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### Holland City News, Volume 14, Number 9: April 4, 1885

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 9.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 681.

## The Holland City News

A Weekly Newspaper published every Saturday.

### Business Directory.

#### Commission Merchants.

**BEACH, W. H.** Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

#### Drugs and Medicines.

**DOESBURG, J. O.** Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

**MEENGS, D. R.** Drug Store, Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

**VAN PUTTEN, Wm.** Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

**WALSH, HEBER** Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

#### Furniture.

**MEYER, BROUWER & CO.** Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, &c.; River St.

#### General Dealers.

**VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS** General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, &c. River street.

#### Hotels.

**CITY HOTEL**, Williams Bros., Proprietors. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

**PHENIX HOTEL**, Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the C. & W. M. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free hack for accommodation of guests.

**SCOTT'S HOTEL**, W. J. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the corner of Ninth and Fish streets. Terms, \$1.50 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on.

#### Livery and Sale Stables.

**BOONE, H.** Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

**HAVERKATE, G. J.** Livery and Boarding Stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's hotel.

**NIBBELINK, J. H.** Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

#### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, &c.

**PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO.** Proprietors of Pluiger Mills. Manufacturers of new Process Flour. Near foot of Eighth street.

**VAN RAALTE, B.** dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

#### Physicians.

**BEST, R. B.** Physician and Surgeon. can be found in his office in First Ward Drug Store, on Eighth street.

**KREMER, R. A.** Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

**YATES, O. E.** Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Leideboer.

#### Watches and Jewelry.

**BREYMAN, OTTO**, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

**WYKHUYSEN, H.** dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

### Societies.

#### I. O. O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellow's Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.  
A. J. CLARK, N. G.  
W. ZERR, R. S.

#### F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evenings, Jan. 28, Feb. 25, March 25, April 22, May 27, June 24, July 22, Aug. 19, Sept. 23, Oct. 21, Nov. 18, Dec. 16. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

O. BREYMAN, W. M.

D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

### Our Markets.

#### Produce, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.)  
Apples, 50c; Beans, 80c; Butter, 14, 15c; Eggs, 14c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 30c.

#### RETAIL.

Apples, 60c; Beans, 11, 25c; Butter, 15, 17c; Eggs, 15c; Honey, 16c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 35c.

#### Grain, Feed, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.)  
Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, 100 lbs., 70c; Barley 100 lbs., \$1.00; Clover seed, 100 lbs., \$4.40; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 50c; Corn, shelled, 40c; Flour, 44.00; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.30; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.30; Hay, \$7.00; \$3.00; Middling, 100 lbs., 90c; Oats, new, 30c; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., \$2.00; Rye, 50c; Timothy Seed, \$1.50; Wheat, white, 90c; Red Fultz, 50c; Lancaster Red, 50c.

RETAIL.  
Buckwheat, 50c; Bran, 100 lbs., 80c; Barley, 100 lbs., \$1.10; Clover seed, 100 lbs., \$5.25; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 55c; Corn, shelled, 45c; Flour, 45.00; Fine corn meal, 100 lbs., \$1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.05; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.35; Hay, \$8.00; \$3.00; Middling, 100 lbs., 95c; Oats, new, 35c; Pearl Barley, 100 lbs., \$2.20; Rye, 55c; Timothy seed, \$2.00.

### LOCAL ITEMS.

"CUB, geddle Sprig."

"LET Isaac have it" but don't blame him alone.

REPRESENTATIVE Diekema was in the city this week.

We are informed that a large skating rink, 40x100 feet, will be built at Macatawa Park Grove the coming season.

A LARGE party of prospectors and settlers will start for Dakota next Tuesday under the direction of Mr. P. Pfantfiel.

THE Grand Haven skaters that are to be at the rink this afternoon and evening are said to execute some fine combination skating.

THE Republicans and Democrats of this city held their caucuses last evening too late for any report of their proceedings in this issue.

LAST Wednesday was "All Fools' Day" and a goodly number of our businessmen were taken in by a number of youngsters, for cigars and the like.

LAST Friday Mr. H. Boone and W. L. Kellogg started for Boston, Mass. with forty horses which Mr. Boone expects to sell to buyers in the East.

It really seems that overproduction is in the air. Some parties now claim that there was an overproduction in the ballots at the "tax-payers" caucus last Wednesday evening.

GEO. H. SOUTER showed us recently several twigs cut from the peach trees on his farm in Ventura on which nearly all the buds were alive. The opinion of Mr. Souter is that we will yet have a good crop of peaches, at least he is greatly encouraged in thinking so.

ON Monday next the people of this county will be called upon to vote upon the question of erecting a \$35,000 Court House at our present county seat. Let every voter vote upon this question whether it be for or against the proposition. A full vote should be had upon this matter.

THE libel suit in our Circuit Court of John G. Lee of the Grand Haven News-Journal, vs. Kedzie & Kedzie, of the Herald, of the same place, terminated last Wednesday in a verdict of \$33 damages in favor of the plaintiff. The suit grew out of the publication of an article in the Herald purporting to be from a New Orleans paper in which Lee was roughly handled.

GENERAL GRANT'S condition is growing more and more critical hourly and it is only a question of a very short time when he will have passed away. At times on Thursday his attending physicians thought he was dying but he was revived by the administering of stimulants. His mind is clear and he clings to life tenaciously. From a dispatch from Chicago received here yesterday morning we learn that "He was resting easily and entirely free from pain but very weak."

THOSE who find enjoyment in "tripping the light fantastic" will be pleased to learn that arrangements are being made for a fine social party here soon after the end of the lenten season. One feature that will tend to make it an enjoyable affair, is that the music will be furnished by Squiers' famous orchestra of Grand Rapids, with the veteran, Warren Squiers as prompter. An effort is being made to make it first class in every respect. As soon as a date can be arranged with the orchestra, the party will be announced by invitations.

THE Southern Ottawa County Teacher's Association will meet in this city in the room occupied by the High School in the Public School building on Saturday, April 11. All interested are invited to attend. The committee furnish the following program. The city teachers are expected to supply the music.

I. Opening exercises—

Music. Essay, Jennie Osborne.

II. How to secure the practical use of grammar to the pupil—

Prof. E. B. Fairfield, of Grand Haven.

Discussion, Hannah Roost, Milan Coburn.

III. Question box opened—

IV. Methods of Teaching Spelling—

Mrs. Higgins. Discussion, Chas. Kneohuysen and Nelson Stanton.

V. How shall we cultivate a refined taste in our pupils—

Anna Becker. Discussion, Geo. P. Hammer and P. Borst.

TOMORROW is Easter Sunday.

THE annual charter election will be held next Monday.

REGISTRATION Day. Don't fail to see that your name is properly registered.

J. R. KLEYN has been on a business trip to Detroit, Cadillac, and Grand Rapids this week.

"LET Isaac have it" seemed to be the popular expression at the caucus last Wednesday evening.

WE have received another communication from M. Harrington dated Norfolk, Va., which will find a place in our columns next week.

SUPERVISOR THAYER, of Polkton, has an article on the "Court House Question" in this issue. All the electors in this locality should read it.

SEVERAL of the classes of the First Church Sabbath School called on the pastor, Rev. E. Bos, this week and presented him with various tokens of regard.

FOR the accommodation of those who cannot attend early on Saturday nights the rink will be kept open to-night until 10:30. Music begins promptly at 8.

THE firm of Notter & Boven, of Graafschap, has been dissolved, Thos. Boven having sold his interest to Christian Lokker. The firm hereafter will be known as Notter & Lokker.

WE learn by telephone that the tug Artic and life boat No. 4 of the Michigan arrived at Grand Haven Friday noon. The tug is in comparatively good condition and the men look well.

THE floor of the store occupied by Fillmore Bird on River street has been lowered level with the sidewalk and the building will be fitted up in a first-class manner as a clothing store. Mr. Bird has an "eye for business" and this move will add greatly to the appearance of that store and to the adjoining buildings.

OUR item of the 55th anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Jacobus Van den Berge in our last issue was incorrect as to the receipt of presents by the aged couple. They informed their friends beforehand that no gifts would be received and their request was respected. We were misinformed on that point.

THE program of the music at Hope Church to-morrow evening, Easter Sabbath, we publish below. J. M. Doesburg will sing with the choir.

"Christ our Lord is risen to-day," from oratorio, "Resurrection."

Hymn—

Offertory—"In the Cross of Christ I glory,"—Abt. Sop. and Tenor Duet.

Quartette—"There is a green hill far away,"—Smart.

Doxology—

THE following appointments were recently made by the Chicago and West Mich. R'y: "Mr. J. M. Sterling, General Roadmaster, in charge of track and bridge departments; office at Grand Rapids, Michigan. Mr. H. D. Hunt, Assistant Roadmaster, Holland, Mich., will have jurisdiction over the Northern Division from Allegan to Pentwater. Mr. J. McLaughlin, Assistant Roadmaster, White Cloud, Mich., will have jurisdiction over the Big Rapids Branch and Newaygo Division. Mr. Charles Markham, Assistant Roadmaster, Holland, Mich., will have jurisdiction over main line. The positions of Roadmaster at Muskegon and Assistant Roadmaster at West Grand Rapids are abolished.

THE prosperity of a town depends upon a variety of causes, the chief of which is, of course, the public spirit of its citizens. In order to secure the prosperity of any community it is absolutely necessary that all unite in the effort to support and build up home institutions. Buy everything at home that can be bought at home, and give home manufacturers your patronage instead of going abroad for articles that are made in your own town. Patronize your home wagon shops, flouring mills, etc., instead of importing, and our word for it, your own business will increase in a proportionate ratio, for this course will necessitate the employment of larger force of men, which will in turn result in such material additions to our population from abroad that every department of trade will receive a new impetus. It is natural that manufacturers should locate where the people feel an interest in their success, and that they should avoid places whose inhabitants care so little for them as to purchase articles made elsewhere.

J. H. EFFINK, of Allegan, was in the city this week.

JOHNIE DOESBURG has returned from a trip to New Orleans and the South.

REV. JAS. ZWEMER, of Waupun, Wis., is spending a few days with friends and relatives in this city.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., April 2, 1885: Mrs. Kate Backer, W. H. Clark, Pete Cramer.

ALL persons wishing election tickets or slips will please recollect that we can print them on short notice and at moderate prices.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS have a new advertisement in this issue. This firm have a large and most complete stock of spring and summer goods and have some especially good bargains in Dry Goods. Call early and obtain good bargains.

JOSEPH B. LOCKWOOD, Esq., of New York city, has presented Hope College with a complete file of the Christian Intelligencer from January 1839 to close of 1884, 45 years. This file was commenced by the parents of Mr. L. and has been kept up since at no little cost and trouble. It is a most valuable gift.

THE third entertainment of the Eagle Hose Company's course will be given in Lyceum Hall by Prof. J. S. Duer on Friday evening, April 10. The Chicago Times says "He has no superior." The Detroit Free Press that "His lifelike representations place the name of J. S. Duer in the front rank of dramatic artists." The diagram of the hall will be at Breyman's store two days in advance of the entertainment.

THE Skating Rink will be open this Saturday, afternoon and evening. Allen Wallace, and Will Legget, expert skaters of Grand Haven, will be here, and give an exhibition of their fine combination skating. As many that have seen them skate say they are finer skaters than the Harrington's that were here, their visit will no doubt be greatly enjoyed. As the Band has recently procured some new music which will be used on these occasions, our roller skaters will no doubt enjoy the sessions very much.

O. BREYMAN has just received at his jewelry store a very fine stock of solid silver ware, and also a handsome lot of goods in plated ware, consisting of Cake Baskets, Castors, Dinner and Tea Sets, Water Service, Knives and Forks, Spoons, and many very pretty and useful novelties. Mr. Breyman always labors to keep pace with the times and has at present the finest and most expensive lot of goods in his line ever shown in this place. He has some very fine gold headed canes and we advise all contemplating a "caning" to consult him before purchasing out of town.

ACCORDING to announcement a meeting was held in De Grandueet building last Saturday afternoon for the purpose of taking steps toward the organization of an Agricultural and Industrial Society. There were some fifty or sixty of the leading agriculturists of this locality present. Dr. O. E. Yates was chosen chairman of the meeting and Mr. A. Visscher, Secretary. The Chair stated the object of the meeting and called upon several of the gentlemen present to give their ideas of the advisability of such an organization in this section. The expressions that were obtained from the farmers were unanimous in favor of the project, and some present were very enthusiastic on the subject. Twenty of those present paid in their membership fee, and steps were taken for the organization of the Society by appointing a committee to prepare Articles of Incorporation and a constitution and by-laws. The meeting then adjourned until Saturday, April 11, at which time the organization will be completed and active steps taken toward getting grounds and buildings ready for the first fair which will be held this fall. The proposed site of the fair grounds is located in the extreme western part of the city limits and extends from Sixteenth street to the bank of Macatawa Bay. The location is one of the most desirable and it is certainly one of the most beautiful spots for such an object that there is in this State. The ground is perfectly level and looks out upon the Bay and to Lake Michigan. At the next meeting we hope that our businessmen will attend in greater number than at the last meeting and give encouragement as well as support to the project.

WINTER is being gradually wiped out, but dies hard.

Two thousand Milwaukeeans have signed the pledge and eased their Wisconsin consciences.

THE Chicago and West Michigan R'y officials deny the rumor that Superintendent Agnew has resigned.

COLE's, Forepaugh's, and Barnum's shows will visit Michigan this summer. Cole's shows will exhibit in this city early in June.

THE Grandueet, published at Holland, is printed all at home and has the largest circulation of any paper in Ottawa county. English papers should not forget that, when making statements about their circulation, etc.—G. H. Courier-Journal. Right you are Brother Potts. The Grandueet has a larger circulation than the combined circulations of all the English papers in the county.

ONE of our local fishermen tried his luck through a hole in the ice in the river this week. He got a "bite" so large that it could not be brought through the hole. The fisherman, with great presence of mind, gently played his game with one hand while he chopped ice with the other until the opening had been enlarged sufficiently. Then with a powerful but skillful jerk he landed a dead Thomas cat with a brick tied to its neck. The language that ensued caused a heavy thaw for a considerable distance in all directions while a chill ran over the observer.

### Tax-Payers'—Union—Caucus.

THE first caucus of the spring was held on last Wednesday evening, April 1. The object of the caucus was to put in nomination candidates for the city and ward offices to be filled on Monday next. These Union, People's or Tax-payers' caucuses, by whatever name you may call them, have heretofore been the most important of our spring caucuses. The disposition to draw party lines has not been very strong in our municipal affairs, and, in our humble opinion, the absence of party feeling was the most proper and beneficial for our city, or in fact for any city of like size. In offices where the only principles at stake are honesty and a faithful discharge of duty, politics, with its accompanying evils, should be totally ignored, and an honest strife to elect men who are known to be of strict integrity and pronounced ability should only be indulged in. Local issues should be the only issues, banishing political shades and parties. It was evidently with this intention that this Tax-payers' or Union caucus was called by republicans as well as democrats. The meeting was called to order by Isaac Fairbanks, Esq., and it did not take a very powerful pair of glasses to at once discover that the meeting was an ill-timed and ill-arranged affair. Mr. Fairbanks requested that some one suggest a chairman and two or three were proposed and were voted, amid great confusion, to stay in the body of the house. A motion to adjourn was then made and was carried. The greater portion of those present left the building and Mr. Fairbanks was requested to again call the meeting to order which he did, and on motion he was made chairman and Jacob G. Van Putten was elected secretary. A ticket was then put in nomination and as a large number of those who had left the hall came back the whole affair was the most farcical attempt at a caucus ever held in this city. It was a ridiculous show and pandemonium reigned supreme. Out of respect for the persons nominated we shall not publish the ticket here, and it is to be hoped that it will not be carried any farther. The evident desire of those of both parties present was that straight party tickets should be run and that party lines should be the guiding star of the election. This feature is most unfortunate at the present stage of prosperity that our city is just starting out on, and it is most essential that all the city officers to be elected this spring should be honest, justly economical, able and fearless. A reasonable degree of backbone on the part of the officers should be the leading characteristics of all candidates. A candidate who caters to one class to the exclusion of all others should be cast aside. The material interests of the city depend greatly upon the complexion of our city government and we hope that if party lines are to be drawn that both parties will exercise unusual care in the selection of candidates.



# Holland City News

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

WILLIAM SHIELDS, an old man whom President Arthur recently appointed Postmaster at West Chester, Pa., grew so much confused over his new duties that he drowned himself.

A FELLOW named Lieb advertised in a New York newspaper that he had a girl of 11 years to dispose of. A detective was sent by a charitable society to investigate the matter, and found that the father demanded \$1,000. The child was brought before Judge Van Vorst, who gave the case a searching inquiry and awarded the girl to a wealthy and reputable insurance agent as a companion for his wife, Mrs. E. D. Morgan, widow of ex-Gov. Edwin D. Morgan, died at New York.

THE Supreme Court of New York has ordered the release of Becky Jones, who spent a year in Ludlow Street Jail rather than testify in the Hammersley will case.

GEN. GRANT testified that he paid in \$100,000 as a special partner in the firm of Grant & Ward; that on May 1 last he thought himself worth \$1,000,000; that he drew from the firm \$3,000 per month for two years, and that everything he possessed was lost in the failure.

THE lithographic art establishment of Schumacher & Ettinger, New York, was burned, causing a loss of \$350,000.

MR. F. S. WINSTON, of New York, whose death is announced, had in many respects a unique and remarkable history. He was the founder really of American life insurance, and lived to see the system from a very small beginning reach its present imposing dimensions. American life insurance, with its \$500,000,000 and upward of assets, its 700,000 policy holders, and its average weekly payments in death and endowment claims of over \$1,300,000, is largely the outgrowth of Mr. Winston's ideas and methods.

A CORPSE found in the Delaware River at Trenton, N. J., has been identified by several persons as that of S. S. Conant, the missing editor of Harper's Weekly.

### THE WEST.

THE Attorney General of Iowa has decided that Cattell, the new appointee, is de facto State Auditor, and that warrants drawn by him must be paid by the State Treasurer. The forfeited lands of the Texas Pacific were declared open for entry at Tucson, A. T., and hundreds of people rushed to the land office to make entries.

GEN. ANSON STAGER, a much-esteemed citizen of Chicago, died in that city last week. Gen. Stager organized and had charge of all the Government military telegraphic lines during the war. He was one of the most expert electricians in the world, and a man of extraordinary executive ability. He was 60 years of age.

J. H. McVICKER, of Chicago, secured a permit to place two additional stories on his theater, to cost \$100,000. Capt. Prindiville, who escaped from the steamer Michigan, says there are thirty inches of ice from the straits down to the islands, and from present appearances no vessel will be able to go from Chicago to Buffalo before June. Joseph Altaria, a laborer living in Illinois street, Chicago, was stricken with small-pox after the parade on St. Patrick's Day. He claims that he has never been in contact with the disease.

TWO CHICAGO firms have made contracts to furnish the British army with 10,000,000 pounds of canned beef. The orders came from the British War Department, the destination being Woolwich. It will require two weeks to fill the orders. These are the largest orders ever received here, and, owing to their magnitude, the supposition is that they are to meet a war emergency. The canning houses are working day and night in order to meet these demands.

ORTH STEIN, who three years ago killed George Fredericks, at Kansas City, for which he was once sentenced to imprisonment for twenty-five years, was acquitted on the ground of self-defense.

THE prohibitory liquor law was yesterday the cause of a fight on the street in Atchison, Kan., between the Rev. D. C. Miner and a saloon-keeper named Jesse Crall. The latter struck the first blow, and the struggle lasted for five minutes. An explosion of gas caused a fire in the Michigan carbon-works, near Detroit, resulting in a loss of \$150,000 before the city fire-engine could reach the scene. The yard foreman, Isaac Burke, fell from the building and broke his shoulder-blade. An incendiary fire destroyed fourteen buildings at Oakland Cemetery, Ind., the loss being variously estimated at between \$40,000 and \$100,000. The insurance amounts to \$40,000.

DOUGLAS R. HALE, formerly manager of the Chicago Clearing-House, has been granted a divorce from a woman now serving a term at the Bridewell for shop-lifting. She was once the wife of Mike Weaver, the famous burglar. The Treasury Department has ordered a survey of the lot in Chicago on which the Appraisers' Building is to be erected, and work will be commenced at an early date.

