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Holland City News, Volume 23, Number 8: March 17, 1894

Holland City News

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Holland City News.

VOL. XXIII.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1894.

NO. 8.

Holland City News.
Published every Saturday. Terms \$1.50 per year, with a discount of 50 cents to those paying in advance.
MULDER BROS., Publishers.
Rates of advertising made known on application.
HOLLAND CITY NEWS PRINTING HOUSE, Van der Veen Block, Eighth St., Holland, Mich.

J. G. HUIZINGA, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office Eighth Street, over P. Stekete's Grocery Store, next to H. Walsh's Drug Store, where I can be found day or night.
OFFICE HOURS: 11:30 A. M. to 3:00 P. M., and 6:30 to 9:00 P. M. 23-1-2y

THE MARKETS.	
Wheat 54 cents	54
The early season brings into prominence the defective sidewalk.	
Ex-County clerk Walter S. Cole of Coopersville is again on the sick list.	
The seekers after winter greens are seen winding their way towards the bridge.	
We would kindly request our correspondents to arrange it so that their letters will reach us not later than Thursday morning.	
Sunday evening Rev. H. G. Birchby will deliver the third sermon in his series on the life of Jonah. Subject: "A great city's repentance."	
The Y. M. C. A. gospel meeting last Sunday was conducted by Rev. W. P. Law of Allegan. The leader next Sunday will be Rev. Cha's S. Dutton.	
Married, on Wednesday of last week, Geert De Wit, late of Fillmore, and Mrs. Arend Smit, of this city. They will reside at the home of the latter, on Thirteenth street.	
Cor. De Pree has abandoned for the present the project of opening a new drug store in this city and taken a position as drug clerk in the Central drug store of Dr. H. Kremers.	
A new and elegant front with plate glass will be placed in the drug store of H. Walsh & Son, and a similar improvement will be made in the millinery store of Werkman Sisters. E. Takken Jr. has the contract for both jobs.	
It seems impossible for an old, abandoned building in this city to long withstand the insidious fatality of "spontaneous combustion." The latest to succumb was the Brooks' shanty, on east Twelfth street. It contained ample material for a brilliant bonfire, Tuesday evening.	
Curtis M. Waffle of Ottawa Station reports that the other day while looking after some wild geese he noticed a white animal coming from under a fence, and is satisfied it was a white fox. With the exception of a few red hairs on his head and neck the animal was a pure white. Mr. Waffle failed to secure him.	
While the election laws seem to exclude candidates for office from acting as inspectors of election, this does not preclude them from serving as clerks of election. As inspectors they act as judges in a matter in which they are personally interested, while as clerks they merely render clerical assistance.	
The Junior C. E. of Hope church held their first annual celebration Tuesday evening. The exercises were of a very practical nature. The several officers of the society rendered their reports, supplemented by recitations and song. From 6:30 to 7:30 o'clock refreshments were served in the chapel to the parents of the members, and a large number of the former vailing themselves of the proffered hospitality. The membership of the society numbers 67.	
"The Century War Book" is to be published in weekly parts, by the Inter Ocean, at ten cents a copy and six coupons. This illustrated series contains the famous illustrated war papers as they appeared in the Century magazine. It will be a rare opportunity to obtain at a small cost authentic descriptions of the great battles and leaders of the late civil war. Copies can be seen at the news depot of M. Van Patten, who has the agency of the Daily Inter Ocean, and is ready to supply all demands.	
Samuel Edison, the father of the great electrician, was a man as simple and sterling in character as in his manners. His ancestors were Dutch millers on the Zuyder Zee, in Holland, who came to Elizabeth, N. J., soon after Manhattan Island was colonized. Thos. A. Edison was born in Ohio, where most great men are born now. In 1834 he changed his abode to Port Huron, Mich., where he began his career as newsboy on the railroad trains, and, by his own intelligent inquiries gained his first knowledge of chemistry and electricity.	
Evart Takken, Jr., has rented a part of the yard lately occupied by the Stave & Lumber Co. at the head of Black Lake, it being the triangle north and east of the old stave mill. He has secured a five years' lease of the premises and will establish a lumber yard thereon, including everything that is needed in the line of building material. The office now standing near the slip will be moved and made to front on River street. A large lumber shed, with a shop, will also be erected. Mr. Takken has taken what lumber the old firm had still on hand and expects to be ready for business in a few days.	

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CITY AND VICINITY.
Grand Rapids has a German daily.
Gasoline stores, a large line, at E. Van der Veen's.
Edwin Parker wa. elected president of Coopersville Monday.
Fourteen cords of wood were cut from one beech tree in Ottawa Station.
At the Spring Lake village election Monday Aloys Bilz relieved 105 votes to S. I. Rideout 58.
Antrim County had a local option election Monday, and it went "dry" with one majority.
Dan Coughlin—poor, persecuted Coughlin—is at Ishpeming, Mich., his old home, with his family, recuperating.
Prof. and Mrs. C. Doesburg entertained a large number of their friends at their home on Tenth street, Friday evening.
P. H. Wilms, our enterprising harrow manufacturer, in referring to his legal contest with the harrow-pool, says he has got that concern with its head under water.
Wednesday, the day designed as a Day of Prayer for corps, was observed in this city, as usual. Union services were held in several of the Dutch churches during the day, and also in the evening, and were largely attended.
Fred Douglass on the maltreatment of his race: "If the American people continue to tolerate the murders of negroes in the South there will come a day of vengeance. Beware how you pinion the arms of the black man, tread ruthlessly on human breasts and scourge with cruel hands your brothers. God still lives, and as a nation sows so shall it reap."
A new time table will go into effect on the C. & W. M. Sunday morning, by which four trains will be taken off between Grand Rapids and points on the northern division, until business warrants their reinstatement. Train No. 54 leaving White Cloud at 9:30 a. m. and arriving at Grand Rapids at 11:20 a. m., and No. 59 leaving there at 5:45 p. m. and arriving at White Cloud at 7:30 p. m. will be discontinued. The train leaving Muskegon at 6:45 a. m. and arriving at Waverly at 9:40 will also be taken off. The through trains will do business of the two former, and the Pentwater train will be made to answer the purpose of the two latter by meeting No. 2 from Grand Rapids at Waverly.
The circuit court convened on Monday, and was in session two days. Only one jury case was tried, on Tuesday, and all the other jurors discharged. The non-jury cases have all been carried over until April 30, to which date court has adjourned. The case of Van Etta vs. Huizinga has gone over to the August term, at the request of the plaintiff. The one jury case that was tried was that of the People vs. John Stanton, for bringing a lot of saws into the jail, where with two other prisoners, Henry Sickman and John Verhoeks of Grand Haven, charged with burglary, were to effect their escape, at suit this is what the prosecution attempted to establish. The jury went out at 5 o'clock p. m., and returned at 11 o'clock, unable to agree, one juror, from the township of Wright, holding out for acquittal, the other eleven voting for conviction. The trial of Sickman and Verhoeks, above named, went over to the August term, upon the request of the respondents. Some startling allegations were submitted in support of their request for a continuance. The officers at the time of the arrest caught the men burning a lot of new shoes in the stove at Sickman's house. In their hurry they had thrown a lamp full of oil in the stove. They alleged in their affidavit that Cornelius Donker, formerly of Grand Haven and now of Duluth, had left a lot of old pairs of shoes at Sickman's house, which the men were burning to get them out of the way, and it was essential to their defense to secure the testimony of this man Donker.

Auction sales are very popular at present in the rural districts.
The Holland City News and the Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, one year, for \$1.25.
Children will soon be searching the hills for that sweetest of spring flowers the trailing arbutus.
A. Westerhof is passing out his milk now from a new delivery wagon, very neatly arranged for the business.
Tom Huizinga, the well-known drug clerk at Walsh's, will build him a new residence on Eighth street. Architect Price is preparing the plans.
The next annual meeting of the Holland Rod and Gun club will be held at the Ottawa County Times office, on Tuesday evening March 20, at 7:45 p. m.
Mrs. J. R. Roberts announces that she is ready to go out and do family sewing. Residence on Tenth street, near Land. Orders may be sent through the post office.
Ex-prosecuting attorney Peter J. Danhof of this county is pressing his claim for the appointment of assistant U. S. district attorney. He is backed by "referee" Dud Watson.
Marshal Van Ry requests us to call the attention of all to whom this notice will apply, to the urgency of an immediate repairing of their sidewalk wherever such may be necessary.
The Band of Workers of the M. E. church will give a "warm sugar" social at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wise, on Tenth street, Friday evening, March 23. All are invited.
List of letters advertised for the week ending March 15, '94 at the Holland Post Office: Jennie Essenberg, J. Grant Heth, Peter Hudema, Mr. Jan De Ruiters, De Wed. Roozeboom, G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.
The Goodrich line of steamers between Chicago, Grand Haven and Muskegon will open April 2, the steamer Racine leaving Chicago on the evening of the day on her first trip. The service will be tri-weekly for a few weeks.
The first clearance of the season was on Wednesday, when Capt. F. Haven sailed his schr. Addie to Manistee. He took a large supply of eggs with him. The schr. Mishicott left the same day, also bound for Manistee, where she will undergo some repairing.
Auctioneer Geo. H. Souter will conduct three public sales this week: Tuesday, at D. B. Dolph, on the Lake Shore; Wednesday, at J. Jansen, on the county line, four miles east of the city; Thursday, at G. Booyenga, on the Zeeland road. See notices.
The straits are open. Saturday teams crossed on the ice to and from Mackinac Island. A northwest gale came up Sunday morning, and by 10 o'clock the ice was all gone, carrying away several fish shanties and nets. Nothing but open water has been in sight since.
Tuesday evening, in Rev. Van Goo's church on Ninth street, under the auspices of "Patrimonium," Rev. H. E. Dosker of this city will deliver his lecture on John Van Barneveld, in the Holland language. To a large extent this will be a reproduction of the lecture delivered by him a few weeks ago in English, although in preparing it for a Holland audience Mr. Dosker has remodeled it in several respects. The lecture is free to all.
At Montague the citizens that are dissatisfied with the newly appointed postmaster, William Peck, have organized a boycott against the postoffice and hired a mail collector who gathers the letters and drops them either in the mail car or at the adjoining village of Whitehall. The boycotters avow their determination to keep up the fight to the bitter end. Peck is the "referee" postmaster, whose appointment was one of the disturbing elements in the recent famous Muskegon democratic county convention which started the war on referendum.
The lake front at the head of Black Lake is undergoing quite a change. The stave mill about to be torn down, is being gradually dismantled, and part of its dry kiln apparatus utilized in the new furniture factory. The old factory had become quite a landmark, it being among the first establishments that were re-built after the great fire of '71—thanks to the enterprise at that time of E. Van der Veen, J. Duursema, K. Schaddelee and P. Pfannstiel. As a manufacturing site this spot has a historical pre-eminence. It was here also that the first enterprise was started by the pioneers of 1847, in the way of an ashery, by H. D. Post & Co.—the company being D. Van Raalte.



EVERY WOMAN
Likes neat, well fitting gloves and every gentleman bows before a pretty hand neatly covered.

We have just received
Our stock of
GLOVES
In the Latest
Spring Styles and Colorings.

THE FACT IS
Our Stock contains
Everything in Spring Novelties
The feminine heart desires.

Take a peep at our show window. We have nothing old to sell you at cost.
Everything Bright, New and Attractive.

C. L. STRENG & SON,

J. D. WETMORE, M. D.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, Specialist on
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
OFFICE HOURS until 9:00 a. m.; from 11 until 2 p. m.; 6 until 10 p. m.
Office No. 15, Eighth st. Holland, Mich. 13 1y

Dr. W. Parry Jones.
Physician and Surgeon.
(Successor to Dr. J. G. Huizinga.)
OFFICE—New building of Holland City State Bank, cor. Eighth and River sts. Rooms—New City Hotel.

DR. A. LAMBERT.
DENTIST,

Office over Holland City State Bank, Second Floor.
11y
From now on Overcoats are sold below cost at
LOKKER & BUTGERS.
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.
From now on Overcoats are sold below cost at
LOKKER & BUTGERS.
During the next Thirty Days we will sell at greatly reduced prices: Dress Goods, Flannels, Cloaks and Jackets, Quilts, Shawls, Horse Blankets, and all articles found in a well assorted Dry Goods store.
45 11 NOTIER & VERSCHURE.

Vocal and Instrumental Music.
MINNIE LOUIS BINGHAM, TEACHER.
Thorough Bass and Harmony. Class Lessons—Instrumental, 30 cent per hour. Private Lessons, 50c., 75c., and \$1.00.
P. O.—2172. Residence, West Eleventh street, second door from Ward school. 33-1f.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.
Reduced Rates
To Detroit.
On account of the Christian Endeavor Union Convention at Detroit, the C. & W. M. and D. L. & N. lines will sell tickets at one and one-third fare for round trip, on March 20th and 21st good to return until March 23rd, inclusive. 7-2w

Summer Homes in Michigan.
Choice lots in Lindsay Park at Charlevoix (the beautiful) on the Chicago & West Michigan R'y, overlooking Lake Michigan and Pine Lake—ideal location for summer homes. Send for illustrated price list.
E. W. Bliss & Co., G-1 Rapids, Mich.

Highest Award—
at the World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Dr. J. D. Wetmore is putting up a new barn on north River street.
At the new furniture factory they are hard at work placing the engine and boilers in position.
J. W. Norrington has received the nomination for supervisor at the republican caucus of Olive township.
The Hawaiian minister at Washington is soon to be married to a young lady of St. Joseph, Mich., Miss Harriet W. Potter.
It is reported from Washington that in the middle of May President Cleveland and members of his cabinet will make a tour of the great lakes.
Carl M. Schreck, the cigar manufacturer, is enjoying a fine trade in his new location—Kanters' building, opposite the City Mills, Eighth street.
The Lady Maccabees will give a maple sugar festival and literary entertainment in Macabee Hall, on Tuesday evening, March 20. Admission 10 cents. All are invited.
A pilgrimage on an extended scale will be made to the battlefield of Shiloh, the first week in April. The fare has been greatly reduced for this occasion. Some of the veterans from here expect to attend.
Another pioneer of '47 has passed away. Berend De Vries of New Groningen. He died Friday morning, at the age of 89 years, and is survived by his widow, also of the same age, and several children. The deceased was the grandfather of Dr. B. J. De Vries, of this city.
Fire on Saturday afternoon destroyed a house and barn, with most of the contents, situated about three miles west of the city, on the Macatawa boulevard. The premises were owned by Mrs. J. Lucas of Grand Rapids, and occupied by John Hoeve. The loss on buildings is about \$700, with an insurance of \$500; the loss on contents is estimated at \$150, with no insurance.

Died in this city on Thursday morning, Peter W. Snyder, father of Mayor Geo. P. Hummer, aged 63 years. The deceased had suffered from an attack of heart trouble and Bright's disease. He moved to this city from Grandville about a year ago, to which place the remains will be conveyed Saturday for interment. Mrs. Snyder is also very ill and suffering from a recent paralytic stroke.
Wednesday there was arraigned before Justice Post, for violation of the game laws, Albert Edling, of Zeeland, who upon a due realization of the situation plead guilty and paid a fine of \$50. For some time a Monroe street dealer in Grand Rapids had been exposing and offering for sale certain game, which under the provisions of our game laws was out of season. Whenever inquiry was made he would set up the plea of "cold storage." Detective Kennedy was asked to watch the matter and it soon became evident to him that our dealer was being regularly supplied with quail and partridges from some source, and also that one of his regular visitors was Albert Edling of Zeeland, who invariably carried a black satchel with him. The other day Mr. Kennedy and Austin Harrington of this city, deputy game warden, procured a search warrant and found several partridges and quail that had been recently killed in Mr. Edling's woodshed ready for "cold storage" in the black satchel. An arrest was promptly made, with the result as above stated.

Died at Grand Rapids, Saturday afternoon, of consumption, Oswald D. Van der Sluis, son of Mr. James Van der Sluis, of the G. R. Banier, aged 25 years. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon and was attended from here by Mr. and Mrs. John Van Anrooy, Mrs. G. Slenk, Mrs. P. Zalsman and son Fred, P. Van Anrooy and son Jacob (Fillmore), Mr. and Mrs. G. Laepple and son Jerry, Mr. and Mrs. Math Notier, M. G. Manting, and Miss Jennie Kanters. To the bereaved parents the News conveys its sincere sympathy.
Obituary—Oswald D. Van der Sluis was born in Grand Rapids, Sept. 1, 1868. After having graduated from the central school, he took a four year's classical course at Ann Arbor. He was a member of the fraternity Phi Beta Kappa. When he returned home he was a clerk in the Kent County Savings Bank for a year and a half. Being literary in his tastes, he decided to become a librarian. He went to the state library school at Albany, N. Y., and after some three months' study he contracted a cold, which developed into lung trouble. He spent Christmas in Boston and New York, and then he returned to Albany and advised him to go to the sanatorium and soon went to Ochs's sanatorium, finding no relief, he together with his father, Rose, went to El Paso, Texas. The physician there gave them no encouragement, and after spending two months there they returned home the day before Christmas, and Saturday morning passed away. Mr. Van der Sluis was a member of the Young Men's Christian Association; also a member of the First Ref. church and was a teacher in the Sunday school. During all of his illness he showed a patient christian spirit and was cheerful to the hour of his death.—G. R. Democrat.

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Holland City News.
SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1894.
Holland, - - Mich.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.

If subscribers order the discontinuance of newspapers, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.
If subscribers refuse or neglect to take their newspapers from the office to which they are sent, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.
If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the newspapers are sent to the former place of residence, they are then responsible.
CONCERNING DELINQUENT SUBSCRIBERS:
The latest postal laws are such that newspaper publishers can have arrested any one for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it. Under this law the man who allows his subscription to run along for some time unpaid and then orders it discontinued, orders the postmaster to mark it "refused" and to send a postal notifying the publisher, lays himself liable to arrest and fine.

SOCIETIES.

K. O. T. M.
Crescent Tent, No. 68, meets in K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 p. m., on Monday night next. All its Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application.
AUSTIN HARRINGTON, Commander.
W. A. HOLLEY, R. E.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys.

DIERKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office, over First State Bank.
McBRIDE, F. H., Attorney. Real Estate and Insurance. Office, McBride's Block.
POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Real Estate and Collections. Office, Post's Block.

Banks.

