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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XIX.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1890.

NO. 3

HOLLAND CITY NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT
HOLLAND, - MICH.

MISNER & MULDER,
PUBLISHERS.

Rates of advertising made known
on application.

The First State Bank.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN.

Organized under the Michigan Banking Laws.

ISAAC CAPRON, President.

J. W. BEARDSLEE, Vice President.

ISAAC MARSHALL, Cashier.

Transacts a general banking business. Also
has a savings department, in which deposits of
25 cents or more are received. Interest paid on
all time and savings deposits. Savings department
open every Saturday evening.

DIRECTORS:
I. Capron, J. W. Garvelink
J. W. Beardslee, G. W. Mokma,
Paul Stokette, G. J. Diekema,
G. J. Kollen, I. Marshall,
J. C. Post.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Attorneys and Justices.

DIKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law. Collections
promptly attended to. Office, Van der
Veen's block, Eighth street.

FAIRBANKS, L. Justice of the Peace, Notary
Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St.
near Tenth.

POST, J. C., Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office: Post's Block, corner Eighth and
River streets.

Bakeries.

CITY BAKERY, J. Pessink & Bro., Proprietors,
Fresh Bread and Pastry Goods, Confection-
ery, etc., Eighth street.

Bank.

HOLLAND CITY BANK, foreign and domestic
exchange bought and sold. Collections
promptly attended to. Eighth street.

Barbers.

BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth
and Cedar streets. Hair dressing promptly
attended to.

Clothing.

VORST, W., Tailor. Renovating and repairing
clothing a specialty cheap and good. River
street.

Commission Merchant.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and
dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest
market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick
store, corner Eighth and First streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, H. Kromer, M. D.,
Proprietor.

DONSBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medi-
cines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, Toilet
Articles and Perfumes, Imported Havana, Key
West, and Domestic Cigars.

SCHOUTEN, F. J., M. D., proprietor of First
Ward Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully
compounded day or night. Eighth street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist;
a full stock of goods pertaining to the
business.

YATES & KANE, druggists and booksellers.
Stock always fresh and complete, cor. Eighth
and River streets.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BECKSCH, D., dealer in Dry Goods, Fancy
Goods and Furnishing Goods. Eighth street.

BOOT & KRAMER, dealer in Dry Goods, No
Tious, Groceries, Flour, Feed, etc., Eighth
street next to Bank.

GRANDALL, S. R., dealer in Department Goods
and proprietor of Holland City Bazaar,
Eighth street.

DE JONGH, C., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Tenth
street opp. Union School building.

DE VRIES, D., dealer in General Merchandise,
and Produce. Fresh Eggs and Dairy But-
ter always on hand. River street, cor. Ninth.

STREETER, BASTIAN, general dealer in Dry
Goods and Groceries, Flour and Feed. The
cheapest stock of Crochery in the city, cor. Eighth
and River streets.

VAN DER HAAR, H., general dealer in fine
Groceries, etc. Oysters in season. Eighth
street.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in
Dry Goods, Groceries, Crochery, Hats and
Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

WISSE, J., dealer in Notions and Fancy Goods.
Also Hair Work. Eighth street opposite
City Hall.

Furniture.

VERBEEK, W., dealer in Furniture, Wall
Paper, Picture Frames, Household Decora-
tions and Novelties. Eighth street.

Flour Mills.

WALSH DE ROO & CO., Manufacturers of
Roller Flour, proprietors of Standard Roll-
er Mills. Daily capacity, 300 barrels.

Hardware.

KANTERSBROS., dealers in general hardware,
Steam and gas fittings a specialty. No. 52
Eighth street.

VAN DER VEEN, E., dealer in stoves, hard-
ware, cutlery, etc. Tin and sheet iron ware.
Corner River and Eighth streets.

Hotels.

PHOENIX HOTEL, O. H. Jacobus, proprietor,
On Eighth street, near C. & W. M. depot.
Re-furnished and renovated throughout. Rates,
\$1.50 a day.

Livery and Sale Stables.

HARRINGTON, E. J., Jr., proprietor of Holland
City Stable and Exchange Stable. General
teaming done, cor. Market and Seventh streets.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

ELLENAN, J., Wagon and Carriage Manu-
factory and blacksmith shop. Also manufac-
turer of Ox Yokes. River street.

HOLLAND CITY BREWERY, A. Self, Propri-
etor, capacity of Brewery 4,000 barrels. Cor.
Maple and Tenth streets.

HUNTLEY, A., Practical Machinist Mill and
Engine R pairs a specialty. Shop on Sev-
enth street, near River.

HUNTLEY, JAS., Architect, Builder and Con-
tractor. Office in New Mill and Factory on
River street.

To our Subscribers.

The regular subscription price of the
NEWS has always been \$1.50. Recently
the former Publisher announced, that
up to January 1, 1890 the paper would
be offered for \$1.00.

We have concluded to extend this
offer to March 1. Up to that date all
those in arrears for their subscription,
and all who desire to subscribe for the
paper and pay in advance, can do so
at the reduced rate of \$1.00 per year.

After March 1, the subscription to
the NEWS will be \$1.50 a year.

MISNER & MULDER, Publishers.

CITY AND VICINITY.

LENT begins Feb. 19.

PERHAPS this is the best time to buy
a cheap overcoat for next winter.

It is agreed that practically Lake
Michigan is entirely free from ice.

MR. and MRS. FRANK SWIFT, on
Saturday, were the happy recipients of a
girl.

Did you get this copy of the NEWS
honestly, or did you borrow the paper?

FOUND:—A lady's overshoe. The
owner can have the same by calling at
this office.

MR. T. B. KOFFERS has purchased
the house of John Cook and will occupy
it at an early date.

In several localities the making of
maple sugar has been commenced and
the sap flows freely.

LINCOLN's birthday was duly noticed
in this city on Wednesday last, by a
spontaneous display of bunting.

We would once more remind our
correspondents to forward their matter
in time to reach us Thursday noon.

It is rumored that during the sum-
mer—date not given—a State Institute
for teachers will be held at this city.

The blast furnace at Fruitport is
short of help, owing to the general pre-
valence of the grip among its hands.

The new postmaster at Kalamazoo
is James Monroe, formerly U. S. Mar-
shal for the western district of Michi-
gan.

SAUGATUCK sportsmen estimate the
number of rabbits they have killed this
winter at 2,000. No fish story about
this.

THE Muskegon Brewing company
have arranged for a \$25,000 ice man-
ufacturing plant, that will produce 30
tons daily.

STREET boys should be taught at
home that it is wrong for them to pelt
farmers with snow balls when they
come to town.

THE three-year-old delinquent sub-
scriber of the average country news-
paper, who has promised wood, will
soon renew on potatoes.

DURING the past year the C. & W.
M. R. R. laid 1,965 feet of new side
track at Zeeland, 1,295 feet at Holland
and 810 feet at Grand Haven.

OIL INSPECTOR KEDZIE is on the
trail of parties in Muskegon who have
been selling untested kerosene that
did not come up to the state standard.

DIVINE services will be held to mor-
row, Sunday, morning and evening, in
Grace Episcopal church, by the Rt. Rev.
Geo. Gillespie, bishop of the dioc-
ese.

THE matinee, Saturday afternoon,
at Lyceum Opera House, given by the
"Galloway Empire Specialty Com-
pany," promises to be an entertaining
affair.

WAITING for the appearance of all
such as desire to pay their subscrip-
tions in wood. If it is convenient to
them now, it will be more than accept-
able to us.

THE mildness of the season this year
has at least this compensating effect,
that the usual drain upon the several
poor funds is not near as heavy this
winter as usual.

THE directors of the C. & W. M.
Railway have declared a dividend of
one per cent, and the road reports a
livelier freight business than it had at
this time last year.

MISS KATE, 19-year old daughter of
Mr. and Mrs. P. Geense, of this city,
died at Grand Rapids last Wednesday.
The remains were brought here, on
Thursday, for interment.

MISS MARY BASSETT, of Allegan,
formerly a teacher in the public schools
of this city, has been appointed a mem-
ber of the State Board of Visitors to
the Detroit Home and Day School.

Among the latest victims of the Grip
is the publisher of *De Groot*, Mr. L.
Mulder. The junior publisher of the
NEWS, being similarly threatened, is
making a desperate effort to escape.

MR. JOHN A. ROOST, of this city, has
received notice, that owing to the re-
cent attack of pneumonia of Dr. Mc-
Glynn, the latter's engagement for this
city has been cancelled for this season.

MR. P. DE FEYTER has taken the
contract to build the new dock for the
West Michigan Park Association. It
will be 48 by 60 feet and located just
south of the Ottawa Beach hotel. The
pile driver arrived this week and active
operations have commenced. It will
be finished in about four weeks.

GRAND HAVEN: Steps have been
taken to immediately rebuild the Uni-
tarian church, destroyed by the late
fire.—The pews waiting room in the
C. & W. M. depot has received a new
maple floor.

HON. W. F. STORRS, of Coopersville,
was stricken with paralysis last week,
and is very low. Mr. Storrs is an old
settler in Ottawa county and at one
time represented this district in the
State senate.

It is said, that under the workings of
the new tax law it is more essential
than ever to preserve tax-receipts, in
order to be able to prove payment in
cases where lands are erroneously
returned as unpaid.

The seven-year-old boy of Mr. Bal-
dus, on Seventh street, died of diph-
theria on Saturday. Three more of
the children were attacked by the
same disease, but are recovering. No
new cases are reported.

HIRAM POTTS, the genial editor of
the *Cr and Haven Chronicle*, has
started on a southern trip. His ob-
jective point is New Orleans. The
Chicago Inter-Ocean will be the ben-
eficiary of his observations.

Among the jurors for the March
term of the U. S. court, at Grand Rap-
ids, we notice the following names from
this vicinity: L. H. Sanford, Grand
Haven; John Maxfield, Lamont; R. B.
Newham, Saugatuck; Martin Walsh,
Spring Lake.

MR. GEO. SOUTER, the fruit tree
dealer, who has occasion to be around
considerable, reports the fruit buds in
this immediate neighborhood to be in
perfect condition, and that every indi-
cation up to date, points towards a
good fruit crop.

THE engine for the West Michigan
Furniture company has arrived and is
being put in position. Other machin-
ery is coming in daily and being
arranged on the first floor. Every ef-
fort is made to commence running by
the 1st of March.

A GRAND RAPIDS syndicate, rep-
resented by Mr. Joseph Houseman, has
purchased the old fair grounds at the
Valley City. It will be platted and
sold for building purposes. The asso-
ciation has one year in which to remove
the old buildings.

THE Walsh-De Roo roller mills are
lately receiving large quantities of
wheat from Salem and the country
south-east from the city; the farmers
there being frank in their statements
that they obtain better prices here
than anywhere else.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Ladies'
Guild of Grace Episcopal church will
be held at the residence of Mrs. O.
Bryman, on Tuesday evening. Busi-
ness of importance will come before
the guild. Members and friends are
earnestly requested to be present.

AFTER a lingering sickness Mr. H. Te
Roller, departed this life on Saturday.
He was 78 years old and was one of our
earliest settlers, having come here in
1853. The funeral was held on Tues-
day, from the old First church, Revs. E.
Bos, and H. E. Dosker, officiating.

LAST Friday, Mr. G. Wakker, of this
city, celebrated his 75th birthday. A
pleasant family gathering marked the
day. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Van Hoes, of
Allegan, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Wak-
ker, Mr. and Mrs. Miller and Miss Nel-
lie Wakker, of Grand Rapids added to
the joy of the occasion.

MR. J. ALBERTI, the undertaker,
having become dissatisfied with the ex-
orbitant rates charged by coffin man-
ufacturers outside, is having certain
grades of caskets made in this city.
The result is not only satisfactory to
him, but furnishes also additional labor
to our home mechanics.

THE fire alarm was sounded on Tues-
day forenoon, caused by a fire in the
house owned by Mrs. J. Ryder, on
Twelfth street, near the railroad track.
It started on the roof, and though the
department was prompt in arriving
upon the grounds, the fire was extin-
guished before they got there.

THE new election law, passed by the
last legislature, will be found in full on
our 5th page. Its provisions will be-
come operative at the election next
fall, and are of sufficient importance to
warrant a more than casual perusal.
On that account this number of the
NEWS is worthy of preservation.

THE judgment which the state ob-
tained last summer against this county,
for sundry delinquencies, accumulated
during a period of 20 years, has been
partly paid. One-half of the amount,
\$20,000, was raised by taxes this win-
ter, and this amount was remitted by
the county treasurer the other day.

FROM a recent number of the White-
water (Wis.) *Gazette*, we notice—and
his many friends in this locality will
also be happy to learn—that Rev. A. J.
Benjamin is at present pleasantly lo-
cated as pastor of a M. E. church at
that place, and that the congregation
is flourishing under his ministrations.

It is said that the disease, known as
"gladders," has broken out among
horses in certain localities in Allegan
county. An official examination will
be made by the state veterinarian, and
if the rumor proves true, the affected
animals will undoubtedly be ordered
shot.—*LAMAR*: Four horses have been
quarantined.

AN action for \$20,000 damages
against the C. & W. M. Railway has
been commenced in the Allegan circuit
court by Alida Cook, administratrix of
the estate of her late husband, Henry
Cook. The latter was a son of Hiram
Cook, of Overisel, and was run over by
a freight train at a street-crossing in
Muskegon, in December, 1888, and
killed. Messrs. G. J. Diekema and J.
C. Post, of this city, are the attorneys
for the plaintiff.

THE mild weather again admits of
the running of the boat on Kalamazoo
river, between Saugatuck and Rich-
mond, and the stage coach has been
laid up. This is the first winter, with-
in the recollection of the oldest settler,
that this has been done. The work of
fitting out the steamer "Kalamazoo"
for the coming season, has also com-
menced.

At the Old Settlers meeting of the
Grand River Valley, held at Grand
Rapids this week, Mr. Thos. D. Gilbert
made the statement that there were
only four survivors of the first band of
pioneers that settled at "the rapids,"
on Grand River: Mrs. Burton and
Mrs. Campan, of that city; Capt. How-
litt, of Grand Haven and Mr. Z. Win-
sor, at present at Chattanooga, Tenn.

We learn that steps will be taken at
an early date, by the committee in
charge of the matter, to further the
project of deepening our harbor in
time for the opening of navigation.
Upon the efforts and success of these
gentlemen will depend largely the fate
of our steamboat communication with
Chicago, next summer; for unless some-
thing be done to permanently remove
the present obstruction in the harbor,
we cannot look for a continuance of
our present boat line.

Among the building projects of next
season we can mention one continuous
two-story brick block, of five stores, on
the north side of Eighth street, be-
tween Cedar and Market. Of these
Messrs. Notier and Verschure will put
up a double store front, at their present
site; R. N. Jones & Son, jewelers, will
come next west, and they will also
vener the store they now occupy. The
fifth will be erected by parties from
Flint, 100 feet deep, to be used in the
produce business. All of which will
appear materially to the activity and
appearance of that part of Eighth street.

SURVEYOR SKEELS of Grand Rapids
has completed a map of the canal
which he surveyed for Mr. Comstock
and also a vertical section of the route.
The map shows that the route follows
the general line of the river on its
north bank, cutting off, perhaps, five
miles of the distance covered by the
river route. The profile shows the fall
from the point of starting to the point
of termination at Lake Michigan to be
about twenty feet, while the highest
elevation of the land above the termina-
tion is fully 30 feet. The drawings are
on an exhibition at the board of trade
rooms.—*G. R. Democrat*.

THE Muskegon *Chronicle*, in mention-
ing the arrival of Rev. W. Moordyk, as
pastor of one of the Reformed churches
at that place, says: "Mr. Moordyk is
47 years old, has followed the ministry
for more than twenty years, and is a
graduate of Hope College and the theo-
logical seminary connected therewith.
He belonged to the pioneer class of
both seminary and college. About
twenty-five years ago he was in Muske-
gon for several weeks and was then a
laborer in one of our saw mills. He
walked from here to Kalamazoo, and
there, for one year, lay sick with fever
and ague. From there he attended
Hope college, and three years later
entered the seminary."

At the next annual meeting of the
county superintendents of the poor and
county agents, of this state, to be held
at Big Rapids, next week, we notice
from the programme as published that,
among other addresses, will be deliv-
ered on topics assigned to them, as fol-
lows: By Prof. G. J. Kollen, "How to
prevent pauperism;" H. D. Post, "The
meanness of railway corporations in
refusing reduced fares to the members
of this and kindred associations;"
Prof. J. W. Bardslee, D. D., "Reli-
gious services in prisons and poor
houses;" Mr. W. N. Angel, one of the
superintendents of the poor of this
county, is vice president of the associa-
tion. Mr. W. Diekema, of Holland
township, will also attend the conven-
tion.

