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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 7.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 679.

The Holland City News

A Weekly Newspaper published every Saturday.

Business Directory.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H. Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O. Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

MEENGUS, D. R., Drug Store, Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, &c.; River St.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, &c. River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Williams Bros., Proprietors. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

PHOENIX HOTEL, Jas. Ryder, proprietor. Located near the C. & W. M. R'y depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free back for accommodation of guests.

SCOTT'S HOTEL, W. J. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the corner of Ninth and Fish streets. Terms, \$1.50 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding Stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's hotel.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, &c.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Pinger Mills. Manufacturers of new Process Flour. Near foot of Eighth street.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth streets.

Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon. can be found in his office in First Ward Drug Store, on Eighth street.

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledebor.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKHUSEN, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

Societies.

I. O. of O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

W. ZIEH, R. S. A. J. CLARK, N. G.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 193, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evenings, Jan. 23, Feb. 25, March 25, April 23, May 27, June 24, July 22, Aug. 19, Sept. 23, Oct. 21, Nov. 18, Dec. 16. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

O. BREYMAN, W. M. D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

Our Markets.

Produce, &c.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.) Apples, 60c; Beans, 60c, \$1.00; Butter, 15, 16c; Eggs, 15c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 30c.

RETAIL.

Apples, 60c; Beans, \$1.25; Butter, 15, 17c; Eggs, 16c; Honey, 15c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 35c.

Grain, Feed, &c.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.) Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Corn, \$1.00; Clover seed, \$1.00; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, shelled, 40c; Flour, \$4.50; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; \$1.30; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.50; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.50; Oats, new, 30c; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; Rye, 50c; Timothy Seed, \$1.25; Wheat, white, 80c; Red Fruits, 80c; Lancaster Red, &c.

RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 50c; Bran, \$1.00; Barley, \$1.00; Corn, \$1.10; Clover seed, \$1.00; Corn Meal, \$1.00; Corn, shelled, 40c; Flour, \$4.50; Fine Corn Meal, \$1.00; \$1.30; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.50; Feed, \$1.00; \$1.50; Oats, new, 30c; Pearl Barley, \$1.00; Rye, 50c; Timothy seed, \$1.25.

LOCAL ITEMS.

AN anxious query "Who will run for Mayor?"

LAST Sunday night it looked as though another blizzard was upon us.

THE sun crossed the line yesterday and we may now look for warmer weather.

MERCHANTS It is now time you were placing your advertisement for the Spring trade.

RUMOR says that H. D. Post will build a good substantial brick block on his "corner." We hope the rumor is true.

A LOCAL minstrel troupe, organized in this place, intend giving an exhibition of their talents in Lyceum Hall next week.

We understand that a change is about to be made in the classifying of the station of the Chicago & West Mich. R'y at this place.

LAST Tuesday morning the mercury in the thermometer recorded from 6 to 12 degrees below zero, according to locality and the veracity of the recorder.

THE bank was closed on St. Patrick's Day—Cashier Ver Schure, as city treasurer, was settling with the committee on claims and accounts of the common council.

MESSERS. R. KANTERS & SONS received a car load of nails last Monday, and now have nails enough to supply this community for the spring season. It is their intention to sell them cheap, but for cash only.

P. PFANTIEHL of this city has been appointed agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul R. R. and all persons who wish information about Dakota can obtain it from him. Mr. Pfantiehl informs us that he will start for that land Tuesday, April 7, with over one hundred prospectors from this locality aboard.

FILLMORE BIRD has bought the stock of clothing, formerly owned by John Roost, of Assignee J. C. Post. Mr. Bird's knowledge of business and his financial record and soundness will assist him in making a success of the business, which will be conducted in the same building that was occupied by Mr. Roost. We wish Mr. Bird a prosperous career.

A FULL and complete lot of tinner's and plumber's tools have just been received at the hardware store of R. Kanters & Sons, and they are now prepared to do any kind of work in the plumbers line or in the working of tin. Mr. L. Beekwes is now in the employ of the firm, and his reputation as a workman is too well known in this locality to need any recommendation at our hands.

THE Committee on Ways and Means of the Common Council speak in high terms of the way in which Treasurer Ver Schure has kept his accounts the past year. Everything was in readiness for examination and the committee checked off accounts and settled with him in two hours, and found all accounts correct. Surely such efficiency should not go unrewarded and it should be "Treasurer Ver Schure" another year.

LAST Monday the pumps of the water works were disconnected from the mains, and the pump at the Standard Roller Mills was connected and was all the fire protection, beyond that furnished by our old engines, that the city had for the past week. Mayor Beach had the fire wells all made accessible and took every precaution necessary for an emergency. The pumps at the works will again be connected with the mains early next week. The cold weather of this week has greatly retarded the work of lowering the pumps.

R. GRANGER, of Plainwell, has made arrangements with R. E. Werkman, of the Phoenix Planing Mill, for the building of a skating rink 36x100 feet. The building is to be first-class and will be enclosed with German siding at first and will afterwards be veneered with brick. The floor is to be of hard maple lumber, three inches wide and one inch thick, and will be laid flatwise and mitred at the corners of the building. The rink is to be in running order by May 1. The site on which the building is to be erected has not yet been definitely decided upon, but it rests between the vacant lot on Market street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, and on the lot next to Huntley's machine shop on Seventh street. Mr. Jas. Huntley is to build the building and will commence work on next Monday.

C. L. WARING "took in the sights" at Chicago this week.

THE steamer Macatawa is undergoing thorough repairs at Anderson's ship yard.

MR. J. C. POST leaves to-day for New Orleans, La. He will be gone about two weeks.

CAPT. W. L. HOPKINS who has been "laid up" with lameness and rheumatism, was about again this week.

GEO. D. SANFORD, of Grand Haven, replies to Supervisor Schaddelee's article on the "Court House Question," in this issue.

M. VAN PUTTEN, the blind son of our banker, J. Van Putten, will shortly start for Detroit where he will study type writing.

ON Saturday last rain fell to such a degree that many people thought that spring had arrived, and consequently began making plans for their garden.

FARMER, Mechanic, and in fact every body, should attend the Agricultural Society meeting next Friday afternoon at De Grandueet building. Let there be a good attendance.

JOS. FIXTER informs us that the stove factory will start up next week and will be kept going the balance of the season. He has a large quantity of stock in his yard and will run the mill to its full capacity.

ST. PATRICK'S Day was observed at the telegraph office at the Chicago and West Mich. R'y depot. The "stars and stripes" floated gracefully from the window while green ribbons adorned the coats of the operators.

THE meeting of laboring men last Thursday night for the purpose of organizing an assembly of K. of L. was largely attended. Some twenty-six of those present signified their intention of joining the organization and on next Thursday evening the assembly is to be regularly instituted by an "organizer" from Grand Rapids.

NEXT Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, March 24 and 25, at 7:30 p. m., Rev. A. Wormser, of Cedar Grove, Wis., will lecture in Hope Church. The subject of his first lecture is: "Nine days among the Mormons," and for the second lecture the subject will be "San Francisco and Southern California." A general invitation is extended to all.

PROF. G. W. SHEPHERD will give a musical exhibition with the pupils of the Public School in Lyceum Hall on Wednesday and Thursday evening, next. An admission fee of 10 cents will be charged to defray expenses. An invitation is extended to all interested in music to come out and see what our little folks have learned under the efficient tutorage of Prof. Shepherd and the teachers of our Schools.

WE have received a communication from Edwin Thayer, Supervisor of the Township of Polkton, on the "Court House Question." We are sorry that our space forbids its publication in this issue, but we will try and insert it next week. Mr. Thayer adds to the bottom of his letter enclosing the communication, the following: "The towns this way are nearly solid against the new court house." It would seem that a little missionary work on the part of the "Improvement Association" is needed in Supervisor Thayer's section.

LAST Monday evening some fifty of the most intimate friends and acquaintances of Ald. and Mrs. David L. Boyd gathered at their residence on Tenth street to offer congratulations and extend to them tokens of esteem. The occasion was the twentieth anniversary of their marriage. Twenty years of married life marked by nought and blessed by many happy experiences is surely an occasion for rejoicing and merry making, and the many who were present can testify that the genial host and hostess outdid themselves in entertaining their guests. China is the symbol which designates the twentieth anniversary of wedlock and many and valuable presents of china were received by the Alderman and his estimable wife, among which was a handsome double set of table service—one dinner and one tea—over a hundred pieces in all. David was aglow and his wit and repartee was taken at a discount. The evening was passed in social enjoyments. During the evening an excellent lunch was served, and at a seasonable hour all dispersed for their homes in a very pleasant and happy mood.

A. PAUELS, of Grand Rapids, is visiting relatives in this city.

SOME twenty-five farmers of this locality left for Cambell county, Dakota, last Monday night.

MR. and Mrs. Geo. W. Hopkins were called to Kalamazoo last week Friday by the death of Mr. Hopkins' father.

DIED:—At West Olive, Mich., March 18, 1885, Althea, twin daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Snell, age sixteen months.

In the columns devoted to Special Notices our readers will see that Mr. D. Bertsch has several that will interest all alike.

L. SPIETSMA & SON, boot and shoe merchants of this city, have purchased a forty acre farm of S. Van der Wal. The farm is located about a mile east of this city. The consideration paid was \$2,500.

H. VAN DER HAAN has discontinued his meat market and has refitted his building, received a large stock of Groceries, and will open a first-class Grocery store on Monday next. See "ad" in another column.

WE have just received a catalogue of Hope College, at Holland, at the hands of Wm. H. Rogers, book and job printer of that city. It is without doubt the finest piece of book work ever done in that county, and we no longer wonder why he is so rushed in that line of business. William, the printing "takes the cake."—*Pennville Dispatch.*

THE plating mill and sash and blind factory of Jas. Huntley commenced running this week. Mr. Huntley has the contract for the erection of several buildings in this city the coming season, and will keep his shop running nearly all summer. Mr. Huntley has a good reputation as a builder in this locality and is meeting with a prosperous trade.

THE Chicago *Northwestern Grocer* refers to Holland in a way that the people of that place will be inclined to resent as follows: "We found Holland to be just what its name implied, *Dutch* from one end to the other. It has little to recommend it to the casual observer in any way." The man who could pen such a slander on a thriving town is mean enough to strike his mother-in-law.—*Michigan Tradesman.* Meaner than that Brother, he is unworthy the name his parents gave, if he ever had any parents to give him a name.

ACCORDING to our prediction in the last News the King of Day played peek-a-bo from behind the Queen of Night on last Monday. The hour at which he first began to make his disappearance behind her majesty was at 10:45 and at 12:15 a trifle over one-half of "Old Sol" was hid from sight and then seemingly gave up the idea of hiding entirely and at 1:45 was in full view again. Hundreds of pieces of smoked glass were leveled at the transit of the earth's handmaid across its glowing rays in this city, and "Ain't it a daisy" was heard from more than one who gazed in admiration at the remarkable event. As more than one half of the light and heat of the sun was withdrawn from the earth at the middle of the eclipse, it evidently added to the severity of the cold wave which was passing over this city at the time. The wave has not yet left our locality.

LAST Saturday nearly forty of the teachers of the Southern part of Ottawa County met in the high school room of our Public Schools as the Southern Ottawa County Teachers' Association. Prof. Borst, of Zeeland, presided. The program as previously published in the News was faithfully carried out with the exception of the latter part. The topic, "How best to secure uniformity of text books throughout the county, and what benefits would result," was continued until the next meeting of the Association, owing to the absence of Prof. Fairfield, of Grand Haven, who was to have read a paper on the subject. Some opinions were advanced on this subject but no discussion entered into. Parents should try to encourage teachers to connect themselves with associations of this kind and urge them to attend its meetings, the object of which are: an interchange of professional experience and to consult and advise upon the best methods of instructing the young. A committee was appointed consisting of A. Lehuis, of Zeeland, and Mrs. G. W. Rogers, of Ventura, to consult with the Northern Ottawa Teachers' Association as to the advisability of holding a union meeting in the near future.

E. N. LESPERANCE, of Hamilton, called on us this week.

W. BAUMGARTEL has an advertisement in this issue. Read it.

A LARGE assortment of Boots and Shoes can be found at L. Spietsma & Son. See Special Notice.

THE voters of the township of Holland will hold a caucus in their town-house on Thursday afternoon, April 2, at 2 o'clock.

NEXT Tuesday evening Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh will give a magic lantern exhibition of scriptural subjects in Grace Episcopal Church. The public generally are invited and more especially the children. The exhibition will be free.

COL. J. P. SANFORD lectured last Wednesday evening to a large and appreciative audience in Lyceum Hall. The "fire ladders" are meeting with a deserved patronage and will undoubtedly have a fair profit on their enterprise.

HON. C. C. COMSTOCK has called for a competitive examination of youths over fourteen and under eighteen years of age, an actual resident of this congressional district, for the purpose of recommending a candidate to fill the vacancy at the naval academy. The examination will take place Saturday, May 2, at 2 o'clock p. m. at the office of Judge Champlin, Ledyard block.

THE teachers' institute for western Allegan county will be held at Saugatuck during the week commencing March 30. The first session will commence Monday morning at 10 o'clock. As the Ottawa county institute, heretofore held at this season of the year, will meet in August, at Grand Haven, all teachers of Ottawa county, who find it convenient to attend the Saugatuck institute, will be cordially welcomed by the conductors, Supt. E. B. Fairfield, of Grand Haven, and Prof. J. Estabrook, of Olivet College. Prof. E. G. Trowbridge, of Saugatuck, is appointed as committee on local arrangements.

FOR pure "gall" the following, extracted from the Grand Haven *News-Journal*, in answer to Supervisor Schaddelee's article on the "new court house," in the last issue of the News, is simply remarkable. Such treatment will certainly make votes for the "scheme" in this locality: " * * * Mr. S. further holds out as an inducement that the people will want the county seat removed before long. Granted. People who live in towns like Holland would be very glad to have the county seat placed there that they might thrive a little, but that will never be accomplished as long as the majority of the voters of Ottawa county recognize the superior advantages of Grand Haven. No other city in the county is so accessible in every way, or so much a city of commerce, or alive to the interests of the county. No, there is no danger of the county seat being removed, and for anybody to refuse to vote for the new court house is merely to acknowledge they have no pride, and let chance take care of them."

LAST Tuesday evening some twenty of our citizens met at De Grandueet building, and took the initiatory step toward forming an Agricultural Society. Dr. O. E. Yates was the president and Mr. A. Vischers secretary. It was resolved that a public meeting be held on Friday afternoon, March 27, at 2 o'clock, and the secretary was instructed to cause a special notice to be given to all the leading agriculturalists and fruitgrowers in this section. A committee, consisting of Dr. O. E. Yates, A. Vischer, H. Boone, D. Bertsch, W. H. Rogers and Jacob Kuite, was appointed to collect all necessary information as to procuring grounds, the probable amount of money required for the successful "launching" of the enterprise and to enable it to hold its first fair, and such other information as was deemed necessary. The enterprise seems to meet with the approval of all our citizens and there is no reason why the first fair cannot be held next fall. Let the business men of this city and the farmers and fruitgrowers of this section clasp hands, step to the front, and work unitedly for the successful carrying out of the work already begun. The result of the work will surely repay all for the labor employed and no man of common sense can fail to see the good resulting from an enterprise of this kind. Let there be a good meeting next Friday afternoon.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

SIX THOUSAND pounds of glycerine in a nitro-glycerine manufactory, near Bradford, Pa., exploded, blowing two men to atoms, reducing a factory to fragments, and shaking the town. Trees were torn up from their roots, and great holes were made in the ground. . . . New York telegram: "Gen. Grant slept well last night, and arose this morning refreshed and cheerful. His stomach troubles have passed away, and liquid food is now taken without inconvenience. The General has also gained strength, and may be able to see friends in a few days." . . . John Norton, one of the bunko sharps who fleeced Charles Francis Adams out of \$17,000, died last week in Boston.

THE Bennington (Vt.) Woolen Mills have become the property of Richard K. Haines, of New York. They were built in 1866, and originally cost \$750,000. They will run under the management of the Huguenot Woolen Company.

THE law library of the late Charles O'Connor was sold at auction in New York.

DRS. SANDS and Shrody, consulting physicians in Gen. Grant's case, visited the General's residence and held a consultation with Dr. Douglass. They fully indorsed the treatment of the patient adopted by Drs. Barker and Douglass. The General was in a comfortable condition. The local disease is believed, for the present, to be stationary.

A DECISION was rendered in the United States Circuit Court at Boston in the suits against the stockholders of the defunct Pacific National Bank, requiring the defendants to pay a second assessment of 100 per cent. on their stock. The loss of the stockholders by this decision is \$2,000,000.

THE WEST.

DISPATCHES from the West and Southwest report that the strike on the Gould roads is assuming an alarming phase. The strike, which seems to be pretty general, extends along the Missouri Pacific Road and its branches in the State of Missouri, Kansas, and Texas. The Governor of Missouri sent by special train to Sedalia seven companies of St. Louis militia with a Gatling gun, to hold in check the striking employees. There were seventy engines in the yards at Sedalia, and ten miles of loaded freight-cars on the side-tracks. The strikers adopted a proclamation promising to keep the peace at all hazards.

It is alleged that the application of mortar from the walls of the Chapel of Knock, in Ireland, restored the sight of Mary McAndrews, of Mingo, Iowa, who had been blind for some time. Other wonderful cases from application of the mortar are also reported. . . . Nellie Horan, of Whitewater, Wis., who was charged with poisoning her sister, mother, and father, has been acquitted.

In the United States District Court at Chicago, after listening to arguments relative to a new trial for J. C. Mackin and W. J. Gallagher, the election conspirators, Judge Blodgett formally sentenced them to two years imprisonment in the penitentiary at Joliet, and imposed upon them fines of \$5,000 each. He ordered them into the custody of the Marshal, and deferred their removal to prison for ten days.

ABOUT twenty Oklahoma boomers were brought to Wichita, Kas., last week, and arraigned before Commissioner Sherman. They all gave bail in \$3,000 each for their appearance at the September term of the United States Court. They at once returned to Arkansas City, where the boomers are concentrating their forces.

THOMAS J. NAVIN, the ex-Mayor of Adrian, Mich., who left that city in 1882 on account of fraudulent transactions, and was captured in New Orleans several days ago, has been placed in the Adrian Jail. . . . A dispatch from Olathe, Kan., announces the death of Maj. J. M. Haworth, at Albuquerque, N. M. He was Superintendent of all the Indian schools.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has issued a proclamation forbidding the invasion of Oklahoma. Gen. Hatch telegraphs that 1,200 settlers are encamped in Kansas, near the border. . . . A Chicago Emigrant Association, whose object is to furnish cheap transportation to immigrants from Europe was incorporated, the capital stock being \$100,000. . . . The citizens of Sarahville, Ohio, erected a post near the center of the village and severely whipped a man named Dayton, who had beaten his children to an unmerciful degree. . . . Ground has been broken in South Minneapolis, Minn., for the erection of the largest elevator of that State. It will hold 1,500,000 bushels. . . . A saloon-keeper of Des Moines, named McKee, was convicted on thirty-five counts of an indictment, and was fined \$1,750.

GEN. JOSEPH H. TAYLOR, U. S. A. and Adjutant General of the Department of the Platte, died at Omaha.

