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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. III.—NO. 9.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 113.

The City of Holland,

Was located in the Fall of 1846, being selected as the rendezvous of a powerful immigration, from the Netherlands, under the leadership of Rev. A. C. VAN RAALTE, D. D., and others. The motives governing this selection at that time, have been amply justified by the facts as they are this day presented to the world; not by the growth of our City alone, but by the steady and irresistible development of this entire Colony, of which HOLLAND CITY is the "Commercial Centre."

The various attractions offered for Lake and River Navigation, Fisheries, Manufacturing, Commerce, Agriculture, Horticulture &c., were keenly perceived by this people; and although but partly developed, have already rewarded the industry and frugality of the early pioneers. All this was followed up by the privileges connected with Common School, Academic and College Education.

HOLLAND CITY was incorporated in 1867; contains a population of about 3,000 inhabitants; is situated on the beautiful shores of Black Lake, six miles from Lake Michigan; has three Rail Roads, and a good harbor. It is backed by a very fine agricultural district, North, East and South, varying in extent from ten to fifteen miles, and of which HOLLAND CITY is the Natural Market.

The place was almost entirely destroyed by the memorable fire of 1871; and its re-building is marked by that same tenacity, improved by American experience, which has characterized its first history.

The *Holland City News*, is the only English paper published in this City and surroundings, and is circulated among a population of 18,000 inhabitants. As such it is a most excellent medium to advertise, to which fact we respectfully call the attention of the business men of this and surrounding places; our rates are fair, and will not be deviated from.

A more detailed statement of the business of this place, as represented by its leading men, will be found in the following Directory.

We have taken pains to have them all duly represented:

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

ORT, F. J., Attorney at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City Hotel."

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

PESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served no call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting. Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River Street.

CLOETINGH, A., Book-Binder, and dealer in Books and Stationery; River street.

KANTERS, L. T., & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK & WESTERHOF, General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

SPRITSMA, L. & SON, Dealers in and Manufacturers of all kinds of Boots and Shoes; 8th St.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DER BEEK'S Family Medicines; River St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business. See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D., General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c., &c. La-barbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H., & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M., & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth Street. See advertisement.

VENNEMA, A., Dealer in Furniture, Wall Paper, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Curtains, &c. Wag-onshop in rear of Store; Eighth Street.

General Dealers.

DURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River St.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth Street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River St.

Groceries.

FLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market St.

DE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

Painters.

WEYMAR & KRUIDENIER, House & Carriage Painters; shop over Vaarwerk's Grocery Store, First Ward, Eighth Street.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

KROON, G. J., Retail Dealer in all the branches of Hardware. A full stock always on hand; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.

AETNA HOUSE, P. ZALSMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth Street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. RYDER, Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. H., Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of Pumps, and Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Moving Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Flour Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W., & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & TOWNSEND), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

ZIEB CARL, Proprietor of *Holland Brewery*; tenth street, opposite Tannery of Cappon & Bertsch.

Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth Street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer; Office, *Holland City News*.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, Insurance and Real Estate Office; *City Drug Store*, 8th Street.

Photographs.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician; residence on Ninth street.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office in Van Landegend's Brick Block, 2d floor.

POWERS, T. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon; office on M. D. Howard's lot, corner of 8th and River st.; residence on 10th st.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish Street.

Publishers.

BENJAMINSE, Wm., Publisher of *De Hollander*; all kinds of printing done neatly, and at low figures; Eighth street.

VORST, C., Publisher of *De Wachter*, Organ of the True Ref. Dutch Church.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Barker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Saddlery.

DEVRIES, U., Dealer in Harness, Satchels, Trunks, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc.; Eighth street.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

THE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth st.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS, J., Jeweler and Watchmaker. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth Street.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers, and dealers in Fancy Goods; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

WYNNE, C. B., Watchmaker at J. Albers; Eighth street; all work neatly done and warranted.

THE "FIELD OF HONOR."

Fatal Duel fought near New Orleans.

From a late copy of the New Orleans Times, we learn the full particulars of the recent duel fought near that city. It was the first fatal repetition under the barbarous code in that section, since July, 1873. The principals were A. B. Phillips, an attorney and A. Bienvu, both belonging to the first families of New Orleans.

The circumstances which led to the encounter are briefly as follows: A few weeks ago there was in progress of trial in that city the case of Madame Olympe, a Milliner vs. Mr. Aristide Bienvu, wherein plaintiff claimed a sum of money for millinery and dress-making account contracted by Mrs. Bienvu, Mr. A. B. Phillips was plaintiff's counsel. At the trial were present Mr. and Mrs. Bienvu, and upon its close the latter remonstrated with Mr. Phillips in regard to the course he had pursued in the case, involving an alleged attachment on her horses and carriage, until the conversation drifted into a violent abuse, which embodied the application to Mr. Phillips of all the unpleasant epithets in the calendar, and to which Mr. Phillips made the response that his assailant being a woman he could offer no resentment, but that he would notify her husband that he must restrain such exhibitions.

Leaving then the office for the courtroom, to place the matter before Mr. Bienvu, he met that gentleman at the threshold of the door, coming toward him, and to him said: "Mr. Bienvu, your wife has grossly insulted me, and I desire you to prevent any further repetition of such conduct."

To this Mr. Bienvu replied, "If my wife has insulted you she has done just right, and I myself will take occasion to insult you still more." No sooner did he utter these words, than Mr. Phillips knocked Mr. Bienvu down, and a general melee ensued. But being prevented by bystanders, no further damage was committed.

The result of the episode however was that Mr. Bienvu sought the assistance of two friends, a challenge was passed and accepted, Saturday, April 4, named as the date, shotguns and ball as the weapons, forty paces the distance and Bay St. Louis as the place.

The parties with their friends, surgeons and seconds assembled at 8 o'clock in the morning, to take the train which was destined to hurry them to the arena of blood. A number of other gentlemen went as spectators, apparently actuated by a desire to effect a compromise or settlement in event an opportunity should occur. The train started on time, and the trip was made without any occurrence of moment, up to the time of arrival at the depot at Nicholson avenue, at Bay St. Louis, where the party left the cars. The number of persons, all told, could not have exceeded twenty. The day was lovely and bright, and a casual observer would have failed to notice anything unusual, or calculated to excite a suspicion as to the dreadful finale impending.

When the party arrived at the station, the seconds proceeded to select and measure the ground. They located the spot for the conflict at about a hundred yards distance from and on the south side of the railroad. The ground was measured, pegs driven, and a toss for choice of position and the word was had, which was won by the second of Mr. Phillips. This delay occupied about half an hour. During the time the rest of the company had broken into groups, and were lounging around as casual spectators. The principals appeared to be unexceptionably cool, calm and collected. Neither evinced the slightest symptom of nervousness, or gave any indication of personal apprehension, although there was no levity of manner, but on the contrary, rather a seriousness of manner in keeping with the terrible tragedy so near at hand. The weapons, double-barreled shotguns, were duly loaded with ball by the seconds, and the principals were placed in position. Mr. Du Bertrand then briefly stated the terms of the cartel, which stipulated that the combatants should stand with their weapons held in such a manner that the muzzles should be pointing to the ground; that the words should be: "Gentleman, are you ready?" that silence would be interpreted into consent, when the words "fire, one, two, three" would be given—that they could raise their weapons and fire after the word "fire" and before the word "three." Mr. Du Bertrand then gave the manner in which the word was to be given, which was done in as rapid a manner as

the circumstances of the case would permit, evidently with the hope of the gentleman, if possible, to prevent bloodshed.

But alas! this effort proved futile, as the sequel proved. Real work now began, the question was asked: Gentleman are you ready? Silence gave consent and the fatal words *fire! one!* were given. At the word *one* Mr. Phillips delivered his fire and almost simultaneously, but perceptibly afterward, Mr. Bienvu's gun was discharged, and he fell dead, shot through the brain. The word *two* was not given, as both parties had discharged their weapons and one lay a bleeding, lifeless corpse, the other standing at his post until permitted to retire.

Both Drs. Scott and Huard hurried to the fallen victim of the bloody code, but all their skill was of no avail, as could readily be seen. The ball entered the right cheek of the dead man, crushing the jaw bone, ranging upward through the brain, and then ranging downward into the spinal column. Death must have been instantaneous. The misfortunate man bled with mental profusion. His brother, who was present, appeared to be greatly affected and burst into tears. The seconds of Mr. Phillips asked and obtained permission to retire their friend from the field, and after the usual civilities and expressions of regret at the fatal termination of the affair, accompanied him to a neighboring residence, where he remained until the return train arrived, when the body was duly placed upon the cars, and the entire party returned to the city with the same train.

The question of priority of claim for social precedence is again bothering officials and society people in Washington. It seems never to have been absolutely settled whether the Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court should call upon the Vice-President of the United States and Speaker of the House first, or whether those high officials should make the first call upon the Chief-Justice. Custom seems to have almost settled this vexatious question of etiquette in favor of the Vice-President and Speaker, but this is held to be wrong, since, even though the Chief-Justice is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, when, once confirmed he becomes the grand conservative element, and head of the nation, before whom the President himself may be arraigned in case of impeachment.

The late marriage between the son of Queen Victoria and the daughter of the Emperor of Russia, was the occasion for a special treaty, between her Majesty and the Emperor, the principal stipulations of which are, that the Princess shall not be hindered in the exercise of the religious worship of the Orthodox (Greek) Church, and be at liberty to attend Protestant Churches for divine worship or ceremonies at her pleasure, and that the children that may be born of this marriage shall be educated and brought up as Protestants. The revenues and marriage portion of the Princess are provided for and specially guarded.

Gov. HENDRICKS made a little speech on 'change at Indianapolis, last week, upon municipal politics. It was all nonsense, he said, to lug national issues and partisan prejudices into a local election; you might with just as much sense and propriety introduce them into the stockholders' meeting of a railroad, or a bank, or a cotton mill. "Officers of a municipal corporation should be chosen for their honesty, integrity and devotion to the public interests, and for their fitness for the place," said Gov. Hendricks.

CHICAGO is having her church quarrels right along. The Episcopalians have the famous Whitehouse-Cheney case still on their hands. The Baptists have just terminated the case of one of their ministers Rev. F. McCarthy, by dissolving his pastoral relations after due trial and conviction, and now Prof. Swing has been accused of introducing rationalistic views into a sermon on inspiration, and has been brought up to answer the charge at a late meeting of the presbytery.

HORACE GREELEY's estate will prove much more valuable than has been supposed. Instead of being worth but \$25,000 or \$30,000, as was thought a short time after his death, it probably represents a value of about \$125,000, quite enough to render his daughters comfortable.

No pillar or support of brick or stone should ever exceed in height twelve times its least thickness at its base.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A STATE.

What constitutes a State?

Not high-rated battlements or labor'd mounds,
Thick walls or moated gate;
Not cities proud, with spires and turrets crown'd;
Not bays and broad-arm'd ports,
Where laughing at the storm rich navies ride;
Not starr'd and spangled courts,
Where low-brow'd baseness wafts perfume to pride.

No: Men, high-minded Men,

With powers as far above dull brutes endured,
In forest, brake or den,
As breasts excell cold rocks and brambles rude;
Men who their duties know;
And know their rights, and knowing, dare maintain;

Prevent the long aim'd blow,

And crush the tyrant, while they rend the chain:—

These constitute a State.

Napoleon IV.

The following is the address of the latest claimant to the French throne, delivered on the recent Bonapartist demonstration at Chiselhurst, on the 16th ult., which was briefly referred to by us at the time. Several thousand of Frenchmen were present on this celebration of his majesty, composed mostly of men prominent under the old regime, and which in this country would be looked upon as a sort of bread-and-butter-brigade. After the address of the Duke of Padoue the Prince replied:

"Monsieur the Duke and Gentlemen:—In assembling here to-day you have obeyed a sentiment of fidelity towards the memory of the Emperor, and it is for that I must first thank you. The public conscience has avenged the calumnies on that great memory, and sees the Emperor as he really was. You who come from different parts of the country, you can render this testimony. His reign was a constant solicitude for the good of all. His last day on the soil of France was a day of heroism and self-abnegation. Your presence near me, the addresses which reach me in great numbers, attest how uneasy France is about her future destinies. Order is protected by the sword of the Duke of Magenta, the former companion of the glories and misfortunes of my father. His loyalty is a sure guaranty for you that he will not allow the trust confided to him to suffer by party surprises. But material order is not security. The future remains unknown. Interests take alarm, and passions may abuse this.

"Hence arises the sentiment of which you bring me the echo, which leads opinion with irresistible force to a direct appeal to the nation to lay the foundations of a definite government. A plebiscite is safety and right, is force restored to power, and the era of security re-opened to the country. It is a great national party, without victors or vanquished, raised above all to conciliate all. Will France, freely consulted, cast her eyes towards the son of Napoleon III? This thought awakes in me less pride than mistrust of my powers. The Emperor has taught me how heavy is the burden of sovereign authority, even on manly shoulders, and how necessary for the fulfillment of so high a mission is faith in one's self and the sense of duty. It is this faith which will give me what my youth lacks. United to my mother by the tenderest and most grateful affection, I will labor without ceasing to forerun the progress of years, that when the hour comes, if another government obtains the greatest number of suffrages, I will bow with respect to the decision of the country. If the name of Napoleon emerges for the eighth time from the popular urns, I am ready to accept the responsibility which the vote of the nation imposes upon me. Such are my thoughts. I thank you for having traveled so far to receive their expression. Bear my remembrances to the absent ones, bear to France the good wishes of one of her children. My courage and my life belong to her. May God watch over her, and restore her prosperity and her grandeur."

WHEN the celebrated French chemist Orfila was on one occasion a witness at a trial for poisoning, he was asked facetiously by one of the attorneys if he could state the quantity of arsenic requisite to kill a fly. "Certainly," replied the expert: "but I must know beforehand the age of the fly, its sex, its temperament, its condition and habit of body, whether married or single, widow or maiden, widower or bachelor."

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX was warmly received by his brethren, the Odd Fellows, on the occasion of his late visit to Springfield, Mass. They escorted him through the streets with martial music and gave him a supper. On the other hand his lecture in New Haven was a failure. The receipts didn't pay the expenses.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The East.

The bankruptcy suit against the Spragues, of Rhode Island, has been withdrawn.... The Democrats in the Pennsylvania Legislature have agreed in caucus to oppose any appropriation for the Centennial until the Republicans concede a fair apportionment bill for the city of Philadelphia.

A TERRIBLE explosion occurred at Pattenburg, N. J., last week. Five steam boilers burst simultaneously, instantly killing four persons.

A BAND of robbers (Italians) stopped a passenger train on Staten Island, N. Y., a few nights ago, and got possession of the "cash-box." The whole gang were subsequently captured, and are now in jail.... A dispatch from St. Johns, Newfoundland, announces that by the explosion of the boiler of the steamer Tigress, of the late Polaris expedition, two of the engineers and twenty of the crew were killed.... Heavy fires are raging in several coal mines of the Wyoming region of Pennsylvania. These fires have been in progress over three months, and upward of \$200,000 has already been expended in efforts to extinguish the flames, vast quantities of water have been poured into the mines without any apparent effect, and the company has now determined to abandon the water-cure, and try the experiment of subduing the fire with steam.

SOME ugly jobbery has been unearthed in connection with the building of the new Capitol at Albany, N. Y. Among other items, \$36 per 1,000 has been paid for bricklaying, while private builders charge only \$15.... Williamsport, Pa., has been visited by a disastrous conflagration. An immense quantity of lumber, several saw and planing mills, and fifteen other buildings were burned, involving a loss of half a million dollars.... Mayor Havemeyer, of New York, has written a letter to the State Senate Committee on Commerce, protesting against the construction of the East River bridge as "entirely impracticable."

THE iron-workers in the Lehigh, Schuylkill and neighboring regions of Pennsylvania, having lately been refused an increase of wages to the rates obtaining before the panic, have struck. It is estimated that 10,000 or 15,000 men are in the combination.

The West.

THE convention called by the Detroit Chamber of Commerce to take into consideration the proposed bridging of Detroit river for the accommodation of railroad travel, and which met in that city last week, was largely attended, embracing representatives from nearly every city in the State having business relations with Detroit. After a rather acrimonious debate, resolutions were adopted declaring that the producing interests of the State demanded the construction of a railway bridge at or near Detroit, and instructing the Michigan delegation in Congress to favor such a project. This is a victory for the railroad interests, and the shippers claim that the convention was packed by the Michigan Central railroad with a view to such action.... The National Crop Reporter has been removed from Jacksonville, Ill., to Indianapolis, Ind.... Kenosha, Wis., was visited by a terrific gale on the evening of the 8th inst. Several fishing-smacks went out in the morning and were homeward bound when the gale struck them, about three miles from the shore, capsizing two of them. All the men on board, eight in number, were drowned.

SEVEN fishermen were drowned at Chicago, the other day, by the capsizing of a fishing-smack.... The ubiquitous Bender, the Kansas butcher, has just been arrested for the nineteenth time. The event occurred in Salt Lake City.... The village of Hobart, Indiana, has been the scene of a lively "chicken dispute" between Chicago and Louisville. After eleven battles had been fought, of which Chicago won six, the main was withdrawn and the bets declared off, the Chicago representative claiming that his bird had been poisoned.

THE Chicago Clearing House Association protests against a further increase of currency.... The Michigan State Woman's Suffrage Convention will be held in Lansing on May 6.... Gov. Bagley has presented to the boys of the Reform School, at Detroit, a box of balls and clubs, with an appropriate caution to dodge a hot ball in making first base.... The Supreme Court of Michigan has granted the petition of the homeopaths requesting that cause be shown why two professors are not appointed in the State University.... A dispatch from San Diego says that Lieut. Bacine has attacked an Apache camp in the Penal mountains, in Arizona, and killed twenty-five warriors and captured about fifty women.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cheyenne Leader states that the United States Indian Peace Commissioners have returned from interviews with the chiefs Spotted Tail and Red Cloud, without having accomplished anything. They refused to consent to the removal of the agencies, and Spotted Tail wants his words written down "this time" to the effect that he has been "pestered so much by these flies from the Great Father that he won't talk to them any more."

