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### Holland City News, Volume 15, Number 7: March 20, 1886

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XV.—NO. 7.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 708.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. H. ROGERS, Editor and Publisher.

### Terms of Subscription.

\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. F. Powell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

## Business Directory.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H. Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O. Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

### Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, &c.; River St.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, &c. River street.

### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Williams Bros., Proprietors. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHOENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the C. & W. M. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free hack for accommodation of guests.

### Livery and Sale Stables.

HAYERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding Stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's hotel.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, &c.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana filled. Smoke them. For sale by all dealers. 2-ly.

### Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be found in his office in First Ward Drug Store, on Eighth street.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledebor.

### Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKHUYSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

## Societies.

### F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 30, Feb. 17, March 17, April 14, May 12, June 16, July 14, Aug. 11, Sept. 8, Oct. 13, Nov. 10, Dec. 8, St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

D. L. BOYD, W. M.

O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

### Knights of Labor.

Harmony Assembly, No. 3,719, of Holland City, meet in Odd Fellows' Hall every week. All communications should be addressed to

HARMONY LOCK BOX,

37-y Holland, Mich.

## Our Markets.

### Produce, &c.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.) Apples, 40c; Beans, \$1.00; Butter, 15c; Eggs, 10c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 40c.

### RETAIL.

Apples, 50, 60c; Beans, \$1.25; Butter, 15@16c; Eggs, 11c; Honey, 14c; Onions, 60c; Potatoes, 40c.

### Grain, Feed, &c.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.) Buckwheat, 45c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Corn, \$1.10; Clover seed, \$1.00; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, 35c; Corn, 42c, new 38; Flour, \$4.50; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; \$1.40; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.00; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.00; Oats, 30@32c; Middling, \$1.00; \$1.00; Oats, 32c; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; \$1.00; Rye, 52c; Timothy Seed, \$2.10; Wheat, white, 83; Red Fultz, 83; Lancaster Red, 85; Corn, ear, 35c.

### RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 55c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Corn, \$1.25; Clover seed, \$1.00; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, 35c; Corn, 42c, new 38; Flour, \$5.00; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; \$1.40; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.00; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.00; Oats, 32c; Middling, \$1.00; \$1.00; Oats, 32c; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; \$1.00; Rye, 52c; Timothy seed, \$2.50; Corn, ear, 35c.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

BEAUTIFUL spring weather this week.

ALD. L. T. KANTERS visited Chicago this week.

COMMERCIAL "drummers" are numerous this week.

THE robins and blue birds have made their appearance.

SPRING chickens are coming and next month finishes the oysters.

Miss Lena Herold arrived home from Dakota last Thursday night.

THE second volume of Grant's Memoirs will be delivered in April.

THE first thunder storm of the season occurred last Thursday night.

LAST Wednesday was St. Patrick's Day. Green ribbons were numerous.

ONE year ago yesterday the steamer Michigan was crushed in the ice.

SEND in your local happenings. This is a standing invitation to every reader.

JUDICIOUS advertising pays better than sitting on the counter waiting for customer.

OUR wood-pile has disappeared. Will some delinquent subscriber bring in some wood?

WE are busy this week printing the catalogue of Hope College. It will be finished next week.

IT is the time when talk about city officials is prevalent. The agony, however, will soon be over.

LAST Wednesday the M. & O. Railroad gave a free excursion to Toledo to the business men along its line.

THE Sabbath Law and Order League held a meeting in Mr. A. Visscher's office last Wednesday afternoon.

THE "Fixter warehouse difficulty" is likely to be compromised by all parties concerned. That is as it should be.

REV. WM. MOERDYKE, of South Holland, has accepted the second call to the First Reformed Church of Pella, Iowa.

THREE of the station houses along the line of the Chicago & West Michigan R'y were struck by lightning last Thursday night.

THOSE township election tickets and slips it will be remembered can be obtained at this office at the lowest possible figures.

SPRING goods are arriving and merchants are busy preparing for the spring trade. Watch the columns of the News for bargains.

THE inspiring and spring-like strains of hand organs were heard on our streets this week. That settles the matter and spring is here.

CAPT. F. R. BROWER informs us that he has sold the steam yacht Waubun to Mr. R. D. Perry, of Marquette, for a private pleasure boat.

THE foundation of the new meat market for C. Dok on River street is completed. The building will now be pushed to an early completion.

THE men employed in building the Life Saving Station at this port are to enjoy an oyster supper in the new building this, Saturday, evening.

AN effort is being made to have Prof. Wellenstein place one or two of his piano solos in the program of the Philharmonic concert, March 30th.

PRESIDENT SCOTT, of Hope College, left for the East last Saturday. While there he will labor in the interest of the college. He will be gone about six weeks.

ALFORD Finch came near being killed at the harbor last Thursday by a "leader" of a pile driver striking him on the top of the head. He has a badly disfigured face.

THE excavation for the new building of Dykema & Jonkman on Eighth street is nearly finished. The building will be of brick and will be finished in first-class style.

THE large Cunard steamer Oregon was run into last Sunday morning near New York harbor and sank immediately. Her eight hundred and ninety-six passengers were saved.

ANY time you find anything in the News that don't suit your fancy cut it out, burn it, and then scatter the ashes to the four winds. That is the way to get satisfaction.

IT is undoubtedly Lent, but just who lent it or borrowed it is something no fellow can just determine. It may be a fast season but there are plenty of people now-a-days fast enough to keep up with it.

TWO caucuses have been called for the township of Holland to be held in the townhouse on Saturday, March 27, at which "double tickets" will be made for the annual election to be held on April 5.

MR. Q. HUYSER, merchant at New Goning, dropped down dead in his store last Saturday evening of heart disease. He leaves a wife and three children. The funeral services took place last Tuesday afternoon.

MR. D. B. K. VAN RAALTE has sold his boot and shoe business to Van Duren Bros., George and Albert, and they propose putting in as fine a stock of goods as was ever in this city. Watch for advertisement in our next issue.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., March 18, 1886: Miss Grace Broene, Mr. Cantrill, Miss Grace Hooper, Ida May Hodgkins, E. W. Leach, John H. Towel and R. A. Wilson. WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

MR. G. BOCKA, who lives on the north side of Macatawa Bay, died last Tuesday morning of a stomach complaint and old age combined. Mr. Bocka was 75 years old and leaves an aged wife and one son. The funeral occurred on Thursday afternoon last.

LAST Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Boyd entertained their many friends with a progressive euchre party. A very fine time was enjoyed by all present. The usual prizes were awarded. The occasion was on the twenty-first anniversary of their marriage.

MISS FRANCES BAKER will speak on the subject of missions in the Methodist church next Sabbath morning and evening. She has been attracting large audiences in Indiana and other parts of the union. Let all interested in this important subject attend.

THE holders of season tickets for the lecture course will bear in mind that the closing lecture of the course by Wallace Bruce is dated Tuesday evening, April 13. Subject "Native Meettie." We shall endeavor to give a short sketch of Mr. Bruce's literary career next week.

THE Grand Rapids Democrat says that John G. Lee, of the News-Journal of Grand Haven, is about to start a weekly paper in Grand Rapids. The new journal is to be independent in politics and devoted to the West Side and its interests, and will fill the only unoccupied field in Grand Rapids journalism.

LAST Sunday noon another old resident of this locality, Mr. G. W. Wilterdink, died at his home about three miles south-east of here. He was eighty-one years old. The funeral occurred last Wednesday in the Ebenezer church. Mr. Wilterdink came to Holland in 1847 and was among the very first Hollanders to locate here.

MR. FRANK WURZBURG and Mr. Geo. A. Smith were in the city a few days since making arrangements for the Philharmonic Society Concert here on March 30th. It is the intention of the Society to give our citizens a musical treat, and we trust they will be met by such an audience here, as will convince them that their visit is appreciated.

NEXT Sunday Union Missionary Services will be held in the Third Church at 2 p. m. and in Hope Church at 7:30 p. m. The preaching at these services will be by Rev. J. H. Wyckoff, one of the honored and successful Missionaries of the Reformed Church. Mr. Wyckoff will give facts in connection with the Missionary work in India, where his labors are put forth.

LAST Tuesday Mr. H. Boone returned from a two weeks' trip in Illinois where he purchased twenty-two very fine horses, among which were two full blooded Norman stallions two years old. Mr. Boone now has some sixty head of horses and intends starting for Boston next week with some forty of them. The horse business is now booming in this locality.

THE Ideal Comedy Company played four nights at the Opera House here this week closing on Thursday night with "Joshua Whitcomb." Their playing gave very fair satisfaction, although on account of some recent changes made in the company some of the members were not well up in their parts. Lambert's Quintette Band furnished music each evening, which was, as remarked by many of the audience, a very pleasing feature of the entertainments.

AMONG our new advertisements our readers will notice an "ad." for J. Flieman, our wagon manufacturer. Mr. Flieman has a large stock of wagons and fine buggies, which he proposes to sell at the very lowest possible prices. Having started the manufacture of platform, combination and express wagons, all who desire can secure just what they want on applying to him. He also manufactures oars and anything in the wood line. Give him a call.

AN exchange very wisely says that printing offices are not run for the fun of the thing. They are business enterprises, pure and simple. It costs time and money to use type. It is just as logical to ask a newspaper man to donate a certain amount of cash to a private enterprise, as to give the use of his type without even an acknowledgement. There is a great deal of "sponging" in this world, and printers are constantly invited to make themselves subjects for the process.

SPRING is almost here. Already the harbingers of the vernal season announce its near approach. The south wind blows, the birds chirp and sing, the school boy hunts up his last year's marbles and, surest sign of all, the hard organ man again parades the boulevards of our metropolis, grinding out his excruciating grist of antiquated airs. We would advise our grocers to look well to their cabbage-heads when this organ appears before them. The mythical power of music over cabbages might be proven, to the grocer's sorrow.

LAST Friday the Michigan & Ohio car, which leaves this station at 10.10 a. m., was derailed near Marshall. The whole train was derailed. The cause of the accident was a defective rail. The coach went down the embankment after having been dragged some distance on its side. Frederick Shaver, of Allegan, aged nine, had his skull fractured, a piece piercing the brain. Mr. Edstein, of Toledo, had his skull injured and was also hurt on the hip. John Hurd, Bridgeport, Conn., proprietor of the Hurd mills of Marshall, had both wrists fractured and other slight injuries. Five ladies and the brakeman were less severely injured.

THE members of Van Raalte Post, G. A. R., on returning from Hamilton where they had been to establish and muster in the members of John W. Purdy, Jr., Post, No. 346, reported that they had a splendid time. The officers of the new post are: Commander, W. W. Howlett; Senior Vice Commander, W. W. Burnett; Junior Vice Commander, H. A. Sears; Adjutant, O. H. Powers; Quartermaster, H. A. Wiltse; Surgeon, A. Thompson; Chaplain, B. La Barge; Officer of the Day, W. H. Mohr; Officer of the Guard, H. L. Beach; Sergeant Major, H. J. Williren; Quartermaster Sergeant, J. Arndt; Outside Sentinel, C. Ackersook.

OUR musicians and music loving citizens will have an opportunity to attend an entertainment in the Opera House here, on Tuesday evening, March 30th, which, from the present indications, promises to be the finest entertainment of the kind ever given in this city. It will be given by the Philharmonic Society of Grand Rapids, under the direction of Prof. R. A. Wellenstein. This is the society which gives the Sunday evening sacred concerts at Power's Opera House, Grand Rapids, and will appear on the stage in Lyceum Opera House with twenty-five orchestral musicians. Further description of the entertainment will be given next week.

THE Common Council have decided to submit the question of building a new engine house and jail to the electors of the city at the coming spring election. The question as to whether we need a new jail and engine house is already settled, we vouch to say, in the minds of nearly every voter in the city. There can be no question as to that. The only difficulty is whether it is advisable to issue city bonds to the amount of three thousand dollars for this purpose. It is cer-

tainly the desire of every person who has a pride in the city to see all city buildings and institutions first-class in every respect. And it certainly pays to do so. We would advise all who are in favor of public improvements to vote for this proposition.

LAST Wednesday Mr. and Mrs. Van der Haar met with an accident which might have been attended with serious consequences. They were on their way, at 12.30 o'clock, to attend the funeral of Mr. G. W. Wilterdink at Ebenezer, when the horse they were driving balked and commenced to back up and backed into a ditch some ten or twelve feet deep. The buggy, horse, and Mr. and Mrs. Van der Haar all went down the embankment together. Strange as it may seem no bones were broken and no injury was sustained by either Mr. Van der Haar or his wife. After a great deal of trouble and hard work the horse was rescued. There was about three feet of water in the ditch which added to the unpleasantness of the catastrophe. Beyond a slight nervous shock no unusual effects were experienced by either of them.

### Popular Clothing Establishment.

IN looking over the stock of cloths recently of one of our tailoring firms we were surprised at the elegant line of fabrics displayed. The idea that fine and attractive goods could not be obtained outside of large cities and large establishments was instantly dispelled, for here in comparatively small space were some of the choicest selections which the market affords in the way of imported cassimeres and worsteds in great variety of styles and many beautiful colors. The prices at which these goods are made up would prove ruinous to firms having large expenses. Brusse Bros. are enabled to make up stylish, first-class garments, and save to their customers the money paid for high rent and cutter's salary. This is an important item and people are beginning to realize that clothes at reasonable prices are not necessarily inferior in any way.

### Funeral of Mrs. Harrington.

THE funeral services of Mrs. Margaret Harrington occurred last Saturday afternoon, Revs. T. W. Jones and H. D. Jordan officiating. There was a large number of friends and relatives of the deceased from this locality present. Mrs. Harrington was born May 23, 1810. On the 13th October, 1830 she was married to Mr. G. Harrington. By industry and economy they together acquired a farm near Oswego, N. Y. This farm was exchanged for land in Michigan and they left for their new home in this state in September, 1845. In April, 1847, they moved to a piece of land in what is now the township of Fillmore and have remained there until death overtook them. Mr. Harrington died in December, 1881. The Harrington farm is well known and remembered by all the earlier settlers in this section and "Grandma" Harrington, during the early history of this place, has indeed befriended many weary and homesick immigrants who were trying to establish a home in this their adopted country. Her memory will be cherished in the minds of many of our most prominent and successful citizens of to-day.

### Vocal Music Entertainment.

Prof. Shepherd, who has taught vocal music in our Public Schools for the last two years, intends letting the scholars on the lower floors of the school, who are from four to six years of age, demonstrate their learning at the Opera House next Thursday evening. Prof. Shepherd has done a noble and very satisfactory work in this line in our schools and should meet with the encouragement he deserves. He says that the children in the lowest rooms are ahead, in this study, of any scholars he has ever taught. He will guarantee that they will read and sing any piece of music of the tonic sol fa system, of common time and without accidental notes, that may be set before them. They are thoroughly conversant with the hand signs and can produce the notes by numerical signatures. This in scholars so young is truly wonderful and all parents should know the remarkable progress their children are making. The admission will be on invitation of the scholars in these lower rooms and will be confined simply to the parents and friends of the children. Don't let any miss this opportunity of witnessing their child's progress in vocal music.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS CONDENSED.

### THE EAST.

EX-SENATOR SIMON CAMERON celebrated his 88th birthday at Harrisburg, Pa., March 9. He received numerous personal and telegraphic congratulations.

THE committee of the New York Senate which investigated the Broadway railroad charter unanimously reported that it was procured by bribery, and recommended that swift justice be dealt the guilty parties. Four bills have been prepared to restore the franchise and property to its rightful owners.

A STEAM tugboat exploded in Boston harbor, being completely demolished. There were five men on her, all of whom were instantly killed. The Governor of Massachusetts granted a respite for one month to Allan Adams, the Amherst murderer, because he is too weak to stand upright on the gallows.

AN aged inmate of the almshouse near Lebanon, Pennsylvania, threw Paris green into a huge kettle of coffee, by which one hundred persons were poisoned, ten or more of them fatally.

THE Secretary of State of New Jersey ordered the Dime Savings Bank of New Brunswick to close its doors. There are rumors that Arthur G. Ogilby, the Treasurer, is a defaulter for \$80,000.

ANDREW J. BACKUS, a business man of North End, Pa., while eating sausage on a wagon was choked by the meat, and died under a surgical operation. Fire Chief Mahady was thrown from his buggy at New York, and was killed by falling under the wheels of a fire engine.

WHILE rehearsing a drama at Turner Hall, Pittsburg, Sunday evening, John Egeder was accidentally and fatally shot by A. Welder. A brutal prize-fight was fought Sunday morning at Rye, just on the border-line between New York and Connecticut. Jack Dempsey, of New York, in thirteen bitterly contested rounds established his superiority as a slugger over George LeBlanche, of Boston, and was awarded the stakes of \$2,000 and a purse of as much more.

### THE WEST.

IN a letter to the Sheriff of Daviess County Gov. Gray, of Indiana, refers to the hanging of the Archers, and declares that "the frequent lynchings in Indiana of prisoners charged with crime is bringing the State into public disgrace." The Sheriff is called upon in future "to take such precautionary measures as will enable you to uphold and maintain the majesty of the law." Five hundred convicts in the State Prison at Jackson, Mich., witnessed a performance of the "Mikado" in the prison chapel. The song "Taken from a County Jail" was rapturously applauded.

AN attempt to run a freight-train from St. Louis on the Missouri Pacific Road on March 11, the fifth day of the great strike of Gould's men, was a failure, the engine being seized by the strikers twenty miles out and "killed." A train was sent out from Little Rock, Ark., under guidance of officers of the law. Traffic is open at Big Springs, Tex., and telegrams have been received from the engineers on the Transcontinental Division of the Texas Pacific that they will stand by the company. At St. Louis the engineers are abandoning their engines by order of the Knights of Labor. Some freight trains are running on the Central Branch Division of the Missouri Pacific Road in Kansas. John C. Brown, Receiver of the Texas and Pacific Road, on being requested by T. V. Powderly to arbitrate difficulties with the Knights of Labor, replied that United States Marshals, under writs from the Federal Court, are settling troubles for him. The superintendent of the Missouri Pacific Road held a conference with freight engineers, who agreed to resume work when permitted to do so.

THE Standard Oil Company has induced the railways to abrogate a contract which called for 7 1/2 cents per hundred pounds on petroleum from Chicago to the Pacific coast. It appears that the mysterious corporation has for years been enjoying an advantage of 4 1/2 cents per hundred over its rivals.

AT Logansport, Ind., the tank of a gasoline stove exploded, its flaming fluid saturating the clothing of Sarah Hassett and Joseph Heffner, both of whom started on a run with their clothing ablaze. Both were captured after an exciting chase, but cannot survive their fearful burns.

IN the great strike on the Gould Southwest lines both sides seem to be standing firm. Officers of the Missouri Pacific Road made several unsuccessful attempts to run freight trains out of St. Louis on the sixth day of the strike, and late in the afternoon they applied to the State Circuit Court for injunctions to restrain leading strikers from entering on the property of the road. An attorney and several deputy sheriffs undertook to run the gauntlet at Parsons, Kansas, but a strong engine, run by strikers, coupled on behind and pulled the official locomotive back into the yards. Two thousand persons stood in the yards at Sedalia for three hours to hear the Mayor read the riot act, and see engineers and firemen refuse to take out trains. At night ten prominent Knights of Labor were arrested on State warrants for disabling an engine.