FIRST STATE BANK. Commercial and Savings Dept. I. Cappon, President. Germ W. Mokma, Cashier. Capital Stock \$50,000.
HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK. Commercial and Savings Dept. J. Van Putten, Pres., C. Verschuere, Cashier. Capital Stock \$50,000.

Clothing.

BOHMAN BROTHERS. Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Ready Made. Gent's Furnishing Goods a Specialty.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BERTSCH, D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods and Furnishing Goods. Eighth Street.
BOOT & KRAMER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth Street.
VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats, and Caps, Flour, Produce, etc. River Street.
PITTON NELS. Fashionable Dry Goods, Staple and Fancy. New store in City Hotel Block.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Toilet Articles, Imported and Domestic Cigars. Eighth Street.
WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. City Drug Store, Eighth Street.

Hardware.

VAN OORT, J. B., General Hardware and Stoves. Repairing promptly attended to. Eighth Street.

Manufactories, Shops, Etc.

FLEEMAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manufactory and Blacksmith and Repair Shop. Dealer in Agricultural Implements. River St.
HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist, Mill and Engine Repairs a specialty. Shop on Seventh street, near River.

Meat Markets.

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER, Dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats. Market on River Street.
WILL VAN DER VERRE, Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats. Market on Eighth Street.

Miscellaneous.

KEPPEL, T., Dealer in Wood and Coal, lath, shingles, salt, land and caliche plaster. Corner Eighth and Cedar Streets.
GRANDALL, S. B., Dealer in Fancy Notions, Department and Bazaar Goods and Tinware. Eighth Street.

Painters.

DE MAAT, R., House, Carriage, and Sign Painters, plain and ornamental paper hanging. Shop at residence, on Seventh St., near B. Depot.

Boots and Shoes.

HEROLD, E., & CO., Dealers in Boots and Shoes, and rubber goods. Will occupy new store soon.

Physicians.

KREMEKS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, corner of Market. Office at drug store, Eighth Street.

Saloons.

BLOM, C., River Street. Liquors, Wine and Beer. Bottling Works next door. Orders promptly delivered.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, O., & SON, Watchmakers and Jewelers, and Silversmiths. Repairing promptly executed. Cor. River and Market St.
Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist Holland, Mich. 12-6m.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Money to Loan.

The Ottawa County Building and Loan Association has money to loan on real estate security. Apply to the secretary.
C. A. STEVENSON.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Heber Walsh "The Druggist."

From the Pennville Herald.

"Fritz" on the Peculiarities of Fraternal Societies.

MISHTER EDITOR:—A rumor yat youst struck mine left ear, tells me dot Vennville got anoder secret order-ization, youst crompt oud in der full bloom. I heart it vas dot order of Goot Demplars, vitch I dank vas vor der prewentions of cruelty do animals and oder chaps vot go on a toot and leave der famillies to live alone up five pair of stairs in a rickety old basement.

Ell Berkins, who dit missionary vork in dis coundry der year Christo-ver Columbus vas president, shepaks of von place in Vennville vich he wisited dat time and describes in der following language, namely, twot:—In der top shitory of a dumble down shandy I vound a dirty room, vour by dwelf. In von corner crouched a miserabell woman, vonce der belle of sozlety. She makes bantaloorn, sixteen pair vor wendy-vive cends. Not a morzel of vood vas basset her lips since lasht fall. Around her vas eighd small children crying vor cake; bud alas she don't got no cake, und mit tears ash big ash soap bubbles in her eyes she mournfully divides among dem der lasht half of a dallow candle. And der honorable olt fadder, vere vas he? "Oud on a bust mit dwo sheeds in der vind, und hees delapidated vamilly midout bed clothes."

Bud Mishter Editor, dimes vas changet since dot; dose olt rockeries vas all torn down und in der places vas rearet beaudifull coddages vere peace und harmony prewail. Der man vat used to got tight vas reformed, und now he vas sadistled mit only dwelf glasses a day, und hees vife doud had to vork so hard now. (She vas deaf, tank you) and all dis grant reformation vas brouhnd about by der untiring efforts of der Goot Demplars.

Vennville vas pooty vell blesset mit seerit sozieties. Der Odd Vellows vas callet dot vay because dey vas composed of a lod of droll poyos of vich und seferal odders, too numerous to mention, vas a vair sample. Dier moddo und sign of disdres vas a shmall piece of vatch chain on a pin, vitch dey stick on deir coat under de left ear, vitch means in der mysterious language of Daid und Johnithan, "I vas in id."

Der Maccabees vas a verry young bud exceedinly fat order und growin like a mushroom. Dey belief in one social evening und a goot time, mit a big supper. Der Maccabees vas didided into dwo hemispheres, masculine und feminine. Von vas surrounded by gentlemen und der cdder by ladies, Gretchen, mine wife says, dey all ride der same olt goat, und of you yoin you got some sawdust down your spinal colum. I know dot by mine sad experience already.

Der Vree Masons vos a pooty goot orter, vor dey square everyding ub ash they go along und keep der headson de levil, vitch is a gread recoment vor any lodges. Der emplen vas "In hoc signa vides," vich means in Uddited Stades talk "Ven shall ve three meed agin."

Der A. P. A. society I don't know pooty much about. I hat been dolt howefer dot dey meed effery dime dey ged togedder, vitch ish semi occasionally, mit an extra session vonce in a vile. Deir mission vas to prewent der emigration of rats und vite mice. Id vas a new orter, bud oughd to haf been organiset ven Ameriga vas discofered, don't id. Der moddo vas a seerit of vich I vas kept ignorand.

Vennville has dwo pedro clubs, der "Bon-ton" und "Virst Famillies," all of vich know der "spods on der cards" bedder dan der New Desdiment.

Der "Neffers Sweats" vas a gread orter. Deir by-laws vas ferry explicit und strict. Of any memper vill be caught shplitting vood or bringing vater for his wife, he shall be expelled vor six weeks. George Huff got black balled lasht week because he hat hees shleeves rollet up, vitch looked pooty strong of vork, vich is antagonistic of der order. Dote Vade vas expelled vor von year, because he help hees vrow push der baby cab op der hill. Vat Hutching vas caught changin der color on his seet mit vater, vich vas against der rules. Leonard Dickinson got suspendet vor der same cause. Der by laws says:—"No memper shall been guilty of payin hees dues undil he has been dunned ub dree times by der dreasurer, who vill geep all monish dill he ish compellet to fork ofer by der lodge."

What Are The Prospects?

The Wilson Tariff bill, for all the changes that may have been suggested by some of the Democratic senators, is as much as ever a blow at all grades of citizens, at every industry and every interest in any of our American industrial cities. It is a blow all the more dangerous, because it is disguised, and as such will be taken advantage of by every foreign manufacturer, England especially. For history affords abundant evidence that British merchants and manufacturers have no scruples in endeavoring to damage American interests. The war of 1812-15 acted as an embargo on British goods, and gave a great stimulus to American industries. Immediately upon peace being declared the British manufacturers threw vast

quantities of merchandise into this country, with the deliberate purpose of ruining the industries of the United States, and of regaining and retaining the American market for themselves. The British for a time succeeded in effecting the ruin they desired, but Americans were not prepared to surrender their industrial independence to Great Britain any more than they had been willing to surrender their political independence. The agitation for a protective tariff began, and was ultimately successful, although interrupted by occasional periods of low tariff, with consequent depression and disaster, the same as we have now.

From the time when the Republican party came into power until now, the steadfast policy of that party has been the maintenance of a tariff that would afford genuine and thorough protection. The consequence has been that notwithstanding the calamities of the greatest war of modern times, the country has been the most prosperous on earth; industry has had a marvelous development; wages have been higher than anywhere else in the world; multitudes who began as wage earners have been enabled to go into business for themselves; and American homes everywhere have been well supplied with comforts and luxuries. Foreign nations have looked on in amazement at American prosperity, and longed for a breaking down of the tariff in order to selze the American market from the American producer. And now the enemies of American industry hope that their opportunity has come. They look to the Wilson bill to break down the barriers and admit the flood of foreign importations that would overwhelm the factories of America. The apprehension that the Wilson bill may become a law has already had a most disastrous effect. What will it be, when it become a law!

Happy, indeed, are those American citizens who have been obliged since the 4th of March 1893, to endure nothing worse than the loss of some of the pleasures and comforts of existence. If that were all, the case would not be very serious. But there are thousands of men and women to whom Democratic supremacy has brought not merely a loss of pleasures and comforts, but of the very necessities of life.

In 1892 prosperity reigned. In 1893 prosperity departed. We are still living under the condition which the advent of the Free trades ideas in 1893 forced upon the country. When the panic began and all through the summer we were told that the miseries which the country was enduring were due to the purchasing clauses of the Silver act of 1890. Those clauses after a prolonged struggle were wisely repealed. But the predictions that it would bring relief have been proved to be wholly false. The truth is that the purchasing clauses of the Sherman act did not constitute the real source of our trouble. The great underlying cause was distrust of the Democratic party and the proximate cause of the distrust was the dread of what that party would do with the tariff.

The California Fair.

Success has so far smiled on the efforts made by the promoters of the California midwinter fair to place that event in line with the notable international expositions of the world. The work of organizing this great enterprise was no light one, and great credit is due to Mr. M. H. De Young and the gentlemen associated with him on the representative committee for the splendid results that have so far attended their labors. The great interest taken in the project by the people of California was sufficiently attested by the promptness with which the necessary funds were raised. The decision to hold the fair was made on the first day of June, and in three months' time the sum required to meet expenses had been put up, and all preliminary arrangements with regard to the site and necessary constructions completed. On the 25th of August ground was broken in Golden Gate park, sixty acres of which had been reserved as a site for the exhibition. While not pretending to approach in vastness, beauty or importance the great Columbian exposition, the fair commissioners, nevertheless confidently promise visitors attractions of a kind that would have been impossible in Chicago. The great climatic advantages of the country will be utilized to form one of the most pleasurable features of the exposition. It will no doubt be a delightful change for strangers from the cold and ice-bound northern states and Canada, or the chilly and foggy countries of northern Europe, to find themselves, in midwinter, in a land blooming with a marvelous profusion of rare and lovely flowers. The horticultural display is not unreasonably expected to surpass anything of the kind ever exhibited. Besides the five principal buildings numerous smaller ones will be erected by various counties of the state, and by the foreign colonies in San Francisco. Nothing which wealth, energy and enterprise can do is being left undone by the prosperous and progressive citizens of the Golden state to make their great venture a success.

JOHN NIES.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Steel, Tin & Nails.

He has now added to his stock a full line of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Etc.

Which will be sold at unprecedented low prices.

He also has twenty-three acres fruit farm near Saugatuck, which will be sold cheap, or exchanged for house and lot in this city.

Eighth St. - Holland, Mich.

H. H. KARSTEN,
Zeeland, Mich.

Buckwheat ground, and Buckwheat Flour sold or exchanged; warranted to be prime. Pearl Barley manufactured.

36 pounds of the best flour Given in exchange for a bushel of wheat.

Unclean Wheat purified free of charge. Highest price paid for

Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat and Barley
Elevator and Mill near R. R. station at Zeeland, Mich.

H. H. KARSTEN.

WM. BRUSSE & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS.
THE FIT.



Is the desirable thing in Clothing. You select the goods but we see to it that the Garment Fits. We also keep it in repair for six months free of charge.

WM. BRUSSE & CO.,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers.

Cloaks! Cloaks!
At cost, at NOTIER & VERSCHURE

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

From now on Overcoats are sold below cost at
LOKKER & RUTGERS.

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

Stodard's
Portfolio

Neatly and Substantially Bound.

JOHN A. KOOYERS.
Van der Veen Block, cor. River and Eighth streets. 2-1f.

New Life.

DR. F. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing insanity, misery, decay, death; Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhoea and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spinal Abscess, caused by over-exertion of brain, Self abuse, over indulgence. A month's treatment, \$1.00 for \$5.00, by mail. We guarantee six boxes to cure. Each order for 6 boxes, with \$5.00 will send written guarantee to refund if not cured. Guarantees issued only by
Grandville Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

MARTIN & HUIZINGA

CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF
DRUGS

Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Staple Drugs and Sundries,
Paints,
Oils
and Varnishes.

Stationery, Fancy Goods,
Periodicals, School & College Books
a Specialty.

A FULL LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.

Prescriptions and Recipes Carefully Compounded.
Holland, Mich., Nov. 19, 1899.

De Kraker & De Koster.

Dealers in
FRESH, SALT, AND SMOKED
MEATS.

Parties desiring
Choice Steaks and Roasts

Are especially invited to call.

Market on River Street
DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.
Holland, Mich., Aug. 8, 1892.

G. Rankens,

DEALER IN



Organs,
Pipe Organs
and Pianos

Coopersville, Mich

Special Sale

Dry Goods

FOR THE
Next Three Weeks

Notier & Verschure

New Store,
Columbia Blk, Eighth St

Received

A Full Line
Fall and Winter
Millinery.

At the Lowest Prices.

MISS VRIES & C

We thank our customers for their past patronage and solicit their good will for the season.

DO YOU

Desire to bestow a mark of friendship during the holiday season, go to

G. Van Putte & SONS

And make your selection from a Beautiful Line of Ladies' embroidered handkerchiefs.

Also a

assortment of Gents' Wear.

Fascinators, from 25c up to \$1.50

Infants' Silk and Woolen Hoods.

Our Lin

Hostelry is the most complete in city.

Step 1

you pass by, and we will be glad to show you our goods.

PROF. NIEL

government chemist, writes: I have fully analyzed your "Royal Ruby Wine," bought by me in the open market and certify that I found the same to be a most valuable and healthful tonic, especially recommended for its healthful and building up properties, strengthening the weak and restoring the exhausted, the aged, nursing mothers, those reduced and weakened by over-exertion and worry. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby Wine" for \$1 per quart bottle, pints 60 cts. So

Martin & Huizinga, Holland, Mich.
C. Blom, Sr., Holland, Mich.

MAY BE OUSTED.

Land Owners Who Cannot Read Their Titles Clear.

A Decision by Land Commissioner Lamoreux Which Throws the Ownership of 69,000 Acres in the Upper Peninsula in Doubt.

IRON COMPANIES AFFECTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—Commissioner Lamoreux of the general land office, after examining into the question of approvals of land grants in the upper peninsula of Michigan to the Portage Lake & Lake Superior Ship Canal company, has decided that nearly 69,000 acres of land were erroneously approved to that company in 1883. These lands were listed as "mineral" prior to the act making the grant to the company. As the granting act expressly excluded from its terms lands which had formerly been classed as "mineral," Commissioner Lamoreux holds that the approval was without authority of law. He recommends to Secretary Smith that suit be instituted to set aside the title of the company.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—Nathaniel Wilson, as counsel for the Portage Lake & Lake Superior Ship Canal company, on Tuesday appeared before Assistant Attorney General Hall, of the interior department, and asked leave to file a petition for the company in response to the petition of J. K. Redington, upon which Commissioner Lamoreux recommended that suit be instituted for the recovery of 68,047 acres of the land grant to that company in the upper peninsula of Michigan.

The case is regarded by the department as one of great importance and it is already attracting general attention here. Secretary Hoke Smith, to whom the recommendation was made by the commissioner of the land office, has referred the whole matter to the assistant attorney general for his consideration. If he approves the commissioner's recommendation the suit will be instituted, and it is upon the assistant attorney general's decision in the matter that the case hinges.

DETROIT, March 10.—A decision of Land Commissioner Lamoreux in Washington is of great importance to various corporations which have acquired immense holdings of lands in the upper peninsula of Michigan. The decision calls into question the title of upwards of \$50,000,000 worth of land held by the Portage Lake & Lake Superior Ship Canal company. The company secured the grant as a bonus for constructing the canal across Keweenaw point, which it afterwards sold to the government. The act under which the grant was made expressly excluded any lands classed as mineral. In making its selections, however, the company seems to have ignored this proviso and to have taken lands distinctly classed as mineral. Some 69,000 acres are affected by Commissioner Lamoreux's decision. Holdings of the Michigan Land & Iron company and other corporations are also being investigated. The titles of most of the iron mines developed in recent years are affected by the prospective contest.

FIGURES FOR MICHIGAN.

Bulletin from the Census Bureau Concerning Cities of This State.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11.—The census bureau has issued a Bulletin giving the statistics of manufacturers of the 165 cities of the United States having a population of over 30,000. In Detroit 1,746 establishments reported 33,178 employees, with total wages of \$18,900,309; in Grand Rapids, 889 establishments reported with 13,232 employees and total wages of \$6,510,749; in Saginaw, 5,716 employees and \$3,658,133 in wages; in Bay City, 4,696 employees and \$2,006,052 in wages; in Muskegon, 4,264 employees and \$1,915,989 in wages; in Jackson, 3,630 employees and \$1,415,106 in wages. The value of the products in each city was, in round numbers: Detroit, \$77,000,000; Grand Rapids, \$30,000,000; Saginaw, \$11,000,000; Bay City, \$9,000,000; Muskegon, \$8,000,000; Jackson, \$5,000,000. The bureau also makes a supplementary report of timber products not manufactured at mill, which gives Detroit as having three establishments covered by this specification; Saginaw, twenty-five; Bay City, nine; Muskegon, thirteen. The employees at Detroit were 737, paid \$367,000; Saginaw 3,236, paid \$734,000; Bay City 592, paid \$95,000; Muskegon, 1,263, paid \$380,000. Value of products was as follows: Saginaw, \$3,271,000; Detroit, \$1,919,000; Muskegon, \$1,113,000; Bay City, \$390,000. Saginaw is second in this production only to Minneapolis among the cities of the union.

MICHIGAN TOWNS VOTE.

Charter Elections in the Villages Hinged Largely on Local Issues.

DETROIT, March 13.—Returns thus far received from the charter elections held in the villages of Michigan Monday indicate republican victories in the majority of instances, where party tickets formed the issue. In many instances the tickets were "citizens," "people's," etc., and the elections quite largely turned upon local issues. In Sturgis the entire republican ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 7 to 75. E. S. Amidon was elected president over L. P. Zeent. It was voted to bond the village for \$20,000 for an electric light plant.

Kalamazoo Left in the Dark.

KALAMAZOO, March 13.—This city was without electric lights Tuesday night. The city contract with the Kalamazoo Electric company expired March 1. The council has failed to contract further, but proposes to erect a municipal plant if the people vote \$40,000 bonds for the purpose at the spring election.

A Missing Editor.

HOLLAND, March 14.—David Cronin, editor and publisher of the West Michigan Independent, a workingmen's paper, is missing. About ten days ago he went to Grand Haven, saying he would return that evening. Nothing has been heard or seen of him since.

