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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XXI.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1892.

NO. 10.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.

L. Mulder - Publisher.

Rates of advertising made known on application. "Gronover and News" Steam Printing House, River Street, Holland, Mich.

IF YOU WILL WRITE TO
J. H. BACHELER, M. D.,
CANCER SPECIALIST, 28 MONROE ST.,
Grand Rapids, Michigan.

HE will send you free a Circular, that carefully and fully describes the symptoms of all forms of cancer. The circular also gives the names and post office address of more than 100 persons he has cured of cancer by his plaster treatment. - Office hours: 10 to 12; 2 to 4 p. m. - Telephone No. 1088. 9-ly

J. G. Huizinga, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat.

Office in Meyer & Son's building, one door north of the music store, River street. Office hours: 11 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., and evenings. Can also be found at his office during the night. Holland, Mich., April 28, 1891. 23 ly

Newspapers and Periodicals

Can be obtained at reduced rates of the local agent in this city. Leave your orders for any publication in the U. S. or Canada at the Post Office, with

C. De Keyzer,

Holland, Mich., May 6, 1891. 15lf

Back at the Old Stand.

Dr. M. Veenboer again resides for the present, in his new block No. 50 Bostwick Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Telephone No. 50. Residence 1087; Office 798. Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 10 a. m. Evening hours Wednesday and Saturday from 7 to 8 o'clock. 1-ly

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DEKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, Van der Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, L., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, John Pesant Proprietor, Fresh Bread and Bakers' Goods, Confectionery, etc., Eighth street.

Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK, with Savings Department, Capital, \$35,000. L. Cappon, President; T. Marshall, Cashier. Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlors, Eighth and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly attended to.

Commission Merchant.

BRACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kremers, M. D., Proprietor.

DOESBURG, J. O., dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Putz, and Oils, Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HERB, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business.

KANE, P. W., druggist and bookseller. Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSON, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishing Goods, Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth street next to Bank.

CRANDALL, S. R., dealer in Department Goods and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar, Eighth street.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise, and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy But-ter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STEKETER, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The finest stock of Groceries in the city, cor. Eighth and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine Groceries, etc., Oysters in season. Eighth street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats, and Caps, Flour, Produce, etc., River Street.

WISE, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods, Also Hair Work. Eighth street.

Furniture.

BROUWER, JAS. A., Dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, etc. Meyer, Brouwer & Co's old stand, River St.

Hardware.

KANTHRSBROS., dealers in general hardware, Steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 28 Eighth street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

FLAEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufacturer and blacksmith shop. Also manufacturer of Ox Yokes. River street.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Wheat 82 cents.

Don't fail to register, Saturday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Boot, Thursday—a son.

Arie Koning, a veteran of the 25th Mich. Infy., has been granted a pension.

Foreigners who wish to vote for president next fall must declare their intention on or before the 8th day of May next.

The one-year old child of J. A. Starklin, on Twelfth street, fell out of a window on the second floor, Tuesday, and strange to say, was picked up unharmed.

List of letters advertised for the week ending March 31 92 at the Holland Mich. P. O.: Mrs. L. Gorham, Mr. Charley Jonansen 3, Mr. Gem C. Rogers.

G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.

C. Blom Jr. has connected his bottling works on River street with Huntley's machine shop on Seventh street and is receiving steam power from there, with which he runs the machinery lately set up.

Notice has been given by the light-house board that on or about April 1st the fixed red tubular lantern range light, which was discontinued last October, will be re-established on a post twenty-five feet high on the outer end of the north pier at St. Joseph harbor, Michigan. The light is visible in clear weather two or three miles.

Secretary Baker of the State board of health has issued a circular, giving the names and destination of parties that arrived with the steamer "Opdam," infected with measles, in order to guard against the spread of this disease. Among the list we notice: L. Wiewenhuis and family, Jacobus Spruit, Mlna Van Boven, P. Landman, destined for Zealand; and E. Bolmans, J. Kloop, H. Soefenberg, G. Verhorst and J. Bolmans, destined for Holland.

The G. R. Democrat of Saturday last contained a carefully prepared "write up" of the city of Holland, with portraits of Mayor Yates and President Scott and illustrations of the following plants: Waverly Stone Quarry, Ottawa furniture factory, J. & A. Van Putten's tub factory, First State Bank, King's factory, West Michigan furniture factory and warehouse, new City Hotel, Walsh-De Roo Roller Mill, Huntley's machine shop, and a few residences erected by Jas. Huntley. The article is alike creditable to the paper and the city.

While on his way from Holland to Kalamazoo, after the entertainment given in this city, the other day, Mr. Edward B. Perry, the blind pianist, stopped a few hours in Allegan, visiting his friend, Mrs. Oliver, whose mother was a second cousin of his. The Journal, in commenting upon this visit, gives the following particulars as to the manner in which Mr. Perry lost his eye-sight: When a child he lost his eye in a simple way. He sat with his mother, who was sewing, near the table, and accidentally pulled off the table cover which carried with it a pair of scissors, that struck him in the eye, causing it to run out. The other eye was affected sympathetically and became also sightless. His life since, would make a story stranger than many a tale of fiction.

The meeting for the formal organization of the Young Men's Christian Association, held in Maccabee Hall, Tuesday evening, was well attended, not less than 75 being present. The work in hand was the election of a board of directors of fifteen. As subsequently divided into groups, whose terms of office expire respectively in one, two and three years, there were elected for—

One year—W. Brusse, C. J. De Roo, G. Van Schelven, C. N. Steffens, J. H. Huizinga.

Two years—H. J. Luidens, G. W. Browning, J. C. Post, W. A. Holley, G. J. Van Duren.

Three years—J. A. Mabbs, W. H. Wing, Ja's Kojle, G. J. Diekema, J. A. Kooyers.

These gentlemen met on Wednesday evening for organization and elected the following officers of the board, who are also the officers of the Association: President—John C. Post.

1st Vice president—C. J. De Roo. 2nd "—G. J. Diekema.

Secretary—C. N. Steffens. Cor. Sec'y—Dr. J. A. Mabbs.

Treasurer—H. J. Luidens. The former finance committee was requested to complete the canvass of the city for subscriptions to the building fund, and after an informal discussion the board adjourned to meet Tuesday evening next, at the office of G. J. Diekema.

Very little sickness.

A tame local campaign.

Don't overlook the registration notices.

At Van der Veen's they have still a few of those handsome copper tea kettles left. See adv.

School opens Monday, and it is expected with a largely increased attendance of scholars, especially in the primary grades.

The annual meeting of the Pilgrim Home Cemetery Association will be held on Tuesday evening, April 12, at the office of R. Kanters. See notice.

The Ladies' Guild of Grace church, will provide supper on Saturday evening, April 2, in the building formerly occupied by the First State Bank. All are kindly invited.

The longest train of cars that ever left this city pulled out on Monday forenoon, for Muskegon. Two engines and 84 cars made up the train, stretching out all the way from the depot to the railroad bridge.

The spring opening at the millinery of the Werkman Sisters is now on, and their exhibit of the latest styles in abundant varieties is drawing general attention. Special attention is directed to their adv., in another column.

The pupils of the high school gave a farewell reception to their teacher, Miss Minnie J. Coates, on Friday evening, March 25, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Van Landegard, at which they presented her with a set of books and a basket of flowers.

Rev. W. A. Beardslee, son of Rev. Dr. Beardslee of this city, is spending a vacation of a few weeks in Cuba, and writes from Havana, under date of March 21, that he is enjoying his trip greatly, and that on his return to his home at Yonkers, N. Y., he may pass through this city.

The board of education have filled the vacancy in the position of assistant principal in the high school, caused by the resignation of Miss Minnie J. Coates, by promoting Miss Abbie Ross, assistant principal in the grammar school, to that position, at a salary of \$400, and appointing Miss Beatrice Kimpton in Miss Ross' place, at a salary of \$250. By reason of the crowded condition of the schools, the matter of again fitting up the basement rooms in the central building was discussed by the board, but rejected as being not feasible.

Plans have been completed at Muskegon for the erection of a large wigwam capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, with actual seating for from 2,500 to 3,000, within a block of the 3rd street depot, to be completed in time for the holding of the Democratic state convention, May 4. After that date it will be used by all political parties during the fall campaign, share and share alike. The side walls of the wigwam will be twenty feet high, the roof to support a swelling dome. The houses are now being removed from the ground to be occupied by the huge structure.

The First Ref. church Sunday school held its annual meeting Thursday evening and elected the following officers:

Superintendent—G. J. Huizinga. Vice Supt.—L. Schoon.

Secretary—George Cook. Treasurer—Miss Christina Vaupell.

Choristers—Misses Mary Huizinga and Minnie Lefebvre. Librarians—Ja's Westveer and Ja's Cook.

The school is in a flourishing condition. It has 225 pupils enrolled, and the contributions last year included \$120 for the cause of missions, \$100 for library, and \$90 for miscellaneous purposes.

The board of directors of the South Ottawa and West Allegan Agricultural Society met at the office of secretary Van Duren, Thursday, and appointed the following superintendents for the next annual fair:

Grounds—A. Van der Haar. Speed—Wm. H. Beach.

Cattle—Gardner Avery. Horses—M. D. L. Hollis.

Sheep and Swine—John Cochrane. Poultry—Ed. B. Scott.

Agriculture—D. Miedema. Farm Implements—J. D. Bloemers.

Pomological—Miss Erie Souter. Floral—J. J. Van Dyk.

Woman's Work—Miss Jennie Kremers. Miscellaneous—H. D. Post.

For the responsible position of Marshal the board appointed H. Boone. The time for the fair has been fixed for the first week in October. The premium list will be revised, in all departments, and be made as satisfactory as the experience of the past will enable this to be done.

Beautiful spring weather.

"Chick"—three nights—at Lyceum Opera Hall. See adv.

Born to Mrs. Ed. Jacobus, on Wednesday—a son.

The Wolverine Electric Light Co. is planting poles along the principal streets of the city.

Theol. student A. M. Van Duyn will supply Hope church pulpit, Sunday morning and evening.

Excavations are being made for the foundation of the new brick chimney at the C. & B. tannery.

We desire to call special attention to a very important article on beet raising, on our second page.

Mrs. J. Ryder, left for Macatawa Park, Thursday, to again assume charge of the Park Hotel.

We learn from *The Anchor* that the authorities of Hope College have decided upon another Summer Normal this season.

A. G. Van den Berg, residing on Seventh street, had his right arm broken Monday. He was exercising a horse which he had always considered to be a gentle animal, when unexpectedly it kicked him on the arm, fracturing the limb between the elbow and the wrist.

The cases of the three girls charged with disorderly conduct were disposed of as follows: Jennie Duverney was tried and convicted of prostitution and in default of payment of \$25 fine was sent to the county jail for 30 days. Against Rika Duverney and Alice De Boer the charge of being common prostitutes was withdrawn, whereupon they pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct, and were sentenced to 15 days in the county jail.

Judge Arnold has filed his decision in the case of Dr. J. D. Wetmore vs. the Township of Holland, recently tried before him. The doctor had sued the town for medical services, rendered in contagious cases. His bill was about \$68. The decision is in favor of the township, the court holding that a physician before he can recover in such cases must have direct authority, which appeared to be wanting in this instance. J. C. Post appeared for the township and G. J. Diekema in behalf of the plaintiff.

CHURCH ITEMS:—Rev. Dr. N. M. Steffens will spend his vacation at Orange City, Ia., and supply the pulpit of Rev. H. Van der Ploeg, who intends to make a trip to the old country.—Rev. Dr. Williamson, of Irving Park, Ill., has declined the call to the First Ref. church at Grand Rapids.—Rev. Geo. Davis, after preaching two Sundays in Hope church, returned Sunday night to his home in Peapack, N. J.—Rev. A. Stegeman of Harrison, Dak., has been called by the Ref. church at North Holland.

The life saving station at Holland harbor opened up for the season on Friday, April 1, with the following crew: Keeper, Cha's Morton; surfmen, A. G. Morrison, John H. Skinner, Albert Tanner, John H. Smith, Julius F. Weekler, Frank E. Johnson, Nicholas Whelan—the same crew of last season, except Mr. Whelan. These parties presented themselves for examination, Monday, before Dr. Walkley of the marine hospital at Grand Haven, and all were pronounced physically good and true. We notice that there is a fair prospect that congress will increase the compensation of these men to \$1,000 for the keeper and \$75 a month for the surfmen, a measure which has been duly recommended and urged by the secretary of the treasury, in his late annual report.

The G. R. Workman of last week contained a version of, or rather a diatribe on the arrival and first settlement of Rev. A. C. Van Raalte and his band of pioneers in this locality, in the year 1847. The writer, who asserts that he is a nephew of the late Rev. Geo. N. Smith, makes it appear that the latter gentleman with the Indians unto whom he administered were fairly robbed, persecuted and "kicked out into the cold world to thrive for themselves by the soulless persecuted christians from the land of dykes." An attempt is made also in behalf of the widow and descendants of the above named Rev. Smith, to have them pose as martyrs, at the expense of Dr. Van Raalte and the Holland colonists. As a matter of justice and in vindication of the life and memory of the dead the News and its editor have been appealed to to refute this scurrilous attack. In obedience to that demand we will at an early day devote the necessary time and space to this matter, and for that purpose will call to our aid the testimony of surviving contemporaries of that early period.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. Dr. F. J. Schouten is recovering nicely.

Cashier Ver Schure was in Grand Rapids Monday.

Gerrit Van Anrooy left for Orange City, Ia., Tuesday.

Rev. H. S. Bargelt was in Allegan, Friday of last week.

Rev. P. De Bruyn of Grand Haven was in the city, this week.

Mrs. G. Van Schelven spent two days in the Valley City this week.

John Van der Veen spent Sunday with relatives in Grand Haven.

Dr. A. Van der Veen of Grand Haven was in the city, Saturday.

Dr. Chris De Vries of Saginaw Sunday visited friends in this city, Saturday.

W. Brusse made a business trip to Milwaukee and Chicago, this week.

Dr. M. Veenboer of Grand Rapids, visited friends in this city, Saturday.

Geo. Birkhoff, Jr., of Chicago, spent the week with his sister, Mrs. Prof. H. Boers.

Fred Conley has placed himself in training for a salesman at Herold's shoe store.

Jacob Helder has gone to Kalamazoo and taken a position in a shoe store there.

H. Potts of Grand Haven was in the city Thursday, in the interest of his Compendium.

R. Van Zwaluwenburg and family of Drenthe intend shortly to make this city their home.

Albert Huizinga, at present stopping in Chicago, is making his parents a visit this week.

Prosecuting Attorney Danhoff, sheriff Vaupell and attorney Hunton were in the city, Monday.

Mrs. Frank Finch and her son Fred, of Grand Haven, visited her relatives in this city, Wednesday.

Mrs. T. Woltman of Chicago, having visited a few weeks with friends in this city, returned to her home Wednesday.

Master Marquis Eaton, son of Col. C. L. Eaton, of Paw Paw, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Diekema this week.

Mrs. A. K. Raven returned from Fennville, Wednesday, where she had been attending her sick mother, Mrs. J. C. Holmes.

Rev. H. Geerlings, of Decatur, Mich., joined his wife on a visit here with their parents. They left for home on Friday morning.

M. D. L. Hollis of Jamestown was in the city Thursday, attending the meeting of the board of directors of the Holland Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Conger of Armada, Mich., are visiting their daughters, Mrs. W. A. Holley and Mrs. A. E. McClellan, in this city.

Miss L. Reamer, formerly a teacher in our Public Schools, passed through the city Saturday, from Albion College, on her way home to Shelby.

Miss Johanna De Wolf, of Rochester, N. Y., at present stopping with Rev. J. Riemersma of Zeeland, visited with friends in this city, Sunday.

Mrs. Jacob De Koster is visiting with friends in Grand Rapids. Her husband expects to join her there today, when both will return Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel E. Pas and children, who have been visiting relatives and friends here this winter, returned to their home in South Dakota, Tuesday.

Mrs. J. Gilmore of Grand Rapids was the guest of Mrs. G. J. Diekema, Wednesday, and while here took occasion to drive to Macatawa Park and inspect her cottage there.

Mrs. E. S. Bowman, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Meengs, for the past two weeks, left Monday for Muskegon, where she will visit a few days before leaving for her home in Jackson.

A. M. Kanters, and Son Aldert, took the noon train for Montana, Tuesday. They expect to be absent several weeks, and it is very probable that Mr. K. will eventually make his permanent home in that new state.

Willie and Jennie Blom gave a party to about thirty of their young friends, Wednesday evening, at their home on Seventh street, in honor of their cousin Johnnie Mieras of Grand Haven, who is spending his week's vacation with them.