AT San Francisco John Kane, a wealthy stock-raiser, insisted on his wife accompanying him to Colusa County to live. Enraged at her refusal, he seized a Winchester rifle and fired three bullets into her and then killed himself. Ex-Gov. Fletcher, of Missouri, disappeared from St. Louis, and no trace of him can be obtained.

THE Buchanan County Court House at St. Joseph, Mo., was partially destroyed by fire. The building was completely gutted, except the wing containing the County Court and the office of the Recorder of Deeds. The Probate Court, County Collector's office, and all the records and books were destroyed. The law library, valued at \$10,000, was burned. The county jail was saved. The building cost \$250,000.

PERRY H. SMITH, formerly Vice President of the Northwestern Road, died at his residence in Chicago, of congestion of the liver. For some years his health had been extremely poor, and a conservator was appointed for his estate.

### THE SOUTH.

On the ground that the gospel is free, the Superior Court of Georgia threw out a suit brought by Rev. J. A. Smith against the Marietta Railway for preaching to the convict gang in its employ. The loss by the fire at Charleston, W. Va., will reach \$170,000. It has been discovered that the safety-valve of the boiler, the explosion of which caused the conflagration, had been plugged with iron.

AL CHAPMAN, a well-known sporting man, committed suicide at Hot Springs, Ark.

THE ferry steamer Mark Twain, plying between Memphis and Mound City, exploded her boiler while lying at the latter place, killing five persons and wounding four others. Jos. A. Katzenberger, convicted of manslaughter at Ellicott City, Md., in causing the death of Miss Emeline Miller, was sentenced to nine years in the penitentiary.

WILLIAM NEAL, the third and last of the villains who murdered and burned the bodies of two girls and a boy at Ashland, Ky., was executed at Grayson in presence of 100 armed guards. As the drop fell he protested his innocence. One of his confederates confessed and was lynched; the other was hanged at Grayson last October.

TWELVE miners were killed by a terrible explosion in a coal-mine at McAllister, I. T., supposed to have been caused by the ignition of a quantity of blasting powder.

THE anniversary of Ponce de Leon's landing at St. Augustine, Fla., in 1512, was celebrated at that place March 23.

### WASHINGTON.

P. DE LOVENORN, Secretary of the Danish Legation at Berlin, has been appointed Minister from Denmark to the United States.

"MR. GARLAND, Attorney General, intends to follow in the civil-service track," writes a correspondent. "He says that he will not remove any clerk in his department who has proved himself efficient. The clerks are not to be allowed to work Sundays."

It is authoritatively stated at Washington that Treasurer Wyman and Superintendent of the Life-Saving Service Kimball are the only two Treasury chiefs who will be retained. The others will be removed as quickly as their successors are determined upon. President Cleveland has nominated Samuel S. Cox, of New York, to be Minister to Turkey; M. M. Ham to be postmaster at Dubuque, and Thomas J. Bunn to be postmaster at Bloomington, Ill.

In a circular issued by Secretary Manning to Customs Collectors, the practicability of curtailing the force of clerks and employees is strongly urged. Secretary Endicott says no orders have been issued to General Hatch to drive the cattlemen out of Oklahoma, nor will they be except upon the request of the Secretary of the Interior. A reasonable time will be allowed the cattlemen to leave the Territory, and when that time has expired they will be compelled to go. The troops will be called upon if necessary.

THERE is an impression at Washington that war between England and Russia is inevitable. Statistics collected by the Naval Bureau of Intelligence concerning the relative strength of the two powers show that while Russia's standing army is more than twice the size of England's, England's navy is nearly double that of Russia. The British navy comprises more than 75,000 officers and men, against 44,000 in the Russian navy. Russia estimates the war footing of her active army at 1,000,000 officers and men, increased by the reserves, Cossacks, and local troops to nearly twice that number.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is to have pews at two churches, so as to avoid advertising any particular sanctuary. He is said to be as much of an epicure as Mr. Arthur. He proposes, however, to decline all dinners. Miss Cleveland is to have charge of the social affairs of the White House, except on state occasions. The President does not intend to leave Washington next summer, but he is likely to change his mind.

### POLITICAL.

THE Mormons express great dissatisfaction with the ruling of the Supreme Court that inhabitants of the Territories are under the sovereign control of Congress. The Texas Legislature has passed a bill compelling railway and other corporations doing business in the State under penalty of \$1,000 per month, to maintain a general office in the State.

THE Democracy of Chicago nominated Carter H. Harrison for Mayor, William M. Devine for Treasurer, John G. Neumeister for Clerk, and Peter J. Ellert for Attorney.

CONTRARY to the stipulation that technicalities be waived and speedy trial result, counsel for Gov. Sherman and Cattell dismiss the mandamus suit against Auditor Brown, at Des Moines. The New York Assembly has passed a bill providing for a reservation around Niagara falls.

A CONGRESSIONAL apportionment bill, making nineteen Republican and nine Democratic districts, passed the Pennsylvania Senate. The Democratic city convention at St. Louis, after taking 186 ballots, agreed upon David R. Francis for Mayor. The Republicans have nominated William L. Ewing.

THE Tennessee Railroad Commission law has been repealed by the Legislature of that State by a vote of 56 to 35.

### GENERAL.

DISPATCHES from Winnipeg, Manitoba, state that companies are being organized in the West at all points along the line of railway for defense against the half-breed rebels under Riel. The country is in an uproar. The rebel army has been augmented by bands of Indians, and a general uprising is expected. Col. Irvine, who started for Fort Carlton three days ago with a detachment of mounted police, has changed his route, reports

having reached him that the insurgents were lying in ambush at Batache. It is thought that the rebels number over 1,000, all well armed. Advances from Ottawa report that two batteries of regulars have been ordered from Quebec and Kingston to the Northwest.

TWENTY officers of the Mexican army have gone to join the forces of San Salvador and Nicaragua. Some skirmishes have already occurred. The armies of Guatemala and Honduras act in harmony against those of the remaining republics. Costa Rica has contributed \$100,000 toward the expenses of the war. President Zaldívar will command the forces allied against Barrios.

ADVICES from Ottawa, Ont., report that Maj. Crozier left Fort Carlton for Duck Lake to obtain a quantity of supplies stored there. His force consisted of 100 mounted police and civilians. At Beardy's Reserve several hundred rebels were encountered, and Maj. Crozier was forced to retreat after a hard fight, in which he lost twelve men killed and eleven wounded. Two rebels who tried to wreck a train carrying troops west from Winnipeg were captured. More troops are to be sent at once to the scene of the disturbance from Winnipeg, Quebec, Kingston, and elsewhere.

REPORTS from the chief wheat-growing States of the country regarding the condition of the wheat crop are discouraging. There have been 277 business failures the present week, being nineteen less than last week. Four boys, belonging to well-known families, created a disturbance in a Cincinnati school after dismissal by rushing after each other over the desks, armed with large revolvers, and whooping like Indians. They were practicing to be cowboys, having determined to go to Texas in May.

THE rebellion in the Northwest appears to be even more serious than was at first anticipated, and the Canadian mounted police seem totally unable to cope with the insurgents. According to dispatches from the front, the defeat of the troops at Duck Lake was followed by the evacuation of Fort Carlton, which was burned to prevent it falling into the hands of the rebels.

D. W. CALDWELL was appointed at Cleveland, O., receiver of the Nickel-Plate Railroad. Capt. Couch has again postponed the time for the invasion of Oklahoma with his force of 500 men.

GEN. MIDDLETON and 700 men are on the march from Qu'appelle to the scene of the Riel insurrection. The Canadian Government has ordered the immediate dispatch of 800 militia from Ontario and Quebec by the Lake Superior route. Capt. Moore died from a wound received in the engagement of the 26th ult., and there are rumors that Maj. Crozier was killed.

### FOREIGN.

A TERRIFIC hurricane on the east coast of Madagascar, Feb. 25, sunk an American bark and two French steamers. Seventeen persons perished.

FORTY men were buried alive by an explosion in the mines of the Dombrau Oran Mining Company at Trappan, in Austrian Silesia. All are believed to have perished. An explosion in the mines of Baron Rothschild, in Moravia, killed fifty-six men. James G. Cunningham, alias James Dalton and Harry Burton, both charged with treason-felony in connection with the late dynamite demonstration at London, were committed for trial.

PRINCE ORLOFF, the Russian diplomatist, died at Fontainebleau.

OXFORD won the "Varsity" race on the Thames, defeating Cambridge by three lengths. In the sculling match at Sydney, N. S. W., between Hanlan and Beach, the latter won by six lengths. The municipal authorities of Paris have voted \$100,000 for the relief of the wounded French soldiers in Tonquin. Owing to the success of the bill increasing the duties on cereals in the French Chamber of Deputies and in the Senate Committee which reported it favorably, speculators have secured the control of the French grain market, and the bakers have increased the price of bread 10 centimes per kilo. Bread riots are threatened in many towns in consequence of this.

THE past month has witnessed the collapse of five of the heaviest tea and sugar importers in Moscow. A crisis has now been precipitated by the failure of a London grain house with branches in Russian cities.

THE Russian organ, *Le Nord*, published at Brussels, prints a letter from St. Petersburg, which is regarded as good authority, and says: "Present Russian military movements are nothing but precautionary measures, dictated by the most elementary principles of national prudence." The same paper states editorially that the people of Russia regard the whole quarrel with no trace of irritation. A London dispatch states that there is a lull there in the war scare. The call for the army reserves and militia aroused and alarmed the people, and after the subsidence of the first excitement they are asking what number are to be put under arms. The Ministry, it is claimed, have allowed reports to circulate without contradiction that in fact no more than 25,000 men are wanted. This is just about enough to fill the vacancies in the muster rolls caused by the recent draft for the Egyptian and Mediterranean stations. Gladstone replied to the most pressing requests as to the true import of the Queen's summons by saying that the Government had decided to postpone all statements upon the subject until after Easter, hoping in the meantime to reach some arrangement with Russia.

AFTER two weeks of active campaigning, during which several hundred lives have been lost, Gen. Graham's camp is just two miles nearer Berber than when he started from Suakin. The army is suffering from typhoid fever and dysentery. The Berber railway has not yet been begun.

THE Celestials have scored another victory, they having carried the intrenchments at Langson, securing the keys to the position and forcing the invaders to retreat beyond Dong-Dang along the Lougkei. The losses are unknown. The Orientals have 50,000 men and seriously threaten the French lines of communication with the south. Gen. Briere de l'Isle has asked for 20,000 men.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

A TELEGRAM from New York of March 30 says: Gen. Grant was much weaker to-day, and his physicians thought that death was not far distant. The disease had gone beyond control, and it seemed likely that the patient would choke to death. The General's wife scarcely left his room during the day. She stole out at intervals in order that he would not see her weeping. A member of the Grant household, in conversation with a reporter, said: "General Grant never doubted that he was dying. He knows the progress of the disease as well as the physicians, and he awaits the final summons with the stolidity for which he is noted. Perhaps his only regret is that he can not be allowed more time in order to satisfy himself about his book. He expects to die, and has no fears. He thinks that after his death he will be better appreciated, and that he will be better understood by some future generation than by this." Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, nephew of R. E. Lee, sent a telegram to-day saying the heart of the South was throbbing like the Northern pulse, and that the prayers of all were for his recovery. Shortly after the arrival of the Rev. Dr. Newman from California Gen. Grant decided to have family prayers daily. He insisted on having every one in the house present at these exercises and has manifested the greatest interest in them. "That is what you doctors always say," was the General's remark to one of them, when he informed him that he looked better. He relapsed into silence, and listened intently to what the doctor had to say. "Well, we have all got to go," he said, and he quickly changed the subject.

A FIRE in Chicago destroyed the building block, and in the rear of the Mountauk Block, in Monroe street, occupied by the National Printing Company and Bradner, Smith & Co. The loss is \$350,000. The same building was burned fifteen months ago. The insurance aggregates \$112,500.

ROWAN COUNTY, Kentucky, has been brought to a condition of anarchy because of a quarrel over the election of Sheriff last August. The Clerk is the only officer who has escaped death or banishment. Armed bands patrol the region at pleasure.

MOSES PORTER, an aged and reputable citizen of Lafayette, Ind., who was recently swindled out of \$1,000 by a confidence man, now alleges that the sharper mesmerized him, depriving him of self-control, and then led him to the bank where the money was withdrawn and handed over.

THE President sent the following nominations to the Senate on the 30th ult.: To be Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of the United States: Thomas J. Jarvis, of North Carolina, to Brazil; Alexander R. Lawton, of Georgia, to Russia; and Anthony M. Kelley, of Virginia, to Italy. To be Ministers Resident of the United States: Isaac Bell, Jr., of Rhode Island, to the Netherlands; Rufus Maceo, of Indiana, to Sweden and Norway; and George W. Merrill, of Nevada, to the Hawaiian Islands. To be Ministers Resident and Consuls General of the United States: Edward Parke Custis Lewis, New Jersey, to Portugal; and Rasmus B. Anderson, of Wisconsin, to Denmark. To be Consuls General of the United States: Thomas M. Walter, of Connecticut, at London; Frederick Raine, of Maryland, at Berlin; and Edmund J.ussen, of Illinois, at Vienna. To be Consuls of the United States: A. Haller Gross, of Pennsylvania, at Athens, Greece; and Evan P. Howell, of Georgia, at Manchester, England. Brown, Shipley & Co., of London, England, to be special fiscal agents of the Navy Department. To be Collectors of Internal Revenue: Nathan Gregg, of Tennessee, for the Second District of Tennessee; and Isham G. Secary, of Texas, for the Third District of Texas. To be Collector of New York, to be Solicitor of the Treasury: David Settle, of North Carolina, to be Marshal of the United States for the Western District of North Carolina; Jos. E. Johnston, of Virginia, to be Commissioner of Railroads; Lewis Mullen, of New York, to be Appraiser of the District of New York City; Wm. Caldwell, of Ohio, to be Surveyor of Customs at Cincinnati, Ohio; Clement Dowd, of North Carolina, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth District of North Carolina; J. U. Henderson, of Indiana, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Eleventh District of Indiana; Capt. William J. Volkmar, of the Fifth Cavalry, to be Major and Assistant Adjutant General; Capt. George H. Burton, of the Twenty-first Infantry, to be Major and Inspector General. To be Postmasters: Michael J. Dougherty, at Galesburg, Ill.; Wilbur F. Horn, at Idaho Springs, Colo.; Salem Wiley, at Central City, Colo.; and Ansel Watrous, at Fort Collins, Colo. The Senate confirmed the following: Postmasters—Frederick G. Kendrick, at Mount Clemens, Mich.; Aquila Jones, Sr., at Indianapolis, Ind.; Mrs. Lizzie H. Ficklin, at Charleston, Ill.; Claiborne Bowman, at Yazoo City, Miss.; and N. C. Hidenour, at Clarinda, Iowa.

### THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.	
BEEVES.....	\$5.00 @ 7.00
HOGS.....	6.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.91 @ .92
No. 2 Red.....	.90 @ .91
CORN—No. 2.....	.51 @ .52
OATS—White.....	.38 @ .41
PORK—New Mess.....	13.00 @ 13.50
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	6.00 @ 6.25
Good Shipping.....	5.00 @ 5.50
Common to Fair.....	4.25 @ 4.75
HOGS.....	4.50 @ 5.00
FLOUR—Fancy Red Winter Ex.....	3.75 @ 4.25
Prime to Choice Spring.....	3.50 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.80½ @ .81½
No. 2.....	.39 @ .42
OATS—No. 2.....	.27 @ .29
RYE—No. 2.....	.61 @ .63
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.64 @ .65
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.23 @ .25
Fine Dairy.....	.16 @ .20
CHEESE—Full Cream.....	.11 @ .12
Skimmed Flat.....	.05 @ .06
EGGS—Fresh.....	.13 @ .14
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	.50 @ .55
PORK—Mess.....	12.00 @ 12.50
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.78 @ .80
CORN—No. 2.....	.40½ @ .41½
OATS—No. 2.....	.30 @ .32
RYE—No. 1.....	.68 @ .70
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.67 @ .68
PORK—Mess.....	12.00 @ 12.50
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.81 @ .82
CORN—No. 2.....	.45 @ .46
OATS—No. 2.....	.33 @ .34
ST. LOUIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.86 @ .87
CORN—Mixed.....	.39 @ .40
OATS—Mixed.....	.32 @ .33
RYE.....	.60 @ .62
PORK—Mess.....	12.00 @ 12.50
CINCINNATI.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.86 @ .87
CORN.....	.44 @ .46
OATS—Mixed.....	.33 @ .35
PORK—Mess.....	12.25 @ 12.75
DETROIT.	
FLOUR.....	4.75 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.88 @ .89
CORN—Mixed.....	.43 @ .44
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.34 @ .35
PORK—Family.....	13.00 @ 13.50
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.84 @ .85
CORN—Mixed.....	.41 @ .42
OATS—Mixed.....	.30 @ .32
BUFFALO.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.90 @ .92
CORN—No. 2.....	.46 @ .48
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.35 @ .36
EAST LIBERTY.	
CATTLE—Best.....	6.35 @ 7.00
Fair.....	5.25 @ 6.00
Common.....	4.25 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	5.00 @ 5.25
SHEEP.....	4.50 @ 5.00

### CONGRESS.

#### What the Extra Session of the Senate Is Engaged At.

THE President sent to the Senate the following nominations, March 25: Samuel S. Cox, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Turkey. Postmasters—Henry C. Shannon, at Erie, Pa.; William Wortham, at Sulphur Springs, Tex.; Robert O. Denton, at Gainesville, Tex.; Henry C. Cassidy, at Youngstown, Ohio; Henry D. Black, at Coshocton, Ohio; Willis G. Neff, at Greencastle, Ind.; Sorden Lister, at South Bend, Ind.; J. Knox Hall, at Toulon, Ill.; Thomas J. Bunn, at Bloomington, Ill.; John Cunningham, at Mattoon, Ill.; James H. Neet, at Versailles, Ky.; Frederick G. Kendrick, at Mount Clemens, Mich.; George W. Cate, at Stevens Point, Wis.; David O. Irwin, at Lake City, Minn.; J. D. Arnold, at Davenport, Iowa; M. M. Ham, editor of the *Herald*, at Dubuque, Iowa; Joseph Lander, at State Center, Iowa; Wm. R. White, at Prescott, Ark.

THE President sent to the Senate the following nominations on the 26th: Thomas C. Crenshaw Jr., to be Collector of Internal Revenue of the District of Georgia. Postmasters: Aquila Jones Sr., at Indianapolis, Ind.; Osborn Shannon, at Lawrence, Kan.; John Mileham, at Topeka, Kan.; N. C. Hidenour, at Clarinda, Iowa; Vincent J. Lane, at Wyandotte, Kan.; Mrs. Lizzie H. Ficklin, at Charleston, Ill.; and Claiborne Bowman, at Yazoo City, Miss. The Senate met at noon, and five minutes later went into executive session. After some further discussion of the Neel and La Abra treaties, they were postponed until next session. When the doors reopened, the resolution providing that a committee of two Senators be appointed to wait upon the President and inform him that if he had no further communication to make the Senate was ready to adjourn was adopted, and Senators Sherman and Beck were appointed such committee. Senator Mahone made a report from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds favoring the substitution of electric for gas light in the Senate. The Senate confirmed Daniel McConville, of Ohio, Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-office Department.

THE Senate met at noon and immediately went into executive session, on March 27. The committee appointed to wait upon the President reported that they had performed that duty, and the President had expressed a wish that the Senate should remain in session until Thursday, April 2. The following confirmations were announced: Postmasters—James E. Neet, Versailles, Ky.; Henry D. Beach, Coshocton, Ohio; Henry C. Cassidy, Greencastle, Ind.; John Milham, Topeka, Kan.; Vincent J. Lane, Wyandotte, Kas.; J. M. Dearmond, Davenport, Iowa; M. M. Ham, Dubuque, Iowa; Joseph Lander, State Center, Iowa; Henry C. Shannon, Erie, Pa.; Robert O. Denton, Gainesville, Tex.; William A. Wortham, Sulphur Springs, Tex.; W. R. White, Prescott, Ark.; John Cunningham, Mattoon, Ill.; J. Knox Hall, Toulon, Ill.; Sorden Lister, South Bend, Ind.; Willis G. Neet, Greencastle, Ind.; David O. Irwin, Lake City, Minn., and George W. Cate, Stevens Point, Wis. Thomas C. Crenshaw Jr., was confirmed as Collector of the Internal Revenue District of Georgia. When the doors reopened the Senate adjourned to Monday, 30th.