OPINIONS from the fruit growers in
regard to the condition of the peach
buds differ as widely as usual this
month. The other day we questioned
a practical horticulturist in regard to
the situation, and he stated that a
careful examination had failed to con-
vince him that the buds were unusu-
ally developed for this time of the year.
Within an hour from that time we re-
ceived the information from one of the
most successful peach growers of this
section that the buds on his trees were
in a very soft and swollen condition,
almost ready to blow, and totally un-
fit to encounter anything approaching a
severe temperature. These opinions
represent the extreme views of the
situation; the truth is likely the medium
of the two, though either may be cor-
rect in particular localities.—*Saugatuck
Commercial*.

THE local committee on statistics
bearing upon the project of a new rail-
road line from Grand Rapids to Benton
Harbor via Holland, has completed its
labors and the result of their research
has been forwarded to the board of di-
rectors. The people along the several
proposed routes seem to be alive to the
importance of the location to their sev-
eral towns, and are sending in statis-
tics and estimates of a future develop-
ment at a lively rate. A delegation
from Hamilton passed through the city
Monday, on their way to Grand Rap-
ids, to enforce their statistical docu-
ments upon the minds of the board
with a display of ponderous logic.
Along the line of the fruit belt this
new road is very much desired. They
argue that "at least it would give to
the fruitgrowers of this shore what
they have long needed, competition
with the C. & W. M. and its grasping
connivance with the express company
in carriage of fruit to Chicago," and
that hence "a large proportion of the
right of way would be offered as an in-
ducement to such a line, for at present
we pay a rate for carrying fruit to Chi-
cago far in excess of rates charged for
some class of freight from any other
point, without regard to distance."

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proposed routes seem to be alive to the
importance of the location to their sev-
eral towns, and are sending in statis-
tics and estimates of a future develop-
ment at a lively rate. A delegation
from Hamilton passed through the city
Monday, on their way to Grand Rap-
ids, to enforce their statistical docu-
ments upon the minds of the board
with a display of ponderous logic.
Along the line of the fruit belt this
new road is very much desired. They
argue that "at least it would give to
the fruitgrowers of this shore what
they have long needed, competition
with the C. & W. M. and its grasping
connivance with the express company
in carriage of fruit to Chicago," and
that hence "a large proportion of the
right of way would be offered as an in-
ducement to such a line, for at present
we pay a rate for carrying fruit to Chi-
cago far in excess of rates charged for
some class of freight from any other
point, without regard to distance."

EDITOR REED, of the *Allegan Gazette*,
rises in his editorial seat, and gives
his version of the all-prevailing influ-
enza. He speaks in this style: "When
a man is seized by lagrippe he is in-
clined to take it philosophically, feeling
that it might as well be he as anybody
and that he is only bearing his share of
it. But when it a second time puts
him on his back, thrusts a sponge down
his windpipe, chucks a butcher knife
into his short ribs and keeps jabbing

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS RECORD.

SUMMARY OF THE EVENTFUL HAPPENINGS OF A WEEK.

Political, Commercial, and Industrial News from All Over the Land—Fires, Accidents, and Crimes—The Gist of the News in a Few Lines.

AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION.

Senator Pierce introduces a bill for the investigation of Agricultural Depression. In the Senate on the 11th inst., Mr. Hoar introduced a bill to provide for the honor and election of members of Congress. It prevents any reapportionment of Congressional districts after the new census till such reapportionment is made by Congress. Among other bills introduced and referred were the following: By Mr. Edmunds, establishing a public school system in Utah; also providing for an inspection of meat for exportation; prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink; and authorizing the President to make proclamation in certain cases. By Mr. Pierce, to create an Agricultural Commission to investigate the present depressed condition of the agricultural interests of the country. The Senate bills appropriating \$100,000 each for public buildings at Burlington, Iowa, and Beatrice, Neb., were passed, as was also the Senate bill for the relief of certain settlers on the public lands. It provides for legalizing claims filed during a vacancy in land offices. The Senate then went into executive session and adjourned. In the House, Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, called up for consideration the proposed changes in the rules, and he offered a resolution providing that general debate should close within twenty-four hours, and providing for a vote on the code before adjournment on the 12th. Rejected—53 to 129. The debate on the proposed changes in the rules was resumed, Messrs. Holman, McAdoo, and O'Ferrall opposing the proposed changes and Messrs. Grosvenor and Payson favoring them.

APPOINTMENTS APPROVED.

The Senate Confirms Several Nominations of the President.

The following appointments have been confirmed by the Senate:

Robert Adams Jr., of Pennsylvania, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of Brazil; Harry R. Newberry of Michigan, Secretary of Legation at Madrid; Adolph G. Sturges of Iowa, United States Consul at Buenos Aires; United States Attorneys—Benjamin F. Fowler, for Wyoming; Samuel W. Hawkins, Western District of Tennessee; Hugh P. Lindsay, Eastern District of Tennessee; W. Cole, Southern District of California; John R. Middle, Middle District of Tennessee; United States Marshals—G. E. Gard, Southern District of California; T. Romero, for New Mexico; J. J. Dickerson, Eastern District of Texas; D. B. Miller, Southern District of Iowa; G. K. Foster, Surveyor of Customs, Dubuque, Iowa; C. W. Mather, Supervisor of Census, Second Census District, South Dakota.

A COAL STRIKE PREDICTED.

Ex-Secretary McBryde Thinks Seventy-five Thousand Miners Will Soon Go Out.

A PITTSBURGH dispatch says: Patrick McBryde, ex-Secretary of the Miners' National Protective Union, and member of the Executive Board of the United Miners, is here, arranging for the annual conference with the operators. He says unless the operators of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois sign the interstate scale the greatest coal miners' strike ever seen in this country will take place. It makes no difference whether the Pittsburgh operators are willing to grant the advance or not. The four States must act together or a shut-down will be called by the miners' representatives. This will throw 75,000 miners idle. As the operators of Indiana and Illinois have virtually refused to go into the conference, the strike seems probable.

First Sleighing in Mexico.

SLEIGHING at San Luis Potosi, Mexico, was indulged in by the American inhabitants of that city the other day. The native inhabitants of that tropical climate for more than ten generations have never before seen snow on the streets of their city, and such a thing as sleighing to them was not known until seen after its introduction by the American residents.

The Electric Death Penalty Certain.

An Albany (N. Y.) dispatch says: The commission appointed to test the electrical execution apparatus, after experimenting at the institutions of Sing Sing, Auburn, and Dannemora, finds that the dynamo can be successfully used and that death by electricity can be accomplished within four seconds.

Close of the Chess Tourney.

At the close of the chess tourney at St. Louis Showalter stood first, Pollock second, Lipschultz third, Haller fourth, and Robbins fifth. Max Judd and Showalter are to play a match in April for \$250 a side.

Nominations.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has sent to the Senate the following nominations: Herman H. Netwick, to be Register of the Land Office at Chamberlain, S. D.; Wm. T. LaFollette, Receiver of Public Money at Chamberlain, S. D.

Dundee Strikers Victorious.

The strike of the dock laborers at Dundee, Scotland, has been settled, the masters granting the advance in wages demanded by the men.

Obituary.

W. L. COWARDIN, President of the Virginia and Marine Insurance Company, died at Richmond, aged 72 years. He was well known throughout the United States.

A Colliery Shut Down.

The Philadelphia and Reading Company's North Ashland colliery has shut down indefinitely, throwing 500 men and boys out of employment.

Donated Land to St. Joseph.

HENRY KRUG, a capitalist of St. Joseph, Mo., has donated to the city a tract of land worth \$75,000.

Glass Manufacturers May Combine.

The manufacturers of flint glass tableware are considering the advisability of consolidating their interests.

The Democrat Must Go.

The House Elections Committee, by a strict party vote, have decided to recommend that the House unseat Pendleton and seat Atkinson, the Republican contestant from the First West Virginia district. Mr. O'Ferrall will submit a minority report.

Shipped Dress and Beef to Liverpool.

The first consignment of dressed beef has just been shipped from Baltimore for Liverpool. There were 2,500 quarters of beef in the consignment. The dressed meat is preserved by cold-air machines.

CURRENT HAPPENINGS.

EASTERN OCCURRENCES.

A BOSTON paper asserts that a great labor financial alliance is forming, to prepare for any strikes or lockouts that may result from the enforcement of the eight-hour law, the plan being to raise a vast sum to aid strikers and their families.

A KINGSTON (N. Y.) dispatch says: The four children of Jacob R. Slater were skating on the lake at Binnewater, about six miles from here, when the ice, which was but a few inches thick, gave way and the little ones were precipitated into the water. Their shouts were heard by the members of the family, who lived near by, and the father and mother rushed to the rescue. By the time the parents reached the lake the children had disappeared beneath the ice. The mother, frantic with the thought of her children's peril, rushed upon the ice, which gave way beneath her weight, and she sank below the surface. Mr. Slater then attempted to reach his wife, and he, too, was drowned. The entire family is wiped out of existence.

In the libel suit at Buffalo of the Rev. Dr. Ball against the New York Evening Post, the jury has returned a verdict of "no cause for action."

The Lenox Hill Bank of New York has opened its doors for the transaction of regular business. President Jordan has finally succeeded in straightening out matters to the entire satisfaction of all the old Lenox Hill depositors. The \$53,000 in bills receivable deposited in the vaults make it solvent. The stock now stands at 105 on the books.

STEPHEN B. ELKINS denies the report from the West that a new Republican paper is to be started in New York City, and that he is to be one of the principal backers. He says he knows nothing of such a scheme, and supposes the story started from his loaning money to the Graphic when that paper was made a Republican organ.

The steamship Brampton, just arrived in New York, reported the sinking of a brigantine rigged steamship Jan. 22 last, with all on board. It is supposed to be the Bamerda, loaded with oats for Cardiff and carrying a crew of twenty-five men.

An Italian christening was held on Sunday in Newark, N. J., at the house of Garrino Vito. During the festivities Vito became involved in a quarrel with George Caroino, the result of which was the fatal stabbing of Caroino. Vito is under arrest.

The offer of Andrew Carnegie to expend not less than \$1,000,000 in public libraries for Pittsburgh, Pa., has been accepted by the council, and nothing now remains but to select the several sites, to adopt plans for the buildings, and proceed with the work of erection of the buildings. The city will give \$40,000 a year to maintain the libraries.

A SHORTAGE of \$35,000 has been discovered in the account of Ellis Bard, cashier of the Lincoln National Bank at Lincoln, Pa. The bank is doing business as usual, and Ellis' bondsmen are considered solvent.

The schedules of the insolvent firm of Robert K. Davies & Co., of New York, show liabilities of \$795,759, with actual assets of \$202,798, unincumbered, with secured claims amounting to \$34,688.

WESTERN HAPPENINGS.

C. F. KENNEDY and L. F. Warden, residents of Hamilton County, have been in Kansas City to obtain aid for the people of that county. They were appointed by the Commissioners of that county. Kennedy and Warden called on the Mayor, and after showing him their credentials, told him that one-third of the population of Hamilton County were in need of assistance. Their destitute condition is caused by the almost entire failure of crops.

The town of Burks, Idaho, in the Cœur d'Alene mining district, has been nearly destroyed by disastrous avalanches. Half the business houses are in ruins. Three men were killed, and the terror-stricken inhabitants have fled to the towns of Gem and Wallace, fearing a repetition of the disaster.

The flour output last week at Minneapolis reached 103,130 barrels, against 117,740 the preceding week. The domestic market is unusually dull, and the export inquiry is very light.

At San Francisco the Episcopal convention elected the Rev. W. F. Nichols, of Philadelphia, assistant bishop of the diocese.

In the case of the State of Illinois for indemnity for certain overflowed and swamp lands in Champaign County, which came before the Secretary of the Interior on appeal from the decision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, a decision has been rendered sustaining the appeal and holding that all lands that were at the date of the grant unfit for cultivation by reason of the swampy condition passed to the State. The ruling that indemnity for swamp lands located by warrants or scrip must be taken in the State where such losses occurred is adhered to.

GREAT excitement characterized the municipal election at Salt Lake City, Utah, the rival candidates representing, respectively, the Gentile and Mormon elements. The anti-Mormon ticket won by nearly 4,000 majority. The result is considered the virtual overthrow of Mormon rule in the Territory.

SOUTHERN INCIDENTS.

E. L. DUCKWORTH, recently appointed postmaster at Shanon, Ga., complains to the Postoffice Department at Washington that he is being persecuted to such an extent by the friends of his predecessor that he does not feel safe in trying to hold the office longer. He asks that his resignation be accepted. Postmaster General Wanamaker, after consultation with the President, has telegraphed Duckworth as follows: "Whatever power this department has will be used to protect you and put you in possession of the office to which you have been appointed. Communicate freely by telegraph full facts if interfered with further and immediate action will be taken."

Mr. Wanamaker also ordered two post-office inspectors to proceed immediately to Shanon and investigate the whole matter. Attorney General Miller ordered a United States Marshal to the scene of the trouble.

ROBE BURROWS, the noted Alabama outlaw, murderer, and express-robbler, has been positively located near Milton,

Fla., where he has been working as a farm hand.

COL. ISAAC W. PATTON, a prominent citizen of New Orleans, and who has held many offices of honor and trust, including Sheriff of that parish, City Treasurer, Mayor of the city, and who was at one time Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, died of apoplexy.

THE Rev. Hugh Francis Griffin, one of the oldest and best-known Catholic priests in Maryland, died at St. Charles College, of influenza. He was nearly 79 years old.

COLONEL S. W. BLOUNT, the only surviving signer of the declaration of Texan independence, died suddenly at his home at San Augustine, Texas, after a short illness.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The funeral of Mrs. and Miss Tracy at the White House, in Washington, though considered private, was one of the most imposing and largest that have taken place in recent years. When the hour of the funeral arrived the crowd about the Executive mansion had swelled to over 5,000. In the White House the east room had been converted into a temporary chapel, a temporary pulpit having been erected on the south side, near the center. Directly in front were the two caskets, completely buried beneath the floral offerings. The entire room was filled to its utmost capacity. The army and navy officers were present in full uniform, all public officials, the entire diplomatic corps, including the Chinese, Japanese, and Korean legations, Pan-American congress delegates in a body, and at least 100 Senators and members of the House of Representatives. The services were conducted by Rev. George W. Douglas, of St. John's Episcopal Church, and Rev. George F. Elliot, of the Foundry Methodist Episcopal Church. The music was by the celebrated Schubert Quartette of New York, assisted by ten young men from St. John's Church. The services in the house lasted only half an hour, and the cortege then started for Rock Creek Cemetery, where the caskets were placed temporarily. The President, Mrs. Harrison, Vice President Morton and Mrs. Morton, Secretary and Mrs. Blaine, and the entire Cabinet went to the cemetery.

In a cuspider in the Capitol at Washington the other day was found a small box, that is now believed to be a railway torpedo, but which was first reported to be a dynamite bomb. The box has been turned over to the District chemist for analysis.

At the inquest in Washington to investigate the Tracy catastrophe Fire Marshal Dew, Chief Harris and other firemen believed the fire originated from an explosion of a coal-oil lamp, while Building Inspector Eutwhistle held to the theory that the disaster was caused by gas escaping and exploding. The jury decided that Mrs. and Miss Tracy and the French maid came to their death by fire, the origin of which could not be ascertained, and that the fire department did all that was possible under the circumstances.

POLITICAL PORRIDGE.

At Charleston, W. Va., A. B. Fleming was inaugurated Governor. In his inaugural address the Governor defended his contest for the Governorship. In the evening there was a brilliant reception at the State House, followed by a ball. Governor Fleming and wife and ex-Governor Wilson and wife, assisted by a number of ladies, received.

THE Democrats of the Fourth Congressional District of Pennsylvania have nominated W. M. Ayres, of the Thirty-second Ward, a prominent member of the Tariff Reform League, for the congressional vacancy caused by the death of the late Congressman W. D. Kelley.

MR. LAMPSON, who has been deposited from the office of Lieutenant Governor of Ohio by the Democratic Senators of that State, has decided not to appeal to the Supreme Court.

AMONG THE CONFIRMATIONS MADE PUBLIC BY THE SENATE ARE THE FOLLOWING:

Blanche K. Bruce, Recorder of Deeds, District of Columbia; Elihu Coleman, United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin; George P. Irvin, United States Marshal for Montana.

