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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. IV.—NO. 4.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1875.

WHOLE NO. 160.

The Holland City News.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

OFFICE: VAN LANDEGEND'S BLOCK.
G. S. DOESBURG & Co., PUBLISHERS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—\$2.00 per year in advance.

JOB PRINTING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of ten lines, (nonpareil) 75 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion for any period under three months.

	3 M.	6 M.	1 Y.
1 Square	3 50	5 00	8 00
2 " "	5 00	8 00	10 00
3 " "	8 00	10 00	17 00
1/2 Column	10 00	17 00	25 00
1/4 " "	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 " "	25 00	40 00	65 00

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.

Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2.00 per annum.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge.

An X before the Subscriber's name will denote the expiration of the Subscription. Two X's signify that no paper will be continued after date.

All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

Rail Roads.

Chicago & Michigan Lake Shore R. R.

Taken Effect, Monday, Dec. 7, 1874.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
Night Ex.	Day Ex.		Mail.	Ex.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
9.00	8.30	Chicago.	8.05	6.30
12.15	10.50	New Buffalo.	4.55	3.05
3.37	1.30	Gr. Junction.	2.00	11.40
4.21	2.15	Fennville.	1.02	10.55
4.35	2.25	Richmond.	12.50	10.41
5.20	2.50	Holland.	12.15	10.00
5.40	3.09	Zeeland.	11.57	9.46
5.54	3.22	Vriesland.	11.43	9.33
6.28	3.54	Grandville.	11.16	9.01
6.50	4.10	Gr. Rapids.	11.00	8.40

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

GOING NORTH.		STATIONS.	GOING SOUTH.	
Express.	Mail.		Mail.	Express.
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
5.35	3.10	Holland.	12.15	9.55
6.00	3.40	New Holland.	11.30	9.00
6.07	3.40	Olive.	11.35	9.20
6.25	3.58	Robinson.	11.17	8.58
7.10	4.30	Nunica.	10.55	8.45
7.28	4.40	Fruitport.	10.35	8.15
8.00	5.10	Muskegon.	10.05	7.45
8.20	5.30	Holland.	9.30	7.10
8.30	5.40	Pittsford.	9.18	6.50
8.40	5.50	Allegan.	9.10	6.40

Mich. Lake Shore Rail Road.

Taken Effect, Monday, June 22, 1874.

Going North.		STATIONS.	Going South.	
No. 4.	No. 3.		No. 3.	No. 1.
P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
9.00	12.45	Muskegon	2.15	7.00
8.05	12.45	Perryburg	2.33	6.00
7.50	12.00	Grand Haven	2.50	5.10
7.05	11.27	Pigeon	3.30	9.05
6.20	11.00	Holland	3.58	11.00
5.30	10.40	Pittsford	4.18	11.30
4.00	9.50	Allegan	5.10	1.00

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R.

Taken Effect, Sunday, August 23, 1874.

FROM GR'ND RAPIDS.		STATIONS.	TO GR'ND RAPIDS.	
Express.	Mail.		Express.	Mail.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
4.30	7.30	Grand Rapids.	10.20	9.30
4.45	7.47	Grandville.	10.05	9.15
5.00	8.03	Byron Centre.	9.50	9.00
5.16	8.18	Dorr.	9.35	8.45
5.25	8.28	Hilliards.	9.25	8.35
5.35	8.35	Hopkins.	9.15	8.25
5.55	8.55	Allegan.	8.50	8.05
6.22	9.22	Otsego.	8.22	7.40
6.30	9.30	Plainwell.	8.13	7.32
6.45	9.45	Cooper.	7.56	7.15
7.00	10.00	Kalamazoo.	7.40	7.00
7.23	10.23	Portage.	7.14	6.31
7.42	10.40	Schoolcraft.	6.48	6.02
7.58	10.50	Flowerfield.	6.38	5.52
8.08	11.00	Moorepark.	6.28	5.41
8.14	11.10	Three Rivers.	6.17	5.28
8.27	11.22	Florence.	6.10	5.21
8.35	11.30	Constantine.	6.00	5.10
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
8.45	11.40	White Pigeon.	6.00	5.10
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
6.50	9.20	Chicago.	10.40	8.50
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
9.30	5.10	Toledo.	11.55	12.01
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
7.05	9.35	Cleveland.	7.40	9.00
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
1.10	4.05	Buffalo.	12.25	1.00

Lodges.

F. & A. M.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., on Wednesday evening, March 17, at 7 o'clock, sharp.

W. H. JOSLIN, W. M. 47-1y

J. O. DOESBURG, Sec'y.

I. O. of O. F.

HOLLAND CITY LODGE, No. 192, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Holland, Mich., on Tuesday Evening of each week.

Visiting brothers are cordially invited.

JOHN KRAMER, N. G.

M. HARRINGTON, Rec. Sec'y.

Nathan Kenyon, Banker.

HOLLAND, MICH.

Does a general Banking, Exchange, and Collection business. Collections made on all points in the United States and Europe. Particular attention paid to the collections of Banks and Bankers. Remittances made on day of payment. All business entrusted to me shall have prompt attention. Interest allowed on time deposits, subject to check at sight. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Tickets to and from all points in Europe sold at my office.

N. KENYON.

Business Directory.

Attorneys.

GRISWOLD & ORT, Attorneys at Law, Collecting and Pension Claim Agent. Office, East of "City Hotel."

HOWARD, M. D., Claim Agent, Attorney and Notary Public; River street.

MC BRIDE, G. W., Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery; office with M. D. Howard, cor. Eighth and River streets.

Bakeries.

BINNEKANT, J., Proprietor of the Pioneer Bakery; baking done to order; 8th street.

DESSINK, Mrs. L., Proprietress of City Bakery; Confectionary and cigars; Refreshments in this line served on call; 8th street.

Banking and Exchange.

KENYON, NATHAN, Banking and Collecting, Drafts bought and sold; cor. Eighth and River streets.

Books and Stationery.

BINNEKANT, Miss A. M., Dealer in Books & Stationery; Confectionary, Toys, etc.; River street.

KANTERS, L. T. & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Toys, Notions and Candles; opposite City Drug Store, Eighth street.

Boots and Shoes.

ELFERDINK W. & H., General dealers in Boots and Shoes; repairing neatly done; River street.

HEROLD, E., Manufacturer of and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather, Findings, etc.; Eighth street.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physician's prescriptions carefully put up; Eighth st.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc.; Proprietor of Dr. W. VAN DEN BERG'S Family Medicine; River St.

WALSHEBER, Druggist & Pharmacist; a full stock of goods pertaining to the business. See advertisement.

Dry Goods.

BERTSCH, D. General dealer in Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Hats, Caps, etc.; cor. Eighth and Market streets.

Flour and Feed.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS, Dealers in Flour and Feed, Grains and Hay, Mill-stuff, &c. &c. La-barbe's old stand, 8th street.—See Advertisement.

Furniture.

MEYER H. & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Toys, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River street.

REIDSEMA J. M. & SON, General Dealers in Furniture & Coffins; Eighth street. See advertisement.

Groceries.

FOLIETSTRA, A., Groceries and Supplies; a ready market for country produce; a choice stock always on hand; cor. Eighth and Market st.

TE VAARWERK, G. J., Family Supply Store; a choice stock of groceries always on hand. Blacksmith shop in rear of Store; Eighth street.

General Dealers.

DUURSEMA J. & CO., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Hats, Caps, Clothing and Feed; River street.

INFIELD, J. J., Dealer in Groceries, Dry Goods, Flour and Feed and Produce. Liquors and Cigars at Wholesale and Retail. Eighth street.

TE ROLLER, D., Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.; Notary Public and conveyancer; office and store, cor. 9th and Market street.

VAN PUTTEN & DE VRIES, General Retail Dealers, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc.; River st.

WERKMAN, H. D., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Flour & Provisions. New Store, Eighth street.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, etc.; Grain, Flour and Feed made a specialty; River st.

Hardware.

HAVERKATE, G. J. & SON, 1st Ward Hardware Store; sell cheaper than any other; 8th street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., Dealer in General Hardware; cor. Eighth and River street.

VAN LANDEGEND & MELIS, Dealers in Hardware, Tin-ware and Farming Implements; Eighth street.

Hotels.

ATENA HOUSE, P. ZALKMAN, Proprietor. First-class accommodation. Free Buss to and from the Trains. Eighth street.

CITY HOTEL, E. KELLOGG & SON, Proprietors. Built in 1873; Furnished in elegant style, and a first-class hotel throughout.

PHOENIX HOTEL, J. McVICKAR Proprietor; opposite the C. & M. L. S. R. Depot; good accommodation; building and furniture new.

Livery and Sale Stables.

BENDER, G. H., Livery and Sale Stable; new barn; opposite City Hotel; Market street.

BOONE, H., Livery and Sale Stable; Market street.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; good accommodation for horses; 9th street, near Market.

Meat Markets.

KLEYS, P., First Ward Meat Market; best of Meats always on hand. Eighth street.

KUITE, J., Dealer in all kinds of meats and vegetables; Meat Market on 8th street.

VAN DER HAAR, H., Dealer in Fresh, Salt, and Smoked Meats and Vegetables; paper and twine; 8th street.

Merchant Tailors.

BOSMAN, J. W., Merchant Tailor, and Dealer in ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

VORST, W., Merchant Tailor. Cloth purchased elsewhere, will be cut to order. Repairing promptly attended to. River street.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

HEALD, R. K., Manufacturer of and Dealer in Agricultural Implements; commission agent for Mowing Machines; cor. 10th & River street.

PAUELS, VAN PUTTEN & CO., Proprietors of *Pluggers Mills*; (Steam Saw and Flour Mills.) near foot of 8th street.

SCOTT, W. J., Planing, Matching, Scroll-sawing and Moulding; River street.

VERBEEK, H. W. & CO., Proprietors of the Phoenix Planing Mill. All kinds of building material furnished at Grand Rapids prices.

WINTERS BROS. & BROWER (successors to DUTTON & THOMPSON), Engineers and Machinists. See Advertisement.

Notary Publics.

DOESBURG, H., Notary Public and Conveyancer; office at residence, Ninth street.

POST, HENRY D., Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer; Collections made in Holland and vicinity.

VAN SCHELVEN, G., Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Conveyancer. Office *Holland City News*, 8th street.

WALSHE, H., Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Insurance Agent. Office, *City Drug Store*, 8th street.

Painters.

HOEK, J. C., House, Sign and Carriage Painter; Shop, over Baert's Wagon Shop, River Street.

Photographers.

LAUDER GEORGE, Photographs and Gems in all the various styles and sizes; Gallery on Eighth Street.

Physicians.

ANNIS, T. E., Physician; residence, opposite S. W. cor. Public Square.

BLANK N., Surgeon, Physician and Obstetrician. Office and residence, Ninth Street, East of Cedar Street.

CARPENTER, J. H., Physician, Surgeon and Accouchant. Office and residence on 8th street. Strangers are requested to inquire at Van Putten's.

LEDEBOER, B., Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

LEDEBOER, F. S., Physician and Surgeon; Office corner Eleventh and River street opposite public square.

SCHOUTEN, R. A., Surgeon, Physician Obstetrician, Regular graduated and Licensed. Office at residence, corner 9th and Fish street.

Saddlery.

VAUPELL, H., Manufacturer of and dealer in Harness, Trunks, Saddles and Whips; Eighth street.

Sewing Machines.

KANTERS, A. M., Agent for Grover and Barker's Sewing Machines; Eighth street.

Staves, Wood, Bark, Etc.

KANTERS, R., Dealer in Staves, Wood and Bark; office at his residence, Eighth street.

Tobacco and Cigars.

TE ROLLER, G. J., General dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, etc.; Eighth street.

Wagonmakers and Blacksmiths.

DJIKEMA & BROS., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop. Horse-shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. River Street.

FLIEMAN, J., Wagon and Blacksmith Shop; Horse Shoeing and all kinds of repairing done. Cash paid for Furs.

Watches and Jewelry.

ALBERS & WYNNE, Jewelers and Watchmakers. The oldest establishment in the city; Eighth street.

JOSLIN W. H., Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in Fancy Goods; Bank-building, River Street.

Barbers.

DE GROOT L., Fashionable Barber and Hair-cutter. Rooms in basement of City Hotel.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

Apples, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	\$ 1.25	\$ 60
Beans, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	1 25	1 50
Butter, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	2	28
Clover seed, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	2	4 50
Eggs, $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	18	22
Honey, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	2	25
Hay, $\frac{1}{2}$ ton	2	12 00
Hides, green $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	2	7
Maple sugar, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	0 75	1 00
Onions, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	50	55
Potatoes, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	50	55
Timothy Seed, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	2	2 50
Wool, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.		

Meats, Etc.

Beef, dressed $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	4
Chickens, dressed per lb.	6	9
Lard, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	10	12
Pork, dressed $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	6 1/2
Smoked meat, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	10
Smoked ham, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	12
Smoked shoulders, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	8
Turkeys, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	10
Tallow, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	6	7

Wood, staves, Etc.

Cordwood, maple, dry	\$ 3 00
" " green	2 50
" " beach, dry	2 50
" " green	2 50
Hemlock Bark	4 50/5 00
Staves, white oak	6 10 00
Staves, Tierce	12 00
Heading bolts, soft wood	3 00/3 50
Heading bolts, hardwood	4 50
Stave bolts, softwood	3 50
Stave bolts, hardwood	4 00
Railroad ties	12

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(Corrected by the "Fugger Mills.")		
Wheat, white $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	85	\$ 1 00
Corn, shelled $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	65	
Oats, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	50	
Buckwheat, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	80	
Rye, $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel	80	85
Bran, $\frac{1}{2}$ ton	16	00
Feed, $\frac{1}{2}$ ton	25	00
" 100 lb.	1	
Barley, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 lb.	1	
Middling, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 lb.	1	
Flour, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 lb.	1	
Pearl Barley, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 lb.	6 00	
Buckwheat Flour, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 lb.		
Fine meal, $\frac{1}{2}$ 100 lb.		

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. S. DOESBURG & CO., PUBLISHERS.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

THE EAST.

Go East, young man; go East! You will never probably have a better opportunity. Fare to Baltimore from Chicago only \$8 currency. The famous Gen. Fitz John Porter has been made Commissioner of Public Works of New York city.

A DISPATCH from St. John, N. F., says: "Tuesday, March 2, the ship *Violetta*, from France to St. Pierre, laden with salt and sugar, was abandoned in the ice in St. Mary's bay. The captain and crew were saved. People from the shore then went to save the ship, but a northeast gale scattered the ice, and twenty of them were lost, and twenty-two others are still missing. The Italian bark *Giovanna*, was recently wrecked off Cape Cod, and all on board, with the exception of the steward (fifteen persons) perished. The *Newbury* (Mass.) silver mines are yielding at the rate of 200 ounces of silver to the ton.

The Governor of little Rhode Island is highly indignant because a United States Marshal interfered with the State Constabulary for the seizure of some liquors, and says if such things are to be tolerated the State Judiciary and Executive "may as well resign their offices and leave the control and direction of State affairs to subordinates of the United States government."

The English steamship lines running to New York have agreed to an advance of \$5 on their storage passage rates. The advance will affect those taking passage to or from this country.

THE WEST.

The President, twelve Directors, and the Superintendent of the Union Pacific railroad were arrested the other day at Council Bluffs, upon an indictment for failure to comply with the order of the United States District Court designating the eastern terminus of the road. Bail in the sum of \$8,000 was required of each of the parties, and the trial is set for March 22. Chicago packers, during the packing season just closed, handled 1,671,739 hogs, against 1,522,217 for the same period last season.

A stage company is being formed at Sioux City to run a line of conveyances from that place into the Black Hills.

A compulsory education bill has been defeated in the Minnesota Legislature. The Indiana Legislature has passed a bill establishing a system of public warehousing and inspection of grain.

The tide of emigration to the West and Southwest has commenced early this season. A recent dispatch from Sedalia, Mo., says: "Col. Thomas Dorwin, General Passenger Agent of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad, brought a special train of thirteen cars of freight and eighty-five passengers from Hannibal, Mo., en route to Southern Kansas, where they will settle. They are from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and other States, and were provided with stock, farming implements, etc. Live hogs are selling for \$8 per hundred pounds in Chicago. The Indiana Legislature has passed a bill making railway "ticket-scalping" illegal. Theater-goers having had a surfeit of opera bouffe, leg drama, and such, are now to be treated to some of the legitimate for a change. A new star in the dramatic firmament, Mrs. Rousby—a popular actress combining great personal beauty with dramatic talent of a high order—has been induced to come West, and is now playing at McVicker's Chicago Theater in "Twist and Crown," by Tom Taylor, the eminent London dramatist, author of "Speed the Plow," "Old Heads and Young Hearts," etc. In this play is depicted all that was lovely and generous in the daughter of Henry VIII. and Anne Doleyn, the future good Queen Bess, famed in history for her masculine intellect, iron will, and despotic temper. According to Eastern critics, the part assigned to Mrs. Rousby (that of Princess Elizabeth) is one which severely taxes the lady's powers of endurance, as for four hours she is seldom more than a few minutes from the stage.