#### A Skillful Professor.

"Ah, hah!" exclaimed Prof. Mayorhuff, looking up from a book and turning to his wife.

"What have you found, dear?"

"Listen to this from Horace Greeley: 'I am fully persuaded that if chopping wood were universal, rheumatism and dyspepsia would be unknown.'"

"Well, what of that?" asked Mrs. Mayorhuff.

"What of it? Why, I shall chop wood, that's what there is of it."

"Did you ever chop wood?"

"Did I ever chop wood? Haven't I been editor of the *Woodman* for years? Didn't my article, 'How to Clear up New Ground,' create a sensation? Of course it did. Jane, I swear that sometimes I believe you are blind. Did I ever chop wood, indeed! I have just ordered a cord of hard oak wood and I shall chop it myself. Aside from the healthful exercise, it will save money. I shall order an ax sent up just as soon as I go down town."

When the professor returned at dinner time, he asked if the ax had come.

"Yes, it's out there on the porch."

"Well, I shall go to work at once."

"I hope so. We are needing some now, for the weather has turned awful cold."

"Don't fret. You shall have all the wood you want."

The professor went out, and after laboring three hours, brought in two small sticks that looked as though they had been gnawed in two.

"This enough?"

"Enough, the mischief! It's not enough to start a fire."

The professor puffed and "blowed" awhile, and then went out again.

Three hours later he came in again with two more sticks.

"This do?"

"Of course it won't. We'll have snow before morning."

"Snow!" he exclaimed, wiping his reeking brow.

"Yes, snow."

"Well, I don't care if it falls fifty feet deep, I am not going to chop any more to-day. Needn't expect a man to kill himself just because we're going to have snow."

Just then a rap came at the door.

"Come in," called the professor, too tired to get up. "What have you got there?"

"Ax from the hardware store. Made a mistake before and sent you a grubbing hoe."

Mrs. Mayorhuff shook and the professor collapsed.—*Arkansas Traveler.*

"What's the news, my dear?" asked Mrs. Smith of her husband, after he had read his morning paper.

"Oh, nothing special. I see that a Frenchman entered a newspaper office for the purpose of killing the editor, but the editor succeeded in killing his antagonist."

"Goody! goody!" exclaimed Mrs. Smith. "Served him right. How did the editor kill him? Shoot him?"

"The editor was newly married," replied Smith, "and I guess he induced the Frenchman to eat some of his wife's cooking."—*Newman Independent.*

While the ladies' fair was in progress at Dallas, a gentleman from the country who was smoking a cheap cigar, after peering into the door for a while, said:

"I would like to go in."

"You have to have two things to get in."

"What be they?"

"One is a ticket, and the other is no cigar in your mouth."—*Texas Siftings.*



## A DOZEN DEAD.

**Riel Defeats Crozier's Force Near Duck Lake, Killing Twelve and Wounding Eleven.**

**The Police Retreat—List of the Dead and Hurt—The Dominion Aroused.**

### The First Battle.

(Ottawa (Ont.) dispatch.)

In the House of Commons to-night the following dispatch from Lieut. Col. Irvine to Sir John Macdonald, dated Fort Carlton, via Winnipeg, March 27, was read by the Premier: "The party under my command has just arrived. When near Fort Carlton I found that Maj. Crozier, with a party of 100, had gone to Duck Lake to secure a large quantity of supplies there stored. They were met by some hundred rebels, who held an advantageous position at Beady's Reserve, and endeavored to surround Major Crozier's force of police and civilians. The rebels fired first. When the firing became general Major Crozier, owing to the disadvantage at which he was taken, retreated in good order, arriving at the fort at the same time as my party. Ten civilians of Prince Albert and two policemen were killed, and four civilians and seven constables were wounded. The number of rebels killed is not known. The police and civilians acted with the greatest bravery under a heavy fire. The rebel loss was estimated at eighty."

Following is a list of the killed: Constable Gibson, of the mounted police; Constable Arnold, of the mounted police; Capt. John Morton, W. Napier, James Bakely, William Sattiot, Charles Hewitt, Robert Middleton, James Anderson, D. McKenzie, D. McPhail, Alex. Fisher. The last named are of the volunteer company raised by Prince Albert. The wounded are: Of the mounted police, Inspector Howe, Corporal Gilchrist, Constable Garrett, Constable S. F. Gordon, Constable Smith, Constable Wood, Constable Miller. Of the volunteer corps, Capt. Moore, A. McNabb, W. R. Markly, Alex. Stewart.

### THE FENIANS SUSPECTED.

The Government is understood to have information connecting the Fenian brotherhood with the Northwest rebellion, and will make it a subject of international correspondence with the United States authorities. A rumor is current that they supplied the Metis with arms and ammunition and money to carry on warlike operations. Twenty-two private detectives have been dispatched to various American cities and points on the American border in the immediate vicinity of the trouble.

### TENDER OF SERVICES.

Many telegrams have been received from Canadians in the United States offering their services in the event of any further trouble, and militia organizations in various provinces have telegraphed their willingness to proceed to Carlton on a moment's notice. The feeling is general that the Metis should be wiped out. They have been treated with every consideration by the Government in the past, and by their action have destroyed all sympathy. A message was received from the Imperial war authorities last evening inquiring about the extent of the rebellion.

### The Situation.

Excitement over the Riel rebellion increases hourly. It is said that the Government has been suppressing news all along, and that the rising is more serious than the public has been led to believe. Riel is known to be a wily commander, and a prisoner reports that he has six pieces of American cannon, 1,500 men strongly intrenched near Duck Lake, and that he is being joined by hundreds of American Indians.

## THE DEATH PENALTY.

**William Neal, the Notorious Ashland (Ky.) Murderer, Hanged.**

(Grayson (Ky.) special.)

Last evening, Neal, the last of the Ashland murderers, was brought from Mount Sterling by a Sheriff and a posse of seven men armed with shotguns, efforts to procure evidence of his innocence having proved abortive. An immense crowd witnessed the departure, and at each station people congregated to see him. To all questioners he protested his innocence. Arriving here he was conducted to the jail, and asked for eggs and bacon for supper, breakfast, and dinner. When asked if he wanted a minister, he replied it would do no good. He was visited during the night until 10:30 by newspaper reporters and others. He reiterated his innocence to all, and declared that he had had no fair trial. The prisoner retired about 1 a. m. and slept three or four hours. After breakfast he received visitors, among them two ministers, who conducted religious exercises, Neal joining. The death warrant was read at 10:20. The prisoner was driven to the scaffold, which was erected in a field between hills, from which thousands saw the hanging. Neal ascended the scaffold with great composure. He said: "I say to one and all, you all know this is no place to tell a lie. I have here to-day to suffer for a heinous crime I did not commit. At one day my innocence will be established beyond a doubt. I bid you one and all goodbye. O Lord, Thou knowest I am innocent. Into Thy hands I commit my soul. I am innocent." The last words were said just as the drop fell. He was pronounced dead in ten minutes. None of his relatives were present.

### From Chicago to the Soudan.

A correspondent writes from Cairo as follows: The Egyptian Government is informed that an "American Irishman," name not known, started from Chicago in January last to assist the Soudanese in their warfare against the British troops. He sailed from New York in January, and went from France to Ceylon, where he remained some time, and had several long interviews with Arabi Pasha, the exiled leader of the Egyptian uprising of 1882. He obtained credentials from Arabi Pasha commending him to the El Mahdi and his followers, and has now made his way to the camp of Osman Digna near Suakin.

### ITEMS.

The wife of the Lord Mayor of London sends to America for her perfume.

The whole amount of life insurance now in force in the United States is \$2,000,000,000.

## FUR WILL FLY.

**The British Lion and the Northern Bear Spoiling for a Decisive Fight.**

**Queen Victoria Calls Out the Reserves and Militiamen for Permanent Service.**

**Birmingham's Great Gun Factories Overwhelmed with Pressing Orders for Arms.**

### England.

(Cable dispatches from London.)

### PREPARING FOR THE CONFLICT.

Active war preparations throughout England continue, and not since the days of the Crimea has the excitement been so great. The belief has rapidly grown within the past few days that a war with Russia is unavoidable, and the war fever is now strong upon the people. The activity at the arsenals and dockyards is almost unprecedented. Large forces of men are employed both day and night filling the heavy orders already sent in by both the War and Admiralty Offices. Already the Government arsenals are taxed to their utmost, and so urgent are some of the orders that contracts have been made with

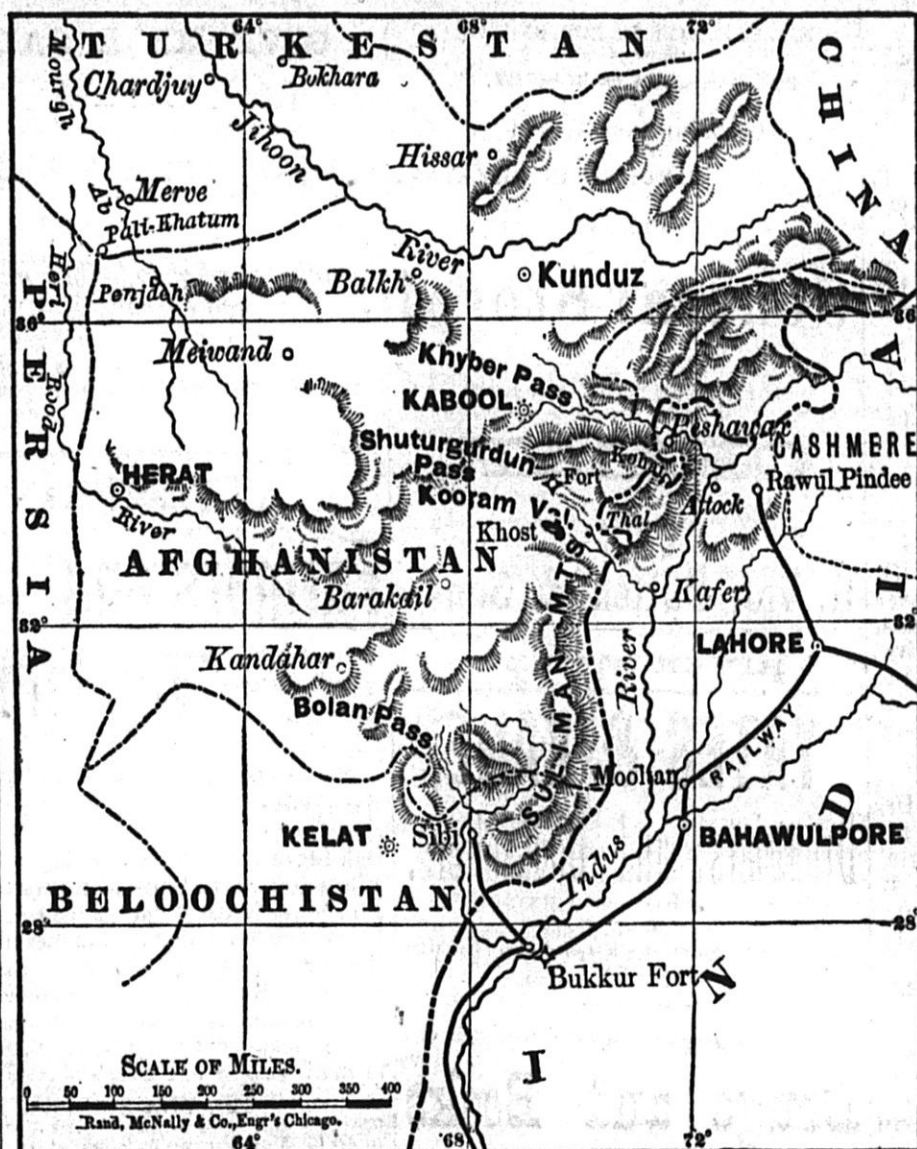
It is reported that an additional force of 20,000 Russian troops is now hurrying from the Caucasus to the Afghan frontier, and that a collision between the Ameer's forces and the Russians is imminent.

Russia is working hard to raise money in Germany. Several great failures have occurred in Moscow, and a financial panic is feared. This complicates matters for Russia.

### A RACE FOR HERRAT.

A telegram from Nice, the Italian watering place, says:

The Central News correspondent was today accorded an interview with Capt. Abkanoff, the Russian military Governor of Merv, who is sojourning here for his health. That gentleman, replying to the correspondent's request for his views in regard to the chances of war between England and Russia, stated that he had but little doubt a conflict between the countries would occur, and it would be hard to predict the result. The war, if once commenced, will undoubtedly be a long and bitter one, and its result will forever settle, or at least for a long time, all differences between Russia and England with regard to their Asiatic possessions. It is the only way the differences with regard to the Russo-Afghan frontier can be settled. "The present threatened outbreak of hostilities between both countries over these questions," continued Capt. Abkanoff, "has long been brewing, and matters seem to be in a fair way of reaching a climax. If war is meant neither power has a moment to lose. It will be the question of a race between the armies of



private firms. At the dockyards vessels are being fitted out for instant departure, some of them not having been placed under sailing orders for years.

The Queen's message in calling out the reserves and militia is as follows: "The present state of public affairs and the extent of the demand on Her Majesty's military forces for the protection of the interests of the empire having constituted, in the opinion of her Majesty, a case of great emergency, her Majesty has deemed it proper to provide additional means for military service. She has therefore thought it right to communicate to the House of Commons that she is about to cause the reserve forces and such proportion of the militia as might be deemed necessary to be called out for permanent service."

The call issued by the War Office, in accordance with the Queen's message, is for 53,000 reserves and 140,000 militia.

The Queen's message has been received by the country with great enthusiasm. The enthusiasm is especially marked at the various military stations throughout the kingdom. Everywhere active efforts are being exerted to get barracks ready for the reserves, and have arms and accoutrements at hand to equip them. The immense stores of arms at the Tower are ready to be distributed when required. The war feeling is strong among the reserves, and many have already joined the guards before the order summoning them to service was received.

In proof of the energy of the preparations, it may be pointed out that a contract for 12,000 tons of coal to be delivered in the Baltic has been made; that 100,000 uniforms have been ordered; that 5,000,000 rifle cartridges are to be sent to India within ten days, and that ten torpedo-boats are in course of construction. Such furnishing of rifles, overhauling of vessels, and fitting up of army quarters has not been seen in England in seventy years.

The arming of the nation is, however, beset by some difficulties. On no account is the military force in Ireland to be reduced. It is intended to send 25,000 of the English militia to Ireland, thus releasing 25,000 regular troops. This will be a delicate operation, for the presence of the militia in Ireland will probably be an incentive to a revolt. The English policy is, if there is any sign of open rebellion in Ireland, to hurry it to a head and crush it out bodily, making a smaller garrison necessary in the end. Canada is practically denuded of regular troops, and little aid is expected from there, as disturbance, and dynamite, if not invasion, will, it is feared, keep Canadians busy at home. From Australia a goodly contingent is expected. Finally, it is believed that England and Scotland alone will furnish all the troops needed, even if it is necessary to put 250,000 men into the field by the beginning of next year, should the campaign last so long. All this will cost heavily. The first call will be for \$40,000,000 next month.

### Russia.

### TO ARMS! TO ARMS!

The St. Petersburg government is said to be so eager for a conflict that peace can only be preserved by a humiliating surrender on the part of the British.

The Russians are keeping their preparations very secret. Contracts have been made with ship-owners to carry troops across the Caspian Sea. The Russian railroad across Turkestan, from Kizil-Arvat to Ashkabad, is almost finished. The section to Merv will be at once begun.

both countries for Herat, and the one who obtains possession will have much to its advantage. Russia," concluded the Captain, "has never had a better opportunity, and her troops ought to seize Herat before the English get a chance to fortify and make it impregnable."

### CHEERFUL TALK.

(London special.)

A prominent official at the Russian Embassy to-night offered to bet your correspondent two to one, in any amount, that there would be no war between Russia and England. The talk at the Russian Embassy is cheerful, when visitors are present, but the gaiety seems forced, and the visitor leaves with an impression that the diplomats are trying to put a good face upon a serious matter.

### WAR COUNCIL.

A war council of Generals, including the Grand Dukes Nicholas, Vladimir, Peter, and George, has been called at St. Petersburg, to decide if in the case of war the regular cavalry could be used in Central Asia, where provender and water are scarce.

### India's Share.

From India come reports of still greater activity. Lord Dufferin has received the assurance of the Maharajahs of their loyalty, and the formal offer of their forces. The native Indian troops will furnish some 70,000 men for a war, but their value as fighting factors must be counted at not more than half that number. The Viceroy now has 60,000 men ready to march, but, of course, all are not on or near the Afghan frontier. He estimated that in case of war he will require immediate reinforcements equivalent to twenty-three regiments of infantry, three regiments of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, and eighteen batteries of horse artillery.

As shadowing the future of the campaign against the Mahdi, it is significant that the War Office is almost resolved to send to India from Suakin the troops now forming the garrison there, together with the Grenadier Guards, now with Gen. Graham, provided arrangements are affected with the Porte whereby Suakin may be garrisoned by 5,000 Turkish troops in lieu of the British force.

The Council of India has been authorized to raise a credit of £1,500,000 on account of the Indian treasury for war purposes. Earl Dufferin, Viceroy of India, will give the Ameer of Afghanistan the grant which he demands to pay the Afghan troops and allow the discount of tribal leaders. The Ameer promises to place 50,000 troops on the frontier and in the forts at Balkh, Penjdeh, and Herat. Preparations now being made at Rawul Pindi and Quetta indicate that an early advance will be made via Quetta and Sidi, with the object of reaching Herat before the Russians.

The authorities of Rawul Pindi presented Lord Dufferin with an address, declaring loyalty to her British Majesty the Empress of India, and expressing appreciation of the honor done Rawul Pindi in selecting it as the meeting place of the council. The address of the Rawul Pindi authorities concluded with the following statement: "This recognition of our dignity will confirm that confidence in us which has been so long established, and which is daily receiving expression from the rulers of India." Earl Dufferin responded to the Rawul Pindi address very happily, and ended by saying: "The offers of loyalty and service made upon this occasion are most eloquent proofs of England's steadfast good faith and noble confidence of our friends."

## THE STATE CAPITAL.

**Michigan Honors the Old Soldier—The Game Law Bill Beaten—Feeble-Minded to Be Cared For—Contract Labor—Minority Representation—First Appropriation—One Office Less—Sundries.**

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

### LANSING, March 21.

Representative Campbell, of Branch, on the 17th, offered the following preamble and concurrent resolution that was unanimously adopted, every one of the 91 members present voting yea, after eloquent speeches by Messrs. Black and Wright (both Democrats):

WHEREAS, We learn with sorrow that Ulysses S. Grant, our greatest soldier in days of peril, our honored President in the turbulent ebb of civil war, and our esteemed citizen in time of peace, is borne down by an enemy that the sword, now in its scabbard, cannot conquer; and

WHEREAS, We recognize, and remember with grateful feelings, the personal qualities of bravery and courage of our great chieftain as re-enacted by him through his patience in suffering and his fortitude in pain; and

WHEREAS, Michigan in the pride of her untarnished loyalty forgets not in time of trouble a brave defender of her cherished liberty; therefore,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, and in behalf of the people of the State of Michigan, extend to the hero of Appomattox, in his weary hours of suffering, the consolation of their sympathies born of admiration, memory, and gratitude:

Resolved, That our earnest desires are only expressed by many years of added blessings and usefulness to his life, and that the field of battle may be yet afar off where he shall fall upon death.

The resolution was adopted in the Senate by a rising vote, and all but one Senator (Curtiss of Kent) rose to his feet. They are to be handsomely engrossed and fully signed and transmitted to the brave old hero.