ARGUMENTS in a Chicago court room for a new trial of the Wiehe-Moran breach-of-promise case were suspended by reason of an offer by Mrs. Wiehe to pay the judgment of \$750 on condition that the case end there. The Toledo, Ohio, House of Refuge was destroyed by fire. The loss was about \$40,000. A committee from Montana is about to besiege Congress to cut down the North Reservation, occupied by some 2,000 Blackfeet and kindred tribes, and consisting of 2,000,000 acres of land. Between Joliet and Morris, Ill., masked robbers entered the United States Express car on a Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific train early the other morning, and after

killing the messenger robbed the safe of between \$25,000 and \$35,000. The victim of the assassins was an old and faithful employe named Nichols. He resided in Chicago. The railway company has offered a large reward for the arrest of the villains responsible for the foul deed.

### THE SOUTH.

THE outcome of the great strike on Gould's Southwestern railroad system is still a matter of grave doubt. Each side appears determined to hold out, and the railroad managers, it is said, have declared that it is their intention to settle in this instance the question whether in future they shall be dictated to by the Knights or whether the Knights shall be dictated to by them. As an evidence of their determination to fight it out the railroad managers yesterday "dropped" about 5,000 clerks, telegraph-operators, and other men in their service who do not belong to the Knights. Business among St. Louis shippers and on 'Change there is paralyzed.

IN the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court in the Custom House at New Orleans, J. G. Brown, a steamboat captain, assaulted a lawyer named M. A. Grace, who drew his revolver and shot Brown three times. The latter drew his weapon, followed Grace into an outer room, and shot him dead. Brown's chances of recovery are very slight.

FLAMES originating in the Brunswick saloon at Hot Springs, Arkansas, destroyed property valued at \$100,000.

NEARLY successful attempts at suicide by poison were made in New Orleans by Patrick Ford and John Murphy, two of the assassins of Captain A. H. Murphy, who were to be hanged at noon of the 12th. When the fact became known, the Sheriff asked instructions of Governor McEnery, who ordered the warrants carried out. About noon the inanimate bodies of the doomed men were taken to the scaffold, held erect while the nooses were adjusted, and swung off in accordance with the sentence.

### WASHINGTON.

THE contract for carrying the mails between Vicksburg and New Orleans by river, once a week, was let at \$1,000 per annum.

PUBLIC PRINTER ROUNDS is badly in need of funds to continue the work at the Government Printing Office during the remainder of the present year. His present appropriation is \$50,000 less than it was at the corresponding long session two years ago, while the number of bills introduced and other matter requiring to be printed is at least 15 per cent. in excess of any previous session. If he does not succeed in securing an extra appropriation of \$75,000, wages in his department will have to be reduced, or a large number of the employees indefinitely furloughed. Peter Bias, colored, in a drunken quarrel with Annie Blackus, his mistress, shot and killed her, and then shot himself three times. He will die.

MAJOR GENERAL POPE has been placed on the retired list. In response to a request contained in a letter from Cheyenne, last November, the Postmaster General has traced out the rightful owner of \$40 stolen from the mails twenty years ago, and is now endeavoring to find a person to whom the sum of \$100 ought to be remitted. These amounts were sent to the department by a conscience-stricken man. President Cleveland and his Cabinet, together with members of the diplomatic corps, the Judges of the Supreme Court, and Senators, attended the funeral of Senator Miller at the Capitol. The remains were sent by special train to their last resting place in California.

### POLITICAL.

EX-SENATOR WILLIAM H. BARNUM has retired from the position of general manager of the Iron Cliff Mining Co., and is succeeded by John Abeel, of New York. Reports have reached Canada that six mounted policemen were killed by Indians near Regina, and that the police at Edmonton and Saskatchewan bid defiance to their officers.

BY a decision of the Supreme Court of Georgia, George T. Jackson will spend six years in the penitentiary for embezzling \$117,000 of the funds of the Enterprise Cotton Company, of Augusta.

DANIEL J. DALTON, Clerk of the Courts of Hamilton County, Ohio, was taken to Columbus by the Sergeant-at-arms of the House and arraigned at the bar, where he handed to the investigating committee the returns of election for a precinct in Cincinnati which the Supreme Court had ordered him to produce. In presence of a large number of spectators the House adopted a resolution that Dalton had purged himself of contempt.

A NEW YORK correspondent alleges that Congressman Frank Hiseock will try to capture the New York Senatorship.

### GENERAL.

A DISPATCH from Ashland, Kentucky, asserts that it can be conclusively proven that Neal, Craft, and Ellis were innocent of the murder of three children, for which they were executed, and that the real perpetrators are about to be arrested.

HON. J. B. CHAFFEE, the millionaire ex-United States Senator of Colorado, died near New York. He was the father-in-law of Ulysses S. Grant, Jr. The death at Philadelphia of the wife of Hon. B. H. Brewster, late Attorney General at Washington, is also announced; also, the death of the wife of Col. W. B. Thompson, of Chattanooga, Tenn., who was the daughter of Hon. D. M. Key, the Postmaster General in President Hayes' Cabinet.

THE report of a medical commission was presented in the Dominion Parliament, showing that Riel was of sound mind, though he held peculiar views on religious and political questions.

A LOSS of \$130,000 was caused in Montreal by a fire which originated in the ship-chandlery house of Sonnet & Leroy, in Commissioners street, and extended to three other buildings. One fireman was buried by falling walls, and a party of nine others had a miraculous escape from death while on a ladder. The United States steamer Galena with her prize, the steamer City of Mexico, has arrived at Key West, Fla.

There are several cases of yellow fever reported on board the Galena, though the Captain acknowledges the presence of but one. Opinion is divided as to whether the City of Mexico committed any violations of international law which justified her seizure.

FRIENDS from Chicago were invited to attend the sixtieth wedding anniversary of Captain Henry L. Bud, of Chambersburg, Pa., one of the few survivors of the war of 1812. "The National League of Musicians" was organized at New York, with M. Corwin, of Cincinnati, as President. P. S. Gilmore is one of the Vice Presidents. The next meeting will be held at Chicago in March, 1887.

THE Chinese Consul stationed at New York has gone to Connecticut to investigate the boycott recently instituted against laundries at New Britain. The Typographical Union of New Haven demands control of the composing-room of the *Palladium*. It is stated that at the Baltic cotton-mills, near Norwich, where one thousand employes have quit work, the highest wages paid is 83 cents for eleven hours' work. The Trades' Assembly of Akron, Ohio, has boycotted all factories in which J. F. Sieberling holds an interest.

LITTLE ROCK strikers who had followed an Iron Mountain freight train and disabled the engine, were in turn pursued by another engine, manned by United States Marshal Fletcher and a posse, and captured at the bridge at Little Rock. The strikers refused to stop and jumped off, and the Marshal and his men began firing, wounding one of the strikers severely and capturing seven others. A freight train was sent out from St. Louis on the 13th inst. (sixth day of the strike). Rumors are current at the latter city that negotiations are progressing between the railroad officials and the Executive Committee of the Knights at Sedalia. At other points affairs are unchanged. The street-car strike in Toronto continues, though cars are now taken out with the aid of the police. The attacks upon cars have been made, it is said, not by the striking men, but by the rough element of the city, eager to improve any occasion for a disturbance.

THE winter wheat crop, according to special reports in the *Chicago Times*, will only reach an average, even with favorable weather for the next thirty days. About 30 per cent. of the acreage was sown late, from fear of the Hessian fly, and this portion has recently suffered from the weather. The greatest falling off in acreage is in the States of Illinois, Kansas, and Missouri. For no period longer than twenty days has the growing crop been protected throughout the winter wheat belt. The outlook is the most encouraging on the Pacific slope.

NEW YORK telegram: "The Cunard steamer Oregon was run into by a schooner off Fire Island. She went down a few hours after. The crew and passengers were taken off on a pilot-boat and a schooner. Over 800 passengers were subsequently transferred to the steamer Fulda and taken to New York. The Oregon was one of the noted fast steamers." The Catholic Bishop of Montreal annulled the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Globensky to her cousin, Daniel Wilson, and granted a dispensation under which she has wedded a young merchant of St. Placide named Sauve. A fall of snow, a most surprising occurrence at this season of the year, is reported from Saltillo and Monterey, in Mexico.

### FOREIGN.

THE appointment of Mr. John Morley as Chief Secretary for Ireland is received with moderate friendliness by the papers of the Green Isle. In the event of Morley's defeat for re-election at Newcastle, Mr. Parnell offers to find him a constituency in Ireland.

AT Monte Carlo a young commercial traveler who was on his bridal tour and had stopped for a few days at Monaco, committed suicide after ruining himself at the gaming table. The cable announces the death of the Rev. Hugh Stowell Brown, the famous Baptist preacher of Liverpool, who in early life ran a locomotive on the London and Northwestern Road.

ANOTHER stage has been reached in the reconciliation between the church and the state in the appointment of a Bishop to the long vacant Roman Catholic See of Ermland, Prussia.

MONTE CARLO has scored two more victims. An English Baronet who had been ruined by gambling committed suicide, whereupon a governess in his employ poisoned herself with laudanum. Thirty-five persons, including several women, perished in the flames of a burning factory in Prussian Silesia. The British War Office contemplates the establishment of an agency for the regular purchase of cavalry horses in Canada for use in the English army.

EXTREMELY cold weather prevails in France and Austria. The great gambling house at Monte Carlo is still making money and driving its patrons to desperation. The latest advices are to the effect that a wealthy citizen of Milan recently hanged himself in the Casino garden. An Hungarian nobleman, who had been ruined at the tables, stabbed himself in the gambling-room. His body was thrown from a window and fell upon a keeper, who has since gone mad. Gendarmes now watch the paths in the gardens to prevent further suicides.

A LONDON cablegram, in announcing the bankruptcy of Princess Helena, states that in the past ten years she spent £5,000,000. The official report of the collision on the railway between Monte Carlo and Mentone places the number of killed at four and the injured twenty-three. The British Government, in arranging for a military route to India by way of the Canadian Pacific Road, has decided to create an arsenal at Halifax, send a second regiment to the garrison, and make that port the greatest naval station in America.

CHOLERA has broken out sharply in the neighborhood of Venice, and still flickers in Spain. The Parliament of Sweden rejected a proposition to levy customs duties on foreign wheat entering its ports. The Mayor of Chateau Neuf has been fined 50 francs for calling an Alsatian "Prussian," and sentenced to pay the injured party 500 francs. At the recent parliamentary dinner, Dr. Kopp, Bishop of Fulda, and Bismarck exchanged complimentary speeches. The latter referred in highest terms to the Pope.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

THE American Tract Society held its annual meeting in Washington. The receipts for the year reached \$357,305, while the expenditures aggregated \$352,141. The number of families visited during the year was 145,415. Jay Gould, in an interview in Florida, stated that the labor outbreak in the Southwest originated on a road beyond his control, and in the hands of the Federal courts. He thinks that the Knights are beginning to see that they are making war on the general public.

THE Pacific roads now sell first-class limited tickets from Chicago to San Francisco or Los Angeles for \$34.50, with a rebate of \$5 at the western terminus. The Presidents of the roads are corresponding with a view to the restoration of rates. The Atchison Road proposes the formation of two pools, with Ogden as the dividing line. The remains of ex-Senator Chaffee were interred at Adrian, Mich., with appropriate services. At the vault the little daughter of U. S. Grant, Jr., grand-daughter of the deceased, placed a bouquet of water-lilies upon the case. Judge Tuley, of Chicago, holds the belief that under the law of Illinois no court has the power to suspend a sentence formally imposed by a jury as part of its verdict. Ex-Governor William Irwin, of California, died at San Francisco.

J. HARRIS ROGERS testified in the telephone investigation at Washington that he gave \$10,000 in Pan-Electric stock to Richard Winter Smith. At a meeting at which Senator Harris, Gen. Johnston, Mr. Young, and witness were present, Mr. Young said that a number of members of Congress wanted to become interested in the Pan-Electric Company, and had frequently importuned him on the subject. It was proposed that members of Congress should give \$20, but Young suggested that that was too much. Witness testified that an effort was made in 1883, or the beginning of 1884, to have him appointed Electrician of the House of Representatives, and Senators Harris and Garland had gone to see Architect Clark. Witness expected to take advantage of the engines, dynamos, and other machinery to carry on experiments which would benefit both his associates and the Government. General Johnson went to see the Speaker in his behalf. Witness was questioned as to the date of the interview in which Mr. Young stated that Attorney General Garland had promised to bring suit, and fixed the date at some time early in July. In reply to a question put by the Chairman, witness said that Pan-Electric stock was given to his associates for three reasons—because they held official positions and were widely known, because they were lawyers, and because he was satisfied that they would do business honorably.

THE sub-committee of the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice has decided to report favorably Mr. Springer's bill to change the law so that United States District Attorneys and Marshals shall receive fixed salaries instead of being paid by fees. Michael Hahn, representing the Second District of Louisiana in Congress, died suddenly in Washington, of hemorrhage of the lungs. He aided in the reconstruction of his State, and was its first Governor after the war.

A NUMBER of petitions from local assemblies of Knights of Labor throughout the country, favoring the building of the Hennepin Canal, were presented in the Senate on March 15. Also memorials of the Knights of Labor protesting against the denial of the extra pay which had been provided for by law for workmen in the Government service who worked more than eight hours per day. In presenting one of these memorials Mr. Ingalls said the complaint was a just one, and the nation had been disgraced by the violation of a law complained of in the memorial. Mr. Ingalls presented a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment providing that the 30th of April shall be the day for the beginning of the successive administrations of the Government hereafter instead of the 4th of March. The Senate adopted, by a vote of 25 to 21, an amendment of the widows' pension bill offered by Senator Van Wyck, providing that the pensions of children who are idiotic or insane shall continue during the existence of such idiocy or insanity. A message from the House of Representatives announced to the Senate the death of Representative Hahn. Mr. Enslin moved the customary resolutions of regret, on the adoption of which the Senate, out of respect to the memory of the deceased, adjourned. Immediately after reading the journal the House adjourned out of respect to the memory of Representative Hahn, of Louisiana.

### THE MARKETS.

#### NEW YORK.

BEEVES	.....	\$5.00	@ 7.00
HOGS	.....	4.25	@ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.....	.96	@ .97
No. 2 Red	.....	.95	@ .96
CORN—No. 2	.....	.47 1/2	@ .48 1/2
OATS—White	.....	.40	@ .46
PORK—Mess	.....	10.75	@ 11.25

#### CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers	.....	6.00	@ 6.50
Good Shipping	.....	4.75	@ 5.50
Common	.....	3.75	@ 4.25
HOGS—Shipping Grades	.....	4.25	@ 4.75
Flour—Extra Spring	.....	4.75	@ 5.25
Choice Winter	.....	4.50	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.....	.81 1/2	@ .82 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.....	.37	@ .38
OATS—No. 2	.....	.30	@ .31
RYE—No. 2	.....	.58	@ .60
BARLEY—No. 3	.....	.52	@ .58
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.....	.28	@ .30
Fine Dairy	.....	.22	@ .24
CHEESE—Full Cream, new	.....	.11 1/2	@ .12 1/2
Skimmed Flats	.....	.06	@ .07
EGGS—Fresh	.....	.12 1/2	@ .13 1/2
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.	.....	.55	@ .58
PORK—Mess	.....	10.00	@ 10.25

#### MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—Cash	.....	.51 1/2	@ .52 1/2
CORN—No. 2	.....	.37	@ .38
OATS—No. 2	.....	.29	@ .31
RYE—No. 1	.....	.65	@ .67
PORK—New Mess	.....	10.00	@ 10.25

#### ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	.91	@ .92
CORN—Mixed	.....	.35 1/2	@ .36 1/2
OATS—Mixed	.....	.30	@ .31
PORK—New Mess	.....	10.00	@ 10.25

#### CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	.93	@ .95
CORN—No. 2	.....	.37	@ .38
OATS—No. 2	.....	.33	@ .34
PORK—Mess	.....	10.25	@ 10.75
LIVE HOGS	.....	4.00	@ 4.50

#### DETROIT.

BEEF CATTLE	.....	4.50	@ 5.50
HOGS	.....	3.25	@ 4.25
SHEEP	.....	3.50	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.....	.90	@ .92
CORN—No. 2	.....	.38	@ .39 1/2
OATS—No. 2	.....	.35	@ .37

#### INDIANAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.....	.91	@ .92
CORN—New	.....	.34	@ .35
OATS—No. 2	.....	.30	@ .31 1/2

#### EAST LIBERTY.

CATTLE—Best	.....	5.00	@ 5.50
Fair	.....	4.50	@ 5.00
Common	.....	3.50	@ 4.25
HOGS	.....	4.50	@ 5.00
SHEEP	.....	4.50	@ 5.00

#### BUFFALO.

WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.....	.95	@ .98
CORN—Yellow	.....	.42	@ .43
CATTLE	.....	5.00	@ 5.50

### CONGRESS.

#### What Is Being Done by the National Legislature.

THE bill authorizing the Central Missouri Railway Company to build a railroad bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Alton, Ill., was passed by the Senate, on the 9th. Senator Edmunds spoke at length on the subject of suspensions. He opened with a reference to former differences between the Senate and the executive branch of the Government, and said that for nearly fifty years Congress and its committees had been furnished upon request and without question with the public papers file in the department. The House passed the bills requiring Pacific railroads to pay the cost of surveying their lands and to take out patents for the lands; also, by a vote of 249 to 8, a bill forbidding the hiring out of the labor of Federal prisoners. The Secretary of War transmitted to the House reports of Chief of Engineers Newton and Maj. Handbury, of the engineers corps, in reference to surveys for the Hennepin Canal. Maj. Handbury recommends the Marais O'Leir route, and estimates the cost of the canal at \$5,311,367, exclusive of the cost of the "Dixon feeder," which will cost \$1,664,117. General Newton adheres to his previous recommendation of the Rock Island route.

THE urgent-deficiency bill with an amendment appropriating \$30,000 to defray the expenses of Gen. Grant's funeral, was passed by the Senate on the 10th. The Secretary of the Treasury reported in the Senate in reply to a resolution of inquiry, that the reduction of the public debt from July 1, 1877, to June 30, 1885, has exceeded the requirements of the Sinking Fund by \$312,617,531. The amount of 3 per cent. outstanding is \$181,693,250, and these are the only bonds now outstanding redeemable at the option of the Government. As these bonds may be absorbed before the maturity of the 4 1/2 per cent. bonds of 1881, in reference to next in order for redemption, further additions to the fund can only be made by the purchase of bonds in open market. Senators Riddleberger (Va.) and Logan (Ill.) enlisted the Senate proceedings by a sharp personal controversy. The chair having laid before the Senate in the absence of Senator Logan the latter's resolution to refer to the Committee on Rules for investigation the letter of Mr. Eads denying that he (Eads) had any representatives on the floor of the Senate. Senator Riddleberger called attention to the fact that the letter had crept into the *Record*, and attempted to speak on the subject, but was induced by Senator Cullum (Ill.) to postpone the matter. Later, Senator Logan being then present, Senator Riddleberger called up the subject again, and asked Senator Logan how he had got the letter into the *Record*. Senator Logan said that he had nothing to do with getting it into the *Record*. He had treated the Senator kindly, but if the Senator stated that he was the "representative" of anybody in any sense except a perfectly proper sense he stated what was absolutely untrue. Senator Riddleberger said he merely meant that he was Mr. Eads' representative to the extent of putting his letter in the *Record*. During a debate over the North American appropriation bill in the House (Senator Logan) proposed the education of the Indian as ineffectual to civilize him, and favored the granting of land in severalty to Indians. In his opinion the man who still favored this reservation system was rendering the future of the Indian certain—certain destruction. The Senate bill to repeal the civil-service reform law was reported adversely. Mr. Stone (Mo.) was given permission to file a minority report.