THE conference held at St. Louis by the Governors, Railway Commissioners, and Attorney Generals of Kansas and Missouri recommended that the Missouri Pacific Road restore wages to the striking employees without prejudice. Notice is, therefore, given by Vice Presidents Hayes and Hoxie that old rates will be paid, and will not be changed except on thirty days' notice.

MAJ. FRANK NORTH, a famous Indian scout, died at Columbus, Neb.

TOM FITZSIMMONS, William Stanwood, and Fred Esser, charged with grand larceny, and Tom Dorval with selling mortgaged property, escaped from the County Jail at Lincoln, Neb., by removing a large stone and digging under the bars between the cage and the lower corridor.

FRANK BONHAM, charged with the murder of his mother, brother, and sister, was taken from jail at Independence, Kan., and hanged to the railway trestle-work. . . . An

Omaha hotel was the scene of the murder of Henry Vorpoten, a barkeeper, by Thos. Ballard, well known as a hotel runner, who was intoxicated.

THE SOUTH.

THE Maryland Court of Appeals has decided that the selling of pool tickets and the keeping of pool-rooms were not violations of the law.

J. G. HUDGINS, member of the Arkansas Legislature, was arrested at Little Rock, charged with arson in Georgia nineteen years ago. Hudgins was afterward set at liberty, the Governor having quashed the warrant issued on the requisition. . . . In the Criminal Court of New Orleans, Patrick Ford and Policeman John Murphy were condemned to death for the murder of A. H. Murphy, last December, while Judge Ford, A. E. Caulfield, and W. H. Buckley were each sentenced to twenty years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

A TELEGRAM from Troy, Tenn., says: Ambrose Young, Charles Latham, and Frank Freeman, all negroes, arrested yesterday, charged with being implicated in the murder of Montgomery, near the State line, last December, were under guard at Union City last night. A mob of 100 overpowered the guards, took the prisoners, and hanged them just outside of the city. Their corpses were found this morning suspended from a tree.

POPE & COLE, dealers in metals at Baltimore, Md., have failed, with liabilities variously estimated at from \$600,000 to \$1,000,000. . . . The Southern Agricultural Works at Atlanta made an assignment to secure debts of \$197,000. . . . The International Road has restored wages at its shops in Palestine, Texas, and arrangements have been perfected for the resumption of work at Marshall.

APRIL 15 has been set as Mexican veteran's day at the New Orleans Exposition. Jefferson Davis and William M. Burrell have been invited to deliver addresses on the result of the war with Mexico.

A THROUGH express train on the Texas Pacific Road was wrecked on a bridge at Village Creek, near Fort Worth. The fireman was killed, the engineer was fatally injured, and two postal clerks were seriously bruised. A large number of strikers at Marshall and Dallas manned a wrecking train and went out to repair the bridge and track.

WASHINGTON.

PATENTS were issued last week by the General Land Office Commissioner at Washington to the New Orleans Pacific Railroad Company for 679,287 acres of land known as the "Backbone" grant. In addition to the lands patented, the railroad claims 336,706 acres. Secretary Lamar has directed the Land Office, however, to suspend all proceedings relative to patenting lands to the New Orleans Pacific Road until further notice. . . . A court-martial for the trial of Gen. Hazen convened last week in Washington, Gen. Hancock presiding. The accused entered a plea of not guilty to the charge of criticizing the action of Secretary Lincoln in refusing to send a sailing steamer to the relief of the Greely party after the failure of the Proteus expedition. . . . At a dinner given in Washington by the Austrian Minister, Mrs. Blaine crumpled in her hand and threw upon the floor, with an ugly remark, a favor at her plate bearing a portrait of ex-President Arthur.

THE postoffice appropriation bill recently passed by Congress makes the following important changes: The weight of all single rate letters is increased from one-half an ounce each to one ounce. All newspapers sent from publication offices or news agencies, including sample copies, are entitled to transmission at the rate of one cent per pound. Any article in a newspaper or other publication may be marked for observation, except by written or printed words, without increase of postage. A special 10-cent stamp is also to be issued, which, when attached to a letter in addition to the lawful postage thereon, will insure its immediate delivery by special messenger at any time between 7 a. m. and midnight.

In the Hazen court-martial at Washington the accused admitted that he had criticized the action of the Secretary of War regarding the Greely expedition, and that he had said that if a sailing vessel had been sent to their rescue the party might have been saved. He disclaimed, however, any intentional disrespect to his superior officer.

ST. DOMINICK'S Catholic Church in Washington was partially destroyed by fire. The loss was \$75,000, two-thirds of which is covered by insurance.

MR. JAMES G. BLAINE called upon Mr. Cleveland at the White House, last week. . . . In the Hazen court-martial, counsel for the accused offered to prove that Secretary Lincoln inspired certain articles published in Washington and Chicago, assailing Gen. Hazen, and that they could be traced to his clerk.

SECRETARY DANIEL MANNING has discharged forty persons connected with the custom service at various ports as special agents, inspectors, or detectives, the saving to the treasury being \$40,000 annually.

ORDERS have been given by Secretary Lamar and Attorney General Garland to sell at auction the horses and carriages belonging to their departments, and cover the proceeds into the treasury. It appears that seven clerks in the Interior Department have heretofore been used as drivers.

ARMY circles are much wrought up over a recent law which permits of civil appointments to the Quartermaster General's Department, the vacancies in which have hitherto been eagerly sought after by young Lieutenants and Captains.

THE Census Bureau has been closed up. Only ten of the twenty-six volumes have been issued.

POLITICAL.

GEN. EDWARD C. WALTHALL has been tendered and has accepted the appointment of United States Senator from Mississippi, to succeed Secretary Lamar. . . . The Kansas Legislature passed a resolution of sympathy with General Grant. . . . An extra session of the Indiana Legislature will be necessary to pass appropriation bills.

If the Missouri men are not provided for by the new administration, it will not be because of any lack of enterprise on their part. They have swooped down on the consular and diplomatic service, and propose that Missouri shall be represented in all quarters of the globe. As far as heard from, the Missouri men want Charles Gibson made Minister to Berlin, ex-Congressman Franklin Minister to Brazil, ex-Gov. Orrittenden Minister to Mexico, C. H. Mansur Minister to Chili, E. C. Moore Minister to Belgium, William J. Orath, Consul to Belfast, Frank Mahan Consul to Cork, F. W. Mathias Consul to Frankfurt, E. W. Ewing Consul to Melbourne, D. D. Richards Consul to Cardiff, D. C. Hawkins Consul to Liverpool. Mr. Day, of Champaign, Ill., an intimate friend of Col. W. R. Morrison, is a candidate for appointment as Solicitor of the Treasury. The applicants for the Milwaukee Postoffice are A. Warren Phelps, Geo. H. Paul, and Edward Wall. . . . At the Republican State Convention at Lansing, Mich., Judge Cooley was renominated by acclamation for Supreme Judge, and C. S. Draper and Aaron V. McAlvey were named for regents of the University.

WASHINGTON special to the Chicago Tribune: In an interview with the President Vice President Hendricks and Senator Voorhees tried to persuade him that he ought to move promptly in putting Republicans out and filling their places with Democrats. Mr. Cleveland replied that he did not consider that sort of thing consistent with the principles of civil-service reform, and intimated that no removals were likely to be made except for cause. Secretary Bayard is said to be particularly discouraging in his reception of applicants for office.

J. S. SPAFFORD, of Whiteside County, Ill., has been nominated by the Republicans to fill the vacancy in the Legislature caused by the death of Representative R. E. Logan.

SECRETARY BAYARD, in resigning the Secretaryship from Delaware, gave the Legislature to understand that his successor should be Attorney General Gray. The Saulsbury family, however, are pushing Representative Lore for the vacancy, and the struggle grows in interest daily.

GENERAL.

PRESIDENT BARRIOS, of Guatemala, sent out troops to operate against San Salvador. The Government of Nicaragua has several thousand men ready to march to the front against the dictator. President Diaz telegraphed to Barrios that Mexico could not permit him to carry out his threat against the republics of Central America.

THE railway strike was broken at Hannibal, Mo., two of the leaders being arrested, and one or more freight trains sent East. Employees of the Missouri Pacific Road at St. Louis were informed officially that, in consequence of their loyalty and good behavior, the company had determined to restore to them the wages in force Oct. 1. This is equivalent to an advance of 15 per cent.

NEAR BROWN'S Station, Ohio, the other day, the capture of a "wild man," who lived in a cave and subsisted on raw food, was effected. His body is covered with long hair and his utterances are unintelligible. He has been sent to the Steubenville poor-house.

PRESIDENT BARRIOS, in his decree proclaiming the Central American Republic, declares that any one who opposes the union will be considered a traitor. He urges all Chiefs, officers and soldiers of Central America to join him, and proclaims himself "Supreme Military Chief."

THERE were 282 failures in the United States and Canada during the last seven days, an increase of five as compared with the previous week.

THE attempt of President Barrios to make himself dictator of Central America caused the United States to order southward the Wachusett and Shenandoah, and three more war vessels are to be held in readiness to sail thither.

RECENT deaths: At Chelsea, Mass., John Robbins, known throughout the United States as a manufacturer of baggage-checks; at Buffalo, N. Y., C. W. McCune, proprietor of the Buffalo Courier; at Washington, the wife of Congressman Herbert, of Alabama.

FOREIGN.

MEMORIAL services in honor of Gen. Gordon were held in London at St. Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey, and many other cathedrals and churches. The Bishop of Chichester preached a sermon, in which he declared that the death of Gordon had brought disgrace upon England. . . . The cable chronicles the demise of Joseph J. Jenkins, the water-color painter of London; of Sir Curtis M. Lamson, a native of Vermont, one of the trustees of the Peabody fund, and of Louis Gatinneau, a member of the French Chamber of Deputies.

FOLLOWING is a summary of the situation in the Sudan, as telegraphed by cable from London: Gen. Graham's arrival at Suakin was hailed with joyful acclamation by the troops, who have had anything but an easy time lately, owing to constant attacks by the Arabs. Gen. Graham has ordered radical changes in the lines of defense on the land side of the town. A general advance toward the interior is to be made immediately. The first objective point will be Sinkat, where an entrenched camp is to be established for the summer. In the autumn the army will proceed to Berber. Incidentally to the march upon Sinkat Osman Digma will have to be whipped. Osman, however, has issued a proclamation promising to capture Suakin and to destroy the British.

It was decided at the meeting of the Gordon Memorial Committee in London that the memorial should be a great hospital and sanitarium, to be erected at Port Said, open to the people of all nations. The Prince of Wales presided at the meeting of the committee, and among the members present were Lord Granville and the Dukes of Cambridge and Edinburgh. The Khedive has already granted a site for the proposed hospital.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

THE corporation of Dublin has rejected a motion to present an address to the Prince of Wales on his visit next month.

EX-PRESIDENT ARTHUR, ex-Senator McDonald, and the Rev. H. W. Beecher called upon President Cleveland at the White House. Two hundred representatives of the Women's Temperance Union, also paid their respects to the President. . . . An annular eclipse of the sun excited the interest of astronomers all over the United States on the 16th. The cloudy weather interfered seriously with the observations. . . . A party of 250 revolutionists, headed by Gen. Vazpura, made an attack on the city of Panama, and firing was kept up for hours. The president of the Central American Cable Company telegraphed to Secretary Bayard, yesterday, that a Guatemalan vessel had gone out to cut the wires. Secretary Whitney has ordered the Yantic to sail from New Orleans for Guatemala and protect American interests.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has nominated Joseph S. Miller, of West Virginia, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The Kentucky Senators and Congressmen have been urging the appointment of Phil Thompson, of that State. . . . Senator Conger, on being made Chairman of the Committee on Postoffices, dismissed a clerk of long experience and appointed his own son to the position. . . . Gen. Hazen, in his testimony before the court-martial, admitted writing the articles of which he was accused, and explained that in self-defense he sought to state that the entire Greely party could have been rescued, and that he did all in his power toward saving their lives.

MORE than 100 persons have been indicted at St. Mary's, W. Va., for playing dominos in public. There are several women in the list, two physicians, a minister, and an attorney. . . . Emigration from the southwest counties of Virginia to the Western States has been progressing all winter in sufficient force to be called an exodus. The cause is drought and a lack of railway facilities.

TWO OFFICERS at Springer, New Mexico, had a fight with three desperadoes, and the latter were killed. Friends of the roughs threaten to attack the town, and troops have been ordered out from Fort Union. . . . An open switch at Monroe, Wis., on the St. Paul Road, wrecked nineteen cars, their contents being scattered in all directions. One man lost his life.

SAKARADA, the Japanese charge d'affaires to Holland, went to an hotel in Rotterdam with a mysterious Belgian lady. During the night she shot him dead and wounded herself with a dagger. . . . A fire in a seed-crushing mill at Hull, England, caused a deep stream of burning oil to flow through the streets, carrying the flames to the corn-exchange and the Town Hall. The loss is estimated at \$400,000. A policeman lost his life.

THE Prohibitionists of Chicago have nominated William H. Bush for Mayor, W. W. Waite for City Treasurer, George C. Christian for City Attorney, and Charles M. Catlin for Clerk. The campaign fund of the party is \$94,700. . . . George Gray, the candidate of Secretary Bayard, received the Democratic caucus nomination for Senator from Delaware, and was elected by the Legislature of that State.

THE resolution offered by Mr. Van Wyck calling upon the Secretary of the Interior for information respecting the issuance of land patents to the "Backbone" Railroad, and inquiring whether there was undue haste used in executing said patents, was taken up in the Senate on Monday, 16th inst., and debated at some length, speeches being made by Senators Teller, Teller, and Van Wyck. On motion of Mr. Morrill the Senate went into executive session, confirmed the nominations of John C. Black, of Illinois, to be Commissioner of Pensions, and Lieutenant D. L. Wilson, of the District of Columbia, and Ensign Henry T. Mayo, of Vermont, to be Lieutenants in the navy, and when the doors were reopened, adjourned.

It seems a little singular that people who try to assassinate other people never make use of the deadly toy pistol for that purpose. They always pay a fancy price, and get something with a white handle; very pretty, but not dangerous.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES.....	\$6.50	@ 7.00
HOGS.....	5.25	@ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.90	@ .92
No. 2 Red.....	.88	@ .90 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.51 1/2	@ .53
OATS—White.....	.39	@ .41
PORK—New Mess.....	13.50	@ 14.00
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	5.50	@ 6.25
Good Shipping.....	5.25	@ 5.75
Common to Fair.....	4.25	@ 4.75
HOGS.....	4.75	@ 5.25
FLOUR—Fancy Red Winter Ex.....	3.25	@ 3.75
Prime to Choice Spring.....	3.50	@ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.78 1/2	@ .79 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.41	@ .42
OATS—No. 2.....	.28	@ .29
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.64	@ .65
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.26	@ .28
Fine Dairy.....	.18	@ .22
CHEESE—Full Cream.....	.12	@ .13
Skimmed Flat.....	.05	@ .06
EGGS—Fresh.....	.18	@ .20
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	.45	@ .50
PORK—Mess.....	12.50	@ 12.75
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.75	@ .76
CORN—No. 2.....	.40	@ .41
OATS—No. 2.....	.31	@ .32
RYE—No. 1.....	.65	@ .66
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.55	@ .56
PORK—Mess.....	12.25	@ 12.75
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.78	@ .79
CORN—No. 2.....	.41	@ .42
OATS—No. 2.....	.31	@ .32
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.83	@ .84 1/2
CORN—Mixed.....	.39	@ .39 1/2
OATS—Mixed.....	.30	@ .32
RYE.....	.61	@ .63
PORK—Mess.....	12.50	@ 13.00
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.85	@ .87
CORN.....	.45 1/2	@ .46 1/2
OATS—Mixed.....	.34	@ .35
PORK—Mess.....	12.60	@ 13.00
DETROIT.		
FLOUR.....	4.75	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.88	@ .90
CORN—Mixed.....	.44	@ .45
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.34	@ .35
PORK—Family.....	13.00	@ 13.50
INDIANAPOLIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.82	@ .83
CORN—Mixed.....	.42	@ .43
OATS—Mixed.....	.31	@ .32
BUFFALO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.92	@ .93
CORN—No. 2.....	.43	@ .45
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.35	@ .37
EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Best.....	6.35	@ 7.00
Fair.....	5.25	@ 6.00
Common.....	4.25	@ 5.00
HOGS.....	5.00	@ 5.50
SHEEP.....	4.50	@ 5.00

GRAVE SENATORS.

Work in the Extra Session of the United States Senate.

THE "Backbone" resolution offered by Mr. Van Wyck was laid before the Senate, on the 11th inst., as unfinished business. Mr. Van Wyck said the Senator from Colorado (Teller) had gone to New York to be absent a day or two, and asked that action upon the resolution be deferred for a couple of days. Mr. Van Wyck then offered the following resolution, and asked that it lie upon the table for the present: "Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General of the United States be and they are hereby directed, respectively, to take such action as each may deem necessary, to prevent any sale of the Atlantic and Gulf West India Transit Company, or by any company or person claiming under them, of any of the lands described in the act approved May 17, 1856, entitled 'An act granting public lands in alternate sections to the States of Florida and Alabama to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said States,' so far as the same lies within the line of said railroads between Waldo and Tampa Bay, Florida, until Congress shall have authorized the same." The President sent to the Senate the names of Edward D. Clark, of Mississippi, to be Assistant Secretary of the Interior, and Sidney D. Jackson, to be Marshal of the Western District of Texas. Republican Senators, at a caucus, prepared the allotment of places on the majority sides of the committees. Mr. Conger is to be Chairman of the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, Mr. Pike takes the chair of the Committee on Claims, and Mr. Sewell takes Senator Logan's place at the head of the Military Committee. Mr. Teller is made Chairman of the Committee on Mines and Mining, and a member of the Public Lands Committee. Mr. Evans is placed upon the Judiciary and Foreign Relations Committees.

THE principal topic of interest in the Senate on the 12th inst., was the consideration of Senator Van Wyck's resolution, offered by him on the previous day, directing the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney General to take such action as may be necessary to prevent any sale by the Atlantic and Gulf West India Transit Company of the lands described in the act of May 17, 1856, granting lands in alternate sections to the States of Florida and Alabama to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said States, so far as the same lie within the line of said railroads between Waldo and Tampa Bay, Florida, until Congress shall have authorized the same. Senator Van Wyck said the land grant was made in 1856 in order that the railroads might develop the country; that from that time until the present nothing has been done in connection with the land; that the land has increased from 10 cents to \$10 and \$15 per acre, and now the road asks the Government to recognize its title. Mr. George, of Mississippi, presented the credentials of E. C. Walthall, appointed by the Governor to succeed Mr. Lamar. After the reading of the credentials, Mr. Walthall was sworn, and took his seat. A written message was sent to the Capitol by the President for the purpose of withdrawing the Kansas and Spanish treaties. The Senate, however, had adjourned.