J. Van Putten, Sr., the banker, returned from Kalamazoo this week for a brief stay at home. His health is improving under the treatment he has received there. In the course of the spring Mr. Van Putten intends to visit his son L. Van Putten, at Middleborough, Ky.



HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

L. MULDER, Publisher.
Holland, Mich.

Our Opportunities.

Speaking about the future prospects of the new industry of beet-raising and the desirable location of Ottawa county, the Chicago Tribune observes that the State of Michigan lies a little north of the line indicated by the scientific folks at Washington as the most profitable for beet culture, and that some good results have already been obtained last year, as indicated in a report recently issued by Prof. Kedzie of the State Agricultural College.

He tabulates returns from sixteen counties in which beets were grown in 1891. The extremes of production are Ottawa twenty-nine and Muskegon eight tons per acre. The average of the whole was fifteen tons and about 24 per cent of sugar.

These acres on which the beets were grown are estimated to have yielded about \$50 each, and the report says there is no good reason why, with proper cultivation and attention to the quality of soils, the product should not be from eighteen to twenty tons per acre. The southern part of the state gives especially flattering promise. In Hillsdale county eighteen tons to the acre were raised at a cost of less than one dollar per ton, and the beets were found to contain 15 per cent of sugar.

The advantage of the culture are thus summarized: Beets outstrip wheat in the value as a cash crop. They promise a reliable market at home, and thus will be avoided the glut sometimes met with in transporting wheat to foreign lands. If properly conducted beet-raising does not exhaust the soil. The chemical materials removed in the finished product are only carbon and water. Beet culture is actually found to be the best preparation for a grain crop, and it has improved the capacity for soil production in France and Germany. Beet-raising compels good farming, with rotation of crops and stock feeding, the latter becoming a necessary part of the routine on a sugar-beet farm, because the tops and crowns, and the pulp from which the sugar has been extracted, make excellent feed for the fattening of cattle.

To obtain the best results the sugar factory should go along with the cultivation of the beet. Prof. Kedzie says of Michigan will supply the beets there

need be no doubt as to the capital for one or more factories, and that in time the sugar-beet industry and the manufacture of sugar ought to take a place among the most important activities in the state.

The Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Ottawa County met in convention Monday forenoon, at the court house, Grand Haven, and was largely attended. Chairman J. B. Watson called the convention to order and by direction of the county committee nominated Hon. J. V. B. Goodrich of Coopersville as chairman. G. Van Schelven was appointed secretary. A committee on credentials was appointed—Geo. W. McBride, J. B. Perham and G. J. Diekema, which reported all the towns and wards represented, except Blendon and Chester.

The following were elected delegates to the Republican state convention to be held in Detroit, April 14:

At large—Geo. A. Farr.
1st District—G. J. Diekema, A. Bilz, G. W. McBride, Wm. Savidge, Geo. D. Turner, L. Mulder.

2nd District—J. W. Watson, J. V. B. Goodrich, C. Van Loo, F. J. Fox, D. C. Oakes, A. G. Van Hees.

To the Republican (Fifth) district convention, to be held at Grand Rapids April 12, were elected:

At large—J. B. Perham.
1st District—J. W. Norrington, Chas. E. Soule, P. Wilms, W. Diekema, Silas Kilbourne, L. D. Heath.

2nd District—Albert Lahuis R. A. Alward, O. A. Judd, Geo. Latham, M. D. L. Hollis, John Cooney.

The convention then proceeded to the appointment of a new county committee. A ballot for chairman resulted in the election of Geo. D. Turner, who received 79 votes out of 123. The members for the several towns and wards are as follows:

Allendale—H. A. Cooley.
Blendon—

Chester—

Crookery—Edward A. Brown.
Georgetown—Robert Alward.

Grand Haven City—

1st ward—B. Pellegrom.
2d " Joseph Koeltz.

3d " Geo. A. Farr.
4th " C. Nyland.

Grand Haven Town—Henry Saul.

Holland City—

1st ward—W. H. Beach.
2d " R. N. DeMerell.

3d " G. Van Schelven.
4th " L. Mulder.

Holland Town—W. Diekema.
Jamestown—Henry Bosch.

Olive—J. W. Norrington.
Polkton—J. B. Watson.

Robinson—C. H. Clark.
Spring Lake—H. F. Harbeck.

Tallmadge—Albert Lynn.
Wright—John W. Mead.

Zeeland—C. Van Loo.

At the close of the convention the committee organized and tendered the position of secretary to Cha's E. Soule, and appointed C. H. Clark, G. Van Schelven and J. B. Watson, with the chairman, as the executive committee.

Vitalized Air administered for the painless extraction of teeth, at the Central Dental Parlors.

Beneficiary's Acknowledgment.

Received this 28th day of March, 1892, of the Great Camp of the Knights of the Maccabees, for Michigan, the sum of One Thousand Dollars, which sum is in full of all claim and demand existing under Certificate No. 24029.

AALIE WOLTMAN.

The promptness with which the above claim was met but characterizes the thorough business principles of this society. Every man who has a family or friends dependent upon him should spare no effort for their future welfare; self-respect requires it. He is responsible to them and the community, and in no way can a poor man or one of moderate means better perform that duty than in becoming a member of this order. It is a mutual society, held together by the ties of friendship and good fellowship, and thus benefits the members by association and friendly intercourse, as well as by the kind assistance in trouble or sickness, which friends usually render to friends.

Annual Meeting.

The Annual meeting of the Pilgrim Home Cemetery Association, known as "Het Kerkhof Van Holland," will be held on Tuesday, April 12, 1892, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the office of R. Kanters, Eighth street, in the City of Holland, for the election of trustees and the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

R. KANTERS, President.
J. DYKEMA, Secretary.
Dated Holland, Mich., March 30, '92.

Excursion Rates.

For the following occasions, the Chicago & West Michigan and Detroit, Lansing & Northern Ry's, will sell tickets at one and one-third fare for the round trip:

Republican State Convention, Detroit, April 13th and 14th. Return 15th.

G. A. R. State Encampment, Ann Arbor, April 18th, 19th and 20th. Return 22nd.

Democratic State Convention, Muskegon, May 3rd and 4th. Return 5th.

10 3w

A Golden Nugget.

A strange novelty is this golden table corn, with its beautiful rich cream color. It is claimed by those who know it that it is very sweet, early and tender, and a superior corn. We notice Vick recommends it very highly. The Floral Guide, which comes to us bringing a bouquet of Carnations on the front cover, with a splendid bunch of Brilliant Poppies on the back, gives full description of this new corn, which is only 15 cents a packet. Vick's Floral Guide is worthy a place in the home of anyone who expects to make a garden the coming spring. By all means send ten cents to James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., for the Guide, and you can deduct this amount from your first order. It will pay you well.

Closing out seventy-five pairs of Ladies' Fine Shoes, for less than cost, at E. HEROLD & Co.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions; and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at P. W. Kane's Drug Store.

A Rare Bargain!

To close out seventy-five pair of Ladies' Fine Shoes, E. Herold & Co. are selling them below cost. 6 ct

House For Sale.

The residence of John Thompson, on Ninth street, Holland. Inquire of owner.

Have your old, broken down teeth made useful by Gold Crowns, at one-half the usual price, at the Central Dental Parlors. 36tf

Shoes are sold at the lowest prices, at J. D. HELDER.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist, Holland, Mich. 12-6m.

Those Pills.

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—For four years I have been troubled with rheumatism and have experimented with different medicines off and on, but without relief. This winter I was persuaded to try Dr. F. J. Schouten's Anti-rheumatic Pills. Two boxes were sufficient to cure me.

P. WINTER.

To Whom it may Concern.

I am pleased to testify that one box of Dr. F. J. Schouten's Rheumatic Pills has cured me of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

JAS. A. BROUWER.

Holland, Mich., July 13, 1891.

Two Opinions.

The opinion of Dr. Browne, Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, appears in the London Medical Press Jan. 8, 1890: "For cold in the head, catarrh, sore throat, asthma and bronchitis, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

Dr. Bishop, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, writes, Nov. 3, 1890: "I am constantly using and prescribing Cushman's Menthol Inhaler."

These testimonials are from the very highest medical authority; but five minutes use of the Inhaler itself is more convincing. You will find it neat, convenient and pleasant to use, giving almost instant relief. Costs 50c and lasts a year. Guaranteed. A free trial at H. Walsh's Drug Store. 8-4w

Buel's cold-tanned shoes, the best in use. J. D. HELDER.

Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland will meet at the following places in said city, on Saturday, the Second day of April, A. D. 1892, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 9 p. m., for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of the several wards of said city:

First Ward, at the Common Council Rooms; Second Ward, at New Engine House, 8th St.; Third Ward, Store of O. Breyman & Son, 9th Street; Fourth Ward, at Residence of Lyman Rockwood.

JOHN A. TER VREE, JACOB LOKKER, JOHN HUMMEL, LOUIS SCHROON, OTTO BREYMAN, GEO. DALMAN, PETER OOSTING, R. H. HABERMANN, Board of Registration of the City of Holland, Mich., March 4, A. D. 1892.

Election Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY OF HOLLAND, March 4th, 1892.

To the Electors of the City of Holland: Notice is hereby given that the annual charter election for the City of Holland will be held on the first Monday (the fourth day) of April, A. D. 1892, in the several wards of said city at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward, at the Common Council Rooms.

In the Second Ward, at Engine House No. 1, Eighth street, west.

In the Third Ward, at the office of Isaac Fairbanks, River street.

In the Fourth Ward, at the residence of Lyman Rockwood.

At said election the following officers are to be elected, and the following proposition to be voted upon, viz:

CITY OFFICERS.
One Mayor, in place of Oscar E. Yates, whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor, in place of Gerrit Van Schelven, whose term of office expires.

One City Clerk, in place of George H. Sipp, whose term of office expires.

One City Marshal, in place of Bastiaan D. Koppel, whose term of office expires.

One City Treasurer, in place of Jacob G. Van Putten, whose term of office expires.

Two School Inspectors, for full term, in place of George H. Sipp and James A. Mabbs, whose terms of office expire.

One Justice of the Peace, for full term, in place of Gerrit J. Diekema, whose term of office expires.

WARD OFFICERS.
For the First Ward—One Alderman, in place of John A. Ter Vree, whose term of office expires; and one Constable, in place of Jacobus Kok, whose term of office expires.

For the Second Ward—One Alderman, in place of John Hummel, whose term of office expires; and one Constable, in place of Jacob De Feyter, whose term of office expires.

For the Third Ward—One Alderman, in place of Otto Breyman, whose term of office expires; and one Constable, in place of Bastiaan D. Koppel, whose term of office expires.

For the Fourth Ward—One Alderman, in place of Peter Oosting, whose term of office expires; and one Constable, in place of Richard Van Den Berg, whose term of office expires.

PROPOSITION.
On the question of the issue of Bonds for an Electric Light Plant. Each person voting for said proposition shall have written or printed, or partly written and partly printed on his ballot the words: "For the issue of bonds for an electric light plant," or "Against the issue of bonds for an electric light plant."

Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

A distinguished gentleman stated a day or two ago that he never saw so many handsome ladies in any other city as we have here. And the cause was found to be that our ladies know a good thing when they see it, and use Rose Bloom extensively. For sale by P. W. Kane, Holland Mich.,

Oysters! Oysters!!

Fresh Baltimore Oysters in bulk or can, at 51 tf

JOHN PESSINK.

Grand Palace Hotel.

81 to 103 N. Clark Street, CHICAGO.

Only four minutes from the Court-House; cable cars pass the door.
New house with all Modern Improvements; newly finished. On American and European plans. Rooms \$2.50 weekly transients 50 cents and upward. Turkish Baths for ladies and gentlemen, 50 cents. Restaurant by Fred. Compagnon, late chef of Chicago and Union League clubs. Table d'Hote served. 251y

Abstracts of Titles!

Having purchased of JACOB BAAR "The Old Reliable" and

Only Set of Abstract Books

of Ottawa County. I am now prepared to furnish Abstracts to all

Lands and Platted Tracts

In the County, on short notice.

MONEY SAVED

by obtaining Abstracts before loaning money on purchasing Real Estate.

Address all orders to

Geo. D. Turner,

Grand Haven, Mich.

14 1y

Pure & Full Weight.



Economical & Popular.

MONEY TO LOAN!

The Ottawa County Building and Loan Association, has

One Thousand Dollars and Upwards

to loan to members every alternate Saturday at half past eight o'clock p. m., at their office in Kanters Block.

Only Real Estate Security will be Accepted.

Office open every Monday, Friday and Saturday.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

By order of the Board, C. A. STEVENSON, Secretary.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 19, 1891. 45tf

CHICAGO CLOTHING STORE.

L. HENNERSON

L. HENNERSON

SPRING OPENING.

Large and Fine Assortment.

Our Trade has Doubled and our Stock is Double what it was before.

Prince Alberts, a choice variety		Knee Pants,	\$0.15 to \$1.50
Sack Suits for Men	\$2.75 to \$20.00	Men's Working Pants,	.75 to 1.25
Cutaway Frocks,	3.00 to 23.00	Overshirts,	.25 to 4.50
Boys' Suits,	2.25 to 14.00	White Shirts,	.50 to 1.50
Young Men's Suits,	3.00 to 20.00	Silk Neckties,	.15 to 1.00
Children's Suits,	.75 to 8.00	Fine Silk Umbrellas,	2.25 to 5.00
All Wool Pants,	2.25 to 7.00	Sateen Umbrellas,	.75 to 2.00
Union Pants,	1.25 to 2.00	Oil and Rubber Goods cost from	1.75 to 4.50
Boys' pants,	.60 to 5.00	Macintosh Coats from	7.50 to 25.00

HATS AND CAPS.

A New Line of the Latest Styles for Men, Boys, and Children from 10 cts up to \$3.00.

We buy direct from the largest manufacturers at liberal discounts.

Special Sale until the 1st of April, at Wholesale Prices, for Cash.

It will pay you to examine our stock, for never before have goods been sold at such low prices.

River Street, - - - Holland, Mich.
Second Store from Eighth Street.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

BATTLE IN PRAGUE.

THE POLICE ENCOUNTER AN UNRULY MOB.

Dynamiters Rampant in Paris—Two Congressmen Draw from the Same Fountain of Eloquence—The Terrible Result of a Mother's Carelessness.

Congressional. The silver bill being shelved, the House on the 29th proceeded with the consideration of the free-coinage bill, the entire day being devoted to debate. Mr. Stewart of Nevada gave notice in the Senate that immediately after the morning session on the 4th prox. he should call up his free coinage of silver bill, now on the Senate calendar, with an adverse report. The nomination of John H. Baker to be United States District Judge for Indiana in place of Judge Woods, was taken up by the Senate in secret session and confirmed. The Senate also confirmed the nomination of Milo A. Jewett, consul at Sivas, Turkey, and D. T. Hildman, at St. Louis, Mo. The credentials of Roger Q. Mills as senator from Texas were laid before the senate, together with a letter from Mr. Mills saying that he had transmitted his resignation as a congressman to the governor of Texas. The senate by a unanimous vote ratified the Behring Sea treaty without any restrictive conditions.

HE BOUGHT HIS SPEECH.

Curious to Relate It Was Almost a Duplicate of That Delivered by Belden.

There is blood on the face of the moon which shines on Representatives Tim Campbell and Belden from New York, says a Washington dispatch. It all comes from Tim's lack of a speechmaker's ability. It was brought to light when the Congressional Record, showing the speeches of the two men at the Spolito obsequies, was read. Belden made his speech, but Tim contented himself with, having his printed in the Record. A comparison shows them to be identical in thought, and in many parts word for word. The question was, who was the flier? It was supposed that some newspaper correspondent had written both, and, being in a hurry, had duplicated them in part. Belden was very mad when he heard of it. It appears that both are right. Belden wrote his speech, and according to reports Felix McCloskey, a protégé of Spolito and an officeholder, went to Belden and secured his speech to show to Widow Spolito for correction. Whether he copied it, or having read it retained unconsciously certain passages in his memory, is not known.

SLASHED WITH SWORDS.

Mobs in Prague Fight with the Police and Many Men Receive Wounds.

Some time ago preparations were begun in Prague by the National Czechs to celebrate the anniversary of the birth of John Comenius, the distinguished educational reformer. After the preparations had in many cases been completed the government issued an order forbidding the celebration. The Czechs were highly indignant and the leaders declared that the day should be celebrated in spite of the prohibition. An enormous crowd surrounded the monument to the poet Halek on the Carl Platz. The police attempted to disperse the crowd, but they were resisted with dogged determination. Orders were then given to charge the crowd, and desperate fighting followed. The mob was armed with sticks, and dealt many severe blows to the gendarmes. The latter slashed right and left with their swords, and finally, after a pitched battle, the crowd was forced to retreat. Many of the rioters were placed under arrest.

