until lights gleamed fitfully through the wet foliage.

It was a ruinous old place, with the windows all drawn to one side, as if the foundation had settled, and the pillars of a rude porch nearly rotted away.

A woman answered my fellow-traveler's knock. My companion whispered a word or two to her, and she turned to me with a smooth, voluble words of welcome.

She regretted the poverty of their accommodations; but I was welcome to them, such as they were.

"Where is Isaac?" demanded my guide.

"He has not come in yet."

I sat down on a wooden bench beside the fire, and ate a few mouthfuls of bread.

"I should like to retire as soon as possible," I said, for my weariness was excessive.

"Certainly." The woman started up with alacrity.

"Where are you going to put him?" asked my guide.

"Up chamber."

"Put him in Isaac's room."

"No."

"It's the most comfortable."

"I tell you no!"

But here I interrupted the whispered colloquy.

"I am not particular—I don't care where you put me, only make haste."

So I was conducted up a steep ladder that stood in the corner of the room, into an apartment, ceiled with sloping beams and ventilated by one small window, where a cot bedstead, crowded

close against the board partition, and a pine table with two or three chairs, formed the sole attempts at furniture.

The woman set the light—an old oil lamp—on the table.

"Anything more I can get you, sir?"

"Nothing, thank you."

"I hope you will sleep well, sir. When shall I call you?"

"At 4 o'clock in the morning, if you please. I must walk over to B—station in time for the 7 o'clock express."

"I'll be sure to call you, sir."

She withdrew, leaving me alone in the gloomy little apartment. I sat down and looked around me with no very agreeable sensation.

"I will sit down and write to Alice," I thought; "that will soothe my nerves and quiet me, perhaps."

I descended the ladder; the fire still glowed redly in the hearth beneath; my companion and the woman sat beside it talking in a low tone, and a third person sat at the table eating; a short, stout, villainous-looking man, in a red-flannel shirt and muddy trousers.

I asked for writing materials and returned to my room to write to my wife.

"My darling Alice—"

I paused and laid down my pen as I concluded the words, half smiling to think what she would say could she know of my strange quarters.

Not till both sheets were covered did I lay aside my pen and prepare for slumber. As I folded my paper I happened to glance toward the couch.

Was it the gleam of a human eye observing me through the board partition or was it my own fancy? There was a crack there, but only blank darkness beyond, yet I could have sworn that something had sparkled balefully at me.

I took out my watch—it was 1 o'clock. It was scarcely worth while for me to undress for three hours' sleep. I would lie down in my clothes and snatch what slumber I could. So, placing my valise at the head of my bed, and barricading the lockless door with two chairs, I extinguished the light and lay down.

At first I was very wakeful, but gradually a soft drowsiness seemed to steal over me like a misty mantle, until, all of a sudden, some startling, electric thrill coursed through my veins, and I sat up excited and trembling.

A luminous softness seemed to glow through the room—no light of the moon or stars was ever so penetrating—and by the little window I saw Alice, my wife, dressed in floating garments of white, with her long, golden hair knotted back with a blue ribbon. Apparently she was coming to me with outstretched hands, and eyes full of wild, anxious tenderness.

I sprang to my feet and rushed toward her, but as I reached the window the fair apparition seemed to vanish into the stormy darkness, and I was left alone. At the self-same instant the sharp report of a pistol sounded—I could see the jagged stream of fire above the pillow straight through the very spot where ten minutes since my head had lain.

With an instantaneous realization of my danger I swung myself over the edge of the window, jumping some eight or ten feet into tangled bushes below, and, as I crouched there recovering my breath, I heard the tramp of footsteps into my room.

"Is he dead?" cried a voice up the ladder—the smooth, deceitful voice of the woman with the half-closed eyes.

"Of course he is," growled a voice back; "that charge would have killed ten men. A light there, quick, and tell Tom to be ready."

A cold, agonized shudder ran through me. What a den of midnight murderers had I fallen into! And how fearfully narrow was my escape!

With the speed that only mortal terror and deadly peril can give, I rushed through the woods, now illuminated by a faint glimmer of starlight. I know not what impulse guided my footsteps—I never shall know how many times I crossed my own track, or how close I stood to the brink of the deadly ravine, but a merciful Providence encompassed me with a guiding and protecting care, for, when the morning dawned, with faint, red bars of orient light against the stormy eastern sky, I was close to the high road, some seven miles from R—.