FIGHT FOR DELAY.

Indicted Michigan Officials Ask for Time.

They Enter a Plea for a Continuance on the Ground of the Absence of Important Witnesses—No Decision Yet.

WANT THE TRIAL POSTPONED.

LANSING, March 13.—It is evident that the state officials and their subordinates indicted by the grand jury for conspiracy in making a false and fraudulent canvass upon the salaries amendments to the constitution will take advantage of all dilatory tactics within their power before proceeding to trial. The March term of the circuit court, with Judge Person on the bench, convened here Monday, and a swarm of attorneys representing the various defendants were present. Of the accused persons, only Attorney General Ellis, Treasurer Hamblitz, Marcus Peterson, George H. Busby and Frank A. Potter were in court, all of the defendants having previously been arraigned.

S. L. Kilbourne, attorney for Ellis, made an application for the continuance of the case against his client on the charge of forgery. He submitted an affidavit sworn to by Attorney General Ellis, in which the deponent set forth that he is not guilty of the offense; that he cannot secure the attendance of witnesses whose testimony is vital to his interests. He thought that within sixty days, however, he could proceed.

He further stated that even if these two witnesses were present he could not proceed to trial, as the prosecuting attorney had retained in his possession the public records upon which the suit is based, and had refused to return them, so that the deponent could make an examination of their contents.

A. D. Presser asked for a continuance of the case against Marcus Peterson, indicted for conspiracy, and filed affidavits of physicians to show that Peterson was not physically able to stand the strain of a trial.

The attorneys for Secretary of State Jochim, Treasurer Hamblitz, Commissioner Berry and George B. Warren were not prepared to say whether or not they would ask for a continuance, but intimated that if fairly treated they might conclude to try one of the cases.

It is announced that the principal defendants will move to quash the indictments against them on account of alleged irregularities in the grand jury proceedings, and if they fail in this attempt they will employ other dilatory tactics. They are fighting for time, and are assisted by some of the ablest attorneys in the state.

LANSING, March 14.—Circuit Judge Person on Monday overruled a motion made by the attorneys for Attorney General Ellis to quash the three indictments returned against him by the grand jury on the ground that the jurors were illegally drawn and that the indictments were fatally defective in numerous particulars. The arguments were broad enough to cover all the cases of all the indicted persons and no further motions to quash will be made.

HIS MIND A BLANK.

Judge Charles L. Walker Placed in an Insane Asylum.

GRAND RAPIDS, March 12.—The news received last week that the veteran newspaper man and jurist, Charles L. Walker, of Detroit, has been sent to the private asylum at Flint was a surprise to his old friends here who had seen him recently in apparent good health. Judge Walker was one of the most prominent of the earliest pioneers of Grand Rapids, having first come here in 1836. Of late years he has been failing, and many of the friends have foreseen the sad end which has befallen him.

Charles L. Walker is nearly 80 years of age, having been born in Otsego county, N. Y., April 23, 1814. In 1838 he became a resident of Grand Rapids, his avocation being that of a land and investment agent. The same year he served as secretary of the territorial convention to consider the question of the admission of Michigan into the union. While studying law he was, in 1840, elected a member of the legislature. For two years he was editor of the only paper published in Grand Rapids at that time, the Grand River Times. After serving in the legislature he went to Springfield, Mass., to practice law. He returned to Michigan in 1861, settling in Detroit. He has since that time been engaged in the practice of his chosen profession. For fifteen years he was a professor in the law department of Michigan university. Mr. Walker has published many interesting papers devoted to Michigan history. He served the state in 1869 as a member of the commission to examine the penal, reformatory and charitable institutions in Michigan and other states. He afterwards served as chairman of the state board of charities for many years.

Captured a Train.

KALAMAZOO, March 13.—About thirty tramps boarded the Grand Rapids & Indiana freight train leaving Grand Rapids at 8:05 Monday night. At Wayland they robbed a young man on the train of a watch and pulled a revolver on the conductor. They ran the train till they reached here, where fourteen of them were arrested about midnight, including the one with a revolver. The man with the watch escaped. They had a lot of plunder with them.

Insurance in Michigan.

LANSING, March 13.—The advance sheets of the Michigan commissioner of insurance's report of the business of life, casualty and assessment companies in Michigan in 1893 shows a falling off in the amount for which policies were issued by old line companies to nearly \$5,000,000 during the year. The amount of premiums received, however, was \$155,000 greater and losses incurred about \$45,000 less.

Swindled Out of \$75,000.

ST. JOHNS, March 12.—Startling mismanagement of the Michigan Mortgage company of this place has been disclosed by the discovery that mortgagees have been swindled out of \$75,000.

An Old Citizen Dead.

LANSING, March 12.—James M. Sheaver, the first steward of Agricultural college, and proprietor of both the Lansing and Hudson houses at an early day, died Sunday night.

SHORT BUT NEWSY.

Interesting Information from Many Points in the State.

Navigation is open on the St. Clair river. There is a deficit of \$18,000 in Escanaba's treasury.

Benah A. Hall, a well-known resident of Kalamazoo, is dead. Manitowish has a wholesale drug company with a capital of \$50,000.

Port Huron's proposed municipal telephone system has been dropped.

John Hulett, a pioneer of Michigan, died at Holland at the age of 63 years.

Dr. E. P. Andrews, of Adrian, former pension examiner for many years, is dead.

Kalamazoo ice-dealers harvested a total of about 80,000 tons of ice during the winter.

Near Trenton John S. Enright was run over by a Michigan Central train and killed.

White lake is open and clear of ice, which is the earliest opening known in twenty years.

It is proposed to institute a chair of sanitary science at the Lansing Agricultural college.

Twenty-one Allegan saloonkeepers announce their intention of going out of business May 1.

At South Haven April 3 and 4 will be held the Van Buren county Sunday school convention.

Petitions for the repeal of the local option law are being circulated in Hillsdale county.

The Woman's hospital at Saginaw is the recipient of a gift of \$3,000 from W. R. Burt, of that city.

A meeting of the Republican Newspaper association of Michigan is to be held at Owosso April 11 and 12.

Richard Dawson, a prominent young business man of Pontiac, recently hung himself because of business troubles.

James Donovan, an inmate of the asylum for dangerous and insane criminals at Ionia, recently made his escape.

Harry Bates, a well-known Saginaw horseman, is dead, leaving \$100,000 but no known heir. He came from England.

The Ionia District Fair association announces October 2, 3, 4 and 5 as the dates for the annual exhibition at Ionia.

John Brown, of Detroit, was elected president of the Cigarmakers' National association, recently formed in Washington.

Recently the body of Frederick Swan, an insurance solicitor, aged 80 years, was found floating in the river near Detroit.

Detectives have been unable to find any clue to the mystery of the German murder in Carleton, and have abandoned the case.

On account of a bitter feeling Montague business men have boycotted the new postmaster at that place, and carry their mail to the mail trains.

In Ann Arbor a few days ago two brothers were sentenced on the same day. One was given twenty years for assault with intent to kill and the other four years for grand larceny.

An alleged shortage of \$700 has been discovered in the accounts of City Treasurer Megge, of Wyandotte. It is thought to be the result of bad book-keeping rather than of an intent to defraud.

Oris C. Gregory, assistant cashier of the Dexter savings bank, who was supposed to be shamming insanity, has been pronounced hopelessly insane by Dr. Vaughn, of the University of Michigan.

MICHIGAN DAY.

Celebration at the Midwinter Fair with Honors to Gen. Alger.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—Monday appeared on the midwinter fair calendar as Michigan day, and the weather could not have been more perfect if it had been made to order. After the crowds had enjoyed the many interesting sights to be seen about the grounds they turned their attention to festival hall, where an elaborate programme of exercises was successfully carried out in honor of Michigan day. The exercises opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. W. W. Case, after which W. A. Tolchard, president of the day, made introductory remarks. Mr. Tolchard paid a happy compliment to Gen. Alger and to the other Michigan people present. He was followed by Director General De Young, who gave a brief history of the Midwinter fair. A poem entitled "Michigan's Welcome to Gen. Alger" was read, to which Gen. Alger responded in brief but well chosen remarks. A letter of regret on account of inability to attend was received from Gov. H. H. Markham. Numerous vocal and instrumental selections were rendered and the exercises closed with a general reception.

Detroit Backs All Rights.

WASHINGTON, D. D., March 13.—Reports to the comptroller of the currency of the condition of the seven national banks in Detroit, Mich., on February 28, 1894, show the aggregate of loans and discounts to have been \$13,137,690, against \$13,487,642 on October 3, 1893. The aggregate lawful money reserve was \$1,607,517, of which \$1,016,357 was gold coin. The individual deposits amounted to \$7,499,551, as against \$8,145,618 on October 3. The average reserve was 30.61 per cent.

Death of a Pioneer.

KALAMAZOO, March 13.—James M. Simmons died at Charleston, this county, Sunday, aged 80 years. He came to Michigan in 1830. At the age of 18 he drove the first freight team that penetrated the wild Indian country west of Jackson for settlers who erected the first log house which was the first settlement in Calhoun county.

Held Many High Positions.

COLDWATER, March 14.—Justin Lawry died here Tuesday morning, aged 70 years. He had held the position of mayor three times, city treasurer several years, also alderman and member of the school board, and at the time of his death was superintendent of the waterworks and electric light plant.

COMES DOWN IN A HURRY.

A Canadian Snowstorm Causes Trouble Between Citizens and Corporation.

In Ottawa a snowstorm comes without heralding, says a writer in the Boston Transcript. You look out of the window and see light flakes falling, and that is all, till the next day's paper announces that trains are from one to sixteen hours late. A visit to the post office discovers the fact that the mail is tied up for the day; cannot get in or out. Heavy snowfalls mean a problem for the new electric. Electric sweepers, with prodigious brushes slanting on before, go coursing down the main street in a fleecy cloud of their own making, startling the steadiest horses and halting an audience of gazing pedestrians all along the line. But car tracks are thus cleared at the expense of convenience to shopkeepers. Sleights tilt along dangerously toward the tracks, and all near street approach to stores is impossible. A pitched battle in consequence rose one day between tradesmen and car company; raged far and long, assisted by small boys. Snow fiercely shoveled back on the track was removed as rapidly by the giant sweeper, aided by lesser electric power roaring back and forth through the battlefield. Compromise followed, and then peaceful industry; gangs of men taking the disputed snow away. Sidewalk plows quickly clear the way for foot passengers after a storm. One is startled by meeting a horse advancing smartly along the crowded sidewalk, scattering comers in all haste into street and doorways, tugging past with plow and husbandman with a throng of people in the furrow in odd procession effect. The wide white path is made as smooth as concrete, stretching away unswayed in the less busy districts, down straight, tree-bordered avenues, past tall, snow-heaped stone gateposts and fantastically snowed-up fences and houses. The pretty picture stays day by day practically unaltered, for nature in Canada has no midwinter business in the way of altering her handiwork.

LARGE SAILING SHIPS.

Some of the Mammoth Freight Vessels of Recent Build.

The largest sailing ship afloat is the French five-master La France, launched in 1890 on the Clyde, and owned by Messrs. Ant. Dom. Bordes et Fils, who possess a large fleet of sailing vessels. In 1891 she came from Iquique to Dunkirk in 105 days, with 6,000 tons of nitrate, yet she was stopped on the Tyne when proceeding to sea with 5,500 tons of coal and compelled to take out 500 tons on the ground that she was overlaid.

There is not a single five-masted sailing ship under the British flag, says Chambers' Journal. The United States has two five-masters, the Louis, of 830 tons, and the Gov. Ames, of 1,778 tons, both fore-and-aft schooners, a rig peculiar to the American coast. Ships having five masts can be counted on the fingers of one hand, but, strange to say, the steamship Coptic, of the Shaw, Savill & Albion company, on her way to New Zealand, in December, 1890, passed the Gov. Ames in 14 degrees south 34 degrees west, bound for California, and two days later, in 6 degrees south 31 degrees west, the French five-master La France, bound south.

Passengers and crew of the Coptic might travel over many a weary league of sea and never again see two such excellent object lessons in the growth of sailing ships in quick succession. The largest three-masted sailing ship is the Ditton, of 2,850 tons.

CHINA LOSING GROUND.

European Nations Are Rapidly Absorbing Her Territory.

Vast and populous as China is, the experience of the present century shows that she is weak for aggressive purposes. She has not the hold on territory adjacent to her borders which she could claim a hundred years ago. European nations are pressing on her, both on the south and on the north. She has been forced to cede a portion of her territory to England, and she has been compelled to avail herself of the help of Englishmen, both for civil administration and for military command.

All these things, says the Edinburgh Review, show that an expansion of the Chinese race does not necessarily involve an extension of Chinese dominion. On the contrary, they tend to prove that it is the order introduced by European administration which leads to the multiplication of these industrious people; and there is, therefore, at least as much ground for saying that, though Borneo, Sumatra and New Guinea and the great islands of the Eastern Archipelago may be ultimately peopled by yellow races, they will be governed by the white races, as for believing that a new Chinese empire is in process of formation; a Chinese India may, in other words, be developed in these great and fertile islands.

Marriage in England.

Some curious marriage statistics of England and Wales have recently been made public. Taking all persons above 15 years of age, there are 8,716,363 unmarried males, 4,851,548 married males, and 484,900 widowers, against 8,908,665 unmarried females, 4,916,649 married females, and 1,244,310 widows. English scientists have these rather puzzling questions to answer: Why does the number of widows so greatly exceed that of the widowers? And again, how can there be 4,916,649 married females and only 4,851,548 married males, unless some 100,000 or so persons have been guilty of bigamy?

Watery Meadows.

Much of the land classed as "meadow" in the Adirondack region is a curious swampy soil, covered with vegetation that rises so as to hide the underlying cold, dark water. One may walk for miles upon such meadow, the feet sinking into it as into a water-soaked sponge, and deer frequently feed upon the grasses of the meadows and seemingly enjoy in midsummer the perpetual cool foothold of their pasture.

City Meat Market.

Wm. Van der Veere.

THE SEASON CHOICE MEATS.

The Best in the Market.
Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

SEEDS

PLANTS, TOOLS, ETC.

New Crop for 1894.

Our collection as usual embraces every article of value known. Send for ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE MAILED FREE. Our seeds are raised in twenty-six States and a large part of Canada.

ALFRED J. BROWN CO, Growers and Merchants.
24 and 26 N. Division St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

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IS THE
MOST POPULAR REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER OF THE WEST

HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION.

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As a newspaper THE INTER OCEAN keeps abreast of the times in all respects. It spares neither pains nor expense in securing ALL THE NEWS AND THE BEST OF CURRENT LITERATURE.

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Is edited especially for those who, on account of mail service or any other reason, do not take a daily paper. In its columns are to be found the week's news of all the world condensed and the cream of the literary treasures of the Daily.

AS A FAMILY PAPER IT EXCELS all Western journals. It consists of EIGHT PAGES, with

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THE INTER OCEAN IS PUBLISHED IN CHICAGO, the news and commercial center of all west of the Allegheny Mountains, and is better adapted to the needs of the people of that section than any paper farther East.

It is in accord with the people of the West both in Politics and Literature. Please remember that the price of The Weekly Inter Ocean IS ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

By special arrangement with the Publisher of The Inter Ocean we are able to offer

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN } BOTH
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FOR THE SUM OF

One dollar and twenty-five cents.

NOW is the time to subscribe for these two papers. The two will furnish you the best assortment of reading matter during the winter evenings.

TRY IT FOR ONE YEAR.

Subscriptions received at the News office. This offer is open to all readers of the News, that pay in advance.

1894.

RESORT!

To the Farmers!

Be sure and look well this season to your own interests, in buying your Hay Loaders and other farming tools. I keep at present the Rock Island Rake and Hay Loader combined, which is far ahead of anything yet offered in this vicinity. It has already been tested, to the best satisfaction, by one of our largest farmers in Fillmore, Kansas, Dykhuil. He prefers it far above the Keystone. Also something new in the Hay unloading line, with which you can unload your grain as well as your hay.

The American Cultivator and Seeder and Bean Puller Combined. Will pull from 8 to 10 acres in one day. The American Disk Harrow and Pulverizer. Also the North Molester Spring Tooth Harrow, all steel. No loading up of dirt. The Five-tooth Cultivator, all steel. Land Rollers, Flows, Hay Rakes, Double Shovel and Three Shovel Cultivators, Hay Forks and Hay Attachments.

I also keep on hand a full line of Ruggies, Road and Farm Wagons, and Carts. Particular attention is called to my new Patent Double Truss Brake, which I now put on all my wagons, and of which I am the sole proprietor for this City. This is the only true truss brake made. No extra charge. Upon short notice I will every order in the Wagon and Blacksmith line. Carriage and Wagon Painting done in the most satisfactory manner.

At Wholesale and Retail—a full line of Iron and Steel. I buy all kinds of Furs, and keep a full line of Bee Supplies.

All the above goods I will sell at close margin, for Cash, or good Ratable paper. Thanking you for your past patronage I solicit your further trade during the coming season.

J. Fieiman.

Warehouse and Shop on River Street, Holland, Mich.

A Forty-Acre Tract adjoining the well-known and favorably located Resort known as

Harrington's Landing Is offered for sale at a bargain.

If desired, eighty acres can be had.

Inquire of

E. J. Harrington,

HOLLAND, MICH., July 12, '93.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1894.

Elsewhere will be found the official calls for the several city and ward caucuses, to be held next week. The situation this year with reference to our municipal election is very peculiar. There is no agitation and but very little discussion, and hence nothing to write about. And yet it would not be truthful to ascribe this to a feeling of indifference, or want of interest in the management of our city affairs. If anything, we would rather ascribe it to a general satisfaction with the present administration as a whole, and an assumption that but few changes will be made. True, the calls are out for two conventions or caucuses, but up to this writing this is as much a matter of routine as anything else. Party lines, which define the position of the citizen on national issues, have never been very closely drawn in our city when it involves questions of local interest and administration, and this spring they are, if anything less so than ever. This is as it should be. It is rumored even that a third, or citizens caucus will be called, as a means of giving emphasis to this sentiment. But be that as it may whatever caucuses are to be held, let them be well attended by those that have a right to be there. No good citizen should neglect to attend the primaries. If ever the needs of our municipality demand the nomination and election of good men, it is now. The erection of the electric light plants but beginning of the work at hand. Think of Block A, with its crying need for streets; the revision of our ordinances, in harmony with the present charter; sewers and alleys. The sewer question especially should be tackled at once. Aside from its sanitary urgency and as an indispensable adjunct to first-class buildings, or dwellings, it becomes essential that in our leading thoroughfares all underground operations should be pushed, and completed, for with the present demand upon our business streets it is only a question of a few years and they will require paving.