RESOLUTIONS inviting the House of Representatives, the President, Cabinet, Supreme Court, and Foreign Legations to be present at the funeral of Senator Miller, on the 13th, were adopted by the Senate on the 11th. Senators Jones (Nev.), Frye, Cullum, Butler and Gray were appointed a committee to accompany the body to California. The Senate adopted resolutions of respect for the memory of the dead Senator. The Senate in executive session continued the consideration of Mr. Demant to be Surveyor-General of Utah. The vote stood 25 to 22. Gen. Logan and five other Republicans voting with the Democrats. The President returned to the Senate without his approval of the bill to quiet title of settlers on the Des Moines River land in Iowa. The President says in his veto message that every possible question that ought to be raised in any suit relating to these lands has been determined by the highest judicial authority, and if any substantial point remains unsettled he believes there is no difficulty in presenting it to the proper tribunal. Senator Logan submitted the views of the minority of the Military Committee on the Fitz-John Porter bill. It is the same report presented by the minority in the last Congress, with the addition of Gen. Logan's letter in reply to Gen. Grant's article in the *National American Review* justifying the conduct of Fitz-John Porter. In the House, Mr. Snowden, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department, reported a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Navy for a statement showing the amount of money expended in the Ordnance Shop at the Washington Navy Yard, the number of guns made, altered, and repaired, the number and number of cartridges purchased, and from whom.

A BILL to forfeit certain lands in Iowa was passed by the Senate on the 15th. The session was mainly devoted to the speech by Mr. Kenna in opposition to the Edmunds resolutions. The executive session was devoted to the confirmation of a large number of minor nominations, mostly Postmasters. There was no contest over any of the cases considered. Secretary Manning has communicated to the Ways and Means Committee of the House his approval of a bill extending the draw-back system to all exported articles manufactured of imported materials. A bill granting a pension of \$2,000 per annum to the widow of General Hancock was favorably reported by the Committee on Invalid Pensions. Representative Weaver, of Nebraska, asked leave to offer the following preamble and resolution: "Whereas, nearly every Congress embraces at least one crank; and whereas, the present Congress is no exception to this rule; and whereas, it should not be in the power of an idiot, insane man or crank to prevent the consideration of any measure; therefore, Resolved, That the rules of this House be so amended that it shall require at least two members to object to the consideration of a bill." The reading of the resolution was greeted with applause, but Mr. Springer, of Illinois, objected to it on the ground that it was not respectful to the House. At the evening session forty-five pension bills were passed.

#### Fine Strings of Pearls.

The increased favor given by fashion to low-necked evening dress has encouraged the jewelers to put together some very beautiful and costly necklaces. Three strings of pearls recently shown in this city were valued at \$3,200, \$2,200 and \$1,500, respectively, without the pretty diamond clasps which fastened them. The pearls were graduated, and of beautiful color and shape, but as one must be a poet to love Spenser, one must be accustomed to jewels to appreciate the refined beauty of pearls, and half the women who saw the three necklaces and some rival diamonds which blazed near them in another necklace would have chosen the diamonds if not informed of their comparative cheapness. The cost of this pretty bauble was \$750, and it was a pretty band of stones in a light gold setting, but it had a star pendant, with a great sapphire in the center, which added two-thirds more to its price, and was a beautiful ornament by itself. The combinations of diamonds and colored stones are also very fine this season, not only in pendants but also in rings. One of the latter, in which a turquoise as big as a hummingbird's egg is surrounded by diamond sparks, is pretty enough to figure in one of Mrs. Spofford's stories. —*Boston Transcript*.



## SMITTEN AT HIS POST.

**Murder of an Express Messenger by Masked Train-Robbers.**

**The Assassins Capture Thirty Thousand Dollars in Money and Jewelry.**

(Chicago telegram.)

A train robbery which equals in its daring and exceeds in brutality most of the robberies common a few years ago on Southwestern roads was committed early yesterday morning between Joliet and Morris, on the Rock Island Road. None of the so-called Jesse James gangs ever went to work more coolly and deliberately to plunder, and, if necessary, to kill, than did the robbers who murdered Kellogg Nichols, messenger of the United States Express Company, and robbed his safe of \$21,000 in money and several packages of jewelry, supposed to be worth at least \$5,000.

Kellogg Nichols, an old employe of the United States Express Company, was in charge of the express car of the night train from Chicago for Davenport and the West, and N. H. Watts, a man about 25 years old, was baggage master for the trip.

When the train arrived at Morris the conductor of the train, F. L. Wagner, jumped onto the depot platform, and at the same moment, Watts, the baggage master, jumped off, his face deathly pale, and with tremor in every motion. When asked what was the matter he could not for a moment explain, so great was his terror and excitement. The agent at Morris, on going to the express car, was surprised to find the door of the car locked. Hereafter he had always found Nichols standing at the door ready to receive or deliver packages. After waiting a few minutes he knocked at the door, and, getting no response, opened it with his key and jumped in the car. After calling out for Nichols and looking around the car he was struck with horror to see the express messenger lying covered with blood and battered to death in a corner of the car. A glance into the car next in the rear showed him that the safe in the adjoining compartment had been opened and most of its contents, in the shape of papers, packages, and envelopes, scattered near and around it. By this time Watts, the baggage master, had recovered enough composure to tell his story.

He said: "I was sitting in the car; the chains were up on the door which went back to the train, but the door in the front part of the car was not locked, as the car ahead was the one in which was the messenger. He was checking up his runs. I sat on a trunk, and just after they had whistled for Minooka I heard a sort of scraping sound on the floor, but not much—just as though some one had rubbed his foot on the floor. Before I could turn around a big gun was poked over my shoulder, and a man said: 'You open your mouth or move a muscle, and I'll blow your brains out.' I could only see the lower part of his face; it was covered with some cloth or paper. I sat looking toward the back part of the car toward the rear of the train, when I heard some one at the safe, which was behind me, and could hear the rustling and tearing of papers. This went on for a while, and the man who stood over me said to me, 'If you move or stir hand or foot before the train stops at Morris that man up there will blow the top of your head off.' I rolled my eyes up, and there was a man's hand stuck through the ventilator with a gun in it. In about five minutes, as it seemed to me, the train slowed up for Morris, and I looked up. The head was gone, and I jumped out of the car. I heard no noise, nor any shooting. The first I heard was, as I said, the man speaking to me, and at the same time putting the gun over my shoulder. They must have gotten into Nichols' car first, and got the key to the safe before they came in to me."

"Why didn't you jump and get out of range?" was asked Watts. "The motion of the train would make his aim unsteady, anyway, even if he had fired."

"O, the outlook was too dangerous, and, besides, I did not suspect anything horrible would have been committed if I kept quiet." As soon as Watts had told his story Conductor Wagner went forward to the engineer, C. Woods, telling him that Nichols had been murdered. The engineer grabbed a wrench and together they went into the car where Nichols lay. In a statement made at Davenport, Engineer Woods said: "The distance from my place in the cab to the spot where the dead messenger lay was about twenty feet. There was a door in the end of the car next the engine, but that end was piled full of goods, which would serve to deaden the sound of the shooting, if any occurred. There was a strong wind blowing from the west, and besides we were running pretty fast. From the looks of the car a desperate and bloody battle had been fought. Nichols, the messenger, was dead, but his hands were not cold. He had evidently tried to reach the automatic valve on the south side of the car at the right hand of the door facing outward, and by this means stop the train. There was a chair at the farther end of the car. Nichols lay on his back, the head toward the engine, his feet tangled in the chair, and his face and body cut all to pieces. There was a bent piece of iron a foot long and seven-eighths of an inch thick. From appearances he had been beaten with this and cut with some sharp instrument like a hatchet. He was horribly mutilated. He might have been shot, but of this I am not sure."

"As to the night and speed of running," the engineer continued, "it was snowing a little and the night was very dark. It is mostly a prairie country from Joliet to Morris, but west of Morris there is a heavy belt of timber. From Minooka to Morris is down. So I could run fast, and I did so. I came into Morris at a high rate of speed, and when the train stopped it simply dropped. I do not believe any person could have left the train a block from the point of stopping with safety."

According to Engineer Woods computation the robbers did not have more than thirty-two minutes to do their work.

HELENA, M. T., has a lady superintendent of schools who has Indian blood in her veins. She is highly educated, and has a decided dramatic talent.

## RAISING A BOYCOTT.

**Knights of Labor Score a Point Against the Employment of Convict Labor.**

(Chicago telegram.)

The boycott declared by the Illinois Knights of Labor at their convention in Decatur against Phelps, Dodge and Palmer, Selz, Schwab & Co., and C. H. Fargo & Co., boot and shoe dealers of Chicago, was lifted yesterday. The manufacturers came to the terms dictated by the Knights, and signed the following:

The disagreement existing between the Knights of Labor of Illinois and the firm of Phelps, Dodge & Palmer, concerning the employment of convicts in the State Penitentiary for the manufacture of boots and shoes, is, by this agreement, settled. Both parties agree that convict-contract labor should not come in conflict with free labor, and that the interest of the public is better served by its discontinuance. Such being the sentiment of Phelps, Dodge & Palmer, they voluntarily agree that they will not, directly or indirectly, renew any of their existing contracts for contract labor; they also agree that they will cancel all their contracts for contract labor with the State of Indiana as soon as the State of Indiana will relieve them from said contracts, or any liability by virtue of said contracts. Phelps, Dodge & Palmer further agree that they will not knowingly buy boots and shoes of any manufacturer using convict labor. Phelps, Dodge & Palmer further agree that no one seeking employment in their factory at Chicago shall be refused employment on account of being a member of the Knights of Labor.

The compromise was signed by representatives of the firms, and by Robert Bennett, President; J. P. Trench, Secretary, and George Rodgers, John J. Mahoney, James Courtney, and John Budlong, members of the Executive Board of Knights.

Included in the boycott originally declared were C. M. Henderson & Co. and M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, and Pettigill & Co., of Peoria. A new boycott will be declared against them at once. Members of the yielding firms say the meeting was held at the request of the board. The members of the board say it was called by the firms. The influences which prompted the agreement are mysterious. Neither the members of the board nor of the conceding firms will express themselves lucidly on that point. There exists an understanding—an oral agreement—between the parties, which appears to be more potent than the written one. This they all acknowledge, but refuse to explain. An analysis of the agreement shows that it has no immediate effect upon the business methods of the firms concerned.

Selz, Schwab & Co. employ 451 men in the Joliet penitentiary, on three contracts. One of these, controlling the labor of seventy-five men, expires in a year; another expires in 1889, and the other, for the labor of the majority of the men, expires in 1892. The firm recently closed a contract with the prison authorities. Mr. Schwab explained to a reporter that he was heartily in accord with the abolishment of contract labor, and for that reason alone had signed the agreement. He said the firm had a factory in Chicago, employing free labor, from which good results had been obtained. He said in connection with this, that Chicago manufacturers were compelled to employ prison labor to compete with the East. He insisted that his firm is of the opinion that contract prison labor is a wrong principle, and that when the Knights of Labor demanded its abolishment his house was entirely willing to comply.

The firm of C. H. Fargo & Co. employs about two hundred prisoners in the Michigan Penitentiary. Their contract expires in two years. Mr. C. H. Fargo said yesterday that he would rather not discuss the influences which caused him to sign the agreement. He had carefully considered the matter, and found that it was to his business interests to agree with the Knights.

Phelps, Dodge & Palmer employ 130 men in the Indiana Prison. Their contract expires in three years.

## IN A MOB'S CLUTCHES.

**The Brothers Archer, Threes in Number, Taken from Jail and Lynched.**

(Shoals Ind.) special.)

The members of the notorious Archer gang, who have been confined in the County Jail here for several weeks past on a charge of having been concerned in several brutal and unprovoked murders, but more especially for the killing of old man Bunch, expired their crimes just before 1 o'clock this morning at the hands of a mob of determined men, all armed and thoroughly prepared to carry out their purpose.

The mob was composed of many of the farmers of the surrounding country, and was quiet and orderly. On reaching the city the men passed rapidly along through the streets until the jail, situated in West Shoals, was reached. The keys were at once demanded of the jailer, but were refused. Without tarrying a moment for a colloquy the spokesman of the mob pushed the jailer aside, and, crying out to the men to follow him, led the way up to the door. A few vigorous strokes against it, and it fell in with a crash. In an instant the excited men were before the iron gratings of the cells.

These were speedily broken open by a hammer, and the doomed prisoners led out into the court-yard adjoining the jail. The mob was as silent as death. From the court-yard the prisoners were led a short distance up the road to a place where three trees had been extemporized into three ghastly gallows. Here the prisoners were given a few moments in which to exchange parting greetings or to make confession of their crimes. But the three men made no sign, and as the three nooses were slipped about their necks they stood composed and resigned to their fate.

The ends of the rope were then thrown over the limbs of the trees, a strong pull was given by each of the little groups of men who held the ropes, and in an instant the three lifeless bodies of John, Martin, and Thomas Archer were dangling heavily in mid-air. In a moment the lynching party was gone, leaving its victims still warm in death. Anxious citizens are now thronging in to view the bodies, and the people are wild with excitement. The hanging is generally commended by the entire city.

## WAR TO THE KNIFE.

**The Missouri Pacific Retaliates by Ordering the Strikers from Its Premises.**

**A Long and Weary Struggle Anticipated, with a Prospect of Some Bloodshed.**

(St. Louis Mo.) telegram.)

General Superintendent Kerrigan, of the Missouri Pacific Railway, this morning issued an order expelling from the Missouri Pacific yards all Knights of Labor. This order includes the delegation of men appointed by the Knights to guard the company's property. The order is as follows: "You are hereby notified that your action in withdrawing from the services of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company was a voluntary abandonment of the services of the company, and that you are no longer in its employment, and that your names have been stricken from its rolls. All such who are now about the company's premises are hereby notified that they must immediately leave the same, to the end that this company may resume the traffic of the country."

"WILLIAM KERRIGAN." Simultaneously with the appearance of the above order in the Missouri Pacific yards in this city twenty Pinkerton detectives and about the same number in the employ of the railroad company marched into the yards under the command of Thomas Furlong, and ordered the Knights who have been guarding the property to leave at once. The order was obeyed and the freight turned over to the detectives. At Carondelet, where the bulk of the Iron Mountain freight is abandoned, the yards are still in possession of the Knights of Labor. The company is engaging all the men it can to act as watchmen, but the applications are few, and the number now in its employ is not large enough to watch all the freight. The most important rumor of the day was that the Missouri Pacific would attempt to resume business to-morrow. The officials of the road were questioned about it, but refuse to say where they are going to get men. To-night it is stated that an order will be issued calling on the men to return to work, but they cannot return as Knights of Labor.

A meeting of the merchants was held on 'Change to-day, and the situation discussed. While many of the merchants sympathize with the railroad employees, they question the wisdom of striking at this time and for the causes which have been given.

"There are two sides to the question," said a prominent commission merchant. "The one-man power in the railroad must be met by organization on the part of employees, but it is unfortunate that just at the opening of the spring trade this terrible blow should come on the city and country."

There is but one opinion on the subject of interference with business, and that is; that in one way or another the embargo on trade should be lifted. The question of whether the railroad could not be held responsible and be made to carry freight, even if this did involve paying a little higher wages than usual, received considerable attention. In addition to the actual stoppage of the movement of commodities, one of the chief elements operating to check and depress trade is fear. The dealers are afraid to move one way or another and prefer to await developments. Trade is, therefore, practically at a standstill, and scarcely anything was done to-day. The speculators, of course, have free swing, but even they are very cautious in their operations. The commission men can do little or nothing but wait until shipments can be made. This state of affairs is working up the feelings of the merchants to a high pitch.

The situation in East St. Louis is alarming in the extreme. Not a pound of freight from any of the Eastern trunk lines can be brought across the river by rail, and the result is that the tracks on the East Side are all blockaded with delayed freight. The bridge is crowded with teams hauling freight to the city. The number of laden coal cars now in the yards of the various roads across the river is enormous, and as there is no way of getting the coal across the river except by hauling it in wagons or shipping it on the ferries, the blockade is likely to cause a cessation of work at the various mines throughout the district, and so throw 2,000 miners out of employment. This afternoon an attempt was made to start the Kirkwood passenger train on the Missouri Pacific, which was abandoned Sunday. When the signal was given to start the fireman on the engine stepped off and refused to fire. No other man could be secured, and Superintendent Kerrigan jumped on the engine himself and fired her while the run was made to Kirkwood, twelve miles out.

The departure of the passenger trains on the Missouri Pacific to-night was delayed about two hours in consequence of somebody having withdrawn the fire in the locomotives. A force of some four hundred men has been employed by the company to operate their yards, and more will be engaged as rapidly as the proper men can be obtained. The opinion is that if the railroad company attempts to run freight trains to-morrow the effort will be resisted even to the point of violence. There is a feeling of great uncertainty as to what either side will do, and much apprehension is felt regarding the result. A report that the railroad company had applied or would apply to the United States Court here for the appointment of a receiver, so that the road may be placed in charge of a court and be under the protection of the Government, was denied. None of the roads centering here have been at all interfered with, except the Missouri Pacific. There are no indications of trouble on any other road.

Steps have been taken to have St. Louis merchants ship goods by the river to New Orleans, and thence to Texas by the Texas and Pacific Road, which it is thought can be kept open.

DAN RICE, the one-time famous Shakespearean circus clown, is lecturing in Texas, and is said to receive \$500 a week for his oratorical ground and lofty tumbling.

GENERAL ROSECRANS is said to be dissatisfied with his place as Register of the Treasury, and wants to be Superintendent of the Coast Survey.

DR. A. L. FROTHINGHAM, JR., of Johns Hopkins University, has accepted the professorship of archeology in Princeton College.

## NEVADA HOSPITALITY.

**The Open-Handed Welcome Which Was Extended to a Prospector.**

The man waiting in the yard was "the man of the house." He had been brought forth by the barking of the dogs and the wild-eyed reports of his children. It was with great surprise that he saw the apparition of the prospector and his donkey descending the slope of the mountain. The man who thus stood forth wore a pair of baggy butternut pantaloons, held up by a single knit woolen suspender, a blue woolen shirt, and a tattered straw hat. His butternut-colored hair reached almost down to his shoulders, but his face was clean shaved. He was a man 45 or 50 years old, but still solid and sound as a nut. From the moment when he had first seen the miner and donkey descending the side of the mountain this pioneer ranchman had watched every step and movement with interest. When the miner finally arrived at the bars, tied up his donkey, let down a bar, entered the inclosure, and approached the house, the ranchman—with extended hand and a face that showed a smile in every square inch of it—advanced to meet him. Then his cheery voice rang out:

"Stranger, howdy! Glad to see yer! Cum fur? So fur as that, hey? Wall, wall—blast me, stranger, howdy! Wall, wall—glad ter see yer, by jingo! Kin yer git to stay all night—blast me! yer jist kin! hyar, John Thomas—John Thomas! John Thomas, my boy, let down the front bars and lead in the gentleman's jackass. Take him round to the east o' the pig-pen, whar the mornin' sun'll strike him, and throw an armful o' fodder over the fence. Yas, stranger, you kin git to stay all night. John Thomas—ho, John Thomas! John Thomas, my son, give the stranger's jackass a bucket o' water. Looks to me, stranger, like you're one o' them prospectin' pilgrims. Yas? Wall, I thought so! blast me, I thought so! As fur as ever I see'd you up the hill I thought so. Blast me, yas! I sed to myself that you was one o' them prospectin' pilgrims. Sairy Jane, wife! I say, Sairy Jane, in the house thar! You kin cut the crook-necked squash—the stranger 'll stay. John Thomas—John Thomas, boy; don't yer hear yer daddy call? Yas? Wall, then, attend to business. Give the stranger's jackass a bite o' barley. Julia Ann, my girl, don't stand starin'; run and pull a mess o' turnips."

