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### Holland City News, Volume 11, Number 6: March 18, 1882

Holland City News

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# HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XI.—NO. 6.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1882.

WHOLE NO. 526.

## The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT  
HOLLAND, - - MICHIGAN.  
OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS.  
Editor and Publisher.

Terms of Subscription:  
\$2.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

JOB PRINTING Promptly and Neatly Executed.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:  
One square of ten lines, (nonpareil,) 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1/2 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/4 "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly. An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the subscription. Two XX signifies that no paper will be continued after date.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

## Rail Roads.

Chicago & West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect, Sunday Jan. 15, 1882.

From Holland to Chicago.				From Chicago to Holland.			
Nt. Exp.	Mix. ed.	Mail.	towns.	Mail.	Mix. ed.	Nt. Exp.	
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.		p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	
10 20	9 20	11 50	Holland	3 25	8 00	5 15	
10 40	10 10	12 08	East Saugatuck	3 05	7 35	5 00	
10 55	10 40	12 20	Richmond	2 55	7 20	4 45	
12 00	12 15	1 55	Gd. Junction	2 15	5 45	3 35	
12 25	12 50	1 10	Bangor	2 00	5 15	3 30	
1 50	3 10	2 30	Benton Harbor	12 50	3 15	2 10	
2 05	3 30	2 45	St. Joseph	12 40	3 05	2 00	
3 30	6 00	3 50	New Buffalo	11 40	1 00	11 55	
7 30		5 50	Chicago	9 00		9 10	
m. p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	

On Saturday night the Night express north runs earlier, leaving Chicago 5 15 p. m., arriving at Holland 2:30 Sunday morning.

### GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.

From Holland to Grand Rapids.				From Grand Rapids to Holland.			
a. m.	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	
5 20	8 15	3 25	Holland	11 45	9 10	10 10	
5 35	8 40	3 35	Zeeland	11 35	8 40	9 55	
5 57	9 00	3 52	Hudsonville	11 15	7 40	9 25	
6 15	10 00	4 05	Grandville	11 00	7 10	9 05	
6 35	10 30	4 20	Grand Rapids	10 45	6 35	8 45	
a. m.	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	

On Sunday morning the Night Express leaves Holland 2:30 and arrives in Grand Rapids 4:10 a. m.

### MUSKEGON BRANCH.

From Holland to Muskegon.				From Muskegon to Holland.			
a. m.	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	
7 30	3 25	11 45	Holland	3 25	10 45	4 40	
6 00		12 15	West Olive	3 05	10 05		
		12 20	Bushkill				
		12 25	Johnsville		9 45		
6 35	4 15	12 40	Grand Haven	2 40	9 10	8 40	
6 50	4 30	12 50	Ferrysburg	2 30	9 00	8 35	
7 20	4 50	1 30	Muskegon	2 06	8 15	8 00	
m. p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	

\* Mixed trains.

† Runs daily, all other trains daily except Sunday. All trains run by Chicago time.

## Business Directory.

### Attorneys.

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MOBRIDGE, & CARROLL, Attorneys at Law, Leppig's Block, Grand Rapids, Michigan. Business in Kent, Ottawa and Allegan Counties will be promptly attended to.

PARKS, W. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law, corner of River and Eighth streets.

### Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store cor. Eighth & Fish streets, Holland, Mich. 17

### Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

MEENGES, D. R., Drug Store. Fine Drugs, Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles and Perfumeries. River street.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicines; Eighth St.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

### Furniture.

MEYER, H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

### General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN G., General Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

### Hotels.

CITY HOTEL. Mrs. J. Meyers & Sons, Proprietors. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town, and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the State. Free bus in connection with the Hotel. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

PHENIX HOTEL. E. P. Montith proprietor. Located near the Chl. & W. Mich. R. R. depot, has good facilities for the traveling public, and its table is unsurpassed. Free Hack for accommodation of guests. On Ninth str., Holland, Mich. 10-ly

SCOTT HOTEL. Wm. J. Scott, proprietor. This hotel is located on the cor. of Ninth and Fish str., convenient to both depots. Terms, \$1.00 per day. Good accommodations can always be relied on. Holland, Mich. 10-ly

### Livery and Sale stables.

BOONE H., Livery and Sale Stable. Office and barn on Market street. Everything first-class.

HAVERKATE, G. J., Livery and Boarding stable. Fine rigs and good horses can always be relied on. On Fish street, near Scott's Hotel. 33-ly

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

### Meat Market.

BUTKAU, Wm. New Meat Market, near corner Eighth and Fish street. All kinds of sausages constantly on hand.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

### Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of Plumber Mills; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

WILMS, P. H., Manufacturer of Wooden, and Iron and Wood combination Pumps. Cor. 10th and River streets.

### Notary Publics.

STEGENGA, A. P., Justice of the Peace and Notary Public. Conveyancing done at short notice. Office at his residence New Holland, Michigan. 9-ly

### Physicians.

BEST, R. B., Physician and Surgeon, can be found in his office, on River street, next door to D. R. Meenges, drug store, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and the balance of the week he will treat the Eye and Ear at No. 122 Monroe st., Grand Rapids, Mich. 6-ly

KREMERS, H., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Ninth street, near the cor. of Market street. Office one door west of Van Raitte's boot and shoe store. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 12 m., and from 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. 50-ly

SCHOUTEN, F. J., Physician and Accoucher. Office at Dr. Schouten's drug store, Eighth street. 40-ly

MANTING, A. G., Physician and Surgeon; office at Graafschap Village, Allegan county, Mich. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. 20-ly

### Photographer.

HIGGINS, B. P., the leading Photographer. Gallery opposite this office.

### Watch and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in Fancy Goods; Corner of Market and Eighth Street.

## Societies.

### I. O. O. F.

Holland City Lodge, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

M. HARRINGTON, R. S. R. A. SCHOUTEN, N. G.

### F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, April 26, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

H. C. MATRAU, W. M. D. L. BOYD, Sec'y.

WE wish to call your attention to the advertisement of the Army and Navy Liniment. If you are troubled with Rheumatism or Neuralgia, Diptheria or Croup, call on H. Walsh, and get a bottle. It is a sure cure. See advertisement.

Mr. R. Van Kampen has got all the necessary tools to move, raise or lower buildings at short notice. He is also prepared to build new dwellings, or repair old ones, or do any kind of carpenter and joiner's work. 12-ly

THE Army and Navy Liniment takes the soreness out of a spavin, ringbone, splint or curb, and arrest their growth. Cures colic, scratches and other diseases. Particulars call at H. WALSH, Druggist.

FINE Jellies by the weight and also our own made Mince Meat, always on hand, at 4-3w. CITY BAKERY.

## Our Markets.

### Produce, Etc.

Apples, 1/2 bushel	75 @	1 00
Beans, 1/2 bushel	2 00 @	2 25
Butter, 1 lb	@	28
Clover seed, 1/2 bushel	@	4 50
Eggs, 1/2 dozen	@	14
Honey, 1/2 bushel	@	13
Hay, 1 ton	8 00 @	10 00
Onions, 1/2 bushel	@	1 00
Potatoes, 1/2 bushel	@	90
Timothy Seed, 1/2 bushel	@	2 50

### Grain, Feed, Etc.

Wheat, white 1/2 bushel	@	1 16
red	@	1 18
Lancaster Red, 1/2 bushel	@	1 21
Corn, shelled 1/2 bushel	@	60
Oats, 1/2 bushel	45 @	50
Buckwheat, 1/2 bushel	@	80
Barley, 1/2 bushel	@	1 00
Feed, 1 ton	@	26 00
100 lb	@	1 40
100 lb	@	1 75
Middling, 100 lb	@	1 40
Flour, 1/2 brl	@	6 25
Pearl Barley, 1/2 bushel	@	1 75
Rye, 1/2 bushel	@	80
Corn Meal 100 lbs	@	1 35
Fine Corn Meal 100 lbs	@	1 60

## Additional Local.

WE call the attention of ladies to the advertisement in this paper of "Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon." We have in our possession indisputable evidence of its worth, and we recommend the afflicted to try it. This remedy differs from quack nostrums in the following respects: 1st. It is prepared by a regular physician; 2d. It is not recommended for all diseases, but only for a particular class, peculiar to females; 3d. It is recommended and used in practice by many physicians, one of whom at least is well known to the people of New Bedford. 47-ly

### Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal alarms of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. He know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup, and Whooping Cough, at once. Mothers do not be without it. For Lane Back, Side or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

### Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints. If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Bile Beans. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cts. Sold by D. R. Meenges.

Do not neglect a Cough or Cold until it is too late, try Eilert's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry, we are sure you will be convinced of its merits, Chronic Coughs, and even Consumptives are cured by following the directions, every bottle is warranted to give satisfaction. 40-ly

DR. JACQUES' German Worm Cakes stand unrivaled as a worm medicine. Give them a trial. Sold by all Druggists. 40-ly

UNCLE SAM'S Nerve and Bone Liniment is most efficient in Rheumatism, Bruises, Burns, Scratches and many other ills incident to man and beast. Sold by all Druggists. 40-ly

WHEN horses and cattle are spiritless, scraggy and feeble they need treatment with Uncle Sam's Condition Powder. It purifies the blood, improves the appetite, cures Colds and Distempers, Invigorates the System and keep the Animal in a Healthy, Handsome Condition. Sold by all Druggists. 40-ly

Go to Pessink for your choice Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, Snuff, Mersch-schaum and all kinds of Pipes and Fittings, as well as fine Cigars, the largest variety and assortment in the city. 4-3w.

### Wide Awake Delta.

Messrs. Sargent Bros., druggist, Delta, Ohio, in ordering a quantity of Thomas' Electric Oil, write that they never sold anything that gave such universal satisfaction in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc.

### Noting the Effects.

R. Gibbs, of Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "Hearing your Burdock Blood Bitters favorably spoken of, I was induced to watch their effects, and find that in chronic diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys, your bitters have been signally marked with success. I have used them myself with best results, for torpidity of the liver; and in the case of a friend of mine suffering from dropsy, the effect was marvelous." Price \$1.00.

WHEN you feel a cough or bronchial affection creeping on the lungs, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and cure it before it becomes incurable.

## Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 15, 1881.

The Common Council met in regular session and was called to order by the Mayor.

Aldermen present: Ter Vree, Beach, Butkau, Kramer, Winter, Landaal, Kuito and the Clerk. Minutes of the last two meetings were read and approved.

Ald. Beukema appeared during the reading of the minutes and took his seat.

### PETITIONS AND ACCOUNTS.

A. M. Kanter, Sec'y, petitioned that the members of the First Reformed Church be granted the use of the rooms of Fire Engine, Columbia No. 2, for their business meetings.—Granted.

The following bills were presented for payment: G. J. Te Vaarwerk, paid 4 poor orders.....\$6 00 —Allowed and warrants ordered issued on the Treasurer for the amount.

### REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Ways and Means reported.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Holland:

Your Committee on Ways and Means would respectfully report to your Honorable Body, in regard to the Water Works question: that we find upon consultation with the City Attorney, that according to Section 20, Title XXI, of the City Charter, that the city has no authority to raise, either by vote or otherwise, more than 2 per cent of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property, which at the present time would only amount to about \$5,300, a sum entirely inadequate to provide any reliable system of water works, and that until an amendment to the charter can be secured, authorizing the people to vote a sufficient amount to provide a system of water works, that the Council is powerless to act in the premises, and we would recommend that no further action be taken at present in regard to the matter, and that your committee be relieved from further investigation in this direction.

All of which is respectfully submitted,  
[Signed] WM. BUTKAU,  
P. WINTER,  
J. KUIITE.

Committee on Ways and Means.

Dated, HOLLAND, March 15th, 1882.

—Accepted and recommendation adopted.

The Com. on Poor reported presenting the semi-monthly report of the Director of the Poor and said committee, recommending \$52.30 for the support of the poor, for the 3 weeks ending April 5, 1882, and having rendered temporary aid to the amount of \$8.00.—Approved and warrants ordered issued on the City Treasurer for the amounts.

The Committee on Poor to whom was referred the report of the Director of the Poor, in regard to house rent of Mina Mulder, reported that they had investigated the same, and recommended that the sum of \$5.00 for house rent, be paid to Alvin B. Charter.—Approved and a warrant ordered issued on the City Treasurer for the amount.

The Board of Assessors reported a special assessment roll, for sidewalk repairs.—Filed, numbered, and ordered published in the Holland City News for two weeks, and the Board of Assessors meet with the Common Council to review said roll on the fifth day of April, 1882.

The following named persons were appointed as clerks of election, for the annual city election to be held on the first Monday in April, 1882, to wit: First Ward, G. Wakker; Second Ward, F. A. P. Troxel; Third Ward, H. Elferdink; Fourth Ward, Geo. H. Sipp.

Council adjourned to Monday 7:30 p. m., March 20, 1882.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

Mr. Lyman Seeds, of Dunkirk, N. Y., says: "I want everybody to know that Brown's Iron Bitters has cured me of a complication of disorders that affected my general health to such an extent that I was unable to do any work. My principal troubles were poor digestion, painful urination, and weak lungs, I have been restored to perfect health."

### Our Leather Industry.

We glean from a late issue of the *Scientific American*, the following facts which we think will be of interest to our readers in this community.

"In 1870 our total exports of leather were but \$111,077; in 1876 they reached the sum of \$3,343,560. Their aggregate value has fallen off a little since then, because prices are lower, but there has been an actual increase in the quantity of goods shipped, and the market for American sole leather in England, in the north of Europe, and on the Mediterranean, is now as well established as is the demand for our grain and provisions. Germany, in answer to the urgent appeals of her tanners, placed heavy duties on our sole leather in 1878. The tanners there said they would all be ruined if this were not done, and held conventions in many places, finally compelling the Reichstag to impose the duties; but a good deal of our leather still goes there nevertheless, and our trade with the rest of the continent has increased more than enough to make up for the small decrease in the German shipments. In France the duty has always been practically prohibitive, but in both France and Germany they would be glad to allow our sole leather to enter free of duty if we would but put on the same basis in regard to their trade here in finished calf and kid skins.

In these goods, though our own productions for actual wear will compare favorably with those imported, much of the finest stock used is made in France and Germany, our receipts thereof, for the past ten years, having averaged about \$5,000,000 a year, while for the ten months to the first of last November they were \$5,874,505. Such goods require nice selections and careful assorting in the raw stock, more thorough working by hand, and more particular attention in many minor details than have been found could be done with profit here notwithstanding the duty. They require but little bark to

tan, and a great deal of labor in finishing, conditions which are practically reversed in the sole leather manufacture.

Whether or not we regard as a distinctively chemical process, it is conceded that the value of all sole leather is primarily dependent upon the permanence of the combination of tannin with the gelatin of the hide. With no other tanning agents yet discovered can so positive and fixed a union be effected as is possible with the tanning solutions obtained from oak and hemlock bark. These materials are as yet cheap and abundant here, and will be so for at least a generation or two to come, from the supplies afforded by our virgin forests, while in Europe similar tanning agent are to be had only in limited supply, at four to five times the cost. This explains why we have now a large and steady trade in the export of hemlock sole leather. We did not do much in this line for many years after we commenced tanning with hemlock bark, principally because of foreign prejudice against the red color of the leather made with it, English tanners claiming that it was not tanned, but only colored raw hide. Now, however, they appreciate its excellent qualities, its capabilities for resisting water and withstanding wear by attrition, in the soles of boots and shoes, as quite equal to those of the best English sole leather, and greatly superior to the leather of their "mixed" tannages, or the generally poor sole leather made on the continent of Europe. The English boot and shoe manufacturers are now, in consequence, as steady customers for our hemlock sole leather as are all the large manufacturers of standard grades of work in our own country. This red sole leather goes into the bottoms of nearly all the boots and shoes they make for export to all quarters of the world, so that it is probable this one product of American industry finds in this way a wider market than anything else we make in every quarter of the globe."

THE relief given to catarrh of the bladder and a general weakness of those parts by the soothing effects of Brown's Iron Bitters, is simply wonderful.

### Col. Bowie.

Sensational articles appear in a special edition of the *Houston Daily Post* a short time ago, written by W. P. Zuber, of Grimes county, professing to give the first full account of the massacre of the Texan garrison in the celebrated fortress of the Church of the Alamo, at San Antonio, March 6, 1836. Zuber says he got the account from a Mexican friar known in Texas as Polln, who was with the Mexican army at the time of the capture of the Alamo. Polln says that after the Mexican soldiers had taken the fort, scaled the walls, and put the garrison to the bayonet or sword, Santa Anna, accompanied by members of his staff, entered the fort and viewed the Texans slain. Polln, being a sifer and a privileged character, entered with Santa Anna, and immediately behind the Mexican dictator. Santa Anna ordered the citizens of San Antonio to pick out the corps of Col. Travis, the Texan commander, which he ran his sword through. After Santa Anna had retired from the

# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

## WEEKLY NEWS REVIEW.

### THE EAST.

**THEODORE WALTON**, of New York, is said to have won \$400,000 in the recent pedestrian contest in that city....David Navarro who was 21 years of age and weighed 700 pounds, died in the Pittsburgh pest house of small-pox.

**PHILADELPHIA** papers record the death of Dr. Joseph Pancoast, the eminent physician, and professor of anatomy in Jefferson Medical College....Hazel, the winner of the recent walking-match in New York, was paid \$9,380 for gate money and \$9,000 for sweepstakes. Pedestrianism pays....Twenty-one sea lions, captured on the Pacific coast, have been placed in Central Park, New York.

**CORNWALL**, an aged clerk of the Fourth National Bank of New York, in charge of the call loan department, has been discovered to be "short" in his accounts about \$100,000.

**GEN. W. H. WRIGHT**, who died the death of a drunkard in Philadelphia, was once Chief of the Engineering Corps of the Army of the Potomac, and commanded the pioneers on Gen. Sherman's march to the sea. He built the bridges at Leavenworth and Atchison, and went to the Isthmus of Panama with Count de Lesseps.

### THE WEST.

**THE MINNESOTA** dairymen held their first annual convention at Rochester. It was a creditable gathering in every point of view....The Supreme Court of the State of Ohio has decided that the attempted consolidation of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis and the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroads was illegal, the leading reason assigned being that the roads were practically parallel and competing lines, the consolidation of which is prohibited by the statutes of Ohio. The decision is final, there being no appeal to the United States Supreme Court, and strikes a heavy blow at Mr. Vanderbilt's scheme for getting possession of another great trunk line.

**A DISPATCH** from Albuquerque, New Mexico, says that "at Las Lunas, Charles Shelton, John Redmond and Harry French were taken from jail and hanged to the nearest trees by masked men. Shelton murdered Foreman Woodruff last fall. Redmond killed James McDermott last January at Gallup, on the Atlantic and Pacific railway. French, alias Simpson, was one of a band of desperadoes who killed Deputy Sheriff Jones at Crane's. The mob also took two negroes from jail, beat them unmercifully, and turned them loose."

**TWO INDIAN** murderers, named Marcus and Jeff, were hanged at Lakeport, Cal., on a double scaffold....Fire at Decatur, Tex., destroyed nine business houses on the east side of the public square. Loss reported to be \$180,000, but this is probably a mistake. Insurance light.

**A HUGE** meteorite fell with a great shock at a point fifty miles south of Fort Assinaboine, Montana, causing much consternation at Fort Benton, nearly 100 miles to the south.