The recent action of the board of supervisors of Ottawa county, with reference to the planting of shade trees, is worthy the attention of the public. In accordance with a resolution of the board the matter will be laid before the people at the several town meetings next month. It would also be well enough for the people in electing their commissioners and overseers of highway to select men that are in sympathy with the following provisions of the law, which can be found on p. 3023 of Howell's statutes:

SECTION 1. Shade trees shall be planted along both sides of the highway, at a uniform distance, as near as may be, of sixty feet apart, and not less than twenty-three nor more than twenty-five feet from the center line of the highway, but the township board of any township may direct as to the distance which trees may be set from each other or from the outer line of the highway. All trees now growing upon the sides of any highway, and all trees that may be hereafter planted thereon, standing more than sixty feet apart, shall be preserved, and shall not be injured or removed, unless by direction of commissioner of highways and with the consent of the owner of the adjoining land, unless such trees shall interfere with or obstruct the travel on the highway; Provided, That the provisions of this chapter in whole or in part shall not be deemed mandatory in townships in which the electors may by vote at a township meeting thus determine.

SEC. 2. Any person planting shade trees along the highway adjacent to property owned or occupied by persons shall be entitled to be credited to twenty-five cents upon his highway tax for every tree so planted, but not to exceed in the aggregate twenty-five per cent of such person's highway tax in any one year.

SEC. 3. In road districts where there are not trees planted and growing along the highways to the extent required by the first section of this chapter, the commissioner shall require that at least fifty trees per year be so planted in each district, and shall continue to require the same from year to year, until every highway in his township where the adjoining lands are cleared, is supplied with shade trees, as contemplated by said first section, but not more than twenty-five per cent. of the highway tax shall be appropriated for such purpose in any one district in any one year. The overseer, acting under the direction of the commissioner, may require twenty-five per cent. of the highway tax of any person in any year, to be paid in money, the same to be applied in planting shade trees along the highway adjoining the property of such person. The overseer shall particularly attend to the planting of such trees, and shall allow no unsuitable tree, nor any tree wanting sufficient roots or vitality to be planted, and he shall have the charge and care for them in the best manner for their growth.

Congressman Richardson will be authorized to appoint a candidate for a West Point cadetship from the Fifth district in June. A competitive examination will be held in May and the successful candidate will be named before June 15, a year in advance of the date of admission at the military academy.

What a bourbon bewails, as a rule, is a source of encouragement to the progressionist. The lamentations of despair over a lost cause are often a signal for new hope and of the dawn of a brighter future. While this may not hold true in all spheres it will not be denied when applied to the evolutions and revolutions in matters political and social affecting "the South." When a southern clergyman, of the old school, laments the education of the negro as tending to obliterate the past conditions of society and establish new relations between the two races, there is, to say the least, hope for a new and better citizenship on the part of the down-trodden race. In speaking concerning the future of the negro and the white man in the South, the Rev. Dr. John J. Lafferty, in an editorial in a recent number of the Richmond (Va.) *Christian Advocate*, gave vent to the following bourbon unchristian sentiment:

Since the war the average Southern, white man has not been able to give his son as good an education as Northern "phillanthropists" provide the negro. A well known Georgian is about to marry a mulatto. Who will say that the olive colored octoroons and quadroons, the bright mulattoes, the helresses of wealthy men of mixed blood, will not be sought in the next century by impecunious, thoughtless and idle young men of the white race? Consider the future of the friendless and fatherless boy of the white race in the South! Can he pay \$500 to attend the Stevens Institute in New York? Can he command money for board and raiment while a student at any other State school with a small annex of tools and a shop? He hasn't money enough even to buy a railroad ticket to such a college.

The grandchildren of warlike men with historic names, who made the Southern army a synonym of dauntless courage, are drifting toward the helot class, and in the century dawning there will come to pass social conditions that would stir the corpses in the jackets of gray. No man has seen the harvest yet from the sowing after Appomattox.

The "statesmen" among us robbed the ex-soldiers of Lee to educate black competitors of his children. Then Northern millionaires, in hatred of the paroled citizens, have endowed colleges of tools and machines to equip the ex-slave to surpass and subjugate the sons of the Confederate in the struggle for the best pay and position in the skilled trades.

The article goes on to state that the writer has seen a negro consulted as to the statutes of public education in Virginia. He has seen a white coachman open a carriage door for a negro, and stand with hat off until the last of the ex-slave's children were seated. He has seen the son of a once distinguished city preacher a servant in the kitchen of a negro magnate, and he asks: "Is this shock and shame enough to arouse the Church?"

A traveling man tells the following good story on Benjamin Harrison, while president:

"About two years ago I stood in front of the Metropolitan hotel, Pennsylvania avenue, Washington. It was just about 4 o'clock, and the avenue was full of clerks just turned out of the great treasury building and other departments, with all the different classes of humanity always to be seen on the 'main street' of our national capital.

I soon noticed in the tide that was flowing by a pleasant-faced gentleman walking with a slow but firm step. He held the hand of a bright-eyed little girl with a mass of golden curls about her sunny face. She was constantly calling his attention to the shop windows, and for this reason his progress was slow, and often he would come to a full stop as some extra attraction caught the eye of the little miss.

When thus engaged, a gentleman holding in one hand a large gripsack said: "Do you live here, sir?" "I do at this time," replied the man with the little girl. "Then," said the man with the gripsack, "will you kindly mail this letter for me? I am a stranger here, from South Bend, Ind.; I wish to catch a train, but cannot go without first knowing that this letter is safely deposited in the postoffice."

"I will cheerfully attend to it for you. I am also from Indiana, and I am always pleased to meet citizens from our state." "Where do you live?" said the first speaker. "Indianapolis," he replied. "I am somewhat acquainted there," said the man who wanted the letter mailed; "what may I call your name?" "My neighbors around home all call me Ben Harrison."

The gripsack man gave him one look with wonder and astonishment depicted on every feature, and without another word rushed to the railroad station, while the president of the United States took the hand of his little friend and walked in the direction of the postoffice to mail that letter.—*Haverhill Bulletin.*

An exchange says there is more joy in a newspaper office over one reader who pays in advance and abuses the editor on every occasion, than ninety and nine who borrow the paper and sing its praises without contributing a cent towards its support.

And now they accuse Brother Talmae of having played the regular Patti game on his congregation—in the way of a farewell appearance.

Personal Mention.

Mr. A. H. Wolman is not improving.

Ed. Yappel visited the county seat Wednesday.

El. Potte of the *Zeeland Exporter* took in the city Monday.

P. Root and family left for their home at Thule, S. D., this week.

J. C. Post was in Chicago Tuesday. He took the steamer at St. Joseph.

Isaac De Kruker returned Tuesday on a business trip east.

A. S. Baker of West Olive was a visitor at the News office Saturday.

Jacob G. Van Ratten has been confined to his house this week.

Miss Josie Finch of Grand Haven is visiting her cousins, the Misses Clark.

Ed. Van der Veen was home a week from the Commercial college at Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. R. N. DeMerrell returned Monday from their trip to the Pacific coast.

W. H. Beach is rendering his country faithful service as a juror at the U. S. court at Grand Rapids.

Verwey, W. Diekema, H. De Maat and G. J. Van Duren answered to their names at the circuit court, as jurors, Tuesday.

Mrs. Geo. Van Hess of Big Rapids was in the city this week, called here by the illness of her father, Mr. G. Wakker. We are happy to state Mr. W. is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Townsend of Grand Rapids were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Bradford, over Sunday.

Mrs. M. Bertsch is on a business visit to Chicago.

Capt. Frank R. Brower of Ashland, Wis., a former resident of this city, spent a few days among old acquaintances here. He was the guest of his sister Mrs. Prof. C. Doesburg.

Gerrit Schaap of Allendale was in the city Wednesday. His sister, Mrs. G. Nooman, accompanied him home for a week's visit, prior to her departure for Dakota. Mr. Nooman expects to leave here with his family April 2.

Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 13, 1894. The common council met in regular session and was called to order by the mayor.

Present: Mayor, H. H. H. Ald. Lohker, De Spelder, Schoon, Den Uyl, Dalman, Schmitz, Habermann, and Harrington; and the Clerk.

Reading of minutes and regular order of business suspended.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1894. To the Honorable the Mayor and the Common Council of the City of Holland.

GENTLEMEN:—Your special committee on electric light beg leave to report that the contract made by the Commercial Electric company for installation of street and commercial light has fully been carried out according to contract except in one or two minor details.

Your committee are of the opinion that the Commercial Electric Light Company have furnished first class machinery and have done their work in a first class manner.

Your committee would not recommend final acceptance however, until they have seen the contractors with reference to the minor details referred to above, and would recommend that one thousand dollars be retained on their contract until your committee further reports.

By Ald. Schoon. Resolved, That the report and recommendation be adopted and that the sum of \$2,510, be paid Arnecke, Ryan & Co., as per the order of the Commercial Electric Engineering Co. of Detroit, and \$2,490 to the Commercial Engineering Co. of Detroit, said amount being part payment on contract with said Electric Company, upon the express condition that this payment shall not be construed as an acceptance of the work of said company, or any part thereof, as agreed in said contract.—Adopted.

The clerk reported the following bills, which were referred to the Board of Public Works, viz:—Commercial Electric Engineering Company, for 1,490 feet extra are circuit at price agreed. \$160 00 1 extra lamp for station. 50 00 Pump and Heater. 541 85 500 pair carbons and express charges. 8 30 2 doz. globes 1 cork. 8 40 1 light electroliter for compell room. 16 10

HOLLAND, Mich., March 13, 1894. To the Honorable the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Holland.

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee to whom was referred the distribution of six new fire alarm boxes would recommend that the same be made as follows:—

One on Tenth and River streets; One between Fifth and Sixth streets on River street; One a Eighth and Market streets; One at Twelfth and Maple streets; One at Eighth and Columbia avenue; One at Thirteenth and Market streets.

L. Schoon, J. Committee on Fire. J. Lohker, On Fire. N. Schmitz, Department.

Adopted. Adjourned to Monday, March 19th, 1894, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Geo. H. Stipp, City Clerk.

City Teachers' Examination.

The Board of Education of the Public Schools of the city of Holland will hold its regular spring examination of teachers the last Friday and Saturday of March, at the Central school building, room no. 9, beginning at 8:00 o'clock a. m. All who expect to be applicants for positions in the city schools for the coming year are requested to be present and take the examination.

COM. ON TEACHERS. Holland, Mich., March 15, 1894.

8—2w.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Heber Walsh, druggist Holland, Mich. 12—6m.

The Lesson of Hard Times.

In speaking of the present financial depression the knowing men of business seem to be of the opinion that much good will ultimately come to the people of this country as a result of a lesson that it will teach. The following from an eastern paper sizes up the situation very aptly.

"How hard the past six months have been. Tens of thousands have been doing nothing and doing it bravely, too. The factory was idle; the shop has been closed; the store has had no need of clerks; yet the loaf has been out and the parcel emptying day by day. The strong man has seen his savings melting away and nothing coming in; yet he has been cheerful, temperate and full of hope. Doing nothing, he has behaved with a respect for law; he has kept the peace; he has carried a smile into his home, evening after evening, as he has returned from his fruitless search for something to do. A great, grand faith in the American future has characterized our population all these troublous months. The self-control of the idle industrious masses has been sublime, and the discipline of such a season will appear in years to come; it will make of us a stronger people."

ACCORDING to recent reports distressing want still exists among the fishermen of the gulf bayous whose property was swept away by the great storm of last October. In the tangled undergrowth of the islands the remains of a victim are sometimes found even now. The buzzards have, perhaps, left little else than the bones, but letters or papers in the rags of clothing identify the unfortunates. A petition for the remission of certain taxes, which the fishermen of Cook bayou have drawn up for submission to the police jury of the parish, speaks eloquently of their destitution.

CHIEF QUANAL PANKER, of the Comanche Indians, is said to possess some odd traits of character. He occupies, with his five wives, a handsome house of thirty rooms near the reservation, and whenever he leaves for a journey he turns his wives out of doors because they "have no more sense than to let the house take fire and burn down in his absence." Quanal is forty-two years old, very rich and inclined to adopt the ways of civilization to the extent of wearing its clothes, driving a team of fast horses and serving on his table the best that the market affords.

AMONG the New York clubs recently formed is the "Parole Coterie," made up of about twenty men about town who have taken an oath never to write letters to anybody but men. It is a sort of mutual protective society, and each member pledges himself to act as far as he is able as a verbal messenger for the other. The club has no note paper, and a member who writes a private letter to a woman is liable to expulsion. It must not be supposed that these men are woman haters.

WHETHER or not dangerous insects were carried to Chicago along with foreign exhibits for the world's fair, it is well established that many such creatures do reach this country through the custom houses. Entomologists believe that the latest and most destructive borer is a recent importation from Europe, and it is not unusual to hear of numerous tropical spiders being found in newly imported bunches of bananas. Nearly all raw materials, vegetable or animal, come in bearing insect eggs or living insects.

PROFESSORS of mathematics in the United States navy usually live ashore, and often perform the same duties for years together. The head of the department of mathematics at the naval academy is, however, a line officer, and there are always several junior line officers detailed as assistants. The nautical almanac is in charge of a civilian professor whose rank is only relative, and the naval observatory occupies several of the professors. The professors of mathematics are for the most part men who have been graduated at the naval academy.

THERE is said to be a man living near High Point, N. C., who takes no interest in anything except his home affairs. He came back from the war without a cent. He had a large family and he went to work. He refused to take the oath of allegiance, has not voted since the war, and takes no interest in country, state or national affairs. When election time comes around he is deaf to all entreaties of his friends to go and vote. He has raised his children and has plenty in this world.

The great Ferris wheel at Jackson park, Chicago, is still encumbered by an eighty-four thousand dollar claim of the world's fair officials and cannot be removed until the claim is settled. Several offers have been made for the wheel, one for the purpose of securing it for a London fair, but there can be no disposition made of it under existing conditions. It is thought a transfer will soon be made, however.

The tunnel which carries the railway through the Rocky mountains, at Hagerman Pass, Col., has just been completed. The tunnel is close upon two miles long, and it is bored through solid gray granite. Its completion involved three years and twenty days' work, each day comprising twenty working hours. The tunnel is 10,800 feet above the sea level.

Job Printing.

Fancy or Plain, Quick and Neat.

Book Printing.

MULDER BROTHERS,

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VAN DER VEEN BLOCK,

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

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You

Already

Know.

BUT it will bear repetition that we handle a large line of 1894

Quick Meal

Gasoline Stoves.

E. VANDERVEEN, Hardware,

Holland, Mich.

Telephone No. 5.

1.00

Will buy 100 lbs. Low Grade Flour, including sack.

It is cheaper and better food for stock than corn meal or linseed meal.

A dollar invested in this flour will make more beef or pork than if invested in any other stock or hog feed.

A trial will convince you of the truth of our claims.

Bran, Middlings, Feed and Meal always on hand at bottom prices.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co., Standard Roller Mills. Holland, Mich.

Slaughter Sale

—OF—

FURNITURE,

TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE

SPRING SEASON.

Our Stock is offered at prices which defy competition.

RINCK & CO.

Holland, February 1, 1894.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

The editor of the *Times* has fitted out a neat sanctum for himself—and wildcat.

The "Pedro Club" held its last party of the season Friday evening, at the City Hotel.

Lectures on Political Economy in Hope College are being conducted now by Geo. E. Kollen.

Examinations for positions in the public schools of the city will be held March 30 and 31. See notice.

The contract has been closed for an equestrian statue of Gen. Hancock, to be erected in Washington.

For a change we had three inches of snow Thursday morning. Before night it had all disappeared.

The reduction in prices of dress goods at D. Bertch's had the desired effect. It increases his sales by the day.

That beautiful sea gull in the show window of Nelson Pitten is a specimen of the taxidermy work of Cha's Harmon, the Eighth street barber.

When completed, the residence of postmaster Van Duren will emerge out of its recent charred condition a much enlarged and improved dwelling.

You must have something new for Easter Sunday. A pair of spring gloves or at least a stylish veil. C. L. Streng & Sons are headquarters for spring novelties.

When the life saving crews go into service at the lake ports this spring they will experiment with a new torch to be used on the life boat when launched in a storm at night.

Several owners of summer cottages along the south side of Macatawa Bay, at and near Harrington's landing, have improved their resorts by building substantial and commodious docks out in the bay.

Supt. Kramer of the electric light plant offers a reward of ten dollars to any person that will furnish him information leading to the conviction of parties that wantonly destroy the globes of the street lights.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co. are about to remodel their mill, increasing its capacity by 150 bbls. a day. As we go to press the several bids received are being reviewed and the contract may be awarded to-day. Further particulars next week.

The storm of Saturday, though of short duration was a severe one. South of us, in Fillmore, several barns were partly unroofed. D. Lenters, S. Schrotenboer and J. Hoelands being among those that suffered. In the City Hotel a window light in one of the upper windows was blown in. The fire department was on the alert all night.

The *Independent* this week appears under a new management—J. C. Holmes, editor and publisher. It is now two weeks that David Cronin, who of late has had sole charge of the paper, has been missing. His whereabouts are not known, and the surmises as to the cause of his absence are many and varied.

Saturday evening a meeting will be held in S. of V. hall, over the post office, at which G. W. Taylor, dep. sup. president, will explain the aims and benefits of the "Order of Tont," an association which provides for its sick and disabled members. The object of the meeting is to establish a branch in this city. All are invited.

A class on physical culture is about to be formed under the instruction of Mrs. Newcomb, of Grand Rapids. Her terms are \$5 for a term of ten lessons, making only fifty cents a lesson. She will give two lessons a week, on Monday and Thursday. All who wish to join the class will please send in their names to Sup't C. M. McLean, before next Thursday.

The clothing department in the store of E. J. Harrington seems to be an objective point, more so than any other similar establishment in the city, to those that stand in need of a new outfit and don't propose to pay for it. His place of business was again burglarized on the night between Saturday and Sunday last, and as near as can be estimated clothing to the amount of \$30 taken away. An entrance had been effected through a rear window and the cast-off old clothes were found in an adjoining corn crib.

