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### Holland City News, Volume 8, Number 6: March 22, 1879

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 6.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1879.

WHOLE NO. 370.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

OTTO J. DOESBURG,  
Editor and Publisher.  
Terms of Subscription:  
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if  
paid at three months, and \$2.00 if  
paid at six months.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

## Rail Roads.

### Chicago & West Michigan R. R.

Taken Effect, Wednesday Jan. 1, 1879.

Trains.	Arrive at Holland.	Leave Holland.
Grand Rapids.	11.55 a. m.	12.00 a. m.
" "	9.20 p. m.	3.30 p. m.
Muskegon, Pentwater & Big Rapids.	10.25 a. m.	5.25 a. m.
" "	10.55 "	3.35 p. m.
" "	9.25 p. m.	6.10 "
New Buffalo & Chicago.	1.50 a. m.	12.15 "
" "	5.10 "	10.45 a. m.
" "	3.25 p. m.	9.35 "
" "	5.55 "	

\* Mixed trains.  
† Daily except Sunday and Monday.  
‡ Daily except Saturday.  
§ Mondays only.  
|| All other trains daily except Sun. days.  
All trains on this road, will be run by Chicago  
time which is 20 minutes later than Columbus  
time.

## Business Directory.

Attorneys.  
HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and  
Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, P. H., Attorney and Counselor at  
Law, and Proctor in Admiralty, No. 11  
River street.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
corner of River and Eighth streets.

TEN BYCK, J., Attorney at Law and Collecting  
Agent, Office in Kenyon & Van Putten's bank  
building.

Banking and Exchange.  
VAN PUTTEN JACOB, Banking and Col-  
lecting, Drafts bought and sold; Eighth  
street.

Barbers.  
DE GROOT, L., Barber, Hair cutting, shaving,  
shampooing, hair-dyeing, etc., done at rea-  
sonable rates. Barber shop next door to the City  
Hotel.

Commission Merchants.  
BEACH BROS., Commission Merchants, and  
dealers in Grain, Flour and Produce. High-  
est market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick  
store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

Dentist.  
GEE, D. M., Dental Surgeon; residence and of-  
fice on Eighth street, opposite Van Raalte's  
Shoe store.

Drugs and Medicines.  
DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-  
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physi-  
cian's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEERINGS, D. R., Drug Store, Fine Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Per-  
fumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, W., Dealer in Drugs, Medi-  
cines, Paints, Oils, &c.; Proprietor of Dr.  
W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a  
full stock of goods appertaining to the busi-  
ness.

Furniture.  
MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Fur-  
niture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins,  
Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

General Dealers.  
VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry  
Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps,  
Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

Livery and Sale Stables.  
BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office  
and barn on Market street. Everything first-  
class.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable;  
Office of Daily Stage Line to Saugatuck, 9th  
street, near Market.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.  
DIJKEMA J. & C. Wagon and Blacksmith  
Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repair-  
ing done. Eighth Street a few doors west of River.

Meat Markets.  
BOONE, C., Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of  
Meat. Pays the highest price for cattle.  
Zeeland, Ottawa Co., Mich. 2-ly

BUTKAU & VAN ZOEREN, New Meat Mar-  
ket, near corner Eighth and Fish Street. All  
kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and  
vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt,  
and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper  
and twine; 8th street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.  
HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
Agricultural Implements; commission agent  
for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAULS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors  
of Plumber Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour  
Mills) near foot of 8th street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the  
Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of build-  
ing material furnished at Grand Rapids price.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and  
Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor-  
ner 10th and River streets.

Notary Publics.  
POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance  
Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Col-  
lections made in Holland and vicinity.

WALSH, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer,  
and Insurance Agent. Office, City Drug  
Store, 8th street.

Physicians.  
ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite  
S. W. cor. Public Square.

ASH, H. L., Surgeons and Physicians. Office at  
his residence, Overysel, Mich.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician and Surgeon; Office  
corner Eleventh and River street opposite  
public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon;  
office at residence, on Eighth street, near Chi-  
& M. L. S. R. crossing.

MC CULLOCH THOS., Physician, Surgeon and  
Accoucher. Office, Van Putten's Drug Store,  
Holland, Michigan.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., City Physician. Office at the  
First Ward Drug Store, 8th street.

Photographer.  
HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer, Gal-  
lery opposite this office.

Saddlers.  
VACPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in  
Harness, Trunks, Saddles and whips;  
Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.  
TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco,  
Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Watches and Jewelry.  
JOSLIN & BREYMAN, Watchmakers, Jewelers,  
and dealers in Fancy Goods; Corner of Mar-  
ket and Eighth Street.

Societies.  
I. O. O. F.  
HOLLAND City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order  
of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd  
Fellow's Hall, Holland Mich., on Tuesday Evening  
of each week.  
Visiting brothers are cordially invited.  
G. A. KONING, R. S. W. BLOM, N. G.  
F. & A. M.  
A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE,  
No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall,  
Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, March  
5, at 7 o'clock, sharp. OTTO BREYMAN, W. M.  
C. B. WYNN, Sec'y.

Packing and shipping will be carefully done and charges made sufficient to  
cover expense of material.

## FRUIT DEPARTMENT.

### APPLES.

Our stock of apples for the Spring trade is large and of good  
quality. We can furnish many varieties in small quantities not  
enumerated in this list. Varieties, in *Italics*, we can furnish in  
large quantities.

4 to 6 feet, good stock, medium size.....	.16	\$ 14.00
5 to 7 feet, selected.....	.20	18.00
6 to 8 " extra heavy, for village lots and gardens.....	.30	
Pewaukee, new, large red apples; of good quality, very hardy, very productive, a good keeper.....	.30	
Wagener, Baldwin, Fullwater, Northern Spy, King, Greening, Golden Russett, Seek-no-further, Grimes Golden, Yellow Bellflower, Rambo, Ohio Nonpareil, Talman Sweet, Snow, Maiden's Blush, Duchess Oldenburg, Sweet Bough, Golden Sweet, Chenango Strawberry, Early Harvest, Tetofski, Red Astrachan, IMPROVED CRAB—The improved crabs are valu- able for their extreme hardiness, great productiveness and the many uses made of them. Several of the new varieties are of fine quality for the table. Transcendant, Hislop, Marengo, Coral, Whitney's No. 20, Montreal Beauty.....	.30	20.00

### PEARS.

Standard trees, 5 to 6 feet.....	.40	30.00
" " 6 to 7 " selected heavy.....	.75	
Bartlett, Buffam, Sheldon, Seckel, Doyenne-Bussok, Flemish Beauty, Clapp's Favorite, Belle Lucrative, Tyson, Osbands Summer, Vicar, Howell, Lawrence, Beurre de Aujou.....		

### DWARF PEARS.

3 years, 3 to 4 feet, fine trees.....	.40	25.00
" " 4 to 6 " selected, very strong.....	.75	
Louise Bonne, Dutches, Clapp's Favorite, Osband's Summer, Buffam, Beurrie Del.....		

### PLUMS.

4 to 5 feet.....	.35	25.00
5 to 6 ".....	.50	40.00
Canada Egg, Red Egg, Late Damson, Lombard, Washington, Jefferson, German Prune.....		
Wild Goose.—New, hardy, productive, fruit large, bright red, promising, 4 to 6 feet.....	.30	25.00

### CHERRIES.

4 to 6 feet, good stock.....	.30	
5 to 7 " selected.....	.50	
Early Richmond, May Duke, Black Marzelle, Gov. Wood, Yellow Spanish, Ohio Beauty, Early Purple, Black Tartarian, Napoleon.....		

### PEACHES.

The demand for this excellent fruit is yearly increasing, while on account of  
the ravages of the yellows, the supply from the principle peach growing  
sections of this state has greatly diminished, hence the utmost importance  
of obtaining trees for planting from localities not only exempt, but entirely  
isolated from any possible taint of the disease. The stock of desirable  
varieties suitable for spring planting is greatly reduced. But we have a  
large stock in bud of best market varieties that will be in market in the  
Fall of 1879.

3 to 4 feet.....	.15	
4 to 5 ".....	.20	
Early Crawford, Late Crawford, Early Barnard, Hills Chili, Foster, Jaques Rare Ripe, Yellow Rare Ripe, Mountain Rose, Hale's Early, Louisa, Alexander, Amsdens June, extra early.....	.25	

### QUINCES.

Angers, 2 feet.....	.15	
Orange, 2 ".....	.25	
Raes Mammoth, 2 feet.....	.40	

### SWEET CHESTNUT.

Valuable for Shade, Fruit and Timber.		
4 to 5 feet.....	.20	15.00
5 to 6 feet heavy.....	.30	25.00

### GRAPE VINES.

Strong bearing vines, transplanted. Concord, Lees Seedling, Hartford.....	.25	15.00
Strong, 3 yrs., Agawan, Salem, Iowa, Delaware, Wilder, Martha, Merrimack, Lady, Worden, Brighton.....	.40	
Moors early.....	1.00	
	2.00	

### CURRENTS.

Cherry, La Versailles, White Grape, Black Naples, Victoria.....	1.25	
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### GOOSEBERRIES.

Houghton Seedling.....	1.50	
Downing, Smith Improved.....	2.50	

### BLACKBERRIES.

Kittatinny, Wilsons early.....	1.50	10.00
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### RASPBERRIES.

Mammoth Cluster, (Black).....	1.50	10.00
Philadelphia, (Red).....	1.50	10.00
TURNER—Fruit large, bright red, of excellent quality, very hardy and pro- ductive, valuable for family use and for market. This variety of red ras- pberry is the best honey producing plant known, it is in bloom ten days earlier than white clover and remains several weeks in blossom.....	1.50	10.00

### STRAWBERRIES.

Wilson, Col. Cheery, Kentucky, Green Prolific.....	1.00	6.00
Captain Jack, Monarch of the West, 50 ets. doz.....	2.00	
Sterling, Dutches, Great American " ".....	2.00	

## ORNAMENTAL STOCK.

Sweet Chestnut, beautiful shade tree, of rapid growth, valuable for fruit and timber.....	EACH.	HUND.
Transplanted 4 to 5 feet.....	.20	15.00
" " 5 to 6 " selected.....	.30	25.00
" " 6 to 8 " extra heavy.....	.50	
Mountain Ash, American, 8 to 10 feet.....	.50	
" " European, 8 to 10 ".....	.50	
Weeping Willow, Kilmorark.....	1.00	
Catalpa, 6 to 7 feet.....	.75	
European Larch, 5 to 7 feet.....	.40	30.00
American Elm, transplanted, 6 feet.....	.40	

### SHRUBS.

Euonymus, Snow-ball, Persian Lilac, Sweet Syringa, Prunus Trilobata.		
Strong plants, 4 to 5 feet.....	.40	
" " 3 to 4 ".....	.25	
Deutzia Gracilis, Weigelia Rosea, Spiraea Balardi, Spiraea Prunifolia, Spiraea Lanceolata, Weigelia Amaballs 2 to 3 feet.....	.25	20.00
Pyrus Japonica, Japan Quince, a beautiful flowering shrub, hardy, very de- sirable for ornamental hedges, 2 to 3 feet.....	.30	20.00
1 1/2 feet.....	.30	
Chinese Horticous Paeonias, in varieties, fragrant.....	.25	
Climbing Honey-suckles.....	.20	15.00
Tree Paeonias, Bankh.....	1.00 to 1.50	

### ROSES.

Queen Prairie, King Prairie, Yellow Harrison.....	.40	
Gem Prairie, (Fragrant Variegated).....	1.00	
Perpetual Roses.....	.40	

### EVERGREENS.

Norway Spruce, three times transplanted, 6 feet.....	1.00	
" " " " " 5 ".....	.75	
" " " " " 4 ".....	.50	
" " twice " " 2 1/2 ".....	.30	25.00
" " " " " 1 1/2 to 2 ".....	.20	15.00
A large lot of the last size (1 1/2 to 2 ft.). They make a beautiful hedge, and are designed for that purpose.....		
Austrian Pine, twice transplanted 3 to 4 feet.....	.40	
" " " " 4 to 5 ".....	.60	
" " selected 5 feet.....	.75	
Scotch Pine, twice transplanted, 6 to 7 feet.....	1.00	
" " " " 5 to 6 ".....	.75	
" " " " 4 to 5 ".....	.50	
" " " " 2 to 3 ".....	.25	
Balsam Fir, twice transplanted, 1 1/2 feet.....	.40	
Savin Juniper, 1 1/2 feet.....	.50	
" " 10 inches.....	.30	

JAMES D. HUSTED,  
Lowell, Kent Co., Mich.

## Lippincott's Magazine.

Lippincott's Magazine for April offers a  
list of contributions not only varied and  
attractive, but with subjects sympathetic-  
ally treated by writers who seem one and  
all to have chosen their themes from a  
special disposition to handle them *con amore*.  
General Strother ("Porte Crayon") takes  
one on a "Pilgrimage to the Shrines of  
Old Virginia," and pictures the old life  
with a loving pen and a deft pencil. Hen-  
ry James, who appears for the first time  
in the garb of illustrations, gives us "Eng-  
lish Vignettes," traced with a sparkling  
delicacy all his own. Mary Dean depicts  
the "Hoosiers at home" as only one who  
is herself thoroughly at home among  
them, and has noted all their traits with  
eyes keenly open and bright with humor,  
can do. The gorgeous "Ancient Decora-  
tive Stuffs" of the churches and museums  
of Europe are enthusiastically described  
by H. M. Benson. "Moliere—the Life  
and the Legend," by J. Brander Mathews,  
gives us the fruit of careful research, en-  
riched by portraits and other reproductions  
from old engravings. The second chapter  
of "My Village in the South," by Annie  
Porter, leads us into the *intimite* of domes-  
tic life in Louisiana; while another lady  
writer gives us a delightful glimpse of  
home life in Brazil. A Bit of Old Satsu-  
ma," by Professor Griffith, should be read  
by all lovers of bric-a-brac; and there are  
other short papers, especially some spark-  
ling gossip on "Dangerous Girls," which,  
with the serials and short stories, will be  
found entertaining by everybody.

## A Quiet Little Hint.

Hotel clerks and others interested should  
take notice of a recent decision of the  
Massachusetts Supreme Court. The clerk  
of a hotel sued his employers for breach  
of contract, they having discharged him  
before the period covered by the contract  
had expired. The evidence on the part  
of the defence showed that the clerk had  
indulged in familiarity toward the guests  
who did nothing to invite it, and had  
thereby injured the business of his em-  
ployers. It was admitted that the clerk  
was in the habit of addressing guests and  
others either by their Christian names or  
by their surnames only. The Court said:  
"To address a person by his Christian  
name, unless the parties have been inti-  
mately connected, socially and otherwise,  
is uncalled for familiarity, and, therefore,  
insulting to the party so addressed. To  
address a party by his surname only, shows  
a want of respect, and would imply that  
the party so addressed was beneath the  
party addressing; therefore it is discourte-  
ous, and would be considered insulting.  
To speak of employers by their surnames  
only, shows a great want of respects on  
the part of employee toward the employer."

The Court further held:

"While it may be customary for a per-  
son to address his junior clerks or under  
servants by their Christian or surnames,  
to address others so shows a want of re-  
spect, and the party so addressed would  
naturally evade contact in the future with  
any one who had previously so addressed  
him."

Politeness, added the Court, costs noth-  
ing; but the want of it had cost the plain-  
tiff the loss of his situation. The com-  
plaint was dismissed with costs.