"Blast me, stranger, if I hain't glad to see this section a gittin' so populous! Come, we'll walk into the house. But fust—John Thomas, boy! John Thomas, bring in all the stranger's things off'n his jackass. Walk in—walk in. Take a seat in that big split bottom cheer what stands by the corner of the hath. It's the easiest cheer in the house, 'ceptin' that one with rockers onto it, that you see my ole mammy a settin' in. Mammy, this is a prospectin' person—an' he'll stay all night! She's a leetle bit deaf, stranger. I had her brought out this summer. She cum all the way from ole Missouri. Blast me, stranger, she jist sits in the chimney corner as happy as a kitten all day long. Does a feller good to look at her, don't it? How old? Wall, stranger, her age hain't allus been kept as reg'lar as it ought'r bin, but I reckon she's nigh on to 90."

"I say! Sairy Jane, are you out thar in the kitchen? Yer are? Wall, I'm goin' out to cut the head off'n a yellow-legged hen, so put on the pot and have some scaldin' water ready. Git to stay all night? Wall, stranger, yer couldn't git to do nothin' elst if yer tried! Susie, child, get yer daddy his coat; then jist take the stranger's carpet-sack an' put it under the bed out in the best room. Yas, yas, Susie child—I know that! But your gran'mammy kin sleep in the trundle bed 'long with you and Julia Ann and Amandy Ellen, yer mammy an' me kin take little Jimmy and Mary Louisa inter bed 'long with us, and George Alexander is big enough to go up inter the loft 'long o' the boys. But afore yer go, child, jist git a coal o' fire off'n the hath fur yer gran'mammy's pipe; don't yer see she's a waitin'?"

"What, stranger! Yer kin spread yer blankets an' sleep on the floor? No, stranger, yer jist can't spread yer blankets an' sleep on the floor! Wall, blast me! Spread his blankets and sleep on the floor? Wall, by jingo! Stranger, there hain't another house in thirty mile; an' what does the Bible say 'bout entertainin' a stranger unawares? Git to stay all night? Wants to spread his blankets! Bless my soul, by jingo! Sairy Jane, wife, be partic'lar an' peel a few pertaters to put in 'long with the chicken. Mammy'll talk to yer, stranger, while I go fur the hen. You'll find her right peart yit, but yer got to talk loud like. Yer kin jist move yer cheer back from the hath if yer too warm. We've got ter keep a bit o' fire a goin' to take the chill off'n her, an' light her pipe. Mammy, the stranger'll talk ter yer; he'll stay all night. Yer might hev to yell a leetle bit louder'n that, stranger; yer see she's used to my voice."

"John Thomas, my boy, run out now an' ketch up Bull, Watch, Tige, and old Bose an' tie 'em up; they might take to worry'n the stranger's jackass durin' the night, but you kin let the four pups run loose. What! old Bose under the bed? Git the broom and poke him out. He's the consarnedest dog fur sleepin' under beds that I ever see! Amandy Ellen, girl, pick up a basket o' chips and help your mammy while I go for that hen. Sairy Jane, yer might dash a few dough dumplin's inter the chicken among the pertaters of the stranger likes 'em. Asked if he could git to stay? Blast me! Sairy Jane, wife! Better bake a short-cake for supper!"

—Nevada Letter.

REEF-FORMERS—the coral worm.

## A SENATOR'S DEATH.

**Gen. John F. Miller, of California, Dies in Washington.**

**Mrs. Horatio Seymour Passes Away at Her Home in Utica, New York.**

(Washington special.)

Senator John F. Miller, of California, died suddenly this afternoon, after a prolonged illness. His death was the result of a complication of disorders, arising primarily from a severe wound in the eye received during the war, twenty-three years ago. The bullet remained in his head about twelve years before it could be extracted, and the wound sapped his strength and rendered him an easy victim to disease. Loss of sleep debilitated his system and asthmatic symptoms kept him in constant pain. Bright's disease subsequently began its insidious work, and then dropsical disorders were developed. But through all his illness the Senator showed such nerve and will power that his physicians were encouraged to hope that he might possibly recover. Several operations were performed and seemed to give much relief.

The news of Senator Miller's death was announced in the Senate by Senator Stanford, and in the house by Mr. Morrow. Both houses immediately adjourned out of respect for the Senator's memory.

Senator Miller will be succeeded by a Democrat, as the Legislature is not in session, and Gov. Stoneman, of California, is of that political faith. Among the prominent candidates for the seat are ex-Chief Justice Wallace, George Hearst, the Democratic caucus nominee at the last election, Gen. Rosecrans, and Mr. Delmas, the attorney for the State in the railroad tax cases now before the United States Supreme Court. A San Francisco dispatch says that the chances favor Delmas, who is a young lawyer, high in the councils of the ultra anti-railroad faction of the Democratic party of the State. It was rumored some weeks ago that Gov. Stoneman would appoint millionaire Flood in the event of Mr. Miller's death.

Senator Miller leaves a fortune estimated at from \$4,000,000 to \$6,000,000. In 1866, when he received his commission as collector of the port of San Francisco, he possessed but little property. At about the close of his term a Mr. Hutchinson, to whom the President had granted certain hunting privileges in Alaska, and Senator Miller formed what is now known as the Alaska Commercial Company, and it enriched them both. Senator Miller has been most liberal with his wealth, though not wasteful. His house last winter was one of the most noted in Washington for its entertainments.

Mrs. Horatio Seymour.

(Utica N. Y. dispatch.)

Mrs. Horatio Seymour died to-day at the residence of Mrs. Roscoe Conkling. In January the Governor brought Mrs. Seymour over from the farm to Mrs. Conkling's, hoping to improve her health by the change. Her affection was simply failing health. Gov. Seymour was very anxious regarding her condition, and this prostrated him and resulted fatally. She was very low at the time of his death, but bade him farewell a few minutes before his decease. Since then she has been failing rapidly, and was unconscious the greater part of the time. Mrs. Seymour's maiden name was Mary Bleeker, she being a daughter of the late John R. Bleeker, of Albany. Her life was very closely connected in all respects with the Governor's career, and a singularly beautiful and simple affection existed between them. They had no children.

## DEATH IN THE MINE.

**Fearful Fire-Damp Explosion in a Coal Mine Near Dunbar, Pa.**

(Connellsville Pa.) telegram.)

Shortly after noon to-day a series of explosions took place in the Uniondale mine at Dunbar, four miles from here, by which two men were killed and twelve others received injuries which will prove fatal in at least four cases. The cause of the explosion was fire-damp. There were twenty-three men in the pit. The first explosion occurred about 12:20 this afternoon and was a terrific shock, followed by two others in quick succession. The first explosion caused the death of two men and injured three. The rest ran toward the mouth of the pit, but before they reached it the other explosion occurred. The lights were blown out, the dust blinded the men, and the passageways were blocked up, cutting off all escape. The pit was on fire and a horrible death awaited the imprisoned miners. Nine of them, who had been working in another entry, managed to make their way out before the mouth of the pit was choked up.

The violence of the shock can be imagined, as it forced the men in Morrill, Calvin & Wheeler's mines, adjoining, to drop their tools and rush panic-stricken to the top. The ground rolled and quaked so that many fell down, and three in the Morrill mine were violently thrown against the walls and seriously injured. Everybody rushed toward the Uniondale mine. Columbus Shay, of the Mahoning Works, and James Henderson, of the Calvin Mines, headed a rescuing party and went to work with picks and shovels to force an entrance. In a few moments an opening was made and several rushed forward to enter the mine, but were repelled by a volume of flame.

It took several minutes for the smoke and fire to clear away. The cries of pain and moans of the injured were pitiful. They were lying in every direction, buried under masses of debris. Several of them were horribly burned. Twelve of them were found in a dying condition; two others were dead, mangled almost into an unrecognizable mass.

It is the opinion here that if a fire boss had been employed the explosion might not have occurred. The experts say that gas will generate in the mines when least expected. The last disaster of this kind in this region occurred at the Youngstown mine in October, 1884, when fourteen people were killed. In February of the same year nineteen men were killed by a fire-damp explosion in Leisening mine, near here.



## OUT AROUND.

## Zeeland.

Mr. Dekker, the jeweler, had a light stroke of apoplexy last Thursday morning. He is recovering slowly. Hon. C. Van Loo visited Elgin, Ill., last Tuesday for the purpose of gaining information as to the best plan of conducting the creamery business. He says it is worth the time and expense of going to Elgin to see the large vats of pure sweet cream and to take a drink of it. The Board of Directors of the Zeeland creamery company consists of the following members: Hon. C. Van Loo, A. Lahuis, Wm. De Kruif, J. Van Den Bosch, B. Lahuis, G. J. Van Hees, and P. Buwalda. They meet almost daily and the town is flooded with agents from creamery furnishing companies. The creamery will be in running order in a few weeks. Mr. Q. Huyser, of New Groningen, dropped dead while conversing with friends in his store last Saturday evening. He was 34 years of age and appeared the very embodiment of health. He leaves a wife and two children. The funeral services last Tuesday afternoon were conducted by Revs. Kremer, of Zeeland, Steffens of Holland, and De Jonge, of New Holland.

"T. S."

## West Olive.

We do not suppose that the weather is very much different in this part of Ottawa County than in other parts of it, but the News is not altogether confined to this country. Supposing a copy finds its way to Dakota or Old England who does not like to compare the weather with that of some more distant section or part of the country? We are having comparatively mild weather with snow frequently, which soon disappears. There are patches of old snow yet remaining and especially in the woods. Mr. J. W. Norrington, our supervisor, returned from a visit to his father's in Virginia, on the 10th inst. He reports his father as being some better, but still confined to his bed with one side of his body paralyzed. Rev. Mr. Brockway, of Johnsville, is reported as having been one who was injured by the recent railroad disaster somewhere south of here. Miss Barnes, of Grand Haven, visited Miss Ella Wakley, our school teacher last week. Mr. Jas. Joselyn, of Grand Haven, came to visit with his family, also last week. After holding services here last Sabbath Rev. Mr. Rible went to Olive Centre, and there organized an M. E. Class. From thence he went to Robinson and held service in the evening. So the good work goes on. Yes, so it does, for this week we are to have Rev. Mr. Hudson and Rev. Mr. Robins, the latter of Grand Rapids, both of the Wesleyan church to hold evening meetings here. May their work be attended with good results. Rev. Mr. Rible, of this place starts to-day, the 16th, for Ventura, to commence evening meetings there. Our District school closes this week Friday. ANNOUNCEMENTS:—Sunday School Sunday 11:30 o'clock. Children's Class 8 o'clock, p. m. at the parsonage; Mrs. Rible, Leader. Preaching, 7:30 o'clock, p. m. "G. W."

## Lake Shore.

Truth is sometimes stronger than fiction. This seems to be the case in some instances with the pieces published in the News from the Lake Shore and Ventura correspondents. Some people object to these publications. I know of one or two in particular. They think that "Free Lance" and others are most too personal and as a consequence they sometimes strike home. I understand that one of our good citizens is going to order his paper discontinued. This person is wounded, he got "lanced" pretty heavy last spring. I think that you will get more new subscribers than you will lose old ones, for none but "cranks" will discontinue their paper for telling the truth. All our people are anxious to see the News as soon as it comes from the press and as soon as received will generally look for the "out around" column first. I have seen people here walk one-half mile to see it. We know that there are many ridiculous sayings published in these items, but never anything but truth. The paper is gaining in popularity rapidly. Fred J. Nichols, of Oceana county, is here for a few days visiting relatives and friends. Mr. J. D. Cochran has bought the old homestead of Mrs. Carrier and will move there in a few days. The considerations are that he must support her during her lifetime. We hope that the old lady will see better and happier times in the future for she has had her share of trouble in the past. I went over the place of N. W. Ogden one day this week and found him busy pruning his vineyard. The ground was literally covered with the frosted crop of grapes of last season. He told me that he lost his entire crop, so also did F. Reed and Bosma. Generally grapes will keep well on the vines until about the first day of November in this locality. So fruit growers are not discouraged in the least, but are looking for a good crop this fall. I should like to put a few words of French in this letter, but dare not undertake the task as I am afraid that I could not translate it as well as "Free Lance" did. Joseph Victor says that *Widow de Grass* was just too good for anything, so we will leave the French for "Free Lance." The ice is disappearing very rapidly in Lake Michigan. At this writing there is none in sight except a couple of lines of bergs. We understand that some of the school boys have been damaging the Adventist Church in Ventura, of which Mr. Chaffee is pastor, deacon and overseer. One of the boys tore off some of the costly mouldings put up for lamp shelves, also upset some of the costly furniture, etc. Mr. Chaffee went straightway to Holland and obtained a warrant for the arrest of the perpetrator. At last accounts the "awful boy" had not been captured. Such boys ought to be taught to let that edifice stand unmolested. The belief of this sect is similar to that of Elder Trowbridge of Holland. Protracted meetings commenced here at the M. E. Church on Tuesday last, Rev. Mr. Rible officiating. So now lookout for the op-

position. We hear that the Salvationists will be here next week. School will commence on the first Monday in April in District No. 8. We understand that the school board has engaged the services of Miss Mabel Hekhuis for the summer term of school. "Doc."

## Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 8:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "The profitability of Scripture." In the evening Rev. J. H. Wyckoff of India will preach. Congregational singing. Opening Anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer-meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 8:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Trusting in the Lord, when walking in darkness." In the afternoon there will be a union meeting of the three Reformed Churches, when Rev. J. H. Wyckoff, Missionary from India, will speak about the missionary work.

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2:00 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "The institution of the holy supper." Afternoon, "The Lord our righteousness." Evening, Prayer-meeting.

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:30 and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. H. D. Jordan, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Class-meeting at close of morning service, and at 7 p. m. Teachers meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All the seats are free.

## A Novel Feature in Investments.

The whole country after having undergone a period of depression is now asking itself, what business has least been affected and uninjured?

Such a business, industry or corporation, that can make a better showing now than before the crisis attracts the attention of capital, merits the confidence of investors and is being eagerly sought for.

There is such a business, and it has heretofore been monopolized by English and Scotch capital until some three hundred millions have been invested in the Rancho and Cattle business of this great country.

Foremost amongst the strongest, richest and most successful American Companies stand the United States Land and Investment Company, 145 Broadway, New York, which is now offering \$500,000 First Mortgage 6 per cent 10 Year Bonds, for subscription at 90 cash, or at par, upon a novel installment feature which appeals to the Farmer as well as the Banker, the Clerk and mechanic as well as the Millionaire, and to all who desire to invest their savings at better rates of interest than any bank will allow.

This Company issues certificates of indebtedness in One and Five Dollars, each representing an installment, and when the investor has purchased \$50 of these certificates he becomes entitled to a \$100 Gold Bond, First mortgage, bearing 6 per cent interest, which he can obtain upon presenting his certificates or forwarding them by letter to the Company's Office, at 145 Broadway, N. Y.

The remaining \$50 due on the Bond being payable to the Company in monthly installments not exceeding \$5.

The bond commences to draw interest on delivery the same as if fully paid. In addition to which the Company give as a Bonus, Free, one fully paid up share of stock of the value of \$25.

Those desiring to buy their Bonds outright for cash can do so at 10 per cent discount in \$100, \$500 or \$1000 Bonds and receive one, five or ten shares of stock Free. The Bonds are secured by property owned absolutely by the Company, estimated to be worth \$3,000,000, and this money received from sale of Bonds will be invested in Cattle, the income from which it is estimated will yield 30 per cent upon the stock after paying 6 per cent on the Bonds.

Applications are being forwarded in great numbers daily, and all those who desire to subscribe should send at once for Prospectuses and full information to The United States Land and Investment Company, 145 Broadway, New York.—"The N. Y. Financier." 1-ly

Always keep West's Cough Syrup in the house for sudden attacks of colds, asthma, and all throat and lung diseases. Best in use. All druggists.

## A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. 26-ly

## Buckien's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh, Holland, and A. De Kruif, Zeeland, Mich.

## Special Notices.

## To Rent.

House and 10 acres of land, with barn, on north shore of Black Lake, one mile from the Bridge. The house has 8 rooms and the land is partly in fruit. Rent reasonable, but to be secured. Possession given April 1st, or in the month of April. 6-3t C. SCOTT.

## Registration Notice!

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland will meet at the following places in said city on Saturday, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1886, between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and eight o'clock p. m. for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of the several wards in said city.

In the 1st Ward, at the Common Council rooms.

In the 2nd Ward, at the office of Henry D. Post.

In the 3rd Ward, at the meeting room of Eagle Hose Co. No. 1.

In the 4th Ward, at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

Signed:—M. W. Rose, J. A. Ter Vree, A. M. Burgess, Will Z. Bangs, C. J. De Roo, L. T. Kanters, Daniel Bertsch.

Board of Registration of the city of Holland.

Dated, Holland, Mich., March 18, 1886.

## Spring Goods!

Miss Van den Berge has gone East for Spring goods and will return soon with a full stock of Millinery. Wait with your purchases. 6 tf

## Notice!

A People's Caucus will be held in the townhouse on Saturday the 27th of March, 1886, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the spring election. We intend to make a double headed ticket. All legal voters are requested to attend.

By order of the following:

Benjamin Van Raalte, D. B. K. Van Raalte, G. J. Boone, Jan Van Dyk, Sr., Isaac Marsilje, W. Diekema, Arend Visscher, John De Vries, Henry Broek, J. H. Boone, Fred Plasman, Gerrit Van den Belt, J. Van Landegand.

Holland, Mich., March 15, 1886.

Best assortment of buttons in the city at 6-2t D. BERTSCH'S.

## Holland Township!

A Caucus will be held in the townhouse in the Township of Holland on Saturday, March 27, 1886 at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of making a ticket to submit to the electors of the township at the annual election Monday, April 5.

MANY VOTERS.

I am securing goods of all the latest styles from the cheapest to best and will not be undersold by anyone. 6-2t D. BERTSCH.

## Every Fruit Grower Loses Cash if he don't take it.

Beginning in its issue of March 13, the *Allegan Gazette* will publish an extended account of the meeting of the West Michigan Fruit Growers' Society, held in this city March 3-5, giving all the papers and discussions. The articles will be completed in three numbers. Price for the whole 10 cents. Remit in stamps or by postal note when several send together. The *Gazette* has a regular Horticultural Department and publishes each month more valuable and practical information for the pomologist than any other paper west of Rochester. Besides, it gives all important West Michigan news. Every man who grows any fruit at all should have it. \$1.50 per year; 75c. for six months; 40c. for three months. EDWY C. REID, Publisher, Allegan, Mich. 6-2t

Just secured a good stock of the Jamestown dress goods in all the latest styles. Come in and see them before making your spring purchases. D. BERTSCH. 6-2t

Come and see our bargains in Dry Goods which are too numerous to mention. D. BERTSCH. 6-2t

## For Sale!

A one-half interest in the Schr. Wonder with her present good paying trade is for sale. Inquire of JOSEPH FIXTER, Holland, Mich., March 11, '86. 6-3t

## For Sale or to Exchange.

The property in Grand Haven known as the Flietstra House will be sold at a reasonable figure or will exchange for an 80 acre farm of good farming land. For further information apply to 4-1m A. FLIETSTRA. Grand Haven, Feb. 24, 1886.