A LAWYER of Ironton, O., has discovered a specimen of ore which proved to be an agglomeration of pure diamonds, weighing twenty ounces, and worth about \$400,000. A woful tale of Indian barbarity comes from the West. The 16,000 Indians, headed by Stone Calf, who recently surrendered at the Cheyenne Agency, were accompanied by Ella and Lizzie Germain, survivors of the Smoky Hill massacre, where their parents and one sister were killed by the Indians. They tell a pitiable tale of suffering and terrible treatment. Gray Beard took Ella, aged 17, and Stone Calf had Lizzie, aged 11. Ella, who is eniente, says she can identify all who took part in the killing. They were dressed in Indian costume, and were nearly starved.

The amount of wheat remaining unshipped in Minnesota is stated at 2,344,740 bushels, against 5,053,779 bushels at this time in 1874.

THE SOUTH.

The principal lottery dealers of Louisville, Ky., to the number of about thirty, have been indicted by the grand jury of the City Court of Louisville. In consequence of the Civil Rights bill, and fearing trouble, both of the principal hotels in Alexandria, Va., have canceled their licenses and closed. The Park Hotel, in Baltimore, has also been closed. In Tennessee, a proposition is pending in the Legislature to abolish the law licensing hotels, thus evading the Civil Rights bill by allowing them to go under the name of private boarding houses.

Over a million dollars' worth of property has been swept away by the flood in the Tennessee river. There was great rejoicing in Arkansas over the action of Congress in adopting the Poland non-intervention resolution. Guns were fired at Pine Bluff and other prominent points. Joint resolutions passed both houses of the Legislature, thanking the members of Congress who voted for the Poland report, and pledging the State government to see

that equal and exact justice is done to all men. Senator Hancock, Republican, introduced in the Senate a resolution requesting the Governor to disband the militia, and reciting that the Republicans accept the situation as it is. The recent snow-storm in St. Louis was the heaviest she has had in twenty years. A Memphis dispatch of the 3d inst. says: "The first result of the effect of the passage of the Civil Rights bill occurred at the new Memphis theater-to-night. Two colored men, who had purchased tickets for the dress circle, applied for admission, and were refused and the money returned to them. Another one, who was intoxicated, attempted to enter without a ticket and was arrested by the police at the instance of the manager."

The Arkansas Legislature has adjourned until November. Pending arbitration, the Louisiana Legislature has adjourned sine die.

The first lawsuit under the Civil Rights bill occurred in Wilmington, N. C., where a colored citizen brought an action against a saloon-keeper for refusing to sell him a drink. The court scrutinized the new law closely, and decided that it didn't apply to bar-rooms. The Alabama Legislature has expelled one of its colored members for the trifling matter of having offered to sell his vote for \$300.

A BILL has been introduced in the Virginia Legislature to punish parties creating disturbances in hotels, theaters, and other places of amusement. It provides that persons who create disturbance in hotels by boisterous demands for accommodation, after the proprietor or his agent has declined to entertain them for want of room or other reasonable specified causes, shall be punished by fine and imprisonment. In case of theaters, managers are to have the right to issue reserved seat tickets stamped "not transferable," and when a party, not the original purchaser, demands admittance, the door-keeper can refuse him, but the price of the ticket must be refunded, and if he refuses to take the money, and thereby creates disturbance, he is liable to arrest and fine. In both cases half the fine goes to the hotel-keeper or manager, as the case may be. There are similar provisions regarding steamboats and railroads.

POLITICAL.

HON. GEO. G. WRIGHT, United States Senator from Iowa, announces that he will not be a candidate for re-election. He has determined to withdraw altogether from the political arena and resume the practice of his profession—the legal. Howard Knowles has been appointed Collector for the Fifth District of Illinois, vice R. H. Whiting, elected to Congress, and ex-Congressman Ransier (colored) has been appointed Collector for the Second District of South Carolina.

The President has nominated to the Senate Hon. Godlove S. Orth, of Indiana, for Minister to Austria. The 26th of March has been set apart by Gov. Garland, of Arkansas, as a day of thanksgiving to the Almighty for the action of Congress in adopting the Poland report.

WASHINGTON.

A WASHINGTON telegram announces the death, at the advanced age of 72 years, of the late Adjutant General Lorenzo Thomas.

The bill to enable Colorado to become a State is now a law, but that enabling her next-door neighbor, New Mexico, adjoining her on the south, to do likewise, was defeated in Congress. One hundred and forty-two million dollars is the aggregate of the appropriation bills passed by the last Congress.

Among measures which were left pending in Congress are the Steamboat bill, the bill proposing an amendment to the Constitution changing the manner of the election of President and Vice President of the United States, Col. Scott's Pacific railroad bill, and several other railroad relief bills. The House election or Force bill, the emanation of the House caucus, was read a first and second time in the Senate. Beyond this, the Senate took no further action. It therefore failed.

It is announced from Washington that the President will not interfere in the affairs of Arkansas.

A PERSONAL collision occurred in Washington on the last day of the session between Congressmen Seaver and Editor Brooks, of the *Republican*, in which the latter came off second best.

HORACE MAYNARD has been appointed Minister to Turkey.

DOUBT is expressed as to the possibility of a reorganization of the Treasury Department, owing to the alleged discovery of a clerical error in engrossment. The President will soon issue an order abolishing the Civil-Service rules in the Executive Department. Bill King arrived at Washington the other day, and of course has been interviewed. He said: "So help me God, I did not make any improper use of one dollar of the money." He was glad to say that the committee, as he put it, vindicated him on that subject. He will claim his seat in the next Congress; will not resign; will boldly meet all charges. He says he can fully explain the apparent discrepancies as to his testimony, and can disprove the pack of lies told against him.

OPINIONS differ as to the length of the extra session of the Senate—some Senators believing that the discussion of the resolution recognizing the Kellogg government, and admitting Pinchback, will prolong the session to six or eight weeks; while others are sure that the session will end within a month.

THE TILTON-BEECHER TRIAL.

FOURTH DAY.—The examination of witnesses for the defense was commenced by the introduction of Mr. Edward J. Ovington, in whose house Mrs. Tilton took refuge upon leaving her husband's domicile, and where she has ever since remained. He testified that during her stay at his house Mrs. Tilton has conducted herself properly, receiving calls from but few people. Upon cross-examination the witness stated that Plymouth Church had paid him several hundred dollars for the board and clothing of Mrs. Tilton and her children, and that he expected more from the same source. A Mr. Holmes, who was President of the Young Men's Christian Association at Winsted, Connecticut, at the time Tilton lectured there several years ago, swore to having called at Mr. Tilton's room previous to his lecture, and found

a young lady there who was not fully dressed, and Tilton lying upon the bed.

FOURTH DAY.—Mr. E. J. Ovington was recalled, at his own request, to testify regarding some points upon which his memory was at fault the previous day. He stated that the amount collected by Plymouth Church and paid to him for the maintenance of Mrs. Tilton and children reached \$1,245. Mrs. Ovington then took the witness stand, but her testimony was of little importance. Mrs. Sarah B. Putnam was next sworn, and testified to the affectionate relations existing between Tilton and his wife. In receiving friends, Mrs. Tilton adopted the Quaker fashion, saying, "I greet thee." In receiving friends of the family, Mrs. Tilton kissed the gentlemen and Tilton kissed the ladies. At this point, 3:45 o'clock, a juror, Mr. Jaffray, got faint and was assisted to a window, and given a glass of water. Mr. Putnam sent him her bottle of smelling salts, and at the suggestion of Mr. Everts the court adjourned.

FOURTH DAY.—A day of surprises, scares and sensations. The small-pox has broken out in the court, and may seriously interfere with the progress of the trial. One of the reporters was taken down with the disease several days ago, and one of the jurors exhibited symptoms of the same complaint. His illness will unavoidably delay the trial of the case, if it does not compel its discontinuance. Judge Neilson, though usually in robust health, shows evident signs that the continuous mental strain and stifling atmosphere are telling upon him, and he complains of severe headache. Among the rumors current is one to the effect that, as the laws of that State allow a defendant in a suit to address the jury on his own behalf, and as defendant's friends are not satisfied that his counsel, with the exception of Everts, are a match for Tilton's, it has been decided that Beecher will avail himself of the legal privilege, take the floor, and address the jury. Should this be correct, the speech will be one of the most memorable and interesting on record.

FOURTH DAY.—Jeffreys, the juror who had been indisposed; was well enough to be in his seat, though it is feared his poor health will lead to an abrupt termination of the trial. Bessie Turner was in court, and is to be a witness for the defendant. By order of Judge Neilson, all tickets of admission are taken up and the holders excluded, after the seats are full, thus clearing away hundreds of idlers. Lunching in the court is no longer tolerated, and the ventilation is much improved. Mrs. S. B. C. Putnam and a Mrs. Moore testified as to their knowledge of Mrs. Tilton's domestic grievances.

GENERAL.

The butter and egg men of the country have just been holding their national convention in Chicago.

The Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company combination has resulted in a prompt advance in the rate of transcontinental freight of from 50 to 100 per cent.

RECENT deaths: At Fall River, Mass., Hon. James Buffinton, Representative of the First Congressional District of that State, aged 58 years; he had been in ill health for some time, and it is believed that his death was hastened by the fatigue attendant upon the protracted session of the House over the Civil Rights bill; in London, Arthur Helps, the celebrated English author, essayist, etc., aged 55 years; in London, Lieut.-Gov. James Hope Grant, the celebrated English commander, aged 67.

FOREIGN.

A LONDON dispatch states that John Mitchell is utterly prostrated, and has frequent fainting fits. It is thought that he will be compelled to withdraw from the election contest in Tipperary.

The steamer *Gottentru* has been wrecked on one of the Fourneaux Islands, in Bass Strait, between Van Dieman's Land and Australia. She had on board 85 passengers, and a crew of 85. Of these only 4 persons are known to be saved. Three boats filled with passengers and crew are yet to be heard from.

ADVICES from Buenos Ayres state that the palace of the Catholic Archbishop of that city was sacked and the homes of the Jesuits set on fire. John Mitchell has again been nominated for Parliament from Tipperary.

A LONDON telegram states that several cases of insanity have resulted from the revival meetings of Messrs. Moody and Sankey, the American evangelists. There are rumors of another war in India.

The famine in Asia Minor has decimated some districts to the extent of two-fifths of their population. Fighting still continues in Cuba.

The convention between Spain and the United States for the settlement of the Virginian affair has been signed. The Alfonsists and Carlists are exchanging prisoners. A dispatch from St. John's, Newfoundland, states that the bodies of over forty persons who died there during the past winter have been temporarily interred in the snow, which lies in such immense quantities in the cemeteries as to prevent the opening of the graves.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

TUESDAY, March 2.—Senate.—The credentials of S. B. Macey, United States Senator from Texas, were read and placed on file. The bill for the equalization of bounties was passed. The Tax and Tariff bill, as it came from the House was taken up and passed. The Committee on Railroads reported back the bill to aid in construction of the Texas Pacific and Northern Pacific railroads, and several other subsidy bills, without recommendation, and they were placed on the calendar.

HOUSE.—The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was passed. The following items for public buildings are kept in the bill: Chicago, \$750,000; Cincinnati, \$600,000; Covington, Ky., \$200,000; Evansville, Ind., \$300,000; Port Huron, Mich., \$75,000; St. Louis, \$700,000. The bill for the government of the District of Columbia was amended and passed. E. R. Hoar, from the select committee on a breach of the privileges of the House in the arrest of Whitlaw Reid while attending as a witness before the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to protect witnesses in such cases from arrest on civil process, which was passed. Senate amendments to the Postoffice Appropriation bill, providing for the transmission through the mails, under the written frank of any member of Congress, of the Congressional Record, garden seeds and agricultural reports, were concurred in. The House resumed consideration of the Arkansas question, and was addressed by Poland, Chairman of the Special Committee, in advocacy of the views reported by the majority, that the existing State government in Ar-

kansas should not be interfered with, either by Congress or by any department of the general government. The resolution reported by the majority was adopted—yeas, 149; nays, 80.

WEDNESDAY, March 3.—Senate.—The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was passed. The Judiciary Committee reported adversely on the bill to relieve the political disabilities of Raphael Semmes, of Alabama, and it was indefinitely postponed. Edmunds said the committee reported adversely not because his ship was sunk by the *Kearsarge*, but because of the testimony that Semmes was charged with cruelty to an American seaman somewhere, and until this was explained the committee could not report favorably. The report of Maj. W. E. Merrill, of the Corps of Engineers, in reference to the survey for the improvement of the Ohio river from Cairo to Pittsburgh, was presented and referred. The Senate then took up the River and Harbor Appropriation bill, and pending discussion adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Deficiency bill was amended and passed. On motion of Potter, of New York, it was: "Resolved, That the thanks of the House are due, and are hereby tendered to the Hon. James G. Blaine, Speaker of the House of Representatives, for the impartiality, efficiency, and distinguished ability with which he has discharged the trying and arduous duties of his office during the Forty-third Congress." The resolution was seconded by Beck, and adopted unanimously. At the evening session resolutions by "Kasson, from the Ways and Means Committee, directing that copies of the testimony elicited during the Pacific Mail investigation, be laid before the next House and before the United States District Attorney looking to proceeding against Wm. S. King and John G. Schumaker; also to deprive the newspaper correspondents involved in the matter from the privileges of the reporters' gallery, were agreed to. In the matter of contested seats, resolutions were adopted declaring in favor of Geo. A. Sheridan as elected from Louisiana, and in favor of Lawrence against Sypher, from the same State. Lawrence caused for, and took the oath, having appeared fourteen hours to serve. A number of miscellaneous bills on the speaker's table were then passed, including those for the admission of Colorado and New Mexico.

THURSDAY, March 4.—Senate.—The River and Harbor, the Deficiency, and the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills were considered in committee of the whole, the House amendments concurred in, and the bills finally passed. The House bill appropriating \$740,409 to pay the awards made by the Southern Claims Commission was passed by a vote of 33 to 12. The bill for the equalization of bounties was lost, being laid on the table—yeas 20 to 24—on motion of Sprague. The House bill to pay the awards for the Quartermaster or commissary stores furnished or taken during the war was passed. A number of other bills were passed, including one granting pensions to widows and children, dependent mothers and fathers, or orphan brothers and sisters of those soldiers who were murdered by guerrillas, in Central Missouri in 1864. The Senate brought its session to a close without any formal or informal speeches. When the hour of 12 arrived, Mr. Wilson simply declared the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The reports of the conference committees on all the appropriation bills were agreed to, and the measures passed. Randall sent to the Clerk's desk, and had read, a letter from Hale, of New York, requesting the judges done to J. Young Brown, of Kentucky, by the resolution that Brown adopted on his (Hale's) motion, and suggested that there should come from the other side a motion to expunge the resolution of censure. Butler (Mass.) rose and said: "Here is my response to that." (sending up a resolution to give the clerks to committees two months' pay from the 4th of March; which was adopted.) Negley remarked that such conduct was unworthy of Butler. Daves suggested that Brown was on the floor, and could not be taken to the position to expunge the resolution of censure. Todd remarked that Brown had been asked whether he had any explanation to make of his language, and he said he stood by his words. Randall then withdrew the matter. Scores of bills of a doubtful character were rushed through during the last hours of the session. At 12 o'clock, Speaker Blaine brought down the gavel, and said that he now closed six continuous years' service as Speaker, and would hand over the gavel to the Forty-third Congress. He laid over at his request, upon conclusion of the Speaker's address, he was greeted with immense applause by members on both sides, which continued for some minutes. Thus ends the Forty-third Congress.

Senate—Extra Session.

FRIDAY, March 5.—Vice-President Wilson called the Senate to order at 12 o'clock, and, after the reading of the proclamation of the President, the oath was administered to the new Senators. As Andrew Johnson advanced to the Clerk's desk to take the oath, there was great applause in the galleries, which was soon checked by the Vice-President. After he was sworn in, a large bouquet was handed him by a page, and he was escorted to his seat by Mr. Boggs. All the new Senators having been sworn, Morton offered a resolution acknowledging the Kellogg government in Louisiana, which was laid over at his request. He then offered a resolution to admit Pinchback as a Senator from Louisiana. Adjourned till Monday, March 8.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Weekly Review of the Chicago Market.

FINANCE.

Nothing new to note in financial circles. The demand for favors is not urgent, but the indications are favorable for a firmer market. Interest rates, 8@10 per cent., according to security offered. Bonds firm and steady at 116½@117½ for U. S. 5-20's of '62, and 119½@119½ for 5-20's of '65; 10-40's, 113½@113½; U. S. currency 6's, 118½@118½. Latest gold quotations—New York 114½; Chicago, 114½@114½.

BREADSTUFFS.