IN the Ohio House of Representatives a bill has been introduced to amend the code of civil procedure so as to exempt editors and proprietors of newspapers from testifying as to the identity of persons from whom they receive communications.... The total destruction by fire of the Wisconsin Blind Asylum building, at Janesville, is announced. The loss is about \$250,000.

The South.

A STAGE-COACH carrying the mail and eleven passengers was recently stopped by three highwaymen between Austin and San Antonio, Texas. They cut the front horses out, took all the passengers' money and jewelry, broke open their trunks, gutted the mail-bags, taking off one of them and two of the stage horses. They secured about \$3,000 from the passengers, among whom was Bishop Gregg, of the M. E. Church.

VALUABLE gold deposits have been discovered on the north fork of the Ouachita river, in Southern Arkansas.

THE water has broken through the Mississippi levee near Thibodaux, La., and many plantations are flooded.

THE Virginia Legislature has elected Robert M. T. Hunter State Treasurer.... There is a large break in the levee opposite New Orleans, and the water is rushing through furiously, flooding the country back of Algiers.

A SHOCKING quadruple tragedy is reported from Orange, Texas, on the Gulf. An Italian named Arzadai entered the residence of Mr. Jett, during Jett's absence, and murdered Mrs. Jett and two children, daughters nearly

grown. When Mr. Lyons and other citizens arrived, they found Arzadai endeavoring to burn the bodies. He was immediately arrested. The following night, soon after the Sheriff entered the jail to give the prisoner supper, a crowd of armed men rushed in and overpowered the officer, took the murderer outside of the prison, and literally riddled him with bullets.... Prague Bryant was hung for murder at Pulaski, Tenn., on the 10th inst. For two weeks the condemned man was granted a daily allowance of a quart of whisky, and was so drunk when the hour of execution arrived, that he had to be supported on the scaffold while he made the customary harangue, without which a hemp matinee is voted a dull and uninteresting affair in many localities.

A PARTY of minute men lately routed a band of Indians in San Saba County, Texas, killing several.... Lone Wolf, the Kiowa chief, is on the war-path, bound for Texas, to avenge the death of his son.

Washington.

JOHN B. SANBORN has given to the Ways and Means Committee an exhibit of his cash account in connection with his contract for collecting delinquent internal revenue taxes. It appears that his share of the money collected was \$213,518, and that he expended for legal services, information and assistance \$156,483, leaving a balance to his private account of \$56,035.... The Civil Service Commission, it is said, has but a short lease of life, Butler having been instructed to complete his bill for its abolition.... Special Agent Jayne, the informer, has resigned.... The President has appointed William P. Avery, of California, to the China mission, vice Low, resigned.... The latest rumor regarding Secretary Richardson is that he is to be supplanted by Mr. Dawes.

THE Committee on Privileges and Elections of the House has agreed upon the sixteenth amendment to the Constitution, which proposes to change the present mode of electing the President and Vice-President. The several States are to be divided into electoral districts, each district to have a vote in determining the choice for President, and two electors are to be chosen by the States at large.... The Senate Committee have unanimously agreed to report Captain Ead's Jetty bill for the improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi.

THE first decision of the new Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court has just been delivered on a case appealed from Chicago, affecting the right of the State to tax the shares of national bank stock held by non-resident owners. Judge Drummond decided that the State had not that right, but Chief-Justice Waite reverses this decision, and declares that such shares are taxable by local authorities. The question involves the validity of taxes levied by municipal as well as State authorities, and its decision settles a long-contested litigation.... McCarty's Transportation bill rests in the Senate Committee on Railways and Canals, and there is no prospect of its coming forward this session.

Political.

FOLLOWING is a tabular statement of the balloting for United States Senator in the Massachusetts Legislature:

	April 8.	April 9.	April 10.	April 11.	April 12.	April 13.	April 14.
Dawes.....	82	91	87	83	68	63	87
Hoar.....	69	72	69	66	54	52	71
Curtis.....	72	74	72	63	62	70	69
Adams.....	16	15	13	13	14	11	13
Banks.....	7	7	8	8	6	7	6
Scatterings.....	24	14	19	27	31	24	19

MUNICIPAL elections were held last week in a number of Western cities and towns. We give below the result in several of the larger places: Milwaukee, Wis., Republican, by 831 majority; Madison, Wis., Democratic majority, 569; Kenosha, Wis., Reform ticket elected by 175 majority; Janesville, Wis., Reform ticket elected; Fond du Lac, Wis., elected the Democratic and Anti-Temperance ticket; Freeport, Ill., Democratic; Jacksonville, Ill., elected J. O. King, Anti-Temperance, Mayor by 168 majority; at La Crosse, Wis., the Liberals swept everything; Beloit, Wis., elected the License ticket; at Cleveland, Ohio, the Democratic and Anti-Temperance was elected by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 3,500; the Democracy also carried Cincinnati and Toledo, the former by about 4,000, and the latter by 500; Dayton likewise went Democratic and Anti-Temperance by about 700; at Grand Rapids, Mich., the No-License party triumphed; Minneapolis, Minn., Democratic by 286; St. Louis, Mo., badly mixed; Omaha, Neb., Republican by a good majority; Lincoln, Neb., Anti-Temperance; at Evansville, Ind., the Labor-Reformers carried the day.

General.

THE vessel and cargo of the wrecked steamship Europe it is estimated were worth in the neighborhood of two and a quarter millions of dollars. She was one of the largest vessels belonging to the General Transatlantic line.

A COMBINATION has been formed between the Union Pacific Railway Company and the Panama and Pacific Mail Steamship Company for the purpose of destroying competition in rates of transportation to the Pacific coast. This is undoubtedly a good thing for the companies, but pretty hard on the traveling public and those who have to transport goods between the East and West.

The Temperance Crusade.

THE war against rum is still being prosecuted in various sections of the country with varied success. At Pittsburgh large meetings are being held and the street prayer movement has been attempted, but with poor success.... At Fort Wayne the women are making it hot for the saloon-keepers, having begun a large number of prosecutions for violations of the Baxter law.... The prayer movement has been fully inaugurated in Kalamazoo, Mich. If this remedy fails, sterner measures will be adopted.... The ladies of Lansing, Mich., have abandoned the prayer-cure, and are now devoting their attention to committee work.... The work still goes on in many Ohio towns, but with indifferent success as regards the closing of saloons.... At Worcester, Mass., the work is being vigorously pushed.... The war has spread into Maine, and enthusiastic temperance meetings are being held in Bangor and other towns.... The ladies of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, are busily engaged in the work of circulating pledges.... Temperance mass meetings are the order of the day in Chicago and Cincinnati.

At Lafayette, Ind., the saloon-keepers all refuse admittance to the ladies, and their prayers are offered on the sidewalks.... The prayer movement has opened in Oshkosh, Wis.... Large temperance meetings are being held in Cedar Rapids and Dubuque, Iowa.

Foreign.

LIVINGSTONE's funeral will take place at Westminster Abbey, the British Government defraying the expenses.... William Knibbach, the eminent German painter, is dead.... The dispatches from the seat of war in Spain are still conflicting. Upward of 60,000 Republicans and Carlists are concentrating within the space of a few square miles of Bilbao, and it

is evident that a decisive battle must soon be fought.... Paris papers publish the full text of the dispatch from the Austrian Premier, Von Beust, to Prince Metternich, the Austrian Minister at Paris, dated July, 1870, saying: "We consider the cause of France as our own, but the alliance of Russia and Prussia prevents the armed intervention of Austria." Von Beust advises Prince Metternich to suggest that the good will of Italy may be obtained, and the mediation of that Government in the settlement of the Franco-Prussian difficulty secured, if France will permit the occupation of Rome by the Italians.

SERRANO's plan of operations against the works of the Carlists before Bilbao has been pronounced impracticable by a council of war, and has therefore been abandoned.

THE "blue blood" of England has taken ample revenge for the annoyance and alarm caused by the attempt to gobble the vast Tichborne estate. The claimant was several weeks ago convicted of perjury, and sentenced to a long term of penal servitude, and now a like fate has befallen Jean Luie and Capt. Brown, his two principal witnesses.

THE German Government has accepted an amendment proposed by the Liberal members of the Reichstag, limiting the total strength of the army to 401,000 men, and the period of service to seven years.

THE London Times' Calcutta correspondent telegraphs that the distress from the famine is increasing in Tirhoot, and that, according to official estimates, 4,573,000 persons are still suffering from starvation.... The report comes from Spain that Marshal Serrano has made overtures for peace to the Carlists, which have been defiantly rejected.

THE French Government has practically taken the position that it can do no wrong. A circular has been issued prohibiting newspapers from making attacks upon the septennat, and declaring that President McMahon's powers are incontestable. The septennat, or term for which the President's powers were fixed, was a measure of questionable expediency, and some of the more independent of the French papers were disposed to advocate its repeal. But a discussion of the measure is prohibited, and McMahon must be permitted to exercise those powers unquestioned.... The Ecclesiastical bills have passed the upper house of the Austrian Parliament, and all the Bishops have withdrawn from that body.

Important Legal Decision.

A very important decision has been rendered in the United States Court at Chicago, by Judge Blodgett, in the matter of Albert E. Goodrich to limit the liability of the Goodrich Transportation Company for the loss of life and property occasioned by the loss of their steamer Sea Bird, which was burned in May, 1868, off Waukegan, Ill. The application was made by Mr. Goodrich under the act of Congress of March 3, 1851, entitled "An act to limit the liability of ship-owners, and for other purposes," and is the only case ever brought under this act with respect to losses in inland waters. Several parties lost their lives on this last trip of the ill-fated Sea Bird, and one suit was brought in a State court and sixteen in the United States Circuit Court by the representatives of the deceased, aggregating a very large sum of money. Elaborate arguments were made, and a preliminary injunction was granted last summer restraining the prosecution of the suits. Judge Blodgett has ordered the injunction to be made perpetual, holding under the act that the liability of the owners of the steamer was to be limited to the amount of their interest, over and above salvage, in the portions of the vessel and cargo saved, which, in this instance, amounted to the small sum of \$460.

Free Exchange of Newspapers.

THE following is the text of the bill passed by the United States House of Representatives, providing for the free exchange of newspapers between publishers, and the free transmission of newspapers by mail within the county of their publication:

That from and after the passage of this act the following mail matter shall be allowed to pass free in the mails:

First—Newspapers, periodicals and magazines, respectively interchanged between publishers, and not exceeding sixteen ounces in weight, to be confined to a single copy of each publication.

Second—Newspapers, one copy to each actual subscriber residing or receiving same within the county where the same is published, but carriers shall not be required to distribute such papers unless postage is paid upon them at usual rates.

CONGRESS.

WEDNESDAY, April 8.—Senate.—Davis called up the resolution introduced by him a few days ago calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury to report to the Senate the amount of defalcations of various disbursing officers of the Government, and it was referred.... There was considerable discussion on Stewart's bill to provide for the incorporation and regulation of railroad companies in the Territories.... Carpenter gave notice of his intention to call up the Louisiana bill on Monday.

House.—Bills were passed authorizing the bridging of the Arkansas river at Pine Bluff, Ark., and providing for the election of a new Marine Hospital at Pittsburgh, Pa.... Platt, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to defer operations on the public works authorized, but not yet commenced, or to proceed with the same as he may deem best for the public interest. Referred to Committee of the Whole.... The Committee on Public Buildings, to whom was referred the subject of the alleged violation of the Eight-Hour law in the New York Postoffice building, reported that the law is not being violated in the work done under the Government supervision, and that as to work done under contractors there is no way of enforcing it.... Woodward, from the Committee on Civil Service Reform, reported a bill providing that no officer of the United States shall directly or indirectly receive, or be paid for his own use or benefit, any money or property of the United States, except his salary or compensation, and that no public property shall be used by officials, or by any person for private purposes.... The House indulged in another unprofitable debate on the currency question.... An evening session was held for debate only, McDill (Wis.) occupying the chair.

THURSDAY, April 9.—Senate.—Bills to facilitate the exportation of distilled spirits, and to increase the pensions of sailors totally disabled, were reported and placed on the calendar.... The Pension Committee reported unfavorably on the resolution from the Minnesota Legislature, asking for an investigation into the Pension Office, and it was tabled.... House bill for the inspection of disbursements of appropriations made by officers of the army was passed and the Senate bill for the regulation of railroads in the Territories was discussed, amended and laid over.

House.—E. H. Roberts, from the Ways and Means Committee, reported a bill to abolish the moiety system of collecting the revenue.... Woodford's bill to reform the civil service was discussed and referred to the Ways and Means Committee.... Consideration of the Currency bill was resumed. At the close of the debate various amendments were offered and rejected, and then Maynard demanded the previous question.... And much excitement the opponents of the bill, under the lead of Butler (Mass.), who desired to have the Senate bill substituted for it, voted down the previous question—yeas, 77; nays, 142. This gave Butler control of the question, and he promptly, amid great confusion and excitement, moved to postpone further consideration of the bill till Tuesday, the 14th, stating that he would follow that vote with a motion to take up and pass the Senate bill. The motion, to postpone was carried—yeas, 133; nays, 121.

FRIDAY, April 10.—Senate.—A bill was passed exempting boats employed on canals and internal

waters of any State from payment of all customs and other fees.... The Commerce Committee reported adversely on the petition of citizens of Indiana and Kentucky for the passage of a law compelling bridges over the Ohio river to be constructed with a 400-foot span, and 100-foot pivot draw, and recommended that the committee be discharged from their further consideration. So ordered.... Pending discussion of Stewart's Territorial Railroad bill the Senate adjourned.

House.—The House had a most exciting time on the finance question. Butler rose and stated his purpose in moving to go the Speaker's table. He wanted to relieve the country of its present uncertainty by taking up and passing the Senate Currency bill. Cobb asked Butler whether he favored the free banking provisions of the House Free Banking bill. Butler replied that he was in favor of some extent of free banking. He then directly intimated that the President would not veto the Senate bill. Speaker Blaine called Butler to order, and said that under no circumstances had a gentleman the right to refer to what the President might do. It was grossly in violation of the rules of decorum. Butler said that he had mentioned the fact from public considerations only, and because the subject had been brought up in the newspapers. For this latter fact he begged pardon, and he had referred only to a veto in a negative sense. Sumner Cox said that now that Butler had made a positive statement, he demanded his authority for such an extraordinary statement. Butler then, in great heat, said that he had not said that the President would not veto the bill. Great confusion followed, in the midst of which, above the tumult and noise of the quick raised, Speaker Blaine's voice was heard, stating that such a discussion could not be allowed. Hale, of New York, asked Butler to consider the Senate bill simply an entering wedge. Butler declined to commit himself. He referred to Judge Hoar's speech yesterday, which referred to the past action of the President. Speaker Blaine said that was a very different matter. Hoar had referred to public documents. Judge Hoar indicated a possible future act. Butler rose indignantly and said that Butler had spoken directly of a Presidential veto, and he himself had referred to a completed act. He trusted that he had a better appreciation of public dignity than to commit an act such as that of which Butler was guilty. Butler returned that he had had no consultation with the President about a veto. He was careful not to talk with him on such subjects. He feared that the President would differ with him, and he did not want to know it. The motion to reconsider the vote by which the House bill was passed resulted in a tie. The Speaker gave the casting vote, and voted no. The vote by which the Free Banking bill was yesterday postponed to Tuesday was then reconsidered—128 to 120. The Mitchell amendment, which provides that in the event of an increase of national bank notes beyond \$354,000,000, the legal-tender notes shall be retired and canceled until the amount is reduced to \$300,000,000, was then voted down—79 to 160, as was also Farwell's amendment in relation to the sinking fund, and Merriam's substitute providing for the reduction of circulation at the option of national banks. The resolution which allows banks without circulation to be organized, and the section which provides for the issue of \$2,000,000 of gold notes as a substitute for a like amount of legal-tenders, were stricken out. Kelley's 3-6-10 proposition was rejected by an exceedingly close vote. Without taking further action the House adjourned.

SATURDAY, April 11.—Senate.—Not in session.

House.—The contested seat from Kentucky was awarded to Young, the sitting member.... The bill was passed permitting aliens, after six months' residence, to act as pilots and engineers.... The struggle on the financial question was long, wearisome and fruitless. A large number of amendments were voted down, including Beck's proposition authorizing the issue of \$400,000,000 legal-tenders, the retirement of the national bank notes and the substitution therefor of Treasury notes and 3-6-5 convertible bonds.... The Speaker was almost unanimously sustained on a ruling that members who are directly interested in national banks had a right to vote on the Free Banking bill.

MONDAY, April 13.—Senate.—Bayard submitted an amendment to Carpenter's bill providing for a new election in Louisiana. In its preamble it sets forth that McCarty is the legally elected member, and requests the President to issue his proclamation recognizing him as such.... Chandler was excused from service on the Committee on Mines and Mining, and Jones substituted in his place.... A long debate ensued on the bill authorizing a new election in Louisiana without reaching a vote.... The bill providing for the incorporation and regulation of railroads in the Territories was passed; also the House bill authorizing aliens to become pilots and engineers.

House.—The following bills were introduced: To regulate service in the collection of customs; relative to rates of freight and passengers on Pacific railroads; for the construction of a ship canal from the Mississippi river to the Gulf of Mexico; for improving navigation at the mouth of the Mississippi river.... The rules were suspended, and the bill for the free exchange of newspapers between publishers, and the free transmission of newspapers by mail within the county of their publication, was passed by a vote of 178 to 41.... The bill for the transmission by mail of all seeds, cuttings and plants sent by the Commissioner of Agriculture was not so lucky. A motion to pass it under suspension of the rules was lost.... A motion directing the Secretary of the Treasury to defer operations on all public buildings authorized and not begun also failed to pass under a suspension of the rules.... Stone moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution reciting gross abuses and irregularities in the letting of mail contracts, and providing for the investigation thereof. After a long and angry discussion the resolution was referred to the Postoffice Committee.