### GAME BILL BEATEN.

The bill to prevent the hunting of deer with dogs came up in the Senate on its final passage on the 17th, and called out a very long and very excited discussion for quite a part of the afternoon session. The bill slipped through the House so easily and unexpectedly some weeks ago, that it has ever since been conceded that it would pass the Senate too. Possibly it will at the next trial, but it failed the first time, and only received 16 yeas votes with 13 against it. It was re-considered and tabled to wait for a full Senate, and its friends very much hope that they can secure the one vote needed from the three who were absent. Unless the bill can pass, the deer of Michigan will become extinct at a very early day, as they are even being killed by the wholesale at seasons when only their hides are of value. Enough was developed during the discussion of the bill to make it certain that if the bill is passed, another, to provide for the appointment of a game and fish warden, will also be passed. If the former bill is passed the warden will be needed to strictly enforce its provisions.

### CONTRACT PRISON LABOR.

While the Senate Committee on Prisons reported some days ago that the contract prison labor system should be retained, a similar committee in the House has this week reported in favor of the immediate abolition of the system, as well as of all steam-power machinery at the State Prison and State House of Correction. A clear case of disagreement among doctors.

### MORTGAGE FORECLOSURES.

A bill of interest to mortgagee and mortgagors, as well as attorneys, is that of Representative Sellers that "provides for an attorney fee in the foreclosure of real estate mortgages by advertisement." It passed the House, 82 to 1, and will pass the Senate. It provides "that in all cases of foreclosure of a mortgage upon real estate by advertisement, where an attorney and counselor-at-law is employed to foreclose the same, an attorney fee (not to exceed, however, the amount provided for, if any, in the mortgage being foreclosed) may be included as a part of the costs, in the amount bid upon such sale for principal and interest due thereon, as follows: For all sums of \$500 or less, \$15. For all sums over \$500, and not exceeding \$1,000, \$25. For all sums over \$1,000, and not exceeding \$5,000, \$35. For all sums over \$5,000, \$50. Provided, That if payment shall be made after foreclosure proceedings are commenced and before sale is made, only one-half of such attorney fee shall be collected. The several sums designated as above shall include the principal and interest due thereon."

### MINORITY REPRESENTATION.

Another bill that called out a discussion lasting through the day and far into the night in the house, is the bill "to secure the minority of stockholders in corporations organized under general laws, the power of electing a representative membership in boards of directors." It was fought inch by inch, but finally passed by a vote of yeas 56, nays 38. It provides "That in all elections for directors of any corporation organized under any general law of this State, other than municipal, every stockholder shall have the right to vote in person or by proxy, the number of shares of stock owned by him for as many persons as there may be directors to be elected; or to cumulate said shares, and give one candidate as many votes as will equal the number of directors multiplied by the number of shares of his stock; or to distribute them on the same principal among as many candidates as he shall think fit. All such corporations shall elect their directors annually, and the entire number of directors shall be balloted for at one and the same time and not separately."

It may be remembered that a substantially similar bill passed the House two years ago on a majority vote, and on its passage in the Senate President Crosby ruled that it required a two-thirds vote (as it was practically an amendment to a law for chartering incorporations), and was therefore not passed on a majority vote. Its friends then adopted a resolution requiring the Secretary to return it to the House with the official notice that it had received a majority of all the Senators elect. It was then engrossed and presented to the Governor, but he vetoed it because the records of the Senate showed that President Crosby had ruled it lost. Another hard fight will be had over the present bill in the Senate, but it is likely to receive a majority, and President Burton is not expected to hold to the two-thirds requirement.

### ABOLISHED.

Both houses have passed the bill to abolish the office of Commissioner of Immigration, and ordered it to take effect June 1 next.

### OBSERVER.

Both houses have passed the bill to improve the water-works by passing the Senate on the 24th. Other bills were passed as follows: To regulate the employment of children, young persons, and women in certain cases; to amend the statutes relating to Justices' courts; to amend the statutes relative to the partition of land; to amend the charter of Manistee; and to incorporate the public schools of Greene Township, Alpena County. The House passed the bills to incorporate the charter of West Bay City. The House spent the entire afternoon considering in committee of the whole Representative Dodge's bill to repeal the law of 1881, that provides that all persons who die in prisons and poor houses, and whose remains are not claimed within twenty-four hours, shall be sent to the university for dissection in the interest of science. Messrs. Dodge, McNabb, Long, Black, Campbell, Lincoln, and Hampton spoke for, and Towne, Adams, Bates, Howell, O. N. Case, and Markey, against the bill. Speaker Clarke appointed Messrs. Blacker, O. N. Case, Oviatt, Webber, and Crowder the committee to investigate the Manistee River Improvement Company.

## MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

A BILL to allow East Saginaw to borrow money to improve its water-works was passed by the Senate on the 24th. Other bills were passed as follows: To regulate the employment of children, young persons, and women in certain cases; to amend the statutes relating to Justices' courts; to amend the statutes relative to the partition of land; to amend the charter of Manistee; and to incorporate the public schools of Greene Township, Alpena County. The House passed the bills to incorporate the charter of West Bay City. The House spent the entire afternoon considering in committee of the whole Representative Dodge's bill to repeal the law of 1881, that provides that all persons who die in prisons and poor houses, and whose remains are not claimed within twenty-four hours, shall be sent to the university for dissection in the interest of science. Messrs. Dodge, McNabb, Long, Black, Campbell, Lincoln, and Hampton spoke for, and Towne, Adams, Bates, Howell, O. N. Case, and Markey, against the bill. Speaker Clarke appointed Messrs. Blacker, O. N. Case, Oviatt, Webber, and Crowder the committee to investigate the Manistee River Improvement Company.

THE Senate bill appointing a stenographer for the Twenty-second Circuit was passed in the Senate, March 23; also, House bill legalizing the laying of a road in Warren, Midland County; House bill amending Bay City's charter; House bill incorporating the city of Albion; House bill revising Adrian's charter; House bill establishing Board of Public Works in East Saginaw. A resolution passed asking Congress to establish a National Game Preserve on St. Clair flats; also, one to be entered hold evening sessions. The House passed the Senate bill incorporating the village of Berrien City; House bill incorporating the village of M'Amora, Lapeer County; House bill incorporating the public schools of Bangor, Bay County, and the Senate bill authorizing the East Saginaw Water Board to borrow money. The bill to provide Detroit with a non-partisan board of registration and election commissioners was passed. There was a long, animated, and, at times, personal debate in the House to repeal the so-called Baker conspiracy law, enacted in 1870, to punish strikers. The committee of the whole struck out all after the enacting clause. Then the House declined to concur and the bill went on the table.

In the Senate the Governor noted his approval of the following acts, March 23: Authorizing the East Saginaw Water Board to borrow money; a concurrent resolution on Arbor Day. Bills passed amending Adrian's charter, amending in Port Huron's charter, incorporating the village of Newberry, Chippewa County, incorporating the village of Metamora, Lapeer County; incorporating the village of Roscommon, Roscommon County, incorporating the village of Frankfort, Benzie County. In the House, the House bill to amend the law relative to subjects for dissection was put upon a third reading, and lost. The bill was reconsidered and laid on the table. In the afternoon the bill was taken from the table and a substitute for it passed. Bills were passed amending section 428 of the statutes relative to insurance, to remedy the trial of actions for damages, amending the act of 1875 relative to ejectments, amending the East Saginaw Board of Education act, amending section 667,071 of the statutes; relating to courts of chancery; allowing the consolidation of two Detroit Medical Colleges. Committees of the Senate and House began an investigation of the military department under the two years' administration of Gen. Shoup, Gov. Bagge, Shakespeare, Palmer of Detroit, and M. Israel, a Kalamazoo clothier, have been subpoenaed, and the charges of extravagance in the conduct of the department will be investigated.

BILLS incorporating Bay City; incorporating Bangor; for a Recorder's Court in Kalamazoo; incorporating St. Ignace; and amending act 94 of 1883 relative to the payment of wages and materials furnished for public buildings and public works were passed by the Senate, March 27. In the House, the Governor noted his approval of the acts amending section 7000, 1 Howell, relative to courts held by Justices of the Peace, and authorizing drain proceedings in Warren, Midland County. Bills passed: Incorporating Frankfort, Benzie County, and incorporating Roscommon, Roscommon County.

BOTH houses held two sessions on the 28th ult., and did little talking and considerable work. The military committee did not resume the Quartermaster General's office inquiry, postponing further action till the 31st ult. In the Senate the following bills passed: Reorganizing the union school district of Flint; amending the act relative to the Vassar School District No. 1; amending sections 1810 and 1811, Howell, relative to poor officers; providing, a uniform system of accounts for poor officers; amending the act to consolidate the poor laws; amending Act 243, of 1883, relative to highways and public roads; authorizing State Auditors to pay the claims of fire companies for extinguishing fires in state property; amending Ch. pter 167, Howell, relative to industrial schools; incorporating Attica, Lapeer County; amending Section 7601, Howell, relative to service of process; act of ejectment; amending Section 5967, Howell, relative to partition of estates; the joint resolution allowing the Central Michigan Soldiers and Sailors' Association use of tents; amending Grand Rapids charter; changing the name of Mabel I. Wilber to Mabel E. Cook; reincorporating Marine City; amending the act to protect fish and preserve fisheries. In the House the following bills passed: Establishing a Recorder's Court in Kalamazoo; reincorporating Leelanau and Muskegon; detaching territory from Marquette and Menominee and organizing the county of Iron. A resolution that hereafter members should forfeit their pay when absent was referred to the Committee on State Affairs.

### Condiments and Indigestion.

Cayenne pepper may be selected as a typical example of a condiment properly so called. Mustard is a food and condiment combined; this is the case with some others. Curry-powders are mixtures of very potent condiments, with more or less farinaceous materials, and sulphur compounds, which, like the oil of mustard, of onions, garlic, etc., may have a certain amount of nutritive value.

The mere condiment is a stimulating drug that does its work directly upon the inner lining of the stomach, by exciting it to increased abnormal activity. A dyspeptic may obtain immediate relief by using cayenne pepper. Among the advertised patent medicines is a pill bearing the very ominous name of its compounder, the active constituent of which is cayenne. Great relief and temporary comfort are commonly obtained by using it as a "dinner-pill." If thus used only as temporary remedy for an acute and temporary, or exceptional, attack of indigestion, all is well, but the cayenne, whether taken in pills or dusted over the food or stewed with it in curries or any otherwise, is one of the most cruel of slow poisons when taken habitually. Thousands of poor wretches are crawling miserably toward their graves, the victims of the multitude of maladies of both mind and body that are connected with chronic, incurable dyspepsia, all brought about by the habitual use of cayenne and its condimental cousins.

The usual history of these victims is that they began by overfeeding, took the condiment to force the stomach to do more than its healthful amount of work, using but little at first. Then the stomach became tolerant of this little, and demanded more; then more, and more, and more, until at last inflammation, ulceration, torpidity, and finally the death of the digestive powers, accompanied with all that long train of miseries to which I have referred.—W. Matthew Williams, in Popular Science Monthly.



## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1885.

A NEWSPAPER and a newspaper editor that people don't talk about and sometimes abuse, are rather poor concerns. The men and business that an editor sometimes feels it a duty to defend at the risk of making enemies of another class, are often the first to show ingratitude. The editor who expects to receive much charity or gratitude will soon find out his mistake; but he should go ahead and say and do what he conscientiously thinks right, without regard to the frowns or smiles.

We are informed that some parties are engaged in fishing in Macatawa Bay with nets, contrary to the provisions of the law which has been passed by our legislature, signed by the Governor, and which is now in full force. To those parties we are requested to state that all violations of the law will be promptly prosecuted; and to give a better understanding of what that law is we re-publish it. Let all take warning as the law will be rigidly enforced:

A BILL to prohibit all fishing with nets in Black river lake, Black river, and in the streams tributary to said lake in Ottawa county, Michigan.

SECTION 1. The people of the State of Michigan enact, That it shall not be lawful hereafter at any time to fish with seines, pound nets, or any other nets of whatsoever kind or description, in any of the waters of Black river lake, including the harbor thereof, Black river, and in the streams tributary to said lake, in the county of Ottawa in this state. Any person offending against the provisions of this act shall for each and every offense, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars, or in default thereof by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, to be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction.

We are also authorized, on the part of the Macatawa Fishermen's Association, to offer a reward of five dollars for evidence that will lead to the conviction of parties violating the law.

For the Holland City News:

MR. EDITOR.—I beg leave to use a little space in your columns this week:

### THE COURT HOUSE.

The proposition to bond the county for \$25,000 at this time, appears to me as a Grand Haven boom, and to be pushed as such by a Grand Haven committee. I believe in having the court house located where it is, and I believe also in the policy of well securing the public records against loss, and of spending so much on the county buildings as the public interests require; but I do not believe in taxation for show, or for jobbery, or for private gratification. Older and richer counties than Ottawa are satisfied with such accommodations as we have, or may have at a reasonable expense. Again, this whole bonding system is an abomination. For example, why should this county pay \$2,000 for interest every year, when the same amount, raised for a sinking fund and invested, would build a new court house in 10 or 12 years, without any debt. If the people can agree to some such tax, why not then, for a court house sinking fund, and not for this sink-hole of bonds?

### OUR CITY.

I was here, when Holland was incorporated as a city, and shared the opinion of those who were opposed to the movement. We regarded it as a tendency for offices, undue taxation, corruption and other vexatious results. After an experience of 18 years, how far wrong was this anticipation. But here we are, a city, a good sized city, in a small and impecunious body. What next? Simply this: have the best and most reliable officials from constable up to mayor, those who have a personal interest in the city, and in its moral and material advancement; who feel bound both in duty and disposition to enforce the laws, and protect the citizens in all that makes citizenship of value. I am constrained to say that too many have just cause for complaint. Let things go on, unchanged, for years to come, and Holland may as well vacate its claims and its hopes to be a place of position, and importance in western Michigan. Every taxpayer, and every right minded citizen should remember his responsibility, whether he takes part in a caucus to nominate, or whether he goes to the ballot-box to elect. Very little have we to do with partisanship in selecting our city officers or managing our city affairs.

### Grand Haven.

About one o'clock last week Thursday morning a fire broke out in a blacksmith shop on Elliott street, owned by G. Hubert, and occupied by Fina & Garbo. There being a strong wind at the time the flames spread rapidly to the adjoining dwelling house of Gerrit Zeldenrust, the back part of which was badly burned. The fire department being promptly on the spot succeeded in saving the rest of the building and prevented the fire from spreading any further, although for some time it looked as if the houses opposite were sure to go also. There was some insurance on both places.

Two propeller Wisconsin, under Capt. McGregor, which has been out in the ice several weeks, came into dock at 3 o'clock last Thursday morning. She was in a badly demoralized condition, her side being bent out of all shape. 600 tons of freight were unloaded out on the ice to lighten her. The crew were well and glad to reach shore once more.

## Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30. Rev. N. M. Steffens will occupy the pulpit. Subjects: Morning, "The resurrection of Christ." Afternoon, Communion service.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, Communion. Reception of members. Sacramental address. Evening, Easter sermon. Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, Easter sermon. Afternoon, "Christ appearing to the Disciples in the evening of the first day of the week."

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "The first day of the week." Afternoon, "The risen Christ preaching the gospel." Evening, missionary prayer-meeting.

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. A. De Bruyn, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Morning, "Christ's resurrection the pledge of ours." Evening, "Moral resurrection."

S. B. Dufey, mate of steamer Arizona, had his foot badly jammed. Thomas' Electric Oil cured it. Nothing equal to it for a quick pain reliever.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 12-ly

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Yates & Kane.

### Special Notices.

WHITE'S Pulmonaria has no equal for coughs and colds. Try it. For sale by KREMERS & BANGS, Druggists.

EASTER Cards, Marbles, Base Ball, Rubber Balls and Jumping Ropes just received at 8-11. YATES & KANE'S.

FOR LAME BACK, Side or chest near Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Price 25 cents.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale at Yates & Kane.

### The Fountain of Youth.

Dyspepsia is the prevailing malady of civilized life. A weak dyspeptic stomach acts very slowly or not at all on many kinds of food. Gases are extricated, acids are formed and become a source of pain and disease, until discharged. To be dyspeptic is to be miserable, hopeless, depressed, confused in mind, forgetful, irritable, drowsy, weak, languid and useless. It destroys the Teeth, Complexion, Strength, Peace of Mind, and Bodily ease. It produces Headache, Pain in Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of Chest, Dizziness, Sour eructations of Stomach, Bad taste in Mouth, Bilious attacks, Palpitation of Heart, Inflammation of Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms. Dyspepsia invariably yields to the vegetable remedies in GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS, the great purifier of the blood and restorer of health. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement. For sale by H. Walsh. 6-41

Fresh Sweet Cider, at PESSINK'S.

KREMERS & BANGS carry a full stock of Humphrey's Homoeopathic Specific.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you.

CATARH CURER, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nassi Injector free. For sale by Yates & Kane.

J. Pessink is agent for the American Steam Laundry of Grand Rapids and all who have laundry work will do well to leave it at the City Bakery.

For fresh herbs and pure drugs go to the Central Drug store.

### BOOTS AND SHOES.

We have just received a large new stock of Boots and Shoes and Slippers for spring and summer trade. The stock is complete and embraces the latest styles of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes, which are sold at reasonable prices. We sell Fargo's Boots and Fine Ladies Shoes. L. SPIETSMA & SON, HOLLAND, March 19, 1885. 7-ly

KREMERS & BANGS are having an immense sale on Diamond Dyes and they are acknowledged to be the best 10-cent dye in the market.

Canned Goods are sold at the City Bakery cheaper than they can be purchased anywhere in the city. A fresh stock just received.

Buy your Patent Medicines and Drugs at the Central Drug Store.

KREMERS & BANGS have a full stock of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, paint and white-wash brushes, which they are selling at low figures for cash.

### For Sale.

A Foundry and Finishing shop Cheap on reasonable terms. Inquire of W. H. DEMMING. HOLLAND, March 5, 1885. 5-3m

THE Sherwin-Williams prepared paint in large and small cans at KREMERS & BANGS.

### New Advertisements.

## Spring Opening!

AT

G. Van Putten & Sons,

FOR BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS,

FOR BARGAINS IN GINGHAMS,

FOR BARGAINS IN COTTONS,

FOR BARGAINS IN HOSIERY.

FOR BARGAINS IN HATS.

FOR BARGAINS IN GROCERIES.

and for all goods kept in a

## General Store!

where you can buy the best goods

## CHEAP,

go to

G. Van Putten & Sons..

RIVER STREET

YATES & KANE,  
Druggists and Booksellers.

An entire new and fresh stock of drugs. Nothing old or stale.

Everything usually kept in a first-class stock of

## Drugs and Books

will be found here at low prices.

## SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL SUPPLIES

a specialty.

YATES & KANE,

Holland, Mich., Jan. 15, 1884.

### Election Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY OF HOLLAND, March 18, 1885.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:

Notice is hereby given that the annual charter election for the City of Holland, will be held on the first Monday (the sixth day) of April A. D. 1885, in the several wards of said city at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward, at the Common Council rooms.  
In the Second Ward, at the office of H. D. Post.  
In the Third Ward, at Eagle Hose Co's. rooms.  
In the Fourth Ward, at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

At said election the following officers are to be elected and proposition voted upon.

### CITY OFFICERS.

Two Regents of the University, and one Justice of the Supreme Court, whose term of office will begin on the first day of January, A. D. 1886.  
Proposition to contract a loan.  
Proposition to raise by loan the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars for the purpose of building a new Court House in said county of Ottawa.

CITY OFFICERS.

One Mayor in the place of W. H. Beach, whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor in the place of Kommer Schadelee, whose term of office expires.

One City Clerk in the place of Geo. H. Sipp, whose term of office expires.

One City Treasurer in the place of Cornelius Ver Schure, whose term of office expires.

One City Marshal in the place of Edward Vaupeil, whose term of office expires.

One Justice of the Peace, for full term, office now vacant.

Two School Inspectors, full term, in place of Isaac Cappon and Thomas J. Boggs, whose term of office expires.

### WARD OFFICERS.

For the First Ward.—One Alderman in the place of John A. Ter Vree, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Charles Odell, whose term of office expires.

For the Second Ward.—One Alderman in the place of John Benkema, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of John Van Den Berg, whose term of office expires.