AMONG THE NOMINATIONS SENT TO THE SENATE BY THE PRESIDENT WERE THE FOLLOWING:

Collectors of Customs—Alanson W. Beard, District of Boston and Charleston, Mass.; Frank A. Vaughan, Salina, Tex.; United States Attorney—James W. Hemick, New Hampshire; United States Marshals—Louis T. Baris, Virginia; John W. Irving, Montana; Supervisors of census—North Dakota, David S. Smith; Indiana, Sidney Conger, Third District; Illinois, Emil Schmidt, Seventh District; Norman H. Moss, Eighth District; Iowa, John W. Kowley, First District.

Charles Emory Smith, of Pennsylvania, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia. Mr. Smith is editor of the Philadelphia Press. Samuel Merrill, of Indiana, Consul General at Calcutta. Henry Lee, of Maryland, Secretary of Legation of the United States at Rio de Janeiro. Harry B. Newberry, of Michigan, Secretary of the Legation at Madrid. James O'Brien, of Minnesota, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico. Cornelius H. Hanford, United States District Judge for the District of Washington. John W. Schall, Postmaster at Norristown, Pa. Assistant Surgeon, Wm. J. Pettus, of Virginia, to be a passed assistant surgeon in the Marine Hospital service. George N. Wiswell, Marshal for the Eastern District of Wisconsin. Supervisors of Census—Benjamin Upton, Jr., First District of Virginia; Richard A. Young, Second District of Virginia. Consuls—Edward Reddy, of Pennsylvania, at Amoy; C. I. Croft, of North Dakota, at Carthagena; J. S. Danforth, of Pennsylvania, at Kehl; Ferdinand A. Husher, of Minnesota, at Port Stanley and St. Thomas; Frank D. Hill, of Minnesota, at Montevideo; Henry F. Myers, of South Dakota, at San Salvador; Levi W. Myers, of Iowa, at Victoria, B. C.; Felix A. Matthews, of California, at Tangier; Frederick M. Ryder, of Connecticut at Quebec; L. E. Stewart, of Virginia, at San Juan, Porto Rico.

ACROSS THE OCEAN.

GEN. SALAMANCA, Captain-General of the Island of Cuba, died at Havana from complications of the liver and kidneys. All the authorities of the island were at the palace when he died. The last sacrament was administered to the Captain-General a few minutes before he died. A Madrid cable says that Gen. J. Chinchilla, formerly Minister of War, has been appointed to succeed Salamanca as Captain-General of Cuba.

It is reported that ex-King Milan, of Serbia, is a victim of melancholia. His gambling debts trouble him, and he threatens suicide. He has to be closely watched at all times.

THE Duc d'Orleans has been arrested at Paris on the order of M. Constans, Minister of the Interior. His arrest occurred after he had offered his services to the military authorities. The rumor that the Comte de Paris has resigned all claims to the throne of France in favor of the Duc d'Orleans has been confirmed.

A LONDON cable says: While the engineers of the twin screw British cruiser Barracotta were testing her boilers off

Margate a cylinder exploded, killing two men and injuring ten.

HONOLULU papers received by steamer at San Francisco give accounts of unprecedented rain and floods on the Island of Kani, which is the seat of large sugar plantations. The rain came on Jan. 21 without wind, and in about twenty-four hours twelve inches of rain fell. The dam at Lihue Mill burst and swept everything in the valley before it, carrying away two bridges and a Chinese store. Over \$800 in coin was lost and two Chinamen drowned. All vegetable gardens for miles around are ruined. Many Germans working in the sugar mills had narrow escapes.

An Oregon City (Oregon) dispatch says: The water has receded so far as to permit of a rough estimate of the damage done here by flood. While much of the machinery in the mills here is covered by sediment carried in by the current and it is impossible to obtain a correct estimate of the damage it is thought \$125,000 will cover the loss.

TWO HUNDRED American physicians matriculated at the University of Berlin are greatly excited over the refusal of that school to recognize them as physicians, especially as it recognizes the diplomas of all other countries.

A ROME cable says: The Swiss Minister at the Quirinal is of the opinion that Switzerland will accept the German invitation to a labor conference, but thinks that the Swiss conference will be more acceptable to the powers, especially to France.

A PARIS cable says: The former palace of Marguerite of Navarre on the Rue de Seine has been burned. It was occupied by the Marquis of Osborne. The loss is placed at \$400,000.

FRESH AND NEWSY.

The preliminary statement of the Union Pacific Railroad for December shows: Gross earnings, \$2,784,708; increase, \$273,034; net, \$798,074; decrease, \$175,988. For twelve months to Dec. 31: Gross earnings, \$31,070,181; increase, \$874,660; net, \$12,370,658; increase, \$651,546. The month of December shows an expense increase of \$449,000.

THE Canadian Minister of Agriculture will purchase from England \$25,000 worth of the best two-rowed seed barley, to be distributed at cost price to barley-growers in Canada, to promote the production of that variety, which is in great demand in Great Britain.

TWO FREIGHT trains collided at Yarmouth Center, four miles east of St. Thomas, Ont. Engineer John Cook was killed and several of the trainmen were hurt. Thirty cars were badly wrecked.

SECRETARY RUSK, who recently made an urgent remonstrance through Secretary Blaine against the imposition by the Mexican Government of irksome quarantine regulations in regard to American dogs, has been informed by the Department of State that the Government of Mexico will issue orders without delay discontinuing the onerous rules. Secretary Rusk is much gratified at the removal of this restriction and regards it as being possibly a forerunner of a more liberal policy in regard to American meat products on the part of other foreign countries, a change of policy which he thinks would be facilitated should Congress confer upon him full powers in the matter of meat inspection.

An appeal has been sent to medical colleges throughout the country, asking them to send delegates to the approaching convention of the American Medical Association at Nashville, Tenn., with a view of securing reforms touching the granting of diplomas.

THE Chicago Burlington and Quincy announces a 20 per cent. reduction in freight rates on packing-house products from the Missouri River via St. Louis to southeastern points.

BUSINESS failures for the past week reported by R. G. Dunn & Co. are 321, as compared with 291 the previous week. One year ago the failures were 303.

PRIVATE information from the War Department has been received at the Jefferson Barracks army post, at St. Louis, that the President would shortly promulgate the long-expected amnesty to all army deserters up to date, and will even take deserters out of prison.

THE President has signed the proclamation opening the Sioux Reservation in South Dakota. He has also issued an order establishing land offices at Pierre and Chamberlain.

THE visible supply of grain as reported to the Produce Exchange of New York is: Wheat, 30,755,758 bushels, a decrease of 733,435 bushels; corn, 13,036,437 bushels, an increase of 1,117,930 bushels.

MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Prime.....	\$4.75 @ 5.50
Good.....	3.50 @ 4.50
Common.....	2.50 @ 3.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50 @ 4.25
SHEEP.....	4.00 @ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.75 @ .75 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.25 @ .29
OATS—No. 2.....	.20 @ .21
RYE—No. 2.....	.43 @ .48 1/2
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.23 @ .26
CHEESE—Full Cream, flats.....	.10 @ .10
EGGS—Fresh.....	.12 @ .13
POTATOES—Choice new, per bu.....	.25 @ .26
PORK—Mess.....	9.50 @ 9.75
MILWAUKEE.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.72 1/2 @ .73 1/2
CORN—No. 3.....	.24 @ .25
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.21 1/2 @ .23 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.43 @ .44
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.42 @ .43
PORK—Mess.....	9.50 @ 10.00
DETROIT.	
CATTLE.....	3.00 @ 4.25
HOGS.....	3.00 @ 4.50
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.75 @ .76
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	.25 @ .26
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.25 @ .25 1/2
TOLEDO.	
WHEAT.....	.78 @ .78 1/2
CORN—Cash.....	.30 @ .31
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.24 1/2 @ .25
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE.....	3.75 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	4.00 @ 4.50
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.81 1/2 @ .87 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.33 1/2 @ .37 1/2
WHEAT—Mixed Western.....	.27 @ .30
PORK—Prime Mess.....	10.50 @ 11.50
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE.....	4.25 @ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.00
SHEEP.....	3.50 @ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.75 @ .76
CORN—No. 2.....	.25 @ .26
OATS—No. 2.....	.21 @ .21 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	.42 @ .43 1/2
INDIANAPOLIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers.....	3.00 @ 4.75
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.00 @ 4.25
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00 @ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.76 @ .77
CORN—No. 3 White.....	.30 @ .30 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.24 @ .24 1/2
CINCINNATI.	
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.79 @ .80
CORN—No. 2.....	.24 @ .25
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.21 @ .22
RYE—No. 2.....	.40 @ .40 1/2
BUFFALO.	
CATTLE—Good to Prime.....	3.50 @ 4.50
HOGS.....	3.50 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.80 @ .80 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.33 1/2 @ .34 1/2

HE WOULD RULE FRANCE.

THE DUKE OF ORLEANS VIOLATES THE EXILE LAW.

On Attaining His Majority, the Eldest Son of the Count de Paris Enters France, and Is Placed Under Arrest—His Fate Uncertain.

Paris cable: By prompt action the government has nipped in the bud what was apparently intended to be a royalist coup d'etat, modeled after Louis Napoleon's mad descent upon Boulogne, and the only consequence is that the Duke of Orleans, eldest son of the Count of Paris, is in custody. The Duke arrived in Paris last week bearing a letter signed by the Count of Paris announcing to the faithful and all others the Count's renunciation of all claim to the throne of France. He also had with him a manifesto addressed to the people of France. Nominally, and according to the theory of pretenders, a pretender is always a King, and therefore the Count of Paris abdicates the throne he never possessed. He consequently abdicates his claims as a pretender, and in virtue of this abdication all his claims, rights, and titles descend to his eldest son, the gentleman now in the hands of the authorities, Philippe Louis Robert, Duke of Orleans. The gentleman, therefore, is not merely one of many vagrant princes, but the actual pretender to the throne in virtue of his claims as the heir of Louis Philippe and also as the heir of the old Bourbon line. His coming into the country in violation of the law banishing all the heads and direct heirs of reigning families, is a rash escapade, even if it stands alone. The fact that he was equipped with an appeal to the nation shows his intentions and may make the escapade serious for him.

If it should be developed that this movement is made in virtue of an understanding with the partisans of the monarchy in France it may be more than a mere violation of the law of expulsion. There is some reason to believe that the movement is made in concert with the more determined opponents of the republic, as the Duke repaired immediately to the house of the Duke of Luynes, the present head of a family that has always adhered uncompromisingly to the old monarchy. In that house the young gentleman was King of France in theory—the descendant of Henry IV., and not merely the descendant of Louis Philippe.

On the day before Feb. 6 the Duke of Orleans attained the age of 21. for he was born on Feb. 6, 1869. The abdication of his father, the manifesto, and the movement were all apparently planned with regard to that date and in order to electrify France with the demonstration that the fortunes of the monarchy were now in new hands; that the crown now belonged on the head of a chevalier who would dare something for it and not fold his hands in a quiet corner like another Chambord.

The government was not caught napping, however. It was promptly informed of the presence of the Duke in Paris, and of his whereabouts. The Duke was in France in violation of the law made purposely for excluding his father and himself as enemies of the republic. Therefore the Duke of Orleans was at once arrested at the house of the Duke of Luynes. He was taken to the precinct of police, where his identity was fixed beyond all doubt, and where process verbal of his violation of the law of banishment was drawn up. He was then detained at the conciergerie.

On the same day he was arraigned before the military authorities at the central bureau. In response to the inquiry as to the objects and purposes of his visit to France, he said that, having attained his majority, he had come to France to place himself at the disposal of the military authorities. This dash of audacity is regarded as a very happy stroke, and is sure to make friends for him, for a gallant French boy who wants to take his chance for conscription is a somewhat unusual and captivating figure to appear in the daily news. But this did not touch the sensibilities of the hard-hearted authorities, and M. Constans, the minister of the interior, ordered that the Duke be held in custody. Further disposition of the base of course depends whether it is discovered that there was any plot for a general royalist movement behind this incident.

The monarchist members of the chamber of deputies have decided to interpellate the government as to its reason for imprisoning the Duke. The Republique-Francaise, in commenting on the arrest of the Duke, points out that the expulsion law imposes a penalty of from two to five years' imprisonment upon the head or direct heir of any family that has reigned in France who violates its provisions.

At a meeting of the cabinet it was decided to strictly enforce the provisions of the expulsion law in the case of the young Duke.

Committed Suicide Too Hastily.

Helena (Mont.) dispatch: F. C. Cartwright, in charge of a collection agency in this city, shot himself through the head and died almost instantly. He had overdrawn his bank account and was pressed for small debts, but his entire liabilities did not exceed \$1,000. He had been on a spree for about a week. He came to Helena from Portland, where his family resides. A few hours after the tragedy a letter was found at the postoffice for the suicide, stating that a ranch he owned near Portland had been sold for \$6,000, and that the money would be forwarded immediately.

Foreign Notes.

The Bank of Paris will issue a Russian loan on Feb. 20.

MR. LORING, the American minister at Lisbon, will start on a leave of absence at the end of the month. He will spend his vacation in Italy.

A DISPATCH to La France (Paris) from Obok states that the Somalis, instigated by the English, attacked a French caravan en route to Harrar and massacred the persons belonging to it.

THE London dock laborers and ear men have withdrawn their manifesto against the employment of non-union men.

EDITOR PARKER, who was sent to jail in London for libeling Lord Huston, is not allowed to see friends or receive extra comforts, the home secretary refusing to permit the slightest relaxation of prison rules.

THE Pope, though much affected by the condition of his brother, Cardinal Pecci, who is dying from pneumonia, pronounced absolution from the pontifical throne on the occasion of the anniversary of the death of Pope Pius IX.

DOINGS OF

The Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Important among the railroad news of the week is the retirement of Mr. J. B. Mulliken as vice president and general manager of the Chicago & West Michigan, and Detroit, Lansing & Northern Railroads—both of which companies practically represent one interest. As his successor is named Mr. Charles W. Heald, formerly of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. To what extent this change will be followed by others, on the general staff, or among those having their headquarters at this city, is as yet unknown, though it is reasonably to be expected that some new appointments will be made.

In a business point of view Holland ranks as the third station on the road, being surpassed only by Grand Rapids and Muskegon. The traffic at this point, in the last year, passengers and freight, footed up in round figures a sum not less than \$80,000. Holland is also the junction of the Northern Division with the main line, and a distributing point of freight. For this and other reasons we feel a more than passing interest in whatever affects the management of the C. & W. M. Railway.

It will be generally admitted that during Mr. Mulliken's management the passenger service at this point of the road has been satisfactory, and even exemplary good. In matters of freight, no doubt, there have been individual clashes and grievances, with sufficient reasons for complaint, as there always will be; but taken on the whole, it is only fair to say, that our business men and the community at large have been well treated. The most conspicuous rupture, and one which has led to a good deal of hard feeling in the past, was the continued war between the road and the Macatawa Park Association. We trust, however, that by this change this difficulty will also be removed and no longer be allowed to interfere with their mutual interests and prosperity.

Of Mr. Mulliken's thoroughness as a railroad man, hampered as he often was by an apparent or real air of inaccessibility; or of his management and the administration of the road as a whole, we do not consider it within our province to speak. The state press in their review of his official career, manifests a special anxiety to give him full credit for whatever record he has made.

Locally, however, the late administration will be long and painfully remembered by the general grievance it caused our people in connection with its flagrant violation of all law—statutory, moral, and divine—bearing upon the Sunday question. In spite of all petitions and protests and by a systematic ignoring of the same, this city and our summer resorts, during the summer season, were made the dumping ground on Sundays, for the riff-raff of surrounding towns in western Michigan. Sunday excursion-trains, starting from different localities in the state, and gathering their motley crowds as they rolled along, were the order of the season. And right here let it be said—for it did not and could not escape the attention of even a casual observer—that the constituency which goes to make up the average Sunday excursion differs from that of a week-day excursion as night does from day.

The American Sabbath as a civil institution has never suffered at the hands of this community. Its observance and maintenance are the pride of its people. Nevertheless, while in the second city of this state—Grand Rapids—a large and commodious depot building is being regularly set apart on Sundays, by the officials of one of the leading railroads centering there, for a proper observance of that day, the C. & W. M. depot in this city and the steamboat docks connected therewith, were with equal regularity made the turbulent scene of all sorts of disorderly behavior and offensive conduct—such as inevitably characterizes a mixed gathering of Sunday excursionists.

Upon this continued offense to our people, we will not elaborate further; they have stood it patiently, thus far. We will state, however, that it was wrong and an absolute outrage, for the C. & W. M. Railway company thus to trample upon all law, order and good morals, and curtail the humane right of their own employees to a day of rest in the midst of their family circle and their home.