The following were the receipts and shipments for the week, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1875.	1874.	1875.	1874.
Flour, bris....	37,643	71,421	23,610	60,882
Wheat, bu....	218,492	496,600	84,956	332,564
Corn, bu....	310,672	199,885	80,500	39,404
Oats, bu....	122,320	171,350	52,421	89,087
Rye, bu....	6,651	20,292	1,835	7,952
Barley, bu....	39,131	72,620	26,726	49,344
Dressed hogs, 8,826	7,384	6,826	6,826	6,579
Live hogs, No. 48,644	58,787	26,308	49,053	
Cattle, No. 14,162	16,386	2,516	11,747	

The movement in the grain markets was rather light during the past week, the only cereal which attracted any particular attention being spring wheat, the other markets ruling comparatively quiet. Local speculators were the principal operators, the orders received from interior points and other markets being very light. During the greater part of the week, spring wheat was firm, several financially strong operators' buying the market, and aided by favorable advices from Liverpool and more encouraging New York reports, they succeeded in establishing an advance of 1½@2c per bu. Shorts were alarmed and anxious to provide for their contracts. However, the market has again been weak, and values receded to inside prices. The decline was due partially to less favorable advices and the increasing stock in store, the receipts last week being about 124,000 bu in excess of the shipments. The main reason for the weakness was the absence of the "bull" movement, speculators showing but little confidence in the future of the trade, and allowing values to gradually recede. Corn, oats, rye and barley were dull and easy throughout the offerings, although not particularly large, being in excess of the demand. Receipts invariably in excess of shipments. The outlook for the future of the grain trade is very uncertain, and speculators are more than usually cautious in trading, showing a disposition to hold off and await future developments.

The following table shows the current quotations at the opening and at the close:

	Opening.	Closing.
No. 2 sp'g wheat, cash....	85½@86½	86 @ 86½
No. 2 seller March.....	85½@86½	85½@86½
No. 2 seller April.....	84½@85½	84½@85½
No. 2 corn, cash.....	64½@65½	64½@65½
No. 2 corn, seller March....	64½@65½	64½@65½
No. 2 corn, seller May.....	71½	71½@71½
No. 2 oats, cash.....	53½@54½	53½@54½
No. 2 oats, seller March....	53½@54½	53½@54½
No. 2 oats, seller May.....	56½	56½@56½
No. 2 rye, cash.....	98½@99½	97 @ 97½
No. 2 barley, cash.....	112½@113½	110½@111½
No. 2 barley, seller Mar....	112	110½
No. 2 barley, seller April..	109	107½
No. 3 barley, cash.....	\$1.01@1.07	98@1.01

PROVISIONS.
The packing season having closed the interest in the provision market was less marked, and only a moderate business was reported. Values have declined materially, mess pork ruling 20@25c lower, and lard ½@¾c off, but closed firmer. Mess pork closed at \$18.10@18.12½ cash and seller March, and \$18.27½ seller May. Lard closed at \$13.20 cash, \$13.27½ seller April, and \$13.50 seller May. Meats steady.

LIVE STOCK.
Under favorable Eastern advices and light receipts both the cattle and hog markets have ruled firmer and higher. Cattle advanced about 15c@25c per 100 lbs, closing firm at \$4.75@5.70 for fair to good, and \$5.75@6.25 choice steers; extra, \$6.50@7.00; common, dull, \$2.75@3.75; medium grades, \$4.00@4.75; stock cattle, \$2.75@4.25. Hogs 20@25c higher; closing steady at \$6.20@6.90 poor to choice; Yorkers, \$6.00@7.40 poor to choice heavy weights; bulk of sales at \$6.50@6.75 for Yorkers, and \$6.75@7.25 for heavy; extra, \$7.75@8.00. Sheep active and higher; sales at \$4.00@6.00 poor to choice.

DRESSED HOGS, SEEDS AND HIGHWINE.
Dressed hogs were in good request, and prices ruled firm. The receipts were light, and the market closed with about all sold, at \$7.30 for light, and at \$8.25@8.30 for heavy weights. Seeds were in large supply, and the market ruled dull, particularly for timothy. The market closed at \$2.40@2.50 for good to prime timothy; \$6.25@6.30 for medium clover; \$1.95@2.00 for flax; 80@85c for Hungarian, and 80@95c for millet. Highwines were quiet, with buyers and sellers apart in their views, and values nominal at \$1.05@1.10.

PRODUCE.
The movement in butter continues light, and a rather weak feeling prevails. Sales for the week ranged at 16@20c for poor to fair, and at 22@25c for good to choice fresh roll. Broom-corn was in good demand and firm at 11@13c for No. 1 and extra. Beechwood remains quiet but steady at 26@28c for good to prime yellow. Eastern beans were in good demand and price were firm at \$1.85@2.00, according to quality. There was a fair local and shipping demand for cheese, and prices under light stocks were firm at 15½@18c for good to prime Western. Cider was quiet at about \$6.00 for choice sweet. Cranberries closed with a slight improvement in the demand, at \$9.50@11.50 for good to choice cultivated. Choice sound dried peas sold readily at \$2.00@2.20 for choice green, and \$1.90@2.00 for marrowfat. Eggs were scarce and prices very irregular; closed at 35c for fresh, and 12½@22c for common to choice pickled. Feathers steady at 48@52c for live geese; 25@30 for coarse turkey, and 5c for chicken. Apples met with a fair inquiry at \$2.50@3.00 per bbl for good to choice in lots, and retail sales were made at \$3.50. Hides were unchanged; 7½@7¾ for green frozen; 8@8½c for heavy salted, 3c for light do, and 10@11c for kip. Hides remain quiet at 33@40c for good to choice new. Hay was firm and prices ruled 50c@1.00 per ton higher; closed \$18.00@19.00 for No. 1 timothy. Poultry was in good demand, with only a moderate supply on the market; prices were higher; closed at 14@15c per lb for turkeys, 12@13c for chickens, and 8@10c for geese. Potatoes under light offerings were firm and higher; closed at \$1.05@1.15 for peachblows and 95@1.00 for early rose. Tallow was firm at 8½c per lb for cake and 8½c for solid. Vegetables remain steady at \$3.75@4.25 for red onions, and \$4.50@4.75 for choice yellow; turnips firm at 80c@1.00 for rutabaga; celery 50@55c, and cabbage 75c@1.00. Veal sold at 4@10c for common to choice.

COOPERAGE, LUMBER AND WOOL.
The demand was fair, but the offerings were considerably larger and prices were a shade easier; the market closed at \$1.00 for pork barrels, and \$1.30 for lard tierces, and at \$1.90@2.20 for whisky barrels. Lumber quiet and steady; fencing, \$12.00@13.00; common boards, \$11.00@12.00. Wool was quiet and unchanged; tub washed, 48c@55c; fine and medium fleece, 45@48c; and fine to medium unwashed, 30@33c, according to quality.

Telegraphic Market Reports.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES.....	10 @	13
HOGS—Dressed.....	8½@	9½
STOCK.....	15 @	16
WHEAT—Superfine Western.....	4 30 @	4 85
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago.....	1 11 @	1 14
No. 1 Spring.....	1 16 @	1 20
CORN.....	83 @	85
OATS.....	67 @	69
POK—New York.....	19 25 @	20
LARD—Steam.....	13½@	14
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	1 06 @	1 07
CORN—No. 2 New.....	64 @	66
OATS—No. 2.....	55 @	58
RYE—No. 2.....	98 @	1 00
POK—Mess.....	18 75 @	19
LARD.....	13½@	14
HOGS.....	7 00 @	7 75
CATTLE.....	4 50 @	5 50
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 1.....	91 @	92
No. 2.....	86 @	87
CORN—No. 2.....	62 @	64
OATS—No. 2.....	52 @	54
RYE.....	1 00 @	1 02
BARLEY—No. 1.....	1 09 @	1 10
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—Red.....	1 07 @	1 10
CORN—New.....	67 @	68
OATS.....	59 @	62
RYE.....	1 08 @	1 09
POK—Mess.....	19 00 @	19
LARD.....	13 @	14
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—Extra.....	1 14 @	1 16
Amber.....	1 07 @	1 08
CORN—New.....	67 @	69
OATS.....	58 @	60
DETROIT.		
WHEAT—Extra.....	1 12 @	1 14
Amber.....	1 07 @	1 08
CORN.....	69 @	70
OATS.....	59 @	61
CLEVELAND.		
WHEAT—No. 1 Red.....	1 10 @	1 12
No. 2 Red.....	1 06 @	1 08
CORN.....	68 @	72
OATS.....	58 @	62

GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

The Franking Privilege.

Speeches, seeds, documents, and nobody can tell what else, are to be carried at government expense again, the only condition being that the franks of members of Congress shall be written by themselves.

Punishment of Kidnappers.

Kidnapping children in Pennsylvania will hereafter prove a very serious business. The Legislature has just passed a law subjecting those guilty of such offenses to a penalty of fifteen years' imprisonment in the penitentiary and a fine of \$10,000. This extraordinary law has its origin, undoubtedly, in the Charley Ross abduction case.

A Famous Town.

Perhaps you haven't much of an opinion of Greenville, Tennessee, but, unless the local paper lies like a hero, the first abolition paper in America was published there, Andrew Johnson lives there, John H. Morgan was killed there, it had the cholera in 1873, was the only Southern town with the crusade, and is the home of Betsy Ward.

The Centennial Abroad.

The King of Belgium has appointed a committee of experts to look after Belgian interests at the Philadelphia Centennial. France still demurs, as a government, on the ground that objects of art taken out of the national museums and shipped across the Atlantic might possibly get broken, and also because the Centennial, after all, is not a government affair, but the speculation of a lot of private Philadelphians, who are probably a mob.

Important Decision.

The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in a test case taken from Michigan to that tribunal, that a State has a right to tax land-grant lands while they are still in the possession of the railroad companies, will have universal interest, as it will place upon the tax-list thousands if not millions of acres in States where the State itself has not formally exempted the land it has granted to the roads from taxation.

Pedestrianism Extraordinary.

A Richmond (Va.) pedestrian named Mark Grayson, is backed for \$25,000 to walk round the world—a distance of 19,226 miles by his route—in 600 days, which makes his average 32 miles a day. During his ship-board travels he will walk his distance regularly. He is 28 years old, 5 feet 7 inches high, and weighs 139 pounds. He starts from the City Hall, New York, April 3, 1875, and agrees to walk back to it Nov. 23, 1876.

The French Armies.

Four large armies are to be formed out of the nineteen corps now scattered over the territory which Prussia was pleased to leave France; they are to be commanded by Gens. Lebrune, D'Aumale, Bourbaki and Chanzy. So far the plan of this organization has only been put down on paper, subject to change, according to the usage of Gen. Moltke with his army. Another point copied *a la Prussc.* When people do go to imitating, they imitate.

A Crushing Rejoinder.

Mr. Leroy Gantt, a pert young writer, runs a paper at Lexington, Georgia, under the eaves of the railroad water-tank. This circumstance has led Mr. Christy, of the Athens *Watchman*, to allude to the paper as "*The Water-Tank Gazette*." To which the vivacious Gantt replies: "I considered for a long time as to whether I would run my paper by a water-tank or a whisky faucet, but having seen Mr. Christy fail after trying the latter, I determined to try the former."

A Bad Case of Lunacy.

A reporter for the New York *World* chronicles this thrilling episode of the Brooklyn scandal trial: "Judge Neilson asked Mr. Beach: 'Did I borrow a pencil of you the other day?' Mr. Beach told the Court to keep the pencil, and the Court said it was a nice pencil, being sharp on both ends." We would suggest to the *World* the propriety of caging this young reporter before his mild symptoms develop into a violent case of insanity, or else somebody may get hurt.

Regulating Railroads.

The Legislature of Minnesota has passed a Railroad bill modifying materially the rigorous nature of previous legislation on the same subject. The measure provides that "no company shall charge, demand, or receive from any person, etc., for transporting person or property a greater sum than it shall at the same time charge, demand, or receive from another person, etc., for like service from the same place, and upon like conditions and circumstances. All concessions of rates, drawbacks, and contracts for

special rates shall be open to all persons, etc., alike, under similar circumstances."

Postal-Cards.

The new postal-cards will be ready for delivery about the middle of April. We read in an Eastern paper that the new cards will be unlike those now in use. The color will be violet-blue. The border, and all directions as to where and how to write name and address, will be dispensed with. A monogram, formed of the letters "U. S." will be printed on the card in black ink. This will be on the upper left-hand corner, across which will be the words "Postal-Card." The vignette—Liberty, with her luxuriant tresses hanging down her back, and confined by a cap—adorns the lower left-hand corner. The cards will be identical in size with the old ones.

Pacific Mail.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company has turned another of those remarkable somersaults for which it is famous, and now comes up with the notorious Jay Gould as the figure-head of the concern. The present arrangement seems to be a consolidation of the interests of the Pacific Mail steamers with the Union Pacific, Central Pacific, and Panama roads, Jay Gould owning a controlling interest in the Union Pacific and 100,000 shares of the Pacific Mail. Such a consolidation will increase the revenues all round, and give these companies a monopoly of the business of the Pacific coast.

POLITICAL MEMORANDA.

HENRY R. PEASE, late United States Senator from Mississippi, has been appointed Postmaster at Vicksburg.

VICE-PRESIDENT WILSON is making a tour of the Southern States.

OHIO Republicans talk strongly of pitting Ben Wade against Gov. Allen in the coming gubernatorial race.

THE Pennsylvania Republicans will hold their State convention at Harrisburg on the 26th of May.

THE Democrats of Pennsylvania have decided to hold their State Convention at Erie on the 8th of September.

THERE are said to be thirty contested seats in the next House of Representatives. The following is a partial list of them:

State.	Seat.	Contested by
Alabama.....	Haralson, B. F. G. Bromberg, D.	
Alabama.....	Williams, D. J. T. Bayner, C. R.	
Alabama.....	Hays, B. J. T. Jones, D.	
Florida.....	Purman, R. J. A. Henderson, D.	
Florida.....	Walls, C. R. J. F. Finley, D.	
Georgia.....	Hartridge, D. John E. Bryant, R.	
Georgia.....	Smith, D. R. H. Whiteley, R.	
Illinois.....	Farwell, R. J. V. Le Moyne, D.	
Illinois.....	Whiting, R. Leonard F. Ross, D.	
Indiana.....	Hunter, R. H. J. Rice, D.	
Indiana.....	Baker, R. Freeman Kelley, D.	
Kentucky.....	White, R. Harrison Cockrill, D.	
Kentucky.....	Morey, R. W. B. Spencer, D.	
Maryland.....	Walsh, D. Lloyd Lowndes, D.	
Massachusetts.....	Frost, R. Josiah G. Abbott, D.	
Minnesota.....	Strait, R. E. St. Julien Cox, D.	
Pennsylvania.....	Freeman, R. T. B. Florence, D.	
Pennsylvania.....	Egbert, D. Carlton B. Curtis, R.	
South Carolina.....	Hoge, R. Benj. H. McGowan, D.	
South Carolina.....	Wallace, R. J. B. Kershaw, D.	
Virginia.....	Goode, D. J. H. Pratt, Jr., R.	

To the above number of twenty-one contested seats may possibly be added others of which we have no present knowledge. Some of the above, also, may not be brought before the House at all. Two hitherto reported contests, viz.: Ward vs. Harrison, in Illinois, and McDill vs. Cate, in Wisconsin, have been formally abandoned. The seat for Delegate of Idaho Territory is contested by Samuel S. Fenn, Democrat.

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the Chicago *Tribune* says: "Andy Johnson arrived here last night. He is little changed in personal appearance, and is still earnest in expounding and defending the Constitution and 'my policy.' His friends assert that he will not attack President Grant personally in his coming speeches, but that he will be very severe on most of the Southern policy of the administration."

The Michigan Association at the national capital called in a body on the new Michigan Senator, Judge Christiancy, on the last day of the session of Congress, and tendered their congratulations. The Senator made a speech in reply, which is thus reported by the Chicago *Tribune's* correspondent:

"He stated that he had been called on by the editor of a Detroit paper to define his position, whether Administration or Independent Republican. He said he did not agree with the President in some respects, especially as to Louisiana. He believed in a policy of conciliation and generosity toward the South, and that the general government should keep its hands off State governments. He did not believe in the caucus system, and would not be bound by caucus action, but should vote according to the dictates of his conscience, and to the best of his judgment. He did not believe in the theory of dispensing patronage entertained by his predecessor, and should look after the interests of the State and nation without being influenced by partisan considerations."

A CURIOUS cemetery exists in Paris. Nothing human is interred therein, yet it has its tombstones, its dead celebrities, its graves sought by the multitude that remember the occupants, the Yoricks who have delighted them in life. This graveyard is almost a parody on the solemn sleepers who have had Christian burial. This is the official cemetery of the Jardin des Plantes. Over 700 bodies of animals that have died are buried in it. The favorite elephant, Chevrete; the first giraffe ever seen in Paris, and lately the huge rhinoceros, are buried there. The rhinoceros was one of the best known of all the animals in the Jardin, having been in captivity nearly thirty years.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.

THE Detroit Novelty Machine Works, which was incorporated four years ago, with \$100,000 capital, has gone up the spout.

THE manufacture of salt has grown to be one of the great industries of Michigan. An East Saginaw correspondent of the Chicago *Times* compiles some interesting figures bearing upon the trade, from which we learn that, in the Saginaw valley, or along the Saginaw river, there was manufactured in 1864 about 4,000 barrels, and since that date the following amounts:

1860.....	Barrels.	1868.....	Barrels.
1860.....	4,000	1868.....	555,690
1861.....	125,000	1869.....	598,873
1862.....	243,000	1870.....	646,516
1863.....	466,356	1871.....	735,015
1864.....	520,073	1872.....	715,316
1865.....	477,200	1873.....	810,495
1866.....	407,077	1874.....	971,587
1867.....	474,721		

These figures apply to the Saginaw valley alone. During the past two or three years, and particularly the past year, the salt-producing territory has been extended. A well has been sunk at Tawas, Iosco county, and works are in operation there. At Caseville, Port Austin, White Rock, New River, and Port Hope, all in Huron county, wells have been sunk, and works are in operation. From the annual reports of the State Inspector for the past six years, since State inspection became a law, we give the following summary of salt inspected, including the product of Huron county, which is not included in the above table:

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.
Fine.....	568,929	655,923	672,034	746,700	960,757
Packers'.....	17,969	14,677	11,110	23,671	20,690
Solar.....	15,507	37,645	21,461	32,267	29,391
No. 2.....	19,659	19,930	19,870	20,706	16,741
Refuse.....	7,618	4,262			
Total.....	628,979	732,437	724,481	823,344	1,026,979

PERSONAL.