A base ball team was organized in this city Monday. After two weeks of hard practice the following were selected out of about forty applicants: Frank Smith, Alfred Huntley, Bert Rhoades, Geo. Williams, Jake Verschure, Cornel Dalman, Frank Desburg and Ike Fles. These are all experienced players and they expect to demonstrate this during the coming season. The aim of the members is to make the organization a permanent one, and to provide themselves with a neat uniform, in which effort they will appreciate a little financial assistance. The club is still without a name and they would like to have somebody suggest one. Address all communications to Jake Verschure, Holland.

The ladies of Rebecca Lodge of I. O. O. F. will give a ten cents supper at their hall, Saturday evening, to which everybody is invited.

Republican City and Ward Caucuses.

A Republican city caucus for the nomination of city officers will be held in Lyceum Opera Hall, on Friday evening, March 23, 1894, commencing at 8:00 o'clock.

Republican ward caucuses for the nomination of aldermen and constables of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Wards will be held that same evening, at the same place, commencing at 7:30 o'clock.

The republican ward caucus for the Fifth ward will be held on Thursday evening, March 22, at 7:30 o'clock, in the Fifth ward school house.

By order of the Republican City Committee.

P. H. McBRIDE, Ch'n
J. B. MULDER, Sec'y.

Citizens Caucuses.

We the undersigned, citizens of Holland, hereby call a convention of the voters of Holland, irrespective of party affiliations, to nominate candidates for city and ward offices, to be balloted for at the charter election in Holland city. The convention hereby called is to be held at the Opera House, on Wednesday evening, March 11, at 8 P. M.

Dated March 14, 1894.
L. C. CATS, OTTO P. KRAMER,
J. C. POST, B. STEKETEE,
C. VERSCHURE, O. E. YATES,
EDWARD VAUPEL, C. BLOM, JR.,
BERNARDUS HUIZINGA.

ISAAC MARILJE, J. H. PURDY,
M. G. MANTING, L. E. VAN DREZER.

Democratic City and Ward Caucuses.

A Democratic Caucus for the nomination of city, district and ward officers will be held in Lyceum Opera Hall, on Thursday, March 22, 1894, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

By order of the Democratic City Committee.

J. G. VAN PUTTEN, Chairman.
E. P. STEPHAN, Secretary.

Holland Township Republican Caucuses.

A Republican caucus for the nomination of township officers, in the township of Holland, will be held at the Townhouse on Saturday March 24, 1894, at two o'clock P. M.

By order of the Republican Township Committee.

W. DIEKEMA, Chairman.
Holland, March 7, 1894.

Holland Township Union Caucuses.

A union caucus of Holland township for the nomination of township officers will be held in the Townhouse, on Monday, March 26, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

MANY CITIZENS.
Holland, Mich., March 16, 1894.

Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of registration of the city of Holland will meet at the following places in said city, on Saturday, the thirty-first day of March, A. D. 1894, between the hours of eight o'clock A. M. and eight o'clock P. M., for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of the several wards of said city:

First Ward, at the Common Council Rooms;
Second Ward, at Engine House No. 1;

Third Ward, at the store of Boot & Kramer;

Fourth Ward, at the residence of R. H. Habermann;

Fifth Ward, at the residence of Irving Garveling.

JOHN A. TER VREE,
JACOB LOKKER,
PIETER DE SPELDER,
LOUIS SCHOON,
SIMON DEN UYL,
GEERT DALMAN,
NICHOLAS SCHMID,
R. H. HABERMANN,
WILSON HARRINGTON,
AREND VISSCHER.

Board of Registration of the City of Holland.
Holland, Mich., March 6th, A. D. 1894.

Election Notice.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY OF HOLLAND,
March 9th, A. D. 1894.

To the Electors of the City of Holland.

You are hereby notified that the annual charter election of the City of Holland will be held on the first Monday (the 2nd day) of April, A. D. 1894, in the several wards of the said city, at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward at the Common Council room.

In the Second Ward, at Engine House No. 1, Eighth street, west.

In the Third Ward, at the office of Isaac Fairbanks, River street.

In the Fourth Ward, at the residence of R. H. Habermann.

In the Fifth Ward, at the residence of Irving Garveling.

And that at said election the following officers are to be elected, viz:—

CITY OFFICERS.

One Mayor, in place of George P. Hummer whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor for the first supervisor district, composed of the First and Fifth wards of said city, in place of John Kerckhof, whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor for the second supervisor district, composed of the Second, Third and Fourth wards of said city, in place of Johannes Dykema, whose term of office expires.

One City Marshal, in place of Frank Van Ry, whose term of office expires.

One City Treasurer, in place of John Pessink, whose term of office expires.

One Justice of the Peace, in place of Henry D. Post, whose term of office expires.

WARD OFFICERS.

For the First ward: One alderman, in place of John A. Ter Vree, whose term of office expires; and one constable, in place of Albert Keppel, whose term of office expires.

For the Second ward: One alderman, in place of Peter De Spelder,

whose term of office expires; and one constable, in place of Frank Van Ry, whose term of office expires.

For the Third ward: One alderman, in place of Simon Den Uyl, whose term of office expires; and one constable, in place of Menander Astra, whose term of office expires.

For the Fourth ward: One alderman, in place of Nicholas Schmid, whose term of office expires; and one constable, in place of Richard Vandenberg, whose term of office expires.

For the Fifth ward: One alderman, in place of Wilson Harrington, whose term of office expires; and one constable, in place of Austin Harrington, whose term of office expires.

GEO. H. SOUTER, City Clerk of the City of Holland.

Auction Sale.

An auction sale will be held at the farm of D. B. Dolph, on the Lake Shore, near the M. E. church, five miles north-west of Holland City, on Tuesday, March 20, 1894, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of the following goods and chattels: 1 team good mares, 1 team of three-year old roadsters, sired by Chief, 1 eighteen months old colt, 1 one-year old colt, 1 extra good new-milched cow, 1 nine-months old sow, 20 chickens, 1 lumber wagon as good as new, 1 road cart, 1 set double harness, 1 single harness, 1 plow as good as new, 1 spring tooth cultivator, 1,000 ft. of pine lumber, 2 tons of hay, some corn and other articles too numerous to mention.

Credit will be given to Nov. 1, 1894, on good secured notes, for all amounts of \$3.00 and upwards.

GEO. H. SOUTER, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

An auction sale will be held at the residence of Jan Jansen, on Section 1 of Fillmore township, one mile east of Ebenezer Ref. church on

Wednesday, March 21, 1894,

commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of the following goods: 4 good work horses, 5 good milch cows, 2 fat heifers, 1 sow and 9 pigs, 25 chickens, 1 buck sheep, 1 broad-tire lumber wagon, 1 good platform spring wagon, 1 buggy, 1 pair bob sleighs, 1 cutter, 1 buffalo robe, 1 Oliver Chilled plow No. 10, 1 spring-tooth harrow, 1 iron cultivator, 1 pulverizer, 1 set double harness, 1 set new-light double harness, 1 single harness, 4 or 5 tons of hay, a lot of straw, 5 bush. basket of seed corn; also a quantity of household goods and other articles too numerous to mention.

Credit will be given to Nov. 1, 1894, without interest, on amounts exceeding \$3.00. Less than \$3.00 is cash.

GEO. H. SOUTER, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

An auction sale will be held at the place of Geld Booyenga, 14 miles east of Holland City, on the Zealand road, on Thursday, March 22, 1894, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of the following goods and chattels: 2 good six-year old horses, 1 four-year old horse, 1 new-milched cow, 2 cows soon to come in, 2 one-year old heifers, 1 broad-tire lumber wagon, 1 light spring wagon, 1 road cart, 1 hay hook, 1 good hay rake, 1 square harrow, 1 lumber sleigh, 1 light two-seated sleigh, 1 iron cultivator, 1 fanning mill, 1 Oliver chilled plow, 1 Dodge iron beam plow as good as new, 1 buggy harness, 2 heavy harnesses, 2 tons of hay, 20 chickens, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Credit will be given.

GEO. H. SOUTER Auctioneer.

The water torture is in use in some penitentiaries. It consists in confining the prisoner in a closet too small for him to stir. While he stands, water, one drop at a time, is allowed to fall from a faucet on his head. It is said that few persons can endure this punishment for more than an hour.

The recent arrival of an American electric launch in Venice from the world's fair is said to have caused great enthusiasm. The mayor and aldermen of the city paraded the streets, or, rather, canals, in the new craft.

NORWEGIAN SUPERSTITION.

Men Who Claim to Read Signs That Others Are Blind To.

The simple faith of the Norwegian peasants is that seeing or not seeing of beings in the other world is a mere question of strong or weak nerves. Only, reversing the generally accepted belief, it is the northman of strong nerves who has power to see the unseen, says All the Year Round. And he who sees it fears it not. "If you have the gift," says my informant, "you may see dozens and scores of forms pass your door, but you know not what it is to feel alarm."

"There's a ghost on every ship," says the same authority. "My own uncle, who saw the unseen plain from his childhood, was married to a woman who could not believe in spirits. He had a fishing smack of his own, and saw strange things of nights. One night he asked her to go out with him, and she went. 'If I see anything I will call for you,' he said, and she agreed to it. In the dark middle of the night he could see three men come walking on the water toward the little vessel. He went and called his wife, saying:—

"Look out, now; do you see nothing?"

"No," said the wife. "I see nothing but the water and the darkness."

"Well," said he, "there are three men there, plain to be seen, and now I'll go and get up the nets, for a storm is surely coming."

"Two o'clock was the wonted hour for getting up the nets, but wait he would not, in spite of all that his wife could say to him."

"When two o'clock came the nets of all the other fishermen were lost and their boats nearly wrecked in a sudden great storm that rose, but my uncle was well out of it and anchored in safety, because he could read the signs they were all blind to."

AN AUTOMATIC LIGHT.

No Keeper Needed to Keep the Beacon Burning.

It is situated on an islet, off the Gironde, in France, and burns steadily for two months without human aid.

A new lighthouse having a unique feature has just been completed on an estuary of the Gironde, in France, where it stands upon an isolated rock in the midst of a treacherous and rocky reef.

The peculiarity of this lighthouse is that it is unoccupied and yet its lamp is burning perpetually. The famous Eddystone light on the coast of England, rising from a rock that is only large enough to afford a foundation for the structure, is remarkable because the men having it in charge are able to leave their confined quarters only once every three months, when a vessel comes to them with supplies, letters, papers and a new detachment of watchers.

It was to do away with this exacting and lonesome life that the French engineers set themselves about the task of devising a method by which the usefulness of the lighthouse could be maintained without so much personal attention. It thus happened that a lamp was invented which will burn continuously for two months without being trimmed or replenished.

The burning fluid used in this lamp is an ordinary mineral oil. The tube in the interior of the lamp is furnished with a wick having a thickness three times as great as that employed generally in lighthouses. Around the burning surface of the wick is a cake, made of a patented preparation consisting largely of carbonized tar. This protection assures the duration and the uniformity of the flame.

A chimney made of mica is placed around the flame, and this insures an increase in the power of the light. The



THE AUTOMATIC LIGHT.

supply of oil is assured by means of a reservoir containing 100 quarts, the lamp consuming fifty grammes each hour. To provide always for the reservoir being furnished with sufficient fuel a gauge is fixed at its side that governs the supply flowing in from another reservoir at a distance, and their gauge permits just fifty grammes per hour to percolate through the little supply pipe into the supply reservoir.

The diameter of the lantern is 55 inches and it cost \$1,400. The intensity of the light keeps equable until the expiration of two months, when it is necessary to visit the lighthouse and replenish the wick. The light can be seen more than twelve miles at sea. The wick is cleansed and drawn up gradually by the action of the tar cake at its mouth.

The French government is arranging to put up others of these houses, and it is also perfecting an invention by which a perpetual electric light can be controlled by wires running through a submarine cable to the land.

Fire Caused by the Sun.

A fire recently occurred in a show window at Boston caused by the sun, which focussed through a mammoth magnifying glass and set fire to a photograph. This is only one instance of the frequent recurrence of unexpected fires by concentration of the sun's rays by magnifying glasses or concave mirrors. A few years ago a bright tin dish concentrated the rays of the sun in a store window at Lynn and caused a sufficient fire to call out the fire department. There have been many fires in physical laboratories of colleges from lenses, and it is the rule of all properly ordered physical laboratories to keep lenses covered with black cloth caps.

Europe Is Growing Colder.

That the continent of Europe is passing through a cold period has been pointed out by M. Flammarion, the French astronomer. During the past six years the mean temperature of Paris has been about two degrees below the normal, and Great Britain, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Austria and Germany have also been growing cold. The change seems to have been in progress in France for a long time, the growth of the vine having been forced far southward since the thirteenth century; and a similar cooling has been observed as far away as Rio de Janeiro, where the annual temperature has been going down for some years past.

Composition of Snake Poisons.

The venom of poisonous serpents (especially those native of America) has been made a subject of chemical and physiological investigation and critical study by Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, the Philadelphia expert. Assisted by Dr. Reichart, Prof. Mitchell succeeded in separating the venom of rattlesnakes and moccasins into three different and distinct poisons (proteids), which have been given the names of "venom-peptone," "venom-globulin," and "venom-albumin." Dr. Mitchell probably knows more about the habits of serpents and the action of the poison of the venomous ones than any other man in America.

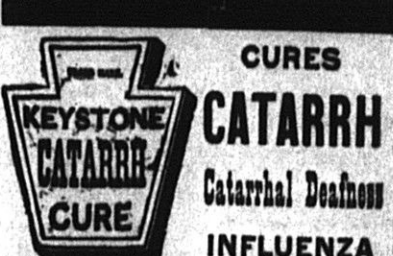
Watch this Space

OF

H. DE KRUIF,

DEALER IN

Farm Implements.



CURED IN HEAD, HAY FEVER.

When we say it cures, we mean a Lasting, Permanent Cure. It is not like many so-called cures that give only temporary relief. We will pay back the money in ALL CASES where you are not perfectly satisfied. If your druggist does not keep it, send the price, 25 Cents, in money or postage stamps.

The HALL CHEMICAL CO.
West Philadelphia, Pa.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES. BRUSHES.

Paper Hangings, Curtains and Decorations.

N. VAN ZANTEN.

A Choice and Complete Assortment.

All orders promptly filled and work neatly executed.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

FAMILY SUPPLY STORE

INCLUDING
Fresh and Salt Meats.

We have just opened a full line of GROCERIES. This, in addition to our MEAT MARKET, will make our place a complete FAMILY SUPPLY STORE, such as the place needs.

We are centrally located in the resident portion of the city. Orders promptly filled. A fresh supply of country produce always on hand.

VAN ZWALUENBURG & MICHEERHUIZEN
Corner Market and 13th sts. 40-ly.

For seven years or more Mrs. W. D. Louder, of Quincy, Ky., was subject to severe attacks of cramp colic. Mr. S. B. Morse, a druggist at that place, recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which has affected a permanent cure, saving her much suffering besides the trouble and expense of sending for a doctor, which was often necessary. For sale by Heber Walsh, Holland, Mich.

All the elements which nature requires, to make the hair beautiful and abundant, are supplied in Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation keeps the scalp free from dandruff, prevents the hair from becoming dry and harsh, and makes it flexible and glossy.

General Repair Shop.

Persons desiring any repairing done in the line of Sewing Machines, Guns, Locks, Umbrellas, or small machinery of any kind, will find me prepared to do the work. Shop in basement of American Hotel, one door west of C. Blom's bakery, Eighth Street.

43rd JOHN F. ZALSMAN.
Holland, Mich., Nov. 16, 1893.

CHICAGO Feb. 11, 1894.

AND WEST MICHIGAN RY.

Trains depart from Holland:

	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	12:30	8:25	2:00	9:30
For Chicago.....				
" Grand Rapids.....	8:00	9:55	1:25	9:30
" Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	5:00	8:45	1:40	6:40
" Hart and Pentwater.....	8:05			6:40
" Manistee.....	8:00			1:25
" Big Rapids.....	5:00			1:25
" Traverse City.....	5:00			1:25
" Allegan.....	10:05		9:45	
" Charlevoix, Petoskey.....	5:00			1:25

Trains arrive at Holland.

	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	5:00	1:25	9:30	
From Chicago.....				
" Grand Rapids.....	12:30	8:25	2:00	6:40
" Muskegon and Grand Haven.....	8:25	9:55	1:35	9:45
" Manistee.....	12:30			2:00
" Big Rapids.....	12:30			2:00
" Traverse City.....	12:30			2:00
" Allegan.....	8:05		6:10	
" Petoskey.....	12:30		2:00	

*Daily, other trains week days only.

DETROIT Feb. 11, 1894

LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	7:00	8:25	5:25	5:25
Lv Grand Rapids.....				
Ar Grand Rapids.....	8:25	3:35	6:35	
" Lansing.....	8:45	3:54	7:25	
" Howell.....	9:50	3:57	8:35	
" Detroit.....	11:40	5:00	10:10	
Lv Grand Rapids.....	7:40			
Ar Grand Rapids.....	9:10			
" Edmore.....	9:25			
" Alma.....	10:30			
" St. Louis.....	10:40			
" Saginaw.....	12:05			

GEO. DE HAYEN, General Passenger Agent, Grand Rapids, Mich.
J. C. HOLCOMB, Agent.

Holland City News.
MULDER BROS., Publishers.
Holland, Mich.

The News Condensed.
Important Intelligence From All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL
Regular Session.

THE bill passed by the house appropriating \$4,000 for the rescue of the armament and wreck of the Keweenaw was passed in the senate on the 7th, and the silver sealgrage bill also passed its third reading. After five days of debate the pension appropriation bill, carrying \$41,000,000, was passed by the house with 100 yeas.

On the 11th the resignation of Senator White, of Louisiana, was announced in the senate. The bill sealgrage bill came up as unfinished business, but a vote was postponed for one day. The bill for the sale of unsold portions of the Umatilla reservation in Oregon was passed. The president transmitted some additional Hawaiian correspondence to the house.

On the 12th the 9th Senator Peffer introduced a resolution for an investigation into the sugar question. The house bill authorizing a bridge over the East River between New York and Long Island was passed. The sealgrage bill was discussed, and it was decided to postpone voting on the measure until the 15th. Adjourned to the 15th.

In the District of Columbia bill was considered. The night session was devoted to the passage of individual pension bills.

The senate was not in session on the 10th. In the house the District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed and it was announced that the sundry civil appropriation bill would be considered next.