CHAMBER'S CYCLOPEDIA of English  
Literature, in the new Acme edition, is  
meeting with such extraordinary sale that  
the publishers, to make it still more popu-  
lar, have further reduced the prices.  
Purchasers ordering before April 30th will  
get the eight volumes complete, in paper,  
for \$1.75; cloth, \$2.50; half morocco, gilt  
top, for \$3.20. Sample volumes sent post-  
paid for 30 cents, 45 cents, 65 cents, and 90  
cents. This is not only one of the choic-  
est works in the language, but really won-  
derful in its low price. Specimen pages  
and terms to clubs will be sent free on re-  
ceipt by the publishers, the American  
Book Exchange, 55 Beekman St., N. Y.

The constitutionality of the Legal Ten-  
der Act, so far as it applies to the issue of  
Government notes in time of peace, having  
the quality of a legal tender for private  
debts, is about to be brought to a test in  
the Supreme Court of the United States, by  
an agreement between Mr. S. B. Chitten-  
den, member of Congress for the Brooklyn  
(N. Y.) district, and General Benjamin F.  
Butler, each gentleman agreeing to bear  
the costs and other expenses on his side  
incurred in carrying a case through the  
lower courts and up to and through the  
Supreme Court.

M. DE LESSEPS, of Suez Canal fame,  
proposes to take the Isthmus of Darien  
Canal project in hand, and has issued in-  
vitations to the various nations interested  
to send representatives to a meeting at  
Paris on the 15th of May, when a route  
will be decided upon.

## 1875. 1879. LOWELL NURSERIES.

### PRICE LIST FOR THE SPRING OF 1879.

Established in the year 1875.

These Nurseries are located 1 1-2 miles South-east of Lowell Village,  
Kent County, Michigan.

### TO OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC:

We offer for sale for spring planting a more complete assortment of Nursery  
Stock than ever before. Our trees are all young, of vigorous growth, and cannot be  
excelled in strong, well ripened wood, and in the selection of varieties best adapted  
for cultivation in Michigan.

Thankful for the liberal share of patronage with which we have been favored,  
we hope to merit the future confidence of the public.

We invite an examination of our nursery grounds, 300,000 TREES and PLANTS  
under cultivation.

Home grown trees are more safe to plant—the varieties are more reliable—and  
the stock can be obtained without incurring the risk and expense of transportation  
from distant localities.

New lands produce stock for planting out, of greater vigor and hardihood than  
can be grown on old nursery grounds.

An experience of thirty years in the nursery business (16 years in Michigan)  
enables us to make the best selection of varieties for the various purposes of cultiva-  
tion in this State.

A discount of ten per cent allowed from CATALOGUE PRICES when cash is  
paid on delivery of stock.

We are prepared to furnish to Dealers and Large Planters at reduced rates, and  
can assure all who deal with us of entire satisfaction.



# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### SENATE COMMITTEES.

The Chairmanships of the leading committees of the United States Senate, as re-constructed under Democratic auspices, are distributed as follows:

#### STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Democratic members of the five leading committees are:

Finance—Bayard (Chairman), Wallace, Kernan, Voorhees, Beck.  
Appropriations—Davis (W. Va.) (Chairman), Withers, Beck, Wallace, Eaton.  
Foreign Relations—Eaton (Chairman), Johnston, Morgan, Hill, Pendleton.  
Commerce—Gordon (Chairman), Ransom, Randolph, Hereford.

Judiciary—Thurman (Chairman), McDonald, Bayard, Garland, Lamar, Davis (Ill.).

Other Chairmanships are distributed as follows: Privileges and Elections, Saulsbury; Military Affairs, Randolph; Naval Affairs, McPherson; Postoffices and Post-Roads, Maxey; Public Lands, McDonald; Indian Affairs, Coke; Pensions, Withers; Claims, Cockrell; Manufactures, Grover; Agriculture, Johnston; District of Columbia, Harris; Patents, Kernan; Public Buildings and Grounds, Jones; Florida; Territories, Garland; Railroads, Ransom; Mines and Mining, Hereford; Revision of the Laws, Wallace; Education and Labor, Bailey; Civil Service and Retrenchment, Butler; Printing, Whyte; Library, Voorhees; Contingent Expenses, Hill; Rules, Morgan; Enrolled Bills, Vance.

#### SELECT COMMITTEES.

On Transportation Routes to the Seaboard—Senator Beck.

To Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service—Senator Vest.

To Take into Consideration the State of the Law Concerning Electoral Votes for President, etc.—Senator Morgan.

To Investigate the Treasury Department Accounts—Senator Davis (W. Va.).

On Census—Senator Pendleton.

On Epidemic Diseases—Senator Harris.

On Mississippi river—Senator Lamar.

[Note.—This replaces the select committee on "Leaves of the Mississippi river."]

#### REORGANIZED.

The select committee to inquire into alleged frauds in the late elections, commonly known as the "Teller Committee," is reorganized, with Wallace as Chairman, and Bailey, Garland, McDonald, and Kernan as the other Democratic members.

The select committees on the subject of the removal of the Northern Cherokees to the Indian Territory, and to inquire into all claims of United States citizens against Nicaragua, are to be continued with the same memberships as at present, their respective Chairmen being Senators Kirkwood and Hamlin. The caucuses left three Chairmanships of standing committees to be filled by the Republicans, viz: those of the Committees on Public-Land Claims, on Revolutionary Claims, and on Engrossed Bills.

#### THE EAST.

ABOUT fifty vessels, engaged in the Gloucester (Mass.) fisheries on the Atlantic, were at sea in the violent gale and storm of snow and sleet that swept the coast on the 20th of February. No tidings have been received from fourteen of these vessels, and it is feared that they were lost, carrying down with them 140 men—leaving forty-one widows and nearly 100 children to mourn their sudden destruction.

The Manhattan Savings Bank of New York, robbed some time ago of nearly \$3,000,000 of its securities, which have been reduplicated and redeposited with the bank, has resumed business.

A TERRIBLE explosion occurred last week at the Mahoning powder works of P. M. Gallagher & Co., near Danville, Pa., completely destroying the building and instantly killing Willis Lloyd, one of the proprietors, John J. Evans, and John C. Mower, their mangled remains being scattered in every direction.

The remains of the late Bayard Taylor were interred in their final resting-place, in the family ground at Kennett Square, Pa., last week. Gov. Hoyt and a committee of the State Legislature participated in the solemn ceremonies.

#### THE WEST.

The Minnesota Legislature, at its recent session, passed 520 bills, all of which have become laws except nine.... A dispatch from Cincinnati says Archbishop Purcell has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors.

BOTH houses of the Indiana Legislature have passed the bill making an appropriation for the erection of a new State House. The amount to be expended this year is \$300,000, and next year \$100,000, to be raised by a State tax of 2 cents on the \$100.... The monthly statement shows that twenty-two Western railroads increased their earnings in February \$109,000.

CHICAGO packers, during the packing season of 1878-9, slaughtered and salted 4,911,913 hogs, being 932,602 head more than in 1877-8.

THE Chicago Times prints detailed crop reports from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Missouri, which show that the growing crops of winter wheat are, almost without exception, owing to heavy snow, in fine condition. In Ohio increased acreage is reported, and the promised yield is set down at 30,000,000 bushels. In Indiana the acreage is increased, and the yield is expected to be 25 per cent. better than last year. In Michigan a similar result is anticipated, and in other regions the prospects are generally reported above the average. The question of blighted seed for a spring-wheat crop is now agitating several localities.

GEORGE H. HAEFFORD, general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific Railroad prior to last April, is in jail at St. Louis, on a charge of embezzling a large amount of money from the railroad company.

CHICAGO elevators contain 7,725,725 bushels of wheat, 3,139,371 bushels of corn, 500,911 bushels of oats, 327,326 bushels of rye and 825,048 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 12,518,801 bushels, against 2,609,743 bushels at this period last year.

#### THE SOUTH.

A TEXAS dispatch states that several Mexicans, the murderers of Judge Howard and Messrs. Atkinson and McBryde at San Elzaro several months ago, have been arrested and jailed. The Mexicans threaten to rescue them.

The President of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, who has lately returned to Chicago from a trip through the South, says there is not a single case of yellow fever remaining in Tennessee, Mississippi or Louisiana, nor is there any fear expressed in those

States of a return of the disease in an epidemic form.

FIFTY-TWO moonshiners delivered three revenue prisoners out of the Hartsville (Tenn.) jail a few days ago, and took away the wagon and train which had been seized by the revenue officers.... Ex-United States Senator George Goldthwaite died suddenly at Montgomery, Ala., last week.

At Louisville, Ky., last week, twelve counterfeiters were sentenced by United States Judge Ballard to fines varying from \$1 to \$1,000, and terms of imprisonment from ten days to ten years. They are to be imprisoned in the Illinois penitentiary at Joliet.

#### POLITICAL.

THE Republicans of Chicago have nominated A. M. Wright, a Board of Trade man, for Mayor. The Greenbackers have placed ex-Congressman Harrison in the field.

Gov. Prescott, of New Hampshire, has appointed Charles H. Bell, United States Senator for the extra session, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the expiration of the term of Senator Wadleigh.

A CORRESPONDENT has canvassed the Indiana Legislature on the Presidential question. Eighteen Democratic Senators out of twenty-five were for Hendricks first, and five of them were for Tilden for second choice. Two were for Bayard first, and one for Tilden. Four had no opinion or wish as to the candidate. Of twenty-one Republicans, sixteen were for Grant, two for Blaine, and one for John Sherman.

THE Republican Representatives in Congress, at a caucus held March 17, unanimously nominated the following candidates for the various elective offices of the House: For Speaker, Gen. Garfield; Clerk of the House, ex-Congressman Rainey of South Carolina; Sergeant-at-Arms, Jeremiah M. Rusk, Wisconsin; Doorkeeper, James Melton, Tennessee; Postmaster, Gen. Harry Sherwood, Michigan; Chaplain, Dr. Naylor, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Washington. The following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That it is the sense of this caucus that no legislation shall be entered upon during this session of Congress other than that for which the session was specially called."—The Democratic caucus met at about the same hour and re-nominated Mr. Randall for speaker, he receiving 75 votes, to 57 for J. C. Blackburn, 4 for Cox, 3 for MacMahon, and 2 for Morrison. Messrs. Adams, Thompson, Field and Harrison were renominated by acclamation for their old positions of Clerk, Sergeant-at-Arms, Doorkeeper and Chaplain.—The Greenbackers also held a caucus, and decided to support Hendrick B. Wright, of Pennsylvania, for Speaker.

A NEW Democratic morning paper, called the Herald, has been started in Chicago. It is an eight-column folio, and is sold at 2 cents a copy.... Ex-Congressman Carter H. Harrison has been nominated by the Democrats for Mayor of Chicago.

#### GENERAL.

THE Custom House returns show that in the imports and exports of this country during the calendar year ending Dec. 31, the balance of trade in favor of the United States for the last year was \$305,343,028, as against \$140,056,112 during the previous calendar year of 1877.... Several persons have died at Marmora, Canada, of a disease which so closely resembles the Russian plague that the attending doctors refuse to call it by any other name.

VICTOR NUNEZ, at Pueblo, Col., J. Q. Pinkham, at Concord, N. H., William H. Devlin, at Cambridge, Mass., and Henry Grovelin, at Windsor, Vt., were hanged for murder on Friday, the 14th of March.... Dr. John M. Woodworth, Supervising Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service, is dead.

LAST week's quarantine report states that there is not a case of yellow fever or small-pox in the United States, but both of these diseases prevail in Brazil, but the plague has disappeared inside the military cordon surrounding Astrakhan, and that small-pox is raging in London, England, and in Dublin, Ireland.

A SIX-DAYS' pedestrian contest for the championship of the world was begun at Gilmore's Garden, New York city, on Monday morning, March 10, and concluded on Saturday evening, March 15. The contestants were Daniel O'Leary, of Chicago, heretofore champion of America and of the world; Charles Rowell, of London, England; John Ennis, of Chicago, and Charles A. Harriman, of Maine. O'Leary, who won the Astley belt for which the men were struggling, and brought it from England to this country, gave out and left the track on the third day of the race. The other three remained on the track to the end. Rowell made 500 miles, thus capturing the belt, which he carries back in triumph to England. Ennis traveled 475 miles, and Harriman succeeded in covering 450 miles. There was an immense attendance during the progress of the match, and the gate money, after paying all expenses, amounts to about \$50,000, of which Rowell receives 50 per cent, Ennis 30 per cent, and Harriman 20 per cent.

THE business portion of the town of Minden, Ont., has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$75,000.

#### FOREIGN.

By the bursting of the dams which held the river Theiss within its banks at Szeged, Hungary, a vast volume of water was precipitated upon that unfortunate town, hundreds of houses were swept away, a great many people drowned, and thousands of others rendered homeless.... The nuptials of the Duke of Connaught, son of the Queen of England, and Princess Louise Margaret, grand-daughter of the German Emperor, were celebrated with great pomp at Windsor Castle on the 13th of March.

THE St. Petersburg police have at length discovered and seized two of the secret printing presses of the Nihilists, which have so long annoyed the Government and spread disaffection among the people.

In France the proposition to impeach the De Broglie and Rochebouet Ministries has been defeated in the Chamber of Deputies by a large majority. As a compromise measure, a resolution was then adopted declaring that these Cabinets, by their culpable schemes, destroyed the government they should have served.

THE Szegedin (Hungary) calamity turns out to have been of more appalling proportions than even the first reports indicated. Of 9,700 houses, all except 261 were swept away by the avalanche of waters that rolled suddenly upon the doomed city. A dispatch from Pesth says "the lowest estimate now current fixes the number drowned at 2,000. Many persons believe that 4,000 perished, as the gale prevented a majority of the inhabitants from hearing the first alarm. The whole country below Szegedin and Temesvar is strewn with caravans of people. All villages and boroughs have hospitably opened their houses and stores to the refugees.... A dispatch from London says the Portuguese explorer, Pinto, has arrived at Pretoria, South Africa, with eight followers, all that remain of 400, with whom he set out on the expedition.... War has broken out between Chili and Bolivia.

THERE was an exciting discussion in

the German Reichstag the other day. Herr Liebknecht, Socialist, declared that his party was the party of reform, not revolution. He defended the course of the Socialist Deputies in not rising from their seats when cheers were given for the Emperor. The President of the Reichstag, amid cheers, remarked that this conduct offended the moral sense of the Chamber. Herr Liebknecht continued: "If a republic is established in Germany—" He was unable to finish the sentence in consequence of the uproar which the words provoked. The President threatened to deprive him of his right of speech. At the close of Herr Liebknecht's speech, the President of the Reichstag threatened him with forcible removal from the tribunal. The tumult at the time was indescribable.

THE Belgian explorer Wauthier has fallen a victim to the deadly climate of Central Africa.

### FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

[EXTRA SESSION.]

The Forty-sixth Congress assembled in special session at Washington on Tuesday, March 18. The Senate was called to order by the Vice President. After prayer, the President's proclamation was read, and then the roll was called, and the new Senators and those who were re-elected were sworn in.—Clerk Adams called the House to order, and read the proclamation of the President convening Congress in extra session. The roll was called, after which the election of officers was proceeded with. All the nominees of the Democratic caucus were elected. The vote for Speaker was: Randall, 144; Garfield, 125; Wright, 13; Kelley, 1.—Neither House transacted any business beyond organizing.

#### Joaquin Miller's Fish Stories.

Joaquin Miller, the poet, being called upon, said he would not make a regular speech, but would instead tell a few fish stories, which were as true as gospel. He proceeded: "My father once had a trout-pond in Oregon, and the fish multiplied so fast and grew so large that he had to build a fence around the pond to keep the trout from coming out of the water and tramping upon the grass."

The President hoped that the speaker would remember George Washington and his little hatchet.

"But," continued Mr. Miller, "the fish clambered over the fence, which was not a very high one, and got into the grass, after all. Then my father built another fence, which was ten feet high, and I'll take my oath that some of the largest fishes jumped sleek and clear over that fence, and the grass was completely ruined."

"Oh, my! is that so?" inquired Mr. Seth Green.