Once at the town, I told my story to the police, and a detachment was sent with me to the spot.

After much searching and many false alarms, we succeeded in finding the ruinous old house; but it was empty—our birds had flown; nor did I recover my valise, and watch and chain, which latter I had left under my pillow.

"It's Drew's gang," said the leader of the police, "and they've troubled us these two years. I don't think, though, they'll come back here just at present."

Nor did they.

But the strangest part of my story is yet to come. Some three weeks subsequently I received a letter from my sister, who was with Alice in her English home—a letter whose intelligence filled me with surprise.

"I must tell you something strange," wrote my sister, "that happened on the night of the 17th of October. Alice had not been well for some time—in fact, she had been confined to her bed for nearly a week—and I was sitting beside her reading. It was late—the clock had just struck 1—when all at once she seemed to faint away, growing white and rigid as a corpse. I hastened to call assistance; but all our efforts to restore animation were in vain. I was just about sending for the doctor when her senses returned as suddenly as they had left her, and she sat up in bed, pushing back her hair and looking wildly around her.

"Alice," I exclaimed, "how you have terrified us all! Are you ill?"

"Not ill," she answered, "but I feel so strange. Gracie, I have been with my husband!"

"And all our reasoning failed to convince her of the impossibility of her assertion. She persists to this moment that she saw you and was with you on the morning of the 18th of October. Where and how she cannot tell, but we think it must have been a dream. She is better now, and I wish you could see how fast she is improving."

This is my plain unvarnished tale. I do not pretend to explain or account for its mysteries. I simply relate facts. Let psychologists unravel the labyrinthian skein. I am not superstitious, neither do I believe in ghosts, wraiths or apparitions; but this thing I do know—that, although my wife was in England in body on the morning of the 18th of October, her spirit surely stood before me in New York in the moment of the deadly peril that menaced me. It may be that the subtle instinct and strength of a wife's holy love all things are possible, but Alice surely saved my life.

## A REMARKABLE EXPERIMENT.

Efforts of Nashville Physicians to Restore Knox Martin to Life.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

The hanging of Knox Martin, in this city, attracted an immense assemblage. As Martin dropped, a number of eager doctors gathered around his suspended form. After the slight convulsive movements had stopped they began to apply tests to discover when animation ceased. It had become generally known that an effort would be made to restore Martin to life. By many it was treated jestingly, but with the little knot of professional men about the scaffold the matter was a serious one. The report of the proposed experiment had spread through the crowd, and it was with the utmost difficulty the police could keep anything like order. In ten minutes all the doctors had pronounced Martin dead. With a distrust natural when doctors had such an interesting subject in prospect, Sheriff Price made them look him in the eye and give their opinion. Still, to prevent any possible trouble in case the experiment proved successful, the Sheriff would not let the rope be cut until fully fifteen minutes had passed. Mr. Cotton had no sooner cut the last strand than the eager hands of the medical men eased the rope to the ground. It was the work of an instant to remove the loop from his neck, and efforts were at once taken to restore the dislocated bones to place and relieve pressure on the spinal cord. The coffin was pulled from under the scaffold, and the dead body placed therein. Several persons took hold, and surrounded by physicians, students, and curious spectators, the coffin was hurriedly taken to the crown of an adjacent hill. Here a cowshed had been covered with canvas. A guard of police was on hand, but nothing could restrain the impetuosity of the crowd. The coffin was brought in and laid on the ground. Several persons roughly crowded in, until the air became so hot and close that breathing was a difficult operation. The crowd outside pressed up to the shed, and now and then a plank would be pulled off to give a better view of the interesting proceedings within. Some of the more adventurous started to mount the top of the shed, while the apprehensive cries of those inside, fearful of a falling in, mingled with the curses and demands for more room. They pressed hard on the body of the negro, and even had he been half alive his chances of resurrection would have been small. Just as soon as the coffin dropped to the ground, Martin's shirt, pants and shoes were torn off, and then began a vigorous rubbing of his legs and arms, while efforts were made to restore breathing by alternate pressure and relaxation on the chest. His head was raised, and in a minute a strong galvanic battery was attached. All began to work and watch for the least signs of returning consciousness. The perspiration poured from the brows of the experimenters, and with more than one of them there was a feeling of faintness. Remarks, not expressive of the least possible chance of the doctors' success, were fully passed around, but still the medical men worked away, and the spectators craned their necks for a glance now and then at the object of so much interest. At last convulsive twitching of the muscles of the face was noticed. Then a movement was discernible in his limbs, and finally—the most remarkable and satisfactory portion of the experiment—the body gave three deep-drawn gasps for air. After that the efforts seemed to meet with no response, and shortly the doctors ceased operations. The experiment proved an interesting if not entirely successful one. With the usual length of time for hanging, and a place where plenty of pure air could have been obtained, there is some probability Martin might have been revived.