PHILO PARSONS has been re-elected President of the Detroit Board of Trade.

CASUALTIES.

ALEXANDER CAMERON, of Harrisville, was recently struck on the head while skidding logs, and died in five minutes.

RICHARD GOODWELL, a young man of 19, while stealing a ride on the front end of a baggage car on an Indiana railroad train, fell off between Rockford and Edgerton, while the train was running at full speed, and was cut in pieces. He had no permanent residence.

A BRICK building on Front street, at Grand Rapids, occupied by E. Drew & Son, grocers, was destroyed by fire a few days ago. Loss \$6,000, partially insured.

A RENOVATED horse at Grand Rapids broke a telegraph pole, which fell and demolished \$400 worth of plate glass.

DEATHS.

MRS. JACOB NESTOR, of Grand Rapids, cutter throat with a razor, a few days ago, while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity.

A COLORED man named Powers, who has been missing from his home near Vicksburg, Kalamazoo county, was found a few days ago in a straw stack, dead, and partially eaten by rats.

A FIRE occurred at the residence of Mr. Tripp, at Baldwin, Lake county, a few nights ago, in which Dennis Robinson, who was stopping at the house over night and slept in an upper room, was burned to death. The fire had gained such headway before discovered that it was with the greatest difficulty that the family on the lower floor escaped.

LEGAL.

ROBERT COOK has recovered judgment in the Circuit Court at Grand Rapids against the Detroit and Milwaukee railroad for \$5,000 for injuries received while in the employ of the road.

THE Supreme Court of the United States, at Washington, has decided that a State has the right to tax land-grant lands while they are still in possession of the railroad companies. A test case was taken to the tribunal from Michigan. More than \$500,000 are involved in this question in this State alone.

THE jury in the Superior Court at Detroit a few days ago rendered a verdict of \$5,306.24 in favor of the heirs of May Stephens, of Ypsilanti, who died by drowning in her kitchen cistern in December, 1873, and against the Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Company. A few months previous to her death she had procured \$19,000 insurance on her life, including \$5,000 in favor of her children, in the Michigan Mutual, which resisted and made their case the test case which would govern the payment of the other insurance, the claim being that she had effected the insurance with a view to defraud, intending suicide. Exceptions were taken, and the case goes to the Supreme Court.

RAILROADS.

THE earnings of the Detroit, Lansing and Lake Michigan railroad for the year 1874 are reported as follows:

Passenger earnings.....	\$222,393.48
Freight earnings.....	559,671.48
Earnings from miscellaneous sources.....	25,632.42
Total.....	\$807,697.38

CRIME.

THE torch of an incendiary was applied to a last-mill at East Saginaw, a few nights ago, destroying property valued at \$7,000, on which there is no insurance. During the following day a fire was discovered in some lumber on the Russell Mill dock, and about 700,000 feet were burned before the fire was under control. The lumber was owned by S. V. Harkness, of Cleveland; it was worth about \$8,000, and was not insured. The stillness of the day alone saved \$50,000 other property from destruction.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IT is the Grangers who have the corporations' noses on the grindstone now. The Grand Rapids *Eagle* reporter says he has in his mind's eye a school district on the line of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, in which there are but a dozen families, and not a child that can be sent to school. The residents concluded they must have a new school-house, one worth nearly \$700. Of all the residents of the district but one was liable to taxation on real property, the others being homesteaders who are temporarily exempted. These persons, who had no taxes to pay, wanted the school-house built now, because in a short time they will have to pay taxes, the period of their exemption closing

soon, and they wanted it when it would cost them nothing. They agreed to club together to pay the taxes of the one neighbor liable to taxation, the vote to build the school-house carried, the contract was let to themselves, and the non-resident lands have to pay the bills; of these, almost all are railroad lands owned by the G. R. and I. In that district lands are taxed 60, 70, and 80 cents an acre for school purposes alone, and some of them the company would be right glad to sell at \$3 an acre if it could, or even for \$2.50 per acre, while the most expensive lands in the district are rated by the company at \$7.50 an acre.

E. P. WARREN, a watchmaker of Three Oaks, says the *Lanning Republican* has invented a calculating machine which, if it performs half the wonders claimed for it, will do away with the use of brains in mathematics. It is intended to work examples under nearly every rule of arithmetic. It is made mostly of steel, is very compact, has over 2,100 specially formed pieces, will run backward as well as forward, and will detect an error instantly. The interest of \$7,671.09 for two years, seven months, and nine days, at eight per cent., was computed in twenty seconds. Scientific men who have examined the difference engine at Dudley University say that this machine far surpasses it.

ALBERT LONG, of Ionia, was found in the street at East Saginaw last week, with nothing on but his shirt. His feet and legs were frozen stiff. Long went to East Saginaw about a week ago, and was taken down with the measles. He got up in the night while delirious, and got on the street. Physicians pronounce that he cannot recover.

THE LEGISLATURE.

TUESDAY, March 2.—Senate.—The great snow storm had so impeded railway travel that many members were absent, and the Senate had no quorum.

House.—Numerous petitions were received for the abolition of the County Superintendent; for a more stringent prohibitory liquor law; for the repeal of the same, and for a legislative request to Congress to give soldiers and sailors \$200 in money in lieu of 160 acres of land. A bill was reported in favor of permitting the incorporation of State and subordinate grants of Patrons of Husbandry. The remainder of the session was spent in committee of the whole, in considering the bills appropriating \$3,000 for a public hospital at the Michigan University, requiring County Treasurers to pay over all interest received for public money, prohibiting the use of petroleum or coal-oils for lighting railroad cars, and permitting the sale in this State of all petroleum officially inspected in other States and certified to be of 150 Fahrenheit fire-test.

WEDNESDAY, March 3.—Senate.—Numerous petitions were received in the Senate for the repeal of the County Superintendent of Schools, and both for and against a Prohibitory Liquor Law; and favorable reports were made by committees on the bills appropriating money to defray the expenses of a Commissioner to supervise the Michigan Department at the Centennial Exhibition, and making appropriations to the Agricultural College. The bill making appropriations for a stone corner to the new Capitol was reconsidered and recommitted. The House was requested to return the bill for the establishment of a State Prison in the upper peninsula. The House bill amendatory of the act regulating the rafting, booming, and running of logs was passed.

House.—Petitions were received asking the Legislature to memorialize Congress to grant to soldiers \$200 in lieu of 160 acres of land. The bills establishing a Superior Court at Grand Rapids, and vacating the towns of Huron and Webster and attaching them to the townships of Houghton county. The bill incorporating Marquette, prohibiting the use of coal oil in passenger cars, and authorizing Pawpaw to borrow \$50,000 to pay judgments against the town, were passed.

THURSDAY, March 4.—Senate.—Bills were passed directing the placing of the funds arising from the sale of Agricultural College lands to the general fund in the State Treasury, but appropriating the interest thereon to the support of the college; reorganizing the Tenth and establishing the Twenty-first Judicial Circuit; authorizing railroad employees to cut overhanging trees that endanger the safety of trains, and amending the act relative to embezzlement by officers of corporations.

House.—A lengthy memorial was received from the officers of the Michigan Homeopathic Medical Society, remonstrating against the payment to the University of one-twentieth of a mill tax, until the Regents of that institution shall establish two Professorships of Homeopathy in the Medical Department, as required by the act passed in 1873. Numerous remonstrances were received, deprecating the proposed repeal of the Prohibitory Liquor law. A bill authorizing the appointment of Commissioners to each county, whose duty it shall be to look after juvenile offenders, and to obtain, if possible, their adoption in respectable families, rather than to confine them to the Reform School, was passed. A long debate took place on the bill fixing the salaries of the military officers of the State, which ended in leaving the pay of the Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, and Inspector-General established at \$600 per annum.

FRIDAY, March 5.—Senate.—The bill to provide for a State House of Correction in the Saginaw valley was ordered printed, and placed on the general order. The bill to prevent frauds in the mixing of Michigan wheat with inferior kinds and qualities was reported back by the Committee on State Affairs, on whose recommendation it was referred to the Judiciary Committee. The bill granting 16 sections of State lands to the mile, in aid of a railroad to be constructed from Marquette to the Straits of Mackinac, passed and was ordered to take immediate effect. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, so as to repeal the provision which prohibits the licensing of the sale of liquor, was tabled. The design is to have all measures relating to license or prohibition discussed at one and the same time.

House.—Bills passed: Exempting private burial grounds from taxation; to prevent trespasses by hunters and trappers, and amending the law relative to Township Commissioners of Highways, so as to require the election of but one instead of three, as at present. The bill giving the Railroad Commissioners authority to regulate the height of bridges over railroads, was lost. All the bills before the House relating to the liquor traffic, some half dozen in number, have been made the special order for March 25.

SATURDAY, March 6.—Senate.—The House was requested to return the bill organizing a new judicial circuit, the Twenty-first, it being shown that the proposed circuit had but 26,000 people, and would constitute the smallest circuit by far in the State. The Committee on Public Health reported favorably a bill to establish a Board of Medical Censors, but not including the matter of midwifery, which is not to be controlled by the board. A bill was passed to pay the military called out to suppress a miners' riot in Marquette and Montcalm counties; also, a bill for the relief of reformatory institutions, and despatching territory from Schoolcraft county and attaching it to Marquette county.

House.—The House, in committee of the whole, agreed to the bill amending the act regulating the furnishing of dead bodies for dissection. It provides that Superintendents of almshouses and prisons shall furnish the University of Michigan, when required, the dead bodies of persons who would have to be buried at the public expense, and shall receive \$15 in each case for boxing and preparing for shipment. Preference must always be given to the orders of the University. The State Treasurer announced that unimpaired State funds to the amount of \$22,000 had been bought up since the passage of the law for that purpose this session. The premium paid was \$3,313.14. The Judiciary Committee reported in favor of paying E. B. Gilbert, Trustee, \$21,449.40, the balance due for improving the navigation of the Muskegon river. The Committees on the University and Normal Schools reported against the bill forbidding the State Treasurer to pay any money to the University unless homeopathic Professors of Medicine are appointed, and also against the establishment of a department of dentistry there.

MONDAY, March 8.—Senate.—The House bill

in reference to illuminating oils was adversely reported upon, and tabled. The House amendment to the act establishing State agents to care for juvenile offenders was favorably responded to. It authorizes the appointment of agents in the various counties, who are to exercise supervision over neglected and abandoned children or juvenile offenders, and to find homes for them by adoption, if that course is deemed better than confining them in the State Reform School. Among other duties the State agent is to look after the welfare of the children, and, if improperly treated by their adopted parents, has authority to cancel the indentures of adoption. Should the bill pass the Senate, the Governor will appoint agents for only such of the more populous counties as contain large cities. A considerable number of bills were agreed to in committee of the whole, among them those appropriating money for a copper roof to the new Capitol, and for an exhibition of the pomological products of Michigan at Chicago in June next, and at Philadelphia in 1876.

House.—The Senate bill transferring \$400,000 from the sinking to the general fund was taken from the committee on the whole and placed on the general order. This bill to reduce the number of swamp land State Road Commissioners from three to one passed the committee. A fruitless effort was made to cut down the pay from \$800 to \$500 per annum.

A Sheep War in Colorado.

A Denver correspondent says: There being no law to protect them against the sheep which nibble off their pastures, the cattle owners have been obliged to take the law in their own hands, and a law as bloody as those of Draco they have made for the poor seep. A particularly notorious case is that of a sheep-grazer named Childs, who, about a year ago, took up his residence in Huerfano county, and when certain cattle-owners, policemen-like, ordered him to "move on," under penalty of harm to his sheep, said he had a magazine of Winchester rifles ready for all who tried on that little game.

The cattle-men, however, bided their time, and one fine day, when they knew Childs was away and there was no one to man his Winchester battery, rode to his ranch and quietly cut the throats of 600 sheep, more or less, including a number of fine Merino bucks, worth \$125 each. For this Childs as yet has had no reparation; nor is it likely that he soon will.

The next largest massacre of the innocents took place last month, when a party by the name of Pollock, also living in Huerfano county, had 600 sheep poisoned, one night, when it was so cold that all his watch-dogs had been driven in doors. One hundred and twenty-five of the sheep had died before morning. The hides were saved through the sheep-owners turning in aiding their unfortunate associate in skinning them. Besides these notorious cases, there have been a number of minor massacres, resulting in the slaying of between 2,000 and 3,000 sheep.

To remedy this state of affairs, the Stock Growers' Association prepared a resolution deprecating further progress of this barbarous sort of hostilities, recognizing the right of the sheep to the public domain, and proposing that the two interests should co-operate and unite for the suppression of what was a mutual injury of both.

Grammar in Rhyme.

The name of the author of the following effusion should not have been allowed to sink into oblivion—"unwept, unhonored and unsung." On the contrary he deserves immortality, and the gratitude of generations yet unborn, for we have never met with so complete a grammar of the English language in so small a space. Old, as well as young, should commit these lines to memory, for by their aid it will be difficult, if not impossible, for them to fall into errors concerning parts of speech:

- I.
Three little words you often see
Are Articles, a, an and the.
- II.
A Noun's the name of anything,
As school or garden, hoop or ring.
- III.
Adjectives, the kind of Noun,
As great, small, pretty, white or brown.
- IV.
Instead of Nouns the Pronouns stand—
Her head, his face, your arm, my hand.
- V.
Verbs tell something to be done—
To read, count, laugh, sing, jump or run.
- VI.
How things are done the Adverbs tell,
As slowly, quickly, ill or well.
- VII.
Conjunctions join the words together—
As men and women, wind or weather.
- VIII.
The Preposition stands before
A Noun, as in, or through the door.
- IX.
The Interjection shows surprise,
As Oh! how pretty—Ah! how wise.
- X.
The whole are called Nine Parts of Speech,
Which reading, writing, speaking, teach.

He Was Through.

Saturday morning, at 1 o'clock, the police found a horse and cutter coming in from the country on the Pontiac road, with the driver so nearly frozen that he was lopped over on the seat and unconscious. He was taken to the station, and they thawed him out after an hour or so. When he could speak, he asked: "Sergeant, will I live?" "Oh, yes, I guess so," was the answer. "Well, I'm sorry," mused the young man. "I wanted to die, so that they could put on my tombstone: 'Here lies one who was fool enough to ride twenty-six miles to spark a red-headed girl.'"—*Detroit Free Press.*

THE YOUNG WIFE.—The marriage of middle age is companionship, the second marriage of maturity, perhaps the reparation of a mistake, perhaps the pallid transcript of a hurried joy, but the marriage of the loving young is by the direct blessing of God, and the complete idea of a lovely human life. Let those who have found that pearl of great price, keep it safe. Within the doors where love dwells no evil things should enter, and the loving bride who would be the happy wife must speedily guard against her own impatience and despair, when the lover is merging into the husband, the flatterer into the friend.—*Margaret Fuller.*

THE REV. MR. BUZZARD is the name of an Iowa divine.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

G. VAN SCHELVEN, - - EDITOR.

Saturday, March 13.

EVERYTHING bearing on our charter election was apparently as yet in *status quo*, until the last issue of the Grand Haven Herald, which contained a "Holland Correspondence," the publication whereof had been anxiously looked for by the few, privileged with a glance at the manuscript proofs. It must be viewed, as undoubtedly it was intended to be, the opening gun of our spring campaign, and the annual debut of some one or more of our local "political jockeys." (This term is quoted.) For let it be known that our spring elections are of tremendous importance, inasmuch as at no other time during the year the opportunity is so favorably for—(and now we quote from the article)—"reliable men," "soreheads," "political jockeys," "weather-beaten plugs," "free mares," and "plucky equines." On these occasions the people must put up with the "pranks and antics," incident to the season, the repeated performances of which are an eye-sore to any respectable community. We shall publish a few extracts from this nameless correspondence:

"The political bantering of last spring will not be repeated, unless the cohesive elements of our well-fed regular local candidate should preponderate; for sure enough that indefatigable personage is turning up once more in usual trim. Going his usual semi-annual rounds, bowing, shaking-hands, "button-holing" and casting about in general."

"We were just thinking with admiration, what an unusual degree of christian meekness said "standing candidate" must profess, failing now as "a county delegate," then as "representative" and again in the senatorial contest, and still willing to lay that sacred (?) head, wounded and sore, again upon the political block; just to "please the dear people" you know. Astounding devotion! What a martyr he would have made in a better cause! But political martyrs in a county like ours are never duly appreciated, as the case is here"

It is more than plain to whom the above remarks are dedicated. Next comes the following, intended for another, also a member of the happy family:

"The political jockeys here need a talking to, for always reporting for the fall and spring races, that same old, weather-beaten plug of a "mare." On every first Monday in April some jockey has got her by the halter, showing off her pranks and antics, and trotting her into an unhealthy perspiration. In the name of sympathizing humanity we protest."