### THE SOUTH.

**A CONFLAGRATION** at Jackson, Tenn., destroyed property valued at \$60,000, including six business houses....John O. Massey and wife, respected citizens of Charlottesville, Va., were murdered by burglars.

**AT HARRISBURG, Ark.**, Prof. Wilnot, a school teacher, was murdered by County Treasurer Smith in a dispute relative to the punishment in school of Smith's child.

### WASHINGTON.

**A COMMITTEE** appointed by the river convention at St. Louis, headed by ex Gov. Standard, made its argument on the improvement of the Mississippi before the House Commerce Committee, and asked an appropriation of \$4,100,000 to put the great river and its tributaries in navigable condition.

**THERE** is a sharp fight in progress at Washington between the proprietors of domestic mineral waters and owners and agents of apollinaris water. Attorney General McVeagh decided that apollinaris is an artificial water and therefore dutiable. Secretary Folger recently reversed the decision. A resolution is pending in Congress directing the Secretary of the Treasury not to take any step toward carrying out his decision until there can be a thorough investigation of the question as to whether apollinaris is entitled to be placed on the free list. Able legal talent has been employed on both sides. Ex-Senator Conkling is said to be counsel for the apollinaris interests, and to have received a cash fee of \$50,000....The House Naval Committee recommends the construction of a steel man-of-war to patrol the lakes in place of the worn-out Michigan.

**A SENSATIONAL** episode marked the proceedings of the Senate the other day, while Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, was delivering his speech against the Chinese bill. A dead calm had settled on the chamber, only broken by the voice of the Massachusetts orator, when suddenly, to the consternation of the Doorkeepers and spectators, a distinct clapping of hands was heard in the gallery set apart for the male sex. All eyes were turned in the direction of the sounds, which increased, and the tall form of a crank styling himself the Apostle Paul was observed standing erect and vigorously pounding his hands to show his approbation of some remark of Mr. Dawes. For having such execrable taste as to applaud a Senator, and on such a dreary topic, the Doorkeepers, after a short consultation, decided to eject the intruder, and he was unceremoniously hustled out of his cozy resting place. He was the same crank who hung around the court room during the Guiteau trial, threatening to shoot the assassin.

**ALL** the indicted star-rousters except ex-Senator Dorsey, J. W. Dorsey, L. Sanderson and McKendall appeared in court at Washington. The court fixed the bail as follows: Gen. Brady, \$20,000; A. Buck, \$20,000; G. Osbell, \$5,000; J. R. Minor, \$5,000; W. H. Turner, \$2,500; Kate M. Armstrong, \$1,000; Harvey M. Vail, \$1,000; P. J. Sweet, \$1,000; J. A. Minnick, \$1,000; James W. Doherty, \$1,000; W. D. Barringer, \$1,000; W. Jackson, \$1,000, and Charles N. Dickson, \$1,000.

**THE** court-martial which tried the case of Sergeant John A. Mason, charged with attempting to shoot the assassin Guiteau in the jail at Washington last September, found him guilty and imposed the severest penalty allowed by law. Mason is sentenced to dishonorable discharge from the army, to lose all pay or allowances now due or which may become due him, and to serve eight years at hard labor as a convict in the Albany penitentiary.

**THE** severity of Sergeant Mason's

sentence is generally criticised and condemned, says a Washington dispatch, and is not likely to add to the appreciation in which military tribunals are held. A clearer case of insanity was made on behalf of Mason than is customary in most civil trials. Beside, there were a great many extenuating circumstances which seemed to render it unnecessary that the verdict should be so severe.

### POLITICAL.

**CONKLING's** letter declining the Associate Justiceship is said to have been merely a private note to the President, and will not be given out to the public.

**JAMES M. COMLY**, who was appointed Minister Resident to the Hawaiian islands by President Hayes in 1877, has been recalled. It is reported that before Garfield's death he had promised Comly's place to President Hinsdale, of Hiram College. President Arthur, it is said, has promised to respect the wishes of his predecessor in filling this place.

### GENERAL.

**DR. BOYNTON** has written to Dr. Baxter, Medical Purveyor of the United States Army, that Dr. Bliss was never placed in charge of President Garfield's case by any member of the family, and that he continued to act without authority. On the back of this letter is an endorsement of its contents by Mrs. Garfield. The document is being circulated among Senators and members of Congress to defeat the payment of the amount awarded to Bliss.

**IN** the Taos Pueblo district of New Mexico, a party of fifty-nine Indians killed one Deputy Sheriff and mortally wounded another. The fight grew out of some arrests for drunkenness.

**THE** annual meeting of the Union Pacific railroad was held in New York. The total earnings for the year were \$24,258,817 (an increase of nearly \$2,000,000 over the previous year's receipts), and the net earnings were \$11,778,474. Sidney Dillon was elected President....The Western Union Telegraph Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. Its gross revenues for 1881 are reported at \$16,868,396....Eleven highwaymen are reported killed near the City of Mexico, having attacked a stage-coach that was full of armed passengers.

**A** DELEGATION of the health officers of various cities west of the Alleghenies and of the Northwest have been in Washington, seeking to secure the co-operation of Congress in preventing the importation of small-pox into this country. They propose either to vaccinate each immigrant upon embarkation, or else to quarantine every immigrant vessel fourteen days before allowing it to land passengers.

**THE** Sonora railway, projected three years ago to run from Guaymas, on the Gulf of California, to a connection with the American lines, has been purchased by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Company. It will be completed this year, at a cost of \$3,600,000, and will give via Santa Fe a thorough route from the Missouri to the waters of the Pacific coast....The steamer Sidney burst her steam-pipe when near Ravenswood, W. Va. Two persons were killed and fifteen wounded.

**SECRETARY KIRKWOOD** has ordered Agent Armstrong to send 100 Indian children from the Crow Agency in Montana to certain farmers in Ohio, to be developed in mind and muscle.

### FOREIGN.

**A BILL** excluding atheists from Parliament is pending in the British House of Commons....At a consistory soon to be held, the Pope is to create seven new Cardinals, among whom will be Archbishop McCabe, of Dublin, the Archbishop of Seville and Algiers, and the Patriarch of Venice....A meeting of representative business men of London was held at the Mansion House in favor of a bimetallic currency. The Governor of the Bank of England and several members of Parliament spoke to resolutions in favor of the free coinage of silver and the objects of the Paris Conference, which were carried.

**THE** correspondent of the London Times at Constantinople says that in official circles a declaration of war between Austria and Russia is thought inevitable. In this connection, and confirmatory thereof, comes news from St. Petersburg that the Czar has refused to accept the resignation of Gen. Ignatieff, who is the leader of the Pan-Slavist party and the advocate of a Russo-Austrian war....An American company is seeking from the Sultan of Turkey the right to build a railroad in the Province of Bagdad.

**MACLEAN**, the Queen's assailant, was committed for trial on charge of high treason. On being arraigned he said he would reserve his defense. He declined to cross-examine witnesses. His interests were watched by a solicitor. The evidence was merely a repetition of what is already known concerning his attempt on the life of the Queen. It overwhelmingly confirmed the statement that his pistol was sufficiently elevated when he fired for the ball to have struck her Majesty.

**A LONDON** Times dispatch from St. Petersburg says the Minister of War told Skobelev he was recalled for a breach of discipline in creating disturbance and excitement abroad. The report is, Gen. Ignatieff told Skobelev the Czar had nothing in particular to say to him.

**LONDON** advices are to the effect that negotiations for an international copyright treaty with Great Britain, which were begun under President Garfield and Secretary Blaine, have been abandoned. Mr. Arthur and Mr. Frelinghuysen are reported as not favorable to the proposed legislation....Dr. Thomas Evans, the American dentist of Paris, was robbed of \$120,000 by an employee, who fled to Brussels, where he was captured.

### Labor Troubles at Omaha.

OMAHA, March 13.

The militia in the city to protect the non-striking laborers were annoyed last evening by a gathering of men and boys, who threw brickbats at the officers and hit several. A squad of soldiers charged on the crowd to drive them back from the militia quarters, and several of the assailants were severely wounded by bayonets. One of the wounded, named G. P. Armstrong, formerly a machinist, who was wounded in the breast and taken into the guard-house, supposed to be slightly hurt, has died from the wound. He had been slightly under the influence of liquor, and was abusing the soldiers. He was inoffensive when sober.

### Strange Conformation.

[Texas Siftings.]

An account of a Chicago funeral says that the burial casket "was made to conform as far as possible to the comforts the occupant was wont to surround himself with in the house he has left." Great snakes and blue blazes! Just imagine a coffin in the shape of a beer bottle!

A young gentleman desires to know if girls make more noise with a bang or a bustle.

### GARFIELD ON ROSECRANS.

The Publication of an Old Letter from the Late President Causes a Sensation.

WASHINGTON, March 10.

Some time during the last political canvass a paragraph was published in which it was said that Gen. Garfield had, during the war, preferred charges of a serious character against his old commander, Gen. Rosecrans. Charles A. Dana made the original charge. This brought out a note from Gen. Garfield to Rosecrans, in which he distinctly said that he had never been untrue to his commander in word or thought, "Dana or any other liar to the contrary." Mr. Dana, to sustain his original statement, has printed a confidential letter from Gen. Garfield addressed to Salmon P. Chase, during the war. Gen. Rosecrans declines at present to say anything about the matter. He is taking steps to ascertain whether or not the letter is genuine. The letter is printed in full below. It is marked "Confidential," and dated "Headquarters Department of the Cumberland, Nashville, July 27, 1863."

**MY DEAR GOVERNOR:** I have for a long time wanted to write to you, not only to acknowledge your last kind letter, but also to say some things confidentially on the movements in this department; but I have refrained hitherto, lest I do injustice to a good man, and say to you things which were better left unsaid. We have now, however, reached a point upon which I feel I proper, and also due to that kind opinion which I believe you have had of me, to acquaint you with the condition of affairs here.

I can not conceal from you the fact that I have been greatly tried and dissatisfied with the slow progress that we have made in this department since the battle of Stone River. I will say in the outset that it would be in the highest degree unjust to say that the 162 days which elapsed between the battle of Stone River and the next advance of this army were spent in idleness or trifling. During that period was performed the enormous and highly important labor which made the Army of the Cumberland what it is, in many respects by far the best the country has ever known.

But for many weeks prior to our late movement I could not but feel that there was not that live and earnest determination to fling the great weight of this army into the scale and make its power felt in crushing the shell of the Rebellion. I have no words to tell you with how restive and unsatisfied a spirit I waited and pleaded for striking a sturdy blow. I could not justly say we were in any proper condition to advance till the early days of May. At that time the strings began to draw sharply upon the rebels, both on the Mississippi and in the East. They began to fear for the safety of Vicksburg, and before the middle of May they began quietly to draw away forces to aid Pemberton. I plead for an advance, but not till June began did Gen. Rosecrans begin seriously to meditate an immediate movement. The army had grown anxious with the exception of its leading Generals, who seemed blind to the advantages of the hour. In the first week of the month a council of war was called, and, out of eighteen Generals whose opinion was asked, seventeen were opposed to an advance. I was the only one who urged upon the General the imperative necessity of striking a blow at once, while Bragg was weaker and we stronger than ever before. I wrote a careful review of the opinions of the Generals, and exhibited the fact, gathered from ample data, that we could throw 65,000 bayonets and sabers against Bragg's 41,000, allowing the most liberal estimates of his force. This paper was drawn up on the 8th of June. After its presentation, and a full canvassing of the situation, an advance was agreed upon, but it was delayed, through days which seemed months to me, till the 24th, when it was begun and ended with what results you know. The wisdom of the movement was not only vindicated, but the seventeen dissenting Generals were compelled to confess that, if the movement had been made ten days earlier, while the weather was propitious, the army of Bragg would, in all human probability, no longer exist. I shall never cease to regret the sad delay which lost us so great an opportunity to inflict a mortal blow upon the center of the Rebellion. The work of expelling Bragg from Middle Tennessee occupied nine days and ended July 3, leaving his troops in a most disheartened and demoralized condition, while our army, with a loss of less than 1,000 men, was, in a few days, fuller of potential fight than ever before.

On the 18th inst. the bridges were rebuilt, and the cars were in full communication from the Cumberland to the Tennessee. I have since then urged with all the earnestness I possess a rapid advance, while Bragg's army was shattered and under cover, and before Johnston and he could effect a junction. Thus far the General has been singularly disinclined to grasp the situation with a strong hand and make the advantage his own. I write this with more sorrow than I can tell you, for I love every bone in his body, and next to my desire to see the Rebellion blasted is my anxiety to see him blessed. But even the breadth of my love is not sufficient to cover this almost fatal delay. My personal relations with Gen. Rosecrans are all that I could desire. Officially, I share his counsels and responsibilities even more than I desire, but I beg you to know that this delay is against my judgment and my every wish. Pleasant as are my relations here, I would rather command a battalion that would follow and follow and strike and strike than to hang back while such golden moments are passing. But the General and myself believe that I can do more service in my present place than in command of a division, though I am aware that it is a position that promises better in the way of promotion or popular credit. But, if this inaction continues long, I shall ask to be relieved and sent somewhere where I can be part of a working army.

But I do hope that you will soon hear that this splendid army is at least trying to do its part in the great work.

If the War Department has not always been just, it has certainly been very indulgent to this army. But I feel that the time has now come when it should allow no plea to keep this army back from the most-vigorous activity.

I do hope that no hopes of peace or submissive terms on the part of the rebels will lead the Government to delay the draft and the vigorous prosecution of the war. *Timeo Danaos et dona ferentes.*

Let the nation now display the majesty of its power and the work will be speedily ended. I hope you will pardon this lengthy letter; but I wanted you to know how the case stands, and I was unwilling to have you think me satisfied with the delays here. With kindest regards I am, as ever, your friend, J. A. GARFIELD.

**HON. S. P. CHASE.**

GEN. ROSECRANS is represented as feeling very badly over the publication of the Garfield-Chase letter. He is said to be anxious to explore the whole subject to the very bottom, in the hope rather of finding something to justify what looks to him now like the treachery of a trustful subaltern than to fix even more clearly than now appears the blame on his Chief of Staff. To his intimate friends, however, Gen. Rosecrans makes no secret of the belief, which circumstances have forced upon him, that Gen. Garfield at one time had set his heart on the command of the Army of the Cumberland, and was intriguing to secure the disgrace and removal of its commander in order that he might raise himself to the leadership. Among officers of the regular army the Chase letter is looked upon with amazement. In their eyes it would be a court martial and almost a hanging offense for a Chief of Staff to communicate with the authorities at Washington in such a way about his commanding officer.

The discussion of this matter prompts a former General in the Union army to step forward with an incident of the Baltimore Convention of 1864. President Lincoln had been renominated, and Gen. Garfield, a delegate from Ohio, telegraphed Gen. Rosecrans that the Vice Presidency was going begging, asking if he would accept. Gen. Rosecrans sent an affirmative answer, which is said to have been suppressed by Secretary Stanton, and Andrew Johnson was selected. In a card to the Chicago Times, Mayor Harrison recalls the conversation at an evening spent with Gen. Garfield, in 1864, in which the latter grew enthusiastic in claiming Gen. Rosecrans as the ablest General in the Union armies.

The Washington Post, Stillson Hutchins' paper, prints a savage attack upon the late President, Chauncey I. Filley, of St. Louis, who was a delegate to the convention that nominated Garfield, is said to be the writer. He characterizes the deceased as "a treacherous, a cowardly, a hypocritical man, selfish to the extreme, a professional office-seeker and professional politician." The publication of the article created considerable feeling at the national capital.

### FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

**MR. SHERMAN** reported a bill to the Senate, on the 7th inst., for the redemption or conversion of outstanding \$10 refunding certificates. Mr. McDill presented a memorial from the Iowa Legislature asking for \$7,000,000 for the improvement of the Missouri river. Mr. Beck made a favorable report on the bill to punish the unlawful certification of bank checks, and Mr. Dawes handed back the act to ratify the agreement of the Crow Indians and the Northern Pacific road. A joint resolution was passed to authorize the Secretary of War to use hospital tents for the sufferers by overflow. When the Chinese bill came up, the Pacific coast Senators called attention to the recent chain of meetings in opposition to the Celestials. Messrs. Dawes and Edmunds retaliated by giving their views on the issue. In the House a bill was passed for a Local Board of Inspectors of Hulls and Boilers at Gallipolis, Ohio. An appropriation of \$20,000 was made to erect a statue to Chief Justice John Marshall. In committee of the whole on the state of the Union, the Tariff-Commission bill was tabled by 77 to 30. A bill from the Senate, authorizing the Secretary of War to use hospital tents for the relief of sufferers from the overflow of the Mississippi was passed.

**MR. GARLAND** introduced a bill in the Senate, on the 8th inst., for the construction or repair of levees on the Mississippi, and Mr. Jackson reported an appropriation of \$25,000 to continue the improvements of the harbor of Memphis. The motion to refer to the Finance Committee the bill for a liquor commission was lost, and the measure was laid aside. The Chinese bill came up. Mr. Ingalls' amendment to limit to ten years the suspension of immigration was defeated by a tie vote. Mr. Platt made a lengthy argument against the measure, and Messrs. Edmunds and Hoar had an interesting war of words. Mr. Saunders submitted a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment allowing the people to elect Marshals, District Attorneys, Postmasters, and internal-revenue officers. In the House Mr. Reed reported amendments to the rules, which were laid over. Mr. Harris reported a bill for the construction of naval vessels. A bill authorizing the purchase of the Freedmen's Bank building at Washington for \$250,000 was passed, as was also an appropriation of \$7,500 to aid the Society of the Army of the Cumberland to erect a statue to Gen. Garfield.

A resolution by Mr. Sawyer was adopted by the Senate, on the 9th inst., instructing the Secretary of War to report the cost of constructing the Sturgeon Bay canal in Wisconsin, with a view to making it free to commerce. A resolution was passed instructing the Secretary of State to ascertain the cause of the imprisonment in Great Britain of an American citizen named Daniel McSwaney. The bill for a liquor commission was taken up, and it was agreed that not more than three shall be prohibitionists. The Chinese bill was amended to provide that no Celestial shall be naturalized within the United States, and that no laborers can immigrate within twenty years, and then passed, by a vote of 29 to 15. In the House, Mr. Dannel reported a bill for canceling stamps on tobacco exported by rail. A bill was also reported for the admission into the Union of the Territory of Washington. The Agricultural Appropriation bill came up, and amendments were adopted for statistics in regard to the manufacture and exportation of oleomargarine, for statements of freight charges by rail and river, to appropriate \$35,000 for experiments in making sugar, and to increase the allowance for investigating forestry, when the bill passed.

The Senate adopted a resolution, at its session on the 10th, requesting the President to arrange with Nicaragua for the settlement of public and private claims. A resolution was passed directing the use of Government vessels in distributing supplies along the Mississippi and its tributaries. A bill was passed for the creation of a commission on the liquor traffic, to be composed of seven persons. Mr. Voorhees introduced a bill appropriating \$125,000 for the improvement of the Wabash river. The Senate refused to take up the Japanese indemnity-fund bill by a vote of 14 to 24. Col. Rufus Ingalls was confirmed as Quartermaster General of the United States army. In the House, a minority report was presented declaring U. D. Ball entitled to a seat as delegate from Alaska. Four memorials from Utah, with over 50,000 signatures, were presented asking a suspension of action on all bills relating to that Territory, and the appointment of an unprejudiced commission to determine the state of affairs. An appropriation of \$10,000 for extra expenses by the Lighthouse Board, caused by the flood in the Mississippi, was passed. A joint resolution for the use of Government steamers in distributing food to the sufferers by the overflow was adopted.