PARIS PANIC-STRICKEN.

Dynamite Bomb Exploded in the Credit Lyonnais, One of the Principal Banks.

The wildest excitement prevailed at Paris, Tuesday afternoon, when it became known that another dynamite explosion had occurred. This time it was in the building of the Credit Lyonnais, one of the largest banking institutions in the city. The streets were crowded at the time and the news flew from mouth to mouth like wildfire. Intense terror prevailed throughout the city and the people fear to go to their beds, not knowing at what point the dynamiters may next operate. Premier Loubet held a conference with the chief of the Parisian detective force. It was resolved that the police should not be limited in the stringency of their treatment of suspected dynamiters, and that all arrested on reasonable suspicion should be treated with the utmost rigor allowed by the law.

A TEXAS WILD WOMAN.

She Lived in the Woods for Six Years and Subsisted on Pecan Nuts.

Mary Haywood has been living in the woods near St. Hedding, Tex., like a wild animal for the last six years, and during all that time she has never slept under a roof. She wore a dress made of reeds and leaves, and has lived principally on pecan nuts, although she would make nocturnal raids on smoke-houses and steal meat, which she devoured raw. She would never permit anyone to come near her, and the people of that section tolerated her presence until her thieving operations became so active that they captured her through strategy. She was pronounced insane by a jury.

Alexander Mackenzie Dying.

At Toronto, Ont., Alexander Mackenzie is very rapidly nearing the end. The disease has reached the brain, and Mackenzie lies almost motionless, with open, vacant eyes. He suffers no pain, breathes easy, and has a wonderfully full pulse, but his case has passed beyond human skill, and without hope the dying man's relatives and friends wait for the fast approaching end.

Children Burned to Death.

Near Nashville, Ind., Charles Swearing was on his farm when his wife locked their little boy and girl, aged 4 and 5 years, in the house, going to a neighbor's farm. A little later the house took fire from some unknown cause, and, before aid arrived, was destroyed with all its contents. The two children were roasted alive.

Suspended by Gov. Merriam.

Gov. Merriam, of Minnesota, has ordered the suspension from office of County Treasurer H. O. Peterson. This action was the result of a report recently submitted by the State Examiner showing a loose state of affairs in Peterson's office. It was shown that an item of over \$1,500 received by Peterson had never been entered on the books. Peterson paid the money to the county out of his own pocket, laying the blame for the error on a deputy who had been discharged. The suspension is made under a state law giving the governor the power.

FIGHT OR BACK DOWN.

Salisbury Put in a Corner by the President's Reply.

A war cloud blacker than any since the rebellion hangs over this nation. Whether it will burst and send down ruin and disaster on so many homes, or whether it will pass away without doing harm, no one in Washington, says a dispatch, can with confidence predict. The solution of the question rests with Lord Salisbury. It is his move upon the great chess board of nations, and that operation is being awaited with eager interest. Speculation on the direction of that move is rife. It is the topic of the day. Will it be backward or forward? Will Salisbury back down or fight? It is the opinion here that he must do one thing or the other. It is not expected that he will consent to a renewal of the modus vivendi. Such a surrender after his last refusal is considered out of the question. The President has taken a stand from which he cannot recede. "The property of this Government will be protected even if it takes the military force of the country to do it," is the tenor of his late note, and whether Salisbury replies again or not the President will fulfill his declaration. It, therefore, devolves upon Salisbury to say, if he says anything at all, whether Great Britain will permit the seizure of poachers bearing the British flag, or whether she will, if necessary, resist such seizure by force of arms. If the former, well and good. If the latter, let the responsibility for the greatest war the world will have ever seen rest upon his head.

ALMOST A HORROR.

Seventeen Persons Injured in a Crossing Accident at Odin, Ill.

A disastrous crossing accident occurred at Odin, Ill., Tuesday night, in which seventeen passengers were injured, though none of them dangerously. The names of the injured are as follows: M. B. Andrews, Lawrenceville, Ill., hurt about head; Henry Ferryman, Olney, Ill., right leg and hip bruised; H. C. Francher, Neoga, Ill., collar bone broken and otherwise injured; W. R. Hoagland, Chicago, hand slightly cut; Mrs. O. R. Jenkins, Flora, Ill., cut in temple; Charles Klepper, Washington, Ind., right arm and shoulder bruised; R. McClure, Western Union lineman, Salem, Ill., cut about head; R. N. McCauley, attorney, Olney, Ill., left side and fingers bruised; A. H. Moore, Indianapolis, Ind., right leg cut; Mrs. L. W. Myers, Elk City, Kan., left arm and head cut; Miss M. L. Robinson, Bealeton, Va., slightly bruised in head; Charles Rutledge, Switzerland, slight cut in head; James A. Scudder, Terre Haute, Ind., hand strained; M. V. Thompson, Seymour, Ind., head cut; J. H. Ward, Lawrenceville, Ill., cut in back and face; S. O. Wicklin, Fairfield, Ill., slight cut on hand; R. F. Wires, Lancaster, Ohio, right hand cut and leg bruised.

RIFLES AT FIFTY PAGES.

Louisiana Gentlemen Have a Bloodless Duel with Winchester.

Edward Halliger and David Reese, both of Breaux Bridge, La., fought a duel. The weapons selected were Winchester rifles and the distance was fixed at fifty paces. The men were allowed one shot each. Fortunately neither man was injured, each shooting too low. The sheriff telegraphed instructions to his deputy to arrest the duellists, but the dispatch arrived too late to prevent the meeting.

THREE MEN MURDERED.

Believed to Have Been Prospectors Who Were Murdered by Their Guide.

A Braxton, Tex., dispatch says: All the lower coast country is stirred up over the finding of the bodies of three men horribly mutilated and each of them bearing marks of foul play. About ten days ago a party of five, one a Mexican, was seen in the vicinity, prospecting. The Mexican acted as a guide. It is thought the prospectors were murdered by the Mexican and his white partner.

Threatened a Riot at Kent.

A riot broke out at Kent, Ohio, which threatened serious results. A number of switchmen were discharged by Erie officials for drunkenness and new men were put in their places. The discharged employees and their sympathizers assembled in the yards and demanded reinstatement. They were refused and immediately attacked the new men, threatening to shoot them. Order was maintained for a while, but at last the men attacked the police officers, using revolvers, forty or more shots being exchanged. The mob was finally dispersed, two of their number being badly wounded.

Made Them Dance and Pray.

Joseph Myerick shot and instantly killed Thomas Edwards at Sims Mills, Mo. Edwards was a desperate character, and while drunk went to the home of old man Sims, who was Myerick's grandfather. Drawing his gun he made Mr. and Mrs. Sims dance, pray, etc., until the old couple became exhausted. Myerick was unarmed and powerless, but after Edwards left he secured a shotgun and, following him, emptied its contents into the back of his head.

Gone with an Older Woman.

Society circles at Hillsboro, Ind., are stirred to their depths over the elopement of Edward Shultz, a married man, 24 years of age, with Miss Ella Dodge, an elderly maiden of nearly 40 summers. Both are wealthy and highly connected, Miss Dodge being an enthusiastic worker and treasurer of the Sunday school. Schultz leaves a wife, two interesting children, and a valuable and well-stocked farm for his ancient charmer.

Wood Acquitted of Webb's Murder.

At Bloomington, Ind., one of the most exciting murder trials ever held in Southern Indiana closed by the acquittal of Marion Wood, charged with the murder of John Webb. Wood's attorneys created a sensation when they produced evidence to show that Webb was murdered by two young men who were neighbors, who had been too intimate with Webb's wife.

Sold for Cleveland.

At Grand Forks, N. D., the Democratic State Convention was called to order by D. W. Marratte, of Fargo. A solid Cleveland delegation will be sent to Chicago. Talks with the delegates indicate that 90 per cent of the party in North Dakota are for Cleveland.

Bad Railroad Wreck in Utah.

Train No. 2 of the Utah Central from Park City to Salt Lake left the track at Grindstone, three miles north of the park. One coach tumbled over, taking with it the locomotive and tender. The coach was wrecked. Thirteen were injured.

Knob Factory Burned.

At Akron, Ohio, the works of Baker, McKillen & Co., manufacturers of enameled knobs, smoking pipes, etc., was burned. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$35,000. The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin.

Young Field Committed.

Judge Van Brunt has committed E. W. Field to the Buffalo State Hospital. Field will be removed.

SLIPPERY GREASERS.

BUNKOED THE WIZARD OUT OF A RAINSTORM.

Peculiar Cause of Death of a Milwaukee Capitalist—Says that Cleveland is the man—Baltimore Causes Other Grain Centers to Open Their Eyes.

Says Cleveland is the Man.

Ex-Postmaster General Dickinson has returned to Detroit from an absence of several weeks in the East, and was asked what impressions of the political situation he had gathered while away. "I visited New York, Washington and Boston during my absence," said Mr. Dickinson, "and met a large number of men prominent in politics, and think that I understand the situation pretty clearly. My opinion, from what I learned in New York, Washington and Boston—and, in Boston, Gov. Russell told me that Cleveland was 5,000 votes stronger in Massachusetts than he is—is that Cleveland will be nominated at the Chicago convention by practical unanimity before New York is reached in the call of States. There are reasons, too, for believing that the delegation chosen in New York at the midwinter convention will not hang together until the date of the national convention."

WOULDN'T PAY FOR RAIN.

Wizard Melbourne Says the Mexicans Did Not Treat Him Fairly.

Frank Melbourne, the rain wizard, and his brother have arrived in El Paso from Hermosillo, Mexico, whither they went under contract with the State of Sonora to produce rain. Mr. Melbourne said that his contract allowed him sixty days in which to produce three storms at \$2,500 each. The committee appointed by the Governor would not permit him to operate until the 21st of March, five days before his contract expired. Then he began his experiments, and between the 3d and 6th one and one-quarter inches of rain fell. As soon as the clouds began gathering the committee ordered him to discontinue operations, as a natural rain was coming. He did not receive a dollar for his experiments. A committee of El Paso citizens is trying to raise money to enter into a contract with Mr. Melbourne for rains throughout the season to cover Western Texas, Southern New Mexico and Eastern Arizona.

Peculiar Plea for Divorce.

A lawyer at Paterson, N. J., has under advisement the application of a woman for a divorce from a dead man. Her first husband enlisted in the war and was killed. She married again, and at the death of her second husband she ascertained that her second marriage deprived her of the benefits of the pension law. Subsequently she learned that her second marriage was bigamous, husband No. 2 having a wife living at the time of his marriage to her. This marriage, she thinks, can be set aside as null and void, and then she will be able to procure a widow's pension.

Fighting Over Corn.

Baltimore and Philadelphia are about to have another tilt over corn. A few weeks ago Baltimore was getting nearly all the western trade, her total exports from January 1 being over 12,000,000 bushels, against 1,200,000 for the corresponding period of 1891. But a change has come. The receipts there now are very light, and corn is going to Philadelphia. The statement is made on the Corn and Flour Exchange that Philadelphia has been at work for two months in the west, making bids and selling at prices that no other market could even approximate.

No One Dared Interfere.

Henry J. Smith, a San Francisco stonecutter, killed himself in sight of a sickened crowd who dared not interfere. Smith had an attack of delirium tremens and was strapped to his bed. He escaped, ran to a neighboring fishmonger's stall, secured a knife and then ran up the street to a vacant lot, where he turned and warned off the fishermen who were pursuing him. He then drew the knife several times across his throat, the crowd which had collected being too horrified to interfere. At the fourth stroke he severed the jugular vein and windpipe and fell dead in the sand.

Death in the Blow.

August A. Rintelman, a Milwaukee capitalist, died at St. Mary's hospital, Salt Lake City, under peculiar circumstances. In San Francisco he took a Turkish bath, and while the attendant was rubbing him his hand slipped and he hit Rintelman a violent blow in the side. It was a little painful at the time, but he thought little of it until the spot began to swell and blood-poisoning set in. Physicians performed an operation, but it did not improve the patient's condition.

Chinese Cannot Evade the Law.

Word has been received at Ottawa, Ont., that in order to evade the United States exclusion act Chinamen are taking out naturalization papers in Montreal, thus becoming British subjects, and as such crossing over into the United States, bidding the American laws defiance. In the highest Canadian official circles it is held that, although he may become a British subject, a Chinaman under that plea cannot claim exemption from the United States exclusion act.

Blew Himself Up with Giant Powder.

Horace McChristian, representing Benjamin, Turner & Co., wholesale liquor dealers of Chicago, committed suicide in a deserted tunnel near Kingston, N. M. He attached a fuse to a stick of giant powder, lighted it and placed the stick in his mouth. The entire upper portion of the body was shattered. Despondency over financial matters is supposed to have caused the suicide.

Shocked Four Times.

Jeremiah Coto, the murderer of Louis Frankelo, was electrocuted at Sing Sing. Four shocks were given. After the first three there were apparent signs of life. Each shock was for twelve seconds. The scene was most revolting, and the execution is described as the most horrible yet.

Favor Harrison.

The State Republican Convention assembled at Chamberlain, S. D., and was called to order by A. E. Clough, of Madison, chairman of the Republican State Committee. The delegation to Minneapolis is solid for the renomination of President Harrison, with no second choice.

Memphis Lynchers Alarmed.

At Memphis, the Grand Jury was charged a few days ago to investigate the lynching of Calvin McDowell, Tom McGee and Will Stewart. They have begun work in earnest and before another twenty-four hours it is said the lynchers will be arrested.

Six Killed, Twenty-Seven Hurt.

In Amsterdam, the explosion of a barrel of benzine in a drug warehouse killed six persons and injured twenty-seven, some of them fatally. Four houses were destroyed.

MERCANTILE MIRROR.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Reflections of Business Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Business indications are not quite so clear. There is on the whole less evidence of improvement in distribution, and yet the prospect in the great industries seems brighter. The movement of grain and cotton falls off, and the sharp decline in prices is felt in many quarters, but the tone in the iron, woolen, cotton, and shoe manufactures is rather improved. The money markets are abundantly supplied. With unusually conflicting signs the confidence which prevails in business circles is still unabated. But for the uncertainty how far foreign relations will affect money and business here, the general confidence in the future of trade would seem to be justified. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 231, as compared with totals of 246 last week. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 236.

ASSETS IN THE TREASURY.

Secretary Foster Figures the Actual Amount at \$84,000,000.

Secretary Foster said Wednesday, in discussing the condition of the Treasury, that there were nearly always \$24,000,000 in disbursing officers' hands, and that was practically current funds, for, while the Treasurer's balance might show only a net balance of \$30,000,000, the subsidiary silver and money in national banks actually took the place of money in the hands of disbursing officers, leaving at all times \$31,000,000 in available funds over and above the \$100,000,000 gold reserves. Counting the \$23,000,000 in subsidiary silver and the government money in national banks, the total available assets, exclusive of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve, would be \$54,000,000.

WALT WHITMAN IS DEAD.

Like a Child Going to Sleep the Poet Passes Away.

Walt Whitman, the famous poet, died at 6:43 o'clock Sunday evening at his home in Camden, N. J. The end was very peaceful. The aged poet when asked by the physician if he felt any pain replied in an almost inaudible tone "No." He remained conscious until the last, but owing to his extremely weak condition was unable to converse with the few faithful friends who were gathered around him in his last hours.

Requiescent in Peace.

A press dispatch from Washington says: Silver Dollar Bland is in mourning. And no wonder, for the pet child of his brain is dead. He professes, like a true Christian, to believe in a resurrection, but his professions are uttered in a very weak voice and are wholly devoid of the ring of confidence which characterized them previous to the defeat of the silver bill. It was a hard, bitter fight. On one side men fought with the impetuous enthusiasm of confidence; on the other with the desperation of despair. The latter won, and in winning, they were as surprised as those who were defeated.

Georgia for Cleveland.

John Temple Graves, who accompanied Senator Hill on his trip through Georgia, declares that all evidences showed that the New York statesman is lamentably weak in that State. Not more than a dozen persons met the Senator on his arrival in Mcon. Mr. Graves reaffirms his position that Grover Cleveland is the greatest Democratic statesman of the day.

Miss Fessenden Tired of Life.

Miss Mary Fessenden, one of the belles of Kent, Ohio, committed suicide. She had been keeping company with a young man, William Smith, and they were engaged to be married, but her mother would not give her consent. Her father was killed in a railroad wreck a few years ago. Her mother and relatives are nearly crazed with grief.

Spreckels Has at Last Surrendered.