"I am telling the truth," replied Mr. Miller. "Now I will tell you another ower true tale."

"Fish tale," suggested a gentleman.

"There is nothing fishy about the story I am now going to tell you," retorted Mr. Miller. "It is really the truth. There are some trout streams in Oregon in which the fish are so very numerous that they crowd each other awfully. I was once riding on horseback and came to one of the trout streams. There was no bridge, and the alternative was to ford the stream. I rode my horse into the edge of the water, but the fish were so thick that the poor animal could not wade through, and, although I urged him, he pointedly refused to go any further, and I was obliged to abandon the idea of crossing. The trout bit the horse's legs terribly."

At this point many of the hearers laughed derisively, and the speaker, with a countenance as solemn as a parson, looked about with an air of surprise. He evidently felt hurt because there were those present who doubted his assertions.—Report of the meeting of the American Fish Club.

#### How Gas Was First Used.

Great was the amazement of all England when at the close of the last century William Murdoch discovered the use of combustible air or gas. So little was the invention understood and believed in by those who had not seen it in use that even great and wise men laughed at the idea. "How could there be light without a wick?" said a member of Parliament, when the subject was brought before the House. Even Sir Humphrey Davy ridiculed the idea of lighting towns with gas, and asked one of the proprietors if they meant to take the dome of St. Paul's for a gas meter. Sir Walter Scott, too, made himself merry over the idea of illuminating London with smoke, though he was glad enough, not long after, to make his own house at Abbotsford light and cheerful on wintry nights by the use of that very smoke. When the House of Commons was lighted by gas, the architect imagined that the gas ran on fire through the pipes, and he therefore insisted on their being placed several inches from the wall for fear of the building taking fire; and the members might be observed touching the pipes with their gloved hands and wondering they did not feel warm. The first shop lighted in London by the new method was Mr. Ackerman's, in the Strand, in 1810, and one lady of rank was so delighted with the brilliancy of the gas lamp on the counter that she asked to be allowed "to take it home in her carriage. Mr. Murdoch was, however, too busy with other pursuits to continue to study the use of gas, and, although he was undoubtedly the first to apply it to practical purposes, many others laid claim to the honor, and other people quickly reaped the benefit of his cleverness and ingenuity. In this he shared the general fate of inventors.

#### Close Guessing.

A house made of candy has been on exhibition in Boston since Christmas, and the owner offered \$50 to the person who would make the best guess of its weight. It was weighed one-day last week, and the weight was found to be 364 pounds and 15 ounces. The \$50 were divided between four persons, each of whom guessed the weight to be 365

### PERSONALS.

EDISON is going to Europe.

Ex-SENATOR CONOVER, of Florida, is 5 feet 11 inches in height and weighs 169½ pounds.

SENATOR ROSCOE CONKLING is 6 feet 3 inches in height and will weigh 192 pounds.

SENATOR DAVIS, of West Virginia, is 6 feet in height and weighs 194½ pounds.

SENATOR DAWES, of Massachusetts, is 5 feet 10 inches in height and weighs 162 pounds.

SENATOR COCKRELL, of Missouri, is 6 feet 3 inches in height and will weigh 196½ pounds.

THE Empress of Austria (incognito) is enjoying the pleasures of the chase in Ireland.

Ex-PRESIDENT MACMAHON is suffering from ophthalmia, complicated with serious general symptoms.

R. V. PIERCE, the patent-medicine man, is a member of the New York Senate and the Forty-sixth Congress.

GEORGE H. BUTLER, Ben Butler's nephew, was sent to jail for ninety days recently, on a charge of vagrancy.

SENATOR DAVID DAVIS, of Illinois, is 5 feet 10½ inches in height and weighs in the neighborhood of 300 pounds.

JOHN B. GOUGH has been laid up in England with a serious attack of bronchitis, which has compelled him to give over lecturing.

RICHARD PEARCE, who had won the name of the "veteran base-ball player," because he has handled the bat since 1855, will play another season.

THERE are nineteen United States Senators over 60 years of age, thirty-four between 50 and 60, nineteen between 40 and 50, and three between 30 and 40.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has been visiting in Vicksburg. The Herald, of that place, says that the old man shows age, but though by no means vigorous could hardly be considered feeble.

OLE BULL has settled down in his new home at Madison, Wis. At the recent marriage of a poor Norwegian in that city he officiated in the capacity of an orchestra, to the delight of the pair and the company.

THE tomb of Charles Louis Napoleon Achille Murat, nephew of Napoleon Bonaparte and son of Joachim Murat, ex-King of Naples, the great cavalry General, stands in the city cemetery at Tallahassee, Fla. Murat owned for many years a large plantation in Florida.

MISS KELLOGG has signed a contract with Mr. Maurice Strakosch to appear in the principal cities of Europe. She will be released from her engagement to Mr. Max Strakosch after the 7th of April and will sail for Europe during the latter part of that month. She will probably be absent two or three years.

SENATOR BAYARD, of Delaware, has nine children. His oldest son, aged about 19 years, is a student of the University of Virginia. Several of the older children go to school in Washington city. His wife has very little disposition for society life, and passes her time with her children, giving an occasional plain reception.

LOUISA BOWEN killed Henry Muzzy with a base-ball bat, in Norwich, Ct., last summer. She said that he entered her house at night, and that, in the dark, she struck him under the supposition that he was a burglar. She was tried on the charge of murder, the prosecutor holding that Muzzy was her rejected lover, but the jury acquitted her.

It is related, on the authority of a Government employe, who holds a position of trust, that Sir Percy Wyndham was removed from his command of his 2,500 Union cavalrymen in 1863 because Secretary Stanton believed there was a plot by which the whole command was to be turned over to the Confederate Government for the sum of \$300,000. Before his death Stanton's private secretary said that the proof against Wyndham was very strong.

#### Royal Marriage.

Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught, son of Queen Victoria, born May 1, 1850, created Duke of Connaught in 1874, was married at Windsor Castle, near London, on the 13th of March, to the Princess Louise, daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Germany, Field Marshal in the German army, born July 25, 1860, and betrothed to Prince Arthur, May 16, 1878. The bridegroom now has five brothers and sisters married—Princess Victoria to Prince Frederick William, the Prince of Wales to the Princess Alexandra, Prince Alfred to the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia, the Princess Helena to Prince Christian, and the Princess Louise to the Marquis of Lorne; and there yet remain to be married Prince Leopold and the Princess Beatrice. The bride has two sisters, the Princess Marie, married to Prince Hendrik of the Netherlands, the Princess Elizabeth, married to Prince August, hereditary Grand Duke of Oldenburg, and one brother, Prince Frederick Leopold, who, being but 4 years of age, can hardly be expected to entertain serious thoughts of matrimonial alliances.

The marriage appears to have been eminently successful and attractive in all its surroundings. The skies smiled auspiciously upon the young pair, which is a good deal for London skies to do. The procession was a long and gorgeous one, and even the last man in it was cheered to the echo by the jubilant multitudes who thronged the streets. There was great profusion of tapestry, banners and flowers, and the costumes

of silk and satin, trimmed with rare laces and blazing with diamonds and all sorts of precious stones galore, might have driven the ordinary society reporter wild with despair in attempting to describe them. The groom was ushered in with drums and trumpets, and the bride with the organ and the bands; and the Lord Chamberlain, who did the ushering, undoubtedly felt it to be the proudest day of his life. The bride's father, in the scarlet uniform which the German soldiers knew so well in the French war, gave away the bride, and the Archbishop of Canterbury, with four Bishops and no end of canons and minor canons, performed the ceremony in approved style, the Queen being "visibly affected," as all good mothers should be, though this is the sixth time that she has undergone the trial. At the conclusion of the ceremony the cannon on the outer wall announced the consummation to the populace, and thousands of lusty Britons answered the cannon peals with their huzzas.

### NEW FASHIONS.

WINDOW, mantel and table lambrequins are made of mummy cloths.

LARGE balls of jet face the new bonnets, and ribbons and strings are fringed with it.

THE first mouse worn by a lady was sported by a Russian Princess on a real sealskin cap.

RINGS and wide bracelets of black enamel are worn by ladies to make their hands and arms look fair.

A PECULIAR lace-pin, with a snake coiled round the bar, had a swingeing scarabee cut from burnt topaz.

EMBROIDERED white linen vests, edged with plaited Breton lace or Valenciennes, are among new fancies. They are to be worn over silk dresses, with cuffs to match.

BUNTINGS are to be worn again, especially for the country and sea shore, since nothing has as yet come up to take the place of this economical and durable material.

A NECKERCHIEF of delicate blue India muslin, very soft and fine, is trimmed with bands, set on, of crepe lisse, embroidered with bright carnations and shaded leaves.

ALSATIAN bows have become a rage, and are not confined to the trimming of bonnets. They are very popular as head-dresses, and are made into a sort of cap by fastening them to a band of lace, the ends of which are tied at the back, or fastened with pins.

WHITE fichus for evening are made of a strip of India muslin or organdie, cut on the cross, and forming three plaits as wide as the finger, edged round with a plaiting of Breton lace. They should go around the shoulders and fasten in front, the ends falling over the bosom.

VEILS are gradually being discontinued. The better-educated women are beginning to learn how hurtful and irritating the spotted and dotted veils, drawn straight across the face, are to the eyes, and restrict their adoption of these relics of Oriental seclusion to useful gauze as a protection from the winter's storm.

AMONG new accessories to the toilet in lingerie are some charming waistcoats of soft white linen cambric, beautifully embroidered and edged with Breton lace, while others, also embroidered, are made of fine white linen. The new ruffs and cuffs are made very wide and very full, of Breton lace, plaited in close shell patterns. The wrist ruffles are mounted on bands of plain Swiss muslin.

A GENEVA (Switzerland) letter says that American anthracite coal is rapidly coming into use in that city, both in private houses and factories.

### THE MARKETS.

#### NEW YORK.

BEEVES.....	\$7 75	@ 10 25
HOGS.....	3 80	@ 4 00
COTTON.....	93½	@ 10
WHEAT—Superfine.....	3 25	@ 3 60
WHEAT—No. 2.....	1 01½	@ 1 14½
CORN—Western Mixed.....	44	@ 46
OATS—Mixed.....	33	@ 34
RYE—Western.....	60	@ 62½
PORK—Mess.....	9 25	@ 10 37½
LARD.....	6½	@ 6¾

#### CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Choice Graded Steers.....	4 50	@ 5 00
Cows and Heifers.....	2 75	@ 3 75
Medium to Fair.....	4 00	@ 4 25
HOGS.....	3 80	@ 4 00
FLLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	5 25	@ 5 60
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	3 75	@ 4 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	88	@ 90
No. 3 Spring.....	73	@ 80
CORN—No. 2.....	35	@ 38
OATS—No. 2.....	25	@ 28
RYE—No. 2.....	45	@ 47½
BARLEY—No. 2.....	75	@ 76
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	22	@ 26
EGGS—Fresh.....	16	@ 17
PORK—Mess.....	8 00	@ 9 00
LARD.....	6¼	@ 6½

#### MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 1.....	99½	@ 1 00½
No. 2.....	90	@ 91
CORN—No. 2.....	33	@ 34
OATS—No. 2.....	24	@ 25
RYE—No. 1.....	45	@ 46
BARLEY—No. 2.....	72	@ 73

#### ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red Fall.....	1 00	@ 1 02
CORN—Mixed.....	31	@ 32
PORK—No. 2.....	26½	@ 27
RYE.....	48	@ 48½
PORK—Mess.....	9 70	@ 9 80
LARD.....	6¼	@ 6½

#### CINCINNATI.

WHEAT.....	1 00	@ 1 05
CORN.....	35	@ 37
OATS.....	27	@ 28
RYE.....	55	@ 56
PORK—Mess.....	9 75	@ 10 00
LARD.....	6¼	@ 6½

#### TOLEDO.

WHEAT—Amber Michigan.....	1 03	@ 1 04
No. 2 Red.....	1 04	@ 1 05
CORN—No. 2.....	37	@ 38
OATS—No. 2.....	27	@ 28

#### DETROIT.

FLLOUR—Choice.....	5 00	@ 5 50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 04	@ 1 05
No. 1 Amber.....	1 05	@ 1 06
CORN—No. 1.....	37	@ 38
OATS—Mixed.....	29	@ 30
BARLEY (per cental).....	1 00	@ 2 10
PORK—Mess.....	10 00	@ 10 50

#### EAST LIBERTY, PA.

CATTLE—Best.....	5 00	@ 5 25
Fair.....	4 50	@ 4 75



## FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

LANSING, March 15, 1879.

### REORGANIZATION OF THE JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

After considerable wrangling the following-named bill was passed in the House, last Wednesday:

A bill to reorganize the First, Fourth, Seventh, Thirteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twenty-first Judicial Circuits, and to create the Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Judicial Circuits.

Under the provisions of the above-named bill, the changes and additions will be thus: First Judicial Circuit, Hillsdale and Lenawee counties; Fourth Circuit, Jackson and Ingham; Seventh Circuit, Shiawassee, Livingston and Genesee; Thirteenth Circuit, Kalkaska, Grand Traverse, Leelanaw, Antrim, Charlevoix, Emmet and Cheboygan; Sixteenth Circuit, Macomb and Saint Clair; Eighteenth Circuit, Bay and Ogemaw; Nineteenth Circuit, Osceola, Lake, Mason, Manistee and Benzie; Twenty-first Circuit, Isabella, Midland, Gladwin, Clare and Gratiot; Twenty-fourth Circuit (created), Washtenaw and Monroe; Twenty-fifth Circuit (created), Sanilac, Huron and Tuscola; Twenty-sixth Circuit (created), Roscommon, Crawford, Otsego, Missaukee and Wexford.

This matter of our Circuit judiciary is a vexed question and a perplexing one. The Judges all contend, and justly, too, that \$1,500 each per year is too small a salary. On the other hand, the taxpayers say there are too many circuits in the State, necessitating too many Judges. I incline to the opinion that there is some truth in what both taxpayers and Judges say. What the State needs in this direction is less circuits, more able and experienced men on the benches and far less changes among the Judges. With such a class of lawyers for Circuit Judges and the number of the districts reduced, I doubt not the people would be willing to pay their judicial servants fair salaries.

### SESSIONS OF SUPERVISORS.

The Senate Wednesday morning passed the bill to amend the law relative to the sessions of Boards of Supervisors. It provides that "each member of such Board of Supervisors shall be allowed a compensation of not exceeding \$3 per day for his services and expenses, to be determined by resolution of said board, in attending the meetings of such board, and 6 cents for each mile of necessary travel in going to, and returning from, the place of meeting. It limits the pay in Wayne, Saginaw, Midland and Gladwin counties to the first fifteen days of any regular session, and the first three days of each special session, of which there shall be no more than two in any one year. In committee of the whole the proposition to make the limitation general for all the counties in the State was defeated. In the course of the debate upon this question the fact was brought out that in one of the northern counties, a few years ago, the Board of Supervisors drew pay for seventy-five days' services(?).

### THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC AGAIN.

By invitation of the Legislature, Mrs. Mary T. Lathrop, of Jackson, an able temperance advocate and a noble Christian woman, addressed the members and the public, in the Hall of the House, at the close of the session last Wednesday. Mrs. Lathrop took strong ground in favor of a prohibitory liquor law. She warmly urged the members to rise above all party considerations, honor God, act up to the light they possess and "dare to do right." It is thought this whole matter will come before the House some day next week, when a sharp and bitter debate may be expected. Quite a large proportion of the members of the Legislature have identified themselves with the temperance society.