TUESDAY, April 14.—Senate.—Sumner's Civil Rights bill (with an amendment) and the bill to provide for the payment of the bonds of the Louisville and Portland canal were reported from the Committee and placed on the calendar.... Carpenter called up his Louisiana bill, which was discussed without action.... Ingalls introduced a bill to regulate bids for Indian supplies.

House.—In the House a final disposition of the finance question was made by the passage of Maynard's bill, providing for free banking, and fixing the maximum amount of United States notes at \$400,000,000, and also the Senate Currency bill, which places the same limit to the legal-tender circulation, but substitutes for the free banking measure a section increasing the circulation of the national banks by \$44,000,000.... Bills were introduced and referred providing for the reorganization of the civil service and of the Treasury Department.... A bill was passed abolishing the office of Appraiser of Imported Merchandise at Providence, Portland, Cleveland, Milwaukee, Memphis, Evansville, Louisville, Norfolk, Mobile, Toledo and Pittsburgh, and providing that there shall be only one Appraiser of Imported Merchandise at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston and Savannah.... Cramer introduced a joint resolution submitting to the Legislatures of the several States an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, providing for the election of United States Senators by the people of the respective States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Christianity.

A valuable table of the statistics of Christianity is presented in Prof. A. J. Schem's "Statistics of the World," for 1873, just published in New York and London. In North and South America, out of a population of 84,500,000, 47,000,000 are Roman Catholics, and 30,000,000 Protestants. In Europe, out of a population of 301,000,000, 147,000,000 are Roman Catholics, 71,800,000 Protestants, and 70,200,000 adherents of the Greek Church. In Asia, out of a population of 794,000,000, 4,700,000 are Roman Catholics, 1,800,000 Protestants, and 8,500,000 adherents of the Eastern Churches. In Africa, out of a population of 192,500,000, 1,100,000 are Roman Catholics, 1,200,000 Protestants, and 3,200,000 adherents of the Eastern Churches. In Australia and Polynesia, out of a population of 4,400,000, 400,000 are Roman Catholics and 1,500,000 Protestants.

WHY is a hog a good mathematician? Because he is good on "square root."

The Fashions.

THE redingote as first introduced is seldom seen nowadays. The old style has been improved upon and made a very stylish garment.

New evening dress silks are of white gros grain, the bottom having embroidered thereon a beautiful wreath of "raised" flowers.

HAMBURG edging is the handsomest this season ever seen. On Swiss muslin dresses no prettier trimming can be imagined.

LACE basques for summer are made something in the style of a gentleman's double-breasted pea jackets in the revers.

WIDE bands of black velvet about the throat are again in fashion, with long ends hanging down the back below the waist.

SMALL gold bugs and butterflies mounted on spiral hand pins are worn on the hair; also the tortoise shell fly and Brazilian bug.

SOME of the new visiting cards are four inches long by two inches wide, and of heavy Bristol board, slightly tinted or watered.

POMPADOUR fans are the most fashionable at the present time. The size is convenient and pretty, far more sensible than those huge and awkward affairs in vogue last season.

THE hair is now in puffs and curls, all heavy braids being ruled out. Less false hair is worn now than for several years past—a fact to be contemplated with pleasure.

Through Many Hands.

In viewing that tiny bit of steel called a needle, it is hard to realize that seventy pairs of hands are required to make it perfect. Seventy pairs of hands to make a needle! and each pair necessary to make the needle perfect. If only one pair refused to do their part, the whole would be a failure—not a needle would be right. It is painstaking in little things and in small parts which leads to excellence and success. We are apt to slight bits of work, thinking it is no matter and of no account. But it is not so. The details of a plan must be faithfully carried out in order to make the plan a success. If the parts of a work are all well done, the whole will be complete, and only then.

A WOMAN BORN JULY 4, 1776.—One of the most remarkable old ladies of our times is Miss Lucy Langdon Nowell, who was born in Alfred, Me., July 4, 1776, on the day and very near the hour of the signing of the Declaration of Independence. When eight years of age she united with the Alfred Shakers, and has since lived with them. When eighty-four years of age she wove thirty-four yards of cloth, and at ninety-six knit ten pairs of mittens. She has never been in a railroad car, and is in excellent health. If she lives until 1876 a Pullman palace car will be dispatched to her native town to transport her to Boston. From thence she will be carried direct to the Quaker City, where her presence will be one of the features of the grand Centennial.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	8 1/2 @ 12 1/2
Hogs—Dressed.....	7 @ 7 1/2
COTTON.....	17 1/2 @ ..
Flour—Superfine Western.....	5 81 @ 6 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 55 @ 1 58
Iowa and Minn. Spring 1.....	1 5 @ 1 63
RYE—Western and State.....	1 05 @ 1 12
CORN—New Mixed W's't'n.....	85 @ 90
Old do.....	90 @ 91
OATS—Mixed Western.....	62 @ 64
White do.....	65 @ 68
PORK—New Mess.....	16 75 @ ..
LARD—Steam.....	10 @ 10 1/2
CHEESE.....	11 @ 16 1/2
BUTTER—Western.....	24 @ 27

CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	6 00 @ 6 37 1/2
Choice Natives.....	5 62 1/2 @ 5 80
Good to Prime Steers.....	5 40 @ 5 60
Cows and Heifers.....	3 50 @ 4 75
Medium to Fair.....	4 75 @ 5 25
Inferior to Common.....	2 50 @ 3 25
Hogs—Live.....	4 80 @ 6 00
Flour—Choice White Winter.....	8 50 @ 9 25
Red Winter.....	5 50 @ 7 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Spring.....	1 27 @ 1 31
No. 2 Spring.....	1 23 @ 1 25
No. 3 Spring.....	1 19 1/2 @ 1 20 1/2
CORN—No. 2, Old and New.....	62 @ 64 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	32 @ 46
RYE—No. 2.....	92 @ 93
BARLEY—No. 2.....	1 70 @ 1 71
BUTTER—Choice to Fancy Yellow.....	36 @ 39
Medium to Good.....	32 @ 34
EGGS—Fresh.....	11 1/2 @ 12
PORK—Mess.....	16 00 @ ..
LARD.....	9 1/2 @ 9 1/2

ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 24 1/2 @ 1 25
No. 2 Red Winter.....	1 49 @ 1 51
OATS—No. 2.....	64 @ 65
CORN—No. 2.....	48 @ 49
RYE—No. 2.....	92 @ 94
BARLEY—No. 3.....	1 29 @ 1 30
PORK—Mess.....	16 75 @ ..
LARD.....	9 1/2 @ ..

CINCINNATI.	
Flour.....	6 50 @ 7 25
WHEAT.....	1 37 @ 1 39
CORN.....	46 @ 67
OATS.....	48 @ 56
RYE.....	1 02 @ 1 06
BARLEY.....	1 50 @ 1 70
PORK—Mess.....	16 75 @ ..
LARD.....	9 @ 10

MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 1.....	1 31 @ 1 32
No. 2.....	1 24 @ 1 25
CORN—No. 2.....	62 @ 63
OATS—No. 2.....	50 @ 51
RYE—No. 1.....	88 @ 89
BARLEY—No. 2 Fresh.....	1 59 @ 1 61
PORK.....	16 50 @ 16 75
LARD.....	9 1/2 @ 10

TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—Amber Michigan.....	1 49 @ 1 49 1/2
No. 2 Red.....	1 47 1/2 @ 1 48 1/2
CORN.....	68 @ 75
OATS.....	51 @ 55
CLOVER SEED.....	6 25 @ 6 35

DETROIT.	
WHEAT—Extra.....	1 67 @ 1 68
No. 1.....	1 58 @ 1 59
Amber.....	1 47 @ 1 49
CORN.....	70 @ 72
OATS.....	51 @ 52
CLOVER SEED.....	5 80 @

All Sorts.

OHIO will be seventy-two years old on Nov. 29.

BESIDES the crusade, the Atheeneese war is now the only one raging on the globe.

THE Union Pacific road is now in the hands of Jay Gould—he owns 167,000 shares out of 300,000.

In the stomach of a codfish opened at Boston the other day was found a stone ink-stand full of ink.

THE Jenkins of the Sioux City Journal describes one of the belles of a ball-room as "a graceful little toad."

ONLY nine families, it is stated, are left in Pithole City, Pa. It once boasted a population of 15,000. *Sic transit.*

How many shoes are made in Massachusetts may be conjectured from the fact that North Bridgewater alone turns out 30,000 pairs daily.

LECTURING has been so unprofitable this season that the rates of lecturers are likely to be much lower next winter—from 25 to 50 per cent. at least.

THE Massachusetts Hoosac tunnel contractors have paid \$10,000 for funeral expenses of workmen killed during the process of construction.

AMONG the literary treasures left by Mr. Sumner is the Bible of John Bunyan, with the autograph of the author of the "Pilgrim's Progress" written in it.

FORTY millions of gold have been added to our coinage since the 1st of January, 1873, raising the total gold coinage to the handsome sum of \$150,000,000.

THE census of 1870 shows that two-thirds of the Irish people in this country are east of Buffalo, while two-thirds of the Germans are west of that meridian.

THE *Golden Globe*, of Colorado, has suspended on account of the disappearance of the editor. He was last seen standing under a tree, and some men were pulling on a rope.

A CONNECTICUT Yankee has invented a machine for hatching eggs, and he brings out fifty chickens at a time. The hen devotes all her time to the production of the raw material.

STATISTICS of hog-packing for the season of 1873 show that Chicago leads the world, with Indianapolis second, St. Louis third, Cleveland and Cincinnati about equal next in order.

SOME prominent capitalists of New York, Philadelphia, and other centers are forming a company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to erect another large cotton factory at Augusta, Ga.

THE Chinese Government is trying to raise a navy after the English model, and is building ships to that end. The sixth frigate built at the Government dock-yard was launched recently.

SOMEBODY boasts in a Western newspaper of being the happy possessor of a new, first-class oriole watch which runs an hour in forty minutes, and with the assistance of two hands has gained enough to pay for itself in three weeks.

THE diamond fields at the Cape of Good Hope are now well-nigh deserted, the majority of the seekers after sudden wealth having concluded to abandon a quest which entailed severe labor and rarely paid more than expenses.

Two lawyers in England have entered into a solemn compact not to drink intoxicating drinks, except when duck-shooting, for a year, under a forfeit of £100. One of them keeps a duck in his back yard, and shoots at it every time he is thirsty.

PARIS, next to London, is the healthiest city in Europe. Among its sanitary arrangements are those affecting the heat supply. Private slaughter houses are not allowed, and all meat is inspected on its entrance into the city before being delivered to the public.

SIXTY years ago every island in Polynesia was under the spell of heathenism. There are now about 400,000 Polynesians who profess Christianity, who have been reclaimed from heathenism, and from many of whose islands cannibalism has been extirpated.

PRESIDENT ANDREW WHITE, of Cornell University, has an exalted opinion of his new students. He says he knows but one instance of inability to keep up with the class, and, as a rule, they average ten per cent. better on examination papers than the young men.

In a country town in Illinois, a few evenings since, at a panorama of the Nile, a little eight-year-old sat rapt in admiration at the scene until the picture of Jacob and Rebecca the Well appeared, when he looked up and said: "Pa, do you see that picture? I'll just bet five dollars they're Grangers."

THE following are the dates of the emancipation of slaves in various countries: England abolished slavery by act of Parliament, which took effect Jan. 1, 1834. France abolished it in her colonies in 1848; Sweden in 1847; Denmark in 1848, and Holland in 1860. Serfdom expired in Russia, March 3, 1863.

It is proposed that the teachers and pupils of the whole country unite on the 25th day of May next in a contribution to establish a teachers' and pupils' memorial fund in honor of Louis Agassiz. The fund is to be kept separate, and the income to be applied to the expenses of the Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass.

Influence of the Mind on Sensations.

Every one knows that the secretion of bile, the secretion of tears, and the secretion of saliva are very much under the influence of the nervous system. The purging of the bowels, which depends on a secretion—there, or a secretion in the liver, is also much dependent on the influence of the imagination. The Emperor Nicholas tried to see what power there was in the imagination in that respect. Bread-crumbs were given to a great many patients, and, as a result, most of them were purged. In one case a student, not of medicine but of theology, having the idea that the word pill meant a purgative, looked for "pill" in the dictionary; and the first kind of pills that he found there was one composed mainly of opium and henbane, both astringents, and capable of producing great constipation. He wanted to be purged, and took a certain number of these pills, and instead of becoming constipated he was purged just as he wished to be.

Vomiting may be produced in the same way. Du Cros, a French physiologist, tells of a trial made in a hospital by a nurse, who went around and gave to all the patients a very harmless kind of medicine, and then told them that she was sorry that she had by mistake given them all powerful emetics. Out of 160 patients, 80 were affected as if they had taken the most violent emetic and vomited for a long time.

This we see on a very large scale on seaboard every summer. I have no doubt whatever that sea-sickness is in a great measure due to that, and if you could go on board of a steamer, with the idea that you would not vomit I am well satisfied, from experiments I have made, that you would escape a great deal of sea-sickness, if you did not escape it altogether. One fact I recall is very interesting. A person had crossed, on one occasion, a small bay where it was very rough. There was a man playing the violin on the boat. The person I refer to was terribly sea-sick and vomited a great deal. He had not, of course, made up his mind that he could not be sick. However, the point is that after that he could never hear a violin without vomiting.

To pass to something more serious: You have all heard of what are called the *stigmata*—marks representing the wounds on the limbs of Christ. Those marks have appeared in persons who have dreamed or imagined that they were crucified and suffering the pains of Christ, having invoked the goodness of God to let them have that suffering to punish them for their faults. The most remarkable fact of that kind is that concerning St. Francis of Assisi. There is no doubt that he had the mark as clear as possible. If you compare with this fact one which is related by Dr. Carter you will have the explanation of it. Dr. Carter says that while a mother was looking at her child who was standing at a window with the fingers on the border of the window just under the lifted sash, she saw the sash come down with great force and crush the three fingers of the poor child. The mother remained unable to move, feeling immediately a pain on the three fingers at the very place where the child had been injured. Her fingers swelled, an effusion of blood took place and ulceration followed and she was a long time in being cured.—*Dr. Brown-Sequard's Lecture in New York.*

Stanley on Livingstone.

Mr. Stanley has written to the London *Daily News* a long communication in regard to the death of Livingstone, in which he says: "It will come out right at last! he was accustomed to say to me continually when any reference was made to his returning home. By this faith he breathed into me the strong hope that he would live to return, until I became also firm in the belief that he was destined to receive the laurels the Christian world was ready to shower upon him in person.

"It is now asked what he has done since he left England in 1866, and whether all he has done will ever be made known, and how much of the knowledge thought to be gained by his labor is lost? To the first question I would answer that a short resume of his discoveries, such as I gave me, and such as I obtained from the study of his map, has been already published. To the second question I would answer that a copious record of his discoveries, extending over a period of six years, which I brought to England on the 2d of August, 1872, is safe in the hands of Miss Agnes Livingstone, his eldest daughter. This record begins from the day he left Zanzibar in December, 1866, to the 13th of March, 1871. It embraces his discoveries from the mouth of the Rovuma river on the east coast of Africa to the Nyassa Lake, those made from the Nyassa Lake in the new lands west of Nyassa, in the districts of the Ma-Zitu, the Bobisa, Bobemba, the Wa Marungu-Cazembe, Ruu, Manyema, Waguhah, up to Ujiji, where he arrived on the 23d of October, 1871. It also contains his discoveries made while he journeyed with me, from about the middle of November, 1871, to the 16th of February, 1872, when we arrived at Unyamwebe.

"To ordinary readers all this may appear very vague, but if I tell them that Livingstone has tramped a distance of 8,300 miles afoot in that period they may have a conception of the value of the journal which now lies in the strong room of a Glasgow bank, and which was sealed by me on the 13th of March, 1871. They will be prepared to appreciate the treasure which must now, according to Livingstone's instructions, see the light; they will be able to judge for themselves what Livingstone has done; of the length of the journey the brave heart accomplished."

The Evils of Lynch Law.

The telegraph has already related how a dying man in Colorado recently confessed that he alone was guilty of outraging and murdering a young girl in Ohio, for which crime two innocent men were lynched by the incensed citizens. The particulars of the case are thus given by the *Indianapolis Journal*: "In June, 1872, a young girl named Mary Bell Secor, while on her way through the woods to the house of her sister, in Mercer county, Ohio, near the Indiana State line, on a Saturday morning was assaulted, outraged and murdered. The discovery of the crime caused great excitement in the neighborhood, and suspicion resting upon two men named McLeod and Kimball, and a young brother of the latter, the exasperated people, despite their protestations of innocence, wrought summary vengeance upon them by hanging McLeod and the elder Kimball—the boy being spared through the intercession of a brother of the murdered girl—to a tree in the vicinity of the spot where the crime had been committed. The general belief was that the men were guilty, and though the better class of the community deplored the resort to mob law, there were but few who did not believe the fate which had overtaken the men was just. A few days ago a man named Thomas Bradwell Douglass, a former resident of Mercer county, who removed to Colorado for the benefit of his health, which had been undermined by consumption, died at Denver. Half an hour before his death he became greatly agitated, and insisted upon the attendance of a Catholic priest. To the priest who came in answer to his summons, the dying man dictated the following confession:

"In this, my dying hour, and in the full hope that by doing so I will secure absolution from my sins, I make free and full confession of a deed that has weighed upon my mind like a death-pall from the day of its commission. I am the guilty wretch who outraged and murdered the girl Secor, near Celina, Ohio, in the summer of 1872. Heaven alone knows what hellish motive prompted me to do the deed, but at the time my brain was on fire from drink, and I was veritably a madman, past the power to control my actions. The hanging of the two men, McLeod and Kimball, was as vile a murder as was ever perpetrated. I was one of the mob that executed them. I urged them on to it, for I felt it necessary to secure my own safety. I now know and feel that in acting as I did throughout this horrible affair I committed sins of a most grievous character. I hope God will pardon me, and that the publication of this statement will relieve the families of the men, McLeod and Kimball, from the stigma of dishonor resting upon them. I feel that I have but a few more moments to live, and with my last breath I avow the truth of all statements herein related.