Claus Spreckels' Philadelphia sugar refinery was formally turned over to the sugar trust in consideration of \$7,000,000 in trust certificates. The transaction was conducted between Treasurer Searies, of the trust, and Claus Spreckels personally. Mr. Spreckels will leave Philadelphia for San Francisco, where he will remain.

Hanged Until Dead.

At Louisville, Ky., from the same gallows upon which Turner and Patterson were hanged, Henry Smith was swung into eternity. The murder which brought Smith to the scaffold was committed Jan. 18, 1891. Without provocation he shot down his employer, Louis Specht.

Cotton Mills in a Receiver's Hands.

The Southern Cotton Mills, situated a few miles from Atlanta, Ga., were placed in the hands of a receiver. The death of one of the proprietors throws the property into court.

Iowa Appropriates \$125,000.

The World's Fair bill by Shields came up for final passage in the Iowa Senate and went through by a vote of 26 to 16. The amount appropriated is \$125,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50	@ 3.55
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50	@ 3.50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	4.00	@ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	80 1/2	@ 81
WHEAT—No. 3 Red.....	78 1/2	@ 79
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	82 1/2	@ 83
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	80 1/2	@ 81
WHEAT—No. 3 White.....	78 1/2	@ 79
WHEAT—No. 4 White.....	76 1/2	@ 77
WHEAT—No. 5 White.....	74 1/2	@ 75
WHEAT—No. 6 White.....	72 1/2	@ 73
WHEAT—No. 7 White.....	70 1/2	@ 71
WHEAT—No. 8 White.....	68 1/2	@ 69
WHEAT—No. 9 White.....	66 1/2	@ 67
WHEAT—No. 10 White.....	64 1/2	@ 65
WHEAT—No. 11 White.....	62 1/2	@ 63
WHEAT—No. 12 White.....	60 1/2	@ 61
WHEAT—No. 13 White.....	58 1/2	@ 59
WHEAT—No. 14 White.....	56 1/2	@ 57
WHEAT—No. 15 White.....	54 1/2	@ 55
WHEAT—No. 16 White.....	52 1/2	@ 53
WHEAT—No. 17 White.....	50 1/2	@ 51
WHEAT—No. 18 White.....	48 1/2	@ 49
WHEAT—No. 19 White.....	46 1/2	@ 47
WHEAT—No. 20 White.....	44 1/2	@ 45
WHEAT—No. 21 White.....	42 1/2	@ 43
WHEAT—No. 22 White.....	40 1/2	@ 41
WHEAT—No. 23 White.....	38 1/2	@ 39
WHEAT—No. 24 White.....	36 1/2	@ 37
WHEAT—No. 25 White.....	34 1/2	@ 35
WHEAT—No. 26 White.....	32 1/2	@ 33
WHEAT—No. 27 White.....	30 1/2	@ 31
WHEAT—No. 28 White.....	28 1/2	@ 29
WHEAT—No. 29 White.....	26 1/2	@ 27
WHEAT—No. 30 White.....	24 1/2	@ 25
WHEAT—No. 31 White.....	22 1/2	@ 23
WHEAT—No. 32 White.....	20 1/2	@ 21
WHEAT—No. 33 White.....	18 1/2	@ 19
WHEAT—No. 34 White.....	16 1/2	@ 17
WHEAT—No. 35 White.....	14 1/2	@ 15
WHEAT—No. 36 White.....	12 1/2	@ 13
WHEAT—No. 37 White.....	10 1/2	@ 11
WHEAT—No. 38 White.....	8 1/2	@ 9
WHEAT—No. 39 White.....	6 1/2	@ 7
WHEAT—No. 40 White.....	4 1/2	@ 5
WHEAT—No. 41 White.....	2 1/2	@ 3
WHEAT—No. 42 White.....	1 1/2	@ 2
WHEAT—No. 43 White.....	1/2	@ 1
WHEAT—No. 44 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 45 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 46 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 47 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 48 White.....	0	@ 0
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WHEAT—No. 94 White.....	0	@ 0
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WHEAT—No. 96 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 97 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 98 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 99 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 100 White.....	0	@ 0
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.33	@ 3.50
HOGS—Choice Light.....	7.50	@ 8.00
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00	@ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	83	@ 84
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	85 1/2	@ 86
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	83 1/2	@ 84
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE.....	3.50	@ 3.50
HOGS.....	3.50	@ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	85	@ 86
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	87	@ 88
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	85	@ 86
WHEAT—No. 3 White.....	83	@ 84
WHEAT—No. 4 White.....	81	@ 82
WHEAT—No. 5 White.....	79	@ 80
WHEAT—No. 6 White.....	77	@ 78
WHEAT—No. 7 White.....	75	@ 76
WHEAT—No. 8 White.....	73	@ 74
WHEAT—No. 9 White.....	71	@ 72
WHEAT—No. 10 White.....	69	@ 70
WHEAT—No. 11 White.....	67	@ 68
WHEAT—No. 12 White.....	65	@ 66
WHEAT—No. 13 White.....	63	@ 64
WHEAT—No. 14 White.....	61	@ 62
WHEAT—No. 15 White.....	59	@ 60
WHEAT—No. 16 White.....	57	@ 58
WHEAT—No. 17 White.....	55	@ 56
WHEAT—No. 18 White.....	53	@ 54
WHEAT—No. 19 White.....	51	@ 52
WHEAT—No. 20 White.....	49	@ 50
WHEAT—No. 21 White.....	47	@ 48
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WHEAT—No. 23 White.....	43	@ 44
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WHEAT—No. 25 White.....	39	@ 40
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WHEAT—No. 39 White.....	11	@ 12
WHEAT—No. 40 White.....	9	@ 10
WHEAT—No. 41 White.....	7	@ 8
WHEAT—No. 42 White.....	5	@ 6
WHEAT—No. 43 White.....	3	@ 4
WHEAT—No. 44 White.....	1	@ 2
WHEAT—No. 45 White.....	0	@ 1
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WHEAT—No. 100 White.....	0	@ 0
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE.....	3.50	@ 3.50
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 3.00
SHEEP.....	3.00	@ 3.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	80	@ 81
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	82	@ 83
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	80	@ 81
WHEAT—No. 3 White.....	78	@ 79
WHEAT—No. 4 White.....	76	@ 77
WHEAT—No. 5 White.....	74	@ 75
WHEAT—No. 6 White.....	72	@ 73
WHEAT—No. 7 White.....	70	@ 71
WHEAT—No. 8 White.....	68	@ 69
WHEAT—No. 9 White.....	66	@ 67
WHEAT—No. 10 White.....	64	@ 65
WHEAT—No. 11 White.....	62	@ 63
WHEAT—No. 12 White.....	60	@ 61
WHEAT—No. 13 White.....	58	@ 59
WHEAT—No. 14 White.....	56	@ 57
WHEAT—No. 15 White.....	54	@ 55
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WHEAT—No. 17 White.....	50	@ 51
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WHEAT—No. 97 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 98 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 99 White.....	0	@ 0
WHEAT—No. 100 White.....	0	@ 0
DETROIT.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 3.00
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 3.00
SHEEP.....	2.00	@ 2.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	83	@ 84
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	85	@ 86
WHEAT—No. 2 White.....	83	@ 84
WHEAT—No. 3 White.....	81	@ 82
WHEAT—No. 4 White.....	79	@ 80
WHEAT—No. 5 White.....	77	@ 78
WHEAT—No. 6 White.....	75	@ 76
WHEAT—No. 7 White.....	73	@ 74
WHEAT—No. 8 White.....	71	@ 72
WHEAT—No. 9 White.....	69	@ 70
WHEAT—No. 10 White.....	67	@ 68
WHEAT—No. 11 White.....	65	@ 66
WHEAT—No. 12 White.....	63	@ 64
WHEAT—No. 13 White.....	61	@ 62
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WHEAT—No. 15 White.....	57	@ 58
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WHEAT—No. 19 White.....	49	@ 50
WHEAT—No. 20 White.....	47	@ 48
WHEAT—No. 21 White.....	45	@ 46
WHEAT—No. 22 White.....	43	@ 44
WHEAT—No. 23 White.....	41	@ 42
WHEAT—No. 24 White.....	39	@ 40
WHEAT—No. 25 White.....	37	@ 38
WHEAT—No. 26 White.....	35	@ 36
WHEAT—No. 27 White.....	33	@ 34
WHEAT—No. 28 White.....	31	@ 32
WHEAT—No. 29 White.....	29	@ 30
WHEAT—No. 30 White.....	27	@ 28
WHEAT—No. 31 White.....	25	@ 26
WHEAT—No. 32 White.....	23	@ 24
WHEAT—No. 33 White.....	21	@ 22
WHEAT—No. 34 White.....	19	@ 20
WHEAT—No. 35 White.....	17	@ 18
WHEAT—No. 36 White.....	15	@ 16
WHEAT—No. 37 White.....	13	@ 14
WHEAT		

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

G. VAN SCHELVEN, Editor.

SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1892.

Republican Ticket.

CITY OFFICERS.

For Mayor—
EDWARD J. HARRINGTON.
For Supervisor—
GERRIT VAN SCHELVEN.
For Clerk—
GEORGE H. SIPP.
For Treasurer—
JOHN PESSINK.
For Marshal—
BASTIAAN D. KEPPEL.
For Justice of the Peace—
GERRIT J. DIEKEMA.
For School Inspectors—
WILLIAM H. BEACH.
CORNELIUS J. DE ROO.

FIRST WARD.

For Alderman—
JOHN KRUISENGA.
For Constable—
JAMES KOK.

SECOND WARD.

For Alderman—
PETER DE SPELDER.
For Constable—
JOHN VAN DEN BERG.

THIRD WARD.

For Alderman—
SIMON DEN UYL.
For Constable—
BASTIAAN D. KEPPEL.

FOURTH WARD.

For Alderman—
JOHN F. VAN ANROOY.
For Constable—
ALFORD H. FINCH.

The Electric Light Question.

"Shall the City bond itself for an electric light plant?"—is a proposition upon which every elector should express himself at the ballot-box, on Monday next.

As presented, it is a many-sided proposition.

The desirability of electric street lighting is not at issue. Everybody favors that. The question is: Shall we endorse, at this time, a proposition such as is pending?

The report of the committee of the Common Council as to the cost of erecting and operating a city plant, together with the counter proposition made by the Wolverine Electric Light Co. of this city, have both been presented to the public; and they have this in common, that they are sufficiently indefinite to cause a variance in the conclusions as to the actual cost. Hence in a discussion of the matter one hears all sorts of estimates and arguments.

Besides, it must be admitted that there are many debatable features about the pending proposition, in regard to which honest and intelligent voters will differ, such as—

Is the amount proposed (\$9,000) sufficient to secure a plant complete, or will it prove to be only a beginning, same as we have noticed in other cities?

Has electric lighting, as a system, developed into that state of perfection that it is safe at present for the city to embark in it for purposes of its own; or, is it true that this discovery is only in its infancy, liable to evolve at any time into something far superior?

Is it fair, is it encouraging to home enterprise, to meet the Wolverine Electric Light Co.—a new concern, just organized by our own people—with an expression of determined hostility, when every other new undertaking is being cordially welcomed, if needs be with a bonus?

Is it as a rule good, public policy, for a municipal corporation to embark in business, in competition with that of its own citizens?

Will the interest on the bonds, wear and tear of the plant, constant outlay by new improvements, running expenses of the plant, and so many other unforeseen contingencies, in the long run not exceed in amount a reasonable compensation for street lights, such as the common council should be able to contract for with a private concern, the same as it does in the purchase of all other city supplies?

It being generally conceded that should the pending proposition carry and the city erect works of its own, it will be in conjunction with the water works plant and upon the same premises; and it being further conceded

that unless we can find an additional supply of water for domestic use at the present location we will be compelled within the next two or three years to break up and move to another site—now then, would it not be wiser to postpone the pending proposition for the present, and await the further development of this water problem, and thus save the additional expense of also moving the electric light plant?

These and other queries suggest themselves to the uninterested voter; and, as stated before, bring out divergent conclusions. We will not side with either, preferring rather to consider the matter from a prior, a more important standpoint, that of taxation.

Last week we published the annual statement of the financial condition of the city. It showed among other things that our present city bonded indebtedness (exclusive of \$6,000 street improvement bonds) is \$50,000. Add to this the school indebtedness of \$16,000, and we have a total of \$66,000, equal to 7½ per cent of the assessed valuation of the city. This is high.

The immediate necessity of another school building, with the grounds, stares us in the face, involving all the way from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

The addition to our water supply, already referred to, may call for several thousands more.

These are all matters of absolute necessity, compared with which even electric street lighting is a luxury.

They cannot be postponed, but demand immediate recognition.

Take these two items alone and add them to our existing bonded indebtedness and we submit to the candid consideration of the average tax-payer, large or small, whether we shall not have reached the maximum of interest-bearing indebtedness, without adding another \$9,000, or any part thereof, for an electric street lighting plant.

A large bonded indebtedness and an excessive rate of taxation are above all the things to be shunned by a small city, which invites outside capital to locate in its midst.

Our present rate of taxation is high, too high for comfort, and under the operations of the new tax law it is already certain that the taxes next year will again be higher, inasmuch as the assessment roll will be greatly reduced in the amount of personal estate.

[Mortgages hereafter being assessed as a part of the realty, cannot be again assessed to the mortgage-holder. Banks are allowed to deduct the mortgages they hold—and on which they already pay taxes as a part of the real estate—from their capital stock, the effect of which, in this city, for instance, is to wipe from the roll the entire assessment of the stock of the First State Bank. We simply cite this as one illustration in support of our statement that, as it is, taxes will be higher next year without any extra expenditures.]

Of late years the tendency in our city has been towards a steady increase in the rate of taxation, and we submit whether it is not time to call a halt, rather than to add thereto, on this years tax-roll, the additional sum of \$1,350, to meet the first maturing bond and the interest on the entire series.

As regards the issue of another series of bonds for the construction of a city electric light plant, it is at this time equally objectionable as a direct increase in taxation. We take the same position in this matter we held in our paper on sewerage. Strongly as it is being urged by some to begin at once with the construction of sewers, just as it is being argued that the city should own its own electric light plant, we maintain that with our present limited territory and limited assessed valuation we should not at this time and not for this purpose add to the bonded indebtedness, especially in view of the inevitable increase which stares us in the face, for the purposes already stated—school and water. It is only a question of a very few years when our municipal limits must and will be extended, and we will be better able than now to shoulder an increase in our bonded indebtedness for such purposes as an electric light plant, sewerage, and the like,—matters which however desirable are not absolutely pressing, as compared with school-houses and water supply.

In view of the situation we can afford to postpone the erection of an electric light plant for a few years, until the territory within our municipal borders and the footings of the assessment roll may warrant our getting deeper into debt. If during that interval it is deemed desirable to light the business part of the city with electric

light,—and it will not require over a dozen arc lights to do this—we have no doubt they can be contracted for at reasonable rates. We have ample confidence in our common council that they will obtain the best possible terms for the city, in this as well as in all other matters of city supplies.

Let it be well understood, we do not debate at this time the desirability of city ownership of an electric light plant. All we contend for is that at present we are not in shape to assume an additional burden for this purpose. No elector should jeopardize the fair prospects of our city by overburdening it.

A small and growing city, in our day, stands in need of many, many things, but like individuals, families, and firms, it cannot get everything at once. Last year we added to our indebtedness \$18,000 for the extension of our water mains. This year we may be forced to add a like if not larger amount for the purposes above named. Let us use discretion, and as a municipality follow the rule: first the necessary, next the useful, and then the agreeable.

Ex-mayor C. J. De Roo returned from a visit to Coldwater, Thursday, and informs us that the statement in regard to the electric light matter in that city, published in the News last week, is correct.

Coldwater is a small city, of 5,200 inhabitants, and has a plant of its own, that furnishes both city and commercial lighting. That plant has already cost that city \$25,000, and the people are asked Monday, to vote an additional \$15,000.

It appears to us in all candor and without any feeling in the matter, that the advocates of the pending proposition, in this city, owe it to themselves and to the public, to either successfully demonstrate that there has been mismanagement and a waste of funds at Coldwater, or else to refrain from plunging our little city headlong into an abyss of contention, disappointment and expense.

BOOKBINDING.

The Bookbinding formerly located above Woltman's Cigar Store, River st., has been moved to the Second Floor of Van der Veen's Block, corner River and Eighth sts. All work, such as re-binding of old Books, School Books, Binding of Magazines, etc., promptly attended to. Prices reasonable and all work warranted.

JOHN A. KOOYERS.

Holland, March 19th, '92.

Explained.