**MR. SHERMAN** presented in the Senate, on the 13th, a resolution of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, asking that Congress take steps to relieve the sufferers by overflow along the Mississippi. Bills were reported for the allotment of land in severally to Indians, and for the erection of a public building at Hot Springs. A resolution was adopted directing the Secretary of the Interior to furnish a list of Indian reservations at which troops are stationed, and information in regard to the destruction of timber. The Tariff Commission bill was taken up, and Mr. Slater urged the adoption of a free-trade policy. The President sent a message to Congress in regard to establishing a seaboard quarantine against small-pox. He recommends the passage of the Harris bill with some modifications. Secretary Lincoln sent to the Senate a statement showing that for the past ten years the cost of maintaining troops in the Indian country has been over \$22,000,000 per annum. The President sent to the Senate the names of Samuel Blackford, of New York, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; John Russell Young, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to China; John G. Watts to be Marshal of the United States for the Western district of Virginia, and Edwin R. Kirk to be Postmaster at Sioux City, Iowa. In the House, the Speaker presented a memorial from the Assembly of Utah asking a suspension of action on the affairs of that Territory until a thorough investigation can be made by a committee. Mr. Belmont asked leave to offer a resolution calling on the Secretary of State for information as to the compensation of Envoy Trescott, but Mr.

Williams objected. A bill was passed permitting the bridging of the Mississippi near Wabasha, Minn. The Army bill, appropriating \$29,293,380, was referred to the committee of the whole. Mr. Dunn introduced a bill to enable women to enter public lands. The Anti-polygamy bill was taken up and fought over for hours without a vote being reached.

### ADDITIONAL NEWS.

**IT** is stated in a responsible quarter that the letter written to ex-Secretary Chase by Gen. Garfield touching Gen. Rosecrans, recently made public, was given out by Mr. Jacob W. Schuckers. Mr. Schuckers now lives in New York city. At the time Mr. Chase was Secretary of the Treasury he lived in Ohio and was appointed from that State by Secretary Chase to a \$1,600 clerkship. Subsequently he became Mr. Chase's private secretary. It is also said he has other letters, bearing on the removal of Gen. Rosecrans, written by ex-President Garfield, which will be made public at an early day.

**A DOZEN** masked men rode into Linkville, Oregon, where H. C. Laws, charged with murder, was in the custody of Deputy Sheriff J. F. Lewis and Justice Wright, awaiting examination. The officers refused to surrender the prisoner, and fired on the lynchers. The latter returned the fire, killing the Deputy Sheriff and wounding Justice Wright. They then left without taking Laws....The death of two centenarians, both Irish women, is announced—Mrs. Winnifred Howard Lally, of Chicago, aged 103, and Mrs. Mary McElroy, near Greensburg, Ind., aged 106. The latter perished in the flames of the burning house of her granddaughter.

**IN** order to dispel certain rumors injurious to his credit on the bull side, Jay Gould took a few prominent operators to his office, opened the vaults and showed them securities of the par value of \$60,000,000 or more, all registered in his name. The largest bundle was \$23,000,000 in Western Union telegraph. He also offered to exhibit \$30,000,000 in railroad bonds, but the gentlemen expressed themselves satisfied to take his word....Mrs. Sarah E. Howe, the President of the so-called Woman's Bank in Boston—a heartless fraud and swindle—has been sentenced to imprisonment in the House of Correction for three years....The Duncannon rolling-mill at New Bloomfield, Pa., has been burned. The loss is \$75,000, and 300 men are thrown out of employment.

**FOUR** towns in Costa Rica have been destroyed by an earthquake, and several thousands of lives were lost. The destruction of property was great and thousands were rendered homeless.

**GUITEAU** is more taciturn and is only interested in the sale of his photographs, etc. He is actively engaged in correcting the proofs for the new edition of "Truth."

**MALBIEUX**, a prominent member of the Paris commune, was impelled to suicide by destitution. A leading journalist of Rome also made way with himself.

**PROBABLY** the best play of American life ever written is "My Partner." The author is Bartley Campbell, a poor young man who had scarcely been heard of until this drama had been put upon the stage, when he jumped, almost at one bound, into both fame and fortune. It is a deeply-interesting play, and thoroughly American. "My Partner" is being produced at Haverly's Theater, in Chicago, to large audiences, with Louis Aldrich in the leading role.

### Misinformed.

**TWO** Irishmen, fighting side by side, agreed that the one who was first wounded should be at once carried off by his comrade. So one poor fellow cried out that he was shot in the leg, when the other immediately took him upon his back, and was carrying him across an open plain, when a chain shot passed swiftly along and took off the head of the wounded man without the bearer knowing anything about it. An officer riding by called out, "Why, where are you going with that headless body on your back?" Upon this, Pat laid down his burden, as he looked at it, exclaiming, "By jabbers, he told me it was his leg!"

**MR. TALMAGE** covers a good deal of ground briefly when he says that men will bow to the earth before a man who makes \$100,000 by a stock swindle, and men are not punished in this country for stealing, but because they don't steal enough.

### THE MARKETS.

#### NEW YORK.

BEEF—Choice Graded Steers.....	\$ 25	@ 12 25
HOGS.....	6 45	@ 6 50
COTTAGE—No. 1.....	31 1/2	@ 32 1/2
FLOUR—Superfine.....	3 65	@ 4 35
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 29	@ 1 30
No. 2 Red.....	1 31	@ 1 33
CORN—Ungraded.....	68	@ 72
OATS—Mixed Western.....	50	@ 51
PORK—Mess.....	16 25	@ 17 50
LARD.....	10 1/2	@ 10 3/4

#### CHICAGO.

BEEF—Choice Graded Steers.....	6 15	@ 6 50
Cows and Heifers.....	3 25	@ 3 45
Medium to Fair.....	5 35	@ 5 65
HOGS.....	4 75	@ 5 00
FLOUR—Fancy White Winter Ex.....	7 00	@ 7 25
Good to Choice Spring Ex.....	6 25	@ 7 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	1 28	@ 1 29
No. 3 Spring.....	1 06	@ 1 07
CORN—No. 2.....	61	@ 62
OATS—No. 2.....	43	@ 44
RYE—No. 2.....	62	@ 63
BARLEY—No. 2.....	99	@ 1 00
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	37	@ 41
EGGS—Fresh.....	18	@ 19
PORK—Mess.....	16 50	@ 17 75
LARD.....	10 1/2	@ 10 3/4

#### MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 2.....	1 25	@ 1 26
CORN—No. 2.....	61	@ 62
OATS—No. 2.....	43	@ 44
RYE—No. 1.....	85	@ 87
BARLEY—No. 2.....	98	@ 99
PORK—Mess.....	16 25	@ 16 50
LARD.....	10 1/2	@ 10 3/4

#### ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 22	@ 1 23
CORN—Mixed.....	60	@ 61
OATS—No. 2.....	47	@ 48
RYE.....	82	@ 83
PORK—Mess.....	16 50	@ 17 75
LARD.....	10 1/2	@ 10 3/4

#### CINCINNATI.

WHEAT.....	1 27	@ 1 28
CORN.....	64	@ 65
OATS.....	46	@ 47
RYE.....	90	@ 91
PORK—Mess.....	17 25	@ 17 50
LARD.....	10	@ 10 1/2

#### TOLEDO.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 25	@ 1 26
CORN.....	65	@ 66
OATS.....	45	@ 46

#### DETROIT.

FLOUR—Choice.....	6 25	@ 6 50
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	1 23	@ 1 24
CORN—Mixed.....	62	@ 63
OATS—Mixed.....	48	@ 49
BARLEY (per cental).....	2 00	@ 2 20
PORK—Mess.....	17 25	@ 17 50

#### INDIANAPOLIS.

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# Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

a piece of paper on which the man had written the words: "Will you forgive and forget now?"

## AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

### A Big Dose of Hasty Legislation.

LANSING, Mich., March 13, 1882.

Practically, the extra session is at an end, while theoretically it will not end for two or three days yet. Both houses ceased to do business at about 3 o'clock this afternoon, and now the officers and the engrossing clerks have until 12 m. of the 15th to complete the work on hand.

The three main bills of the session, viz.: the so-called Fire Relief bill, the new Tax bill and the Re-apportionment bill were all disposed of in good shape, the former, appropriating \$250,000 for relief for the sufferers by fire in Huron, Sanilac and Tuscola counties, and \$15,000 to aid in rebuilding the fifty school-houses burned (which was given in full in our last, as it passed the Senate), passed the House on Tuesday last, substantially as it passed the Senate, the only change being that no district shall draw its proportion of the \$15,000 (\$300) until after it has actually rebuilt the school-house.

The new Tax bill—the new system for assessing and collecting taxes—presented by the Tax Commission was the next bill of the trio to get safely through both houses. As indicated in our last, after passing the House, it was tackled early in the week by the Senate and carefully considered for two days, forty amendments being made to it by that body, and on Thursday the final vote was reached and the bill passed 39 to 2, those voting no being Senators Ambler and Brown. The House at once concurred in the amendments and the deed was done. Michigan was given a new and, it is hoped, better system of assessing property and collecting taxes thereon.

The third important bill, the re-apportionment of the State into eleven Congressional districts, which had passed the Senate before our last, was passed by the House on the 8th but in a very much amended condition. In these amendments the Senate refused to concur, and the House insisting on them, a committee of conference was created. This committee reported in favor of modifying somewhat the bill as amended, and on Friday the conference report was adopted and that subject was disposed of.

The House, on Tuesday (7th) passed a bill appropriating \$100,000 for rebuilding a portion of the main building of the Reform School. The building has been in constant use for more than a quarter of a century, and it has recently been discovered that the foundation has all given way, and the building, or one wing at least, is likely to fall at any moment, hence the action of the Governor in calling the attention of the Legislature to it. The Senate in its supposed wisdom, and in a fit of economy, cut the amount down to \$75,000, and then passed the bill.

Several other bills upon the tax question, either to repeal laws that are obsolete in view of the new bill just passed, or to amend others that conflict with it, have passed both houses during the week.

With all the subjects for which the session was called disposed of, the Governor, at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon, yielded to the strong pressure that has all along been brought to bear upon him from parties all over the State, and opened wide the flood-gates of legislation, by sending to the two houses a message; in which he called attention to a variety of subjects upon which legislation was desired.

Having a few hours before decided by concurrent resolution to do no business save to close up that on hand after Saturday, the scramble began, and such a scramble and such a mass of hasty legislation was perhaps never before known in the history of the Michigan Legislature. Each man interested in the subjects named was prepared, and at once took from his desk a bill ready for introduction, so that within an hour a bill had been introduced in one or both houses upon every subject named in the message—some of the subjects needing one to five bills to cover all the points. All rules were suspended, and during the next twenty hours every bill in the lot had passed both houses and been referred to the Committee on Engrossment. This, too, without the bills having ever been heard of before, and without a moment's time being given for consideration of any of them. Many of them will doubtless be amended or repealed at the regular session next winter. When the work of at least three weeks is crowded into twice that many hours, some very poor and very dangerous legislation is sure to follow.

OBSERVER.

### Legislative Proceedings.

The Senate was without a presiding officer on the 7th inst., neither Lieut. Gov. Crosby nor Senator Amber, President pro tem., being in attendance. No session was held. The House had a quorum present, but there were so many absentees that nothing was done but call the roll and adjourn.

The entire time of the Senate was occupied, at its session on the 7th inst., in committee of the whole on the Tax Commission bill. In the House, bills passed: Relative to the expenses and compensation of members of the Board of Control of the State Reform School; also making an appropriation of \$100,000 for rebuilding the north wing of the main building of the Reform School, and for building two new cottages; also repealing the act of Feb. 13, 1855, providing for the construction of tram railways; also to amend sections 2 and 3 of act 229, which provides for the final closing out of all State tax lands. The Senate fire relief bill for the burnt district was passed without amendment. It appropriates \$250,000, to be expended by the State Commissioner for the relief of sufferers and \$15,000 to rebuild school-houses in said district.

The Senate, in committee of whole, completed the Tax bill at its session on the 8th inst., and without any material amendments placed it on the order of third reading. A motion to amend so as to require statements of personal property to be made under oath received but seven votes. The House passed the Senate Apportionment bill, after amending it out of all shape, and returned it to the Senate for their concurrence. That body promptly refused, and so notified the House. The House insisted upon their amendments, and asked for a committee of conference. In the House a most lively debate was had, in which some bad feeling came to the surface. The bill repealing the specific tax on street railways, which was passed, furnished the means. The bill passed by a good vote; also, the bill repealing all laws relative to the uniform assessment of property.

The Senate passed the Commission Tax bill, with a few unimportant amendments, on the 9th inst., and returned it to the House for concurrence. The House Supplementary Tax bill, providing for the disposal by the State of all State tax lands now held, was also passed, after adding an amendment providing for advertising the said lands in some paper published in the counties where such lands are located at a cost of 40 cents for each description. The House bill repealing sections 2,428 and 2,527 of the compiled laws providing for the construction and taxation of street and tram railways, which repeals the specified taxes of these corporations, was also passed by the Senate. The House concurred in the Senate

amendments to the Commission Tax bill and legislation on the tax laws, and they have become laws substantially as reported by the commission. A concurrent resolution passed both houses, authorizing the State Military Board to furnish tents for the annual encampments of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Association of Southwestern Michigan. The conference committee of the two houses had an all day's session on the Congressional Apportionment bill, but did not arrive at any compromise.

The conference committee on Congressional apportionment agreed upon a report, which was submitted and adopted in both houses on the 10th. As finally passed the bill fixes the Congressional districts as follows: First, Wayne county; Second, Washtenaw, Monroe, Lenawee, Hillsdale; Third, Jackson, Branch, Calhoun, Eaton and Barry; Fourth, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph, Cass, Berrien and Van Buren; Fifth, Allegan, Ottawa, Kent and Ionia; Sixth, Clinton, Ingham, Livingston, Oakland and Genesee; Seventh, Macomb, St. Clair, Lapeer, Sanilac and Huron; Eighth, Shiawassee, Saginaw, Gratiot, Montcalm, Isabella and Midland; Ninth, Muskegon, Oceana, Newaygo, Mecosta, Mason, Lake, Osceola, Manistee, Wexford, Missaukee, Kalamazoo, Antrim and Charlevoix; Tenth, Tuscola, Bay, Gladwin, Clare, Roscommon, Jogenaw, Iosco, Crawford, Ocoosa, Alcona, Osego, Montmorency, Alpena, Presque Isle, Cheboygan and Emmet; Eleventh, Benzie, Grand Traverse, Leelanau, Manistowick and the Upper Peninsula. The bill appropriating \$265,000 for further relief of the sufferers by last fall's fires passed both Houses. A bill passed both houses appropriating \$75,000 for rebuilding and repairing the State Reform School, and \$35,000 for repairs at Jackson State Prison. The legislation asked by the Governor in his message conveying the Legislature being practically ended, a resolution was adopted in both houses that no new legislation would be had after March 11, and that both houses adjourn at noon on Wednesday, March 15. The Governor sent in a message recommending action on thirty-six different subjects, mostly of a local character—several enabling acts for Detroit and other cities, increasing the salaries of different officers, etc. The House referred them to the different committees, but the Senate went at them in earnest, and passed a number, among them to increase the salary of the Prosecuting Attorney of Wayne county; to provide for the condemnation of railroad beds that have been abandoned for five years, and to allow manufacturing companies to change their names.

Both houses of the Legislature remained in session until a late hour on the evening of the 10th, and convened early the next morning, and by noon, contrary to expectation, had succeeded in disposing of most all the business laid before them the preceding day by the Governor. The following bills passed both houses: To provide for renewing the incorporation of mining and manufacturing companies; to authorize Bay county to build a bridge across Saginaw river; to amend act 267 of 1881, to provide two additional Judges in the Third Circuit; to amend section 17 of act 193, of 1873, an act to revise the laws providing for the incorporation of railroad companies, and to regulate the running thereof; a bill to amend section 33 of an act to authorize the incorporation of companies for constructing union railroad depots; to provide for the incorporation of the Grand Council of Royal Templars; to incorporate the village of Sand Beach; to authorize the city of East Saginaw to issue bonds in the sum of \$50,000 to improve the water works; to extend the time for registration of voters in Kalamazoo village; beside numerous and sundry bills of a local character, among them some half a dozen enabling acts for the city of Detroit.

### Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, by fifty-four observers of diseases in different parts of the State, show causes of sickness during the week ending March 4, 1882, as follows:

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Number and Per Cent. of Observers by Whom Each Disease Was Reported.	Number.	Per Cent.
1 Rheumatism.....	41	76	
2 Bronchitis.....	39	72	
3 Neuralgia.....	39	72	
4 Intermittent fever.....	35	65	
5 Influenza.....	34	63	
6 Consumption of lungs.....	34	63	
7 Tonsillitis.....	30	56	
8 Pneumonia.....	27	50	
9 Remittent fever.....	19	35	
10 Diarrhea.....	17	31	
11 Diphtheria.....	16	30	
12 Scarlet fever.....	12	22	
13 Typhoid fever (enteric).....	11	20	
14 Induration of bowels.....	9	17	
15 Erysipelas.....	9	17	
16 Typho-malarial fever.....	9	17	
17 Whooping-cough.....	8	15	
18 Measles.....	7	13	
19 Dysentery.....	7	13	
20 Mumps.....	4	7	
21 Cholera morbus.....	4	7	
22 Membranous croup.....	4	7	
23 Pharyngitis.....	3	6	
24 Induration of brain.....	3	6	
25 Puerperal fever.....	3	6	
26 Cholera infantum.....	2	4	

Behind those tabulated above, the following-named diseases were reported each by one regular observer: Cerebro-spinal meningitis, small-pox, chorea, chicken-pox, anthrax, pleurisy, spinal fever and rotheln.

For the week ending March 4, 1882, the reports indicate that influenza, measles and rheumatism increased, and that bronchitis, pneumonia and whooping-cough decreased in area of prevalence.

At the State Capitol, Lansing, the prevailing winds were southeast, the average temperature was higher, the average absolute humidity was greater, and the average quantity of day and night ozone was less during the week ending March 4 than during the preceding week.

Including reports by regular observers and by others, diphtheria was reported present during the week ending March 4, and since, at 26 places, scarlet fever at 18 places, measles at 15 places and small-pox at 8 places—in all as follows: At Parkville, St. Joseph county; in Kimball and Port Huron townships, St. Clair county; at Stanton, Montcalm county, Feb. 28; at Detroit and White Cloud, March 4; at Spalding, Menominee county (16 cases), and among the Indians near Spalding (11 cases), March 4, 1882. HENRY B. BAKER, Secretary.

LANSING, March 10, 1882.

A MADISON clergyman proposes to ascertain "Where are the reapers." He has sent to each member of his church a card on which is printed the request: "Please specify what particular department of Christian work you are willing to engage in." Under this is a blank which the church members are to fill up.

KEOR's fables were written about 565 B. C.