### REFORM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

A delegation of prominent ladies had a hearing, Tuesday, before the Joint Committee on State Affairs in reference to the proposed Reform School for Girls. There are five bills asking for the establishment of a school of this class. It was practically settled in the committee that the proposed institution should be penal in its character and that commitments to it should be made by sentence of the courts; that the age at which girls should be liable to apprehension upon charges of viciousness and immorality should be placed at 11 years; that the institution should be confined to household duties; that the Board of Trustees should consist of six persons, four women and two men, chosen for terms of six years, and so arranged in classes that two of the members should go out of office each year.

### THE KEROSENE-TEST LAW.

This subject has occupied considerable time this session. The morning session in the House, last Thursday, was taken up with the consideration of the matter. Profs. Kedzie, of this city, and Langley, of Ann Arbor, have addressed the Legislature upon this subject, expressing views widely divergent. The oil test in this State is now 140 degrees, but the general sentiment is for a test of 120 degrees. Mr. Thompson, of Sanilac, made a strong speech in favor of a lower test. He stated that Prof. Chandler, of Columbia College, holds that oil of 100 degrees test is safe. Prof. Langley thinks that there need be no accidents from oil of 110 degrees test. The test of oil in the State of New York, I am told, is 110 degrees, thus reducing the price of the article somewhat. Mr. McNabb, of Newaygo, contended that the oil used in Ohio is much better than the quality in use in this State. He said that "we want oil

of at least one-lightning-bug power," even if it is dangerous. I suppose the people will think more about the cost of oil than of any danger in its use. The test in Michigan will probably be reduced from 140 to 120 degrees.

### THE INTEREST BILL.

A debate on the bill reducing the legal rate of interest to 7 per cent. came off Wednesday afternoon. The introducer of the bill, Mr. Johnson, of Cass county, led off in a speech, contending that wages and values of all kinds had been greatly reduced since the war, and that the high rates of the money loaners must come down.

Mr. Turk thought that the rate ought to be reduced to 6 per cent., with the proviso that agreements could be made as high as 8 per cent.

Mr. Thorpe claimed that the industrial interests of the State only yielded a profit of 3 per cent., and he therefore moved that the rate be 5 per cent.

Mr. Gould contended that the Legislature had no more right to specify the rate of interest than it had to fix the price of potatoes. He was in favor of 6 per cent. where no agreement had been made.

Mr. Allen proved from history that the rate of interest had always been regulated by governments. Without such restriction, the money loaners would have a big combination in the interest of wrong and oppression. Five per cent., he thought, afforded too small a margin. It would give the Government a monopoly in borrowing money.

Other members made their little speeches, and, on motion of Mr. Sawyer, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, the bill was sent to that committee.

### PRESIDENT ANGELL.

of the University, by invitation, will soon address the Legislature upon matters pertaining to that institution. He is a very able and candid man, and his views and opinions are justly entitled to great weight. President Angell formerly presided over the Vermont State University.

THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE had a meeting at the Lansing House last Wednesday. The reports from the rural districts were regarded as very favorable. A committee, consisting of Chairman Barnes, William Brodie and G. P. Sanford, was appointed to issue an address to the Democrats of Michigan, urging them to come up the work in hand. G. W. H.

### Proceedings of the Legislature.

TUESDAY, March 11.—SENATE.—Petitions were presented: Praying for a Prohibitory law or local option; also to prohibit manufacturing and general traffic in all intoxicating liquors; remonstrating against the passage of the Senate bill fixing the legal rate of interest at 7 per cent.; that girls be admitted to the Agricultural College on equal footing with boys; a memorial from the homeopathic physicians of the State favoring the removal of the Homeopathic College from Ann Arbor to some larger city in the State; for a County Board of three School Examiners; to reduce the toll on the Genesee and Saginaw road; against the repeal of the law relative to fish chutes....Bills passed: To provide for payment of insurance to mortgagees in certain cases; making an appropriation for the purchase of books for the State Library, \$2,500; asking Congress to make an appropriation for the improvement and deepening of St. Mary's river so as to admit of the passage of vessels of the same draught as will be allowed by the St. Mary's Falls ship canal when the new lock or canal now in course of construction is completed.

HOUSE.—Bills were passed: To authorize the Deputy Auditor General to sign deeds in the absence of the Auditor General; to legalize certain bonds issued by Midland county....The entire day was used in committee of the whole on the bill to suppress tramps.

WEDNESDAY, March 12.—SENATE.—A number of petitions were presented....Bills passed: To amend the law relative to Boards of Supervisors; to provide a penalty for abuse of legal process and proceedings; to amend the act incorporating the Michigan Central Railroad Company, providing that the Directors of said company shall hereafter be chosen annually on the first Tuesday after the first Wednesday in May, instead of the second Monday in June.

HOUSE.—A bill redistricting the judicial circuits passed. The following shows the changes: First, Hillsdale and Lenawee counties; Fourth, Jackson and Ingham; Seventh, Shiawassee, Livingston, and Genesee; Thirteenth, Kalkaska, Grand Traverse, Leelanaw, Antrim, Charlevoix, Emmet, and Cheboygan; Sixteenth, Macomb and Saint Clair; Eighteenth, Bay and Ogemaw; Nineteenth, Osceola, Lake, Mason, Manistee, and Benzie; Twenty-first, Isabella, Midland, Gladwin, Clare, and Gratiot; Twenty-fourth, Washtenaw and Monroe; Twenty-fifth, Sanilac, Huron, and Tuscola; Twenty-sixth, Roscommon, Crawford, Otsego, Missaukee and Wexford. In the last three circuits, which are new and created by this act, the Judges will be elected this spring, and hold office two years thereafter, to conform to the terms of the other Circuit Judges....Much time was consumed in committee of the whole.

THURSDAY, March 13.—SENATE.—Bills were passed: To amend the laws of 1877 for the incorporation of associations for yachting, hunting, boating, fishing, rowing and other lawful sporting purposes; to amend the laws of 1847 providing against the recovery of damages done by boats on lands which are not inclosed by a lawful fence; to amend the laws of 1859 relative to ascertaining the annual cereal products of the State, and to amend chapter 189 of the Compiled Laws of 1871 relative to drawing jurors....The House bill increasing the number of judicial circuits was considered in committee of the whole, meeting with much opposition.

HOUSE.—The whole day was consumed in committee of the whole on the three bills providing for a reform school for girls, and the bill relative to an oil test, many members losing their temper and indulging in personalities.

FRIDAY, March 14.—SENATE.—Bills passed: Relative to the Michigan State Agricultural Society, allowing the society to hold property to the amount of \$100,000, directing its officers to give bonds, and relieving the society of risk and loss, by fire or otherwise, of animals on exhibition; amending the act incorporating the public schools of Battle Creek....The bill changing judicial circuits was considered in committee of the whole and a manuscript substitute offered by the Judiciary Committee, and the bill referred to the committee and ordered printed.

HOUSE.—The bill, reducing the flash test of kerosene from 140 to 120 degrees Fahrenheit, was finally passed. The amendments made to the bill were the abolition of the chill test, and fixing the fees for testing....Bills were passed: Amending the primary-school laws; restricting the payment of contracts payable in the Upper

Peninsula swamp lands to lands in the county in which the work is done....The House tendered President Angell, of the State University, the use of the Hall of Representatives for Tuesday evening next to make an address on the condition of and wants of the University.

SATURDAY, March 15.—SENATE.—After the usual batch of petitions, bills were passed: Making an appropriation of \$1,000 for the years 1879 and 1880 for the State Pioneer Society; to amend chapter 7 of the Compiled Laws of 1871; authorizing the Governor to appoint his Private Secretary, and providing additional assistance to conduct the business of the Executive Department and provide compensation therefor; making appropriations for the support of the State Agricultural College, to pay the expenses of the State Board of Agriculture, to erect certain buildings and make other improvements at the college, the sum being \$45,740.24 for the years 1879 and 1880, and levying a tax for the same; to provide for the construction of a sewer for the new Capitol building and appropriating \$10,000 therefor; to amend the act authorizing the appointment of a Commissioner of Mineral Statistics, and defining his duties and compensation; to amend the law for the incorporation of railroad companies....A joint resolution passed asking Michigan Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their influence by legislation or other appropriate means, to secure to all bona fide settlers under the General Homestead law in the counties of Oceana, Charlevoix and Emmett, their full legal and equitable rights, and a speedy settlement of the pending questions.

HOUSE.—Bills passed: To amend chapter 137 of the Compiled Laws of 1871 relative to the election of trustees of graded-school districts by ballot in the Upper Peninsula; to amend section 87 of the Compiled Laws of 1876, relative to the transmission by the several County Clerks to the Secretary of State of the names of members of the Legislature and county officers, so as to provide for the recording of the postoffice addresses of such officers; to appropriate \$25,000 to reimburse the military fund for the expenses incurred in calling out the State troops during the railroad strike in the year 1877; to amend section 2 of act 91 of the laws of 1873 relative to the transfer of insane soldiers and mariners from the Soldiers' Home at Detroit, or any county jail, or from elsewhere, to the Insane Asylum at Kalamazoo; to provide for the publication of the Legislative Manual; to amend section 7, chapter 81, of the laws of 1871 and 1873, relative to the reorganization of the military force of the State, providing that there shall be but thirty companies; also to authorize the Government to call out the troops in case of riot, and to provide for the expense of the same; to amend act 53 of the laws of 1873 relative to the adoption of children belonging to the State Public School.

MONDAY, March 17.—SENATE.—Among the petitions presented was a big one from Saginaw county against the proposed prohibitory law....The forenoon session was mostly taken up with the consideration of two bills with the common object of providing for a gubernatorial mansion. General sentiment is in favor of \$40,000. The bill was referred to a special committee.

HOUSE.—Six petitions for and five against the Prohibitory Liquor law were read....A bill was passed to prevent criminal abortion....The House considered a number of bills of minor importance, and placed them in the order of third reading.

### Why Cameron Voted for Butler.

I had a little talk with Gen. Cameron, who was here the other day, and was surprised to see him so well and hearty. He is as cheery and bright as ever, and does not look a day older than he did ten years ago. He will be 80 years old on the 8th instant. I asked the old Senator why he allowed Don to desert his party and vote to keep Butler in the Senate when there was an opportunity to put in a Republican, and I said that the name of Cameron was the most faithful of party names. "Well," said he, "there is one thing the Camerons never do; they never forget a kindness. The vote of Don the other day was purely on personal grounds. The father of the present Senator Butler was in the Senate when I was comparatively a young Senator. Bigler made use of some very mean language against me, and Butler got up and gave him a sound drubbing with his tongue, and told him to go back to Pennsylvania and wash his linen, the Senate was not the place for it. Well, I never forgot that kindness, and I suppose Don remembered it and wanted to help the son of the father who helped his own father. That," said the old Senator, "is all the significance there is to Don's vote for Butler. Don is all right. Give him a little time and you fellows will all like him."—Washington Cor. Philadelphia Times.

### Eli Perkins.

"Can a thing which has no life move?" asked Joseph Cook of Eli Perkins. "Of course they can," replied Eli. "Why last year I saw a watch spring, a rope walk, a horse fly, a match box, a peanut stand, a mill dam, an oyster fry, and a cat fish; and this year," continued Eli, "I expect to see a peach blow, gin sling, a brandy smash, and—"

"Anything more, Mr. Perkins?"

"Why, yes; I expect to see a stone fence, a cane brake, and a bank run."

"Did you ever see a shoe shop, a gum boil, or hear a codfish bawl?" asked Mr. Cook.

"No, but I've seen a plank walk, a horse whip, and a tree toed; and I would not be surprised some day to see the great Atlantic coast, the Pacific slope, a tree box, and—"

As Mr. Cook left, Eli told him that he had often seen a very mysterious thing—that he had seen a uniform smile.

"Why, I've often seen a sword fish," said Mr. Cook. "I've seen bogs skin boots, too, and once I saw some alligator's hide shoes. Yes," he continued, "Mr. Perkins, I have even heard the bark of a tree—actually seen the tree bark, seen it holler and commence to leave. The tree held on to its trunk, which they were trying to seize for board."

WITH alum in his bread, coloring matter in his butter, sand in his sugar, and poison in his liquor, the average man has hard work in getting food and drink that will not make him a skeleton nor kill him. Now comes the adulteration of coffee with date stones, which has been discovered in England. Several tons of "melilotine coffee," a compound of coffee, chicory and date stones, were seized in Manchester recently.

## THE STAR OF EMPIRE.

What the Next Census Will Show, Concerning the Cities of the Future.

There is much speculation, says a Washington correspondent, as to what sections of the country will show the greatest growth and development in the census reports next year, and as to which are the coming young cities of the future. It is generally conceded that the Northwest will outstrip all other sections, and that the States of the Union showing most rapid growth will be Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, California, and Colorado. As to the coming young cities of the Union, that can be pretty nearly determined in fourteen of the States which took a census in 1875-6. It is calculated that a given city will increase from 1875 to 1880 at about the same rate as from 1870 to 1875, or at least approximately so. Upon this basis the growth of some of them, particularly in the Northwest, is found to be marvelous. In order to convey an adequate idea of the rapidly growing cities in several of the States, the table is prepared, as indicated above:

Cities.	Population, 1870.	Population, 1880.
Milwaukee, Wis.	71,440	131,000
La Crosse, Wis.	7,785	15,500
Minneapolis, Minn.	13,066	46,000
Fond du Lac, Wis.	12,764	18,000
Grand Rapids, Mich.	16,505	36,000
Hoboken, N. J.	20,297	28,500
Jackson, Mich.	11,477	16,000
Janesville, Wis.	8,789	12,000
Elmira, N. Y.	15,563	24,500
East Saginaw, Mich.	11,350	23,000
Dubuque, Iowa.	18,494	29,000
Detroit, Mich.	79,577	121,000
Bay City, Mich.	7,064	22,000
Burlington, Iowa.	14,030	24,500
Des Moines, Iowa.	12,035	16,500
St. Joseph, Mo.	19,565	26,500
St. Paul, Minn.	20,030	45,500
Winona, Minn.	7,190	13,000
Rochester, N. Y.	62,386	101,000
Buffalo, N. Y.	117,714	149,000
Auburn, N. Y.	17,326	19,000
Newton, Mass.	12,825	18,500
Oshkosh, Wis.	12,023	21,000
Racine, Wis.	9,880	16,000
Springfield, Mass.	26,703	44,500
Troy, N. Y.	46,465	51,000

It will be shown from this table that, if the growth during the last half of the decade equals the first half, which ordinarily there is no reason to doubt, some of the Northwestern cities are making extraordinary strides, particularly Milwaukee, La Crosse, Minneapolis, Grand Rapids, Detroit, Bay City, and others.

From all that can be gathered from the sources of information at hand, the star of empire is making its way Northwardly with great rapidity.

### Best Climate for Weak Lungs.

It is a question of great and general interest what sort of climate is suitable for that large class of invalids who suffer in greater or less degree from pulmonary complaints. Many such, having banished themselves from the comforts of home and the society of friends, have found too late that the location sought for health has proved wholly uncongential, if not fatal. Those suffering from lung diseases will gain valuable information from an article by Dr. T. M. Coan, entitled "Climate for Invalids," which appears in the March number of *Harper's Magazine*. Dr. Coan is of opinion that a favorable climate for such invalids should exhibit but a small difference between the day and night temperatures in any given twenty-four hours; that it should show a comparatively small range between the different monthly mean temperatures of a given season, or between different seasons of the year; that there should be equality in the supply of moisture, and that the climate should be free from excessive wind, cloudiness, and dust. A heavy barometrical pressure is also regarded as beneficial in the prevention and cure of pulmonary diseases. The article of which mention has been made contains a table showing the season temperatures in about thirty-five different places, arranged in the order of equable climate. Funchal, Madeira, heads the list; the mean difference between summer and winter being only 8.10 deg. The Atlantic islands of the Gulf stream possess the most equable of all mild climates, and various localities in Western Europe and in the Mediterranean rank next. A visit to Georgia or Florida is often of the highest use for rest and relaxation, but Dr. Coan believes that it is these rather than the specific influence of the climate there that prove beneficial. He says, "Except in Southern California few spots in our country can rightfully claim to possess a climate that is beneficial for pulmonary complaints." In San Diego, Cal., the mean difference of temperature is but 15.88 deg. But at St. Paul, Minn., the mean difference between summer and winter is 52.94 deg., and at Denver, Col., 44 deg. The interior or mountain climate of the United States is in general a dry climate of excessive extremes, and dangerous for delicate invalids.