LONGFELLOW'S yellow house, nine miles from Boston, was built in 1759, and in 1775 was the headquarters of Washington. Mrs. Washington gave during the winter a round of social receptions. Talleyrand there visited the owner, Craigie, Apothecary General of the American army. Jared Sparks, Willard Phillips, Edward Everett and J. E. Worcester lived there. Longfellow went there in 1837.

BOUFFANT draperies, whether on the hips or back, are placed higher and higher, the fullness more often being placed just below the waist line than lower down on the skirt.

## BY BALLOON TO THE POLE.

A Bold Briton's Proposed Journey to the Ice-Locked Regions of the Far North. [From the New York Tribune.]

Commander Cheyne, of the British royal navy, is making efforts to get up an expedition to reach the North pole by means of balloons. He is an experienced Arctic navigator, having served under Sir James Ross, and has secured the services of Capt. Templar, a well-known aeronaut. Commander Cheyne believes that the gulf stream sweeps round the polar basin, and returns by the north and east of Greenland as a great body of cold water. He proposes to utilize this current in the following manner: The ship would proceed up Davis' strait and Baffin's bay; then, turning to the west, would steam up Lancaster sound and Queen's channel to the farthest explored point. She would next take a north-northwesterly direction until the set of the current was felt, when her course would be altered to due north. In any case, she would push on through every available opening in the ice until her advance was definitely arrested by the advent of winter. In addition to the usual equipment of sledges, etc., the vessel would carry several balloons, each one capable of lifting about a ton weight in addition to the men. When the ship became beset in the pack, three balloons would be inflated and joined together by means of three light spars sixty feet long. Thus a triangle would be formed, with a balloon at each angle, the whole together representing a lifting power of about three tons. This power would be employed in carrying the boat-cars, sledges, provisions, tents, ballast, etc. Commander Cheyne proposes during the winter to establish two observatories about thirty miles apart, with the ship as a center, so that by the end of May the balloons may start upon a curve already ascertained with tolerable accuracy. By this means, the distance of the vessel from the pole, and the course to be followed being known, the travelers would be enabled to drop within ten or twenty miles of their destination. Wire trail-ropes would be used for preserving an equal altitude above the ice. When it was necessary to descend, the gas would be preserved by recompressing it, by mechanical means, into the receivers, there to be held in readiness for future use. If the journey should have been successful and the wind favorable, the return trip would at once be made, the balloons being arrested on the parallel of latitude upon which the ship was left ice-blocked. The commanding officer in charge would send out sledge parties daily to meet the balloons and give whatever assistance might be required. On the breaking up of the ice the ship would leave her winter quarters and push round the northern extremity of Greenland. A second winter would here be passed, the time being spent in making a survey of the coast and other scientific observations. During the following summer, aided by the natural drift of the ice, the vessel would steam through every opening, and return home between the continent of Greenland and Spitzbergen. Should no favorable wind arise, however, to carry him back from the pole to his ship, Commander Cheyne intends continuing his journey, and trusts to good fortune to drop in Russia wherever inhabitants are to be seen.

## Soldiers as Homesteaders.

The Secretary of the Interior has rejected an application made by Gen. Jeff O. Davis, of the regular army, to enter a tract of land under the Homestead law. Gen. Davis claimed that under sections 2,293 and 2,306 of the Revised Statutes he was entitled to make a homestead entry, and to have a patent issued thereon, without actual residence on the land, basing his claim upon the ground that his service in the regular army was equivalent to residence upon the land. The Secretary decided that the sections of the Revised Statutes referred to apply only to persons who served in the military and naval service of the United States during the War of the Rebellion, and who before or after entering the service had made entries which had been canceled, or upon which the claimant could not make final homestead proof on account of his absence in the army or navy, and that an officer, soldier or sailor who enlisted in the regular army or navy since the close of the Rebellion is not entitled to homestead privileges while in such service.