## MISSISSIPPI FLOODS.

APPEALS for aid are being received by the Secretary of War from the sufferers from floods in Illinois, Missouri, Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas. In Pulaski county, Ill., 4,000 persons are in need of assistance. The relief commissioners for Arkansas, Mississippi and Tennessee report 43,000 destitute persons. Reports from every section of the Southern Mississippi valley give accounts of destitution and suffering. Hundreds of poor colored people have been rendered homeless by the water, losing everything, and have positively nothing to eat. The white people are poorly off themselves, nearly all of their stock being lost, and being nearly impoverished owing to the bad crops of last year. The town of Austin, Miss., between Memphis and Helena, has been almost entirely destroyed. Hon. M. C. Harris, who was sent to Desha county, Ark., by Gov. Churchill to aid in distributing supplies to persons rendered destitute by the overflow, reports that the suffering and destitution is beyond description. Scarcely a farm-house or residence in the bottom has escaped inundation. The people have been compelled to build false floors in their houses or seek safety on some of the higher lands, where, in rudely constructed camps of brush boughs and cane, they sit and wait for starvation and death. It is appalling, and without Government aid, liberally and quickly hastened, there is no telling where it will end. Many persons have been feeding on carcasses of drowned cattle. Personal investigation, as well as assurances from reputable gentlemen, convinced Mr. Harris that not less than 600 families, averaging say six to the family, in Desha county alone, are dependent upon the charity of the Government.

The indications point to a long continuance of the overflow, the most sanguine hardly daring to hope for its subsiding before May.

CAPT. J. M. LEE, of the United States army, who was ordered to Mississippi to report on the necessities of the sufferers by overflow, returned to Memphis last week. He says the destitution has not been half stated. The levee between Memphis and Arkansas City was broken in forty places, and at some points the Mississippi was fifty miles wide. His first estimate made to the Secretary of War, that 860,000 rations would be required to feed the 18,000 needy in the State of Mississippi, will, he says, fall short, as the destitute will probably be double the number first estimated. Capt. Lee will telegraph Secretary Lincoln and await further instructions here. Capt. Lee said to a reporter: "No idea of the true condition of the country overflowed can be imagined without being seen. From a point twenty miles below Memphis, where the first break in the levee occurred, the entire country is one vast sea of water. The people all through this submerged region are utterly destitute and in a starving condition. Their stock has been drowned, and they are living in gin-houses and stables, lofts and the upper stories of cabins. Hundreds are subsisting on parched corn. Many have been temporarily relieved by the distribution of Government rations, but others could not be reached, and their suffering is very great. All published reports have fallen far short of giving an idea of the damage that has been done or the destitution prevailing."

John McElven, of Desha county, Ark., had a thrilling adventure and narrow escape. The story of his escape, narrated in his own words, is as follows:

"I lived near what is known as Cypress bend, in Desha county. I had a cabin situated on an elevation which had never been overflowed, and I thought never would be. Some days ago the Mississippi began to rise, and I stopped my children from going to school, fearing that they would get drowned in the bayous with which that country abounds. I had several head of cattle further down the river, and I brought them home for a like reason. My wife got very uneasy, and suggested that we had better go to Arkansas City or to Little Rock, as she felt in her bones that there would be big flood. I laughed at her fears, but it wasn't long before I had better have followed her advice, for in a short time the rising water cut off communication in every direction. One night, over a week ago, we went to bed oppressed with dread, though I still thought the water would fall. I had secured a dug-out, and intended to make an effort to reach Arkansas City with my family, unless there was a change by the next morning. It began raining early in the evening, and by the time night set in the rain was coming down in torrents. I think it was about 10 o'clock when my wife cried out: 'Jack, the house is giving away! And sure enough it was! The cabin slowly went to pieces, water pouring in at every crevice, while my wife and children shrieked and cried. Looking out, you could see nothing but a wide expanse of water, and I knew that we would all be engulfed in a short time, and so I took the bed-cord of an old-fashioned bedstead and tied some of the logs which had fallen in from one end of the cabin together, and on this raft I placed my family, taking only a few quilts, and leaving everything else. With a fence-rail, which had been intended for firewood, I pushed out through the opening in the house, and the next moment we floated away. I have been in a good many perilous scrapes, but that night's adventure surpasses them all. How we escaped, how we got tangled in the tree tops, how we were picked up late the next day not far from Arkansas City, I can hardly tell. It is enough to know that we all are saved; but I lost everything—cattle, horses, farming tools—everything. I am thankful, of course, that I escaped, and I expect to go from here to St. Louis, and hereafter I will live on mountain tops. I have had an experience of floods that'll last me a lifetime."

### A Hint on Household Management.

Have you ever noticed what a dislike servants have to anything cheap? They hate saving their master's money. I tried this experiment with great success the other day. Finding we consumed a vast deal of soap, I sat down in my thinking chair, and took the soap question into consideration, and I found reason to suspect we were using a very expensive article, where a much cheaper one would serve the purpose better. I ordered half a dozen pounds of both sorts, but took the precaution to change the papers, on which the prices were marked, before giving them into the hands of Betty. "Well, Betty, which soap do you find washes the best?"

"Oh, please, sir, the dearest, in the blue paper; it makes the lather as well again as the other."

"Well, Betty, you shall have it, then," and thus the unsuspecting Betty saved me some pounds a year, and washed the clothes better.—Rev. Sidney Smith.

### Vinegar.

A method employed in France, which converts cider or other liquid into vinegar much more expeditiously than do ordinary practices, prefaces the process with preparing the barrels or casks by first scalding with water and next pouring into them boiling vinegar, rolling the barrels and allowing them to stand on their sides two or three days, until they become thoroughly saturated with the vinegar. This preparation over, the barrels are filled about one-third full with strong, pure cider vinegar and two gallons of cider. Every eight days there-

after two gallons of cider are added until the barrel is two-thirds full. In fourteen days after the last two gallons are added the whole will have been converted into vinegar, one-half of which is now drawn off and the process of filling with cider begun again. In summer the barrels during the process of conversion are exposed to the rays of the sun, and in cold weather are stored where a uniform temperature of about eighty degrees can be maintained.

## THE JEANNETTE SURVIVORS.

Interesting Letter from Lieut. Danenhower.

Mr. W. W. Danenhower, of Washington, has received two letters from his son, Lieut. John Danenhower, of the Jeannette Arctic exploring expedition. The first one is dated Buleu, mouth of the Lena, Nov. 9, 1881. There is added a postscript dated at Yakoutak, Dec. 17. The trip up the river from Buleu to Yakoutak occupied thirty-six days, and was made on sledges with dogs, reindeer and horses. Lieut. Danenhower describes the journey as one full of hardships. There were stations at intervals on the way, constructed of logs. He describes the last one of these, seventeen miles from Yakoutak, the best of the lot, as a small log building with a cowshed attached. It was composed of one room, in which were about twenty people when his party arrived. In the center was the body of a horse killed for food, and brought into the room to thaw out. During the night the party stopped at this hut Jack Cole, the boatman, while laboring under aberration of mind, got up and started out to walk to New York to see his wife. The thermometer was 60 degrees below zero. It required all Lieut. Danenhower's persuasive powers to induce him to come back into the hut. At Yakoutak Lieut. Danenhower says he found a man who understood French, and was taken to the Governor, who treated him with great kindness and consideration. He detailed a Lieutenant, with instructions to give the wants of the party special attention. They were quartered at a small hotel, conducted on the American plan. Lieut. Danenhower speaks of his stay in Yakoutak as exceedingly pleasant and comfortable under the circumstances. Dec. 24 the Governor sent an officer to Lieut. Danenhower to ask him at what time the Christmas festivities usually began in America, and when informed that it was usual to commence Christmas evening he sent his sleigh for the party to come to his residence for supper and spend the evening. In speaking of the terrible voyage of the party, Lieut. Danenhower says they had to travel 700 miles over ice from the ship to the mouth of the Lena. They landed in shoal water, and were compelled to wade two miles to land. They were forced to travel 100 miles further before they reached shelter, and he says he was up five days and four nights without sleep or rest. He mentions the fact that, out of thirty-three comprising the crew and officers of the Jeannette, only thirteen are known to be living and one is known to be dead.

### The Great Prizes in Waiting.

[R. H. Thurston.]

I have sometimes said that the world is waiting for the appearance of three great inventors, yet unknown, for whom it has in store honors and emoluments far exceeding all ever yet accorded to any one of their predecessors. The first is the man who is to show how, by the consumption of coal, we may directly produce electricity, and thus evade the now inevitable and enormous loss that comes of the utilization of energy in all heat engines driven by substances of variable volume. Our electrical engineers have this great step still to take, and are apparently not likely soon to gain the prize that will reward some genius yet to be born. The second of these greatest of inventors is he who will teach us the source of the beautiful, soft-beaming light of the fire-fly and the glow-worm, and will show us how to produce this singular illuminant, and to apply it with success practically and commercially. This wonderful light, free from heat and consequent loss of energy, is nature's substitute for the crude and extravagantly wasteful lights of which we have, through so many years, been foolishly boasting. The dynamo-electrical engineer has nearly solved that problem. The third genius is the man who is to fulfill Darwin's prophecy, closing the stanza:

"Soon shall thy arm, unconquered steam, afar Drag the slow barge, or drive the rapid car, Or, on wide-waving wing expanded bear The flying chariot through the fields of air."

This quotation may excite a smile to-day, but when first published, just 100 years ago, the last line must have seemed hardly more extravagant than the first. And it is to-day true that we are getting on, that even in the science of aeronautics progress, although slow, is still to be observed year by year, and there is no department of engineering in which the art of the mechanic has opportunity for greater achievement.

### Teach Them Integrity.

Business men say that it is hard to find boys who can be trusted with the handling of money. They can not withstand the temptations, and, nowadays, owing to the various causes, temptations are stronger than formerly. Nine-tenths of the office and errand boys of to-day are holding positions of trust made so by necessities of business, and they are the children, for the most part, of men whose stations in life have not shown them the principles of business integrity. The boys themselves, unused to the luxury of spending money, charmed by its fascinations, induced by older companions sometimes, are led to petty thieving. The desire to spend is natural enough, but few boys are philosophical enough, either by nature or training, to withstand the temptation of availing themselves of the opportunities to steal small sums. Their home training has not made them strong and honest. The existence of this evil is suggestive to parents who expect their children to enter the lowest place of mercantile life; it is suggestive to parents who are lavish of their money with their boys, and it is also suggestive to the business men who are, and who are to be, dependent on help of this kind. It is not enough that a boy "takes" to a business life; as in any other science, he should be instructed, and his instructor should be his employer, should be qualified to instruct. The elements of business, and not the least among them is integrity, should be taught him, and taught him thoroughly, at home.—N. Y. Press.

## HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1882.

EDMUND's anti-polygamy bill passed the house yesterday by a vote of 199 to 45. The negative vote was democratic.

PRESIDENT Arthur has nominated Samuel Blatchford, of New York, to be an associate justice of the supreme court, Senator Edmund's having at last decided to decline the position. At the request of General Grant, John Russell Young was appointed minister to China.

THE evidence taken by the Sherman investigating committee was submitted to the senate, and shows that treasury employees worked on the secretary's house, and that it was constructed largely at the government expense, but the report alleges that it was done without the secretary's knowledge.

A DISPATCH from Vienna dated March 16 says it is reported on undoubted authority that the czar and the nihilist leaders have come to an understanding. The czar is to extend clemency to the nihilists now under arrest, prevent the death penalty where pronounced, and lighten the sentences of exile and imprisonment. The nihilists guarantee a cessation of efforts against the czar's life. The czar is already moving about without the usual safeguards and has abandoned his seclusion.

As between the political parties, responsibility for the chicanery and injustice of the congressional apportionments now being made is six of one and half a dozen of t'other. Where the republicans have possession of the legislature, their whole study is to cheat the minority out of any representation whatever. Thus in Iowa. Where the democrats have the power, they resort to marvelous twists and turns to defeat the republican minority in their desire to be represented by a congressman of their own faith. Thus in West Virginia. In both states the cheated minority is charging that the bad faith of the majority is an evidence of the corruption and trickery of the other party. And in these states, as in all states where apportionment is under consideration, the party press approves unquestioningly every unfair and discreditable move of its own politicians, while condemning the trickery of the other side.

### Renew Your Lease.

There are times in every one's life when energy fails and a miserable feeling comes over them, mistaken for laziness. Danger lurks in these symptoms, as they arise from diseased organs. Parker's Ginger Tonic will restore perfect activity to the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood, and renew your lease of health and comfort.—*Advocate.*

THE apportionment bill has passed both Houses, and the following is the new apportionment:

- First District—Wayne.
- Second District—Monroe, Lenawee, Hillsdale, Washtenaw.
- Third District—Jackson, Calhoun, Branch, Barry, Eaton.
- Fourth District—Berrien, Cass, St. Joseph, Kalamazoo, Van Buren.
- Fifth District—Allegan, Kent, Ottawa, Ionia.
- Sixth District—Clinton, Ingham, Livingston, Genesee, Oakland.
- Seventh District—Macomb, St. Clair, Lapeer, Sanilac, Huron.
- Eighth District—Shiawassee, Saginaw, Gratiot, Montcalm, Isabella, Midland.
- Ninth District—Muskegon, Oceana, Newaygo, Mecosta, Osceola, Lake, Mason, Manistee, Wexford, Missaukee, Charlevoix, Antrim, Kalkaska.
- Tenth District—Tuscola, Bay, Gladwin, Clare, Roscommon, Ogemaw, Iosco, Crawford, Oscoda, Alcona, Alpena, Montmorency, Otsego, Presque Isle, Cheboygan, Emmet.
- Eleventh District—Grand Traverse, Benzie, Leelanaw, Manitou, Mackinaw, Chippewa, Schoolcraft, Delta, Menominee, Marquette, Houghton, Keweenaw, Isle Royal, Ontonagon.

### Society Belles.

On account of its remarkably delicate and lasting fragrance society belles are loud in their praises of Floreston Cologne.

### Special Notices.

#### Notice.

The regular Spring examination of teachers for the public schools of Ottawa County, Michigan, will be held at Grand Haven, March 31st and April 1st, 1882.

A special examination, to accommodate the south part of the county, will be held at Zeeland, April 6 and 7, 1882, in the Union School. Examinations will begin promptly at 9 a. m.

Applicants are expected to bring testimonials of good moral character, and those intending to apply for the 1st or 2nd grade will present a certificate of the chairman of the township board, certifying that they have taught the required time "with ability and success."

By order of the Board of School Examiners of Ottawa County.  
JAS. F. ZWEMER,  
Spring Lake, Mich.

### Ithaca Organs.

The undersigned is the sole agent for this city, of the Ithaca Organ. Parties desiring to examine or purchase this valuable instrument can do so by calling at my residence on Tenth street, near C. & W. M. Railway freight depot.  
6-4w. MRS. E. ECKENROD.

### For Sale.

The mansion and ground, situated between 12th and 13th streets, on hill south of Hope College, formerly owned by Rev. Crispell, D. D., and now owned by A. S. Bangs. For particulars apply on premises or to  
I. F. BANGS,  
Superintendent of School.

CANNED Goods, Mackerel, Sardines, Lobsters, Salmon, and everything in that line, even Mustard by measure, can be bought at  
4-3w. JOHN PESSINK.

### Special Assessor's Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND,  
Clerk's Office, March 15, 1882.  
To Mrs. Arie De Jong.

You are hereby notified that a special assessment roll, for the repair of sidewalks, has been reported by the Board of Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 5th day of April, A. D. 1882, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council room, in said City, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the said Board of Assessors to review said roll.

By order of the Common Council,  
GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

### Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland, will meet at the following places; in said City on Saturday, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1882, between the hours of eight o'clock A. M. and eight o'clock P. M. for the purpose of completing the lists of qualified voters of the several wards of said city. In the 1st Ward, at Engine Room, No. 2, (Kanter's Basement.)  
In the 2nd Ward, at the Photograph Gallery of B. P. Higgins.  
In the 3rd Ward, at the Store of Boot & Kramer.  
In the 4th Ward, at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

J. A. TER VREE,  
W. H. BEACHE,  
WM. BUTKAU,  
JOHN BEUKEMA,  
JOHN KRAMER,  
P. WINTER,  
C. LANDAAL,  
J. KUIJE.

Board of Registration of the City of Holland.  
Dated: HOLLAND, March 8th, A. D. 1882.

### Election Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, City of Holland,  
March 8th, 1882.

To the Electors of the City of Holland:

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual charter election for the City of Holland, will be held on Monday, the 3rd day of April next, (being the first Monday in April) in the several wards of said city, at the places designated by the Common Council, as follows:

In the First Ward at the rooms of Columbia Fire Engine Co., No. 2.

In the Second Ward at the Photograph Gallery of B. P. Higgins.

In the Third Ward at the Common Council Rooms.

In the Fourth Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

At said election the following officers are to be elected and voted upon.

#### CITY OFFICERS.

One Mayor in the place of John Roost, whose term of office expires.

One Supervisor in the place of Kommer Schaddelee, whose term of office expires.

One City Clerk in the place of Geo. H. Sipp, whose term of office expires.

One City Treasurer in the place of Dirk R. Meengs, whose term of office expires.

One City Marshal in the place of Pieter Koning, whose term of office expires.

One Justice of the Peace in the place of James Ten Eyck, resigned, whose term of office expires July 4th, 1882.

Two School Inspectors, full term, in the place of Cornelis Doesburg and Isaac Cappon, whose term of office expires.

#### WARD OFFICERS.

For the First Ward—One Alderman in the place of John A. Ter Vree, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Charles Odell, whose term of office expires.

For the Second Ward—One Alderman in the place of Wilhelm Butkau, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of John Van den Berg, whose term of office expires.

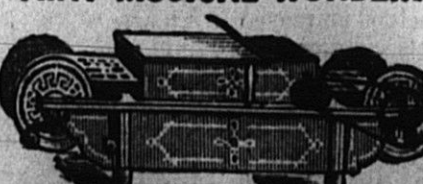
For the Third Ward—One Alderman in the place of John Kramer, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Arend Verice, whose term of office expires.

For the Fourth Ward—One Alderman in the place of Cornelis Landaal, whose term of office expires; and one Constable in the place of Johannes de Weerd, whose term of office expires.

GEO. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

### New Advertisements.

#### THAT MUSICAL WONDER!



The MECHANICAL ORGUMENTE is the greatest musical invention of the age. Any person can perform upon it with the apparent skill of a master; all sacred, secular, popular, and dance music. Equally suitable for the home, lodge, or church. Admiration for the hall-room, picnic, excursion parties, etc. No instruction required. Price, \$5, \$10, \$20, and upward. Beware of worthless imitations with similar names. Agents wanted. Entering men take \$10 to \$20 per day. Illustrated Catalogue free.  
LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe Sts., Chicago.  
1-t-pr-m-33-6m.

### ALL KINDS OF

## Job Printing

[Promptly Done in the]

## HOLLAND

—AND—

### ENGLISH LANGUAGES

—AT THE—

## "NEWS" Book and Job Office

A Large and Fine

### NEW STOCK

—OF—

## BOOTS & SHOES

—Just received at—

## E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

A Complete assortment of Children's and Infants' shoes for fall and winter, and a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

### CALL AND SEE US.

E. HEROLD.  
HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 1, 1880.

## Now is the chance for Farmers.

Our popular wagon manufacturer

## J. FLIEMAN,

Offers his superior made wagons just as cheap as anybody sells them in Zeeland, and claims that they are a

### Better wagon in every way

## Call and Examine.

Also keeps on hand a line of

## TIMKEN SPRING BUGGIES

—AND—

### Open and Top Buggies,

And a nice assortment of Cutters for Farmers and Tradesmen are on the way coming.