The "mare" above alluded to, is weather-beaten indeed, and we presume will not thank the "political jockeys" of the day, for thus appreciating past services, even if they were coupled with occasional "pranks and antics." But here is another animal that's got to pass under the curry-comb of the "jockey."

"There is such a thing as riding a free "mare" to death. We all remember the catastrophe of two years ago when the Common Council were actually obliged to step in and take those plucky equine remains upon their shoulders and bury the debris of School District No. 1. What a solemn procession that was! It was the story of Balaam reversed; there one ass carrying a prophet, here seven prophets carrying—But now let School No. 1, be sacred to the memory of the old "mare."

We were in hopes that this question of "school" would not have been brought up again, and had lately flattered ourselves with that fact; but some parties in burying a tomahawk leave the handle within reach, and this is apparently the case here. We cannot reconcile its reproduction with the following:

"In our Republican city, at least, there will be no dallying with the Democrats."

The contributor should know from the past history that if he desires to see his Republican party united for a charter election in this city, he should if possible, ignore those questions which in the past constituted, and if revived in this manner, will once more be the issues upon which this people will join—issues which by common consent have of late years superseded all others, even those of the regular political organizations.

We fear, Mr. nameless correspondent, that you have overreached yourself. The men whom you thus assail are not within your reach. The people have on more than one occasion allowed them to occupy positions which placed them above such attempts at ridicule. They are to a certain extent among the most enterprising and energetic business-men of the place. For the mere sake of attempting to improve one's own position in a pet local quarrel, the attack is too malignant. It is too designing and too personal. The individual who resorts to the public press, of a neighboring place to give vent to a feeling of personal hostility, may find his own epithets in the above extracts. Many "a weather-beaten plug of a mare," might refer to a more useful career and boast of more merits, than the individual who attempts to jockey her.

We recommend to our nameless correspondent the article on our first page, and will let him draw his own inferences, whenever he meets an incident applicable to his own and local circumstances.

As to the next election, we hope the people, regardless of unnatural or forced

issues, will put down this eagerness to sacrifice harmony and good feeling to the intrigues of even the most "reliable men," and nominate and elect men accordingly.

For the Holland City News:

Mr. Editor:—Please publish the following letter, received in answer to the money sent to the Kansas Sufferers, and collected at the late entertainment of the Holland Literary Society.

NEOSHO FALLS, Kansas, Jan. 28, '75.

Mr. E. SMITH.

Dear Sir: Your kind favor of the 25th inst., containing P. O. Money order for \$38.63 is received. Permit me, dear sir, to convey to the Holland Literary Society through you, our heart-felt gratitude for their very liberal donation in aid of the destitute and suffering in this part of Kansas. May the blessing that maketh rich, and addeth no sorrow, rest upon your society. I know that the blessing of those who are really to perish will follow you continually. Inform your society that the funds thus entrusted to me will be faithfully administered according to my best judgment and ability.

Yours Very Respectfully,

E. VAN NORMAN.

THE reasons why the President did not sign the bounty bill, are given in the following draft of a veto which he intended to send to the House:

1. That it appropriates from the treasury a large sum of money at a time when the revenue is insufficient for current wants.

2. I do not believe that any considerable portion of ex-soldiers who, it is supposed, will be beneficiaries of this appropriation, are applicants for it, but rather it would be a measure for the relief of claim agents and middle men who intervene, or would intervene, to collect or discount bounties granted by it.

THE International Law Association, has recently received a letter from a member of the States General of Holland, announcing the sympathy and co-operation of the government for the meeting of the association to be held in that country next August, to reform and codify the law of nations and secure the constitution of an international tribunal, by a reference to which there may be a peaceful settlement of the differences of nations.

A DISPATCH from Rome announces that a Cardinal's hat will be bestowed upon Archbishop McCloskey, of New York. This will be the first time this honor has been conferred upon a representative of the Catholic Church in America.

We have received a communication in reply to the "Holland Correspondence," referred to by us in another column. It came too late however, for this week's issue.

THE "Holland Literary Society," will accept our thanks for honorary membership conferred.

Special Notices.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who has suffered for years from Nervous Debility, premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar st., New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address.

Rev. E. A. WILSON.

194 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

P. S.—The above medicine can be procured at the "City Drug Store," of HEBER WALSH, who has been appointed sole agent for this city.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, sprains, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The receipt is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for sprained or swelled horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" "Yellow wrapper for animals." Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, \$1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only safe article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children noed not cry and mothers may rest.

DEMOCRATIC CITY CONVENTION.

A Democratic City Convention is called to meet at Kenyon's Hall, Monday evening, the 15th inst., at 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Democratic County Convention, to be held next Wednesday at Grand Haven to send delegates to the judicial Convention; also to nominate a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools.

It may also be well to discuss what action should be taken as to our charter election.

By order of the Democratic City Committee.

WM. BENJAMINSE, Chairman.

Wood Wanted.

I want immediately 200 cords of Stove and Cord Wood—all sizes and lengths, for which I will pay the market price, when delivered at my Store in the First Ward.

J. J. FIFIELD.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 3, 1875.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in carrying on the business of Watch-makers and Jewelers, is dissolved by limitation. The business will be continued by W. H. JOSLIN, in the Bankbuilding on River Street. All accounts due to the old firm will be collected by Mr. O. Breyman.

HOLLAND, Mich., February 22, 1875.

2-4

W. H. JOSLIN,

O. BREYMAN.

Special Notice.

THE CITY DRUG STORE will be kept open on Sundays, until further notice is given.

HEBER WALSH,

Proprietor.

HOLLAND, Sept. 18, 1874.

New Advertisements.

TO RENT!

A good residence, with barn, orchard, etc. Inquire of C. VORST.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1875.

Lumber & Timber.

DeFeyter Bro's,

DEALERS IN

Wood, Lumber, Bark, Ties, Timber, and all kinds of Wood Produce.

We have put up in our woods, (on the Lake Shore Road, two miles West of the white school-house on the Grand Haven road) a first-class portable saw-mill which is now in good running order, and can serve the public at any time with all kinds of building material and fencing at low prices, and deliver the same wherever wanted.

We can lengthen out so as to saw 40 feet, and will make long lumber and timber a specialty.

Our facilities for getting out deck planks and any kind of ship timber are unequalled.

All bills will be filled promptly and with despatch, and a fair dealing can be relied upon. Custom saving done at bottom figures.

All kinds of Farm Products, taken in pay for lumber and sawing. Also Wood, Bark and Railroad Ties, when delivered at our Pier on Lake Michigan, or on any of the docks along Black Lake.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1875.

4-1f

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF OTTAWA.—ss: At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County on Friday, the Fifth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of William Brouwer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Ruth Brouwer, administratrix of said estate, praying that she may be empowered and licensed to sell certain real estate, belonging to said estate, in said petition described for the purposes therein set forth:

Thereupon it is ordered, That Tuesday, the thirtieth day of April next, at one o'clock in the afternoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "HOLLAND CITY NEWS" a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for four successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy. (Attest) SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

J. M. Reidsema & Son.

The oldest Furniture House in the City.

Always keep a full and well selected stock of Furniture, at prices corresponding with the times.

Wall Paper,
Window Shades,
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Feathers,
Feather Beds,
Mattresses,
COFFINS.

Wall paper bought of us, will be trimmed free of charge.

46-2-1y

For Sale.

A two-thirds and controlling interest in the Schooner *Arrow*, 69 3/4 ton, now lying at this port. For further information apply to the undersigned at Holland, Mich. J. KUIJE & BRO.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 6, 1875.

AMSDEN JUNE PEACH. Unequaled for earliness, neatness; good every way. Circular free. L. C. AMSDEN, Carthage, Mo.

NEW STOCK

At the

GENERAL RETAIL STORE OF DUURSEMA & KOFFERS.

Immense Supplies of

Dry Goods, Notions and Trimmings,
Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps,
Clothing, Groceries,
Crockery, Glassware,
Stoneware, Provisions,

Flour, Feed and Grains.

Our Assortment of Goods is complete and selected with a view to accommodate the various classes of Trade.

WE SELL CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Produce will find with us a ready market and the highest prices.

RIVER STREET, - - - HOLLAND, MICH.

P. & A. Steketee, Latest Arrival!!

Desire to inform their many friends and customers that they have on hand and for sale

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY,
GLASS-WARE,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
ETC., ETC.

Brick Store,

E. J. HARRINGTON,
Where may be found at all times, at

Wholesale or Retail!

Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest

CASH PRICES.

HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 1st, 1874.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS

DEALERS IN
GROCERIES
AND

FLOUR & FEED.

8th Street, Holland, Michigan.

We beg leave to call the attention of the Public to the fact that we have opened, in LABAREE'S OLD FURNITURE STORE (west of Van Landegend's) a FLOUR & FEED and GROCERY Store. We shall keep on hand everything that pertains to a complete Family Supply store.

Flour, Feed,

Hay, Grain,

and Mill Stuff,

At Lowest Cash Prices.

SLOOTER & HIGGINS.

HOLLAND, Aug. 13, 1874.

108-1y

DR. SCHOUTEN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS AND EXPECTORANT PILLS.

Have a specific influence upon the Liver and Bowels, and stimulate these organs into such vigorous action that the impediments are removed. Favorably known by operating mildly. They prevent all irregularities originating from impurities of the Blood.

—SOLD AT—

Wholesale and Retail

—BY—

H. WALSH, Druggist,

Holland, Mich.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 25, 1875.

2-4f

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,

NEW DRESS SILKS!

In addition to our Department of MILLINERY AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS, we have this Season added to our Stock, a NEW and COMPLETE Line of

BLACK AND COLORED DRESS SILKS,
LADIES' READY CLOAKS,
CLOAK MATERIAL AND
CLOAK TRIMMING, AND SHAWLS.

BONNETS,

HATS,

RIBBONS,

FLOWERS,

AND FEATHERS.

FURS, GLOVES, AND HOSERIES.

A Complete Stock of Holiday Gifts. Butterick Patterns.

L. & S. VAN DEN BERG,

EIGHTH STREET - - - HOLLAND, MICH

Notings.

MARK TWAIN's lecture for the benefit of the Hartford poor, netted \$1,200.

Rev. D. J. VAN DER WERP, of Muskegon, late of Graafschap, has received a call to Pella, Iowa.

THE Engelman Line has sold the Prop. Messenger, to Chicago and Benton Harbor parties, for \$29,875.

A decree has been issued by Emperor William prohibiting the exportation of horses from the empire.

THE Board of Education at Detroit, has voted to introduce German into the schools of that city. This ends a long and bitter contest.

THE dedication of the Masonic Lodge at Jennisonville and the installation of officers under its charter, took place on Thursday.

A SPECIAL meeting of "Eagle Fire Engine Company," No. 1, will be held at their hall, on Monday evening next. This call is to be considered as official.

THE ground is frozen so hard at Coldwater, that the bodies of the dead have to be placed in receiving vaults to await a thaw when it will be possible to dig a grave.

THE Republican Judicial Convention, for the Kalamazoo Circuit, broke up in a row, two of the counties quarreling about the number of delegates they should be entitled to.

In the Tennessee Legislature a resolution has been adopted to appoint a committee for a more full investigation of the charge that Andy Johnson bought the votes of nine members of the Legislature.

THE freight train on the M. L. S. Railroad, on Tuesday, came in with three engines, making the distance between Grand Haven and Holland in two days. Since then trains have been running quite regular.

By the earnest efforts of Senator Ferry, during the excited closing hours of Congress, the appropriation for St. Joseph harbor was increased from \$15,000 to \$35,000. There is nothing like having friends and keeping them.

"Why don't you hold up your head in the world as I do?" asked a haughty lawyer of a sterling old farmer. "Squire," replied the farmer, "see that field of grain. The well-filled heads hang down, while those only that are empty stand up right."

THE young Napoleon has placed the French Government in an awkward quandary by applying for permission to serve a year in the army as a volunteer. We say give the boy a chance, and let him show what he has learned since Sedan and the baptism of fire.

THE Hope gives the collections taken up on last Sunday for the relief of the Kansas sufferers, as follows: First Reformed, \$93; Third Reformed, \$100. At Zeeland, a similar collection realized nearly \$300. And there was no concert, or fair, or oyster soup about this either; it was a plain old-fashioned collection.

WE are informed that the ice in front of the harbor has formed an iceberg, thirty feet high, resting on the bottom of the lake. This will naturally resist the water which is expected to come down the river with a rush, when it does come, until the pressure will sweep away the ice and in that way secure us a good depth of water for the next season.

WE have received Parts II and III of the official reports of the great Beecher-Tilton trial. Part II contains a portrait of Mrs. Tilton, and Part III one of Mr. Tilton. The legal arguments of counsel on both sides in discussing questions of law, are very interesting.—Published by Mc Divitt, Cambell & Co., 111 Nassau Street, New York. Price, 50 cents for each part.

On Monday last, Mr. Huibert —, of Jamestown, committed suicide. For more than twenty years, the deceased had lived with the three Kruthof brothers; they were all of them single men, and lived together on the farm of the latter, twelve miles east of the city. Without any cause known to his friends, he had deliberately taken his gun, which was loaded with a heavy charge of shot, off the muzzle at his head and fired it. He was 57 years old, and in very comfortable circumstances, financially.

Mrs SARAH MORRISSEY, aged 17 years, daughter of the widow Morrissey, of this city, died very suddenly at Saugatuck, on Sunday last. She had gone there to visit some friends. On Friday previous she was taken sick; a lung fever set in and she died very suddenly on the evening of the third day. Thus within the short period of four years, Mrs. Morrissey has lost four members of her family: first her husband, in the summer of 1871; then a daughter of — years, and last year one of her sons, leaving her only two boys, the oldest of whom is nineteen years.

A "hard times party," is announced at Grand Haven.—Tickets, \$0.49.

THE Night Express on the C. & M. L. S. Railroad has again resumed on the line.

THE emigrant rate of railroad fare from New York to this place is \$12.95; to Pella, Iowa, \$20.25.

THE daughter of Postmaster General Jewell teaches a class in a colored mission school in Washington.

It is said that the Rev. Mr. C. Van Der Veen, is expected back from Colorado, in the course of next spring.

THE probabilities are that within the year the D. & M. Railroad will be steel railed from one end to the other.

ICE-DAMS have already been formed in the upper Kalamazoo River and some inundations have been the consequence.—*Allegan Journal*.

WE call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of De Feyter Brothers, who have made another addition to their extended business.

EX-VICE-PRESIDENT Colfax has just contributed one thousand dollars to the grasshopper sufferers in the county, in Nebraska, which bears his name.

THE Circuit Court Calendar for this term, contains seven criminal and eleven chancery cases, nine of law and ninety-three issues of fact.

It is now said that Mr. Beecher will be the last witness called for the defense. In that event he will not reach the witness stand before the latter end of the week after next.

SENATOR Ferry has been elected President pro-tem of the Senate. He has frequently occupied the chair, is well versed in the rules, and is a prompt, fair, and an efficient officer.

A WASHINGTON despatch says Senator Ferry is about to marry the only daughter of Congressman McDill, of Wisconsin. The match is supposed to have been brought about by Mrs. Matt Carpenter.—*Ex.*

THE improvement of River street, upon the plan announced last week, has been dropped by the Council, and the matter necessarily will lay over till next spring, for such action as the new city council shall deem proper.

At a fire in Ludington, last week, one Mr. Tripp, perished in the flames. He was the first one who discovered the flames, and awoke the other inmates of the house, but failed to save himself. When the fire was over, his charred remains were found.

NOTICE has been given that the main light at Racine (Root River), Wis., will be discontinued after the opening of navigation. Also, that, at and after the same time, the pier-head light at that place, will be changed from a sixth order red light to a fourth-order red light.

THE Fifth annual re-union of the soldiers and sailors of Michigan will be held in Grand Rapids, Wednesday, April 14, this day being the anniversary of the surrender of Fort Sumter in 1861, and its re-occupation by Union troops and the raising of the stars and stripes over its battered walls in 1865. The Executive Committee will soon publish full details of the arrangements for the day.

On Sunday noon, P. Dijkshoorn, living one and a half mile north of Zeeland, coming home from church, went in his barn to feed the cattle. As he got up stairs to throw down some hay, the roof of the barn fell in under the heavy weight of snow. One of the rafters struck him on his neck, killing him instantly. The deceased leaves a wife and three children, in rather destitute circumstances.

THIS is what the Grand Haven Herald of last week, says in regard to the detention of our mails during the late storms: "mails have never been delayed so much as at present. No mails from a week ago Tuesday till Saturday." If true, it would not be any worse than in some places not over twenty-five miles north of here. But it is not true, and then what's the use of publishing it. The delay and irregularity in mails, this season, is a matter of railroad management, and that's what accounts so satisfactorily for our brief delay in mail arrivals, which has never exceeded twenty-two hours during the longest storm we have had this winter.

THE Republican Judicial Convention for the Muskegon Circuit, met last week, Hon. A. H. Giddings was nominated by thirteen votes, Oceana county formally withdrawing and Mecosta taking no part in the proceedings. The Judge made a speech thanking the convention for the nomination and promising a good record for the future. The delegates from Oceana county were instructed not to enter the Convention or participate in the action thereof, unless it was guaranteed that the nominee should not be Judge Giddings. The bolting delegates met subsequently and placed in nomination against Judge Giddings the name of Hon. Michael Brown, of Big Rapids, also a Republican.