## To Rent!

A large residence on the corner of Ninth and Fish street opposite Park Hotel. The residence is supplied with all necessary conveniences. Apply to DR. R. A. SCAUTEN. Holland, Mich., March 4, 1886.

## Election Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY OF HOLLAND, March 18th, 1886.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:

Notice is hereby given that the annual charter election for the City of Holland will be held on the first Monday (the fifth day) of April A. D. 1886, in the several wards of said city at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward at the Common Council Rooms.

In the Second Ward at the office of H. D. Post.

In the Third Ward at the meeting room of Eagle Hose Co. No. 1.

In the Fourth Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

At said election the following officers are to be elected and propositions voted upon:

CITY OFFICERS.

One Mayor in the place of Rokus Kanters, whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor in the place of Gerrit J. Van Duren, whose term of office expires.

One City Clerk in the place of Geo. H. Sipp, whose term of office expires.

One City Treasurer in the place of Cornelius Ver Schure, whose term of office expires.

One City Marshal in the place of Edward Vaupel, whose term of office expires.

One Justice of the Peace, for full term, in the place of Henry D. Post, whose term of office expires July 4th, 1886.

Two School Inspectors, for full term, in the place of Patrick H. McBride and Cornelius J. De Roo, whose terms of office expires.

WARD OFFICERS.

In the First Ward—One Alderman in the place of Martin W. Rose, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Charles Odell, whose term of office expires.

For the Second Ward—One Alderman in the place of Azariah M. Burgess, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Frank Van Ry, whose term of office expires.

For the Third Ward—One Alderman for two years, office now vacant; and one Constable in the place of Edward Vaupel, whose term of office expires.

For the Fourth Ward—One Alderman in the place of Leendert T. Kanters, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Cornelius Nyland, whose term of office expires.

## PROPOSITIONS.

For and against the proposition to raise by loan the sum of nine thousand dollars for the purpose of building a new Poor House in the County of Ottawa.

For and against the proposition to raise by loan the sum of three thousand dollars for the purpose of constructing a new Engine House and Jail during the present fiscal year, upon some site or sites to be hereafter determined upon by the Common Council of the City of Holland.

Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

## New Advertisements.

J. FLIEMAN

Manufactures and sells the

BEST WAGONS

AND BUGGIES.

I have recently commenced the manufacture of

Platform, Combination & Express Wagons,

To which I invite the attention of all who desire a light and durable wagon.

I have on hand a large assortment of

BUGGIES

Which I will dispose of at the lowest possible figures.

I am making

ALL KINDS OF OARS

They cannot be beat, and I make anything in the hardwood line.

Carriage and Wagon Painting

Done on short notice.

Call and See Me before Purchasing Elsewhere,

J. FLIEMAN,

HOLLAND Mich. March 18, 1886.

BRUSSE BROS.

Have on hand a larger and more complete stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

than ever before. The latest manufacture and importations in

CHECK AND PLAID

Cassimeres and which are very popular at present. Also staple

DIAGONAL AND CORKSCREW SUITING

which are always fashionable for dress purposes. In the cheaper grade of suitings we have an assortment which we can make up at low prices. All our goods were bought early at low figures and we can make up and sell

CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE,

while in the matter of fitting and making up we shall aim to improve continually.

BRUSSE BROS.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 25, '86. 4-tf



FOR SALE BY

A. STEKETEE.

Who has also Coffees for 11 cents per pound and upward.

Call and try the STANDARD JAVA.

## READ

## ABOUT

"All the wonderful and miraculous cures," "The unrivalled and peerless medicines." And note the following—

DR. THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL 'has made the following cures, proof of which the proprietors can furnish on application.

Toothache.....in 5 Minutes

Earache....." 2 "

Backache....." 2 Hours

Lameness....." 2 Days

Coughs....." 20 Minutes

Hoarseness... " 1 Hour

Colds....." 24 Hours

Sore Throat... " 12 "

Deafness....." 2 Days

Pain of Burn.. " 5 Minutes

Pain of Scald. " 5 "

Croup it will ease in 5 minutes, and positively cure any case when used at the outset.

Remember that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is only 50 cents per bottle, and one bottle will go farther than half a dozen of an ordinary medicine.

## THE STAR

A Newspaper supporting the Principles of a Democratic Administration,

Published in the City of New York.

WILLIAM DORSHEIMER,

Editor and Proprietor.

Daily, Sunday, and Weekly Editions.

THE WEEKLY STAR,

A Sixteen-page Newspaper, issued every Wednesday.

A clean, pure, bright and interesting FAMILY PAPER.

It contains the latest news, down to the hour of going to press:

Agricultural, Market, Fashion,

Household, Political,

Financial and Commercial, Poetical, Humorous and Editorial

Departments, all under the direction of trained journalists of the highest ability. Its sixteen pages are full of interest with good things to read, and it is published American and foreign.

THE DAILY STAR,

The Daily Star contains the news of the day in an attractive form. Its special correspondence by cable from London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Dublin is a commendable feature.

At Washington, Albany, and other news centers, the latest correspondents, specially retained by the Star, furnish the latest news by telegraph.

Its literary features are unsurpassed. The Financial and Market Reviews are unusually full and complete.

Special terms and extraordinary inducements to agents and canvassers. Send for circulars.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY STAR to SUBSCRIBERS, FREE OF POSTAGE in the United States and Canada, outside the limits of New York City:

Per year.....\$1 25

Cubs of Ten....." 10 00

Cubs of Fifteen (and one extra to organizer).....15 00

TERMS OF THE DAILY STAR to SUBSCRIBERS:

Every day for one year (including Sunday).....\$7 00

Every day, without Sunday, one year.....6 00

Every day, six months.....3 50

Daily, without Sunday, six months.....3 00

Address, THE STAR, 26 and 28 North William St., New York.

## Fall Opening.

—AT—

G. Van Putten & Sons.

We have just received a full line and a complete stock of

DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS,

FLANNELS,

REPELLENTS,

UNDERWEAR,

HOSIERY,

JERSEYS,

YARNS,

and a full stock of

DOMESTICS.

We have a new stock of HATS, and a full line of

FUR CAPS.

We also keep at all times a complete line of

FRESH GROCERIES.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS,

HOLLAND, Sept. 4, 1885.

ATTENTION



[OFFICIAL.]  
Common Council.

HOLLAND, MICH., March 16th, 1886.  
The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor.  
Members present: Mayor Kanter, Aldermen Rose, Ter Vree, Burgess, Bangs, De Roo, Kanter, Bertsch and the Clerk.  
Reading of the minutes was suspended.  
Mr. F. G. Churchill, Agent at Holland of the Chicago and West Michigan Railway Company, petitioned that "the necessity for having some one in authority to make arrests about the depot at night, warrants me in asking that Mr. R. Astra, be sworn in as special policeman without expense to the city."—Granted.

Wm. H. Finch and 25 others, property owners on Twelfth street, between River street and the fair grounds, petitioned that said part of Twelfth street be graded the full width of said street and that after said grade was completed that a road-bed twenty-four feet wide through the center of said street be covered with gravel of the kind used on Ninth street, or of a quality equally as good.—Referred to the committee on streets and bridges.

The following bills were presented for payment: H. Visser, repairing bell and rod on town house, \$1.25; J. Pessink, refreshments at town house fire, \$7.11.—Approved and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the amounts.

The committee on poor reported presenting the semi-monthly report of the director of the poor and said committee, recommending \$34.50 for the support of the poor for the three weeks ending April 7th, and having extended temporary aid to the amount of \$23.00.—Approved and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the amounts.

The committee on engine house reported.—GENTLEMEN: Your special committee to whom was referred the petition of Jacob Kuite and others asking for the repairing of the old engine house on Centennial Park, the building of a new jail and the offering of a reward for the arrest of incendiaries, have had the same under consideration and would report as follows: A reward having already been offered by this council for the arrest of incendiaries, this matter requires no further attention. With reference to the engine house and jail, as strong petitions have been presented both for and against the repairing of the old buildings, and for and against the building of a new building or buildings, we deem it best to submit the matter to the electors of this city at the next annual election and would therefore submit the following resolution and recommend its adoption: Resolved, That a proposition to raise three thousand dollars by bonds of the City of Holland for the purpose of constructing a new engine house and jail during the present fiscal year on some site or sites to be hereafter determined upon by the Common Council of the City of Holland, be submitted to the Electors of the City of Holland to be voted upon at the next annual election of the City of Holland, to be held in said city on the fifth day of April, 1886. Said bonds to be issued in one series of five hundred dollars each, numbered from 1 to 6 consecutively, five hundred dollars payable February 1st, 1890, and five hundred dollars each year until 1895, and that all of said bonds be made payable at the office of the treasurer of the City of Holland, Mich., and all bear interest at the rate of five per cent. (or less) per annum, payable annually at the office of the treasurer of the City of Holland until paid, and that at said election the vote shall be by ballot, the ballots to have written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, upon them the words "For the issue of Bonds for Engine House and Jail," or "Against the issue of Bonds for Engine House and Jail." All of which is respectfully submitted. C. J. De Roo, J. A. Ter Vree, L. T. Kanter, Committee.—Adopted all voting yea.

The committee on annual settlement reported.—See report in News next week.

The Marshal reported having served on Peter De Feyter and Adrian Ver Schrine, agents of Joseph Fixter, a copy of the resolutions regarding the encumbrance in and encroachments on Fifth street—Filed.

The following bill, having been approved by the board of water commissioners, was certified to the common council for payment: R. E. Werkman, 63 cords of steam wood, \$78.75

By Ald. Rose—  
Resolved, That the city treasurer be and is hereby instructed to pay over to the county treasurer of Ottawa county the sum of \$108.80, the amount due the county from fines received from city justices of the peace.—Adopted.

By Ald. Bertsch—  
Resolved, That the sum of \$252, remaining in the east Twelfth street special street assessment district fund, be transferred to the general fund.—Adopted.

By Ald. Bertsch—  
Resolved, That the city clerk is hereby directed to give the proper notice of the question to be voted upon under the resolution to submit the question of issuing bonds for a new engine house and jail.—Adopted.

By Ald. De Roo—  
Resolved, That Johannes Dykema is hereby appointed a member of the board of registration and inspector of elections for the Third Ward at the next annual election.—Adopted.

On motion, a recess of ten minutes was taken. After recess—The committee on streets and bridges reported on petition of Wm. H. Finch and 25 others for the grading and graveling of West Twelfth street, recommending granting the petition and that the city surveyor be instructed to make, or cause to be made, a profile of the grade to be established for said improvement, grading and graveling of said part of Twelfth street, with an estimate of the number of yards to be removed and the amount of gravel required, as far as it is practicable, together with an estimate of the expense thereof and with the least possible delay submit the same to the common council.—Adopted.

The board of water commissioners submitted their first report, as required by the city charter, of the condition, progress and operation of the Holland City Water Works.—Accepted, ordered spread in full upon the journal of the council and placed on file.

On motion of Ald. Rose—  
Resolved, That the city surveyor establish the south line of Fifth street, west of River street, according to J. F. Tinkham's survey as adopted by the common council.—Adopted, all voting yea.

Council adjourned to Tuesday, 7.30 p. m., March 23, 1886.  
Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

### Book Borrowing.

Borrowing books is one of the privileges of friendship which are oftentimes most grievously abused. It is a pleasure to have our friends enjoy our books and our pictures, but when the best we have, and often the most prized of our treasures, are given them with a most disagreeable abuse of our kindness to mar them in any way or appropriate them for long months, and perhaps never return them. Such treatment is fitly characterized as an offense against friendship and good manners, if not against the law of honesty. Most people who possess really valuable books prize them, not only for their money value, but because they are their companions and advisers, their solace in lonely hours and helps in time of trouble. Books come to be a part of our lives, and when they are sought and found missing a feeling of disappointment comes over us which changes to resentment when it is remembered that some would-be friend has, through our kindness, obtained possession of the cherished volumes, and then, with most unpardonable thoughtlessness, retained them. These very books may have been gifts from some friend whose voice is silent, or belong to a valuable set, or perchance be the only ones to be had of an edition out of print. The person who would treat so lightly the courtesy of a friend would not, in nine cases out of ten, probably be competent to judge of the real value of the book which he had borrowed. However, the borrowers are not altogether to blame in this matter. Often books do not have anything about them to designate to whom they belong, and so are more easily scattered and lost. This is wrong. If a person wishes to keep his library intact he should have each book marked with his name and residence in full, and, better still, have a full list or catalogue of them all. This will help him very much in keeping the books together, and enable him to recognize his property. A neat way is to have a little label printed which can be pasted on the inside of the cover. This will furnish a lasting mark which cannot be erased or to n out.

The following lines were once printed and pasted to the books of a private library, which evidently was in need of some safeguard to defend it from its friends:

If thou art borrowed by a friend,  
Right welcome shall he be  
To read, to study, not lend,  
But to return to me.  
Not that I impart learning doth  
Dishonour wisdom's store,  
But books, I find, when once they're lent,  
Return to me no more.

### SCAN THESE CLOSELY.

No preparation could have made such a reputation as Salvation Oil has (in so short a time) without intrinsic merit of the highest order. It kills pain. Price 25 cents a bottle.

### Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by H. Walsh.

Try Kremers & Bangs' condition powders, 15c per package or 25c per pound. If

Itch, Prairie, Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Druggists, Holland, Mich. 6-ly

### Only 35 Cents.

So confident are we that Dr. Pete's 35 cent Cough Cure will not disappoint the most sanguine expectations of a single broken-down consumptive invalid, that we warrant it. Had we not the most perfect confidence in its virtues, we would not think of offering it as we do. Sold by all druggists.

It is with pleasure that we recommend our readers to try West's Cough Syrup. You will find it especially useful at this season of the year to cure sudden colds, check coughs and lung and throat troubles. All druggists.

Having been witnesses of the truly miraculous cures made by Golden Seal Bitters, we do not hesitate to say there is no other remedy for blood, liver, stomach and kidney diseases, half its equal.

### A Warning.

Pain is given for the wise purpose of informing us of the presence of danger and disease. Any little excitement of an unusual nature disturbs the balance of the system, the nervous energies are exhausted, and headache and a hundred other disturbances are the result. Many of the miseries of modern man and womanhood might be cured and prevented were their approach heeded and resisted, having their origin in derangements of the liver and blood, dyspepsia, jaundice, indigestion, constiveness and other unwholesome conditions. Evils of a diseased nature find a certain cure by the use of Golden Seal Bitters. In this medicine, nature, aided by art, has produced a rare combination of medicinal properties, wisely adapted to the cure of diseases common to mankind. The vitalizing principles embodied in Golden Seal Bitters will assuredly cure the broken down dyspeptic. Sold by all druggists. 6-4t

West's World's Wonder, or Family Liniment. Useful in every house for cuts, burns, scalds, bruises, neuralgia, rheumatism. Always gives satisfaction. All druggists.

### Special Notices.

BACKSTICK—a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane.  
SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Why cough? when relief can be obtained by using White's Pulmonary. Price 90 cents per bottle.  
KREMERS & BANGS.

WHY WILL YOU COUGH when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and \$1. For sale by Yates & Kane.  
SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle.

Our customers speak highly of Ely's Cream Balm and are using it extensively. There is a growing demand for it. As a catarrh cure it has genuine merit. It meets the public want.  
49-tf KREMERS & BANGS.

### We Are Selling!

The celebrated Rockford Mens' Shoes in Congress, Buttons and Balls styles. This is the best \$3.00 Shoe in the market. We also have a full line of first class shoes all styles from other houses, which we sell at reasonable prices.

S. SPIETSMA.  
Holland, Mich., Jan. 21, 1886. 7-ly.

At the Central Drug Store will be found a full stock of pure drugs, patent medicines, paints, oils and varnishes at lowest prices.  
49-tf

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 10 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Use Alfred Wright's perfumes. We have 22 different kinds from which you can select.  
KREMERS & BANGS.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by Yates & Kane.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind. says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by Yates & Kane.

### Rail Roads.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, Nov. 29, 1885.

FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.

TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	N't.	Exp.	Mix.
Holland.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Grand Junction.....	10 25	1 20	11 50	5 00	
Bangor.....	11 37	2 20	1 10	8 05	
Benton Harbor.....	11 55	2 37	1 31	9 20	
New Buffalo.....	1 27	3 23	2 35	12 00	
Chicago.....	2 35	4 25	3 55	2 35	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM CHICAGO TO HOLLAND.

Chicago.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
New Buffalo.....	9 00	2 30	9 55		
Benton Harbor.....	11 55	5 35	12 30	7 25	
Bangor.....	12 43	6 35	1 50	10 15	
Grand Junction.....	2 02	7 30	2 25	1 35	
Holland.....	3 30	8 40	4 40	5 20	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM HOLLAND TO GRAND RAPIDS.

Holland.....	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Zeeland.....	3 30	8 40	14 45	10 25	5 40
Grand Rapids.....	3 40	8 50	14 55	10 35	5 58
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM GRAND RAPIDS TO HOLLAND.

Grand Rapids.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
Zeeland.....	9 50	12 35	10 40	4 20	
Holland.....	10 10	1 20	11 35	5 25	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM HOLLAND TO MUSKEGON.

Holland.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
Grand Haven.....	10 25	3 30	15 30	1 35	8 40
Ferrysburg.....	11 15	4 20	6 30	6 30	9 30
Muskegon.....	11 20	4 25	6 40	6 35	9 35
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM MUSKEGON TO HOLLAND.

Muskegon.....	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Ferrysburg.....	1 45	11 40	7 00	8 50	9 50
Grand Haven.....	2 30	12 25	7 35	9 25	10 40
Holland.....	3 25	1 30	7 40	9 30	10 45
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM HOLLAND TO ALLEGAN.

Holland.....	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	
Fillmore.....	3 30	10 25			
Hamilton.....	3 45	10 40			
Allegan.....	3 55	10 50			
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM ALLEGAN TO HOLLAND.

Allegan.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
Hamilton.....	9 10	4 30	11 25		
Fillmore.....	9 25	5 05	12 15		
Holland.....	9 50	5 13	12 30		
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

\* Dairy. All other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Central Standard time. Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

J. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.  
F. G. CHURCHILL, Station Agent.

Michigan and Ohio Railroad.

Taking effect Jan. 18, 1885.

GOING WEST.		Central Time	GOING EAST.		
Pass.	Mix'd	Pass.	TOWNS	Pass.	Pass.
a. m.		p. m.		a. m.	p. m.
10 10		5 45	L Toledo A	11 10	5 10
11 02		6 40	Dundee.	10 10	4 15
11 24		7 04	Britton.	9 46	3 45
11 29		7 09	Ridgeway.	9 42	3 47
11 39		7 16	Tecumseh.	9 32	3 37
11 55		7 32	Tipton.	9 17	3 22
12 08		7 45	Onsted.	9 05	3 08
12 30		8 09	Addison.	8 43	2 45
12 48		8 25	Jerome.	8 26	2 28
12 55		8 32	Moscow.	8 20	2 21
1 06		8 42	Hanover.	8 09	2 10
1 17		8 53	Putaski.	7 57	1 59
1 35		9 15	Homer.	7 51	1 51
2 05		9 44	Marshall.	7 38	1 38
2 17		9 57	Ceresco.	7 26	1 24
2 36		10 15	Battle Crk	6 30	12 44
2 56			Augusta.		12 27
3 04			Yorkville		12 20
3 10			Richland.		12 15
3 45			Monteth.		11 43
3 53			Fisk.		11 35
3 59			Kellogg.		11 30
4 10			Allegan L		11 20
p. m.					a. m.