ALSO AGENT FOR

### BATH PLATFORM SPRING WAGON WORKS.

J. FLIEMAN,  
Holland, Mich.

## JUST RECEIVED

A very large stock of

### FALL AND WINTER

## DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

## Hats and Caps,

At the store of

## G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

### BLANKETS,

DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES,

DELAINES,

GINGHAMS,

CALICOES,

TABLE LINEN,

### HANDKERCHIEFS

From the finest silk to the cheapest.

### HOSIERY, &C., &C.,

Also a Full Line of

## Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS ON HAND.

G. Van Putten & Sons.

HOLLAND, March 25th, 1881.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL ON

## R. A. BRAYMAN,

At the old place of L. T. Kanter's.

An entire new stock of

### Stationery and Confectionery,

FANCY GOODS,

### CIGARS and TOBACCOS.

Complete and well selected stock of Photo. and Autograph

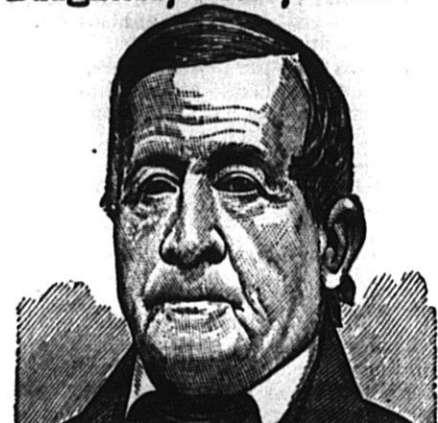
## ALBUMS

As cheap as the cheapest.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 9, 1882.

1-ly

### Daughters, Wives, Mothers!



## DR. J. B. MARCHISI,

UTICA, N. Y.

Discoverer of DR. MARCHISI'S

### UTERINE CATHOLICON,

A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.

Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhoea, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price \$1.50 per bottle. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.

For Sale by D. R. MEENGs.

## EARS FOR THE MILLION!

Foo Choo's Balsam of Shark's Oil

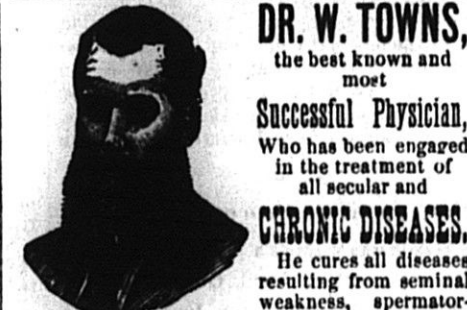
Positively Restores the Hearing, and is the only Absolute Cure for Deafness Known.

This Oil is extracted from a peculiar species of small WHITE SHARK, caught in the Yellow Sea, known as *Carcharodon Bonellii*. Every Chinese fisherman knows it. Its virtues as a restorative of hearing were discovered by a Buddhist Priest about the year 1410. Its cures were so numerous and many so seemingly miraculous, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire. Its use became so universal that for over 300 years no Deafness has existed among the Chinese people. Sent, charges prepaid, to any address at \$1 per bottle.

Only Imported by HAYLOCK & CO.,  
Sole Agents for America. 7 Day St., New York.

Its virtues are unquestionable and its curative character absolute, as the writer can personally testify, both from experience and observation.

Among the many readers of the Review in one part and another of the country, it is probable that numbers are afflicted with deafness, and to such it may be said: "Write at once to Haylock & Co., 7 Day Street, New York, enclosing \$1, and you will receive by return mail a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent. You will never regret doing so."—*Editor Mercantile Review.* 21-4m.



## DR. W. TOWNS,

the best known and most

Successful Physician,

Who has been engaged in the treatment of all secular and

CHRONIC DISEASES.

He cures all diseases

resulting from seminal

weakness, spermator-

rhoea, impotency and all nervous desponding and

distressing symptoms arising from these disorders, and all complicated private diseases.

Pain in back, left side or breast, frightful dreams, palpitation of the heart, rush of blood to the head, eruptions, pimples, memory impaired, low spirited, discouraged; resulting in consumption, heart disease, core, or St. Vitus dance, debility, insanity and death. Rev. Adam Clark, the distinguished Methodist Divin, says: "It is one of the most destructive evils ever practiced by fallen men." Its victims of both sexes are filling our insane asylums yearly.

All letters for consultation, strictly confidential.

[with stamp]. Address, DR. W. TOWNS, Fon du

Lac, Wis. Lock box 293

Please mention this paper when applying to the Doctor.

4-ly.

## Nervous Debility:

A Cure Guaranteed.

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment: A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only when the treatment is ordered direct from us. Address JOHN C. WEST & CO., Sole Proprietors, 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill. Sold by D. R. Meengs, Holland, Mich. 33-ly

## 1881. FALL AND WINTER. 1881.

### MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

## Bonnets, Hats, Feathers,

Ladies and Childrens, Cloaks, Dolmans, Circulars, Jackets and all kinds of cloaking, Plush Velvet, Satin Silk Crape, Fancy Ribbons, Plush, Satin, Moire antique, Worsteds Goods, Jackets, Hoods, Scarfs, Fur Trimmings, Muffs and Colors.

Silk & Satins in all desirable Colors. Crape, Cloves, Hosiery, Germantown Yarn, Canvas, Embroidery Silk and Hair Goods.

## L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE,

EIGHTH STREET . . . HOLLAND MICH

# Burdock's BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers every where. Directions in eleven languages. Price \$1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's, Buffalo, N. Y.

## MANHOOD

### How Lost. How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. CULVERWELL'S Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhoea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address  
The Culverwell Medical Co.,  
41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.; Post-Office box, 450.

IN THE NEW

## GROCERY

—AND—

### DRY GOODS STORE

—OF—

## C. STEKETEE & BOS,

on the corner of River & Ninth Sts.

Can now be found, not alone a complete stock of Groceries,—always of the Freshest and Purest, but also all kinds of Farmers Produce, Provisions, Etc., Etc.

Also a very large and assorted stock of

## DRY GOODS

Which we intend to keep as complete as possible embracing all the latest and best made fabrics

### Crockery, Stone & Glassware.

### FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

C. STEKETEE & BOS.  
HOLLAND, Oct. 12th, 1880. 86-ly

## HALL'S

## Catarrh Cure

Is Recommended by Physicians!

\$100 REWARD FOR A CASE IT CURES!

We manufacture and sell it with the positive guarantee that it will cure any case, and we will forfeit the above amount if it fails in a single instance.

It is unlike any other Catarrh remedy, as it is taken internally, acting upon the blood. If you are troubled with this distressing disease, ask your Druggist for it, and accept no imitation or substitute. If he has not got it, send to us and we will forward immediately. Price, 75 cents per bottle.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

86-ly

Young Men and Women will not only save money but valuable time in the future by attending the Grand Rapids Business College, where they will receive a Thorough, Quickening, Practical education. Send for College Journal.

43 Chatham St., N. Y.

## STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES,

43 Chatham St., N. Y.

1-ly

## JOTTINGS.

Fruit growers meeting to-day.

Yr editor has the measles and the News is very sick.

MEASLES are quite prevalent at least we think so.

THE Juvenile Band serenaded ex-alderman J. Duursema last Tuesday evening. It was his fiftieth birthday.

THE Schr. A. L. Morrissey, of Muskegon, arrived in this harbor last Saturday, water-logged.

Mrs. D. W. Doyle, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Hough, of Saugatuck, for the last two weeks, arrived home last Saturday.

WE have it upon good authority that another Republican paper and a first-class one will be established in Grand Haven between now and May 1st.—*Courier-Journal*.

MR. A. D. Nelson and wife, R. Church and wife, L. Robinson, Dad. Morris and W. Van Weigle, of this city left for Dakota, last week where they will engage in farming, speculating, etc.

SELLS Brothers, the museum men, want four handsome ladies. Why don't they send their orders to Holland at once. We could furnish them any size, shape or complexion, and any age from 16 to 60.

TREASURER Van Schelven has received notice from military headquarters that the expense of the state troops in defending the jail against the Voecamp lynchers, amounts to \$131.83 and he has paid that amount to the state.—*Spring Lake Message*.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., March 17, 1882: Frank Bruce, Peter Bruce, Mrs. Emma Elyk, Miss Frank Hawger, Miss Fanny Mohr.

WM. VERDEEK, P. M.

WE are instructed, by parties interested, to inform this public that the assertion made in the *Grandduet* of this week, to the effect that "twenty families had left the Third Ref. Church," is a malicious falsehood. We think the *Grandduet* is in duty bound to correct their unjust assertion.

A lawyer once asked the late Judge Pickens, of Alabama, to charge the jury "It is better that ninety and nine guilty men should escape than that one innocent man should be punished." "Yes," said the witty Judge, "I will give that charge, but in the opinion of the Court the ninety and nine guilty men have already escaped in this county."

SOME very grave misdemeanors have recently been committed in the buildings belonging to Hope College and also on the College Campus. At a late Faculty meeting two members of the Senior class were suspended from recitations, but have since been granted that privilege, but are still under the taint. We understand that the main proof of the seniors' guilt lies in the size of certain footprints found.

LAST Wednesday evening, about half-past seven o'clock, as Mr. G. Hekhuis was driving down Eighth street on his way home with his wife and infant child, some foolish boy, threw a snow ball at his horse, who took fright, turned short, tipped the buggy over, and injured his wife quite severely. With some difficulty she was got into the drug store of Schouten & Schepers, where Dr. Schouten administered to her relief, and it was fully an hour and a half, before she recovered sufficiently from the nervous shock to be got home. If the parents will not, somebody ought to look after the boys who infest our streets nightly.

MR. George C. Kimball, vice president and general manager of the Chicago and West Michigan railway, last week closed a contract with the South Chicago Rolling-Mill company for steel rails, to be used in the construction of the extension now building from New Buffalo to La Crosse. Mr. Kimball said that the extension, as projected, will be completed by July 1. The distance from New Buffalo to La Crosse is thirty-five miles—the grade is finished, and track-laying is in progress at the initial point. The cost of the extension will be at the rate of \$20,000 per mile. A very large item of expenditure has been the aggregate sum paid for the right of way through farming lands. At La Crosse, Ind., the extension will connect with the New York, Chicago and St. Louis railway, and in a distance of thirty-five miles will intersect six other railroads. The extension of the line to La Crosse give it a total length of about four hundred miles. Mr. Kimball states that the outlet southward and eastward afforded by this extension will add immensely to the company's revenues from the lumber traffic.

YESTERDAY was St. Patrick's day.

GRAND HAVEN is endeavoring to organize a Cornet Band.

MR. McKay, of the Muskegon *Chronicle* was in the city last Thursday and made us a pleasant call.

MAJ. Harwood, engineer U. S. A. and Capt. S. C. Mower, of Grand Haven, were in town this week.

REV. H. M. Joy Presiding Elder of this district, will preach on the evening of the 26 inst., at the Methodist Church. Sacrament at close of sermon.

A STURGEON was caught in Kalamazoo lake, near Saugatuck, that weighed 200 lbs. It was the largest one ever caught that far up the Kalamazoo river.

A MEETING will be held in the First Ref. Church, next Wednesday evening, for the purpose of selecting a pastor from the trio that was made at a late meeting of the congregation.

MARRIED—Mc Ewing—Van Ry. On Wednesday, March 15, 1882, at the residence of bride's mother, by Rev. D. Van Pelt, Duncan S. Mc Ewing to Anna Van Ry.

PROFESSOR—"Which is the most delicate of the senses?" Sophomore—"The touch." Professor—"Prove it." Sophomore—"When you sit on a pin you can't see it, you can't hear it, you can't taste it, you can't smell it, but it's there."

MR. S. Brouwers, of Zeeland, is the sole importer of BrouwersCoffee Extract, which is made in Friesland, Netherlands. It is claimed that this extract is the best in the market, it saves coffee and gives an additional flavor. It can be procured of P. & A. Steketee, of this city, and J. den Herder, of Zeeland.

"Look heah, 'squire, dah's a nigger in Galveston what's been sassin' me; supposin' I just maul the life outen him?" The lawyer replied: "You would be apt to get your neck stretched." "Now boss you is jokin'." What do white folks care for one nigger moah or less now de census is done took!"

LAST Saturday afternoon as Mr. Peter Corbijn, of Overijssel, was putting the harness on his horse, the animal kicked, striking him in the abdomen. He died Monday evening of the injuries sustained. Mr. Corbijn was an estimable young man, well spoken of by all who knew him, and leaves a bride of a few months, to mourn his sudden death.

DR. De Wolf, health officer of Chicago, accompanied by Senator Sawyer and Collector Spalding, gave President Arthur his views as to the necessity of enforcing vaccination upon immigrants. The chief magistrate offered to send to congress a message asking for the national board of health all needed authority to enforce sanitary regulations.

THE following are the subjects of discourse in the English Churches in this city, for to-morrow's services:

Hope Church—Rev. D. Van Pelt, Pastor. Morning, "The Gospel an Ancient Heritage." Evening, "Parable of Marriage of King's Son."

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. M. D. Terwilliger, Pastor. Morning, "Gratitude for Divine Beneficence." Evening, "Healing Waters."

GEORGE Mahoffy suddenly appeared in Berlin some time ago and settled as a permanent resident, near Mud Lake, living in a house with a man named Alexander Visser. On February 5th Mahoffy agreed to do some work for a man named Bowman. He failed to come around and do the work and has not been seen since. It was thought that Visser had put him out of the way. Last Monday the sheriff and prosecuting attorney went up to investigate the matter. They examined Visser and he said that Mahoffy had gone away and left him in charge of things. The officers searched everywhere for evidences of foul play but could find none.—*G. H. Herald*.

AN institute for the benefit of the teachers of Ottawa County will be held in the village of Spring Lake beginning March 27th and continuing to March 31st. The institute will be conducted by Prof. Z. C. Spencer, of Battle Creek, assisted by Prof. G. J. Kollen, of Holland, and Prof. R. W. Putnam, of Ypsilanti. The morning and afternoon sessions will be devoted to the discussion of topics of peculiar interest, while the evening lecture will be of a popular character. Let every person who expects to teach the ensuing summer be present and share in the general good. It is the wish of the County Examining Board that school boards will arrange their vacations to enable their teachers to attend. Teachers expecting to be present will please notify the local committee of their intention, that boarding places can be provided for their accommodation.

Address, J. WARNOCK, JR., OF JAS. F. ZWEMER, Secretary of Board of Examiners. Spring Lake.

FARMERS, its about time for spring plowing.

WE understand that a new Cornet Band has been organized in this city and will soon make its appearance, we hope it is true.

WARM Maple Sugar will be served on Wednesday evening next at the ice cream parlors of Mr. R. A. Brayman, by the Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church.

CINCINNATI, Wabash and Michigan Railroad is pushing its extension to Benfon Harbor at the rate of a mile per day. At that place it will connect with C. & W. M. Ry.

AT Hudsonville last Friday night the store occupied by J. Green & Son was burned being a total loss. Building and stock valued at \$6,000. Insured for \$4,000 in the Firemen's Ins. Co. of Dayton, O.

THE school children of District No. 1, township of Filmore, will give a school exhibition on Wednesday evening, March 29. The children take great interest in the success of the exhibition, and it promises to be a grand affair.

A PEOPLE's caucus will be held at the Townhouse in the Township of Holland on Saturday, March 25th, 1882, at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several Township offices, a so-called "double ticket" will be made. Upon request of several citizens of said Township.

## GRAND HAVEN ITEMS.

THE old Bennett house, near the mouth of the harbor, burned last Thursday. It had been unoccupied for some time but was being fitted up by Mr. H. Hicks, who intended to have moved in the next day. Owing to its solitary location and absence of water in the vicinity the Fire Department was called out.

QUITE a change has taken place in the Marine affairs in this place. Capt. T. W. Kirby, formerly manager of the Grand Haven Barge Company has sold out his interest in the concern, and there has been a re-organization of the Company. Senator Ferry being present, and Capt. John Furlong, manager in place of Mr. Kirby. Numerous changes are also spoken of among the masters of the different barges composing the line.

THE Masonic Reception held last Friday night, is pronounced by those who had the pleasure of participating therein, to have been a perfect success. Already at an early hour large numbers of the best citizens with their ladies were filling the spacious apartments occupied by Grand Haven Lodge No. 139 F. & A. M. At the nearest estimate not less than 110 couples sat down to enjoy the splendid supper provided for them by the fraternity. The Eastern Star Degree was conferred on nearly 100 ladies by Mr. Geo. E. Hubbard the W. M. of the Lodge. After spending a pleasant evening the assembly dispersed near midnight.

## Real Estate Transfers in Ottawa County.

For the week ending Feb. 16, 1882.

This list includes only such as seem to be bona fide sales, quit claims, where the consideration is very small, not given.

Nicholas Trompdon and wife to Jacob Trompdon, s e 1/4 ne 1/4 and n 1/2 s e 1/4 ne 1/4 s e 1/4, sec. 14-5-14. \$2,800.  
Gerrit J. Loeks and wife to John H. Loeks, und. 1/2 of w 1/2 s w 1/4 s e 1/4, sec. 6-5-13. \$200.  
Maryetta La Oler to Gerrit J. Loeks et al., s e 1/4 s e 1/4 of sec. 6-5-13. \$1,800.  
Albert Sterken to Trilje Sterken, und. 1/2 s w 1/4 n w 1/4, sec. 9-5-18. \$500.  
Hans Anderson and wife to John C. Post, s w 1/4 1/4, sec. 33-5-16. \$35.  
Samuel C. Marvin to Chancery A. Lillibridge, 20 acre in n w cor. sec. 36-8-13. \$1,000.  
Arend Van der Veen and wife to Pieter Naderveld, lot 5, blk. 6, Akeley add. Grand Haven. \$400.  
Cornelius J. De Roo and wife to Hubert Keppel, part und. 1/2 lots 14-15, blk. 2, Zeeland. \$3,041.11.  
John W. Curtis to George W. Shears et al., s e 1/4 n e 1/4, sec. 4-6-15. \$350.  
James Sawyer and wife to Joshua S. Wicks, lot 8, blk. A, Sawyer's add. Coopersville. \$150.  
Walter F. Doty and wife to Philip C. Irish, e 1/4 s w 1/4, sec. 33-6-16. \$150.  
Hiram Manger to Joseph Gibbs, n e 1/4 s e 1/4, sec. 12-8-14. \$2,500.  
Anna P. Mower to John Vaupell, w 1/4 s w 1/4, sec. 18-6-15. \$175.  
Freman Lathrop and wife to Franklin C. Marsac, s e 1/4, sec. 12-6-16. \$215.  
Jan Spkerman and wife to Gerrit Bronwer, n 1/4 n 1/4 s w 1/4, sec. 3-5-15 (part) \$2,500.  
Jan Spkerman and wife to Herm Ten Have, s 1/4 n 1/4 s w 1/4, sec. 3-5-15. \$2,000.  
Catherine McKay to Edwin R. Ford, 40 acres of n side s e 1/4, sec. 12-8-14. \$2,500.  
James Moerdijk and wife to William De Pree, part lot 8, blk. 1, Keppel's add. to village of Zeeland. \$100.  
Gustaf Lundberg and wife to William G. Harris, 1/4 acre in sec. 15-8-15. \$90.  
Aloys Bilz and wife to Thys Stadt lots 4 and 15 blk. 2, Hopkins add to Spring Lake. \$125.  
Martha Hanechmidt by guardian to Herman Schul n 1/4, n w 1/4 sec. 12-7-16. \$170.  
Evert Schults to Jan H. Schults, und. 1/2 s e 1/4 s e 1/4, sec. 12-8-14. \$150.  
Robt. Den and wife to Lambertus Boerema, lot 3 blk. 2 Hopkins add. to Spring Lake. \$400.  
Catherine McKay et al. to Edwin R. Ford, 40 acres of n side s e 1/4, sec. 12-8-14. \$2,500.  
Ambrose R. McKay and wife to Edwin R. Ford, 50 acres in s e 1/4 n e 1/4, sec. 12-8-14, also 10 acres in s e 1/4, sec. 12-8-14. \$2,000.  
George G. Reynolds et al. to Charles R. Mickaw, lots 19-20, Lamont. \$400.  
Johannes Van Regenmorter and wife to Jan Damstra, und. 1/4 (of part) com. s w corner, sec. 25-5-14. \$850.  
Jan Terbeek and wife to Frederick De Groot, s 1/4 n e 1/4 s e 1/4, sec. 16-5-15. \$200.  
Helena M. Fianstlehl to Jan D. Helder, part lot 18 blk. 28, Holland. \$400.  
Geert Steen to A. John Burges, 1/4 acre in n e cor. sec. 22-6-18. \$175.  
Wallace P. Chamberlain and wife to Benton E. Green, 40 acres, n e 1/4 of n w 1/4, sec. 5-5-13. \$1,500.  
Jacob Bolt to Johanna Bolt, e 1/4 lot 10 blk. 3, Boltwood add. Grand Haven. \$300.