This resolution by Senator Peffer for an investigation as to whether senators had been speculating in Wall street was defeated in the senate on the 12th by a vote of 33 to 27. Newton C. Blanchard was sworn in as senator from Louisiana to succeed E. D. White. Senator Peffer introduced an independent tariff bill amending the McKinley law in various particulars. The sealgrage bill was further discussed.

In the house the time was devoted entirely to the consideration of a bill for allowing a street railroad company in Washington to change its system of motive power.

DOMESTIC.

THE president sent to congress the latest correspondence in relation to Hawaii, the important feature being a statement that steps had been taken to provide for a new constitution and a new form of government for Hawaii.

The Nicholson hotel at Nashville, Tenn., one of the largest and best known in the south, went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$100,000.

The Bank of Harrison, Neb., closed its doors. Depositors would be paid in full.

JESSE HAUSELMAN, of Ravenna, O., aged 15, started west to fight Indians. He was arrested at Miamillon and sent home.

JUDGE SMITH, of the Cincinnati superior court, granted an order forbidding members of the district carpenters' council preventing non-union men from working at a mill, where there was a strike.

OWING to heavy rains towns to the south of Chicago were under from 4 to 5 feet of water.

WILLIAM WELLS, a prisoner sent to the Ohio penitentiary from Cleveland on a three-year sentence for passing counterfeit money, died while entering the prison.

JOHN GRACOWITZ killed his wife at Columbus, O. Five years ago he killed his brother and served a two-year term for it.

JOHN HALLOCK, confidential clerk in New York of Theodore Pabst & Co., importers of glass and chinaware, was arrested on the charge of embezzling \$65,000.

The Virginia legislature defeated a bill to require the United States flag to be raised on public schoolhouses.

THREE men were killed by the explosion of a Lehigh Valley locomotive near Wilkesbarre, Pa.

THE democratic members of the senate finance committee laid before the full committee the Wilson tariff bill as they have amended it. Many duties are raised, and sugar, iron and coal are taken from the free list. The income tax remains. The date when the free list shall go into effect is changed from June 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894.

CALB S. BRACE, a Cincinnati millionaire, died on a Pennsylvania train near Pittsburgh, Pa., while homeward bound.

BOHEMIAN strikers assaulted Italian laborers with a shower of stones at Cleveland, O., and one man was badly hurt.

Mrs. MARTHA C. ATCHISON was incarcerated, as she had requested, at the crematory in Graceland cemetery, Chicago.

TWO DENVER police commissioners secured an injunction preventing the governor and mayor from ejecting them from office.

TWO THOUSAND striking silk weavers at Paterson, N. J., roughly treated one man who refused to quit work.

JAMES B. BILLINGS, dealer in boots and shoes in Boston, failed for \$100,000.

THE second trial of Daniel Coughlin on the charge of complicity in the murder of Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin in Chicago came to a close after a session of nearly four months by the return of a verdict of acquittal by the jury, who were out only six hours.

JOHN GYTES was swindled out of \$500 in Chicago by W. F. Ohlman, who represented he had counterfeit money for sale.

REV. B. MACNEIL, of Emporium, Pa., received a fortune by the will of an old woman, whose spectacles he picked up.

BOUNDLESS, the famous race horse, broke a tendon at Little Rock, Ark., and may never run again.

FIVE minutes after taking a tablespoonful of wine as a toast at a reception in honor of the wedding engagement of his son, Joseph Becker, of Rosenbary, N. J., died in terrible convulsions.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 9th aggregated \$700,000,000, against \$593,593,100 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was \$100,000,000.

DUTCH NIELL, of St. Louis, defeated James Barron, of Australia, in a fight of thirteen rounds at Hot Springs, Ark. A STENOGRAPH purchased 1,500,000 feet of northern Minnesota pine timber for \$3,000,000 in round figures.

THE suit of Miss Madeline V. Pollard against Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, for breach of promise, began in Washington.

GEN. HOWARD reported to the war department that Atlantic port cities were without modern means of defense.

THE land office at Washington decided that nearly 60,000 Michigan acres were wrongfully given the Portage Canal company.

A STATEMENT from the pension bureau shows that there are 900,000 pensioners on the rolls.

WILLIAM SNYDER and his wife, both over 70 years of age, were buried in their home at Develan, N. Y. Snyder got out once, but went back to rescue his wife.

C. M. GATES, aged 75 years, and Mrs. Caroline Sawyer, aged 73, eloped from Bellevue, O., and were married in Cleveland. Opposition from the married daughters of Mrs. Sawyer caused the elopement.

It was said that customers of the Michigan Mortgage company, with headquarters at St. Johns, had been swindled out of \$70,000.

DURING a fire at Warsaw, Ky., which destroyed the Crown flouring mills and a granary, Mrs. E. A. Allen died from paralysis of the heart.

DURING a boxing match in Chicago A. W. Crane struck Mike Sullivan a probably fatal blow.

DURING the year 1893 431,712 immigrants arrived in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, representing four-fifths of the whole number which arrived at all American ports.

At Alton, Ill., Marion T. Skates shot his wife and killed himself. Jealousy was ascribed as the cause.

UNFINISHED buildings were greatly damaged by a windstorm of unusual severity which swept Chicago, and John Ginochio, an Italian lawyer, was killed by a falling piece of timber.

CAPT. EVANS' life saving crew at Louisville, Ky., rescued three medical students from death just as their boat was about to go over the falls.

JOHN T. HILKE, who had married and deserted seven wives, was arrested in Chicago.

A FIRE at Cygnet, an oil town in Ohio, caused a loss of \$100,000.

THE entire plant and stock of the Lansing Lumber company at Dodge, Mich., was burned, the loss being \$25,000.

RESCUED from a wreck thirty-seven years ago, Frank Willis, of Manitowoc, Wis., has just discovered his identity by means of a locket.

At Atchison, Kan., the Missouri river was cutting a new channel, endangering property valued at \$1,500,000.

THE entire business portion of the village of Omro, Wis., was destroyed by fire.

Mrs. LEASE told a Boston audience that the women would solve the business depression if the men would mind the babies.

UNKNOWN persons failed in an attempt to destroy the office of the Iron-clad Age, an agnostic paper at Indianapolis.

MATHIAS LUDATSCHEK, who shot his wife and her daughter near Prairie du Chien, Wis., escaped lynching by killing himself.

ACCORDING to the government report farmers have reserves of 114,000,000 bushels of wheat and 589,000,000 bushels of corn.

NEAR Marche, Ark., the body of a young mulatto woman was found suspended to a tree. She had been lynched.

REV. ALANSON T. WOOD, of Omaha, Neb., aged 77, was stricken by illness in church and died in a few moments.

RECENT assays prove that the great sand hills in the vicinity of Duran, Col., contain from one to twenty dollars' worth of gold per ton.

STEEL works covering 800 acres of land and employing 3,000 men will be removed from Johnstown, Pa., to Cleveland, O.

MAYOR DENNY, of Indianapolis, ordered the arrest of labor leaders who indulge in incendiary speeches to the unemployed.

THE J. R. Morin company of Cedar Rapids, Ia., dealing in eggs and fruit, failed with liabilities of \$210,000 and assets of \$60,000.

CITIZENS of Greenwood, Ind., have boycotted a saloonkeeper so thoroughly that he cannot buy food, raiment or water.

EXPLORES WELLMAN was given a silk flag by the National Capital Press club and requested to hoist it at the north pole.

POSTMASTER WILLIAM GOULD disappeared from Stony Brook, L. I., leaving a shortage of \$15,000.

J. K. STRATTON, a criminal for whom the police of many cities have been searching, was located in prison at Huntsville, Tex.

"BILLY" EDWARDS, a well-known sporting man, died at Hot Springs, Ark., from injuries received in being thrown from a buggy.

TO SECURE perfect safety for its passengers the St. Paul railway has adopted the block signal system.

SENATOR VOORHEES said in Washington that he had no idea that the tariff bill would become a law before the middle of July and it might not be until August.

THE bodies of the thirteen men entombed in the Gaylord mine near Wilkesbarre, Pa., on February 18, were reached by rescuers, but were beyond identification.

THE installation of Edward Douglas White, of Louisiana, as associate justice of the United States supreme court took place in Washington.

IN a saloon row at Cleveland, O., Michael Kennedy fatally shot John Cummings and James McNamara. NAVIGATOR on Lake Michigan was resumed, being the earliest opening ever recorded.

THE health officials of Ohio were alarmed by the spread of smallpox in the state.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Gov. FOWLER, of Louisiana, appointed Congressman Newton C. Blanchard an United States senator to succeed Judge White, whose resignation takes place on the 19th inst.

THE prohibitionists of Wisconsin intend to make a vigorous campaign this year.

GEN. NEAL DOW, the champion of temperance, will be 90 years old March 24, and the event will be celebrated in New York city by a great national meeting.

JAMES S. WALKER, a noted scout on the plains for many years, died at Stockton, Cal.

COL. SYLVESTER MORGAN and wife celebrated their sixtieth wedding anniversary at Jeffersonville, Ind.

REV. CHARLES MACHIN died at his daughter's Chicago residence. He was a Congregational clergyman for sixty years.

THE republicans of the First district of Tennessee nominated W. C. Anderson, of Newport, to succeed A. A. Taylor in Congress.

THE seventh annual convention of the National Republican league will commence at Denver June 28.

REV. GIDEON POTTER, a pioneer Baptist preacher, died in Owen county, Ind., at the age of 106 years.

At the charter election in Michigan the republicans were successful in the majority of instances where party tickets formed the issue.

HARRIET W. POTTER, of St. Joseph, Mich., will soon wed Hawaiian Minister Thurston, whom she first met at the world's fair.

FOREIGN.

EX-PREMIER GLADSTONE was seriously ill at his home in London from the effects of a chill.

EIGHT persons were wounded by the explosion of a bomb near the Italian chamber of deputies in Rome.

FIRE in the hold of the steamer Paris, lying at her dock in London, caused a loss of \$100,000.

DISPATCHES received from Calcutta say the British met serious disaster at the hands of Abor tribesmen.

MEXICAN bandits attacked a ranch near Durango but were driven off with a loss of four dead and five wounded.

It was said that about 10,000 Canadian Knights of Labor, dissatisfied with Grand Master Sovereign, would secede from the organization.

PREMIER ROSEBERY was said to contemplate a scheme of home rule for the whole united kingdom.

FEARING a plot to restore the queen, the Hawaiian government has placed restrictions on immigration of aliens.

A THOUSAND arrests were made as the result of the discovery of a plot to kill the heir to the Korean throne.

THE crew of the yacht Natalie, fitted out in an American port by Haytian revolutionists, were captured and shot by Hippolyte.

In an address to his party Premier Rosebery said the battle for Irish home rule would go forward with unabated vigor.

LUDWIG AUGUST FRANKL, the Bohemian poet, died in Vienna, where he had lived for many years. He was 84 years old.

ADMIRAL DA GAMA, the Brazilian rebel leader, offered to surrender if guaranteed protection.

LATER.

THE time in the United States senate on the 18th was occupied in discussing the sealgrage bill. Senators Stewart and Lindsay spoke for and Senator Dolph against it, holding that its passage would destroy the existing equality between gold and silver.

THE house began consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill and fair progress was made.

THE schooner Mary Brown was lost off Banks Island, B. C., and eleven persons were drowned.

PASSENGER trains collided at Capleton, Canada, and Conductor Cowan, Engineer Duffie and Fireman McPherson were instantly killed.

MINNESOTA republicans carried a majority of the municipal elections.

THE New York legislature passed a bill making minor grades of hazing misdemeanors and the infliction of physical injuries felonious.

THE Ohio legislature has decided in favor of biennial sessions.

THE war is practically over in Brazil and the cause of the insurgents is a lost one. The rebel forces have surrendered unconditionally, almost without firing a shot.

A BOILER in a mill at Sombra, Ontario, exploded, and Mr. Cornell, the engineer, and three of his children, who had brought his dinner, were killed.

M. O. SHOOR, town tax collector, was held up by two highwaymen near Elburn, Ill., and relieved of \$400 in cash.

INCENDIARY fires have destroyed five barns and a livery stable at Fort Dodge, Ia., in two weeks and over thirty horses were burned to death.

THE Santa Fe depot at Woodward, O. T., was robbed of over \$10,000 by two masked men, who overpowered the agent.

A SOMBER CANADIAN LEGEND.
The Story of a Human Being Assuming the Shape of a Wolf.

THE werewolf legend constitutes one of the most somber of the traditional beliefs existing in French Canada. The story of a human being assuming the wolf's shape is certainly one of the most generally diffused throughout the world and the werewolf story comes down to us from old Roman times. The French Canadian believes that if a person does not partake of the sacrament for seven years he will turn into a loup-garou—a shapeless animal without head or limbs; the loup-garou might also appropriate the form of a wildcat, a hare, a fox or even a black hen, but at night he was obliged to range through woods and desert places.

At dead of night the loup-garou steals from his bed; climbing the highest tree in the neighborhood, he hides in its branches, and is instantly transformed into bestial shape. He is endowed with supernatural speed and strength. A fierce creature, with appetites exaggerating those of the animal he resembles, his especial delight is in slaughtering and devouring little children. When he returns to human semblance he may be recognized by his excessive leanness, wild eyes and haggard countenance. In order to regain his estate of humanity it is necessary that the blood of the monster should be shed. This kindly office being performed by a friend a complete restoration results. In many parts of the country cats of three colors were considered lucky, therefore the fortunate possessor of a puss mottled with black, white and gray, should preserve the animal carefully. When a Canadian lumberman is sufficiently fortunate to shoot a deer he wraps himself at night in the skin, in order to keep off witches. The souls of the lost, or spirits in purgatory, naturally occupied a prominent position in Canadian folklore. The dead frequently returned to the world; among old-fashioned persons there were few who had not held converse with a spirit or revenant. In punishment for sin the dead were often detained on the scene of their past misdeeds. One dead person could not help or relieve another; the wrong committed on earth could only be righted by the intervention of a living being. The evil spirits were unable to cross the blessed waters of the River St. Lawrence without the help of a Christian. These haunting spirits were numerous and of various descriptions.

A CODDLED PRINCE.
Young George of Wales Did Not Relish Close Confinement.

When Prince George of Wales was a midshipman on the Canada, one of his old shipmates writes to the Youth's Companion, he delighted in escaping from the supervision of the captain and physician. This was not because the boy was a bad boy, or one who rebelled against the rigid discipline to which he was held like any other midshipman, but because the captain and doctor watched over him with the solicitude of a grandmother. The prince could not act freely like any other midshipman without exciting their anxiety lest he should fall overboard or make himself sick.

One day, off the lonely coast of Newfoundland, part of the ship's company got leave to go seine-fishing and, for a wonder, the captain permitted the prince to go, too. We pulled a long distance from the ship. It was a clear autumn day and the sport was delightful.

The prince, who evidently felt a boyish glee in the sport, became a regular Jack Tar for the time being. He insisted on doing two men's share of the work of hauling in the nets and collecting the fish. As a result, when the party returned to the ship in the evening the enthusiastic youth presented a sorry-looking figure, with not a dry stitch of clothing on him.

The old captain was shocked, the physician grew alarmed, and the imprudent boy was forced to hie himself to his cabin, go to bed and take some preventive dose. Thus has royalty to be watched and fondled and at the same time disciplined, till it is filled with sadness over the misfortune of its birth.

A Trying Ordeal.
A graduate of a theological seminary in one of the eastern states says that in that institution the candidates for the ministry were obliged to undergo a very trying ordeal. Each of them was compelled to preach a short extempore sermon, in the chapel, to the bishop and one of the professors, who formed the sole congregation, and who occasionally interrupted and criticised the sermon. One day a candidate, a young man hardly out of his teens, who was by no means a ready speaker, overwhelmed by nervousness, began stammering: "I will divide my congregation into two—the converted and the unconverted." This was too much for the bishop's sense of humor. "I think, sir," he exclaimed, "that as there are only two of us, you had better say which is which."

Coyote Versus Eagle.
While walking the flats near Portland, Ore., early one morning a traveler witnessed an exciting fight between an eagle and a coyote. The eagle had caught a rabbit, and the coyote, appearing upon the scene about that time, undertook to take it away. The man made up his mind at once that the eagle would tear the coyote to pieces, but to his surprise the coyote got away with the rabbit, and so demoralized the eagle that the kingly bird had all it could do to flop feebly away.

Trebizond Honey.
The increased cultivation of poppy in various parts of Europe has, it is said, led to a marked growth in the percentage of opium contained in honey; the properties of which are much influenced by the flowers from which the bees gather it. This is nothing new, for Xenophon relates that his soldiers were intoxicated by eating Trebizond honey, extracted presumably from the poppies which abound in that region.

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In these days of keen competition in every line, when the business man is compelled to bend his intellect and every energy to the success of his business; the clerk, book-keeper, professional man and laborer, to drive themselves at a terrific rate, there can be but one result—an explosion, which, if not resulting in immediate death, leaves them with shattered brains and bodies. They are running at too high pressure. The strain is too great. Something must and does give way. This is equally true of women. Though their sphere is more limited, they have their daily burdens, frets, and worries, and the results are the same as with their stronger companions.

This condition is growing worse every day. The rapidity of its increase is awful to contemplate. Our homes, hospitals, and insane asylums are full of these unfortunate, and are being crowded still further. There is but one solution of the matter. Recognize the importance of the situation at once, and take the necessary measures to overcome it. If you have failing memory, hot flashes, dizziness, nervous or sick headache, biliousness, irritability, melancholy, sleeplessness, fainting, nervous dyspepsia, epilepsy, etc., know that any one of them is but a symptom of the calamity that may befall you, and even though you have used so-called remedies and treated with reputable physicians with little or no benefit, give Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve a trial. It is the only remedy that may be depended upon for nervous disorders.

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UNAPPRECIATED ACTS.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Talks Upon Apparently Trivial Things

That Frequently Lead to Great Results—The Conversion of Paul and the Means Used in Its Accomplishment—Other Instances.

While absent on a visit to the south Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage made selection of sermons to be sent out to his great congregation throughout the world of newspaper readers. The following discourse is based on the text:

Through a window in a basket I was let down by the wall.—I Corinthians, xli. 83.

Damascus is a city of white and glistening architecture sometimes called "the eye of the east," sometimes "a pearl surrounded by emeralds," at one time distinguished for swords of the best material called Damascus blades, and upholstery of richest fabric called damasks. A horseman called by the name of Paul, riding toward this city, had been thrown from the saddle. The horse had dropped under a flash from the sky, which at the same time was so bright it blinded the rider for many days, and I think so permanently injured his eyesight that this defect of vision became the thorn in the flesh he afterward speaks of. He started for Damascus to butcher Christians, but after that hard fall from his horse he was a changed man and preached Christ in Damascus till the city was shaken to its foundation.