## His Preference.

A Detroit policeman, who had business on Division street, had his attention attracted to the conduct of a tow-headed boy of 10, who dodged out of a house, crossed the street, and returned and went over the same route several times. The officer asked him if his mother was sick, and the lad chuckled and replied:

"Not very sick! She's mad at the woman over there, and I'm carrying telegrams between 'em. Mother first asked her to take it back, but she wouldn't; then mother dared her out, but she wouldn't come; then she called mother names, and now I'm going over to tell her that mother says that her sister is in the work-house. I think that will start her."

"Are you anxious for peace between them?" asked the officer.

"Well, kinder; but as long as ma has got her mad up, and a towel tied over her hair, I'd a leetle rather see the show open!"

"PERLEY," of the Boston Journal says that Gen. Lafayette introduced the game of faro into this country during the Revolution.

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The market is flooded with (so-called) Concentrated Lye, which is adulterated with salt and resin, and costs more soap.

SAVE MONEY, AND BUY THE

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HOW TO GET THEM in the best part of the state. 6,000,000 acres for sale. For full copy of "Kansas Pacific Homesteads," address E. J. Gilmore, Land Co., Topeka, Kansas.







## Farmers' Column.

### Tree-Training.

The cutting or sawing of large branches from trees is an injury that none ever recover from, although some endure it better than others. Our fruit trees have quite enough to contend against from the violent climatic changes to which they are exposed in nearly all the country east of the Rocky mountains, without their owner and self-styled "cultivator" amputating their limbs—as an inquiring friend proposes to do—"to make them thrive and bear." A tree should be treated as a child is trained. It must be treated when young with steady attention, and corrected before ill tendencies have hardened into the actual maturity of unyielded wood. It does not harm a child to cut its nails, or even to slap or pinch it a little if the trifling pain checks its taking further steps into some bad habit.

So with trees and vines. We can stop redundant growth that threatens to rob or choke bearing shoots, by a pinch or nip of the end on any summer day; but if we go to cutting or removing leaves, we do as much harm as if we injured a child's vitals. The tree or plant is the more delicate of the two in one respect; its vital organs are not encased, but are open, external and unprotected. This will explain why the orchardist should be very cautious in cases where total neglect for years has caused inveterate misgrowth. Any dead branches should of course be removed; and it is best, in that case, to endeavor to remove all wood that shows signs of decay, applying to the wound as soon as the surface is dry some waterproof coating to prevent a stoppage of sap circulation by drying from within or chemical decomposition from admission of air, and not, as usually explained, to prevent the entrance of moisture from without. Beyond this all that can be done, with due respect to the permanence of the tree, is a thinning of the shoots, and this is the best done with pruning-shears.

When the shoots are crowded, and many of them are mere wood-shoots without spurs, these should be removed first, excepting all such as are growing in open air and light, where they can develop healthy, full-leaved fruit-spurs. When, on the contrary, there are but very few wood-shoots of last year, but nearly all are old and set with fruit-spurs, they should be shortened in, or, if crowded, thinned by nipping off such smaller branchlets as are too near together for their leaves to have full light. When a tree or a branch shows no young wood but an excess of fruit-spurs, it indicates an obstructed circulation. Either the stem has been dried, as through a wound, or the cells have been ruptured by frost, or clogged in consequence of over-bearing. In such a case, amputation and the training of new, healthy growth from below is the only remedy, because decay has set in, or, to use a surgical term, mortification has taken place. It such a case a violent remedy is demanded by the presence of lethal disease.—*New York Tribune.*

### Varieties of Potatoes Compared.

The following is the result of our trial of different kinds of potatoes on the Pennsylvania Experimental Farm this season. As it may possibly interest your readers, I forward this to you. A piece of fallow ground planted in beets last year, was selected for this trial. It was manured lightly with barnyard manure in the previous fall, and again in the spring with another coat of pig-pen manure, which was ploughed down. Rows were struck out three feet apart, and an application of five hundred pounds of ground bone was put in the row. The sets were planted fifteen inches apart in the row, and covered with three inches of earth with a hoe. They were planted April 9th, and well worked. The potatoes were dug August 27, with the following result:

Variety.	Time of per cent.	Yield
Extra Early Vermont.	Aug. 1	2.0 135 lbs.
Carpeton's Seedling.	Aug. 1	3.0 131 "
Victor.	Aug. 25	2.0 875 "
Beauty of Hebron.	Aug. 5	5.0 216 "
Seedling No. 38.	Aug. 3	10.0 260 "
Brownell's Beauty.	Aug. 30	5.0 216 "
Farmer's Glory.	Aug. 20	5.0 242 "
Peerless.	Aug. 25	5.0 251 "
Late Rose.	Aug. 25	6.0 129 "
Seedling No. 21.	Aug. 1	3.0 187 "
Brownell's Surprise.	Aug. 15	8.0 287 "
Compton's Surprise.	July 25	8.0 129 "
White Granger.	Aug. 20	3.0 319 "
Excelsior.	Aug. 25	10.0 248 "
Western Reserve.	Aug. 15	6.0 211 "
Kaystone.	Aug. 15	8.0 285 "
Snowflake.	Aug. 10	8.0 270 "
King of the Earlies.	July 20	8.0 144 "
Brownell's Europa.	Aug. 1	4.0 165 "
Early Rose.	Aug. 1	10.0 115 "

—*Country Gentleman.*

A MEMBER of the Western New-York Farmers' Club says he did not plant Early Rose potatoes till the fore part of June, repelled the beetle by one sprinkling of Paris-green-water on such hills as were infested (about one-twentieth of all), and, notwithstanding the general failure of this crop, harvested at the rate of over 200 bushels of sound tubers to the acre. Another member reported Brownell's Beauty as giving double the yield of Snowflake.

"Smoky Chimneys" are often caused by being located on low portions of the building if adjoining roofs are as high or higher than the chimney, currents passing over are apt to descend. One or two feet added to the height of such a chimney, by pipe or brick, will in most cases remove the difficulty.—(Chas. A. Green, Monroe Co., N. Y.)

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## DOORS, SASH,

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38-1y



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Compact, Substantial, Economical and easily managed. Guaranteed to work well and give full power claimed. The Engine and boiler complete, including governor, pump, etc. (and boxing) at the low price of  
 3 Horse Power ..... \$242.00  
 4 1/2 " " ..... 283.00  
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## THE BEST CHANCE.

THE Fine Residence of Mr. J. Van Landegend, on the corner of Tenth and Cedar streets, is for sale cheap.

## AT A. L. HOLMES & CO.

At a recent sale gave \$1.00 per cent. A full description power, price, etc., is given in an extra of the *Farmer's Reporter*. Send for a Copy.

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## A. L. Holmes & Co.

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Grand Haven, - - Mich.

Having recently formed our co-partnership, we wish to inform our fellow-citizens of Grand Haven and surrounding towns that we have a fine stock of Ready Made Goods of all descriptions, which we offer for sale cheap. However,

## Custom Made Goods

will remain our Specialty.

Quality of work guaranteed, and repairing done on short notice.

A. L. HOLMES & CO.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., March 1st, 1879. 45-1f

## Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage, dated the 18th day of May, A. D. 1871, executed by Roelof A. Schouten and Gijbberje Schouten, his wife, of the township of Zeeland, Ottawa county, Michigan, to Hubert Keppel, of Zeeland, aforesaid, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, in Liber X of mortgages, on page 93, on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1871, at one o'clock, p. m., and whereas, the said mortgage has been duly assigned by the said Hubert Keppel to Jan Bos, by assignment, bearing date the 18th day of February, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the said county of Ottawa, on the twenty-third day of February, A. D. 1878, at 8 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, in Liber No. 4, of mortgages, on page 368, and the same is now owned by him; and whereas the amount now claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of one hundred and sixty five dollars and seventy-eight cents, principal and interest, and the further sum of twenty-five dollars as an attorney fee, stipulated for in said mortgage, and which is the whole amount claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative; Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises thereunder described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Grand Haven, in said county of Ottawa, on **Monday, the Twelfth day of May**, next, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day; which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Ottawa County and State of Michigan and described as the west eighteenth and 30-100 acres off of the north-east quarter of the north west quarter of section twenty-five in township six, north of range thirteen west, also a piece of land in said county commencing in the center of the Jenson road at the north-west corner of Hiram Andries land running thence south fifty rods in a strip two rods wide, thence east a strip three rods wide and twenty rods long, thence south a strip of land two rods wide and fifty rods long to the east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-four, in township six north, of range thirteen west, containing one acre and seventy-six rods of land according to the government survey, be the same more or less.

Dated, February 11, A. D. 1879.

JAN BOS, Assignee of Mortgage.