## CANAL ST. CARPET STORE!!

In addition to our usual large and varied stock of Dry Goods we have decided to add

## CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,

And other goods usually found in a Carpet Establishment. Our stock will be all new and fresh, no old patterns, and our prices will be guaranteed lower than any in the city.

F. W. Wurzburg is now in New York City selecting

## NEW SPRING GOODS

For every department. Our stock this spring will be larger than ever before. New Novelties arriving every day.

Don't buy your Carpets until you see our new stock and our prices.

## F. W. WURZBURG..

COR. CANAL & BRONSON STS.

Grand Rapids, Mich. 8-ly.

## Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer



Is the only sure cure for the destruction of the Pin Worm, and it also takes the Stomach and Tape Worm. No physic is necessary. Price, only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

GEO. G. STEKETEE, Sole Proprietor.

89 Monroe St.,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

## Otto Breyman

—Dealer in—



## Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

I have engaged the services of Mr. N. H. Reynolds, of Chicago, an expert mechanic, who will do the repairing of watches, so that our work can be warranted.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I will also keep on hand a full line of

## S P E C T A C L E S

—and a— FULL LINE OF GOLD PENS.

Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN, HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1, 1881. 48-ly

## FIRST WARD

## Grocery House

JAMES RYDER, Prop'r.

Having purchased the interest formerly owned by Mr. M. Seery, and having leased my Hotel, I will devote my entire attention to the Grocery Business, and therefore respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Holland to my new business. The store is on the

Cor. Eighth and Fish St.

I will endeavor to keep on hand a complete supply and fill all orders promptly to the best of my ability.

Give us a trial before you judge us.

JAS. RYDER.

HOLLAND, April 13, 1881. 10-ly

## STEKETEE'S

## Neuralgia Drops,

The only medicines used without turning the stomach wrong side out. I warrant the cure of

## NEURALGIA,

providing it is used according to direction.

Price 50c per bottle.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

GEO. G. STEKETEE, Sole Proprietor.

89 Monroe St.,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

## PHENIX Planing Mill

In rebuilding our new shop we have purchased entirely new

Machinery of the most Approved Patterns, And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching, or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

## DRY KILN

AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALTY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

Or anything in our line manufactured on short notice. 38-ly WERKMAN & VAN ARK.

## GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK The Great EN-TRADE MARK. This Remedy, an infallible cure for seminal weakness, spermatorrhoea, impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse; an Loss of Memory; After Taking. BEFORE TAKING, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back; Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 108 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. For Sale in Holland by Heber Walsh. 35-ly

## GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES IN THE

## JEWELRY STORE

—OF—

## J. ALBERS,

8th STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

Clocks which have been sold for \$4, are now for sale at \$3. The entire stock on hand will be sold at that rate. Plated ware, Spectacles, etc., etc., will be sold at cost for the next 60 days.

Oct. 15, 1881. 37-ly

## MY GIRL WITH THE CALICO DRESS.

A girl for your fashionable girls,  
With their velvets and satins and laces,  
Their diamonds and rubies and pearls,  
And their milliners' figures and faces.  
They may shine at a party or ball,  
Embellished with half they possess;  
But give me, in place of them all,  
My girl with the calico dress!

Your dandies and foppings may peer  
At her simple and modest attire,  
But the charms she permits to appear  
Would set a whole iceberg on fire.  
She can dance, but she never allows  
The lugging, the squeeze and caress;  
She is saving all these for her spouse—  
My girl with the calico dress.

She's as plump as a partridge, and fair  
As the rose in its earliest bloom;  
Her teeth with ivory compare,  
And her breath with the clover perfume.  
If you want a companion for life,  
To comfort, enliven and bless,  
She's just the right sort for a wife,  
My girl with the calico dress.

## COLIN CLOUT.

At 18 Alicia Grand had consented to become Alicia Little. She had yielded to the earnest entreaties of Mr. Little, but she always declared herself ill-matched, and pronounced it impossible to be happy with a man who was not famous. As the years advanced, Mr. Little felt that, in wooing Miss Grand, so strenuously that she had been compelled to yield, he had performed an action of peculiar baseness, only to be overlooked at all by the fact of its having been committed in the almost juvenile days of his 22d year.

"But perhaps I shall be famous yet," he said, sometimes.

"No, no," replied Alicia, sadly. "It is too unlikely. You would go into Parliament, and there is nothing else you can do."

"But I have no taste for Parliament," said Mr. Little. "If I am to be famous it must be as a poet. You know one could not expect everyone to be like your favorite—Colin Clout."

"Oh, don't name Colin Clout," cried the wife, raising her hands in entreaty. "Your lips seem to profane his existence. Colin Clout is a splendid poet. He will soon be the poet of the time. You can't understand his poetry, and you should not speak of him. With me it is different. I have been a poetess from my birth."

Alicia had indeed written some very fine poems, of great length and in blank verse; but their success had not been very great, and publishers, though polite, had been unappreciative.

But she was wont to send copies of her poems to six unknown friends, three poets and three poetesses, whose acquaintance she had formed through the perusal of their verses in papers and magazines, and with whom she corresponded diligently, notwithstanding that the names of some of them were even less poetic and euphonious than her own.

She had been married several years when Colin Clout, the poet whose fame waxed greater with every line he wrote, published a volume bearing the somewhat curious title of "His Poems." But its contents were incomparable. The book was in every one's hand, it was the theme of every tongue. Alicia purchased it and learned much of it by heart, keeping it carefully from her husband.

"I could not bear to have you touch it, my dear," she said, putting it behind her back.

"Why not?" he asked.

"How often have I told you that you had no soul, no ideas," said Alicia. "You, who can sit scribbling on the back of an envelope, amid a chattering crowd, cannot conceive the creative moment, when the poet, wrapped in solitude, forces words to express his thoughts."

"No, I cannot," said Mr. Little, frankly.

"Then what would be the good of my allowing you to read 'His Poems'?" said Alicia.

"At least you might read them to me," he urged. Whereupon Alicia consented so far as to read aloud the opening dedication to the poet's wife.

"Matchless!" she murmured as she closed the book.

"Spoilt by that comma at the end of the third line," remarked Mr. Little. "It should have been a semi-colon. I don't think very much of Colin Clout, if this is all he can do."

Alicia hardly deigned a reply. A slight shiver ran through her frame. Undoubtedly if her husband assumed the position of a poetical critic her only refuge was in silence. She took up her pen and began to write.

"I have invited my friends here on Sunday," she observed, coldly. "We have never met, but it so happens that we are all in town now, and we mean to unite in offering congratulation and homage to Colin Clout on the appearance of 'His Poems.'"

"What!" exclaimed Mr. Little. "You are going to have the Bidges and Butchers, and all the rest of them, here?"

"Yes," said Alicia, reddening faintly. "But we have all taken *nomade plumes*, to prevent the cruel necessity of speaking each other's names, which are mostly so barbarous. My poetess friends are no longer Miss Butcher, Miss Flint and Mrs. Buzzard, but Clarinda, Daphne and Sappho; while Mr. Budge, Mr. Salmon and Mr. Lushington have become Narcissus, Florimel and Eugenius."

"And what are you, dearest?" asked Mr. Little, with great interest.

"They are good enough to call me Thalia," she said, modestly. She resumed her pen, but after dipping it into the ink several times, she still wrote nothing.

"What are you doing?" asked her husband. "Could I help you?"

Alicia started. "No, indeed," she said. "I am writing a few appropriate lines to celebrate our first meeting; but, though I do sadly want a rhyme, it is of no use your offering assistance. Poets, my poor husband, are born, not made."

But when Sunday arrived Alicia's sonnet of inauguration was ready, and she herself seated in state to receive her guests.

"Ah!" she was thinking, fixing her bright expectant eyes on the door. "Now I shall have an hour of really delightful converse. It thrills my soul to think of the poetic minds with whom I shall soon be in actual contact."

Sappho, in the person of Mrs. Buzzard, was the first to arrive. She was a tall, gaunt woman, with blue spectacles and a dusty dress, and an air of timidity, as if the man who had given her the right to sign her name Buzzard was accustomed to exercise certain rights of his own with a too untangible reserve.

"My dear Thalia," she said, in a low, hurried voice, "the pleasure of the meeting is beyond the expression of words. I have brought a little poem to express my appreciation of your uncommon talents, and the uncommon talents of our brothers and sisters. But I will reserve it. I see I come like the dawn in summer, almost too soon."

"Never too soon, dear Sappho," murmured Alicia.

"There is one thing I should like to say before the others come," said Sappho, hastily, and nervously looking over her shoulder from time to time, as if she saw the form of Mr. Buzzard in some remote corner. "The cherished companion of your walk through life's shade and sunshine—does he approve?"

The opportune arrival of Mr. Budge at this moment saved Alicia the necessity of a reply, and she had scarcely welcomed, and introduced him to Sappho, when Mr. Lushington appeared; and was immediately followed by the entrance of Miss Butcher, Miss Flint and Mr. Salmon.

"We have two pleasures before us," said Alicia, smiling round her. "First, to testify our unspeakable admiration of Colin Clout, and then to delight in the poems which we have, each one, produced for this occasion. Mr. Salmon—Florimel—I beg you to be seated."

For Florimel, apparently the stoutest of the group, remained standing.

"My good madam," he said, huskily, and with some irritation, "I am 70! You can't expect seventy years to repose themselves upon low chairs and divans—like these!"

Eugenius, whose appearance was characterized by an extreme pallor and fragility, looked disgusted. Clarinda and Daphne, who were friends, and had come together, leaned back their chairs with gestures of abhorrence.

"Mr. Budge, pray ring the bell," said Alicia. "A more convenient chair shall be brought. I am sorry, Mr. Salmon, but—"

"You did not think I was so antique and unwieldy," said the old gentleman, crossly. "People never do think. I beg you, madam, to tell me how I could have furnished the 'Poet's Corner' for the *Conversationalist* for the last fifty years, if I were not 70?"

"We were not aware you had done so," said Miss Butcher.

But a chair suitable to the needs of emboisement being now procured, a degree of harmony fell upon the scene, and the poets and poetesses looked expectantly at Alicia.

"If Thalia would unlock her lips," suggested Mr. Lushington, theatrically. "We are met together, dear poet friends," began Alicia, "to congratulate ourselves, the world and the author, upon the appearance of a volume of poems of unsurpassed beauty, by Colin Clout."

"Unsurpassed as yet," corrected Miss Butcher. "I know of but one work to supersede it, and that is, 'The Remains of Daphne,' as yet unpublished, but to be committed to the press by me, after the death of my friend, Miss Flint."

"After my death," said Miss Flint, who looked many years younger than Miss Butcher.

"Madam," said Mr. Salmon, with sarcasm, "may you live a thousand years!"

"Narcissus," interrupted Alicia, quickly and turning to that personage, a sad-looking gentleman of about 40, whose ill-fitting clothes and haggard appearance seemed to bespeak poverty, or a strange caprice; "Narcissus, you have hardly spoken. Do you not think we may consider 'His Poems' an unsurpassed work, and congratulate Colin Clout accordingly?"

Thus addressed, Mr. Budge glanced nervously at the four ladies, and then said, "Yes, yes! Anything you like, Thalia! anything!—pray do so!—yes, yes!"

"What rhymes with surpass, ladies and gentlemen?" threw in Florimel, at this juncture.

Alicia and Eugenius smiled. Thus encouraged, Sappho smiled too. Florimel laughed aloud.

"If Thalia is going to encourage such coarse frivolity," exclaimed Clarinda, "Daphne and I must take our leave."

"No, no," cried Alicia. "Pray don't be vexed, Clarinda. I am sure Florimel meant nothing."

"Less rhymes with surpass, as well as as," observed Sappho, timidly.

Those who had laughed before laughed again; those who had frowned before frowned now. Sappho was painfully conscious of having made matters worse by her unfortunate remark.

"The business in hand," continued Alicia, "is to offer congratulations to Colin Clout on his unsurpassed work—"

"Thalia!" said Eugenius, "most deferentially, but with absolute firmness, I beg to say that if the word unsurpassed be adhered to, I must sorrowfully decline to affix my signature to the memorial."

"But what can we say instead?" asked Alicia, vexed but preserving her good humor.

"Keep to unsurpassed, by all means," said Florimel. "I shall not sign it if it be altered. As to Eugenius, the poem he refers to as surpassing Colin Clout is his own sheepish pastoral, which the

*Weekly Idyllio* has been weak enough to publish."

Alicia knew not what to do. But, after a momentary pause, a bright idea struck her.

"Perhaps we had better read our poems first," she said. "We can sign the memorial presently. Clarinda, may I call upon you to begin?"

Clarinda acquiesced and proceeded in blank verse to describe a storm, then a calm, in language equally well chosen.

The reading had continued for about a quarter of an hour—for the poem was long—when a sudden deep and sonorous sound disturbed the tranquillity of the little party. Sappho looked apprehensively at Florimel, and put her finger to her lips.

"Oh! pray don't wake him!" she murmured. "Pray do not rouse him from his rosy dreams."

"He snores," pronounced Eugenius. "He is asleep, you know," said Narcissus, with a feeble desire to make things clear.

Clarinda folded up her manuscript with much parade. "Intolerable coarseness," she ejaculated.

"Why should the reading stop?" asked Alicia, rather anxiously. "If Florimel does not care to listen, it is his loss alone."

But the steadfast Clarinda shook her head. An unpardonable affront had been offered to her. "I read no more," she said.

Alicia begged the others to proceed, and this they did in turn, but the sleeping form of Florimel and the icy demeanor of the two outraged ladies seemed to lie like wet blankets on the little assembly. Sappho read first. Clarinda and Daphne listened to the simple doggerel with an almost audible scorn. Alicia herself was glad that the piece possessed, at least, the merit of brevity.

"Thank you," she exclaimed, cheerfully. "Those are very pretty lines, dear Sappho. Daphne, may we now call upon you?" But Daphne would not read.

"She cannot read while that monster sleeps," announced Clarinda. Half-amused, half-disgusted, Alicia begged the gentlemen to bring forward their productions, whereupon Eugenius, standing, and with much oratorical effect, recited a poem which he had entitled "The Murderer," and which was very terrible, and greatly resembled "Engene Aram." As no one remarked upon this, however, Eugenius reseated himself, with satisfaction.

Narcissus's poem was called "Place aux Dames," and opened by asserting that—

Ladies are like radiant roses,  
Men are groveling worms—  
whereat Sappho shivered visibly, and seemed to imply that, whatever women might be in brighter spheres, she had never discovered anything groveling or worm-like in the men she knew best, and notably not in the one whose name she bore.

"Thank you, Narcissus," said Alicia. "You are very chivalrous. I suppose," she added, "there is no good in waiting for Florimel."

"Oh no! let us not intrude on the realms of his balmy slumbers," said Sappho.

"Will not the honeyed lip of Thalia read her own poem to us?" insinuated Eugenius.

Acquiescing Alicia opened the portfolio in which she had left her sonnet. But it was gone, and in its place lay an unpretending sheet of note paper, on which she knew no verse of hers had ever been transcribed. Nevertheless a sonnet was there, and it was signed by the name of Colin Clout.

"Something very strange has happened," cried Alicia. "I cannot account for it or explain it, but it is most extraordinary. I placed a sonnet of my own in this portfolio this morning; it has been spirited away, and lo! a sonnet of Colin Clout's has replaced it!"

"I imagine that Colin Clout is an acquaintance of Thalia's," observed Clarinda frigidly. "Probably the explanation is in that fact."

"I do not know him. I have never seen him. I do not even know his real name," cried Alicia. "Loath as I am to admit the possibility of miracles, I own I regard this occurrence with superstition. But the sonnet, however it came here, is unsurpassed. Let me read it."

She began to read hastily, lest Eugenius should again quarrel with the adjective she had adopted; but all were spell-bound, for the sonnet was one of incomparable beauty; and so graceful was the tribute which Colin Clout there-in paid to the poet souls at the moment assembled that even Clarinda and Daphne murmured applause. The little burst of enthusiasm awakened Florimel, who sat up with a start and asked what time it was.

Sappho hastened to explain what happened, and then Alicia, at the instance of Florimel, read the sonnet again.

"Beautiful! beautiful!" said Florimel, with a sigh. "My own chorus would not be supportable after it."

"But do read it," said Alicia, gently. "No; it would be too humiliating," said Florimel. "We must sink when Colin Clout is present."

"I feel it," said Alicia, fervently. She rang for tea, and the poets began to talk in groups.

"Thalia," said Eugenius, coming forward, "I am quite willing to sign the memorial now. After hearing that sonnet, I admit that Colin Clout is an unsurpassed poet. I have written nothing to compare with it."

"I imagine not," said Florimel, dryly. "Narcissus will sign also," said Eugenius.

"Yes, yes," stammered Narcissus; "if the ladies do so, I'll do it."

"I sign, of course," said Alicia, in a clear voice; "and Sappho will sign too, I am sure; and, dear Clarinda, you and Daphne?"

The three ladies advanced.

"Until the 'Remains' I mentioned before are published," said Clarinda. "I consider Colin Clout's poems to be unsurpassed. After that publication, things will wear a different aspect; but at this hour I sign without reluctance."

"Then we are all agreed," said Alicia. And the real business of the meeting was concluded.

When the guests had departed, Mr. Little ventured into the drawing-room, where he found his wife looking flushed and fatigued.

"I am afraid you are very tired, my darling," he said, taking her hand. "But I hope you have enjoyed your friends. Tell me how you got on."