His
THOMAS BRADWELL X DOUGLASS.
mark

To the confession is appended a note signed by the priest, attesting that the confession was written by him at the request of the dying man.

A Negro Girl's Remarkable Memory.

There is a negro girl in Brucetown about 9 years of age whose memory is truly marvelous. Her wonderful powers were first brought to the notice of a white man, who keeps a grocery in that part of the city, about two weeks ago. He had been reading aloud in her presence the day before and accidentally heard her repeat, word for word, what he had read from the paper, though twenty-four hours had intervened. After this he tested her memory frequently, and has found her capable of repeating thirty or forty lines from a book after hearing it read over once. Her intellect in other respects does not seem at all above, if equal to, the average. Such instances of memory are not very unusual. Mary Summerville tells of an idiot in Edinburgh who never failed to repeat the sermon, word for word, after attending the kirk each Sunday, saying: "Here the minister coughed!" "Here he stopped to blow his nose." She also tells of another whom she met in the highlands, who knew the Bible so perfectly that if he was asked where such a verse was to be found, he could tell without hesitation, and repeat the chapter. We remember, also, to have read a year or two ago an account of a man in New York who could read one side of the New York *Herald*, and then repeat it word for word, advertisements and all. Thirty years ago, or thereabouts, there was a book-peddler in this part of Kentucky who had a considerable reputation for his remarkable memory. Old "Jimmy Hutchison" sold "Pilgrim's Progress," "Clelland's Hymns," "Children of the Abbey," "Solitude Sweetened," and was able to repeat whole pages from almost any part of these books.—*Lexington (Ky.) Gazette.*

Destructive Powder.

Corrosive sublimate is disastrous to ants. A little of it sprinkled across one of their paths in dry weather has a most surprising effect. As soon as one of the ants touches the white powder it commences to run about wildly, and to attack any other ant it comes across. In a couple of hours round balls of the ants will be found all biting each other; and numerous individuals will be seen bitten completely in two, while others have lost some of their legs or antennae. News of the commotion is carried to the fornicarium, and huge fellows, measuring three-quarters of an inch in length, that only come out of the nest during a migration or an attack on the nest of one of the working columns, are seen stalking down with a determined air, as if they would soon right matters. As soon, however, as they have touched the sublimate all their stateliness leaves them; they rush about; their legs are seized by some of the smaller ants already affected by the poison; and they themselves begin to bite, and in a short time become the center of fresh balls of rabid ants. The sublimate can only be used effectively in dry weather.

If you desire to know how to make your own toilet articles, write and inclose 50 cents to Conrad & Co., Box 325, Chicago, Ill.

Relative Sizes of Countries and Seas.

The *Country Gentleman* lately gave the comparative latitudes of some prominent places on the globe. It may be well now to furnish some comparative sizes, in round numbers: The Red sea would reach from Washington to Colorado, and it is three times as wide as Lake Ontario. Madagascar is as large as New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Vermont, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, all put together. Palestine is one-fourth the size of New York. Hindostan is more than a hundred times as large as Palestine. Great Britain is two-thirds the size of Japan, one-twelfth the size of Hindostan, one-twentieth of China, and one-twenty-fifth of the United States. Greece is about the size of Vermont. The English channel is nearly as large as Lake Superior, and Lake Huron as large as the Sea of Azof. The great Desert of Africa has nearly the present dimensions of the United States. The Caspian Sea would stretch from New York to St. Augustine, and it is as wide as from New York to Rochester. The following bodies of water are nearly equal in size: German ocean, Black sea, Yellow sea; Hudson's bay is rather larger; the Baltic, Adriatic, Persian gulf and Aegean sea, about half as large, and somewhat larger than Lake Superior. The Mediterranean, if placed across North America, would make sea navigation from San Diego to Baltimore. The Gulf of Mexico is about ten times the size of Lake Superior, and about as large as the Sea of Kamseahka, Bay of Bengal, China sea, Okhotsk sea, or Japan Sea. Lake Ontario would go into either of them more than fifty times. Great Britain and Ireland are about as large as New Mexico, but not as large as Iowa and Nebraska. They are less than New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Requirements of a Good Teacher.

A correspondent desires to know our ideas as to the requirements necessary to make a good teacher. There are none more competent to answer the question than they who have (to use a common expression) "been through the mill," both as teacher and tutor. Briefly, then, art follows science—it is the teacher's brain—shadow of scientific substance gathered there, the power they hold to impart the halo which must penetrate the unlightened intellect, the golden grain to be planted therein. Teachers require first of all a good, noble heart, a genuine love for the studies before them, sympathy and care for their pupils. They must study each nature separately; pupils are no more alike than flower gardens. Some require more attention than others, and those geniuses, like hollyhocks and poppies, that seem to spring up spontaneously, are not half so pleasing to the careful gardener as the violets and rosebuds he has shielded through the storm. The teacher who does not possess the above characteristics has certainly missed his calling. A practical, or, in other words, a mechanical, teacher, whose mind embraces within its scope the rudiments of sciences, as a perfect machine possesses the wheels and pulleys necessary to make it such, without that all-important prerequisite, utility, is less adapted for the profession than the one whose educational qualifications are less brilliant, but whose heart beats in unison with that of its pupil.—*Galena Gazette.*

The Reason Why You Cry.

Darwin says: Weeping is probably the result of some such chain of events as follows: Children, when wanting food or suffering in any way, cry out loudly, like the young of most other animals, partly as a call to their parents for aid, and partly from any great exertion serving as a relief. Prolonged screaming inevitably leads to the gorging of the blood vessels of the eye, and this will have led, at first consciously and at last habitually, to the contraction of the muscles round the eyes in order to protect them. At the same time the spasmodic pressure on the surface of the eye, and the distension of the vessels within the eye, without necessarily entailing any conscious sensation, will have affected, through reflex action, the lachrymal glands. Finally, through the three principals of nerve force readily passing along accustomed channels of association, which is so widely extended in its power, and of certain actions being more under the control of the will than others, it has come to pass that suffering readily causes the secretion of tears, without being necessarily accompanied by any other action. Although in accordance with this view we must look at weeping as an incidental result, as purposeless as the secretion of tears from a blow outside the eye, or as a sneezing from the retina being affected by a bright light; yet this does not present any difficulty in our understanding how the secretion of tears serves as a relief of suffering.

Regard Others.

Be kind to all, rich and poor alike. The great duty of life is not to give pain; and the most acute reasoner cannot find an excuse for one who voluntarily wounds the heart of a fellow-creature. Even for their own sakes, people should show kindness and regard to their dependents. They are often better served in trifles, in proportion as they are rather feared than loved; but how small is this pain compared with the loss sustained in all the weightier affairs of life. Then the faithful servant shows himself at once as a friend, while one who serves from fear shows himself as an enemy.

BRAHMA'S ANSWER.

BY R. H. STODDARD.

Once, when the days were ages,
And the old Earth was young,
The high gods and the sages
From Nature's golden pages
Her own secrets wrung.
Each questioned each to know
Whence came the Heaven above, and whence the Earth below.

Indra, the endless giver
Of every gracious thing
The gods to him deliver,
Whose bounty is the river
Of which they are the spring—
Indra, with anxious heart,
Ventures with Viochannu where Brahma is apart.

"Brama! Supreme being!
By whom the worlds are made,
Where we are blind, all seeing,
Stable, where we are fleeing,
Of Life and Death afraid—
Instruct us for mankind,
What is the body, Brahma? O Brahma! what the mind?"

Hearing as though he heard not,
So perfect was his rest,
So vast the Soul that stirred not,
So wise the lips that erred not—
His hand upon his breast
He laid, whereat his face
Was mirrored in the river that girt that holy place!

They questioned each the other
What Brahma's answer meant.
Said Viochannu, "Brother,
Though Brahma the great Mother
Hath spoken her intent,
Man ends as he began—
The shadow on the water is all there is of Man!"

"The earth with woe is cumbered,
And no man understands;
They see their days are numbered
By one that never slumbered
Nor stayed his dreadful hands,
I see with Brahma's eyes—
The body is the shadow that on the water lies."

Thus Indra, looking deeper,
With Brahma's self possessed,
So dry thine eyes, thou weeper!
And rise again, thou sleeper!
The hand on Brahma's breast
Is his divine ascent,
Covering the soul that dies not. This is what Brahma meant

Humor.

A DISH for a lawyer—Suet.

SIGNS of promise—Protosted notes.

THE wife's secret—Her opinion of her husband.

EPIGRAPH for a cannibal—"One who loved his fellow-men."

WHEN is a lunatic like a pretty flower? When he is a little dazey.

WHEN a lady faints what figure does she need? You must bring her 2.

"WHY Did He Not Die?" is the title of a novel. We have not heard the answer, but believe it to be because he did not take his medicine.

"WHEN Shakespeare wrote about patience on a monument, did he refer to doctors' patients?" "No." "How do you know he didn't?" "Because you always find them under a monument."

"Do you go to Sabbath school, my lad?" kindly asked a city missionary of a depraved little Dubuque urchin. "Nary," answered the innocent child, "but I've got a fightin' cock that can walk over any bird in this town that wears gaffs."

LITTLE girl—"Mamma, I don't think the people who make dolls are very pious people." Mamma—"Why not, my child?" Little girl—"Because you can never make them kneel. I always have to lay my doll down on her stomach to say her prayers."

SAYS a wit: "Last year I saw a watch spring, a note run, a rope walk, a horse fly, and even the big trees leave. I even saw a plank walk, and a Third Avenue bank run; but the other day I saw a tree box, a cat fish, and a stone fence. I am now prepared to see the Atlantic coast and the Pacific slope."

A BOY was passing through the cars of the Erie railroad, the other morning, with an illustrated copy of "Nothing to Wear." A lady remarked, "I suppose that takes off the ladies?" "No," said a gentleman, "it takes off their dresses." "Then," rejoined the lady, "it is quite proper that a stripling should sell it."

MARY had a little lamb,
With whom she used to tussel.
She snatched the wool all of his back,
And stuffed it in her bustle.
The lamb soon saw he had been floosed,
And in a passion flew,
But Mary got upon her ear,
And stuffed the lamb in, too.

Japanese Dwellings.

The streets of Yokohama are wide and straight. Each house is built of wood, without an atom of paint, and is a real toy-house, a genuine Liliputian Swiss chalet, built with a taste, a nicety and a neatness which are admirable. The Japanese are wonderful workers in wood, and it is a pleasure to see the roofs, so light and yet so strong, supported by walls which are made, like the side-scenes in a theater, of thin strips of wood, over which are pasted sheets of a cottony, transparent paper. In the evenings, when the lanterns dispense their soft light round the inside of these white buildings, the spectator seems to be looking at a magic-lantern. During the daytime the sides of the houses are slipped out, as side-scenes are, and the house becomes only a roof resting on the four light corner posts, the whole interior being thus opened to the air. Every part of the house is exposed to view, and everything done in it can be seen, while behind it appear the charming verdure, the cascades, and the diminutive plantations of the little gardens situated in the rear.

Whitened Hairs.

The San Francisco *Chronicle* of a recent date says: "On the return trip of the Hogan-Frevillian prize-fight gang, two hundred men took the cars at the Mount House, and near Gold Hill a miner named Joe Booth fell between the cars and had both his legs cut off above the ankles. The unfortunate man was brought to the city, where a black-haired lad named Weston gazed upon the ghastly wounds a moment and fainted. On being restored to consciousness his hair was as white as snow."

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, - - EDITOR.

Saturday, April 18.

At the time we took this paper, we were aware of the tightness in the *beal* money market, and have refrained from making any comments upon remittances for subscriptions, advertisements or cards. We think however, that the proper time has arrived for making an appeal, and hope there will be a liberal response.

Among the latest novelties introduced in this place is a new and modern pulpit for the First Ref. Church. While we congratulate the "society" upon the improvement in this respect, it must be admitted that the old desk has proper claims upon a reverent treatment. For nearly a score of years it has enjoyed the benefits of an able orthodox ecclesiastical jurisprudence, and if the box were only possessed with communicative powers it would be a valuable addition to some congregations. (The *Grandee* in commenting upon the event uses the term *and*, owing perhaps to the semi-occasional sledge-hammerings it has stood so wonderfully well in times of yore. How profane in *Hogie*!)

The challenging at the late charter election has brought out a fact, which we think is worthy to be noticed by many of our young Holland voters, for no doubt further scrutiny will be had on future occasions. A large number have hitherto voted under the impression, that they were entitled to the elective franchise by virtue of their father having obtained that right. The right to vote is one thing and citizenship is another; a two and a half years' residence will cover the first, while a continued residence of five years is required for the latter. The right to vote does not pass from father to son unless the father is a full citizen, has been in this country five years and made the necessary declaration in open court. A person coming to this country, as a minor, and having arrived at the age of 21 years, cannot vote on the strength of his father's first papers, nor will it be of any avail to him if his father should become a full citizen after such minor has reached the age of twenty-one years; he must then attend to his own case, and cannot vote, unless he has either declared his intention six months preceding the election, or taken out his final papers by declaration in open court. There are several instances to our personal knowledge where young men, for years have voted under the above delusion, and our advice to them all is to examine into their case, and satisfy themselves that their father was a full citizen, at the time they became of age, or if deceased, at the time of his death, and if there remains any doubt, it had better be remedied without delay, at the next session of the Circuit Court, which will be held for this County, on the 15th of June, next.

On Wednesday night we attended the first meeting of our new Council. A full board was present, with several of the officers of the city government in attendance. The newly elected members appeared in full dress, while the seniors with all due dignity took up their seats at the "head of the class." The Mayor delivered a short address, to the satisfaction of all present. Beyond a little routine work, no business was transacted. An effort was made to change the time for holding the regular sessions of the Council from Wednesday evening to Friday evening but it failed, inasmuch as it involved a serious delay in publishing the proceedings of Council, which fact did not appear to have struck the attention of the party proposing it.

One of the most painful reminiscences of the fire in this city, is the loss of our trees and shrubbery. Whatever else may have been replaced since, by the industrious hand of our people, we shall for years and years miss our shade trees. We have often realized this, especially during the hot summer months, while visiting in other places. And now that spring is with us, every lot owner should look after the matter of shade trees. Our city is almost entirely destitute of shade. Shade trees improve the appearance of residence property more than the cost, and then add to the general beauty of the city at the same time.

A few weeks ago we suggested and again repeat this week the idea of setting out shade trees on the Public Square, on the principle of "memorial" trees. Let each resident, old and young, plant a tree and have it properly labeled and protected, and the whole community will feel at once an interest in the enterprise. This again will lead to the further improvements of the Square. The residents of the First Ward can do the same thing for the square in the East part of the city.

HORACE Greeley used to say that he had rather see an old woman take snuff than to stand before the finest painting in the world.

The following letter is taken from the Oceana Co. Journal:

HOLLAND CITY, Mich., March 20th, 1874. Geo. W. Palmer, Esq., Ed. "Oceana Co. Journal, Hart, Mich."

DEAR FRIEND:—Enclosed you will find an article printed in our HOLLAND CITY News of to-day's date—you will doubtless know of the truthfulness of the extract from the Muskegon Chronicle. You will also recognize me as a citizen of Hart, in good standing. I will consider it a favor for you to speak out, of me, what you know, and leave you to deal as best suits you with those that have mixed me up with some one of whom I am entirely ignorant. I shall if possible, be up the coming week, and wish the citizens of Hart to back me up, if worthy, both in and through the press. The report will doubtless trouble some who are wavering friends, until that recommendation is obtained, either by a retraction of the press—or a circular from the people. I am calm over it, although it is well aimed and sent by and through some one intending injury. Have some of my friends, you choose them—to write immediately to Kollen & Keppel, Overysel, Allegan County, Mich., and also to the editor of the HOLLAND CITY NEWS. Trusting to a well-tried friend, I am Yours Truly, JAS. L. McMURTIE.

Then follows another letter from C. J. VOORHOUT, of Overysel, addressed to the Supervisor of that township, asking for all the information that can be given. The whole is answered by the Journal, with the following statement:

"It is necessary to add, that we do not have been able to find any one who ever knew Dr. McMurtie here or elsewhere. Whoever he may be he must be a miserable fraud, with an infinite amount of cheeky presumption."

Among our visitors this week was Mr. L. VAN W. VAN VLIET, of The Hague, Netherlands, with whom we had the pleasure of spending a very pleasant and entertaining hour. Mr. V. has lived for several years in Java, though for the last five years he has constantly been traveling. During the past year and a half he has been prospecting in the United States, taking personal observations, and visiting all the large cities and points of prominence, including the several Holland settlements. From here Mr. V. intends to visit Colorado, come back East again, as far as Detroit, proceed thence to California, and so on to Java.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF HOLLAND.

ARRIVALS.

April 15 Schr A Pinger 87 t—40 pkgs mdze.
" " Schr Four Brothers 95 t—light.
" 16 Schr Tri Color 86 t—40 bu corn 14 pkgs mdze 100 hides.

DEPARTURES.

April 14 Schr Elva 60 t—1,200 R. R. ties.
" 15 Schr A Pinger 87 t—60 m p b staves.
" " Four Brothers 95 t—45 cords wood 32 cords bark.
" 16 Schr Tri Color 86 t—22 m ft lumber.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE prop. Ira Chaffee is now making her regular trips between Chicago and Saugatuck.

THE vessel-owners of several ports have passed resolutions protesting against the high rates of towage charged by Detroit tugs.