It's because of the antiseptic properties of Menthol that Cushman's Menthol Balm excels all other ointments in curing cuts, bruises, burns, chapped hands, sores, ulcers, salt rheum and all skin diseases. For all the many uses of a family it is quickest to relieve pain and allay inflammation. Twenty-five cents per box. A 5c box free while they last. For sale and guaranteed by H. Walsh's Drug Store. 8-4w

CHICAGO Jan. 3, 1892.

AND WEST MICHIGAN RY.

Trains depart from Holland:

	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
For Chicago.....	9 25	12 45	1 25	5 00
" Grand Rapids.....	3 00	9 30	10 45	2 55
" Muskegon and.....	3 30	10 00	11 15	3 25
" Grand Haven.....	3 30	10 00	11 15	3 25
" Hart and Pont.....	5 30			6 25
" Manistee and.....	5 10			3 00
" Ludington.....	5 10			3 00
" Big Rapids.....	5 10			3 00
" Traverse City.....	5 10			3 00
" Allegan and.....	9 55			3 00
Toledo.....	9 55			3 00

Trains Arrive at Holland.

	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
From Chicago.....	9 25	12 45	1 25	5 00
" Grand Rapids.....	9 55	12 45	1 25	5 30
" Muskegon and.....	10 25	1 15	3 30	6 15
" Grand Haven.....	10 25	1 15	3 30	6 15
" Hart and Pont.....	12 35			1 15
" Manistee and.....	12 35			1 15
" Ludington.....	12 35			1 15
" Big Rapids.....	12 35			1 15
" Traverse City.....	12 35			1 15
" Allegan and.....	12 35			1 15
Toledo.....	12 35			1 15

*Daily, other trains week days only.
Wagner Palace Sleeping Cars on night train from Chicago.
Wagner Parlor Buffet Cars on day trains to and from Chicago; 9:55 a.m. train from Holland has free chair car to Chicago.
Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada. Connections in Union Station, Grand Rapids with the favorite.

DETROIT Jan. 3, 1892.

LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
L'v Grand Rapids.....	7 05	11 00	5 40	
" Grand Ledge.....	7 15	11 10	5 50	
" Lansing.....	7 25	11 20	6 00	
" Howell.....	10 25		3 45	9 01
" Detroit.....	12 00		5 10	10 40
L'v Grand Rapids.....	7 05		4 15	
Ar. Howard City.....	8 40		5 40	
Ar. Edmore.....	9 25		6 25	
Alma.....	10 17		7 19	
St. Louis.....	10 35		7 37	
Saginaw.....	11 45		8 40	

7:15 a. m. runs through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25c.
1:30 p. m. and 5:40 p. m. run through to Detroit with Parlor car seats 25c.

GEO. DE HAVEN, General Passenger Agent.
Grand Rapids, Mich.

CELERY SEED

FOR

HEADACHE.

over excitement of the mind or body. Under this name and label, we offer an invaluable powder, agreeable to take, purely vegetable. PRICE 25 CENTS AT DRUGSTORES.

TESTIMONIAL.

CRISTAL VALLEY, OCHANA CO., MICH.
Dear Sir: For ten years my wife has been a sufferer from Nervous Headache. Have tried numerous headache cures, but none gave the satisfaction received from your Magic Celery. I wish \$1.00 worth of the Headache Remedy.
HENRY ZEAGURS.

AN OFFER.

Cut out this "ad" and show it to your nearest druggist. If he has not Magic Celery in stock, write us what he says, give name and address and we will send you a package free.
WILL Z. BANGS, Grand Rapids, Mich.

POSITIVE CURE FOR

Billious Sick Headache and Neuralgia.

Warranted to Cure all Forms of Headache. Being combined with Celery it is a specific for NERVOUS HEADACHE. These fruits have recently come into notice as a nervous stimulant and remedy for Sick Headache, especially adapted to cases of extreme prostration or loss of vitality due to over excitement of the mind or body. Under this name and label, we offer an invaluable powder, agreeable to take, purely vegetable. PRICE 25 CENTS AT DRUGSTORES.

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Dear Sir: For ten years my wife has been a sufferer from Nervous Headache. Have tried numerous headache cures, but none gave the satisfaction received from your Magic Celery. I wish \$1.00 worth of the Headache Remedy.
HENRY ZEAGURS.

AN OFFER.

Cut out this "ad" and show it to your nearest druggist. If he has not Magic Celery in stock, write us what he says, give name and address and we will send you a package free.
WILL Z. BANGS, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Have Opened.

The best selected stock of
Spring Millinery.
Ever exhibited in Holland is now being displayed at the Millinery Store of

WERKMAN SISTERS

Flowers will be the principal trimmings this season, and we have them in large varieties and at low prices.

Laces and Ribbons.

Fancy Articles a new and choice line.

Holland, Mich., April 1, 1892.

This Space Belongs

to

Mrs. M. Bertsch,
Milliner.

At the Popular

HARDWARE
of
J. B. VAN OORT.

Special attention is called to new Gasoline Stoves.

"Aurora" and
"New Aurora."

This last is the latest and most improved Gasoline Stove in the market.

Also a full line of Oil Stoves.

PAINTS.

The celebrated Paints of Heath & Miligan are kept on hand, in all shades and colors.

CREOLITE.

A new substance for floor painting. Dries bone-hard in one night, is free from tack and durable.

J. B. VAN OORT.
Holland, Mich., March 24, 1892.

Auction Sale.

A public auction will be held at the place of Jacobus Meuwissen, formerly occupied by Everett Ellen, one mile south of the city of Holland, on the road to Colliedoon, on

Wednesday, April 6, 1892.

commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of the following personal property: Two good work horses, one 5-year and the other 7-year old, 2 cows of which one is new-milker, 3 swine, 1 top bug, 1 horse wagon, 2 road carts, 1 Portland cement and 1 other cutter, 1 sleigh, 1 sheep rack, 3 harnesses, 1 pole with whitetrees, 1 one-year old building, 1 meat cooler, 2 pair chickens, 1 platform scale, 3 spring scales, 1 new drive well pump, 1 stove with kettle, 10 loads sawdust, butcher tools, household furniture, 35 chickens, and other articles, as may be offered.

Terms.—Six months credit without interest on secured notes, for all sums above \$5, with 1 per cent discount for cash. Purchases below \$5, cash down without discount.

CHRIS. D. SCHILLEMANN, Auctioneer.

WORKMEN.

CALL AT

Wm. Brusse & Co.
AND
GET A SHOP GAP FREE.

9 ly

City Beer Bottling Works.

I have this day leased the Beer Bottling Apparatus, Cases, Bottles and Ice Cellar of E. F. Sutton, for the term of one year, and will bottle

Holland, Toledo and Export Lager.

Delivered within the city limits free of charge. All orders sent by mail or left at Union Sample rooms and at Bottling Works will be promptly filled.

PRICES:

1 dozen quarts	\$1.00
1 " pints	.50
1 " export quarts	1.20

C. J. Richardson.

Holland, March 29, '92.

Slaughter Sale!

at

E. J. HARRINGTON.

I am closing out my large stock of

Ready Made Clothing

and

Gents' Furnishing

From now on to the close of the season.

Special Bargains in

DRESS GOODS.

New arrivals of Dress Goods, direct from the manufacturers. New goods are offered at exceptionally low prices, and are of the most desirable patterns.

E. J. HARRINGTON.
Holland, Mich., Dec. 18, 1891.

SEEDS!

I have just received a large stock of

Garden and Field Seeds

IN BULK.

This stock is new (no old seeds) and of the very best quality. I also have a full stock of

Timothy & Clover,

at Wholesale and Retail.

Flour, Feed and Baled Hay, a complete stock always on hand.

W. H. Beach.

Cor. Fish and Eighth Sts.

Holland, Mich., March 18, '92. 8—

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST
For BLACK STOCKINGS.
Made in 40 Colors that neither smut, wash out nor fade.
Sold by Druggists. Also
Peerless Bronze Paints—6 colors.
Peerless Laundry Bluing.
Peerless Ink Powder—7 colors.
Peerless Shoe & Harness Dressing.
Peerless Egg Dyes—8 colors.

If you wish to advertise anything anywhere at any time write to GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., No. 10 Spruce St., New York. 48 12

Wm. Van Der Veere

PROPRIETOR OF

CITY MEAT MARKET,

Cor. Eighth and Fish Sts.
HOLLAND, MICH.

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Cash Paid for Poultry.

A full and complete line of Choice Meats constantly on hand.
Orders taken at the Houses when requested and Goods delivered free of charge.
Holland, Mich. Feb. 26, 1892.

127

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Election Notes.

The so-called Citizens Caucus of the city of Holland was held on Saturday evening and made the following nominations:

Mayor—George Ballard.
Supervisor—Johannes Dykema.
Clerk—Geo. H. Sipp.
Treasurer—Jacob G. Van Putten.
Marshal—Richard Van den Berg.
Justice of the Peace—Dirk De Vries.
School Inspectors—Jas. A. Mabbs, Henry Kremers.

First Ward—Alderman, John Krutenga; Constable, Lewis D. Baldus.
Second Ward—Alderman, Marienus Van Putten; Constable, Jacob De Feyter.

Third Ward—Alderman, Jacob Van Putten, Jr.; Constable, Austin Harrington.
Fourth Ward—Alderman, Nicholas Schmid; Constable, Richard Van den Berg.

As the convention progressed it soon became apparent that there was a marked discrepancy between the wording of the call and the prevailing spirit of the convention. For while the call stated that "the time has come for all good citizens to join hands for the common good," and while it bore the signatures of several recognized Republicans, it was nevertheless proclaimed on the floor that the Republican party was a party devoid of all principles, and the tellers were directed to reject the votes of all those that had participated in any other convention. And hence all such could not be considered as "good citizens" there, nor could they be allowed "to join hands for the common good."

As a matter of fact the entire proceedings as they developed were only a repetition of the old, old story—a "Joining of hands" against the Republican ticket.

At the Third Ward Republican Caucus, held Saturday evening, Simon Den Uyl was nominated as alderman, vice John Kramer declined.

J. A. Ter Vree will run as an independent candidate for alderman of the First ward.

HOLLAND TOWN.—A fourth ticket was placed in the field at an "Independent" Caucus held Saturday afternoon: Supervisor, Geo. H. Souter; clerk, A. Van der Haar; treas., J. Westbroek; com'r. of highways, B. Riksen; drain com'r., B. Kammeraad; school inspector, A. J. Books; board of review, Henry E. Van Kampen, F. Heyboer; justice, B. Riksen; constables, G. Riemersma, P. Heyboer, Peter Smith, J. Van Duijn. The candidate for supervisor on the Democratic ticket, Philip Heyboer, has declined, and no nomination has been made in his place.

GRAND HAVEN.—People's party: Mayor, T. W. Kirby; recorder, W. N. Angel; marshal, A. J. Klaver; treas., J. Van der Veen; justices, C. T. Pagsen, W. N. Angel, J. Van Dongen; school inspector, R. L. Lewis; supervisors, 1st and 2nd wards, Byron W. Parks, 3rd and 4th wards, S. Stuvelling. Aldermen—1st ward, J. K. Lewis; 2nd ward, J. Koeltz; 3rd ward, Jacob Glerum; 4th ward, D. Verwey.

Republican ticket: Mayor, Silas Kilbourne; recorder, Walter G. Van Slyck; treas., Daniel Gale; marshal, A. J. Klaver; justices, W. G. Van Slyck, Joseph Palmer, Geo. A. Farr; school inspector, P. De Bruyn; supervisors, 1st and 2nd wards, Wm. Sleutel, 3rd and 4th wards, J. F. Vos. Aldermen—1st ward, J. Koeltz; 2nd ward, Joseph Koeltz; 3rd ward, Cornelis Bos; 4th ward, John M. Lockey.

JAMESTOWN.—Republican ticket: Supervisor, Henry Bosch; clerk, Albert Whitney; treas., H. Van der Bunte; highway com'r., John Pickard; drain com'r., B. Schoonmaker; justices, H. Dean, Albert Bosch; school inspector, W. Plant; board of review, C. H. Dean, Luther M. Clark.

Union ticket: Supervisor, Josiah F. Richardson; clerk, Owen Sneden; treas., Egbert Bok; highway com'r., John R. Nyenhuis; drain com'r., E. Van der Wall; school inspector, Jas. Brandt; justices, S. M. Sage, J. R. Nyenhuis; board of review, J. C. Freeman, E. Van der Wall.

The proposition will also be submitted to raise \$1,000 for a Town hall.

TALLMADGE.—Republican ticket: Supervisor, Albert Lynn; clerk, Melvin S. Smith; treas., F. S. Baldwin; highway com'r., Ebenezer Smith; drain com'r., Geo. Starks; board of review, Wm. Nichols, W. Williams; school inspector, Phil. Chapel; justice, J. Huntley.

ROBINSON.—Two Union tickets: Supervisor, Chas. H. Clark and F. B. Brewer; clerk, Wm. Foster and D. Nichols; treas., Jesse Trip and H. McCarthy.

SPRING LAKE.—Republican ticket: Supervisor, Aloys Bliz; clerk, Chas. McKay; treas., L. O. Perham; highway com'r., Jacob Slager.

GEORGETOWN.—Republican nominations. Supervisor, S. Brennan; clerk, A. Bosworth; treas., H. D. Weatherwax; highway com'r., Geo. W. Roberts; justice, E. F. Bosworth.

FOLKTON.—Republican nominations. Supervisor, J. V. B. Goodrich; clerk, Louis Ernst; treas., Chauncey Stiles. Democratic and Peoples: Supervisor, J. Murray; clerk, John Spencer; treas., Martin Golden; justice, Summer Phelps.

ALLEGAN.—Democratic nominations: Supervisor, A. E. Calkins; clerk, Chas. Bassett; treasurer, R. D. Thompson; school inspector, Albert Lipper; justice, Jas. E. Fuller; highway com'r., Joseph W. Ely; drain com'r., Julius C. Stafford; board of review, R. Campbell, William Barnes.

Republican nominations: Supervisor, Andrew Oliver; clerk, D. J. Renin; treas., Geo. Smith; school inspector, Bert Wood; justice, John Stock-

dale; highway com'r., Clark Collins; drain com'r., Oscar Priest; board of review, John Stegeman, Geo. Hooker.

FILLMORE.—Union nominations: Supervisor, H. J. Klompars; clerk, G. Witterdink; treas., J. G. Boeve; com'r. of highways, D. Linters; drain com'r., D. Linters; justice, Henry Strabbing; school inspectors, J. W. Garvelink, A. I. Fairbanks; board of review, G. Van den Berg, Albert S. Fairbanks; constables, E. Reimink, D. Linters, E. Mulder, F. Fairbanks.

LAKE TOWN.—Union nominations: Supervisor, H. Brinkman; clerk, B. Neerken; treas., H. J. Klompars; board of review, Irvin Bell; school inspector, John Rutgers; highway com'r., Peter Van Schuur; justice, Gerrit Neerken; drain com'r., Irvin Bell; constables, C. Bush, J. Meyer, G. Tien, B. Lugers.

The Teachers' Institute.

The Institute opened on Monday, with an attendance of about 30 teachers, which was increased on the next and succeeding days to about 75, and was called to order by county commissioner C. C. Lillie, who introduced as the conductor of the Institute Mr. Walter C. Hewitt, of Three Rivers, Supt. of the Michigan Educational Committee of the World's Fair.

The labors of the Institute were marked throughout by a social spirit, and the character of the papers presented and the discussion that followed were of an unusually high order. The details of the sessions were promptly attended to by commissioner Lillie, and everything passed off very satisfactorily.

Among the many subjects that were discussed we notice papers on "Psychology and Physical Training," and "Primary Reading," by commissioner Lillie; also a talk by the same gentleman on "Errors Observed in School Room Visitation," which was full of practical hints and received with much interest by those present.

The assistant conductor, Mr. E. McClure, of Oceana county, treated the topics of "History and Geography," and on the evening of Wednesday he also delivered a lecture on "Progress, its Prime Factor," in Hope church. Owing to the rainstorm the audience was not as large that evening, as it otherwise would have been.

Mr. Hewitt's lectures on "Geography and Civil Government," before the institute, and his public lecture Thursday evening in Hope church, on "The Teachers' Influence," were extraordinarily well received, and will leave for him a favorable impression with those that were fortunate enough to hear them.

Prof. J. B. Nykerk, of Hope College, gave the teachers a good talk on "Education in Reading." Miss Cuddeback, of the Kindergarten Training Dept. of Albion College, treated her branch of work in a very interesting manner, and discussed the topic of "Primary Language." Ex-Secretary A. W. Taylor discussed various topics of interest, and Supt. Briggs of Grand Haven also made some general remarks on the benefits of institute work.