MR. CAMERON offered a resolution naming the Chairmen and members of the Senate committees, as agreed upon by the caucuses, and asked its immediate consideration, on March 12. Agreed to. A new committee of seven members on coast defenses was created, with Dolph, Chairman, and Cameron, Sewell, Hawley, Maxey, McPherson, and Fair as members. "On the appropriations, Mahone succeeds Logan, and Gorman succeeds Ransom. Upon public lands, Teller succeeds Hill, Cockrell succeeds Walker and Walthall succeeds Slater. The Judiciary Committee is made up as follows: Edmunds, Chairman; Ingalls, McMillan, Hoar, Wilson of Iowa, Evans, Pugh, Coke, Vest, and Jackson. The resolution embodying the committee was adopted unanimously. Mr. Sherman declined to serve on the Committee on Finance. President Cleveland nominated Col. Nelson H. Davis, Inspector General, to be Inspector General with the rank of Brigadier General; Lieut. Col. Absalom Baird, Inspector General, to be Inspector General with the rank of Colonel; Maj. Robert P. Hughes, to be Inspector General with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel; Charles S. Fairchild, of New York, was confirmed by the Senate as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Ingalls offered a resolution calling upon the President for information in regard to the occupation of Oklahoma, and what action was being taken in that regard. Under objection from Mr. Cockrell, it went over. After a short executive session, the Senate adjourned until Monday, 16th.

We Have an Idea

That he who is callous to slander hath the wit of true patience.

That a great deal, which is hopefully anticipated, gets here long before we are ready for it.

That it is easier to trust in Providence than to obtain any credit at Newport, although both cities are in Rhode Island.

That in the midst of life we are on the verge of enjoying it.

That merit always finds the slippery pole of success thoroughly greased with the oleomargarine of contumely.

That when Adam hugged Eve in the groves of Paradise he established "the pioneer press."

That no man's humility causes disquietude to his self-sufficient neighbors.

That it is better to be behind the age than before a police magistrate.

That long before the telescope was invented many a Dutchman's wife made him see stars through the butt end of a rolling pin.

That when lovely woman stoops to folly she slackens the girdle of prudence and tightens the cords of despair.

That a buckwheat cake, a table leg, and a witticism should all be neatly turned.

That a traveling menagerie advertises every animal under the sun, though not one-third of them could possibly be got beneath that special canvas.—New York Sunday Advertiser.

Philosophy on the Bridge.

The wind blew strongly across the bridge. The black derby of a large, burly, red-faced man suddenly cleared the iron fence and fell upon the railroad track. The face of the owner grew redder as he leaned over the pickets and saw a train approaching. But he never moved a step, although some thoughtless spectators looked on to see him follow the course of his property in a mad resolution to rescue it. A small boy on the roadway opposite saw his plight, leaped from his wagon, mounted the fence, picked up the hat and handed it to the owner.

The red-faced man said simply, "Thank you," and resumed his way. "Never go for a lost hat yourself," he observed to a companion. "During a long experience I have uniformly observed a principle in human nature which invariably leads somebody else to run and pick it up."

"My dear fellow," replied his companion, "the principle is of universal application. The great man is not the one who does things himself, but who can make others do them for him."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

CLEVELAND'S POLICY.

An Official Declaration that No Pressure Can Hurry Up Changes.

[Washington special to Chicago Tribune.] A member of the Cabinet gives the following information as to the policy of the administration:

No sort of pressure can hurry the making of changes. The several departments will be organized first by the placing of Democrats in the responsible positions, but in this the good of the service will be kept in view; that, of course, it is regarded as essential to have the places of responsibility and trust filled by men in political sympathy with the administration, but that this does not argue that every man in the departments holding a position which requires confirmation by the Senate is to be removed. There are positions which in order to be properly filled require a knowledge of details and familiarity with the duties, and to make sudden changes would impair the efficiency of the public service. It will be the rule, however, to put Democrats in the important places ultimately, but there will probably be a few exceptions where the present incumbents will remain permanently.

In regard to the South, the revenue, customs, and Department of Justice officials will be removed. They have all, it is charged, been political workers. The New Orleans Custom House is pointed out as a sample of the existing state of affairs in the South. It is charged that nearly every man in the service there has been put in by Kellogg and other Republicans, as reward for political services.

The present calculation in administration circles is that the Senate will remain in session until the first of April. In a week the Democratic heads of bureaus will be appointed and the subject of making appointments generally to fill vacancies and for the removal of such as are marked for slaughter will be considered.

The policy of referring all matters of appointment to the head of the department under which the appointee must serve will be rigidly adhered to, and Secretary Lamar and Attorney General Garland hold that a very large proportion of office-holders in the South ought to go.

There seems to be no fear in administration quarters of any collision with the Senate. Where removals may be deemed necessary the same course as that pursued by the Republican Presidents will probably be followed. The reasons for removal, unless, perhaps, in special cases, will not be submitted to the Senate. Republican Senators have assured the President and members of his Cabinet that they have no disposition to set up any capricious opposition, but, on the contrary, that they are inclined to give the administration a fair show, and to accord to it all that has been accorded to Republican administrations. But aside from the general feeling, it is believed that there are several Republican Senators who are entirely willing to occupy pleasant relations with the administration. At any rate there is no apprehension at present that any difficulty will be encountered in procuring the confirmation of nominations.

THE CROPS.

Agricultural Department Statistics Regarding Wheat and Corn—Prospects. [Washington telegram.]

The report of consumption and distribution of corn and wheat from statistical returns of the Department of Agriculture shows 37 1/2 per cent. of the last crop of corn remaining in farmers' hands, against 33 per cent. March 1, 1884. The supply in farmers' hands last March was 512,000,000 bushels; the remainder now is about 675,000,000. The stock in the Middle States is 29,000,000, against 22,000,000 last March. In the South the proportion is the same as last year, 41.6 per cent., but the quantity is 145,000,000 bushels, against 138,000,000. The proportion in the West is 36.7 instead of 30.7, and the quantity amounts to 490,000,000 bushels, or 144,000,000 bushels more than the stock last March. Two years ago the stock remaining at the same date was 585,000,000 bushels, or 36.3 per cent. of the crop of 1,617,000,000. The amount shipped is a few millions less than last year. The exports equal 38,000,000 bushels, against 32,000,000 at same date in 1884, and commercial receipts at Western markets are also less, the full Eastern crop reducing slightly the demand, notwithstanding the reduction in price. The proportion of merchantable corn is very large—87 per cent., against an average of 80 per cent. for a period of years and 60 per cent. for last year.

The wheat reported in farmers' hands is about 33 per cent. of the crop—169,000,000 bushels, or 50,000,000 bushels more than the stock last March, when the crop was less by 92,000,000 bushels. There has been a slightly freer use of wheat for bread, and a little of the poorer quality has been fed to stock. The stock March 1, 1883, was 28.5 per cent. of the previous crop, or 143,000,000 bushels, and that of March 1, 1882, was 98,000,000 bushels. The quality is reported above the average in every Western State except Illinois and Missouri and in nearly all the Atlantic and Gulf Coast States.

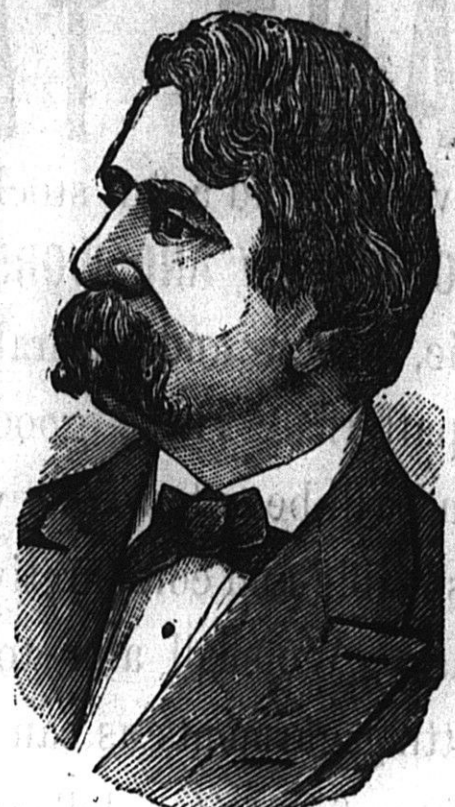
HIS RIVAL'S REVENGE.

Shocking Murder of a Young Couple by a Man Whom the Woman Rejected. [White Sulphur Springs (Va.) dispatch.]

The details of a desperate double murder and probable lynching have reached this point. The affair occurred several days ago near Bond's Mills, a way-side postoffice in Wise County, Virginia. Mary Reynolds, a country beauty, eloped the last week in February with the son of a neighbor named Henton, greatly to the chagrin of a suitor named Mitchell, who claims to have been engaged to the girl. After their return to the bride's home her parents gave a dance to which all the neighbors were invited. Mitchell came, and before the evening was over became quarrelsome and drunk. He defied the newly made husband, and finally grossly insulted the bride. The husband knocked Mitchell down, and a desperate fight ensued, and the party broke up in a row. The next evening a spelling match was held in the school-house, and was attended by Henton and his wife, and Mitchell was not present, so far as known. Failing to reach their home, search was made for the Hentons, whose bodies were found next morning at a lonely spot. Each had been killed by a pistol shot. The assassin then beat his victim in a horrible manner.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Portraits of the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments.



WILLIAM C. ENDICOTT, SECRETARY OF WAR.



WILLIAM C. WHITNEY, SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

THE NEW SENATE.

Roster of the United States Senate, as Now Constituted.

The following is a list of the members of the Senate of the Forty-ninth Congress, together with date of expiration of their terms of service. Republicans are indicated by the letter R, Democrats by D, and names of Independents are printed in SMALL CAPITALS. A star (*) indicates that the member has been re-elected recently. The dagger (†) is affixed to names of new Senators. Mr. Teller of Colorado has seen service in the Senate, but on account of the break in his term caused by his selection as a member of the Cabinet he is not classed with those re-elected. The list is as follows:

ALABAMA.	MISSISSIPPI.
James L. Fitch, D., 1891.	Jas. Z. George, D., 1887.
John T. Morgan, D., 1889.	E. C. Walthall, D., 1889.
ARKANSAS.	MISSOURI.
J. K. Jones, D., 1891.	George G. Vest, D., 1891.
LOUISIANA.	NEBRASKA.
†Leland Stanford, R., 1891.	C. H. Van Wyck, R., 1887.
JOHN F. MILLER, R., 1887.	C. F. Manderson, R., 1889.
COLORADO.	NEVADA.
Henry M. Teller, R., 1891.	John P. Jones, R., 1891.
THOS. M. BOWEN, R., 1889.	James G. Fair, D., 1887.
CONNECTICUT.	NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Orville H. Platt, R., 1891.	Henry W. Blair, R., 1885.
JOSEPH R. HAWLEY, R., 1887.	Austin F. Pike, R., 1889.
DELAWARE.	NEW JERSEY.
Wm. J. Sewell, R., 1887.	Wm. J. Sewell, R., 1887.
FLORIDA.	NEW YORK.
†Wilkinson Call, D., 1891.	Wm. M. Everts, R., 1891.
CHAS. W. JONES, D., 1887.	Warner Miller, R., 1887.
GEORGIA.	NORTH CAROLINA.
†Jos. E. Brown, D., 1891.	†Zeb. B. Vance, D., 1891.
ALF. H. COLQUITT, D., 1889.	Matt. W. Ransom, D., 1889.
ILLINOIS.	OHIO.
†Henry B. Payne, D., 1891.	John Sherman, R., 1887.
S. M. CULLUM, R., 1889.	OREGON.
INDIANA.	
†D. W. Voorhees, D., 1891.	
Benj. Harrison, R., 1887.	
IOWA.	PENNSYLVANIA.
Wm. B. Allison, R., 1891.	†Jas. D. Cameron, R., 1891.
Jas. F. Wilson, R., 1889.	John I. Mitchell, R., 1887.
KANSAS.	RHODE ISLAND.
†Jno. J. Ingalls, R., 1891.	N. W. Aldrich, R., 1887.
P. B. PLUMB, R., 1889.	Jonathan Chase, R., 1889.
KENTUCKY.	SOUTH CAROLINA.
†J. C. Blackburn, D., 1891.	Wade Hampton, D., 1891.
JAMES B. BECK, D., 1889.	M. C. Butler, D., 1889.
LOUISIANA.	TENNESSEE.
†Jas. B. Eustis, D., 1891.	H. E. Jackson, D., 1887.
R. L. GIBSON, D., 1889.	Isham G. Harris, D., 1889.
MAINE.	TEXAS.
Eugene Hale, R., 1887.	Saml. B. Maxey, D., 1887.
WILLIAM P. FRYE, R., 1889.	Richard Coke, D., 1889.
MARYLAND.	VERMONT.
†Jas. B. Groom, D., 1891.	Justin S. Morrill, R., 1891.
A. P. GERMAN, D., 1887.	G. F. Edmunds, R., 1887.
MASSACHUSETTS.	VIRGINIA.
Henry L. Dawes, R., 1887.	WILLIAM MAHONE, 1887.
George F. Hoar, R., 1889.	H. H. RIDDLEBERGER, '89.
MICHIGAN.	WEST VIRGINIA.
Omar D. Conger, R., 1887.	J. N. Camden, D., 1887.
THOS. W. PALMER, R., 1889.	John E. Kenna, D., 1889.
MINNESOTA.	WISCONSIN.
S. J. R. McMillan, R., 1887.	John C. Spooner, R., 1891.
Dwight M. Sabin, R., 1889.	Philetus Sawyer, R., 1887.

The New York Legislature has been memorialized to revoke the charter of Trinity Church, New York, in favor of the Anneke Jans heirs, who claim property worth \$50,000 held by the church.

MUST "DO TIME."

Judge Blodgett Imposes Sentence on Messrs. Mackin and Gallagher.

They Go to the Penitentiary for Two Years and Pay a Fine of \$5,000 Each.

[Chicago telegram.]

Two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary and a fine of \$5,000 was the sentence which Judge Blodgett imposed upon Mackin and Gallagher, convicted of conspiracy to tamper with the returns of an election in the Second Precinct of the Eighteenth Ward. The case of Gleason, convicted of a like offense, was not considered, and the probabilities are that he will be let off with a nominal sentence.

After listening to arguments by prisoners' counsel urging a new trial, the Judge ordered the defendants to come forward, when Deputy Marshal Jones, who had taken a stand behind Mackin while the colloquy between the attorneys had been going on, gave the chief defendant a little push, at which Mr. Mackin looked very angry. His face assumed its usual expression of defiance, however, and he marched up to the judgment seat, followed by Gallagher, who was undoubtedly the calmer of the two. As they stood facing the Judge, a physiognomist of the keenness of a Lavater could not have told what passed in their thoughts, so perfectly had they themselves under self-control. The Judge never glanced at them, but read rapidly from a paper which he had prepared while the arguments were not yet finished.

"The sentence and judgment of the court is that you, Joseph C. Mackin, and you, William J. Gallagher, be now remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal, and that that officer of the court convey you to the penitentiary at Joliet, within the period of ten days, to remain there committed, each of you, for the term of two years, and that each of you pay a fine of \$5,000."

There was a dead silence in the room when the Judge ceased speaking. The defendants never flinched. Mackin heaved a convulsive breath, but his face did not move. His eyes were almost completely hidden by his shaggy brows. Gallagher looked straight ahead, as if he saw clear through the stern Judge, through the massive wall, and out into freedom, which had just been cut off from him for two years.

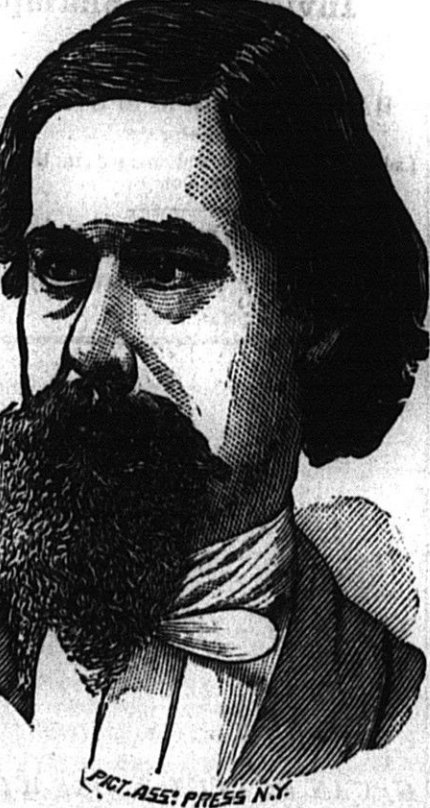
"The punishment does not commence," Judge Blodgett broke the silence, "until the defendants reach the penitentiary. There are ten days till then, during which the defendants are in the custody of the Marshal, and will be accessible for any legal steps immediately to be taken by the defense. With reference to Gleason the case stands as left by the jury. His attorney is prevented by sickness from pressing any immediate motion, and the case will come up in its regular order."

Then Judge Blodgett quickly slid from his seat and hobbled into his private office. The defendants, now prisoners, were taken charge of by the Deputy Marshals and were rapidly marched off toward the Marshal's office. The crowd followed, jostling each other, some silent, some triumphant, and some cursing until the air was steamed with blue—all were eager to catch a glimpse at the stolid faces of the prisoners, but they were thwarted in their efforts. People in the Marshal's office were ready for the emergency. The door of the apartment was open when the column appeared, and it was locked as soon as the prisoners and their escort were fairly within. No one was allowed to enter after them.

There are some forms of legal procedure yet to be gone through, but none of the friends of the prisoners expect any favorable results from these formalities. Executive clemency now seems to be the last anchor of hope for the ex-Secretary and his friend.

JOHN CHARLES BLACK.

Appointed Commissioner of Pensions.



John Charles Black, the new Commissioner of Pensions, was born at Lexington, Mo., in January, 1839. He received an academic education, and graduated at Wabash College, Ind. A short time afterward he entered the army in the Thirty-seventh Illinois Regiment. When he left it in 1865 he held the rank of Brevet Brigadier General. His next step was to procure admission to the bar. He entered the office of a prominent firm in Chicago for this purpose, and in due time was admitted to the practice of his profession. His home is at Danville, Ill.

General Black has been active in politics as a Democrat, and has been frequently nominated for office. Several unsuccessful nominations for Congress, the last only last fall, have maintained his prominence in local party struggles, and are significant of the respect in which his ability is held. Gen. Black was the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor in 1872, and when Gen. Logan was sent to the Senate in 1879 Black was the Democratic caucus nominee. He was a delegate at large to the last Democratic National Convention, before which an attempt was made to put him in nomination for the Vice Presidency, which he prevented.

OLIVIER PAIN.

Ex-Communist, and Now El Mahdi's Right-Hand Man.



El Mahdi commands experienced European aid in his insurrection against the Egyptian Government, in the person of a versatile and adventurous spirit whose favorite element is the atmosphere of revolution and bloody strife. This interesting adventurer is known as Olivier Paine. He is of mixed French and Spanish blood, and was born in Paris about forty-three years ago. After receiving a thorough education at one of the high schools of the French capital, while still a youth he employed his considerable abilities with the pen against the Government of Napoleon III. He married in 1863, or the year after. His children are believed to be still living. Whether or not his wife lives is not known.

The terrible reverses of the French army in 1870, and the collapse of the empire in consequence, was succeeded in Paris by a Government which succumbed to the Commune. This brought Paine, who had been an agitator for years, into great prominence as a leader. When, in the spring of 1871, the forces of Marshal MacMahon forced their way into the rebellious capital, Paine fought in the ranks of the Commune. Previously to the short-lived supremacy of the Communists he had taken part in the war against Prussia, as a journalist and soldier.