THE scow Contest, of Kenosha, after entering the harbor safely, ran across the stream, and struck the prop. Susquehanna, severely injuring her.

THE following are the rates of freight for the leading East Shore ports: Holland and Saugatuck, \$2.00; Grand Haven and Muskegon, \$1.75; Ludington, \$1.87½@2.00; Manistec, \$2.00@2.25.

THE Prop. A. C. Van Raalte has recently been purchased from J. M. Jones, for \$15,000, for the Traverse City, Mackinaw and Sheboygan route. She is now in the dry-dock at Chicago, where she will receive repairs and improvements to the extent of \$15,000.

FRIDAY night as the scow Forest neared Racine, one of the crew named George Scholz leaped over-board into the water. Assistance was at once rendered, but before he could be secured he had drowned. It is supposed the suicide was caused by temporary insanity.

THE schr. O. R. Johnson, F. B. Stockbridge, and L. B. Coates, the latter two new vessels, tried their sailing qualities. All three left Saugatuck with loads of lumber Tuesday evening between 7 and 8 o'clock. The O. R. Johnson arrived at this port Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock; the Stockbridge at 2, and the Coates at 4. The Johnson has always been considered one of the fastest sailing vessels afloat.

THE list of unfortunate fishermen who were surprised by that disastrous squall last week Wednesday and found a watery grave beneath the waters on the West Shore of Lake Michigan, is not yet full, and new names have daily to be added to the list of those so suddenly taken from the side of their families and friends. It was reported at first that several boats containing fishermen were driven down the lake about fifty miles from shore during the prevalence of the squall, and the hope was expressed that they would reach land in safety. But they too, have now to be added to the already large list of victims. The bodies of nine more unfortunate were picked up near South Chicago. All of them were Scandinavians and belonged to Chicago.

SEAMEN'S wages at Chicago last week, were \$1.50.

THE Goodrich and Engelman Transportation Companies have completed the necessary arrangements for the season, and their steamers have commenced running. There is no material change from last season.

THE new Schr. L. B. Coates, has made her first trip to Chicago, and was the centre of general attention at the Lumber Market. She was built for O. R. Johnson & Co. at the yards of the Saugatuck Lumber Company, at Saugatuck. Her dimensions are as follows: Keel, 112 feet; beam, 25 feet; the shallowest part of the hold, 8 feet; the main-boom, 56 feet; foremast, 83 feet; steel-wire rigged throughout. Her carrying capacity is about 200,000 feet of lumber. Capt. Archer is her commander.

DURING the squall on Thursday of last week, the Schr. Helen Blood, from Muskegon, with lumber, on entering the harbor, at Chicago, about midnight, missed the mouth and ran against the breakwater, and drifted southward, with both of her anchors down. The sea, which ran mountain high, swept the vessel from stem to stern, washing overboard her deck-load of lumber, and carrying away her fore-boom and gaff, the fore and main sails being split by the waves. The sea also washed away the skylight and top, and filled the vessel with water. The tug Mary McLane, went promptly to the rescue of the crew, and succeeded in saving them from their perilous position. The damage to the schooner and cargo amounts to about \$2,500. She is owned by Mason & Davis of Muskegon.

Married.

HARRINGTON-EAGLE—At the City of Holland, Mich., on Tuesday, 14th of April, 1874, by the Rev. J. R. TAYLOR, at the residence of the bride's parents, FRANCIS M. HARRINGTON, daughter of ex-Mayor E. J. Harrington, and HENRY S. EAGLE, late of Elizabethtown, Pa.

On the same day the bridal pair started on their wedding tour. They expect to be absent several weeks, visiting their friends East. Our best wishes for the future will accompany them. The personnel of our office returns thanks for a kind remembrance of the printer. We are informed that Mr. EAGLE intends to make our city his place of residence, and as such we are happy to welcome him among our future citizens.

Special Notices.

THE American Sardine Co's Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines. 106-1y.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, April 29th, at 7½ o'clock, sharp.

W. J. SCOTT, W. M.

J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y. 47-1y

Errors of Youth.

A GENTLEMAN who has suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42-16 43 Cedar St., New York.

I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

N. W. BACON, N. G.

R. K. HEALD, Rec. Sec'y. 47-1y

R. A. SCHOUTEN, Per. Sec'y.

To Consumptives.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is desirous to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address, Rev. E. A. WILSON, 42-16 194 Penn St., Williamsburg, New York.

[Official.]

Common Council.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15th, 1874.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by Mayor Cappon. The roll was called by the clerk, and a full board was present.

A petition of Jacob Van Putten and nine others for a side walk on the west side of Pine Street to Sixteenth Street, was presented and read and laid on the table until it could be referred to the proper Committee.

The following accounts were audited and ordered paid: G. W. Broadmore, Inspector of Elections, \$3.00 James Westover, " " " 3.00 G. Wakker, " " " 3.00

The city clerk reported that all the city officers elected at the last election have qualified except one constable.

Ald. Dykema and Kanter were appointed a special committee with power to act in the premises in regard to grading for the fence around market square.

The Mayor was requested to issue a proclamation notifying all owners of real estate to keep the sidewalks clean and in repairs in front of their respective premises.

It was proposed to change the time of holding Council meeting from Wednesday evening to Friday evening. The motion was lost, 6 nays to 2 yeas.

The Council then adjourned until Wednesday evening, April 22, at 7½ o'clock.

PROCLAMATION!

In accordance with a resolution passed by the Common Council of the city of Holland, April 15th 1874, I hereby notify all the owners and occupants of lots or premises fronting on any sidewalk, to keep the same in good repairs, and remove therefrom all sand, dirt or other obstruction.

HOLLAND, April 18th, 1874.

I. CAPPON, Mayor.

HOLLAND TOWNSHIP SPECIAL ELECTION.

A Special Election for the Township of Holland will be held on Saturday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1874, at the house of D. JONKHA, to vote upon the question of raising money to build a Town-house, and the location.

W. DIEKEMA, Supervisor, n8-2w

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE, AT HOLLAND CITY, APRIL 16, 1874.

Backster Orin
Clayton C E 3
Heady Emma E
Hughes Charles
Kesan A
Snyder Sarah A
Stone Leell
Triller May
Tuthill W H

New Advertisements.

Dr. G. SITES, DENTIST.

To the Public of Holland and vicinity—I would respectfully announce that I have permanently located in this place, for the purpose of practicing my profession of *Dentistry*. All operations upon the teeth will be carefully performed, and diseases of the mouth belonging to Dental Practice, will be promptly treated. Mechanical Dentistry, in all the various styles will be executed in the most workmanlike manner; all operations warranted. My office is in Mr. Van Landegend's Brick Building, 2nd floor, in rooms lately occupied as Reading Room of the Y. M. C. A.

G. SITES, Dentist. 113-2elf

B. T. BABBITT'S Pure Concentrated Potash. OR LYE, OF Double the Strength of any other SAPONIFYING SUBSTANCE.

I have recently perfected a new method of packing my Potash, or Lye, and am now packing it only in Balls, the Coating of which will saponify, and does not injure the Soap. It is packed in boxes containing 34 and 48 lb. Balls, and in no other way. Directions in English and German, for making hard and soft soap with this Potash, accompany each package.

B. T. BABBITT, 64 to 64 Washington St., N. Y.

WERKMAN & SONS.

This Firm have brought to this City one of the largest and best selected stock for the

Spring and Summer Trade.

That has ever been offered to Holland and vicinity. A complete Line of Dry Goods, including a choice selection of Dress Goods, Alpaccas, Ginghams, Trimmings and Notions, Spring and Summer Shawls, Sheetings and Shirtings. In Gent's Furnishing, Clothing, Hats & Caps, we have a full assortment.

Choice Groceries, Crockery and Glassware.

Our Department of Family Supplies, Flour, Feed, Graham, etc., will receive the same attention as heretofore. No charge for delivery.

We are determined not to be undersold. Our prices compete with those in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Farmers will find with us a ready market for all their produce.

HOLLAND, Mich., April 10, 1874. 3s-1y

Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of OTTAWA, IN CHANCERY.

CHARLES SCOTT, Complainant,

vs. FRANKIE A. McGEORGE, NATHANIEL T. McGEORGE, JOSEPH OXNER, WILMINA OXNER, Defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of said Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa, In Chancery, made in the above entitled cause on the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1874, Notice is hereby given, that on the SECOND (2nd) DAY OF JUNE next (1874), at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, in the said County of Ottawa, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, known and described as Lot number two, in the north-west fractional quarter of section thirty (30), in township five (5), North of Range fifteen (15) West, according to the recorded plat of said section thirty, now of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, to which reference is hereby made for a more particular description; the premises said to contain ten acres of land, be the same more or less.

Dated, April 10, 1874.

EDWIN BAXTER, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Ottawa County, Michigan.

GEORGE W. McBRIDE, Complainant's Solicitor. 113-119

For Sale.

20 Acres on the North Side of Black Lake. With a good view of Holland City; Eight acres in fruit, and a good House and Well. Price \$2,500. H. BACON, 3m

Hay! Hay! Hay! Hay!

Having lately purchased the Hay Press and Building of J. E. Higgins, situated near the old

M. L. S. R. R. Depot, HOLLAND, I am now prepared to buy

HAY!

In any quantities, for which I will pay the Highest Wholesale Cash Market Prices, FOR A GOOD ARTICLE.

HENRY S. EAGLE, -117

\$5 to \$20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINTON & Co., Portland, Maine.

ATTENTION!

Carriage Making, AND BLACKSMITHING.

JACOB FLEEMAN,

Has re-opened his carriage and wagon manufactory at his old stand on River street, where he may be found, ready at all times to make anything in the line of

Top or Open Buggies, Light & Heavy Wagons, Sleighs, Trucks, Etc., Etc.

A good assortment of Thimble Skeins always on hand.

Warranted Seat-Springs of any shape or style.

I USE NOTHING BUT

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

My Spokes and Hubs are manufactured from

Second Growth Eastern Timber.

All Work Warranted.

General Blacksmithing done with neatness and dispatch.

Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

Thanking my old customers for past favors, I solicit a call from them, and as many new ones as want anything in my line.

47-Xcl-1y J. FLEEMAN

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES,

Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY, AND

HATS & CAPS,

Which they are offering at Prices, that defy Competition.

Also a complete Stock of

FLOUR & FEED,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us will be

Delivered Free!

To any part of the City.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store, 46-Xcl-1y

WINTERS Bro's BROWER,

(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)

PRACTICAL

Engineers and Machinists.

Messrs P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with all due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists.

THE SHOP and FOUNDRY are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S.

THE BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. WINTERS, will be continued as before.

THE PLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by K. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above.

MILL REPAIRING, will receive our special attention.

SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch.

Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874. 108-1y

I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead

is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH, 46-1f

Druggist & Pharmacist.

W. VAN PUTTEN,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Drugs & Medicines,

Paints and Oils,

Putty, Glass, Etc.

Patent Medicines, Choice Wines and Liquors, Fancy Soaps & Perfumery.

Tooth Brushes,

Clothes Brushes,

Hair Brushes,

Shaving Brushes,

and Paint Brushes.

Razors and Razor Straps,

Chamois Skins, and

Nursing Bottles.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Supporters and Trusses,

And everything, usually kept in Drug Stores.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded, Day or Night.

46-Xcl-1y

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.
JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents
for first insertion, and 25 cents for each
subsequent insertion for any period under three
months.
1 Square 3 M. 5 M. 1 W.
2 " 5 M. 8 M. 10 M.
3 " 8 M. 10 M. 17 M.
4 Column 10 M. 17 M. 25 M.
5 " 17 M. 25 M. 40 M.
6 " 25 M. 40 M. 65 M.
Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three
changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three
lines, \$2.00 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths pub-
lished without charge.
An X before the Subscriber's name will denote
the expiration of the subscription. Two X's sig-
nify that no paper will be continued after date.
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Our Markets.

Saturday, April 18.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, bushel	\$1.00	@	\$1.25
Beans, bushel	1.50	@	1.75
Butter, lb.	.25	@	.28
Clover seed, bushel	.50	@	.50
Eggs, dozen	.13	@	.13
Honey, lb.	.13	@	.18
Hay, ton	10.00	@	12.00
Hides, green, lb.	.10	@	.12
Maple sugar, lb.	1.00	@	1.10
Onions, bushel	1.25	@	1.50
Potatoes, bushel	1.00	@	1.00
Timothy Seed, bushel	3.00	@	3.50
Wool, lb.	.10	@	.10

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed, lb.	.08	@	.08
Chickens, dressed, lb.	.08	@	.09
Lard, lb.	.10	@	.10
Pork, dressed, lb.	.07	@	.07
Smoked meat, lb.	.12	@	.14
Smoked ham, lb.	.10	@	.10
Smoked shoulders, lb.	.09	@	.09
Turkeys, lb.	.10	@	.10
Tallow, lb.	.06	@	.06

Wood, Staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$4.00		
" " green	3.00		
" " beach, dry	3.00		
" " green	2.50		
Hemlock Bark	5.50		
Staves, white oak	12.00	@	14.00
Heading bolts, soft wood	3.00	@	3.50
Heading bolts, hardwood	4.50	@	
Stave bolts, softwood	3.50	@	
Stave bolts, hardwood	4.50	@	
Railroad ties	15	@	

Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white, bushel	\$1.45	@	\$1.50
Corn, shelled, bushel	.70	@	.70
Oats, bushel	.50	@	.50
Buckwheat, bushel	.80	@	.85
Rye, bushel	.80	@	.80
Feed, ton	30.00	@	30.00
" " 100 lb.	1.70	@	1.70
Barley, 100 lb.	2.50	@	2.50
Middling, 100 lb.	1.50	@	1.50
Flour, 100 lb.	4.00	@	4.00
Pearl Barley, 100 lb.	6.00	@	7.00
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lb.	4.50	@	4.50
Fine meal, 100 lb.	1.75	@	1.75

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore all Road.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
Mail.	Mail.
STATIONS.	STATIONS.
9.10 A. M. Chicago.	5.30 P. M. Holland.
12.15 P. M. New Buffalo.	5.15 P. M. Holland.
8.37 A. M. Gr. Junction.	2.05 P. M. Holland.
4.21 A. M. Gen. Sullivan.	1.12 P. M. Holland.
4.07 A. M. Manlius.	1.03 P. M. Holland.
4.35 A. M. Richmond.	1.00 P. M. Holland.
4.45 A. M. E. Saugatuck.	12.45 P. M. Holland.
5.35 A. M. Holland.	12.25 P. M. Holland.
5.10 A. M. New Holland.	11.52 P. M. Holland.
6.07 A. M. Olive.	11.37 P. M. Holland.
5.27 A. M. Ottawa.	11.31 P. M. Holland.
6.25 A. M. Robinson.	11.20 P. M. Holland.
5.48 A. M. Spoonville.	11.05 P. M. Holland.
7.10 A. M. Nunica.	10.55 P. M. Holland.
7.28 A. M. Fruitport.	10.36 P. M. Holland.
8.00 A. M. Muskegon.	9.30 P. M. Holland.
8.25 A. M. Montague.	8.45 P. M. Holland.
10.00 A. M. Pentwater.	6.45 P. M. Holland.

Grand Rapids Branch.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
Express.	Express.
Mail.	Mail.
STATIONS.	STATIONS.
5.30 A. M. Holland.	12.20 P. M. Holland.
5.34 A. M. Zeeland.	12.06 P. M. Holland.
5.47 A. M. Vriesland.	11.53 P. M. Holland.
6.00 A. M. Hudson.	11.40 P. M. Holland.
6.13 A. M. Gannett.	11.27 P. M. Holland.
6.19 A. M. Grandville.	11.21 P. M. Holland.
6.40 A. M. Gr. Rapids.	11.00 P. M. Holland.

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
No. 2.	No. 1.
STATIONS.	STATIONS.
9.30 P. M. Muskegon.	2.25 P. M. Holland.
8.30 P. M. Ferrysburg.	3.03 P. M. Holland.
8.00 P. M. Grand Haven.	3.06 P. M. Holland.
7.15 P. M. Pigeon.	3.40 P. M. Holland.
6.30 P. M. Holland.	4.08 P. M. Holland.
5.30 P. M. Fillmore.	4.28 P. M. Holland.
5.30 P. M. Allegan.	5.21 P. M. Holland.

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

FROM GRAND RAPIDS.	TO GRAND RAPIDS.
Express.	Express.
Mail.	Mail.
STATIONS.	STATIONS.
4.15 P. M. Grand Rapids.	11.00 P. M. Holland.
4.33 P. M. Grandville.	10.40 P. M. Holland.
4.49 P. M. Byron Centre.	10.23 P. M. Holland.
5.07 P. M. Dor.	10.04 P. M. Holland.
5.17 P. M. Hilliards.	9.53 P. M. Holland.
5.26 P. M. Hopkins.	9.43 P. M. Holland.
5.50 P. M. Allegan.	9.17 P. M. Holland.
6.17 P. M. Otsego.	8.46 P. M. Holland.
6.26 P. M. Plainwell.	8.37 P. M. Holland.
6.43 P. M. Cooper.	8.18 P. M. Holland.
7.05 P. M. Kalamazoo.	8.00 P. M. Holland.
7.24 P. M. Portage.	7.38 P. M. Holland.
7.42 P. M. Schoolcraft.	7.30 P. M. Holland.
7.53 P. M. Flowerfield.	7.10 P. M. Holland.
8.03 P. M. Moorepark.	7.00 P. M. Holland.
8.14 P. M. Three Rivers.	6.50 P. M. Holland.
8.26 P. M. Florence.	6.37 P. M. Holland.
8.35 P. M. Constantine.	6.30 P. M. Holland.
8.45 P. M. White Pigeon.	6.20 P. M. Holland.
8.50 P. M. Chicago.	10.40 P. M. Holland.
9.40 P. M. Toledo.	11.45 P. M. Holland.
10.40 P. M. Cleveland.	7.30 P. M. Holland.
1.10 P. M. Buffalo.	12.25 P. M. Holland.