OUR Legislature is progressing slowly with its work.

MR. C. VORST offers his residence to rent. See advertisement.

THE Supervisor's and Treasurer's offices, in the township, will be lively contested this spring.

Mrs. SMITH, widow of the late Gerrit Smith, died at Peterboro, on Saturday, of last week, aged 71 years.

BRIG. GEN. L. THOMAS, the Adjutant General of the army during the war, died at Washington, on the 2nd inst.

O. D. HADSELL, of the Hartford Day Spring, is the Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Schools for Van Buren County.

GRAND HAVEN is asking the Legislature for a Supervisor for each ward. We hope they'll get them. They are entitled to it. The late vote on the poor question demonstrates it.

A Democratic City Convention is called for next Monday evening, to elect delegates to the County Convention to be held on the following Wednesday, at Grand Haven.—See Special Notices.

FROM a copy of the Patterson Press, we find that our young friend and typo, Adrian Rose, has struck a lucky vein. One Saturday night he spent \$1 in a gift candy store and drew a \$50 gold piece.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Holland, Mich., March 11, 1875. Edward Baxter, Lucinda C. Lindsey, Hiram Sawyer, WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

THE U. S. Supreme Court has decided against the railroad companies in the land grant taxation case and in favor of the state of Michigan. Under this decision the G. R. & L. road will have to pay about \$175,000 taxes for the years 1873 and 1874.

VICTORIA WOODHULL lectured in Ypsilanti a few evenings since. About 200 students from Ann Arbor came down to serenade her with tin horns, but after studying the physical construction of the audience they concluded they had better not.

ANDREW JOHNSON succeeds Carl Schurz in the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, and Conklin takes the place of Chandler as Chairman of Committee on Commerce. The changes in the Finance Committee, give it somewhat of a hard-money complexion now.

At the Republican County Convention held last week, the renomination of a candidate for County Superintendent of Public Schools was postponed until Monday, the 16th inst. The weather prevented the attendance of delegates, and in the mean time it will be developed what the Legislature intends to do with the office.

OUR Amended charter passed the House on Tuesday, with the provisions for a city library struck out. We admit that it is not plain to us, why the request of a corporation asking for the right and power to maintain a city library, should not be granted. Perhaps our Representative can explain.

Just as we went to press on Friday evening of last week, Mr. A. King requested us to place his card thanking the public and the fire department for their successful efforts in saving his house at the late fire. It came too late however, and hence we thought best to mention it in this manner.

THE neighboring village of Zeeland has lost one of its oldest settlers. He died, after the following incident connected with his sickness, had reached us; but we think it will stand publication nevertheless: One of the old residents of the village, was taken very sick the other day and being 84 years old, he was not expected to remain many days, before departing this life for his final home. The neighbors and friends, cheerfully rendered their services in what they supposed to be his last days on earth, and among those who especially desired to demonstrate their sympathy and express their regards for the old gentleman was Mr. M.—and his wife. One evening the venerable patient was very low and it was thought he wouldn't pull through until morning. M.—and his wife were to bestow the last favors in sitting up with him that night. At an early hour in the morning, the old man gathered all his remaining strength, and with the help of these two friends, raised himself up in his bed, wishing to express what was thought by them to be his dying request. He could barely move his lips, but finally succeeded in an audible whisper to give utterance to the following: "Brother M.—, when are you going to pay me these four dollars you've been owing me, these many years?" Upon hearing this statement, the patient was allowed to return to his pillow in a hurry, and Mrs. M.—, forthwith tying her bonnet strings, was heard to say that in her opinion the old man was still too much attached to the goods of this world, to relieve her of all doubts as to his future state.

W. H. JOSLIN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Bankbuilding, Cor. Eighth and River St.



Having disposed of most of our old stock, I have occupied my new quarters, on RIVER STREET with a beautiful stock of everything pertaining to a complete

Jewelry and Variety Store.

Silver Ware,
Plated Ware,
Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, and
Musical Instruments.

I request all of my old friends to come and see me in my new place and satisfy themselves as to the above.

Mr. J. Wykhuizen, the Jeweler and Repairer of the First Ward, has established himself with me, and will be pleased to see his old customers and friends continue their former favors.

All Repairing will be Neatly and Promptly executed.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 22, 1875.
2-1y W. H. JOSLIN.

Hardware Store!

E. VAN DER VEEN,

Gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage of his many friends and customers in the past, respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his

LARGE STOCK
—OF—
GENERAL
Hard-ware.

I hope to see all my old friends and many new ones to examine my goods, so well selected for the trade.

We have on hand a Full Assortment of the Best

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Stove-Pipe, Stove Furniture, Etc.,

Horse Nails,

Horse Shoes,

Wagon Springs,

Horse Trimmings,

Glass, Putty,

Paints, Oils,

Nails, etc.

Farmers' Implements,

Carpenters' Tools,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

E. VAN DER VEEN.

S. E. cor. 8th & River Sts. 46-47-1y

The Old and Reliable House

OF

E. HEROLD,

EIGHTH STREET, CITY OF HOLLAND.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he still sustains his old reputation, and that nobody needs to be wanting in anything which belongs to his line of trade.

Ladies, Gents, Youths, and Misses Wear.

Also a full line of

FINDINGS,

The most competent workmen constantly employed, and all work made up in the latest style and with dispatch.

Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Feb. 20th, 1874. 1-3½s-1y

REMOVED!

MRS. J. WYKHUIZEN has removed from Eighth Street to No. 25, Tenth Street, West of Hope Church.

Cures: Felons,

Burns, and

Scrofulous Swellings.

Makes a specialty of all FEMALE COMPLAINT AND DISEASES OF CHILDREN.

And recommends herself to the citizens of Holland and vicinity.

Mrs. Wykhuizen's Queen of Ointment can be bought at the Store of J. H. Klekintveld, Eighth Street. Price, 25 Cents.

HOLLAND, Mich., February 25, 1875. 2-1y

A New Opening.

A situation wanted by one who has been trained from boyhood up in the Manufacture of Cheese, in the Old Country, and understands thoroughly how to make the celebrated "North-Holland Edamer Cheese." He offers his services to anyone desirous to engage in the cheese business. For further information address "P. News Office," HOLLAND, Mich., Jan. 28, 1875. 50-5

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF OTTAWA.—ss. At a session of the Probate Court of the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Tuesday, the twenty-third day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five. Present: SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Lambertus J. Van Dis, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Francis B. Wakker, executrix of the last will and testament of said deceased, representing that said estate is fully administered, and praying that a day may be appointed for the hearing and allowance of said final account, and that the residue of said estate may be assigned subject to the conditions of the last will of said deceased and be discharged from further trust.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the twenty-third day of March next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in Grand Haven, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, That said petitioners give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the "HOLLAND CITY NEWS," a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy. (Attest.) SAMUEL L. TATE, Judge of Probate.

BAKKER & VAN RAALTE,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS, ETC.

A Very large stock on hand.

8th Street, - - HOLLAND, MICH.

46-8 & 1y

WINTERS Bro's & BROWER,

(SUCCESSORS TO DUTTON & THOMPSON)

PRACTICAL

Engineers and Machinists.

Messrs P. WINTERS, E. WINTERS and J. BROWER, have formed a co-partnership under the above firm name, and will devote themselves with due attention and diligence to anything and everything pertaining to the line of Engineers and Machinists.

THE SHOP AND FOUNDRY are located at the old stand, west of HEALD'S.

THE BLACKSMITHSHOP formerly run by P. & E. Winters, will be continued as before.

THE FLOW BUSINESS heretofore conducted and managed by R. K. Heald has been transferred to us, and will be run in connection with the above.

SHIP REPAIRING, will receive our special attention.

SHIP BLACKSMITHING, done in all its branches with promptness and dispatch.

Mill owners and manufacturers are requested to give us a call.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 12, 1874. 108-1y

I WANT

Everybody who wishes to purchase PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, GLASS, etc., to call and examine my stock. The

Holland City White Lead

is not surpassed. It is warranted superior to any White Lead in this market, and is sold at much less price. My stock is purchased in large quantities of first hands, saving all jobbers' profits, and I can therefore afford to sell below my neighbors.

Remember—I am not to be undersold by any House in the State of Michigan. Call and see.

HEBER WALSH

Druggist & Pharmacist.

46-1f

KEARNEY'S

Fluid Extract

BUCHU!

The only known remedy for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE,

And a positive remedy for

GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DISPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY,

Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the

BLADDER & KIDNEYS,

SPERMATORRHEA,

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder,

Coliculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S

EXTRACT BUCHU

Permanently Cures all Diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS,

Existing in Men, Women and Children,

NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE!

Prof. Steel says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other BUCHU combined."

Price, One Dollar per bottle, or Six bottles for Five Dollars.

Depot, 104 Duane St., New York.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis.

Send stamp for Pamphlets, free. 121-173

—TO THE—

Nervous & Debilitated

OF BOTH SEXES.

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

Dr. J. B. DYOTT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in mail or female, no matter what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10c.

J. B. DYOTT, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., N. Y.

SEEDS OF THE DESERT IN AN HOUR GLASS.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

A handful of sand, from the hot clime
Of Arab deserts brought,
Within this glass becomes the spy of Time,
The minister of Thought.

How many weary centuries has it been
About these deserts blown!
How many strange vicissitudes has seen,
How many histories known!

Perhaps the camels of the Ishmaelite
Trampled and passed it o'er,
When into Egypt from the patriarch's sight
His favorite son they bore.

Perhaps the feet of Moses, burnt and bare,
Crushed it beneath their tread;
Or Pharaoh's flaming wheels into the air
Scattered it as they sped.

Or Mary, with the Christ of Nazareth
Held close in her career,
Whose pilgrimage of hope and love and faith
Illumined the wilderness;

Or anchorites beneath Engaddi's palms
Pacing the Dead Sea beach,
And singing slow their old Armenian psalms,
In half-articulate speech;

Or caravans, that from Bassora's gate
With westward steps depart,
Or Mecca's pilgrims, confident of fate,
And resolute in heart!

These have passed over it, or may have passed;
Now in this crystal tower,
Imprisoned by some curious hand at last,
It counts the passing hour.

And as I gaze these narrow walls expand—
Before my dreamy eye
Stretches the desert with its shifting sand,
Its unimpeded sky.

And borne aloft on the sustaining blast,
This little golden thread
Dilates into a column high and vast,
A form of fear and dread.

And onward and across the setting sun,
Across the boundless plain,
The column and its broader shadows run,
Till thought pursues in vain.

The vision vanishes! these walls again
Shut out the lurid sun—
Shot out the hot, immeasurable plain—
The half-hour's sand is run.

JEALOUSY REBUKED.

It is almost impossible to please everybody. Mattie Glenn decided to please herself, and married Charlie Cheviot; and consequently she offended all her relations. And now they were as poor as church mice, and as happy as two babies to whom butchers' bills and house rent are mere dreams; and Providence seemed to have a special eye over them for a while, and both ends were made to meet somehow, until, one bitter winter day, Charlie slipped upon the ice, and fell heavily, breaking his leg and injuring himself, as the doctor thought, internally.

His employers were "very kind." They paid him a month's salary, and promised to keep his place for him; but, after all, that did not help the young couple to live through the long, long time which the doctor prophesied must be passed by Charlie on his back in utter helplessness. Mattie looked very dark; and as the young man drew his wife's head down upon his broad bosom, and whispered that all would end well at last, he did not quite utter his whole heart.

Had Mattie not offended her relatives, things would have been different; but the only one who would have relented—old Grandfather Glenn—was as poor as they were, and dependent on some of his rich children for support.

Alone they must fight it out. Charlie knew that.

Mattie was economical; but there were medicines and delicacies which must be had in sickness, but the little purse grew lighter every day. That thought made Charlie worse. He grew feverish very weak. His cheeks were hollow, and a cough set in.

"Worry" kills more people than disease; and "worry" was in a fair way of killing him. Not for himself. He was a man every inch of him. He could enjoy luxury, and he could "rough it" equally well. It was for this little wife of his that he grieved and was anxious. So there he lay, bound to the wheel of helplessness, through the long days and the longer nights, and Mattie nursed him. Would she not get weary of him?

Once or twice he missed her for an hour or two in the morning; and once she was gone all the afternoon, on some errand, she said; and foolish as he knew it was, he suspected that she lingered longer than she need on purpose; and he feigned to be asleep when she returned, and felt angry, though her kiss was more tender than ever as she bent over him.

A change of some sort had come to her. Did she care no longer for him?—was she weary of nursing him? He never would have changed to her. That thought once in Charlie's mind, it weighed upon it until it seemed a truth.

Mattie came to him one evening, and said, in a half-abashed whisper, "My dear, you are so much better now, that perhaps you would not mind my leaving you for a little sometimes. I have one or two invitations for evenings, and would like to accept them."

He answered, not so much surprised as hurt, "Go, Mattie; never mind me. A sick man is poor company"—and turned on his pillow with a sigh that had as much bitterness in it as sorrow.

Mattie heard it; but perhaps she did not read its meaning. She went to her wardrobe, and took down her treasured black silk dress, and put it on. She coaxed her hair into bewitching curls upon the temples, and knotted a pink ribbon at her throat. She unfolded from their wrapper her long-lidded wedding gloves. With what a pang Charlie saw that, for they had made a compact to keep them forever. She looked at herself as one looks who wishes to appear well. Then she said, "Good night, Charlie."

He did not answer. She thought him asleep, and only touched his hair softly with her lips. His medicine and cooling drinks were at his hand, and the room was orderly and fresh. Mattie looked back at it with a little sigh, as she went. He did not hear the sigh; and, being

very weak and ill, absolutely shed a dozen such tears as amount to a bucketful of those women let fall.

But he was really asleep when Mattie came back, and took off her finery, and donned the plain gray wrapper, and sat beside him until the dawn broke, taking only a few moments' doze in her chair.

He awoke from dreams in which Mattie had been doing a thousand cruel and improper things, angry and hurt, and bitter as ever. Truth and reality seemed mixed inextricably. He had dreamt that she kissed that abominable puppy, Tom Truefit; and, after tying him to a tombstone, danced over it with Capt. Corbet, with whom she had flirted in her girlhood. That seemed as true as her leaving him alone all the evening. He huffed her, an discolored at her. He refused attentions that he needed. He would not take the cool drink from her hands. He would not let her read to him. Not until two days had passed did he relent a little, on seeing Mattie wipe her eyes by stealth, when he had been unusually cruel to her.

"She is sorry," he thought; "and it was only once, after all. There may have been some reason for it," and he said, "Mattie, come here, dear, and sit down by me."

Then she came and held his hand in her own, fondling it and patting it, and he called himself, mentally a fool, and was growing very happy, when she said, "I must go out again to-night, dear. I have made an engagement to do so."

It was all to do over again, then. He took his hand out of hers.

"Why apologize?" he said coldly.

"If you wish to go, do so."

And she replied, as sweetly as though she had not been making his heart ache, "Yes, darling, it will be as well for me not to talk about going so much, but just to go, if I have to."

And then came the dressing, and the "good-by," just as before.

Only a sick man could suffer as Charlie did that night. The mind seems to have more capacity for agony when the body is worn out.

"She does not love me," he said to himself, and he believed it from his soul. It seemed impossible that a wife, truly attached to her husband, could delight in gayety at such a time.

He was suffering. He was even in some danger—it might be, very easily. That was a night not to be forgotten. In all the time to come, he never did forget it. And Mattie, did she guess what she was doing? It seemed strange that she should not; but perhaps she really was as cold and fickle as he thought. This was but the commencement of the lonely evenings poor helpless Charlie passed upon his sick couch. Two or three times a week she left him, and did not even tell him where she went. He would not ask. Indeed, he did not care. The fact that she could be happy in such conduct was enough for him.

Three weeks had gone by since that first absence, when, lying alone in his room, Charlie heard a rap at the door, and calling, "Come in!" summoned across the threshold their landlady, in a state of excitement which seemed irrepressible. She rubbed her hands, and courted, and "hoped Mr. Cheviot was better;" but that was evidently not the object of her visit. That seemed to find difficulty in manifesting itself; but finally she broached the subject in the following terms:

"Your good lady is out again, sir?"

"Yes," said Charlie, shortly.

"She goes out a great deal," said the landlady.

"Yes," said Charlie again, "is that anything to you?"

"Well, sir," said the landlady, "me and the other lodgers in the house, we think it is. She's but young, and you are here on your back; and it ain't what we call proper for her to go to dancing parties, and go home with beaux at night. Tain't proper for a married lady, and I thought I'd mention it. You see, we follered one night, and we know it's dancin' parties, and that feller with mustaches comes along of her reg'lar; and—"

"Leave the room, if you please," said Charlie. "You are insulting my wife. Of course she must have an escort home when I am unable to go with her."

"Leave the room, indeed!" cried the landlady. "Well done, for them as owes a week's rent! But I won't have no lady as can leave her sick husband, and go gallivantin' with beaux, in my house long. I've got a character to keep, if she ain't."