Corporate interests, such as these, of all others can least afford to set an example of lawlessness. In the maintenance of law and order, and in that alone, lies the safety of their property and their interests. For how can they appeal to the public for protection and sympathy in cases of emergency, such as strikes coupled with violence and riotous demonstrations—not to speak of such riots as the one at Pittsburgh, in 1877, where millions of dollars of their property was destroyed—when they themselves deliberately override and defy all law and good government,

wantonly deriding its conscientious supporters. It behooves railroad corporations especially to beware, what precept they hold out before the public and their employees as regards respect for law and authority.

The courts of Illinois held the Chicago anarchists responsible for the logical result of their precepts, and Parsons, Spies et al, though they did not throw the bomb, were hung for the fatal effect it wrought. The time might come when along the same line of reasoning similar precepts in lawlessness as those we complain of, may come home to plague its perpetrators.

It is our earnest hope—and in this we know we echo the sentiment of this community—that by this change in the management of the Chicago and West Michigan Railway company, we may also witness a reversal in this systematic violation of our laws respecting the maintenance of the American Sabbath as a civil institution.

Washington News.

President and Mrs. Harrison have won the admiration of every man, woman and child in Washington by their loving attention and sympathy for Secretaries Blaine and Tracy in their affliction. A brother and sister to these grief-stricken families have the President and Mrs. Harrison been. The sorrow has been taken and an effort has been made by them to divide it as nearly as possible.

Gen. Cutcheon, of Michigan, has introduced a carefully prepared bill in the House, for the encouragement of enlistments and the prevention of desertions. It is drawn with a view to rendering the life of the common soldier more hopeful and giving him some promise of the future. It reduces the terms of enlistment from five to three years, increases the pay of non-commissioned officers and offers a bonus for re-enlistments.

In attacking Mrs. Harrison the bourbon papers show a bitterness the very reverse of that kindly chivalry with which Republican editors justly praised Mrs. Cleveland. Some even abuse baby McKee. Surely the exigencies of politics do not require men to make war upon women and children.

The fifty-third anniversary of the admission of Michigan was duly celebrated by the "Michigan Association", last Monday, by a dinner at the Arlington Hotel. There were 140 covers laid. Of those present fully one third were ladies. Both the Senators and all the Representatives but Messrs. Burrows, Bliss and Stephenson were present, also prominent people from other states, and a great number of Michigan men, now resident in Washington; and in addition there were several guests from Michigan. The following gentlemen responded to the list of toasts:

"Welcome"—Col. Charles P. Lincoln.
 "The President of the United States"—Gen. O. B. Wilcox.
 "Marquette and the Early Explorers of Michigan; the Blood of these Martyrs Was the Seed of Western Discovery"—Hon. Omar D. Conger.
 "The Aborigines of Michigan, Their Civilization and Their Citizenship"—E. F. Allen.
 "Michigan's First Governor and Her Early Settlement; to These Great Credit is Due for the Progress and Prosperity of Our State"—M. S. Brewer.
 "Detroit—Judge Woodward—He Built Better Than He Knew"—J. Logan Chipman.
 "The Judiciary of Michigan"—Martin V. Montgomery.
 "The Marvelous Mineral Resources of Our State"—S. M. Stephenson.
 "The salt deposits of Michigan, the greatest in the world"—J. B. Whiting.
 "Michigan's agricultural and educational interests"—Edwin Willis.
 "The great lakes and navigation interests of Michigan"—F. W. Wheeler.
 "Michigan forests and her lumber interests"—F. S. Stockbridge.
 "The Grand (and) Rapid (s) strides in manufacturing interests"—C. E. Belknap.
 "Michigan in war: her citizens ever ready for the defense of the state or the nation"—B. M. Cutcheon.
 "Michigan cares for her soldiers; she believes in protecting those who protect her"—A. T. Bill.
 "The Michigan press: ever engaged in the education and advancement of the people"—James O'Donnell.

Nobody knows how the House would get along if it were not for the ladies who occupy the galleries every day and look down upon the statesmen with smiles of encouragement. When the members reach their seats in the morning, their eyes are lifted to one corner of a particular gallery. If it is gay with bonnets, and flowers, and ribbons they know that everything is all right, and the business of the National legislature can go on. Leaving out the "black galleries," where the gentlemen of leisure sleep away a pleasant hour, fully nine-tenths of the audience at the meetings of the Senate and House are women. The fair sex are particularly partial to the House, and they are most assiduous followers of legislation. They arrive when the members first begin to assemble, and do not leave often before adjournment.

The new rules have been reported. A heated discussion, involving the same issue raised by Speaker Reed, marks the debate.

One of the Pan-American delegates from Central America has been expressing himself very freely about men and matters in this country. A letter which he wrote was made public today. He says, among other things: "If in spite of such negative qualities, the North saw their republic rising to a height of apparent prosperity, two-thirds of its success must be attributed to its foreign immigration. Its perpetually renewing labor and art forces

were cunningly made, subservient to shrewd exploitation by Yankee smartness. Without the foreign element the 'great republic' would be a pretty arid and melancholy abode. The merit peculiar to a Yankee is his speculation and exploitation methods. His personal work or intelligent effort represents not 10 per cent. of the immense profits which he amply, and smartly, pockets. But these ever-renewing, continually reviving and growing mental and physical forces which immigration, especially that of the German, element furnishes to the North American States, represent an incommensurable capital."

Mr. Randall's health continues to "improve," but so slowly that it is tacitly admitted that the chances of ever again resuming his seat are very meagre. He is, in fact, a man of means. He was poor when he entered Congress and has not made any money out of his position. It is said that his friends are making up a fund for him, and that among the subscribers are some of the leading men of Philadelphia, of both parties.

Senator Ingalls' mail, always heavy, is enormous since his speech. In one day he received over 1,000 congratulatory letters and a score of telegrams and several cablegrams.

"It is a curious political stew that is just commencing to simmer in Michigan," said a Grand Rapids man the other day. "Of course, it has never been any secret that Gen. Alger is still in the field for the Presidential nomination. He isn't saying much yet, but he is sawing a great deal of wood. The next thing in Michigan politics is the election of a Governor next fall. The nomination will be made in July, but the campaign has already commenced in a quiet way. Gen. Alger's candidate is Maj. Charles W. Watkins of Grand Rapids. They say that minister Thomas Palmer will be home from Spain within a month, all ready to go into the fray to secure the nomination for Governor for himself. Gen. Alger hasn't forgotten that Palmer probably prevented him getting a place in Harrison's Cabinet, so there promises to be a spirited fight right there. Senator Stockbridge will be with Alger with all his heart."

A large basket of rare and exquisite flowers was placed upon the desk of Gen. N. P. Banks the other day, in remembrance of the seventy-fourth anniversary of his birth. The General received many congratulations from friends in Congress. During the afternoon Gen. Ben Butler strolled into the chamber on the Republican side and sought out the venerable Massachusetts soldier. The incident attracted much attention and pleasant comment among those who are familiar with the military and political history of the two old soldiers, both of whom bear in their movements and appearance the unmistakable evidence of advanced age.

One of the few States not represented in our National pantheon—so to call the hall of statuary in the Capital at Washington—is Maryland. It is now proposed that Maryland shall place there the figure of the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," Francis Barton Key. No State may have more than two bronze or marble memorials there, and they must commemorate men both dead and distinguished.

The recent centennial celebration of the organization of the U. S. Supreme Court was the occasion of bringing to light some interesting reminiscences connected with its early history, as well of later date. It appears that the Dutch were among the first patrons to start the wheels of the new tribunal, an incident of which the most skeptical mind will be convinced by a perusal of the names. The first case on the docket was "Nicholas Van Staphorst vs State of Maryland. Ordered: That Rutger J. Schimmelpenninck, Hendrick Vollenhooven, Christian Van Eighen, Nicholas Bonds, Peter Stadinski, Petrus C. Nahuys and William Willneck be appointed commissioners to take depositions in the case." Another remarkable incident, strange as it may appear, is, that there is no record of Daniel Webster, the greatest lawyer that ever appeared before that tribunal, was at any time admitted to practice in that court. [We are indebted to our friend J. F. Zwemer for these two interesting items.]

Mr. Stanley's Personal Narrative.

The interesting fact is announced by Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons that they have acquired from Mr. Henry M. Stanley all the American rights for his personal narrative of the expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha. Prior to the appearance of the complete work, Scribner's Magazine will publish an article upon his last journey by Mr. Stanley. It will be illustrated and is certain to be as important a contribution as any that has ever appeared in an American Magazine. Readers may have noticed that Mr. Herbert Ward, who was one of Stanley's officers, makes no mention of the expedition in the article recounting his experiences upon the Congo, which appears in Scribner's for February, the fact being that Mr. Stanley has reserved the sole right to describe this most remarkable of all his African undertakings.

College Items.

State superintendent of public instruction, Estabrook, has designated the following persons as official visitors to visit Hope College during the present year: C. A. Morris of Newaygo; W. S. Berry, of Ada; Arthur, Mrs. G. A. Osin, of Otsego.

Circulars are out announcing the "Third Summer Normal" at this institution. The term will open July next, and continue six weeks. Prof. J. W. Humphrey will be in charge of the course, assisted by an able corps of instructors. Last summer the Normal Course at Hope College was attended by 160 teachers, and the prospects for a still larger attendance this year are very encouraging. The thoroughness of the instruction, the beautiful campus during the summer season, the low terms of board at which the citizens of Holland entertain those in attendance, the diversions offered by our summer resorts—all these are attractions which draw, and account for the popularity of this new department at Hope College.

The catalogue for 1890-91 will soon be placed in the hands of the printer. Owing to this year being the quarter-centennial of the institution, this issue will be of more than usual importance.

"Eufasian Orchestra" is the name of a musical society organized by the students, some three months ago. They number eight pieces and practice regularly once a week, with P. Swart, of the class of '95, as director.

The Park Hotel, one block north of the campus, has been turned into a sort of club house. All the rooms are rented and occupied by students, and the entire premises, including the commissariat, are under their own supervision and management.

At the annual session of the council, last June, the initiatory steps were taken to duly commemorate the quarter-centennial of the institution, in June next. Twenty-five years have rolled by since the first class graduated at "Hope College," prior to that time its existence had been merely that of an academy. This first class consisted of: Peter Moerdyke, W. B. Gilmore, Harm Woltman, Wm. Moerdyke, W. A. Shields, J. W. Te Winkel and A. Buursma, all of whom survive, except Mr. Woltman. As a committee of arrangements to have this event properly observed, the council appointed: President C. Scott, Rev. P. Moerdyke, of Grand Rapids, and Rev. Jas. F. Zwemer, of this city. On the part of the Alumni a similar committee was also appointed last year, consisting of Mr. A. Visscher, Prof. H. Boers and Rev. Jas. F. Zwemer. Under instructions from the Alumni the latter have invited Rev. Dr. Phelps, the first president of the institution, to deliver an address to that body, which invitation has been accepted. No other arrangements have as yet been perfected, but we are informed that at an early date active steps will be taken to make this anniversary an event worthy of the occasion, and in which the hearty co-operation of our citizens will be solicited.

Another committee was also appointed, of which Prof. J. B. Nykerk is chairman, charged with procuring, on behalf of the Alumni, in oil painting, a portrait of the first president, Dr. Phelps, to adorn the walls of the library. This action, in every respect so befitting, is meeting with a hearty response by the members of the alumni.

The Detroit Evening News, in continuance of its favorable mention of some of our townsmen, gave in a recent issue a portrait of President Scott and supplemented it with the following kind remarks:

"Dr. Charles Scott for 12 years has been at the head of Hope College. He is a sturdy Scotchman, without a drop of other blood in his veins, although his ancestors for 160 years have been on this side of the water. He was elected to a professorship at Holland in '66, and has been connected with the institution ever since. His degrees came from New Brunswick. The students, 150 of them, know no authority but the doctor's, and his council is as the voice of an oracle. Like the presidents of Adrian, Albion, Olivet, and other denominational schools in need of money, he figures hard to make both ends of the college finances meet, and is usually successful. Sixty-eight years of active life have left the customary marks upon him, but Hope College is largely what it is through his work, and he says it must go higher."

Too Well Known

Dr. Pete's 35 cents Cough Cure is too well known to require us to publish the hundreds of testimonials we have received. The proprietors warrant it to cure all ailments of throat and chest, as bronchitis, catarrh, coughs, colds and is the best medicine known for consumption, and by continued use will benefit the disease greatly. For sale by H. WALSH, Holland, Mich.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsbains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland & H. De Kruif, Zealand.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

Having purchased the interest of Mr. D. Gilmore, I offer everything in my line of

Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs,

MATS, HANFING LAMPS, AND COMFORTERS,

AT COST!

These goods must be sold in order to get cash, we sell as follows:

All Wool Carpets, only 58 cts. per yd.

Other Grades only 17 to 50c per yd.

Comforters from 68c up. Hanging Lamps below cost.

I have reduced my prices on Parlor Suits so low that you will certainly buy when you hear figures.

Bedroom Sets, Springs, Mattresses, Fancy Chairs, Looking Glasses, Lounges, Rattan Rockers, all go at cost.

All these goods must be sold. The bargains on Comforters and Pillows have never been equalled. This branch of the business will be left to others when my stock is gone. I am determined to close out this stock and you will get unheard-of prices.

W. C. WALSH,
 Successor to Gilmore & Walsh.

My stock of Side Boards and Pictures will be sold at lower figures than they can be manufactured or produced.

The Finest Stock of Boots and Shoes

—AT—

Van Duren Bros.,

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

GIVE THEM A CALL.

We have a first-class shoemaker in our employ, and all custom work and repairing brought to us will receive prompt attention. 22-1y.

New Firm and New Prices!

Having bought the entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, etc., from my former partners, Messrs. H. Meyer & Son, and being in need of money I will for the next thirty days sell my

CARPETS,

Bedroom Sets, Parlor Sets,

REED AND RATTAN ROCKERS,

at prices to compete with any of my competitors, and far below a great many of them.

Thanking our patrons for their liberal patronage bestowed on us in the past, I would kindly solicit their future favors, hoping by fair dealing and low prices to merit a continuance of the same.

JAS. A. BROUWER,

1-4w. Successors to Meyer, Brouwer & Co., River St.

Fine Job Printing

EXECUTED AT THE

NEWS OFFICE.

Bring us your work, and we will guarantee satisfaction as to price, stock, and quality of work.

Office on River Street, near Cor. of Ninth.

Vos Marriage A Failure?

BY CHARLES FOLLEN ADAMS.
[Author of "Ladies Yawob Strause".]

Vos marriage a failure? Well, now, dot depends. Althogether on how you look at it, mine friends. Like those double horse teams dot you see at der road.

It depends pooty much on der pair in der traces. Vos marriage a failure? Eef dot vas der case, Vos vas to pootie off der whole human race? Vos you dink dot der old "Pilgrim faders" would say?

Dot came in der Sunflower to old Plymouth bay. To see der fine soundry die peoples has got. Und then hear dem ask sooch concondrums as dot?

Vos marriage a failure? Shust go, ere you tell, To dot Bunker Men Hillament, where Varren fall. Dink of Washington, Franklin, und "Honest Old Abe."

Dey vas all been around since dot first Plymouth babe. I vas only a Deutscher, budt I tell you vott I pelief, every dime, in sooch "failures" as dot.

Vos marriage a failure? I ask mine Katrien, Und she look off me so dot I feels pooty mean. Dhen she say: Meester Strause, shust come here eef you please,

Und she dake me where Yawob und leadle Lovesse. By dheir shing trundle-bed vas shust saying dheir prayer, Und she say, mit a smile: "Vas there some fail- ures dhere?"

SUBURBAN NEWS.

Zeeland.

Miss Lillie Young, who has been visiting relatives and friends here, returned to her home at Coopersville yesterday. Miss Lulu De Kruif accompanied her.

A large audience turned out to hear Prof. Pixley last Tuesday evening at Weurding's Hall; but owing to a severe cold, the Professor did not do as well as expected.

Marshall De B. van lodged two tramps in the village hall last Saturday evening—the one a son of Erin and the other a native of Africa. They were liberated Sunday morning.

Ben Van Putten and sister visited friends here yesterday. Paul Stekotee and sister, of Holland, are visiting relatives here to-day.

George Baert, of the University at Ann Arbor, is home on account of sickness. Isaac Ver Lee has purchased a large Holland library at Battle Creek. They are mostly old volumes, owned by the late Rev. Gardiner, and contain a good deal of valuable reading matter, which he will sell at a bargain.

Feb. 12. "STEFANFETTER." The weather is very open and the river is frozen over by a thin crust, not over one inch thick. The grip has not left these parts as yet. Our neighbor north of the bridge, Mr. Hiram Goodin, has been suffering with it since last Thursday, but is convalescent; yesterday was his first day out. Mr. J. Schroder, who has been confined to the house for the last 3 or 4 weeks, was able to be around his farm, last Tuesday.