For the Third Ward.—One Alderman in the place of Reinder E. Werkman, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Edward Vaupeil, whose term of office expires.

For the Fourth Ward.—One Alderman in the place of Arend J. Nyland, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Pieter Bream, whose term of office expires.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

## NEXT!

—AT—

BILLY'S TONSORIAL PARLORS

you can get a

A Good Clean Shave.

A Scientific Haircut or  
Invigorating Shampoo.

at any time.

HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE!

W. BAUMGARTEL,

HOLLAND, Mich., March 19, 1885.

J. W. BOSMAN,

## Merchant Tailor,

and dealer in

Ready-Made Clothing,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

NECKWEAR, HATS AND CAPS, ETC.

A large and very fine line of

## SUITINGS

have just been received and all who desire a good CUSTOM-MADE suit of Clothes will do well to

GIVE ME A CALL.

Our large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING will be sold at bottom prices.

Examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

J. W. BOSMAN, HOLLAND, Mich., April 23, 1884. 12-ly

### ATTENTION

## Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.  
Basswood Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.  
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory.

ED. VER SCHURE, Supt.

or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

## Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries.

at the store of

## B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens  
Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods,  
Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

## CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city for the celebrated

## Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1883.

Burdock  
BLOOD  
BITTERS  
Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula & Erysipelas.  
THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER ON EARTH.  
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Buffalo, New York.

1884. FALL AND WINTER. 1885

## Millinery and Fancy Goods.

BONNETS, HATS, CAPS.

PLUMES, TIPS, POMPONS, FANCY FEATHERS, VELVETS, PLUSHES, SATIN, SILK, CRAPE, VEILINGS, RIBBONS, LACES, COLLARS, CLOAKS, JERSEY JACKET, CLOAK AND FUR TRIMMINGS, CLOAK LOOPS, AND BUTTONS, ZEPHYR GOODS, HAND-MADE HOODS, ZEPHYR, SAXONY YARN, AND FAIRY FLOSS, ETC.

INFANTS' CLOAKS A SPECIALTY.

## L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET,

HOLLAND MICH

## H. WYKHUYSEN,

—dealer in—

## Gold and Silver Watches!

Solid Gold and Plated Chains.

Ladies' and Gents' Lockets,

Silverware, Platedware,

Jewelry and Clocks.

I also keep on hand a full line of

## SPECTACLES!

My stock of

## SILVERWARE

is unsurpassed in this city.

Particular attention is called to the fact that all my goods are first-class and are sold at low prices.

Come in and see my Stock. Watches and Clocks repaired on short notice.

NINTH STREET, OPPOSITE FIRST CHURCH.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 24, 1882.

## NEW GROCERY STORE

## H. VAN DER HAAR,

has just received a new and fresh stock of

## GROCERIES,

and every thing appertaining to a

## FIRST-CLASS GROCERY STORE.

Every thing in the Grocery line from a pound of salt to a barrel of sugar will be sold as cheap as anywhere in this city.

I have secured a quantity of imported powdered Chocolate from the Netherlands, which should find a ready sale in this locality.

## Choice Boneless Cod Fish!

Call and see me in the brick store next to the post office.

H. VAN DER HAAR, HOLLAND, March 19, 1885. 7-ly.

### FIRST WARD

## DRUG STORE.

R. B. BEST, M. D. Prop'r.

Mr. Henry Lubenga a competent prescription clerk, has charge, and will be found at all hours, ready to compound prescriptions in a thoroughly reliable manner.

A complete assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES AND LOW'S PERFUMES.

Everything appertaining to a first-class drug store will be kept constantly on hand.

GIVE US A CALL.

R. B. BEST,

HOLLAND, Mich., June 27, 1884.

\$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the \$200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortune for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

12-ly

STOPPED FREE  
Marvellous success.  
Insane Persons Restored  
DR. KLINE'S GREAT  
NERVE RESTORER  
For all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nervous Affections: Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No fee after first day's use. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free to fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

12-ly



# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. H. ROGERS, Editor and Publisher.

**Terms of Subscription.**  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

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## For the Holland City News.

MR. EDITOR:—In your issue, March 21, Supervisor Sanford of Grand Haven, quotes an extract from proceedings of Board of Supervisors, endeavoring to mislead your readers, and make them believe that Supervisor Schadelee advocates a new court-house in Grand Haven, and anti court-house in Holland. He had a similar article in last week's *Observer*, Coopersville, reflecting upon me.

Now what are the facts? This extract is quoted from a three page report of the committee's doings in regard to repairs on jail, etc., and was brought in the second day, tacked on very modestly at the end of said report, simply as the committee's recommendation that more vault room was needed, and that they were inclined to the opinion, that a new court-house would be a fine thing. Supervisor Schadelee and myself raised objections to the last clause of report as not being needed to show what they had done in repairing jail, and intimated that it looked a little like the dome of a new court-house emerging from the fog surrounding said report. But upon being assured that it was not a resolution to build a new court-house, no money had been asked for, and that it was simply a vision of the committee and not even their opinion, but only their inclination to an opinion, that a new court-house would be the proper thing; we, rather than vote against the committee report in regard to work and repairs done by them, allowed the report to be adopted. On the following day Supervisor Sanford introduced a resolution, that was easily understood. Not being muddled with other matter, it was so plain that even country supervisors, like myself, Messrs. Schadelee, Diekema, Bond and Plant, could easily understand it. It was simply a proposition to raise \$35,000 to build a new court-house, on 20 years time, the first payment to be made in 1891, (put off until then we infer to enable Grand Haven to get her lumber interests out of the way, so that the remaining towns of the county might pay the tax.) Does Mr. Sanford show how, Mr. Schadelee, myself, and others voted upon this resolution? Does he show you that we voted against it? No! If he is so anxious that our constituents should know what record we made on that occasion, why does he not send you a full report, instead of this extract of report on repairs of jail? Does he by sending extract referred to, wish to make your readers believe that this was the only resolution that came before the board, and that the whole board were unanimous in voting for the resolution to build a new court-house? Or at the time of clipping said extract from the proceedings, did the fact escape his memory, that we had whenever this resolution came up in any form to appropriate money, or to submit to a vote of the people, voted against the resolution? We trust that the latter was the case, and that he did not intend to misrepresent our actions on the board. But after having his attention called to the record, see pages 22, 25, and 28 of proceedings of the Board of Supervisors, January session, he does find that we did vote against the resolution, and our acts in opposing the same, at home, were not so inconsistent as he had supposed, and, that if he had the opportunity, and space in your paper would permit, he would correct any wrong impression that may have been made, by his giving only a partial report of our doings. But if we should believe that he sent this extract knowingly, and with intent to mislead, we might infer that he is sending over the county his statement of the unsafe condition of the court-house and its records, with intent to work on the fears of the tax-payers, that the records are in danger, and we might find the truth to be that the men who built those vaults knew their business and built what the tax-payers supposed they were building vaults that were fire-proof. But Mr. Editor, as I said in a former article, if we need more vault room, let us build it fireproof, and if we need more room in court house, let us build an addition, and make it comfortable and convenient. But if we can have our records safe, and room for court accommodation for \$2,000, don't let us expend \$35,000 to improve the looks of Grand Haven, unless Grand Haven will pay the extra \$51,000. The committee of county buildings take extra pains to figure out what a paltry sum \$53,000 will be to each man, only a few cents on a \$1,000 valuation. Under the present valuation the east half of county would pay nearly 60 per cent of the whole amount or nearly \$42,000, and by adding Holland town and city 75 per cent, or about \$40,000. Now if Grand Haven and Spring Lake with its annual production of nearly \$2,000,000 worth of lumber with the help of Crockery, Olive, Robinson and Grand Haven town, only pay 25 per cent under present valuation, what will they pay five years from now, when all these lumber interests are done with. But say the Grand Haven "Improvement Association," when we get rid of this lumber interest, Grand Haven will prosper. She will then double or treble her present population and wealth. Well we hope she will, but let us wait until then, and they will then pay a larger portion of the tax, and we will have our farms improved and new buildings for ourselves, out of debt, and then better able to help build a new court-house. Another objection to building at the present time. There seems to be a doubt in the minds of many as to whether we have a good title to the court-house ground. Only yesterday I was talking with Stephen L. Lowing, ex-prosecuting attorney of this county, and he tells me that while holding that office he was authorized to look the matter up, and he pronounces the title imperfect, and says he has written an article giving his reasons for this conclusion, and has promised to send it you for publication. He has interest at

Grand Haven, and says a new court-house would benefit him in that direction, but will vote against it, as he considers it bad policy to put up such a costly building without being sure that we own the ground.

EDWIN THAYER, Supervisor of Polkton.

Salvation Oil, the celebrated American remedy, is guaranteed to cure rheumatism, sore throat, swellings, bruises, burns, and frost-bites. Price only twenty-five cents a bottle.

In the April number of the *Century* Admiral David D. Porter contributes to the War Series a striking paper on "The opening of the Lower Mississippi." While Admiral Farragut led the men-of-war past the New Orleans forts, Porter paved the way for and supported the attack with the mortar fleet. At the beginning of his paper Admiral Porter speaks of the New Orleans campaign as the most important event of the war of the Rebellion, with the exception of the fall of Richmond. He writes from a knowledge of the secret history of the campaign, and has made graphic description of the many stirring incidents which befel the fleet in its memorable battle with Forts Jackson and St. Phillip. Accompanying the article are portraits of Admiral Farragut, Admiral Porter, Captain Theodorus Bailey, General Butler, who was in command of the land forces, Gen. Lovell, the Confederate commander, and other leading participants in the conflict. Besides the portraits there are more than twenty-five maps, plans, and pictures of incidents, most of the latter being after designs by Admiral Porter. George W. Cable, in a brief article, gives a spirited description, from personal observation, of New Orleans before the capture. Theodore Roosevelt contributes a paper on "Phases of State legislation," in which he reveals the dark side of the legislative picture, the methods of the lobby, and the perils which beset legislators. A reply to Mr. Cable's recent paper on "The Freedman's Case in equity" is contributed by Henry W. Grady, of the Atlanta Constitution, who writes under the suggestive title "In Plain Black and White." Another article of political interest, found in the Open Letter Department, is a discussion of the causes and probable disappearance of the "Solid South," by Edward P. Clark. Eugene V. Smalley, who has contributed to the *Century* several articles on the new Northwest, describes his journey from Puget Sound to the Upper Columbia, accompanying which are views of Mount Tacoma, and of the Tyer glacier, which is beginning to be an object of interest to travellers. Dr. Edward Eggleston's "Colonists at Home" is one of the most popular of his series on life in the Colonies.

## A remarkable escape.

Mrs. Mary A. Dailey, of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months.

Free trial bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at H. Walsh's Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00

For Colds, Cr. u., Asthma, Bronchitis and Sore Throat use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and get the genuine.

Free Trade.—In DeLund's Soda and Saleratus should be advocated by every true American citizen, on the principle that that thing is desirable in a Republic that is the greatest good to the greatest number.

Never Neglect a constipated condition of the bowels, or serious results surely follow, such as piles, and impure blood. Use Burdock Blood Bitters.

## A Two-Cent Stamp

sent with your full address to A. V. H. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis., will bring to you one of the following-named publications, issued for free distribution by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. If you desire to know where to spend the summer, ask for a "Guide to Summer Homes," and a copy of "Gems of the North-West." If you think of going to Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, St. Paul, Minneapolis, etc., ask for "A Tale of Nine Cities." If you want to invest in, or go to, any portion of the Western States or Territories, ask for a copy of our 28-page illustrated pamphlet entitled "The North-West and Far West." All of these publications contain valuable information which can be obtained in no other way.

## To the Taxpayers and Voters of Ottawa County.

At the last meeting of Ottawa County Board of Supervisors, held in January, 1885, the following Resolution was offered by Mr. Geo. D. Sanford:

Whereas, The present Court House is in an old and dilapidated condition, the building needing many repairs, among which is an entirely new roof, more vault room, as the present vault is entirely too small for present wants of several county officers, and quite an addition to the vault is demanded and must be furnished. And

Resolved, By the Board of Supervisors of Ottawa County, now in session, that the question of building a new Court House, at an expense not to exceed

\$53,000 and of issuing of the bonds of this County in the above amount, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent as follows: \$3,000 Jan. 1, 1891; \$3,000 Jan. 1, 1895; \$10,000 Jan. 1, 1900; \$3,000 Jan. 1, 1905, be submitted to the voters of this county at the next annual election, to be held Monday, April 6, 1885.

On motion of Supervisor Clark, the consideration of the Resolution was made a special order for to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, after the reading of the Journal.

The special order being the Resolution offered by Mr. Sanford, on motion it was referred to a Special Committee consisting of the Supervisors Clark, Van Loo, Sanford, Porter and Mayor Beach, who reported on the subject matter as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Ottawa County:

GENTLEMEN:—Your Committee to whom was referred the proposition of building a new Court House for this County, have had the subject under consideration and beg leave to respectfully report as follows:

We recommend that a proposition to build a new Court House be submitted to the decision of the Electors at the next Spring election, April 6, 1885. Said building to cost \$25,000, and bonds to be issued for that amount, payable as follows: \$2,000 annually on the 1st day of February in each of the years 1886 to 1890 inclusive, and \$3,000 in each of the years 1890 to 1900, inclusive, with interest not to exceed 8 per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually. And in case such proposition fails to carry, then the construction be authorized of a suitable building, on a portion of the County grounds, for the use of the Register of Deeds, and the safe keeping of the records belonging to this office. Your Committee further reports that in as much as after the Spring Election there will necessarily be a special meeting of the Board of Supervisors to determine the result of the vote, further action can then be taken to carry out either of the propositions herein recommended. All of which is respectfully submitted. (Signed)

CHARLES H. CLARK,  
COMMISSIONER VAN LEE,  
GEORGE D. SANFORD,  
GEO. F. PORTER,  
WM. H. BEACH,  
Special Committee.

Which report was adopted by a two-thirds vote of all the Supervisors elect.

The Committee on County Buildings of the Ottawa County Board of Supervisors believe that it is usually the case, when a proposition of this kind is submitted to the tax payers, that many of them are apt to overlook the object or necessity for which the proposition is made and vote against it (as a general thing) to their own detriment on the grounds and for no other reason than that it will make their taxes a little higher, while at the same time they will submit to a less amount of taxes being levied year after year for an unlimited number of years, and expenses in repairs (as in this case) on an old worthless building, to keep it in an inhabitable condition, and by so doing, in the long run, will pay more than the cost of a new safe and desirable building, and after many years, under the repair system, with the many inconveniences and risks attached thereto, will have nothing but the old shell of a building left, which is liable any time to be damaged by fire and necessitate the building of a new one, and in that case all taxes paid for repairs and the building of temporary offices and vaults would be lost. And in view of the above facts as above set forth, We the Committee on County Buildings of said County, submit for your consideration the following facts:

## FACTS.

The cost of a separate building for Register of Deeds, and vaults, would be nearly \$5,000, to have it in good shape, and then the voter must realize that the valuable records of the Judge of Probate, County Treasurer, and County Clerk would still be unprotected, and still remain in danger. The Committee after a thorough examination of the old Court House building, and the vaults for the public records, we feel compelled to say in regard to the vaults, we find them full, and many records of much value are not kept therein for lack of room, and as to the safety of the records in the vault, it is our opinion, and the opinion of many others who have examined said vaults, that in case the Court House should burn down the records would be lost, and we think it a fact that no one can deny that it should be lost or materially damaged by fire, the County would sustain a far greater loss than the cost of building the new Court House and fire proof vaults. We find the old shell of a Court House (which by the way never costs the County anything except for repairs, but then considering the value of the old thing, has been far more than it is worth) is not only insufficient, ill arranged, inconvenient, ill ventilated and unhealthy for occupancy, but is a disgrace to Ottawa County, which no one dare deny, who has ever attended court or done any business therein. It is undoubtedly a fact that many taxpayers of the County are not aware of, that by law every organized County in this State is in duty bound to provide at the County Seat of each County a suitable Court House, and suitable and sufficient jail and fireproof offices and all necessary public buildings, and keep the same in good repair. See sec. 2159 Howell's Annotated Statutes. Now we submit this fact, that our Court House and vaults do not fill the requirements of the law for several reasons. 1st. The building we use for a Court House is now not sufficiently large for a Court House for Ottawa County. 2nd. The fire proof offices or vaults are not safe against fire, and as the old building is not worth repairing, it is bad policy to throw away money year after year for building temporary vaults with the uncertainty of their being fire proof so long as they are attached to the old court house building. As we have said before, that when a matter of this kind is submitted to the people they are very apt to cry high taxes and vote against it without stopping to investigate and find out whether it is economy to vote against it, or even find out how much the extra taxes would amount to annually, but vote against the matter blind, with both eyes open. Now to enlighten ourselves on this subject, let us look into this tax matter a little and see how much it is going to cost us in taxes annually to vote yes for this proposition, and if correct, what benefit we will derive therefrom. The total amount of interest for fifteen years will be \$8,220. Bonds \$25,000. Total bonds and interest \$33,220. Average amount of principal and interest payable annually for fifteen years, \$3,548. The equalized valuation for the county for the year 1885 was \$13,460,430. The equalized valuation for the year 1884 was \$13,460,400, making an increase in one year of \$105,988 increase. For fifteen years at the same rate of \$1,589,885 average valuation, for fifteen years \$14,201,271. But to make the point even, we will take the mill on one dollar valuation, we will reduce the average valuation for fifteen years and call it \$14,192,000, which would necessitate the assessing of twenty-five cents on each thousand dollars valuation annually, for fifteen years, or two and one-half cents on one hundred dollars valuation for the same number of years (to pay in full the entire bonds and interest). Now in view of the small tax to be assessed annually, and the many benefits to be derived from a new and commodious court house, with fire proof vaults where our records and valuable papers will be safe and secure from fire, and the honor such a building would be to the county and the citizens therein, and on the other hand considering the amount of taxes we are annually expending on the old court house and for building temporary vaults and offices, and the unsafe condition of our records, and the anxiety, trouble and litigation it would cost if the records should be damaged or destroyed by fire, and the disgrace the old clay trap of a thing we call a court house is to Ottawa County, and then say how any sane taxpayer in the county can conscientiously vote against issuing the bonds is a problem which does not seem possible for any one to explain.

Hoping that every taxpayer in the county will look into and investigate thoroughly in all its bearings and consider the small amount of tax each taxpayer will have to pay annually for a new and well arranged convenient and respectable court house, with fire proof vault, and on the 6th day of April next, vote yes to issue the bonds, is the prayer of your humble servants.

CHARLES H. CLARK,  
GEO. D. SANFORD,  
Committee on County Buildings of the Ottawa County Board of Supervisors.

## To Committee on Public Buildings, &c.

GENTLEMEN:—I beg leave to say in answer to your favor of the 12th inst, that the Records show that on Nov. 6, 1846, Robert Stewart and others quit claimed the Board of Supervisors of Ottawa County, and their successors in office, all right title &c. in the said Stewart and others, had in the present court house square, as appears of Record. See Liber B page 296, and the Records of Power of Attorney, recorded in Liber A p. 377, dated Jan. 24, 1840; Liber A p. 502, dated Nov. 15, 1849; Liber A p. 64, dated June 12, 1836; Liber A p. 187, dated April 22, 1833; Liber E p. 581, dated July 14, 1846. The quit-claim deed was filed Nov. 14, 1846, by which the county, through the Board of Supervisors, became the owners in fee of the land so long as the same is used for public purposes, viz: Court House and other public buildings. You will see that the county has been in continuous, open and notorious possession of the premises for more than 21 years. I deem the title good as the county has all the title there is.

I am, Gentlemen, Your Obedt Servt.  
GEORGE W. McBRIDE, Pros. Atty.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., Feb. 12, 1885.

Messrs. Turner, Kelley, Soule and Hyma.

GENTLEMEN:—Wishing to place a full and candid statement before the voters of this county, will you kindly furnish us a statement as to what room in present vaults attached to court house. Also your opinion as to what being done in case of fire destroying the court house building. We ask this as you are constantly on the ground and have a full chance to know in reference to the lack of room for valuable books and papers, and the liability to total loss by fire. An early answer will greatly oblige.