Jottings.

THE latest inflation in Holland is Garden Seeds.
THE mud is drying up and the roads are improving.
THERE are 1,200 shades of the different colors of kid gloves.
THE Sixth Michigan Infantry, will hold a reunion at Jackson, the 19th of this month.

A WICKED liquor dealer has named his toughest brand of whisky after a female crusader.

FRED. H. MAY of Chicago and Col. Jos. Fisk of Allegan have bought the Chaffee house block, Allegan.

THE repairs on the Railroad bridge at St. Joseph, are completed, and trains are again running regular.

THE freight-train on the Grand Rapids Branch, ran off the track on Thursday, causing some damages to the rolling stock.

THE Government is having prepared a medal, commemorative of the late Prof. Agassiz, and his devotion to and achievement in science.

Hon. W. B. WILLIAMS, our Representative in Congress, spent a few days this week, at his home in Allegan, and left again for Washington, on Thursday.

JOHN R. BRECKENRIDGE, a student at law at Lebanon, Ky., was shot and mortally wounded last week. He was the youngest son of the late Dr. Robert J. Breckenridge.

It is now said that Powers' opera house at Grand Rapids, will be opened by McVicker of Chicago, backed by a company in which Maggie Mitchell will be one of the stars.

ON Wednesday of last week, work on the new Capitol at Lansing was commenced, over fifty men being employed on the walls. The number has since been increased to 500 men.

THE Board of Regents of the Michigan University have been ordered by the State Supreme Court to show cause why they should not appoint two professors of the homeopathic school.

A WOMAN in China who conspired to kill her husband and married his brother, has been sentenced in Yeddo to be torn to pieces by bullocks. The man is to be merely crucified and then tortured with spear wounds.

KALAMAZOO County can boast of a centurion. His name is Basil Harrison, he has entered upon the 103d year of his age. His son, William Harrison; of Climax, is 83 years old, and William's son, Jeremiah Harrison, of the same place, is 53 years old.

THE announcement is now made that Vice-President Wilson will sail from New York for Europe in a few days, to spend several months in endeavoring to regain his health. The fact is, he hasn't fully made up his mind just where he will go, or what he will do.

A NAUGHTY little boy, blubbering because his mother wouldn't let him go down to the river on Sunday, upon being admonished said, "I don't want to go a swimmin' with 'em; I only wanted to go down to see the bad little boys drown for going in a swimmin' on a Sunday."

A FRENCH paper tells the following as true: "A man arrived the other evening at the Luxemburg Garden just as the gates were being shut. He said, 'I have hurried back; I left my wife in here on a bench.' The gate-keeper replied, 'I am very sorry—the garden will not be open until to-morrow,' and he locked the gate."

A STRANGER attending a fashionable church in one of our large cities, finding that when the choir commenced singing, the tune was one with which he was not sufficiently acquainted to take part, and that the audience generally were in the same condition, gave it as his view, that "the Lord was praised by a committee of four."

THE leading cartoon in Harper's Weekly for the 11th inst., represents Butler as a beast or fiend—he is too large and hideous for an imp—just escaped from the bottle and bent on the destruction of all that is human in the "cradle of liberty," the commonwealth of Massachusetts. If this is a straw, it may show in which direction the wind is blowing and the tide setting.

THE Allegan Journal says: "The Hollanders complain that Alleganians and Grand Rapidsians visit their moral city of Holland, get tight and thus bring reproach upon the Dutch people."—The above is a mistake. We haven't seen or heard of a drunken Alleganian, since they reformed *en masse*, and do not believe they could be prevailed upon even to smell the cork. The reputation of our neighbors should be precious to us.

LOCALS not plenty this week.

SEVERAL new signs have been put up lately.

READ the Mayor's Proclamation in another column.

TRIFLE not with serious jottings, and be not serious with trifles.

THE Cure of Santa Cruz will take up his residence in Belgium for the present.

THE career of many a ruler can be summed up by saying: He was born, he fought, he died.

WHEAT on the ground never looked better until a few days ago, when in certain localities it began to freeze out.

A NEW lot of choice cigars, of that favorite brand "Freeman's Choice," just arrived at Kanter's. They smoke first-rate.

IN a temperance sermon delivered in Chicago, last Sunday, a parallel was drawn between Abimelech and Alcohol.

THE Auction Sale at Dr. LEDEBOER'S was well attended; bids were made lively and good prices obtained for all that was offered.

APPARENTLY we shall have to do another season without a regular steamboat line. We do not learn that the subject is anywhere agitated.

PRESIDENT Grant's cottage at Long Branch is being enlarged and renovated, and will be occupied by the President and his family about the middle of June.

JOHN S. DAURELL, the late Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of the city of Boston, has served in the capacity of fireman for 26 years.

THE Senate Committee on the District of Columbia has agreed to report a bill providing for the establishing of a Zoological Garden in the District.

IN Georgia they describe a man's farm by stating the number of mules that he uses and talk about a four mule and a six mule plantation.

THE Bishop of the Diocese of Michigan will visit the Parish of Grace Church, in this city, on Monday next, (April 20th), and administer the rite of confirmation in the evening at half past seven o'clock.

A. H. RICH, one of the oldest conductors on the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad, was run over and killed at Walton Junction, on that Road, in the northern part of this State, on Saturday night of last week.

HARRY C. ALBEE, the eldest son of the late C. B. Albee of Grand Haven, has been in the Argentine republic, South America, for the last eight years. It is said he will soon return to take possession of his property.—G. R. Post.

THE Senate Committee on Commerce, has reported adversely on the petition of citizens of Indiana and Kentucky for the passage of a law compelling bridges over the Ohio River to be constructed with a 400-foot span, and 160-foot pivot draw.

DISPATCHES from Melbourne, regarding the escape of Rochefort and his companions, state that they had permission from the authorities of New Caledonia to go on a fishing excursion, when they succeeded in boarding a bark, and stowing themselves away until the vessel put to sea.

THE monument to the Confederate dead, erected in Greenwood Cemetery, near New Orleans, under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent Association, of that city, was unveiled last week with appropriate ceremonies, in the presence of a large assembly.

SENATOR SUMNER, in a speech to the Republican State Convention at Worcester, in 1854, said: "Three things are now needed by our beloved Commonwealth. The first is backbone; the second is backbone, and the third is backbone." Massachusetts was never more in need of such excellent advice than they are now in choosing his successor.

OUR new Dentist, Dr. G. SITES, has arrived and established his office over VAN LANDEGEND'S Store. A competent Dentist is a valuable addition to the population of any place, and we have no doubt, our teeth-sufferers will endorse this. The doctor is supplied with all the latest inventions and improvements for a prompt and efficient execution of his profession.

A certain A. B. C.-er from this city, apparently not satisfied with the results of the election in spite of his assertions to that effect, has displayed his personal feelings about the matter in an article in the Grand Haven News, of the 10th inst. We are not supposed to know this new correspondent, only as an A. B. C.-er, and as such we hope the public at that place will consider him, for he does not convey any sentiments other than his own. As a representative man he is a mere A. B. C.-er, and always will be; as a man and a citizen, he is less than that, and will continue to be such while he allows this disposition to control his better judgment.

PRINCE Bismarck's health is improving.

THE Council of Hope College will meet on Wednesday, the 29th inst.

CHARLES Sumner bequeathed his books and autographs to Harvard College.

THE engine and boilers for Mr. GERLING's flour mill, are daily expected.

THE sovereignty of the Fiji Islands has been formally tendered to Great Britain.

THE next question is, what the Common Council going to do about saloon licenses.

SCHUTLER COLFAX delivers a free lecture in Grand Rapids, on the fourth of next month.

NOT intoxicating—Allegan cider. This was the decision of an Allegan jury of six men.—So says the Journal.

THE British Government defrays the expenses of Livingstone's funeral, which is to take place at Westminster Abbey.

CAPT. John Prindville, of Chicago, is seriously contemplating sending a schooner on an ocean voyage with a load of corn.

BOSTON has fixed upon Wednesday, April 29, for the eulogy upon Charles Sumner by Senator Schurz. The Mayor will preside, and Wendell Phillips will introduce the orator.

CHARLES Sumner, in his youth, achieved the arduous feat of swimming across the boiling rapids below Niagara falls—a feat which few men had neither the muscle or the nerve to perform.

A Texas gentleman four years ago bought a sow and 4 pigs for \$5, branded them, and turned them loose. He now enjoys the proud distinction of being the "Hog-King" of Texas.

BUTLER will be 56 years old next November. They propose to make the anniversary of his birth a day of national fasting and prayer, and of special humiliation for Massachusetts.

GEN. Butler reported to the House of Representatives last week a bill to suspend from office any civil officer of the Government, excepting the President or Vice-President, during trial for impeachment.

ONE of the most valuable cargoes shipped from this port, was taken out last week by the schr. *Four Brothers*, for Mr. HARRINGTON. It consisted in 85 m dressed tierce staves, valued at nearly \$2,500.

THE Tennessee Legislature has passed an act requiring the majority of males over 21, and females over 18, in any city, town, or township, to sign a petition for license to sell liquor, before such license shall be issued.

SENATOR FERRY now occupies the desk and chair of the lamented Sumner, while Senator Ferry of Connecticut takes the place in the Senate Chamber where Senator Sumner's desk and chair stood. Being an invalid, his own easy-chair and desk were moved with him.

THE Boston firm which controls the wooden toothpick trade in this country sells about 500,000,000 annually, and the business is so profitable that the experiment of exporting them is to be tried. They are all made of white poplar, and at one factory down in Maine.

HENRY Ward Beecher has been invited to visit Europe, and to preach the London missionary sermon and to dedicate Dr. Parker's church. Since the Archbishop of Canterbury has expressed his purpose to be present it is thought Mr. Beecher ought not to decline.

OUR Japanese population has increased to six. They are all young men, and appear to be satisfied with their present position and condition. The last party whose arrival we noticed last week, left Japan on the 24th of Feb., on the steamship *Great Republic*; after a pleasant and prosperous trip of 26 days, they landed at San Francisco on the 20th of March. They were ten in all, with our friend Mr. TUGAWA, as their leader. A part of them remained in San Francisco, while others went on East. Their main object is to obtain an education. In this connection it is proper to state that the government of Japan is curtailing the appropriations for this particular mode of education. Influenced by professors and teachers from this country and Europe they indicate a preference for education at home. As with a view of obtaining a practical experience in business, these young men have brought with them a very nice assortment of Japanese articles, such as silks, dress-goods, embroideries, trimmings and various kinds of notions, urns, canes, etc. They have commenced to open in Van Den Berg's brick store, where they are daily expecting the arrival of the balance of their goods. A genuine article of Japan tea can be had there. In order to prevent any mistakes in identity we give their names in full:

Riozo Tugawa, Motojro Oghimi,
Kumaje Kimura, Yasuye Ninomiya,
Sanoske Ishijaka, Suske Matjuda.

A CARD.

To the Public of the City of Holland and Vicinity.

In view of the vacancy in the Medical Profession, occasioned by the departure of my Father Dr. B. Ledebor, I would respectfully announce to my friends and to the Public, that I have resolved to remain here and reside in this city, and practice my Profession. Until May 1st, I expect to continue my residence at the "Old Home," on 9th street, after which date I will be found at the City Hotel, or at my office, which I have at present established in Van Landegend's brick building, on 8th street, 2nd floor.

Respectfully Yours,

F. S. LEDEBOER, M. D.
HOLLAND, Mich., April 1. 1874.

City Drug Store.

HEBER WALSH,
(DRUGGIST & PHARMACIST.)
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
DRUGS,
PAINTS,
GLASS,
BRUSHES,
PATENT MEDICINES,
SUPPORTERS,
FANCY GOODS,
MEDICINES,
OILS,
PUTTY,
PERFUMERY,
TRUSSES,
SHOULDER BRACES,
ROOTS & HERBS.
Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal use only; and all other articles usually kept in a
First-Class Drug Store.
I have the largest and most complete stock of goods in Western Michigan, all purchased for Cash, from FIRST HANDS, selected with great care and shall sell at reasonable profits.
HEBER WALSH,
Druggist & Pharmacist, of 27 years practical experience.
46-34-1y

J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in the City.
Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,
Window Shades,
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Feathers,
Feather Beds,
Mattresses,
COFFINS.
Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.
46-2-1y

J. E. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN
All Kinds of Grain & Produce,
MILL FEED, CORN, &c.
All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR
U. S. Ex. Co. & M. L. S. R. R.
Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,
HOLLAND, MICH.
46-2-1y

Meat Market,

—OF—
Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meats, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

Holland, Feb. 14, 1874.
JACOB KUIITE.
46-2-1y

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, HOLLAND, MICH.
46-3-1y

A DRINKING SONG.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Come, old friend, sit down and listen!
From the pitcher, placed between us,
How the waters laugh and glisten
In the head of old Silenus.

Old Silenus, bloated, drunken,
Led by his inebriate satyrs;
On his breast his head is sunken,
Vacantly he leans and chatters.

Round about him fair Bacchantes,
Bearing cymbals, flutes and thyrses,
Wild from Naxian groves, or Zante's
Vineyards, sing delicious verses.

Thus he won, through all the nations,
Bloodless victories, and the farmer
Bore, as trophies and oblations,
Vines for banners, plows for armor.

Judged by no o'er zealous rigor,
Much this mystic throng expresses;
Bacchus was the type of vigor,
And Silenus of excesses.

These are ancient ethnic revels
Of a faith long since forsaken;
Now the satyrs, changed to devils,
Frighten mortals wine-overtaken.

Now to rivulets from the mountains
Point the rods of fortune tellers,
Youth perpetual dwelling fountains,
Not in flocks and casks and cellars.

Claudius, though he sang of flagons,
And huge tankards filled with Rhenish,
From that fiery blood of dragons
Never would his own replenish.

Even Rudi, though he chanted
Bacchus in the Tuscan valleys,
Never drank the wine he vaunted
In his dithyrambic sallies.

Then with water fill the pitcher,
Wreathed about with classic fables;
Nearer Talerian throw a richer
Light upon Lucullus' tables.

Come, old friend, sit down and listen!
As it passes there between us,
How its wavelets laugh and glisten
In the head of old Silenus.

GOING DOWN HILL.

"That looks bad," exclaimed farmer White, with an expressive shake of the head, as he passed a neglected garden and broken-down fences, in one of his daily walks.

"Bad enough," was the reply of the companion to whom the remark was addressed. "Neighbor Thompson appears to be running down hill pretty fast. I can remember the time when everything around his place was trim and tidy."

"It is quite the contrary now," returned the farmer. "House, outbuildings, and grounds all show the want of the master's care. I am afraid Thompson is on the downward path."

"He always appeared to be a steady, industrious man," rejoined the second speaker. "I have a pair of boots on my feet at this moment, of his make, and they have done me good service."

"I have generally employed him for myself and family," was the reply, "and I must confess that he is a good workman; but nevertheless I believe I shall step into Jack Smith's this morning and order a pair of boots, of which I stand in need. I always make it a rule never to patronize those who appear to be running behindhand. There is generally some risk in helping those who do not try to help themselves."

"Very true, and as my wife desired me to see about a pair of shoes for her this morning, I will follow your example and call upon Smith. He is no great favorite of mine, however—an idle, quarrelsome fellow."

"And yet he seems to be getting ahead in the world," answered the farmer, "and I am willing to give him a lift. But I have an errand at the butcher's. Step in with me for a moment. I will not detain you."

At the butcher's they met the neighbor who had been the subject of their previous conversation. He certainly presented rather a shabby appearance, and in his choice of meat there was a regard to economy which did not escape the observation of farmer White.

After a few passing remarks, the poor shoemaker took his departure, and the butcher opened his account book with a somewhat anxious air, saying, as he charged the bit of meat:

"I believe it is time that neighbor Thompson and I came to a settlement. Short accounts make long friends."

"No time to lose, I should say," remarked the farmer.

"Indeed! Have you heard of any trouble, neighbor White?"

"No, I have heard nothing; but a man has the use of his own eyes, you know; and I never trust anyone with my money who is evidently going down hill."

"Quite right; and I will send in my bill this evening. I have only delayed on account of the sickness which the poor man has had in his family all winter. I suppose he must have run behindhand a little, but still I must take care of number one."

"Speaking of Thompson, are you?" observed a bystander, who appeared to take an interest in the conversation.

"Going down hill, is he? I must look out for myself, then. He owes me quite a snug sum for leather. I did intend to give him another month's credit; but, on the whole, I guess the money would be safer in my own pocket."

Here the four worthies separated, each with his mind filled with the affairs of neighbor Thompson, the probability that he was going down hill, and the best way of giving him a push.

In another part of the little village, similar scenes were passing.

"I declare!" exclaimed Mrs. Bennett, the dressmaker, to a favorite assistant, as she hastily withdrew her head from the window whence she had been gazing on the passers-by. "If there is not Mrs. Thompson, the shoemaker's wife, coming up the steps with a parcel in her hand. She wants to engage me to do her spring work, I suppose, but I think it would be a venture. Everyone says they are running down hill, and it is a chance if I ever get my pay."

"She has always paid us promptly," was the reply.

"True, but that was in the days of

prosperity. I cannot afford to run any risks."

The entrance of Mrs. Thompson prevented further conversation.

She was evidently surprised at the refusal of Mrs. Bennett to do any work for her, but as a great pressure of business was pleaded as an excuse, there was nothing to be said, and she soon took leave. Another application proved equally unsuccessful. It was strange how busy the village dressmakers had suddenly become.

On her way home, the poor shoemaker's wife met the teacher of a small school in the neighborhood, where two of her children attended.

"Ah!" Mrs. Thompson, I am glad to see you," was the salutation. "I was about calling at your house. Would it be convenient to settle our little account this afternoon?"

"Our account!" was the surprised reply. "Surely the term has not yet expired!"