The mayor gives authority for his arrest, and the popular cry is: "Kill him! Kill him!" The city is surrounded by a high wall, and the gates are watched by the police lest the Cilician preacher escape. Many of the houses are built on the wall, and their balconies projected clear over and hovered above the gardens outside. It was customary to lower baskets out of these balconies and pull up fruits and flowers from the gardens. To this day visitors at the monastery of Mount Sinai are lifted and let down in baskets. Detectives prowled around from house to house looking for Paul, but his friends hid him now in one place, now in another. He is no coward, as fifty incidents in his life demonstrate. But he feels his work is not done yet, and so he evades assassination. "Is that preacher here?" the foaming mob shout at one house door. "Is that fanatic here?" the police shout at another house door. Sometimes on the street incognito he passes through a crowd of clinched fists, and sometimes he secretes himself on the house-top. At last the infuriated populace get on sure track of him. They have positive evidence that he is in the house of one of the Christians, the balcony of whose home reaches over the wall. "Here he is! Here he is!" The vociferation and blasphemy and howling of the pursuers are at the front door. They break in. "Fetch out that gospeller, and let us hang his head on the city gate. Where is he?" The emergency was terrible. Provisionally there was a good stout basket in the house. Paul's friends fasten a rope to the basket. Paul steps into it. The basket is lifted to the edge of the balcony on the wall, and then while Paul holds on to the rope with both hands his friends lower away, carefully and cautiously, slowly but surely, further down and further down, until the basket strikes the earth and the apostle steps out, and afoot and alone starts on that famous missionary tour, the story of which has astonished earth and Heaven. Appropriate entry in Paul's diary of travels: "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall."

Observe, first, on what a slender ten are great results hang. The rope-maker who twisted that cord fastened to that lowering basket never knew how much would depend on the strength of it. How if it had been broken and the apostle's life had been dashed out? What would have become of the Christian church? All that magnificent missionary work in Pamphylia, Cappadocia, Galatia, Macedonia would never have been accomplished. All his writings that make up so indispensable and enchanting a part of the New Testament would never have been written. The story of resurrection would never have been so gloriously told as he told it. The example of heroic and triumphant endurance at Philippi, in the Mediterranean euroclydon, under flagellations and at his beheading would not have kindled the courage of ten thousand martyrs. But the rope holding that basket, how much depended on it! So again and again great results have hung on what seemed slender circumstances.

Did ever ship of many thousand tons crossing the sea have such important passenger as had a boat of leaves, from taffrail to stern only three or four feet, the vessel made waterproof by a coat of bitumen and floating on the Nile with the infant lawmaker of the Jews on board? What if some crocodile should crunch it? What if some of the cattle wading in for a drink should sink it? Vessels of war sometimes carry forty guns looking through the portholes, ready to open battle. But that tiny craft on the Nile seems to be armed with all the guns of thunder that bombarded Sinai at the law-giving. On how fragile craft sailed how much of historical importance.

The paragon at Epworth, England, is on fire in the night, and the father rushes through the hallway for the rescue of his children. Seven children are out and safe on the grounds, but one remains in the consuming building. That one wakes, and finding his bed on fire, and the building crumbling, comes to the window, and two peasants make a ladder of their bodies, one peasant standing on the shoulders of the other, and down the human ladder the boy descended—John Wesley. If you would know how much depended on that ladder of peasants ask the millions of Methodists on both sides of the sea. Ask their mission stations all round the world. Ask the hundreds of thousands already ascended to join

their founder, who would have perished but for the living stair of peasants' shoulders.

An English ship stopped at Pitsa in island, and, right in the midst of surrounding cannibalism and squalor, the passengers discovered a Christian colony of churches and schools and beautiful homes and highest style of religion and civilization. For fifty years no missionary and no Christian influence had landed there. Why this oasis of light amid a desert of heathendom? Sixty years before a ship had met disaster and one of the sailors, unable to save anything else, went to his trunk and took out a Bible which his mother had placed there, and swam ashore, the Bible held in his teeth. The book was read on all sides until the rough and vicious population were evangelized, and a church was started, and an enlightened commonwealth established, and the world's history has no more brilliant page than that which tells of the transformation of a nation by one book. It did not seem of much importance whether the sailor continued to hold the book in his teeth or let it fall in the breakers, but upon what small circumstance depended what mighty results.

Practical inference: There are no insignificances in our lives. The minutest thing is part of a magnitude. Infinity is made up of infinitesimals. Great things are aggregation of small things. Bethlehem manager pulling on a star in the eastern sky. One book in a drenched sailor's mouth the evangelization of a multitude. One boat of papyrus on the Nile freighted with events for all ages. The fate of Christendom in a basket let down from a window on the wall. What you do, do well. If you make a rope make it strong and true, for you know not how much may depend on your workmanship. If you fashion a boat let it be water-proof, for you know not who may sail in it. If you put a Bible in the trunk of your boy as he goes from home, let it be heard in your prayers, for it may have a mission as far-reaching as the book which the sailor carried in his teeth to the Pitsa beach. The plainest man's life is an island between two eternities—eternity past rippling against his shoulders, eternity to come touching his brow. The casual, the accidental, that which merely happened so, are parts of a great plan, and the rope that lets the fugitive apostle from the Damascus wall is the cable that holds to its mooring the ship of the church in the northeast storm of the centuries.

Again notice unrecognized and unrecorded services. Who spun that rope? Who tied it to the basket? Who steadied the illustrious preacher as he stepped into it? Who relaxed not a muscle of the arm or dismissed an anxious look from his face until the basket touched the ground and discharged its magnificent cargo? Not one of their names has come to us, but there was no work done that day in Damascus nor in all the earth compared with the importance of their work. What if they had in their agitation tied a knot that could slip? What if the sound of the mob at the door had led them to say: "Paul must take care of himself, and we will take care of ourselves." No, no! They held the rope, and in doing so did more for the Christian church than any thousand of us will ever accomplish. But God knows and has made eternal record of their undertaking. And they know. How exultant they must have felt when they read His letters to the Romans, to the Corinthians, to the Galatians, to the Ephesians, to the Philippians, to the Colossians, to the Thessalonians, to Timothy, to Titus, to Philemon, to the Hebrews, and when they heard how he walked out of prison with the earthquake unlocking the door for him, and took command of the Alexandrian corn-ship when the sailors were nearly scared to death, and preached a sermon that nearly shook Felix off his judgment seat. I hear the men and women who helped him down through the window and over the wall talking in private over the matter, and saying: "How glad I am that we have effected that rescue! In coming times others may get the glory of Paul's work, but no one shall rob us of the satisfaction of knowing that we held the rope."

There are said to be about sixty-nine thousand ministers of religion in this country. About fifty thousand I warrant came from early homes which had to struggle for the necessities of life. The sons of rich bankers and merchants generally become bankers and merchants. The most of those who become ministers are the sons of those who had terrific struggle to get their everyday bread. The collegiate and theological education of that son took every luxury from the parental table for eight years. The other children were more scantily apparelled. The son at college every little while got a bundle from home. In it were the socks that mother had knit, sitting up late at night, her sight not as good as once it was. And there also were some delicacies from the sister's hand for the voracious appetite of a hungry student.

The years go by, and the son has been ordained and is preaching the glorious Gospel, and a great revival comes, and souls by scores and hundreds accept the Gospel from the lips of the young preacher, and father and mother, quite old now, are visiting the son of the village parsonage, and at the close of a Sabbath of mighty blessing father and mother retire to their room, the son lighting the way and asking them if he can do anything to make them more comfortable, saying if they want anything in the night just to knock on the wall. And then all alone father and mother talk over the gracious influence of the day, and say: "Well, it was worth all we went through to educate that boy! It was a hard pull, but we held on till the work was done. The world may not know it, but, mother, we held the rope, didn't we?" And the voice, tremulous with joyful emotion, responds: "Yes, father,

we held the rope. I feel my work is done. Now, Lord, lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, for mine eyes have seen Thy salvation." "Pshaw!" says the father, "I never felt so much like living in my life as now. I want to see what that fellow is going on to do, he has begun so well."

Once for thirty-six hours we expected every moment to go to the bottom of the ocean. The waves struck through the skylights and rushed down into the hold of the ship and hissed against the boilers. It was an awful time; but by the blessing of God and the faithfulness of the man in charge we came out of the cyclone and we arrived at home. Each one before leaving the ship thanked Capt. Andrews. I do not think there was a man or woman went off that ship without thanking Capt. Andrews, and when, years after, I heard of his death, I was impelled to write a letter of condolence to his family in Liverpool. Everybody recognized the goodness, the courage, the kindness of Capt. Andrews, but it occurs to me now that we never thanked the engineer. He stood away down in the darkness amid the hissing furnaces doing his whole duty. Nobody thanked the engineer, but God recognized his heroism and his continuance and his fidelity, and there will be just as high reward for the engineer who worked out of sight, as the captain who stood on the bridge of the ship in the midst of the howling tempest.

Come, let us go right up and accost those on this circle of heavenly thrones. Surely they must have killed in battle a million men. Surely they must have been buried with all the cathedrals sounding a dirge and all the towers of all the cities tolling the national grief. Who art thou, mighty one of Heaven? "I lived by choice the unmarried daughter in a humble home that I might take care of my parents in their old age, and I endured without complaint all their querulousness and ministered to all their wants for twenty years."

Let us pass on round the circle of thrones. Who art thou, mighty one of Heaven? "I was for thirty years a Christian invalid, and suffered all the while, occasionally writing a note of sympathy for those worse off than I, and was general confidant of all those who had trouble, and once in awhile I was strong enough to make a garment for that poor family in the back lane." Pass on to another throne. Who art thou, mighty one of Heaven? "I was the mother who raised a whole family of children for God, and they are out in the world, Christian merchants, Christian mechanics, Christian wives, and I have had full reward of all my toil." Let us pass on in the circle of thrones. "I had a Sabbath-school class, and they were always on my heart, and they all entered the kingdom of God, and I am waiting for their arrival."

But who art thou, the mighty one of Heaven on this other throne? "In time of bitter persecution I owned a house in Damascus, a house on the wall. A man who preached Christ was hounded from street to street, and I hid him from the assassins, and when I found them breaking in my house, and I could no longer keep him safely, I advised him to flee for his life, and a basket was let down over the wall with the maltreated man in it, and I was one who helped hold the rope." And I said: "Is that all?" and he answered: "That is all." And while I was lost in amazement, I heard a strong voice that sounded as though it might once have been hoarse from many exposures and triumphant as though it might have belonged to one of the martyrs, and it said: "Not many mighty, not many noble are called, but God hath chosen the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty, and base things of the world and things which are despised hath God chosen, yea, and things which are not, to bring to naught things which are, that no flesh should glory in His presence." And I looked to see from whence the voice came, and lo! it was the very one who had said: "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall."

Henceforth think of nothing as insignificant. A little thing may decide your all. A Cunarder put out from England for New York. It was well equipped, but in putting up a stove in the pilot box a nail was driven too near the compass. You know how that nail would affect the compass. The ship's officer, deceived by that distracted compass, put the ship two hundred miles off her right course, and suddenly the man on the lookout cried: "Land, ho!" and the ship was halted within a few yards of her demolition on Nantucket shoals. A six-penny nail came near wrecking a Cunarder. Small ropes hold mighty destinies.

A minister seated in Boston at his table, lacking a word he puts his hand behind his head and tilts back his chair to think, and the ceiling falls and crushes the table and would have crushed him. A minister in Jamaica at night by the light of an insect, called the candle-fly, is kept from stepping over a precipice a hundred feet. F. W. Robertson, the celebrated English clergyman, said that he entered the ministry from a train of circumstances started by the barking of a dog. Had the wind blown one way on a certain day, the Spanish inquisition would have been established in England; but it blew the other way, and that dropped the accused institution, with seventy-five thousand tons of shipping, to the bottom of the sea, or flung the splintered logs on the rocks.

Nothing unimportant in your life or mine. Three ciphers placed on the right side of the figure "1" to make a thousand, and six ciphers on the right side of the figure "1" a million, and our nothingness placed on the right side may be augmentation illimitable. All the ages of time and eternity affected by the basket let down from a Damascus balcony!

—The Bible, as a whole, is the best treatise on sound and successful business principles and practice that can be consulted by anyone.

Executor's Sale.

In the matter of the Estate of Jacob Winegar, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, on Monday, the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the dwelling house on the premises hereinafter described in the township of Jamestown, in the county of Ottawa, in the state of Michigan, pursuant to license and authority granted to me on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1894, by the Probate Court of Ottawa County, Michigan, all of the estate, right, title and interest of the said deceased of the estate, and to the real estate situated and being in the county of Ottawa in the State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit: The East-half of the West half of the North-East quarter of section thirty-five, town five North of range thirteen West, containing fifty acres of land more or less.

March 6th, 1894.

JAMES BRANDT, Executor.

THE COBRA'S NEST.

A Venturesome Man Finds the Reptile and Takes the Eggs.

Rather more than a year ago the fact was mentioned in a Bombay paper that a gentleman connected with the Gou railway had shot a hamadryad on its nest. This awkward mouthful of a word is coming to be familiarly known as the name of the giant cobra, more common in Burmah than in India, which grows to a length of fourteen feet, is as fierce as it is strong and has the reputation of feeding principally on other snakes. Little indeed is known about the incubation—we might almost have said the alleged incubation—of snakes, and rarely, if ever, has a competent observer had the good chance to come upon a serpent in the very act of sitting hen-like on its eggs. Only the bare fact was published at the time, and a fuller account cannot fail to be interesting, says the Madras Pioneer.

The gentleman was Mr. Wasey, known in his district as an ardent and successful shikari; and he was told by a coolie, in the matter of course of way usual with those fatalistic philosophers, that a certain path was impassable, as a cobra had erected a gadi or throne for itself there, and warned off intruders. Here was a golden opportunity to settle the vexed question of the aggressiveness of venomous snakes. Will a cobra rush to the attack when it can get easily away? Europeans commonly say "no," but natives universally cite instances to the contrary, some of them plainly fabulous, but others only wanting corroboration to be believed. Now here in British India, or at least in Portuguese India, was a giant of the tribe, known to all the villagers to have taken up its station by the roadside, and to be ready to glide down and rush like lightning at man or beast who approached. Mr. Wasey followed the coolie to the spot and was shown the monster coiled up on the top of a huge pile of dry leaves. Without more ado he shot it, and, turning over the leaves, found at the bottom thirty-two eggs rather smaller than a hen's, and each covered with a tough skin in place of a shell. These were sent to the secretary of the Bombay Natural History society; but, wanting the heat generated by the close mass of decaying leaves, they did not hatch. Sometimes more than one young one escapes from a snake's egg; but at the lowest computation Mr. Wasey is to be congratulated on riding his district of thirty-three deadly snakes.

LADIES' NAMES.

The Good Old Common Ones Still Among the Preferred.

"Fancy names" are not as popular with ladies as might be supposed. The question having arisen in conversation the other day it was referred offhand to a catalogue of Smith college. The Boston Transcript reports the result: "In that institution there are six hundred and ninety-six girls, from all parts of the country, representing undoubtedly the rich and the poor, but more particularly the thoroughly American class of people who are neither rich nor poor. In this catalogue the Marys, Alice, Mables, Helens, Berthas, Graces, Ediths and Elizabeths were all counted up. These were found to be much the most common names; and those who believe that women in general are still possessed of as much common sense as they ever were, in spite of the fondness of some women for new and pretty names, were pleased to learn from this list that one of the most beautiful of all names, the name of Mary, is still most commonly borne by young women. There are in Smith college no fewer than sixty-eight Marys, not counting middle names. The next name in popularity was the beautiful one of Alice, which had twenty-seven representatives. Then came Elizabeth, also sufficiently old-fashioned, with twenty-five. The next in rank was Mable, twenty-two; Grace, twenty-one, and Helen, twenty-one. Seventeen girls bore the English name of Edith—old but newly revived—and sixteen the pretty name of Bertha, which we have borrowed from the Germans. The Dorothys apparently had but a single representative." It is certainly gratifying to learn that the "Mamie" fad has about disappeared, and the sweet, dignified "old-fashioned" names are once more popular.

A RARE record is boasted of by Timothy Dyer, of Vinai Haven, Me., who is in his ninety-first year. Until he was eighteen years old he never wore a shoe. He has never ridden on a car, and but once on a steamboat; he has never entered a tavern, never quarreled with anyone, and a barber has never shaved him.

In the northwestern part of Colorado there is a region several hundred square miles in extent which is a vast deposit of petrified fish.

In order to protect an invention all over the world, sixty-four patents are required at a cost of about \$17,500.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

PURE BLOOD, CLEAR SKIN, HEALTH, MENTAL ENERGY, CURES OTHERS WILL CURE YOU, PERFECT DIGESTION, SOUND SLEEP, LONG LIFE, VITALITY, STRONG NERVES.

S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 120 pounds; I now can brag of 150 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Cures others, will cure you

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE condition of payment of a certain mortgage made and executed by Marcus Kuisenga and Olive, his wife, of the township of Olive, County of Ottawa and state of Michigan, parties of the first part, to Jacob Van der Ven, of the city of Grand Rapids, county of Kent and state of Michigan, party of the second part, dated on the first day of October, A. D. 1891 and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Ottawa county, Michigan on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1892, in Liber 36 of Mortgages, on page 53, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Four Hundred and Forty-Six Dollars and Forty cents, beside an attorney fee of five dollars (\$5.00), provided for by law; and to suit or proceed, go having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part of it, and whole of the principal sum of said mortgage, together with all arrears of interest thereon, having become due and payable by reason of default in the payment of interest on said mortgage on the day when the same became due and payable, and the non-payment of said interest in default for more than thirty days after the same became due and payable, wherefore under the conditions of said mortgage the whole amount of the principal sum of said mortgage with all arrears of interest thereon at the option of the said Jacob Van der Ven became due and payable immediately thereafter; and the said Jacob Van der Ven hereby declares his election and option to consider the whole amount of the said principal sum of said mortgage due and payable; Notice is therefore given by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public venue of the mortgage premises or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with interest and costs of fore-closure and sale including an attorney fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00), provided for by law, said sale to take place at the north front door of the Ottawa county court house, at the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa county, Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the county of Ottawa is holden), on

Monday, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the said mortgaged premises to be sold being described in said mortgage as all that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the township of Olive, county of Ottawa and state of Michigan and described as follows: The North-East quarter of the North-West quarter of section 11, in township 6 North of range 15 West, containing forty acres of land more or less, according to U. S. survey.