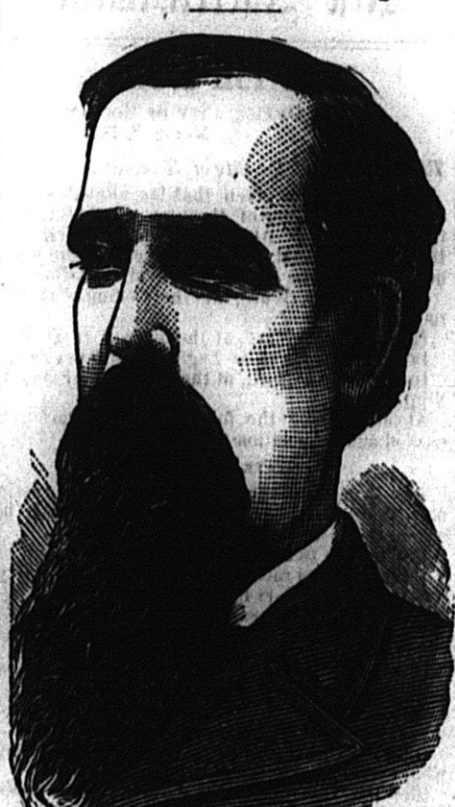
He survived the horrors which accompanied the suppression of the revolution he had assisted in bringing about, but was taken prisoner and sentenced, with Rochefort, Louise Michel, and other notorious persons, to the penal colony at New Caledonia. This was in 1873. He escaped to Australia in the early part of 1875, with Rochefort and four others. The fugitives then made their way to this continent, landing in San Francisco. He and Rochefort crossed the United States together, and in the spring of 1875 sailed from New York to England. While residing in London immediately subsequent to this time, the friends engaged in journalism for a period. Then they made their way to Geneva, where L'Intransigent was edited for circulation in Paris.

When next heard of M. Paine was acting as Osman Pasha's private secretary at the siege of Plevna. In the war of 1877-78, between Turkey and Russia, and which proved so disastrous to the Mohammedan power. He wrote the answer returned to the Russian commander by Osman Pasha, when the surrender of Plevna was demanded by the besieging force. His influence over the illustrious Turkish officer who defended the city was as remarkable as that he now wields in the tent of the Mahdi. It began when he was acting as a newspaper correspondent there, and resulted in his being permitted to remain with the Turkish army after all other foreign journalists had been excluded from it, and then in his acceptance of a private secretaryship, as before stated.

M. Paine is a tall, lithe, and handsome soldier. His complexion is dark, and his countenance expresses intellectual force and superior will. He is said to be able in counsel and gay and pleasant in disposition.

HARRISON H. RIDDLEBERGER.

United States Senator from Virginia.



When, on March 5, the United States Senate received the Cabinet nominations and went into executive session, Mr. Cockrell asked that the nomination of Mr. Bayard and others be confirmed immediately. To do this unanimous consent was required, and Mr. Riddleberger, of Virginia, objecting, the proposed immediate action was prevented. When urged by the Republican Senators to withdraw his objection, the Virginian refused stoutly, saying that Mr. Bayard was more of an Englishman in principle than an American, and that the foreign policy of this country ought not to be intrusted to his hands.

The reader will remember that after the recent explosion in London, Mr. Bayard offered a resolution in the Senate condemning the doings of the dynamiters. Mr. Riddleberger opposed him on that occasion singly and alone as it proved.

Senator Riddleberger is a young man, one of the youngest in the Senate. He was born in Edinburg, Shenandoah County, Va., Oct. 4, 1844. His education was good, but did not include the advantages of the university. After spending a number of years in attendance at the common school he received instructions at home for two years from a private tutor. He fought on the Confederate side in the war, served three years, and being promoted during that time from Second Lieutenant to Captain. At the close of the war he studied law, and was admitted to the bar. He still continues the practice of his profession, and resides at Woodstock, Va.

His first civil office was as Commonwealth's Attorney of his county, which he held two terms. The next step in his rapid advance to the honors of the statesman was his election to the House of Delegates of his State. He was re-elected, making four years of service in that body, and was afterward four years in the Senate of Virginia. Since 1870 he has edited three local newspapers. He was a member of the State Committee of the Conservative party until 1874. In 1874 he was Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket, and in 1880 held the same position on the Readjusters' ticket. He was Commonwealth's Attorney and State Senator when elected to the United States Senate. This was in 1881. He took his seat Dec. 2, 1883. His term of office will not expire until March 3, 1891. Senator Riddleberger is a member of the Readjuster party.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

DELAYED trains prevented the Senate from having a quorum when called to order on the 9th inst. The House had a bare quorum, but neither a Speaker nor Speaker pro tem, so no business was done by either body.

The Auditor General, in reply to an inquiry of the Senate why his report was not presented as required by law, informed the Senate, on the 10th inst., that the printing was delayed, but he had a promise that the report would be ready in a few days. The bill making an appropriation for the New Orleans Exposition was recalled from the House, the vote by which it passed reconsidered and the bill laid upon the table. Mr. Hubbell offered a resolution reciting that Gov. Beale had not accounted for a sum of money obtained from the United States for quartermaster stores furnished during the war, employing Fred Palmer as agent, which money was paid by Gov. Beale into the hands of the Quartermaster General as alleged, and directing the Committee on Military Affairs to investigate the matter, with power to send for persons and papers, and to inquire by what authority the money was obtained, a commission allowed, and all the particulars. Laid over one day. The following passed the Senate: House bill exempting discharged soldiers from poll taxes; house bill to authorize the sale of the St. Joseph poor-farm, Senate joint resolution authorizing the State Auditor to report upon the electric light, but not to contract for it; House joint resolution for a patent to W. H. Gordon; joint resolution amending the law relative to chains attached to boats; House joint resolution for a harbor at Ludington; preventing Judges from sitting when related to counsel in any case. In the House the following passed: Amending chapter 30, Howell, relative to State public schools; amending section 882, Howell, relative to paying debts and legacies of deceased persons; regulating the sale of adulterated honey.

The Republican State Convention broke in on the session of the Legislature on the 11th inst., most of the Republican members being delegates. After the start of the morning session the Senate took a recess until evening, and the House adjourned for the day. Bills passed in the Senate: Incorporating Ranney for the relief of purchasers and settlers of swamp lands; reincorporating An Sabie. In the House the Governor noted his approval of the act incorporating Milan. A petition, numerously signed, from St. Clair business men, favoring the passage of a bill for minority representation in corporations was received. The bill passed. Other bills passed: Amending section 2388, Howell, relative to limited partnership; requiring bills on sleighs driven in the Upper Peninsula; amending section 5181, Howell, relative to schools; amending section 7066, Howell, relative to trials of issues of facts; amending sections 744-5, Howell, relative to town boards; protecting labor debts against exemption; attaching Isle Royal to Houghton County for judicial purposes; and amending section 527, relative to writs.

The petition of 703 citizens of Ann Arbor and students of Michigan University for the passage of a law prohibiting the sale of liquor within a circle of five miles of the university was presented in the Senate on the 12th. Bills passed: Abolishing the office of the Commissioner of Immigration; for a patent for M. H. Davis, detaching territory from Kawakawin and attaching the same to Ontonagon; the Governor noted his approval of the following acts: Incorporating the schools of Albion; changing the boundaries between Houghton and Baraga Counties. Bills passed the House: Incorporating the village of Vermontville; incorporating the village of Hanover; incorporating the village of Shelby; amending the charter of Stanton; incorporating the village of Umanito. The Governor noted his approval of the following act: Attaching Orenow County to the Twenty-third Judicial Circuit; amending the charter of Negaunee.

The President of the Senate announced Messrs. S. W. Smith, Moon, and Hertzer as Senate members of the Joint Select Committee on Drain Laws, on the 13th inst. Bills passed: Incorporating the village of Shelby; to vacate the State road near Escanaba; providing a Bridge Commissioner for the county of Ontonagon; amending section 1676, Howell, relative to the public health; authorizing the construction of a bridge across Black River; authorizing Kalamazoo township to hold elections in the city of Kalamazoo; authorizing Union, Isabella County, to borrow money for public improvements; providing for the payment of drain taxes. To the House the Governor communicated his approval of the act detaching territory from Kawakawin and attaching the same to Ontonagon; also chartering Sandusky. The following bills passed: Organizing the county of Alger out of a portion of the county of Schoolcraft; organizing the township of Antrim, Schoolcraft County; abolishing the office of Commissioner of Immigration; regulating the size of meshes of fish-nets; to provide for elections in Kalamazoo; reincorporating Benton Harbor; authorizing Union Township, Isabella County, to borrow \$15,000. Representatives Campbell, Chapman, and Wright were appointed a special committee to investigate transactions in the Quartermaster General's office during the past two years.

In the Senate the Governor noted his approval of the following acts on the 14th: For the better protection of labor debts; amending section 6026, Howell, relative to the trial of issues of fact; attaching Isle Royal to Houghton for judicial purposes; amending section 5182, Howell, relative to schools; requiring bills upon sleighs in the upper peninsula; the act amending the charter of Lansing. Mr. Edwards offered a resolution reciting that grave irregularities and extravagancies were alleged against the late administration of military affairs under Gov. Beale, and directing that a select committee of three be appointed to make an investigation, with power to send for persons and papers. The resolution was made the special order for March 17. Bills passed the Senate: Organizing the county of Alger; organizing the town of Antrim, Schoolcraft County; reincorporating Dundee; reincorporating Vermontville. Bills passed the House: Creating a Board of Public Works for East Saginaw; vacating the State road in Escanaba; to construct a bridge across Black River; to authorize Spalding, Saginaw County, to borrow money; amending section 5046, Howell, relative to public instruction and primary schools; relative to a stenographer for the Fourth Judicial Circuit.

Robert Breckinridge's "Crookedness."

Dr. Robert Breckinridge lost his father in his early childhood, so that his early training was left entirely to his mother, who was a little woman with a large mind and wonderful will power; consequently she and her son Robert often had cause for disagreement, when she had not frequently come out second best. When he was about five, one of these encounters occurred. One day, when Mrs. Breckinridge was particularly busy, Robert, of course, became particularly rumpusous.

His mother endured as long as possible; then she said: "Robert, if you do or say another crooked thing this evening, I will punish you well, sir."

"She left, and heard nothing more from him for some hours, when, on going upstairs, she stumbled upon Robert, whom she saw lying on the top stair twisted in the most horrible shape. His face was frightfully drawn as though in pain, and he muttered something inaudibly. Mrs. B. became greatly alarmed, and called a servant to carry the child to her room. Then she begged him to tell her, if he could, what hurt him, whereupon he jumped up in bed, laughed in her face, and shrieked: "Ram's horn!—ram's horn! You told me, mamma, if I said or did another crooked thing you would punish me, and I have said and done the crookedest I know—ram's horn. So, there!" So saying, he got up and fled.

Laketown.

Our people are beginning to hope that spring is not far off. The few days of warm weather has diminished the snow banks to some extent; and we, like the occupants of the ark at the close of the flood, are rejoiced to see the dry land. It has been a terrible winter. We could very well have endured the winter had it not have been for the cold. But the two together, ugh! I expect to shiver next July when I think of it. We are having nice weather now, and a few spring birds have put in an appearance. Every day it thaws more or less, and every day the sun spends more and more of his time with us, but still the huge snow banks remain. The fruit-grower knows that his trees, buried beneath them must be greatly damaged, but how much? Trees 12 to 18 feet high on the east side of hills are almost covered with snow, packed so hard that a team could pass over it with perfect safety. If these banks shall be melted away by the warm winds and the rays of the sun, the trees may be saved though much damaged; but should warm rains set in and fill the snow with water, the trees would be utterly ruined. Oh! where can rest be found? Where is there a place where man can gain a livelihood without all this anxiety, care and trouble? And the fruit-grower is not alone. The farmer is anxiously watching his winter grain to see if the deep drifts have smothered it. Oh, but we shall all be glad when the winter and snows are gone and nature puts on her summer attire. Since my last we have had no weather that should change the prospects for fruit. At a meeting of the Saugatuck and Ganges Pomological Society on the 7th inst., this matter was discussed and the conclusions were that a fair crop of all kinds of fruit might be expected. Of course much depends upon location. My own farm is probably a fair sample of the country. Where trees are on high, exposed land very little damage has been done. At the deep depressions where the cold naturally settles, but little fruit can be expected. It is a question whether trees buried in snow have been protected or smothered. Mr. Hamilton, of South Saugatuck, a nursery man, thinks there is more danger to trees, large or small, from the exclusion of the air than from cold. As proof of his opinion he said "a few years ago a few rows of his nursery stock, which had been budded, was entirely covered with snow during the winter, and of those so covered nearly every one was spoiled, while the others, though exposed to severe cold came through all right." There is not much of news to write. The only item is a protracted meeting held by the Wesleyan Methodists at the Gibson school house for the past two weeks. I have not heard whether much good has been done, but presume not as the meetings have been closed.

BYRON MARKHAM.

A MEETING of the Holland City Prohibition Club will be held in the lecture room of the Methodist Church on Monday, 23rd inst., at 7:30 p. m. A full attendance of the members is requested.

T. ROMKEN BACK, Secretary,
T. J. Boggs, President.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., March 19, 1885:
Egbert W. Ball, Geo. L. Burridge, Peat Boyle, W. H. Clark, Mrs. Abbie Ellwood, Mrs. Shobel and George Zibbell.
WM. VERBECK, P. M.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church, services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School 3:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday, at 7:30. Rev. N. M. Steffens will occupy the pulpit. Subjects: Morning, "The glory of God's works." Afternoon, "Peter's fall."

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "The amazement of conversion." Evening, "Self protection in spiritual matters." Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Broek, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "Christ before Pilate." Afternoon, "Worshiping God in spirit and in truth."

First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2 p. m. Sunday school at 3:45. Subjects: Morning, "The death of Christ in connection with heaven and earth; temple and world; the quick and the dead." Afternoon, "The Kingdom of Heaven like a draw net cast into the sea." Evening, "An examination before Nebuchadnezzar."

Holland Christian Ref. Church—Services at 9:30 a. m., 2:00 and 7 p. m. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. A. De Bruyn, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. T. T. George, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Morning, "The two great questions." Evening, "Revenge."

Salvation Oil, the celebrated American remedy for cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, chilblains, &c., can be had of all druggists. It kills pain. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

Euclyen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. Walsh.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Special Notices.

Fresh Sweet Cider, at
PESSINK'S.

Ladies Look!

I have just added to my stock an immense variety of the latest styles and shades in Dress Goods which I am selling for 6 cents up to \$1.80 per yard. Call and examine and secure a dress.

7-2t D. BERTSCH.

J. Pessink is agent for the American Steam Laundry of Grand Rapids and all who have laundry work will do well to leave it at the City Bakery.

KREMERS & BANGS have a full stock of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, paint and whitewash brushes, which they are selling at low figures for cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We have just received a large new stock of Boots and Shoes and Slippers for spring and summer trade. The stock is complete and embraces the latest styles of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes, which are sold at reasonable prices. We sell

Fargo's Boots and Fine Ladies Shoes.

L. SPRIETSMAN & SON,

HOLLAND, March 19, 1885. 7-1y

GENTS' Furnishing Goods and fancy dry goods, a complete line at
7-2t D. BERTSCH'S.

Canned Goods are sold at the City Bakery cheaper than they can be purchased anywhere in the city. A fresh stock just received.

Holland Township Caucus.

Notice is hereby given that a People's Caucus of the voters of Holland township will be held in the townhouse of said township on Thursday, April 2, 1885, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several township offices. A so-called "double ticket" will be made. By request of several voters.

Dated: March 21, 1885.

Large line of Silk Handkerchiefs and Neckties very cheap at
6-2w G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

For Sale.

A Foundry and Finishing shop Cheap on reasonable terms. Inquire of
W. H. DEMMING,
HOLLAND, March 5, 1885. 5-3m

Buy your Patent Medicines and Drugs at the Central Drug Store.

For Sale Cheap.

A small schooner, called "May Cornell." Gross tonnage 639-100. All in good trading condition. For information apply or address,
JAMES FINAN,
MANISTEE, Mich. 5-3t

White's Pulmonaria has no equal for coughs and colds. Try it. For sale by
KREMERS & BANGS, Druggists.

SCHOOL Books and school supplies a specialty. Anything not in stock will be supplied in from 6 to 24 hours.

YATES & KANE.

THE Sherwin-Williams prepared paint in large and small cans at
KREMERS & BANGS.

New Advertisements.

Election Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY OF HOLLAND,
March 18, 1885.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:

Notice is hereby given that the annual charter election for the City of Holland, will be held on the first Monday (the sixth day) of April A. D. 1885; in the several wards of said city at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward, at the Common Council room.

In the Second Ward, at the office of H. D. Post.

In the Third Ward, at Eagle House Co's rooms.

In the Fourth Ward, at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

At said election the following officers are to be elected and proposition voted upon.

STATE OFFICERS.

Two Regents of the University, and one Justice of the Supreme Court, whose term of office will begin on the first day of January, A. D. 1886.

Proposition to contract a loan.

Proposition to raise by loan the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars for the purpose of building a new Court House in said county of Ottawa.

CITY OFFICERS.

One Mayor in the place of W. H. Beach, whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor in the place of Kommer Schadelee, whose term of office expires.

One City Clerk in the place of Geo. H. Sipp, whose term of office expires.

One City Treasurer in the place of Cornelius Ver Schure, whose term of office expires.

One City Marshal in the place of Edward Vaupeil, whose term of office expires.

One Justice of the Peace, for full term, office now vacant.

Two School Inspectors, full term, in place of Isaac Cappon and Thomas J. Boggs, whose term of office expires.

WARD OFFICERS.

For the First Ward.—One Alderman in the place of John A. Ter Vree, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Charles Odell, whose term of office expires.

For the Second Ward.—One Alderman in the place of John Beukema, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of John Van Den Berg, whose term of office expires.

For the Third Ward.—One Alderman in the place of Reinder E. Werkman, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Edward Vaupeil, whose term of office expires.

For the Fourth Ward.—One Alderman in the place of Arend J. Nyland, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Pieter Braam, whose term of office expires.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland, will meet at the following places in said City, on Saturday, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1885, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m., and 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of the several wards in said city.

In the 1st Ward at the Common Council Rooms.

In the 2nd Ward at the office of Henry D. Post.

In the 3rd Ward at the office of Ald. Werkman.

In the 4th Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

J. A. TER VREE,

A. W. ROSE,

JOHN BEUKEMA,

A. M. BURGESS,

R. F. WERKMAN,

L. T. KANTER,

A. J. NYLAND,

DAVID L. BOYD.

Board of Registration of the City of Holland
Dated: HOLLAND, Mich., March 17, A. D. 1885.

BRUSSE BROS.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,

have on hand a full stock of

CASSIMERE, CORKSCREW AND WORSTED SUITINGS,

Imported and Domestic, in new and desirable styles; also a well selected line of pants patterns. These goods are made especially for this Spring trade and will be extensively worn the coming season. Our prices will be reasonable and comparatively low, while the work will always be first-class. We shall aim to give our customers as well made and good-fitting garments as can be bought in the larger cities, and save them from five to ten dollars on a suit.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

In order to close out our heavy weight goods we will make up Spring Overcoats at cost.