"Only half of it, but my present rule is to collect my money at that time. It is a plan which many teachers have adopted of late."

"I was not aware that there had been any change in your rules, and I have made arrangements to meet the bill at the usual time. I fear it will not be in my power to do so sooner."

The countenance of the teacher showed great disappointment, and as she passed on in a different direction, she muttered to herself:

"Just as I expected. I shall never get a cent. Everybody says that they are going down hill. I must get rid of the children in some way. Perhaps I can get a pair of shoes or two for payment for the half quarter, if I manage right, but it will never do to go on in this way."

A little discomposed by her interview with the teacher, Mrs. Thompson stepped into a neighboring grocery to purchase some trifling article of family stores.

"I have a little account against you. Will it be convenient for Mr. Thompson to settle it this evening?" asked the civil shopkeeper, as he produced the desired article.

"Is it his usual time for settling?" was again the surprised inquiry.

"Well, not exactly, but money is very tight just now, and I am anxious to get in all that is due me. In future, I intend keeping short accounts. There is your little bill, if you would like to look at it. I will call around this evening. It is a small affair."

"Thirty dollars is no small sum to us just now," thought Mrs. Thompson, as she thoughtfully pursued her way toward home. "It seems strange that all these payments must be met just now, while we are struggling to recover from the heavy expenses of the winter. I cannot understand it."

Her perplexity was increased upon finding her husband with two bills in his hand, and a countenance expressive of anxiety and concern.

"Look, Mary," he said, as she entered. "Here are two unexpected calls for money—one from the doctor, and one from the dealer in leather from whom I purchased my last stock. They are both very urgent for immediate payment, although they have always been willing to wait a few months until I could make arrangements to meet their claims. But misfortunes never come singly, and if a man once gets a little behindhand, trouble seems to pour in upon him."

"Just so," replied the wife. "The neighbors think we are going down hill, and every one is ready to give us a push. Here are two more bills for you—one from the grocer and the other from the teacher."

Reply was prevented by a knock at the door, and the appearance of a lad who presented a neatly folded paper and disappeared.

"The butcher's account, as I live!" exclaimed the astonished shoemaker.

"What is to be done, Mary? So much money to be paid out, and very little coming in; for some of my best customers have left me, although my work has always given satisfaction. If I could only have as much employment as usual, and the usual credit allowed me, I could soon satisfy all these claims; but to meet them now is impossible, and the acknowledgement of my inability will send us still farther on the downward path."

"We must do our best, and trust in Providence," was the consolatory remark of his wife, as a second knock at the door aroused the fear that another claimant was about to appear.

But the benevolent countenance of Uncle Joshua, a rare but ever welcome visitor, presented itself.

Seating himself in the comfortable chair which Mary hastened to hand him, he said, in his somewhat eccentric but friendly manner:

"Well, good folks, I understand that the world does not go quite as well with you as formerly. What is the trouble?"

"There need be no trouble, sir," was the reply, "if men would not try to add to the afflictions which the Almighty sees to be necessary for us. The winter was a trying one. We met with misfortunes, which we endeavored to bear with patience. All would now go well if those around me were not determined to push me on the downward path."

"But there lies the difficulty, friend Thompson. This is a selfish world. Everybody, or at least a great majority, care only for number one. If they see a poor neighbor going down hill, their first thought is whether it will affect their own interests, and provided they can secure themselves, they care not how soon he goes to the bottom. The only way is, to keep up appearances. Show no signs of going behindhand, and all will go well with you."

"Very true, Uncle Joshua, but how is this to be done? Bills which I did

not expect to be called upon to meet for the next three months are pouring in upon me. My best customers are leaving me for a more fortunate rival. In short, I am on the brink of ruin, and naught save a miracle can save me."

"A miracle which is very easily wrought, then, I imagine, my good friend. What is the amount of these debts which press so heavily upon you, and how soon, in the course of events, could you discharge them?"

"They do not exceed one hundred dollars," replied the shoemaker; "and with my usual run of work, I could make all right in three or four months."

"We will say six," was the answer.

"I will advance you one hundred and fifty dollars for six months. Pay every cent that you owe, and with the remainder of the money, make some slight addition or improvement in your shop or house, and put everything about the grounds in its usual neat order. Try this plan for a few weeks, and we will see what effect it has upon our worthy neighbors. No, no, never mind thanking me. I am only trying a little experiment on human nature. I know you of old, and have no doubt that my money is safe in your hands."

Weeks passed by. The advice of Uncle Joshua had been strictly followed, and the change in the shoemaker's prospects was indeed wonderful. He was now spoken of as one of the most thriving men in the village, and many marvelous stories were told to account for the sudden alteration in his affairs. It was generally agreed that a distant relative had bequeathed to him a legacy, which had entirely relieved him of his pecuniary difficulties. Old customers and new ones crowded in upon him. They had never before realized the beauty and durability of his work. The polite butcher selected the best pieces of meat for his inspection, as he entered, and was totally indifferent as to the time of payment. The dealer in leather called to inform him that his best hides awaited his orders. The teacher accompanied the children home to tea, and spoke in high terms of their improvement, pronouncing them among her best scholars. The dressmaker suddenly found herself free from the great press of work, and in a friendly note expressed her desire to oblige Mrs. Thompson in any way in her power.

"Just as I expected," exclaimed Uncle Joshua, rubbing his hands exultingly, as the grateful shoemaker called upon him at the expiration of six months, with the money which had been loaned in the hour of need. "Just as I expected. A strange world! They are ready to push a man up hill if he seems to be ascending, and just as ready to push him down if they fancy that his face is turned that way. In future, neighbor Thompson, let everything around you wear an air of prosperity, and you will be sure to prosper." And with a satisfied air, Uncle Joshua placed his money in his pocket-book, ready to meet some other claim upon his benevolence, while he whom he had thus befriended, with light steps and cheerful countenance, returned to his happy home.

A Catholic Bishop Sent to the Penitentiary.

The *American Mail*, of Rio de Janeiro, in its issue of the 24th of February, says:

At 10 o'clock on the morning of the 21st the trial of the Right Rev. Bishop of Pernambuco was resumed by the Supreme Tribunal. His Grace was accompanied by the Right Rev. Bishop of the city, and by his lordship the Bishop of Kansas, United States, who came to Brazil to collect donations for the poor Catholic churches of that State. The court was densely crowded with people of all classes of society, the highest spheres of the same being fully represented. The countenance of the accused, although dignified in the extreme, bore evident signs of deep sadness. The report of the Judge Relator having been read, the President addressed to His Grace the question whether anything within the document just read was incorrect? But His Grace, faithful to his original answer, "*Jesus autem tacebat*," did not reply to the question. A long debate then ensued about the right of the spontaneous defenders to address the court in behalf of the accused. The President, however, firmly declared that, the tribunal having already granted the right, he would sustain it, requesting, however, the spontaneous orators to be brief, on account of the lateness of the hour.

Senators Zacarias and Condido Mendes, who were allowed to defend the Bishop in the quality of spontaneous advocates, then delivered successively their defense in two most eloquent and pathetic speeches, but the doom of the poor Bishop was sealed. After the defense the court closed its doors for a secret session. At 3:40 p. m., the doors being again opened, the President proceeded to collect the votes of the Supreme Judges, which stood thus: Six condemned the Bishop to four years' imprisonment with hard labor; one to short imprisonment for the simple crime of disobedience; and one for the nullity of the whole process, or for the acquittal of the Bishop.

The Bishop of Pernambuco, therefore, by a large majority vote of the Supreme Court of Brazil, has been declared guilty of a high crime against the laws of the Empire, and condemned to the Penitentiary, with hard labor.

Under the laws of England a plaintiff in a divorce suit, has to serve a notice on the defendant personally. An officer of the British army, stationed in Australia, is at present in St. Louis for that purpose.

Reed's Temple of Music, Chicago. Good second-hand pianos, \$125 to \$200. New Square pianos, \$200 to \$300. New Square Grand pianos, \$350 to \$475. Warranted to please, or money refunded.

BARNUM is advertising in the London newspapers for estimates for the construction of his transatlantic balloon, which he intends to finish early in the summer.

AGENTS desiring to canvass for popular, quick-selling standard works, as "Art of Money-Making," by Mills, etc., see card of A. Broomhall, Muscatine, Ia.

A WORD IN SEASON.—Health is a blessing which comparatively few enjoy in all its fullness. Those endowed by nature with robust frames and vigorous constitutions should be careful not to trifle with them.

When we enter the seasons of periodic fevers, the increased heat of the sun develops a miasma which pervades the air. The evil is inextinguishable; our duty to guard against it is imperative! Fortunately for those whose lot is cast in low marshy districts or new clearings, nature provides a cure and preventive. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are endowed with rare prophylactic or disease-preventing powers, and as "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," should be taken in the full vigor of health, so as to fortify the system against the assault of summer disease, and thus secure by their life-giving, strengthening, restorative, and anti-septic virtues, a defense against atmospheric poison.

Warranted.

Four to six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are warranted to cure Salt Rheum or Tetter and the worst kind of Pimples on the face. Two to four bottles are warranted to clear the system of Boils, Carbuncles and Sores. Four to six bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Erysipelas and Blotches among the hair. Six to ten bottles are warranted to cure Running of the Ears and Corrupt or Running Cleers. Eight to ten bottles are warranted to cure Scrofulous Sores and Swellings. Two to six bottles are warranted to cure Liver Complaint.

A WONDER TO HIMSELF.

T. B. R. V. PIERCE.

To Dr. R. V. Pierce.

Your Discovery needs only a fair trial and it will do all you recommend it to do and more too. When I was fifteen I caught cold and for twenty-eight years I have been a perfect wreck of disease, and all the medicines and doctors' bills have run up at times to two and three hundred dollars, and never any better, but worse, when I gave up all hope last spring of living the summer through. I received one of your Account Books, and told my husband after reading it that it was too late to try further, but he said it was never too late. He went and bought two bottles and I found it was helping me very much. Since 1841 I was troubled with Catarrh and Sore Throat, and was almost entirely deaf in one ear, and my voice was as dull as could be. There was constant pain in my head. Now my head is as sound as a dollar, my voice is clear, and I have used ten bottles of your Discovery. It has cured me of Catarrh, Sore Throat, Heart Disease, Spine Affection and Torpid Liver. My Liver was very bad. My skin was rough. When I put my hand on my body it was like fish scales. Now it is as smooth and soft as a child's. In conclusion I will say I have been well for three months. I am a wonder to myself and friends. This is but an imperfect statement; half has not been told. Yours with respect, HESTER LACKAY.

DR. WILHOFF'S ANTI-PERIODIC OR FEVER AND AGUE TONIC.—Wilhoff's tonic has established itself as the real infallible child cure. It is universally admitted to be the only reliable and harmless child medicine now in use. Its efficacy is confirmed by thousands of certificates of the very best people from all parts of the country. It cures malarious diseases of every type, from the shaking agues of the lakes and valleys to the raging fevers of the torrid zone. Try it! It has never been known to fail. WHEELLOCK, FINLAY & CO., Proprietors, New Orleans.

HUMAN WOE.—The most scientific and successful treatment of Paralysis, and all deformities of the human body. Diseased Joints, Piles, Fistula, Catarrh and Chronic Diseases are practiced at the National Surgical Institute, Indianapolis, Indiana. Long experience, unequal facilities and low prices render it the most humane institution in the United States; 30,000 cases have been successfully treated. Send for their large Journal, giving full particulars of treatment, etc.—[Com.]

A FRIEND of ours who is chief clerk in the Government Dispensary says that no medicine chest is now complete without *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. We always supposed it was prescribed by law; if it is not, it ought to be, for certainly there is nothing in the whole materia medica of so much importance to the soldier and the sailor as *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*.—[Com.]

VETERINARY SURGEONS all over the country are recommending *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* for the following trouble in horses: Loss of appetite, roughness of the hair, stoppage of bowels or water, thick water, coughs and colds, swelling of the glands, worms, horse ail, thick wind, and heaves.

MR. ARCHIEY McKISSICK, of Rockdale, Pa., in writing to Dr. Wishart, says: "My son was pronounced incurable with consumption, but hearing of your Pine Tree Tar Cordial, we purchased three bottles, and he commenced using it, and from that day to this he has been getting well."—[Com.]

BUY RATHBONE'S STOVES, the best made. FEARLESS, most perfect made; wood or coal. ACORN COOK, rivals all wood stoves. PRIMAIRE; cheap first-class coal-and-wood cook. GOOD STOVES, of Rathbone, Sard & Co., as cheap as inferior ones. Sold everywhere.

AMONG the fine arts not lost is the art of children making holes in the toes of boots and shoes. Time taken about ten days. SILVER TIPS are an excellent remedy, never known to fail.—[Com.]

THE NORTHWESTERN HORSE-NAIL CO.'s "Finished" Nail is the best in the world.

Go to RIVERSIDE Water Cure, Hamilton, Ill.

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.—At home, male or female, \$30 a week warranted. No capital required. Full particulars, and a valuable sample sent free. Address, with 6-cent return stamp, A. D. YOUNG, 20 Fifth St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

STANDARD LOTTA BUSTLE. Diploma Awarded by the American Institute each year. A. W. Thomas, Patentee and Manufacturer, for the Lightest, Strongest and most comfortable Bustle.—The Standard Lotta—than can be worn. Sizes to suit every style of dress. Wholesale Depots: 91 WHITE STREET, NEW YORK, 801 RACE ST., PHILADELPHIA.

\$25 PER DAY Commission or \$30 a week salary, and expenses. We offer it and will pay it. Apply now. G. Webber & Co., Marion, O.

40 RATS KILLED With one box ARABS DEAD SHOT. Price 25c. ask your Storekeeper for it. JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York. JOHN H. HOLLOWAY & CO., Phila.

WANTED—AGENTS to sell the life of Charles Sumner, by Rev. Elias Nason—full, complete, and authentic. A fine opportunity for wide-awake canvassers. B. B. RUSSELL, Publisher, Boston.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Are a modern stove polish, far better than any other in existence. Are better, because they give a finer gloss than any other polish.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Yield a brilliant silvery sheen, with less than half the labor required when other polishes are used.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Are a neat and cleanly article, making no dirt nor dust when used. Can be used even in the parlor without the trouble of removing furniture or carpets.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Has no disagreeable sulphurous or strong acid smell when prepared for use, but are pleasant and harmless.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Are put up in neat style and in a form more convenient for use than any other polish. In each box are 12 sticks, 1 stick is sufficient for any stove, the waste is saved.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Are the cheapest polish in the market, because one box at 19 cents will polish as much surface as 25 cents' worth of the old polishes.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT Have just taken the first premium at the Indianapolis Exposition, the best of the old stove polishes.

Buy CRUMBS OF COMFORT for your storekeeper, if he has them, or will procure them for you; if not, send us one dollar, your name, and the name of your nearest express station, and we will send you ten boxes, and samples of Bartlett's Blacking and Pearl Bluing, free of cost. CRUMBS OF COMFORT can be had of all Wholesale Grocers and Dealers in the United States, and Retail Dealers will find them the most profitable, from the fact that they are the fastest selling article of the kind in the market.

H. A. BARTLETT & CO., 115 North Front-st., Philadelphia. 123 Chambers-st., New York. 43 Broad-st., Boston.

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT ALTERATIVE AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

It is not a quack nostrum. The ingredients are published on each bottle of medicine. It is used and recommended by Physicians wherever it has been introduced. It will positively cure SCROFULA in its various stages, RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, GOITRE, BRONCHITIS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, INCURABLE CONSUMPTION, and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood. Send for our ROSADALIS ALMANAC, in which you will find certificates from reliable and trustworthy Physicians, Ministers of the Gospel and others.

Dr. R. Wilson Carr, of Baltimore, says he has used it in cases of Scrofula and other diseases with much satisfaction.

Dr. T. C. Fugh, of Baltimore, recommends it to all persons suffering with diseased blood, saying it is superior to any preparation he has ever used.

Rev. Dabney Ball, of the Baltimore M. E. Conference South, says he has been so much benefited by its use, that he cheerfully recommends it to all his friends and acquaintances.

Craven & Co., Druggists, at Gordonsville, Va., say it never has failed to give satisfaction.

Sam'l G. McEadden, Murfreesboro', Tennessee, says it cured him of Rheumatism when all else failed.

THE ROSADALIS IN CONNECTION WITH OUR KROMER'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS will cure Chills and Fever, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, etc. We guarantee ROSADALIS superior to all other Blood Purifiers. Send for Descriptive Circular or Almanac.

Address CLEMENTS & CO., 5 S. Commerce St., Baltimore, Md. Remember to ask your Druggist for ROSADALIS.

WISHART'S

PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL

Nature's Great Remedy

FOR ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES!!

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medicinal properties are retained. Tar even in its crude state has been recommended by eminent physicians of every school. It is confidently offered to the afflicted for the following simple reasons:

1. It cures, not by abruptly stopping the cough, but by dissolving the phlegm and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter causing the irritation. In cases of acute CONSUMPTION it both prolongs and renders less burdensome the life of the afflicted sufferer.

2. Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain, and subduing inflammation.

3. IT PURIFIES AND ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Positively curing all humors, from the common PIMPLE or ERUPTION to the severest cases of Scrofula. Thousands of affidavits could be produced from those who have felt the beneficial effects of PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL in the various diseases arising from IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

4. It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite.

All who have known or tried Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's remedies receive no references from us, but the names of thousands cured by them can be given to any one who doubts our statement. Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Great American Dyspepsia Pills and Worm Sugar Drops have never been equalled. For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers, and at

DR. L. Q. C. WISHART'S OFFICE, No. 232 N. Second St., Philad'a.

One Man the Crusaders Won Away from the Saloons.