And away hustled the landlady. As for Charlie, he was more dead than alive. He had fought his wife's battle, but he was enraged beyond expression. Jealousy nipped him fast. He thought for a moment of taking his own life. He lay back panting,

"It was that, then—she had a lover!" He looked at the clock. She must return soon. He would see this lover with his own eyes, and then—What, he did not say, or even think. Only something horrible.

With pain and labor he got out of bed, and reached the window. There he sat looking down from the dark room into the light street.

People passed, chatting as they went. Every one was active, and well, and happy, but himself, it seemed. He moaned with grief as he sat there. He would have borne everything but the loss of her love—her neglect. An hour passed. Then a figure he knew came up the street, leaning on a tall gentleman's arm. They paused at the door.

"Adieu!" said a foreign voice.

"Good-night!" said Mattie.

"On Monday, I shall meet you again, at the same hour, madam," said the first speaker.

"Yes, I shall be there," said Mattie.

"And again adieu!" said the foreigner; and he lifted his hat, and was gone.

Mattie tripped up-stairs.

"The light out!" she cried. "My dear, are you asleep?"

Then she struck a match and set the lamp burning, and almost screamed, "Up, and at the window! Charlie, you'll kill your wife!"

"If I only do that, thank heaven for it," said Charlie. "Why should I want to live, Mattie?"

"Oh, my darling!" she cried, and came toward him.

He put her back with a wave of his hand.

"Don't feign affection," he said.

"But, for all that, listen to me. I am ill and helpless, I know, I cannot command love, but I can command you not to disgrace me. Who is that man?"

"It is only Monsieur!" cried Mattie.

"Oh, my dear, it is so kind of him not to let me come alone. Let me tell you—"

"Kind!" cried Charlie. "Woman, am I a fool? Evening after evening you leave me in solitude. Evening after evening you are escorted home by that fellow. I have suffered, I don't deny it. I loved you; I would have been true to you, Mattie, through all change; but you are a woman, and women are all false. But now I cast you off. Go to some of your rich relations. Tell them you have done with me; and that I have done with you. You have proved plainly that you care nothing for me. And why should you, for a miserable fellow like me, who will, probably, go limping through life? Why should you, for you never really cared for me? You—"

But there he paused, and burst into tears, and she would not be kept away any longer. She knelt at his side, and hid her wet eyes upon his arm.

"Dearest Charlie," she said, "listen to me. I did it because we were so poor. I—oh, Charlie, it is only at Madame Leroux—the dancing-school, I mean. She advertised for a lady to play the piano for her evening classes. I went; and I did not tell you lest you should be angry, at first. Besides, how could I know that I would snit? But I do; and to-night she paid me; and we need not suffer, darling, until you are well. She wants me to keep on. And it is only the gentleman who plays the violin—a grandfather, dearest—who sees me home as he passes the door. I am timid, you know. I meant no harm, and I thought of you all the while; and see how much I have earned. To-night I meant to tell you, and thought you would be glad."

Poor Charlie! He gathered his little wife to his bosom, and they wept together.

"And I may go on?" asked the poor girl. "Just while you are ill, darling?"

Charlie could not answer; a word would have choked him.

"I did go on," said little Mrs. Cheviot, as she told the story. "For a long while my playing at the dancing-school kept the wolf from the door. But Charlie grew better, at last, and was not in the least lame. And there is no need of my playing now, except to please the babies."

And then Charlie kissed her.

The Mysterious Circles.

Cut from a card two disks or circular pieces, about two inches in diameter; in the center of one of them make a hole, into which put the tube of a common quill, one end being even with the surface of the card. Make the other piece of card a little convex, and lay its center over the end of the quill, with the concave side of the card downward; the center of the upper card being from one-eighth to one-fourth of an inch above the end of the quill. Attempt to blow off the upper card by blowing through the quill, and it will be found impossible. If, however, the edges of the two pieces of card be made to fit each other accurately, the upper card will be moved, and sometimes it will be thrown off; but when the edges of the card are on two sides sufficiently far apart to permit the air to escape, the loose card will retain its position, even when the current of air sent against it be strong. The experiment will succeed equally well whether the current of air be made from the mouth of a pair of bellows. When the quill fits the card rather loosely, a comparatively light puff of air will throw both cards three or four feet high. When, from the humidity of the breath, the upper surface of the perforated card has a little expanded, and the two opposite sides are somewhat depressed, these depressed sides may be distinctly seen to rise and approach the upper card, directly in proportion to the current of air. Another fact to be shown with this simple apparatus appears equally inexplicable with the former. Lay the loose card upon the hand, with the concave side up, blow forcibly through the tube, and at the same time bring the two cards toward each other; when within three-eighths of an inch, if the current of air be strong, the loose card will suddenly rise, and adhere to the perforated card. If the card through which the tube passes have several holes made in it, the loose card may be instantly thrown off by a slight puff of air.

A HEROINE BY MISTAKE.—One dark night not long ago, a burglar entered a private residence on Broadway. On ascending one flight of stairs he observed a light in a chamber, and, while deliberating what to do, a large woman suddenly descended upon him, seized him by the throat, pushed him down through the hall and forced him into the street before he had time to think. "Heroic Repulse of a Burglar by a Woman" was the way the story was told the next day. As friends called and congratulated her upon her courage, she exclaimed, "Good gracious, I didn't know it was a burglar. If I had I should have been frightened to death. I thought it was my husband come home drunk, and I was determined he shouldn't stay in the house in that condition."—*Lexington (Ky.) Gazette.*

MOURNING AN EMPEROR.

How They Do the Thing in the Flowery Kingdom.

The London *Weekly Dispatch* has the following:

"The Emperor of China being dead, all his subjects, according to their rank, will be required to mourn his decease. On the proclamation of the Governor of the province, the mandarins under him not only put on mourning, but paint out the decorations on their house walls, and wrap their sedan chairs in black cloth.

The common people have to shave their heads, and also to perform certain ceremonies prescribed especially for them; but as for the mandarins and loose gentry, on a second proclamation from the Governor of the province, they meet together on certain appointed days in a particular temple, to 'lift up their lamentations' for the departed monarch, whom most of these mourners never once beheld. The mode of their proceedings is in this wise: The mandarins, gentry and others entitled to take part in the ceremonial, having mustered inside the temple, slowly and silently take up each one the position prescribed for him, according to his rank, on a raised platform previously prepared. This done, a professor of ceremony appears upon the scene. Everything being ready the professor, amid profound silence, calls out in a commanding tone: 'Kneel down!' Immediately one hundred individuals, more or less, being the highest in rank and power in the province, simultaneously fall prostrate. Then the next order comes: 'Knock your heads once on the ground,' which the company immediately do. Again and again the foreheads tap the floor, and yet a third time they are required to knock and knock.

"The professor, while they are still on their hands and knees, now commands them to 'begin their lamentations,' whereupon these adult, rational beings commence to moan and weep in a whimpering, subdued tone of voice. This having been kept up for a minute or so, all are ordered to 'stop their crying,' 'rise up,' and 'disperse from their places,' which, by this time, they seem not unwilling to do. Thus ends the ceremony of 'three bowings and nine knockings.' The funniest thing connected with the whole business is that, until the Emperor's death has been officially announced from Peking, nobody is supposed to be sorry. A steamer commonly brings the news down to a province long before the Governor's official dispatch arrives, and thus, though the Emperor's decease is perfectly well-known, everybody surprisingly commands his feelings, and goes about his business as usual. It is only when the Governor sends forth his public announcement that the land is convulsed with sudden and universal sorrow. Happy is the monarch whom the people delight to honor."

Plain Explanations of Obscure Proverbs.

"The more the merrier."
Multitudinous assemblages are the most provocative of cachinnatory hilarity. "Birds of a feather flock together."
Habitants of ether, similarly plumed, gregariously assemble.

"Out of the frying-pan into the fire."
Emergence from the culinary utensil into the devouring element.

"Too many cooks spoil the broth."
A superfluity of artists deteriorates the mock turtle.

"A stitch in time saves nine."
A connecting cotton link, properly established, is ninefoldly economical.

"It is a long lane that has no turning."

That rustic pathway is indubitably longitudinal that has no circumlocution.

"Love me, love my dog."

Evince an amatory disposition toward myself; let your deportment toward my canine be also affectionate.

"Those who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones."
Dwellers in crystal palaces should refrain from the propulsion of irregular-shaped particles of granite formation.

"This ill wind that blows nobody good."
The blast of Æolus is indeed malevolent that benefiteth not, though homeopathically, some portion of humanity.

"A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."
A natural production of the feathered tribe, properly secured, is more than equivalent to a greater number in a comparative state of freedom.

Laziness.

Laziness seems to be as natural as onions, and just about as healthy too.

The lame and the lazy have always been provided for, the world has always waited on them and always will.

Lazy folks are always wanting something, but they ain't always happy when they get it.

I have studied the lazy man klusly, and the philosophers tell us that laziness has ruined more folks than the measles has, I never knew a lazy man to quite spile yet or lose enny fatt.

Laziness iz sed to invite deviltry, but mi experience haz been that a lazy raskal kant earn days wages at mischief.

I dont luv lazy folks, I dont even respect them, but I kant help but admire the way they eat.

I never knew a lazy man yet but had a krazy appetite, and if he couldn't git sirloin stake, would take common hash, or kodphish balls for breakfast, and shove hiz plate up the sekond time for stum more.

Laziness iz one ov the fust laws ov natur, and for that very reason, I suppose, is entitled to some compashunn.

Lazy folks are generally fatt, and good natured. I have seen them so kind, and docile, that they wouldn't even fite flies.

—*Josh Billings.*

PRINCESS MARY, a Modoc squaw, and sister of the late lamented Captain Jack, is sojourning in Kansas City, Mo.

OUR FIRST BABY.

Drop from a fountain unfalling!
Into the world here wailing.
Come at the time of a crisis—
Fllickering the light in his eyes is;
Flesh, of a putty consistence;
Eyebrows, of faintest existence;
Nose, just the slightest suspicion;
Body in limpest condition—
This is my boy, and a dear one;
Possibly so, but a queer one.
Had he been larger I'd rather;
Nevertheless, I'm a father.
Pride my whole spirit is filling;
Rapture my body is thrilling—
What makes him wiggle so? Stop him!
Look how he twists! You might drop him.

Gown, of the longest and whitest;
Lace of the slightest and lightest;
Cap, which they tell me just suits his
Features, and socks on his "footies;"
Ribbons of blue and his sleeves up—
Bless us! see how how he heaves up!
Surely the terrible gluton.
Hasn't a paunch worth a button.
Nurse, take the fellow! He's drowned me!
Odor of fresh milk around me!
See! he has deluged my waistcoat,
Utterly ruined my best coat.
Yuck! once again—goodness gracious!
That comes of being voracious.
Carry him off to his mother,
Tell her I don't want another.

Stay for a moment, for maybe
I may have been such a baby—
New-comer just such as this is,
Smothered by virginal kisses,
Full as admirably dandied,
Full as tenderly handled.
Wonder if he will—it might be—
Six feet and one in his height he;
Wonder if he there his carriage—
Wonder if to him they'll carry
Just such a baby as this is.
Smothered by young women's kisses,
Baby admirably dandied,
Mannikin tenderly handled;
Wonder—Oh, stuff! let the thing go!
I am a father, by Jingo!

Pith and Point.

PARTY ties—White cravats.

A good floor manager—A broom.

WHO is the greatest terrifier? Fire.

CHEERY cobblers—Jolly shoemakers.

DOORS have a list-less look in summer.

A BAD egg is not a choice egg, but is hard to beat.

THE Minnesota wolves are starving.

Where's Bergh?

TO PRODUCE cowslips in winter—Drive your cattle on the ice.

A MAN squeezed a wasp's nest in his hand, recently, thinking it was a sponge, but it wasn't.

TAKE care of your health and wife; they are the two better halves that make a man of you.

AN excellent cure for dyspepsia is this: Give a hungry dog a piece of meat, and chase him till he drops it!

WHAT is the difference between a temptation and eternity? One is a wife of the devil, and the other is a devil of a while.

WHEN I see people strut enough to be cut up into bantam cocks, says Susan Tall, I stand dormant with wonder and says no more.

THERE is no such thing as luck. It's a fancy name for being always at our duty, and so sure to be ready when the good time comes.

ON a woman with red hair who wrote poetry—Unfortunate woman! how sad is your lot! Your ringlets are red, but your poems are not.

A MISSISSIPPI paper says: "Give a negro a spavined mule, a single-barreled pistol, and a brass watch, and you make him supremely happy."

"A FIGHT between a negro boy and a bear, after which a dog will be set upon the bear." All this at Waco, Texas, for the contemptible sum of 50 cents.

A BRASS band has just been organized in Mediapolis, and the inhabitants are flying in wild haste to the grasshopper regions.—*Burlington Hawk-Eye.*

"I HAVEN'T taken a drop of liquor for a year," said an individual of questionable morals. "Indeed! but which of your features is to be believed, your lips or your nose?"

THE American Consul at Naples is often mortified by his countrymen and women calling upon him at the consulate to inquire "when Vesuvius may be expected to give another show?"

READING in the morning papers that Thalberg had been embalmed by his widow, Muggins remarked that he knew several married men who were kept alive in a pickle by their wives.

LIGHTNING recently struck a telegraph pole and ran along the wire into the office at Coatsville, Indiana, when the operator, seated at the instrument, excitedly telegraphed back, "Don't send so d—d fast!"

It is said that some time during the present year a party of 100 Englishmen is coming over to this country on a great buffalo hunt. 'Ist! 'Ush! 'Ark!—

The 'orn of the 'unter is 'eard on the 'ill.

AN English physician recently removed a section of a patient's liver, placed it on a plate, scraped it carefully, and returned it to its place, fully restored to its normal action. This promises to work a revolution in the treatment of disease, and in a few years we will have an addition to domestic literature something like this: "Husband, I wish you would take John's right lung down to the doctor this morning, and have the middle lung fixed," or, "Will you stop into the doctor's when you come home this noon, and see if he has Mary's liver mended, as she wants to go out to tea this evening." The practice will become so common in time, we are sure, that none of the neighbors will be in any way startled to see a wife, with a veil tied around her head, leaning out of a bedroom window, and shouting to a receding husband: "Jer-e-miah! Tell Dr. Scrapen to send up Willie's right kidney at once, whether it is done or not. He's had it there more'n a week, and the child might as well be without any kidney, and done with it!—*Danbury News.*

How a Cat Won a Wager.
A number of persons were in the American House billiard saloon recently, when a man came in with a cat in his arms. A momentary wonder was expressed as to what the companion meant, as men are not in the habit of going about with cats in their arms. The observers had not long to wait, as the cat-carrier exclaimed: "Bet anybody this cat will carry a bottle of ale ten feet." Somebody, either doubting that pussy would perform the feat or willing to see it done, took the bet. Two chalk lines were made on the floor, the bottle was produced, and the performance began. The bottle was placed on one mark, and the cat was to carry it to the other. Seizing the animal by the tail the man hung her head down over the bottle. Obeying a known impulse, the cat grabbed the bottle with her fore feet. The man then walked over to the chalk mark, and the cat, clinging desperately to the bottle, carried it along the floor, to the specified distance. The wager was won.—*Miner's Journal.*

AMERICAN WOMEN.—It is a melancholy fact that American women have degenerated in point of health and physique, until they have become literally a race of invalids. How sad it is to look around us and compare the frail and effeminate-looking lady of to-day with the hale, hearty, and buxom ladies of days gone by. To all such the late discovery of Dr. WALKER, of California, which is known as VINEGAR BITTERS, is a priceless boon indeed. For this class of diseases it is certain and safe, and any lady, old or young, can take it with entire confidence in the result, and thus avoid what to thousands is a stumbling block never overcome, viz.—a consultation with a family physician. 'Tis true there may be cases of years' standing that will necessitate more powerful treatment; but in nine cases out of ten this remedy will reach the disease, and after a little time effect a cure. The number of ladies cured by it are numbered by thousands, and are scattered through every State in the Union. 26

UTAH is making rapid progress in railways. Iron is arriving in Salt Lake City for the Utah Southern, and an army of men are at work south of Provo, casting up the grade for the tiles and rails.

MATTHEW HALE SMITH, "Burleigh" of the Boston Journal, thus describes Judge Neilson: "He wears a wig, is lame, and dresses in a very homely manner, but he has got the grit in him. He holds the ribbons with consummate skill. He is rigidly impartial, has the decisions at his finger ends, is perfectly fearless, rules imperiously, like one who knows what he is about, and holds council and audience in awe."

ETAGERE CABINET ORGAN.—The *etageres*, as the French call that elegant article of furniture furnished with a number of small shelves designed for various small ornamental articles, has become a necessity in every fashionable drawing room. The Mason & Hamlin Organ Co. are now manufacturing a combination of the *etageres* and cabinet organ, very rich and beautiful, which they furnish for the price of an organ without the *etageres*.

CARPENTERS, see advertisement of Simmons' Sash Supporter.