NEW GROCERY STORE

H. VAN DER HAAR,

has just received a new and fresh stock of

GROCERIES,

and every thing appertaining to a

FIRST-CLASS GROCERY STORE

Every thing in the Grocery line from a pound of salt to a barrel of sugar will be sold as cheap as anywhere in this city.

I have secured a quantity of imported powdered Chocolate from the Netherlands, which should find a ready sale in this locality.

Choice Boneless Cod Fish!

Call and see me in the brick store next to the post office.

H. VAN DER HAAR,
HOLLAND, March 19, 1885. 7-1t

NEXT!!

BILLY'S TONSORIAL PARLORS

you can get a

A Good Clean Shave.

A Scientific Haircut or

Invigorating Shampoo.

at any time.

HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE!

W. BAUMGARTEL,
HOLLAND, Mich., March 19, 1885.

ATTENTION

Farmers and
Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.

White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.

Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.

Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.

Black Ash Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.

Basswood Heading Bolts, 38 inches long.

Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fitter's Stave Factory.

ED. VER SCHURE, Supt.

or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

Genuine Cyclone

is going on in the stock of

Dry Goods & Groceries,

at the store of

B. WYNHOFF,

Dress Goods, Table Linens.

Skirts, Hosiery, White Goods.

Etc., in endless variety.

A full and complete line of

CROCKERY

always on hand.

I have the agency in this city

for the celebrated

Needle Gas Lamp.

These lamps are a great improvement on all other lamps

both as to quantity of oil

used and the amount of light

which they give. Call and

see them.

Goods delivered free of charge.

B. WYNHOFF.

Holland, June 14, 1883.

DR. THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL

CURES Rheumatism, Lum-

bago, Lame Back, Sprains

and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns,

Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and Aches.

FOSTER, MILBURN & COMPANY, Proprietors, Buffalo, New York, U. S. A.

1884. FALL AND WINTER. 1885

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

BONNETS, HATS, CAPS.

PLUMES, TIPS, POMPONS, FANCY FEATHERS, VELVETS,

PLUSHES, SATIN, SILK, CRAPE, VEILINGS, RIBBONS,

LACES, COLLARS, CLOAKS, JERSEY JACKETS,

CLOAK AND FUR TRIMMINGS, CLOAK LOOPS,

AND BUTTONS, ZEPHYR GOODS, HAND-

MADE HOODS, ZEPHYR, SAXONY

YARN, AND FAIRY FLOSS, ETC.

INFANTS' CLOAKS A SPECIALTY.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET.

HOLLAND MICH

WRIGHT'S INDIAN
LIVER
VEGETABLE PILLS

Secure Healthy
action to the Liver
and relieve all bil-
ious troubles.

Purely Vegetable; No Gripping. Price 25c. All Druggists.

J. W. BOSMAN,

Merchant Tailor,

and dealer in

Ready-Made Clothing,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

NECKWEAR, HATS AND CAPS, ETC.

A large and very fine line of

SUITINGS

have just been received and all who desire a good

CUSTOM MADE suit of Clothes will do well to

GIVE ME A CALL.

Our large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING

will be sold at bottom prices.

Examine our Goods before purchas-

ing elsewhere.

J. W. BOSMAN,

HOLLAND, Mich., April 23, 1884. 12-1y

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvellous success.

Insane Persons Restored

Dr. KLINE'S GREAT

NERVE RESTORER

For all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only true

cure for Nerve Affections. Fits, Epilepsy, etc.

INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after

first day's use. Treatise and \$3 trial bottle free to

Fits patients, they paying express charges on box when

received. Send names, P. O. and express address of

afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

12-1y

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

W. H. ROGERS, Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription.
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes. Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2 per annum. Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers. All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

[OFFICIAL.] Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 16, 1885.

The Common Council met pursuant to a call from the mayor and in accordance with the provisions of the city charter.

Members present: Ald. Rose, Beukema, Burgess, Werkman, Kanters and the clerk.

The mayor and president pro tem being absent, Ald. Werkman was appointed to preside for the time being.

The reading of the minutes was dispensed with and the regular order of business was suspended.

The city treasurer reported for the month ending March 16th, 1885.—Filed.

The city treasurer reported for the fiscal year ending on the third Monday in March.

On motion of Ald. Kanters—

Resolved, That the annual report of the city treasurer be referred to the committee on claims and accounts, and that they be and are hereby instructed to make the annual settlement with the city treasurer.—Adopted.

Council adjourned.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 17, 1885.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the mayor.

Members present: Mayor Beach, Ald. Tor Vree, Rose, Beukema, Werkman, Nyland and the clerk.

Minutes of last two meetings were read and approved.

PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

The following bills were presented for payment: J. A. Ter Vree, teaming, \$7.75; P. H. McBride, insurance on engine house No. 1, jail and contents, \$13; R. E. Werkman, lumber, \$2.10.—Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the city treasurer for the several amounts.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The committee on claims and accounts reported the following:

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee appointed to make the annual settlement with the city treasurer, would state that they have examined the report of the city treasurer herewith submitted, and constituting the settlement, and that they have examined the books and vouchers of the city treasurer, comparing them with the accounts as kept by the city clerk, and found a balance on hand, in cash, of Nine Thousand, Six Hundred and Ninety-three Dollars and Seventy-two Cents, (\$9,693.72) and a certificate of deposit in the Holland City bank, as herewith presented, showing that the said amount of \$9,693.72, stands placed to his credit as city treasurer upon the books of said bank, and we recommend that the settlement herewith presented be approved.—Signed by committee.—Report adopted, placed on file and a copy ordered printed (See next week's issue of this paper for a detailed statement of receipts and expenditures of the corporation during the past year.)

The committee on poor reported presenting the semi-monthly report of the director of the poor and said committee, recommending \$34.50 for the support of the poor for the three weeks ending April 8, 1885, and having rendered temporary aid to the amount of \$1.—Adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

The clerk reported receipt of the city treasurer for \$3.50 city license collected.—Accepted, ordered placed on file and the money charged to the city treasurer.

Places of registration and election were designated for the next charter election to be held on the first Monday in April, 1885, to wit: For registration, in the first ward at the Common Council rooms; in the second ward at the office of Henry D. Post; in the third ward at the office of Alderman Werkman; in the fourth ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

For election: In the first ward at the Common Council rooms; in the second ward at the office of Henry D. Post; in the third ward at Eagle Hose Co's rooms; in the fourth ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

Council adjourned.
Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

An Editor's Tribute.

Theron P. Keator, Editor of the Wayne, Ind., "Gazette," writes: "For the past five years have always used Dr. King's New Discovery, for coughs of most severe character, as well as for those of a milder type. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in the same high terms. Having been cured by it of every cough I have had for five years, I consider it the only reliable and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, etc." Call at H. Walsh's Drug Store and get a Free Trial Bottle. Large size \$1.

To the Taxpayers and Voters of Ottawa County.

At the last meeting of Ottawa County Board of Supervisors, held in January, 1885, the following Resolution was offered by Mr. Geo. D. Sanford:

Whereas, The present Court House is in an old and dilapidated condition, the building needing many repairs, among which is an entirely new roof, more vault room, as the present vault is entirely too small for present wants of several county officers, and quite an addition to the vault is demanded and must be furnished. And

Whereas, In case of fire, which is liable to happen any day, the Records of this County, and other valuable books and papers, of more value to the people than the entire expense of a new Court House, would almost to a certainty be destroyed and cause a very large amount of litigation and trouble to property owners of the county. Therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Board of Supervisors of Ottawa County, now in session, that the question of building a new Court House, at an expense not to exceed \$35,000, and of leasing of the bonds of this

County in the above amount, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent as follows: \$3,000 Jan. 1, 1885; \$10,000 Jan. 1, 1900; \$3,000 Jan. 1, 1905, be submitted to the voters of this county at the next annual election, to be held Monday, April 6, 1885.

On motion of Supervisor Clark, the consideration of the Resolution was made a special order for to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, after the reading of the Journal.

The special order being the Resolution offered by Mr. Sanford, on motion it was referred to a Special Committee consisting of the Supervisors Clark, Van Loo, Sanford, Porter and Mayor Beach, who reported on the subject matter as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Ottawa County:

GENTLEMEN:—Your Committee to whom was referred the proposition of building a new Court House for this County, have had the subject under consideration and beg leave to respectfully report as follows:

We recommend that a proposition to build a new Court House be submitted to the decision of the Electors at the next Spring election, April 6, 1885. Said building to cost \$25,000, and bonds to be issued for that amount, payable as follows: \$2,000 annually on the 1st day of February in each of the years 1886 to 1895 inclusive, and \$3,000 in each of the years 1896 to 1900, inclusive, with interest not to exceed 6 per cent per annum. Interest payable semi-annually. And in case such proposition fails to carry, that the construction be authorized of a suitable building, on a portion of the County grounds, for the use of the Register of Deeds, and the safe keeping of the records belonging to this office. Your Committee further reports that as much as after the Spring Election there will necessarily be a special meeting of the Board of Supervisors to determine the result of the vote, further action can then be taken to carry out either of the propositions herein recommended. All of which is respectfully submitted. (Signed)

CHARLES H. CLARK,
CORNELIUS VAN LOO,
GEORGE D. SANFORD,
Geo. F. PORTER,
WM. H. BEACH,
Special Committee.

Which report was adopted by a two-thirds vote of all the Supervisors elect.

The Committee on County Buildings of the Ottawa County Board of Supervisors believe that it is usually the case, when a proposition of this kind is submitted to the tax payers, that many of them are apt to overlook the object or necessity for which the proposition is made and vote against it (as a general thing) to their own detriment on the grounds and for no other reason than that it will make their taxes a little higher, while at the same time they will submit to a less amount of taxes being levied year after year for an unlimited number of years, and expenses in repairs (as in this case) on an old worthless building, to keep it in an inhabitable condition, and by so doing, in the long run, will pay more than the cost of a new safe and desirable building, and after many years, under the repair system, with the many inconveniences and risks attached thereto, will have nothing but the old shell of a building left, which is liable any time to be damaged by fire and necessitate the building of a new one, and in that case all taxes paid for repairs and the building of temporary offices and vaults would be lost. And in view of the above facts as above set forth, We the Committee on County Buildings of said County, submit for your consideration the following facts:

FACTS.

The cost of a separate building for Register of Deeds, and a vault, would be nearly \$5,000, to have it in good use, and then the voter must realize that the vaults, records of the Judge of Probate, County Treasurer, and County Clerk would still be unprotected, and still remain in danger. The Committee after a thorough examination of the old Court House building, and the vaults for the public records, we feel compelled to say in regard to the vaults, we find them full, and many records of much value are not kept therein for lack of room, and as to the safety of the records in the vault, it is our opinion, and the opinion of many others who have examined said vaults, that in case the Court House should burn down the records would be lost, and we think it a fact that no one can deny that it should be lost or materially damaged by fire, the County would sustain a far greater loss than the cost of building the new Court House and fire proof vaults. We find the old shell of a Court House (which by the way never costs the County anything except for repairs, but then considering the value of the old thing, has been far more than it is worth) is not only inefficient, ill-arranged, inconvenient, ill-ventilated, and unhealthy for occupancy, but is a disgrace to Ottawa County, which no one dare deny, who has ever attended court or done any business therein. It is undoubtedly a fact that many taxpayers of the County are not aware of, that by law every organized County in this State is in duty bound to provide at the County Seat of each County a suitable Court House, and suitable and sufficient jail and fireproof offices and all necessary public buildings, and keep the same in good repair. See sec. 2152 Howell's Annotated Statutes. Now we submit this fact, that our Court House and vaults do not fit the requirements of the law for several reasons. 1st. The building we use for a Court House is now not sufficiently large for a Court House for Ottawa County. 2nd. The fire proof offices or vaults are not safe against fire, and as the old building is not worth repairing, it is bad policy to throw away money year after year for building temporary vaults with the uncertainty of their being fire proof so long as they are attached to the old Court house building. As we have said before, that when a matter of this kind is submitted to the people they are very apt to cry high taxes and vote against it without stopping to investigate and find out whether it is economy to vote against it, or even find out how much the extra taxes would amount to annually, but vote against the matter blind, with both eyes open. Now to enlighten ourselves on this subject, let us look into this tax matter a little and see how much it is going to cost us in taxes annually to vote yes for this proposition, and if correct what benefit we will derive therefrom. The total amount of interest for fifteen years will be \$3,220. Bonds \$25,000. Total bonds and interest \$33,220. Average amount of principal and interest payable annually for fifteen years, \$2,214. The equalized valuation for the county for the year 1883 was \$13,360,420. The equalized valuation for the year 1884 was \$13,463,400, making an increase in one year of \$102,980. Increase for fifteen years at the same rate of \$1,543,835 average valuation, for fifteen years \$14,361,371. But to make the per cent an even quarter mill on one dollar valuation we will reduce the average valuation for fifteen years and call it \$14,192,000, which would necessitate the assessing of twenty-five cents on each thousand dollars valuation annually, for fifteen years, or two and one-half cents on one hundred dollars valuation for the same number of years (to pay in full the entire bonds and interest). Now in view of the small tax to be assessed annually, and the many benefits to be derived from a new and commodious Court House, with fire proof vaults where our records and valuable papers will be safe and secure from fire, and the honor such a building would be to the county and the citizens therein, and on the other hand considering the amount of taxes we are now annually expending on the old Court House and building temporary vaults and offices, and the unsafe condition of our records, and the anxiety, trouble and litigation it would cost if the records should be damaged or destroyed by fire, and the disgrace the old clap trap of a thing we call a Court House is to Ottawa County, and then say how any sane taxpayer in the county can conscientiously vote against leasing the bonds is a problem which does not seem possible for any one to explain.

Hoping that every taxpayer in the county will look into and investigate thoroughly in all its bearings and consider the small amount of tax each taxpayer will have to pay annually for a new and well arranged commodious and respectable looking Court House, and fire proof vault, and on the 6th day of April next, vote yes to lease the bonds, is the prayer of your humble servants.

CHAR. H. CLARK,
Geo. D. SANFORD,
Committee on County Buildings of the Ottawa County Board of Supervisors.

To Committee on Public Buildings, &c.

GENTLEMEN:—I beg leave to say in answer to your favor of the 12th inst, that the Records show that on Nov. 6, 1846, Robert Stewart and others quit claimed the Board of Supervisors of Ottawa County, and their successors in office, all right title &c., to a half section of land, as appears of Record. See Liber B page 296, and the Records of Power of Attorney, recorded in Liber A p. 377, dated Jan. 24, 1840; Liber A p. 502, dated Nov. 15, 1849; Liber A p. 64, dated June 12, 1856; Liber A p. 137, dated April 22, 1859; Liber E p. 781, dated July 14, 1846. The quit-claim deed was filed Nov. 14, 1846, by which the County, through the Board of Supervisors, became the owners in fee of the land so long as the same is used for public purposes, viz: Court House and other public buildings. You will see that the County has been in continuous, open and notorious possession of the premises for more than 21 years. I deem the title good as the County has all the title there is.

I am, Gentlemen, Your Obedt Serv't.
GEORGE W. McBRIDE, Pros. Atty.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., Feb. 12, 1885.
Messrs. Turner, Kelley, Soule and Hyman.

GENTLEMEN:—Wishing to place a full and candid statement before the voters of this county, will you kindly furnish us a statement as to want of room in present vaults attached to Court House. Also your opinion as to vaults being fire proof in case of fire destroying the Court House building. We ask a full chance to know in reference to the lack of room for valuable books and papers, and the liability to total loss by fire. An early answer will greatly oblige.

Yours,
CHAS. H. CLARK,
Geo. D. SANFORD,
Committee on County Buildings of the Board of Supervisors.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., Feb. 19, 1885.
Charles H. Clark and Geo. D. Sanford, Esqs.
Committee on County Buildings, Board of Supervisors.

GENTLEMEN:—Your communication of the 13th instant requesting a statement as to the sufficiency of vault room to store the records of our respective offices, and our opinion as to whether the present vaults are fire proof, has been received and its contents carefully noted. We reply: The present vaults intended to be fire proof, for the safe keeping of the public records of the county and the files of the courts, are now crowded to their utmost capacity, and to such an extent that it requires laborious search to find some of the old Court files, which have to be packed away, and many of the valuable records of the County Treasurer's office have to be kept in the office, exposed to certain loss if the Court House should burn. There is no question but that new vaults will have to be built within a year to store the rapidly accumulating county records, or leave a large part of them in the offices with no protection against loss by fire.

We are in no better position to answer your question whether the present vaults would protect the county records if the Court House should burn than any citizens who understand the situation, and much less so than experts familiar to any extent with fire proof structures; but we think that with the thin iron doors of the vaults, without non conducting backing, and the fact that the Court House is constructed with heavy timber frame, and of pine timber and lumber throughout, and would make an exceedingly hot fire, it may well be doubted that the vaults would save the valuable county records in case of fire, particularly if any of the heavy timbers should fall on it.

We think it every citizen of Ottawa County when he visits the County Seat, will inspect the public records and Court House, will add much to the public information upon the points above suggested, and we shall be glad to aid them in such inspection.

Very Respectfully Yours,
CHAS. H. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
WM. F. KELLEY, Register of Deeds.
R. A. HYMAN, County Treasurer.
GEORGE D. TURNER, County Clerk.

Special Notices.

A VERY fine assortment of the latest styles in Gents' Hats has just been received at
D. BERTSCH'S, 7 1/2

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS have received direct from the East, of first hands, a large stock of Dry Goods which will be sold at very low figures. Go and examine their stock. The first part of next week they will have on hand a new line of Spring Hats of the very Latest Styles. 6-2w

For fresh herbs and pure drugs go to the Central Drug store.

FULL line of Spring Gingham and Chambrays, also Prints of all kinds very cheap at
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of J. Van Dyk & Bird, is this day dissolved by mutual agreement. Mr. Jan Van Dyk will continue the business. All debts owing by the firm will be paid by Jan Van Dyk, and all debts owing to the firm must be paid to him. All persons indebted to J. Van Dyk & Bird are requested to call and pay to J. Van Dyk within 30 days or the accounts will be collected by law.

JAN VAN DYK,
FILLMORE BIRD.

March 7, 1885.

Millinery Stock for Sale.

My stock of millinery and business can be bought at a bargain. I will sell and deliver possession immediately. Now is the time for a person desiring to embark in this business. Call and learn my price and terms.
MARY MEERES,
River St., Holland, March 5, 1885. 5 t

KREMER & BANGS carry a full stock of Humphrey's Homoeopathic Specific.

LOUISDALE Bleached Cotton 9c per yard, 8 1/2c per yard by Bolt. Best Brown Cotton 8c per yard at
G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

The Fountain of Youth.

Dyspepsia is the prevailing malady of civilized life. A weak dyspeptic stomach acts very slowly or not at all on many kinds of food. Gases are excreted, acids are formed and become a source of pain and disease, until discharged. To be dyspeptic is to be miserable, hopeless, depressed, confused in mind, forgetful, irascible, drowsy, weak, languid and useless. It destroys the Teeth, Complexion, Strength, Peace of Mind, and Bodily ease. It produces Headache, Pain in Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of Chest, Dizziness, Sour eructations of Stomach, Bad taste in Mouth, Bilious attacks, Palpitation of Heart, Inflammation of Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms. Dyspepsia invariably yields to the vegetable remedies in GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS, the great purifier of the blood and restorer of health. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement. For sale by H. Walsh. 6-4t

KREMER & BANGS are having an immense sale on Diamond Dyes and they are acknowledged to be the best 10-cent dye in the market.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY IF



ARE USED.
Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., Savor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.

FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Best Dry Hop Yeast.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

LIGHT HEALTHY BREAD



The best dry hop yeast in the world. Bread raised by this yeast is light, white and wholesome like our grandmother's delicious bread.

GROCERS SELL THEM.
PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Makers of Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

Rail Roads.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.
Taking Effect Sunday, January 18, 1884.

From Holland to Chicago.			From Chicago to Holland.		
Nit.	Day	Exp.	Nit.	Day	Exp.
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
10:55	1:10	10:30	8:00	10:15	6:00
11:30	1:45	10:55	8:45	10:50	6:30
12:30	2:45	11:55	9:45	11:50	7:30
12:45	3:00	12:10	10:00	12:10	8:00
1:30	3:45	1:00	10:15	12:25	8:15
2:30	4:45	1:45	10:30	12:40	8:30
3:30	5:45	2:45	10:45	12:55	8:45
4:30	6:45	3:45	11:00	1:10	9:00
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.
From Holland to Grand Rapids.

p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
10:25	1:35	10:00	10:10	1:15	10:00
11:30	2:40	10:55	10:55	1:50	10:45
12:35	3:45	11:55	11:55	2:55	11:55
13:40	4:50	12:55	12:55	4:00	12:55
14:45	5:55	1:55	1:55	5:05	1:55
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

MUSKEGON BRANCH.
From Holland to Muskegon.

p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
10:25	1:35	10:00	1:10	3:00	9:40
11:30	2:40	10:55	2:25	3:25	10:10
12:35	3:45	11:55	3:50	3:50	10:40
13:40	4:50	12:55	4:00	4:00	11:10
14:45	5:55	1:55	4:10	4:10	11:40
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

ALLEGAN BRANCH.
From Holland to Allegan.

00	5. 31.		p.m.	a.m.	
00	10 10	Holland.....	5 10	10 10
20	10 25	Fillmore.....	4 55	9 50
35	10 34	Hamilton.....	4 45	9 42
47	1 0 4	Dunning.....	4 35	9 30
15	11 05	Allegan.....	4 15	9 05
m.	a.m.		p.m.	a.m.	

* Mixed trains.
† Runs daily; all other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Detroit time.

Mixed trains leave Holland, going north, at 7:50 a.m., arriving at Grand Rapids at 10:15 a.m.; and at 10:05 p.m., arriving at Muskegon at 12:10 a.m., also mixed trains leave Holland, going south at 5:50 a.m. and 8:55 a.m.

J. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.
C. F. HATCH, Station Agent.

Michigan and Ohio Railroad.
Taking effect Jan. 19, 1885.

TAKING EFFECT JAN. 1 st , 1880.					
GOING WEST.			GOING EAST.		
Pass.	Mix'd	Pass.	TOWNS		Pass. Pass. Mix.
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
10	5 45	L Toledo A	11 10	5 10	
10	6 40	D Toledo A	10 10	4 15	
12	7 04	C Britton	9 46	3 52	
21	7 09	Ridgeway	9 42	3 47	
29	7 14	Tecumseh	9 32	3 37	
33	7 39	Tipton	9 17	3 22	
35	7 45	Usted	9 05	3 08	
38	8 00	Adrian	8 43	2 45	
40	8 21	Jerome	8 36	2 28	
45	8 32	Moscow	8 20	2 21	
56	8 42	Hanover	8 09	2 10	
57	8 53	Poiaski	7 59	1 59	p. m.
37	9 20	Homer	7 37	1 38	8 00
39	9 47	Marshall	7 11	1 12	7 28
47	9 56	Ceresco	6 59	1 01	7 21
48	10 15	Battle Creek	6 40	12 42	7 03
56	10 35	Angusta		12 22	6 43
64	10 47	Yorkville		12 15	6 35
74	7 52	Richland		12 09	6 29
83	8 24	Montpelier		11 30	5 55
88	8 33	Pinck		11 27	5 47
93	8 39	Kellogg		11 21	5 37
10	8 50	Allegan L		11 10	5 25
P. M.	P. M.			10 10	

Train Connections.
At Toledo, with A. & G. T. At Britton, with Wash. St. Louis & Pacific. At Tecumseh, with Lake Shore & Mich. Southern. At Jerome, with L. S. & M. S. At Hanover, with L. S. & M. S. At Homer with L. S. & M. S. (Lansing Division) and Air Line Division of the Mich. Central. At Marshall, with M. C. R. R. At Battle Creek, with Chicago & Grand Trunk and M. C. R. R. At Montpelier, with G. R. & I. At Allegan, with Chicago & West Mich. and L. S. & M. S.
Trains 11 daily except Sunday.
R. McHUGH,
General Passenger Agent.

H. WYKHUYSEN,

Gold and Silver Watches!
Solid Gold and Plated Chains.
Ladies' and Gents' Lockets,
Silverware, Platedware,
Jewelry and Clocks.

I also keep on hand a full line of
SPECTACLES!

HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Husband speaking:
"It's the strangest thing that ever I knew,
And the most r'oking, 'twixt me and you,
And a woman who's got a man like me,
A good provider, and a steady and free
With all her folks, with funds set down,
And as fine a home as any in town,
To be lamenting 'cause one child in ten
Ain't quite as good as he might have been."

"It's a pretty good showing, it seems to me,
That only a tenth of the lot should be
A little off color, and that's what I say
To their mother twenty times a day;
But I can't make her see it in that light,
And she listens and waits night after night
For the sound of his step, till I grow so wild
That I almost curse both mother and child."

"She ought to be for the others, you know,
And let the tormenting vagabond go
And follow his ways and take the pain—
But I turn him out and he calls him a n,
This makes a hardness between her and me,
And the worst of it is that the children agree
That I'm in the right. You'd pity her then—
Such times I think I'm the meanest of men."

"I've argued and scolded and coaxed without
end;
Her answer is always: 'My boy has one friend
As long as I live, and your charge is untried
That my heart holds no equal love for you
And all the rest. But the one gone astray
Needs me the most, and you'll find 'tis the way
Of all mothers to hold close to the one
Who hurts her the most. So Love's work is done."

"Now what can I say to such words as those?
I'm not convinced, as the history shows;
But I of an wonder which one is right,
As I hear her light step night after night,
Here and there, to the window and door,
As she waits with a heart that is heavy and sore."

"I wish the boy dead, while she gives her life
To save him from sin. There's husband and wife."
—Cardiff Mail.

A SEA-SIDE ROMANCE.

"But how can I help feeling neglected and miserable, Ned? You scarcely look at me when Miss Lovel is near, and she is your preferred partner in all things now. You walk with her, you sing with her, you drive with her, and it makes me very wretched."

"Now, Mollie, if you're going to be jealous!"

"I'm not jealous, Ned. If I thought you didn't care most for me; if I fancied you cared at all for anyone else, I don't think I'd remonstrate with you at all. I would just take off this," touching the diamond on her hand, "and hand it back to you. I am not jealous, but you are not very kind to me, Ned."

"My little pet, you do not see things as I see them. One owes something to society, especially when one is at the seaside. If you would only remember that I love you too well to find fault with anything you can do, and, if you would become a little more of a society character yourself, I would be perfectly happy. Why, you scarcely take the least attention from any one but me, and so many are willing to offer attentions to you. Now, dear, kiss me once; I must be off; I am to drive on the beach with Miss Lovel. Not jealous, my pet?"

"Not jealous, Ned, no," and she turned from him, but without giving the kiss he asked for.

"She is jealous, though!" the young fellow thought, smiling as he watched the pretty, straight figure going away from the nook in which he had found her out to the stretch of sand, against which the waves rolling, receding, leaving now a mass of seaweed on it, now returning and bearing it away—a very coquette of an ocean, now kind and now cold, and always fair in the sunlight.

Ned Tremaine hurried away over the beach, whistling as he went, and he presently caught up with his affianced, who, in the pretty dress of cream and black, with her wide sun-hat pushed a little back on her blonde head, was looking very beautiful and animated—and smiling in the face of Lee Stone, the most incorrigible male flirt at the beach.

"Where now, Tremaine?" the latter called out, as, with a nod, he pursued his way.

"For a drive on the beach; will see you later," and Ned had gone by resuming his whistle.

Mr. Stone smiled a little and spoke a few words to Mollie. She colored slightly, followed the tall form of her lover a moment with her eyes, then gave a gracious answer, and half an hour later, when Ned and Miss Lovel met the pretty light carriage on the beach, in which Lee Stone took his daily drive, they received a pleasant and from pretty Mollie, who was his companion, and who looked as though she was thoroughly enjoying his society.

"She certainly lost no time in following my suggestion," Ned told himself, half in surprise; "and she evidently found the society of Stone anything but boring."

"What a handsome couple they make," Miss Lovel said, with a certain gleam in her steady gray eyes. Ned colored suddenly; he didn't quite know why.

"Perhaps you didn't know that Miss Anne is my promised wife," he said, a trifle coldly.

"Oh, but so many engagements are broken in a summer at the seaside, one never minds that very much," the languid belle said, indifferently.

That night there was a hop at the hotel, and Ned had made up his mind while dressing to be a little more attentive to Mollie; but, to his surprise, he didn't find Mollie Anne shrinking under her mother's wing, as had been her custom. A number of her old friends had arrived while they were at dinner, and they were about her; besides, Lee Stone was quite pronounced in his attentions to her, and while she gave him (Ned) a smile from the distance he found it quite difficult to get near her; then a light tap on his arm informed him that Miss Lovel was asking him why he was so preoccupied, and, as Mollie and Stone went circling by joining the waltzers, he followed them with Miss Lovel.

"A rather pronounced flirtation," Lee laughed later, when he and Mollie stood on the hotel terrace watching

the moonlight on the sea and strand and one solitary couple pacing slowly along beside the waters. Both knew who they were, for a few moments before they had seen Ned Tremaine place that pale-pink scarf about the shoulders of Miss Laura Lovel as he led her across the terrace, too much engrossed in his task, it would seem, to notice Mollie or her companion.

"Oh, everybody flirts more or less at a seaside hotel, one has nothing else to do, you know," Mollie answered Lee, with a light little ripple of laughter, and he looked down on her pretty face to which the moonlight was so tender, his voice sinking to almost a whisper as he spoke to her.

"It is a cowardly pastime for a man," he said softly, "and for a woman it is a cruel one."

Again she laughed, while arranging the bracelet on her arm. A touch of mockery was in the rippling laugh.

"And you—is it pleasant to know that you are cruel or cowardly?" she questioned. "One is tempted to become personal when such remarks come from one who is said to count his conquests with a cruel pride, and to whom the world gives no higher aim than to fascinate, and—remain careless. Am I too plain? Forgive me."

"I forgive you freely—as I would forgive you all things, Miss Anne; but neither you nor the world fully understand me. I may seem a trier; but, were the woman I love to love me in return no smile would be to me so sweet as hers, no presence half so dear."

Mollie had been watching the couple on the sands, going slowly back and forth in the moonlight; now she lifted her sweet young face and looked at him with a sort of wondering pity.

"Do we all wrong you, then?" she asked, gently. "Have you failed in your wooing? Can you not win where you love?"

His face flushed a little at her words, and she, watching it, was struck by its strength and beauty. How did it chance that she had never noticed either before?

"I am not left the chance to woo or win her," he said, slowly; "she is another's promised wife."

"Ah," she said, pityingly; and she gave him her hand in a sweet, womanly sympathy, never for an instant connecting his words with herself. He lifted the small hand reverently to his lips, and drawing it through his arm, turned toward the beach. As he did so he found himself facing Ned Tremaine and Laura Lovel, who were coming in from the moonlight, and he noticed that the young man's face was quite white, while there was a half-scornful smile on the lips of the fair belle of the seaside. But the two couples passed each other in silence, the one going down to the stretch of glittering sand, the other going in to the dancers.

A week later, and Mollie had just come in from a long hour, peaceful and calm, spent with Lee in a quiet nook among the rocks that overhung the ocean. He had been reading to her there some of the sweetest poems given to the world by genius. Her heart had thrilled as he read, and new, strange feelings had stirred it. When he closed the book he had looked up and found her eyes filled with tears. And now in her own room she was asking herself how it was that what she had but commenced for the purpose of annoying Ned had in one brief week slain all her old resentment against Miss Lovel and made her thoughts turn constantly, not to Ned Tremaine, who was her affianced husband, but to Lee Stone, who was termed the greatest male flirt on the beach. What was changing in her life? When she now met Ned and Laura it did not pain her as it used to. Was it because a handsomer face, a stronger and nobler face than Ned's was constantly near, ready to turn to her with devotion, ready to light if she smiled?

A servant broke her ponderings by bringing her two messages—one a bouquet of white flowers, with a few feathery sprays of fern among their whiteness, and one crimson rose gleaming red from their center; and in it was a note from Lee, asking her to go for a drive with him by moonlight; the other was a few angry lines from Ned, asking if she remembered that she was betrothed to him while she allowed every gossip at the hotel to chatter of her flirtation with Lee Stone.

"I have been patient, waiting an opportunity of speaking to you," he wrote, "but you will not give me one, so I write to ask you if you wish our engagement broken; to all it would seem so."

She trembled a little as she read, and her sweet face changed color; but she went to her desk, drew from it every letter he had ever sent her, formed them and his ring in a pac age and wrote him the following note:

"It was I who was first taught patience, while my existence was forgotten for one who was what you bade me become—a society character. Why should I fancy that you wished an interview with me of late? It is not so long since you could not spare a moment for me from Miss Love. Do I wish our engagement broken? Perhaps we both wish it, Ned; at least let us break it, since I so displease you. I send you your letters and ring."

Then, although a choking sensation was in her throat, she penned a brief note to Lee:

"I will be pleased to go with you," that was all; and in the starlight—the moon rose at—she went with him out over the beach and far along the country.

Was it strange that he noticed she no longer wore Ned's ring? Was it strange that he told her of his love, and that she listened silently, believing, with a strange flutter at her

heart? Was it strange that when they drove back, lingering beside the sobbing ocean, another ring should deck her finger and another bond should lie upon her life? Well, those who walked upon the strand, two whom the gossips called lovers; and yet when it was told that Mollie Anne was to place her happiness in the keeping of "the flirt of the beach," one man who heard it turned white as death and shrank from the sight of the beautiful woman beside him, although men called her fair, and many said she had won him from his faith; yet Mollie was too happy to regret, although she still sometimes remembers.—Philadelphia Call.

Health and Food for School Girls.

The breakfast of school-girls is the most important meal of the day; not only have they to replace in the blood the nutritive elements which have been assimilated during the night to meet the demands of growth and development, but they must provide for the activity of mind and body which their daily tasks impose upon them. It is an old saying that a boy is always hungry; it is equally true that if a girl is not hungry at least three times a day, she is in some wrong physical condition. The unnatural appetites which sometimes prevail among girls for pickles, chalk, slate-pencils, and like queer fare, always indicate a perverted state of the system, that should be promptly investigated by the physician.

Extremes of obesity and leanness, unless they are family characteristics, are indicative of a disturbed physical balance. Obesity may result from an ill-regulated diet, as well as from over-eating. While superfluous nourishment is stored up in the system in the form of fat, a similar condition may be caused by the undue excess of starch and sugar in the food, so that the appearance may seem to indicate high health, when, in fact, the needs of the body are imperfectly met. The appetite of girls often incline them to the use of bread and butter and sweets rather than to a mixed diet. The remedy in this case would be an intelligent explanation to them of the need of the system for this mixed diet of meat, vegetables, and farinaceous food, the scant use or entire avoidance of tea and coffee, combined with abundant out-door exercise and active games, which favor the increase of appetite. Where there is a hereditary tendency to obesity, plenty of exercise should be taken persistently, and the food should consist of the lean meats, poultry, game, red-blooded fish, fruit, and the succulent vegetables. The vegetables which contain an excess of starch and sugar, such as potatoes, beets, parsnips, and carrots, should be avoided, together with fresh white bread, pastry, cakes, and sweets in general. All anti-fat remedies should be strictly forbidden, as should every extreme dietetic measure. The drinking of vinegar is almost suicidal. Even the comparatively moderate Banting system should not be followed except under a physician's direction. When leanness accompanies the use of an abundant and varied diet, and the general health is fair, it does not indicate any unfavorable state. On the contrary, the capacity for exercise is increased, and the physical balance is in favor of resistance to disease. When leanness is the result of an attack of illness, of impaired or faulty nutrition, or of overwork, the remedy is to be sought in the use of abundance of digestible and nutritious food of a varied character, a moderate degree of exercise, and plenty of sleep.—Juliet Corson, in Harper's Bazar.

Native Medical Science in India.

Regarding the native treatment of diseases, one of the most curious things I ever witnessed was a half-clad native shouting through the streets of a country town: "Does any one want back his sight?—one rupee only!" as if he were hawking fruits or sweetmeats; and, to my astonishment, a patient soon presented himself to be operated on for cataract. There and then, standing in the bazaar, the itinerant oculist took out his penknife and performed the operation in a few minutes, bound up the man's eyes, and, telling him to keep in the dark for a fortnight, received his fee of one rupee, and shouted his wacry for more patients. The operation was almost invariably successful; one instance, among my servants being a woman of 80, who had charge of my fowl-house, and had for many a day been sightless, except to distinguish light from darkness, and who in this way was successfully operated upon. Besides this operator are bonesetters and medical rubbers, male and female, especially represented by the hereditary low-caste accoucheuse of each village, whose skill in shampooing is such an aid in her lowly calling—as the natives regard it—as to supplant much of the useless medicine and enforced rest of more civilized countries, and save endless mischief and suffering to her sex. What skill they have is, of course, almost purely traditional. None of the science of the world or British usage has yet altered in the slightest degree either the customs of the native or his horror of the idea of male physicians for women—especially in certain ailments—and their wonder at our obtuseness and disregard of propriety on so delicate a point. To supply a vacancy so long unfilled, lady doctors have now appeared on the scene, who, it is hoped by reaching the zenanas, may reach the real source through which a higher, enlightenment in India is possible.—Chambers Journal.

A BROOKLYN young man is quite "gone" on "Hamlet." Reading it to the girl of his heart he came to the passage: "Or if thou wilt needs marry, marry a fool." "Is that a proposal, dear?" she asked. "Yes, darling," he replied. And they settled it there and then.

SCISSORS AND PASTE.

A Peculiar Class of Newspapers in England.