On the third day of the Institute Mr. McClure was taken sick with an attack of the grippe, and compelled to leave for home.

The Institute closed its labors on Friday noon, and all went home well pleased with the result of their labors.

STALLIONS.

I will make the season of 1892 as follows:

Mondays, at A. Hunderman, Oakland.

Tuesdays, at G. Heck, Salem.

Wednesdays, at J. Teusink, Forest Grove.

Thursdays, at Bakker, Drenthe.

Fridays, at T. Romeyn, Zeeland.

Saturdays, at J. H. Nibbelink, Holland.

My French Coach and one of my Draught Stallions will always be at my barn in Overisel.

J. SCHIPPER, Proprietor.

10-2m.

We still sell Candies at Holiday prices. We have also something new to this line. It is Pearson's Taffee, imported from London. Try it.

CITY BAKERY.

Barler's Oil Heaters are neatly finished and perfectly odorless. For sale at

KANTERS BROS.

To Rent.

The first floor of a dwelling house; five rooms; desirable location. Inquire at News office.

Ladies Hand Turned Shoes are selling at \$2.50. For 60 days only. at

P. DE KRAKER.

Ladies.

Do not forget the bargains in Hand Turned Shoes, at P. DE KRAKER.

All operations known to the dental profession skillfully performed by experienced operators at the Central Dental Parlors. 36tf

Ladies! If you want a dress cut and fitted, or made, call on Miss Mary Van Dyk, corner of Seventh and Market st. Prices very reasonable.

All kinds of metal plate work done at the Central Dental Parlors. Call and see samples.

Rope silk, Roman floss, wash linen, wash cruel, at Mrs. Best's, Ninth St.

Read This:

Dr. F. J. Schouten: Dear Sir—About three months ago I bought a box of your anti-rheumatic pills and after using one-half of them I find myself in perfect health. Last year I went to Mt. Clemens, Mich., and although I obtained relief there, it did not cure me. At the urgent desire of some of my friends I tried your anti-rheumatic pills with the above happy result. I deem them the best I have used and I have tried nearly everything.

Respectfully Yours,

WILL BREYMAN, Jr.

Holland, Mich.

THE MARKETS.

Wheat 7 bushel.....	85
Eye.....	75
Buckwheat.....	50
Barley 7 cwt.....	1 09
Corn 7 bushel.....	41
Oats 7 bushel.....	35
Clover seed 7 bushel.....	1 00
Potatoes 7 bushel.....	30
Flour 7 barrel.....	4 40
Commeal, bolted, 7 cwt.....	1 40
Commeal, unbolted, 7 cwt.....	90
Ground feed.....	95
Middlings 7 cwt.....	95
Brass 7 cwt.....	90
Hay 7 ton.....	11 00
Honey.....	16 @ 18
Butter.....	20
Eggs 7 dozen.....	31
Wood, hard, dry 7 cord.....	1 75 @ 2 00
Chickens, dressed, 15 (live 4 @ Sci.)	8 @ 10
Beans 7 bushel.....	1 30 @ 1 40

E. TAKKEN

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP

(Market Street.)

General Repairing.

Horse Sheeing a Specialty.

New work of any description, and the repairing of Machinery and Implements solicited and promptly attended to.

Buggies of all sizes and styles made to order on short notice.

Give us a call in the new Shop on Market St.

EVERT TAKKEN.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 4, 1892. 2 tf

First Ward Meat Market!

J. H. Barkel & Co., Prop.

At this well known market, established years ago, the public will be served as faithfully and promptly by its present proprietors as before.

MEATS!

Choice Pork, Beef, Roasts, Steaks, Veal, Corned Beef, Salt Pork, Sausages.

POULTRY & GAME.

Holland, Mich., March 18, 1892. 8 ly

WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a common shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-made shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for sale; equals French imported shoes which cost from \$6.00 to \$7.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from \$4.00 to \$5.00.

\$3.50 Police Shoes; Farmers, Railroad Men, seamst, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extra strong, one pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 Fine calf, no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.00 and \$2.50 Workingman's shoes; these are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

\$1.50 and \$2.00 School shoes; these are worn by the boys everywhere; they are on their merits, at the increasing sales show.

Ladies' Double, very stylish, made of French imported shoes costing from \$2.00 to \$3.00.

These are the best shoes made. Send for Circular. Quickest—See that W. L. Douglas name and price are on the bottom of each shoe.

BEWARE NO SUBSTITUTES.

Look on local advertisements and you will find W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass., U.S.A.

For Sale by G. J. Van Duren Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

28 ly

A FULL LINE OF FARM Implements

—AT— J. FLIEMAN,

River Street, Holland, Mich.

Agents for the Whitely Solid Steel Binder, the great open end Harvester Binder for successfully cutting all lengths and kinds of grain. Also for Whitely's Solid Steel Mower, This Machine is entirely different from and Superior to any other Mowing Machine ever produced.

Plows,

Wagons,

Cultivators,

Seeders,

Hay Rakes,

Buggies,

Carts,

Harrows,

and Rollers,

Feed Cutters,

Corn Shellers

1-ly

Special Bargain.

\$1.10

We have a few of those handsome No. 8

Copper Teakettles

left which we will close out at

\$1.10

Remember we have but a few left.

E. VAN DER VEEN.

Pioneer Hardware.

Holland, Mich., April 1, 1892.

Remember!

that at the

City Bakery

You can find all kinds of

FRUIT,

such as

California Pears,

Nice Michigan Apples,

Florida Oranges,

Lemons, Bananas,

Figs, Dates,

Cranberries,

Sweet Potatoes.

Fresh Canned Goods,

such as

Peaches, Apricots, Plums

Pears, Pumpkin, Corn,

Tomatoes, etc., etc.

If you want something very sweet, then

Buy Honey or Maple Sugar

If you are looking for

The Best 5 Cts. Cigar,

Then smoke the 'Vim'!

John Pessink,

NEW ENTERPRISE

L. C. COTTS,

Manufacturer of

BROOMS & BRUSHES.

Constantly on hand a large assortment of hand-made brooms and brushes of different sizes, grades and prices. Orders by mail promptly filled.

Factory on Eleventh Street, east of King's Factory.

Holland, Mich., August 6, 1891.

Ask Your Local Dealer

for Cotts' Brooms.

28 ly

What People want these days is a Reliable Article at Fair Price.

Jonkman & Dykema CLOTHIERS.

Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

If you are looking for a safe and reliable place to purchase your spring clothing—

If you desire to obtain satisfaction for the money you have invested—

If you wish to feel that you could not have done better—

You are hereby informed that all our departments are replete with the best selected stock of Ready Made Clothing, Gents' furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, in all of which

YOU WILL FIND A BARGAIN.

N. B.—Bring your friend along.

SPECIAL SALE

—of—

LOW GRADE FLOUR

For Feeding Stock.

\$1.00 Per 100 lb Sack.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co.

Holland, Mich., March 3, 1892.

Ueber Baltimore!

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Regelmässige Post-Dampfschiffahrt zwischen

BALTIMORE UND BREMEN

DIRECT

durch die neuen und erprobten Stahldampfer

DARMSTADT, DRESDEN, KARLSRUHE,

MÜNCHEN, OLDENBURG, WEIMAR,

von Bremen jeden Donnerstag,

von Baltimore jeden Mittwoch, 2 Uhr P. M.

Grosstnöglichste Sicherheit. Billige Preise.

Vorzügliche Verpflegung.

Mit Dampfern des Norddeutschen-Lloyd wurden mehr als

2,500,000 Passagiere

glücklich über See befördert.

Salons und Cajüten-Zimmer auf Deck.

Die Einrichtungen für Zwischendeckpassagiere, deren Schlafstellen sich im Oberdeck und im zweiten Deck befinden, sind anerkannt vorzüglich.

Elektrische Beleuchtung in allen Räumen.

Weitere Auskunft erteilen die General-Agenten

A. SCHUMACHER & CO., Baltimore, Md.,

oder MULDER & VERWEY, News-druckerei

Holland, Mich. 3 inch-1/2.

FOR

The Season

of

1891!

Notier & Verschure

A Choice Selection

of

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes,

Hats & Caps, Groceries,

Provisions,

CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHING, ETC.

Creamery Butter

constantly on hand.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

always acceptable and the highest market prices paid.

Remember the Place:

Eighth St., Holland, Mich.

9-17

CUSTOM MILL

OF

H. H. Karsten,

ZEELAND, MICH.

The highest price paid for Buckwheat.

Special attention paid to Grinding of Buckwheat.

I have just put in a new Buckwheat

Huller and am now prepared to make the finest Buckwheat Flour in the State. Come and give me a trial.

Mill and office near R. R. depot.

30 ly

H. H. KARSTEN.

Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

Agents desired everywhere.

THEO. KEMINK, Proprietor,

83 West Leonard street, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

P

DAYS AND NIGHTS.

Higher the daily hours of anguish rise,
And mount around me as the swelling
drip.
Till past my mouth and eyes their moments
flow,
And I am drowned in sleep.

But soon the tide of night begins to ebb:
Chained on the barren shore of dawn I
lie,
Again to feel the day's slow-rising flood
Again to live and die.
—Anne Reeve Aldrich, in Lippincott.

A NIGHT RIDE.

"Yes, boys, they've left the Reservation, and are killing and scalping ter beat thunder. I met a scout terday, over in ther Big Coolies, an' he posted me."
"How many are thar of 'em, Jack?"
"Wal, as near as he could tell, thar was somewhar about thirty er thirty-five."
"How are they off fer shooting iron?"
"I should say they was all holed fer keeps. The scout told me that they all had Winchester, an' a hull lot of 'em had six-shooters as well. And now, boys, we've got ter ride like sin ter-morrow, an' gether in all the critters, an' push 'em over into the Deep Creek country fer safety. I hardly think the reds will navigate that way. So here's fer a smoke, and then bed."
The speaker, big Jack Burns, foreman of the L. C. Horse Outfit, leisurely produced pipe and tobacco as coolly as if the murderous Apaches were a thousand miles away instead of thirty.
We were only seven men, counting the Mexican cook, in the dug-out attached to the corral, and were employees of the big I. C. Company; and well we knew what an Apache outbreak meant, for we all had suffered more or less from their cruel raids. But we had been intrusted with the horses, and we intended, if possible for human power to keep them out of the clutches of the redskins, to do so; for we had all received many little kindnesses from the company, and from the highest to the lowest there was mutual good-will and friendly feeling—very different from some outfits, who treat their rangers with far less consideration than they do their horses or cattle.
"Jimmie did yer go down to the Cactus Ranch fer the six-shooter cartridges?"
"Yes, bet I did, an' got purty close ter a thousand rounds."
"That's kind er comforting. Did yer here tell of any news down thar?"
"Nothing perticuler. They was a talkin' er bout that thar settler, over on Antelope Flat; they allowed that if trouble come with the reds, he would be in a purty tough place, specially as he are a tenderfoot. I'd hate ter see anything happen ter 'em. I passed that the other day, and his little gal come out, and says, sorter anxious like:
"Mister, hev yer got a leetle gal?"
"So I says, 'No, little sister, I hain't.'"
"Nor no leetle boys?" says she.
"Nary one," says I, and I told her that she was the fust leetle I'd seen fer many a day, an' we had quite a leetle confab, an' then her mother come out, an' she war a very pleasant lady, she war, an' she said she allowed that the leetle unwar lonesome fer other leetle uns ter play with. They've got a right young baby thar, too, but the leetle gal says that baby can't do nothing but sleep, an' laugh, an'—
"Hark! listen, men, listen!" and in second big Jack had pushed open the door, and was looking intently out over the moonlit prairie.
"What is it, Jack?" asked the boys, as they gathered outside.
"Did yer hear shooting?"
"No, but thar's a shod hoss a-coming like blazes."
Yes, the thud, thud, thud, of ironshod hoofs were now plainly heard, and away out a faint glimmer of dust could be discerned.
"Boys, I'm afeared that thar's trouble somewhar," continued Jack.
"Wal, judging from the way that hoss is a-hitting the trail, we can mighty soon tell now," said Hank Shover.
And soon the sight that greeted our eyes showed us that there was trouble somewhere—for out of the dust and glimmer sprang a powerful white mare, while on her back, securely tied to the heavy frontier saddle, was the new settler's "leetle gal."
With astonished and anxious faces, we sprang to the mare's side, and lifted the little maid out of the saddle; and big Jack carried her tenderly into the dug-out, while with wondering faces the rest of us quietly followed.
"Please, Mr. Big Jack, I've brought a letter from pap."
"A letter, child. You've brought a letter twenty miles fer me. What in the name of 't're Great Medicine war yer dad a thinkin' er bout ter send a baby like you with it?"
"I don't know, please, Mr. Big Jack; perhaps he's hurt, 'cause his eyes were wet and mamma was crying. Then papa wrote a letter and put me on old Nan and told me to keep on the wagon trail till I got to the lone tree, and then head for the Black Canon, and he gave me a switch to beat old Nan, 'cause he said if Nan didn't run good, baby Frank would never laugh any more, and that would be awful. So I beat her all the way, and came drefful quick,"—and judging from the mare's heaving sides, the little one had ridden her for all she was worth.
"Wal, give me ther letter, leetle un, an' we'll mighty soon see what's wanted."
The letter had been securely fastened to the little one's dress, but it was soon in Jack's hands.
"Sissy, don't yer feel like eatin' a bite of grub, and drinkin' a cup of coffee?"
"No, thank you, sir, but I am sleepy, and very tired, and—"
"Juan, keep the child sort of amused fer a minit, an' boys come"; and big Jack led the way to the far end of the room.
"Boys, here's the dove ter pay." In a low voice, he read the letter:
To the Boys at the Stone Corral:
I was out on the ridge at the back of my shanty, and not over twenty miles away I saw a big band of Apaches coming. They will be here fraids of three hours. My little

girl is a good rider, and the mare is sure-footed and fast, so I send this by her, asking you for aid. May God guide her to you.
If you cannot help us, our doom is sealed. My relatives live in L., Michigan; write to them in regard to my little daughter.
Hoping and praying you are in sufficient force to aid us.
God knows I would not want help for myself, but think of my wife and baby.
Tears were in our eyes, as Jack finished the short and rather incoherent letter; and then,—"good heavens, to think that we were only seven in all."
"O boys, if we were only a few more."
"What can we do, Jack?"
"Wal, I'm afeared if we tried ter git help from the Cactus Ranch it would be too late."
"Do the leetle gal know the trouble?"
"No."
"Wal, let's ask her of har dad hav got shooting iron."
"Sissy, did yer pap hev guns, and things ter home ter shoot jack-rabbits with?"
"Yes, sir, he's got a shotgun, and he bought a nice rifle that shoots without loading, and please, Mr. Big Jack, can go to bed now? I'm so tired."
"Jimmie, put the leetle un in your bunk, an' you kin turn in with me if we gets time ter sleep."
"But Jack, hain't we ergoin' ter try an' help 'em somehow?"
"God knows I wish we could. But we have ter leave one man with the horses, an' what are six agin a crowd?"
And truly it looked hopeless,—but O, to think of the fate of that gentle mother and tender babe.
"Boys, this is maddening. We must do somethin'."
Jimmie had by this time fixed the bunk and taken off the child's shoes.
"And now, dearie, pile in, an' take a real good snooze."
"But, Mr. Jimmie, you must hear me say my prayers first."
If a shell had come crashing into the dug-out it could not have created more astonishment than the simple request of the child.
Quick-witted Jimmie had, however, flung himself together quicker than a flash, and before the child noticed the astonished and confused looks, he had carefully spread a bearskin on the dirt floor, and gently as her own mother bade her "say her prayers."
The beautiful Lord's Prayer was repeated in the clear voice, and then came, "And please, my Heavenly Father, bless my own dear papa and mamma, and little baby brother, and Mr. Big Jack, and all the boys at the Stone Corral."
Starting up and drawing the back of his hand hastily across his eyes, and endeavoring to steady his voice, big Jack said: "Jimmie, you an' Juan stay an' tend ter the leetle un. We uns are ergoin' to help the folks."
Crash, and the dug-out door flew open, and five determined men—yes, men in every sense of the word that night—rushed to the corral, buckling on the heavy six-shooters as they ran.
The heavy stock saddles are slapped on, and the muscular arms tug and tug at the long latigo straps, until the chinchas seem as if they would cut through hair and hide, so tight are they well.
"Be sure and cinch 'em well, boys, we can't stop to tighten 'em after we get started."
"Ay, ay, yer kin bet on us, Jack."
"You bet all O K!"
"Ay, yer bet."
Then head fer the Baldy Mountain an' if ever you spurred, spur this night."
Out and away, leaning low, until our breasts almost rested on the saddle horn, and with spurs tightly pressed against our bronchos' sides, we swept swiftly away from the stone corral. Big Jack was on the left and a little in the lead; and as we rushed over a low sand ridge, I saw him and his horse showing dark and clearly out against the sky. He was riding his best this night, and his blue roan was stretching himself like a thoroughbred.
And now we came to a long stretch covered with loose and jagged granite; at any other time we would have pulled up and carefully picked our way over. But to-night the stake we were riding for was far too precious to care for horse-flesh, or even our own necks; so with slightly tightened reins and only our toes resting in the broad stirrups, we pushed madly across, the sparks flashing as the iron shoes clashed against the rough rock. Across at last, thank God, and once more on the smooth plain, our gallant cayuses, with ears well forward, and distended nostrils, were stretching themselves and throwing dust like heroes.
Out of the sand and up on the rim rock we tried a spurt, but the jaded animals were doing their best, and the steel failed to get an extra jump out of them. Another mile would bring us to a point where we would be able if it were daylight to see the settler's cabin.
Through a long sag, then a dry creek bed; crashing through the stunted willows that lined its banks, we breasted the slight ascent, and in another minute we were on the summit. We involuntarily checked our panting horses, and a thrill of horror ran through us as we saw a bright glare of light ahead.
"Too late, too late, boys. The reds have got 'em." Jack's voice sounded almost like a groan.
"How far are we from the place?"
"Er bout five miles 'round by the wagon road, but we kin lead our horses down the deer trail, and git thar in two."
"Then let's follow the deer trail; we may yit be in time ter help 'em some way."
Leading our staggering, trembling horses, we cautiously crept down the precipitous trail, and mountain, headed straight for the glare, which even in the valley could be distinctly seen.
Nobody now remembered that we were only five to thirty, and goaded and cut by the spurs, the cayuses carried us rapidly over the ground.
When within half a mile we halted in the shadow of some overhanging rocks, while Hank cautiously crawled up, and out on a projecting shelf to reconnoitre, for if the Apaches had any scouts thrown out we should have to be careful, as our only chance of success was to surprise them.
While we were waiting we carefully examined our six-shooters, and in another minute, to our great joy, Hank was telling us that the barn was on fire, but the dwelling-house was still intact, and that he could distinctly hear the crack of rifles, showing us plainly that the brave settler was still defending his loved ones.