Yours,  
CHAS. H. CLARK,  
GEO. D. SANFORD,  
Committee on County Buildings of the Board of Supervisors.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., Feb. 19, 1885.

Charles H. Clark and Geo. D. Sanford, Esqs.

Committee on County Buildings, Board of Supervisors.

GENTLEMEN:—Your communication of the 19th instant requesting a statement as to the sufficiency of vault room to store the records of our respective offices, and our opinion as to whether the present vaults are fire proof, has been received and its contents carefully noted. We reply: The present vaults intended to be fire proof, for the safe keeping of the public records of the county and the files of the courts, are now crowded to their utmost capacity, and to such an extent that it requires laborious search to find some of the old court files, which have to be packed away, and many of the valuable records of the County Treasurer's office have to be kept in the office, exposed to certain loss if the court house should burn, there being no room for them in the vaults. There is no question but that new vaults will have to be built within a year to store the rapidly accumulating court records, or leave a large part of them in the offices with no protection against loss by fire.

We are in no better position to answer your question whether the present vaults would protect the county records if the court house should burn than any citizens who understand the situation, and much less so than experts familiar to any extent with fire proof structures; but we think that with the thin iron doors of the vaults, without non conducting backing, and the fact that the court house is constructed with heavy timber frame and of pine timber and lumber throughout, and would make an excellent fuel for fire, it may well be doubted that the vaults would save the valuable county records in case of fire, particularly if any of the heavy timbers should fall on it.

We think if every citizen of Ottawa County when he visits the County Seat, will inspect the vaults and court house, it will add much to the public information upon the points above suggested, and we shall be glad to aid them in such inspection.

Very Respectfully Yours,  
CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.  
WM. F. KELLEY, Register of Deeds.  
R. A. HYMA, County Treasurer.  
GEORGE D. TURNER, County Clerk.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, January 18, 1884.

From Holland to Chicago.			From Chicago to Holland.		
N't	Day	Exp.	N't	Day	Exp.
Exp.	Exp.	Mail	Mail	Exp.	Exp.
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
10:55	1 10	10 30	8 00	10 15	5 00
11 30	1 30	10 35	8 45	10 45	4 37
11 52	1 52	10 55	9 10	11 05	4 31
12 26	2 05	11 45	9 25	11 20	3 50
12 47	2 17	12 08	9 47	11 40	3 32
2 10	3 00	1 30	12 40	12 12	3 30
2 30	3 10	1 42	12 30	12 05	3 20
2 50	3 30	1 50	12 50	12 25	3 15
2 50	3 30	1 50	12 50	12 25	3 15
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

### GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.			From Grand Rapids to Holland.		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
10 25	3 00	4 00	10 10	1 15	10 50
10 45	3 15	4 15	10 25	1 30	10 42
11 05	3 35	4 35	10 45	1 50	10 33
11 25	3 55	4 55	11 05	2 10	10 24
11 45	4 15	5 15	11 25	2 30	10 15
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

### MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.			From Muskegon to Holland.		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
3 00	10 20	5 30	1 10	3 00	9 40
3 20	10 40	5 50	1 30	3 20	9 17
3 40	11 00	6 10	1 50	3 40	8 54
4 00	11 20	6 30	2 10	4 00	8 31
4 20	11 40	6 50	2 30	4 20	8 08
4 40	12 00	7 10	2 50	4 40	7 45
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.

### ALLEGAN BRANCH.

From Holland to Allegan.			From Allegan to Holland.		
p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	a.m.	
3 00	10 10	Holland.....	5 10	10 10	.....
3 20	10 25	Fillmore.....	4 55	9 50	.....
3 35	10 84	Hamilton.....	4 43	9 42	.....
3 47	1 0 4	Dunning.....	4 35	9 30	.....
4 15	11 05	Allegan.....	4 15	9 05	.....
p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	a.m.	

\* Mixed trains.  
+ Runs daily; all other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Detroit time.

Mixed trains leave Holland, going north, at 7:50 a. m., arriving at Grand Rapids at 10:15 a. m.; and at 10:05 p. m., arriving at Muskegon at 12:10 a. m. also mixed trains leave Holland, going south at 5:30 a. m. and 8:55 a. m.

J. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.  
C. F. HATCH, Station Agent.

### Michigan and Ohio Railroad.

Taking effect Jan. 18, 1885.

GOING WEST.			Central Time			GOING EAST.		
Pass.	Mix'd	Pass.	Pass.	Pass.	Mix.	Pass.	Pass.	Mix.
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
10 10	5 45	10 10	11 10	5 10	10 10	11 10	5 10	10 10
11 00	6 35	11 00	12 00	6 00	11 00	12 00	6 00	11 00
11 20	6 55	11 20	12 20	6 20	11 20	12 20	6 20	11 20
11 40	7 15	11 40	12 40	6 40	11 40	12 40	6 40	11 40
11 55	7 30	11 55	1 00	6 55	11 55	1 00	6 55	11 55
12 08	7 45	12 08	1 15	7 10	12 08	1 15	7 10	12 08
12 20	8 00	12 20	1 30	7 25	12 20	1 30	7 25	12 20
12 48	8 25	12 48	1 55	7 50	12 48	1 55	7 50	12 48
12 55	8 32	12 55	2 00	8 00	12 55	2 00	8 00	12 55
1 06	8 42	1 06	2 10	8 10	1 06	2 10	8 10	1 06
1 17	8 53	1 17	2 20	8 20	1 17	2 20	8 20	1 17
1 28	9 04	1 28	2 30	8 30	1 28	2 30	8 30	1 28
2 05	9 47	2 05	3 00	9 00	2 05	3 00	9 00	2 05
2 17	9 59	2 17	3 10	9 10	2 17	3 10	9 10	2 17
2 26	10 08	2 26	3 20	9 20	2 26	3 20	9 20	2 26
3 04	10 45	3 04	4 00	10 00	3 04	4 00	10 00	3 04
3 10	10 52	3 10	4 10	10 10	3 10	4 10	10 10	3 10
3 45	11 24	3 45	4 40	10 40	3 45	4 40	10 40	3 45
3 58	11 33	3 58	4 50	10 50	3 58	4 50	10 50	3 58
4 10	11 50	4 10	5 00	11 00	4 10	5 00	11 00	4 10
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.

### Train Connections.

At Toledo, with all railroads diverging, at Dandee, with T. A. & G. T. At Britton, with Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific. At Tec



## THE OLD STAGE QUEEN.

Back in her box by the curtain shaded  
She sits above, by the ho se unseen;  
Her eye is dim and her cheek is faded,  
She that once was the people's Queen.

The curtain rolls up, and she sees before her  
A vision of beauty and youth and grace;  
Ah! no wonder all hearts adore her,  
Silver-throated and fair of face.

Out of her box she leans and listens;  
It is with pleasure or despair  
That her thin cheek pales, and her dim eye  
glitters.

While that fresh young voice sings the grand  
old air?

She is back again in her Past's bright splendor  
When life was worth living and love was a  
truth.

She Time had told her she must surrender  
Her double dower of fame and youth.

It is she herself who stands there singing  
To that sea of faces, that shines and stirs;  
And the cheers on cheeks that go up ringing  
And rousing the echoes, are hers, all hers!

Just for one moment the sweet delusion  
Quicken her pulse, and blurs her sight,  
And wakes within her that wild confusion,  
Of joy that is anguish, and fierce delight.

Then the curtain goes down, and the lights  
are gleaming,  
Brightly o'er circle and box or stall;  
She starts like a sleeper who wakes from  
a dreaming  
That she lies under a funeral pall.

Her day is dead, and her star descended,  
Never to rise or to shine again,  
Her reign is over, her queenship ended,  
A new name is sounded and sung by men.

All the glitter and glow and splendor,  
All the glory of that lost day,  
With the love that seemed true and the love  
that seemed tender,  
Why, what is it all but a dead bouquet!

She rises to go; has the night turned colder?  
The new Queen answers to call and shout,  
And the old Queen looks back over her shoulder,  
As, all unnoticed, she passes out.

—Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.

## UNDER A CLOUD.

Morris Tucker and his uncle sat at their cozy breakfast table one winter morning, each with a copy of the morning paper in his hand, each with a clouded brow and troubled eye. The older gentleman was the first to speak.

"It is a bad business, Morris!"

"A bad business, indeed, sir!"

Then there was another long silence, while each again read the ominous news of the failure of a firm whose business was so involved with their own that the failure of one house was nearly utter ruin to the other. The hot chops cooled on the dish, the coffee was untouched, and the breakfast literally forgotten, when the gentlemen left the house to ascertain the extent of their misfortunes. Bad as they feared these would prove, the realities were even worse than the anticipation, and before night the old firm of Tucker & Co. was on the list of failures.

There was a dreary amount of hard, distasteful work to be done after the failure was an established fact; but Morris Tucker never flinched from any task or interview till night shadows fell, and he faced his uncle at the table once more. Then, with set features and a pale face, he said:

"If you can spare me for an hour, sir, I think I had better call on Miss Cresswell."

"I can spare you, but are you wise to hurry an interview that, I fear, will be very painful?"

"Better to understand my position at once, sir. If—," he moistened his dry lips here, as if the word choked him—"if Meta is true to me, I will remain here and try to work my way up again to the position I held only yesterday. If she frees me from my engagement, I accept your proposal to go to California."

"I think it is a good time to look up those old claims," said Mr. Tucker, sliding easily over the first part of his nephew's speech; there may be money in them!"

"We will see. If I do not go, we may be able to find some trust messenger."

"I am afraid you will go," his uncle said.

"It may be. Mrs. Cresswell is a worldly woman."

"Meta is a worldly woman! Nay, let me speak, Morris. I have said nothing before, though my heart was sore over your choice of a wife. Meta is a wonderfully fascinating, beautiful and accomplished as but few women are, but she is thoroughly heartless. I hoped your choice would fall on Clarice."

"Clarice! She is a mere child!"

"Only two years younger than Meta. I love her very dearly, Morris."

"But you are fond of Meta."

"No! For her father's sake, the brother of my dead wife, I have tried to love Meta, but she repels me."

"Yet you never spoke when I told you I should seek to win her love."

"Because love is too sacred in my eyes for anyone to interfere with its expression. If Meta loves you, I will give her warm welcome and cordial affection when she becomes your wife, Morris. But nerve yourself for the worst, my boy!"

Nerved for the worst, Morris Tucker sought his betrothed bride. From the time he had come from his Western home, an orphaned lad of 19, to accept his uncle's offer of a home, he had met Meta Cresswell constantly. He had received cordial welcome from her mother, and had not suspected the schemes and subtle influence that had led him on, step by step, from the position of friend to that of accepted suitor of the beautiful girl. While his feet were bringing him slowly to the momentous interview after the failure of the firm of which his uncle had made him full partner, Mrs. Cresswell was schooling her daughter to meet the emergency.

"Did you write to Morris, Meta?" she asked, languidly stirring her coffee.

"Not yet," was the reply. "He will probably call, being an honorable gentleman, mamma."

"I hope you will be firm, Meta. Remember that you have been the injured

party throughout. From the time your poor papa died I have had every reason to believe Mr. Tucker would make you and your sister the heiress of his property. He worshipped your aunt, and he never spoke of any relatives of his own till this nephew appeared. I believe there was some quarrel between the two brothers that ended in the younger one going West, while, John, the elder, remained here. At all events, it is very clear now that Morris would have been heir to the business and property if this failure had not happened. You are to be congratulated that it came before the wedding instead of after."

Meta shrugged her shoulders.

"Yes! Love in a cottage is not in my style!" And while she spoke the bell rang, and she knew her lover was waiting to test her cold, worldly heart. She sauntered with easy grace into the drawing-room, while up stairs in her own room her sister Clarice wept for the pain that was to fall upon Morris Tucker's heart.

She was a brown-eyed, golden-haired girl, whose quiet, unpretending charms had long been overshadowed by the more brilliant beauty of her sister Meta. She was timid to a fault, and was her mother's greatest affliction in her career of fashionable gayety. With a higher intellect than Meta's, with more command of foreign tongues, with a true musician's love and knowledge of music, a sweet clear voice, and wonderful powers of expression, she was so painfully shy, that society was a misery to her. Her beauty was of the delicate order that does not strike at first glance, and her affections were carefully hidden in her shrinking, gentle heart.

She had given John Tucker true love since she was a mere baby and sat upon his knee, playing with his watch-chain. She had never thought of his money, and when Morris came she was only glad that her dear old uncle, as she called him, was to have a companion and friend. She had never questioned her heart about Morris Tucker, rejoicing sincerely in his engagement with Meta drew him into nearer brotherly relations with herself. She respected his worth, his devotion to his uncle; she admired his talents, his noble, frank beauty, and she grieved deeply over the sorrows so suddenly thrown into his life. Shyly as she had liked him, so she crept away to weep for him. The heartlessness that would throw him aside in his trouble was only comprehensible to her from knowing well how her mother and sister worshipped wealth.

She heard the door of the drawing-room open and her sister's clear voice say coldly:

"Good evening, Mr. Tucker. You have my best wishes for your future success."

Then a voice as cold and haughty answered:

"Thank you. I have the honor to wish you good evening."

The drawing-room door closed, and Clarice could see Morris standing under the hall lamp, silent, and evidently wishing to recover somewhat from the pain of the trying interview before going into the street. He was very pale, and the brightness that had formed one of the greatest attractions of his face was all stricken from it. The sad, pallid face conquered all Clarice's shyness. With a sudden, irresistible impulse she glided down the stairs and stood beside Morris. He did not hear the light footfall upon the carpet, nor see that he was not alone until a soft touch on his arm startled him. Looking down, he saw a sweet, pleading face, soft brown eyes, misty with unshed tears, raised to his own, while Clarice said in a low voice:

"Morris, I must tell you how sorry I feel for you and Uncle John."

"Thank you," he said, gravely covering the little white hand upon his arm with his own; "I will tell my uncle what you say."

"Tell him," she said earnestly, "that he has no friend who loves him more truly than I do—one who feels more deeply any misfortune that can happen to him."

"I will carry your message. And will you wish me God speed, too, Clarice? I shall sail for California in a few days."

The large, brown eyes dilated, while the sweet face grew white as snow. The blow was too sudden. Without word or murmur Clarice fell forward, fainting. Morris caught her in his arms and carried her into the library. It was dark there, and no one saw the kiss he pressed upon the pale lips before he put Clarice gently upon the sofa and left her. He did not linger again in the hall. Snatching his coat and hat hurriedly from the rack, he strode into the street and walked rapidly homeward.

Five years passed swiftly, and Meta Cresswell had altered little, when, five years after her parting interview with Morris Tucker, she stood in the wide drawing-room of her mother's house, waiting to greet a number of invited guests. Time had matured her beauty, and taken nothing from her great attractions. Clarice, shy as ever, and pretty as a violet, stood near her sister, while Mrs. Cresswell, magnificent in velvet and diamonds, spoke hurriedly:

"Here is strange news, Meta. Mr. Jarvis has asked permission to bring a friend, and who do you suppose it is?"

"I cannot guess," said Meta, languidly; some musical man, I suppose, as Mr. Jarvis is so devoted to Entente."

"No; it is Morris Tucker! Oh, Meta, I am so glad you have not positively accepted young Cooke!"

"I thought you were very anxious to be mother-in-law to his \$200,000?"

"But not since I have heard Mr. Jarvis' news. My love, John Tucker, has some land claims in California that

Morris hunted p and sold for more than double young Cooke's fortune. He has come home now, and is settling his uncle's estate, being his heir for everything."

"Uncle John dead!" cried Clarice.

"Yes, more than a year ago, though Morris has just returned. The bell! Someone is coming!"

In the crowded drawing-room, an hour later, Morris Tucker bent gracefully over Meta's hand, and responded politely to her cordial greeting. He met all her advances with such evident pleasure in his welcome, that her heart beat high with hope. Life had been a struggle for a rich husband ever since she had made her debut in society, and now there was one paying her deferential attention upon whose heart she had at once made deep impression. Would he forget that cruel parting interview, and lay his fortune once more at her feet?

Mr. Cooke, a young man about half-witted, possessed of \$200,000, watched the brilliant beauty who had smiled so sweetly upon him all winter, with jealous eyes, after Morris entered the room, but Meta forgot him in her new-born hope. All the evening Morris hovered about Meta, wondering where Clarice had hidden herself; but when the supper call thinned the room, Meta missed her cavalier. In the conservatory Morris had seen a vision of a golden head and white fluttering dress; and Clarice, half hidden by a flowering screen, saw him desert Meta to come beside her.

Longing to see him, in an agony of a manly shame at the secret she had revealed when they parted, she hid there to watch him unseen. But he came swiftly across the flower bordered path to her side, and taking her hand in his, said:

"Clarice, I have come all the way from California to try and win your love. Little one, with all my heart I love you. My sole hope of happiness is the hope that you will be my wife. Must I go back again desolate, or will you bid me stay?"

She looked into the earnest face, the pleading eyes, and her heart grew faint with its own happiness as she whispered:

"Stay, for I love you, Morris."

Meta saw the sister she had always despised for her timidity, and the lover she had thrown aside in his poverty, enter the drawing-room together, and her heart was full of jealous anger as she read their secret in their happy faces.

She has been Mrs. Cooke for three years—miserable wife of a jealous miser, whose sole aims in life are to save money and to keep his wife out of society. In their unhappy home there is constant quarreling, while Morris blesses every hour the temporary poverty that led him to appreciate the heart of his little wife, and won for him a knowledge of the treasure of her love. There is a toddling boy named John, who calls Morris "papa;" and in the peaceful happiness of his home life and mother love Clarice is rapidly conquering her old timidity and letting the world of society see, sometimes, what an accomplished, graceful lady Morris has won for his wife.

And Morris, holding her to his heart, will often say tenderly:

"The happiness of my life commenced, Clarice, when your tender sympathy greeted me at the time I was under a cloud."

## An Automatic Gun.

A gun which is capable of firing 600 rounds a minute, and which when once started keeps up this terrific fire without the interference of any human agency, is clearly one of the most effective and deadly weapons of war which modern ingenuity has devised. Such a gun is the Maxim self-acting machine gun, the invention of Hiram S. Maxim, an Englishman. In the working of this gun every round after the first is fired by the recoil of the previous explosion. The cartridges are carried in a belt composed of any number of lengths, which are connected together as the cartridges are used. One end of this cartridge-belt is placed in the gun mechanism on one side; the cartridges are picked out of it by the automatic action of the gun, and the belt and the cartridge-shells are ejected after firing. Every recoil of the gun brings the next cartridge into position, forces it into the barrel, cocks the hammer, pulls the trigger, extracts the empty cartridge-case and ejects it from the gun, all these processes going on with the almost inconceivable rapidity represented by the firing of 600 rounds a minute. At the moment of firing the recoil drives the barrel back about three-quarters of an inch, and it is this recoil which directs the mechanism of the gun and makes its fire continuous. The gun can be turned in any direction by turning a crank, and the rate of discharge can be accurately regulated by means of a "controlling chamber" ingeniously contrived so that the gun may be fired rapidly or slowly, as desired. This belt-system of automatic firing has been applied by the inventor, not only to machine guns, but to the Winchester, Martini-Henry, and other rifles fired from the shoulder. Its introduction in practical military operations is likely to increase the already terrible deadliness of modern warfare.

## Pet Superstitions.

One of these is that you will have luck if you put on a garment wrong side out and wear it that way all day. Another that the opal is an unlucky stone and will presage disaster by bursting. A table superstition is that of spilling the salt. It is a sure sign you will have ill-luck unless you throw a pinch over your left shoulder. To see the new moon over the left shoulder is unlucky.

A WOMAN who wants a charitable heart wants a pure mind.—Haleburton.

## DISCOVERED AFTER DEATH.

A Reformed Thief Leads a Respectable Life for Twenty-five Years.