Speaking of London newspapers reminds me of something I heard a few days ago with regard to the *Illustrated London Police News*, more generally known as the "Fenny Dreadful." Some years ago the man who promoted the venture was asked to sell by Mr. Purkiss, the present proprietor. "Well," he replied, "I owe £50 pound and I want £50—so I'll take £100 for it." At the time Mr. Purkiss was not inclined to give so much—sc the matter fell through; but afterward he bought the paper for about £200. Mr. Purkiss worked the paper well from a commercial point of view, and the circulation—particularly in the provinces—steadily increased. The blood-curdling pictures on the front page appeared to hit off the bucolic taste exactly. In two or three years' time one of the various Societies for the Suppression of Vice or Indecency came to the conclusion that the paper had a very bad effect upon the moral tone of the community, and proposed to buy up and suppress it. In order to ascertain what would be a fair price to pay an experienced accountant was called in and allowed to spend a fortnight in the office among the books. He reported to his employers that the concern would be cheap at £35,000 which was more than the society could afford to give. That was over ten years ago, and I can only guess what the property is worth now—probably not far from £100,000. It has an enormous circulation in the country districts. In many of the out-of-the-way villages the *Police News* is the only paper to be obtained for love or money, and among the class which delight in the record of deeds of blood and violence it is quite a Bible. The front page is "drawn" by one man, who is paid £20 per week for the job, and the man who arranges the letter-press and wields the scissors and paste receives a similar salary. There is not a line of original matter in the whole paper. About 300,000 is the weekly circulation, which yields a princely income from the original outlay of £200 about twelve years ago.

But, for sheer impudence in journalism of the scissors-and-paste order, a weekly paper called *Tit-Bits* certainly bears off the palm. Some genius discovered that English newspapers were very heavy, and that there were hosts of people who would buy a journal which did not require much reading and was free from a lot of job continued-in-our-next-story. It also found that there was a vast amount of amateur literary talent which could be "exploited" for next to nothing. Sixteen pages of odds and ends, anecdotes, short tails, cuttings from other papers, etc., are served up for one penny. Each week a guinea prize is offered for the best "bit" sent in, the right to publish any or all being reserved. By this means Mr. Newnes, the proprietor and editor, get all his "copy" very cheaply, and at the same time interests a large clientele in his paper, which, to tell the truth is a mighty poor specimen of a journal. But the concern is a great commercial success, and the sublime impudence of a man who can get all his "copy" sent him by his readers cannot be too much admired. An average of about 3,000 "bits," more or less original, pour in every week. One of these "bits" costs a guinea; the remainder costs nothing. Mr. Newnes and his office boy cut and paste up the paper, and Mr. Newnes pockets £300 a week net profit from the little venture. Occasionally a bigger prize is given. Six months ago the proprietor offered a house as a prize for the best tale, original or selected. A soldier at Canterbury came across something interesting in a book he was reading, copied it out, and sent it to Mr. Newnes. It happened to please that gentleman's critical literary taste, and the son of Mars became the proud possessor of a seven-roomed house upon the sole condition that he called it *Tit-Bits* Villa. No less than 34,000 persons competed for the prize. The paper is only a year or two old, and yet there is probably only one other paper in the world, the *Paris Petit Journal*, which has a larger circulation.

Scraps is another big success. It is a kind of an illustrated *Tit-Bits*, but far better edited. Mr. Henderson, the proprietor, pays for sketches and contributions when used, but only nominal sums, and, as much of the letter-press goes into his other papers, the actual cost of production is absurdly small. *Scraps* has only been out a year. Its circulation is 220,000 per week, and it brings in £200 per week net profit. Mr. Henderson owns *Funny Folks*, the *Weekly Budget*, *Young Folks*, *South London Press*, and other journals. He was originally a reporter, and now enjoys an income from all his journalistic ventures which a Duke might envy.—London letter.

Pious Father Pulls in the Pot.

A pious father on the West Side entered a Clark street saloon, and to his infinite surprise and unspeakable mortification discovered his only son seated at a card-table indulging in the wicked game of eucher. He bounced the youth unceremoniously; then looking at the vacant chair at the table he noted that his heir left a promising hand, and so he sat right down and finished it and raked in the pot. This is virtue rewarded.—San Francisco Argonaut.

It has been decided in Utah that a plural wife does not, upon the death of her fraction of a man, become a widow in law, and that in the absence of a will she cannot inherit a portion of his estate.

RHODE ISLAND is now the only State with two capitals.

PITH AND POINT.

Unco' canny—the goat.
A bad jury in a law-suit—perjury.
The beau monde—the archery world.
Though an undertaker may never gamble he profits by the dies.—Texas Siftings.

THE present weather tells the farmer who has steers to shed to shed them now.—Somerville Journal.

"WHERE were you born, little girl?" asked a philanthropist of a street beggar. "I'm not sure, sir," was the reply, "but I've often heard my ma say that I was born in poverty."—Scissors.

PALMISTRY is socially popular. It is very easy to learn. A small, soft, baby-like hand without a prick of a needle or the faintest suggestion of a steam burn is a sign that the fair owner will not be worth 3 cents as a wife.

A PATENT medicine advertisement speaks of "the liver failing to act." We suspect the manager cut down its salary. When the liver refuses to act, the drama of "Life" can't go on very successfully.—Norristown Herald.

"ONE of the ladies has dropped her handkerchief," said a young man, who had been admitted behind the scenes for the first time, to the stage-manager. "O, dear, no," replied that functionary. "That is only one of the ballet-dancers' skirts. They sometimes drop off."

A NEW SENSATION.

Her cheeks are flushed, her eyes are wet,
She heaves a gentle sigh.
Her hair is mussed, she scarce knows yet
What's best—to laugh or cry.
What makes her blush and tremble so
With mingled joy and sigh?
The first time in his life her beau
Has kissed her sweet good-night.
—Boston Journal.

TO BE forewarned is to be forearmed. That's why a Somerville girl needlessly frightened her lover, as they were sitting in one arm-chair and the gloaming, by warning him that her father was coming. She thought that if he was four-armed she could get a more comprehensive hug.

"HOW MUCH do I owe you now?" asked the customer of the milkman, as he emptied the lacteal fluid into the man's pail. "For twelve quarts," answered the pump-handle agitator with emotion. "Twelve quarts, eh? Well, just chalk this one, too." "O, no," replied the man of measure, forgetting himself; "it won't stand chalking any more."

"THERE'S something I want you to read," said Fogg, laying down the paper. "It's from my wife. But don't criticize the orthography, please. Fact is, Mrs. Fogg was a school-teacher for a good many years, and therefore she never learned to spell. She always had the spelling-book when she was hearing her class. But it comes rather awkward for her now when she comes to write a letter."

THE head of a large manufacturing establishment in Cincinnati lately paid a visit to Birmingham, Alabama, to see if he could better himself by a change of location. He found a site to please him, but the land was held at such a stiff figure that he was discouraged. "Well, I have got to have coal and iron as well as a site," was the reply. "Coal! Iron! Here, boys (to a couple of sons), run over the place and discover two or three coal and iron mines for this gentleman! I calculated to throw in at least two good mines with the site, of course!"—Wall Street News.

WHILE digging a well in Rome, Georgia, a workman found, at the depth of sixty-four feet down in the bowels of the earth, a petrified oyster. A legend exists to the effect that a church-supper in Rome twenty-five years ago was almost a failure on account of its oyster escaping from a back window and taking to the woods. It is supposed that this petrified bivalve is the missing oyster. We suspect it was recognized by a mole between its shoulder-blades. The oyster must have been terribly frightened to burrow so deep into the earth.—Norristown Herald.

Won't be heard from—"Yes, my friends, yes!" he thundered, as he waved his arms around and grew red in the face. "These railroads are the leeches of the land! They are sucking the life-blood of industry! If elected to the Legislature, my first, and last, and greatest effort shall be directed to putting the harness on this rampant racer of monopoly!" He was elected. He started for the Capital, and a crowd was at the depot to cheer him off. "Yes, my friends, we will humble this monopoly!" he said from the rear platform; and after taking a seat in the car he got his railroad pass ready to show to the conductor.—Wall Street News.

OH, JULY—DIS LONG TIME!

(Putnam County, Ga., 1858.)
Mr. Coon, Mr. Coon, he rack mighty fast,
Mr. Coon, Mr. Coon, he is ip from de grass—
En yit Mr. Coon, he is kot at 'as!
Oh, July! Dis long time!
Dis long time! Oh, Ju y!
Oh Ju y! Dis long time!
Dis strong time! Oh, July!
Mr. Rabbit Mr. Rabbit, he run and squot,
He lift he foot, ak de gron' n gnty hot—
En yit Mr. Rabbit, he is safe n de pot,
Oh, July! Dis strong time!
Dis strong time! Oh, July!
Oh, July! M gnty long me!
M gnty long time! Oh, July!
Mr. Fox Mr. Fox, he git over gron',
He run cross ways on he run all 'roun'—
En yit Mr. Fox, he will be run 'own!
Oh, July! Dis long time!
Dis long time! Oh, July!
Oh, July! Dis wrong time!
Dis wrong time! Oh, July!
Mr. Mink, Mr. Mink, he slicker dan sin,
He make 'im a hie on den he is ip in—
En yit Mr. Mink, he will lose he sk!
Oh, July! M gnty wrong time!
M gnty wrong time! Oh, July!
Oh, July! M gnty long time!
M gnty long time! Oh, July!
—Joel Chandler Harris, in Century.

THE detractor may, and often does pull down others, but he never, as he seems to suppose, elevates himself to their position. The most he can do is maliciously to tear from them the blessings which he cannot himself enjoy.—Collier.

"We Have Used It."

To the Public:

From personal experience, as well as from observation of its marked efficacy in other cases that have come under our notice, we cheerfully recommend **RED STAR COUGH CURE** as a safe and reliable family medicine.

Combining the power to relieve and cure promptly, with the rare quality of being entirely free from opiates, poisons and narcotics, as demonstrated by the analyses of recognized medical authorities, it may justly be termed a valuable discovery.

We concur in the official opinion of the Commissioner of Health of Baltimore, that "it happily supplants the objectionable and not unfrequently harmful features of other cough mixtures."

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 9, 1885.

R. M. McLANE,
Governor of Maryland.

CHAS. B. ROBERTS,
Attorney General.

F. C. LATROBE,
Mayor of Baltimore.

A. P. GORMAN,
United States Senator.

HARRISON ADREON,
Postmaster, Baltimore.

JAMES R. HORNER,
City Comptroller.

EDWIN H. WEBSTER,
Collector of the Port.

J. H. SELLMAN,
Collector U. S. Internal Revenue.

HART B. HOLTON,
Member of Congress.

H. CLAY DALLAM,
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Over fifty physicians of Baltimore, including those of leading hospitals, charitable institutions, colleges and schools, have voluntarily endorsed **Red Star Cough Cure**, not only as the best thing of the kind ever discovered, but as being entirely free from the harmful features of other cough mixtures. Every one will find it a safe, sure cure. It is entirely free from opiates, narcotics, emetics and poisons. It leaves no bad effects. It does not derange the system. It is pure, pleasant, prompt. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the United States at fifty cents a bottle. **THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY, Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Maryland.**

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Free from Opiates, Emetics and Poisons.

A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE

For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Quins, Pains in Chest, and other affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Price 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Parties unable to induce their dealer to promptly get it for them will receive two bottles, Express charges paid, by sending one dollar to

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R. U. AWARE THAT **Lorillard's Climax Plug** bearing a red tin tag; that Lorillard's Rose Leaf line out; that Lorillard's Santa, are the best and cheapest, quality considered?

Navy Chippings, and that Lorillard's Santa, are the best and cheapest, quality considered?

Did you Suppose Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

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Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

Room for Immigration.

With advancing spring the railroad companies of the West are preparing for the immigration of 1885, which bids fair to assume enormous proportions. The question naturally arises in the minds of those unacquainted with the country as to where so many people are to find settlement. Years ago the alarm was sounded that the available limits of the great West had been reached, that the agricultural lands were about all taken, and that all that lay beyond was a rainless region, fit only as uncertain grazing grounds for the venturesome herder and shepherd. But the settler has kept steadily encroaching upon the boundaries of this vast region until he has finally pushed his corn and wheat fields into the very center of the mythical Great American Desert, exploding the theories of the explorer and spoiling the map of the geography.

The Government lands of Dakota have been rapidly disappearing until all of the free lands south of the forty-sixth parallel are for the most part confined to the counties of Campbell, McPherson, Walworth, Potter, and the recently opened Crow Creek Reservation. These comprise some of the finest and most productive lands to be found in the great valley of the Missouri, and the present season will no doubt see the entry of the last available acre in South Dakota, lying east of the Missouri River. However, this will be far from exhausting Dakota's homes for the poor. The Mouse River District in the north is itself a State in extent of territory, of wheat lands excelled by neither the Red nor the Jim River valleys, while in the Black Hills region are to be found some of the most fertile valleys in the whole West.

Northwestern Nebraska, which is best reached by the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad, is the latest scope of country opened to settlement by railway construction, and the indications are that within the coming eighteen months but little of the Government lands in that part of the State will remain unclaimed. But it is many miles from the Wyoming line to the mountains beyond, and so long as the free lands of the Government domain prove to be productive so long will settlers, in thousands, continue to flock to this rich and fertile section of the West.

Agreeable to Everybody.

Col. Robert G. King, for ten years Deputy Collector Internal Revenue, Baltimore, Md., writes: "I endorse the Red Star Cough Cure. I have used it in my family for a violent cough, and found it excellent. Its use was entirely free from the depressing effects of other cough remedies. It can readily be taken, and agrees with and benefits everybody suffering from throat and lung troubles. The relief is permanent, and there is no reaction."

Glittering Wealth.

Do you see that elegant mansion with the fountain in front, the spacious grounds around it, the diamond-studded door knob, the gold steps, and the silver sidewalk leading to the nickel-plated hen-house?

Yes, I perceive that magnificent palace.

Do you also behold the barn shingled with rubies, the wood-shed with damask curtains, the stately grove of magnolias, the vast conservatory filled with countless plants and perfumed flowers imported from every clime, the liveried servants and elegant carriages, the variety of beautiful animals in the park, the \$60,000 swans floating gracefully around in the pond filled with cologne?

Yes, I observe these beautiful things. To whom do these gorgeous luxuries belong?

O, they are the property of a porter on a Pullman sleeping car. He started in the business poor but honest. In three years he earned enough at his profession to surround himself with these luxuries.

What salary does he receive?

Twelve dollars a month and boards himself.

How much does his board cost him?

Eleven dollars and 75 cents. Thus by carefully handling the savings of his princely salary he has purchased all these grounds and luxurious luxuries.

Does he own anything else?

Yes, he is the owner of two or three railroads and sixteen members of Congress.

Let us take the first train for Chicago and apply to the magnanimous Pullman Sleeping Car Company for situations as porters.—Chicago Ledger.

The Parrot's Rebuke.

Parrots are queer creatures, and, like monkeys, sometimes seem like a very burlesque upon humanity. One South American bird had unfortunately learned on shipboard the habit of profane language. The mate, a little ashamed of the creature's profanity, undertook a cure by dousing it with water at each offense. Polly evidently imbibed the reproof, for during a gale, when a heavy sea broke over the hen-coop, and deluged hens and cocks pretty thoroughly, she marched up to the dripping fowls and screamed out, "Been swearing again, hain't ye?"

Beet on All Sides

By malaria, how shall we escape the dread infection? Is the question which the denizens of fever and ague districts ask themselves. The answer comes from former sufferers who for years have escaped the visitations of the periodic scourge, through the protecting influence of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. When the necessity for using preventive measures arises, use this means of prevention at once. It regulates the liver, facilitates digestion, and liberates impurities from the system, when such exist, by promoting healthful action of the bowels and kidneys. Act early. In all regions where miasmatic vapors breed disease, it is absolutely necessary to be provided with a safeguard, and this is true, though a sojourn in such localities is destined to be brief. No one can afford to breathe malaria for a short time. The Bitters is a sovereign specific for rheumatism, debility and nervousness. Keep it on hand.

HENRY WARD BEECHER'S BROTHER

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has three brothers living. One of these is the Rev. Charles Beecher, known as the writer of some of the most quaint and touching hymns in the English language. Another is the Rev. Edward Beecher, a profound theologian, far advanced in years, and living in Brooklyn, where he preaches from time to time. A third brother is the Rev. William Henry Beecher, who is spending the serene years of a mellow old age at his home, 6 Honore street, Chicago. Mr. Beecher is 84 years old, and with the exception of the natural infirmities of age, is a hearty and vigorous old gentleman.

A gentleman who recently visited Mr. Beecher at his home, found him in an exceedingly genial frame of mind and by no means indisposed to talk about the relief he had obtained from the rheumatism, which for many years had been a source of trouble to him. In reply to a question, the venerable gentleman remarked: "Why, you want to know about Athlophoros. It is the greatest medicine in the world for rheumatism. I had suffered with that disease for fifteen years. My hands and my joints were swelled. I had much pain, and many sleepless nights. It took my pain away, and gave me power to sleep. Do not understand me to say that my rheumatism is all gone. It would be a miracle if rheumatism could be entirely driven away from an old man like me, who has had it for years. I have some of it left, and occasionally I feel its pains. Then I take more Athlophoros, and the pains are driven away. Even if it can't entirely drive out the cause of pain from a man who has had it so long, it takes the pain away, and that is a great deal. Sometimes I had frightful pains at night, before going to bed. Then I would take a dose of Athlophoros, and I soon find the pain all gone, so that I could enjoy a calm and refreshing night's rest."

"I believe Athlophoros will cure chronic rheumatism. I know that is saying a great deal for it; but I say it. A tough old case of rheumatism like mine is very hard to cure, I know. But see my hands; they are no longer swelled as they were. I am free from the pains I used to have. I sleep well, and what more can an old man of 84 ask for?"

Mr. Beecher's daughter cheerfully confirmed what her father had said, and gave her testimony to the great advantages he had received from the use of Athlophoros.

For a number of years, Mr. C. L. Wetmore, of the well-known wholesale clothing house of Messrs. Thompson & Wetmore, 151 and 153 Fifth Ave., Chicago, was greatly afflicted with rheumatism, which interfered not only with his personal comfort, but also with his ability to attend to business. He is now well.

Calling on Mr. Wetmore, at his store on Fifth Avenue, the gentleman, found him willing to converse as to his experience in regard to rheumatism.

"I am told, Mr. Wetmore, that you get rid of your rheumatism by the help of Athlophoros. Is that true?"

"Well, I had been for a long while troubled with rheumatism, and I had tried almost everything in the line of medicine. I may fairly say that Athlophoros finished the rheumatism, and finally overcame it. Some of the other remedies had given me relief, which proved only temporary and incomplete. But it was not so with the Athlophoros. Since I have taken it I find that I have no more rheumatic pains, either to annoy me by day or to interfere with my sleep by night. My rheumatism was at times very severe. All my joints were swollen, and were very painful. I was detained at home sometimes as much as a month at a time, suffering acutely and unable to attend to business. Now that Athlophoros has finished the rheumatism, I am happy to say that my sleep is good, my appetite is regular and healthy, and I am every day attending to business."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed, ATHLOPHOROS CO., 112 Wall Street, New York.

My Dog.

We two are together in the study, my dog and I. Outside a fearful storm is raging.

The dog sits before me, and gazes straight into my eyes. I also gaze into his eyes.

He seems as if he must say something to me. He is dumb, has no language, no ideas of his own. Still I understand him.

I understand that the same feeling exists in him as in myself; that there is no distinction between us. We are homogeneous; the same flickering little flame glows and shines in each of us.

Death draws near, one single touch of his cold, mighty wing.

And that is the end!

Who can discern, then, what special flame glows in both of us?