Dated Holland, March 1st, A. D. 1894.
GERHART LIEKEMA, JACOB VAN DER VEN, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF OTTAWA.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

Present, JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Janila Huisenga, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Derk Huisenga, son and heir at law of said deceased, praying for the determination of the heirs at law of said deceased, and who are entitled to the lands of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Wednesday the Eleventh day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition; and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy, Attest.)
JOHN V. B. GOODRICH, Judge of Probate.
MILNE P. GOODRICH, Probate Clerk.

A. HUNTLEY.

Engineer and Machinist.

Office and Shop on Seventh St., Holland, Mich.

Mill and Engine Repairing A Specialty.

All Orders Promptly Attended to.

Ready and willing to meet any party in consultation relative to boilers, engines and other Machinery.

A. Huntley.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 18, '92.

The NEW DRUG STORE

We have just opened business in the store formerly occupied by Dr. Wm. Van Patten and have all the leading Patent Medicines.

A Complete Stock of Pure Drugs!

Wines and Liquors,

for Medicinal Purposes.

Toilet Articles, Sponges and Chamoise Skin.

DIAMOND DYES, ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to the careful compounding of prescriptions!

Finest Brands of Cigars.

For the accommodation of the public we have put in a full supply of stamps, postal cards and wrappers.

L. KRAMER.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injector of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 3 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. At a box, 5 for \$5. Guarantees issued by our agents. Cured, Files Presented by Japanese Liver Pills the GREAT LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents. GUARANTEES issued only by W. E. BANGS, 12-17 Grandville Ave. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Central Drug Store.

H. KREMER, M. D.

(One door east of post-office.)

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc.

A full line of Domestic and Imported Cigars.

Prescriptions carefully put up.

Calls promptly answered, night or day.

Office hours, at office in store—8 to 9 A. M., and 3 to 5 P. M. Residence corner Twelfth and Market streets.

12-17

WHEN

You want a WATCH that will

Keep Correct Time.

Just step into the Jewelry Store of

O. Breyman & Son,

and you will get the value of your money.

Get your Repairing done here!

They keep everything that is found in a first-class Jewelry Store and at prices that will astonish you for their cheapness

The Last Chance in our Closing Out Sale.

As we are going to give up the business in this city in a few days, we will dispose of a great many of our suits and other goods. Now is your opportunity to buy goods, as we will dispose of them at your own prices.

The Chicago Clothing Store.

L. HENDERSON, Proprietor.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Grand Haven.

The Griffin corner on Washington street has been purchased by Dr. J. Mastenbrook and will be improved and again occupied as a drug store.

Died on Sunday, at the age of 82 years, Mrs. Elvira P. Hubbard. Until this winter she had enjoyed fairly good health. The deceased came here in 1868. She was the mother of the late Geo. E. Hubbard, of Mrs. Nellie V. Squier, dep. register of deeds, and Mrs. W. Talcott of Arizona, who was also with her during her last sickness. The day of her funeral, Tuesday, was the 62nd anniversary of her wedding day.

Our Lake Michigan fishermen have resumed operations.

Zibine: The lake shore is lined with icebergs as far as the eye can see and about 300 yards in width. The bergs present many beautiful forms. Opposite Highland Park a natural ice bridge was noticed. It was beautifully arched, under which flowed open water. The bridge would hold a number of persons. The ice had also assumed the shape of fortifications in many places, guarding the bleak lake shore. Between the beach and the ice was clear water and one can row from here to Holland, closely hugging the shore.

The little schooner Alice Royce, commanded by the lone sailor Capt. Warren, lay at the pier Monday, prepared to make a trip to Manistee after a cargo.

Henry Worms, more popularly known as "Little Joe," who with his late father and his brother Julius carried on an extensive retail clothing business in this city some 15 years ago, passed through the city this week. His present home is in New York, where he is operating on the stock exchange. The object of his visit is to resurrect the large number of replevin suits, some 20 or 25, that were begun against some member of the Worms family in 1882. A part of these suits are pending in the U. S. court at Grand Rapids and a part in the Ottawa circuit. "Jo" claims to have effected a settlement in full with all of his creditors and will now ask for a return of the property. F. W. Croft of Muskegon and J. C. Fitzgerald of Grand Rapids are mentioned as among his attorneys.

It is claimed that during the recent gales hundreds of young grasshoppers, presumably scooped up from the plains of Nebraska, were rained upon the town.

Allegan County.

The charter election of Allegan village on Monday was a spirited affair, 672 legal ballots being cast. For president Judge Stockdale, rep., received a majority of 24 over O. G. Vahne. The democrats elected clerk and assessor, and the republicans the balance of the ticket.

Some weeks ago the name of Mr. Killian was sent into the Senate for postmaster of Allegan, and everybody appeared pleased with his selection, except the "referees." Last week however it became evident that this nomination had been withdrawn and substituted by that of John C. Bracken, and now everybody is mad. A large remonstrance has been forwarded in the meanwhile the matter is "hung up" in the senate.

Washington Gardner lectured in Douglas, Thursday.

Commercial: At the Saugatuck village election last Tuesday 142 ballots were cast, and they were pretty evenly divided between the candidates on the two tickets. For president, S. C. Reed and Fred Wade each had 71 votes, and the draw gave the election to the latter. The candidates for trustees on the Temperance ticket were elected by close majorities. They are, E. S. Fride, A. L. Weed, and Judson Doud.

The attendance at the funeral of the late Capt. Chas. McVea was the largest ever seen in this part of the county. Despite the almost impassable condition of the roads, there were two hundred rigs in the line of procession.

The planting of new peach orchards in Saugatuck township will take on quite a boom this year and local nurserymen are making preparations for an active business. Peach tree planting has fallen off somewhat during the past two or three years on account of the fearful inroads made by the yellows, but since the active measures taken by the authorities of Saugatuck and Ganges townships have availed to stay, to at least a large extent, the progress of the disease, the farmers have regained confidence, and will prepare to increase their orchard acreage.

Monday was the tenth anniversary of the burning of Allegan.

The smoke house of H. Boven, a Fillmore farmer, was visited by a sneak thief the other day. The owner caught sight of him in time to save three valuable hams.

West Olive.

The Republican caucus was held pursuant to appointment on Tuesday, and the following persons were nominated:

Supervisor, J. W. Norrington; Clerk, Wm. M. Jacques; Treasurer, A. J. Eelman; Highway com'r, F. Wallace; School inspector, H. W. Harrington; Drain com'r, A. P. Steglinga; Board of review, Wm. Roberts 1 year, N. Siersema 2 years; Justice, John Owens; Constables, J. C. Welling, C. B. Cook, Joe Peck, Ernst Fletcher.

The candidates chosen seem to satisfy the Republicans, and they are claiming that the entire ticket will carry. This seems to have frightened Wybe Nienhuis, a democratic candidate for treasurer, from the way he was hustling last Wednesday at Wm. Joscelyn's auction, in search of republicans willing to accept places on a ticket which he proposes to nominate at a union caucus. Republicans should not be deceived by the great love that Mr. Nienhuis professes to have for them at this particular time.

The Union party will hold their caucus in the near future. There will be no straight Democratic ticket, the Union ticket will accept men regardless of political affiliations.

Wm. M. Joscelyn held his sale Wednesday and it was quite well attended. Some articles were sold very cheap and others at a big price.

Mrs. Alton Brown returned to her home in Grand Rapids Monday.

The weather is pleasant and the farmer is preparing for spring work. Mr. Brown has resigned as teacher of district No. 8; school closes March 30. There will be an opening here for a teacher during the spring term of two months.

Lake Shore.

Wilbur Cochran came out here Monday, and returned to Grand Rapids Wednesday.

There was a dance held at the residence of B. Crofoot Tuesday evening, which was quite a success. Mr. Drinkwater and Frank Stansbery furnished the music.

The ice has nearly all disappeared in the lake.

Services were held in the M. E. church here Sunday last, and we expect to have meetings once in two weeks from now on, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence are improving in health, so much so that they were taken to their son-in-law's home, where they will remain for some time, or until they are able to help themselves.

James Lyons has purchased a team of horses of Geo. Smith and will work Mrs. Chaffee's place this season.

Dell Dolph will sell his personal property at auction Tuesday of next week.

Mr. Nooks has been very sick, but is a little on the gain at present.

Our peach buds are all right, and everything appears favorable for a good crop. All we need is good weather from now on.

Col. Pilton traded horses this week with Jockey John and got traded out of the season.

Roll of Honor, Dist. No. 8.

The following names of pupils have been placed on the roll, during the month ending March 2nd, for good behavior, diligent work and general progress:

Jennie and Lena Balou, Gertie, Grace and Garret Braidaway, George Ogden, Jennie Brink, Sadie Waterway, Bertha Witteveen No. 1, Nellie Cochran, Cora Braidaway, Maude and Clyde Ogden, Grace Braidaway, Bertha Witteveen, Chris, Nellie and Gracie Van Der Veere, Arthur Ogden and Garrit Balou.

Names of those not absent during the month are as follows: Clyde Ogden, Arthur Ogden, Albert Witteveen and Nellie Van der Veere. Average daily attendance, 27.

This is to Certify,

That the undersigned has been thoroughly cured of Necrosis of the bone, by the use of Mr. Mennenga's ointment. After having sought the aid of several physicians, I found this to be fruitless, but the ointment of Mr. Mennenga gave me relief. To any one afflicted similarly, I can recommend this remedy, and my parents will cheerfully do the same.

FREDERICK P. WIERINGA.
No. 223 Wood ave., Muskegon, Mich.

Science and Sun Spots.

It has been suggested that there is a relation between the sun spots, which occur at regular intervals and the state of the crops on this planet. It has been observed that in years when these spots occur the grain yield is much less than in other seasons, and a special bureau for the purpose of investigating this subject has been created by the government, with its headquarters in the Smithsonian institution at Washington, D. C. The plan of this branch of research is to penetrate the solar spectrum and wrest from space behind it some of the mysteries of what are supposed to be the physical disturbances that are the cause of the spots. Scientists express a hope that by a more thorough knowledge of the sun's peculiarities they may be able to forecast atmospheric convulsions, earthquakes and various phenomena that at present are, to a certain extent, matters of speculation. The instruments used in these experiments are fine and delicate beyond description. Some of the thermometers are as small as fine hairs, and many other necessary aids are quite as remarkable. As one studies deeper into these subjects the wonder of them grows and the hand of the Infinite Creator of all things shows more clearly.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the invention of post-cards was celebrated a few days ago at Vienna. The half-penny card was not used in England until 1870, the year which saw also the reduction of the penny postage on newspapers to a halfpenny. But in the year before that an Austrian named Dr. Emanuel Herman, who is still alive, invented the post-card, and it was introduced in Austria-Hungary. In 1873 it spread to Germany, and was adopted in 1880 by the international postal union. In Austria alone 100,000,000 cards are now used annually, the English post offices pass upwards of 250,000,000, and the total for the whole world is no less than a milliard (1,000,000,000).

It is reported that Miss Fay Fuller, of Tacoma, recently succeeded in climbing Mount Tacoma, Wash., a feat which no woman had before attempted, and in which few men had ever succeeded. The mountain is fourteen thousand four hundred and forty-four feet high, and the upper part is well covered with glaciers. The first seven thousand feet were done on horseback, but the rest of the distance had to be accomplished on foot, and Miss Fuller and the four men who accompanied her suffered severely from the exposure.

ONE of the most beautiful tributes to Mr. George W. Childs was written by his wife during his last illness. In a letter to a personal friend she wrote: "I wish that he (Mr. Childs) was well enough to know how many good devoted friends he has who have shown so much anxiety in regard to him. I, his wife, cannot find words strong enough to show him to the world as he is in his own home. He is in character more than human, and a beautiful example to all those who have the privilege of being near him."

VERMONT and New Hampshire, it is said, grow more slowly than any other states in the union; and the former seems as nearly as may be a finished and fenced-in community. Old as the state is one county has less than four thousand inhabitants, and another less than ten thousand. Villages in both states are drained of their young men, who go to Boston or New York in search of careers not to be found at home.

POWERFUL and large as are the greatest of modern United States warships, they are all of low stature compared with the towering structures of sixty or seventy years ago. The United States ship Pennsylvania, built about 1828, and supposed at the time to be one of the largest warships ever launched, was 220 feet long and 58 feet broad. She carried 220 guns and towered aloft with five decks. Her complement of men was 1,400.

A BILL has been introduced in the Massachusetts legislature to prevent low-neck dressing among the women of the Bay state. According to the New York World it is not likely to get a bare majority, however. There are still a great many people in Massachusetts who accept Emerson's line, with an addition: "Beauty is its own excuse for being."—See.

The leader of a small band of enthusiasts in Oregon who have withdrawn from the world and are undergoing a forty days' fast on crackers and claret in expectation of the end of the world, is the widow of an ex-attorney general whose husband sat in the United States senate twenty odd years ago. —See.

Improving the Red Man.

According to the report of the secretary of the interior for 1893, the number of Indians in the United States is not decreasing, as was once the case, but steadily increasing. Meantime, more than twenty-one thousand Indian children have been under training in schools quite up to the average standard of our public schools. These children are being educated in the language, ways of life and industries of the white people, and whether or not they continue in the ways of civilization after they come to manhood and womanhood, their education, and that of successive generations of children, will gradually transform their race from barbarism to civilization. While the children are being educated, thousands of their parents are taking out separate farms under the allotment law, and abandoning the old tribal system of life and government. With the exception of the Sioux outbreak in 1890, which was quickly ended, largely through the returning reason of the Indians themselves, joined with a most prudent use of the military forces, there has been no Indian war for many years. It is not probable that another sanguinary Indian war will ever take place. Hundreds of Indian soldiers now serve in the United States army in separate companies, and their loyalty is not questioned. The Indians have been more fairly treated by the whites and the government than was formerly the case, and they themselves are showing more inclination to follow the "white man's path." Such a system of civilizing the red man by trusting him is more profitable, as well as more humane and honorable, than the system which once prevailed.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 14.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	\$3 23 1/2 @ 4 1/2
Sheep	2 50 @ 3 75
Hogs	5 25 @ 5 50
FLOUR—Winter Patents	3 25 @ 3 50
Minnesota Patents	3 50 @ 3 75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	61 1/2 @ 63 1/2
Hard Red	60 @ 62
Soft Red	59 1/2 @ 61 1/2
Ungraded Mixed	42 1/2 @ 43 1/2
OATS—Track Mixed Western	28 @ 30 1/2
EYE—Western	50 @ 52 1/2
RYE—New York	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
LARD—Western Creamery	15 @ 16
Butter—Western Creamery	12 @ 13
Western Dairy	12 @ 13
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Shipping Steers	12 80 @ 15 00
Stockers	2 45 @ 2 50
Feeders	3 10 @ 3 25
Butchers' Steers	20 75 @ 21 00
Hogs	1 00 @ 1 30
Ons. No. 2	4 40 @ 4 50
SHEEP	1 75 @ 1 90
BUTTER—Creamery	12 @ 13
Dairy	10 @ 12
EGGS	15 @ 16 1/2
BROOM CORN.	
Western (per ton)	30 00 @ 35 00
Western Dwarf	50 00 @ 55 00
Illinois Good to Choice	45 00 @ 50 00
POTATOES (per bush)	44 @ 45 1/2
PORK—Mess	10 30 @ 10 7 1/2
LARD—Steam	6 55 @ 6 65
FLOUR—Spring Patents	3 20 @ 3 30
Spring Straights	2 30 @ 2 40
Winter Patents	2 20 @ 2 35
Winter Straights	2 50 @ 2 60
GRAIN—Wheat, Cash	56 1/2 @ 56 3/4
Corn, No. 2	35 1/2 @ 35 3/4
Ons. No. 2	30 1/2 @ 30 3/4
Rye, No. 2	44 @ 44 1/2
Barley, Choice to Fancy	50 @ 54
LUMBER.	
Siding	15 50 @ 22 50
Flooring	35 00 @ 38 00
Common Boarding	14 00 @ 15 1/2
Fencing	11 00 @ 14 50
Lath, Dry	2 40 @ 2 45
Shingles	2 25 @ 3 00
KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	43 50 @ 45 00
Stockers and Feeders	30 @ 34 70
HOGS	4 55 @ 4 70
SHEEP	2 25 @ 3 00
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers	42 75 @ 43 50
Feeders	2 25 @ 2 50
HOGS	4 45 @ 4 70
SHEEP	2 25 @ 3 00

GREAT Closing Out Sale.

Our entire stock of Dry Goods to be closed out at almost your own prices.

I am going out of business and before doing so I would like to give my friends and patrons an opportunity of buying dry goods far below cost, and in addition to this we will give a souvenir to all customers buying Five Dollars worth or more.

We have had our share of the trade in the past, possibly a little more, for which we are very grateful.

Below we quote a few prices. These prices are for cash only.

	Former price.		
6 pieces of novelty dress goods	\$1 60	for	\$1 05
16 " " " " " "	1 25	"	76
6 " " " " " "	1 25	"	98
20 " " " " " "	1 00	"	80
24 " " " " " "	90	"	70
10 " " " " " "	65	"	55
36 " " " " " "	50	"	40
32 " " " " " "	42	"	30
28 " " " " " "	25	"	20
44 " " Jamestown goods	25 for 15 and 12 1/2		

All other goods at proportional low prices.

Sale Begins Monday the 12th.

We have by far the largest and finest assortment of dress goods etc., in the city, consequently, you will have no difficulty in obtaining exactly what you want, watch for new ad next week.

Respectfully,

D. BERTSCH,

I. S. We hear that some of our competitors anticipate taking advantage of this sale to lay in a stock of spring goods. In regard to this we would say, with all due respects, that we will positively refuse to see to them.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggists to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at H. Walsh's Drug Store at Holland, Mich., and H. De Kruif's Zeeland, Mich. Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for six months. At time the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says, "and have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by Heber Walsh, Holland, Mich.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at Heber Walsh, Holland, Mich., and H. De Kruif, Zeeland, Mich.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

You may rest nights if you will take "Adironda," Wheeler's Heart and Nerve Cure, it contains no Opium or Morphine.

Hall's Hair Renewer contains the natural food and color-matter for the hair, and medicinal herbs for the scalp, curing grayness, baldness, dandruff, and scalp sores.

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