Some twenty-five years since there came to Philadelphia a gentleman of fine personal appearance and much apparent refinement. He had means, and, with his wife, soon found his way into good society. They lived in a fashionable neighborhood, and when he set up business as a manufacturer, inquiries were made as to his circumstances by the gentlemen with whom he had dealings, and it was discovered that he was all right. For a time his bills were cash, as he produced no recommendations or other information concerning himself, but the bills were readily paid and discount allowed for the prompt payment. Gradually his circle widened, and before long he had all the credit he wanted, and, as his bills were always promptly met, merchants vied with each other as to who should sell him. Things went on in this way, and in the twenty-five years he had been in business no fault could be found in any of his transactions. He bought and sold extensively, and among his customers he was regarded as a man of great probity. His exactness and correctness with his employees was remarkable, and yet none could be found who would dare to say that he was a mean employer. He tried to do right so far as his judgment dictated. His wife soon became celebrated as a friend to the poor, and, as no children had blessed their union, their house was the asylum for more than one homeless and friendless little one.

All things end. Not long since the merchant died. His loss was deeply regretted. And now comes the most singular part of this most curious case. The undertaker was sent for, and he and his apprentice proceeded to get the body ready for burial. Judge their astonishment when, upon stripping the body, it was discovered that the man's ears were clipped. That he had once had natural ears there could be no doubt, for all the indications were there, but in some way that could not be accounted for, the tops of his ears were now missing. Still another surprise awaited the undertaker, for, on turning the body on its face, there was found in the center of the back the imprint of a large, black, bold-face T. The absence of the ears on the corpse had been a surprise, but now the letter T, so plainly stamped in the white skin of the back, was most unaccountable. The ears might have been frozen off, but they could not account for the presence of the T. They proceeded to put the corpse in proper condition, and then sought out the wife, and in the most delicate manner informed the lady of their discoveries. The lady manifested no surprise, but accounted for the absence of the ears to a hunting expedition in Canada. She said that when a young man her husband was a great hunter, and on one occasion, while making an excursion to the woods of Canada, had been caught in a terrible snow storm and had his ears so badly frost-bitten that the upper half fell off. The presence of the T on his back she accounted for by saying that he had fallen on a piece of iron while bathing at Long Branch, and the mark on the back was the result of the fall. The accident, she said was not remarkable, but as it would only excite comment to have it bruited about, she requested silence.

In due time the body was conveyed to the grave followed by the wife and numerous friends, but no relation was known to be present. When all was over the apprentices of the undertaker spoke of it freely among their friends, and by degrees it reached the circle of the dead man's friends. It became a matter of conversation, and so highly did one of the gentlemen become wrought that he commenced an investigation of the matter among some of the Western towns, which he remembered hearing the dead man speak of. The result of this investigation has just come to hand, and from it we learn that the respected merchant had at one time been a notorious thief, and had his ears clipped and the "T" branded upon his back by a vigilance committee in one of the Western Territories. He had been the leader of a bold and successful band of robbers, and on one occasion had had the punishment before noticed inflicted upon him for stealing horses. It was pretty well understood that shortly after this little episode he and his companions attacked Wells-Fargo's Express, and with the money he had made in this reprehensible way he came east and settled down as an honest man; the result we are now familiar with. Truth is stranger than fiction.—Philadelphia Commercial List and Price Current.

## The Alaska Indians.

There are only 40,000 of the Alaska Indians. They are indolent and squalid. Their number is constantly decreasing. They live half of their days in canoes made of solid logs, burned out. In the miserable huts are bleak-eyed old sinners and half-clad women who will sell whatever they happen to possess, even their child daughters, provided they get their price, and every family have a dog or two as ugly and dirty as their owners.

## Just the Kind We Have.

"I see in my newspaper," said Smith, "that the Government of Italy has sent a ship load of thieves, burglars and other criminals to this country."

"Mercy on us!" exclaimed Mrs. Smith. "Do they think we want to reform all their thieves?"

"No," replied Smith, "I suppose they think we want to run them for congressmen."—Newman Independent.

DURING the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries in France guilty animals suffered death on the gallows.

## PITH AND POINT.

An oil well driller is always running his business into the ground.—Oil City Derrick.

It is a foolish butcher who adopts the meat-trick system.—New York Journal.

A LAND slide is the most significant movement in real estate.—New Orleans Picayune.

YOUNG ladies who will not marry when they have a chance Miss it.—Lowell Courier.

It is a wonder that firemen are not always taking cold, because they so frequently get water in their hose.—Texas Siftings.

FATHER—"I never imagined that your studies would cost me so much money." Student—"Yes, and I don't study much, either."—Fliegende Blatter.

OLD soldiers say they never whistled during a heavy battle, because the whistling of the bullets kept their minds occupied.—Peck's Sun.

"HEARD from Smith lately?" "No. What's he up to now?" "Last week he went into a saloon and killed four men because they wouldn't drink with him." "I always knew Smith would get into trouble. He is so conventional in his habits."—New York Graphic.

HE TOOK THE HINT.

"You're the belle of the town," the young man said, as he smoothed the curls on her queenly head.

He took the hint, the young man did, when she gave her lit "h" a fling, and murmured softly in his ear, "What good is a bell without a ring?"—Exchange.

A GERMAN on a steamer returning to the land of his birth informed another passenger: "America is der best country in der world. I haf lived der more as den years and failed five dimes, und seven dimes burnt out. Now I goes home to lif mit a fortune und my family."

"HELLO! hello!" shrieked Jones to Smith; "hello!" "I'm no walking telephone to be 'helloed' at. Why don't you say 'Good morning' to a gentleman?" "I do when I meet one." The polls closed and the ballots were counted. It was a tie. Neither party had carried the day.—Hartford Post.

"So CLARA is dead," observed Mrs. Simpson sympathetically to Mrs. De Silva of Boston. "Yes, poor dear! she died last week of lungfever." "How did it happen?" "She imprudently exposed herself. The house caught fire, and poor girl rushed out into the snow without her eyeglass."—New York Graphic.

PENITENTIARY official—"If you have any trade, prisoner, state it, and we'll put you to work at it." Prisoner (just entered)—"Well, boss, I was brung up a bartender, and I'd like to work at that." He was put to the bars of the casting-pot of the foundry as the nearest mode of accommodating him.—Huntsville (Tex.) Item.

BUBBY stubbed his toe and came crying to his mother. "There, there, Bubby," she said, after she had ascertained that the injury was trifling; "you are too big a boy to cry over a little thing like that." "B-but what a-am I to do, mamma?" he asked, sobbingly; "I ain't b-big enough to s-swear."—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

THE SKATER ON HIS SKATE.

Here them prate, prate, prate, The skat r with his m. te. Oh, the skat'e, the merry, merry skat'e! There's many a love-ly story they relate, As hey speed at t'furl rate— 'Tis often Cup d seals the fate. Be sure and save your pate Ere it shall be too late: For 'tis so very, very great To ride upon the merry, merry skate— 'Tis better far than swinging on the gate. —Cambridge Tribune.

"WHAT are you taking my boots out of here for?" asked a gentleman of his negro servant. "Whut; is dese yer boots, boss?" "You know they are, you trifling rascal." "Wall, I 'clare for goodness, boss!" (Dropping the boots.) "I thought da wuz de skutles, an' I thought dat I'd go down arter some coal, sah. Cuis how er man can be 'ceived."—Arkansas Traveler.

STOREKEEPER—"I am getting tired of this delay, and want you to square up your accounts or I will—" Customer "Do you mean to say you want me to pay you the money I owe you?" "Certainly. What else should I want?" "Now, look here; only a month ago your book-keeper ran off with every cent you had in your store, didn't he?" "Yes, but—" "Well, now, as a friend I advise you to leave my money with me, where it will be safe."—Philadelphia Call.

AN evangelist named Earl recently held a revival in Virginia City, Nevada. He didn't convert the people up to the standard usually in force there, but he did very well considering. At one of the meetings the wife of a gambler arose to testify to the good effect he was having on the community. "Why," she said, "before Brother Earl came here my husband used to run a reg'lar brace, but now, thanks to Brother Earl's Christian teaching, he's dealing as square a game as there is in Virginia City."

It was in an Illinois town. The papers were out with a sensational article regarding the defalcation and flight of the Town Treasurer, and the affair was the talk on every corner and in every store. A New-Yorker who happened to be in the town was considerably interested, and in conversation with a leading merchant he remarked, "I presume he gave a bond?" "O, yes." "And the bondsmen are good?" "That's the deuce of it, mister!" exclaimed the merchant. "I'm the only bondsmen, and he's placed me in a mean position. I was preparing to fail and beat my Chicago creditors; but I'll be hanged if I see how I'm to beat Chicago and the town too and get enough property in my wife's name to start a wholesale house in Dubuque."—Wall Street News.



## He Was Satisfied.

"Hello, Timberlick, old fellow; how d'ye do?" said one wealthy business man to another yesterday, as they met near the postoffice. "I'll declare, old boy, I haven't seen you for I don't know when. How's times, and what's the news? How's the family?"

"Hunky, Bosler; hunky!" replied the other, pulling out his note book to make a memorandum. "Glad to see you; how goes it yourself? Was thinking of you to-day, and told the wife to be sure and book you for the wedding. You'll come, of course; no excuses from old friends, you know. You see, my daughter—the oldest one, of course—is to be married next month."

"What! You don't say! The deuce! Why, that little thing! Come, she's a mere child; but then I suppose she's grown since I saw her. These little shavers do climb up wonderful quick. But tell me—who's the lucky man?" he inquired, as he tore open a telegram with which a boy had just dashed up.

"Young Quertly; old Anson's boy. Guess you knew the old man, didn't you? Solid as ice;" and out came the pencil to write a message on the top of his hat, which he handed to the boy.

"Can't say as I did; don't remember. But the boy; all right, I suppose. Respectable, is he, and all that?" and down goes a memorandum in his note-book.

"Respectable! Well, I should shudder! Why, man alive, Bosler, that boy's daddy came to Chicago poor as pizen, and failed three times inside of five years! Talk about respectability; where'd you and I—"

"Yes, yes; I know; that's all right, but it's best to be on the safe side in these marriage deals, and I didn't know but—"

"Of course you didn't—to be sure not—but I've looked up the whole business, and I tell you the old man was a regular gem. Yes, sir, the pure grit, and no mistake. Why, bless your old heart, man, at the time of the Chicago fire he was just cleaned clear out; lost every dollar—couldn't raise enough to get shaved. Clear down; floored entirely, and wiped right out—slick and clean—downed, but not discouraged. Oh, I tell you he was a stayer, the old man was. Respectable! What more can a parent ask?" and down went a few hieroglyphics in his book that meant to sell something short or buy something long, nobody but himself could tell.

"To be sure, Timberlick, certainly," said Bosler, pocketing his own book, which had just been in use. "That's all mighty gratifying, of course, but—"

"I'm coming to it—why, man, you don't know half! In the corner of '80 he lost nearly a million and never winked, and then again, in the last corn squeeze, he—"

"Hold on, Timberlick; hold on—not another word! I'm satisfied, more than satisfied. Great guns! but he was a regular old topaz, wasn't he? Let me congratulate you. Your daughter has indeed made a great strike—a wonderful great strike! The dear girl! Give her my love, and tell her I'll be there without fail."—Chicago Ledger.

## The Tailors Did Not Like It.

In 1767 Foote had produced a burlesque, the author of which has never been discovered, entitled "The Tailors; a Tragedy for Warm Weather." Dowton announced the revival of this piece for his benefit. As the title implies, it was a satire upon the sartorial craft, and upon the bills being issued an indignation meeting was convened among the knights of the needle, who vowed to oppose the performance by might and main. Menacing letters were sent to Dowton telling him that 17,000 tailors would attend to him the piece, and one who signed himself "Death" added that 10,000 more could be found if necessary. These threats were laughed at by the actors; but when night came it was discovered that the craft were in earnest, and that, with few exceptions, they had contrived to secure every seat in the house, while a mob outside still squeezed for admission. The moment Dowton appeared upon the stage there rose a hideous uproar, and some one threw a pair of shears at him. Not a word would the rioters listen to, nor would they accept any compromise in the way of changing the piece. Within howled and hissed without intermission hundreds of exasperated tailors; outside howled and bellowed thousands of raging tailors, who attempted to storm the house. So formidable did the riot wax that a magistrate had to be sent for and special constables called out, but these were helpless against overwhelming odds, so a troop of Life Guards was ultimately summoned, who after making sixteen prisoners put the rest to flight.—Belgravia.

THERE is said to be no profanity in Japan. This makes it clear that old John Robinson's circus has not yet struck that empire.

## Indigestion's Martyrs.

Half the diseases of the human family spring from a disordered stomach, and may be prevented by invigorating and toning that abused and neglected organ with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Let it be borne in mind that the liver, the kidneys, the intestines, the muscles, the ligaments, the bones, the nerves, the integuments are all renewed and nourished by the blood, and that the digestive organs are the grand alembic in which the materials of the vital fluid are prepared. When the stomach fails to provide healthful nourishment for its dependences they necessarily suffer, and the ultimate result, if the evil is not arrested, will be chronic and probably fatal disease somewhere. It may be developed in the kidneys in the form of diabetes, in the liver as congestion, in the muscles as rheumatism, in the nerves as paralysis, in the integuments as scrofula. Remember, however, that each and all of these consequences of indigestion may be prevented by the timely and regular use of that sovereign antidote to dyspepsia, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

## SHY OF POISON.

(From the Washington Daily Post.)

For many years physicians have been much exercised over the use of drugs and medicines containing opiates or poisons. Opium smoking by the Chinese, and the introduction of the habit into America is an evil which has been sought to be remedied, and the police of Philadelphia have recently made successful raids on opium "joints" and arrested the proprietors. A more insidious form of poison than this, however, and one which largely affects not only the health but the lives of children, is that which comes in the form of popular medicines. Nine out of ten of these, it is known, contain narcotics or deadly metallic oxides. The difficulty, however, has been to find a substitute for such things which would be purely vegetable, and at the same time effects a prompt cure. That such a discovery had been made was announced recently, and Dr. O. Grothe, chemist to the Brooklyn Board of Health, and a graduate of the University of Kiel, Germany, publicly certified that he had analyzed the remedy and found it free from narcotics, opiates or injurious metallic oxides, and a harmless and happy combination, which will prove highly effective. Hearing that Dr. Samuel K. Cox, a graduate of Yale, and expert analytical chemist of this city, had also analyzed the remedy in question and given public testimony as to its purity and efficacy, a reporter of the Post was told by him that he had given such a certificate, and that he believed the remedy marked a new stage in the treatment of throat and lung diseases. He knew also that many public men in Washington had given the remedy a trial, and felt confident if they were called upon that they would cheerfully endorse it. One of them was Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn, Senator elect from Kentucky. Mr. Blackburn, on being approached, said he had used the remedy with marked effect and found great benefit, especially during his occupancy of the Speaker's chair. It had removed all irritation from his throat and relieved a cough which had troubled him much.

Senator Gorman, of Maryland, said that he firmly believed in the remedy, which he had personally tested. Congressmen J. H. Bagley, Jr., of New York; Wm. M. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania; J. H. Brewer, of New Jersey; Hart B. Holton, of Maryland, and J. P. Leedom, Esq., of Ohio, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, were emphatic in their endorsement of the remedy. Messrs. Ed A. Clark, Architect of Public Buildings; E. A. Carman, Acting Commissioner of the Agricultural Department; Thomas S. Miller, chief clerk in the Surgeon General's Department; H. E. Weaver, ex-Congressman from Mississippi, and now chief of the collecting division in the General Postoffice; J. H. Gravenstein, head of the labor division in the same department, and F. B. Conger, City Postmaster, and son of Senator Conger, of Michigan, all pronounced it a valuable discovery, and had found its effects not only soothing, but lasting. The remedy in question is Red Star Cough Cure. It is free from opiates or poisons, and is purely vegetable.

A physician who stands in close relation to the Board of Health of the District of Columbia said that there are two things which seriously affect the health of the people—impure water and impure drugs, and therefore the benefits of a discovery like Red Star Cough Cure can not be overestimated. Thousands of children die annually from the use of opiate and soothing syrups containing opiates or poisons, and even adults are exposed to the danger of blood-poisoning from such a cause. In view of these facts, members of Boards of Health in various cities; public men of Maryland, from the Governor down, and leading practicing physicians throughout that State have over their own signatures testified that Red Star Cough Cure can not fail to be a boon to the suffering and afflicted. The reporter's investigations were thorough and unprejudiced, and the testimony obtained, judging from its character, can not be gainsaid.

## How Jones Went Out of Business.

"Where's Jones?"

"Dead."

"Dead? Well, I declare! Paid the debt of nature, hey?"

"No; compromised at less than 50 per cent."

"How so?"

"He left his better half behind him."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

## Not a Proper Present.

"What shall I give the children. I want to make them a handsome present, you know," said a railway magnate. "Why don't you give them some of the stock in your road?" suggested his wife. "What are you thinking of?" cried the man, in amazement. "Do you want to drown the children?"—Boston Transcript.

## Not a Trace.

Dr. D. F. Penington, D. D. S., 536 West Fayette street, Baltimore, Maryland, states that he has personally used the Red Star Cough Cure and in his family, and has found it a prompt and sure remedy for coughs and colds. No bad results of other cough remedies. Not a trace of opium or morphia.

THE prettiest of literary anecdotes has been related by Wilhelm Grimm, one of the pair of famous story-tellers. One day a little girl rang their bell and met him in the hall with the words, "Are you the Mr. Grimm who writes the pretty tales?" "Yes, I and my brother." "And that of the clever little tailor who married the princess?" "Yes, certainly." "Well," said the child, producing the book, "it is said here that every one who doesn't believe it must pay him a thaler. Now, I don't believe that a princess ever married a tailor. I haven't so much as a thaler, but here is a groschen; and please say I hope to pay the rest by degrees." Just then Jacob came up, and the brothers had an interesting interview with the little dame; but they could not persuade her to take away the groschen which she had laid out on the table.

ABOVE all other earthly ills, I hate the big, old-fashioned pills: By slow degrees they downward wend, And often pause, or upward tend; With such discomfort are they fraught, Their good effects amount to naught. Now, Dr. Pierce prepares a pill That just exactly fills the bill—A Pellet, rather, that is all—A Pleasant Purgative, and small; Just try them as you feel their need, You'll find that I speak truth, indeed.

MINT statistics—the number of juleps dispensed by the bartender.—Boston Star.

## Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

AS AN APPETIZER. Dr. Morris Gibbs, Howard City, Mich., says: "I am greatly pleased with it as a tonic; it is an agreeable and good appetizer."

## The Morning Dress.

It is said that a lady's standing in society can easily be determined by her dress at the breakfast-table; an expensive, showy costume indicating that the wearer has not yet learned the proprieties. But no one need be afraid of being called "shoddy" if her loveliness is as apparent by daylight as at the hope. Perfect beauty is never the attendant of disease; above all, of those diseases peculiar to women, and which find a ready cure in Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." Price reduced to \$1. By druggists.

A ROLLER-SKATE is a nice skate, but an ice skate is not a roller-skate.

THE "old reliable"—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

THOUGH barbers, like other men, can only vote once, they spend a great deal of time around the polls.

## Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot; 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse carriage, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union than at any first-class hotel in the city.

A SHOE manufacturing company is not a soleless corporation.—Merchant Traveler.

## Free Homes.

The attention of those desiring homes in the richest and most fertile section of the Great Northwest is called to the unlimited advantages offered in "FREE HOMES FOR THE MILLION," on the great Elkhorn Valley line of railroad in North Nebraska. The best free Government land now available is found in that section of country, and everybody who has an idea of "going West" this spring should investigate the advantages there offered to new settlers. Round-trip Land Exploring tickets to Valentine, Neb., via the Chicago and Northwestern and Elkhorn Valley lines are on sale at very low prices at all coupon railroad stations. For additional information write to R. S. Hair, General Passenger Agent Chicago and Northwestern R. R., Chicago, Ill., or J. R. Buchanan, General Passenger Agent Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley R. R., Missouri Valley, Iowa.

## It Will Cost You Nothing.

"For what?" For a medical opinion in your case, if you are suffering from any chronic disease which your physician has failed to relieve or cure. "From whom?" From Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard st., Philadelphia, dispensers of the Vitalizing Treatment by Compound Oxygen which is attracting wide attention, and by which most remarkable cures in desperate chronic cases are being made. Write and ask them to furnish such information in regard to their treatment as will enable you to get an intelligent idea of its nature and action.

## For Throat Diseases and Coughs.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, like all really good things, are frequently imitated. The genuine are sold only in boxes.