Train Connections.

At Toledo, with all railroads diverging. At Dundee, with T. A. & G. T. At Britton, with Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific. At Tecumseh, with Lake Shore & Mich. Southern. At Jerome, with L. S. & M. S. At Hanover, with L. S. & M. S. At Homer with L. S. & M. S. (Lansing Division) and Air Line Division of the Mich. Central. At Marshall, with M. C. R. R. At Battle Creek, with Chicago & Grand Trunk and M. C. R. R. At Monteth with G. R. & I. At Allegan, with Chicago & West Mich. and L. S. & M. S. Trains daily except Sunday.  
B. McHUGH.  
General Passenger Agent.

### New Advertisements.

**\$3.00**  
Buys One Dozen

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

—AT—

**Jackson's Gallery,**

103 Monroe St., Grand Rapids,  
EQUAL TO THE BEST MADE IN THE CITY.

SPECIAL RATES TO CLUBS, CLASSES, ETC.

Copying and Enlarging.

Bring in your OLD and VALUABLE PICTURES and have them copied and enlarged. Call and examine my work whether you wish any done or not. Remember the name and number

**JACKSON'S GALLERY**

103 MONROE ST., GRAND RAPIDS.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Albert Thompson and Mary Thompson of Westford County, Michigan, to Mary A. Phillips of Kent County, Michigan, dated April twenty eighth, A. D. 1879, and recorded on August twentieth, A. D. 1881, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber 14 of mortgages on page 243, (and which mortgage was afterwards assigned by said Mary A. Phillips, by assignment dated May thirteenth, A. D. 1880, to Ernest G. Weinmann of Grand Rapids, Michigan, and which assignment was duly recorded in said Register's Office on August twentieth, A. D. 1881, in Liber 20 of mortgages on page 91, and which mortgage was afterwards assigned by said Ernest G. Weinmann, by assignment dated June fifteenth, A. D. 1880, to Henry Havens of Dallas, Clinton County, Michigan, and which last named assignment was duly recorded in said Register's Office on August twentieth, A. D. 1881, in Liber 20 of mortgages on page 90, and which mortgage was afterwards assigned by Henry Havens to Wilson Harrington of Holland, Mich., by assignment dated December tenth, A. D. 1885, and which last named assignment was duly recorded in said Register's Office on December twentieth, A. D. 1885, in Liber 30 of mortgages on page 255, by which default the power to sell in said mortgage contained has become operative; and upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of Three Hundred Ninety Three Dollars (\$393.00); and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law, or in equity, to recover the same, or any part thereof. Notice is, therefore, hereby given that on April twenty eighth, A. D. 1886, at one o'clock in the afternoon, the premises described in said mortgage will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Ottawa County Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with interest and costs of fore closure and sale. The premises described in said mortgage and to be sold, being: The east half of the north east quarter of section twenty five (25) in town six, north of range sixteen west, in Ottawa County, Michigan.  
Dated January 26, 1886.  
WILSON HARRINGTON,  
Assignee of Mortgage.  
J. C. Post, Attorney. 52-13t.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Herman A. Wiegman and Minnie Wiegman, his wife, of Blenden town, ship, Ottawa county, Michigan, to Gilles Wabeke, of Zeeland, Ottawa county, Michigan, dated December third, 1881, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, on the fourteenth day of December A. D. 1881, in Liber 17 of mortgages, on page 67, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and eighty-eight cents, and the legal attorney's fee provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the money secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the city of Grand Haven, that being the place where the Circuit Court for Ottawa county is holden, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with eight per cent interest, and all legal costs, together with the legal attorney's fee covenanted for therein, the premises being described in said mortgage as all that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, and known and described as follows: The north west five-fourths (5/4) of the west fractional half, (W. 1/2) of the north west quarter (N. W. 1/4) of section thirty (30) township numbered six (6) north of range fourteen (14) west.  
Dated, Holland, February 5th, A. D. 1886.  
GILLES WABEKE, Mortgagee.  
GERRIT J. DIEKENA, Attorney for Mortgagee.

**MACATAWA PARK.**

Proposals will be received for transporting passengers from Holland to Macatawa Park during the season of 1886 at the office of Secretary until March 15, 1886. Right reserved to reject any or all bids. Proposals must be accompanied by name of responsible party as surety for performance of contract.  
H. D. Post, Sec'y M. P. A.  
Holland, Mich., March 5, '86.

**REMEMBER!**  
—THAT A—  
POSTAL CARD

Dropped in the Post Office to Box 436 will bring a man to your house for you

**Laundry Work,**  
which will be delivered when done.

All Work Guaranteed First-Class or no Pay.  
A. K. POTTER, Prop. Star Laundry.  
Holland, Mich., March 4, 1886. 5-tf.

A GIFT  
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## ONLY A SONG.

It was only a simple ballad  
Sung to a careless throng;  
There were none that knew the singer,  
And few that heeded the song;  
Yet the singer's voice was tender  
And sweet with love untold;  
Surely those hearts were hardened  
That it left so proud and cold.

She sang of the wondrous glory  
That touches the woods in spring;  
Of the strange, soul-stirring voices  
When "the hills break forth and sing."  
Of the happy birds low warbling  
The requiem of the day,  
And the quiet hush of the valleys  
In the dusk of the gloaming gray.

And one in a distant corner—  
A woman worn with strife—  
Heard in that song a message  
From the springtime of her life.  
Faint forms rose up before her  
From the mist of vanished years;  
She sat in a happy blindness,  
And her eyes were veiled in tears.

Then when the song was ended,  
And hushed the long, sweet tone,  
The listener rose up softly  
And went on her way alone,  
Once more in her life of labor  
She paused; but her heart was strong;  
And she prayed: "God bless the singer!  
And, oh, thank God for the song!"  
—Chambers' Journal.

## DON JUAN'S BRAVERY.

BY E. B. W.

The railroad was not completed when we left Paso del Norte via the Mexican Central for the City of Durango. It was early in December, a day of unclouded sunshine, of clear blue skies, of brisk, bracing atmosphere; and as we sped on toward Chihuahua, thoroughly comfortable in our first-class carriage, we regretted the necessity of changing our swift conveyance at Villa Lerdo for the lumbering old diligencia.

The scenery was monotonous, it is true, but we were in a strange country, and even skies and sun appeared to have gained some new and marvelous charm; for we were under the blue sky which arches over the old romantic country of the Aztecs—the Mexico upon which Cortez and his legion gazed from the lofty hills above the noble capital—the seat of an ancient civilization, the Mexico of which the Mexicans boast as "La tierra de Dios y de Libertad."

The air was so mild that we sat out on the platform for several hours, ever finding something worthy of our attention as we swept over the level road between the low sand hills farther and farther into the old Republic.

Our party consisted of only three men—one a young Englishman, but so well versed in manners American and Mexican as to be thoroughly cosmopolitan. He represented a prominent Chicago firm and was now visiting Durango in the interest of his firm—of which, by the way, he was junior partner. Speaking Spanish fluently, and having a large acquaintance in almost every part of the Republic, from the Pacific to the Gulf, nothing could surpass the spirit and vim of his conversation; nor did it seem possible to add anything to his knowledge of things Mexican—indeed, of matters in general. The second member of our party was another Englishman, the special correspondent of several Northern and Western papers, who was "doing" Mexico in the interest of his employers and his own purse. Knowing nothing of any tongue but his own plain roast-beef English, he relied almost entirely upon his compatriot, whom we called Don Julio; the "special" being Don Enrique, and I, the third member, being merely intent on pleasure and adventure, rejoiced in my own plain cognomen.

As evening approached we saw before us the lights of the city and rejoiced at the pleasant prospect; for we had decided to stop over until the next morning in the old city of Chihuahua. Accordingly, just as the clear southern moon shone gloriously bright in the deep blue Mexican skies, we descended at the station, took our seats in the omnibus and were whirled through the long narrow streets to the Hotel de los Estados Unidos.

An excellent repast was discussed, and we hastened to the Plaza de la Constitucion just opposite, from which already issued the sweet strains of the National Anthem. All Chihuahua was out in force; indeed, subsequent wanderings through other portions of the country proved to us that the Plaza is the one place where the youth and beauty of Mexican cities most do congregate.

Don Enrique and I were unknown, therefore our progress was never checked by friends eager to bid us welcome; but, cigar in mouth, in sturdy, insular silence, we followed the stream and made innumerable revolutions of the diminutive Plaza.

Not so Don Julio; his acquaintances with dark-eyed Senoritas and gay young Senores was extensive, so we had the melancholy satisfaction of seeing his desertion of us for the far pleasanter society of his youthful friends. We, however, with a stoicism to be envied, pursued the even tenor of our way, beguiling the time by expatiating on the beauties of the scene; turning our eyes from those fair, unknown faces to the stars shining in the upper blue; trying to satisfy ourselves with the enchanting strains of the superbly trained band, since fate vouchsafed us no melodious greetings in the soft Southern tongue from fair Southern lips.

The season was winter, the month December, but it was the winter of Mexico, the clear, sparkling climate of the South. The silver tinkle of the fountain sounded musically through the pauses between the orchestral numbers. To our right rose the carved and stately walls of la iglesia mayor—the oldest and noblest specimen of religious architecture in North America, the splendid masterpiece of Cristoval de Villa—now darkly outlined against the starlit radiance of the blue winter night.

In the early morning, while yet the good people of Chihuahua reposed in what we will hope was peaceful sleep, we were on the train bound for Lerdo. Don Julio and I chatted and smoked, while the special made notes and yawned, breaking out now and then into unmitigated expressions of disgust at the monotony of the scenery, and the dearth of material for his facile pen. If the people who read his correspondence yawned half as much over his letters as he did in writing them, it was a clear case of retributive justice.

Our stay at Lerdo was short; indeed, only long enough to admit of Don Julio's paying a visit to an old acquaintance who showed his friendship for that young man by accompanying us to the stage, followed by a servant laden with a huge hamper of wine and delicately-prepared edibles for our consumption during our fifty-two hours of staving over mountainous roads and through dreary valleys.

Once in the diligencia, we examined critically the aspect of our traveling companions—four only beside ourselves; three Mex-

icans with whom Don Julio was hail fellow well met at once, and one American—a short, stout man, whose red face and sandy hair looked particularly comical by the side of the dark-eyed, swarthy Mexicans. This individual, whom we immediately dubbed Don Juan on account of the utter incongruity of the title, we learned in a very little while was on his way to Durango City to join an old friend in the purchase of an extensive rancho. There was something irresistibly comical in the idea of this antiquated Western farmer venturing so far from his native Ohio into a strange country, of whose language he knew nothing, of whose manners little more.

He soon rendered himself obnoxious to fastidious Don Julio by helping himself, uninvited, to the liver-wings of a particularly savory chicken in that young gentleman's lunch-basket.

With the utmost politeness our companion immediately pressed upon Don Juan the various tid-bits so kindly provided by Don Carlos Michand. But as our sturdy farmer stuck his pocket-knife with appreciative impartiality into one dainty after another, helping himself with equal freedom to a bottle of Veuve Clicquot's delicious wine, Don Julio could stand it no longer, but subsided into gloomy silence.

We stopped at a rancho for dinner, but while we descended Don Juan remained in the diligencia, preferring chicken and champagne gratis to the frijoles and tortillas with which we were regaled at a most reasonable charge.

Conversation hobbled along on crutches for the next hour or so; but at last Don Julio roused himself and asked a question of one of our Mexican companions which sent the ruddy hue from Don Juan's face in a twinkling.

The young man addressed spoke English and replied with a fluency which left no doubt in our minds as to the accuracy of his information. At the same time a flash of intelligence answered the silent question of Don Julio's gay blue eyes.

"Brigands?" he said, slowly. "Of course, the road is frequented by them. You see, Senor, travelers by this route generally carry large sums of money with them, and the gay caballeros know it well."

"Any trouble lately, amigo?" went on Don Julio, carelessly.

"Not since last month, and then it was little or nothing—only one man killed and two wounded. But then," with a shrug of his shoulders and a half smile, "they were only Gringos."

"Of course, that made a difference," said our companion, gravely, not a muscle of his face twitching, although he saw plainly the agony depicted on Don Juan's countenance. "By the way, Enrique, you had better look over your pistols; I suppose they are in good condition," and with ostentatious carelessness he removed his own cartridge belt, examined his own two six-shooters and gave additional polish to the richly-carved handle of a gleaming dagger, which, to my certain knowledge, he had picked up in an old curiosity shop in New York. But Don Julio believed in local coloring and always out-Heroded Herod even in the most trivial matters. Enrique followed suit, touching, with fingers more used to the pen, his handsome revolver, returning it to his belt with a sigh of relief.

"I suppose you have a weapon of some kind?" asked Don Julio of the unhappy farmer, whose wretched expression showed that he longed for the security of his native State.

"I—I—no, indeed; I never dreamt that I should have any use for such a thing," he stammered.

"Dear, dear, what a pity! Why, don't you know that you have the most dangerous part of the country to pass through just about dusk? Enrique, do have pity upon a fellow mortal in distress—can't you? Well, never mind. Here, Don Juan, take this; I have two revolvers and I feel sure that we shall need them before night. I suppose you know how to use it? That's all right, don't trouble about thanks—'tis well to do so much for charity."

Of course the conversation turned wholly upon brigands and midnight adventures, until only the weight of Don Juan's hat kept his ruddy hair from rising upright like the quills upon the fretful porcupine. His face became more and more pallid and elongated, his eyes larger and rounder, until out of pure compassion Don Julio changed the subject, produced his cigar case, and signified his intention of adjourning for a while to a seat outside with the driver and his mozo.

The shadows of the winter evening began to fall, hiding from our sight the dark line of hills and rendering the whole landscape blurred and indistinct. Under the influence of the winter quiet and the drowsy murmur of languid voices, Don Juan relinquished his hold on the precious revolver and slumbered audibly. The rest of us were talking in subdued tones when Don Julio returned and with a rapid glance took in the situation; with deft fingers he removed the charges from Don Juan's revolver and replaced the weapon close to the nerveless hand, then resumed his cigar and his gay nonsense.

We were in the midst of the dark hills, the cold winter skies above us only faintly illumined by the rays of the half-obscured moon; the night was very still, so still that Don Juan's snoring slumbers filled the silence not too musically for fastidious ears—when—a sudden shock brought us all to our feet, the diligencia stopped and the excited voices of the driver and mozo filled the air.

"Robbers! murderers!"—bang! bang!—"Deja la! deja la! Lavanta las manos! lavanta las manos!"—such were the sounds which sent the hue of health from the cheeks of the long-suffering Don Juan and left them pale with the pallor of mortal terror. Cowering in a corner, his hands refusing to perform their office, the cherished revolver dropped in abject fear, he was certainly a pitiable object.

The rest of us, meanwhile, were blazing away, filling the air with the sharp report of our pistols and the confused din of our stentorian voices. At last the battle was over, the mozo appeared at the door and assured us that we might proceed in safety, since the robbers had taken their departure; but Don Julio sallied forth to inspect the field of action and to report the number of the dead and wounded.

He returned in a little while, rubbing his hands with glee and shaking poor Don Juan's trembling fingers heartily.

"We're all right, old fellow, thanks to your spirit, your intrepid valor. Look here, Enrique, every chamber empty—I tell you the brave old boy knows how to fight. No showing the white feather here! Here's to the health of our gallant comrade in the last bottle of Don Carlos' wine! What do you think of the Gringos, now, amigo mio?" Here to you, old man! Three cheers for Don Juan!

Of course, we all joined in, and by the

time our flattered companion had drained a bumper and had been patted on the back by one after the other of us in succession, the color returned to his face and he sat up in a state of satisfied rapture, thoroughly convinced that he was the bravest American that had ever ventured across the Rio Grande. He then began to tell long-winded stories of valorous deeds performed in his youth with a rusty firelock, until we changed his name to Don Bombasto and fell asleep.

A heavy rain came upon us in the early morning and the air was soon foggy enough to remind Don Julio of his native England. But toward noon the sun came out and restored nature and ourselves to a pleasanter state.

Don Juan still continued valorous; he had reloaded his revolver and sat up in an attitude of mingled scorn and defiance, longing for a chance to again show his courage and save our lives. Towards evening he followed Don Julio's example and, pistol in hand, retired to the elevated seat of the driver; while we half dozed and longed for the end of our journey.

At about the same hour as on the previous day, the report of a pistol startled us, rousing us most effectually from our attempted slumbers.

"What on earth is the old simpleton doing now?" asked Don Julio as he started to his feet and hurried to the door. The stage stopped, and we hastened out to learn the cause of the disturbance.

Don Juan soon satisfied us. He had almost fallen asleep when, through the gathering darkness, he observed two horsemen advancing under cover of the night. Action was as natural to him as thought; in a moment he had fired at the assailants, and by his promptness and foresight had doubtless saved the lives of his companions.

Don Enrique and the rest of us immediately set out in search of the killed—but nothing rewarded our careful examination, except that in the far distance the clumsy forms of two small burros were perceptible in the light of the moon. The mystery was explained; here was a nineteenth century version of Don Quixote's battle with the wind mills.

Don Julio gave a concise statement of the affair to his valiant companion.

"Alas, poor brave Don Juan! what have you done? I greatly fear you are undone!"

New terror blanched the fat old face. "What on earth is the matter now?" he ejaculated in consternation.

"Your valor, your courage and invincible spirit have saved us; but at what a cost to yourself! In the forms of those seeming robbers I recognized two old citizens of Durango returning to their hacienda. One was a distinguished lawyer, the other his son, a promising physician—what will become of you, my poor friend?"

"Become of me! Why, I thought they were robbers like those of last night."

"Quite a natural mistake, too. Unfortunately, you have killed two harmless gentlemen; and the law is strict—horribly strict."

"Yes, my poor fellow," put in Enrique, "you're apt to find yourself in a bad fix when you reach Durango. I'm awfully sorry for you."

"I'll give you the name of the only English-speaking lawyer in the city," said Don Julio. "If it is possible to escape, he'll see you through. He may manage to smooth matters over to the Governor."

With difficulty we conveyed the limp form of Don Juan back to the diligencia; he was white with terror and absolutely speechless, only able to roll his eyes with earnest appeal in their anguished stare—the picture of misery.

Late that night we reached Durango and at once hastened to a hotel, hoping to find a comfortable room and good supper after the hardship of two days on the stage.

With early morning Don Juan accosted Julio, begging that youth to be his intercessor with the Governor; preferring to throw himself at once upon executive clemency to seeking the assistance of lawyers. Don Julio, however, begged in turn to be excused—he was far too busy then, but later he would do himself the honor of calling upon his good friend Don Francisco Palacios, and would then ask that mercy should be shown an unfortunate American.

Don Juan then asked Enrique to accompany him; but that accomplished gentleman was up to his eyes in ink and paper, writing five specials at once with scarcely the difference of a comma or a period. Of course he declined, which I did also through not knowing Spanish.