Blood Diseases.
The blood being the source from which our systems are built up and from which we derive our mental as well as physical capabilities, it is important that it should be kept pure. If it contains vile festering poisons all organic functions are weakened thereby. Settling upon important organs, as the lungs, liver or kidneys, the effect is most disastrous. Hence it behooves every one to keep their blood in a perfectly healthy condition, and more especially does this apply at this particular season of the year than at any other. No matter what the exciting cause may be, the real cause of a large proportion of all diseases is bad blood. Now Dr. Pierce does not wish to place his Golden Medical Discovery in the catalogue of quack patent nostrums by recommending it to cure every disease, nor does he so recommend it, on the contrary there are hundreds of diseases that he acknowledges it will not cure; but what he does claim is this, that there is but one form of blood disease that it will not cure, and that disease is cancer. He does not recommend his Discovery for that disease, yet he knows it to be the most searching blood cleanser yet discovered, and that it will free the blood and system of all other known blood poisons, be they animal, vegetable or mineral. The Golden Discovery is *recommended* by him to cure the worst forms of Skin Diseases, as all forms of Blotches, Pimples and Eruptions, also all Glandular Swellings, and the worst form of Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores of Neck, Legs, or other parts, and all Scrofulous Diseases of the Bones, as White Swellings, Fever Sores, Hip Joint and Spinal Diseases, all of which belong to Scrofulous Diseases.

CONFIRMED—HIP JOINT DISEASE CURED.
W. GUNYER STATION, La., July 14, 1872.
DEAR SIR: My wife first became lame nine years ago. Swellings would appear and disappear on her hip, and she was gradually becoming reduced, and her whole system rotten with disease. In 1871 a swelling broke on her hip, discharging large quantities, and since that time there are several openings. Have had five doctors at an expense of \$125, who say nothing will do any good but a surgical operation.

July 16, 1873, he writes thus: My wife has certainly received a great benefit from the use of your Discovery, for she was not able to get off the bed and was not expected to live a week when she commenced using it, a year ago. She has been doing most of her work for over six months. Has used twenty bottles and still using it. Her recovery is considered as almost a miracle, and we attribute it all to the use of your valuable medicine. I can cheerfully recommend it as a blood-purifier and strength-restorer.
J. M. ROBINSON.

IMPORTANT INVENTION.—"In less than three years there will not be a metal truss in use," was the prediction of one of our most eminent physicians on examining the Elastic Truss of the Elastic Truss Co., 663 Broadway, N. Y. The extensive adoption of these unequalled instruments, which certainly cure ruptures without torture, will make them the only trusses used in much less than ten years. We advise all sufferers to send to the above company for descriptive circulars, as these trusses are sent to all parts of the country by mail.

THE NORTHWESTERN HORSE-NAIL CO.'s "Finished" Nail is the best in the world.

BURNETT'S FLORAL HAND BOOK. See Advt.

Reed & Sons' Organs.
If you wish to buy a first-class organ with the latest improvements, the sweetest quality of tone and the newest style of case, send to Reed's Temple of Music, Chicago.

DR. WILHOFF'S ANTI-PERIODIC OR FRUIT AND AGUE TONIC.—Wilhoff's Tonic has established itself as the real infallible Chills cure. It is universally admitted to be the only reliable and harmless Chills medicine now in use. Its efficacy is confirmed by thousands of certificates of the very best people from all parts of the country. It cures malarious diseases of every type, from the shaking agues of the lakes and valleys to the raging fevers of the torrid zone. Try it! It has never been known to fail. WHELOCK, FINLAY & CO., Proprietors, New Orleans. For sale by all druggists.

The test of time and experience is the only sure guide in selecting an instrument. It is of little consequence that a man makes one or two fine pianos or organs for a fair and intriguing success, fully for a prize. It is the quality of everyday manufacture that concerns the buyer—not what exceptional and costly instruments have been specially made for exhibition. The SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS are of high and uniform excellence, and are the best for actual use, having been tried and proved for twenty-five years.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALM causes the lungs to throw off the matter that is collected over the ice-cells, and makes the patient breathe more freely, and purifies the blood, gives strength to the body and tone to the digestive organs, and heals the irritated parts and gives life and health to the system. Asthma is soon relieved by its use. For sale by dealers in family medicines generally.

It is a rare thing that physicians give any countenance to a medicine the manufacture of which is a secret. About the only exception we know of is *Johnson's Anodyne Lintment*. This, we believe, all endorse, and many of them use it in their practice with great success.

Persons requiring purgatives or pills should be careful what they buy. Some pills not only cause griping pains, but leave the bowels in a torpid, costive state. *Parsons' Purgative Pills* will relieve the bowels and cleanse the blood without injury to the system.

GLEN FLORA WATER is indorsed as the best mineral water in the world. Cures Dyspepsia and all Kidney Complaints. Address H. H. PARKS, Waukegan, Ill., for circulars.

A FORTUNE easily made. No capital required. For particulars address Lohman & Co., Laramie City, Wyoming.

BURNETT'S FLORAL HAND BOOK. See Advt.

\$5-\$20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

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OBITUARY.

DIED, near this city, on Monday, Feb. 22nd, HENRY JACKSON, well known as the "Indian Interpreter," in the 50th year of his age. The funeral services were held at the M. E. Church, attended by a number of his own nation, as well as by many friends among the whites; and the body was interred in the Holland cemetery, with as much respect, and as sincere regret, as usually mark the obsequies of those who pass from us to the spirit world.

In giving the above notice of death, I am constrained, by a promise to the deceased, to go further, and publish a short sketch of his somewhat eventful life. He felt, that the people of Ottawa hardly knew him in his better, higher character; and hence some anxiety to be regarded and mentioned, as he had been, when he honored the ministerial office and preached Christ to his Indian brethren, with unction and power.

I enter upon this task, with hearty good will. Our intercourse of six years has led me to extend to the Interpreter, not only much forbearance, but a higher measure of esteem, than any other red man has gained; he had a goodly number of the best qualities of his race. Talented, and cultured to a marked degree, he must rank among the last recognized names of the fading Chippewa nation of Michigan.

Henry Jackson was born in the early months of 1825, at Galt, on the Grand River of Canada. His father was of pure Chippewa descent, but his mother was partly of French blood; and both were christians. At that time the Methodists were zealously ministering to the wants of the Canada branch of the nation, and by Elder T. Madden, the child was baptized, in a little forest chapel by the river side. His Indian name was assuredly long enough, for *Bammeno-Madeno-kaidker* greeted his youthful ears, as well as Henry; and seemed to predestinate him to a trader's life, though storm and tempest wavered him back. However, at the age of fifteen, he was placed in the Methodist Mission School, fifteen miles above Toronto, and there continued under instruction until 1847. His conversion to Christ took place in his 19th year, (1844), and from that time, he consecrated himself to the missionary work, in the service of his countrymen. Being adjudged as having that gift, he was sent to the Grand River reservation (of Canada), in 1847, as "Bible Interpreter," and in 1849, was licensed as an "Exhorter" in the same district or Indian Circuit. During this year, application came to Canada for a fitting person, to go and labor among the Saginaws in Michigan, and Jackson was selected, and recommended. Before this, he had married a native Chippewa woman, and she accompanied him to his new home. The time and place of her death is unknown to the writer, but their son, now thirteen years of age, is among his Canada kindred.

Stationed among the Saginaw Indians, he was simply an Interpreter, and local preacher for two years; for the next four years studied on trial, under the care of Conference, and in 1855 was regularly ordained as Deacon at Ann Arbor, by Bishop Osmen C. Baker. About this time, Rev. Mr. Glass, of this city, heard him address large audiences of his people, and bears testimony to the eloquence and power, with which he seemed to preach the word, nor does any reproach come down against his moral or religious life. Not long after, he was transferred to the Mission in this State, between Grand River and Marquette, and had the spiritual oversight of some 3,000 Chippewas, but of these many were still heathen, some belonged to other communions. Here he remained until 1859.

Meantime the United States authorities were holding conferences and making treaties with the Indians, and on such occasions his services were in demand as Interpreter. Hence came his temptation and his fall from his ministerial station and honor. In 1859 or 1860, he accepted the position of United States Interpreter, and in 1861, of United States Teacher, and was again located at Saginaw. If from this time, he sometimes fell into habits of intoxication, and finally lost his standing in the church, it was because of unfortunate surroundings; and I have it from good authority, that he ever deplored the unlawful sale of liquors to himself and to his nation, and entreated all men in office and authority, to enforce the laws of Congress upon this subject.

For the past ten years, Henry Jackson has had no official position. As private Interpreter, he has often been summoned into courts of justice and to aid in conferences with his tribe; but his health began to fail and his energy to abate. We have known him in this community for much of that period. As for his second wife, he had married the daughter of Davis, one of the chiefs of the Ottawas, who migrate, hunt and fish in this part of Michigan. About 1869 he lectured very acceptably in Hope Church, and since then, in several interviews, I have been impressed with the extent of his information and his ready command of a double language. Probably he was the best authority in the State on the subject of our Indian names and their meanings. At the time of his death, he was a recognized local preacher and had been ordained Elder among the

Wesleyans, but I know not, when this connection was formed.

Such briefly has been traced Henry Jackson's life. There may be some errors in the narrative but if so, they are unintentional. Last October, he stated to me his impression, that he should soon fall as the autumn leaves, and in December I found him in his hut, on Pine Creek, preparing for his long journey, and for the presence of God. Before the first breath of spring has called forth flower or song bird, he has been gathered to his fathers, and I trust to his Redeemer. I am glad that public benevolence added to his comforts in his sickness; that christian sympathy gladdened his heart, and that he has been placed in "the city of our dead," with the rites of christian sepulture. He wished me to thank his white brethren for all their deeds of kindness to him and his. And now, let the mantle of gospel charity fall upon his memory and be the only epitaph that may ever mark his tomb.

CHAS. SCOTT.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 9, 1875.

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HOUSE, STORE and LOT.

I offer for sale Lot 8, Block 41, being on the South-East corner of Ninth and Market Streets, City of Holland. The buildings are all new. It is a desirable location for any kind of business. Terms easy. D. TE ROLLER.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 8, 1875.

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HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 10, 1874.

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Have just opened a Large and well Selected Stock of DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY, AND

HATS & CAPS,

Which they are offering at Prices, that defy Competition.

Also a complete Stock of

FLOUR & FEED,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

All goods purchased of us will be

Delivered Free!

To any part of the City.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at our New Store on River Street, next to Van Putten's Drug Store, 46-47-48-49.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of Mortgage, dated the second day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, given by Jan Wagenaar and Maartje his wife, of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, to Willem Katte of the same place, county and State, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars and the interest thereon, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, State of Michigan, on the sixteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at two and a half o'clock, in the afternoon of that day, on page 523 of Liber "I," of Mortgages in said office, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, twenty dollars of interest, and also an attorney fee of ten dollars, as provided in said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding either in law or in equity having been heretofore taken to recover the sum secured to be paid by said mortgage of any part thereof; Notice is therefore hereby given, that said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or some part of them, as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said Mortgage, including said Attorney's fee and the costs and expenses allowed by law, and that for the purpose of said foreclosure, on the First day of June, A. D. 1875, at one o'clock in the afternoon, the lands described in said Mortgage, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the amount due thereon, including said Attorney's fee, and the costs and expenses allowed by law, will be sold at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, State of Michigan, said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County of Ottawa. Which said lands and premises are described in said Mortgage as follows, to-wit: "All of that certain piece or parcel of land, being situated in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, known and described as follows, viz: The east half of the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of Section numbered thirty-one, in Township five north of Range fifteen west containing twenty acres of land be the same more or less; said land will be sold subject to the payments to be come hereafter due on said mortgage as therein set forth.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1875.

WILLEM KATTE, Mortgagee.

H. D. Post, Attorney for Mortgagee.

\$5 to \$20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINTON & Co., Portland, Maine.

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Proprietor of "CITY DRUG STORE."

Established in New York from 1845-1857. In Michigan since 1857.

A Change of Programme Each Week.

PRICE REDUCED!!

I have this day reduced the price of

BENJAMIN'S CORDIAL

From 35 cents to 25 cents per bottle. There is no other article in the market so good to use for children, as *BENJAMIN'S CORDIAL*, in all cases of *Dysentery, Diarræa, Teething, Wind-Cholic, Cramps, &c., &c.* It is not only good, but perfectly safe, which cannot be said of those dangerous compounds known as Soothing-Syrups, Teething-Syrups, &c, &c.

Benjamin's Cordial has been in use over two hundred years, with perfect satisfaction. *Try It! Try It!* For sale by all enterprising Dealers in Medicines. H. WALSH, Proprietor for the U. S.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS PREPARED AT THE CITY DRUG STORE AT HALF THE PRICE OTHER STORES CHARGE.

We do not purchase Physicians, and have no percentage to pay to any one.

Eighth Street.

Holland City.

Jack Fifield's Railroad Store!

New Store! New Firm! New Goods! New Prices!

J. J. FIFIELD

Has opened up a new Store in the FIRST WARD of the City of Holland. The new building lately occupied by Mr. Bos, as a Bakery, has been fitted up to receive a

FRESH SUPPLY OF

Dry Goods, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Liquors and Produce.

A CARD!

In addition to the above general information to the Public, I would announce that I intend to carry on a WHOLESALE trade in

LIQUORS & CIGARS,

and give notice of this for the special benefit of all dealers in said articles.

Farmers will find my store a welcome place. I wish to buy all they have to sell in the line of PRODUCE, and can supply them with everything they need in my line. A good stable and accommodations for their teams are offered to them.

MR. JAMES WESTVEER will always be found ready to wait upon any of his old friends who wish to call upon him.

All orders will be promptly filled and delivered home—free of charge.

J. J. FIFIELD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Feb. 12, 1875.

The Estey Organ

NOW ON HAND BY

L. T. KANTERS & CO.

Our advice to the Public is not to purchase any Instrument, without investigating first the PRICE and QUALITY of these Organs. They are constantly kept on hand and open for inspection at

THE "CITY BOOK-STORE,"

NO. 72, EIGHTH STREET.

We also take orders for

STECK'S & HAYNE BRO'S PIANOS.

We keep in stock the two kinds of "HOWE" and of the "GROVER & BAKER" Sewing Machines. These four different kinds of machines, are the simplest and strongest in the country.

The depository of the American Bible Society has been removed by the committee, to the "CITY BOOK-STORE" of

L. T. KANTERS & CO., No. 72, Eighth Street, HOLLAND, MICH.

J. E. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN

All Kinds of Grain & Produce,

MILL FEED, CORN, &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

AGENT FOR

U.S. Ex. Co. & M. L. S. R. R.

Office at M. L. S. R. R. Depot,

HOLLAND, MICH.



Watches, Silver Ware, Clocks, Spectacles, & Jewelry, Pocket-Knives.

These goods will be sold at the lowest possible price. Every Article Warranted to be just as Represented. Watches, clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner. HOLLAND, Mich., December 1, 1874.

For a good bargain go to the Store of JOHN ROOST & SON, GENERAL DEALERS IN Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps, FLOUR AND FEED. The highest price paid for BUTTER AND EGGS, in Trade or in Cash.

REFRESHMENTS!

I have opened in the old Lawrence place, opposite the Post Office, on Eighth Street.

A RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON.

And I hereby inform the public that a ready lunch will be served at any time of the day, without the least delay.

CHOICE LIQUORS & CIGARS.

Farmers coming to town, will find this a comfortable and pleasant resort.

F. CONVERSE.

HOLLAND, Mich., Dec. 4, 1874.

Meat Market,

Jacob Kuite.

Since the dissolution of our co-partnership, I am carrying on this business alone, at the OLD STORE, where I can be found at all times, and where I will keep constantly on hand, the choicest of Salt and Fresh Meats, and offer them at the lowest prices. I expect to see all our old friends, to come and call on me, when I will offer them such bargains as will induce them to purchase their daily rations with me.

JACOB KUIITE.

Holland, Feb. 14, 1874.

PHENIX Planing Mill.

In re-building our new shop we have purchased entire new Machinery, Of the Most Approved Patterns; And we are confident we can satisfy all who want

Planing, Matching, Or Re-Sawing Done.

WE HAVE A STEAM

DRY KILN AND THE DRYING OF LUMBER WE SHALL MAKE A SPECIALITY.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS, Or anything in our line, manufactured on short notice.

H. W. VERBEEK & Co.

46-34-4.

WERKMAN & SONS, General Dealers.

RIVER STREET, HOLLAND.

Announce to the Public that they have received a large and new stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which is more complete in every department than ever before. They have a large line of all kinds of

Flannels, Repellents, Cottonades, Shawls, Young Ladies' Goods.

Skirts, Ladies and Gentlemen's Underwear, Prints, Notions, Hats & Caps.

Groceries, Flour and Feed.

Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

HOLLAND, Mich., Sept. 15, 1874. 47-38-1y

R. KANTERS,

DEALER IN

STAVES, WOOD AND BARK.

I hereby give notice to all interested that during this season, I will pay the Highest Cash Price for White Oak Staves.

CASH ON DELIVERY!

I will also contract for future delivery, and am prepared to receive staves on any Dock on the Banks of Black Lake, and River or at any of the Railroad Stations. All correspondence by Mail will receive prompt attention. R. KANTERS.

HOLLAND, Mich., May 1, 1874. 115-1f

GUN-SMITH.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public of Holland and vicinity that he has opened a shop for the repairing of

Guns, Sewing Machines, Etc., and all other repairs in that line, either of wood or metal.

I have located my shop for the present on Eighth Street, opposite the brick store of VAN LANDEGEND & MELLIS.

I also deal in second-hand Sewing Machines, and parties wishing to make purchases, will do well to call and examine my stock.

F. VELKERS.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 10, 1874.

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