"Now boys, here's ther best plan I kin think on—I hain't extra much of a general, but I hev an idea that it's the best way fer us ter do. We'll lead our critters down this gully till we git ter the scrub brush—we kin do that without the reds ketching on ter us—then we'll mount. Yer see by that time the cayuses will be getting their wind purty well. Then we'll ride 'right square down on 'em, yelling like fury an' wharever a red gets up we'll down him. Then if they make it too hot for us, we'll dodge inter the cabin."
"An' what then, Jack?"
"Wal, we'll sorter help the settler to hold the fort. Anyway we kin keep 'em from setting the shanty afire, 'till the cavalry comes. By this time the troops must be on the trail an' after 'em red hot. They can't be a great ways off, now."
Silently as spectres them we led our horses down the gully, carefully avoiding the rocks that here and there cropped out through the sand. Reaching the scrub willows, we found ourselves within 300 yards of the house, and perhaps about 400 from the burning barn.
Climbing quietly into our saddles, we bent low to keep out of the glare, and Jack whispered, "Are yer all ready?"
"Yes," whispered back, and we pressed our sombreros tightly down on our heads.
With a rush and a crash we tore through the brush and rode at full speed out into the clearing, now almost as light as day, for the big, heavy barn timbers were burning clearly and steadily. Across we went, our excited animals plunging and leaping like panthers, but still no Indians.
Past the house and within a few yards of the burning barn we pulled up. The silence confused us. Were we to late after all? Mechanically we closed up a fatal move, for with unearthly yells and blood-curdling whoops, the Indians, from a low sag in the ground on the left, sent a murderous volley crashing into our midst.
Down went our brave horses, and down went their riders. Four of us scrambled to our feet as we cleared ourselves from the stirrup leathers, only to throw ourselves behind our lead-riddled, dying animals just in time to save ourselves; for again the villains poured their lead into us—this time, thank heaven, doing us no harm.
Using our horses for breastworks, we tried to return their fire, but they were effectually concealed.
"Anybody hit?"
"Yes, I saw Hank throw up his hands and fall face down."
"Boys, we've got ter get out of this or they'll surround us sure."
"Kin we make a break fer the cabin?"
"I think we might manage ter crawl thar, by kinder keeping the horses between us and the red cusses."
"Hark, somebody is hollerin'!"
Looking over our shoulders, we saw that the door of the shanty was partly open, and the settler vigorously beckoning to us.
"We must try an' see if poor Hank is clean done fer, fust."
One of the boys crawled cautiously around to the dead horse and fallen rider, and returning in the same manner, whispered sorrowfully that "poor Hank had passed in his checks."
"Now, boys, we'll make a run fer it,—stoop low," and with a spring, away we rushed for the door.
Another stream of lead whistled by us, but nobody fell, and in another second, we were inside the heavy door, and helping the settler barricade it.
"I heard you when you charged by, men, but it took me some time to open the door, as I had a hull lot of things piled agin it?"
"Are ye all safe so far, Stanton?"
"Yes, thank God. My wife is guarding the back of the house, and I'm watching this part. What we feared most is that they will fire the place, like they did the barn. My little daughter reached you safely, did she?"
"Yes, and is staying in the dug-out at the corral. We left two of the boys with her."
"Now, men, I'll show you the loopholes in the logs, and I'll go and tell the wife the little one is safe."
Hour after hour we strained our eyes, peering through the loopholes trying to catch sight of the redskins. But they were very wary and seemed to have a wholesome dread of venturing into the frelit space in the front of the house.
Presently Stanton came quietly in and said: "Boys, there's something going on at the back that I don't understand."
Leaving one man in the front room, we repaired with him to the room in the rear of the building.
Jack pressed his face close to a loophole and stared steadily into the darkness. Suddenly he stepped back, and, pulling his six-shooter, pointed it through the loophole and fired.
A wild yell of rage answered the shot.
"Ana, I thought I could fetch him. I saw him crawling up, an' had a burning stick under his blanket. I guess he won't burn no more shanties. Give me a chaw of tobacco, somebody."
And now we saw a faint streak of dawn in the east, and soon the sun was gilding the distant Baldy Mountain, and what to us was a far more welcome sight still—was glistering on the scabbards and accoutrements of a company of Uncle Sam's boys as they came through the pass at a sharp trot.
The barricaded door was quickly thrown open, and rushing out we saw the Indians in full retreat a mile out on the mesa. Judging from their haste they must have seen the cavalry, for they were pushing their ponies.
The cavalry had also caught sight of them, for they were coming like the wind, and as they swept by, in spite of our weariness and grief at the loss of our pard, we cheered them until we were hoarse.
The next day we obtained horses and safely escorted the settler, his wife and baby to the Cactus Ranch.—[Overland Monthly.]

UNAVAILING.

He sent a bunch of roses sweet
Unto his Sunday girl,
Also a verse about her eyes,
And o'en her hair a curl.
But oh! what we when next they met,
With member warm and mellow,
She bowed and smiled and passed him
by,
And thanked another fellow!

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

HE SCORES HYPOCRITES AND DISHONEST TRADERS.

Christ Used Keen Wit Against the Pharisees, and No Doubt People Smiled in Church Then as Now—Various Forms of Inconsistency.

At the Tabernacle.

The tendency to formalism in religion and to hypocritical pretense in society received a severe castigation from the pulpit of the Brooklyn Tabernacle. Dr. Talmage made a vigorous onslaught upon it, basing his remarks on the text, Matthew xlii, 24, "Ye blind guides, who strain at a gnat and swallow a camel."
A proverb is compact wisdom, knowledge in chunks, a library in a sentence, the electricity of many clouds discharged in one bolt, a river put through a mill-race. When Christ quotes the proverb of the text He means to set forth the ludicrous behavior of those who make a great bluster about small sins and have no appreciation of great ones.
In my text a small insect and a large quadruped are brought into comparison—a gnat and a camel. You have in museum or on the desert seen the latter, a great awkward, sprawling creature, with back two stories high and stomach having a collection of reservoirs for desert travel, an animal forbidden to the Jews as food and in many literatures entitled "the ship of the desert." The gnat spoken of in the text is in the grub form. It is born in pool or pond, after a few weeks becomes a chrysalis and then after a few days becomes the gnat as we recognize it. But the insect spoken of in the text is in its very smallest shape and it yet inhabits the water—for my text is a misprint and ought to read "strain out a gnat."
My text shows you the prince of inconsistencies. A man after long observation has formed the suspicion that in a cup of water he is about to drink there is a grub or the grandparent of a gnat. He goes and gets a sieve or a strainer. He takes the water and pours it through the sieve in the broad light. He says, "I would rather do anything almost than drink this water until this larva be extirpated." This water is brought under inspection. The experiment is successful. The water rushes through the sieve and leaves against the side of the sieve the grub or gnat.
Then the man carefully removes the insect and drinks the water in placidity. But going out one day and hungry, he devours a "ship of the desert," the camel, which the Jews were forbidden to eat. The gastronomer has no compunctions of conscience. He suffers from no indigestions. He put the lower jaw under the camel's forehead and his upper jaw over the hump of the camel's back, and gives one swallow and the dromedary disappears forever. He strained out a gnat, he swallowed a camel.
While Christ's audience were yet smiling at the apostrophes and wit of His illustration—for smile they did in church, unless they were too stupid to understand the hyperbole—Christ practically said to them, "That is you." Punctilious about small things; reckless about affairs of great magnitude. No subject ever withered under a surgeon's knife more bitterly than did the Pharisees under Christ's scalpel of truth.
As an anatomist will take a human body to pieces and put them under a microscope for examination, so Christ finds His way to the heart of the dead Pharisee and cuts it out and puts it under the glass of inspection for all generations to examine. Those Pharisees thought that Christ would flatter them and compliment them, and how they must have writhed under the red hot words as He said, "Ye fools, ye whitened sepulchers, ye blind guides, which strain out a gnat and swallow a camel."
There are in our day a great many gamuts strained out and a great many gamuts swallowed, and it is the object of this sermon to sketch a few persons who are extensively engaged in that business.
First, I remark, that all those ministers of the Gospel are photographed in the text who are very scrupulous about the conventionalities of religion, but put no particular stress upon matters of vast importance. Church services ought to be grave and solemn. There is no room for frivolity in religious convocation. But there are illustrations, and there are hyperboles like that of Christ in the text that will irradiate with smiles any intelligent audience. There are men like those bland guides of the text who advocate those things in religious service which draw the corners of the mouth down, and denounce all those things which have a tendency to draw the corners of the mouth up, and these men will go to installations and to presbyteries and to conferences and to associations, their pockets full of fine sieves to strain out the gnats, while in their own churches at home every Sunday there are fifty people sound asleep. They make their churches a great dormitory, and their somniferous sermons are a cradle, and the drawn out hymns a lullaby, while some wakeful soul in a pew with her fan keeps the flies off unconscious persons approximate. Now, I say it is worse to sleep in church than to smile in church, for the latter implies at least attention, while the former implies the indifference of the hearers and the stupidity of the speaker.
I take down from my library the biographies of ministers and writers of the past ages, inspired and uninspired, who have done the most to bring souls to Jesus Christ, and I find that without a single exception they concentrated their wit and their humor to Christ. Elijah used it when he advised the Baalites, as they could not make their god respond, telling them to call louder as their god might be sound asleep or gone a hunting. Job used it when he said to his self-conceited comforters, "Wisdom will die with you." Christ not only used it in the text, but when He ironically complimented the putrefied Pharisees, saying, "The whole need not a physician," and when by one word He described the cunning of Herod, saying, "Go ye, and tell that fox."
Matthew Henry's Commentaries from the first page to the last coruscated with humor as summer clouds with heat-lightning. John Bunyan's writings are as full of humor as they are of saving truth, and there is not an aged man here who has ever read "Pilgrim's Progress" who does not remember that while reading it he smiled as often as he wept. Chrysostom, George Herbert, Robert South, John Wesley, George Whitefield, Jeremy Taylor, Rowland Hill, Nettleton, George G. Finney and all the men of the past who greatly advanced the Kingdom of God consecrated their wit and their humor to the cause of Christ.

Religious work without any humor or wit in it is a banquet with a side of beef, and that raw, and no condiments and no dessert succeeding. People will not sit down at such a banquet. By all means remove all frivolity and all pathos and all lightness and all vulgarity—strain them out through the sieve of holy discrimination; but, on the other hand, beware of that monster which overshadows the Christian church to-day, conventionality, coming up from the Great Sahara Desert of Ecclesiasticism, having on its back a hump of sanctimonious gloom—and vehemently refuse to swallow that camel.
Oh, how particular a great many are about the infinitesimals while they are quite reckless about the magnitudes. What did Christ say? Did He not exhort the people in His time who were so careful to wash their hands before a meal, but did not wash their hearts? It is a bad thing to have unclean hands; it is a worse thing to have an unclean heart. How many people are there in our time who are very anxious that after their death they shall be buried with their feet toward the east, and not at all anxious that during their whole life they should face in the right direction so that they shall come up in the resurrection of the just whichever way they are buried. How many there are chiefly anxious that a minister of the Gospel shall come in the line of apostolic succession, not caring so much whether he comes from Apostle Paul or Apostle Judas. They have a way of measuring a gnat until it is larger than a camel.
Again, my subject photographs all those who are abhorrent of small sins while they are reckless in regard to magnificent thefts. You will find many a merchant who, while he is so careful that he would not take a yard of cloth or a spool of cotton from the counter without paying for it, and who if a bank cashier should make a mistake and send in a roll of bills \$5 too much would dispatch a messenger in hot haste to return the surplus, yet who will go into a stock company in which after awhile he gets control of the stock and then waters the stock and makes \$100,000 appear like \$200,000. He stole only \$100,000 by the operation. Many of the men of fortune made their wealth in that way.
One of those men engaged in such unrighteous acts, that evening, the evening of the very day when he watered the stock, will find a wharf rat stealing an evening newspaper from the basement doorway, and will go out and catch the urchin by the collar and twist the collar so tightly the poor fellow cannot say that it was thirst for knowledge that led him to the dishonest act, but grip the collar tighter and tighter, saying: "I have been looking for you a long while. You stole my paper four or five times haven't you? You miserable wretch!" And then the old stock gambler, with a voice they can hear three blocks, will cry out, "Police, police!"
That same man, the evening of the day on which he watered the stock, will kneel with his family in prayer and thank God for the prosperity of the day, then kiss his children good night with an air which seems to say, "I hope you will all grow up to be as good as your father!" Prisons for sins insectile in size, but palaces for crimes dromedarian. No mercy for sins animalcule in proportion, but great leniency for mastodon shiftness.
It is time that we learn in America that sin is not excusable in proportion as it declares large dividends and has out-riders in equipage. Many a man is riding to perdition postilion ahead and lackey behind. To steal a dollar is a gnat; to steal many thousands of dollars is a camel. There is many a fruit dealer who would not consent to steal a basket of peaches from a neighbor's stall, but who would not scruple to depress the fruit market; and as long as I can remember we have heard every summer the peach crop of Maryland is a failure, and by the time the crop comes in the misrepresentation makes a difference of millions of dollars. A man who would not steal one peach basket steals 50,000 peach baskets.
Any summer go down into the Mercantile library, in the reading rooms, and see the newspaper reports of the crops from all parts of the country, and their phraseology is very much the same, and the same men wrote them, methodically and infamously carrying out the huge lying about the grain crop from year to year and for a score of years. After awhile there is a "corner" in the wheat market, and men who had a content for a petty theft will burglarize the wheat bin of a nation and commit larceny upon the American corn-belt. And men will sit in churches and in reformatory institutions trying to strain out the small gnats of scoundrelism, while in their grain elevators and in their storehouses they are fattening huge camels which they expect after awhile to swallow. Society has to be entirely reconstructed on this subject. We are to find that a sin is inexcusable in proportion as it is great.
I know in our time the tendency is to charge religious frauds upon good men. They say, "Oh, what a class of frauds you have in the Church of God in this day," and when an elder of a church or a deacon or a minister of the Gospel or a superintendent of a Sabbath-school turns out a defaulter what display makes there are in many of the newspapers—great primer type; five-line pica—"Another Saint Absconded," "Clerical Scoundrelism," "Religion at a Discount," "Shame on the Churches," while there are a thousand scoundrels outside the church to where there is one inside the church, and the misbehavior of those who never see the inside of a church is so great it is enough to tempt a man to become a Christian to get out of their company.
But in all circles, religious or irreligious, the tendency is to excuse sin in proportion as it is mammoth. Even John Milton, in his "Paradise Lost," while he condemns Satan, gives such a grand description of him you have hard work to suppress your admiration. Oh, this straining out of small sins like gnats, and this gulping down great iniquities like camels.
This subject does not give the picture of one or two persons, but is a gallery in which thousands of people may see their likenesses. For instance, all those people who, while they would not rob their neighbor of a farthing, appropriate the money and the treasure of the public. A man has a house to sell, and he tells his customer it is worth \$30,000. Next day the assessor comes around and the owner says it is worth \$15,000. The Government of the United States took off the tax from personal income, among other reasons because so few people would tell the truth, and many a man with an income of hundreds of dollars a day made statements which seem to imply he was about to be handed over to the overseer of the poor.
Careful to pay their passage from