Accordingly, with the courage of despair Don Juan wended his way alone to the gubernatorial mansion, returning at dinner-time with an air of glee which completely banished the misery of his morning's expression.

We were smoking in the office when he returned, his countenance wreathed in smiles.

"Don't talk to me about Mexican injustice again," he began. "Why, nothing could have been nicer than the Governor's manner to me. He understands English perfectly and speaks well enough to satisfy me, at any rate."

"So you actually bearded the lion in his den," said Enrique. "Tell us all about it, old fellow."

"None of you would go with me, so I went alone. I'm an American, you know, and I believe in republics—your poor boys are English and only know of freedom through hearsay. Well, I went to the Governor's mansion, and after waiting some time was shown into his private office. He may be a Mexican, but he is certainly a gentleman. I told him all about everything and impressed upon him the fact that I was trying to save the lives of my boys"—Enrique and Julio exchanged grins; there was something so comical in the self-complacency of the speaker. "And what do you suppose he said?"

"Can't guess."

"Well, he rose, straightened himself, and said: 'Senor, I am Governor of this province, and Americans and other foreigners traveling in this country shall be protected so long as the arm of the law has power to reach offenders. You did perfectly right, Senor, to save the lives of your friends. You are a brave man—I adore bravery—give me your hand.'"

"Great heavens, what a mess!" This from Julio and Enrique together.

"Yes, sir; and he immediately sent to the barracks and ordered that a detachment of soldiers should leave at once to bring in the dead and wounded, and to scour the country in pursuit of the villains who escaped."

Julio laughed—a long, loud laugh in which we all joined. "What a glorious April fool in December, old fellow! Don't you know that it was all a joke? that no one attacked us, and that you wasted your powder on two harmless, inoffensive burros?"

But Don Juan was not to be convinced.

He was a hero in his own eyes, a brave man in the eyes of the Governor—not quite so willingly would he uncrown himself. To this day, I doubt not that he believes in himself and in his heroism, and will transmit to his posterity an account of his valorous deeds in Mexico as an instance of how a brave American is regarded even in a country once so antagonistic to America and things American.

Julio, meanwhile, set off for the mansion, arriving just in time to explain matters and to enable the Governor to countermand the order. The noble old gentleman looked very stern, made a few sharp remarks about the danger of indulging in such practical jokes; then, possibly overcome by the remembrance of Don Juan's complacent face and bearing, broke into a hearty laugh and invited the young man to dine with him.

## The Grandest Sight on the Plains.

I had camped near the forks of the Platte, and was aroused just at daylight by footsteps around me. After listening for a moment I felt sure that they were the footsteps of horses. They seemed to be circling around me—not at a canter—not at a trot, but at a moderate walk. It was well that I had secured my horse in a thorough manner, for I never saw him so excited. He tugged and pulled at his lariat, stood up on his hind legs, neighed and snorted and pawed and pranced, and it was his action that gave me a clue to the identity of my visitors.

They were wild horses.

Had they been Indian ponies my trained horse would have remained as dumb and silent as a post. Indeed, Indians would not have approached me in that manner.

I remained very quiet, hoping the horses would remain in sight until daylight should give me a good view of them. I had to wait for a full hour, but when the light grew strong the spectacle was one to make a man's blood tingle. The circle had been enlarged until it was half a mile across, and my little camp was the center. Every horse, and there were 126 of them, stood with his head to this center, and soldiers could not have taken positions on the skirmish line in more precise order.

I pitied my own animal. He stood with the lariat drawn taut and trembled in every limb, and he was as wet with sweat as if I had galloped him twenty miles. I realized how he must long to break away and join the wild rovers and forever end his drudgery.

I dared not rise to my feet for fear of alarming the drove, but, nevertheless, I had a clear view of each horse. Most of them were magnificent animals. Manes down on their shoulders and tails on the grass. They were of various colors, and they ranged in age from the yearling colt up to the veterans probably twenty years old. The bays predominated, but every color was present.

We had been observing each other about ten minutes, when a jet black stallion, who was the leader of the herd, gave a snort, threw up his heels into the air and broke off at a gallop, followed by the drove in a single file. They ran in a true circle, and they made the circuit five times before stopping. Then, at another signal from the leader, the circle broke and the horses wheeled into a long, single line, or "company front."

Troop horses could not have done better. I thought at first the line meant to charge me, but at a signal it made a left wheel and galloped straight off on the plain for a mile. Then it broke, assumed the shape of a triangle and returned. When the leader was within pistol-shot he wheeled out and the horses formed in a square, with the four yearlings in the center. They galloped off for a mile or so, broke again and returned in two ranks.

I had an almost irresistible desire to kill the leader with a bullet. Indeed, I reached for my rifle with that intent, but then came the reflection that it would be little short of murder. Such another perfect horse I had never seen. His black coat shone like silk, his limbs and body were perfection, and he had the speed and bottom of a race horse. Not a halt was made for a full hour, and then it was only preparatory to taking a swift departure. The last maneuver was a circle at a slow trot, and each horse whinnied in a coaxing manner to my own steed. Poor Selim! He struggled in the most frantic manner to break loose, and when finding all his efforts of no avail he threw himself down on the grass and actually groaned his disappointment.

I rose up then and waved my blanket. Instead of rushing off in affright as I expected, the leader of the band deliberately approached me a few rods and stood and snorted and pawed as if sending forth a challenge. Then I set up a shouting, waved the blanket some more, and he took his place at the head, formed the band at "company front," and they went off at a gallop and maintained it as long as I could see the waving line.—M. Quail, in *Detroit Free Press*.

## Going Barefooted.

The London *Lancet* says that "Children who are allowed to go barefooted enjoy almost perfect immunity from the danger of 'cold' by accidental chilling of the feet, and they are altogether healthier and happier than those who, in obedience to the usages of social life, have their lower extremities permanently inviolated, and so to say, carefully swathed and put away in rigid cases. As regards the poorer classes of children, there can be no sort of doubt in the mind of anyone that it is incomparably better they should go barefooted than wear boots that let in the wet, and stockings that are nearly always damp and foul."

The first patient admitted to the new Northern Hospital for the Insane, in Michigan, was a man who assisted in its erection.

## Rev. Sam Jones on the "Unruly Member."

The tongue is "an unruly member," said St. James, "full of deadly poison." There is many a person who, if you will go to their homes and put your ear to their heart, you will hear the blood dripping, dripping. You will ask, "What did that?" and they will tell you, "An inhuman tongue stabbed me there." God pity the man that will take his tongue and stab a human character. The tongue is the cause of all the trouble in our homes. It is not what we do. It is what we say. A man unkind to his wife! I have known a man to be polite and kind to every man that comes into his store that day, just polite, and then go home and stab his wife with meanness. Brothers, haven't you seen cases like that? Did you not see one just while you were brushing your hair this evening? How many times a good, painstaking wife has arranged all day to make home pleasant for her husband, and when he comes in she greets him with a kiss, and before he has been at home ten minutes he takes that tongue of his and stabs her to the heart. She goes up stairs and cries as if her heart would break. God pity a woman who has got an old bear for a husband.

Now, bless your soul, if I am going to be kind to any woman on earth it is my wife, because I sort of like her. I can't help it to save my soul. I feel a good deal like the Irishman who said: "Faith, may I never live to see my wife married again." Never let a word slip from you that will draw a drop of blood from your precious wife's heart. Many a man has walked up and bent over his wife's lifeless frame, and as he saw the glow of life and beauty gone from her cheeks, and as he dropped a tear upon the pallid face of his wife, has said: "God forgive me for every unkind word I have ever spoken to her, the best, the kindest wife that ever lived." That is my sort of religion.

How unkind we are sometimes to our children. I was at a camp-meeting a year or so ago. Four or five of us were standing around and a little 10-year-old black-eyed girl said something to her father, and the parent turned around and in the most impatient, ruthless way he took his tongue and hewed her literally almost to the ground. I looked around and said: "You inhuman brute, I would not hew my child that way for all the world." You can almost crucify your child with one stroke of your tongue.

Some of you not only chop your children to pieces, but you would die before you would go and beg their pardon. I know what it is to look upon a sweet child that had its arms around my face for the last time. It is gone, but when it is gone I never want to go into my parlor and look upon my child and say: "O, how those icy cold fingers point my memory back to the hasty words!"

I believe, with Josh Billings, we have precepts enough to run four such worlds as this. What we need now is a few good examples. You go home and wake little Willie up, get him wide awake, and get him on your knees, and say: "Willie, who is the best man in Cincinnati?" "Why, you, papa," he will answer. "Willie, who in this world would you most like to be like?" "Why, you, papa." Poor little fellow, he ain't got much sense. The saddest thing a father ever said to me was this. I was a pastor then, and had preached on "Home Religion":

I have been a pastor now eight years of my life. He said to me about four weeks after I had preached that sermon: "Jones, I have studied my children for four weeks in all phases of their lives, and I have reached a verdict." "What is the verdict?" He said: "After four weeks of study I found out my children haven't got a single fault that me or their mother, one of us, has not got. A direct copy of my wife and myself our children are."

## A Lord with Good Sense.

Lord Tollemache, who has just completed his 80th year, is said to be the model English landlord. He possesses about 46,000 acres of land in Cheshire, and during the whole of the agricultural depression, from 1877 to 1885, he had neither a vacant farm nor a tenant in arrears. His estate in Cheshire has, during his lifetime, been cut up into farms averaging about 200 acres in extent, his lordship considering that a thrifty farmer with sons and daughters could do excellently on a 200-acre farm, while he would suffer severely on a smaller holding. In order to break up his estate into farms of that size, he built, or rebuilt, between fifty and sixty farm houses at the cost of £148,000, each of these homesteads costing about £2,800. In addition to this, Lord Tollemache has built 260 cottages for the accommodation of the laborers. In regard to the education of children on his estate, an anecdote is told of his lordship's practical common sense. Lord Tollemache was anxious to provide mixed schools for the education of the farmers' and laborers' children; but after the buildings had been erected at considerable expense he found that the tenant farmers objected to sending their sons to the same schools with the laborers' children. Having listened quietly to the master's complaint, the noble lord said: "There is only one way out of this difficulty; I will send my own sons to the school." For nearly two years Lord Tollemache's children attended the school, and, their father said, "to their undoubted advantage."—*Sunbeams*.

CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER says that to know woman, to know one woman, or for a woman to know herself, would take the zest out of life. What we are pleased in our conceit to call in her sex the fluctuating female is the delightful, saving, indispensable element in the higher economy of life.



## THE HAPPINESS OF ELYSIUM.

Elysium was the name given by the ancient Greeks to the resting place of the righteous dead, where they should enjoy eternal peace and happiness. None but the pure in heart, the truthful and generous could tread the asphodel meadows of the Elysian fields, and it was a land of everlasting delight. When, therefore, Mrs. Kate Sherman, of Streator, Ill., said recently that she had been in Elysium, though of course she spoke figuratively, it argued that some great good fortune and joy had come to her. And such, indeed, was the truth. Mrs. Sherman tells how it was in this way:

"I have suffered from inflammatory rheumatism for more than thirty years. Heretofore the pain would succumb to the application of hot wet flannel, but at my last attack circumstances had conspired to aggravate the disease, and I became helpless. My hands and feet were swollen enormously, and I suffered almost mortal agony. My physician bought me a bottle of Athlaphoros. After taking the third dose I was in Elysium, and was free from pain. By the time I had taken a bottle and a half I felt so wonderfully improved that I discontinued the medicine. I have an ungovernable dislike to all medicine, but I will say that Athlaphoros probably saved my life, as I was running down rapidly, and could not have endured the pain much longer. It afforded me the only relief I ever experienced except from hot water, and that had failed me."

The Rev. Samuel Porter, of Crete, Ill., says of the effect of Athlaphoros upon his wife:

"Mrs. Porter was very much benefited by the first bottle. Before she commenced taking it she could not walk, she was so badly afflicted with rheumatism, but she was soon able to walk. She sleeps well. Mr. John Hewes, our neighbor, was very badly off with the rheumatism last winter, and was not able to work or even to get out of his room. One bottle of Athlaphoros cured him, but he has to keep it by him to take when he feels his old difficulties."

Another clergyman, the Rev. C. Hartley, of Huntley, Ill., gives this as his experience with the remedy:

"For six months I suffered severely from an attack of rheumatism. A friend sent me a notice of several reliable cures effected by Athlaphoros. I procured the medicine, and less than one bottle completely cured me, and I have not had the least indication of a return of the painful disease. I have recommended it to others, and results similar to those in my own case have followed. I regard Athlaphoros as invaluable."

A. M. Blakney, who lives at the corner of Union and Green streets, Decatur, Ill., only confirms the general testimony to the value of Athlaphoros when he says:

"During the past winter I was stricken with a very severe attack of rheumatism—a disease with which I had been afflicted for several years—and was rendered almost helpless, and confined to my bed. I tried various medicines, and was prescribed for by physicians with no avail. Finally I was induced by my druggist to try Athlaphoros. I was relieved and cured so quickly that words could not tell my surprise. I do not hesitate in recommending it to any one suffering with that most painful complaint, rheumatism."

If you can not get ATHLAPHOROS of your druggist we will send it, express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed. ATHLAPHOROS CO., 112 Wall street, New York.

## The Antiquity of Color.

Man's first canvas was the rough rock, and the second the hewn stone. Traces of color are still found on the sculptures of Nineveh and bas-reliefs of Egypt; and after an interval of thousands of years Karnac and Luxor retain hues which might have been laid on a generation ago. Modern art has revived the use of color in architecture, and we have a few examples of its revival in sculpture, though this has not produced the same impression. Color was doubtless used by Dadaus, whose statues were of wood, and it would appear to have been not discarded by Dypenus and Scyllus, the first sculptors in marble, for the famous emerald statue of Minerva was from their hand. The aid of color is even sought by such a master as Phidias, and his Jupiter Olympus, on which he rested his fame, is said to have been adorned with golden hair, eyes of gems, and emblazoned drapery. The exhibition of 1862 presented the English public with the noblest achievement of modern tinted sculpture in Gibson's "Venus," which blends color with a high style of art; but there was a general impression that the statue would have been more effective in pure marble.

## The Sailor and the Shark.

A Sailor who fell Overboard in a Harbor where many Sharks were swimming about and was Rescued without a Scratch, turned to the Fish and Returned Thanks for the great courtesy shown him.

"Oh, as to that," replied a Shark who came Swimming near, "you owe us Nothing. We Happened to be Busy just then on a Dead Horse. We'll see you later."

Moral—Don't feel too grateful to the Hangman until you are out of a Hanging State.—*Detroit Free Press.*

No Boon That Science Has Conferred Has been fraught with greater blessings than that which has accrued to the inhabitants of malarial portions of the United States and the Tropics from the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The experience of many years has but too clearly demonstrated the inefficiency of quinine and other drugs to effectually combat the progress of intermittent, congestive, and bilious remittent fevers; while, on the other hand, it has been no less clearly shown that the use of the Bitters—a medicine congenial to the frail constitution, and derived from purely botanic sources—affords a reliable safeguard against malarial disease, and arrests it when developed. For disorders of the stomach, liver, and bowels, for general debility and renal activity, it is also a most efficient remedy. Appetite and sleep are improved by it; it expels rheumatic humors from the blood, and enriches a circulation impoverished by mal-assimilation.

## Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, expressage, and \$3 carriage hire, and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite Grand Central Depot.

613 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

## Etiquette.

The etiquette of the "At Home" is by no means the etiquette of the ball, the luncheon, or the dinner. People talk of sending "regrets" in response to an "at home" which is not at all the thing to do. If a lady is not able to be present, she has but to mail her card to arrive on the afternoon on which the tea is given, and later when the hostess looks over her cards she discovers who were present in person and who acknowledged her invitation by sending cards. The "At Home" is a miscellaneous affair, and special acceptances or regrets are quite out of place. The practice of removing the bonnet at luncheon is almost exclusively confined to Boston. In New York no lady would dream of removing her bonnet at luncheon. In the dining-room at the Windsor and the Victoria, it is exceptional to see a lady without a bonnet at the luncheon hour, while in Boston, at the Vendome, it is as exceptional to see one with her hat, unless it is a transient guest.—*Boston Traveller.*

PEOPLE are recognizing the danger attending the use of opium, and legislative bodies are being called upon to suppress the growing evil. The only cough mixture which does not contain opiates, and yet is of remarkable efficacy, is Red Star Cough Cure. 25 cents.

A CITY mission reports that only \$30,000 are spent on the souls of the twelve thousand persons cared for by the Commissioners of Charities and Corrections of New York City, at a cost of \$1,500,000 for their material wants.—*Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.*

For twenty years Mrs. John Gemmill, Milroy, Mifflin County, Penna., could not walk, on account of an injury to the spine. One bottle of St. Jacobs Oil gave relief; the second enabled her to walk and cured her.

## Self-Protection.

Counsel for the Defense—You say that you are only 17 years old?

Plaintiff—Yes, sir.

Counsel—And that my client, a strong man, assaulted you with intent to kill for singing at night?

Plaintiff—Yes, sir.

Counsel—What were you singing?

Counsel for the Prosecution—I object?

Magistrate—The objection not sustained. The witness will answer the question.

Plaintiff—Singing "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep."

Counsel for the Defense—Your honor, the defense rests.

Magistrate—The prisoner is discharged.—*New York Sun.*

"Be wise to-day; 'tis madness to defer." Don't neglect your cough. If you do your fate may be that of the countless thousands who have done likewise, and who to-day fill consumptive graves. Night-sweats, splitting of blood, weak lungs, and consumption itself if taken in time can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." This wonderful preparation has no equal as a remedy for lung and throat diseases. All druggists.

"Why is laughter like our clothes? Because it is ennu."—*St. Paul Day.*

In Consumption, the disposition to cough is diminished by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

FOLKS who live by their wits live by the want of wits in other folks.

The scalp is cleansed and excited to a healthy action by Hall's Hair Renewer.

A GRAVE YARD—thirty-six inches of black-crape.—*Pretzel's Weekly.*

## The Great German Physician.

The remarkable phase in the practice of Dr. Peter W. Schmidt (frequently called Dr. Pete) is, he never asked one to describe their disease but tells each one their trouble without asking a question. His success is phenomenal. His practice enormous. He is sought after by hundreds wherever he goes, because he cures when every other physician and remedy have failed. He has allowed his great medicines, Golden Seal Bitters and Lung Food for Consumption, to be offered to the suffering, and we assert without fear of successful contradiction that there is no disease they will not cure. Thousands of bottles have been sold. Thousands of broken-down and discouraged invalids saved. Send to Golden Seal Bitters Company, Holland City, Mich., for Facts for the Million! Free.

## Rescued from Death.

William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: "In the fall of 1876 I was taken with Bleeding of the Lungs, followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the Hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half-dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to get better, and to-day I feel better than for three years."

Free to Ministers, Lawyers, Doctors, and Teachers.

If you will get your dealer to order from his wholesale druggist one dozen bottles WARNE'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP—the best remedy in the world for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Catarrh, and Consumption, I will send two bottles free. Recommend to your friends. Send name of druggist who gives the order. Map of Holy Land free with medicine. Address Dr. C. D. WARNER, Chicago, Ill. All druggists.

## A Squalling Baby.

Why is a newly born baby like a gale of wind? Because it begins with a squall. Cold gales induce coughs and croup. Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein will cure it.