### Death of an Irish Miser.

A remarkable old miser has just died in Dublin, and curiosity is rife regarding his property, which is said to be worth \$500,000. The old man, whose name is Law, was a jeweler for many years, but for the last fifteen or twenty years he has lived an absolutely solitary life in a large house in Lower Dominick street. Since his death a large number of persons have come forward as relatives, and doubtless there are many in America who are related to this remarkable man and might like to send in their claims at once. His house, when searched, was found to contain some old and curious books, a few jars of whisky, many wine bottles, some empty, a great quantity of tea leaves, which he appears to have carefully preserved in basins after he had extracted all the essence from them. In the room where he slept, and where he probably contracted the bronchitis that caused his death, it was

wonderful how a human being could exist. What served for a bed stood in one corner, and, with the exception of a very narrow passage round about it, the floor was covered with a mass of indescribable rubbish, which in places reached a height of three or four feet.

### New Burial of Sir John Moore.

Not a drum was heard, because the drummer was not feeling very well and asked to be excused, nor a funeral note of any kind, as his corpse to the ramparts was hurried; not a single, solitary son-of-a-gun of a soldier discharged his farewell shot o'er the grave where the remains of the late Mr. Moore were deposited. The farewell-shot business was omitted on account of the scarcity of ammunition. We buried him darkly at dead of night, and did the best job we could for him under the circumstances.

We could not borrow, beg, or steal a pick or shovel in the entire neighborhood, and were obliged to turn the sods with our bayonets, which, by the way, was the first thing that had been turned by said bayonets since we had been drafted. We did all this by the struggling moonbeams' misty light, and the lantern dimly burning, with just about half enough oil in it, and a strip of an old flannel undershirt for a wick.

Few and short were the prayers we said, the chaplain being home on a furlough, and no one within forty miles to take his place. We spoke not a word of sorrow, our time being somewhat limited, as the enemy was not far distant, and advancing with gigantic strides. We thought, as we hollowed his narrow bed, and smoothed down his lonely pillow with a canteen, that the foe and the stranger would tread o'er his head, and we far away on the billow; but not too far, however, as the enemy outnumbered us about seven to one. Lightly they'll talk of the spirit that's gone, and wonder where they can get another flask filled with the same, and o'er his cold ashes upbraid him, knowing, of course, that he is in no condition to defend himself; but he'll little reck if they let him sleep on in a grave where a Briton has laid him, and not bother him to get up and take out a burial permit, or ask him to pay ground rent. We wish here to correct the impression that a lowly and sadly we laid him down from the field of his fame fresh and gory. We did no such thing. The corpse was washed and put in good shape, and we defy any man to show that there was a drop of gore about him. It is true that we carved not a line and we raised not a stone, because there was no stone-mason handy who would do the job at reasonable figures. About this time we heard the distant and random gun that the foe was sullenly firing, so we adjourned the funeral, left the deceased alone in his glory, and made ourselves scarce in that vicinity.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

### Margaret Fuller and Horace Greeley.

It was in December of 1844 that Margaret went to New York to take charge of the literary department of the *Tribune*. It was at first more the desire of Mrs. Greeley, between whom and Miss Fuller an intimate friendship existed, that induced Mr. Greeley to make her this proposition, which included a home in his family.

"For some months," says Mr. Greeley, "I did not fully appreciate her noble qualities. Though we were members of the same household, we rarely met save at breakfast, and my time and thoughts were absorbed in duties and cares which left me little leisure or inclination for the amenities of social intercourse. Fortune seemed to delight in placing us two in relations of friendly antagonism, or rather to develop all possible contrasts in our ideas and social habits. She was naturally inclined to luxury and a good appearance before the world. My pride, if I had any, delighted in bare walls and rugged fare. She was addicted to strong tea and coffee, both of which I rejected and condemned, even in the most homeopathic dilutions; while, my general health being sound and hers sadly impaired, I could not fail to find in her habits the cause of her almost habitual illness, and once, while we were still barely acquainted, when she came to the breakfast table with a very severe headache, I was tempted to attribute it to her strong potatoes of the Chinese leaf the night before. She told me quite frankly that she declined being lectured on the food or beverage she saw fit to take, which was but reasonable in one who had arrived at her maturity of intellect and fixity of habits."

### A Gobbler's Spree.

A farmer at Glenburn, Me, purchased some supplies in Bangor, among which was a pint of whisky. To avoid breakage, he placed the bottle in a box of rice, but found on reaching home that the bottle was broken and the rice saturated. He threw the rice behind his barn, and a big turkey soon paid his respects to it. In due time the turkey became dead drunk, and was found in that condition by the farmer, who thought that disease or poison had killed him. The bird was still warm, and the death evidently recent. The farmer would not eat him himself, but plucked him for market and left him in the stable. The next morning he found the bereft gobbler shivering naked on his roost, and looking on him with reproachful eyes.

A LARGE number of residents of Tulare county, Cal., have organized military companies to resist the proposed attempt of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company to eject them from their homesteads. They are located on railroad lands, to which they claim to have acquired a title. An attempt to eject them will bring about an armed insurrection.



SATURDAY, MARCH 22d, 1879.

## THE NEW SCHOOL HOUSE.

We notice the announcement posted up by the Board of Education to hold an election on the 31st day of March—the present month—on the evening of that day, in the public school building, for the purpose of borrowing money with which to build a new school house. At the same time we notice an editorial in *The Hollander*, in the Dutch language, which warns the people, in a very circumscribed manner against incurring any such debt as is proposed by the Board of Education. We take issue. On the ground that one member—and a practical and sagacious business man at that—has told us that the annual outlay in the past, present and future, has been and must be, larger than the amount necessary to cover the interest on the sum of money proposed to be borrowed. Some people, and the above mentioned article also, speak, or hint, that it is not necessary. Without any fear of contradiction, we invite any one to step down and inspect the old "ranch," which bore the name of "public school" too long; and see if he wants to commit his or her children to the penalty of sitting in such a dilapidated, rickety, disease breeding building as this is. Moreover, if the accident should ever happen that the buildings would get on fire, the "tinder-box" would take one quarter of the pupils with it to an untimely grave. Those that have no children cannot feel this anxiety—of course—and to that extent we will have to excuse them for a lack of that feeling which is unavoidable in others. Again—those that object to incurring the expenses will have to admit that this building is becoming too small, and that sooner or later we will have to enlarge it, or build a new one. Then we say—when will you borrow money easier, and when will you be enabled to build as cheap as is possible at the present time. When will labor, brick, lumber, lime, etc., become cheaper than it is now; nay, when will you see it so cheap again—for don't all reports agree that we have had the bottom of everything; and are not a great many enterprises decidedly improving, and prices gradually advancing? We for one believe that now is the time, and we hope to see the people sanction the intention of the Board of Education with a rising vote that will sound like the unanimous voice of a people that have always showed themselves ready to promote the welfare and education of the youths given in their care by the hand of Providence. In view then of the above, we pronounce the new school house a necessity, and to incur debt for a necessity, needs no excuse, and ought not to be classed with the profligacy of other city governments. Truly, Holland City cannot be called extravagant. We would be nearer the truth, if anything, to pronounce it extremely economical.

## A NEGRO MINSTREL'S CONVERSION—HE WAS BAPTISED IN NEW YORK ON SUNDAY LAST.

It may be interesting to many of our readers who have had the pleasure of seeing and hearing the renowned minstrel, Bob Hart, to read of his conversion and baptism, on Sunday last, in New York City. We clip the following from the *Chicago Tribune*:

The Berean Baptist Church was the scene to-day of the mustering in of ex-"Senator" Bob Hart as a soldier of the Cross. James M. Sutherland, known to the theatrical world as "Bob Hart," was baptised at noon by the Rev. John Quincy Adams. The church was crowded, in anticipation of the baptism of the minstrel. The "Senator" looked supremely happy as he grasped the clergyman's hand, and when he emerged from the water there was a sparkle in his eye which spoke in unmistakable language of his religious enthusiasm. Had the place been other than a church, the great congregation would have broken forth in a burst of applause. There is probably no man in this city better known to the general public than "Senator" Bob Hart. He is 47 years of age, and for twenty-three years has been before the world in the character of a stump orator in the minstrel hall. His life has been one of dissipation and excitement. The whisky which inspired at first demoralized at last. He lost engagements because he was not reliable, and was fast descending to utter disgrace when the hand of Christ, as he says, was stretched forth to save him. Mr. Adams described the rescue of Bob Hart: "Four weeks ago Sutherland was returning to Hackensack. He had been on a spree, and was drunk at the time. Some person in the car told him Billy Dwyer had signed the pledge. The intelligence sobered him. He said to himself: 'If Dwyer can reform there is hope for me.' He determined to reform then and there. It was a terrible struggle with the whisky in his system, but, with the aid of his wife he fought it out. He hunted up Dwyer, went with him to Evans' temperance meeting, and signed the pledge. From that moment he began to seek salvation, and on the next Friday afternoon, was clearly

converted. The transformation of the man was complete. He has renounced the stage and is going to devote himself to the Gospel ministry. He will make a great clergyman. He has the gift of clothing his thoughts in language, and all he needs is preparatory study. He is the happiest man to-day I ever saw, and I believe he will make one of the most successful ministers the country has produced."

## Additional Local.

## Malarial Fever.

Malarial Fevers, constipation, torpidity of the liver and kidneys, general debility, nervousness and neuralgic ailments yield readily to this great disease conqueror, Hop Bitters. It repairs the ravages of disease by converting the food into rich blood, and it gives new life and vigor to the aged and infirm always. See "Proverbs" in other column.

Now that we are having changeable weather, and almost everybody has a "bad cold" you will do well to remember the virtue of Macalister's Cough Mixture, the best in the market for coughs, colds, asthma, spitting of blood, influenza, whooping cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Prepared by John P. Lee, cor. Halstead and Harrison strs, Chicago, and is for sale at Schouten & Westveer's drug store. Price 50 cts. and \$1. 36-6m

## Take Warning.

Directly around each bronchial tube where it enters the lungs, are about 20,000 minute air cells—in the entire lungs 600,000,000. A slight cold producing bronchial inflammation, a gathering of phlegm and a slight difficulty in breathing quickly involves the 20,000 air cells, and finally, if not remedied, the whole six hundred million become clogged with pus which must be healed or life will soon terminate. The world's great lung remedy, *Dr. King's New Discovery* for Consumption, readily heals and permanently cures the very worst cases of lung diseases, Coughs, Colds, Tickling in the Throat, Asthma, Hoarseness and difficulty of breathing in the shortest time possible. Trial bottles ten cents. For sale by Heber Walsh, Holland, Michigan.

## A Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many Physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Diseases. It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are pre-disposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption, Hemorrhages, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the Breast, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, &c., who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Syrup. To such we would say that 50,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint. Consumptives try just one bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists in America.

## Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per box. For Sale by Heber Walsh Holland, Michigan.

One of the finest preparations for the Hair we ever got acquainted with is "Lee's Hair Renewer." It is the best article to restore the color and prevent the falling out, and can be had at Schouten & Westveer's drug store. Price only 50 cents. 36-6m

## NOTICE.

The undersigned, Dr. L. E. Best, having settled in the city of Grand Rapids, offers his services as a Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur to the public at large, and whereas he pays particular attention to chronic diseases, and fine surgery, he has concluded to stop at the City Hotel, in the City of Holland, on Saturday of each week, where he can be consulted during the day.

L. E. BEST, M. D.  
GRAND RAPIDS, NOV. 25 1878.

## New Advertisements.

DO YOU  
INTEND TO BUILD?

If so, then Go to  
**J. R. KLEYN'S**  
HARDWARE STORE,  
(next to P. & A. Steketee.)

And purchase your goods of him, if you want to profit by the advantages offered in  
SASE, DOORS, BLINDS, GLASS, NAILS,  
LOCKS, and  
GENERAL HARDWARE,  
Farmer's Tools, Clover,  
Timothy and Excellent Fresh  
Garden Seeds on hand.  
HOLLAND, Mich., March 22, 1879.

## GREENBACKS AT PAR.

Now is the time to buy your Clothing cheaper than ever before offered in the State of Michigan.

AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE  
OF  
**E. J. HARRINGTON,**  
—ALSO—  
A Handsome variety of  
BROCADE DRESS GOODS,

In the most beautiful shades and colors, with the buttons to match the goods.

These Goods must be seen to be appreciated, and are offered so cheap that they are within the reach of anybody.

Sheeting bleached and unbleached. Calicoes in endless variety from the Cheapest to the Best

FRENCH COLOGNE.—The finest and cheapest in the Market.

A NOVELTY—A kid glove cleaner. In a few minutes you can make your kid glove look like new. Come and examine our celebrated Badger State Shawls.

Grain Bags--American A's and Stark A's--very cheap.

A large stock of Boots and Shoes will be sacrificed to make room. Our Grocery line is always full and complete.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, ss.  
At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, held at said County Office, in the City of Grand Haven in said County, on Wednesday, the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Albert Plueger, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Maria Kanter, representing that said Albert Plueger, lately died in said County of Ottawa in testate, and that his estate has been fully administered, and the administratrix discharged from further trust, but that the real estate belonging to said estate, has not been assigned to the heir at law, and praying that this Court may adjudicate and determine who are the heirs at law, and entitled to said estate. Thereupon it is ordered, that **Tuesday the fifteenth day of April** next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said Petition, and that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the probate office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "Holland City News," a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. A true copy. Attest: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate. 6-4w

## MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 26th day of May, A. D. 1872, executed by Galen Eastman, of the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, and State of Michigan, to Walter Wright, of the City of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Ottawa, in the State of Michigan, on the first day of June, A. D. 1872, in Liber X of mortgages, on page 142, which said mortgage was for a valuable consideration, duly assigned by Thomas Lyman and Lewis D. Webster, executors of the estate of the said Walter Wright, deceased, to Oliver A. Whitney, on the eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1879, which said assignment was duly recorded in the said office of Register of Deeds for said County of Ottawa, on the 15th day of February, 1879, in Liber 13 of Mortgages, on page 80, by the non-payment of money due thereon as provided by the terms of the same, and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred and fifty-two dollars, (\$452) with interest thereon, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from this date, together with an attorney fee of ten dollars, then in provided, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the amount now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. *Note, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 28th day of June, 1879, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Haven, County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Ottawa is holden), there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the lands and premises situate in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage as above specified, with interest thereon at ten per cent., and all legal costs, together with an attorney fee of ten dollars, as provided for therein; said premises being described as follows, to-wit: The northwest fractional quarter, also the east half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-nine (29), in township eight (8), north of range sixteen (16) west, containing 286.65-100 acres, more or less, according to Government survey.*  
Grand Haven, March 18, 1879.  
OLIVER A. WHITNEY, Assignee of Mortgage.  
LOWISO & CROSS, Attorneys for Assignee. 6-13w

Macalister's  
COUGH MIXTURE.

An Extra Fine Remedy for  
**COUGHS.**

MACALISTER'S Cough Mixture loosens the phlegm, and acts like a charm in cases of  
**ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and CROUP.**

Those who are troubled with coughing at night, can find immediate relief.

No family ought to be without it.

Prepared only by  
J. P. LEE, Chicago, Ill.