Liverpool to New York, yet smuggling in their Saratoga trunk ten silk dresses from Paris and a half dozen watches from Geneva, Switzerland, telling the Custom House officer on the wharf, "There is nothing in that trunk but wearing apparel," and putting a \$5 gold piece in his hand to punctuate the statement.
Described in the text are all those who are particular never to break the law of grammar, and who want all their language an elegant specimen of syntax, straining out all the inaccuracies of speech with a fine sieve of literary criticism, while through their conversation go slander and innuendo and profanity and falsehood larger than a whole caravan of camels, when they might better fracture every law of the language and shock their intellectual taste, and better every verb seek in vain for its nominative, and every noun for its government, and every preposition lose its way in the sentence, and adjectives and participles and pronouns get into a grand riot worthy of the Fourth Ward on election day, than to commit a moral inaccuracy. Better swallow a thousand gnats than one camel.
Such persons are also described in the text who are very much alarmed about the small faults of others and have no alarm about their own great transgressions. There are in every community and in every church watchdogs who feel called upon to keep their eyes on others and growl. They are full of suspicions. They wonder if that man is not dishonest, if that man is not unclean, if there is not something wrong about the other man. They are always the first to hear of anything wrong. Vultures are always the first to smell carrion. They are self-appointed detectives. I lay this down as a rule without any exception—that those people who have the most faults themselves are most morose in their watching of others. From scalp of head to sole of foot they are full of jealousies and hypercriticisms.
They spend their life in hunting for muskrats and mud turtles instead of hunting for Rocky Mountain eagles; always for something mean instead of something grand. They look at their neighbors' imperfections through a microscope, and look at their own imperfections through a telescope upside down. Twenty faults of their own do not hurt them half so much as one fault of somebody else. Their neighbors' imperfections are like gnats, and they strain them out; their own imperfections are like camels, and they swallow them.
But lest any might think they escape the scrutiny of the text, I have to tell you that we all come under the divine satire when we make the questions of time more prominent than the questions of eternity. Come now, let us all go into the confessional. Are not all tempted to make the question, Where shall I live now? greater than the question, Where shall I live forever? How shall I get more dollars here? greater than the question, How shall I lay up treasures in Heaven? the question, How shall I pay my debts to man? greater than the question, How shall I meet my obligations to God? the question, how shall I gain the world? greater than the question, What if I lose my soul? the question, Why did God let sin come into the world? greater than the question, how shall I get it extirpated from my nature? the question, What shall I do with the twenty or forty or seventy years of my subnary existence? greater than the question, What shall I do with the millions of cycles of my post-terrestrial existence? Time, how small it is! Eternity, how vast it is! The former more insignificant in comparison with the latter than a gnat is insignificant when compared with a camel. We dodge the text. We said, "That doesn't mean me," and with a ruinous benevolence we are giving the whole sermon away.
But let us all surrender to the charge. What an ado about things here. What poor preparation for a great eternity. As though a minnow were larger than a bobolink, as though a swallow took wider circuit than an albatross, as though a nettle were taller than a Lebanon cedar, as though a gnat were greater than a camel, as though a minute were longer than a century, as though time were higher, deeper, broader than eternity. So the text which flashed with lightning of wit as Christ uttered it, is followed by the crashing thunders of awful catastrophe to those who make the question of time greater than the questions of the future, the oncoming, overshadowing future. O Eternity! Eternity! Eternity!

The First Telegraph.

In May, 1844, it was announced in Congress that, on the opening of the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore, the new telegraph lines would be ready for business. The Washington terminus was in one of the rooms of the Capitol. When the day announced arrived a few of the members of Congress assembled in that room, I among the number. After waiting a considerable time, amid expressions of hope or doubt from the friends or critics of the inventor, all talk was suddenly checked by the clicking of the machine. An impressive silence of several minutes followed. The machine worked! Finally the operator read with considerable solemnity the first message ever received: "What hath God wrought?" All were awestricken for a moment. It has always been a pleasant memory that I was present. Silence was followed by expressions of admiration. Then a few gentlemen boldly denounced the message as a trick. Some warm words were spoken. But in the course of an hour the proceedings from the National Convention began to arrive. The unbelievers continued to doubt. No decision could be reached until the morning papers were received. It is needless to say that the telegraphic messages were fully substantiated. This wonderful scene continued each day during the session of the convention at Baltimore, closing with the nomination of James K. Polk. This result was so unexpected as to carry conviction. Then there were only forty miles of telegraph; to-day there are over 800,000 miles in operation. I saw the beginning—it was only thirty-nine years ago. —Philadelphia Times.

AMERICAN children are conspicuous in London, the Rev. Robert Laird Collier says, for their pronounced manners and adult dress. English boys of 16 usually wear Eton jackets and broad collars, in juvenile contrast to the man's clothes of a Yankee youth. Collier finds that nearly all of the English women "of the upper classes" have clear, beautiful complexions, and the girls are always simply attired, without jewelry.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Register! Register!

Office rooms to rent. Inquire at Van der Veen's.

Dr. J. M. Van der Ven, well known in this city, will locate in Saugatuck.

Mrs. J. Busquet, one of the earliest settlers of Zeeland, died last Friday, at the age of 79.

The proceedings of the Ottawa County Republican convention will be found on the second page.

The contract for enlarging the City Hotel was let on Wednesday to James Huntley, for \$12,750, he being the only bidder, all other bids having been withdrawn. Ground has already been broken.

The Classis of Holland of the Reformed Church will meet in regular semi-annual session on Wednesday, April 6, in the First Reformed church in this city. The classical sermon will be preached by Rev. A. H. Strabbing, in the evening of that day.

The following members of Unity Lodge F. & A. M., took the train Monday for Hamilton, to attend the funeral of Cha's Woodruff, an old resident of that place: D. L. Boyd, P. W. Kane, David Bertsch, Wm. L. Hopkins, Geo. Nichols, C. Blom Sr., G. Cathcart, C. Hansen, C. Jacobus, A. Huntley, E. Van Drezer, W. Breyman, W. Davidson.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Lake Shore.

Wm. Horton shipped his household goods to Shelby, last week. He and his wife are visiting here for a few days, after which they will go to Oceana county to reside.

John Horton started for Grand Rapids, Tuesday, with his goods. He has a job there for the season.

D. Dolph moved on his place, Tuesday, which he bought of Mr. Horton. The widow of the late James Souter is very sick.

We notice that A. Dolph has put up a very pretty wire fence in front of his residence, which is a great improvement to his place.

Milton West and his mother went on a visit to relatives near Wayland, last week, and came home Monday.

Geo. Campbell and wife were on a visit at Otsego, the first part of this week.

That's right, Pseudonym, keep us informed as to the doings at the Port Sheldon resorts. We are not surprised at the Wesleyans looking it over for a camping ground. They like chicken better than fish, so the fish story won't go.

The Fox boys are remodeling and improving their dwelling house.

Mr. Van der Vere is getting the lumber on the ground for a large barn, which he intends putting up this spring.

What a scramble for office we are having in Holland township this spring. Everybody seems to want an office. We have had several caucuses in order to give all a chance. Still I am left out in the cold. I expected that the People's party (by the way who are the People's party, if not the two old parties) would put me up for something, and as they did not, I tried the Independent dodge, and there I got left also. Now, I cannot recall any name under which we can call another caucus, unless it should be "Proa-bis-ha," and I think I should get left there too; so I think I will try to sneak in on slips, for I expect to get there just the same. And why not? Haven't we got them on the ticket already, with no more education than I have? Some of them can flourish an axe or oxgoad better than a quill.

N. Ogden again contracted to work for the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co. this season. He disposed of several machines last year and hopes to do still better.

John Aussucker, jr., bought an engine at B. Van Raalte's sale, for \$300, and calculates to enter the field as a thrasher.

Hamilton.

Mr. A. J. Karrman and family of Grand Rapids spent last week in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin.

After a lingering sickness of nearly six months Mr. C. Woodruff, an old and respected citizen, passed away and was buried under the auspices of the F. & A. Masons, of which he had been a member for over twenty years.

Peter Kane from "the City" was in town Wednesday, visiting friends. The Republicans at their caucus put the following ticket into the field, which will probably go in without any effort, as the Democrats do not think it worth while to go to the trouble of putting in an opposing ticket: supervisor, H. A. Sears; clerk Ira Thorp; treas., A. Kolvoord; highway com'r, C. W. Woodruff; justice, full term, Wm. Webb; to fill vacancy, P. H. Benjamin; board of review, J. McCreary.

H. A. Sears is moving into the Cooper block, where he will stay until his palatial residence is completed.

Mrs. Chas. Taylor lost her youngest boy of four years, last Tuesday, by scarlet fever.

Allegan County.

Douglas Record: S. R. Harris and family have moved from Holland to this place and will occupy rooms in the Wilson block.

P. Verlee Sr., of Graafschap is very ill, and Dr. A. Manting is badly afflicted with rheumatism.

Allegan Democrat: A move is on foot in this village to secure a rock crushing machine, with which to break up the many boulders in this section into cubes fit for Macadamizing our streets and roads. A crusher suitable from \$5 to 10 tons of rock an hour, can be purchased for \$800. This would give us a material for the building of a permanent road.

Messrs. A. & J. Van Putten of Holland expect to start a stove factory at New Richmond in connection with their saw mill there.

Otsego has secured a large planing mill and a sash and door manufacturing establishment, to be operated and owned by Mr. John Kolvoord, who has adopted Otsego as his home.

A new iron bridge with an 80 foot draw, and a side track on the river side of the main track, are the latest C. & W. M. improvements to be made at New Richmond.

The matter of establishing a telephone line from Saugatuck to Ganges and Pier Cove, via Douglas, is under consideration by the boat and pier companies.

GILLETT'S MAGIC YEAST

Quickest and Best.

NONE BUT MAGIC WILL
MAKE BREAD THAT
PREVENTS DYSPEPSIA.

NO OTHER EQUALS
OR APPROACHES
IT IN LEAVENING
STRENGTH, PURITY,
AND WHOLESOMENESS.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a Billious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and Tonic; acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blisters, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at P. W. Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruij, Zeeland.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-bone, Stiffes, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist, Holland, Mich. 42 6m.

An animated conversation between two of our prominent business men overheard recently was entirely about the benefits each had received from using one bottle of Dyspeptics Delight. For sale by P. W. Kane, Holland Mich.

De Kraker & De Koster,

Dealers in

FRESH, SALT, AND SMOKED
-MEATS-

Parties desiring

Choice Steaks and Roasts
Are especially invited to call.

Market on River Street
DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 5, 1890.

SEIF'S

Bottling Works,
Cor. 10th and Maple Sts.

I have opened my new Bottling Works east of the Brewery. Am prepared to furnish

Bottled Beer,

delivered free, at the following rates:

1 doz. 1-4 Bottles \$0.90

2 " 1-8 " \$1.00

A. SEIF.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 10, 1891.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Wednesday the Thirtieth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of James Souter, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of George H. Souter, son and heir at law of said deceased, praying for the determination of the heirs at law and who are entitled to the lands of James Souter, late of Holland in said County, deceased:

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Saturday, the Twenty-third day of April, next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

10-3w

LYCEUM OPERA HOUSE, WILL BREYMAN, MANAGER.

McLean & Gordon's

Bijou Comedy COMPANY.

3—NIGHTS—3

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 4, 5, 6.

In a selected repertoire of

Pleasing Plays!

12 - PEOPLE - 12

Every one an artist.

Popular prices, 15, 25 and 35 Cents.
Reserved Seats at Usual Place.

Monday night—the beautiful five-act sensational society drama,

"CHICK."

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Wednesday the Twenty-third day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Present CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Johannes G. Van Hees, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of J. George Van Hees, administrator with the will annexed of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may distribute said estate, be discharged from his trust, have his bond cancelled and said estate closed:

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Wednesday, the Twentieth day of April, next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

9-3w

For the Season of 1892

Bottling Works.

C. B L O M

PROPRIETOR

The New Bottling Works

of Holland are again open, and ready

to supply the demands for

TOLEDO and HOLLAND BEER.

Orders sent in by mail, or left at the

"ROSE BUD SALOON," will be promptly

filled.

1 doz. 4 bottles, \$1.00

1 doz. 4 bottles, 50

Goods delivered within the City,

free of charge.

C. B L O M.

Holland, Mich., March 4th, 1892.

6-1y

THE PRESS (NEW YORK)

FOR 1892.

Has a Larger Daily Circulation than any other

Republican Newspaper in America.

DAILY. SUNDAY. WEEKLY

The Aggressive Republican Journal of the

Metropolis.

A NEWSPAPER FOR THE MASSES.

Founded December 31st, 1887.

Circulation over 100,000 Copies Daily.

The Press is the organ of no faction; pulls no

wires; has no animosities to avenge.

The most remarkable Newspaper success

in New York.

The Press is a National Newspaper.

Cheap news, vulgar sensations and trash find

no place in The Press.

The Press has the brightest editorial page in

New York. It sparkles with points.

The Press Sunday Edition is a splendid twenty

page paper covering every current topic of in-

terest.

The Press Weekly Edition contains all the

good things of the daily editions.

For those who cannot afford the Daily or are

prevented by distance from early receiving it,

the Weekly is a splendid substitute.

As an Advertising Medium

The Press has no superior in New York.

THE PRESS

Within the reach of all. The best and cheapest

newspaper in America.

Daily and Sunday, one Year, \$5.00

" " " six months, 2.50

" " " one " .45

Daily only, one year, 3.00

" " " four months, 1.00

Sunday, one year, 2.00

Weekly Press, one year, 1.00

Send for The Press circular.

Sample free. Agents wanted everywhere.

Liberal commissions.

Address,

THE PRESS,

39 Park Row, New York.

14 5w

Furniture!

Carpets!

Wall Paper.

GO TO

Rinck & Co.

Just Received

A choice line of

SPRING

Suitings!

Bosman Bro's,

AS USUAL:

The Choicest and Best Selected Stock

far the trade of the season can

be found in

THE DOUBLE STORE OF

G. Van PUTTEN

& SONS'

DRESS GOODS and FLANNELS

BLANKETS and COMFORTERS

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S UN-

DERWEAR,

IMPORTED and DOMESTIC YARNS,

German Knitting, Germantown, Span-

ish, Coral, Saxony, Etc.

A Full Line of

Linen stamped goods, Hosiery, Fas-

cinators, Chenille Table Spreads,

Gents' Furnishing Goods and Un-

derwear—all sizes—the largest stock

in the city.

GROCERIES,

AND FAMILY SUPPLIES

Prompt Delivery at all Hours.

Holland, Mich., Oct. 23, 1891.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Monday, the Fourteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Hop, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Jacob Den Herder, administrator with the will annexed of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account, that he may distribute said estate, be discharged from his trust, have his bond cancelled and said estate closed:

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Eleventh day of April, next,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)

CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.

9-3.

MISS DE VRIES & CO. MILLINERS,

Will sell their goods at greatly Reduced Prices during the balance of the season.

H. MEYER & SON.

River Street, Holland, Mich.,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

PIANOS: A. B. CHASE, STERLING SMITH & BARNES and BRAUNELER.

ORGANS: UNITED STATES, LAKE SIDE, STORY & CLARK, and FARRAND & VOTEY.

SEWING MACHINES: NEW HOME, DOMESTIC, WHEELER & WILSON, and all the Leading Machines in the market.

Banjos, Guitars, Violins
Music Boxes.

New Sewing Machines from \$20 and upwards.

Sheet Music Catalogue mailed free on application.

West Michigan STEAM LAUNDRY.

SWIFT & MOES,
Proprietors.

LAUNDRY—River street, cor. of 4th.

OFFICES—Jonkman and Dykema's Clothing Store, 8th street; John Krusinga's 1st Ward.

First Class Work at Fair Prices and Satisfaction Guaranteed.