DON'T be discouraged because you have tried fifty remedies for that neuralgia of yours, and failed to find relief. Athiophoros never fails. It cured A. B. Baker, of 365 West Harrison street, Chicago, and his wife, of the most severe cases of long standing. Price, \$1 per bottle. If your druggist hasn't it, send to Athiophoros Co., 112 Wall street, N. Y.

If you want a bright looking face and a skin rosy and clear, use Heeson's Sulphur Soap; all trace of disease will disappear. Price, 25 cents by Druggists, or by mail of Wm. Dreydoppel, Philadelphia, Pa.

SEE LUMBER Advertisement of Geo. Woodley in another column. He is reliable and responsible.

**Red Star**  
TRADE MARK  
STAR

**COUGH CURE**  
Absolutely Free from Opiates, Emetics and Poisons.  
A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE  
For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Quinsy, Pains in Chest, and other affections of the Throat and Lungs.  
Price 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Parties unable to induce their dealer to promptly get it for them will receive two bottles, Express charges paid, by sending one dollar to  
THE CHARLES A. VOGLER COMPANY,  
Sole Owners and Manufacturers,  
Baltimore, Maryland, U. S. A.

**ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH**  
Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing.  
A POSITIVE CURE.  
CREAM BALM  
has gained an enviable reputation wherever known, relieving and curing all inflammations. A particle is applied to each nostril; no pain; agreeable to use.  
Price 50c. by mail or at druggist. Send for circular.  
ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Oswego, N. Y.

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Price 50c. by mail or at druggist. Send for circular.  
ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Oswego, N. Y.

## DR. JOHN BULL'S Smith's Tonic Syrup FOR THE CURE OF FEVER and ACUE Or CHILLS and FEVER, AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA is the old and reliable remedy for impurities of the blood and, Scrofulous affections—the King of Blood Purifiers.

DR. JOHN BULL'S VEGETABLE WORM DESTROYER is prepared in the form of candy drops, attractive to the sight and pleasant to the taste.

**DR. JOHN BULL'S SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP, BULL'S SARSAPARILLA, BULL'S WORM DESTROYER, The Popular Remedies of the Day.**

Principal Office, 631 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

## Common Sense Advice

He Who Becomes a Treasurer of Money for Another is Responsible for a Safe Return.

How much more responsible is he who has in charge the health and life of a human being. We have considered well the responsibility, and in preparing our **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM**, which for twenty-five years has been favorably known as one of the best and purest remedies for all Throat and Lung Diseases, we are particular to use nothing but the best ingredients. NO OPIUM in any form enters its composition. It is to your interest to stand by the old and tried remedy, **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM**, and see that a bottle is always kept on hand for immediate use. READ THE FOLLOWING

## NEW EVIDENCE:

I took a violent cold and it settled on my lungs so much so that at times I spit blood. **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** was recommended to me as a good remedy. I took it, and am now sound and well. Yours respectfully, A. J. HILKMAN.

ADDISON, Pa., April 7, 1883. I took a violent cold and it settled on my lungs so much so that at times I spit blood. **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** was recommended to me as a good remedy. I took it, and am now sound and well. Yours respectfully, A. J. HILKMAN.

ADDISON, Pa., April 1883. A. J. COLEBORN, Esq., Editor of the Somerset Herald, writes: I can recommend **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** as being the best remedy for Colds and Coughs I ever used.

ASTORIA, Ill., April 6, 1883. Gentlemen—I can cheerfully say your **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM**, which I have sold for the past fifteen years, sells better than any cough remedy, and gives general satisfaction. It is frequently recommended by the medical profession here. Yours truly, H. C. MOONEY, Druggist.

LA FAYETTE, R. I., Oct. 12, 1884. Gentlemen—Allow me to say that after using three bottles of **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** for a bad attack of Bronchitis, I am entirely cured. I send this voluntarily, that those afflicted may be benefited. Yours respectfully, BURRILL H. DAVIS.

**J. N. HARRIS & CO. (Limited) Props. CINCINNATI, OHIO.**

FOR SALE by all MEDICINE DEALERS.

**OPIUM** Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

**PATENTS** Hand-Book FREE. R. S. & A. P. LACEY, Patent Attys, Washington, D. C.

**OPIUM** MORPHINE and CHLORAL HABITS EASILY CURED. BOOK FREE. Dr. J. C. Hoffman, Jefferson, Wisconsin.

**KIDDER'S PASTILLES** Pure relief. A THIRTY DAY CURE. Price 25c. ASHFIELD, Mass. Druggists, Lowell & Co., Charlestown, Mass.

**WANTED** LADIES or GENTLEMEN to take light, pleasant employment at their own homes; work sent by mail (distance no objection); \$2 to \$5 a day can be quickly made; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Globe Mfg. Co., Boston, Mass. Box 5444

**CLIMATE** With a GRADY

**R. U. AWARE** THAT

**Lorillard's Climax Plug**

bearing a red tin tag; that Lorillard's Rose Leaf fine cut; that Lorillard's Navy Cut plugs, and that Lorillard's Snuffs, are the best and cheapest, quality considered?

The OLDEST MEDICINE in the WORLD is

probably Dr. Isaac Thompson's

**Celebrated Eye Water**

This article is a carefully prepared physician's prescription, and has been in constant use for nearly a century, and notwithstanding the many other preparations that have been introduced into the market, the sale of this article is constantly increasing. If the directions are followed it will never fail. We particularly invite the attention of physicians to its merits. John L. Thompson, Sons & Co., TROY, N. Y.

**VIBRATING TELEPHONE.**

Gives guaranteed satisfaction. No exorbitant rental fee to pay—Send outright and guaranteed to work nicely on lines within its compass (5 miles), or money refunded. Constructed on new and scientific principles; works entirely by vibration. Two or three months' rental fee to the Bell Telephone will buy outright a complete private line. It is the ONLY PRACTICAL and RELIABLE non-electric Telephone made, and warranted complete satisfaction, or money refunded. AGENTS can make immense profits and get all the work they can do. No previous experience required. Where I have no agents

Telephones may be ordered direct for private use. Circulars free. H. T. JOHNSON, 109 S. JOHNSON ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

**Many a Lady**

is beautiful, all but her skin;

and nobody has ever told

her how easy it is to put

beauty on the skin. Beauty

on the skin is Magnolia

Balm.

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## Suffering Womanhood.

Too much effort cannot be made to bring to the attention of suffering womanhood the great value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for the diseases of women, and perhaps nothing is more effective than the testimony of those who have been cured by it. Such an one is the wife of General Barringer, of Winston, N. C., and we quote from the General's letter as follows: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham: Please allow me to add my testimony to the most excellent medicinal qualities of your Vegetable Compound. Mrs. Barringer was treated for several years for what the physicians called Leucorrhoea and Prolapsus Uteri combined. I sent her to Richmond, Va., where she remained for six months under the treatment of an eminent Physician without any permanent benefit. She was induced to try your medicine, and, after a reasonable time, commenced to improve, and is now able to attend to her business and considers herself fully restored." [General Barringer is the proprietor of the American Hotel, Winston, N. C., and is widely known.]

## A HOME SUFFERER CURED!

DETROIT, MICH., MARCH 1, 1885. HOPS & MALT BITTERS COMPANY, DETROIT, MICH.

GENTS: FOR A LONG TIME I HAD BEEN SUFFERING FROM NEURALGIA AND NERVOUS DEBILITY. MY WHOLE SYSTEM WAS COMPLETELY RUN DOWN. I COULD NOT EAT OR SLEEP; AT TIMES I FELT I SHOULD DIE. I TRIED DIFFERENT KINDS OF MEDICINES ADVERTISED AND RECOMMENDED FOR THESE AILMENTS, BUT FAILED TO GET RELIEF. ON THE 2D DAY OF JANUARY, 1885, I COMMENCED TAKING YOUR HOPS AND MALT BITTERS. THE FIRST BOTTLE RELIEVED ME VERY MUCH; THE SECOND ONE HAS CURED ME. I AM AS WELL TO-DAY AS I EVER WAS. I CANNOT SAY TOO MUCH IN FAVOR OF YOUR GOOD MEDICINE. IT IS A WONDERFUL RECONSTRUCTIVE AGENT. IT IS A GOD SEND TO THE SUFFERING. I MOST CHEERFULLY SEND YOU THIS TESTIMONIAL, AND RECOMMEND IT TO THE LIKE AFFLICTED, BELIEVING IT IS THE BEST MEDICINE THEY CAN USE. MRS. C. E. McRAE.

## Self-Preservation Nature's First Law.

The old saying, "a stitch in time saves nine," can very appropriately be applied to the preservation of health. Dr. Guyot's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla has undoubtedly saved thousands of mortals to lives of usefulness and the full enjoyment of perfect, robust health.

The first symptoms of bodily ailments should be heeded. Such evidences of approaching prostration as a feeling of weariness and lassitude, anxiety of



St. NICHOLAS for April opens with a frontispiece illustration of "The Gilded Boy," a true story of a Florentine pageant in 1492. Indeed, the romance of history forms a prominent feature of this number. In the "Historic Girls" series E. S. Brooks tells the story of the girlhood of "Zenobia of Palmyra," as based on information recently brought to light by Eastern scholars, which is timely, in so far as it shows a prototype of the events of today—a mighty European power humbled and held at bay by the Arabs of many centuries ago. Coming to more modern days, there is a sketch of Bach, which forms the first of a series of brief biographies, by Agatha Tunis, of the great musicians from Bach to Wagner. Lieut. Schwatka tells, in "Children of the Cold," of some of the popular games of the Eskimo; while Charles Barnard in the "Boys' Club," relates how some little New York Savages that have been caught and tamed, amuse themselves in a fine club house. Another "Ready for Business" paper discusses the chances for young men in the field of practical chemistry; and E. P. Roe, in another installment of "Driven Back to Eden," contributes some sound and timely advice to young tillers of the soil.

"Tis more brave to live than to die." Therefore don't wait until a slight cough develops itself into consumption but secure a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at the small outlay of 25 cents, cure your cough, and live on happily.

"Shet dat do, Sam." "Why, it ain't cold, marm." Golly, you shet dat do, you nigger brat; ob course it ain't cold, it's me dat's cold. Think I care wedder de de's cold or not?"

#### These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by H. Walsh.

The chief articles in Lippincott's Magazine for April are "Glimpses of Peking," by C. F. Gordon Cumming; a paper by Charles Morris, summarizing the results of the investigations carried on by the London "Society for Psychic Research," a descriptive and historical account of Buffalo, under the title of "Studies in a Lake Port," by C. B. Todd; a second paper on the New Orleans Exposition, by Edward C. Bruce; and a history of the "Confederate Flag," gathered from hitherto unpublished documents, by Frank C. Carpenter. There are several short stories, among which "Rosa Herkheim," by W. W. Crane, merits particular notice as an original and realistic picture of life and manners among the Pennsylvania Germans. The two serials, "On This Side," "Aurora," maintain their interest. In the present installment of the former, Washington society, and the impression which it makes upon the English visitors are graphically and amusingly depicted.

It costs nearly double to manufacture De Land's Chemical Baking Powder, which is made from Cream Tartar and Soda only, than it does those filled with starch, flour, and other dead weights. Some manufacturers, to avoid the expense of Cream Tartar, use Ammonia, Alum, Tartaric Acid, &c. You can detect the impure ones by boiling in water a small quantity. The ammonia will produce an odor; alum also, and taste bitter, and the starch and filling will not disappear, while Cream Tartar and Soda will leave clear water.

Quincy troubled me for twenty years. Since I started using Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, have not had an attack. Mrs. Letta Conrad, Standish, Mich.

The Battle of Gettysburg—Panorama in Chicago.

Never in the history of amusement enterprises has any institution gained throughout the country so quick and great a popularity as this great panorama. This institution has been visited during the last year by nearly three-quarters of a million people, and is doing to-day the largest business of any panorama existing throughout the world. It is the first and only Panorama representing an episode of our late Civil War. The spectator steps at once from Wabash avenue, where the building is located, upon America's greatest battlefield. He is placed in the center of the Union troops in action, and views in the most vivid manner possible the Battle of Gettysburg, as it really took place on July 3d, 1863. Do not fail to visit it while in Chicago. Take the cable car to Gettysburg Panorama Place on Wabash avenue.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by Yates & Kane.

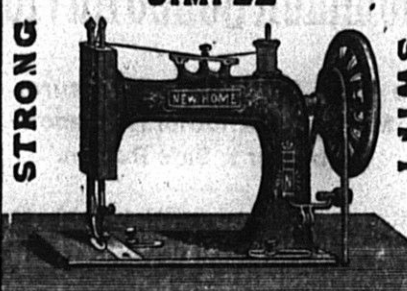
# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wal-st. N.Y.



THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE SIMPLE



THE ONLY SEWING MACHINE THAT GIVES PERFECT SATISFACTION

HAS NO EQUAL PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR



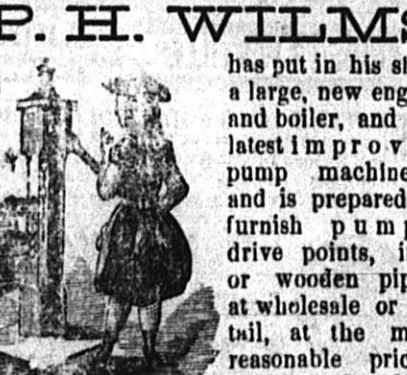
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE MASS. 30 UNION SQ. N.Y. CHICAGO ILL. ST. LOUIS MO. ATLANTA GA. FOR SALE BY

MEYER, BROUWER CO., dealers in

FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALL PAPER, and

BURIAL CASKETS. River St. Holland Mich.

P. H. WILMS



has put in his shop a large, new engine and boiler, and the latest improved pump machinery, and is prepared to furnish pumps, drive points, iron or wooden pipes, at wholesale or retail, at the most reasonable prices; also agricultural implements of all descriptions; the Esterly Twine Self Binder, the Rawson Reaper and Mower, the Howe Reaper and the Advance Mower, the Grand de Tours three-horse sulky plow, the Bissel, South Bend plow, best in the market, the Hemmington iron-beam steel plow, Kalamazoo Spring Tooth drags, the best straight tooth harrow for finishing land made, containing 60 teeth, South Bend steel grain drills, 3 inches for every tooth, Dowagiac Wheel Spring Tooth Harrows, seeders and cultivators combined, Albion Wheel Spring Tooth seeders and harrows combined, Studebaker farm and freight wagons, Kalamazoo open and top buggies, new kind of walking cultivators, 5-tooth, 3-tooth, and 2-shovel, Detroit sulky cultivators, Aultman and Russell & Co. steam threshers. Engines from one-horse to one thousand-horse power. Call and see my new goods before purchasing elsewhere. P. H. WILMS, River St., Holland, Mich., Apr. 10, '84. 10-17.

#### Business Lot.

Without exception the finest location in the city will be sold at a sacrifice, present owner having no further use for it. Lot located on southwest corner of Eighth and River streets. J. R. KLEYN, 52-17.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 29, 1885.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS Secure Healthy action to the Liver and relieve all bilious troubles. Truly Vegetable; No Opiates. Price 10c. All Druggists.

# \$12,000.00

worth of Goods must be sold in order to meet the obligations to creditors.

## "UNHEARD OF BARGAINS"

In Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, and Boots and Shoes.

### OVERCOATS,

'And Winter Suits of Clothes at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Ladies are invited to call and examine the stock of

## Winter Dress Goods, New Style Prints, and Dress Patterns.

# HATS AND CAPS

In large numbers will be sold at a great sacrifice.

## COME EARLY and GET BEST BARGAINS

### E. J. Harrington.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 22, 1885.

R. M. SCHREGARDUS. A. H. POSTMA.

SCHREGARDUS & POSTMA, CIGAR MANUFACTURERS, SEVENTH ST., NEAR RIVER, Holland, Michigan.

To the trade in Holland and vicinity we desire to say that we will manufacture and deliver all grades of cigars, and invite the attention of the public to our new brand.

"Holland Newcomers,"

Which we expect will meet with the success it merits in this vicinity.

TRY THEM! SCHREGARDUS & POSTMA, HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 26, 1885. 4-3m

NIMROD Plug Tobacco.

Sold by all Grocers and Tobacco Dealers. Noted for its excellent chew, delicious flavor and cheesy cut. This Tobacco is manufactured of finest leaf, purest sweetening "everybody chews Nimrod." Send for samples.

S. W. VENABLE & CO. Petersburg, Va.

Splendid Bargain.

Will sell dwelling house consisting of seven rooms in good repair, also outhouse of 14x28 feet, at a bargain. Reason, too far away from my place of business. House and lot located on Ninth St., between Pine and River streets. J. R. KLEYN. 52-17

E. HEROLD,

has just received a large stock of the latest styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

BOOTS & SHOES

among which are the celebrated

GROVER HAND SEWED

SHOES.

Repairing promptly and neatly done

CALL AND SEE US.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD. HOLLAND, Mich., March 13, 1884.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. HALLITT Book Co., Portland, Maine. 42-17.

#### Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland, will meet at the following places in said City, on Saturday, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1885, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m., and 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of the several wards in said city.

In the 1st Ward at the Common Council Rooms. In the 2nd Ward at the office of Henry D. Post. In the 3rd Ward at the office of A. D. Werkman. In the 4th Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Slipp.

J. A. TER VREE, J. W. ROSE, JOHN BRUKEMA, A. M. BURGESS, E. R. WERKMAN, L. T. KANTERS, A. J. NYLAND, DAVID L. BOYD.

Board of Registration of the City of Holland. Dated: Holland, Mich., March 17, A. D. 1885.

# HARTER'S IRON TONIC

THE ONLY TRUE

FACTS REGARDING Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

It will purify and enrich the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH! In all those diseases requiring a certain and efficient TONIC, especially Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, etc., its use is marked with immediate and wonderful results. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new power. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power. LADIES suffering from all complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. It gives a clear and healthy complexion. The strongest testimony to the value of DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is that frequent attempts at counterfeiting have only added to the popularity of the original. If you earnestly desire health do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST. Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DEAR BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free. DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC IS FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

CUTTERS and SLEIGHS.

The popular wagon manufacturer

J. FLIEMAN

has in stock a number of the

CUTTERS

made by the

Northwestern Sleigh Company,

of Milwaukee. These cutters for ease and comfort are superior, while in:

Strength and Durability they beat everything. The dash is a new device which cannot be broken.

I also have a lot of

Sleighs of Every Description.

on hand which I propose to sell at COST.

FARMERS and OTHERS

wishing anything in my line can do no better than by calling on me. I have a large stock of ready-made work.

Wagons, Buggies and Trucks

which I will sell at astonishingly low prices in order to make room for my fall stock.

[Call and examine and give me a trial.] J. FLIEMAN, HOLLAND, Mich. Oct. 23, 1884.

DO YOU KNOW

THAT

LORILLARD'S CLIMAX

PLUG TOBACCO.

With Red Tin Tag, is the best? Is the purest; is never adulterated with glucose, barytes, molasses, or any deleterious ingredients, as is the case with many other tobaccos.

# DE LAND & CO'S

## SALERATUS SODA

Best in the World.

Notice to Teachers.

The Ottawa County Board of School Examiners propose to meet at the following named times and places during the spring of 1885, to examine applicants for teachers' certificates,

Friday, March 13, at Hudsonville, " 27, at Grand Haven. (Regular.)

April 24, at Coopersville.

Each session will open promptly at 9 a. m. All applicants will be required to present a testimonial of good moral character and so far as such is possible this testimonial should be from the district board by whom last engaged as teacher.

In addition to the studies prescribed by law, an examination will be required for all grades on school law, for 2nd grade on physiology, book-keeping and philosophy, and in addition to these, for 1st grade on algebra and English literature.

Only 3rd grade certificates will be granted at the special sessions of this board.

By order of County Board of School Examiners. ALBERT LAHUIS, Secretary.

FREE! RELIABLE SELF-CURE.

A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U. S. (now retired) for the cure of Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Decay. Sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.

JAS. HUNTLEY,

BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all

kinds of buildings, finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing

done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash

Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, etc., made and furnished.

Office and Shop on River street, near the corner of Tenth street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.

HOLLAND, May 27, 1885.