GEO. W. McBRIDE, Att'y for Assignee. 1-13w

## GEO. L. BRUNER

Manufacturer and dealer in

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Wire, Twine and Brush.

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## PRICE LIST.

No. 1 Carpet.	.....	\$2.50 per doz.
" 2 "	.....	2.25 "
" 3 "	.....	2.00 "
" 1 Parlor.	.....	2.25 "
" 2 "	.....	2.00 "
" 1 Common.	.....	1.88 "
" 2 "	.....	1.75 "
" 3 "	.....	1.50 "
" 4 "	.....	1.25 "
" 5 "	.....	1.00 "

Please call and see samples at

the factory.

GEO. L. BRUNER.

1-13w. Holland, Mich.

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## The Latest Improved Locks!

Simple, Beautiful, Safe.

We call the attention of the public, who are, or anticipate to build, to our Stationary Knob Shank Mortice Lock.

Come and examine. We will cheerfully show the goods and explain their operation.

REMEMBER THE PLACE, Opposite the Post-Office.

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THE NEWEST, STRONGEST,

AND BEST.

## MISHAWAKA PLOWS,

Combination Metal. Chilled Iron and Steel Mould Board Plows, at Bottom

Prices.

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that follow as a

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Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collec-

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the United States and Europe. Particular at-

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Remittances made on the day of payment. All

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tention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject

to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and

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sold at my office.

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## Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of an indenture of mortgage, dated, acknowledged and delivered, on the twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1877, by Jacob Van de Roovert, of the city of Chicago, Illinois, to Henry Westveer, of the same place, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber No. 5 of mortgages, on page five hundred and thirty-eight, and whereas, there is now due and unpaid at the date of this notice, one hundred and thirty-eight dollars for principal and interest, also ten dollars as an attorney fee provided for in said mortgage, if proceedings are taken to foreclose the same, and no suit at law or in chancery having been instituted to recover the debt, secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, for principal and interest, said attorney's fee and the cost and expenses of advertising, foreclosure and sale, allowed by law, at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, on **Monday, the nineteenth day of May, A. D. 1879**, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for the said County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan). The premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the city of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of lot numbered seventeen (17), in block numbered thirty-eight (38) in the city (late village) of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, according to the recorded map of said city.

Dated, HOLLAND, Mich., February 13, A. D. 1879.

GERRIT A. KONING,

Assignee of Mortgage.

HOWARD & McBRIDE,

Att'ys for Assignee of Mortgage.

## MEAT MARKET

—IN THE—

## FIRST WARD.

The undersigned announces to the Public that they have finished their new Meat-Market, and are now ready to supply their customers with all kinds of Meats and Sausages. By promptness and fair dealing they feel confident of giving satisfaction to all those who wish to favor them with part of their trade.

The stand is one door west of G. J. Haverkate & Son's Hardware Store.

W. BUKAL, J. VAN ZOEREN.

HOLLAND, July 14, 1878.

## NEW FIRM!!

## G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS,

Burned out by the late Fire we re-opened in our new store just completed at our old stand on

River Street,

We have just received a large new stock of

Dry Goods,

Hats & Caps,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Flour & Feed.

Etc., Etc.

Come and see for yourself, no

trouble to show goods.

PRICES ARE LOW.

A prompt delivery free of charge, can

be relied upon.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

HOLLAND, Aug. 17, 1878.

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A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from

A NERVOUS DEBILITY, PREMATURE DECAY

and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for

the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all

who need it, the recipe and directions for making

the simple remedy by which he was cured. Suffer-

ers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience

can do so by addressing in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York.

## SPRING GOODS

Just received at

P. & A. STEKETEE.

A large line of new Spring Style Calicoes and a

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A new lot of fine Dress Goods, new

Spring Styles.

Skirts, Balmorals, Sheetings—bleached and un-

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—ALSO—

An immense lot of Flannels, in all colors, and of

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A large stock of BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBER

GOODS, also

A complete line of Groceries, which are

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Oranges and Lemons from the West Indies.

Our 40 cts. Tea beats everything.

Just Received Fresh

GARDEN SEEDS

and REID'S FLOWER SEEDS.

P. & A. STEKETEE.

HOLLAND, Feb. 8, 1879.

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## COUGHS.

MACALLISTER'S Cough Mixture loosens the

phlegm, and acts like a charm in cases of

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Those who are troubled with coughing at night,

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