Yesterday, the 12th, the oldest son of Mr. C. J. Cook, south of the bridge, departed this life at the age of 23 years and 6 months. He has been ailing for the last year and a half and went to Kentucky last spring, in hope he would receive some benefit from the southern air, but returned home just before Christmas and has since been falling fast. Dr. Van Putten was called and saw him Tuesday, and pronounced his case hopeless. He was universally respected by everyone who knew him, and his father and brothers have the sympathy of all.

Mr. T. Bratherton, on the town line, is also confined to his house, and under the care of Dr. Van Putten. Mrs. F. Julien and baby are all right and doing well.

Feb. 12. "PHUDONKX." Grand Rapids.

The Grand Rapids Parlor Furniture factory burned last Monday night; loss, \$33,000; insurance, \$15,000.

On Tuesday night the seed store of Wm. T. Lamoreaux was also destroyed by fire; loss about \$15,000.

There was one case of small pox reported to the board of health, last week; the patient was taken to the City hospital to be cared for. There is not much danger for the spreading of the disease.

Some very fine temperance lectures are being delivered at Good Templars hall, every evening this week, and the hall is being filled at every meeting. We wish that all people would show such an interest in the temperance cause, as the people of Grand Rapids do; and still the saloon-keepers and liquor men rule this city.

We are willing to be classified under the heading of "Suburban News," knowing that it makes the young publishers of the News proud of their booming city; but this should not make the Douglas Record jealous, if it don't us.

Hay and wood are being brought in largely by farmers of the vicinity. The new postmaster has not been appointed yet.

Feb. 13. "INDEPENDENT." Hamilton.

For fear some of our friends in neighboring towns may think this place has been hibernating these few months past, we will join the circle of correspondents and send in a few locals.

Our merchants and business men do not seem to join in the cry of "hard times," as all branches are enjoying a remarkably good trade this season. Our builder, Mr. Baker, keeps his planer and saws running every day, to keep up with his orders, which, by the way, are not limited to this state, but reach out from Iowa. He is constantly adding new and improved machinery, which enables him to do good work at short notice.

Mr. J. Kolvoord, owing to the scarcity of logs, this winter, has directed his attention to the shingle business, and is turning them out at the rate of 15,000 a day.

Hope Mills, under the management of Harvey & Benjamin, is enjoying a very good trade, having shipped three cars of flour and feed during the past week, to neighboring cities.

Messrs. S. Baker and R. Kolvoord took a trip to Grand Rapids last Monday, in behalf of the prospective railroad from Grand Rapids to Chicago. Mr. K. came back crowned as "Knight of the Grip," much to his regret, but feeling rather hopeful in regard to the road; he was up and about his work again in a few days.

The Presbyterian Sunday school received their new \$50 library a few days ago. Also a handsome clock, presented by Mr. Pond, the Alleghen Jeweler.

The Reformed Church was presented with a handsome pulpit-stool, by Sheriff Strabbing, this week. It is similar to the one presented by him to the Presbyterian church last winter.

Our enterprising photographer, Mr. Partridge, has entered into his new quarters and is prepared to do good work, as must be admitted from the display of cabinets which can be seen at his gallery.

Mr. B. Kolvoord has bought out Mr. T. Avest's interest in the general store; he will now conduct

the business alone, and push it more than ever. Miss Belle Takken has gone home for a two weeks vacation. It is rumored that she is contemplating a partnership in a certain Bakery. Feb. 12. "C. O. M."

Borculo.

Joe. Biemama. "Borculo's famous carpenter," has been employed by Kral Brothers as head sawyer of their mammoth mill, three miles east of this place.

Last Monday we were greeted by the smiling countenance of Mr. Henry Van Norn, of Salem, Allegan county. He is buying a large quantity of very fine hemlock lumber, which he will have hauled home in the near future.

Messrs. Lamar, Ten Broeker & Co. have contracted to furnish 30 cords of wood at \$60. per cord to the brigadier at Zeeland for Messrs. Veneklaas & Sons. They will commence delivering at once.

Born: to Mr. and Mrs. Douma, an eight-pound girl. Miss Johanna Volkers, of Graafschap, is visiting friends and relatives here. She will return to her home the last of the week.

A stranger, recently passing through this place asked: "Is this Kalamazoo?" The answer was, "No." He said: "It must surely be Pontiac then, or else they have banished some of its inmates to these parts, for I am treated with more respect when I pass the asylums there, than I have been while traveling through here." We sympathized with him and tried to persuade him to stop with us a few days, but he would not and passed out of the gate, and has not been heard of since. Our outlaws should be very careful how they treat strangers. It may prove to be a John L. Sullivan some time.

John Bouch is the object of much attraction. His face is radiant, his clothes don't fit and he feels as important as Sampson, just because he is father to another girl.

Mrs. Kool is low with consumption, and all hope for her recovery are given up. Feb. 12. "A. Z."

Olive Centre.

We are enjoying fine spring weather and notice some preparation for the usual spring farm work.

Prof. Pixley gave us a very fine musical entertainment at the Grange Hall. And by the way, the Grangers are doing quite a work in furnishing entertainments for the public. The Grange is flourishing, new members being continually added, and a lively interest is manifested by all.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Wilson, a bouncing boy, weighing four and one-half pounds; quite a lad.

Mr. Goshorn, whose hand was so severely cut in the saw-mill, is improving and expects soon to go to the southern part of the state.

"Ho! for the city." is on several of our citizens' banners. H. G. Chatfield moves to Grand Haven next week. Some have Grand Rapids in mind; others the city of Holland.

Mrs. J. D. Merritt is at Grand Rapids, called there by the illness of her daughter Mrs. Thos. Boon.

Mrs. Harm Looman is low with consumption. We noticed Thos. Watson leading home a fine colt, just purchased.

Present indications are that we shall have to import some material for township officers this spring—the agitators are abroad. DENNIS.

Common Council.

HOLLAND, MICH., Feb. 11th, 1890. Adjourned meeting. Present, Aldermen Carr, M. Van Putten and Hetherington, and the Clerk.

There not being a quorum present, adjourned. Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

Board of Education.

HOLLAND, MICH., Feb. 6. Adjourned monthly meeting of the Board. In the absence of the president, Mr. Mabbe presided.

Minutes of regular and special sessions approved. Communication from Asst. Prof. Kedzie, of the Agr. College at Lansing, was presented, giving analysis of the well-water used at the Public Schools, pronouncing it pure.—Filed.

Monthly report of Supr. Humphrey received and filed. Committee reported that the fuel supply for next year had been awarded to Mr. J. Mikorton of Hamilton. The prices for 3- and 4-foot wood being unsatisfactory, the committee had decided upon 18 inch wood, 250 cords, at \$1.35 per cord, most all hard maple.

Bills allowed—M. Kleinfeld, books and stationery, \$7.00; Yates & Kane, same, \$16.60; E. C. Butler & Co., same, \$2.50; S. Holkeboer, storm-house and repairs, \$14; A. P. Scott, lumber etc., \$9.00; secretary, salary, \$1.00; press and postage \$7.70.

Visiting committee made written report, among other stating the following: "We would call attention to the poorly lighted condition of the two basement rooms, making it hard work for any work to be done before 10 o'clock a. m., and then at the destruction of eyesight, during dark days. We can make no suggestion further than the ultimate necessity of more room being procured and vacating those health-destroying places."

Supr. Humphrey was directed to draw up an amended course of studies, and lay the same before the committee on teachers.

Committee on school books and furniture were directed to purchase 12 gross of hard crayon; also a suitable supply of supplemental reading for the several rooms needing the same.

Adjourned. G. VAN DER HELVEN, Sec'y.

Cloaks.

I will sell my stock of Cloaks at reduced prices. Now is the time ladies to call and secure a bargain.

Mrs. M. BERTSCH. Cor. Eighth and Cedar streets. tf

A new stock of Laces and Embroideries, at Notier & Verschure.

Some one will get it.

A cash prize of \$100 is offered by the Detroit Journal for the best available suggestion for a suitable testimonial from America to France, in recognition of assistance given this country during the Revolutionary war.

Try our Maple Syrup. Notier & Verschure.

DURING the short intervals, if any, between the scientific review of the effects of alcohol, and the abuse of the Republican party, we would respectfully call the attention of local Woman's Christian Temperance Unions to the following clipping from the Allegan Journal: "Fennville is now provided with a reading room, the credit of which is due to the ladies of this place. It is provided with good furniture, mostly new, and is well supplied with books and papers, consisting of Chicago and Grand Rapids dailies, also the leading county papers. It is a good place for young men to spend their leisure hours; much better than to be on the street or in a pool room, or saloon."

LIST of letters advertised in the Holland post office for the week ending Feb. 13: Fred N. Lisk. J. G. VAN PUTTEN, P. M.

ON FIRE FOR FIVE WEEKS

Bravery and Skill of the Captain and Crew of a British Steamer.

Particulars have been received, says the London Telegraph, of the arrival at Rio de Janeiro of the British steamer Parkhurst, 1,638 tons, with her cargo on fire, and her commander and several of the crew disabled from the severe burns received in endeavoring to extinguish the fire, which raged during the greater part of the voyage from Hull to Rio de Janeiro. The fire when first discovered had taken hold of the vessel that Capt. Robertson believed she was doomed to sink, and had the life-boat put out and provisions. Everything that could be done to extinguish the fire was done, but despite the best efforts of the crew, the fire spread through the cargo, and soon the sides of the vessel above the water level came red-hot, and the deck could only be walked on by spreading wet sails on them and keeping them continually saturated. Holes were made in the deck, and high-pressure steam from the donkey boiler was injected on the blazing cargo with good results. Water was also pumped in in large quantities, but on the second day the fire again increased and reached the coal-bunkers. For two days and nights the crew worked hard to remove the coal. Several of the men, being rendered insensible by the suffocating smoke and intense heat, had to be carried on deck. For three days the cabin was rendered uninhabitable, and four of the crew had a narrow escape from suffocation in the fore-castle. Several times the crew thought they would be driven to abandon the vessel, but encouraged by the commander, who was foremost in fighting the flames, they managed to stand by the ship, and succeeded in taking her into Rio de Janeiro, the cargo being then still in flames. Capt. Robertson and seven of the crew were badly burned and almost blinded, and most of the 3,000 tons of cargo was destroyed by fire and water. The Brazilian government have decided to present a gold medal to Capt. Robertson, in recognition of his bravery and skill.

WHICH WAS THE PRETTIER?

Two Women Fight About the Charms of Their Chinese Husbands.

It is commonly supposed that white girls marry Chinamen simply for the sake of procuring husbands. The following interesting item from the New York World proves that they sometimes regard their Mongolian lords as very proper men: The white wives of two almond-eyed Mogolians, living at 10 Pell street, becoming jealous of each other, invoked the aid of an ax to settle the points in controversy. Jennie Brown is the reputed wife of Mock Lung, who keeps a laundry with a small opium joint attachment. In the same house lives Sarah, the warm-haired "wife of Wun Moy Jung," who washes shirts on a big scale in his two Philadelphia laundries, which requires his absence from home most of the time.

The constant bone of contention between the women has been the "beauty" of their respective husbands. The other evening Sarah taunted Jennie with being "Irish" and not good enough for the almond-eyed Mock Lung. Thereupon Jennie went for Sarah's absurd treasures, but before she had dragged her more than a couple of yards across the room Sarah seized an ugly-looking hatchet and aimed it straight at Jennie's head.

Mock Lung was enjoying a "pipe" in his own room and rushed out just in time to see the uplifted hatchet. He leaped toward the vixens, and in attempting to ward off the blow intended for his wife his hand got the full force of the blow from the hatchet. Sarah fled, but was quickly captured and locked up in the Elizabeth street station. Mock Lung's thumb was severed from his hand.

GLADSTONE AS A SPEAKER.

How He Emphasizes His Remarks by Hammering a Box.

Of late years, says a London letter to the Philadelphia Times, Mr. Gladstone has developed an astonishing way of emphasizing his remarks by assaulting an offending brass-bound box on the table of the House. To reach it requires no little effort, but for all that the "grand old man" is not to be denied the pleasure of hammering that box. Trembling in every nerve with intensity of conviction, and entirely regardless of the pain that must follow, he stretches across the sea of blue books and brings down his clinched fist on the lid with all his force when he wishes to emphasize the climax of his speech. When he is excited he stands a pace back from the table, with feet spread out fanwise, and beats one hand upon the other for several moments, turning round every now and then to address his own followers. Of course, his voice is not what it was, but by reserving it and by a discreet habit of never sitting out a debate he has husbanded a strength that puts many of his younger colleagues to shame. On great occasions he invariably arms himself with a phial of egg-nog, which he drinks at convenient intervals, to the infinite diversion of an astonished gallery. Unlike Lord Beaconsfield, who was always noted for his dandified get-up, Mr. Gladstone is rather careless about his attire, but he seldom appears without a pink rose in his button-hole.

A Blind Theater-Goer.

There is in New York city a middle-aged man who though blind from his infancy, is an assiduous theater-goer, and who embraces every opportunity of enjoying an opera or a concert. At the play-house he is especially fond of a comedy, though he likes a tragedy at times. He keeps the run of the plot of a play, follows the dialogue from first to last, gets an excellent idea of the situations, forms his own opinion of the merits of the various actors, joins freely in the applause when he thinks it is deserved, and occasionally indulges in criticism that is worth listening to. His sense of hearing is unusually acute.

Europe.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions, and the use persisted in, will bring Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead, a vigorous and healthy system. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle at Yates & Kane's Drugstore, Holland, and at the Kral's, Zeeland.

During Floral Festival Week.

Half-fare round trip tickets (containing admitted coupons) will be sold for regular trains on all railroads centering in Detroit. The tickets will be good to return the same or following day. The Floral and Musical Charity Festival, for the benefit of the 28 Detroit charities, will open at noon on Tuesday, April 22d, and continue day and evening until midnight, Friday, April 25th. The plans are upon twice the scale of last April and the floral exhibition and the musical program will far exceed anything previously attempted in Michigan. Hundreds of Detroit's fairest ladies will people the 23 floral booths, which, this year, will be built in the architecture of 23 different countries. As several eastern Orchid houses will compete for the 10 costly "special" premiums offered for Orchids; a grand exhibition of these costly and wonderful plants is thus insured. The Detroit Journal, which organized and is managing the exhibition, is devoting a great deal of space from day to day in describing the promised attractions.

Cheapest place in town to buy your best Dairy and Creamery butter is at Notier & Verschure.

A good record. "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for ten years," says druggist E. B. Legg, of Vail, Ia., "and have always warranted it and never had a bottle returned. During the past 90 days I have sold twelve dozen, and it has given perfect satisfaction in every instance." It does not dry up a cough; but loosens and relieves it. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. 50 cent and \$1 bottles for sale by HEBER WALSH.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

A certain cure for Chronic Red Eyes, Tetters, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. 25 and 50 cent boxes for sale by HEBER WALSH, Holland Mich.

Send \$1.00 to Grand Rapids, Mich., to the "La Grippe" Med. Co., for a prepaid package of Cure "La Grippe."

Try Notier & Verschure's choice smoked Halibut and Holland Herring.

We have given C. Blom the agency in Holland for our Barley Malt Whisky. Distilled from malted barley, it is rich and nutritious and free from all impurity. For the sick and feeble it is a true tonic.

E. H. CHASE & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Ky.

Choice Mackerel, Salmon, Whitefish, Stockfish, Codfish, etc., at Notier & Verschure.

Collars and Cuffs laundered for 2 cents each at A. K. Potter's Laundry. Orders can be left at A. Woltman's cigar factory.

And if you're weak just take a sip of wonderful tonic in Cure "La Grippe."

Go to Notier & Verschure for the best and cheapest butter and eggs in the city.

Cure La Grippe is going West—for you it is doing its level best.

A Scrap of Paper saves her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in last stages of consumption, told by physician that she was incurable and could live only a short time. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a larger bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful discovery, free at Yates & Kane's Drugstore, Holland, and A. De Kruif, Zeeland.

Dissolution Notice.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Hans Meyer, James A. Brouwer and Albert Meyer, under the firm name and style of "Meyer, Brouwer & Co.," has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All book accounts due the old firm will be payable to James A. Brouwer, who will continue the furniture, carpet and wall paper business at the old stand. All notes and other obligations have been assigned to Hans and Albert Meyer, who will carry on the sewing machine and musical instrument business at their new stand on River street.

Holland, Mich., Jan. 11, 1890. JAMES A. BROUWER, ALBERT H. MEYER.

Notice of Teachers' Examinations.