"Well, they all agreed to sign the memorial at last," said Alicia, somewhat dejectedly. "But they disappointed me. Their conversation was not a bit more poetical than—than yours, and their behavior was less so; for you are always agreeable and polite, and they were either rude or awkward."

Mr. Little smiled. "You must expect eccentricities from born poets," he remarked.

"Nonsense, my dear," cried Alicia. "They are no more born poets than you are. As for me, I am never going to write a line again—never!"

"Well, was the sonnet of inauguration appreciated?" asked Mr. Little.

"That is a great mystery," said Alicia, in a low voice. "My poem has vanished, and in its stead I found the most exquisite sonnet of Colin Clout's. How could it have got into my portfolio?"

"I put it there, dear one."

"You?"

"Yes," said Mr. Little. "I know Colin Clout very well, and I got him to write a sonnet, on purpose to please you. You had better give me the memorial to make over to him."

"What!" cried Alicia, at last finding words. "You know Colin Clout? Why have you never told me so before, O most unpoetical husband? Why, why have you never introduced him to me?"

"Because he is not the sort of a man you like."

"How do you know?" she asked impatiently.

"He is very like me, dearest."

"Impossible!"

"Indeed, it is true. We are as like as twin brothers."

"I cannot believe it," said Alicia, emphatically. "But, my darling, listen to me. I have often been on the point of telling you before, but something has always stayed me. I know not whether poets are born or made, but I have written poetry all my life, and now I am proud to tell my wife that her husband is famous, for—he is Colin Clout!"

And the poet kissed away the penitent tears that started into Alicia's eyes, and the penitent words that rose to her lips.

## AN UNUSUAL FUREUR.

A Recent Excitement Investigated by the Herald and the Results Made Public.

[From the Cleveland (Ohio) Herald.]

A few weeks ago we copied into our columns from the Rochester (N. Y.) *Democrat* and *Chronicle* "A Remarkable Statement," made by J. B. Henion, M. D., a gentleman who is well known in this city. In that article Dr. Henion recounted a wonderful experience which befell him, and a few days thereafter we published from the same paper a second article, giving an account of the "Excitement in Rochester," caused by Dr. Henion's statement. In the first article Dr. Henion stated that for a number of years, up to last June, he had been afflicted with what seemed at first a most mysterious trouble. He felt unaccountably tired at frequent intervals; he had dull and indefinite pains in various parts of his body and head, and was very hungry one day and entirely without appetite the next. However, as a physician he thought, and so did his fellow-physicians, that he was suffering from malaria.

But yet he grew worse, and was finally obliged to give up a large and lucrative practice. Still he was not conscious of his danger, nor that a monstrous disease was becoming fixed upon him, although all his organs had become gradually weakened. The symptoms above described continued, accompanied by others of an aggravated nature, and he noticed a peculiar color and odor about the fluids he was passing; that they were abundant one day and very scanty the next, and were covered with froth or filled with brick-dust sediment. But even then he did not realize his real and alarming condition. At last, however, he was brought face to face with the fact that he was a victim of a most terrible disease, and he made heroic efforts for recovery. He traveled extensively and consulted the best physicians, but they could give him only temporary relief, and that principally in the form of morphine. And so he grew steadily and constantly worse until his life became a torture. His pulse was uncontrollable. He lived wholly by injections, and for six days and nights he had the hiccoughs constantly, which are considered the sure indications of coming death.

When hope and life were nearly exhausted his pastor, the Rev. Dr. Foote, rector of St. Paul's Church, strongly urged him to try a means which the reverend gentleman had seen used with remarkable results. He objected at first, but finally consented, and was conscious of an improved condition the first week. His pains gradually disappeared; his stomach resumed digestion; his heart became regular; his headaches disappeared; he had no more chills and fever, or acidity of the stomach; he gained twenty-six pounds in three months, and is a well man to-day, being entirely cured of a most pronounced case of Bright's disease.

Although conscious of the consequences from his professional brethren, still as a duty to his fellow-men, and according to a vow he made on what he thought was his dying bed, he published a card detailing his illness and remarkable cure. "Since my recovery," he says, "I have thoroughly reinvestigated the subject of kidney difficulties and Bright's disease, and I believe more than one-half the deaths which occur in America are caused by Bright's disease of the kidneys. It has no distinctive symptoms of its own (indeed it often develops without any pain whatever in the kidneys or their vicinity), but has the symptoms of every other known complaint. Hundreds of people die daily whose burials are authorized by a physician's certificate of 'Heart Disease,' 'Apoplexy,' 'Paralysis,' 'Spinal Complaint,' 'Rheumatism,' 'Pneumonia' and other common complaints, when in reality it was Bright's disease of the kidneys. Few physicians, and fewer people, realize the extent of this disease or its dangerous and insidious nature. It steals into the system like a thief, manifests its presence by the commonest symptoms, and fastens itself upon the life before the victim is aware. It is nearly as hereditary as consumption, quite as

common and fully as fatal. Entire families, inheriting it from their ancestors, have died, and yet none of the number knew or realized the mysterious power which was removing them. Instead of common symptoms it often shows none whatever, but brings death suddenly and as such is usually supposed to be heart disease."

The second article, entitled "Excitement in Rochester," was made up of interviews with Dr. Henion himself, who confirmed all said in his card, and also with Mr. H. H. Warner. The latter gentleman did not regard Dr. Henion's case as particularly exceptional, because he had known of very many such cures by the same means in all parts of the land. Kidney diseases, he said, are carrying off tens of thousands every year, while Bright's disease is increasing 250 per cent. a decade, and yet the people do not realize it or seek to check it until too late. He related how a New Orleans medical professor, lecturing on this disease, thinking to show his class what healthy fluids were, subjected some of his own to a chemical test, and, although he had no suspicion of it before, discovered that he, too, had the dreaded disease, which proved fatal in less than a year. There was also an interview with the celebrated chemist of the New York State Board of Health, Dr. S. A. Lattimore, who said he had analyzed the remedy which cured Dr. Henion, and found that it was "entirely free from any poisonous or deleterious substances."

We have made these condensations in order that all the material facts may be set before our readers. Since the publication of these two articles, having been besieged with letters of inquiry, we sent a communication to Dr. Henion and also one to H. H. Warner & Co., asking if any additional proof could be given us as to the validity of the statements published. In answer thereto we have received the following letters, which add interest to the entire subject and wholly verify every statement hitherto made:

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 2, 1882.

GENTLEMEN: Your favor is received. The published statement, over my signature, to which you refer is true in every respect, and I owe my life and present health wholly to the power of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. It is not surprising that people should question the statement I made, for my recovery was as great a marvel to myself as to my physicians and friends.

J. B. HENION, M. D.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 31, 1882.

Sirs: Acknowledging your favor duly received, we would say: The best proof we can give you that the statements made by Dr. Henion are entirely true, and would not have been published unless strictly so, is the following testimonial from the best citizens of Rochester, and a card published by Rev. Dr. Foote, which you are at liberty to use if you wish.

H. H. WARNER & CO.

To Whom it may Concern:

In the Rochester (N. Y.) *Democrat* and *Chronicle* of Dec. 31, 1881, there appeared a statement in the form of a card from Dr. J. B. Henion, of this city, recounting his remarkable recovery from Bright's disease of the kidneys, after several doctors of prominence had given him up, by the use of a preparation manufactured in this city and known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

We are personally or by reputation acquainted with Dr. Henion, and we believe he would publish no statement not literally true. We are also personally or by reputation well acquainted with H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of this remedy, whose commercial and personal standing in this community is of the highest order, and we believe that they would not publish any statements which were not literally and strictly true in every particular.

C. R. PARSONS, Mayor of Rochester.  
WM. PURCELL, Editor *Union and Advertiser*.  
W. D. SUGRAT, Surrogate Monroe county.  
EDWARD A. FROST, Clerk Monroe county.  
E. B. FENNER, District Attorney Monroe co.  
DANIEL T. HUNT, Postmaster, Rochester.  
J. M. DAVY, Ex-Member Congress, Rochester.  
JOHN S. MORGAN, Special Co. Judge, Monroe co.

HIRAM SIBLEY, Capitalist and Seedman.  
W. C. ROWLEY, County Judge, Monroe county.  
JOHN VAN VOORHIS, Member of Congress.  
CHARLES E. FITCH, Editor *Democrat* and *Chronicle* and Regent of the University.

To the Editor of the Living Church, Chicago, Ill:

Will you allow the following card, personal to myself, to appear in your widely-circulated paper?

There was published in the Rochester *Democrat* and *Chronicle* of the 31st of Dec. last a statement made by J. B. Henion, M. D., narrating how he had been cured of Bright's disease of the kidneys, almost in its last stages, by the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I was referred to in that statement, as having recommended and urged Dr. Henion to try the remedy, which he did, and was cured.

Now, the republishing of his statement in many of the leading journals of the day has been the cause of an incessant flow of letters to me making many inquiries, but chiefly whether the statement is true or a mere advertising dodge, etc., etc.

I beg, therefore, to anticipate any further inquiries, and save time and labor and some postage, by saying that the statement of Dr. Henion is true, so far as it concerns myself, and I believe it to be true in all other respects. He is a parishioner of mine, and I visited him in his sickness. I urged him to take the medicine, and would do the same again to any one who was troubled with a disease of the kidneys and liver.

ISRAEL FOOTE (D. D.),  
Rector of St. Paul's Church.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1882.

## Entertaining Company.

I pray you, oh excellent wife, not to cumber yourself and me to get a rich dinner for this man or this woman who has alighted at our gate, nor a bed-chamber made ready at too great a cost. These things, if they are curious in, they can get for a dollar at the village. But let this stranger see if he will, in your looks, in your accent and behavior, your heart and earnestness, your thought and will, what he can not buy at any price, at any village or city, and which he may well travel fifty miles, and dine sparingly, and sleep hard, in order to behold. Certainly let the board be spread and the bed be dressed for the traveler, but let not the emphasis of hospitality be in these things. Honor to the house where they are simple to the verge of hardship, so that the intellect is awake and sees the laws of the universe, the soul worship truth and love, honor and courtesy flow into all deeds. —R. W. Emerson.

INSPIRATIONAL pugilism: When Middleton's boy was led out into the woodshed to receive parental discipline for punching the head of a neighbor's son, the old gentleman anticipated the regular proceedings of the meeting by the remark: "You've been licked for this sort of thing before and know what to expect." "Yes," whimpered the culprit. "I know I did wrong, but I couldn't help it. I had an inspiration." So had the father, and he fulfilled it with a trunk strap.

THE present is the living sum total of the whole past.—*Carlyle*.

## "COOL" BURGESS.

The Man of Many Laughs.

A SAINTLY STUMP SPEECH BY A SAINTLY SINNER.

[From the Chicago Times.]

The name of the gentleman heading this article needs no introductory remarks from the writer. Everybody knows who "Cool" Burgess is, and what he is; everybody who is anybody has seen and laughed at his grotesque performances, and enjoyed them in such a manner as to never forget them. "Cool's" laugh is contagious and hilarious, and like the cut of his unmentionables, is unlike anything of the kind on or off the boards. His oratorical powers are certainly unequalled, and as he says himself without egotism, he "don't believe that my Lord Roscoe, with all his boasted powers as an orator, could deliver my stump speech as I do." We coincide in the opinion ourselves.

Mr. Burgess tells a heap of truth under the guise of burlesque in his roaring and amusing stump speech. His hit at the navy is a pretty good thing; when he straightens himself up and seriously says that "we have as much water as ever," and then "but where, oh! where are our ships?" the laugh that follows is a pretty good indication the point is well taken. Nor is it with water alone that Mr. Burgess deals in his oratory; that gentleman tells some remarkable truths about oil—one Oil in particular, and that is St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy for rheumatism. We doubt if he receives a more hearty laugh at any time during his performance, and he receives many such—than when he tells every one to use St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy. Mr. Burgess very earnestly recommends it as the great panacea, and to show his esteem of the Oil produces a bottle from the capacious pocket of his ulster to show that he knows what he is talking about.

This part of Mr. Burgess' performance struck the writer as very laughable, and he called on Mr. Burgess to know how he came to introduce the Oil in his speech. In reply to his interrogatories Mr. Burgess said:

"I look upon the stage, my dear sir, as a means of educating the people, and human nature is such that truth told in the guise of humor will be remembered longer than the plain unvarnished article. Every word I say regarding the wonderful merits of St. Jacobs Oil I mean. I am the greatest admirer of that wonderful medicine there is in the profession, and there is not an actor in the country who will not speak in praise of the Great German Remedy. The bottle which is produced by me on the stage is no 'prop bottle,' but a genuine article, as I never travel without St. Jacobs Oil. It cured me of the rheumatism when I was so bad with that aggravating disease as to have to give up my business. It cured me permanently, too, and I am so thankful for being cured that I praise it continually. It cured my wife, also, of the same disease, and I know a score of performers who have been cured by it. In fact, no performer of good sense travels without that medicine. You know rheumatism is their especial dread; sooner or later it comes to them all, owing to their mode of living and traveling."

## A Singular Ghost Story.

Previous to Nov. 7, 1889, I always laughed at the bare idea of ghosts. I was staying in Brighton on the day mentioned, with some friends who were about to proceed abroad. Two ladies, my cousin and myself, went out to dine at Kempthorn. It being a most charming moonlight night, I told my friends I should prefer walking home to Brunswick square (the other end of the town). I accordingly proceeded on the seashore of the esplanade. When just opposite the Bedford hotel, a carriage and pair drew up alongside the rails, with two men on the box and an elderly lady inside.

I was greatly startled, as the wheels made no noise; but at once I took half a dozen steps forward to see what it meant, when I distinctly recognized my grandmother as the occupant, whom I had left perfectly well at Cheltenham a few days before; also her coachman and footman on the box. I at once vaulted over the rails opposite the carriage. At the same moment it struck me as most out of the way that an old lady of eighty-three should bring all her belongings from Cheltenham to Brighton, without informing her relations of the move. As I touched the ground I made one step forward to greet her, when to my horror the whole thing vanished.

When I recovered myself I went straight home, and told the whole circumstances of the case. Of course every one laughed at me, and told me that it was fortunate that there were witnesses who could speak to my perfect sobriety. I was very much put out, and hardly slept all night. Early next morning we received a telegram that my poor old grandmother had been found dead in her bed at 7:30 that morning.

## "BEST OF ALL."

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—My family has used your "Favorite Prescription," and it has done all that is claimed for it. It is the best of all preparations for female complaint. I recommend it to all my customers. G. S. WATERMAN, Druggist, Baltimore, Md.

## The Shoulder Act.

"And do you really love me, Lillian?" he asked in eager tones.

For answer, the little head dropped on his shoulder. He raised it gently and looked into the pure, sweet face uplifted to him. "Have I won you, angel?" he murmured in low, earnest tones.

"I should twitter," was the girl's reply, and again her head sought his shoulder.—New York Sun.

"GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY" for all scrofulous and virulent blood poisons is specific. By druggists.

## Room for Millions.

Germany now claims 45,000,000 inhabitants. In area it covers 204,719 square miles. The State of Texas has 274,356 square miles, so that to put the whole German empire on its surface, mile for mile, with its 45,000,000 of people, there would still be territory enough left to make three countries larger than Portugal, Switzerland and Denmark combined. With the outlook of this one State for the future homes of Europe's surplus millions, to say nothing

of our other great States and Territories which at present are sparsely populated, there is not much danger of overmigration for centuries to come.—Springfield Republican.

## THE BILIOUS.

dyspeptic or constipated should address, with two stamps and history of case, for pamphlet, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

## Practical Husband Hunting.

It is related of a Connecticut woman, whose husband died a short time ago, that instead of mourning and languishing about until some one asked her to marry again, she plainly announced that she wanted a new husband, and she named the price that she was ready to pay for a satisfactory article. Of course there were plenty of applicants, and at least one of them met the widow's views, for there was a wedding that very day.

There is nothing romantic about this sort of match-making, but, on the other hand, there is no nonsense about it. Instead of listening to a story so tender and ardent that she could not have the heart to question the suitor's fitness for the place to which he aspired, the widow adopted a method that enabled her to talk sense before marriage, and learn what promise there would be of a sentiment afterward. She did not consume a number of the best years of her life in wishing that one or another man would propose, but she ascertained, like a sensible woman, who was really in the market, and made her choice from those that were available. Sentimentalists may sneeringly say that the man married for money, but will they mention any other man who failed to do likewise when he had a chance? The widow and her new husband began life with a distinct understanding and without having had any lovers' quarrels; let sentimental couples show a better beginning if they can.—New York Herald.

## A Well-Known Wit's Indorsement.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 30, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: Sirs—For several years I have been a sufferer from kidney disease, and never knew what it was to be free from pain until I used your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

C. H. HARRIS, "Carl Pretzel."

## Perfectly Frank in a Friendly Way.

[Boston Post.]

A West End husband and wife agreed to sit down and have a quiet chat. Each agreed that people were blind to their own faults, so they made an agreement that each would be perfectly frank and in a friendly way tell the other his or her faults, so that they could help each other to correct those faults, and approach perfection. It was their duty to help each other to attain that state. So they began, and in less than ten minutes the neighbors began to take an interest in the transaction, and stood around and cheered to see the husband come flying down the front steps, hatless, with his coat torn, his hair disheveled, and he making desperate efforts to keep out of the way of a pair of tongs in his wife's hands. It always works just that way.

A FORTUNE awaits Dr. C. R. Sykes, of 169 Madison street, Chicago, if he was not so utterly opposed to advertising his "Sure Cure for Catarrh" and "Atmospheric Insufflator," but he says they need no advertising.

Among the plans proposed to the British Balloon Society is that of a balloon to be kept under control by means of compressed gas. The gas would be stored in a suitable tank under pressure, and the balloon would be reduced in size or enlarged at pleasure by admitting or withdrawing gas—which might be effected by simply turning a crank. The balloon would of course fall when reduced in size and rise as it became expanded, so that ballast and waste of gas would be rendered unnecessary. Improvement in another direction is still sought by aeronauts who are striving to travel considerable distances in predetermined courses. Little success has attended these efforts.

"Isn't this 'er postoffice?" inquired Cauliflower, slightly disfigured after nineteen rounds of sour mash. "No, this is a butcher shop," replied the sarcastic mailing clerk, licking a faded official stamp. "Sho! ish that so? Well, give me a tender line for my muzzel."—Quincy Modern Argo.

BEECHER contends that he could cure the most rabid Socialist in five minutes by giving him \$500,000. Henry, we are a rabid Socialist, by inspiration, and if you can guarantee a cure on one application you can send on your medicine.

HEADACHE, bilious attacks, dizziness, and loss of appetite, are cured by Kidney-Wort.

## A Watery Cow.

The following short history of the trials and tribulations of a milkman accused of watering his milk, will interest the general reader, as proving that in all cases the vender is not alone to blame for thin milk. The man in question had a cow that was quite peculiar in that she gave very poor milk. Upon testing the cow's milk was declared to be watered, and the unhappy peddler was fined. But, like a brave fellow, he fought the matter, and appealed the case to a higher court. A competent chemist analyzed the milk taken in his presence directly from the cow, and proved it to be abnormally rich—in water. The man proved his innocence and escaped unmerited punishment. What afterwards became of the peddler is not positively known, but it is currently reported that, presuming on the force of his acquittal, he purchased a second pump, and has industriously aided his remarkable cow in supplying his customers with transparent milk.