## LEE'S HAIR RENEWER

Restores the Hair to its Original Color, and prevents it from falling out.

Both these remedies are for sale at  
DR. SCHOUTEN'S Drug Store.

Eight Street, Holland Mich. 6-1y

## G. A. KONING LOCKS! LOCKS!

Wishes to inform the citizens of Holland and vicinity that he has removed his stock of GROCERIES in the Jewelry store of

**J. ALBERS,**  
One door west of Beman, where can be found a complete stock of

## GROCERIES.

I have on hand a fine lot of  
**COFFEES, TEAS, SPICES, CANDIES, CIGARS and TOBACCOES.**

I have a Japan Tea at 40 cts which cannot be surpassed

Also a nice lot of Cooking and Eating Apples, Potatoes, Cabbage, Turnips and all kinds of Vegetables.

Fresh Oysters and Sweet Cider Always on hand.

Choice Butter & Fresh Eggs.

GIVE ME A CALL. 48-3m

## TRUTHS.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Bitters EVER MADE.

They are compounded from Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion—the oldest, best and most valuable medicines in the world, and contain all the best and most curative properties of other Bitters, being the great Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and Stimulant, these Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitt is at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. **\$500.00** Will be paid for a cause they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer yourself or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters. Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made: the "Invalid's Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them. Try the Bitters to day.

TRY HOP COUGH CURE AND PAIN RELIEF.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York. 1-26w

## ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from A Nervous Debility, PREMATURE DECAY and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York. 1-26w



SOLD BY  
**H. MEYER & CO.,**  
DEALERS IN

Furniture, Coffins, Sewing Machines, Etc.,  
RIVER STREET, HOLLAND MICH.

## NEW LOCKS!

The Latest Improved Locks!

Simple. Beautiful. Safe.

We call the attention of the public, who are or anticipate to build, to our Stationary Knob Shank Mortice Lock.

Come and examine. We will cheerfully show the goods and explain their operation.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.  
Opposite the Post-Office.

## CANT-HOOKS!

CANT-HOOKS.  
THE NEWEST, STRONGEST, AND BEST.

29-1y WM. C. MELIS.

## SPRING GOODS

Just received at

**P. & A. STEKETEE.**

A large line of new Spring Style Calicoes and a splendid lot of Gingham, also

A new lot of fine Dress Goods, new Spring Styles.

Skirts, Balmorals, Sheetings—bleached and unbleached—in endless variety.

—ALSO—  
An immense lot of Flannels, in all colors, and of different prices.

A large stock of BOOTS, SHES and RUBBER GOODS, also

A complete line of Groceries, which are always kept fresh by continual arrival. Dobbins' and other first-class Soaps in large quantities.

Oranges and Lemons from the West Indies.

Our 40 cts. Tea beats everything.

Just Received Fresh

**GARDEN SEEDS**  
and REID'S FLOWER SEEDS.

P. & A. STEKETEE.

HOLLAND, Feb. 8, 1879.

AGENTS WANTED  
FOR OUR GREAT WORK,

History of the United States

Being a complete history of all the important industries of America, including Agricultural, Mechanical, Manufacturing, Mining, Commercial and other enterprises.

ABOUT 100 LARGE OCTAVO PAGES AND 200 FINE ENGRAVINGS. NO WORK LIKE IT EVER PUBLISHED.

Second Edition Now in PRESS.  
For terms and territory apply at once to

The Henry Bill Publishing Co., Norwich, Ct.  
2 In-5w.—\$5.50.

## WATCHES!

Great Reduction in Prices of  
**ELGIN WATCHES.**  
Stem and Key-Winding Watches, Silver Cases, Fine Movements.

ONLY \$11.00

—ALSO—  
CLOCKS VERY CHEAP.

at H. WIJCKHUIZEN.  
Watch and Clockmaker, 9th street, opposite First Reformed Church, Holland, Mich. 8-13



## Notings.

ELECTION is drawing nigh, and still we hear of no primary meetings in this city.

MR. J. ALBERTI, one of our livery men, arrived home on Thursday morning, and brought fourteen horses with him.

MESSRS. WALSH & BENCH are paying 95 cents per bushel for wheat, and the farmers are rushing it in again at a lively rate.

HARD times in Germany are shown in nothing more than in the consumption of 6,000,000 gallons less beer in 1878 than in 1877.

IN south Georgia the negroes are rapidly withdrawing from the labor markets, settling upon cheap lands, and working for themselves.

MR. J. KUTTE, our popular butcher, was presented last week with another prospective assistant. He tipped the beam at nine pounds when he made his first salute.

MR. L. de Groot, our popular barber, across the way, inaugurated his spring work, by cleaning up and newly papering his barbershop. Well done, Leen! It looks first-rate!

MR. THOS. PURDY, our popular fruit-grower, who has sojourned during the past winter at Lake View, Montcalm Co., has arrived back to take charge of his fruit farm. Welcome back!

THE leading topics on the street during the past week were: 1st, the blast furnace; 2nd, two public halls; 3d, a new school house, and 4th, a large organ in the first church. Blow ye winds of money, blow.

WE have just received Lippincott's Magazine for April, and we bid it welcome. It is replete with interesting reading matter, and is printed beautifully and illustrated handsomely. Its typographical appearance improves from year to year.

QUITE a commotion was created on Tuesday last in some circles when the fact was revealed that Mr. Israel O'cott was married to Miss Anna Kuite, both of this city, some six weeks ago, by Justice I. Fairbanks. Some of the parents feel very indignant about it.

As an item of interest we can mention that Mr. G. A. Koning bought and shipped over 3,000 dozen of eggs during the last two weeks. Considering the amount of dealers engaged in this business, we can form a faint idea of the amount of eggs shipped out of this Colony weekly.

MRS. L. M. BOISE, of Grand Rapids, will deliver a temperance address at Hope Church on Friday evening next. The public are cordially invited to attend. On Friday afternoon Mrs. Boise will address the ladies of the W. C. F. U. at Hope Church. All ladies interested in the subject of temperance are invited to be present.

THE very latest news about the Blast Furnace, is that we will certainly have it if we complete our effort. About this we have very little doubt. Parties from Olive, West Olive, Jamestown and Blenden have expressed a desire to help us. Jamestown people say "that they alone have wood enough for a furnace for ten years to come". Everything looks very favorable.

AN exciting little runaway took place on Monday last. Mr. Tinhout, of Zealand, had his team standing on River street, near Howard & McBride's law office, when they took flight, ran down to Seventh street, up Seventh to Market street, where they turned up toward the City Hotel and stopped before the sidewalk—it lying a little too high to suit their notion. The wagon was smashed to pieces but no persons got hurt.

ON Monday morning last the United States Circuit Court, in session at St. Louis, decided the case of the American Mouldings Purifier Company against the millers of this city, in favor of defendants, on the ground that the reissued patent does not conform to the original, and therefore is invalid. The Minnesota cases follow the St. Louis cases. Plaintiffs will probably appeal to the United States Supreme Court. This will, no doubt, be welcome news to our millers who have these patent machines in their mills.

FOR some time past it was noticed that Mr. J. B. Davidson was suffering from some mental derangement, and gradually growing worse, his relatives and friends deemed it advisable to take him to Kalamazoo for treatment. He was accordingly adjudged insane by competent authority, and on Friday last Sheriff Verplanke took him to Kalamazoo. Let us hope he will soon recover. Mr. Davidson was of an amiable disposition, sober, industrious and withal a pleasant person. Everybody who believes in "Friendship, Love and Truth," will join us in sincere sorrow over the calamity which befell him and his family.

THE Best, Safest, and Cheapest remedy for all affections of the Bladder and Kidneys—such as gravel, diabetes, etc.—is the Genuine Imported Harlem Oil. For sale at J. O. DeBure's Drug store only. Price 25 cts per bottle. 6-13 w.

JACKSON county is forming a soldiers' and sailors' union.

THE fruit crop in the vicinity of Memphis, Tenn., was injured Sunday night by a hard frost.

ON Thursday morning last the melodious whistle of the stove factory called the hands to work for the first time this Spring.

READING and Allentown, Pa., had sulphur showers Monday, the rain leaving a yellow deposit which had the smell of, and burned like, sulphur.

THE total number of bills and joint resolutions introduced in the House of Representatives during the Congress which has just expired is 6,826, and for the Senate is 1,936.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post office at Holland, Mich., March, 20th, 1879. John Wissers, Mrs. L. Curtis, Wesley Smith.

WM. VERBEEK, P.M.

THE city of Grand Haven has another first-class commotion about spiritual manifestations in the house of one Kanhout. No doubt, this is a first class job! Wonder how much Kanhout gets for advertising Grand Haven during the dull season?

CAPT. BARNES, of St. Joseph, has arrived here with his engineer to fit out his tug-boat Daisy Lee, which has been undergoing repairs during the past winter at Anderson's ship yard. The captain is in fine health and spirits and feels as lively as ever.

A COMPANY is being formed in Milwaukee, Wis., for the purpose of building a flouring mill of one hundred run-of-stones capacity, thus giving to Milwaukee the largest flouring mill in the world. It is claimed that the company will be organized and the mill constructed without delay.

JUDGE STONE seems to have forgotten that the House of Representatives had pledged itself not to vote any subsidies, and gave his vote for Romb's Brazilian subsidy scheme. Ellsworth and Hubbell were the only other Michigan Congressmen who were affected by a like forgetfulness.—Grand Rapids Evening Post.

A RESOLUTION was adopted on Tuesday last by the House of Representatives of the Legislature of this State "that the religious exercises at the opening of this House be prefaced with singing; and that those interested in this subject be requested to meet that evening at the close of the afternoon session to make arrangements to carry out the suggestions of this resolution."

FROM a private letter received in this city we learn that Rev. Bronson's little girl, at present residing at Orleans, Ionia Co., was struck by a passing express train, a few days ago, throwing her 40 feet, and wonderful to relate, was not killed, although seriously injured. The letter did not state whether there was any hope of her recovery. Rev. Bronson was pastor of the M. E. Church in this city a few years ago.

ON Friday last Allegan county lost one of her oldest settlers, by death. Mr. Anthon Schorno, who was born in the highlands of Switzerland, 75 years ago, moved to this country and settled in Allegan county in 1836, raised a family of twelve children, all but one of whom are still alive, improved one of the finest and largest farms in Allegan county. He was taken sick with lung fever about three weeks ago, of which disease he died on Friday, the 18th inst.

PURSUANT to call a meeting of the friends of temperance was held at the Union Schoolhouse on Monday evening. After some discussion it was resolved to revive the red ribbon organization. The following persons were appointed a committee to revise the constitution and by-laws: J. C. Post, W. Cropley, P. Koning, Prof. Bangs, Rev. H. Uiterwijk and the chairman of the meeting—G. Van Schelven. The "Reynolds" pledge will be circulated during the week, and the next meeting will be held on Wednesday evening, at the same place, to complete the reorganization and elect new officers.

MR. J. D. HUSTED, Esq. proprietor of the "Lowell Nursery," informs us that the orchards in and around Lowell are in the best possible condition for a good crop of fruit. The weather has not been cold enough this winter to injure the buds in the least. The coldest weather there the thermometer showed only 2 deg. below zero—that is—on the fruit lands where the elevation was from 150 to 200 feet. We could almost say: likewise here. Several thermometers have been watched, and the very lowest only showed 6 below on one morning this winter. Our fruit trees look healthy and the buds has begun to swell.

IN answer to repeated inquiries by my customers for a First-Class Felt Hat, I have purchased a stock of the finest hats in the market—the "Stetson," commonly known as the Philadelphia hat. It is a superb article, and are for sale at very low figures, at 6-14.

D. BERTSCH.

ACTIVE operations have been commenced on Kenosha harbor.

THE lately reopened mint at New Orleans has already made thirty thousand daddy dollars.

THE profits of the walking-match for the walkers are: Rowell, \$21,500; Ennis, \$12,300; Harriman, \$8,500; O'Leary, \$1,000.

QUEEN Victoria, it is rumored, has expressed a strong wish to see Canada, and the Prince of Wales is encouraging her to visit both that country and the United States.

OLD Mr. Wheaton, father of Mr. Ed. Wheaton, fell dead at Hamilton, on Friday last, while sawing wood with his son, of heart disease. Only a few days ago we saw the old gentleman, apparently in very good health.

A UNION Caucus will be held in the Town House of the Township of Holland, on Thursday, the 27th inst., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Everybody is invited to attend regardless of previous party affiliation.

BY ORDER OF MANY CITIZENS.

THE now famous contest in pedestrianism, in New York city, last week, closed on Saturday night. Rowell, (the Englishman) won the race; Ennis takes second money, and Harriman third. Ennis is making arrangements to go to England to compete for the champion belt once more.

THE LIBRARY MAGAZINE for March will be ready on the 28th—not dated in advance, as is the custom—its contents being mainly from the foreign publications of same date, thus giving what is newest in the literary world. \$1.00 a year, or 10 cents a number. American Book Exchange, Publishers, N. Y.

CONGRESS met on Tuesday last, and organized in a few minutes after meeting. The old speaker, Mr. Randall, was re-elected in the House. The Senate was ready for business a few minutes after meeting, and sent messages to that effect to the House and to the President and then adjourned to the following day.

IS'NT IT SO? As we jog through this world of ours, we all have our share of ups and downs of life, to encounter, some of us have bad coughs and colds that ere long will lead to Consumption unless cured. The American Cough Cure, is the best remedy on Earth, the best Physicians say there is nothing equal, try it once and be convinced, large size bottle for 50 cts. Sold by T. E. Annis & Co., Druggists and Apothecaries, Holland, Mich.

At a meeting of the executive board of the Kent County Agricultural society on Monday of last week the secretary was instructed to issue circulars to all county agricultural societies in the state, requesting that delegates be sent to the meeting here on April 10, to organize the Western Michigan Agricultural society. Gentlemen from Berrien, Kalamazoo, Ottawa, Muskegon, Oceana and other counties made speeches in favor of the movement.

WE are informed by Grand Haven parties that the westerly winds and cold weather the past few days have driven a field of ice about two miles wide against this shore, which is keeping fish tugs from lifting their nets, set a week ago, and will probably destroy the nets. The steamer Minneapolis, from Milwaukee, with thirty passengers, arrived outside at 4 A. M. on Tuesday, but was unable to break her way in, and remained a mile outside. Twenty passengers walked ashore over moving cakes of ice. Thus the poor fishermen of Grand Haven will perhaps sustain another heavy loss.

IT is no doubt interesting to our mariners to know the present condition of our harbor. We are informed by Mr. W. W. Burke, inspector at this port for the U. S. Government, that from the place where the steps lead up to the lighthouse to the end of the south pier, the least water is 7½ feet. Inside and outside of this there is considerable more. The channel is located in the middle until you reach the steps mentioned above, then hug the south pier straight out, at the end of which you can steer as you please and you will find plenty of water. The water in Lake Michigan is at present a foot lower than the usual standard, and consequently there will be 8½ feet at the least when the Lake assumes her natural stage. The Government will add 100 feet to the north pier and 100 feet to the south pier during the coming season, and in addition thereto permission has been asked to dredge the whole length—a centre cut—to the depth of 16 feet. We appreciate the interest Mr. Burke takes in the welfare of this community by watching closely over our harbor, and recommending such repairs and improvements as will both be lasting and for immediate benefit.

### Indigestion.

THE main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and to keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See other column.

80 & 82 Canal St.

March 1st, 1879.

DRY GOODS!

Our Advertisement will cover this space for the ensuing year.

Thanking our patrons for their very liberal patronage during the past, we hope by fair dealing and polite attention to merit a continuance of the same.

Our stock will be second to none.

Our prices as low as the lowest.

Our Goods will be marked in plain figures, and

Our system of (One Price) strictly carried out.