It afflicted with Sore Eyes, say Dr. Isaac Thompson's Rye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

If a cough disturbs your sleep, take Piso's Cure for Consumption and rest well.

## Frightful Waste.

Consumption carries off its thousands of victims every year. Yes, thousands of human lives are being wasted that might be saved. For the fact is now established that consumption, in its early stages, is curable. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will, if used in time, effect a permanent cure. It has no equal as a remedy for bronchitis, coughs, and colds. Its efficacy has been proved in thousands of cases. All druggists.

THE daughter of the millionaire of the future will probably be a billion heiress.—*New York Morning Journal.*

THE huge, drastic, gripping, sickening pills are fast being superseded by Dr. Pierce's "Purgative Pellets."

PRETTY clothes quarters—the closet where a fashionable woman hangs her best garments.—*Palmer Journal.*

WITHOUT health life has no sunshine. Who could be happy with dyspepsia, piles, low spirits, headache, ague, or diseases of the stomach, liver, or kidneys? Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic quickly cures the above diseases. 50 cents.

SECOND thoughts are always best. Woman was an afterthought of creation.—*Boston Transcript.*

THE GRAND SECRET of female beauty is health—the secret of health is the power to eat, digest, and assimilate a proper quantity of wholesome food. Take VINEGAR BITTERS. It will cleanse the stomach, tone the vital organs, give a perfect digestion, purify the blood, clear up the complexion, and produce a state of genuine female loveliness, with which no cosmetic can compare.

You can inject morphine in the calf of your leg, but you cannot take quinine by barking your ship.

MORE substantial benefit can be obtained from a 50-cent bottle of Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure than a dollar bottle of any other cough remedy. It is a prompt, safe, and pleasant cure for all throat and lung troubles.

AMONG manufacturers of preserves there is always more or less jellyously.—*Merchant Traveler.*

A cold of unusual severity which I took last autumn developed into a difficulty decided catarrh in all its characteristics, threatening a return of my old chronic malady, catarrh. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm completely eradicated every symptom of that painful and prevailing disorder.—E. W. Warner, 165 Hudson St., Rochester, N. Y.

PURE Cod-Liver Oil, made from selected livers on the sea shore, by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

A Century of progress has not produced a remedy equal to Ely's Cream Balm for Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Hay Fever. It is not a liquid or a snuff, but is perfectly safe and easily applied with the finger. It gives immediate relief and cures the worst cases. Price 10 cents. At druggists, 60 cents by mail. Ely Bros., Owego, N. Y.

A bottle of Athlaphoros enabled me, after suffering intensely from rheumatism, to be up, and in two or three days I was in my store, attending to my business. I have recommended it to others. John Wagner, dealer in groceries, 142 Larabee street, Chicago, Ill.

Ely Bros., Owego, N. Y.—Please send me two bottles of Cream Balm. I can't do without it. It is the best medicine for Catarrh in the world.—J. C. Edmonson, Coup City, Neb.

CHAPPED Hands, Face, Pimples and rough Skin, cured by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York.

Any man looks like a sloven with run-over heels. Lyon's Heel Stiffeners keep boots straight, 25c.

FOR MALARIA TAKE FOR BILIOUSNESS

**HOPS & MALT BITTERS.**

IT IS THE

**BLOOD PURIFIER & HEALTH RESTORER.**

It never fails to do its work in cases of Malaria, Biliousness, Constipation, Headache, loss of Appetite and Sleep, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, and all Female Complaints. Hops & Malt Bitters is a Vegetable Compound. It is a Medicine not a Bar-room Drink. It differs as widely as does day and night from the thousands of one mixture of vile whiskey flavored with aromatics. Hops & Malt Bitters is recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses as being the Best Family Medicine ever compounded. Any woman or child can take it.

"From my knowledge of its ingredients, under no circumstances can it injure any one using it. It contains no mineral or other deleterious substance. Possessing real merits, the remedy is deserving success."

C. E. DePuy, Ph. G., Detroit, Mich.

The only Genuine are manufactured by the HOPS & MALT BITTERS CO., Detroit, Mich.

SEND NAME QUICK for Free, Moody's New Illustrated Book on Dress Making, New Dolman, and Mantle Cutting, etc. Agents sell 10 a day. Prof. MOODY, Cleveland, O.

ASTHMA CURED by the English Asthma Pill. \$1 large, or 10c sample box. H. B. MILLARD, Agent, 42 Third Avenue, New York.

\$25 A WEEK made by ladies selling our Corsets, Slicking Supporters, etc. Catalogue for stamp. The Frost & Hatch Mfg. Co., Cleveland, O.

POTATO ROT A sure remedy for the potato disease. My 25c choice varieties of Seed Potatoes are perfectly healthy. Catalogue free. GEO. PINNEY, Evergreen, Door Co., Wis.

FACE, HANDS, FEET, and all their imperfections, including Facial Development, Superfluous Hair, Birth Marks, Moles, Warts, Itch, Eruptions, Red Nose, Acne, Black Heads, Scars, Pimples and their treatment. Dr. JOHN H. WOODBURY, 37 S. Pearl St., Albany, N. Y. Est'd 1876. Send 10c for book.

Vinegar Bitters, a purgative and tonic, purifies the blood, strengthens the liver and kidneys, and will restore health, however lost.

Vinegar Bitters is the best remedy discovered for promoting digestion, curing headache and increasing the vital powers.

Vinegar Bitters assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Vinegar Bitters is the great disease preventer, and stands at the head of all family remedies. No house should ever be without it.

Vinegar Bitters cures Malaria, Biliousness and other fevers, diseases of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys, and a hundred other painful disorders.

Send for either of our valuable reference books for ladies, for farmers, for merchants, our Medical Treatise on Diseases, or our Catechism on Intemperance and Tobacco, which last should be in the hands of every child and youth in the country.

Any two of the above books mailed free on receipt of four cents for registration fees.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., 528 Washington St., N. Y.

## A QUESTION ABOUT

## Brown's Iron Bitters

ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times: "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe IRON. Physicians recognize iron as the best restorative agent known to the profession, and in fact of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not cause headache, or produce constipation—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Weakness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Tired Feeling, General Debility, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Neuralgia—for all these ailments iron is prescribed daily. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by the first symptom of benefit is required. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and it is a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. 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This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

## W. C. T. Union.

What is it? Why is it?

In less than six months I think, three men employed in our tannery, have been brought to an untimely end through the effects of strong drink. This fact is attracting the attention of many, and it is asked one of another, "Why is it?" Can it be that an underground pipe is laid from the brewery to the tannery? If so, we are sure it is not with the knowledge of the managers.

We are not acquainted with the process of tanning, but can it be that so much alcohol is used therein, that the fumes of it cause drunkenness? If so, then the leather must be infused with it; and this may be the reason why our marshal is so very cautious whom he arrests for tumbling and tottering on our streets.

No! No! This is not it. Let us take a more serious, sober, view of the matter. Go at noon, or when the day's work is over, and see the many that march, not directly to their own home, where the wife is waiting and watching for them, but to another home which they hurriedly seek, viz: the saloon, the devil's home, where they go to find an "appetizer," as they call it, yes, an "appetizer," and is this the end? Would it were, but just wait till after supper, and then walk through Eighth and to the lower end of River street, you know the Devil is very wealthy, and owns a number of homes. Keep your eyes open, and you will see these same men in company with others, entering homes or saloons. Or, perchance, some may think it too humiliating and public to be seen entering one of our ordinary licensed saloons. What is to be done? We have no Howard Crosby regulator here, to secure a beautiful, fashionable, one thousand dollar licensed saloon. What next? Well this kind Satanic Landlord never lets his tenants go thirsty, and he says, "I will tell you; over yonder is a drug store, where they keep all kinds of medicine and also medicated water, the latter is just what you want. And farther down is another, where I think you will find no trouble in getting some of the same kind of stuff; step right in boldly, Don't be afraid. No one will know but that you go in to get medicine, or a cigar. I tell you, it is a wonderful nice thing that druggists are allowed to keep cigars: so handy on Sunday you know. We do not say this will apply to all our druggists. Here we have the proper answer to what we asked in the beginning and all may know, "why it is." **FANATIC.**

## JUST LOOK THESE OVER.

The little daughter of the editor of the Tiffin, O. Daily Star was immediately and permanently relieved of a severe cough by three doses of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. A twenty-five cent bottle of this valuable remedy will cure the worst cough.

The first steel pens were made in 1846.

### Miraculous Escape.

W. W. Reed, druggist, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "One of my customers, Mrs. Louisa Pike, Barton, Randolph Co., Ind., was a long sufferer with Consumption, and was given up to die by her physicians. She heard of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and began buying it of me. In six months' time she walked to this city, a distance of six miles, and is now so much improved she has quit using it. She feels she owes her life to it." Free Trial Bottles at H. Walsh's Drug Store.

The best spring medicine is one of West's Liver Pills taken every night on going to bed. Just what you need. Sugar coated. 30 pills 25c. All druggists.

The first lucifer match was made in 1420.

West's Cough Syrup, the household remedy for coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, influenza, whooping-cough, consumption and all throat and lung diseases. 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle. All druggists.

Henry Schenck, foreman Henry Krug Packing Co., St. Joseph, Mo., uses Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil with his men for sprains, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, etc. It is the best.

A hurricane moves eighty miles an hour.

Chilblains and frosted feet and hands cured with a few applications of West's World's Wonder or Family Liniment. All druggists.

Modern needles first came into use in 1543.

Ladies suffering with sick headache will find a certain cure in West's Liver Pills. Sugar coated. 30 pills 25c. All druggists.

Thin hair may be thickened, weak hair strengthened, and the color restored to faded or gray hair, by using Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is just what you want for a spring medicine—superior to all others.

### IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, Expressage, and Carriage hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to one dollar and upwards per day on European plan. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse car, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city. 15-17

A great blessing. West's Liver Pills will always be found a great blessing to those afflicted with liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion, and sick headache. Thirty pills 25c. All druggists.

West's World's Wonder is the marvel of healing, superior to all other liniments. Always keep it in the house. All druggists.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., New York.

**GOOD NEWS TO LADIES.**  
The GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY.  
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 225, 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

## By All Means Purchase Nimrod PLUG TOBACCO! PREMIUM GOODS.

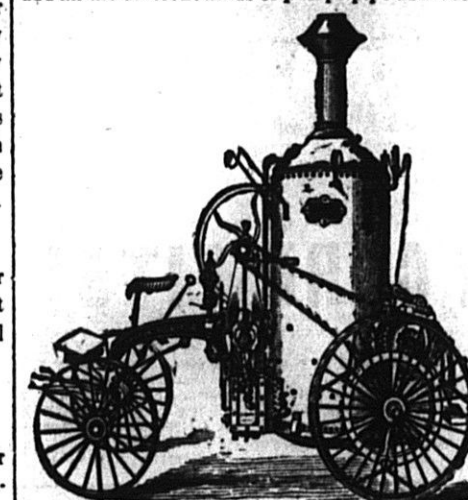
Every box has a ticket in it entitling the holder to a share in the distribution of Fine Gold Watches and Chains, Quadruple Silver-Plated Ware, Tea Pots, Coffee Pots, Knives, Forks and Spoons. Nimrod is the best chew and the greatest seller. Always in good order and gives good satisfaction. It is packed in styles which preserve the Plant. Ripe, Cheesy condition. It is the choice of the chewer and never sticks on the dealer's hands. For sale by all Jobbers and Retailers.

S. W. VENEABLE & CO., Petersburg, Va.

**THE ACME PENETRATIVE.**  
POSITIVELY BURNS STUMPS.  
No crude petroleum, sulphur, saltpeter or explosives, but is a compound, which, if put in the stump and set fire to, will burn it, ROOTS AND ALL, GREEN OR DRY.  
Send \$1.00 for enough Penetrative to burn 12 large or small stumps. Satisfaction guaranteed or money cheerfully refunded. Send for illustrated circular, etc.  
Agents Wanted.  
The Acme Penetrative Co., New Carlisle, O.  
Look Box E.

## P. H. WILMS

Manufacturer of Wilms' Celebrated Wooden Drive Wells! AND WOODEN PUMPS, Porcelain-lined, Iron-lined, Maple Cylinder and all the different kinds of pumps, pipe and iron.



Dealer in the leading class of agricultural implements, such as Engines, Threshers, Saw Mills, Wind Mills, Self-binding Reapers, Mowers, Buggies, Wagons, Plows, Spring Tooth Harrows, all that Farmers need except money, and that you can make by buying of me as I will sell very reasonable. Fair dealing and good goods. COME AND SEE ME. PETER H. WILMS. Holland, April 22, 1885.

**DE LAND & CO'S**  
**CA**  
**SAF**  
**SALERATUS SODA**  
Best in the World

## PHOENIX Cheap Cash Store!

The undersigned has purchased the store and stock of goods of M. Jonkman, on River street, opposite the Phoenix Planing Mill, and will hereafter conduct the business. He has a large stock of

Crockery,

Flour and Feed,

and Glassware,

Dry Goods and Yankee Notions.

With honest and fair dealing he hopes to retain all old customers of the store and obtain many new ones.

Goods will be delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

There is a telephone in the store, and all orders given through it will be promptly attended to.

Give me a Call.

R. E. WERKMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 23, 1885.

## Cigar Manufactory.

H. POSTMA, PROP.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public that he is still manufacturing cigars. Several good warranted brands of Cigars can be purchased of him at wholesale and retail at the old stand one door east of Van Oort's hardware store on Eighth street.

Give me a call and try my Cigars.

H. POSTMA.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 3, 1886.

## PHOTOGRAPHS.

The Photograph Gallery of B. P. Higgins in the First Ward has been leased by

## W. S. WATKINS

a first-class photographer of St. Thomas, Canada, and is prepared to do the FINEST WORK on short notice.

## GIVE HIM A TRIAL.

W. S. WATKINS.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 25, 1886.

## James M. Van der Ven,

Cigar Manufacturer,

Van der Veen's Block.

The public of Holland and vicinity are hereby notified that I have purchased the stock and business of H. Postma. I shall continue the manufacture of Cigars and should be happy of a patronage warranted by the quality of the cigars I make.

GIVE ME A CALL,

JAMES M. VAN DER VEN.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 14, 1886.

## ALBERT CURTIS,

Resident Veterinary Surgeon.

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Canada.

Will professionally attend to all diseases of

## HORSES AND CATTLE!

Orders by mail or telegraph will receive prompt attention. Horses examined as to soundness. Hospital for lame and diseased horses. If not professionally engaged can be seen at all hours. Office opposite Dr. Van Patten's drug store, Holland, Mich. 41-3 mos.

## Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

## Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

## B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens, Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods, Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

## CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city for the celebrated

## Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps both as to quantity of oil used and the amount of light which they give. Call and see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1885

## JAS. HUNTLEY, BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings, finished and completed.

## Planing and Re-sawing

done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, etc. made and furnished.

Office and Shop on River street, near the corner of Tenth street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.

HOLLAND, May 27, 1883.

## THE LIGHT RUNNING



SEWING MACHINE HAS NO EQUAL.

## PERFECT SATISFACTION

New Home Sewing Machine Co.

—ORANGE, MASS.—

30 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. Atlanta, Ga. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal.

## Meyer, Brouwer & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Furniture, Wall Paper,

CARPETS, ETC.

Holland, Mich., Michigan.

## Health is Wealth!



Dr. E. C. West's NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Seminal Emission caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., 862 W. MADISON ST., CHICAGO, ILLS., Sole Prop's West's Liver Pills.

51-17

## Otto Breyman

—dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches, DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

The largest assortment of

DIAMOND RINGS

ever displayed in this city.

I also keep on hand a large assortment of

## SPECTACLES

and a

FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 13, 1884.

## NEXT!!

—AT—

## BILLY'S TONSORIAL PARLORS

you can get a

## A Good Clean Shave.

## A Scientific Haircut, or

## Invigorating Shampoo.

at any time.

## HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies' hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

## FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE!

W. BAUMGARTEL.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 19, 1885.

## Notice to Teachers.

The Ottawa County Board of School Examiners will meet at the following named times and places, during the spring of 1886, for the purpose of examining applicants for teachers' certificates:

Friday, March 12, at Hudsonville.

Friday, March 26, Grand Haven, Regular.

Friday, April 16, at Coopersville.

Each session will open promptly at 9 a. m. The Board urgently requests that all applicants be provided with certificates of good moral character, those from school boards where last employed as teacher being preferable.

All grades are requested to be prepared for examination on school law. For second grade in addition to other branches, book-keeping and philosophy will be required; for first grade, algebra and English literature.

Only third-grade certificates will be granted at the special sessions of the Board.

By order of the County Board of School Examiners.

48-15t MRS. A. V. WEATHERWAX, Sec'y.

## THE BEST

Hair restorative in the world is HALL'S

HAIR RENEWER. It cures all diseases of

the scalp, and stimulates the hair glands

to healthy action. It stops the falling of

the hair; prevents its turning gray; cures

itching, and restores youthful color and

freshness of appearance to heads already

white with age. The following are a few

illustrations of what is done by

## HALL'S

Vegetable Sicilian

## HAIR RENEWER:

Mrs. HUNTER, 344 Franklin Ave.,

Brooklyn, N. Y., after a severe attack of Ery-

sipelas in the head, found her hair—already

gray—falling off so rapidly that she soon became

quite bald. One bottle of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER

brought it back as soft, brown and

thick as when she was a girl.

Mr. KESLING, an old farmer, near War-

saw, Ind., had scarcely any hair left, and what

little there was of it had become nearly white.

One bottle of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER stopped

its falling out, and gave him a thick, luxuriant

head of hair, as brown and fresh as he ever had.

Mrs. A. T. WALL, Greenfield, Cheshire,

Eng., writes: "I have found the greatest ben-

efit from the use of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER,

it having restored my hair, which was rapidly fall-

ing off, and returned its original color."

Dr. EMIL SEIP, Detroit, Mich., certifies

that "HALL'S HAIR RENEWER is excellent for

hair growing, and gives back the natural color

to faded and gray hair."

Mrs. S. E. ELLIOTT, Glenville, W. Va.,

says: "One bottle of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER

restored my hair to its natural, youthful color."

No injurious substances enter into

the composition of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER,

and it is not a dye. Its vegetable ingre-

redients render it in the highest degree ben-

eficial to the scalp as a preventive of dis-

ease. Its effects are natural and lasting,

and it does not make the hair dry and

brashy, like the so-called restoratives com-

pounded with alcohol.

## Buckingham's Dye

FOR THE

## WHISKERS

Is, in four respects, superior to all others.

1st—It will produce a rich, natural

color, brown or black, as desired.

2d—The color so produced is permanent,

cannot be washed off, and will not soil any-

thing with which it comes in contact.

3d—It is a single preparation, and more

convenient of application than any other

hair or whisker dye.

4th—It contains no deleterious ingre-

redients, as do many preparations offered

for like use.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

## E. HEROLD,

has just received a large stock of the latest

styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

## BOOTS & SHOES

among which are the celebrated

## GROVER HAND SEWED

SHOES.

Having just secured the services of a

competent and capable shoemaker, es-

pecial attention will be paid to

## CUSTOM WORK.

Repairing promptly and neatly

done

## CALL AND SEE US.

NO. 40, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 4, 1885.

It has taken the lead in the

remedies, and has given

almost universal satisfac-

tion.

MURPHY BROS.,

Paris, Tex.

Has won the favor of