No! It was not merely a man and an animal gazing mutually at each other. They were not two pair of eyes, belonging to equal beings, that criticised each other. And in each of these pair of eyes one existence anxiously humbled itself before another that was its equal.—Choice Literature.

WHEN a man is driven to desperation, he generally holds the reins and loosens the brake himself.

"I Feel So Well."

"I want to thank you for telling me of Dr. Pierce's 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes a lady to her friend. "For a long time I was unfit to attend to the work of my household. I kept about, but I felt thoroughly miserable. I had terrible backaches and bearing-down sensations across me, and was quite weak and discouraged. I sent and got some of the medicine, after receiving your letter, and it has cured me. I hardly know myself. I feel so well."

POLICEMEN are not socially inclined. Each one has a little club of his own.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Express and Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot; 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to fit and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cabage, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union than at any first-class hotel in the city.

The front steps are deserted now. The season has passed when she stoops to conquer.—Boston Budget.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

INVALUABLE AS A TONIC. Dr. J. L. Pratt, Greenfield, Ill., says: "It is all that it claims to be—invaluable as a tonic in any case where an acid tonic is indicated."

The easiest way to take a joke good-naturedly is to do it with the scissors.—St. Paul Portrayer.

Sudden Changes of Weather are productive of Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, etc. There is no more effectual relief in these diseases to be found than in the use of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Price 15 cts.

IMAGINE for a moment the thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair restorer, annually sold, and the fact that not a single complaint has been received from all these thousands, and you may have some idea of its good qualities.

"All Played Out."

"Don't know what ails me lately. Can't eat well—can't sleep well. Can't work, and don't enjoy doing anything. Ain't really sick, and I really ain't well. Feel all kind of played out, somehow." That is what scores of men say every day. If they would take Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" they would soon have no occasion to say it. It purifies the blood, tones up the system and fortifies it against disease. It is a great anti-bilious remedy as well.

PARTING is reputed to be a sweet sorrow. The divorce courts are full of it.—Cori Pretzel's Weekly.

DON'T disgust everybody by hawking, blowing and spitting, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and be cured.

A FATHER who has put his boy into a law office, speaks of him as his son-in-law.—Boston Star.

Why Suffer Pain?

When by using the Compound Oxygen Treatment of Dr. Starkey & Pallen, 1109 Girard st., Philadelphia, the chances are all in favor of your getting relief; especially if the pain has its origin in nervous derangement. In Neuralgia, sick headache, and the various affections of which these are among the most distressing, this new treatment acts with remarkable promptness. Write for pamphlet giving information about this treatment.

"Put up" at the Gault House.

The business man or tourist will find first-class accommodations at the low price of \$3 and \$2.50 per day at the Gault House, Chicago, corner Clinton and Madison streets. This far-famed hotel is located in the center of the city, only one block from the Union Depot. Elevator; all appointments first-class.

HOTT & GATES, Proprietors.

"EUREKA! I have found it," happy the man who suddenly finds a long-lost treasure, and this is how W. C. Field, of 1233 Cedar avenue, Cleveland, felt when, after suffering thirty years with rheumatism, he found Athlophoros, the sovereign cure. It is what he had been looking for, and now his joints are free from pain. Price, \$1 per bottle. If your druggist hasn't it, sent to Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall street, N. Y.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Smith's Tonic Syrup FOR THE CURE OF FEVER and AGUE Or CHILLS and FEVER, AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA is the old and reliable remedy for impurities of the blood and Scrofulous affections—the King of Blood Purifiers. DR. JOHN BULL'S VEGETABLE WORM DESTROYER is prepared in the form of candy drops, attractive to the sight and pleasant to the taste.

**DR. JOHN BULL'S
SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP,
BULL'S SARSAPARILLA,
BULL'S WORM DESTROYER,
The Popular Remedies of the Day.**

Principal Office, 881 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Common Sense Advice

He Who Becomes a Treasurer of Money for Another is Responsible for a Safe Return.

How much more responsible is he who has in charge the health and life of a human being. We have considered well the responsibility, and in preparing our **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM**, which for twenty-five years has been favorably known as one of the best and purest remedies for all Throat and Lung Diseases, we are particular to use nothing but the best ingredients. NO OPIUM in any form enters its composition. It is in your interest to stand by the old and tried remedy, **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM**, and see that a bottle is always kept on hand for immediate use. READ THE FOLLOWING

NEW EVIDENCE:

I took a violent cold and it settled on my lungs, so much so that at times I spit blood. **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** was recommended to me as a good remedy. I took it, and am now sound and well.

Yours respectfully, A. J. HILEMAN.

ADDISON, Pa., April 7, 1883.

A. J. COLEMAN, Esq., Editor of the *Schenectady Herald*, writes: "I can recommend **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** as being the best remedy for Colds and Coughs I ever used."

Gentlemen:—I can cheerfully say your **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM**, which I have sold for the past fifteen years, sells better than any cough remedy, and gives general satisfaction. It is frequently recommended by the medical profession. Yours truly, H. C. MOONEY, Druggist.

LA FAYETTE, R. I., Oct. 12, 1884.

Gentlemen:—Allow me to say that after using three bottles of **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** for a bad attack of Bronchitis, I am entirely cured. I send this voluntarily, that those afflicted may be benefited.

Yours respectfully, BURELL H. DAVIS.

J. N. HARRIS & CO. (Limited) Props., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

FOR SALE by all MEDICINE DEALERS.

HOME BEAUTIFUL.—Cheapest place for materials for art needle-work. Send 6c for illustrated catalogue. Mrs. T. G. Farnham, 19 West 14th St., N. Y.

LEARN Telegraphy or Short-Hand and Type Writing Here. Situations furnished. Address VALENTINE BROS., Jacksonville, Fla.

A CORN SHELLER FREE

The New "Burdick" Corn Sheller is the most complicated and perfect sheller ever made, and is so constructed that the corn is not injured or broken. To introduce our New Catalogue of Farm Implements, Cutlery, etc., and the "Home Guard," the well-known and popular magazine for the home, we will send One Sample Sheller, in white, and the Magazine three months free to any person who will agree to show the sheller to their neighbors and endeavor to induce other sales for us. Send this by the next mail advertisement, and to receive it free, you must send a good photo, and the sheller will be shipped free at once. Address S. H. BARNES & CO., CENTERBROOK, CONN.

Quaker Testimony.

Mrs. A. M. Dauphin, a Quaker lady, of Philadelphia, has done a great deal to make known to ladies the great value of Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a cure for their troubles and diseases. She writes as follows: "A young lady of this city, while bathing some years ago, was thrown violently against the life line, and the injuries received resulted in an ovarian tumor which grew and enlarged until death seemed certain. Her physician finally advised her to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound. She did so, and in a short time the tumor was dissolved or caused to slough off, and she is now in perfect health. I also know of many cases where the medicine has been of great value in preventing miscarriage and alleviating the pains and dangers of childbirth. Philadelphia ladies appreciate the worth of this medicine and its great value."

This remedy contains no injurious drugs.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

When applied to the nostrils, will be absorbed, effectually cleaning the head of catarrhal virus, causing inflammation, protects the membrane from fresh colds, completely heals the sores, and restores the senses of taste, smell and hearing. It is NOT A LIQUID OR SNUFF.

A few applications relieve. A thorough treatment will cure. Agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Send for circular.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Oswego, N. Y.

HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

Complete heart-ease and freedom from aches and pains follows the use of Dr. Guy's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. It gives tone and strength to every part of the body, and is especially efficacious in curing diseases brought on by impure derangements, such as impure blood, weak kidneys, poor digestion, etc., causing headaches, constipation, sores, pimples, urinary sediments, aching joints and limbs, lame back, general weakness, universal lassitude, etc., etc.

Under the influence of this excellent remedy the heart beats regular, the blood circulates with vim, the lungs breathe easy, the kidneys and liver grow healthy and strong, and the whole physical organization becomes more capable of endurance. Thought and action are compassed with greater freedom, and the individual approaches as near perfection as healthful humanity is capable.

Unfortunates who seek health do themselves great injustice if they fail to try this excellent remedy. It is as far ahead of all other preparations of sarsaparilla, blood purifiers, tonics, bitters, etc., as gold is superior to silver. THOUSANDS have attested to its worth as a sure restorer of health, strength and vigor.

Remember to have your druggist get it for you, and take no other.

OUR Prophylactic Appliances cure nervous debility, vital weakness, etc., at once. Books free. Prophylactic Appliance Co., Birmingham, N. Y. P. O. Box 158.

PATENTS Hand-Book FREE.

By E. A. F. LACEY, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C.

DON'T MISS THIS! All who have musical tastes send their address on postal for my SHEET MUSIC LIST of Vocal and Instrumental Selections. If you choose, inclose 10 cents for specimen copy.

CHAS. E. COLE, BOX 594, CHICAGO, ILL.

GOSSAMER GARMENTS FREE!

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., March 16, '85.
MR. EDITOR:—I read with pleasure the letter of our esteemed friend Supervisor K. Schaddelee, and I see he admits the Court House needs a new roof, and a large increase in vault room, and new paint. Figure if you please the cost of these and you will find they will cost near Two Thousand Dollars or 1-17 the cost of a splendid new Court House. The following is an extract from the proceedings of the Board of Supervisors at their January session: "Your Committee find, on examining the vaults for the records, that they are full and we understand that in the Treasurer's office there are some valuable records left out for want of room in the vaults, and we recommend that there be some arrangements made at once to provide more vault room; and after considering the ill arranged, inconvenient, ill ventilated, and other bad defects of the Court House, and the unsafe condition of the vaults in case of fire, and the large amount we will have to expend to keep the Court House in repair, and to provide for more vault room, we incline to the opinion that the cheapest, safest, and most convenient way for the county to do, will be to build a new Court House with sufficient and safe vault room for all the records.
All of which is respectfully submitted,
CHAS. H. CLARK,
GEORGE D. SANFORD,
EUNO J. PRUM,
Committee.

On motion the report was adopted by the following vote:
Yeas—Messrs. Latham, Scott, Porter, Bond, Kronmeyer, Pfaff, Sanford, Mastenbrook, Schaddelee, Beach, Diekema, Plant, Harvey, Thayer, Clark, Prum, Turner and Kelly—18."

You will see, Mr. Editor, that our mutual friend's record on the Board, and his letter, don't make his action in voting as he did hardly consistent. It strikes me very forcibly that it is better to build a new Court House on the plan proposed, and save our records, than it will be to some day be compelled to build a new Court House and not have any records to put in the Court House. Kent County has been caught in that shape once, and lost their records, and had to pay \$10,000 for abstract books, and then not complete. Do the tax payers of Ottawa County want to make an investment of that kind? If not vote for the new Court House.

GEO. D. SANFORD,
Member of committee on county buildings
Ottawa County Board of Supervisors.

Having used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in my family for the last three years, I find it is the best preparation I have ever used for coughs and colds, giving almost immediate relief.
B. WALKER,
Gen'l Com. Merchant, Balte, Md.

Judging from the number of repentant and bruised skaters in town, we have come to the conclusion that the old proverb should be revised to read: "The roller skater gathers remorse."

Very Remarkable Recovery.
Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved, that she is now able to do her own work."
Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at H. Walsh's.

WERE Solomon alive he might give Sullivan some sound advice, such as, "Go to thy haunt, thou slug-hard."

SILK thread of all shades and colors at 7-2c
D. BERTSCH'S.

DeLand's Chemical Baking Powder.—The statement made on each label "Made from Grape Cream Tartar and Bi-Carb. Soda only. No filling whatever." It cannot be disproved. Test it, try it, and you will use no other. It will make the most delicious pastry, is always sure, full weight, healthful and economical.

Clipped from *Canada Presbyterian*, under signature of C. Blackett Robinson, Propr.: I was cured of bilious headaches by Burdock Blood Bitters.

THE giraffe presents the most wonderful case of sear throat on record.

Cure for Croup.—Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It is the best remedy for all sudden attacks of colds, pain and inflammation, and injuries.

SILK handkerchiefs for 35 cents at 7-2c
D. BERTSCH'S.

TEN mills don't make a cent in Lowell, Mass., no matter what Daboll or the school-masters say.

A Weak Back, with a weary aching lameness over the hips is a sign of diseased kidneys. Use the best kidney curative, which is Burdock Blood Bitters.

There is nothing like Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to quickly cure a cold or relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs. M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak, St. Joseph Co., Mich.

We mean Business, and have authorized every grocer to refund cost to any customer who is dissatisfied with DeLand's Saleratus and Soda. Try it if you have not already. WE run all risks.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.


This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 W. 30th St., N.Y.

THE LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE
SIMPLE

STRONG **SWIFT**
THE ONLY SEWING MACHINE
THAT GIVES
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HAS NO EQUAL
PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR
NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE CO.
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30 UNION SQ. N.Y. CHICAGO ILL.
ST. LOUIS MO. ATLANTA GA.
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MEYER, BROUWER CO.,
dealers in
FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALL PAPER,
—and—
BURIAL CASKETS.
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WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. **HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine.** 42-ly.

P. H. WILMS

has put in his shop a large, new engine and boiler, and the latest improved pump machinery, and is prepared to furnish pumps, drive points, iron or wooden pipes, at wholesale or retail, at the most reasonable prices; also agricultural implements of all descriptions; the Esterly Twine Self Binder, the Rawson Reaper and Mower, the Howe Reaper and the Advance Mower, the Grand de Tours three-horse sulky plow, the Bissel, South Bend plow, best in the market, the Hemmington iron-beam steel plow, Kalamazoo Spring Tooth drags, the best straight tooth harrow for finishing land made, containing 60 teeth, South Bend steel grain drills, 3 inches for every tooth, Dowagiac Wheel Spring Tooth Harrows, seeders and cultivators combined, Albion Wheel Spring Tooth seeders and harrows combined, Studebaker farm and freight wagons, Kalamazoo open and top buggies, new kind of walking cultivators, 5-tooth, 3-tooth, and 2-shovel, Deleur sulky cultivators, Aultman and Russell Co. steam threshers. Engines from one-horse to one thousand-horse power. Call and see my new goods before purchasing elsewhere.
P. H. WILMS,
River St., Holland, Mich., Apr. 10, '84.
10-ly.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage and we will mail you, free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 50 cents to \$5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immediate pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address, **STRIMON & CO., Portland, Maine.** 42-ly.

\$12,000.00
worth of Goods must be sold in order to meet the obligations to creditors.
"UNHEARD OF BARGAINS"
In Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishinoo and Boots and Shoes.
OVERCOATS,
And Winter Suits of Clothes at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Ladies are invited to call and examine the stock of
Winter Dress Goods, New Style Prints, and Dress Patterns.
HATS AND CAPS
In large numbers will be sold at a great sacrifice.
COME EARLY and GET BEST BARGAINS
E. J. Harrington.
HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 22, 1885.

R. M. SCHREGARDUS. A. H. POSTMA.
SCHREGARDUS & POSTMA,
CIGAR MANUFACTURERS,
SEVENTH ST., NEAR RIVER,
Holland, Michigan.

To the trade in Holland and vicinity we desire to say that we will manufacture and deliver all grades of cigars, and invite the attention of the public to our new brand.

"Holland Newcomers,"
Which we expect will meet with the success it merits in this vicinity.

TRY THEM!
SCHREGARDUS & POSTMA,
HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 26, 1885. 4-3m

NIMROD
Plug Tobacco.
Sold by all Grocers and Tobacco Dealers. Noted for its excellent chew, delicious flavor and cheesy cut. This Tobacco is manufactured of finest leaf, purest sweetening "everybody chews Nimrod." Send for samples.

S. W. VENABLE & CO.
St-ly **Petersburg, Va.**

\$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the \$200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. **H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.**

YATES & KANE,
Druggists and Booksellers.

An entire new and fresh stock of drugs. Nothing old or stale.

Everything usually kept in a first-class stock of

Drugs and Books

will be found here at low prices.

SCHOOL BOOKS and
SCHOOL SUPPLIES

a specialty.

YATES & KANE,

Holland, Mich., Jan. 15, 1884.

FIRST WARD
DRUG STORE.

R. B. BEST, M. D. Prop'r.

Mr. Henry Lubenga a competent prescription clerk, has charge, and will be found at all hours, ready to compound prescriptions in a thoroughly reliable manner.

A complete assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES AND LOW'S PERFUMES.

Everything pertaining to a first-class drug store will be kept constantly on hand.

GIVE US A CALL.

R. B. BEST,
HOLLAND, Mich., June 27, 1884.

HARTER'S
THE ONLY TRUE
IRON TONIC
FACTS REGARDING
Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.
It will purify and enrich the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH! In all those diseases requiring a certain and efficient TONIC, especially Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, etc., its use is marked with immediate and wonderful results. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.
LADIES suffering from all complaints peculiar to their sex will find in **DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC** a safe and speedy cure. It gives a clear and healthy complexion. The strongest testimony to the value of **DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC** is that frequent attempts at counterfeiting have only added to the popularity of the original. If you earnestly desire health do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL and BEST.
(Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DEAR BOOK.")
DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC IS FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

CUTTERS and SLEIGHS.

The popular wagon manufacturer

J. FLIEMAN

has in stock a number of the

CUTTERS

made by the

Northwestern Sleigh Company,

of Milwaukee. These cutters for ease and comfort are superior, while in

Strength and Durability
they beat everything. The dash is a new device which cannot be broken.

I also have a lot of

Sleighs of Every Description.

on hand which I propose to sell at COST.

FARMERS and OTHERS

wishing anything in my line can do no better than calling on me. I have a large stock of ready-made work in

Wagons, Buggies and Trucks

which I will sell at astonishingly low prices in order to make room for my fall stock.

Call and examine and give me a trial.

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LORILLARD'S CLIMAX

PLUG TOBACCO.

With Red Tin Tag, is the best? Is the purest; is never adulterated with glucose, barytes, molasses, or any deleterious ingredients, as is the case with many other tobaccos.

Lorillard's Rose Leaf Fine Cut Tobacco.
is also made of the finest stock, and for aromatic chewing qualities is second to none.

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take first rank as a solid durable smoking tobacco wherever introduced.

Lorillard's Famous Snuff.
has been used for over 124 years, and are sold to a larger extent than any others.

DELAND & CO'S

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STAF
SALERATUS
SODA
Best in the World.

Notice to Teachers.
The Ottawa County Board of School Examiners propose to meet at the following named times and places during the spring of 1885, to examine applicants for teachers' certificates.
Friday, March 13, at Hudsonville.
" 27, at Grand Haven.
(Regular.)
April 24, at Coopersville.
Each session will open promptly at 9 a. m. All applicants will be required to present a testimonial of good moral character and so far as such is possible this testimonial should be from the district board by whom last engaged as teacher. In addition to the studies prescribed by law, an examination will be required for all grades on school law, for 2nd grade on physiology, book-keeping and philosophy, and in addition to these, for 1st grade on algebra and English literature. Only 3rd grade certificates will be granted at the special sessions of this board.
By order of County Board of School Examiners.
ALBERT LAHUIS, Secretary.

FREE!
RELIABLE SELF-CURE.
A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U. S. (now retired) for the cure of *Worms, Piles, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Deceit*. Sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it. Address **DR. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.**

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done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets, etc., made and furnished.

Office and Shop on River street, near the corner of Tenth street.

JAS. HUNTLEY.
HOLLAND, May 27, 1885.