Having facilities for buying as low as any in the trade, together with a long experience and full knowledge of the business, we fear no legitimate competition.

Our Spring Opening will be announced in this space in a couple of weeks.

F. W. WURZBURG,  
Corner Canal & Bronson St  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

FIRST WARD  
DRUG STORE,

Three doors East of Kruisenga's Store.

Dr. R. A. Schouten,

PROPRIETOR.

This new store will keep a full supply of the best and finest

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Article, Cigars,

Writing Material, Snuff,

And the finest assortment of

Wines & Liquors,

(for Medicinal use only.)

And almost everything else belonging in a well stocked drug store.

The above firm are the manufacturers of DR.

SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS

AND

Compound Syrup of Rhubarb.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours,

day or night. 36-1y

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the recipe for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and Blemishes, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, enclosing 3c. stamp,

BEN. VANDEL & CO., 20 Ann St., N. Y.

1-29w

Joslin & Breyman,



Watchmakers & Jewelers,

DEALERS IN

Silver Ware, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry & Fancy Goods.



ALL KINDS OF SPECTACLES.

Full Line of Gold Pens.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Executed.

HOLLAND, March 24, 1878.

6-17.

A Large and Fine  
NEW STOCK  
—OF—  
BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—  
E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALL AND SEE US.

I am now selling the Howe Sewing Machine, and will henceforth keep it for sale at my store. Peddling machines with wagons has been abolished for the simple reason that the prices of machines are too low to admit of any expense in that way. Call in and get bargains.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1877.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE,

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes

Rubbers, Slippers, etc.

Of the neatest styles and best qualities which offer cheaper than anybody else.

Makes Custom Work

Specialty.

D. B. K. VAN RAALTE.

THE WORLD'S BALM.

DR. L. D. WYBURN'S ALTERNATIVE SYRUP.

A remedy used Thirty-five years in a private practice, and never failing to radically cure

RHEUMATISM,

Dropsy, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Secondary Syphilis, Gravel, Diabetes, and all diseases in which the blood is impurified, is now offered to the public.

Sold by all Retail Druggists, and (wholesale only) THE WEYBURN MEDICINE CO. P. O. Box 338, Rochester, N. Y.

1-26w

Money! Money!!

Can be made by examining the large new stock of

FURNITURE

Which I have purchased lower than ever will sell cheaper than ever before.

A FULL LINE OF CARPETS, FROM THE CHEAPEST TO THE BEST.

Come and see the goods and ascertain prices before on purchase.

Beautiful Live Geese Feathers, Cheap.

Wall Paper at Wholesale and Retail.

Bedroom Sets and Parlor Sets.

Coffins and Caskets always on hand.

Fair dealing can be relied on.

While I thank the public for their patronage of the past, I hope to merit and solicit a liberal share of it for the future.

N. B. Call and see a most beautiful variety of Camp Chairs, ornaments, picture frames, brackets etc., etc.

S. REIDSEMA.

HOLLAND, May 15, 1878.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address,

E. A. WILSON, 191 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

1-26w

A NEW STORE!

H. W. VERBEEK & CO.

Have re-opened their extensive Furniture business, closed by the big fire of 1871, on the corner of

Ninth & River Streets.

In opening this store we open the finest and largest Furniture store in Ottawa Co., and respectfully invite our old customers to come and examine our stock of goods, consisting of the finest and best kinds of furniture to the cheapest, including all the latest styles, such as East Lake, Queen Anne, etc., which we offer at

Very Low Prices.

Having bought everything new we can sell lower with a small profit, than old stock can be sold "at cost."

A complete stock; come and see for yourself.

Remaining Proprietors of the

PHENIX

Planing Mill,

We are prepared to manufacture furniture to order and can afford to sell common ware very cheap.

We also keep ourselves prepared to do all kinds of Planing, Matching, Re-sawing, making of Doors Sash and Blinds, etc.,

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

HOLLAND, Mich., July 25, 1873.



## A LIFE SCENE.

BY E. J. GRUBER.

They tell me I am sad,  
A gloom is on my brow,  
And ask me why I should  
Let grief afflict me now.  
They point me to the beauties,  
That fit so bright and gay,  
And urge it is my duty  
To chase dull care away.

I muse me much on childhood,  
Those sunny days of yore,  
When all was true and faithful,  
Nor hearts corruption wore;  
They little think their pleasures  
Can have no charms for one  
Whose inmost soul's deep measures  
Lie buried in the tomb.

My early vision opened  
Upon a glorious day;  
My aspirations towered  
Among the stars away;  
My life was bright and joyous,  
My heart was light and free,  
And all earth's pleasant voices  
Spoke glowing truths to me.

There was an angel guardian—  
She had no other name—  
That lighted up my pathway,  
Who lured me on to fame.  
Her form was pure as ether;  
A smile had crowned her brow;  
Her voice was soft as evening—  
I seem to hear it now.

We wandered oft together,  
Through woods, o'er hills and dales;  
Our thoughts were reaching ever  
To pure Elysian vales,  
Where mortals know no sin,  
And bright hopes ever grow;  
Where there no earthly chain  
Ever thralls, as here below.

It was one summer evening,  
The sun had sunk to rest—  
As seated on a mossy bank  
She reclined upon my breast,  
Her eyes filled with emotion,  
That pure platonic love,  
She spoke to me of heaven,  
The spirit world above.

She whispered that the angels  
Had beckoned her to come;  
She told me death, their messenger,  
Would bear her quickly home.  
She noted for a moment  
The pallor on my cheek;  
I could but murmur faintly  
"Oar at leave me, dearest—speak!"

Her eyes as softly beaming  
Were turned again to mine,  
In a sad, sweet smile reproachful,  
In a look that seemed divine,  
She said our life was happy—  
Our joys were all complete—  
As to the light of reason  
We bowed in homage sweet.

"Look to our Great Creator;  
His laws are bright as day;  
We've thought and studied on them  
And would not disobey.  
But then His edicts issued—  
I feel it plainly now—  
To hear my soul to heaven;  
To His blest command I bow.

"But then you will regret not,  
Around your path of life,  
My snowy wings I'll hover  
And guard you in the right.  
But fall not—be a teacher  
Of our Great Father's laws,  
And to earth's erring creatures  
Unfold His holy cause.

"And lead them up to virtue,  
That purest gem of life;  
Seek to assuage corruption,  
To turn the tide of strife.  
The silent shades of twilight  
Now deepened into night;  
The moon, in bright effulgence,  
Now shed her glorious light.

I turned to catch one whisper  
From her, almost adored;  
A smile was on each feature,  
But she spoke no thrilling word.  
I pressed her hand with fervor,  
With a shudder all unknown;  
The crushing truth flashed on me—  
Her spirit bright had flown.

I held the priceless casket  
Long hours while there remain,  
With hope the soul, its jewel,  
Would soon return again.  
But not in child-like silence,  
As one who walks in sleep,  
I heard not and I cared not  
For the sound of moving feet.

Beneath the weeping willow,  
Within the old church-yard,  
They made for her a pillow  
Where grows the fresh, green sward.  
Years still are fleeting onward,  
And memory still is true—  
I but live for fame and honor  
And the good that I can do.

Then urge no more your pleasures,  
But keep them for your own;  
I have a living fountain  
This world has never known.  
And, when in thought or action,  
A wrong would enter in,  
Bright wings are rustling ever  
To beguile me from all sin.

Chicago Ledger.

## A BURGLARY AND AN ELOPEMENT.

"I tell you," cried Arthur Lambert, in a rage, "if I catch that sneaking scoundrel in this house again, I'll break every bone in his body!"

Rose Lambert laughed derisively.

"Take care that you don't come off second-best, my valiant brother. Charles is not a 'sneaking scoundrel,' and I think that if you came to blows with him you would be in danger of being the greatest sufferer of the two!"

"I'm not afraid of him, nor of all the Gores who ever sung psalms."

"I don't think that Charles was ever hurt by any psalm-singing. He has not been to church, that I know of, since he gave up preaching at St. Blossom, and never did like it. Indeed, I only wish he was a little more serious."

"He'll be serious enough after I've had hold of him."

Rose put on a highly-quizzical expression.

"Now, my dear brother, what on earth is the use of talking about Charles Gore in that way? You have forbidden him the house forty times, you have forbidden me to see him just as often, and have threatened to whip him ever since he first began to pay attention to me. I am quite tired of your blustering, and know that it means nothing; so I advise you to put on a smiling face, let me have my own way, and make the best of it."

"I have done nothing but talk, so far," replied the wrathful young man, "and now I'm going to act. I warn you, if you care anything for Charles Gore, not to let him come here again; for if I catch him I shall certainly give him the worst thrashing any man ever got in this town!"

And off he went, and banged the door behind him.

The fact was that Charles Gore was very much in love with Rose Lambert, and Rose Lambert was very much in

love with Charley Gore; but Arthur Lambert was tremendously prejudiced against the young man, and took every possible occasion to say bitter things about him before Rose.

Of course this only fanned the flame of her love for him. There is nothing like a little wholesome persecution to intensify a love affair; so the more Arthur swore his sister shouldn't marry Gore, the more she declared she would.

As for Gore, he was a terribly lazy fellow. He had gone into the church on leaving college, only because he thought a parson's life an easy one; but sunny little escapades he indulged in during his clerical experience created a great scandal about him, and when he came into his property at his father's death, he found that even the slight labor of preparing two sermons a week, and making his pastoral visits, fatigued him too much; so he left his church in St. Blossoms, and retired to his old homestead, Cedar Point, and settled down in the sweet indolence of bachelorhood. He sat in his garden, or on the piazza that overhung the bay, and smoked and read all the afternoon for days and days together, until he met Rose Lambert, when an extraordinary fit of energy took hold of him, and he rowed down the bay three miles to her brother's house every day, and came back in the evening.

When Arthur Lambert forbade him the premises, they used to fix upon various secluded little nooks along shore for trysting places, and continued to meet as before. Charley would go to the house, too, once in a while; but he was always liable to discovery, and then there was an inevitable "scene" with Arthur.

"I'm not a bit afraid of him, you know," said the indolent ex-pastor, "but these scenes are so much trouble to a fellow; they're too much like work to suit me."

So Rose and he generally preferred to meet somewhere out of the house, until Arthur finally set his foot down that they should not meet at all, and the above conversation took place.

That very afternoon Charley rowed leisurely down the bay, keeping well in, near the shore, till he came to a picturesque little spot where two large rocks, standing at right-angles, left a sheltered, cozy corner, in which a primitive sort of seat was placed, just long enough for two. Here he grounded his boat, and sprung ashore.

"She isn't here yet," he soliloquized, looking at his watch; "but the time is hardly up."

He had just got the words out of his mouth when he saw the flutter of a shawl at the corner of the rock, and Rose presented herself, looking as blooming as her floral namesake.

Now I'm not going to tell all that they did and said when they first met, for most everybody knows all about it from experience; and, however nice such meetings are in real life, they are always a little flat to read in print. Therefore I shall omit the first ten minutes' conversation, and go at once to what concerns my story.

"What do you suppose Arthur is going to do?" asked Rose.

"I'm sure I don't know; whip me, I suppose."

"Yes; but that's not all. He is going to watch me, and if he finds out that we have met again he will lock me up in my chamber!"

"No—you don't mean it!"

"Yes—so he says."

"I tell you what it is, little maiden mine, I've got an idea."

"What is it?"

"The sooner we marry, the better."

The little maiden blushed, but didn't say anything against the proposition.

"This courting under difficulties," continued Charley, "is hard work, and you know I never had much taste for that. I had a good deal rather marry first and do the courting afterward. I shall have more time, and far better opportunities. In fact, it always seemed queer to me that men don't make love to their wives more than they do; they have such glorious chances! What do you say to our marriage now?"

Rose hadn't thought of it so soon. She blushed a good deal, and hesitated a good deal, but finally concluded that she had rather get ready in a few days, and be married without noise and ceremony, than to run the risk of being locked up, and having Charley insulted and troubled continually.

The rest of the conversation was, like the first part of it, altogether too personal to be appropriate for publication; and the young folks parted in the loftiest good humor. They were to meet once more, to make final arrangements, and on the next day but one Charley was to row down to the house and get Rose, who promised to contrive some means of sending Arthur away for a short while. They were then to return to Cedar Point together, where everything should be in readiness, and the knot would be tied.

Unfortunately, however, as Rose tripped down the shore toward home, after this last meeting, Arthur stepped up behind her and laid hold of her arm.

"Yes," said he, sardonically, "a very nice plan. I heard you—all you said—both you and that lazy, loafing, conceited puppy. Run away with him, will you? I like that! Come along, now, and we'll see whether a little quiet won't tame you down!"

In vain Rose struggled and scolded; in vain she insisted that her brother had no right to detain her, and threatened him with all sorts of legal actions, about which she knew a little less than nothing. He forced her to go home to her own room, and locked her safely in. At supper-time he sent her tea up, and allowed her plenty of books, her guitar, etc., but would not permit her to cross the door-sill.

She was terribly angry. She cried for the first half hour, then stormed a little, and finally commenced making examinations of the premises, with a view of escaping. The windows were high, and the rose-bushes below would make a dangerous landing-place; so she gave that idea up. The door was too strong to be burst open—the chimney too narrow to climb up; and she was reluctantly compelled to abandon one attempt after another, till she despaired of escaping, and did a little more crying over it.

Charley Gore was at the trysting-place at the appointed time, and waited disconsolately until it was nearly dark, when he rowed down to Lambert's house to see if he could catch a glimpse of Rose. He saw no one except Arthur, who sat on the piazza in front of the door glancing defiance at him. A visit under those circumstances being impossible, the disappointed young man turned about and rowed home, wishing that there were no such things as brothers, and very much puzzled to know what to do.

In the meantime Rose passed her time slowly and anxiously. She endeavored to bribe her chambermaid to send a letter to Cedar Point, informing Charley of her position; but the discreet handmaiden delivered the epistle to Arthur, who burned it, and informed his sister that she need not take the trouble to write again.

At the hour agreed upon Charley Gore and a friend, who was in his confidence, armed themselves, and, taking the lightest and swiftest of the many boats kept at Cedar Point, proceeded to Lambert's house. Gore did not know, of course, what ill-luck had befallen Rose, but was prepared for almost any thing. There was a light in her window, as agreed, and the rest of the house was auspiciously dark.

"I hope all is well," said the young man; "you stay in the boat, and I will go to the house alone. If I want you I'll whistle."

He walked cautiously across the little garden that lay between the house and the beach, and entered the front door, which was standing wide open. The parlor door was open, too, and the room in sad confusion. Two great bags of coarse canvas, filled with ornaments, etc., lay in the hall, and a quantity of clothing, tied up in a blanket, lay at the foot of the stairs.

Wondering what on earth could be the matter, Charley ascended the stairway, and just as he reached the second floor saw a man unlock Rose's door and coolly enter her chamber.

Rose, who was lying on the sofa, gave a scream of terror, and the man drew back alarmed. Gore made three steps from the head of the stairs to the door, and recognized in the stranger a man who had been committed to the St. Blossom jail for burglary, but who had been pardoned out.

"What, Jake Williams!" exclaimed Gore.

"Parson Gore, as I'm alive!" cried the burglar. "My game's up—I'd better sherry this crib!"

And he darted off before Charley could make out what he said. As he ran he dropped several silver spoons and forks, some skeleton keys, and a variety of articles, that showed what he had been about pretty plainly. He had seen Arthur Lambert ride into the village of St. Blossom that evening, and had hastened over to accomplish a robbery he had long been planning. The surprise of finding Gore in the house had frightened him, and he fled, leaving his booty behind.