A resident of Ward 16 in Boston believing that drinking liquor was a pernicious custom, resolutely set his face against the saloons, and put a barrel of ale in his cellar. On the first evening of the purchase he repaired to the cellar to tap his ale, taking a kerosene lamp with him. On reaching the barrel he thoughtfully sat the lamp on the floor in the direct line with the spot he was to tap, and taking the faucet in one hand he drove in the bung, and meant to have applied the faucet at once. But the power at the vent was so great that the faucet was knocked from his hand, and the lamp being in direct range was upset and put out in a flash. A less sanguine party would have straightway plunged up-stairs for another lamp, but he'd find that faucet in the dark if it took him seventy-five years to do it. He dropped on his knees, and described various circles with his hand, while the foaming and spluttering ale whistled unintermittently. He moved around swifter, losing the calmness born of his determination at every unsuccessful return of the encircling hand. He bumped his head against other barrels, and scratched his knees on the floor, and was bombarded in the face and neck and under his coat-tail by the fierce stream. But he would find that faucet. He beat the cement surface with his fist and prayed, and howled, and screamed, and wept. The flying ale got into his throat and choked him, and into his nose and made him sneeze. It ran from his eyes and his ears, and down his neck and face from his hair. But he wouldn't give up. And down there on his knees in the dark and flying liquid, he stayed like an honest and honorable citizen until he had found that faucet, and jammed it into the barrel. Then he felt his way up-stairs, and appeared to his family with a want of congruity in his appearance that was painful to behold. The blood from a scratch over the eye had mingled with the flecks of foam and trickling ale, and these in turn were loaded with dust and cobwebs. His hair and clothing were saturated, and one eye was completely closed, while the other glared upon the horror-stricken family in unconscious ferocity. But he had found that faucet, and he would have found it if he had stayed down there until Canada had frozen over (we think he said Canada). Then he went up-stairs and got into bed.—*Danbury News.*

A New Fuel.

A Belgian tenant has made the extraordinary discovery that earth, coal and soda, mixed up together, would burn as well and better than any other combustible, and the fact has since then been proved beyond a doubt. The way in which he found this out is curious. He had been scraping the floor of his cellar with a shovel, in order to bring all the bits of coal lying about into a heap, which, mixed as it was with earth and other impurities, he put into his stove. To his astonishment he found that this accidental compound burned better, instead of worse, than he expected, and emitted much greater heat. Being an intelligent man, he endeavored to discover the cause, and found that a great deal of soda, probably the remnant of the last wash, lay about on the floor of the cellar, and that some of it must have got into his heap. He then made a few experiments, and at length improved his compound sufficiently to render it practical. The publicity given in Belgium to this discovery caused trials to be made everywhere, and it has now been ascertained that three parts of earth and one of coal-dust watered with a concentrated solution of soda, will burn well and emit great heat. Many Parisian papers talked of it, but only one, the *Moniteur*, went so far as to make the experiment at its printing-office. A certain quantity of friable and slightly sandy earth was mixed with the quantum of coal dust prescribed; the two ingredients were well incorporated with each other, and then made into a paste with the solution above mentioned. The fireplace of one of the boilers had previously been lighted with coal, and the fire was kept up with shovelful of the mixture. The latter, in a few seconds, was transformed into a dry, brown crust, which soon after became red-hot, and then burned brightly, but without being very rapidly consumed.

An Iowa Girl.

Miss Daily Wood, of Lester township, Black Hawk county, Iowa, has only passed her sixteenth birthday, and yet, upon her father's prairie farm, during the summer of 1873, she sowed with a seeder twenty acres of wheat and twenty of oats, plowed one-half of his eighty-acre corn field, planted the whole by aid of a Keystone planter and one pair of horses. The after culture of this eighty-acre cornfield was given by her and her horses with a sulky cultivator, excepting the harrowing immediately after planting. In this she also broke ten acres of prairie at intervals when the cornfield was too wet to cultivate. She drove on the reaper to cut thirty acres of grain and fifteen tons of hay, and did a large amount of raking with a sulky rake, besides attending to many other farm duties too numerous to mention. Miss Daily is at home not only in the green field among the cattle and with high-spirited horses, but in the kitchen or in the parlor she is equally familiar. During the past winter she has been visiting her relatives in Illinois and Michigan, traveling by railroad and stage independent and alone, fearlessly and understandingly, checking and looking after baggage with as much ease and with more understanding than many men of fifty years' experience.

The salt product of Michigan last year was 4,116,730 bushels.

Bad Spelling.

In a recent number of the *Indiana School Journal*, the editor says that, while attending the State Institute at Vincennes, Ind., he offered a premium to any member who could spell correctly 95 per cent. of the following words: "Emanate, surcingle, siphon, conferable, repellent, transcendent, ellipses, resurrection, resistible, salable, incorrigible, chargeable, ostentatious, caterpillar, tranquillity, admissible, tenet." The test was made, and, singular to relate, out of the eighty-nine teachers present, but one was able to perform the feat. Thirty-nine misspelled more than half of the words, and one missed all of them. These words look easy enough to spell, but we suggest that the teachers in our public schools make a similar test, and we are inclined to think they will be surprised at the number of words their best scholars will be unable to spell correctly.—*Springfield (Ill.) Journal.*

Two little girls, cousins, not a hundred miles from Providence, went to bed, the other night, in high glee over some secret. After they were asleep, the mother of the younger, going into their room, had her attention drawn to two little slips of paper, pinned to the wall, one over each little head. They proved to be rude attempts at illuminations in colored crayons, and ran thus: "O dear Jesus Christ, send mamma a baby; don't let it be twins. Amen."

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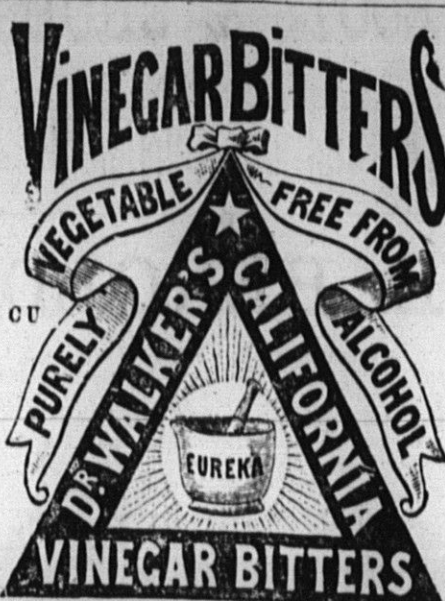
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CAT



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Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

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BUY J. & P. COATS' BLACK THREAD for your MACHINE.

Report of the "Public Schools of the City of Holland."

HOLLAND CITY, April 11th, 1874.
To the Board of Education,
Holland City, Mich.)

GENTLEMEN:—I herewith submit my seventh monthly report of the condition of the public schools of this city.

This report has been delayed by Mr. Kay's neglect to leave the grammar school report with me before going home. I had to get it through the mail.

The different schools have passed a usually prosperous month, and several promotions have been made in the primaries and intermediates.

That we have not sufficient primary and intermediate room is very apparent. The promotions in the intermediate departments were largely the result of necessity; although, quite generally merited.

No promotions have been made in the 3rd and 4th intermediate departments.

The exhibition enabled us to pay all the balance due on the school organ, \$23.60, and I herewith submit to you receipt in full for the same, which please place on file.

Below please find my report by departments:

Department.	Teachers.	no. enrolled.	av. att.	Visitors.
1st Primary	Hellen Carter,	148	125	9
2nd	H. Abbott,	72	58	12
3d	E. S. Clark,	58	58	8
1st Interm.	Flora Potter,	65	57	14
2nd	Julia Eamon,	58	45	6
3d	N. Wakker,	21	15	5
4th	Katie Garrod,	25	10	2
Grammar S.	C. M. Kay,	20	18	6
High School	Principal,	22	18	8
Totals,		496	408	70

We have had 13 visits from members of the board of education during the month.

ROLL OF HONOR.

FIRST PRIMARY.

Lucy Aling	Jennie Verbeek
Addie Clark	Mary Becker
Lizzie Crommer	John Reidsema
Nellie Koning	Cyns Rose
Diena Reidsema	Peter Schravensande.
Maggie Benjaminse	Henry Westveer
Anna Meengs	Henry Geerlings
	Freddie Zalsman.

SECOND PRIMARY.

Willie Meengs	Johanna Ducks
Reikas Verbeek	Martha Plumb
Isaac Verschaven	Clara Hopkins
Arad Clark	Minnie Mohr
John Nyland	Minnie Minderhout
Georgie Chrouch	Jennie Camperman
Mary Blish	Katie Becker.

THIRD PRIMARY.

Sena Borgman	Ella Harrington
Joh. Schravensande	Katie Vegter
Henrietta Hopkins	Freddie Rose
Minnie Roost	John Haverkate
Effie Werkman	Dirk Boer
Hanna Peterson	John de Koning
Minnie Bloemendal	Phillip Zalsman
Katie Vaupell	Marinus Weststrate
Lizzie Van Den Berg	Willie Markle
	Phillip Lyzen.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE.

Anna Quartel	Johanna Van Haften
Sina Oostenrijk	Sena Meengs
Lena Dagaman	Hattie Lysing
Mina McDonald	Katie Sooter
Alla Lefebvre	Estella Hopkins
Francis Westveer	Emma Mohr
Mary Lauder	T. Van Landegend
Nelson Switcher	Harry Verbeek
Peter Zalsman	Annie Minderhout.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE.

Eva Bailey	Aggie Hopkins
Jennie Bush	Bessie Klavinga
Lucy Harrington	Christina Vaupell
Julia Oostenryk	Elija Becker
Dana Dutton	Peter Minderhout
	Peter Koning.

THIRD INTERMEDIATE.

Katie Aling	Maggie Lefebvre
	Maggie Van Ry.

FOURTH INTERMEDIATE.

Bessie Bolhuis	Hanna Roost
	James Koning.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

None reported.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Katie Wakker	Nellie Verbeek
Minnie Lefebvre	Anna Van Putten.

Yours Very Respectfully,

G. W. CHROUCH, *Sup't.*

THERE is no measure contemplated by the present Congress that so interest soldiers as the equalization bill. The following dispatch appeared in all the papers of the country at the time, but the bill alluded to has not been reported yet:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The Senate Military Committee agreed to report a bill, to be hereafter framed, for the bill introduced by Senator Caldwell last year, which agreed to give a uniform bounty of \$8.33 1/3 per month to each and every private who served at any time, either in the regular or volunteer service, between April 15, 1861, and April 15, 1867,—bounty-payments already made to be deducted; and the benefits of the above provision to be extended also to widows or other heirs of deceased soldiers."

Former bounty laws required two full years of service, and that cut out more than half our army and navy from getting any bounty whatever. These feel aggrieved, and nothing can satisfy them but the passage of a law that makes all soldiers share alike in the bounty of the Government.

Old Yarns—Darned stockings.

At a meeting of prominent members of Plymouth Church and prominent citizens of Brooklyn, it was decided to build a new church for Mr. Beecher. Four hundred thousand dollars are necessary—\$200,000 for the land, \$200,000 for the house. The church is to hold 6,000 people. The amount is believed will be secured without any extra exertions.

THE Catholic mob who murdered the American missionary in Mexico recently, are likely to get their just deserts. The priest who prompted the murder, is now on trial for his life, and six of the mob who did the bloody work, have already been condemned to death.

New Advertisements.

Spring & Summer!

A FRESH STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes,

At the Store of

L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

Judiciously and carefully selected for the season, and comprising the most complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES ever offered in THE CITY OF HOLLAND.

LADIES,
GENTS,
YOUTHS,
MISSSES AND
CHILDREN'S WEAR,

Of the Latest Styles.

CUSTOM WORK AND REPAIRING

Done at short notice.

Cash Paid for Hides.

Our prices compare favorably with those of our neighbors, and it is our purpose to compete successfully with the trade outside this city, intending not only to satisfy our old friends, but to draw a new trade to this city and the Boot and Shoe Store of L. SPRIETSMA & SON.

HOLLAND, April 1, 1874. 46-4cl-1y

P. & A. Steketee,

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY,
GLASS-WARE,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Etc., Etc.
—In the—

Brick Store,

E. J. HARRINGTON,

Where may be found at all times, at

Wholesale or Retail!

Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

CASH PRICES.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874. 46-4cl-1y

RHEUMATISM FACTS SWORN TO

Dr. J. P. Fitter—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, prepared Dr. Fitter's Vegetable Rheumatism Syrup. I guarantee it as an infallible cure for Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Pains in the limbs, and all Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 20th April, 1874, F. A. OSBOURN, Notary Public, Phila.
We Clergymen were cured by it, and will satisfy anyone suffering from Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Pains in the limbs, and all Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 20th April, 1874, F. A. OSBOURN, Notary Public, Phila.
P. S. Dr. Fitter's Pills, 30 cts., should be used with Syrup.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A beautiful suburban residence on Black Lake, with a full view of the city, containing ten acres of land, all improved, with good house and barn, six acres of fruit, all varieties, in good condition, good dockage, with water for large vessels, will be sold for cash at a sacrifice.
For particulars inquire on the premises, or of Jacob Fleiman, at his wagon shop on River street. Aug. 23, 1873. 47-1f

DENTISTRY!

DR. J. S. JOHNSON,

61, Monroe Street,

GRAND RAPIDS,

Formerly of this City, will be at the office of Dr. T. D. POWERS, in the City of Holland, every Monday, until further notice.

HOLLAND, Mich., February 9, 1874. 53-1f

VIGOR OF LIFE!

The day at last arrived when man can be rescued from the Iron Jaws of Mercury by the use of Dr. Johnson's Vigor of Life, the great Vegetable Medical Compound, for the cure of Nervous and Inflammatory Diseases. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Piles, Catarrh, and Diseases of the Liver, Spleen and Kidneys. The best Pain Killer in the world. A Blood Purifier and Sore-throat. Sold by all Druggists, 50 cts., and \$1. per bottle. Office & Laboratory No. 697 Fulton street, Chicago.
Wholesale Agents.—Fuller & Fuller, Lord, Smith & Co., Van Schaack, Stephenson & Reid, Tolman & King, Burnham & Son, Hurlburt & Edsall, Chicago, Ill. 37-1y

BOOTS & SHOES.

The Old and Reliable House OF

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.

Also a full line of

FINDINGS!!

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-3 1/2 s-1y

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY.

CARL ZEEB,

PROPRIETOR.

A good article of LAGER BEER and ALE on hand at all times.

All orders promptly attended to, and no cartage charged for

DELIVERY.

The proprietor would announce that he pays the highest

CASH PRICES

FOR

Barley and Hops.

Holland, January 28, 1874. 50-3s-1y

F. SLOOTER.

J. E. HIGGINS.

FLOUR & FEED

STORE OF

SLOOTER & HIGGINS,
8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABARBE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegend's) a FLOUR AND FEED STORE. We shall keep constantly on hand everything that pertains to a

First-class Flour & Feed Store.

Flour, Feed,

Hay, Grain,

and Mill Stuff,

At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

HOLLAND, March 13, 1874. 108-1y

Ready Again!

AT THE STORE OF

H. MEENGs,

Where all kinds of choice

Family Groceries,

Crockery,

Glass-ware,

Yankee Notions,

Flour & Feed,

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

May be found at all times.

VEGETABLES,

In their Seasons, at Lowest Prices.

Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs & Vegetables.

River St., Holland, Mich.

46-3 1/2 s-1y

THE NEW

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE.

THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD.

Divested of every loose and clumsy attachments and every delicate and complicated contrivances.

Self Setting Needle.

The most Perfect Shuttle.

Movements all Positive.

No reaction from Springs.

AGENTS WANTED.

Address:

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO.,

54 10th St. 4 Doors West of Broadway, N. Y.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY AT

MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

51-11

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.,

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

1-1y 1f

N. KENYON.

JOSLIN & BREYMAN,

OF THE

Variety and Jewelry Store!

Have on hand a constantly replenished, carefully selected and ever fresh stock of

SILVER PLATED WARE,

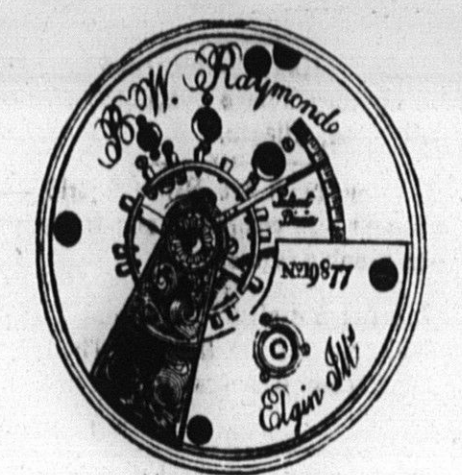
CLOCKS,

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

SILVER SETS,



FANCY TOYS,

AND

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS & NOTIONS.

Call on us and you may be sure the appearance, prices and quality of our Goods will suit you. We are ready to repair,

WATCHES, CLOCKS OR JEWELRY,

In a Thoroughly Satisfactory Manner.

CORNER OF 8th AND MARKET STREETS.
46-4cl-1y

Hardware Store!

E. VAN DER VEEN,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK.

GENERAL Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,

Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

E. VAN DER VEEN.

S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts. 46-4cl-1y

A. CLOETINGH,

GENERAL DEALER IN

School Books,

Stationery,

Wall Paper,

Window Shades,

Envelopes,

Inks,

Writing Books,

Pens,

Pencils,

Albums,

Memorandum Books,

Dairies,

Slates,

Slate Pencils.

Stereoscopes and Views,

CHECKER BOARDS,

TOYS AND CANDIES.

River St., Holland Mich. 49-3s-1y

MUSIC HAS CHARMS!

PRICE REDUCED.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD

Will Last a Life-Time!

35,000

OF THE CELEBRATED

SHONINGER ORGANS,

IN DAILY USE.

The best musical talent of the country recommends these Organs. The nicest and best. More for your money, and gives better satisfaction, than any other now made. They comprise the

Eureka, Concerto, Orchestra and Grands.

Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail, post-paid to any address, upon application to

B. SHONINGER & Co.,

New Haven, Conn.