Public Examination of Teachers for the Spring of 1890, in Ottawa County, Michigan, will be held as follows:

Thursday, March 6th, at Grand Haven. (Regular Examination).

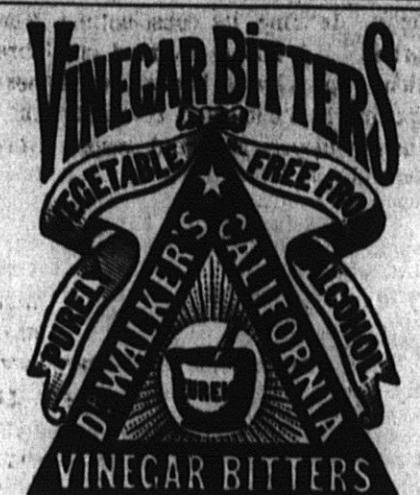
Friday, March 20th, at Holland. (Special Examination).

Friday, April 23rd, at Coopersville. (Special Examination).

All examinations commence at 8 o'clock. At the Regular Examination, March 6th, all grades of certificates may be granted; at the Special Examinations only Third Grade certificates can be granted. Branches required for Second Grade, in addition to those of the Third Grade are Algebra, and Philosophy. First Grade requires a further addition of Plane Geometry, Botany and General History.

Besides the State Questions in Reading, all candidates will be required to read a selection from Scott's Lady of the Lake. Books will be furnished by Secretary for this reading, but it will be best if all candidates read carefully this poem before the examination.

See Board School Examiners, Ottawa Co. Dated, Coopersville, Jan. 27th, 1890. 211w.



The only non-alcoholic Vegetable medicine put up in liquid form ever discovered.

It is not a vile fancy drink made of rum, poor whisky, or refined licuors, spiked and sweetened to please the taste, but a purely vegetable preparation, made from native California herbs.

Twenty-five years' use have demonstrated to millions of sufferers throughout the civilized world, that of all the medicines ever discovered Vinegar Bitters only possesses perfect and wonderful curative effects upon those troubled with the following diseases, viz:

Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Headache, Bile, Sciatica, Biliousness, Jaundice, Gout, Piles, Blisters, and all other diseases arising from blood impurities, and as a Vermifuge it is the best; the world, being death to all worms that infest the human system.

It is always safe to take at any time, or under any condition of the system, for old or young or for either sex. It is put up in two styles. The old is slightly bitter, and is the stronger in cathartic effect. The new style is very pleasant to the taste and a perfect medicine for delicate women or children. Each kind is distinctly marked on top of carton.

Many families keep both kinds on hand, as they form a complete medicine chest.

As a Family Medicine, for the use of ladies, children and men of sedentary habits, the New Style Vinegar Bitters has no equal in the world. It is invaluable for curing the bile that beset childhood, and gently regulates the diseases to which women at every period of life are subject.

Ladies, get a bottle from your druggist and try it. If your druggist has not the New Style Vinegar Bitters, ask him to send for it. If you once try it you will never be without this priceless remedy in the house.

VINEGAR BITTERS. The only Temperance Bitters known. It stimulates the Brain and quiets the Nerves, regulates the Bowels and renders a perfect blood circulation through the human veins, which is sure to restore perfect health.

GEORGE W. DAVIS, of 109 Barronne St., New Orleans, La., writes under date May 26th, 1888, as follows: "I have been going to the Hot Springs Ark. for fifteen years for an itching humor in my blood. I have just used three bottles of Vinegar Bitters, and it has done me more good than the springs. It is the best medicine made."

JOSEPH J. EGAN, of No. 75 West St., New York, says: "Have not been without Vinegar Bitters for the past twelve years, and consider it a whole medicine chest in my family."

MRS. MATTIE FERGUSON, of Dryden, N. Y., says: "Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine I ever tried; it saved my life."

T. F. RILEY, of Humboldt, Iowa, says: "Vinegar Bitters cured me of paralysis ten years ago, and recently it cured me of rheumatism."

VINEGAR BITTERS. The Great Blood Purifier and Health Restorer. Cures all kinds of Headache, also Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Send for a beautiful book free. Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO. 532 Washington Street, New York City.

CITY Meat Market. COR. EIGHTH AND FISH STREETS.

W. Van der Veere, Proprietor.

Fresh and Salt Meats.

A full and complete line of the choicest meats constantly on hand.

Cel f e c for Poultry.

Orders taken at homes when requested. Meat delivered free of charge.

Holland, Mich., Feb. 1, 1890. 1-ly

EUREKA POWDERS

FOR THE Heaves and Colds of Horses.

The best powders in the world for this purpose; have cured heaves of three years' standing; guaranteed to cure the heaves, when first showing themselves, colds, flow of the nose and all lung diseases of horses.

Price 50c. per box. Can be got at all enterprising druggists and storekeepers or will be sent on receipt of price free of charge, when ordered of the proprietors.

VERLEE & BOAEN, GRAAFSCHAP, MICHIGAN.

DR. VEENBOER

Has taken office room in the St. Denis, first story, on Monroe-st. west of Spring-st. The doctor has opened his new sanitarium in Oakdale Park, corner of Hall and East sts., supplies all the necessities and all the comforts for the sick and feeble and those in need of surgical operations of any description. Diseases carefully studied. Proper diet, bathing, electricity, massage and trained nurses supplied at very moderate cost. Address: M. Veenboer, A. M., M. D., 120 Monroe-st. Grand Rapids, Mich. Graduate of the Physio-Medical College of Indiana, in 1877. Lecturer on Hygiene at the above college since 1882. Appointed Professor of Materia Medica in the Florida University in 1882. Post Graduate of the Polytechnic of New York since 1884, where Surgery, Diseases of Women, Diseases of Children and Urinary Analysis in all chronic diseases have been studied as specialties.

Also offers for sale or to exchange lots, houses and lots and farms cheap. His home, 48 Bostwick-st., is for sale or for rent. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., 12 to 2 p. m., and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone 155. Telephone connections for residence and sanitarium will be ready next week.

SUNLIGHT and DAISY

are the best brands of flour and will continue to be the best.

OTHER BRANDS

of flour may occasionally make as good bread, but for absolute reliability and uniformity our brands will continue at the top.

If your home mill, operated by men interested in the growth of your city, furnishes you with flour that has no superior, is it not entitled to 'all your trade.

We guarantee satisfaction on all our products.

Ask your grocer for our

Wheat Grits.

The Walsh-De Roo Milling Co. HOLLAND, MICH.

Ask for SMOKETTES, SEED AND HAVANA

5 Cent Cigar,

Better than two-thirds of the 10 cent Cigars, yet sold everywhere for a nickel.

FOR SALE BY DR. SCHOUTEN, C. BLOM, JR., DR. KREMERS, H. L. ROSIN, YATES & KANE, JOHN PESSINK.

OTTAWA COUNTY Building and Loan ASSOCIATION.

Holland, -

THE BACHELOR'S MAIL ON VALENTINE'S DAY.

BY WALTER CLARK.

I am a bachelor, the lawful butt of maiden shyness and boyish wit. That villain postman—now my door is shut I fear theascal not a bit—has piled my table full of notes and cards. All sorry trash, I'll wager. Let me see: My washerwoman sends me her regards; Ads.; tradesmen's bills; appointments, two or three.

Em, now the valentines; each year they come by aussy nephews sent, and neices bold. Imprudent here's Jack Horner, with his thumb immersed in pie; the legend—"You are old; Explore the matrimonial pie before The plums are all picked out." Well, well! And there.

A bald head, and a bottle—"I'll restore Those locks ambrosial; try it!" I declare I've read enough. When children, ten years old, Preach matrimony, I'll resist no more. But fling my heart and hand, my name and gold At the first head that peeps inside my door. (A knock; the landlady enters.) Fate forbids! Here, woman, take thine what thy work is worth— (She leaves amazed.) St. Valentine, befriended The bachelor—he has no friends on earth!

BIJAH'S CHOICE.

BY VELMA CALDWELL MELVILLE.

"My, ben't it elegant! I'll warrant that'll fetch her."

The speaker was Bijah Bickerman, a broad-faced, broad-shouldered specimen of a frontiersman, nearly at the present moment, sat beside a rickety little table in his sod-covered shanty in a toilet consisting of cow-hide boots, into which a pair of much patched "or cobbled" as he called it brown trousers were tucked, and a bright red flannel shirt. A sort of blouse lay near but in his present frame of mind it was superfluous, as a warm heart made a warm body; and drops of moisture stood on the bald brow as Bijah waxed eloquent with his subject.

"By the powers! but them er roses be purty 'nd that little angel with the varse in his mouth is jist fetching. Good fer ye, Bijah Bickerman, I never thought ye'd have sense enough ter trap a woman that way," and he ended with a chuckle.

The object that he held in his hand, and that caused him so much self-congratulation, was nothing more or less than a valentine.

The card was large and square with a huge bunch of roses, tied with green ribbon, in the center, while above them soared a creature supposed to be cupid (but much more resembling a beetle) bearing a banner in one hand and his bow and arrow in the other. On the banner was inscribed, in a stiff, unpracticed hand, the words: "Yours till death, Bijah."

Only think of a fellow ridden ten plum miles ter get a valentine for his sweet-heart, by ye did it, Bijah Bickerman—by the powers!

A few minutes more he lingered over its beauties, then with a final explosive, "By the powers," he folded it carefully in a bit of gay-colored tissue paper, then in an outer wrapping of newspaper, securing all with a yard or more of wrapping twine.

"There ye be safe and sound—but that'll fetch her. Here you Ben!"

He raised his voice at the last words, and as a shock-headed youngster of some dozen years came in at the low door followed by a fat puppy, he tried to assume a stern business expression.

"Here you, Ben Bickerman, take this—this package over ter the widder's, 'nd tell her ez Bijah Bickerman sent it with his compliments. Will ye remember, now—his compliments!"

In spite of himself Bijah blushed as he caught sight of a broad grin on Ben's face.

"What ye grinnen' at, youngster?" None o' yer nonsense er I'll warm yer jacket—By the powers!"

Ben only grinned the broader, and went off whistling to the puppy.

He was not alarmed, for in all the ten years that he had lived with Bijah, his jacket had not once been warmed, and he knew that the latter would have died rather than touch—to harm—a hair of his head.

While Ben and his dog are running and clucking along the snowy track which leads over the frozen prairie, between the Bickerman claim and that of pretty Widow Meeker, and Bijah is "cleaning up a bit" in the sod shanty, we will introduce the characters of this sketch more fully.

Bijah was a bachelor of some forty winters, who, fifteen years before had detached himself from his father's stony little farm in Vermont, and gone West to do for himself, thus leaving room for the younger brothers at home.

Like many another he tried a good many places and employments before he finally settled, eleven years previous to the opening of our story, on the claim he now occupied.

Life out here on the broad prairie was far from exciting or eventful, and but two things of any note had occurred in the whole eleven years.

The first one of these "notable events" had happened one year after settlement. It was a keen night—half-moonlight—in early spring when Bijah was aroused from his slumbers by something that sounded like a dull blow on his door. Springing up he listened. All was silent for a few minutes then there came a sound as of a moan, followed by the cry of a child.

Hastily slipping into his trousers and boots he cautiously opened the door far enough to reveal to his astonished gaze a dark object lying on the rude doorstep.

"By the powers!" he ejaculated, as the pale moonlight dimly revealed the outlines of a woman's figure, while at the same moments a child began to cry again.

Five minutes later the mother and babe were lying on his own warm bed and poor Bijah, almost beside himself with excitement, was kindling a fire in the stove, muttering, "By the powers," almost incessantly. He could never forget that night, no matter how long he lived, and when finally, toward morning the poor creature came to be herself, and she told her pitiful story, Bijah Bickerman bowed his head on his hands and wept from mingled sympathy and indignation.

She with her husband and family—father, brother, and brother's wife—had started westward many weeks before. She had not wanted to go, but had begged them to leave her and her child where she was known and where she could earn her living.

She had learned too late that the family into which she had married was gross and inhuman, the men being intemperate and vile, and it was her one desire to remove her child from their influence.

Unwillingly she had come thus far, but a cold contracted at the outset had terminated in hasty consumption, and she knew that her days were numbered.

The day before they had passed by the Bickerman shanty, and she had marked the route carefully, stealing away in the night while the rest were sleeping, and retracing the way to Bijah's house.

Her strength had forsaken her as she reached the step. All the time, how-

ever, she had not mentioned her name, but had spoken of the 2-year-old child as "Bonnie."

"Yer name, mam?" said Bijah, happening to think that it might be handy to know it sometimes.

"Millee Mc—," a fit of coughing interrupted, and when it was past she fell back in a heap.

She lived one day, but never tried to speak again, in fact was conscious but little, and then died—died alone there with poor, distressed Bijah and the little Ben, who cried and laughed as he patted the cold, white face.

There were no neighbors nearer than the little town starting up ten miles away, and Bijah could not leave the corpse and baby to go for help such a distance; so he did the best he could under the circumstances, nailing together a rude coffin out of his few hoarded boards, and wrapping the slight form in a sheet. With his own hands he dug the grave and laid the stranger to rest, baring his brow to heaven and uttering with uplifted hands the prayer his mother had taught him years ago; then he went back to the shanty and took up the task of caring for little Ben.

No one ever inquired for mother or child, and at the time we first bring Bijah before our readers, the latter was the apple of his eye.

The other event worthy of "honorable mention" was the taking of an adjoining claim, nearly a year before, by a blooming widow named Meeker. This woman had a rude sort of beauty and some very coquettish ways which completely captivated Bijah Bickerman's honest heart. For some weeks past he had been shyly courting her, but now he had determined to strike the final blow, and the presentation of the valentine on the thirteenth was but to pave the way for the presentation of himself on the fourteenth.

Ben arrived at the Meeker shanty—where the fair widow lived with a man and his wife who acted in the capacity of hired man and companion—in due time and deposited the package in the hands of her for whom it was intended, faithfully delivering the message verbatim.

The widow retired at once to the "other room," and when she appeared again she handed him a small, white envelope, saying, "Give that to your master."

As the last word fell on Ben's ears he looked up in surprise.

"Do you mean Uncle Bijah?"

"He—well, yes, if you like that better."

The boy trudged off, but he neither whistled or ran, and when the puppy had growntired of trying to engage his master in a frolic, he, too, walked soberly along. Just what thoughts were running through the boy's brain would be hard to say; but had Bijah been less excited he must have noticed how quiet the child was all that day and the next. The small white envelope contained a sheet of paper on which was the following:

Dear Mister Bickerman:

I thank you so much for the valentine and hope to see you rite soon. It was beautiful, very beautiful. Yours till death.

ROSE MEEKER.

Honest Bijah was wild with delight, feeling sure, as he expressed it, that "it had fetched her."

How often he used his favorite expression during the hours that must intervene before the time he intended to visit the charmer, would be difficult to guess. Meanwhile he carefully greased his boots and hair with melted lard, trimmed his whiskers with the old dull shears and brushed with the stub of a broom his "trotter suit" which strikingly resembling his every day one, save that it was less "cobbled."

Ben watched everything with a strangely wistful expression, vaguely comprehending what it all meant, though Bijah was too bashful to confide in him.

Just before noon of St. Valentine's Day the pretty widow, looking out, saw her neighbor and would-be husband approaching.

When she saw how he was rigged out," as she termed it, she knew that he meant business, and hastily rolling down her sleeves she summoned Nance to meet him, and fled into the other room.

When she came into his presence at last she was simply dazling—to his eyes—in a bright-green gown and pink neck ribbon.

In an instant his courage forsook him. Surely this gorgeously beautiful creature was not for plain Bijah Bickerman.

After the dinner work was out of the way, Nance discreetly withdrew and her husband busied himself about the tiny sod stable.

Bijah's heart was in a flutter, especially when the blooming widow sat down cozily beside him.

Just how it came about Bijah could never remember, but he at last found himself asking her to "jine heart, hands, and claims."

She blushed becomingly and demurred until the poor fellow thought she was going to refuse him; and at the thought he grew desperate. How could he ever live after this, how could he exist without this radiant beautiful woman, who was his first and only love?

At length just as his last hope was fading away, she said looking at him bewitchingly:

"Well, Mr. Bickerman, I don't mind tellen of ye ez I'd soon 'nough marry ye ef it was n't fer that boy ye took."

"By the Powers!" Bijah was on his feet in an instant staring mildly at her.

"Ye don't mean ez my boy, my poor little Ben, ud make any difference. Why he's sech a good child 'nd ez effective."

The widow smiled scornfully.

"Ye don't mean it, Miss Meeker."

"Sartinly! Mr. Bickerman, ye must pick betwix us—the young'un or Rose Meeker."