NOW THEY speak of Crude Petroleum as a remedy for Consumption; better not try it, but take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup—the standard Cough Remedy of our age. It is agreeable to the taste, never fails to cure, and costs only 25 cents a bottle.

## Not the Way to Do.

In localities where the extraordinary merit of Dr. Guyot's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla becomes known, it leads the sale of all other remedies, and although, in some instances, certain druggists have been known to recommend some other remedy as a blood purifier or strengthening tonic, by the sale of which they make greater profit, nevertheless it is a fact that intelligent persons will not be thus persuaded, but will insist on the druggists procuring Dr. Guyot's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, as it far exceeds all medicines as a blood purifier, strengthening tonic, liver and bowel regulator and kidney cure. A trial will prove its merit as a general health renewer. Its principal ingredients are Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Juniper, Iron, Buchu, Celery and Calaisa bark, and it acts on the blood, liver, bowels, kidneys and nervous system at one and the same time, rebuilding a broken-down constitution as if by magic. Try one bottle.

## Thunder—Churning.

The thunder which accompanies the lightning, writes one authority, as well as the snap attending the electric spark, has not yet been satisfactorily accounted for. Both, no doubt, arise from a commotion of the air brought about by the passage of electricity, but it is difficult to understand how it takes place. Even if this difficulty were cleared, there still remains the long rolling of the thunder, and its strange rising and falling to account for; the echoes sent between the clouds and the earth, or between objects on the earth's surface, may explain this to some extent, but not fully.

The principle involved in churning is the thorough agitation of the contents of the churn so as to cause the rupture of the minute fat globules present in the milk, and the incorporation or kneading of these ruptured fat globules into larger or smaller masses of butter. It is held by some authorities that the temperature of the milk in summer should not exceed 62 degrees; and in very hot weather may be under 60; while during cold weather, the milk should be about 2 degrees higher when churning.

MR. GEORGE M. WHITING, Middletown, Ohio, writes: "I was an invalid many years, suffering from general debility, nervous prostration, blood impurities, dyspepsia, painful urination, weak lungs, catarrh of the bladder and extreme physical weakness. Dr. Guyot's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla has brought me out, and made me a sound, healthful, vigorous man. I can never say enough for this wonderful strength and health restoring medicine."

## Five Figure Checks.

Did you ever notice that a woman might be as homely as a home-made saw-buck, and a man be as ungainly as if he had been cut out of a knotty log with a cross-cut saw, and yet if they were enabled to sign five-figure checks, the society reporter would speak of the one as the "charming Mrs. Millionaire," and of the other as the "genial elegant Mr. Shoddy."

## On Thirty Days' Trial.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electro Appliances on trial for thirty days to any person afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing complete restoration of vigor and manhood. Address as above without delay.

N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

## One Dose Sufficient.

COLEVILLE, Pa., Dec. 16, 1881.

The only cough remedy used in my family is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Several times in my own experience a bad cough has been cured by one dose before going to bed at night.

M. A. ATHERLY.

## "Rough on Rats."

The thing desired found at last. Ask druggists for Rough on Rats. It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs, 15c. boxes.

## For Brick and Tile Machinery.

Address JAMES F. CLARK, Morenci, Mich.

EVERY HOME should contain Eiler's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry. This celebrated remedy will surely cure Colds, Coughs, Croup, Catarrh, Consumption and all Bronchial complaints. Common Colds neglected, are the cause of one-half the deaths. Don't wait for sickness to come, but this day take home a bottle of Eiler's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry, for it may save the life of a loved one, whose delay would be death. Sold by all Druggists.

PURE COD-LIVER OIL, from selected livers, on the seashore, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., N. Y. Absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians declare it superior to all other oils.

DEACON SMITH buys Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair restorer and restorer, and since its improvement, recommends it to all his friends as the perfection of all hair preparations. This shows that the Deacon is a wise man and knows what is what.

UNCLE SAM'S CONDITION POWDER prevents disease, purifies the blood, improves the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy coat of hair and keeps the animal in good condition. It cures Distemper, Coughs, Colds, Fevers and most of the diseases to which Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry are subject, and should be used by every one owning or having the care of stock. Sold by all Druggists.

THE man with the broadest smile is he who uses Fraser Axle Grease. Follow his example. Save your horses and be happy.

## RESCUED FROM DEATH.

William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: In the fall of 1876 I was taken with bleeding of the lungs, followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of Dr. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past. I write this hoping every one afflicted with diseased lungs will take Dr. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness.

**DR. BULL'S**  
**COUGH**  
**SYRUP**

## THE SCHOOL-BOY.

We bought him a box for his books and things, And a cricket bag for his bat; And he looked the brightest and best of kings, Under his new straw hat.

We handed him to the railway train With a troop of his young comrades, And we made as though it were dust and rain Were sliding our eyes with tears.

We looked in his innocent face to see The sign of a sorrowful heart; But he only shouldered his bat with a gleam And wondered when they would start.

'Twas not that he loved not as heretofore, For the boy was tender and kind; But his was a world that was all before And ours was a world behind.

'Twas not his fluttering heart was cold, For the child was loyal and true; And the parents love the love that is old, And the children the love that is new.

And we came to know that love is a flower Which only growth can down; And we sorely ached for the space of an hour As we drove back through the town.

## An Old Fire Arm.

A man in Springfield, Mass., claims one of the oldest shooting instruments in this country. It is of a quaint though quite ornamental make, having a carved handle and being silver mounted. The barrel is two inches long and of a very large caliber, so that when loaded it must have been full. The weapon had originally a flint lock, and the length of the gun is only five inches. It has been in this country over a hundred years, and is said to have been carried sixty years by one man in England. The present possessor has been urged to sell it many times, but keeps it as an heirloom and curiosity.

**WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF**  
**PURE COD LIVER**  
**OIL AND LIME.**

To Consumptives.—Many have been happy to give their testimony in favor of the use of "Wilbor's Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Lime." Experience has proved it to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Epilepsy, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists.

\$72 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUB & Co., Augusta, Me.

A BOOK on the proper treatment of the Throat and Lungs, by R. Hunter, M.D., 108 State St., Chicago, free.

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Me.

YOUNG MEN If you want to learn Telegraphy in a few months, and be certain of a situation, address VALENTINE BROS., Jacksonville, Fla.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

\$225 A MONTH—AGENTS WANTED—90 best selling articles in the world; 1 sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

FOR RELIABLE INFORMATION about Western farm lands, safe 8 percent first-mortgage loans, or sound municipal securities, write THOMAS H. PARSONS & Co., Worthington, Minn.

LAND CASES, WAR CLAIMS, PENSIONS and PATENTS. For prosecution before Congress or the Department, address W. C. LANGAN, Claim Agent, 816 F St., Washington, D. C.

**THRESHERS** The Best is the Common Sense. Illustrated prospectus free. THE AULMAN & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, O.

**EMPLOYMENT AT HOME** State which preferred; also amount wanted; permanent for services and expenses. Business honorable. Permanent and easily operated. Write us. SLOAN & CO., 304 George Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

**HIRES' IMPROVED ROOT BEER.** 25c. package makes 5 gallons of a delicious, wholesome, sparkling Temperance beverage. Ask your druggist, or sent by mail for 25c. C. E. HIRES, 48 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia.

**CONSUMPTION!**

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Mt. Pearl St., New York.

**NEW ORNAMENTAL TREES** FRUIT & SHRUBS, ROSES, 1882.

Besides the largest and most complete general stock of FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, ROSES, etc., in the U. S., we offer many Choice Novelties. New Abridged Catalogue mailed free to all who apply. Address E. L. WANGER & BARRY, Mount Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

**IOWA** Over Half Million Acres **LAND** For Sale by the Iowa R. R. Land Co. Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

**DIPHTHERIA!**

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives, sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. L. R. JOHNSON & Co., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Maine.

**AGENTS WANTED FOR THE PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD**

Embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a history of the rise and fall of the Greek and Roman Empires, the middle ages, the crusades, the feudal system, the reformation, the discovery and settlement of the New World, etc., etc. It contains 672 fine historical engravings, and is the most complete History of the World ever published. Send for specimen pages and terms to Agents. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

**DR. HARTER'S**  
**IRON TONIC**

MANUFACTURED BY THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., 212 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS.

## A Good Family Remedy.

STRICTLY PURE.

Harmless to the Most Delicate.

By its faithful use Consumption has been cured when other Remedies and Physicians have failed to effect a cure.

JEREMIAH WHITNEY, of Marion County, W. Va., writes us that his wife had PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, and was pronounced incurable by their physician, when he used of Allen's Lung Balsam ENTIRELY CURED HER. He writes that he and his neighbors think it is the best medicine in the world.

Wm. O. DUGGER, Merchant, of Bowling Green, Va., writes, April 15th, 1881, that he wants us to know that his wife, who was afflicted with PULMONARY CONSUMPTION after the physician had given her up as incurable. He says others knowing her case have taken the Balsam and been cured; he thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

Dr. MEREDITH, Dentist, of Cincinnati, was thought to be in the last stages of CONSUMPTION and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the female was shown him. "We have his letter that it cured him, and he says that he was able to resume his practice." Wm. A. GRAHAM & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Zanesville, Ohio, writes us of the cure of Mattie Freeman, a well-known citizen, who has been afflicted with PULMONARY CONSUMPTION in its worst form for twelve years. The Lung Balsam cured him, as it has many others, of BOWEN'S.

—AS ALSO—

## Consumption, Coughs, Colds,

Asthma, Croup,

All Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Pulmonary Organs.

C. S. MARTIN, Druggist, at Oakley, Ky., writes that the ladies think there is no remedy so good as Lung Balsam for COUGHS and WHOOPING COUGH.

Mother will find it a safe and sure remedy to give their children when afflicted with Croup.

It is harmless to the most delicate child!

It contains no Opium in any form!

Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact, by everybody who has given it a good trial. It Never Fails to Bring Relief.

As an EXPECTORANT it has No Equal.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

FREE TO F. A. M. Beautiful Colored Engraving, showing the Ancient Egyptian Mummies recently discovered in Egypt. Large new illustrated catalogue of Mummy boots and goods, with bottom prices also. Particulars of the highly profitable employment offered by F. A. M. Address: REDDING & CO., Mass.

## NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night for three weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible. Sold everywhere or sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.

USE NONE BUT THE BEST. THE GREAT FAMILY SOAP MAKER. THE ORIGINAL CONCENTRATED LYE. SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. PENNA. SALT MFG. CO. PHILA.

## "JUST LET ME SHOW YOU"

DR. FOOT'S HAND-BOOK OF HEALTH HINTS AND READY RECIPES.

Worth \$25. Cost 25c.

By the author of "PLAIN HOME TALK" AND "MARRIAGE COMMON SENSE."

128 PAGES of Advice about Daily Habits, and Recipes for Cure of Common Ailments; a valuable Book of Reference for every family. Only 25c. The Hand-book contains chapters on Hygiene for all seasons, Common Sense on Common Ills, Hygienic Dietetics, Knocks Worth Knowing, Hints on Bathing, on Nursing the Sick, on Emergencies, together with some of the Private Formulas of Dr. Foot, and other physicians of high repute, and for preparing food for invalids. 25c. AGENTS WANTED.

Murray Hill Book Publishing Co., 129 East 20th Street, New York City.

## The Best Field FOR EMIGRANTS.

AN IMMENSE AREA OF RAILROAD AND GOVERNMENT LANDS, OF GREAT FERTILITY, WITHIN EASY REACH OF PERMANENT MARKET, AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, is now offered for sale in EASTERN OREGON and EASTERN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

These lands form part of the great GRAIN BELT of the Pacific slope, and are within an average distance of 200 to 300 miles from Portland, where the great Columbia and its principal tributaries, renders possible a rapid increase in the value of the lands now open to purchase and pre-emption. There is every indication of an enormous movement of population to the Columbia River region in the immediate future.

LANDS SHOW AN AVERAGE YIELD OF 40 BUSHELS OF WHEAT PER ACRE. No Failure of Crops ever known.

RAILROAD LANDS offered at the uniform rate of \$2.50 an Acre.

CLIMATE MILD AND HEALTHY.

For pamphlet and maps, descriptive of country, its resources, climate, route of travel, rates and full information, address

A. L. STOKES, Gen'l Eastern Pass' Agent, 52 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

**TRUTH IS RIGHT.** The "original and best" hair restorer. Put HARTER'S Soft Spanish Soap and Whisk will sell for 30 cents with soap, brush, and comb. It will restore the hair to its original color, and keep it from falling out. It will prevent, with usage, time and place of shaving, and of marriage. Money returned on all bottles. Address: Prof. J. HARTER, 10 Mont St., Boston, Mass.

O. N. U. Pm. 71

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

A combination of Potassium of Iron, Peruvian Bark and Phosphorus in a palatable form. The only preparation of Iron that will not blacken the teeth, characteristic of other iron preparations.

GENTLEMEN: I have used DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC in my practice, and in an experience of twenty-five years in medicine, have never found anything to give the results that DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC does. In many cases of Nervous Prostration, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, and an impoverished condition of the blood, this peerless remedy, has in my hands, made some wonderful cures. Cases that have baffled some of our most eminent physicians, have yielded to this great and incomparable remedy. I prescribe it in preference to any iron preparation made. (In fact, such a compound as DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a necessity in my practice.) DR. ROBERT SAMUELS, 3104 Wash Avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO., NOV. 20th, 1881.

It gives color to the blood, natural healthy tone to the digestive organs and nervous system, making it applicable to General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Prostration of Vital Powers and Impotence.

**IRON TONIC**

This space is reserved for the Woman Christian Temperance Union.

## W. C. T. Union.

### Result of Prohibition.

The State of Maine has reduced all her taxes more than one-half by enacting and enforcing prohibition.

In the town of Eagle, Wyoming County, New York, the poor-master's bill was about \$3 for the year. It is a temperance town. In the same year, under the license system, the poor-master's bill for the town of Perrington, Monroe County, N. Y., very nearly the same size, was \$1,500.

In the province of Canterbury, England, there are upwards of one thousand parishes where there is neither public-house nor beer-shop, and these districts are remarkable for the well-being of the people. Secret drinking is not practiced, and crime is almost unknown.

There are 61½ square miles in Tyrone County, Ireland, which have been cleared of all public-houses. In this district there is immunity from crime, no secret drinking, and the policeman's office is a sinecure. Why should not these happy results sooner or later be experienced everywhere by means of prohibition?

Weedell Phillips, in a letter to the National Prohibitionist, says: "There certainly is not one tenth part of the drinking in Maine that there was before the law was enacted, and probably not one-twentieth as much. It would be safe to say not one man in five hundred in Maine can get at liquor. If this is not success, let any man show a greater success in the execution of any law in Christendom."

### True Merit Always Wins.

There is a constantly increasing demand for Brown's Iron Bitters. A druggist on Washington street reports the sale of 23 bottles the first month; 86 bottles the second month, and 146 bottles the third month; and not one complaint or failure to give entire satisfaction as being the very best health- and life giving medicine in all the world.

### Last Act of the Tragedy.

Guiteau is to be hanged. Such is the sentence of the Court. His trial was one of the most remarkable in criminal jurisprudence. Dr. Ridpath, whose "Life and Work of Garfield" is the standard biography of the murdered President, has added to this great production a graphic and comprehensive record of the trial of the assassin, fully illustrated, and these two books form a splendid volume of 800 pages in which the grandeur and glory of Garfield's life are strangely contrasted with the infamy of his murderer. Published by J. C. Chilton & Co., of Detroit, Mich. The "Life and Trial of Guiteau," is also issued in a separate volume, well-bound, and sold at a very moderate price.

We take pleasure in informing our readers that by enclosing a three-cent stamp to Foster, Milburn & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., they can secure, free, a set of their fine lithograph picture cards, which are an ornament to any household.

### A Heavy Swell.

Jacob H. Bloomer, of Virgille, N. Y., writes: "Your Thomas' Electric Oil cured a badly swelled neck and sore throat on my son in forty-eight hours; one application also removed the pain from a very sore toe; my wife's foot was also much inflamed—so much so that she could not walk about the house; she applied the Oil, and in twenty-four hours was entirely cured."

### How Seldom

Can a man refrain from chopping the leaves of the Burdock with his cane as he passes; it is "only a weed," and yet few plants or weeds are so valuable, and few preparations so popular, as Burdock Blood Bitters, in which all its valuable properties are so skillfully combined. It cures dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, gout, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood.

### Living Witnesses.

The hundreds of hearty, and healthy looking men, women and children, that have been rescued from beds of pain, sickness and well nigh death by Parker's Ginger Tonic are the best evidences in the world of its sterling merit and worth. You will find such in almost every community.

### Annoyance Avoided.

Gray hairs are honorable but there premature appearance is annoying. Parker's Hair Balsam prevents the annoyance by promptly restoring the youthful color.

## Special Notices.

### Important to Travelers.

Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue.

## ATTENTION Farmers and Woodsmen.

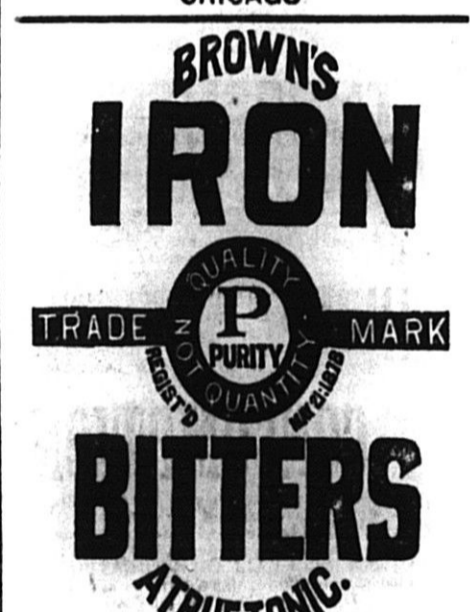
We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:  
Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.  
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Black Ash Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.  
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.  
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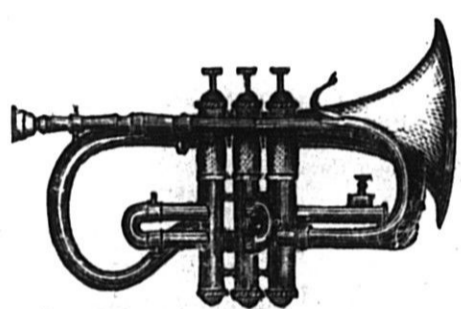
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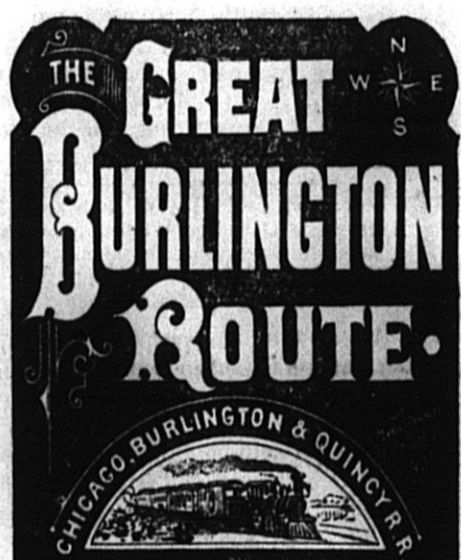


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