Arthur, in the interim, had been much worried by a vague presentiment that Gore would prosecute his original intention of carrying Rose off that night, but some very urgent business had called him to St. Blossom, and he could not avoid going. He had left strict orders with the servants to admit no one; but two of them had taken advantage of his absence to go out visiting, and the chambermaid—the only one left—was so frightened by hearing the burglar's movements up stairs that she had hidden herself in the coal-cellar, and remained there speechless with terror.

Arthur transacted his business with all possible dispatch, and hurried home from the village as fast as his horse could carry him. Entering the yard in the rear of the house, he saw a small wagon standing by the high barn-yard fence, and perceived a man dart from the back door of the house toward this vehicle. The idea that it was Charley Gore, come to elope with Rose, flashed upon him instantly, and, swinging adroitly down from the saddle, he seized the retreating stranger and gave him a blow under the jaw that whirled him completely around. The man rallied, however, and administered a severe left-hander upon Lambert's nose that staggered him in turn. They then clinched and went down, Lambert choking his foe energetically, and the other endeavoring to get at a dirk concealed under his coat.

The fight was a severe one, and lasted several minutes, much "science" being displayed on both sides, and many contusions exchanged. At length, however, Lambert gained the victory, having choked the other nearly to death, and wrenched the dirk from his hand.

"Now, you infernal villain, you'll come here to steal my sister away, will you? When I forbid you the house again, I want you to stay away!" said he, with the heat of passion in his voice.

"Your sister!" gasped the fallen man; "your sister! Who the d—d I want her? When did you forbid me the house?"

"What do you mean?"

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that I told Rose that I would

thrash you if you ever came to see her again; and now I've done it."

"Who is Rose? I never came to see Rose."

Arthur thought that this was not Gore's voice; and, now that his first excitement was over, he perceived that the stranger's shoulders were somewhat broader than that young gentleman's.

"Why, bless my soul, you—no, you are not Charles Gore!"

"Gore! Parson Gore! No; he's in the house there now; he scared me off!"

"Gore in the house now! Where?"

"I don't know; let me up—you're almost killing me."

Lambert was in a predicament. In the struggle the rest of the spoons and forks had fallen from the burglar's pockets, and he now saw, for the first time, what the man's real object had been in visiting the house. He did not want to let him go, yet he could not stay there, with Charley Gore on forbidden ground.

After a moment's thought, however, he decided that he must prevent the elopement at all hazards, and, leaving Williams on the ground, he rushed into the house and up stairs, with the dirk still in his hand.

I am afraid that the encounter would have been a severe one if the two young men had met, both being armed, and Lambert being actually crazy with anger. Fortunately they didn't meet. Rose's chamber door stood wide open—the lamp was burning—but she was gone, and a number of her dresses, etc., with her. Lambert rushed down to the shore, but could see nothing—the boat had gone far out of sight while he was engaged with the burglar in the back yard.

Like a prudent young man, he resigned himself to the ruling of destiny, and made the best of it, as he ought to have done before. He called up the trembling chambermaid from the coal-hole; bade her put her house in order, and pick up the spoons; washed the blood from his face, and sat down to a glass of brandy and water and a cigar as cheerfully as the circumstances would permit. The burglar had very naturally absconded, but had carried off nothing with him, and, beyond the pounding he gave Lambert, and a little damage to some of the parlor ornaments, there was no harm done by his visit except to himself. The authorities were set upon his track, and he was soon an inmate of the St. Blossom jail once more.

The next week Charley and Rose set off on their wedding tour, and when they returned Arthur generously apologized, and offered them the right hand of friendship, which they accepted. They now occupy one house—Cedar Point—and the two brothers-in-law have had many a hearty laugh over the accidents and incidents of the night when there was a burglary and an elopement from the same premises.

## A Revolution in Stone-Cutting.

A revolution in stone-cutting seems likely to be accomplished by a machine invented by Mr. R. R. Atchison, of New York. It is operated by steam power, equivalent to that of a single horse; but it does the work of a dozen or more men, within a given time, in this laborious and unhealthy occupation, with the greatest accuracy and perfection. Heretofore it has seemed an impossibility to substitute machinery for hand-labor in the preparation of stone for costly buildings; but, after four years of unremitting thought and labor, Mr. Atchison appears to have accomplished that result. Few persons, except those engaged in building operations, can realize the amount of labor required to prepare a single stone designed for the walls of a substantial building, or the cost of the same. Days, weeks, and even months are sometimes expended in the cutting of a single block to the required dimensions. By the use of Mr. Atchison's machine great blocks of granite or other stone are smoothed with about the same rapidity that iron is planed by the well-known machinery used for that purpose.

## Neglected Presidential Homes.

Jefferson's home, Monticello, is to be sold at auction on the 20th inst. A bill has just been introduced into the Tennessee Legislature to give perpetual use and occupation of the Hermitage, the grave of Jackson, to Mrs. Sarah York Jackson and her heirs forever. The property is in a very dilapidated condition. In 1848 Tennessee bought the estate, some 500 acres in all, from Jackson's adopted son and namesake, for \$48,000 in bonds, the tomb itself with the acre in which it is situated remaining the property of the family. The attempt now making, therefore, to restore the property to the family is simply an attempt to redeem in some measure the reputation of the Commonwealth.—New York World.

## On a Lark.

A teacher in one of the Westfield (Ct.) public schools was startled the other day at the answer she got from one bright little fellow. On the blackboard was the picture of an ostrich, and the teacher described its great strength and power of endurance, closing by saying it was the only bird upon which a man could ride. "I know another," spoke up a little chap. "Well, what is it?" "A lark." Unsuspectingly the teacher asked, "How can you prove that, Johnny?" "All I know about it," said the boy, "is that mother every little while says father's off on a lark, and when he comes home he looks as if he had rode awful fast."

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## Farmers' Column.

### Artificial Glucose and Honey Adulteration.

BY PROFESSOR A. J. COOK, MICHIGAN AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

The subject of starch glucose is now claiming, and very justly too, much attention from the secular press. That it is a very inferior sugar, and often, if not always, more or less contaminated with sulphuric acid and other impurities, which render it unprofitable, if not unsafe and dangerous as an adulterant, is beyond question. The fact then that it is largely used to contaminate our sugars, syrups, and of late our honey, makes it important that the public understand the matter, that they may ask for and demand such prohibitory legislation as is necessary in the premises. Such legislation is contemplated, and is already receiving the attention of Congress, and several of our State Legislatures, which leads me to the present inquiry into the merits of the question. I shall consider the subject only as it bears on the producer and consumer of honey.

That glucose or grape sugar does often contain impurities that are poisonous and dangerous is obvious from chemical analysis, from the poisoning of people who have used adulterated syrups, and also that as a feed for bees it has often caused wide spread disease and death among these insects. From the fact of its exceeding cheapness bee-keepers have been led to feed it to their bees as a substitute for honey in furnishing winter supplies. The honey could thus be extracted and sold for at least double the cost of the glucose. Other persons, wholly unscrupulous, have fed it to their bees, to be stored in the comb, after which they have sold it for pure honey.

Now it seems perfectly apparent that bee-keepers have no right, indeed they cannot afford, to use it for either purpose. For bee food it should never be tolerated, as it is unwholesome. To be sure many fed it last winter safely, but last winter was exceptional. Bees flew every month and almost every week of the season. Even cider does bees no harm in the autumn when they are flying every day. But in the winter, when they are shut in for long weeks—may be long months—then it is that cider and other unwholesome food bring disaster. Possibly the most refined glucose would be safe any winter, though even this is very questionable; but were this so, how can the practical bee-keeper know that it is thus refined? He is in constant danger, if he uses it, of repeating the experience of the Rev. J. M. Shearer and others who fed glucose, and killed all their bees.

Again we are not sure that it is cheaper. It needs careful experiment to prove that it would not require enough more, from being less nutritious, to more than compensate for its cheaper price. Straw costs less per ton than hay, yet it is not a cheaper food. Bees are very apt in summer to carry their supplies of their winter stores up to the honey boxes and sections; hence the bee-keeper who fed glucose could never be sure, unless he took pains to extract the surplus in spring—which he would rarely do—that he was not selling adulterated honey the succeeding summer. This alone will preclude every honest bee-keeper, when he comes to rightly understand the matter, from ever feeding glucose under any pretense soever to his bees. But, says one, does not the chemist tell us that honey is a mixture of cane and grape sugar; what harm, then, if we add a little more of the glucose than would naturally be found in our honey?

I answer that sugar of flowers and sugar of starch or glucose are not identical. They may give the same reaction with copper, as shown in Trommer's test, but the nicer test of taste shows them to be wide apart. I believe that the sugar of flowers as found in honey is nearly if not quite as widely removed from grape sugar as is cane sugar. I believe that the chemist will soon find tests that will not only prove this, but will give quick witness of the presence of even a minute portion of glucose in our honey, so minute that even the person who feeds glucose or grape sugar for winter stores solely will not be safe from penalties or prospective laws.

We see then that the health of our bees, our markets and our people, all cry against the use of this article. Disregard of these counsels has already dealt a staggering blow to our reputation abroad, so that our foreign markets are seriously injured. It is to be hoped that Congress (State legislation would be but a partial cure) will speedily follow the example of the various European governments, by passing stringent laws against all possible adulteration of honey, making it a serious penal offence to put any but absolutely pure honey on the market.

Our neighbors have dug out many hundred peach trees, after several years, culture, have discovered them to be worthless seedlings. This loss might have been avoided by cutting off the branches close above the trunk, in the Spring, and budding three of the new shoots that would spring forth the following Autumn. All the young shoots should be permitted to grow the first Summer, otherwise the growth of the few left would be too vigorous, and the bark to coarse too work well. Such trees may be budded late in September, or even later.

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GRAND HAVEN, Mich., March 1st, 1879. 45-17

### Mortgage Sale.

WHEREAS default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage, dated the 13th day of May, A. D. 1871, executed by Roelof A. Schouten and Gijbertje Schouten, his wife, of the township of Zeeland, Ottawa county, Michigan, to Hubert Keppel, of Zeeland, aforesaid, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, in Liber X of mortgages, on page 93, on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1871, at one o'clock, p. m., and whereas, the said mortgage has been duly assigned by the said Hubert Keppel to Jan Bos, by assignment, bearing date the 18th day of February, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the said County of Ottawa, on the twenty-third day of February, A. D. 1878, at eight o'clock in the forenoon of said day, in Liber No. 4 of mortgages, on page 36, and the same is now owned by him, and whereas the amount now claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of one hundred and sixty five dollars and seventy-eight cents, principal and interest, and the further sum of twenty-five dollars as an attorney fee, stipulated for in said mortgage, and which is the whole amount claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative; *Now therefore notice is hereby given*, that by virtue of the power of sale and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa, on **Monday, the Twelfth day of May, next**, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day; which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Ottawa County and State of Michigan and described as the west eighteenth and 50-100 acre off of the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty-five in township six, north of range thirteen west, also a piece of land in said county commencing in the center of the Jennison road at the north-west corner of Hiram Andries' land running thence south fifty rods in a strip two rods wide, thence east a strip three rods wide and twenty rods long, thence south a strip of land two rods wide and fifty rods long to land owned by Jan Bos, said land being on the east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-four, in township six north, of range thirteen west, containing one acre and seventy-six rods of land according to the government survey, be the same more or less.

Dated, February 11, A. D. 1879.

JAN BOS, Assignee of Mortgage.

Geo. W. McBride, Atty. for Assignee. 1-13w

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9-17

### Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of an indenture of mortgage, dated and acknowledged and delivered, on the twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1877, by Jacob Van de Bovenhart, of the city of Chicago, Illinois, to Henry Westveer, of the city of Zeeland, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber No. 5 of mortgages, on page five hundred, on the thirtieth day of March, A. D. 1877, and assigned by Henry Westveer, on the ninth day of December, A. D. 1878, by an instrument in writing, to Gerrit A. Koning, of the city of Holland, Michigan. The assignment of said mortgage was on the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1879, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber No. 4 of mortgages, on page four hundred and thirty-eight dollars for principal and interest, also ten dollars as an attorney fee provided for in said mortgage. If proceedings are taken to foreclose the same, and no suit at law or in chancery having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, *Notice is hereby given*, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, for principal and interest, said attorney's fee and the cost and expenses of advertising, foreclosure and sale, allowed by law, at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, on **Monday, the nineteenth day of May, A. D. 1879**, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for the said County of Ottawa and State of Michigan). The premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in the city of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of lot numbered seventeen (17), in block numbered thirty-eight (38) in the city (late village) of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, according to the recorded map of said city.

Dated, HOLLAND, Mich., February 13, A. D. 1879.

GERRIT A. KONING,

Assignee of Mortgage.

HOWARD & McBRIDE,

1-13w Atty's for Assignee of Mortgage.

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J. VAN ZOEREN.

HOLLAND, July 14, 1878.

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HOLLAND, Aug. 17, 1878.

### Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of two certain mortgages, the one bearing date the eleventh (11) day of January, 1869, made and executed by William H. Lincare and Susan Lincare, his wife, of Georgetown, Ottawa County, Michigan, to George W. Denmore of same place, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the thirteenth day of January, 1869, at 2 o'clock p. m. in Liber R. of mortgages, on page 630, which said mortgage was duly assigned by the said George W. Denmore on the 17th day of January, 1869, to Benton E. Green, and which said assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber No. 13 of mortgages on page 24, on the 31st day of December, 1878, at 10 1/2 o'clock, a. m., upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date hereof, for principal and interest the sum of five hundred and twenty-five dollars and eighteen cents, and also an attorney fee of twenty-five (25) dollars as therein provided. The other said mortgage bearing date the tenth day of December, 1870, made and executed by William H. Lincare and Susan Lincare, his wife, of Georgetown, Ottawa County, Michigan, to Guy S. Walden, of the township of Zeeland and County of Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the 14th day of December, 1870, at 8 1/2 o'clock p. m., in Liber V of mortgages, on page 81, which said mortgage was duly assigned by the said Guy S. Walden on the sixteenth day of August, 1871, to Milton F. Marsh, which said assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber R of mortgages, on page 124, on the 23rd day of August, 1871, and which said mortgage was afterwards assigned by the said Milton F. Marsh on the 12th day of May, 1873, to August E. Green, which said last assignment was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, in Liber R of mortgages, on page 530, on the 14th day of May, 1873, at 8 o'clock, a. m., upon which last said mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date hereof, for principal and interest, the sum of four hundred and fifty-nine dollars and fifteen cents, (\$459.15) and also an attorney fee of \$15.00 as provided therein, and no proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said two mortgages, or that of either of them, or any part thereof; *Now therefore notice is hereby given*, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgages and each of them, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said two mortgages will be foreclosed by a sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises described in said two mortgages, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said two mortgages, together with interest and costs including said attorney fees, to-wit: all that certain piece or parcel of land known as the north-west quarter (1/4) of the north-east quarter (1/4) of section numbered thirty-two (32) town six (6) north of range thirteen (13) west, lying and being in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, at the front door of the Court House of Ottawa County, in the city of Grand Haven, in said County of Ottawa, and State of Michigan, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said county; on **Saturday the 12th day of April, 1879**, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Dated, GRAND HAVEN, January 2, 1879.

BENTON E. GREEN,

Assignee of said Mortgages.

LOWING & Cross, Attorneys for said Assignee.

48-13w

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## "Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Ottawa, ss. At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Tuesday, the eleventh day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Robertus M. de Bruyn, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Abraham M. Kanter, administrator, with will annexed of said estate, representing that said estate is fully administered, and praying that a day may be appointed for examining and allowing his final account, and that he may be discharged from further trust. Thereupon it is ordered, that

Thursday, the tenth day of April next,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, be assigned for the

hearing of said Petition, and that the heirs at law

of said estate, are required to appear at a session

of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate

Office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show

cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further

ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency

of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the

"HOLLAND CITY NEWS," a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy, (Attest