There was silence for a minute, then Bijah, reaching mechanically for his hat, said hoarsely, "I'll think it over."

Something in his tone, startled face and her and she made no effort to detain him; the victory was not likely to be quite as easy as she had expected, but she bade him good day never once doubting her power over him or his final decision in her favor.

The face worn by Bijah that evening was no brighter than the one worn by Ben since his return from the widow Meeker's, a fact which much puzzled the latter; neither could the boy understand why his companion's gaze sought himself so often and in such a troubled way.

Not for a moment did sleep visit Bijah Bickerman's eyes that night.

Again and again he went over the vows made to himself and his God at the grave of the unknown stranger, again and again he recalled all the little fellow's baby ways that had so won his lonely heart, and then all the years since when Ben had been his one comfort, his heart's idol; and then he thought of the woman he loved, whose very smile seemed to him like the sunshine of heaven.

Vaguely he felt her unreasonableness

and narrowmindedness, but he loved her, and woman has led men since the days of Eve.

"Where could I send him if I let him go?" he thought. He might send him to town and have him get an education—thing he had always missed—but then she might object to the expense, and then what would become of him later?

Sometimes he tried to imagine what life would be with the blooming widow there and dear little Ben gone.

Very early in the morning he rose and went out into the frosty air, first taking a lingering look at the tangled head of the pillow beside his own.

"By the powers! I can't do it," he muttered, passing his hand before his eyes.

He staid out a long while, but when Ben awoke the tea-kettle was singing merrily and Bijah was stepping briskly about getting breakfast.

He greeted the boy with a bright smile, and the latter never dreamed of the battle fought between love and love out in the sod stable only a short half-hour before.

As soon as breakfast was done, Bijah took a piece of paper and on it scrawled the words:

"I hev made my choice, Bijah and Ben forever."

"Ye kin jist hand it ter the widder and then skip her home, no answer expected," was Ben's order, and he obeyed literally.

The widow Meeker wept and stormed and even sent for Bijah; but the latter just sent Ben over to see what she wanted, then upon his head fell the full fury of her wrath and disappointment.

Ben tried to remember all she said to repeat to Bijah, but in the end was obliged to acknowledge he had forgotten half of it, "fer," said he, "she spluttered so."

"Wall boy, by the powers, I'm mighty glad we escaped, 'nd I don't care a reefer the money 'nd time wasted on that valentine. 'Tis the fun un I ever sent 'nd, by the powers, it 'll be the last."

An Oriental Will.

A curious document, full of odd turns of thought and Oriental modes of expression is the will of the late Nawat Ekbal-nd-Daula of Oudi, who lately died at Bagdad. It is a voluminous document, drawn by the testator's own hand in the prospect of death, and dealing very minutely with his immense fortune, save with regard to "cash, precious stones, gold, silver, kirar (Persian coins), rupees, British and French sovereigns, Ottoman liras, and innumerable furniture," with which he says that "by the Grace of God, the inner and outer apartments of my houses in Bagdad and Kaziman are replete."

The valuables in the outer apartments are in the hands of Khizr and Abul Hassan—"especially Khizr, who knows how to read and write"—while those in the inner apartments are in the hands of "my female servants." These persons, it is expressly directed, are "not to steal and embezzle them." "The female servants in my harem, black and white, shall receive each one thousand rupees as a present, and be allowed to leave after apologies are made to them on my behalf. Only a reasonable and just request, out of foresight and prudence, shall be made to them to lead a life of chastity and modesty wherever they may be, and not to do unlawful and bad deeds; because God has blessed lawful acts. They are female servants who have attended me at night in the same manner as male servants have attended me during the day, and are emancipated and free. They have no right upon me other than that of service done to me. I was obliged to avail myself of their services at night. It is necessary that they should be made to leave my house with the greatest respect and decorum. Moreover, if it be possible, some of my old trustworthy servants should attend them for some time, and come back after seeing them to the place of their destination. The only thing I desire is their chastity, respectability, and honor."

The Nawab directs that his animals shall be sold at a just price, but not by auction; and that superfluous articles in his palace shall be disposed of in the same way. "If they do not sell they shall remain in their places, but in a manner that they be not eaten by worms and rats. I do not like," says the Nawab, "that one should go round with them and sell them, lest they form the subject of joke of friends and foes, and purchasers laugh and utter words good and bad, becoming and unbecoming, and buffoons crack jokes at them."—*London Daily News.*

Josh Billings' Philosophy.

In grate crowds ov persons, like grate flocks ov birds, there iz mutch more noise and clattering than sense.

There are but dreful few people who can talk ten minutes tew yu without lug'ing into the conversashun their bak or stummuk akes.

Sins are the only things that I repent ov. I never could make enything repenting ov blunders.

Whisky friends are the most unprofitable ones I kno ov; they are alwuz redde tew drink with yu, but when yu are redde tew drink with them, then they ain't dry.

I look upon a pure joke with the same veneration that I do upon the 10 commandments.

Yu kant hire a man tew be honest. He will want huz wages raised every morning.

The most unsuccessfull men I hev ever known are those who are konstantly making blunders, but never seem tew kno it.

I kno plenty ov folks who are so kontrary, that if they should fall into the river, they would insist upon float'ing up stream.

One ov the most reliable prophets I kno ov iz an old hen. They don't prophesy enny eggs until after the egg has happened.

Mi opinyun iz, and will kontinue tew be, that the phooks hev done about az mutch hurt in this world az the maishus hav.

Temper should be kurbed, not broken.

I thank the Lord for this—we all ov us hav some good thing tew lay our bad luk to besides our-efis.

I don't kno of enny thing in this world that iz worth more than money, that iz honestly got, and virtuously spent.

The truly great are alwuz the eazyst tew approach.—*New York Weekly.*

THE SUPREME COURT. A SECOND OKLAHOMA.

CELEBRATION OF ITS CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY AT NEW YORK.

Notable Addresses by Ex-President Cleveland, Henry Hitchcock of St. Louis and Justice Field—Many Eminent Jurists Present.

The exercises in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Supreme court of the United States were held at the Metropolitan opera house in New York. Ex-President Cleveland presided.

The members of the Supreme court in their official robes had seats of honor on the stage. The judges of the Federal district courts, State Court of Appeals, and the Supreme, Superior, Common Pleas and other courts, and prominent representatives of the bench and bar from all parts of the country were present. The program included an introductory address by Grover Cleveland; a welcoming address by Chairman Arno of the New York State Bar Association; addresses on "The Origin of the United States Supreme Court," by William Allen Butler; "The Supreme Court and Constitution," by Henry Hitchcock of Missouri; "The Personal Characters of the Chief Justices," by Thomas J. Semmes of Louisiana; "The Supreme Court and Sovereignty of the People," by Edward J. Phelps of Vermont; and a response by the court through Justice Field.

Ex-President Cleveland, who presided, said: "We have assembled to commemorate an event connected with our beginning as a people which more than any other event gave safety and promise of perpetuity to the American plan of government and which was happily illustrated by the wisdom and foresight of those who designed the National structure. The elements of free government were supplied by the concessions of sovereign States, by the surrender of accustomed rights, and by the inspiration of pure, disinterested patriotism; but with all these, if that feature in the federal system which secured our judiciary had been left out, our grand political edifice would have possessed only a semblance of solidity and in its foundations there would have been the elements of infirmity and decay.

"It is plain from the facts and review of the events in our history that without the arbiter to determine rights and duties under the constitution the union of States and the life of the nation must have been precarious. Our fathers sacrificed much to be free. Though bitter experience taught them that government might trespass upon freedom they refused to take counsel of undue fear, and established as a fundamental function of government a restraint upon unauthorized freedom and a check upon dangerous liberty in the form of a supreme judicial tribunal.

"Let us ever cherish the rich possession of such a heritage."

Henry Hitchcock of St. Louis then delivered an address upon the exercise of the powers of the court since its organization.

Mr. Hitchcock was followed by Thomas J. Semmes of Louisiana. After Mr. Semmes had concluded and Gounod's "La Colombe" had been rendered by the orchestra, Hon. Edward J. Phelps, late minister to England, delivered an able address on "The Supreme Court and the Sovereignty of the People."

Chief Justice Fuller then introduced Justice Field, who responded in behalf of the Supreme court.

Justice Field said: "In every age and with every people there have been celebrations for the triumphs in war—for battles won on land and sea—and for triumphs of peace, such as the opening of new avenues of commerce, the discovery of new fields of industry and prosperity, the construction of stately temples and monuments, or grand edifices for the arts and sciences and for the still nobler institutions of charity.

"But never until now has there been in any country a celebration like this, to commemorate the establishment of a judicial tribunal as a co-ordinate and permanent branch of its government. This celebration had its inspiration in a profound reverence for the constitution of the United States as the sure and only means of preserving the Union with its inestimable blessings, and the conviction that this tribunal has materially contributed to its just appreciation and to a ready obedience to its authority."

The justice reviewed the history of the constitution and the Supreme court, and coming down to the present needs of that body, said:

"And now, with its history in the century past, what is needed is that the Supreme court of the United States should sustain its character and be useful in the century to come? I answer, as a matter of the first consideration, that it should not be overborne with work, and by that I mean it should have some relief from the immense burden now cast upon it. This can only be done by legislative action, and in determining what measures shall be adopted for that purpose Congress will undoubtedly receive with favor suggestions from the bar associations of the country.

"The cases which have come before the court, springing from causes which did not exist during the first quarter of the century, exceed in the magnitude of the property interests involved and in the importance of the public questions presented, all cases brought within the same period before any court of Christendom. Something must be done to prevent delays. To delay justice is as pernicious as to deny it. One of the most precious articles of the magna charta was that in which the King declared that he would not deny nor delay to any man justice or right. And, assuredly, what the barons of England wrung from their monarch the people of the United States will not refuse to any suitor for justice in their tribunals."

After Mr. Justice Field's address there was more music and then Rev. Talbot W. Chambers pronounced the benediction and ended the literary exercises. The banquet took place at night at Lenox Hall. There were 850 guests.

Crashed Through His Skull.

Kingston (Ont.) dispatch: Dennis Mooney met with a horrible accident at the Sydenham mines. He was at the bottom of the shaft, when a steel bar, eleven inches long, fell from a bucket 150 feet above and crashed through his skull with sufficient force to drive it up through his mouth. Mooney lies in an unconscious state and will undoubtedly die.

The rites of the church are intended to help in correcting the wrongs of the world.

A SECOND OKLAHOMA.

EXCITING SCENES AT THE OPENING OF THE SIOUX RESERVATION.

A Wild Rush Across the Missouri River for Sites on the New Public Lands—A Cannon's Shot the Signal for a Grand Stampede for the Indians' Recent Possessions.

Chamberlain (S. D.) dispatch: Oklahoma's history was repeated when news was received that the President had issued his proclamation opening the Sioux reservation. The bulletin was received at 3:30 o'clock, and two minutes later the frozen surface of the Missouri was black with boomers, in wagons, on horseback and on foot, madly rushing toward the promised land. There were fully three thousand persons in the throng, comprising a portion of the overflow from Oklahoma, a large number of New Englanders and about 500 South Dakotans, principally residents of this city.

For three months representatives of townsie companies having headquarters in Watertown, Huron, Mitchell and this city have been here, each planning how to get across the river ahead of the others and locate a town site immediately opposite Chamberlain. The representatives of the local company outgeneraled their competitors. Men were secreted in the brush along the river bank, and as soon as news of the proclamation was received a cannon was fired by the company's chief at the telegraph office, and the men who had lain in the brush since midnight were up and across the river before the other fellows had heard the news.

There has been considerable claim-jumping already, and an endless train of wagons and sleighs is conveying lumber and supplies to those who have staked out claims on the broad acres of the reservation. Troops are patrolling the reservation to preserve the peace, and although there will be much litigation between claimants of land, particularly over the choice claims along the river bank, there is no probability of any serious trouble.

Pierre (S. D.) dispatch: The first intimation received by the thousands of boomers gathered that the President had issued his proclamation opening the Sioux reservation settlement was conveyed by the discharge of a cannon in front of the State House. At once there was a scene of excitement. The crowd that blocked the street in front of the telegraph office since early morning made a break for the coveted mile square across the river, but when they reached the west bank they found three companies of troops under Col. Tesson drawn up in line. They were informed that as the military authorities had not received orders to allow settlers to enter the reservation none would be allowed there.

This was a sore disappointment, but it was useless to parley. Col. Tesson would not recede from his position. Two miles down the river from Fort Pierre several hundred boomers crossed the river, invaded the reservation and began to stake out claims. As soon as the main body had been driven back to this city the troops and Indian police went in pursuit of the others, and all except a dozen or so have been sent back to this side.

As the cannon started the rush so it stopped the wheels of legislation temporarily. The members of both houses shouted themselves hoarse and then adjourned in honor of the event.

NO DAKOTA LOTTERY.

The Scheme Virtually Abandoned by Its Backers.

Bismarck (N. D.) dispatch: The infamous scheme to give the Louisiana lottery a legal foothold in this State was squelched with a suddenness that made some of its supporters dizzy. A careful canvass of the House membership convinced ex-Senator Spencer of Alabama, attorney for the company, who has been doing all the plugging for the Sandagger lottery bill, that he could not secure the necessary two-thirds vote. He then decided to abandon the fight and instructed his workers to lay down their hands.

When the bill came up in the House for its second reading Representative Walsh moved to indefinitely postpone consideration of it. Walsh had been favoring the bill, and this action on his part was seconded by Representative Stevens, who had also favored it. Representative Walsh explained that the object of the motion to indefinitely postpone was to take the bill out of the way of other legislation and permit the business of the session to proceed.

Representative Stevens stated in reply to a charge of the minority that if this was to shut off the investigation of the bill that he desired to see the investigation proceed.

A vote being taken, the motion to indefinitely postpone the bill carried. This, it is believed, is the death knell of the bill, and its opponents are jubilant.

In the Senate, Bell, a Democrat, introduced a resolution calling for an investigation of the charges of bribery on the bill, and also included the State Republican convention and the United States Senatorial fight. No sooner had the resolution been introduced than Senator La Moure, Republican, rose and resented the reflection that this resolution cast on the Republican party of the State. The resolution was passed by a unanimous vote, and Messrs. Robinson, Haggart, and Harmon, Republicans, and McCormack and McBride, Democrats, were appointed as the committee. Already subpoenas have been issued for a number of the most prominent Republicans in the State to appear before the committee. They are E. W. Camp of Jamestown, reporter of the Supreme court; E. P. Wells, State Senator; Bailey, Fuller and T. B. Casey of Minneapolis. Others who have been summoned are Lieut.-Gov. Dickey and Jesse Fry of Jamestown; George Carpenter of Williston, and N. C. Fanning of New Rockford.

An Appropriation for Mrs. Justice Waite. Senator Sherman has offered a bill appropriating \$8,745 for the widow of Chief Justice Waite, being equal to the amount of his salary for one year.

Hearing on the Apache Removal.

The House Indian Committee has given a hearing to several residents of New Mexico and Arizona who protested against the proposed removal of the Apache prisoners from Alabama to Fort Sill Reservation in the Indian Territory.

To Admit Idaho to the Union. The Senate Committee on Territories has ordered a favorable report on the Idaho Statehood bill.

To Prevent Go rymandering.

Congress Wickham (O.) has introduced a bill to prevent gerrymandering.

A MONEY CLERK MISSING.

THE PACIFIC EXPRESS COMPANY A HEAVY LOSER.

A Trained Employee at Dallas, Texas. Absconded with a Package Containing \$35,000. Left with the Company for Transportation—The Fugitive's Past Record.

F. A. Walton, money clerk in the Pacific express company's office at Dallas, Tex., has absconded with \$35,000 deposited with the company by the City National Bank of Dallas for transportation to the Commercial Bank of St. Louis. Walton was employed by the American express company for five years at Ionia, Mich., and went into the Pacific company's employ at Dallas from Wells, Fargo & Co. His father resides at St. Joseph, Mo. He has been traced to the Indian Territory and a detective is on his track.

The exposure of Walton's crime has caused the biggest sensation experienced since "Jim Cummings" robbed Messenger Fotheringham on the St. Louis & San Francisco road of \$50,000 or \$75,000 of the Pacific express company's money. The Commercial bank was expecting a remittance of \$50,000 from the Dallas bank, and receiving but \$15,000 in gold in a canvas bag notified the bank of Dallas, Learning from Dallas that \$30,000 had been shipped Feb. 1 in

GENERAL NEWS.

At the soldiers Home, Grand Rapids, there were 350 cases of la grippe, but not a veteran died.

A meeting of Revolutionary descendants will be held in Detroit on the afternoon of April 24, during Floral Festival week.

The late actor Joseph Kean, who died at Chicago, last week, will be buried at St. Joseph, where he had a summer residence.

YALE college has requested Judge Thomas M. Cooley to deliver five lectures to the students on interstate commerce during the present year.

The Detroit Journal desires to receive by postal card the address of all living male and female descendants of Revolutionary officers and soldiers of 1776, and, when possible, the name and State of the ancestor.

The landing place for emigrants at New York has been changed, from Castle Garden to Governor's Island. This will take effect April 1 next, when the U. S. government will take entire control of the emigration matter.

ATLANTA Constitution: Americans are at their best in their youth. They collapse in middle life, and are laid on the shelf or in their graves when they get into the sixties. Hurry and worry and overwork soon wind up our average young man.

The Reform School Board of Control has rejected all of the eight bids for the erection of the new \$70,000 main building of the school at Lansing, and will readvertise for bids. The board declines to state the reason for rejecting all the bids.

MONTAGUE is an applicant for the agricultural experimental station, to be located by the state board of Agriculture somewhere along the northern strip of sterile sandy lands bordering on Lake Michigan, for the purpose of determining the best way of rendering their cultivation profitable for other purposes besides fruit-raising.

Gov. LUCE delivered an address at the Court House in Caro in behalf of the Patrons of Industry and the farmers of Tuscola County. His address was principally a claim that the farmers are in the condition that they are in to-day simply because they have not any representative farmers in Congress. Perhaps the Governor might be prevailed upon to go there, at the expiration of his present term.

JOHN OJIBAWA an aged chief, died a few days since at the Soo. His death is worthy of more than passing notice, for in 1822, when Gen. Cass and others visited the tribes of Upper Michigan to negotiate treaties, Chief John was one of his guides. There now remains but one brave of the Ojibwa nation, the Uncas of his race, so to speak, Chief Lewis, of Saginaw, who is still engaged in translating the English language into the more melodious and sibilant Ojibwa.

In a recent case in the Ionia Circuit Court it has been held, that in the assessment by the supervisor indebtedness can be allowed as an offset. In substance, the result of the decision is that if a man holds \$500 worth of bank stock and can show that he has debts to the amount of \$400 he can be assessed for only \$100, the difference between his assets and liabilities. It has always been the custom in this state to assess bank stock at nearly its full value regardless of the holder's debts.

At the late annual meeting of the Union ex-prisoners of war, held in New York, a committee was appointed to draft a letter in reply to one of the late Jefferson Davis, which has recently appeared in print upon the subject of the treatment of Union prisoners in Southern prisons during the war. The association took strong exception to the letter, and the members are unanimous in agreeing that the letter should be answered, giving the personal experiences of some of the members of the association in the Confederate war prisons.

The following dastardly assault occurred last week near Black Lake, Muskegon county, and should not be charged up to our Black Lake, as has been inadvertently done by some papers. About nine o'clock Monday night, Wm. Culp, a wealthy and respectable farmer living on the shores of Black Lake, was aroused by the barking of his dog, and went out to see what was the matter. He was met by two strangers who had their faces blackened, and who asked to put their horses in his barn, as it was raining quite hard at the time. He started to go with them to the barn, but never reached it. After more than an hour elapsed his wife took a light and went to look for him, and found him lying about midway between the house and barn moaning piteously. Other members of the family came to her assistance, and carried him into the house. The blood was pouring from his ears, eyes, nose and mouth. A piece of black cambric was tied about his throat so tight that he could scarcely breathe. His hands and limbs were pinioned in the same manner, and the left side of his skull seemed crushed. The perpetrators of this murderous attack have as yet escaped detection and arrest. There is some hope for the recovery of Mr. Culp, although the skull is badly fractured.

HERE is a case in which four counties, Allegan, Barry, Ionia and Jackson, were interested—involving the question of support of an indigent insane person. It seems that on or about the first of October 1888, Charles Blake-man, who then resided at the township of Otsego, Allegan county, sold his property and moved to Barry County, where he lived until April 15, 1889, when he went to Ionia county. After staying there for about two months he went to Jackson county for the purpose of studying at a theological institution. After about four weeks residence he was taken insane and was so adjudged by the probate judge of Jackson county. It was claimed that as he had not been away from Allegan county for a year that his legal settlement, if he had any, was still in Allegan county, and consequently the liability for his support at the state insane asylum rested upon that county. It was contended in opposition to this, that when Mr. Blake-man left Allegan county, he intended to live elsewhere and make his home in other parts, and thus his lost residence here. Judge Peck of

Jackson, in which county the case was heard, took this view of the case—deciding that Allegan county was not chargeable, and as it was impossible under the evidence to determine where his legal settlement was, the cost of supporting him and the costs of the proceedings must be paid by the state.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

To cure La Grippe 't is plainly seen—rub your sides with Oleatine.

Your rheumatism may be bad; we will admit it to be very bad, and that you have expended a great deal of money for medicines and treatment without receiving much benefit; but remember that others have suffered even more, and yet been permanently cured. No case of rheumatism can be so bad that Chamberlain's Pain Balm will not ease the pain and help it, and hundreds of cases that had long been regarded as incurable have yielded to the soothing effects of this great Remedy. The prompt relief from pain is alone worth many times its cost. 50 cent bottles for sale by HEBER WALSH.

LEGALS.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF OTTAWA,) SS.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Friday, the Seventh day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.
Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Maness Stegman, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Jacob De Haver, executor of the will and estate of said deceased, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account and that he may be discharged from his trust as such executor:
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Tenth day of March next,
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.) Attest. 33w.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF OTTAWA,) SS.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Tuesday, the Twenty-eighth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.
Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Jan Staal, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Pieter Staal, legatee in said will named, praying for the probate of an instrument in writing filed in said court, purporting to be the last will and testament of Jan Staal, late of the township of Blendon, in said county, deceased, and for the appointment of Anton J. J. Hillenbrand administrator with the will annexed of said estate.
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Twenty-fourth day of February next,
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.) Attest. 13w.

State of Michigan.

BANKING DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER.
WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK, in the County of Holland, in the State of Michigan, has complied with all the provisions of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan required to be complied with before a corporation shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking.
Now, Therefore, I, Theodore C. Sherwood, Commissioner of the State Banking Department, do hereby certify, that THE HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK, in the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in section seven of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and Seal of Office at Lansing, this thirtieth day of January, 1890.
T. C. SHERWOOD,
Commissioner of the Banking Department. 26w.

Notice of Commissioner on Claims.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF OTTAWA,) SS.
Probate Court for said County.
Estate of Jan L. Bos, deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate said County, Commissioner on Claims in the matter of said estate, and six months from the Sixteenth day of November A. D. 1890 having been allowed by said Judge of Probate all persons holding claims against said estate, in which to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment:
Notice is hereby Given, that we will meet on Tuesday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1890, and on Friday, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of each day, at the office of Wm. De Kruif & Co., in the Village of Zeeland, in said County, to receive and examine such claims.
Dated January 9 A. D. 1890.
ALBERTUS G. VAN HERS, Commissioner.
WILLEM WICHERS.

State of Michigan.

BANKING DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER.
WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE FIRST STATE BANK OF HOLLAND, in the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, has complied with all the provisions of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan required to be complied with before a corporation shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking.
Now, Therefore, I, Theodore C. Sherwood, Commissioner of the State Banking Department, do hereby certify, that THE FIRST STATE BANK OF HOLLAND, in the City of Holland, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in section seven of the General Banking Law of the State of Michigan.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and Seal of Office at Lansing, this Sixteenth day of December, 1889.
T. C. SHERWOOD,
Commissioner of the Banking Department.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated April 11, 1885, made and executed by Hermann De Rouw and Geriet De Four of the Township of Olive, Ottawa County, Michigan, to George Metz, Jr., of Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the 13th day of April 1885 in Liber 36 of Mortgages on page 306, which mortgage contains a power of sale, which has been exercised by said default, and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or the money due thereon and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Ten hundred and twenty one and 30-100 dollars (\$1021.30). Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed under said power of sale and the estate in such case made and provided by a sale of the mortgage premises described in said mortgage to satisfy the amount due thereon with interest from the date of this notice and all legal costs of foreclosure, together with an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mortgage, at public auction to the highest bidder on the

10th day of March A. D. 1890, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, in the County of Ottawa, State of Michigan, that being the place where the circuit court for said county is held. The mortgage premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows: All that certain parcel or parcel of land situate and being in the Township of Olive, in the County of Ottawa and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to wit, all of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township Six (6) North of Range Fifteen (15) west, containing forty acres of land more or less, according to government survey.
Dated Holland, Michigan, November 29, 1889.
GEORGE METZ JR., Mortgagee.
P. H. McBRIDE, Attorney for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Daniel E. Loxier and wife Osa A. Loxier, of Holland Ottawa County, Michigan, to George Metz, Jr., of the City of Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ottawa County, Michigan, on the 3rd day of August 1887 in Liber 15 of mortgage on page 14. (By the provisions of said mortgage the whole amount of the principal and interest becomes due after the lapse of thirty days from and after any installment of principal or interest falls due and is not paid and more than thirty days have elapsed since an installment of interest fell due, a day which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred fifty and 61-100 (\$656.61) Dollars, and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided the premises described in said mortgage will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder on the

3rd day of March 1890, at one o'clock in the afternoon at the front door of the Court House in the City of Grand Haven, Ottawa County, State of Michigan, that being the place where the circuit court for Ottawa County is held, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due thereon together with interest, legal costs and the attorney's fee provided for by law, the mortgage premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as all of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of Section Twenty-two (22) in Township Six (6) North of Range Fifteen (15) west, containing Sixty (60) acres of land be the same more or less.
Dated Holland, Mich., November 29th, 1889.
GEORGE METZ JR., Mortgagee.
P. H. McBRIDE, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF OTTAWA,) SS.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said County, on Tuesday, the twenty-eighth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.
Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Benjamin Pieters, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Hoyer Van Zwailenburgh, administrator of said estate, praying for the examination and allowance of his final account and that he may be discharged from his trust as such administrator:
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Twenty-fourth day of February next,
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.) Attest. 13w.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF OTTAWA,) SS.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Friday, the Thirty-first day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.
Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Evert Vischer, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of William E. Vischer, legatee in said will named, praying for the probate of an instrument in writing filed in said court purporting to be the last will and testament of Evert Vischer, late of the township of Holland in said county, deceased, and for the appointment of Jan A. Wiltrink, executor in said will named, executor thereof.
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Third day of March next,
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.) Attest. 23w.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF OTTAWA,) SS.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Ottawa, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, on Monday, the Third day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety.
Present, CHARLES E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Jantje Van De Bunte, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Hiram Van De Bunte, husband and heir at law of said deceased, praying for the examination of the heirs at law and that they be entitled to the lands of Jantje Van De Bunte, late of Jantje-town in said county, deceased.
Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday the Third day of March next,
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Haven, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Ottawa, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
CHAS. E. SOULE, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.) Attest. 23w.

ATTENTION!

A fine lot of
Top Buggies
Just received at
J. FLEEMAN'S.
These buggies will be sold cheap.

The improved Ira L. Hunt Spring Tooth Harrows and Cultivators kept in stock. Steel clad on bottom without extra charge to purchasers, and farmers need not be afraid to purchase them, as there is no royalty to pay, as there is, or may be on some other harrows.

The St. Joseph Manufacturing Co. Plows and Repairs. These are the best.

My shop is the best place in Holland to have your wagon or buggy repaired and painted.

The new Trace Brace and Common Sense Sand Band is now used on my wagons. This is a good thing. Call and see it.

Farmers and other good citizens are invited to call at my wagon works and examine the fine stock I have on hand. All goods sold are warranted.

JACOB FLEEMAN,
HOLLAND, MICH.

Subscribe for the News.

FOR
FALL and WINTER.
A fine new stock of goods just received at the store of

G. Van Putten & Sons,
RIVER STREET.

Consisting of Dress Goods, Flannels, Comforters, hoods, blankets, Children's underwear, hosiery, scarfs, table linen and table spreads, yarns, booties, fasciators, hats and caps, gents' furnishing goods, etc., etc.

A FULL LINE OF
FAMILY GROCERIES
KEPT IN STOCK.

GIVE US A CALL.

The Gentle Spring

is coming, and with it, to many "renters", the disagreeable thought of moving to some other house. Why not buy a house and own your own home, and avoid the continual cutting of carpets and damage to furniture and temper caused by living in other people's houses.

We have a number of first-class bargains in houses and lots in Holland, which will be sold upon monthly payments, of but little more than the rental value.

Call and see me on Saturday's, or address

J. C. POST,
Manager.

Holland Real Estate Exchange.

Chicago and West Mich. Railway

TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect Dec. 15, 1889.

Trains Arrive and Depart from Holland as below:

DEPART—CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

For Chicago	9:35 a.m.	2:35 p.m.
For Grand Rapids	9:00 a.m.	2:15 p.m.
For Muskegon and Grand Haven	8:50 a.m.	2:40 p.m.
For Hart, Pen water, Big Rapids	5:30 a.m.	6:40 a.m.
For Allegan	9:25 a.m.	9:40 a.m.

ARRIVE.

From Chicago	4:30 p.m.	1:15 a.m.
From Grand Rapids	9:23 p.m.	6:35 a.m.
From Muskegon and Grand Haven	9:20 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
From Hart, Pen water	9:30 a.m.	5:00 a.m.
From Big Rapids	2:30 p.m.	11:40 a.m.
From Allegan	9:30 a.m.	6:15 a.m.

* Daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.
Palace Sleeping cars to and from Chicago on night trains.
Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

W. A. GAVETT, Asst. Gen. Pass Agt.
J. P. REWICK, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
W. A. CARPENTER, Traffic Manager.

The World's Fair

is Chicago's latest, but

E. HEROLD,
Eighth street, has something new in the line of

BOOTS and SHOES

at reasonable prices. An experience of many years enables him to select the best stock and to suit all classes of customers.

We have just received a brand new stock, and it will be money in your pocket to call on us and inspect these goods. We guarantee satisfaction.

Gray Bros. Shoes
A Specialty.
E. HEROLD.

The time for cold weather is at hand, and so is our well selected stock of

WINTER GOODS.

bought direct from manufacturers, and will be sold at small margins, which means lower than the lowest

SUITS! SUITS! OVERCOATS! PANTS! PANTS! PANTS!

Fur and Plush Caps, Wool Shirts and Underwear, for

Men, Boys and Children.

Also several hundred different kinds of Mufflers, Gloves, Mittens, Neckties, Hosiery, Silk Handkerchiefs, Cuffs and Collars, Cuffs and Collar Buttons, Umbrellas, and Rubber Goods.

The prices on the above goods are so low, that everybody can be suited.

The Chicago Clothing Store.
L. HENDERSON, Proprietor.

ATTENTION
is called to the

Moore & Shafers

Ladies' Shoes,

the most beautiful shoes ever seen; to the

Alfred Dodge

Felt Shoes and Slippers the best in the market, and to the

Putnam Packs.

Every Farmer who works in the woods should see them before he buys his winter's supply.

Come and see also the Men's Great West \$3.00 and many other attractive Shoes.

Our Prices are as low as possible.

J. D. HELDER.

Buy an OIL STOVE!

It is just the thing to do all kinds of cooking in the summer.

The best Oil Stove in the market is the

GRAND

OIL STOVE

which is kept on sale at

J. B. Van Oort's

HARDWARE STORE,

Eighth Street.

The "Grand" gives perfect satisfaction and is the best oil stove manufactured.

Give Me a Call and Examine this Stove.

J. B. VAN OORT.

Fine Job Printing

EXECUTED AT THE

NEWS JOB OFFICE.

De Kraker & De Koster,

Dealers in

FRESH, SALT, and SMOKED MEATS.

Parties desiring

Choice Steaks and Roasts

Are especially invited to call.

Market on River Street

DE KRAKER & DE KOSTER.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 8, 1888. -1-

CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.

I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. C. ROOT, M.D., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

SMITH'S BILE BEANS

Act on the Bile, Kidneys and Bowels, Cleansing the Body of all Impurities; Clear the Complexion.

THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN

For Liver Complaint, Sour Stomach, Headaches, Fullness after Eating, Wind on the Bowels, Pains in the Back, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Constipation, Foul Breath, Drowsiness, Dizziness, Dyspepsia, Coated Tongue, will positively

Cure Bilious Attacks.

Use the SMALL Size (40 little Beans to the bottle); THEY ARE THE MOST CONVENIENT.

Sold in Bottles only, by all Druggists.

Price of either size, 25 cts.

J. F. SMITH & CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Proprietors of "BILE BEANS" and "BILE BEANS SMALL."